



VOL. 34.

VICTORIA, B. C. TUESDAY, JUNE 30, 1903.

NO. 42.

ELECTION MAY BE HELD NEXT MONTH

EARLY DISSOLUTION EXPECTED IN MANITOBA

C. P. R. Engineer Killed Near Regina—Manager of the Elgin Loan Company Remanded.

Winnipeg, June 25.—Thomas Barclay, of Maple Creek, committed suicide yesterday by taking carbolic acid. He had been employed for the last two months as a special constable on the N. W. M. P., acting in the capacity of cook.

Engineer Killed. A man named McKecher was killed on the C. P. R. tracks near Regina last night. He was sleeping on the track. Deceased was a C. P. R. engineer and was on route to Montreal to visit his wife.

Surrendered. C. F. Gordon, a deserter from the Northwest Mounted Police, surrendered himself to the Winnipeg police today.

The Manitoba House. It is officially denied that the Manitoba House has been dissolved, and writs issued. It is expected nevertheless that dissolution is near at hand, and July 17th is the probable date of polling.

Sent to Jail. Cobourg, June 25.—Chief Russell last night arrested a tramp who gives his name as William Armstrong. The man had in his possession a number of letters from Collingwood, and admitted having been in the vicinity of Collingwood recently. He was committed to jail for six months as a vagrant.

Remanded. St. Thomas, June 25.—George Howley, manager of the Elgin Loan & Savings Company, who disappeared a few days ago, has returned to the city. He appeared before Police Magistrate Glent this morning and was remanded to Thursday, July 22nd. The charge against him is stealing \$4,000 from the Elgin Loan Company. He was admitted to bail in \$8,000.

Feto at End. Montreal, June 25.—The St. Jean Baptiste celebration was brought to a close to-night by a monster banquet, at which over 3,000 people were present. Speeches were made by Mr. J. I. Tarte, Hon. Mr. Prefontaine, Mr. F. D. Monk, M. P., and other leading French-Canadians. Mr. Tarte made the speech of the evening, and urged the French-Canadians to devote more attention to practical education in order to keep abreast of the other nationalities.

Well-Known Tailor Dead. R. J. Ingle, one of the best known merchant tailors of the city and province, died this morning.

WITHOUT THE OPTION. Member of Rochester City Engineer's Staff Impersonated For Abusing Mother-in-Law.

Rochester, N. Y., June 25.—A society sensation, with political and fraternal entanglements, was centered in the police court today, when Judge Chadsey sentenced Frank L. Pearce, of the city engineer's staff, to serve six months in the penitentiary for abusing his mother-in-law, without the alternative of a fine, and emphasized the order by directing the immediate confinement of the prisoner before he could procure bail or file an appeal. It is the outgrowth of a family entanglement, and the judge was aroused by the effort of the defendant to besmirch his wife's character, as well as that of her family. A dramatic incident happened when the wife told of the abduction of her two children and their concealment in Buffalo. The prisoner's father-in-law is David Ainsworth, a C. A. R. veteran, and attache of the state consular office, and a literary man, also a member of the Union League Club. Both the Pearcees threaten to bring divorce actions. Pearce is a university graduate.

RECEIVED RINGS. Private Ceremony at the Vatican After Public Consistory.

Rome, June 25.—After today's public consistory the cardinals formed a procession in the Sistine chapel and went to the altar, where they prayed as the Grand Ambrosian hymn was intoned by the choir. After the hall had been cleared of strangers, the cardinals were re-moanted by the Pope, and the Pontiff announced the new episcopal appointments, the cardinals signing their assent by raising their hats. The postulants (for Archbishop Farley, Monsignor Farley, and for Archbishop Oth. Father Desceuff, the popepanda) then entered the hall and asked the Pope to bestow the palliums on the prelates they presented, which was granted. They will be delivered tomorrow by the cardinal dean. The function ended with the Pope giving the new cardinals their rings as princes of the church.

REVIEWED TROOPS.

Inspection By King Peter—Has Announced Accession to European Sovereigns.

Belgrade, June 25.—On the parade grounds, which is situated three miles from Belgrade, four regiments of infantry, two regiments of cavalry, four field batteries of artillery, and one horse battery were drawn up before a large crowd of people in carriages, on horseback and on foot. A pretty pavilion on the ground was filled with the ministers and their families. Both the Russian and the Austrian military attacks were present.

King Peter, wearing a general's uniform, and mounted on a white horse, formerly usually ridden by the late King Alexander, and surrounded by a brightly uniformed staff, took up a position in front of the pavilion, while the troops marched past. They were a fine body of men, but their equipment was not practical. King Peter, after the march, rode off, followed by shouts of "Long Live King Peter."

During the day the King had several conferences with the ministers, and a royal proclamation was issued, and was well received. King Peter today formally announced his accession to the Serbian throne to all the European sovereigns. To-night he addressed a long proclamation to "My beloved people," announcing that he had taken the oath in due form, in accordance with the unanimous wish of the nation, and promising to remain a true constitutional monarch, to devote himself to the advancement and welfare of the nation, and to safeguard the freedom and rights of the people.

MISLEADING STATEMENTS.

Alleged False Representations Made to Sell Mining Stock in New York.

New York, June 25.—An investigation has been conducted by the authorities at Washington into the affairs of an alleged mining concern with offices in this city. For three months past, it is said, the concern has been advertising freely in all the foreign newspapers. One of the advertisements translated from a Greek paper published here, reads: "Have you five dollars? Do you wish to make a million in a month? One hundred million in a year and one thousand within a short time."

The board of managers named in the advertisement is composed of men asserted to be filling high public positions such as "senator of the state of Ohio," "comptroller of the United States treasury" and "treasurer of the United States." There also appears the name of a member asserted to have been "former minister of the treasury." None of the names given, however, are known at all in the public life of this country. It is alleged that the company has disposed of considerable stock to foreigners.

CUMBERLAND LIBERALS.

Organize an Association and Elect Their Officers.

Cumberland, June 25.—At a well-attended meeting of Cumberland Liberals last night it was decided to organize a Liberal Association. The following officers were then elected: President, W. Willard; vice-president, J. B. Bennett; secretary, H. F. Pullen; treasurer, D. McKay; executive, D. Roy, F. Williams, P. Dunn, L. E. Carey and S. Riggs. A number of committees were appointed. Addresses were given by Wm. Sloan, Dr. Millard and a number of others. Mr. Sloan went to Nanaimo on the boat, but will return next week to organize at Courtenay. A convention will be held in the near future to nominate a candidate.

TRANS-ATLANTIC TRAFFIC.

Signs of a Coming Struggle for Passengers.

New York, June 25.—While no cutting of rates on trans-Atlantic liners is generally expected as the result of the Cunard line's withdrawal from the so-called rate pool, the first step in a fight for passenger traffic has been taken, according to the Journal of Commerce, by the announcement on the part of the line mentioned that they will, beginning July 2nd, book stowage passengers for the continent. The booking of stowage passengers for the continent has already begun on the other side, and there seems no doubt that it is in the direction of the continental stowage business that the first sign of the coming contest will be shown.

CLEARING DEBRIS.

Additional Bodies May Be Buried Under Wreck off Train.

Spokane, June 25.—Until a late hour last night and again early this morning, thousands of people gathered at the scene of the train wreck and watched several hundred workmen clearing away the debris, a task which will take several days yet to complete. It is believed that there may yet be one or two bodies in the wreck, but the death list will not be known definitely till the wreck has been cleared.

Stockholm, Sweden, June 25.—Sweden today officially accepted the invitation to participate in the St. Louis exposition. Previously Sweden had twice declined, but through the efforts of Minister Thoms it is now definitely decided that they will be represented.

MAD MULLAH DESTROYS FIVE BRITISH POSTS

Forty-Two White Men Were Killed, Including Thirty-Nine Officers—Two Thousand Native Soldiers Taken.

(Associated Press.)

London, June 27.—A dispatch from Jibuti, says the Mad Mullah has destroyed five British posts between Burso and Behotle in Somaliland.

Thirty-nine British officers out of forty-two white men were killed in the engagements. Two thousand native soldiers were made prisoners.

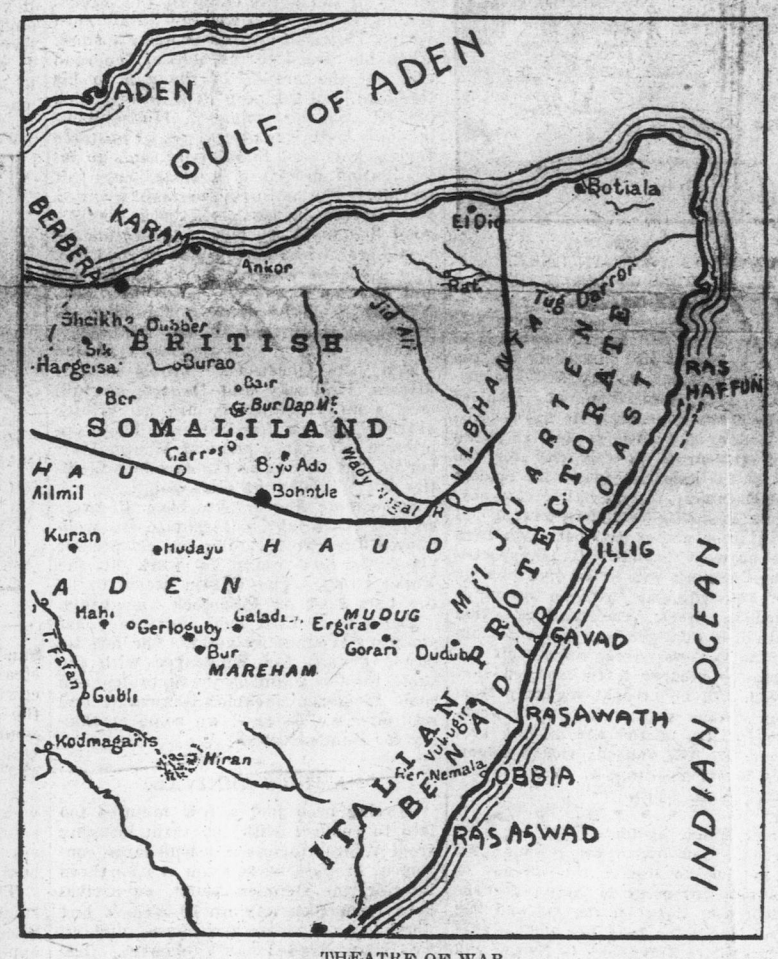
The war office dispatch, received today, was sent by General Manning from Behotle on June 26th, and announced his arrival there unopposed. He captured a number of the Mad Mullah camels and sheep, while on his way to Behotle.

The General said the Mullah, with his fighting men, had crossed the British

line of communications, half way between Danot and Behotle. The Mullah's move was due to the British hold on the Mudug district and to the pressure of the Abyssinians, who are advancing from the south.

General Manning added: "This flight of the Mullah would have been turned into a rout if it had been possible to send a column of sufficient strength from Behotle. The prisoners captured say the tribes are disorganized."

The last news of the Mad Mullah was that he was marching eastward on the British forces, threatening the lines between Oboma and Behotle, which were the only British means of communication with the coast. General Manning was expected to reach Behotle on June 26th with reinforcements.



Map of Somaliland, Where British Forces Are Operating Against the Mad Mullah.

WORK OF MOB.

Three Negroes Taken From Jail, Hanged to Tree and Bodies Riddled.

Albany, Ga., June 25.—Three negroes, Garfield McCoy, Geo. McKinney and Jas. Wiley, were taken from jail at Newton, Baker county, 20 miles south of here, last night, and lynched. The three men were in jail for killing F. S. Bulard, a white man, who was called to quell a row at a negro dance near his house one night last week. The negroes were taken a mile from town, hanged to a tree and riddled with bullets.

FIRE LOSSES.

May Was a Heavy Month For British Insurance Companies.

Montreal, June 27.—A special cable from London says: "Large fires in Canada and the United States have made May a heavy month for the British insurance companies. There have been many bad individual losses, with a general increase over the whole field. Taking, however, the completed five months of this year, the total losses are \$10,000,000 less than in 1901, and \$7,500,000 less than in 1902."

KING PETER

Receives Congratulations From the Kings of Italy and Roumania, and President Loubet.

Belgrade, June 27.—The Kings of Italy and Roumania, President Loubet of France and Prince Nicholas of Montenegro have added their congratulations to those already received by King Peter from other chiefs of the states. These telegrams are regarded as constituting official recognition of the new ruler of Servia.

RUSSIANS IN KOREA

Show No Signs of Withdrawing, But on the Contrary Are Constructing Military Barracks.

Tokio, via San Francisco, June 27.—The Japanese press is advancing many statements to prove the assertion that Russia does not intend to withdraw from Korea. It is stated that the construction of military barracks continues, and that the fortification of important points on the Yalu river has not been suspended.

Ten thousand coolies have been sent to Newchang from Tientsin in connection with the construction of the Russian railway in Mongolia. The coolies are expected to be open some time in November. The fortresses at Yingkow, given up lately, are being occupied by twice as many Russian troops as before the recent withdrawal.

As a sequel of the recent collision in Antung between Chinese troops and mountain brigands in the Russian military service, a Russian colonel, the leader of the brigands, had claimed damages from the Chinese authorities, nine brigands having been killed and nine more being taken prisoners.

The Chinese resident governor in Tibet has informed the home government that several hundred Russian mounted troops have recently arrived in Thibetan, in addition to a number of Russians who have been engaged in surveying operations for some time past. The French troops in Thibetan have been removed to the eastern arsenal, and have restored their former headquarters to the Chinese authorities.

WILL RETURN PETITION.

Russian Government Regrets Action of United States in Kischneff Affair.

St. Petersburg, June 27.—The Russian government has learned with profound regret of the intention of the Washington authorities to forward to St. Petersburg a petition from American Jews relative to Russia's treatment of her Jewish subjects. It is yet hoped that the United States will appreciate the Russian attitude in this case, and will content itself with the kindly expressions of sympathy, which it already has offered for the affair at Kischneff.

Mr. Riddle, the American charge, has presented the petition at the Russian foreign office, which will be received with cordiality. In returning the petition to Mr. Riddle, the officials will assure him that Russia cherishes no ill-will towards the United States, and that the action it takes with respect to the petition is necessary in view of Russia's unchangeable policy of refraining from interference in the internal affairs of other powers, and insisting on similar treatment for herself. Mr. Riddle, it can be stated, will be subjected to no personal embarrassment.

REVOLUTIONARY CIRCULARS

Are Being Distributed Broadcast in Russia and Servian Disturbances Have Taken Place.

St. Petersburg, June 27.—The revolutionary movement in Russia seems to be spreading unceasingly, and is reaching regions hitherto free from the radical agitation. Leaflets directed against the existing condition of Russian home affairs and demanding revolutionary change were circulated broadcast during the month of May in thirty-four cities and towns of the empire. Serious street disturbances have occurred at various places.

It is said that the anti-semitic agitation at Easteride extended throughout the entire place of Jewish settlements. The monarchial society, organized at Pinsk, circulated leaflets beginning: "Brother workers, Orthodox and Catholic, Christ has arisen, let us embrace, kiss and go and kill the Jews."

ANTI-RITUAL CAMPAIGN.

Bishop Potter Replies to Rev. P. C. Willingham—May Guard Church with Police.

New York, June 27.—Bishop Henry C. Potter has taken notice of the open letter sent to him by Rev. P. C. Willingham, vicar of Hexton, Hertfordshire, England, and has sent to the vicar a reply that is vigorous and pointed. Furthermore, he has written to Rev. D. G. M. Christian, rector of the church of which complaint was made, advising him to apply for a detail of police, and in case the Hexton vicar and his followers present themselves and interfere, to direct the police to throw the party into the street.

FAVOR BRITISH GOODS.

Montreal, June 27.—A special from London today says:

"South Africa is quickly falling into line in the imperial reciprocity campaign. Today's Capetown message says: 'The customs convention which gives preferential rates to British goods is certain to pass, though only by a narrow majority, probably of two. De Wyal's amendment asking for reciprocity, which emanates from Mr. Hoffmeyer, will probably be carried.'"

TUNNEL UNDER RIVER.

New York, June 25.—The actual construction of the Pennsylvania tunnel under the North river was begun yesterday. A force of men are now drilling for the shafts to the headings of the tunnel at 32nd street.

The Bank of England employs about 1,000 people, pays a quarter of a million yearly in wages and £55,000 yearly in pensions.

FATAL COLLISION ON ELECTRIC RAILWAY

FREIGHT CONDUCTOR CRUSHED TO DEATH

An Indian Boy Admits Having Set Fire to Barns—Two Finlanders Stabbed.

Hamilton, Ont., June 26.—A freight car loaded with fruit, coming west, and a passenger car going east, collided on the Hamilton, Grimsby & Beamsville electric railway yesterday, resulting in the death of Robt. Braithwood, conductor of the freight, who was thrown under the car and had both legs crushed, besides sustaining other injuries. A man named Lay and two commercial travellers were severely injured and other passengers bruised. Peter Dobson, conductor of the passenger car, was also seriously injured, but will recover.

COMMITTED TO TRIAL.

Brantford, Ont., June 26.—Frank Wisniewski, an Indian boy, aged about thirteen, who left Mohawk Institute last Monday after the play house was burned and later arrested at Stony Point, has been committed for trial, charged with having set fire to the Mohawk barns on May 6th. He admits the crime. He says Frank Lewin and George Johnson, companions, knew all about the scheme to destroy the barns, because they wanted to get home. Lewin, Johnson and Roy Wilson were also committed for trial.

FARMER KILLED.

Seaforth, Ont., June 26.—Wm. Allan, a farmer, 45 years old, was killed by a log which he and a little boy were carrying yesterday falling on him.

TWO STABBED.

Fort William, Ont., June 26.—Two Finlanders named Hermane Sante and Ed. Johnson were stabbed on Wednesday night by an unknown Italian while listening to the music of a dance being held at an Italian residence. Sante was stabbed just below the heart and may die.

TORONTO GETS A MEMBER.

Redistribution Committee Again at Work—Maritime Member Dead.

Ottawa, June 26.—Ontario was taken up at the redistribution committee today. Toronto will have five members, and the balance of the province is distributed to the population after Toronto is excluded. This makes 10,384 the unit, one member outside Toronto. Not much further progress was made.

NO INFRACTION.

The case of J. T. Schell, M. P., for alleged infringement of the Independence of Parliament Act, was practically disposed of at the privileges and elections committee today. On motion of W. B. Northrup, Conservative, it was decided that there was no infraction of the act, and the chairman of the committee and Mr. Northrup will prepare a resolution to this effect.

DONALD FARQUHARSON DEAD.

Donald Farquharson, M. P. for Queen's West, Prince Edward Island, died at his home on that island today.

EXHIBITS FOR FAIR

Will Be Exempt From Duty If Sent in Bond to St. Louis Exposition.

St. Louis, Mo., June 26.—The customs regulations secured from the United States treasury department for the convenience of foreign exhibitors at the World's Fair, provide that such goods, in order to be exempt from duties, must be received in bond at the port of entry into this country; thence sent in bond to the exposition and continued in bond through and to the close of the exposition. After the close of the exposition they will be sent out of the country through the same port by which they were entered. This arrangement will necessitate the employment of about 500 revenue officers, inspectors, supervisors and other government employees, who will be here during the fair period.

MURDERED BY NATIVES.

American Employee of Congo State and His Escort Killed.

London, June 26.—A dispatch to the Central News from Brussels says the Congo mail has brought news of the murder of an American named Thornton, and his native escort. Thornton was an employee of the Congo Free States. He was ascending a tributary of the Arruvai river, when his party was attacked by rebels, and after a fierce fight, the American and all the members of his escort were killed.

NEW JUDGE.

Ottawa, June 27.—C. W. Coulter, ex-M.P. Cayuga, has been appointed judge of Halland county.

IMPERIAL UNITY.

Mr. Balfour and Mr. Chamberlain Speak in London—No Personal Competition.

(Associated Press.)

London, June 26.—The Constitutional Club today entertained Colonial Secretary Chamberlain at luncheon and presented him with an address enclosed in a casket, in recognition of his services to the nation.

Premier Balfour made the presentation speech. Referring to Mr. Chamberlain's fiscal proposals, he said it would be absolute folly for the Conservative-Unionist party to make opinions of economical questions a test of party loyalty. The present economic position of the country demanded the most careful consideration. It must not be supposed that because self-government had been given to the colonies that these could be regarded as separate political entities. On the contrary, they were integral portions of the British Empire. The question at issue was not new, but Mr. Chamberlain, more than any other man, dead or living, had given life to the expression of the idea of Imperial unity.

Mr. Chamberlain received a remarkable ovation when he rose to reply. The colonial secretary opened his remarks with repudiating the suggestions of personal competition between himself and Mr. Balfour, remarking that he could not conceive any occurrence that could shake the political association and friendship between them. He desired on the eve of a great controversy to publicly state that he believed that the leadership of Mr. Balfour was essential to the success of the Unionist party. If the Unionist alliance was dissolved or weakened the "Home Rule snake, which was only scotched, not killed, would again come to the front."

TO HOLD EMPIRE TOGETHER.

Mr. Chamberlain Tells Why He Has Raised the Present Question.

London, June 26.—In the course of his speech at the Constitutional Club today, where he received an address enclosed in a casket, Mr. Chamberlain declared that the present question of the colonies would be far more probable than their political union. It was not true that he had raised the cry of preferential tariffs for the benefit of himself or of the party, but it was because there was no other alternative to a man holding his position, and he believed that only thereby could the Empire be held together. A policy of retaliation could be better described as a policy of negotiation. The ministers would endeavor to break down the existing wall of hostile tariffs, and if they failed in these negotiations they would endeavor to retain for their own country the vast possibilities for production and opportunity for employment, the lack of which was now driving British subjects to foreign lands.

The time was surely drawing near when a decision must be reached on this question. But he was now speaking for himself alone, and he did not ask anyone to commit himself to the acceptance of his views.

THE FORTHCOMING CONGRESS.

Toronto, June 26.—The News's London cable says: "Lord Brassey presided at the annual meeting of the London Chamber of Commerce yesterday, and said he looked forward with delight to presiding over the Congress of Chambers of Commerce of the Empire, to be held in Montreal next August. He considered that no body of men were more competent to debate the momentous question of fiscal union than the representatives of the various chambers of commerce throughout the Empire. He expressed the opinion that the visit to Canada would show if Canada was justified in her claim to the name of 'Granary of the Empire.'"

SERVIAN MINISTER RESIGNS.

M. Mijatovich Declines to Act Any Longer in That Capacity in London.

London, June 26.—M. Mijatovich, the Servian minister to Great Britain, has resigned. His letter, which was sent to Belgrade on Tuesday, does not state his reasons for this action. When questioned on the subject the minister said: "I have no desire to give offence to the new regime by discussing their motives, but I consider that they are sufficiently obvious."

TELEGRAM FROM THE KAISER.

Belgrade, June 25.—The German Emperor has sent King Peter a telegram couched in cordial terms. The Austrian minister this morning resumed official relations with the Servian government.

King Peter held a reception this morning. Only two foreign diplomats, the Russian and the Austrian ministers, attended. The representatives of three or four other countries were willing to recognize King Peter, but not the Servian cabinet, in which Col. Machin, one of the chief conspirators, holds a portfolio. The King's reappointment of the ministry is regarded as equivalent to a notification that no punishment will be meted out to the assassins of King Alexander and Queen Draga.

QUARTER MILLION DOLLARS.

Milwaukee, Wis., June 27.—Fire last night practically destroyed the building at 312-315 Grand avenue. The fire was carried to the Davidson hotel and to the Boston store. The total loss is estimated at about \$250,000.

THE PROLOGUE OF ONTARIO HOUSE

OVER ONE HUNDRED BILLS ASSENTED TO

A Criminal Libel Case in Winnipeg Over Charges Against Provincial Secretary McFadden.

Toronto, June 27.—Very few members were present when Lieut.-Governor Mortimer Clarke prorogued the legislature to-day and gave his assent to six bills, making 131 in all passed this session, out of 205 introduced. The speech from the throne made no reference to the Gamey matter.

Protest Against Rates. The Canadian Manufacturers' Association charges that all changes in railway freight rates since January have been illegal, as they have not received the sanction of the Governor-General-in-Council. Merchants are now advised by the association to pay all increased rates under protest. The association will gather information from those who have complaints, and lay it before the railway committee to show why the new schedules should not be sanctioned.

Funeral of C. W. Taylor. The funeral of the late C. W. Taylor, manager of the Globe, took place to-day, and although private, was largely attended by business men of the city, and representatives of the business interests in all parts of Canada, and even the United States.

Open Air Campaign. A meeting of Conservatives will be held in King Edward hotel, Monday evening, for the purpose of considering the advisability of holding open air demonstrations of the Conservatives of Canada about the latter part of August.

New Superintendent. Herbert F. Gardiner, editor of the Hamilton Times, will, it is understood, be appointed superintendent of the institution for the blind at Brantford, in succession to the late Dr. Dymott.

Due to Creditors. Assignee Clarkson announced that the ordinary creditors of the estate of C. W. Anderson & Son, private bankers, Oakville, will receive about two and a half cents on the dollar.

Censured Officers. St. Thomas, June 27.—Col. Peters, D. O. C., inspected the 25th Regiment last night and severely censured the officers because of the condition of the regiment, its a result Col. McKechnie, the commanding officer, has resigned and other officers expressed their intention of doing the same.

In State of Collapse. George Rowley, manager of the Elgin Loan & Savings Company, is in a state of mental and physical collapse, and is not expected to live to be tried for his alleged crime. Revelations of the past few days go to show that he has been stealing from the company for the past twelve years, while at the same time he took a leading part in religious circles of the city.

Criminal Libel Case. Winnipeg, June 27.—The editor of the Free Press, J. W. Dufos, was served with a warrant for arrest on a charge of criminal libel, taken at the instance of Dr. McFadden, provincial secretary, in connection with the charges made that Contractor George H. MacDonnell had been compelled to pay over \$5,000 before he could secure a settlement with the government on his Boyne marsh damage contract. Mr. Dufos appeared before a magistrate, and had no difficulty in securing bail. Dr. McFadden gives the charge an emphatic denial.

Attempted Burglary. Burglars attempted to blow open the safe in Young & Beck's mill at Killarney last night. The safe was drilled and a charge of powder exploded without any result other than partially destroying the safe. It was evidently the work of professionals, but they failed.

TRAGEDY IN JAIL. Condemned Murderer Killed Fellow Prisoner and Afterwards Ended His Own Life.

Hot Spring, Ark., June 27.—Jim Dougherty, condemned to die August 14th for the murder of Chief of Detectives Jack Donahue here on Christmas day last, to-day deliberately assaulted with a razor and killed Roger Williams, a fellow prisoner, in the county jail. Dougherty was searched and relieved of a razor three weeks ago, during his trial, and he held Williams responsible for this action of the officers. To-day, while Williams was stooping over a wash basin washing his face, Dougherty approached from behind, and, reaching close under and across his abdomen, brought the razor across, making a gash two inches long. Williams was removed to a sanitarium, where he died. Dougherty was peering into the cells and calling for other prisoners to come out into the corridor that he might slaughter them, when the jailor arrived, and, at the point of a revolver, drove him into his cell. A mob of 500 people gathered at the jail to-night, and while the sheriff was pleading with the people to let the law take its course, a mob prisoner in the corridor called out through the window that Dougherty had cut his throat. The sheriff quickly investigated, and found that the murderer had taken the steel end of his shoestrings, fastened them out and made a two-inch incision on each side of his throat, causing death.

YOUNG MEN, Become Independent. Our School can give you a Veterinary Course in simple English language, at only 100 dollars for the whole term, and place you in a position to secure a handsome salary. Send for our prospectus, or for a copy of our book, or for a list of our positions. Write to the Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto, Ontario, Canada.

PERSECUTING BULGARIANS. Campaign Appears to Have Been Organized by Turks—Many Soldiers on the Scene.

London, June 29.—A dispatch from Vienna to the Morning Leader says the situation in the Vilayet of Adrianople is very grave. There are many indications that Bulgaria and Turkey regard an outbreak of war as a probable contingency. It is reliably certain that Turkish authorities are organizing a regular persecution of Bulgarian inhabitants, their villages being razed to the ground and many notable Bulgarians being imprisoned on slight pretexts. The Turkish troops in the Vilayet number 120,000.

DOMINION SUSTAINED. Decision of Exchequer Court in Suit Brought by Manitoba. Ottawa, June 29.—The Manitoba government took suit against the Dominion for the Dominion having used the proceeds from swamp lands before they were cession to the province. The Exchequer court held to-day that the Dominion had the right to this, and until such time as these lands were transferred by order-in-council.

New Senator. Mr. Goran, of Montreal, will likely be appointed Senator at to-day's meeting of the cabinet. Inspector Appointed. J. K. Barrett, inspector of inland revenue for the Winnipeg district, has been, in addition to his present position, appointed inspector of malt-houses and breweries of the Dominion.

May Issue Licenses. An order-in-council has been passed giving the minister of inland revenue power to issue licenses for the manufacture of beer and other malt liquors in the Yukon.

TO CONTINUE STRIKE. Report That Federation Has Provided for Immediate Support for Ladysmith Miners.

Nanaimo, June 29.—The regular weekly meeting of the Ladysmith miners was held in Fina hall yesterday afternoon. Nothing beyond the usual routine business was transacted, as it could be learned. Andrew Bryden returned from Victoria where he has for the past few days been in consultation with J. Dunsmuir. He had, however, nothing further to report to the committee.

It is stated the Western Federation at Denver propose to fight the Ladysmith strike to a finish, and has provided immediate support for its men to carry on the fight. The exact amount that is to be distributed is not actually known, but is believed to be in the neighborhood of \$15,000 monthly. As a matter of fact, Representative Moore has wired the executive recommending not less than a monthly allowance of \$30,000.

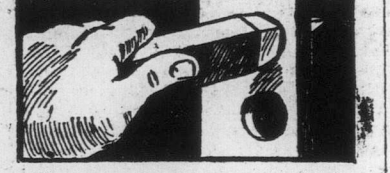
A rumor is current at Ladysmith that in the event of the strike not being settled by the end of next week the mines are to be re-opened, when as many may return as wish to sign the necessary agreement, also that Chinese will be put in to make up a sufficient number to work the collieries.

At Cumberland matters are quiet and orderly. Forty-one whites and 750 Chinese and Japanese are mining. The output of coal is almost equal to that of last year before the trouble. There appears to be no wavering on the part of the strikers, who are confident of ultimate victory.

Steam was turned on yesterday for the first time since the fire at the Ladysmith Lumber Company's new sawmill at Fiddie's Junction. The mills have been rebuilt on a more modern scale. Operations were commenced on Saturday on the stone quarries at Newcastle Island, which have been leased from the Western Fuel Co. by a San Francisco firm. Some fifty men are now at work cleaning up the quarries.

John Childers and A. Tate, two Italian miners at Ladysmith were fined \$20 each and costs or sixty days in jail for intimidating and assaulting another miner of the same nationality by the name of Alexander. The trouble grew out of Alexander voting to return to work at last Monday's open air meeting.

Greenland never had a printing press until 1861. The first was imported by Dr. Burk.



"The square peg in the round hole" figuratively expresses the use of means unsuited to the desired end. A great many people who have been cured of dyspepsia and other diseases of the stomach and its allied organs of digestion and nutrition by the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery say: "We tried many medicines with only temporary benefit. It was not until we began the use of 'Golden Medical Discovery' that we found a complete and lasting cure."

\$3,000 FORFEIT will be paid by WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, Proprietors, Buffalo, N. Y., if they cannot show the original signature of the individual volunteering the testimonial bond, and also of the writers of every testimonial among the thousands which they are constantly publishing, thus proving their genuineness.

It is with pleasure that I tell you what Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and 'Pellies' have done for me," writes Mrs. T. M. Palmer, of Pease, Kaufman Co., Texas. "Two years ago I was ailing and my doctor told me to get something I ate would put me in distress. I tried to eat milk and even that gave me pain. I felt as though I would starve to death. Three doctors attended me—one said I had dyspepsia and the other said I had indigestion. They attended me (one at a time) for a long time, but they did not cure me. I tried some patent medicine; got no better, and I grew so weak and nervous my heart would flutter. I could not do any work. Now I can do my house work very well; eat anything I desire, and sleep, and can eat anything I want."

Accept no substitute for Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser is sent free on receipt of stamps to pay expense of customs and mailing only. Send 31 one-cent stamps for the paper-covered book, or 50 stamps for the cloth-bound volume. Address Dr. R. W. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.



HEARD AT CAMP MACAULAY. Orderly Sergeant (to orderly officer)—Beg your pardon, Sir, but I'm was ration short. Who will I give it to?

NO TRUTH IN THE STORY OF DISASTER

THE WAR OFFICE CONTRADICTS REPORT

Message Was From French Source and Fortunately Without Foundation—General Manning's Message.

On Saturday a dispatch was published stating that the Mad Mullah had destroyed five British posts between Burso and Beholien, Somaliland, that 39 British officers and 42 white men were killed in the engagements, and that 2,000 native soldiers were made prisoners.

This information, which came from Paris and was by error credited to London source, fortunately turned out to be unfounded, and all readers will be pleased to learn that the British forces had no real disaster, but on the other hand the Mad Mullah's followers are disorganized.

A telegram was received by the war office, London, which proved the report to be incorrect, but unfortunately the message arrived here incomplete, this important statement being omitted. The result was that the dispatch we received at the Times office on Saturday conveyed an entirely different meaning to what was intended. The complete dispatch follows:

London, June 27.—The war office has received a telegram from Somaliland enabling it to contradict the French report of a British disaster. The last news of the Mad Mullah was that he was moving eastward on the British forces, threatening the lines between Obura and Boholien, which were the only British means of communication with the coast.

The war office dispatch was sent by General Manning from Boholien, on the 26th, and announced his arrival there unopposed. He captured a number of the Mad Mullah's camels and sheep, while on his way to Boholien. The general said that the Mullah, with his fighting men, had crossed the British line of communication, half-way between Damot and Boholien. The Mullah's move was due to the British hold on the Mudug district, and to the pressure of the Abyssinians who are advancing from the south. General Manning added:

This fight of the Mullah would have been turned into a rout if it had been possible to send a column of sufficient strength from Boholien. The prisoners captured say that the tribes are disorganized.

Stories of Torture. With reference to the report that there are in the Mullah's camp some British officers, survivors of the disaster to Col. Plunkett's column, an Aden correspondent says that a Somali who had been with the Mullah's force affirmed that the Mullah's captives were only Beew, who followed the Mullah, and that, according to the Somali's information, the two former were probably volunteers from the Boer contingent.

A later telegram from the same correspondent says that the members of the balloon section which has just returned to Aden state that spies brought them the information that among the Mullah's captives was one Beew, who was being fearfully tortured. They had received the information that may officers who were with Col. Plunkett's force when it met with disaster were only Beew, and that when they fell into the hands of the Mullah's men their heads were cut off and paraded on poles through the principal villages, being finally placed round the Mullah's shereba.

A strong feeling is current in Aden that had a force been sent to the relief of Col. Plunkett many of the wounded officers and men would have been saved. Enquiries in London show that the war office authorities are not inclined to attach too much credence to the report that European officers are captives of the Mullah. They point out that some of the Arab tribes under the Mullah contain men with such light complexions that they might easily be mistaken for

Europeans, and they think it possible that the report of English or Boer officers being in captivity has arisen through some such mistake.

PERSONAL. H. O. Allen, of Salt Spring Island, is in the city to-day in the interests of the Islands Agricultural Society and the Islands Creamery Association, of both of which he is the secretary. He has secured between \$300 and \$400 in special prizes and advertisements in this city for the former, and is preparing to ask for tenders for the machinery for the latter company. The new steamery will be located at Ganges Harbor, and expects patronage from all the adjacent islands. It is expected that the creamery will be in operation by October and will start with an output of 1,000 pounds a week. The cream gathering system will be followed, and if the patronage of the farmers on the other Gulf islands can be secured it is expected that the cream will be brought regularly from the islands to the city.

NEWS OF COAST ON THE QUEEN CITY

DECKHAND STRIKE ON THE SOUND STEAMERS

Amur From North and Shawmut From Far East Among Friday's Arrivals—Notes.

(From Saturday's Daily.) After a trip to the northern end of the Island on the west coast, the steamer Queen City arrived yesterday afternoon with a good list of passengers. J. Hansen, of Bamfield Creek, arrived to enter the hospital, having met with an accident on the coast. J. Holcomb, of Tacoma, who is interested in a mining property on Quatsino; H. Adams, a mining engineer; Mrs. Wales, a lady who over a year ago made the trip around the Island in an open sail boat, and has lately been residing at Quatsino; Miss Macrae, who has been teaching school at Quatsino; Mr. Nelson, from Quatsino; Captain Hughes and Capt. Carroll, who have been down the coast negotiating for Indian crews for the Victoria Sealing Co.; Mr. Becker, from Cape Scott; Messrs. Burt and Ferguson, from Clayoquot; Mr. and Mrs. Reed, from Alberni; Miss Reagan, from Sechart; Mr. Campbell, a visiting Presbyterian divine, who returned from a holiday trip spent with Rev. Mr. Stone at Clo-oose; John Moynie and Miss Tootoosh, from Alberni; Mr. Brockley, customs officer at San Juan; L. B. Joseph, foreman of the logging camp, and Messrs. Hobbs, Jenkins and Waters, from San Juan, were also passengers on the just returned steamer.

The Queen City brings particulars of the suicide of Martin Griffin, a prospector, which occurred at the Yreka camp on the 12th inst. Deceased had been feeling ill for some time, and was despondent. He went up to the Edison camp with his partner McDonald, and while there borrowed a 44-calibre rifle from R. Connor, and said he was going to hunt across the arm. McDonald and Griffin went down the hill as far as the main track, and the former left him to go up to the upper camp of the Yreka. Griffin continued down the hill until within 75 yards of the company's store, when he turned to the side of the road and put the muzzle of the gun to his forehead, and taking a little forked stick pushed on the trigger. Half-an-hour later his body was discovered. Constable Leeson was sent for at once, and an investigation proved it a clear case of suicide. The unfortunate man wrote a few words in his pocketbook, bidding good bye to R. Connor, and stating he would see he had put his life to good use. This, however, is the only thing that the constable the following day. Nothing could be discovered among his papers to show that he had relatives.

Another item of interest from Quatsino which the Queen City brings is that Messrs. Holloway and Roberts sawmill men from Washington, are at Winter Harbor looking for flmber. They are planning to put in a plant at Winter Harbor at once, owing to the excellent facilities for shipping at that point. Some more fine ore has been discovered near Alice lake, adjacent to the well-known tin group. The air compressor is now ready to work at the Yreka camp. The Edison sumpers to be the true lead on Constock mountain. The Queen City sails for the coast again on Wednesday night. She left at noon for Vancouver, and will be in the Victoria harbor on Friday morning. The cable for the Chimney creek bridge, and some freight ex-steamers Shawmut, and returning will bring down some machinery for Bamfield creek.

AMUR'S ARRIVAL.

Having been just a few minutes too late to connect with the train bringing from White Horse the second large contingent of passengers from the northern interior, the steamer Amur on arrival here from Skagway at 10 o'clock last night had only three passengers, and but two were landed at Vancouver. The Alaska Steamship Company's liner Dorian had made a clean-up of the passengers for Skagway about five minutes before the Amur arrived, her agent promising free transportation to Vancouver and Victoria from Seattle to all who did not wish to remain in Seattle.

Those who arrived on the C. P. R. liner were Mrs. Robinson and child, J. W. Roeliger, E. J. Cameron, G. C. McKay, Geo. Calony, F. Brown and child, and C. A. Robinson. The Amur had an uneventful trip. She passed the steamer Finch on her return, working on the wrecked Colorado taking the cargo of concentrates out of the wreck's hold. The Amur had only two shipments as freight, one being a consignment of furs and the other of gold and copper ore for Capt. John Irving.

STRIKE OF DECKHANDS.

Striking deck hands on Puget Sound steamers have organized a union. A dispatch from Seattle says: "The deckhands are striking for a raise in wages from \$40 to \$45 per month. They are being aided indirectly in their fight by Major Mutchley, secretary of the Victoria Yacht Club."

INTERNATIONAL RACES.

Will Take Place at Port Townsend—Communication From Whatcom.

The proposal to hold the international yacht races of July 4th at Whatcom this year instead of Port Townsend has fallen through. The following self-explanatory letter has been received by Sergeant Mutchley, secretary of the Victoria Yacht Club:

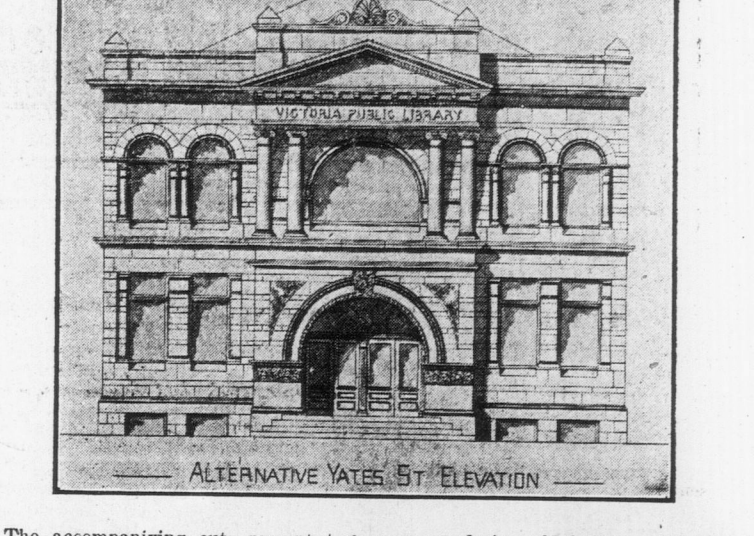
Whatcom, June 25th. Dear Sir:—I regret to state that through the failure of the various clubs to respond to our invitation, a few days ago we notified the Port Townsend club that the races would have to be held there, as usual. They will undoubtedly have their preparations well under way by this time. We are sorry that we are thus compelled to forego the pleasure of entertaining your club, but trust that next year we may have the opportunity.

Respectfully yours, W. H. ABBOTT, Secretary B. Y. Yacht Club. An invitation has been received by the secretary of the local club to attend the semi-annual anniversary of the Carolina Yacht Club, Wrightsville Beach, North Carolina, which takes place on Tuesday, June 30th. Although this courtesy is appreciated it is hardly likely that a representative of the local club will be present.

NORTHERN FISHING.

Fishing at Rivers Inlet was to begin on Sunday. This was the news received

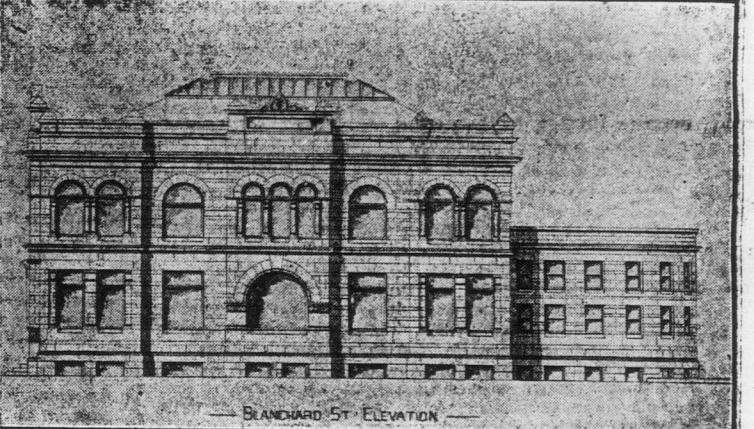
CARNEGIE LIBRARY.



The accompanying cuts present two views of the Carnegie library to be erected on the corner of Yates and Blenheim streets. They are from the plans submitted by Messrs. Hooper & Watkins, which were awarded the first prize in competition. In regard to the building the general public will gain entrance to it by a flight of four steps leading from an arched doorway facing Yates street. From a vestibule closed with broad swinging doors another flight of five steps will take the visitor to the lobby, leading northward, from which is the main hall giving approach to the delivery counter. On the right of the lobby will be placed the general reading room, a large, roomy apartment lighted from the east and south. To the left of the hall a smaller apartment will be set apart exclusively for the use of lady patrons. Situated at the right at the rear will be found the delivery hall and the catalogue room. Further back will be found the library room, with vault and the reference room and the former on the left and the latter on the right.

The stack room will be located at the rear. This will be a particularly fine apartment, lying in a semi-circular annex to the main structure. The stack shelves will radiate from the centre and have accommodation for 23,000 volumes. It will be so arranged that a second row of shelves can be reared upon the lower ones, giving an ultimate capacity for the accommodation of 60,000 volumes. A feature of the arrangements in this apartment is the excellent light which will be obtained, a window facing each stack, the latter radiating from a common centre; and this latter point will receive an abundant flow of light from a dome-fashioned skylight. Special attention has also been paid to the lighting of the delivery hall, a light-well running roofwards in this apartment. A flight of stairs leads from the right side of the lobby to the upper story. Across the whole front of the building at the Yates street end will be found the lecture room, with seating accommodation for 250 people. When not required for the purpose of public assembly, this apartment can be utilized for the display of magazines and their special care and arrangement. A hall runs down the centre of the building on this floor with a committee room on the eastern side, and further back on the northeast corner an apartment especially for the use of children. Directly opposite will be situated a room given over to the storage of works and exhibits dealing with historical and art matters. The janitor and caretaker quarters, heating plant, bindery and storage will be in the basement.

Wide archways will lead to the various departments in lieu of doors, giving the interior an open appearance, characteristic of all modern public buildings. The vestibule and lobby will be tiled, and the finish hardwood.



THE PACIFIC CABLE.

Island Colony of Southern Seas Decides to Stand by the Line. Special correspondence from London says: New Zealand has no intention of sitting down quietly while the Eastern Extension ring throttles the Pacific cable. Her postmaster-general, Sir J. G. Ward, announces that, as the taxpayers of New Zealand are liable to share any deficiency, every New Zealander should use the route, particularly at the time of the New Zealand government is going to appoint two departmental officers to canvass for business for the Pacific cable.

BORN.

HARTWIG—At Nelson, on June 22nd, the wife of Louis Hartwig, of a son. KURTZ—At Cape Nome, on May 2nd, the wife of Walter Kurtz, formerly of Victoria, of a daughter. BAKER—On the 28th inst., the wife of S. Baker, Victoria Ice Co., of a daughter. CALDWELL—At Nelson, on June 22nd, the wife of W. J. Caldwell, of a son. PATTERSON—At Kamloops, on June 24th, the wife of A. Patterson, of a son.

MARRIED.

SMITH-SHACKLETON—SAVRE-SHACKLETON—At Kamloops, on June 24th, by Rev. Mr. Pugh, H. I. Smith and Miss Elizabeth A. Shackleton, and F. Savre and Miss Elizabeth A. Shackleton. MACKAY-FERGUSON—At New Westminster, on June 25th, by Rev. G. H. Morrison, Major Mackay and Miss Mary E. Ferguson.

LANG-POPE—At Pechland, on June 17th, by Rev. Mr. Lang, father and son, William Lang and Miss Gertrude Pope. STEVENS-CLARK—At Vancouver, on June 24th, by Rev. G. A. Wilson, Alfred R. Stevens and Miss Agnes A. Clark. BAYNE-EVERINGHAM—At Nelson, on June 23rd, by Rev. John Henry F. D. Bayne and Miss Beulah M. Everingham. WALSH-FREEMAN—At New Westminster, on June 24th, by Rev. Francis O'Neil, William Walsh and Miss Helen Freeman.

DIED.

CUNIFF—In this city, on the 27th instant, Thomas Cuniff, a native of County Galway, Ireland, aged 78 years. HAYDEN—At Vancouver, on June 26th, on June 26th, by Rev. Francis O'Neil, William Walsh and Miss Helen Freeman.

DALXANDER—At Vancouver, on June 28th, Mrs. F. Dalxander, aged 35 years. BAILEY—At Esquimalt, B. C., on the 27th inst., Frederick James Bailey, a native of Devonshire, England, aged 41 years. BRYSON—At New Westminster, on June 23rd, Mrs. John Bryson, aged 63 years.

DISMISSED FOR

CLOSING EXERCISES AT THE O

Some Very Enjoyable Presented—Honor Motions—Six W

(From Friday's Daily.) Closing exercises at the various city schools took place to-day, and the teachers and pupils were their mid-summer holiday. A number of them were resumed on Monday, which will give them a number of days this morning while the others are in progress to press. The High school commenced later today, which starts on Monday, and their holidays there over until August 24th, days the usual repairs in the school buildings, the board having the present time.

Girls' Cent. About 10 o'clock this morning the pupils of the Girls' Cent. assembled in Peabody gymnasium for the usual programme of cotillions, musical selections, together with the investment rolls and prizes was given a large attendance of friends, and judging by which each number of the Girls' Cent. Speeches were delivered by Drury, chairman of the committee who wished the teachers enjoyable holiday. Rev. also delivered a brief address on the subject of the Girls' Cent. From Intermediate to Andrews, Annie Aubel, Hilda Baker, Pearl Baynton, Gladys Bodley, Alice Brock, Gertrude Irene Carter, Josephine Foster, Agnes Fullerton, Olive Goven, Minnie Hafness, Edith Howell, Kate Laidlaw, Louise Halley, Florence Lascombe, Mary LeClere, Edna Ly Gregor, Winifred Milligan, Zola Parbery, Gladys Richards, Norma Sears, Phyllis Wallastors, May Wagg, Margaret Ward.

From Junior to Intermediate Irene Bail, Mildred Charly, Lily Escalot, Marzery Fox, Burtie Gies, Steven Green, Luella Greigs, Norma Dorothy Harris, Mary Emma Jones, Selby Elizabeth Ledingham, May Michael Lewis, Irene McConnell, Helene McGregor, Martin, Mary McMillan, field, Nora Morry, Rose Norram, Beatrice Proctor, Florence Wilkerson, Marjorie Wood, Alice Wynne, Rolls of Honor.

Division I—Regularity, Mabel Rausch; deport Grace Barker. Division II—General programme, Florence Wilkerson, Sybil Kathleen Baugh, Alice Edith Clara Dowe, Mary Pusey and Mary Flora. Division III—Proficiency, Beery department, Mary Clery, punctuality and regularity, Lavinia Musgrave McNaughton, Loretta, Emma Chapin, Violet Cameron, an actress.

Division IV—Proficiency, Luscombe, deportment, J. Wilson; attendance, Louise and Edith Brown. Division V—Proficiency, deportment, Irene McLennan, Katie Hallam, Annie Mitta Hanna and Rhoda Sherwood. Division VI—Proficiency, Patricia Baker, deportment, Catherine Wollaston; punctuality, Stella Baynt Hafer, Florence Baker, P. Hafer, Annie Andrews, Alfyrtle Clery. Division VII—Proficiency, Elizabeth Beasley; deportment, Hodgson; regularity and attendance, Ruby Ury, Matilda H. Division VIII—Proficiency, Kelly; deportment, Marzery attendance, Amy Conyers, and Jessie Nelson King. Division IX—Proficiency, Stephen; regularity, A. Wyatt; deportment, Mildred. Division X—Proficiency, Abbess; deportment, Mary North; regularity and punctuality, Stella Clegg.

NORTH WARD. There was a large attendance at the closing exercises of North Ward which took place this morning at 10.30 o'clock. The excellent programme was given by the following: Recitation—Greeting, The Song—Welcome, Pretty Rose Recitation—Among the Animals. Recitation—A Spelling Lesson. Motion Song—The Pretty Motion Drill. Recitation—Housekeeping. Motion Song—The Busy Little Hoop Drill. Recitation—Barnyard Melodies. Recitation—Vacation Days. Rolls of Honor, Speeches, etc. Song—Good-bye. God Save the King. Rev. J. P. Westman presided at the completion of the program donated by the chairman.

DISMISSED FRIDAY FOR HOLIDAYS

CLOSING EXERCISES AT THE CITY SCHOOLS

Some Very Enjoyable Entertainments Presented—Honor Lists and Promotions—Six Weeks Rest.

(From Friday's Daily.) Closing exercises were held in the various city schools today, after which teachers and pupils were dismissed for their mid-summer holidays.

On the northeast corner of the building at the right, a light-weight running stairs leads from the right of the upper story.

When not required for public assemblies, this is utilized for the display of their special care and a hall runs down the building on this floor with a window facing each

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Tait for pupils of the junior, intermediate and senior grades, showing the greatest rapidity and accuracy in arithmetic were presented. The successful pupils follow: Junior Grade—Miss Elsie Sutherland; Intermediate Grade—Second grade, Thos. Morrell; Third Reader, Miss Cora John and Alex. McGregor.

KINGSTON STREET. Kingston street school, James Bay, presented an admirable appearance this morning. Promptly at 10 o'clock the pupils assembled in the room of the principal, Miss Lawson, and went through the following programme before a large number of parents and friends:

- The Land of the Maple... The Beautiful Rye... After Vacation... Hughes Browne Gire, Says the Little Stream... We Are Leaving the Flag... The Music of Central School... One Had a Sweet Little Doll... Giris I Went to Visit a Friend One Day... Old Fair Land, Oh! Free Land... Dore... The Cat's Tea-Party... The Boat Race... The Cat's Tea-Party... Shipping... Oh, Lower! Oh, Higher! Light... Away Among the Blossoms... May God Preserve Thee, Canada... God Save the King.

The school room was prettily decorated. On the blackboard were numerous designs drawn by the children, besides a number of very creditable drawings, also the work of the pupils. Flowers, roses predominating, were everywhere scattered in profusion on the teacher's desk, and arranged tastefully on each side of the room, and in many cases covering the pupils' desks.

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Carleeta Clarke, Lilly Dawe, Harry Godson, Violet Watson, Lilly Maas, Wm. Stewart, George O'Farrell-Weller, Robt. Watson, Robert Ross, Clarence Holland. Reading in Second Primer Class—Dorothy Davis, Harold Swanson, Ben-Edoat, Sina Givens, John Bentley, John Matthews, John Wm. Greenalson, Edith Leigh, Alexander Mulcahy, Robert Steinson, Clifford Chas. Marsden and Jack Allice.

VICTORIA WEST. The exercises at Victoria West yesterday in Sempie's hall were of the most interesting character. There was a large attendance, and all were delighted with the entertainment provided.

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Clarenda Victoria Berryman, Violet Catherine Rudge and Daisy Jones. Division III.—Proficiency, Jean Robinson, department, punctuality, regularity and punctuality, Sydney Lance Wilson, Ernest George Casey, Ida Belle McInven and Georgina Bebbington.

SOUTH SAANICH. At the South Saanich public examination of the school, held by visitors as well as pupils. The school continues to flourish and to increase the list it has gained of every rural school in British Columbia.

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Misses A. McQuade, Henrietta Weaver, Alice Hickey, Elsie Lubbe, May Fredrickson, Hilma Munro, Margharita Nettie Locke; and Margaret Livingston, Premium for same, Miss Margharita Clayton.

SILVER MEDAL FOR REGULAR ATTENDANCE AND OBLIGING MANNER, SENIOR COURSE, MISS ALICE HICKEY, HISTORY, LATIN, COMPOSITION, ALGEBRA AND LITERATURE; MISS ALICE LUBBE, ALGEBRA AND LITERATURE.

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Miss Daisy Lewis. Premium for painting, water color and drawing, Miss Elsie Lubbe. Premium for music, elementary section, Lillian W. Lumb.

Senior class—Miss Anna McQuade, literature, rhetoric and botany; Miss Alice Hickey, history, Latin, composition, literature and literature; Miss Alice Lubbe, algebra, physical geography and botany.

First Intermediate class—Miss Elsie Lubbe, rhetoric and composition; Miss May Fredrickson, first application, algebra and literature; Miss Alice Lumbard, first Latin, book-keeping and literature; Miss Maud Blackie, first German, literature and needlework.

Second Intermediate class—Miss Jessie Colbert, first ornamental writing and book-keeping; Miss Noel Moreby, first algebra and grammar; Miss Rosie Silver, first elocution and second penmanship; Miss Mildred Tribe, second history; Miss Nellie Bosson, second book-keeping.

First Junior class—Miss Cassie Carter, first excellence, arithmetic, grammar, first sewing and needlework; Miss Annie Gillis, first ornamental writing, history, spelling and nature study; Miss Pettit, first reading, second arithmetic and grammar; Miss M. Jameson, second spelling and grammar; Miss Annie Colville, second reading and third grammar; Miss Mary Baylis, first order and neatness and third music; Miss Alice Pihon, Bible history and second book-keeping.

First Preparatory class—Miss Alice Muriset, first excellence, grammar, geography, arithmetic and sewing; Miss Emma Grathwohl, first music, needlework and second book-keeping; Miss Engelhardt, first spelling and Canadian history; Miss Helen Coleman, first music and needlework; Miss Hilda Jackson, music and needlework; Miss Dolly Case, music and spelling; Miss Annie Colville, Arthur, reading; Miss Marie Bendroit, drawing.

Second Preparatory class—Miss Adele Mellon, first arithmetic and first Bible stories; Miss Maud Robbins, sewing and spelling; Miss Edith Woolcock, spelling and sewing; Miss Nellie Brown, reading and second book-keeping; Miss Annie Colville, drawing; Miss Grace Smith, spelling.

First Primary class—Ada Wolfe, first spelling and geography; Miss Harriet Wissel, first Bible stories and singing; Miss Beatrice Botsford, second spelling; Miss Edith Rivers, third reading; Miss Flossie Murray, reading.

Second Primary class—Miss Alberta Mellon, arithmetic and reading; Miss Helen Richardson, penmanship; Miss Maggie Ritchie, first application and good conduct; Miss Greta Brown, good conduct and spelling; Miss Emma Foster, first arithmetic; Miss Givemeth Richardson, arithmetic and reading; Miss Athabla Chugranes, arithmetic; Miss Dorothy Clark, arithmetic and reading; Miss Mabel Rivers, reading and arithmetic; Miss Athabla Chugranes, spelling.

Promotions. The promotion list was then read as follows: Commercial course (shorthand and typewriting)—Miss G. M. Gaudin, Miss Denny, Miss Engelhardt, Miss Hare, Miss Whittaker and Miss Standard; (book-keeping)—Miss Smith, Miss Grant and Miss Weinrobe.

Music department—Miss Gaudin, Miss Mill, Miss Pettit, Miss L. and H. Weaver, Penmanship (Palmer system)—Miss M. Jameson, Miss Locke, Miss Tribe, Miss Clayton, Miss M. Hickey and Miss A. Gillis.

OAK BAY SCHOOL. Oak Bay school was closed for the summer holidays on Friday afternoon. The event was marked in the customary manner, the closing exercises being of an interesting character, and the school being prepared in an appropriate and artistic manner by means of flags, flowers and specimens of the children's work.

There was a large attendance of parents. On the conclusion of the programme the children, on invitation of Mrs. Burrell, waited some time, where a merry time was spent, concluding with cheers for their teachers, Mrs. Burrell and their teacher, Mr. Marchant. The prize list of the school is as follows:

For Department—Angela Allison, roll of honor. Second prize, George Ford, Annie Grant. Primer Class—Oliver Stinson. For Regularity and Punctuality—Thos. Reader—George Ford, roll of honor; Charles J. Rochford, second prize. First and Second Readers—James Ford, first prize; Edna Milne, second prize. Primer Class—Lily Grant, first prize; Harold Bond, second prize.

Ethel Regan, roll of honor; Angela Allison, second prize; Henry Grant, third prize. Primer Class—Jessie Bond, first prize; Arthur Rochford, second prize.

For Regularity and Punctuality—Thos. Reader—George Ford, roll of honor; Charles J. Rochford, second prize. First and Second Readers—James Ford, first prize; Edna Milne, second prize. Primer Class—Lily Grant, first prize; Harold Bond, second prize.

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REGISTER. REGISTER. REGISTER. REGISTER. EVERYONE WHO HAS NOT REGISTERED HIS VOTE SINCE WEDNESDAY, 17th DAY OF JUNE, 1903; MUST DO SO WITHOUT DELAY, OTHERWISE HE WILL HAVE NO VOTE AT THE NEXT ELECTION. OWNERSHIP OF PROPERTY IS NO QUALIFICATION. THE OLD LIST IS ABSOLUTELY CANCELLED.

NATIONAL AND IMPERIAL ISSUES

The reciprocity bee is buzzing most indistinctly in the bonnet of the Colonist. Let some irresponsible individual in the United States stand up and urge upon the people the necessity of an immediate attempt to negotiate a reciprocity treaty or the opportunity will pass away forever, and straightaway our contemporary assumes that the Canadian government must have given the advocate assurances that his scheme would receive favorable consideration. It is useless to point out that there is no apparent anxiety either upon the part of the people of Canada or of their ministers for more intimate trade relations with the republic. Not that a measure satisfactory to the people of both countries would not be beneficial all round, if it were possible of negotiation. But it isn't, Canadians are almost unanimously of the opinion, an opinion founded upon the experiences of the past, that no mutually satisfactory reciprocity treaty can be drawn up, and they have dismissed the matter from their minds. There is no agitation, no demand at all, on this side of the boundary for closer relations with the United States. Our neighbors have had their eyes opened. They behold Canada in that which distorted their vision a few years ago. During the eighteen years the Conservatives were in power the country remained practically stationary as regards material progress. There was nothing doing. We were simply marking time. The Americans in their wisdom thought they had us going and that in a few years we would turn our footsteps in their direction and beg for admission to the union. If the Tories had ruled us another decade or two we might have been driven to that desperate expedient. But Providence intervened and led light upon the understanding of the people of Canada.

The Conservative party went out, and in the course of less than three years the whole face of the situation was changed. It was all brought about by opening up the channels of trade; by the adoption of a policy of a stimulation as opposed to one of repression. Of course the Conservative leaders predicted that the country would be ruined. Sir Charles Tupper's prophecy has been repeatedly published, and need not be referred to again. It is true the manufacturers have raised an occasional wail, when they have had time to look up from their books. But every one is as busy as a nailer, and in his heart is thoroughly satisfied with his position. The merchant and the farmer share in the prosperity.

Our republican neighbors have sized up the situation, and they seem to think that if they do not move speedily the opportunity to partake of the good things that are going in this northern country may pass away from them forever. The Chamberlain campaign in Great Britain has intensified their alarm. They observe that the fight is on over there in real earnest, and they know, as all men of perception know, that the battle has not yet been actually joined, but that it soon will be, and that it will not cease until a real federation of the British Empire is effected. That will bury forever their hopes of fiscal or political union.

thought that business in general throughout the Dominion, and that of the agriculturist in particular, will be greatly stimulated will not mollify their wrath in the least. We advise our contemporary to take thought of these possibilities and to consider them as carefully as it is gazing at the phantom of reciprocity with the United States. If the Conservative party continues in existence and the Colonist sticks to it for half a dozen years more, it is just as certain as anything can be in this world that the party and its organ will be opposing a working scheme of Imperial Federation with all their power. But they will have some paper policy, some fantastic arrangement, as they have at the present time, of "adequate protection," and for the creation of prosperity.

LONGING AND EVOLVING.

The men who probe into the depths of things and strive to account for the position of man to-day compared with all other earthly creatures would have the world believe that we are what we are because our forefathers away back in the misty past took thought and longed for lungs, legs, arms and the other accessories that in the parlance of the day, "needed in their business." Whether through the workings of evolution or as a result of the finished work of a great Creator, it is evident that all that moves upon the earth as well as everything that has taken root under the heavens is in perfect harmony with its environment and is thoroughly equipped for the struggle of life. If the tendencies are evolutionary, there are evidently yet greater heights to be scaled, and what we shall attain to in the end hath not been revealed. The reasoning of the philosophers is contrary to the belief that no one by taking thought can add a cubit to his stature. But it must be admitted that the theory of the wise men is borne out by the experience of persons to whom nature has been unkind or who have by accident been deprived of the services of some of the organs of the body.

A few days ago we referred to the emotions of a young girl who through the assistance of one of the wonderful instruments constructed by the ingenious men of the present day was enabled to hear for the first time, and of the ecstasy into which she was thrown by strains of music. The first sight of a world which had never been beheld save as pictured in the imagination must produce sensations those whose "souls winnows" have always been open can hardly be expected to comprehend. It is not an unusual thing for the blind to be enabled to see in these days of skilfully applied science. The organs of vision seem to be more susceptible of treatment than those sensitive to sound. The London Outlook recently referred to what it considered one of the most surprising and suggestive surgical operations on record. In March last Dr. A. Maitland Ramsay, of the Glasgow Ophthalmic Institution, removed cataracts from the eyes of a man aged thirty years, who had been blind from his birth, and made him to see. Most strange is the account given of the man's impressions of the world he gazed upon as compared with the world he had only felt. In his thirty years of blindness the faculties of smell, touch, hearing, and the combined perceptions of these had been developed to a high degree of sensitiveness in compensation for the vision of which he was deprived. This compensation is a well-known fact, attested by many instances. But the interest of the present case is heightened by the unusual activity and perceptive intelligence of the man in his blindness. He was accustomed to go about quite freely in the village where he lived. So fine had his senses become by long training that he could tell a wall from a hedge in passing by the movement or pressure of the air. The quality of the sound given forth by his footfall enabled him to distinguish between the presence of houses and open spaces. Accuracy and permanence of memory being a necessity of his active life, the faculty responded to the demands made upon it in these respects. He worked in a garden, telling the different flowers by smell and touch, and even learned to make them up into bouquets. In the presence of people he could discriminate those he knew by their manner of breathing. Some physical sense informed him of the presence of a strange person in the same house. He described the sensation as one of "fulness." The surgeon thinks the discriminating faculty was probably small. It needs no great imagination to realize the picture which persons and things presented to this blind man when he was made to see. Conceive of a grown man who for thirty years had walked in darkness looking for the first time upon a human face. The countenance of the surgeon was the first thing this man really saw. He said he did not know what it was. He had to piece together the impressions gained from feeling his own face with the object he perceived before him. It took some time for him to realize properly what seeing meant; then he progressed rapidly, but even yet he has not learned to trust his eyesight. He cannot measure, or rather translate through his eyes into his feet, the height of a stair-tread, but steps two at a time. The other senses which were once his sole vehicle of communication with the outer world are still used to make out his growing command of vision. Strangely, and yet perhaps naturally enough, he is losing the confidence and mastery he once possessed of walking in the dark. The ear need not now be

strained to the fine perfection it once possessed, nor the nose to such nice discriminations. Sight has made their more delicate efforts needless. The man may now be said to be a complete human being, and his one sense more makes the perfections of his other senses to some extent superfluous. He sees the world as it was not; but who shall say that he sees it as it is? Color was nothing to him. Red now gives him pleasure, and yellow makes him sick. Is a fair woman beautiful to him? What does the sun say, and the moon, and the stars? It is all very marvellous. For does not this strange demonstration of the mind being the creation of the senses open up a fruitful world of speculation? What if in respect of the mysteries that surround us in the visible creation, and the ideas of time and space that oppress us, we are suffering from a cataract of the mind? We beat about in eternity like this once blind man along the country road, making use of such faculties as we have to keep us out of personal danger, but otherwise uninformed of what is about us. He had heard of persons who are said to be forever call blindness upon this man in his blindness was so faithfully and wonderfully served by his other faculties, so that he knew people by their breathing and faces by his sense of touch, does it not seem that the conditions of things, as well as the computations of intelligence, yield and conform themselves to man's demands and necessities? If this be so, then perhaps we shall not forever call blankly in the dark garden of eternal space. As we call and grope and strive, it may be that there is being formed the faculty of comprehension within us. We must not look for some great operator to cut the cataract from organs of vision lying sealed within us. But does there not seem ground for the hope that our faculties by their insistence will evolve the higher faculty the need of which they blindly feel? It would appear as if we and our surroundings yearned to be mutually understood. It may, therefore, be that a condition of perfected mind is the ultimate aim of all things.

WORK OF A SPOILED CHILD.

In one of those oft-recurring feasts of reason and flowings of soul in London, attended by men who guide the affairs of the British Empire and of the American republic, Chalmers M. Dewey, the after-dinner speaker and alleged reasoner, said that nothing now separated Great Britain and the United States except a "spoiled child of the Empire in the North." The general impression is that there is a lofty tariff wall intervening, and that if by any chance John Bull manages to hoist an armful of stuff over the barricade at any particular point, the addition of a few bricks at the low place speedily puts an end to his game. The good feeling of Uncle Sam for John Bull never by any chance manifests itself in deeds. The cordiality is all of the lip. But we notice that our neighbors are manifesting considerable concern about the Colonial Secretary's scheme of fiscal federation. And the part Canada is playing in that movement has not increased our neighbors' regard for us. They profess to believe it is impossible of realization, but yet they are disquieted. They have the run of the British market for everything they produce; their national ingenuity has been working for years to close every avenue to British trade. They have left very few openings. They have never at any time admitted to themselves that there was any possibility of Great Britain departing from the paths of trade she had beaten so firmly. The correspondents in London have held Mr. Chamberlain up to scorn and his policy to ridicule. But they are at last impressed with the fact that there is vitality in the Colonial Secretary's movement that means its final triumph. We believe the public men and all thinking men of both countries will be deeply impressed with the following words:

"PEACE AND HARMONY"

The chiefs of the Conservative ring in Victoria probably do not know that there was a wireless telegraph machine in their midst Thursday, and that when the fun grew fast and furious and the atmosphere became so densely charged with electrical and other energy (generated by strenuous festination and vociferous word painting of character) that the windows had to be thrown open, the proceedings at once became public property. The world will be shocked to hear that the Victoria representatives of the grand old party broke away from all traditions of a harmonious past and actually indulged in common, vulgar, recriminations and abuse. According to our translation of the tickers, there are two wheels do not run in perfect harmony. They came together with a resounding crash last night, and there was chaos for a time. Each accused the other of secret machinations and of presenting a "cut and dried ticket" to the meeting. The party which was overcome in the melee claimed that the methods of its opponent were barbarous in the extreme. However, the executive has been selected, and let those who have doubts as to its being "representative" examine the names for themselves.

VISIBLE TOKENS OF HARMONY.

The Colonist says there is no "faction fight in the Conservative party in Victoria, it is needless to say. Before a faction fight is possible it is necessary to have factions." Our contemporary should carefully study its article, published this morning, on "The Ethics of Lying." Its leader, Colonel Prior, makes no pretence of denying that there are factions in the Conservative party of Victoria. He was in a state of what our contemporary would denominate most "unholy joy" yesterday because of the fact that his faction had come victorious out of the first set-to with the wing which is behind the Premier and his Attorney-General. The Colonel did not consider it necessary to make any secret of his elation or the cause of it. He exhibited the "ticket" which had been prepared and carefully printed in large type in order that his friends could make no mistake in casting their ballots. The ticket as exhibited was elected to a man. The McBride faction was defeated. Perhaps the reverse was the result of defective organization. We know that the friends of the Premier accused their opponents of having a carefully prepared programme and a cut-and-dried policy of internal management. The retort was that chagrin, rage and disappointment were natural considering that a nest of conspirators had been beaten at their own game. Boasts were freely indulged in on the streets yesterday that the Vernon-McBride crowd had been taught that the old gang were still dominant in Tory circles in Victoria.

That is the situation. It may imply unity, harmony, confidence, respect, esteem, and all the factors necessary to success in elections. It may also mean that there is no "house-proud business" about Conservative tactics. But we have our doubts. If there were any hocus-pocusing going on we doubt very much whether the Colonist would admit it. Perhaps the Colonel's gallant gang carry no knives on their persons. Perhaps they are constructing bouquets to bestow

on Mr. McPhillips. Nevertheless many of them are quite frank in their expressions with regard to that gentleman, and the expressions are not by any means those of love and regard. The Attorney-General may get a nomination, but if he does it will be the fact that he is Attorney-General that will insure it for him. If he were plain Mr. McPhillips he would be turned down and trampled upon with a fresh access of "unholy joy." As he has something to say in the dispensing of that which is the life-blood of Toryism, there are probably few who would care to give audible expression to their feelings.

Liberals will be pleased to hear that there are no apparent reasons why Mr. McPhillips should not receive a nomination from the Conservative convention to which will be entrusted the task of selecting candidates. As in that event the Attorney-General as a Conservative will be compelled to eat the words he uttered in volumes in denunciation of the men who will appear on the same platform with him, the situation will be quite interesting. It will also make the position of Mr. McPhillips untenable one and the task of the Liberals who oppose him a simple one. For we must candidly admit that if the Attorney-General were to take the field as an independent he would carry a much lighter handicap than if he bore the colors of the "Liberal-Conservative" party.

TROUNCE ALLEY MAY BE MADE AN ARCADE

There is a rumor to the effect that important improvements are in contemplation in the business portion of the city. It is said that a syndicate representing English capital has in view the purchase of the property on both sides of Trounce Alley with the object in view of converting the alley into an arcade, with business places fronting into it from both sides. Preparatory to carrying this project out, it is said that an option has been secured upon the property on both sides of the present alley, the Green-Worlock estate on the one side and the Musgrave property on the other.

WAITED ON GOVERNMENT.

Members of Tourist Executive Urged Several Matters Upon Attention of Ministers. The executive of the Tourist Association met Thursday afternoon, Communications were read addressed from all parts of the continent asking for literature and information respecting the city as a tourist resort. The Washington Press Association which will meet here in August has been asking for full information. It was also reported to the meeting that there were through the efforts of the association a large number of visitors from Southern California spending their holidays here.

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IMPORTANT DEAL IN REAL ESTATE

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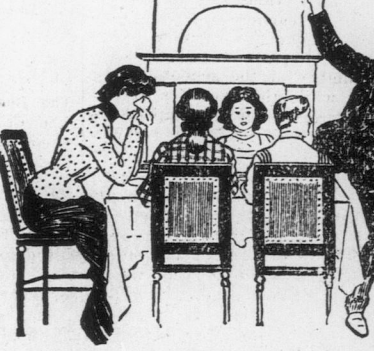
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Comedy or Tragedy?

Household Dramas in which the Curtain is Drawn

The daily press makes us familiar enough with the scene in the drunkard's family in which the intoxicated man finding the meal not to his liking, throws it on the floor and proceeds to view his temper by smashing crockery and furniture. This is pure tragedy to the abused and helpless family, and to the onlooker who through the windows of the press views the sad scene. But the daily paper never has a word to say about the sober and reputable man of family, who, in a fit of irritation, dashes to the floor or out of the window some dish not to his liking.



The press doesn't tell because it doesn't know. Family pride and love draw the curtains of privacy closely about such scenes, and it is only when the long suffering wife appears perhaps in the divorce court that the curtain is raised for a moment and reveals the miseries life has long hidden. This is not a fanciful case. There is many a good home haunted by this skeleton of unhappiness; many a reputable business man whose home coming is both feared and dreaded. To an outsider the sight of a man furiously throwing a dish of cake from the window, or savagely kicking a chair out of his way, would provoke a smile. But to those in the man's family his conduct provokes only tears.

THE CAUSE OF IT ALL.

It is not natural ill-temper or pure meanness which makes a man so moody, sullen and irritable. The cause of his condition is generally to be found in disease of the stomach, often involving the liver, kidneys or other organs. The surest and quickest cure for disease of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition is found in the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery.

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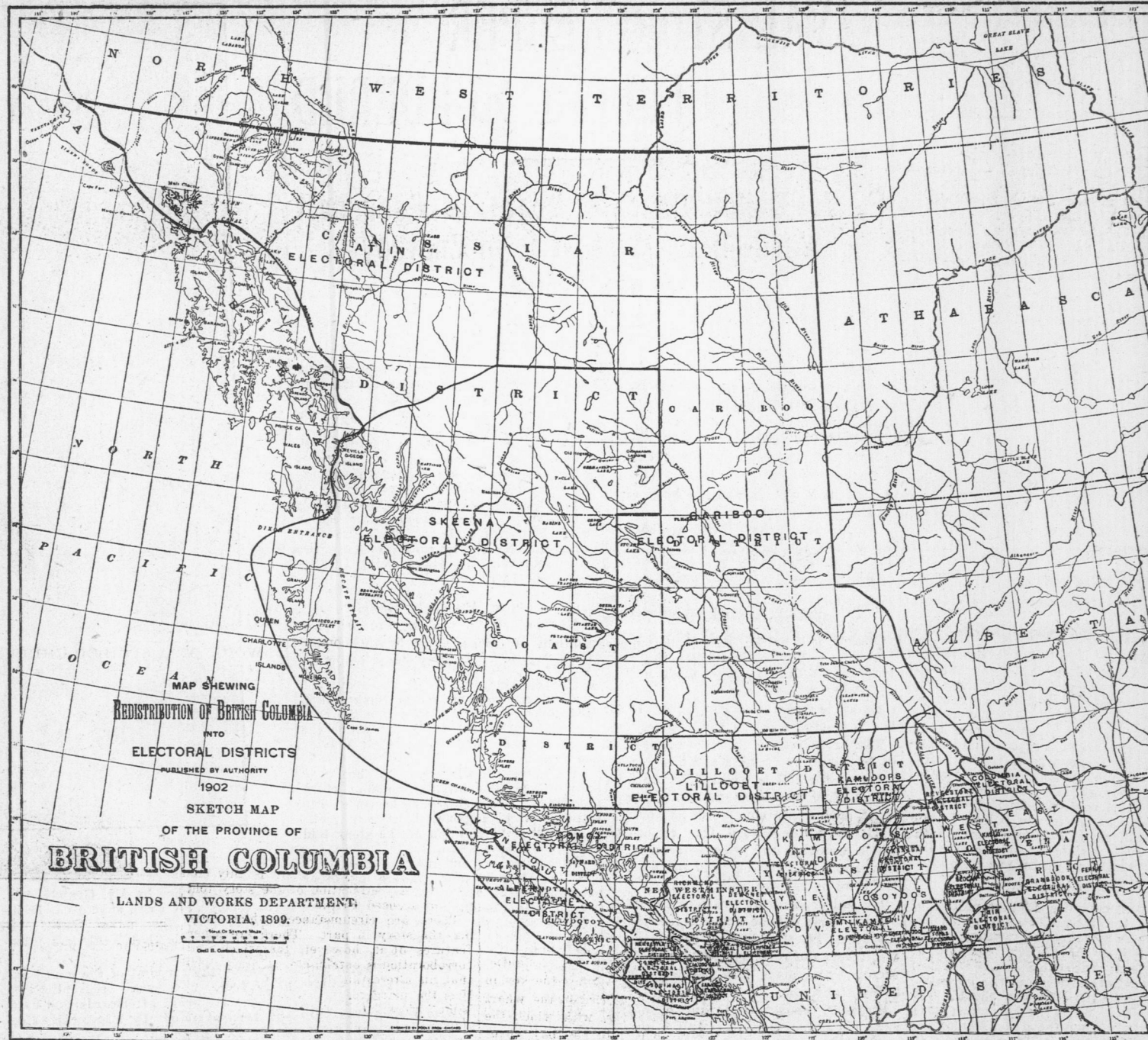
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"For three years I suffered untold agony," writes Mrs. H. R. White, of Stanstead, Stanstead Co., Quebec, Box 115. "I would have sworn I was dying of cancer, and being sick at my stomach, pain in right side all the time; I would work up into my stomach, and distress it is impossible to write to the World's Medical Association, stating my name, and they very promptly told me what to do. I bought Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, and five vials of Dr.asant Pellets. Thanks to his medicine I am a well man. Dr. Pierce's medicine cured my liver complaint, which had been a sufferer for years. We recommend these all suffering people."

What You May Expect.

Expect from the use of "Golden Medical Discovery" the same as you have followed its use in a number of other cases. You may expect your stomach will be perfectly cured; that by the use of food and assimilation of food will receive new strength; that you will be able to eat and drink that if the disease of the stomach involved the heart, liver, and other organs, that the disease will be cured with the stomach.

What these things be expected? You are the common expert who have been cured by Golden Medical Discovery. You know the law of expectancy, which we naturally expect that which has usually followed because will not cease to follow.

Golden Medical Discovery" to cure a record of cures, covering out of every hundred it has permanently cured the disease which it is prescribed and re- sults suffer from chronic diseases consult Dr. Pierce, by let- ting correspondence strictly dress Dr. R. V. Pierce, Bur- oughs Free Pennies.

Golden Medical Discovery" is a book, free. You can get Common Sense Medical best medical book ever pub- lished by sending stamps to pay for mailing only. Send 21 cents for the book in paper covers, for the cloth-bound volume, Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

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26.—With four districts not as at 3 p. m. to-day, and with 25 to-morrow, yesterday's election in the two Conservative thirty-two members of the National Liberals forty-four, Radicals twenty, the Barth the South German Radicals party twenty-five. The minor fac- tory fifty-six members.

FOR YOUR VOTE.

With the dissolution of the legislature the "redistribution Act, 1902" comes into force. Under it the province is divided into new electoral districts re- turning forty-two members to the legislature. There are thirty-four electoral districts, as outlined in the accompanying map. These districts are described as follows:

Victoria City District.

(1) That tract of land comprised within the municipality of the limits of the city of Victoria, including all that piece or parcel of land described and defined as follows:

Commencing at a point on the shore line of Foul Bay at the southern end of an accommodation road; thence north- ward along the centre of said road to its intersection with the southern boundary line of section 68; thence easterly along said boundary line to the southeast cor- ner of section 68; thence northward along the eastern boundary lines of sec- tions 68, 74 and 76 to the southeast cor- ner of section 25; thence westerly along the southern boundary line of section 25 to the centre of Mount Tolmie road; thence northward along the centre of Mount Tolmie road to its intersec- tion with the southern boundary line of section 26; thence westerly along said boundary line to the southwest corner of section 26; thence northward along the western boundary lines of sections 26 and 27 to the point of commencement, to be designated "Victoria City electoral district," and shall return four members.

Saanich District.

(2) All those tracts of land other than and except Victoria city electoral dis- trict, hereinafter mentioned, comprised within the Victoria, Lake, and South Saanich districts, as defined on the official maps of those districts now depos- ited in the land office, and the Victoria "Victoria District Official Map, 1888," "Lake District," "South Saanich Of- ficial Map, 1890," shall constitute one electoral district, to be designated "Saanich electoral district," and shall return one member.

Esquimalt District.

(3) That tract of land comprised within the following boundaries, viz.:

Commencing at a point on the west shore of Saanich Inlet, being the south- east corner of Shaunigan district; thence due west along the southern boundary of Shaunigan district, and on a line in continuation thereof to its intersection with the shore line of the west coast of Vancouver Island; thence in an easterly direction following the shore line of the said island to the northern shore of the entrance to Victoria harbor, includ- ing Race Islands; thence due east to the western boundary of Saanich electoral district, as hereinafter defined, thence following the said western boundary of Saanich electoral district to its intersec- tion with Tod creek; thence along the shore line of Tod creek, Finlayson's arm, and Saanich Inlet to the place of com- mencement, shall constitute one elec- toral district, to be designated "Esqui- malt electoral district," and shall return one member.

Cowichan District.

(4) That tract of land contained within the following boundaries, viz.:

Commencing at a point on the west shore of Saanich Inlet, being the south- east corner of Shaunigan district; thence in a northerly direction following the coast line to a point on Stewart chan- nel, about one mile north of Horseshoe bay, being the northeast corner of Che- mainis district; thence due west along the northern boundary of Chemainis dis- trict, and on a line in continuation there- of, to its intersection with the western boundary of the Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway Company's land grant; thence to a point where the said westerly bound- ary of the said Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway Company's land grant crosses the said northern boundary of the said Esquimalt electoral district to the place of commencement, shall constitute one electoral district, to be designated the "Cowichan electoral district," and shall return one member.

The Islands District.

(5) All that tract of land comprised within the northern boundary of the said Esquimalt electoral district, as defined in the official map of that district now deposited in the land office, Victoria, and designated "North Saanich, 1890," together with Salt Spring, Galiano, Mayne, Pender, Samuel, Saturna, Tum-

bo, Moresby, Portland, Prevost, Nar- rows, Sidney, James, Kuper, Thetis, Valles, Gabriola, and DeCourcy islands, and all those adjacent islands not being comprehended within any other electoral district, shall constitute one electoral dis- trict, to be designated the "Islands elec- toral district," and shall return one member.

Newcastle District.

(6) That tract of land, other than and except Nanaimo city electoral district hereinafter described, contained within the unmentioned boundaries, viz.:

Commencing at a point on the east coast of Vancouver Island, being the northeast corner of Mountain district; thence westerly to the northwest corner of Dunsuir district; thence southerly along the eastern boundary of Alberni electoral district as hereinafter defined, to its intersection with the western boundary line of the E. & N. Rail- way Company's land grant; thence due west along the northern boundary of Cow- ichan electoral district to a point on the east coast of Vancouver Island; thence northward following the coast to the northwest corner of Cedar district; thence south along the west boundary of Cedar district for two and a quarter miles; thence west for two miles; thence north to the north boundary of Cran- berry district; thence west to the south- east corner of Mountain district; thence north to the point of commencement, shall constitute one electoral district, to be designated "Newcastle electoral dis- trict," and shall return one member.

Nanaimo City District.

(7) That tract of land, including Na- naimo city, contained within the follow- ing boundaries, viz.:

Commencing at the northeast corner of Mountain district; thence southeast- erly, following the shore line of Van- couver Island to the east boundary of Cranberry district; thence south along the east boundary of Cranberry district for two and a quarter miles; thence west for two miles; thence north to the north boundary of Cranberry district; thence west to the southeast corner of Moun- tain district; thence north to point of commencement, including Newcastle and the Protection Islands, shall constitute one electoral district, to be designated "Na- naimo city electoral district," and shall return one member.

Alberni District.

(8) That tract of land contained within the following boundaries, viz.:

Commencing at a point on the east coast of Vancouver Island, being the northeast corner of the Mountain dis- trict; thence due west on a right line to the northwest corner of Dunsuir dis- trict; thence southerly following the western boundary of Dunsuir and the northern boundary of the mouth of Nitinat lake; thence northwesterly along the coast line, and including all islands, to the mouth of Cache creek in township 35, Rupert district; thence on a right line to the southeast corner of Quatsino sound; thence following the centre of the west and southeast arms of Quatsino sound to the southern extremity of said southeast arm; thence on a right line to the northwest corner of the said lake; thence on a right line to the west end of Horne lake; thence following Horne lake and Quallium river to the Straits of Georgia; thence north to the south- eastern corner of the said lake; thence easterly through Malaspina strait and Middle channel of Departure Bay to the point of commencement, and including all the islands within the said boundary lines, shall constitute one electoral dis- trict, to be designated "Alberni elec- toral district," and shall return one member.

Comox District.

(9) That tract of land contained within the following boundaries, viz.:

Commencing at the mouth of Quali- cum river; thence following that river to Horne lake; thence along the north shore of Horne lake to the northern shore of Alberni electoral district; thence in a northwesterly direction fol- lowing the northwesterly boundary of Alberni electoral district to the mouth of Cache creek in township 35, Rupert dis- trict; thence northwesterly on a right line to the point of intersection of the 128th meridian with the 51st parallel of latitude; thence due east along said parallel of latitude to the 124th meri- dian; thence due south along said parallel of latitude to the 124th meridian; thence due south along said meridian to its in- tersection with Jervis inlet; thence on a line following the centre of the channel down Jervis inlet to a point opposite Scotch Fir point, Malaspina strait; thence on a line following the centre of the channel between Texada island and the Malahat to the southern end of Harwood island; thence to the southeast end of Hornby island; thence to the point of commencement at the mouth of Quali- cum river, and including all the islands within the said boundary lines, shall con- stitute one electoral district, to be de- signated "Comox electoral district," and shall return one member.

Delta District.

(10) That tract of land contained within the limits of the municipalities of Delta, Surrey and Langley, including Barnston and McMillan islands, shall constitute one electoral district, to be designated "Delta electoral district," and shall return one member.

Chilliwack District.

(11) That tract of land contained within the following boundaries, viz.:

Commencing at the northeast corner of the municipality of Langley; thence due south following the eastern bound- ary of the municipality of Langley to the 49th parallel; thence east along the 49th parallel to the southeast corner of section 5, township 28, New Westminster district; thence due north on a right line to its intersection with the main channel of the Fraser river; thence westerly fol- lowing the centre of said channel to the

point of commencement, shall constitute one electoral district, to be designated "Chilliwack electoral district," and shall return one member.

Dewdney District.

(12) That tract of land contained within the following boundaries, viz.:

Commencing at the northeast corner of Chilliwack electoral district; thence north on a right line to its intersection with the parallel passing through Lytton; thence due west to a point due north of the north arm of Burrard Inlet; thence south on a right line to the north arm of Burrard Inlet; thence south and east, following the said arm of Burrard Inlet to the eastern boundary of the municipality of Burnaby; thence south to the Fraser river; thence east, following the channel of the Fraser river to the point of commencement, shall constitute one electoral district, to be desig- nated "Dewdney electoral district," and shall return one member.

Richmond District.

(13) That tract of land contained within the following boundaries, viz.:

Commencing at a point on the Fraser river, being the southeast corner of the municipality of Burrard Inlet; thence north to Burrard Inlet; thence west and north along the north arm of Burrard Inlet to the northern extremity of said north arm; thence due north on a right line to the northwest corner of Dewdney electoral district; thence north to the northwest corner of Lillooet lake; thence following the divide between the Lillooet and Birkenhead rivers in a northwesterly direction for a distance of fifteen miles; thence due west, to the intersection of the eastern boundary of Comox electoral district; thence south- erly, following Jervis Inlet to a point south of Scotch Fir point; thence southeasterly, through Burnaby Bay; thence northwesterly along said boundary line to the point of commencement, shall constitute one electoral district, to be designated "Richmond electoral district," and shall return five members.

New Westminster City District.

(14) That tract of land comprised within the municipal limits of the city of New Westminster, as defined below, viz.:

Commencing at a point on the right hand of the North Arm of the Fraser river, and in the centre of the street, thence following the height of land southwesterly between the Stikine and Naas rivers and their tributaries to a point on the International boundary line near Borough Bay; thence northwesterly along said boundary line to the point of commencement, shall constitute one electoral district, to be designated "Atlin electoral district," and shall return one member.

New Westminster City District.

(15) That tract of land comprised within the municipal limits of the city of New Westminster, as defined below, viz.:

Commencing at a point on the right hand of the North Arm of the Fraser river, and in the centre of the street, thence following the height of land southwesterly between the Stikine and Naas rivers and their tributaries to a point on the International boundary line near Borough Bay; thence northwesterly along said boundary line to the point of commencement, shall constitute one electoral district, to be designated "Atlin electoral district," and shall return one member.

Atlin District.

(16) That tract of land comprised within the following boundaries, viz.:

Commencing at the northwest corner of the province; thence due east along the 60th parallel to its intersection with the 128th meridian; thence south along the said meridian to its intersection with the 57th parallel; thence due east along the 57th parallel to its intersection with the 124th meridian; thence due south along the said meridian to the point of commencement, shall constitute one electoral district, to be designated "Atlin electoral district," and shall return one member.

Skeena District.

(17) That tract of land comprised within the following boundaries, viz.:

Commencing at the southwest corner of the Atlin electoral district; thence north- easterly following the southern bound- ary of said district to the 57th parallel; thence due east along the 57th parallel to its intersection with the 124th meridian; thence due south along the 57th parallel to its intersection with the 125th meridian; thence due south along the 125th meridian to its intersection with the northern boundary of town- ship 18, in range 22, 21, 20 and 19, all in range 22 west of the 6th initial meridian, to the southeast corner of township 19, range 22; thence due east to the southwest corner of town- ship 18, in range 22, 21, 20 and 19, west of the 6th initial meridian to the northeast corner of township 18, in range 19, west of said meridian; thence due south to the southwest corner of town- ship 18, in range 22, 21, 20 and 19, west of the 6th initial meridian to the northeast corner of township 18, in range 19, west of said meridian; thence due north to a point on the right line following the western boundary of Kamloops electoral district to its intersection with the north bound- ary of Similkameen electoral district; thence due west, along the north bound- ary of Similkameen electoral district, to be designated "Skeena electoral district," and shall return one member.

Cariboo District.

(18) All that tract of land contained within the following boundaries, viz.:

Commencing at the point of intersec- tion of the 125th meridian with the 52nd parallel of latitude; thence due east, fol- lowing said parallel to the western bound- ary of Kootenay district; thence north- easterly on a line following the general course of the Columbia river, and distant from it about ten miles, to a point on the 118th meridian, about fifteen miles northeast of the Boat Em- campment; thence northward along the 118th meridian to the summit of the Rocky Mountains; thence northwesterly, following the summit of the Rocky Mountains, to the 120th meridian; thence north along said meridian to the 60th parallel of latitude; thence due west along said parallel to the 128th meridian; thence south along the eastern boundary of Kootenay district; thence due west along the 128th meridian to its intersection with the 55th parallel; thence due west along the southern bound- ary of Atlin electoral district to a point due north of the mouth of Tran- quille creek; thence due south to a point on the southern boundary of Lillooet elec- toral district ten miles north of the mouth of Tranquille creek; thence due west to the point of commencement, shall constitute one electoral district, to be designated "Cariboo electoral district," and shall return two members.

Lillooet District.

(19) That tract of land situated within the following boundaries, viz.:

Commencing at the northeast corner of Dewdney electoral district; thence due north to a point on the Fraser river, and south of Watkinson's ranch; thence northwesterly to the 114th mile post on the Yale-Cariboo wagon road; thence due north along said meridian to the 52nd parallel of latitude; thence due north along said meridian to the 52nd parallel of latitude; thence due east along said meridian to the 51st parallel of latitude; thence due east along said parallel to the 124th meridian; thence due south, following said meridian along the eastern boundary of Comox electoral district to the northwest corner of Rich- mond electoral district; thence along the northern boundaries of Richmond and Dewdney electoral districts to the point of commencement, shall constitute one electoral district, to be designated "Lillooet electoral district," and shall return one member.

Yale District.

(20) That tract of land contained within the following boundaries, viz.:

Commencing at a point on the 40th parallel, being the southeast corner of Chilliwack electoral district; thence due north, following the eastern bound- ary of Chilliwack, Dewdney and Lillooet electoral districts to a point on the Fraser river just south of Watkinson's ranch; thence northwesterly to the 114th mile post on the Yale-Cariboo wagon road; thence due east along the southern bound- ary of Lillooet electoral district to the eastern boundary of township 21, range 22 west of the 6th initial meridian, to the southeast corner of township 19, range 22; thence due east to the southwest corner of town- ship 18, in range 22, 21, 20 and 19, west of the 6th initial meridian to the northeast corner of township 18, in range 19, west of said meridian; thence due north to a point on the right line following the western boundary of Kamloops electoral district to its intersection with the north bound- ary of Similkameen electoral district; thence due west, along the north bound- ary of Similkameen electoral district, to be designated "Yale electoral district," and shall return one member.

Kamloops District.

(21) That tract of land contained within the following boundaries, viz.:

Commencing at a point on the southern boundary of Lillooet electoral district, being the northeast corner of Yale elec- toral district; thence following the eastern boundary of Yale electoral district to the northwest corner of lot 45, Yale district; thence due east to Five-Mile Creek; thence following Five-Mile Creek northwesterly through Chain, Osprey and Link Lakes to Deep Creek, where it intersects the 120th meridian; thence due north along said meridian to a point on the right line northwesterly to a point in Shuswap Lake two miles east of the mouth of Salmon river; thence due east to the western boundary of Kootenay dis- trict; thence northwesterly, following the said western boundary of Kootenay district to its intersection with the southern bound- ary of Cariboo electoral district; thence due west along the southern bound- ary of Cariboo electoral district to a point due north of the mouth of Tran- quille creek; thence due south to a point on the southern boundary of Lillooet elec- toral district ten miles north of the mouth of Tranquille creek; thence due west to the point of commencement, shall constitute one electoral district, to be designated "Kamloops electoral district," and shall return one member.

Okanagan District.

(22) That tract of land contained within the following boundaries, viz.:

Commencing at a point on the western boundary of Greenwood and

Similkameen electoral districts to a point in the western boundary of Kootenay district at its intersection with the western boundary of Similkameen electoral district; thence southeasterly along the western boundary of Kootenay district to the international boundary line; thence west along the international boundary line to the point of commencement, shall constitute one electoral district, to be designated "Grand Forks electoral dis- trict," and shall return one member.

Revelstoke District.

(23) That tract of land contained within the following boundaries, viz.:

Commencing at a point in the Canoe- river ten miles north of Boat Encamp- ment; thence southeasterly along the boundary line between East and West Kootenay districts to its intersection with the 61st parallel; thence west and southerly following the height of land forming the watershed between streams flowing into Arrow lake and streams flowing into Kootenay lake to a point in the height of land two miles north of Nakusp; thence due west to the western boundary of Kootenay district; thence north, following said western bound- ary of Kootenay district to the point of commencement, shall constitute one elec- toral district, to be designated "Revelstoke electoral district," and shall return one member.

Slocan District.

(24) That tract of land contained within the following boundaries, viz.:

Commencing at a point in the south boundary of Revelstoke electoral district where it intersects the east shore of Upper Arrow lake; thence southerly, fol- lowing the centre line of the Upper and Lower Arrow lakes to the southern watershed of Cayuse creek; thence fol- lowing the height of land between Passa creek and Cayuse creek to the Slocan river; thence crossing the Slocan river in a northeasterly direction along the height of land forming the watershed between the waters flowing into Slo- gan lake and the waters flowing into Kootenay lake, to a point in the southern boundary of Revelstoke electoral district; thence due east to a point two miles north of Nakusp; thence due west to the point of commencement, shall constitute one elec- toral district, to be designated "Slocan electoral district," and shall return one member.

Ymir District.

(25) That tract of land contained within the following boundaries, viz.:

Commencing at a point in the western boundary of Kootenay district, being the southwest corner of Revelstoke elec- toral district; thence southerly, follow- ing the western boundary of Kootenay district to its intersection with the 49th parallel; thence due east along said parallel to the eastern boundary of West Kootenay dis- trict; thence north along the said eastern boundary of Kootenay district to a point due east of the mouth of Louise creek; thence west, crossing Kootenay lake at a point in the west shore of Kootenay lake one mile north of Balfour; thence west along the height of land forming the southern watershed of Coffee creek to its intersection with the western bound- ary of Slocan electoral district; thence southwesterly, following the boundary of Slocan electoral district to Lower Arrow lake; thence northward along the western boundary of Slocan electoral district; thence west to the point of commence- ment, except those portions of the said district next hereinafter defined as "Nelson city electoral district" and "Ros- seland city electoral district" respectively, shall constitute one electoral district, to be designated "Ymir electoral district," and shall return one member.

Nelson City District.

(26) The tracts of land hereinafter de- scribed, viz.:

All those pieces or parcels of land

commencing at a point in the south boundary of Revelstoke electoral district where it intersects the east shore of Upper Arrow lake; thence southerly, fol- lowing the centre line of the Upper and Lower Arrow lakes to the southern watershed of Cayuse creek; thence fol- lowing the height of land between Passa creek and Cayuse creek to the Slocan river; thence crossing the Slocan river in a northeasterly direction along the height of land forming the watershed between the waters flowing into Slo- gan lake and the waters flowing into Kootenay lake, to a point in the southern boundary of Revelstoke electoral district; thence due east to a point two miles north of Nakusp; thence due west to the point of commencement, shall constitute one elec- toral district, to be designated "Slocan electoral district," and shall return one member.

Ymir District.

(25) That tract of land contained within the following boundaries, viz.:

Commencing at a point in the western boundary of Kootenay district, being the southwest corner of Revelstoke elec- toral district; thence southerly, follow- ing the western boundary of Kootenay district to its intersection with the 49th parallel; thence due east along said parallel to the eastern boundary of West Kootenay dis- trict; thence north along the said eastern boundary of Kootenay district to a point due east of the mouth of Louise creek; thence west, crossing Kootenay lake at a point in the west shore of Kootenay lake one mile north of Balfour; thence west along the height of land forming the southern watershed of Coffee creek to its intersection with the western bound- ary of Slocan electoral district; thence southwesterly, following the boundary of Slocan electoral district to Lower Arrow lake; thence northward along the western boundary of Slocan electoral district; thence west to the point of commence- ment, except those portions of the said district next hereinafter defined as "Nelson city electoral district" and "Ros- seland city electoral district" respectively, shall constitute one electoral district, to be designated "Ymir electoral district," and shall return one member.

Nelson City District.

(26) The tracts of land hereinafter de- scribed, viz.:

All those pieces or parcels of land

commencing at a point in the south boundary of Revelstoke electoral district where it intersects the east shore of Upper Arrow lake; thence southerly, fol- lowing the centre line of the Upper and Lower Arrow lakes to the southern watershed of Cayuse creek; thence fol- lowing the height of land between Passa creek and Cayuse creek to the Slocan river; thence crossing the Slocan river in a northeasterly direction along the height of land forming the watershed between the waters flowing into Slo- gan lake and the waters flowing into Kootenay lake, to a point in the southern boundary of Revelstoke electoral district; thence due east to a point two miles north of Nakusp; thence due west to the point of commencement, shall constitute one elec- toral district, to be designated "Slocan electoral district," and shall return one member.

Ymir District.

(25) That tract of land contained within the following boundaries, viz.:

Commencing at a point in the western boundary of Kootenay district, being the southwest corner of Revelstoke elec- toral district; thence southerly, follow- ing the western boundary of Kootenay district to its intersection with the 49th parallel; thence due east along said parallel to the eastern boundary of West Kootenay dis- trict; thence north along the said eastern boundary of Kootenay district to a point due east of the mouth of Louise creek; thence west, crossing Kootenay lake at a point in the west shore of Kootenay lake one mile north of Balfour; thence west along the height of land forming the southern watershed of Coffee creek to its intersection with the western bound- ary of Slocan electoral district; thence southwesterly, following the boundary of Slocan electoral district to Lower Arrow lake; thence northward along the western boundary of Slocan electoral district; thence west to the point of commence- ment, except those portions of the said district next hereinafter defined as "Nelson city electoral district" and "Ros- seland city electoral district" respectively, shall constitute one electoral district, to be designated "Ymir electoral district," and shall return one member.

Nelson City District.

(26) The tracts of land hereinafter de- scribed, viz.:

All those pieces or parcels of land

commencing at a point in the south boundary of Revelstoke electoral district where it intersects the east shore of Upper Arrow lake; thence southerly, fol- lowing the centre line of the Upper and Lower Arrow lakes to the southern watershed of Cayuse creek; thence fol- lowing the height of land between Passa creek and Cayuse creek to the Slocan river; thence crossing the Slocan river in a northeasterly direction along the height of land forming the watershed between the waters flowing into Slo- gan lake and the waters flowing into Kootenay lake, to a point in the southern boundary of Revelstoke electoral district; thence due east to a point two miles north of Nakusp; thence due west to the point of commencement, shall constitute one elec- toral district, to be designated "Slocan electoral district," and shall return one member.

Ymir District.

(25) That tract of land contained within the following boundaries, viz.:

Commencing at a point in the western boundary of Kootenay district, being the southwest corner of Revelstoke elec- toral district; thence southerly, follow- ing the western boundary of Kootenay district to its intersection with the 49th parallel; thence due east along said parallel to the eastern boundary of West Kootenay dis- trict; thence north along the said eastern boundary of Kootenay district to a point due east of the mouth of Louise creek; thence west, crossing Kootenay lake at a point in the west shore of Kootenay lake one mile north of Balfour; thence west along the height of land forming the southern watershed of Coffee creek to its intersection with the western bound- ary of Slocan electoral district; thence southwesterly, following the boundary of Slocan electoral district to Lower Arrow lake; thence northward along the western boundary of Slocan electoral district; thence west to the point of commence- ment, except those portions of the said district next hereinafter defined as "Nelson city electoral district" and "Ros- seland city electoral district" respectively, shall constitute one electoral district, to be designated "Ymir electoral district," and shall return one member.

Nelson City District.

(26) The tracts of land hereinafter de- scribed, viz.:

All those pieces or parcels of land

commencing at a point in the south boundary of Revelstoke electoral district where it intersects the east shore of Upper Arrow lake; thence southerly, fol- lowing the centre line of the Upper and Lower Arrow lakes to the southern watershed of Cayuse creek; thence fol- lowing the height of land between Passa creek and Cayuse creek to the Slocan river; thence crossing the Slocan river in a northeasterly direction along the height of land forming the watershed between the waters flowing into Slo- gan lake and the waters flowing into Kootenay lake, to a point in the southern boundary of Revelstoke electoral district; thence due east to a point two miles north of Nakusp; thence due west to the point of commencement, shall constitute one elec- toral district, to be designated "Slocan electoral district," and shall return one member.

Ymir District.

(25) That tract of land contained within the following boundaries, viz.:

Commencing at a point in the western boundary of Kootenay district, being the southwest corner of Revelstoke elec- toral district; thence southerly, follow- ing the western boundary of Kootenay district to its intersection with the 49th parallel; thence due east along said parallel to the eastern boundary of West Kootenay dis- trict; thence north along the said eastern boundary of Kootenay district to a point due east of the mouth of Louise creek; thence west, crossing Kootenay lake at a point in the west shore of Kootenay lake one mile north of Balfour; thence west along the height of land forming the southern watershed of Coffee creek to its intersection with the western bound- ary of Slocan electoral district; thence southwesterly, following the boundary of Slocan electoral district to Lower Arrow lake; thence northward along the western boundary of Slocan electoral district; thence west to the point of commence- ment, except those portions of the said district next hereinafter defined as "Nelson city electoral district" and "Ros- seland city electoral district" respectively, shall constitute one electoral district, to be designated "Ymir electoral district," and shall return one member.

Nelson City District.

(26) The tracts of land hereinafter de- scribed, viz.:

All those pieces or parcels of land

situate, lying and being in Kootenay district, in the province of British Columbia, upon the official map of said district known and numbered as lot 95, group 1 (containing 372 acres, more or less), and lot 150, group 1 (containing 104 acres, more or less), shall constitute one electoral district, to be designated "Nelson city electoral district," and shall return one member.

Roseland City District. (30) That tract of land hereinafter described, viz.:

All that piece or parcel of land situate, lying and being in Kootenay district, upon the official map of said district known and numbered as sections 24 and 25, and the north half of sections 26 and 27, in township 1Xa, in the said district, bounded and described as follows: Commencing at a point on the southern boundary of township 28, district of Kootenay, said point being the intersection of sections 3 and 4, township 28, and sections 23 and 24, township 1Xa, Kootenay district; thence due south one hundred and twenty chains, to a point; thence due east one hundred and sixty chains, to a point; thence due north one hundred and twenty chains, more or less, to the said southern boundary of township 28; thence due west along the southern boundary of township 28 one hundred and sixty chains, more or less, to the point of commencement; or less, to the point of commencement, more or less, shall constitute one electoral district, to be designated "Roseland city electoral district," and shall return one member.

Kaslo District. (31) That tract of land contained within the following boundaries, viz.: Commencing at a point in the eastern boundary of West Kootenay district where it intersects the eastern boundary of the 51st parallel; thence southerly following the eastern boundary of Revelstoke and Slokan electoral districts to a point one mile north of Hallow; thence east crossing Kootenay lake to the mouth of Louise creek; thence east to the eastern boundary of West Kootenay district; thence north following the eastern boundary of West Kootenay district to the point of commencement, shall constitute one electoral district, to be designated "Kaslo electoral district," and shall return one member.

Columbia District. (32) That portion of that portion of the district of East Kootenay which lies to the north of a line commencing at the intersection of the eastern boundary of the district with Kananaskis Pass; thence southwesterly along the center of said pass and the center of the Badger river to the Kootenay river; thence southwesterly down the center line of the said Kootenay river to its junction at Canal Flat with the canal leading to Upper Columbia lake; thence due west to the western boundary of the said East Kootenay district, and shall constitute one electoral district, to be designated "Columbia electoral district," and shall return one member.

Cranbrook District. (33) That tract of land contained within the following boundaries, viz.: Commencing at a point on the eastern boundary of the province, where said boundary intersects with Kananaskis Pass; thence southwesterly along the southern boundary of Columbia electoral district to the southwest corner of the Columbia electoral district; thence southerly along the eastern boundary of Kaslo and Amir electoral districts to the 40th parallel; thence due east along said parallel to the Kootenay river; thence north following the Kootenay river to the mouth of Bull river; thence following Bull river northerly to its headwaters; thence northerly on a right line to the point of commencement, shall constitute one electoral district, to be designated "Cranbrook electoral district," and shall return one member.

Fernie District. (34) That tract of land contained within the following boundaries, viz.: Commencing at a point in the Kootenay river where it intersects the 40th parallel, being the southeast corner of Cranbrook electoral district; thence northerly along the eastern boundary of Cranbrook electoral district to its intersection with the eastern boundary of Fernie electoral district; thence following the eastern boundary of the province to its intersection with the 40th parallel; thence west along the 40th parallel to the point of commencement, shall constitute one electoral district to be designated "Fernie electoral district," and shall return one member.

RESIGNED ORDER. The McBride government has not so far marked its regime by any very pronounced policy. The ministry has contented itself with carrying on the executive work of the departments avoiding anything which would lead to any opposition in the country and have the effect of weakening the cause of the government either with the province at large or with the opposition Conservative wing in the coming election.

This week's Gazette contains a notice which gives promise of a little more pronounced policy. It contains a notice wiping out one of the regulations introduced by the Prior government with respect to the crown lands. On March 29th of this year the Prior government gave notice by order-in-council that before licenses could be issued to cut or remove timber from crown lands a survey of the timber limits should be made by an engineer approved of by the Chief Commissioner.

THESE WORRYING PILLS—One application of Dr. Agnew's Ointment will give you comfort. Applied every night for three to six nights and a cure is effected in the most stubborn cases of Headache, Itching Piles, Dr. Agnew's Ointment cures Eczema and all itching and burning skin diseases. It acts like magic. 25 cents. Sold by Jackson & Co. and Hall & Co.—15.

NAVAL STOREKEEPER FOULLY MURDERED

F. J. Bailey Done to Death in Esquimalt Yard—His Assailant is in Custody of the Police.

A terrible tragedy occurred at Esquimalt this morning. Fred James Bailey, first class storehouseman at the naval yard, was shot and instantly killed by Alfred James Frith, who is now in the custody of the provincial police charged with murder. The crime was committed about 8 o'clock, and the body found shortly afterwards.

As far as can be learned at the hour of writing the particulars of the affair are as follows: Frith, the man charged with the murder, it appears, went to Bailey and asked him for some packing cases. They proceeded to the store together. It was placed outside, and then both men returned inside, after locking the door.

Bailey is reported to have said: "What is the trouble between you and me?" The other replied that there appeared to be some undermining going on.

Bailey then, it is claimed by the prisoner, picked up a club and said: "If you say I am undermining I will fix you."

Hotter words ensued, the result of which was that the prisoner drew a revolver and shot the other in the back of the head as he was walking away.

He fell dead about five feet distant. Frith went outside and left the key in the door. He then hurried to the wharf and threw the revolver, with which the shooting was done, into the bay about thirty feet away.

Strangely enough, it is understood he gave Constable Dan Campbell a tip as to what occurred.

After investigating that officer at once went to Frith's house and placed him under arrest.

The weapon with which the shooting was done was a five-chambered buldog, and all the chambers were loaded. It carried a large ball and one shot was sufficient to accomplish the deed. It is quite evident from the character of the conversation at the storehouse that the best of feeling between the two had not prevailed.

The prisoner, who appears perfectly sane and sober, claims self-defence, and has stated that Bailey had threatened him. The latter, it is claimed, first picked up a piece of board which he dropped, substituting the stove of a tank.

After the shooting Frith went to his house and had breakfast. He is a married man and about forty years of age. He has three children, one of whom is in Vancouver. He has worked in the stores with the victim of the tragedy for nine years, two of which were passed as a subordinate under Bailey.

The prisoner is said to have given the provincial constable a decided tip as to what had occurred, telling him that he had settled Bailey. It was noticed that the latter had not been seen for some time at his store, so a search was instituted, which resulted in the discovery of the body. Those who have seen the place where it was found say that there was every evidence of a struggle having taken place.

F. J. Bailey, the victim, succeeded Mr. Cassie as naval storekeeper at the naval yard, Esquimalt, when the former officer returned to England a short time ago. He was a man of about thirty-five years of age. He resided on the Esquimalt road nearly opposite the Head Street switch of the Street Railway Company. He was a married man, and had several children. The eldest of these is about eleven years of age. His family consisted of three little boys, and a little girl. He was a past master of the local lodge of Free Masons.

Bailey was a very respectable man, widely respected, and identified himself prominently with the construction of the Soldiers' and Sailors' Home on the Esquimalt road, which was projected by the Wesleyan chaplain, Rev. J. P. Hicks.

Although the prisoner has alleged self-defence, judging by the circumstances as at present ascertained there is every indication that a deliberate murder was committed. The unfortunate victim was shot in the back of the head, showing plainly that he had his back turned to his slayer when the deed was committed.

Frith was in charge of the coal wharf lighters, etc., in connection with the coaling of warships. Owing to excessive drinking he was discharged about a week ago, and has stated he had work to go to in Vancouver. He has been living in the naval yard, which he would be leaving at the end of the month. He was formerly on H. M. S. Rocke, and joined the yard in 1898.

The cause of the crime is alleged to have been the discharge of Frith, who has been in the yard as an employee for the last nine or ten years. He had charge of the handling of the coal in the yard, and was recently discharged. Frith attributed his discharge from a post which he had so long held to the influence of Bailey, and with this real or fancied wrong festering in his mind he

went into the naval yard this morning and wreaked his vengeance on the supposed author of his trouble. Frith himself is a man of forty or forty-five years. Of course at the present time it is impossible to give both sides of the deplorable occurrence, as one of the figures in it lies cold in death. However, those who knew him—and his friends and acquaintances are innumerable—are decidedly highly of him, and are inclined to discredit any theory that he was the aggressor, his disposition being the reverse of quarrelsome.

(From Monday's Daily.)

The provincial police are steadily working up the murder case at Esquimalt. Sergeant M. Murray, assisted by Officer D. Campbell, have been busily employed since Saturday gathering the meagre evidence which is forthcoming. Step by step they are following the case up, assisted by the statement which the accused made to Superintendent Hussey on Saturday.

With no eye-witnesses and not even any evidence to show that the shot which terminated the storehousekeeper's life was heard by anyone, there is only circumstantial verification of the story told by the accused Frith.

There are circumstances which bear out the story in part. There are other features of it, however, for which no explanation is obtainable. Frith's story that an alteration had taken place and that the murdered man attempted to assault him with a piece of board and afterwards a barrel stave, is not borne out by an examination of the place where the crime was committed.

The storehouse where Bailey was killed has two doors close to the extreme ends of the building. One of these doors is locked from the outside. The other is always locked on the inside, and the key left in the door.

Outside that door there is standing a packing box which bears out in that particular the story told by Frith. Directly opposite this door two empty cases stand. Mr. Payne, the storehouseman for this particular building, says that on Thursday night at 5 o'clock when he closed the building he found the door open and there were three boxes inside. Friday was a holiday, and the storehouses were all closed. On Saturday the box was noticed outside, and one of the three inside was missing. It is quite probable to his mind that this was moved over there early Saturday morning.

On the basis of the story told by Frith, the men must have entered this building by the door at the other end from where the box was taken out. The storehouse is perhaps 60 feet long. After putting this box outside the door was again locked on the inside, and apparently they started for the door by which they came in. The course is along the top of a long line of ropes, which lie thickly upon the floor.

A little distance from the door and just before the men would leave the rope strewn floor, the body of the victim was found in a pool of blood among the ropes. He was lying face downward. In his hands were close together the ends of the body, just about the waist. In one hand he clasped the key of his own storehouse, which lies some little distance from this one.

Not far from where the victim must have been when the shot was fired is a soldering iron lying on a table, which would have proved a formidable weapon of self-defence, and which has apparently been lifted from its place. This bears out the theory that Frith walking close behind Bailey as they came down the room fired the shot without warning. Frith will attempt to find the revolver off the wharf today.

The Inquest.

A jury was empanelled by Coroner Hart on Saturday, and on that evening the body was examined by them so as to allow of the remains being handed over to the friends of the deceased, which was done yesterday.

The jury was composed as follows: D. Grievs (foreman) J. Craig, John Cadwallar, R. H. Nunn, Jas. Mesher and M. Jones.

This morning the jury again sat in the Esquimalt schoolhouse and completed their duty. Supt. Hussey, of the provincial police, and Geo. Powell, representing the prisoner, were also present.

Dr. Humes, hospital sergeant at the Royal Naval hospital, was the first witness called. He testified to the post mortem examination he had made of the body of the deceased. He had found the hair and skin scorched at the back of the neck on the right side. There was a bruise about the right eyelid and a blood stain across the fingers of the right hand. Opening the skull he had found the bullet in the back of the head, the back of the neck at the base of the skull upward to near the right eye. The bones had been fractured where the bullet came in contact with it. At the base of the skull there had been a considerable fracture of the skull. There was a bone had been fractured where the bullet which was produced was found in the skull just near the eye.

"Frith then went home. I telephoned to the head office of the naval yard and inquired if there had been any shooting. They answered as far as they knew he was. They asked me why I wanted to know. I said I heard Mr. Bailey was missing.

"I went over to the naval yard and reported, and with the carpenter broke open Bailey's store. We could not find the body anywhere in the building.

"I communicated with the provincial police office, and told them what had occurred. I got orders to arrest Frith." Witness thereupon went to Frith's house and arrested him and took him to Victoria.

Witness asked the prisoner why he killed Bailey. He said that he did it in self-defence.

Witness saw that Frith appeared to



VICTORIA'S ORACK BASEBALL TEAM, 1903.

called to the office by Mr. Grundy, who gave orders that Frith should not be allowed to leave the naval yard. He found afterwards that Frith had previously left.

He met the corporal of the guard and a laborer, who were searching for Bailey. He heard afterwards that Frith had been arrested by Provincial Constable D. Campbell.

About 10.20 he was asked at the office if he had seen Mr. Bailey. He replied he had not seen him since about 20 minutes to 8 in the morning. The other was instituted for Mr. Bailey. No key could be found to the storehouse.

He was ordered to get all the men out of the guard room and begin a search. Witness accordingly did so. About 11 o'clock an entrance was effected by a window, which he learned from the laborer was unlocked. A ladder was got and put against the window of the sail loft and an entrance gained by witness.

He had no sooner reached the room than in shape to proceed with the search. He returned to the window and beckoned two who were standing near at hand, and they came in. It was about 11.05.

In reply to Superintendent Hussey witness said he believed the deceased was dead at the time.

The key of the store where he was found is still missing. A key produced was found in the hand of the deceased. It is quite probable to his mind that this was moved over there early Saturday morning.

Provincial Officer D. Campbell testified that at 9.30 when he was leaving his house on Saturday morning he saw A. Frith coming along. Frith looked up at present as if about to attend court. He said: "Good morning Dan." Witness returned "Good morning Mr. Frith." "He asked," continued the witness, "where I was going to court. He remarked I had better stay round a while. Your services will be required. I asked him why he meant. He said: 'You'll know in time. You'd better stay around.' I said I could not be present as I had to attend court. The car was coming down the hill, and I went to it. I was about to step on the car when he whistled and beckoned me back. I asked the conductor to hold the car a minute, and I went to Frith.

"Frith said I ought as well let the car go, as he had made up his mind to tell me everything."

"I made up my mind to stay, and beckoned the car to go on. I walked up with Frith, when the latter said: 'Well, I might as well tell you what happened. I killed Bailey this morning.' I said: 'You're fooling, ain't you Frith?' He said: 'No, I mean what I say. I killed Bailey.' I said: 'You're crazy, you're dreaming.' He said: 'No, I'm not, Bailey's dead.'

"I asked him what he killed him for. He said they had some trouble down at one of the stores."

"I asked where the body was. He said: 'You'll find that out soon enough.'"

"We then went down to the Ship Inn. After he had a drink he said: 'I'm going home to breakfast now. Call me in an hour's time,' he said, 'and take me in charge.'"

"Had he been a stranger I would have put him under arrest at the time. I knew him well for years, and could not understand it. I thought I would not arrest him until I made a thorough investigation."

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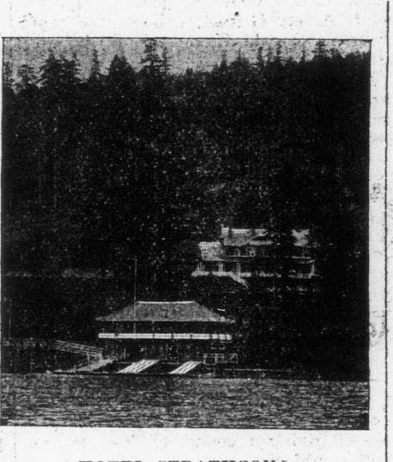
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Witness saw that Frith appeared to



HOTEL STRATOCOMA, Shawanigan Lake.

have been drinking, but was rational at the time and did not appear to be under the influence of liquor.

Coroner Hart said that he thought that there was sufficient evidence adduced in order that a verdict might be brought in. He thought they would have no difficulty in bringing in a verdict of murder, whether they would commit any particular person with the crime or not remained for them to decide.

The jury after a few minutes consultation brought in their verdict, which was one of wilful murder in the salloft by some person or persons unknown.

Supt. Hussey expects to have matters in shape to proceed with the preliminary examination to-morrow.

EFFECTIVE LITERATURE.

The following letter, which has been received by the Tourist Association, will show how potent and far reaching the literature is which that organization is distributing:

Los Angeles, Cal., June 24th, 1903. Mr. Herbert Cuthbert, Secretary Tourist Association, Victoria, B. C.

Dear Sir—I have by me a little booklet called Pictureque Victoria, in the back of which is stated that a larger edition of same has been issued and may be had for the writing. Two years ago I passed through Victoria, at least the boat stopped there and we spent four delightful hours in the park and riding around, and I was impressed strongly at the time that it would be a most lovely spot to spend our three months' summer outing. A strenuous business life nearly drove it out of my mind, but this little book brought it back to me, and so I concluded to write to you for the larger booklet and any other literature you might have on the subject, and perhaps we shall conclude to arrange to spend the summer at Victoria.

Very truly yours, FRANCES E. MELLETT, 626-628 Trust Building, Los Angeles, Cal.

ANNUAL FLOWER SERVICE.

There was a very large attendance at the annual flower service held at the Royal Jubilee hospital, under the auspices of the Daughters of Pitt on Sunday afternoon. Visitors having been asked to bring flowers or potted plants for distribution among the patients, the floral gifts were of great variety and abundance. Rev. Dr. Rowe conducted the service, while the musical part of the event was in the hands of the choir of the St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, under the leadership of Herbert Taylor. The service opened with the singing of "God Save the King," after which came the introductory prayer by Rev. Dr. Rowe. Then followed an anthem, "Angels' Voices Ever Singing," with solos by Miss Grace King. The address was then read from Isaiah, chapter xxxv, the balance of the service being as follows: Quartette, "God is a Spirit," Miss King, Mrs. Currie and Messrs. Forrester and Taylor; solo, "For Ever With the Lord," Mrs. D. B. Christopher; solo, "Jerusalem," Herbert Taylor; solo, "O Rest in the Lord," Mrs. Currie; song, "The Plains of Peace," Miss Houghton; solo, "I Will Give You Rest," Herbert Taylor, and the benediction.

It was decided to hold a weekly meeting every Tuesday at 8.30 p. m. After other routine business was transacted the meeting decided to ask R. A. Bradshaw to allow his name to be proposed as the choice of the Slokan Liberal Association for Liberal candidate, and the executive

LIBERALS ASTIR IN THE INTERIOR

VARIOUS DISTRICTS READY FOR THE FRAY

The Minister of Mines is Looking After the Roads and Incidentally Electioneering.

In the Upper Country it is reported that political matters are the chief topic of conversation.

The Liberal party is preparing for the struggle, and arrangements have been made for the holding of conventions for the selection of candidates in the Kamloops, Lillooet, Yale and Cariboo electoral districts. In the former the name of F. J. Deane, who represented the district in 1898-9, is mentioned, and in addition Mayor M. P. Gordon, of Kamloops, is also regarded by many as the Liberal candidate.

It is understood that F. J. Fulton will be the Conservative nominee, and though the Kamloops district was gerrymandered in the Redistribution Act, it is conceded that the Liberal candidate will be elected by a good majority.

In Yale the names of S. Henderson and D. Murphy, both of Ashcroft, are mentioned. Which will be the choice of the convention it is impossible to say. It is thought that Chas. A. Semlin, who was spoken of as the possible Conservative candidate, will not consent to run. Mr. Semlin has, heretofore, always been elected by Liberals and opposed by the bulk of Conservatives, and he is not disposed to prove ungrateful to his old and tried allies. The convention for nominating a candidate will be held at Spence's Bridge on July 22nd.

In Cariboo it is thought that J. B. Hobson will be one of the Liberal candidates, but so far no other name has been seriously brought forward as his colleague. The Conservatives have several names to choose from, and among them are the ex-member Mr. Rogers, J. Hunter and C. Wilson, of Vancouver. Mr. Hunter, it is generally conceded, will not enter the contest, a feeling against outside men representing the constituency prevailing in the district, which will work against the chances of C. Wilson, president of the council.

In Lillooet there are several possible candidates spoken of. It is not known yet whether A. W. Smith will again seek election. If he does it will be in this Conservative interest, and he will probably be opposed by Dr. Wade, of Kamloops, a former resident of Lillooet district, who has been requested to allow his name to go before the convention.

He is editor of the Inland Sentinel, one of the few Liberal journals published in the interior, and if he consents to run will be a formidable opponent for Mr. Smith to tackle. Every effort is being made to make the voters' lists as complete as possible and to perfect organization.

R. A. Bradshaw has been selected by the Liberal Association of Slokan as their nominee for the district at the forthcoming election. At a meeting held there last week the following officers were elected: President, D. S. McVane; vice-president, J. G. McCallum; secretary-treasurer, David Arnot; executive committee, R. C. Campbell-Johnston, Frank Proctor, John Craig, H. L. Fife, H. J. Robertson, James Cross and R. A. Bradshaw.

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Greenwood district Liberals will meet in convention at Greenwood on July 17th and nominate a candidate. It is announced at Atlin that Capt. John Irving is willing to become a candidate in the Conservative interests at the coming election.

The following published in the Slokan Drill has the true ring of an approaching election in it, and shows that the Minister of Mines is not wasting his time during his absence from the capital, but is endeavoring to make his position strong in the Upper Country:

The Drill says: "Learning of Hon. R. F. Green's brief visit to his home in Kaslo this week, the Drill man presumed to urge upon him the necessity of making the repairs to the Springer road at once. The result is shown in the following telegram:

"Kaslo, June 23rd, 1903: 'Will take up road matter with McBride immediately. R. F. Green.'"

"Kaslo, June 24th, 1903: 'Chipman has instructions to have Arlington road repaired. R. F. Green.'"

T. W. Stirling, of Kelowna, has been selected by the Liberals of the Okanagan electoral district to represent their interests in the forthcoming election. At the convention held in Vernon last Tuesday there was a very representative gathering from the various parts of the constituency. Among others present were the following: From Vernon, S. C. Smith, Fred Billings, and H. G. Muller; from Kelowna, T. W. Stirling, W. McQueen and J. Conlin; from Spaliumchee, Dr. Offerhaus, J. Bird, Jas. Murphy and T. W. Fletcher; from Mara, H. J. Johnson; from Enderby, H. W. Wright, R. Peel and W. E. Truesdale. The unanimous choice of the convention was T. W. Stirling. Mr. Stirling, it is conceded, will command a very large vote, not only among the Liberals but among those of every political creed. The Vernon News, which is the organ of Price Ellison, concedes that Mr. Stirling is a remarkably strong candidate. The News refers to his selection as follows: "The unanimous choice of the convention fell to T. W. Stirling, a well known and prosperous merchant of Kelowna, who accepted the position tendered him in a graceful speech. Mr. Stirling has for several years been prominent in business affairs at Kelowna, and is a gentleman respected by people of all political creeds."

The members of the executive of the Provincial Mining Association are commencing to receive a large share of attention as prospective candidates. The latest one to be mentioned is L. W. Shatford, of Fairview, who may be the Conservative candidate.

In Simulameen it is rumored that Premier McBride will make the construction of the Coast-Kootenay railway the main issue in the forthcoming election.

The newly elected executive committee of the Conservative Association of the city, will meet in the Grand on Tuesday evening next to make arrangements for the campaign.

were instructed to prepare a requisition accordingly.

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Mr. Coote A. Chambers, formerly of this city, and Miss Caroline Jane Fooks were united in marriage in Toronto recently. The ceremony was performed in the Yonge street Methodist church. The bride was attended by Miss Brown, of Owen Sound, a bridesmaid, and Miss Mabel Fooks as maid of honor. Mr. Ross Bremner was best man. Mr. and Mrs. Chambers will make their home in Winnipeg, where the former is employed in the accountant's office of the C. P. R. The bridegroom is well known in the city, and his friends will extend to him their best wishes. He is a son of the late Mr. Coote A. Chambers, inspector-general of the local branch of the Dominion Savings Bank.

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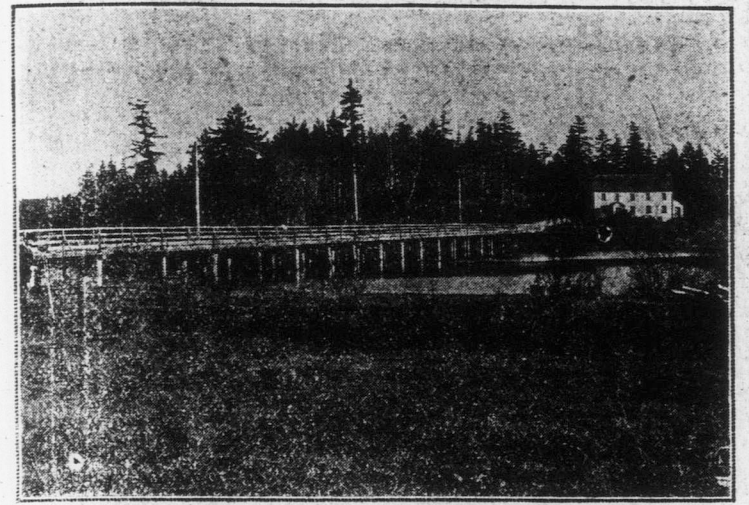
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CRAIGFLOWER SCHOOLHOUSE—FIFTIETH ANNIVERSARY OF ITS ERECTION WAS CELEBRATED THURSDAY.

A RARE OCCASION AT CRAIGFLOWER

FIFTIETH BIRTHDAY OF THE OLD SCHOOL

It Was Celebrated in a Fitting Manner Flag Flung to the Breeze—History of Building.

When a little band of pioneers erected the old Craigflower school building many years ago they found better than they knew. Thursday marked the completion of the half century since the structure came into existence, and it is still used for the purpose for which it was originally intended. Naturally so important an anniversary could not be permitted to pass unobserved, and yesterday afternoon it was marked by a celebration, the features of which were the raising of the old flag, the closing exercises of the present generation and the raising of a flag presented by D. M. Eberts, K. C. It was truly an interesting event, and was treasured up in the memories of those present for many years to come. At the exercises the donor in a few suitable remarks presented the flag, which was run up the flagpole, all present joining in the national anthem as it was unfurled to the breeze.

The prizes won by the children were presented by Rev. W. D. Barber, who expressed his pleasure on being present on such a rare occasion. The following interesting letter was read by R. D. Pope:

Founding of School. Victoria, B. C., 24th June, 1903. To S. D. Pope, Esq., Teacher, Craigflower School: Dear Mr. Pope,—I regret very much that I am unable to be with you to-morrow at the picnic on Craigflower school ground, because, having been identified with the founding of Craigflower school half a century ago, and when I reflect that many happy memories will be revived at your gathering, I cannot miss a treat rarely offered. It is most laudable to commemorate any good thing that may have transpired, but to preserve in memory a school which was the precursor of our free school system in this land of the "Far West" is beyond all praise.

I desire to make a few remarks of what led up to the founding of the school, and perhaps some who may be with you to-morrow would like to hear them through you. It is only fair to the memory of my brother-in-law, the late Kenneth McKenzie, to state that when leaving Scotland for Vancouver Island, in charge of a number of families, young men and women, he was not unmindful of the great responsibility and trust placed in his hands, namely, the education of not only the boys that were going with him, who had rathered hips and sines on Scotland's benighted shores, but the other children that might be expected after our arrival, hence he made it a condition that a schoolmaster should be engaged at the expense of the company before leaving.

Mr. Barr was engaged to fill the position, himself, wife arriving with us in the ship Norman Morrison, on the 16th January, 1853. At the time of our arrival at Port Victoria, the late Sir James Douglas was governor of the colony, and head of the Hudson's Bay Company, and having full control over all matters, and no schoolmaster being at the fort, Mr. Douglas retained Mr. Barr for that section—hence we had to reside at Craigflower without a teacher. An afternoon class was established for the benefit of the children who had been at school before leaving, until a schoolmaster could arrive, which occurred in the fall of 1853. It might not be amiss just at this juncture to give the names of the little band of pioneers who founded Craigflower. They were as follows: Joseph McKenzie, Mrs. McKenzie, Mrs. Donachie, William, Kenneth and William. James Stewart, wife and one child—John. Robert Weir (widower) and six children—William, John, John (grown up), Hugh, Adam, Isabella and Robert. James Little, wife and one child—John. Robert Anderson, wife and three children—Andrew, Hana, and Elizabeth. George Deans and wife. Susan Lidgate, wife and three children—Elizabeth and William. Alan Vitch, wife and three children—John, Christina and Elizabeth. John Russell and wife. Mr. Bartlem and wife. Mrs. Wilson and wife. Mr. White, wife and four children—James, Agnes and William. Mrs. Downie, wife and three children—

1887-1890, A. M. Bannerman, 1890-1892, R. C. Johnston, 1892-1893, E. R. Mulder; 1892-1900, S. Shepherd; 1900-1903, S. D. Pope. "In 1872 the trustees were James Stewart, B. Downer, and Martin J. Dodd. In the following year a complete change was made, Robert Porter, William Hillier, Henry Cogan, being the trustees. Two changes were made in 1874. Martin J. Dodd and John Parker being elected. "Since this time and including the above the following is the length of service of each trustee: Robert Porter, 29 years; James Stewart, 18 years; Martin J. Dodd, 15 years; D. F. Adams, 4 years; E. Whittier, 10 years; J. W. Rowland, 12 years; J. J. Wilson, 12 years; George Osborn, 1 year. The last three named are our present trustees. "While we would say all honor to those trustees who have so ably conducted the affairs of this school in the past, we should accord a meed of praise to the present trustees, who are so earnestly endeavoring to emulate the example set them by their predecessors. "Ladies and gentlemen, I have carefully prepared the foregoing statistics, and I trust that they have been not only interesting, but that they will recall pleasant reminiscences. "The most important thing that took place during the afternoon, most probably, in the scholars' minds, was the distribution of prizes, which were as follows: Marguerita Wilson, roll of honor; for department; Edith Redmore, roll of honor for punctuality and regularity; Marie Rowlands, roll of honor for proficiency; Edith Johnson, book, for writing; Alice Wilson, a book, for writing and drawing; Willie Johnson, a book, for general improvement; Harley Stewart, a book, for regularity; Lily Osborn, a book, for regularity; Freeman Harding, a book, for reading and writing; Maurice Carmichael, a book, for general improvement; Albert Guyon, a book, for rapid progress; Harold Kaye, a book, for general improvement. "The presentation was over, and three cheers given for Mr. Pope, the teacher, by the school children, refreshments were served.

at 1.30 p.m.; passengers returning on special train leaving Dunsmuir at 6 p.m. The fare for the round trip is only one dollar, with half fare for children. —Staff Surgeon P. B. Handyside, M. B., royal navy, lately medical officer in charge of the R. N. hospital, Esquimaux, has been promoted to the rank of fleet surgeon for conspicuous professional merit, with seniority of May 30th, 1903. —Architect W. Ridgway Wilson has awarded the contract for extensive alterations and additions to the residence of Mr. and Mrs. J. B. McKilligan. The contract price being in the neighborhood of \$4,200. —John Hensworth, one of the popular travellers of Wilson Bros., of this city, who is well known throughout Vancouver Island, has decided to embark in business for himself, and has purchased the stock and goodwill of N. P. Finch at Mount Sicker. Mr. and Mrs. Hensworth will leave for their new home the beginning of the week. —A large number of friends assembled at Craigmere, Rockland avenue, last evening in honor of the silver wedding of Mr. and Mrs. J. B. McKilligan. The rooms were tastefully decorated with white roses. A very pleasant evening was enjoyed by all present, the host and hostess omitting no arrangement conducive to the comfort of their guests. Mr. and Mrs. McKilligan were the recipients of many handsome presents and hearty congratulations. —On Wednesday evening at the residence of Mr. C. Keir, Royal avenue, New Westminster, Rev. George H. Morden united in marriage Miss May E. Ferguson, of New Westminster, and Mr. William John MacKay, shipping clerk for E. A. Morris, of this city. The bride was attended by Miss MacKay, of Vancouver, while Mr. E. Furness supported the groom. The honeymoon trip will include a visit to Seattle, and the groom's former home at Victoria. Mr. and Mrs. MacKay will take up their residence in Vancouver. —A quiet but pretty wedding took place at 10 o'clock on Wednesday evening at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Manning, Mount Pleasant, the contracting parties being Mr. Alfred Ralph Stevens, of Vancouver, and Miss Agnes Alexander Clark, of Victoria. The ceremony was performed by Rev. G. A. Wilson, pastor of the Mount Pleasant Presbyterian church. The bride, who was given away by Mr. E. Manning, was attended by Mrs. E. Manning, the groom's mother. The bridesmaids were Mr. E. Stevens, and Mrs. Stevens will reside at 2344 Prince Edward street, Mount Pleasant. —Vancouver News-Advertiser.

Local News

—Thos. Prime, the celebrated exponent of theosophy, is expected in the city about the beginning of July for the purpose of giving a course of free lectures on the subject.

—The Caffrey brothers were convicted this morning in the provincial police court of having stolen goods intended for the quarantine station. They were sentenced to two months' imprisonment.

—The Royal Garrison Artillery were inspected on Friday at Work Point barracks by Col. Riggs, of Halifax, the commanding officer of the force in North America. Col. Riggs will leave this evening for Halifax.

—The draft agreement between the city and the C. P. R. in connection with the hotel project has been forwarded to the directors of the C. P. R. The terms are the same as those already defined in these columns. The agreement came before the council at their meeting the other evening and was adopted.

—The funeral of the late Miss Sophia M. Cameron took place on Friday from the residence of Mr. Chambers, George road, to the Roman Catholic church, at 9 o'clock, Rev. Fathers Collins and Letorne officiated. Many flowers were presented, and the following acted as pallbearers: Messrs. R. Hall, M. P. P. L. G. McQuade, J. Seyward and D. Campbell.

—(From Saturday's Daily.) —Thomas Cuniff died this morning, aged 76 years. He was a native of the County Galway, Ireland, and came to Victoria in 1852, on the ship Lady Young. He for some years mined in Cariboo, but for a long time has been employed at the outer wharf as watchman. The funeral is to take place on Monday at 2 o'clock from the parlors of the B. C. Funeral Furnishing Co.

—Yesterday afternoon the remains of the late Robert Pinkerton were laid to rest. The funeral took place at 2 o'clock from the family residence, Lake street, and later at Sand Hill cemetery South Saanich. Rev. J. M. Telford conducted impressive services at the funeral and grave. Many beautiful floral tributes were presented. The following acted as pallbearers: Messrs. J. Pinkerton, G. Lindsey, A. Hedley, J. G. Mc Kay, L. McCaskill and W. Heal.

—Donations of a number of special prizes for the forthcoming show of the B. C. Agricultural Association have been received by Secretary Swinerton. They follow: Chaltoner & Mitchell, a special prize in goods amounting to \$15; Chas. E. Redfern, a prize of silverware of jewelry of the value of \$10; R. P. Rithet & Co., two barrels of XXXX Emmer flour, to be awarded as follows: First prize, 4 sacks; second prize, 3 sacks; and third prize, 1 sack; H. W. Bullock, Salt Spring island, \$10, and H. O. Allen, secretary of the Island Agricultural Fruit Growers' Association, one Buff Orpington cockerel or pullet for the best Buff Orpington, other than that exhibited by the donor.

—An excellent prize list is being offered for the different sports to be held at Dunsmuir on Dominion Day, and judging from the list of events the celebration will prove an interesting one. An exciting baseball game will be one of the attractions, the competing nines being the Fernwoods of this city and the Dunsmuir crick organization, which is said to possess several old league players who will no doubt endeavor to put it all over the boys from Spring Ridge. The Fifth Regiment band will also be in attendance, and will render a suitable programme. In addition to the regular train at 9 a.m., the E. & N. railway company is running a special train there

20 Cases Negligee, Outing & Regatta Shirts



JUST TO HAND. Bathing Trunks, 5c, 10c, 15c and 25c pr. Bathing Suits, 50c, 75c and \$1.00. 100 doz. Cashmere Socks, In navy, black, tan, maroon and cardinal, at 25c pr. 3 Cases New Flannel Suits, JUST OPENED.

B. Williams & Co.

—The executive committee of the Fish and Game Association held a meeting yesterday morning in the Tourist rooms. Among the business transacted was the consideration of a report which is being prepared and will be submitted to a general meeting to be held on Wednesday. —John Whitefield, of No. 216 Cook street, died this morning at his residence. He was aged 75 years 6 months, and was a native of Lincolnshire, England. He leaves a widow and two sons, the latter being in the military service. The funeral will take place on Monday at 2.30 p.m. Rev. Mr. Bryant will conduct the services. —The through regular English mail service to China via the Trans-Siberian railway, in competition with the Canadian Pacific, will be working at the beginning of 1905, when the line round Lake Baikal will be ready for traffic. Thus Canada has, it is pointed out, none too much time to complete her fast Atlantic link without which the British postal subsidy will not be renewed. —Rowland Britain, patent attorney, of Vancouver, sends the following abstract from the official Gazette of the United States patent office for the week ending Tuesday, June 10th, 1903: During this week 578 patents were issued, 327 being to citizens of the United States, and 251 to foreigners. The largest number of patents in the north was Canada 13, Great Britain 23, France 2, Germany 18, India 1, Japan 1, New Zealand 1, Sweden 2, Switzerland 1, and Victoria, Australia, 2. —The Skagway Alaskan says: "There is a strong probability that the claims resulting from the loss of the steamship Islander, August 15th, 1901, will be compromised. The Seattle law firm of Hart & Hart represents the combined interests of the claimants, the different lawyers having agreed upon that firm for that purpose. Lee B. Hart, a member of the firm, who was in Skagway the other day, says that an offer had been made by the general counsel for the Canadian Pacific of a certain amount in settlement of the whole amount. This offer was being considered, and the different claimants consulted as to the proper course to pursue when Mr. Hart left Seattle."

—Capt. William J. Bryant, for 18 years inspector of hulls and boilers at Seattle, passed away on Wednesday, death resulting from uraemic poisoning. Deceased was well known in Victoria. He was 61 years of age, having been born on the high seas in 1842, while his father was making a trip from Liverpool to New York. At the age of 8 years he was placed on the payroll of the ship at a salary of 20 cents a month. At the age of 21 years Capt. Bryant received his first command, that of the brig Mary C. Comery. From that time until he gave up the sea, in 1883, he was in command of vessels and in almost every port of importance in the world. He leaves a widow and six children, William H., Charles, Bert, Walter, George and Clarence, all of whom make their homes in Seattle. Charles is at present in Nome, Alaska. It is estimated that the estate left by Capt. Bryant will aggregate \$40,000 or \$50,000, consisting largely of real estate.

—From Monday's Daily. —Prof. Otto Klotz, of the interior department, who is ascertaining the longitude of the different stations on the Pacific cable, is now at the Fiji islands. His assistant, Mr. Wherry, is at Fanning. —At the regular monthly meeting of Victoria Typographical union, No. 201, held Sunday, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: J. Randolph, president; W. H. Cullin, vice-president; Geo. M. Watt, secretary; Thos. Booz, treasurer; Robt. Holloway, sergeant-at-arms; H. Dods, J. W. Henley and W. E. Ditchburn, executive committee; J. Chow and P. H. Twizel, delegates to Trades and Labor Council with Geo. Goldwell as alternate; Jas. Pottinger, A. King and J. Chow, auditors.

—On the 25th inst., the settlers at Otter Point gave a large picnic at the race course at that point, a number of people from Sooke and Ladysmith attending. During the afternoon a programme of races took place. Some handsome prizes, many of which were donated by city firms, were competed for.

—The Ashcroft Journal says: "One of the best known Victoria commercial men, who regularly visits Cariboo, is R. B. Berks, representing J. Piercy & Co. He reached Ashcroft by a B. C. Express special, after visiting all the principal points in Cariboo, and has to his credit a very exciting adventure, which happened while crossing the Fraser river at Soda Creek. When leaving the other side the ferry boat struck the rocks and was rapidly capsizing when the ferry man cut the ropes, which allowed the ferry boat to right itself. Not all the ropes were cut, of course, but enough

port should brush up on the geography of the great west. —The funeral of the late Thos. Cuniff took place Sunday afternoon at 2.30 o'clock from the parlors of the B. C. Funeral Furnishing Company. Services were conducted by Rev. W. L. Clay at the parlors and grave. Many of the members of the local Masonic order attended. The pallbearers followed: W. W. Northcott, P. J. Riddle, W. T. Phillips, A. Stewart, W. Trickey and C. E. Renouf. —The death occurred on Saturday of John Whitefield at his residence, No. 216 Cook street. Deceased was a native of Lincolnshire, England, and 75 years of age. He leaves a widow and two sons to mourn his loss. The funeral took place on Monday. Rev. Mr. Bryant conducted the services and the following acted as pallbearers: M. Baker, A. Jones, N. Shakespear, H. G. Ball, W. H. Gibson and T. G. Rayner. There was a large attendance and many beautiful floral emblems.

—An excursion was held Sunday under the auspices of the A.O.U.W. to New Westminster. About 150 people made the trip, starting from here at 7 a.m. promptly. The passage across the gulf, both going and returning, was delightful. The excursionists were allowed about three hours and a half in Westminster. On the return report time was made, the whole trip being made in 3 hours and 50 minutes. All those who went enjoyed themselves thoroughly.

—The engagement of the Pollard Juvenile Opera Company at the Victoria theatre came to a close on Saturday. "Gaiety Girl" being presented at the afternoon matinee and also in the evening. A crowded house greeted the children at each performance, and in the evening encores were the rule. The people from Sooke and Ladysmith conducted themselves creditably and the opera was thoroughly enjoyed. During the second act Fred Pollard sang the old favorite, "Please Go Away and Let Me Sleep," which was well received to respond to several recalls.

—The mid-summer exhibition at Dunsmuir on Wednesday, July 1st, promises to eclipse all former events of the kind in this district, the programme being a programme of sports being an exceptionally attractive one. A championship baseball game is one of the attractions, the competing teams being the Fernwoods of this city and the Dunsmuir crick organization, which has not been defeated this season. The Fifth Regiment band will be in attendance, and will render a

programme of popular music throughout the day. Trains leave the E. & N. depot at 9.00 a.m. and 1.30 p.m. The fare from Victoria to Dunsmuir and return is one dollar, with half fare for children under twelve. —F. H. Fletcher has been re-elected road foreman for Otter Point by an overwhelming majority. —The funeral of the late "Frederick" James Bailey takes place on Tuesday afternoon from his late residence, Esquimaux road, at 2 o'clock, Rev. Mr. J. P. Hicks will conduct the religious services. The interment will take place at the naval cemetery. —At 8 o'clock Monday morning in St. Andrew's Presbyterian church Mr. Samuel H. Henderson, salesman in the store of B. Williams & Company, Yates street, and Miss Agnes D. Wilson, daughter of Mr. James Wilson, sanitary inspector, were united in the bonds of holy matrimony by Rev. W. Leslie Clay, B. A. The young couple were supported by Mr. F. Templar and Miss Grace Wilson, a sister of the bride. None but the immediate relatives of the contracting parties were present. After the ceremony Mr. and Mrs. Henderson took their departure on the Rosalie, and will spend their honeymoon on the Sound.

—The citizens of Port Angeles have arranged to celebrate the Fourth of July in grand style this year. There will be good horse racing, baseball between Victoria and Port Angeles nines, besides athletic sports galore. The celebration committee has engaged the Victoria City band to play at Port Angeles, and it will go on the first trip of the new steamer Chatham, playing on the way over, also on last trip back. The Chatham will make three round trips between Victoria and Port Angeles, leaving here at 8.30 a.m., 1.15 p.m. and 7 p.m. The fare for the round trip has been placed at 50 cents. —A letter has been received from a member of the party of treasure-seekers who sailed from Halifax on March 17th for the south seas in the schooner Hatfield L. M., commanded by Capt. C. H. McLeod, announcing the drowning of Sir Astley Cooper, Bart., of England, who was second in command of the expedition. Cooper tripped on the deck, fell overboard on April 8th, and, being unable to swim, was drowned before the vessel could be brought about. Sir Astley Cooper was a grandson of Sir Astley Cooper, the famous court physician. He met Capt. McLeod in Victoria a year ago and then formed the plan to join the expedition. He was a man of wealth and high social position. —The "Le Moniteur Illustré des Expositions Internationales" of Paris, France, says: "There is on exhibition just now at the Exposition of Hygiene and Alimentation, a collection of salmon, which has been canned by the British Columbia Canning Company, and are exhibited by the French agents of that company, No. 65 Amsterdam street, Paris. The salmon shown are commonly called 'Sockeyes,' on account of their blue-black backs, and these are chosen for canning on account of their beautiful color, the richness in oil and their exquisite flavor. The fisheries and factories of this company are installed at Victoria, B. C., Canada. In Paris at the International Fisheries Exhibition in 1889, and at the Universal Exhibition of 1900, the canned salmon of British Columbia obtained a silver medal and at the present exhibition a gold medal. This, however, will only confirm the reputation which these goods have earned long since. Here in Canada the products of the British Columbia Canning Company, which is represented by Messrs. Gillespie & Co., Montreal, have disproved the old saying with reference to 'no one being a prophet in his own country' and the Chanticleer and Owekayno brands are much appreciated by eaters of salmon."

—Farmers' Sons Wanted with knowledge of farm work in an office, stock and fair education. A position of honor and responsibility, with steady employment; must be honest and reliable. Branch office of the association at 1000 Broadway in each Province. Apply at once giving full particulars. THE VICTORIA STOCK ASSOCIATION, London, Can.



district Liberals will meet at Greenwood on July 1st to nominate a candidate. —The Hon. Mr. Atlin, that Capt. is willing to become a candidate for the Conservative interests at the election.

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KING'S BIRTHDAY HONORED BY NAVY

ROYAL SALUTE FIRED AT POINT MACAULAY

His Honor the Lieut.-Governor and Naval and Military Officers Were Present.

On Friday the naval forces honored the natal day of His Majesty King Edward VII. The ships of the fleet are gallantly decorated with flags.

At noon the time-honored but very interesting event in connection with the observance of the birthday of the sovereign, that of firing the royal salute, was carried out at Point Macaulay by a battery of field guns and a battalion of companies from the bluejackets and a battalion of marines, composed of two companies.

Some little time before twelve the forces from the warships, to the number of about 1,100 men, under the command of Capt. Colin R. Keppel, C.B., D.S.O., of the Grafton, arrived at Point Macaulay and took up their position opposite the saluting point.

Slightly before twelve o'clock His Honor the Lieut.-Governor, attended by his aide-de-camp, Capt. B. H. T. Drake, and his private secretary, R. Powell, Rear-Admiral A. K. Bickford, C.M.G., and his personal staff, and Lt.-Col. Grant, R. E., arrived at the saluting base and were received with a general salute.

Exactly at twelve the salute of 21 guns was fired by three pieces, composing the battery. Interspersed with these was the feu-de-joie fired by the brigade after each seven guns.

A large number were present at Point Macaulay to witness the ceremony. The brigade was loudly applauded as they passed the crowd.

Among others present were His Worship Mayor McCandless, and other members of the city council; A. E. Smith, the American consul, and French Consular Agent Grahame.

In the evening Rear-Admiral Bickford gave a dinner in honor of the occasion.

Celebration in London. (Associated Press.) London, June 26.—King Edward's birthday was officially celebrated to-day in London and at all the home and military stations. All the government buildings were decorated with flags, salutes were fired, the warships at the port dressed ship, and the troops were reviewed.

The main function was the trooping of the colors on the Horse Guards parade here, which the King attended on horseback. This was the first time he had ridden since his last illness.

The parade grounds presented a highly picturesque scene. Queen Alexandra, the Princess of Wales, the Duchess of Albany, the Duke and Duchess of Fife, the Duchess of Connaught, Princess Henry of Battenberg, and children, the Khedive of Egypt occupied seats in the central window of the Horse Guards building, while all other vantage points were occupied by smartly dressed women, cabinet ministers, members of the House of Lords and House of Commons, and others.

The King, who wore the uniform of colonel of the Grenadier Guards, rode on the ground surrounded by a brilliant staff, including the Prince of Wales, the Duke of Connaught, Field Marshal Lord Roberts and others of the headquarters staff, and an unusually large gathering of foreign military attaches.

As His Majesty halted at the saluting base the massed bands played the National Anthem. After an inspection of the troops the ceremony of trooping the colors was carried out. Their Majesties returned to Buckingham palace heartily cheered by the crowds along the route.

VETERAN OF SEBASTOPOL

TELLS THE BENEFITS TO BE GOT FROM DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS.

How the Great Kidney Remedy Helped to Make His Old Age Happy.

Biddell, Grey Co., Ont., June 26.—(Special).—Henry Bird, postmaster here and a Sebastopol veteran, is one of the grand old men who "thank Dodd's Kidney Pills for a comfortable age."

"I am seventy-one years of age," says the veteran, in telling his experience, "and I have been troubled for years with Kidney Trouble, brought on by lying in front of Sebastopol in those terrible days when so many of my brothers in arms lost their lives.

"But every time the Kidney Trouble bothers me I turn to Dodd's Kidney Pills. I always find they do me a great deal of good, though as I never took more than a box or two at once, I never gave them a fair chance to cure me thoroughly.

"I know Dodd's Kidney Pills can do more than is claimed for them. I know some of my neighbors who have used them for the same trouble as myself, who are well people to-day. When I feel the trouble coming back, I shall surely use Dodd's Kidney Pills."

YOUNG LIBERAL ASSOCIATION

Organized Thursday Night on a Very Strong Basis—Officers Elected.

One of the strongest political organizations ever got into line in this city is that of the Young Liberal Association which was formed at a big meeting in Pioneer hall on Thursday. It was the first meeting held for the purpose, and not only was the hall filled to its capacity, but the enthusiasm manifested was very gratifying.

The result of the election was as follows: President, C. J. V. Spratt; vice-president, A. Courtney; secretary-treasurer, Dave K. Leeming; and executive committee, Messrs. Fullerton, B. J. Perry, Dr. Gibbs, H. L. Salmon, J. Murray, Parkes, Donohoe, E. B. Dyer, Keat, N. P. Shaw, E. Hughes, McCurrah, Onions, Evans and Brakes.

After the election a number of speeches were made. A capital address was delivered by W. Holcomb, Frank Hinton, also spoke well. George Powell made one of his witty addresses. B. J. Perry dealt ably with the mining question, and Messrs. Fullerton and Salmon completed the list of speakers of the evening, all of whom were most optimistic and enthusiastic over the newly formed organization, which, having the large membership it has, augurs much for the future. In addition to the members which most British Columbians have been looking forward to for years.



THE SPRAYING OF ORCHARDS.

The fruit division of the Dominion Department of Agriculture is just now giving a series of orchard demonstrations in Ontario and Quebec to illustrate the great advantages which follow the use of the power sprayer. Work has been carried on in the vicinity of Woodstock and Ingersoll, Ont., by Messrs. P. J. Carey, Dominion Inspector, and J. C. Harris, West Oxford, both practical farmers, who have made a success of fruit growing, and who give careful attention to all the details of their spraying operations. The chief object is to show that a dozen or more farmers may profitably combine to purchase a power sprayer, place it in charge of some such man as usually does threshing, who can easily make himself thoroughly conversant with the best methods of spraying, and engage him to make regular visits to their orchards. At each farm the expert sprayer will only require the assistance of a teamster, and thus the regular work of the farm need not be interrupted. Under present methods, every farmer in the fruit districts requires spraying outfits of his own, and the spraying, if done at all, is done in a careless, half-hearted way by men who do not know just when or how the work should be performed. Farmers are very busy at the season when spraying should be done, consequently it is often neglected entirely, or postponed until too late to be effective.

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BOARD OF TRADE MET LAST NIGHT

WISH AMENDMENT TO BILL OF SALES ACT

No Action Will Be Recommended With Respect to Port Kells-Sumas Line.

The board of trade met last evening and disposed of some business which was on hand. President McQuade occupied the chair.

S. J. Pitts introduced a resolution in favor of the appointment of a committee to wait upon the government and impress upon them the importance of introducing an amendment to the Bills of Sale Act as now existing, with the object of making it impossible for an insolvent debtor to legally give a preferential stock mortgage or bill of sale of his stock in trade to any one or more of his creditors to the detriment of his other creditors.

In supporting this resolution he said that he thought the Bills of Sale Act could be amended along the line of that adopted in Manitoba, where a bill of sale could not be made if attacked by creditors when an attempt was being made to work to the detriment of the remaining creditors.

The case of Washington similar enactments had been made so as to protect the rights of the creditors where a list of the creditors had to be furnished, and an incorrect statement of these laid the person interested open to the charge of perjury.

He thought that the province had the right to make it impossible for an insolvent debtor to make a bill of sale to any creditor to the detriment of his other creditors. Already they had got legislation enacted against priority of creditors being allowed, which worked to the benefit of business.

J. L. Beckwith supported the measure inasmuch as old country houses objected seriously to the laws as they existed, allowing of assignments being made. He gave instances in which hardships had been working upon creditors under the present system.

Mr. Shalleron in view of this being a very important matter, and it being some time before the House would meet, proposed that the recommendations should be put in shape and time allowed to consider them. He urged that the committee report to the board.

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SUMMER COLDS Produce Chronic Catarrh.



Madame Isabella Ellen Baynes.

Madame Isabella Ellen Baynes, Life Governor General and Free Masons of England, in a letter from Hotel Saratoga, Chicago, Ill., says: "This summer while travelling I contracted a most persistent and annoying cold. My head ached, my eyes and nose seemed constantly running, my lungs were sore and I lost my appetite, health and good spirits. Doctors prescribed for me all manner of pills and powders, but all to no purpose.

"I advised with a druggist and he pointed me to a medicine called Peruna, that he had used and which he said was the best he had ever used. I bought a bottle of Peruna and used it as directed. It proved such a help to me that I soon purchased another bottle and used it as directed. It proved such a help to me that I soon purchased another bottle and used it as directed. It proved such a help to me that I soon purchased another bottle and used it as directed.

Summer colds require prompt treatment. They are always grave, and sometimes dangerous. The promptness and surety with which Peruna in these cases has saved many lives. A large dose of Peruna should be taken at the first appearance of a cold in summer, followed by small and repeated doses. There is no other remedy that medical science can furnish, so reliable and quick in its action as Peruna.

Address The Peruna Medicine Company, Columbus, Ohio, for a free book and a pleasant surprise in beholding the great progress made by the institution since its formation.

As everyone at all interested in the work is aware, the rooms occupied by the old Y. M. C. A. have been re-occupied. There are six good sized apartments, outside of five bathrooms and several smaller apartments. The secretary's office is at the head of the stairs, and has been comfortably fitted up. Adjoining it is the reading-room, which is one of the best lighted and most capacious apartments of the flat. In it there are some four or five long tables, a suitable number of chairs and any amount of current literature. Good taste is plainly noticeable in the furnishings of this room.

Nothing has been forgotten that will contribute to the pleasure and comfort of an hour or couple of hours' reading. On the walls are a number of pictures of well-known lacrosse, baseball and football teams of the province. These came from the Victoria Athletic Club. There are also a number of pictures of the Victoria Athletic Club. There are also a number of pictures of the Victoria Athletic Club.

Connected with this room by folding doors is the members' parlor, which has been fitted up handsomely. This work is due to the indefatigable energy of the Ladies' Auxiliary. The next apartment is what is called the amusement room. Here are found the ping pong table, crokinole tables, draughts and other games.

A somewhat lengthy hall leads to the gymnasium. Off the hall is situated the bathing apartment. There are five separate baths, all supplied with the most modern conveniences. As yet there is no shower bath, but A. & W. Wilson have kindly promised to install one free of charge.

The gymnasium is fitted up in the most approved manner. Almost everyone remembers the completeness of the fittings of the Y. M. C. A. when it was in existence. All that apparatus has been taken over by the Y. M. C. A., and a number of new exercises have been introduced. The punching bag, horizontal bar, rings, etc., are all in their places.

The officials of the association are looking forward to the arrival of a secretary for the coming year. The secretary for the year is to be a young man, who is to take over the post, is from London, Ontario. He acted as secretary in Vancouver for about 18 months, and during the time he held office the organization there made great progress. A splendid athlete, it was to a great extent through his efforts that the Y. M. C. A. lacrosse and baseball teams were so successful. For the past two years he has been undergoing a special course of training at Springfield College, Mass. He is a good practical speaker, and has considerable musical ability. On his trip West he will visit almost every branch of the Y. M. C. A. so as to obtain an even more thorough grasp of the work.

Although the membership is sufficiently large to pay the running expenses of the association, the officials are anxious to clear it of all debt. Three or four hundred dollars are owing, and endeavors are being made through subscriptions, socials, etc., to raise this sum, and, if possible, more. If a hundred or so extra dollars are secured it is the intention to spend the money in making the furnishings more complete than at present.

Satisfied Mothers. When sales are large and increasing, when customers are satisfied to the extent of continuing to buy the same remedy, then it must be admitted that the remedy has real merit. Baby's Own Tablets occupy this enviable position. Mothers having once tried them seldom fail to duplicate the order—no other remedy for children can truly claim as much. Concerning the Tablets Mr. C. W. Strader (general dealer), North Willoughby, Ont., writes: "Baby's Own Tablets have a large sale, and every purchaser is more than satisfied. We use them for our baby and have found them all that is claimed for them."

Baby's Own Tablets cure colic, indigestion, constipation, diarrhoea, simple fevers and all the minor ills of little ones. They make baby bright, active and happy and a joy to the home. Sold by druggists or will be sent by mail at 25 cents a box by writing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Four violent earthquake shocks were felt at Brian, Hungary, on Friday. Several houses in the suburbs collapsed and nearly all the buildings in the town were more or less damaged. The inhabitants were panic-stricken.

PROGRESS OF THE REVIVED Y.M.C.A.

IS GOING AHEAD AT SATISFACTORY RATE

It Has Well Furnished Rooms and Adequately Equipped Gymnasium. Substantial Revenue.

An organization which has been attracting the attention of Victorians considerably of late is the Young Men's Christian Association. The energy and zeal which have been displayed in the endeavor to make this institution a success have already resulted in placing it upon practically an independent basis.

When the agitation for a revival in Victoria of a branch of the Y. M. C. A. started some months ago, a great many said that it would never become popular among the young men of the city. Those who were principally instrumental in bringing about a reorganization at first encountered indifference. However, the supporters were persistent in their purpose, and to-day the local Y. M. C. A. is in a better position financially and numerically than the most sanguine dared to hope. Its membership is 200, and its monthly revenue is over \$200 (sufficient to cover current expenses), while the furnishing of the different rooms and the equipment of the gymnasium are as up-to-date as can be found in any similar organization in the Northwest.

Those who were doubtful as to the success of a Y. M. C. A. in this city should visit the place as soon as possible. All visitors are assured a courteous reception and a pleasant surprise in beholding the great progress made by the institution since its formation.

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The Paterson Shoe Co. Ltd. (WHOLESALE AND RETAIL)

Boots and Shoes, Rubber Boots, Etc.

We are the largest exclusive dealers in Boots and Shoes in the province, and carry complete stocks of every description of Boots and Shoes, Rubbers, Rubber Boots, etc., each of our five large stores. Miners' Footwear a Specialty. Letter orders promptly and carefully filled. Write for Catalogue to

The Paterson Shoe Co. Ltd. VICTORIA, B. C. Branch Stores: Vancouver, B.C.; Nanaimo, B.C.

Tyee Copper Co. SMELTING WORKS AT LADYSMITH

Prepared to purchase ores as from August 1st. Convenient to E. & N. or Sea.

CLERMONT LIVINGSTON, MANAGER.

J. Piercy & Co., Wholesale Dry Goods, VICTORIA, B. C.

Manufacturers of Clothing, Top Shirts and Underwear.

The Way to Make Money

IS TO SAVE IT. You can save money by buying your Groceries at The West End or Saunders'. Compare our prices with what you are paying elsewhere, and we are satisfied you will become our steady customers.

WESTERN CONDENSED MILK (Rocky Mountain Brand), per tin 10c. ARMOUR'S PORK AND BACON, 25 10c. OXO'S GELATINE, per pkt. 10c. Fresh Strawberries and Cream receive daily at

The Saunders' Grocery Co., Ltd., 1-108 E. 28. 30 AND 41 JOHNSON STREET.

The "West End" Grocery Co., Ltd., PHONE 88. 42 GOVERNMENT STREET.

WANTED

Everyone to enjoy the abundance of the sea. Halibut, codfish and salmon from the boats, at wholesale prices. High class prices paid for fresh rack street, at People's Market, foot of Yates street, near Fish Slip.

WANTED—By two English women, situation together as cooks in a camp. Address Cook, Times Office, Victoria, B.C.

A FACTORY FIGHT. Battle for Supremacy in the Local Conservative Association.

When the Conservative Association met for organization purposes Thursday night that discord, jealousy and general dissatisfaction which is known to exist in the ranks found expression in no uncertain manner. The association, as expected, is divided into two factions, that of George Russell representing the Prior Interests, and that of the supporters of the McBride election.

Both factions have been "laying pipe" for a number of days past, and when they met in the hall last night there was a sharp struggle for supremacy. The Russell faction evidently out-manoeuvred their opponents and secured the election of an executive board favorable to their views. This excited the ire of the champions of the other party, and Messrs. Beckwith and Belgen proceeded to express their opinion of the successful manipulation in no uncertain way. The victors were disposed to be generous, and intimated that it was that the matter with the vanquished was that they were out-generalized at their own game.

The successful faction, it is said, will do their utmost to prevent Hon. Mr. McPhillips securing the nomination. The friends of Mr. McPhillips, however, are indignant, and are urging that George Russell, a Conservative nomination, to run on an independent ticket.

DYNAMITE EXPLODED During a Police Raid on Headquarters of Macedonian Revolutionaries—Six Men Killed.

Sofia, Bulgaria, June 26.—The police last night raided the headquarters of the Macedonian revolutionaries at Kostendil, south of Sofia and not far from the Turkish frontier. A quantity of concealed dynamite was exploded, and six men were killed and another was injured.

Chicago, Ill., June 26.—The South Chicago plant of the Illinois Steel Co. yesterday, turned out 1,844 tons of steel rails, breaking the world's record, which had been 1,772 for a day's work. In celebration of the successful day the company presented every man in the rail department with a box of cigars.

\$1.00 PER CANADIAN

ALLEGED COMBUSTIBLE LUMBER

MR. JUSTICE RICHARDSON WILL INQUIRE INTO THE MATTER.

Conviction of Christian Scientist at Toronto With Mans Has Been Sustained.

Winnipeg, June 29.—Toronto received from Ottawa, Justice Richards has been invited to inquire into the charge of dealers having formed a conspiracy by the Dominion Government strong representations made by Hon. Thos. Greenway during his visit to the East. The work mission will begin at the earliest moment.

St. Catharines, June 29.—Early hour this morning damage to the dry house of Carpet Company.

Port Arthur, Ont., June 29.—Stretton, who received service while leaning out of the car, was injured in contact with the embankment on Saturday night covered consciousness and was recovered.

Decision on Appeal Toronto, June 29.—The appeals gave judgment to-day in the case of James H. Toronto. Roy, the little son, contracted diphtheria and died 13th last. The father, Scientist, was charged with the care of the child, and was convicted to provide necessary medical assistance. Lewis's conviction was sustained.

Election Protest. The court of appeal to-day judgment allowing the appeal of Boyd, the defeated Conservative candidate, against the dismissal of his test against the return of A. in North Grey in the election of January 7th last. Lemman had dismissed the technicality.

Suicide. Hamilton, June 29.—Joseph who for a long time conducted a laundry, but who tired life for the past couple of years, committed suicide to-day by shooting himself. He was about 60, unmarried, and very popular. Recent losses in manipulation had worried him.

UNITED STATES FLAG Will Be Welcomed to Portsmouth British Channel Squadron.

Washington, June 29.—The State department has been notified by the governments of England and Italy are making ready to send a salute to the American flag.

King Edward has announced grand ball on July 8th in honor of Lord and the American officers attached to the squad invited to meet the king and to visit Lisbon was tendered the King of Portugal, so that the king will be most formal and character.

Comments on Hearing of Berlin, June 27.—The news Berlin print the speeches of William and United States. A Tower at the Kiel banquet mostly without comment. The Zeitung regards them as demonstrations for the promotion of American relations. The blatt thinks the speeches breathe sympathy and restored the paper reverts to the Coblenz incidents to show "Friede" spirit of the American. Germany is a new thing, and President Roosevelt's energetic "The Keuss Zeitung prints a Kiel, which describes the American as "young, slender, with intelligent faces, but in a bearing exhibiting carelessness among us." The writer adds: "