

YOU'LL BE SURE TO FIND IT IN "The MAIL and ADVOCATE"

THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE

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BRITISH ANSWER PACIFIC

Shows a Disposition on the Part of Britain to do Every thing in Reason to Avert Delays to American Shipping

WON'T PROTEST SHIP TRANSFERS

Americans Could Purchase Interned German Ships, but Money mustn't be Paid to Belligerents 'till End of War

London, Jan. 7.—The reply of Great Britain to the American note regarding interference with its shipping, it is said in well-informed quarters, is wholly conciliatory, and shows a disposition on the part of England to do everything within reason to avert delay to American shipping.

At a time when freight rates are high, and consequently loss of time is so costly to ship owners, England wishes to do everything in its power consistent with the proper safeguarding of the interests of the Allies, to facilitate world trade and stimulate commerce, paralyzed, as it is, by war conditions.

Won't Protest.

Consequently, it is declared, there is no disposition on the part of England to protest against the purchase of German vessels by Americans, where sales are genuine, and ships are not used so as to avoid what might reasonably be called the consequences of belligerency.

Use of transferred German ships in the cotton trade with Germany, probably would call forth objections from the Allies, although cotton is not contraband, because the Allies, it is said, would regard such use as a roundabout means of escaping the effects of the war. At any rate objection is not likely to be made until ships are actually transferred and their prospective use clearly indicated.

Must Hold Money.

It is possible that the Allies will take the position that sale money shall be held until the close of the war as a guarantee that it will not be of assistance to belligerents.

An assurance that a German ship, purchased by the United States Government or its citizens, would engage in South American trade only, probably would satisfy the Allies and prevent any formal objection, as a stimulation of trade with South America is greatly desired by the Allies.

While it is pointed out that the sale of German ships in New York Harbor to the American Government or its citizens would inevitably relieve German ships in New York harbor, and German citizens of the heavy expense of maintenance and insurance, undoubtedly consequences of war within the meaning of international practice, still England probably would be willing to waive objections on this point, were the vessels not permitted to enter trade in Norway, beneficial to Germany, Austria or Turkey.

FLANDERS FLOODED

And Troops March Ankle-deep in the Mud—Great German Activity Near Ypres

London, Jan. 8.—The Germans are continuing their attack to the south-east of Ypres where their heavy artillery has been steadily bombarding the Allied trenches.

There is a steady rainfall in most of Flanders and floods are increasing. In Dixmude area the German infantry reinforcements, in some places, are advancing ankle deep in mud.

Troops have been forced to sleep in the open for the last few days awaiting orders for the next counter attacks and they are suffering severely in health.

1915 Opens Auspiciously For Allied Forces In West Enemy Kept On Defensive

London, Jan. 7.—"The New Year opened upon a more favorable situation for the Allies than any they had known since the commencement of the campaign," says a report made by a military observer attached to the British Army Headquarters at the front.

The report was made public today by the Official Information Bureau. It is dated Jan. 4th, and supplements similar narratives as given out at intervals during the progress of the war.

"So far as the British are concerned," says the report, "the small expeditionary force of four divisions which took the field in August and which is steadily increasing in numbers and is becoming more and more battle-hardened on a record of hard fighting such as the British troops seldom have sustained in the past.

Marked Change.

"The struggle the last four months has entered upon its fourth phase. A slow, but none the less marked change which has taken place, resulting definitely in passing the initiative into the hands of the Allies.

"This not shown so much by material results obtained, although at some points of the Allied front ground has been gained, while in some places very marked progress has been made, resulting in the capture of guns and strongly entrenched positions; but our advantage lies in the fact that it is now the Allies, who for the past few weeks have assumed and maintained the offensive role, while the enemy has been acting on the defensive.

Allies Make Progress.

"The fact that the enemy is acting on the defensive does not mean that he has given up attacking altogether, but his attacks have been in the nature of counter attacks, undertaken either in order to regain ground previously lost, or to relieve the pressure on some other part of the German line. It is only by analysing the total results of these attacks by both sides that a clear idea can be obtained of the really marked progress that has been achieved by the Allies."

After referring to the ultimate consequence of repeated small successes, the British observer adds:

Wearing-down Process.

"It must not, however, be thought that this is other than very slow and laborious progress, or that the final result is within immediate reach. Yet every capture by the Allies in the field represents lost ground for which the enemy expends much blood and treasure, and is a step forward in the process of wearing-down, which eventually will bring the war to an end."

The British observer states that he is able to confirm the reports that there is considerable sickness in the German lines. He says for some time past there has been a good deal of typhoid, and that some German units have even been withdrawn temporarily on this account.

Alsace Scene Of Big Fights

French Are Steadily Advancing Despite Desperate German Resistance

Geneva, Jan. 8.—Fighting in Lower Alsace is daily growing in intensity around Steinbach, Germain and Thann. Villages, houses and trenches are taken and retaken at the point of the bayonet and the casualties on both sides have been extremely heavy.

It is stated that about 250,000 men in all are engaged and that both sides are using heavy guns. The Germans are continuously hurrying reinforcements from the Rhine Forts.

General Pau, it is stated, is in command of the French forces, which have made progress despite the fierce resistance of the Germans.

Canned Rabbit Is Now Supplied To The Warships

Australian Article Supplied to Men on Canadian Warships—Is Much Appreciated

Ottawa, Jan. 6.—A new dish has been added to the menu on board the Canadian navy. It comes from Australia, where they have made some progress in naval matters. The Australian navy, which has done such good work in the war, is British built and manned, but the Australian rabbit is a native product.

After being caught, skinned, boned and cooked, it is put up in tins, and the Naval Service Department has purchased a large consignment of these tins for consumption on the Niobe, the Rainbow and the two submarines.

Fresh meat being scarce on the high seas, and there being a certain monotony in canned corned beef, the store of the navy have taken with enthusiasm to the Antipodean rabbit. They are asking for more.

GERMANS DENY STORY OF ARREST OF ARCHBISHOP

London, Jan. 7.—The German Military Governor of Belgium has issued an official denial of the report that Cardinal Mercier had been arrested by German authorities.

The Prospero left Wesleyville last evening, going north.

ROUMANIA WILL HELP THE ALLIES

Credible Story Says That the United States Has Been Asked to Look After Rumanian Interests in Berlin

HAS 500,000 MEN READY FOR FIELD

People Have Made Up Their Minds and Public Men Think That the Time is Now Opportune

Paris, Jan. 8.—It is learned from a source worthy of credence, that arrangements whereby the interests of Roumania in Berlin and Vienna will be attended to by the United States Diplomatic Service have been definitely made.

This can mean but one thing in the opinion of Roumanian Legation here—that Roumania would prefer to wait until Russian operations through Bukovina had further developed across the Carpathians.

Roumania, although ready to place 500,000 troops in the firing line immediately, is not wealthy enough to face unmolested the prospect of a long war. Every month that has been passing, has been reducing the period of Roumania's inevitable co-operation with the Allies. Only cold, practical facts have kept Roumania aloof so far.

Have Made Decision.

London, Jan. 8.—The Morning Post's correspondent in Paris declares that Roumania has decided to throw in her lot with the Allies.

He telegraphs a statement by Mr. Diamandy to the effect that the Roumanian people have made up their minds and that active participation by the Roumanian army against Germany and Austria-Hungary is assured.

Schr. Robert E. Dale, which arrived Wednesday from Lunenburg with her bow sprit carried away is now having a new one put in by Mr. John Taylor.

Rapid Advance of Russians Stirs Military Observers Turk Offensive is Smashed

London, Jan. 8.—A complete change in the situation in the near East may be brought about by the Russian victory over the Turks in the Caucasus. If the Turkish defeat is as sweeping as has been officially reported, resulting in the virtual destruction of two and the repulse of a third Turkish Army Corps, the Turkish menace against the Russians in Trans-Caucasia has been removed.

The loss of so many of their best trained officers and men it is believed here, will compel the Turks to give up any ambition they had of invading their enemy's territories and concentrate on the defence of their own country.

Gigantic Operations.

Military men, however, are taking even greater interest in the Russian invasion of Hungary thro' the Uzesk Pass of the Carpathians and their rapid advance on Transylvania thro' Bukovina, simultaneously with their movement toward Cracow. These combined operations are the most gigantic undertaken in the war.

Meantime the Russians are held by the Austro-Germans in Western Galicia. Field Marshal Von Hindenburg, the German Commander in Northern Poland, can move but slowly, because of the mud, in his offensive operations against Cracow.

German Artillery Stuck.

A despatch from Petrograd says that the aviators observed German artillery at their frontier railway stations

which cannot be moved on account of the softness of the roads. It has been suggested that the Germans intended to use the Vistula for the transport of their guns but, with the Russians in possession of the Northern bank, this obviously would be impossible.

Although fighting has been intense at many points on the Western front there is little or no change in Flanders where the fields and roads are under several feet of water. In that territory only artillery has been able to work but in Northern France, between Lille and Arras, there has been some hard fighting in which trenches have changed hands more than once.

Hard fighting, too, continues in Alsace, where the French claim they have advanced a little toward Altkirch. They have apparently got no further along the Cernay road from Steinbach.

Warned Other Ships Off.

The British Admiralty is now convinced that the battleship Formidable was destroyed by a German submarine. Making this announcement in the House of Lords, Earl Crewe divulged the information that the spartan rule which the Admiralty promulgated after the loss of the cruisers Aboukir, Cressy and Hogue, that no ships should go to the assistance of another for fear she, too, might be torpedoed had been carried out. The Captain of the Formidable, although he knew his ship was doomed, signalled the other ships not to stand by.

DOUBLE FUNERAL HELD ON SUNDAY

The funerals of the late Mrs. J. M. Dooley and her daughter Mary, takes place Sunday afternoon. They have been delayed until then to give Mr. Dooley, who is steward on the Glenoece time to reach the city before interment.

The Portia arrived at Bonne Bay at 7 last evening and left at five this a.m.

Servians Win Another Battle

Their Latest Victory Occured on the Frontier, Near Belgrade.

Paris, Fighting has been resumed on the Serbian front, according to an official communication issued at Nish, Serbia.

The fighting, in which the Servians were victorious, according to the statement, occurred near Belgrade.

Police Recruits

Three new policemen have joined the force since the New Year, and are now being instructed by Sergt. Savage. They are Messrs. Herbert, Whalen and Snow.

French Troops' Steady Advance Toward Altkirch

German Aviators Making Attempt On Dunkirk Put To Flight—French Artillery Gains

Paris, Jan. 7.—French troops are now only two and a half miles from Altkirch, in Upper Alsace, taking up their position in a forest near the town.

German aviators, attempting to attack Dunkirk, were put to flight by the French batteries.

Fighting in Flanders is confined to artillery conflicts, in which the French have gained the advantage over the Germans.

Pestilence Smites City of Przemysl

Lemberg, Galicia, via Petrograd, Jan. 6.—It is reported here that pestilence is spreading in the city and among the garrison of Przemysl, which is now almost without provisions. Ineffectual sorties still continue from Przemysl, but they are less vigorously pushed. This is due, it is thought, to the garrison's knowledge of the failure of the Austrian relief forces to break through the Russian lines.

Match Postponed

The curling match for the President and Vice-President's prizes had to be postponed yesterday on account of the mild weather.

BATTLE BEGINS AROUND MLAWA

Petrograd, Jan. 7.—Another battle or the possession of Mlawa is developing. The Russians are sending reinforcements to strengthen their army, now facing the German.

Municipal Meeting

The weekly meeting of the members of the Civic Commission takes place this evening.

William Dawson Drowned In Bay Roberts Harbour In Sight Of His 2 Children

To-day we record details of an extremely sad accident which occurred at Bay Roberts, yesterday, whereby William Dawson lost his life before the eyes of his two eldest children, aged 12 and 10 years, and a companion named Connell was within an ace of death.

The men had been out bird shooting in a flat bottom boat several hours, and were returning, being little more than a hundred yards from the beach, when Mr. Dawson fired at a bird.

With the recoil of the gun he was over-balanced and fell in the water. His companion was on the other side of the boat and when Mr. Dawson fell over, Connell's weight toppled the boat over, and he too was thrown in the icy water.

Only Children Saw

It happened shortly after 2 o'clock, when the men of the town were at work, and the only eye-witnesses of the tragedy were the two children who were awaiting their father's return.

Dawson must have become unconscious as he made no effort to catch the boat or save himself. Connell was more fortunate as he caught hold of the boat but was unable to right it or make an attempt to assist his friend.

The children raised an alarm and a number of men were soon on the beach, but a boat was not available. They searched everywhere, but

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Was Out With a Companion Shooting Birds When the Boat Capsized—Companion Lost His Life in Eight Feet of Water—Body Recovered

could find nothing with which to put off to the drowning man. The searchers had to go a considerable distance beyond the pond before they could find a boat and when they discovered one it was frozen in the ice and had to be cut out.

A row of quarter of a mile was then necessary before they arrived at the scene.

Both were quickly taken on board and hurried to the shore. Dawson was found in eight feet of water and when landed was apparently lifeless.

Connell, who had not gone under, was conscious, but in a very weak state from cold and exposure. He was conveyed home immediately and was given hot stimulants and wrapped in warm blankets.

Mr. Dawson was laid on the beach and M. Tobin, of P. F. Moore's employ who had been at work installing the plumbing into the cable office spent fifteen minutes applying first aid, but with very little success.

U.S. ASKS INDEMNITY OF BRITAIN

Sends Formal Request For Punishment of Canadians Who Shot and Killed Canadian Citizen

ASKS DAMAGES FOR INJURED MAN

And a Grant to Family of Man Who Was Killed—Authorities Will Likely Comply With the Request

Washington, Jan. 8.—The United States Government has sent a formal Note to Great Britain requesting punishment of those guilty of the killing of Walter Smith and the wounding of Charles Dorsch, two American citizens who were shot by Canadian Militiamen at Fort Erie, Ontario while hunting ducks, in alleged violation of the Canadian Game Laws.

The communication, which was of a friendly character, pointed out that not only did the United States Government expect the offenders to be duly punished, but that adequate compensation should be given the families of the victims.

Coincidentally with the sending of the Note, Sergt. Bryan received a personal memorandum from the British Ambassador here, after which the Sergt. said the British Government, without deciding the question of liability will consider the payment of damages to the injured man and the family of the deceased.

From this statement the officials took it for granted that damages would be paid after the Dominion authorities had completed their inquiry.

S.S. Mongolian left Liverpool at noon Saturday. She is due early next week.

Belgian Family Murder Victims In Canadian City

Mrs. Van Looy, With Her Three Children Found Strangled in Their Home in Montreal.

Montreal, Jan. 7.—Mrs. Van Looy, wife of a Belgian soldier, now fighting against the Germans, and her three children, aged eight and five years and ten months, were murdered in their home.

The discovery of the crime was made this afternoon. The dead mother and her children were lying in bed, apparently having been strangled.

BROTHER SHOT HER

Belgian Woman and Family Killed by Own Kinsman Who, Later, Committed Suicide

Montreal, Jan. 8.—One of the most shocking crimes that ever occurred in Montreal was discovered yesterday when it was two days old. It was the murder on Tuesday morning, of Mrs. Robert Van Looy, wife of a Belgian reservist who left about three weeks ago to fight for his native land, and her three children, and the suicide on Tuesday night in Cartierville of the murderer Jean Moons, brother of Mrs. Van Looy.

The dead bodies of the mother and children found in one bed in their home was evidence that the four had been strangled to death and placed in one bed by the murderer.

Jean Moons, the undoubted slayer of his sister and her family, was seen leaving the house at eleven o'clock on Tuesday morning supposedly about two hours after the tragedy.

Although Moons shot himself to death in Cartierville on Tuesday night his identity was not revealed until yesterday afternoon when the detectives were looking for the wholesale murderer in the Van Looy home.

A. Myer

GENERAL JOFFRE, THE HERO AND FATHER OF HIS TROOPS

Has Magnificent Powers For Work, Invariable Common Sense and a Profound Taste For Economy That Makes Him a Miser With the Blood of His Soldiers

THE following article was printed in the *Matin*, headed "Our Joffre" and marked as "The Roadside Notes of a Soldier," under which general title the editor, M. Stephane Lauzanne, has been contributing to his paper some of the best sketches of the war that have appeared in France.

Volumes have been written on him, and yet nothing has been said, or least all has not been said, and that is my excuse for trying his portrait. The great distinction of Joffre is that he was perhaps the only man who foresaw the kind of war which we are witnessing. I can still hear him saying to me:

Not Won by Generals. "It is no longer the generals in chief who will in future win battles; it will be the colonels and even the simple captains. Battles will be engaged

more clearly into the future or a voice utter a prophecy more striking in its fulfillment.

Likened to Roman Chief. Never, furthermore, even in a country which can pride itself on having had the greatest leaders in history, has there been a figure more pure. The image of Fabius has been evoked to whom the Roman legions gave the name of "Cunctator," "the Delayer," but Joffre is more and better than a Fabius.

It is true that by his simplicity and modesty he recalls the early chiefs of Rome when the republic shone with its austere, most radiant brightness. But he has also the qualities of our own race, he has magnificent powers for work, invariable common sense and a profound taste for economy which make him a miser with the blood of his soldiers. He has also the clearness of the French mind, good fellowship of French life and the unmovable faith of French souls in the destiny of the country. He has, in a word, all that is good and superior in French intelligence and thought. And it is for that that we, his subordinates, have given him the name that sums him up the best in our eyes by calling him "Our Joffre." Yes, "ours," because he is really close to us and because he is really what we wish him to be.

A Disciplinarian. Oh, but do not imagine that he has won our affection because he passed over everything for us and tolerated everything in us. Hearts of soldiers no more than slopes of trenches, are not to be won by giving way. No, he passes over nothing and puts up with nothing. Severe toward himself, he believes he has the right to be severe towards us. Discipline has no more unmanageable guardian.

Let me give an example. When on the evening of a hard day we beat down over a battlefield, there was one thing, one only, that we stooped down to collect; it was their pointed helmets, because they seemed to us an emblem of their brutality, which we carried away with us. Joffre learned this and by an order, given in terms of the utmost severity, he blamed us for it and formally, absolutely forbade it. Very good. Since Joffre forbids it it must be bad. Now we pass by the pointed helmets that strew the roads and trenches without even looking at them.

Believe Him Right. Another example, a little more difficult to explain, but no matter! When we have been in the trenches for days and days, when we have accomplished all our work for nights and nights, when we have fought well, watched

well, marched well, or dug well, it happens at times that we dream of the dear ones left behind and think how pleasant it would be to fell around our necks the arms of our wives we have left behind. Then, at times, some of us pass by a town or centre and have written or telegraphed and summoned our loved ones even only for an hour's sweet companionship. But that too, is not allowed. Joffre loves us well, but he does not love our wives. He has warned us that he will deal rigorously with any one who offends in this way. And after all, he is right. At the bottom of our souls we feel that he is right.

Gen. Joffre's Orders. What more shall I tell you about him? That he draws up orders and decisions that are models of clearness, brevity and eloquence? The famous order of the day issued the eve of the battle of the Marne has proved it too well to need repeating. It is a pity the great public, the nation, cannot know others, reserved for officers only and for troops in action.

The leading characteristic of Joffre's orders is that when they are read the first instinct is to cry, "Heavens, but he is right!" They are so impregnated with common sense that no one feels a desire to discuss them, no one can discuss them to any use. And then they constantly show his care to spare our lives, to preserve our flesh and turn the enemy's bullets from us.

I have already told you the story of

the peaks of our caps. Even the copper buttons of our men occupy his attention. He found them too visible, too brilliant. He has just had them washed with acetate of lead to darken them. As a wag said, "He will flash by having a little individual fog made for each of us which will make us invisible."

We laughed, but we feel his care. Toward him there mounts total, absolute devotion of the most formidable mass of men that France has ever armed. Later when he has led us to the "final success" government and parliament can vote him all the recompense they will, even those that have been abolished for forty-four years, the grade of Marshal; for us he will remain always the man whom we have blindly followed, whom we have loved like a father, "our Joffre."

down the town, and the inhabitants were still in a state of suspense when relief arrived. The men under De Wet behaved in a very silly and objectionable manner. They strutted about the town wearing ostrich feathers, while some were garlanded with artificial flowers and mingled insulting remarks with snatches of hymns and Psalms.

Cause For Satisfaction. The whole surrender of rebels now reported has given great satisfaction among the responsible section of the Free State population. The Bloemfontein Free State political leaders for not assisting to bring about this result by publicly advising their unfortunate and misguided countrymen to accept the amnesty and return to their homes.

TALK IS CHEAP—Advertising is also very cheap, it is carried in the right medium. The *Mail and Advocate* is the *Can't Lose* paper, now. Must be true. Everybody's talking. It's not the price you pay but the returns you get.

NOTICE.—Trinity Bay Councils of the F.P.U. will please notice that January 16th will be observed as Union Day in Trinity District, when every Council is expected according to the Constitution to parade. By order, J. G. STONE.—dec8

NOTICE.—Owing to the Conception Bay Convention to be held at Coley's Point the second week in January, there will be no meeting of Port de Grave District Council until that Convention is closed, when due notice will be given of the time and place of meeting. GEO. F. GRIMES, Chairman, Port de Grave District Council.

Wonderful Results From the A. I. C., The World's Cure. The remedy discovered at far Labrador has given relief to many a sufferer; hundreds testifying of this great remedy. Another gives her testimonial from the City.

Couldn't Eat a Half Meal. St. John's, Oct. 12, 1914. I have been troubled with indigestion for a number of years, in fact I have been so bad I couldn't eat half a meal of anything.

A friend advised me to try A.I.C. and one half pint bottle cured me. I couldn't believe I could be cured in such a short time and now I can eat anything, and food does not trouble me in the least. I think I am perfectly cured. I haven't felt indigestion this month.

I recommend this medicine to all sufferers from indigestion. You are at liberty to use my name, and anyone not believing this statement can write or consult me personally.

MRS. GEORGE WELLS, St. John's. Sold at St. John's by M. J. Malone, M. Kent, Walter Gosse, J. C. Ryan, J. Healey, C. P. Eagan, Soper & Moore, Wholesale Agent.

Manufactured by Saunders & Mercer, Shearstown, Nfld.—oct20

FUNNY CONDUCT OF DE WET'S MEN. Looted Some South African Towns and Deeked Themselves in Feathers—Psalms, Hymns and Insults.

HERE is a touch of comedy in some of the stories which are now being published regarding the recent exploits of De Wet and his marauding bands. At Winburg, for instance, the rebels stole everything in the shops they could lay their hands on. They found at one establishment a large number of new Bibles. These were distributed among the rebels, who, however, in this single instance insisted on paying the full value.

Fled Before Botha. On news reaching them of General Botha's approach the rebels fled in wild haste. Their overloaded wagons could not sustain the rapidity of the retreat, and the veldt was ornamented with all manner of things—dolls, ladies underclothing, hats, rolls of velvet, taken from the unfortunate storekeepers.

General Botha had a royal reception on entering the town. He learned from leading inhabitants that De Wet appeared more than half-demented, and quite incapable of reasoning. He repeatedly threatened to burn

W. E. BEARNS Haymarket Grocery. One Thousand Gross SEA-DOG MATCHES, 60c. Gross. 100 Choice Young TURKEYS. 100 Small CHICKENS (P.E. Isld.) @ 20c. lb. 25 Barrels Imported CABBAGE. 15 Barrels Local Green CABBAGE. MIXED NUTS: Barcelona, Walnuts, Almond & Hazel Nuts, 20 Cents Pound. FRUIT CAKES SULTANA PLAIN POUND CAKE. MOIR'S W. E. BEARNS. Telephone 379.

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Reduction on all other sizes.

EVINRUDE DETACHABLE DORY MOTORS Only \$55.00 complete. Also all Motors and repair parts at reduced prices.

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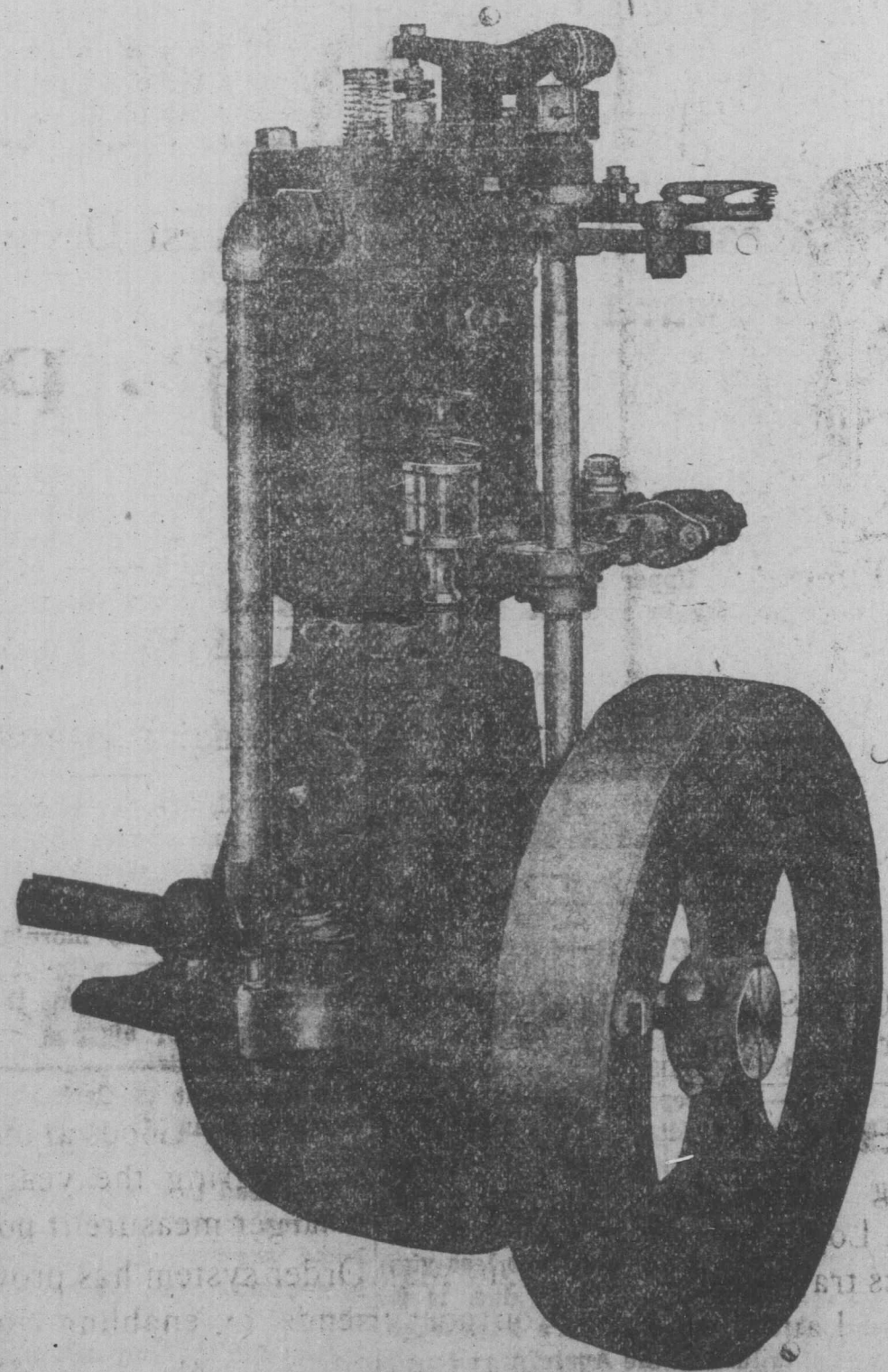
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"THE COAKER" Kerosene Motor Engine Is The Favorite!

A Motor Engine made for The Union Trading Co.

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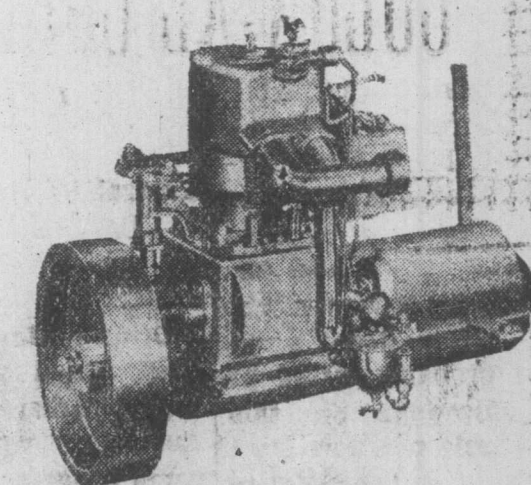


A 6 H.P. "COAKER" ENGINE.

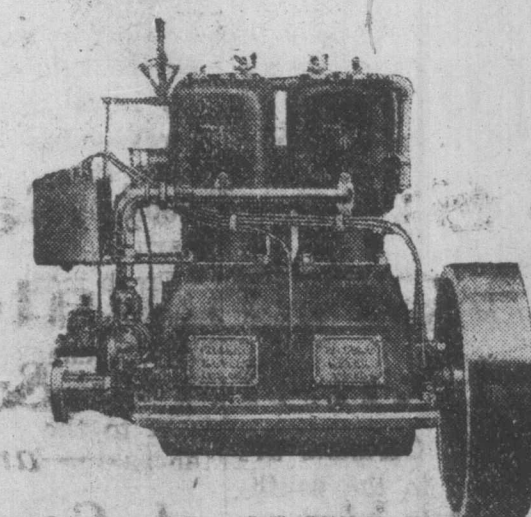
The "Coaker" 4 Cycle Engine can be operated on half the oil consumed by a 2 Cycle Engine. This Engine's power is equal to double the power of some 2 Cycle Engines. It is made for Fishermen's use and expressly for Trap Skiffs and the large size Fishing Bullies. It is sold to Union Members at wholesale prices, all commission and middlemen's profits being cut out. We have contracted for the manufacture of 1000 of these Engines. We sell no engine but the "Coaker." We have them on exhibition at our wharf premises. We carry parts and fittings in stock. We will arrange reasonable terms of payment to meet the requirements of men unable to purchase for cash. WE GUARANTEE THE ENGINE. Write for particulars and terms, applying to Chairmen of F. P. U. Councils concerning this Engine. We confidently recommend the Engine as being of the very best make and material, of being exactly what is needed for the Fishermen's use and GUARANTEED TO GIVE SATISFACTION.

It is above all durable, simple and capable of doing heavy work; it is not a toy engine. The Engine starts on Gasolene, and when started, operates on Kerosene oil. The very latest improvements on Motor Engines will be found on the "Coaker." We have sold 200 of these Engines the past spring and all are giving splendid satisfaction. No other firm can sell you a similar engine. We possess the sole rights to sell this Engine in Newfoundland. The man who buys a "Coaker" Engine from us saves \$50 on a 6 H.P., \$30 on a 4 H.P., and \$40 on a 2 H.P. Engine.

We have the 4, 6, and 8 H.P. Engines on exhibition at our premises. We also sell 12, 16 and 24 H.P. "Coaker" Engines, all 4 Cycle make. We also sell 2 H.P. 2 Cycle Engines for small boats. This 2 H.P. Engine is fitted with a Kerosene adapter. No agents will be employed to sell these Engines. We will do our work through the Councils of the F. P. U. Send along your orders for Spring delivery. For full particulars, prices, etc., apply to



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The Mail and Advocate Weekly Edition, the best advertising medium in Newfoundland.

HEAVY LOSSES AT SEA MARKED THE PAST YEAR

THE heavy losses at sea during the past year, apart altogether from those due to war, have made 1914 a somewhat bad year for marine underwriters. Canadian waters too have contributed an unprecedentedly large portion to the toll.

The year's greatest marine insurance loss was in connection with the sinking of the Canadian Pacific Line steamer Empress of Ireland by the Norwegian coal steamer Storstad in the St. Lawrence River. The loss of the Empress of Ireland is practically total. Salvors have been working on the vessel and have recovered \$140,000 in silver bullion that was in the strong chest. For this work the wreckers have demanded \$120,000 compensation, so that underwriters will receive little benefit from the bullion recovered from the wreck.

Still Trying to Float Her
The underwriters have not as yet given up their efforts to float the steamer, but the reports of the divers who have inspected the wreck state that the hull is so badly wrenched that it is hardly likely the steamer could be patched and brought to the surface by the compressed air method. The sinking of the Empress of Ireland hit American underwriters alone to the extent of over \$1,500,000.

The second big loss on the St. Lawrence this year came when the British steamer Floriston, bound from Montreal for Avonmouth, was wrecked on Gouin Island on Oct. 14th, and a month later abandoned to the underwriters as a total loss. The Floriston had a full cargo of wheat valued at fully \$300,000. In the case of the Floriston, the underwriters suffered double loss. The vessel first went ashore and was floated. This brought a general average loss to the underwriters. Subsequently the vessel first went ashore and was floated. This brought a general average loss to the underwriters. Subsequently the vessel again stranded, proving a total loss.

Loss of Hendonhall
The third big loss on the St. Lawrence was that of the British steamer Hendonhall, which went ashore on Point des Monts on November 24. Fortunately the vessel was bound in ballast to Montreal, so that the amount of the loss was considerably reduced.

During November the underwriters were hit by two losses in the Far East. These steamers were the Shirely and the Nortolk. The Nortolk sailed from New York on September 13th with a large cargo for Australian ports and on December 9th was wrecked by fire and beached near Port Albert. The loss will be about \$150,000. The cargo on the Shirely was valued at over \$700,000 and was a total loss.

Late last week word was received that the steamer Kelvindale went ashore on Anegada Reef, Island of Tortola, in the West Indies. It shows a total wreck the loss to the underwriters will run up to \$200,000, while a general average loss will cost the underwriters at least \$75,000.

The case of the steamer Isthmia of the American Hawaiian Line, is much

more serious. The Isthmia hit on the rocks of San Benito Island, but subsequently floated with twenty-six feet of water in the forward hold. The underwriters will suffer at least \$100,000 loss unless the steamer founders while being taken into port. In the latter event the loss would be total.

Along the Atlantic coast the losses have not been very heavy this year. There have been several collisions that have caused losses ranging from \$50,000 to \$100,000. The sinking of the United Fruit steamer Metapan by the American Hawaiian Line, steamer Iowan in New York harbor caused a loss of at least \$100,000.

Several schooners have been wrecked along the coast during the past year, but thus far losses in this direction have not been very heavy.

"SCANDALOUS LEADERSHIP"

Is Comment on Conduct of His Officers, Taken From the Diary Found on a German Soldier

THE following remarks extracted from a German soldier's diary and published, not because there is reason to believe that they are justified as regards the conduct of the German officers, but because they are of interest as a human document:

2nd November.—Before noon went out in a regular storm of bullets by order of the major. These gentlemen, the officers, sent their men forward in the most ridiculous way. They themselves remain far behind safely under cover. Our leadership is really scandalous. Enormous losses on our side, partly from the fire of our own people, for our leaders neither know where the enemy lies nor where our own troops are, so that we are often fired on by our own men. It is a marvel to me that we have got on as far as we have done. Our captain felt, also all our section leaders and a large number of our men.

No Purpose Served
Moreover, no purpose was served by this advance, for we remained the rest of the day under cover and could get neither forward nor back, nor even shoot. A trench we had taken was not occupied by us, and the English naturally took it back at night. That was the sole result. Then when the enemy had again entrenched themselves, another attack was made costing us many lives and fifty prisoners.

It is simply ridiculous, this leadership. If only I had known it before! My opinion of the German officers has changed. An adjutant shouted to us from a trench far to the rear to cut down a hedge which was in front of us. Bullets were whistling round from in front and from behind. The gentleman, himself, of course, remained behind. The 4th Company has now no leaders but a couple of non-commissioned officers. When will my turn come? I hope to goodness I shall get home again!

Shoot Like Mad
Still in the trenches. Shells and shrapnel burst without ceasing. In the evening a cup of rice and one-third of an apple per man. Let us hope peace will soon come. Such a war is really too awful. The English shoot like mad. If no reinforcements come up, especially heavy artillery, we shall have a poor look-out and must retire.

The first day I went quietly into the fight with an indifference which astonished me. To-day, for the first time in advancing, when my comrades right and left fell, felt rather nervous, but lost that feeling again soon. One becomes horribly indifferent. Picked up a piece of bread by chance. Thank God! at least something to eat. There are about 70,000 English who must be attacked from all four sides and destroyed. They defend themselves, however, obstinately.

STEBURMAN'S OINTMENT

42 Spencer Street, St. John's, N.F., Nov. 28, 1909.

Dear Sir,—I have been suffering for the past three years with Eczema in my face and arms. I have tried several doctors but all to no avail, until I was recommended to you for treatment, which I have found a sure remedy, and have been made a perfect cure.

I am, yours truly,
MARY JOSEPHINE MORRISSEY,
Mr. L. Steburman,
344 Duckworth Street.

Steburman's Ointment, 20 cents per box or 6 boxes for \$1.00—oct23.2w
Cash Must be Sent With Order.
P.O. Box 651, or 15 Brazil's Square.

INDIAN TROOPS GOOD FIGHTERS

Says French Officer, Who Visited Their Camp in France—Especially Admired the Gurkhas

LEUTENANT J. A. GENDRE-CHARDOUX, now attached to the Army Service Corps in the North of France, and before the war French coach to officers and Army candidates at the Wellington Staff College, Aldershot, writes to a friend in East Kent respect the daring fighting of the Indian troops and of the pathetic plight of the Germans. He says:

"The Germans are well equipped and fight well. They are very brave; they advance in thick formation, spurning death. If they lose a position they try to recapture it regardless of lives. The game cannot last long. We took lots of prisoners. They all say they are glad to be taken. Yesterday I saw and spoke to two German boys of 15 and 16 years—one was crying. They said the Germans have sent to the front all their male population from 15 years up to 55 years old. The explosion of the German shells is terrible. The noise made during their flight is like that of a diamond cutting glass—only more awful.

"Last week I was with the Indian troops, and they were worth seeing. Practically all the tribes of India are represented. They are a fine body of men chiefly the Bengal Lancers. They only eat goat meat, and they have an enormous herd of goats. They are very generous. One of them came to me with a cup of rum, and, after saluting, 'Salam, Sahib,' begged me to drink of the rum and accept some nuts and dried raisins. I did, and he saluted again, and went away showing a string of beautiful teeth.

"Those Indians have fought remarkably well. They had never heard the guns before, and at first they showed some nervousness, but they soon grew accustomed to it. The Gurkhas the other day gave it hot to some German regiments. They crawled in the fields for two hours without being seen by the Germans. When they got quite close to the enemy they sprang up with their kukri in hand, and what was left of the Germans took to their heels.

"The Gurkhas are born fighters. They are very small men, well knit, with a Japanese face. They are as nimble as cats."

Anyone can repair a roof with Elastic Roofing Cement Paint. It is easy and ready to apply. No heating required. You can do the work yourself with an ordinary whitewash brush. P. H. COWAN, Agent.

NOTICE

All Local Councils in Trinity District who haven't yet sent in their district assessment, will please do so before the end of the month to the treasurer, George Fowlow, of Philip, Trinity East. J. G. STONE, D.C. Dec. 10, 1914.



Our Brave Firemen
may save your life should flames envelop your home or place of business, but he cannot prevent some damage by either fire or water from injuring your property.

Why not take out a policy with one of the strong Insurance Companies I represent, and be sure of prompt reimbursement in case fire destroys your possessions?

PERCIE JOHNSON, Insurance Agent.

For Sale!

Fine Fishing Schooner, 34 tons, with Log, Chart, 1 Dorie, 2 sets trawl gear, Cable, etc. Launched April 1914. An excellent chance to get a first-class boat at a bargain. Apply FRANK M. BUTLER, P.O. Box 1114, Halifax, N.S.—jan5.6i

ADVERTISE IN THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE

Slaughter Sale

Furs! Furs!

Our cheap sale still continues and for the balance of the year all goods will be sold at HALF PRICE.

Fur Ties and Collars from 50c. up

Men's Fur Collars \$2.00 each, worth \$6

Men's Dog Coats \$10.00 each

Sale Room Open Daily, from 2 to 6 o'clock p.m.

ROYAL FUR Co. Ltd.

JOB'S COVE.

The Elite Tonsorial Parlor,

Prescott Street, near Rawlins' Cross,

F. ROBERTS, Proprietor,

Mr. F. Roberts, of the Elite Tonsorial Parlors, begs to announce to his many patrons, that he has installed the very latest Massage machines for face and hair; also that he will carry full assortment Choice Cigars, Cigarettes and Tobacco.

On and after to-day the Parlors will be open each weekday from 8 a.m. until 11 p.m.

Just in Time

A New Shipment of

"CONGRESS" PLAYING CARDS

Newest Designs

50c. pk.

MARTIN HARDWARE CO.

Next Door West.

Begin The New Year Well

By purchasing your Dry Goods at our Store. We have given satisfaction, during the year that is past, and hope to do so in larger measure if possible in 1915.

Our Mail Order system has proved a great help to our outport friends, by enabling them to buy their goods at the right price, and with least trouble to themselves. All orders receive prompt attention.

ROBERT TEMPLETON.

333 Water Street.

BAIT!

Or rather the want of it, is one of the principal drawbacks to the fisheries of Newfoundland, and as it is tolerably certain that we shall have good markets and high prices in 1915, now is the time to prepare to capture Bait fishes.

As a means to this end we are making

Cheap Light Caplin Seines

that will be easily handled, and as one good haul will pay for the outfit, every Schooner should have one.

We are making SQUID TRAPS, which will be most effective.

We are making SMELT NETS, in all sizes. We are making GILL NETS, various sizes. We make COD TRAPS and COD SEINES, Hemp and Cotton.

We make superior HERRING NETS, Standard and Crescent brands.

We make Hemp and Cotton LINES and TWINES of Superior quality.

We make CORDAGE and CABLES, of all sizes.

In fact we make everything required for the fisheries, and we ask all our people to support Home Industries by using everything that is home made where ever possible, and so keep the money in circulation in Newfoundland.

COLONIAL CORDAGE COMPANY

Limited.

Write For Our Low Prices

—of—
Ham Butt Pork
Fat Back Pork
Boneless Beef
Special Family Beef
Granulated Sugar
Raisins & Currants

—and—
All Lines of General Provisions.

HEARN & COMPANY

St. John's, Newfoundland.

Advertise in The Mail and Advocate

J. J. St. John

When you require any of the following, call on us.

250 Bags

Whole Corn

150 Bags Bran

200 Bags

Hominy Feed

175 Bags

Yellow Meal

950 Brs. Flour

FIVE ROSES

ROYAL HOUSEHOLD

PILLSBURY'S BEST

WINDSOR PATENT

VERBENA & OLIVETTE

Ham Butt Pork, Jowls

Ribs and Beef.

J. J. St. John

136 & 138 Duckworth St.

Another Lot!



Absolutely the Best. Ask for Samples. J. J. Rossiter Agent for Manufacturers.

Our Motto: "SUUM CUIQUE."



(To Every Man His Own.)

The Mail and Advocate

Issued every day from the office of publication, 167 Water Street, St. John's, Newfoundland, Union Publishing Co. Ltd., Proprietors.

ST. JOHN'S, N.F.L.D., JAN. 8, 1914.

OUR POINT OF VIEW

The Naval Reserve Pay

Does the Premier intend to disgrace the Colony, and outrage its honor? If not why doesn't he arrange to equalize the pay of the Naval Reservists, who receive a little over 50 cents per day, with that of the Volunteers, who receive \$1.00.

A Naval Reservist with two children, receives pay and allowance equal to about \$1.00 per day, but unmarried men receive about 50 cents.

The 1000 Reservists offered the Imperial Government were not forthcoming when wanted, and the chief sinner to blame is the Premier, who should have attended to this matter in September and removed the barrier to recruiting. We called the Premier's attention to this matter in August.

If the Premier will not place the Reservists on the same pay as the Volunteer Regiment he must not be surprised if he finds recruiting for the Navy slack. We do not ask the Home Government to find the difference in pay. We demand action at the hands of the so called Government of Newfoundland. When they are ready to guarantee a square deal in pay to the Naval Reserve recruits they will find it will not take long to secure the balance of the 1000 promised.

If \$100,000 was wanted to pay legal fees or arbitration rewards to Reid, the money would soon be found, but as it means \$100,000 for the men who are placing their lives in the hands of the King for the defence of the Empire, the money cannot be found, and the excuse is: Where are we to get it?

The Premier has offered 1000 Naval Reservists and must find them, and he must be prepared to pay those men as much as is paid the Volunteers or a dissatisfaction will result that in future will be very detrimental to recruiting for the Naval Reserve. Where the \$500,000 for the Volunteer Regiment came from, so also can the \$100,000 required to ensure the Naval boys a square deal.

Now, Sir Edward, get to work and say this must be done and remove the serious friction which now exists in connection with the business. All you have to do now is to say it will be done, and that will end the matter.

VICTORY

The Seal Fishery

We would suggest that owners of sealing steamers might agree to co-operate with Mr. Coaker in seeing that the laws regarding food supplies be carried out as far as possible. The F.P.U.'s suggestion to pay assistant cooks and chief cooks a

bonus of \$20 and \$30 respectively and pay the bonus only to cooks that have performed their duty faithfully, is one that if treated properly would greatly improve food conditions on sealing steamers.

The chief cooks in the past have found that their assistants have been shipped on as sealers and were free to chuck their positions when they felt so inclined, and when work became pressing in the galley, it sometimes happened that assistants informed the chief cooks that they should get someone else to do the work, that they intended to get out and work with the men. The chief cooks therefore have been unable to command their assistants and have had very little control over them.

What is now sought is to ship the assistants as such and in order to enable the cooks to command faithful observance to orders the bonus is suggested, and it will be payable only to those who have done their best. This will ensure obedience to orders and will stimulate them to do their utmost to assist the chief cooks.

Much of the success of good cooking and proper attention to food, depends upon the chief cook who, if he choose, can make things rough or smooth, consequently the appointment of the chief cooks ought now to be of as much concern to the crew as the appointment of the captain.

When the chief cook finds the captain to do their best or not, he very soon realizes how little or much he may perform. When captains don't interest themselves in seeing the rules strictly observed, unless the cook is a good man and has to account to someone ashore for his good conduct, who will be advised by the men's report, he will very soon after sailing become slack and careless.

The F.P.U. is asking the owners for the right to select chief cooks and to become responsible for the faithful performance of their work. Then no bonus will be paid cooks unless their work is satisfactory to the F.P.U. This suggestion will greatly aid the owners, who we know are anxious to live up to the law and to satisfy the proper demands of the sealers.

We have found most of the owners willing to put plenty food on board and they do not mind how much of it is properly cooked for the men's use but they strongly object to having food wasted, and in this respect we entirely agree with them.

Cooks must also be prevented from taking provisions ashore in a manner discovered by some owners last spring. They must be willing to earn the bonus suggested, and give up all thought of making good by smuggling supplies.

The owners must see that cooking facilities are provided on board their ships. Very few ships are properly equipped for baking bread, but if a bakery similar to those in use on the Beothic and Nascopee is installed there will be no fear of failure to supply the required amount, if the baker does his duty.

The owners of wooden, also Harvey's steel ships should set to work at once and prepare the requisite facilities, which won't cost much money.

The fit out for cooking beans and brews which was used on the Nascopee last year cannot be improved on and with it no trouble need be encountered in supplying the necessary beans and brews. On the Nascopee the beans and brews were cooked as easily as a woman would cook the same at home.

It is not safe to allow the captains to choose their own cooks, for some of the captains are outrageously opposed to the food regulations because they spring from the F.P.U., and such captains do not care whether the food is satisfactory or unsatisfactory.

The cooks therefore should be men well qualified for such positions by experience and subject to conditions that would compel them to do their work well enough to satisfy the F.P.U., and if that is done, no further trouble will be encountered if the captains are prevented from deliberate interference with the cooks.

The steamer owners are now considering these proposals, and it is to be hoped they will see their way to give them a trial this Spring.

VICTORY

WELSHMAN WINS VICTORIA CROSS BY HEROIC ACT

The King has been graciously pleased to approve of the grant of the Victoria Cross to the undermentioned non-commissioned officer for conspicuous bravery whilst serving with the Expeditionary Force:

No. 7758 Lance-Corporal Wm. Fuller, 2nd Battalion, the Welsh Regiment, or conspicuous gallantry on Sept. 14, near Chiry on the Aisne, by advancing about 100 yards to pick up Captain Haggard, who was mortally wounded, and carrying him back to cover under very heavy rifle and machine gun fire.

VICTORY

A GREAT BIG ALL FEATURE PROGRAMME AT THE NICKEL TO-DAY.

The Vitagraph players in the two-part special,

"HEARTS' OF WOMEN."

Two women of entirely different walks of life reveal natures that are most contradictory to expectations. Julia Swayne Gordon and Naomi Childers are the leads.

"A PLANT WITH NERVES."—An interesting study.

"WINKY WILLIE'S FIRST CIGAR."—A dandy comedy.

"THE CAT'S PAW."

Second adventure of The Diplomatic Free Lance series by Clarence Herbert New—produced in two parts by the Thanhouser Players.

MISS MARGARET AYER, SOPRANO—EXTRA PICTURES AT THE CHILDREN'S MATINEE SATURDAY.

THIS WILL MAKE A GREAT SHOW—DON'T MISS IT.

ADDUCES AUTHENTIC EVIDENCE TO PROVE GERMAN BARBARITIES PERPETRATED ON THE BELGIANS

Report is Given by an Official Belgian Commission of Investigation After Careful Examination of Witnesses

1000 MEN KILLED IN ONE PROVINCE

All Were Non-combatants and There Was Neither Reason nor Excuse for Slaughter Here and Elsewhere

SOON after the war began we heard many stories of the horrible cruelties committed by the German troops in Belgium. Some of these stories have proved to be "fakes," and on this account there is a certain disposition in some quarters to suppose that most of the others are unfounded, and that the Germans have been prosecuting the war in a relentless, but in a not altogether uncivilized, way.

It is well to know that for one charge of cruelty disproved by the Germans, or admitted to be untrue, a hundred have been definitely proved. Leaving aside particular instances of crimes against women, and the murder of children, which have been officially established, it has been absolutely proved that on the 22nd of August the Germans in the Belgian village of Tamines massacred 400 men, standing them up against a wall and firing at them first with rifles, and later on, as this proved too slow a process, turning a machine gun on them.

In the Belgian province of Luxembourg, 1000 men were killed without reason, without excuse.

The Sack of Tamines

These facts have been made public in a document issued through the Belgian Legation at London from a member of the Commission of Enquiry on the Violation of the Rights of Nations and the Laws and Customs of War.

The most terrible of the massacres there recorded, the names of the victims being given, and only the evidence of eye-witnesses being submitted.

ted, was that of Tamines, a rich and populous village on the Sambre between Charleroi and Namur. This village was occupied by the French on August 17, 18 and 19. On the 20th a German patrol appeared, but was routed by the French. Some members of the Civic Guards of Charleroi assisted in the engagement, and the people of the village shouted encouragement to the French and Belgians as they attacked the Germans.

On August 21 the Germans entered the village in force, the French soldiers having retired. Then they proceeded to take vengeance upon the citizens who had shown their delight in the defeat of the Germans a day or two previously.

Wholesale Executions

On the evening of the 22nd a group of between 400 and 540 men was collected in front of the church, near the bank of the river. A German detachment opened fire on them, but soon a machine gun was brought into play. Some of those struck staggered to their feet and tried to escape. They were shot again. In some cases they were bayoneted as they lay on the ground.

The evidence of this holocaust was obtained by some of the men, who were wounded and feigned death, lying for hours on the ground until the Germans became too drunk to notice them, when they crawled away to safety. The next day another batch of prisoners was drawn up, and obliged to bury the victims of the last night's butchery. It is said that one man was buried alive.

After this duty had been performed the remaining prisoners with their children and wives were marched through the streets, expecting that a similar fate awaited them. One witness says: "I saw German soldiers who could not refrain from bursting into tears on seeing the despair of the women." However, they were all spared, but driven out of the village and told that they would be shot if they dared to return.

Germans Had No Provocation

Not fewer than 264 houses were burned in Tamines, after having been looted, and there were killed in the village and its vicinity about 650 people.

WEATHER HORRID IN THE TRENCHES

Rain Falls Almost Continuously, Varied With Snow—Tommy Atkins' Magnificent Under All Conditions

INFORMATION has been received in London that the 1st Battalion of the Honourable Artillery Company, which has been for some days in the trenches in the North of France, have undergone their baptism of fire. No details are at present forthcoming as to the nature of the fighting or the full casualties sustained, but they are believed to be light. The War Office notified the Territorial Record Office that Private Lewis Hopkins had been wounded.

Doing Good Service

Private advices intimate that the Honourable Artillery Company have been doing good service for some time, and they have been specially complimented for their excellence in trench digging.

The following is an extract from a letter of a member of the Honourable Artillery Company, now serving at the front:

"Have had a very busy week—no time to write a line. Up at six, off before dawn, digging trenches near the firing line, back at dark. Weather horrid—rain, and even snow. Am feeling well, but tired. No luxuries to eat. Do send me cake and "chocs." Many thanks for mother's letter and prayer-book which I'll keep—though no time to read—for her sake. We are billeted in a beastly barn, into which 'rain' and 'wind' blows, but we

manage to keep warm and well. It is most interesting here. Always "Magnificent" Tommy Atkins is magnificent even in these conditions. They are very nice to us, and to-day the Scots Fusiliers gave us tea and apples while on the march. I have had my first experience of fire. Very interesting, no casualties; we acted as reserves. The battery shelled the Germans out of the British retiring from first trench. Then after hard fire, our first line charged, capturing the first two German trenches and 160 men.

"The Germans are thoroughly demoralised, and their fire is nothing to be frightened at—even the artillery has not the range or accuracy of ours. In fact, they have been shelling our trenches for weeks without damage until yesterday, when, unfortunately, we sustained our first loss—one killed and nine wounded in No. 3 Company; I don't know them. The experience of going under fire is not at all alarming."

The Honourable Artillery Company have already two battalions—one in France and the other in London—and the War Office have now given permission for the raising of a third battalion.

VICTORY

FOR SALE—One Dwelling House, Store and Work Shop combined. Will sell at a bargain. For further particulars apply to W. J. DOVE, Chance Hr. East.—dec5,14

FOR SALE—A Few Barrels of Splendid Partridge Berries (preserved in water/tight packages) at \$1.00 per barrel. A splendid lot for retailers. FISHERMEN'S UNION TRADING Co.—dec31

LANDING

Ex Schr. "Robert J. Dale" from Sydney

350 Tons Prime Screened COAL \$7.40 per ton Whilst Landing.

Whilst Landing.

Colin Campbell

Start the New Year Well

by buying

Golden Pheasant Tea.

We have no hesitation in saying that it is the best tea on the market, if you don't believe us try it.

To our old customers we beg to wish them one and all the old, old wish, a Happy and Prosperous New Year.

Ferguson, Holmes & Co.

Limited, of London.

J. B. Mitchell, Agent.

Jan 8, 11, 13, 15.

NOTICE TO F.P.U. COUNCILS

A Meeting of the Officers of the Local Council of the F.P.U., operating in the Districts of Harbor Main, Port de Grave, Harbor Grace and Carbonear, will be held at Coley's Point on the afternoon and evening of Wednesday, the 13th instant, to consider the advisability of combining the Councils embraced in the above Districts into one District Council of the F.P.U., and to consider matters affecting the welfare of the Fishermen of Conception Bay who prosecute the Labrador Shore Fishery.

By order,

W. F. COAKER,

President F.P.U.

St. John's, Jan. 6th, 1915.

We cite a story of the remarkable coolness and courage displayed by a Belgian officer in the trenches at Liege. This particular officer addressing his men in reference to the task that lay before them, wound up with these words:

"And in any event, my friends, the Germans shoot badly." Observing on the faces of certain of his men an expression which seemed to indicate that they doubted this declaration, the officer set himself to demonstrate the truth of the statement he had made.

Coolly lighting a cigar, he hopped out on the trench, and with his hands behind his back walked twice from one end of the parapet to the other, whilst bullets fell like hail.

Then he returned as coolly to his place in the trench, took his cigar from his mouth, and with the utmost non-chalance, remarked, "Well, my boys, do you believe now that the Germans shoot badly?"

VICTORY

A boy named Dooler, of Loxey Bay Road, was taken to the hospital on Tuesday suffering from diphtheria.

BRITISH SAILORS ENDURE INDESCRIBABLE HARDSHIPS IN PATROL WORK ON NORTH SEA

Conditions on the Battleships Not so Bad, but on Torpedo Boats Men Are Very Cramped and Uncomfortable

BRITISH EAST COAST MAZE OF TRENCHES

Soldiers Everywhere in Evidence in and Around London—Startling Story of the Kaiser's Last Visit

London, Dec. 20. (By Mail)—It is said here that the Germans will protect Metz and Strassburg with half a million men each and these will be the hard nuts for the Allies to crack. These fortresses are reported to be virtualized and defended for an unlimited time.

The reputation of Gen. Joffre continues to grow. He is continually surprising the Germans, not only with the quality of his men, but with their numbers. It is said he has \$50,000 more than was credited to him.

British Recruiting. It is further stated that the British War Office have now ceased to publish the real amount of recruiting or of "Kitchener's Army," but it is believed to be far in excess of what it was thought to be. Kitchener spoke recently in the debate in the House of Lords, and let it be understood that he was quite satisfied and when Kitchener says he is satisfied about the recruiting it must be indeed proceeding favorably. It was close to him as he descended the steps of St. Paul's at Lord Roberts' funeral, and of a truth he is every inch a man.

One feels sympathy for the convalescing soldiers here in hospitals. They say it is the worst they have had to yet endure—consequently everyone who can takes them out for a motor drive, and where they are fit enough to some other form of diversion, picture shows and the like.

Such peculiar and varied experiences of shell-fire there are—one man was found suspended high in a tree, still grasping his rifle, but stone dead. Their muscles seem a tingle to become atrophied or fixed from one continual posture, awaiting attack on the

trenches. Another man walking about here with his comrades, was injured only in his hearing from a bursting shell close to him. He is stone deaf.

Suffering on Ships. Some of the greatest suffering is endured by sailors in the North Sea. It is not so marked on the large battleships, where there is space to walk more, but on the torpedo craft, where the men are cramped for walking space where they are on constant watch day and night (and have been so for months past), little chance is secured for very necessary sleep; bitter cold and wet sprays dashing over the low-hung bridge, the craft tossing continually and so violently that even hardened sailors become seasick. This has all obtained to such an extent that now no torpedo boat is kept on duty more than one week at a stretch.

Good Morning! We Are Introducing

American Silk
American Cashmere
American Cotton-Lisle
HOSIERY

They have stood the test. Give real foot comfort. No seams to rip. Never become loose or baggy. The shape is knit in—not pressed in.

GUARANTEED for fitness, style superiority of material and workmanship. Absolutely stainless. Will wear 6 months without holes, or new ones free. OUR SPECIAL OFFER to every one sending us \$1.00 in currency or postal note, to cover advertising and shipping charges, we will send post-paid, with written guarantee backed by a five million dollar company, either

3 Pairs of our 75c. value American Silk Hosiery or 4 Pairs of our 50c. value Am. Cashmere Hosiery, or 4 Pairs of our 50c. value Am. Cotton-Lisle Hosiery or 6 Pairs Children's Hosiery. Give the color, size, and whether Ladies' or Gent's hosiery is desired.

DON'T DELAY—Offer expires when a dealer in your locality is selected.

The INTERNATIONAL HOSIERY CO.
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DAYTON, OHIO, U.S.A.

oct19,12w,d w

The men are brought ashore in turn and given a twenty-mile walk there.

The whole eastern coast is corrugated by trenches in preparation for any attempted invasion. Many beautiful private estates, and even the handsome residences upon them, have had to allow this mutilation.

There will be one class of the artisan population, not only in Britain, but in Italy and in several other countries, which at least will benefit by the war when it is over. Think of the thousands of stonemasons who will be in demand to restore the countless demolished homes of Belgium and France.

Affairs in London.

Reaching London-centre, after passing miles of camping and drilling soldiers, one was compelled to ask if this really was London. One first noticed that there was a vast predominance of women over men to be seen, and nearly every other man of those about was clad in khaki.

A romantic tale is told here to the effect that the Austrian Archduke, Rudolf, one-time heir to that throne, whose supposed scandalous death in a common brawl over a woman nearly eighteen years ago, is well-known by the police to be living in London ever since under the name of Dr. K—, and practising as a vegetarian surgeon, and although his identity is known to court circles here, he is often employed by them in his present chosen vocation.

More amazing still, it is said, that upon the Kaiser's attendance at King George's coronation there was included in his personal entourage (who with himself was billeted in the King's Royal residence his chief of spies.

Kitchener Story

A Kitchener story is to the effect that early in the war, after his appointment as Secretary, he requested the General Post Office authorities to send him eight clerks. He received the reply that they could not be spared to him. He at once sent a messenger to say that if the eight clerks were not at the War Office in half an hour he would come and take them.

To show how Canada's action in the contribution of forces and other kinds of supplies has affected circles here, I may mention that the manager of one of our large Canadian banks in London told me that several English customers of importance had acceded to his bank's clientele, giving as their reason for so doing merely the fact of Canada's generosity and practical sympathy with the Motherland.

ADVERTISE IN THE
MAIL AND ADVOCATE
FOR BEST RESULTS

FRENCH AIRSHIP NEAR BLOWN UP BY OWN BOMB

Was Sent Some Distance Across the Enemy's Lines To Bombard Important Railway Junction

MADE THE TRIP SAFELY BY NIGHT

And Performed its Allotted Task Successfully and Safely Although had Close Call

THE story of a thrilling airship raid carried out by French officers is related by a correspondent from Arras. The captain in command of a certain airship had received orders to make an incursion into the enemy's country and try to destroy a railway junction outside a certain village, where the Germans were just then conveying troops. The raid was a perilous one, as the line was well guarded, and it was necessary to cross the enemy's positions for a considerable distance. The airship, however, set out at dusk with all lights out, and rose to a height of some 6,000 feet. Then it disappeared from view.

Reached Its Goal.

The airship succeeded in crossing

P. J. Shea.

I respectfully ask the Members of the F. P. U. to purchase their Christmas and New Year stocks

P. J. Shea's
314 Water Street,
St. John's.

the enemy's lines without being perceived, although numerous searchlights were playing in all directions. It reached the village where the railway passed, and soon located and descended to within easy striking distance, after which it dropped in rapid succession three dynamite charges on the doomed junction. The damage to the rails was considerable, and the airship by that time was discovered by the enemy's searchlights, and all the field guns and mortars in the neighborhood were aimed at it.

Soon the sky was ablaze with bursting shells, and some of them were coming dangerously near, showing that the gunners were finding the range. The order had been given to throw over all the available ballast, which enabled the airship to rise rapidly, and, as a departing salute it attempted to drop a fourth charge of dynamite.

Destruction Threatened.

But just then something went wrong, which threatened the airship with instant destruction. The dynamite charge got stuck in the tube, and the automatic detonator had already been set in motion. Its clicking could almost be heard, and it would not be many seconds before the charge would explode. Rapidly the captain in command seized a hatchet, climbed over the rigging, and struck a few vigorous blows, at the risk of his life, at the tube, which released the charge and saved the airship. A few hundred feet below, and long before it reached the ground, the dynamite exploded with a terrific crash and burst of flames, so much so that the enemy must have imagined that the airship had been blown up, as the firing ceased.

It was a narrow escape. The French airship quietly headed back for its station, and in the morning was able to report the success of its expedition.



TRANSFER TIME

With the end of the year your records must, of necessity, be retired to clear your files for 1915 business.

GLOBE-WERNICKE devices embrace perfect transferring as well as perfect filing. Let me demonstrate our methods.

PERCIE JOHNSON,
Agent Globe-Wernicke.

FREE TO BOYS AND GIRLS

Watches, Printing Outfits, Cameras, Footballs, Fountain Pens, etc., etc., for selling 25 of our Beautiful Art Pictures, size 16x20 at 20c. each. Write for some today. Address GOLD MEDAL ART CO., P.O. Box 68, St. John's.

ADVERTISE IN THE
MAIL AND ADVOCATE

THE BEST IS CHEAPER IN THE END

Order a Case To-day
"EVERY DAY" BRAND
EVAPORATED
MILK.



Job's Stores Limited.

DISTRIBUTORS

ALLIANCE ASSURANCE CO., LTD.

THE RIGHT HON. LORD ROTHCHILD, G.C.V.O. Chairman
ROBERT LEWIS General Manager.

TOTAL ASSETS Exceed \$120,000,000.

Fire Insurance of every description effected.

LEONARD ASH, Carbonear,
Sub-Agent for Carbonear District.

BAINE, JOHNSTON & CO.

Agents for Newfoundland.

Stoves! Stoves!

Tinware! Tinware!

We have received a shipment of

STOVES

"Star Stirling," "Improved Success,"
"Improved Standard."

We also carry a large stock of

Tin Kettles, Boats Kettles, Measures
and Funnels.

Local Councils and Union Stores requiring such goods should order at once.

Fishermen's Union Trading Co., Limited.

Anderson's Great Removal Sale.

WE extend the season's greetings to the general public and wish everyone prosperity and happiness. You have responded in a noble manner to our call; to visit our GREAT REMOVAL SALE; for thousands have visited us and have carried away many excellent Bargains.

We want you to take in the full meaning of these words "REMOVAL SALE"—it's not a January, nor a February Sale; but a genuine continual Sale—until that Great Removal day comes; when we will vacate this

Removal Sale of Stylish Blouses

NOW is the time to buy a fashionable Blouse for that particular event.

We have them in a variety of White and Cream fabrics such as Lawns, Voiles, Silks, etc., and an enormous range of Colored fabrics, as Wool-Crepe, Challis, and Sun-Resista; also abundance of Black Blouses in the best fabrics as French-twill faced goods and Silk—kinds and qualities that will surely please you—all imported this season and mostly manufacturers' samples, priced about one third off the original value.

Store; owing to expiry of our lease, and move to our New Modern Store in the West.

Therefore we invite you to come often—whenever you want to save money on your purchase, come! because, hourly we are turning out new lines of dry-goods, and marking them at liberally cut prices to make it easy for you to buy. Come today and share the benefits of this REMOVAL SALE.

Removal Sale of Elegant Dress Robes

A SPECIAL lot of fine twill, all-wool, Navy Serge Dress Robes going at liberally cut prices during this sale.

These Dress Robes are handsomely trimmed and quite suitable for people that dress well.

Here are some prices:
Orig. Value \$7.00. Sale Price \$4.
Orig. Value \$8. Sale Price \$4.25.
Orig. Value \$15.00 Sale Price \$6.
Also some Rich real-silk Dress Robes. Original Value \$15.00. Sale Price \$6.25.

See our Dress Robes for young girls' wear. Call early to-day.

Removal Sale of Stylish Furs

EVERY fur that we have in stock are now marked at Sale Prices, and if you want the best, at reasonable prices, call and see our stock and buy at a considerable saving.

Removal Sale of Dress Fabrics

FIVE hundred yards fine-make, light-weight, woollen, dress fabric, richly Embroidered with a handsome Art Spray—suitable for making garments for Evening wear for yourself or child. Original price 70c. Sale price 40c. yard.

Sale of Women's Sweaters and Sport Coats.

A great variety to choose from in White and Colored.
Sale prices: 87c., \$1.25, \$1.65, 2.05

A Special Bargain

\$1.25 for three and four dollar value, Cream Kersey, Street Skirts, slightly soiled—a limited quantity.

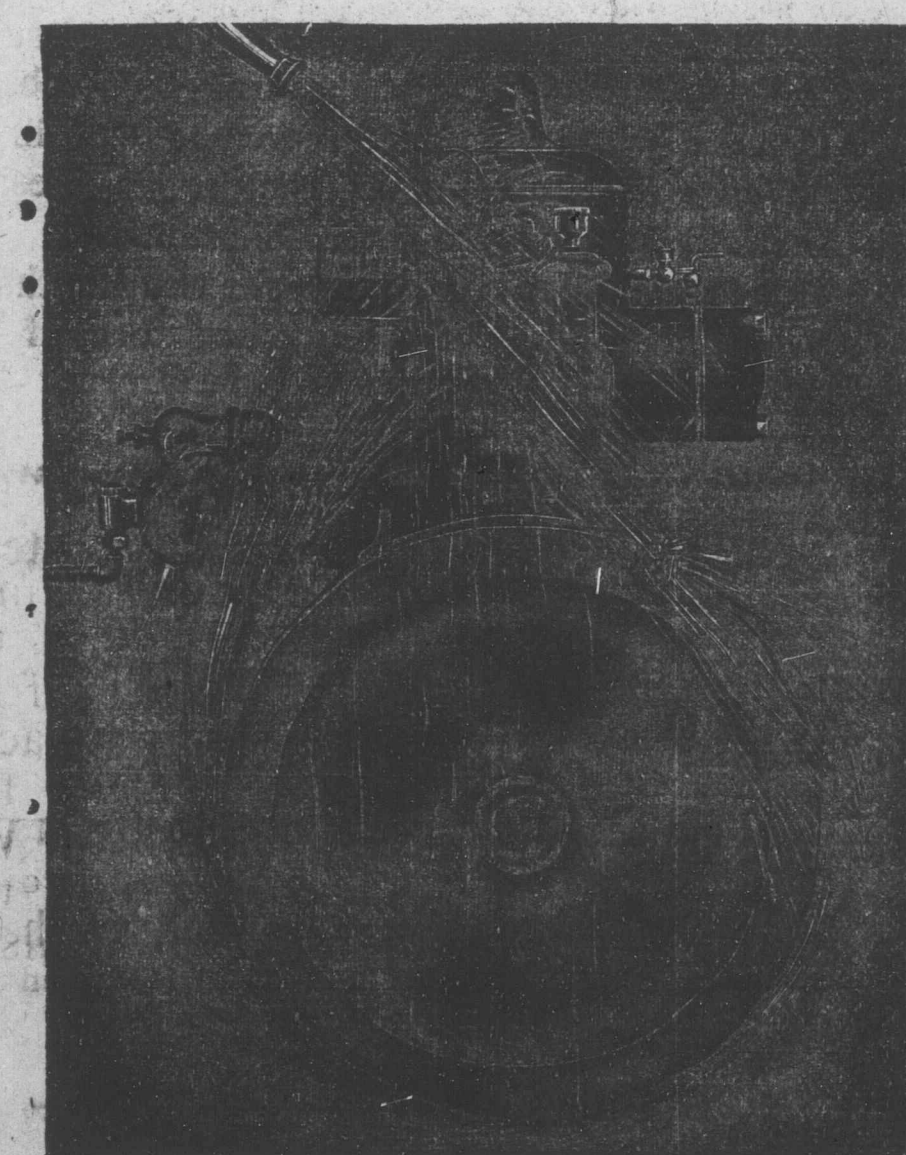
Sale of Silk and Satin Underskirts.

We have the latest styles. Silk or Satin Underskirts, Black; also Colored. See them.

Anderson's, Water Street, St. John's, N.F.

SOME CHALLENGE!

TIME TRIED CAILLE PERFECTION STORM TESTED



Photograph of Actual Test.

The Trouble-Proof Engine.
PERFECTION WATERPROOF
IGNITION SYSTEM.

No Coils—No Batteries—No Timer

Only One Wire on the Whole System.
The only safe equipment for boats that must be used every day.

No danger of your engine stopping if caught in a storm.

Advantages of Perfection Igniter.

No batteries, no coil to need adjusting, no complicated wiring, no variation in current, no adjustment, not affected by water, makes an easy starting engine. Runs in either direction. Spark does not depend on speed of engine. Simple and durable.

Test shown in photograph was made to prove that "Perfection" Igniter is absolutely waterproof. We challenge any engine manufacturer in the world to produce an engine with an ignition system that will stand a similar test. Every part of the ignition system was submerged in water and engine continued to run, showed the same power and speed as when running perfectly dry, proving beyond any doubt our claim AN ABSOLUTE WATERPROOF IGNITION SYSTEM.

Caille Perfection Motor Company
World's Largest Builders of 2 Cycle Engines

F. G. HOUSE & CO., Columbus Building, St. John's.
Sole Agents and Distributors.

LADY FOUND DEAD IN BED

Sad Discovery Made by Pilot John Furlong on His Return Home This Morning

The sympathy of the community will be extended to Pilot John Furlong, because of the gloom which was cast over his home today, his wife being found dead in bed this morning.

Mr. Furlong was on duty all night and on going home at 6 o'clock this morning he was horrified to find his wife cold in death.

Last night the deceased lady was apparently in good health. She complained of pain in the region of the heart but did not think it serious.

Mrs. Ready, a friend, visited her last night, and did not leave until 10.30. Mrs. Furlong was then feeling fine, excepting for the pain which we refer to.

She retired shortly after and death came to her as she slept.

She was only 31 years of age and leaves, beside her husband, one little daughter.

The funeral takes place Sunday afternoon from her late residence, York Street.

To the sorrowing husband we extend sympathy.

VICTORY

M.C.L.I. Had First Debate

Large Attendance at Opening Event of The Season.

The 48th annual session of the M.C.L.I. opened last evening at the Institute Room, Methodist College Hall.

There was a large attendance of members and visitors, and the keenest interest in the subject and the Institute was evidenced.

Several members have gone to the front, among them being the Secretary and Assistant Secretary, Messrs. O. Steele and G. Taylor, both of whom are non-commissioned officers with the First Contingent.

The first business of the new session was to find a Secretary, and Mr. A. S. Butler volunteered for the position, much to the Institute's satisfaction.

The subject of debate was: "Is the war the result of economic or military pressure?"

The leaders were: for the former, the President, Mr. J. S. Currie, Mr. R. Hearder, and Mr. A. Soper (substitute); while the latter end was upheld by Hon. R. A. Squires, Mr. W. Drover and Mr. W. Butt.

The arguments put forward were excellent.

After the regular speakers several others took part. The result showed a majority in favor of the military side.

VICTORY

I.O.O.F. Install New Officers

Interesting Ceremony Conducted by D.D.G.M. Young.

On Monday night there was a record attendance of members of Atlantic Lodge, No. 1, when the officers for the coming term were installed by the D.D.G.M. Robert Young, assisted by the following members:—J. C. Phillips, P.G., D. Cook, P.G., Geo. Hurlby, P.G., and W. Udle, P.G.

After the installation speeches from the newly-elected officers took place and a very pleasant evening was spent.—Bro. Chas. Udle, N.G., Bro. Arthur Long, V.G., Bro. Ernest White, Secy., Bro. W. T. Quick, Fin. Secy., Bro. W. J. Long, Treasurer, Bro. S. Butler, R.S.N.G., Bro. E. Spry, I.S.N.G., Bro. C. Hammond, Warden, Bro. F. Barnes, Conductor, Bro. W. Oke, Chaplin, Bro. A. Tilley, R.S.V.G., Bro. W. Butt, I.S.V.G., Bro. W. Lawrence, R.S.S., Bro. W. Johnson, I.S.S., Bro. W. Hayse, O.G., Bro. Geo. Grimes, J.P.G.

Gas Light Out

The gas lamp at the junction of King's Bridge and Circular Roads which has been out for last thirteen nights was lighted at 7.45 last evening.

To be of service this lamp should be lighted about 5, before the country people arrive home.

T. A. Juvenile Treat

The ladies in charge of the T.A. Juvenile treat met at the hall last night and decided to hold the tea and entertainment on Thursday next. It will close at night with a dance for adults.

Traveller Says He Saw Audacious Being Raised

Wrecking Steamers Were Busy Around Her and her Decks Were Then Awash

New York, Jan. 6.—A traveller who has just returned from a quick trip to England says that not only was the superdreadnought Audacious being raised, but he had seen her with his own eyes after she had been hoisted several feet.

This was a month ago and it was common talk in seafaring circles in England at that time, he says, that the battleship would soon be raised and towed to drydock for repairs.

When this man saw the Audacious through his glasses from the deck of a steamship skirting the Irish coast on her way to Liverpool, the battleship's decks were just awash; he says a number of "camels" or big pontoons were about her and wrecking steamers were pumping out the pontoons.

Searchlights were mounted on either end of the Audacious' deck, the traveller says, and a torpedo-boat destroyer stood nearby on guard.

She retired shortly after and death came to her as she slept.

She was only 31 years of age and leaves, beside her husband, one little daughter.

The funeral takes place Sunday afternoon from her late residence, York Street.

To the sorrowing husband we extend sympathy.

Capt. Of "Yorck" Courtmartialled For Disobedience

Manslaughter Also Charged Against German Officer Who Got Two Years.

Copenhagen, Jan. 6.—The Hamburg Echo quotes the Norddeutsches Volksblatt as saying: "At a court-martial in Wilhelmshaven the captain and commander of the German cruiser Yorck, which sank with a loss of over 300 lives after striking a mine while returning from the raid on Yarmouth, were accused of disobedience of orders or negligence occasioning the loss of the ship, and with manslaughter."

"The two officers were found guilty. Captain Vieper was sentenced to two years' imprisonment in a fortress, and Commander Cleve to one year's imprisonment."

VICTORY

3 VOLUNTEERS ADDED TO ROLL

Three young men volunteered for the Second Contingent, yesterday making a total of 757.

John Sweeney and Alex. Carter, St. John's, and Martin B. Collins, Placentia, were the three who joined yesterday.

During the afternoon the six platoons marched to Government House grounds where they spent a couple of hours drilling.

The soldiers attracted much attention as they marched through the city.

At the Cookstown Road Church on Sunday evening Elder Wm. C. Young will speak on 2nd. Thes., 2:11: "God shall send them strong delusion, that they should believe a lie." A welcome is extended to all.

ALL ABLEBODIED MEN OF ST. PIERRE ARE CALLED OUT

Believed There is Some Mistake, as to Enforce Such an Order Would Entail Much Hardship on the People

Halifax, Jan. 4.—The Halifax Chronicle reports every able bodied man between the ages of eighteen and forty-two years on the Islands of St. Pierre and Miquelon has been ordered to hold himself in readiness for military service in France, according to advices received in Halifax by M. Legasse, a gentleman from those islands.

None of these men have had any military training but when called upon they will be taken to France and there instructed in the art of war.

The men of the fishing fleet which makes its annual visit to the grounds off St. Pierre were called back early in the war.

Expected the Call. They were all reservists and expected the call. The natives of the islands, remained, however, and continued the shore fishing.

Now that the order for them to be in readiness has come they will have to be prepared to abandon this, the sole industry of the islands.

It is estimated that out of a population of 5,000 on the islands there are at least 1,200 men who will be included in this order and that when they depart for France about 500 families in St. Pierre et Miquelon will be left without support.

A Misinterpretation. It is suggested that there has been some misinterpretation at St. Pierre of the order received from France. According to advices from the islands the order also includes men of St. Pierre who are now residents of Canada. That the order should apply to these only is considered more likely.

The departure of all the able bodied men of the islands would mean the cessation of the inhabitants' only means of livelihood. It is understood that, if there has been no mistake in the interpretation of the order, representation will be made to the French Colonial Minister to have it ameliorated.

According to the advices received by M. Legasse mobilisation of the men of St. Pierre et Miquelon will commence shortly.

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Avoid Contests In Bye-Elections

Five Federal Canadian Seats To Be Filled By Acclamation.

Ottawa, Jan. 7.—Arrangements have been reached between the party leaders to have five bye-elections, now pending, to go by acclamation. Four of the seats were held by the Conservatives and one by the Liberals. The elections will be held at once.

USE THE SENECA AS ICE PATROL

U.S. Ship to Continue Work on Which She Was Engaged Last Season

Halifax, Jan. 4.—The revenue cutter Seneca, it was learned in naval circles yesterday, will go to the Brooklyn Naval Yard to fit out for duty on the ice patrol on the Newfoundland Banks. The revenue cutter Miami, it is said will co-operate with the Seneca this year as during the past two seasons.

The Seneca at present is acting as guard ship in the New York Narrows enforcing the neutrality laws. Under present arrangements all vessels which have cleared properly at the Customs House, in other words, vessels, are reported to the Seneca, and such vessels on proceeding down the upper New York harbor are required to show their signal numbers as they approach the Narrows. The Seneca on verifying the number signalled with the name of the ship as furnished by the Customs House, signals "Proceed."

Keep Clo es Watch. Two torpedo boat destroyers of the navy now are doing duty jointly with the Seneca. One destroyer lies off Gravesend Bay. An attempt to push by the guard ship would be met promptly by pursuit from the destroyers, which lie with steam up.

The Seneca, it is understood, will use Halifax as a base this year the same as during last season, and the ice patrol is expected to continue from early in February to the last of June.

International Arrangement. Under international arrangement the expense of the ice patrol is borne by the several European nations having steamship lines plying between Europe and the United States, and the United States Government undertakes to furnish the necessary vessels.

Germany has borne part of the expense heretofore, it is said, but it is not known what action the German authorities will take in view of the war conditions. It was intended that the Seneca should take permanent station at Halifax and the Miami at the Azores, but the arrangement was suspended last fall, it is said, in consequence of the war.

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SPECIAL SALE

OUR

JANUARY CLEARING SALE

Commences on

Saturday, 9th inst.

See to-morrow's DAILY NEWS.

Ayre & Sons LIMITED

400 Men Killed In Train Wreck

German Troop and Hospital Trains Collide in Poland

London, Jan. 6.—A Reuter despatch from Warsaw says that 400 men were killed and 500 injured in a collision between troop and hospital trains at Kalisz, Poland.

The troops were coming from Prussia and the hospital train was proceeding to Germany with wounded officers. The trains were running at full speed when they collided.

More than 20 cars were wrecked.

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SPLENDID FILMS AT NICKEL TO-DAY

The week-end bill at the Nickel Theatre this evening is certain to suit all tastes.

There are two two-part features of exceptional interest. One is "Hearts of Women," showing how two women of different walks of life reveal natures contradictory to expectations.

The other is the "Cat's Paw," an unusual story by the Thanhauser players.

"A Plant with Nerves" is an interesting study, and "Winky Willie's first cigar" is a laughable comedy.

Miss Margaret Ayre repeats her popular Irish song.

The Saturday matinee for ladies and children takes place to-morrow. There will be additional pictures for the little ones.

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WANTS ITALY TO TAKE PART IN THE WAR

The leaders of the Democratic, Radical, and Socialist-Reformist parties, which are represented in the Chamber by more than 100 deputies, have come to an agreement to carry on throughout Italy a propaganda against neutrality, and in favor of Italy's participation in the war on the side of the Triple Entente.

The three parties affirm the necessity of delivering "Italia Irredenta" from Austrian subjugation, and securing the recognition of the principle of nationalities in Europe.

The Republicans and a part of the Revolutionary Socialists have an identical policy.

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A Splendid Offer

To all new yearly subscribers for the Daily issue of The Mail and Advocate sending in a year's subscription between January 2nd and March 1st we will mail free a 20 x 22 Crayon Bust Picture of President Coaker, fully as good as a three dollar crayon.

This special offer is good only for two months and subscribers must fill out the subjoined form if they avail of this special offer.

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Find enclosed the sum of Two Dollars, for which please forward the Daily issue of The Mail and Advocate for one year, and the premium crayon picture 20 x 22 of President Coaker.

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1st Newfoundland Regiment. RESERVE FORCE

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