

PARLIAMENT BOWLED OUT CROCKET'S CHARGES

Forty-eight Majority Against Motion of Censure of Minister of Public Works

Dr. Pugsley Proves the Falsity of Member for York's Base Insinuations in Regard to Purchase of Richibucto Wharf—Shows Conclusively That Government Got a Great Bargain in Acquiring the Property—Conservative Members Entertain With Real Mouth Organs at the Close.

(Special to The Telegraph.)

Ottawa, April 21.—The House of Commons today spent a longer time in discussing the purchase by the government, for \$5,000, of the so-called "sawdust" wharf at Richibucto in 1908, than it spent in putting the Naval bill through the committee stage; almost double the time it gave to the third reading of the bill, and almost as long as it spent altogether in putting the new immigration bill through all three stages.

The opposition's piece of resistance "scanda" of the public accounts committee this session, developed at about a dozen meetings of the committee, and exploited last night in a three hours speech by Mr. Crockett, and again today by Dr. Pugsley and Mr. McLaughlin, was very effectively laid to rest by the clear-cut and convincing explanation of the whole transaction given by Mr. Carvell and Hon. Dr. Pugsley.

Insinuations of collusion on the part of the minister of public works in paying the wharf, formed the major part of the opposition case. Though challenged to do so by Dr. Pugsley, Mr. Crockett declined to make any formal charge of wrong doing on the part of the minister.

The one kernel of fact on which all the insinuations rested was that the wharf which Thomas Murray sold to the department for \$5,000, had been a previous transfer of the property for \$700; it was in the public interest to secure the wharf, and instead of paying too much for the property the government had got a bargain, as was shown by the fact that an offer had been made by Messrs. Logie, a reputable and well known business firm, to buy it back for

\$5,800. As conclusive evidence of this latter fact Dr. Pugsley noted that two-thirds of the property secured had been resold to the Messrs. Logie for \$5,800.

The net result of the whole transaction was, therefore, that for \$1,500 the government had got the most valuable part of the wharf property and was now in a position to afford Richibucto much needed terminal railway facilities at the water front.

No One to Back O'Leary's Statements.

In conclusion, he laid stress on the fact that Mr. Crockett had been able to bring to the public accounts committee no witness outside of Richard O'Leary, a prejudiced partisan, who was prepared to swear that the government had not got a good bargain. Not a single resident of Richibucto or of Kent county had been produced who could say that the government had paid too much. On the other hand, all the other evidence taken before the committee showed that the government had got good value for the public money.

In winding up the discussion, after an all day debate, Mr. Borden expressed great indignation at the "enormity" of the whole transaction, and he endorsed the wording of Mr. Crockett's resolution, declaring that said purchase was a corrupt and fraudulent transaction, which deserves the severest condemnation of the house.

Mr. Crockett's motion was lost on a party division, by 111 to 65, a government majority of 46.

The division was characterized by something unique in the history of parliament. It was then that the discovery was made that almost everything loose had been carried away. The stolen goods include bedding, wearing apparel for the patients, dishes, lamps, rugs sufficient to provide for the accommodation of forty or fifty patients.

This is not the first time the isolation hospital has been robbed. Some seven or eight years ago a lot of the same kind of furnishings, amounting to \$200 or \$300, was stolen from the same building.

An effort will be made to ferret out the perpetrators of the theft, and a little prospect of any of the stuff ever being recovered.

(Continued on page 7, fifth column.)

STRUCK ANOTHER GUSHER IN ALBERT

Well, With Yield of 800,000 Cubic Yards of Gas Daily, Tapped Yesterday

HOSPITAL LOOTED

Moncton Authorities Find That Epidemic Building Had Been Practically Stripped of All Its Furnishings During Past Few Months.

(Special to The Telegraph.)

Moncton, April 21.—The Maritime Oilfields Company this afternoon made another big strike of natural gas in well No. 8 at McLatchey's, near Hillsboro. The new well is 800 feet north of No. 7 and at a distance of a little over 1,000 feet of sands were struck. Today a flow yielding over 800,000 cubic feet of gas per day started.

The yield of natural gas from the different wells, including the latest, is estimated at 2,000,000 cubic feet daily. O. P. Boggs, manager, visited the well this afternoon and was greatly elated at the recent strike of oil and gas.

Recent investigation by the city authorities has led to the startling discovery that the epidemic hospital has been burglarized and hundreds of dollars worth of stuff stolen. The building hasn't been used for two years but tenants have occupied the premises from time to time. The place had been vacant for the past few months and no one seems to have visited it, except if the furniture, bedding, clothing, etc., belonging to the city, remained in the building.

A short time ago the city decided to sell the epidemic hospital and build a new one in a more isolated location, and it was then that the discovery was made that almost everything loose had been carried away. The stolen goods include bedding, wearing apparel for the patients, dishes, lamps, rugs sufficient to provide for the accommodation of forty or fifty patients.

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(Continued on page 7, fifth column.)

N. S. PROHIBITION BILL PASSES

House and Legislative Council Rush Measure in Short Order

MAJORITY RULES

Amendment That Three-fifths Vote Be Required to Put Act in Force in Halifax Voted Down; Clubs Cannot Be Formed to Secure Liquor for Members.

(Special to The Telegraph.)

Halifax, N. S., April 21.—The house of assembly gave the prohibition bill its third reading at 8 o'clock this evening when it was sent to the legislative council for concurrence. That body took the bill up at 8 o'clock and by midnight had given it the first, second and third reading.

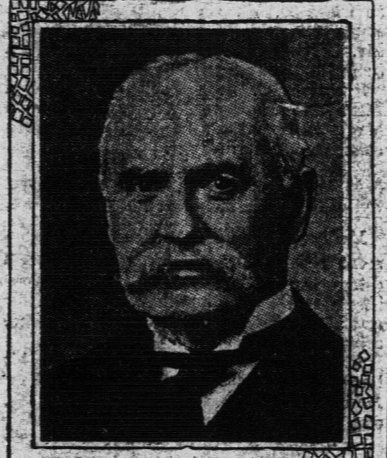
The liquor interests tried to get an amendment through the council requiring a three-fifths majority of the ratepayers of Halifax in the referendum, which shall take place if this city is to be brought under the act. The council refused, however, and it stands that a majority of the votes cast in the plebiscite for or against license shall be sufficient.

The council made one amendment which provides that it shall be illegal, under the act, to form clubs to secure liquor for members.

The house will prorogue at 3 o'clock tomorrow afternoon.

THE OLD GUARD STEPPING OUT

Washington, D. C., April 21.—New days are dawning for the United States senate, and their coming is not altogether cloudless. So close upon the announcement of



SENATOR NELSON W. ALDRICH

the retirement of Senator Aldrich that nervous politicians had hardly recovered their equilibrium there has come the statement that Senator Hale, of Maine, will



SENATOR EUGENE HALE

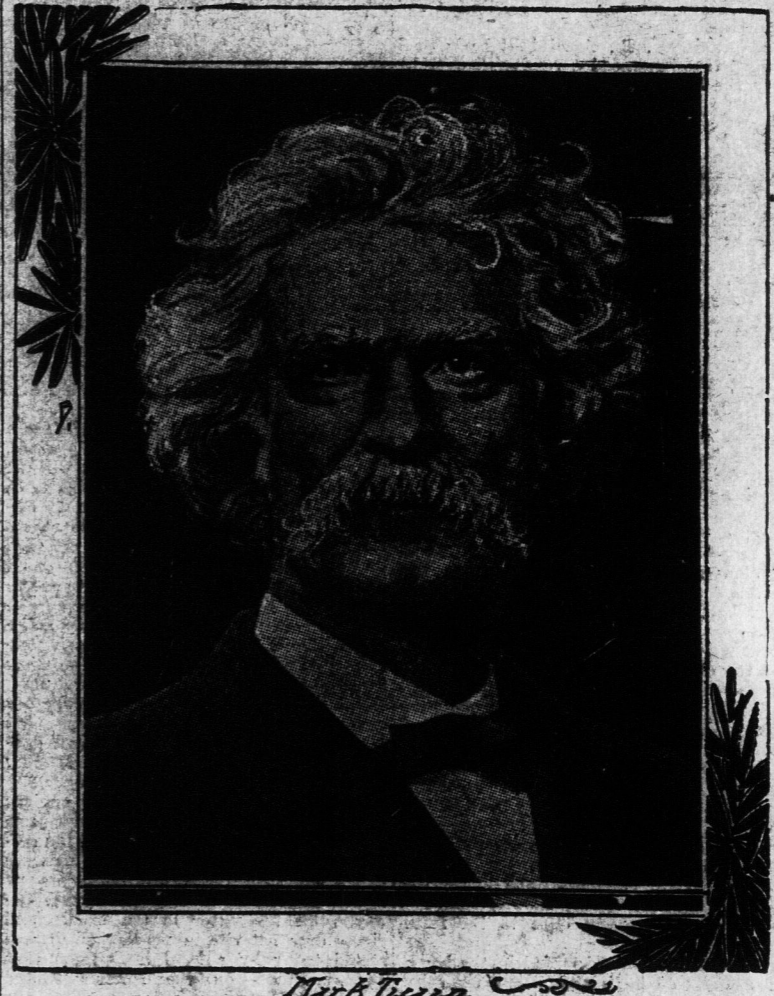
not again seek reelection. These two have shared the Republican leadership of the senate. That they should retire at the same time has given rise to the widest speculation and rumor.

CHINAMEN, WHO BEAT WOODSMAN TO DEATH, GOT OFF EASILY

Port Arthur, April 21.—(Special)—Two Chinese, Lee Ming and Lop Lee Loy, who were charged with killing Mike Redmond, woodman, in their restaurant at West Fort William last February by beating him over the head with a bottle after he had angered them by throwing water on the floor, escaped with very light sentences.

As assizes today Justice Langford allowed the charge to be altered to assault, and Lee Ming was given a year in jail, and Lop Lee Loy, three months.

MARK TWAIN, THE GREAT AMERICAN HUMORIST, DEAD



WILD SCENE IN BRITISH HOUSE

Motion to Abolish Pension to Sir Robert Anderson Started Uproar

IRISH INFURIATED

Declared Government Should Not Continue \$4,500 a Year to Confessed Author of "Parnellism and Crime"—Reference to Phoenix Park Murders Adds Fuel to Flames—Motion Finally Lost.

(Associated Press.)

London, April 21.—Memories of the turbulent scenes of Parnell's time were revived in the house of commons tonight during the discussion of a motion by T. P. O'Connor to reduce the civil service estimate by \$4,500, the amount of Sir Robert Anderson's pension.

In an autobiographic article recently, Sir Robert Anderson admitted authorship of the famous Parnellism and Crime series of articles which appeared in the Times in 1887 and culminated in the publication of the Piggott forgery. The Irish members of the house announced their intention to obtain, if possible, a government investigation of the affair, with a view to depriving Sir Robert of his pension, on the ground that his act was a breach of official confidence, because he had been the head of the investigation department of Scotland Yard.

Mr. Balfour, leader of the opposition, agreed, at tonight's session, with Premier Asquith and Mr. Churchill, in condemning Sir Robert's action as improper, but Mr. Churchill, as home secretary, declined to interfere to deprive him of his pension.

The debate was proceeding quietly but with acerbity on the part of the Nationalists, one of whom declared that Sir Robert's articles were an attempt to revive old charges against the Nationalists, in order to help the Tories in the coming election when the Right Hon. James Henry Campbell, member from Dublin University, in the course of his speech, referred to the Phoenix Park murders and the Piggott letter in terms that excited the highest resentment from the Irish benches. There were loud demands for Mr. Campbell to withdraw his offensive expressions. The chairman, declining to interfere, a perfect uproar ensued, Mr. Redmond exclaiming: "It was an outrage," while others cried "Send for Parnell!"

The chairman and Secretary for War Haldane vainly appealed to the house to allow Mr. Campbell to continue his speech.

The pandemonium was renewed on the part of the Nationalists, who shouted: "Piggott!" "Dublin Castle!" "We won't stand for it," and cheered for Parnell.

The scene was continued for several minutes and finally Mr. Churchill moved closure and Mr. O'Connor's motion was rejected, 164 to 64.

RUSH OF AMERICAN SETTLERS TO CANADA BIGGER

Canadian Agent Reports Great Exodus, Via St. Paul, Across the Border.

(Special to The Telegraph.)

Ottawa, April 21.—Hon. Frank Oliver received today from W. J. White, inspector of Canadian immigration agencies in the United States, a telegram giving some illuminative information as to the character and extent of the present rush of immigrants from across the line into Canada.

Mr. White notes that yesterday there passed through the St. Paul office from a single locality in Missouri twenty families, comprising sixty people, taking with them \$70,000 in cash and effects valued at \$15,000.

During the past two days 150 people were ticketed at St. Paul for Canada, where they intend to take up land. They had no less than \$200,000 in cash and effects. "This kind of a movement," says Mr. White, "has been going on all the spring. Most of the trains for Canada go out in two or three sections and special trains are going every day."

On shore once more, and longing for the serenity of the New England hills, he took courage and said to those who noted his enfeeblement in sorrow: "Give me a breath of Redding air once more and this will pass." But his ideas pass and tired of body, weary of spirit, the old warrior against sham and snobbery said faintly to his nurses: "Why do you fight to keep me alive? Two days of life are as good to me as four."

Mark Twain was for more than fifty years an inveterate smoker, and the first conjecture of the layman will be that he weakened his heart by over-indulgence in tobacco, but Dr. Halsey said tonight that he was unable to predicate that the angina pectoris from which the humorist died, was in any way a sequel of nicotine poisoning. Yet it is true that after his illness began, the doctors cut down Mark Twain's daily allowance of twenty cigars and countless pipes to four cigars a day. No deprivation caused him more discomfort. He tried to smoke on the steamer while returning from Bermuda and only gave it up because he was too feeble to draw on his pipe. Even on his death-bed when he had passed the point of speech, and it was no longer certain that his ideas were lucid, he would wave an imaginary cigar and smiling, expel empty air from under his heavy moustache, stained with smoke.

Where Mark Twain chose to spend his declining years was the first outpost of Methodism in New England, and it was among the hills of Redding that General Israel Putnam, of revolutionary fame, mustered his sparse ranks.

There Mr. Clemens reared the white walls of the Italian villa he first named "Innocence at Home," but a first experience of what a New England winter storm can be in its whitest fury, quickly caused him to change it anew "Stormfield."

Through the lanes, the Innocent at Home loved to wander in his white diamonds for lonely gossip with the neighbors. They remember him best as one who above all things loved a good listener, for Mark Twain was a speechy talker, stored with fairy tales for the little maids he adored, and racy, ruder speech for masculine ears. It is a legend that he was vastly proud of his famous mop of white hair and in getting it to just the proper artistic disarray.

The death of H. H. Rogers, a close friend, was a severe blow to Mr. Clemens. The death of his daughter, Jean, who was seized with an attack of epilepsy last fall, while in her bath, was an added blow from which he never recovered. It was then that the stabbing pains in the heart began. Mark Twain died, as nearly as it can be ascertained, at 62 years of age.

(Continued on page 8, fourth column.)

STEAMER BURNED AT ROTTERDAM DOCKS

Rotterdam, April 21.—The Holland-American freight steamer Somnelydyk, with cargo ready to sail for Boston, was completely destroyed by fire today.

The Somnelydyk was formerly the Rotterdam. She was built at Newcastle in 1887. She measured 6,210 tons gross, and was 410 feet in length.

Succumbed to Heart Disease

Grief Over the Death of Daughter Hastened His End

Returned from Bermuda Recently Hopeless of Recovery—Was a Prolific Writer and a Great Traveler—An Inveterate Smoker, Though Doctors Think It Didn't Hurt Him.

(Associated Press.)

Redding, Conn., April 21.—Samuel Langhorne Clemens (Mark Twain) died painlessly at his home here at 6.30 o'clock tonight of angina pectoris. He lapsed into coma at 3 o'clock this afternoon and never recovered consciousness. It was the end of a man worn out by grief and agony of body.

Yesterday was a bad day for the little knot of anxious watchers at the bedside. For hours, the grey, aquiline features lay moulded in the mirth of death, while the pulse sank lower and lower, but late at night Mark Twain passed from stupor into the first natural sleep he had known since he returned from Bermuda and this morning he awoke refreshed, even fairly cheerful and in full possession of all his faculties. He recognized his daughter, Clara, Mrs. Ossip Gabrieliowitch, spoke a word or two and finding himself unequal to conversation, wrote out in pencil: "Give me my glasses."

"They were his last words. Laying them aside, he sank first into reverie and later into final unconsciousness. There was no thought at the time, however, that the end was so near."

At 5 o'clock, Dr. Robert Halsey, who had been continuously in attendance, said: "Mr. Clemens is not so strong at this hour as he was at the corresponding hour yesterday, but he has wonderful vitality and he may rally again."

At the deathbed were Mrs. Gabrieliowitch, her husband, Dr. Robert Halsey, Dr. Quintard, Albert Bigelow Paine, who will write Mark Twain's biography and is his literary executor, and the two trained nurses.

Restoratives—digitals, strychnine and camphor—were administered but the patient failed to respond.

Although angina pectoris is characterized by severe pain and deep depression of spirits, Mark Twain did not die in anguish. Sedatives soothed his pain, but in his moments of consciousness the mental depression persisted. On the way up from Bermuda, he said to Dr. Paine, who had been his constant companion in illness: "Lost Hope."

"This is a bad job; we'll never pull through with it!"

On shore once more, and longing for the serenity of the New England hills, he took courage and said to those who noted his enfeeblement in sorrow: "Give me a breath of Redding air once more and this will pass." But his ideas pass and tired of body, weary of spirit, the old warrior against sham and snobbery said faintly to his nurses: "Why do you fight to keep me alive? Two days of life are as good to me as four."

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(Continued on page 8, fourth column.)

ORIA

...and which has been borne the signature of... been made under his supervision since its infancy... one to deceive you in this... "Just-as-good" are but... and endanger the health of... peace against Experiment.

ASTORIA

...for Castor Oil, Parep... It is Pleasant. It... pine nor other Narcotic... It destroys Worms... Diarrhea and Wind... cures Constipation... the Food, regulates the... healthy and natural sleep... Mother's Friend.

ORIA ALWAYS

...signature of... Always Bought... 30 Years.

MARITIME MILITIA ORDERS GAZETTED

Col. Drury's Tenure of Command Extended to May 1--Several Promotions in 62nd Fusiliers.

Ottawa, April 18.—Militia orders issued today announce the following:

Maritime provinces command: The period of tenure of the appointment of Colonel and temporary Brigadier-General C. W. Drury, C. B., A. D. C., as officer commanding, is extended to May 1.

62nd Regiment, St. John Fusiliers—To be major: Capt. Frost, vice J. L. McAvity, promoted; to be captain, Lieut. D. D. McArthur, vice H. J. Smith, transferred; Captain F. G. Sancton is transferred to the corps reserve; to be captain, Lieut. F. E. May, vice F. G. Sancton.

Vancouver, B. C., April 17.—(Special)—Right Rev. John Dart, D. D., Anglican Bishop of New Westminster (B. C.), died in that city Saturday.

For Stream Drivers

Kip 10 in. Laced Boots \$4.00
Chrome 7 in. " 4.00
Chrome 10 in. " 5.50

For Fishermen

Storm King First Quality Rubber Boots, \$5.25
Short, First Quality Rubber Boots, \$4.25
Oil Grain, 20 inch Leg Hand made Boots \$5.50
These are the goods that give satisfaction.
Open evenings until 8.

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...LY GENUINE... Remedy ever discovered... short all attacks of... PAINS... Palliative in... GOUT, RHEUMATISM, THACHIE, ...ch Bottle... Sole Manufacturers: L. T. DAVENPORT, Ltd., London, E.C.

...s. & Co., Toronto, Limited

FROM ALL OVER THE MARITIME PROVINCES

FREDERICTON

Fredericton, N. B., April 19—The lumbermen now feel that the drives will come out all right. Rain fell all day, heavy showers occurring at times, and in expectation to continue. John Kilburn left tonight for the headwaters of the St. John river with a crew of stream drivers. The majority of his men are already on the ground. He expects little difficulty in bringing out his drive, if the rain continues.

Practically no bank logs came in to Springhill today and as a consequence no sales were made. The price paid on Monday of \$16 for a lot made up of 46,000 feet of merchantable and 11,000 feet of battens is a record this season. Prices for ordinary logs remain unchanged. It is expected that with more favorable weather the farmers will raft more logs this week, and large amounts will be received at Springhill by the end of the week.

Dr. C. C. Jones, chancellor of the U. N. B., announced tonight that a new feature of an encyclopaedia programme in June would be an address to the graduating class by Hon. J. V. Ellis, of St. John. Some years ago an address was customary, but it has not been a part of the programme recently. The U. N. B. this year will graduate her first students in forestry. The class will consist of thirty-six, fifteen in arts, sixteen in civil engineering, one in electrical engineering and four in forestry. It will be the largest in the history of the college.

As far as is known, no honorary degree will be granted. There will be several candidates for the degree of M. A. and M. Sc. The rain fall here today has made the outlook for stream driving look more encouraging. There is no change in the condition of the river but as there is still considerable snow on the headwaters the rise may be expected in the course of a few days. So far no logs have reached the booms.

The Scott Lumber Company's drive on Cranberry, consisting of two million feet of pine has reached saw water. Bank logs are coming in fast at Springhill and bring good prices. Merchantable long spruce logs are selling at \$14 a thousand.

People who bring rafts to Springhill feel the need of a railway ferry. A number of them reside in the parishes of Southampton and Queensbury and in order to reach home they go by train to Woodstock then float down the river in a catamaran. Sydney Burpee has purchased the general store in Sheffield, carried on for many years by the late Charles J. Burpee.

Harold Edgecombe, son of A. G. Edgecombe of St. John, will graduate this year in forestry from the Toronto University and will spend the summer in the field. Fredericton, N. B., April 20—The rain has brought the river up about one foot, and logs are coming into the booms. Lumbermen are now feeling fairly confident of getting their logs out safely.

Nothing definite is yet concerning the personnel of the survey parties for St. John Valley survey. Ashley Colter, son of Hon. Geo. Colter, now at McGill College, will be one of the party. It is understood that J. J. Taylor, who is now engaged as engineer on the Drummond Mines Railway in Gloucester county, will be in charge of the party on the up river section, and Brown Maxwell, of Lincoln, will be in charge of the party on the down river section.

T. H. Bullock, of St. John, manager of the Imperial Oil Company, arrived in the city tonight. He will confer with a committee of the city council tomorrow concerning the erection of a gasoline tank here. The nuptials of B. B. Manzer, dry goods merchant, of Woodstock, and Mrs. Sarah I. Colter, of this city, will be celebrated at the bride's home here tomorrow morning. Rev. J. W. McConnell will officiate. The couple will leave by the 10 o'clock train for Halifax, where they will embark on the S. S. Empress of Britain on a honeymoon trip to the old country.

It is raining quite heavily here today and the river is rising slightly. The funeral of J. Farrell took place this morning, and was attended by the city council and city officials, and many other prominent citizens. The body was taken to St. Dunstan's church, where high mass was celebrated by Father Carney, assisted by Fathers Cormier and Hayes. Father Carney paid an eloquent tribute to the worth of Mr. Farrell. The procession to the Hermitage, where interment was made, was very lengthy. The pallbearers were Judge Barry, T. H. Bliss, D. Lenihan, J. McMurray, Daniel Elliott and G. Y. Dilley.

MONCTON

Moncton, April 19—The last basket ball game of the season was played in the Y. M. C. A. gymnasium this evening between the Moncton High School and Hopewell Cape team. The Moncton team won by a score of 20 to 15 after ten minutes' overtime play. The teams were: Moncton—Means and McDonald, forwards; Taylor, centre; Tritts and Armstrong, defence. Hopewell Cape—Tyrre and Tingley, for-

wards; Hoar, centre; McNaughton and Fowles, defence.

Charles Cook, of Sackville, in the hospital here with a broken skull, is reported much improved tonight. He is able to converse and seems brighter in every way. Hopes are now entertained for his recovery.

The state council of the Knights of Columbus for the maritime provinces and Newfoundland will hold a three days' convention in Moncton the second week in May. An elaborate programme is being arranged for the entertainment of the visitors. Degrees are expected to be conferred on some fifty new candidates for membership.

Meals, N. B., April 20—The school board tonight passed a resolution expressing the opinion that the compulsory education act should be brought into force in Moncton at once, and directing the city council to attend to the matter.

Chief Rideout submitted a report to the school board, giving the names of fifty children of school age, found running the streets and not attending school. This was used as an argument in favor of compulsory education, and the necessity for a new school building in the West End of the city. It was stated that plans for the new building are being prepared by F. Neil Brodie, of St. John, and would be ready in ten days.

Guy Turner, principal of St. Martin's school, was an applicant tonight for a position on the Moncton teaching staff. The application was filed.

The body of the late Mrs. Jphia Chandler, of St. John, was laid to rest today at Dorchester. The funeral service was conducted by Rev. Mr. Hall at Trinity church, and was largely attended. Friends were present from Moncton, Sackville and Amherst.

The New Brunswick Dental Association will hold its annual convention in Moncton July 12 and 13 next. The local society is at work preparing a programme. A trip to the oil and gas wells in Albert county is contemplated.

The Intermediate Baseball League have arranged to open the season the first week in May.

Moncton, N. B., April 20—(Special)—A bad fire occurred at 6 o'clock this evening in a boarding house kept by Mrs. R. A. Knight, at the corner of St. George and Wesley streets. The blaze started in a closet in the second story, being caused by a defective chimney. The house was badly gutted by fire and water and considerable damage was done to the furniture.

Miss Stevens, who boarded in the house, lost nearly all her clothing, and the other boarders in the house made a hasty exit with their belongings. The house was owned by Mrs. Knight's mother, Mrs. R. M. Stevens. There was \$2,000 insurance on the building and \$1,000 on the furniture, which will cover the loss.

PERTH

Perth, N. B., April 19—John Burgess and Charles Burgess, who belong in Caribou (Me.), were arrested at Watake, a few miles below Plaster Rock, this morning by Chief of G. T. P. Police Foster and Officer Pearson. The charge against them is that of keeping a disorderly house at Watake. They were brought to Perth and handed over to Thomas Cameron, Canadian immigration officer, for deportation with the understanding that if they stay on their own side of the line they will not be prosecuted.

There were two women in the house at the time of the raid but these were not arrested. One of the women is a daughter of one of the men taken into custody. Cameron took the men over the line yesterday afternoon.

The council's election for the parish of Andover took place today to fill the vacancy made by the unseating of James Porter on account of his nomination papers not being legally filed. Mr. Porter was elected last fall by a majority of three votes over Frank Henderson. The contestants in the election today were Mr. Porter and Mr. Henderson. Mr. Porter was again elected, by a majority of thirteen votes. Only about a quarter of the voters of the parish took the opportunity to exercise their franchise. Mr. Henderson is said to be handicapped on account of being so ill that he could take no active part in the contest.

Circuit court convened here today but adjourned as there was no business. Several civil cases to have come up were settled out of court.

Senator Baird arrived home from Ottawa by this afternoon's train.

CHATHAM

Chatham, April 19—Two new tugs will be in commission on the Miramichi this summer. Sheriff O'Brien, of Nelson, is having a new tug built by the Miramichi Foundry Company to be used for towing on the river in connection with his lumber business. The new tug will be 56 feet long, 13 feet beam and will have four feet draught. She will be equipped with a 75 horse-power engine and with an up-to-date tubular boiler of 150 pounds pressure. The frame is double and made of juniper and she is planked with birch and cedar spruce. She will be named the J. O. B.

Hugh Lamont, of Douglas town, will also have a new tug very similar in dimensions

and equipment to the J. O. B. She will be 55 feet long, 12 feet beam and will have four feet draught. Her engine and boiler will be the same as the J. O. B.'s in capacity, the difference being that her boiler will be of the submerged type. The design of the tug is a wooden structure. William E. Doane, an architect of Montreal, when brought to Chatham to take the matter up with the mother superior, advised the sisters to build an entirely new hospital. Two plans have already been made and submitted by Mr. Doane, but each was too expensive and a third is now being prepared. Work upon the new structure has already commenced, a number of workmen being engaged at excavating on the site of the proposed new hospital, which is on the hospital grounds and fronting on Loban avenue, and directly in front of the entrance to the Hotel Dieu.

The plan of the new building calls for a central portion 120x50 feet and two wings, each 70x45. The central portion will be built at present and the wings added as soon as financial conditions warrant further work. The new hospital will be three stories high, the first being a wooden structure, the second and third being of brick. The second will be given exclusively to private rooms and the third floor will contain the operating room and its dependencies. The building will be erected on a plot of land owned by the administration offices, the second will be given exclusively to private rooms and the third floor will contain the operating room and its dependencies. The building will be erected on a plot of land owned by the administration offices, the second will be given exclusively to private rooms and the third floor will contain the operating room and its dependencies.

The dredge invader has been thoroughly repaired at Loggieville. The dredge has been enlarged considerably. A small diver has been installed and the invader will be lighted by electricity.

Local lumbermen are becoming anxious in regard to the lumber drives and some rain will be needed very shortly if the season's drives are to meet with any success. There is yet considerable snow in the woods, but it is diminishing gradually while the water in the brooks and rivers does not rise in proportion. It was stated today by a local lumberman that the conditions on the Northwest and Southwest branches are very poor, the water is remarkably low and unless rain comes soon the drives will be in some straits. On the Tabernacle conditions are equally unfavorable. There is a thick covering of snow but the water is so low that in some cases the logs have not been put into the brooks. On the Tracadie the driving is also very poor and as the days pass the situation is growing more unfavorable.

considerable money. However, once secured the plan can be consistently followed year by year, so that the district will eventually have grounds second to none in the province and comparable to those of the Rittenhouse School in the province of Ontario. The members of the High School are undertaking the raising of the money by public subscription in order that all may have a personal share and pride in the work. Thus, too, the citizens of the surrounding sections may have the advantage of the expert knowledge of an experienced landscape gardener and horticulturist through the suggestion of example of the work on the school grounds.

Arbor Day will be observed May 8. Some talk is going around of a school exhibits day next fall. The day would be devoted to exhibits of school work, manual training, domestic science, school gardening, writing, composition, drawing, etc., and yet begun, though plans, it is understood, are well advanced.

James Crocker came in on today's train to assist D. W. Harper, manager of the Bank of New Brunswick, for a short time. Mr. Crocker is from the head office, St. John, and his parents live here.

Schooner C. T. Colwell sailed today. Pilot Arthur Edgett took her in tow with his gasoline boat. Capt. James Dixon commands the schooner.

Norton, N. B., April 18—Fred. Gillis, of Millstream, has bought a farm near Norton and intends erecting a new house upon it this spring.

Miss Alice Noddin, of Moncton, is assisting her sister, Miss Pearl Noddin, in the millinery business.

R. G. Innis is building an addition to his store. The front of the new department is to be occupied by the Bank of New Brunswick.

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Miss Hazel Bell, of St. John, is visiting Mrs. Samuel Allison.

Herbert Innis conducted service in the Municipal Home yesterday afternoon.

Hopewell Hill, April 19—The stream drivers at work for I. C. Prescott on the upper waters of the Crooked Creek, came out on Saturday, the drives being hung up on account of low water. There is however plenty of snow in the woods yet, and a good rain is likely to make conditions satisfactory for the bringing of the logs to the booms. There are about 3,500,000 feet on the Crooked Creek.

W. J. Carveth's mill finished sawing a cut of 300,000 of the Chapman Creek today and will move to Calton to saw a cut of similar proportions for Leonard & Bishop. McClellan's mill has finished sawing G. M. Russell's cut of some 300,000 feet at Lower Cape.

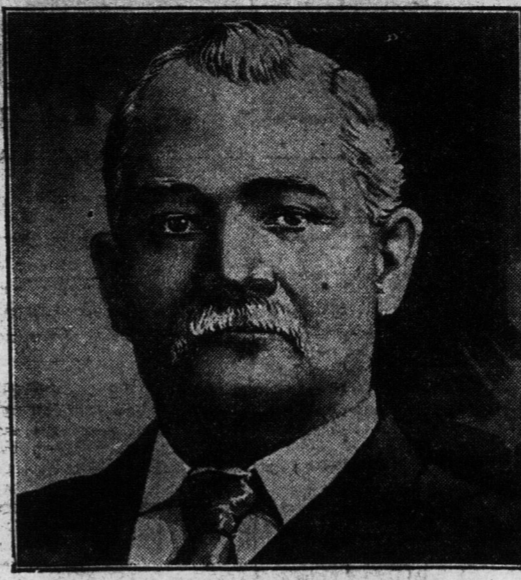
Alex. Rogers went to Moncton yesterday on a business trip. A. C. M. Lawson, of Norton, of the North American Insurance Company, was in the village today. Mr. Lawson was at one time principal of the superior school here, and his old friends were pleased to see him. The first seed sowing of the season, is being done this week. This is probably a couple of weeks earlier than last year.

Salvation Army Wedding at Moncton. Moncton, N. B., April 20—(Special)—A halahujah wedding was solemnized at the local Salvation Army barracks this evening at 8 o'clock, by Brigadier Adby, of St. John, assisted by Captain Barr and Capt. Miller. The contracting parties were Sidney May, of Moncton, and Miss Howland, who lately arrived from England. After the ceremony the event was celebrated by a soldiers' banquet.

ANOTHER MIRACLE IN OVA SCOTIA

Thought the Disease Was Cancer of the Stomach

"FRUIT-A-TIVES" Cured Him



SYDNEY MINES, N. S., JANUARY 25TH, 1910.

"For many years I suffered torture from indigestion and dyspepsia. Two years ago, I was so bad that I vomited my food constantly. The agony I endured all these years, I cannot describe and I lost over 25 pounds in weight. I also suffered with constipation which made the stomach trouble worse. I consulted physicians, as I was afraid the disease was cancer but medicine gave only temporary relief and then the disease was as bad as ever.

"I read in the 'Maritime Baptist' about 'Fruit-a-tives' and the cures this medicine was making and I decided to try it. After taking three boxes, I found a great change for the better and now I can say 'Fruit-a-tives' has entirely cured me when every other treatment failed, and I reverently say 'Thank God for Fruit-a-tives'!"

"Fruit-a-tives" sweetens the stomach, increases the flow of gastric juice, strengthens the stomach muscles, and insures sound digestion. The wonderful powers of the famous fruit medicine are never more clearly shown than in curing the apparently hopeless cases of Dyspepsia and Constipation. 50c a box, 6 for \$2.50, or trial size, 25c. At dealers or from Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

EDWIN ORAM, Sr.

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PREPARE NOW TO MAKE EVERY MINUTE COUNT AT HARVEST TIME

FOR you must make every minute count then to be sure of getting the full profit from your acres. Smooth, rapid, uninterrupted work is a necessity when the grain is ripe for cutting. Every delayed due to a slow, inefficient broken-down machine will rob you of a part of the reward you have a perfect right to expect.

You have used great care in preparing the ground—sowing the seed—caring for it while it is growing. Don't, through lack of foresight now, run any risk of making valueless at harvest time the hours of labor spent in preparing it.

Be prepared to get all the crop with a McCormick. Your grain may be tangled or down. It does not matter, a McCormick Binder will pick it up quickly and bind it in the best possible shape.

The McCormick Binder is made to meet the requirements of the Canadian farmer. It does so on no other machine does. It has stood the test of time. Its light draft, strength and uniform good work will permit you to save all your grain with the least labor on your part.

The McCormick line embraces a large number of other machines just as valuable as the binder, such as drills, tillage implements, cream separators, wagons, hay presses, mowers, spreaders and motor vehicles.

Every McCormick machine is the superior product of expert designers and skilled workmen. Look over your machines today. See what you need to properly handle the harvest this year. Then call on a local dealer or write direct for further information. Take the step now that will insure your getting all the profit from your harvest.

CANADIAN BRANCHES—International Harvester Company of America at Brandon, Calgary, Edmonton, Hamilton, Montreal, Ottawa, Regina, Saskatoon, St. John, Winnipeg, Toronto. INTERNATIONAL HARVESTER COMPANY OF AMERICA CHICAGO U.S.A. (Incorporated)

THE WHITE LINE ENGLISH

The Paint With The Guarantee The White base consists of 70% Brandram's B. B. Genuine Govt. Standard White Lead 30% Pure White Zinc

And the guarantee—signed by the Company—goes on the cans. 50 shades, in addition to black and white. John LeLacheur, Jr., 44 Germain St. P. Nase & Son, Limited, Indian town, St. John, N.B.

WOULD COME TO NEW BRUNSWICK RATHER THAN GO TO THE WEST

Land is Cheaper Than in Ontario, and Prices for Farm Products Better—Our Agricultural Situation as Seen by an Outsider.

(Farmer's Sun, Toronto.) Andrew Elliott, who returned last week from a farmer's institute campaign in New Brunswick, presents a somewhat gloomy picture of agricultural conditions in that province. "There is," said Mr. Elliott, to the Sun, "200,000 acres less under cultivation in New Brunswick now than there were twenty-five years ago. That statement becomes all the more significant when it is remembered that the total area under cultivation in New Brunswick is only about one and one-half million acres. There are abandoned farms everywhere, while many are selling at less than the cost of the buildings.

"The condition is further illustrated by the fact that New Brunswick, which should be an exporter of agricultural produce, is compelled to import immense quantities of feed from other quarters. The town of Sackville last year imported \$100,000 worth of feed, largely grain and flour, while Elgin, not far away, imported to the extent of \$60,000.

"The chief cause of the trouble seems to be found in the fact that the original settlers were not farmers, and that the country was poorly settled. The first settlers were United Empire Loyalists who were granted lands, so many chains fronting on a waterway, with a somewhat indefinite extension to the next watershed. The result of this is that there are many farmers there today who do not know just how far back their land goes from the water. I found one man whose farm extended seven miles back and other farmers, in going to their land, had to trespass upon them. The chief cause of the trouble, as I say, is, however, that the original settlers were not farmers and did not seem inclined toward agricultural pursuits. Here in Ontario, the sons of the pioneers after assisting to clear up the homestead, went and took up bush farms of their own. In New Brunswick instead,

they seem to have gone to the towns and cities. "There is no lack of opportunity in New Brunswick; in fact, if I were a young man I would go there rather than to the west. Land, as I say, can be bought for less than the cost of improvements and the price at which products are sold are considerably higher than those ruling in Ontario. I have seen cows sell there for butchering at \$5 which would not fetch over \$4 in our markets."

ESCAPE TOO EASY. Landlord—"What's that up there, sir?" New Arrival—"It's my airship; there's no suitable shelter for it about here, so I'm obliged to keep it flying up there—see?" Landlord—"Yes, I see. My terms for guests with airships are cash in advance." —The Thorne and Country.

PERTINENT QUESTION. "Show me the man who appreciates a good wife!" "My poor friend! How long has she been dead?" —Cleveland Leader.

DYEING IS SUCH A SAVING And it's as simple as A. B. C. with "Dy-o-la" Just Think of It! With the SAME Dye you can color ANY kind of cloth PERFECTLY—No chance of mistakes. All colors 10 cents from your Druggist or Dealer. Sample Card and Booklet free from The Johnson-Richards Co., Limited, Dept. E, Montreal, Que.

A WONDERFUL REMEDY ORANGE LILLY'S

Orange Lilly is daily curing the most obstinate cases of Female Disorders, Falling of the Womb, Leucorrhoea, Painful and Suppressed Menstruation, etc., etc., are all cured by the use, and a few weeks' or months' treatment accomplishes a complete cure. This remedy is a positive, scientific preparation, and is based on the certainty of the known laws of chemical action. As it comes in direct contact with the diseased tissue, its antiseptic and nerve-food properties cannot help have a beneficial influence. I receive from 10 to 50 letters daily, speaking of the benefits and cures it is performing, and so sure am I that it will do what is claimed for it that I will send, absolutely free, a 35c box to every suffering woman who will write for it. Price \$1 per box, which is sufficient for a month's treatment. Address, MRS. FRANCES E. CURRAH, WINDSOR, ONT., at 25c, a box.

AWFUL POST

Fred L. Cameron Never Heard

Romped Home Winner from 13 competitors

Time Was Fast—So

dian's Finished Twenty—Two Thousand People Nova Scotia Run Crossed the Line

Boston, April 19—Fred L. Cameron (N. S.), and his Canadian runner, captured honors in the Boston Athletic Association's fourteenth annual race today over the twenty state road from Ashland

While no records were set for the time of 2 hours, 28 minutes was the third best time. Marathon run, and was 28 and 28 seconds behind the Indianapolis runner.

It was a hard day for the only James J. Piggott, and William W. Wiseman, who have been runners, scored today.

It was a perfect road race today over the twenty state road from Ashland. While no records were set for the time of 2 hours, 28 minutes was the third best time. Marathon run, and was 28 and 28 seconds behind the Indianapolis runner.

With the exception of the start, the little Amherst saw the heels of a competitor the honor of being the first to cross the line. Cameron ran a perfect race, and was 28 and 28 seconds behind the Indianapolis runner.

That Clarence H. De M. Cameron ran a perfect race, and was 28 and 28 seconds behind the Indianapolis runner.

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20,000 MERCHANTS Who sell Steele-Briggs Good Seeds and Canada's Thousands of SEED-SOWERS are all linked together with CANADA'S GREATEST SEED HOUSE under one common object: BEST RESULTS STEELE-BRIGGS SEED CO. LIMITED HAMILTON TORONTO WINNIPEG

Kendall's Spavin Cure The cure that saves horsemen and farmers millions of dollars every year. It is known the world over as the one certain, reliable remedy for Spavin, Curb, Splint, Ringbone, Bony Growth and any Lameness. Cases just developing and old, stubborn sores and swellings readily yield to the wonderful curative powers of this famous remedy. Orangeville, Ont., Dec. 21, '08 "We had a horse which was getting very lame on account of a Spavin. I was anxious about him as we could not work the beast when we most needed him. Our teamster saw Kendall's Spavin Cure in the store and tried it. I am pleased to say he had success as the horse has stood limping and is doing his day's work." W. A. NICHOLSON. Don't worry about Spavins, Growths, Swellings or Lameness, but use Kendall's Spavin Cure. It cures every time. The world's best liniment for man and beast. \$1 a bottle—6 for \$5. Get our book "A Treatise On The Horse," free at dealers or from us. Dr. B. J. KENDALL CO. Oneburg Falls, Vt. 52

Orange Lilly's A WONDERFUL REMEDY Orange Lilly is daily curing the most obstinate cases of Female Disorders, Falling of the Womb, Leucorrhoea, Painful and Suppressed Menstruation, etc., etc., are all cured by the use, and a few weeks' or months' treatment accomplishes a complete cure. This remedy is a positive, scientific preparation, and is based on the certainty of the known laws of chemical action. As it comes in direct contact with the diseased tissue, its antiseptic and nerve-food properties cannot help have a beneficial influence. I receive from 10 to 50 letters daily, speaking of the benefits and cures it is performing, and so sure am I that it will do what is claimed for it that I will send, absolutely free, a 35c box to every suffering woman who will write for it. Price \$1 per box, which is sufficient for a month's treatment. Address, MRS. FRANCES E. CURRAH, WINDSOR, ONT., at 25c, a box.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

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IMPORTANT NOTICE

All communications must be sent by post-office order or registered letter, and addressed to The Telegraph Publishing Company. Correspondence must be addressed to the Editor of The Telegraph, St. John.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY TELEGRAPH is issued every Wednesday and Saturday by The Telegraph Publishing Company, of St. John, a company incorporated by Act of the Legislature of New Brunswick.

ADVERTISING RATES

Ordinary commercial advertisements taking the run of the paper, each insertion, \$1.00 per inch. Advertisements of Wants, For Sale, etc., one cent a word for each insertion.

AUTHORIZED AGENT

The following agent is authorized to canvass and collect for The Semi-Weekly Telegraph, viz.: Wm. Semerville

THE DAILY TELEGRAPH THE SEMI-WEEKLY TELEGRAPH THE EVENING TIMES

New Brunswick's Independent newspapers. These newspapers advocate British connection, honesty in public life, measures for the material progress and moral advancement of our great Dominion.

No graft! No deals! The Thistle, Shamrock, Rose and Olive, The Maple Leaf forever.

Semi-Weekly Telegraph and The News

ST. JOHN, N. B., APRIL 23.

MORE "HARMONY"

New light on the inharmonious harmony existing in the Conservative party is available from Conservative sources. The editor of the Conservative Kingston Standard was in Ottawa while reports concerning the need for housecleaning and reorganization were being sent to newspapers throughout Canada.

The Standard editor, a few days ago, read the stereotyped official report of the last Conservative caucus, which said that all was serene, he had no patience with it and proceeded to stamp it as untrue and untrue. This is what the Kingston Standard said of the "harmony" announcement:

"It must be confessed that it is not encouraging to have the Conservative caucus gravely give out, as it did yesterday, that the newspaper stories of a proposed reorganization of the party are untrue. That is not the best way to face the situation. More than that, it is not the truth."

"If this augurs that the old order of things is to continue for some time longer, then we very much fear it likewise augurs that Conservative success will be the longer delayed. There is only one way to reform a party and that is to reform it."

Thus the blunt and earnest Standard speaks out in meeting. The other Conservative newspapers, which have been trying to gloss over the revolt, will scarcely relish the Standard's frankness.

And other disquieting signs are not wanting. The Central Conservative Committee of Toronto seems determined to ignore the recent official statement that harmony has been restored in the Opposition ranks.

At a large meeting of Toronto Conservatives last Friday evening a resolution was unanimously adopted asking the Central Conservative executive to "draw to the attention of R. L. Borden the conduct of Colonel Sam Hughes and E. A. Lancaster, who, while claiming to be Conservatives, should so far forget themselves as to insult the Conservative party in the city of Toronto and district, and their representatives."

The offence committed by Messrs. Hughes and Lancaster was in voting against a bill in the Commons, in which bill Toronto was interested.

Controller Church, who addressed the meeting, was to speak on a proposed redistribution bill to which Toronto Conservatives are opposed. He did not stop there, but went on to speak of the Conservative party at Ottawa. "He was sorry that the convention had been postponed. A housecleaning was necessary, and the party should get together and formulate a progressive platform."

At this juncture Mr. W. J. Sanderson asked Mr. Church what he thought of Col. Sam Hughes and Mr. Lancaster, saying "it was absolutely impossible for the party to make any headway, encumbered with such deadwood."

Controller Church said he regretted that there was an element in the party that disgraced it. There would have been no hydro-electric policy had not Premier Whitney been strong enough to subject a similar element in his ranks. Mr. Borden, he continued, must now rid his party of such followers.

Another speaker, Mr. Thos. Whiteside, M. L. A., said that Col. Hughes was once a Liberal and perhaps he had gone back. Other speakers went so far as to say that both the offending members should be "stamped" against at the next elections.

Then Mr. Sanderson's resolution was passed, calling Mr. Borden's attention to the offending members of his following. Mr. Borden is not likely to attempt to discipline Col. Hughes and Mr. Lancaster, nor is he likely to call a convention and propose the progressive policy which Controller Church says is necessary. The "deadwood" will remain. The housecleaning has been postponed, not because the need for it is not generally recognized, but

because the various factions, if allowed to select the "deadwood" requiring removal, would eliminate about three-quarters of the Opposition members in the House of Commons. The business of securing a progressive policy, about which Mr. Church talks so lightly, is by no means simple. The "progressives" and the "reactionaries" cannot agree on any policy. The party is divided on the tariff, on the navy, on Mr. Borden's fitness for leadership, and on the wisdom of calling a convention. Mr. Borden is going to wait for better times.

OUR POST OFFICES

Striking postal figures made public by the Postmaster General in the House of Commons yesterday show that the Maritime Provinces provide the entire post office surplus. Prince Edward Island leads the way with fifty-three per cent. more revenue than expenditure; New Brunswick follows with twenty-nine per cent., and Nova Scotia is third with twenty-four per cent. The principal loss is made in Quebec and Ontario.

As to free rural mail delivery, thirty-six have been established in Prince Edward Island, sixteen in New Brunswick, and six in Nova Scotia, and in the far western province a few more Ontario has most.

Mr. Lemieux says Canada's newspaper postage rate is the lowest in the world—an admirable record. In fourteen years an admirable record. In fourteen years the number of post offices has increased by thirty-seven per cent., the money order offices by twenty-five per cent., and the mail service by more than fifty per cent.

The proportion of revenue to expenditure in the Maritime Provinces should make it easy for Maritime representatives at Ottawa to secure for their constituencies still further improvements in our postal service, in both the city and the country districts. In many offices, of which the St. John office is one, there are not men enough to do the work quickly enough to answer the demands of modern business conditions.

WHY RAGE AT THE FACTS?

The affable and ordinarily placid Chatham World ventures the suggestion that The Telegraph's Ottawa correspondent has overestimated the trouble in the Conservative party. Judging by the statements of many Conservative papers, some of which we are quoting today, the World's desire to see harmony where none exists has prevented it from giving the shrieking facts its customary judicial interpretation.

Prolonged study of the existing strife within the Conservative party has led the World, in several occasions recently, to employ an angry and hectoring pen in asserting much that does not square with recent history as recorded by those Conservative scribes who have been within earshot of the griststone upon which the "progressives" and the "reactionaries" were sharpening their steel.

What boots it to rage against the facts? The beating of the war-post by various Conservative lieutenants and newspapers has, it is true, been interpreted by many Liberal journals as indicating a state of feebleness and decay in the party once led by Sir John Macdonald. The Chatham World may ignore the evidence if that course suits it, but it will evidently mend matters by growing red in the face every time new facts about the Tory revolt go up on the bulletin board.

THE NEW COUNCIL

Mayor-elect Frink, who received Tuesday such pleasing and convincing proof of the esteem and confidence of his fellow-citizens, will have about him for the ensuing year a Council not greatly changed from the present one. Messrs. Baxter, Hayes, Likely, McGoldrick, Sprout and Christie, were elected by acclamation. Tuesday's election, which was lively enough considering the small number of voters eligible, resulted in the return of Messrs. Potts, Kelley, Russell and Wigmore at large, the last two named being new men, and of Alderman Elkin for Queens ward, Alderman Vanwart for Dukes, ex-Alderman Willet for Dufferin, Mr. J. B. Jones in Sydney, Alderman Holder for Lorne, Mr. White for Lansdowne, and Mr. Smith for Guys. There will be six men in the incoming Council who are not in the present one, and of these several are capable of giving excellent service. Taken as a whole the new Council will be considerably stronger than is deserved by a city half of whose electors are not sufficiently interested to pay their taxes in time to vote. So far as the public is concerned, civic apathy was a discouraging feature of the election for aldermen. Some will interpret the small vote as evidence that the citizens are well satisfied with the management of civic affairs, but the average citizen appears to be indifferent rather than satisfied, and that is much to be regretted.

There will be general regret because of the defeat of Mr. W. E. Scully, who has given the people good service and who surely deserved re-election. Had the vote been larger and more representative no doubt he would have been successful. Mr. J. V. Russell who has been a useful and progressive member of the Board of School Trustees and whose knowledge of civic affairs is extensive, should give excellent service in the Council, and Mr. White, Mr. Wigmore, and one or two more of the new men will also be expected to add materially to the strength and prudence of the new board. It is to be regretted that Mayor Bullock felt that he could not afford to give further time to civic matters, for had he remained at the board as an alderman he would have been a welcome addition to the new Council.

Dr. Frink will be widely and warmly congratulated upon his promotion to the Mayor's chair. His election was commonly regarded as a foregone conclusion and opposition to him this year was a mistake for which the electors have administered a somewhat severe reproof. Dr. Frink is a popular and public-spirited citizen who has long served with distinction in the Council, and it will be felt that during this term the interests of the city

will receive the undagging and intelligent attention of a man who is admirably fitted to administer the honorable office conferred upon him by such a sweeping majority.

ANOTHER TURNOVER

Another rock-ribbed Republican district went into the tariff reform column yesterday when Monroe County, New York, elected a Democrat over George W. Aldridge by a majority of more than 5,000 votes. Following the Foss victory in Massachusetts and the Beveridge revolt in Indiana, the defection of Monroe will give the Democrats increased hope of victory in the Congressional elections of next autumn. The contest in Monroe was a by-election due to the death of Representative Perkins, whose majority a year ago was 10,000. There was some tendency to regard the Foss success as a sporadic case, without significance, but the election of Havens yesterday will cause the Republican machine to examine with renewed anxiety the warnings against Cannonism and the rule of the stand-pat group which have been issued in increasing volume by the more observant newspapers supporting the Taft administration.

The doctrine of the full dinner pail which the high protectionists have expounded so thoroughly in the United States seems to be losing its force under the influence of high prices and the enhanced cost of living. A vast number of Americans have come to realize that the protected interests have become their master, and that high wages mean little if the man who earns them can buy no more, or perhaps even less for his money, than he could purchase for a smaller sum before the McKinley-Dingley-Payne-Aldrich tariff became effective. The victories of Foss and Havens in districts which were formerly regarded as overwhelmingly Republican means a significant measure of revolt by Republicans in protest against the failure of their leaders to carry out the tariff promise made before the last presidential election. In Monroe county both candidates favored reciprocity with Canada, but that does not imply that there is in those sections any real understanding of the conditions upon which the United States would have to agree before Canada would consent to a reciprocity treaty; nor is it to be expected that even heavy Democratic gains in November would teach the Republican leaders the lesson they must learn in time. Even Mr. Foss, judging by his speeches, is still cherishing delusions which Quebec's recent action should have gone far to cure. Generally speaking Canada's interest in the recent elections south of the boundary lies in their indication that there is here the trend of public opinion is noticeably hostile to class legislation and favorable to measures calculated to promote the welfare of the great body of consumers. Too much protection has led to a reaction. In the United States it may take a generation to work out a cure. Canada, fortunately, has the situation well in hand and will profit by the experience of its neighbor.

MR. CROCKET'S WAY

For three or four hours in the House of Commons yesterday Mr. O. S. Crockett reviewed his stock of what The Toronto Globe fittingly described as "corner grocery gossip." His theme was Mr. Richard O'Leary's Richmond wharf, out of the purchase of which he has long but fruitlessly endeavored to manufacture a scandal. The member for York was allowed to proceed without interruption for some time on the safe theory that he would hang himself if given rope enough. At length he made a statement intimating that the wharf transaction was in some sense a corrupt one and that the Minister of Public Works had been concerned in it. Then the Minister of Public Works cooled the "monomania" as with a bucket of water, by challenging him to make a charge on his responsibility as a member of the House.

This simple test disposed of the excited young man from York county. He would prefer no charge. That would mean an investigation and a call for evidence to substantiate his accusation. Knowing there is no such evidence, and knowing, too, that any such investigation must result in branding him as a slanderer or worse, Mr. Crockett declined the Minister's challenge. Of course the House and the country know Mr. Crockett for what he is, a mad and cowardly detractor, seeking notoriety through muck-raking devices of his own contrivance; of course, there is no cure for his kind when they wear the armor of parliamentary privilege, until the people of their constituencies snuff them out as unworthy. But Dr. Pugsley's challenge and Mr. Crockett's characteristic retreat from it serve again to show the country, and the people of York county in particular, of what poor metal the purveyor of corner grocery gossip is made. He scolds loudly and threatens much, but when his opponent shows the fighting edge the monomaniac whimpers and backs away.

THE NEED FOR GOOD ROADS

Spring again finds most of the country roads in wretched condition, with little hope for betterment beyond that which may come from the dry weather later on. There is no road money in sight, and no plan for its proper expenditure in case a portion of the needed amount shall be available later on. The old road law is gone, and the new one has not provided the promised improvement, thanks to political waste of road funds and divided responsibility and partisanship in the matter of management. The municipalities no longer have "control, or more than nominal control, and bad as the roads were two years ago they are worse today, with every prospect that there is before the people of the country districts a long period of loss, discomfort and irritation because of these conditions.

Time enough has elapsed since the Hazen government obtained office to demonstrate effectually the failure of its road policy. The people judge by results, not by speeches and promises, and the results are very bad. It is time to take the roads out of politics. The province needs a revolution in road-making and in road management. The less important roads should be restored absolutely to the control of the people, and the more important highways should be entrusted to the care of a non-partisan commission charged with the business of improving them systematically by scientific methods and gradually giving the country a system of permanent roads. The present plan is wasteful and "cannot fail to perpetuate bad roads. The people who pay the bills do not get value, or half value, for their money, and they are subjected, during several months of each year, to conditions which only confused and unbusinesslike methods could produce. Long continued evils in this matter have led the people in the country districts to regard the bad roads with despair or some degree of toleration; but it is time to make a change and begin to demand a dollar's worth of real improvement for every dollar spent. The benefits arising from a new and business-like road policy would be very great. To the people of the counties the change would mean increased comfort, enhanced land values, and the satisfaction derived from good work well done. It is time to get out of the rut.

LOCAL OPTION

The saloon forces went out in Sidney and Stanley wards Tuesday, still retaining ground they have long occupied. It is more or less a case of the Dutch capturing Holland, and the Dutch seem to have had a more effective fighting force in the field than did the local option forces. Many who would describe themselves as strong temperance sympathizers, or who, at least, would profess readiness to vote the open bar out of existence, were not to be found on the firing line when they were most needed. This is notably true of Stanley ward, and in some measure at least it applies to Sidney.

The issue is postponed rather than settled. Some wards have gone dry; others will follow. Bishop Casey's strong declaration on the subject, the recent stiffening of the license law, yesterday's temperance gains in Campbellton and Dalhousie, and the action of the Murray government in Nova Scotia are all signs of the times indicating the steady drying of public opinion toward enlarging the dry area in the Maritime Provinces.

The liquor men fought stoutly yesterday, but what they fail to see is that every time a liquor organization is found in the open, fighting even for self-preservation, the spectacle is one calculated to make the community resentful. For a victory like that of yesterday involves a public exhibition of a spectacle which the average citizen regards as dangerous, and every proof of its power creates new forces with which it will have to reckon later on.

The number of licenses in St. John has been reduced of late years, but it is still too large. The Nova Scotia government's new policy will inevitably have some effect upon this province. After the next census Halifax is to have only one license for each 1,000 inhabitants, and the city at any time may have a plebiscite on the question of prohibition. Thus the government places both a limited license system and prohibition before the people of Halifax and allows them to choose for themselves. A provincial prohibitory law is to be applied to the Nova Scotia counties which are not now under the Scott Act, and if any Scott Act county repeals the act it immediately comes under the provincial law, the enforcement of which is undertaken by the provincial government. The provincial act is a much more effective law than the C. T. A., principally because the latter leaves the matter of enforcement to the municipalities, some of which will not pay an effective inspector while others apply the law spasmodically. The Murray act is significant proof of the government's recognition of the advance of temperance sentiment.

The Opposition did not call for a division on the Navy bill. Mr. Anquith continued to confound the prophets who said he could not outlive the first division. Threatened men live long. Montreal, which is rich and ambitious, is going to lengthen the period of St. Lawrence navigation. That is to say, Montreal is going to change the climate. St. John doesn't have to.

Mr. Borden is still worrying over the attitude of Canada's navy in case the Empire becomes involved in war. How little faith the Opposition leader has in the people of his own country and in their Parliament! Nelson W. Aldrich, United States Senator and Republican boss of the country, is going to retire. The Rhode Island Legislature is supposed to nominate his successor, but the selection will really be made by one Brayton, a blind man, who amuses himself by controlling public affairs in the smallest of the states. He is the people when it comes to electing a senator.

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wherever or whenever
varying good quality.

freshness is per-
"SALADA" Packets.

DISCUSSION ON
THE PLAN FOR
AMALGAMATION

Joint Committee Representing
Baptist Foreign Mission
Boards Held Meetings Here
Tuesday—Outline of the
Scheme.

Wednesday, April 20.
The joint committee representing the
three Baptist foreign mission boards of
Canada, held two sessions yesterday
afternoon and evening in the board rooms,
Prince William street. A scheme of amal-
gamation was drafted which will be sub-
mitted to the boards for consideration. If
they approve of the matter they will send
it to the convention which will meet in
the fall. The scheme as outlined contem-
plates the appointment of one board for
the whole of Canada, consisting of thirty
members. These will be appointees of the
existing bodies. It is not contemplated
to close up any of the existing offices.
The country will be divided into
three sections. The offices in St. John
will have the management of the business
for the eastern section, and that in Tor-
onto for the upper Canadian section,
while another in Winnipeg will look after
the affairs of the western section.

It is also proposed to appoint one gen-
eral secretary for the whole of Canada,
who will have charge of the correspond-
ence of all missionaries in the field and
the work of a like nature. It is also
proposed that this official will have one
or two assistants. The tentative
scheme of amalgamation, after being dis-
cussed by the boards, will be then
handed over to the maritime Baptist con-
vention, the Ontario and Quebec con-
vention, and the Baptist Union of Western
Canada, which will meet in August, Octo-
ber and November next. If these bodies
approve of the matter, as submitted to
them, they will be asked to nominate
members for the Canadian board. When
this is formed the necessary legislation as
to property will be sought for. This
Canadian board will receive reports from
the offices in the three sections and be
the executive body for the whole work.

For about forty years past the Cana-
dian Baptists have been carrying on mis-
sion work in India. The fields are adjacent
to each other in the Telegu country, and
it has long been the desire of many con-
nected with the work, both at home and
in India, that these fields might be amal-
gamated under one management. If they
are united it is said the Canadian Bapt-
ists will have one of the largest mission
fields in India, with a staff of nearly
seventy missionaries, and a population es-
timated at 4,000,000 Telegus. The com-
mittee will meet again this morning at 10
o'clock to further consider the scheme.

BAD FOR THE BALDHEADS.
"It says here that men are going to
wear clothes that match their hair this
winter."
"That's got me make it kinder cold for
th' bald-heads ferks, ain't it?"—Lifer.

"When I asked the mayor to give me a
job I told him I had been walking the
streets for two weeks."
"And what did he say?"
"Told me to keep on walking."
"Then he turned you down?"
"No. He gave me a job as a policeman."—
St. Louis Star.

Walt
Philosopher

Had Given Up
All Hope of
Living.

Heart Trouble Cured by Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills.

Close Call For
NOVA SCOTIA STEEL
& COAL CO. BILL

Passes Second Reading by One Major-
ity After Considerable Debate.

Halifax, N. S., April 19.—The Nova Scotia
Steel & Coal Co. bill, which proposes to
make New Glasgow the head office of the
company, and which gives the directors
power to issue new stock, bringing the
capital up to \$10,000,000, passed its
second reading in the house of assembly
this afternoon.

GETS THREE YEARS
FOR MANSLAUGHTER

Port Arthur Engineer Says He Killed
Opponent for Fear of Being Shot.

Port Arthur, Ont., April 19.—At the high
court sittings today Hugh Harmon, second
engineer of the steamer Andrew Carnegie,
was found guilty of manslaughter in caus-
ing the death of Albert Walker, wheel-
man on the same boat, while she was in
Port Arthur harbor on the night of Aug.
16 last year. He was sentenced to three
years in the penitentiary.

Walt
Philosopher

BRILLIANT SOCIETY
WEDDING AT OTTAWA

Miss Marjorie Blair Becomes the
Bride of Sutherland Gilmour.

COMPLAIN OF
FREIGHT RATES

Say I. C. R. and Quebec Steamship
Company Have Put in Force Tariff
25 to 75 Per Cent. Higher—Will
Appeal to Railway Commission—
Jas. K. Hackett Talks of Wife's
Divorce.

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Montgomery, Ross & Company
32 McGill College Avenue
Box 110, Station B. MONTREAL

Investigate This Remedy
CARLETON CO.
MAN ATTEMPTS
TO END HIS LIFE

Max Fulton, of Knoxford,
Slashed Throat with a Razor,
and Likely to Die—Had Been
Worrying—Found by a
Neighbor.

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McAvity's Messenger
Galvanized Poultry Netting
Roofing

Heavy Woven Wire Fencing
Barb and Plain Wire Fencing

Townsend Wire Stretcher

Wire Fence Pliers
Combination Pliers

Ready Mixed Paint
Anchor Brand
Farmers' Wagon Paint

Anchor Carriage
Gloss Paint
China-Lac

Paint, Varnish, Kalsomine and
Whitewash Brushes

Garden or Farm
Barrows

Garden Tools
T. McAVITY & SONS, Ltd., St. John, N. B.

Montgomery, Ross & Company
32 McGill College Avenue
Box 110, Station B. MONTREAL

Note This Special
It Is Big Value

RUTH WHEELER'S
SLAYER A FIEND

FELT ALL USED UP
Business Man Escaped Breakdown

Tramps Kill a Constable

THE RULING PASSION.

McAvity
WOOD PUMPS

Bi-Treadle Grind-
stone

Canal Barrows

Garden or Farm
Barrows

Garden Tools

CANADA'S NAVAL BILL PASSES PARLIAMENT

Hon. Mr. Fielding, in Ringing Speech, Arraigns Conservatives for Their Many Changes of Base on the Question—Shows How Liberals Have Aided Britain in Many Ways in Marked Contrast to Tory Party—Crocket Declines to Accept Dr. Pugsley's Challenge.

Ottawa, April 19.—The bill providing for the creation of the new Canadian navy, which took six weeks' talk to get its second reading in the commons, was today put through the commons by a vote of 107 to 57. The bill was introduced by Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Sir Frederick Borden.

The members spent all day going over the bill clause by clause, but criticism from the opposition benches was comparatively mild and unimportant, centering mainly on the clause providing for the participation of the Canadian navy in any war in which Great Britain may be engaged, only on the authorization of the governor-in-council.

The opposition again took the stand that the navy should be automatically placed at the disposal of the admiralty whenever England declared war. There could be no holding back, for when the empire was at war Canada was at war and Canada's naval forces should be automatically at the disposal of the king.

Canada Always Ready to Aid Britain.

On the other hand, Sir Wilfrid Laurier, while declaring there could be no doubt that Canada could be depended upon, along with all the other daughter nations of the empire, to come to the defence of the mother country in time of need, the principle of autonomous government, which was based on the stability of the empire, must be maintained. Canada must keep, he said, control of her own affairs in her own hands.

So-called-monger Scored.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier read the member for Grenville a quiet lecture for his desire to make some party capital through imputing dishonesty in every act of the government. The issue was not whether the navy should be controlled by the admiralty, but whether the British should control the Canadian navy, through his imperial ministers, or through his Canadian ministers, who were alone responsible to the Canadian people.

To Divide Marine Department.

In committee on the naval bill, Sir Wilfrid Laurier said the marine department had for some time been too big for a single department. It would be now divided and the fleet, fishery protection service, hydrographic survey, tidal observation and wireless telegraph service put under the new deputy.

Control of Navy.

The opposition's great play developed on clause 18 of the bill, which gives the governor-in-council power to say whether or not the Canadian navy shall be allowed to participate in any war Great Britain may wage.

Some Senseless Wars.

But there were wars and wars. He had been reproached because he had said that it would be folly for Canada to participate in such a war as that in the Crimea. But he repeated that opinion, because it was a senseless, senseless and needless war. Inkerman and Balaklava added immortal pages to British history but it was dearly bought glory.

Canadian-Built Navy, if Possible.

On clause 6, which gives the minister the control and management, including the construction, purchase, maintenance and repair of the naval service, Mr. Borden asked for a statement as to the policy of the government in regard to the construction of the navy. The premier replied that

tenders would be called for and that the government would be guided by the result as to whether the vessels could be built in Canada or not. If possible they would be built in Canada.

Mr. Borden came back with the query whether Canadian ports and harbors would be considered neutral like the Canadian ships, and the governor-in-council had made up his mind. He indulged in a number of suppositions, which led him to the conclusion that the result would be that Canada would become an independent nation.

More Liberal Aid to Britain.

But there were other things, beside the navy and the navy, in which it could be given to the imperial establisment in question of trade. On that issue he was not afraid to challenge comparison. It was the good and loyal Conservative party which introduced the high tariff policy into this country, and when somebody objected that it might injure British connection, the reply came from the organ of the party, the Toronto Mail, "So much the worse for British connection."

No Conscription in Bill.

Major Currie called attention to the fact that the bill contained no provision for conscription, which, though it was in the militia act, was not in the bill.

Mr. Fielding asked Mr. Borden whether a British man-of-war would engage in action without receiving instructions from some one, and added that just as the British admiralty could give its orders so could the Canadian government. Those who paid for the ships have the right to say what should be done with them. There was no doubt as to how that power would be exercised.

Mr. Borden attacked the government's naval policy as a desperate war of naval arms race, and declared that the government had repudiated the Imperial preference of 1902 the policy of building a Canadian navy, and invited Mr. Fielding with former anti-imperialistic utterances.

Opposition Wobbling.

Canada had for years, continued Mr. Fielding, been on record against the policy of contribution and no protest has been made in the commons since the bill was introduced. The opposition had stuck to their guns, but the opposition had run away.

Borden's Many Changes.

Then the finance minister turned his attention to the inconsistency of the leader of the opposition. On March 29 last he had declared for a navy of our own and had stated his opposition to the policy of contribution. Now he was opposing the creation of a Canadian navy, at Halifax in October last, he had supported the naval policy of the government because it would revive the shipbuilding industry of Nova Scotia.

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offers were refused. When Lord Derby asked Lord Lansdowne whether he should do with the offer of Laurier and Williams, the governor general called back that his ministers had no objection to their offers being accepted, but it must be understood that the entire cost must fall on the imperial exchequer (Great Liberal cheers). He (Mr. Fielding) would have liked T. W. Crothers to be present and have heard his opinion of this "miserable, narrow, provincialism."

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Three of the Crew Swept to Death.

While Jib Was Being Furlled, Foremast Broke and Claude Shaffner, Jas. Collier and Arthur Torrey Meet Death—Shaffner Belonged to Annapolis, N. S.—Vessel Towed Into Port Wednesday.

Without a chance to make a movement for safety without the preparation for disaster which an unusually rough night would have given rise to, three active and able-bodied men—Claude Shaffner, James Collier and Arthur Torrey—were torn away by the jibboom of the schooner Arthur M. Gibson as she bore up for Partridge Island light on Tuesday evening, and were quickly carried down to death.

The Captain's Account.

"The catastrophe which overtook the schooner," said Captain Howard last evening, "was a very simple one. We were highly indignant when we never had a finer trip than that which we experienced from New York up to Tuesday evening. Even at the time of the accident the weather was not extremely heavy, as you may judge from the fact that the jibboom was highly indignant when I sent the men to take in the outer jib, arguing that the weather did not warrant the move. Hardly had the men got well into their work, however, when the foremast top was carried away, smashing the jibboom into the sea and striking the helpless men. We were blowing along in front of an east-southwest breeze, carrying full sail, when the wind began to freshen in squally shape, and I judged it wise to reduce sail. There were three-quarters of an hour more we would have been at our work. We had been working to a quick run into harbor."

An Anxious Time.

"As the foremast went by the board, the mainmast was also too, and everything was reduced to confusion. We could hardly have done anything if men had been available. Those were heart-tearing minutes in which we could say, while conscious we were powerless. There's a chance that we might have been saved, but the confusion on the deck held us bound hand and foot."

The Victims.

Two of the hapless men were more youths, one 20 years of age, another 18. As yet their home people are in ignorance of their fate, for the proper direction of the sad messages which will have to be sent could not be learned yesterday.

Vessel 20 Years Old.

The Gibson cleared from New York on Wednesday last, loaded with coal for R. P. & W. F. Starr. She is managed by J. Willard Smith, who is also a partial owner. The chief officer is John Gibson. The schooner is a three-master, built at Annapolis on the St. John river, and is about 20 years old.

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Compare Parties' Records.

Mr. Fielding went on to compare the records of the two parties towards the empire. Much had been heard about the South African war, but that was not the only war in which the Empire had been engaged. In 1885, when the news came that the heroic Gordon had been martyred and Khartoum had fallen, a wave of indignation went through the empire. And Australia felt the impulse to action, but did Canada act? It was not a Liberal government which was then in power, but a Conservative one, but not a hand was stirred for the benefit of the Empire.

A Windsor Lady's Appeal.

To all women: I will send free with full instructions, my home treatment which positively cures Leucorrhoea, Ulceration, Displacements, Falling of the Womb, Painful or Irregular Periods, Uterine and Ovarian Tumors or Growths, also Hot Flushes, Nervousness, Melancholy, Pains in the Head, Back or Bowels, Kidney and Bladder troubles, where caused by weakness peculiar to our sex. You can continue treatment at home at a cost of only 12 cents a week. My book, "Women's Own Medical Adviser," also sent free on request. Write today. Address Mrs. M. Summers, Box H 70, Windsor, Ont.

Ontario's Beavers are too Busy.

Toronto, April 20.—The Ontario government has decided to have 600 beaver in Algonquin Park killed and the skins sold by tender. The animals have been protected since the beaver has increased so fast and done so much damage to trees, that it has been determined to thin them out. 600 beaver skins are worth from \$10 to \$15 each, so the government is likely to make a good thing out of the sale.

Charlee Cook Improving.

Moncton, N. B., April 20.—(Special)—Charlee Cook, the blind Sackville man continues to improve at Moncton hospital.

Surprise is yours and pleasure, too, every time you use Surprise Soap. It makes child's play of washday—and every day a happy day. The pure soap just loosens the dirt in a natural way and cleanses easily—without injury. Remember Surprise is a pure, hard Soap.

LIBERAL GRANTS TO NEW BRUNSWICK IN SUPPLEMENTARIES

Much Money for Improvements to Rivers and Harbors—Throughout the Province—Borden Adopts Monk's Naval Policy.

Ottawa, April 20.—(Special)—In the House of Commons this morning Finance Minister Fielding tabled the supplementary estimates for the current fiscal year. They amount to \$5,143,081, which brings the total of the appropriation for the year up to \$132,814,074, of which \$37,248,715 is chargeable to capital.

Among the items on the list are:—Bathurst harbor, to dredge ship channel, \$25,000. Renewal superstructure pier Black River, \$2,500. Additional deep water accommodation at Campbellton \$25,000. Complete wharves on Petcodiac river, \$1,900. Extend breakwater at Lorneville, \$6,000. Dredging ship channel Miramichi Bay at Grand Dune Flats, the Hershosh, and the Lump, \$50,000.

To Survey the river St. John with a view to improve navigation between Fredericton and Woodstock \$5,000. Part reconstruction of St. George wharf \$27,000. Senator Domville allowance for session 1906, when ill, \$2,500.

Charlotteville exhibition, \$10,000. For 62nd Fusiliers Band instruments burned, \$900. For Hudson Bay Railway and Quebec Bridge, \$500,000 each. For Fort Arthur and Quebec harbors, \$100,000 each. Chatham public building, \$5,000. To compensate owners of pilot boat defender for damages in collision with government dredge scow, \$500. Additional amount for surveys and measurements on the St. John river for the international commission. Steam service from Prince Edward Island to Britain, \$7,500. Service from St. John to St. Andrews and intermediate points, \$3,000. Service from ports on the Canadian Atlantic ports to Australia and New Zealand, \$120,000. The naval bill was taken up on motion for third reading. Mr. Borden offered objections and in a speech advised that a sum of money be placed at the disposal of the imperial authorities for use by them as contribution for immediate defence and that the question of building the Canadian navy be submitted to the people.

This Man Is Young at 55 Years

He is a "Health Belt Man." Therefore Has the Vitality and Hot, Red Blood of Youth in His Veins. He Towers Like a Giant Above the Ordinary Difficulties of Life—Be a "Health Belt Man" Yourself—It Gives Manly Strength; It Makes You Young and Keeps You Young All the Days of Your Life; It Takes All the Coward Out of Your Make-Up—Let Me Give You of This Abundant Vitality, Then Nothing Can Ever Conquer You But Death Itself—100,000 Men Have Taken My Advice, Why Not You?

The secret of life-long youth may be summed up in one word—Vitality. If you have this great natural power in abundance years count for nothing. I use no drugs. I recommend none. Just the Health Belt. No privations, no dieting and no restrictions, excepting that all dissipation must cease. Put the Health Belt on nights when you go to bed; let it send its power into your nerves, organs and blood while you are sleeping. It gives you a great flow of soft, gentle, galvanic electricity during the entire night. One application and you are like a new being; it takes all the pain and weakness out of your back; it makes you answer the morning greeting with "I'm feeling fine." It is a great strength builder; it overcomes the results of earlier mistakes and indiscretions; it gives you a compelling power, so that you are attractive to all women and men with whom you come in contact. Three months' use is sufficient. Salem Coolen, Hubbard's Cove, N. S., writes: "I am a man again, thanks to you. Nothing can discourage me now."

I TAKE ALL THE RISK

All I want is a chance to prove to you the truth of my claims. Write to me, or call at my office, and you can arrange to get the Belt and pay for it when cured. If not cured, send it back. If you prefer to pay cash down you get a discount.

Let Me Send You These Two Books FREE

They fully describe my Health Belt, and contain much valuable information. One is called "Health in Nature," and deals with various ailments common to both men and women, such as rheumatism, kidney, liver, stomach, bladder disorders, etc. The other, "Strength, the Glory of Man," is a private treatise for men only. Both sent upon application, free, sealed, by mail.

CHATHAM ELECTIONS

Chatham, N. B., April 19.—(Special)—The civic elections today resulted in the election of the following aldermen: R. A. Logie, F. M. Tweedie, L. H. Abbott, P. F. Barry, H. H. Carvell, A. P. Williams, M. F. Haley, W. F. Cassidy. Mr. Logie led the poll with 207 votes, and was second with 203, and Tweedie third with 201.

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Charlee Cook Improving.

Moncton, N. B., April 20.—(Special)—Charlee Cook, the blind Sackville man continues to improve at Moncton hospital.

WANTED—A second or third male teacher, for the Canadian Rapids, Parish of St. John of the Baptist, Parish of St. John of the Baptist, Parish of St. John of the Baptist. Apply to David Robertson, Secretary, poor.

WANTED—A household, quiet. Apply by letter to David Robertson, Secretary, poor.

TO RENT—For the summer cottage, 9 rooms, St. A. For terms, etc., apply to M. Ineson, Fredericton.

WANTED—Salesmen; permanent; 10 vacancies. Bros., Ltd., Montreal.

WANTED—Salesmen, to be used in every home; workmen; exclusive territory; also a commission given to orders which we receive. Apply to T. E. G. G. Queen square, St. John (N.B.).

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Apply Mrs. No. 1 Mount Pleasant avenue.

WANTED—By 11th May, to say for summer months, general agent for the Queen square, St. John (N.B.).

WANTED—Persons to take care of small garden or farm can be made into a profitable business. Apply to T. E. G. G. Queen square, St. John (N.B.).

WANTED—Intelligent men to distribute circulars. \$2.00 a day and constant. The John C. W. 290 Wellington street.

WANTED—Reliable man to sell for Canada's Great. Largest list of hardy for the Province of New Brunswick recommended by the Department of Agriculture. Apply to T. E. G. G. Queen square, St. John (N.B.).

WANTED—To purchase land grants. Will pay cash. Spot cash. Apply to T. E. G. G. Queen square, St. John (N.B.).

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\$200 IN CASH AND NUMBERS OF VALUABLE PREMIUMS GIVEN AWAY FREE

LPAPE	NREGGA	UPML
CPAPE	RYVREH	EREA

On your savings the above sets of jumbled letters into the hands of all who know them. If you can solve the distribution of the above prizes, this may take. But by guidance and perseverance you can probably make out 4 or 5 of them. To the person who can make out the largest number we will give the sum of \$200 in cash. To the person making out the second largest number we will give the sum of \$100 in cash. To the person making out the third largest number we will give the sum of \$50 in cash. To the person making out the fourth largest number we will give the sum of \$25 in cash. To the person making out the fifth largest number we will give the sum of \$10 in cash. To the person making out the sixth largest number we will give the sum of \$5 in cash. To the person making out the seventh largest number we will give the sum of \$2 in cash. To the person making out the eighth largest number we will give the sum of \$1 in cash. To the person making out the ninth largest number we will give the sum of 50 cents in cash. To the person making out the tenth largest number we will give the sum of 25 cents in cash. To the person making out the eleventh largest number we will give the sum of 10 cents in cash. To the person making out the twelfth largest number we will give the sum of 5 cents in cash. To the person making out the thirteenth largest number we will give the sum of 2 cents in cash. To the person making out the fourteenth largest number we will give the sum of 1 cent in cash. To the person making out the fifteenth largest number we will give the sum of 50 cents in cash. To the person making out the sixteenth largest number we will give the sum of 25 cents in cash. To the person making out the seventeenth largest number we will give the sum of 10 cents in cash. To the person making out the eighteenth largest number we will give the sum of 5 cents in cash. 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Aids Nature

The great success of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery in curing weak stomachs, wasted bodies, weak lungs, and obstinate and lingering coughs, is based on the recognition of the fundamental truth that "Golden Medical Discovery" supplies Nature with body-building, tissue-repairing, muscle-making, essential, in condensed and concentrated form. With this help Nature supplies the necessary strength to the stomach to digest food, build up the body and thereby throw off lingering obstinate coughs. The "Discovery" re-establishes the digestive and nutritive organs in active health, purifies and enriches the blood, and nourishes the nerves—in short establishes sound vigorous health.

"If your dealer offers something 'just as good,' it is probably better FOR HIM—it pays better. But you are thinking of the cure not the profit, so there's nothing 'just as good' for you. Say so."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Advice, in Plain English; or, Medicine Simplified, 1066 pages, over 700 illustrations, newly revised up-to-date Edition, paper-bound, sent for 31 one-cent stamps, to cover cost of mailing only. Cloth-bound, 50 cents. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

WOODSTOCK MAN SURVIVES MOTHER ONLY ONE DAY

Robert J. Lindsay Passed Away Tuesday, the Day His Parent Was Buried.

Woodstock, N. B., April 19—(Special)—The death of Robt. J. Lindsay took place today under sad circumstances. Yesterday his aged mother, Mrs. Lindsay, widow of Hon. Wm. Lindsay, died at the residence of Mr. Lindsay, and it was necessary to bury her this afternoon, owing to the dangerous illness of her son, Robert, who has been sick for some weeks with a heavy cold, which developed into pneumonia six days ago and which ended fatally. He is survived by a widow but no children. Alex. Lindsay, of Glasville, and John A. Lindsay, of Woodstock, are brothers of deceased. He was a prominent Free Mason and a valued member of other fraternal societies.

FATHER MORRISCY'S REMEDIES.

Cured a Truro Lady of Both Lung and Kidney Troubles.

Truro, N.S., Jan. 14th, 1910. Father Morriscy Med. Co., Ltd. For some time I had been troubled with a very dry cough and pain in my lungs. I made up my mind to try your medicine, and had used one bottle of No. 10 (Lung Tonic) when the pain left me and I felt much better. My kidneys troubled me quite a lot also, and I purchased a box of your No. 7 (rheumatism and kidney cure) and since taking the tablets I have had no pain in my side or back. I spent quite a lot of money in medicine, but none of the remedies I tried ever helped me, until a lady friend showed me your advertisement. I am now fat and healthy, and your remedies have saved me from a grave illness.

(Miss) MARTHA WHITE. None of Father Morriscy's remedies have ever been heralded as "cure-alls." The wise priest-physician prescribed a special remedy for each kind of disease—and remedied skillfully devised to cure that particular trouble and that only.

No. 10 (Lung Tonic), besides curing colds, inflammation, pneumonia, bronchitis and other diseases of throat and lungs, strengthens these organs and gives them vigor to resist a return of the trouble.

No. 7 Tablets stimulate weak kidneys so that they can properly perform their function of filtering from the blood the impurities that cause rheumatism.

The action of both these remedies is hastened if Father Morriscy's Liniment is applied freely externally.

No. 7 Tablets for Kidneys and Rheumatism are put up in 50c. boxes, No. 10 (Lung Tonic) in 25c. and 50c. bottles, and Father Morriscy's Liniment in 25c. bottles. At your dealer's, or from Father Morriscy Medicine Co., Ltd., Chatham, N.B. 97

LOCAL NEWS

During the year ending March 31, Chinese to the number of 1,197 passed through Halifax in bond. There is a head tax of \$800 on each Chinaman. The 1,197 Chinese thus represented \$968,500.

It was positively established yesterday that the woman who committed suicide Tuesday by jumping into the river at this place is Miss Phoebe Elizabeth Jones, of Carleton. Mrs. Hugh Hatfield, of 10 Sydney street, who has known the woman for many years made identification yesterday morning in Chamberlain's undertaking rooms.

Eminent Toronto Physicians Failed to Cure Rheumatism

Miss Flora Chapman Vividly Describes Her Sufferings and Ultimate Cure with "Nerviline."

"After being an enthusiastic user of Nerviline for years, I feel it my duty to tell you personally what my wonderful preparation has done for me. I suffered torture from rheumatism and heart trouble, tried scores of so-called remedies, consulted for weeks and months with Toronto's most eminent physicians, but derived only slight benefit.

"A friend insisted on my using Nerviline, and to my surprise a vigorous rubbing of this powerful liniment eased the pains and reduced the stiffness in my joints. I continued to use Nerviline and was permanently cured. I am now perfectly well, and for three years have had no rheumatism at all. I know many families where no other medicine but Nerviline is kept—it is so useful in minor ailments like earache, toothache, colds, coughs, colds, lumbago and sciatica. I call Nerviline my "Life Guard," and urge all to try its merit."

CURED THREE YEARS

Dec. 17th, 113 Palmerston Avenue, Toronto. Refuse anything else offered instead of Nerviline. Large bottles, 50c. trial size, 25c. All dealers, or The Catarthozone Co., Kingston, Ont.

ST. JOHN MARKETS

The prices in the markets this week remain unchanged with the exception of sugar, all grades but Paris lumps having declined ten cents. The fish market is still very dull. The country markets remain the same as last week, business being dull at present. The principal quotations for the week are as follows:

COUNTRY MARKET.	
Beef, western	0.10 1/2
Beef, butchers	0.10 1/2
Mutton, per lb.	0.07 1/2
Pork, per lb.	0.11 1/4
Cabbage, per doz.	0.80
Lamb, per lb.	0.10
Veal, per lb.	0.06
Carrots, per bbl.	1.10
Potatoes, per bbl.	1.00
Eggs, henney, per doz.	0.18
Eggs, case, per doz.	0.17
Butter, per lb.	0.22
Roll butter, per lb.	0.25
Hides, per lb.	0.10
Calveskins, per lb.	0.16
Ducks	1.25
Fowls, pair, fresh killed	1.25
Chickens, pair, fresh killed	1.25
Turkeys, per lb.	0.25
Lettuce, per doz.	0.80
Celery, per doz.	1.00
Maple syrup, per gal.	1.00
Maple sugar, per lb.	0.16
Beets, per bbl.	1.00
Squash, per lb.	0.02
Bacon	0.18
Ham	0.18

FRUITS, ETC.

New walnuts	0.11
Green walnuts	0.13
California prunes	0.13
Almonds	0.13
California prunes	0.08 1/2
Filberts	0.11
Brazils	0.14
People sugar, per lb.	0.16
New dates, per lb.	0.06
Peanuts, roasted	0.10
Bag figs, per lb.	0.04
Lemons, Messina, box	3.00
Coconuts, per bushel	0.70
Coconuts, per sack	4.00
Bananas	0.00
California oranges	3.00
Apples (new), per bbl.	1.50
Val. onions, per sack	3.00
Egyptian onions, per lb.	0.02 1/2

PROVISIONS.

Pork, American mess	0.00
Pork, domestic mess	28.00
Canadian plate beef	18.50
Canadian plate beef	18.50

FLOUR, ETC.

Oatmeal, roller	5.00
Standard oatmeal	5.50
Manitoba high grade	6.65
Ontario medium patent	5.75
Ontario full patent	5.95

CANNED GOODS.

The following are the wholesale quotations per case:

Salmon, cohoes	6.00
Spring fish	6.75
Hard pure tub	3.75
Kipperd herring	3.75
Clams	3.75
Oysters, 1s.	1.35
Oysters, 2s.	2.25
Cornd beef, 1s.	1.35
Cornd beef, 2s.	2.25
Peaches, 2s.	1.75
Peaches, 3s.	2.80
Pineapples, sliced	1.75
Pineapples, graded	1.75
Singapore pine apples	1.60
Lombard plums	1.00
Raspberries	1.90
Corn, per doz.	0.85
Strawberries	1.10
Strawberries	1.65
Tomatoes	0.95
Pumpkins	1.00
Squash	1.25
String beans	0.85
Baked beans	1.15

GROCERIES.

Four Crown looseMusca's	0.07 1/2
Three Crown loose do.	0.06 1/2
Choice seeded, 1s.	0.08 1/2
Fancy do.	0.08 1/2
Malaga clusters	2.40
Currants, cleaned, 1s.	0.07 1/2
Cheese, per lb.	0.13 1/2
Rice, per lb.	0.03
Cream of tartar, box	0.21
Bicarb soda, per keg.	2.10
Molasses, fancy Barbados	0.32
Beans, hand picked	2.25
Beans, yellow eye	3.50
Split peas, 75c.	5.75
Pot barley	5.50
Corneal	3.25
Gravulated corneal	5.00
Liverpool salt, per sack, ex store.	0.70

SUGARS.

Standard granulated	5.20
Austrian granulated	5.10
United Empire gran.	5.10
Bright yellow	5.00
No. 1 yellow	4.70
Paris lumps	6.50

FISH.

Large dry cod	4.40
Medium dry cod	4.25
Small dry cod	3.25
Pollock	2.40
Gd. Manan herring, bbl.	5.00
Gd. Manan herring, bbl.	5.00
Flash haddock	0.03
Fresh cod, per lb.	0.02 1/2
Boaters, per box	0.85
Halibut	0.10
Finnan ladies	0.05
Kipperd herring, per doz.	0.30
Finnan haddies (Scotch cure)	0.00
per lb.	0.00
Frozen salmon, per lb.	0.00
Fresh gasperaux	1.25
Gasperaux	0.90

CARD OF THANKS.

Mr. and Mrs. John Pooley and family wish to thank their friends for kindness shown them in the loss of their daughter, Florence.

OBITUARY.

William Gallagher.
William Gallagher, a native of Hampton, died about 6 o'clock Tuesday morning in the General Public Hospital of typhoid fever, aged twenty-seven years. Deceased was one of the staff of the London Life Insurance Company, and was very popular with all who knew him.

George E. Vincent.
The community was greatly shocked Wednesday to learn of the death of George Raymond Vincent, county secretary and chief liquor license inspector, and member of the legal firm of Cursey & Vincent. Mr. Vincent passed away in the general public hospital at a brief illness. He was taken ill with a gripe about two weeks ago, but the attending physician did not consider the condition dangerous until inflammation of the liver set in. He was taken to the hospital on Saturday afternoon and operated on.

Prior to Wednesday he had been hopeful of his recovery and seemed very cheerful when speaking of himself or about business matters.

Mr. Vincent was born in Kingston, Kings county, in 1849, so that he was sixty-one years old. He was the son of the late John Vincent. When a small boy his parents removed to Peterborough, and in 1877 he came to St. John, and carried on a successful general business in the north end until 1882. In that year he entered upon the study of law and was admitted an attorney in 1886. He entered into a professional partnership in the same year with Dr. L. A. Cursey, under the name of Cursey & Vincent, which association was continued until the time of his death. They composed the oldest legal firm in the province.

Nathan Parks.
The death occurred in this city Wednesday of Nathan Parks, in the 51st year of his age. He is survived by his wife.

Mrs. Mary Agnew.
Harcourt, April 19—The death occurred on Monday evening, April 18, of Mrs. Mary Agnew, widow of Anthony Agnew, at the home of her son, Anthony. Deceased was 83 years of age, and is survived by three sons and two daughters. The sons are William, of Main River; James and Anthony, of this place. The two daughters are Mrs. Adam Robinson and Mrs. J. Stevens, of Beaulieu.

Samuel Nicoll.
St. Stephen, N. B., April 20—(Special)—Samuel Nicoll died this evening of pneumonia. Mr. Nicoll was senior member of the firm of Nicoll & Levy, ladies' furnishings, Water street. He was a member of Miriam Lodge, I. O. O. F., of this town, and of Canton and Red Men, Calais. He was thirty years of age, and leaves a widow and one brother, Max Nicoll, of this town. His father was with him at his death. The body will be taken by early train tomorrow morning to St. John, where it will be interred in Fernhill cemetery. Services will be conducted in St. John by Rabbi Amdur.

Mrs. Catherine McCloskey.
The death of Mrs. Catherine McCloskey, wife of John McCloskey, occurred at her home, 257 Carmarthen street, Wednesday afternoon. The deceased, who was 57 years of age, had been in ill health for some time. She leaves besides her husband one daughter.

Mrs. Mary Maher.
The death of Mrs. Mary, widow of Michael W. Maher, late building inspector of St. John, occurred at her home, 17 Golding street, Wednesday afternoon. She leaves one son, M. A. Maher, of New York, and four daughters, Mrs. J. P. Carney, of New York, Mrs. Elizabeth, of York, and Catherine, at home.

John Wasson.
At the age of ninety-eight, John Wasson died on April 1, at the residence of his son-in-law, Henry M. Fowler, at Salmon Creek, Queens county. He was the oldest inhabitant of that part of the province, a genial and much respected friend and neighbor. For sixty years he was an active and consistent member of the Baptist church, ever ready to extend and give testimony to the doctrines he held. Besides his daughter, Mrs. Henry M. Fowler, he has living a son, Thomas, in Kansas; Nathan, in Michigan; Arthur, at Maguapet, Sunbury county, and J. Albert and Chas. Eldon, of Queens county. Deceased was interred at Newcastle, Sunbury county, services being conducted by the Rev. Mr. Flint, of Chipman. The funeral was well attended.

Miss Jessie Ward.
Miss Jessie Douglas Ward, third daughter of the late Charles and Maria Douglas Ward and sister of Clarence Ward, the mayor's clerk, died Thursday at the residence of her sister, Miss Fildes, in Providence, R. I. She had only been ill a short time with pneumonia. Late Tuesday night Mr. Ward got a telegram from Providence telling him of his sister's serious illness. He left for Providence on the 11 o'clock train and arrived late to see her alive. Until ten years ago Miss Ward and her sister had resided in Elliott Row. She then moved to Providence, coming up

each summer to live in St. Martins. Just previous to her illness, she had announced her intention of coming here early in May. She had many friends in this city and vicinity who will be sorry to learn of her death.

Mrs. Annie E. Moore.
The death occurred in this city on the 21st inst., of Annie E. Moore, widow of the late William A. Moore, who occupied the office of chamberlain for the city of Portland for seventeen years. The deceased was born at Grand Bay, and before her marriage was Mrs. Mary Eaton. About fifteen months ago she suffered a stroke of paralysis from which she never fully recovered. She has resided in the North End nearly all her life, and was 76 years of age. She is survived by two sons, S. T., at home, and R. C., in the West; one daughter, Mrs. W. E. McIntyre, of the North End, and three grandchildren, Helen Moore, of Wolfville (N. S.), and Gordon and Willard McIntyre, of this city.

John Schofield.
On Tuesday, April 5, at Avonmore, Kings county, John Schofield passed peacefully away after a lingering illness from tumor of the stomach. Though failing in health for the last two years he had been confined to his bed for only about three months and he passed away as a happy relief from intense suffering.

The deceased, who was 67 years of age, was born at Millstream, but had spent the greater part of his life at Carletonville, where he married Miss Spicer, a daughter of the late John Spicer, a member of the law firm of Spicer & Co., of this town. He is survived by his wife and four children, William W., of Jamaica Plain; Frederic A., and Alder P., of Avonmore; and Elva J., of Sussex, while a niece, Elva J., has always been to him as a daughter. He had also two brothers living, Wm. A. Brantford (Ont.), and James C. Newtown, and two sisters, Mrs. Elizabeth Newton, and Mrs. Jane Gregg, Mountandale, besides a large circle of other relatives. Interment took place in the Methodist church, and was buried on Thursday, 7th, when after a service at the home conducted by Rev. W. E. Lester, Mercer Settlement, a godly number followed the remains to Belleisle Creek for interment services were held by Rev. A. C. Bell, of Apohaqui, the pallbearers were C. R. Rowe, J. T. Howe, Robert Lockhart and J. McAllister.

Funeral of Robert J. Lindsay.
Woodstock, N. B., April 21—(Special)—The funeral of Robert J. Lindsay, who died at his home here on Tuesday, was held this afternoon. Interment took place in the Methodist cemetery and many beautiful floral tributes were placed on the casket. The deceased was a prominent member of Woodstock Lodge, F. & A. M., although the funeral was held under the auspices of that order the members attended in large numbers. The pallbearers were James Foster, Zebulon Eber, George McCloskey, John McInch, Gabriel Davis and E. L. Hagerman. Rev. H. G. Alder conducted the religious exercises.

PIMPLES, BOILS, BLITCHES, ETC.

are due to bad blood. Bad blood is due to impurity in the part, and the only way to get rid of it is to purify the blood. External applications are of no use whatever. To get at the seat of the trouble, look to the kidneys and liver.

If you suffer from Headaches, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Diarrhoea, Loss of Appetite, Salted Fish, Bad Breath, etc., try one bottle of the great vegetable remedy, Wheeler's Botanic Balm. It is a fact, stamped on my memory, that it contains no injurious ingredients. Sold by Dr. C. L. D., 1147 St. Charles, Woodstock, N. B.

BRITISH RUSH TO OUR SHORES

London Mail Uses Big Exodus as Argument Against Free Trade

EMPRESS PASSENGERS A MONIED LOT
Prospects Good in Canada and Bad in England; They Say, in Explaining Their Wish to Seek the New Land—Thousands More to Follow—Seventy-five Who Bring \$150,000.

[The following from the London Daily Mail (one of the Northcliffe newspapers) of April 9, while aimed against free trade, gives an interesting idea of the wealth, in men and in money, that Canada is drawing from the United Kingdom.]

(London Daily Mail, April 9.)
(From our own Correspondent.)
Liverpool, Friday Night.—I have seen more than 1,000 men, women and children leave Great Britain today. And the curious fact remains stamped on my memory that only the old people left on the landing-stage at Liverpool and perhaps a few tired children on board the liner Empress of Ireland went. The rest laughed, sang, and cheered, as men and women rejoicing in each other's good fortune—those on the great liner because they were going from a land of middle and uncertainty to a land of work and plenty; those on shore because they hoped soon to follow in the wake of the departing steamer.

After seeing this little fragment of a wonderful migration I am impressed with two facts. First, that the flight from Free Trade is a living reality. And, secondly, that it is going to exceed every expectation. A smiling Canadian said to me, looking at the strong, happy faces packed in series rows along the side of the Empress of Ireland: "Do you think it is wonderful?" "Wait and see. It is only just beginning."

What is this movement which is "only just beginning"? The last man with whom I spoke of the matter was taking a total of £30,000. "You see," added Mr. Adair, "we are general emigration agents, entitled to book first and second as well as third class emigrants, and we hold it is just as important to Winnipeg and beyond I formed should be kept within the Empire and given a safe conduct to their destination and a warm welcome there as the men who have none."

Out of his pocket came proof of this remarkable letter and documents, fruits of a winter's campaign in England, Scotland, and Ireland, and out of his well-stocked memory stories of fore-runners who have gone out in previous years, and have done well.

The New Emigrant.
It was Mr. Adair who found one thousand men for British Columbia farmers two years ago. All are now settled in the land. "Splendid fellows," he remarks, "but not of the class now going out. I wish you had time to talk to some of my party in the third class. You will find the men with money there as well as in the first and second cabins."

Yes, there was money in the third cabin of the Canadian Pacific liner today, and better than money, good English bone and muscle and brave English hearts. Look at these big, jovial men, these well-dressed, contented women, these red-cheeked, happy girls, whom I found in a corner of the lower deck waiting to pass the emigration officials. Here is a railway coach builder with as fine a character as a man could ask, who has given up "a good job and a comfortable living" in Free Trade England and is going to protected Canada with his wife and three young daughters. Why? "I couldn't see any future," he explained. "It looked to me that things were getting worse. It costs more to live, and wages don't improve." So he is going with his health and £40 in his pocket to start over again in Canada.

Here are three other London and South-

WEDDINGS
Christie-Dimock.
Windsor, N. S., April 20—The marriage of Miss Ellen Mary Dimock, eldest daughter of F. W. Dimock, and Richard Thompson Christie, only son of W. Christie, of the law firm of Christie & Robinson, was solemnized this morning in Christ Church. The bride looked exceedingly pretty in a tailored Russian blouse suit of crushed amethyst cloth, with black military braid trimmings, and her large, tortoiseshell straw of amethyst-colored roses. She carried a shouwer bouquet of bride's roses. Both bride and groom were unattended and the bride was given in marriage by her father and second cousin.

Rev. G. R. Martell performed the ceremony. The bride is one of Windsor's most popular young ladies and will be greatly missed in social circles. The array of presents testifies to the popularity of Mr. and Mrs. Christie, who were married on the early morning train from St. John to Fredericton. Mr. Christie is on the surveying staff of the G. T. P. in York county (N. B.).

Chisholm-Sahey.
A very quiet ceremony took place Thursday in the home of the officiating clergyman, Rev. A. McLean, when Alexander Chisholm, of this city, was married to Miss Annie Sahey, a native of Newfoundland. Only a few friends of the contracting parties were present. The bride was in a princess costume of white silk organdie with a white picture hat, and carried a bouquet of white carnations. The groom is a member of the city fire department. Mr. and Mrs. Chisholm will reside in Crown street.

MARK TWAIN, THE GREAT AMERICAN HUMORIST, DEAD

(Continued from page 1.)

can be said of any man, of a broken heart.

Samuel Langhorne Clemens, better known by his nom de plume of "Mark Twain," was born in Florida (Missouri), Nov. 30, 1835. At the age of thirteen he began his apprenticeship to the printing business. Several years later he acted for a short time as a pilot on the Mississippi, afterwards joining the editorial staff of a newspaper in California. Some time later he was editor of a paper in Buffalo and on a cruise with Bret Harte, wrote articles for the Californian. He travelled a great deal on the continent of Europe and spent much of his time in England. His writings occupy a high place in American literature. He had lectured frequently, not only in his native country, but in Canada as well. He was married to Olivia Langdon of New York, who died in 1904. His principal works are: The Jumping Frog, 1877; The Innocents Abroad, 1879; The Gilded Age, in collaboration with C. D. Warner, 1873; Roughing It, 1872; Sketches New and Old, 1873; Adventures of Tom Sawyer, 1876; Punch, Brothers Punch, 1878; A Tramp Abroad, 1880; The Prince and the Pauper, 1881; The Great White Elephant, 1882; Life on the Mississippi, 1883; The Adventures of Huckleberry Finn, 1885; A Yankee at the Court of King Arthur, 1889; The American Claimant, 1892; The £1,000,000 Bank Note, 1893; Quackery, 1894; The Millionaire, 1894; The Man that Corrupted Hadleyburg, 1900.

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NOT FOR BEAUTY ALONE

Western railway men, one a wagon builder standing six feet high, the second a signalman, with his wife and two children; the third, who is going, like his mates, to the Northwest, and will be followed by his wife—all men with good characters. Is all Eastleigh going to Canada? They laugh. "There were about a thousand to see us off last night," says one. "There are thirteen of us in this party. The rest will come if we get on all right." A risky venture? These strong, reliable British men and women refuse to acknowledge that. One of them instances his brother-in-law, who went out seven years ago and is now owner of over 640 acres of land in Saskatchewan, from which last season he took 6,000 bushels of wheat and 1,400 bushels of oats.

Here and there in my journey this morning I came across members of the "Bridgewater party." Some were in the second cabin, some in the third. All had pleasant, grave brown faces, well-knit frames, and a Somersetshire accent. Mr. Godfrey, who was superintending the party, that they were nearly all farmers, butchers, market-gardeners, stablesmen, and the like—a fair epitome of life in rural districts of the West county.

One farmer is taking himself, his wife, his grown-up daughter, and "a few hundreds" of capital to Calgary; he is tired of working hard for so little return in England. Another young farmer of the Bridgewater party, just twenty-three years old, has already come to the conclusion that a year of hard work in Ontario or further west will set him on the high road to land ownership and fortune. Another Bridgewater man was a dairy keeper. The capital value of the business he inherited will go into a mixed farm near Toronto.

So one might go from one to another of these sturdy emigrants, finding coal miners and cotton spinners as plentiful as farmers. The tales of the fourteen men and women from Darwin are tuned to the same key as that of the man from Suffolk who has thrown up a job as foreman on a farm and the magnificent Free Trade wage of 18s. per week for the risks of 290d. a month and board on a Canadian farm.

Story after story runs along parallel lines. Some fear the future in Free Trade England; others hate the present, all are fired with the same ambition—"to better myself, to better myself," runs the chorus from saloon to steamer, from capitalist to carpenter. All are healthy, running the gauntlet of doctor after doctor. All are happy, especially the bright little lads, who are as keen to try "a new school" as their fathers are to try a new land. Most of them have friends who are only waiting the word to follow, and with the same token many have friends who are looking them on. When and where will it all come? GEORGE C. CURNOCK.