

DEVOTED TO TEMPERANCE, SCIENCE, EDUCATION, AND AGRICULTURE

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her close by her all the morming. But after brown hat down from its peg, and tied it dimner Mrs. Brown was summoned to see a over her tawny curls, when it suddenly ocsick woman, and Maidie, left to her own curred to her that her daddy might be home devices, got tired of darning her father's socks, and thought she would go look for Victoria Albertina, the solemn white cat one of the soldiers had given her at Durban. So she strayed into the parade-ground, before the hut, but the Queen's namesake had gone on a scout after some African mouse, and was nowhere to be seen. The inclosure was very quiet; the hot afternoon sun had driven every one under shelter except the man on guard, who, in his white havelock, was cuddling the shade, and just creeping along up and down the narrow passage between the fences But Marjorie did not mind the sun ; children seldom do. sort of a place for women and children. But Sergeant McLeod would not leave his one motherless bairn behind, for he never felt easy when Marjorie was away from him. His men were not sorry to have her come, either, the bonnie little Scottish lassie; for she was a great pet with them all, because she was so Scottish, and wholesome, and blithe, with her dimples and auburn curls, and merry gray eyes, and winsome ways. Then, too, she was a useful little lass, though only eight years old, and could darn the hose and sew buttons on, and sweep the room, and boil the porridge, as well as many an older person.

The fort at Tamashaki had been intended in the beginning for a Zulu village, and, perhaps, was the uncanniest spot a little Scottish girl ever called "home." It was just a collection of thatched mudhuts built around a large court-yard used for the paradeground, inclosed by a circular fence of high bamboó canes, stuck upright into the ground very close to one another, and bound together with withes. There was no gate, but the circle was brought round so that the ends of the fence overlapped at the entrance, in such a way as to prevent passers-by from seeing into the court. There was a sentinel stationed at the first entrance, who paced the ground where the gate should have been day and night, and Captain Knobel meant - have a gate made just as soon as he could procure the necessary material from the nearest Dutch settlement in the Transvaal.
Four or five days after the arrival of the new troops at Tamashaki, Sergeant McLeod was ordered off with his men on an expedition to buy food, and lumber for the necessary repairs. This would take him one whole day, so he left his Maidie, asthe called her, in the charge of Private Brown's wife. She was very kind to the child, and kept
 fith her to hear the band play in the public garden at Pietermaritzburg in the strange to say, Sergeant McLeod had never thought to forbid her venturing beyond the post alone, the possibility of her doing it probably never having occurred to
"I'll jist gang fetch my hat," she quickly decided, "and try to find a pretty brook, and some floors for my daddy, to gie him the nicht. Then full of her fine plans, she skip ped into McLeod's hut, and reached her
before her, so, like the thoughtful little honse-wife that she was, she spread the table and set out the bowl of "parritch," in readiness for him, with great care, then
danced out past the sleepy guard-who happened to be at the far end of his beat.
Marjorie made her way as fast as her little feet could carry her across the stretch of scorching sand that lay between the fort and the inviting shade of the bush. The afternoon sun still rode high in the cloudless heavens, and not a sound was heard but the whirring of insects in the sand, as Maide sprang with a cry of delight into an opening in the thicket of acacia, or white thorn trees, which bordered the arid plain. She already spied some lovelylittleflowers growing close to the ground not far off. They were gloxinias, pale blue, pink and white, and she sion gathered her apron full of them.
"What a beautiful posy I'll mak' my daddy!" she thought, delightedly. But, as into the bush, she forgot the pale gloxinias in her excitement over

he treasures that opened to her view, and dropped half of them as she made her way along, marking her path through the wood lyy flowers, as Hop-o'-my-Thumb did by pebbles in the nursery tale. She felt so happy in the woods, it seemed to her as if she could do anything, as she sprang from stone to stone or pressed her rosy cheek against the soft, thick moss, or buried her eager little nose in the white corolla of a lily.
On and on she strayed, playing she was a
fairy and singing, loudly: "Up the airy mountain, down the rushy glen," until she fairly set a monkey, far above her in an ebony-tree, chattering back ; but she was too busy to hear him. Presently, she came to a rock, some few hundred paces from the river, projecting over a pool of clear, but very dark-looking water. On the rock grew some beautiful air-plants with scarlet flowers, the inside of their gay cups lined with lemoncolor. In the soft sand, near this pool, were many great foot-prints-the lions had been there to drink at night.
Maidie, in reaching over to get one of the brilliant flowers, dropped her hat in the pool, and, do what she might, could not reach it again. She could have cried to see her pretty brown basket, piled full of lilies and ferns, floating off from her ; for she suddenly became conscious that it was growing darker in the woods, and that she ought to be finding her way home, as Daddy would be seared about her. So she grasped the remainder of her treasures more firmly, and turned her resolute little face homeward, or in what she thought to be the homeward direction. Somehow, it was a great deal harder picking her way over the stones as she went back ; there were so many slippery places and so many vines and thorny bushes in the way, and Marjoric-wondered why the woods seemed so much darker almost immediately

At last it grew so dark, and the way seem ed so strange, that she just sat down to think. How tired she was; how glad she would be to get home again! At last she determined to go straight back to the pool and wait there for her Daddy. She was so sure in her perfect faith that he would, of course, come for her, and he would see her more easily in that open place. She was not afraid. Her father had told her that God's good angels watch over children who tey to do right, and she had never meant to be nanghty. So she bravely turned, and painfully picked her way along until presently she came right to the edge of $a$ sheet of black water; it seemed to her the same she had left, but it was, in reality, quite a different pool. There was the rock close to her ; she would climb up and sit on the ledge, it was all so wet where she was standing. After trying to step over the stones, unsuccessfully she finally pulled off her shoes and waded in the pool to the rock, but found the sides were so high and slippery that she could not climb them, neither could she see to get back; all that was left for her to do was to plant her little shoeless feet in the water and orace herself firmly against the steep, rough rock and wait patiently for Daddy. The shoes were gone-dropped in trying to climb the rock-the pinafore was torn and soiled, and the gay vines and flowers draggled and drooped.

It's verra dark ; I'll say my prayers, any
how, whiles I'm waitin'," said Maidie. " be too sleepy when I get hame; only I canna
kneel doon verra weel, but God will na kneel doon verra weel, but God will na
mind that." So the dear little lass clasped her hands, and said "Our Father" an "Now I lay me," and did not know, herself, how pathetic it was, as she stood bolt upright and ankles. While she praved, the moon
and came out overhead, and its faint light strug gled through the trees and touched the rock while something besides the moonlight visited the pool-something that came with heany of the water, and slunk back again into its lair of darkness. Another and another of these visitors came, as the night
hours went on, and drank, ho urs went on, and drank, and glowered at
the little child, with red, fierce eyes, even rubbed their noses against her face and
end hands; then shook their yellow manes a they went muttering and growling away
Not one of them so much as touched a hai Not one of them so much as touched a hair
of her innocent head. "Who was it," said Lieutenant Ramsay, afterward, "shut the mouths of the great hungry creatures,
but He who gives His angels charge ove His little ones to keep them in all their ways ?"
partuwple of hours after Marjorie's defort and was piped off to supper. Of co the Sergeant McLeod expected to find his little lass waiting for him at his own door, and "as rather disappointed not to see her there, "She's fixed my parritch, bless her heart, ment of his meal, for which he had a prett good appetite, thanks to his long tramp
"she'll be back anon." But Maidie did no appear, so, with a slight feeling of uneasiness over to Mrs. Brown's.
"Maidie not home?" repeated that good soul, aghast, "why, I left her here, it's a,
couple of hours or so, to go see Freman's couple of hours or so, to go see Freeman'
sick wife. She was darnin' your sock like a lamb, and was fixin' to get your supper
ready in time. She's off visitin' the neeready in tin
bors, likely.
Further enquiry was made, but no one had seen the child for hours. Then it oc cured to the Sergeant, with a pang of terror, that she might have strayed outside the gate-
less inclosure. Beside himself with anxiety, the father peered about until he detected in the fine sand of the court two or three tiny foot-prints that pointed outward, Stepping outside he saw some others, faint and light,
to he sure, but nudoubtedly his Maidie's such tracks could have
else in the garrison.
Restraining his wild impulse to follow the lear child's footsteps immediately, McLeod turned lack
A number of the men volunteered willing $y$ enough, when the news of the loss of the Sergeant's Maidie spread through the post, for the child's pretty, bright, obliging ways
had made her such a darling that nearly all the rough, simple fellows would have done anything for her.
They tracked her easily down to the bush wut among the stones and mosses and tangled mudecidal, and at length were hopelessly lost. Long hours they searched and shouted
and climbel trees and cut down bushes and vines, going every where but in the right drection. As the might darkened among those gloomy shades, they shuddered to
hear the growls and roars of the beasts of prey coming forth from their dens and lairs the men grew discouraged and wearied out and returned to the fort. It did not seem possible that the poor bairnie could ever be
found, alive or dead, but the father would not give up the search for a moment ; he would have stayed there in the bush if every
man had left him. At midnight, Tienten man had left him. At midnight, Lieutenant
Ramsay came out with some fresh men to aid in the search, and joined the others just as they struek the river-bed where Marjorie
had gone wild with delight over the beautiful and brilliant flowers a few hours before They followed it painfully by the light of
their torches and of the watery moonshine until they gained the pool near the gorge,
dark and dismal enough as the shadows lay dark and dismal enough as the shadows lay
upon it, shallow as it was "One of the lions' drinking-places," said
Mr. Ramsay, and stopped to pick up someMr. Ramsay, and stopped to pick up some-
thing that floated to his feet. They all knew
it-Maide's little torown hat, with

Robbie Bell fell on his knees and sobbed like a child. "Lord keep the puir bairnies frae the jaws "o the lion!" he cried, and more than one man added an Amen. The poor father groaned, "Gi'e Thy angels ciarge o er her," then, presently, in a cheerie fearless ; she'd win her way better'n maist. We'll fin' her so lang as the wild beasts dinna.
It seemed a forlorn hope, but on they trudged, compelled at times to stop and rest, strong men as they were, and at last their
lurid torches flickered and grew faint in the gray dawn, when the damp mists rose up from the moist ground, and the growlings
of the lions who had been kept off by the of the lions who had been kept off by the
orch-glare grew fainter and less frequent, orch-glare grew fainter and less
McLeod was ahead of the others, with the young lieutenant ; they had flung away their torches, and pushing through a thicket came suddenly upon the sandy shore of another ion-pool, the sand all trodden down and covered with fresh marks of lion-paws. A black rock loomed up out of the water just opposite them, and hardly had they emerged
from the thicket when McLeod gave a gasping cry, and dashed through the water
Malcolm Ramsay could not make out the reason of this movemerit at first, but in anther instant he caught sight of a little shoe floating slowly on the pool, and next he saw wee form standing in the water braced falling all rock, bareneaded, her brice, blue and ghastly in the weird light, the eyes round and wide and strained, with a pitiful, watching look in then, the two small hands her.
But instantly a look of joy came into the sweet eyes, an angel smile made the little
ace radiant-she had seen her father-he gained her side, and, with a cry of inexpressible joy, clasped his baby, his treasure, in
One
One by one all came up through the thicket, as though an electric message had brought them. McLeod strode through the wimself like a baby, while she raised a
hing trembling little hand and stroked his brown face and kissed his rough cheek.
all gathered about dear Maidie, kissing her hands and dress, and even her little, stained ess lion-tracks all about ; some fell on their nees and hid their faces. It seemed difficult to believe that this was really their Maidie, and that she was alive, for, by all tokens, she must have been the very centre of a host of "ns, throughout the dreadful night.

Maidie, darling," said Lieutenant Ramsay, in
afraid ?"
"Na," said the innocent lassie, turning her eyes on him, "not a bit afeard. I knew care o, wad till he cam'; but I was weary waitin', and a bit lanesome, too, till some dogs cam' to drink the watter, and they dogs cam to drink the like."
"Dogs?" echoed the young man.
"Aye. Big, yellow dogs ; I never seed sic grand big anes. They rubbed their noses
on my face and glowered at me; but I didna niny face and glowe
Oh, the child! How the men looked at each other! To think of her safe among the
ions all night-the fearsome beasts seeking their
Then the tired head sank on her father's houlder, and safe in his tender hold, the watching and waiting, the irksomeness and pain all past, the child's eyes closed and she dropped dead asleep-the sleep of utter exthe brave spirit had no need to bear up the frail little body any longer.
And so he carried her home. They all wanted to carry her, but the father would give her up to no one else; not even to Mr. Marjorie and her body-guard arrived at the how, and all hands had turned out in the and the Highland ripes to rejoice over her. and cheeriest to welcome the dear lamb who
had been lost and was found, and who did not know until they all marched away forver from Tamashaki, three months later, wow great had been her peril, and how
wonderful her deliverance. - St. Nicholas

TURNING OVER A NEW LEAF. (From Day of Rest). III.

Important sale of excellent household furniture and effects at 18 Terrace

Messrs.
Messrs. Hook and Walker will sell by auction, at $18 \sim$ Terrace, on the 10 th
and 11 th of November, $18-$, commencing and 11th of November, 18-, commencing
each day at twelve precisely, all the modern household furniture, comprising," \&c., \&c., \&
We need not copy the whole of the bill, such may be seen and read anywhere any
day of the week. Thus was Bates's home day of the week. Thus was Bates's home
broken up. Month after month rolled wearily by, and then came this crisis.
The family were about to leave London for Liverpool. Just before their departure Mrs. Bates received a foreign-looking letter ; it was from her only brother, and although
she had heard from him regularly since he she had heard from him regularly since he been looked for so eagerly as this one. H was in America, transacting business for Manchester house ; and with tears of disappointment she read his words
write again until you hear from me; I expect to leave this place (Charleston) for New Orleans in a day or two, and my whereabouts
will be uncertain for a time. I will send the address as early as possible.
"How foolish!"" murmured Mrs. Bates "why did he not tell me to write to the Post Office? How can I tell him.to write to Liverpool now ? I shall never hear from him again ;" and so she grieved that he situated.
In the dead of winter they sought a home in a strange place. They rented a small four-roomed house Mr. Bates, after som difficulty, obtained a situation in an archi tect's office; he was very clever, and fortun-
ately quite unknown in Liverpool; and to ately quite unknown in Liverpool; and to
avoid recognition by name, he adopted the pseudonym of Bryant.

For a time he went on more steadily, and hope began to revive in his wife's heart She would have gladly taken in a little sewing, but, to use her own words, "Fer
nands were tied " by a baby of five months nands were tied " by a baby of five months
old. The home and children were kept very neat and clean. Had a stranger peeped into the little room designated "the parlor" (although it was made a sleeping-room at mght, and had he noticed how well brushed yet che faded carpet was, how tasternlly nicely the cheap pictures were hung, and how well the whole of the poor furniture was arranged, he would have said that the "better days.
Mr. Bates
Mree Bates had not been in his situation three months before he exposed himself. Al along he had drunk deeply, but secretly,
which his employer had reason to suspect. But one day he presented himself completely intoxicated, and was forthwith ordered ou of the place. Mr. L
proud man ; he looked upon a drunkard from only one point of view, and judged him mercilessly. He had "no sympathy with men who made brutes of, themselves;
where was their self-respect ?" and so on. where was their self-respect $?^{\text {" }}$ and so on.
The declaration, "No drunkard shall inherit The declaration, "No drunkard shall inherit
the kingdom of God," seemed perfectly just the kingdom of God," seemed perfectly just
and right in his eyes. But he never cared to light on such texts in the Bible as-"It is good neither to eat flesh, nor to drink wine,
nor anything whereby thy brother stumbleth nor any thing whereby thy brother stumbleth, included in the brethren addressed, " Y who are spiritual," yet he heeded not the exhortation made to such, "If a man be overtaken in a fault, restore such an one in the spirit Withness."
Wruphout having any recollection of his aorupt dismissal, poor Bates went the next
morning to business as his astonishment to receive a Great was primand from Mr. L. How the old proud spirit rose up and could scarce be restrained from resenting the unnecessarily harsh words!
children deterred hime, however ; and with tightly-compressed lips, and a face dark with of the man (whom he felt to be his inferio in many respects), that he should receive a prompt dismissal on the repetition of the
Within a month from that day the " ofexecution.
That was a time of sore trouble whilst

Bates was in search of another situation. father would not not live without food, the they were reduced to greatstraits There wer the same old difficulties to be met and overcome in applying for employment. Charrequired. One day, weary and worn $\mathrm{Mr}_{\mathrm{r}}$ required. One day, weary and worn, Mr
Bates entered a large warehouse the usual enquiries. A gentlemanly-lookin man, with ance, came forward to speak with him. He was and had been, and sort of a man Bates was and had been, and he felt for him. H the drunk of the temptations that surrounded or his circumstances
Mr. Bates told him much. Mr. Harris was a man who could easily win the confidence of those in trouble. He listened patiently and kindly to what Bates had to
say, and finally offered him a situation which him in writing the whole of the day. This, though different from what epted been accustomed to, was gladly acepted, and he went home fully determined o merit the kindness and-goodwill of his benefactor, and to prove himself worthy of the trust reposed in him when he should enter upon his new duties.
Very pleased was his wife to hear the wel come news. "Now, Aleck," she said hope-
fully, "if you will only mind, this will prove he beginning of better things I believe Do you think, dear, you would like to take "Ne pledge ? Do, now,"
"Not a bit of it, Marian ; I shall take care of myself this time, never fear. I always feel weak and low ; I am sure I need stimu His wife sighed

## "Do be careful, Aleck,"

he said earnestly.
teady at leat on, and Bates kept pretty never wa least during the daytime. But he equently felt bed perfectly sober, and conequently fett the craving for the early
morning dram, in which he regularly in dulged. Throughout the hours of busines he made strong efforts to control himself. , caring nothing for ought foro, Mary, their oldest child, had sought for something to do, and had been successful in getting "a little place," to take
are of a baby for sixpence per day. However, now that their prospects were becom-
ng brighter, Mrs. Bates thought she might give it up, to attend school with Jessie. So ne evening she said, "I think, Mary dear rou might leave Mrs. Smith, and get to schoot againg
something.
Mary looked pleased. "I should like to , mamma. I do want to learn so It was arranged, therefore, that on the ollowing Monday she was to be free once nore for school
But-alas for the "buts !"-the very day ment had been made Mr. Bates came home sadly intoxicated. It was a lovely afternoon in early summer. The warm, pleasant sunshine streamed through the little window and danced on the kitchen floor, and the oft breeze, which plays as kindly in the dirty streets of the city as around the treeembowered cottages of the country, dallied with the few cheery-looking though comJessie, poor tittle fracile, in delicate Jessie was out with her two brothers. The baby was asleep in one corner of the kitchen and Mrs. Bates every now and then had to look up from her sewing to say "Hush!" house of empty cotton-reels on the floor "Don't you talk, Harry dear," said she, as the child was chattering to some old gentleman whom he fondly imagined to be the keeper of his "house." Ma doesn't want to do before tea." And so Master Harry carried on his conversations in whispers for he next five minutes. Then came some Bates rose hastily, thinking it was the children. She raised her finger as the door pened ; but it was not they. Her heart her husband like this again? She put the question very softly to him. He swore at The baby woke up screaming like a madman. The baby woke up screaming, and the little bey hid his face in his mother's dress. Words were unavailing at such a time; so Mrs.
Bates silenily moved about, preparing the children's tea, with the baby in her arms.

## THE HOUSEHOLD.

OVER-STUDY OR OVERWORK. y henry i. bowditch, m.d. Of all the follies I see at present in New England-less perhaps in other parts of the
country where education is not stimulated as it is here-I know of nonegreater, or one more often fatal, than the over-stimulus of
the intellect at the expense of the body, in the intellect at the expense of the body, in
our schools and colleges. We weary the
brain with overwork at the expense of the brain with overwork at the expense of the
bodily frame, and too often of the morals, of the pupil.
Every teacher feels called upon by public
opinion to stimulate the intellect opinion to stimulate the intellect of the
pupil. The physical well-being of the child is almost universally over-looked. This is gross folly in the case of any pupil, evein i
there be no hereditary tendency to consump tion. But with that tendency the plan is really homicidal.
Many persons will deem me extravagant, if not irreverent, when I lay it down as a
proposition, that it is as much a religious duty for the parent to guard over the physical culture of his child as it is to watch for
its moral and religious development. Upon the healthy development of the body hangs the healthy growth of a really
religious life. And yet it sometimes seems to me as if teachers, parents and pupils were all alike mad in the pursuit of purely intellectual education. The eating of plenty
of good food, and an excellent digestion thereof, plenty of out-of-door exercise, proper seasons for rest, seem wholly, and at
times even criminally neglected, cómpared times even criminaly neglected, cormpared
with the time and attention given in order to attain high rank at school. I write
warmly because my experience, I think, warmly because my experienc
sustains me in the propositions.
sustains me in the propositions.
Some teachers and parents will object to the above, and will it hard study. Far from it. I believe in hard
study for a proper number of hours-with study for a proper number of hours-with
intermission for-what is equally important - earnest, well-directed play. The difficulty is that in most schools and colleges the play
is not cultivated as it should be by the is not cultivated as it should be by the
teacher. His work, he thinks, is to be devoted to the intellectual growth of his pupil. Attention to the harmonious growth of his body is of minor importance.
In illustration, I cite the following as a perience as a physician, and I cannot resist
the inferences I have been compelled to draw in many similar ones which thave seen A young person, male or female, walks tion in regard for the purpose of consultapaleness of the face, extreme emaciation and parembling steps, coumbined with a slight
trengh cough, and evidently more or less difficulty tain intellectual expression of the face almost immediately enableme to foreshadow a history somewhat as follow
stimulated by ambition to be in the front rank of scholaship, and desiring, owing to obtain rapidly an education, the poor, scarcely developed child has been laboring ally, and the victim has been earried many miles daily to and and from school. Study at school, in the cars, and after return at night, sometimes twele.
daily rule
Of course, utter prostration is the result. The appetite fails or becomes capricious under severe fatigue and irregularity of
meals. Gradually a cough is noticed, and it meals. Gradualy a cough is notice", and it day is blamed for the cough which has been nurtured by the very course pursued. The rain was only the signal, so to speak, for that
to burst forth which had been already preto burst forth which had been already pre pared for explosion by previous folly, viz.,
the grossest intemperance in the use of the privileges of life.
The cough and the educational race con-
tinue on together. Finally a failure of strength manifests itself, and then, for the first time, the parents begin to look with
concern at the appearance of their child. concern at the appearance of their child
But neither child nor parent thinks of givin up school. "Perhaps it is toward the end of and the coveted prize will be gained, and then rest and cure can be attempted. And
so the terrible race toward death goes on. Day after day, the pupil rises early and goes
to bed late at night, haunted by the idea of to bed late at night, haunted by the idea of
an education to be gained. At last, the long-
$\mid$ wished-for goal is reached. The first honors are gained, but they are now of little com-
fort, for all strength, which has been artififort, for all strength, which has been artifi-
cially kept up by the excitement of the race cially kept up by the excitement of the race,
suddenly leaves the aspirant, and the pupil does nothing afterward. Sinking of all the powers and a rapid downward course ensue, All ideas of cure can only make a dial relief, perhaps, have disappeared, and death by quick consumption soon closes all. This is have met many such.
Now the way to prevent such cases as this interfere and stop all such folly, ere it be oo late. Let this check be given not only once, but many times if need be, whenever, this should $\hat{\text { ber }}$ be dexcitement is noticed, and earnest wishes of the pupil, and although he or she be thoroughly disheartened by the restraint. The dificulty is that, usually, no consultation is had with physicians or parents until it is too late, and some parents seem
utterly blinded as to their duty in the premises.
A very intelligent and eminentlady teacher, when I spoke to her of this class of cases, replied, "I fully believe you are right. In my experience of girls who have been under ver-exciteme been led to believe that this the primary symptoms of consumption, and that it should be considered such by physicians. I have now in mind at least two girls who, without any extra mental qualities, and very feeble frames, were constantly studying and rarely exercising. They were often absent from school from weakness. Still they could not give up reading, and pleaded earnestly to be allowed to study, 'as it was their only pleasure.' I urged the parents to take them from school, and to compel or induce them to take more care of their health. I felt that they would eventually break down if they continued in the course they were then pursuing. My advice was hey were then pursuing. My advice was
not followed, and they died of consumption and was not this over-intellectual excitement really the first symptom?"
eally the first symptom?"
Such a course should be avoided in all cases, but the rule is especially imperative in a pupil having hereditary tendencies to consumption. A proper, reasonable, temperately conducted, well-ventilated school should be selected. No overwork of mind or body should be permitted. If the health fail at all, absolute removal from school is required ; travel or anything else should be undertaken hat will interest and keep the pupil from books and out of doors, and let the educaion, so-ealled, take care of itself.
Again, overwork not only in study, but in any direction where the person is confined with por food comfort maod and other dimilar results to those caused by over-study. A young merchant, a conscientious clerk, or another under a hard master, especially if working hiefly below the level of the street, as many now do, will be liable to suffer.
In connection with, and legitimately conected with it, is overwork in amusements. ruin their bodily and mental health by tending closely at school during the day, and staying at parties until late at night. In like manner many young women, having " finished their education," often spend every night ill early morning, in dancing and revel, and hus are often preparing for themselves quently. They rise late in the forenfrewith little appetite, and either pass the day in listless inaction, or if compelled to work drag themselves unwillingly to labor. This course is pursued several times during the week. Under it the face grows pale, the
strength lessens, and they are then all pre strength lessens, and they are then all pre-
pared for a cough to commence on the most trivial exposure, which would have had no deleterious influence upon a more rugged frame, which had been
If in addition to the evils of these employ ments and wild amusements, individuals neglect digestion, eat irregularly of a weak, lose appetite, flesh and strength. If a cough sets in under such circumstances, there is patient may be able to perform his usual duties up to the moment of consulting a hysician.
To avoid and guardians to see to it-

1st. That there shall be no overwork or 2d. That the spot for work shall be health-
3d. That regular and sufficient food be taken. 4th. The first moment that any failure of the powers is noticed, some physician should be consulted, whose aim should be not simply to give remedies, but to remove the patients
from any pernicions influence under which they may be suffering.-Youth's Companion.

## FEATHER PILLOWS.

It is of moment to remember, that in the cleansing of the feathers which are used to fill pillows and bolsters, the utmost care ought to the tick until they are thoroughly dried. If only a little moisture attach to the feathers they decompose; they give out
ammoniacal and sulphuretted compounds, and they become in this manner not only offensive to the sense of smell, but someimes an insidious source of danger to health A few years ago I went with my family to a well-known seaside place, where during the season we were obliged to take what we could get in the way of house accommoda-
tion. I was myself located in a small bedtion. I was myself located in a small bedcomfortable, and as bedrooms go, well ventilated. The first night after going to bed I awoke in early morning with the most oppressive of headaches, with a sense of thought thes arose from smallness of the room and close air led me to open the window. I was soon somewhat relieved, but could sleep no more that morning, so I dressed, took a walk, and after a few hours felt fairly well, and as extra sleep. The next night I took the precaution to set the window open, but again in early morning I woke as before, and even in worse condition. I now canvassed all contracted some contagious disease? Was this bedroom recently tenanted by a person suffering from a contagious malady Had had disagreed with me? The answer to each of these queries was entirely negative. All I could get at was that I had a sense of an odor of a very peculiar kind, which came and went, and which seemed to have some comfection with the temporary derangement On he third night I went to bed once more but rather more restless and alert than before ; and an hour or two after I had been
in bed I woke with a singular dream. I was boy again, and.I was reading the story, so dreamt, of Philip Quarles, who, like Robinson Crusoe, was lost on a desolate
island, and who could not sleep on a pillow stuffed with the feathers of certain bird which he had killed, and the feathers of which he had used for a pillow. The dream led me to examine the pillow on which my own head reclined. It was a soft, large downy cushion, with a fine white case and a perfectly clean tick; but when I turned my face for a moment on the pillow and inhaled sulphur ammoniacal the most distinct sickening I had no difficulty which was so mine enemy. The bolster I found to be the same. I put both away, made a temporary again, It turned out that the pillow and bolster hai been recently made up with imperfectly dried feathers, and son
going decomposition
Tons experience of mine is a good illustration detected, as it happened, on the spot. are often made sleepless, dreamful, and rest less in their cots from a similar cause.-Dr Richardson, in Good Words.

## GOOD HEALTH.

## "The comme life are Great tempe

## care.

How few of us appreciate good health when we have it! how many are seeking for hard to find! It is a blessing without which all others fail to be fully enjoyed and yet perhaps the least appreciated of any that the

A quaint old preacher, when called upon
ask a blessing at a well-filled table, which was surrounded by a happy company, responded in this wise : "Whereas, some
have appetite and no food, while others have
food and no appetite, we thank thee, Lord, That we have both. ${ }^{3}$ That man surely appreciated the blessing been careful to obey the laws of health during all his life.
As we look about among our friends and cquaintances, how small is the number of hose who enjoy perfect or even moderate
health! how few but have some chronic rouble to suffer from and fight against continually! True, many inherit diseases from which, doubtless, there is no escape, but by ar the large majority have brought their Child by overwork.
Children in school often study too hard, re anxious for the prizes, which must be triven for at all hazards, and so we see the attenuated forms of pale, hollow eyed igor, who surely could not utter the old man's thanks. Students in college or in law-schools, or pursuing art in any of its but give their entire strength to the brain, and when attacked with brain fever have he disease.
Girls in factories, or sewing in large establishments, are constantly overtaxed, and the recreation which they crave and which they need to break in upon the monotony of theless enjoyed at the expense of health, and heir muscles, and sometimes their brains, carcely know what rest is. The employers, ployees, are surely to blame for a great mount of ill-health, and we hope that soon eight hours of well-paid labor, done by rest-
ed and cheerful working-women, will conrince manufacturers that not only in a moral, but in a money point of view, such abor pays.
Busmess men are overworked constantly, carcely take their thoughts from the ledger, ad the schemes of money-making and not by fair ones, are revolved in their mind intil many men, so far as pertains to all social and Christian living, have become merely machines, and work on with inpaired health, and live out but half thoir days.
All these we have mentioned, it may be, have achieved the results they sought. The have taken the honors of their classes ; the have taken the honors of their classes; the
artists have received the plaudits and the medals from appreciative patrons; the medals from appreciative pations; the
factory girls have, with tired bodies and dizzy heads, whirled all night in the mazes of the dance; business men have made fortunes and young men have often found place and position and received incomes at thirty which heir fathers would have considered large at sixty ; they have won what they sought, but
alas! with the winning they have lo health, which was of ming they have lost their of them than all the prizes and all theach one hat were ever struck. Dr. Helland sensibly says that if Dr. Holland very give it would be well to give them to those young students of delicate organization and the power of easy acquisition, who restrain their ambition to excel in scholarship, and build up for themselves a body fit to give their minds a comfortable dwelling-place and forcible and facile service. These would be
prizes worth securing, and they would point prizes worth securing, and they would point
to the highest form of manhood as their aim and end.
Is it not true that nearly all vigorous mental or religious work is accomplished at
the expense of health? Editors, he expense of health? Editors, ministers, awyers, teachers, authors, physicians, politi-
cians, financiers, missionaries, whose business it is to labor and and those thusiasm for them and their work-all who are in earnest in either of these departments, accomplishing their be named, seem to be accomplishing their task most acceptably If this is true, that exclusive gives way. If this is true, that exclusive mental labor oust see to it that yet necessary, parents heir children during all the years of their ducation in physical development and healthful recreation, that they may be the etter prepared to endure the wear and tear of brain work to which many of them are destined-then, unafflicted by mental are physical dyspepsia or any saddeninental or the majority of even the brain-workers may atter the than middle life and in old age to utter the thanks of the quaint old preacher.-
Standard.

## I CAN AND I CAN'T.

"Baby dear, won't you please shut those great, wide-awake eyes of yours?" said Mrs Clarke,lovingly bending over the cradle where Robbie lay cooing and examining his little fat fists as though they were some strange mystery.
"I can put baby to sleep," exclaimed Rosie. "Let me try, mamma."
"Thank you, dear. I have some baking to attend to, and it wil be a great help to me if you rock baby to sleep. It is time for his map, and think he 11 obliging way. She has also told Nod."
came the boyish butsincere thanks, as Charley took up his kite and ran out to join the waiting boys.
He rarely went to his sister Minnie for anything.
"Oh no, I don't want ' I Can't,' it's, 'I Can' whom I am after. Here, Rosie, you are the one for me."
Minnie at times would get somewhat provoked at her brother for calling her 'I Can't;' still she did not try to overcome her fault.

Mrs. Clarke has tried to shame Minnie out of her indolent, dis-
obliging way. She has also told

## AN HONEST MINER.

If you go into a mining district in Cornwall, England, you will see, not far from the mine works, rows of neat little cottages: most of them are extremely clean in the interior, and here the miners may be found seated at comfortable fires, frequently reading, or in the summer evenings working in their little gardens or in the potato fields. Frequently they become experienced floriculturists, and at the flower shows that ccur annually in several of the Cornish towns
off the prizes.
"On and on.
ver the velvety sod,
Over the velvety sod,
First you go up, and then you go down, And then you come into Shut-eyes town,
Away in the Land of Nod."
sang Rosie, gently rocking the cradle back and forth, while her mother softly stole out of the room On the stairs she encountered Minnie, and pleasantly said.

- Come, Minnie, come, get your things on. I've an errand for you."
"O mamma, I can't go just now. Annie Drake is coming to play with me this morning. Won't it dojust as well by and by?"
" No, Minnie. I wish some fresh eggs, butter, raisins, and citron to make a cake, and you mustgóquickly with my order to Mr. Green ; and please ask him to send the things home as soon as possible.

With a scowl upon her face, and in a petulant manner, Minnie went to put on her things.

Rosie and Minnie Clark were twins-bright, pretty children of ten years old. At one time it was almost impossible for a stranger to tell them apart; but a change of late has taken place. While Rosie seems all sunshine, Minnie wears a scowling face and looks far from pretty.
Shall I tell you how this change has come about? Rosie has a kind, obliging disposition, and is ever ready with her hearty, "I can do it. mamma; just let me try ," and away she will fly upon some willing service. Minnie, on the contrary, thinks more of self and having her own will and way in everything if possible ; hence, when asked to do this or that, there will come the reluctant, long-drawn, "I c-a-n-t!"
"Hulloo! where is 'I Can'? called out Charley, rushing into the honse, kite in hand
"Here is my string all in a snarl, and she is the one to get it out for me"

Rosie laughed, took the tangled mass of kite-string, and after a little patient perseverance handed it back to her brother all smonthly wound upon his stick.
"You are a jolly good sister,"

" COME DRESS ME."
would feel grieved to see one of his little lambs so selfish, so unwilling to give up her own pleasure to cheerfully serve others. But the fault thus indulged in has grown into more and more of a fixed habit, until we really believe Minnie herself scarcely knows how often she uses the little disagreeable words, "I can't.' Now, dear young readers which of those little girls would you rather imitate, scowling, disobliging "I C-a-n-t," or kind, obliging "I Can" ?-Selected.

He who talks but little probably knows more than he says.

A pleasing anecdote is recorded of the honesty of a poor Cornish miner. There lived at St. Ives a lady named Prudence Worth, whose charity was remarkable. A miner living at Camborne had his goods seized for rent, which he could not pay. He had heard of the many good deeds done by "Madam" Worth, as she was usually called, and he determined to apply to her for assistance. He said:

Madam, I am come to you in great trouble. My goods are seized for rent, and they will be sold if I can not get the money immediately."
"Where do you live ?" enquired Mrs. Worth.
"In Camborne, and I work in Stray Park Mine.
"I know nothing of you," observed the lady, " and you may be a drunkard or an impostor."
"Madam," replied the miner, with energy, "as I live I am neither; and if you will lend me the money I will return it in four months.'

The money was lent, the period of four months elapsed, and, true o his promise, the poor miner, netwithstanding that bad luck had attended him; had managed to get the amount borrowed together, and set off on foot with it. Arriving at Hayle River, he found the tide coming up, but to save a journey of three miles round by St. Erith Bridge, he resolved to cross the water, which appeared to him shallow enough for his purpose. The poor fellow had, however, miscalculated the depth, and was drowned. When the body was orought to shore, his wife said that he had left home with three guineas in his pocket for Madam Worth. Search was made in his pockets, and no money was found, but some one observed that his right hand was firmly clinched. It was opened, and found to contain the three guineas.-Harper's Young People.

## HELP YOURSELF

## Some children are spoiled by

 being helped too much. They thus become lazy and good for nothing. God has given you hands to work with, and you are to use them. Never ask any one to do for you what yoú can do for yourself. What you have to do may seem to be hard at first, and it nay really be hard, butdo you notknow that if you wait until it becomes easy you willnever do it? Do your work as well as you know how the first time, and the second time it will not be so hard to do. The best way to learn how to do a thing is to try, and keepon trying. on trying.
There was once a full-grown boy by the name ofDennis, who hired himself out to work for a man. Dennis was a lazy fellow, and, of course, did not get along very well with his work. Because he was lazy nobody cared for him, and he often complained that he had no friends. One day he said to Mr. Jones, his employer:
"I wish that I had some good friends to help me on in life!
"Good friends! Why, you have ten !"" replied Mr. Jones.
"I'm sure I haven't half so many and those I have are too poor to help me."
"Count your fingers, my boy," said Mr. Jones.
Dennis looked down at his big strong hands.
"Count thumbs and all," added the emploỳer.
"I have-there are ten," said the lad.
"Then never say you have not ten good friends, able to help you on in life. Try what those true friends can do before you go grumbling and fretting because you do not get help from others."
That was good advice for poor Dennis; but whether or not he ever acted on it we do not know. Learn to help yourself when young, and it will come easy to you when you grow older. Why should a little boy leave his clothes, his toys, or his books scattered all over the house, and expeet his mother to pick them up? Why should a little girl leave her room in disorder, expecting that "mother" will put it to rights? Ah! these good, dear, patient mothers ! How much they do for their children! and it is because they do so much that the children should do what they can for themselves, and thus lighten their parents' load.-S. S. Advocate.

## GRANDMAMMA

## к. L. H.

Grandmamma sits in the corner, In her old-fashioned easy chair; The sunlight falls on her forehead And brightens her silver hair. Her Bible lies open before her, In her fingers her needles play, For Grandma is busily knitting, Knitting the livelong day

She calls it only her pastime, And says 'tis no work at all That is the part the children do,
When they help her to wind her ball.
But mamma, looking up from the basket
With its "mending pile" so tall, Says, "If it were not for such pastime,
I'm afraid you'd go barefoot, all !"

Sometimes 'tis a sock for grandpa ;
Or a blue one for brother Ben;
Or a scarlet mitten for Jamie,
The fairest of little men.
But busily fly her fingers,
While a smile o'er her loving face flits;
And a text and a prayer are woven in
With every one she knits.
Blessings on dearest Grandmamma,
And long may the corner, there,
Be bright with her loving presence,
In the old-fashioned easy chair. For what should we do without her?
And long may it be, ere the day When Grandmamma's voice, and Grandmamma's smile,
And Grandmamma's love are away.
-Children's Friend.

HANS KELLNER'S CHANGE; OR, "GOD IS GOOD."
In a small German village there lived a man, one Hans Kellner, who was known among his neighbors as the most passionate and quarrelsome man for many a mile round. But if he was the terror of little children, and the tyrant over all who were in any way under his control, I could not tell you the misery he made in his own house, nor the sorrow he brought to his thrifty pious wife. Perhaps I may say, before I go further, that Hans would have been a better man, a better husband and father, had he not been so frequent a visitor at the inn of the village, "The Golden Stag," as it was called; poor AnnaKellner often wished that no such place existed.
But she had a great trust in God, so great that she felt He would surely hear her prayers that Hans might be converted from his evil habits; and never did day dawn nor night come leave the thanks. She could not d 1 ane the child, but she bade a

but she made little Anna, and neighbor carry the news to her Max, and Lotta pray too, that the husband.
father in heaven would bless and "Hans Kellner," said this mestake care of their father on earth. senger, "God has been good to Max, though often suffering from you; for Max lives, and will rethe passion of his father when he cover." The simple words struck was excited by drink, was very dear to the man's heart. The man was proud of the big handsome boy, and in his sober moments would declare that some thing great must be made of him ; he was not to remain unknown and obscure in a little village.
There came a day when Max was dangeroutsly ill, and then Hans Kellner uttered oaths and curses in his rage. The child must not, should not die, he said!
The poor mother prayed fervent The poor mother prayed fervent-
ly, but resigned herself to God's ly, but resigned herself to God's
will, as the doctor told her there was but little hope for Max, who lay tossing in his bed crimson with fever, and his breath hurried and painful. The village pastor came to the house, and, after speaking a few words of comfort to the child's mother, went to
to
Hans, who sat smoking outside. ing execrations after his retreating figure, in so angry a tone, that even Anna Kellner crept way from the side of her boy, and stogd trembling in the doorway. She shuddered at the curses Hans was calling down on the head of one who wished to be to him a friend. This over, the wretched man betook himself to the "Golden Stag," there to drown his misery in drink.

But God was full of goodness and compassion, and He was about to spare Max that he might save his father from ruin of soul and body. It was a terrible night; it was the crisis of the illness, and Anna prayed and watched with throbbing heart and anxious eyes. Toward morning she saw a change for the better, the peaceful sleep taking the place of restless tossing, and with all her heart she gave thanks. She could not
leave. the child, but she bade a upon his ear with an uaceustomed sound, "God has been good to you."
And then he thought of what he had been to God. From that time a purpose seemed born within him to begin a different life, because the boy who was his heart's pride had not been suatched away by death. With quiet tread he sought the chamber where he had not dared to enter
and witness the suffering of little and witness the suffering of her
Max. As his wife raised her weary but happy face, it seemed as if at a glance she knew that Hans were different-again like the Hans who had stood beside her in the good pastor's presence nine years before, and promise o be faithful to her till death.
"He will live," she whispered, pointing to the sleeping boy; and
then the great rough man, who

But vain was his attempt to had been the plague or terror of utter a.word. With terrible threats the village, fell down on his krees did the man order him off, shout- and said (as had been said to him),

God is good!"
I wish I could find space to tell you of the happiness which shone like the sun over this once unhappy home. I may only add that the "Golden Stag" has lost one of its best customers. If Hans Kellner is wanted, the place to find him is at his cottage door with his good wife and happy children round him.
Very often the pastor, who was once driven from the place, may be found in the Kellners' home. And when he or they refer to the time when Max was thought to be dying, Hans will sigh and smile as he murmurs, "God is good!" Perhaps he loves the boy all the more, since the little life was spared to become his own deliverance from his great snare.
" God is good!" Do we not all see it in His patience as He bears with our neglect, our forgetfulness, our wandering? Then let us give to Him all He asks-our lives, our hearts; and happiness will take up its dwelling within us, as it did in the heart and home of Hans Kellner.-Friendly Greet: ing.

## THE TRAVELLER'S FRIEND.

The Traveller's Friend, of Madagascar, differs from most other trees in having all its branches in one plane that is like the sticks of a fan or the feathers of a peacock's tail. At the extremity of each branch grows a broad double leaf, several feet in length, which spreads out very gracefully. Under these leaves, after suinset, a copious deposit of pure dew is found, which soon collects into drops, forms little streams, which run down the branches. Here the water is received into hollows spaces, of large size, one of which is found at the root of every is found at These branches lie one over another, and when a knife, or a flat piece of stick-for it is not necessary to cut the tree-is not necessary between the parts which overlap, and slightly drawn to one side, so as to cause an opening, a stream of water flows out as from a small fountain. Hence the appropriate name of the tree.

## "I'M ONLY A NAIL."

Living quite retired from the scenes of public and active life, as I was driving in a nail the other day, I thought to myself, all I want of that nail is to be still and hold on, I should be much dissatisfied with that nail if, in the wish to be useful, it should leave its place and go bustling over the house, interfering with the comfort and endangering the safety of the household.
Then I thought there were some human nails, and I concluded I was one ; so here I am, waiting to hold whatever may be hung upon me, that's all. - Ex.

The Family Circle. THE SILVER PLATE. by margaret j. preston. They passed it along from pew to pew, And gathered the coins, now fast, now
That rattled upon it; and every time That rattled upon it ; and every time
Some eager fingers would drop a dime On the silver plate with á silver sound. A boy who sat in the aisle looked 'round With a wistful face-"Oh, if only he Had a dime to offer, how glad he'd be! He fumbled his pockets, but didn't dare To hope he should find a penny there; And much as he searched, when all done,
He hadn't discovered a single one.
He had listened with wide-set, earnest eyes, As the minister, in a plaintive wise,
Had spoken of children all abroad Had spoken of children all abroad The world who had never heard of God Poor, pitiful pagans who didn't know,
When they came to die, where their souls would go;
And who shrieked with fear, when their mo thers made
Them kneel to an idol-god-afraid He might eat them up-so fierce and wild And horrid he seemed to the frightened "How different," murmured the boy, while Lips trembled, "how different Jesus is !" And the more the minister talked, the mor The boy's heart ached to its inner core ; And the nearer to him the silver plate Kept coming, the harder seemed his affed)
That he hadn't a penny (had that sufficed) That he hadn't a penny had that sumficed)
To give, that the heathen might hear To give, that
Christ.
But all at once, as the silver sound Just tinkled beside him, the boy looked round
they offe
And they offered the piled-up plate to him, And he blushed, and his eyes began to swim.
Then bravely turning, as if he knew There was nothing better that he could do, He spoke, in a voice that held a tear,
"Put the plate on the bench "Put the plate on the bench beside me here."
And the plate was placed, for they thought he meant
To empty his pockets of every cent. But he stood straight up, and he softly put
Right square in the midst of the plate--his
And said with a sob controlled before, "I will give myself-I have nothing more !"
Children's Work for Childdren. -Children's Work for Children.

A LESSON TO LEARN-A WORK TO
by hope ledyard.
"Aunt Hattie? My bow ain't tied!" "Aunt Hattie, my hands and face is
dirty!"
"Aunt Hattie, mamma says, "Aunt Hattie, mamma says, can You little plague, you, I washed your face You little plague, you, I washed your face
not an hour ago! Dear me, I wonder if she not an hour ago!
thinks I've twenty pair of hands ?"
The nursery where these words were spoken was a scene of dire confusion. Three
boys were completing their toilets; they had boys were completing their toilets; they had
evidently been indulging in a pillow-fight, evidently been induging in a pillow-fight,
and sly pinches and kicks were exchanged and sly pinches and kicks were exchanged
between them while little Dick was being washed by auntie, a slight, fair haired girl of washed by
eighteen.
"Ain't it jolly that it's a holiday?" said Tom,
Hat?
"Tat?" Dallas, I'll tell your mother. You are too impertinent." "Will you keep still, Dick? I'd rather wash an eel any day !
"Not ready yet ? Why, Hattie, your brother is waiting, and you know he dislikes our being late."
"I'm sure I. don't care if he does. I can't get up any earlier."
Mrs. Dallas gave a sigh, and merely sayMrs. Dallas
ing, "Well, the boy that is ready first shall
hold sister after breakfast ;" she went down the stairs.

The mere sight of mamma had quieted the boys, and not many minutes after they were seated at the table, impatiently eying
the omelette and potatoes. Some one had the omelette and potatoes. Some one had
to cut the bread, spread the butter, help the to cut the bread, spread the butter, help the
potatoes and omelette and pour the coffee, potatoes and omelette and pour the coffee,
and Hattie, considering she had done her part upstairs, did not attempt to help in the matter, while Mr. Dallas, as he was in the
habit of being waited on every day lest he habit of being waited on every day lest he
should miss his train, took no notice that breakfast was half through before his wife, who had been kept awake by a teething baby, had tasted a mouthful.
" Mamma, it's a holiday; are we going to ve pudding?"
Mrs. Dallas waited a moment. If only
Hattie would offer to make it! But Hattie, who thought to herself, "If she asks me I suppose I must," kept silence, and the mosuppose
ther said, "Oh yes ; you shall have pudding, and a nice cake for tea if I hear no quarrelling."

There was a rent in Tom's second-best pants which only mother's fingers could mend, and Mr. Dallas had brought home a hour's work, and the afternoon must be hour's work, and the afternoon must be free, for mammad time on the holiday.
Hattie some good
Hattie some good ime on the hontay. I could make her contented an
happy! It is such a change for her, poor child, and yet-nothing but time can brighten matters. By-and-by she will make friends, and when baby is older I can let her have"
us." Meanwhile Hattie Dallas was standing at Meanwhile Hattie Dallas was standing at
her window thinking. "I have nobody to love me-nothing pleasant happens to meI wish I were dead! I hate children ; they I wish I were dead! Thate children ; they
tease me to death! Johnny is the most tease me to death! Johnny is the most aggravating boy I ever saw. Oh, what a
difference between this fourth and the last!" difference between this fourth a
and at the thought tears came.
A little more than a year before Hattie's father had died, and on the fourth her Sun-day-school teacher, knowing that ohe young girl was soon to leave her native place to live with a brother whom she had seldom seen, had invited her to spend the day on the river with her, and the two had had a long and pleasant talk.
"Mrs. Hartz thought I'd make such
friends of the boys! We didn't know what friends of the boys! We didn't know what torments they were! And then she said - not one of them has called a second tifice. 0 Fathe
and -"
Who was that miling up at her ? What Could it be? Yes, the lady was coming in at the gate, and it was-yes, it was-Mrs. Hartz! In another moment Hattie was at the door, and Mrs. Dallas, hearing her bright, affectionate words, wondered if "that could be
Hattie." She would have wendered still Hattie." She would have wendered still more if she had seen the girl, who had reemed so cold and reserved toward her, thow
her arms about Mrs. Hartz's neck and burst into a flood of tears. But Mrs. Hartz was not surprised; she could understand better
than Mrs. Dallas how very hard her new life than Mrs. Dallas how very hard her new life
seemed to Hattie; yet she did not give her any hope of change.
two ; but-it may go on forever! I see no way out."
"Hattie, did you ever think why you are "Why enough of an suppose because I have just for my home by being useful. Oh, how hate it !"
"No ; I don't think that is why, because God puts you here. I think you are here to learn something which you could not learn elsewhere; to do something for the
dear Lord that no one else can do ; and dear Lord that no one else can do $;$ and
when you have learned the lesson and done the work you may be moved-not before I'll tell you how it was with me once. When I was first married my father and sister-inlaw lived with me. They were not at all
congenial ; and at first I made myself utterly miserable wishing I could have my home to myself, and so forth. But at last a dear old
clergyman told me just what I clergyman told me just what I have told you, and I began to watch and see what I
had to learn and what to do. My father-inhad to learn and what to do. My father-in-
law was apt to find fault, and I had to be watchful both to give him less occasion and to take it patiently. And at last, when I
was so busy learning my lesson that I had was so busy learning my lesson that I had
quite forgotten the work I might accomplish my sister-in-law came to me one day and told me she had decided to try to follow
Christ; that I had won her to the decision.

Ah, Hattie, how I blessed my old friend Then, when they were no longer thorns in my side, those two were taken out of my
home, and I had my wish : I had my dear home, and I had my wish : I had my dear
husband and children to myself-for a little husband
while."
There was a silence, for the deep crap veil and widow's cap told the rest of the story. "Dear Hattie, if you can bat put
your heart in your daily life, if you can your heart in your daily life, if you can
give up watching for a change, and live each give up watching for a change, and live each
day for Christ's sake, you will be happy, day for Christ's sake, you will be happy,
with no young friends, even with teasing with no young friends, even with teasing
nephews and a busy, overtasked sister. nephews and a busy, overtasked
Mrs. Dallas is a Christian, is she not?",
"Oh, yes! only I suppose she doesn't think me one.
"Don't be so sure. I've no doubt she is wishing she could brighten you up. It must say? as you looked when I caught your eye at the window."
Hattie laughed and blushed.
"But am not I keeping you from some duty","
"Oh,
"Oh, no, indeed!"
"But this is a holiday, and, with the children all ho,
Hattie remembered the pudding and cake and looked conscious. "Ah! I see there is sometbing, and I have another call to make. I shall be in the village for a week or two so I shall see you again. Good by, dear, and try to learn the lesson and do the work, but -not in your own strength, remember."
"Jeannie, if you'll give me the receipt $I$ 'll try to make the puidding and a cake for you," said Hattie, a few minutes later. It
was not particularly pleasant work for a hot day, and especially for the fourth, when everybody was "having a good time," as Hattie kept thinking, but when she stepped into the cool sitting-room and found the tired mother asleep, with baby in her arms, Hattie noted the sunken look of her sister's
face and was slad to think she had lifted face and was glad to think she had lifted "I the burden from her shoulders.

I say, mother, can you read to us? It's too hot to be out of doors before teatime."

I'll read, Tom," said Hattie quickly ; and though Johnny with a child's outspokenness
said, "Oh, no, mamma reads best," she would not take offence, but laughingly said she would improve by practice.
The boys leaned against her, and Dick, hot as it was, insisted on sitting on her lap but she said nothing, only trying her best to amuse, and finding, to her great astonishment, that the afternoon was wonderfully short and Tom was really quite entertaining, telling them anecdotes about his school ing, telling them anecdotes about
mates and reciting his last "piece."
After tea there was to be an exhibition of ireworks, and, to her wonder, the boys in sisted that Aunt Hattie should go too. She forgot to regret her loneliness and need of girl friends as she laughed and joked with the boys, and little Dick's pudgy hand squeezed hers lovingly as they walked home under the starlight. The boys declared she was a "boss aunty "-their highest meed o praise.
Days, weeks and months passed by. Apparently ittle was changed in the outal as before; Aunt Hattie was called here and there even more than of old, but there was always a pleasant word spoken in answer to the call, always a smile and caress if a re quest had to be refused; and Hattie's life

Mr. Boyd's coming to-night, Aunt Hat," said Tom. "I told him you were just aisy hand to make sails and I know he' making a splendid little boat for his bro-
ther-1
guess he wants you to hem the
sails."
Mr.
Mr. and Mrs. Dallas exchanged glances I suspect Mr. Boyd wants something be-
sides his sails, Will," said Mrs. Dallas to her sides his sails, Will," said Mrs.
husband when they were alone.
"Shouldn't wonder! Well, you'll miss Hattie; she certainly has done wonders with he boys."
Yes, indeed ; Tom adores her, and even ohnny, whose quick temper gets him in rouble with everyone, is as much influenced by Hattie as he is by me. How the girl has improved since last summer! I remember the very first time I noticed a change in her -it was on the fourth. I had worried about her moping as she used to do, but she went out with the boys and came home as bright Ind happy as she had made them.
to. "D
darling
"C
"Certainly ; at Mrs. Van Amburgh's ; I emember it very well," with a vivid blush, No, indeed ; I might never have noticed you there, for all girls seem alike to me at
such receptions ; but last fourth of July I aw three boys all gathered about a young irl who was talking and laughing with them is brightly as if she were entertaining young entlemen of her own age. I thought a girl who could be so sweet and loving to her wn little brothers (as 1 took them to be) was the kind of girl to win, and I watched for a chance to be introduced to the lighthaired lassie, and-I have won her, thank God!"
And so, the lesson learned, the work done, rothe's life was to change ; but she left her tempering home with a feeling of regret troubles and jars in her new love, and she remembers the old lesson of her girlhood and says to herself, "Here is a lesson to learn and a work to do, then I will be moved ; let me hasten to learn and do."Christian Union.

## HARRY AND ARCHIE.

"Come on quick, Hal Strong! there's fun ahead. You know Tom, the fisher? Well, he's going out this afternoon, and he says if
we boys will promise not to bother, he'll we boys will promise not to bother, he'll
take us along. There'll be six of us, counting you, if you'll hurry up and come. Say, Hal, will you?"
Ned Green delivered himinself of the above with hardly a pause for breath; and then wiping his warm face with a very moist handkerchief, stood looking up at the win-
dow from which Harry was leaning, and imdow from which Harry was leaning, and impatiently a waited a reply. Harry, meanwhile, "It'll be a dering.
"It'll be a jolly lark-no end of fun, Ned," he said; "but, you see, there's part ard, and I promised be piled in the back yard, and I promised mother to do it sure "C dark.
"Cut the wood !" cried Ned, "it will keep till to-morrow; and you never have time for a frolic, seems to me. I say, Hal, it's a confounded shame!" Harry laughed.
"Cut the wood, eh ? That's been already low. But hold on, I'll see what mother ays." And the bright young face disap. peared from the window, while Ned waited at the gate, anxious to be off, and yet too loyal to his friend to leave him in the lurch.
In a.few minutes, however, Harry came bounding from the doorway.
"It'wall right, Ned ; mother's good as pie. She says the wood may wait, and so here I am. Whoop! hurrah !'
Off they went, boy-fashion-leaping, capering, and shouting ; and as they go IPli boy had a whole afternoon of play, although boy had a whole afternoon of play, although
he loved a frolic as well as his fellows. But his widowed mother earned her living by her needle, and Harry was obliged to seek such odd jobs as would help her to fill the family purse. So his hours of play were few and far between, but perhaps all the more merry
and enjoyable when they came than would otherwise have been the case. A thoroughly good fellow was Harry Strong, and the boys iked him well enough to include him in all their sports whenever it was possible for him to join them.
"I say, Ned Green," said he, as the two went speedily on the road to the beach, "I'm jolly glad for this afternoon of fun. I've just been crazy for a boat-ride for ever so obliged, old fellow, for your thinking of me" "
you, Hal", we woulunt like to go without and just, was Ned's answer, heartily given, broad before them, while out beyond danced the rippling waters, inviting indeed to those should dip the water out of liis lumbering old boat, and make her ready for pasgers.
A cross old chap was Tom, the fisherman, and not often would he allow himself to be he gathered a few sunbeams within his heart and warmed a little to the usual entreaties of the coaxing fellows who loved to haunt the beach. So it had happened that on this afternoon he had proven graciously inclined and ere long the boat was full of little fel lows ready and impatient for the "shove-
off." Tom had just bent himself to that offort, and was preparing to jump aboard himself, when a small voice was heard at a
little distance which arrested the attention little distance which arrested the attention
of all. Presently the owner of the voice appeared upon the scene, flushed and eager. Only a small boy to match the voice, but his words came fast as he paused on the b,
before the merry crew of the "Nancy."
"Oh, please, my little brother fell down and hurt himself, and -and I can't lift him, and he's crying and crying, and I don't know what I shall do. Please come and help me take him home !" There were tears in the blue eyes of the speaker, and his voice trembled a little, but he did not break down until the last word was spoken, and then
with a sob he turned his white, frightened with a sob he turned his white, frightened
face aside. Harry Strong had started to his face aside. Harry Strong had started to his
feet in generous and speedy response to the feet in generous and speedy response to the
call for help, but five voices cried, "Sit down, Hal, don't bother. It may be only a little hurt, and the chap will get home all right, of course."
"But it may be something else besides a
little thing," replied Harry. "And I say, fellows, I can't let a boy like that sufferfellows, Ittan tellow ! I guess I'd better go
such a little fell on shore ; eh, Tom?",
Tom growled out his reply, "Sha'n't wait
for you if ye do, Hal Strong. Tide's right for you if ye do, Hal Strong. Tide's right
now, and I've work to do. Better let the now, and elsewhere for help. Don't believe
chap go chap go elsewhere for help. Don't believe
it's anything but a cry-baby affair, anyhow. Gents' sons are allers such babies! Sarves Gents sons are allers nuch babies! Sarves 'em right to get hurt now and then. Come,
But Harry's mind was made up. Disappointed as he would be, yet his noble heart was too full of mother-love and mother-
teaching to turn his face from the duty of teaching to turn his face from the duty of
helping any one, friend or stranger, in time helping any one, friend or stranger, in time
of trouble. So with a spring he left the of trouble. So with a spring he left the
boat and called good-by to the boys, who boat and calied good-by to the boys, who
were so vexed with him, and yet who in their hearts honored him for his conduct. Harry, as he started on a run up the road, followed by the small boy, whose face brightened wonderfully as he slipped his hand within Harry's. "What's your name ?"
"Archie Brown," was the reply. "And
me and my brother-we're twin beys, you me and my brother-we're twin boys, you
know-were playin', and a stone fell out of know-were playin, and a stone fell out of
the bank and struck Dick in his leg; and it's a pretty big stone, so I can't lift lim The "stone" proved to be a good-sized
piece of rock, which had become loosened piece of rock, which had become loosened
from the bank above where Archie and Dikk
had been playing, and had fallen against and had been playing, and had fallen against and upon ane latters hittle leg, breaking the
limb, and keeping the child a prisoner until Harry's strong arms came to the rescue. The twins were strangers in the village, sons of a
wealthy man, who had but recently moved from the city. But, save the fact that they were strangers to him, our brave-hearted
Harry knew nothing about them, Harry knew nothing about them, nor did he
care to know anything more than where to carry the suffering child. Little Archie gave directions and led the way, and presently the sick boy was lifted from Harry's arms
by the father, who also invited Harry to by the father, who also invited Harry to
enter the cool, handsome parlor and rest. A little explanation ensued, and then Harry
returned to his home and went to work at returned to his home and went to work at
the wood-pile, after telling his mother all that had happened.
"I almost wish you had gotten away be-
fore the little boy came to the beach,", sympathetic mamma, regretting the loss of her boy's sport; but, after all, you did the
right thing, darling, and I'm glad you are so unselfish.'
It seemed a very long and unusually tire-
some afternoon to Harry, although the min some afternoon to Harry, although the min-
utes and hours were all employed usefully. utes and hours were all employed usefully.
He couldn't keep the feeling of disappointment out of his heart, try as he might; and
besides all that, he wasn't by any means sure besides all that, he wasn't by any means sure
that he would have another such chance for a good-time. milk," quoted Hal to himself at last: and so his face was bright and happy again when,
about sunset, he went to the store for his about sunset, he went to the store for his
mother on an errand. There he found Tom and the boys, who had returned a few minutes before, and the latter gathered about
Harry, eager to tell of the fun they had
had and the fish they had canght. had and the fish they had canght. And they
rallied Harry considerably, too, about such a goose as to give up such fun for the sake of helping a chap he didn't even
know !" know !
After he and his companions had left the
store, a gentleman who had been making
purchases stepped up to the desk and asked Thew questions concerning Harry Strong.
The storekeeper very willingly answered them all, telling of Harry's kind heart and generous nature, his love for his widowed mother, their straitened circumstances, and all. And when the gentleman had gone, the
man, with a good-natured smile to the few loungers in the store, said
"'Twas that rent's son
helped to-day when he got hut Hal strong helped to-day when he got hurt. Shouldn't by the lad in return. Anyhow, I though I'd speak a good word for Hal."
Whether it was because Harry, continuing his acquaintance with little Archie and Dick grew into the father's favor by his good conduct and entire unconsciousness that he had
done any very unselfish or noble thing done any very unselfish or noble thing o
that particular afternoon when he that particular afternoon when he gave up
his own pleasure for another, or whether it Was because of the storekeeper's "good word for Hal," cannot be determined exactly ; but at any rate, one morning, about three weeks
after Dick's accident, Archie called and begafter Hack's to go "just a moment" to the beach with him. When the two reached there, what should Harry see but a beautifu little boat dancing up and down on the silvery ripples of the tide, and ready in every particular for a race over the waters so soon as the chain which
should be loosened.
"Oh, what a beauty!" cried Hal, delightedly. "Is she yours, Archie? May 1 go out in her some day?"
Archie, jumping about in she is," replied keep a secret safe within his little lips.
So Harry went closer, and then he too jumped up and down ; for there, in gold letters, was the name "Harry Strong, plain enough for anybody to read without
" Pap
Papa gave it to you," explained Archi then, "'cause he thinks you're a noble fel low. He told mamma so-1 heard him Dick won't get hurt again, so you won't lose another sail for us.
Boys are not given to kissing, else Hal would have kissed little Archie; but he took his hand very closely in his own, and together the two ran off to find Arehie's father. The boys of Harry's acquaintance met that afterthe giver of the boat; and so, after all, out of the afternoon of disappointment sprang
much pleasure and kind feeling for all. - The Churctiman.

## A SECRET MEETING.

Some time ago, the Rev. Dr. Hill, of Virginia, related the following story : In his youth, he entered Hampden-Sidney College, where, at the time, Christianity was little
respected among the classes, and the institurespected among the classes, and the institu-
tion did not contain a single Christian tion did not contain a single Christian
student.
Young Hill did not live a religious life, Young Hill did not live a religious life,
but he retained religious impressions from but he retained religious impressions from recently died. The memory of her life and words thrust itself upon him in all his associations, and the scoffings and profane fun of his classmates of serious things disturbed his conscience.
He endured this for a long time, till it gecame a question whether he would
give to the surrounded him, or make a serious efort to like to procure one for fear he should be ridiculed. At last, from a friendly family in the neighborhood, he borrowed a religiou and full of plain and holy truths.
Young Hill took his first opportunity to read it, first locking his door, aud hoping he
should not be disturbed. Before long, student clamored so boisterously for admis sion that he was obliged to let him in. Th book lay on the bed, and the visit
up and looked at it with surprise.
'Hill, do you read such books?
Momentary cowardice made the young
man hesitate, but he mastered himself, and replied, "Yes, I do."
"Well," said the fellow-student, with un but I can't. I came here a profescor of re ligion, but I struck my colors, and went over to the enemy.
They had some further conversation, and disposed fellows in the college who might welcome his confidence, and finally ft. wa decided to invite them to his room.

The four young men met and tried to hold a religious meeting. It was a new
thing to them all. Their efforts were crude and incoherent enough, but they were sincere.
Their attempt to sing attracted listeners, and then the storm burst. A mob of stu,-
dents crowded the hall, and the uproar was dents crowded the hall, and the uproar was
such that the college officers had to come and disperse them.
that evening at chapel prayers the President enquired the cause of the disturbance, and learned the truth. He assured young
Hill and his three friends that they should be protected.
"You shall hold your next meeting in my parlor," said he, "and I will be one of your number."
Saturday came again, and the meeting at the President's house was attended not only That was the students, but by half the college. That was the beginning of a work that swept
through the institution. Ridicule and reckless impiety were silenced, and scorners became worshippers.
The influence of the new religious life in the college spread through all the town and into the surrounding country : but its most interesting results were in the young men
who first felt its power, and who had their long future before them. Some of these like Dr. Hill himself, became clergymen, and the student who interrupted Hill in his reading became President of a college in the West.
So did one good old book, cherished in ecret by a single hungry heart-a little itself felt, and prove a seed of large blessing. Youth's Companion.

## CECIL'S FIRST FLEECE.

Little Cecil loved the Sabbath-school, and when his parents moved to Kansas, and he learned there was none near there, he wa inconsolable. His father at length took pity upon his little boy, and commenced a Sab One day the school was commenced with their usual exercises, and Cecil stepped up to his father and recited this verse, "Th first fruit also of thy corn, of thy wine, and of thine oil, and the first of the fleece of thy shisep, shalt thou give to him." Then he askWhat is the first fleece, father?"
His father explained by telling him that the Israelites gave the first crop of a new
piece of land, the first fruit of their trees, and their fleeces first fruit of and after that the greater part of their crops, fruit, wool, \&c., was theirs.
"Did they have to do so ?" asked Cecil. have been very ungrateful and wicked if they had not obeyed. God gave them all these things in the first place, and if they were really grateful for them, they would love to give a part of them back to him.
Cecil sat very still while his sister was reciting her lessons, and then said, "Father, aren't you going to shear my sheep this "Yes, my son."
"Won't that be my first fleece?"
"Well, I want to give it to God, and wait until next year for my new coat. May I, father ?"

Yes, my son," said his father, "and if you always give your first fleece to God, you wil never wan
Child's World.

## GERONIMO, THE ARAB MARTYR.

Many hundred years ago an intelligent Arab boy was taken to England and educated, hood he returned to Algiers and sought the conversion of his fellow-men in Algeria to the Christian faith, incurring thereby the he of Mohammed. It chanced that the Dey of Algiers was building a moele or dock about Algiers was building a moele or dock about the same time, and him, and told him hed Geronimo before him, and told him he might choose between renouncing the Chris-
tian faith and the alternative of being buried tian faith and the atk-work of the moele. He in the concrete rock-work of the moele. He
refused to forego his faith, and the Dey ordered his followers to seize and bind him with ropes, which was done accordingly Once more he was asked to return to th faith of his ancestors, and refused. "Then let the Christian dog die," said the Dey ; and
Geronimo was thrown into the moele, and Geronimo was thrown into the moele, and
concrete poured upon him until he was seen no more. Three centuries after, when the

French had become the owners of the province, it became necessary to rebuild the
moele, and the work of removing it was begun. A certain antiquary, who owned a book in which the mode of Geronimo's death was described, called attention to the manner of it, and suggested working carefully until the supposed location of the remains of Geronimo were reached, and then pouring liquid plaster into the place, hoping thus to get a cast of the body, should the story prove true as regarded the manner of the martyrdom and the place where the body lay. When the mould had been allowed time to set in the opening, it was broken out carefully, and the exact semblance of a human form, lying horizontally and bound with cords, was found; and to-day I have seen this mould in the Museum of Algiers, The body has marks of many contusions caused by falling stones, but is otherwise quite perfect, especially the face, which is characteristically Arabian.

In the Street.-A gentleman visited an unhappy man in jail, awaiting his trial.
"Sir," said the prisoner, tears running down "Sir," said the prisoner, tears running down My street-education ruined me. I used to slip out of the house, and go off with the boys in the street. In the street I learned to lounge ; in the street I learned to swear ; in the street I learned to smoke; in the street
I learned to gamble ; in the street I learned I learned to gamble ; in the street I learned
to pilfer, and to do all evil. $O$ sir ! it is in the street the devil lurks to work the ruin of the young."

A Mean life is only the dark shadow of a mean theory of life. The devil is cunning enough to upset a man's notions of ho his
on the first step toward upsetting his an the

Question Corner.-No. 19.

Answers to these questions should be sent in as soon as it is nos and addressed Editor Northrrn Massinaer. the number of the question and the answer. In writing letters always give elearly the name of the place where you live and the initasls of the prinee which it

BIBLE QUESTIONS.
217. How many people were saved from the destruction of Sodom?
218. On what mount was Abraham told by God to offer up his son Isaac?
219. What house was many years after erected on this spot and by whom was it built?
220. In what place did Sarah die and where
221. Where was the first monument erected to the memory of the dead, and to whom was it erected?
222. In what place in Europe was the Gospel first preached by Paul? 223. What first led Paul to go to preach in Macedonia?
224. Who was Paul's companion after he 224. Who was Paul's comparnabas? What king was reigning at the time of
225. the revolt of the ten tribes?
226. How long did David reign in Hebron before Jerusalem was taken from the Jebusites?
227. In what battle were Saul and his son Jonathan killed?
228. By whom were their bodies buried? ANSWERS TO BIBLE QUESTIONS IN NO. 17.
193. Moses, Ex. iii. 1, 3.
195. Elijah, 1 Kings xix. 8
196. He went in the strength of the food given him by the angel, 1 Kings xix.
197. Elisha, 2 Kings ii. 9, 15.
199. See Exodus xiii. 14, 15.
200. The tribe of Levi, Num, iii. 12.
201. The house of Bread.
202. Rachel, Gen. xlviii. 7.
203. David, 1 Sam. xvi. 1.
204. To the tribe of Judah

## ANSWER TO SCRIPTURE ENIGMA.

## Horse-man.

CORRECT ANSWERS RECEIVED.
No. 17.-Ada L. Potts, 12; Ethel Montford,
1: W. H. Simmons, 9 .
To No 16 .-Maggle sutherland, 12 en ; Allce
To No 16.-Maggle sutherland, 12 en; Allee
Alberta Hamilton, 12 en; Bella Francis, 12 en
Pamelia Simpson, $6 ;$ Herbert W. HTewitt, 12
Mary E. Coates, 12 ; Cora M. M. Mentire, 11
Wary E. Coates, 12 ; Cora M. McIntire,
NORTHERN MESSENGER

## SCHOLARS' NOTES.

From the International Lessons for 1880, bu Edwoin W. Rice, as issued by American Sunday School Union.)

## cr. 10.]

## LESSON II.

COB AND ESAU
Gen. 27: 22-40.
Commit to Memory vs. $38-40$.
22. And Jacob went near unto Isaac his father;
and he felt him, and said, The voice is Jgacob's
voice, but the hands are the hande 23. And he discerned him not. because his
hands were hairy, as his brother Esau's hands : so he blessed him
And And he said, Iam, Art thou my very son Esan? 25. And he said, Bring it near to me, and I will
eat of my son's venison, that my soul may bless thee. And he brought it near to him, and he hid 2. And his father I saac said unto him, Come
near now, and kiss me, my son 27. And he came ne
smelled the came neell of his raiment, and blessed him, and said, See, the smell or my son is as the
smell of a field which the Lord hath blessed : 23. Therefore God give thee or the dew of
heaven, and the fatuess of the earth, and plenty
of corn tind wine of corn and wine
29. Let people serve thee and nations bow
down to thee: be lord over thy brethren, and let dhy mothers's sons bow down to thee. cursed be
ther ber one that curseth thee, and blessed be he
every one every one that cu
that blesseth thee
30. And it came to pass as soon as Isaac had
made an end of blessing Jacob, and Jacob had yet scarce gone out from the presence of I saac
his father, that Esau his brother came in from his hunting.
31. And he also had made savory meat, and
brought it unto his father, and said unto his
fither. father, Let my rather arise, and eat of his son's
venison, that thy soul 32. And Isaac his father said unto him, Wh
art thou? And he said, 1 am thy son, thy first
born born Esau
33. And 1saac trembled very exceedingly, and
satt, Who? where is he that hath taken sand brought where is he that hath taken venison,
and have eaton of all berore
thou camest mid and brought it me, and have eaton or all before
thoo camest, and have blessed him? yea, and he he
shall be blessed shall be blessed.
34. And when Esau heard the words or his
father, he cried with a great and exceeding bitter father, he eried wit
err, and sard ontot
also, 0 my father.
35. And he said, Thy brother came with sub-
tilty, and hath taken away hy blessing.

36, And he said, Is not hie rightly named Jacob?
for he halh supplanted me these two times: he took away my birtriright; and, behold, now he he
hath taken away my blessing. And he said bast
hoth 37. And Tasve aswess Boh. And Isaac answered and said unto Esau,
Brode have made him thy tord, and Eall his
bethren have t given to him for sertan brethren have I given whim for servants; and
witheornand wine have I sustanied him: and
what shall I do now unto thee my son? 38. And Esan said unto his father, Hast thon
but one blessing, my father! bless me, even me but one blessing, my father! bless me, even me
also, O my father. And Esau lifted up his yoice
and wept. 39. And Isaac his father answered and said
tunto him, Behold, thy dweiling shall be the fat-
niess of the eath, ness or the earth, and of the dew of heaven from
above; 40. Ane by thy sword shalt thou live, and shalt
serve thy brother; and it shall come to
when serve thy brother; and it shall come to pass
when thou shat have the domanion, that thou
shalt break his yoke from off thy oneck.
*
Qol.DEN TEXT.
Turn not to the right hand nor to the
ft: remove thy foot from evil,- Prov.
$: 27$.

## central truth.

Gorps providence witnesses against sin
in His people.
NOTE- $J A-C O B$, hheel-catcher, supplanter;
the son of Isaaceand twin-brather of Esau: bough the brother's birthright for a " mess of pottage
 aram, served seven years oo gain Leah for hi
wife, and seven more for Rachel, daushters

 wild, roving character, like the e present bedoun
of 4 he desert ; sold his birthright; married adainst
 blessing of his father; his, descend intsended were
called Edomites.-TME SM ELL OFA FIELD. Some
 grew in abundance and witit which the gar-
ments of Esau might liave been per the coming in contact with them, asen a phumber would
be very likely to do. Whenthe Israelites desired leave to pass through the territory of Edom, the
country abounded with fruitful fields and vine-


EXPLANATIONS.
Lesson Topics.-ID. A Alessing Obtained
BY Dekpton. (II.) A BLESSING obTALNED BY I. A BLESSING OBTAINED BY DECEP-
TION.-(22.) FELT HTM, for the voice was not Tion.-(22.) Felt HIr, for the voice was not
ike Esau's; and in Isaac's blindness, he must
and

 dew, the multitudes of vine yards, and the variety
and rye, -are things for which Palestine wa
famous. ramous.
II. A BLESSING BY. SUPPLICATION.-(32
WHO ART THOV Jacob's frand soom discovered
 and could not be recalled. (34) EXCEEEDTNG BIT




" O . what a tangled web we weave,
When itret we practise to decelve
IfLustratiov.-The event in this lesson is in-
troduced by, "When Isaac was old" (V.1) Jewish interpreters say hen wasac onas oundred and thirty
seven years old-the age at which Ishmael had died fourteen years berore, and perhaps the death The plan of Tco's mor is introduced at The plan of Jacob's mother is introduced at
verse 6 R Rebekah loved Jacoob, while Essuan had
led a wila life having married a Cananitish wife, to add to the grief of nisis parents. Probably
Rebekah also knew that Jacob had purchased Rebekah also knew that Jacob had purchased
Esauds birthright and believing that the father's
bened benediction would surely bring blessings with it,
she fears that her hopes for Jucob will fail. "Sh she fears that her hopes for Jacob will fall "She
believed, but not with that faith which can
patiently wait for God to work out His plans
Git thatenurh Wais providence, so she aut attempted to
force her wishes into an accomplished fact by forcaw fal means. Neither her
an Jach
 act by being mac
a score of y ears."

## BLESSINGS

J Dew of heaven,
A Fatness of earth, - $B$ RULE OVER NRETHRSEN.

E Dew of heaven,
5 Fatness of earth,
A Living by the sword,
U Sublect to Brake of HIS BROTHER.

## Lesson in.

JaCOB AT BETHEI

$$
\text { Gen. } 28: 10-22 .
$$

Commit to Memory vs. 12-16. 10. And Jacob went out from Beershel ${ }^{\text {s. }}$, and
went toward Haran. 11. And he lighted upon a certain place, and
arried there all night, because the sun wa set; and he took or the stones or that place, and
put them for his pillows, and lay down in that place to sleep.
12. And. he dreamed, and behold a ladder set
up on the earth, and the top of it reached to heaven: and behold the angels of God ascending
12. And, behoid the
12. And, behoid, the Lord stood above it, and
sait, Iam the Lord Good of Abraliam thy father,
and the God of Isaic: the land whereon
liest, to thee will I give it, and to thy seed; 14. And thy seed shall be as the dust of the
earth, and thou shalt spread abroad to the west earth, and thoust and to the north and to the
and to the east
south and in thee and in thy seed shall all the south and in thee and in thy
families of the earth be blessec
15. And behold, 1 am with thee, and will keep
thee in all places whither thou woest

leave thee, untin
spoken to, the of.
16. And Jacob awakened out of his sleep, and
ho said, surely the Lord is in this place: and 1
knew it not
17. And he was afraid, and said, How dreadful
is this place! this is sone other but the bouse of
is Gods and thise. tis this is note other but the bouse of
18. And Jacob heaven.

19. And he called the name of that piace
Bethel: but the name of that city was called Laz
20. And Jacob vowed a vow, saying. If God
wil be with me, and will keep rae in this way
whet hat 1 go, and will give me bread to eat and rai-
ment to put on, ment to put on,
21. So that I co
21. So that I come again to my father's house
in peace ; then shall the Lord be my God : 22. And this stone which 1 have set for a pil-
lar, shall be God's house: and of all that tho
shatt give me 1 will surely give the thath unto
thee.

 The comforting vision of the heavenly ladder
shown to Jacob assured him or the providence or
God. (Heb. 1: 14.) It was also an assurance that
${ }_{\text {the }}^{\text {the }}$
 north of Jerusalem, and noted 1
set uistory for the wership of the golden call
Beit Selin, - LUZ and Bethel were two separat
paces; for Jacob
 ain Generaily the whole region was ealled Luz
in the time of Che Canaanites, but Bethe at the
time of the Israelites.-LADDER. The ladder (or
ita stairway) might only indicate that there was
Way from God to man, and that men by God help might mount up by it to hearen; that an gels went up from man to God, and came down
from God to man and that there was a continual meant we cannot douber that there was a deeper
 that the ladder signified the son of Man.... who
is the way to heaven, and who has now wone mentary.-PILIAR, AND POURED DIL. This probably the most ancient and simplest form or
temple temple or place for religious worship: excepting
the attar of stones or earth for whether this is the first example of sacrifice
erection erection, we cannot judge. it was a very natura
and obvious way
 pouring oil on it was a significant rite. The
Aut sacrifice to the stone or warshit that he might
Christ 1 倍 Christ is named from chrism, or unction, so there
was an great mystery in this anounting of the
tone with ligious thought petween unction and sanetification seems a more probabtion and solution of the tifi-
question. Speaker's Commentary, EXPLANATIONS.
LESSON TOPICS.-(I.) The Ladoder. (11.,THE
Promises. (IL1) A TENTH To God. 1. JACOB'S LADDER,- (10; WENT OUT, his
depatture from hoome was a fight to escape his
brother's anver:



 Jacob was further assured by the voice and
presence of the Lord nimselt aying Stephen
saw Him siand


 pressed with the majesty and glory of whon im.
feand such as the sinner feels under a sense of his offences, here it means the former. Every true
Hovsk or God io also, ans such, a gate of heaven, rousk or god aiso, as such, a gate or heaven,
and hese may be found by ever sailnt; DREAD-
rUt, awful; (see Ex $3: 5$. mon practice stilt in the East to mark a spot
wheres.a vow is made. BETIIEL.... LUz, (see
Votes.)
I1. A TENTH TO GOD, (20.) JACOB vowed ship as well as prayer; of Gob, some regard this
as distrust of God by Jacob; but let asmee ${ }^{\text {and be }}$ s anstrust or God by Jacob, but let "since" be
put in place or II, and it will ee a proper exmade; BE GoD's Housk, mark a promed spot for
commumion with God; GIVE THE TENTH, hil commumion with God; GrVe TII
afterward became a law tolsrael.

## COO JROO PROMISES JACOB GOD SERVICE, $\begin{aligned} & \text { SORSHHP, } \\ & \text { TITHES. }\end{aligned}$

## TWO PATHS.

An English lady having been asked as to he propriety of attending on Sunday an exhibition of Bible pictures, repied with an
illustration which illuminates a wide range of duties. She said
Along the South
Along the South Downs are two paths, one a very few inches from the edge of the
cliff, another about two yards off. Many have walked, and walked safely, along the arst path, but it was dangerous.
One step to the One step to the left, and they would have fallen, perhaps several hundred feet, to the seadenow ; or, if a piece of loosened rock
suddenly separated from the other parts, it would have carried the person who chanced oe treading it down, down with it, into Many, to
Many, too, and 1 among them, have troda view, with this great distinction from the more danger-loving passengers, we were
safe; if we took a step to the left, we safe; if we took a step to the left, we were
still on solid ground ; if the edge were jagged, or even a huge mass of rock fell, we only saw A gust of wind could not hirl
A gust of wind could not hurl us over,
neither would sudden giddiness send us Which path was best, was w
"The last," you say? Yet both have been
walked without accident.
I do not lay down a rule that every one would be doing wrong in going to see a
collection of pictures illustrating the Bible on Sunday, but I do say there is a South Down called Sunday; it is high above the six miles of the country surrounding it; along the edge is written, "Remember the
Sabbath Dav to keep it holy " abbath Day to keep it holy.
There are two paths, one
There are two paths, one called "religious Which is the happiest, the safest thed alone." he best ?

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