

India Wants It.

Home Rule Agitation in the Far East.

40,000 Pilgrims Expected in Rome Shortly.

Anarchists Claim Credit for the Recent Explosion in Paris—The Attempt to Implicate Mme. Carnot in the Panama Scandal—The Mayors of London and Dublin Will Fraternize on Sunday.

Suicide of an Actress.

To Bridge the Neva.

Anarchists Own Up.

Meeting of the Mayors.

A Queer Quartet.

Captured a Coronet.

Cholera in Europe.

Fatal Duel.

Mme. Carnot's Case.

Expecting 40,000 Pilgrims.

India Wants Home Rule.

Calcutta, Dec. 30.—Seven hundred delegates were present at the meeting today of the Indian National Congress at Allahabad. A resolution was presented expressing regret that the people of India were not allowed to elect representatives to the council of the viceroy. The resolution was referred to a committee, but the manner of its reception showed the increasing popularity of the movement for a National Indian Legislature. A resolution was also presented demanding the separation of judicial from executive functions in India.

Fiendish Peachment in Trouble.

London, Dec. 30.—A reporter interviewed Mr. Vladimir de Peachment last night, on whom a citation in divorce proceedings has just been served on behalf of his wife by a firm of Parisian lawyers. His wife was formerly a pupil of his. She appeared with him in New York a season or two ago. She is now touring in Canada under the name of Maggie Oakley. Her mother is living in Paris. Peachment expressed great indignation and surprise at the accusations of misconduct with Mme. Andree; he did not know her, and had never met her so far as he could remember. However he would not defend the suit.

Mgr. Sotelli Sustained.

Rome, Dec. 30.—It is positively asserted that within a few days a document signed by the Pope will be published that expresses the Pontiff's entire satisfaction with the success of Mgr. Sotelli's American mission. The mission was to demonstrate to the Government of the United States the feelings of friendship with which the Pope regards the American people. The cordial reception accorded to Mgr. Sotelli everywhere and the friendly attitude assumed by President Harrison toward him are regarded with the greatest satisfaction by the Vatican. A resolution in the rumor that Mgr. Sotelli may be recalled before the time originally allotted for his mission.

Nationalists Denounce Dynamiting.

London, Dec. 30.—The Irish National League of Great Britain has a statement strongly denouncing the outrage in the police detective office at Dublin as a savage dynamite outrage, aimed at wreck the hopes of Ireland. The league expresses an

TAX EXEMPTION CRIES.

When Exemption From Taxes Are Legitimate.

Explanatory Letter From Mr. John McCarty.

To the Editor of the Advertiser: Permit me to speak on the exemption cry. On principle I am in favor of any exemption or limitation of assessment for non-assessment of such a nature, if the corporation gets \$20 at the cost of \$1. I am not in favor of any exemption to add to the burden of taxpayers. I am in favor of exemptions that would add to the value of every foot of real estate and in favor of a \$100,000 bonus to the Grand Trunk car shops on such conditions that the city would receive in return \$400,000 in increased value of real estate and greater employment of labor. All personal property should be taxed, unless such reasons exist for non-assessment that will add to the value of every man's home and reduce the taxes on the same and add to the value of labor.

As this is too big a subject to be disposed of in one letter, let me consider one item wisely. We have about \$7,000,000 deposited in our monetary institutions in this corporation. According to the laws of Ontario it should be assessed at an average tax of this city. It would be liable to pay \$140,000, one-half the amount of the entire tax collected in this city. As the assessors are wiser than the law it escapes assessment. What would be the result of such a tax on this money? It would mean that the entire sum would disappear next year to the Province of Quebec, where more enlightened laws exist, and part of our banking institutions would also disappear, and the balance would be borrowed from the Province of Quebec of this same capital exempt there, and it would be exempt here if borrowed from Quebec. Every dollar of this money should be taxed in this Province under wise legislation that the capital would stand, instead of a tax of \$140,000 on this capital, one-half of the whole earnings, it could not be taxed more than 1/2 of 1 per cent, or 1-10 part of the present taxes, realizing to the city about \$9,000. What thoughtful man would say this \$7,000,000 would not stand a assessment of 2 per cent, as well as capital invested in manufacturing or any wholesale business? Capital invested in manufacturing in our city and Province on the whole for years past has had an earning power of less than 1 per cent. What would be the effect on our city if this \$7,000,000 could be introduced to be invested in manufacturing in this corporation wholly exempt from taxation? It would double the value of our assessable property in the city. It would reduce every man's taxes. It would add to the value of every day's labor, giving it security of employment. I think it unmanly and ungenerous to deny exemption to any manufacturing company or individual who risks his money in buildings and plant, reduces every man's taxes and adds to the value of every foot of real estate. When such investment is made it costs 100 to the dollar, and we are not being 25 cents on the investment at public sale. It is untrue the McCarty Company have asked or desired exemption from taxation. They have arranged for limited taxation to \$100,000. This limitation has cut out investment that would otherwise have been made. It has reduced instead of increased every taxpayer's burdens. If our city is to advance and prosper, it will not be brought about by howling down industries, but by encouraging and competing for them. Yours truly, JOHN McCARTY.

Along this line, the agreeable and profitable occupation of evenings should be kept constantly in view. To that end, we ask every reader of the Advertiser to vote "early and often" for the Free Library scheme. We hope also to see the day when London shall possess an adequate public hall, with a fine organ, as at Liverpool, and where frequent organ, hand, orchestral and other concerts, either free, or at nominal figures, will be accessible to all. In these and kindred ways—not by the saloon—life in London will be made both enjoyable and educative, and London itself become known as the model city.

Electors who vote in more than one ward for aldermen can vote in each of the said wards for the early closing and other by-laws. Remember this.

In a certain institution a man's sanity is tested in the following way: He is set to fill with water a barrel having an open tap. If he's an idiot, he lets the tap run; but if he isn't an idiot he turns it off!

"Travelers" have come in for a good deal of attention lately. But it seems to be overlooked that a great many of them are abstainers and are utterly opposed to the custom of "treating." How humiliating that a man must treat his customer to a few cents' worth of whiskey before he can sell him a few dollars' worth of merchandise! Happily, the "treating" custom in connection with business is going out.

Here's a man who is going to vote against the bylaw lest it should drive a few to secret drinking. That is to say, he willingly submits to a great evil on the mere possibility that a smaller one may take its place! Strange logic, that!

There are special reasons why all women voters should vote for the early closing of bars and saloons every night, the same as on Saturday night. Women are the chief sufferers from intemperance. Upon them, either personally or through their affections, fall most of the privations of an emptyarder. Having the strongest affections, it is their affections that are most deeply lacerated by the downfall of loved ones. Women of London! if you have no

THE FORWARD MOVEMENT.

Last Minute Talk With the Electors Who Will Settle a Great Principle on Monday.

Cab-Webs Brushed Away—Facts Laid Bare—Objections Met—Letters to Correspondents Considered—The City Must Be on the Side of Progress and Thus Insure the Prosperity of Its Citizens.

A Few Words Before the Polling.

On Monday you will have the opportunity to vote in favor of early closing of all bars in London every night of the week, the same as at present on Saturday nights.

Cast aside all plausible argumentation, appeal straight to conscience, and vote accordingly.

No one makes even so much as a suggestion that the Saturday 7 o'clock regulation should be repealed. If 7 o'clock closing is a good thing on Saturday night, why not on Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday, and Thursday, and Friday night?

A vast sum—probably \$10,000 every week—is spent on liquor in London—a sum which, if turned into the channels of legitimate business, would help to pay many a debt, buy many an article of necessity and real comfort—dry goods, boots and shoes, coats and caps, coal, bread, meat, groceries, books, a magazine or two, and, generally, would set the wheels of business and of prosperity merrily a-humming.

It is sometimes said that people cannot be made sober by Act of Parliament, and no doubt that is true, but Parliaments and City Councils, and License Commissioners, and popular votes, can do a great deal, even though they may not be able to do everything, to lessen open temptations, and to make it not too difficult to do right. It is because this is so, that you are asked to vote in favor of the early closing of the saloon every night of the week, as at present on Saturday nights.

London is in many respects a model city. In no way can it do more to attract desirable residents than by having it known that their families can be brought up where water is the best on the continent, where living is moderate, where educational facilities are excellent, and where, above all, the temptations to liquor drinking are being constantly reduced to the lowest minimum.

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with others of their own number who desire to separate from barroom tendencies...

Don't be deceived by arguments that the early closing of saloons will lessen any desirable employment.

No fear of any outside merchant refusing to do business with London as a punishment to our citizens for casting a big majority for early saloon closing. Such yarns should be told to the marines. But supposing you do lose a dollar now and then by doing right, it will be made up to you some other way, even in business.

Cigarmakers' Union.

At a special meeting held by the cigarmakers' Union, No. 278, of this city, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted: Whereas, we find it very dangerous to our trade and all wage-workers in general to have the 7 o'clock bylaw come in force, the consequence of such a law will increase instead of decrease intemperance, it will throw a great many out of work. Again, it will be impossible for a married man to maintain his family under the low standard of prices paid in this city. Therefore, be it resolved, That one and every man employed in the cigar industry pledge themselves as much to do and use all his influence to defeat the said bylaw. Resolved, that every member of Union No. 278, of this city, will be fined 50 cents if he neglects his duty not to be at his place election day. WILLARD BRYAN, R. SCHREIBER, JAMES WALSH, Committee on Resolutions.

NOTE TO THE ABOVE: By request we publish the foregoing, and we do so with pleasure, partly because the ADVERTISER is a newspaper and proposes to give the news, partly because of personal respect for some of those engaged in the calling under discussion, and partly because it gives opportunity to voice what we understand is a fact, namely, that a good many of those engaged in the making of cigars consider it unwise to have their business come to be regarded—because of any corporate action—as merely a branch of the whiskey traffic.

Even as a matter of tactics, some of the shrewder contend it is a mistake. From all appearances, they say, the "Forward Movement," so far as it affects the liquor traffic, is likely to grow stronger and more effective. Why, then, they ask, should we publicly proclaim our business as merely a branch of the whiskey traffic, and become involved in the falling fortunes of that traffic? "Besides," they say, "we have just as much interest as other citizens in removing the evening temptations of the open saloon from the pathway of our boys. For that reason, while making no fuss about it, we propose to consult our consciences, and, under the ballot, cast our votes. We receive wages, it is true; but we receive our wages for our work, not for our votes."

Four Children Burnt to Death.

STONY BROOK, L. T., Dec. 31.—The house of Wm. Phillips, a colored laborer, was burnt last night. Four small children were locked in the house and were horribly burnt and have since died.

"Solid Rock" That Seems Shaky.

Boston, Dec. 31.—Yesterday in the Supreme Court a petition was presented from several certificate-holders of the Order of the Solid Rock, asking for an injunction against the order. The certificate-holders alleged that the assets of the order are \$775,000 and the assets but about \$26,000. It is also claimed that it cost \$56,000 to collect \$201,000.

Benzene and Cigar.

SYRACUSE, Dec. 30.—H. H. Erwin, who lives in a fashionable flat, was cleaning a necktie with benzene when his lighted cigarette ignited the fluid, causing an explosion. Erwin escaped uninjured, except that his mustache was burned off, but the second and third stories of the building were gutted by the fire.

Sudden Death from Apoplexy.

ST. THOMAS, Dec. 31.—On Wednesday evening Mr. W. W. Diener, late valuator of the Star Loan Company, and a prominent citizen, went to Dutton, stopping at the Eustace House. Having a severe headache, before retiring he sent out for quinine. In the morning he did not come down stairs and was not called until 1:30 p.m., when he was found unconscious in his room. Drs. Ruthven, McKellop and Cascardi were summoned, but consciousness did not return, and life passed away a little after 6 o'clock Thursday evening. The empty box showed he had taken sixteen grains of quinine, but the physicians ascribe his death to apoplexy. Deceased was 54 years of age. A deceased brother was at one time teacher in the Toronto Normal School. Mr. Diener's life was insured for \$27,500. He was a brother-in-law of Mr. G. I. Walker, customs officer of Ayloer, and carried on business as a hardware merchant for many years in the city. Mrs. Simmons, of Sarnia, is a sister.

Prince Meteherski, manager of Grashdahn, Russia, has been sentenced to one month in prison for libeling public officials.

Receipts from United States Internal revenue for the first five months of the current fiscal year aggregated \$70,045,670.08, an increase over the corresponding period of last year of \$3,712,870.98. In every source of revenue there was an increase.

A crowded meeting was held in Trebilcock's hall last evening, at which municipal questions were discussed by Ald. Parnell, Ald. Shaw, Ald. Judd, Mr. John Pritchett, School Trustee Blackwell, and Messrs. Garthshore and Esery. Ald. Judd made an attack on Ald. Garthshore after the latter had left for the City Hall, which is referred to in another column.

The young Duke of Orleans holds the memory of his great-grandfather in profound veneration. He explained to a friend that he never eats peas because his famous ancestor never did.

A Wonderful Medicine.

About three months ago my brother, a young man, was a helpless invalid from rheumatism. He had to be carried for like an infant, had to feed him, his arms into bed and out, and that there was but little or no hope of him ever being any better. I at once got a bottle of Kern's Rheumatic Cure and expressed it to him. The day he received it his doctors gave him up; said there was no cure for him; that the rheumatism had gone to his heart and he would die that night. He took Kern's Rheumatic Cure and did not die, but was much better in the morning, and in three days or four, was at work, and is entirely free from rheumatism. J. W. FARRER, G. I. R. Engineer, 225 Colborne street, London. J. W. F.

BEHIND HIS BACK.

How Ald. Judd Revived a Slander After Ald. Garthshore Left the London South Meeting.

The Coming Mayor's Manly Rejoinder Corroborated by Ald. Parnell.

To the Electors of the City of London: Ladies and Gentlemen, after Mr. Esery and myself had spoken and left Trebilcock's Hall to attend another public meeting in the City Hall last evening, I thought that Ald. Judd attempted to exploit to the meeting, after I had left, the facts relating to the effect of the Ivey syndicate, in which I am accused of having supplied certain material alterations made by the city solicitor to the Ivey proposal. It is pertinent to inquire why he did not attack my statement while I was present to defend myself. The facts of this case are as follows:

At a meeting of the council held Oct. 7, at which Ald. Judd was not present, at the first opportunity I had that evening I called the attention of the council to the fact that a letter had been received by me from the city solicitor that afternoon, and which I had not read, but which, if the council wished, I would read, but as the hour was late and the communication was an exceedingly long one the following resolution was passed:

"Ald. Parnell seconded by Ald. Fitzgerald, moved that the amendments proposed by the city solicitor to the Electric Street Railway Company proposed amendments be referred to the city solicitor, the chairman of No. 1 committee and the solicitor for the said company, with instructions to the chairman of No. 1 to report back the result of their deliberations to a meeting of this council to be called for the special purpose of considering said agreement. Carried."

On passage of this resolution the letter referred to was left by me in the hands of the city clerk. After various meetings of this sub-committee of three, all the suggestions of the city solicitor were practically conceded to by Mr. Ivey and were embodied in an agreement, which was then printed for submission to the council at the next meeting, held on Oct. 17. Mr. Ivey was called upon to read the printed agreement and I held the letter containing the suggested amendments of the city solicitor, and as Mr. Ivey read the printed document in his hands, I pointed out as far as possible wherein the city solicitor's amendments had been agreed to and incorporated in the new agreement. It is now suggested that some 30 proposals of the city solicitor were not accepted by Mr. Ivey, and were not mentioned by me to the committee.

The fact being that practically all the city solicitor's suggestions were at that time incorporated in the printed agreement, and that Mr. Ivey, and this statement is corroborated by the fact that the agreement as finally passed, printed and adopted by the council in the words contained in the agreement as then read to the council by Mr. Ivey, except clause 25, in which some errors had been made by the printer, and which had subsequently been rectified, and it was these errors by the printer which were objected to by the city clerk when he was asked by the city clerk to submit the Ivey proposal to the council of the railway company.

The inference to be drawn from Ald. Judd's remarks would lead those who listened to him to believe that certain clauses of the city solicitor's letter had been suppressed, although he claimed it was a misstatement of my part. The foregoing statement clearly shows that such was not the case. To put the matter in a nutshell, the impression left by Ald. Judd was that Mr. Ivey at the meeting referred to, was reading his original proposal, whereas the fact is he was reading the printed agreement, which embodied the amendments suggested by the city solicitor and the special committee. I have the honor to be, your obedient servant, W. M. GARTHSHORE.

I was present at the meeting above mentioned and I corroborate the above statement made by Ald. Garthshore. Ed. PARNELL, Jun.

Weak Stomach strengthened by BEECHAM'S PILLS.

T. C. Thornhill, optician, jeweler, watch maker and engraver; skates sharpened and repaired. A call solicited, 402 Talbot street. Agent for Kool-Spat. J. T.

WE CAN WARM UP

Your enthusiasm at the highest pitch. Obtain a 5 cent pack from your grocer, use a little care in following directions, and the greatest skeptic will be transformed into an enthusiastic admirer of

W. M. GARTHSHORE.

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THE WESTERN ADVERTISER.

OUR WEEKLY EDITION
By mail, per annum, \$1.00

JOHN CAMERON, President and Manager.

London, Saturday, Dec. 31.

CITY FACTORIES, FIXED ASSESSMENTS AND TAX EXEMPTIONS.

A good deal has been said in the present municipal campaign about the tax exemptions, or fixed assessments, which have been extended to various manufacturers in London. It has been with reluctance that our civic authorities have acquiesced in the principle of exemptions, because it is not always possible to apply it equitably. The trouble has been that the aldermen, though averse to the principle, have been compelled to resort to it in order to protect the interests of the taxpayers, while the manufacturers have sought for it because their competitors in other cities, being exempted from taxation, in whole or in part, had a distinct advantage over them in point of ability to produce and market their wares.

If London could prevail upon other municipalities in Ontario and Quebec to retain taxes on machinery and personal property, or, what is much the same thing, to refrain from granting fixed assessments, it would be easy for our municipal authorities to tax manufacturers up to the limit. If all cities and towns were agreed not to coax manufacturers from other places by offers of free buildings, free land, partial or complete exemption from civic taxation, no one would welcome the stand more than would the average alderman in this city.

We have, however, to face the facts and to meet them as best we can. We desire to retain the factories now established and to see established other manufacturers, provided they can be brought here without sacrificing the general interest. This was the motive which impelled the City Council to offer the Grand Trunk \$100,000 bonus and a fixed assessment if it would concentrate all its car shops here and guarantee that an average of 500 men would be constantly employed. It would have pleased us all better if the Grand Trunk Company, conceding the splendid situation of London as a railway center, had agreed to bring all its shops west of Toronto to London without a bonus. But so long as this company, or any other company, knows that it can obtain certain advantages elsewhere we may expect to have to make some sacrifice to attain what seems most desirable.

It is true that the McClary Manufacturing Company, of this city, a few years ago, bought out the Burn-Robinson Company's machinery and stock, and brought it from Hamilton to London. By this means the McClary Company was able to add to its works and increase the number of its employees by engaging in the production of all kinds of pressed tinware, brass, etc. It was convenient for the company so to do, because it already had its works here. But if the McClary Company had chosen to take the works to Woodstock, St. Thomas, or any one of a dozen other places in the Province, and have been rewarded by a bonus, free water and tax exemption. In some cases, even a factory building was offered, rent free, for a term of years! Reid Bros. & Co. pursued an identical course when the firm, a year or two since, established its featherbone corset factory in this city. It preferred a concentration of its interests in London, where the expense of management could be minimized, to a substantial bonus and tax exemption offered it by St. Thomas and several other cities. Stevens, Clarke & Stevens, boot and shoe manufacturers, have also been subjected to coaxing by the neighboring municipality, and so it has gone on all along the line.

The Legislature has moved in the direction of preventing the granting of bonuses, but it is difficult to restrain competing municipalities from trying to boom themselves. If tax exemption of every kind were denied, Ontario manufacturers, it would place some of our employers of labor at a serious disadvantage, and might result in the transfer of machinery to other provinces. An instance of this is found in the bonus given to Messrs. Glendinning & Co., the rich Montreal stove manufacturers, by a suburb of that city. The company has been voted \$35,000 in cash, free land and complete immunity from payment of taxes. It thus has a distinct advantage over local competitors and a very decided advantage over the manufacturers of Western Ontario. Not only does this rival to the McClary Manufacturing Company enjoy these privileges, granted, it is alleged, on a business basis, but it can obtain better terms in its purchase of coal and iron and other raw materials. The McClary Company sells one-third of its entire output to customers living east of Kingston, so that this Montreal company, enjoying the privileges enumerated, is one of its principal competitors. To meet its rival the McClary Company some time ago had in contemplation the establishment of a branch factory at or near Montreal. Instead of doing so, however, the McClary Company has been moved to extend its works here, and to give employment to 50 or more additional

hands. Two considerations influenced the company in this step:

1. The fact that the members of the company all live in London, and are interested in many ways in building up and improving this beautiful commercial metropolis of the West.

2. The City Council unanimously resolved to grant the company a fixed assessment of \$100,000 a year for ten years to come, thereby, to some extent, putting it on a level with its keen competitors in the East.

One does not need to concede the rightfulness of the system to acknowledge that, on the face of it, the aldermen effected a business transaction of a thoroughly defensible character when they met the situation in the only way open to it under all the circumstances.

The council had previously granted fixed assessments, without demur on the part of anyone, to other employers of labor, and in this instance it acted consistently as well as for what, it must now be conceded, is for the best interests of the taxpayers.

We are all anxious that the city shall boom, not in the sense of becoming inflated by land speculation, but by the steady progress of legitimately established and operated industrial enterprises. Let that be provided for, and the merchant, the land and house owner, as well as the wage-earner, will obtain a fair share in the incidental prosperity. But we have not reached the ideal method of taxation. It would emancipate all improvements, including buildings, stock and machinery from the control of the assessor and collect taxes on land values alone. The only loser from such a system would be the land speculator, who holds vacant property till his neighbors build up around him, then he steps in and collects the profits that their labors have rendered possible. We would discourage vacant lot holding and encourage the employment of labor by leaving machinery, stocks, factories, and dwelling houses untaxed. At present, however, we are confronted with facts, not a theory; and the system, not the men, must be blamed if equity is not always established by the operation of the law.

Toronto has taken a step forward in providing that for ten years to come stock in-trade and machinery in all factories shall be exempt from taxation. This places the manufacturers there in a better position than that occupied by the London manufacturers who have been conceded a fixed assessment on their buildings, machinery and stock in trade. Hamilton promises to follow the example set by Toronto. Woodstock recently secured the old-established Hamilton stove manufacturer of James Stewart & Co. by a free grant of land on which to erect buildings, a bonus to construct buildings, and exemption from taxes. It is with such opposition as that we are confronted, and which has been met by the council as we have indicated. Often, as Mayor Spencer truthfully pointed out at the mayoralty nomination, it is a question of whether or not we shall grant tax exemption for a few years, and induce capitalists to occupy vacant factory buildings, or have the buildings remain tenanted. That was done in the case of the Globe works, which were beginning to tumble to pieces, and which now are a hive of industry, employing from 80 to 100 hands. Is it better that they should be so operated, or that we should have sailed on the doors of the buildings "No tax exemptions?"

At the present time the attention of a number of manufacturers is being directed to London as a good business and railway center, and it will be for the incoming council not to rave against the city doing everything reasonable to induce the newcomers to invest their money and establish their industries here, but to be constantly watchful for opportunities to promote negotiations. We understand that the McCormick Harvesting Company, of Chicago, will be induced to establish a branch factory in London; that new car works will be set going; and that lead works, cut nail works, steel, saw, and tile works are among the possible additions to the industries of London. Ald. Gartshore has been in communication with the interested capitalists, and there are many reasons for the belief that good to London will, in the ensuing year, flow from the negotiations. We have faith in London. Would any taxpayer in London, no matter what his vocation, kick very hard if one or all of these proposed new industries could be established here on the same terms as those granted to Stevens & Burns, to the McClary Manufacturing Company, to the London Tool Company, to the London Furniture Company, to the Globe Casket Factory and other city factories? Honestly taking all the circumstances into consideration, it is not probable that an intelligent elector would raise a finger against the establishment of a new industry on such a basis.

THE POPULAR VOTE COMMENDED.

Municipal elections will take place throughout Ontario next Monday. In several places the principle of the referendum will be applied by requiring the people to vote on questions of municipal government. This plan has worked so well that every year it grows in favor, and when a proposition of more than usual importance is made the reference of it to the popular vote is considered the best way of dealing with it. Take the city of London, for instance. The questions as to assisting liquor traffic were all satisfactorily decided by the vote of the citizens. Next Monday the Londoners again will decide in the same way whether the city shall own its own electric light plant, establish a free library, close all bar-rooms at 7 o'clock p.m., every day in the week, and reduce the number of city wards from six to four. These are all reforms that would make for good, economical, and efficient government, and are likely to be carried. We in Montreal might study the propriety of popular civic legislation with system of profit and advantage. [Montreal Witness.]

Our contemporary takes its stand on solid ground. But it mistakes the vote in regard to electric lighting. That question will not be settled by Monday's vote. A special vote by the freeholders will alone settle that. The opinion of all the electors on the propriety of civic ownership of electric lighting, however, will be ascertained, and that is a step in the right direction.

THE CITIZEN CANDIDATE.

Ald. Gartshore, the citizen candidate for the London mayoralty, is a thorough-going Canadian. He was born in the town of Dundas, where his father was for many years a manufacturer, being a pioneer in the production of steam engines in that part of Ontario. At an early age the junior Gartshore deemed it wise to leave his native town, and look for an enlarged sphere for his talents. His inherited shrewdness and discrimination very naturally drew him to London. Having accepted a position of trust with the McClary Bros., he speedily demonstrated the possession of a business acumen and push that strongly commended him to his employers. An able and faithful employee, it was natural that as the business grew the firm should advance his fortunes, and for years Ald. Gartshore has been one of the moving spirits in the development of the large manufacturing concern.

Though ardent in business, Ald. Gartshore has never been a selfish citizen. He was for many years an officer of the Seventh Battalion, and when the regiment was ordered to the Northwest to aid in suppressing the rebellion, he promptly responded and proved one of the most capable as well as one of the most popular officers in the expedition. The Citizen Candidate, believing that when he had served his country for a prolonged term, and had honestly earned the high rank of major, withdrew from the old Seventh. But his ability as a citizen soldier so commended him to the militia authorities and to his fellow-countrymen that when the cavalry troop of this district was reorganized a year ago he was offered the command, and after passing a most creditable examination was promoted to the rank of colonel.

Of the coming mayor's municipal record little need here be said. Returned at the head of the poll as one of the representatives for No. 3 ward two years ago, Ald. Gartshore at once took a front rank in the promotion of the city's interests. This year, his fellow members saw fit to appoint him civic finance minister, a most responsible position, as well as one demanding a great deal of earnest attention. That his work at the board has been honestly, conscientiously and on the whole successfully performed, is made evident by the utter lack of criticism of his actions. When his acts have been called in question, indeed, his opponents have been compelled to misrepresent them in order to make their point, as he has again and again demonstrated on the public platform.

With a past record unassailable, and with all the qualities necessary to make an efficient, level-headed chief magistrate, it does not astonish us to hear that the consensus of opinion is that Ald. Gartshore will be elected mayor for 1893 by a very decisive majority.

SQUEEZED OUT.

Several columns of letters on both sides of the 7 o'clock closing movement, on mayoralty and aldermanic affairs, are held over through lack of space. We are always willing to oblige our friends, but there is a limit to our opportunities. However, the questions at issue have been well threshed out. Stories circulated and innuendoes indulged in privately may very well be disregarded by voters. Let the taxpayers select the best business men offering to conduct their business.

POLLING begins at 8 a.m. on Monday and closes at 5 p.m. Let every elector vote as early and as often as he or she is entitled to register.

A WORD WITH VOTERS.

Send men successful in their own business to manage civic affairs. The city is a co-operative company, and the mayor and aldermen are its directors. Do joint stock companies select the unbalanced shareholders to conduct their affairs? Why should the city do so?

The Free Library bylaw should be indorsed by the electors.

CAREFULLY drawn statistics of 4,000 criminals who have passed through Elmira Reformatory, New York, shows drunkenness clearly existing in the parents of 38.7 per cent., and probably in 11.1 per cent. more. Out of 71 criminals, whose ancestry Rossi was able to trace, the father was a drunkard in 20, and the mother in 11 cases (43.6 per cent.). Masse found that on an average 41 per cent. of the criminals he examined had a drunken parent. Dr. Laurent, in his valuable work on the habitues of the Paris prisons, asserts that drunkenness alone, or combined with some other neurotic condition, is to be found almost constantly in the parents of criminals; and Dr. Tarnowski, who has made careful inquiry into the mental and physical condition of the prostitutes in her native land, found an alcoholic parentage in no less than 52.66 per cent. of the 150 women of this class whose family histories she was able to follow.

Away! Away! There is danger here! A terrible phantom is brooding near, in breath, with no human look, with no human breath. He stands beside thee—the haunter—Death. If there is one disease more than another that comes like the unbidden guest at a banquet, it is Catarrh. Insidiously it steals upon you; "with no human breath" it gradually, like the octopus, winds its coils about you and crushes you. But there is a medicine, called Dr. Sago's Catarrh Remedy, that can tear you away from the monster, and turn the seamy side of the point of the reaper. The makers of this wonderful remedy offer, in good faith, a standing reward of \$500 for an incurable case of Catarrh in the head.

John Friend, People's Confectioner.—Re-modelled store and lunch rooms; business on more extensive scale. Everything best quality. Cooked hams always on hand 117 Dundas street.

Vote for the peace and prosperity of our beautiful city.

ON FIRE WITH ECZEMA

Terrible Sufferings of Little Baby—Seven Doctors and Two Hospitals Fail—Cured by CUTICURA.

My baby boy, 6 months old, broke out with eczema. The itching and burning was intense; the eczema spread to his hands, feet, face and head, until he was nearly covered; his torturing agonies were pitiable to behold; he had no peace and but little rest night or day.

He was under treatment at different times at two hospitals and by seven doctors in this city without the least benefit; every prescription of the doctors was faithfully tried, but he grew worse all the time. For months I expended about \$25 per week for medicines, and was entirely discouraged. I purchased CUTICURA, CUTICURA SOAP and CUTICURA RESOLVENT and followed the directions to the letter. Relief was immediate, his sufferings were eased, and rest and sleep were entirely restored, and in a short time he was entirely cured, and is now as clear a skin and as fair a boy as any mother could wish to see. I recommend every mother to use it for every Baby Humor.

MRS. M. FERGUSON, 86 W. Brookline street, Boston.

Cuticura Remedies. The greatest skin cure blood purifier, and humor remedies of modern times, instantly relieve the most agonizing forms of eczema and psoriasis, and speedily, permanently, completely and infallibly cure every species of torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, bleeding, crusty, and pimply diseases and humors of the skin, scalp and blood, with loss of hair, from infancy to age, whether simple, hereditary or hereditary when all other methods and best physicians fail.

Sold everywhere. Price, CUTICURA, 75c; SOAP, 25c; RESOLVENT, \$1.00. Prepared by the POTTER, DRUG AND CHEMICAL CORPORATION, Boston.

Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases," 61 pages, 50 illustrations and 100 testimonials. PIMPLES, black-heads, red, rough, chapped skin, and city skin cured by CUTICURA SOAP.

OLD FOLKS' PAINS. Full of comfort for all Pains. It is the best remedy for Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, and all the Cures of the Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster, the first and only Plaster, strengthening plaster. New, instantaneous and infallible.

PATENTS. THOMAS P. SIMPSON, Washington, D.C. No. 1's for United States Patent Office. Write for Inventor's Guide.

DELICATE
MURRAY & LANMAN'S
IMPERISHABLE
PURE
SWEET
LASTING
RICH
RARE
PUNGENT
REFRESHING
FLORIDA
WATER
STILL HOLDS THE FIRST PLACE
IN POPULAR FAVOR. BEWARE OF
IMITATIONS.
FRAGRANT

CAIN
ONE POUND
A Day.
A GAIN OF A POUND A DAY IN THE CASE OF A MAN WHO HAS BECOME "ALL RUN DOWN," AND HAS BEGUN TO TAKE THAT REMARKABLE FLESH PRODUCER.
SCOTT'S
EMULSION
OF PURE COD LIVER OIL WITH
HYPHOSPHITES OF LIME & SODA
IS NOTHING UNUSUAL. THIS FEAT HAS BEEN PERFORMED OVER AND OVER AGAIN. PALATABLE AS MILK. ENHANCED BY PHYSICIANS. SCOTT'S EMULSION IS PUT UP ONLY IN SALMON COLOR WRAPPERS. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AT 50c. AND \$1.00. SCOTT & BOWNE, Baltimore.

LIVERY STABLES.
BEATTIE'S LIVERY—ALBERT STREET—Good horses and first-class rigs. Good accommodation for boarders. Phone 68.
HUNTER & SON—SOUTH LONDON—Livery and Hack Stand. Rates reasonable. Beattie, proprietor.
WILLIAM TRIPP LIVERY, RICHMOND—Street north, stylish rigs, good horses, both riding and driving, at the shortest notice, also boarding and sale stables. Telephone 425.
DUFFON LIVERY, KING STREET—Stylish rigs and good horses. Also at shortest notice. Telephone 33.
LILLEY'S LIVERY—NO. 115 DUNDAS—At foot, East London, Ont. Telephone No. 665.

HUESTON'S
TELEPHONE 441.
J. S. MARSHALL
MAMMOTH LIVERY, DUNDAS STREET
Good carriages at all times. Low charges. Telephone 136.

TO-DAY

Men's Heavy Tweed Pea Jackets only \$3 95

Boy's Heavy Tweed Pea Coats only \$2 75, worth \$4 50.

Men's Heavy Tweed Overcoats \$5 to-day.

14 yards Heavy Tweed Suiting for \$1.

TO-DAY

Iridescent Serge Dress Goods worth \$1, to-day 69c; 54 inches wide.

Broche Dress Goods, all wool, worth 75c, to-day 35c.

Black Dress Trimmings worth 35c, 40c, and 50c per yard, to-day 10c.

The best Linen Handkerchiefs in London for the money. Our price 2 for 25c.

Beautiful All-Linen Towels 30c pair, worth 40c.

TO-DAY

Heavy Shaker Flannels, plain colors, only 6½

Heavy Black Fur Boas, regular bargains, to-day at 50c.

Great Big Heavy Cloth Shawls, \$5 ones for \$3 75, \$4 ones for \$3, \$2 ones for \$1 50.

TO-DAY

ALL DAY

BARGAINS

—AT—

CHAPMAN'S

126 to 128 Dundas St., London.

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Daily, by m

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Christmas and Holiday Goods.

LARGE VARIETY.

FINEST CANDY,
CRYSTALLIZED FRUITS,
ICED CAKES, ETC.,—AT—
FYSH'S

220 DUNDAS STREET.

Branch at Richmond and King.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS

BORN.

LEISHMAN—On Dec. 29, at 136 Elmwood

avenue, the wife of John H. Leishman, of a

daughter.

ANDERSON—On Dec. 27, the wife of Geo. M.

Anderson, of a daughter.

MARRIED.

OSBORN—PEEL—On Dec. 29, at St. James

Presbyterian Church, London, by Rev. M. P.

Talling, R. W. Osborn, of St. Catharines, to

Minnie Alexandra, daughter of the late

Thomas Peel.

SKINNER—MEYER—At the residence of Mr.

Percy Carroll, 235 Princess avenue, on Tues-

day, Dec. 29, by the Rev. J. G. Scott, St.

Thomas, Will H. Skinner, to Reta Meyer, of

this city.

DIED.

HUTCHINSON—On Friday, Dec. 30, 1893, at

Wincombe, Rochester street, South London,

Charles Hutchinson, county crown attorney

for Middlesex, in his 67th year.

Funeral on Sunday, Jan. 1, 1894, at 2 p.m.

Services at 2:30.

Another fresh supply direct from manufac-

turers of

GENUINE PINK PILLS

For Pale People.

50c a box or six boxes for \$2.50

—AT—

ANDERSON & NELLEN'S DRUG STORE

Use KUR-A-KOF for Coughs

and Colds. 25c a bottle.

Boutelleau & Co.'s

COGNAC

IS THE BEST.

Scandrett's

177 DUNDAS STREET.

ywt

This Brand of Flour

Always makes the

BEST BREAD

OR PASTRY.

USE NO OTHER.

J. D. SAUNBY

327 York Street.

TELEPHONE 118.

The Workingman's Dollar is as Good

as the Rich Man's Dollar at

JOHN E. AVANN'S

Weekly Payment Store,

NO. 248 RIDOUT STREET.

Where you can get a pair of pants, or a suit

of clothes, or an overcoat, made to order; where

you can get a pair of blankets, a bed com-

forter, table linen, dress goods, cottons, sheet-

ings and all goods in the drygoods line. In

men's furnishings you can get a good hat or a

pair of gloves. All the above cash or credit.

Give me a trial order and get reliable goods.

CHRISTMAS NOTICE.

—ORDER AT—

S. S. WORTMAN'S

Cut Flowers, Holly, Mistletoe, Pine,

Candies, Fruit, Canned Goods and

Liquors.

250 AND 268 DUNDAS STREET

Telephones 119 and 120.

Geo. McNeil,

—DEALER IN—

COAL and WOOD

All kinds of Coal and Wood on hand.

Pernice Coal, Chestnut and Steve,

NEW

FALL GOODS.

Newest Designs in Dress Fabrics.

Latest Novelties in Art Silks.

Special Selection of Furs.

A French manufacturer's sam-

ples of Ladies' Box-made Coats,

Fur-lined Cloaks, etc. Your in-

spection invited.

Priddis Bros.

To the Electors of the City of London

Ladies and Gentlemen—We are not can-

didates for any municipal office in your city,

but merely wish to draw your attention to the

fact that we are doing the nicest grocery busi-

ness in the city. During the three months

since we assumed that stand, the New York

Store, a name known in every household in

London and the surrounding country, our trade

has daily increased. We did an immense

holiday business and are grateful to our

patrons who have supported us thus far. For

the future it shall be our aim to merit an

even larger measure of their trade than we

have in the past. Wishing everybody a happy

and prosperous New Year. We remain, faith-

fully yours,

ANDERSON & BARNARD,

The New York Store.

—A FEW FIRST-CLASS—

English Breech—Loading Guns

Left, which we are closing off at reduced

prices. Also several second-hand Breech-

Loading Guns, in good order, cheap.

WM. GURD & CO., 185 Dundas St.

TELEPHONE 300.

Southcott's

FINE TAILORS

361 Richmond St

J. FRITH JEFFERS,

—AGENT FOR—

The Guardian (Citizens), London

and Lancashire, Atlas, National

and Quebec Fire Companies,

Office, Allion Buildings. Telephone 735.

Ground floor, No. 487 Richmond street.

701

THE WEATHER.

TORONTO, Dec. 30—11 p. m.—The tendency

everywhere is for lower pressure; a

depression is developing to the north of

Lake Superior and another of less im-

portance is over the Southwest States.

Light local falls of snow have occurred in

Ontario, otherwise the weather is fair

throughout Canada.

Minimum and maximum temperatures:

Calgary, 4°—40°; Battleford, 4°—25°; Ed-

monton, 4°—23°; Prince Albert, 8° below 6°;

—1° below; Qu'Appelle, 8° below 6°; Port

Arthur, 16°—22°; Toronto, 17°—26°; King-

ston, 4°—26°; Montreal, 4°—18°; Quebec, 2°

below—14°; Halifax, 12°—28°.

30-DAY'S PROBABILITIES.

TORONTO, Dec. 31—1 p. m.—Probabili-

ties for the next 24 hours for the lower

lakes region (covering the peninsula and

as far east as Belleville) are: Increasing

winds; unsettled and milder weather, with

some snow, turning to sleet or rain in

southern portion.

—The ever popular "Private Secretary"

was presented at the Grand last evening

McNeil's good house. The play is as funny

as ever and is in the hands of a competent

company. Mr. Wm. Fairbanks as Mr.

Marshall's new private secretary took the

title role and made a decided hit. All the

other members of the company sustained

their parts with ability. "The Private

Secretary" loses none of its popularity.

"By Wits Outwitted."

At the Grand Opera House on Wednes-

day, Jan. 4, will be presented Edward

Owings Towne's new comedy, "By Wits

Outwitted." A career new and then or a

tender word costs so little and means so

much to the woman of your choice.

Don't forget that the sunny side of a

woman's nature cannot outlive coldness,

indifference and neglect.

Don't take it for granted that if your

wife wants a little change she will ask for it.

Don't meddle in the affairs of the house.

The man who gives out the week's wash and

counts the cost of every household move is

an unmitigated nuisance.

Don't make a bolt from your 6 o'clock

dinner table to the club and leave the poor

soul who would like to enjoy your society

to the horrors of an evening alone. Re-

member that the tenderest mother and the

most untiring housekeeper would enjoy an

occasional change from nursery and home

duties.

When a bicyclist goes at top speed he

calls it a spin.

"WORTH A GUINEA A BOX."

BEECHAM'S

FILLS

COVERED WITH A TASTELESS AND

SOLUBLE COATING.

FOR SICK HEADACHE.

OR SWELLING IN THE HEAD, WIND,

PAIN, AND SPASMS IN THE STOMACH, PAINS IN

THE BACK, GRINDING, AND STIFF PAINS IN THE

BODY, RHEUMATISM, &c.

Take four, five or even six of Beecham's

Fills, and in five minutes out of ten, they will give

relief to the sufferer. The pills will dissolve in

water and remove the cause, the cause being in

the bowels, and not in the stomach, as is so often

said. One and a half pills, together with pain-

killers and narcotics, vapours, and sometimes

opium, will do no good.

We sell Beecham's Pills at 2s. 6d. per box, 10s. 6d. per

dozen, and 20s. 6d. per gross, at all drug stores.

For sale by all druggists.

E. J. MacRobert & Bro.

District and General Agents

for Western Ontario.

Representing the Following Companies:

ECONOMICAL Mutual Fire Ins. Co. of Berlin,

FIRE INSURANCE Co. of London, Eng.

NATION FIRE INSURANCE Co. of Ireland,

PRINCE FIRE INSURANCE Co. of Hartford,

ATLAS FIRE INSURANCE Co. of England,

PERTH Mutual Fire Ins. Co. of Stratford.

TELEPHONE 440.

Offices—Edge Block, cor. Richmond

and Dundas Sts., London, Ont.

London Advertiser.

Telephone Numbers.

267.....Business Office.

284.....Editorial Rooms.

270.....Job Department.

LONDON AND ENVIRONS.

—It is necessary that copy for changes

of advertisements (to be sure of insertion)

must be handed in on the day previous to

that on which their appearance is desired.

—DO YOU WANT US TO ESTIMATE AS TO

HOW MUCH AN ADVERTISEMENT WILL COST

YOU? SEND INQUIRY ON A POSTAL CARD

AND YOU WILL BE ANSWERED BY RETURN

MAIL.

—Mr. Geo. Cave is here from Acron,

Ohio, spending his Christmas holidays.

—Mrs. J. F. Darch, who has been seri-

ously ill for some ten days past, is now

slowly recovering.

—L. A. D. Hill, Eramosa, and wife, nee

Miss Jennie Birge, have been in the city

spending their honeymoon.

—A memorial service for the late Henry

Mathewson will be conducted in the First

Congregational Church on Sunday morning.

—Rev. Robt. Ayward, of the First Con-

gregational Church, will preach on the 7

o'clock closing movement on Sunday even-

ing.

—Bishop Baldwin will preach an ap-

propriate New Year's sermon in St. James'

Church, South London, to-morrow even-

CHAPTER XX

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The Outlook.

[illegible]

man is being
and is breed is
the greenhouses
abilities,
favor.
to future breeds
of genetic material
because of
bearing physical
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cuts into three-inch
and boxes with earth and stored in a cool
till spring. "When the ground is in a good
condition, the cuttings are planted in
striking them in a slanting position
covering completely, so that the top
about an inch below
soil. Several shoots will usually start
soon. Several must be trained up to form
strongest stems, and all others broken
off. When greenhouses facilities are available
the cuttings may be started during
with gentle bottom heat in the propagator
bench, and set in nursery rows the first
spring.

"I am convinced of the merit of Hood's
apparatus after having taken him to flower
—this is what many people say."

scratching. If I was to continue to
form, which could be called and ulcers
coming very much. SWAIN'S DIN
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MAIL BUILDING

It is a well-known fact that there is no place in the Dominion of Furniture so likely to not only claim that it has five floors, consisting of Sofas, Leather, Silk and so Sideboards, Cabinets and Suites in great variety, assorted, but that our city.

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Plush Upholstered
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prices are the low-

THE TORONTO FURNITURE
SUPPLY COY
56 KING STREET
WEST...