



SHAUGHNESSY ON TRADE DEVELOPMENT

C. P. R. PRESIDENT'S SPEECH AT QUEBEC

Says the Company's Policy Is to Work for the Up-building of Canada.

Quebec, May 21.—Sir Thomas Shaughnessy, president of the C. P. R., was the guest of the Quebec Board of Trade on Saturday evening at a banquet tendered him in the Chateau Frontenac, which will go down into history as the most successful affair of this kind in the history of the ancient capital. The occasion was the first sailing of the Canadian Pacific's magnificent new steamer Empress of Britain, which with over seven hundred passengers on board sailed for Liverpool at 3.45 Sunday afternoon.

Gen. E. Almyot, president of the board of trade, presided, having on his right hand the guest of the evening, while at the table of honor were also seated Hon. Chas. Fitzpatrick, minister of justice; Hon. Sidney Fisher, minister of agriculture; Hon. L. P. Borden, minister of marine; Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux, solicitor-general; R. L. Borden, leader of the opposition and many members of the Senate and House of Commons and the provincial legislature, while around the tables were gathered leading business men of the city.

When Sir Thomas rose to reply to a toast of his health, proposed by Chairman Almyot, there was a remarkable scene of enthusiasm, it being some moments before Sir Thomas was able to proceed.

Sir Thomas's speech was a plea for the development of Canadian industries and waterways, and set a keynote for the remaining speeches of the evening. He began by frankly informing the audience that the reason the Empress was not being taken to Montreal was that the channel was not deep enough. A steamship man would not willingly pay the cost of carrying his cargo 175 miles by rail to and from his vessel and, Sir Thomas added facetiously, "paying the extortionate rates charged by the railways" if he could avoid it.

Then followed an historical reminiscence of the development of the St. Lawrence route from the days of Jacques Cartier. To-day they had a new and distinct epoch marked by the advent of the Empress, larger, faster and more expensive in its service than any vessel engaged in the trade, and they would solve the problem as to whether or not passenger travel could be attracted to the St. Lawrence in such volumes as to warrant even larger and speedier ships. However large the small subvention might be, the project would not be satisfactory until it possessed commercial stability. As for himself he thought that the possibilities of the route would surprise people.

To succeed there were great many things necessary. The waterway must be buoyed and lighted so as to remove obstructions and elements of danger. Much had been done to improve the St. Lawrence river, but much remained. The United States was spending millions on the development of its Atlantic ports, and Canada must also do its utmost if we do not wish to lag behind. The well-being of the whole country was involved. People, if they were to follow the movement of a trainload of wheat from the northwest to the Atlantic would be surprised at the amount of labor the task required. There was no reason for jealousy between Canadian Atlantic ports. There would be business enough for them all and to spare. Get them to take care of the business so that the cost of handling the business will not be an extra tax.

In order to illustrate how business might be worked up he cited the case of St. John. In the season of 1895-96 the total tonnage of export freight loaded through the port of St. John was 22,605 tons, and in 1905 it had increased 363,821 tons, yet the wharfage facilities there were not such as yet to warrant for the name of being a modern port. Under existing conditions there was not another possible winter port on the Atlantic coast of Canada. Halifax was too far away from the point where the traffic originates.

Mr. Shipley went over the list of directors each year since 1881. As secretary of the company, Mr. McCabe had practical charge of this. After Goldman's accession to office he had not succeeded to quite all McCabe's powers. The question of salaries revealed the fact that the late Mr. McCabe, as general manager, had a contract by which his salary went up as business increased. His emoluments were: 1891, \$1,900; 1892, \$3,109.15; 1893, \$3,223.11; 1894, \$9,424.96; 1895, \$9,579.62; 1896, \$10,916.60; 1897, \$11,354.11; 1898, \$11,483.13; 1899, \$12,268.22; 1900, \$14,596.12; 1901, \$14,625; 1902, \$15,000. In that time other salaries also increased up considerably. In 1902, the president was given \$4,000, the directors \$2,000. Among them was the new manager, Goldman, who received a salary beginning at \$5,000 and rising to a maximum of \$10,000 per year. The vice-presidents received \$500 each; chairman of executive \$300, and medical director \$250.

On more than one occasion parlia-

ment had restricted the charges granted to Canadian companies with the view of forcing them to assist in the development of Canada and Canada's ports and, he asked, if these restrictions were thought proper and best surely no company seeking charter privileges in the interests of a foreign corporation can object if the legislation is surrounded by similar safeguards.

The Canadian Pacific's policy has always been to work for the up-building of Canada and is following it out. They had at times declined alliances which entailed a financial sacrifice on their part simply because such alliances would have interfered with what they considered their duty to the country. He thought that that policy had been an important factor in the present prosperity of Canada, and in making the company a recognized leader in the world's commerce.

Sir Thomas' remarks were most enthusiastically received.

Among the speakers, Mr. Fitzpatrick aroused the greatest enthusiasm when he seconded the remarks of Sir Thomas concerning the development of Canada's own transportation facilities. Between East and Western Canada there lay an unutilized strip, and one that he did not think would ever be settled up. That strip must be the bond between Eastern and Western Canada crossed by arteries of trade, which would bind the two sections of the country indissolubly together. The statement that trade followed the flag was one of the greatest fallacies of political economy. The flag followed trade, and it was for them to see that trade was developed.

The other speakers included Mr. Borden and the members of the cabinet present.

HON. W. S. FIELDING'S FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Ottawa, May 22.—Hon. W. S. Fielding commenced to deliver his budget speech shortly before 5 o'clock, and expects to finish by six.

There was a large crowd in the galleries. As it was known there was not to be any tariff changes in his budget, was not much interest in the financial statement. Hon. Mr. Fielding, however, was able to show a buoyant revenue, an enormous increase in trade and general prosperity from one end of the Dominion to the other.

LAKE STEAMERS.

Vessel Over Six Hundred and Forty Feet in Length Will Be Built.

Detroit, Mich., May 21.—At a banquet at the Hotel Mackay last night for the launching of the steamer Sir Thomas Shaughnessy, J. C. Wallace, president of the American Shipbuilding Co., in reply to a toast made the statement within three or four months his company would contract to build a steamer for the Great Lakes from 640 to 645 feet in length over all. He did not say who would order the vessel. This gigantic ship said Mr. Wallace, will be 625 feet long, 44,000 tons of iron on a draft of 10 feet. Several steamers 600 feet in length are now building, and the first one, the J. Pierpont Morgan, will go into commission within a few weeks.

VENEZUELAN CABINET.

Caracas, Venezuela, May 17, via Port of Spain, Trinidad, May 21.—Acting President G6mez has appointed a new cabinet as follows: Minister of the Interior, Dr. Leopoldo Batista; minister of finance, Francisco Perez; minister of war, General Diego Ferrer; minister of public instruction, Luis Matti; minister of public instruction, Dr. Carlos Leon. General Alexander Sarra has been appointed governor of the federal district.

INSURANCE INQUIRY.

Managing Director of North American Life Gives Evidence Before Commission.

Toronto, May 21.—The royal insurance commission met again today after a week's adjournment and began their new session with the North American Life. About this company much interest hinges as its affairs had no small part in bringing on the inquiry. Leopold Goldman, managing director of the company, was in the witness box to-day, and the evidence was largely preliminary, a recital of the provisions of the company's charter and its history since being incorporated in 1873. G. F. Shipley conducted the investigation.

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PRINCESS ENA'S DEPARTURE.

Will Leave London For Spain on Thursday.

London, May 21.—The arrangements have been concluded for Princess Ena of Battenberg's farewell to her native land. She will start for Spain on Thursday. King Edward will give a family dinner at Buckingham palace Wednesday evening, and as Queen Alexandra will return to London from a cruise, the family gathering will be complete.

A special turbine steamer is prepared to take the bride-elect of the Spanish king and a large suite from Dover to Calais, from which place they will proceed by train.

SEEKING FRANCHISE.

Port Townsend Council Will Consider Application by Transcontinental Road.

Port Townsend, May 22.—The first real indication of railroad activity in this city for years became evident this afternoon when Mayor Hill issued a call for a special meeting of the city council this evening to consider the franchise asked for by a transcontinental road. Attorneys Coleman and Ballinger are acting for the applicants, but upon being requested refused to give any information. The news has not yet become public, but the excitement in real estate is due to-morrow.

OTTAWA WEDDING.

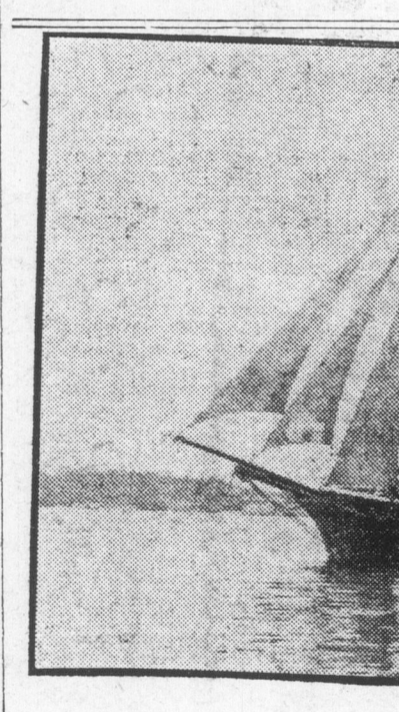
Marriage of Mr. L. S. Macoun and Miss Julia Maud Borden.

Ottawa, May 22.—One of the most brilliant events which has ever taken place inside the walls of the Dominion Methodist church took place this afternoon, when Miss Julia Maud Borden, second daughter of Sir Frederick Borden, was united in marriage to Mr. Leslie Stewart Macoun, son of Mr. John Macoun, of Belfast, Ireland. Rev. Geo. Salton, pastor of the church, officiated.

MURDER OF CONSUL.

Assassination of American Representative—Assassins Will Be Punished.

St. Petersburg, May 22.—In response to a formal request made by Ambassador Meyer of the foreign office here on the subject of the assassination of Wm. Stuart, the American vice-consul at Batoum, the ambassador has received from Minister Iwolsky a note expressing the government's deep regret at the murder, and stating that the Viceroy of the Caucasus had been instructed to make the most rigid investigation of the crime and apprehend and punish the assassins.



—Photo by Mr. A. Crease.

THE DUCHESS OF BEDFORD

CLEARING VICTORIA ON HER VOYAGE OF ARCTIC EXPLORATION.

'FRISCO BANKS RESUME BUSINESS

RECEIVING TELLERS BUSY ON OPENING DAY

There Was No Heavy Demands For Payments, but Considerable Money Was Deposited.

San Francisco, May 22.—The anticipated run on the banks yesterday did not materialize. When they opened in their town quarters they did so expecting a rush on the part of depositors, and were fully prepared to meet it. Instead of a heavy demand for payments, there was a much larger stream of depositors and each receiving teller was far busier than the paying teller. Four More Deaths.

San Francisco, May 22.—Four deaths were added to the coroner's list of earthquake and fire victims yesterday, making the total number 305.

PRESTON AGAIN UNDER EXAMINATION

QUESTIONED BY THE MEMBER FOR NANAIMO

Regarding the Methods of the Labor Bureau of Which Leopold Was Head.

Ottawa, May 22.—At the agriculture committee today Ralph Smith examined W. T. R. Preston in regard to the Canadian labor bureau of which Leopold was the head.

He asked what Mr. Preston's instructions were in regard to sending out skilled labor by the bureau. Witness replied that at the beginning his views were that the department had not such stringent views in regard to skilled labor coming to Canada as was brought to him later on. If there were any special instructions from the department when he went to England he was not aware of them. It might be his own fault. He explained how, on one occasion, Mr. Just, one of the clerks in his office, had prepared a steno-typist letter in answer to certain questions, one of which was that skilled labor should apply to the Canadian labor bureau. As soon as he knew of this circular he had it recalled. There were about 100 or 150 issued from his office. His attention to it was called by Mr. Smart.

Mr. Smith—Had you any connection with the bureau? Mr. Preston—No.

Mr. Smith—Did you write to Mr. Dennis at Liverpool on the subject? Mr. Preston—My letters on the subject are before the committee. They were stolen, and if you produce them they will speak for themselves.

Mr. Smith—I am not dealing with stolen letters. But you encouraged the establishment of this bureau in London? Mr. Preston said that to some extent he did, as Leopold sent agriculturists as well as skilled labor to Canada.

Mr. Smith read the views of the minister of the interior in regard to immigration being confined to agriculturists. Mr. Preston said that he was aware of that later than the time mentioned. Mr. Turill—Did Leopold send skilled labor out getting positions for them first? Mr. Preston said that he had impressed that upon Leopold, and in one



—Photo by Jones & Co., Government St.

SOME OF THE MEMBERS OF EXPEDITION WHICH SAILED ON THE SCHOONER DUCHESS OF BEDFORD.

Sitting in front from left to right there are Ejnar Ditlevsen, of Denmark, artist and zoologist; Ernest de K. Leflingwell, B. A., Chicago University, geologist; Capt. Mikkelsen, organizer of the party; Dr. Howe, of Harvard University, physician; H. Parker, second mate (sitting on rail).

The rear from left to right are O. T. Huerison, a member of the crew, and E. Edwards, first mate of schooner, who will have command on the way back.

THE ARCTIC EXPLORERS.

THREE THOUSAND HOMELESS.

Michigan Fires Are Practically Out—People Will Rebuild Homes.

Milwaukee, May 21.—A staff correspondent of the Sentinel who made a tour of the district in the upper peninsula of Michigan covered by the forest fires, in a special train, the first train to go through the district since the catastrophe, telegraphs that the fire was expected to be practically out in all of the district. The fire raged for a distance of sixty-four miles along the line of the Escanaba & Lake Superior railroad and for thirty miles beyond Charming, the western terminus of the road. It seems certain now that 2,000 persons are homeless in that district, and that 1,000 are left destitute at Quinnesec. The Quinnesec fire, however, was of a different origin than the Escanaba fire, having started in a field where men were pulling stumps and burning debris.

RUSSIAN MEMBERS PREPARE FOR STRUGGLE

Is Most Important Matter With Which Representatives Will Have to Deal.

St. Petersburg, May 22.—Parliament will probably not meet again until May 25th, to-day being the fête day of St. Nicholas, the miracle worker, and May 24th being Ascension Day, another great holiday. The interim will be occupied by the committees in examining the credentials of members and in preparing for the coming struggle over the agrarian question.

The attention of the country and of parliament is now riveted on this problem, all sides recognizing that the manner in which it is solved will largely determine the future course of events. The Liberal party which yesterday clamored for an open war of retaliation on account of the Emperor's refusal personally to receive the deputations appointed by the house, after sober reflection commend the course of parliament in overlooking the point of etiquette in favor of the serious work it expects to accomplish.

The Constitutional Democrats' agrarian project will be attacked by the right and left. The radical workmen and peasant group, which now numbers over seventy members, has been decided to make a fight for the complete abolition of private ownership and the establishment of a system providing for the full nationalization of land, while the members of the rights have a conservative land programme of their own, the details of which have not yet been given out. They are trying hard to induce the group of forty peasants, who are holding aloof from party affiliation, to join them. They are proceeding on the theory that the Constitutional Democrats and Extremists by excesses will discredit themselves before the country and bring about a reaction which will give the Conservatives a majority at the next election.

Jewish League. St. Petersburg, May 22.—The Jewish League for the realization of equal rights for their co-religionists is in session here. The attitude of the members in parliament will be defined and all questions relating to the Jews will be discussed. It is also proposed to make arrangements for holding a conference of all the semitic organizations of Russia.

FIRE IN MINES.

Lenz, France, May 22.—Fire has again broken out in the Courrières mines, where the disaster of March 10th last occurred. The new outbreak is causing walls to fall. Steps are being taken to insure the safety of miners.

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The New Officer Will Also Act P. M. O. For This Military District.

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THE NORTH WARD PARK PROPOSAL

BEFORE COUNCIL AT MEETING LAST NIGHT

Offers From Executors of Finlayson Estate and Others Left in Abeyance

The question of procuring a suitable piece of property in North Ward for a park or recreation ground for the residents of that section was discussed at Monday's meeting of the city council. Apart from this the business was largely of a routine character. His Worship Mayor Morley presided, and there was a full attendance of aldermen.

Hon. Wm. Templeman, minister of inland revenue, acknowledged the council's communication endorsing the recommendation of the transportation commission. He promised that it would receive his early consideration. Received and filed.

J. E. Smart, secretary of the Victoria Park celebration committee, asked that the appropriation for the carnival be placed in the hands of the treasurer. It was pointed out that the amount was \$750, and not \$1,000 as suggested by Mr. Smart. The Mayor explained that the additional \$250 might be granted later, but that the former was all that could be dealt with at the present time.

It was resolved that the amount appropriated be paid to the celebration committee forthwith. R. Taunton suggested that the city permit him to tender for furnishing a plant for the cremation of garbage. He thought it would be economical in the long run, and certainly it would be hygienic.

Upon motion it was decided that the engineer and sanitas inspector be instructed to investigate the local conditions, and obtain estimates from Mr. Taunton's firm.

P. H. Eaton, superintendent of schools, thanked the council in behalf of the city teachers for the appropriation towards the entertainment of the delegates, who would attend the forthcoming convention. Received and filed.

Mr. Eaton wrote as secretary of the school board and requested that the council request that the loan by-law be not pressed at present. He said it would be laid before the trustees at their next meeting. Received and filed.

The Stuart Robertson Co. acknowledged receipt of council's notification that the present building known as the Home For Aged and Infirm would not be required a month from date. Received and filed.

Al. Yates thought the price asked for their scows had been inflated by a broken pile in the harbor, and that the corporation was responsible for such damage. They promised for such further particulars at a later date.

Ald. Fell thought the contractor would be to blame for any old piles in the neighborhood of Point Ellice bridge. Referred to the city solicitor for report.

S. Lewis asked for an extension of time for connecting his house with the sewerage system. Ald. Stewart suggested that it be left to the labor as proposed for a number of other applications of a similar character to be dealt with. This suggestion was adopted.

James Henley and thirteen others petitioned for the installation of a light at the corner of Louis Lane and Snowden street. Referred to the electric lights committee.

The city clerk reported having received communications from the Stuart Robertson Co., E. E. Wootton, J. Sears and J. R. Wescott, all of which had been referred to the streets, bridges and sewers committee.

The plumbing inspector's report then came up for consideration. He submitted a draft of a communication that had been forwarded to property holders who had neglected to comply with the regulation requiring them to connect with the sewer, together with the few replies received.

Most of the latter excused themselves on the ground that they had no funds convenient, but would undertake the work as soon as possible. Mayor Morley suggested that in these cases the corporation might go ahead with the connection, making the respective properties concerned responsible for payment.

A general debate followed, during which many objections to the proposal outlined were advanced. It was finally referred to the city solicitor and engineer for consideration. The city assessor submitted the appended self-explanatory report:

Gentlemen:—In response to your communication of the 15th, re proposed purchase of land for recreation purposes in the northern part of the city, and desiring me to recommend which property was most suitable for the purpose named, I would respectfully report that I have examined the various pieces which the park committee have had under consideration, and beg to state as follows, viz: Block 26, Hillside farm, on the south-east corner of Cook street and King's road: While this is a fine piece of land it is, in my opinion, too much slope for the purpose intended, and also is too far north and east from the centre of population. The price asked is \$5,000, which is reasonable.

Block 28, Hillside farm, lies between Hillside avenue and King's road. This lot has also too great a slope on the southern part for the purpose. It is good land, but, in my opinion, is not large enough for the playing baseball or lacrosse. It contains seven large oak trees, which make good shade. The price asked is \$5,000. (See letter attached.)

Block 2 and 7, of the Finlayson estate, is considered to be the best property for the purpose, provided the roadway running between them were closed. The land has a slight rise of ground on the Pembroke street side, but it does not extend very far. There is also a piece of rock near the Quadra street end. With this exception and four stumps and eleven oak trees, it is a clear field, with a very slight rise towards the north. The trees on this property are so situated that they

will not interfere with the playing of games, but would be very useful for shade purposes. The property lies between Quadra, Queen's, Vancouver and Pembroke streets, and is therefore centrally situated between the schools and convenient to the more thickly populated part of the city. If it is decided to acquire this property, the Finlayson estate executors should apply to the court to have that portion of Princess avenue closed, otherwise the property would lose its usefulness for the purpose intended, in which case I do not recommend its purchase. I think that portion of the street should be closed before completion of purchase, otherwise there might afterwards be considerable trouble.

If the conditions mentioned are carried out, I would recommend the purchase of blocks 2 and 7 of the Finlayson estate for the reasons stated.

The size of the property within the boundary named, according to map 62, with the portion of Princess street proposed to be closed, is 546 feet by 822 feet, or 7.70 acres. The price asked for this property is much greater than the others, but considered to be a very fair offer. (See owner's letter attached, asking \$21,000.)

WM. W. NORTHCOTT, Assessor.

After the reading of this document Ald. Vincent rose in quest of information. He wanted to know whether it was the intention of the council that the property "should be set aside for the playing of games such as baseball," or if it was to be converted into a park. In his opinion \$21,000 was rather a large sum to spend on recreation ground. A private concern might be prevailed upon to purchase the property and bring out attractions for which financial return would be received.

"We might use it as a grazing ground," the Mayor remarked. Ald. Douglas thought the James Bay property should be put up for tender in order that the amount available to cover the expense proposed to be incurred might be learned.

To bring the matter to an issue, Ald. Davey moved that the recommendation be adopted, and that steps be taken to prepare an option upon the property mentioned. He argued that although \$21,000 sounded large ("it is large" some cautious alderman interjected) it should be remembered that the engineer and sanitas executors had been paying taxes upon the property which was assessed at a figure at least equal to that asked for many years. Therefore he did not think it was the place of the council to complain of the value set upon the land. Besides, the James street property when sold would bring some \$17,615, according to a conservative estimate by the city assessor.

He thought that the loan by-law, at any rate the portion of it which would be paid from the general civic funds. In view of the fact that approximately \$14,000 was expended last year upon a park at the Gorge, he thought that the residents of North Ward were quite justified in their request.

Ald. Fullerton seconded the motion. He endorsed the previous speaker's remarks in every particular. Ald. Yates thought the price asked was "beyond the decent condition" of the corporation's "pockets."

Ald. Lewis Hall favored a park for North Ward, but he could not endorse the resolution because the matter had not been gone into thoroughly.

"I have always supported the agitation for a North Ward park," remarked Ald. Fell. He couldn't however, see the reason for forcing the matter. There were plenty of other sites which as suitable and much cheaper in his opinion. "It is a long time yet before election day," he concluded with a smile.

Ald. Hall suggested that the resolution be left to the present. He pointed out that two months' option on the property was volunteered.

In view of this Ald. Davey was willing to withdraw his resolution. He, however, had numerous Canadian and American cities had been made, and some replies received. But there were many more to come and the report would have to be deferred.

Upon motion of the committee was granted further time. Ald. Goodacre, chairman of the committee which was asked to obtain information concerning the local improvement tax system, wanted more definite information as to the lines upon which they were required to work. Mayor Morley stated that it would be impossible for him to give any clearer idea than what had already been defined. He added that the idea was to improve the system of taxation. At the present time rates were high and the treasury comparatively low. The suggestion was to consider the advantages of deviating from the present method and adopt more extensively the local improvement plan.

"How long have you had this matter in hand?" asked His Worship with just a hint of severity in his voice. "Since the 26th of April," answered Ald. Goodacre, after an embarrassed glance at a note book.

"And it has taken you all this time to find out that you hadn't enough information to bring in a report?" queried Mayor Morley.

"No, Your Worship, we were simply waiting for you to bring the matter up," replied Ald. Goodacre.

"But it was your duty to introduce the subject if you didn't understand what was required. I don't think you acted in a business like manner," said the Mayor.

Ald. Goodacre acknowledged that "it wasn't business like," and the matter dropped.

Ald. Vincent moved that the south-

west end of the James Bay causeway be rounded off and that the permanent sidewalk be proceeded with forthwith. This carried.

Another motion was introduced by Ald. Vincent to the effect that tenders be invited for cutting of hay at Ross Bay cemetery. Carried.

Ald. Fell moved as follows: Whereas, upon an inquiry held by the municipal council of the corporation of the city of Victoria on Monday, the 14th day of May, 1906, upon the complaint of W. W. Northcott, building inspector for the said corporation, into the state and condition of certain wooden structure or wharf appurtenant to lot 4 in block 7, within the municipal limits of the city of Victoria, upon hearing the evidence in support of the said complaint and the solicitors for Mrs. Joan Punamuir, the mortgagee in possession and owner—the council found the said wooden structure a nuisance and dangerous to the public and that the same shall be pulled down and removed by the owners; and in case of default by the owners within five days after publication of this notice in the Colonist newspaper to comply with this order, the building inspector and the corporation is hereby directed to pull down or cause to be pulled down and removed, the same at the cost of the owner, and that the payment of such cost and all expenses incidental thereto shall be enforced against the owner unless paid on demand.

This carried. It was suggested that a water test, similar to that recently made upon the high levels, be carried out in Victoria West. This was adopted.

Ald. Fell further suggested that some of the side lines on the north side of Fort street might bear investigation. He did not think they were at all uniform. The city engineer was asked to inspect the fences fronting the property concerned.

The fire warden's report was left in abeyance. Ald. Douglas, seconded by Ald. Davey, moved that the James Bay property be sold, tenders being invited for that tract.

Ald. Fell thought the matter should be placed in the hands of the leading real estate agents. He put this in the form of an amendment.

The latter carried, the voting being as follows: Ayes—Aldermen Goodacre, Stewart, Fell, Hall and Vincent, Nays—Aldermen Davey, Fullerton and Douglas.

Mayor Morley drew attention to some trouble on Avalon road, in reference to a break in a sidewalk for a driveway. He contended that there should be a rule. This, he thought, should provide that the concrete might be reinforced and the continuity of the walk preserved.

In accordance with this Ald. Vincent moved that the sidewalks be kept intact except in the business section, where a break is absolutely necessary. This carried.

The meeting then adjourned.

IMPROVING LOCAL TRAMWAY SYSTEM

PREPARING FOR WORK ON DOUGLAS STREET LINE

The B. C. Electric Company Will Lose No Time in Completing the Extension.

The improvements to the local system of the B. C. Electric Railway company, outlined by the Times in an interview with J. Buntzen, managing director, some days ago, will be inaugurated with as little delay as possible. The most important of these is the extension of the Douglas street line for a distance of half a mile or thereabouts. On Tuesday Manager Goward stated that supplies were being collected. The rails needed were already on hand, but possibly there would be some delay in obtaining the necessary overhead work. If this could be secured in Victoria operation could be commenced at an early date and pushed to completion rapidly. He anticipated, however, that a start would take place sometime in June, and estimated that it would be completed in a month from the date of the beginning of the first rail.

In regard to the laying of a sand beach at the Gorge, Mr. Goward stated that it would be finished by the beginning of next month. It was a little early yet for bathing, but the report would be quite ready for swimmers when the weather conditions became favorable for the aquatic sport. The report that some difficulty was being experienced in obtaining enough sand to make an agreeable surface to the muddy bottom of the Gorge was entirely incorrect he said. All and more than was required could be procured, and that the beach would be one pleasant for bathers in every respect was assured.

It will be remembered that Mr. Buntzen, during his visit to Victoria, stated that it was his intention to submit a pension system to the employees of the company in British Columbia for their consideration. In Victoria this will be delayed until after the forthcoming celebrations. Next week in all probability it will come before the union.

MONTREAL MERGER.

Montreal, May 21.—Four of Montreal's large shirt and underwear manufacturing concerns are to be merged into one giant company. The capital of the merger will be three million dollars, and there will be a bond issue of half a million. The corporations interested in this most recent large Canadian merger are the Standard Shirt Company, A. H. Sims Company, the G. H. Harrower Company and J. P. Black & Company, all concerns well known in the trade and considered accordingly prosperous.

FUR FACTORY HAS BEEN ESTABLISHED

IN CONNECTION WITH D. SPENCER, LTD., STORE

New Concern Will Cater Principally to Markets of Victoria, Vancouver and Nanaimo

The enterprising firm of D. Spencer, Ltd., have branched out into another line of industry, which gives promise of proving just as successful as the many others introduced by that concern since its inception. Their activity has now been turned in the direction of the manufacture of furs from the raw condition into very many useful and attractive accessories to ladies' apparel. The plant has been installed for several weeks, and now is in operation. The new staff of employees numbering six or thereabouts. Owing to the newness of the venture the D. Spencer Co. naturally have started in on a comparatively small scale, but it is believed that the demand will increase when the quality of the goods becomes better known, thus necessitating the augmentation of both the number employed and the plant.

In order to make room for the new department the second story of the premises recently purchased by the company in the rear of the Times building have been occupied, being connected with the main store by the removal of a portion of the partition between the two structures. It is expected that, in the near future, it will be found necessary to extend the business to the lower floor of the addition, which is now used by a plumbing firm.

While in conversation with a Times reporter W. Spencer stated that seal, mink, marten, sable and other marketable skins can be handled by the new factory. As is usual, the factory will be kept in touch with the most modern styles, and everything turned out will be done in accordance with the latest modes and in the most approved northern sections. In most instances, however, they would have to be imported from New York. The skins brought down, he said, were already contracted for by wealthy merchants, and therefore were sent away immediately upon reaching here. For this reason to obtain a choice selection they would have to be secured in the American centres. It was quite possible, however, that in the business increased here the company would be able to make arrangements with the trappers. There is no doubt that this would result in reducing the price of the finished product.

James Dunsmuir has received official notification from Ottawa of his appointment to the position of lieutenant-governor of the province. This arrived last night and consisted of a letter from the under secretary of state, Jos. Pope, stating that the commission had been signed and that the commission would be delivered to him by the secretary of the Privy Council in due course.

J. J. McGeer, secretary of the Privy Council, is on his way to perform the ceremony of administering the oath of office. He has a similar mission in Winnipeg, where Sir Daniel McMillan will fill another term as lieutenant-governor.

It is not known on what day Mr. McGeer will reach Victoria.

GOVERNOR MINNES. Has Returned From Ottawa on His Way to Dawson.

Hon. W. W. B. McInnes, governor of the Yukon Territory, returned on Monday from Ottawa, coming by way of Seattle. Mr. McInnes will spend a few days in Victoria before leaving again for Dawson. During his visit to Ottawa he has been very successful with the representations which he had to make before the government. The new mining code was passed, and the local officials of the Yukon council and received his endorsement was in turn approved of by the Dominion parliament and becomes law. In the matter of concessions to the wishes of the Governor were decided to, and in many ways Mr. McInnes has reason to feel gratified with the results of his mission.

OHIO STRIKE.

Only Eight Non-Union Men Succeeded in Reaching Mines.

Steubenville, O., May 21.—Out of forty non-union miners brought in to work in the mines of the United States Coal Company to-day only eight reached the mines, the others being persuaded or frightened off by the strikers' pickets. It was stated that an attempt to run the mines would be made to-morrow. A dozen strike breakers were taken from a train here to-day and won over to the union.

No line could expect any advantage at present by reducing the rates, and it seemed quite likely, therefore, that although there were no binding documents, the existing rates would remain undisturbed.

The report and balance sheet were adopted without comment, and a dividend at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum was unanimously agreed to.

BURNED TO DEATH.

Chatham, May 21.—W. H. Harper, C. P. R. ticket agent, was burned to death at his summer cottage at Erie, Pa. This morning. He was 58 years old, and leaves a widow and two children, one of whom is Mrs. Frank Lyle, of New Westminster.

A NOVEL SCHEME.

Young Girl in Nova Scotia Adopts Peculiar Method of Post Card Collecting.

The Morning Leader, of London, by publishing a letter written by a young girl in Nova Scotia, which was enclosed in a barrel of apples shipped from that province to the English market, has had the effect of increasing the girl's circle of correspondents to a very great extent, and at the same time giving her a large collection of post cards. The letter found in the barrel was as follows:

I am a young girl on a farm who sometimes helps pack the apples. I am making a collection of souvenir postal cards, and having no way to get any foreign ones have taken this way. Will you kindly send me one? If you care for me in exchange, and give me your address, I will be glad to send you one. Beale E. Wood, care of J. Rufus Stairs, Lower Church street, Port William, Kings County, Nova Scotia, Canada.

It is explained that the letter was put in a barrel of apples. A son of a dealer in London discovered it, and the young men of the district in which it was found are writing letters and sending postal cards without limit to the young girl.

Mr. Eaton, who is in charge of the stationery department in Spencers, is acquainted with the young lady. He has received information that the first English mail received after the letter was published in the Leader brought the young lady 433 post cards, 25 letters and 12 newspapers.

MAYOR MORLEY ON MILK INSPECTION

REGULATIONS WILL BE STRICTLY ENFORCED

Promises Regular Tests and Careful Lookout For Glucose and Gelatine During Summer.

The prevention of the adulteration of milk is a matter which is occupying the attention of His Worship Mayor Morley to some extent at the present time. Charges from several sources to the effect that the practice was a common one in Victoria, caused him to institute investigations through the city council, a special committee being appointed for that purpose. The latter's report simply stated that the regulations provided that the milk from the different dairies should be tested regularly, and that if there was any adulteration going on the lack of information on the point was due to negligence on the part of city officials.

Later on, in fact only a few days ago, Mayor Morley submitted a detailed list of tests made by Drs. Toimie and Richards upon the milk of all those dairymen in Victoria. In the large majority of instances it was found to be pure, and having a satisfactory percentage of butter-fat. In six cases a suspicion of a chemical mixture was discovered, and these were sent to the provincial assay office for a more careful analysis. Two were found to contain formalin, an injurious preservative, and the remainder were pronounced without adulteration.

Monday Mayor Morley, in conversation with a Times reporter, stated that the matter was receiving his personal attention, and the regulations hereafter would be most stringently enforced. As an evidence of the energy with which the milk inspection had been carried out he mentioned that since the beginning of May no less than 39 tests had been made with the results already outlined. There had been some criticism he understood because of his action in withholding the names of the two offenders. In explanation he wished to say that, as it was his first known infringement of the by-law, and as disclosure would mean the utter ruin of their business, he had decided to give them another chance. But he had warned them that a second offence would not be tolerated and that, in such a case, the regulations would be carried out without regard for the consequences.

Mayor Morley wanted his assurance given that the tests would be made henceforth at regular intervals, and no opportunity would be given milkmen of adulterating without it coming to the knowledge of the local officials. During the summer months a careful lookout would be kept for such chemicals as glucose or gelatine, often utilized for the thickening of ordinary milk to a resemblance of cream. He was in a position to give his personal assurance to the public of Victoria that the provisions of the by-law would not be lightly disregarded in the future.

NEW CUNARD "FLYERS." Two More Fast Vessels to be Launched This Year.

Presiding over the annual meeting of the Cunard Company in Liverpool William Lawson stated that the income during last year was the largest in the company's history, being £24,000 in advance of the previous year.

This firm had approached the Times requesting that it withdraw or give its authority for the advertisement. They sought the name of the party inserting the ad, and failing to get this brought action. The Times deemed that it had a right to protect its patrons.

Mr. McPhillips pointed out that ethically Dr. Fagan thought that he was putting in a false position before the medical profession as it might be inferred from the advertisement that he encouraged the sale of the soothing powder in question.

His Lordship, however, differed from this view, although it was possible that Dr. Fagan might wish to show the public that he did not recommend the use of the medicine in that way.

The case was held over until to-morrow for argument. Great interest is

RENDERING WEST COAST MORE SAFE

The Federal Government Decides Upon Improvements and Minister Seeks Further Information--Additional Aids.

The conclusion that the building of a road along the coast line is practically impossible. There are perpendicular rocks to scale, and chasms to bridge, which makes it impossible to construct a road which would be of practical use. No one who has not visited the location can understand the difficulties to be encountered.

But there is another way out of the difficulty he thinks to be found in the locating of the road inland a little, where it may be found possible to build without such great difficulties being met with. From this main line branches might be constructed to the coast at different places. But here again a difficulty is experienced. These branch roads in many instances would serve only the immediate terminus of them on the coast. As an instance of this Col. Anderson mentions Pachena Point. It would, he says, be impossible to get away from there a distance of 100 feet on each side. This is only one instance, and there are many of the headlands to which the same applies.

Then in connection with the lifeboats on the coast there is a serious difficulty. At a time when a wreck would occur it is reasonable to suppose that there would in most cases be a strong wind blowing shoreward. Under these conditions it would be a most difficult matter to get a lifeboat off from shore.

All these matters must be considered most carefully by the minister when Col. Anderson makes his report. It is certain, however, that Hon. Mr. Broderick will solve the question in a satisfactory way. He was determined to leave nothing unturned to make the coast as safe as it is possible to make it, having due consideration to the needs of the whole coast of the Island.

There is a lifeboat coming to Victoria. The exact location of this boat has not been decided upon, but there will be a suitable disposition made of it so as to best serve the needs aimed at.

On his tour of inspection along the coast Col. Anderson found the Green Island Light proving a great success. The light at Victoria, which was put in last winter, has been a decided advantage to the shipping trade on that coast, and is praised by those interested as a great convenience.

Within a few weeks work will be begun on the lights at Kyquok and Quatsino. These will further assist navigators, and render the coast of the Island easier for navigation.

The plan of erecting the new lighthouse and fog alarm station on Trial Island has been awarded to George Frost, of Nanaimo. The amount of his tender has not been ascertained as the contract was forwarded at Pachena Point. It was for the first-class light installed, and one of the strongest of fog horns put in place.

Col. Anderson in keeping with his commission from the minister made a thorough study of the question of lifeboats and of a coast road, as well as saving life along the West Coast of the Island in case of a wreck. There are extreme difficulties in connection with both of these means of safety to wrecked persons. He conversed with every line man on the coast, and with others who had knowledge of the conditions which prevail there, and has come to

taken in the proceedings for upon the decision to be given will rest many important points in addition to the one above given, in which the public and press are vitally concerned.

The soothing powders upon which Dr. Fagan had given evidence are those which have been subjected to a chemical analysis, there having been suspicion that they may have been, in some manner, responsible for the sudden death of the infant, May Duval, who died in Victoria on the last January. The result of the inquest is known to readers of the Times.

DR. FAGAN STARTS A LEGAL ACTION

TO STOP INSERTION OF AN ADVERTISEMENT OF INTERESTING CASE WHICH WILL DETERMINE RIGHTS OF NEWSPAPERS AND ADVERTISERS COMMENCED TO-DAY.

STARVING WITH THOUSANDS.

Tale of Two Hermits and Their Life of Poverty.

William Ison and his brother James (or three years ago lived a lonely sequestered life at their residence in Lewin road, Bexley Heath, says the London Mail. William has just died of blood-poisoning at the age of seventy-nine years, and James, ten years his junior, is lying dangerously ill of locomotor ataxy in the hospital of the union workhouse, Dartford. Their property, consisting of securities to the value of over £20,000 and cash £70, is in the keeping of Mr. Baines, solicitor, Bexley Heath.

Receiving no answer to his repeated knocks, a neighbor entered the house and found the two old men slowly starving to death in a cramped room which they used as a sleeping apartment. Lice were in both cases had grown so bad that the men were unable to move or summon assistance. A half-consumed loaf, a tiny tin of butter in a crumpled paper, a tin of condensed milk—that was all the food in the house. There was no fuel, and the bed on which the men lay was a heap of filthy loose feathers on the floor in a corner.

It was while the sanitary staff were clearing away the rubbish accumulated in the house corners for more than a quarter of a century that securities inscribed with the name of Fagan's Bank, Ltd. were discovered. In the iron safe were found other securities on other financial institutions, four £100 crisp Bank of England notes, and £26 in sovereigns, mostly of 1902.

The house itself is a two-story one of substantial appearance, with a pleasant garden at the back. No woman had ever crossed its threshold since the two brothers entered into occupation thirty-three years ago.

EAST AND WEST.

Those Easterners are the bane of our lives in the West. They are all the wealth of our plains and our mountains and our waters made tributary to them regardless of the mere matter of markets. They desire to gain their selfish ends either by an increase of the tariff to a height which would close out completely British and foreign goods or by the exclusion of competing railways which are alleged to lack the proper connections, or by both. It is some consolation to reflect, however, that the narrow-minded, selfish Easterners who propose these things are in a minority, and that the equally shortsighted Westerners who support them in their demands, albeit at times the most vociferous in their denunciations of the aspirations and aims of the exclusivists, are but an insignificant factor in the public affairs of the West.

It is no surprise to us, and it will not occasion a great deal of surprise in the minds of others, to read that the party politicians, who by both sides an increase in the tariff as a measure which would bring prosperity to the West are now holding that railway monopoly in the West would also be the creator of a similar monopoly.

But when the Easterner in his narrow-mindedness proposes to suppress Sunday newspapers that is a different thing. That is a direct blow which is being aimed at the West, and matters are all impersonal, and therefore do not appeal directly to self-interest. At the same time there is no doubt that the publication of a Sunday newspaper means to the proprietors and staff of at least two departments of such papers a great deal less of Sunday labor than the corresponding staffs upon Monday morning journals are compelled to perform. But it must not be forgotten that it is the principle of Sunday newspaper circulation that the good people of the East object to. They think the public ought to be better employed than in reading the current news of the day or in pondering over the weighty matters of editorial comment. We have our own opinions upon that subject, but we do not know that they are much more sound than the real point is that Easterners have not acquired the Sunday newspaper habit. Public opinion there, as represented by those who have secured the ears of legislatures in the House, is against the requirement of the habit. Hence precautions are to be taken by legislative enactment.

Whether we of the West who have become accustomed to our Sunday newspapers are to be deprived of our early morning gossip is another question. We suspect that is a matter which must rest with the provincial authorities, even if the Lord's Day Bill in its present form becomes law. And if the bill does become law and is enforced it must be admitted that the law and custom will be in conformity with the usage of all the British colonies. None of the great newspapers in British or in British colonies issue Sunday editions. The Sunday newspaper as we know it on this continent is a product of the American continent. The people of the United States acquired the habit during that critical period in their history. The habit they were never capable of shaking off. It has grown, and it must be admitted that it has not improved in form with it. It has not had an influence upon journalism on this side of the line, an influence which has not been altogether salutary. It is to be hoped that this tendency and make the Sunday newspaper an impossibility in Canada the Sunday crusaders in the East have caused the agitation.

THE MOST UNPOPULAR POLITICIAN.

— Dogs bark at me as I halt by them; Why, in this weak piping time of peace, Have I deluged myself with woes of pain, Unless to see my shadow in the sun—

It is agreed that the Liberal in the House of Commons do not love Hon. Mr. Foster. He is a most lovable character, is detested by his own side quite as cordially as he is disliked by the Liberals. It is notorious that some leading Conservatives on Sunday observe the spare figure of Mr. Foster "loom up" in the distance make haste to cross to the other side. It is quite as notorious that this Cassius of lean and hungry visage has been rejected by large majorities of every constituency, he essayed to serve in the East—constituencies which had the opportunity to become better acquainted with his peculiarities as a statesman and a man. It is surprising that the outwardly hungry appearance of the leading critic of the opposition is more or less true index of his inward character. Who has indulged in his own peculiar style of innuendo respecting the grasping qualities of other members of the House, it is beyond question that when Mr. Foster went into public life as an ascetic in all matters pertaining to the grosser affairs of life, as an individual temperate in all things and desperately puritanical in his views, his opinions have been conveniently broadened to suit the peculiar circumstances of his environment. In a word, that Mr. Foster has betrayed every interest and every individual with which or whom he was at any time identified. And while his wanderings have been devious and his up and down conspicuous, the sharp eye, keen mind and acquisitive heart of this most noble, large-hearted, kindly disposed gentleman have ever been ready to make the most of opportunities. Mr. Foster entered public life a poorer man than any of those who are now the subject of his caustic criticisms. He has the withdrawal of his pension of upwards of four thousand dollars a year as an ex-Cabinet Minister may not be a matter of material importance to him, because he has availed himself to the full of the opportunities his position placed in his way; but we surmise that the possibility of action in that direction by Parliament had not tended to the sweetening of the hon. gentleman's notoriously vinegary disposition. The very suggestion made him so ill that he was compelled to remain in his bed for a time, and, in order that the country might not be denied the privilege of reading his criticism of the budget speech of the Finance Minister, which criticism will be so thoroughly curious in its way, as all the deliveries of Mr. Foster are, that important feature of the session was deferred until to-day. The ex-Finance Minister has

ing recovered from the shock to his nervous system, it is anticipated that he will be in the fettle to demonstrate that the prosperity of the country is a delusion, that the present state of unexampled activity is only a condition of the public mind, that there can be no real progress while the Griffe are in power. Hon. Geo. E. Foster, M. P., is not drawing, in the absence of a pension, between seven and eight thousand dollars a year as a Cabinet Minister. The condition of the country is a personal matter with this vagrant politician.

TROUBLED ABOUT THE FUTURE.

The problems of Empire are bearing heavily upon the shoulders of Britons who take a real interest in the future of their country. At home it is said in large interests have become alarmed at the increasing power of the radical and labor elements, who hesitate not to express their determination of eventually taking out of existence all they hold to be inimical to the true welfare of the nation. The growing independence of the colonies is also causing questionings and misgivings. The London Times publishes a striking letter from a special correspondent, concerning the recent development in India of forces antagonistic to British authority. This antagonism, he says, has its chief source in very classes who have been educated by the British in the way of Western civilization. "We have been engaged," he says, "for nearly a century in expanding the area of English education in India, and every successive generation an increasing number of young Indians have been initiated through our language and our literature into a new world of thought. Yet, so far, the main result has been to breed in them a spirit of revolt against the political ascendancy of the race to whose superiority in the realm of knowledge their eagerness to share in the benefits of the education which imparts is an abiding tribute. He finds an explanation of this phenomenon in a paper of Dr. Theodore Morrison, formerly the principal of Aligarh College, who writes: "The answer which almost all Indians give to the question, 'What has English literature taught you?' is that it has taught them liberty to think for themselves; it has freed them from slavery to authority. The character of all Indian education is essentially a secular one, and, whether Hindu or Mohammedan, has been reverence for authority. The young scholar has been taught to justify his views by citing a great Pandit (Manji), and when he had elected to follow a certain school of thought it was sheer pliancy to question the teaching of any of its great masters. With such antecedents it is not surprising that the most wonderful and illuminating idea in English literature should have been the freedom and independence to which it introduced. They found themselves suddenly introduced into a world in which independent private judgment was a duty and the conscious exercise of it a virtue." Dr. Morrison then proceeds to say that the Indian government has encouraged this spirit, without making any provision for its control.

THE QUEEN'S BIRTHDAY.

Real Queen's weather in Victoria on the 24th of May is almost as certain as the regularity of the recurring seasons of seed-time and harvest. For the past week there has been some disturbance of mind noticeable amongst those who have given unselfishly of their time and their talents in the perfecting of arrangements for our great annual holiday and festival. But there was really no occasion for perturbation. The rains have descended more copiously than is usual at this season of the year, it is true; that was merely a manifestation of the inflexible disposition of nature to adjust her balances. A certain amount of moisture is taken up into the atmosphere annually by the sun. This accumulation must be discharged. It is part of the programme of a beneficent director-general of natural affairs. The horticulturist and agriculturist rely upon these natural phenomena for the profitable prosecution of their important missions in life. Thus they are enabled to dispense with the costly process of artificial irrigation. Nature lends them kindly assistance in their business and ministers benevolently to our physical necessities. The rain has fallen gently just at the time when it was most needed. It has blessed the farmer in his laborious occupation and it has made the landscape and the atmosphere lovely for all who care to join us in our brief season of merry-making. All things are now ready and in better shape than they ever were before for the sports and games which mark the real beginning of the glad summer season. Those who join us will have better opportunities to enjoy themselves than they ever had before. In accordance with custom, the 24th will, of course, be the principal day of the celebration. Business here, as in all other portions of Canada, will be in a condition of temporary suspension. Trade has been so active, every Canadian has been kept in such a state of extreme tension since the New Year's holidays by reason of the rapid growth of the branches of commerce and industry in which he is specially interested, that we can afford to give special attention to at least one day of relaxation. In order that at least one day of the active work of getting out newspapers—telegraphers, printers, stereotypers, pressmen, reporters and editors—not an evening publication from the Pacific to the Atlantic will be issued on the 24th of May. The Times will, as usual, be in the procession of holiday makers. This establishment will cease from troubling on that day, and we hope that all other institutions in the city, as far as the necessities and conveniences of the public will allow, will join us in the usual hearty celebration of the birthday of our sovereign.

THE UNIVERSITY QUESTION.

There may be weaknesses in our Canadian system of state education. Too much time may be devoted to our schools to the construction of frills and flourishes and to the teaching of non-essentials. The practice in some countries in which the curricula are more practical and have a more direct reference to the business career the pupils have in view might be followed to advantage in our schools. Still our educational institutions are the result of a great deal of study and experience on the part of thoughtful and observant men, and it must be said for them that their teaching and environment—possibly environment more than teaching—fit the rising generation fairly well for the battle of life. They are much more effective in this respect, in the respect which constitutes the real test of effectiveness, than the great public schools of England, applying the term public schools, as it is popularly understood. Eton and Harrow and Rugby are admirable, venerable and generated institutions, producing rich fruits after their kind and fitting admirably into the British institutional system; but their products have not achieved the greatest possible successes wherever they have been planted in the colonies. This fact is incontrovertible, and may go to establish a reversion in Canada to the English system. "As the twig is bent, so is the bough inclined." Our public school system will be revised and improved according to the promptings of experience. In British Columbia it will eventually be made as complete as it is in the other provinces by the establishment of a university, not by the grafting on to it of branches foreign to its nature and constitution. It is admitted that Victoria by reason of situation, surroundings and general advantages, is the place for the provincial university. We have here the means of securing the object aimed at if the latent spirit of enterprise and loyal devotion to our local interests could be aroused. An institution, concern or individual, which or who, by disparaging references to our school system in general or to the alleged disabilities we are under from a physical or political point of view, endeavors to raise obstacles in the path of those who are making an effort to establish the establishment in Victoria, that which is in process of time be one of the chief educational institutions of Canada, is an enemy to Victoria and a traitor to the community.

COMPULSORY VOTING.

Now Parliament purposes dealing another deadly blow at the liberty of the subject. The subject of compulsory voting is receiving the diligent attention of members of the House of Commons. It is proposed to compel every elector whose name is on the voters' list to cast his ballot for one candidate or another, he fails to exercise his franchise, he is liable to be deprived for a period of six years of the privilege for which his forefathers fought with tenacity and determination for generations. Of course there is really no necessity for such extreme measures at the present time with an honest and business-like administration in power at Ottawa; but no one can tell what the future has in store for us politically. The time might come when the future salvation of the country depended upon the class of men who were elected, and it is therefore essential that individual voters should be compelled to take an active interest in affairs of state. Naturally the opposition does not relish the prospect. It knows what the result is bound to be if men are forced to examine into conditions for themselves in preference to accepting their reckless allegations of corruption and extravagance. The directors of the Rosella Company, acting upon reports received from the mines have brought all the shares of that company from 25 to 40 cents, this change to take effect on June 1st. This company owns two mineral claims on Haskins mountain, which will be a valuable asset when the mountain is opened up by the development of the Haskins mines.

STRUCK A ROCK.

Five New Steamships Thems Came to Grief in Seymour Narrows. (From Wednesday's Daily.) The fine new steamship Themis, which recently arrived from the Orient to enter the northern service for the Kenzie Bros. of Vancouver, has come to grief early in her present commission. A dispatch to the Times from Vancouver says: "The Themis just passed through Seymour Narrows at 6.30 o'clock yesterday morning. No tide was running at all when she took a large quantity of cargo, the cargo, the vessel was damaged. The steamer accordingly returned to Vancouver. She is anchored in English Bay, and will probably be sent to Victoria or repairs. She had thirty-two hundred tons of cargo."

THE GOLDEN TIMES.

The Golden Times by Thomas Connor is the very latest in British Columbia journalism. The Times is not of Brobdingnagian proportions. It is a four-page weekly, two columns wide and six inches long, with three revenue-producing advertisements dimensionally in harmony with the na-

per's size. But doubtless our youthful contemporary will fill the "long-fellows" that is not mentioned as "young" by the ventures of the country in a long-pending appearance. The Times says it "is issued every Saturday morning from its own printing works," that it has a paid circulation of thirty-nine more than the combined circulation of all the papers of Northwest and Southwest Kootenays, and that its constituency is a "paradise for sportsmen of all kinds of game, furred and feathered, big and little, being found in abundance. A view of the "works" in operation must be an imposing spectacle to the Kootenaians.

The rapidity with which Great Britain is removing from the navy all but really efficient warships is evidenced by a statement presented to parliament showing that no less than forty battleships and cruisers have practically been removed from the list since 1902. The exact figures are eight battleships, ten armored cruisers and three protected cruisers removed from the fighting effective; while three battleships and sixteen protected cruisers were re-classified, placing them in the list of ships of the smallest fighting value. During the past period the construction of thirteen new battleships, eighteen armored cruisers and four protected cruisers was begun.

Not a single bomb was thrown at the opening of the Russian Parliament, and the radicals wish it to be distinctly understood that this is not to be taken as a precedent.—Toronto Star.

WHISPERS AT EVENING.

When darkness on the earth is creeping, And all around sweet silence falls, 'Tis then we hear those voices calling, Calling us in softest calls, Heard just only in the twilight, When deep and dark the shadows fall, Before the moon comes truly shining, Softly, sweetly, spirits call, Here am I then in the twilight, Waiting, dear, for love's sweet sake, Hushed to silence all about me, Let us not wait and listen, Just to whisper in the twilight, And it brings a consciousness And a blissful sense of dearness And to feel the moon's rays shining, Then the heaven that's all about us, Bending close, absorbs us quite, Happy hearts that know no longing Help us then to wait and listen, Shutting out the mad world's din, Thus can we have close communion With those kindred souls divine. H. C.

SECOND LARGE PARTY GOES TO CASSIAR.

They Will Be Engaged in Developing the Rosella Mining Company's Property. (From Wednesday's Daily.) J. W. Haskins, manager of the Rosella Hydraulic Mining and Developing Co., accompanied by the Hon. Mr. Foster, left on the Princess Beatrice for Cassiar on the 24th inst. This is the second party of men sent in by the company to develop the spring, the first party having gone in over the ice for the purpose of having some heavy pieces of machinery from Haskins Landing to Rosella Creek and doing some other work necessary before the mine is set to work.

FATAL ACCIDENT.

Plumes, Man, May 22.—Klah Hamilton, of the firm of Hamilton Bros., cattle dealers and butchers of Neepawa, was killed here to-day while rounding up cattle for shipment.

TO TEST ACT.

Regina, May 22.—It was proposed in legislature to test the constitution of the Saskatchewan act. Mr. Sutherland, a government supporter, moving the motion.

POLITICAL AMNESTY.

Proclamation Will Be Issued by the Czar on Sunday. St. Petersburg, May 22.—The long awaited political amnesty, the Associated Press learns from a government source, will be proclaimed May 27th, the anniversary of the coronation of Emperor Nicholas. It is expected, as anticipated, but the Associated Press is in a position to state that the constitutional democratic party is prepared to accept graciously, recognizing, though not publicly, that the government is not altogether unjust in refusing to set at liberty men who will be as great criminals in the future as in the past.

CHICAGO, MAY 22.—JUDGE LANDIS IS CUTTING DOWN THE NUMBER OF PRISONERS WHO MAY BE AFFECTED BY THE AMNESTY, RELEASING CONVICTS BY HUNDREDS IN THE PROVINCES, WHILE AMONG THOSE RELEASED ST. PETERSBURG ARE 27 MEMBERS OF THE COUNCIL OF WORKMEN'S DELEGATES, WHO DREW UP THE FAMOUS MANIFESTO PROCLAIMING A RAID ON THE GOVERNMENT'S GOLD RESERVE.

Premier Gorenkykh has been summoned to go to Petrohof to-morrow for a conference, which will probably put the final touches to a speech which the premier will deliver, unless unforeseen contingencies prevent. In the lower house of parliament on Friday, setting forth the government's position on the various points mentioned in the speech from the throne. The premier and minister of agriculture have been making equal efforts with regard to the form of procedure to be observed in the lower house in the matter of answering the interpellations so as to reach the views of the ministers who participate in the general debates. M. Stolypin especially wishing to speak on the agrarian question, if permissible.

Rumored Plot.

London, May 22.—The Tribune's St. Petersburg correspondent claims that he has obtained information of a plot that has been concocted at large meetings of the military officers surrounding the Tauride palace, arrest all the members of the parliament and proclaim General Trepoft dictator in the event of Emperor Nicholas falling to abolish the parliament.

INVOUING INTO INSURANCE AFFAIRS

FURTHER EVIDENCE BEFORE COMMISSION

Fire at Swansea—Many Men Temporarily Thrown Out of Work—Eastern Notes.

Toronto, May 22.—Mr. Shepley, the government counsel, investigated the Toronto stock holdings and past investments at the inquiry this morning. Mr. Goldman, the managing director, stated that his company had never had a bond or debenture in which there had been a default of interest. He explained that on December 31st of each year a list of stocks held by the company was sent to brokers. They sent him back a signed list, showing the market value of the company's stocks on that date, and this list was used in the annual statement of the company. Witness said that while people talked glibly about the assets of British companies, outside of the officers and directors themselves nobody knows what the assets really are.

Destroyed By Fire.

Toronto, May 22.—The forge of the Toronto & Bolt Forging Company at Swansea was gutted by fire early this morning; loss being about \$200,000, with insurance of about \$75,000. Three hundred and fifty men, a large number of whom are mechanics, are temporarily thrown out of work.

PRELIMINARY HEARING

Kamloops, May 17.—The preliminary hearing of the charges against the three alleged train robbers, Edwards, Dunn and Colquhoun, began yesterday morning. Mayor Gordon, P. M., presided, Attorney-General Fulton conducting the prosecution, and A. D. McIntyre appearing for the accused. Mr. McIntyre tried to secure a remand of eight days, with the view probably of holding the case over till after the Assizes, which open at Kamloops on Monday. It was decided, however, to proceed with the trial on Tuesday. Wilson of the Mounted Police, was put upon the stand.

Charge Against Priest.

Winnipeg, May 22.—Rev. Father Desrosiers, a French priest from the village of Aubigny, Man., was placed on trial to-day charged with counseling and procuring certain electors to commit perjury in order to secure his own election as school trustee. The case promises to be a very interesting one.

Sings at Moose Jaw.

Moose Jaw, Sask., May 22.—Madame Alban and company of artists arrived here to-night. They will appear to a crowded house to-morrow evening.

Fatal Accident.

Plumes, Man., May 22.—Klah Hamilton, of the firm of Hamilton Bros., cattle dealers and butchers of Neepawa, was killed here to-day while rounding up cattle for shipment.

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SCHOOL CONTESTS.

Pupils at Different Institutions Sing Patriotic Songs and Listened to Stirring Speeches.

The last hour of school before Victoria Day was fittingly celebrated this morning in all the public schools of the city, with the exception of the Girls' Central, which devoted yesterday afternoon to the same purpose. Probably the most ambitious programme was carried out at the Pemberton gymnasium, where the pupils of the Boys' Central gathered at 11 o'clock to listen to an address by Rev. T. W. Gladstone on the day to be celebrated to-morrow. Several patriotic songs were sung, including "The Red, White and Blue," "The Maple Leaf" and National Anthem. A pleasing feature of the occasion was the recitation by Master Jack Dowler, of Tenyson's well known poem, "To the Queen."

At the Kingston street school, also, Miss Lawson had arranged a fitting list of songs and recitations. The other schools, though not so ambitious, followed their arrangements, took part in the singing of patriotic melodies and listened to speeches suitable to the occasion.

At Spring Ridge school the choir was taken by Rev. E. G. Miller, and Revs. J. S. Ard and F. Le Roy Daykin delivered suitable addresses. The full programme was as follows: Chorus, "Long Live the King"; chorus, Scottish national song; recitation, "I Ought to Love My Country"; Paul King; chorus, Welsh national song; gramophone, "Coronation March"; chorus, "Rule Britannia"; chorus, "We are Bearing the Flag"; gramophone, "Happy Heinie"; chorus, "Queenston Heights"; recitation, "Ye Mariners of England"; chorus, "The Irish national song"; chorus, "The Maple Leaf"; recitation, "The 2nd Brigade"; Douglas Adam; gramophone, "The Whistler and His Dog"; chorus, "The Red, White and Blue"; "God Save the King."

The pupils of the Girls' Central school gave a first class patriotic concert in the Pemberton gymnasium yesterday afternoon, under the management of Miss Williams and the teaching staff. Bishop Perrin, who was listened to with deep attention, gave an address on "The Empire."

Niagara Falls.

United States House Committee Amends Bill—Operations May Be Limited.

Washington, May 22.—The house committee on rivers and harbors to-day agreed to an amendment to the bill for the preservation of Niagara Falls, calculated to meet the demand of the Chicago drainage canal. The amendment established the principle of an amendment to the bill reserving the right to the government so far as other nations are concerned of the amount of water that may be taken from the great lakes for sanitary or domestic purposes. The quantity is to be determined by the domestic uses are concerned either by congressional act or regulation by the secretary of war. The bill will not deal with the amount that may be used at Chicago.

The afternoon session of the committee resulted in no conclusion regarding the amount of water to be allowed to be diverted for power and other purposes. The statement was authoritatively made that it is a reasonable certainty that the bill will contain no provision for the diversion of more water than is now actually being used for power purposes now operating their plants. The bill doubtless will be limited in its operation to three years. The committee will meet to-morrow with the hope of taking final action in the matter if possible.

HILL'S NEW LINE.

Has No Intention of Building Up United States Ports at Expense of Canada.

St. Paul, May 22.—James J. Hill said to-day that his object in building a transcontinental line through Canada does not contemplate a diverting of the trade to the United States, and he has no intention of building up American ports at the expense of Canada. At a banquet at Quebec on Saturday, Minister of Justice Fitzpatrick and President Sir Thomas Shaughnessy, of the Canadian Pacific, were quoted as saying that Mr. Hill's Canadian projects will divert traffic across the line to American ports, Mr. Hill added: "If it were our intention to haul Canadian products to American ports, we would be necessary to construct a new east and west line? We would be able to do that with our present lines, and would not have to spend \$200,000,000 for terminals at Winnipeg. Nor do we intend to divert traffic from the port in that way. When the time comes the records will show what we are doing. Who does the business of Canada belong to? It belongs, of course, to the people of Canada. If the Canadian Pacific and the Grand Trunk Pacific want the business east of Winnipeg, they can have it, but we do not propose to put all our eggs in one basket."

EIGHT HOUR DAY.

Representative of Carnegie Company Opposes Bill Before United States House Committee.

Washington, D. C., May 22.—A. C. Hayden, representing the Carnegie Steel Company, opposed the 8-hour bill to-day before the house committee on labor. He said its enactment would drive every large industry now taking government contracts from that field, would turn over the manufacture of supplies of the government to the small contractor, and would increase the cost of same to the government from 12 1/2 to 25 per cent.

The Carnegie Company, he said, at one time made the experiment of changing its factory methods from two shifts of working 12 hours each to three shifts working eight hours. The result was the product of that factory decreased 20 per cent.

COUGHERS, HAWKERS, SPITTERS!

Public expectation is against the common law against the laws of health also. We must not forget that that's the time you need "Catarhonzon"; it soothes away the irritation, cuts out the phlegm and lessens the tight feeling. You'll quickly cure that cough and throat trouble with "Catarhonzon". It positively prevents new attacks and cures catarrh forever and for all time to come. Don't take your word for it, try Catarhonzon yourself. Once used you'll be delighted with the helpful influence.

WELL PLEASSED WITH RESULTS AT OTTAWA.

Governor McInnes Says the Federal Government Received Suggestions Very Favorably.

Hon. W. W. B. McInnes, governor of the Yukon, will remain in Victoria until Sunday night, when he will start for the Yukon to resume his duties. During his absence on official business to Ottawa the acting commissioner is Comptroller Lethbride.

Mr. McInnes returns from the federal capital well pleased with the results of his mission. He found the government very ready to accede to the recommendations made upon his being shown that there was need of the improvements asked for.

One of the objects which Governor McInnes had in view was the interesting of the Dominion government in the scheme of the United States in the gold brought by ditch mining in the gold washing. The federal authorities have shown their interest in this in a very practical way. Three survey parties are to be sent out to estimate accurately the value of the ground which would be affected. One of these parties is under the charge of Mr. McConnell, who a few years ago examined a part of the area for other purposes and reported as a very valuable one. Upon the report of these parties will depend largely the action which the federal authorities will take. Mr. McInnes is very sanguine of the results.

The outlook for the summer in the Yukon is very bright. Mr. McInnes says that the interesting of the Guggenheims in that country means very much for it. The firm is prepared to invest about \$4,000,000, and this, with the smaller investments, will mean a good season in the north.

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B. & K. CHICK FOOD

THE POULTRY KEEPER'S FRIEND.

Write for samples and prices to **BRACKMAN-KER MILLING COMPANY**

125 Government St., Victoria.

Local News

The total clearings at clearing house for the month ended May 23rd were \$88,871.

Steamer Princess Beak due from Skagway on Monday (ish Columbia port on the Yukon).

The special prizes for auto parade on May 24th will be exhibited on May 25th at the "Barn" windows.

A special collection in Victoria ward of the Jub by St. Paul's Presbyterian church, on Sunday last.

The charge of assault on Gee Quay, a Chinaman, Steele, came up in the city Tuesday morning, and was postponed.

A shipment of 600,000 per from the Shawanigan is being hauled by C. F. B. Wharf in James Strait to Forty-mile town Dawson.

Chun Sing, a Chinaman, accused of stealing a proper rubber tire, and other articles, Atkins, Esquamit, appealed the provincial police court when the evidence for this case was submitted.

R. A. Alley, president of Alley Steamship Company, Seattle, has announced that he will shortly appoint a scuttie within the next few days representatives of English and German capital.

Chester A. Martin, of 8 foundland, son of the editor of the Guardian of that city, was recently awarded a scholarship from the ancient of the blue ribbon honor of the competition was entered into by all parts of the world, was made upon an examination.

It is announced that a coaching celebration is being held on the 24th, 25th and 26th inst. at the Victoria Union, Yates street, at any of these times will be accepted or sugar. All profits are mission work.

Prof. Alexander's lecture last night attracted an audience of over an hour. For over an hour ripple of water, and Mr. Alexander, everyone enjoyed his lecture, he had character to walk, eyes, nose, mouth, the close he gave a very excellent and interesting blindfolded, telling account of eyes, hair and skin, and he will give his collection will be taken.

The steamer Iroquois on her summer sea includes a trip among the Gulf Islands on Sunday, May 28th, and will be a most interesting trip for all visiting friends. Leaving the V. & S. train at 9 a.m. the day is occupied through the different channels, and the passenger's one hour will be made a smelter giving passenger time to see the works in full operation. Should not doubt a large number of people will be on board the whole day's outing.

The Washington present who will visit this summer includes the Hon. Strayer, Pittsburg; the Hon. Lindley, Kansas; the Hon. S. G. Blythe, New York; McCadam, St. Louis; Kott, Michigan; Detroit; Freese, Indiana; and Murray, Dulaney, New York; Sweeney, Philadelphia; New S. G. Blythe, New York; McCadam, St. Louis; Kott, Michigan; Detroit; Freese, Indiana; and Murray, Dulaney, New York; Sweeney, Philadelphia; New S. G. Blythe, New York; McCadam, St. Louis; Kott, Michigan; Detroit; Freese, Indiana; and Murray, Dulaney, New York.

A meeting of the Sashich municipal of Royal Oak, Ontario, on Sunday night when considerable transacted. A pound by cattle and other animals at large assembly. After considerable fence viewer's-by-law passed in the municipal council. Different roads were discussed. An appointed returning officer election of school trustees. It is thought are five of these to be elected. Different roads were discussed. An appointed returning officer election of school trustees. It is thought are five of these to be elected. Different roads were discussed. An appointed returning officer election of school trustees. It is thought are five of these to be elected.

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THE TOTAL CLEARINGS AT THE VICTORIA
clearing house for the week ending May 22nd were \$388,270.

STEAMER PRINCESS BEATRICE will be due from Skagway and northern British Columbia ports on the 24th inst.

The special prizes for the horse and auto parade on May 24th will be on exhibition in J. Barnsey & Co.'s windows.

A special collection in aid of the Victoria ward of the Jubilee hospital by St. Paul's Presbyterian church, Victoria West, on Sunday last was \$13.

The charge of assault proferred by Geo. Guay, a Chinaman, against C. A. Steele, came up in the city police court Tuesday morning, and was dismissed.

A shipment of 600,000 feet of lumber from the Shawanigan Lake Company is being hauled by teams to the C. P. R. wharf in James Bay for transhipment to Forty-Mile creek below Dawson.

Chun Sing, a Chinaman who is accused of stealing a propeller and two rubber tires from the premises of Mr. Alvin, Esquimaux, appeared in the provincial police court on Tuesday morning for the evidence for the prosecution was submitted. After the hearing of this case was remanded.

Mr. A. Alley, president of the new Allyn Steamship Company, now operating between Vancouver and New Zealand, has announced that he will send Mr. Seligman, who open offices in Seattle within the next few days as the representative of English, French and German capital.

Walter A. Martin, of St. John, Newfoundland, son of the editor of the Methodist Guardian of that city, has won the distinction memorial prize at Rialto College, Oxford, where he went as Bacheloret from the ancient college. This is the ribbon honor of the college, and competition was entered into by students from all parts of the world. The award was made upon an essay on Lord Tennyson.

It is announced that during the approaching celebrations, in other words on the 24th, 25th and 26th, luncheon will be served at the W. C. T. U. mission hall, and also at any time during the day. Donations of bread, cake, tea or sugar will be acceptable to-morrow or later. All profits are in aid of the mission work.

The trial of Chun Sing, accused of stealing a propeller and two rubber tires from the Atkins place at Esquimaux, was continued in the provincial police court this morning. Sergt. Murray prosecuted, and Frank Higgins appeared in defence of the prisoner. The hearing will probably last all day.

The dates of the annual exhibition of the North and South Saanich Agricultural Society have been announced for Wednesday, Thursday, Saturday, 19th and 20th. District exhibits will be sent to the fairs at Victoria and New Westminster under the management of George Stewart, of Bonnie Brae.

Several purchases have been made by local residents of gasoline launches for pleasure excursions. Among those recently acquiring them were Geo. L. Costery, D. Campbell, George Weiler, Walter Chambers and Thomas Cooper. A Japanese named Sato also purchased one for use as a fishing boat on the Fraser river.

E. G. Prior & Co., Ltd., of this city, has been awarded the contract for supplying hardware to be used in construction of the new Empress hotel. The locks will be a special feature and come from the Yale and Towne factories. By means of a device recently introduced doors can be unlocked from the outside even when a key has been inserted in the lock from the interior.

Leut.-Col. Grant, who arrived Wednesday to take up the duties of principal medical officer, with headquarters at Work Point barracks was the recipient of a token of esteem being presented to him by a number of ladies, and a handsome travelling case, containing toilet requisites in sterling silver. The function took place on May 19th, in the forty-third room of the Empress hotel, presided over by Col. Riset, D. S. O., and the presentation made by Major Courtney.

Twin Butte bridge, just east of Revelstoke, on the C. P. R., was the scene of a fatal railway accident on Monday morning, as briefly mentioned in the Times of that date. The engine attached to No. 2 express, with two cars of fish being shipped to Boston by the New England Fish Company, went into the stream, caused by the breaking of a new steel span being erected at the time by the Locomotive & Machine Company, of Montreal. Fireman Coulett was caught between the engine and tender, being instantly killed, while Engineer Purvis went down with the engine, miraculously escaping serious injury. Engineer Purvis is a brother-in-law of Mrs. E. E. Billingham, of this city.

Three drunks and an Indian caught with intoxicants in his possession contrary to the laws of 1870 to the city funds in the police court Wednesday. The case of a woman named George Smith charged with selling liquor at her place on Chatham street without a license was also called. Accused not appearing a bench warrant was issued for her arrest.

Equine Veterinary Dentistry a \$2000 a year. We teach you in a three day course. Write for particulars. The Dental Veterinary College, Detroit, Mich.

R. M. S. Empress of China arrived at Hongkong from Victoria Tuesday.

There will be a meeting of the secretaries of company association to-morrow (Wednesday) evening at the drill hall to discuss arrangements for the annual camp.

J. W. Ambrey, of this city, has had his territory extended as the representative of Hiram Walker & Co. so as to include the two provinces east of the Rock mountains.

The Times has received an invitation from the Mayor, aldermen and citizens of Nanaimo to participate in the celebration of Victoria Day in that city on Thursday.

A somewhat exciting episode occurred on the Fort street car on Tuesday. It was crowded with passengers on the way to lunch. While climbing the hill near the Central school the controller burnt out, flames almost completely enveloping the front vestibule. Those standing made a rapid and somewhat ungraceful exit. The inside passengers rose from their seats and were making their way out when the conductor's reassuring voice calmed the pending panic. All took their places again, but the car refusing to move. So it was a case of walk or go without the mid-day meal, and, needless to say, the majority preferred the former alternative.

The five British societies in Portland, numbering 750 members, are preparing to celebrate Victoria Day on quite an extensive scale.

D. E. Brown, general agent of the C. P. R. at Hongkong, who passed through Victoria a couple of weeks ago, has been seriously injured in the east. After a short investigation the jury returned a verdict of suicide while temporarily insane.

Dr. E. C. Hart, coroner, held an inquest on Wednesday to inquire into the death of James Thruip, who killed himself at Sooke on Sunday. After a short investigation the jury returned a verdict of suicide while temporarily insane.

Secretary Northcott, of the Y. M. C. A., has received an inquiry asking the present whereabouts of George Claughey, who was in Victoria in January, 1906. Anyone able to give information is requested to communicate with him.

The United States survey steamer McArthur, Capt. Rhodes, on her way to Alaska to resume operations for another season, arrived from the Sound Wednesday and berthed at the Hudson Bay wharf. The steamer was brought in by Pilot George.

Miss Marie Hall, who will return to her home in Victoria next month, has just completed her first term at Toronto College of Music. At a recent recital given in the college she delighted a large audience with some selections, displaying a mastery of technique unusual in so young a student.

Triumph judge, No. 16, I. O. G. T., held its regular meeting on Monday evening last. A short session was held after which the Royal Templar, Knights of Temperance were introduced and entertained by the lodge. Brothers Cooper, Fletcher, Watling, Stancomb, Cook, McIntyre, Semple and Wilkinson contributed to the program. Refreshments were then served, and a most enjoyable evening was brought to a close by the singing of "Auld Lang Syne."

A telegram received Tuesday by Captain Johnston, of the 10th Salvation Army corps, announces that Brigadier Smeeton, commander-in-chief of all Salvation Army work in British Columbia and in the Yukon, will arrive here on Thursday evening, and will conduct the public meeting in the barracks on Broad street on Friday night. The brigadier is coming here on business, and expects to leave on the boat for Vancouver Friday night. Everybody is cordially invited to hear this officer, who received such an enthusiastic welcome here about a month ago.

Given fine weather no doubt a large number of sportsmen and others will take advantage of the reduced rates, and special train service on the E. & N. railway for the Victoria Day holiday to spend the day at one of the many popular resorts along the line. In addition to the regular monthly train service a special train has been arranged for the convenience of those wishing to return the same day, the southbound train running on the same schedule as the Wednesday, Saturday and Sunday afternoon trains. A special round trip rate of one dollar will be in effect to Shawanigan lake, while the rate to Goldstream will be fifty cents.

NAVY LEAGUE MEETING.
Officers Elected by Victoria-Esquimaux Branch Yesterday Afternoon—
Other Business.

The new committee of the Victoria-Esquimaux branch of the Navy League held its first meeting at the secretary's office, 29 Douglas street, yesterday afternoon, when there were present the Right Rev. the Lord Bishop of Columbia, C. E. Redfern, A. E. Fraser, Sr., James Thomson, J. K. Rebbeck, Hayward, Joseph Peterson and Colonel R. Wolfenden.

C. E. Redfern, the retiring president, called the meeting to order, and the secretary having reported as to the annual meeting being held at the name of the new committee from which the president and vice-presidents were to be elected.

James Thomson, of the Hudson's Bay Company, was unanimously elected president for the ensuing year, and the vice-presidents elected were: Bishop Perrin, Capt. E. Barkley, R.N., Capt. J. Devereux, A. B. Fraser, Sr., C. E. Redfern, Roland Stuart, Chas. Hayward, R. Hall, M. P. P., G. A. Abers-Hankey and Capt. C. E. Clarke.

The new president, an assuming the chair, expressed thanks for the honor done him and hoped that all would pull together to ensure future success. A vote of thanks being accorded to the retiring president, Mr. Redfern responded in his usual neat and pleasant manner. The secretary was requested to write to the head office relative to the establishment of a central organization in Canada, and to urge the extreme importance of something being done. The meeting then adjourned to meet again on the 19th July, and thence to meet on the second Tuesday in each month.

ADVERSE JUDGMENT IN WATER CASE

This afternoon at 2:30 Mr. Justice Duff delivered the anxiously awaited judgment in the suit of the Esquimaux Waterworks Company against the corporation of Victoria. The case has created widespread interest, and many of the parties concerned were in court for the occasion.

The delivery of the judgment was not completed at the time of going to press, but sufficient progress has been made to clearly indicate that under the powers conferred by special act His Lordship holds that the plaintiff company is entitled to retain the water without the municipality being able to effect subsequent to the special one incorporating the company to obtain any right. Therefore it is presumed the injunction against the city will be made permanent.

A RECORD.
Nearly Six Million Copies of the Scriptures Issued by Bible Society During Year.

A remarkable year's record was announced at the British Foreign Bible Society's annual meeting at Rixter Hall, London, recently. During the year ending March, 1906, nearly six million copies of the Scriptures were circulated (the actual figures being 5,377,000), which water mark by \$3,000 copies, and this is the more remarkable in face of the disturbed conditions which have prevailed in Russia, China, and elsewhere, and the short of the heaviest sales take place.

The polyglot nature of the Bible Society's work is instanced in the fact that at Winnipeg, for example, Scriptures were printed in four different languages, while at Johannesburg versions in fifty-two languages were sold at the depot in that city, and a fifty-third was asked for by a new-comer, who demanded a Bible in Inlandia, which the agent and those on the spot. During the past year eleven new languages have been added to the society's list of versions.

The Bible Society has now promoted the translation and printing and distribution of some part of God's Word in 40 different languages. The new tongues are: Ladakhi, Singhpo, Kuluva, Mechi (or Kachari), Zigua, Laotian, Saa, Bemba, Kolloan Arabic, Christiansia, and Bengali. How many readers are to be had where any of these is spoken? Ladakhi is spoken in the Tibetan frontier. Singhpo is a language spoken by a people residing among the hills in the east of Assam, Kuluva, one of the islands in the New Hebrides where the people will pay for these books in arrowroot. Mechi is a dialect spoken by about a quarter of a million in the hills in the east of Assam.

The Bible Society has supported 300 colporteurs during the year, and has supplied 2 1/2 million volumes. It also supported 60 native Christian Biblewomen employed in connection with about forty different missionary organizations in the East, and has helped to maintain 10 European Biblewomen, most of whom are working in London back streets. An excellent example of the scale on which the society conducts its business was evidenced at the late annual meeting, when orders for printing forms were sanctioned, amounting to no less than 653,000 volumes.

NEW GORGE PARK.
Tramway Company's Pleasure Resort Will Present Many Attractions—Opening Friday Night.

The B. C. Electric Railway Company has made many improvements at the Gorge park, and in a few months hopes to see it the principal pleasure resort of the city. The grounds have been most tastefully laid out, many beautiful flowering shrubs and plants being placed in position by the gardener. Particular attention will be given to the cultivation of ferns, of which a large number are already in place. Ivy and other creepers are being trained over the stumps and trees, while stonecrop and other plants will soon cover the rocks.

At the terminus of the line a big loop is being installed, so that a continuous car service can be instituted. The circle formed by the rails will be made into a lawn and flower garden, with seats and other accommodations for the sightseer. Light and shade in the decorations, and the huge sign being erected at the entrance. Work is progressing rapidly on the new bath-house, which, when completed, will have accommodations for fifty bathers, sections being reserved for women and children. A raft fitted with a spring board has been moored out in the stream. This year the number of small craft at the boathouse on the gorge, entailed in those desiring to engage in rowing will have an opportunity of doing so without the long pull from town. Many other attractions have been provided for the children, including swings of all kinds and a large playground. The park is enclosed by a neat rustic fence to keep out roving animals, but a number of turnstiles at convenient intervals permit easy access to visitors. Friday afternoon the formal opening, an attractive feature of the Victoria Day celebration, as mentioned elsewhere in this issue.

SPORTING NEWS.

THE RING.
A CHALLENGE.

As a result of the unsatisfactory finish of the Hamann-Perez fight at Lady Smith, Bert Griffiths, manager for the latter, has issued the following challenge: I, Frank Hamann, hereby challenge J. J. Hamann, of Lady Smith, to box any number of rounds with a decision for any side let he wishes to make and winner to take all gate receipts. The fight to take place in Victoria or any place outside of Lady Smith.

(Signed) BERT GRIFFITHS, Manager for Frank Hamann. P. S.—Will fight at any date Hamann wishes, if he accepts the challenge. B. G.

BASEBALL.
TWO MATCHES.

Thursday afternoon the Victoria Fernwood and University of Washington teams will try conclusions at Oak Bay. On the following day in the forenoon, (in second exhibition game). Both are expected to be closely contested. The visitors have the reputation of being an exceptionally fast team, and what is more, they are to Victoria determined to return with the seals of the local ball tossers adorning their belts.

But the home players are not at all alarmed, and since the opening of the season have been training steadily since the recent match with Anacortes and should give a better account of themselves. The only change in the lineup will be the replacing of Moore at short stop by Blackburn. Who will take the latter's place on Friday when he relieves Holness in the box has not yet been definitely settled. There will be a strong fielding and batting team for both games, however, is assured.

The personnel of the respective nines follows:
University of Washington—Hoover (captain), catcher; Dean, pitcher; O'Brien, first base; McDonald, second base; R. Teats, third base; Andrews, short stop; I. Teats, tag-teamer; and O'Neil, outfield; Smith, change pitcher; Victoria Fernwood—Roberson (captain), catcher; Holness, pitcher; A. Shanks, first base; Potts, second base; S. Shanks, third base; Blackburn, short stop; Carlow, long right field; Carme, centre field; and Malcolm, left field.

LACROSSE.
THURSDAY'S GAMES.

All preparations are complete for the exhibition matches to be played between teams representing Victoria and Vancouver Thursday morning at Oak Bay. At 10 o'clock the Victoria and Argonaut teams will line up to try conclusions. An interesting struggle is expected, as both teams are reported to be in the pink of condition.

An hour later, 11 o'clock, the Victoria and Vancouver seniors will take the field, and the match should prove a splendid exhibition of the Canadian national game.

Appended is the personnel of the two lacrosse teams:
Victoria Vancouver
Strachan Goal Gibbons
Crocker Point Johnson
York Cover Point Campbell
Clegg Goal McCaughey
Mason Second Defence Payne
Stevens Third Defence Cameron
Sweeney Centre Matheson
Morris Third Home Knight
T. Sargent Second Home White
A. Sargison First Home Spedding
Baker Outside Home Clarkson
Roshamp Inside Home Godfrey

COAST ATTRACTIONS.
Will Be Limited Because of the Disaster at San Francisco.

One immediate effect of the San Francisco disaster, as it relates to big musical events, has been the withdrawal of the coast, is the cancellation of many of the most promising offerings. Without Frisco, many of the big stars feel that a visit to the Pacific shores would otherwise have been favoured this season.

As a partial compensation the district of California has given the northern coast cities a few artists who otherwise would not have favoured this section with their presence. Olivia Dahl and her associate, Gna Smith, the pianiste, are among these. Miss Dahl's name is perhaps unfamiliar to British Columbia music followers, as she is a native American tour. She is, however, one of the foremost vocalists of her own country, and a decidedly popular concert performer in Denmark, Germany, France and Spain. Her voice is exceedingly powerful and very sympathetic, and she has no competer in the interpretation of the weird music of her compatriot Edvard Grieg, who personally has directed her studies in the "tone poems" of the Norwegian, and sends her to America with his highest commendation of her quality and her musical versatility.

Miss Dahl and Miss Smith are to give a recital in the hall next Tuesday evening, the theatre being under engagement for the Lyeon stock company. The programme will contain a number of Grieg songs, as well as a melodious group of folksongs, which have been spoken of as Miss Dahl's other speciality. Prices will reach no greater altitude than \$1, and in view of the excellence of the concert itself (as well as of the entertainment) no very heavy losses by earthquake and fire) it is hoped that patronage will tax the capacity of the hall. Those of Victoria who have heard Miss Dahl attest that her singing will prove both a surprise and a delight, although her name is not yet contingently familiar, there is no doubt that it will be a few years hence. She is a rising—not a decadent—genius of song.

Fire at Niagara Falls, Ont., on Monday completely gutted the Grand Central hotel, a three story wooden structure. Also the Niagara barber shop, a two-story building, the upstairs portion being occupied as a residence. Loss, \$10,000, partly insured.

DISMANTLED SHIP'S VOYAGE.

The A. G. Ropes Has Arrived at New York From Kobe, Japan.

New York, May 23.—Under jury rig from Kobe, Japan, to New York harbor, the noted clipper ship A. G. Ropes arrived here to-day completing successfully what was the first attempt in the chronicles of the American merchant marine to take the dismantled hull of a great full-rigged ship across two seas.

The voyage began last December, following a typhoon experienced last summer near Hongkong, when practically everything above the ship's decks went overboard. The course of the ship from the moment that the storm struck her until to-day, has been filled with adventure and with striking demonstrations of enterprise displayed by her skipper, Capt. Rivers. The A. G. Ropes was built in Bath, Me., and previous to this accident was posted in Hongkong, New York, San Francisco, Liverpool and Shanghai for speed records in races half way around the world.

For four days after the typhoon she drifted, her crew in despair and a skipper never once below decks. A German steamer appeared and offered to tow the ship to port, but Capt. Rivers promptly refused, although his report states that "it was some temptation to accept." He held out against exorbitant offers for towing until his ship was taken into port by another steamer for \$500. This was not paid, however, until he had sailed for five days with a sail rigged on the iron stump of the foremast.

At Kobe the ship was sold at auction to A. G. Luckenbach of New York, and the voyage home under a makeshift rigging began.

Conference Between Secretary Root and Senate Committee Regarding Various Questions.

Washington, May 23.—Long delayed and vexed questions between Great Britain and United States, arising from boundary and fisheries disputes and claims of all characters, were the subject of a conference to-day between the senate committee on foreign relations and Secretary of State Root.

The secretary sought the conference for the purpose of discussing pending treaties and numerous other subjects which he thinks should be dealt with by congress at the present session. It developed during the discussion that it is very unlikely, too, that the joint commission will ever be convened again for the settlement of disputes concerning its relations with Canada, and Secretary Root suggested that he proceed through diplomatic negotiations to have the various claims adjusted. This the foreign relations committee agreed to.

MINER KILLED.
Nelson, May 23.—James Martin, an old-time Sandon miner and an elderly man, was accidentally killed near New Denver last night by the breaking of a derelict pole. An inquest will be held by Dr. K. C. Arthur to-morrow.

BANKS ARE OPEN.
San Francisco, May 23.—Practically every bank in the city that has been able to secure temporary quarters threw open its doors to-day to the public. There was no sign of a run. Never in the history of San Francisco was there so much bank money on hand.

"BLACK HUNDRED" ACTIVE.
Olesea, May 23.—The "Black Hundred" are active here and in southern Russia. They are getting up petitions against amnesty, and are arousing intense resentment on the part of the Liberals. Collisions between the two parties are feared.

MORE IMMIGRANTS.
The Mount Temple Carried Thirteen Hundred and Seventy-Six Passengers.

Quebec, May 23.—The C. P. R. steamship Mount Temple landed 1,376 passengers here at 8 o'clock this morning.

DISCUSSING EDUCATION.
London, May 23.—The detailed discussion of the education bill in the House of Commons is now in full swing and there is every indication of a prolonged struggle. The opposition is strenuously contesting every point and occasionally the debates are characterized by lively allegations resulting in the measure making slight progress.

ENCROACHMENT ALLEGED.
Property Holders on Katherine Street Said to Have Taken in Portion of Park Reserve.

A discovery which may inconvenience some of the property holders on Katherine street, to some extent was made by an Engineer, Popp, engaged in survey work in Avalon road. It is stated that there has been considerable encroachment upon the boundaries of the park by those residing on that street. The faulty lines are reported to extend from Toronto street on the north and to the Colonel hotel on the south. It is alleged that from a foot to fourteen feet has been taken from the confines of the park as a result of what is doing has been a mistake. Among the property holders who are the alleged offenders are: P. K. Chas. Graham, Mr. and Mrs. Justin Gilbert, Miss Grace Maclellan, Wm. Gill, H. J. Scott, Miss A. D. Cameron, Hubert Estate, Col. Clark and O. Weller.

Recent reports, the above mentioned have been notified that they have two years in which to take in their fence to the boundary line. This is not officially corroborated. The city engineer, J. J. P. Popp, stated that he did not recall any such instructions. In fact he did not believe any action had been taken in regard to the matter.

AMERICAN MATERIALS.
Will Be Used in Construction of the Panama Canal.

Washington, D. C., May 23.—The senate committee on finance to-day favorably reported a resolution directing that materials for the Panama canal shall be of domestic production and manufacture unless the President deems the bid for the same exorbitant.

Bucharest, Roumania, May 23.—The fortieth anniversary of the accession of King Charles to the throne of Roumania and the 5th of the existence of Roumania as an independent kingdom, are being celebrated to-day with widespread rejoicing.

PREROGATIVES OF THE QUEEN.

King's Consort Can Act as His Proxy Under Certain Circumstances, "But Has Many Limitations."

M. A. P. in an article on "What the Queen Can Do," says: Strict as the laws pertaining to high treason have been they did not always include the consort, so that plotters were able to threaten the life of the consort at will, and incur no responsibility whatever. When Mary married the Foxy, or Spain, affairs in this direction became a positive scandal, so a law was passed ordaining that the consort should be included in the protection afforded to the monarch against high treason. To plot against Queen Alexandra, therefore, would be high treason, and punishable with hanging, but the moment the King dies this protection falls away, and no more notice should be taken of her against her life than if she were an ordinary person.

The constitution demands that the consort shall take no part whatever in the government of the country, so that her name does not appear on any official documents King Edward signs. Nevertheless, if the King becomes ill or is away from the Kingdom at the moment of some national crisis she can appoint the Queen Consort as his proxy, when her word carries as much authority as his. This has only occurred on one occasion since King Edward ascended the throne, when the ministers of state were summoned to the Queen's presence.

Many convicted criminals owed their pardon during Queen Victoria's reign to the Prince Consort, though the law allowed him no authority for setting them free, his intervention with the Queen covering his lack of power in this respect. The law is very strict in barring the consort the right to liberate a prisoner, nor could Queen Alexandra sign the death warrant of one. If the King were inaccessible, then the warrant would have to wait until his signature was available. Directly the King dies his consort must take the oath of allegiance to his successor, and it is a curious point that if she wishes to marry again she must obtain his sanction. And upon the death of King Edward the Queen wished to re-marry she would have to seek the permission of the present Prince of Wales.

SILENT MAN OF THE MOUNTAIN.
The revivalist movement in Wales has left many curious human landmarks of its sweeping progress through the land.

None is more curious than the stranger of singularly handsome appearance, who is attracted to any particular locality in Wales where the highest religious fervor is for the time being to be found. He is a silent man of splendid proportions, and his clothing suit of rough material, the only garb he has ever been seen to wear, shows off his lithe and athletic frame to perfection as he swings along with buoyant step.

The early morning prayer meeting of which many are still held in Wales, has a great attraction for him, and a fervent and eloquent intermission is as striking as his personality. When the gathering disperses he strides away towards the mountains, often showing his disdain of such obstacles to his rapid progress as gates and hedges by leaping them in his exuberance of spirits as cleanly as a greyhound would.

There are many other instances of revival activity. Recently Miss Morgan, one of the mistresses of a girls' school at Bridgend, absented herself, and it was found that she was lying prostrate at the house of a friend's voice, she declares had but remain in solitude until she was called away. She had taken an active part in the Welsh revival, and at a meeting of the school managers, who decided to give her considerable leave of absence, one speaker stated that his school had been the rendezvous of religious fanatics.

A prosperous Welsh tradesman, who had been deeply moved by the revival, suddenly left his business and friends, and for months nothing could be ascertained as to his whereabouts. One day recently his brother received a telegram, followed by the appearance of the missing man. During his absence the husband was under, and his haggard features told a sad story of privation. The man's mind is absolutely a blank as to what happened in the long interval of absence. He only remembers the name of the house where he was, and that he suddenly recalled the address of his brother in Wales, and promptly dispatched a telegram to him.

It is reported that the crown attorney and the morality department of Toronto will proceed at once against Woodbine bookmakers with a view to stopping gambling at races. The action last year against President Hendrie, of the Jockey Club, with that object in view failed.

MARRIED.
FRENCH—At Vernon, on May 18th, the wife of S. P. French, of a daughter. GRAHAM—At Okanagan Landing, on May 12th, the wife of J. H. Graham, of a daughter.

COSTERTON—At Vernon, on May 10th, the wife of C. F. Costerton, of a son. **FEWSTER**—At Vancouver, on May 20th, the wife of Howard W. Fewster, of a daughter.

SHAHSOREN—At Vancouver, on April 20th, the wife of J. S. Shaheen, of a son. **WALKER**—At Nelson, on May 1st, the wife of W. H. Walker, of a daughter.

MARRIED.
McKENZIE-CLARK—At Vmbr, on May 17th, the wife of J. D. McKenzie, of a daughter. DICKSON-OLSON—At New Westminster, on May 14th, by Rev. J. S. Henderson, the wife of J. B. Dickson, of a daughter.

ANDREWS-BUNKER—At Vancouver, on May 17th, by Rev. J. A. Macdonald, the wife of James Richard Andrews and Elizabeth Bunker, of a daughter. SMITH-AMTOSHI—At Vancouver, on May 21st, by Rev. Dr. Fraser, Alexander Smith and Miss Jessie McIntosh, of a daughter.

MURPHY-MCCULLOCH—At Revelstoke, on May 18th, by Rev. W. C. Calder, the wife of James McMurphy and Jean Isabelle McCulloch, of a daughter.

MUNSBIE—At his residence, 225 Johnson street, Victoria, B. C., on May 3rd, 1906, after a brief illness, William Munsbie, aged 78 years, died at his residence, 225 Johnson street, of John F. Munsbie, of Pictou County, Nova Scotia.

STIMPSON—At Vancouver, on May 2nd, Charles Stimpson, aged 84 years.

BURWIN—At Phoenix, on May 15th, Earl Burwin, aged 75 years.

BENNY—On the 18th inst., at family residence, Wilkeson Cross road, Geo. Kenny, a native of Preston, Ont., aged 69 years.

GOITAWA

Federal Suggestions

The total clearings at the Victoria clearing house for the week ending May 22nd were \$388,270.

The special prizes for the horse and auto parade on May 24th will be on exhibition in J. Barnsey & Co.'s windows.

A special collection in aid of the Victoria ward of the Jubilee hospital by St. Paul's Presbyterian church, Victoria West, on Sunday last was \$13.

The charge of assault proferred by Geo. Guay, a Chinaman, against C. A. Steele, came up in the city police court Tuesday morning, and was dismissed.

A shipment of 600,000 feet of lumber from the Shawanigan Lake Company is being hauled by teams to the C. P. R. wharf in James Bay for transhipment to Forty-Mile creek below Dawson.

Chun Sing, a Chinaman who is accused of stealing a propeller and two rubber tires from the premises of Mr. Alvin, Esquimaux, appeared in the provincial police court on Tuesday morning for the evidence for the prosecution was submitted. After the hearing of this case was remanded.

Mr. A. Alley, president of the new Allyn Steamship Company, now operating between Vancouver and New Zealand, has announced that he will send Mr. Seligman, who open offices in Seattle within the next few days as the representative of English, French and German capital.

Walter A. Martin, of St. John, Newfoundland, son of the editor of the Methodist Guardian of that city, has won the distinction memorial prize at Rialto College, Oxford, where he went as Bacheloret from the ancient college. This is the ribbon honor of the college, and competition was entered into by students from all parts of the world. The award was made upon an essay on Lord Tennyson.

It is announced that during the approaching celebrations, in other words on the 24th, 25th and 26th, luncheon will be served at the W. C. T. U. mission hall, and also at any time during the day. Donations of bread, cake, tea or sugar will be acceptable to-morrow or later. All profits are in aid of the mission work.

The trial of Chun Sing, accused of stealing a propeller and two rubber tires from the Atkins place at Esquimaux, was continued in the provincial police court this morning. Sergt. Murray prosecuted, and Frank Higgins appeared in defence of the prisoner. The hearing will probably last all day.

The dates of the annual exhibition of the North and South Saanich Agricultural Society have been announced for Wednesday, Thursday, Saturday, 19th and 20th. District exhibits will be sent to the fairs at Victoria and New Westminster under the management of George Stewart, of Bonnie Brae.

Several purchases have been made by local residents of gasoline launches for pleasure excursions. Among those recently acquiring them were Geo. L. Costery, D. Campbell, George Weiler, Walter Chambers and Thomas Cooper. A Japanese named Sato also purchased one for use as a fishing boat on the Fraser river.

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How to be Healthy and Beautiful

HOW FRENCH WOMEN SCENT THEIR TRESSES



French women have many canons of beauty which may possibly be summed up in the one general command: Make yourself always as beautiful and attractive as possible.

American women are rapidly learning the wisdom of this; but at the present time French women lead in the time and care they lavish upon their toilet—always making the very best of any good points they may have, and working patiently to overcome defects.

This does not mean excessive vanity by any means; it simply means caring enough about your personal appearance to make a perfect toilet—keeping skin, hair, teeth, eyes, etc., in perfect condition.

The Frenchwoman has one secret that should be known to every woman. It concerns perfume. Never does she obtrude any perfume; yet she has the knack of living in an atmosphere of delicate scent. Possibly the fashion they have of scenting their hair is to a great extent accountable for this.

Scenting the hair is usually considered difficult—but not to the Frenchwoman. She has made it a simple art. She never tries to scent dirty, musty hair. The hair must be clean and sweet. If satisfactory results are to be obtained, then don't try to scent it with perfumes containing alcohol. Use either sachet or the pure oil of perfume. Justine, geranium and violet are delightful and are most frequently used.

Care should be taken not to get too much on—they should be used lightly. To scent delicately take a little of the oil of perfume and pour it in the palm of the hand. Then pass a brush—an infant's soft hair brush is best—over the hair. Then brush the hair lightly but well until it has been touched all over from scalp to ends. Another way is to take a piece of absorbent cotton and dampen it with the oil; press this against the hair, moving it about until the hair is well scented.

Perfuming with oil is particularly good if the hair is inclined to the dull or lustrous, as the application of this slight quantity seems to add a gloss without producing any objectionable oiliness.

However, some prefer using sachet. Only the best will prove satisfactory. It should be placed in a bottle with a stopper, separate the hair and sprinkle well with the powder. Then brush out thoroughly. After all traces

A Physicians Views on the Care of the Hands

By Dr. Mary E. Walker
Copyright, 1905, by A. F. Barnes & Co.

EVEN if your hands are not naturally beautiful you can do a great deal towards making them pretty by proper care. This does not mean that you should never use them, for our hands were made to serve us, and they are one of the distinguishing marks between the higher and the lower animals.

Girls sometimes abuse the joints of their fingers by pulling them out and cracking them. The effects of such foolish practices are lasting. If you persist in them you will soon observe that your fingers are no longer slender and pretty. But misshapen and ugly.

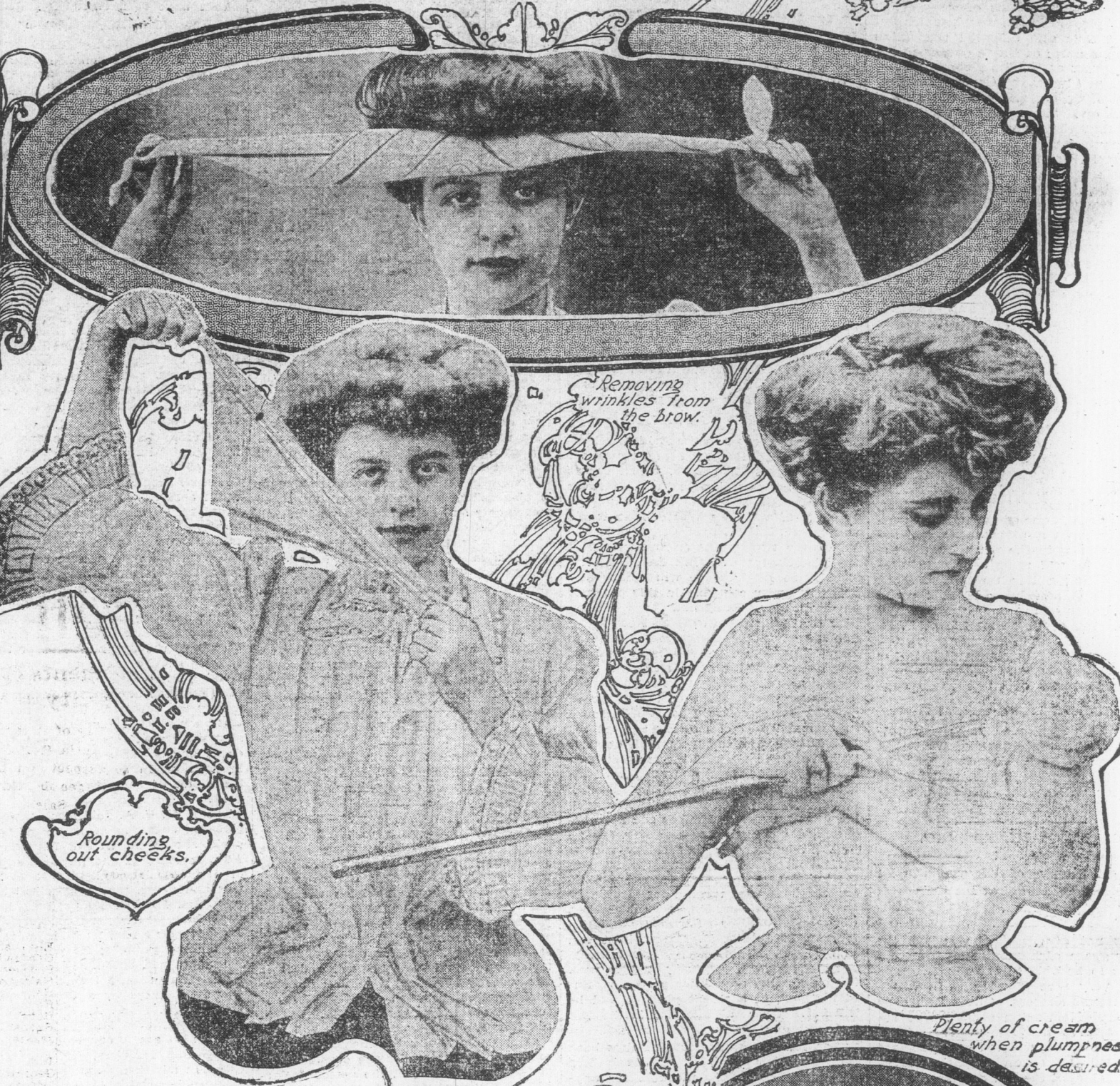
A very simple, but excellent exercise for the fingers is to move them just as if you were trying to spin a ball.

Piano playing is fine exercise for the muscles of the whole hand. The stiffness of the hand is well developed by writing.

When you wash your hands, do so thoroughly; do not dab them into water and out again, merely gridding the dirt into them. When you wipe them, do so carefully and thoroughly. It is from careless wiping that one often gets chapped hands.

Never expose your hands to extremes of temperature. Neither very cold nor very hot water is good for them. Use warm water, and be sure that it is soft. If you cannot get rain water, and the tap water is hard, put a few drops of ammonia or a pinch, but a few drops of any sourer than you would on your face. Lather your hands well with the soap water and if a brush is necessary to clean the nails it may be used. Wash thoroughly in clear water, and dry dry with a soft towel, which cas-

Easy Methods of Self-Massage



NEW methods for the preservation and development of beauty are continually being invented—perhaps discovered in the better word, as there really seems to be "nothing new under the sun," and, judging from what we read about the radiant complexions of the beauties of ancient times, they must have discovered most of the beauty secrets long ago, and used them, too, with great success.

Among the recent discoveries in the beauty line are two new methods of light massage suitable for facial treatment; also for arms, neck and bust. A great point in favor of each is that it can be self-administered as well as with the aid of an assistant.

A French beauty expert has devised a simple and useful little affair, consisting of a small stick, ending in a ball of cotton or cork covered with a soft piece of chamamois. By using this, the back and shoulders may be massaged with the greatest ease. The chamamois is soft and agreeable to the skin, and when soiled by the use of creams or lotions it may be easily replaced by a fresh piece, as it is simply used on lightly with a bit of ribbon.

An paraphernalia required for the other treatment is a soft linen handkerchief folded diagonally into a width of about two inches.

The ends lightly in order to keep the folds in. A good massage cream should be first applied and then rubbed in with the finger tips. Take the handkerchief, holdings ends lightly between the thumb and first finger, and draw it quickly and firmly across the forehead, first one way and then the other.

This is excellent for eradicating the wrinkles and lines from the brow. The same treatment is beneficial for filling out hollow cheeks and for removing lines from all parts of the face. It must always be remembered that the general movements in facial massage of any sort should be upward; consequently, with the handkerchief held as before—between the thumb and fingers, diagonally across the cheek—the upward movement should be firm; the downward one very gentle.

The firm upward movement improves the contour of the face, while the gentle downward one bestows a gentle friction which is beneficial in the eradication of wrinkles.

Conclude the treatment by gently wiping every trace of grease off the face, giving it a slight dust over with powder, and then wiping with soft chamamois, which will prevent a shiny appearance.

Beauty Hints by Mrs. Henry Symes

To Soften the Skin
I would like to know what to use to soft and white pores and make the skin soft and white. I have tried many things, but they do not seem to do much good. The following lotion will improve the skin. It will soften and whiten the skin. The orange flower water is the best. It will soften and whiten the skin. The orange flower water is the best. It will soften and whiten the skin.

To Darken Hair
I am a constant reader of your health and beauty hints. Will you kindly tell me how to use sage tea to darken the hair? My hair is sunburn and I wish it to become a dark brown.

To Whiten the Arms
I am always interested in reading your health and beauty hints. Will you kindly tell me how to whiten the arms? They are sunburned and I wish them to be white.

To Remove Freckles
I have tried many recipes, but have received no results. Will you kindly tell me how to remove freckles from the face? They are very annoying and I wish them to be removed.

To Remove Blemishes
I have a constant reader of your health and beauty hints. Will you kindly tell me how to remove blemishes from the face? They are very annoying and I wish them to be removed.

To Remove Warts
I have a constant reader of your health and beauty hints. Will you kindly tell me how to remove warts from the face? They are very annoying and I wish them to be removed.

BUS

ART STUDIO
MISS MILLS, Art Mistress
London. Lessons in drawing and design. Studio, 3 C of Commerce, Government.

BUILDER & GENERAL CONTRACTOR
THOMAS CATTERALL—18
Building in all its branches and general jobbing. Tel. 104.

BICYCLES.

IN BUYING A BICYCLE
Latest improvements. He Broad street, value in 25 some sterling, are in a position to supply you with the best. They have also new arrival standard well-tried American Bicycles. Phone 1962.

BOOT AND SHOE REPAIRING

NO MATTER where you shoes, bring them here. Hibbs, 3 Oriental Ave., 3 Theatre.

BUILDER & GENERAL CONTRACTOR
M. CARTER & DRYSDALE
Contractors. Houses and alterations. Plan. 61 First street.

T. LEWIS, 82 Fort Ave.
Jobs at your home, office daily and promptly executed. Phone 1841.

CHAS. A. MCGREGOR, 82
Jobbing trade a speciality. Experience. Org. 1111.

COFFEE AND SWEETS

VICTORIA COFFEE MILLS—Office and mill
ment St. A. J. Morley.

CHIMNEY SWEEP

CHIMNEYS CLEANED
Fixed, etc. Wm. Neal, 22 Phone 1013.

LLOYD & CO.—Sweepers
Yard, Jubilee Hospital, London and other firms taken at Gower & Wrigg Douglas street. Phone 1013.

CHINESE GOODS

ANTON BAZAAR, 105 G
Just arrived from China, robes, robes and drawwork, and all kinds of goods. Imported goods, Chinese, etc.

CUSTOMS BROKER

LLEEMING, Customs Broker
Agent, 1 Fort at residence, 112.

DISPENSING CHEMIST

R. DENTAL SUPPLIES
Gold plate, fillings, rollers, cylinders, repairs, etc. Phone 631.

DENTISTS.

LEWIS HALL, De
well block, cor Yates street, Victoria. Phone 112.

DYEING AND CLEANING

MORRIS & CO. WORKS
Dyeing and cleaning. Phone 112.

B. C. STEAM DYEING
Dyeing and cleaning. Phone 112.

ENGRAVERS

GEORGE CROWTHER,
Engraver, 12 Wharf Post Office.

BOARDS OF TRADE, T
tions, etc. should consulting guide books, advices, and all kinds of information. We group photos, etc. Phone 112.

EDUCATIONAL

IF YOU WANT THOROUGH
education, apply to the Japanese course at the Victoria Japanese school, 15 Broad street, Victoria. Phone 112.

FANCY GOODS

YOKOHAMA BAZAAR,
street, Japanese goods, etc. Phone 112.

ORIENTAL BAZAAR, 30
now re-opened. Importers of Japanese goods, etc. Phone 112.

BEST JAPANESE PORCELAIN
fancy goods at Kawai Douglas street.

FURRIER.

FRED. FOSTER, taxidermist
37 Johnson street.

A BUSINESS CAN GO W
VERTISING—So can a word each issue.

WANTED—Male
Advertises under this heading. Apply to P. K. Telegraph Co.

WANTED—Messenger
boy. Apply to P. K. Telegraph Co.

WANTED—A boy, about
wagon. Apply 210 Cook street.

WANTED—Machine men,
Mine, Howe Sound.

WANTED—Carpenters,
Hanson & Co's Capital Hill.

WANTED—Bright young
men. Apply to P. K. Telegraph Co.

WANTED—Boys, active
Service. Good wages. B. C. Telephone Co.

WANTED—A man to sell
for one of the best in the West; cash address Washington Street, Toppishan, Washington.

ANY INTELLIGENT P
newspaper; no canvassing necessary. Send to Victoria Press Syndicate, N. Y.

WHEN ANSWERING P
this heading please give the "Advertisement" in the Times.

CLIMB AS HIGH AS YOU
can. The advertisement in the Times.

CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS

RATES for insertion in THE TIMES: All Classifications except Births, Marriages and Deaths 1 cent per word per day; six insertions for the price of four; no advertisement taken for less than 25 cents. TIME RATES ON APPLICATION.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

ART STUDIO. MISS MILLS, Art Mistress, R. C. A. London. Lessons in drawing, painting and design. Studio, 3 Canadian Bank of Commerce, Government Street.

HARDY PLANTS. YOU HAVE NO IDEA how gorgeous Anemones are until you have seen St. Bridget's. Take a look at our beds of them when the sun is shining. Flewlin's Gardens, 28 South Park Street.

WANTED-MISCELLANEOUS. Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion. WANTED-Old coats and vests, pants, coats and shoes, trunks, valises, shot-guns, revolvers, coveralls, etc. Highest cash prices paid. Will call at any address. Jacob Astronson's new and second-hand store, 64 Johnson Street, 172 doors below Government Street.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS. Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion. FOR SALE-420 acres or land known as "Savvius Bay." It contains a fine bay, 1/2 mile long, 1/4 mile wide. Three-quarters of a mile of fine-sandstone quarries on the water front, together with coal rights. The sandstone can be seen at dry dock, Esquimaux. For particulars apply on the premises. E. J. Hittancourt.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS. Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion. WOOD AND COAL-At current prices. Johnson's Transfer & Fuel Co., 236 Douglas Street, Tel. 606.

REAL ESTATE DIRECTORY. PEMBERTON & SON. 45 FORT STREET. FOR SALE. FORT STREET-Very nice 6 roomed cottage, with good grounds and full sized lot. Very close to town, \$2,500.

BEAUMONT BOGGS. Real Estate and Insurance Agent, 42 Fort St. Established 1850. BUNGALOW-4 acres, 7 room new dwelling, very choice locality; price \$2,000.

FOR SALE-Old Esquimaux road, beautiful cottage, with frontage on Provincial Square, all modern conveniences, \$2,100. (837.)

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MUNICIPAL Collector's List of Lands and Improvements or Real Property Within the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

To be sold for Taxes, Interests and Costs on the FIRST day of June, 1906, at the City Council Chambers, City Hall, Victoria, B. C., at 12 o'clock noon, in pursuance of "The Victoria Real Property Tax Sale By-law, 1906, unless in the meantime the arrears of Taxes, Interest and Costs due in respect of each Lot in the Schedule hereunder written be paid. If sold, the said Lands and Improvements will be chargeable with a proportion of the Legal Costs of and incidental to the obtaining of the Judge's Order confirming such Sale.

Table with columns: Block, Section, Assessed Owner, Registered Owner, Taxes, Interest, and Costs. Lists various lots and their owners.

N. B.-In column number 4 in above list the letter "L" means Land, and "L and I" mean Land and Improvements. Dated this 30th day of April, A. D., 1906, at City Hall, Victoria, B. C.

CHARLES KENT, Collector of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, B. C.

VICTORIA WATER WORKS

Attention is called to Sec. 22 of the Waterworks Regulation By-Law, 1906, which reads as follows: "No person shall sprinkle or use in any manner whatsoever, the water supplied by the City upon lawns, gardens, yards or grounds of any description, except between the hours of 5 and 9 in the morning, and the hours of 5 and 10 in the evening, unless the water so used shall be supplied by meter."

FOR SALE. NORTH SAANICH FARM LANDS. Take notice that the mortgage of the North Half of Section One, Range Two, East North Saanich District, under a registered mortgage dated 2nd June, 1905, offers this property for sale under the powers conferred upon him by said mortgage.

FOR SALE. LEE & FRASER. Tronca Avenue, Victoria, B. C. Agents for the Mortgage.

NOTICE. Notice is hereby given that the second annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Pacific Northern & Okanogan Railway Company will be held at the office of Bodwell & Lawson, No. 342 Government Street, Victoria, B. C., on Monday, the 18th day of May, 1906, at the hour of 11 o'clock in the forenoon.

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Take Them In.

A good many strangers come into this city every day who do not stop at hotels, and they read in the "Boards" strong personal and urgent interest.

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NOTICE.

"EMPRESS HOTEL" LICENSE. Notice is hereby given that the application, a copy whereof is hereunder set forth, has been filed with the Clerk of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria, B. C., and that the said application will be brought on for hearing before the said Board of Licensing Commissioners at the sitting thereof to be held on Wednesday, the 28th June, 1906, at 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon.

FOR SALE-Two acres of choice land at Shoal Bay. (2215.)

FOR SALE-Two acres, all under cultivation, within a block of the George Street line; these are beautifully situated and are cheap at \$1,000. (2225.)

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NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the "Trustees and Executors Act," that all creditors and others having claims against the estate of Mary McKinnon, who died on the 1st day of April, A. D., 1905, are required to send in their claims, duly verified, on or before the 1st day of June, A. D., 1906, to Messrs. Langley & Martin, 19 Government Street, Victoria, B. C., solicitors for John Turnbull, executor of the estate of Mary McKinnon, deceased.

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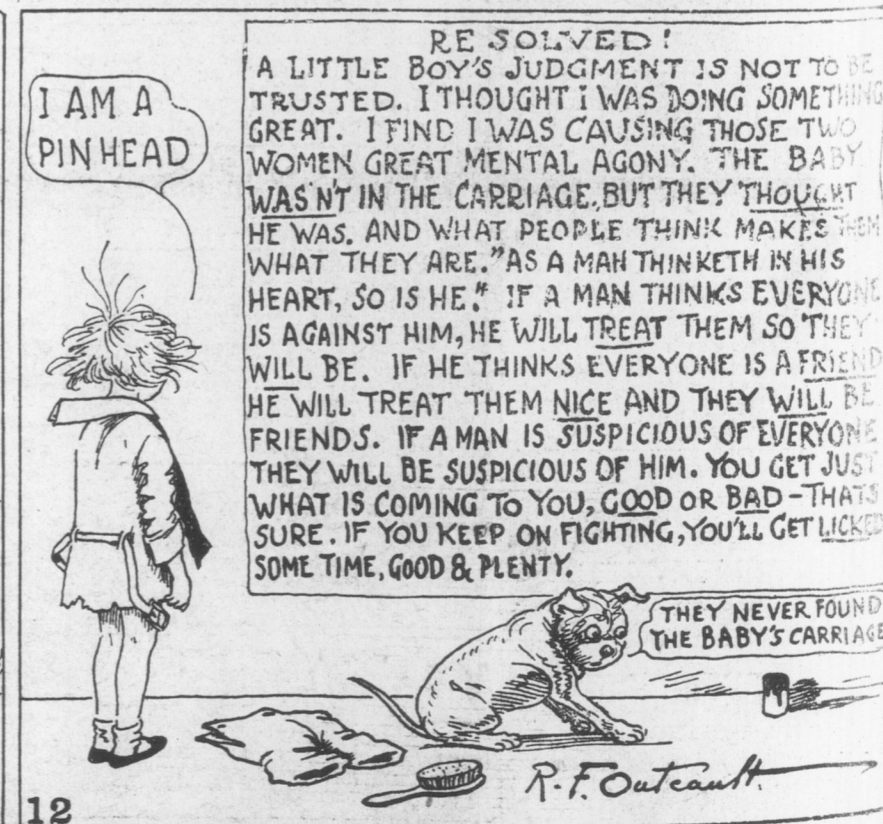
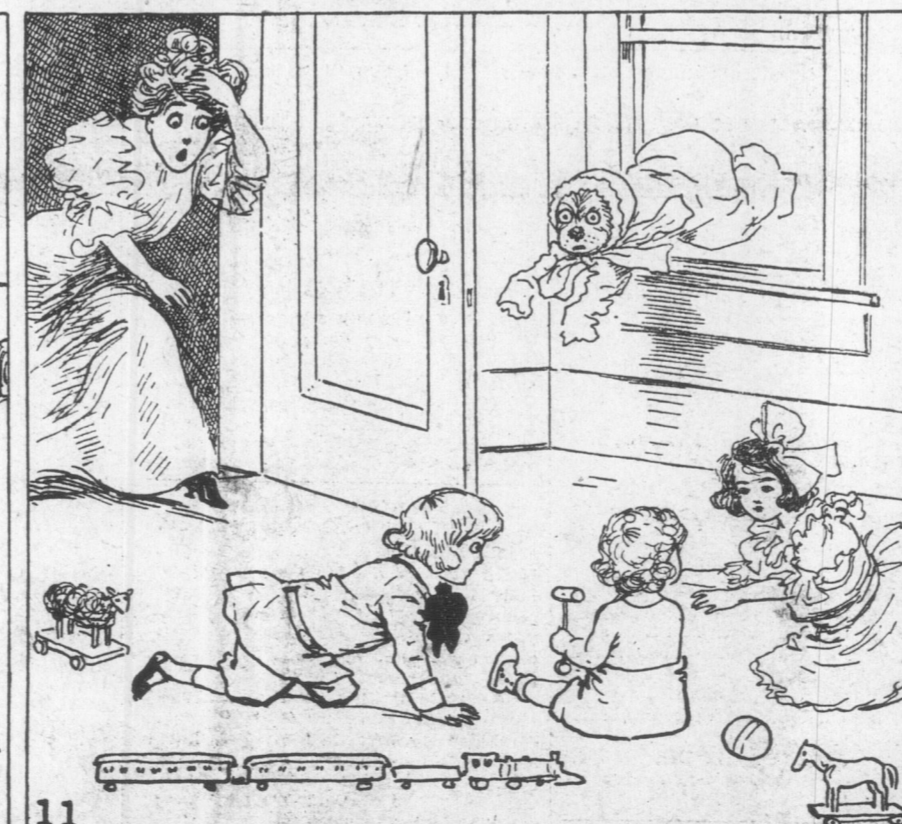
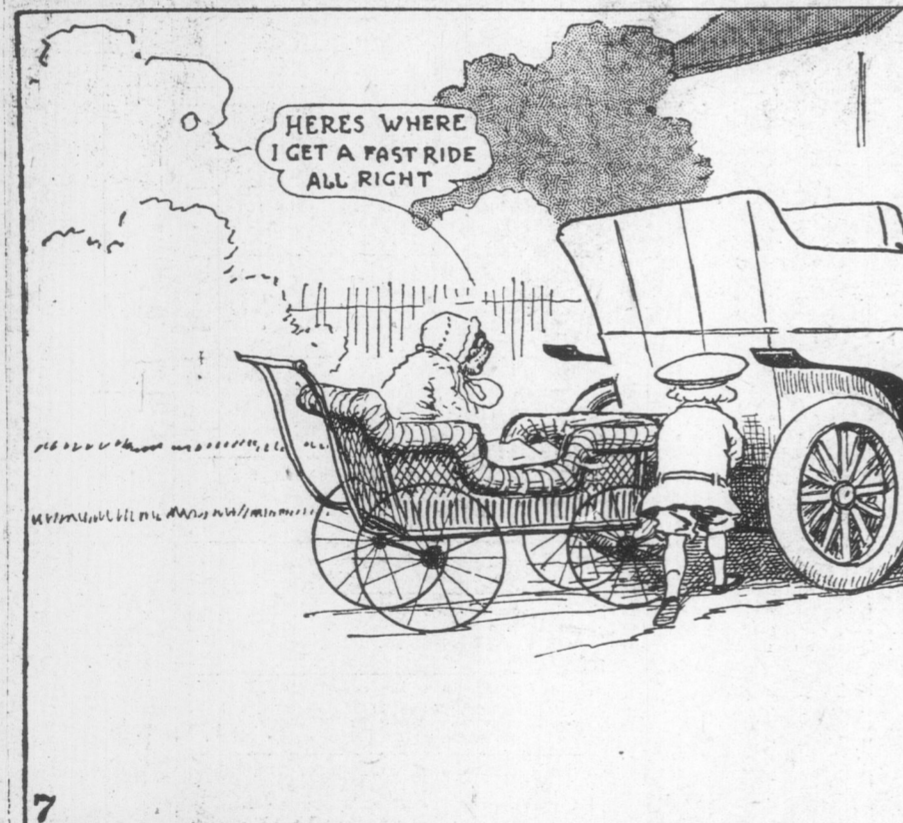
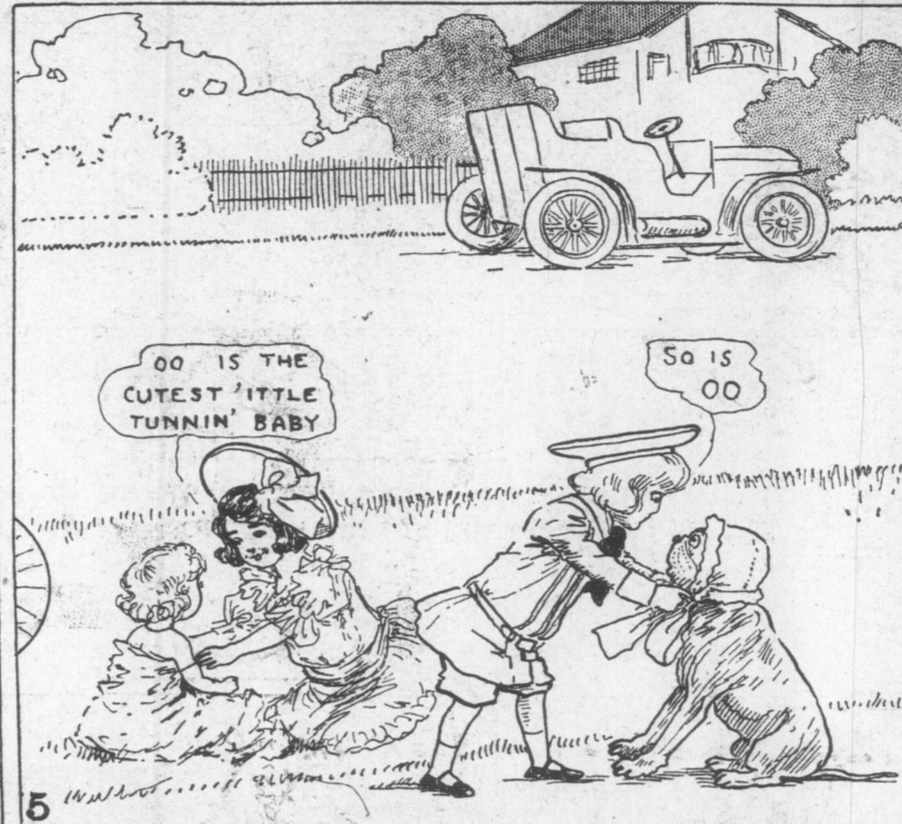
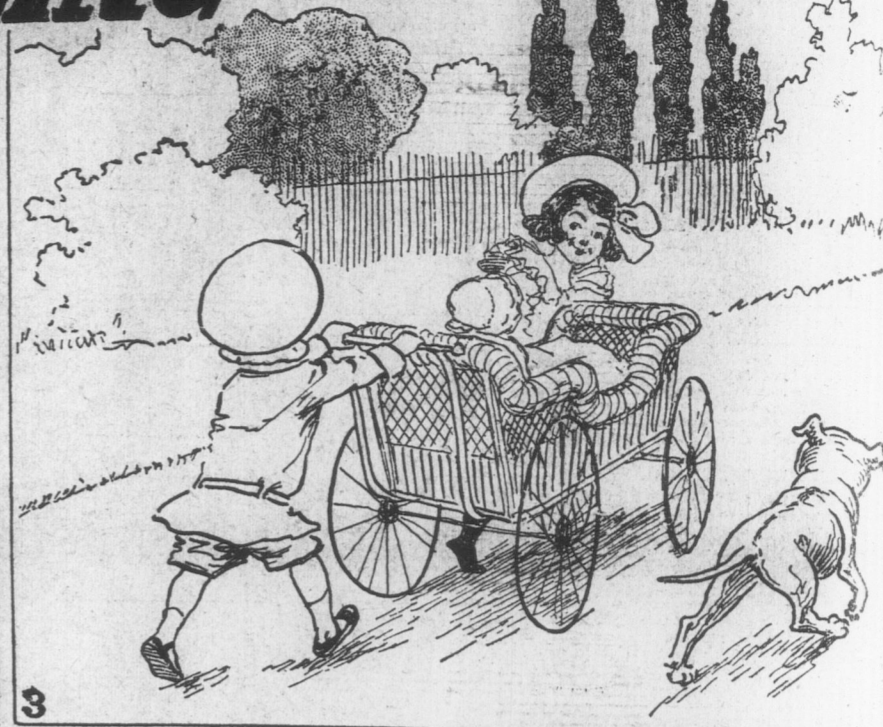
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TIGE GOES AUTOMOBILING HE PLAYS NURSE



\$1.00 PER COPY CANADA

Vol. 36.

SIGNS OF

Progress Along Vim--Bus M

Only last week the Vancouver News charting because it will soon be here. It is not realized that a five-cent expenditure of a paper has secured a happy her hopes a month. Fortunately the hundred citizens here for the be able to give the nation, and maybe, a spruce that unique tree that one sort of blossoms, producing three. The woodbine and roses in less fortunate cities are looking for spring summer, and a stop Vancouver and New are beginning to sit. During the past estate operators land have been in the situation. Though as yet, been reported, that people from the have been among the

Heaviest Recent in Victoria acreage. priced C. T. Dunbar, J. H. Dickson, F. J. White, Panotiere, of Vancouver Hart, of the Royal C. Timber limits are such attention. The owners are complaining pelled to come to British lumber to complete the have been unable to a charters offered. An tion of a sutton mill a resumption of operati Ross-McLaren mill n minister, by the Last case, are merely the large contingent of V. bermen who will seek the near future. The local real estate quiet this week owing tion, but the building brisk. D. H. Bale he erect a modern two s Mrs. A. R. Milne on and Dr. Gibbs' house road is rapidly nearing Dominion Express Co into its new premises

NEW ADDITION THE C. P.

MONTEAGLE ARRIVE HERE

Ship Made Run Across Yokohama in Days

The former Elder-D. Monteaige, which has for many years in the which about three or was purchased by the for use in the trans-Pa the outer wharf from a. m. on Saturday. just made the trip arou in the Orient picked tons of freight and a sengers for her inaug Pacific. A number of the pa Victoria, but the local consisting of 100 tons. Vancouver, from wher back on one of the steamers. They were distinguished passengers. They included Mr. Sh the president of the who, as previously an the globe; Col. Barrett Le Marquis de Algre Letrim, the Comtes others. She carried a saloon list, 13 European Asiatic passengers. There is nothing ren Monteaige. She is m than a passenger stea is an important addi Pacific fleet, having a 6,500 tons and a net to passenger accommoda steamer is limited, but be increased before th her present service. ditions were made, b still more improve