The Weekly Observer.

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SAINT JOHN, N. B., TUESDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1852.

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The Weekly Observer.

Published on TUESDAY, by DONALD A. CAMERON at his Office, corner of Prince William and Church Streets, over the Store of Messrs. Flewwelling & Reading.—TERMS: 15s. per annum, half in advance.

MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

THIS Company is prepared to receive applications for Insurance against FIRE upon Buildings and other Property, at the Office of the subscriber. I. WOODWARD.

St. John, Nov. 11, 1846. *Secretary.*

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY Of Boston.

No connection with Fire, Marine, or Health Insurance.

PERSONS Insured in this Company on the *Mutual* plan,—"the only plan" says Chamber's Edinburgh Journal,"which the *Public at large* are concerned to support,"—will have returned to them *all the Profits*, instead of a *portion only*, as in the *Stock* or mixed Companies. The *advantages* offered by this Company are, *Annual Dividends* of 59 per cent., paid during the life of the party, in the order of rotation from the excess of a capital of profits of $200,000.

Parties may insure for 1 year or 7 years, for life, or until they attain the ages of 40, 50 or 60, and *for any sum* from $100 up to $5000, and at *any age* from 14 to 67.

Parties insuring for 1 or 7 years enjoy many advantages of a *mercantile* nature, at a *very small* expense.

Parties insuring for Life, can provide for those *dependent upon them*, notwithstanding *contingencies of trade*, as to which this Company's *Charter offers peculiar facilities*—See Section 9.—and those who insure until they arrive at the age of 40, 50, or 60, make a *sure provision for old age* and their families, in case of death—(the attention of the Public is *earnestly solicited to this*, and this Company's rates therefore.)

Parties may insure for Life *without profits* at a reduction of 30 per cent., from *life rates*.

Parties insuring for Life or until the ages of 40, 50 or 60 when the premiums amount to $40, can have a *credit* for half at interest, *without any increase of premium*—such *credit* for the *whole term* and not merely for the first 5 years. After payment of three premiums on surrender of Life Policy, the holder will receive its *equitable value in cash*.

This Office insures from the *nearest* birth-day, instead of the *next*, as in other offices. The Charter makes it "*unlawful to loan any sum of money to any Director or Officer of said Company upon any security whatever.*" In no case is the person insured liable beyond the amount of premium.

The Board of Finance (who are among the most reliable financiers of the country,) viz: Franklin Haven, President Merchant's Bank, Boston; Thomas Thacher, Merchant, Boston; and Ruel Williams, President Kennebec Rail Road, *superintend all investments* of the Company; 12 Directors, Hon. David Henshaw, and others.

—LOCAL REFEREES—

Boston.—Hon. Abbot Lawrence, Hon. David Henshaw, Hon. Robert G. Shaw, Hon. William Sturgis, and Hon. Charles Sumner.

Saint John.—Benjamin Smith, Levi H. Waterhouse, Thomas G. Hatheway, Nathan S. DeMill, and Samuel L. Tilley, Esquires.

☞ See Pamphlets and statements of Company's affairs at the subscriber's office, who will receive applications and give further information.

W. H. HATHEWAY, *Barrister at Law* St. John, AGENT FOR NEW-BRUNSWICK.

9th December, 1851.

LIVERPOOL & LONDON Fire & Life Insurance Company,

(Established in 1836.)

Capital £2,000,000—in Shares of Twenty Pounds.

THE Stockholders of this Company are responsible to the full extent of their property for the liabilities of the Company.

The undersigned hereby notifies the Public of New Brunswick, that the above named Company have empowered him, by a full and ample Power of Attorney, to open an Office in the City of Saint John, for the Insurance of PROPERTY against loss or damage by FIRE, in any part of the Province, and to sign and issue Policies in the name of the Company; and that in virtue of the power vested in him by the said Power of Attorney, he has appointed Mr. ADAM JACK to act as Agent for the said Company, in the receiving of proposals for Insurance, and the inspection of premises proposed for Insurance, and all other the usual duties of an Agent; and to collect and receive the amount of premium on any policy issued by the undersigned in the name of the said Company, or for the renewal of the same.

The Deed of settlement, and the supplemental Deed of settlement, lies with Mr. JACK, at the Office of the *New-Brunswick Marine Assurance Company*, also the pamphlets issued by the Office at Liverpool, affording ample details of the mode of transacting business by the Company.

The rates of premium will be as low as any other respectable Company, and the undersigned trusts a fair portion of public patronage will be accorded to the Company.

Losses not exceeding £500, will be settled without referring to the head Office at Liverpool.

EDWARD ALLISON.

Dated at St. John, N. B. 4th August, 1851.

Oakum, Paints, Oils & Putty.

Landing ex *Faside*, from London—

3 TONS London Best Parish Picked *OAKUM*;
3 casks boiled } Brandram's best Paint Oil;
3 casks raw }
2 casks No 1 } Brandram's best White Lead,
2 casks No 2 } in 56 and 28 lb. kegs;
1 cask Putty, in 14 lb, & 7lb. bladders;
20 half-chests best Congo *TEA*.

GEORGE THOMAS,
May 4. *South Market Wharf.*

New Molasses.

166 HHDS., 17 Tierces, } Early Crop Molasses.

Now landing from Matanzas ex brig Zero, will be sold low while landing.

FLEWWELLING & READING.
March 16.

Brandy and Venegar.

Per *Oberon*, from Charente—

22 HHDS. Henessey's Dark and Pale BRANDY;
25 cases very old Bottled ditto;
6 casks French White Wine *VINEGAR*.

June 1. FLEWWELLING & READING.

FALL SUPPLIES.

Landing ex 'Village Belle,' from Glasgow, and 'Themis,' from Liverpool—

5 BARRELS Split PEAS,
15 do. Pot and Pearl BARLEY,
20 do. Fresh Ayrshire OATMEAL,
5 boxes patent Sago, and Greenfield Powder STARCH.
4 cases patent Chinese STARCH,
1 case Spanish Chocolate; 1 bale Shop TWINE,
1 bale Hemp Bed Cords; 1 cask Scrubbing BRUSHES,
1 barrel Flour of SULPHUR—For Sale by
Sept 28. JARDINE & CO.

STOVES! STOVES!

Corner of Dock Street and Market Square.

THE subscriber has just received a good assortment of COOKING STOVES, FRANKLINS, and CLOSE STOVES, including Canada Stoves, which he offers for sale at very low prices. W. H. ADAMS.

October 26.

SHEFFIELD HOUSE,

Market square, April 17th, 1852.

NEW GOODS,
Per steamer "Canada."

ROBINSON & THOMPSON have just received a large and rich assortment of GOLD JEWELLERY, consisting of new styles of BROOCHES, set with Agua-Marine Carbuncle, Topaz, Amethyst and other settings; Ladies and Gents. Finger RINGS, set with gems and other fancy and rare stones; new patterns VEST CHAINS, in gold and silver; GOLD CHAINS and GUARDS in variety; Gold, Silver, Scotch Pebble, and Hair BRACELETS; Lockets; Watch Brooches; Watch Keys and Seals; Gold Snaps and Crosses; Gold Spectacles; Gold and Silver Pencil Cases and Tooth Picks; Gold Enamel and Coruelian Studs, latest patterns.

☞ Silver Brooches and Shawl Pins, in great variety; Silver Butter Knives and Pickle Forks; Silver Thimbles; Ladies' Companions; Fish Carvers and Cake Knives; in cases; Silver Fruit Knives; Silver sugar Spoons and Caddy Shells; Silver Knive, Fork and Spoon, in cases; Silver Rattles with Coral; Silver Boquet Holders; Silver Card Cases; Silver Fittings for Work Boxes, &c.; Silver Taper Stands; best English Side Combs.

GOLD and SILVER WATCHES, &c.

The above Goods having been purchased in the first Markets by one of the firm, they can with confidence recommend them as being of the first quality. They are offered at such prices as will ensure a continuance of the liberal patronage hitherto enjoyed by this Establishment for the last ten years.—Having renewed the lease of their Store, and made extensive enlargements and improvements, purchasers will do well to inspect their Goods, which, when complete, will be found to consist of every variety and price, suitable to the wants and wishes of all classes.

WHOLESALE and RETAIL.

Daily expected per Ships *Devon* and *Alciope*—55 packages, consisting of Cutlery; Plated Electro and Albata Wares; Fancy Goods, &c., &c., &c. Particulars in future advertisements.

Expected per steamer early next week—1 case English Silver Spoons, &c. April 17.—6i.

Books, Stationery, Threads, &c.

Per ship 'Royalist,' Kerr, Master, from Liverpool, Landing for the Subscriber—

6 CASES of well-assorted STATIONERY, containing Superfine and Fine Quality Foolscap; Post and Foot PAPER, Letter and Note Paper; Envelopes; Single and Double Crown Paper; Few Cell bound Elastic Ledgers, 4 and 7 quires; Long Folio and Day Books, Cell bound 4 and 10 quires; Gilt and Plain Metallic Books; Sacred Music Book-; Songs of Scotland, &c, &c. The above well adapted for Counting-house use.

Also—3 Cases of 3 and 6 cord White Sewing THREADS, numbered from 10 to 90, 100 to 300 Yard Reels, of very best quality and description.

Will be sold low by the Subscriber.

JOHN V. THURGAR,
March 30. North Market Wharf

Sheffield House,

Market Square, April 17, 1852.

To Watchmakers, Jewellers, &c.

ROBINSON & THOMPSON have just opened an assortment of WATCH MATERIALS, TOOLS, &c., which they offer to the Trade at very low prices, consisting of English and Geneva Gold, Steel and Metal WATCH HANDS—Butterfly, moon, swell, spade and other patterns; Steel Seconds; Gold and Metal Centres; best Lever Fusee Chains; French do. do.; English and Geneva Hair Springs; Verge do.; Chain Hooks. Lever Stalls; Lever and Verge Screws; Cap Springs and Buttons; Jewel Holes, &c.; Ruby Pins; Brass Curbs; Brass Ratches; Geneva Ratchet Work; Indexes; Silver and G. S. Bows and Pendants; Watch Dials, Watch Glasses, Joints; Catches and Ornaments for repairing Brooches; Brooch Pins in Gold, G. S., Steel and Brass; Earring Loops, Crampe, and Claws; Screw Ferrules; French Drills; Drill Stocks, Sheeting do.; Pivot Broaches, Watch do.; endless screw Keys; Chamfering Tools; Calipers; Watch Pivers, cutting do.; Sliding Tongs; Hand Vices; Clams; Pinion Gauges; Dividers Hammers; Main Spring Winders; Joint Pushers, Tweezers, Burnishers, English and French Screw Drivers; drill bow, and spring Gut &c. &c. &c.

☞ An inspection is respectfully solicited.

Apr 17—tf.

GOODS

From London, Liverpool, &c., now landing—

900 BOXES 7x9 8x10, 9x12 and 10x12 Sheet Window GLASS,
200 Kegs Brandram's WHITE LEAD,
200 Kegs *Habbuck's* White ZINC PAINT,
100 Bags assorted Cut NAILS;
2000 Pieces London PAPER HANGINGS,
5 Hhds Crushed SUGAR,
20 Barrels Dried CURRANTS,
15 Bags Black PEPPER,
6 Bales CLOVES,
20 Chests TEA,
1 Chest INDIGO; 1 bbl. NUTMEGS,
1 Case of Bottle INK
50 Boxes Common SOAP,
20 Boxes Castile, Windsor, and Toilet SOAPS.

For sale by JOHN KINNEAR,
April 27, 1852. *Prince Wm. Street*

Guano, Pickles, &c.

Landing, ex '*Sarah Louisa*,' from Liverpool—

80 BAGS best Peruvian GUANO;
35 dozen SICKLES;
15 dozen Grass HOOKS; 10 doz. Steel Pointed SHOVELS; 10 doz. CATTLE TIES; 8 doz. GARDEN RAKES.

Ex schr. *Martha Greenow*, from Boston—

15 boxes Cummington *SCYTHE STONES;*
5 Spring Teeth Horse Rakes;
5 Revolving Horse Rakes,—with a large assortment of SCYTHS, Cradle Scythes, Rakes, Forks, Shovels, &c. &c.—For sale by

June 22. JARDINE & CO.

SHIP'S PROVISIONS!
Beef, Pork and Bread.

LANDING ex Mary, from Boston:—40 barrels Mess BEEF; 20 barrels extra Prime PORK;
25 barrels Pilot } BREAD;
70 barrels Navy }
In bond, for Ships' Stores.

Sept. 7. GEORGE THOMAS.

Window Glass and Champagne.

Landing this day by schr. 'Charles' from Halifax:

100 BOXES WINDOW GLASS, assorted sizes, 10x8 to 15x11;
20 Baskets Sparkling CHAMPAGNE.

Daily expected from Glasgow:—

200 Boxes TOBACCO PIPES;
3 cases COTTON REELS.

JOHN V. THURGAR,
Sept 7, 1852. North Market Wharf.

London Groceries.

Landing ex Acteon from London:

20 CHESTS fine Congo TEA, of very superior quality for family use.
2 cases Brown Windsor, and Honey SOAP,
15 kegs S. F. and D. S. F. Mustard,
15 cases Smyrna Cooking RAISINS;
1 chest Pearl SAGO; 20 boxes Maccaroni & Vermicelli,
1 bag White PEPPER;
Cases Isinglass, Candied Citron, Lemon & Orange Peel;
Casks Pickles and Sauces, Orange Marmalade, Pearl Groats;
1 tierce Preserved Meats—comprising Roast and Boiled Beef, Mutton, and Veal, Hashed Mutton, Calf's Head, &c. &c.
1 chest Madras INDIGO.—For sale by

Sept 28. JARDINE & CO.

GLENFIELD PATENT DOUBLE REFINED POWDER STARCH.

THE subscribers have been appointed Wholesale Agents in New-Brunswick, for the above celebrated STARCH, to which the *Prize Medal* was awarded at the late Great Exhibition in London, and noticed for its "*general superiority*," by the Royal Commissioners and Jury, from amongst thirty or forty Samples Exhibited.

The manufacturers have also received testimonials from Her Majesty's Laundress, the Countess of Eglinton, and many others of the Nobility of the United Kingdom; and, from its superior and peculiar qualities, it has met with an almost universal acknowledgment.

In the manufacture of "Glenfield Patent Double Refined Powder Starch," it goes through a process so simple and efficient, that it acquires no properties hurtful to either texture or appearance of the goods, but on the contrary, produces a fine, clear, flexible finish; it requires no boiling, is perfectly free from all impurities, and is warranted not to adhere to the Iron.

A consignment has just been received of the above celebrated STARCH, to which the attention of the public is solicited.

☞ *Retailers supplied on favorable terms.*

Sept. 7. JARDINE & CO.

Hibernian Hotel Notice.

THE subscriber wishes to inform his numerous friends and the public; that there always may be had at this Establishment, *OYSTERS* the best quality. Also, *Chicken PIES, Mutton Pies*, and *Roast Fowls* always on hand, with which private families can be supplied at any time. Also, CORDIALS suitable for Temperance advocates or teetotalers, besides, comfortable Rooms for public or private parties always ready at a call, to which the attention of the travelling community is respectfully solicited.

JAMES NETHERY,
St. John, Sept. 28, 1852. *Church Street.*

India Rubber Boots and Shoes,

Of superior quality, on hand, as follows:—

2000 PAIRS Men's Over SHOES;
1600 pairs Women's Over Shoes;
600 pairs Women's BUSKINS;
100 do. Women's GAITERS;
200 do. Jenny Lind BOOTS;
750 do. Misses' Over SHOES;
400 do. Children's Over Shoes;
50 do. Men's India Rubber BOOTS.

For sale by JOHN KINNEAR,
Sept. 11. *Prince William Street.*

ADAMS' HARDWARE STORE,

Corner Dock Street and Market Square.

18th September. 1852.

ROWLAND'S MILL SAWS, 6, 6½ and 7 feet long; Hoole, Stansforth & Co's. Gang and Circular SAWS. And, always on hand—India Rubber Belting, Packing and Hose. W. H. ADAMS.

Sheet Lead and Shot.

Ex "Pilgrim," from Liverpool:—

6 ROLLS SHEET LEAD, from 3 to 5 lbs.;
2 tons Patent SHOT; for sale by

Sept. 14. W. TISDALE & SON.

Corner Dock-Street and Market Square 25th SEPTEMBER, 1852.

W. H. ADAMS

Has received per "Themis," and "Village Belle,

15 TONS Hollow Ware, consisting of Pots, Boilers, Frying Pans, Bake Ovens, and extra Covers;
6 casks Teakettles and Frying Pans;
3 each casks and cases (Thompson's) Augers, assorted;
45 bags Rose and Clasp Headed Nails;
4 kegs Copper and Composition Sheathing and Boat ditto;
1 cask Wrought Pump Tacks;
3 casks and cases Hair Cloth and Curled Hair;
2 casks Cutlery;
3 cases Sanderson's best Bar Cast Steel;
4 casks sheet Zinc;
4 do. Borax and Glue;
An assortment of Vices and Anvils;
3 casks shoe Thread;
2 cases Lines and Twines.

☞ Balance of Fall stock daily expected.

Burning Fluid.

Just received by the *Cuba*, from Boston,

2 BARRELS Superior BURNING FLUID. For sale by

THOMAS M. REED,
Sept. 28. North Wharf.

LANDING,

Ex Henry Holland, from Glasgow, direct from the Manufactory:—

36 DOZEN Patent sparkling GELATINE.—For sale by

Oct. 5. JARDINE & CO.

Agricultural Implements

ON HAND—A large assortment of Fan Mills, Straw Cutters and Vegetable Boilers. For sale by

Oct. 5. JARDINE & CO.

Patent Windlasses on Consignment.

To arrive per ship "Commodore," from Liverpool:

5 PATENT WINDLASSES, 14 inch, 16 inch, 17 inch, 19 inch, and 22 inch, with Patent Boxes, Cross Hands, and Pedestal Handles

Sept. 28. GEORGE THOMAS.

Coffee, Raisins, Hams, &c. &c.

Landing ex "Cuba," from Boston:—

50 BAGS Java and Laguira COFFEE;
1 cask Prime HAMS;
10 boxes SALERATUS; 6 barrels Pea Beans;
6 sacks Filberts and Walnuts,
5 boxes LEMONS; 1 tierce HONEY,
20 jars and bladders Scotch Snuff,
5 barrels Ground LOGWOOD,
1 ton Logwood; 1 half-ton Fustic,
3 barrels QUINCES; 10 brls. APPLES.

Per "*Gazelle*," from Halifax—

200 half and quarter boxes new RAISINS.

JAMES MACFARLANE,
October 26. *Market Square.*

Scotch Oats.

300 BUSHELS superior White Oats, for feeding.

Sept. 14. JARDINE & CO.

Spiced Salmon!

SPICED SALMON, in tin packages, Hermetically sealed, warranted to keep in any climate.—For sale by Retail, or in larger quantities for exportation. GEO. THOMAS,
Aug 31, South Wharf.

FOUR DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE!

The steamship Baltic arrived at New York on Saturday night, with dates to the 17th Nov.

The steamship Europa arrived at Liverpool on the 16th.

The new Cunard screw steamer Andes arrived at Liverpool from Greenock on the 16th, and will sail for New York on the 8th of Dec. The Alps, the second steamer of the new line, is expected at Liverpool by the middle of Dec.

The European news by this arrival does not possess much interest.

Cotton continued depressed. Breadstuffs are buoyant.

In the House of Commons, on Friday evening, the Chancellor of the Exchequer said, in answer to Mr. Herbert, that he could not fix the time when the papers relative to the North American fisheries would be laid before the House, but he believed that he could assure the House that the result of the negociations would be of great commercial advantage.

In the House of Lords on Monday, a bill was passed making Thursday the 18th, a legal holiday, out of respect to the memory of the late Duke of Wellington. Subsequently the House of Commons agreed to the same proposition.

Lord Stanley, in reply to a question on Monday, stated that communications had passed on the subject of the modification of the customs dues on the part of France, and that the French government evinced a favourable disposition in the matter.

Lord Londonderry has written to Abd-el-Kader, inviting him to visit England.

The damage done by the inundations in England has caused great delay in transmitting the mails. There have been numerous casualties to shipping along the Irish coast.

On motion of Lord Palmerston, a return was ordered of the number of slaves imported into Cuba and the Brazils. Mr. Hume complained of the infringement on the part of Spain and Portugal of the treaty for the suppression of the slave trade.

A select committee was appointed to inquire into the government of India.

On Tuesday the Lord Chancellor stated the measures which the government intended to bring forward for improving the administration of the law.

In the Commons, in reply to Mr. Hume, Lord Stanley stated that the Austrian government had apologised for the arrest in June last of Mr. Newton, a British subject.

On Monday the Earl of Derby called a meeting of the members of Parliament favorable to the support of the present Ministry. About 230 members were present. The meeting was understood to be in relation to Mr. Villier's intended free trade motion, of which the following is a copy as it stands on the order book for the 23d inst.:—"Mr. Charles Villers to move a resolution on free trade." This is of course intended as a test question of the strength of the present Government, and the result is looked for with considerable eagerness by the friends and opponents of the ministry.

The obsequies of the Duke of Wellington excite the largest share of public attention. The day, Thursday, the 18th inst. was to be observed throughout the country as a holiday. All the public offices, &c., will be closed, and business operations of every kind suspended. It is expected to be a most gorgeous affair.

Very high floods had occurred in the Thames, the Wye, Severn and other rivers, resulting in much damage being sustained to property in the neighbourhood.

U. S. brig of war Dolphin put into Lisbon Nov. 7th for repairs, having thrown overboard all her armament, except one gun.

So great had been the crowd to see the Duke of Wellington's remains, that several persons had been suffocated.

Accounts from the Cape of Good Hope to Oct. 9, state that the war had about drawn to a close.

In India it was expected that peace would be concluded with the king of Ava at Prome on the 3d and 4th October, although hostilities continued.

Accounts from Australia state that in one week in July, $2,500,000 had been taken from the mines. The aggregate for the month was $8,000,000.

VALUE OF A LARGE LIBRARY.—The apt reply of a distinguished scholar to a benefactor of the institution of learning with which he was connected, when an increase of the library was the subject of discussion, deserves perpetual remembrance. "We need more books," said the Professor. "More books!" exclaimed the merchant; "why, have you read through all that you already possess?" "O no, I never expect to read them all." "Why then do you want more?" "Pray, sir, did you ever read your dictionary through?" "Certainly not." "Well, a library is my dictionary."

HOLLOW HORN.—This troublesome and not unfrequently fatal disease, may be prevented simply by putting a table-spoonful of spirits of turpentine in the cavity or hollow behind the horns, during the severe weather of winter and early spring. Liberal feeding and good protection, however, will, as a general thing, obviate the necessity of the forgoing application. It is rarely the case, indeed, that cows which are well kept and comfortably lodged become subjects of this disease.—*Woburn Journal.*

THE SIAMESE TWINS.—Chang and Eng are the owners of a large number of slaves, in North Carolina, and are said to be very severe task-masters. They are married, and what is singular, Chang is said to be a Pierce and King democrat, and Eng something of a Hale abolitionist. Both are married, the former having six children, and the latter five. Eng's wife weighs 240 pounds; the aggregate weight of the twins is but 210 pounds.

The Misery of Idleness.—A man who is able to employ himself innocently is never miserable. It is the idle who are wretched. If I wanted to inflict the greatest punishment on a fellow creature, I would shut him alone in a dark room without employment.

A BURST OF TALENT!—A Yankee, being asked to describe his wife, said: "Why, sir, she'd make a regular fast, go-a-head steamer, my wife would—she has such wonderful talent for blowing up."—*Punch.*

Susan M. Learnare recovered $3500 from Dr. Alfred Watkyns for breach of promise of marriage in Albany, on the 18th inst. The lady is only 21 years of age, but the gentleman is 56. The latter, however, is worth $10,000.

An interesting little girl of ten years of age, in Nashua, N. H., was so badly frightened recently by a man disguised in a mask, at a window she was passing, that an affection of the brain ensued, of which she died.

A farmer in Canton, Mass., has a cranberry meadow of twelve acres in extent, lying near Punkapong Pond, from which he has raked, the present season, upwards of 1000 bushels fine cranberries, for which he has realized $3000 in cash.

A merchant in Hartford has cleared $40,000 by flour shipped to California this season.

Poetry.

LITTLE SUE.

Dear little Sue, with eyes so blue,
And her tresses of golden hair,
Her cheeks that rival the peach's hue,
Her lips so red and so fair,
How her silver tongue so joyously rung,
When watching, she hailed with delight,
My Evening's return, while on my neck she hung,
Lisping her prayer and good night.

Poor little Sue, no more shall I view
From the casement her beautiful face,
For welcome at eve, she has bade us adieu,
And vacant, and silent's her place;
Under the ground, where yon green mound,
Covers a grave, small and new,
In sleep, so sweet, so quiet and sound,
Rests my gentle, my angel Sue.

THE HOME OF BURNS.

"Grace Greenwood," the sprightly correspondent of the N. Y. National Era, writes of her visit to the Home of Burns:—

The cottage in which Burns was born, and which his father built, was originally called a "clay bigging," consisting only of two small apartments on the ground floor—a kitchen and sitting-room. The kitchen has a recess for a bed, and here the Poet first opened his bewildered baby eyes on a most ungenial world. This room, it is supposed, was the scene of "The Cotter's Saturday Night." I was somewhat disappointed to find this cottage standing on the road, and that it had been built on to, and whitewashed out of all character and venerableness. It is now occupied as an ale-house, which becometh it little as the scene of the beautiful religious poem above-named. A few rods from the door stands the "auld haunted kirk," through one of whose windows luckless Tam O'Shanter took his daring observation of Old Nick and the witches, "as they appeared when enjoying themselves." This is a picturesque, roofless, rafterless edifice, in a good state of preservation. In the pleasant old churchyard rests the father of the poet, beneath the tombstone erected and inscribed by one whose days should have been "long in the land," according to the promise, for Burns truly honored his father and his mother.

From the kirk we went to the monument, which stands on the summit of the eastern bank of the Doon, and near to the "auld brig," on the "keystone" of which poor Tam O'Shanter was delivered from his weird pursuers, and his gray mare, "Meggie," met with a loss irreparable. This monument, of which the prints give you a very good idea, is of graceful proportions and a graceful style of architecture. The grounds about it, though small in extent, are admirably kept, shaded with fine shrubbery, and made more beautiful by hosts of rare and lovely flowers.

There seemed to me something peculiarly and [illegible] sacred to the genius of Burns, with the leafy haunts of the birds he loved, in whose songs alone would his tuneful memory live, and with the sweetness and brightness of flowers, from whose glowing hearts he would have drawn deep meanings of love and pure breathings of passion, or as those frail, fragrant leaves he would have rent holy Sabbath truths, lessons of modesty and meekness, and teachings of the wondrous workings of Him who planted the daisy on the lonely hill-side, and the poet in a weary world—the one to delight the eyes, the other to charm and cheer the souls, of his creatures.

Within the monument, we saw that most touching relic of Burns, the Bible which he gave to "Highland Mary" at their solemn betrothal. It is in two volumes. On the fly-leaf of the first, in the hand-writing of the poet, is the text, "And ye shall not swear by my name falsely; I am the Lord." In the second, "Thou shalt not forswear thyself, but thou shalt perform unto the Lord thine oaths." In both of the volumes is the name of Burns, with his Mason's mark, and in one is a lock of Mary's own beautiful golden hair—a soft, glossy curl, which, in the last tender parting, may have been smoothed down by the caressing hand, may have waved in the breath, or lain against the breast of the poet-lover.

The view from the summit of the monument is exceedingly interesting, embracing as it does many of the scenes of the life and song of Burns. The scenery of Ayr is not grand, surely, nor strikingly picturesque; but this view is lovely, quiet, and pleasant, beyond description—truly a smiling landscape.

Perhaps something was owing to the rich sunshine and soft air of the day, and more to the wondrous charm of association; but I never remember to have felt a more exquisite sense of beauty, a delight more deep and delicious, though shadowed with sad and regretful memories, than while sitting or strolling on the banks of the Doon, half cheated by excited fancy with the hope that I might see the rustic poet, leaning over the picturesque "auld brig," following with his great, dark, dreamy eyes, the windings of the stream below, or, with glowing face upraised, revelling in the clear deep blue, and fair floating clouds above; or, perchance, walking slowly on the shore, coming down from the pleasant "Braes o' Ballochmyle," musing, with folded arms and drooping head, on "the bonnie lass" who had there unconsciously strayed across the path of a poet, and chanced upon immortality. The Doon seemed to roll by with the melodious flow of his song—now with the impetuous sweep of passion; now with the fine sparkle of pleasant wit; now under the solemn shadows of sorrow; now out into the clear sunlight of exultant joy; now with the soft gurgle and silver trickling of love's light measures; now with the low, deep murmur of devotion. As I lingered there, countless snatches of the poet's songs, and stanza after stanza of long-forgotten poems, sprang to my lips; rare thoughts, the sweet, fresh flowers of his genius, seemed suddenly to blossom out from all the hidden nooks and still, shaded places of memory, and the fair children of his fancy, who had sung themselves to sleep in my heart long ago, stirred, awoke and smiled into my face again.

Happily for me, my companions fully understood and sympathized with my mood—so, little was said, that much might be felt. One sung:

"Ye banks and braes o' bonny Doon;"

and whether it was that his voice, in its deep, pathetic tones, was peculiarly suited to the mournful words and air, or that the scene itself mingled its melodious memory with the singing, I know not; but never before had I been so affected by the song.

On our way back to Ayr, we called to see the sister and nieces of Burns—Mrs. Beggs and her daughters—who we had been assured were most kindly accessible to visitors. This visit was altogether the most interesting and gratifying event of the day. Mrs. Beggs lives in a simple but charming little rose-embowered cottage, about a mile from her birth-place, where all who seek her with a respectful interest, receive a courteous and cordial welcome. Mrs. Beggs is now about eighty years of age, but looks scarcely above sixty, and shows more than the remains of remarkable beauty. Her smile could hardly have been sweeter, or her eyes finer, at twenty. Her sight, hearing, and memory, seem unimpaired; her manners are graceful, modest, and lady-like, and she converses with rare intelligence and animation, speaking with a slight, sweet Scottish accent. Her likeness to Nesmith's portrait of her brother is very marked—her eyes are peculiarly like the idea we have of his, both by pictures and description—large, dark, lustrous, and changing.

Those eyes shone with new brightness as I told her of our love for the memory of her beloved brother, our sympathy in his sorrows, and our honor for his free and manly spirit—when I told her the New World, as the Old, bowed to the mastery of his genius, and were swayed to smiles or tears by the wondrous witchery of his song. But when I spoke my admiration of the monument, and said—"What a joy it would have been to him, could he have foreseen such noble recognition of his greatness!" she smiled mournfully, and shook her head, saying—"Ah, madam, in his proudest moments, my poor brother never dreamed of such a thing;" then added that his death chamber was darkened and his death agony deepened by want and care, and torturing fears for the dear ones he was to leave. I was reminded by her words of the expression of an old Scotch dame, in our country, on hearing of the completion of this monument: "Poir Rob; he asked for bread, and now they gie him a stane."

Mrs. Beggs says that Nesmith's portrait of her brother is the be t, but that no picture could have done full justice to the kindling and varying expressions of his face. In her daughters, who are pleasant and interesting women, you can trace a strong family resemblance to the poet.

The three sons of Burns are yet living—two officers in the army, and one has a situation under government at Dumfries. All three are widowers. When I saw her, Mrs. Beggs was expecting daily the two youngest, the soldiers, who, as often as possible visit Ayr, and cherish, as tenderly, as proudly, the memory of their father.

It was with deep emotion that I parted from this gentle and large-hearted woman, in whose kindred and likeness to the glorious peasant I almost felt that I had seen him, heard his voice, with all its searching sweetness, and had my soul sounded by the deep divinings of his eyes. It seems, indeed, a blessing that, after the sorrow which had darkened her youth, the beholding the pride of her house sink into the grave in his prime, broken-hearted by the neglect of friends, the contempt and cruelty of foes, by care and poverty, and bitterest of all, by a weary weight of self-reproach—that she lived to see his children happy and prosperous—his birth-place and grave counted among the world's pilgrim shrines—to be herself honored and beloved for his sake, and to sun her chilled age in the noontide of his glory.

MIND AGAINST MIND.—There is a strong disposition in men of opposite minds to despise each other. A grave man cannot conceive what is the use of wit in society; a person who takes a strong, common sense view of the subject, is for pushing out by the head and shoulders an ingenious theorist who catches at the slightest and faintest analogies; and another man, who scents the ridiculous from afar, will hold no commerce with him who taste exquisitely the fine feeling of the heart, and is alive to nothing else; whereas, talent is talent, and mind is mind, in all its branches! Wit gives to life one of its best flavors, common sense leads to immediate action, and gives society its daily motion; large and comprehensive views [illegible] rotation [illegible] keeps men in their proper sphere: subtlety seizes hold of the fine threads of truth; analogy darts away to the most sublime discoveries; feeling paints all the exquisite passions of man's soul, and rewards him by a thousand inward visitations for the sorrows that come from without. God made it all! It is all good!—We must despise no sort of talent; they all have their separate duties and uses; all the happiness of man for their object; they all improve, exalt, and gladden life.—*Sidney Smith.*

THACKERAY AS A PUBLIC SPEAKER.—A Correspondent of the New York *Evening Post*, who heard him in London, thus describes Mr. T.:—

"He was a tall brawny man, with a full face, clumsy abrupt manner, carelessly dressed, his head turning gravish, and with a quiet, sagacious, and rather good-humored face. I should have said, without knowing him, that he was a comfortable English gentleman and scholar, and not a cynical philosopher. His voice was agreeable and distinct, but not loud, while there was nothing of the orator in his manner. He merely read what he had to say, as any well educated man might read it, a little rapidly, and now and then with a dry sarcastic interjection, as if it had just occurred. His emphasis was often misplaced, and his modulations of voice unpleasant, while he used no action. But it was the matter of the lecture which lent it its principal charm."

A RELIC OF THE PAST.—The aged and venerable bark Maria, of this port, which has been for some time undergoing repairs, was hauled up on the Fairhaven Railway, on Wednesday. This vessel has reached the age which is appointed unto man—three score and ten—and was, we believe, built at Kingston in this State. For the last fifty or sixty years, she has been successfully engaged in the sperm whale fishery, having been owned by the late Samuel Rodman, Esq., of this city, and being now in possession of the Rodman family. It is undoubtedly true that the Maria was either the first or second vessel that displayed the American flag in the Bristol channel. Notwithstanding her great age, it is thought that by the exercise of a little care she may safely arrive at her hundredth year. Her model is very singular and different from that of any vessel at the present time.—*New Bedford Standard.*

A SETTLER.—I entered a log school-house once, where a "Debatin' Society" was holding forth upon the question: "If a man saw his wife and mother in the water drowning, which should he help out first?" The question was considered with animation upon both sides for a while, when a "backwardness" began to manifest itself. The president desired debaters, "if they had any thing to say, to continue." After a pause, a peaked-looking man in the back part of the house got up and said, with considerable confidence and embarrassment: "Mr. President: I think if a man saw his mother and wife in the water drowning, he ought to help his mother out first: because, you see, if his wife *did* get drowned, he could get another one, but he could'nt get another mother, not easy!"

This settled the question, and the verdict was given "accordingly."—[Western paper.

WHAT MAKES A MAN?—The longer I live, the more certain I am that the great difference between men, the great and the insignificant, is energy—invincible determination—an honest purpose once fixed, and then victory. That quality will do any thing that can be done in the world; and no talents, no circumstances, no opportunity will make a two-legged creature a man without it.—[Goethe.

It is a good thing often to think and speak of our father's sepulchres; not their estates or honors only, but their tombs; where they are gone; and how employed, and what becomes of their bodies and how quickly we shall go to them. The grave is the inheritance of all their children.

Communication.

To the Editor of the Observer.

SIR,—The season of the year has arrived when the long evenings invite to reading and meditation; and although I have always been a working farmer, and somewhat given to reading (at least the newspaper, which for many years has regularly visited my abode, and latterly an agricultural periodical), it struck me that I would jot down an old man's thoughts about matters and things, past and present, without I hope your readers blaming me if I am a little rambling.

And first about our own country. A youngster, a neighbour's son, has lately been to Canada, and passed through Rochester; where he tells me they prepare 500 barrels of Genesee flour for market every day!—he has travelled at the rate of fifty miles an hour on a railroad—paid two and six-pence for a bit of pumpkin pie as big as his hand, and got his mouth scalded swallowing a cup of hot coffee, while they were stopping at one of their big stone station houses, a minute or two, to tempt travellers to eat—seen a row of tall granite houses all alike in Boston; and more people in a street than he ever see here in all his life—and all-amost lost himself in a spring cushion, on board the steamboat coming back here; and now the young wiseacre has the face to tell me we don't go a-head!

Why, Sir, I live, and always have lived, on the great road leading to Nova Scotia; and remember well when father used to go winding across the tops of the high hills on his way to Town, with the saddle-bags strung across the old mare, and a colt following her, with no other way of storing notices, tea pots and all, but the receptacles before mentioned—no Minister to preach to us good tidings—a schoolmaster that was no more to our third class ones now than nothing at all (I've been a Trustee in my time), one who thought he'd swallowed the Dictionary, but could'nt make me believe it—who if he taught the young idea how to shoot, it was'nt with the strength of the barren fig tree, for it would scarcely bear leaves. And, Sir, as to great coats and oversocks, why, if we got a blue homespun jacket, not even covering the small of the back, and a pair of cowhide shoes, with cowhide strings, we'd go a-courting the women. Dad's back was turned. We thought a log house a comfortable sort of place, with one room for kitchen and all, and the loft (cold enough to keep meat from December to March) to sleep in—and if a neighbour did get up in the world enough to have a frame house, it was sure to be painted red. In the way of farming, what little we had to spare, two or three neighbours of us would get together and haul it with the oxen to the river, stow it away in the boat, and then strip to it and pull like good fellows all the way to town and back; and not ever get our eyes on a piece of money then, but 'take it out in trade.' And, Sir, those were not bad times either, and if we did have to rough it, those by-gone days are pleasant to look back upon.

But, Mr. Editor, I've a liking for New-Brunswick, not only because it's the land——in fact, its the only land I ever see—but because she's rich in natural resources, as our Members say—rich in her soil and in her waters. I well remember, when one unbroken forest waved its shadows between St. John and my place!—now a turnpiked road passes my door, travelled by daily coaches—the telegraph wires run past too, that gave so much trouble to the old women in Vermont; and that our Squire said, all that you had to do, was to write on a slip of paper, and wrap it round 'em, and it would go clear to Virginny and come back with the answer on t'other side, but I did'nt believe it—I can count houses, I don't know how many, and not red ones either, from my door stoop, where once I could count none.—A Church spire peeps up, too, from the midst of a pretty grove not a great way off; and sends a cheering sound over the country side on a Sabbath morning, as it rings forth its summoning peal. We have a way-office too, with its post-boy bringing more than one newspaper, and one or two agricultural ones, to teach us how we may apply mind as well as the plough, in turning over our soil.—And last, though not least, we have many advantages to school our children, which sets me a wondering when I think of what we used to get—nothing of the College which I hear talk of as being in operation this Fall; and where, folks tell me, is a large Library with some thousands of books, and masters to teach everything. And yet my neighbour's son, and others like him, say we don't go ahead. Eyes have they, but they see not. Brother Jonathan harries them along on a railway made with English capital; and slicks them into the belief that it's all his'n. Why we'll have a better one than any of them when Jackson spends some of his gold amongst us next Summer.

But, Mr. Editor, although a clear shear New Brunswicker, I am no enemy to book-farming.—I like to read of what brother farmers are doing in other countries, in what respect their operations differ from my own, how experiments succeed, and thus pick up what I'd have to get by hard knocks without it. After reading out *loud to my good* woman an account of a well managed and productive farm, I tell her we're just about leaving the world when we ought to have been born.

I'm a member of the Agricultural Society at Fredericton—I paid a pound before I came away, and did'nt begrudge it either; and here a short time ago I got quite a nice sized pamphlet, the Journal of its doings. I've read it through, and feel I've got my money back in information. That Essay upon Orchards, by Mr. Watts, is worth the subscription. We often do things without sufficient thought, such as setting out apple trees in little holes, and forgetting that our wives, like the cows to get the after-grass, when ten to one if they ain't all rubbed down. I've got some fine young trees growing in my orchard, although it is in grass. But, Sir, they don't do half what they would if the ground was worked. I'm going to break it all up next Spring, and get it rich and mellow as an ash heap, and then set it all out with grafted trees, which will bear before my old head gets much whiter.

But what pleased me most, was the acount of Dr. Peters and Mr. Jardine's farms. I had no notion there was any such thorough going farming in the country. They seem to have it all planned out, and manage it just as I've seen some large mill managed; every man with his business to do and he must do it. I'm going to read it to some of my neighbours, but I'm afraid it would be sowing the seed in stony places. They would'nt believe that Mr. Jardine manufactured 200 loads of manure from 26 head of cattle and 20 sheep, aided by peat and straw, or that he raised 1900 bushels of roots from 5 acres, or that Dr. Peters could increase his manure heap, using all the weeds about the farm. Why, Mr. Editor, I know plenty of farmers in my County who take loads of pork to market, bringing 30, 40 or £50, and don't make more than two or three loads of manure from their hog pens; and if that is'nt putting in at the spigot and taking out at the bung, it's very like it. But if these gentlemen have money to work with, enabling them to hire and put up suitable buildings, there is no excuse for the bad management of many of us; and the poorest might take a leaf out of their book. The Journal ought to be scattered fa nd wide, to show what the Society is doing at Fredericton; and what people with clear heads and something in their pockets, are doing for the farming interest. If it was read it would open the eyes of many, and set them a-thinking these long evenings. It would give them greater faith in the ability of their country to furnish them a better living by honest industry and foresight at home; and keep down the visions of wheat fields in Canada, and money and ease got by annexation to the States, which too many indulge in.

I've just happened to think of something in a paper I laid by some years ago, and I find (and I guess the writer knew too) that Boston contained 12,000 *inhabitants* (three times as many as our City where the Legislature sits, or any other Town in the Province, except St. John) in 1720, *or 60 years before the Loyalists set foot on these shores.* Now, if I aint astray, the Pilgrims landed somewhere in the neighbourhood of Boston in 1620. And Boston, with railroads, and British money and people, that there's no matching at bragging, has only got 150,000 people in 230 years. Who will dare to say what the population of St. John, (now 30,000 in 60 years, without railroads, without credit at home, our climate and soil run down for all that is foggy and cold and barren), will be in 1990!

It's scandalous, Mr. Editor, to hear our country run down so, for it appears to me we're jogging along at a pretty merry rate. These however, Sir, are some of my ideas, and if they are homely ones, you must excuse them, for I'm

AN OLD RESIDENTER.

New-Brunswick, Dec. 1, 1852.

The Observer.

SAINT JOHN, DECEMBER 7, 1852.

The steam ship *Europa*, from Liverpool, with dates to the 20th ult., arrived at New-York on Friday. No news of importance yet received.

Our weather continues of a remarkably mild and spring-like description. No frost, no snow, the river entirely open to Woodstock, and upwards, and no present appearance of colder weather being near at hand.

The Fire-Alarm-Bell, weighing about 2,500 pounds, cast in Troy, by Menceley, arrived last week in the brig Village Belle, from New York, and has since been placed in its position in the Bell-Tower erecting at the entrance to King's Square, head of King Street. It has a deep and powerful tone, quite loud enough it is supposed to arouse the citizens from their slumbers in cases of alarms of fire at night.

There is also a proposition before the Common Council, for placing an Illuminated Clock in the Bell-Tower, to be lighted at night with gas.

On Tuesday evening last, 30th November, the members of the Saint Andrew's Society celebrated their national anniversary by supping together at the Saint John Hotel. The supper was every thing that could be desired, and was served up in the Messrs. Scammell's usual excellent style. The sister Societies of St. George and St. Patrick were represented by their office-bearers. Mackay, the Piper of the 72nd Highlanders, and M'Cart's band were present, and by their music, contributed much to the pleasures of the evening.

TEA MEETING.—On Wednesday evening the 24th ult., an interesting Tea Meeting was held in the Reformed Presbyterian Church, Southstream, Upham, for the purpose of aiding the building fund of the new Church in process of erection in that place. Notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather a large and respectable party sat down to tea, after which they were entertained with a variety of interesting addresses. Those who feel an interest in the propagation of evangelical principles, will be gratified to learn that through the exertions of the Rev. Mr. Lawson, a convenient, and beautiful place of worship is in course of erection, for the use of the Reformed Presbyterian Congregation in the above locality—and is expected to be opened in a few weeks for Divine Service. We feel confident that Mr. Lawson and the members of his Church are well deserving the encouragement of christians generally, in their efforts to erect a sanctuary which will be an ornament to the district, and a credit to themselves.

NEW SHIP.—A most magnificent Ship, of about 1240 tons, N. M., called the *Golden Age*, built for Messrs. Willis & Co., of Liverpool, was launched last week from the building yard of Messrs. McLauchlan & Stackhouse, at Carleton. She is built of hacmatack, pitch pine and oak, and is thoroughly copper fastened. Her cabin is large, roomy and commodious, containing fifteen large State rooms. In every respect she is a first class ship, and intended for a regular trader between Liverpool and Australia. She is to be commanded by Captain Nicholas Johnston, late of the ship *Avon*, of this port.

ST. PATRICK'S SOCIETY.—At the regular Annual Meeting of this Society, for the election of officers, held at the St. John Hotel, on the evening of Monday, the 6th instant, the following gentlemen were chosen officers for the ensuing year:

Thos. Parks, Esq., *President*;
George Carvill, Esq., *Vice-President*;
Mr. William Hutchinson, *Treasurer*;
Mr. Alexander Adams, *Secretary*;
Wm. Hutchinson, Jr., Esq., *Ass't. Sec.*

The sub-marine cable from Cape Tormentine to Cape Traverse was successfully laid down on Friday se'nnight, under the superintendence of Mr. Gisborne.

The shipment of gold from San Francisco, during October, amounted to $4,679,000. The rainy season had commenced in California.—An association had been formed in San Francisco, under the name of the American Russian Commercial Company, for the purpose of supplying that city and the various ports on the Pacific coast, with Russian ice. A vessel had been dispatched Northward for the first cargo.

The U. S. steam frigate *Mississippi*, Capt. Lee, bearing the broad pennant of Commodore Perry, sailed from Norfolk on the 24th ult. for Japan, via Maderia. The U. S. steam frigate *Powhatan*, Capt. McCluny, is to follow the *Mississippi*, in place of the *Princeton*. Other ships are to succeed them. The Squadron will rendezvous at a port in China, previous to proceeding to Japan.

By Telegraph.—7th December, 10, A. M.

Quebec.—Dark, foggy and drizzling—everything but a good rain—mild and open as June—mud a foot deep.

Little Falls.—Raining hard.

Grand Falls.—Gloomy and appearance of rain.

Tobique. Do. do.

Woodstock—Cloudy—very mild—wind South East.

Fredericton.—A beautiful morning—warm as July—no wind.—River all clear of ice.

The *Reindeer* left Fredericton at four o'clock this morning for Woodstock.

We regret to learn that the Rev. Mr. Wishart is still seriously ill, so much so as to render a further postponement of the opening of his lecture season, we believe, almost unavoidable.—*Freem.*

RIGHT OF WAY.—We are gratified to learn that Mr. Lewin (formerly of H. M. Customs) has succeeded in obtaining the "right of way" for the Railroad, all the way through from the Bend to Shediac, without a single exception, from owners of land along the route.—*News.*

St. Andrews and Quebec Railroad. The work on the Rairoad is carried on with spirit. We understand that wharves are to be erected at Indian Point terminus, and that large and commodious buildings for station houses, &c., will shortly be commenced. We are also happy to learn that the location of the line near Woodstock, under the direction of the chief engineer, A. L. Light, Esq., will be soon completed. The locomotive runs constantly between Chamcock and town. It is really pleasing to hear the steam whistle giving notice of the approach of the huge "iron horse."—*St. Andrews Standard.*

The specie entered at Panama, during the month of October, amounted to $5,200,000.

The Highland costume is quite the fashion for little boys in London. The prevailing color for bonnets is said to be cactus-color.

Mr. Webster, three days before he died, too ill to visit his extensive stables, had his noble cattle driven up to his mansion, that he might, as he stood in the door-way, take his last look of the noble animals in which he took so much pride.

The ladies of Renfrew, Scotland, have presented the Sons of Temperance there, with a handsome Bible for their Chaplain, and a pair of splendid candlesticks for the desk of the W. P.—Well done, Ladies of Renfrew.

CHURCH MATTERS.

During the past week, meetings of the Members of the Church of England have been held in this City, and in the Parish of Portland, and Carleton, for the purpose of taking into consideration the question propounded in a Circular from the Lord Bishop of the Diocese, relative to the establishment of Diocesan Synods in the Colonies. This measure is said to be proposed by a Bill introduced into Parliament, by Mr. Gladstone, in February last, and withdrawn in April, in consequence of the opposition and remonstrance of Sir John Pakington, but which it is expected will be again introduced during the present session of Parliament.

The Meeting in Carleton passed strong resolutions in favor of Diocesan Synods, and the meeting in Portland was equally decided against them. The attendants of Trinity and St. John Churches met at the Mechanics' Institute, last Friday evening. Beverly Robinson, Esq., was called to the Chair, and James R. Ruel, Esq., was requested to act as Secretary. The following Resolutions were then passed.—*N. Br.*

MEETING IN ST. JOHN.

At a meeting of a large number of the members of the Church of England, attendants on Trinity and St. John Churches, in the City of Saint John, called by the Rev. I. W. D. GRAY, Rector, in pursuance of a Circular from the Lord Bishop of Fredericton, in reference to the Ecclesiastical affairs of the Diocese, and held at the Mechanics' Institute on Friday, the 3rd day of December, 1852.

On motion, Beverly Robinson, Esq., is called to the Chair, and James R. Ruel, Esq., is requested to act as Secretary.

The Chairman then briefly states the object of the meeting, and reads the Bishop's Circular.

Whereupon the following Resolutions were passed:—

Moved by G. D. Robinson, Esq., seconded by Walker Tisdale, Esq.:—

Whereas Mr. Gladstone in his place in Parliament explained "that his object was to introduce certain amendments into the Bill, (to explain and amend the laws relating to the Church in the Colonies,) and to have it printed in a complete form, and transmitted to the Colonies, so that they might consider it during the recess in order to its being laid before the House in another, and he hoped an early session. "And whereas such pledge has not been redeemed, and whereas the Lord Bishop, in his Circular to the Clergy, states that to suppose that a large number of persons (many of whom may not have seen Mr. Gladstone's Bill) will be able, in a short time, to make themselves masters of a subject which touches on many delicate and different questions, is, according to my judgment unreasonable, therefore,

Resolved, That sufficient notice has not been given to obtain from all parts of the Province, a correct expression of opinion upon a subject involving matters of so much importance to the future welfare of the Church.

Moved by R. Bayard, M. D., seconded by His Honor Mr. Justice Parker:—

Resolved, As the opinion of this Meeting, that the Bill introduced into the House of Commons by the Right Hon. Mr. Gladstone, "to explain" and amend the laws relating to the Church in the Colonies, having, in consequence of the opposition it there met with been withdrawn; and it being quite uncertain whether that same Bill, or any other Bill will be again brought forward; or if brought forward whether it will receive the support of the Government, or that any measure will be introduced by the Government on the subject—and this meeting being informed by the Circular of the Lord Bishop that he is not prepared to submit any particular measure to the Diocesan meeting when assembled, the Parishioners of this Parish are not sufficiently conversant with the subject, treating on many delicate and difficult questions, or informed as to the mode of dealing with it, or aware of the object in view in bringing forward the present time; nor have they sufficiently considered the provisions of Mr. Gladstone's Bill, the only plan specifically brought under their notice, to give an answer either in the affirmative or negative of the abstract proposition submitted to them; neither do they think the question has been sufficiently considered in the other Parishes of the Province, to give weight to their decisions. And this meeting distinctly protests against the vote of a majority of Parish meetings being considered to pronounce the sense of the Church in this Province on this important question—or being in any manner bound by the decision of the Diocesan meeting proposed to be called at St. John, in January next. And that in the opinion of this meeting, an humble Petition should be presented to the Imperial Parliament, praying that no act may pass affecting the Church in the Province, until ample opportunity is afforded for considering the provisions of any Bill which may be here introduced.

Moved by J. W. Lawrence, Esq., seconded by J. R. Ruel, Esq.—

Whereas a number of the Clergy of the Diocese are only Missionaries, and as such, removable at the pleasure of the Diocesan; and the salaries of many more are derived from sources which are controlled in a great measure by the recommendation of the Lord Bishop, and

Whereas many of the Country Parishes are thus necessarily dependent for the services of the Church upon the Bishop, therefore,

Resolved, That a Synod constituted of Clergymen so dependent, and of a large proportion of Lay delegates from Parishes so situated, cannot command the confidence of the Churchmen of this Province. JAMES R. RUEL, Secretary.

MEETING IN PORTLAND.

A meeting of the Congregation of the Protestant Episcopal Church, in Portland, was held on Thursday evening, in St. Luke's Church, to take into consideration the circular of the Lord Bishop, and matters there referred to.

The Rev. Mr. Harrison read the Circular of His Lordship the Bishop, and requested the meeting to appoint a Chairman.

On motion of S. L. Tilley, Esq., the Hon. Charles Simonds was called to the chair, and George G. Gilbert, Esq., requested to act as Secretary.

Moved by Mr. James Flewwelling, and seconded by Henry Gilbert, Esq.:—

Resolved, That this meeting are of the opinion that the establishment of Colonial Synods would have a powerful tendency to aggravate evils which now unhappily disturb the peace of the Church in this Colony. And that the best security which the Church can now hope for, is to avoid public discussion upon all points of doctrine and discipline, which would have a tendency to introduce such *innovations* and *heresies* as are now threatening the peace and welfare of the Church of England and Ireland.

Passed unanimously.

Moved by S. L. Tilley, Esq., and seconded by Mr. Richard Scoles:—

Resolved, That, in order to prevent as far as possible the evils which this community fear are impending over the National Church, and the Colonial branches of it, from extending to this Colony, an earnest address should be presented to Her Majesty and the Imperial Parliament against the passing of any *Bill* which has for any of its objects the establishment of Colonial Synods, especially the one commonly called "*Gladstone's Bill*;" and that if any such Bill should unfortunately pass, that this Province should be exempted from its operation.

Passed unanimously.

Moved by Henry G. Simonds, Esq., and seconded by Mr. Jeremiah Travis:—

Resolved, That this meeting feel assured that the interests of the Protestant Episcopal Church in this Province will be more secure by reference, in case of difference of opinion or disputes, to His Grace the Archbishop of Canterbury, the present worthy head of our Colonial Establishment.

Passed unanimously.

Moved by Mr. David Tapley, and seconded by John Hawes, Esq.:

Resolved, That a committee be appointed to prepare an address to Her Majesty and the Imperial Parliament, in accordance with the foregoing resolutions, and that Messrs. S. L. Tilley, James Flewwelling, and G. G. Gilbert, be the committee appointed to prepare the same.

Passed unanimously.

Moved by Henry G. Simonds, Esq., and seconded by Mr. W. Kilpatrick:—

Resolved, That this meeting appoint two Lay delegates to attend the meeting of the Church Society to be held in Saint John, in January next, and that S. L. Tilley, Esq., and the Hon. Charles Simonds be appointed delegates for that purpose.

Passed unanimously.

Moved that the Chairman leave the Chair, and that it be taken by Henry Gilbert, Esq.

Moved by Mr. James Flewwelling, and seconded by Mr. Robert Sweet:

Resolved, That the thanks of this meeting be given to the Hon. Charles Simonds, for his able conduct in the Chair.

Passed unanimously.

MEETING AT CARLETON.

At a meeting of the Parishioners of St. George's, Carleton, in the City of St. John, held on Monday, 29th Nov., to take into consideration the Circular Letter of the Lord Bishop, dated "Fredericton, 16th of November, 1852," the Rector in the chair, the following resolutions were passed:

1. Whereas it appears to this Meeting to be highly desirable that the Lay Members of the Church, should be admitted to a share in the management of the Ecclesiastical affairs of the Diocese, from which at present, under the existing state of things, they are wholly excluded—

Resolved, As the opinion of this Meeting, that it is expedient, with a view of giving the Laity that share in the management of Ecclesiastical affairs, which is enjoyed by them, in all the Dioceses in the United States, and to their enjoyment of which, the rapid growth and firm position of the Church in those States, is greatly attributable—that the Bishops, Clergy and Laity, in communion with the Church of England, in the Colonies of the British Empire, should be empowered to meet in Diocesan and other Synods, and make regulations for the management of their internal Ecclesiastical affairs.

2. That the foregoing Resolution be forwarded to the Lord Bishop, by the Rector, and that Martin Hunter Peters, Esq., M. D., and Barnabas Tilton, Esq., be the Lay Representatives from the Parish to attend the Diocesan Meeting, proposed to be held at Saint John.

FREDERICK COSTER, Rector,
Carleton, Nov. 29th, 1852. Chairman.

VERY LATE FROM AUSTRALIA.—By way of Panama, the New York papers have received dates from Sidney, N. S. W., to the 14th, and from Melbourne to the 10th of August. It would seem that the yield of gold still continues to be enormous. In the week ending the 7th of August upwards of one hundred and sixty thousand ounces passed through the treasury, of which about one-third was the produce of the week, to two-thirds accumulations for want of conveyance on former occasions. The subject of leases to squatters was attracting much attention, and was likely to be the source of much trouble and dissatisfaction.

The early suppression of convict transportation to Van Dieman's Land, and some security against the admission of convicts therein at present, are earnestly sought for. Sydney has grown to be a city of great commercial importance. On the 14th of August last, there were over eighty vessels lying in port, some seventy expected within a few days, thirteen whale ships, therefrom, at sea—and there had been twelve arrivals within six days and a very large number of departures.

The War at the Cape of Good Hope.—The Rebels Starving to Death.—The English papers by the Baltic contain accounts from the Cape of Good Hope to Oct. 9. By these advices, it appears that the long and desolating war carried on between the English and the natives is about drawing to a close. The natives have been driven from their strongholds, and numbers of them are said to be in a starving condition. No less than seven dead bodies of men and women, who died of starvation, were found near Fort Beaufort. Some of the rebel chiefs had made overtures for peace, but the reply was, "unconditional surrender."

Land to the Landless.—The Canadian executive has given notice that a tract of twenty-four million of acres, lying mainly north-east of Lake Huron, in the latitude of the American mining districts of Lake Superior, will as soon as surveyed, be thrown open to the landless in gratuitous tracts of one hundred and sixty acres. Alternate sections will thus be given away without price, those lying between them being reserved for sale to cover the expense of surveying and opening the country to emigrants.

Purchase of Cuba.—The *National Intelligencer* publishes a correspondence between James Buchanan, which took place when he was in President Polk's cabinet, and Romulus Saunders, then Minister to Spain, authorising the latter, on behalf of the President, to offer Spain $100,000,000 for the purchase of Cuba, which appears to have been promptly declined.

A FIRE IN BOSTON.—A fire broke out on the night of the 1st inst. in Chickering's Pianoforte Manufactory, which was entirely consumed, together with several buildings adjoining. Chickering's loss is estimated at $150,000; partially insured. The building was constructed expressly for the purpose of manufacturing Pianos, with every convenience for business, and without regard to expense. It covered a large extent of ground, and was valued at sixty to seventy thousand dollars. In the building at the time, were one hundred Pianos; four in the lower story were valued at $1000 each. About one hundred persons were employed in the premises, who all lost tools, &c.

Several watchmen and firemen were injured. Benjamin W. Foster, a watchman, was killed. A Mr. Turner was in the ruins two hours and a half, but was taken out alive. The total loss is about $200,000.—*N. Bruns.*

The fearful November storm which swept over the chain of Western Lakes, brought sorrow and desolation to many a domestic hearth. The total number of lives lost will probably exceed sixty, most of them suddenly engulphed in the surging waters. On Lake Erie one vessel is known to have gone down and not one survivor to tell the name or sad tale of shipwreck; and a propeller, full-freighted and carrying twenty-five or thirty persons, has strewn the shore with fragments of her wreck, but not a living soul survives to relate the cause and manner of her going down. It is probable, however, that the Oneida was overladen, or that some of her machinery gave way during the war of wind and waves.

We learn the Oneida took on board 3,500 barrels of flour, which filled her hold and some tiers deep on part of her main deck, and at the Railroad Depot received additional freight, beef and hams, in tierces. She was loaded nearly to her guards, and may have foundered in consequence. The floating ashore of the small boat with the books and papers of the vessel lashed to it, shows that there was a protracted struggle for life.—*Cleveland Herald, 20th ult.*

Forty-five per cent. of the soil of England is not cultivated.

Sir Michael Shaw Stuart, who, some years ago, presented a park to the people of Greenock, Scotland, has recently given to the town a plot of eight acres, as a place for sports and exercises.

A book called "British Pomology" has appeared, containing a description of 942 kinds of apples. All these are traceable to the common crab.

An immense amount of every description of produce is on its way to the East, from Dunkirk, N. Y., more than was ever before known.

RAIN, RAIN, RAIN.—It rained in this city almost incessantly yesterday, and much of the day before. Accompanying the rain was a strong wind from the south-east. We apprehended considerable damage to shipping along the coast.

In the interior, it would seem from the intelligence which has reached us from Macon, and the line of the Central Rail Road, that the fall of water has been almost unprecedented.

We are without mails from any quarter—no cars from Macon yesterday—no boat from Charleston last night. Beautiful prospect for news for our next issue!

Telegraphic communication with all points beyond Midville, closed yesterday at an early hour.—*Savannah Georgian, 27th.*

The new Session of Congress will open on Monday the 5th inst. As the session begins on the 5th December, and ends on the 3d of March, it will be of less than three months duration—one of these months being the shortest in the year, and the other for practical purposes still shorter, in consequence of the uniform interruption of business in December, by the Christmas holidays.—*Boston Daily Ad.*

SHOCKING.—A son of Mr. Betts, of Wayne, Erie Co., Pa., was heating a kettle of spirits of turpentine on a stove, with four younger brothers and sisters about him; the father was absent; the mother in an adjoining room; when on the young man putting some rosin in the kettle, it exploded or boiled over on the stove, filling the whole room with flame and gas, and striking every person present blind and helpless. Mrs. Betts was found strangled by the neighbors, and all her children so burnt that three of them died that night, and the two remaining were not expected to survive when heard from.

The managers of the New York and Erie Railroad do not allow any kind of spirituous liquors to be sold at any of their stations, or on any of their grounds. They also absolutely refuse employment to any person who makes use of such drinks. A wise regulation.

A LONG TRAIN.—There were conveyed to New Haven, by the New York and New Haven Rail Road, on Wednesday last, (the day preceding Thanksgiving day,) twenty-six hundred and twenty-nine passengers. The 3 1-2 P. M. Express train consisted of eighteen cars, and contained eight hundred and seventy passengers.

A MONSTROUS TUMOR.—A tumor, weighing 112 pounds, was taken, after death, from the body of Hannah White of Gill, on the 22nd inst. The sack of the tumor weighed 17 1-2 pounds, the balence being water, which on being emptied out, filled a small sized wash tub. It had been in existence eleven years.—*Springfield Rep.*

The wine harvest of the present year at Hermann, Missouri, we see it stated in our western exchanges, has turned out favourably; the yield is 6000 gallons, and if the crop is as good next year, it will be 15,000 to 20,000 gallons. In the town, which is mostly inhabited by Germans, there are already two hundred acres planted with 200,000 vines, all of which will be in bearing in two years, yielding 25,000 gallons in common seasons, and 50,000 in good ones. An acre of land in vines is reckoned to be worth $1,000.

On the 15th inst., about twenty Mormon Elders arrived at St. Louis, on their way to their Missionary stations in Europe and elsewhere. Among them were Orson Pratt, one of the twelve, Daniel Spencer, a functionary of the city of Salt Lake, and Orson Spencer, President of the University of Deseret. Orson Pratt is destined for Washington, where he is to commence the publication of a monthly paper, devoted to the dissemination and defence of Mormonism. The Spencers are to be stationed in Europe; one at Liverpool, and the other at Berlin, in Prussia.

The message of Gov. Means to the South Carolina Legislature, breathes strongly of nullification. The Governor thinks the time will soon come when the South will band together and form a Southern Republic.

Several fights took place among the rowdies of Philadelphia on Thanksgiving day. Two of the rioters were shot, and fifty of them were arrested.

In Wakefield, in New Hampshire, there is a perfect nest of ancients—three score and ten being the ordinary span of life there. Here is a pretty place for city people to spend the summer, and take a draft of life. One house contains a small family, four of which are over *ninety*, and two over *ninety five*; and not more than a mile away lives a couple, who have been married upwards of *seventy years*. Robert Macklin, a Scotchman, was cut off here in 1787 at the untimely age of *one hundred and twenty-five years*. Macklin lies buried in Wakefield.

Who can beat this.—A young merchant of St. Louis, only 35 years of age, has contributed this year to the stock of the St. Louis Mercantile Association, $20,000; to a college about to be established near that city, $2000; to the Widow's Home, $1000; to the poor, $500; and to the church of which he is a member $10,000. Various contributions would, it is said, bring the amount contributed by him this year to benevolent objects to nearly $40,000. Truly Mr. Page is a good member of society.

A Tough Customer.—The Cincinnati *Times* chronicles the marriage in that city of Mr. Samuel Parker, seventy years of age, to his sixth wife. Since his first wife he has always married a widow, and never remained a widower more than six months at any one time.

Two resurrectionists were caught at work in the Catholic grave-yard, near Troy, on Sunday night. They had already dug up one body, and were endeavouring to secure another. They were lodged in prison.

Thanksgiving in the United States.—20 States, more or less, offer up thanks next Thursday, for the blessings showered upon them during the past year. What other nation on the face of the earth has greater cause for thanksgiving? We have abundance of everything—food, gold, health and freedom.—*N. Y. Herald.*

LITERATURE.

THE WAVERLEY NOVELS:—*Library Edition*—From the last revised Edition, containing the Author's final corrections, notes, &c.—Vol. XII.—Containing, "The Pirate."—Vol. XVI.—Containing, "St. Ronan's Well.—[BOSTON:—S. H. Parker, *and* B. B. Mussey & Co.—1852.]

The missing Vol. XII. of this beautiful Edition has at length came to hand, (having been accidentally mislaid in Messrs. McMillan's Store), thus rendering the series complete as far as published. We have also, as above, received the 16th Volume of the series "*The Pirate*" is one of the most striking, and "*St. Ronan's Well*" one of the most deeply interesting and affecting of the great Novelist's fictions. Sixteen Volumes having already appeared, the series will now very soon be completed. [On sale by Messrs. McMillan.] B.

MARRIED.

On Wednesday, 1st December, by the Rev. Dr. Gray, Rector, &c., Robertson Bayard, Esq., Barrister at Law, to Louisa, eldest daughter of the late Hon. Hugh Johnston.

On Wednesday evening, 1st Dec., in St. Luke's Church, Portland, by the Rev. Wm. Harrison, Mr. James J. Burns, to Charlotte, daughter of Mr. Thomas Mifes, all of this city.

On Thursday evening, 2d Dec., by the Rev. J. Allison, Wesleyan Minister, Mr. Stephen W. Travis, to Sarah Jane, only daughter of Mr. William J. Lockhart, all of this city.

On Thursday evening, 2d inst., by the Rev. Samuel Robinson, Mr. James Swim, of the Parish of Saint Martins, to Mrs. Rachel Potter, widow of the late Mr. John Potter, of Portland.

On Friday evening last, by the Rev. S. Robinson, Mr. James Pigbourn, of the Parish of Portland, to Miss Ellen, fifth daughter of Mr. Thomas Curtes, of this City.

At Simonds, on the 1st inst., by the Rev. J. W. Disbrow, Mr. Edward Murphy, to Miss Elizabeth Davis.

At Upham, on the 1st inst., by the Rev. W. H. DeVeber, Mr. Thomas Adair, of Sussex, to Miss Isabella Ruth McCordick, of Upham.

DIED.

On Monday, of hooping cough, Mary Isabella, eldest daughter of Mr. James Sullivan, aged 3 years and 11 months.

At Carleton, on Thursday, William, eldest son of Mr. Thomas Theall, aged 21 years.

At Fredericton, on the 21st ult., after a very short illness, in the 25th year of his age, Mr. Thomas Bennett, a native of England, who emigrated from London a few years since.

At Moncton Point, St. Mary's, on the 26th Nov., Winifred Mary Jouett, daughter of the late Captain Stair Agnew, (Queen's Rangers,) aged 35 years.

At Annapolis, on Saturday, the 13th Nov., THOMAS RITCHIE, Esq., in the 76th year of his age—for many years a Representative of the County of Annapolis, and afterwards First Justice of the Court of Common Pleas and President of the Sessions for the Western District of the Province.

At Halifax, on the 26th ult., Mary, widow of the late James C. Kelly, Esq., formerly of H. M. Customs, at St. John, N. B.

At Cumberland Hotel, Amherst, on the 11th of Nov., Captain George McKnight, of the brig Sisters, of Dumfries, Scotland. Deceased was in the 37th year of his age, was a native of Dumfries, where he has a wife and family. He had left his ship at Buctouche, on account of his illness, and was on his way to Halifax, where he intended to take passage in the Steamer for his home.

At her residence, Otis Place, Boston, on the 26th ult., Mrs. Sarah Hannah Boies, relict of the late J. S. Boies, Esq., and eldest daughter of the late Dr. Joseph Clarke, of this Province, aged 90 years and 10 months.

At the Island of St. Thomas, 24th Oct., Mary Furnas, aged 28 years, second daughter of Mr. Thomas Furnas, of this city.

At Turks' Island, October 30th, of yellow fever, Capt. Wm. E. Scott, aged 35, formerly of the brigt. "Portland," of St. John, leaving a wife and four children.

PORT OF SAINT JOHN.

ARRIVED.

Tuesday—Brig Ann Mills, Kay, Philadelphia, 19—John Robertson, ballast.
Brigt. Charles DeWolf, Card, New-York, 10—W. Thomson, flour, &c.
Schr. Julia, Anderson, Boston, 2—Master, ballast.
Brunswick Lyon, Craft, Lubec—Master, ballast.
Friday—Brigt. B. M. Prescott, Heard, New-York, 6—Thos. McHenry, general cargo.
Saturday—Barque St. George, Allan, Yarmouth, (N. S.) 1—C. McLauchlan, ballast.
Schr. Pearl, McLean, Portland, 3—George Eaton, onions and bark.
Brig Clifton, Cochran, New York, 6—J. W. M. Irish, gen. cargo.
Albert, Robinson, Savannah, 21—N. S. DeMill, P. P. timber.
Monday—Schr. Echo, Holder, Boston, 3—J. V. Troop, ballast.
Tuesday—Brig J. G. Hall, Healy, Liverpool, 33, via Yarmouth—C. McLauchlan, gen. cargo.

CLEARED.

Dec. 1st—Brig Carleton, Dare, Exeter, timber and deals.
2d—Schr. Hellespont, Elwell, Salem, boards and shingles.
3d—Ship Commodore, Pritchard, Liverpool, deals, &c.; brig Falcon, Card, Glasgow, deals, &c.; Dove, Dill, Glasgow, deals, &c.; Brigt. Wanderer, Benson, Glasgow, deals, &c.
4th—Brig Asia, Calhoon, Penarth Roads, deals.
6th—Brigt. Bream, Cameron, Cienfuegos, salt and boards.

Arrived at New Orleans, 5th, ship Jane, McLean, from New York.—Freights at N. O. firm at 3-4d. to Liverpool.

Cleared at Providence, 1st inst., brig Thetis, Kneally, for this port.

Sailed from Quebec, Dec. 1st, barque Havanna, Stockton, Newfoundland.—From Alexandria, Nov. 23d, brigt. P. I. Nevius, Boddie, St. John.

Arrived at Halifax, 1st, schr. Myrtle, from P. E. Island, for this port. At Boston, 30th ult., barque Fame, Crocker, from Ardrossan. At Demerara, 4th, brig Aden, Frizzel, from this port.

Cleared at New York, 30th ult., brigt. Victor, for this port.

Arrivals in Britain from St. John.—Nov. 5th, Kingston, at Chester: Carl Johan, at Hull; Argyle, at Fleetwood; 8th, Acadian, at Bristol; Oromocto, and Jeannie W. Paine, at do.; Aurora, at Hull; 10th, Czar, at Dundee; 11th, Industry, at Dublin; 13th, Chieftain, at Gloucester; Themis, for Liverpool, at Kingstown; 14th, Franklin Mills, at Deal.

Sailed from Greenock, Nov. 11th, brig Hyperion, Davis, Boston; 13th, barque Mary, Scott, do. From Glasgow, 13th, barque Allen Brown, Vickery, do.—From Limerick, 11th, brig Masonic, Hickman, do.—From Pill, 14th, barque Idas, for Newport.

WRECKS.—The brig Britannia, of Sunderland, from Miramichi, has been wrecked at Skinner's Pond, North Cape of P. E. Island, in a snow storm on the 22d ult.—the boat in which the crew were attempting to land was swamped, and the mate only succeeded in reaching the shore.

Brigt. James Reddin, Ferguson, from Miramichi, for Louvrie, has been wrecked on the North Cape of Prince Edward Island, and all the crew drowned, except one seaman.

MORRISON & CO.,

Prince William-street,

Are Receiving per Mail Steamers "Canada" and "America," Ships "Olive," "Zetland," "J. G. Hall," &c., &c.

AN EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT OF GOODS.

SHAWLS, Long and Square, in French Filled, Paisley, Printed Cachmere, Wool, &c. &c.;
French MERINOS, in every shade;
EMBROIDERED DRESSES.
Printed CACHMERES;
Black and coloured Habit CLOTHS,
Black and coloured Vecuna CLOTH,
Black and coloured MANTLES, newest styles;
Black and co

SELECT SCHOOL
For Young Ladies,

CONDUCTED by MISS THOMSON, assisted by her Father, EDEN THOMSON, M. A., in the large Brick House, lately occupied by the Mayor, facing the Sea, and within three minutes walk of Queen's Square, St. John, N. B. The House is in St. James' street, and is well adapted for a School, containing some of the largest rooms in the City, and being replete with convenience of every character.

"To make amusement and instruction friends,
Some lessons in the guise of play she sends."

Miss Thomson informs her friends and the Public that she will be ready to receive her Boarders immediately after the Christmas recess, and as she will be assisted by her Father *in the higher branches of Study*, and by her Mother in the *domestic arrangements*, she hopes to render her School in every respect one of the first order.

The objects aimed at are—1st, To ensure a thorough scriptural (not sectarian) and lady-like education; 2nd, By means of familiar conversational lectures, to teach the *principles* as well as the common *facts* of knowledge; 3rd, To treat the pupils as members of the family, providing them liberally with domestic comforts.

In the Government and discipline of the school, due regard is had to the health, happiness, and improvement of the pupils; and while every reasonable indulgence is granted, the great objects of education are kept constantly in view, viz.—the full development and proper training of all the physical, intellectual and moral energies, and the formation of habits of industry, punctuality, good order and strict economy in the use of time.

Instruction in the Classics, Mathematics, the Continental languages, English Composition, General History, Pure and Descriptive Geography, Use of the Globes and Maps, Arithmetic, Mental Calculations, Principles of Book-Keeping, General Accounts, Stenography, and Facility in Writing a current hand, Geometry, Algebra, and General Science; with instruction in French, which is constantly spoken in the School. Great pains taken in communicating elementary knowledge. The word of God constantly read—its doctrines opened—its morality inculcated.

Entrance and removal are unfettered by the usual conditions; and the month commences from the day a pupil enters. A vacation of a month given at Mid-summer, and three weeks at Christmas.

The Terms, *with Board and Washing*, including instruction in any or all of the above branches, $12 per month. The only extras are for Music and Drawing, for which $2 each are charged per month. Each Young Lady is expected to bring with her two pair of Sheets, two Pillow cases, and four Towels, which will be returned on her leaving the School; and it is particularly requested that all Linen should be marked in full.

Day Pupils $2 per month. Arrangements will be made to accommodate those Pupils who may wish to dine with the family—terms for such, $4 per month.

References to Clergymen and Parents of great respectability, who have now Children as Boarders with Miss Thomson.

N. B.—By the request of friends, Mr. T. will form two Short-hand classes, during the Christmas recess. He engages to teach his system in twelve lessons. He has given lessons to some gentlemen since he has been in the city, who now constantly correspond with him in Short-hand. Any Lady or Gentleman who wishes to join the class will inform him before the 22d of December, that the first lesson may be taken on Monday, Dec. 27th. Terms for the twelve lessons, $3. Dec. 7.

Provincial Lunatic Asylum.

TENDERS will be received at Mr. WARD's Office until MONDAY, 20th December, for furnishing to the Provincial Lunatic Asylum the following SUPPLIES, for Six Months, commencing on the 1st day of January, 1853. The quality of the respective articles to be subject to the approval of the Commissioners, and delivered at the Asylum in such quantities and at such fixed periods as they may be required:—

For Beef and Mutton, of approved quality, in alternate quarters,	per 100 lbs.
Loaf Bread, superfine flour, -	per lb.
Ditto mixed, 3-4ths superfine, 1-4th Indian Meal, -	per lb.
Butter, in firkins, - - -	per lb.
Sugar, Muscovado, in barrels,	per 112 lbs.
Molasses, do. in hhds., -	per gallon.
Fish, dried, Cod and Pollock,	per 112 lbs.
Corn Meal and Oatmeal, -	per brl. or bag.
Rice, in tierce, - - -	per 100 lbs.
Barley, - - - -	ditto.
Beans, - - - -	per bushel.
Soap, brown, - - -	per lb.
Candles, moulds and dips, -	per lb.
Starch, - - - - -	per lb.
Coffee, - - - - -	per lb.
Drugs and Medicines,	at what advance per cent.
British Manufactures of cotton and woollen fabrics for Clothing and Bedding, - -	at what advance per cent.

Payment for the Beef and Bread accounts will be made monthly, and the other Supplies will be paid quarterly. Dec. 7, 1852.

[City papers.]

Men's Heavy Overall Wool Stockings.

THE subscriber has just received per ships *Olive* and *Cathcart*, three cases of the very best quality of Men's Dark Grey Woollen Overall Stockings that have ever been imported. For sale by dozen or retail. S. K. FOSTER.
Dec. 7.

Cheap Room Paper.

THE subscriber informs his country friends and others who wish to make their rooms comfortable for the winter, at a very cheap rate, that he has just received another lot of handsome Room Papers, which he is now selling at Five pence, Six pence and Seven pence a Piece. Call and see.
Dec. 7. S. K. FOSTER.

Rice, White Sugar, &c.

Just received, and for sale,

5 TIERCES best RICE,
10 barrels Crushed SUGAR,
5 barrels Rosin OIL; 100 kegs Cut NAILS,
4 tins Castor Oil; 12 boxes Ground Cassia;
10 boxes ground Pepper; 10 do. Ground Allspice,
5 bales Cotton Wicking; 10 kegs Hogs' Lard;
2 casks Washing Soda. JOHN KINNEAR.
Dec. 7. Prince Wm.-street.

NEW-BRUNSWICK
Auxiliary Bible Society.

THE Annual Meeting of this Society will take place, God willing, on TUESDAY the 11th of January next, in the Hall of the Mechanics' Institute. The Secretaries of Branch Societies are respectfully requested to send in their Reports in time to have them noticed or engrossed in the Report of the Auxiliary Society.

JAMES PATERSON, S. L. TILLEY, } *Secretaries.*
St. John, Nov. 27th, 1852.

Corporation Creditors.

A DIVIDEND of TWO AND A HALF PER CENT. upon the several Bond Debts of the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of Saint John, for the Half Year ending the first day of December next, will be paid on or after the 1st proximo, at the Chamberlain's Office, to the respective Creditors, on the production of the Bonds or other Securities held by them.

Dated this 23d day of November, 1852.

WM. WRIGHT, THOS. MERRITT, } *Trustees, &c.*

NOTICE.
York and Carleton Mining Company.

AT a Meeting of the Stockholders of the above Company, held on Saturday the 6th instant, it was Resolved and carried unanimously, that a further Instalment of Five per Cent. on the Capital Stock be paid in to the Treasurer of said Company, at the Office of D. & T. VAUGHAN, in Saint John, on or before Saturday the eleventh of December next. JAMES SMITH,
Nov. 9, 1852.—4i. *Treasurer.*

Notice to the Public.

DURING the four Months of December, January, February and March next, there will be but *one Trip* per week, each way, between St. John, Digby, and Annapolis,—the Mail being closed at this Office on MONDAYS, at 7 o'clock, A. M.; and the return Mail being due at this Office on TUESDAYS, at 3, P. M. J. HOWE,
Postmaster General.
General Post Office, St. John, Nov. 23, 1852.

SHEFFIELD HOUSE,
Market Square, December, 1852.

WE are just opening, ex *Olive*, *Cathcart* and other vessels, a splendid assortment of FANCY and STAPLE GOODS, suitable for Christmas and New-Year's Presents.

We invite the attention of purchasers to the following list of articles, which are offered at such prices and quality as will ensure a continuance of that patronage we have so liberally enjoyed.

Gold and Silver WATCHES, with all the modern improvements; rich gold JEWELLERY, in Brooches, Rings, Cuff Pins, Lockets, Earrings, Gold Chains, Vest do., Necklets, Seals, Keys, Slides, Studs, split Rings, Hooks, Gold and Hair Bracelets, gold and silver Thimbles, gold and silver Pencil Cases, Penholders, Toothpicks,

Silver and Plated JEWELLERY, in great variety—Black Brooches, shawl Pins; gold, silver and steel Spectacles and Eye Glasses; silver Butter Knives and Pickle Forks, Albata and Electro do., silver, electro and albata Spoons, Forks, &c. silver Combs and Boquet Holders, silver Mugs, and Knife, Fork and spoons in cases, silver Bell Corals, Paper Knives in cases, Cake Knives and Fish Carvers in cases, silver Fruit Knives, Vinegarets, silver Scissors, Bodkins, Emerys, Waxes, Yard Measures, Card Cases in silver, pearl, papie mache, tortoise shell and leather, Portemonnies do. do., silver top Smelling Bottles, &c. &c.

☞ *One Large and Powerful Achromatic MICROSCOPE.*

Electro Plate TEA SETS, Cake Baskets, Salvers, Castors, Butter Coolers; Table, Piano and chamber Candlesticks; Snuffers and Trays to match; Communion Sets; Coasters, Toast Racks, plated Desserts in case, &c.

Britannia Metal Tea and Coffee Pots, do. Urns, Kettles, do. on stands, Castors, Candle-sticks, snuffer Trays, Wine strainers, Flasks, &c. block tin saucepans, Kettles, Tea and Coffee Pots, Egg Coddlers, Graters, patty pans, soup tureens, dish covers, bedroom candlesticks, foot warmers, fish trowels and slicers, gravy strainers, pepper and flour boxes, dust pans, japann'd Cash Boxes, &c.—Six sets new patterns fancy Toilet Ware; japann'd and copper Coal Pans, small Brass Kettles, Tea Trays and Waiters, Fenders and Fire Irons, Crimping Machines, Hearth Brooms, Gilt Cornices and Cornice Poles, Rings for do.

Papie Machie Tea Trays, Work Boxes, Desks, Portfolios, Card receivers, Hand screens, Tea Caddies, Inkstands; a large lot of Rosewood Work Boxes, all prices; Ladies' and Gents. Rosewood and Leather Dressing Cases, Writing Desks, Papateries, Draft and Backgammon Boards; Ladies' Companions, in great variety; a beautiful assortment of Toilet and Mantle Ornaments, in terra cotta, china and grass, ware; Fancy Handkerchief Boxes, Scenic paper Weights, Snow Storms, Accordeons, Ivory and Bone Fancy Articles, Fancy Fans, Games, Alphabets, Puzzles, Magic Toys and Lanterns, Transparent Slates, porcelain Slates, boxes Tools, Colour Boxes, &c.

Guns, Pistols, Percussion Caps, shot Belts, Powder Flasks; GLASSWARE—Pitchers, Creams, Sugars, Decanters, Tobaccos, Plates, Dishes, Salts, Tumblers, Wines, Jars, Butter Coolers, spoon Glasses, Bowls on feet, Glass Lamps (Fluid and Oil), Lamp shades, &c.

An invoice of DOLLS—in Wax, Composition and Wood; Cutlery of every description, Combs and Brushes, Bronzed Ornaments, &c. &c. with a great variety of other Goods not enumerated.—WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Expected daily per Steamer—A good supply of Ivory Handle Table Knives, self tip and other Patterns; Carvers to match—in sets 51 pieces and dozens.

☞ The above, with the large stock of fancy articles on hand, not enumerated, are worthy of inspection. We can with confidence say, that there is not such a selection of novel and seasonable Goods to be found elsewhere in this city. Thanking our friends for all past favours, we solicit a continuance for the future.

ROBINSON & THOMPSON,
Dec. 7, 1852. Proprietors.
[Courier, Morn. News, Ch. Witness, & Evening Times.]

VICTORIA HOUSE,
Prince William Street,
Saint John, 27th November, 1852.

More New Goods!
Per Steamer America.

BLACK and Brown Ladies' CLOTHS and CLOAKS—DIRECT FROM PARIS;
SILK VELVETS and SATINS, with FRINGES and RIBBONS to match;
BARATHEAS and Fancy DRESS GOODS;
Long and Square SHAWLS;
FURS, of every description;
FLANNEL, BLANKETS, &c. &c.

Family Mourning.
J. DOHERTY & CO.

BRITISH HOUSE,
No. 16, King-street,
Saint John, 27th November, 1852.

More New Goods!
Per steamer America.

BLACK and Brown Ladies' CLOTHS and CLOAKS—DIRECT FROM PARIS;
SILK VELVETS and SATINS, with FRINGES and RIBBONS to match;
BARATHEAS and Fancy *DRESS GOODS;*
Long and Square SHAWLS;
FURS, of every description;
FLANNELS, BLANKETS, &c. &c.

Family Mourning.
J. DOHERTY & CO.

NOTICE.
Saint John Gas Light Company.

A DIVIDEND of Three and a Half per cent. for the Six months ending 31st Oct. last, will be paid to the Stockholders of the above Company, at their Office, Carmarthen-street, on and after Wednesday, the 1st day of December next.

By order of the Board of Directors.
ROBERT BRITAIN,
Nov. 23. *Treasurer.*

THOMAS M. REED,
DRUGGIST AND APOTHECARY,
Corner North Wharf and Dock-street,

KEEPS constantly on hand a general assortment of DRUGS, MEDICINES, Patent Medicines, Perfumery, Brushes, PAINTS, OILS, Dyestuffs, BURNING FLUID, Fluid Lamps, which will be sold on reasonable terms.

He has just received by recent arrivals from England and the United States—

Holloway's Pills and Ointment,
Morrison's celebrated Life Pills,
Roberts' Poor Man's Friend,
S. P. Townsend's Sarsaparilla,
Moffat's, Wright's and Parr's Pills,
Kidder's Horse Liniment, &c. &c.

All of which are warranted genuine.
Nov. 30, 1852.

SUPERIOR BURNING FLUID.—2 Casks superior quality, just received per *Admiral.* THOMAS M. REED,
Nov. 23. North Wharf.

Butter and Flour.
On Hand—

200 FIRKINS PRIME Cumberland BUTTER;
150 barrels Extra Family FLOUR, from White Wheat, JARDINE & CO.
St. John, Nov. 23, 1852.

Stoves! Stoves!

THE Subscriber is in receipt of upwards of 30 different New Patterns of STOVES, comprising the most approved sorts, which with his former HEAVY STOCK is now being sold at LOWER RATES than ever. Persons wishing to purchase will please call and examine them.

Stove Pipe, Tinware, PLOUGH IRONS, Furnace and Oven DOORS, *Sand Boilers*, and his usual extensive variety always ready.

☞ Repairs executed at short notice.
THOMAS C. EVERITT.
St. John, Nov. 2, 1852.—2m.

Sales by Auction.

Valuable Corporation Property
To be Leased at Public Auction.

On Monday, 13th December next, at 12 o'clock, on the Premises—

THAT Piece or Block of LAND, in Queen's Ward, having a front of 122 on Great George's and 120 feet on Carmarthen Streets, more or less, known as the old Poor House Lot, with the buildings and other erections thereon.

The Lease will be granted for a term of twenty-one years, with the usual covenant for continued renewals or payment of the improvements, any valuation of which will be subject to a deduction of £200, being the estimated value of the present Buildings. Possession will be given immediately, and the rent will commence on 1st May next.

JOHN W. CUDLIP,
G. V. NOWLIN,
Committee of Common Council.
St. John, Nov. 23, 1852.

New Fruit, Tea, &c.

Now landing ex Brigt. Arrow, *from Halifax—*

20 CHESTS fine Congo TEA,
2 bags PIMENTO,
408 Boxes, Halves and Quarters fresh Muscatel and Layer RAISINS:
20 kegs Grapes; 50 drums fresh FIGS;
10 frails and boxes Jordan Almonds,
5 sacks fresh Filberts;
2 kegs best Bermuda ARROWROOT;
5 barrels fresh Hickory Nuts;
150 bags superfine Buckwheat Flour,
5 brls. Burning FLUID; 5 bags Castana Nuts,
5 dozen Lemon Syrup; 7 casks New Rice.
To Arrive—2500 bushels BLACK OATS.—For sale by JARDINE & CO.
St. John, Nov. 23, 1852.

Buffalo Robes, Fur Caps, &c.

C. D. EVERETT & SON have just received per *Admiral*—a lot of *BUFFALO SKINS*, Dressed *OTTER SKINS*, Fur CAPS, Oiled Silks and Trimmings.

ALSO—From Great Britain—Fur, Plush, Sealette, Glengary and Cloth Caps.

On hand—our own manufacture and constantly making up;—Satin, Fur, Kossuth, Rustic and Glazed HATS; Broad Cloth, Whitney Cloth, Hungarian, Plush, Silk and Glazed Cotton Caps, &c.

All the above will be sold at a small advance.—*Cash on Delivery.*

C. D. EVERETT & SON,
12, North side King-St., and East side Market Square.

No. 18,
King Street House.

JAMES HARDY has received, per *Niagara*, a further supply of those elegant DRESS MATERIALS. Per *Commodore*, CARPETING and RUGS to match; BLANKETS, &c. &c.
Nov. 9.

Course of Lectures

A COURSE of Eight Lectures will be given at the Mechanics' Institute, commencing on THURSDAY the 2d December ensuing, by the REV. W. T. WISHART, at the solicitation of a number of his friends, and to be continued every Thursday until the course is completed. The subjects will be as follows:—

1. History.
2. The Mystical School.
3. Bacon's Four Idols.
4. Biography.
5. Tactics.
6. Humour.
7. Speaking and Writing.
8. The Practical and Speculative.

Season tickets, to admit a gentleman and two Ladies, 7s. 6d.; single ditto, 5s. To be had at the Book stores, and at the "Albion" and "Manchester Houses," King-street.

JAMES A. HARDING,
Nov. 16. *Secretary.*

COAL! COAL!

To arrive per *Olive* from Liverpool:—

150 CHALDS. best Screened Liverpool HOUSE COAL.
GEORGE THOMAS,
Nov. 16, 1852. *South Market Wharf.*

Flour, Pork & Butter.

Received ex schooner *Rose*, direct from Montreal,

650 BARRELS Superfine FLOUR;
75 barrels Extra do.;
100 barrels Mess PORK;
50 barrels Prime Mess Pork;
17 kegs BUTTER.
For sale at our Wharf by
Nov. 9. ROBERT RANKIN & CO.

Cheese, Cheese.

THE Subscribers have received from the Dairies of Gray, Aiton, Clarke and Smith, seven tons of CHEESE, quite equal to the best English, and which will be sold at half the price.

Gray's and Aiton's Cheese took the First and Second Premiums at the Provincial Exhibition. The former is the genuine Dunlop, and the latter an imitation of Cheshire.—For sale wholesale and retail by [Nov. 9.] JARDINE & CO.

Crushed Sugar, &c.

Landing from Boston, ex schr. *Pearl*—

20 BARRELS Crushed Loaf SUGAR;
15 bags white Beans; 5 tierces New Head RICE; 10 bales Cotton Batting; Crushed Cocoa, Quinces, Snuff, &c.; 1 brl. of Carbonate of Soda.—For sale by
St. John, Nov. 9. JARDINE & CO.

HONEY! HONEY!

Just received from Mr. Sharpe, Woodstock,

10 BOXES HONEY, in the Comb.—For sale by JARDINE & CO.

Lyons' Kathairon for the HAIR.

A Most effectual remedy for *Baldness* and falling off of the Hair, causes it to grow luxuriantly and prevents it from turning grey. For sale in bottles at 1s. 6d. each, by
THOS. M. REED,
Nov. 23. *Head North Wharf.*

HOSIERY, &c.

S. K. FOSTER has just received per Steamer from Liverpool—

CHILDREN'S Cotton and Worsted Highland SOCKS;
Do. Tartan SOCKS and STOCKINGS;
Do. White and Grey Merino SOCKS;
Do. White and Grey Lambs' Wool SOCKS;
Do. Fancy, Plain and self colored GAITERS,
Infants' Fancy SOCKS, in great variety;
Misses' White and Grey Merino Stockings;
Do. White and Colored Cotton ditto;
Women's black, white and grey Merino Stockings,
Do. Black Cashmere ditto;
Do. Black Worsted ditto;
Do. White and Colored Cotton ditto;
Women's, Girls, and Children's Patent Elastic GARTERS, in great variety.
For sale Wholesale and Retail.
Nov. 2. S. K. FOSTER.

Raisins, Nuts, Butter, &c.

Landing ex *Martha Greenow*, from Boston:—

300 BOXES Layer and Muscatel Raisins,
10 casks Cooking do., *this year's Fruit*; 6 brls. Shell Barks and Chesnuts.
From Cumberland—33 firkins Prime Butter.
From Halifax—1 ton REDWOOD.
JAMES MACFARLANE,
Nov. 9. *Market Square.*

Corner of Dock-street and Market Square.
HARDWARE.
W. H. ADAMS

Has just received per ship *Commodore*, from England, and other arrivals, the following Goods, viz:

2 BDLS. Wire Riddles; 2 Grocers' Coffee Mills, on Metal stands;
2 cases Counter Scales; 1 cask Weights; 1 cask Butt Hinges; 1 cask Hand and Tenon Saws.
2 cases Cross cut Saws; 75 Plough Moulds;
10 bundles Long handle Frying Pans;
8 casks Tea Kettles and sauce Pans; 6 casks Sad Irons; 6 rolls Lead; 2 tierces Lead Pipe.
12 bales Iron Wire; 1 cask Traces;
25 bags 8d'y and 10d'y Rose Nails; 75 bags Spikes and Clinch Rings; 14 bags Tinmen's Rivets;
3 casks TIN WARE, comprising Dish Covers and Japanned Ware;
7 packages Sheffield Goods, consisting of Tools, Files, &c.; 1 case *Thomson's* Long Treenail Augers; 1 cask Curb Chain, for Wells;
1 case GUNS, including one MINNIE RIFLE;
3 casks Barn-door and Gate Hinges;
1 cask T, Chest, and Strap do.; 1 cask Venetian Shutter, &c.; 95 coils Manilla Rope;
75 boxes 10x12 Glass; Gas Pendants & Brackets.

17 Packages containing

Brass and Iron Shelf Goods amongst which are Brass and Iron Chamber and Pillar CANDLESTICKS, Pocket COMPASSES, Copper Coal Scoops, Common do. Weighing Machines with Tin and Copper Scoops, Curtain Pins and Bands, Powder Flasks, plated Cruet Frames and Candlesticks, LOCKS of all kinds, Cornice Slides and Tester Hooks, Whip Thongs, Pianos, Brass Rack Pullies and Roller Ends, Castors, Cornice Ends and Rings, Bell Levers, Brass Hatches, screw Hooks and Staples, Brass and Iron Bolts, stair Rods and Eyes, Coffin Mounting, Percussion Caps, Glass Paper, Wire Web, Awls, Punches, Pincheers, shoe Hammers, Peg Brackets, Tinned Tea and Table Spoons, Coolers, Ladles and Forks, Britannia and German Silver and Albata do., Jack Chain, Knitting Pins, Brass Butt Hinges, Cart Hames, Gimblets, Japanned and Mahogany Knobs, Mineral Glass, Porcelain and other Knobs for Locks, Italian Irons, Cork Squeezers, Shoe Bills, Screw Bolts, Door Springs, Brushes, Curry Combs, House Bells and Copper Wire, Gridirons, short handled Fry Pans, Rat and Fox Traps, Farriers' Hammers and Knives, Hooks and Staples, Brass and Tin Cocks, Chest Handles, &c. &c.
Nov. 23.

No. 1, South Market Wharf.
W. TISDALE & SON

Have received ex 'Actæon' from London, "Henry Holland" from the Clyde, and "Themis" from Liverpool—

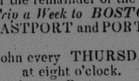
CASKS Boiled and Raw Linseed OIL; casks PUTTY; casks Brandram Bros. best WHITE LEAD, Red, Yellow, Green, and Black PAINTS;
100 kegs Hall's Fowling and Canister POWDER;
12 tons of POTS, BAKEPANS, SPIDERS, GRIDDLES, FRY PANS, BOILERS &c.
Casks Cart Boxes, Fire Dogs, Fire Irons, &c.
Cases Thomson's long and short screw Scotch AUGERS.
Casks SHOT, and Bolts SHEET LEAD, Lead Pipe, and BLOCK TIN;
Casks TEA KETTLES; Saucepans, tin'd, untin'd and Enamelled;
Casks SAD IRONS, Shoe Bills, in iron, brass, and zinc; casks CLINCH RINGS, from ½ inch to 1½ inch.
120 bags Wrought NAILS, from 4dy to 50dy;
100 do. SPIKES, from 2½ to 6 inch;
50 do. Patent Pressed NAILS from 1½ to 6 inch.
12 pair Smith BELLOWS, 12 Anvils, 24 Vices, 1 keg Hammers and Sledges;
1 ton Block Bushes; Half ton Block RIVETTS.
2 cwt. BORAX; 1 keg Red Chalk;
1 case HAIR SEATING; 1 cask Curled Hair.
155 Dozen Round Pointed SHOVELS;
50 do Eye Handle Shovels and SPADES.
Casks CUTLERY, viz. Table and Dessert KNIVES and FORKS, sets Ivory ditto; Carving Butcher, Shoe, Putty, Farriers, and Oyster KNIVES, Pocket and Pen Knives; SCISSORS in very great variety; Sheep SHEARS; Coope's ADZES and AXES, Braces and Bits, Gimblets, HAMMERS Drawing Knives, Spokeshaves, Plated Squares, FILES, &c. &c.
3 tons Naylor's CAST STEEL, for Axes flat, square, round, and octagon.
Cases Hoole & Co.'s Gand and Circular MILL SAWS, X Cut, Hand, Tenon, Pitts, Luck, and other Saws;
Casks containing HINGES, and Locks in every variety including a few Chubb's Patent, SCREWS of all kinds, Steel Yards, Bolts, Chest and other Handles, GUN LOCKS, Flints, Curry Combs and Combs, CASTORS, Pump Tacks, Iron squares, Iron Weights, Counter SCALES and BEAMS, welded Lead BED SCREWS, Coach Screws and Nuts, *GUNS* and *PISTOLS*, Measuring Tapes, *CANDLESTICKS*, Shot Belts, POUCHES and *POWDER FLASKS*, &c. &c.—Which with the Stock on hand, comprising a very general assortment, are offered on their usual LOW TERMS.

☞ The Remainder of *FALL GOODS*, expected in the "Delta," "Commodore," and "Olive."
Oct 26, 1852.

Golden Farmer, New World, and Cultivator Cooking Stoves.
Just landing per brig "Hiram"—

A FEW of the above superior and most approved pattern COOKING STOVES, the latter with elevated oven; for sale low.
Nov. 23. W. H. ADAMS.

One Trip per Week.



Steamer "ADMIRAL,"
A. WOOD, Master,

WILL, for the remainder of the season, make *One Trip a Week to BOSTON, and back*, touching at EASTPORT and PORTLAND, both ways.

Leaving St. John every THURSDAY morning, at eight o'clock.

RETURNING—leaves Boston every TUESDAY morning, at Ten o'clock.

Cabin Fare to Boston,	$6
" " Portland	5
Deck, to Boston, -	4½
" to Portland, -	4

GEORGE THOMAS, AGENT,
November 16. South Market Wharf.

MORRISON & CO.,
Prince William Street,

Are now receiving per *Village Belle, Themis*, and
STEAMER "NIAGARA,"
A LARGE AND SPLENDID STOCK OF
NEW
FALL & WINTER GOODS.
to which they would earnestly call the
ATTENTION OF
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
CUSTOMERS.
St. John, 28th Sept., 1852.

Farmers' Stove Boilers.

A FEW Patent Farmers' BOILERS, from 20 to 50 gallons; just received and for sale low. [Nov. 23.] W. H. ADAMS.

Raisins, Saleratus, Florence OIL, &c.

By the *Charles*—Just received and for sale—

50 BOXES Christina RAISINS;
50 half-boxes Muscatel do.
8 cwt. Chamberlain's Saleratus,
1 barrel Florence OIL,
200 doz. Mason's Blacking,
1 brl. Brunswick Green PAINT,
10 small casks Linseed Oil.
JOHN KINNEAR,
Nov. 16. Prince Wm.-street.

FLOUR, PORK, &c.
Landing ex "Bream":—

400 BARRELS superfine FLOUR, fancy Brands.
—IN STORE—
25 barrels Heavy Mess PORK;
10 hhds bright SUGAR;
20 zeroons Soft Shell Almonds; for sale by
GEORGE THOMAS,
Nov. 16. *South Market Wharf.*

New Raisins! New Raisins!

Per *Gazelle*, from Halifax,

100 HALF-BOXES Muscatel Raisins,
100 quarter ditto ditto.
Oct. 19. JAS. MACFARLANE.

NEW GOODS.

Received ex steamers *America* and *Niagara*,

AN excellent variety of Embroidered Dresses, in Cobourg, Australian Cloth and French Merino;
Paisley Long and square SHAWLS;
Woollen ditto ditto;
Embroidered Muslin Dresses;
Habit Shirts, Chemizettes;
Collars, Maindaim Sleeves;
Insertions, Trimmings and Flowerings.
ALSO—per *Themis*, from Liverpool—Plain and Printed Cobourgs, Cachmeres, Flannels; Grey, White and Printed Cottons, &c.
SMELLIE & ABERCROMBIE.
Nov. 16.

London House,
Market Square, Sept., 1852.

Fall and Winter Goods!

Per "*Themis*," "*Village Belle*," and "*Glasgow*."

A considerable portion of the Stock of this Establishment has arrived by the above vessels, which, (with those previously received per Steamers,) comprises a General Assortment of SEASONABLE GOODS; some of which are Ladies' MANTLES, and SHAWLETTES, Long and Square SHAWLS, *DRESS GOODS*, in various styles; SILKS, SATINS, Ribbons, Gloves, Hosiery, Cloakings.

Pilot, Beaver, and Broad CLOTHS, Kerseys, Doeskins, Vestings, Blankets, Flannels, Quilts, Sheetings, LINENS; White, Grey, and Printed COTTONS—and such other general Goods as are generally found in a Stock of this kind.

Wholesale and Retail.
Sept. 28. T. W. DANIEL.

KING STREET HOUSE,
No. 18, King Street.

New Fall and Winter Goods.

The subscriber has received per Themis, Actæon Henry Holland, and British Steamer, the greater part of his *FALL & WINTER SUPPLIES*

CONSISTING OF—

CASHIMERES, Delaines, Coburgs, Lustres, Striped *SOIS*, Sprigg'd *VICUNAS*,
Broaded LUSTRES; Embroidered DRESSES;
Flounced CRUVELLIS;
Albinese and Chene LUSTRES, &c., &c.;
Pilot, Beaver, Whitney and Broad CLOTHS;
CASSIMERES, DOESKINS and VESTINGS;
Silk Velvets, Silks, Persians, and Ribbons;
Long and Square Cashmere and Wool SHAWLS;
Hooded SHAWLS, CLOAKS and MANTLES, *in all the new styles.*
CLOAKINGS, in Lustre, Tweed, Ermine, and Mantle Cloth;
FURS, GLOVES, Hosiery, Prints, Woollen Draggetts, &c., &c.

Also, every other description of DRY GOODS suitable for the season to which he would call the attention of *Wholesale and Retail* buyers.
Oct. 19th, 1852. JAMES HARDY.

NEW FALL GOODS.

Received per *Themis*, from Liverpool, *Glasgow*, and *Village Belle*, from the Clyde, *Actæon*, from London, and *Admiral*, and *Creole*, from Boston:

197 Packages, comprising

LONG and Square SHAWLS;
MANTLES, CLOAKINGS FURS;
DRESS MATERIALS, SILKS, SATINS, VELVETS, RIBBONS, GLOVES, HOSIERY, NETS, LACES, FLANNELS, CLOTHS, VESTINGS, PRINTS GINGHAMS, TICKS, Grey, White, and Striped SHIRTINGS; MUSLINS, POLKAS, HOODS, RUGS and CARPETING;
which, together with One Thousand Pairs of

BLANKETS

are offered Wholesale and Retail, at the lowest market prices.

—ALSO—

Per Ship Devon, from Liverpool;

Furnitures, Regattas and Printed Cottons, Orleans, Coburgs and Fancy DRESS Materials, Orleans Aprons, Damasks and Moreens, Linens, Lawns, Hollands and Diapers, Twill and Plain Linings, Grey and White Cottons, Red and white FLANNELS, &c. &c,
W. G. LAWTON.
St. John, N. B., 26th October, 1852.

MARKET SQUARE.
OCTOBER 1, 1852.

New Fall and Winter Goods.

J. & H. FOTHERBY have received per *Themis* from Liverpool, *Actæon* from London, *Henry Holland* from Glasgow, and Steamer *Admiral* from Boston, a varied and general assortment of Goods adapted for the present and approaching Season, consisting of all the novelties out, in Long and Square SHAWLS, Ladies' CAPES and MANTLES; DRESS GOODS in great variety; Gala Plaids, Tweeds, Mantle Cloths and Mohairs. Pilot, Beaver, Bath and Witney CLOTHS, Tweeds, Kerseys, Doeskins and Satinetts.

BLANKETS & FLANNELS;
RIBBONS, HOSIERY, GLOVES, and LACES;
Grey, White and Printed COTTONS;
Two and Three Cord FISHING THREAD;
COTTON WARPS, and a general assortment of Small Wares and Tailors' Trimmings.
The whole of which are offered at the lowest prices, wholesale and retail. October 12.

VICTORIA HOUSE,
PRINCE WILLIAM STREET,
Saint John, 19th October, 1852.

JAMES DOHERTY & CO.
British and Foreign Importers,
BEG TO ANNOUNCE THE ARRIVAL OF—
Per steamships "Niagara," "Canada," and "America," and per last ships from London, Liverpool, and the Clyde—
EXTENSIVE IMPORTATIONS
OF
Fall and Winter Goods.
COMPRISING:

LADIES DRESS GOODS, (*latest styles.*)
SHAWLS, Long and Square, (newest designes;)
CLOAKS and MANTLES, (*London and Paris made.*)
FURS, of every description;

Hosiery and Gloves;
RIBBONS, in French and English;
BROAD CLOTHS, PILOT and BEAVER CLOTHS;
TROWSERINGS, VESTINGS, &c.;

Flannels, Blankets, &c.;
Grey and White COTTONS, SHEETINGS and WARPS;
TICKENS, LINENS, Hollands, &c., with an endless variety of every kind of

Fancy and Staple Goods.

MORRISON & CO.
PRINCE WILLIAM STREET,
Are receiving per "Devon," another
EXTENSIVE ADDITION
TO THEIR
SPLENDID STOCK
OF
Fancy and Staple Dry Goods,

To which they respectfully solicit the attention of both Wholesale and Retail buyers.
MORRISON & CO.
St. John, 26th Oct., 1852.

NEW GOODS.
JAMES BURRELL,
CORNER OF KING & GERMAIN STREETS.

HAS received per *Actæon*, from London, *Themis*, *Devon* and *Commodore* from Liverpool, *Henry Holland*, from Glasgow, *Admiral*, *Creole* and *Cuba*, from the United States, his Fall and Winter supply of

BRITISH & FOREIGN DRY GOODS, viz.,
Ladies' DRESS MATERIALS, in black and coloured Gro de Naps, Coburgs, CASHMERE, Orleans, Circassian CLOTH, DeLAINES;
Long and Square SHAWLS;
Grey, White, and *PRINTED COTTONS;*
CLOTHS, VESTINGS, and Sattinetts;
Red and White FLANNELS,
Shirting Stripes, Ticks, BLANKETS.
LINENS, LAWNS, Duck, Diaper, Towelling,
Silk and Cotton VELVETS;
Plaid Cloaking; Colored BONNETS;
Bonnet and Cap RIBBONS;
Artificial Flowers, in great variety;
HOSIERY & GLOVES, an excellent assortment;
WOOL POLKAS, Hoods, Boas, Cuffs and Caps;
Laces, Edgings and Insertions;
Sewed MUSLINS, Frock Bodies, Robes,
Habit Shirts and Collars;
Black and Coloured Veils;
Muslin Stays; *UMBRELLAS;*
Cotton Batting, Warps;
Paramattas, Crapes, Barege;
White and Coloured Table Cloths;
Mufflers, Comforters, Hair Nets and Platts;
Neck Ties, Lawn Hdkfs., Nun's Lace;
White and Shaded Lambswool Yarn,
Pound Cottons, Worsted FRINGES;
Gents.' SHIRTS, FRONTS, and Collars;
Gents.' Stocks, Neck and Pocket Handkerchiefs;
Braces, Combs, SMALLWARES, &c. &c. &c.

MILLINERY.

The above Stock having been carefully selected, purchasers are respectfully solicited to call and examine, as it will be sold Wholesale and Retail at the lowest prices for Cash.

JAMES BURRELL,
Nov. 2. *Corner of King & Germain-streets.*

Wholesale & Retail Warehouse.
Prince William-street.

J. & J. HEGAN

HAVE received per BRITISH STEAMER via Boston, and ship "THEMIS," from Liverpool, part of their

FALL IMPORTATIONS.
consisting of
Pilot, Beaver, & Broad Cloths,
in Blues, Black, and other colours;
PARTRIDGE and MARBLE MIXED BEAVERS;
Witney, Venetian and Satarra Cloths,
in the newest shades;
Extra Heavy Dufill and Siberian Cloths;
Cassimeres, Doeskins and Fancy Trowserings.
Grey, White & Printed Cottons,
TICKINGS, REGATTAS, &c. &c.,
STUFFS and DRESS GOODS
of every description:
Black and Coloured GLACE SILKS and GROSDENAPS; BARATHEAS;
Rich Watered and Damask Silks and Satins.
Satinetts and French Satins;
RIBBONS, BONETINGS, &c. &c.

☞ Remainder of Stock daily expected per "Actæon," from London; "Commodore" and "Devon," from Liverpool; and "Henry Holland," from Glasgow.

P. S.—In order to make room for the very extensive Stock of CARPETINGS daily expected, the subscribers will sell at an IMMENSE REDUCTION the present stock of BRUSSELS and SCOTCH CARPETING, for Cash.

J. & J. HEGAN

THE SEVEN ANCIENT WONDERS.

These were, 1st. The brass Colossus of Rhodes, one hundred and twenty feet high, built by Cares, A. D. 233, occupying 12 years in making. It stood across the harbour of Rhodes sixty-six years, and was then thrown down by an earthquake. It was bought by a Jew from the Saracens, who loaded nine hundred camels with the brass.

2nd. The Pyramids of Egypt. The largest one engaged 360,000 workmen thirty years in building, and has now stood, at least 3,000 years.

3d. The Aqueducts of Rome, invented by Appius Claudias, the Censor.

4th. The Labyrinth of Psammeticus, on the banks of the Nile, containing within one continued wall, 1,000 houses, and twelve royal places all covered with marble, having only one entrance. The building was said to contain 3,000 chambers, and a hall built of marble, adorned with statues of the gods.

5th. The Pharos of Alexandria, a tower built by order of Ptolemy Philadelphus, in the year 282 B. C. It was erected as a lighthouse, and contained magnificent galleries of marble. a large lantern at the top, the light of which was seen near a hundred miles off—mirrors of enormous size were fized round the galleries, reflecting everything on the sea. A common tower is now erected in its place.

5th. The Walls of Babylon, built by order of Semiramis, or Nebuchadnezzar, finished in one year by 200,000 men.—They were of immense thickness.

7th. The Temple of Diana, at Ephesus, completed in the reign of Servius, sixth king of Rome. It was four hundred and fifty feet long, two hundred broad, and supported by one hundred and twenty six marble pillars, seventy feet high. The beams and doors were of cedar, the rest of the timber cypress. It was destroyed by fire B. C. 365.

TAKE CARE OF YOUR FEET.

Of all parts of the body, says Dr. Robertson, there is not one which ought to be so carefully attended to as the feet. Every person knows from experience that colds, and many other diseases which proceed from the same, are attributed to cold feet. The feet are at such a distance from the "wheel at the cistern" of the system, that the circulation of the blood may be very easily checked.

Yet for all this, and although every person of common sense should be aware of the truth of what we have stated, there is no part of the human body so much trifled with as the feet. The young, and would-be-genteel-footed, cramp their feet into thinsoled pinching boots and shoes, in order to display neat feet, in the fashionable sense of the term. There is one great evil, against which every person should be on their guard, and it is one which is not often guarded against—we mean the change of warm for cold shoes or boots. A change is often made from thick to thin soled shoes, without reflecting on the consequences that might ensue. In cold weather, boots and shoes made of good thick leather, both in soles and uppers, should be worn by all. Water tights are not good if they are air-tights also; india rubber over-shoes should never be worn except in wet splashy weather, and then not very long at once. It is hurtful to the feet to wear any covering that is air-tight over them, and for this reason india rubber should be worn as seldom as possible. No part of the body should be allowed to have a covering that entirely obstructs the passage of the carbonic gas from the pores of the skin outwards, and the moderate passage of air inwards to the skin. Life can be destroyed in a very short time, by entirely closing up the pores of the skin. Good warm stockings and thick-soled boots and shoes are conservatories of health, and consequently of human happiness.—*Scientific American.*

SCIENCE ANSWERING SIMPLE QUESTIONS.

Why is rain water soft? Because it is not impregnated with earth and other minerals. Why is it more easy to wash with soft water than with hard? Because soft water unites freely with soap, and dissolves it, instead of decomposing it, as hard water does. Why do wood ashes make hard water soft? First, because the carbonic acid of wood ashes combines with the sulphate of lime in the hard water, and converts it into chalk: and, secondly, wood ashes convert some of the soluble salts of water into insoluble, and throw them down as a sediment, by which the water remains more pure. Why has rain water such an unpleasant smell when it is collected in a rain water tub or tank? Because it is impregnated with decomposed organic matter, washed from roofs, trees, or the casks in which it is collected. Why does water melt salt? Because very minute particles of water insinuate themselves into the pores of the salt by capillary attraction, and force the crystals apart from each other. How does blowing hot foods make them cool? It causes the air which has been heated by the food to change more rapidly, and give place to fresh, cold air. Why do ladies fan themselves in hot weather? That fresh air may be brought in contact with their faces by the action of the fan: and as every fresh particle of air absorbs some heat from the skin, this constant change makes them cool. Does a fan cool the air? No; it makes the air hotter, by imparting it to the heat of our face; but it cools our face by transferring its heat to the air.

RURAL AXIOMS.

It is as cheap to raise one ton of grass clovers as a ton of burdocks or pig-weeds.

It costs no more to raise a hundred bushels of Baldwins than a hundred bushels of cider apples; or ten barrels of Virgalieus or Bartletts than the same quantity of choke-pears

An axe costing two dollars, with which a laborer may cut fifty cords a month, is a cheaper tool than an axe costing but one dollar, and with which he can cut only forty cords.

A "cheap plough" at five dollars, costing in one season three dollars for repairs, and three more in loss to teams, men, and by retarding crops, is a dearer plough than one at ten dollars, requiring no repairs.

A cow bought for ten dollars, whose milk but just pays her keeping, affords less profit than one at thirty dollars, giving double the value of milk afforded by the former.

A common dasher churn at two dollars, used one hundred times a year, is not so economical a purchase as a Kendall churn at four dollars, requiring but half the labor to work it.

A ten-acre field, costing fifty dollars per acre, and ditched, manured, and improved at fifty dollars more, so as to give double crops, is much more valuable and profitable than twenty acres unimproved, costing the same money.

The laborer who wastes half his strength in working all day with a dull saw, because he cannot give a shilling or afford half an hour to get it sharpened, will waste at least twenty-five cents per day, or six or seven dollars per month.

The man who loses half an hour of time, with one shilling, and wears his wagon and team to two shillings more, by going over a long and rough road, to avoid a plank toll of sixpence, loses just two and sixpence by the operation. This does not apply to the loaded wagon, where the loss is much greater from the smaller loads.—*Albany Cultivator.*

POWER OF IMAGINATION.

A few years since, Elijah Barnes, of Pennsylvania, killed a rattlesnake in his field without any injury to himself, and immediately after put on his son's waistcoat, both being of one color. He returned to the house, and on attempting to button his waistcoat, he found to his astonishment that it was much too small. His imagination was now wrought to a high pitch, and he instantly conceived the idea that he had been bitten imperceptibly by the snake, and was thus swollen from its poison. He grew suddenly very ill, and took to his bed. The family, in great alarm and confusion, summoned three physicians, and the usual remedies were prescribed and administered. The patient, however, grew worse every minute, till, at length, his son came home with his father's waistcoat dangling about him. The mystery was soon unfolded, and the patient, being relieved from his imaginary apprehensions, dismissed his physicians and was restored to health.

PRESERVING BUTTER.

The farmers in parish of Undy, in the county of Aberdeen, Scotland, practise the following method of curing their butter, which gives it a great superiority over that of their neighbors:—Take two quarts of the best common salt, one ounce of sugar, and one of saltpetre; take one ounce of this composition for one pound of butter; work it well into the mass, and close it up for use. The butter cured with this mixture appears of a rich and marrowy consistence and fine color, and never acquires a brittle harshness nor tastes salty. Dr. Anderson says: "I have ate butter cured with the above composition that has been kept for three years, and it was as sweet as at first." But it must be noted that butter thus cured requires to stand three or four weeks before it is used. If it is sooner opened, the salts are not sufficiently blended with it, and sometimes the coolness of the nitre will be perceived, which totally disappears afterwards. The above is worthy the attention of every dairywoman.

From the New England Farmer.

SHANGHAI FOWLS ON THE RISE.

I see it stated in the *Woonsocket* (R. I.) *Patriot*, that E. G. Faxon, of this town, has lately disposed of a pair of Shanghai fowls, for the clever sum of *one hundred dollars*. Possessing a personal acquaintance with the Editor of the *Patriot*, from whose pen the statement seems to appear, I am not disposed to doubt the truth of the same. E. G. F. keeps some very *choice* fowls—and his Shanghais are certainly perfect specimens of what G. P. Burnham, of Boston, calls the most beautiful of all domestic birds. Some people *will* see beauties where others cannot.

Now, I would ask why it is, that these Shanhai fowls occasionally bring such enormous prices? And as I have *asked* the question, I will also take the liberty to *answer* it according to *my* opinion. It is because purchasers do not *know* them. A friend of mine called a few days ago on a fowl fancier, who had just disposed of five pairs of Shanghai fowls for $40, and when asked by my friend if he really considered them superior to our common fowls, he replied that he did not; and such would be the reply of hundreds of others, if asked the same question. I think our native breed of fowls have been shamefully treated, and I hope the time is soon coming when they will be restored to their former standing—a place they so justly merit. A. T.

Smithfield, R. I., Nov. 10th, 1852.

VALUE OF BIRDS.

FRIEND BROWN:—I will relate to you an occurrence that took place in the year 1851, on my farm, that shows the value of birds, viz:—I went to mowing in one of my fields, and found that the grasshoppers were very plenty but not fully grown, and remarked to my son, who was mowing with me, that if they were not destroyed there would be enough to eat up all the fall feed. But as soon as we had mowed a few swarths, there were three blackbirds came and went to work, and before noon there were more than 50 blackbirds and bobalinks on the piece; the next day when we took away the hay the grasshoppers were few and far between. The following day we went to another field at some distance where the grasshoppers were the same, and the birds followed until their number increased to more than 200, and when we were done haying, they had made a clean sweep, with the assistance of a few of the crow blackbirds that appeared to come a great distance: they were coming and going always in the same direction and very high in the air. I will just remark that when I was a boy my father said we might kill all those kinds of birds, because, as he said, they did mischief.

I once knew crow blackbirds to pull up corn, and but once.

Yours, &c., B. F. CUTTER.

GOOSEBERRIES.

I have cultivated the wild gooseberry for several years, and find that there are a great many varieties of them; some of which have thorns and others have not, and some have fine thorns and very thick, others have large, stout, sharp ones.

Some are good growers and bearers, while others are neither. I have two varieties that I think may be very valuable, one of which I found in this town; the bushes grow large and bear heavily, and almost entirely thornless. The other, I found on the farm occupied by Mr. Fabyan, at the White Mountains. The fruit is large and sweet: the bushes have large thorns, bear abundantly, and are great growers. The bushes of this variety grow larger than I ever saw any other kind—I have seen them six feet high. Yours, &c.,

B. F. CUTTER.

Pelham, N. H., Nov. 6, 1852

TO MAKE CANDLES.—To every ten pounds of tallow take two pounds of allum; dissolve the allum in water and then turn in the melted tallow; stir the whole quickly for a short time, and the tallow will be clarified and hardened, and make a most beautiful candle for either winter or summer use.

APPLES IN ANCIENT TIMES.

From an article on "The Apple," in the Dublin University Magazine, (copied into the last number of the Living Age,) it appears in the classic mythology, apples were sacred to Venus, from her gaining the prize of the golden apples from Paris in his famous judgment, and they were dedicated to Hercules from his conquest of the golden fruit of the Hesperides. In the Pythian games, apples consecrated to Apollo were the reward of the victor. The apple mentioned by Solomon in Canticles, is believed to be the citron, (*citrus medica.*) as the common apples is not grown in Palestine. Solomon describes the fruit as of a golden color, and with a very fragrant and reviving scent—circumstances true of the citron, but not of the apple. In England, it was long customary to bless the shew-apple on St. James' day, (July 25th) and on the twelfth day to sprinkle apple-trees with libations of cider, accompanied by the singing of some rude, ancient rhymes, a custom supposed to be a relic of the rites of Pomona. The same writer observes, that if the apple is unfortunate in having acquired the reputation of a mischief-making fruit, ever since the designation of "apple" has been applied to the fruit of ill-omen eaten by Eve, it has sometimes led to good, as in the instance of William Tell, when it was the remote cause of the liberation of Switzerland; and in the instance of Sir Isaac Newton, who was led to discover the laws of gravitation by an apple falling on his head.

MR. WEBSTER AND THE FARMER.

The *N. Y. Times* relates the following anecdote of Mr. Webster:

"Some years since, Mr. Webster started off from Marshfield on a trouting expedition to Sandwich, a neighbouring town on Cape Cod. On a fine stream he alighted from his wagon, and just then he met the owner of the farm, whose stream run through it. 'Good morning,' says Webster; 'is there any trout here?' 'Well,' says the farmer, 'some people fish here, but I don't know what they do get.' 'I'll throw my line in,' says Webster, 'and see what there is.'

"Webster walked the banks of the stream, trying his luck, and the old farmer followed him. Soon Webster remarked, 'You have some bog on your farm.' 'Yes,' he replied, 'and that ain't the worst of it.' Webster still kept on throwing his line into the deep pools, and then said, 'You have plenty of briars here,' 'Yes,' says the farmer, 'and that ain't the worst of it.' Mr. Webster getting somewhat discouraged, in a hot August day, bitten by mosquitoes, scratched by briars, and not raising a single fish, dropped his rod and said, 'he didn't believe there was any trout here.' 'And that ain't the worst of it,' says the farmer. 'Well,' says Mr. Webster, 'I would like to know *what the worst of it is?*' '*There never was any here*, says the farmer, Mr. Webster enjoyed the joke, and often told of it to his particular friends."

BRUISING APPLES.

The Working Farmer says, in speaking of the great success of R. L. Pell, and the high prices he gets in foreign markets, "Mr. Pell has occasionally made a thumb-dent in an apple, and after tying a label to the stem placed the apple so dented in the centre of a barrel of sound apples, requesting his agent in England to report the result to him. The report has always been, that more than half such apples have been found decayed." How absurd then, to club or shake from a tree, or even to tumble them, baskets full, when hand-picked, into a barrel!

TAKING SHEEP FROM PASTURE.

The time for taking sheep from the pastures must depend on the state of the weather and food. Severe frosts destroy much of the nutriment in the grasses, and they soon after cease to afford adequate nourishment. Long exposure to cold storms, with such food to sustain them, will rapidly reduce their condition. The only safe rule is to transfer them to their winter quarters the first day they cease to thrive abroad.

Foster's Corner, Germain-street.

Just received per Steamer.

LADIES' white and Black Satin SLIPPERS,
Do. White, Black and Bronzed Kid ditto;
Do. French Cachmere BOOTS, *very light;*
Do. *Exhibition Slippers*, Silk Lin'd for Dancing,
Do. Black and Coloured French Merino—"*Cossacks*" for Walking;
Misses and Children's very Fine, Medium and Low priced BOOTS and SHOES, in almost endless variety.

And always on hand—Every description of BOOTS & SHOES that may be required for City or Country wear.

Further Supplies of the Newest and most Fashionable work, shortly expected per Ship *Mary Caroline* and Steamer.

Ladies and Families visiting our City are most respectfully invited to call.

Domestic Manufactures.

Men's Black and Drab Cloth Congress BOOTS;
Do. Patent, Enamelled, French Calf and Morocco Side Spring BOOTS—Dress and Walking;
Do. Light Soled Peg'd Patent, Morocco, Enamelled, Calf and Grain BOOTTEES;
Boys, Youths, and Children's Calf, Grain, Morocco, Patent, and Enamelled BOOTTEES;
Youths and Children's Strong BOOTS and Boottees.
Children's Patent and Enamelled fancy *Boots* and *Shoes*, in several styles;
Women's strong Shoes for service.
☞ Orders from the Country attended to.
Aug. 17, 1852. S. K. FOSTER.

S. K. FOSTER'S
Ladies' Fashionable Shoe store,
GERMAIN STREET, FOSTER'S CORNER.

New Cloth Boots.

Just received per steamer from Liverpool—
LADIES', Girls' and Children's Black CLOTH BOOTS, of every quality;
Ladies' Cashmere and Prunella BOOTS, in great variety; CARPET SHOES of all qualities.
For sale Wholesale and Retail.
Nov. 2. S. K. FOSTER.

Sugar, Pork and Beef.

Landing ex "*Effort*" and "*Ori*"—
6 HHDS. Bright SUGAR;
20 barrels Rump PORK;
30 barrels Prime MESS PORK;
30 barrels Mess BEEF.
GEORGE THOMAS.

Patent Windlasses on Consignment.

Landing ex Ship "Commodore," from Liverpool:
5 PATENT WINDLASSES, 14 inch, 16 inch, 17 inch, 19 inch, and 22 inch, with Patent Boxes, Cross Hands, and Pedestal Handles.
GEORGE THOMAS,
Nov. 9. *South Market Wharf*

RUBURCK'S
PATENT WHITE ZINC PAINT.

THIS PAINT is entirely free from any injurious properties whatever; it is healthful in manufacture—healthful in use—healthful to occupants of rooms newly painted with it. It is unparalleled in whiteness, clearness, and brilliancy of color—and permanent. Two hundred weight of this Paint, with *nine gallons of Oil*, will cover as much surface as three hundred weight of White Paint made from Lead, and *twelve gallons of Oil.* Further particulars will be given at another time.
☞ A quantity of this Paint, in kegs of all sizes, is expected from London about the end of this month. JOHN KINNEAR,
April 6. *Prince Wm. Street.*

Pipes. Pipes. Pipes.

In course of landing, ex the Barque *Oromocto*, from Glasgow:
200 BOXES Tobacco PIPES, 5 to 10 gross each, of first quality and description, put up expressly to suit the *St. John market*—for sale low while landing, by
JOHN V. THURGAR,
May 4, 1852. *North Market Wharf.*

HARDWARE.

Corner Dock Street and Market Square.
W. H. ADAMS

HAS received by late arrivals from England and the United States, extensive additions to his former Stock of HARDWARE, comprising all Goods usually kept by the trade. May 25.

Bay State Mills Manufactures.

The Subscriber has just received per Steamer *Admiral*, from Boston—
A FEW sample Packages of Fancy CASSIMERES—a new and superior style of Goods; also of Scarlet and Red Twilled FLANNELS—The Manufacture of the *Bay State Mills, Massachusetts.*
☞ The early attention of parties in the Dry Goods Business is requested to the above Goods, to be viewed at the Warehouse of
JOHN V. THURGAR,
17th April, 1852. *North Market Whar*

Tea, Clover Seed, &c.

Landing, ex "*Loyal*," from Halifax—
15 CHESTS Fine Congou TEA.
Ex Admiral, from Boston—
15 barrels Northern CLOVER SEED;
23,000 CHOICE HAVANA CIGARS.—For sale by JARDINE & CO.
April 20.

Flour, Tobacco, and Tea.

On Consignment ex "N. Noyes," *from Boston:*
200 BARRELS Superfine Canada FLOUR—*Fancy Brands;*
10 chests and 10 half-chests best Congo TEA, Shanghai importation;
30 boxes TOBACCO, of the following Brands—Palo Alto, Randolph, Lamartine, John Cary, E. A. Price, and Thompson's.—For sale at low rates. GEORGE THOMAS,
April 27. *South Wharf.*

JANUARY, 1852.
English and American Paper Hangings, &c.
FOR SALE BY—JOHN KINNEAR,
Prince William Street.
6000 PIECES, principally low prices and new patterns;
250 assorted cane and wood seat Rocking and other CHAIRS.
A large variety of American Wooden WARE, CORN BROOMS, &c. Jan. 27.

Oats! Oats! Oats!

Just received from Sackville:
250 BUSHELS BLACK OATS,
And from Glasgow—
36 bushels POTATO and HOPETON OATS.
For sale low by JARDINE & CO.
May 18, 1852.

Scythes, Shot, &c.

Landing ex ship *Devon*, from Liverpool—
100 DOZEN Griffin's SCYTHES;
10 boxes English Scythe Hones;
60 bags *SHOT:* 1 hhd. *BATH BRICKS;*
2 hhds. GOLDEN SYRUP;
10 boxes "Halls's" Patent STARCH;
Ex schooner "Franklin," *from Boston—*
10 casks RICE; 25 bags Gov't. Java COFFEE; Bitter and Shelled ALMONDS; SNUFF; *TOBACCO; LEMONS*, &c.
Ex *Victoria*, from New York—
15 barrels *CLOVER SEED;*
20 barrels New-York City MESS PORK.—For sale by [May 18.] JARDINE & CO.

Fancy Tweeds and Doeskins.

NOW OPEN FOR INSPECTION—
A SPLENDID assortment of *TWEEDS* and *DOESKINS*, in the newest styles and patterns. Purchasers in want of such articles, have now an opportunity of selecting from an entirely new stock, which can be MADE UP TO ORDER on the Premises, if required.
June 1. GILCHRIST & INCHES.

Fresh SEEDS!

Just received by the 'Faside,' from London:—
A FRESH and well selected Stock of GARDEN, FIELD, and FLOWER SEEDS; for sale by
THOMAS M. REED,
May 4. *Corner North Wharf & Dock-street.*

TO FARMERS.

THE subscribers are now receiving One Hundred Barrels of Ground BONES, and a large variety of AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.
May 18. JARDINE & CO.

London House, Market square,
JUNE 1st, 1852.
JUST received, another lot of Ladies' VISITES, in all the newest shapes, same as last.
June 1. T. W. DANIEL.

Pickles, Sauces, &c.

Just landed from ship "Sir Harry Smith:"—
15 CASES assorted PICKLES;
6 do. Preserved FRUITS;
6 do. SAUCES, and SALAD OIL;
20 do. MUSTARD, *a superior article:*
10 cases containing JAMS, JELLIES, ORANGE MARMALADE, Italian MACCARONI, and VERMICELLI; for sale low by
THOMAS M. REED,
May 11. *Corner North Wharf & Dock-street.*

Drugs, Medicines, &c.

THE subscriber has received per *Themis*, the remainder of his Fall Stock of DRUGS, MEDICINES, *Perfumery, Brushes, Pickels, Sauces* &c., all of which are warranted of the best quality and for sale on reasonable terms.
T. M. REED,
Head of North Wharf.
PAINTS, OILS, VARNISH, BRUSHES, BURNING FLUID, of superior quality always on hand.
October 28.

CIGARS! CIGARS!

10,000 LA DESEADA CIGARS just received and for sale by THOMAS M. REED,
Dec. 16. Head of North Wharf

Richard Cobden.

Received by the above vessel, from New York—
60 CHESTS Superior Souchong TEAS,—"*Esther Mary's*" Cargo.
Dec. 16 FLEWWELLING & READING.

HARDWARE, &c.

Received ex 'Alcope,' 'Cambria,' 'Samuel,' and Devon,' from Liverpool, 'Sir Harry Smith' from London, and 'Oromocto,' from the Clyde:—
12 SMITHS' BELLOWS, 12 ANVILS;
24 VICES, 1 cask Smiths' HAMMERS, and SLEDGES; 2 casks TRACES;
1 cask OX CHAINS; 1 do. Halter Chains and Back Bands.
Casks Close Link CHAIN ¼ 5-16 and ⅜ inch.
2 tons Horse and Ox NAILS, 60 bags Wrought Nails, from 5dy to 40 dy.
50 bags *Patent Pressed Nails*, from ¼ inch to 6inch,
10 bags Clout Nails; 10 bags Block Rivetts, 1 cask Tinman's and Coopers Rivetts;
½ ton Clinch RINGS, from ⅜ to 1¼ inch;
2 tons SPIKES, from 4 to 9 inch;
8 do. Pots, Bakepans, Spare Covers, Fry Pans and Griddles;
1 ton Shoe Bills, ⅜ and ½ inch; 2 do. Brass Sparrowbills, 3 do. Zinc do.;
1½ ton Sad Irons, 1 ton Cart Boxes assorted;
12 pigs Block Tin, 1 cask Strip TIN;
1 cask Zinc; 1 ton SHOT; 5 sheets *LEAD;*
1 ton Lead Pipe; 100 Plough MOULDS;
1 ton Plough Plating; 1 ton Blister *STEELS;*
½ ton spring STEEL; 1 ton square, Octgon; Round and Flat CAST STEEL;
6 casks Tea Kettles, Sauce pans, Digesters, and Enamel'd Preserve Kettles;
95 Rings WIRE, Brass, Copper and Iron, all sizes.
75 dozen Griffin SCYTHES; 50 dozen Reaping Hooks and Sickles.
60 dozen Handled SPADES and SHOVELS.
150 dozen Ste-l'd Miners or round point Shovels, Garden Rakes, Hoes, and Trowels.
1 ton Block Bushes; 16 dozen long handled Fry Pans; 10 do. short handled Fry Pans.
500 Patent Block Bushings.
100 Hoole, Stanforth & Co's Gang Saws, 5½ feet.
50 Rowland's Vicker's, and Hoole & Co's MILL SAWS, 6, 6½ and 7 feet.
Circular SAWS, from 12 to 30 inches.
Cross Cut, Hand, Tenon, and other Saws in variety.
3 cases Thompson's Scotch Screw AUGERS, from ⅜ inch to 2 inch, long and short screw.
3 cases GUNS and PISTOLS, Shot BELTS, Pouches, and Percussion Caps.
3 casks Vickers's Mill, X Cut, Hand, Tennon and other FILES and RASPS.
1 cask Hair Seating and Curled HAIR;
1 cask Wire Cloth and Grating.
1 cask Cart Hames; 2 do. Barn Hinges.
2 casks Butt H H T Strap and Chest Hinges.
1 case Patent White Metal, Brass, and Brass Joint HINGES; 18 casks, containing every variety of LOCKS, Brass Foundry and general Shelf HARDWARE and CUTLERY; 164 kegs POWDER, all qualities; 3 tons Brandram's No. 1 WHITE LEAD; Red, Yellow and Black PAINTS; 1 do. London PUTTY; 1 case of BRUSHES; with the Stock on hand, comprising one of the best assorted stocks in the City, which will be sold very low for approved payments, by W. TISDALE & SON.
June 1, 1852.

SHEFFIELD HOUSE,
Market Square, St. John, N. B.

Per "*Commodore*" and "*Sarah Louisa*"—
WILL be opened in a few days—10 casks and cases of BLOCK TIN and JAPANNED GOODS, consisting of Tea Trays, Waiters, and Bread Baskets; Toilet Sets, Dish Covers, Teapots, Coffee Pots, Filterers; Heela's Toddy Kettles, on stands; Egg Coolers, Sugar Boxes, Spice Boxes, Paste Cutters, Jelly Moulds, Baking Dishes, Nutmeg graters, Soup Tureens, Nursery Lamps, Slop Pails, Coal Vases, Candlesticks, Pattie Pans, Lamp Heads, Fish Trowels and Slices, Foot Warmers, Knife Dippers, Wash Basins, Mashn Kettles, Snuffer Trays, Tartlets, Tart Pans, &c. &c., with a large variety of other furnishing articles, too numerous to particularise in the limits of an advertisement—AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES.
ROBINSON & THOMPSON,
June 22—6i. Proprietors

S. K. FOSTER'S
Ladies' Fashionable Shoe Store,

Foster's Corner, Germain-street, St John. Queen-street, next Coy & Son, Fredericton.

NEW BOOTS & SHOES.

Just received per ship *Mary Caroline*, and the last Liverpool steamer to Boston,
LADIES' Fashionable side Spring BOOTS;
do. Cashmere and Prunella Boots, assorted;
Ladies' White and Black Satin SLIPPERS;
Black, Bronze and White Kid Slippers;
Patent, Enamelled, Morocco and Kid Slippers; with every variety of the very best make of Misses' and Children's Boots and Shoes.
These goods are all warranted good.
Sept. 28. S. K. FOSTER.

Cheap! Cheap! Cheap!

Received from Paris—
1 CASE ROOM PAPER—latest designs—which will be sold exceedingly low wholesale or retail, if applied for immediately.
June 12. W. H. ADAMS.

Sperm & Elephant Oil.

Landing ex Schr. "*George*," from Boston:—
5 BARRELS pure Lard OIL;
5 do. Elephant Oil;
4 brls. Bleached Winter Strained Sperm OIL;
8 boxes fine Aromatic TOBACCO.—For sale by
Sept. 28. JARDINE & CO.

Seeds, Nuts, &c.

Landing ex 'Cuba,' from Boston—
CARROT Seed, early jefferson and sweet corn; Pumkin and Squash Seed; Ploughs; Cultivators, Seed Sowers, Forks, Spades, Shovels, &c. 4 sacks Grenoble Walnuts; 10 boxes Oranges; 1 frail Dates; 20 drums Figs; 2 casks Honey.
April 27. JARDINE & CO

SHEFFIELD HOUSE,
Market Square, St. John, N. B,

Per *Commodore*, and *Sarah Louisa*.—Just received—a beautiful assortment of GAS FITTINGS, consisting of
1, 2, and 3 light CHANDELIERS, complete;
Pendants, Brackets, Hall Lamps, Gasaliers, in Bronze and Bronzed and relieved, direct from one of the first Manufacturers in England—GLASS GLOBES to suit; GIG LAMPS, &c. &c.
☞ The above are made expressly for Private Dwellings, and will be found superior to any in the market, the styles being quite new—they are offered at the lowest cash prices.
ROBINSON & THOMPSON,
June 22.—6i. Proprietor.

LUBIN's PERFUMERY.

THE subscriber has just received an extensive assortment of the above celebrated Perfumery, consisting of Rose, Geranium, Jocky Club, Sweet Briar, Heliotrope, Verbena. Also—A fresh supply of *FARINAS, COLOGNE*, and *LAVENDER WATER.*
THOMAS M. REED,
June 1. Head of North Wharf.

Four Hundred Boxes
7x9, 8x10, and 10x12 German Sheet Window Glass,

Of an approved quality, and for sale at a low price.
—ALSO—
5 Boxes Coloured GLASS—Ruby, Green, Purple Yellow and Blue, sizes to suit buyers.
June 1. JOHN KINNEAR.

Superfine Flour & Clover Seed.

Landing ex "Rainbow," *from New York:*
50 BRLS. Canada Superfine FLOUR.
Ex "*Admiral*," *from Boston:—*
10 bags CLOVER and GRASS SEED.
JAMES MACFARLANE,
May 11 *Market Square.*

New and Handsome PAPER HANGINGS.

Just received per steamer *Eastern City*—
A NEW supply of PAPER HANGINGS, comprising the *cheapest* and most beautiful variety we have had this season. Those who want a good and handsome Paper at a very cheap price, will please call and examine the assortment.
July 27. S. K. FOSTER.

The Road to Health.

Holloway's PILLS.

CURE OF A DISORDERED LIVER AND BAD DIGESTION.

Copy of a Letter from Mr. R. W. Kirkus, Chemist, Prescot Street, Liverpool, dated 6th June, 1851.

To Professor HOLLOWAY.

SIR,—Your Pills and Ointment have stood the highest on our sale list of Proprietary Medicines for some years. A customer, to whom I can refer for any enquiries, desires me to let you know the particulars of her case. She had been troubled for years with a disordered liver, and bad digestion. On the last occasion, however, the violence of the attack was so alarming, and the inflammation set in so severely, that doubts were entertained of her not being able to bear up under it; fortunately she was induced to try your Pills, and she informs me that after the first, and each succeeding dose, she had great relief. She continued to take them, and although she used only three Boxes, she is now in the enjoyment of perfect health. I could have sent you many more cases, but the above, from the *severity of the attack*, and the *speedy* cure, I think, speaks much in favor of your astonishing Pills. (Signed) R. W. KIRKUS.

AN EXTRAORDINARY CURE OF RHEUMATIC FEVER, IN VAN DIEMEN'S LAND.

Copy of a Letter inserted in the Hobart-Town Courier, of the 1st March, 1851, by Major J. Welch.

Margaret M'Connigan, nineteen years of age, residing at New Town, had been suffering from a violent rheumatic fever for upwards of two months, which had entirely deprived her of the use of her limbs; during this period she was under the care of the most eminent medical men in Hobart Town, and by them her case was considered hopeless. A friend prevailed upon her to try Holloway's celebrated Pills, which she consented to do, and in an incredible short space of time they effected perfect cure.

CURE OF A PAIN AND TIGHTNESS IN THE CHEST AND STOMACH OF A PERSON 84 YEARS OF AGE.

From Messrs. Thew & Son, Proprietors of the Lynn Advertiser, who can vouch for the following statement.—August 2nd, 1851.

To Professor HOLLOWAY,

SIR,—I desire to bear testimony to the good effects of Holloway's Pills. For some years I suffered severely from a pain and tightness in the stomach which was also accompanied by a shortness of breath, that prevented me from walking about. I am 84 years of age, and notwithstanding my advanced state of life, these Pills have so relieved me, that I am desirous that others should be made acquainted with their virtues. I am now rendered, by their means, comparatively active, and can take exercise without inconvenience or pain, which I could not do before.
(Signed) HENRY COE.
North Street, Lynn, Norfolk

AN EXTRAORDINARY CURE OF THE GRAVEL, AND A MOST DANGEROUS FEVER COMPLAINT.

Copy of a Letter addressed to J. K Hayden, Esq., Sydney, New South Wales dated Feb. 25th, 1851.

SIR—A Mr. Thomas Clark, a Settler at Lake George, was for a considerable time seriously afflicted with a Complaint of the Liver, together with the Gravel. His medical attendants, after trying all their skill, candidly told him that his case was hopeless, and any further efforts useless. In this situation, and when expecting every day would terminate his existence, a friend recommended him to try Holloway's Pills, and as a forlorn hope he did so, the first gave him considerable releif, he therefore persevered in taking them according to the directions, and is now restored to health. He will feel great pleasure in confirming this statement, or even make an affidavit to the same effect, should it be required.
(Signed) WILLIAM JONES, Proprieter of the Goulburn Herald, New South Wales.

WONDERFUL EFFICACY OF HOLLOWAY'S PILLS, IN CASES OF DROPSY.

Persons suffering from Dropsy, either about the turn of life, or at other times, should immediately have recourse to these Pills, as hundreds of persons are annually cured, by their use, of this direful complaint in its different stages, when all other means had failed.

These celebrated Pills are wonderfully efficacious in the following complaints.

Ague, Asthma, Bilious Complaints, Blotches on the Skin, Bowel Complaints, Colics, Constipation of the Bowels, Consumption, Debility, Dropsy, Dysentery, Erysipelas, Female Irregularities, Fevers of all kinds, Fits, Gout, Head-ache, Indigestion, Inflammation, Jaundice, Liver Complaints, Lumbago, Piles, Rheumatism, Retention of Urine, Scrofula or King's Evil, Sore Throats, Stone and Gravel, Secondary Symptoms, Tic Douloureux, Tumours, Ulcers, Venereal Affections, Worms of all kinds, Weakness from whatever cause, &c. &c.

Sold by the Proprietor, 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar), London; and by S. L. TILLEY, *Provincial Agent*, No. 15, King Street, St. John, N. B.; A. Coy & Son, Fredericton; W. T. Baird, Woodstock; Alexander Lockhart, Quaco; James Beck, Bend of Petitcodiac; O. K. Sayre, Dorchester; John Bell, Shediac; Joel Lewis, Hillsborough; John Curry, Canning; and James G. White, Belleisle.—In Pots and Boxes, at 1s. 9d., 4s. 6d. and 7s. each. There is a very considerable saving in taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients are affixed to each Box.

No 17, King Street.

Cheap Hat, Cap, & Fur Store.

THE Subscribers will open their *New Store, No. 17, King Street*, on Saturday, May 1, with an extensive variety of new and fashionable GOODS, imported by late arrivals and manufactured expressly for this Establishment.

It being fitted up in the Modern Style and adapted to their trade, and as all articles will be marked at prices decidedly to the advantage of the purchaser; which combined will offer an additional inducement to our Customers and the public to continue their patronage. A Call is requested.
April 30, 1852.—4i. LOCKHART & CO.

Window Glass, Feathers, &c.

Just received, and offered for sale,
14,000 FEET large sizes, superior quality White WINDOW GLASS:
80 bags Steamed FEATHERS, three different qualities, *(oil all extracted)*;
10 boxes, assorted sizes, LOOKING-GLASS PLATES;
2 cases Writing PAPERS and Blank Writing BOOKS;
1000 pieces, New Patterns, PAPER HANGINGS;
25 dozen assorted CHAIRS, &c.
Patterns of superior and high-priced Paper Hangings are to be seen, any of which can be ordered, deliverable in ten or twelve days.
JOHN KINNEAR,
Sept. 21. *Prince Wm. Street.*

Havana Cigars and Tobacco.

FIVE THOUSAND *HAVANA CIGARS*, and Five boxes superior Chewing Tobacco—"*Diadem of Old Virginia*,"—just received and for sale by THOMAS M. REED,
Aug. 24. Head of North Wharf

BURNING FLUID, &c.

3 CASKS Porter's BURNING FLUID;
10 brls. Crushed SUGAR; 14 bales Lute and Alicante MATS.
June 1. FLEWWELLING & READING.

BEEF and PORK.

30 BARRELS Prime BEEF, New York City Inspection;
20 barrels MESS PORK. For sale by
JOHN V. THURGAR,
Aug. 17, 1852. *North Market Wharf*

Anvils, Bellows, and Vices.

25 BLACKSMITHS' ANVILS;
12 pairs do. BELLOWS;
Few Blacksmiths' VICES.—For sale by
Sept. 14, W. H. ADAMS.