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Canton Flannels,

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Leading Wholesale Houses of Montreal First Prize Dominion Exhibition, 1880.

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Having made special arrangements with a number of the leading Mills in the country, we shall be prepared, during this season, to offer nunsual advantages to intending purchasers in our "CANADIAN MANUFACTURES DE-PARTMENTS." We will show a large and varied stock of the best value in the following lines:

Canadian Tweeds, Canadian Flannels.

Canadian Flamels, Canadian Shirts and Drawers, Canadian White and Grey Blankets, Canadian Wool Scarfs and Clouds,

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Orders through our Travellers, or otherwise, will receive our usual careful and prompt attention. GAULT BROS. & CO.

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## MONTREAL FELT HAT WORKS.

1878, Paris Exhibition, 1878. Prize Medal awarded for our manufacture of FELT HATS.

We are now producing every description of FUR and WOOL SOFT FELT HATS, and can supply the trade below current rates, as our addition to machinery has enabled us to double our product.

Fall and Winter Trade

We offer a full assortment of

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#### PLUSH, CLOTH AND SCOTCH CAPS, GLOVES AND MITTS

Of English and Domostic Manufacture.

MOCCASINS, SNOW SHOES, FANCY SLEIGH KOBES, BUFFALO, &c. TO MANUFACTURERS—We have a large slock of Seal, Persian Lamb and other Skins, Trimmings, &c.



**COLORED** Canton Flannels. EXTRA VALUE IN Grey Canadian Flannels, 25, 26 and 28 Inch. Plain and Twilled; Light and Dark. JOHN MACDONALD & CO.; Toronto and Manchester, Eng. M. FISHER SONS & CO. MONTREAL. FISHER & CO., Huddersfield, Eng., WOOLLEN MANUFACTURERS And MERCHANTS. Spring and Summer TWEEDS, SCOTCH, ENCLISH, &c., Worsted and Fancy Sultings in Latest Styles and Newest Colourings. Ladies' Cashmere Dress Goods. Black and Coloured. Stock will be large and well assorted through out the season. 184 McCILL STREET.

Finance Dept., 22 Dec. '82 BABY CARRIAGES. We have now on exhibition a beautiful line of merican-made Carriages. Catalogues sent on American-made Carriages. application. H. A. NELSON & SONS. 56 & 58 Front Sf. West, 1 59 to 63 St. Peter St TORONTO. MONTREAL Wholesale Dealers in **European and American** Fancy Coods, Clocks. Smallwares, &c. Manufacturors of Brooms and Woodenware. S. GREENSHIELDS, SON & CO. WHOLESALE DRY COODS MERCHANTS, 17. 19 and 21, VICTORIA SQUARE AND 730, 732, 734 & 736, CRAIG STREET, MONTREAL.

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Bank of Montreal. ESTABLISHED IN 1818. CAPITAL ALL PAID-UP, - \$12,000,000 RESERVED FUND, - 5,750,000

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Itesse Circular Notes and Loutor of Credit for Travellers arailabie in all parts of the world.)

EXCHANCE BANK

CAPITAL PAID UP - \$500,000

SURPLUS .- - - - 360,000

HEAD OFFICE, - MONTREAL.

DIRECTORS.

OF CANADA.

Halifux, N.S. Picton. Ont. Hamilton, Ont. Portage la Prairie Man.

available in all parts of the world.)

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| Paid-up Cap  | ital, £1,  | 000,000 Ste  | AMERICA.<br>val Charter.<br>00,000 Sterling.<br>Lane, Lombard St.<br>CTORS.<br>4. Kendall,<br>Kengsford<br>ric Lubbook,<br>Philpotts,<br>rray Robertson.<br>WALLIS.<br>.James St., Moutreal.<br>neral Manager.<br>Ispector.<br>s in Canada. |
| London Office—   |  |  | ard St.   |
| J. H. Brodie,<br>John James Cate<br>Henry R. Farrer<br>Richard H. Glyn<br>Edward Arthur I<br>Scor<br>HEAD OFFICE IN<br><b>R. R. GRIN</b><br>W. I   | II.<br>r, J. J.<br>Fre<br>A.<br>Hoare, J. M<br>etary—A. G<br>CANADA.—<br><b>DILEY, G</b><br>I. NOWERS, | J. E. Kendall,<br>. Fingsford, -<br>deric Lubbock,<br>I. Philpotts,<br>lurray Robertso<br>b. WALLIS.<br>St. James St., M<br>St. James St., M<br>St. James St., M<br>St. James St., M | outreal.  |
| London, K<br>Brantford, O<br>Paris, M<br>Hamilton, Q<br>Toronto.   | ingston,   | St. John, I<br>Fredericton<br>Halifax, N.<br>Victoria, B.  | V.B.<br>, N.B.<br>S.<br>C.  |

Agents in the United States:

NEW-YORK .- D. A. McTavish and H. Stikeman,

Agonis. CHICAGO.-H. M. Breedon, Agent. SAN FRANCISCO.-W. Lawson & C. E. Taylor, Agents. PORTLAND, Oregon—H. M. J. McMichael, Agent.

LONDON BANKERS .-- The Bank of England and Messre. (ilyn & Co.

Messre. Glyn & Co. Foreign Agents.—Liverpool.—Bank of Liverpool. Australia.—Union Bank of Australia. New Zealand, Colonial Bank of Kew Zealand. India, China and Japan.—Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, Loudon and China ; Agra Bank, Limited. West Indies, Colonial Bank. rark.—Messre. Marcuard, Krauss & Co. Lyons.—Credit Lyonnais.

IF Issue Circular Notes for Travellers, available in all parts of the world.

## The Molsons Bank.

INCORPOLATED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT, 1855.

Capital paid-up, \$2,000,000. Rest, \$425,000.

THOMAS WORKMAN, ESG., - President. J. H. R. MOLSON, ESG., - - Vice-President. R. W. SHEPHERD, ESG. HON. D. L. MAOPHERSON, MILES WILLIAMS, ESG. S. H. EWING, ESG. A. F. GAULT, ESG. F. WOLFERSTAN THOMAS, - Gen'l Manager. M. HEATON, - - - Inspector.

#### Branches of the Molsons Bank.

| Ayhmer,     | Meaford,       | Toronto,       |
|-------------|----------------|----------------|
| Brockville. | Morrisburg,    | St. Thomas,    |
| Clinton,    | Owen Sound.    | Sorel, P.O.    |
| Exeter.     | Ridgetown,     | Trenton.       |
| Ingersoll.  |                | Waterloo, Ont. |
| London.     |                |                |
|             | WNIE IN THE DO | NUN            |

Quebec — Merchanis Bank and Eastern Townships Bank.

Bank. Onterio and Manitoba-Dominion Bank and Fed-eral Bank and their Branches. New Bunstoick-Bank of N. Brunswick, St. John. Nova Scotia-Halliax Banking Company and its

Branches.

Prince Edward Island-Union Bank of P. E. I., Charlottetown and Summerside. Newfoundland—Commerside. Newfoundland—Commersial Bank of Newfound-and, St. Johns.

and, St. Johns. AGENTS IN UNITED STATES. New York-Mechanics' National Bank, Messrs. Morton, Bliss & Co., Messrs. W. Watson and Alex. Lang ; Boston, Merchants National Bank ; Messrs. Kidder, Peabody & Co. ; Portland, Casco National Bank ; Chicago, First National Bank ; Cleveland, Commercial National Bank ; Detroit, Mechanics' Bank ; Mitwatkee, Wisconsin Marine and Fire In-surance Co. Bank ; Toledo, Second National Bank ; Idelena, Montana-First National Bank ; Fort Ben-ton, Montana-First National Bank. AGENTS IN EUROPE.

ton, Montana—First National Bank. AGENTS IN EUROPE. London—Alliance Bank, "'Imited." Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co. Messrs. Morton, Rose & Co. Liverpool—The National Banque d'Anvers. Collectuous unde in all parts of the Dominion and roturns promptly remitted at lowest rates of ex-change. Letters of Credit issued, available in all parts of the world

parts of the world.

| The5Chartered 1   | Banks.   |
|---|--|
| MERCHANTS   | BANK   |
| OF CANA   |  |
| OI UANA   | <b>u a</b> .   |
| Capital   | \$5,700,000.   |
| Reserve Fund, _   | 1,150,000.   |
| HEAD OFFICE   |  |
| BOARD OF DIREC  |  |
| ANDREW ALLAN<br>ROBT. ANDERSON, Esq.,   | - President  |
| Wm. Darling, Esq. Jonatl<br>Adolphe Masson, Esq. John<br>llector Mackenzic, Esq. John<br>Hon J. J. C. Abbot | ian Hodgsou, Esq.<br>Cassils, Esq.<br>Duncan, Esq.<br>tt, M.P. |
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| J. H. PLUMMER, Assistant C  | leneral Manager.   |
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| Galt. Ottawa.   | St. Thomas,  |
| Gananoque. Owen Sound.  | Toronto.   |
| Hamilton. Perth.<br>Ingersoli. Prescott.  | Walkerton.   |
| Kineardino Ouchuo   | Windsor.   |

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Multipeg, Emerson, Branton, Negima N.W.I. Bankers in Great Britain-The Clydesdale Bank (Limited). 30 Lombard Street, London, Glasgow and elsewhere. Agency in New York.—61 Wall Street. Messrs. Heavy Hague and John B. Harris, Jr., Agents. Bankers in New York.—The Bank of New York, N.B.A. N.B.A.

N.B.A. A general banking business transacted. Money received on deposit, and current rates of in-terest allowed. Drafts issued available at all points in Canada. Sterling Exchange and drafts on New York bought and sold

and sold.

and sold. Letters of credit issued, available in China, Japan and other foreign countries. Collections made on favorable terms.

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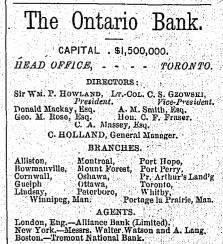
#### **DIVIDEND NO. 96.**

THE Stockholders of La Banque du l'eurle are hereby notified that a Semi-Annual Dividend

Two and One-half Per Cent. (24) for the last six months has been declared on the Capithe state of the model is been declined on the collig-its stock, and will be puyable at the Office of Runk on and after MONDAY, the THIRD SEP-TEMBER rest. The Transfer Book will be closed from the 15th to

the 31st August, inclusive By ord r of the Board of Directors,

A. A TROTTIER, Cashier. Montreal, 31st July, 1883.



#### THOMAS CRAIG, \_ \_ \_ President HON. A. W. OGILVIE, SENATOR, - Vice-President Alex. Buntin. E. K. Greene.

Henry Bulmer.

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Hamilton, Ont. - C. M. Counsell, Manager. Aylmor, " - J. G. Billett, do Bedford, F.Q. - E. W. Morgan, do

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LONDON :- The Alliance Bank (Limited.) NEW YORK :- The Hanover National Bank. BOGTON :- Mayerick National Bank. Sterling and American Exchange boughtand sold. Interest allowed on Poposits. Collections made 1 comptly, and emitted for at

current rates.

Head Office,

## HEAD OFFICE, MONTREAL. Directors.

The Chartered Banks.

| THE CANADI      | AN                               |
|-----------------|----------------------------------|
| Bank of Con     | merce.                           |
| Head Office.    | 한 같이 있는 것이 같은 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 없다. |
| Paid-up Capital | \$6,000,000                      |

1,650,000 Rest DIRECTORS.

HON. WILLIAM MOMASTER, President. WM. ELLIOT, Esq., Vice-President. Noah Barnhart, Esq. George Tavlor.Esq. T.Sutherland Stayner,Esq. Jno. J. Arnton Esg. John Waldie, Esq. Hon. S. C. Wood.

~UERSON General Manager JNO. C. KEMP, Ass't Gen'l Manager.

ROBT GILL. Inspector.

New York-J. B Goadby and B. E. Walker, Agents, Chicago-A. L. Dewar, Agent.

| the second second | BRANCHES.         |                |
|-------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| Avr               | <b>∂oderich</b> , | St. Catharines |
| Barrie.           | Guelon.           | Sarnia.        |
| Belloville,       | Hamilton,         | Seaforth,      |
| Berlin            | London,           | Simcoe,        |
| Brantford.        | Lucan,            | Stratford,     |
| Chatham,          | Montreal,         | Strathroy      |
| Collingwood       | Norwish,          | Thorold.       |
| Dundas.           | Orangeville       | Toronto,       |
| Ounnyille.        | Ottawa,           | Welkertor,     |
| Durham            | Paris.            | Windsor.       |
| Halt,             | Peterboro',       | Woodstock:     |
|                   |                   |                |

Commercial credits issued for use in Europe.the sast and West Indies, China, Japan, and South \merics.

Sterling and American Exchangeboughtandsold. Collections made on the mostfavorable terms.

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Capital Paid up leaserve Fund -

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tharines, How. JAS. R. BENSON, T. R. WADSWORTH, Esq. St. Catharines, WM. RAMSAY, ESQ., HUGHES, ESQ., JOHN FISHEN, ESQ., P. HUGHES, ESQ., D. R. WILKIE, Cashier.

HEAD OFFICE - TORONTO, SRANCHES - Forgus, Ingersoll, Port Colborne St. Catharlaes, St. Thomas, Wolland, Winnipeg Woodstock, Brandon. Drafts on New York and Sterling Exchange boucht out cold Description and and description.

bought and sold. Deposits received and in terest allowed. Prompt attention paid to collec tions

#### EASTERN TOWNSHIPS BANK.

| فستشقص والرابي والمثلج الراجا فالمتحد والمتحد والمتحد         |   |
|---|---|
| AUTHORISED CAPITAL,<br>CAPITAL PAID in May 15<br>RESERVE FUND | <b>\$1</b> ,500,000<br>, 1880 1,440,659<br>350,000    |
| Board of D<br>R. W. HENEKE                                    |   |
| T. S. Morey. Ho   | G. N. Galer,<br>Hon. J. H. Pope.<br>n. G. G. Stevens. |
| WM. FARWELL, C  |   |
| Head Office-She<br>Brand                                      | hes.  |
| Waterloo,<br>Coaticook,<br>Oowansville                        | Richmond,<br>Stanstead.<br>Granby.<br>Farnbam.        |
| Agents in Montreal-E  |   |

London, England-London & County Banks. Boston-National Exchange Bank. New-York-National Park Bank.

Vollections made at all accessible points and promptly remitted for.

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#### Incorporated 1855.

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HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO.

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Scotie. Collections made on the Best Terms.

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| HOM. IDIDOREDIAIDAODAAO, FICMONO            |
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| Hon. P. Garueau, E. Baudet, Esq. M.P.P.     |
| T. LeDroit: Eso M. W. Bayle, Esq.           |
| U. Tessier ir, Esg. P. LAFRANCE. Cashier.   |
| HONORARY DIRECTOR :- Hon. J. R. Thibaudeau, |

Montreal. Montreal. BRANOHES:-Montreal-(). A. Vullée, Manager; Sherbrooke-John Campbell, Manager; Ottawa-

Sherbrooke-John Campbell, Manager; Ottava-C. H. Carrière, Alanager. AGNTS: -England-National Bank of Scotland, London; France-Messrs. Alf. Grundbaum & Co., La Banque de Pariset de Pays Bas; United States-National Bank of the Hepublic. New York; National Revere Bank, Boston; Newfoundland. CANADA - Prov. Ontario-The Bank of Toronto. Maritime Provinces-Bank of New Branswick, Mer-chants Bank of Halifax, Bank of Montreal; Manitoba -The Merchants Bank of Canada. A general Banking, Exchange and collection busi-ness transacted. Pariteuina ratention paid to collec-tions and roturns made with utmost promptness.

#### T.A BANQUE JACQUES-CARTIER,

#### HEAD OFFICE, - MONREAL.

Capital Authorized, Capital Subscribed, \$500,000. - 500,000. DIRECTORS :

DIRECTORS : ALPH. DESJARDINS, ESQ., M.P., President. S. St. Onge, ESq., Vice-President. J. L. Cassidy, ESq. P. S. Hamelin, Esq. Las. S. Monat, Esq. I. O. Gravel, Esq. Lucien Huot, Esq. A. L. DEMARTIONY, Cashlier. Branch at Beaubarnois, A. Clement, Manager. Branch at St. Hyacuitle, S. A. Durocher, Managor. Branch at St. Remi, P.Q., C. Bedard, Agent. Branch at St. Remi, P.Q., C. Bedard, Agent. Branch at Valleylield, C. F. Irish, Agent. Agents in Newr York: National Bank, Of the Republic Agents in London, Eng.: Glynu, Mills, Currie & C o



AGENCY-FREDERICTON: A.S. Murray, Agent. -WOODSTOCK: G.W. Vanwart, " / thereon F. B. LEYS, Manager

The Western Bank of Canada. HEAD OFFICE, OSHAWA, ONT. CAPITAL AUTHORIZED ..... \$1,000,000 CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED..... 500,000 CAPITAL PAID-UP..... 150,000 

The Chartered Banks.

Deposits received and interest allowed. Collec-tions solicited and promptly made. Drafts issued available on all parts of the Dominion. Sterling and American Exchange bought and sold.

Loan Societies.

Montreal Loan & Mortgage Co. AND TRUST COMPANY. Incorporated 1858.

other Corporations. Every facility offered in matters of a fiduciary character.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.

DEDENTURES. DEDENTURES. Issue Sterling Debentures payable in London; also Currency Debentures, payable in Canada, bearing five per cent. interest.

bearing five per cent, interest.
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JAMES CRATHERN, of Crathern & Caverhill.
THEODORE HART, Esq., Director. Liverpool & London & Globe Insurance Company.
A. F. GAULT, Esq., of Messrs. Gault Bros. & Co.
THOMAS CRAIG, Esq., President Exclange Bank of Canada.

TO EXECUTORS AND TRUSTEES :

Trustees and Executors are authorized by Act of Parliament to invest the Debentures of this Company.

GEORCE W. CRAIC, Manager. OFFICE. 181 ST. JAMES STREET, MONTREAL.

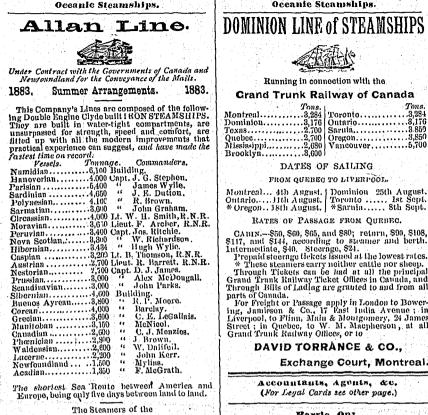
THE HAMILTON Provident and Loan Society.

GEORGE H. GILLESPIE, ESQ., President. JOHN HARVEY, ESQ .- Vice-President.

#### Office: Cor. of King and Hughson Sts., HAMILTON, CANADA.

H. D. CAMERON, Treasuror.

| Dominion Savings & Investmen  | t Soc.   |
|---|--|
| LONDON, ONT.,   | 72.  |
| Subscribed, 1,<br>Paid-up,  | 100,000.00<br>100,600.00<br>664,982,86<br>140,000,00<br>2,696,54<br>, on the |
| Municipal and School Section Debenti<br>chased.<br>Money received on deposit and interest | 14.11 <b>1</b> .56 a.e.)   |



Liverpool, Londonderry and Quebec Mail Service,

Sailing from Liverpool every THURSDAY, and from Quebec every SATURDAY, calling at Lough Poyle to receive on board and hand Mails and Passen-gers to and from Ireland and Scotland, are intended to be despatched

| しょうれん せいちょうせいしつ | FROM O | ULDLUI   |           |
|-----------------|--------|----------|-----------|
| Parisian        |        | Saturday | July 28   |
| Sardinintn      |        | Saturday | Aug. 4    |
| Circassian      |        | Saturday | . Aug. 11 |
| Polynesian      |        | Saturday | , Aug. 18 |
| Porusian        |        | Saturday | , Aug. 25 |
| Sarmatian       |        | Saturday | Sent. 1   |
| Garmachart      |        |          |           |

The Steamers of the

Liverpool, Queenstown, St. Johns, Halifax and Baltimore Maii Service

are intended to be despatched as follows :--

Persons desirous of bringing their friends from Britain cau obtain Passage Certificates at lowest

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 An experienced surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.
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#### DATES OF SAILING

FROM QUEBEC TO LIVERPOOL.

Montreal... 41b August. | Dominion 25th August. Ontario.....1th August. | Toronto ...... 1st Sept. \* Oregon.. 18th August. | \*Sarnia...... 8th Sept.

RATES OF PASSAGE FROM QUEBEC.

CARLES OF FASSAGE FROM QUEBEC. CARLS.-SEO, SEO, and SEO; return, SOO, S108, S117, and S144, according to streamer and berth. Intermediate, S40. Steerage, S24. Propaid steerage teckets issued at the lowest rates. \* These steamers carry notifier cattle nor sheep. Through Tickets can be had at all the principal Grand Trunk Railway Ticket Offices in Caunda, and Through Bills of Lading are gravited to and from all parts of Cauada.

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#### DAVID TORRANCE & CO.,

Exchange Court, Montreal.

Accountants, Agents, &c. (For Legal Cards see other page.)

#### Barrie, Ont.

JOSEPH ROGERS, Couveyancer, Insurance and General Agent, Auctioneer, & Rents and Chattal Martenages collected. General Agent, Auction Chattel Mortgages collected.

#### Brantford, Ont.

THOS, BOTHAM, Banker and Broker, Brantford, Ontario, Justice of the Pence, County of Brant. Issuer of Marriage Licences. Post Office and Bill Stamp Distributor. Agent for Steamship, Insurance and Loan Companies.

Guelph, Ont. JOHN SMITH, REAL ESTATE AND LOAN AGENT. ACCOUNTANT, &o., 82 ST. GEORGE'S SQUARE, GUEL, PL., ORT. Assignments taken and Estates managed

#### OHN FAIR, d

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Montreal.

**10HN FULTON**,

ACCOUNTANT,

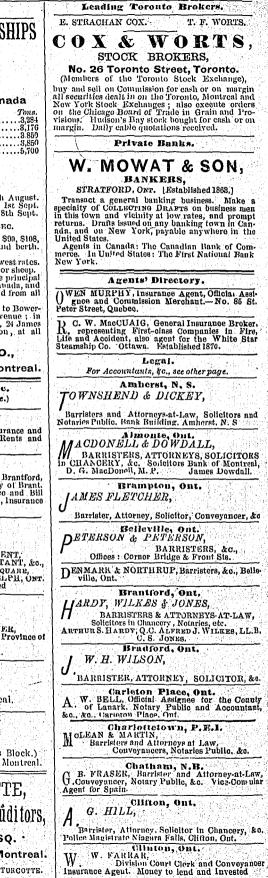
242 St. James Street, Montreal.

E<sup>dward Evans,</sup>

ACCOUNTANT, 215 St. James, St., (Nordheimer's Block.)

KENT & TURCOTTE, Public Accountants & Aúditors, 7 PLACE D'ARMES SQ. .

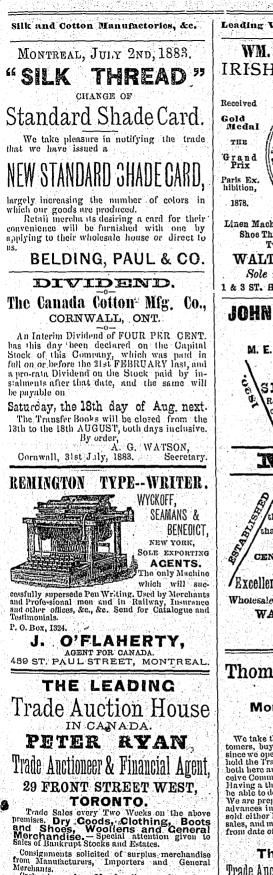
Jacques-Cartier Bank Building, Montreal. ALPHONSE TURCOTTE. A. L. KENT.





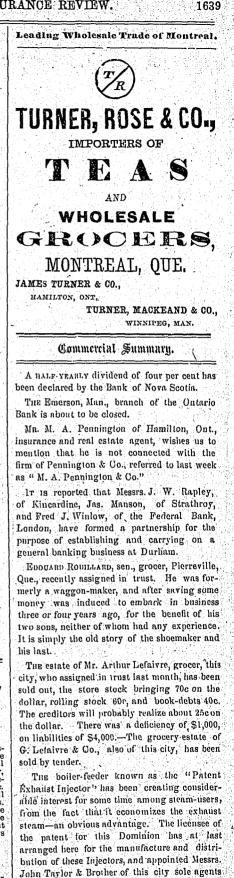






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territory.



J. J. GREGORY, postmaster and general storekeeper at St. Catharines, Ont., is in trouble, and his property is advertised for sale under a mortgage to the Loan Co., for \$5,640.96. Mr. Wm. J. McMaster, of Toronto, holds a second mortgage for \$992. John Lawrie & Co., of St. Catharines have an execution in the Sheriff's hands against him amounting to \$437.28, and R. Woodruff & Co., of that city also, have another amounting to \$492.93. The property and stock will likely realize enough to pay off both mortgages, but the other creditors will probably suffer.

N. A. PERKINS, general storekeeper, Penetanguishene, Ont., whose assignment was recently announced, shows liabilities of about 12,000, with assets, in stock and book-debts, valued at \$7,000. Perkins has been singularly unfortunate; being industrious, he has struggled to succeed, but has lost heavily on tie and wood contracts, which he is said to have been too ready to accept without having sufficient capital to properly prosecute them. He commenced about five years ago, with less than nothing, it is reported, and failed first in 1870, when he compromised part of his liabilities at 25c on the dollar, and was given time on the balance.

HENRY LOON, grocer, Guelph, Out.; has, after a business career in that town of about ten years, assigned in trust to a Hamilton wholesale house. The business was originally conducted by Messrs Loch & Weir, who afterwards admitted Jas. Galbraith a partner. A little later Weir retired, and some three or four years ago Galbraith also retired, because of ill-health. Mr. Loch has since been struggling against strong competition, and with too little capital for the size of his business; and finding at last stock-taking that he was not making much headway, determined to give up, hence the assignment to the house who chiefly supplied him for some time past. Mr. Loch is reported to be an industrious and careful business man.

MR. D. J. STEWART-BROWNE of this city, well known as an efficient and indefatigable adjuster in connection with the Fire Insurance Association, has just returned from Great Britain, and brought with him the general agency for Canada of the Glasgow and London Insurance Company. Although by its charter the company is empowered to transact a general insurance business, it has hitherto confined its operations to re-insurance, of which it has had considerable from Canada, and for the present will limit its operations in this country to the same class of business. Mr. Browne is to be congratulated on securing such a : company; and the company no less. The Glasgow and London is doing a business of about a million ; premiums per annum.

THE AFFAIRS of the Pioncer Beet Sugar Co., (Conticook, Que.) have been put into the hands of Mr. John Fair of this city for liquidation." The chaotic condition of the company is puzzling to all concerned. The action of the Hochelaga Bank against some of the original shareholders is an indication that there is little left to pay outside creditors. It will be remembered that at the first meeting of the directors some of the large original shareholders, among them wealthy persons whose names appeared on the application for the charter, expressed discontent because the then head of the Government had not shown a disposition to carry out the inducements formerly held out by Hon, Mr. Joly. Mr. Lomer agreed to cancel the shares of these gentlemen, and it is against them that the Hochelaga Bank has taken action to compel them to pay up. Their liability and Mr. Lomer's power to cancel shares is a question to be decided by the courts.

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MONTREAL,

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SOLE AGENTS OF

GERMANY. BUY

MANUFACTURED BY WM. LUNAN & SON, SOREL, QUE. Sold by leading Grocers in Canada, Newfound-land, the West Indies, Bormuda and South America

THE announcement of the Bolt and Iron Company of Toronto on the last page of this number, should have some interest for investors. The company possesses 200 acres of ground in the western suburbs of Toronto, and in the direction towards which the city is growing, A perusal of the economical details announced will afford some idea of the advantages claimed in connection with the new and enlarged premises and the works erected by the company.

Ma. Thos. H. Clarke, an employee on the staff of the Grank Trunk Railway, but better known through his former connection with the Montreal division of the Pullman Car Co., of which he had been for some years superintendent, died suddenly in this city the 28th ult., whither he had returned with his wife the same evening from New York. Mr. Clarke had been connected with railway affairs in many countries, and attained to a high degree of popularity in connection with the establishment of the Pullman car business in Canada.

A. LABELLE, general dealer at St. Henri, Que. referred to last week, has effected a compromise at 60e on the dollar,-50c secured in 3, 6, 9 and 12 months, and 10c his own notes at 15 months. -A. J. Cummings, of Warina, Ont, general storekeeper, who was recently burned out, has compromised liabilities of about \$1,000 at 75c cash. It might have been inferred from a paragraph in a previous issue that Mr. Cummings was not well insured, but we are glad to learn that his stock, etc., was insured with one of the best standard companies.

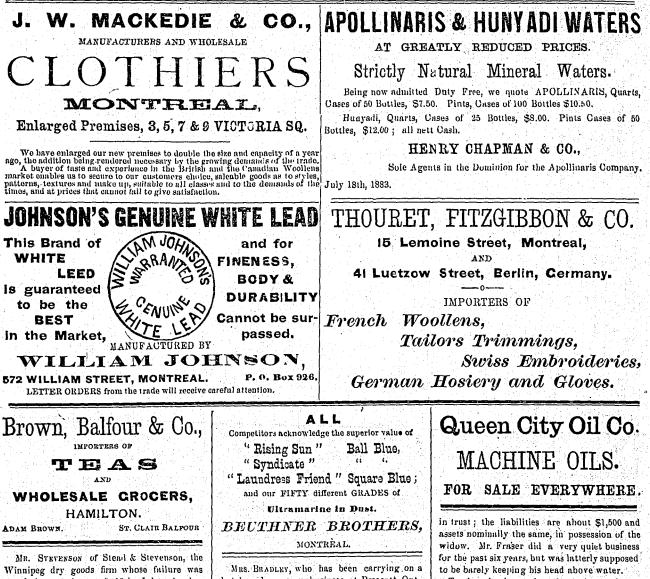


Dominion notes and is investigating the same. The Department wires that they "have heard he nothing of the kind except what has appeared N in the papers." J. R. & G. F. BLANCHARD, dry goods dealers ti

at Kentville and Windsor, N.S., have suspended, are taking stock, and preparing a statement with a view to offering a compromise. The firm have been in business several years, and attribute their difficulty to losses by bad debts, etc.

A. Birrs of St. Cesaire, Que, who has been lying in durance vile since our last mention of him, has offered his creditors 40 cents in the dollar, cash, which it is probable will be accepted. Messrs, Church & Co. have taken Owing, it is said, to a protracted want of harmony among the stockholdors of the Napanee Brush Factory, the Shriff has taken possession of the works, and the hant is advertised to be sold. The assets are placed at \$24,152, and the liabilities of the Company at \$24,000, with paper for several thousand yet to mature.—J. J. Auger, dry goods dealer at Amherstburg, has yielded up his stock to the Sheriff, under an execution obtained by a Hamilton firm.

FARMERS in the vicinity of St. Oatharines are busy harvesting, and the wheat crop, from latest reports, is anything but satisfactory. Winter wheat that was not winter killed is said to have been almost destroyed by rust, and on port that there are now 194 employees in the mill. Of 15,000 spindles 8,000 are now working. aud 180 of the 356 looms. From the 14th of April, the day the first cloth came from the looms, the production has kept steadily increasing, until now there are 1,400 pieces of 50 yards each turned out each fortnight. At the same time the market for cloths within the last six weeks has become seriously depressed, commencing suddenly and amounting almost to a panic, and there is for the present a difficulty, in disposing of the production. It was not therefore, considered advisable to push forward the machinery with the expedition that would have been used had the market continued in a favorable condition,



noted in our issue of 13th July, ult., has arranged to pay over \$10,000, and be relieved of all further liabilities in connection with the firm. Mr. Stevenson, it will be remembered, was not an active partner, the business being carried on by Mr. Stead, and the total liabilities was about \$28,000. The generous offer of Mr. Stevenson has been accepted by the creditors, who commend his action as worthy of praise, and express their confidence that the estate will pay in full.

1642

ONE of the most valuable inventions of modern times for the saving of life and property is the " Hayes " ladder and fire escape, recently purchased by the Montreal Corporation for the City Fire Brigade. Several satisfactory tests have been made in this city; the ladder can be elevated 80 feet in about 50 seconds, and from the top a stream can be directed to any point desired. It will hold six men without the slightest sign of weakness, and altogether is considered a vast improvement on the Skinner ladder. The new ladder costs \$3,500, which sum, when freight and duty are paid, is increased o over \$4,200.

hotel and grocery business at Prescott, Ont., having become involved through building operations, has called a meeting of creditors.) Her liabilities are \$3,500, with assets about \$4,500 .--G. R. Middleton, general dealer, Dundalk, Ont. is trying to effect a compromise at 60c on the dollar, spread over ten months .- Merlin & Latham, clothiers, Emerson, Man., were recently capia-ed at the instance of a Hamilton firm, charged with trying to defraud their creditors, and now lie in Winnipeg jail. The partners invested about \$1,000 each in farm lands, and, it is stated, were about to leave for their homesteads.

MESSES. McQueen, Pitcher & Reid, who opened a planing mill and commenced to manufacture boxes in Hamilton on the 1st April last, with a capital of \$1,500, have failed, owing some \$3,000. The assets are merely nominal, consisting principally of machinery, which has mostly been secured by a chattel mortgage ; atter the rent is paid there will be little, if anything, left for the other creditors .- The estate of the late D. Fraser, general storekeeper, Pembroke, who died last month, has been assigned

The largely increasing demands on the re-

sources of the postal service between this city and Toronto have necessitated the provision of new cars, with better accommodation and more facilities for mail matter. They are being built in the G. T. R. Car Works at Point St. Charles, under the superintendence of Mr. Harrison, the patentee, are 40 feet long, and as wide as ordinary cars. These cars are to be fitted up in the best manner possible and provided with the best appliances. There will be two racks running the whole length of the car, with tables in the centre; the racks are intended for suspending the bags, and the tables fold up, so that when not in use they take up little room. The new cars will cost from \$3,000 to \$4,000 each

In writing of the failure of T. M. Moore, of Hagersville, Ont., last week, we stated that Moore was "reported to have become involved through endorsing for one Harrison, with whom he had been dealing in grain." Mr. Harrison sends the following explanation : "In the Fall of 1880 I entered into partnership with Mr. Moore, exclusively in the grain business, and at the end of each season, in 1880, 1881



NOTWITHSTANDING the financial stringency

which prevails in the North-west, to which, in

addition to the difficulty of making collections,

the majority of the failures now occurring in

Manitoba are mainly ascribed, there would

seem to be thought room enough for the invest-

ment of increased banking -capital. The

establishment of a new local bank in Winnipeg,

which has long been talked of as a desideratum,

seems to be now on the eve of accomplishment.

Mr. A. W. Ross, M.P., who has just returned

from England, states that there will be no difficulty in obtaining English capital, provided the control can be to a certain extent retained in the hands of an English Board of Management. Although the banking law of the Dominion does not provide for the establishment of an institution of the kind proposed, it is understood that Sir Leonard Tilley, now in England, has promised to have a special charter granted by Parliament at the next session. It is also announced that a local bank is shortly to be established in London, Ont., under the name of the "London Bank," with a capital of \$1,000,-000. The London Free Press states that the whole of the stock has already been subscribed, and that the books are closed.

leaving a balance now due me of \$400. I and other assets are said to be still in charge have not endorsed for Mr. Moore outside of the grain business, nor he for me. The failure is of a guardian appointed some time ago by outside of the grain business altogether." leading creditors, although several seizures of the goods have been made.

CONSIDERABLE litigation has arisen out of the failure of H. G. Levetus, jewellery importer, this city, and the alleged purchase of the stock and book-debts by Mr. C. H. A. Grant, of this city. This week a petition was granted in Chambors on behalf of the Federal Bank, to compel the notary who passed the deed of assignment of a portion of the Levetus estate to furnish a copy of same. Yesterday an application was made on behalf of several creditors for the appointment of a sequestrator to take charge of the estate in the interest of the whole

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a superior article of canton flannels, such as had hitherto been chiefly imported from the United States, and succeeded beyond the expectation of customers who had hesitated to place their orders with his manufactory. The result was that when the recent break in grey cottons occurred, his stock amounted to less than a thousand bales, while aggregate stocks could be reckoned by many thousands.

Estimates made early last winter showed that the production of grey fabrics in Canada was fast outrunning the consumption.-The excellent statistics of our American neighbors often convey valuable information to our people. For instance, in the United States, where they have been also learning something of the proportion between production and consumption, there are about fifteen millions of spindles, and the population of the country is about fifty millions. At this rate Canada could consume a much larger output than is now produced, if the production were sufficiently diversified; but it was found last year that we were making twice as much grey cotton as the country required, and those companies who discovered this in time have not been obliged to pass their dividends.

The over-production of grey cottons is, of course, largely due to the greater simplicity in-manufacture, lower skill and less delicate machinery employed. A leading commission merchant remarked lately that " any man can make grey cottons, but it takes a man of unusual ability to make money at them,"--meaning at recentand present prices. But with scarcely an exception, all the factories have been turning their attention latterly to the manufacture of other and finer classes of goods which had hitherto been mostly imported, and are manufacturing barely enough grey cottons to supply their customers. In one large mill the number of looms on grey cottons has been reduced from 1,200 to 250. The skill which, under the change noted, has already driven American canton flannels out of the market, will doubtless have equal success in other lines, and in this respect the country will reap the benefit to be derived from the employment of more home labor through the addition to the number of the consumers. It is not improbable that application will be made at the next session of Parliament to have certain changes made in the cotton tariff, whereby the specific duty of one cent per square yard on all qualities of goods may be adapted to the new condition of things.

The retailers of Canada never before bought their cotton goods as cheap as they can to-day, notwithstanding the high duty on these goods; they are fully ten per cent lower than in the United States, and they will probably recover, at least, that amount in price before the market is steady. In the ordinary state of things, the over-production will not take many months to be absorbed, and the demand having overtaken the supply, manufacturers may get a small fraction more than a "new dollar for an old one."

#### THE TELEGRAPH STRIKE.

The war of labor against capital is still raging both in the United States and Canada, and both parties, in strict accordance with established usage, claim to be confident of victory. A new project has been started in New York by a prospectus for a "Merchants and Telegraphers' Association," the capital of which is to be \$10,000,000, to be contributed by 50,000 members at \$200 each, and to this scheme the Brotherhood has given its approval. Canadians may as well rest on their oars, as the dispute will have to be settled in the large cities of the United States. The idea of the Government assuming the business has been revived, and if the United States would only set the example, it would be highly expedient that the Canadian Government should lend its cordial co-operation. So long, however, as the Western Union enjoys its present monopoly in the United States, it would hardly answer for our Government to be in effect tributary to that great corporation. Public opinion in the United States seems to be more favorable of late to the assumption by the Government of this branch of business. which has been undertaken by the Government of Great Britain with marked success. It might possibly be of some aid to the movement if an intimation were given that the Dominion Government would be ready to afford its co-operation. It must be borne in mind, however, that if the business were entirely in the hands of the Government there would be just as great a probability of strikes as under the present system. The new scheme, to which we have adverted above, would afford no protection, as the interests of the operators must always be at variance with those of capitalists and the public at large, who use the wires. It is highly probable that the strikers have some real grievances which ought; to be redressed, and it is much to be regretted that'up to this time there does not seem to have been any effort made by really disinterested and influential parties to adjust the dispute. The strikers are controlled by the Brotherhood, with which

the companies are unwilling to treat, a difficulty which would not be felt by outsiders. In the meantime, there seems no immediate prospect of reconciliation.

#### THE DISPUTED BOUNDARY.

The news from Rat Portage is alarming, and unfortunately it is rather difficult, owing to the conflicting accounts in the political party organs, to know precisely the merits of the controversy. It is, however, sufficiently clear that a grave error was committed when the Dominion Parliament, at the instance of the Government, gave Manitoba an interest in the territory which was known to be claimed by Ontario, and on grounds that were at least entitled to weight. The defenders of the action of the Dominion Government have been persistent in their assertions that the arbitrators had admitted that there were doubts on the subject of the boundary, but they are or ought to be well aware that on the subject of the Western Boundary there was no doubt whatever, and that it was established in accordance with Acts of Parliament and treaties. It has never been pretended that any boundary was established on the North except that of the Hudson's Bay Company's territories, the limits of which had been a constant subject of dispute between Great Britain and France during a long period of years, and were never defined. The arbitrators were appointed to determine the boundaries by both Governments, and it is necessary, owing to the persistent statements that Mr. Mackenzie intended to accept or reject the award at his pleasure to point out that both Governments pledged themselves by orders in Council to abide by the award. Whatever may be said regarding the Northern Boundary, it cannot be denied that, as regards the Western, there are sufficient data on which to form a conclusive opinion. We are sorry to notice another attack on Mr. McMahon, Q.C., in our daily contemporary, the Gazette, as well as an insinuation as to the promptness of the award. It has been repeatedly explained that the case on both sides was fully submitted long prior to the argument, together with the evidence, and it has never been pretended that any new point was raised by the Counsel. Surely the Guzette must be aware that when the late Chief Justice Harrison intimated to Counsel that the arbitrators would be prepared to make their award if Counsel would shorten their arguments, he only did what is frequently done in the highest Courts of the realm, and especially in the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council.

#### WORTHY OF IMITATION.

At a time when Civil Service Reform may be said to be one of the most prominent questions under consideration in the United States and Canada, it may be interesting to call attention to the views of a distinguished United States statesman, the late General Dix, who in the course of a long public career filled some of the most important offices in the Republic-among these were the offices of Secretary of the Treasury, Senator form New York, Governor of New York, and Minister to France. His memoirs compiled by his son, the Rey. Morgan Dix, Rector of Trinity Church, New York, have been recently published, and are, as might have been anticipated, very interesting. It appears that early in the year 1860 it was ascertained that great frauds had been committed in the New York Post Cflice and the postmaster was largely in default. Public opinion loudly demanded the appointment of a gentleman of unquestioned reputation and ability, and the President appealed to General Dix, and earnestly requested his acceptance of the office, which he took solely from a sense of public duty. His nomination was at once unanimously confirmed by the Senate without the usual reference. Prominent among the abuses of the United States system are two: one, the custom of making appointments as rewards for political services and on the nomination of politicians; the other, the assessment of office holders for the expenses of elections. The following is an extract from a letter dated New York, 8th May, 1877, and addressed to President Hayes: "Seventeen years ago (1860), as "you will perceive, while postmaster of "this city, an appointment I accepted at "the solicitation of President Buchanan, "for the express purpose of reforming "abuses which had resulted in a defal-"cation of \$150,000, I took the following "grounds : 1st. That no useless employé "would be retained ; 2. That members of "Congress would have no more influence "with me in appointments to office "than any other citizens of equally "respectable standing and, 3rd. That I "would not allow the employees in my "office to be assessed for political pur-"poses, nor would I allow any committee " to assess me as a public officer for such "purposes." General Dix then cites two or three instances of his action in such cases. One was to dismiss a clerk, the nephew of a Senator of the United States, who was receiving a salary of \$800 a year for performing merely nominal service, and who had been appointed to a clerk-

ship in the Post Office to enable him to study law. The Senator, supported by five representatives, wrote to General Dix to restore his nephew, and was frankly informed in reply of the reasons for the dismissal.

To another politician who wanted a place for a protégée, he wrote : " I do not "like the tone in which your letter is "written. It looks as though you sup-" posed this office was to be administered. "as it was under my predecessor, for "the bene it of individuals and not of "the public. \* \* If the man you "recommend is better qualified in my "opinion than any other candidate I shall "appoint him; but if a better man is "named by some other person, even "though it be a person to whom I am "entirely indifferent, I shall certainly "deem it my duty to give his nominee "the preference. I think any other " principle of action would be unjust to "the Government and discreditable to "myself." One more extract from a letter addressed 15th Oct., 1860, to the chairman of the Democratic General Committee in reply to a letter soliciting a contribution from himself and "the privilege of assessing the subordinates" in the Post Office. "I deem it proper to "add that I know nothing more degrad-"ing to our public offices and those who "fill them than the practice which "has existed of sending political tax-"gathers to the doors of the pay-room to "levy contributions on the clerks as they " omerge with their hard-earned stipends. "I cannot allow this office to be so dis-"honored. I intend, if I can, to restore it " to the respectability which belonged to "the earlier and better days of the "Republic." In his letter of 1877, when nearly 80 years of age, General Dix expresses to President Hayes his regret that the attempt to reform abuses "had "no effect beyond the confines of my "office." He writes to encourage the new movement, and says, "the adminis-"trative reform we require will not be "complete until Federal officers are for-"bidden to take part in the management "of political conventions and the mani-" pulation of party canvasses." . . "The virtual control of nominations to "Federal offices by members of the Senate, "which has, I think, been most unwisely "acquiesced in during the last few years " is one of the most demoralizing and " dangerous of the abuses into which the "administration has fallen." We are tempted to conclude this notice with a brief reference to a letter of the biographer to his father on a question of public

policy, and which may be read with benefit by our "Young Canada:" "of it I am "now heartily ashamed, yet it shows the "wild extravagance of the young America "of our day."

#### BOGUS BRANDIES.

The imitation of brandies and other liquors of well-known houses in France goes on unabated, Montreal being the principal place of manufacture. In referring to this subject on a former occasion we suggested the propriety of legislative enactment, by which the manufacturers of these goods may be compelled to label them with their own name or as " Domestic Brandy," etc. Action is now being instituted by one of our principal importing houses against a manufacturer in this city for placing upon the market, offering for sale, an article labelled in imitation of the well-known brand of Jules Duret & Co.," for which the plaintiff is agent in Canada. The offending party in this case is also defendant in the action instituted some time since for an injunction to prevent the utterance of a bogus imitation of Angostura Bitters. It is needless to repeat that all these imitations have their origin in the article turned out by our Western distilleries, and, while probably not less innocuous than the plain whiskey are not sold for what they really are, but are, in the condition presented, a fraud upon the community.

LIFE OF SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD. By J. E. Collins.

No. 3.

We may dismiss very briefly the early ministerial career of Sir John A. Macdonald. He entered Parliament late in 1844, on the occasion of the dissolution of the first Union Parliament by Lord Metcalfe. He was a professed supporter of Mr. Draper, then the leader of the Conservative party, and accepted a portfolio in his administration shortly before his retirement. This was on the 11th May. 1847, and as Mr. Lafontaine was premier on 10th March, 1848, Mr. Macdonald was nearly ten months in office. He was about seven months Receivor General, and was transferred to the Crown Lands on 8th December, two days after the dissolution of the second Parliament. We are assured by Mr. Collins that prior to Mr. Macdonald's becoming head of that department it " had been most shamefully, if not criminally, mismanaged." Then we are told " Here he established a new and "better order of things, reducing con"fusion and delay, to order and prompt-" ness till, during the brief time his place "was vouchsafed to him, the report went "abroad that if the Government were "effete and incompetent they had at least " among them one master business head." Such remarks are quite consistent with the general tone of the author. Few, if any, of Sir John Macdonald's early colleagues have been treated with ordinary fairness by his biographer. It would have been well if some particulars of the "shameful and criminal mismanagement" of this important department by Mr. Macionald's colleague of seven months, and one who had received his parliamentary support for the previous three years, had been specified. It will probably strike the unprejudiced reader that the charge was made merely as an introduction to the high compliment which followed it. Those acquainted with public affairs will disbelieve that on his appointment as commissioner of Crown Lands two days after the dissolution of Parliament, Mr. Macdonald remained in Montreal to work in the Crown Land's office instead of proceeding to Kingston to attend to his approaching election.

The result of the appeal to the people was disastrous to the Conservative party, and it was said at the time that the question of immediate resignation had been entertained. Parliament met on the 25th February. If, in the very brief period that he was at the head of the Crown Lands, and with an absolute certainty that he would not be many days in office, Mr. Macdonald succeeded " in reducing con-" fusion and delay to order and prompt-"ness," he is entitled to great credit, but we own that we are inclined to look on the whole statement as a fabrication of Mr. Collins' inventive brain. There is a circumstance omitted by his biographer which ought to be noticed in connection with Mr. Macdonald's early parliamentary career, and which is highly creditable to him: In the second session of the second Parliament of Canada, Mr. Solicitor General Sherwood introduced an address to the Crown, the object of which was to vest the Clergy Reserve Lands belonging to the Church of England in the Church Society, and this led to a most animated debate. in which Mr. Draper, then the Premier, and other leading Conservatives took part. An amendment was carried by a large majority, and Mr. J. A. Macdonald voted with Mr. Baldwin in opposition to the leaders of his party. He did not speak on the occasion, indeed he rarely in the early years of his parliamentary life occupied the attention of the House, but he made the following significant remark, when one of the advocates of the address, referring to the Presbyterians, intimated a readiness to give them the same advantages. "We don't want them." This vote was highly creditable to Mr. Macdonald, as he was generally considered at the time as an aspirant for a portfolio in the administration, and all the leading Conservatives were most anxious to obtain the control of the Clergy Reserves.

During the third Parliament, indeed from 1848 until 1854, Mr. Macdonald was in opposition, and acted cordially with his party, the nominal leader of which was Sir Allan Macnab. He took an active share in the opposition to the Rebellion Losses Bill, and after the prorogation of Parliament was a member of the British American League which met in Kingston in July, 1849. Sir John A. Macdonald's biographer states, and, we have no reason to doubt, correctly, that he early separated himself from the movement. We are not aware that there is any particularact of Mr. Macdonald's during the period of his opposition to the Lafontaine-Bald win administration that requires special notice. He gradually assumed a position of greater prominence in the party to which he had originally attached himself, but he was always looked on as the most moderate of the Conservative leaders. When the dissolution of the 3rd Parliaments took place, in 1851, Mr. Macdonald was again returned for Kingston, and may be fairly said to have thenceforth been the real leader of his party, although Sir Allan Macnab continued to be the nominal one.

#### HEAVY LEATHER FAILURE.

Boston papers of the last few days abound with particulars of the failure of F. Shaw & Bros. of that city and other places, the largest tanners probably in the world. The immediate cause of the trouble was the failure of C. W. Copeland & Co., a large boot and shoe firm in Boston, and whose suspension, in turn, is attributed to losses in Norfolk, Va., and in Baltimore, Md. The liabilities of the Copeland firm are about \$75,000, of which they owe F. Shaw & Bros. about \$200,000. It is said that the recent troubles of the Pacific Bank, Boston, had not a little to do bringing about the present entastrophe. The liabilities are roughly stated by the Boston papers at \$2,000,000, and they are widely scattered. A great deal of paper has been constantly kept on the market by the demands of a large business, but it is stated that no one concern in that city is a very heavy holder. The following statement of the firm's condition was made to one of the Mercantile Agencies last January :--

#### QUICK ASSETS.

 Cash
 \$200,000,
 bills
 received
 and

 accounts
 due,
 \$488,150......
 \$609,156.

 150,000
 cords of
 bark at \$4.....
 \$620,000.

Leather in store and at tanneries, hides and other merchandise...... 984,500 Quick assets in Canada East..... 875,600 \$3,179,256 Direct liabilities..... 737,000 \$2,442,256 OTHER ASSETS. Tanneries and all buildings belong-\$750,000 ing...... Extract factories, dwellings and personal property, excepting bark be-225,000 F. Shaw & Bros., Purchase street store..... 70,000 store..... 1,500,000 acres of land, paid up stumpages, railroad cars, vacuum pans, engines, etc ..... Assets of F. Shaw & Bros., Canada 1,610,000 265,000 East, except quick assets ......

Surplus...... \$5,362,256 The material now in process of manufacture in the different tanneries of the firm will not all be finished to be placed upon the market for nearly twelve months. The tanneries will not be sold before the stock on hand is dis-posed of, if they are sold at all. Those conversant with the firm's affairs are confident that it will be able to pay all its obligations in full and have left a handsome surplus. It is probable that business will be resumed after an adjustment has been made. The firm of F. Shaw Brothers is said to be the largest tanning establishment in the world, and was established The Shaws learned the over 30 years ago. tanning trade from their father, who was a small tauner in Cummington, Mass. Their capital at starting was about \$4,000. The present partnership was for 10 years from January 1, 1882, and by its terms cannot be dissolved except by twelve months' notice. In case of the death of either partner, the survivors, to gether with the executors, may have five years in which to settle the estate, all partnership property, real or otherwise, to be treated as per-sonal property in settling. William Shaw died Therefore there will be September 1, 1882. plenty of time in which to settle his interest. Mr. Fayette Shaw, now the manager, is a man of great ability, of a clear head, and of thorough reliability. He resides in Newtonville, where I e has an estate valued at \$100,000. The concern is also located at Montreal as Shaw Bros. & Cassils, Brackley Shaw living there and being immediately connected with the firm as overseer of Canadian tanneries. As a matter of safety, it is said that all of the business of the Boston and Canada houses is kept entirely separate, and neither ever borrows money on the paper of the other. They also claim that they have never made a piece of accommodation paper since they have been in business. Thaxter Shaw, a brother, superintends the Vanceboro and Forest City tanneries, in which he has one-fourth interest. The business of 1882 was a profitable one, and at the beginning of the year it was stated that the firm's liabilities were less than usual, and that they had less notes out than for five years. Their note has recently sold at six per cent. The firm has has recently sold at six per cent. The firm has tanneries in Canada, at Forest City, Houlton, Vaue boro, Kingman, Jackson Brook and Grand Lake Strenm, Me., and at. Wells, St. Lawrence, St. Regis, Arieta, Lincoln and Princeton, N. Y, and interests at Dover, N. H., etc. There are extract works both in Maine and New. Brunswick, and the firm made an earnist effort during the discussion of the tariff law last winter to have the hemlock bark extract which they manufacture in New Brunswick admitted free of duty into this country. The extract works in the United States are at Houlton, Maine. Connected with the tanneries are stores for the The extract works laborers, stubles, saw mills and shingle mills. These are 75 tenement houses, which are let to the operatives. Each tamery is well stocked, and on the property of the firm is insurance to, the ann unt of \$1,800,000. There are 1,500,000 acres of land belonging to the firm, beside, great quantities of bark and tanning extract. Another Boston paper says :- " The record of the firm is entirely honorable. The charge so often made against merchants and manufacturers, that they invest their earnings in speculative stocks, does not lie against the house of Shaw & Brothers. On the contrary, the firm is now embarrassed because it pursued the conservative course of investing its profits in lands and factories directly tribulary to the firm's business. The firm bought bark lands, the value of which is sure to increase, as the supply of hemlock bark is limited, and must be ex-hausted in the early future. They established great tanneries which supplied the firm with merchandise for the domestic and export trade. Until yesterday, or a few days ago, they had no difficulty in borrowing money. When, somehow their borrowing power was exhausted, or challenged, they had to suspend, though, under ordinary circumstances, the banks had the highest interest in protecting the great house. In a rising market, the firm might have become enormously rich. In a falling market the firm had to succumb. The moral effect of such a failure in times like the present is apt to be disastrous. The banks will question credits very much more closely. Debts due will be collected with greater urgency; and debtors will undergo a more rigorous examination. Yet in days when profits are notoriously low, it is most necessary that true merchants and good traders be helped, lest a general collapse of credits ensue, against which but few can stand. For it is the nature of business to make large demands upon good faith and reasonable confidence. Bankers and business men must be warned, therefore, not to yield to fear, when such unexpected and unhappy events occur as are these failures. Let it be distinctly understood that no property has been destroyed, and that nothing illegitimate has happened. Shaw & Brothers have failed in consequence of a change in opinion over which they had no control. Such unfavorable opinions might be visited upon other houses, and they would have to bow to that opinion. The point, then, which requires attention to-day is no other than mercantile and financial opinion. Reckless opinion, however occasioned, will do mischief only, while matterof-fact opinion, and judicious weighing of facts, will prevent embarrassments and restore peace as well as calmness and order.

The public will rejoice to learn that the firm of Shaw Brothers & Cassils, this city, deny being involved in the difficulties of their Boston associates. Notwithstanding this the "Mercautile Agencies" have thought proper to suspend the ratings of the firm. The paper of the Boston house had been offered in Montreal for several months past. It is feared that other troubles will follow in Boston and elsewhere. A despatch from Boston the 31st ult, reports one other failure resulting, that an immense amount of the firm's paper is outstanding, and that one of the Boston banks holds for collection for Nova Scotin banks \$200,000.

MANTOBA CROP bulletin No. 2, addressed to the Department of Agriculture, Winnipeg, says: The general success of the grain harvest has now been placed beyond a doubt. The comparative acreage of wheat sown shows an average increase of 54 per cent over 1SS2. The reports from points throughout the whole Province are of a very satisfactory nature, and large yields are fully expected in the great majority of cases. Though suffering from the extreme and prolonged dry weather in the early part of the season, still only in a very few cases is absolute injury reported, and these occur only where the grain was late in being sown. From very many points reports speak of wheat as "fattering," " wheat looks remarkably well," " wheat favorable," " wheat never looked better," etc., etc. In a few cases worms are reported as injurious, but no serious complaints are made. A very bountiful crop will no doubt be reaped, with the general yield

over an average. The extent to which oats has been sown as compared with that of last year shows an average increase of fifty-eight per cent. In a great many localities the spring was backward, and oats sown late were injured by frosts in the early part of June. Serious injury, however, is only reported in a very few places. Grubs or worms are also spoken of as working destruction in some localities. The great majority of reports speak confidently of a good average crop, and no fears are expressed of any fullure or scarceness. Though not grown to nearly so great an extent as wheat or oats, barley shows an average increase in acreage of thirty-six per cent over 1882. This grain seems, too, to have suffered to a consirable extent from the early June frosts and also from worms. However, very encouraging remarks are made, and a good fair average crop will be general. The dampness of the ground in the early part of the season and the want of rain later on has caused the straw to be short, but reports generally speak of barley as "looking sound" and having a "good color." Field peas do not appear to be grown to a very large extent as compared with some other grains, but they show an average increase in acreage of forty six per cont. over 1882, and appear to have been generally sown throughout the Province though in limited quantities. They do not appear to have suffer-ed from frost, and are generally reported as favorable, and showing evidences of a good crop. A large increase in acreage in potatoes is reported. Reports as to condition and prois reported. Reports as to condition and pro-bable yield differ very much. Frosts are spoken of as having damaged the crop in a number of places, and grubs are also spoken of as having affected them to a certain degree. Rain was wanted to insure a really good crop. Roots have been extensively planted generally in the Province, but have suffered severely from frost and grubs. In only a few cases are they reported as having escaped damage, and showreported as many escaped comparison of a promising crop : whist from a great many localities come the reports, "Roots almost a failure." "Roots poor," elc., elc. Though having suffered considerably from drought, indications point to an abun-dance of hay in all sections. Relief is felt in some quarters, where the crop promised to be small, by there being a quantity of old hay on hand. There is no doubt of there being an abundance of bay, for all who are able and willing to secure it.

THE eyes of the commercial world would seem to be directed for the time being mainly towards Winnipeg and the North-west, where, owing to the difficulty of making collections and limited banking accommodation, business is temporarily depressed and failures are not uncommon. Still, the prospects for improve-ment are the best, and the situation is probably not so gloomy as has been represented in some quarters; a re-action is confidently expected after harvest, and will assuredly be experienced, judging from latest reports of the crops throughont Manitoba, which will be found elsewhere in this issue. The newspaper report that J. R. in this issue. The newspaper report that J. R. Cameron & Co., a wholesale tailoring firm in Winnipeg, had failed, with liabilities of \$57,000, is calculated to seriously injure the credit of that city, inasmuch as the statements are misleading, J. R. Cameron is not in the whole-sale trade, but is a customs tailor, carrying a stock valued at \$5,000 to \$6,000; he became involved through giving accommodation paper Involved through giving accommodation piper-to M. A. McLean, the Winnipeg wholesale grocer, whose failure was recently reported, and his business liabilities are merely nominal, say about \$7,000, due chiefly to a local tirnt. The total is estimated at from \$60,000 to \$70,-The total is estimated at from \$60,000 to \$70,-000, principally due on hand purchases in paper towns.-Dr. J. F. Rolls, the well-known Brightton and Winnipeg druggist, has assigned with large liabilities. Two years ago he went to Winnipeg and bought land, which during the boom rose to \$100,000. To-day he is reported almost ruined, his paper being held for cor-c siderable amounts in Winnipeg and Toronto.-

The liabilities of J. A. Carley, the Winnipeg clothier, whose assignment we noted last week, are placed at \$33,000, with assets \$41,000; there is a nominal surplus of \$6,500. Carley formerly belonged to Carleton Place, Ont, and has been in business about two and a balf years; he was previously manager for R. Gerrie & Co., who bought the bankrupt stock of Oliver & Co. some four years ago. Carley afterwards bought it out and was doing a fair business at one time, having opened a brauch in the lower end of the city. His principal weakness seems to have been in buying too largely, but the immediate cause of his assignment is said to have been the pressure of the largest creditor, who is alleged to have taken possession of goods to the value of some \$10,-000 or \$12,000 to secure his claim, and the other creditors are now protesting.

Among the claims on the estate of Alexander & Bryson of Winnipeg, whose settlement at soc. in the dollar has been noticed already, was one for \$5,000 on the part of one of our leading banks, owing to the firm's having gone security, temporarily, for an employe through whose negligence a sum of money had been lost by the bank's branch in that city within. the past twelve months. On learning of this claim, which it appears had not been included in the recent schedule of the firm's Imbilities, Mr. John S. McLachlan, of the firm of McLachlan Bros. & Co., this city, notified the creditors that he would not carry out the security for 75c in the dollar promised on behalf of the firm, the remaining 15c, it will be remembered, being on the insolvent firm's own recognizances. Another difficulty or hindrance to the proposed settlement was the non-acceptance of the offer by some of the Toronto creditors, and, morcover, Mr. McLachlan writes that they have not yet come to such arrangements with Mr. Alexander as would secure his firm as endorsers. At a meeting held last Tuesday the creditors agreed to abandon the claim of 15c in the dollar, but Mr. McLachlan, not. feeling over sanguine in the matter, owing probably to more recent developments in Winnipeg, said he would take the matter into consideration. If wound up, the estate might probably pay coc in the dollar. The Winnipeg firm were to pay 55,000 for the privilege of getting security for the 75c. proportion of the com-promise. The Montreal assignces for the estate prom.se. The another meeting of creditors for next Monday, to deal with the matter, and, if necessary, to appoint a committee to advise with the Trustee as to the liquidation of the estate.

BUSINESS UNANGES.—WINNIPEG.—The grocery stock of G. Fletcher & Go. has been taken possession of by the build; the sheriff is in posses; sion of the store of R. H. Peel, grocer and liquor dealer; T. N. Scripture, furniture dealer, and McKivor & Alexander, contractors, have assigned in trust; the sheriff is in possession of R. J. Butler's jewellery store. The effects, amounting to \$2,300, are advertised for sale. The grocery stock of G. Hodder & Sons has been sold to Wm. Hodder at 52c on the \$, and the stock of groceries and liquors of A. D. McLean & Go., at 75c on the S. A. Walker, confectioner, reported to have left the city; the stock of J. & P. Lyons, contractors, advertised for sale by sheriff. Stone & Meigham, general dealers, Rapid Gity, are asking an extension of 3, 6 and 9 months; they owe \$3,000 and show nominal assets of over \$13,000. H. S. Patterson, general dealer at Portage la Prairie, who dissolved partnership last year, is seeking an extension of 3, 6 and 9 months on liabilities of some \$20,000; he has assets of about \$50,000 in stock, book-debts, and real estate. Wright & Wright, stove dealers, Brandon, have compromised at 50c unsecured. T. S. Menary, general store, Cartwright, Man., assigned in trust, and M. F. Thompson, batelkeeper, Brandon, reported to have left town.

### Market Keports.

#### MONTREAL WHOLESALE MARKETS.

THURSDAY, 2nd Aug., 1883.

There is no special activity to note, but the Fall trade is opening up favorably under the influence of favorable reports of the harvest and of a decidedly improved feeling among country merchants. Some of the warehouses, notably in dry goods, are beginning to assume a busy appearance, and remittances are generally fair for the time of year. The weather is favorable for harvesting operations, and altogether the business outlook is fairly promising Money rules quiet and ensy, with rates of inter-est and discount unchanged, and sterling ex-change quotations are purely nominal in the absence of business. The local stock market has ruled dull, without important fluctuation in values. Outside of the brokers, there is no apparent interest manifest in stocks at the noment, notwithstanding the low rates of interest and plentiful supply of money; and until trade becomes more active and affects the market little change is expected. As compared with a week ago, leading banking securities show a decline of about  $\frac{1}{2}$  per cent, except Ontario which is 1 per cent lower. Telegraph has advanced  $\frac{1}{4}$  per cent, City Gas declined 1 per cent. Canada Pacific and North West Land Uo., have each fallen 3 per cent, and St. Paul, M. & M. Ry. has advanced 1 per cent. See table on another page.

Ashes.—Receipts are moderate, and prices are a little firmer, at \$4.70 to \$4.80 for First Pots, and \$4.40 to \$4.45 for seconds. There are no Thirds offering. *Pearls* have been sold at \$6.25 to \$6.50 for First Sort. Market closes quiet. Receipts since 1st January : 5,015 barrels Pots, 270 barrels Pearls. Deliveries 4,317 barrels Pots, 298 barrels Pearls. Stock in store at six o'clock on Wednesday evening : 1,013 barrels Pots, 64 barrels Pearls.

CATTLE, ETC.—Recent cable advices from England report that the prices of live cattle bave advanced. Live cattle in Liverpool and London selling at from S{d to S{d., against 7}d last week. Sheep remain unchanged, at 9d. At the local markets last Monday there was a fair business done in export cattle; good to choice beeves sold at from 6c to 6 c per b., live weight. There was a good enquiry for live hogs, choice qualities selling at \$7.00 per 100 lbs., fair to good from \$6.50 to \$6.75. The supply of butchers' cattle numbered about 200 head, the best qualities selling at 5c per lb., and good to fair at from 36 to 4 c. About 600 sheep and lambs were offered, the former selling at \$5.50 per 100 lbs., live weight, and the latter at from \$2.50 to \$3.50 per head. Calces bronght from \$3.50 to \$15 each, as to size and quality.

DATRY PRODUCE.—There is still no activity to note in the Butter market, either on home or export account, and shipments will have to be both large and frequent between now and the close of navigation to make a favorable showing with those of former years. Some improvement has been experienced in the city demand during the past few days at old prices. For wholesale lots prices range as follows:— Creamery, 20c to 204c; Eastern Townships, 17c to 18c; Brockville and Morrisburg, 16c to 17c, and Western 144c to 16c. The Cheese market shows little or no change, a fair enquiry being uoted for both white and colored, where the quality is fine, and sales have been reported at 94c to 95c. There were orders in the market yesterday at 47s 6d to 48s 6d c.i.f. Licerpool. For good to fine Western and Eastern Townships factory 94c to 94c might be obtained, and French is quoted at 9c to 94c

According to the public cable prices in Liverpool were unchanged at 52s. There appears to be none too much fine cheese in New York, where the tendency in prices is firm, despite lower cable figures. At the Ingersoll Market on Tuesday eighteen factories offered 4,330 boxes cheese, mostly half July make; no sales.

DRUGS AND CHEMICALS.—There is very little movement in this line, and not much improvement looked for before next month. Prices are nominal and unchanged. The English markets are devoid of animation, except in Bleaching Powder, for which an active demand had arisen, by last reports, and an advance of about 5s per ton had taken place in consequence.

Day Goods.—Notwithstanding the forebodings generally expressed at the beginning of July, the volume of business done at wholesale for the month has been about equal to that for the like period last year. There is a decidedly better feeling in the country sections, in consequence of the great improvement in crop prospects, and merchants are now ordering Fall goods with more confidence. Cottons are in somewhat better request, but without actual change in values. There is no special demand for any particular lines of goods, general assoriments being called for; and altogether the tone of the market has perceptibly improved. Remittances generally show a slight falling off, but this is always expected in the middle of harvest time.

FLOUR AND GRAIN.—English Wheat markets have been relapsing into a gradually weaker condition during the week, and to-day's advices are weak in tone and report a further decline, viz., of 3d to 5d per cental for Red Winter Wheat off Coast. Liverpool spot Corn is neglected at 1d decline, and Canadian Peas steady at 7s 3d. The quantity of Corn on passage to U. K. has decreased this week 40,009 qrs., and the imports in United Kingdom during the week show a decrease of 90,000 qrs Wheat and an increase of 90,000 brls flour and 10,000 qrs Corn. The Western and New York Wheat markets are weak and depressed, the "bears" having the advantage of falling foreign markets, fine weather and good crop reports. Wheat fell 1c per bush in Chicago this morning. The local grain market continues dull, prices being far too high liere for export. Peas are in better demand, and have advanced to \$1.01 at which cargoes have sold. Stocks of Flour are light, but the demand is restricted, and the tendency, of values is downward. Grain freights quoted at 3s to 3s 3d to London.

FRUITS.-Business reported fair; foreign fruits being the principal goods in the market Lemons continue in good request, at S8 to \$10 per case for Naples, and boxes are selling at \$6.50 to \$7.50 each. The season for Oranges is about over, and prices are merely nominal. New Apples from the Western States continue to arrive, in poor condition, and prices range from \$2 to \$5, as to quality. A shipment of better qualities is expected this week. California Pears still meet with a steady sale at \$5.50 to \$6 per box, as to quality, and Cali-fornia Plums bring \$3.50 to \$4 do. Peaches have been arriving from New York and selling at \$3 to \$3.50 per crate. Cocounts dull and lower, now quoted at \$4 to \$4.50. Spanish Onions offering at \$4.50 per case, but demand light. In small fruits there is not much movement. Cherries are selling at \$1 to \$1 50 per basket, but demand is light and not many baskets coming forward. Blueberries are worth 75c to \$1.10 per box of seven quarts each, but there is not much enquiry. Black currants are worth 35c per gal., and red do. 30c. *Gooseberries* meet with ready sale at 50c to 60c per gallon. A large shipment of Watermelons from Baltimore has been received here, and they are offering at 40c to 60c each, as to size. New Canadian Apples are expected in this market shortly. A carload of Southern

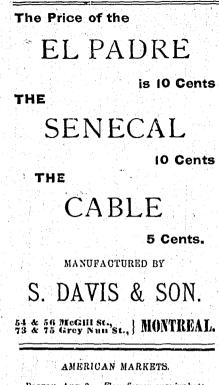
apples just received are being sold at \$3.00 to \$4.50 per barrel, as to quality. The first lot of Ganadian *Peaches* of the season was sold in Toronto Wednesday at \$1.05 per basket. They were grown by W. Armstrong, of Ningara.

GROCERIES.—Sugars are in good request for Yellow Refined at just about last week's figures. Granulated is unchanged. West India Grocery Sugars dull. Teas.—Choice Japans maintain fairly previous values. The trade is not active. China Green and Black Teas dull. Molasses.— Barbadoos is rather easier, without much business doing at the moment. Syrups of high class steady. Coffees.—No special change and only light trade doing. Rice shares in the rather general quietness, and remains without alteration in value. Spices.—Popper keeps well up, also Ginger, which for the commoner kinds is rather higher. Nutmegs steady. Fruits.— Valentia Raisins of best quality held as before. Inferior kinds neglected. Malaga Raisins quite dull. Reports still favorable of growing crops in Spain as also for Currants in Greece. Currants are firm. Tarragona Almonds maintain full values, and reports confirmed as to crop being extremely light. Filberts dull, as also

LEATHER.—The month has opened with a fair enquiry for pearly all descriptions, and with prospects of a decided improvement. The trade here do not appear to be affected by the heavy shoe and leather fullures in Boston this week; it is to be supposed that the natural effect would be to cheupen hides and enhance the value of leather, but no developments are yet apparent. Values for Upper and Splits of the best qualities are quite firm, and plump Sole leather is scarce and wanted, at outside quotations. No large transactions, however, reported.

Oits.—It is satisfactory to notice that the cautionary remarks respecting adulterated *Linseed* oil in this market, in our last report, has been endorsed by the trade, and that a number of readers have been benefited by the information. A simple, yet at the same time cheap and valuable test of oil is said to be as follows: take a piece of black Japan tin and pour the suspected sample upon it when, if adulterated, it will show the bloom peculiar to rezinous and petroleum oils; it will be all the more distinct by comparing it with a pure sample treated in the same way. Prices for *Linseed* remain easy, at about 56c to 58c for raw, and 59c to 60c for boiled, Imperial measure. *Spirits of Turpentine*, under a light demand, is again lower. selling now at 56c to 58c, but it is thought that values have touched bottom.

PROVISIONS.—In Liverpool yesterday provisions were quiet and easy, closing unchanged. In Chicago the receipts of hogs, 18,000 head, were so large as to completely demoralize the pork market, prices falling 20 to 271c further, or within 124c to 15c per barrel of the lowest point reached in the late panic. Lard also shared in the decline, a further drop of 124c to 174c per 100 lbs for August and September options being reported. Hogs declined 5c to 10c per 100 lbs. Inder full receipts. Shipments were only 4,526 head. The continued unsettled state of the Chicago market keeps large buyers here out of this market, and there are no large lots of hog products changing hands. Trade is only moderate, in a small jobbing way. Western Mess Pork selling at S18 to S18.50, as to size of lot. A fair enquiry has been experienced for Lard at 124c to 124c for Western; yesterday about 400 pails was sold by a local firm, in lots of from 50 to 100 pails each, at these prices. City cured *Hams* are scarce and firm, at 15c to 154c. The *Legg* market rules about steady at 16d to 17c, but both supply and demand are light. In New York Gaandian shipments of eggs are quoted at 224c to 22c, so that it is no wonder receipts are falling off here.



## BOSTON, Aug. 2.—Flour firmer, enquiry better. Sales of Superline at from \$3 to \$3.75; Extras from \$4 to \$4.75, including choice Bakers' from For $5^{4}$ to $5^{5}$ . Patent Spring sold at from $5^{7}$ to $5^{7}$ . $5^{5}$ to $5^{6}$ . Patent Spring sold at from $5^{7}$ to $5^{7}$ . *Commeal* has been selling at from $5^{2.80}$ to $5^{2.90}$ . *Oatmeal* sold at from $5^{5.81}$ to $5^{6}$ for Western, and from $5^{6.50}$ to $5^{7.50}$ for choice and fancy. and from \$6.50 to \$7.50 for choice and fancy. *Hay*, receipts moderate, stocks reduced. Prices firm, best Eastern quoted at from \$16 to \$17, and medium from \$14 to \$15. *Butter*, unchanged, sales of choice creameries at from 21e to 23e; fair to good 18e to 20c. *Cheese* in moderate demand. Sales of choice from 9je to 10e, fair to good, 8je to 9e. *Eggs* have been in de-mand, firsh lots scarce; sales of choice Eastern from 21e to 23e. *Chanda Pags* suider at from from 21e to 23e. Canada Peas quiet, at from \$1.10 to \$1.15. Polatoes, arrivals large; market well supplied; sales of common and good from \$1.10 to \$1.15; choice grades higher.

Chicago, 2.30 p.m.—Wheat, Sept., \$1.023; Oct., 1.041; Nov., \$1.054. Corn, Sept., 494c; Oct., 484c; Nov., 47c. Oats, Sept. 263c. Oct., 274c. Pork, Sept., \$13.174; Oct., \$13.30. Lard, Sept., \$8.472; Oct., \$8.55; Nov., \$8.30.

New York, 2 30 p.m.—Wheat, No. 2 Sept., \$1.154; Oct., \$1.174; Nov., \$1.194; Dec., \$1.213. Corn, Aug., 60c; Sept., 604c cash to 604c; Oct., 604c to 604c; Nov., 60c to 604c. Oats, Aug., 364c; Sept., 354c; Oct., 37c

Milwaukee, 2.00 p.m.-Wheat, Aug., \$1.00; Sept., \$1.02; Oct., \$1.04.

#### ENGLISH MARKETS.

#### LIVERPOOL, Aug 2, 1883.

(Beerbohm's Advices.) Gargoes off Const-Wheat, quiet but stendy. Corn, nothing offering. Gargors on passage—Wheat and Corn, quiet. Red Winter Wheat off Const 46s. English and French country markets, firm. Quantity Maize on passage for United Kingdom 270,000 qrs.; Wheat, 1,625,000 qrs. Liverpool Wheat on spot, weaker. Corn neglected. Liverpool Mixed Maize 5s 4d, Pease 7s 3d. Weather fine. Paris Wheat and Flour, quiet.

#### TORONTO WHOLESALE MARKETS. (Revised by Telegraph.) TORONTO, August 2, 1883.

In some banks there are some improvements noted; in others trade continues quiet. The farmers being all busy with having and preparation for harvest has a tendency to make trading dull in the country; and the telegraphers' strike has certainly had an injurious effect on the larger business of wholesale houses. But the season is not different from what is expected in July and August. Collections are light, and wholesale men are grumbling in some cases, but it is acknowledged that a considerable amount has been realized from sales of wool, butter, and other produce. Merchants and brokers obtain all the money required at easy rates. Call loans are negotiated at 6 and 64 per cent, the latter being the rate on stock collaterals. Commercial paper is discounted at 7c for first class; and removals at 74c and 8 per cent. Sixty-day bills, Sterling Exchange, are sold at 1081 across the counter, and 1081 between banks; sight bills at 1091 to 1091. Drafts on New York have been easy, but the latest rates of exchange were at 1-16 premium The Stock Exchange has been embarrassed by the scant telegraphic news reaching here; securities have ruled generally steady, however. Banks were moderately active during the week; and values have been generally steady in the face of a strong bearish element on 'Change. Loan companies' stock, have been quiet, with prices stendy. Miscellaneous shares were more active, though irregular, and no spirit of investment was manifested. Following are the bids to-day :

| Banks.  | Bid<br>July<br>26.   | Bid<br>Aug.<br>2.  |  | Bld<br>July<br>26. | Bid<br>Aug<br>2.                       |
|---|--|--|--|--------------------|--|
| Montreal.,<br>Toronto<br>Ontario<br>Merchants<br>Commerce<br>Dominion<br>Hamilton<br>Stand'd<br>Federa!<br>Imper'l<br>Molsons | 197<br>1844<br>1144<br>1211<br>132<br>197<br>116<br>1144<br>158<br>142 | 1841<br>115<br>121<br>133<br>197<br>116<br>114<br>158<br>142 | Can. Permanent<br>Freehold<br>Western Can<br>Bidg. & Loan<br>Farmers' Joan<br>Lond. & Can'dn<br>liuron & Erie<br>Dom. Savings<br>Ontario Loan<br>Hamilton Pror | 193<br>158]        | 192<br>101<br>124<br>143<br>158<br>114 |

FLOUR AND MEAL .-- Although the market is improved it can scarcely be said to be owing to any actual advance in outside markets. It may be that flour is cheap at present prices, but it is not cheap as compared with prices outside. There was no sensation about the late slight advance here, and the price is unbroken almost by unwritten agreement between buyers and sellers. It was thought Liverpool prices would defers. It was thought Liverpool prices would advance further, but they have not, and the market here is simply maintained without effort and without any attempt to reduce the price by buyers. There has been no change during the week. On last Friday Superior Extra would have brought at \$4.86 on the spot; and \$5 was offered for September delivery. Extra was bought at equal to \$465, and good brands would have brought \$4.70. On the re-maining days of this week the market has been entirely unchanged, with no transactions, and no export demand. At the market to-day quotations were \$4.75 to \$4.80 for Surerior; quotations were \$4.75 to \$4.80 for Superior; and \$4.65 to \$4.75 for Extra; and no trading done. The stock in store on last Monday was 2275 barrels, against 2,325 barrels on Monday previous; 1236 barrels July 31, 1882, and 500 barrels August 1, 1881. *Outment* is easier at \$5 for Staudard, and slow of sale; *Comment* nominal at \$3.75 per burrel. Bran is superior at \$10.60 for our lot. quoted at \$10.50 for car lots.

ascertained to be 50,000,000 bushels in France and probably as much in England. Italy will have to import a quantity of 25,000,000 bushels. have to import a quantity of 25,000,000 bushels. Other European countries also have to obtain wheat from abroad. Even if there should be no scarcity in sight, three is no such glut of wheat that prices should be reduced below what they are at present. The crop in the United States will be quite 425,000,000 bushels, or about 80,000 bushels lose thom last mark or about 80,000,000 bushels less than last year. And although the reserves in the United States as well as in the importing countries are larger than they have been for years, they will all be than they have been for years, they will all be needed to help over the crop year of 1883-84 to another harvest. Prices have been pretty steady during the week. Last Friday prices were \$1.08 for No. 2 Fail; \$1.10 for No. 2 Spring; \$1.07 for No. 3 Spring; and \$1 for Goose. On Saturday the market was rather weak, but values searcely changed; and on Number this forling control of the market was wenk, but values scarcely changed; and on Monday this feeling continued, in sympathy with Ohicago, where August Wheat was quoted at \$1.01. At the market today the feeling was quiet: No. 2 Fall quoted at \$1.07 to \$1.08; No. 2 Spring at \$1.08 to \$1.09; and Goose about 98c to 9:c. The market today hms no strength. Stocks on Monday last were 170,106 bushels, against 164,348 bushels on the Monday previous; 112,702 bushels July 31, 1882, and 134,639 bushels August 1, 1881.

COARSE GRAINS .- Barley is not quoted on 'Change, but has a nominal value of 50c for No. 3 and 64c for No. 2. The stock in elevator here on Monday last was 30,728 bushels; against 29,917 on the Monday previous; 2,382 bushels, July 31, 1882; and 18,613 bushels August 1, 1881. Outs have maintained their prices under 1881. Oats have maintained their prices under a moderate demand; Western at 42Åc to 43¢; and Eastern at 41c. There are none in store. There were 1,000 bushels July 23, 1883; against 2,509 bushels, July 31, 1882; and 18,613 bushels August 1, 1881. Peas are not offered, but prices are quoted almost without change for weeks past. An advance of 2d per cental in Liverpool has not changed this market. Prices are nominal at 80c for No. 2. The stock on are nominal at 80c for No. 2. The stock on Monday was 311 bushels, against 674 bushels July 23; against 4,532 bushels, July 31, 1882; and 631 bushels August 1, 1881. *Hye* is not quoted. There are only some 350 bushels in store for some weeks past.

BOOTS AND SHORS. Trade is not unsatisfactory. There is generally a lull in manufactures, but the amount of business is promising fairly. Orders from the country are frequent but generally small, and business therefore in a good shape. Quotations are: men's calf boots, \$3.50 to \$4; men's storas; \$1.50 to \$3; men's kip, \$2.25 to \$2.75; men's pegred gatters, \$1.50 to \$2.50; machine sewed, \$1.56 to \$2.50; men's cobourgs, \$1.10 to \$1.75; boy's congress gaiters, \$1.36 to \$1.75; pegged balmorals \$1.40 to \$1.75; storas, \$1.25 to \$2; woman's prunel a bals, 50c to \$2; pebbled and buff pegged bals., \$1.10 to \$1.60; pebbled and buff sewed, \$1.25 to \$1.75; women's congress, \$1 to \$2.50. Misses' work ranging from pebbled and buff bals, 90c to \$1.30; calf bals. \$3:30. but generally small, and business therefore in

Day Goods .- Wholesale men generally report the trade rather quiet. At least there is no improvement in what was expected during no improvement in what was expected altring the week. Orders are not large, and the im-pression is that the fall trade will not be so large as it was last year. But the aggregate, trade is not so much less than the average, to account for whatever is not satisfactory, as the embarrassment that is caused by large stocks. It will take some time to correct this mistake.

Daugs .- Business reported fair this week. Opium is firm at \$4.40; quinine, Howard's, Spinn is min at \$4.0; quintie, nowadds, \$2.25 per oz.; fresh ergol, 5°c to 60c; oll wintergreen, \$3.75 per lb.; morphia, \$2.70 to \$2.90 for oz.; quassin, 10c per lb.; gentian rooi, 12c to 15c per lb.; Colombo root, 25c per lb.; turprenine weak at 60c to 65c per gal.; linseed, raw, 65c; boiled, 70c; Newboundland cod liver, oll, \$2.25 per gal; Norwegian, \$4 to \$4.25 per gal, according to onality. gal., according to quality.

GROCERIES .- The situation is improved somewhat by actual business, and somewhat by the prospects of better business. Taken together there is an admitted satisfactory change. The season's husiness is not regarded now as equal scason's husiness is not regarded now as equal to the same period of last year, but a good fall trade may bring it up to nearly the average of last year. Quotations are entirely unchanged for the rast two weeks. Coffees, Java, 18c to 25c; Rios, 10c to 11c; Mocha, 30c to 38c; Ueylon, 23c to 25c. Fish, no demand. Fruits dull and prices continue low. Sugars, Porto Rico, dark to fuir, 7c to 74c; bright to choice, 74c to 8c; Canada refined, 62c to 84c; Standard granulated, 9c to 94c; Paris lump, 10c to 104c; Scotch refined, 63c to 74c. Syrups unchanged, 7eas steady, but promising firmness. Tobaccos Teas steady, but promising firmness. Tobaccos in fair demand, and prices firm at recent advance.

HANDWARE .- Business is moderate. There is an improved demand for heavy goods; and bar iron has a distinct firmness. It is reported that English manufacturers are busy, and orders cannot be immediately filled. This market is rery steady in consequence, and it is thought buyers on the spot will secure an advantage.

HIDES AND SKINS,-There is no change to note in the situation. The demand for hides is dull among western tanneries ; there is a better deamong western tanneries : there is a better de-mand from cities east of Kingston. Green hides are bought at Tgc for cows, and Egc for steers, No. 1; and at Ic lower for No. 2. Cured hides are quiet but steady, held at Sgc to Egc for No. 1; and No. 2 quoted Ic lower. Calfskins are un-changed, with not so many offering; buying, green, at 13c for No. 1; and 11c for No. 2; selling, ourd, at 15c for No. 1; and 13c for No. 2; cured, at 15c for No. 1, and 13c for No. 2. Lambskins have alvanced, buying at 50c; pelts advanced, buying at 40c.

BUTTER .- Trade is still hindered, the dealers say, by the high prices at which stock is held in the country. It is said that some buyers have contracted for shipping lots at 14c, but it is not centrate that the pure make would be bought generally at that figure. The commission dealers here are selling good to fine packages at 14c to 16c; and inferior lots at 12c to 13c. There are signs of giving way among some lots coming in; and it is feared that much bad buttes will be an the market are loca butter will be on the market ere long.

LIVE STOCK TRADE .- Up to last Tuesday the cattle trade had been very quiet. The receipts were small, and prices were paid above what was called the regular values. On Tuesday there were some ten car loads of cattle. Two car loads were heavy, well-fed beasts and were taken for export at prices from S6 to S7 per 100 lbs, live weight. The remainder of the cattle were bought for the local market at prices rang-ing from \$4501 to \$25 per 100 lbs. were bought for the local market at prices rang-ing from \$4.50 to \$5.25 per 100 lbs. There were a good many light beasts, and not in very good condition; but they were all bought, as the market was bare. There was a fair supply of sheep, but not more than what was taken. Heavy lots for export sold at \$7 to \$8; and butchers' lots at \$4.75 to \$6. The sheep are generally in good condition. Lambs were not in over supply, and varied greatly in quality, selling at prices ranging from \$3:50 to \$4. Calves are not plentiful, and the demand is not so active at \$8 to \$12. so active at \$8 to \$12.

PROVISIONS, **ETC.**—Business is still quiet. Meats have been weakening. The trade here have lowered prices to meet the sales at Hamilton and other outside points. Bac n, lower, long clear quoted at 10c for car lots, and 10 c. for small lots; Cumberland Out quoted at 93c to 10 c. Breakfast bacon 14c for smoked and W 104C. Breakness bacon 14c for subset and 142c for canvassed. *Hams* firm at 14c for smoked and 144c for canvassed; pickled 123c to 13c in tierces. *Lard*, 124c to 13c, according. to package.  $P \cdot rk$  quoted at \$20 for single

WHEAT .- There is a firmness about the market which is not without reason. The deficiency of the crops in England and France are now nearly

harrels. Beef in some demand at \$16 for prime and \$17 for mess. Butter dull, selling at 14c to 16c for good to fine tubs and pails; and 12c to 13c for inferior. Cheese is unchanged at 10c for skims, and 11c to 112c for full cream. Eggs are unsettled, and supplies falling off, selling at 152c to 16c in case lots, guaranteed. Dried Apples, almost unsaleable at 10c for common and 16c almost unsaleable at 10c for common and 16c for evaporated. Beans slow, quoted nominal at \$1.60 to \$1.80 per bushel. Polatoes, new, sell-ing at \$1.10 to \$1.25 per bag. Salt, Liverpool bags, in car lots, selling at 65c; small lots at 80c. Canadian, barrels, car lots, at \$1.35; small lots at \$1.45 to \$1.50. Dairy salt, 3 lb bags, at \$3.75 per barrel.

· WOOL .- The wholesale trade is reported rather quiet, as buyers and sellers are apart. Receipts from the country continue light, compared with ordinary years. The demand is still slow, and prices are unsatisfactory. The United States markets are dull, and there have been no enquiries for Canadian fleece. Quota-tions are 19c to 20c for selected Leicester; and 17c to 18c for Cotswolds; rejects quoted at 14c. Southdown is bought at 24c and 25c. Holders in the country are generally asking ic higher. There is very small demand from the factories; the manufacturers apparently buying not more than serves for short periods of work. Pulled wools are quoted selling at 25c to 26c, and extra supers at 30c to 31c.

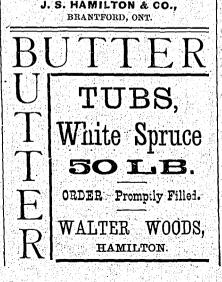
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bank. The stocks of all the banks doing business in Toronto stand at a high premium, on account of the large rests they have accumulated, the satis-factory uividends they pay, and the great demand existing among our moneyed classes for such investments

Vestments. At no time in the history of the Dominion has the country made such rapid progress as it is now making, and is likely to make for some years to come. The construction of the Canadian Pacific Railway and other Railways and public works—the rapid opening up and settlement of Manitoba and the great North-We-t—the estab ishment of new industries of many kitals in all parts of Canada, and the large influx of imaigrants, many of them possessed of inceus, and who are settling to a con-siderable extent in Ontario—render necessary en-larged facilities for business by the provision of additional Banking Capital. "The standing, character, and reputation of the Provisional Directors of the CENTRAL BANK of CANADA, and of the gentlemen selected by them to take the management of the bank, warrant the be-lief that its initiation will be received with favour, and that under cautobas, wise and prident man-agement its success will not be less, marked than that. It he intention to place the whole canital on that. At no time in the history of the Dominion has

kind. It is the intention to place the whole capital on the market, and when the requisite amount has been subscribed, and 20 per cent plaid in to com-mence operations. Ten per cent to be paid on subscription, and ten per cent on allotment, and further calls as business may require ; provided that such calls shall be made at intervals of not less than thirty days, and not to exceed ten per cent of each subscribed. If more than the authorized expirat is subscribed, allotments will be reduced are rade. pro rata.

proruta. Calls on Stock are to be paid at the Bank of Montreal and its Agencies, with whom arrange-ments for this purpose have been made. Suitable premises for the bank have been secured on Yonge street, immediately north of the Bank of British North America. Stock Books have been opened at the offices of the undermentioned, where further information respecting the Banks, copies of Prospectus and forms of application for shares can be obtained. SCARTUL COCCURAN & CO

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## THE CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY CO'Y.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY.

MONTREAL, July 4th, 1883.

NOTICE is hereby given that an interim dividend of two and one-half per cent., for the current half-year ending 17th August next, upon the Gapital Stock of the Company, will be paid at the Office of the Company, 63 William Street, New York, on and after that date.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed on Tuesday, the thirty-first day of July instant, and re-opened on Saturday, the eighteenth day of August next.

By order of the Board,

CHARLES DRINKWATER,

٤.

Secretary.



## Notice to Contractors.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the under-signed, and endorsed "Tender for Supplying Coal," will be received at this office until FRIDAY, and AUGUST, at noon, for the necessary Fuel required for the Public Buildings, Ottawa. Specification can be seen and Forms of Tender obtained, on and after Monday, 32rd inst., at this Office, where all necessary information can be bad on application. No tender will be considered unless accompanied by an eacepted Bank cheque of \$259 to order of Minister of Public Works. The Department will not be bound to accept the lows to rany tender. By order.

By order,

rder, F. H. ENNIS, Secretary. Department of Public Works, 1 Ottawa, 20th July, 1883.



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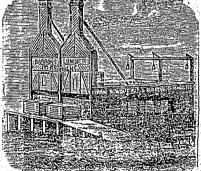
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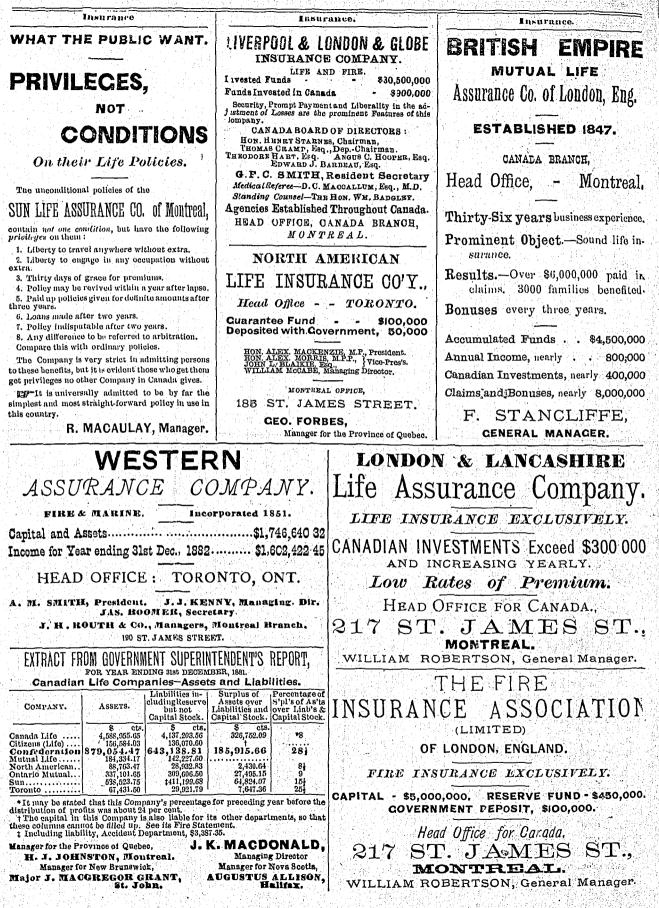
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### WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT-THURSDAY, AUGUST 2nd, 1983

| Name of Article.   | Wholess!e<br>Rates  |   | Article.  | Wholesale<br>Rates.   | Name of Article.   | Wholesale<br>Rates."   | Name of Article.   | Wholesale<br>Rates  |
|--|---|---|---|---|--|--|--|---|
| Boots and Bhoes.<br>den's Thick Boots. Wax.<br>"Split do Split Bals.<br>"Split do Split do Split Bals.<br>"Split do Split Bals.<br>"Split do Split Bals.<br>"Split do Split Bals.<br>"Split Buskins. do Split Bals.<br>"Prunella do Split Bals.<br>"Split Bals.<br>"Prunella do Split Bals.<br>"Prunella do Split Bals.<br>"Split Bals.<br>"Prunella do Split Bals.<br>"Split Bals.<br>"Stook, and all kinds of<br>Split.<br>Bank Notes. Bonds. Bills of<br>Split.<br>Bank Notes. Bonds. Bills of<br>"Stook, and all kinds of<br>Stook, and all kinds of<br>"Stook, and all kinds of<br>"Stook and all k | <b>\$</b> c. <b>\$</b> c.<br><b>2</b> 25 <b>3</b> c <sup>1</sup><br><b>1</b> 50 <b>2</b> 25<br><b>3</b> 00 <b>3 1</b> 50<br><b>1</b> 40<br><b>0</b> 90 <b>1</b> 100<br><b>1</b> 50 <b>2</b> 00<br><b>1</b> 50 <b>2</b> 00<br><b>1</b> 50 <b>2</b> 00<br><b>1</b> 50 <b>2</b> 00<br><b>1</b> 50 <b>1</b> 200<br><b>1</b> 50 <b>2</b> 00<br><b>1</b> 50 <b>1</b> 200<br><b>1</b> 60 <b>1</b> 125<br><b>0</b> 60 <b>0</b> 100<br><b>0</b> 50 <b>0 1</b> 25<br><b>0</b> 60 <b>0</b> 050<br><b>0</b> 50 <b>0</b> 600<br><b>0</b> 600 <b>0</b> 700<br><b>0</b> 600 <b>0</b> 600<br><b>0</b> 10 <b>1</b> 6 <b>0</b> 18<br><b>1</b> 15 <b>1</b> 100<br><b>0</b> 14 <b>0</b> 100<br><b>0</b> 14 <b>0</b> 100<br><b>0</b> 15 <b>0</b> 017<br><b>1</b> 25 <b>1</b> 400<br><b>0</b> 15 <b>0</b> 017<br><b>1</b> 25 <b>1</b> 400<br><b>0</b> 15 <b>0</b> 171<br><b>1</b> 27 <b>0</b> 210<br><b>1</b> 190 <b>2</b> 101<br><b>2</b> 50 <b>2</b> 171<br><b>2</b> 51 <b>1</b> 400<br><b>0</b> 600 <b>0</b> 121 <b>0</b> 18<br><b>1</b> 190 <b>2</b> 101<br><b>2</b> 190 <b>2</b> 101<br><b>3</b> 190 <b>2</b> 110<br><b>1</b> 190 <b>2</b> 110 | Boda Ash<br>Soda BiCarb<br>Sal Soda<br>Tartaric Acid<br>Camphor Eng<br>Gum Arabio.<br>"Traj."<br>Copperas por<br>Blue Vitrol.<br>Dry G<br>(See Manuy?<br>Flo<br>Superine Extra Supe<br>Stroug Bak<br>Do Amer.<br>Fancy<br>Spring Ext<br>Superine<br>Fine<br>Middlin gs<br>Pollards<br>Ont. Bags.<br>Oatmeal<br>Cornweal<br>Cornweal<br>Corn in bo<br>Graz.<br>Canada X<br>" Red<br>Extra Whit<br>White Alich<br>Red Winter<br>Spring, Chil<br>Super, Chil<br>Super, Chil<br>Super, Chil<br>Super, Chil<br>Super, Chil<br>Super, Chil<br>Super, Chil<br>Corn in bo<br>Flax Seed., 1<br>Const. Co<br>SIDENT.<br>SIDENT.<br>SCO, | vder<br>Ref.<br>Ref.<br>Per Ib.<br>100 Ibs.<br>oods.<br>s of Cotton.)<br>ur<br>ctra.<br>n<br>in.<br>htte, No. 2.<br>rine No. 2.<br>Not Toledo.<br>cago No. 2.<br>Martí<br>Martí<br>Martí<br>BOC<br>A cad G<br>Pi<br>S E A I | \$ c.       \$ c.         \$ c.       \$ c.         \$ 1 60       2 60         2 60       2 15         1 95       1 05         0 55       0 85         0 46       0 48         0 38       0 40         0 46       0 49         0 20       0 35         0 46       0 49         0 20       0 55         1 05       5 05         5 20       5 25         5 05       5 10         6 0 8 65       6 3 45         6 0 8 65       6 40         3 60       8 65         3 40       5 505         4 90       5 90         4 90       5 90         2 95       8 05         5 20       2 85         5 20       2 95         5 20       2 95         5 20       2 95         5 20       2 95         5 20       2 95         5 20       2 95         5 20       2 95         5 20       2 95         5 20       2 95         5 20       2 95         5 20       2 95 | Japan, Ane to cholce lb.<br>Japan Nagasaki<br>Y. Hyson common to rd<br>Y. Hyson fine to finest, li<br>Gunda, Finest<br>"Good to fine<br>"Fine to finest"<br>Congou common"<br>"med. to good"<br>"med. to good"<br>"stared"<br>"yapar.exita"<br>"med. to good"<br>"singapore&Ceylon"<br>"singapore&Ceylon"<br>"ubes<br>Granulated"<br>"sugars, (Ceks. & Bris.)<br>"Fotto Kico"<br>"sugars, (Ceks. & Bris.)<br>"Fotto Kico"<br>"sugars, (Ceks. & Bris.)<br>"fotto Kico"<br>"sediess"<br>"sediess"<br>"ubes<br>Granulated"<br>"sediess"<br>"valanta | <b>\$</b> 0. <b>\$</b> 0.<br><b>0</b> 36 0.52<br><b>0</b> 14 0.52<br><b>0</b> 13 0.38<br><b>0</b> 38 0.60<br><b>0</b> 13 0.38<br><b>0</b> 28 0.84<br><b>0</b> 40 0.50<br><b>0</b> 28 0.84<br><b>0</b> 40 0.50<br><b>0</b> 17 0.22<br><b>0</b> 28 0.85<br><b>0</b> 17 0.22<br><b>0</b> 28 0.85<br><b>0</b> 16 0.22<br><b>0</b> 28 0.84<br><b>0</b> 40 0.50<br><b>1</b> 20 18<br><b>0</b> 28 0.85<br><b>0</b> 17 0.22<br><b>0</b> 28 0.85<br><b>0</b> 18 0.22<br><b>0</b> 28 0.85<br><b>0</b> 18 0.22<br><b>0</b> 28 0.84<br><b>0</b> 17 0.22<br><b>0</b> 28 0.85<br><b>0</b> 18 0.22<br><b>0</b> 28 0.84<br><b>0</b> 17 0.22<br><b>0</b> 28 0.85<br><b>0</b> 18 0.22<br><b>0</b> 11 0.12<br><b>0</b> 10 0.14<br><b>0</b> 114 0.12<br><b>0</b> 10 0.54<br><b>0</b> 12 0.05<br><b>0</b> 12 0.05<br><b>0</b> 12 0.05<br><b>0</b> 41 0.54<br><b>0</b> 0.65 0.05<br><b>1</b> 69 1.92<br><b>0</b> 0.05 0.05<br><b>1</b> 69 1.92<br><b>0</b> 0.05 0.05<br><b>1</b> 69 1.92<br><b>0</b> 0.05 0.05<br><b>1</b> 69 1.92<br><b>0</b> 0.05 0.05<br><b>1</b> 10 12<br><b>2</b> 10 3.00<br><b>2</b> 200 0.00<br><b>1</b> 10 12<br><b>2</b> 70 3.00<br><b>2</b> 70<br><b>1</b> 10 12<br><b>2</b> 70<br><b>3</b> 70<br><b>1</b> 10 12<br><b>1</b> 0.00<br><b>1</b> 10 12<br><b>1</b> 0.00<br><b>1</b> 10 12<br><b>1</b> 0.00<br><b>1</b> 10 12<br><b>2</b> 70<br><b>3</b> 70<br><b>1</b> 10 12<br><b>1</b> 0.00<br><b>1</b> 10 12<br><b>1</b> 0.00<br><b>1</b> 10 12<br><b>2</b> 70<br><b>3</b> 70<br><b>1</b> 10 12<br><b>2</b> 70<br><b>3</b> 70<br><b>1</b> 10 12<br><b>1</b> 0.00<br><b>1</b> 0.00<br><b>1</b> 0.00<br><b>1</b> 0.00<br><b>1</b> 0.00<br><b>1</b> 0.00<br><b>1</b> 0.00<br><b>1</b> 0.00<br><b>1</b> 0.00<br><b>1</b> 0. | Spices : Cassla per lb.<br>Mace  | $\begin{array}{c} \hline \textbf{S} \ \textbf{a}, \ \textbf{S} \ \textbf{a}, \ \textbf{S} \ \textbf{a}, \ \textbf{S} \ \textbf{a}, \ \textbf{s}, \ \textbf{a}, \ \textbf{s}, \ \textbf{a}, \ \textbf{s}, \ \textbf$ |
| COF1<br>300 Bags 1   | Rio Cof   | fee .   | Cenu<br>S   | ine Rib-<br>tyle equal to<br>M c N  | ashmere and Merino,<br>top Half-Hose,<br>Imported (foods,<br>IILLAN,<br>ood, Ont.  |  | TORONTO.<br>E DOUBLE DRIVING E<br>SPECIALTY.<br>end for Price Lists and Dige |   |
| JUST ARRIVED,<br>Per Steamer "BESSEL,"<br>AND FOR SALE BY<br>COX & GREEN,<br>13 Hospital Street, Montreal.   |   | Υ<br>ΈΝ,  | WANTED.<br>Assistant Editor, for a first-class weekly<br>Commercial paper. One having experience of<br>business in Staple Merchandise preferred.<br>Habits of promptness and accuracy indispen-<br>sible.<br>Address,<br>Editor<br>P.O. Box 885, MONTREAL.  |   | Contatricty?" Eurin Pr   |  | <b>NTER:</b><br>ORONTO.  |   |



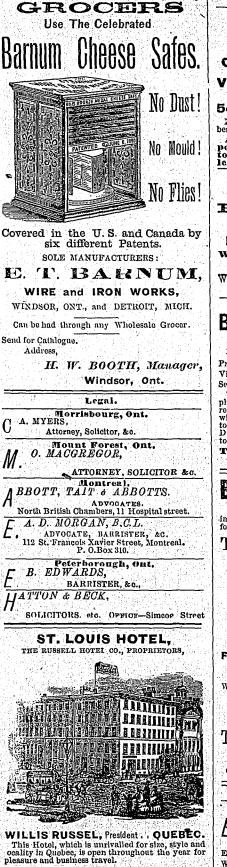


ليكونيني ووالاجتماد الأثار

| 7  | VHOLESALE PRIC   | ES CURI  | RENT THURSDAY, A  | UGUST 2n   | d, 1883.   |   |
|--|--|--|---|--|--|---|
| Name of Article. Wholesale   | Name of Article.   | Wholesa!e  | Name of Article.  | Wholesale  | Name of Article.   | Wholesale   |
| Galvanized Iron: No. 21.         0 06 0 06j           ""No. 26         0 064 0 07           ""No. 26         0 07 0 074           Pig Iron: Siomens No. 1         21 00 0 00           Statistics         21 50 21 75           Caluer   | Barbed wire, per lb.<br>Hides and Skins.<br>Green 11 des, No. 1, p.100 lbs,<br>"No.2<br>Lambskins, each<br>Caliskins, per lb.<br>Wool.<br>Fleece,<br>Pulled, unassorted.<br>"Extra Super.<br>"B Super.<br>"B Super.<br>"Caliskins, der lb.<br>Pulled, unassorted.<br>"B Super.<br>"B Super.<br>"Caliskins, der lb.<br>Cape<br>Leather (at 6 month.<br>No. 2, B. A. Sole.<br>No. 2 ""<br>No. 2 coldinary Sole.<br>No. 2 ""<br>No. 2 coldinary Sole.<br>No. 2 ""<br>Sole.<br>No. 2 coldinary Sole.<br>No. 2 coldinary Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Coldinary Sole.<br>No. 2 coldinary Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sole.<br>Sol | $ \begin{array}{c} 4 76 & 5 16 \\ 0 & 10 & 0 & 10 \\ 4 75 & 5 & 00 \\ 4 75 & 5 & 00 \\ 4 75 & 5 & 00 \\ 5 & 75 & 5 & 00 \\ 5 & 75 & 5 & 00 \\ 5 & 75 & 5 & 00 \\ 5 & 75 & 5 & 00 \\ 5 & 00 & 5 & 50 \\ 0 & 5 & 00 \\ 0 & 5 & 00 \\ 0 & 5 & 00 \\ 0 & 5 & 00 \\ 0 & 5 & 00 \\ 0 & 5 & 00 \\ 0 & 5 & 00 \\ 0 & 5 & 00 \\ 0 & 5 & 00 \\ 0 & 5 & 00 \\ 0 & 5 & 00 \\ 0 & 5 & 00 \\ 0 & 5 & 00 \\ 0 & 5 & 00 \\ 0 & 5 & 00 \\ 0 & 5 & 00 \\ 0 & 5 & 00 \\ 0 & 5 & 00 \\ 0 & 5 & 00 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & $ | O i 1s.<br>Cord Oi, Newfoundland<br>Straw Seal<br>S. R. Pale Seal<br>Pale Seal. ordinary<br>Lard Oil, Extra<br>"No.1<br>"No.1<br>"No.1<br>"Bolled<br>Oilye Machinery<br>"Eating<br>"Eating<br>"Eating<br>"Eating<br>"Eating<br>"Its., "Eating<br>"Its., "Eating<br>"Its., "Eating<br>Antonini's gts. case 1 doz<br>"Its., "2"<br>"Its., | $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | Bleached Shirting, BB<br>Cantons,<br>A Brown & A Bleached  | $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$  |
| MCCRAE & CO<br>YARN SPINNERS, HOSIEF<br>WOOLEN Manufacture<br>KNITTING YAF<br>Of every kind, in Cotton, Union an<br>GUELPH, Ont.<br>Box 200.<br>GUELPH CARPET WO<br>J. & A. ARMSTRONG<br>MANUFACTURERS OF<br>WOOL UNION, AND DAMASK<br>OF NEW PATTERNS AND DESIGN<br>GUELPH, Ont.<br>PIANOS.<br>THE RAIN<br>Is the Best in the W<br>RAINER, SWEETNAM & HAM | D.,<br>IS' and<br>rs.<br>INS,<br>Woollen<br>RKS.<br>& CO.<br>READING<br>READING<br>READING<br>ROYA<br>Hardened<br>Cast Ola<br>S,<br>W N<br>Guelph Set<br>HUGH<br>Imp<br>Orange<br>Le   | SUPI<br>TO<br>TO<br>FI<br>FIN<br>FIN<br>FIN<br>FIN<br>FIN<br>FUSON,<br>L OLUB,<br>M. R U<br>Ving Machi<br>The Trad<br>CUELI<br>The Trad<br>CUELI<br>WAL<br>orters and W<br>S,<br>mons,<br>Pine   | Apples,<br>Bananas,<br>Cocoanuts, &c.<br>PARERS   | THENGIN  | E GALT FOUN<br>WORKING MACHING<br>WORKING MACHING<br>CINES (Slide Valve,<br>OILERS, SHAFTIN<br>HANGERS AND FOUNAIN & | & CO.,<br>anufacturers<br>or<br>VOOL<br>VOOL<br>QOOL<br>QOOL<br>QOOL<br>QOOL<br>QOOL<br>STOR<br>STOR<br>STOR<br>STOR<br>STOR<br>C,<br>PULLEYS |









1660

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT. - THURSDAY, AUGUST 2nd, 1883.

|  |   |   | WHOLE  | SALE PRI   | CES CUI  | RRENT THURSDAY.  | AUGUST  | 2nd, 1883.   |   |
|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|---|--|---|
|  | Name of Article.  | W holesale<br>Bates.  | Name o   | of Artiole.  | Wholesale<br>Rates.  | Name of Article.   | Wholesale<br>rates.   | Name of Article.   | Wholesals<br>Rates.   |
|  | C Brown & C Bleached.<br>D Brown & D Bleached.<br>E Brown & E Bleached.<br>F Brown & F Bleached.<br>G Brown & F Bleached.<br>H Brown & H Bleached<br>H Brown & H Bleached<br>Bleached Shirting.<br>CA Bleached Shirting.<br>CE do do<br>BU do do<br>NP do do<br>NP do do<br>NP do do<br>NP do<br>A Shight Gown Twill.<br>A Sh<br>A 31<br>A 50<br>A 60<br>Valleyfield. Bleached. | $\begin{array}{c} 0 & 11 \\ 0 & 13 \\ 0 & 13 \\ 0 & 13 \\ 0 & 16 \\ 0 & 16 \\ 0 & 16 \\ 0 & 10 \\ 0 & 10 \\ 0 & 10 \\ 0 & 10 \\ 0 & $ | CB Brown<br>B Brown<br>BB Brown<br>Brown Shee<br>A Caledon<br>Canada.<br>Swringo.<br>Canada.<br>Lybster I<br>Canada<br>Lybster I<br>Canada<br>Ly | in<br>Clyde Checke.<br>32 in<br>Grey JD 30 in<br>Sheeting.   | 0 121 0 00<br>0 151 0 00<br>0 171 0 00<br>0 191 0 00<br>0 011 0 00<br>0 011 0 00<br>0 121 0 00<br>0 121 0 00<br>0 021 0 00<br>0 061 0 00<br>0 061 0 00<br>0 071 0 00<br>0 073 0 00<br>0 073 0 00<br>0 073 0 00 | Codar, round, lineal foot<br>Cedar, flat, lineal foot<br>Cedar, square, lineal foot<br>Elm, soft, 1st<br>Hemlock, 1 to 3 in., M<br>Hemlock, timber, M<br>Maple, hard, M<br>Soft, do<br>Oak, M<br>Pine, slear, M<br>Shipping Culls<br>Mill do<br>Lath, M<br>Spruee, 1to 2 in., M<br>Spruee, 1to 2 in., M<br>Coacco.               | $\begin{array}{c} 00 \ 06 \ 00 \ 10 \\ 00 \ 04 \ 00 \ 06 \\ 00 \ 07 \ 00 \ 09 \\ 16 \ 00 \ 18 \ (n) \\ 55 \ 00 \ 30 \ 00 \\ 9 \ 00 \ 10 \ 00 \\ 21 \ 00 \ 15 \ 00 \\ 14 \ 00 \ 15 \ 00 \\ 35 \ 06 \ 40 \ 00 \\ 35 \ 06 \ 40 \ 00 \\ 22 \ 00 \ 25 \ 00 \\ 14 \ 01 \ 15 \ 00 \\ 7 \ (n) \ 16 \ 00 \\ 2 \ 00 \ 25 \ 00 \\ 14 \ 01 \ 15 \ 00 \\ 2 \ 00 \ 25 \ 00 \\ 14 \ 01 \ 15 \ 00 \\ 2 \ 00 \ 25 \ 00 \\ 14 \ 00 \ 12 \ 00 \\ 2 \ 00 \ 25 \ 00 \\ 11 \ 00 \ 12 \ 00 \\ \end{array}$ | A. Matignon & Co. Gal<br>Gas c<br>Case c<br>Case c<br>Cheaper ship persgal<br>Frish Whiskey – Roe's case<br>Dunville                       | $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$  |
|  | A A   | $ \begin{array}{c} 0 & 07 \\ 0 & 07 \\ 0 & 08 \\ 0 & 08 \\ 0 & 08 \\ 0 & 09 \\ 0 & 09 \\ 0 & 09 \\ 0 & 09 \\ 0 & 09 \\ 0 & 00 \\ 0 & 09 \\ 0 & 00 \\ 0 & 0 $                   | H<br>2<br>3<br>3<br>4<br>5<br>Cain<br>White Lead<br>White Lead<br>M<br>M<br>M<br>M<br>M<br>M<br>M<br>M<br>M<br>M<br>M<br>M<br>M  | <i>Br' Sheeting.</i><br><b>ts</b> , &c<br>, yen, 1001b kgs<br>0.1<br>1 No. 2.<br>0.2<br>1 <i>i</i><br>1 <i>i</i> | 1.6) $1.701.45$ $1.551.25$ $1.30$  | Black, Chewing in boxes<br>in caddles<br>Mahozanles, Smoking<br>Do Chewing<br>Toha to onto print.<br>Black, chewing boxes 10's<br>Do Navy, Cads, 3's, 6's,<br>& 10's s<br>Mahogany Chewing 0's & 5's<br>Solace, Common.<br>Solace Fair.<br>Good.<br>Bright, Smoking, 3's & S s<br>Do Faney<br>Wines. Liquors etc.<br>Ale English | $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$  | G. H. Aufmin, Dry Verzen y<br>Bollinger  | 223 00 32 00<br>248 00 32 00<br>28 00 30 00<br>1 90 5 00<br>2 10 5 00<br>2 10 5 00<br>2 10 4 80<br>2 10 5 00<br>1 44 1 65<br>8 00 & up<br>1 10 1 30<br>10 00 23 00<br>16 00 17 50<br>Duty 1 In<br>Paid Bond |
| (  | Stormont.<br>Stripped Ticking.<br>A.<br>AA.<br>SB.<br>W.<br>AAA.<br>M.<br>M.<br>M.<br>M.<br>M.<br>M.<br>M.<br>Stecks.<br>A, B & A Nuns' Stripes.  | 0 12 0 00<br>0 12 0 00<br><b>3</b>  | Liverpool<br>(Canadian<br>Factory Hi<br>Eureka fac<br>O Timber, L<br>Ash, 1 to 4 ii<br>Birsh, 1 to 4 ii<br>Basswood, 1<br>Basswood, 2<br>Basswood.   | MIC.<br>Coarse, per bag<br>per brl do<br>leddo<br>tory filled.do<br>umber, &c.<br>a., M<br>in., M<br>will please bea   | 0 42 0 45<br>0 00 0 00<br>1 121 1 35<br>2 40 0 00<br>15 00 19 00<br>20 00 00 00<br>18 00 20 00<br>18 00 20 00<br>r in mind th  | Domestic   | 1 48 1 50<br>1 48 1 50<br>0 70 0 00<br>4 50 5 00<br>11 00 15 50<br>4 60 9 50<br>3 50 8 60<br>8 00 8 50<br>only to large   | " Puro Spirits "<br>" 50<br>" 26 U. P.<br>Whiskeys:-Family Prooi.<br>Old Bourbon<br>Rye, Toddy, Malt<br>Ryo, 4 years old<br>" 6 "<br>" 7 " | 1 70 0 88<br>1 80 1 98<br>1 90 1 80   |
|  | DIXON BR  |   |  | 그 같아요. 돈이 있다. 정말 같아?   |  | <b>MAYO,</b><br>Manufacturer of  | LARDI   | 그는 것은 사람들에서 가지 않는 것을 하는 것을 하는 것을 하는 것을 하는 것을 하는 것을 하는 것을 수가 있다.  | s.  |
|  | FOREICN ANI   |   |  | C  | ) I  | L. S<br>ESCRIPTION,  |   | CYLINDER,<br>BOLT CUTT   | INC,<br>WOOL  |
|  | Fruits, N   |   |  |  | COMMO  | N STREET,<br>MONTREAL.   |   | AWARDED<br>AWARDED<br>, Silver and Bronze  | Medals  |
| HAMIL/TON, ONT.<br>L. A. GORDON & CO.,   |   |   | The Rate-Inlaid Interest Tables  |  |  | also Diplomas<br>Manufactured by<br>McCOLL BROS. & CO.,<br>TORONTO,  |   |  |   |
|  | GENERAL M   | and the first of  |  | 4 to 10 P1   | count  | Averager.  |   | HE LONDC   |   |
| FISH, OILS, PRODUCE, &c.,<br>Consignments receive prompt attention.<br>31 & 33 ST. NICHOLAS STREET,<br>MONTREAL. |   | \$100 to \$10,0°0.<br>Oue DAY to One YEAR.<br>Free by Mail \$5 Each:<br>WILLING & WILLIAMSON,<br>TORONTO,<br>AND ALL BOOKSELLERS.   |  |  | MACHINE TOOL WORKS,<br>Manufacturers of all Sizes of<br>Lathes, Drills, Slotters,  |  |   |  |   |
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| Commencing June 25, 1883,  |      |
| THROUGH EXPRESS PASSENGER TRAINS<br>run DAJLY (Sunday excepted) as follows :   |      |
| eave Point Levi  |      |
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| Dalhousie  |      |
| Newcastle  |      |
| St. John   |      |
| These Trains connect at Chaudiera Curve with<br>he Grand Truck Trains leaving Montreal at 10.18  |      |
| 'ADMIRAL," sailing Wednesday and Saturday  |      |
| The Trains to Halifax and St. John run through<br>o their destinations on Sunday.  | 1    |
| AGTTHROUGH TICKETS at EXCURSION<br>ATES may now be obtained via rail and steamer   |      |
| o all points on the Lower St. Lawrence, Metape-<br>ia, Restigouche, Bay Chaleur, Gaspe, Prince   |      |
| These Trains connect at Chaudiera Curve with<br>he Grand Traink Trains leaving Montreal at 10.15<br>, and at Campbellion with the Steamer<br>'ADMIRAL," sailing Wednesday and Saturday<br>iornings for Gaspe, Perce, Païsbeliae, &., &e:<br>The Trains to Halifax and St. John run through<br>o their destinations on Snuday.<br>ACTHROUGH TICKETS at EXCURSION<br>'ATTES may now be obtained via rail and steamer<br>o all points on the Lower St. Lawrence, Metapa-<br>ia, Restigou-he, Bay Chalcur, Gaspo, Prince<br>Navard Jehand and all places in the Maritime<br>'rovinces. |      |
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| nd the one leaving on Tuesday, Thursday and aturday to St. John.   |      |
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| cc., apply to<br>G. W. ROBINSON,   |      |
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| Moncton, N.B., Junè 25, 1883.  |      |
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Rent, water rules, city taxes, gas, &c., a saving of \$3,600 a year. Fuel, that has heretofore been delivered ex yard will be delivered ex cars, at a saving of nearly \$2,500 a year.

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The permanent, fixed, and steadily increasing portion of the business is with hardware merchants and other manufacturers all over the Dominion in Cauriage, Stove, Tire, Fancy and other Bolts.

Sales for the 6 months ending April 30th, 1880 \$ 35,548 91 125,261 89 12 30th, 1881 66 66 66 241,578 42 12 30th, 1882

66 66 66 30th, 1883 331,795 50 12

The capacity of the Works now aggregates 30,000,000 Bolts a year, one car load of railway Bolts and Spikes per day. This extent of trade slackens some portions of the year, but with the opening of the North-West it will largely increase, and the Track renewals with Repairs will alone constitute a large trade.

The works are a necessity in the country, almost as much so now as the telegraph or telephone companies, the railways being in absolute need of the works, without which railways would not be built as fast as they are now being rushed through the country. The Agricultural implement works throughout the Dominion depend for their supplies upon this factory, other work also look to this factory for their supplies, making its products as staple as cottons, and each kind of bolts are sold in every town in all the Provinces of the provinces the provinces of the super set of the set of the super set of the set of the super set of the super set of the set of the set of the super set of the set

this factory for their supplies, making its products as staple as cottons, and each kind of bolts are sold in every town in all the Provinces of the Dominion on the name alone, without call for samples, which are now rarely ever asked for. The Company own over 200 acres of land, bought at a low price, within the proposed city limits, portions of which have already been sold at four hundred per cent. profit, and sites as well allotted for three other factories about to be creeted. This is the only available property fronting the Humber Bay or west of the too much crowded Esplanade, that is available for use by railways. It combines advantages not possessed by any other property in or near Toronto in having lake and river frontages for wharfs and doeks with safe open harbour all the year round protected by Mimico and Parkdale points. The property is also well situated as a pleasure resort, having parks on three sides with the lake in front. The rate of ten per cent, per anum for the half-year ending on the 1st of May last. Applications for stock to the office of the onder of the rate of ten per cent, per anum for the half-year ending on the 1st of May last. Applications for stock to the office of the under

at the rate of ten per cent. per annum for the half-year ending on the 1st of May last. Applications for stock to the office of the under-signed, where the Report and Statement of the affairs of the Company may be seen.

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