& SONS.

ibutors.

dictionary to heap abuse gland, Dr. Jameson and , but the press bureau of ort of language with the ofances that the government.

Barth, an influential mer reichstag, writes in the rning Germany that only gain by an Anglo-Saxon nd that England is only douty in protecting the inter-

nich says: The rumors of an ween England, France and ressed the Bourse. It was incident, but it should serve ing that the Dreibund can-

an. 13.—The Temps today pubinterview with the Transesentative, Herr Blockland he said that the situation of factory and that everything vell. The Transvaal, he said. accepted the convention of had not dreamt of denour he term "British suzerainty" tion with the Transvaal, he was misapplied, as Great nly had the right to months, conventions conthe Transvaal with other hich might be regarded as to British interests. Jan. 14.—The Caronicle has ial this morning strongly

an English alliance with nd Russia. ily News, as is customary paper, strongly condemns admits that Englishmen are testify, in any way, to their

THE RING.

Connolly-Dime Fight.

nd, O., Jan. 10.—Eddie Con-St. John ,N. B., and Jimmy msterdam, N. Y., met in the na of the Cleveland Athletic ght in the presence of 3,000 who paid \$2.50 each to see t weights battle for a purse d a side stake, the amount will not be stated on account. against stake fights. The n the event was 2 to 1 in vor, and about \$7,000 hinged esult when the men entered

uts between well known boxand Connolly appeared. of their match were. The eigh in at 133 pounds or less , 12 rounds, with five more ry. Connolly today tipped pounds, and Dime was one

rst round Connolly was the He jabbed on the nose with setting a hard right in the eturn. A rally followed, with to either. Dime put a terriight in the wind, and again in the face. Both missed sevwings ,and the round closed nen sparring.

cond round they exchanged rights. Dime then put a teron Connolly's jaw, and the hed. Connoly missed a left a moment later landed his he wind, taking a right in The round closed with ange. The fighting thus far

ver ducking saved Dime knocked out in the third landed a staggering left on mouth, and they exchanged Dime jabbed Connolly on ad knocked him to his knees. ose he got a hot one in the nolly began to make things and landed several hard wind and over the heart, the swings with the right have ended the fight. Dime it on the nose and brought round closed with Connolly right swing from Dime.

me went to his corner a call for a doctor, who found t forearm broken. The refgave a decision in favor of

ton, Jan. 10.-Mr. Morgan resolution congratulating of Transvaal on its stand ence. It was referred to ee on foreign relations,

PAGES. ST. JOHN WHEKTY SUN. PAGES.

VOL. 19.

ST. JOHN, N. B., WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 22, 1896.

YOUTOSE

From 20 cents to 25 cents on every dollar you spend for TEA if you don't get

UNION

All the Leading Grocers are making it their leader. Try a pound of it.

CEO. S. DEFOREST & SONS,

Wholesale Distributors.

TEMPERANCE COLUMN.

By the Women's Christian Temper ance Union of St John.

W. C. T. U. FOOD REFORM MOVE-

at the convention in London was the form food department. Any one inent of the new food reform department of the World's W. C. T. U., is the founder of the Bread Reform lea-

gue, a purely uncommercial associa-tion, organized to spread a knowledge of wholesome, neurishing foods. "Miss Yates was induced to take up the subject of Food Reform through had married and settled in Italy. 'On her way out she met a lady who was a vegetarian and who said she had not felt the want of meat after she had taken to the use of when she got to Italy that the people were strong and healthy without meat when they had this whole brown meal d. The fact was especially im-sed on her mind by her friend's on the vineyard said they could not work on the white bread she used, she was always obliged to supply them with whole meal bread. Miss Yates has also noticed that the fellaheen in

hen father's Egyptian factory were quite strong and well without meat. "Before leaving England, Miss Yates had been much impressed with the badly nourished condition of England's pour people, especially the children. She thought what a blessing it would be if these poor people could get whole meal bread, and on her return to England, feeling impelled to take up the subject, Miss Yates gave up ner artification. exhibited pictures in the Royal Aca-

exhibited pictures in the Royal Academy, the Grosvenor and other galleries) sold her jewels to raise funds, and with the assistance of Sir Benjamin Richardson, F. R. S., and the late Samuel Morley, M. P., founded the Bread Reform league.

"One of the first necessary was held at the Mansion house under the presiat the Mansion house, under the presidency of the Lord Mayor. The late Earl of Shaftesbury, Prof. Huxley and many prominent men of science took part in the organization, while the Prince and Princess of Wales showed

great interest in the movement.
"About this time there was a great agitation in London about over pres-sure among school children. Miss Yates and her friends were strongly ed by under feeding and not by overpressure, so the Bread and Food Re-Vegetarian society in organizing half penny dinners for school children. The dinners consisted of vegetarian soup and whole meal bread and cake. This and whole meal bread and cake. This was always ready to co-operate in all plan has been adopted in the board that promoted decency and order. As schools, and is now being carried out a sincere friend, a gental fellowon an extensive scale by a central committee representing various philanthropic societies, under the chairmanship of Mrs. A. F. Hills, whose active marking the scale of the s tive work and munificent support to this and other charitable work has done an incalculable amount of public

"Miss Yates then became the organizing secretary of the Lon-don Vegetarian society, in which

organized the Vegetarian congress and Among the pieces was a large cushion

arranged the vegetarian annex at the Columbian exposition,"
At the World's W. C. T. U., Sir Benjamin Richardson, M. D., F. R. S., drafted the following resolution: "As drarted the following resolution: "As it is now recognized that inebriety is continually the result of diseased conditions produced in a large measure by injurious and insufficient diet, it is resolved that the World's Reform Food department be established to deal with all questions relating to food and to diffuse a scientific knowledge of the nature of food."

It is proposed from time to time in this column to give a sketch of the new departments, particularly those recommended by the Dominion convention to be adopted by provincial

At a meeting of the rector, church, wardens and vestry of Trinity church, held on the 13th inst., the following resolutions were passed relative to their deceased rectarges. Mill, and their deceased senior church warden, Charles W. Weldon.

Whereas, It has pleased Almighty God to remove by death on Wednesday, Dec. 3rd, 1895, Alfred H. DeMill,

try;
Therefore resolved, That we, the rec tor, church wardens and vestry, at this our first meeting since the above date, place on record the deep sense of the loss which we have thereby, sustained and our high esteem of his character and worth. The great interest which he took in matters con nected with the church made him a most agreeable fellow-worker, while his literary and legal ability rendered his co-operation most valuable; and Further resolved, That a copy of the above resolution be forwarded by the vestry clerk to the relatives of the

The resolution relative to the late Charles W. Weldon was as follows: We, the rector, church wardens and vestry, now duly assembled together, give expression to our feelings of sincere sorrow at being called to part with our most highly esteemed church warden, Charles Wesley Weldon, by death, which took place on Sunday, January 12th, 1896.

Being of Loyalist descent, he natur ally was strongly attached to all the traditions of Trinity church—the church of the Loyalists—and took an honest pride in preserving as far as possible those traditions, and keeping the church through all changes to be a landmark in the history of the city. He was elected at Easter, 1874, to be church warden, to which office he was re-elected through every succeeding year, taking the place of senior war-

den in September, 1892, on the death of John Sears, and the duties of which he never failed to discharge with exemplary zeal, unflagging interest and marked ability. His profound knowl-edge of the law, which easily placed him among the most eminent jurists of Canada, and his large experience of men and things, made his advice ingly valuable and did much for the peace and prosperity of the parish.
As a devoted churchman, he dearly
loved the services of God's house,
which he never falled to attend, and

We tender our deep sympathy to his bereaved widow in being called to part with an affectionate husband.

A copy of the above was transmitted by the rector to the widow.

Q. C., took place last Wednesday after-noon. It was one of the largest procescapacity she directed much Q. C., took place last Wednesday afterattention to vegetarianism in England, and also held large meetings in sions seen in this city for many years.
Belgium, where her knowledge of The casket was almost completely covFrench enabled her to arouse much interest in the subject.

of white roses with a cross of scarlet carnations worked in the centre with a St. George's cross. The accompanying card bore the inscription: "With the sympathy of St. George's society." The Young Liberals' club sent an Ivy wreath of red and white roses, tied with white ribbon; a very pretty bouquet of ping roses was from the teachers of the Victoria school; many beautiful flowers were sent by private friends. A large cross of white roses and carnations, azalleas, lily of the valley, smilax and asparagus was from Lt.-Col. Tucker; Mr. and Mrs. H. A. McLean sent a pillow of cream and white white roses and carnations, chrysan-themums, hyacinths, smilax and asp-aragus. After brief prayers in th

The service, which was conducted by Ven. Archdeacon Brigstocke, assisted by Rev. W. Eatough, was most impressive, and it was beautified by the singing of two appropriate hymns. I Heard the Voice of Jesus Say, and Tribute to the subject, moved a vote Naw the Laborer's Task Is O'er. The of themes.

At the battle of El-Tebo (February 29, 1894), Col. Barrow and Trumpeter Fanning, a young fellow of nineteen years, were leading a wing of our regiment in the charge against the Arab forces, who were then in full retreat, when suddenly they were cut off from the main body of the regiment by a superior force of the enemy. Col. Barrow had alrady been badly wounded in the charge, having been speared through the left. ed in the charge, having been speared through the left arm and side, and was, therefore, powerless to defend himself. Trumpeter Fanning, who was was riding by his side, took in the whole situation at a glance, and quickly dismounting from his horse, stood on the defensive over the body of his fallen colonel, and fought with that indomitable pluck and courage which only the British soldier can do when he is put to the test. Drawing his revolver, and with a determined look to do or die upon his face, he calmly awaited the onslaught of the savage horde. Not a shot was wasted. Every pullet had its mark, for Fanning knew only too well his chances w be small once his revolver was empty his sword he fought like a lion until, stabbed in the right arm with a spear, through weakness and loss of blood he was compelled to relinquish his hold upon his sword. Then the gallant trumpeter, with his trumpet his left hand, fought the enemy hand-to-hand until literally borne to the ground by sheer force of numbers. Here they fell upon him and hacked spears and knives, and left him and when we recovered the bodies they were taken back to camp. Here-we found that Fanning was stabbed in seventeen different places, yet, despite this fact, the gallant fellow lingered for five days afterward and died at Victoria hospital, Suez, where he was buried. Needles to say, had he recovered from his wounds, he would have received the Vactoria Cross for his bravery. He leaves a widowed mother

to mourn his loss.

The trumpet, which bore such mute testimony by the blood-stained finger marks in his deathly grasp of the gal-lant stand made by the heroic youth, was afterwards recovered and pre served as a memento by his comrades. Col. Barrows afterwards died from the effects of his wounds, although until he had rendered excellent vices on the Nile expdition.

WORTH REMEMBERING.

Fibre Chamols in skirts, capes or coats, is that it must be always cut across the goods and should be well tacked here and there to the lining to prevent any chance of its getting out

FATHER O'NEILL'S LECTURE.

The Life and Work of John Boyle O'Reilly His Subject.

Rev. Dr. Carey's Cordial Words at the Close Praise for Sather Lefebvre.

Memorial hall, was a pronounced success. The large audience, the close

humorist than a lecturer, relaxed un-der the shower of compliments, and

Spain and Elizabeth were nominally not only at peace, but on friendly terms; it was with France that the English queen was for the time at war. A small fleet of English traders were tempted to chase a French brig in the harbor of Gibraltar. No doubt they wanted the prize, but it was the sight of the black servants of the holy office rowing out to the French ship that put them in a fury, in which all recollections of the rules of neutral harbors was forgotten. For this mistake they were indeed severely punished Captured by the Spanish guard soundfrom the inquisition dealt with squadron, the inquisition dealt with them, and that so thoroughly that in nine months out of 240 cantives only 90 were living. The blood of 150 Enga crew of sixty St. Malo Huguenots had been brought before them; all entreaties were unavailing, and they were put to death. Is it to be wondered at that when their fellow-sailors of Brittany heard of it they promptly seized some Spanish ships and sent them ashore with one man in each to tell the tale, and 100 bodile Or, again, there was the well-known case of Thomas Seeley, merchant, of Bristol. He was kept starving in Spanish dungeon simply because he had knocked a swaggering Spaniard down for slandering the virtue of Queen Elizabeth. A letter from the against the sombre, dogged power of the insuisition. From the middle of tales were constantly in men's ears. The English sailors heard them, set their feeth, and vowed vengeance.—

> THE RIGHT SYSTEM. (Daily Sun, Jan. 15.)

Good -Words.

across the goods and should be well tacked here and there to the lining to prevent any chance of its getting out of place. If this is done, your garment will stand any amount of wear and completely accounted for. The manifests of goods tell the story, and these shape. The light weight No. 10 when used as above is support enough for all skirts.

Advertise in THE WEEKLY SUN.

of goods is double checked, and often three times. That is, one department have another, in such a way that everything must be fully and completely accounted for. The manifests of goods tell the story, and these are checked and re-checked. Short-age or attempted fraud would be at once detected. No one man or two men could carry on any shady business without others knowing it.

Advertise in THE WEEKLY SUN.

BALLOONS IN WAR TIMES. During the Seige of Paris 66 As cended from the City and Only

Three Were Lost. (From the Chicago Record.)

The last big European war taught the French more about ballooning than they would otherwise have learned in a generation. At the beginning of the war the government rejected many processes from balloon release. many proposals from bolloon makers to construct a number of war balloons Col. Tucker; Mr. and Mrs. H. A. McLean sent a pillow of cream and white
roses, smilax and ferns, with the
words "At Rest" in purple letters; a
crescent of pink and white hyacinths,
azaleas and ferns was from E. R. Burpee; Lewis J. Almon sent a cross of
cream and white roses; a beautiful
wreath of cream and white flowers was
sent from the Count and Countess de
Bury; Mrs. F. H. J. Brigstocke sen
a large bouquet of white roses; a very
pretty bouquet of roses was from Mis
MacLaren; G. Sidney Smith sent
wreath of white roses, carnations, na
classus, smilax, hyacinths and ferns; E
C. Jones sent a very beautiful cross of
when the Lefebvre
Memorial hall, was a pronounced success. The large audience, the close
attention and frequent applause, and
the cordial vote of thanks, seconded
stations into balloon factories and
sought the services of the few experienced aeronauts then available for the
teaching of the use and management
of the balloon to the people. During
four months sixty-six balloons left
Paris, of which number only three
have never been accounted for. This is
remarkable when it is remembered
that no lights were alloons.
One hundred and satity pearsons, inclosure of war balloons
when they were shut up in Paris they
gladly turned to the balloon to help
them. They turned all their disused
stations into balloon factories and
sought the services of the few experienced aeronauts then available for the
teaching of the use and management
of the balloon to the people.
During
four months sixty-six balloons in
the carlier of war balloons
stations into balloon to the people.
O'Neill.

His worship Mayor Robertson presided, and Leo Keily, president of the
Father Mathew association; P. Tole,
have never been accounted for. This is
remarkable when it is remembered
that no lights were alloons.
One hundred and satity pearsons, inclosure of the balloon to the people.
During
four months sixty-six balloons of the balloon to the people.
The balloon to the people of the teaching of the use and management
of the ballo O'Neill.

His worship Mayor Robertson presided, and Leo Keily, president of the Father Mathew association; P. Tole, president of Branch No. 133, C. M. B.

A.: Thos. Klickham, president Division No. 1, A. O. H., and P. J. O'Keefe of the Carleton Branch C. M. B. A., were also on the platform. The City Cornet band was present and rendered a choice selection of airs before the lecture began.

white roses and carnations, chrysans themums, hyacinths, smilar and asparagus. After brief prayers in the house the cortege was formed and moved towards Trinity church in the following order: Board of Fire Underwriters; Board of School Trustees and Teachers; St. George's society; Barristers' society and St. John Law society; wardens and vestry of Trinity church; clergy. The pall bearers were lewis J. Almon, Count de Bury, Judge Barker, John V. Ellis, J. devoit Sparker, John V.

singing of two appropriate hymns. I sheard the Voice of Jesus Say, and Now the Laborer's Task Is O'er. The service concluded with the singing or a recessional Nunc Dimittis, and ess a recessional Nunc Dimittis, and ess the casket was being carried from the church the solemn strains of the Dead March in Saul pealed from the organ. The funeral procession was not reformed, but many took coaches to the Rural cemetery, where the remains were finally laid to rest.

The office of the Keystone Fire Insurance company was closed out of respect to Mr. Weldon, who was side-president of the company.

The FOUGHT AN ARMY.

The FOUGHT AN ARMY.

The following account of an incident of the Saudan campaign is related in London by one of the officers of the Ninetteenth Hussans:

At the battle of El-Tebo (February 29, 1894) Col. Barrow and Timpuster.

And great applause Rev. Dr. Carey of Brussels street Baytist church arose and observed that it might not be out of place for a Protestant clergyman to second the motion so well made. He wished to express his great and the return to received the motion so well made. He wished to express his great and the reversand to rest. The following comps has to pass is becoming daily more scientific and severe. The following corps has to pass is becoming daily more scientific and severe. The following corps has to pass is becoming the total contract of the coarse through which the ball conting corps has to pass is becoming daily more scientific and severe. The following corps has to pass is becoming the total contract of the coarse through and severe. The following corps has to pass is becoming daily more scientific and severe. The following corps has to pass is becoming the total contract of the coarse through the post in the passion provisions, 10,000 boxes of cheese, at least 30 horses; 180 head of cattle (provisions, 10,000 boxes of the least to provisions, 10,000 boxes of cheese, at least 30 horses; 180 head of cattle (provisions, 10,000 boxes of the least to provisions, 10,000 boxes of chees

ipwards to the height of several hundred feet, uncoiling the rope after it. The officer in the car takes up with him maps of the surrounding country and a field glass. The position and ar-rangements of the enemy are marked down on the maps with different col-ored pencils, indicating cavalry, in-fantry, etc. These marked maps are then placed in a leather bag, which is attached to a ring, which slides down the cable to the ground, where a mounted officer awaits it and car-ries the message to the general in command. Other means of communicating the information have been tried, such as by telephone and photography, but many officers still cling to the colored pencil method, which they say is very sure and effective.

DEATH OF MRS. FAULKE.

Eliza A. Faulke, relict of the late Capt. W. D. Faulke, died last evening at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Robb. Botsford street, in the 89th year of her age. Mrs. Faulke had enjoyed excellent health up to last winter, when she was prostrated with la grippe, from the effects of which she fully recovered. She was, however, able to be about most of the time, and on New Year's day was well enough to receive callers. The deceased lady was born in St. John in June, 1807, being a daughter of the late Henry Hennigar, of the Royal Engineers, and a descendant of the United Empire Loyalists, who came to Anlis Royal in infancy with his parents. Mrs. Faulke lived in Mon for upwards of forty years and was esteemed by a large circle of friends and acquaintances for her many good qualities. The deceased was a sister of the late Rev. Jas. G. Hennigar, familiarly known as "Father" Hennigar, of the Nova Scotia conference, and there survive her three sisters. Miss Hennigar of Moncton. Mrs. Salter of Brooklyn, New York. Her surviving children are Mrs. Mc Bean, Mrs. Robb and Captain R. J. Faulke, all of Moncton.-Moncton Times.

MARRIED IN NEY YORK

ades.
In conversation with Collector Ruel
and other officials at the custom house
not
serconnection with the defalcation of the
collector at Ottawa, referred to in yesterday's despatches, that no such
thing could have occurred if the reguthing could have occurred if the reguthing could have occurred if the regu- vandewater, rector of St. Andrew's lar system as adopted at this port were Protestant Episcopal church. Miss adhered to. By the system employed Adams, who was given away by her in the St. John customs house every-father, was attired in a gown of cream thing, not only money but every item white satin, the corsage trimmed with of goods, is double checked, and often three times. That is, one department place by a wreath of orange blossoms.

FREIGHT IN ABUNDANCE

Hundreds of Cars of Goods in Carleton for the Beaver, Donaldson and Furness Line Boats.

It is Believed all Three Steamers Will Have to Leave Freight Behind.

(Daily Sun, Jan. 16.) The scene at Sand Point was a busy one yesterday. The Donaldson liner Warwick was taking in grain at the elevator and the Beaver liner Lake Superior discharging the portion of her cargo for the west. The Warwick moved up from the C. P. R. wharf to the face of the Connolly wharf, where worked nearly all night receiving grain and will not get it all on board till late this afternoon, as she is to take away 60,000 bushels of oats and 16,000 bushels of wheat. The Warwick will have a full cargo, in fact, it is doubtful if she can carry all that is offering for her. deals and 100 loads of timber, along with thirty-five carloads of flour, meal engaged for 220 or 250 cattle and at least 160 sheep. She will sail on Sat-urday or Sunday.

The Lake Superior came up to her berth in front of the new warehouse on the north side of the Connolly wharf yesterday morning. She had in all about 1,300 tons of cargo and a rison, Robert Thompson and Thomas Hall. There were nine steerage passengers. Work wa sat once begun her and the western portion of her cargo was forwarded by special train over the C. P. R. last night. Some of the stuff will reach Montreal shortly after noon today. Three hatches were worked all day and all night and the new warehouse was a lively place. Hundreds of citizens visited it during the afternoon. The Lake Superior wil have on her voyage to Liverpool 16,000 bushels of grain, 25 carloads of provisions, 10,000 boxes of cheese, at

236 miles Saturday; on Sunday made 267 miles; arrived at Partridge Island minutes later than she arrived there on lon. 48.30, the Lake Superior passed a

large iceberg, very dangerous to navi-S. S. Taymouth Castle, Capt. Forbes, arrived yesterday morning from the West Indies with 600 tons of cargo. Five hundred tons of this is sugar for Halifax. The remainder will be discharged here. Capt. Forbes reports a very fine passage up. The Taymouth Castle brought the following passengers: F. W. Cotter, from Demerara. and Rev. Canon Partridge, A. Partridge and Chas. Lee from Be following sailings of the Donaldson line boats will be as follows:

From Glasgow—Concordia, Jan. 18; Warwick, Feb. 8; Concordia, Feb. 29. From St. John—Warwick, Jan. 18; Concordia, Feb. 8; Warwick, Feb. 29; Concordia, March 21. Sixteen or seventeen cars contain-

ing goods from the Lake Superior for the west were despatched from Car-leton at midnight. This is remarkably quick work and reflects great credit on the steamer people and the C. P. R. officials at Sand Point as well.

A STRANGE FRENCH LAW. Objected to Because a Servant Bore His Jail Number.

(From the Pittsburg Dispatch.) There is a law in France which emitters the life of every dramatic author, as it confers upon every French citizen the right of having a novel or play immediately suppressed by the police if his name happens to be mentioned in it. In their anxiety to avoid unpleasantness the parodists of the Cluny theaetre decided to designate characters in a recent piece by numbers. The effect thus produced is somewhat peculiar, as, for instance:
"Ah, charming 132, you are the most

"And you are a flatterer, Count 18."
While the two were thus exchanging compliments an elderly gentleman suddenly appears and calls out in a "I have caught you now, Count 18!

Are there any cowards in your famtrembling in his shoes.

"Seventy-four!" exclaims the Duke, 'turn this gentleman out!" But at this point a fellow in the aulience springs to his feet.
"That's really too bad!" he shouts

in the direction of the stage. "I will send you a summons."

The Duke answers in surprise:
"What have you to complain of? Seventy-four is only a number."
"That's just it. It is the very number I bore when in jail, and I am not going to be degraded by having a ser-vant dubbed with it."

Everybody had to give in to that argument. It was the law. The play was stopped there and then.

Rev. Mr. Mullin's Case Given Another Airing.

Rules for the Church Building Fund-Sat factory Home Mission Report.

The St. John presbytery met on the 14th inst. in St. 'Andrew's church lroom. The moderator, Rev. Dr. Macrae, presided, and there was a good attendance. Rev. Mr. Robertson of New Glasgow was invited to a seat at the meeting. The election of a moderator for the ensuing term re-

sulted in the re-election of Dr. Macrae. At the last meeting Rev. Mr. Mullin had asked for the extracts from the minutes of all presbytery meetings at which his case was dealt with. He now sked for the names of those present at the meetings to be furnished him. The request was not granted.

Rev. Wm. Peacock accepted the call to St. James, and it was also announced that Rev. J. A. McLean of South Finch, Ont., had accepted the call to Springfield, and that the induction would take place on the first Tuesday in February.

The protest made by Rev. Mr. Mullin

The protest made by Rev. Mr. Mullin against alterations made in the minutes of a meeting held at Charlottetown and afterwards approved by a meeting held in St. John on September 3rd, 1895, was read. Mr. Mullin first took a technical objection that the matter was now different from the resolution passed at the said meeting. solution passed at the said meeting. and that notice of motion sho been given if a change was contem-plated. His second objection was that the decision was in opposition to the wishes of the members of his congre-gation at Nashwaak and Stanley. He protested thirdly that the action of the commission sent by Gov. Morton the presbytery would drive away many to obtain a sworn statement from Mo congregation, and finally that the de-

The answers to these protests by the committee, Rev. Dr. Macrae and Rev. Mr. Rainnie, were as follows: First, the presbytery in their judg-ment merely reaffirmed its previous resolution; second, they did not feel called upon to pronounce judgment on a decision already arrived at by ample evidence; third, they did not deem it their duty or feel that they are competent to deal with hypothetical cases; fourth, the committee refer Mr. Mullin expire. to Rules and Forms of Procedure, sec.

362, page 64. As was expected, the protests and sion, and the moderator was kept busy sion, and the industrator was kept day in keeping the debate within the limits of the subject. Dr. Bruce thought it would be well to pause and hear any further evidence.

Mr. Mullin argued at some length in favor of his protest, and argued that the answers did not meet it. It was finally resolved to take the protest and the answers section by The first section passed The second section aroused quite a stormy discussion. Rev. Mr. Macneill moved that the words "on ample evidence" be struck out, as he believed that there was more evidence A VERY HONEST COAL DEALER. that could be secured. He agreed with Dr. Bruce that it would be well to pause. In the discussion that folwed a large part of what has already been gone over at recent pres-bytery meetings in regard to the Mullin case was again ventilated. Rev. Mr. Mullin was as combative as ever. He declared that in trying to depose him they were acting against the wishes of the people, and declared that if his flock wanted him as their pastor the presbytery could not put him out. They might drop his name the roll, but by so doing they would lose a church and congregation. This emphatic speech elicited the question, is the deed of the church at Stanley in the name of the Presbyterian church of Canada? It is un stood not, and if so it leaves Mr. Mullin and his congregation in a poto defy the presbytery. Mr. Mullin declared there was no need for him to have the deed in the name of the presbytery or the general assembly either. The name was not worth a snap of his finger when he wanted to raise a mortgage. The mowanted to raise a mortgage. The mo-tion to strike out the words "on ample evidence" was defeated. The third and fourth sections passed, also Mr. Mullin's fourth objection being de-

Mr Mullin after the matter was thus disposed of, declared quite tragically that they could not put him out, dend. and they would soon find that out. Rev. A. Fitzpatrick of Kincardin stated his reasons for resigning on ac-count of poor health. His resignation was accepted, to take place immedi-

AFTERNOON SEDERUNT.

Presbytery resumed its deliberations after dinner. L. W. Johnston of Fredericton, was appointed representative from that city in room of the late Edward Jack.
The following rules for the church

building fund of the synod of the maritime provinces were adopted:

1. The fund shall be called the Church Building fund of the synod of the first flowers of his potatues the the maritime provinces. 2. It shall be raised by subscriptions

congregations, and bequests. 3. The fund shall be under the management of a committee appointed by synod, with sub-committees, so far as necessary, in the several presbyteries; and all applications for aid shall be

made through presbytery. 4. Aid from the fund may be given elther as grants, or as loans with or

5. Before aid is given to any church the site shall be held by the congregation free from all encumbrance, either in terms of the model deed of the church or other approved deed.
6. In all cases in which a loan or grant is made such lien shall be given to the Presbyterian church as shall

thereto the whole property. 7. Except in special circumstances no grant shall be made of more than ourth (1-4) of the amount contributed, and said grant shall be expended by the congregation on the building

8. If aid be in the form of a loan, it shall be for not more than thirty (30) per cent of the cost of the church and

9. Congregations assistance by this fund shall take up an annual collection in aid thereof.

10. A congregation receiving a loan without interest, shall repay a certain percentage of it annually.

11. Property on behalf of which either a loan or grant is given from the fund shall be kept insured by the people to the full amount of its value.

The superintendent of home missions Rev. Mr. Ross, submitted a very encouraging report of the last three months' work. Several new churches are being built, and on the whole the Ances.

Presbytery approved of the remit from general assembly which sought to reduce the representation to that body from one in four to one in six as a basis.

The following committees were

The following committees were appointed to visit augmented charges: Glassville, Rev. Messrs, McLean and W. Ross; Sussex, Dr. Macrae and Rev. W. W. Rainnie; Chipman, Rev. Mr. Sutherland; Woodstock, Rev. Messrs. Macdonald and Ross; Calvin church, St. John, Dr. Macrae and J. Willet; South Blohmond, Rev. Messrs. Mac South Richmond, Rev. Messrs. Mac-donald and Ross; Hampton, Rev. Messrs. Burgess and Macneill; Pisainco , Rev. Mr. Burgess and J. Willet; pringfield, Rev. Messrs. Sutherland,

The presbytery adopted a resolution of sympathy with the Harvey congregation at the loss of their church by

cision of the presbytery was ultra who shot Robert Ross, will form a vires and against the rules and forms complete rebuttal to the confession

Mr. Black, the eminent and wealthy 3608. drivers into the off ce the other morning and tendered him quite a large sum of money.

"What is this for?" asked the as-"Merely a token of appreciation for services rendered," replied Mr. Black,

"But you've always paid me well for my services, and that was appreclation enough." "There is really more than that in it, John," continued Mr. Black;

really owe you the money."
"I don't understand." "Let me tell you," and he dropped his voice to a whisper. "You have been with me for twenty years, working 300 days every year, and averaging three loads a day; that makes 18,000 loads. You weigh 150 lbs. John, and we have never failed to weigh you with tains £120, or 10 per cent., which we think is yours by right. We are honest men, John, and don't desire to de-fraud anybody out of what is justly

John bowed in humble submission and is now waiting for the next divi-

THE POTATO IN FRANCE.

In France we find that the potato was placed on the royal table in the year 1616, but it was Parmentier, an cary, who really introduced it and did all he could to get it generally cultivated, though not without the stance of the government. In 1771 a high price was offered by the Academy of Besancon for the discovery of a new food which would fill the place of cereals in case of a famine. Parmentier showed his potatoes, and Louis XVI. gave him fifty morgen of land to plant them on. When show king used them as a buttonhole bou-suet, Queen Marie Antoinette had them from individuals, contributions from in the evening in her hair, and at once princes, dukes and high functionares went to Parmentier to obtain such

All Paris talked of nothing but pots toes and the cultivator of them. king said, "France will thank you some time hence because you have found bread for the poor." And France has not forgotten Parmentier, for I saw myself, in 1882, potatoes growing on his grave in the grand cemetery of Paris, the Pere la Chaise, and I was assured that they planted there every year, so that his services might never be forgotten .-Journal of the Royal Horticultural

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

SAME OLD STORY.

"What are you writing, Hawley?"
"A story. I'm going in for fiction."
"Really? For a magazine?"
"No, for my tailor. He wants his m and I'm telling him I'll send him a next week."—London Tid-Bits.

Advertise in THE WARKLY SUN.

Statistics of the Foreign Trade for the City and Outports.

Customs Collections for the Past Year Far in Advance of the Previous Year.

Monoton, Jan. 14.—The statistics of the foreign trade of Monoton and outports show that the past year has been one of considerable activity, if indeed it does not touch high water mark. The customs collections amounted to \$79,085, as compared with mark. The customs collections amounted to \$79,085, as compared with \$52,276 in 1894 and \$39,092 in 1898. The exports, as compared with 1894, were

....\$358,446 \$517,281 The details of the exports are as follows:

MONCTON. To the United States: Sumner Co., 26 vessels, Sumner Co., 26 vessels, 3,529 tons, 43,-300 railway ties, 2,671 cords bark, 251,-600 feet boards, 1,230,000 laths, value

S. B. Calhoun, 1 vessel, 150 tons, 160,000 feet boards, value \$1,220.
A. G. McKenzie, 3 vessels, 583 tons, 14,800 railway ties, value \$3,100.

To Great Britain: A. L. & S. B. Co., 5 vessels, 3,488 tons, 3,536,000 feet deals, etc., 84 tons timber, value \$24,932. Summary: 35 vessels, 6,519 tons, 270 cords wood, 7,337,000 laths, 2,348,000 feet boards, 3,556,000 feet deals, 1,237 pieces piling, 84 tons timber, total value

\$44,827. HARVEY.

To Great Britain: W. M. McKay, 2 vessels, 2,327 tons, 2,125,133 feet deals, etc., value \$17,800. Geo. McKean, 4 vessels, 3,959 tons, 3,756,372 feet deals, etc., value \$33,737. C. & I. Prescott, 1 vessel, 1,206 tons, feet deals, 350 tons timber

value \$9,887. C. & I. & Geo. D. Prescott, 1 vess 1,190 tons, 2,138,734 fet deals, etc., value \$17.311. To the United tSates:

C. & I. Prescott, 5 vessels, 654 tons, 100 cords wood, 1,724,000 laths, 250,370 feet lumber, value \$4,196. Geo. D. Prescott, 3 vessels, 318 tons, 1,400,000 laths, 120,000 feet lumber, value

J. S. Atkinson & Co., 7 vessels, 662 tons, 255 cords wood, 440,000 feet lumber, value \$3,919. W. J. Harris, 4 vessels, 312 tons, 300 cords wood, value \$360.

H. O. Barbour, 5 vessels, 540 tons, 510 cords wood, value \$588. H. H. Hoar, 5 vessels, 390 tons, 300 cords wood, value \$450.

McClelan & Turner, 2 vessels, 210

tons, 678,000 laths, 126,000 feet lumber, value \$1,726. J. B. Turner, 2 vessels, 180 tons, 225,-082 feet lumber, value \$1,640. L. F. West, 1 vessel, 72 tons, 30 cords wood, value \$80.

Edmund Kinnie, 1 vessel, 72 tons,

cords wood, value \$120. John E. Moore, 1 vessel, 161 tons, 647 pieces piling, value \$447. Summary: 45 vessels, 12,753 tons, 1,-797 cords wood, 350 tons timber, 647 pieces piling, 3,802,000 laths, 10,080,885 feet lumber, total value \$95,957, of which \$78,735 went to Great Britain and \$17,222 to the United States.

HILLSBORO. Owing to the death of the sub-col ector of customs at this port, the returns are incomplete. There was, however, a large increase in ship-ments. The Albert Manufacturing Co. loaded over 100 vessels. The ship ments of rock plaster amounted to 56,117 tons, as compared with 37,400 tons in 1894, and the total value of rock and calcined plaster shipped by this company to the United States was \$85,930 as compared with \$57,937 in the previous year. Besides plaster there was forwarded to the United States last year 2,054,000 laths, 1,926. 000 feet boards and 225 cords wood.

valued at \$69,270. The trans-Atlantic shipments amounted to 11,299,635 feet deals, etc., carried in ten ships, the value being \$79,097. Grand total value nents from Hillsboro last year \$184,197, as compared with \$181,173 in

By A. Minerva Henderson, Written in 1895.

When a little child was cradled, In a manger rude and bare, And the wise men gathered round him, Offering their gifts most rare. God had sent this little baby Down on earth with man to dwell, And the angels knew it, The angels knew it well.

Joyously they were awaiting, Olad in robes of spotless white, And the angels whispered softly, Whispered softly through the night. Now my children you have heard My tale so grand and old, How the wise men brought their gifts Of frankincense and gold.

And the babe within the manger Was our shapherd, good and dear, And my children if you pray to Him I know that He will hear. WHAT THE STATE SHOULD TRACH.

The preserylery adopted a resolution of sympathy with the Harvey congressition at the loss of their church by figs.

IT, 1S A LIE.

That Confession of McGough's to Save "Bat' Shea's Life.

Albany, N. Y., Jan. 19.—The Associated Press is able to state on uniformly 12 vessels, 4,581 tons, 5,500 relevant of the confession of McGough's to Save "Bat' Shea's Life.

Albany, N. Y., Jan. 19.—The Associated Press is able to state on uniformly 12 vessels, 4,581 tons, 15,500 relevant of the confession of other and not shee with other than the report of the country of the confession of the covernor, and which Shea's counted will take complete including the confession of the governor's commission are of such a nature that it is not thought likely that the courts will, on the present status of the case, grant Shea a new trial. This will call for Shea's electroution on Feb. 4, when the governor's resplic, granted the office of the governor's confission are of such a nature that it is not thought likely that the courts will, on the present status of the case, grant Shea a new trial. This will call for Shea's electroution on Feb. 4, when the governor's resplic, granted the office of the governor's confission are of such a nature that it is not thought likely that the courts will, on the present status of the case, grant Shea a new trial. This will call for Shea's electroution on Feb. 4, when the governor's resplic, granted the office of the governor's confission and the confession of the governor's confission of the To the United States:

Leonard Martin, 4 vessels, 407 tons, 220 cords wood, 752 pieces piling, value \$60.

Dowling & Fletcher, 3 vessels, 345 tons, 282,000 feet boards, 473,000 laths, value \$12,335.

A. L. & S. B. Co., 11 vessels, 1,150 tons, 2,834,000 laths, 1,613,000 feet boards, value \$1,000 feet boa

QUEEN BESS AND HER SAILORS. (Good Words.)

Queen Elizabeth personally liked her sailors and their way of life; she had all a woman's love of the adventurer. They brought her money, finery and flattery, and she dearly loved all three. But they suited not only her tastes, but her policy. There was a mutual understanding between them. If, for raesons of state, it was necessary to disown their privateering feats. even when they were triumphantly successful, they must reckon on her hard vords and black looks. If it was safe to acknowledge them, they were re-warded with open smiles and favors. Thoroughly characteristic, for example, was her treatment of Francis Drake when the ever-glorious Pelican came home, leaving a wake behind her which went right round the world. He laughed at Spanish protests, plundered Spanish treasure, towns and ships, with the light-hearted audacity gentleman bandit, and anchored at Plymouth with an El Dorado in his hold and the shouts of admiring England in his ears. Mendoza, the Spanish ambassador, furiously demanded that "the Dragon" should be forced to disgorge his plunder. But it suited the Queen to teach the Spaniard a lesson—that if his master encouraged Trish rebels she would encourage English privateers. Drake was the lion of her court; she ostentatiously walked about with him in the public gardens; the Pelican was the scene of a royal banquet, and Gloriana made rough Francis one of her knights.

Francis Marion-Thank God, I can lay my hand upon my heart and say that since I came to man's estate I have never intentionally done wrong to any one.



CROUP, WHOOPING COUGH COUGHS AND COLDS. OVER 40 YEARS IN USE.

AS CENTS PER BOTTLE. RMSTRONG & CO., PROPRIETORS. SAINT JOHN, W. B.

Belgian and U. S. Governments Ask Protection of England.

Arrangements for Transfer of Transvaal Prisoners Completed.

remier Salisbury Telegraphs Thanks to Premier Reid of New South Wales.

London, Jan. 14.—The Belgian gov ernment, in addition to the United States government, has asked Great Britain to watch the interests of its subjects in the Transvaal. In consequence of these representations the secretary of the colonies, Joseph Chamberlain, has telegraphed to the governor of Cape Colony, Sir Hercules Robinson, expressing apprehension that the numerous arrests made will disorganize the Rand industries, enquiring what the prisoners are ac-cused of, whether bail will be allowed, and what are the penalties for their

misdeeds. Jan. 14.—Governor Sir Hercules Robinson has telegraphed to the colonial office that he has completed arrangements for the transfer of the prisoners now held by the Transvaal government at the Natal border.

London, Jan. 15 .- An editorial in the Times this morning repeats that the only point in the Venezuelan controversy in which England can concede nothing is retention of the bona fide settled districts under British sovereignty. "If this can be secured," says the Times, "there is no reason to insist upon the Schombergk line. The vague talk about a permanent tribunal of arbitration can only tend to

obstruct or obscure the more practical efforts to solve the difficulty."

London, Jan. 14.—The Marquis of Salisbury has telegraphed his thanks to Premier G. H. Reid of New South Wales at Sydney, in reply to a telegram received from Mr. Reid on Sun day in behalf of all the Australian governments assuring Lord Salisbury of their loyal support and sympathy in his determination to resent foreign in-terference in matters of British colonial concern, and congratulating him upon the prompt and fearless measures adopted in defense of the integrity of the empire. Lord Salisbury in his reply says that nothing could give the government greater confidence in maintaining the rights of the of all other Americans in the Transcountry than the knowledge that they possessed the full approval and good-will of the great colonies. Pretoria, Jan. 14.—The Volksraad

net today and authorized the government to increase the state artillery force by 400 men. They also adopted a government resolution thanking the Orange Free State for its sisterly assistance, and also Sir Hercules Robin son, governor of Cape Colony, and Sir Jacobus De Wet, British agent at Committee at Johannesburg and who Pretoria, for the powerful support they had given to the Transvaal govern-Wiltsee has just arrived from the ment and for their efforts to prevent

connection with the recent events was considered impossible. Dr. Jameson and the officers of his raiding expedition and political prisoners, numbering 60, are still in jail here, and are well cared for pending the final decision between Sir Hercules Robinson and clared that the United States governthe Transvaal government as to their

fate. London, Jan. 15.—The Times says this morning that the admiralty has and the other Americans belonged to invited the principal private firms to the Reform Committee, which was a ers, to be completed in one year, the that was sufficiently serious to justify armament to be wholly of quick firther than the did not be used to be used ing guns. It has also requested all Mr. Wiltsee concluded by declaring firms having government contracts to that the sympathies of all Americans give them the preference over private

London, Jan. 15 .- A Berlin despatch to the Post says: The smoke of the first encounter has been dissipated, but Great Britain cannot afford to close its eyes to any symptoms of fresh German movements. The watch on Delagoa Bay must stand as fast as the German watch on the Rhine.

London, Jan. 15.-Hon. A. Balfou first lord of the treasury, speaking at Manchester tonight, said that it was not in human nature that the political condition of things in the Transvaal should continue. He was sanguine that President Kruger would nize the importance of giving the long-promised reforms. Whether it was called suzerainty or not, there could be no mistake that we controlled th external relations of the Transvaal, and would admit no foreign interference; and further, he believed foreign country was prepared to dis-

pute that doctrine. Having highly complimented Colonial Secretary Chamberlain he turned to Venezuela and said that nobody here wanted to run contrary to the Monroe doctrine. In fact, he continued, if Venezuela had offered herself for annexation to Great Britain any British statesman would decline such an honor. Therefore he failed to understand what the quarre was about. It would be hard indeed if the common sense of the Anglo-Saxon race were unable to settle the dispute without recourse to war. He did not believe there was a possibility of war, but there was never a moment in the recent history of the ountry when it possessed a better fighting machine.

Mr. Balfour asserted that the British government had heartily concurred in the Monroe doctine seventy years ago and he believed that if they were to ransack England from end to end, search the most private documents in the foreign office since then, examine the ministers and the ordinary public, or even the lunatics, it would be impossible to find a single individual who ever desired to see what would be

called a forward policy adopted by Great Britain either in North or South America. He referred long and elo-quently to the horrors of war between THE WAR TALK. England and America, but he said he felt obliged to admit sorrowfully that many Americans seemed lightly to regard such a war as the exhiliarating

exercise of a gentle national stimulus "To me," said Mr. Balfour, "that is a terrible, a distressing and a horrible point o fview. I will never believe that any large section of the American nation will permanently adopt such a view. We may be dreamers and idealists, but the time must come when some statesman of authority, more for-tunate even that President Monroe, will lay down the doctrine that between the English speaking nations war is impossible and that any one endangering the peace will have committed

May no English statesman or English party ever have the responsibility of that crime heavy upon their souls.

HAMMOND'S CASE.

Great Britain Will Protect Americans in the Transvaal.

This Action is the Result of a Request on the Part of the United States.

Washington, Jan. 13.-Great Britain has seen fit to extend to all Americans in the Transvaal that protection which she gives to her own subjects, and for which she is justly famed. This action is the result of a request on the part of the United States in the case of John Hays Hammond, the American mining engineed, under arrest in the Transvaal by order of President

Kruger. Senators White and Perkins of California, to whose constituency Mr. Hammond belongs, were informed by Secretary Olney this morning that he had not only instructed the consular officer at Johannesburg to take care of Hammond's interests, but had asked British co-operation to this end. He assured the California senators that Americans cannot be tried for treason in the Transvaal. The untmost punishment that can be meted out to Hammond, should he be found guilty, is a fine or imprisonment, and the secretary expects that the American engineer will escape with both of these.

It is generally believed by diplomats here that Great Britain's prompt compliance with the request of this government to use her good offices not only in the Hammond, but in the case vaal, is intended as an asknowledgment of the action of this country in not forcing her to settle the Venezuelan controversy when she was on the road to hostilities with European na-

tions. London, Jan. 13.—An interview was had today with Mr. Wiltsee, a col-league of John Hays Hammond, the well known American mining engineer, who was a member of the reform

Wiltsee has just arrived from the Transvaal ransvaal.

He said that he had just sent cable despatches to General Harris and Ma-jor J. R. Crocker of San Francisco, informed that they had apprised Senators Perkins and White of the serious position of the Americans in Johannesburg. Senator White had laid the said, to maintain the sacred rights and matter before the department of state. which had promised to pay prompt at-

Among the Americans arrested is J. S. Curtis, who has for some time been a resident of Johannesburg. He held a leading position there, and is very wealthy. Charles Butters, who is also under arrest, is connected with the Rand Ore Reduction Company. Capt. Mein is chief engineer of the Robinson Gold Mining Company. The property of these three Americans is threatened with confiscation. Mr. Wiltsee dement would never permit the Boer gov-

ernment to execute this threat. There is no doubt that Mr. Ham body formed in a time of emergency the Uitlanders in acting as they did. cans in South Africa were with th Uitlanders

The Pall Mall Gazette publishes despatch from Cape Town, saying that advices have been received from Pretoria that the Boer authorities have refused to accept bail for the ringleaders of the disturbances at Johannes-burg, but that the others have been eased on £1,000 bail each. The expectation is that severe measures will be taken against the leaders, despite the efforts of Sir Hercules Robinson, governor of Cape Colony, to obtain leniency for them, the Boers being great-

ly incenses against them.

Referring to the request of the American government that Great Britain use her good offices in behalf of the Americans arrested at Johannesburg, the Daily News will say: "Whatever may be the result of the recent occurrences in the Transvaal, the government and people of the United States must be gratified that so cordial and gratifying a response was made to Mr.Olney's request. It will be to Englishmen a source of peculiar pleasure at this moment if they can in any way testify to their regard for their kin beyond the sea."

GRATEFUL-COMFORTING

EPPS'S COCOA BREAKFAST-SUPPER.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine preperties of well-selected Cocca, Mr. Epps has provided for our breakfast and supper a delicately flavored beverag, which may save us many heavy doctors' hills. It is by the ludictous use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a week point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping surecives well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—Civil Service Garette.

Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold cally in packets, by Greeers, labelled thus:

JAMES EPPS & Co., Ltd., Homosopathic Chemists, London, England.

PARLI

The Reorganize Down

Sir Charles Tuppe

be Secreta Will Take a Soat in

Breton County, vic Ottawa, Jan. 14 afternoon Sir A. to expres his regi ready to make a to the final arran

ernment regardin he promised defin morrow, when the On the motion lace proceeded to tion of the anor brief, it was to t P. Caron had to that he had rec mous letters desi to Messrs. Hage They were sub the great expert report of the experient that the le guised in ingenie person of "good caused a great de declaration went

tague was the wi Dr. Montague, thought the hon. this matter up w sulted the govern absolved him of tion with the sub there had ever be tween himself an He held that this tempt to ruin him to the house to could find any he was charged He asked the cour ment until the m by the courts, a closed by stating people had reason gation into these (Montague) endea yer in the country ence to B. B. Osle he found that this

been retained by sation). Sir A. P. Caro that Mr. Wallace the matter up with tesy of giving no see the stateme make, especially on himself (Car been in better member left the

Mr. Laurier said tention of opposir true that certain left the government said they could re Bowell, had retu (Laughter.)

Sir A. P Care

answer until tomo
The house adjour
The senate sitti Mackenzie Bowell ders of the day v he regretted excer in a position to it ised. All he could progressed to suc hoped to have hours a cabinet w not only the respe also of the countr the indulgence other twenty-for them that a stat presented which ised. He would a as the communi the house should cussion on the sp and other regular

> progress which th in the reconstru has been rostpo This does not per part, as the ma tled. The delay of the statemen causes which br isters back again factorily settled sion has been g dent ministers Premier Bowell portfolios other ten days ago. ' ubligation exist course, and it w tomorrow that are back to the cession of Tupp DesJardins nece as follows: Sir comes secretary ister of justice; Beyond this th Tupper will sit i offered half a Ottawa, South West Toronto as probable he may

The official ann

changes, and is perhaps the str confederation. Hon. Mr. Pric of inland revent noon. He was Hall this eveni Mr. McCarthy day to prevent suing passes to vent personatin sure to grant the with reference C. N. Skinner

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COCOA REAKFAST-SUPPER.

TEFUL-COMFORTING.

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PARLIAMENT.

The Reorganized Cabinet Settles

on the motion to adjourn, Mr. Wallace proceeded to make an explanation of the anonymous letters. In
brief, it was to the effect that Sir A.

The state of the ministerial position. Tobrief, it was to the effect that Sir A.

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The state of the ministerial position. Tobrief, it was to the effect that Sir A. P. Caron had told him in July last slashing speech from Sir C. H. Tupper, that he had received certain anonymous letters designed to injure him, had led the seven ministers to press and that he attributed the authorship for the strengthening of the cabinet. They were submitted to Mr. Ames, the great expert in handwriting in New York. Mr. Wallace then read the commons, there being no desire to dis-

tague was the writer of the letters. sulted the governor general, who had isters were sworn in todya, absolved him of any guilt in connec- Sir Charles went to Montreal tonight tion with the subject. He denied that to address the board of trade on closer there had ever been any difference betrade relations with the mother counmost lamentable and humiliating one there had ever been any difference be-tween himself and Sir A. P. Caron. try. He made his first appearance He held that this was a cowardly at- within the precincts of the house this tempt to ruin him, and he appealed afternoon and received a magnificent to the house to decide whether they ovation in room 16. After thanking his could find any motive for acting as friends for their cordial greeting, he He asked the country to reserve judg- native province, but I will be back in ment until the matter was dealt with a few days to take my place in the by the courts, as it would be. He closed by stating it was evident some I want you to remember, that no matter people had reason to fear the investigation into these charges, as when he (Montague) endeavored to obtain the services of the greatest criminal lawyer in the country (this being a reference to B. B. Osler, Q. C., of Toronto), he found that this counsel had already been retained by Mr. Wallace. (Sen-

sation). Sir A. P. Caron said he regretted that Mr. Wallace should have brought the matter up without having the courtesy of giving notice and letting him see the statements he proposed to make, especially as far as they bore on himself (Caron). It would have been in better grace had the hon.

Sir A. P. Caron said he could not answer until tomorrow.

The house adjourned at 4 p. m.

The senate sitting lasted not more han ten minutes altogether. Sir Mackenzie Bowell, as soon as the or-ders of the day were reached, stated he regretted exceedingly he was not in a position to inform the senate of the reciprocal fraction to inform the senate of the regretted exceedingly he was not in a position to inform the senate of the regretted exceedingly he was not in a position to inform the senate of the regretted exceedingly he was not in a position to inform the senate of the regretted exceedingly he was not in their duty to the d the reconstruction which he had promised. All he could say was that it had progressed to such an extent that he hoped to have within twenty-four not only the respect of the party but also of the country. He therefore asked the indulgence of the house for another twenty-four hours, assuring them that a statement would then be presented which he had already prompresented which he nad arready ised. He would also state that as soon finished. as the communication was finished the house should proceed with the dis-cussion on the speech from the throne and other regular business of the ses-

The official announcement as to the progress which the premier is making in the reconstruction of his ministry has been rostponed until tomorrow. This does not portend failure on his part, as the matter is definitely settled. The delay was due to the nature of the statement to be made as to the causes which bring the dissident ministers back again, but this was satisfactorily settled tonignt. The impression has been general that the dissi-Premier Bowell would require to take portfolios other than those vacated ten days ago. This is an error. No obligation exists requiring such a course, and it will therefore be found tomorrow that most of the ministers are back to their old offices. The accession of Tupper, sr., and Senator DesJardins necessitate a slight shuffle as follows: Sir Charles Tupper be-

ister of justice; DesJardines, militia. Beyond this there will be no changes. Tupper will sit in the commons. He is forward by the ministers who re-offered half a dozen seats, including signed have been removed by the ac-Ottawa, South Renfrew, Kingston, ceptance of a seat in the cabinet by West Toronto and Cape Breton. It is probable he may run for Ottawa. It is said he already is taking measures to construct the cabinet when Sir Macanda in the province of Quebec for his ability and integrity of character, and by the

Hon. Mr. Pricr. the new controller of inland revenue, arrived this after-will command the support of the mannoon. He was sworn in at Rideau jortty in parliament and enable us to proceed with the measures foreshadowed in the speech from the throne.

Mr. McCarthy introduced a bill to-day to prevent railway companies issuing passes to electors and to prevent personating; also another measures to grant the territories full powers with reference to education.

with reference to education.

C. N. Skinner arrived here yesterday and had an interview with the Postmaster general premier. He would undoubtedly have Caron.

accepted a portfolio under Premier Minister of marine Bowell had not the bolters returned. Hon, John Costigan.

Ottawa, Jan. 15 .- Ministerial explanations were made in both houses to-day, indicating that the cabinet had been satisfactorily re-constructed on the lines laid down in my despatch last evening. Sir A. P. Caron having read a statement in the commons it was Down to Work.

evening. Sir A. P. Caron having read a statement in the commons, it was attacked by Messrs. Laurier and Cartwright, but both gentlemen wholly failed to make an impression on the house. They found the ministerial ranks solidly united, members of the ready standing shoulder to shoulder. party standing shoulder to shoulder, the breach healed and peace reigning. Will Take a Soat in the Commens for Cape

Breton County, vice McKeen, Resigned.

Ottawa, Jan. 14.—In the house this afternoon Sir A. P. Caron said he had to express his regret that he was a said to the breach healed and peace reigning. The reconstruction has been a bitter blow to grit hopes, and Beausoleil's friends, who came up here yesterday to urge that their member be taken finto Mr. Laurier's administration, have had to leave for their homes today like the commens for Cape. to expres his regret that he was not ready to make an announcement as to the final arrangements of the government regarding reconstruction, but he promised definitely to do so by to-

report of the expert. It was to the turb the existing provincial representation. David McKeen has decided to guised in ingenious ways, but by a person of "good versatility." This seat for Cape Breton county. It is fulcaused a great deal of laughter. The declaration went to say that Dr. Mon. went to say that Dr. Mon-the writer of the letters. Sir Charles will proceed direct to Cape Dr. Montague, in reply, said he Breton, there he will address three thought the hon. member by bringing meetings, viz., at Sydney, North Sydthis matter up without notice had inney and Glace Bay. All the new min-

friends for their cordial greeting, he was charged with having done. said: "I am going to Nova Scotta, my house among you. One thing, however, what happens, you must stand by the liberal conservative party. We are going to carry the country in the interests of ourselves and of the empire." The cheers which followed this op-

> leader of the house. SIR ADOLPHE CARON. rising, said: Before the orders of the day are called I desire to make a statement to the house. And I wish to say that the statement I am about to make has been submitted to the gov-ernor general by the prime minister, and I am authorized to say that in its bearings on the position of the crown

> nation of Mr. Angers, by the return to their former positions in the cabinet of those who deemed it their duty to freely discussed between the prime minister and his colleagues, it is equal-ly true that the prime minister did not regard that vacancy, the importance of filling which cannot be questioned as a sufficient reason for the resignation of any member of the government. Richard Cartwright - "Hear,

Sir Adolphe Caron-This view, however, was not concurred in by some of his colleagues, who urged that a meeting of parliament with a Quebec portfolio vacant might seriously imperil certain important measures to be pres-ented during the session, He had reaposition up to the very day when par liament met, and was disappointed that his efforts had failed. After the opening of parliament certain mem-bers of the government sent in their resignations to the prime minister giving, among other reasons, the fact that having failed to fill the portfolio, and he evidently intending to go on with the transaction of public business with an incomplete cabinet, they thought that 'his course was too great a departure from sound constitutional practice—(Opposition lear, hear)—as a matter of policy, that they were unwilling any longer to remain as memwilling any longer to remain as members of an incomplete government. (Opposition laughter).

Mr. Mulock—And therefore to mak it more incomplete.
Sir Adolphe Caron—I think the hon gentleman will permit me to continue the statement. (Cries of "Oh, certainly.") Since the receipt of the resignakenzie Bowell resigns after the session. The friendliest feeling exists between the premier and him. Sir Charles Tupper wants Mr. Bowell to accept the portfolio of trade and commerce in the new cabinet. Hugh John Macdonald will undoubtedly come in. Sir Charles Tupper will make many changes, and is expected to organize perhaps the strongest ministry since confederation.

Hon. Mr. Prict. the new controller of inland revenue, arrived this after- will command the support of the ma-

Secretary of state Sir Charles Tup

tmaster general—Sir Adolphe Caron.
Minister of marine and fisheries

Controller of inland revenue Hon. E. G. Prior.

Cries of "And solicitor general?"

Sir Adolphe Caron—There is no solicitor genral at present. This is the statement I have the honor to lay before the house. I move that this house

HON. MR. LAURIER amid opposition cheers to express his opinion upon the situation. He held that the six ministers who re-He held that the six ministers who returned to the fold were wholly inconsistent in the position which they had now taken. He doubted whether the premier could still command the confidence of his colleagues. The country was convinced that the government was composed of a band of plothers, schemers and conspirators, whose only object was their own selfish and personal aggrandizement. (Opposipersonal aggrandizement. (Opposition cheers). They were willing to sacrifice friends, convictions and prinin the eyes of the country.

SIR ADOLPHE CARON said he could well realize the great disappointment which the opposition must have felt at the recent turn of events and at the formation of a government which would command the confidence of the country. The opposition must have felt there was a small chance now of their reaching the treasury benches. The conservative party was called an accountry weeks are in which he stated that on weeks are in which he stated that on tive party was solidly and firmly given in the statement read to the servation almost raised the roof. It is understood Sir Charles Tupper will be leader of the house which had existed had disappeared, and today the government was stronger than ever before (Cheers). He regretted the disappointment which Mr. Laurier had been put

SIR RICHARD CARTWRIGHT said he thought Mr. Laurier had taken Sir Adolphe Caron too seriously. He had assumed he was dealing with rebeen in better grace had the honmember left the matter in the position it was when laid before the
house.

Mr. Laurier said that he had no intention of opposing the motion for adjournment, but he would ask if it was
true that certain gentlemen who had
left the government last week and
said they could not sit with Premier
Bowell, had returned to the cabinet.

(Cheers). He believed the liberal conservative party was safe. (Reposition
in that he was mistaken. The opposition was face to face today with the
Royal Ottawa Low Comedy Troupe,
the prime minister has had an opporting a number of rehearsals since July
last, but the best performance of all
had assumed he was dealing with re
sponsible statesmen—(laughter)—but
in that he was mistaken. The opposition was face to face today with the
Royal Ottawa Low Comedy Troupe,
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last, but the best performance of all
had deen the was mistaken. The opposition was face to face today with the
Royal Ottawa Low Comedy Troupe,
the prime minister has had an opporting that the would neither cower
of the house. (Loud cheers.) And
would find that he would neither cower
of the house (Loud cheers.) And
would find that he would neither cower
of the house. (Loud cheers.)

Cartwright, who last session had assumed a genial role—(laughter)—had
the would find that he would find that differences of opinion that exist re-specting the importance of filling the portfolio made vacant by the resig-of expense. (Laughter). He regarded the action of the six ministers in re-turning as most farcial. The whole Although he had had to differ from business had been transacted for the purpose of making room for his ancient acquaintance, Sir Charles close contact and intimacy with the Tupper, baronet of the United Kingdom. (Laughter). Not even their fronts of brass could allow ministers to sit in council very long under Mr. Bowell. He was sorry for the position. in which the premier was placed. The fame of Sir Charles Tupper, senior, though not precisely known in all the churches, was well known in all the provinces of Canada. (Laughter). Nova Scotia had been the wet nurse

known. (Oh. oh). The other day the premier had described himself within hearing of gen-tlemen as "living in a nest of traitors." Proceeding, Sir Richard Cartwright referred to what he called the amatory correspondence of Sir A. P. Caron and Dr. Montague, and once more turned his attention to Sir Charles Tupper, sr. He wound up by giving an old story of Mr. McMuller's, to the effect that four Canadian cabinet ministers who happening to visit the United States, were pointed out to an old Yankee, who remarked that if those were privy councillors and advisers of her majesty, he would for once ferv-ently pray God Save the Queen.

MR. DAVIN said it was evident from Cartwright's by the spectre of Sir Charles Tupper rising before him. The chicken heart rising before him. The chicken heart quivered beneath his frock coat when he thought of the prospect of the old war horse of Cumberland shortly reappearing in the nouse. (Cheers and laughter). Both Messrs. Laurier and Cartwright had wholly failed to avail themselves of the approximative which has induced him to retire from the councils of the nation. He

of the house. Their countenances were not very bright; evidently there had been a great disappointment to grit hopes today. (Cheers). Hon, gentlemen opposite who had spoken had not even touched the germ of the question in dispute during the critical period of the past week. Seven members of the government, bound by their oath of office, to do the best, according to their judgments, came to a conclusion upon a certain point that there existed a sufficient difference of opinion for them to insist upon the strengthening and completion of the government. The statement read by Sir A. P. Caron made that the very kernel and gist of explanation. The vacancy in the cabinet had now been affiled, and consequently the government was able to present a united front. He could not understand Carter in the conservative party but he minister of finance sold the very reverse this afternoon. No, no, from the government. Sir Mackenzie Bowell—For the information of my hon, friend I will tell him that when we came to an arrangement as to what should be done, no stipulation was made of any character or kind.

Senator Scott, proceeding, said that the present statement would be read with considerable interest by the people of Canada, who would be disposed to compare it with the utrances in the statement made in the other house last week. He had no doubt it would surprise many to find that the whole point in the controversy between the gentlement, which has always been united on the question. (Cheers). The conservative party has been a unit on that question from the first moment down to the present, and only differed last spring in regard to the time when that legislation should be adopted. (Hear, hear).

Sign Mackenzie Bowell—For the information of my hon, friend I will tell him that when we came to an arrangement as to what should be done, no stipulation was made of any character or kind.

Senator Cordinates the present statement made in the other house last the present at the ply that there was a lack of unanimity session and at Smith's Falls a few weeks ago, in which he stated that on that question other members of the government sees eye to eye. (Cheers,) The government is thoroughly united, he said, on all questions of public policy. The party had had it's trials, but it had emerged from them solidly united, once more determined in every way to adhere to their life long prin-cpiles and to conduct them to a successful issue in the elections shortly to take place. (Loud cheers.) He could well understand why Cartwright should

servative party.

MR. HAZEN

was no man more respected for honrity. (Cheers.) No man of his age in at 10.25 p. m. Canada had a more honorable career. In the senat (Renewed cheers.) He regretted the bitter speech of Cartwright. The house and the country will remember his reference to the maritime provinces as "shreds, and patches," and today Cartwright had driven another nail and dry nurse of the most pronounced into the coffin of grit hopes by his retype of boodlers this country had ever ference to Nova Scotia as the cradle and birth place of boodlers. (Renewed cheers.) Mr. Hazen proceeded to con-gratulate the house and the liberal conservative party on the fact that

Sir Charles Tupper, sr., was about to return into the fighting lines once more. (Cheers.) Few men in Canada had done more to assist in building up this country that Sir Charles Tupper. He predicted that under his leadership the liberal conservatives would once more march to victory. Loud cheers.) After observations from Mr. Mulock the speaker left the chair. After recess SIR C. H. TUPPER.

who was loudly cheered, said the op-position leaders had been most unfair in their criticisms. They well knew the disadvantage under which seven gentlemen labored, and they made the most of it. Every privy councillor op-posite knew how difficult it was for

Minister of mance—Hon. George E. Seater.

Minister of rallways and canals—Hon. John G. Haggart.

Minister of trailways and canals—Hon. John G. Haggart.

Minister of justice—Hon. A. R.

Dickey.

Minister of agriculture—Hon. W. H.

Montague.

Minister of militia and defense—Hon.

Alphonse Designation.

Minister of militia and defense—Hon.

Alphonse Designation.

Minister of militia and defense—Hon.

Minister of militia a ground, that moment they outside the plane of parliamen and cussion. Gentlemen opposite talked about kaleidoscopic changes. They could see them on the opposite side of the house. Their countenances were not very bright; evidently there had been a funeral somewhere. (Laughbeen a funeral

ment was able to present a united front. He could not understand Cartwright's attack upon Tupper, who had surrendered his office in London and the emoluments attaching to it, to place himself among the rank and file of the consequetive party and to help to lead sacrifice friends, convictions and principles so long as they could retain place and power. It was evident that the true causes for the resignations of the seven ministers had not been given to the country. The position in which the government had been placed during the last eight days was a most lamentable and humiliating one untarily retired for the good of the party, but would still be found in the ranks battling strongly, loyally and effectively as before, on behalf of the liberal conservative party. (Loud cheers.) The oposition wished to implace of the place of Mr. Angers, who retired six months ago. More than that, the gentlemen who took that step believed, and he agreed with them to the gentlemen who took that step be-lieved, and he agreed with them to stood could not for that and other reasons hope to command the support of their own party, be it ever so strong numerically, and could not with a difcult measure hope to surmount the difficulties and obstacles that stood in their way, and if any doubt ever of their course, seeing that we had for an object the success of legislation to which we were pledged and the suc cess of the conservative party at the next general election, he for one would count of the extraordinary spasms which had taken possession of hon. gentilemen opposite since that crisis occurred. (Cheers and laughter). He believed remedial legislation was safe.

> he had resigned from the cabinet last spring. He had had a difference of pinion with his colleagues, but waived expressed his regret at the retirement his view and remained a member of with having to run away from the

After speeches from Patterson of Brant and Casey, the house adourned In the senate this afternoon

PREMIER BOWELL read a statement similar to that read in the commons by Sir A. P. Caron, after which Senator Scott said he had noticed the report in the paper that the conservative whip, Taylor, had an interview with Sir Charles Tupper, in which that gentleman stated he was willing to enter the government provided the premier consented to take back all the ministers who had resigned; that it was conveyed to Tupper; that there were three gentlemen, Mr. Foster, Mr. Haggart and Mr. Montague, whom the premier objected to condition that unless these gentlemen were permitted to return to the fold with the other that negotiations must cease, or words to that effect. I would like to know, said Senator Scott, whether that statement is really true sub-stantially. I think parliament is entitled to an answer. In the formation of a government it is usual for the crown to furnish the fullest informa-

Premier Bowell-I have no objection to answer, although I deny the position taken by Senator Scott that par-liament has a right to ask the results of any private interview.

Senator Scott-It is not a private in terview. Premier Bowell-A private interview laughtes). Both Messrs, Laurier and Cartwright had wholly railed to avail themselves of the opportunity which had been presented to them. Aft. Laurier was a charming man but no in leader. A good leader would have grasped the situation and used it to be fullest advantage. By revamping Mr. McMullen's story Cartwright had shown himself the political rag-picker in the McMullen heap. He trusted that man of genius, Mr. Hunter of the store in the McMullen heap. He trusted that man of genius, Mr. Hunter of the store in the McMullen heap. He trusted that man of genius, Mr. Hunter of the store in the McMullen heap. He trusted that man of genius, Mr. Hunter of the store in the McMullen heap. He trusted that man of genius, Mr. Hunter of the store in the McMullen heap. He trusted that man of genius, Mr. Hunter of the store in the McMullen heap. He trusted that man of genius, Mr. Hunter of the store in the McMullen heap. He trusted that man of genius, Mr. Hunter of the store in the McMullen heap. He trusted that man of genius, Mr. Hunter of the store in the McMullen heap. He trusted that man of genius, Mr. Hunter of the store in the McMullen heap. He trusted that man of genius, Mr. Hunter of the store in the McMullen heap. He trusted that man of genius, Mr. Hunter of the store in the McMullen heap. He trusted that man of genius, Mr. Hunter of the store in the McMullen heap. He trusted that man of genius, Mr. Hunter of the store in the McMullen heap. He trusted that man of genius, Mr. Hunter of the store in the following from it, and not a private interview which took place between gentlementy which two two two two two two two the teatures with took place or private conversations and out in this discussion. These the cable to the cather action that it actions that it is stated that I had entered into an other general there had been found in this incohent in his pictures when the proper time to the definition of the distinct of the which took place between gentleme forming or re-constructing a govern-

Quebec portfolio.

After observations from Senators Drummond and Power the subject dropped.

The debate on the address was comnenced by Senator Owens. Senator Villeneuve, mayor of Montreal, fol-

Senator Scott replied and then the premier made an effective address. The debate was adjourned.

CHAMBERLAIN'S POLICY.

The British Empire Can Supply its Own Food—A Conference Suggested.

London, Jan. 15.—The crisis with the United States and Germany followed by expressions of loyalty from Canada and Australia in face of the impendto Hon. Joseph Chamberlain's policy of the empire market for the empire's

A combination of the United States, A combination of the United States, Russia and Argentine Republic might have cut off 70 per cent. of Great Britain's food. From this the moral is being adduced that the empire must feed itself. In this connection the St. James Gazette urges Chamberlain to call a conference in which each colony may make its offer and archedit. may make its offer and submit its claim for recognition in our markets. Other people say further that a new policy of a self dependent empire need not imply England's desertion of free trade. The food imports from Canada in 1895 increased by half a million

sterling; wheat and flour, £300,000 sterling; hams, £60,000 sterling; butter, 50,000; eggs, £60,000 sterling; cheese declined £350,000. England's total food imports were £149,000,000, and Canada supplied £7,500,000. The Nineteenth Century says that Canada and Australia and India can easily feed England if encouraged to do so.

STYLED AN ARCH TRAITOR.

Miss Susan B. Anthony Makes an Attack on President Elliot of Harvard.

Rochester, N. Y., Jan. 15.—Miss Susan B. Anthony 's much incensed at the criticisms of President Eliot of Harvard university and Bishop Berne of Albany on her call for the twentyeighth annual convention of the American Woman's Suffrage association Miss Anthony said today: "The first and only time I ever saw President Eliot was at the convention of all the superintendents of schools of the United States. Before that great audience President Eliot declared that it was not to the interest of American patrotism or loyalty to have women teachers in the schools. There I formed my idea of the man and have not receive back into his cabinet; that changed. Regarding the criticism that Tupper intimated that he made it a I have in any way distorted his letter, ft is not true. It is harmful to the nation to have such a man as Mr. Eliot at the head of such a great in-stitution as Harvard university. His views are naturally impressed on the minds of the students and the country is worse off for it. In my mind Mr. true patriot should be proud. He is an arch-traftor, and has by his letter alone committed treason."

Miss Anthony hoped her views would be rightly stated before the public.

GROVER CLEVELAND. By M. H. Nickerson.

Cleveland, I think Jove's thunder-bearing From the proud capitol has taken flight, Or basely fallen from the starry height, Struts like a cock for some valu wager spurred.

Can a great ruler lend his gracious word To prostitute the sacred name of right, Through wretched greed of office, and ex-Through wretened grown of the brainless herd?

This is no model state, for Mammon rules Where freedom's semblance all in mockery,

Blest autocrat! when rage to reason cools,
Then are yen potter's clay within their
hands;
But when rash deed the solid vote demands.
Not howling dervishes more willing tools? and thus the day star of unbalancing power Goes backward on the dial ten degrees, Until it almost strikes the fatal hour.

But patience! When the strife of tongues shall cease, Your country may account her fancied tower of strength, the greatest danger to her peace.

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ST. JOHN, N. B., JANUARY 22, 1896.

THE MINISTRY.

When Mr. Foster spoke for himself and the six ministers who acted with him, he said that they had taken their course in the hope that it might

Pare the way for the formation of a government whose premier could command the confidence of all his colleagues; could satisfy the liberal conservative party that its strongest elements were at its head and impress the country that it had a government which was united and had power to govern.

the ministry as now constituted meets | menians cannot, it is true, be protectthese conditions. It has the same premier, but he seems to be in a better position than before to command the confidence of his colleagues. The min- the job over to England. There is no istry cannot yet flatter itself that it nation in the world that is in a betsatisfies the liberal conservative party that its strongest elements are at the head, though it offers fair promise of tries are jealous of each other, and such a condition. It is not with spe- the continental powers are likely to cial reference to the premier that we say that interference on the part of express the opinion that the party has Great Britain might disturb the balnot the strongest element at its head. ance of power. The isolated position The ministry as a whole is the head of the United States leaves that cunof the party, and there are several re- try more free to act than any other presentative men of the liberal conservative party outside the government who are stronger and more influential than some within it. The government in its present form will, we think, convince the public that it is united and that it has power to talk and talk and talk. govern. This latter is the main point, for governing is an important function in a government. The improvement in the situation was pointed out pretty clearly yesterday by Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper, who also showed a willingness to concede the fact that the party outside the government was

divided on the Manitoba question. The government is not now a weak one, nor does it fail to represent the liberal conservative party. Yet it is not the best which the party is capable of providing, and this is not time in which anything short of the best should be accetped as a permanent arrangement. The maritime province representation is satisfactory, but in some of the other provinces a few changes must be made before the campaign takes place.

MANITOBA HEARD FROM.

The Greenway government appealed to the electors on one question, and has been successful. The administrative record of the ministry was not so good or so popular that the government could have expected an easy vic tory on its merits. On an appeal against the restoration of the old se parate schools by intervention from Ottawa there was never a question what the result would be. It is true that the government at Ottawa did not propose to restore the old system, but it was thought by the provincial government expedient to state the case as if that were the federal government's position. Apart, however from the result of this misrepresent. ation, it is obvious that the people of Manitoba are opposed to federal interference. They claim for Manitoba the privilege of regulating its own educational matters. There is probably the same reason for making the claim in Ontario, where separate schools are maintained, but the Ontario government has not taken that position, and the Ontario politicians are apparently much more concerned for non-sectarian education in Manitoba than in their own province.

Now that Mr. Greenway is sustained the question is, what is to be done THE WEEKLY SUN, \$1.00 A YEAR.

LEGAL NEWSPAPER DECISIONS, about it at Ottawa. So far as can be seen, there is no change in the attitude of the government respecting the Manitoba school qustion. Mackenzie Bowell's recent declaration in the senate was that while he remained at the head of the government he would not depart from the programme laid down last session.Mr.Foster said only the other day that there was no departure on the part of any of the ministers from the policy adopted last year. Sir Charles Tupper was not until yesterday in a position to speak on questions within the domain of Canadian controversial palities, and so far he has said nothing. But there can hardly be a doubt that a remedial measure will be introduced.

It is more doubtful whether it will come law. The members of the house of commons supporting the government will probably not deem this a question on which they are bound to stand together. On all other political questions the party will probably be as firmly united as it ever has been. On this question, which is not properly a party issue, many members may be expected to claim freedom from party discipline, even though they know that it their negative vote may place the ministry in danger of defeat in the house. The peril will, after all, be There is to be a general election in any case. The defeat of the school measure would hasten the appeal a little, and that would be its principal result. After all, the attitude of members will depend largely on the scope and character of the measure. Those were wise candidates and they are wise members who decline to commit themselves to support or oppose the bill before they see it.

WHY WAIT FOR ENGLAND

The United States papers are still colding England because she does not stop the massacres in Armenia. Wha right has the United States to expect Great Britain to do it all? Most of the missionaries who have been illused are Americans. The Armenians are no more under the protection of the Queen than of President Cleveland. There are United States war ships in the Mediterranean. It is not more difficult for the United States to reach Constantinople than to get to the banks of the Orimocco. The Ared by bombastic messages, or large boastings, but that is no good reason why the United States should hand ter position to go to the rescue than the United States. European counmaltion can be. Why, then, do the people of the proud republic lie back complaining because England does not protect United States subjects in Turkey? Is it because their country has no mission in the world except to

THE EXHIBITION.

The president and management the last St. John exhibition were highly and deservedly commended at yesterday's full meeting of the association. But the highest tribute that was paid was the unanimous resolution in favor of an exhibition this year. It is safe to say that if the president and manager will consent to retain their positions, no change will be made in these offices. The board of directors undergoes little alteration, and the public will get the benefit of what the management has learned by last year's experience.

The Woodstock Times summarizes the attitude of the liberal party thus

Who are now endeavoring to prevent fed-ation intervention?

Sir Richard Cartwright's bitterness toward Sir Charles Tupper extends to the province which gave him birth. The ex-finance minister, who can never forget the five years in which Sir Charles criticized his unfortunate budgets, cannot forgive Nova Scotia.

The expert who decided that letters written by Dr. Montague were in the ame penmanship as the famous Caron letter seems to have given the opinion that was suggested to him. We have known such a thing to happen before

Judging from Sir Richard's observ ations, it must have been against his Nova Scotia colleagues that Mr. Mac kenzie had to mount guard over the treasury. Mr. A. G. Jones ought to be heard from.

THE COLONIES.

always, from the imperial-colonial point of view, the excellent effect of stimulating the sentiment of union between the different portions of the British empire, and it is permissible to hope that when the wave of excitement over the Venezuelan boundary question has sent like question has spent its force it will be found to have rendered good service by the impulse which it will have given to the federalizing movement. siven to the federalizing movement.

Indications of this satisfactory result are already presenting themselves in various quarters. The Australian Federal Enabling bill, of which the draft was prepared by the premiers in conference at Hobart in February last was to conserve to the conference of the

ast, was in consequence of the political crists in New South Wales no nat colony until late in the ses ed its third reading on Novem It passed its third reading on November 13th, and there seemed some reason to fear that it might not be put through the parliaments of the other colonies before their respective sessions came to an end. Last Thursday the bill was passed in the assembly of Victoria without amendment and amid general cheers. Barller in the week south Australian lower house in the South Australian lower house in one day. The bill provides that the consent of three colonies shall be suffihouse. The peril will, after all, be clent for action to be taken. New less than would at first be supposed. South Wales, Victoria, and South Austhe election on the parliam chise of ten members each, who shall form a convention to draft a federal astitution. When the constitution which will probably be based on the draft already prepared by the Sydney convention of 1891, shall have been framed, the convention will adjourn for a period which is to be not less than one month and not more than two, in order to give opportunity for full critisism of the scheme. ally adopted draft constitution will then be submitted to the electors for eptance or rejection. If accepted it will be at once sent home for imperial sanction. No date, so far as we have been informed, is at yet fixed for the election of members of the conention in any colony. It is presum able that the election will be deferred until after the harvest, which is now be nning; but assuming two months dethis cause, allowing one month for the deliberations of the convention and the full period of two onths for criticism, it is within the bounds of possibility that a bill initiating the federation of Australia may nted to the imperial parlia ment before the termination of next

Nothing, it may be safely said, would be more likely to haster this happy consummation than any wering of the clouds on the external political horizon. Another sign satisfactory to those who appreciate the value of commercial bonds in uniting colony with colony is the unanimous assembly of New South sday last to continu for three years the subsidy of £10,000 shipping line. Doubtless the ing from British Columbia for Sydney excess of the carrying capacity of the steamers testifies to the expand-ing nature of the newly-established trade. The commercial value of the connection with Canada would have explained the passing of the vote by ajority, but that there should have been not one dissentient voice in a parliament in which the sentiment hardly be explained on any other ground than that of a desire to emphasize at this particular crisis of affairs the popularity of the political

SYDNEY'S LARGE HOTEL.

The Sydney, Cape Breton, hotel is now under the management of James P. Fairbanks, whose fifteen years' ex perience on the road has amply quali-fied him to cater with exact knowledge to the tastes and requirements of com for the intuitively striking the best hotels wherever they go. The Sydne notel is up-to-date in all its appoint ments, and its cuisine is in charge of Thomas Mitchell, late of the steam ship Marion. A magnificent view of Sydney harbor is obtained from the hotel. Readers of The Sun travelling n Cape Breton will find in the Sydney hotel a most comfortable hostelry and in Mr. Fairbanks the most obliging of

THE HOWE MEMORIAL.

The leading provincialists in Boston have organized for the purpose of contributing to a fund which, it is expected, will be raised in Canada for the erection of a suitable memorial to he Hon. Joseph Howe, the illustrious Nova Scotia statesman. A meeting was held at Young's hotel, Tuesday evening, and Rev. P. M. McDonald was elected chairman of a committee who will have charge of the subscrip ninion Atlantic railway there, ninion Atlantic railway there, was nade secretary. Among others on the committee are: James B. Bell, president of Triune Assembly, Sons and Daughters of the Maritime Provinces John Eaton, president of the Cana-dian Club of Harvard University Thomas F. Anderson, president of the Nova Scotia club, and W. D. MacDonald, president of the Caledonia Maritime Province club. Another meeting will be held in the near future.

AWAY FROM HOME. Bingo-How does your wife like her

new sealskin? Kingsley—I haven't seen her lately. "She's been so busy calling on friends."—Puck.

ston—I want to call on Miss Recomme away and forgot my cards.

I. Why not use one of mine?

PARLIAMENT.

Mr. Powell, in Moving the Address Makes a Good Impression.

Hon. Mr. Foster Makes a Very Telling Reply to Mr. Laurier.

Mr. Dickey Exposes the Position of Mr. Tarte and Other Liberals on the School Question.

(Continued from page three.) Otawa, Jan. 16 .- At the opening of ne house this afternoon the speaker nnounced that he had received the esignation fo Mr. McKeen as mer er for Cape Breton.

MR. POWELL youthful looking nember for orland, rose to move the adiress in reply to the speech from the throne. He was warmly cheered and a splendid impression on the house, his sentiments of the s sentiments often evoking acquisition to the ministerial Without delay he plunged into n of the school question He gave a brief survey of the history the question and drew attention to pacific tone of the first order-incil sent by the dominion to the ba government. He claimed that under the Candalan constitution no such thing as a provincial autonomy existed, and in support of this view referred to the circumstances under confederation was about. The constitution provided for the maintenance of a central power, provincial legislation being to disallowance. Without doubt, the parliament of Canada had the power to interfere in the educational matters as it had in matters of criminal law or promissory notes. As respects the allegation that there was no occasion for interference, he said that if the sweeping away of the separate schools did not provide the occasion no such occasion could ever arise. He was satisfied the liberal conservative party would do that which was in the interests of the country, even hough defeat might be staring n the face, yet they would adopt a patriotic course and stand by the constitution of the country; posterity would justify their action. No state could afford to deal unjustly with any portion of its people. (Loud cheers.) After referring briefly to the other paragraphs in the speech, Mr. Powell resumed his seat amid great ap-

Major McGillivray, member for North Ontario, seconded the address

MR. LAURIER, was received with liberal cheers. ession was both unprecelented and extraordinary, for the reaon that parliament was summoned o consider the gravest question perhaps that ever came before it, a quesich might permanently affect this Canadian confederation. He congratulated the mover and seconder on paid by the colonial government to tion as an orator had preceded him, the direct Canadian-Australian steam and it was quite evident that he would would not have been accorded in the belonged. He (Laurier), however, to a jingo policy. It is a modest and be an honor to the party to which he absence of sound reason to be satisfied with the results given by a two years' experience of the working of the line, and the fact that cargo is offering from British Columbia for Sydney. however, been beyond ordinary. (Laughter.) His views on the exodus, for instance, were not in accordance with the facts. He (Laurier) was anxious to listen to Mr. McGillivray. He was desirous of hearing his views on the Manitoba school question. Mc-Gillivray's speech, however, threw no light upon his views on the school policy of the government. Montreal Centre, Jacques Cartier, Cardwell and Victoria had uttered no uncertain sound on that point. (Opposition cheers.) The speech from the throne gave thanks to the Almighty for the ountiful harvest of the past season. This was a new departure. In pre-vious years good harvests had been attributed to the national policy.

Laughter.) Personally, he showed expressions the speech respecting the efficiency of the sound the good the world has ever possessed, and the Mounted Police and the good the world has ever possessed, and vulnerable in every quarter of the sea, schools. After visiting the Northwest he came to the conclusion that the police force was worth all the money spent on it, and that the body was requisite to the good government, and peace of that country. (Conservative heers.) He was curious to know what motive inspired the paragraph relative to strengthening of the Canadian defences. If our young men were ever to meet an enemy, which God forbid, it would be sending them to butchery if they were not properly equipped.
(Hear, hear.) He trusted, however,
the government's proposition did not involve any jingo policy. True, there spirit that asks for war or trouble, had lately been a little ripple over that the most modest reference was Yenezuelan affairs, but he was glad to placed in the Queen's speech, and in say that the best of feeling prevailed between Canada and the United States position altogether, and asserted that among the educated classes of the Proceeding to deal with the same united States there was nothing but question, he said it was evident Mr. Laurier was still within the lines of love towards the old land. Laurier was still within the lines of Claughter.) While de-

ion in Whittier's lines: We bow the heart, if not the knee, To England's Queen, God bless her. Those words did not fall on dull quest of the minority must be granted ears.

Referring to the proposed increase in the representation of the Northwest him. (Hear, hear.) He would territories, he said it was not for a plant himself in a position the moribund parliament to deal with an compel him to give a logical answer important matter of that kind. Tak-ing up the question of Manitoba. The opposition leader had stated ing up the question of Manitoba. The opposition leader had stated schools, he said the elections of yesterday had indicated what the feeling ed in the matter of the issue of the of the province was. The Manitoba writs in the by-election. He might regovernment was in favor of considermind Mr. Laurier of the tactics purty, and if grievances were found to exist to give them a measure of relief, which they asked. Under these circumstances, the parliament of Can-referred to Messrs. Vall and Jones, ada should be careful in the course it who were unseated, and the elec

Cures Every Form of Inflammation. It was originated in 1810, by the late Dr. A. John Physician, to cure all ailments that are the restasthma, abscesses, bites, burns, bruises, bronce chilblains, colic, cramps, cholera-morbus, diphtifractures, gout, headache, influenza, la grippe, soreness, nervous headache, pimples, pain anyw toothache, tonsilitis, wind colic and whooping co

nd found it always good in every way.

HOMAS CLELAND, South Robbinston, Maine npurrues life from Our Book "Treatment for Diseases" Mailed Free rywhere. All Druggists. L.S. Johnson & Co., Boston, Mass

pursued. He made no hesitation in held on different dates. Where was indicating what his views were. He deeply sympathized with his compa-triots in Manitoba. He would wish to see them have their educational privi-leges restored, but he held that it was for the legislative assembly to restore them. There was an unalterable repugnance in the minds of many to substitute the will of the formula of the first substitute the will of the formula of the first substitute the will of the formula of the first substitute the will of the formula of the first substitute the will be w abstitute the will of the federal body for the will of the local legislature. He prophesied that the government would eventually have to assume the osition which his party was now tak- ly and squarely. (Loud cheers.) ing on this question. It could not be otherwise. The government were great sumed by sticklers for standing by the co tution, and yet by their conduct in the matters of issuing writs for byelections they had violated the statutes systematically, wickedly and designedly, and had trampled on the sa-

cred rights of the people. (Opposition HON. MR. FOSTER

cheers.)

rose amid loud ministerial applause, and delivered a slashing reply. First of all, he joined with Mr. Laurier in complimenting the mover and secondby-elections. but there was small comfort for his party in some of them. Take, for instance, North Ontario, where the liberal became the third party and within eighty votes of osing his deposit. (Cheers.)

In Cardwell, moreover, the liberals were completely wiped out and had contribute \$200 to the revenue of country. (Cheers and laughter.) Continuing, Mr. Foster said: Mr. Laurler also drew attention to a section in the address which refers to the strengthening of the militia and deenices of Canada. He spoke words none too hearty, none too approvingly of the militia of this country, and voiced what is the general sentiment of this house and country, that the militia deserves well at its hands, and that it is the duty of the country to put the best and newest arms in the hands of the militia and see that they are well taken care of and equipped in this respect. (Cheers.) But he had to say another thing, that it flavors of a jingo policy. Well, sir, I leave it to all reasonable men if taking up that paragraph in the speech he can see shything in it which savors said it was clear that the liberals of defiance or in the least approache at other times, no person in Canada who loves his country and desires its peace and its prosperity, can think of reathing a spirit of defiance or jingo It is furthest removed possible timents of this country, while it respects other countries, feels the evidence of its own strength, feels in heart the full purpose to defend this country and stand by whenever it is threatened, yet feels its own calmin force and strength which does not ask declarations and does not flaunt defiance or anything of that kind. (Cheers.) But he would read the signs of the times not aright, in these somewhat troublesome days when the mother empire stands splendidly isolated in Europe, with interests stretching over the wide world, with day and in showing it, that the country's weal, the country's progress, the ountry's stability, the country's pride and glory must base itself upon strong arms and willing, loyal hearts of the citizenship of that empire from one end of it to the otherf. (Loud cheers.) It is the right and duty of Great sentiments of lovalty and admiration

Britain herself and of every depend-ency that belongs to her to be ready aye ready, as well as steady in its for the empire, as a whole. It is in that spirit and not in an placed in the Queen's speech, and in pursuance of that it is the determinabetween Canada and the United States tion of this government to put the mitoday. In his judgment a war belitia and the defences of this countween England and the United States try, as far as can possibly be done by would be as fratricidal as the war of Camada, into a state which is adethe Union. It was said there was a quate to the feeling, interests, and se-deep feeling in the United States currity of this country in itself and as against England. He denied the pro- a portion of the empire. (Loud a portion of the empire. (Loud that cheers.)

torres vedas. (Laughter.) While desiring to see Catholic privileges restored, the opposition leader took the definite and clear position that the re-He trusted that the government or denied as the circumstances of the therefore do nothing to suggest case warranted. Mr. Laurier would would therefore do nothing to suggest case warranted. Mr. Laurier would even the possibility of war with our have this much to comfort him. The time was coming when the lines of torres vedras would no longer shelter plant himself in a position that would

sued by the liberals in 1878.
Sir Richard, Cartwright—Give us

ness, the leading English liberal daily,

ing the liberals that they would not be able much longer to retain their positions as trimmers on the school question. They would have to face it fair-

After recess the discussion was re-SIR RICHARD CARTWRIGHT. who denounced the government for

their course on the It was first their policy to bully tion. and then to cringe. The liberal policy was to investigate, to negotiate, and then to act. Dealing with Mr. Foster's observations on the arming of the militia, he said that instead England being splendidly isolated, she was dangerously isolated. The best work Canada could do for England was to provide her with an ally worthy of her, in the people of the United (Derisive cheers.) He defended the opposition policy on the school The hour and the man had question. come for the settlement of the question, and that man was Mr. Laurier. (Cheers and counter cheers.)

HON. MR. DICKEY, was loudly cheered on rising to reply. He spoke first on the militia question, repudiating Messrs. Laurier's and Cartwright's insinuations that jingoism was the base of the government policy. When congress voted a large sum of money to improve the United States defences, no one took offence on this side. Why, then, should Canada fear or hesitate to do that which the needs of the country required? (Cheers.)

As the minister of militia at the time of the recent excitement he realzed the importance of taking action, and pressed for the improvement of Canadian defences. He was glad to find his colleagues acceding to his views, and to know that an adequate increase of defence would be adopted

wanted to turn it to their party adpolitical capital out of it, he forgot the vote he gave in 1893 on Mr. Tarte's motion, which was intended to catch the votes of all the extremists. Mr. Tarte and other liberals then demanded the prompt action by the govern-ment, and had condemned all appeals to the courts. Now that the hour for action had arrived, they wanted a commission. (Cheers.) Mr. Laurier's encing on the question was well exemplified by the fact that his spe in Montreal were interpreted in Winnipeg as opposed to interference with Manitoba, while the rouge press of Quehec affirmed they meant that Mr. Laurier was in favor of intervention. The day was rapidly approaching when both Messrs. Laurier and Tarte must define their position clearly.

(Cheers.) MR MCMITTIEN followed, speaking until 10.30, when he moved the adjournment of the de

Hon. Mr. Foster-Oh, I think the hon, gentleman had better finish to Hon. Mr. Laurier-My hon. friend is

very tired. Mr. Foster-Well, certainly, he has given evidences of it during the last half hour. (Loud cheers.) Under the circumstances I will not object to the

The house adjourned at 10.30. NOTES.

The address debate was continued in the senate, Hon, Messrs. Dever. Power and Perley taking part.

Sir William Hingston emphatically denied that he was induced to become a candidate in Montreal under the promise of a senatorship if defeated. Mr. Bryson, M. P., is seriously ill, and may not recover. Sir Charles Tupper, the new secre

tary of state, did not get away to Montreal last night. He will remain here until tomorrow and will address the board of trade in Montreal on Monday, thence proceeding in company with Messrs. McKeen and Mc-Dougall to Cape Breton county. Mr. McKeen resigned his seat for Capt Breton today and a writ for a new election was immediately ordered. Nomination takes place on January 28th and polling on February 4th. It evident that the liberals will offer opposition to Sir Charles Tupper. They dread his advent to the house, and are determined to keep them out a week longer than would otherwise have been the case had he been returned by ac-With reference to the position of

Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper, it appears that Sir Mackenzie Bowell strongly urged him to re-enter the ministry. The friendliest feeling has always exfelt, ohwever, on consultation between Sir Charles Tupper and Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper that it would be undesirable for two gentlemen so class-ly connected to be members of the ame governm thereupon offered Sir Charles Hibbert



don, but while ap he felt that he con preferring to remai mons as an in of the government. formed that for the be no appointment issioner's office. of the office is to r ection of the sec the same as in 1887 held the position of Of course there wi attaching to the a oner's position. Hon. Dr. Montag a bill to make cor ing of Canadian c of manufacture on which Major McLe tending.

KENT CO. SUN A very successfu for Sunday school held in Kent county 3rd and terminati district convention ville, McLaughlin, intendents were p secretary was aide Ramsay and Norn President H. A. W was spent in Sund preaching at Scot Scovill's Mills. excellent convention the afternoon and under the presider M. D. The attendar mal lessons and i were made, and s teachers recognized means. Evening at Mill Creek, E Moulie's River for Sunday school int convention was pro W. Hamilton, and J. S. Allen gave an mal lessons and oth tional work was do Sunday, 12th, sern at Bass River. Moulie's River in the county secretar ray. The convent the 13th was the of growth that th nessed. Andrew D earnest presentation partment Bible read made for the county retary, who was foll Lure and McConn presented a resolut ing the methods ad ing convention was as testified to by s others. Several oth county have this

along the line. THE PRESBYTE

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Annual Congregationa John's, St. Andrew's (Daily Sun, The anunal congregat John Presbyterian chu evening in the basemen meeting was opened in and singing. On motio elected chairman, and E retary. On motion, the was proceeded with and retary. On motion, the was proceeded with an lowing gentlemen be Armstrong, H. H. But J. Youngclaus, W. J. J. A. Magilton, D. Mita The report of the last year was one of the church. The report also read and showed was one of much spichurch. The report of the selection of the report of the report of the report of the report and which proud of. The report shon and benevolent so isfacory and great de and much missionary. The ladies' aid socie remarkable work during the report presented, a been the means of he number of outstanding. The report of the visionary society was met with the hearty gregation, as well as Boys' Brigade. On m. W. Craig were elected thanks was tendered for her untiring worl the ladies' aid society to the choir. The me doxolagy.

The annual meeting

to the choir. The material devolagy.

The annual meeting congregation of St. held last evening in school room. There tendance and the chur discussed. After the the meeting, the elect year took place. The ed: Dr. P. R. Inches Blair, P. S. Macnutt aulay, James Khox, H. C. Rankine.

The financial statem showed a good health at the annual mathematerial than the congregation, trustees for the year hows: W. J. Fraser, Milligan, Robert Reide ville, John Seaton. Roden and John Wille The meeting was with the seaton of the seaton. The meeting was we interest shown in the The financial statemen big improvement A MISUNDE

Physician—You feel legs, do you? Well, I trait of beef, and see The patient calls a few days later.
Patient—That salve ed, doctor, is very gould advise some that rub it on my legs Blaeter.

Stenograp Wanted

been made within
Three of these have
who could write Sho
This is an indicatio
times. Bookkeeping
Hand alone is good;
much better.
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tunity required by the
combined course,
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d your Johnson's Anodyne Lini-e than fifty years in my family, for colds, coughs, sore throat ips, sore stomach, rheumatism, olic, toothache, neuralgia, etc., t always good in every way. reatment for Diseases" Mailed Free. L. S. Jehnson & Co., Boston, Mass.

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don, but while appreciating the offer, he felt that he could not entertain it, preferring to remain in the house of commons as an independent supporter of the government. I am officially informed that for the present there will be no appointment to the high com-missioner's office. The administration of the office is to remain under the direction of the Secretary of state, in the same as in 1887 and 1888, when he held the position of minister of finance. Of course there will be no emoluments attaching to the acting high comm sioner's position.

Hon. Dr. Montague gives notice of a bill to make compulsory the brand-ing of Canadian cheese with the date of manufacture on it, the principal for which Major McLennan has been con-

KENT CO. SUNDAY SCHOOLS.

A very successful series of meetings A very successful series of meetings for Sunday school interests has been held in Kent county, beginning on Jan. 3rd and terminating on the 13th. A district convention was held at Hicksville, McLaughlin, where all the super-intendents were present, and the field secretary was aided by Rev. Messra. Ramsay and Normandy and County President H. A. West. Sunday, 5th, was spent in Sunday schools and in preaching at Scotch Settlement and Scovill's Mills. Wellington held an excellent convention at Little River on the afternoon and evening of the 6th, under the presidency of W. G. Kins. M. D. The attendance was good. Nor-mal lessons and instructive addresses were made, and superintendents and teachers recognized the value of such Evening meetings were held at Mill Creek, East Galloway and Moulie's River for further stirring up Sunday school interests. Richibucto convention was presided over by Rev. W. Hamilton, and in the evening Rev. J. S. Allen gave an address. The normal lessons and other parts of instructional work was done by Mr. Lucas. Sunday, 12th, sermons were preached at Bass River, West Branch and

Moulie's River in the congregation of the county secretary, Rev. F. W. Murray. The convention at Harcourt on the 13th was the best in indications of growth that the parish has witessed. Andrew Dunn presided. An partment Bible reading work there was made for the county by the county secretary, who was followed by Revs. Mc-Lure and McConnell Mr McConnell presented a resolution heartly endorsing the methods advocated. This closing the methods advocated. This close ing convention was highly profitable, as testified to by superintendents and ingham, president; Patrick Connors, as testified to by superintendents and lat vice president; M. Gaynor, secretistic presidents. green, and their interests will be highly promoted by this whole series. The county president and secretary are earnest workers in the interest of their county, and unitedly are striving to make this year one of advance all along the line. county have this year bec along the line.

THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCHES Annual Congregational Meetings of St. John's, St. Andrew's and St. David's.

(Daily Sun, Jan. 16.)

The anumal congregational meeting of St. John Presbyterian church was held last evening in the basement of the church. The meeting was opened in due form, with prayer and singing. On motion, W. J. Parks was elected chairman, and E. J. Armstrong, serverary. On motion, W. J. Parks was elected chairman, and E. J. Armstrong, serverary. On motion, the election of trustees was proceeded with and resulted in the following gentlemen being chosen: E. J. Armstrong, H. H. Burns, C. H. Doig, W. J. Youngchaus, W. J. Parks, J. V. Russell, J. A. Magilton, D. Mitchell, W. Kein.

The report of the crustees showed that the past year was one of funch spiritual interest to the church. The report of the session was also presented, showing a very gratitying resurt and which the scholars are very proud of. The report of the ladies' mission and bossvolent society was a very satisfactory and great deal of help was given and much missionary work done.

The ladies' aid society have done a very remarkable work during the year and by the report of the Woman's Foreign Missionary society was very satisfactory, and mot with the hearty approval of the congregation, as well as the Misson band and Boye' Brigade. On motion, D. McLean and W. Craig were elected auditors. A vote of thanks was tendered to Miss. J. Henderson for her untiming work in connection with the ladies' aid society during the year; also to the choir. The meeting closed with the doxolagy.

The annual meeting of the trustees and congregation of St. Andrew's church was held last evening in the clurch Sunday school. (Daily Sun. Jan. 16.)

to the choir. The meeting closed with the doxolary.

The annual meeting of the trustees and congregation of St. Andrew's church was held last evening in the church Sunday school room. There was a very large attendance and the church metetrs were fully discussed. After the regular business of the meeting, the election of trustees for the year took place. The following were elected: Dr. P. R. Inches, Frank Rankine, A. Blair, P. S. Macnutt, R. Magee, A. Macaulay, James Knox, R. C. Cameron, and H. C. Rankine.

The financial statement for the past year showed a good healthy condition of affairs. At the annual meeting of St. David's church congregation, held last night, the trustees for the year were elected as follows: W. J. Fraser, Geo. R. Ewing, C. J. Milligan, Robert Reid, Thomas H. Somer-The secretary's report at the annual meeting of St. J. Milligan, Robert Reid, Thomas H. Somer-The secretary's report at the annual meetanday, James Knox, R. C. Cameron, and C. Rankine.

The financial statement for the past year showed a good healthy condition of affairs. At the annual meeting of St. David's church congregation, held last night, the frustees for the year were elected as follows: W. J. Fraser, Geo. R. Ewing, C. J. Milligan, Robert Reid, Thomas H. Somerville, John Seaton, Wm. Robb, Francis Roden and John Willett.

The meeting was well attended and great interest shown in the affairs of the church. The financial statement for the year shows a big improvement over previous ones.

MISUNDERSTANDING.

Physician—You feel a little weak in your legs, do you? Well, I should get some extra t of beef, and see if it would help you. The patient calls again on the doctor a few days later.

Patient—That salve that you recommended, doctor, is very good, but I wish you could advise some that is thinner, so. I could rub it on my legs easier.—Humoristische Blaeter.

Stenographers Wanted

PROVINCIAL

Steamboating on the Miramichi does not Pay.

A Recount of the Westmorland Scott Act Vote Ordered.

General News from Many Sections of New Brunswick.

KINGS CO. Sussex, Jan. 14.—Miller Bross, the enterprising local butchers, sent a large drove of excellent beef to their brother doing business in Quaco, yesterday.

The case of Rev. H. W. Little v. the Wardens of Trinity church, has been again postponed for another six months, counsel being unable to attend. It is hoped by churchmen here that in the interim this cause may reach a settlement and their hand-some church opened for the purpose

Geo. D. Martin , bookseller, etc., whilst descending the steps in front of his residence yesterday, slipped and fell, seriously spraining his ankle, which will likely keep him confined to his house for a week or two.

W. W. Hubbard, editor of the Co-

operative Farmer, has taken up his residence in the dwelling owned by James Lamb, west of Sussex station.
Young Carmichael, mentioned in my notes yesterday as being dangerously ill at the residence of Postmaster Boal, died this morning after suffering very much. Carmichael was 39 years of age,

married, and leaves a wife and one Sussex, Jan. 15.—Robert Conley, who has a contract with Charles T. White to get out a large quantity of logs near Wolfe, is in Sussex today and states that the season for yarding logs has been excellent, and with snow in due time the output there will be quite above the average and at less cost

than in many former winters. Sussex, Jan. 16.—The remains of the late Colin C. Campbell were conveyed to the English Settlement this morning for burial in the family burying ground at that place. Before leaving Rev. Mr. Hamilton, Methodist, conducted the religious ceremony at the residence of R. D. Boal.

Since Christmas, Miller Bros. have sent fifty-seven head of beef cattle to Quaco, a proof that Quaconians are large consumers of beef.

NORTHUMBERLAND CO. Chatham, N. B., Jan. 14.—A prelin-inary meeting of the Chatham parish liberal association was held in the Law Chambers last evening. The purpose of the meeting was to perfect town

tary; M. S. Hocken, treasurer. speakers, including Hon, John P. Burchill, M. P. P.; W. S. Loggie, Mr. Troy (Newcastle), W. C. Winslow, Robert Murray and others, all spoke with

Ing by Capt. Fugar were very instructive and pleasing.

The secretary's report at the annual meeting of the teachers and officers of St. Luke's Sunday school showed the average attendance of scholars for the year was 148 and that of teachers 19. There are 517 scholars and 26 teachers and officers. The treasurer's report showed \$175.24 officeted in school during the year, and \$169.03 disjourset, \$57.13 of the amount was given to missionaries. The the amount was given to missionaries. The officers elected for this year are as follows: Supt. R. B. Bennett; asst. supt., W. B. Snowball; secretary, Fred Chessman; asst. sec'y, Harry Strong; librarian, A. C. Woods; and Archie Haylland ,asst. librarian; Miss and Archie Haviland asst. librarian; Miss Haviland, planist.

The first annual meeting of the Chatham board of trade met in the Cypress club room on Tuesday evening, President W. S. Loggie in the chair. After the reading of the minutes by Secretary Mackenzie, a communication was read from the secretary of the department of public works, acknowledging the receipt of a petition respecting the building of a breakwater at Lots 7 and 8, P. E. Jalane.

The president in his address referred to

building of a breakwater at Lots 7 and 8, P. E. Island.

The president in his address referred to the proposal to have steamships make regular calls at this port. The reason the proposition had not been acted upon was because the merchants would not guardnee the necessary amount of freight traffic. He also referred to the freight question as regards the Intercolonial railway, the reduction asked for in ferrage toffs and several other important matters. J. L. Stewart moved, seconded by C. A. Bruce, the following:

tition the local and dominion governments to increase the subsidy for this service."

The motion was carried.

W. S. Loggie was re-elected president; R. Flanagan, vice-president; J. D. B. F. Mackenzle, secretary; Geo. Slothart, trustee. The council and arbitrators were re-elected. The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Miramichi Steam Navigation company was held in the Masonic hall on Friday. The following, from the directors' report, will explain the position of the company: day. The following, from the directors' report, will explain the postition of the company:

"The directors beg especially to call the attention of the shareholders to the non-paying character of the down river service, when the total amount of expenses of the Miramichi the present year were than the earnings. Considering the great convenience the boat is, not only to the people living in down river sections, as well as with the clitizens of both towns doing business with down river sections, as well as with the clitizens of both towns doing business with down river points, and the consequent inconvenience it would be if the directors were compelled to withdraw the boat it should be a matter of serious consideration, with a view, if possible, of increasing the traffic on the down river course or the possibility of securing some assistance from the dominion sovernment grant."

The following resolution was carried unanimously: "That the subject matter of the last section of the directors' report to be referred to the incompling board to take a consideration, with a view of the loss in course directors and the possibility of securing some assistance from the dominion sovernment grant."

The following resolution was carried unanimously: "That the subject matter of the last section of the directors' report to be referred to the incompling board to take a consideration of the directors report to be referred to the least incompliance of the boat subject to the approval of the boat subject to the approval of the boat subject to the approval of the past year and repairs required, we declare.

The directors were re-elected. At a meeting of the directors Hon. J. P. Burchill was chosen president and Warren C. Winshow vice-president.

OUREENS CO

OTIERNS CO The extension of the Central rail-way from Chipman to Newcastle is now an assured fact. The road has been cut out for almost the entire dis-tance and a large crew of men are at work on the bridge across the Salmon

Miss Alice Dohaniv who so success fully taught the primary department of the Chipman school, is now in charge

on the ice, spraining her wrist so badly that she has not been able to use it

Douglas Harbor, Jan. 10.-On New Year's night a free entertainment was given in the hall at Douglas Harbor by the young people of that place, and Scotchtown. An amusing feature of the programme was the dialogue, Ad-vertise for a Servant, in which Mrs. James Olmstead, Stephen Colwell, the Misses Nellie Carle, Laura Hunter, Nellie Smythe, Marion Palmer and Master Otto McFarlane took part. Readings were given by Mrs. Olmstead, Stephen Colwell, Ernest Palmer, W. W. Simpson and Wm. Palmer, and recitations by Mrs. Olmstead, Miss and county organization. W. C. Wins and county organization. W. C. ing duets were sung by Misses Laura Hunter, Marion Palmer, Nellie Smythe Chatham on the 28th inst. This meet-ing is subject to change of date in the event of an early election. The many Smythe. Refreshments were abund-

> success. On Wednesday evening a very pleasant party was given at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Purves, tchtown, in honor of their daughter, Miss Gertrude, who is home for

> the winter. White's Cove, Jan. 10 .- A quiet wedding took place at the residence of J. A. Molaskey, White's Point, on the 2nd inst., when his youngest daugh-ter, Arcilla May, was united in the bonds of wedlock with John E. Austin of White's Cove. Rev. A. J. A. Gollmer, rector of Cambridge, tied the knot in the presence of a few friends. Mrs. Sidney Stewart, while skating

on Little Lake last week, broke through the ice. Fortunately a number skaters were near, who rendered her assistance. Mrs. Stewart sustained no

A pound party was held in the hall on Thursday evening, and a good time was enjoyed by all present. A revival is being held at Mill Cove among the Baptists. A number of young men recently left here for the lumber woods of

Maine and New Hampshire. SUNBURY CO.

Sheffield, Jan. 13.—Geo. Hunter, one of our enterprising lumbermen on these waters, lost a valuable horse on Friday, by falling over a brow of !umper 150 feet high, which caused instant death.

Frederick Denton, an aged and respected inhabitant of Scotchtown, died on Friday evening, leaving a wife and three grown up sons.

VICTORIA CO.

Andover, Jan. 11.-Yesterday at 2 p. m., the remains of G. W. Murphy were followed to the grave by one of the largest processions we have ever had here. On Wednesday morning, the 1st inst., Mr. Murchy was stricken down with paralysis. He died on the 7th. Mr. Murphy leaves a wife, four sons and two daughters to mourns their loss, besides a large number of grandchildren. Three of his sons and one daughter are in the western states, One son, Dr. H. Murphy, is practising medicine in Fort Fairfield, Me., and the other daughter is Mrs S. P. Waite, who lives here.

During the recent violent wind storm the spire of the Undine church was blown down and completely destroyed. The people of Grand Falls, where Rev. Scovil Neales has been holding services every two weeks, oresented Mrs. Neales with a purse of \$11, as a Christmas gift. The new officers of Court Andover,

No. 626, are: C. R., F. P. Tinker; V. C. R., H. B. Murphy; physician, R. B. M. Wiley; chap., Rev. W. R. Pepper; rec. sec., Geo. E. Baxter; F. S., E. H. Hoyt; treas., H. W. Beveridge; S. W., D. W. Pickett; J. W., D. McLeod; S. B., H. A. Murphy; J. B., P. Lynch. The weather the past week has been very severe, ranging each morning from 20 to 25 degrees below zero. No snow has fallen yet.

Dorchester, N. B., Jan. 14.-The January term of the Westmortand circuit opened here this afternoon at 2 o'clock, His Honor Judge Vanwart presiding. also referred to the death of C. W. Weldon of St. John. He said the pro-

The first case in the docket goes over Water Co. v. Gallagher comes up in their health destroying powers. It the morning. James Friel presented the naturalization papers of John B. of a well-known physician of the west, Monegan, which were ordered to be filed.

The file of comin tacks, by virtue to their health destroying powers. It now seems, according to the statement the naturalization papers of John B. of a well-known physician of the west, Monegan, which were ordered to be filed.

of the Iron Bound Cove school.

Hampstead, Jan. 13.—There is not enough snow for sleighing.

Rev. Geo. W. Foster baptized five more converts yesterday morning, and joined four of them to the church in the evening. The services will be continued in the Woodville Union hall.

Mrs. Holly, an elderly lady, while on her way to church two weeks ago, fell on the services will be continued in the Brunswick hotel tonight.

Was made at the instance of the local association of liquor dealers. The majority, as officially declared, was 277.

Deputy Sheriff P. J. Sweeney of Shediac leaves next week for New York, where he will make his home in future. Mr. Sweeney was entertained by a number of the Brunswick hotel tonight.

Mrs. Barbara Lutes died this more

YORK CO.

Fredericton, N. B., Jan. 14.—Judge Stevens presided at the York county court today. There was no criminal docket, and the only civil case entered was Austin Kenney v. Charles Veysey for plaintiff.

George I. Gunter died here today

Mispec river, St. John Co., was bid in by J. H. Barry at \$21 per mile. F. B. Shields, postmaster at Upper Maugerville, was married to Kate Strange this afternoon. The ceremony took place at the residence of George Strange, the bride's father, at Kings-

paid the same salary (\$400) as last year, an amendment was moved by Coun. Caldwell that the salary be \$100

w. M. Connell had a petition before the council for the payment of \$400 on account of services rendered as county clerk, before the present arrangement of paying the county clerk was made. mittee for investigation, to report at the next annual meeting of the coun-

Warden Cronkhite gave a dinner to the councillors and some inviter those present being J. T. A. Dibbl and C. L. Smith, M. P. P.'s, and Mayo Saunders. Speeches were made after the dinner was over. Mayor Saunders urged the farmers of Carleton Co. to take greater interest in the market over the ocean, which was made so easy of access to them by means of the ocean steamers now going from G. C. Winston continues to improve slowly, and his friends are greatly in

FROM ONE IN AUTHORITY.

hope of his recovery.

Jinks—I am always embarrassed when want to say the word v-a-s-e. I don't know whether to say vaze, vace, vahz or vawse. Binks—You might take a hint from our hired girl. She simply speaks of all ornaments as "them there."—Truth.

Exact Bridegroom (who is receiving his bride's dowery)—Ten dollars are still wanting. Father-in-law—What? Oh, my daughter swallowed that \$10 when she was a child.—Fliegende Blaeter.

THE SUN PRINTING COMPANY...

. . . . WILL PRESENT A-

OLASS

To the Girl or Boy, Lady or Gentleman, who sends to the "Sun" Office the largest number of paid yearly subscriptions for the WEEKLY SUN before ist May, 1896. All persons wishing to enter for this contest will please apply

> ALFRED MARKHAM. Sun Office, St John, N. B.

CIGARETTES AND INSANITY.

Most Young Patients in a Lunatic.
Asylum Found to Have Used Them. (From the St. Louis Post-Despatch.) to the next term by consent. The se- Cigarettes have fairly earned the cond case is also made a remanet. The title of "coffin tacks," by virtue of

Monoton, Jan. 16,—Judge Wells this death. After a careful examination morning granted an order for a recount of the ballots in the recent Scott lunatic asylum, and a thorough invesses. act repeal election. The application tigation into the "family history" of was made at the instance of the local each case, it was found that the major-

ing at the residence of her son-in-law, ation exercises on the throat and the George Seamans, aged 85.

delicate tissues blood vessels and delicate tissues, blood vessels, and nerves of the lungs and bronchial tubes. The result of his investigations

was rather alarming. "To a greater or less extent," h says, "this increase of insanity may be attributed to the pernicious cigarette-smoking habit, now so long prefor damages for an assault. The par-ties both belong to North Lake. The lury found a verdict for \$200 damages the youth of our country during the valent among and undermining the moral, physical and mental health of Fredericton, Jan. 15.—Zopher B. Dun-brain is tender and plastic and easily phy's dwelling house and outbuildings affected by the noxious inhalations is at the mouth of the Keswick were suing through and around the nerve

burned this afternoon from a defective flue. Some of the furniture on the loss lower flat was only saved. The loss is heavy. Insurance \$1,000. smoke cigars to excess, and though he from cancer in the breast. He was would, of course, suffer ill consequenthe last surviving son of the late Rev. ces, there would be very little chance Jacob Gunter. Deceased was well known here until about two years ago as a livery man. His wife and one daughter survive hom. Deceased was fifty years old. His remains will be taken to Upper Gagetown Friday for burial. Two timber berths were sold at the crown land office today. One, a two mile block in Carlo settlement, Sunbury Co., went to John Macpherson at \$8.25, and a four mile block on the Mispec river, St. John Co., was bid in of spirits he will be satisfied with a few puffs of a cigarette.

A STEER IN THE HOUSE.

He Did as Much Damage as the Bull in the China Shop.

took place at the residence of George Strange, the bride's father, at Kingsclear, and was performed by Rev. H. B. Montgomery.

The cathedral congregation having decided not to change the cathedral clock to eastern standard time, petitions are on foot today to have the City hall clock reset to local time.

CARLETON CO.

Woodstock, Jan. 15.—The county council of Carleton was in session yesterday and today. As the biennial elections were held in October there is a new board, and many of the councillors are entirely new men. G. L. Cronkhite of Wakefield, who has been at the board off and on for forty years, was elected warden.

The principal matter of interest dealt with was the appointment of a Scott act inspector. This position has been held for a couple of years past by Rev. B. B. Colpitts. He is paidd a salary of \$400. At the meeting yesterday, when Coun. Munro of Woodstock moved that the inspector be paidd the same salary (\$400) as last year, an amendment was moved by Coun. Caldwell that the salary be \$100.

The first of the madden of the county of the county years, when the steer reached the hallway he cattemyted to turn around, but his massive form would not turn in the narrow space. Finding that he could not turn, he pressed on ward, testing the wall paper with his borns and knocking down a large hatrack the mother of the principal matter of interest dealt with was the appointment of a Scott act inspector. This position has been held for a couple of years past by Rev. B. B. Colpitts. He is paidd as salary of \$400. At the meeting yesterday, when Coun. Munro of Woodstock moved that the inspector be paidd the same salary (\$400) as last year, an amendment was moved by Coun. Caldwell that the salary be \$100.

paid the same salary (\$400) as last year, an amendment was moved by Coun Caldwell that the salary be \$100 and 50 per cent. of the gross receipts from fines. A spirited debate followed, resulting in the defeat of the amendment by a vote of 11 yeas, 15 mays. The original motion was then carried on the same vote reversed.

W. M. Connell had a petition before the council for the payment of \$400 on account of services rendered as county account of services rendered as county and was a last of the local through the panels of the door the brute fell, and it was in this position that Newson, who had procured a rope, fastened him down and later forced him out of the bouse. house.*

Although the steer was in the house but a few minutes the damage to the house and furniture will be several hundred dollars. Hundreds of people witnessed the exciting scene from the outside of the house.—Cincinnati Commercial.

A STEAMSHIP WHISTLE THAT PLAYS TUNES.

J. F. Batchelor of Baltimore has patented a rotary chime whistle fitted tition.' with an electric whistle opener. It is; altogether different from the chime whistle which produces but one note. The compartments of the new whistle may be arranged so that a bar of music can be played, and every steamship line may have its own special tune, such as Sweet By and By, Re- a year before: member Me, or Home, Sweet Home. Each boat's whistle may have a false note at the end of its tune, which would be another distinguishing sig-nal. Any number of compartments, one for each note, may be made in the bell of the whistle. By means of push button the electric whistle opener will operate the whistle in-stantly, thus making the device useful for navigation signals, or for tele-graphing by the whistle, instead of using flags or lanterns. The whistle using flags or lanterns. The whistle can be blown automatically during fogs. There is also an apparatus which operates a time stamp that prints on a piece of paper a record of the time the whistle is blown and the

length of the blast. A parabolic shell round the whistle turns in any direction and throws the sound out in the same manner that the rays of an elec-tric searchlight are directed toward any desired object.—Baltimore Sun.

PORTLAND HARBOR IMPROVE-

Portland, Me., is now after harbon improvements. The harbor, it appears, is not deep enough to accommodate the largest steamers. The subject was discussed at a meeting of the Portland board of trade on Monday. Boston citizens are endeavoring to do for harbor improvement, and stated that the big Dominion liner Scotsman had trouble in handling herself in Portland harbor this winter. coming of such steamers was of great importance, for to his certain knowledge the Scotsman left \$12,000 in the port. The need of deepening the har-bor will be pressed upon the national

A LARGE FALLING OFF.

The Stellarton Journal gives the following figures in reference to coal shipments for 1895. The Journal also notes: "The prospects for '96 are some-thing brighter, though not so good as could be wished. Stocks are lighter at present, but the late mild weather has rendered consumption light."

Spring Hill328,000 Sundries 2,000 2.000 Joggins 93,500 92,000 214,000 64.122 Albion 82,296 51,521 217.500 C. B. colliery..... 7,500 14,675 34.156 Glace Bay 43,121 Gowrie 127,822 Old Bridgeport100,432 Reserve194,308 211,706 Victoria 83,158

TRADE BY COUNTIES. Pictou Co. Cape Breton Co.

1,169,818 /..... 1,006,388 BRITISH LUMBER MARKET. Reports from London, Liverpool, Bristol, Glasgow, Manchester, Dublin and other British ports to Jan. 4th indicate a hopeful opening of the lum-ber trade of 1896. The Timber Trades Journal of London says: "There are two circumstances which must be considered favorable to the trade at the beginning of the New Year. The bank rate of interest remains at its normal figure of 2 per cent., and the other, which is more special to the timber trade, is the moderate importation, and constquently more manageable stocks on hand, with the openness of the season to further work them down. Another encouraging feature in trade is the favorable state of the revenue returns for three-fourths of the financial year, which the government have furished, and which promise, in spite of the expenses for the Ashantee expedition and other matters, to leave a surplus in the hands of the chancellor of the exchequer without parallel since 1874. This certainly looks like a return of trade to its former prosperity and a revival of many of our dormant industries, which only require some final settlement of the labor market to call into life again. With general business improving the building trade ought to share in the activity, which would, of course, immediately affect the consumr tion of sawn wood, and give a move to prices in the desired direction, which, after all, is what people are looking

Timber News of Liverpool says: "For the first week in the New Year it is a pleasing duty to be able to report a brighter aspect. Looking back on trade transactions for the past six months one and all acknowledge it to for some years past, and, with a continuation of moderate stocks and good demand now prevailing, we cannot see what is to prevent a prosperous year unless speculative shippers flood the market and cause unnecessary compe-

At Yorkhill and Queen's dock, Glasgow, stocks of spruce are smaller than a year ago, both of Quebec and lower port deals. The same is true of pine, and notably of birch. On Dec. 31st the stocks in cubic feet of spruce and birch were as follows, compared with

Quebec spruce deals......211,173 N. B. and N. S. spruce deals.467,735 At Greenock and Port Glasgow stocks of spruce deals from Dalhousis were 14,524 ft, compared with 23,764 ft in 1894; Quebec spruce, 102,223 ft, com-pared with 84,190 ft in 1894; birch, 10,-

488 ft, compared with 22,797 ft in 1894. THE WAY WITH ALL OF US.

Unanimously Vote for Holding Another Show This Year.

The Annual Reports and Election of Director -A Large Attendance-Proceedings of the Annual Meeting of the

The annual meeting of the members was held in the board of trade rooms the 14th instant. President Pitfield in the chair. There was a large attendance of shareholders and ex-officio and representative members from the city corporation, the muni-cipality of St. John, board of trade, agricultural, oratorio, natural history athletic club, the N. B. B. G. A., the 62nd Fusiliers, St. John city rifles, the Neptune Rowing club, the local legislature, the city newspapers, etc. Among those present were: W. C. Pitfield, C. A. Everett, Mayor Robertson, Wm. Shaw, M. P. P., R. B. Emer-son, T. H. Hall, Alex. Macaulay, Ira Cornwall, G. H. Waring, C. E. Mac-michael, A. L. Law, W. J. Parks, Col. Cunard, Major Markham, S. D. Scott, A. O. Skinner, S. T. Golding, R. A. Payne, O. H. Warwick, I. E. Cornwall, Harris Allan, J. A. Estey, H. A. Drury, Chas. Reynolds, W. A. Mc-Laughlan, S. Crothers, W. H. Bowman, J. A. Watson, G. B. Hegan, R. J. Johnston, S. S. Hall, F. L. Peters, G. E. Fairweather, D. J. McLaughlin, Jas. Donovan, Mr. Hannay, J. J. Barry, D. W. McCormick, W. J. Fraser, W. O. Purdy, R. R. Patchell, J. A. Likely, E. L Welsh, J. M. Scovil.

DIRECTORS' REPORT. President Pitfield read the report of the directors, which was as follows: St John, N. B., Jan. 14, 1896. To the Stockholders and Members of

the Exhibition Association: Gentlemen-Your directors respectfully present the following report of their proceedings during the past

From among their number the board elected W. C. Pitfield as president of

decided to hold an exhibition at the usual time, in the autumn of 1895. The services of C. A. Everett were secured to fill the position of manag-ing director, to which was added, on the retirement of J. C. Mitchell, the

position of secretary.

Applications were made to the executive of the province and the St. John city council for grants to aid in carrying on the exhibition. The province responded by a grant of one thousand dollars and a guarantee of three thousand dollars. The city made a grant of three thousand dollars and a guarantee of three thousand dollars.

A block of land lying east of Went worth street and south of Sheffield street was leased from the city corporation on the terms offered by that

body two or three years ago. The grounds were graded to suit the purposes of the exhibition, and subitial stables were built to acc modate two nundred horses and three hundred and ten head of cattle, Ac-

sheep, swine and poultry. 64x186 feet, was erected and prepared for the exhibition of agricultural pro-ducts, implements and working dairy. A spacious amusement hall was fitted up within the building.

Water from the city works was in ducted to and through the grounds for the use of the live stock. The work on these grounds was com-pleted at a cost of \$3,396.50.

Since our previous exhibition: the city had extended its water pipes through Sydney street, southward, to the front of the exhibition buildings. water connection with the buildings By arrangement we furnished the pipe and the city conducted the water into the buildings. From the point of en-try we have laid pipes in all desirable

The roofings of the main buildings and particularly that of the south wing, were found to be in bad order. In response to our application the city the necessary repairs and also achinery hall with asphalt. The central supports of the south wing

were greatly strengthened. The association made desirable alterations and repairs within and around the main buildings. The insides of the buildings were color washed. Previous to the former exhibition the association had wired these buildings for arc lighting. It now added a comwiring for incandescent lighting and also wired the agricultural building and grounds for arc lighting. A boundary between the drill shed and

We are indebted to the militia department for kindly placing the drill shed and parade grounds at the disposal of our association. By consent, we connected the various buildings by good plank walk through the parade grounds, and closed up the spaces military fences.

The city council having granted permission, we enclosed a portion of the Wentworth street extension, and took down a portion of the military fencing, thus bringing the whole of the exhibition grounds within one enclosure. The expenditures in these directions amounted to \$1.292.14.

thanks of the association are due to his honor the lieut. governor and staff for services rendered at the ng of the exhibition, and for the deep interest taken in our work; to the provincial government and the council for the pecuniary assist-rendered; to the minister of militia and officers acting for his departt, for the use of the drill shed and parade grounds and other privi-leges; to the colonel and staff of the ery Brigade, the colonel and staff of the \$2nd Fusiliers and the soldiers Ira Cornwall, the hearty thanks of the under their command, for services meeting were tendered to Mr. Pitfield rendered at the opening of the exhi-for his valuable services as president bition, and for the temporary relin- of the association, Mr. Cornwall sup-quishment of their military quarters porting the motion in a brief speech.

tures which they have made in erec-tions, improvements and in conducting the exhibition—as shown in the ac- hoped the association would continue companying statement-are not excessive, and merit your approval.

To add to the attractions during the exhibition and to secure a larger indux of visitors to the city, his worship the mayor, assisted by a number of prominent citizens, arranged for a regatta in the harbor of St. John. Although it proved a heavy tax upon their time and necessitated liberal subscriptions, they succeeded in procuring, at home and from abroad, a large wm. spectators one of the best regattas

ever held in our harbor.

The Agricultural society—whose membership is largely within this association—secured the presence of the fastest and best trained horses in their reach and gave exhibitions of speed on the track owned by the so-

Your directors take the liberty of making some statements and sugges-tions which may be useful in the future operations of the association. The space within the exhibition building was insufficient to meet the wants of exhibitors, nor did the added room furnished by the drill shed for the carriage department fully meet our requirements. The passageways were contracted and overcrowded by the visitors. A number of proposed exhibitors could not be furnished with

The "special attractions" at our exhibition have not been quite satisfac-tory. We would recommend a more liberal expenditure in the future to

Rules should be adopted to govern the granting of "special privileges." tribute of praise to the scholarly at-tainments of Mr. Perley and the ac-

from this source 1928.

Hitherto the association has been Hitherto the association has been granted the use of the drill shed and parade grounds by the department of militia. Without them it would have militia. Without them it would have be found at the beginning of the bulletin. been impossible for us to have held an exhibition. With the parade grounds lying between the manufacturing and agricultural departments, it becomes necessary for us to be assured of the use of these grounds before incurring expenses for a future exhibition. Such an arrangement exhibition. Such an arrangement by Dr. W. D. Matthew and describes should be permanent in its character. the volcanic rocks of the maritime

the association should make immediate preparations for an exhibition to be held at the usual time in the cur-

rent year. hundred and ten head of cattle. Accompliance with the requirements communications, one on the commodation was also secured for sheep, swine and poultry.

A substantial two-story building, on stock and members, the calls on stock and payments thereon, with on stock and payments thereon, with on stock and payments thereon, with an audited general accoun

lent briefly touched on the record of the recent exhibition to show that in his judgment an exhibition could be successfully held in St. John every New Brunswick, and an account of the year, and in this connection he paid a fervent tribute to the labors of C. A. John, from the pen of S. W. Kain. Everett, on whom, as managing director, the credit for the late exhibition most largely rested. He expressed the earnest hope that Mr. Everett's services would be secured for the curren

vear. On motion of Ira Cornwall, seconded by R. B. Emerson, the report was taken up section by section.

On motion of R.B.Emerson, seconded by O. H. Warwick, the meeting enlorsed the sections extending thanks of the association to the lieutenant governor and staff; the local and city governments, the minister militia, and the colonels and staffs of the artillery and 62nd battalion, for the part they had taken in making the exhibition a success.

C. A. Everett, commenting on the re port, said that the space in the buildings was not large enough to accommodate the demand at the recent exnibition, which demand indicated the hold the show had taken on the public mind. As to the live stock premium list, it needed to be modernized and brought up to date; and new rules were required for the regulation of special privileges. The advisability of securing ground for the erection of other buildings, he explained might necessitate the removal of the drill shed and military establishment to another locality, which step, he had every reason to believe, would be en-dorsed by the local militia. That was a matter for the consideration of the new board of directors

After Mr. Everett's comments, on motion of S. S. Hall, seconded by A. O. Skinner, it was adopted and refe red to the incoming board of directors Mr. Everett submitted a classified statement of the expenditure in con nection with the last exhibition, which statement was a little more in detail than that published a short time ago in The Sun; also the report of the auditors thereon and the treasurer's

statement. On motion of A. L. Law, seconded by D. W. McCormick, the financial state ment was received, approved and or-dered to be entered on the minutes. S. S. Hall moved, seconded by A. O. Skinner, that this meeting recommends to the incoming directorate that in its opinion it is desirable to hold

exhibition this year. This was unanimously adopted. On motion of A. L. Law, seconded by

Mr. Pitfield expressed his deep grat for our accommodation.

Mr. Pitfield expressed his deep gratYour directors feel that the expenditude for this recognition of his services and for this manifestation their kindly feeling towards him. He to prosper and that annual exhibitions would become a fixed fact. (Applause.) The balloting for twenty-one directors was then proceeded with, the president appointing as tellers: J. M. Scovil, A. O. Skinner, A. L. Law, Alex. Macaulay, J. A. Likely and Ira Corn-

The election resulted as follows: C. A. Everett, Jas. Reynolds, W. H. Thorne, Alex. Macaulay, A. L. Law, Wm. Shaw, A. O. Skinner, W. C. Pit-field, D. W. McCormick, Ira Cornwall, number of racing vessels and excel-lent coarsmen, who presented to the J. H. McAvity, Geo. Robertson, T. S. Simms, O. H. Warwick, J. C. Robertson, Jas. F. Robertson, S. S. Hall, J. M. Scovil, R. B. Emerson, J. M. Johnson, C. B. Robertson.

The meeting then adojurned.

BULLETIN NO. XIII.

Of the N. B. Natural History Society. The familiar title page introduces

The familiar title page introduces once more the little publication in which this society records such portons of its work as are of a more enduring character, or which is directive to the working naturalists among

The first article by Prof. W. F. Ganong on Phytobiology, is chiefly for the benefit of the working botanists, directing them in the lines in which useful courses of observation may be followed, this particular article being devoted to an outline of the various adaptations of plants to locomotion, a wide and interesting field of study.

The most valuable article in this number is Dr. P. Cox's History of the number is Dr. P. Cox's History of the procure such "attractions" as would not fail to secure a much larger attendance of visitors. They should be engaged early and be thoroughly advertised. Fireworks are always attractions. They should be of excellent quality and displayed on every fine evening.

Objections have been made to the charge of entrance fees for live stock. It is asserted that freight charges and the cost of food and attendance at the fair grounds operate in preventing fair grounds operate in preventing owners from exhibiting. This subject, as well as the careful revision of the premium list, should be intrusted to a competent committee.

those which he minister has added in this paper to the previously catalogued in this paper to the previously catalogued in this shows the zeal and energy which Dr. Cox has devoted to this field of investigation.

In this paper the author offers a high curacy and fullness of description which he brings to bear on the fishes

Dr. Cox also speaks highly of the work done by Dr. Adams (above referred to), who was a staff surgeon to the 22nd line regiment stationed in New Brunswick in 1866.

The third article in this bulletin is we should secure ground for the erection of other permanent buildings when required. To meet these requirements of our association might necessitate the removal of the militate operations to another locality. It might be well to correspond with the It volcanic rocks in great perfection, operations to another today and with the might be well to correspond with the minister of militia on this subject.

They It seems clear to your board that are found in the broken and hilly ham was represented by Patrick Ulti-can, T. Ultican, J. Brown and J. Bar-clay; the parish of Colbourne by James Reid; the parish of Dalhousie by Geo. country in the northern part of the province as well as in the hill ranges around St. John.

The appendix contains several interesting communications, one on the C. Barberie; the parish of Addington "summer camps" held at French lake by Hugh Miller and Patrick O'Leary. an audited general account.

In submitting this report the presipreaux basin. There are also comnunications from the geological and botanical committees and a graphy of scientific publications on dominion tide guage established at St. The report of the council with list of office bearers, etc., concludes bulletin.

> When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria. When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria, When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria. When she had Children, she gave them Castorf :

ROBBY'S COMPOSITION-PARENTS

(Harper's Round Table.) Parents are things which boys have o look after them. Most girls also have parents. Parents consist of Pas and Mas. Pas talk a good deal about what they are going to do, but mostly

it's Mas that make you mind. Sometimes it is different, though Once there was a boy come home from ed on a farm. There was work to be done early in the morning. This box didn't get up. His sister goes to the stairway and calls: "Willie, 'tis a beautiful morning. Rise and list to the Then his Ma calls: "William, it is time to get up. Your breakfast is growing cold." The boy kept right on not saying anything. Then his Pa puts his head in the stairway, and says he, Bill!" "Coming, sir!" says the boy.
I know a boy that hasn't got any "Bill!" parents. He goes in swimming whenever he pleases. But I am going to stick to my parents.

they might get it into their heads that couldn't get along without them. Says the boy to me, "Parents are a nunisance; they aren't what they're racked up to be." racked up to be." Says I to him, Just the same, I find 'em handy to has quite a quantity of goods for this province, besides that for points as have. Parents have their failings, of course, like all of us, but on the whole

However, I don't tell them so, 'cause

Once a man says to me, "Bobby, de you love your parents?" "Well," says I, "I'm not a-quarreling with 'em." Once a boy at boarding school went to calling his Pa the Governor, and got his allowance cut down one-half. His Pa said he ought to have waited

till he was going to college.

Much more might be written about parents, showing their habits and so forth, but I will leave the task to abler

twine, The Hayward Co; 5 pkgs mdse, J F Marsters; 1 cs mdse, W Scott; 27 He-I am afraid your father will object. She—Don't worry. Papa hasn't do, F Beverly; 9 cs nuts and almonds, Bank of Hochelaga. influence in this family.-Tid-

NEEDLESS FEAR.

EXPORTS TO THE UNITED STATES.

the closing comparisons that the totals are in excess of those for 1894 by over three-quarters of a million. The increase is chiefly accounted for by free lumber and wool, and lime. With regard to the item of horses, it includes the value of some race horses that went

Through the courtesy of U. S. Consul Derby, the Sun is able to give a tabulated statement this morning of the exports from St. John, Fredericton, St. George, Grand Manan and Campobello, as they are recorded in the books in his office. It will be noted from the closing comparisons that the totals are in excess of those for 1894 by over ing for direct exports from Fredericton and some from St. George, it is clear that more than half the total lumber exports for the year went to the United States. The lumber exports for last year exceed the total exports for 1894 by \$486,325.35. to Maine and came back again, and is exports for 1894 by \$486,325.35. to that extent misleading. It will be The following is the statement:

	1st	2nd	3rđ	4th
Bark	\$ 5,665 00		Quarter. \$ 5,977 50	Quarter. \$ 1,265 00
Bicycle	*********	,	110 00 125 00	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Proke			107 50	
Cotton Waste Dulse Emigrants' effects	EQ1 22	1,302 54		775 21
Emigrants' effects	(III) (IIII) (III) (IIII)	8,604 20	12,080 00	11,220 00
Eggs . Fish—Canned	196 38	1 702 50	6 00 887 00	117 50
" Dri d	20 899 76	1,793 50 2,074,00 880 60	470 25	130 50 67 50 322 50
" Fresh		880 00	1,390 00	322 50 3,460 88 6,283 00 19,914 45
" Pickled	•••••	1	13,171 05	6,283 00
Fowls		7,066 15	7,675 25	19,914 45 687 85
Fruit-Apples			475 55	1,178 00
" Berries Oranges			349 93	265 00
Glue stock	*********	374 41		*********
Hides and ekins	52,833 31 1,812 85	371 95 2,550 67	5,181 03 4,495 30	8,393 25 1,778 75
Horses	69 50	539 00	5,406 50	2.753 50
Lambs Iron, mfrs. of	******		472 50	1,060 90
			2,000 52	2,482 15
Liquors Lumber and laths	199,095 28	689,594 73	560,277 50	86 00 395,800 79
erie Mood	563 50	7,140 50	15,297 00	10.521 62
Ships' knees	495 73	509 15 140 50	91 00	120 40
Molasses Medicinal prep	373 76	140.00		
Machinery	167 00		552 65 252 50	649 50
Paper	545 00	322 50		
Potatoes	6,540 50	322 50 9,521 05 9,954 75	5 25	
Salt		1,465 00	317 08	2.329 00
Sundries	69A AT	461 00	317 08 218 50	468 00
Tar Tea	528 50	200 00	496 59	1.274 33
Tin		146 00	140 00	145 00
		407 95 1.165 00	343 00 609 62	952 50
Minerals—Cemans Granits Lime	253 00	32 00	609 62	952 50 233 50
Coal	Color Police Char	11,427 82 302 50	4,768 83	4,055 58
		3,350 00	15,528 94	6,585 50
Wine and gin Wibiskey	529 50		112 30	
Total for 1895		\$767,353 72	\$661,841 59	\$485,377 66
Total for 1894	\$241,729 35	\$463,130 21	\$343,892 35	\$362,962 39
Increase in 1895	\$ 63,021 08	\$304,223 51	\$317,949 24	\$1,224,415 27
Grand total	11995. \$2,219,323	18 40 \$1,41	94. L,714 30	Increase. 1895. \$807,609 10

RESTIGOUCHE COUNTY LIBERALS For St Stephen, N B-50 drums cau Attempt to Hold a Party Convention monia, do.

-Did Not Meet with Great Success.

Haddow, George Mercler, Thos. Mur-

of the liberals of Restigouche, presented the address of welcome, but his po-

litical views seem to have undergone

a charge, for when the meeting open-

could no longer support the liberal

didate had a good fighting chance, but

the tide has apparently turned against

running an election, Sir S. L. Tilley

addressed a meeting in the county,

and Haddow then told the electors

speak to them. The people did not believe this at the time, but they

probably resent the insult which Had-

dow offered them when he brought

Laurier to speak at Dalhousie last

ummer, on which occasion he spoke

about everything under the sun ex-

cept as to what his policy was on the

large number of the electors attend-

ed the meeting at Dalhcusie, expect-

ing that the liberal leader would tell

them what his policy was, and they

all went away saying that Mr. Laurier

was a very nice speaker, but that while he was able to find fault with

the 'iberal conservative policy he evidently had no policy of his own to

offer. From present appearances it is safe to say that Mr. Haddow will not

break his record in running elections,

He has never yet won a contested elec-

tion, and he certainly will not win the

next, despite the fact that it has been

heralded about the country for the past two years that he was sure to be elected when an election came on.

LAKE SUPERIOR'S CARGO.

The inward cargo list of the s s Lake

Superior from Liverpool is given in this issue, and it will be seen that she

From Liverpool, ex s s Lake Superior—33 bdls, 2 bars, T McAvity &

kegs, A P Tippet & Co; 50 cs oranges, F L Potts; 25 bxs, Pilkington Bros; 15

crts, 2 cs, W H Hayward; 3,042 sacks

salt (253 1-2 tons), order; 5 pkgs mdse, J Vassie & Co; 5 de, W/C Pitfield &

Nevins; 16 crts, 3 casks, 1 bx earthen-ware, O H Warwick; 7 bdls carpet, A

O Skinner; 45 cs oranges, Estabrook & Son; 52 do, Thos Potts; 74 pkgs mdse

Sons; 10 bdls, Fowler & Rankine;

far west as Detroit.

stions of public interest in Canada

to bring an outsider there to

that it was an insult to their intelli-

C. Parber

River Charlo, Jan. 14.—The liberals of Restigouche county called a convention to meet at River Charlo on Monday last, but very few of the elec-For Chatham-600 boxes tin plates, W S Loggie Co (Ltd). For Sackville-192 boxes tin plates tors put in an appearance. According to reports received, the parish of Dur-16 ingots tin, 1 pig lead, order, For Kingston, Kent Co-30 bxs tin plates, 20 ingots tin, 5 pigs lead, order I and J & T Jardine.

For Moncton-67 bars steel, order

C R; 100 pkgs mdse, J A Humphrey &

For Springhill, N S-10 bbls oil, Cumberland Coals and Railway Co. For Montreal-11 cs plate glass, Pilkphy, James S. Harquail and Hon. J. ington Bros; 2 cs buttons, Glassford Bros & Golloch; 629 bxs tin plates, order; 245 axles, 6 bars, 10 bdls, James Many others had been personally in-Hutton & Co; 2 pkgs mdse, F C Silcock & Co; 1 cs china, Sir Wm Van vited to attend, but declined to do so. the chief supporters of George Haddow, the literal candilate, and when Co; 1 do, Doull & Gibson; 4 do, The Canada G Co; 3 do, F E Grafton & Wilfred Laurier addressed a Sons; 5 bales mdse, Glover & Bros; 45 packages mdse, Evans & Sons meeting at Dalhousie in August last he was the gentleman who, on behalf (Ltd); 12 do, B Levin & Co; 100 cs oranges, J Barry & Sons; 27 pkgs mdse, Kyle, Cheesebrough & Co; 1 cs mdse, Harris Hellert & Son; 3 do, L Gnaedinger, Son & Co; 2 do, Matthews, Towers & Co; 18 crts e'ware, J L Cased on Monday he announced that he sidy & Co; 50 cs oranges, J Caldwell: 88 do, J R Clogg & Co; 155 do, C & E He was followed by J. Barclay, who Hart: 7 pkgs mdse. Blaicklock Bros. is one of the most respectable men in 4 do, Geo E Blaicklock; 1 cs cans. Mr the parish of Durham, and now feels Brown; 4 pkgs mdse, McKenna, Thompson & Co; 2 do, Fitzgibbon, that he cannot support the liberal can-didate. Owing to the fact of the sal-Schaf & Co; 4 do, R S Fraser; 55 cs mon fishermen being dissatisfied with the fishing regulations, the liberal canoranges, McBride, Harris & Co; 5 pkgs ndse, Waldron, Dronin & Co; 32 do. Brophy, Cains & Co; 18 cs do, McIntyre, Sons & Co; 9 do, Jas Johnson & him. Some years ago, when he was Co; 4 cs hats, Silverman, Boulter & Co; 2 pkgs mdse, J H Chapman; 4 cs lead, Dean H F Bovey; 39 pkgs mdse,

Hodgson, Sumner & Co.
For Toronto—1 pkg mdse, Wm
Woolley; 198 bales hemp, order; 78
pkgs mdse, order; 1 cs mdse, F W Wellcourt; 4 cs galv iron, M & L Samuel Benjamin & Co; 25 bales manila hemp, order; 3 pkgs mdse, W R Brock Co; 3 do, Caldecott, Burton & Spence; 14 do, A A Allan & Co; 3 do, Brock J Sutcliffe & Son; 8 do, Toronto Dry Goods Imp Co: 7 cs do. The T Eaton Co, Ltd; 10 pkgs do, Gillespie, Ansley Dixon: 9 do, Alexander & Anderson; crts e'ware, McMahon, Broadfield & Co; 18 pkgs mdse, John McDonald & Co; 7 do, Foster, Pender & Co; 2 cs mdse, Wylde, Grassett & Darling; 2 do, Chas E Holmes; 3 do, Cockburn & Drake.

For Kingston-5 crts e'ware, 4 pkgs mdse, Robertson Bros
For Quebec—13 pkgs mdse, McColl, For Detroit-8 crts e'ware, C H Ver-

For Elora, Ont-4 pkgs mdse, Talbot. Cockroft & Harvey. For Peterboro-7 pkgs mdse, The Canadian Gen Elect Co. For Fenelon Falls-2 cs galv iron M & L Samuel Benjamin & Co. For St Jerome, Que-25 csks bleach ing powder, J L & D S Riker. For Guelph-189 bdls bar steel, J

Armstrong Iffg Co, Ltd. For Ottawa-11 pkgs mdse, J A Seybold & Co: 14 pkgs window glass, Pilkington Bros, ltd; 116 cs mdse, S & H Borbridge; 150 cs oranges, 50 bxs dates H A Brouse; 1 cs mdse, J M Garland. For London-10 cs mdse, John Mar-

For Windsor-5 cs galv iron, M & L Samuel Benjamin & Co. Hamilton-45 chains, 25 chains, 1 as cutlery, Wood, Vallance & Co; 85 pkgs mdse, Barrow, Stewart

A GEORGIA GOOSE STORY.

Manchester, R & A; 50 cs oranges, A L Goodwin; 1 cs hardware, 2 bales Two genuemen when they were ap-street corner when they were ap-Two gentlemen were standing on proached by a man offering for sale two dressed geese. They decided to purchase, but the dealer insisted on cordingly, one of them bought the

two and sold again to his friend. After the transaction was completed, the goose vender was asked why he wouldn't sell the fowls seperately.

been together for thirty years, and I wouldn't separate them for any consideration."—Atlanta Constitution. Teacher-Now, suppose there were

five boys going skating, and they had only three pairs of skates; how many boys would have to look on? Boy-I know; the two that got the worst of the fight.-Harper's Round Table.

ANSY PILLS!
SAPE AND SURE. SEND 4G, FREWVOMAN'S SAFE
SHARD! WILCOX SPECIFIC CO. PHILA, PA

SAINT JOHN DYE WORKS 36 PRINCESS STREET.

CLEANSED OF DYED at Short Notice. C. E. BRACKET

Ladies and Gentlemen's Clothing

WHY DIE CANCER

When you can be CURED without pain by a regular practising physician, in from one to three weeks? No knife or arsenical plasters used. Over twenty years' practice in the successful reatment and removal of Cancers and Tumers, enables us to guarantee a sure and perman, in cure. Consultation free at effice or by mail. Pleasant home accommodations while being treated, if desired. Terms nederate. Address THE ORIGINAL CANCER CURE, 90 Bryant street, Malden, Mass. 1866

APPLE TREES.

Wealthy, Walbridge, Haas, Ben Davis, Tetofsky, Hyslip Crab, Etc., Etc.

THE Undersigned not being in a position to canvass for or deliver personally the trees noted above, wishes to sell the whole lot outright. The nursery is located in Stanley, York Co. It will be to the advantage of any person wishing to set out a lot of trees to send for terms by the hundred. Circumstances over which I have no control have thrown these trees upon my hands, and they will be disposed of at a bargain.

HENRY T. PARLEE, Westfield, N. B.

ROLLED WHEAT

Graham Flour, bbis. and bf. bbis Split Peas, Pot Barley. Mashed Feed in bags. JUST BECEIVED BY

W. F. HARRISON & CO. SMYTHE ST

EQUITY SALE.

There will be sold at Public Auction, at Chubb's Corner (so called), Prince William Street, in the City of St. Jehn, in the City and County of Saint John, and Province of New Brinswick, on THURSDAY the 30th of New Brimswick, on Thursday, the 20th day of January, A. D. 1896, at the hour of Twelve o'clock, acon, pursuant is a decretal order of the Supreme Court in Equity, made on Tuesday, the 15th day of October, A. D. 1896, in a cause therein pending, wherein Thomas McClellan, John R. Ronald and James Kennedy, trustees of and under the last Will and Testament of Robert Jardine, deceased, are Plaintiffs, and John McCoy, Elizabeth Ann McCoy and Mary E. Fountain are Defendants, with the approbation of the undersigned Referee in Equity, the Mortgaged premises described in said decretal order as follows: "All that piece and parmicel of land situate in the Parish of Simonds, in the City and County of Saint John, described as follows: Beginning on the Southeast side line of the Marsh Road (so called) at the Western boundary of land monds, in the City and County of Saint John, described as follows: Beginning on the Southeast side line of the Marsh Road (so called) at the Western boundary of land owned by Thomas A. Trafton and going thence along the said Road, South. fifty degrees west by the magnet of the year A. D. 1888, a distance of four (4) poles, thence continuing along the said Road south twenty-two (22) degrees, thirty (30) minutes west fifteen (15) chains of four poles each and eighty-four (84) links to the northern angle of land belonging to the Tisdale estate, thence by the line of the said Tisdale estate south thirty-nine (33) degrees east seven (7) chains and south thirty-five (85) degrees twenty (29) minutes east seven (7) chains and south thirty-five (85) degrees twenty (29) minutes east seven (7) chains twenty-five (25) links to the nerthern line of the Old Westmorland Road, thence by the said road line as now fenced and occupied, north sixty-seven (67) degrees ten (10) minutes east two (2) chains fifty-nine (59) links to the line of land conveyed by the said Executors and Trustees to Alexander C. Jardine and now occupied by him and thence by the line fence of said Alexander C. Jardine's Lot north nineteen (19) degrees fifty (50) minutes west fourteen (14) chains fifty-nine (59) links to the aforesaid line of land owned by Thomas A. Trafton, and thence by Trafton's line north thirty-seven (37) degrees fifty (50) minutes west fourteen (14) chains eighty-five (85) links to the place of beginning, containing twenty-two (22) acres three (3) roods and thirty-seven (37) perches, more or less, and known as the Woodsde Farm, together with all and singular the buildings, fences and improvements thereon, and the rights and appurtenances to the said land and premises belonging or appertaining and the reversion and reversions, remainder and remainders, rents, lissues and profits thereof, and all the estate, right, title, dower, right of dower, property claim and demand whatever, both at Law and in Equity of them, the said Defendants or



sickness, worry, etc. Full strength, develop-ment and tone given to

SPORTING

The Powers-Burke ericton a

The St. John Man, Account. Was

Wallace Ross Defeated

Contest on t

CRICK The English Team The South African of English cricketer Lord Hawke, was lay at Cape Town fifteen representative province. Dull weat there was, neverthe ering of spectators. patted first, and. aged to reach double all disposed of for 1 greatly distinguished ing seven wickets while Mr. Fray claim one. The Englishm the insignificant to Bromley-Daver twenty-nine, and C. The collapse of the owing to the fine bo who dismissed seven Western Province 1 the second innings when stumps were A much better st made on Friday, and total to 130. Lohn seven wickets, but forty-three runs we him. Mr. Fry was wickets for fifty-th innings of Lord Haw Woods played in go dited with forty-five, one to Smith. With Harward, who clair remainder of the h loughby little or no score only reached ince thus winning

loughby carried off with six wickets for A one-day match eleven of the Wes Cape Town on Dec. showed better form vious day, but the c ceeded in carrying o Hawke's team made contributors being Woods, and Haywar the Western Provin nine wickets. Mr. wickets for four run

AQUA The Sculling Char Wor

With such import hand as making a m ing championship of not surprising that the Rutland hotel, filled to overflowing The interest, too, wa the fact that one of an Englishman, viz. Since 1876 no repres country has been a vanquished all the as well as twice def the New Zealander, cided to give him a Australian, Stanbur the title. The latter make a match on a ing alowed for ex amount having be hitch occurred. W. the chair at the mee obstacles were place ticles were signed in bury of Sydney, Ne and Charles Richard sea to row from P and the champion and the Sportsman Stanbury, if in his should weigh 3st. h ing, whe turns the The Australian ma arrive in this coun

> Sculling Handic For some years sculling handicap been commenced of ing, and, on Dec. 105 acceptances di heats, to compete i this year's event amount of £60 were was divided as foll end, i10; third, £4; sixth, £1 each; and losers in the fourth keen racing was the start and the was rowed on Tues tually, a popular mett of the Hawt gained an easy ving is a return of the handicap: Semi-final roun Emmett (Hawthorn P. Muirhead (Nort

The limit man g although he several wide, he retained h end, and won by that distance divid Second heat: Wal New Brunswick), Barry (Sons of th sec., 2; J. Weight This was a magn travelled faster the with, but the latter

2: J. T. Ecclesfield

to make up his l exciting over the yards of the cours home five feet ah Weightman anothe ther in the rear. Final heat: W. Ross, 2. The latter had

from his recent s could make no sho easily handicapped got away four les holding a substant won comfortably THE

The Powers-Bur Fredericton, Jan. hibition at the Cit

sold again to his friend. he transaction was completose vender was asked why n't sell the fowls seperate

old goose and gander have ether for thirty years, and I separate them for any con-

Now, suppose there we e pairs of skates; how many ld have to look on? Boy—I two that got the worst of -Harper's Round Table.

ANSY PILLS

JOHN DYE WORKS PRINCESS STREET. nd Gentlemen's Clothing ANSED or DYED

at Short Notice. BRACKET

DIE CANCER

can be CURED without pain by practising physician, in from one seks? No knife or arsenical plas-Over twenty years' practice in the reatment and removal of Cancers, enables us to guarantee a sure a.nt cure. Consultation free at mail. Pleasant home accommode being treated, if desired. Terms Address THE ORIGINAL CAN-, 30 Bryant street, Malden, Mass. 1856

TREES

Walbridge, Haas, Ben s, Tetofsky, Hyslip Crab, Etc., Etc.

tersigned not being in a position for or deliver personally the trees, wishes to sell the whole lot outnursery is located in Stanley, it will be to the advantage of any aing to set out a lot of trees to erms by the hundred. Circumr which I have no coatrol have se trees upon my hands, and they posed of at a bargain.

HENRY T. PARLEE, Westfield, N. B.

LED WHEAT

am Flour, bbls. and hf. bbls Peas.

Barley, hed Feed in bags. JUST BECEIVED BY

RRISON & CO. SMYTHE ST UITY SALE.

ill be sold at Public Auction, at briner (so called). Prince William the City of St. John, in the ounty of Saint John, and Province on THIRSDAY, the 30th inswick, on THURSDAY, the 30th uary, A. D. 1896, at the hour of ock, noon, pursuant te a decretain e Supreme Court in Equity, made, the 15th day of October, A. D. carry, A. D. Isse, at the hour of ock, noon, pursuant te a decretai e Supreme Court in Equity, made, the 15th day of October, A. D. cause therein pending, wherein cClellan, John R. Ronaid and nedy, trustees of and under the nd Testament of Robert Jardine, re Plaintiffs, and John McCoy, ann McCoy and Mary E. Foun-efendants, with the approbation ersigned Referee in Equity, the premises described in said decretaillows: "All that piece and parned situate in the Parish of Sint cribed as follows: Beginning on east side line of the Marsh Road) at the Western boundary of land Thomas A. Tration and going ong the said Road, South, fifty west by the magnet of the year 8, a distance of four (4) poles, ontinuing along the said Road, south, fifty west by the magnet of the year 8, a distance of four (4) poles, ontinuing along the said Road enty-two (22) degrees, thirty (30) west fifteen (15) chains of four h and eighty-four (34) links to heern angle of land belonging to ale estate, thence by the line of Tisdale estate south thirty-nine es east seven (7) chains and south e (35) degrees twenty (29) minutes on (7) chains twenty-five (25) links or (7) chains twenty-five (25) links srthern line of the Old Westmord, thence by the said Executrusteen (14) chains fifty-nine (69) links to the and conveyed by the said Executrustees to Alexander C. Jarthorth nineteen (19) degrees five es east fourteen (14) chains fifty-line (65) links to the ind conveyed by he said Executrorist ine north hirty-seven (37) fity (50) minutes west fourteen (14) chains fifty-line (85) links to the place of, containing twenty-two (22) acres oods and thirty-seven (37) perches, less, and known as the Woodsde gether with all and singular the fences and improvements thereths rights and appurtenances to land and premises belonging or ing and the reversion and revernainder and remainders, rents, isporbits thereof, and all the estitate of them in to or out id lands and premises, and every col."

so f sale ond other particulars appliantifies Solicitor.

of sale ond other particulars ap-Plaintiffs' Solicitor.
20th day of November, A. D. THOS. P. REGAN, VINGTON, ntiffs' Solicitor.

nickly, Permanently Restored.

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SPORTING MATTERS.

The Powers-Burke Fight at Fredericton a Draw.

The St. John Man, According to the Account, Was Not in it.

Wallace Ross Defeated in a Handicap Sculling

Contest on the Tyne.

CRICKET. The English Team in South Africa. The South African tour of the team of English cricketers ,captained by Lord Hawke, was opened on Boxing day at Cape Town, where they met fifteen representatives of the weetern province. Dull weather prevailed, but there was, nevertheless, a large gaththere was, nevertheless, a large gathering of spectators. The local players batted first, and, although five managed to reach double figures, they were all disposed of for 115 runs. Lohmann greatly distinguished himself by taking seven wickets for seventeen runs, while Mr. Fray claimed five for thirtyone. The Englishmen responded with the insignificant total of 79, to which Mr. Bromley-Davenport contributed twenty-nine, and C. Heseltine sixteen. The collapse of the visitors was mainly

owing to the fine bowling of Middleton, who dismissed seven batsmen for fifty. Western Province lost two wickets in the second innings for eleven runs, when stumps were drawn for the day.

A much better stand was, however, made on Friday, and they carried the total to 130. Lohmann again took seven wickets, but on this occasion forty-three runs were obtained from him. Mr. Fry was responsible for five wickets for fifty-three. In the second innings of Lord Hawke's team, S. M. J. Woods played in good style until credited with forty-five, when he returned remainder of the batsmen gave Willoughby little or no trouble, and the score only reached 92, Western Province thus winning by 74 runs ince thus winning by 74 runs. Willoughby carried off the bowling honors

with six wickets for 16 runs. showed better form than on the previous day, but the colonials again suc-ceeded in carrying off the honors. Lord . The round closes with the men spareeded in carrying off the honors. Lord Hawke's team made 148, the principal contributors being Messrs. Hewitt and Woods, and Hayward and Tyler, while the Western Province scored 151 for nine wickets. Mr. Hill captured four vickets for four runs.

AQUATIC. The Sculling Championship of the World.

With such important bueiness on hand as making a match for the sculling championship of the world, it was not surprising that the large room at the fact that one of the scullers was the fact that one of the scullers was an Englishman, viz., C. R. Harding. Since 1876 no representative from this country has been a competitor for the ohampionship but as Warding has vanquished all the best men at home, as well as twice defeating T. Sullivan, the New Zealander, his backers decided to give him a chance with the Australian, Stanbury, the holder of the title. The latter readily agreed to make a match on a promise of £50 beamount having been deposited, no McCoy and Johnston acted as time-hitch occurred. W. J. Innes occupied keepers. he chair at the meeting, and, as few obstacles were placed in the way, articles were signed for James Stanbury of Sydney, New South Wales, and Charles Richard Harding of Chelsea to row from Putney to Mortlake on July 13, at 3 p. m., for £500 a side and the championship of the world and the Sportsman challenge cup. Stanbury, if in his best condition, should weigh 3st. heavier than Harding, whe turns the scale about 91-2st. Australian may be expected to arrive in this country about the end

of March. Sculling Handicap on the Tyne. For some years past, a half mile sculling handicap in open boats has been commenced on Christmas morn-ing, and, on Dec.—26 last, there were 05 acceptances divided into fifty-two heats, to compete in the first round of this year's event. Prizes to the amount of \$60 were advertised, and this was divided as follows: First, £40; sec-end, i10; third, £4; fourth, £2; fifth and sixth, £1 each; and £2 between the losers in the fourth round. Some very keen racing was witnessed between was rowed on Tuesday last, and, eventually, a popular favorite in W. Emmett of the Hawthorn Rowing club gained an easy victory. The follow-ing is a return of the closing heats of

Semi-final round—First heat: W. mmett (Hawthorn R. C.), 24 sec., 1; P. Mulrhead (Northern R. C.), 20 sec., 2; J. T. Ecclesfield (Stockton), 22 sec.,

The limit man got well away, and, lthough he several times steered very wide, he retained his advantage to the end, and won by two lengths; half that distance dividing the next two. Second heat: Wallace Ross (St. John, New Brunswick), 18 sec., 1; W. A. here pays for Barry (Sons of the Thames R. C.), 16 your honor!" sec., 2; J. Weightman (Howdon), 22

This was a magnificent race as Ross travelled faster than Barry to begin with, but the latter soon commenced to make up his leeway. It was very exciting over the last two hundred yards of the course, and Ross scraped home five feet ahead of Barry, with Weightman another half length further in the rear. Final heat: W. Emmett, 1; Wallace

The latter had scarcely recovered from his recent severe struggle, and could make no show against his most easily handicapped opponent. Emmett got away four lengths in front, and, holding a substantial lead to the end, won comfortably by three lengths.

THE RING. The Powers-Burke Fight a Draw Fredericton, Jan. 14.—The boxing exat the City hall tonight drew

a crowded house, and quite a number of St. John sports came up on the evening train to witness the Burke-Powers go. The first event was a clever four round bout between Harry Edgar and Charley Foster, both of this city, followed by an exhibition from Tom Barrett of Houlton and Pan Scott of the R. S. C. I. It was easily seen that Scott was no match for Barrett, and he received heavy pun-ishment in each of the four rounds, though displaying great agility and

In the four round go between Joe Eatman, colored, and Sam Jones, both of this city, some hard hitting was done. Both were very gamy. Eatman was the cleverest of the two.

The go between two colored puglists

with whitened gloves created great Charley Foster and Bob King of

Fredericton put up a hard fought four round bout, winning great applause. Powers and Burke entered the ring at 9.50 o'clock, Powers weighing 165; Burke, 163. Both were in excellent

First round-Burke landed a left punch in the face and a right swing on the neck. Powers counters with his left on the face. Burke ducks a heavy left and then right swings. Burke shouted to Powers: "I thought you were a hard hitter."

Second round—Powers lands light in the face and swings with his left, which Burke ducks. Powers strikes ropes. There is a clinch and fierce in-fighting follows. Burke lands wickedly, and Powers rushes Burke to ropes. Burke comes back and rushes Powers across the ring, landing right and left

Third round-The men came up fresh; both cautious. Burke lands a staggering right on Power's wind and gets a heavy left on the face in re-turn. Burke lands three straight left

on the face. Burke forces Powers to the ropes. Careful sparring follow and then a clinch. Powers tries to land A one-day match played against then a clinch. Powers tries to land his right, but Burke ducks and counters to be a counters sharply in the face. Powers ters sharply in the face. Powers lands his right heavily on the face,

> ring for wind. Fifth round-Burke rushes and lands right and left swings on the face. Powers tries to land his right, but Burke ducks cleverly. Burke makes a right swing on the neck, following it up with fierce punching, forcing Powers to his knee. There was a clinch at ropes. On the break away Burke retreats and then lands a stag-

gering pivot.
Sixth round—This opened with careful sparring. Powers lands right and left, and Burke lands a straight left punch on the face, and follows it up The interest, too, was very keen from the face, and follows it up the fact that one of the scullers was an Englishman, viz., C. R. B. Burke puts a heavy rich.

The referee pronounced the fight a draw. Burke appeared much the cleverer of the two, landing many more blows than Powers and forcing the fight from start to finish, Savage and Flood of St. John onded Powers, and Barrett and Scott ing alowed for expenses, and this looked after Burke's interests. John

PROVINCIALISTS LOST.

Boston, Jan. 14.—Seven of the nine men who lost their lives by the sinking of the Gloucester schooner For-tuna near Highland Light last night hailed from the British provinces. way, N. S.; Robert Childs, single, 26 of Newfoundland: Crawford old, of Lunenburg, N. S.; John Clark, tiring for the night. Persons uninitiated of New foundland; Simon Budreaux, in the mysteries of the fruit are liable 40 years old, of Cheticamp, P. E. I.; William Goodwin, 30 years, of Newfoundland. The others lived in Glou-

HIS UNCLE PAID.

An Accident of the Days Wren Highwaymen Were Common.

At the close of that season in which Shuter, the Toole of fifty years ago, first became so universally and deservedly celebrated, he was engaged for a few nights in a principal city in the north of England. It was in the coaching days, and it happened that the stage in which he went down (and in which there was only an old gen-tleman and himself) was stopped by

a single highwayman.

The old gentleman pretended to be asleep, but Shuter resolved to be even with him. Accordingly, when the high-wayman presented his pistol and com-manded Shuter to deliver his money

nstantly, or he was a dead man: "Money!" returned he, with an idiotic shrug and a countenance pressibly vacant; "oh, lor, sir! they never trust me with any; for uncle here pays for me, turnpikes and all,

Upon which the highwayman gave him a few curses for his stupidity, limented the old gentleman with a smart slap on the face to awaken him, and robbed him of every shilling he had in his pocket, while Shuter, who did not lose a single farthing, with great satisfaction and nerriment, pursued his journey, laughing heartily at his fellow traveller.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

A USEFUL MAN.

"Brown is weak financially, isn't "He hasn't much money, but he gives employment to a great many

"Who are they?" "Other people's bill collectors."-Brooklyn Life.

Col. Ingersoll Says He Would Join a Church of His Kind.

Taken to People's Church of Kalm Careline J. Bartlett, He Says it is the Grandest Thing in United States -This He Would Join-

Kalamazoo, Mich. Jan. 13.-There has been considerable comment in all classes, and much jubilation among Christian Endeavorers here over what some are pleased to call the conversion of Col. Robert G. Ingersoll, and there are those who earnestly believe that the alleged conversion is the result of the thousands of prayers that went up for the agnostic's conversion a short

The cause and foundation for this feeling is the statement of Mr. Ingersoll would join a church provided such a church as he had visited in this city was near his home.

This particular church to which Col. Ingersoll referred is the People's church of which Miss Caroline J. Bartleft is the pastor. It was founded on plans similar to the People's Palace of London, built up by Walter Beasant and his friends, when Miss Bartlett established her character which will be recalled by readers of Mr. Beasant's novel, All Sorts and Conditions of Men, wherein Miss Bartlett is the her-

Miss Bartlett is an admirer of Col Ingersoll in a way. She says of him: "I have always felt for him a hearty liking and respect, as a large-brain ed, large-hearted man, who righteously revolts against a cruel theology and makes personal sacrifices for fre-speech. I regret that his utterance are somewhat tinctured with harshness and ridicule, but he is a brave, honest man and is doing a needed work. I hope that he may long be spared to plead for physical and intellectual liberty for man, woman and child."

Col. Ingersoll was announced to lecture here on Lincoln. Soon after his arrival he was waited upon by Miss the magnificent proportions of the improved hog of to-day, not get a Texas steer into the beef form of the tooth-Col. Ingersoll was announced to le work. She explained to him that the fellowship of the church is wide enough to embrace all who wish to be good-Liberal, Evangelical, Catholic, Jew, Agnostic, Christian, Scientist Spiritualist or other.

It cannot be doubted that Col. Ingersoll was pleased and that Miss Bartlett had made a favorable impression for during his lecture in the evening he surprised beyond measure his audi-ence by paying not only a tribute to the church, but by declaring: "It is the grandest thing in your state, if not the grandest thing in your state, if not in the whole United States. If there was a similar church near my home, I by giving them a little feed could we would join it if its members would

This is the sum and substance of Col. Ingersoll's conversion.

DEATH CURES A CORN A Jerseyman Cuts His Toe Off and Dies of Blood Poisoning.

New York, Jan. 12.—Charles Heinzmann, 25 years old, of Union Hill, N. left foot, in order to get rid of a troublesome corn, friends having jokingly told him that was the only way in which he could cure the corn. He did not inform his young wife not his parents of his intention, however, fearing would restrain him, but two weeks ago he procured a butcher's cleaver, and placing his left foot on a block of wood, chopped off his toe at the first joint. After the amputation he carefully bound up the stump in a piece of cloth, and, as the toe did no receive proper attention, blood poisoning set in. He suffered intense agony before his death.

THE APPLE AS FOOD.

They are as follows: Wm. Ackerman, The apple is such a common fruit married, 30 years old, of Port Med-that very few persons are familiar with its remarkable efficacious medi cinal properties. Everybody ought to Minick, 24 years old, of Port Medway, know that the very best thing the N. S.; Harry Emerson, single, 28 years can do is to eat apples just before re to throw up their hands in horror at the visions of dyspepsia which such a suggestion may summon up; but no harm can come to even a delicate system by the eating of ripe and juicy apples just before going to bed. The apple is excellent brain food, because it has more phosphoric acid in easily digested shape than other fruits. It excites the action of the liver, promotes sound and healthy sleep, thoroughly disinfects the mouth. This is not all. The apple helps the kidney secretions and prevents calculus growths, while it obviates indigestion and is one of the best preventives known of diseases of the throat. Everybody should be familiar with such knowledge,—Dr. G. R. Searles, Brooklyn, N. Y., in Detroit Bulletin of Pharmacy.

What is to be one of the greatest of he world's bridges is to be built at Detroft to connect that city with Windsor. It is to be over two in length and to be five feet higher than the Brooklyn brige. The Michigan Central is behind the undertakng. The plans for the structure have been prepared and legislation looking to its construction has been asked in Washington and Ottawa. A corporation has been or will be organized un der Michigan law to co-operate with a similar Canadian corporation in con structing the bridge, and the Vander-bilts will guarantee the bonds of both. The estimated cost is between four and six millions.

These shoes," said the merchant, are warranted to never rip, ravel nor run down at the heel. It will not injure them to remain empty over night or to contact with a man's coat-tail. If, after wearing them a few years, you find they are injured in any way whatever, come back and get another pair at the same price."

Passer (seizing pickpocket in the act)—Here, what are you doing with my watch? Pickpocket—Making it use-ful. You see, a watch is worthless without hands on it.—Richmond Dis-patch.

IS "BOB" CONVERTED? PIG TROUGH LOGIC.

PART THAN PEDIGREE.

The Trough Should be Well Supplied and the Supply Should be of the Right Kind of Stuff-A Lecture on Pedigree.

So much is said and written nowa days about blood, pedigree, fashionable breeding, show record, great cost price, etc., in regard to hogs that very many are led to the conclusion that if once the money be invested in a pig having one or more of these requiremnts, that the job is completed, and all that re-mains to be done is to go out once a week or so and weigh the animal to see that the gains do not get beyond mputation.

Two or three such trips will bring the owner to the conclusion that he has been "played for a sucker" and that "that can't be a full blood, and can't make flesh out of water nor bone out of wind, any more than mine can."

A breeder, not a thousand miles away, ordered a pig with a pedigree way up in G sharp, from another breeder not two thousand miles away. Along with a fairly respectable plg came a letter inclosing pedigree, the

"Dear Blank,—Pig shipped to-day. Breeding incomparable! His future greatness will depend very largely upon your care.'

To which the purchaser replied: "Dear Bankety Blank,-Pig received; also pedigree. I realize fully, with yourself, that his future greatness will de-pend largely upon my care, as I have little to begin with."

Laying aside all jokes and conceding to the utmost vaue of an inheritance rich in the qualities desired, too much stress must not be laid on

On the other hand, while the feed trough plays a most important part, dependence must not in turn be placed in that alone, for the best fee

Inheritance stands boldly in the way But in these days when blue blood is found in nearly every feed lot where pork is produced in excess of home consumption, the feed trough is accountable for by far the greater share of unrealized hopes. By this is not meant that the majority of hogs are FIG. 2. PROPERLY CONSTRUCTED WALLS. underfed. Here is an filustration: where the hogs were sleek and well-conditioned, large for age, and when

Next day we visited a neighboring farm where the hogs looked "leggy" constipated, thin in flesh and in a

New York, Jan. 12.—Charles Heinzmann, 25 years old, of Union Hill, N.
J., died from blood poisoning following
the amputation of a small toe of his

bushes.

Mix this pretty thin, shovel it into the
space and fill with small stones well
pounded in. The cement will run into
the wall somewhat and give it great

go in. On their return they are treatdon't believe in stuffing my hogs like he does; in fact, I couldn't make 'em eat as much as his if I tried." And yet feed in abundance was going to waste The breeder who recognizes the need of both factors is the one who places sufficient fafth in blood and inheritance to be able to work patiently and persistently in the development of a pig that to the casual observer might seem too plain to deserve attention. The great L. Tecumseh was a very

commonplace pig.
The great Hide Stretcher was not choice of the litter as a pig. Seldom Seen, Tom Corwin Second's greatest show son, was not only a plain pig, but an inferior looking one We remember reading a long list of horses with fast records that had been sold, undeveloped, from the breeding establishment of the late Gen. W. T. Withers at merely nominal prices All this goes to show that too much stress cannot be laid upon the care

and management. If you have determined to "read the riot act" to a fellow breeder for imposing inferior stock upon you, do so after you have given the pig a year's good care alongside the others that have made growth to your satisfac-tion. We have known breeders to con-

clude not to read the "act" after so doing. By reference to plain, substantial pigs we do not mean disqualified pigs. With the present facilities for studying the hog, the veriest tyro may recognize disqualifications, such as con-tracted chest, misshapen limbs, crushed feet, "fish rib," extreme coarseness or fineness, etc., and we have no apology to make for a breeder who will

ship such a pig.

Now, boys! You all have lots gilt edged blood. So see to it that the feed trough is not only well sur but that the supply is the right kind of stuff, and that it is placed in the trough at the right time and in right quantities, and, while this will not always produce a show pig, it will build up your faith in the breeder in general as well as increase your own self-re-spect.—D. P. McCracken, in the American Swineherd.

Topped the Lamb Market.

The 93 lambs I had on the Chicago market Nov. 27th, which sold for \$4.46 per 100 lbs., were a cross of Shrop-shires and common sheep. I bought them in September of farmers who keep a few sheep and keep them well I ran them on blue grass pasture and shipped them without grain of any kind. I am not a practical shepp man but my experience is that a few sheep well kept is more profitable than a big ficck half kept. I frequently hear farmers say that they keep sheep to eat the weeds but I don't think that the man that keeps his sheep in a burdock patch and without water will ever get the top of any market, nor ever clip 10 lbs. of wool to the sheep. My short experience is, that sheep want plenty of grass and good grass and plenty of pure water. I find my sheep when doing well drink more water than any other stock. Alten Tal-

TO CONSTRUCT A CELLAR WALL

FEED PLAYS A MORE IMPORTANT Illustrations Showing How the Work May Be Properly and Improperly Done.

> The firmness of a house depends upon the immovable character of the foundation upon which it rests. A great amount of labor is frequently expended in constructing cellar walls by laying them very wide and heavy and using immense stones. Where soil is heavy and contains considerable clay. ery many it retains a great deal of moisture, and the lifting effect of deep freezing of the ground is likely to throw even ints, that heavy walls out of place. Fig. 1 shows a section of a wall in this way.



FIG. 1 POORLY CONSTRUCTED. ly imbedded in the earth back of the wall, when the ground freezes it takes firm hold of them, and by expansion lifts that portion already frozen to the lar. There is a way of overcoming this difficulty, and of building a cellar wall which will not only remain firm for all time, but which requires less material and less labor in its construc-tion, and which is shown in Fig. 2. After making the excavation for the cellar, prepare for the wall by first setting scantlings, a, about six feet apart around the outside. For an ordinary house the lower ends of these stakes should be set in the ground two feet back of where it is intended the front of the wall shall be, the top being slanted so that eight feet from the bottom of the cellar it shall be 16 inches further in than the lower end.

This will give a width to the wall of eight inches at the top, where the sill The tops of all these scantling must be securely stay-lathed to stakes in the ground. Board up the inside with cheap lumber, fastening the boards lightly with small nails. In laying the walls use good blecky stones, but not larger than can be handled readily by one man. The wall should not be laid quite back to generally unthrifty condition, although about the same age. They fumped out of their nest and scampered away at sight of us (although we were just as homely the day before) and hid in the bushes.

wall should not be laid quite back to the boards, but a little space should be left which, as the work proceeds, must be filled. For this purpose use cement mixed with fine, sharp sand at the rate of one part cement to three parts sand. firmness and solidity. As a matter of convenience it is best to keep the wall itself one or two courses higher all the time than the filling back of it. The front may be pointed up, after the wall is completed, with lime mortar in which cement has been slaked to make it hard and waterproof. When the wall is completed the frame may taken out and the boards used in the building, for sheathing or other purposes. The space behind the wall should then be filled with arth, which is to be well tamped. As will be seen, the earth now rests against a smooth sloping, waterproof surface, on which the frozen soil can have no effect, and no amoun of earth lifting by deep Not only that, but the whole wall being joined together in one piece, the buildng will be literally founded on a rock.

LIVE STOCK NOTES.

Turpentine is considered a good remedy for lung worms in sheep. A comfortable house for the ducks is one of the first things to be pro-

vided to insure successful raising Breeding gives the profit, as is shown in cattle for beef. A Galloway and shorthorn steer, recently raised in Scotland, at two years and 11 months old weighed 2016 pounds on the hoof. He was raised on pasture (no grain). with turnips and straw in winter. The weight could have been increased by high feeding, At present prices of beef in this country the ste have sold for \$75 or perhaps more, ac-

cording to quality. The Guernsey comes from the smaller island of the same name, about 20 miles from Jersey. The cattle are of the same origin. They are larger, averaging perhaps 950 pounds, more angular with a stronger appearance. Less attention has been given to color in their breeding. While markings are common; yellowish fawn is a common co.or. The cows give milk in about equal quantity and of equal richness with that of the Jersey, the butter having a somewhat higher color. The writer believes it would have been a gain if American breeders had classed

the two breeds as one. The Holstein-Friesian stands second in number of the dairy breeds in the United States. It comes from Holland and adjoining countries. White and black in any proportion are the colors recognized in this country. Occasionally pure-bred cows produce red and white calves. The breed is a large one, cows of 1300 to 1500 pounds being commonly found. They are frequently somewhat coarse in form and bony structure. Perhaps no breed gives larger quantity of milk; usually with a moderate percentage of fat. Claims of a good degree of merit for beef pro-duction are made of this breed. The duction are made of this breed. calves are often very large when dropned and heavy weights can be made during the first year.

The Missionary's Power. Did the missionary bring tears to e eyes of the natives?" "No: but he made their mouth -Detroit Tribune.

EGGS IN WINTER.

HOW TO SECURE THEM WHEN THEY PAY THE BEST.

Timber Topper's" Answer to the Question, "How Am I Going to Supply the Table With Eggs This Winter ?"

It occurred to me that possibly some would like to know our plans to "buckle and strap" to meet with the above named problem By "our" I mean Cinderella and myself. She is director general of the food depart-ment and chancellor of the exchequer, She has all her own way and a part of mine, too, so we get on first rate in this chicken business, while the hens can get plenty of grasshoppers and worms about the island, but when cold weather comes, and the old hens have not got on winter clothes, the above question comes down on us like

Inquiries have been made on the mainland among those who inform us that they get most eggs from Thanks-giving to the end of February. After that they seem to slacken off a bit. After listening to the different views expressed and making mental notes of the different—materials used to produce eggs in winter it strikes me very forcibly that the eggs from the different materials used to produce eggs in winter it strikes me very forcibly that the eggs from the different materials used to produce eggs in winter it strikes me very forcibly that the eggs from the different materials used to produce eggs in winter it strikes me very forcibly that the eggs from the different materials used to produce eggs in winter it strikes me very forcibly that the eggs from the different materials used to produce eggs in winter it strikes me very forcibly that the eggs from the different views and the different views are the different views at the different views are the different views at the different views are the different views at the di forcibly that the eggs from the differ-ent places must vary in flavor. I know they vary in age because some of them were laid in April and May, but they were new laid eggs "for a' that and a' that," although the cook could not poach them without bursting the yolk. Are the eggs the result of proper feeding? We think so. It would be as reasonable for me to put our best Jersey cow "Old Grace" on the windward of a straw stack in midwinter, and expect her to supply us with milk and butter as it would be to keep the hens in a place where the mercury was trying to knock out the bottom of the thermometer tubes, and feed them on frozen corn and gravel. No butter in in one case and no eggs in the basket

Cinderella and I have come to the conclusion that hens like good food as well as we do, and also, like ourselves, they fancy it nice, fresh and warm in winter. When the cold weather sets in all the potato, apple and turnip peelings, celery tops, table scraps, etc., are put on the fire in the evening and boiled. I bring in as much bran and middlings or bran and Indian meal as my flock can eat up clean, and look for a little more. Pour the water, peelings and all, on. Stir it up and put until morning where it keeps nice and warm. Feed both flocks, and give them a pan of skim milk nicely warmed, when it is to be had, or a pan of lukedozen hard frozen apples or pears to keep them busy trying to get a piece, which is good exercise for them. When which is good exercise for them. When the earth is under a winter quilt 1 shovel a small clear space just in front of the door and when shines on the south end of the house, about 12 o'clock, the door is thrown open and any that wish can come out for half an hour just for a change. It ed to about a quart of wheat and oats or cracked corn thrown into the mixture of dry leaves chopped, musty hay from the bottom of stacks and some buckwheat hulls, then the fun commences. They are all as busy as nailers, when really there are not half a dozen grains for each one. That keeps them going for the afternoon.

In their morning meal they get a handful of sulphur and a little coal once or twice a week, and a little animal meal. I don't know what that is composed of; I hope it is not like some fertilizer I once was persuaded to buy, three parts New Jersey red sand, the other part Hudson River muck and smelling salts. I don't buy

Damming a Stream to Secure There are hundreds of farms through which small streams flow. These could easily be dammed and a supply of ice obtained that would be a great source of comfort during the hot summer months. Judgment must be exercised in selecting a place where the least

guano any more. We are well supplied with the best "Plymouth Rock"

straight, mixed with land plaster.



INEXPENSIVE ICE POND.

space. Drive down stakes and prop them against the current. Then board cracks. One could hardly get so much benefit for so little labor as in this way of securing a supply of ice for family use.

Charcoal and Turkeys. "Four turkeys were confined in a pen and fed on meal, boiled potatoes and oats," writes a poultry expert to an exchange. "Four others of the same brood were at the same time confined in another pen and fed daily on the same article, but with one pint of very finely pulverized charcoal mixed with their food—mixed meal and boiled potatoes. They had also a plentiful supply of broken charcoal in their pen. The eight were klied the same day, and there was a difference of one and a half pounds each, in favor of fowls which had been supplied with charcoal, they being much the fattest, and the meat being superior in point of

ter derness and flavor. M. Piltschikoff, in describing recent photographs of lightning, names three types of flash: Band-lightning, tubelightning and waterspout lightning.
The first two he found to occur in all storms: the third he met with once only. From the measured width of the band-lightning on photographs, and the computed distance, he estimates the actual widths to be from about fifteen to eighty yards.-Popular Sci-

THE CRY OF ARMENIA

DR. TALMAGE RELATES THE HOR-RORS OF THE MASSACRE.

The Turk Places No Value on the Life of a Christian-Heroic Work of Mission aries-Duty of the Nations to Stop Persecution-Christendom's Apathy.

Washington Jan 12-It was appro priate that in the presence of the chief men of this nation and other nations Dr. Talmage should tell the story of Armenian massacre. What will be the extent or good of such a discourse none can tell. The text was II. Kings xix,

Armenia."

In Bible geography this is the first time that Armenia appears, called then by the same name as now. Armenia is chiefly a tableland, 7,090 feet above the level of the sea, and on one of its peaks Noah's ark landed, with its human family and fauna that were to peaks Noah's ark landed, with its human family and fauna that were to fill the earth. That region was the birthplace of the rivers which fertil-ized the garden of Eden when Adam and Eve lived there, their only roof the crystal skies and their carpet the emerald of rich grass. Its inhabitants, the ethnologists tell us, are a superior type of the Caucasian race. Their religion is founded on the Bible. Their Saviour is our Christ. Their crime is that they will not become followers of Mohammed, that Jupiter of sensuality. To drive them from the face of the earth is the ambition of all Mohammedans. To accomplish this, murder is no crime, and wholesale massacre is a matter of enthusiastic approbation and gevernmental covered. and gevernmental reward.

The prayer sanctioned by highest Mohammedan authority and recited every day throughout Turkey and Egypt, while styling all those not Mo-hammedans as infidels, is as follows: "O Lord of all creatures! O Allah, destroy the infidels and polytheists, thine enemies, the enemies of the re-legion! O Allah make their chidren orphans and defile their bodies! Cause eir feet to sin, gave them and their families, their households and their women, their chidren and their relatives marriage, their brothers and their friends, their possessions and the race, their wealth and their lands as booty to the Moslems, O Lord of all crea-

The life of an Armenian in the pres ence of those who make that prayer is of no more value than the life of a summer insect. The Sultan of Turkey sits on a throne impersonating that brigandage and assassination. At this time all civilized nations are in horror at the attempts of that Mohammedan Government to destroy all the Christians of Armenia. I hear some-body talking as though some new thing were happening, and that the Turkish Government had taken a new role of tragedy on the stage of nations. No, no! She is at the same old business. Overlooking her diabolism of other centuries, we come down to our century, to find that in 1822 the Turkish Government slew 50,000 anti-Moslems, and in 1850 she slew 10,00 and in 1860 she slew 11,000, and in 1876 she slew 10,000. Anything short of the slaughter of thousands of human beings does not put enough red wine into her cup of abomination to make it worth quaffing. Nor is this the only time she has promised and the state of the stat ised reform. In the presence of the warships at the mouth of the Darda-nelles she has promised the civilized nations of the earth that she would stop her butcheries, and the interna-tional and hemispheric farce has been enacted of believing what she says, when all the past ought to persuade us that she is only pausing in her atrocities to put nations off the track and

then resume the work of death. In 1820 Turkey, in treaty with Russia, promised to alleviate the condi-tion of Christians, but the promise was broken. In 1839 the then Sultan promised protection of life and property ut reference to religion, and the promise was broken. In 1844, at the demand of an English Minister Pleni-cotentiary, the Sultan declared, after the public execution of an Armenian at Constantinople, that no such death alty should again be inflicted, and promise was broken. In 1850, at demand of foreign nations, the Turkish Government promised to protect the Protestants, but to this day the Protestants at Stamboul are not allowed to build a hurch, although they have the funds ready, and the Greek Protestants, who have a church, are not permitted to worship in it. In 1856, after the Crimean war, Turkey prom-sed that no one should be hindered in exercise of the religion he pro-d, and that promise has been broken. In 1878, at the memorable treaty of Berlin, Turkey promised re-ligious liberty to all her subjects in every part of the Ottoman Empire, and the promise was broken. Not once, in all the centuries, has the Turkish Government kept/ her promise of mercy. So far from any improvement, the condition of the Armenians has become worse and worse year by year, and all the promises the Turkish Government now makes are only a gaining of time by which she is making preparations for the complete extermination of Christianity from her borders.

Why, after all the national and continental and hemispheric lying on the part of the Turkish Government, do not the warships of Europe ride up as close as is possible to the palaces of Constantinople and blow that accursed government to atoms? In the name of the eternal God let the nuisance of the ages be wiped off the face of the earth! Down to the perdition from which it smoked up sink Mohammedanism! Beween these outbreaks of massacre the entans suffer in silence wrongs that are seldom if ever reported. They are taxed heavily for the mere priviof living, and the tax is called humiliation tax." They are compelled to give three days' entertain-ment to any Mohammedan tramp who be passing that way. They must blackmail to the assessor, lest he report the value of their preperty too highly. Their evidence in court is of no worth, and if 50 Armenians saw a wrong committed and one Mohammeian was present, the testimony of the one Mohammedan would be taken and the testimony of the 50 Armenians re-jected. In other words, the solemn oath of a thousand Armenians would not be strong enough to overthrow the per-jury of one Mohammedan. A professor THE WEEKLY SUN, \$1.00 A YEAR.

was condemned to death for translatwas condemned to death for transating the English "Book of Common Prayer" into Turkish. Seventeen Armenians were sentenced to 15 years' imprisonment for rescuing a Christian bride from the bandits. This is the Way the Türkish Government amuses.

bride from the bandits. This is the way the Turkish Government amuses itself in time of peace. These are the delights of Turkish civilization.

But when the days of massacre come then deeds are done which may not be unveiled in any refined assemblage, and if one speak of the horrors he must do so in well poised and cautious vocabulary. Hundreds of villages destroyed! Young men put in piles of brushwood, which are then saturated with kerosene and set on fire. Mothers, in the most solemn hour that ever comes in a woman's life, hurled out and bayoneted! Eyes gouged out and dead and dying hurled into the same pit! The slaughter of Lucknow and Cawnpore, India, in 1857, eclipsed

massacres were sent straight from Constantinople to do this work, and having returned were decorated by the Sultan.

To four of the worst murderers the Sultan sent silk banners in delicate appreciation of their services. Five hundred thousand Armenians put to death or dying of starvation! This moment, while I speak, all up and down

Armenia sit many people, freezing in the ashes of their destroyed homes, bereft of most of their households and awaiting the club of assassination to put them out of their misery. No wonler that the physicians of that region declared that among all the men and women that were down with wounds and sickness and under their care not one wanted to get well. Remember that nearly all the reports that have come to us of the Turkish outrages have been manipulated and modified and softened by the Turks themselves. The story is not half told, or a hun-dredth part told, or a thousandth part

by to their own children, as circumstances compel them to send the lit-tle ones to England, Scotland or America. I have seen these foreign missionaries in their homes all around the world, and I stamp with indignation upon the literary blackguardism of foreign correspondents who have depreciated these heroes and heroines who are willing to live and dies for Christ's sake. They will have the highest thrones in heaven, while their defamers will not get near enough to the shining gates to see the faintest glint of any one of the twelve pearls which make up the twelve gates.

This defamation of missionaries is

augmented by the dissolute English, American and Scotch merchants, who go to foreign cities, leaving their families behind them. Those diss chants in foreign cities lead a life of such gross immorals that the pure households of the missionaries are perpetual rebuke. Buzzards never did believe in doves, and if there is any-thing that nightshade hates it is the water lily. What the 550 American missionaries have suffered in the Ottoman Empire since 1820 I leave the archangel to announce on the day of judgment. You will see it reasonable that I put so much emphasis on Americanism in the Ottoman empire when I tell you that America, notwithstanding all the disadvantages named, has now over 27,000, students in day schools in that empire and 35,000 children in her Sabbath schools, and that America has expended in the Turkish Empire for its etterment over \$10,000,000. America a right to be heard? Aye! It will be heard! I am glad that great indignation meetings are being held all over this country. That poor, weak cowardly Sultan, whom I saw a few years ago ride to his mosque for wor-ship, guarded by 7000 armed men, many of them mounted on prancing chargers will hear of these sympathetic meet ings for the Armenians, if not through American reporters, then through son What to do with of his 360 wives. him? There ought to be some St. Helena to which he could be exiled, while the nations of Europe appoint a ruler of their own to can out and take possession of the palaces of Constantinople. To-night this august as semblage in the capital of the United States, in the name of the God o nations, indicts the Turkish Gover ment for the wholesale assassination in Armenia and invokes the interefe ence of Almighty God and the protes of eastern and western hemispheres. But what is the duty of the hou

Sympathy, deep, wide, tremendous, in

mediate! A religious paper, The Christion Herald of New York, has led th

way with munificent contributions co

ected from subscribers. But the Turk

ish Government is opposed to any re

lief of the Armenian sufferers, as I per

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citizen with you Washingtonians, \$50,-000 for Armenian relief was offered me if I would personally take the relief to Armenia. My passage was to be engaged on the City of Paris, but a telegram was sent to Constant to Armenia. My passage was to be engaged on the City of Paris, but a telegram was sent to Constantinople, asking if the Turkish Government would grant me protection on such an errand of mercy. A cablegram said the Turkish Government wished to know to what points in Armenia I wished to go with that relief. In our reply four cities were named, one of them the scene of what had been the chief massacre. A cablegram came from Constantinople saying that I had better send the money to the Turkish Government's mixed commission, and they would distribute it. So a cobweb of spiders proposed a relief committee for unfortunate flies! Well, a man who would start up through the mountains of Armenia with \$50,000 and no Government protection would be guilty of monumental foolhardiness.

The Turkish Government has in every possible way hindered Armenian relief. Now, where is that angel of mercy, Clara Barton, who appeared on the battlefields of Frederickburs, Antitetam, Falmouth and Cedar Mountain, and under the blaze of French and German guns at Metz and Paris and in Johnstown floods, and Charleson dearthouake and Michapleson

Johnstown floods, and Charleston earthquake, and Michigan fires, and Russian famine? It was comparatively of little importance that the German Emperor decorated her with the Iron Cross, for God hath decorated her in the sight of all nations with a glory that neither time nor eternity can dim. Born in a Massachusetts village, she came in her girlhood to this city to serve our Government in the patent office, but afterwards went forth from the doors of that patent office with a divine patent, signed and sealed by God, Himself, to heal all the wounds she could touch and make the horrors of the flood and fire and plague and hospital fly her presence. God bless Clara Barton! Just as I expected, she lifts the banner of the Red Cross.

Turkey and all nations are pledged to respect and defend that Red Cross, although that color of cross does not in the opinion of many, stand for Christianity. In my opinion it does stand for Christianity, for was not the cross under which most of many. Russian famine? It was comparatively

The banner of The office and the banner of The office and a stand for Christianity, for was not the opinion of many, stand for Christianity, for was not would have been less more and the pinion of many, stand for Christianity, for was not would have been less more and the pinion of the Son of God the Son

there is not one acre or one inch more or ground on this continent for any transatiantic government to occupy.

And by that doctrine we stand now

and shall forever stand. But there is a doctrine as much higher than the Monroe doctrine as, heavens are higher than the earth, and that is the doctrine of humanitarianism and sympathy and Christian help-fulness which one cold December midnight, with foud and multitudinous chant, awakened the shepherds. Where-ever there is a wound it is our duty to ward off the blade. Wherever men are persecuted for their religion it is duty to break that arm of power whether it be thrust forth from a Protestant Church or a Catholic dral or a Jewish synogogue or a Mosque of Islam. We all recognize the right on a small scale. If, going down the road, we find a ruffian maltreating a child, or a human brute insulting a woman, we take a hand in the cont if we are not cowards, and though we be slight in personal presence, because of our indignation we come to weigh about twenty tons, and the harder we purish the villain the louder our cor science applauds us. In such cases we do not keep our hands in our poch arguing that if we interfere with the brute, the brute might think he have a right to interfere with us and so jeopardize the Monroe doctrine.

The fact is that that persecution of the Armenians by the Turks must be stopped, or God Almighty will curse all Christendom for its damnable in-difference and apathy. But the trumpet of resurrection is about to sound for Armenia. Did I say in opening that on one of the peaks of Armenia, this very Armenia of which we speak, in Noah's time the ark landed, according to the myth, as some think, but according to God's "say so," as I know, and that it was after a long storm of 40 days and 40 nights, called the deluge, and that afterwards a dove went forth from that ark and returned with an olive leaf in her beak? Even so now there is another ark being launched, but this one goes sailing, not over a deluge of water, but a deluge of blood—the ark of Armenian sympathy-and that ark. larding on Ararat, from its window shali fly the dove of kindness and peace, to find the olive leaf of returning prosperity, while all the mountains of Moslem prejudice, oppression and cruelty shall stand fifteen cubits under-Meanwhile we would like to gather all the dying groans of all the 500,000 victims of Mohammedan oppression and intone them into one prayer that would move the earth and the heavens, hundreds of millions of Christians voices, American and European, crying cut. "O God Most High! Spare thy children. With mandate from the

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kes of Thy wrath shake the all the nations of Europe to com-i cessation of crueity. If need be, he warships of civilized nations their indignation. Let the cres-go down before the cross, and the Mighty One who hath on His vesture and on his thigh a name written 'King of Kings and Lord of Lords, go forth, or Lquering and to conquer. Thine, O Lord, is the kingdom! Hallelujah'

SAVED FROM THE FLAMES. Six Hundred Little Girls Marched Into the Yard While the School House Was Burning.

Boston, Jan. 8.—Six hundred girls Boston, Jan. 8.—Six hundred girls from eight to twelve years old were marched out of the Winthrop school, on Tremont street, near Elliott, today while the building was burning. To the calmness of Miss Valentine, one of the teachers, the avoidance of a

The fire began in the heating apparatus on the first floor, and worked its way to the third floor before it was discovered. One of the little girls in Miss Valentine's room, on the third floor, told her there was smoke in the The teacher discovered a thin i blue smoke curling up from the oor near the door that leads to the

hall.

Miss Valentine communicated with Robert Swan, the master in charge of the school, and then sent a messenger for the janitor. At the same moment she told the children to prepare to leave the building quietly as there was no danger. In a minute or less the fire signal was given. The children had been so well drilled that they were not startled, but marched down the corridors in perfect order. the corridors in perfect order.

The flames were coming out of the radiators on several floors and the

third and fourth floors were fast filling with smoke. When a line wavered, the teachers reassured the children, and finally the yard was reach-

of cards and other articles from the ears, necks, noses and garments of the astonished Indians, was invited to a big feast of roast dog and other delicacles. Chief Two Belly was so impressed by the great medicine powers of the professor that he took him to his wigwam, introduced him to his daughter, Hiss Wicista-Neeta (mean ing Wild Cat) and offered her for a wife at the low price of two ponies. The feast and daughter were both declined, but as McAllister was leaving the tepee he spied a lean, yellow cur. He asked Chief Two Belly now much he would take for the dog, at the same time stroking the brute down the back of his tail length, and each time taking a handful of money from the end of

"Him very valuable dog; said M Allister, picking a coin out of the dog's eye and another out of his nose. Two onies for him, chief."

"The Indians, with eyes as big as saucers, stood in awe and astonishment, and shook their heads. After McAllister had gone they carried the poor dog down to the river side and cut him open, but the goose had no golden egg, and they went slowly back to the camp as completely dumbfound-ed and as solemn as human beings can possibly be.

READY TO FIGHT ENGLAND.

Eckerty, Ind., Jan. 12.-This place was in a bustle of excitement yester-day upon the arrival of between eighty and one hundred Belgions from the interior of Perry county for the purpose of enlisting in the volunteer service of the United States. They had been told that war had been declared against England, and that the recruit ing office had been established here. They are all farmers, and few of them could speak English. They seemed disappointed at the signs of peace they found here, and said they would rather fight until next seed time than otherwise.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

WANTED A SENSIBLE MAN. Old Friend-Well, how is your flying nachine getting on?
Inventor—Getting along? I finished twenty years ago. Every detail omplete. There it stands, ready "Why don't you show it to the

world?" "Can't. All men are fools." 'What's the matter?" threne hurl back upon their haunches the horses of the Eurdish cavalry. Stop the rivers of blood. With the "Can't find a man anywhere with sense enough to olimb up a steeple and

try it."-Tit-Bits. THE WEEKLY SUN, \$1.00 A YEAR.

THE POWER OF JESUS.

FIRST QUARTER, INTERNATIONAL SERIES, FEBRUARY 2

fext of the Lesson: Luke v., 17-26-Golden Text: The Son of Man Hath Power on Earth to Forgive Sins; Luke v., 24.

17. "And it came to pass on a certain day as He was teaching that there were Pharisees and doctors of the law sitting by, which were come out of every town of Gaillee and Judea and Jerusalem, and the power of the Lord was present to heal them." The title of this lesson is "The Power of Jesus," and it is seen in this chapter in the draft of fishes, the healing of the leper and of the paralytic, but specially in the forgiveness of sins. As He was teaching on this particular occasion the house was full of leading and influential religious people, but He, the humble carpenter of Nazareth in their estimation, thought not of their opin-Father, He preached the word unto them (Mark 11, 2). Although the power of the Lord was present to heal, they

them (Mark 11, 2). Although the power of the Lord was present to heal, they had come not to be healed, nor to be blessed, and they got neither.

18. "And behold, men brought in a bed a man which was taken with a palsy, and they sought means to bring him in and to lay him before Him." The Pharisees and doctors needed no help, in their own estimation, but here is a poor, afflicted, helpless man, sadly needing help and very conscious of it. There is a saying that "God helps those who help themselves." but the whole story and teaching of Scripture are to the effect that "God helps those who cannot help themselves." the utterly helpless and hopeless, humanly speaking, as the lepers, the blind, the dumb, the deaf and the paralyzed, and such as could give Him no recompense but themselves in gratitude for His loving kindness.

19. "They went upon the house top and let him down through the tiling, with his couch, into the midst before Jesus." Their sympathy was practical, they were very persevering, they manifested their faith by their works. It may be that each of the four had himself been healed of some infirmity, and therefore they could truly sympathize with their friend, and having each for himself seen and known the power of Jesus, they knew that could they only gea him to Jesus the thing would be done.

20. "And when He saw their faith He said unto him, Man, thy sins are forgiven thee." We read in Math, vili,

He said unto him, Man, thy sins are forgiven thee." We read in Math. vili, 8-13, of the faith that said, "Speak the word only and my servant shall be healed," and without even seeing the sick one Jesus healed him. The faith of these men seems hardly so great as that of the centurion, but it was real faith in Jesus, it hough different in degree, and it pleased the Lord. "Without faith it is impossible to please Him" (Heb vi 5). The men

"Without faith it "is impossible to please Him" (Heb. xi, 6). The man was brought to be healed of his palsy, but Jesus, like a skilled physician, sees the true source of his troubles and begins the cure at the fountain head. Not all sickness is the direct result of individual sin, but sometimes it is so, as in John v. 14.

'21. "Who can forgive sins but God alone?" Thus reasoned the scribes and Pharisees as they heard the words of Jesus to the slok man. We may imagine their consternation and possibly scowls and anger as they saw the roof broken up over their heads. Contrast the perfect calm of Jesus, unmoved by having His discourse interrupted, or by the disturbance overhead, or by the hatred in their hearts, moved by having His discourse interrupted, or by the disturbance overhead, or by the hatred in their hearts, the very essence of peace and quietness. He who said to wind and waves, "Peace, be still!" was Himself always peaceful and still, for He lived in the presence of God, the God of peace.

22. "But when Jesus perceived their thoughts He, answering, said unto them, "What reason ye in your hearts?" It is written of Him, "I know the things that come into your mind, every one of blikem" (Ezek. xi. 5). He understandethreven the imagination of the thoughts of the heart (I. Chron. xxviii, 9). He understands our thought afar off (Psacxxxix, 2). It is a great comfort to a sincere heart that trust in Him that He can read the heart and that He thorughly understands us. It is, on the contrary, anguish to the unsaved when they allow themselves to think of it that their every thought is known to the searcher of hearts. See Jer. xvii, 10.

23. "Whether it is easier to say, Thy sins be forgiven thee, or to say, Rise up and walk?" An ordinary physican may effect a cure for the body, but only God can heal the soul. One has said that the work of creation was completed in six days, but the work of redemption kept the Son of God on earth for over 33 years. Concerning the first, He spake and it was done, but to accomplish the second God became man and suffered indescribable agony of body and soul for our sins. To forgive sins is surely the greatest work, for it cost God the most.

24. "The Son of Man hath power on as the top greatest work, for it cost God the most.

24. "The Son of Man hath power on earth to forgive sins." Therefore the Son of Man is none other than the Son of God, even God Himself. Instead of saying, as their unbelief said, "Who can forgive sins but God alone?" faith would have said, "He forgiveth sins, therefore He must be our God," according to Isa. xilli, 25. What a joy that He still forgives sins! I have been glad for 22 years that He has forgiven my sins, and I first saw it in I John it, 12. I have had no dream or vision about it, but I believe God. I rest in the finished work of the Lord Jesus Christ and just take Him at His word. I believe also that as truly as He redeem the soul He will in due time redeem the body.

25. "And immediately he rose up before them and took up that whereon "The Son of Man hath power on

25. "And immediately he rose up before them and took up that whereon He lay and departed to His own house, glorifying God." We read at least seven times in this gospel of "glorifying God." The shepherds plorified God when they had seen the babe in the manger, the people glorified God when they had seen the widow's son raised to life, the woman who was bowed down 18 years glorified God when she was made straight, one of the ten lepers glorified God (ii, 20; v, 25, 26; vili, 16; xvii, 15; xviii, 43; xxiii, 47). We glorify God when we helieve in Jesus Christ, when we make it manifest to others that we have confidence in Him, and do actually trust Him, when we, by patience and meekness.

in Him, and do actually trust Him, when we, by patience and meekness, by love and joy and long suffering and kindness, make it very plain to others that Christ Himself is living in us and that we belong to Him.

26. "And they were all amazed, and they gjorified God, and were filled with fear, saying, We have seen strange things to-day." They had seen an impossibility, humanly speaking. They had seen the supernatural. They saw a sin sick soul made clean and whole, a sick body made well, and they saw a preacher undisturbed by an interrupted discourse, or by the anger of the influential people in His audience. All these things were supernatural and glorified God, and they glorified God, when they acknowledged His hand in the healing of the palsied man.

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THEIR DYING WORDS. Last Expressions of Dying Men and

The dying expressions of famous peronages are always full of interest to hose to whom death is still a terror of the future. The following are the ast words of well-known men whose

Women of All Countries.

names are historical: Cromwell—Then I am safe. Goethe—Let the light enter. George IV .- And this is death? Byron-I must sleep now. Thomas Jefferson-I resign my soul

to God, my daughter to my country.
Augustus Caesar—Farewell, Livia, and remember our long union. Mozart-Let me hear those notes, so ong my solace and delight.

Marie Antoinette- Lord, enlighten and soften the hearts of my executioners. Adieu forever, my dear children; I go to join your father. Andrew Jackson-What is the matter with my dear children? Do my looks alarm you? Oh, do not cry. Be good children and we will all meet in hea-

Benjamin Franklin-A dying man can do nothing easy.
Sir Humphrey Gilbert—We are as

near heaven by sea as by land.

John Quincy Adams—Independence Socrates-Crito, we owe a cock to

Escalapus; pay it soon I pray you, and Richard III-Not one foot will I flee so long as the breath abides within my breast, for He who shaped both the sea and land this day shall end my battles all my life. I will die King of

Stonewall Jackson-Let us cross over the River of Death and rest under the shade of the trees of heaven. Bishop Kerr—God's will be done. Lord Chesterfield—Give Dayrolles a

John Randolph-Remorse! Remorse! Write it! Write it! Larger! Larger! Winfield Scott-James, take good care of the horses.

Thomas Hobbes—I am taking a fear-ful leap in the dark. me nor waste our time in fruitless prayers for my recovery, but pray, rather, for the salvation of my soul Fredeick V.-There is not a drop of blood on my hands.

Mirabeau—Let me die to the sounds of delicious music. Lord Bacon-The creatures, oh Lord, have been my books, but Thy Holy Scriptures much more. I have sought Thee in the courts, fields and gardens, but I found Thee, of God, in Thy sanc-

tuary, Thy temple! Robert Burns-Don't let that awkward squad fire over my grave. Louis XIV .- I thought that dvine Lord Tenderloin-Gentlemen of the jury, you will now consider your ver-

Charles II .- Don't let poor Nellie starve. Cardinal Wolsey—Had I but served my God with half the real I served my king, He would not have given me over in my gray hairs.

William Pitt (the younger)-My country, oh, how I love my country! Addison to Warwick-I have sent for you to see how a Christian can die, Mme. Roland-Oh, liberty, liberty, how many crimes are committed in

Sir Walter Scott-Lockhart, I may have had but a moment to speak with you. Be a good man. Be virtuous be religious. Nothing else will give you any comfort when you come to Nothing else will give face death, as I am now.

Edward VI.—Lord, take my spirit. The Earl of Derby—Let the earth be filled with His glory. Philip Sidney-I would not change my joy for the empire of the world.

Cicero-Here, veteran, if you think it is right, strike. Michael Angelo-My soul I resign to God, my body to the earth, and my worldly possessions to my relatives. Empress Josephine—I die regretted. have always desired the happiness of France. I can say with truth that the first wife of Napoleon never

caused a tear to flow. Hood-I am dying out of charity to the undertaker, who wishes to urn a lively Hood.

Romeau-Throw up the window, that I may once more see the magnificent scene of nature.

H. Hammond—The Lord make haste. Gainsborough-We are all going to leaven, and Van Dyke is of the com-

Horace Mann-As a dying man I say when you wish to know what you should do ask yourself what Christ would have done under the circum-John Kitto-Please ask God to take

Lord Thurlow-I am shot if I don't Martin Luther Father in heaven, though this body is breaking away from me and I am departing this life, yet I know that no one can pluck me

out of Thy hand. William Hunter-If I had strength enough to hold a pen I would write how easy and delightful it is to die. John Newton-I am going the way of all flesh. I am satisfied with the TELEGI

ONT Toronto, Jan. 14 managing director Empire, passed av this morning after Toronto, Jan. 14 West Huron, the all in save from liberal candidate's the last election terson, 2,179; Cam Later-Cameron with one poll to Toronto, Jan. per's new policy The World in an Planks in the Co

says: "In addition icy, which in itse to kep the cons power, the new o Chas. Tupper ha enlarged so as to of closer trade mother country the defences alo der. Sir Charle knowledge of pu Britain and his securing to Cana ages are possible stances. If the does not make an fore the general

there is no reaso leadership it sho to power with as it now enjoys.' Quebec, Jan. 1 leau has been ser wood for some honor is yet very Montreal, Jan. hopes here both ness circles over gressive govern Tupper is expect weeks, and all he accept Sir Dona run for Montrea. Montreal ,Jan.

MAI Winnipeg, Man Greenway has re try home to atte cabine, this week said that the cl his government not the least sur been confident He was asked: that they had n notice of the el "If they don't t voice of the peor the other day I

seau was found

at an east end

few hours later

dead in Gravel's

would notice." Continuing, the much pleased to Huron constitue timately acquai notice the cons placing themse As to the idea school law at the was nothing in it dairy interest wi of attention at th there will be no usual or startling

islature will be There is every gation project. chief stream w for vessels and lake Winnipeg. just returned f has secured profession the domingovernment, how idea of making St. Andrews a but would likel project if it wer Manitoba comp the Red River being organize has promised t this body, auth for a lock ,etc. company the g a cash bonus pany to secure tolls for all bo locks. The gove reserve the ri lock and free t it feels dispos gers are fondly

> SUS Funeral of the terson-

> > Sussex, Jan.

of the palmy

cortege seen fo at the funeral Patterson of the parish of place here ve B. N. Nobles, p tist church, of residence of th grave. In the preached a mo the relatives ar bers being pre marks on the w of the 2nd cha man was right ing for the co the Holy Spir deceased was and one of a ous descendar settlers in wh Dutch Valley, now known a joining parish men acted as Moore. Counse liam Moore, Gordon, Willia ket in which was both ha spect of fries and sisters: I John; St

stream; Mrs.

20 Years

rmula for making Scott's on has been endorsed by ans of the whole world. No about it. This is one of its est endorsements. But the st endorsement possible is vital strength it gives.

Scott's Emulsion

es. It does more for weak and Growing Children than er kind of nourishment. It hens Weak Mothers and rehealth to all suffering from tion and General Debility. ughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Bron-leak Lungs, Consumption, Blood and Loss of Flesh. ne, Belleville. All Druggists. 50c. & \$1.

HEIR DYING WORDS. ressions of Dying Men and omen of All Countries.

ing expressions of famous perare always full of interest to whom death is still a terror ature. The following are the ds of well-known men whose re historical:

ell-Then I am safe. -Let the light enter. IV .- And this is death? I must sleep now. Jefferson-I resign my soul my daughter to my country. us Caesar—Farewell, Livia, ember our long union.

-Let me hear those notes, so place and delight. Antoinette— Lord, enlighten n the hearts of my executioneu forever, my dear children in your father. Jackson-What is the matter dear children? Do my looks

? Oh, do not cry. Be good in Franklin-A dying man

othing easy. imphrey Gilbert—We are as ven by sea as by land.

-Crito, we owe a cock to s; pay it soon I pray you, and III-Not one foot will I fiee s the breath abides within my or He who shaped both the land this day shall end my Il my life. I will die King of

Al Jackson—Let us cross over of Death and rest under the the trees of heaven. Kerr-God's will be done. esterfield—Give Dayrolles a

andolph-Remorse! Remorse Write it ! Larger ! Larger ! Scott-James, he horses.

Hobbes-I am taking a fearin the dark.
of Aragon—Do not weep for waste our time in fruitless for my recovery, but pray, or the salvation of my soul. k V.—There is not a drop of

my hands. -Let me die to the sounds is music. on-The creatures, oh Lord.

my books, but Thy Holy much more. I have sought he courts, fields and gardens, d Thee, of God, in Thy sancy temple ! Burns-Don't let that awkad fire over my grave.

KIV .- I thought that dying more difficult.
enderloin—Gentlemen of the will now consider your ver-

II.—Don't let poor Nellie Wolsey—Had I but served with half the real I served

He would not have given me Pitt (the younger)-My h, how I love my country! to Warwick-I have sent

o see how a Christian can die. Roland—Oh, liberty, liberty, y crimes are committed lter Scott-Lockhart, I may

but a moment to speak with a good man. Be virtuousus. Nothing else will give comfort when you come h, as I am now. VI.-Lord, take my spirit. url of Derby-Let the earth

with His glory. Sidney—I would not change or the empire of the world. Here, veteran, if you think t. strike. Angelo-My soul I resign to

body to the earth, and my sessions to my relatives. Josephine-I die regretted. lways desired the happiness . I can say with truth that wife of Napoleon never

I am dying out of charity to rtaker, who wishes to urn a Throw up the window, that nee more see the magnificent nature. mond—The Lord make haste.

rough-We are all going to and Van Dyke is of the com-Mann-As a dying man I you wish to know what you ask yourself what Christ

e done under the circumitto-Please ask God to take

hurlow-I am shot if I don't am dying. Luther-Father in heaven,

his body is breaking away and I am departing this life, v that no one can pluck me v hand.

Hunter-If I had strength hold a pen I would write and delightful it is to die. wton-I am going the way

TELEGRAPHIC.

ONTARIO.

Toronto, Jan. 14.-C. W. Bunting, managing director of the Mail and Empire, passed away at two o'clock this morning after a long illnes. Toronto, Jan. 14.—As was expected, Mr. Cameron was elected today in West Huron, the return of which are all in save from three polls, and the liberal candidate's majority is 301. At the last election the vote stood: Pat-terson, 2,179; Cameron, 2,165. Later-Cameron's majority is 253

Toronto, Jan. 15.—Sir Charles Tupper's new policy is all the talk here. The World in an editorial headed New Planks in the Conservative Platform, says: "In addition to the national policy, which in itself ought to be enough to kep the conservative party in power, the new cabinet as led by Sir chas Tupper has already announced that the conservative platform will be enlarged so as to include the question of closer trade relations with the mother country and the betterment of the defences along the Canadian border. Str Charles Tupper's intimate knowledge of public culning in Great knowledge of public epinion in Great

Britain and his personal acquaintance with the leading statesmen of England render him particularly fitted for securing to Canada whatever advantages are possible under the circumstances. If the conservative party does not make another bad break be fore the general election comes on there is no reason why under the new leadership it should not be returned to power with as large a majority as it now enjoys.'

QUEBEC. Quebec, Jan. 15.-Lieut, Gov. Chapleau has been seriously ill at Spencer-wood for some days past, and his honor is yet very little better. Montreal, Jan. 15. - There are high hopes here both in financial and business circles over the strong and progressive government which Sir Charles Tupper is expected to form in a few weeks, and all here are hoping he will accept Sir Donald Smith's offer and run for Montreal West.

Montreal Jan. 20 .- Horace Brosseau was found dead in his bed today at an east end boarding house, and a few hours later a Mrs. Ste Marie fell lead in Gravel's dry goods store.

MANITOBA. Winnipeg. Man., Jan. 20.-Premier Greenway has returned from his country home to attend a meeting of the cabinet this week. In an interview he said that the clean sweep made by his government in the elections was not the least surprise to him. He had been confident of it from the outset. He was asked: "What do you think that they had not taken any official

school law at the coming session there was nothing in it. The agricultural and dairy interest will receive a great deal of attention at the coming session, but ere will be no legislation of an unusual or startling character. The legslature will be called February 6th. There is every indication of a reviv al of interest in the Red River Navi-gation project, by which Winnipeg's chief stream will be made navigable for vessels and steamers from and to lake Winnipeg. T. C. Livingston has just returned from Ottawa where he has secured promises of assistance from the dominion government. The government, however, do not favor the idea of making the improvements at St. Andrews a public work at present, but would likely liberally assist the project if it were taken in hand by a Manitoba company. A company called the Red River Improvement Co. is now being organized, and the government has promised to grant a charter to this body, authorizing the construction for a lock ,etc., at the rapids. To the company the government would grant a cash bonus on completion, the coma cash bonus on completion, the com-pany to secure revenue by a tariff of tolls for all boats passing through the locks. The government, however, is to reserve the right to take over the lock and free the lock from tolls when it feels disposed. Old time Winnipeg-

SUSSEX NEWS.

of the palmy steamboat days.

Funeral of the Late Deacon John Pat terson-Movement for an Alms House.

Sussex, Jan. 20.-The largest funeral

cortege seen for a long time was that at the funeral of the late Deucon John Patterson of Chambers Set Iment, in the parish of Waterford, which took place here yesterday morning. Rev. B. N. Nobles, pastor of the F. C. Baptist church, officiated both at the late residence of the deceased and at the grave. In the afternoon Mr. Nobles preached a most appropriate sermon to a large attendance in his church, the relatives and friends in large numbers being present. He based his re-marks on the words found in 25th verse of the 2nd chapter of Luke: "And this man was righteous and devout, looking for the consolation of Israel, and the Holy Spirit was upon him." The deceased was a most exemplary man, and one of a large family of prosperous descendants of one of the first settlers in what was then known as Dutch Valley, who did much in opening that rugged part of the county now known as Waterford, in the ad-joining parish. The following gentle-men acted as pall-bearers: James A. Moore, Counsellor George Myers, William Moore, Robert Hawke, Samuel Gordon, William McKnight. The cas-Gordon, William McKnight. The casket in which the deceased was interred was both handsome and costly, and bore upon it many tokens of the respect of friends. The family of the deceased gentleman was a large one, and included the following brothers and sisters: Mrs. Samuel Cunningham, St. John; Samuel Patterson, Mount Middleton; Mrs. Wm. McAuley, Millstream; Mrs. James McAuley, Picca-

dilly; Thomas Patterson, of Boston; Mass.; Mrs. George McKnight, Water-ford; Mrs. Joseph Claim, Piccadilly; James Patterson, Corn Hill; Mrs. Thomas Cunningham, Cedar Camp. Mrs. Wm. McAuley and Mrs. James

McAuley are twins. William Berry, of Berry Bros., well known carpenters and builders, is lying dangerously ill at his home near Sussex of cancer of the stomach, and little hopes are felt that he will get When Officers Went to Arrest Him Last Night better. Charles Erb, residing west of Sus-

sex station, noted for his great interest in Sunday school work, is said to be very ill. S. H. White & Co. have leased the

large shed near the I. C. R. freight depot, formerly used by the Markham manganese mines, and are storing it with all kinds of goods.

Ora P. King and Hugh R. McMonagle, councillors for the parish of Sussex, will take the initiatory steps towards the erection of an alms housee at the meeting of the council which w. W. Hubbard, editor of the Co operative Farmer, left today to attend the meeting of the Nova Scotia Far-mers' association at Kentville, N. S. and the Fruit Growers' association at Wolfville. He will speak before the latter body on Thursday evening next on The Relation of Stock Husbandry

to Fruit Growing.

KENT CO.

Richibucto, Jan. 18.—The count ouncil, which met on Tuesday, is still in session. David Grierson, the auditor, presented his report on Wednesday. Several parishes are behind with their tax collections. The delinquent list from the parish of Carleton overbalanced the amount collected. The case of Power, a deaf mute, that was up before the council last year and which was supposed to be settled, ame up again on Wednesday. Power had been making his home at the Wa-verly hotel, run by Mrs. T. Powell, The latter put in a claim last year for his board, which was paid, the coun-cil at the same time instructing the overseer of the poor for this district send him to his friends, Power being a non-resident. The overseer ma at last accomplished it after several months. Mrs. Powell put in a claim for the board, the council allowing her fifteen dollars, although the overseer claims that Mrs. Powell rather pre-Power's removal sooner. John T. Caie, inspector of licenses, read his report on Thursday. James Thompson

of the Queen hotel is again an appli-cant for license. Last year the council refused him a license because there was a fine against him of fifty dollars for selling without license, which is still uncollected. The council made the same proposition to him on Thurs-day as they did last year, namely, that

procure a license.

Some good smelt catches are being made near the mouth of the river this week. They are bringing two and

ALBERT CO.

three-quarter cents a pound.

Hopewell Hill, Jan. 17.—Capt. John Edgett, son of Edward Edgett of Hills-boro, died at his residence at that place

Word has been received from Robert McGorman of this place, who went to Victoria hospital at Montreal four weeks ago for special treatment, to the effect that a complete cure has resulted in his case, which was a serous one, and that he will return home

VENEZUELA COMMISSION.

An Invitation to the British Govern ment Sent Out.

Washington, Jan. 20.-The Venezue lan commission has invited the gov-ernments of Great Britain and of Venezuela to sibmit to it all of the evidence in their possesion to further the work of the commission, to be represented before it by attorneys, and all of this with the reservation that such presentation and appearance shall not be deemed an abandonment of any right or position heretofore assumed. It has done this in order that the proceedings of the commission may not be said to be ex parte, that the truth may appear, and that time may be

saved in the inquiry with which the commission is charged. The invitation goes in the shape of letter to Secretary Olney, who has made response, saying that he has submitted a copy of the commission's views to the two governments con-

Today's meeting took place for the first time in the new quarters of the commission in the Baltimore Sun build ing. The first business was the sele tion of officers, and the first of these chosen was S. Malet-Prevost, who has earned a high reputation at the New York bar. Mr. Malet-Prevost was named as secretary to the commission, and will be in daily attendance at the rooms. Mr. Whittmore of Ithaca, N. Y. was selected as one of the steno-graphers who will be employed, and Walter Moulthrop of the District or

Columbia was appointed a messenger. An Inagua, despatch of Jan. 8 says: Sch. Jennie Parker, loaded with potatoes, before reported, drifted asnore at Mayaguano Dec. 30. dismasted and abandoned. The vessel was tight when she struck and her cargo was in good condition. She has since bilged. Cargo is being saived and brought to this port. Vessel and cargo have been taken charge of by the vice admiralty court. Str. Philadelphia, at New York Jan. 18 from Porto Cahello reports; Jan. 14, lat. 25.10, long. 68.45, passed a vessel of about 500 tons bottom up, coppered old, hull deating awash nothing visible by which could make out name or rig; very dangerous obstruction to navigation.

A MONCTON EMBEZZLER.

City Treasurer Robb Nine Thousand Dollars Short in His Accounts.

The Recount in Scott Act Election to be Commenced on February 7.

it Was Found That He Had Escaped.

Moncton, Jan. 20.-The application for a recount of the votes in the recent Scott act election in this county was up before Judge Wells this morning and Friday, the 7th of February fixed for commencing the recount. It is said that in some polling places the entire vote is defective, owing to failure of polling officer to initial, as required by the law. Pending the

Civic politics are beginning to en-gage some attention, though the elec-tions do not take place until the second Monday in March. Mayor Whit ney, who is spending the winter south, on leave of absence, is not likely to be a candidate again. H. H. Ayer, alderman at large in the present board, is understood to be in the field for the mayoralty. No other candidate is yet spoken of, though mayorafty elect do not usually go by acclamation in of the present board, possibly all, will be in the field again. Dr. C. W. Brad-

Moncton, Jan. 20.—A sensation was created here at a late hour tonight to the effect that City Treasurer Geo. J.

financial statement. On Friday last Ald. Chapman, chairman of the committee, discovered a discrepancy in the floating debt account amounting to \$9,100.53. There was no suspicion of embezzlement, but the finance committee labored incesauditors and treasurer being unable to throw any light on the matter. This

reason now to suppose that he will the water department to the city in pay the fine and an additional sum to June last had not been entered in the treasurer's book. This amount was due the city on account of the water works expropriation expenses, a year ago and when the bonds were sold, last June, the amount was transferred Treasurer Robb had deposited the check in the bank in the regular way, but had retained the taxes paid in. It is understood he made a confession to his friends this evening that he had boro, died at his residence at that place used the money in stock speculations last night after a lingering illness. He in New York, and it is now known was about 50 years of age and leaves that he had bought large drafts a wife and three daughters. Deceased was a nephew of Capt. Solomon Edgett When the officers went to arrest Robb tonight they found that he had escaped, and telegraphic messages have been sent in all directions to intercept

sociation, at Mechanics' hall; Jan. 20, Suffolk A. C., West Newton street; same date, Sears of Lewiston, Me., and Boyle of Pawtucket, at Pawtucket, R. L.; Jan. 21, at Lynn, Mass., boxet, R. I.; Jan. 21, at Lynn, Mass., boxing under auspices Lynn A. C.; Jan.
27, boxing under auspices Suffolk A.
C., West Newton street armory; Feb.
4, big boxing meet at Music hall; Feb.
10, boxing, Suffolk A. C., West Newton street; same date, boxing at Lynn;
Feb. 22, Suffolk A. C. meet, Newton

street; March 5, boxing under auspices City Point A. C.; March 17, Irish Na-tional A. C., boxing meeting, West Newton street armory; March 21, Suf-folk A. C. meet, same place. R. P. Russell, 59 West Newton street, sec-retary of the Suffolk A. C., has an-nounced that the club will move to its Newton street quarters next week. Newton street quarters next week.

Among the arrivals in the city this week were 'Mysterious' Billy Smith, Billy Hennessy and Eddie Connolly of St. John, Connolly and the others

will arrange to appear in several of the meetings if al goes well.

Connolly is in the best of condition and did not receive a scratch in his bout with Jimmy Dime at Cleveland last Friday, which ended disastrously

for the latter.
Billy Smith, in speaking of the contest with Dime, said that the latter fought hard in the second round, but the St. John boy was able to meet him the St. John boy was able to meet him rica, and made the future union of in great shape. Connolly countered bors and Englishmen in a common him very effectively, and Smith says, had the contest lasted the scheduled number of rounds, Connolly would consorship which has been exercised number of rounds, Connolly would against all residents of the place and the same is true of one of the leading hotel bars in Sackville. They say the local business does not afford a sufficient profit to warrant the risk of selling.

Civic politics are beginning to engage some attention, though the elections do not take along with the same is in politics are beginning to engage some attention, though the elections of a not take along with the same is in the same is true of one of the leading hotel bars in Sackville. They say the local business does not afford a sufficient profit to warrant the risk of selling.

Civic politics are beginning to engage some attention, though the elections do not take along with the same is in the same in true of one of the leading of Dime's wrist bone was purely an accident. Smith thinks that Connolly is in better shape than ever characters of the drama; the future he was, and will surprise some of the will judge them better than we are

Maspeth, L. I., Jan. 20.—The meeting between Joe Choynski of California, and Jim Hall of Australia in a twenty and Jim Hall of Australia in a twenty round bout at catch weights, filled the Empire Athletic club's arena tonight. The sporting element was well represented, and many visitors from Pittsburg, Philadelphia, Buffalo and Syracuse were around the ringside when the first bout was announced. ley will likely be a candidate at large this year. Messrs. J. M. Wallace and H. Atkinson are spoken of as a probable ticket in ward 2, and ex-Aid Magee of Ward 3 is said to have aspirations, either for his ward or at large.

C. B. Robertson, of Daniel & Robertson, St. John, spent Sunday in Monoton, the guest of his mother. He returned to the city this afternoon.

Monoton, Jan. 20.—A sensation was created here of the second, but Gorman rushed back at him with his right in the area. his right in the wind. The fighting was very even. In the fourth round Gorman rushed a good deal and tried Robb was an embezzler to the sum of ney was too clever and sent his left so, 100. The finance committee have on the face and right on the wind reon the face and right on the wind re-peatedly. Gorman went in for hard fighting in the sixth and last round, but Downey cent his left very hard on the face twice, and they were both bleeding when the gong sounded. Hurst declared Downey the winner. The Hall-Choynski mill was then in order. Choynski was the first to put in an appearance with his seconds, Tim O'Rourke, Kid McCoy and Casper Leon Parson Davies was also in Joe's

cided advantage 'n height and reach.

When Referee Hurst counted Hall
out and declared Choynski the winner, Joe ran over and tried to help his
beaten adversary to his feet. Hall was
unable to rise and had to be carried to his corner. His seconds worked over him for ten minutes and then led him to his dressing room.

to his dressing room.

During the latter part of the fight
Choynski improved wonderfully, as he
was on the verge of collapse at one

WHOLESALE DRUG TRADE.

While searching for mercantile news on Saturday, one of the Sun's staff called on T. B. Barker & Sons, 35 and 37 King street, and found this long-established and prosperous drug house well satisfied with the past twelve months' business and confidently looking forward to an active and increasing trade during the current year. conjugat they round that he had escaped, and telegraphic messages have been sent in all directions to intercept him.

Robb is a young married man, succeeding his father, now deceased, five years ago. He is of good family and bore an excellent character. The city holds his bond in the North America Guarantee company for four thousand dollars, but it appears the check for the last premium was never forwarded.

SPORTING MATTERS.

THE RING.

Permitted in the Hub Again.

Boston, Jan. 18.—Boxing in this city has been a dead sport for three or four months, but the changed complexion of the present board of aldermen has suddenly revived the "art," and many interesting meetings are promised during the next few weeks. The old board of alderme, which was justly styled the reform board," prohibited all manmer of boxing in public, and when the clubs attempted to get around the order of his propose about the first wood, on the acceptance of the tage, who, on the acceptance of the tight is settion that a drop of blood would be shed. The result was that the sporting men and club backers found this sort of sport unprofitable as well as success in deciding the merits of boxeer, and boxing for the time was tabled. The result was that the sporting men and club backers found this sort of sport unprofitable as well as success in deciding the merits of boxeer, and boxing for the time was tabled. The result was that the sporting men and club backers found this sort of sport unprofitable as well as success in deciding the merits of box ers, and boxing for the time was tabled. The result was that the sporting men and club backers found this sort of sport unprofitable as well as success in deciding the merits of box ers, and boxing for the time was tabled. The following dates have been arranged to held backers found this sort of sport unprofitable as well as success in deciding the merits of box ers, and boxing for the time was tabled. The following dates have been arrangede, for meetings in the city and violution of the contract of the dense no longer acids, Mesers. T. P. harves of supported routes. As the same time of support in the dense in the provider of the commentation of the requirement of the hear in interview with a committee of mesers of the requirement of the protection of the requirement of the consecutive of the con

JAMESON'S RAID.

For Thirty-six Hours His Starving and Exhausted Englishmen

Kept a Body Five Times as Numerous at Bay, and Only Gave in When Their Ammunition Was Expended.

(London, Eng., Telegraph.) Slowly, and with irritating delays, the story of the recent fighting in the Transvaal is becoming known in this country. Even now there are so many gaps in our information that it is su remely difficult to piece together a trustworthy narrative of the events which, to all appearance, have transformed our relations with South Africa, and made the future union of he was, and will surprise some of the will judge them better than we are local men during the winter.

Choynski Gets the Decision Over Hall. measure in which they are deserved. It is enough for us, perhaps, if we can form some estimate of what occurred, and discover without undue partiality or censoriousness the quali-ties which our countrymen exhibited in the face of danger as well as the in the race of danger as well as the logical sequence of the incidents which led to Dr. Jameson's ruin. Let us assume, then, that a body of troops, four hundred and sixty strong, were launched across the frontier of the Transvaal at Mafeking, on Sunday, December 29. The chief of their in December 29. The object of their incursion is now tolerably obvious. It is clear that urgent messages sent to the adminstrator of the Chartered Company, assuring him that the lives and property of Englishs in danger at Johannesburg, and that distinct menaces of punishment, constraint, or tyrannical action of some definite kind had been uttered by the Boers. Moreover-and this is a point prepared to rise under competent leaders, and that if Dr. Jameson would come to the neighborhood he would be supported by an armed body, consist-

> Boers to take up a strong position on the expected route. At the same time not afraid to die. of Johannesburg Uitlanders, to whom



A Lousey Colt or Calf

Cannot thrive and put on flesh. Lousey poultry cannot lay eggs. Shives' Insect Powder is a sure

It is certain death to insect life, yet harmless to the most delicate child. Get a package from your nearest merchant: if he is out of it, send 25c. in stamps to J. W. Manchester & Co., Veterinary Surgeons, St. John, N. B.,

Demand the Best. Take No Other.

and they will send you a package, post

paid, by return mail.

J. W. MANCHESTER. VETERINARY SURGEON,

30 Leinster St., - St. John, N. B. Office Hours, 11 a. m. to 2 p. m. Tele-

attempt no such ungrateful and invidious feat; but if the valor and intrepidity of our countrymen is impeached we shall let the facts answer for themselves. On Wednesday, the first day of the new year, Dr. Jameson, with four hundred and sixty men, faces a strongly intrenched position manned by two thousand Boers. We will not ask how it happened that the scene of battle lay in a defile where all the of no little importance, although it is advantages lay with the defenders, still wrapped in considerable obscurity—an intimation was received at Mafeking that the Uttlanders were ourselves to wonder why the Charterourselves to wonder why the Charter-ed Company's troopers arrived wearied and harnesed, and pinched with hunger, at the supreme moment when everything depended on their freshness and activity. It need only be reing of at least two thousand men. We ness and activity. It need only be re-repeat that this is by no means an membered that the whole march turn-absolutely verified fact, although with-ed on a calculated uprising at Johanout it there is, so far as we can see, nesburg and the expected co-operation no other solution of a peculiarly baf- of an army of Uitlanders, to explain fling enigme.

On Sunday, then, December 29, Dr. we now know was a mad escapade. Jameson starts on this dangerous enterprise, with a lightly equipped company of four hundred and sixty troopers and a few Maxim guns. He does four hundred and sixty men fought not anticipate any serious fighting until he gets into the neighborhood of tack with quenchless vigor and unfail-If he paid the fine he would be granted notice of the elections?"

They don't take any notice of the people expressed as it was the other day I don't know what they would notice."

Continuing, the premier said he was much pleased to see the result in west Huron constituency, which he was the timately acquainted with, and class to notice the conservatives and others placing themselves on received as replacing themselves on received as replacing themselves on received as replacing themselves on received as conservatives and others placing the account.

Tim O'Rourke, Kid McCoy and Casper ding fine enigns.

Tim O'Rourke, Kid McCoy and Casper also in the matter. This afternoon it was decided to go to the gains to the other has a license in the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of t nim or else are prepared to do so as ing of Thursday, January 2nd, found soon as he appears, he does not travel with a baggage train or with any adequate commissaniat arrangements. It is enough for him that he has been called to help his countrymen, who are on their part ready to rise against their taskmasters and secure the rights for which they have long petitioned in vain. And now for a moment the soene must change to Johannesburg itself, where two very important events are occurring, destined to revolution. are occurring, destined to revolution-ize, if only the actors in the drama a body of starving and exhausted Eng-were aware of it, the whole course of lishmen kept a body five times as subsequent events. The first of these numerous at bay, and only gave in at is concerned with the president of the last because all their ammunition was Boer republic, who by this time has expended. Let us call them whatever thoroughly mastered the whole situa-tion and has determined on his plan headed, infatuated fillibusters, engaged of action. Knowing well enough in an unlawful and marauding enter-through his secret agents that a Charprise; but in common justice let us tered Company's force is advancing not seek to deny that these country-upon him, he sends out two thousand men of ours were brave and dauntless

MARINE MATTERS.

PROVINCIAL.

The York Woollen Mills at Harvey Burned.

Lumbermen are Now Rushing Their Teams Into the Woods.

General News from Many Sections of New Brunswick.

WESTMORLAND CO. Dorchester, Jan. 16.-At the court Teed appeared for about twenty five and characters represented to of the claimants; W. B. Chandler for than ordinarily attractive, and H. & H. Copp; Jas. Friel for Edward Cole, jr.; W. Hazen Chapman for A. M. Gaudet and A. W. Chapman; F. A. Harrison for James Andreson & Sons. and Albert J. Chapman on behalf of the defendant, the Dorchester Hotel Co. (Ltd.) Eleven of the claims were djudicated on during the afternoon These are the first proceedings in this county under the Mechanics' Lien act. Sackville, Jan. 17.-J. V. Ellis de livered the third of the university lec-tures this evening in Beethoven hall. He had a fairly good audience, composed mainly of students. Dr. Borden was in the chair and introduced the lecturer, referring to the interest Mr. Ellis took in the Mt. Allison institutions. They felt they could claim him as one of their own. Mr. Ellis' subject was Man is All. He spoke for about an hour. At the conclusion he was loudly applauded, and a unanimous vote of thanks, moved by Professor Tweedie, seconded by Rev. S. H. Howard, tendered him. After the lecture Mr. Ellis with several members of the faculty were entertained at the home of Dr. Allison.

An interesting and exciting game of

curling was played this afternoon and evening in Copp's rink between the married and single men, resulting in a victory for the former by 7 points After the game the members of the club and their friends were entertained by Mrs. Foster and Miss Black in the room over the rink. Coffee and refreshments were served and the ladies were oted Jolly Good Fellows. There is good sledding here, and the lumbermen are getting to work in earnest. The cut in this county will

YORK CO.

Harvey Station, Jan. 14.-Although the Presbyterians have met with a severe loss by the burning of their church on Christmas eve, yet they not cast down. A meeting was held and it was determined to rebuild as soon as possible. A committee was appointed to procure plans, etc., and a meeting of the church was held yesterday to consider the report. At this meeting, which was large and represented all sections of the congrega-tion, it was decided to build a church forty-eight feet square with spire at one corner and pulpit in opposite corner. It is estimated to seat nearly four hundred and to cost between two thousand five hundred and three thousand dollars. The church burned was decessed gratians of the walker set.

A. W. Hay of Moss Glenn, Carleton Co., has purchased the stock of Parport Nason, merchant, of Fredericon Junction, and rented the store occurred by him and has commenced business. Mr. Hay will not reside at Fredericton Junction. sand dollars. The church burned was worth about eighteen hundred dollars. The building committee is A. W. Co-burn, chairman; John W. Taylor, Thos. B. Robison, Henry Swan, Robt. Lit- ed with all kinds of teams. tle, Albert Little, Jas. Rutherford, Jas. Patterson. Subscription lists will be Nobles, pastor of the F. C. Baptis opened at once. Already work has begun, a number of teams having been

Last night the York woollen mills, about seven miles from the station, were burned. They were owned by get there. Wm. B. Robinson, who purchased them about three years ago, and since then has added considerable improvements. Both steam and water power dozen hands. Lately only a part crew have been working, but Mr. Robinson parish of Southampton, and at one was about to put in the full number, time an M. P. P. for Kings, said to as he had some large orders to fill. your correspondent today, write the The cause of the fire is unknown. Sun to advocate the propriety of er-When first seen at midnight the mill ecting an alms house. The people in

Insurance fifteen hundred. The officers of Court Harvey Glen, I. O. F., for the ensuing year are D. matter at the meeting of the municiplendenning, C. R.; Robt. Grieve, V. pality which takes place at Hampton C. R.; John W. Taylor, R. S.; Robt. on Tuesday next. Robison, F. S.; Wm. Coburn, treas.; Chas. Patterson, chap.; Wm. Embeled and earnestly wished for snow has ton, S. W.; John Glover, J. W.; Albert come at last and lumbermen are mak-

Fredericton, Jan. 17.—Mayor Van-ville. It has been stationed at Spring wart and John R. McConnell went to hill. Philadelphia this afternoon, It is stated that Dr. McNally is soon

to take a position as surgeon on a cable ship. Petitions to have the city clock reset to local time have been largely signed, chiefly by the merchants and laborers

Rix Brown going from this city to Queensbury last night drove his horse into an air hole and drowned it. The rig belonged to a livery stable in this

Lumbermen are hustling all the teams they can get into the woods

KENT CO.

Richibucto, Jan. 15.-Kent's parliament opened yesterday afternoon. Miss Francelia Peck, cor. sec.; Miss Abraham Pineau of Acadieville was Annie R. Peck, rec. sec.; W. S. Starchosen warden. John T. Cale is filling ratt, treas. the position of county secretary in the absence of Geo. V. McInemey, M. Smith of the Creek, is visiting relatives here after an absence of eleven entertained the councillors and a years in Boston and vicinity.

number of leading citizens last even- A schooner sailed from the ing with an oyster supper.

nie, daughter of Hugh English of Such an occurrence in the middle West Branch, died on Sunday from consumption, aged eighteen years.

The S. school workers of Richibucto parish met at the Presbyterian church on Thursday last. Rev. Mr. Lucas, the field secretary, was present.

School Thursday last. Rev. Mr. Lucas, the field secretary, was present.

Jas. Starratit got his horse in the main river a few days ago. He saved the horse, but lost pung and buffalo.

A Chatham butcher bought nearly all the beef in this vicinity a short time ago. Prices ruled low this year. Good hind quarters sold for four

carnival held in the Aberdeen skating rink last night was in every respect house here this afternoon, before his honor Judge Wells, in the lien claim fine, the skaters in costume were out watter of Charles D. Foster and others v. the Dorchester Lotel Co. (Ltd.) and others, a hearing was had. M. G. Teed appeared for about twenty-five of the claimants; W. B. Chandler for than ordinarily attractive, and pos-sessed many new and interesting features. Those who obtained prizes and received honorable mention were deservedly praised. The singing of the servedly praised. The singing of the members of the minstrel show was very good, but was somewhat marred by the skaters closing in around them, which in future ought, in fairness to the promenaders, to be avoided. Apart from those mentioned by the judges I may stafe the local hits were exceedingly good and very much applauded. The Misses Debeo and Mrs. Dr. Pearson attracted much attention. Miss son attracted much attention. Sadie Deboo, with banjo, as Maid of Anjiers, was especially admired. The finding of the judges is as follows:

Fancy costumes—1st, Miss Sadie De-boo, Maid of Anjiers; 2nd, Miss Annie Keltie, Queen of the Night. Most original costume—Ladies, 1st, Miss L. Hallett, Huntress; 2nd, Miss C. Flynn, New Woman.

Most original costume—Gentlemen, 1st, Minstrel show, members: Dr. J. J. Daly, B. J. Sharp, C. B. Spear, O. E. Price, A. D. Hallett, Percy Hallett, Fred L. Fairweather; 2nd prize, Donegal Barber—Frank Deboo, Will Mc-Arthur, barber. The judges were J. G. Smith, Frank

Lansdowne, Ira A. McLean. There would be neglect on my par if I omitted having a word of praise for the bandsmen. Their selections were fine, and did much to enliven the occasion. The proprietors of the Aberdeen, James Lamb and H. H. Dryden, intend to have another carnival on Thursday, 30th instant, with additional attractions.

Rev. Mr. Gale, the evangelist, is to visit Sussex on the 1st day of March Mr. and Mrs. Perry, teacher of the Sussex Grammar school, will have to provide another chair for a stranger

Patrick Doherty, proprietor of the Queen hotel, has added two very handsome sleighs to his livery stock, one of them being a very handsome Gladstone. They were bought from Duncan C. Gamblin, one of our local carriage and sleigh builders, and will be a credit to the place and all con-

deceased gentleman has a very large number of descendants.

Sussex, Jan. 11.—There is exceller sleighing and the streets are well fill-Rev. B. N. Nobles, brother of Mr

Geo. D. Martin, book seller, who was employed today hauling stone for injured a few days since by slipping on the steps in rear of his sreside was in his place of business today, though compelled to use crutches

Mills & McArthur, who have salted down a very large quantity of pork and other meats, have closed for the season. They have a very large stock on road will be used to haul logs and were used, and when running to full hand, which will be marketed as soon cheaply built. Work will begin in the capacity the mill employed about a as inducements offer.

A popular justice of the peace for the was all in flames. The loss, which is my section of the county, he said, are total, is about five thousand dollars. to a unit in its favor. Many expect that my section of the county, he said, are some one of the councillors will make himself famous by attending to this

Havelock, Jan. 17.—The long expect Robison, S. B.; Chas. Robison, J. B.; ing the best of it. Another portable B. M. Kieth, phys.; John W. Taylor, saw mill arrived on Monday, under the management of Mr. Wheaton of Sack-

Two little children belonging to It is stated that Dr. McNally is soon Wallace Bleakney narrowly escaped remove from Millyille to Halifax drowning on Sunday afternoon. They attempted to cross the Petitcodiac river on the ice, which gave way and they were precipitated into the water. Assistance was promptly on hand.

The bridge over the river is nearly Reform lodge reception proved quite

brilliant affair. Gabriel Kieth, who has been ill, is ALBERT CO.

Hopewell Hill, Jan. 14.-The Hope well Young People's Society of Chris-tian Endeavor elected the following officers, last night: William A. West president; John M. Tingley, vice-pres

A schooner sailed from the Fathom by today's tide, bound down the bay.

on Thursday last. Rev. Mr. Lucas, the field secretary, was present.

Six inches of snow fell during the past two days.

Bass River, Jan 17.—This is the best fall for yarding ever seen here. A little more snow will make excellent hauling. The ice is splendid and bass fishing good.

Tived notice is schooner being laid up for the winter in St. John. The Victory the past season, but for the collision she was in on her second trip in the spring, would have made a fine showing for the summer's work, and after paying their share of the damages, over \$400, and buying new sails, the owners

Hopewell Hill, Jan. 16.—Wm. H. Mc-Leod of Harvey died this morning at the residence of his son, Johnston McLeod of Riverside, The deceased. who has been in falling health for some time, was about 55 years of age

Allen Turner, an old and greatly spected resident of Harvey, father Capt. H. A. Turner of Riverside, a Capt. J. B. Turner of Harvey, is ly very low at his son's reside latter place.

This afternoon, before Justices C. Pipes and G. M. Peck at Alb Duncan Russell of Hillsboro was fi \$50 and costs for violation of the 8 act. Four other cases have been p poned until the 20th.

The Albert county council met the Cape on Tuesday and finisi their deliberations today. Ralph C pitts has been appointed county au

Maugerville, Jan. 16.—Post P. Shields returned home last ni with his young bride at an hour deprived the small boy of his usenjoyment on such occasions. bride was Miss Kate, third daug of Geo. A. Strange of Kingsclear, York county. They were married at the parish church on Wednesday at 2 p. m., Rev. Mr. Montgomery officiating. After the ceremony the happy couple and immediate friends repaired to the residence of the bride's father and partook of a sumptuous repast. The bride was the recipient of many hand-

some presents.
Sheffield, Jan. 15.—The remains Miss Pheobe Burpee, who died in St.
John on Friday last were brought to
Sheffield on Sunday and laid away on
Monday in the family burying ground
of the cemetery in Sheffield. The funeral took place at the home of Frederick Lowerte 1 20 erick Jewett at 1.30 p. m., from thence to the church, where a sermon was preached by Rev. Austin, pastor of the church, assisted by the Rev. Mr. Freeman. A large circle of relatives and friends followed the remains to their last resting place. Miss Burpee was a great favorite with every one who knew her. She leaves two sisters and hosts of relatives and friends.

Mrs. McGowan is very ill at the home of Mrs. Jack Bridges with pneu-Sussex Grammar school, will have to provide another chair for a stranger which came to their dwelling last sold at auction on Saturday a twoyear-old Durham bull, purchased from Geo, Fawcett of Sackville; two Holstein bulls, purchased from D.W. Mc Kenzie of Westfield, and one Ayrshire bull, purchased from W. D. Smith of Blissville. The Durham and two Holstein bulls took first prizes at the ex-hibition in St. John last fall.

A. W. Hay of Moss Glenn, Carleton Co., has purchased the stock of Par-Wilson, is in charge of the business.

the next four years for carrying the mail from Hoyt Station to Juvenile Settlement and intermediate offices.

Henry Wallace has the contract for

B. AND A. EXTENSION.

Boston, Jan. 17.-An evening paper says: "President Burleigh of the Ban-gor and Aroostook believes in develop-ing the timber country between the Aroostook and Penobscot rivers. A branch road will be built in Patten, and from there northwest through 50 miles of heavily timbered land. The

JOURNALIST DEAD.

Amsterdam, N. Y., Jan. 19.—Bernard Gillam, the noted journalist of Judge, died this morning at the home of his father-in-law, ex-Senator James Ark-ell of Canojaharie. His death was the result of an attack of typhold fever.

Beware of Sneak Thieves.

"Who steals my purse steals trash, * * * but he that filches from me MY GOOD NAME," is a contemptible Sneak Thief and ought to be shunned by all honest and fair minded people
A worthless thing is never counterfeited, only that finds imitators which possesses extraordinary merit, and whose "GOOD NAME" is sounded

wherever it becomes known.

This is pre-eminently the case in regard to that Grand German Prescription, DR. NIEMEYER'S WONDER-

PRUSSIAN OIL.

Therefore be not deceived nor deluded by irresponsible fakirs into buying or using stuff with mames taken to sound as near like it as possible, whether Persian Oil, Prussian Liniment, Russian Oil Liniment, or any other cheap nostrum under the impression that you are securing that KING OF ALL PAIN RELIEVERS.

PRUSSIAN OIL.

Be sure you buy that only which has the name blown into the side panel of the bottle, as follows:

PRUSSIAN OIL, A. J. COX & SONS. HALIFAX, N. S.

THE PRUSSIAN OIL MEDICINE COMPANY hereby give NOTICE that they will prosecute any parties who at-tempt to interfere with their legal rights, by manufacturing, advertising, ing or buying any and all such pro ductions as clearly show by their names that they are intended to be dis-honest imitations of that Grand Ger-man Medicine, DR. NIEMEYER'S WONDERFUL PRUSSIAN OIL.

THE MARKETS

	Lamb, per lb	0 0516	**	0 06	
	Bief (butchers') per carcass.	0 05		0 07	
01	Deer (Country) per qu per in	0 03	-	0 06	
and	Pork (fresh) per carcass	0 05	**	0 06	
ring	Shoulders	0 08	44	0 09	
	erumin, her messessessesses		**	0 11	
the		0 16	**	0 19	
1	Butter (roll(per lb	0 17	**	0 20	
w.	Fowl	0 30	**	0 50	
ert.	Chickens	0 30		0 50	
ned	Turkey, per lb	0 11	**	0 14	
opposition of the contraction of	Ducks, per pair	0 60	-	0 80	
cott	Cabbage, per doz	0 40		0 60	
ost-	Eggs, per doz	0 16	**	0 18	
	Eggs (henery)	0 20	**	0 24	S S
art	Mutton, per 1b (carcass)	0 04	**	0 05	
ESSESSOREMEN.	Potatoes, per bbl	0 80	a	1 25	
hed	Lamb skins, each	0 50	- 46	0 60	
Col-	Calf skins, per lb	0.05	a	0 06	
udi-	Hides, per lb	0 041		0 05	
P107551389833	Carrots, Ter bbl	0 80	**	1 00	
	Beets, per bbl	0 60	"	0 80	
	Turnips, per bbl	0 50	**	0 65	
F.	Squash, per cwt	1 50		2 00	
1000000000	Cheese	0 08		0 09	
ght	Celery, per duz	0 30		0 50	
hat	Vegetable marrow	6 00		7 90	
ual	Apples			2 50	
Phe				2 00	
BI SERVER	Retai.				
iter	Beef, corned, per lb	0 06		0 10	
OFK	Beer tongue, per lb	0 07	44	0 08	
the	Roast, per Ib (choice)	0.10		0 14	

FISH. There is no change in the quotations this week. Trade has been quiet in dry and pickled fish, and not enough

frozen stock has come in to meet the demand. One dealer said on Saturday it would take fifteen tons of frozen cod and haddock to clear his order book. Line fish appear to be scarce around the islands. A sloop came in on Saturday with 50,000 nice frozen herring from Dark Harbor pond. The West India steamer takes out a considerable quantity of dry, smoked and

pickled fish this trip.

ad man he had	4 50	0.00	5 50	ä
ad, per hf bbl	4 50	-		Ę
ess shad	6 00		U UU	
ppling herring, per hf bbl	1 65	"	0 00	
y herring	1 25	п	1 30	
and Manan herring	1 25	- 66	1 30	Ä
oddy herring, per hf bbl	2 50	**	2 75	
olf Island herring, per bbl.	1 90	- 14	2 00	
elburne, No. 1, bbl	2 75	46	3 00	
elburne No 1, hf bbls	1 50	-	1 60	
rrington, ber ppl	0 00	66	2 75	
		**	4 00	
stern	3 75	**		
oso, extra large and fat	5 00	- 66	5 25	
180, fat, hf bbls	2 75		2 90	
and Manan, med, scaled.	0 00		0 05	
ngthwise	0 05	**	0 00	
ozen herring, per 100	0 60	**	0 65	
ozen cod, per 1b	0 02	"	0 00	
bsters, small, each	0 04		0 00	
out, per 1b	0.00	- 66	0 15	
out, per 10				
Retail.				
dfish, fresh, per lb	0 00		0 03	
ddock. per lb	00 0		0 03	
nen haddies, per lb			0 07	
			0 12	2
Hbut		7.00	0 12	
Prices ex Vessel			14.1	
d, medium, per qtl	3 25		0 00	
d, large	3 40	-	0 00	
d, small			0 00	
lock, per qtl	1 30	-	1 35	
hoca, per qui	0 00	- 66	1 90	

Cod, small Poblock, per qtl Hake, per qtl Hake, per qtl Haddock, fresh Cod, fresh Grand Manan herring, ht bis Smoked herring Herring, fresh, per 100 Lobsters, small, each Trout, per 1b	0 00 0 06 0 00 1 00	- 66	0 07 0 013 1 10 0 00 0 00
GROCERIES			
There is no change i Sugar remains steady.	n th	is	list
Coffee— Java, per lb, gr.en Jamaica, per lb Matches, gross Molasses—	0 24 0 24 0 29	44	0 26 0 26 0 30
Barbados	0 32 0 34 0 30 0 031/4	"	0 33 0 36 0 31 0 03%
Salt— Liverpool, per sack, ex store Liverpool, butter salt, per bag, factory filled	0 50 1 00		0 52 1 10
spices— ream of tartar, pure, bbl Cream of tartar, pure, bxs Nutmegs. per lb	0 25 0 28		0 26 0 30 0 80



PROVISIONS. While what is termed speculative pork went up nearly a dollar in Chi eago last week, the general marke has 1 of been notably affected an prices here are the same as a wee

American clear pork
American mess pork
P. E. Island mess
P. E. Island prime mess
Plate beef
Extra plate beef
ard, curpound
Lard, pure
Cottolene GRAIN, SEEDS, HAY, ETC. Oats are firmer west, and it is thought the price will not go lower this season. Trade in hay is quiet,

with no special demand from any quarter.

an h p).....

Revised Every Monday for the Weekly Sun.

price of Manitoba. The Ontario far-mers are holding their wheat. The market is firm all round. Commeal is easy. Our inside quotations on oat-It is said oatneal has been offered

1 Wb	olesale.			
Lamb, per lb	0 054	6 **	0 06	
Beef (butchers') per	Carcass. 0 05	**	0 07	â
Beef (country) per q	u per lb 0 02	- 64	0 06	88
Pork (fresh) per	arcass 0 05		0 06	36
Shoulders	0 08		0 09	88
Hams, per lb	0 10		0 11	88
Butter (in tubs), per	1b 0 16		0 19	88
Butter (roll(per lb .	0 17		0 20	86
i Knwl	0.80	44	0 50	26
Chickens	0 30	44	0 50	88
Turkey, per lb	0 11		0 14	a N
Geese	0 50		0 80	88
Ducks, ner nair	0 86		0 90	88
Cabbage, per doz	0 40	,	0 60	
Eggs, per doz	0 16		0 18	a l
Eggs (henery)	0 20		0 24	82
Mutton, per lb (carca	ss) 0 04		0 05	88
Potatoes, per bbl	0 80	a	1 25	80
Lamb skins, each	0 50	46	0 60	30
(Calf skins, per lb .	0 05		0 06	88
Hides, per lb	0 04	1/2 "	0 05	88
Carrots, per bbl	0\80		1 00	88
Beets, per bbl	0 60		0 80	86
Turnips, per bbl	0 50		0 65	
Squash, per cwt	1 50		2 00	86
Cheese	0 08		0 09	2
Celery, per duz	0 30		0 50	2
Vegetable marrow	0 00		0 01	
Cranberries, marsh,	per bbl. 600		7 90	
Apples	2 00	-	2 50	1

per bbl 0 60 " 0 80	Jamaica and valencia oranges are
os. per bbl 0 50 " 0 65	marked lewer than a week ago, and
h, per cwt	California are now quoted. There is
0 09	no other change in this list.
(his reserved) 0 001/ 11 0 01	Raisins, Cal L L, new, 20 lb
ble marrow 0 00½ " 0 01 erries, marsh, per bbl. 6 00 " 7 00	boxes 1 60 " 1 80
2 00 -" 2 50	boxes
· 特别的表现在是一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个	Camornia Clusters 0 00 " 3 25
Retail	Raisins, California Muscatels 0 05 " 0 061/2
corned, per lb 0 06 " 0 10	Raisins, Sultana 0 61/2 " 0 07"
ongue, per lb 0 07 " 0 08	Valencia, old 0 0314 " 0 04
per lb (choice) 0 10 " 0 14	do., new 0 04% " 0 05% Valencia, layer, old 0 04 " 0 04%
per lb (fresh) 0 07 " 0 10	der, new 0 06 " 0 0614
per lb (salt) 0 07 " 0 10 per lb 0 12 " 0 14	Currants, cases, new 9 041/2 " 0 05
lers, per lb 0 08 " 0 10	Currants, per bbl, new 0 03% " 0 04%
per lb 0 10 " 0 12	Dried apples 0 0614 " 0 06
res, per lb 0 00 " 0 12	Dried apples
in tubs 0 17 " 0 20	Lemons, Messina 400 "450 New figs, per lb 011 "012 Apples, per bbl 150 "2.75
(roll), per 1b 0 22 " 0 25	New figs, per lb 0 11 " 0 12
(creamery roll) 0 24 " 0 26	Apples, per bbl 1 50 " 2.75
per doz 0 18 " 0 20	Almeria grapes 6 50 " 7 50
(henery) per doz 0 27 " 0 30	Jamaica oranges, per bbl 7 00 " 8 00
(in tubs) 0 12 " 0 13	
1, por 10 0 00 0 08	Valencia oranges, case 4 50 " 4 75 Cal. oranges, box 3 75 " 4 00
per lb 0 06 " 0 08 per lb 0 04 " 0 08	
per lb 0 04 " 0 08 es, per bush 0 40 " 0 60	Honey, per lb 0 92 " 0 20 Grenobles, per lb 0 12½ " 0 14
ge, each 0 05 '' 0 08	New French Walnuts 0 11 " 0 12
per pair 0 40 " 0 60	New Chili walnuts 0 09 " 0 10
ens 0 40 " 0 60	New Naples walnuts 0 13 " 0 14
v	Almonds 0 13 " 0 14
s. per peck 0 15 " 0 18	Brazils 0 12 " 0 18
n, per 1b 0 02 " 0 03	Filberts 0 10 " 0 11
s, per peck 0 00 " 0 15	Popping corn, per 1b 0 071/2 " 0 00

The city mills have no deals to offer now, but sufficient quantities are coming in to supply the steamers oading for British ports. The quotation on country cut deals is \$9.25. There are considerable quantities avallable at railway points and there will be no scarcity. The outside markets continue in good condition. With enough snow from this time forward

there will be no difficulty in getting the logs out. The work will have to be rushed more, but it can easily be hingles, extraroostook P. B., shipping.. pruce boards FREIGHTS.

The rate to Boston is now only \$2.25 There is no other change to note. Shipments to the states were very small for the last two weeks. Liverpool (intake measure). London Bristol Channel Coast Ireland

	Boston	0.00	"	4 4	
list.	Sound ports, calling V H fo.	0 00	**		
	Barbados market (50c, x) nom	0 00	**		
	N Side Cuba (gld), nom	0 00	**	4 5	
	New York piling	0 02		0 0	
26	Boston pinng, nominal	0 014	66	0 0	
26	Boston, lime	0 00	u	0 2	
30	New York, lime	0 25	44	0 2	J
- A	OILS				
33					
36	There is no change in	a qu	ota	tio:	ľ
31	this week.				
03%	American water white (bbl	75			ě
	free	0 21%		0.9	9
52	free			-	ĕ
	free)	0 20	**	0.2	i
10	Canadian prime white (bbl	V 20		30 Mg	õ
	free)	0 17	44	0 1	ä
26	free) Linseed oil (raw)	0 54	44	0 5	
30	Linseed oil (boiled)	0 57	44	0 5	
80	Turpentine	0 45		0 4	
20	Cod ofl	0 28		0.8	
15	Seal oil (steam refined)	0 38		0 4	
20	Seal oil (pale)	0 84		0 8	į
22	Olive oil (commercial)	0 85			
16	Castor oil (commercial) per lb			0 0	ż
40	Extra lard oil	0 65		0 70	à
0114	No. 1 lard oil			0 6	
					ě
04%	COAL.			1-1	
04%		0 00	44	6 0	
04	Old Mines Sydney	0 00	**	4 6	
03%	Victoria (Sydney) per chal. Spring Hill round, per chald.	0 00	**	4 7	
03%	spring Hill round, per chaid.	0 00	44	0 00	
05%	Glace Bay		**	4 6	
-96	Caledonia, per chald	0 00		6-5	
	Acadia (Pictou), per chald	0 00		4 6	ň
15	Reserve mine, per chald	0 00		5 25	ć
28	Joggins, per chald	0 00		E 0	i

	Acadia (Pictou), per chald Reserve mine, per chald Foundry (anthractie) per ton Broken (anthractie) per ton Egg (anthractie), per ton Stove or nut, per ton Chestnut, per ton	0 00		5 25 5 25 5 25 5 25
	IRON, NAILS, I	distribution of the second		
	Refined, per 100 lbs or ordi-	2 15	"	2 30
e	Galvanized, 2c per lb, net,	Par york		
	extra	0 00	**	0 00
	Ship spikes	3 10		3 90
	Common, 100 lbs	2 00		2 20
d	Patent metals, per lb	0 00		0 13
l-	Anchors, per lb	0 00	bra	0 04
	Chain Cables, per in	0.03		0 06
	Rigging chains, per lb/	0 031/4	•	0 07
800 E)	Gtool out noils 50d and 60d	100 CO	8855.2V29	

deal more authentic."
"Oh! oh!" said the deale
a connoisseur, M. le Barol

WHAT ROTHSCHILD REGRETTED

ONE MOTHER AND HER BOY. A mother says this of her boy:— "At certain times he would throw him-self about and shriek for hours to-

0 1114 " 0 1214 0 11214

FLOUR, MEAL, ETC.

Ontario flours are marked higher

gain and are running closer to the

eal would be shaded for some grades.

ere at prices the lowest in the history

of the trade, but there is a wider range

in quality than there used to be. Mid-

FRUITS.

fancy extra fancy.

per bbl....... 2 25 LUMBER AND LIME.

Jamaica and Valencia oranges are

in their ideas.

lings are steady, with millers firmer

We have no reason whatever for doubting the truth of her statement. Indeed the case has been impartially inquired into and found to be one of marked interest. The boy was Bertie never, living with his parents at 16 Nairn street, Poplar, London, He had always been in apparent good health up to February of last year, 1892. At that time he began to have spells of sickness, vomiting what his mother speaks of as "a nauseous green fluid." This was followed by diarrhoea, his motions being of a most offensive char-

The peculiarity of the diarrhoea was its persistency; it was almost incessant, and no effort to stop it had any good result. The poor little fellow lost flesh rapidly, of course; very much as though he were perishing of what is called galloping consumption, which often terminates fatally in five or six weeks, and usually chooses its victims among young persons. He got little sleep, and at times was in great agony and acted as if in fits and convulsions. He would scream for hours together, as his mother declares.

Terrified at this, his mother took him to a doctor, who treated him for some time, but without lessening or chang-ing the mysterious malady to any de-gree. Subsequently two other doctors in succession took charge of the case. without effecting the slightest improvement in these alarming symptoms. The boy grew worse indeed, and it was clear that unless relief were obtained the little fellow's life would, at most, be worth only a few months' purchase, In July (1892) Mrs. Enever got a letter of recommendation, and took Bertie to Shadwell Hospital, where he was under treatment for three months. The doctors there were equally unsuccessful. They said he had consumption of the bowels, and was incurable; and advised the anxious mother to get a doctor to attend the boy at his own

The remainder of the history of the case is perhaps best stated in Mrs. Enever's written memorandum under date of April 15th, 1893. She says:—"I procured the services of a local physician, as the hospital doctors advised me to do; but he only endorsed what the others had said, and further told me that my boy could not last many days longer, and that medicine was of no use. He was now nothing more than a living skeleton, the bones of his spine and ribs looking as though they must break through the skin. We had to lift him up on a sheet and give him brandy every two hours. We now abandoned all hope of his recovery, and having seen six doctors to no purpose did not think it possible for him to get

"On the 12th October I first heard of a medicine called Seigel's Syrup, through a pamphlet which was left at our house. I thought as a last resource I would try it. My husband got a bottle from Mr. Davis' Drug Stores, in Commercial Road, After I had given Bertie this medicine for a few days the sickness and diarrhoea ceased, and he ate and digested food. Gradually he grew stronger and stronger, until he became quite plump and in the best of health. Scores of ghbors have asked what brought my child back to life. I tell them that Seigel's Syrup saved him after the doctors had failed. You may publish this statement if you like. Yours truly. signed) Harriett Enever.'

The reader (like ourselves) will be almost as glad over this little boy's ecovery as the fond mother and father. But what was it that ailed him? For the sake of other parents whose children suffer after the same fashion we must answer this question. f we can. And we can.

Bertie Enever's real complaint was acute indigestion with inflammation of the coat of the stomach; and torpid liver. The diarrhoea was nature's attempt to get rid of the poison (which may also have contained worms; and the spasms, or fits, were the result of the action of this poison on the brain and nervous system. The wasting away necessarily followed the diarrhoea and the suspension of nutrition. Mother Seigel's Curative Syrup removed the cause—the diseas of the stomach-and childhood again got its rights—health and happiness.

A PRACTICAL BOY. "Remember that politeness always pays, my boy," said the benevolent old gentleman to the bootblack.
"Mebee," replied the practical boy, "but I'd rather have a nickel than a "thank ye" for blacking shoes."—Pittsburg Chronicle

PROPPED UP BY PILLOWS FOR EIGHTEEN MONTHS.

Terrible Experience with Heart Disease, Yet Cured by Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Do not our largest sympathies

well out to those who suffer from heart disease? It comes so suddenly, and its symptoms are usually so distressing that the direct agony is experienced by the patient. The case of Mr L. W. Law, of Toronto Junction, Ont., who was unable to lie down in bed for eighteen months owing to smothering spells and palpitation, is by no means exceptional. Who would have thought the case could be cured, and yet one bottle of Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart removed trouble in this case. It gives such speedy relief, that even where the symptoms are less dangerous, it ought at once to be taken as a means of driving this terrible disease from the system

"Is this a fast train?" asked the travel-ing man of the porter.
"Of course it is," was the reply.
"I thought so. Would you mind my get-ing out to see what it is fast to?—Tid-



NOVA

Wholesale Ha chants

Result of the Cr ter Services

MIDD Middleton, Jan. dwelling houses, a ontaining two town during 1895. O. A. Rogers r Bell, Halifax, has Walker & Hamon will be known as Rogers. Mr. Rogers. Fred E. and Perc will open a dry go April. T. P. Cal chant of Kentvill ner, formerly m Hanson & Co., v store here early will put up a bui Bridgetown, Jan of Paradise was to Miss Fannie Fletcher Bent of ceremony was pe wedded couple 1 express for Bosto a son of Capt. Lor er Temple Bar, here and St. John

AMH Amherst, N. S., cipal council for berland assemble By a unanime Alonzo Smith of warden of the con ter of Linden, d The remains of H. Townshend,

Townshend, are tomorrow. Amherst, Jan. the late Captai arrived here this wenp, Belgium, were interred th sontic honors. Townshend of shend of Parrsb shend, Q. C., of Stewart of Hali mourners. Amherst, N. S. suspended at the

declined to go current that the he closed and for a time. Warden Alonz tertained the cot ber of guests to herst hotel. The teresting speeche

notice was given pay to take effect

fused to accede

W. Forrest and the speakers. Amherst, N. S one of Amherst' for many years yesterday after of age and was neral will take

As a result of and Hunter evar fifty persons we by baptism into and a similar nu dist church as I The county co tor Casey from Archie Dixon, was ramming p of a gun yester exploded and in

to his face. Halifax, N. S gins, a man of dead in the W this morning, from his reside heart disease. section man or The grit con

met at Truro t tended. Firman ated for the cor seeking candid the names of B Ross of Halifa were mentione yer, who has in the tempera Halifax, N. ray, member o lative council is being talked opposition car Tupper in tha

has been twice

lative council,

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sign and run

per, it will qu appointment Stipendiary people to try o this county fo being summor six, who come are: Samuel Williams, Hen and Wm. Bak John D. Mcl grit nominee today appoin that county. will not now McLeod.

Halifax, Jan. was called to t into the sudd Annie Knockwo Indian who was ago. The officis on a few rags child. There w Indians present an old stove, I stopped in the, beds, shake do

beds, shake do purpose. Fith gave his opinite natural causes. The tax refe been at work to of civic assession of the agree on the merchandise, so the merchandise, so the in Hon. George hotel yesterday him to allow Cape Breton Charles Tuppe jected to run,

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NOVA SCOTIA.

Wholesale Halifax Tea Merchants Assign.

Result of the Crossley and Hunter Services at Amherst.

MIDDLETON. Middleton, Jan. 15.—There were 12 dwelling houses, a factory and a block

town during 1895.

O. A. Rogers recently with A. M. Bell, Halifax, has entered the firm of Walker & Hamon here. The new firm will be known as Walker, Hanson & ities are \$5,000, wholly in England. Rogers. Mr. Rogers will be manager. Fred E. and Percy Bentley of Halifax will open a dry goods store the first of April. T. P. Calkin, hardware merchant of Kentville, and M. A. Shaffner, formerly manager for Walker, Hanson & Co., will open a hardware store here early in the spring. They will put up a building 60 by 24 feet.

Bridgetown, Jan. 15.—Wm. Longmire of Paradise was married this morning of Paradise was married this morning to Miss Fannie Bent, daughter of Fletcher Bent of the same place. The ceremony was performed at the residence of Rev. Jesse B. Giles. The wedded couple left on the D. A. R. express for Boston. Mr. Longmire is a son of Capt. Longmire of the schooner Temple Bar, which plies between here and St. John.

Amherst, N. S., Jan. 14.—The municipal council for the county of Cumberland assembled here this morning.

By a unanimous vote Councillor Alonzo Smith of Wallace was chosen warden of the county and George Hun-

ter of Linden, deputy warden.
The remains of the late Captain W. H. Townshend, son of the late Canon Townshend, are expected to arrive here

Amherst, Jan. 15.—The remains of the late Captain W. H. Townshend arrived here this morning from Ant-werp, Belgium, where he died, and were interred this afternoon with Ma-sonic honors. His brothers, Judge Townshend of Halifax, Dr. Townshend of Parrsboro, J. Medley Townshend, Q. C., of Amherst and Colonel Stewart of Halifax were the chief

Amherst, N. S., Jan. 16.-Work is suspended at the Joggins mines. notice was given of a reduction in pay to take effect today. The men refused to accede to the reduction and declined to go to work. Reports are current that the works are going to be closed and operations suspended

Warden Alonzo Smith tonight entertained the councillors and a num-ber of guests to a supper at the Am-herst hotel. The usual toasts followed and were duly honored. Several in-teresting speeches were delivered, Geo. W. Forrest and Col. Blair being among

the speakers.

Amherst, N. S., Jan. 19.—John Hill, one of Amherst's oldest residents, and for many years a cabinet maker, died yesterday after soon. He was 84 years of age and was the oldest me Acacia lodge, A. F. & A. M. The funeral will take place on Tuesday af-

As a result of the recent Crossley and Hunter evangelistic services here fifty persons were tonight admitted baptism into the Baptist church and a similar number into the Metho dist church as probationists.

The county council yesterday reduced the salary of Scott Act Inspecor Casey from \$800 to \$250 a year.
Archie Dixon, aged twelve years was ramming powder into the barrel of a gun yesterday when the powder exploded and inflicted serious injuries

to his face. HALIFAX. Halifax, N. S., Jan. 14.—Wm. Higgins, a man of 73 years, was found dead in the woods near Brookfield this morning, three-quarters of a mile from his residence. He suffered from heart disease. Higgins was an exsection man on the Intercolonial rail-

The grit convention for Colchester met at Truro today. It was slimly attended. Firman McClure was nominated for the commons. They have been seeking candidates for months, and the names of B. F. Pearson and W. B. Ross of Halifax, and T. P. Putnam were mentioned. Mr. McClure is a lawyer, who has taken a prominent part

in the temperance agitation. Halifax, N. S., Jan. 16.—G. H. Murray, member of the Nova Scotia legislative council for Cape Breton county, is being talked of by the grits as the opposition candidate of Sir Charles Tupper in that county. Mr. Murray has been twice appointed to the legislative council, after having been defeated at the polls, and if he does resign and run against Sir Charles Tupper, it will qualify him for the third appointment to the council after de-

Stipendiary Griffin has about thirty people to try on the charge of promoting and witnessing a prize fight in this county for a \$500 purse. They are being summoned in batches. The first six, who come up tomorrow for trial, are: Samuel Breen, Wm. Davil, Amos Williams, Henry Paw, John Leamont

John D. McLeod, who is one of the grit nominees for Pictou county, was today appointed judge of probate for that county. Subsequent proceedings will not now particularly interest Mr.

will not now particularly interest Mr. McLeod.

Halifax, Jan. 17.—Medical Examiner Finn was called to the north end today to inquire into the sudden death of an Infant child of Anrie Knockwood, a squaw, widow of an Indian who was frozen to death some months ago. The officials found the mother lying on a few rags in the corner with the dead child. There were six other squaws and Indians present. The furniture consisted of an old stove, kept together by wire. All stopped in the same room. There were no beds, shake downs of straw answering the purpose. Filth was everywhere. Dr. Finn gave his opinion that the child died from natural causes.

The tax reform commission, which has been at work three months on a new scheme of civic assessment, will not report at this session of the legislature. They could not agree on the business tax and the tax on merchandise, stocks and property generally. The grit members of the local legislature, headed by Premier Fielding, had a caucus in Hon. George Murray's room in the Queen hotel yesterday. Their object was to induce him to sflow himself to be nominated for Cape Breton county in opposition to Sir Charles Tupper. Mr. Murray strongly objected to run, on the ground that his cham-

ces of success were exceedingly slim, and that defeat now would injure his chances at the general elections. Cape Breton grits had called a convention for Tuesday next, and after a long conference Murray agreed, without consenting in the meantime to run, to attend the convention and look over the ground. It is generally conceded he will be forced to offer himself for a victim. Mr. Murray has claims to like title "professional runner," as will be seen from his record in this respect, which is as follows: Local election of 1885, defeated by 380 votes; dominion of 1887, with five conservative candidates running, defeated by 200 votes; appointed to legislative council, which he will have to resign to run now, and to which on his defeat he will be re-appointed for the third time. Notwithstanding his defeats Mr. Murray is by far the strongest candidate the grits could nominate.

NO EQUAL IN THE WORLD.

Rev. W. H. Withrow, D. D., now Touring Europe with a Canadian Party, is one of Many to Talk Favourably of Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal

There are few more noted travel-lers than the Rev. W. H. Withrow, D. D., editor of the Canadian Methodist Magazine and of other publica ions of the great Methodis church of this country. He is a wide traveller, and enjoys the opportunities that travel gives of judg-ing broadly of the merits of any ar-ticle. He has expressed the written Powder is a most excellent remedy for cold in the head and various catarrhal troubles. One short puff of the breath through the Blower, supplied with each bottle of Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder, diffuses the powder over the surface of the nasal passages, Painless and delightful to use, it relieve instantly, and permanently cures Catarrh, Hay Fever, Colds, Headache,

CHAMBERLAIN SPEAKS.

The Secretary of State for the Colonies at Birmingham.

London, Jan. 16.—Right Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, secretary of state for the colonies, received an ovation upon arriving at the Birmingham railway station tonight. In expressing his thanks for his reception,he said that he could not speak of his recent work because it was still incomplete. He congratu-lated his hearers that good had come afforded that in times of national difficulty party distinctions vanished, and that the old spirit of Englishme was not dead. He was happy to be able to say that the resources of the empire were never better prepared for any contingency.

Secretary Chamberlain and his wife then proceeded to Highbury amid pro-

then proceeded to Highbury amid pro-longed cheering.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

Starvation Said to Threaten Four Thousand People at Fortune Bay.

St. Johns, N. F., Jan. 17.—The Herthe leading merchants, showing that claiming to be friends of the people, and so great was the indignation of the public that the Morgan syndicate ing. The price of the beauty and so great was the indignation of the public that the Morgan syndicate fish has dropped considerably in the last week, and Labrador fish are absolutely unsalcable. Vessels laden with fish are making the rounds of the Mediterranean ports vainly seeking a purchaser.

Starvation threatens some 4,000 peo ple at Fortune bay on account of the failure of the frozen herring fisheries. The government will have to take vigorous measures to relieve them.

KOOTENAY STARTLING **CURES** RHEUMATISM **EVER** RECORDED. WRITE PAMPHLET CONTAINING SWORN STATEMENTS.

> S. S. RYCKMAN MEDICINE CO. HAMILTON.

BOSTON LETTER.

Business None too Good in New England Just Now.

Provincialists in and Around the Hub -Uncle Sam May Pay the Behr ing Sea Award.

tioning—Fish Showing More Activity— Smelts in Good Demand, but Prices do no Favor Sellers.

(From Our Own Correspondent.) Boston, Jan. 18.—Those who have pirthday on Feb. 29, or only once every four years, will in all probability celebrate this year with unaccustomed fervor, as that rare day, Feb. 29, will be missing from the calendar for eight years. It might also appropriately suggest that the fair sex make the most of their opportunities during the present year, for 'twill be eight when, doubtless, many of them will labor under the disadvantage of a correspondingly increased age. In other words, they should "make hay while the sun shines," unless they believe the advent of the new woman will do away with the peculiarities and customs said to be licensed by

leap year.
The protest of Hon. Galusha A.Grow, congressman from Pennsylvania, in the house at Washington, Thursday. against the delay in paying the Behragainst the delay in paying the Benring sea award to Canada, was a convincing argument, and found few out of sympathy with it. It is probable that the indemnity will be paid in a short time. Mr. Grow has served many years in congress, and at the last election he received the largest plurality ever given a United States congressman. He had 241,937 more congressman. He had 241,937 more votes than his nearest opponent.

The famous \$100,000,000 bond issue recently made by President Cleveland and Secretary Carlisle has called down an immense amount of abuse and se-vere criticism upon the heads of the president and his cabinet. The bond ssues within the past eighteen months by the national government amount to over \$250,000,000, or nearly as much as the gross debt of Canada. These bond issues were made to keep up the gold reserve in the treasury, which is gold reserve in the treasury, which is being constantly depleted by the operation of the present tariff and the rotten financial system in vogue at Washington. These bonds have been usually bartered out to a group of money kings, known as the Morgan-Belmont syndicate, which obtained them six or seven per cent lower than the ordinary market value. The last the ordinary market value. The last bond issue was decided on at midnight and even the democratic press have charged that a dark hour was chosen because the deed was dark and represented a robbery so huge that it would not bear the blush of daylight. It was classed as the most infamous scheme that has ever been concacted. ing. The price of the best qualities of fell through. The bond issues are largely the fruits of tariff reform, and while the Canadian liberals, if they bably resort to a bond issue, Canadians would, without doubt, have the expenses of Sir Richard Cartwright

to pay while he went to London one or more times to float a loan or loans. Business is none too good in New England just now, owing to various causes, including the recent stirring up which Mr. Cleveland's Venezuelan manifesto gave things. The rubber trust has closed down its factories in dozen men each in the interest of economy. One of the men who received his clearance papers was a St. John

man who has been here for about three Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Cotter of Dor-chester, formerly of Pictou, N. S., celebrated their golden wedding on Thursday evening. A large number of provincialists were present.

a speaker at a meeting of the African M. E. church in Melrose, Thursday. iMss Nellie Sarsfield, an Amherst girl, who has been employed at Ames-bury, disappeared recently and her friends are unable to find any trace of her whereabouts.

Charles Hayes, a young man arrested in Brookline this week on a charge of snatching a woman's pocket-book,

The Post has the following: "Capt. Fred V. Wedderburn of the Princess Louise Hussars, St. John, N. B., is a guest at the Langham hotel. He is not infrequently the centre of good-natured groups of "blue-noses" en-gaged in a heated discussion on the probabilities of war, and the strength of Canadian defences."

Mrs. Wm. H. Conohan, 52 years old,

formerly of Charlottetown, died on Tuesday at Dorchester. Burglars James Moran and Charles Fairfield, who were wanted for breaking and entering the I. C. R. stations at Antigonish and Riviere du Loup, have been given another trial by the New Hampshire authorities. They are being tried this week at Concord for robbing the post office at East Roch-

ester. It is expected they will be sentenced to long terms.

The old story of Chinamen being smuggled over the Canadian border is going the rounds. The U.S. government people do not believe there is a great deal of truth in it. "Mysterious Billy" Smith,well known

in St. John, and J. Kelly of Hoboken, N. J., have been matched for a contest at the Suffolk Athletic club in this city on the evening of Jan. 27.

The famous McKay will case, in which the late Capt. Laughlin McKay, formerly of Shelburne, N. S., was the testator, was again in the courts this

tions, and the demand on the spruce supply continues. There is, however, an inclination to force prices up on the strength of bad news/from the Maine, New Hampshire and provincial lumber districts, namely the prospects of a small winter's cut, owing to lack of snow. Spruce clapboards and boards are very firm. Shingles and pine lum-ber are dull. Hemlock is in a healthy condition, and is following the lead of spruce. Present quotations are as

Spruce-Frames, 10 inches and under, \$14.50 to 15; dimensions, 11 to 12 inches, \$15 to 16; 13 inches and up, \$16; boards, planed one side, \$12 to 13; planed one side, \$12 to 13; furrings, \$12 to 13; matched boards, \$14.50 to 15; floorings, clears, \$25; No 1, \$22; No 2, \$15 to 17; extra clapboards, \$32; clear, \$30; second clear, \$25; shingles, \$1.40; laths, 5-8 in, \$2.20 to 2.25; 1-2 in, \$2 to 2.10.

Pine—Eastern stock, coarse No 2, \$16 to 17; outs, \$8.50 to 9; pine sap clapboards, \$45; sap clears, \$35 to 40; matched boards, \$15 to 22.

Hemlock—Planed and butted hem-

lock boards, \$11 to 12; random, \$11 to 11.50; provincial cargo boards, planed, \$10 to 10.50; rough, \$9.50 to 10; extra cedar shingles, \$2 to 2.25; clears, \$2; second clear, \$1.75 to 2; No 1, \$1.50; extra No 1, \$1.35 to 1.50.

The fish trade has been rather more active of late, although business is still far from good. The wholesale mackerel trade has increased within the past few days. Codfish is quiet, with little doing. Pickled herring and sar-dines are unchanged and selling slow-ly. Canned, boiled and live lobsters are in strong demand at high prices. All kinds of lobsters are very scarce, and in many lines dealers are unable to fill orders. Smelts are in good demand, but prices are low, owing to heavy arrivals

100 lbs; large cod, \$5; steak cod, \$9 to 10; haddock, \$6 to 7; large hake, \$3 to 3.50; small, \$2 to 2.50; pollock, \$3; steak do, \$4; white halfbut, 15 to 17c per lb; gray, 12 to 14c; chicken, 25c; provinced smelts frozen 5c; extras \$ provincial smelts, frozen, 5c; extras, 8c to 10c; natives, 12 to 14c; frozen mackerel, 20 to 25c for large; medium, 15c; frozen herring, \$1.25 per 100; lake trout, 10c; eastern frozen salmon, 15 to 18c; fresh Oregon, 12 to 14c; oysters Providence river, \$5 per bbl; Cape, \$5 to 5.50; live lobsters, 15c; boiled do,

Salt fish-Provincial extra mackerel, \$22 to 23; provincial No 1, \$19 to 21; large Georges' cod, \$5.50 to 5.75 per qtl; medium, \$3.50; large dry bank, \$3.75; medium, \$2.50; large pickled bank cod, \$3.50; medium, \$2.25; hake, haddock and pollock, \$1.50; N S split barrel herring, \$4; Labrador, \$5; round shore, \$2.50 to 3; Newfoundland salmon, No 1, \$18 per bbl; No 2, \$16.

Canned fish-Best lobsters, \$2 to 2.25; lower grades, \$2; flats, \$2 to 2.50; Alaska salmon, \$1.25; Columbia river, fall pack, \$1.05 to 1.10; sardines, quarter oils, \$2.50 to 2.60; three quarter mustards, \$2.25 to 2.30

THE PACIFIC CABLE.

A Conference at Sydney, N S. W, on the Proposed Scheme.

Sydney, N. S. W., Jan. 19.-A conference of the postmasters general from Sydney, Melbourne, Brisbane and Adelaide, the latter representing also West Australia and Tasmanta, with Sir W. C. Reeyes, the new agent general in London for New Zealand, met here on Friday and Saturday and adopted resolutions that Saul Samuel and Duncan Gillies should be nominated to represent Australasia on the Pacific cable commission in London, and that they be requested to consult the agents general on all important points. Their decisions are to be subject to the approval of the colonial govern-Rhode Island for an indefinite period, and wages in other industries have not been advanced since the cuts down of two years ago. Two of the Boston newspapers recently discharged a should be solely on territory controlled by Great Britain, the cost of the construction and maintenance to be borne by Great Britain, Canada and Australasia, in the proportion of one-

third each. The route from Fiji to Australia is to be to Norfolk island, thence bifurcating to the nearest convenient landing places in north New Zealand and

Moreton Bay.

It was further resolved that it was highly desirable that South Austra-lia should join in the scheme. Responding to an invitation of the conference, Dr. Cockburn submitted an offer on behalf of South Australia that she was willing to co-operate provided a guarantee, either from the





We have 160 different sizes and styles, which include all the best makers of

LONG REACH.....HOCKEY,....RACING,....

.....ACME, AND..... ACHIEVED

Circulars and Price Lists furnished on application. Skates Ground and Polished.

W. H. THORNE & CO., Ltd.

MARKET SQUARE, ST. JOHN, N. B.

DON'T FORGET BAILEY'S CELEBRATED BROOMS

We guurantee them for Price, Quality of Corn, Strength and Finish, to be superior to any in the market. We de iver in 5 doz. ots and upwards, freight paid to your station direct from the factory

JARDINE & Co., 28 and 30 Water Street



cannot be made out of horses that are out of condition. Merely to feed plenty of oats is not enough. A horse gets run down the same as a man and needs a general toning up.

Dick's **Blood Purifier**

head and lifting his feet.

MILCH COWS are greatly benefitted by it. The whole system is toned up. The digestive organs being strengthened, more nutriment is drawn from the food and the flow of milk increased.

Dick's Blood Purifier will pay for itself ten times over.

For saie by druggists, at general stores or sent post paid on receipt of 50 cts.

Dick & Co., P. O. Box 482, Montreal

WHAT THEY SAY OF MR. POWELL B. C. LUMBER FOR THE "BALTIC." Montreal Herald, grit.)

Mr. Powlel, who moved the address, looks somewhat like Dr. Weldon, and his veice is much the same. He is a strong debater, and is bound to make his mark in the house if he remains in it.

(Montreal Gazette, lib. con.)

destination, Valygaster, about June next. The Crown Prince is a Norwe-

Mr. Powell as one of its members.

(Toronto Globe, grit.)

Mr. Powell made an altogether favorable impression in the speech which he made. His voice is musical, and his poise and manner easy and self-possessed, so that those who listened could readily believe that he was one of the best speakers in the New Brunswick legislature, where he had a seat during two terms.

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The amproved WHITER

The supproved this paper.

The supproved this paper.

The supproved the service of silvering the money and leave the basket of silverin

(Victoria Colonist, Jan. 7.) It will be satisfactory to British Columbians to know that the lumber of if he remains in it.

(Montreal Gazette, lib. con.)

Mr. Powell is a pleasing and agreeable speaker, of unpretentious manner and address, who created a most favorable impression on the house. His style is easy, forcible and graceful, his method good, and his matter better, so that he is certain to prove a valuable acquisition to the debating power of the conservative side of the house. Unless your correspondent is very much mistaken, this young gentleman will make his mark, and it wifil he a good, big, broad mark, too. Mr. Powell devoted the first twenty minutes of his speech to the paragraph in the speech relating to the Manitoba school question, and he dealt with the subject in a manner which showed that he had deeply studied it, which is more than can be said of the majority of the gentlemen who have spoken on the question in the house.

(Ottawa Citizen.) this province is shortly to find a mar-

> her cargo is a very large one, including many timbers over 120 feet long. There was a rumor being industri-Thursday's Montreal Star, that all the Prince Edward Island cheese had been sold in block to one well known shipper, but certain enquiry proved the report to be incorrect, or at least premature. That important negotiations are under way, however, in reference to this stock seems to be a fact, and results are awaited with more than

the usual interest.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, the 7th October, 1895, the trains of this Railway will run daily (Sunday excepted) as follows:—

TRAINS WILL LEAVE ST. JOHN.

TRAINS WILL ARRIVE AT ST. JOHN

The trains of the Intercolonial Railway are heated by steam from the locomotive, and those between Halifax and Montreal via Levis are lighted by electricity.

All trains are run by Eastern Standard Time.

D. POTTINGER, General Manager. Ratiway Office, G. Moncton, N. B. 7th October, 1895.

THE WEEKLY SUN.

ST. JOHN, N. B., JANUARY 22, 1896.

ANOTHER VACANCY.

(Daily Sun, Jan. 20.) One more is added to the numbe vacant constituencies, by the death of Mr. Bryson, the estimable member for Pontiac. Mr. Bryson was serving his third term, having been first returned for Pontiac in 1882. In 1887 he had a majority of over seven hundred. In 1891 there was a division in the party, which had two candidates in the field. As a consequence Mr. Murray, the grit candidate, was returned. though his vote was five hundred less than the combined vote of Mr. Bryson and Mr. McLean. Mr. Murray lost his seat before the year was out through the cruelty of the election in 1892. Mr. Bryson was then returned

There are now nine vacant seats Cape Breton and Shelburne in Nova Scotia: Northumberland in this province; Charlevoix, Missisquoi, Sou-langes, and Pontiac, in Quebec; Monck and Hamilton in Ontario. Every one of these was held by a governmen supporter, though in the case of Charlevoix the late member was elected as an opposition candidate over a liberal conservative. The grit majority in 1891 was 357. Mr. Simerd subsequently lost confidence in his party and gave an independent support to the government.

by a majority of 741

THE TRANSVAAL

The government of the South African Republic is doing nothing rashly. President Kruger is sustaining his reputation for sagacity. There remains the fact that the republic contains more foreigners than Beers, and that the Uitlanders belong to races which will not endure long continued injustice. Nothing in favor of the Boer superior strength was proved by the fact that 2,500 of them, supported with Maxim guns, were able to hold in check and cause to surrender 600 weary and hungry raiders. The settlers with whom Kruger or his successor has sooner or later to deal, are as good frontiersmen as the Boers. There will never be another Majuba Hill, and no one knows it better than President Kruger and Commandant Joubert. If they desire to preserve the independence of the Transyaal, they must live on good terms with the foreign colony in the republic. The ent might have kept them out at the beginning. But the government for the advantage of the country, begged foreign capitalists and men of enterprise and skill to go and develop the wealth of the T This cannot be undone even if it were the desire of the Boers to undo the work that has made then the richest community of their class in the world. President Kruger has not asked Emperor William for his sympathy, and does not appear to be disposed to question the British suzeranity. He seems still willing to be on good terms with England, and probably has no wish to take up direct diplomatic relations with other countries. The Transvaal is of a retiring disposition.

Canadians who are accustomed hear their foreign neighbors openly planning for the acquisition of this country can appreciate the feelings of the Boers of the Transvaal. As age goes in their region, they are an old power in South Africa. If the greater part of South Africa was claimed by Portugal before the Dutch owned it, the Dutch are more ancient owners and settlers than the English. As a community they are refugees who quitted Cape Colony when it became English, and again left Natal when it passed over to Great Britain. They have tried to find a place which they might own and where they might have things their own way. This desire has, however, been tempered by a disposition to get rich. They have not been able to overcome a yearning for British gold, and British brain and enterprise to help them make the most of their native wealth. Sooner or later this cosmopolitan instinct will destroy the plans of those plous men who dreamed of perpetual isolation and laid the foundation of a Beer republic that they fondly thought would last forever.

THE FUTURE.

It is the business of the politicians and press opposed to the government to perpetuate the recollection of the recent unpleasantness at Ottawa, This is good enough politics in the absence of a positive programme. On the other hand, it is the best politics and the only statesmanship for the members and supporters of the government to drop the discussion of past difference and to prepare for the future. During the period of intermission, more than a hundred private members of anxiety, the progress of events. Looking back over the dircumstances, one must be impressed with the strength and reserve power of a party whose no signs of weakening or wavering.

By dividing the opposite camps, they might have done a great deal of informed in respect to the fresh water championship would fall. It was finally decided in tayor of F. B. Meatermined the questions of organization, they showed their faith in the strength and stability of the party to which they belonged. Not for a moment did the opposing force separate man from the ranks, or weaken his allegiance. The rank and file of the party set a fine example to the officers and leaders, and furnished the strongest argument for a prompt set-

The liberal conservatives will for time be exposed to attack and ridicule because of the events of the last fortnight. It is not worth while to spend too much effort in defence. To plead that the whole affair was exaggerated, and that there was not much of a disagreement, is unprofitcourts, and another contest took place able. It was an awkward business, and is well over. If the government has come out of the affair stronger and more effective, as we believe it has, the best way to prove it is by going forward and accomplishing something. The liberal conservative party did not acquire its present posttion by defending itself, and will not hold it by paying attention to the

> It is agreed that the time has come for the better arming of the militia This has been discussed a long time If it is necessary to legislate to this end, the sooner the measure is brought down the better, and when it become law, let the programme be carried out at once. The same may be said of the defences. The fast line steamship question has been in the bill of fare for two or three years. The questions of freight and passenger service and of winter ports might as well be taken up now and dealt with energetically and decisively.

We have as one of the ministry, and will soon have as leader of the commons, a statesman who understands better than any other Canadian the questions relating to the closer organsation of the empire. There was never time when the subject of the commercial relations of the different sections of the empire was more a live question than it is now. The next two or three years will be great years in the history of the British empire, and of Canada's share in imperial desfinies. In the domestic affairs of Canada the liberal conservative party will not cease to be Canadian, nor will its policy cease to be a national policy. In our dealings with the empire we hope to find the party an imperialist party, in the best sense of the word. The leaders are expected to avoid the provincialism and sectionalism in domestic matters that characterize their opponents. They are also exp as of yore, any surrender of national control to a foreign land which seeks to gain an advantage over Great Britain

In the great issues which press upon

us as Canadians, and as British sub-

to honor the members with a discusjects, the school question of Maintoba sion of some leading commercial or is a small affair. ousiness question. THE VERY WORDS. Sir Richard Cartwright's famous

Boston speech was one of the topics Thursday in the house. Sir Richard demands and should have the justice of accurate quotation. This was the speech in which he proposed to make Boston the Canadian winter port. After referring to the fact that the grit policy would create a new tier of nrothern stsates Sir Richard said: You are the natural shipping port, especially in winter, for very large sections of our territory. You lie within very easy distance of our chief cities and of the most popu-"lous portions of our dominion. Given free trade with Canada and you rise at one stride from the position in some respects of a frontier city, with no great extent of trade territory secured to you, to that of a central entrepot, with the practical monopoly of a great region behind you, whose commerce no man can take away from you." The business carried on today at Sand Point is a part of what Sir Richard promised to Boston as part of the great policy. It was at this same meeting that Sir Richard listened without protest while the chairman said: "Our liberal friends, Fielding and Longley of Nova Scotia, Davies of Prince Edward Island, Mercier and Laurier of Quebec. Cartwright of Ontario and a host beside look to us, the people of the United States, for the sign by which they shall conquer." He added: "The whole region of Canada will, when this commercial union is established, become as if she were so many vast territories added to our domain."

THE FISHERY COMMISSIONER.

Mr. D. G. Smith of the Chatham Advance, has been appointed provincial ishery commissioner in the place of the house of commons, supporting the the late J. Henry Phair. Mr. Smith is government, were watching with great a pugnacious sort of newspaper man, who has supported the Blair government long enough and hard enough to deserve something from the premier's hands. The duties of the office representatives at such a time showed have not heretofore been very exact. watching. This is a fact.

At all events he is entitled to the appointment on his merits, as well as do not get many offices, and Mr. Smith has The Sun's congratulations. Only he might have waited another week before supporting Mr. Blair as a federal candidate for Northumberland.

SIR CHARLES AT MONTREAL

Montreal is a big commercial city and has among its business men much of the largeness of mind which belongs to a great trade centre. But like other and smaller places it has its shore of little men, and those few who thought that Sir Charles Tupper should not be allowed to address the board of trade after he became a member of he government are among them. The high commissioner had been asked to address the board on the subject of mperial preferential trade. the date of the address he had become member of the Canadian cabinet The change in his position does not affect the question of preferential duties or change Sir Charles Tupper's view of the question. His message was neither made better nor worse because of his change of position. If it was calculated to instruct the busiess men of Montreal when delivered by Sir Charles as high commis it should equally instruct them when spoken by Sir Charles as secretary of state. Those who raised the objection were apparently of the opinion that the government might get some political advantage out of the address un der the present circumstances. This was a compliment to the secretary of state, but why should not the government have received advantage of the same sentiments when uttered by a high commissioner, provided the goverment held the same views? There is no reason why the opposition should not adopt an imperial policy and get whatever political benefit there is in it. It would contradict the party record, but this has not hitherto been regarded as an objection to the adoption of a new grit platform. One indignant Montreal man has declared that if Sir Charles Tupper were allowed to advocate his policy before the board of trade Sir Richard Cartwright should also be invited to address the body in favor of his policy. Well, why not? Sir Richard has in the past preferred to address commercial bodies in Boston and other United States ports, to which he has been generous enough to offer a monopoly of Canadian traffic. It would not be a had idea for him to show equal good will to some Canadian port. Our own city is not as large as Montreal. It and financial centre for the whole dominion. But it has a board of trade which will listen with pleasure either to Sir Charles Tupper or Sir Richard Cartwright, or both, if they choose

The party objections to Sir Charles Tupper's appearance before the Montreal board of trade appear to have faded away as the time for the meeting approached. The audience was no doubt worthy of the address, which we hope to be able to present in full to our readers in a day or two.

THE REVISED MONROE DOCTRINE

The foreign affairs committee of the United States senate has agreed on an interpretation of the Monroe doctrine which carries the policy far beyond the lines laid down by President. Cleveland and Secretary Olney. The report of the committee is in one respect a condemnation of the position of Mr. Olney, who the other day assured Great Britain that if Venezuela greed to the English claim the United States would have no further right to interfere. The foreign affairs committee distinctly affirms that the South American state cannot be allowed to settle a question like this with a European power unless the settlement please the United States. Such an agreement might mean a transfer of territory to the European power, and an increase of European holding in America is reported to be a violation of the Monroe doctrine. This virtually means the establishment of a protectorate or suzerainty over the whole continent. President Monroe had no such idea, but the doctrine will probably be maintained in the form stated by the committee until it leads to a war between the United States and ton. There were five distinct charges some other country. It is not unlikely that the other country will be one of the wards who resents the wardship.

The grits who have been explaining how very old and remarkably feeble Sir Charles Tupper is, are sending an uncommonly large body of healthy men to fight him in Cape Breton. They would hardly get together a stronger force if they thought Sir Charles cap able of effective resistance.

The New York Mail and Express says that the British navy, and especially the flying squadron, will bear

in U. S. Senate.

President Cleveland Has Extended it. Beyond its Proper Scope.

peech of Mr. Sewell Against Applying the Monroe Doctrine to Other Countries.

shington, Jan. 20.—Two upposg phases of the Monroe doctrine nted in the senate today, the committee on foreign relafavoring a strong re-affirmation well of New Jersey urging that the yond its scope as to threaten danger-

Mr. Davis presented the committee report, as he is the author of the resodying the essential feat Sewell's speech attracted attention from the fact that it is the uterance opposition to the prevailing tendthe New Jersey senator used direct language in criticisism the haste of the president in precipitating a question which involved the posibilities of war. Mr. Sewell began the debate on his previous resolution, reciting that President Cleveland had extended the Monroe dootrine beyond its proper the doctrine was for the ests of the United States and was not an obligation to aid and protect southrn republics. The resolution recites that the president's course was premature, and that the Monroe doctrine s not commit the United States to protectorate of southern countries. The senator, reading from the message, said the president clearly desired contingency of war. The senator quoted from resolutions

Mr. Webster, showing the exact pur poses and original scope of the Mon doctrine. In 1863 Senator Clayton of Delaware pointed out in the senat that the doctrine of Monroe was not addressed to foreign nations, but was recommendation to congress, which congress declined at the time and has ever since declined to accept. The congress sitting at the time the Monroe messasge strongly opposd the doctrine.

Henry Clay offered a modified reso ution, but it could not pass. Lewis Cass referred to the doctrine as a dead etter. Mr. Sewell gave the position of John Quincy Adams, Jackson, Van Buren and other statesmen on the doc-trine, showing their constant and suc-

Taking up the Venezuelan question, Mr. Sewell pointed out that the president's position involved the most exand dangerous application of he doctrine thus far made.

It was not based on the interests of the United States, but on the force exerted by a strong power against a weakened South American nation. It clearly led to the assumption of a pro-tectorate by the United States over nd all South American

It involved the necessity of our preparing ourselves with arms and am munition to execute the duties and obligations of such a protectorate. Venezuela had been in a state of constant turmoil and revolution for twenty-five years, said Mr. Sewell. These people of the southern republics were subject to internal discord and revolution. It behooved the United States to pause and consider well the extent of an obligation which made us the guardian of these turbulent countries. hey could give offence to foreign ountries was undoubted.

Mr. Sewell said he felt the circum ances of the moment had led to an extreme assertion of our position which would entail serious results if parried out by congress. The first evolutions of popular excitement and the desire of some persons to indulge in sharp utterances, based on supposed patriotism, were not the best basis for intelligent and serious action.

In conclusion Mr. Sewell said: cannot but think that a matter which has been slumbering so many years in a state of diplomatic repose might have been delayed a few months long er. It appears to me," continued Mr. "that in this respect the action of the executive has been alike and premature. country is in a state of recovery convalescence from the financial malady of 1893. In this view it appears to me that the action of the executive been most unreasonable At the close of Mr. Sewell's speech Mr. Daniel gave notive that he would address the senate on the subject next

WOODSTOCK.

Thursday.

Carleton County Scott Act Violators Fined for First Offences.

Chess Tournament The Mock Parliamant Proving a Great Success

Woodstock, Jan. 20.-Violators of the Scott act have been called to book during the past week. Among them is Wm. Staten, councillor for Aberdeen, and who keeps a hotel at Fareston. There were five distinct charges against him, and four convictions for first offences were made. Israel Graham, clerk for R. H. Seaton, was taken to jail in lieu of paying a fine. Elisha Thornton was convicted of one offence and has to answer other charges on Tuesday. The informant in these cases is John W. Pritchard, a young man who has been in Woodstock for some months. some months. The news of the death of Wm. Mo.

The news of the death of Wm. Moore in Moncton was heard here with regret. Deceased lived here for something like two years, clerking in the drug stores. He had lots of friends. A chess tournament has been carried on in town for the past few months, among those taking part being Hon. H. A. Connell, Jas. McManus, John Melaney, J. A. Landsay, H. S. Leighton, It., F. B. Meagher, Dr. Griffith and Thos. McRae. The games

The town council will have its first

eting this evening, when it is probable the committees will be struck. It is said that Coun. D. A. Grant will be chairman of the street committee; A. E. Jones, water works; H. E. Gallagher, electric lights. J. S. Leighton, jr., will probably retain the chairman-ship of the fire committee, a post which he has held for some years

The Woodstock mock parliament is turning out to be a successful enter-tainment and an instructive school, J. mier and minster of justice, at the meeting on Friday last submitted for its second reading a remedial bill. It is a carefully gotten is a carefully gotten up and compre-hensive measure, and will give ample occasion for discussion during the next few weeks. The question will be sharply debated at the meeting on Friday evening.

A grand carnival was held in the coller rink on Friday evening, over 50 masqueraders being on the floor, and three or four hundred spectators present. The costumes were elaborately and carefully gotten up, and the judges had no easy task in deciding the question of prizes.

LOTS OF FROZEN FISH. Boston, Jan. 18.-Five cargoes of frozen herring arrived from Fortune bay and there are now 13 vessels on the way with cargoes. Most of the vessels have left Fortune bay and have gone to Placentia bay, for the reason that the herring have given out at the former point. Frozen herring have been very firm, but are easier, since the recent arrivals, and prospects for more. They are quoted at \$1.25 to 1.50 per 100. or at 3 to 3 1-2c per lb. The total arrivals for the week were 100 vessels, with a total of 1,280,500 lbs of fish; preeding week, 26 arrivals , with a total of 363,300 lbs of fish; same week a year ago, 57 arrivals, with a total of 932,300

A BOSTON VIEW (Herald, Saturday.)

The lack of snow in the spruce lumber regions is proving a serious matter to the loggers. This is written on the 17th of January, and there has not yet been a single week of good hauling. Phere is little or no snow in the woods. Cutting and yarding have been carried on till there is a good deal of lumber ready to be drawn, but no snow for moving it. It this condition continues much longer there will be a great scarcity of logs that must mean higher prices for spruce the coming season. CANADIAN WHEAT ADVANCING. (Trade Bulletin, Friday.)

There has been a further advance in the price of both Manitoba and Ontario wheat, the latter having advanced bout 4c per bushel and the former about 3c to 4c during the past week Sales of red and white winter wheat have been made at points west of Toronto at 70 to 72c. A short time since the same class of wheat sold at 65 to 66c. It is said that millers in Ontario find great difficulty in getting sufficient wheat for their requirements; and in Manitoba it is reported that the re-ceipts are so small that the big milling concerns are putting up prices on

FARMERS DOING WELL IN HAY. Quebec farmers are getting splendid eturns for their hay, says the Trade Bulletin, \$12.50 to \$13 per ton having een paid during the past week at country points by Montreal and American buyers, as compared with \$5 to \$6 last summer. This shows an advance of over 100 per cent over the prices obtainable last year, and although a large proportion of the crop has been shipped out of the country, there is a considerable surplus still in farmers hands. Within the past few days sales have been made of No. 1 baled hay at stations on the C. P. R. and Grand Trunk in lots of 10 to 25 cars at \$13 f. o. b. for New York account. In this market spot supplies are scarce, and car loads of baled have brought \$14.25 and \$14.50, and yet, strange to say, a dealer offered 10 cars of No. 1 to arrive at \$13.50 and could not get it, aith uyers would have taken a single car at \$14.25 on spot. American buyers are still operating in the country, a Mon-treal firm being offered \$13 for 100 tons at a station on the Grand Trunk for New York account. There is also more enquiry for Western Ontario where supplies are again light and prices advancing. Reports from Toronto state that seven cars of No. 1 Quebe sold on track in that city at \$14.75, and one car at \$15. Hamilton is also asking for hay as well as London, Guelph and other points as far as Owen Sound. In Montreal the latest sales reported were for single cars of No. 1 at \$14.25. Roads are still bad in the country for want of snow, and receipts continue light on that account. To give some idea of the gains made by farmers in Quebec province on their hay crop this year, we may mention the fact that on 50 acres of hay a farmer admitted that he had cleared \$1,250.

THE LOW PRICE OF POTATOES The continued low price of potatoes is very remarkable, sales of car lots on track having transpired in Montreal at 33 to 35c. per bag of 90 lbs. for good to choice Hebrons and Early Rose Several cars of fair stock were offered at 32c. Advices from stations west of Montreal state that sales have been made as low as 10 to 12c per bag. In Quebec province values are so low that armers are feeding them to live stock and using them largely in place of bread. Last year at this time potatoes sold in Montreal at 55c in car lots on

P. E. ISLAND.

Tryon, Jan. 14.—On Saturday afternoon a meeting of the patrons of the Tryon creamery was held: Great satfaction was expressed with the results of the year's work. It was reolved to continue butter making. The officers of Peerless division, S. of T., were installed on Monday evening, by P. G. W. P., Geo. W. Fisher. S.E.Reid of the Tryon woollen mills. is away on a business trip.

Crawford, Jan. 14.-The examination of this school took place on Friday afternoon. County Inspector Campbell and Mr. Carruthers of the Victoria school conducted the examination. The school is becoming one of the first unschool is becoming one of the first under the able principal, J. S. McPhail.

DEPARTMENT. Conducted By J. W. Manchesten'. V. S., St. John, N. B.

The Weekly Sun takes pleasure in otifying its readers that it has perfected arrangements with J. W. Man-chester, V. S., whereby all questions with respect to diseases of the lower inimals will be answered by him, and treatment prescribed in those cases where it is asked for through the col-

All enquiries must be addressed VETERINARY DEPARTMENT. Weekly Sun, St. John, N. B.

J. S.-I have a mare fifteen years old that foaled last spring. We weaned the colt about two months ago, but neglected milking the mare. She took lame in the hind leg. I bled her and gave her medicine, bathed the leg and rubbed it with hot pickle. The lameness seemed to improve, and I worked her a little, but she got worse again. The most heat and swelling is in the

Ans.—The lameness is probably due o a severe sprain of the hock joint. Warm fomentations to the joint will be useful, and after the inflammation in the joint subsides, blister the joint well with a mercury blister, one part of bihlodide to five of lard and vaseie. Complete rest and repeated blistering would afford you the best ch of cure.

A Subscriber.—I have a five-year-old Jersey cow took a heavy cold this fall. She has recovered from the cold but has a bad cough. She seems well in every other way, eats well but is thin in flesh. Please answer in next issue of Weekly Sun.

Ans.-Your cow is suffering from ome form of lung trouble, possibly tubercular disease. Keep in a warm, well ventilated stable, give plenty of nutritious food and tonic medicine, You will find cod-liver oil in doses of from two to four ounces daily very

L. C.-I have a St. Bernard dog with pernumerary claws on the hind legs. I want to remove them. Is there any special way, and what is the after reatment?

Ans,-Remove the claws with a sharp knife or large pair of scissors and dress the wound with a saturated solu-

SIR CHARLES IN MONTREAL

A Powerful Address Delivered in the Presence of One Thousand Business Men.

Elected Mayor-The Secretary of State and Lady Tupper Leave for Cape Breton

Since Joseph Howe's great oration in Detroit, thirty-six years ago, has a body of mercantile men listened to so powerful an address as that delivered before one thousand merchants today by Sir Charles Tupper, whose eloquence and vigor was a sur all who heard him. Preferential trade beween Great Britain and her colonies was Sir Charles Tupper's theme, and he treated it in a masterly manner. He showed that the policy was making great headway in England. There could be little doubt that if the coming congress in June adopted a policy of 10 per cent, preferential tariff it would produce an home authorities, and would be accepted before long by the British people. But it was when the secretary of state referred to Canada's loyalty to the empire that the enthusiasm was at its highest. When this policy is adopted the United States will then know that we have cast in our lot with the mother land, and we are prepared to do and die in defence of the flag that has braved a thousand years battle and the breeze. Alderman R. Wilson Smith was

elected by acclamation today as mayor of Montreal Sir Charles Tupper and Lady Tupper left this evening by the C. P. R. fo Cape Breton.

GREAT BRITAIN AND BRAZIL

Immediate Restitution of the Island of Trinidad Demanded.

Buenos Ayres, Jan. 20.-A despatch o La Preuso from Rio Janeiro says that Senhor Carlos Carvalho, minister of foreign afairs, is preparing a note ing the immediate restitution of the island of Trinidad, which has been occupied by Great Britain. The is stated that a refusal on the part of Great Britain to restore Trinid Brazil will lead to a rupture of diplo matic relations between Great Britain and Brazil.

THE CHRONICLE REJOICES.

London, Jan. 21.—The Chronicle in an editorial rejoices over the news of the signing of the Behring see treaty as an event of happy omen, proving that reason still sways the Anglo-American relations. It asks why the Venezuelan question cannot be treated similarly, and says:

"We can see nothing in the Davis esolution which did not exist in the earlier form of the doctrine, or which prevents arbitration on the Venezuelan

REV. DR. ARMITAGE DEAD.

New York, Jan. 20 .- Rev. Dr. Armitage, the well known Baptist minister, died at him home in Yonkers today. He was born in Yorkshire, England, in 1819. He was the oldest Baptist minister in the city in point of

TOO REAL

CITY

The Chief E Week in

Together With from Correspond Excha

When ordering the WEEKLY SUN to the NAME of the which the paper is that of the office t Remember! The office must be ser ensure prompt con

NOTICE TO COR News corresponding time to not later than S to ensure insertion

H. H. McLean olicitor of the C the Dominion Exp James Straton ha

tice of law in St. ... Ritchie's building. C. A. Hoyt of Ha for the purpose of light in Cushing's

Timothy McCart T. McCarthy, at on chant in this city, few days ago. Hazen A. Campl

Queens Co., came per St. John lumb Steward Whitma West Indies this to Doherty of the Ro

tle weighing 110 lbs.

Londonderry roll sumed work after four years. Nine are being built and night, employing

York woollen mi Harvey, were destro insurance, \$1,500, in pany, of which R.

Collector Ruel ha Messrs. McBeath Kain of the custon his salary.

The editor (Mr. seriously ill from g the skilful treatme is rapidly improvin able to resume Maple Leaf. John Lowery, who

moted to the position waiter in the custo ary has been incr The death occurre Thursday of Mrs.

of Dr. W. O. Fairw daughter of the late of Kingston, Kings The death occurr the 13th of Father of the Society of Canada, Rev. Fa president of St. Jos ramcook, went to

Despatches receiv state that the so time since while Kingsport for Hay ed into Mariguana the Bahamas.

the funeral.

The Sackville P appearance last v agement of A. man with busines and is making so style of the paper. Miss Mabel Mo

Hamilton McKee,

nesday afternoon,

C., where she will to her cousin, Mi mond, whose marr the 22nd inst.—Fr Owing to Rev. his daughter, ther preaching in the church for some day prayer meeting

school sessions

usual.

A novelty in place in R. B. Tray street. Last week of his windows covered with from successfully done designs on the wi and vines and ma picture.

The causes of board of health ending Jan. 18th 3; old age, 1; still 1: Bright's diseas ach, 1; broncho-pi ar meningitis, 1; 1; inflammation ease (tuberculos

H. G. Watter chant, left town E. Hardison, wi know where to that Watters or from him under failed to pay for has obtained som

INARY DEPARTMENT. ed By J. W. Manchesten:

S., St. John, N. B. ekly Sun takes pleasure in its readers that it has per-angements with J. W. Man-. S., whereby all questions ect to diseases of the lower ill be answered by him, and prescribed in those cases s asked for through the col-

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sprain of the hock joint. tations to the joint will and after the inflammation subsides, blister the joint mercury blister, one part to five of lard and plete rest and repeated blis-ld afford you the best chance

ber.—I have a five-year-old took a heavy cold this fail. overed from the cold but cough. She seems well in way, eats well but is thin se answer in next issue

r cow is suffering from of lung trouble, possibly ted stable, give plenty of food and tonic medicine, ind cod-liver oil in doses of to four ounces daily very

have a St. Bernard dog with rary claws on the hind legs. remove them. Is there any y, and what is the after

ove the claws with a sharp arge pair of scissors and ound with a saturated solucic acid.

RLES IN MONTREAL.

Address Delivered in the ce of One Thousand Business Men.

r-The Secretary of State and er Leave for Cape Breton

Jan. 20.—Never perhaps Howe's great oration in rty-six years ago, has a cantile men listened to so address as that delivered thousand merchants today arles Tupper, whose elovigor was a surprise to d him. Preferential trad at Britain and her colonies aries Tupper's theme, and in a masterly manner. He t the policy was making tle doubt that if the comin June adopted a policy ent. preferential tariff it ice an impression on the rities, and would be acwas when the secretary erred to Canada's loyalty e that the enthusiasm was est. When this policy is United States will then we have cast in our lot ther land, and we are preand die in defence of the and the in defence of the s braved a thousand years and the breeze. R. Wilson Smith was colamation today as mayor

Tupper and Lady Tupper

ming by the C. P. R. for

RITAIN AND BRAZIL.

Restitution of the Island inidad Demanded.

res, Jan. 20.—A despatch of from Rio Janeiro says Carlos Carvalho, minist airs, is preparing a note he immediate restitution of Trinidad, which has by Great Britain. It is refusal on the part of to restore Trinidad to ead to a rupture of diplo-ns between Great Britain

RONICLE REJOICES.

in. 21.—The Chronicle in oices over the news of f the Behring see treaty of happy omen, proving still sways the Anglo-Amons. It asks why the nestion cannot be treated says: ee nothing in the Davis sich did not exist in the

of the doctrine, or which ration on the Venezuelan

ARMITAGE DEAD.

Jan. 20.-Rev. Dr. Armil known Baptist minisim home in Yonkers toborn in Yorkshire, Eng-He was the oldest Bap-in the city in point of

TOO REAL.

hat snowstorm you have derfully realistic. must be. A tramp got in-ne day and caught sight of fore he went out.—Tid-Bits.

()

THE WEEKLY SUN.

CITY NEWS.

The Chief Events of the Week in St John.

Together With Country Items from Correspondents and Exchanges

When ordering the address of your WEEKLY SUN to be changed, send the NAME of the POST OFFICE to which the paper is going as well as that of the office to which you wish Remember! The NAME of the Post Office must be sent in all cases to ensure prompt compliance with your

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS. News correspondence must be mailed in time to reach this office not later than Saturday afternoon to ensure insertion in THE WEEKLY SUN of the following week.

H. H. McLean has been appointed solicitor of the C. P. R., and also of the Dominion Express company,

C. A. Hoyt of Halifax is in the city

few days ago.

Hazen A. Campbell of Petersville,

Londonderry rolling mills have resumed work after a silence of nearly

notification of the superannuation of Messrs. McBeath and Laird. S. W.

John Lowery, who was recently promoted to the position of searcher and ary has been increased \$100 per an-

The death occurred at Rothesay on Thursday of Mrs. Fairweather, wife of Dr. W. O. Fairweather. Deceased, who was an estimable lady, was a daughter of the late Rev. W. E. Scovil of Kingston, Kings county.

The death occurred at Montreal on his death, also at the funeral. the 13th of Father Beaudet, provincial of the Society of the Hely Cross in Canada. Rev. Father Rey, C. S. C., president of St. Joseph's college, Memramcook, went to Montreal to attend

Despatches received here on Friday state that the sch. Jennie Parker, which was abandoned dismasted some time since while on a voyage from Kingsport for Havana, has been towed into Mariguana, a small island in the Bahamas.

The Sackville Post makes its first appearance last week under the management of A. H. McCready. The new editor and manager is a young man with business ideas of his own and is making some changes in the style of the paper.

Miss Mabel McKee, daughter of Hamilton McKee, west end, left Wed-nesday afternoon, for Washington, D. to her cousin. Miss Beatrice Hammond, whose marriage takes place on the 22nd inst.—Fredericton Gleaner.

Owing to Rev. Mr. Nales being detained at Woodstock by the illness of his daughter, there has not been any preaching in the Otnabog, Queens Co, church for some time, but the week day prayer meetings and the Sabbath school sessions have been held as

A novelty in photography can be seen in R. B. Travis drug store, Main fact, all the Merritt property on Prince street. Last week Mr. Travis had one of his windows photographed while covered with frost and it was very last the wharf belonging to the estate of the late Charles Merritt. It of his windows photographed while covered with frost and it was very successfully done by J. Salmon. The successfully done by J. Salmon. The designs on the window represent ferns and vines and make a very handsome plcture.

The causes of death reported at the board of health office for the week ending Jan. 18th were: Consumption, 3; old age, 1; still born, 1; diphtheria, 1; Bright's disease, 1; cancer of stomach, 1; broncho-pneumonia, 1; tubercular meningitis, 1; epileptic convulsions, 1; inflammation of lungs, 1; spinal disease (tuberculosis), 1; total, 13.

H. G. Watters, commission mer-chant, left town on the 11th, and W. E. Hardison, who puts up canned goods at Welland, Ont., would like to know where to find him. He alleges that Watters ordered a lot of goods from him under an assumed name and failed to pay for them. Mr. Hardison ed some of the goods.

A Zealand Station. York Co., correspondent of the Fredericton Gleaner writes: "While Mr. Harrigan was en route with last Friday's mail, the Zealand mail bag, with its contents, was totally destroyed by fire, the mail bags being strapped to his cart at the time. Mr. Harrigan says that he cannot account for the fire, and thinks the bag contained some combustible substance."

News was received in this city on Saturday of the sudden death of Jas. M. Spence at Coney Island, New York. Mr. Spence was a former resident of the north end and had been in the hotel business at Coney Island.

The choir of St. Andrew's church
has been greatly strengthened. The
notable additions are Miss Louise
Skinner (soprano), Thomas Murray
(tenor), and Frank Henderson (bass).

Court Shefield, No. 1666, I. O. F., Wed-esday evening installed the following officers for the present year: C. F. Venning, C. D. H. C. R.; M. E. Gilbert, C. R.; C. F. Venning, P. C. R.; W. Chase, V. C. R.; H. LeB. Venning, R. S.; W. E. Venning, F. S.; E. Durpee, treas.; A. Bridges, chan.; George Banks, S. W.; T. E. Bridges, J. W.; E. Chase, S. B.; I. W. Stepher.son, J.B.; G. R. Camp, M.D., physn; H. LeB. Venning, representative of high court.

John Andrews, who was stricken with paralysis last Wednesday while at work at Price & Shaw's, died on Saturday evening at his residence, 515 Main street. Mr. Andrews had been in the employ of the above firm for the past thirty-eight years, and was high-Timothy McCarthy, son of the late

T. McCarthy, at one time a coal merchant in this city, died in Boston a

few days ago.

The annual meeting of the Dominion Rifle association will be field at room 31, Scottish Ontario chambers, Sparks Queens Co., came home from the upper St. John lumber woods last week with a broken arm.

31, scotush Ontario chambers, sparas street, on Wednesday, the 22nd January at half past four p. m. This meeting is not called for the transac-Steward Whitman of the str. Taymouth Castle brought up from the
West Indies this trip for Raymond &
Doherty of the Royal hotel a live turtle weighing 110 lbs.

At Chubb's corner Saturday W. A. four years. Nine puddling furnaces are being built and will run day and four years. Nine puddling furnaces are being built and will run day and night, employing about one hundred 1902, at 2 3-4 per cent. premium; three York woollen mills, at York Mills, stock at 152 per cent. premium, and \$1,500 city 4 per cent. bonds, due 1911, Harvey, were destroyed by fire on the 14th inst. at 1 o'clock a. m. Loss, \$7,000; offered 22 shares of the St. John Railinsurance, \$1,500, in the Western com-pany, of which R. W. W. Frink is stock at 63 per cent. Mr. Genow stated stock at 68 per cent. Mr. Gerow stated the timber, etc., advertised had been

The death occurred at Petersville on Messrs. McBeath and Laird. S. W. Thursday morning of Essle E., daughter of W. J. Woods, at the early age received an increase of \$50 per year in of 27 years. Miss Woods has not been in very good health since October last, but as late as last Wednesday even-

The funeral of the late Colin Campwaiter in the customs, has received bell Carmichael, whose death occur-the pleasing intelligence that his sal-red at the residence of his sister, Mrs. R. D. Boal, Sussex, took place at English settlement, Kings Co., on Thursday, Jan. 16. The services at the church and grave were conducted by Rev. Mr. Sutherland. Before leaving Sussex a short service was held by the Odd Fellows at the house of Mr. Boal. The friends of deceased are grateful for many kindnesses shown by resi-dents of Sussex both before and after

At the regular meeting of Volunteer Association, Patrons of Industry, at Long Reach, Kings county, the officers elected were as follows: President, Benjamin Crawford: vice-president, James Fullerton; secretary, D. O. Mc Dougall; treasurer, Charles Crawford; guide, R. T. Seeley; sentinel, Jas. E. Janong; Mirerva, Mrs. R. T. Seeley; Demeter, Mrs. W. H. Williams; C. B. Porter and C. A. Holder, auditors for 1896. This association was organized in May, 1885, by Duncan Marshall, and has now a membership of about 30.

A Sun correspondent recently visited the establishment of J. D. Mc-Quaid, the famous bird fancier of Little York, P. E. Island. In one room Mr. McQuaid has 170 birds, chiefly canaries, a few robins, a bulfinch, an American bulfinch, and are unusually large snow birds, and an unusually large owl. Lovers of birds will find it agree able as well as profitable to examine the collection. Mr. McQuaid deals quite extensively in dogs as well. Just now he has about two dozen very fine poodles and three handsome fox ter-

The firm of T. McAvity & Sons have purchased the real property belonging to the Merritt estate, upon which the building now occupied by them as a brass foundry and warerooms stands, Merritt's wherf, and the property of the estate between the Globe office and the Bank of New Brunswick; in ments.—Globe.

The death occurred at his residence Adelaide road, Friday evening, of Fred L. Hea, at the age of 46 years, Deceased was a well known citizen, and came here from Fredericton many years here from Fredericton many years ago. He had an attack of typhoid and took a relapse, which resulted in his death. Mr. Hea was paymaster sergeant in the artillery, a prominent Mason, being a member of New Brunswick lodge, New Brunswick chapter, Encampment of St. John, and St. John Council of Royal and Select Masters, also a member of Union lodge, K. of P., and a Forester. He leaves a widow tut no family.

Advertise in THE WEEKLY SUN.

A Zealand Station, York Co., cor- THE SUN PRINTING COMPANY, The annual meeting of the Union ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY. ssuing weekly 8,800 copies of THE VEEKLY SUN, challenges the circulation of all papers published in the Maritime Provinces. Advertisers please make a note of this.

Attention is directed to the advertisement in this issue of P. S. MacNutt & Co. A good opportunity is offered to active agents to sell machinery, etc.,

Court Lepreaux, located at Lepreaux, Charlotte county, was instituted by the high secretary, F. W. Stituted by the high secretary, F. W. Emmerson, on Jan. 7, 1896, with twenty-four charter applicants. The following are its officers: H. P. Reynolds, M. D., C. D. H. C. R.; L. Cameron, C. R.; Frank H. Daley, V. C. R.; Jonas H. Stafford, R. S.; Thos. J. Taylor, F. S.; S. Stafford, treas.; W. H. Taylor, S. W.; Fred Shaw, J. W.; Wm. Taylor, S. B.; Wm. J. Elliott, J. B.; Samuel

the use of weights, springs and latches and cannot be slammed, so to speak. The fact of the door being always clos-ed creates a great saving in fuel.

John C. MeDade, a well known printer, and brother of Michael McDade of this city, died at Boston Highlands Wednesday morning. The deceased was formerly a compositor in the Daily Telegraph office, where he learned his teen years has been in the composing room of the Boston Globe. He will be well remembered by the oldest printers of St. John as a rapid typesetter and a man of generous nature, which made him many friends. He eaves a wife and seven children, his wife being a Miss McCarthy of the north end. The remains were interred

In the probate court on Friday the will of J. McA. Hutchings was proved

Q. C., on behalf of Jerusha J. Williams for leave to sue upon the administra-tion bond. The claim is that Mrs. Williams is entitled to a distributive share of the estate which she has not received from the administrators, and consequently it is intended to comnce suit upon the bond. Before do ing so it is necessary to obtain leave from a judge sitting in equity.

In Watters v. Watters, on motion of W. Watson Allen, the referee's report was ponfirmed upon the sale of the premises.
Wiley v. Waite was set down for hearing at Fredericton on Feb. 4th.

Know What You Chew



Is free from injurious coloring. The more you use of it the better you like it.

olub was held Monday night, the follow-ing being elected: Judge Barker, presi-dent; Geo. H. Trueman, vice president; H. V. Cooper, secretary-treasurer; S. S. de Forest, W. E. Vroom, G. Wetmore Merritt, A. W. Lovett, F. E. Sayre, D.

An order of the Canadian Home Cir-An order of the Canadian Home Circle was organized at Lower Milistream hall Jan. 17th with the following officers: George F. Kennedy, past leader; John E. Good, leader; Mrs. Louise A. Menzie, vice-leader; Robert Sharp, chaplain; Mrs. Sarah McAuley, secty.; Samuel A. McAuley, fin. secty.; George Hawks, treasurer; J. E. McAuley, marshall; Mrs. Anna Snider, guard; L. R. Murray, medical examiner.

The esteem in which the Rev. C. W. Townsend is held by his friends of the Jemseg and Mill Cove Baptist or, S. B.; Wm. J. Elliott, J. B.; Samuel Stafford, P. C. R.; Thos. Haggerty, chap.; H. P. Reynolds, M. D., physician. The night of meeting is the fourth Saturday of each month. he was presnted with a very handsome fur cost. L. P. Feris, M. P. P., made ment was returned by Mr. Townsend, who apeared much gratified by such a tangible and thoughtful evidence of his people's regard.

admiralty court, Mr. Justice Irvine, assisted by Capt. Smith, R. N. R., as

An accident occurred in T. McAvity An accident occurred in T. McAvity & Sons' foundry Monday morning shortly after eight o'clock. Henry Dick, machinist, was heating a piston rod at the blacksmith's forge in the brass finishing department. The rod was hollow and had some water in it. The heat generated steam and the piston rod exploded, blowing up the forge. Dick was struck by a piece of the metal and his wrist broken. He was taken to the hospital. John Gra-

A comment of the control of the country life the street over the creak was lately be distance from the study be not control of the shore road close to the sore road close to the sore

thefir annual meeting on the 16th. The accounts of the treasurer were audited and passed. The earnings of the year were in excess of the ordinary expenditures. The interest account caused a small deficit. To complete the buildings and outfit an amount was expended beyond the paid up capital. As the prospects of earning a sufficient amount to pay the defit thus created were not good, the stockholders very reluctantly determined, at a meeting held a few weeks ago, to sell the property. The officers elected are:

W. H. Thorne, president; C. Flood, vice-president; Jas. Fleming, T. B. Hanington, J. A. Likely, directors; Chas. A. Everett, secretary-treasurer.

In the equity court on Friday morning, in the matter of the estate of James Price, who died about twelve years ago, an application was made by John D. Williams and Silas Alward,

JOGGNS STRIKE. by the Press for a statement concern-ing the strike at Joggins mines. Mr.

B. Schurman returned last evening from a most successful moose hunting trip, bringing with them the carcasses of five "monsters of the forest." two of them being brought complete-unskinned Such a show as was seen in G. W. Stewart's yard this morning

has probably never been equalled in the province.

The adjourned annual meeting was held Monday night, when the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: Dr. J. W. Baniel, president: T. Barolay Robinson and W. M. Jarvis, vice-presidents; Rev. A. G. Hamilton Dicker, chaplain; Alfred Porter, secretary; J. B. Stubbs, assistant secretary; C. E. Macmichael, treasurer; and Arthur Everitt, J. H. Pullen and Dr. H. G. Addy (with the president and chaplain) charitable committee, J. T. Hartt, Wm. Robson and Dr. T. Walker were appointed investigating committee, and A. W. Lovitt, Dr. Geo. Addy and C. M. Bostwick junior marshals

Votes of thanks were passed to the retiring officers, slight amendments were made to the constitution and bylaws, and a strong committee appointed to consider as to the best method of celebrating St. George's day, and to report to a subsequent meeting.

Four new members were elected and nine names nominated for member

BACK AGAIN

A. A. Benson, the popular repres It would seem that perfection has at last been reached in the matter of "doors." The Bank of Montreal has just been furnished with one of the Van Kannel patent revelving doors, which is giving a great amount of satisfaction. Paradoxical as it may appear, when the door is wide open it is tightly closed, in fact it is always is tightly closed, thus excluding all draft, closed, thus excluding all draft, angenents with the tug to tow her dust, etc. The peculiar but simple conditions are the conditional patent of the Waterous Engine Works Company of Brantford, Ont., arrived here yesterday. While at his nome here was unfortunate enough to dislocate his right shoulder. Since his departure from St. John Mr. Benson has placed an Allis band mill at Batiscan, Quebec, for parties in Elizabethtown, N. J. He has also replaced some stightly closed, thus excluding all draft, rangements with the tug to tow her dust, etc. The peculiar but simple conditions are the company of Brantford, Ont., arrived here yesterday. While at his nome here was unfortunate enough to dislocate his right shoulder. Since his departure from St. John Mr. Benson has placed an Allis band mill at Batiscan, Quebec, for parties in Elizabethtown, N. J. He has also replaced some strained by St. Townsend, who appeared much gratified by such thoughtful evidence of here yesterday. While at his nome was unfortunate enough to dislocate his right shoulder. Since his departure from St. John Mr. Benson has placed an Allis band mill at Batiscan, Quebec, for parties in Elizabethtown, N. J. He has also replaced some strained by such that the properties of the was unfortunate enough to dislocate his right shoulder. Since his right shoulder. from Matane to Quebec. On the way here the bark was stranded on Red island reef and was a total wreok. The action on the part of the bark's owners is to recover the amount of the loss of the ship. The case is an important one to the simple community. portant one to the shipping community and creates a good deal of interest.

The argument commenced yesterday be made up by an increase in the demorning and lasted all day, and will norning and lasted all day, and will mand for portable mills, which will be resumed this morning. The case is be required to cut the logs which canbeing heard by the judge of the vice not be satisfactorily watered.

FUNERAL OF THE LATE FRED. L.

A large number of people attended the funeral of the late Frederick L.
Hea Monday afternoon. The members
of New Brunswick lodge, F. and A.
M., and delegates from other societies,
representatives from Union and New officers of the Artillery, organizations to which the deceased belonged, walk-ed in a body dressed in plain clothes The services at the house were conduc

formed by Rev. Fr. Walsh in the presence of a large number of the friends of both bride and groom, notwithstanding the event took place at 5.30 a. m.

The bride looked very pretty in a becoming travelling costume of dark goblin blue, with white chiffron ruche. bridesmaid, were a dress of black silk, with a bodice of dark goblin blue and white lace trimmings: R. W. Connor

supported the groom.

After the ceremony the happy couple with their immediate relatives, repaired to the residence of the bride's father on Main street, where a sumptuous wedding breakfast was partaken of. Appropriate addresses were made by JOGGNS STRIKE.

A. Dick, general manager of the Canada Coals and Ry. Co. was in Amherst Friday morning and was asked beston, New York, Toronto and other cities. The bride was the recipient of many costly and useful presents.

by the Press for a statement concerning the strike at Joggins mines. Mr. Dick declined to say anything at present concerning the situation. It is understood that the management offered the men the same rate of wages that was in force in the other mines, but they refused, though advised to accept the reduction by the union committee. Rather than continue the company decided to close down the mine.

DEATH OF MISS E. A. GARD.

The death occurred Monday morning from general debility of Miss Eleanor Ann Gard, eldest daughter of the late Thomas Gard. Deceased lady had for several months been alling at her home, Horsfield street, but only during the last few days was it thought that she could not recover. Miss Gard Deceased lady had Thomas Gard of Worcester, Mass. She was known by many and respected by all her acquaintances.

GREAT HUNTING.

(Truro News, Friday)

G. W. Stewart, T. S. Pattillo and F. B. Schurman returned last evening from a most successful moose hunting trip, bringing with them the car-

TWO SIDES TO THE QUESTION. "You den't mean to say that the cashle MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED we want for every town-keys Scotia and Prince Edward Island a representative for "Farming," the most pop-ular, attractive, interesting and instructive magnetics in America. Must have experi-ence in canvasing. Very favorable terms offered, Address The Bryant Press, 26 Bey street, Torento, Ont. OLD POSTAGE STAMPS WANTED—Of Canada, U. S., New Brunswick, Neva Scotla, P. E. I. and Newfoundhand that were used before 1870. High prices paid for rare varieties. Send stamps (or a fist) to me for prices and references. Address, C. H. W. NEWTON, Paris, Ontario, Canada.

OUI THIS OUT and return to us with you will get by return mail A GOLDEN BOX OF GOODS that will bring you in more mones in one month than enything else in America.—A. W. KINNEY, S. J. S., Yermouth, N. S.

WANTED HELP-Reliable men in every locality (local or travelling) to introduce a new discovery and keep our Show Cards tacked up on Trees, Fences and Bridges threughout town and country. Steady amployment. Commission or Salary, \$55.00 per month and expenses, and money deposited in any hank when started. For particulars, HE WORLD MEDICAL BLECTRIC CO., London, Ont., Canada

NOTICE

All persons are hereby cautioned against tream in any manner on that certain let or parcel of milerness land situated in the Parish of Havelock, in the Kings, N. B., and distinguished as let No. 21 en Samuel Fairweather's survey A. D. 1840, and deeded by Oswell Price and Barbar his wife to William Robinson and Wessley S. Postances. ing so they will be prosecuted as the law directs.

H. H. PICKETT, B.C.L. ATTORNEY, NOTARY, ETC.

BARNHILL'S BUILDING, ST. JOHN, N. B.

Accounts collected in any part of Maritime revinces, Returns prompt.

ACTUAL BUSINESS FROM THE START.

the Exhibition held in this city last September, our attendance has increased to such in extent that two more teachers being required were engaged, and a new bank built and placed in our Business Department. The new bank is 35 feet long, with glass front and seven windows, the set of books in it costing more than one hundred deliars. There is nothing to equal it this side of Boston.

Our system is patented and copyrighted and cannot be used in the other colleges in this vicinity.

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Undoubtedly the Best Club Offers Bend to Frank Leslie's Publishing House, N.Y. for New Mustrated Premium List, Free.

Wheat is apparently tending upward in Ontario and Manitoba, and there is consequent strength in the flour market.

LIVELY IN PARLIAMENT.

The Debate on the Address Continued.

Dr. Weldon and Mr. Kenny Handle Cartwright Without Gloves.

Sir Hibbert Tupper Also Takes a Hand in the Discussion on Sir Richard.

Ottawa, Jan. 17.-This has been a stormy day in the house. At the out-set everything portended quiet, but it is impossible to tell when the storm may spring up, and this has certainly been as lively a day as one could wish. Sir Richard Cartwright's un-fortunate remarks of yesterday that Nova Scotia was the dry nurse and wet nurse of boodlers, a remark for uttering which the liberals are cursing Sir Richard under their breath, was the cause of all the rumpus.
Dr. Weldon delivered an eloquent

speech in defense of the character of the public men of Nova Scotla, and than whom there is no man more re-spected in the house, should have deeply resented, and in strong lan-guage at that, the insulting refer-ences made to the public men of his native province by Sir Richard Cartght. The opposition were entirely the defensive, and evidently they feel very sore at the unfortunate posi-tion in which the blue ruin knight has

The debate on the address was continued in the senate joday. Premier Bowell made a personal explanation that in reconstructing the cabinet he had made no compact that in a given time he should retire. The matter was left an open question.

The debate on the address was re-

sumed by Mr. McMullen. DR. WELDON

followed, dealing briefly at the outset with the trade question. It was necessary, he thought, to utter a few plain words. Sir Richard Cartwright used an expression which caused un-speakable pain to Mr. Borden, when referred to the character of Nova cotia's public men. He called them a rascally pack of boodlers. Nova Scotia has her faults but she has one normous vanity. That little peninsula walled in from the sea with its iron bound rocks all along the coast was proud of one thing. It was singularly proud of its public men. It had

as suspicion which it never whispers, and he thought he was the first Nova Scottans who ever in this house whispered it in the capital of the dominion; the Alian line, the Dominion line, and the capital of the dominion; the Alian line, the Dominion line, and the population had ever had a group of public men of such singular ability, genuine devotion to the public service. (Cheers). And when he heard Sir Richard Cartwright speak of this pack of boodlers his memory brought back days of which he (Weldon) knew back days of which he (Weldon) knew back days of which he (Weldon) knew back days of which he statesmen dead, he would not speak of the statesmen dead, he would not speak of the statesmen dead, he would not speak of the living. Was Herbert Huntington of Yarmouth a boodler? He had a name of the hone in the dominion. It reads as follows:

Mr. Kenny said he would have pleasure in complying with the hon, gentleman's request. Mr. Laurier occupied a position of responsibility in Canada. He was the representative to direct the overflow of the people of the British Islands to this Canada of the party in whose ranks there were many loyal hearts, but on the occapion referred to in Boston he made a speech in which he stated that Canada of the British Islands to this Canada of the party in whose ranks there were many loyal hearts, but on the occapion referred to in Boston he made a speech in which he stated that Canada of the party in whose ranks there were many loyal hearts, but on the occaping the party in whose ranks there were many loyal hearts, but on the occaping the party in whose ranks there were many loyal hearts, but on the occaping the party in whose ranks there were many loyal hearts, but on the occaping the party in whose ranks there were many loyal hearts, but on the occaping the party in whose ranks there were many loyal hearts, but on the occaping the party in whose ranks there were many loyal hearts, but on the canada of the party in whose ranks there were many loyal hearts, but on the occaping the party a suspicion which it never whispers, and he thought he was the first Nova. boodler? He had a name of honor in a boodler? Was Robert John Uniacke podler? Were the Stuarts, James names of power and honor in Nova Was Lawrence O'Connor Doyle a boodler? Was old John Young a boodler? Or were his distinguished Did any foe in the bitterest and hottest fight in Nova Scotia ever charge John, George or Young that he was a boodler? Take James W. Johnston, a man with perhaps as strong intellect as able character, beginning life poor and dying beloved by the people of Nova Scotia, was he a boodler? (Cheers). Was any man ever foolish enough to charge that that man who was enshrined in the hearts of the people of Nova Scotia a boodler? (Cheers). Sir, I come to the last and the greatest of them all, Joseph Howe, for whom we are now striving to build a monument

Halifax. (Cheers). Old Joe Howe,

as the people affetionately call him,

years dead, whom they loved with an

No man in the province, taking him

all in all, had the abilities he had; nay, I will go further in saying and I will risk my reputation for historic persaying that no man born in British North America, and no man born abroad who has served the Queen the same time to maintain her own in North America, taking him all in all, his gifts of mind, his nobleness of character, his brilliancy of imagination, with his remarkable gifts of eloquence (whom I have heard speak and whose speeches I have read) was a word in reference to wounding susceptibilities of Nova Scotians by his observations when he had solve the adjournment of the house, said he would like to say a word in reference to wounding susceptibilities of Nova Scotians by his observations when he had solve the new terms are the said of the house, said he would like to say a word in reference to wounding susceptibilities of Nova Scotians by his observations when he had solve the said that the said of the house, said he would like to say a word in reference to wounding susceptibilities of Nova Scotians by his observations when he had solve the said that the said Whoever dreamed of calling Joseph observations when he had spoken of Howe a boodler? Money he never cared Nova Scotia as being the nurse of for. These are the names. I am speaking for. These are the names. I am speaking lions. (Opposition, Oh, oh, and a voice, of the dead. These are the names "You are changing your tune.") He which the people of Nova Scotia have was not ashamed of anything that he of the dead. These are the names versity professors, not all the teachsition of power and preferment an unworthy public man. (Hear, hear). It the spirit of that statement that he referred to these able, unselblameless public men which Scotia had given to Canada. He should also have remembered the lds, the old master of the rolls, and him who died only a few years be oughtto put the feelings of deliago. He need not speak of one who cacy on one side now for the purpos recently passed from our midst. Were of making a few observations. Si recently passed from our Thompson boodlers? Sir Richard Cartwright knew Sir John Thompson, and he need not say now how unfortunate was his remark. Sir Richard Cartwright did made in parliament. not know how deeply he wounded the hearts of many men in this house. He of order.)
(Weldon) was not a Nova Scotia boy. Sir C. F he was a New Brunswicker, born in that all the prominent public men whom eloquent reference had been made by Dr. Weldon died the personal

there. We are proud of our public men. No other province in Canada is so proud of her public men as we are, and we are specially proud of their good character. The remarks of the hon. Sir Richard Cartwright were therefore, very unfortunate.

Taking up the other questions Mr. Weldon said that last night Mr. Dickey had referred to a debate of

in times of war threatened that mag-nificent imperial power centred in the British isles was that our people were not quite sure of their food supply. saw that they were buying more than two-thirds of their wheat sup-ply from abread and not raising quite than two-thirds of their wheat supply from abread and not raising quite Richard Cartwright made to Nova
one-third at home. Once again this Scotia was his excuse for taking part
question was coming to the front, and
he hoped that those remarks cabled lection of the house that Cartwright
yesterday from London were an expression of a true movement that was pour insult and contumely on the repression of a true movement that was pour insult and contumely on the re-on foot and that the imperial authori-presentatives of the province of Nova ties had answered back the call. In Scotia. Indeed the steady studious this connection he ought to refer to insults which he had heaped on reprethe efforts of Mr. McNeill, who in sea-sentatives of the maritime provinces son and out of season had advocated were a matter of notoriety in the

growl of menace uttered the other day by the German Kaiser, and the attitude of deflance to England he assumted in face of all the possible compilications that might follow, accentuated the danger of the mother country depending upon foreign nations for her food supply. (Cheers). He hoped that hereafter English statesmen would see what colonial statesmen saw long ago, what must come from this fruitful English race that breeds so fast in the British islands and overflows into the empire's own colonies, in Australia, in Canada and in South Africa. If Ganada could hold that overflow, which has gone to other countries in the past, how soon would the prairies of Canada, the fertile land of South Africa and the plains of Asstralia be filled with a teeming people. (Cheers).

Therefore he hoped, if the government of the definition of Canada to the United States and a management of the stated that Nova Scotians were so corrupt that the year would mot have them. That at another the member of his stridy, he had put himself on record that the complained of was the statement that he had "rehashed" the report of his Boston speech.

Mr. BORDEN

Condemned Mr. Kenny for misrepresenting Mr. Laurier, interrupting, said what he complained of was the statement that he had "rehashed" the report of his Boston speech.

Mr. Kenny said he thought he used the company which he and Mr. Laurier interrupting, said what he complained of was the statement of his Boston speech.

Mr. Kenny said he thought he would withdraw. (Cheers.)

After some observations from Mr. Casey, the debate was adjourned and stone the mount of the mount of the mount of the countries in the used the commercial union of Canada and the United States, a measure which was calculated if foot intended to destroy the independence of Canada which Mr. Blake told his liberative of the countries in the mount of the countries in the the countrie Therefore he hoped, if the government should be reconstructed, as he was sure it must, if it were to go to was sure it must, if it were to go to Boston and said things there of which the country with any hope of success, he ought to be ashamed.

that the most capable man would be placed at the head of the department said if Mr. Kenny had anything to placed at the head of the department said if Mr. Kenny had anything to say to him let him say it now. of the interior in order to develop a policy, to join hands with the imperial authorities, with the C. P. R. and the

servant girl. (Laughter.) The soldier remarked to the lord of the house: servant girl. (Laughter.) The source remarked to the lord of the house: be in difficulty, but his friends behind him would not help him by preventing him would not help him by preventing him (Kenny) continuing his speech. It was well known that the report of laughter.) What was the descendant laughter.) What was the descendant laughter.) What was the descendant laughter. Beston some doing there with the crew of Glens, himself with such subterfuge. (Oppothe Farrers and Hitts? Surely he sition yells of "Order.") nust see rising these phantoms of the Farrers and the Wimans marching be-fore his vision in a ghastly procession like ghosts at the banquet of Macbeth.

Laurier's speech was so offensive that the loyal men of the party told him it was bad policy, and consequently a Sir Richard Cartwright for the moment for got his prime duty to his duty of patience when stung by ne-glect he was spoken of for the first He wondered if Sir Richard remembered what the witches in Macbeth cheers). Why did not the oppsaid. It might he paraphrased as foll-shout over that? (Applause). lows: Hail, thane of Cawder, hail, that a nice loyal Canadian sentiment? Glamis by the good will of the Canawhom they loved with an affection yet dian electorate. He is a member of strong, although he is now twenty-two parliament, by the favor of our good Queen, he is knight of the Grand Cross of St. Michael and St. George, ection as boys love their own

Dr. Weldon concluded a magnificent speech by insisting on Canada maintaining a dignified position in her re-lations with the United States. She had been revised. (Renewed hould be careful not to wound the feelings of her neighbor, but yet at rights. (Loud cheers.)

SIR RICHARD CARTWRIGHT having first moved the adjournment

put in the niches in our temple of had said in Washington, Boston and fame. (Cheres). He agred with Sir New York, and would repeat it any-Richard Cartwright that not all ser- where. (Derisive cheers.) He had mons in pulpits, not all lectures of uni- never volunteered the honor of people of Nova Scotia the honor of the pub ings of your scholomasters, not all the lic men of Nova Scotla. It was the writings in your press, can undo what late Mr. McLellan who spoke of the boodlers in Nova Scotia. He (Cartwright) said that Nova Scotia had produced many honored men, but at the same time a type of boodlers the

worst the country had ever known

(Derisive cheers.)

SIR CHARLES H. TUPPER, who was loudly cheered, said he thought by Mr. McLelan, but it was significant Cartwright-He made none. (Cries

Sir C. H. Tupper, continuing, said he could tell Cartwright they and political friends of Sir Charles extremely sensitive pepole Tupper, although they had previously

posed him. (Cheers.) Sir Charles proceeded to mention a few facts re-specting the antecedents of Cart-wright. He quoted from a statement prepared in 1778 by a commission ap-pointed to detect and defeat conspira-cies in the state of New York. All Taking up the other questions Mr. Weldon said that last night Mr. Dickey had referred to a debate of four or five years ago, when the idea was advanced that the empire should strive to develop and perfect trade relations with our own colonies and make herself independent of food supplies from foreign powers, who might that we saw that the one danger that in times of war threatened that mag-

number of interesting documents re-lating to Sir Richard's great grandfather. He was repeatedly cheered.

MR. KENNY

said the insulting reference which Sir the efforts of Mr. McNeill, who in season and out of season had advocated it with a fixity of purpose and with a devotion to imperial interests and with that strength to imperial feeling that all knew. (Cheers).

It was with great pleasure that he saw that sound imperial idea, which if it ever bore fruit, promised so much for the development of Canada, taking this step in advance. (Cheers). The growl of menace uttered the other day by the German Kaiser, and the assumed in face of all the possible compli-

say to him let him say it now. position cheers.)

of U. E. loyalist doing in Bostom some time ago. He and Erastus Wiman as thick as two thieves. What was he which Mr. Laurier had for protecting

Continuing, Mr. Kenny said that Mr. it was bad policy, and consequently a rehash of his speech appeared in the timates will be passed in their entirely rehash of his speech appeared in the depends largely on the opposition. It depends largely on the opposition of what appeared in a contended by some that the life of the conte Queen and country. He forgot the He had a report of what appeared in the Globe in his hands. One observation of the hon, gentleman was "even time as senator from Ontario. (Cheers.) at this day Canada and England have interests totally apart." (Ministerial cheers). Why did not the opposition (Renewed cheers).

Then Mr.Laurier went on "and the time will come when in the very nature of things separation will take place." (Ministerial cheers). He but senator from Ontario. Please God quoted the hon. gentlemen observations as he desired to be both fair and just to him. Now Sir Richard Cart-wright had also been to Boston (Laughter). He wondered if his spee

> ter). Cartwright (rising in towering rage) -It will be found reported in the transactions of the society under whose auspices I spoke. Dr. Montague-What was the date

Cartwright-Let the hon. gentleman take his seat. (Laughter).

Mr. Kenny stated that on that occa-Canada of a northern tier of states of most estimable man.

which Boston would be the entreport Ottawa society is all agog over Boston no man living could take it their excellencies in the senate ch from it. (Cries of dissent). Well he ber on February 17th. A series of eight

At this moment Mr. Hazen handed to Mr. Kenny the report of Cart-Senator Perley, a New Brunswicker wright's Boston speech, which he read by birth, Thursday night entertained to the house, showing that his recol- at dinner in the senate-restaurant lection of it was substantially cor-rect. He proceeded to criticize the op-position severely for their unpatriotic conduct, and in closing quoted the words of Mr. McLelan, uttered in the house in 1882, where he had entirely explained away and apologized for language which he had uttered agains Sir Charles Tupper. Mr. Kenny, who spoke under frequent interruptions, held his ground with splendid effect, and the vigor of his remarks was de-monstrated by the ugly mode in which the opposition greeted them. It being six o'clock the speaker left

of "Quote it.")

the chair.

After recess MR. MARTIN ided Cartwright, and then spoke on the school question, denying

nway had entered into a con with Laurier to restore the separate schools should be come into power. He said Manitoba would never submit to the restoration of the old educa-tional system unless forced upon them. MR. DAVIES

deprecated the disgraceful exhibitio of personal rancour on the floors of the house witnessed this afternoon. He lashed the conservatives for their vulgar assumption of the monopoly of loyalty. This parade created the sus-picion that some other motive than loyalty animated them. (Opposition

MR. SUTHERLAND, Mr. Laurier urged the removal of the grievances so as to keep the question out of dominion politics. He accused the conservatives of trying to raise the religious prejudices in Ontario against the liberal leader.

MR. McNEILL, speaking on the school question, said policy of conciliation and con The manitoba government had left the ment. If they pursued another course the government would find themselves landed in a difficulty. Manitoba would The people of Canada should not be deprived of the right to pronounce on the question. He would resist the remedial bill with all the power he possessed.

phrase: "The imperial idea" for years Mr. McNeill with a fervor most commendable has advocated closer rela cions with the mother country. Tonight he gives notice of motion which will commend itself to the judgment of all right thinking men in the do-

minion. It reads as follows:

pedigree in the house. It was not distributed in the play whom the like the soldier in the soldi Mr. Kenny said Mr. Laurier might and a half. The imports show an in-

> Ottawa, Jan. 19.-The cabinet was engaged nearly the whole of yesterday considering estimates. As it is well this parliament expires on April 25th. Others hold that it can legally run along until June. It is supposed that rather than that there should be doubt as to the validity of any legislation passed by parliament, the April contention may be accepted. At the cabinet meeting yesterday an order in council was passed on the premier's recommendation re-organizing the railway committee of the privy council as follows: Mr. Haggart (chairman), Sir A. P. Caron, Messrs. Foster,

Ouimet, Daly and Prior. Profound repret was expressed in political circles today at the announcement of the death this morning at Coulonge of John Bryson, M. P. for Pontiac. Deceased attended his parliamentary duties for the first day or two of the session, but a week ago he went home and has been suffering since from a severe attack of heart disease. On Thursday he was very low, but railled somewhat on Friday, and yesterday had a turn for worse, culminating in his demise this morning. Mr. Bryson was a worthy sion Cartwright said, if only American representative of a family which is people would do what he wanted the result would be the establishment in Ottawa valley. Personally he was a of their trade, and if once secured to grand fancy dress ball to be given by

(Mr. Kenny) had not a report of the dances emblematic of the leading perispeech by him, but he thought he was ods of Canadian history is being arcorrect in his recollections of it. (Cries ranged and promises to be a great at Dr. Weldon went east for a few days

cor-e op-ericton: W. S. Black, Halifax, and others.

(From The Daily Sun of the 14th.)



THE WINTER PORT.

Sand Point With the Three Ocean Steamers Presents a Busy Scene.

St. John is Acead of Boston-Another Extra London Steamer.

(Dally Sun, Jan. 17.)

Sand Point, Carleton, was even a busier scene Thursday than on the previous day in consequence of the arrival of the Furness steamer Baltimore (liberal whip), said Mr. Laurier and the discharging and loading of the Mr. Greenway had only one conference on the school question and then at the C. P. R. wharf, the Warwick

larger than the Baltimore City, will of a few weeks. There was a conference in the C. P. R. offices here yesterday between the officials of that road and the St. John and Halifax agents of the Furness line, with reference to the forwarding of London freight, and matters were very satisactorily arranged. As before stated in The Sun, the Baltimore City, in addition to a very large freight from nere, will call at Halifax for some thousands of barrels of apples

The Sun is informed that the trade of the west is greatly pleased with the rapid despatch of goods from British ports via St. John. Merchants are highly pleased with the manner which the C. P. R. rush the goods forward on arrival here.

ward on arrival here.

(Daily Sun, Jan. 18.)

The steamer Warwick will finish loading today, but will have to wait until Sunday for the live stock trat is going over in her. Friday's Sun intimated that another Furness liner would probably come here shorely for cargo for London. The matter was settled yesterday, and the S. S. Oregon leaves Liverpool on Monday for this port direct.

The Oregon was formerly a Dominion line mail steamer, but with the Sarnia of the same line was purchased by Mr. Furness last year. She was built in 1832, is 360 feet long, 40 feet breadth of beam and 25 feet depth. Her gross tonnage is 3,714, and net 2,873 tons. She is larger than the Lake Winnipeg and smaller than the Lake Ontario.

Mr. Furness expended considerable money on her and she is a fine vessel. She has been running as a Furness liner between London and Liverpool and Newport News. She comes to clear up the accumulating mass of freight for London, and it is not anticipated that she will carry a single deal. Her cargo will consist of flour, meal, peas, cheese, shooks, meats, etc., and probably some cattle, and she will call at Halifax for some apples and ather goods also.

It is worfn noting that while there are now three steamships loading here, there will, within 48 hours of each other, be four other steamers leaving British ports for St. John, three direct and one via Halifax. The Lake Ontario leaves Liverpool today, the Concordia leaves Glasgow and the Damara leaves London; while on Monday the Oregon leaves Liverpool.

The Oregon will bring any freight that is available at Liverpool, and is expected to sail from St. John on the return voyage about Feb. 5th. (Daily Sun, Jan. 18.)

DREAD KIDNEY DISEASE QUICKLY REMOVED

To even bunch the many words of One bottle of South American Kid-Ont.: "I procured one bottle of South according to directions got immediate lever received marked relief until I gan the use of South American Kidohn, N. B.: "I have received one hundred dollars' worth of good from one bottle of South American Kidney

SLIGHTLY MIXED. Busby-Didn't Wiggins forget his lines at the amateur theatricals last evening?
Baxter-No; he only get them mixed up a little. Instead of saying, "I hear the tramp of approaching footsteps," he said. MARINE MATTERS.

Sch Clayola is loading alewives at Car-leton for New York. E B Colwell is the leton for New York. E B Colwell is the shipper.

Brig Clyde, from Demerara for Boston, which put into Nassau in distress, will have repairs made to her rudder and steering gear, and proceed on her voyage.

The following charters are reported: Schs Gypsum Queen, New York to Barbados, about \$1,700 and free lighterage; Nellie Lamper, Port Johnston to Salem, coal, 60c, and discharged; Florida, Edgewater to Salem, coal, 70c.

Brig G B Lockhart, Capt Sheridan, at New York from Curacoa, reports: Dec 30, off the Highlands, took a heavy gale from NNW, with high sea, and was blown off to the Gulf stream; vessel heavily leed up, and broke the iron work on the upper topsail yard.

An examination has been made of the

rival of the Furness steamer Baltimore
City. Crowds went over from this side of the harbor to have a look at the discharging and loading of the three steamers, the Baltimore City at the C. P. R. wharf, the Warwick at the face of the Connolly wharf, and the Lake Superior at the north side of the latter structure. As these boats are working day and night, somewhere in the neighborhood of 200 ship laborers must be working on them. This means a great thing for the city, as nearly all the freight that is being handled is either for or from the west.

The Lake Superior finished discharging the portion of the rargo for the west yesterday and it is either now in or on its way to Montreal. Some forty carloads were sent out altogether and the only stuff that remains to be shipped is a lot of chains. They will probably be forwarded today. The St. John portion of the Lake Superior's cargo will be on this side of the harbor today; in fact, most of it was brought over yesterday. This boat has still some salt in. There are a schooner and a scow alongside to take part of it away. She was taking in deals yesterday, and will receive her greain probably tonight.

The Warwick has on board about that she is to take away. She is also loading deals, having finished the receiption of the birch timber.

The Warwick will finish up with meats, butjef, eggs, sack peas, flour, and oatmeal and 249 head of cattle, 160 sheep and 12 horses. The live stock of schooner will be on the side of the harmony and oatmeal and 249 head of cattle, 160 sheep and 12 horses. The live stock of schooner was such belief that the seamer with the content of the birch timber.

ception of the birch timber.

The Warwick will finish up with meats, buttef, eggs, sack peas, flour, and oatmeal and 249 head of cattle, life-saving crew which went out to her this meats, buttef, eggs, sack peas, flour, and oatmeal and 249 head of cattle, life-saving crew which went out to her this meats, buttef, eggs, sack peas, flour, and oatmeal and 249 head of cattle, life-saving crew which went out to her this mean and 249 head of cattle, life-saving crew which went out to her this fifth of the cattle of the street of the street of the street which went will arrive from Montreal on Saturday.

The Baltimore City is taking on board deals and flour.

About fifty carloads of flour, peas and meal arrived yesterday for the Warwick and Baltimore City.

Almost every day brings fresh evidence of the great adaptability of St. John as a winter port for the receipt and shipment of goods from and to Liverpool, Glasgow and London. The latest fact that has been brought to the latest fact that has been brought to the The Sun's notice is that goods from Glasgow for the west via St. John are gut through faster than via Boston. The claims that the citizens of St. John are gut through faster than via Boston. The claims that the citizens of St. John have made for years regarding this port are steadily being proven by the test of actual experiment.

Another fact gleaned yesterday was that another extra steamer for London freight for London has been one of the notable features of the season's trade. The Baltimore City will take over 100 carloads, and the Halifax City, due early next week, will take the bulk of the freight left by the other, but further engagements are being continually made, with the result that another extra steamer, even larger than the Baltimore City, will no doubt be brought the rin the course of the season's trade. The Saltimore City will take out the proper out the proper of the schooner william Wilson are safe. Capt Gayton telegraphs from the Baltimore City will ake to the proper out the proper of the sch

Shovelful Shoal and that she was run into and sunk by the tug Nottingham. The men were rescued and taken to Boston. The Nottingham is a very large tug and is used in towing barges from different points.

A Vineyard Haven despatch of the 17th says: Schooner Maggie J Chadwick, Capt Comeau, from Perth Amboy for Portsmouth with a cargo of coal, ran into a sunken three masted schooner with topmasts and about five fet of her lower masts out of water, about half way between the Handkerchief and Shoveiful lightships, at 7 o'clock last evening. The Chadwick carried away her jibboom with headgear attached, tore her jibs and broke her foretopmast. She was towed here last night by the steam tug mercury. Nothing is known here of the identity of the sunken wreck. It lies directly in the channel and is a dangerous obstruction. The mainmast of the wreck was broken off by the Chadwick.

Sch John H Cross arrived at Norfolk on the 15th from New York and will load creosote pilling for New York.

Sch Clifton, from Windsor, which is ashere at Shovelful Shoals, arrived at New York yesterday in tow.

Ship Esser Roy, 1534 tons register, built at yesterday in tow.
Ship Esser Roy, 1534 tons register, built at Maitland, N S, in 1877, has been sold at Liverpool for £1,650.

DIPHTHERIA PREVALENT little over amonth ago Hugh A. McInnis of Red Point, Lot 46, lost two children from diphtheria. The family of Donald M. Campbell, a near neighbor, was the next to take the disease. One of the members of this family, a One of the members of this family, a fine young girl, who was a general favorite in the neighborhood, died, while her brother, who contracted the disease about the time of her death, re-covered. The school in the neighborhood was closed for a time, but was reopened about a month ago. Since the opening two of the scholars, children of John Bruce, have been stricken down by the disease. The consequence is that great uneasiness is felt among parents in that part of the country. Since writing the above several new cases, we regret to hear, have broken out in the neighborhood.- Charlottetown Examiner, 14th.

DIED AT ST. MARTINS

Another land mark gone in the person of Samuel Daly, sr., an old and respected resident of St, Martins, St. John Co., who passed peacefully away on the 2nd inst. after a short illness, at the advanced age of ninety-five years. He emigrated from county years. Cork, Ireland, in 1852, and has since resided in St. Martins. He always took oraise written of South American Kid- an active part in the advancement and ney Cure would consume a large news welfare of the community, and espec-paper space. But take at random a ially in the education of the young, few: Adam Soper, Burk's Falls, Ont.: and when the present school law came in force, although he met with a great ney Cure convinced me of its great deal of opposition, he would not be worth." Michael McMullen, Chesley, discouraged. He was a consistent discouraged. He was a consistent member of the Episcopal church, and American Kidney Cure, and taking it always set a good example to his family. His funeral took place on Sunrelief." D. J. Locke, Sherbrooke, Que.: day, the 5th, at 2 o'clock p. m. from "I spent over \$100 for treatment, but Holy Trinity church, St. Martins. The Rev. A. A. Slipper preached an appropriate sermon from Second Corinney Cure." Rev. James Murdock, St. thians, 5th Chapter and 1st Verse. His remains were interred in the church burying ground on the Mosher Hill.

UP TO DATE.

Auntie-Well, Effie, did you enjoy your party last night?

Effie-Very much, thank you, Auntie.
Auntie-And I suppose mamma was there to look after you?

Effie-Oh, no. Mamma and I don't belong to the same set!—London Punch. Subscribe for THE WEEKLY SUN.

NEW LIFE AND

Brought to Liberal by Sir Charle

The New Secretary viewed in Montrea

Liberals to Make a Stron Him in Cape

Montreal, Jan. 19. amount of interest matters, and a feeli ground that Sir Cha turn to the house bring new life and co porters. Your correstands that Hon. Di leave in a few days and it is possible that agriculture may be Mr. Foster. The grit interest will be Fraser of Guysboro of Antigonish. Day Hector MacDougall aday and will also lea at once. Hon. John Hughes, M. P., had Sir Charles today.

Lady Tupper secretary of state stituency. The dinner to Mr. was a great succes press men from all

Your corresponden French liberals will ernment remedial b amendment for an 'What of the cabinet ?" Sir Cha asked yesterday. "When I left the peace and harmony. the liberal conserv been more cordially present. As to myse my intercourse wit Bowell has been of character; in fact, it to be cordial from

first met." "And the Manitoh tion ?" "I would have pref position on that quelectors of Cape Br ing, but had I bee with my colleagues or this question, speech from the three been impossible for cepted office."

"And the high "And the high co "Well. I may tell "Well, I may tell to retain centrol of did once in 1887 an therefore, no intent a commissioner. I m Sir Mackenzie offer Charles Hibbert, and in the cabinet, bot that it would not both father and son net, and Sir Charles hindly offered the h kindly offered the ship, and he declin ferring to remain

intensely gratified tions which I hav every part of Canad offered four seats in bers of which were A member from N fered to retire, and members of Nova same honor. I have ton because I was my native province was a vacant port retirement of my so to me to go back to stood so well by me sixteen out of twen support my party. Halifax, N. S., Ja Tupper's stock is g in Cane Breton cou prominent liberals coming defeat, alt tain hopes of cutti ity. Mr. Devlin of ser and Colin McI for the county. A ed for Sir Charles districts but the S two small polling are solid and enth consider Mr. Murr many defeats an to his going abou sion for his seat council in his poor that he is making a pocket borough Dr. Weldon's sp Richard Cartwrig

here with great pl great weight with Bretoners are ju Scotia's public m have gone to the living and doing try's welfare. An have more of the our people than from Cumberland oe recognized as from Cabe Breto

The First Annua

HARDWARE

the St. John the The first annu

John Iron and

was held at Hote evening, and wa success. The bil Proprietor Pugs one and was set could not be ex W. H. Thorn his right Mayor left E. B. Ketch chair was Th Joseph Henders right and H. F. his left. The fol present: W. H. T. C. Lee, Thosald, E. B. Ketch J. H. McAvity, Cowie, E. Perk Wm. Jarvis, Weldon, H. C.

th.

MARINE MATTERS.

yola is loading alewives at Car-New York. E B Colwell is the de, from Demerara for Boston, into Nassau in distress, will have ade to her rudder and steering proceed on her voyage, wing charters are reported: Schsucen, New York to Barbedos, and free lighterage; Nellie Lam-Johnston to Salem, coal, 60c, and Florida, Edgewater to Salem,

B Lockhart, Capt Sherrand, from Curacoa, reports: Dec 30, aghlands, took a heavy gale from the high sea, and was blown off to the tream; vessel heavily iced up, and the upper topsail

ination has been made of the he British stmr Dominion, re-e at Berehaven, Ireland, and no found.

N. Turnbull came out in the ior, having left the bark Dunelfast. Capt. Turnbull, who was Capt. Faulkner, had been ill for months in the old country from

ing.

alonia, fomr Boston for Liverwent ashore near Holyhead on
floated on the 12th, was moved
the New Haven, where she will
up and proceed for Liverpool.
h from Canso dated Jan. 13th
or Nawfeld arrived vesterday to d up and proceed for Liverpool.
the from Canso dated Jan. 13th
amer Newfield arrived yesterday to
Halifax, NS, the survivers of
British steamer Ealing. The surw say that there were only sevenin the large boat, and that seven
ad of nine, as first reported. The
t, which is said to have been well
d, but had no sails, contained
n instead of six. Saturday evenat was sighted outside acting in a
tranner, and several boats put out
ut mone found her. The neighbors and reefs were searched, but no
a boat could be found. The Newd for Green Island this morning
of the missing boat.

mandra has been fixed to load
a Chillan port for Delaware
ir for orders, or New York direct.
Saba, Capt. Downs, at New York
or Tampico, reports: Jan. 10, lat.
81.34, passed wreck of schooner
New York waterlogged and dis-

81.34, passed wreck of schooner New York, waterlogged and dis-

New York, waterlogged and disefore reported.

The three-masted schooner before tunk west of Shovelful Lightship illiam Wilson, bound from Port or Salem with a cargo of about f coal. She was last reported pasigh Hell Gate last Saturday. The crew which went out to her this has returned, having been unable y trace of the crew. It is the genthal that the schooner was sunk by with one of the steamers which n yesterday bound south through Sound. It is probable the crew ued by the vessel which collided schooner. The William Wilson was asted schooner registering 253, 114 29 feet breath of beam and 11 feet hold. Built at Rockland, Me., 1889, d by George B. Dunn. She halled York. The value of the vessel ed at about \$4,000. The cargo is about \$2,000.

am Wilson was commanded by n late of the schooner Nellie went on and took charge of her rk. When the William Wilson ork. When the William Wilson hn her crew were as follows: Tobiasen, mate; Philip Myers, oblas Anderson, Zacharlah Johnsomas White. Of course the crew been changed in New York. Josie, from Weymouth, N. S., which struck in White Head Jan. 10, while going into Portur, has discharged her deckload and gone on the dry dock for a lower end of her stem and 30 keel are gone. keel are gone.
keel are gone.

jumber of cattle, horses and sheep

teamer Dominion, from

number of cattle, horses and sheep British steamer Dominion, from Me, for Bristol, which were beachdamaged condition at Berecaven, Ian 4, and subsequently floated, ved at Bristol.

from Capt McLean of the sch B ide, from Jacksonville for Fall tes that she had got out over the to the 13th and had proceeded. It d that she would touch going over

of the schooner William Wil-te. Capt Gayton telegraphs from this vessel was at anchor off-hoal and that she was run into y the tug Nottingham. The men Shoal and that she was run into by the tup Nottingham. The men used and taken to Boston. The Nots a very large tug and is used in rges from different points. The noner Maggie J Chadwick, Capt rom Perth Amboy for Portsmouth argo of coal, ran into a sunken sted schooner with topmasts and fet of her lower masts out of out half way between the Handand Shovelful lightships, at 7 st evening. The Chadwick carried ilboom with headgear attached, be and broke her foretopmast. She here last night by the steam tug Nothing is known here of the the sunken wreck. It lies direct the channel and is a dangerous obtained the channel and is a dangerous obtai in tow. er Roy, 1534 tons register, built at N S, in 1877, has been sold at for £1,650.

THERIA PREVALENT.

over amonth ago Hugh A. of Red Point, Lot 46, lost two from diphtheria. The family M. Campbell, a near neighthe next to take the disease. he members of this family, a g girl, who was a general fathe neighborhood, died, while her, who contracted the dis-ut the time of her death, re-The school in the neighborclosed for a time, but was about a month ago. Since ng two of the scholars, child-hn Bruce, have been stricken the disease. The consequence reat uneasiness is felt among in that part of the country. ting the above several new regret to hear, have broken he neighborhood.— Charlotte-aminer, 14th.

ED AT ST. MARTINS.

r land mark gone in the peramuel Daly, sr., an old and resident of St, Martins, St. who passed peacefully away nd inst. after a short illness, dvanced age of ninety-five He emigrated from county land, in 1852, and has since re St. Martins. He always took part in the advancement and f the community, and especthe education of the young, the present school law came although he met with a great opposition, he would not be He was a consistent f the Episcopal church and t a good example to his famneral took place on Sun-5th, at 2 o'clock p. m. from ity church, St. Martins. The . Slipper preached an appronon from Second Corinh Chapter and 1st Verse. His vere interred in the church round on the Mosher Hill.

UP TO DATE.

Vell, Effle, did you enjoy your night? night?
y much, thank you, Auntie.
Ind I suppose mamma was
ok after you?

no. Mamma and I don't belong
the set!—London Punch.

for THE WEEKLY SUN.

The New Secretary of State Interviewed in Montreal on Saturday.

Liberals to Make a Strong Effort to Defeat Him In Cape Breton.

Montreal, Jan. 19.-There is any amount of interest here in political matters, and a feeling daily gains ground that Sir Charles Tupper's 'eturn to the house of commons will bring new life and courage to his supporters. Your correspondent under-stands that Hon. Dr. Montague will leave in a few days for Cape Breton and it is possible that the minister of agriculture may be followed by Hon. Mr. Foster. The campaign in the grit interest will be directed by Mr. Fraser of Guysboro and Mr. McIsaac of Antigonish. David McKeen and Hector MacDougall are both here today and will also leave for the county at once. Hon. John Haggart and Sain Hughes, M. P., had an interview with Sir Charles today.

The dinner to Mr. White, ex-M. P.

Your correspondent learns that the French liberals will oppose the gov-ernment remedial bill and support an amendment for an investigation. "What of the newly constructed cabinet?" Sir Charles Tupper was

asked yesterday.
"When I left the capital all was peace and harmony. I may say that the liberal conservatives have never been more cordially united than at present. As to myself, I may say that my intercourse with Sir Mackenzie Bowell has been of a most friendly character; in fact, it has never ceased to be cordial from the time that we first met."

tion ?" "I would have preferred to define my position on that question before the electors of Cape Breton, as is becoming, but had I been at divergence with my colleagues upon this policy or this question, as defined in the dered an account of their stewardship speech from the throne, it would have for 1895, and the showing is excellent.

"And the Manitoba school ques-

'And the high commissionership ?" to retain control of that office as I \$56,794, showing an amount to the did once in 1887 and 1888. There is, credit of the city in the Merchants' therefore, no intention of appointing Bank of P. E. I., on Dec. 31, 1895, of therefore, no intention of appointing a commissioner. I may say that when \$3,385. This, together with a balance Sir Mackenzie offered my son, Sir from last year of \$1,165, gives a total Charles Hibbert, and myself portfolios of \$4,550. This excellent showing led in the cabinet, both of us decided

Then Sir Charles remarked: "I was every part of Canada upon my return offered four seats in Ontario, the metirs of which were willing to retire. A petition is in circulation to request member from New Brunswick of- the Hon. David Laird to allow himbers of which were willing to retire. ton because I was glad to return to my native province and because there was a vacant portfolio through the retirement of my son. It is gratifying to me to go back to Nova Scotia, which stood so well by me when it returned sixteen out of twenty-one members to

upport my party. Halifax, N. S., Jan. 19.—Sir Charles Tupper's stock is going up every hour in Cape Breton county. Nearly all the prominent liberals acknowledge the coming defeat, although they entertain hopes of cutting down the majority. Mr. Devlin of Ottawa, D. C. Fra ser and Colin McIsaac are here bound for the county. A majority is expected for Sir Charles Tupper in all the districts but the Sydneys and possibly two small polling places. The miners are solid and enthusiastic. The people consider Mr. Murray has suffered too many defeats and laughingly allude to his going about with the commission for his seat in the legislative council in his pocket. They are beginning to look upon it in the light that he is making Cape Breton simply

a pocket borough. Weldon's speech in reply to Sir here with great pleasure, and will have great weight with the people. Cape Bretoners are justly proud of Nova Scotia's public men, both those that have gone to their rest and those yet living and doing bottle for the country's welfare. Among the latter non have more of the love and respect of our people than the "Old war horse from Cumberland," who will very soon be recognized as the "Old war horse from Cabe Breton,"

HARDWARE ASSOCIATION DIN-NER.

The First Annual Social Gathering of the St. John Organization at

the Aberdeen.

The first annual dinner of the S John Iron and Hardware association was held at Hotel Aberdeen Thursday evening, and was in every respect success. The bill of fare provided by Proprietor Pugsley was a very fine one and was served in a manner that

could not be excelled.

W. H. Thorne presided, having on his right Mayor Robertson and on his left E. B. Ketchum, while in the vice chair was Thomas McAvity, with Joseph Henderson of Halifax on his right and H. F. Moulden of Guelph on his left. The following gentlemen were present: W. H. Thorne, A. T. Thorne, T. C. Lee, Thos. Bell, George McDonald, E. B. Ketchum, Thomas McAvity, J. H. McAvity, John McAvity, F. E. Emerson. Cowie, E. Perkins, R. B. Emerson, ar refineries have each advanced Wm. Jarvis, W. S. Fisher, George eighth of a cent on granulated Weldon, H. C. Coates, D. W. Baskin, yellow sugar.

NEW LIFE AND COURAGE

H. F. Moulden (Guelph, Ont.), Wm.
Kerr, M. E. Agar, Robert Connor,
John Keeffe, George Ketchum, J. P.
MacIntyre, W. L. Hamm, L. Nase, W.
O. Purdy, T. B. Robinson, J. C. Robertson, A. M. Rowan, John J. Barry,
H. A. Drury, J. Henderson (Hallifax),
and Mayor Robertson

After the dinner had received full justice the following toasts were proposed and responded to by the gentle-

posed and responded to by the gentle-men hamed: The Queen; Our Associa-tion, responded to by R. B. Emerson; tenor solo, W. O. Purdy, Nut Brown October Ale. from Robin Hood; City of Halifax and Our Sister Association, Joseph Henderson; City of St. John Mayor Robertson; baritone solo, John P. Macintyre, Barley Bree; the Iron and Hardware Manufacturers, W. Rev. Fr. Lawrence W. Mulphy

Rev. Fr. Lawrence W. Mulphy

Rev. Fr. Lawrence W. Mulphy

Admiral's Broom; Our Guests, W. M.

Jarvis, T. B. Robinson, F. E. Came,

H. F. Moulden, H. A Drury, Robert

Connor and John Keeffe; the Wholesale Hardware Men, Geo. Weldon, H.

C. Ceates and Men Geo. Weldon, H. C. Coates and Thomas Bell; the Ladies,, John J. Barry, A. T. Thorne, Geo. McDonald, W. H. Thomas; song, Our Next Merry Meeting, W. O. Purdy; Our Host, G. R. Pugsley.

P. E. ISLAND.

Charlottetown, Jan. 16.-The Rev. Mr. Hamlyn has been the recipient of several addresses during the last few days. The societies of C. E., E. L. B., Lady Tupper will accompany the Y. P. S., etc., united at the Zion church secretary of state to his future con-stituency. on Sunday evening and gave him a beautiful address, several of the city clergy bearing affectionate testimony to the worth and ability of the reverwas a great success, some seventy to the worth and ability of the reverpress men from all over Canada being end gentleman. The Orangemen gave an address and a Bible; the ministerial association a supper and a beautiful album of views of the Island and the photographs of the members; the church to which he has ministered (St. Paul's) gave an address and purse to Mr. Mamlyn and another to Mrs. Hamlyn. Indeed, the whole city seems to be at one in their expressions of regrets at his departure. I should not forget a presentation of a Raflway Men's Hymn Book by that body on for those whose lives are as pathways Sunday last and an address from Victroia division, S. of T., on Monday night. The rev. gentleman leaves P. E. I. Tuesday night for Halifax, from whence he sails to England to commence labors in that country, as already reported in the Sun.

The various young peoples' societies have met and decided to make ample preparation to receive the Maritime Union of Christian Endeavor next

The city fathers have met and renbeen impossible for me to have accepted office."

To have accepted office."

To he compatible to have accepted office." cess. The total receipts for the year Well, I may tell you that I intend are \$60,179, and the total expenditures the mayor to say he thought for next near it would be quite possible to decrease the rate of taxation from one

intensely gratified at the congratula- byterian church met Monday night tions which I have received from and elected officers for the year: President, Mrs. Matheson; vice-president, to parliamentary life. I have been Mrs. J. T. McKenzie; recording secretary, Miss Annie Fraser.

fered to retire, and no less than seven | self to be put in nomination for mayor members of Nova Scotia did me the of this city. The citizens' league are same honor. I have chosen Cape Breat the bottom of this scheme. The annual meeting of the Merchants' Bank of P. E. I. was held today, and the old board of directors was re-elected, viz.: L. H. Davies, M. P., president; L. L. Beer, vice-president; D. Farquharson, Benj. Heartz, F. Peters. It is said the past year is

ongst the best years in the history of the bank. Bedeque, Jan. 13.—An exceptionally good entertainment vas given this evening in Centreville hall by the mbers of Court Minnewawa, I. O. Foresters. The following were the officers installed: H. W. Birch, C. R.; John Davison, V. C. R.; P. L. Wright, R. S.; J. R. Bowness, F. S.; A. Callbeck, T.; N. Pearson, Chap.; L. U. Supt. J. C.; Artemas McCaull, Sr. W.; W. H. Clark, Jr. W.; J. S. of the programme was notable for its excellence, especially the solos of Herbert Birch, Thos. Moyse and Bradford

The funeral of the late Mrs. Philip McLeod took place on Friday. A large number followed the remains to their last resting plac. The bereaved family have our deepest sympathy. Ewen Clark has been confined to his

bed for a number of days by severe illness that has developed into la The fine dwelling erected by James Stavert on the old Hooper place, the residence just finished by John Davison of Centreville, and the large and beautifully situated dwelling of Rufus Bagnall, are all a credit to the place

and to the owners. HAD A HARD TIME.

(Daily Sun, Jan. 17.)

The small fishing schooner E. M. Oliver, belonging to dipper Harbor, and owned and commanded by Chas. Harkins of that place, was towed to this port yesterday afternoon by the tug Lillie. She is a bard tooking craft. Her masts are gone and her gear is strewn all over the deck. A Sun reporter saw Capt. Harkins shortly after he arrived and was given the following facts relative to the vessel. She went up to Black River some time since to fish for lobsters, having on board along with the captain, James Kiscaden and Menry Boyle. On the night of the dist uit, the Oliver was at anchor in the creek up there when the gale sprung up. The heavy seas which came up filled the creek and lifted the vessel clear of the water. Her anchors were twisted and rendered useless and all the gear attached broken. The schooner was carried out to sea and the next heavy seas sent her, back into the creek. The seas broke over her, going twenty feet high. The schooner was then landed away up o nithe shore, her foremast was broken off and her mainmast unstepped. Capt. Harkins and his men had a hard time of it getting ashore. Mr. Harkins says he never experienced such weather. The vessel having being got off, was towed here to repair. Capt. Harkins does not think the hull is badly damaged. (Daily Sun, Jan. 17.)

ar refineries have each advanced one-



Cause of Temperance and of Moral and Social Reform.

Some men are born missionaries They seem destined from the cradle to a career of devotion to the cause of humanity. All influences work upon them in this direction, and seen to confirm the truth of what Matthew Arnold has said about our being it the hands of some power that prepare us to do it, or as an earlier writer ex presses it:

But while observation of life as sures us that all men must, even in the pursuit of their own selfish objects work unconsciously, and sometimes unwillingly, for the good of others the admiration of mankind is reserved in a wilderness showing those wh come after them a way of safety through many dangers and difficulties. This is the Io Victis of the pioneers of suffering, whose success is seen more in the happiness of others than in any apparent reward they themselves may have gained. It is too often the fate of such men to endur persecution, misrepresentation, and abuse. The world is slow to recognize its greatest benefactors and there are always those who for mercenary purposes or out of envy and malice, traduce and vilify them. But truth and justice are sure to prevail in the long run, and the popular mind, once con-vinced of the goodness of a man's work, makes richly abundant amends for former misconceptions. Thus it has been with the subject of this sketch.

Father Murphy is a missionary priest of the Catholic church who has devoted himself to the cause of temperance. With the consent of the bisho to whose diocese he belongs, he has that it would not be wise to have both father and son in the same cabinet, and Sir Charles Hibbert was then kindly offered the high commissionership, and he declined to accept it, preship, and he declined to accept it, preship it is accepted by many as proof of, a divine blessing upon them. No one can come in contact with him and fail to be impressed with his extraor-forcing the said act. per cent. to seven-eighths of one per cent. to seven-eighths of one per cent. Amongst the items of receipts is 31,591.14 for Scott Act fines, and amongst the expenditures \$350, for enfail to be impressed with his extraor-forcing the said act.

The Y. P. S. of C. E. of Zion Presbyterian church met Monday night amongst the Monday night amongst the Monday night with a fair prospect of long life where in to continue the grand and glorious in to continue the grand and glorious of, a divine blessing upon them. No one can come in contact with him and sactioned by many as proof in to continue the grand and glorious of, a divine blessing upon them. No one can come in contact with him and one can come in contact wi ties of both nations. His splendid in-tellectual equipment has been chastened and perfected by many years of hard, profound study, and to a character naturally kindly and courteous, he has added the grace which come to those who have travelled far and seen much of the world. His magnetism is irresistible. It is this which gives him the extraordinary power for good which I have frequently seen exercised in his treatment of the unhappy victims of liquor, morphia and other poisonous habits.

The cause of temperance has had many able, sincere advocates since first the banner of total abstinence was raised in Ireland by Father Matthew. If we study the history of the movemen, from that time to the present, we will find that each of them labored according to the best light of the day. Religion, philosophy, law and social influences have lent them aid, while the stern realities of life have furnished them with whole armories wherewith to equip them-selves for the gigantic conflict. Science at last, in an age of science, gave Affleck, Sr. B.; D. Pearson, Jr. B.; W

A. Leard, P. C. R. The musical part

as to how men could be permanently rescued from the debasing slavery of intemperance.

As the apostle of this new dispense tion, Father Murphy stands pre-eminent. Born in the county of Cork Ireland, in the year 1855, he came to America when a mere child. He began his education at the public school in the city of Elmira, in the state of New York, where he became distinguished as one of the brightest and most studious of pupils. From there he went to St. Bonaventure college at Alleghany, N. Y., where, in addition to the higher branches of learning, he studied chemistry with the attention of a favorite pursuit and was awarded the gold medal for proficiency in that enchanting science. From Alleghany college he graduated into Niagara university, where he attained the great object of his education in being ordained a priest in the year 1878. Here also he obtained a gold medal on graduating with highest

onors. Immediately on leaving the univer sity he entered upon his labors in one of the most populous dioceses in the United States, that of Buffalo, N. Y. Without seeking personal distinction he soon became famous as an eloquent, earnest and successful leader of the temperance movement, and whenever it was known that he would preach, not only Catholics, but large numbers of people belonging to other denominations crowded to hear him. Sent as a missionary to Texas, he travelled all over that extensive state, and in regions where a Catholic priest never preached before he won the renever preached before he won the respect and applause of people of all sects for the liberality of his Christianity and the eloquence of his sermons. In was while engaged in these labors that he was about to be nominated for bishop of Dallas, by the bishop of Galveston, a distinction he was obliged to relinquish on account of failure of health owing to his sev-

ere labors and the fatigue and expos-

ere labors and the fatigue and exposure of missionary life.

The leisure of canvalescence now gave him the opportunity he had long coveted for resuming his favorite studies in chemistry, and to discover, if possible, a chemical combination of medicines whereby the disease of drunkenness could be permanently and efficaciously cured. Sixteen years ago Father Murphy pronounced alcoholism a disease, alcoholism a dis and this on the ground that men whose lives were models of moral rectitude and spiritual integrity could not re-sist the craving for alcoholic stimulants. On this ground he declared to temperance workers that men in cer-tain stages of the drinking habit were not free agents, but involuntary vic-tims of the disease of inebriety. After sixteen years of unremitting research science yielded to his zealous experi-ments, and from his laboratory the greatest discovery of the age greeted an expectant and long suffering pub-lic. And now after four years of the most practical and satisfactory results ten thousand redeemed souls in Canthat freed them from the slavery of rum. The Catholic hierarchy and the leading Protestant clergymen have un-qualifiedly approved Father Murphy's great discovery for alcoholism. Two legislatures have endowed his insti-tutes, and the dominion government is about to carry on his work in the interests of the poor drunkard at natonal expense.

It will thus be seen that Father Mur phy's career in Canada has been brilliantly and uniformly successful. Ev erywhere he has gone he has been welcomed with popular acclamation, and has had the support of the best citizens in the cities where his insti-tutions are established. When he lectured in Tara-Hall, Quebec, the build-ing was crowded to its utmost capacity and hundreds were unable to obtain admission. His appearance on the platform at Montreal and Ottawa was equally successful, till now it be truly said that his name is a house hold word throughout the Dominion of Canada. As may be imagined from the foregoing, Father Murphy is one of the busiest of men. The necessary supervision of his various institute keeps him constantly on the wing travelling between Toronto, Ottawa, Montreal, Quebec, St. John and Hallfax. The amount of work he performs is prodigious, yet he contemplates the extension of his system so that its benefits may be brought within the reach of all classes all over the continent. The good he has done among the poor of the cities where his institutes are established is incalculable One-third of all the cases treated are

poor people who have no means even to pay the cost of medicine. But where the true character of his work is best displayed is in the number of famlies he has been the cause of reuniting, the husbands and wives he has reconciled, the sons he has restored to paths of rectitude, and the happine that has everywhere followed like a benison on the work he has performed through this marvellous cure.

Father Murphy is still a young man

abstinence from strong drink will be inculcated as a moral and sanitary duty in all educational institutions, and while his present efforts are directed to the sobering of the mature in years, he hopes to see the coming generation develop in freedom from the worst of all slaveries with the assistance of the means which science has placed at his disposal.

HOLD FAST THIS TRUTH.

Constant dripping will wear away tone. Constant reiteration impresse a fact on the mind. That is why we are continually repeating that Hawker's catarrh cure cures. It is a fact that should be ever present in the minds of those troubled with this disease, until they have ceased to hesitate or doubt and give the remedy, a they will not only be cured themselves, but able to direct others to the means of cure. Hawker's catarrh cure is a remedy that is easy to take. A pinch or two of it in the nostrils will a pain in the head, and it knocks out a simple cold in the head quicker than amy other known remedy. As it costs but 25 cents per box, a trial of it is not an expensive process. It is within the reach of all. No sufferer from oatarrh, and what a host of persons there are so afflicted, either in a mild or chronic form, can afford to disregard this word of counsel. Try Hawker's catarrh cure and test it thorough ly. In chronic and severe cases, where the general system has been greatly debilitated, a course of tolc is also necessary. Those who use Hawker's nerve and stomach tonic along with the catarrh cure are restored to perfect health and vigor. Hawker's catarrh cure is sold by all truggists at 25 cents per box. Hawker's nerve and stomach tonic costs 50 cents per bottle, or six bottles for \$2.50.

Both are manufactured only by the Both are manufactured only by the Hawker Medicine Co. (Ltd.), St. John, N. B., and New York City. PROVINCIAL NOTICES.

The lieut, governor has accepted the following resignations: Gorham D. Steeves as vendor of liquors for the parish of Hillsboro; John Mills, as justice of the peace for Kings county, and of William A. Casey, as a vendor of liquors for the parish of Westmorland. The following appointments have been made: Gideon M. Duncan, M. D., Bathurst, member of the council of the Medical society, in place of C. A. Smith, M. D., resigned. David George Smith to be fishery commissioner, in place of J. Henry Phair, deceased. Charles Hudson Smith of Montreal to be a commissioner under chapter 36 of the Consolidated Statutes for the province of Quebec. Samuel Thompson to be a referee in equity for North-umberland. James A. Steeves to be a justice of the peace for Albert. The appointment of Joshua B. Babkirk as deputy sheriff of Albert is approved.

Allen Derby has resigned as vice-consul of the United States and will soon return to the states.

CASTORIA for Infants and Children.

HIRTY years' observation of Castoria with the patronage of millions of persons, permit us to speak of it without guessing. It is unquestionably the best remedy for Infants and Children the world has ever known. It is harmless. Children like it. It gives them health. It will save their lives. In it Mothers have something which is absolutely safe and practically perfect as a child's medicine.

Casteria destroys Worms. Castoria allays Feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd. Castoria cures Diarrhosa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves Teething Troubles Castoria cures Constipation and Flatulency.

Castoria neutralizes the effects of carbonic acid gas or poisonous air. Castoria does not contain morphine, opium, or other narcotic property. Castoria assimilates the food, regulator the stomach and howels, giving healthy and natural sleep.

Castoria is put up in one-size bottles ouly. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow any one to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose." See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

The fac-simile hat H. Thicher. is on every

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

In Manitoba Elections Last Week He ers, owing to the heavy stocks held and the lack of markets elsewhere. Secured at Least Thirty-Three Seats.

Watsen's Narrow Majority-Attorney Geneaal Sifton and Others Elected.

Winnipeg, Jan. 15.—The Manitoba general elctions today were one sided. The Greenway government carried everything refere it. The only oppositionists safely elected are Roblin, Marlon, McFadden, Sutherland, Miller, Pare, and possibly Fisher. Thes seven will constitute the opposition in the next legislature. In one constituency a patron managed to squeeze in, but that is all. The other constitu-

maority of Hon. Robt. Watson, min- order to be able to ship without acister of public works, in Portage la ister of public works, in Portage la tual loss. As our potatoes have not Prairie constituency. He was opposed been tried there at all, the first shipby W. J. Cooper, barrister. The government expected to carry the seat by over 150, but Watson was elected by only eleven.

government, 490; Nichol, ind., 137.
Deloraine—Total vote: Young, 483; Drew, 274. Dennis-Latest returns give Crosby, patron, 41 majority, with two places

to hear from. Russell-Fisher, opposition, 15 ma jority, with three places to hear from, which will probably increase his ma jority. Rosenfield - Winkler, government

majority 64. Kildonan-Returns give Sutherland, opposition, 29 majority. Saskatchewan — Total vote: Mc-Naught, government, 369; Ferguson, opposition, 315; Shanks, patron, 101. Turtle Mountain-Miller, opopsition, 6 majority, with two places to hear

Lansdowne — Norriss, government, 215 majority, with five places to hear

Lorne-Latest returns give Riddell ver 100 majority. Norfolk-Rogers, government, majority 146, with two places to hear from. North Brandon—Sifton, government, 208 majority, with two places to hear from. Opposition candidates in both North and South Branden lose their Rockwood-Jackson, government 51

majority, with two places to Emerson-McFadden, opposition, 20 majority, with one place to hear from.

North Winnipeg, Jam. 15.—McIntyre,
government, elected by 240; McIntyre,

Winnipeg, Jan. 19.—Sir Charles Tupper has wired the young conservatives of Winnipeg thanking them for their congratulations on his re-entry to the

The protest against the election o Mon. Robert Watson for Portage La Prairie, is being proceeded with, a recount being the first step. Mr. Wat son had a majority of eleven thinks he will be able to hold his seat. He is the only Greenway minister who had any difficulty in securing re-elec-

There is a small row in Winnipes over the part taken by local government officials in the recent provincial elections. One paper declared were all away from their offices elec-tioneering, but the ministers brand this statement as a falsehood. It was the Greenway government which, upor coming into power, took such an ex tremely strong stand in respect artizan civil servants going to the ength of disfranchising the whole

The new Manitoba legislature wil not assemble until the middle of Feb ruary, a postponement having taken

ENGLISH POTATO MARKET. The question of shipping potatoes ial services at Petersville, Queens Co.

GREENWAY'S GREAT VICTORY. to England has received some attention at the hands of provincial farm-No direct and definite information has been obtained, but prices in England are not suggestive of big profits. The Liverpool Mercury of Dec. 31st has the following about the market in London, the only one quoted: "Good supplies, and a bad trade at the following prilees: Dunbar main crops. 80s to 100s; snowdrops, 80s to 90s; hebrons, 60s to 80s; Lincoln Saxon, 70s to 90s; abundance, 50s to 60s; imperators, 45s to 55s;

to 70s per ton." The ton referred to is the long ton of 2,240 lbs, and would therefore equivalent to about 15 barrels of potatoes. Suppose the price realized was lings, which is a little over \$24. Fifments would partake entirely of the nature of a speculation. They would have to be bought very low here to only eleven.

South Brandom—Total vote: Graham, Liverpool under \$1.40 per bbl.

THE ORATORIO SOCIETY CONCERT.

(Daily Sun, Jan. 17.)

A large attendance, including the representative and music loving people of St. John, was present last evening in Trinity church when the St. John Oratorio society rendered Handel's immortal Messiah. It is some time since the society has given an oratorio, during which time it has changed its conductor, Mr. Ford now occupying that position. The oratorio all through was a decided success, and everyone went home well pleased with it. Geo. Collinson made many admirers last evening by the able way in which he wielded the baton, and to him and Mr. Ford, who presided for this oratorio at the organ, much credit is due; also to Miss B. C. Vail, the planiste. The soloists were Mrs. Coster, Miss Lugrin, A. H. Lindsay, W. J. Starr and G. C. Coster. Mr. Coster, although a trifie nervous, did very well. Mr. Starr has a very sweet volce, and notwithstanding he was suffering slightly from a cold, was never heard better before than in Comfort Ye, My People.

Mr. Lindsay sang in his usual good style, the second solo being much admired. Miss Lugrin's first solo was drowned a little by the orchestra, but the second was very good. Mrs. Coster sang three solos, her best being the second. The orchestra was composed of Miss Mabel Giggs, Miss Dorothy Matthew, S. Girvan, R. S. Ewing, W. Bowden, Wm. Bwing, H. S. Crawford, W G. Stokes and Master R. E. Crawford, and did very well.

The chorus did noble work, but the tenors (Daily Sun, Jan. 17.) Stokes and Master R. E. Crawford, and did very well.

The chorus did noble work, but the tenors—the old fault—were weak. On the whole the parts were well balanced. Of the choruses rendered the best were, For Unto Us a Child Is Born, Glory to God in the Highest, and the Hallelujah.

The oratorio opened with a hymn by the society, then followed a short prayer by the pastor of the church, who also closed it with the benediction.

TERRIBLE RHEUMATIC PAINS.

Lose Their Sway After Using South American

Rheumatic Cure.
The pain and suffering caused by rheumatism is indescribable in lan-guage. The bent back, the crippled limbs, the intense neuralgia pains that are caused by this trouble drive the victims to despair. The blessing comes to those who have earned of South American Rheumatic Cure, which is simply marvellous in its effects, curing desperate cases in from one to three days. About some things there is no certainty, but of the certain cure that comes from South American Rheumatic Cure there is no doubt.

FAIRVILLE NEWS.

W. F. Barnhill has quite a large crew of men lumbering in the back There not being any snow does not affect them in cutting and yarding their logs. They cut and yard me days as many as seventy and seventy-five. Just as soon as sufficient snow falls Mr. Barnhill has teams in readiness to haul the lumber to the shore. He also has a crew of men cutting cord wood, and expects to cut a large quantity this season.

DEATHS.

ANDREWS-In this city, on Jan. 18th, John Andrews, aged 54 years.

In WHITE

 \mathbf{D} OW TEMPERA

By the Women's ance Unio

Trust the people ant, the good and to questions, and in the

FREDERICTON TIAN TEMP

The annual ele held in the parlo on Wednesday, Johnston was e presidents, Mrs. R. Blackmer, M: Twining, Mrs. C. Mrs. R. H. B. Geo. Hatt; cor. ing Mrs. Steadn Mrs. Sampson. The treausure retary's reports

showed a large ship during the sult of the labor and Crossley. Owing to a lar on mortgage, ins have been deplet the treasurer's \$893.68; disburse union has enga

Rev. J. H. Hec fited morally an FAIRVIL The annual me of officers was The result was: Grey; vice-presid secretary-treasu

The union is tinued interest the addition of THE YO About two mor sent out an ap contribute to the orary president, Although but sponded, the re gratifying on ac of the few. The the following re St. John, \$6.05; end, \$1; Chatha making a total

of the New Bru are now waiting mittee in charg whether we sha at once or kee called for whe At the domin mittee was app importance of recommended standing com would be to gestions and a sidents. Mrs. and Miss Tille was also sugg be recommend to their provi she hold each fying the dor amount, and their call. Fu tee be reques funds in sun numerical stre that Mr. Lond

money from but that draf incial treasur In a circula and Miss Till Mr. London mans in the and which w physically he obliged to k must, we can her expenses. each union ir to give to th dollars annua thus by con would keep who is the m and whose su ly owing to cause in wh it ought not

> MRS. A. It is pleas be thought of good che I first recei tained conc She is a yo tall, of fine a face full sympathy a

is a bright certain arc inspiring to This dear been about cial work,

SHIP NEWS

For Week Ending January 21. PORT OF ST. JOHN.

PORT OF ST. JOHN.

Arrived.

Jan 14—Str St Croix, Pfke, from Boston, O E Laechier, mase and pass.
Sch Sower, 124, Grady, from New York, J A Gregory, coal.
Coastwise—Sch Fannie May, 18, Cheney, from North Heed.
St John, Jan 14—Ard at this port, S S Lake Superior, Stewart, from Liverpool, Troop & Son, gen cargo and passengers.
Jan 15—S S Taymouth Castle, 1172, Forbes, from West Indies, Schofield and Co. mase, maile, and passengers.
Sch Wendall Burpse, 39, Odell, from Boston, N C Scott, gen cargo.
Coastwise—Sohs Elliza Bell, 30, Waddin, from Besver Harbor; Ada, 29, Frankin, from North Head; Etta, 28, Cheney, from do.
Jan 14—S S Baltimore City, 1533, Elders, from Boston, Schofield & Co, bal.
Sch Carrie Walker 1164, Starkey, from Portland, R C Elkin, bal.
Coastwise—Barge No 1, 439, Warnock, from Parrsboro.
Jan 17—Brigt Louil, 189, Cook, from New York, J Willard Smith, coal.
Sch Sallie E Ludlam, 224, Kelson, from Boston, D J Purdy, bal.
Sch Eric, 124, Hall, from Boston, N C Scott, bal.
Jan 18—Str State of Maine, 1145, Colby, from Boston, C E Laechier, mase and pass.
Coastwise—Schs Reta and Rhoda, S, Ingalis, from North Head; barges 4, 433, Sultan, and No 2, 433, Salter, from Parrsbore; Electric Light, 33, Poland from Grand Manse.
Jan 20—SS Louisburg, 1,182, Gould, from Sydney, R P & W F Starr, coal.
Str Ffushing, 125, Ingersell, from Grand Mansen, Merritt Bros & Co, mail, pass and gen cargo. Arrived.

17-Sch Clayola, McDade, Cork.

Coastwise—Schs Etta, Cheney, and Princess Louise, Watt, for Grand Manan; Eliza sell, Wadlin, for Campobelle.

Sth—S S Warwick, Kemp, for Glasgow.

S S Baltimore City, Elders, for London via

CANADIAN PORTS.

Halifax, Jan 19-Ard, str Halifax, from Joston.
Sld, sch Glad Tidings, for Jamaica.
Halifax, NS, Jan 20—Ard, str Ealtimore
lity, from St John for London; sch L J
lelig, from St Johns, NF.
Cleared.

From Alma, Jan 6, sch Marguerite, Dick-From Halifax, Jan 15, S S Aeolus, for Liv-rpool, having repaired.

BRITISH PORTS

Arrivel. Oec 25, str Colin, Nelson, wn, P B I, and sailed 29th th, sch Congo, McKinnon, ship Servia, Harvey, from York (put in for stores); Colombo for New York (put in for stores);
31st, bark Charles E Lefurgy, Read, from
31st, bark Charles E Lefurgy, Read, from
31st, bark Charles E Lefurgy, Read, from
31st Johns, NF; Tyree, Richards, from Pernambuco; Wm Todd, Canbell, from Calais, Me.
London, Jan 14—Ard, tr Damara, from
3t John, N B, via Halifax.

At Newcastie, NSW, Jan 11, bark Alexander Black, Dunn, from Cape Town, CGH.
At Fowey, Jan 13, bark Bristol, from Dublin, to load for Philadelphia.

At London, Jan 14, bark Ravenscourt, McLean, from Hull, to load for San Franciaco.

Hardt, from Halifax; Jan 1, brig W B Stowe, Smeltzer, from Lunenburg, NS; sch Onyx, Welch, from Yarmouth, NS.
At Penarth, Jan 16, bark Robert S Besnard, Andrews, from St Jehn.
At Liverpool, Jan 17, bark Emigrant, Wilson, from Halifax for Manchester.
At Newcastle, NSW, Jan 20, ship Wm H Starbuck, Reynolds, from Buehos Ayres.
At Penarth, Jan 18, ship Record, Getson, from St John.

From Barbados, Dec 28, sch Algeria, Tucker, for St Martins; 30th, sch Laura'M Lunt,
Peck, for Trinidad.
From Port Spain, Dec 29, brigs Electric
Light, Rabadan, for New York; 21st, Matilda, Swain, for Delaware Breakwater.
From Newcastle, N S W, Jan 3, bark Low
Wood, Thurber, for Manila.
From Liverpool, Jan 13, ship Esther Roy,
McDougall, for Barbados.
From Kingston, Jan 4, sch Pembina. Vei-McDougall, for Barbados.
From Kingston, Jan 4, sch Pembina, Veinot, for Lunenburg vit Turk's Island.
From Liverpool, Jan 18, s s Lake Ontario, Campbell, for St John.
From Newcastle, NSW, Nov 25, bark Artisan, Purly, for Manila.
From London, Jan 7, bark Anglesea, McNutt. for Sauelo. rutt, for Sapelo.
From Shields, Jan 15, str Miomac, Meikle, or New York.

FOREIGN PORTS.

Arrived.

At Boston, Jan 11, sch E H Foster, Wilcox, from S. John.

At New York, Jan 12, brigt G B Lockhart, Sheridan, from Curacoa.

At Salem, Jan 12, sch Hattle E King, from St John for New York.

At Portland, Jan 12, sch George & Everett, Dickson, from Alma for Boston.

City Island, Jan 14—Ard, sohs Gypsum Emperor, from Windser; Viola, from St John. Emperor, from Windsor; Viola, from St. John.

Beothbay Harbor, Me, Jan 14—Ard, sch Sallie Ludlam, from Boston.

Boston, Jan 14—Ard, str Sachem, from Liverpool; schs Glera, from Canning, N S; frene and Enola C, from Mount Dessert.

Cid—Strs Boston, for Yarmouth, N S; Baltimore City, for St John, N B; sch Cathie C Berry, for St John, N B; schs Free Trade, for Parrsboro, N S; Sarah Eston, for Calais.

14th, sch Nellie Lamper, from Port Johnson for Salem.

At Vineyard Haven, Jan 14, schs M L Bonnell, Beaver and Adelene, from St John for New York: Wentworth, from Windsor, N S, for do: Sarah Hunter, from St John for Bridgeport; 15th, Maggie J Chadwick, from Perth Amboy for Portamouth.

At Perth Amboy, Jan 15, sch Ravola, Demings, from New York.

At Darien, G, Jan 15, schs Chas K Buckley, Townsend, from New York; H B Homodan, Wasson, from do.

At Turks Island, Dec 31, sch Severn, Langelier, from Las Palmas (and remained until Jan 3, for New York).

At Norfolk, Jan 15, sch John H Cross, Somerville, from New York.

Boston, Jan 17—Ard, strs Avonmore, from London: Borderer, from London.

Cid—Str Sylvania, for Liverpool; schs Domindon, for Shelburne and Liverpool, N S.

City Baland, Jan 17—Ard, schs Wentworth, from Windsor; Hattie B King, from St John; M L Bonnell, from St John; Beaver, from St. John; Clifton, from Windsor.

At Portland, Jan 17, sch Cathle C Berry, from Boston for St John.

At Mobile, Jan 15, brig Estella, McGonigal, from Havana.

At Antyfagasta, Jan 6, ship Estagoni At Antyfagasta. At Mobile, Jan 15, brig Estella, McGonigal, from Hawana.

At Antofagasta, Jan 6, ship Eskasoni, Townsend, from Newcastle, NSW.

At Boston, Jan 16, schs George and Everett, Dickson, from Alma; Avis, Cole; Juno, Wilcox, both from St John; Susie Prescott, Bishop, from Harvey; Republic, Carson, from St Andrews; 17th, str Saint Croix, Pike, from St John.

At Perth Amboy, Jan 15, sch Annie A Booth, Wasson, from New York; 16th, sch Ramola, from New York,

Boston, Jan 19—Ard, str Cape Breton, from Louisburg, CB; schs Lawrence, from Summerside, PBI; Marcella, from Liverpool, NS; J F Durant, from Parrsboro, NS.

Portland, Jan 19—Ard, sch Lynx, from St John for Boston, Portland, Jan 19—Ard, sch Lynz, from St John for Boston.

At Salem, Mass, Jan 17, sch Neilie Lamper, McLean, from Port Johnson.

At New York, Jan 15, ship Brynhilda, Graham, from Manila; 18th, schs Georgia, Longmire, and Adelene, McLennan, from St John; Orozimbo, Brett, from St Stephen.

At Paysander, Dec 24, bark Golden Rod, McBride, from Pascagoula.

At Pensacola, Jan 16, bark John Johnson, Bull, from St Thomas.

Boston, Jan 20—Ard, schs Lizzie Dyas, from Weymouth, NS; Bessie M, from Port Medway, NS.

Cld, 20th, strs Sachem, for Liverpool; Sarmatian, for Glasgow; schs Irene and Gladstone, for St John; Ava, for Parrsboro, NS; Karskie, for Quaco, NB.

Sid, 20th, str Sarmatian, for Glasgow.

City Island, Jan 20—Ard, sch Frank W.

Cleared.

At Beauport, N C, Jan 11, sch Shenandoah, Gibson, from Barbados for New York. Portland, Me, Jan 14—Cld, schs Atwood, for Parrsboro, N S; Carrie Walker, for St John, N B, both sailed; also sailed, schs George and Everett, Advance, Tay, Juno, Susie Prescott, Vinton, Heather Belle, from St John for Boston.

At New York, Jan 13, ship Jane Burrill, Robertson, from Melbourne; sch Alert, Godett, for Gonaives.

At Nortolk, Jan 14, sch Wm Jones, McLean, for Boston.

At New York, Jan 14, brig Acacia, Hammett, for Ponce, PR; schs Therese, Matheson, for Aux Cayes; Ravola, Demings, for Perth Amboy.

At New York, Jan 16, bark Angola, for Sydney, N S W.

At Pascagoula, Jan 15, bark Preference, Baxter, for Ponce.

At Taltal, Nov 16, ship Caldera, McQuarrie, for Hampton Roads.

At Philadelphia, Jan 17, ship Howard D Troop, Corning, for Hogo.

At Wilmington, NC, Jan 17, bark Peerless, Bills, for Port Antonio, Ja.

At Pensacola, Jan 16, bark Grenada, for Rio Janeiro.

At New York, Jan 18, bark Bowman B At Pensacola, Jan 10, Bark Bowman B Rio Janeiro. At New York, Jan 18, bark Bowman B Law, Hurlbut, for Anjer; brig James Brown, James, for Berbice and Basse Terre.

Parreboro.
From New York, Jan 12, sch Abby K Bentiey, for Boston.
From Vineyard Haven, Jan 13, bqtn Ethel Clarke.
From Manila, Dec. 23, bark Kelverdale, windsor for New York; Wentworth, from do for Bridgeport.

From Boothbay, Jan 12, sch Nellie J. Crocker, from St. John for City Island; 15th, schs Greta, W H Waters, Sallie E Ludlam, Progress and Walter Miller, for St. John; Trader, for Nova Scotia.

From Portland, Jan 14, sch Atwood, for Parreboro.

From Manzanilla, Dec 25, berk Emma R. Smith, Faulkner, for New York, From Havana, Jan 9, brig Estell, O'Nell, for Mobile.

From New York, Jan 14, schs Newburg, for Martinicue; Alertg for Gonalves.

From Portland, Jan 16, S S Labrador, for Halifax.

From Boothbay, Jan 15, schs Greta, W H. Waters, Sallie E Ludlam, Progress, Walter Miller, and Miller, an Hallfax.
From Boothbay, Jan 15, schs Grets, W H
Waters, Sallie E Ludlam, Progress, Walter
Miller, and Trader, for St John, N B.
From Vineyard Haven, Jan 14, sch Nellie Lamper.
From Mobile, Jan 14, sons Bessie E Crane, for Beitze: Blomidon, for Port au Prince.
From New York, Jan 15, ship Jane Burrill, for Melbourne: brig Acacia, for Ponce, rill, for Melbourne; brig Acacia, for Ponce, P R.

From Jacksonville, Jan 13, sch R B Woodside, McLean, for Fall River.

From New York, Jan 16, schs Freddie A Higgins, for Grand Manan; Florida, Brown, for Salem.

From Boothbay Harbor, Jan 15, schs A Perry, from Calais for New York; Nellie J Crocker, from St John for do.

From Galveston, Jan 16, bark E T G, Johns, for Pensacola.

New York, Jan 19—Sid, str Premier, for Halifax.

From New York, Jan 18, brig James Brown, for Berbice and Basse Terre.

From New York, Jan 16, sch Maggie J Chadwick.

From Perth Amboy, Jan 17, sch Annie A Booth, for Portsmouth; 18th, sch Ravola, for St John.

From Pascagoula, Jan 18, bark Preference, Baxter, for Ponce.

From Mobile, Jan 16, sch Blomidon, for Port au Prince.

From Curacoa, Jan 4, brig Curacoa, Olsen, for New York.

From Perrambuco, Dec 30, bark J H Dexter. Inness, for New York.

MEMORANDA.

"In port at Port Spain, Dec 24, schs Three Bells, Thorbourne, from Lockport, N S, just arrived; John B Coyle, Leighton, from Portland, diss.

In port at St Thomas, Jan 6, brig Hattle Louise, King, from Port Spain for Vineyard, awaiting arrival of owner; sch Exception, Barteaux, from Demerara for New York, reloading, "early ready for sea.

In port at Nassau, Jan 7, str Northumberland, Cameron, "o sail 15th for Palm Beach. In Port at Colon, Jan 5, str Bridgeton and sch Ann E Valentine,
Returned to Liverpool, Jan 13th, ship Esther Roy, McDougall, for Barbados.

In port at Bermuda, Jan 13, brigs Ida Maud, Beyer, disg; Josephine, Harding, came off slip 1st and continued to leak and had to be dooked again.

In port at Caleta Buena, Nov 14, ship John McLeod, Stuart, for Hampton Roads, Idg; bark Condor, Roberts, from Taltal, ard 2nd, Idg.

In port at Lucea, Jan 6, brig Moss Glen. MEMORANDA. In port at Luces, Jan 6, brig Moss Glen, verson, from New York, ard 2nd. Ard at Molendo, Jan 8, sch Louis, Hatch, from San Francisco. from San Francisco.

In port at Montevideo, Jan 11, bark Kelvin, Lockhart, for Barbados.

Passed Perth Amboy, Jan, 15, sch L T
Whitmore, Haley, from New York for South
Amboy. Whitmore, Haley, from New York for South Amboy.

Passed Anjer, Dec 15, bark Calburga, Douglas, from Manila for New York.

In port at Junin, Dec 10, bark Endora, Dickson, for Hampton Roads, Idg.

In port at Aux Cayes, Jan 10, brig Kathleen, Haley, making repairs.

In port at Manila, Dec 7, ship iKngsport, Mulcahy, for New York; bark Katahdin, Swatridge, for do.

In port at Vineyard Haven, Jan 18, schs Carlotta and Maggle J Chadwick.

NOTICE TO MARINERS Washington, Jan 15-The Lightho Board gives notice that, as soon as pra-cable after Jan 15, light vessel No 29, r moored in 72 feet of water to southward ble after Jan 15 Pollock Rip Lightship will be taken in for repairs, and will be replaced temporarily by Relief Lightship No 36, now on Great Round Shoal station.

Relief Lightship No 9, new on Cross Rip station, will at the same time be temporarily placed on the Great Round Shoal station, and the regular Cross Rip Lightship, No 5, having been repaired, will take her place at Cross Rip again. Lightship No 9, to be placed on the Great Round Shoal station, has no whistle, but will sound a bell during fogs or snow storms. Relief Lightship No 35, to be placed on Pollock Rip station, will show the same lights and sound the same fog signals that the regular Pollock Rip Lightship does at piresent.

Washington, Jan 20—Lighthouse board gives notice to mariners that on or about January 30th a bell struck by machinery will be established at Burnt Island light station, on the southeast part of Burnt Island, west side of currance to Boothbay Harbor, Majne. During thick or foggy weather the bell will be sounded a dcuble blow every minute. The bell tower stands about 60 feet Big from light tower.

Boston, Jan 20—The commander of the marine buersan has issued the following: The lighted gas buoy on the upper middle Boston harbor, which was taken up on account of floating toe, has been replaced. Should the loe again begin to run heavily the buoy will again be taken.

W. Bark Osberga, McKenzie, from New York for Port Elizabeth and Port Natal, Dec 23, lat 34 N, lon 14 W. Bark Dominion, Meredith, from San Francisco for Liverpool, Dec 6, lat 55 S, lon 82 W.

Boston, Jan 16—The coast survey office today anounces: The Cuckeids bell buoy at Boothbay Harbor, Me, recently reported one half mile to the eastward of its true position, has been examined and found to be in position and in good working order. The Mark Island ledge bell buoy, off Rockland, at the entrance to Penobsoot Bay, recently reported capsized by the ice, has been righted, freed from ice and placed in good condition.

Bark M and E Caun, from Parraboro for Manchester, Jan 11, lat 49.32, lon 33.12.
Boston, Jan 20—As soon as the British steamer Cape Breton, which arrived here yesterday from Louisburg, CB, discharges her cargo et coal she will commence loading yesterday from Louisburg, CB, discharges her cargo of coal she will commence loading a cargo of flour and pork for St. Johns, NF. There are now awasting for the steamer 14,000 barrels of flour and pork, which will comprise the greater part of her cargo.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

ring in the families of subscribers will be published FREE in THE SUN, In all cases, however, the name of the sender must accompany the notice.

BIRTHS.

BROWN-In this city, on Jan. 14th, to the wife of Capt. E. W. Brown, a daughter. EDWARDS-At Moncton, Jan. 18th, to the wife of W. R. Edwards, a daughter, that is a daughter, that is a daughter, that is a daughter, that is a daughter, the wife of W. R. Edwards, a daughter, the wife of W. S. Jan. 12th, to Mr. and Mrs. John Harris, a daughter, LEWIS-At Port Lorne, N. S. Jan. 12th, 1896, to Mr. and Mrs. Riley Lewis, a daughter. sey, a daughter.
MURPHY—At Woodstock
t the wife of J. R. Mi
NOONAN—At Dartmouth,
Mr. and Mrs. M. W. T
RUGGLES—At Lockeport.
Mrs. Purches Mr. and Mrs. M. W. Noonan, a son. tuggles.—At Lockeport, N. S., to Mr. and Mrs. Ruggles, a son.
JPHAM—At Woodstock, N. B., Jan. 3rd, to the wife of George Upham, a daughter.
VATTS—At Moncton, N. B., on Jan. 10, to the wife of W. Harry Watts, a son.

MARRIAGES.

AUSTIN-MOLASKEY-At the residence of the bride's father, on Jan. 2nd, by the Rev. A. J. A. Golimer, rector, John E. Austin of White's Cove, Queens Co., N. B., to Arcilla May Molaskey, youngest daughter of J. A. Molaskey, of White's Point, Queens Co., N. B. BERNARD-MOFFAT-At the residence of the bride's father, Jan. 14th, by the Rev. J. A. McLean, B. A., Edward George Bernard of Yarmouth, N. S., to Mary E., daughter of George Moffat of McAdam Junction. daughter of George Moffat of McAdam Junction.
COOK-OURRIE—At the residence of J. H. Gates, "Ivy Cottage," St. Peter's Road, P. E. I., Jan. 8th, by Rev. D. Sutherland, W. H. Pope Cook of York to Miss Gertrude J. H. Currie of Charlottetown.
DUNFIELD-BURWICK—At the residence of the bride's father, on Jan. 1st, by Rev. Gdeon Swin, John H. Dunnield to Mary A. Burwick, both of Corn Hill, Kings Co., N. B.
GODKIN-BOYD—On Tuesday, Jan. 7. by Rev. G. M. Campbell, John F. Godkin of Charlottetown to Elizabeth Boyd of Cornwall, P. E. I., GRANNAN-HOGAN—At Holy Trinity church, on Jan. 20th, by Rev. J. J. Walsh, Philip Grannan to Margaret, daughter of James Hogan, all of this city.
JARDINB-AFFLECK—At Hillsborough, P. E. I., Jan. 8th, by Rev. A. Craise, Ewen Fred Jardine, Head of Hillsborough, to Priscilla Adeline, daughter of James Affack.
LYALL-FRASER—At Windsor, N. S., Jan. fleck.
LYALL-FRASER—At Windsor, N. S., Jan.
7th, by Rev. J. L. Dawson, Mand, daughter of Mrs. Charlotte and the late Anthony Fraser of Truro, and William Knowles Lyall of Halifax.
KANE-WATTERS—At the Cathedral, St.
John, on the 18th January, by the Rev.
Fasher Casey, Stephen Kane to Miss Sarah
A., daughter of John Watters, all of this
city. Father Casey, Stephen Kane to Miss Sarah A., daughter of John Watters, all of this city.

KELLY-ROGERS—At Lakeville, Jan. 4th, at the home of the groom, by the Rev. M. P. Freeman, Edward Kelly of Lakeville to Miss Eunice J. Rogers of Gasperesux Mountain, N. S.

LAWRENCE-STRONGE—Married on Jan. 1st, at 42 Woodville street, Boston Highlands, by the Rev. Mr. White, G. Ralph Lawrence, formerly of Hantsport, N. S., to Miss Irene Stronge of Rostindale.

M'DOWELL-SILIKER—At the Methodist parsonage, West Cape, P. E. I., Jan. 1st, by Rev. E. Slackford, Henry C. McDowell of the Loch Road to Ida Siliker, eidest daughter of Wm. Siliker of Knutsford.

MEISUER-ZINK—At the parsonage, Ritcey's Cove, N. S., on the 9th Jan., by Rev. Oskar Gronlund, Alice Meisuer of Rose Bay to Alvin Zink of Rose Bay.

MYERS-LOWTHER—At Crapaud, P. E. I., Jan. 1st, by Rev. S. J. Andrews, George Myers of Hampton to Miss Grace Lowther, youngest daughter of George Lowther of Crapaud.

MURRAY-FRASER—At Cavendish, P. E. I., Myers of Hampton to Miss Grace Lowther, youngest daughter of George Lowther of Crapand.

MURRAY-FRASER—At Cavendish, P. E. I., Jan. 1st, by Bider D. Crawford, A. D. Murray of Linkletter Road to Miss Bessie Fraster of Cavendish.

OUTHOUSE-SMALL—At Tiverton, N. S., Jan. 1, by Revs. Alaby and Devoe, Merrill Outhouse and Miss Zora Small.

PATTERSON—Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Patterson of Greenwood, N. S., Jan. 2nd, a son.

ROGERS-DYER—At Bristol, Carleton Co., N. B., Jan. 1st, by Rev. D. A. IBrooks, at the residence of the bride's mother. Theodorc Rogers and Mary A. Dyer, both of Bristol.

of A. J. and Catherine McDonald, aged 12 years and two months. May his soul rest in peace.

McGILVRAY—Suddenly at her home, Gabarus, C. B., Jan. 7th, Mrs. David McGilvray, leaving a husband and two children. McMaHON—At Charlottetown, P. E. I., Jan. 7th, Edward A. McMahon, son of Philip L. and Maggie McMahon, in the 17th year of his age.

MILLBERRY—Died at Bear River, N. S., an. 10th. John Millberry, aged 36 years.

MIDDLEMAS—At Caledonia, Queens Co., on Jan. 2nd, Geo. C. Middlemas, son of the late David Middlemas, aged 75 years. MURPHY—At Andover, N. B., Jan. 7th, of paralysis, George W. Murphy, in the 76th year of his age.

PORTER—At Wilson's Beech, Campobello. Jan. 3rd, Westson M., aged 6 years, children of Wm. L. and Eliza J. Porter.

SPENCE—On Jan. 18th, at Coney Island, New York, James M. Spence, aged 49 years, son of the late Nicholas Spence of this city.

THORBURN—At Jordan, N. S., Jan. 7th, aged 10 days, infant son of Edward and Margaret Walsh, WARED.—At Charlottetown, P. E. I., Jan. 6th, Thomas R. Warren, in the 87th year of his age. WOODS—At Petersville, Queens Co., Jan. 16th, Esste E., daughter of Mary A. Woods, aged 27 years. NORTHUMBERLAND CO. Northesk, Jan. 14.—Owing to the high ide in the river the shore ice is bad. Wm. McTavish started with a party of fishermen last Friday night to down to the marsh at Newcastle. In going under the Northwest bridge at Bridgetown their horse got in. The tide had risen so high that it broke the ice up and it being nearly dark, they drove into it. The shaft caught from being drowned till timely assistance came. Mr. Sinclair kindly furhorse out. R. P. Whitney on the same

Bass fishermen are getting desperate, as there are not any bass yet. The day of the Chignecto Ship Railway smelt fishermen have destroyed them. Co., asking for an extension of time. If there were any left, they have not come up the Miramichi. come up the Miramichi.

Shepherd McKay, who has been ill, is recovering. Wm. Johnstone of Bridgetown, who works in Sinclair's camp, while chopping, cut his thumb off. He came out of the woods last week. His youngest child is very sick with bronchitis. Wm. Jones, jr., has so far recovered from scarlet fever that he is able to be about Last week being the week of prayer, Rev. Mr. Murray held services at Whitneyville on Monday and Tuesday evenings, and at Red Bank and Hubbard the rest of the week.

SUNBURY CO.

Marysville, Jan. 18 .- A sheking acident occurred at the home of Gilbert Smith on Thursday afternoon, at Swan Creek, Burton, whereby his little daughter of three summers lost her life. Her mother had left the room for a few minutes and on returning found her child in flames, the clothing about consumed. Nothing could be done to relieve the little sufferer until death intervened yesterday morning.

Large quantities of hay are now being hauled to Fredericton from here on the ice. Good prices are obtained.

Convention to Determine Damages Canadian Sealers Shall Get.

NEWS FROM OTTAWA.

Mr. McNeill's Motion Regarding the Preferential Trade Scheme.

B. She was married at Guil River, Minn. June 5th, 1887, and leaves a husband and three small children to mourn thely and loss.

BISHOP—Died at Harvey, Albert Co., N. B., an. 13, Andrew Bishop, aged 67 years.

CARMAN—At Winnipeg, Jen. 18th, Richard Carman of Chatham, N. B., in the 87th year of his age.

CARMICHAEL—At Sussex, N. B., Jan 14, Colins C. Carmichael, aged 39 years.

COOK—At the alms house, Moncton, N. B., Jan. 3th, of diabetes, William Cook, aged 77 years.

COOF—Died at New Horton, Albert Co., N. N., Jan. 8, Mrs. Anne Copp., aged 76 years.

CRAWFORD—On Jan. 8th, at Belleisle, K. Co., of cancer of the stomach, Mrs. Fred Crawford, aged 87 years.

CRAWFORD—On Jan. 8th, at Belleisle, K. Co., of cancer of the stomach, Mrs. Fred Crawford, aged 87 years.

DAYIDSON—At Boar's Head Road, near Milidgeville, on Sunday, Jan. 19th, John P. Davidson, aged 69 years, a native of Sheffield. Sunbury Co., N. B., leaving a wife and one child.

DIOKEY—At Sheffield Mills, N. S., Jan. 7th, James Martin Diokey, aged 89 years.

DENTON—At Scotchtown, Queens Co., N. B., on Jan. 29th, Fred wick Denton, aged 76, after a long period of affiliction.

DOYLE—At Charlottstown, P. E. I., Jan. 5th. Annie Doyle, daughter of the late Thomas Doyle, aged 16 years, a first print of the supreme court of British Columbia, either Judge Drake or Judge Walkem. The appointment, however, has not yet been made. Failing the two assessors coming to an agreement upon the amount to be paid by the United States sors coming to an agreement upon the amount to be paid by the United States of Canadian vessel owners, the treaty provides for the appointment of an umpire, and the United States government has suggested that the president of the Swiss republic be invited to FINNAMORE—At Woodstock, N. B., Jan. 3rd, Susan E. Finnamore, wife of Isaac Finnamore, aged 58 years, 7 months, 3 days.

GARD—In this city, on Jan. 20th, Eleanor Ann, eldest daughter of the late Thomas Gard.

GH.DART—At Goshen Corner, Albert Co., N. B., Jan. 12th, Edmund Gildart, aged 57 years, leaving a wife, two daughters and five sons to mourn. (Moneton and N. S. Dapers please copy.)

HEA—At his residence, 101 Adelaide street, this city, on January 17th, Fred L. Hee, aged 46 years.

HENDERSON—At St. Francis, Maine, Dec. 24th, Sarah Henderson, in the 96th year of her age, widow of John Henderson of N. B.

HENDERSON—At St. Francis, Maine, Jan. 3th, William Henderson, aged 53 years, leaving seven children to lambat his loss. LIGHTFORT—At Dorchester, Mass., Jan. 11th, Jane McKay, wife of Cockson Lightfort, and daughter of the late Henry T. Partelow, aged 47 years.

LONERGAN—At Boston Highlands, Jan. 10, John, beloved husband of Mary Lonergan, aged 52 years and 5 months, eldest son of John MacDonald, South Caledonia, P.E.I. McDADE—At Boston Highlands, Mass., on Jan. 15th, John C. MoDade, formerly of this city, aged 37 years, leaving a wife and seven children.

McDONALD—At Glenwood, Souris West, P. E. I., Jan. 4th, Jaseph A. A., eldest son of A. J. and Catherine McDonald aged 12 ment has suggested that the president of the Swiss republic be invited to nominate this gentleman. The domin ion government today by order in council formally assented to the suggestion.
The Hofmeyer scheme of preferential

following terms: That it would be to the advantage of Canada and the empire as a whole that a small duty (irrespective of any existing tariff) be levied by each member of the empire against foreign products imported by them, and that the products from such duties be devoted to the purposes of imperial intercommunication and naval defence. A return brought down today shows that the additional charge to the sup-

trade is to come before the house in

the shape of a motion by Mr. McNettl

erannuation fund on account of last year's retirements amounts to \$62,068. Of the number superannuated last year the customs department has the biggest list, numbering thirty-six. The railways department had seventeen.

Mr. McMillan, farmer, member from Huron, has given notice of a motion in favor of the free admission of farming implements, and in that event to put manufacturers on the same footing as they would be supposing the duty were retained, that they be allowed to import raw material free of customs duty.

R. Leferrier, editor of Le Canada, has taken out a summons against Sir Richard Cartwright, charging him with assault, and the matter will be ventilated in the police court on Wednesday. On Thursday last a tremendous crowd of people gathered round the entrance door to the galleries and Sir Richard Cartwright had difficulty order to gain access to the lobby. Evidently some one must have squeezed his ribs, for he lost his temper and seized Mr. Laferrier, who was following close behind, by the throat and pushed him back. The inoffensive newspaperman was, like Sir Richard, trying to reach the lobbies in order to do his regular work in the press galery, and now he is looking for the gore of the blue ruin knight.

Flags were flying at half mast on the parliament building and on Rideau club today in honor of the late John Bryson, M. P. The conservative members of the house sent a beauti-ful floral pillow to be laid upon the coffin, and tomorow the desk at which Mr. Bryson sat in the commons will similiarly marked.

Mr. McAllister, M. P., who has been home in New Brunswick for a few days, has returned to the city. It is not at all improbable that Dr. Montague will address a few meetings on the ice and prevented the horse in Cape Breton during the impending

Mr. Kenny, M. P., left for home to nished a rope and helped to get the day on account of the sudden illness of his mother. day got in while passing under the bridge. The next day Mr. Taylor, series of questions with reference to when coming off the ice onto the land above the bridge, got his horse in and had some trouble in reaching land. series of questions with reference to the leave of absence granted to Sir

Mr. Hazen presented the petition to In the exchequer court today a number of judgments were given. In the case of James Connell v. the Queen, an action arising out of an accident on the Intercolonial railway at the George street crossing in the town of New Glasgow, whereby the suppliant received bodily injury, such accident being alleged to have been occasioned by the conduct of a conductor of a train in running the same at too great a rate of speed. Judgment given for the suppliant for \$400 and costs. Strong v. Smith, the ship Atlanta, appeal from the Nova Scotia admiralty district upon a question of juristo arrest the cargo and freight of a cision.

The annual meeting of the Dominion Rifle association is by the constitution fixed for Wednesday next, but it is proposed on that day not to transact any business, but to adjourn until the 19th or 26th of February. Dr. Montague has, after consultation

with many members of parliament, decided to arrange for the collection of crop reports. It is probable they will be collected under the direction of Stasistician Johnson. The debate on the address was re-

sumed his afternoon by Mr. Masson of North Grey. Dealing with the Man-itoba school question, he said the itoba school question, he said the Greenway government missed their chance to settle this question after the judgment of the privy council was given. He proceeded to show the inconsistent position in which Mr Laurier and his party stood on this matter. In Maniparty stood on this matter the stood of the stood o toba, his organ insisted that Mr. Laur- early Monday afternoon with a full

schools, while in Quebec it was said schools, while in Quebec it was said he had given a solemn pledge to re-store them. Referring to the outcry raised by the liberals against Sir Charles Tupper, bart., being taken in-to the cabinet, Mr. Masson declared that the liberals blamed Sir Charles because he had too much faith in his country, its resources and its future. They called him a false prophet. Sir Charles prophesied that the C. P. R. would be built in ten years. It was It was built in seven. He prophesied that the completion of the C. P. R. would build up an Indian trade. This had already

been brought about. (Cheers.) Dr. Landerkin followed, indulging in some witticisms at the expense of the minister, who had recently returned to the fold. Evidently Dr. Mon-tague intended setting up a green groceries department, but he would not catch any votes in that way. (Laughter.) He knew the bolters would soon go back. Nothing humbled pride like poverty. (Laughter.) Mr. Casey followed, speaking up to six o'clock.

Mr. Casey continued after six o'clock. He contended that the present session was called for a special purpose, and that it would not be right for the government to consider the estimates for the incoming year or any other busi-

Mr. McMillan of Huron followed The adjournment of the debate was moved by Hon. David Mills, and the house rose at 9.45 p. m.

Mr. McMullin, the great liberal economist, gives notice of a return relating to the Intercolonial railway, which

CHATHAM.

will take a staff of clerks menths

prepare.

Both Parties Preparing for the Political Battle in Northumberland.

of which he gave notice today in the The Liberal Conservatives Will Meet on Thursday to Select a Candidate,

> Chatham, Jan. 20.—Sunday morning Rev. James Crisp preached in St. Luke's church. In the evening the pastor, Rev. Geo. Steel, delivered a very able address. His subject was

The Aim of Life. Last Thursday was the coldest day of the season here. The thermometer registered at 20 1-2 below zero.
On the 23rd inst. the Women's Mission society of St. Luke's will hold a social in the basement of that church.

A good programme and refreshments will be provided. The officers sand some of the mem-bers of Miramichi lodge, F. and A. M. of Chatham, paid a fraternal visit to Northumberland lodge, Newcastle, Tuesday night. The visiting brethren, who were accompanied by Worshipful Master Robinson, spent a most enjoyable evening. Northumberland lodge will return the visit tomorrow night, which is the regular meeting night of

Miramichi lodge.
Northumberland municipal council Morthumberland municipal council meets for the despatch of business at the council chambers, Newcastle, at 12 o'clock, noon, tomorrow.

Thos. Flanagan, the proprietor of the ever popular Adams house, is receiving the congratulations of friends on the birth of a son.

A telegram from Hon. Peter Mitchell about noon on Saturday announcing that the writ for an election to fill the vacancy in the commons caused by the elevation of Mr Adams to the senate had been issued; nomination day, 28th; polling, 4th February, caused a decided sensation in political circles. The liberals are on the fly, and changed the date of their general meeting from the 28th inst. at Chatham, to the 21st inst. at Newcastle. m. in Masonic hall that evening. The conservatives, though they cannot nominate a candidate till next Thursday, when their convention neets in Chatham for that purpose, are busy and everything points to a sharp conflict. According to good conservative authority the choice is now between W. A. Park, James Robinson and Hon. Surveyor General Tweedie. Mr. Rob-inson will probably be the standard bearer.

The rooms formerly occupied by the Chatham social club have been opened up as the conservative headquarters here. The headquarters of the liberals is upstairs over the Winslow law chambers.

SPRINGHILL N. S.

Funeral of the Late Stipendiary Magistrate-General News.

Springhill, Jan. 18 .- The funeral of the late stipendiary magistrate took place last Weinesday. The Orangemen of the town were present and an immense crowd of people. The Methodist church vas crowled on the oc-casion and could not contain all who wished to enter. Memorial discourses were given by the Revs. England, Wright, Wilson and Smith. The local government have appoint-

ed Frank Peers as stipendiary magistrate for the town of Springhill. The corporators of the Cottage hospital held their annual meeting yesterday. J. A. Stansfield was elected coralty district upon a question of juris-diction involving the right of a claim-ant under an unregistered mortgage to expect the carry and freight of a ed during the year. The receipts from ship. Appeal allowed with costs. The all sources reached the sum of question as to damages and costs was \$1,357.26. The current expenses were remitted to the local judge for his de-cision.

31.246.40. Fifteen hundred dollars had been donated during the year towards an endowed bed. The committee in its report earnestly commends the matter of partial endowment of the hospital to the respectful attention and sympathy of its friends. The managing committee elected for the ensuing year are: Rev. W. Chas. Wilson, treasurer; R. H. B. Murray, secretary, and Dr. J. W. Cove and Messrs. H. Boss and

J. A. Stansfield. An important mass meeting of the miners was held last evening to protest against the petition of the Mining association, an association of masters and managers, to the government to legislate for monthly pays. The men