

# The Charlottetown Herald.

NEW SEIERS

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 28, 1907

Vol. XXXVI, No. 34

## Beautiful Japanese China

Exclusive Designs.

Only one piece of each decoration. Special importation. Most suitable for

## Wedding Presents

Goods you cannot duplicate in any other store in Prince Edward Island.

## Prices Low Quality High

A pleasure to show this ware, whether you purchase or not.

**CARTER & CO., Limited.**

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Largest Assortment, Lowest Prices.

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## READY-MADE CLOTHING

## Gents' Furnishing HATS and CAPS

Don't forget to give me a call first day you are in town.

When you buy your

## SUMMER SUIT

I will save you a dollar.

When you want a HAT or CAP or anything in the Furnishing line I can show you by far the largest assortment of up-to-date goods in the city.

If you have any wool for exchange bring it along with you.

**H. H. BROWN,**

The Young Men's Man.

Queen Street, just around Hughes' Corner.

## This Bedroom SUITE



3 pieces as shown. \$12.50, at any station on the P. E. Island Railway.

We are headquarters for everything in

## Furniture and Carpets

And we guarantee you

Better Goods for Less Money

Than you'll find anywhere else.

**MARK WRIGHT Fur. Co.**

## OAK BRAND TEA.

In order to introduce our Oak Brand Tea we will ship and prepay freight to any station or shipping point on P. E. Island an 18 lb. caddie, and if you are not satisfied in every way return at our expense, and we will refund your money. Cut this out and enclose \$4.00 and mail to us.

**McKenna's Grocery,**

Box 576, Ch'town, P. E. I.

Enclosed find \$4.00 for which you will send us a caddie of tea as advertised in this paper.

(Sign full name) .....  
(And Address) .....

## Spring & Summer Weather

Spring and Summer weather calls for prompt attention to the

Repairing, Cleaning and Making of Clothing.

We are still at the old stand,

PRINCE STREET, CHARLOTTETOWN

Giving all orders strict attention.

Our work is reliable, and our prices please our customers.

**H. McMILLAN.**

## ROBERT PALMER & CO.,

Charlottetown Sash and Door Factory,

Manufacturers of Doors & Frames, Sashes & Frames, Interior and Exterior finish etc., etc.

## Our Specialties

Gothic windows, stairs, stair rails, Balusters Newel Posts, Cypress Gutter and Conductors. Kiln dried Spruce and Hardwood Flooring, Kiln dried clear spruce, sheathing and clapboards, Encourage home industry.

**ROBERT PALMER & CO.,**

PEAKE'S No. 3 WHARF.

CHARLOTTETOWN.

## M. De Mun on the Crisis.

(N. Y. Freeman's Journal.)

To the pages of the current number of the Dublin Review, Comte Albert de Mun, the leader of the Catholicist of France, contributes in his own language, a voluminous article dealing with the present crisis in France.

No man is more competent to deal with the situation than this statesman and Academician, who from the first declaration of war upon the Church, has practically borne upon his own shoulders the responsibilities of dealing with the anti-Christian onslaught, in as far as the latter is concerned.

"The information which I give to the public upon this matter, so serious, so complex and so difficult of realization for foreigners, deals," he declares, "with the present phase through which the crisis is passing."

It would appear, according to M. de Mun, that the apparent calm of the past three months has had the effect of deceiving people as to the real facts of the case. There is a tendency to believe that the French people have accepted the situation, and to forget that Separation was brought about by a veritable conspiracy which has been at work during the past quarter of a century, to destroy the religious life of the country. There was no question of giving the Catholic Church her freedom, but simply by confiscating her possessions, make it almost impossible for her to carry on the work of Christianity and Catholicity. And so people are deceived, because they still see the churches open, at least the majority of them, and even the Catholics of France do not realize the great change that has really taken place. The priest, according to the new law, is but a transient tenant of his church, under the supervision of the civil law.

"The effect of the Law of January 2, 1907 was to sequestrate Church property to the extent of \$120,000,000—the value of possessions and valuables which clearly was created by the generosity of the faithful and which, therefore, belonged to the Church in its own indefeasible right.

This large sum was to be devoted, it was declared, within at least six months, to works of beneficence from which the people were to derive the advantages. This has not as yet been done, and it is certain that many of the communes, knowing that they should be participating in the fruits of stolen property, have blankly refused to be aided by any sums arising therefrom. Masses for the dead are no longer said, an outrage which is especially odious, whilst the precarious nature of the temporary possession of the sacred vestments and relics, is shown by the behavior of the authorities on the feast of Joan of Arc.

The inventory, however, taken by the Government, indicated exactly for what end the appropriation was made. The eviction of the Bishops, and more particularly of the venerable Cardinal Richard, left nothing doubtful as to the real intentions of the Government.

The assertion that the Church was intransigent in her dealings with the State, is transparently false, in view of the fact that she had accepted Napoleon's Concordat in a measure in 1802, though her free action was considerably restricted in that measure.

She had accepted solely in the interests of peace; and that peace she secured for a century. It has been declared that the Pope could have saved the Church all this trouble and agony, and Catholics themselves have debated the matter. They forget, however, that if he had yielded, he would have betrayed his apostolic principles. If he could have accepted, he must assuredly would have done so.

As Mr. Wilfrid Ward pointed out in the Nineteenth Century last January, as long as "Article 8" of the Constitution allows the French Cabinet to assume, at any moment, the practical dictatorship of the country, deciding on all questions, either of Church or State; according as it sees fit and without reference to the rights of any body or corporation, there is no guarantee of liberty.

The virtual support accorded by the Government to the several attempts to form schismatic organizations, shows clearly enough that Clemenceau seriously meant his statement that "Roman discipline

was obnoxious to the Catholics of France." The Government went so far as to attempt to excite rebellion in the French episcopacy, by accusing the Pope of having prevaricated and dealt falsely both with the Bishops and the Government. The Submission to the Holy See of the former, when the Pope condemned their projected measure of compromise, shows how far they were from schismatic intrigue or disunion. Even M. Briand has paid his public tribute to the splendid unity of the episcopate during the entire crisis.

As for the affair of Monsignor Montagnini, the whole proceeding was so outrageously summary and unjust that the world could not fail to put the precise value upon that prelate's expulsion from French soil. No more scandalous infringement of international law has occurred since the days of Napoleon, and not even then.

The truth is that the policy of the Jacobins is to represent the Catholics to the world as the avowed enemies of their country, and the Churches as the ever seething source of conspiracy and intrigue.

There is no question, says M. de Mun that the Catholic party is opposed to ultra-radicalism tinged with masonic and anti-Christian hues. That they are opposed to liberalism in the real sense, is false and unproven. The Separation of Church and State, they knew to be the crowing act of a long war against Catholicity, and not at all a kind of pacific evolution of social life. That the present crisis will end in a new agreement with the Holy See, M. de Mun is convinced.

In the meantime, however, he fears a terrible upheaval of the whole social system.

## An Irish Judge on Religious Education.

At the annual meeting of the Clongowes Union, the Right Honorable Christopher Pallas, Lord Chief Baron of the Irish Exchequer, spoke as follows:

Whilst you are here—for I speak more to the students of Clongowes than I do to the members of the Union—whilst you are here in a hot bed, I may say, of religious knowledge that has grown up with your growth no question ever suggests itself to your mind as to why there is a particular doctrine of the religion that you all so thoroughly believe in. Why, for instance, it is that the Church is infallible; why it is that you admit with unwavering faith the primacy of St. Peter; why none of the questions that agitate the world now ever present themselves to your own mind. This is all right, that is quite as it should be, that is the atmosphere of the Christian household. But we cannot forget, and you cannot forget, that you will not always live in this hotbed of religious knowledge. Those to whom I am addressing myself now must in a very short time go out and face the wintry blasts of religious criticism, and we in the Clongowes Union were most anxious that every boy that leaves his first Catholic educational establishment in Ireland should go forth from it equipped as aptly as his years enable him to be equipped with the armor that will enable him to resist the assaults that according to my experience, will meet him the very first year that he leaves Clongowes. Any one who is intimate as I am with medical schools in Dublin knows what a young Clongowes boy has to meet the very first year that he enters the medical schools. It is the same of the schools of every profession that I know; it is the same in ordinary conversation in the world. Now, our object is that every boy that leaves Clongowes should not only be a thoroughly good Christian, but that he should know why he is a good Christian, that it is not for him to say, "I believe this" and "I believe that," but we must also be able to say why I believe this, why I believe that. I believe that the examination in religious knowledge the result of which I have just announced, was exhibited upon that occasion, and I think I am not going very far astray, knowing the views of your Very Rev. Rector, in saying that not only will the facilities be very much increased during the coming year for the study of more advanced subjects in religious knowledge, but the examination that will be held next year will be in advanced subjects and more difficult. Our view is that every boy that leaves Clongowes would be able, intellect-

ually and intelligently to prove as a mere matter of natural theology the existence of God. Some of you may think it is puerile for me to suggest such a consideration. You won't be six months in the world before you will know that nearly a majority of the people that you meet will deny the existence of God, and will require you to prove it. We wish you also to be satisfied with another matter common to all Christian denominations, and that is the Divinity of Our Lord, the Second Person of the blessed Trinity, and that will involve a consideration of the authority of Scripture. We want you thirdly to be satisfied of this—the Infallibility of the Church which will carry with it the Primacy of St. Peter. I know that the legend of modern thought is, and despite all our Education Acts, to exclude from Government competitions all questions of religious knowledge. I know that the effect of that is to dissociate in a certain extent examinations in religious knowledge from secular studies, and to make some people believe that it is an easy subject, or a subject to which the intellects of the highest class ought not to devote themselves. But I wish to say now, after an experience of the world myself of upwards of 60 years, there is no subject that requires greater intellectual energy, that will more bring forward and bring out all the best qualities of the mind than that subject of religious knowledge. The matter was debated a long time ago—upwards of a year ago—at a meeting of the Committee that instituted these prizes. I wish to say that is the reason I joined in the institution of these prizes, and I wish it to be known, and I hope, appreciated by all."

## Corpus Christi College, Oxford.

Corpus Christi is a name well-known in Oxford, though to most it is the name of a college, and nothing more. Yet the very stones of that college cry out to the passerby, for carved on its grey front is the Sacred Host, borne along by angels; and in the dexter quarter of the college arms is "a pelican, or, vulnifying herself proper." The college was founded by Bishop Foxe of Winchester, in the early years of Henry VIII, who was, by the way, baptized by Foxe. Among its treasures are included a silver gilt salt-cellar, said to have been a pyx, a chalice and paten, said to be the only ones of pre-Reformation date in England; the crozier of the founder, richly carved, and displaying Our Lady, St. Peter, and the pelican; and a sapphire ring, given by the founder to the first president, and held by successive presidents ever since. Canon MacMullin was Fellow here before he became a Catholic, and Kéble was a member before he became Fellow of Oriel. James II has been greatly blamed because of his well-meant, but indirect action, of "intruding," as it is called, Catholic Fellows at Magdalen College—of giving Catholics, that is, some share in the possession of a college built for Catholics by a Catholic Bishop. Our pseudo historians are pleased to pass over the fact that Catholics were expelled wholesale from the Oxford Colleges when Elizabeth usurped the throne of the Queen whom she afterwards murdered. William Obedsey had been head of Corpus in Mary's reign—a noted scholar, who had disputed publicly with Cranmer, Vermigli, and Archbishop Philpot. Under Elizabeth he was turned out from his presidency, from his canonry at Christ Church, and from the rest of his preferments, and thrown into the Fleet Prison, where he died. An utterly undistinguished man was "intruded" by Queen Bess. In 1568 the Fellows elected Robert Harrison president, but as he and they were Catholics, at least in heart, Bess insisted on their electing William Cole instead, and when they refused, deprived them all and put Cole in. He was the first married president, and is said by Antony Wood to have "acted so foully by defrauding the college" that Bishop Horne, the visitor of the college, threatened to remove him, but was unable, as Cole seems to have had some hold over Horne. Yet in our pageant James II is made out to be a tyrant, and the "good Queen Bess" is glorified.—Oxoniana in Catholic Weekly.

We shall esteem it a favor if you remit now your subscription for 1907.

## You're Losing Money

If you do not buy your Piano, Organ or Sewing Machine from Miller Bros. Having no big commission to pay they save you that amount. Write for particulars.

## A BAD STOMACH! THAT IS THE SECRET OF DYSPEPSIA.

This disease assumes so many forms that there is scarcely a complaint it may not resemble in one way or another. Among the most prominent symptoms are constipation, sour stomach, variable appetite, distress after eating, etc.

## BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS

is a positive cure for dyspepsia and all stomach troubles. It stimulates secretion of the saliva and gastric juices to facilitate digestion, purifies the blood and tones up the entire system. Mrs. M. A. McNeil, Brook Village, N.S., writes: "I suffered from dyspepsia, loss of appetite and bad blood. I tried everything I could get, but to no purpose. I finally started to use Burdock Blood Bitters. From the first day I felt the good effects of the medicine. I can eat anything now without any ill after effects and am strong and well again."

## MISCELLANEOUS.

"You'd better get out. Here comes that idiot Boreham, and he's got a story he thinks is new that he'll insist on handing you."  
"No, he won't. 'I'm immune."  
"How's that?"  
"I told him the story."

Mrs. Fred Laine, St. George Ont., writes:—"My little girl would cough, so at night that neither she nor I could get any rest. I gave her Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup and am thankful to say it cured her cough quickly."

Father—Well, how does your husband succeed with his art? Does he get any pictures? Daughter—I should think so! Why, there is not a single one left of those you gave us for a wedding present!

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

Outing—I suppose it did make you feel mean. Dubbs—Well, I should say! Why, I felt like a plugged nickel! Outing—Ah! But what a blessing it is that we never feel quite as bad as we look.

## Muscular Rheumatism.

Mr. H. Wilkinson, Stratford, Ont., says:—"It affords me much pleasure to say that I experienced great relief from Muscular Rheumatism by using two boxes of Milburn's Rheumatic Pills." Price 50c a box.

There was a boy in school who was chewing gum and had his feet out in the aisle. His teacher said, "Johnny, take the gum out of your mouth and put your feet in."

Milburn's Sterling Headache Powders give women prompt relief from monthly pains and leave no bad after effects whatever. Be sure you get Milburn's. Price 20 and 25 cents, all dealers.

If you can't be careful of what you say, be careful to whom you say it.—Rolla New Era.

Generally a man seeks your advice he generally wants your praise.—Chesterfield.

## Sprained Arm.

Mary Ovington, Jasper, Ont., writes:—"My mother had a badly sprained arm. Nothing we used did her any good. Then father got Haggard's Yellow Oil and it cured mother's arm in a few days." Price 25c.

Teacher—With whom did Achilles fight at the battle of Troy?  
Pupil—Pluto.  
Teacher—Wrong. Try again.  
"Nero."  
Teacher—How do you do?  
"Then it must have been Hector. I knew it was one of our three dogs."  
—London Mail.

## Was A Total Wreck From Heart Failure

In such cases the action of **MILBURN'S HEART AND NERVE PILLS**

in quieting the heart, restoring its normal beat and imparting tone to the nerve centres, is, beyond all question, marvelous.

Mr. Darius Carr, Geary, N.B., writes: "It is with the greatest of pleasure I write you a few lines to let you know the great blessing your Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills have been to me. I was a total wreck from heart failure and my wife advised me to take your pills. After using two boxes I was restored to perfect health. I am now 62 years old and feel almost as well as I did at 20." Price 50 cents per box or 3 for \$1.25, at all dealers, or mailed direct by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

THE HERALD

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 28, 1907.

SUBSCRIPTION—\$1.00 A YEAR.

PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY

JAMES McISAAC

Editor & Proprietor

Please don't delay your Subscriptions for 1907. We shall esteem it a great favor if you remit now.

Liberal Conservative Platform.

At Halifax on Tuesday evening of last week, Mr. R. L. Borden Leader of the Opposition, addressed the opening meeting of his Canadian tour. It was a splendid meeting and the honored Leader was accorded a splendid reception. Senator McKen presided and besides Mr. Borden, Messrs Bergeron, M.P., J. C. O. Mullin and Professor R. C. Weldon delivered admirable addresses.

Mr. Borden's speech was a masterly effort, most comprehensive in its scope and was received by the large audience with the greatest enthusiasm. In the course of his excellent address he laid down the platform of the Liberal Conservative party; enunciated the principles by which he and his colleagues will be guided when called upon to administer the public affairs of this Dominion.

Mr. Borden's declaration of policy is so comprehensive, so concise and so reasonable that even his political opponents are forced to admit its excellence. The Leader of the opposition sets his face against the maladministration and extravagance; the corruption and graft now dominant in every department of the public service, and proclaims the remedies for these public offences. Following is the conservative platform as laid down by Mr. Borden:

1. Honest appropriation and expenditure of public moneys in the public interests.

2. Appointment of public officials upon considerations of capacity and personal character and not of party service alone.

3. More effective provisions to punish bribery and fraud at elections, to ensure thorough publicity as to expenditures by political organizations, to prevent the accumulation of campaign funds for corrupt purposes and to prohibit contributions thereto by corporations, contractors and promoters, to expedite the hearing of election petitions and to prevent collusive arrangements for the withdrawal or compromise thereof, to provide for a thorough investigation of corrupt practices, and if necessary to appoint an independent prosecuting officer charged with that duty, to simplify the procedure therefor and to enforce the laws so amended.

4. A thorough and complete reformation of the laws relating to the Civil Service so that further appointments shall be made by an independent commission acting upon the report of examiners after competitive examination.

5. Such reform in the mode of selecting members of the Senate as will make that chamber a more useful and representative legislative body.

6. A more careful selection of the sources from which immigration shall be sought, a more rigid inspection of immigrants and the abolition of the bonus system except under very special circumstances and for the purpose of obtaining particularly desirable classes of settlers.

7. The management and development of the public domain (in which are to be included great national franchises) for the public benefit and under such conditions that a reasonable proportion of the increment of value arising therefrom shall inure to the people.

8. The operation and management of our Government Railways by an independent commission free from partisan control or interference.

9. The development and improvement of our national waterways, the equipment of national ports, the improvement of transportation facilities and consequent reduction of freight rates between the place of production and the market whether at home or abroad and the establishment of a thorough system of cold storage.

10. The organization of the present Railway Commission as a public utilities commission with wider powers and more extended jurisdiction so as to establish thorough and effective control over all corporations owning or operating public utilities or invested with franchises of a national character.

11. The establishment after due investigation of a system of

national telegraphs and telephones under conditions which shall be just to capital already invested in those enterprises.

12. The improvement of existing postal facilities especially in newly developed portions of the country and the inauguration after proper inquiry as to cost of a system of free rural mail delivery.

13. A fiscal policy which will promote the production within Canada of all useful articles and commodities that can be advantageously produced or manufactured from or by means of our natural resources having due regard to the interests of the consumer as well as to the just claims of our wage earning population.

14. The promotion by negotiation, legislation and other constitutional means of a system of mutual preferential trade within the Empire.

15. The restoration of the public lands to the provinces of Alberta and Saskatchewan upon fair terms.

16. The unimpairment of maintenance of all powers of self-government which have been conferred upon the provinces of Canada under the constitution.

The platform here laid down and the reforms therein advocated are certainly such as every lover of pure government and every well wisher of Canada should support with all the ardor and energy of which he is capable. If the electorate of Canada desire an end of the present carnival of political corruption and crime, let them rise in their might and strike down the party of hypocrisy and deception; of corruption and graft and lend their aid to the inauguration of an administration dominated by purity and reform under the leadership of Robert Laird Borden.

Please do us the favor of remitting your subscription for 1907.

Queens County Convention.

So far as choosing Conservative candidates for the Federal Parliament is concerned, the labors of the delegates who assembled in this city on Friday of last week were not onerous. There was but one sentiment dominating the convention on that point; the most unqualified unanimity existed as to the renomination of Messrs Martin and McLean. It is most natural to suppose that this feeling should prevail. Messrs Martin and McLean have well and faithfully represented in Parliament the views of their constituents during the last three sessions, and have done all that could reasonably be expected of opposition members in the House of Commons. They have forfeited no confidence reposed in them since the people last elected them; consequently they are certainly entitled to renomination and to reelection, and of the latter we have no doubt.

The resolutions unanimously endorsed by the convention, embody the conviction of all desirous of justice to Prince Edward Island and of obtaining the rights to which we are entitled. These resolutions are, moreover, in line with the policy enunciated by Mr. Borden; and to him and his party we must look for the securing of our rights; not to the promise breakers and deceivers; the grafters and bootlickers who at present hold the reins of Government at Ottawa.

Quite naturally the Patriot manifests much displeasure at the proceedings of the conference and the tone of the resolutions passed, and vomits forth an ill natured and ill-digested diatribe against the whole affair. Our contemporary in this instance, would remind you of some one that had been awakened in bad humor, before he had finished his sleep. Visions of the Laurier Government, of political hypocrisy and deception, of graft and corruption had doubtless been flitting through the writer's brain, and all at once he realized that the public had become aware of all this. Then he shouts "who said anything against the Laurier Government?" His feelings are terribly hurt at the thought that the rationality of the Government, the seething corruption in every department; the rottenness in the cabinet are all laid bare before the electorate. If he thinks all he has to do is to shout for Laurier and his fellow deceivers, he is living in a fool's paradise.

Wanted 100 subscribers to remit \$1.00 for subscriptions for 1907. Who will be the first?

The Conservative Platform.

Mr. R. L. Borden, as a preliminary to his approaching tour of the country, has issued a Conservative platform which should commend itself to every Canadian. Of its sixteen clauses some are directed to the correction of abuses existing under the present administration, while others contain proposals of a progressive character which tend to the proper distribution of wealth among all classes of the community.

Under the former head comes the proposal to prohibit contributions to campaign funds by corporations, contractors, and promoters, and the providing of more effective measures to punish election frauds. Mr. Borden proved his sincerity in this connection during the campaign of 1904, when he issued a manifesto directing that no campaign contributions were to be received from any source, the acceptance of which contribution would imply the expectation of a quid pro quo.

The issue of that manifesto at a time when the Conservative party was notably in need of the sinews of war secured for Mr. Borden the high approval of all right thinking people, though it probably lost the party many large contributions. It is appropriate that his action should be recalled at the present time as an evidence of the sincerity of our leader. He also proposes that appointments to the civil service should be taken on out of party politics and placed in the hands of an independent commission. Also that immigrants who are to form the future citizens of this country shall be carefully selected, and that the bonus system, which, as in the notorious North Atlantic Trading company case, has been productive of such scandalous abuses, should be abolished. That the Intercolonial and other government railways shall be managed by an independent commission, as is the T. & N.O., under the Whitney government.

Chief among the new proposals is the nationalization of telegraphs and telephones under conditions which shall be just to capital already invested in these enterprises; the improving of existing postal facilities, a very much needed reform; the promotion of inter-imperial preferential trade, and the development of our great national enterprises under conditions by which a proportion of the increment shall inure to the people. These and the development of our transportation facilities in directions which will ensure the reduction of freight rates between the point of production and the market, form the main planks in the platform, which is sure to appeal to the people as being drafted with a sole regard to the public interest.—Citawa Citizen.

A dollar pays your subscription for 1907. Please send it along.

Queen's County Conservative Convention

The Liberal Conservative convention, for the purpose of nominating candidates for the next Federal election, held in the Kindergarten hall Charlottetown, on Friday last, was largely attended and the greatest unanimity and enthusiasm pervaded the proceedings. Mr. S. W. Crabbe president of the association presided and Mr. Eneas A. McDonald, Secretary, was at his post. After the delegates had handed in their credentials to the Secretary, a committee on resolutions was appointed. The members of the committee were: Arthur Simpson, Duncan Crawford, J. A. Mathieson Alexander Lawson and James McIsaac. The committee retired to an adjoining room to prepare their resolutions and Mr. Alexander Martin, M.P., at the request of the President, addressed the meeting.

Mr. Martin reviewed the political situation in Ontario and Quebec and advanced strong reasons for believing that public opinion in these great Provinces is running stronger and stronger against the Government. A most decided change had, he believed, taken place in Quebec. A resident of British Columbia had assured him that not one Liberal would be returned from that Province at the next election. The whole west, he felt sure, is disaffected as to the Laurier Government. Mr. Martin then pointed out in vigorous terms, the great injustices done to Prince Edward Island in the recent readjustment of the subsidies. During the course of his forcible speech, Mr. Martin showed how the Conservative representatives had kept up the agitation for continuous winter communication and other important needs of this Province. At the conclusion of Mr. Martin's speech the committee or resolutions presented the following, which were unanimously adopted amid great applause:

CONSERVATIVE PLATFORM.

Resolved:—That this Convention expresses its hearty approval of the platform of the Liberal Conservative party recently enunciated by our Leader Robert Laird Borden as applicable to Canada generally.

And further resolved that in addition thereto it is the duty of the representatives of this Province in the Federal House to urge the following in the interests of this Province especially:

- 1. Immediate fulfilment of the terms of Union.
2. Increased representation.
3. Improvement of the condition of the laborer.
4. Readjustment of the subsidies.
5. Reduced rates on Prince Edward Island Railway.
6. Construction of the tunnel.

PROVINCIAL CLAIMS

Resolved:—That the Government of this Province is deserving of the severest censure for having accepted at the recent Conference between the Government of Canada and the several Provinces, the smallest increase of subsidy that any Province could possibly receive; without having made any attempt to secure for this Province an equivalent for the immense increase of subsidy made to the other Provinces of Canada; and for having failed to present to the Government of Canada a statement in writing setting forth the claims of this Island for further increase of subsidy and for additional consideration and recognition, and in particular for having failed to present and press the following claims:

- 1. The claim of this Province to receive from Canada an increase of subsidy to meet the increased expenditure by this Province since confederation for Education, Public Works, Agriculture, Asylums and the other urgent demands which modern conditions impose so that in this matter the same advantages should have inured to this Province as to the other provinces of Canada.
2. A claim for damages accrued since the settlement of 1901 up to the present time for non-fulfilment by Canada of the terms of Union with this Province.
3. The right of this Province to be placed upon the basis of an assumed population of at least one hundred and fifty thousand for the purpose of calculating its subsidies and representation until its actual population shall exceed that number inasmuch as the failure of this Province to attain that population is owing to the default of the Dominion.
4. Settlement of the Fishery A ward.
5. A fair adjustment of transportation rates.
6. Continuous communication with the mainland by the construction of a tunnel.

7. The claim of this Province to be allowed for the future as an addition to its subsidies from Canada interest on the cost incurred by this Province in the construction of the P. E. I. Railway and the extension of the interest charged on the said cost since Confederation.

8. And all other claims which this Province now has against the Dominion of Canada.

TUNNEL

Resolved:—That this convention believing that in so doing it voices the real sentiments of the people of the whole Province—again desires to place on record its emphatic protest against the neglect and inaction of the Government in not providing continuous communication between this Province and the Mainland of Canada as clearly provided for and guaranteed to this Province by the terms of the Union in 1873: That the present Premier of Canada has not kept faith with the people of this Province in respect of the Tunnel Survey.

That the Government has failed to provide a third winter boat as promised during the last and previous session of Parliament.

That the freight and passenger rates to and from this Province are exorbitant and no effort is made to reduce them to corresponding rates for equal distances on the Intercolonial Railway as the terms of the Union with this Province clearly imply.

That the present Government of Canada has failed to show sufficient regard for its obligations and honor respecting this question which is of such vital importance to the people of this Province.

That therefore in the opinion of this convention an organized and continuous effort must be made not only by the Representatives but by the people of this Province to press to a final issue the construction of this Public work upon which the future of this Province so greatly depends.

GOOD GOVERNMENT

Resolved:—That this convention believes that the time has arrived, for the whole people of Canada to unite in the elimination of the present reckless system of "graft" in the administration of the public lands and the expenditure of money and lands are considered for the benefit of the Government supporters and political favorites, thus unduly increasing the expenditure, dissipating the public common domain; casting a reproach on Canada's good name, and entailing a system of heavy taxation, under which the laborer, the artisan, the farmer, the fisherman, the farmer and all classes are bound to suffer GRAFT.

Resolved:—That the scandalous revelations of the last two sessions of parliament, with respect of the administration of several departments of Federal Government as shown in the Arctic Expedition, the Postal, the Trading Company, the land and timber limits to favorites in the Northwest; the notorious Ross River Contract; the Laurier Tower; the Montclair's supplies; employment of Mervin & Co. deserve the emphatic condemnation of the Electors of Canada.

EXPERIMENTAL STATION. Resolved:—That the delay in establishing an experimental station in this Province, in which the character of its soil; its climate and general conditions are different from the rest of Canada, is indicative of the neglect of the Government of the agricultural interests of the Province.

POSTAL SERVICE

Resolved:—That the postal arrangements in this Province are not satisfactory; that a tri-weekly mail should be a thing of the past; that the rural sections of this Province need improvement in this respect and that we urge our Representatives in Parliament to bring this matter to the notice of the Government of Canada at Ottawa.

OUR LEADER

Resolved:—That we again desire to place on record our full confidence in the integrity and ability of the Honorable Robert Laird Borden, the Leader of the Conservative Party in Canada, and sincerely trust that he will be enabled to visit this Province, when convenient, in connection with early defeat, but in a different way.

his arduous campaign tour through the Dominion.

After the adoption of the resolutions Mr. A. A. McLean, M.P., addressed the convention. Referring to the admirable platform laid down by Mr. Borden, Mr. McLean said he considered Mr. Borden the ablest man in Parliament—a man well able to formulate a policy and to lead a Government. He briefly reviewed the policy of the Liberal Conservative party as set forth by the Leader of the opposition and criticized the graft, corruption and extravagance of the men in office under Sir Wilfrid Laurier. He declared Mr. Borden to be, in his opinion, the greatest and best leader since Sir John A. McDonald. He felt sure Mr. Borden when he came into office, would fulfill his promises to the people and stop the carnival of corruption and graft now prevailing. The men of ability have gone out of the Laurier Cabinet. The ability is now on the side of Mr. Borden.

At the conclusion of Mr. McLean's speech Dr. Beers of Cherry Valley, said the people were well satisfied with Messrs. Martin and McLean and proposed they should be renominated by a unanimous standing vote, and being nominated should be supported with all the energy in our power.

Mr. Arthur Simpson then moved that Messrs. Martin and McLean be the Liberal Conservative candidates for Queens County. The motion was seconded by Mr. John Fraser and Dr. Beers. The President strongly endorsed the resolution before the convention and then put the motion. The motion was carried by a unanimous standing vote amidst great applause.

Mr. Martin and McLean sincerely thanked the convention for the honor done them and the renewed confidence reposed in them, and assured those present that nothing would be left undone on their part to merit this confidence and support. The convention then closed with loud cheers.

Please send in your subscription for 1907.

The Scottish Gathering.

The annual Scottish Gathering under the auspices of the Caledonian Club of P. E. Island, was held at Georgetown on Wednesday last and was largely attended. The members of the Club and the Boy's Highland Brigade with banners flying and with music by pipes and band marched to the station at 8.30 and boarded the special for Georgetown. This special had ten cars filled to overflowing. Another special ten cars from Summerside was packed and a special of five cars from Souris was loaded. Regular trains, steamers and carriages also brought in great numbers. There must have been over 2,500 people present. A special from Charlottetown with the Governor General and suite, the Lieutenant Governor and his suite, Mr. Martin M.P. and several others arrived about 2 o'clock. His excellency, on arrival at the grounds, was presented with an address from the citizens of Georgetown, read by Mr. G. A. Aitken, chairman of the town council and also an address from the Caledonian club, read by Chief Paton. The ladies of Georgetown then presented Lady Grey with a beautiful bouquet of flowers, the presentation being made by Ruth McPhee, daughter of A. D. McPhee. To the addresses his Excellency, introduced by Lieut. Governor McKinnon, made a suitable reply. Three Cheers were then given and the games were resumed. The Athletic contest was keen. Following are names of the prize winners: Putting light stone—1, John McPherson, Montague, 89 ft. 6 in.; 2, Dan McPherson, Montague, 84 ft. 8 in.; 4, Vernon Shaw, Montague, 83 ft. 7 in.

Running high jump—Herb Campbell, Montague, 5 ft. 3 1/2 in.; 2nd, Dan McPherson; 3rd, John McPherson. Throwing light hammer—1st, Dan McPherson, Lanching, 87 ft.; 2nd, Wm. McLean, 85 ft. 5 in.; 3rd, Vernon Sabw, 78 ft. 7 in.; 4th, Angus McDonald, Lanching, 72 ft. 10 in.

220 yards race, amateur—1, P. Hooper, Charlottetown; 2nd, W. A. Scott, Charlottetown; 3rd, D. M. McDonald. Hop, step and jump—Herb Campbell, 40 ft.; 2nd, Neil Nicholson, Valley field, 39 ft. 3 in.; 3rd, Paul Durant, Summerside, and Jack McPherson, 39 ft.

Vaulting with pole—1, W. Gillis, Clyde River, and Charles McGregor, Charlottetown; 3, H. A. McMillan, Charlottetown; five men were equal for fourth place—Wm. McLean, W. J. Trainor, Emerald; Wm. Shaw, Paul Durant, and Vernon Shaw.

120 yards race (handicap) 1, John McPherson; 2, Dan McPherson, 3, Paul Durant.

150 yards race (Boys Highland Brigade) 1, Guy Scott; 2, Roy Crosby; 3rd, Rankin McLean.

One mile run (amateur)—1, Collin McNevin; 2nd, Jack Lamont; 3, M. McDonald.

Running long jump—1, Jack McPherson; 2nd, Paul Durant, 19 ft. 11 in.; 3rd, Dan McPherson, 19 ft. 10 in.

Sack race—1, M. F. McKinnon, 2nd, Herb Campbell; 3rd, E. Nicholson. Dancing Gbille Callum—1, Vernon McDonald; 2, Charles Campbell.

Dancing Highland Fling—Guy Scott and Charles Campbell, ties for first. Tug of war between a team picked on the grounds and the sailors of the Dominion Cruiser Canada was won by the home team.

220 yards race, open to all comers who had not already competed in this event—1, M. McDonald; 2, D. M. McDonald; 3, William McLean.

Boys' Race, under 16—1, Wallace McDonald; 2, Neil Nicholson; 3, Dollar McLeod.

Outlined Legislation Not Passed.

A London despatch of the 25th says:—Of the many measures promised in the King's speech at the opening of the present session of parliament, which will be prorogued next Wednesday but few have reached the statute books. Like the education bill and plural voting bill the most prominent measures of the last session, which were thrown out by the House of Lords, the Irish council bill, stated to be the most important piece of legislation at this session, met with early defeat, but in a different way.

The education and plural voting bills, gave the Liberals an opening for a campaign against the House of Lords which is to be carried on vigorously during the recess.

The licensing bill, the object of which was to diminish the evils of drinking—another question on which the two houses promised to clash, and which the King's speech intimated would come up during the session was put off on account of the pressure of work; but the government found in the Scotch Small Land Holdings bill, which Lord Rosebery reappeared to attack, a substitute which the House of Commons passed by a large majority but which was withdrawn by the government on account of the antagonistic attitude the peers adopted toward it, and the antagonism that was shown in Scotland and throughout the kingdom by the Labor party. This action of the House of Lords becomes a weapon of attack in the campaign for the reform of the upper chamber.

The Irish university bill, which was catalogued in the King's speech, was not introduced.

Among the bills which came up was the Irish evicted tenants' bill, which the house of lords so radically amended that there is little likelihood of the house of commons finally accepting it in its altered condition.

Despite these differences between the two houses, much legislation has become law, among the most notable changes in the statutes being brought about by the deceased wife's sister's bill, which was introduced at the behest of the non-Conformists and accepted by both houses in opposition to the wishes of the bishops and their followers.

Now is the time to remit your subscription for 1907.

Thrilling Escape of two Priests.

Two Catholic priests, who essayed to shoot Cole Falls rapids, near the forks of Saskatchewan River, on the 25th had a narrow escape from a watery grave. They left Prince Albert in a Peterboro canoe well loaded with supplies, one of the fathers being bound for his post at Cumberland House, while the other intended a holiday trip to Fort La Corne, returning by rail. They passed two rapids successfully, but at the third the canoe capsized. The supplies were lost in the river, but the canoe floated bottom up and the fathers both managed to cling to the craft. In this perilous position they were swept on by rushing waters, beaten and chilled against rocks, but holding on for dear life. One of the adventurers retained his paddle, and eventually climbed upon the boat and towed his companion ashore, some miles from the scene of the upsetting. Their plight on reaching the shore was bad, as there was no habitation within five miles; but by midnight they found shelter in a settler's shanty, and next day went on to Fort La Corne, where supplies and guides were obtained.

Please don't forget to send in your subscription for 1907.

Trouble in Australia.

An ardent fight is on between the federal government and the New South Wales government concerning a tariff. Wales government is importing quantities of wire netting for distribution among the settlers. The federal government forbids the customs officials at Sydney to hand over a certain consignment until a duty of 25 per cent was paid on it.

New South Wales refused to pay the duty, basing its refusal upon the law exempting any state property from duty and sent a strong force of police to seize the netting. The customs officials were obliged to yield to the superior British force. The federal government contends that the consignment was not for State use, but for sale to private persons, and was, therefore, dutiable.

The Hon. Joseph Carruthers, Prime Minister of New South Wales, declares his intention to resist the federal government. Sir William Lyne, Acting Prime Minister of the Commonwealth of Australia, has announced in parliament that he intends at all costs to compel Mr. Carruthers to obey the law.

Sir William has, however, ignored the advice of hot-heads that he call on the federal troops and swamp the New South Wales police in upholding the customs authorities against the government of the latter colony, and has applied to the high court to annul. Premier Carruthers from interfering with the Commonwealth's decision regarding the duty.

The Prices.

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Items include Butter (fresh), Butter (milk), Oat skins, Ducks per pair, Eggs per doz., Fowls (per pair), Chickens per pair, Flour (per cwt.), Hide, Lard (new) per 100 lbs., Bacon (per lb. (cocoa)), Oatmeal (per cwt.), Potatoes, Pork, Sheep pelts, Turnips, Turkeys (per lb.), Silk cocoons, Pressed hay, Straw.

Butter, (fresh)..... 0.24 to 0.25
Butter (milk)..... 0.00 to 0.00
Oat skins..... 0.10 to 0.00
Ducks per pair..... 0.80 to 1.00
Eggs, per doz..... 0.17 to 0.18
Fowls (per pair)..... 0.90 to 1.25
Chickens per pair..... 0.80 to 0.90
Flour (per cwt.)..... 2.80 to 2.40
Hide..... 0.07 to 0.00
Lard, (new) per 100 lbs..... 0.60 to 0.00
Bacon, per lb. (cocoa)..... 0.06 to 0.07
Oatmeal (per cwt.)..... 2.50 to 2.00
Potatoes..... 0.20 to 0.00
Pork..... 0.08 to 0.84
Sheep pelts..... 0.90 to 1.00
Turnips..... 0.00 to 0.00
Turkeys (per lb.)..... 0.00 to 0.00
Silk cocoons..... 0.60 to 0.00
Pressed hay..... 15.00 to 00.00
Straw..... 0.00 to 0.30

Overalls and working shirts.—At this season of the year every man wants a fitting out in this line. There is no place in town where you can get better value for your money than at

H. H. BROWN'S

The young Men's Man.

PROWSE BROS., Ltd. | PROWSE BROS., Ltd

12 Days of Wonderful Bargains

DESPITE the late spring and backward weather the season now about to close has been the most successful in this store's history. We are going to wind it up with a rush—with a short season of the swiftest sort of selling! Commencing Monday, August 12th, and ending Aug. 24th, we will give discounts of 20 to 50 per cent. through out every department of this great store. When it is remembered what a wonderful variety of goods are carried here it will be clearly seen that the present sale affords a splendid opportunity for saving on purchases of almost every sort.

20 to 50 p. c. Discounts.

This sale is all the more important to thrifty housekeepers as it embraces goods in every department—this notwithstanding the fact that on many lines prices are steadily advancing. This fact should show plainly how in earnest we are—how determined to wind the season up with a rush!

Sale will positively end August 24th. Fall goods will be at hand then and must be attended to. So do not delay in attending.

During this sale we cannot book any accounts. All discounts are for cash only. However, goods returned promptly in good condition may be exchanged or money will be refunded.

33 1-3 p. c. Off

- All Dress Fabrics
All Black Silks
All Colored Silks
All Dress Cloths
All Velveteens
All Trimmings
All Satens
All Hosiery
All Buttons
All Table Covers
Black & Colored Ties
All Flowers
Men's Tweed Suits
All Feathers
Men's Worsted Suits
Tweed & Worsteds
Hats and Caps
Men's Rain Coats
Ladies' Neckwear
Men's Top Coats
Ladies' Waists
Ladies' Whitewear
Ladies' Belts
Children's Dresses

25 p. c. Off

- Ladies' Corsets
Children's Waists
Kid Gloves
Trunks and Bags
Lace Curtains
Portieres
Mattings
Men's Goods
Sweaters
Cardigans
Umbrellas
Gloves and Belts
Art Satens
Table Linens
Towels & Towelings
Bedspreads
Boy's Clothing
Men's Hosiery
Suspenders
Underwear

All Footwear - - - 20 p. c. Off

All Ladies' Hats - - 50 p. c. Off

PROWSE BROS., Ltd

Charlottetown's Big Departmental Store.

Meet Me at the Always Busy Store.

# Stanley Bros.

## Dress Goods

This is one of the most comprehensive stocks ever displayed here.

Every good and fashionable fabric is shown.

Every weight from the thin Eoliennes to the heaviest Tweeds, and every quality, the best that money can buy at the price.

Light, Medium and Dark Overchecks, 25c. per yard.

Plain Venetians in all the shades, 55c. and 75c. per yard.

Fine, All Wool Homespuns, 45 in. Wide Checks, Plaids and Stripes, 58c. and 75c. per yard.

Fine Wool Panama Cloth, 44 in., 85c. and \$1.10 per yard.

Lustres in Grey, Blue and Black. All qualities, 28c. to \$1.35 per yard.

If you cannot come yourself send for samples.

# Stanley Bros.

## Our Make Of Coats have the Perfect Fitting

Lapels, Shoulders and Collars that all Tasty Dressers require.

# Maclellan Bros.

Where all Good Garments are made.

**\$50 Scholarships Free**

To the Student making the Highest Marks during next term.

will YOU win it?

An up-to-date modern business training with no waste time. Write to-day for new prospectus, terms, etc.

Union Commercial College, WM. MORAN, Prin.

A. A. McLean, K. C. & Donald McKinnon  
**McLean & McKinnon**  
Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law.

**JOHN T. MELLISH, M. A., LL.B.**  
BARRISTER AND ATTORNEY-AT-LAW  
NOTARY PUBLIC, ETC.  
CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND.

Office—London House Building.  
Collecting, conveying, and all kinds of legal business promptly attended to. Inv. means made on best security. Money to Loan.

Minard's Liniment cures Dandruff.

### Mortgage Sale.

To be sold by public Auction, in front of the Law Courts Building in Charlottetown, in Queen's County, on Friday, the Thirtieth day of September, A. D. 1907, at the hour of twelve o'clock noon, under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in an Indenture of Mortgage bearing date the twenty-fifth day of January, A. D. 1896, made between John Daniel McDonald, of Fox River, Lot 42, in King's County, in Prince Edward Island, Farmer, and Flora Jane McDonald, his wife, of the one part, and Edward Dayfield, of Charlottetown, in Queen's County, in the said Island, Barrister, Trustee of Mrs. Hobkirk, of the other part, and which said mortgage is now vested in the undersigned as assigned trustee, default having been made in the principal and interest due thereunder:

All that tract, piece or parcel of land situate lying and being on Lot Forty-two, to King's County, in the said Island, bounded as follows, that is to say: Commencing at the northwest angle of land in possession of Angus McDonald, on the bank or shore of the Gulf of St. Lawrence; thence according to the magnetic north of the year 1763 south two degrees fifteen minutes east one hundred and one chains; thence north seventy-seven degrees west six chains and thirteen links; thence north two degrees fifteen minutes west to the sea shore; thence along the shore to the place of commencement, containing (80) thirty acres of land, a little more or less, as described in a deed of conveyance from the Commissioner of Public Lands to John McDonald, dated the twenty-sixth day of July, A. D. 1859.

For further particulars apply at the office of Mathieson & Macdonald, in Charlottetown.  
Dated this 14th day of August, A. D. 1907.  
ENEAS A. MACDONALD,  
Trustee of Mrs. Hobkirk.  
(aug 14, 1907-4)

You cannot possibly have a better Cocoa than

## EPPS'S

A delicious drink and a sustaining food. Fragrant, nutritious and economical. This excellent Cocoa maintains the system in robust health, and enables it to resist winter's extreme cold.

## COCOA

Sold by Grocers and Storekeepers in 1-lb. and 2-lb. Tins.

### LOCAL & OTHER ITEMS

Mr. Borden's tour is not in full swing and is eminently successful. Immense throngs assembled to hear him at all his meetings.

At Halifax on Monday, Alexander Collier was sentenced to three years in Dorchester penitentiary for biting off part of another man's ear.

An explosion of gas last Saturday night near De Molens, Iowa, wrecked the business quarter of Cedar Falls, Iowa, causing loss of \$100,000. No one is dead or severely hurt.

Dr. Pugsley, of St. John, N. B., has been appointed Minister of Railways, by Sir Wilfrid Laurier. No Minister of Public Works has yet been named.

After three of the closest finishes seen in the present Grand Circuit meetings at Roadville, Mass., on the 23rd, Kruger was returned winner of the Norfolk stake, valued at \$6,000.

The trot at Primrose Park, near Peaks Station, on Thursday last, was very successful. There was a large number in attendance and good betting contests were witnessed.

It is announced from Ottawa as probable that the session to fill the vacancies in the House of Commons will be held about the middle of September, on the 18th or the 19th. Nominations will be a week earlier.

A report comes from Pontiac County, Quebec, that in some districts crops have been destroyed by a plague of grasshoppers. They are said to be so numerous that they completely stop harvesting operations by clogging the binders.

The world's record for 3 year old trotting stallions was reduced to 2001 at Roadville, Mass. on the 21st by General White as the Grand Circuit meeting. Both he and the American Horse Breeder Fairbury went to a son of Axworthy in most remarkable time.

Rev. Isidore Cavanagh, S. J., Professor of Science in Loyola College Montreal, who had been on a brief visit to the Province left on return Tuesday morning. On Sunday he preached an excellent sermon at the high Mass in the Cathedral.

Houston advices of the 24th say: The greater portion of New England is suffering from one of the most protracted draughts in 25 years, and the country districts have been badly hit financially. With the exception of two showers there has been no rain in Boston and vicinity for a month and the grass is the color of a board.

Rev. Brother Alderick of St. Mary's College, Oakland, California, who had been visiting his aged father, Allen McDonald, Lower Montague, and other friends on the Island, left for home on Thursday last. It is twenty-one years since he left the Island. He enjoyed his visit very much and is full of admiration of the beauties of our Province.

A Norwegian seaman who had deserted from his vessel the *Monrovo*, at Halifax was captured by the police and returned to the ship. Twenty-four hours after his escape when the gale of Sunday was at its height, he jumped over board and attempted to reach the shore, two miles away. He failed in the attempt and was drowned. A shipmate who jumped overboard with him was rescued in an exhausted condition.

A dispatch from St. John's, Nfld. says: "There is strong hope that a cure for leprosy has at last been discovered," says Dr. F. Montisambert, director of Public Health who is in the city. The record at Tracadie since the first use of the remedy has been one discharged as cured two years ago, and a woman is progressing so favorably that she will be at liberty in a short time. Others who have used the remedy declare themselves better and stronger.

On Saturday last, a four year old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ewen W. Martin of Cross Roads, Lot 48, was alone in the house. She got hold of some matches and set fire to her clothes. Her screams were first heard by a man, who was painting the house. He ran in and promptly smothered the flames but not before the child was badly burned all over her body. Dr. Dewar was summoned as quickly as possible, but all he could do was unsavory. The little one died about one o'clock Sunday afternoon.

A despatch of the 26th from Johnstown, Pa., says: A cyclone approaching the dimensions of a typhoon caused great damage last night and early today in Somerset County. One woman was severely injured and near Bewell a path five hundred yards wide and a mile long was swept by the terrific wind. Houses and barns were levelled. The tracks of the Pittsburgh Westmoreland and Southern Railway were washed away in a number of places, being up the road.

A London despatch of the 26th says: The Standard's lobby correspondent says that great indignation is expressed by the Unionist members at the treatment of M.D. by the Government as shown by St. John's cables. It is regarded as particularly unfortunate that the action of the Government should only be made public at the end of the session, but an endeavor will be made before prorogation to press matters for further information on the subject. The Times discussing the reorganization of the Colonial office says it is of great significance that the Colonial office should now officially be confined to the Crown Colonies. This is due to the assertion at the Conference of the party of status between the self-governing dominions and no other country. The change is as full of meaning as that of the middle of the last century which severed the connection of the Colonies with the war department.

The drawing in connection with the lottery of the lobster boat, owned by B. J. and H. B. McDonald, Cable Head, took place in the office of Dr. McLaughlin, Head St. Peter's Bay on Tuesday Aug. 20 last. The drawing was conducted by R. D. McLaughlin, M.D. and Mr. Barinby (formerly assisted by Miss Beth McLaughlin and Mr. H. B. McDonald). The winning number 115 was held by Mr. Vincent Sutherland of the firm of Sutherland Bros. well known lobster packers, and the boat became his property. To those who conducted the drawing and to all who so cheerfully assisted in making the lottery a success, B. J. and H. B. McDonald wish to return their thanks and to express their sense of obligation.—Com.

In this issue will be found the advertisement of a grand tea party to be held at St. Columba's East Point, on Saturday September 7th. As this is the last tea party of the season a large attendance is anticipated.

**MARRIED.**  
In the Catholic church, Head St. Peter's Bay, by the Rev. R. J. Gills, P.P. on Wednesday August 21st. Henry B. McDonald of Cable Head and Jennie Connolly of Forest Hill.

**DIED.**  
In this city August 26th, 1907, John Heator, aged 84 years. R. I. P.  
In this city on the 23rd, last. James Fitzsimmons aged 80 years. May her soul rest in peace.  
In this city on the 24th, last. Mrs. John Walsh aged 64 years. May her soul rest in peace.

**You Can Save \$20**  
By buying your new organ from Miller Bros. Why? Because they have no big commissions to pay. Write them for particulars. The R. E. I. Music House.

Our store has gained a reputation for reliable Groceries. Our trade during 1906 has been very satisfactory. We shall put forth every effort during the present year to give our customers the best possible service.—R. F. Madigan.



**Do You Want New Records?**

All the latest are here.

**Do You Want An Organ?**

We sell the best at low figures. No fancy profits.

**Do You Want a Sewing Machine?**

Our \$22 Machine has no superior at the price.

We sell low as our expenses are small.

We can save you money.

Write to-day for full particulars.

**MILLER BROS.**  
The P. E. I. Music House, Sunnyside.

## Grand Tea Party! St. Columba.

A Grand Tea Party in aid of the Church funds, will be held at St. Columba, East Point, On SATURDAY September 7th, 1907.

Excellent tables, a well supplied refreshment saloon, fruits and delicacies of the season in abundance will be features of the occasion.

Dancing booths, swings, bowling alleys, and all the usual amusements will be provided.

Those in charge will spare no pains to make the occasion pleasant and entertaining for all who attend.

As this will be the last grand outing of the season, don't miss it on any account. Remember the date, Saturday, September 7th.

NEIL McEACHEN, Secretary.  
August 28th, 1907.—21

# FURNITURE SALE

## Cut Prices

ON

### Parlor Suites & Odd Chairs

We are showing a large assortment of Parlor Suites and Odd Chairs

- 3 piece Wire back Suite upholstered in Silk, \$120.00 for \$85.00
- 5 piece Mahogany finish Suite, upholstered in Silk, \$66.00 for \$44.00
- 5 piece Mahogany finish Suite, upholstered in Velour, \$50.00 for \$35.00
- 5 piece Walnut finish Suite, upholstered in Tapestry, \$23.00 for \$18.00
- 3 piece Mahogany finish Suite, upholstered in Silk, \$75.00 for \$39.00
- 3 piece Mahogany finish Suite, hand carved, upholstered in Silk, \$121.00 for \$86.00

Only one each of the above Suites in stock

- Odd Rocker, Mahogany finish, upholstered in Silk, \$21.00 for \$12.00
- Odd Rocker, Melton Rug, \$12.00 for \$8.00
- Leather Couch, Mahogany frame, \$55.00 for \$35.00

Special attention given to mail orders. Freight paid to any railway station or steamboat landing.

# JAMES PATON & CO.

Purchase some of your Jewelry needs from

# E. W. TAYLOR,

South Side Queen Square, Charlottetown.

Fine Timekeeping Regina Watches, \$8.00 and upwards.	Souvenir Spoons, and Jewelry, in silver and gold enamelled.	Ladies' Chains and Bracelets.
High grade and real stone set Rings.	Solid Gold Scarf Pins; also Collar, Dress and Baby Pins	Locketts, in solid gold; also in plate that will stand engraving.
Links, Buttons, Studs, 50 cents up.	Eye-glasses, tested for and fitted to suit both eye and feature.	Knives, Forks, Spoons—best of plate.

## Combined Assets \$100,000,000

Lowest rates and prompt settlement of Losses.

**JOHN MACBACHERN,**  
AGENT.  
Mar. 22nd, 1906

## Beautiful Japanese China - - -

### Exclusive Designs.

Only one piece of each decoration. Special importation. Most suitable for

## Wedding Presents

Goods you cannot duplicate in any other store in Prince Edward Island.

## Prices Low Quality High

A pleasure to show this ware, whether you purchase or not.

# CARTER & CO., Limited.

## OAK BRAND TEA.

In order to introduce our Oak Brand Tea we will ship and prepay freight to any station or shipping point on P. E. Island an 18 lb. caddie, and if you are not satisfied in every way return at our expense, and we will refund your money. Cut this out and enclose \$4.00 and mail to us.

## McKenna's Grocery,

Box 576, Ch'town, P. E. I.

Enclosed find \$4.00 for which you will send us a caddie of tea as advertised in this paper.

(Sign full name) .....

(And Address) .....

## Spring & Summer Weather

Spring and Summer weather calls for prompt attention to the

## Repairing, Cleaning and Making of Clothing.

We are still at the old stand,  
**PRINCE STREET, CHARLOTTETOWN**  
Giving all orders strict attention.

Our work is reliable, and our prices please our customers.

# H. McMILLAN,

Calendar for August, 1907.

MOON'S PHASES.
New Moon 9. 24. 36 a. m.
First Quarter 16. 5. 5. a. m.
Full moon 23. 8. 15 a. m.
Last Quarter 30. 1. 28 p. m.

Table with columns: Day of Week, Sun, Moon, High Water, Low Water. Rows for days of the week from 1st to 31st.

Ancient Homes of Scotland.

"Under the title of 'Ancient Catholic Homes of Scotland,' Messrs. Burns and Oates are about to publish a work of singular interest, religious, artistic, and historical. The author, Dom O. Blundell, O. S. B., of Fort Augustus, informs us in his brief preface that his materials were mostly gathered from printed sources which are difficult of access. And he is content with the modest claim that these records are now presented in a handier form. But in this we fancy that he has somewhat underrated the merit of his own part in the work. For apart from the fact that the separate notices contain much that was not merely copied from the stores of printed sources there is surely something original in the design of the whole book in which this series of pleasing pictures of these ancient homes is made to illustrate the Catholic history of Scotland.

The ancient Catholic homes treated in this attractive volume are Carluke, Letterfourie, Terregles, Glenfannan, Beaufort, Traquair, Kirkconnell, and Petternear. And in every instance the article has had the advantage of revision by some one who is entitled to speak with special authority on the subject. It will be enough to mention that the article on Carluke was revised by Lord Herries, and that on Beaufort by Lady Lovat. It may be added that the Hon. Mrs. Maxwell Scott of Abbotsford has written an introduction to the volume—appropriately enough; for it was only fit that this history of Scottish homes should be associated with the home of Scottish history.

As Mrs. Maxwell Scott says very truly in her introduction: "To us who belong to the Lochnagar Northern Land everything connected with it is of supreme interest, and from others the story of the sufferings of the Catholics in Scotland for their faith, and the happy signs of the 'second spring' will, we feel sure, gain sympathy and interest. This will be increased when we remember that the author speaks to us from the first Benedictine monastery founded in Scotland since the Reformation—in itself one of the most convincing evidences of the return of the faith—and that he has himself visited each of the places described in his book.

"Father Blundell," it is added, "has also a family connection with three of the homes—Carluke, Terregles, and Traquair—being one of the descendants 'numerosus beyond compare' of Lady Winifred Maxwell, granddaughter of the heroic Lady Nithsdale." As is only natural, the articles on Carluke and Terregles which are derived in part from "The Book of Carluke"—are among the most interesting portions of the volume. And here, as might be expected, the lovely and heroic figure of Lady Nithsdale fills a conspicuous place. The story of her rescue of her husband from the Tower on the eve of his execution is told in every textbook of English history. But the full details of the escape are not often given with accuracy. Some seem to suppose that the Countess simply took the place of her husband while he escaped in her dress. Others, more careful of accuracy, are content to say that she took him out in disguise as one of her waiting women. But though in some respects this version of the story is more correct, it is only half the truth, and hardly does justice to the courage and presence of mind displayed by Lady Nithsdale.

Aching Joints

In the fingers, toes, arms, and other parts of the body, are joints that are inflamed and swollen by rheumatism—that acid condition of the blood which affects the muscles also. Sufferers dread to move, especially after sitting or lying long, and their condition is commonly worse in wet weather.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Removes the cause of rheumatism—no outward application can. Take it. alone in his cell till he had time to reach a place of safety. Meanwhile she threw the warders off the scent by a device which surely showed astonishing courage and presence of mind at this critical moment. "On reaching the Earl's chamber she effected to speak to him, and answered as if he had spoken to her, imitating his voice and walked up and down the room, as if they had been talking together, till she thought he had had time enough to be out of reach. Then opening the door to depart, she went half past, and holding it in her hand, that those outside might hear, she took a solemn and affectionate leave of her husband for that night." The truth in this instance is surely stranger than any fiction.

Where Patrick Prayed.

Recently the Most Rev. Dr. Healy, Archbishop of Tuam, received through Mr. W. H. Gratton Flood, a copy of a most interesting document issued by Pope Eugene IV. in the year 1432. A word about how it was discovered will enhance its interest. Every scholar knows that in the Papal Archives in Rome are stored up valuable records of the past. The acts of every Pope are there recorded and arranged in the order of time; and so vast are these records that the series now reaches the enormous number of 2150 huge volumes. It used to be alleged that the Roman authorities guarded these records with a jealous care because they contained things that could not bear the light. But the late Pope Leo XIII., said truth fears no criticism, and so, with characteristic fearlessness, he threw those ancient archives open to the world in 1891, and invited scholars of all nations to come and search for knowledge. Every Government in Europe hastened to find out what these secret volumes contained about itself. The British Government sent learned men to search diligently, and to transcribe everything they could find relating to England, Ireland or Scotland. The search is still going on. Seven volumes have been published at intervals giving the results of their labors so far; and the eighth volume, which will be published in a few months, contains the following interesting document:—

27th day of September, 1432. Pope Eugene grants to the Archbishop of Tuam an indulgence of two years and two quarantines on the usual conditions, for those penitents who visit and give alms towards the repair of the fabric of the Chapel of St. Patrick on the mountain which is called Orough Patrick; this indulgence to be gained on the Sunday preceding the Feast of St. Peter's Chains; because on that day a great multitude resorts thither to venerate St. Patrick in the said Chapel.

Mr. Gratton-Flood has been assisting in the Public Record Office, London, and when he came upon the above he sent a copy to his Grace of Tuam. The Archbishop, who has received the ancient pilgrimage to Orough Patrick and has erected a chapel on its lone summit, was much gratified to have such authentic evidence that the pilgrimage was known and approved in Rome five hundred years ago. Jocelyn, the historian, who wrote a life of St. Patrick in 1135, tells us that in his own time multitudes of people were wont to ascend this holy mountain to watch and fast and pray on the spot sanctified by the watchings, fastings, and prayers of our national apostle. The Irish annals bear us back still farther, and tell us that thirty of the pilgrims lost their lives in a terrible thunderstorm on the summit in 1113. Indeed, the ancient pathway up the graceful cone, worn deep with the feet of pilgrims during fourteen hundred years, bears ample testimony to the faithful tradition that from St. Patrick's time to our own, his children have come hither, in the spirit of faith and penance, to solicit his intercession on the venerable spot followed by his prayers and bedewed with his tears. But every concourse of people does not constitute a pilgrimage, and not every pilgrimage can show the recognition and the blessing of the Vicar of Christ like this ancient pilgrimage to hoary Orough Patrick.

The document of Pope Eugene is important for two other reasons. It shows that there had been a chapel on the mountain at least until 1432, and it shows that the ancient pilgrimage was accustomed to be held on a certain Sunday. This Sunday is easy to determine, because the feast of St. Peter's Chains is the 1st day of Aug., and the Sunday preceding that must be the last Sunday of July. When the most Rev. Dr. Healy was revising the pilgrimage three years ago, he enquired among the people if they had any tradition regarding the day. They said the last Sunday of July was banded down to them by their fathers. His grace accordingly fixed the annual pilgrimage for that day, and he now rejoices to find such high confirmation of the faithfulness and trustworthiness of the local tradition.—Glasgow Observer.

Miracle of St. Januarius

The following letter from the New York Sun has been sent us with the request that it be published.—Editor of the Lamp. "To the Editor of the Sun:—Sir:—Your Naples correspondent, in his account of the liquefaction of the blood of St. Januarius, reproduces an old calumny of Dumas and sets it down as historically true, although it has been refuted times without number. "While in Naples two years ago

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Where Patrick Prayed.

it was my privilege, through the courtesy of Bishop Orosenza of Ostera, the Papal representative on the occasion, to be present at the public ceremony in the Church of Santa Chiara on the first Saturday of May, within four or five feet of Cardinal Prisco, who held the ampullae or vials containing the blood of St. Januarius. I saw the coagulated substance in the ampullae, hard and solid looking when the Cardinal first held it in his hand, and then after several minutes, I saw it gradually, but on this occasion only partially, liquefy. Naturally I was much interested, and as I remained two months in Naples, held there principally by my interest in two phenomena, Vesuvius and the miracle of St. Januarius; and moreover, as I had clerical friends in the city it was easy for me to ascertain how the liquefaction was regarded, not only by the people at large, but by the clergy and educated laity. "As to the absence of deceit or trickery of any kind I am certain as I am of anything in the world. The liquefaction of the coagulated substance, said to be the blood of St. Januarius, takes place without any human agency, that is without any conscious human agency. Whether the change is wrought by supernatural power, that of course is the question at issue. I found, too, that the phenomenon has been studied most thoroughly, and as scientifically as possible without analysis of the substance, and that science has no explanation to offer. Naturally Catholics believe that the great God who created and rules all things can still exercise His power in His creation, finding no natural cause for the phenomenon, refer it to the Almighty. Who thus for his own wise ends glorifies His martyr saint. It is needless to say that there is no obligation of faith on Catholics to believe that the liquefaction is a miracle; it is simply a question of evidence. There may be priests and scholars of the Catholic laity who are not fully persuaded that it is a supernatural manifestation, but I found none in Naples.

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