

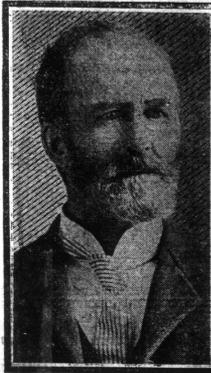
ST. JOHN HAS VOICE IN CABINET

D. J. Purdy Sworn in Wednesday.

Succeeds Hon. James Barnes as Minister Without Portfolio—His Career

On the occasion of his selection as a member of the provincial government a sketch of Mr. Purdy's life will be of interest to most people.

Daniel Jarvis Purdy was born on May 24th, 1841, and therefore now in his sixty-eighth year. His parents were Frederick J. and Ann Purdy, and the scene of his birth was at Jemseg, Queens County.



HON. D. J. PURDY.

At an early age he entered the employ of James Watson, who conducted a grocery store on Main street, where Mr. Purdy's store is now located.

In 1868, Purdy bought out Mr. Watson and has since then continued in business at the same place.

Mr. Purdy has since his start in business been interested in shipping and at present he holds controlling interest in eight schooners engaged in the coasting trade. He has also been interested in the river steamer business and is president of the Crystal Stream Steamship Co., which is building a fine new steamer for the river route.

In other lines of business Mr. Purdy has also been successful. He does an extensive business as a lime burner and is a director in the Portland Rolling Mills, the Maritime Nat. Co., the Thomson Manufacturing Co., the Dominion Artillery Mines of Nova Scotia, and in coal mines in Newcastle, N. B.

Mr. Purdy's public career started when he was elected councillor of Portland, which office he held for five years before the union with St. John. He afterwards served four years as alderman-at-large for the city of St. John.

At the general elections in 1899 he was returned as member of the provincial legislature for St. John, and was re-elected in 1903.

Soon after his election he secured, in the face of the opposition of almost the entire house, the appropriation of part of the old St. John fire fund for the benefit of the sufferers in the Indian town fire.

Mr. Purdy has always been a strong advocate of temperance. In politics he has always been a consistent Liberal, and in religion he has been a prominent member of the Baptist Church.

Throughout the province few men are more widely known. Wherever he is known he is universally respected for his sterling integrity and his ability as a business man.

THE PREMIER IS CONFIDENT

The Tide Running Strongly for Govt.

Northumberland Opposition Loses Another Prominent Man

Premier Robinson, who was in the city yesterday, when questioned last evening regarding the political situation said he was confident that the provincial government would be sustained at the approaching general elections by a large majority.

"The party is everywhere united and enthusiastic, and a notable victory is expected. It sounds like blowing to say to me, and I do not wish to copy Mr. Hazen's tactics. But I think that incident in Northumberland last night of Mr. T. W. Flett, a strong opposition man, who came near being a member of the opposition ticket, speaking at a meeting in support of the government is an indication of the trend of opinion."

Speaking of the appointment of D. J. Purdy of St. John, to a position in the cabinet without portfolio, Premier Robinson said that Mr. Purdy was recognized as a successful business man whose intelligence and integrity had been the cause of his success. He was looked upon as being eminently fitted for the position to which he had been called.

BOUQUETS FOR THE MINISTER OF MARINE

Hugh A. Allan Elected President of Canadian Shipping Federation.

MONTREAL, Feb. 12.—Hugh A. Allan was elected president of the Shipping Federation of Canada at their annual meeting, which was held today in his annual report, President Allan urged that the rentals of the new sheds should be suspended until at least the contracted work was fully completed. The port was bound to suffer by the great expense of handling ships here as compared with other ports on this continent. For instance, Mr. Allan showed that the charges of the port of Montreal for the voyage of a vessel were \$42.64 greater than New York, which is considered the most expensive port on this continent \$59.99 greater than Portland and \$1,883 greater than Boston. A great portion of this expense was caused by the heavy insurance rates on boats using the St. Lawrence route. With regard to the change itself, Mr. Allan said that the lighting of the river and the reef had not only been very much improved, but the attention to lights had left nothing to be desired, while the Minister of the Department of Marine had paid prompt attention to any defects reported. "The Minister of Marine and Fisheries," said Mr. Allan, "is to be congratulated on the vast improvements he has made in this department."

LONDON, Feb. 12.—Nearly fifty women suffragists who today made a raid on the House of Commons were arrested in the police court today and imprisoned. All but two of the women preferred to go to jail rather than pay the fine.

Last year Mr. Purdy suffered from a severe illness, but recovered entirely and is now strong enough to enter into a political campaign with the vigor of a man half his age.

COURTENAY BAY THE TERMINUS OF THE G.T.P.

Hays and Morse Discuss Matter With Minister of Public Works

Hon. Dr. Pugsley to Introduce Bill for Settlement of Disputes in International Streams—Provisions of the Proposed Act Outlined

A reporter of the Sun interviewed the Minister of Public Works last evening regarding a bill which he has introduced into parliament, entitled, "An Act relating to international streams." Mr. Pugsley stated the object of the bill was to enable the Dominion Government to have better control over the Canadian portion of rivers forming the boundary between Canada and the United States. It provides for no shear booms or other booms to be attached to the shores or in the bed of any international stream without the same being first approved of and a license granted by the Minister of Public Works. It also provides that the Minister be authorized to grant such licenses on such terms and for such length of time as he may deem it advisable. It also provides that if any person places or maintains any "shear boom or other boom on the Canadian side of the centre of the main channel of any such river where it joins the boundary line without such license, he would be subject to a penalty of not less than \$100 and not exceeding \$1,000 for each day that such boom is maintained.

This measure, the Minister said, would prove very beneficial to mill owners upon the St. John river and probably upon other international streams, because now it is possible for persons to erect plans and booms on the American side of the river and by means of shear booms attached to the Canadian side to divert logs flowing down into such streams on the American side as in the case at Vanburen on the St. John river, and so cause a great delay in convenience and loss to mill owners lower down the river.

The effort of the bill will be to prevent this being done unless a license therefor has been granted, and the Minister of Public Works would be empowered, either to refuse the license, in which case the placing of the shear boom on the Canadian side will be illegal, or he may impose such safeguards and conditions as will protect Canadian mill owners.

New Wharf Project

The reporter also inquired of the Minister of Public Works if he had any objection to stating if his visit to St. John at the present time, in any way connected with matters of public interest, to which Dr. Pugsley in view of coming here now, might discuss with the West Side harbor and improvement committee of the Commission the plans which the chief engineer of his department had prepared for the extension of the wharf on the north side of Sand Point, which was to be built by the Dominion government. The winter was passing away and he was desirous of having the transfer of the wharf site completed to the extent as soon as possible in order that there might be no unnecessary delay in proceeding with the work.

In addition to getting the transfer completed it would be necessary that the plans of the proposed extension should be approved by the Common Council.

Interview With G. T. P. Magnates

He also wished to discuss with them the matter of the possibility of providing terminal facilities for the Grand Trunk Pacific at Courtenay Bay. Dr. Pugsley said that he had been waited on by Mr. Hays, the president, and Mr. Morse, the general manager of the G. T. P., since the visit of the latter gentleman to St. John. They were both greatly impressed with the advantages which Courtenay Bay would afford for terminal facilities provided the bottom was of such a character that it could be dredged without too great expense.

"He had also desired to meet the members of the provincial government upon the question because the province owns the foreshores upon the eastern side of the bay, and it would be necessary for the government jointly with the city to make a conveyance of such foreshores in case the terminal facilities for the G. T. P. were to be provided there."

He had a very satisfactory interview with the Premier and several of his colleagues upon the subject and they had expressed a willingness to make such conveyance.

The subject of having berings made in order to test the character of the bottom had also been discussed, and the government had expressed its willingness to join with the city in bearing the expense of making such soundings.

Will Meet Council Today.

The minister said that he hoped to have the opportunity of discussing the matter with a committee of the Common Council today. The minister fur-

TANGIER BARS SOLDIERS OF THE BANDIT RAISULI

casualty, the bandit chief, who has held Sir Harry MacLean a prisoner for seven months.



SIR HARRY McLEAN.

TANGIER, Feb. 12.—Kaid Sir Harry MacLean, who has been held in bondage for seven months past by the bandit Raisuli, has been officially turned over to the British charge d'affaires here in accordance with the agreement between Raisuli and the British government, under which Raisuli is to receive \$100,000 as a ransom for himself and family. MacLean is in good health, but he seems to be weaker and older than before his capture. He says he will rejoin Sultan Abd-el-Aziz at Havat.

When Raisuli arrived outside the walls of Tangier with MacLean he sent in a demand for permission to enter the city accompanied by 500 of his soldiers. Sid Mohammed Gabbas, the Moroccan foreign minister, flatly refused to allow him to do so, and Raisuli as the result of the inducements by the British charge d'affaires, came in with MacLean and three domestics. When MacLean had been officially turned over to the British authorities, Gabbas re-

marked to the Sun that the importance of having these berings thoroughly made without delay could not be over-estimated. In view of the fact that the construction of the Transcontinental Railway over its various sections was now rapidly proceeding the G. T. P. were earnestly considering the matter of terminal facilities in the Maritime Provinces. Mr. Hays and Mr. Morse were most optimistic as to the vast traffic which would be brought over the Transcontinental railway for shipment at the Atlantic ports, and they seemed to have no doubt whatever that it would not be many years before all the business over the line in the winter season would be taken care of by the ports of St. John and Halifax as well as other ports in New Brunswick and Nova Scotia whose situation would render them available for handling the traffic.

The minister also stated that in his position at the head of the department of public works, he had had occasion to study the harbor improvements which the G. T. P. are making both at Fort William, on the western shore of Lake Superior, and also on the eastern shore of Georgian Bay. They are laying out their works there upon a very broad and comprehensive scale and will expend a good many millions, thus giving the strongest possible evidence of the faith which they have in the enormous business which will be handled by their line. They are desirous that the same policy shall be pursued in the development in the Atlantic ports.

Great Traffic for St. John

The people of St. John, said Mr. Pugsley, should be with the greatest possible confidence in the future of the port.

The Canadian Pacific also had entered most energetically upon a similar policy and were also spending several millions both at Fort William and also at Victoria harbor, the latter harbor being on the eastern shore of Georgian Bay. Both the Transcontinental railway and the Canadian Pacific were evidently determined to divert the trade of the Canadian west from Buffalo and other American ports

FORLORN HOPE IN RESTIGOUCHE

Stewart and Culligan Nominated

Mr. Hazen Endeavored to Explain His Opposition to International Railway

CAMPBELLTON, N. B., Feb. 12.—The Conservative party in the county of Restigouche have named ex-Sheriff Jas. E. Stewart of Dalhousie and Arthur Culligan as its standard bearers at the forthcoming provincial general elections. The trick was turned at a convention in the Opera House here yesterday afternoon, called for the purpose and presided over by James Jardine of Campbellton. After the convention interesting addresses were delivered by the candidates, and J. Douglas Hazen, leader of the opposition.

In the evening a mass meeting was held in the Opera House, which was attended by an audience which filled the house. John McAllister, ex-M. P., was chairman, and on the platform with him were the two candidates, Mr. Stewart and Mr. Culligan. J. Douglas Hazen, W. Albert Mott, Mayor W. S. Montgomery of Dalhousie, and many others. Mr. McAllister introduced both candidates, who made short and suitable addresses, in the course of which they pledged themselves to guard the best interests of the county if elected.

In introducing the speaker of the evening, Mr. Hazen, Mr. McAllister stated that he had nothing against Mr. Robinson or either of the local government candidates in this county. He had no personal animosity against any of the candidates, and he thought it would be a good idea to give a good reception to the speaker and the audience for its cordial greeting and demonstration in his honor. He felt that there was no hostility in Restigouche towards him, yet he had come here in trepidation on account of the local government organ during the afternoon in assisting Culligan. He felt that both candidates would go to Fredericton on March 3rd and uphold his hands in the course of a good government. The speaker paid a high tribute to each candidate, and then went on to tell of the great number of good candidates available for opposition tickets. "He thought the sympathy of the country was with them, which is length on the argument that the election was not being conducted on party lines. While he himself was a Conservative he had Liberals fighting with him, and instigated John Morrissey of Northumberland."

He next took up financial matters and spent half an hour or more in trying to induce the audience to believe his and Fleming's statements. He quoted extensively from the St. John Globe which he designated as the leading Liberal paper of the province. This after trying to show that the elections were not being fought on party lines at all. Dwelling at length on the railway policy of the present government, he declared that he had guaranteed the amounts that were voted for the Central Railway project. He went into the history of the Central Railway project and declared that he could not imagine a more wild cat or frenzied scheme of finance.

Referring to the International Railway he said that the assurance given by Wm. Pugsley to the house with respect to it were just as insincere as those he gave it with respect to the Central. The house was asked to vote \$2,000 a mile and that would be all. Three years ago, in spite of this assurance, the house was asked to guarantee the bonds of the road for \$5,000 a mile for the first fifty miles of the road extending from Campbellton. He declared then that the house would have to make up its mind then and there that it would be asked to guarantee the same amount for the balance of the sixty miles at the next session. He, however, was not prepared for what occurred at the last session when the house asked for \$3,000 a mile for the entire road. Mr. Pugsley assured him that if the road did not pay its indebtedness to the province the government could take it over and operate it, but he (Hazen) wanted to know what the government wanted to do with running a bankrupt railway. The speaker said that both the Central and International showed conclusively the rashness of the government in its handling of railway enterprises.

Mr. Hazen was followed by W. Albert Mott, who spoke briefly, after which cheers were given for the leader. The opposition speakers were escorted to the Opera House by the Citizens' Band.

Opposition in Charlotte County Having Hard Time

ST. ANDREWS, N. B., Feb. 12.—The opposition in Charlotte are having a hard time. The candidates are trying hard to get their party together but are losing ground every day. They are dropping their school books and financial arguments and as a last hope are attacking the government candidates personally.

Mr. Hart, the opposition candidate, who led his ticket four years ago, and on election day demanded plumpers from his friends, has lost favor with his party, and is likely to lose the bulk of his support.

The two lawyers, Gimmner and Clark, are having their own troubles. Up to the present Dr. Taylor, the opposition candidate from the eastern end has not publicly announced himself as being in the field, and since Mr. Magee has declared himself a candidate on the government ticket. The friends of the doctor are not so anxious for him to come out should he decide to come in, as he is said he will not get out of the hole, but will only fill up the hole. Charlotte will be in line.

6000 Money-Making Farms For Sale

The largest illustrated catalogue of farm localities ever issued, including Bond for R. E. Washington St. Boston, Mass.

FIVE PERSONS MET DEATH

Killed in Starch Factory Explosion.

Latest Results of Providence Accident—Fire Followed Explosion.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Feb. 12.—Five persons are believed to have been killed by the explosion of the starch factory at the starch factory of C. S. Tanner at South Water and Silver streets, late this afternoon. Three other persons were injured by flying bricks from the walls of the building and were removed to the Rhode Island Hospital. Their condition is not regarded as serious. The building was badly wrecked by the explosion and fire following the explosion completed the work of destruction.

The dead: Richard Gomes, John Dault, Mike.

All these were workmen employed in the room where the explosion occurred. Another man, A. L. G. Chase, aged 22, who was in charge of a chandlery store which occupied a corner of the building is missing and is supposed to be buried in the ruins.

Three colored men who were passing the building at the time were hit by bricks and pieces of mortar and also suffered some burns from quantities of hot starch which was sprinkled liberally about the neighborhood. These men are Samuel W. South, aged 23, Armstead Johnson, aged 38, and John Clark, aged 48. They were found lying in the street at the front of the building when the flames reached the scene. Ambulances were called and the injured men removed to the hospital.

The starch factory was an old brick structure of three stories. The lower floor was used for the manufacture of starch, while the second and third floors were used for the storage of bags of starch. The chandlery company, of which Mr. Chase was manager, immediately back of the office was the shipping room and in the rear of that was the large room occupied by the mixer and other apparatus of the plant.

The exact cause of the explosion remains to be determined. Mr. Tanner intimated tonight that it may have been due to a spark from defective electric wiring, igniting the starch mixer prematurely. In the room where the explosion occurred were the four workmen, Gomes, Dault and two others, known only as Tony and Mike. It is supposed that they were instantly killed, and their bodies subsequently incinerated. The explosion tore away a great hole in the centre of the building and carried away the larger part of the roof. Windows in neighboring building were broken by the concussion and other damage was caused by the fall of the wall soon after the fire broke out.

The house of hose company number 27, immediately in the rear of the starch factory, only two hoemen, John Tully and Fred Sullivan, were in the building at the time. They were sitting in a room on the second floor and when the explosion occurred they were thrown to the floor with considerable violence. Clambering down the pole in the building they were so badly jammed by the shaking to which the building had been subjected that it took ten minutes before the door was finally forced open so that the hose wagon could be driven to the fire.

C. S. Tanner, the owner of the building, said that several other persons were in the building at the time of the explosion had narrow escapes.

The coal wharf of R. A. Smith and the factory of Aitham & Company across the street from the starch factory were badly damaged by the fall of debris. The property loss due to the explosion and fire will probably not exceed \$10,000. Late tonight the firemen and police were still engaged in a search of the ruins for bodies, although on account of the great heat of the blaze it was feared that most of the bodies had been reduced to ashes.

Piles Cured in 8 to 14 Days

PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 8 to 14 days or money refunded. 50c.

LIBERAL MEETINGS IN KINGS COUNTY DURING THE FOLLOWING WEEK

SUSSEX, Feb. 12.—Meetings in the interest of the government party in Kings county will be held at the following places next week: Cornhill, Monday evening, Feb. 15, speakers the candidates; Havelock, Tuesday evening, Feb. 16, speakers the government candidates for Kings; Premier Robinson and one other member of the government ticket in Westmorland will be the speakers; Head Millstream, Wednesday evening, Feb. 18, the speakers will be the government candidates for Kings.

CYPHER'S POULTRY FOODS

Oyster Shells, Crystal Grit, Mann's Green Bone Cutters.

Write for Catalogue and Prices to

W. H. Thorne & Co., Limited.

Market Square, St. John, N. B.

Children. Have light. In Use Over ears. RIA. street, Wis-Pa., January Mrs. W. L. ed at the Young's Cove, January 27th, Abram Lewis Gilbert, both Queens Co. able men in Canada to show-edges, and all to distribute commission and expenses ment to good prices necessary. EMPHRE London, Ont. do plain and whole or spare sent any dis- stamp for MANU- Montreal. of St. John 1, 1907, Please ED.—Western in 624 Scott Ten years of of Teachers, Imperial eg. Towers & Winnipeg, Man. rural schools in are holding Se- wick Licenses. Ten good post- schools in and Alberta, teachers holding Licenses. Sal- We also require Holding First ill Principals Schools. Sal- commencing chers requiring a spring should ending copies of indications, data required, exact graphic address. P'S BUREAU, 28-11-17. Successor to M. Retail Win 10 and 112 Prince ed 1870. Write 28-11-17. Her, met death Saturday night at No. 2 col- Coal Co. The m was 500 feet ous. y of the Can- company he had died in 1907. o four years. d two da. HANCES "Chances" illustrated catalog 85 money- stores—hard- ury, harnesses, dry, blackmill hats, boots, and four-year-old B. A. ad St. Boston.

STRONG MEN CHOSEN IN NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY; PREMIER'S ABLE SPEECH

Eathusiasm of Convention Proceedings at Chatham Yesterday Surprised Even the Most Sanguine Supporters of the Government--Falsity of Opposition Charges.

CHATHAM, N. B., Feb. 7.—Messrs. Murray, Winslow, Anderson and Miller were unanimously the choice of a large and enthusiastic convention held here today in the interests of the local government.

Premier Robinson was present and everything went with a swing since a spirit that show the government is much stronger here now than years ago, and impartial onlookers admit the government will lose all four seats.

The convention was held in Masonic Hall and was attended by electors from nearly every parish and town in the county, though only three or four days standing had been given. The meeting was opened by Robt. Murray, M. P., who stated the purpose of the meeting in a short opening speech.

As there is no government party organization in the county he suggested a nominating committee be appointed, and selected the following as a nominating committee:

Chatham town, George Hildebrand; Chatham parish, Wm. Kerr, Wm. Damery, George Hildebrand, Newcastle, John H. Grealey, Newcastle parish, Samuel Russell, L. B. McMurdo; Hardwick, A. G. Williston; Glenelg, Wm. Ullock; A. Alcorn, James Wetmore; Ludlow, W. A. Campbell, Howard Holmes; Nelson, Daniel Baldwin, Rogersville, Wm. Maloney; Glenelg, Wm. Ullock; Ludlow, W. G. Campbell; Chatham parish, Wm. Damery; Newcastle parish, Samuel Russell. These retired and selected the following as a nominating committee:

Chatham town, George Hildebrand; Chatham parish, Wm. Kerr, Wm. Damery, George Hildebrand, Newcastle, John H. Grealey, Newcastle parish, Samuel Russell, L. B. McMurdo; Hardwick, A. G. Williston; Glenelg, Wm. Ullock; A. Alcorn, James Wetmore; Ludlow, W. A. Campbell, Howard Holmes; Nelson, Daniel Baldwin, Rogersville, Wm. Maloney, John D. Buckley.

While the nominating committee was out F. E. Neale was called to the chair, and Dr. Byrne addressed the electors. He declared the opposition was untimely and it was the duty of the government to carry on the government in such hands.

The opposition campaign is one of slurs, British justice makes provision for the punishment of thieves, and if the government were dishonest, as the opposition allege, they would all be in durance.

The opposition cannot even agree upon their estimates of the provincial debt, yet they claim to be expert on bookkeeping. The government must have backbone enough to go ahead and develop the country, yet the opposition condemn them for spending money and getting no equivalent in return.

The coal mines at Chatham were wholly waste and undeveloped until a company was willing to put its money into a railroad. The capital ran out and their rails would have been straggled into rust leading into the richest coal areas of the Dominion. This the opposition declares they would like to see. But the government was wiser and came to the aid of the Company and today the sounds of industry ring out in that rich stratum. The coal mines of the province have cheap fuel and some day we may look for coal at \$2.50 per ton instead of \$4.

This will stimulate manufacturers when we consider that the government will get 60 cents per ton for all the millions that lie ready there to be mined.

The nominating committee then returned and reported that they had unanimously selected the following four men to represent the county:

Robert Murray, M. P.; Chatham; Wm. Anderson, Burnt Church; W. C. Winslow, Chatham; Stanley W. Miller, Newcastle. The report was received and adopted amid great cheering.

Robert Murray was in good shape and made a strong address, eliciting frequent cheers in the few minutes he was on his feet. He returned thanks for the honor the county had conferred upon him. Northumberland is one of the most important counties in the province and he appreciated the honor of being a candidate for this county. He had no doubt of the result. The papers that are arguing the government is all gone were saying the same thing five years ago, but we know the result. The government will be sustained by a large majority in the province.

He and his colleagues were out to win, and he called upon the government party to do their utmost to bring success to their banner.

William Anderson was received with applause. Mr. Anderson proposed that he should be a speaker, but he eloquently thanked the electors for his nomination and urged the election of the whole ticket. He would be content to uphold the government and the interests of Northumberland, and would be no tame follower of any government, but would be a true representative of the county.

W. C. Winslow made a fine impression on the audience. His speech was a brief but vigorous one. He had always taken an interest in public affairs and he was willing to do all he could to uphold the government of the local government which he declared was a good one. (Applause.) In conclusion he again thanked the electors for the nomination.

W. C. Winslow who was not present at the meeting was greeted with a great outburst of applause as he entered the hall.

In his speech Mr. Winslow said he hoped all would work harmoniously and together and if elected he would do the best he could to represent Northumberland.

The Premier was given a great reception as he rose to make a few remarks at the call of the meeting. He praised the personnel of the ticket and knew what the result would be when the last vote was counted. It would be a victory, and he looked confidently forward to it. Every county in the province is in good shape. In Charlotte we are far better off than we were five years ago. Mr. Vroom is going to support the government's four men. Mr. Wetmore who ran as an Independent in 1902 is now in full sympathy with the government. Kent is in splendid shape Kings is absolutely sure for the government. All over the province we stand in good shape ready and united for the fight. This representative gathering the declared was a good augury for the government's success in Northumberland.

The government was careful of the province's resources and makes a few dollars so far as it can go but it was their policy to develop the province and the other speaker who heard the galaxy of provinces in this Dominion. (Prolonged cheering.)

The public meeting this evening in the Masonic Hall was attended by a crowd which packed every inch of space. The Premier was the center of the Chatham's largest hall. Much interest was taken in the proceedings and each point made by Premier Robinson and the other speakers was heartily applauded. The general opinion was that the Premier had given an able exposition of the province's finances and that in Murray, Winslow, Miller and Anderson the government has a remarkably strong and able ticket.

W. A. Campbell of Ludlow occupied the chair and called upon Premier Robinson.

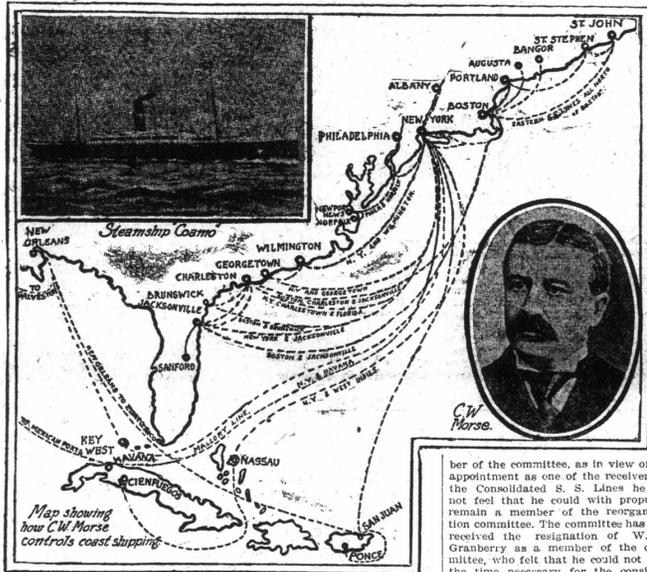
After some preliminary remarks the Premier took up Mr. Fleming's financial statement and in speaking of the London loan, said he had refused to offer bonds on the open market. Another temporary loan was the proper thing under the circumstances. The Bank of Montreal took up the matter by cable with England and in one day the bank found they could get all the money they wanted at five per cent for the securities we had. If our credit was no good would the bank have been willing on one day's notice to loan us that money? The opposition claims our credit is no good. Who is right, they or the bank? In 1867 to 1883 the Conservatives used up \$10,000,000 of our resources. When Mr. Blair came into power he found the \$2,000,000 placed to our credit at Ottawa gone and there was a large bonded indebtedness against us. On the eve of their defeat that government bound the province to pay subsidies to 22 railways. Our whole debt is now \$5,500,000. On deposit at Ottawa we have \$529,000, never called upon and having a 5 per cent interest. This is a reserve we consider good to maintain. Sinking funds amount to \$150,000 and the Central Railway is worth \$1,000,000. The net debt of the province is therefore \$3,900,000. The debt in 1883 was \$1,100,000, so that in 25 years we have added but \$2,800,000. The assets of the government are the assets depleted and one or two bridges all over the province reaching, if placed end to end, two and a half miles. The permanent bridges alone will total as much as the increase in the debt. The old government gave away valuable lands in Victoria county valued today at \$10 to \$18 per acre. The present government has given away no lands and it has today 7,000,000 acres of land worth many millions of dollars.

The territorial revenue has more than doubled under this government. "The debt of the province, \$3,900,000, or \$19 per head, is small compared with other provinces and cities. St. John's debt is \$16 per capita and they have no lands. Only one province has a smaller per capita debt than New Brunswick. The opposition tries to point to this as an overwhelming burden on our shoulders and ask you to put the affairs of administration in their incompetent hands. Setting aside \$30,000 each year as a sinking fund we will pay off the whole debt in fifty years.

The premier ridiculed Mr. Fleming's anxiety over this financial situation and declared that the province should not refuse to spend \$1,000 to show its loyalty to British connections, as it did when Prince Louis of Battenberg was here. "Mr. Fleming charges us with adding \$1,500,000 in one year to the debt of the province. I characterized that as absurd and he challenged me to prove but I have a duty to the whole province and I should consider not 2,000 or so people who would bear us in a hall in St. John but the 80,000 people in the province. I took Mr. Hazen's suggestion to lay the finances before a chartered accountant. Bill they have accepted the offer. They don't want an expert to go over them. We have nothing to conceal and I have got in communication with a Montreal firm through the Bank of Montreal and they will send a representative here to go over our accounts.

"I do not know the firm of char-

FURTHER DEVELOPMENTS IN AFFAIRS OF MORSE S. S. LINES



BOSTON, Mass., Feb. 7.—Ancillary receivers for the Morse steamship lines in Massachusetts were appointed today by Judge Dodge in the United States circuit court. The appointments were made on petition of W. A. Muller, of Arlington, and the Bermuda White Coal Company of Pennsylvania, the original petitioners for a receivership.

Judge Dodge named the receivers appointed in Maine by Judge Putnam as the ancillary receivers for Massachusetts, these being Governor Wm. T. Cobb, of Rockland, H. F. Herrick of Boston, and Geo. L. Wing of Auburn, Maine, for the Consolidated S. S. Company, and Governor Cobb, Calvin Austin of Boston and A. I. Culver of New York of the Eastern and Metropolitan S. S. Companies. As a result of the appointment all the local properties of the steamship companies were turned over by United States Marshal Charles K. Darling to the ancillary receivers.

NEW YORK, Feb. 7.—At a meeting of the bond holders' protective committee of the Consolidated S. S. Company lines today it was announced that Albert B. Boardman of the law firm of O'Brien, Boardman & Platt for himself and his firm resigned as associate counsel for the committee.

After adjournment Alvin W. Kreech, chairman of the committee, made a statement which says in part: "The committee as now constituted represents more than a majority of the outstanding bonds of the Consolidated S. S. Lines and is making a full and thorough investigation into the status of all the subsidiary companies, and expects shortly to formulate a plan for the reorganization of the company.

"The committee has received the resignation of Governor Cobb as a member of the committee, as in view of his appointment as one of the receivers of the Consolidated S. S. Lines he did not feel that he could with propriety remain a member of the reorganization committee. The committee has also received the resignation of W. H. Granberry as a member of the committee, who felt that he could not give the time necessary for the consideration of the problems before the committee. The committee has also received the resignation of Albert B. Boardman for himself and his firm, as associate counsel of the committee. After the acceptance of these resignations the committee elected to fill the vacancies created on the committee Henry J. Bracker of H. J. Bracker & Brothers, and J. H. Cheabrough, who represents large interests in the bonds of Consolidated S. S. Lines."

Mr. Morse proceeded from Queenstown to Liverpool on board the Campania. He is travelling under an assumed name, probably C. M. Moore.

TEN MEN KILLED IN MINE EXPLOSION AT PORT HOOD, C. B.

Death Came Without Moment's Warning Shortly After Miners Had Gone to Work—No Cause of Accident Known—Mine Had Been Considered Safe

SYDNEY, N. S. W., Feb. 7.—Ten men were instantly killed by an explosion in the mine of Port Hood Coal Company at Port Hood, C. B., this morning. About half-past seven this morning, shortly after the men had gone to work an explosion occurred in a room on one of the southern levels of the mine. The news spread rapidly and much anxiety was felt throughout the town by relatives and friends of the workers in the pit. Manager McLellan organized and headed a rescue party and proceeded immediately to the scene of the disaster. It was then discovered that all the occupants of the room had been instantly killed. The position of the bodies when found indicated that the men did not receive a moment's warning. In the hands of some were pickaxes, augers and other working tools held firmly in the death grasp. Of the ten men killed, six were miners, natives of Port Hood town and neighboring districts, and four were loaders, Bulgarians, of a party of twenty-two who arrived there about two months ago.

The dead miners were all young men married, except one, and left widow and in some cases infant children. Their names are Malcolm Beaton, John T. Campbell, John Lauchie Gilles, Duncan B. McDonald and Allan R. McDonald, all about thirty years of age. About one o'clock all the bodies had been recovered and brought to the surface. Considerable difficulty was experienced in identifying them, so charged and disfigured were they from the force of the explosion but the clothing enabled relatives to identify the bodies. They were laid out in a room in the company's office, which had been improvised into an undertaking room, and the scene was indeed pitiful. All employees of the mine stood around with voices hushed. It was the first accident at the mine attended with serious loss of life, and its awfulness made a deep impression. The mine officials did everything possible to show their sympathy and consideration for the feelings of the employees

and relatives and friends of the deceased.

Coroner John Cameron, M. D., empaneled the jury and proceeded to hold an inquest. After hearing the evidence of identification he ordered the bodies to be interred and adjourned the inquest awaiting the arrival of the deputy inspector of mines. A committee of the P. W. A. took charge of the remains after the inquest adjourned. There is considerable speculation as to cause of accident. The mine had been pronounced recently as one of the best ventilated in the province. If there was any gas present in the mine previous to the explosion it was not generally known. It is said that none could be detected immediately after, and that the mine is now completely free from gas. The inspector makes his usual rounds of the mine about two hours before the accident and pronounced all safe. When the inquest is resumed on the 12th inst. it may be that some light will be thrown on the question.

The men in charge about the pit are all experienced miners and from the manager down were always noted for their solicitude for the safety of the men. The explosion did not wreck the mine very much and apart from the loss of life would not be considered serious.

The sad event has cast a gloom over the town and the deceased miners were general favorites and men of good character. Government Mine Inspector Nicholson, with Manager John Johnson of Sydney Mines, arrived to-night and with Manager Beaton, Inverness mines, will hold an investigation of the disaster. This afternoon Manager Beaton of Inverness, Manager Johnston of Port Hood and Manager McLellan of Port Hood were all over the affected part of the mine and state no damage of consequence was done to the mine and the cause of the accident is uncertain whether gas or powder. The bodies of the miners are all ready for interment, which will take place on Sunday noon in the Roman Catholic cemetery.

PEAKE AND THURROTT THE CHOICE AT ENTHUSIASTIC CONVENTION AT SUNBURY

Indications Point to Liberal Majority in Mr. Hazen's Own Constituency—Some Interesting School Book Facts—Old Time Conservatives Will Support E. H. Allen.

BURTON, Feb. 8.—Considering the very stormy weather the meeting at the Burton Court House Saturday afternoon for the purpose of nominating candidates for the legislature was largely attended. Mr. Hazen, no unanimously tendered his name in the enthusiasm of those present, and everything went with a swing that shows the government is much stronger in this county than ever before.

Dr. McPeake and W. H. Thurrott were chosen as the candidates. Cecil McLean of Burton, was chosen chairman, and briefly explained the purpose of the meeting and urged the delegates to nominate the strongest men in the county and to unite and put forth their best efforts to elect the parties chosen.

Dr. Peake was nominated by Mr. Albrecht Grass, seconded by Mr. Murphy.

W. H. Thurrott was nominated by F. Smith, seconded by David Seely.

Dr. Peake was received with applause, and in a brief speech accepted the nomination as it was the wish of the convention, and would only be too happy to serve his county. He claimed not to be much of a speaker, but was pleased to have with him so energetic an assistant as Mr. Thurrott, who by exerting himself in this election as he has always done, in business would bring success to the Liberal party in Sunbury. He appreciated the honor conferred on him by the county, and would work hard to bring success to their banner.

W. H. Thurrott received a splendid ovation and his vigorous manner made a fine impression upon the audience.

Mr. Thurrott, in accepting the nomination, no unanimously tendered his name, said that when asked if he would become a candidate, he had wired his firm which had hitherto leaned towards the Conservatives, for their consent. The answer was that there was not the slightest objection. He was proud to be a candidate in Sunbury and said the speaker will talk of the nomination and urged the delegates to nominate the strongest men in the county and to unite and put forth their best efforts to elect the parties chosen.

Dr. Peake was received with applause, and in a brief speech accepted the nomination as it was the wish of the convention, and would only be too happy to serve his county. He claimed not to be much of a speaker, but was pleased to have with him so energetic an assistant as Mr. Thurrott, who by exerting himself in this election as he has always done, in business would bring success to the Liberal party in Sunbury. He appreciated the honor conferred on him by the county, and would work hard to bring success to their banner.

W. H. Thurrott received a splendid ovation and his vigorous manner made a fine impression upon the audience.

Mr. Thurrott, in accepting the nomination, no unanimously tendered his name, said that when asked if he would become a candidate, he had wired his firm which had hitherto leaned towards the Conservatives, for their consent. The answer was that there was not the slightest objection. He was proud to be a candidate in Sunbury and said the speaker will talk of the nomination and urged the delegates to nominate the strongest men in the county and to unite and put forth their best efforts to elect the parties chosen.

Dr. Peake was received with applause, and in a brief speech accepted the nomination as it was the wish of the convention, and would only be too happy to serve his county. He claimed not to be much of a speaker, but was pleased to have with him so energetic an assistant as Mr. Thurrott, who by exerting himself in this election as he has always done, in business would bring success to the Liberal party in Sunbury. He appreciated the honor conferred on him by the county, and would work hard to bring success to their banner.

W. H. Thurrott received a splendid ovation and his vigorous manner made a fine impression upon the audience.

Mr. Thurrott, in accepting the nomination, no unanimously tendered his name, said that when asked if he would become a candidate, he had wired his firm which had hitherto leaned towards the Conservatives, for their consent. The answer was that there was not the slightest objection. He was proud to be a candidate in Sunbury and said the speaker will talk of the nomination and urged the delegates to nominate the strongest men in the county and to unite and put forth their best efforts to elect the parties chosen.

Dr. Peake was received with applause, and in a brief speech accepted the nomination as it was the wish of the convention, and would only be too happy to serve his county. He claimed not to be much of a speaker, but was pleased to have with him so energetic an assistant as Mr. Thurrott, who by exerting himself in this election as he has always done, in business would bring success to the Liberal party in Sunbury. He appreciated the honor conferred on him by the county, and would work hard to bring success to their banner.

W. H. Thurrott received a splendid ovation and his vigorous manner made a fine impression upon the audience.

Mr. Thurrott, in accepting the nomination, no unanimously tendered his name, said that when asked if he would become a candidate, he had wired his firm which had hitherto leaned towards the Conservatives, for their consent. The answer was that there was not the slightest objection. He was proud to be a candidate in Sunbury and said the speaker will talk of the nomination and urged the delegates to nominate the strongest men in the county and to unite and put forth their best efforts to elect the parties chosen.

Dr. Peake was received with applause, and in a brief speech accepted the nomination as it was the wish of the convention, and would only be too happy to serve his county. He claimed not to be much of a speaker, but was pleased to have with him so energetic an assistant as Mr. Thurrott, who by exerting himself in this election as he has always done, in business would bring success to the Liberal party in Sunbury. He appreciated the honor conferred on him by the county, and would work hard to bring success to their banner.

W. H. Thurrott received a splendid ovation and his vigorous manner made a fine impression upon the audience.

Mr. Thurrott, in accepting the nomination, no unanimously tendered his name, said that when asked if he would become a candidate, he had wired his firm which had hitherto leaned towards the Conservatives, for their consent. The answer was that there was not the slightest objection. He was proud to be a candidate in Sunbury and said the speaker will talk of the nomination and urged the delegates to nominate the strongest men in the county and to unite and put forth their best efforts to elect the parties chosen.

Dr. Peake was received with applause, and in a brief speech accepted the nomination as it was the wish of the convention, and would only be too happy to serve his county. He claimed not to be much of a speaker, but was pleased to have with him so energetic an assistant as Mr. Thurrott, who by exerting himself in this election as he has always done, in business would bring success to the Liberal party in Sunbury. He appreciated the honor conferred on him by the county, and would work hard to bring success to their banner.

W. H. Thurrott received a splendid ovation and his vigorous manner made a fine impression upon the audience.

Mr. Thurrott, in accepting the nomination, no unanimously tendered his name, said that when asked if he would become a candidate, he had wired his firm which had hitherto leaned towards the Conservatives, for their consent. The answer was that there was not the slightest objection. He was proud to be a candidate in Sunbury and said the speaker will talk of the nomination and urged the delegates to nominate the strongest men in the county and to unite and put forth their best efforts to elect the parties chosen.

Dr. Peake was received with applause, and in a brief speech accepted the nomination as it was the wish of the convention, and would only be too happy to serve his county. He claimed not to be much of a speaker, but was pleased to have with him so energetic an assistant as Mr. Thurrott, who by exerting himself in this election as he has always done, in business would bring success to the Liberal party in Sunbury. He appreciated the honor conferred on him by the county, and would work hard to bring success to their banner.

W. H. Thurrott received a splendid ovation and his vigorous manner made a fine impression upon the audience.

Mr. Thurrott, in accepting the nomination, no unanimously tendered his name, said that when asked if he would become a candidate, he had wired his firm which had hitherto leaned towards the Conservatives, for their consent. The answer was that there was not the slightest objection. He was proud to be a candidate in Sunbury and said the speaker will talk of the nomination and urged the delegates to nominate the strongest men in the county and to unite and put forth their best efforts to elect the parties chosen.

Dr. Peake was received with applause, and in a brief speech accepted the nomination as it was the wish of the convention, and would only be too happy to serve his county. He claimed not to be much of a speaker, but was pleased to have with him so energetic an assistant as Mr. Thurrott, who by exerting himself in this election as he has always done, in business would bring success to the Liberal party in Sunbury. He appreciated the honor conferred on him by the county, and would work hard to bring success to their banner.

W. H. Thurrott received a splendid ovation and his vigorous manner made a fine impression upon the audience.

Mr. Thurrott, in accepting the nomination, no unanimously tendered his name, said that when asked if he would become a candidate, he had wired his firm which had hitherto leaned towards the Conservatives, for their consent. The answer was that there was not the slightest objection. He was proud to be a candidate in Sunbury and said the speaker will talk of the nomination and urged the delegates to nominate the strongest men in the county and to unite and put forth their best efforts to elect the parties chosen.

Dr. Peake was received with applause, and in a brief speech accepted the nomination as it was the wish of the convention, and would only be too happy to serve his county. He claimed not to be much of a speaker, but was pleased to have with him so energetic an assistant as Mr. Thurrott, who by exerting himself in this election as he has always done, in business would bring success to the Liberal party in Sunbury. He appreciated the honor conferred on him by the county, and would work hard to bring success to their banner.

W. H. Thurrott received a splendid ovation and his vigorous manner made a fine impression upon the audience.

Mr. Thurrott, in accepting the nomination, no unanimously tendered his name, said that when asked if he would become a candidate, he had wired his firm which had hitherto leaned towards the Conservatives, for their consent. The answer was that there was not the slightest objection. He was proud to be a candidate in Sunbury and said the speaker will talk of the nomination and urged the delegates to nominate the strongest men in the county and to unite and put forth their best efforts to elect the parties chosen.

Dr. Peake was received with applause, and in a brief speech accepted the nomination as it was the wish of the convention, and would only be too happy to serve his county. He claimed not to be much of a speaker, but was pleased to have with him so energetic an assistant as Mr. Thurrott, who by exerting himself in this election as he has always done, in business would bring success to the Liberal party in Sunbury. He appreciated the honor conferred on him by the county, and would work hard to bring success to their banner.

W. H. Thurrott received a splendid ovation and his vigorous manner made a fine impression upon the audience.

Mr. Thurrott, in accepting the nomination, no unanimously tendered his name, said that when asked if he would become a candidate, he had wired his firm which had hitherto leaned towards the Conservatives, for their consent. The answer was that there was not the slightest objection. He was proud to be a candidate in Sunbury and said the speaker will talk of the nomination and urged the delegates to nominate the strongest men in the county and to unite and put forth their best efforts to elect the parties chosen.

Dr. Peake was received with applause, and in a brief speech accepted the nomination as it was the wish of the convention, and would only be too happy to serve his county. He claimed not to be much of a speaker, but was pleased to have with him so energetic an assistant as Mr. Thurrott, who by exerting himself in this election as he has always done, in business would bring success to the Liberal party in Sunbury. He appreciated the honor conferred on him by the county, and would work hard to bring success to their banner.

W. H. Thurrott received a splendid ovation and his vigorous manner made a fine impression upon the audience.

Mr. Thurrott, in accepting the nomination, no unanimously tendered his name, said that when asked if he would become a candidate, he had wired his firm which had hitherto leaned towards the Conservatives, for their consent. The answer was that there was not the slightest objection. He was proud to be a candidate in Sunbury and said the speaker will talk of the nomination and urged the delegates to nominate the strongest men in the county and to unite and put forth their best efforts to elect the parties chosen.

Dr. Peake was received with applause, and in a brief speech accepted the nomination as it was the wish of the convention, and would only be too happy to serve his county. He claimed not to be much of a speaker, but was pleased to have with him so energetic an assistant as Mr. Thurrott, who by exerting himself in this election as he has always done, in business would bring success to the Liberal party in Sunbury. He appreciated the honor conferred on him by the county, and would work hard to bring success to their banner.

W. H. Thurrott received a splendid ovation and his vigorous manner made a fine impression upon the audience.

Mr. Thurrott, in accepting the nomination, no unanimously tendered his name, said that when asked if he would become a candidate, he had wired his firm which had hitherto leaned towards the Conservatives, for their consent. The answer was that there was not the slightest objection. He was proud to be a candidate in Sunbury and said the speaker will talk of the nomination and urged the delegates to nominate the strongest men in the county and to unite and put forth their best efforts to elect the parties chosen.

Dr. Peake was received with applause, and in a brief speech accepted the nomination as it was the wish of the convention, and would only be too happy to serve his county. He claimed not to be much of a speaker, but was pleased to have with him so energetic an assistant as Mr. Thurrott, who by exerting himself in this election as he has always done, in business would bring success to the Liberal party in Sunbury. He appreciated the honor conferred on him by the county, and would work hard to bring success to their banner.

W. H. Thurrott received a splendid ovation and his vigorous manner made a fine impression upon the audience.

Mr. Thurrott, in accepting the nomination, no unanimously tendered his name, said that when asked if he would become a candidate, he had wired his firm which had hitherto leaned towards the Conservatives, for their consent. The answer was that there was not the slightest objection. He was proud to be a candidate in Sunbury and said the speaker will talk of the nomination and urged the delegates to nominate the strongest men in the county and to unite and put forth their best efforts to elect the parties chosen.

Dr. Peake was received with applause, and in a brief speech accepted the nomination as it was the wish of the convention, and would only be too happy to serve his county. He claimed not to be much of a speaker, but was pleased to have with him so energetic an assistant as Mr. Thurrott, who by exerting himself in this election as he has always done, in business would bring success to the Liberal party in Sunbury. He appreciated the honor conferred on him by the county, and would work hard to bring success to their banner.

W. H. Thurrott received a splendid ovation and his vigorous manner made a fine impression upon the audience.

Mr. Thurrott, in accepting the nomination, no unanimously tendered his name, said that when asked if he would become a candidate, he had wired his firm which had hitherto leaned towards the Conservatives, for their consent. The answer was that there was not the slightest objection. He was proud to be a candidate in Sunbury and said the speaker will talk of the nomination and urged the delegates to nominate the strongest men in the county and to unite and put forth their best efforts to elect the parties chosen.

Dr. Peake was received with applause, and in a brief speech accepted the nomination as it was the wish of the convention, and would only be too happy to serve his county. He claimed not to be much of a speaker, but was pleased to have with him so energetic an assistant as Mr. Thurrott, who by exerting himself in this election as he has always done, in business would bring success to the Liberal party in Sunbury. He appreciated the honor conferred on him by the county, and would work hard to bring success to their banner.

W. H. Thurrott received a splendid ovation and his vigorous manner made a fine impression upon the audience.

Mr. Thurrott, in accepting the nomination, no unanimously tendered his name, said that when asked if he would become a candidate, he had wired his firm which had hitherto leaned towards the Conservatives, for their consent. The answer was that there was not the slightest objection. He was proud to be a candidate in Sunbury and said the speaker will talk of the nomination and urged the delegates to nominate the strongest men in the county and to unite and put forth their best efforts to elect the parties chosen.

Dr. Peake was received with applause, and in a brief speech accepted the nomination as it was the wish of the convention, and would only be too happy to serve his county. He claimed not to be much of a speaker, but was pleased to have with him so energetic an assistant as Mr. Thurrott, who by exerting himself in this election as he has always done, in business would bring success to the Liberal party in Sunbury. He appreciated the honor conferred on him by the county, and would work hard to bring success to their banner.

W. H. Thurrott received a splendid ovation and his vigorous manner made a fine impression upon the audience.

Mr. Thurrott, in accepting the nomination, no unanimously tendered his name, said that when asked if he would become a candidate, he had wired his firm which had hitherto leaned towards the Conservatives, for their consent. The answer was that there was not the slightest objection. He was proud to be a candidate in Sunbury and said the speaker will talk of the nomination and urged the delegates to nominate the strongest men in the county and to unite and put forth their best efforts to elect the parties chosen.

Dr. Peake was received with applause, and in a brief speech accepted the nomination as it was the wish of the convention, and would only be too happy to serve his county. He claimed not to be much of a speaker, but was pleased to have with him so energetic an assistant as Mr. Thurrott, who by exerting himself in this election as he has always done, in business would bring success to the Liberal party in Sunbury. He appreciated the honor conferred on him by the county, and would work hard to bring success to their banner.

W. H. Thurrott received a splendid ovation and his vigorous manner made a fine impression upon the audience.

Mr. Thurrott, in accepting the nomination, no unanimously tendered his name, said that when asked if he would become a candidate, he had wired his firm which had hitherto leaned towards the Conservatives, for their consent. The answer was that there was not the slightest objection. He was proud to be a candidate in Sunbury and said the speaker will talk of the nomination and urged the delegates to nominate the strongest men in the county and to unite and put forth their best efforts to elect the parties chosen.

Dr. Peake was received with applause, and in a brief speech accepted the nomination as it was the wish of the convention, and would only be too happy to serve his county. He claimed not to be much of a speaker, but was pleased to have with him so energetic an assistant as Mr. Thurrott, who by exerting himself in this election as he has always done, in business would bring success to the Liberal party in Sunbury. He appreciated the honor conferred on him by the county, and would work hard to bring success to their banner.

W. H. Thurrott received a splendid ovation and his vigorous manner made a fine impression upon the audience.

Mr. Thurrott, in accepting the nomination, no unanimously tendered his name, said that when asked if he would become a candidate, he had wired his firm which had hitherto leaned towards the Conservatives, for their consent. The answer was that there was not the slightest objection. He was proud to be a candidate in Sunbury and said the speaker will talk of the nomination and urged the delegates to nominate the strongest men in the county and to unite and put forth their best efforts to elect the parties chosen.

Dr. Peake was received with applause, and in a brief speech accepted the nomination as it was the wish of the convention, and would only be too happy to serve his county. He claimed not to be much of a speaker, but was pleased to have with him so energetic an assistant as Mr. Thurrott, who by exerting himself in this election as he has always done, in business would bring success to the Liberal party in Sunbury. He appreciated the honor conferred on him by the county, and would work hard to bring success to their banner.

W. H. Thurrott received a splendid ovation and his vigorous manner made a fine impression upon the audience.

Mr. Thurrott, in accepting the nomination, no unanimously tendered his name, said that when asked if he would become a candidate, he had wired his firm which had hitherto leaned towards the Conservatives, for their consent. The answer was that there was not the slightest objection. He was proud to be a candidate in Sunbury and said the speaker will talk of the nomination and urged the delegates to nominate the strongest men in the county and to unite and put forth their best efforts to elect the parties chosen.

Dr. Peake was received with applause, and in a brief speech accepted the nomination as it was the wish of the convention, and would only be too happy to serve his county. He claimed not to be much of a speaker, but was pleased to have with him so energetic an assistant as Mr. Thurrott, who by exerting himself in this election as he has always done, in business would bring success to the Liberal party in Sunbury. He appreciated the honor conferred on him by the county, and would work hard to bring success to their banner.

W. H. Thurrott received a splendid ovation and his vigorous manner made a fine impression upon the audience.

Mr. Thurrott, in accepting the nomination, no unanimously tendered his name, said that when asked if he would become a candidate, he had wired his firm which had hitherto leaned towards the Conservatives, for their consent. The answer was that there was not the slightest objection. He was proud to be a candidate in Sunbury and said the speaker will talk of the nomination and urged the delegates to nominate the strongest men in the county and to unite and put forth their best efforts to elect the parties chosen.

Dr. Peake was received with applause, and in a brief speech accepted the nomination as it was the wish of the convention, and would only be too happy to serve his county. He claimed not to be much of a speaker, but was pleased to have with him so energetic an assistant as Mr. Thurrott, who by exerting himself in this election as he has always done, in business would bring success to the Liberal party in Sunbury. He appreciated the honor conferred on him by the county, and would work hard to bring success to their banner.

W. H. Thurrott received a splendid ovation and his vigorous manner made a fine impression upon the audience.

Mr. Thurrott, in accepting the nomination, no unanimously tendered his name, said that when asked if he would become a candidate, he had wired his firm which had hitherto leaned towards the Conservatives, for their consent. The answer was that there was not the slightest objection. He was proud to be a candidate in Sunbury and said the speaker will talk of the nomination and urged the delegates to nominate the strongest men in the county and to unite and put forth their best efforts to elect the parties chosen.

Dr. Peake was received with applause, and in a brief speech accepted the nomination as it was the wish of the convention, and would only be too happy to serve his county. He claimed not to be much of a speaker, but was pleased to have with him so energetic an assistant as Mr. Thurrott, who by exerting himself in this election as he has always done, in business would bring success to the Liberal party in Sunbury. He appreciated the honor conferred on him by the county, and would work hard to bring success to their banner.

W. H. Thurrott received a splendid ovation and his vigorous manner made a fine impression upon the audience.

Mr. Thurrott, in accepting the nomination, no unanimously tendered his name, said that when asked if he would become a candidate, he had wired his firm which had hitherto leaned towards the Conservatives, for their consent. The answer was that there was not the slightest objection. He was proud to be a candidate in Sunbury and said the speaker will talk of the nomination and urged the delegates to nominate the strongest men in the county and to unite and put forth their best efforts to elect the parties chosen.

Dr. Peake was received with applause, and in a brief speech accepted the nomination as it was the wish of the convention, and would only be too happy to serve his county. He claimed not to be much of a speaker, but was pleased to have with him so energetic an assistant as Mr. Thurrott, who by exerting himself in this election as he has always done, in business would bring success to the Liberal party in Sunbury. He appreciated the honor conferred on him by the county, and would work hard to bring success to their banner.

W. H. Thurrott received a splendid ovation and his vigorous manner made a fine impression upon the audience.

Mr. Thurrott, in accepting the nomination, no unanimously tendered his name, said that when asked if he would become a candidate, he had wired his firm which had hitherto leaned towards the Conservatives, for their consent. The answer was that there was not the slightest objection. He was proud to be a candidate in Sunbury and said the speaker will talk of the nomination and urged the delegates to nominate the strongest men in the county and to unite and put forth their best efforts to elect the parties chosen.

Dr. Peake was received with applause, and in a brief speech accepted the nomination as it was the wish of the convention, and would only be too happy to serve his county. He claimed not to be much of a speaker, but was pleased to have with him so energetic an assistant as Mr. Thurrott, who by exerting himself in this election as he has always done, in business would bring success to the Liberal party in Sunbury. He appreciated the honor conferred on him by the county, and would work hard to bring success to their banner.

W. H. Thurrott received a splendid ovation and his vigorous manner made a fine impression upon the audience.

Mr. Thurrott, in accepting the nomination, no unanimously tendered his name, said that when asked if he would become a candidate, he had wired his firm which had hitherto leaned towards the Conservatives, for their consent. The answer was that there was not the slightest objection. He was proud to be a candidate in Sunbury and said the speaker will talk of the nomination and urged the delegates to nominate the strongest men in the county and to unite and put forth their best efforts to elect the parties chosen.

Dr. Peake was received with applause, and in a brief speech accepted the nomination as it was the wish of the convention, and would only be too happy to serve his county. He claimed not to be much of a speaker, but was pleased to have with him so energetic an assistant as Mr. Thurrott, who by exerting himself in this election as he has always done, in business would bring success to the Liberal party in Sunbury. He appreciated the honor conferred on him by the county, and would work hard to bring success to their banner.

W. H. Thurrott received a splendid ovation and his vigorous manner made a fine impression upon the audience.

Mr. Thurrott, in accepting the nomination, no unanimously tendered his name, said that when asked if he would become a candidate, he had wired his firm which had hitherto leaned towards the Conservatives, for their consent. The answer was that there was not the slightest objection. He was proud to be a candidate in Sunbury and said the speaker will talk of the nomination and urged the delegates to nominate the strongest men in the county and to unite and put forth their best efforts to elect the parties chosen.

Dr. Peake was received with applause, and in a brief speech accepted the nomination as it was the wish of the convention, and would only be too happy to serve his county. He claimed not to be much of a speaker, but was pleased to have with him so energetic an assistant as Mr. Thurrott, who by exerting himself in this election as he has always done, in business would bring success to the Liberal party in Sunbury. He appreciated the honor conferred on him by the county, and would work hard to bring success to their banner.

W. H. Thurrott received a splendid ovation and his vigorous manner made a fine impression upon the audience.

Mr. Thurrott, in accepting the nomination, no unanimously tendered his name, said that when asked if he would become a candidate, he had wired his firm which had hitherto leaned towards the Conservatives, for their consent. The answer was that there was not the slightest objection. He was proud to be a candidate in Sunbury and said the speaker will talk of the nomination and urged the delegates to nominate the strongest men in the county and to unite and put forth their best efforts to elect the parties chosen.

Dr. Peake was received with applause, and in a brief speech accepted the nomination as it was the wish of the convention, and would only be too happy to serve his county. He claimed not to be much of a speaker, but was pleased to have with him so energetic an assistant as Mr. Thurrott, who by exerting himself in this election as he has always done, in business would bring success to the Liberal party in Sunbury. He appreciated the honor conferred on him by the county, and would work hard to bring success to their banner.

W. H. Thurrott received a splendid ovation and his vigorous manner made a fine impression upon the audience.

Mr. Thurrott, in accepting the nomination, no unanimously tendered his name, said that when asked if he would become a candidate, he had wired his firm which had hitherto leaned towards the Conservatives, for their consent. The answer was that there was not the slightest objection. He was proud to be a candidate in Sunbury and said the speaker will talk of the nomination and urged the delegates to nominate the strongest men in the county and to unite and put forth their best efforts to elect the parties chosen.

Dr. Peake was received with applause, and in a brief speech accepted the nomination as it was the wish of the convention, and would only be too happy to serve his county. He claimed not to be much of a speaker, but was pleased to have with him so energetic an assistant as Mr. Thurrott, who by exerting himself in this election as he has always done, in business would bring success to the Liberal party in Sunbury. He appreciated the honor conferred on him by the county, and would work hard to bring success to their banner.

W. H. Thurrott received a splendid ovation and his vigorous manner made a fine impression upon the audience.

Mr. Thurrott, in accepting the nomination, no unanimously tendered his name, said that when asked if he would become a candidate, he had wired his firm which had hitherto leaned towards the Conservatives, for their consent. The answer was that there was not the slightest objection. He was proud to be a candidate in Sunbury and said the speaker will talk of the nomination and urged the delegates to nominate the strongest men in the county and to unite and put forth their best efforts to elect the parties chosen.

Dr. Peake was received with applause, and in a brief speech accepted the nomination as it was the wish of the convention, and would only be too happy to serve his county. He claimed not to be much of a speaker, but was pleased to have with him so energetic an assistant as Mr. Thurrott, who by exerting himself in this election as he has always done, in business would bring success to the Liberal party in Sunbury. He appreciated the honor conferred on him by the county, and would work hard to bring success to their banner.

W. H. Thurrott received a splendid ovation and his vigorous manner made a fine impression upon the audience.

Mr. Thurrott, in accepting the nomination, no unanimously tendered his name, said that when asked if he would become a candidate, he had wired his firm which had hitherto leaned towards the Conservatives, for their consent. The answer was that there was not the slightest objection. He was proud to be a candidate in Sunbury and said the speaker will talk of the nomination and urged the delegates to nominate the strongest men in the county and to unite and put forth their best efforts to elect the parties chosen.

Dr. Peake was received with applause, and in a brief speech accepted the nomination as it was the wish of the convention, and would only be too happy to serve his county. He claimed not to be much of a speaker, but was pleased to have with him so energetic an assistant as Mr. Thurrott, who by exerting himself in this election as he has always done, in business would bring success to the Liberal party in Sunbury. He appreciated the honor conferred on him by the county, and would work hard to bring success to their banner.

W. H. Thurrott received a splendid ovation and his vigorous manner made a fine impression upon the audience.

Mr. Thurrott, in accepting the nomination, no unanimously tendered his name, said that when asked if he would become a candidate, he had wired his firm which had hitherto leaned towards the Conservatives, for their consent. The answer was that there was not the slightest objection. He was proud to be a candidate in Sunbury and said the speaker

DR. PEARSON UNDER OATH; A STARTLING STATEMENT

Forced off Kings Opposition Ticket When He Refused to Give \$1,000.

Purity Committee Told Him All Candidates Must Contribute This Sum to Campaign Fund—Jones Gave \$1,000, They Said, and Others Must Do the Same.

SUSSEX, N. B., Feb. 11.—The written evasions and verbal denials of the opposition party committee at Hampton yesterday are fully exposed by the gentleman who makes the following declaration, Dr. Geo. N. Pearson, is one of the best known men in his profession in the province, and is known as a citizen and whose character is above reproach. It fully answers any denial made and firmly fixes upon the opposition party the blame of posing as purists while secretly raising campaign funds. The reasons for the very peculiar resolution submitted by them at the Hampton purity meeting are now fully evident.

Dr. Pearson's Affidavit

Following is Dr. Pearson's declaration: "I, George N. Pearson, of the town of Sussex, N. B., whose name has heretofore been mentioned as a candidate in the opposition interests in Kings county, being desirous of vindicating my position in the matter of the statements are concerned, do solemnly declare:

"First—That shortly prior to the dissolution of the local legislature, George W. Fowler in an interview with me urged me to become a candidate for the opposition party. This proposition I next morning declined to Mr. Fowler. Shortly thereafter William McLeod interviewed me, claiming to represent Geo. W. Fowler, and renewed the proposition that I become a candidate. After deliberation I accepted the proposition as made by Mr. McLeod from Mr. Fowler to become such candidate. Immediately after the dissolution of the house of assembly, Mr. McLeod was greeted on the street by Mr. Fowler as the candidate and was told by him to get on my fighting boots and no longer canvass for me. I would not run but to announce myself as a candidate and to go to work. Realizing that he was the leader of the party I accordingly announced myself as a candidate and began to canvass.

"Second, that thereafter and about January 27th last, Samuel A. McLeod, William McLeod and W. Doherty, supporters of the Opposition party, waited upon me at my house in Sussex and, representing themselves to be a committee of the Opposition party, through Mr. Samuel A. McLeod, stated that it was a question as to whether James A. Murray, James A. Moore or myself would be the candidate for this end of the county and that they had come to me first to see what I was willing to do. To this I replied, "What do you mean, do you mean how much I am willing to contribute?" Samuel A. McLeod then said, "Well, one of the proposed Opposition candidates has agreed to put up \$1,000 and he has told me he would not finance the rest of the ticket but that they all had to contribute, and contribute a like amount. To this I replied, "If that is so I am through."

"I then informed them of my arrangement with Mr. Fowler, as set forth in the preceding paragraph, and added, "You should have come to me two weeks ago or not at all, as I have been for some time canvassing for the opposition party in the several parishes on the assurance of Mr. Fowler that I would be a candidate. Before the committee withdrew Mr. Doherty and Samuel A. McLeod informed me that unless they could find some gentleman who would do better than I was willing to do I would still have their support." To this I replied, "Gentlemen, on these terms I do not want your support." They then withdrew.

"And I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing it to be true and knowing it to be of the same force and effect as if made under oath and by virtue of the Canada Evidence Act. (Signed) GEORGE N. PEARSON. Taken and declared before me at the town of Sussex, Province of New Brunswick, this 11th day of February, 1908.

Geo. S. Dryden, Justice of Peace in and for Kings County, N. B.

More Evidence to Come

The above is not the only evidence of the questionable tactics of the opposition party in this county. Another matter in which one of the members of the opposition ticket is directly implicated is now being investigated, and when the facts are all uncovered and sufficient proof secured they will be given to the public through The Sun. They will serve to show how "pure" the opposition party really is.

The government meeting at Campbell Settlement last night was addressed by D. H. McAllister and Ora P. King. Released opinions state it to have been the largest political gathering held there for years, completely endorsing the opposition meeting held there a few nights ago. Reports from the different parishes throughout the county show the tide to be running strongly with the government ticket.

THE GOVERNMENT TICKET IS GAINING IN GLOUCESTER

Opposition Ticket is Split and One Member Will Run Independent—Independent Liberal Ticket Weakened—Another Frenzy in the Field.

BATHURST, N. B., Feb. 11.—Messrs. Burns, Poirier and Young, the members of the government ticket, have for the past ten days or more been making a canvassing tour of the lower parishes and they report that they have been enthusiastically received in the parishes.



JOSEPH POIRIER, M. P. P.

time Blanchard added. Mr. Dumas was in town last evening and expressed his chagrin and dissatisfaction, and states that he will continue to run as an independent candidate. The pseudo Liberal ticket has also undergone a change. P. P. Morais, the strongest man of the three nominated,

GOVERNMENT CANDIDATES ENTHUSIASTICALLY RECEIVED THROUGHOUT KINGS COUNTY

COLLINA, Feb. 8.—The Public Hall at Collina was filled last night to the doors with voters of that part of Studholm who came to hear the government standard bearers—G. G. Scovill, O. W. Wetmore and Dr. D. H. McAllister. Wm. S. Beale took the chair and felicitously introduced the speakers. Major Wetmore, speaking for the lower end, spoke of the excellent wharf accommodation which the present administration had given to the river parishes. So generous had the department been that no kick was coming from the people whatever. He also showed what the government had done for the farmers and instanced the grants to the agricultural societies and the bonuses to dairies, points which touched directly each individual listener, who were all farmers. Mr. Wetmore was given a splendid reception.

Dr. McAllister and G. G. Scovill were in their element amongst their neighbors and had hearty greetings. The doctor gave his promise that road matters would receive his strict attention. He also showed the unfairness of the school book price comparisons, stating that the opposition was endeavoring to compare the price of a thirty-year-old Ontario series which the Canada Publishing Co. are giving away to the Ontario government in order to shut out competition with our present up-to-date school books.

Mr. Scovill, after showing the value to the province of the Central Railway investment, went on to say that the opposition, led by Mr. Hazen, instead of conserving the interests of the country had by factions delay and non-sensical investigations delayed business and cost the province thousands of dollars. The cost of the investigation into the alleged two price bridge scandal, which ended in nothing, was an illustration of their carelessness and showed what means they would use in an endeavor to attain power which they were again doomed to fail in attaining. Studholm will give the government a very much better showing at this election than at the last.

Meeting at Sussex Corner

SUSSEX, Feb. 10.—One of the best meetings in the history of election committees in this section was held in the old Smith store at the Upper Corner tonight. There were over 100 voters present. B. O. McIntyre was elected chairman and E. W. Watt secretary. The organization perfected was most satisfactory and the size of the meeting and the enthusiasm was splendid evidence of the feeling in this part of the county toward the government ticket.

CONSERVATIVES FOR ALLEN

Many Old-timers for Liberal Ticket Declare They Have No Confidence in Opposition Candidates in York

FREDERICTON, N. B., Feb. 11.—The government campaign in York is being carried on with great vigor and all indications point to a decisive victory for Hon. E. H. Allen and his colleagues on March third. Since Thursday last when the candidates started on their tour of the province they have addressed nine meetings in five parishes and on all sides their reception has been most cordial and enthusiastic. Instead of finding an opposition of equal weightings against the government they found scores of prominent Conservatives openly declaring that they have no confidence in the combination put up by their party this county and promising to use their influence on behalf of the government ticket.

The meeting held at Canterbury Station last evening was the finest which either party has held in this county since the campaign opened. Councillor Carr, a veteran campaigner, was chairman and the Orange Hall was crowded to the doors. All four candidates spoke and dealt with the principal issues of the campaign in a manner that provoked hearty applause. Mr. Carr, speaking for the government, was most eloquent and prominent member of the party there declare that on March third it will do even better than in the last contest when the opposition ticket was snowed under by a two to one vote.

This evening Mr. Allen addressed a meeting in the government committee rooms in this city. About three hundred electors were present and gave the new provincial secretary a grand ovation. John Palmer, president of the John Palmer Manufacturing Company, occupied the chair and in a few remarks expressed regret that he was absent from the city when the government convention was held. He heartily approved of the ticket selected, however, and had no doubt that they would win a great victory on March third.

Mr. Allen was then introduced and spoke for three-quarters of an hour, holding the undivided attention of the audience while he dealt with the chief issues of the campaign. More than fifty years it has been the law of the State of Maine and it is impossible to change it, the people holding tenaciously to it. It is not the law of the province and it is not the law of the territory being now under prohibition. It is making very rapid headway in both hemispheres.

HON. E. H. ALLEN SWORN IN PROV. SECRETARY

FREDERICTON, N. B., Feb. 11.—All the members of the local government were present at a meeting held here this evening. Premier Robinson resigned the portfolio of provincial secretary and clerk of the crown in chancery and was succeeded by Hon. Edmund Allen of Fredericton, who was sworn in to office by Lieut. Governor Tweedie.

Members of the government with the exception of Mr. Allen will leave for St. John by the ten o'clock train tomorrow.

MAINE MAN INDICTED

BANGOR, Me., Feb. 11.—The fact that Percy W. Lyon of Waterville, train despatcher at that place for the Maine Central railroad, has been indicted in connection with the murder of Carmel on Nov. 27 was not made known until tonight, when Lyon was brought here from Waterville and arraigned before Chief Justice Emery. He is charged with manslaughter in an indictment reported by the grand jury today and was released on \$3,000 bail. It is expected that he will be arraigned in court Wednesday and plead to the indictment.

GOT MAD

When Told That Coffee Hurt Him

One of the evidences that coffee is not so good for the nervous system is the fact that many persons who are addicted to its use, grow wrathful when the suggestion is made that coffee causes them to "stare up" so easily.

ACTOR SHOT WIFE AND KILLED HIMSELF

The Couple Were Married in Canada Three Years Ago

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Feb. 11.—Fred. W. B. actor shot and instantly killed his wife, Maud, and then committed suicide at a boarding house here today. The double tragedy was not discovered until fire was found in the room they occupied. The bedding caught fire as a result of the revolver being fired near the covers. The couple, married three years ago in Canada, were separated until a week ago. It is supposed they quarrelled. The immediate cause of the trouble is not known.

NINE WORKMEN KILLED IN EXPLOSION AT VAUDREUIL

PROVINCIAL CANDIDATES ASKED TO SUPPORT PROHIBITION

Uniform Pledge Will Be Sent to Every Nominee on Both Sides by N. B. Temperance Federation—J. Willard Smith's Explanatory Letter.

ST. JOHN, N. B., Feb. 8. To the Editor of The Sun: Sir—As instructed by the New Brunswick Temperance Federation at a recent meeting, the letter which I append hereto has been forwarded to every candidate for election at the provincial elections to be held on March 3rd next and their answers to the same will be watched with a good deal of interest.

In view of the fact that it is often said that electors who claim to be temperance men and prohibitionists are at election times "Liberals" or "Conservatives" first and temperance men or prohibitionists later, I want to appeal to the friends of the cause in the province to see to it that they make their influence felt at this particular time in the interests of prohibition. There can be no doubt that the cause of prohibition is greatly overestimated the strength of the liquor trade and its influence so far as its voting power is concerned, and a high class of the temperance people took such a hand in the matter as to show both parties that it counts to have them on their side. Let it be borne in mind that I fall to see why those seeking the confidence of the people should hesitate to give prohibition a trial. It is no new thing. More than fifty years it has been the law of the State of Maine and it is impossible to change it, the people holding tenaciously to it. It is not the law of the province and it is not the law of the territory being now under prohibition. It is making very rapid headway in both hemispheres.

WEALTHY WOMAN ACQUITTED OF MURDER

CHICAGO, Feb. 11.—Mrs. Dora McDonald, who has been on trial here since January 26 on the charge of murdering Webster Guerin, an artist, was acquitted by a jury in the criminal court today. The verdict was reached after one and a half hours of deliberation, the jury having retired at 10 o'clock this afternoon. The defendant, who is the widow of Michael C. McDonald, formerly political leader in Chicago, received the verdict without apparent emotion. During the trial she had frequently collapsed and on several occasions had to be taken to hospital in order that she might receive medical attention.

After Mrs. McDonald had been discharged from the hospital to her relatives. It was announced later that she will retire to a sanitarium.

Webster S. Guerin was shot and killed before his studio in the Omaha Building, February 11, 1907. Mrs. McDonald was alone with him when the tragedy occurred and was immediately arrested and charged with the murder. Her husband and Leopold Freeman, president of the Champion Chemical Works, signed bail bonds for \$50,000 for her. She was released today at 10 o'clock this afternoon.

The shock of the tragedy proved disastrous to McDonald and he died August 3, 1907, after an illness of several weeks. His fortune was left to his only child and his two sons, one of whom was a former marriage. Special provision was made in his will for Mrs. McDonald's defense, and the instrument was attacked in court by her former wife, Mrs. Mary McDonald, from whom he had obtained a divorce. This suit is still pending.

It developed at the trial just concluded that Guerin and Mrs. Dora McDonald had been more or less intimate for almost ten years. Their relations had begun when Guerin was less than 17 years old. The State asserted that Guerin had attempted to dissolve these relations and the woman shot him in a jealous rage.

The defense attacked Guerin's character, asserting that he had systematically blackmailed Mrs. McDonald for years, and offered evidence tending to show that he had attacked her in his studio on the day of the tragedy.

HEINRICH CONREID RESIGNS

NEW YORK, Feb. 11.—The resignation of Heinrich Conreid, as director of the Conried Metropolitan Opera House Company, was accepted today at a meeting of the stockholders of the company held in the library of J. Pierpont Morgan and the announcement was made tonight that Mr. Conreid would be succeeded by Signor Giulio Gatti-Casazza, director of La Scala, Milan, Italy, and Andreas Dippel, a German tenor, who has sung at the Metropolitan for a number of years. The two directors are to have equal power. Gatti-Casazza as general manager and Dippel as administrative manager.

Two Buildings of Standard Explosive Company Totally Wrecked.

Hundred Men Employed at Works and There Were Many Narrow Escapes from Death—Cause of Accident Unknown.

MONTREAL, Feb. 11.—A terrible calamity occurred at Ile Perrot, near Vaudreuil, at one o'clock this afternoon, when two of the buildings of the Standard Explosives Company were destroyed, and nine workmen who were working therein, were killed, and one man who was working outside was injured.

The names of the victims are H. Boivin, J. Royon, Urgel Mongeau, E. Menard, M. Rousseau, J. Tremblay, David Dumberry, S. Pavan and Arthur Legault. While the explosion of Royon all were married and fathers of families. They were all residents of Vaudreuil.

The wounded man is Johnny Leduc. The two explosions took place immediately one after the other. They came like thunderbolts, and when the terrified people of the village of Vaudreuil looked in the direction of the factory all was already over, the two buildings had collapsed, and the men's bodies had been blown to atoms. Nobody knows the cause of the accident, which will probably remain a mystery, as all those in the two buildings were instantly killed. About one hundred men are employed at the works. The greatest consternation reigns in Vaudreuil, the friends and relatives of the victims being distracted with grief, and the whole population being terrified with the sudden calamity. The Standard Explosives Company's works on Ile Perrot are the largest of their kind in the Dominion. Three hundred acres of land on the island are used for the purpose and on this land there are over forty buildings, the number of hands employed when in full operation being about a hundred and fifty. The capacity of the plant is two carloads of dynamite and one carload of blasting powder a day. From eighty to ninety per cent. of these explosives is used on railway construction work. At the present time the company has among its contracts two of the largest ever made in Canada. The first of these runs into about half a million dollars and the second into about a million dollars. The company's capacity is such that it has during rush periods made delivery at the rate of a hundred carloads of dynamite and black powder in two months.

Read This!

It Contains a Message

This is a nerve-racking age—not a man in an office or behind the counter striving hard to get on in the world, that does not feel the strain. If nerves are in order, a man is strong, eats and sleeps well. Unstrung nerves means weakness, worry, sleeplessness and a general decay of bodily strength, inability to do good work or to do it long.

LUNENBURG MAN ARRESTED FOR THEFT

AMHERST, Feb. 11.—Edgar Wentzell of Lunenburg was arrested yesterday, charged with theft. He is accused of stealing money from fellow-boarders. He was tried before Justice Casey this afternoon and sent up for trial before Judge Patterson. On Thursday last a fellow-boarder missed two sovereigns. On Sunday another boarder was robbed of about \$25. Wentzell was arrested on suspicion. While in jail awaiting trial Chief of Police Pipes received a letter from the Halifax Bank advising him that Wentzell had sent two sovereigns there to be changed, as the bank had been burned in Amherst. The balance of the money had been placed in a sealed envelope with a friend, who, on learning of the arrest, sent the parcel to the police. His trial will come off Tuesday.

DIVER FOUND BODY

HALIFAX, Feb. 11.—The body of Robert Moore, large watchman, aged 53, was found by a diver at a depth of 25 fathoms, this afternoon. He had been missing since Saturday and his death was accidental.

THE NEWS is published every week by the Sun Printing Co., Limited, St. John, N. B.

JOHN P. PATTERSON, Manager.

The News.

ST. JOHN, N. B., FEB. 14, 1908.

LIBERALS LEAD

With less than fifty votes between them and victory the Liberal candidates took the field in Sunbury County Saturday under highly encouraging auspices.

The candidates chosen by a convention unusual in size and marked by a hearty fighting spirit were in good men, who enjoy the acquaintance and esteem of practically every elector in the constituency which is their home and in the interests of which their personal interests are intimately concerned.

Dr. Peake is a young man of excellent ability, who in 1898, his entrance into the political field five years ago by running only 53 votes behind the leader of the Opposition, who at that time had defeated a large part of the electorate into the belief that the contest was to end with his assumption of the office of Premier.

Mr. Peake is a young man of excellent ability, who in 1898, his entrance into the political field five years ago by running only 53 votes behind the leader of the Opposition, who at that time had defeated a large part of the electorate into the belief that the contest was to end with his assumption of the office of Premier.

Mr. Peake is a young man of excellent ability, who in 1898, his entrance into the political field five years ago by running only 53 votes behind the leader of the Opposition, who at that time had defeated a large part of the electorate into the belief that the contest was to end with his assumption of the office of Premier.

Mr. Peake is a young man of excellent ability, who in 1898, his entrance into the political field five years ago by running only 53 votes behind the leader of the Opposition, who at that time had defeated a large part of the electorate into the belief that the contest was to end with his assumption of the office of Premier.

Mr. Peake is a young man of excellent ability, who in 1898, his entrance into the political field five years ago by running only 53 votes behind the leader of the Opposition, who at that time had defeated a large part of the electorate into the belief that the contest was to end with his assumption of the office of Premier.

Mr. Peake is a young man of excellent ability, who in 1898, his entrance into the political field five years ago by running only 53 votes behind the leader of the Opposition, who at that time had defeated a large part of the electorate into the belief that the contest was to end with his assumption of the office of Premier.

Mr. Peake is a young man of excellent ability, who in 1898, his entrance into the political field five years ago by running only 53 votes behind the leader of the Opposition, who at that time had defeated a large part of the electorate into the belief that the contest was to end with his assumption of the office of Premier.

Mr. Peake is a young man of excellent ability, who in 1898, his entrance into the political field five years ago by running only 53 votes behind the leader of the Opposition, who at that time had defeated a large part of the electorate into the belief that the contest was to end with his assumption of the office of Premier.

Mr. Peake is a young man of excellent ability, who in 1898, his entrance into the political field five years ago by running only 53 votes behind the leader of the Opposition, who at that time had defeated a large part of the electorate into the belief that the contest was to end with his assumption of the office of Premier.

ers with large stocks on hand to unload them far below the cost of manufacture. Next year when the new system goes into effect Ontario prices will naturally increase though to what extent not even the Ontario authorities know today.

Save in the instance quoted above no opposition paper has ventured to compare New Brunswick prices with those of any other province, for the very plain reason that school books are cheaper in New Brunswick than anywhere else in Canada.

But because the books are cheaper in this province than anywhere else it does not necessarily follow that they are as cheap as can be made and to find out if there is any way of lightening the expense upon New Brunswick parents the government proposes to have a committee to report on the subject.

At the time the committee was appointed it was expected that it would report on the subject of lightening the expense upon New Brunswick parents the government proposes to have a committee to report on the subject.

At the time the committee was appointed it was expected that it would report on the subject of lightening the expense upon New Brunswick parents the government proposes to have a committee to report on the subject.

At the time the committee was appointed it was expected that it would report on the subject of lightening the expense upon New Brunswick parents the government proposes to have a committee to report on the subject.

At the time the committee was appointed it was expected that it would report on the subject of lightening the expense upon New Brunswick parents the government proposes to have a committee to report on the subject.

At the time the committee was appointed it was expected that it would report on the subject of lightening the expense upon New Brunswick parents the government proposes to have a committee to report on the subject.

At the time the committee was appointed it was expected that it would report on the subject of lightening the expense upon New Brunswick parents the government proposes to have a committee to report on the subject.

At the time the committee was appointed it was expected that it would report on the subject of lightening the expense upon New Brunswick parents the government proposes to have a committee to report on the subject.

At the time the committee was appointed it was expected that it would report on the subject of lightening the expense upon New Brunswick parents the government proposes to have a committee to report on the subject.

At the time the committee was appointed it was expected that it would report on the subject of lightening the expense upon New Brunswick parents the government proposes to have a committee to report on the subject.

At the time the committee was appointed it was expected that it would report on the subject of lightening the expense upon New Brunswick parents the government proposes to have a committee to report on the subject.

At the time the committee was appointed it was expected that it would report on the subject of lightening the expense upon New Brunswick parents the government proposes to have a committee to report on the subject.

At the time the committee was appointed it was expected that it would report on the subject of lightening the expense upon New Brunswick parents the government proposes to have a committee to report on the subject.

At the time the committee was appointed it was expected that it would report on the subject of lightening the expense upon New Brunswick parents the government proposes to have a committee to report on the subject.

while every intelligent man knows what methods the government has endeavored to bring about the ends they have sought, yet no man can possibly know in what respect Mr. Hazen and his administration would differ from that of the present government.

"I would do it better," but the people will demand some more convincing evidence than this of the opposition's superior ability to manage the affairs of this province.

As the case stands before the people now there is excellent reason for retaining Mr. Hazen as leader of the New Brunswick opposition, but no good ground has yet been presented for his promotion to a position of executive authority.

ONE PARTY AND PURITY. "And further resolved that the Government party in Kings county is pledged hereby to adhere strictly to the principles of purity in this election without reference to any agreement or understanding with the Opposition party."

Ignoring this strong and credible resolution passed by the committee yesterday in Kings County the Opposition party, pledging that it would conduct an absolutely clean election regardless of the methods of their opponents, the local government organs yesterday published the report of yesterday's conference at Hampton under headlines declaring "Government against clean election in Kings," and "Government opposes plan for clean election in Kings."

The Telegraph intimated that "the government committee had been told that the party must avoid any pledge against the use of money and liquor in the coming election. The Times, while making no mention of the foregoing resolution in its news columns, says editorially that "they (the government committee) were playing what they regarded as a clever political trick, and to give it the appearance of good faith they issued a declaration of the effect that, regardless of the action of the opposition, they would run a pure election. This is pure humbug."

The malicious misrepresentation of this must be apparent even to the most partisan readers of the journals and respectful to all who believe there is room for fair play and truthfulness even in politics.

It is to be regretted that a mutual agreement for joint effort to suppress corruption, the government committee of Kings has voluntarily bound its own party to abstain from the illegal use of money and liquor in matters which practices the opposition might favor, and this in spite of the fact that it had certain knowledge that the opposition had already accumulated a campaign fund of at least \$2,000 and had already used some of the money for bribing voters.

From the standpoint of "practical politics" the Liberals of Kings have placed themselves at a disadvantage both to the party to a purity pledge fully as binding as any joint agreement, and saving the opposition to the unhappily enjoyed campaign of 1907; but we believe that the voluntary surrender of whatever influence corrupt methods may have will win from honest men of both parties.

QUEENS COUNTY There is no county in the province which the opposition have made such desperate efforts to capture as Queens. It is unnecessary to recall the shameful canvasses they have used in that county in former elections, canvasses calculated to stir up the passions and the worst feelings between people who ought to be friends.

Fortunately the credit of the people of Queens is not so easily won and lost as they have been wholly unsuccessful. The opposition, instead of gaining strength in Queens, have been steadily losing ground.

This can be easily shown by the figures of recent elections. Mr. Woods, who is a candidate for Queens in the coming election, was defeated in 1899. On that occasion, the Hon. Mr. Farris defeated him by a majority of 138.

At the general election of 1905, Mr. Farris was again a candidate and was defeated by the Hon. Mr. Farris by a majority of 388, an increase of 250 over the previous figures. It is quite likely that the coming election will see Mr. Farris and Mr. Carpenter will still further increase this majority over Mr. Woods and Mr. Slipp.

No county in this province has been better represented during the past ten years than the County of Queens. Mr. Farris and Mr. Carpenter are practical farmers, who know their county thoroughly, and its needs. Mr. Farris holds an important department in the government as Commissioner for Agriculture and administration of the county, and his ability and acceptance. Mr. Carpenter is a man who has had large experience in the management of the county speaker and is fully capable of seeing that Queens receives justice.

The people of that fine constituency are not likely to favor the candidature of the out-of-favor Wood and the out-of-favor Carpenter. There is no constituency in the province of New Brunswick that is safer for the government than the County of Queens.

THE SECRET BALLOT The opposition are basing some of their proposed confidence regarding the next election in the operation of the secret ballot, provision enacted by the government some time ago. No one, however, has recently, "will government employes at Moncton and elsewhere be hindered in the poll and forced to vote contrary to their convictions?"

eral) polled 4,663 and Mr. Powell (Conservative), 3,747, a Liberal majority of 946. In other words, the Liberal vote cast increased from 4,064 to 4,663 while the Conservative vote fell from 3,746 to 3,747, a net Liberal gain under the secret ballot of 426 majority.

In Moncton this the comparison is the most instructive. In 1905, under the so-called local government or open ballot, the average Liberal vote in Moncton was 1,942 and the average Conservative vote 2,058, an average Liberal majority of 521, or actually two to one.

In 1904, one year later, under the secret Dominion ballot Mr. Emmerson polled 1,245 and Powell 857, or 658 Liberal majority.

The opposition must find better ground for boasting than the secret ballot if they would convince the people that the present government majority of thirty-five seats in the legislature is not a gross fraud.

CHEAP SCHOOL BOOKS "If the price of school books is satisfactory, as contended by the government, why will it appoint a school book commission?" asks an opposition organ.

It has been no contention that the price of school books in New Brunswick is satisfactory. True, the price is lower here than in any other province, with the exception of the temporary barter system in Manitoba, but it by no means follows that the price is satisfactory.

As an matter of fact the only reason why the price is lower here than elsewhere is the fact that the price is set by the government. The government has set the price at a level that is not only fair, but it is also the best price that can be obtained.

From the variations from fact which are characteristic of the Opposition campaign in this election are too extreme and too frequently repeated in the face of correction to be accounted for thus charitably.

PERSONALITIES. If Robert Maxwell is really desirous, and we believe he is, that the campaign in this city should be conducted in a fair and dignified manner, he will do well to bring some further influence to bear upon the local opposition papers.

Two records contrasted. The government of New Brunswick is charged with extravagance and with increasing the public debt beyond what is necessary for the well being of the province.

CLEAN POLITICS IN KINGS Notwithstanding the failure of the conference between committees representing both parties at Hampton yesterday to frame a joint agreement for a pure election, the Liberals of Kings through their authorized committee have pledged to conduct a clean campaign, and to resist the efforts of their opponents.

At the conference, the Liberals, believing that they were having excellent ground for the belief that the Conservatives had accumulated a large campaign fund and had already used some of it for bribing voters, quite reasonably took the ground that the government was authorized to act for the Opposition in the matter should give its good faith by disavowing the charges of corruption, or, at least, by denying its complicity with them.

Indeed, so far from denying the fact that the Opposition committee in its formal declaration submitted yesterday's conference practically admitted their correctness, admitting that the Conservatives were the supporters of the party, they have availed of the opportunity to accuse the government of having used money and liquor to influence voters.

Even leaving out of consideration the fact that the government has made towards the other candidates and other supporters of the party—apart altogether from the fact that the government has made towards the other candidates and other supporters of the party—apart altogether from the fact that the government has made towards the other candidates and other supporters of the party.

Under the present system the government has made towards the other candidates and other supporters of the party—apart altogether from the fact that the government has made towards the other candidates and other supporters of the party—apart altogether from the fact that the government has made towards the other candidates and other supporters of the party.

Under the present system the government has made towards the other candidates and other supporters of the party—apart altogether from the fact that the government has made towards the other candidates and other supporters of the party—apart altogether from the fact that the government has made towards the other candidates and other supporters of the party.

ing the meetings would require about \$100 more. Allowing each candidate \$3 a day for expenses incidental upon travelling over the county for a month would add less than \$900. And this total of \$990 comprises all the really necessary legitimate expenses of conducting a country campaign.

Knowing, even from their own admissions, that the Conservatives have at least \$2,500 in addition to this, and having unquestionable evidence that this money is already being used to bribe voters—one definite instance in Springdale specified in the government committee's reply to the opposition's proposal yesterday—the Liberals believed they had strong ground for doubting the sincerity of the purity professions put forward by the opposition committee.

Particularly as one member of that committee was one of the men who held up Dr. Pearson. Consequently, the government committee required that previous to any joint agreement being entered into the opposition should publicly investigate or publicly deny the evidence which cast grave doubt upon the bona fides of their professed intentions.

The Sun's report of the Hampton meeting indicates that the opposition committee refused to meet these conditions. This course, it is believed, is not creditable grounds. If the Conservatives had worked honestly, they would not have desired to continue an honest campaign, the essential feature of which is a fair and easy method, and if they had been met and reasonable assurance given by the Conservatives, they would have been willing to meet them.

Under the present system the government has made towards the other candidates and other supporters of the party—apart altogether from the fact that the government has made towards the other candidates and other supporters of the party—apart altogether from the fact that the government has made towards the other candidates and other supporters of the party.

Under the present system the government has made towards the other candidates and other supporters of the party—apart altogether from the fact that the government has made towards the other candidates and other supporters of the party—apart altogether from the fact that the government has made towards the other candidates and other supporters of the party.

Under the present system the government has made towards the other candidates and other supporters of the party—apart altogether from the fact that the government has made towards the other candidates and other supporters of the party—apart altogether from the fact that the government has made towards the other candidates and other supporters of the party.

Under the present system the government has made towards the other candidates and other supporters of the party—apart altogether from the fact that the government has made towards the other candidates and other supporters of the party—apart altogether from the fact that the government has made towards the other candidates and other supporters of the party.

Under the present system the government has made towards the other candidates and other supporters of the party—apart altogether from the fact that the government has made towards the other candidates and other supporters of the party—apart altogether from the fact that the government has made towards the other candidates and other supporters of the party.

Under the present system the government has made towards the other candidates and other supporters of the party—apart altogether from the fact that the government has made towards the other candidates and other supporters of the party—apart altogether from the fact that the government has made towards the other candidates and other supporters of the party.

Under the present system the government has made towards the other candidates and other supporters of the party—apart altogether from the fact that the government has made towards the other candidates and other supporters of the party—apart altogether from the fact that the government has made towards the other candidates and other supporters of the party.

Under the present system the government has made towards the other candidates and other supporters of the party—apart altogether from the fact that the government has made towards the other candidates and other supporters of the party—apart altogether from the fact that the government has made towards the other candidates and other supporters of the party.

Under the present system the government has made towards the other candidates and other supporters of the party—apart altogether from the fact that the government has made towards the other candidates and other supporters of the party—apart altogether from the fact that the government has made towards the other candidates and other supporters of the party.

Under the present system the government has made towards the other candidates and other supporters of the party—apart altogether from the fact that the government has made towards the other candidates and other supporters of the party—apart altogether from the fact that the government has made towards the other candidates and other supporters of the party.

Under the present system the government has made towards the other candidates and other supporters of the party—apart altogether from the fact that the government has made towards the other candidates and other supporters of the party—apart altogether from the fact that the government has made towards the other candidates and other supporters of the party.

Under the present system the government has made towards the other candidates and other supporters of the party—apart altogether from the fact that the government has made towards the other candidates and other supporters of the party—apart altogether from the fact that the government has made towards the other candidates and other supporters of the party.

UNDERHAND WORK IN KINGS While not one Opposition paper has dared to challenge or even to comment upon Dr. George M. Pearson's vigorous protest against the dishonorable treatment accorded him by the Kings county machine, Opposition workers throughout the constituency are endeavoring to counteract, the effect of his exposure by underhand attacks in private canvases.

Being allowed to circulate freely, his statements are false and without foundation outside the disappointment of a "sore head" endeavoring to get even with better men whom he is envious; that the story of the promised nomination and the demanded contribution to the corruption fund are equally untrue.

It is evidently designed not to irritate Dr. Pearson by any attempt at public contradiction or explanation of his statement, and at the same time to destroy his influence and the effect of his revolt by covert knifing.

TACTICS THAT DO NOT PAY In any dispute between political parties there is room for a large degree of honest difference of opinion and honest difference of opinion and honest difference of opinion.

For instance, Mr. John Morrisey of Northumberland in his speech at an Opposition meeting in Sackville, Wednesday evening, as reported in the Standard, charged that the Opposition press, charged that the Opposition press, charged that the Opposition press.

For instance, Mr. John Morrisey of Northumberland in his speech at an Opposition meeting in Sackville, Wednesday evening, as reported in the Standard, charged that the Opposition press, charged that the Opposition press, charged that the Opposition press.

For instance, Mr. John Morrisey of Northumberland in his speech at an Opposition meeting in Sackville, Wednesday evening, as reported in the Standard, charged that the Opposition press, charged that the Opposition press, charged that the Opposition press.

For instance, Mr. John Morrisey of Northumberland in his speech at an Opposition meeting in Sackville, Wednesday evening, as reported in the Standard, charged that the Opposition press, charged that the Opposition press, charged that the Opposition press.

For instance, Mr. John Morrisey of Northumberland in his speech at an Opposition meeting in Sackville, Wednesday evening, as reported in the Standard, charged that the Opposition press, charged that the Opposition press, charged that the Opposition press.

For instance, Mr. John Morrisey of Northumberland in his speech at an Opposition meeting in Sackville, Wednesday evening, as reported in the Standard, charged that the Opposition press, charged that the Opposition press, charged that the Opposition press.

For instance, Mr. John Morrisey of Northumberland in his speech at an Opposition meeting in Sackville, Wednesday evening, as reported in the Standard, charged that the Opposition press, charged that the Opposition press, charged that the Opposition press.

For instance, Mr. John Morrisey of Northumberland in his speech at an Opposition meeting in Sackville, Wednesday evening, as reported in the Standard, charged that the Opposition press, charged that the Opposition press, charged that the Opposition press.

For instance, Mr. John Morrisey of Northumberland in his speech at an Opposition meeting in Sackville, Wednesday evening, as reported in the Standard, charged that the Opposition press, charged that the Opposition press, charged that the Opposition press.

For instance, Mr. John Morrisey of Northumberland in his speech at an Opposition meeting in Sackville, Wednesday evening, as reported in the Standard, charged that the Opposition press, charged that the Opposition press, charged that the Opposition press.

For instance, Mr. John Morrisey of Northumberland in his speech at an Opposition meeting in Sackville, Wednesday evening, as reported in the Standard, charged that the Opposition press, charged that the Opposition press, charged that the Opposition press.

For instance, Mr. John Morrisey of Northumberland in his speech at an Opposition meeting in Sackville, Wednesday evening, as reported in the Standard, charged that the Opposition press, charged that the Opposition press, charged that the Opposition press.

NORTHUMBERLAND IN LINE In 1903 Northumberland elected three opposition candidates, Messrs. Morrisey, Loggie and Morrison, the only survivor of the government ticket being A. Tweedie, the premier, whose success was probably more a tribute to himself personally and to his high office, than to the government.

The conditions which made this opposition success possible have been completely changed since then. These very influences which elected Mr. Morrisey, Mr. Loggie and Mr. Morrison are today the strongest guarantee of a sweeping victory for the four prominent and representative gentlemen who yesterday were chosen to carry the government standard.

In 1902 the most influential Liberals in Northumberland were actively against the government. Today Mr. Loggie, the premier, is giving it his hearty allegiance and support.

This change has not taken place in a day; it has been going on gradually for some time. In 1904 Mr. Loggie, who ran second on the opposition ticket in the provincial contest the year before, was elected as the Liberal candidate for St. John's. He was then an opposition candidate, and he was then an opposition candidate.

For instance, Mr. John Morrisey of Northumberland in his speech at an Opposition meeting in Sackville, Wednesday evening, as reported in the Standard, charged that the Opposition press, charged that the Opposition press, charged that the Opposition press.

For instance, Mr. John Morrisey of Northumberland in his speech at an Opposition meeting in Sackville, Wednesday evening, as reported in the Standard, charged that the Opposition press, charged that the Opposition press, charged that the Opposition press.

For instance, Mr. John Morrisey of Northumberland in his speech at an Opposition meeting in Sackville, Wednesday evening, as reported in the Standard, charged that the Opposition press, charged that the Opposition press, charged that the Opposition press.

For instance, Mr. John Morrisey of Northumberland in his speech at an Opposition meeting in Sackville, Wednesday evening, as reported in the Standard, charged that the Opposition press, charged that the Opposition press, charged that the Opposition press.

For instance, Mr. John Morrisey of Northumberland in his speech at an Opposition meeting in Sackville, Wednesday evening, as reported in the Standard, charged that the Opposition press, charged that the Opposition press, charged that the Opposition press.

For instance, Mr. John Morrisey of Northumberland in his speech at an Opposition meeting in Sackville, Wednesday evening, as reported in the Standard, charged that the Opposition press, charged that the Opposition press, charged that the Opposition press.

For instance, Mr. John Morrisey of Northumberland in his speech at an Opposition meeting in Sackville, Wednesday evening, as reported in the Standard, charged that the Opposition press, charged that the Opposition press, charged that the Opposition press.

For instance, Mr. John Morrisey of Northumberland in his speech at an Opposition meeting in Sackville, Wednesday evening, as reported in the Standard, charged that the Opposition press, charged that the Opposition press, charged that the Opposition press.

For instance, Mr. John Morrisey of Northumberland in his speech at an Opposition meeting in Sackville, Wednesday evening, as reported in the Standard, charged that the Opposition press, charged that the Opposition press, charged that the Opposition press.

For instance, Mr. John Morrisey of Northumberland in his speech at an Opposition meeting in Sackville, Wednesday evening, as reported in the Standard, charged that the Opposition press, charged that the Opposition press, charged that the Opposition press.

For instance, Mr. John Morrisey of Northumberland in his speech at an Opposition meeting in Sackville, Wednesday evening, as reported in the Standard, charged that the Opposition press, charged that the Opposition press, charged that the Opposition press.

For instance, Mr. John Morrisey of Northumberland in his speech at an Opposition meeting in Sackville, Wednesday evening, as reported in the Standard, charged that the Opposition press, charged that the Opposition press, charged that the Opposition press.

LIBERAL MEETING IN KENT Government Candidates Rousing Rec Everywhe

LIBERAL MEETING IN KENT

SHIPPING NEWS FOR THE WEEK

PORT OF ST. JOHN.

Arrived. Feb. 12-Sch Manuel R Cuzco, 258, Henderson, from Barbadoe, P McIntyre, bsr.

Sch Shenandoah, 2461, Healey, from London via Halifax, Wm Thomson and Co. general.

Sch Manchester Importer, 2558, from Halifax.

Domestic Ports. HALIFAX, N. S., Feb. 6.-Arr, str Laurentian, from Glasgow, and called for Boston; schr Havana, from New York.

HALIFAX, N. S., Feb. 9.-Arrived, str Dahome, Brunswick, Ga; Senlac, St. John, N. B. via ports.

HALIFAX, N. S., Feb. 9.-Arrived, str Tansian, Liverpool; Sardinian, St. John, N. B.; Hird, Parrsboro, N. S. Manchester Importer, Manchester.

Arrived 8th.-Str Empress of Ireland, St. John, N. B. (and sailed for Liverpool); Canadian, London; A W Ferry, Boston; Mackay Bennett, New York.

Sailed 9th.-Strs Tansian, St. John, N. B.; Dahome, Bermuda, West Indies and Demerara; Sardinian, London and Havre.

HALIFAX, N. S., Feb. 10.-Arr, sch Collector, from New York; str Senlac, from St. John, N. B. via ports; Ulunda, from Liverpool via St. John, N. B.

HALIFAX, Feb. 11.-Arr, str Beta, from Jamaica, Turks Island and Bermuda. Sid, str Ulunda, from Liverpool via St. John, N. B. (and sailed for St. John, N. B.; Pierre, Shenandoah, from St. John; Manchester Importer, for Manchester via St. John.

HALIFAX, N. S., Feb. 12.-Sid, str A W Perry, for Boston.

British Ports. LONDON, Feb. 6.-Sid, str St. John City, for Halifax and St. John, N. B.

MANCHESTER, Feb. 8.-Sid, str Manchester Exchange, St. John.

KINGSALE, Feb. 9.-Passed, str Gramplan, from St. John, N. B. and Halifax for Liverpool.

KINGSALE, Feb. 9.-Passed, str Manchester Mariner, from St. John, N. B. for Manchester.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 10.-Arr, str Manchester Mariner, from St. John, N. B. for Manchester.

GLASGOW, Feb. 9.-Sid, str Mongolian, for Philadelphia via St. John, N. B. and Halifax.

GLASGOW, Feb. 8.-Sid, str Alcides, from St. John, N. B. and Halifax.

GLASGOW, Feb. 8.-Arr, str Sicilian, from Philadelphia via St. John, N. B. and Halifax.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 9.-Arr, str Gramplan, from St. John, N. B. and Halifax.

GERALTA, Feb. 9.-Passed, str Nancy Lee, from Alexandria for Halifax.

MANCHESTER, Feb. 10.-Arr, str Manchester Mariner, from St. John.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 12.-Sid, str Lake Kaniche, for St. John, N. B. and Halifax.

BROW HEAD, Feb. 11.-Passed, str Lake Erie, from St. John, N. B. and Halifax for London and Antwerp.

DOWRY, Feb. 11.-Sid, str St. John City (from London), for Halifax and St. John, N. B.

CAPE RACE, N. F., Feb. 12.-Str Empress of Britain, from Liverpool for Halifax and St. John, N. B. was 230 miles east at 6.15 a. m.

Foreign Ports. PORTLAND, Me., Feb. 6.-Cid, str Cairnrod, for Leith.

ANTWERP, Feb. 5.-Sid, str Lake Michigan, for Halifax and St. John, N. B.

VENEYARD HAVEN, Mass., Feb. 6.-The southeast stern today has changed to moderate westerly winds with thick fog. No vessels arrived or departed from this port today. The following vessels are anchored here: Schrs W B & W L Tuck, from Philadelphia for Boston; A K McLean, from Philadelphia for Halifax.

NEW LONDON, Conn., Feb. 6.-Sid, str Lillian Blauvelt, from New York for Liverpool.

Cid, str Nevada, Feb. 6.-All the bay and river steamers are tied up here on account of a blizzard of snow and strong east winds.

NEW YORK, Feb. 6.-Arr, str Louisiana, from Copenhagen via Dartmouth; A W Perry, from Halifax; Prince Arthur, from Yarmouth, N. S.

Cid, str Nevada, Feb. 6.-Sid, str Mackay-Bennett, for Halifax; bark Alaska, for Puerto Madrin.

CHATHAM, Mass., Feb. 9.-Diminished west winds, clear at sunset, with rough sea.

BOSTON, Feb. 8.-Arrived, steamer Laurentian, from Halifax.

Subs.-Borgeson, from London; GULFPORT, Miss. Feb. 8.-Cleared, str Foster Rice, St. John.

CITY ISLAND, Feb. 8.-Bound south steamer Caspoda, Sydney, C B, via Portland, for New York.

Sailed, str Canada, for Liverpool; Louisa, for Sydney, N. S.

BOSTON, Feb. 9.-Arr, str Iberian, from Manchester; Toronto, from Hull; Prince Arthur, from Yarmouth, N. S.

Sailed, str Cambrian, for London; Borgeson, for Louisville, C. B.

DELAWARE BREAKWATER, Del.

Feb. 9.-Passed up, str Siberian, from Glasgow via Liverpool, St. John, N. B. and Halifax, N. S. for Philadelphia.

PORTLAND, Me., Feb. 10.-Arr, str Cornishman, from Liverpool; Ring, from Parrsboro, N. S.; North Star, from New York.

Cleared, str Louisa, for Sydney, C B; Cornishman, for Liverpool.

YOKOHAMA, Feb. 8.-Sid, str Montecagle, for Vancouver.

BOSTON, Feb. 10.-Arr, str Catalone, from Liverpool, C B.

Cleared, str Queen Alexandra, for New York; Michigan, for Liverpool; bark Ashmore, for Bahia Blanca.

PORTLAND, Me., Feb. 11.-Cid, str Ring, for Parrsboro, N. S.

Sid, strs Iowa, from London; Ontario, for Glasgow; Louisville, for Sydney, C B.

SALEM, Mass., Feb. 11.-Sch Vera E Roberts remains fast in the ice in the harbor with her captain sick and under medical treatment.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., Feb. 12.-Arr, str Wanola, from Baltimore for Halifax.

YOKOHAMA, Feb. 12.-Arrived previously, str Empress of China, from Vancouver for Hong Kong.

ROCKLAND, Me., Feb. 12.-Sid, str Circle, for Oporto, via New York.

PORTLAND, Me., Feb. 12.-Arr, str Cacoua, from Sydney, C B.

BOSTON, Mass., Feb. 12.-Arr, str S Haskell, from Halifax and New York for Portland (anchored in Roads for a harbor).

Sid, strs Cyrric, for Liverpool; Michigan, for do; Indramania, for New York.

Below, a foreign steamer, possibly Daitohall, from Rotterdam and Calcutta, for Oporto, via New York.

Cid, strs Marquette, for Antwerp via Philadelphia; Toronto, for Hull via New York; Mystic, for Louisville, C B; bark Queen, for Rosar, Signe, for Buenos Ayres; schr Aldine, for La Have, N. S.

Shipping Notes. Capt. W. H. Logan left for Aggle River yesterday to look into the stranding of the schooner Anna Blanche. The cargo and hull are insured with Wm. Thomson & Co.

Sch G. M. Cochran, Capt. Innes, arrived at Yarmouth on Monday from Philadelphia with hard coal. The Cochran had a hard experience in the late storm. The cabin was smashed in and flooded and all the sails except three, were torn so badly that they were useless. The Cochran arrived under two trysails and one jib. She was covered with ice from stem to stern. A heavy sea, which boarded her, struck the mate, George Emerson, of Annapolis, and injured him so badly that upon arrival he was sent to the marine hospital for treatment. Capt. Innes reports that on Saturday he spoke the tern schooner Alexandra, bound to Yarmouth, from a southern port. The vessel was having a hard time of it and many of her sails had been destroyed.

The captain of the Italian bark Affezione, at Halifax, wants to borrow \$4,000 on a bottomry bond, in order to complete repairs to his vessel.

The coal steamer Cape Breton, which arrived in port yesterday, was ice covered from stem to stern.

A telegram from Vroom & Arnold announces that the vessel owned by Daley, lumber laden, from Weymouth, Cardenas, has been ashore near Cardenas and was floated by salvors. The extent of the damage is not known. The vessel is owned by Urban Doucet, Meteghan, and others.

LONDON, Feb. 6.-Str. La Campine is ashore at Antwerp. The fire was caused by an explosion in the boiler. The vessel was having a hard time of it and many of her sails had been destroyed.

Str. Eagle Point, from London Jan. 25 in lat. 45, lon. 40, with her stak broken. The captain of the Eagle Point refused assistance.

MOBILE, Ala., Feb. 5.-Bark Reynard, Reynard, from Port Spain, before reported partly dismasted, arrived here yesterday under own sail.

NEW YORK, Feb. 6.-Str. Prinz Sigismund (Ger), from Savanilla, etc., reports 6th, ten miles SSE of Barnacat, passed a spar and a boom, apparently attached to a submerged wreck.

LONDON, Feb. 6.-Str Vincent cables that part of the cargo of bark Strathgairn, from St. John, N. B., for Rosario, before reported ashore at Kingston, has been discharged; vessel is now ashore; leaks considerably; will hold a survey as soon as it is practicable; cargo wet and in a damaged condition.

The burning hull of str. St. Cuthbert (before reported) was situated about 5 a. m. last Tuesday by str. Stratendam (Dutch), which arrived at New York Thursday from Rotterdam. The wreck was wrapped in flames from stem to stern. The position of the str. Cuthbert was then about fifty miles SE. of Cape Sable.

Str. Bermudian, which arrived at New York Thursday from Bermuda, Feb. 12.-Arrived at New York.

BALTIMORE, Md., Feb. 6.-The ice field extends from the head of the bay to Sharp's Island and the ship channel is blocked so that only vessels of the most powerful type can get through. The ice has dragged out of position several channel markings, making navigation more hazardous.

PERDANDINA, Feb. 5.-Sch. Andrew Pierce Jr., Smith, from Calbarien, arrived in distress; set all sails and rudder; protest noted; survey called.

MOBILE, Feb. 3.-Sch. Laura C, before reported, arrived here yesterday from the west side of the channel at Beach 14, still remains there.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 6.-A special report from Fort Cortez reports str. Anselm, Rivera, struck a reef, is ashore near the same place where str. Alps was lost; cargo a total loss. Gunboat Marietta, also gone from Fort Cortez to render assistance.

NEW YORK, Feb. 6.-Str. Kansas City, from Bristol, etc., reports Jan. 25, lat. 42.14, lon. 46.45, passed a can buoy with red and blue stripes.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 6.-Sch. Wm Nottingham, from New York March 9 via Bermuda and Melbourne, from the latter port Oct. 9, arrived here today. She is bound to Seattle.

SAN DIEGO, Jan. 30.-Str. Perdena, from Olatu for Guaymas, previously reported in here in distress, and is now at San Diego and is short of fuel. She sustained damage about decks. One of crew was killed and another injured during a hurricane.

VENEYARD HAVEN, Mass., Feb. 7.-Sch. Ellen Little, from Turks Island for Boston, reports, lat. 33, lon. 70.45, lat. 43.14, lon. 46.45, passed a can buoy with red and blue stripes.

Spenser, had forward house stove in, lost small boat and split rudder. Will be towed to Boston by tug Orion. The small sch. Breakdown, of 20 tons, was driven ashore at West Bay in last Saturday night's gale and had a couple of small boats knocked in. Outside of that was not damaged, and on account of being thrown up so high on the beach, will take no further damage this winter and can get off in the spring, and the two men who composed her crew left for home in Cornwallis on Tuesday afternoon.

PARRSORO, N. S., Feb. 6.-Parties at Eatonville, N. S. report a large government buoy drift out of that place, supposed to have come from Quaco or St. John.

MOBILE, Feb. 4.-Sch. Laura C, before reported, remains ashore, well out of the channel, on the west bank, near beacon No. 14. As soon as a good tide comes boats will be sent to float her.

Sch Julia A Berkele, from South America for Nantucket, lost mainmast, broke main boom and had stem damaged; will make necessary repairs here, procure another sail and proceed first favorable wind.

NEW YORK, Feb. 7.-Str. Caribbee, from Matanzas, reports, Feb. 6, 8.4E, magnetic, from Barnegat Lighthouse, distant 56 miles, passed a spar about 8 feet out of water, apparently attached to wreck.

Str. City of Columbus, from Savannah for New York, reports by wireless Thursday, 6th, at 1.40 p. m., passed sunken four-masted schooner, with about 10 feet of masts out of water, Cape Lookout lightship, bearing N. by E. 1/2 E. 12 miles distant.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.-Capt. Fisher, 8, at 8 a. m., reported by wireless E by N 3/4 N, luster 8, mist, passed a piece of wreckage showing date, at 1.50 p. m. It also thought that most of the cargo has gone to sea.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.-Capt. Fisher, 8, at 8 a. m., reported by wireless E by N 3/4 N, luster 8, mist, passed a piece of wreckage showing date, at 1.50 p. m. It also thought that most of the cargo has gone to sea.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.-Capt. Fisher, 8, at 8 a. m., reported by wireless E by N 3/4 N, luster 8, mist, passed a piece of wreckage showing date, at 1.50 p. m. It also thought that most of the cargo has gone to sea.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.-Capt. Fisher, 8, at 8 a. m., reported by wireless E by N 3/4 N, luster 8, mist, passed a piece of wreckage showing date, at 1.50 p. m. It also thought that most of the cargo has gone to sea.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.-Capt. Fisher, 8, at 8 a. m., reported by wireless E by N 3/4 N, luster 8, mist, passed a piece of wreckage showing date, at 1.50 p. m. It also thought that most of the cargo has gone to sea.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.-Capt. Fisher, 8, at 8 a. m., reported by wireless E by N 3/4 N, luster 8, mist, passed a piece of wreckage showing date, at 1.50 p. m. It also thought that most of the cargo has gone to sea.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.-Capt. Fisher, 8, at 8 a. m., reported by wireless E by N 3/4 N, luster 8, mist, passed a piece of wreckage showing date, at 1.50 p. m. It also thought that most of the cargo has gone to sea.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.-Capt. Fisher, 8, at 8 a. m., reported by wireless E by N 3/4 N, luster 8, mist, passed a piece of wreckage showing date, at 1.50 p. m. It also thought that most of the cargo has gone to sea.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.-Capt. Fisher, 8, at 8 a. m., reported by wireless E by N 3/4 N, luster 8, mist, passed a piece of wreckage showing date, at 1.50 p. m. It also thought that most of the cargo has gone to sea.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.-Capt. Fisher, 8, at 8 a. m., reported by wireless E by N 3/4 N, luster 8, mist, passed a piece of wreckage showing date, at 1.50 p. m. It also thought that most of the cargo has gone to sea.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.-Capt. Fisher, 8, at 8 a. m., reported by wireless E by N 3/4 N, luster 8, mist, passed a piece of wreckage showing date, at 1.50 p. m. It also thought that most of the cargo has gone to sea.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.-Capt. Fisher, 8, at 8 a. m., reported by wireless E by N 3/4 N, luster 8, mist, passed a piece of wreckage showing date, at 1.50 p. m. It also thought that most of the cargo has gone to sea.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.-Capt. Fisher, 8, at 8 a. m., reported by wireless E by N 3/4 N, luster 8, mist, passed a piece of wreckage showing date, at 1.50 p. m. It also thought that most of the cargo has gone to sea.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.-Capt. Fisher, 8, at 8 a. m., reported by wireless E by N 3/4 N, luster 8, mist, passed a piece of wreckage showing date, at 1.50 p. m. It also thought that most of the cargo has gone to sea.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.-Capt. Fisher, 8, at 8 a. m., reported by wireless E by N 3/4 N, luster 8, mist, passed a piece of wreckage showing date, at 1.50 p. m. It also thought that most of the cargo has gone to sea.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.-Capt. Fisher, 8, at 8 a. m., reported by wireless E by N 3/4 N, luster 8, mist, passed a piece of wreckage showing date, at 1.50 p. m. It also thought that most of the cargo has gone to sea.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.-Capt. Fisher, 8, at 8 a. m., reported by wireless E by N 3/4 N, luster 8, mist, passed a piece of wreckage showing date, at 1.50 p. m. It also thought that most of the cargo has gone to sea.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.-Capt. Fisher, 8, at 8 a. m., reported by wireless E by N 3/4 N, luster 8, mist, passed a piece of wreckage showing date, at 1.50 p. m. It also thought that most of the cargo has gone to sea.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.-Capt. Fisher, 8, at 8 a. m., reported by wireless E by N 3/4 N, luster 8, mist, passed a piece of wreckage showing date, at 1.50 p. m. It also thought that most of the cargo has gone to sea.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.-Capt. Fisher, 8, at 8 a. m., reported by wireless E by N 3/4 N, luster 8, mist, passed a piece of wreckage showing date, at 1.50 p. m. It also thought that most of the cargo has gone to sea.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.-Capt. Fisher, 8, at 8 a. m., reported by wireless E by N 3/4 N, luster 8, mist, passed a piece of wreckage showing date, at 1.50 p. m. It also thought that most of the cargo has gone to sea.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.-Capt. Fisher, 8, at 8 a. m., reported by wireless E by N 3/4 N, luster 8, mist, passed a piece of wreckage showing date, at 1.50 p. m. It also thought that most of the cargo has gone to sea.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.-Capt. Fisher, 8, at 8 a. m., reported by wireless E by N 3/4 N, luster 8, mist, passed a piece of wreckage showing date, at 1.50 p. m. It also thought that most of the cargo has gone to sea.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.-Capt. Fisher, 8, at 8 a. m., reported by wireless E by N 3/4 N, luster 8, mist, passed a piece of wreckage showing date, at 1.50 p. m. It also thought that most of the cargo has gone to sea.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.-Capt. Fisher, 8, at 8 a. m., reported by wireless E by N 3/4 N, luster 8, mist, passed a piece of wreckage showing date, at 1.50 p. m. It also thought that most of the cargo has gone to sea.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.-Capt. Fisher, 8, at 8 a. m., reported by wireless E by N 3/4 N, luster 8, mist, passed a piece of wreckage showing date, at 1.50 p. m. It also thought that most of the cargo has gone to sea.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.-Capt. Fisher, 8, at 8 a. m., reported by wireless E by N 3/4 N, luster 8, mist, passed a piece of wreckage showing date, at 1.50 p. m. It also thought that most of the cargo has gone to sea.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.-Capt. Fisher, 8, at 8 a. m., reported by wireless E by N 3/4 N, luster 8, mist, passed a piece of wreckage showing date, at 1.50 p. m. It also thought that most of the cargo has gone to sea.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.-Capt. Fisher, 8, at 8 a. m., reported by wireless E by N 3/4 N, luster 8, mist, passed a piece of wreckage showing date, at 1.50 p. m. It also thought that most of the cargo has gone to sea.

several channel markings, making navigation more hazardous.

PERDANDINA, Feb. 5.-Sch. Andrew Pierce Jr., Smith, from Calbarien, arrived in distress; set all sails and rudder; protest noted; survey called.

MOBILE, Feb. 3.-Sch. Laura C, before reported, arrived here yesterday from the west side of the channel at Beach 14, still remains there.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 6.-A special report from Fort Cortez reports str. Anselm, Rivera, struck a reef, is ashore near the same place where str. Alps was lost; cargo a total loss. Gunboat Marietta, also gone from Fort Cortez to render assistance.

NEW YORK, Feb. 6.-Str. Kansas City, from Bristol, etc., reports Jan. 25, lat. 42.14, lon. 46.45, passed a can buoy with red and blue stripes.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 6.-Sch. Wm Nottingham, from New York March 9 via Bermuda and Melbourne, from the latter port Oct. 9, arrived here today. She is bound to Seattle.

SAN DIEGO, Jan. 30.-Str. Perdena, from Olatu for Guaymas, previously reported in here in distress, and is now at San Diego and is short of fuel. She sustained damage about decks. One of crew was killed and another injured during a hurricane.

VENEYARD HAVEN, Mass., Feb. 7.-Sch. Ellen Little, from Turks Island for Boston, reports, lat. 33, lon. 70.45, lat. 43.14, lon. 46.45, passed a can buoy with red and blue stripes.

Spenser, had forward house stove in, lost small boat and split rudder. Will be towed to Boston by tug Orion. The small sch. Breakdown, of 20 tons, was driven ashore at West Bay in last Saturday night's gale and had a couple of small boats knocked in. Outside of that was not damaged, and on account of being thrown up so high on the beach, will take no further damage this winter and can get off in the spring, and the two men who composed her crew left for home in Cornwallis on Tuesday afternoon.

PARRSORO, N. S., Feb. 6.-Parties at Eatonville, N. S. report a large government buoy drift out of that place, supposed to have come from Quaco or St. John.

MOBILE, Feb. 4.-Sch. Laura C, before reported, remains ashore, well out of the channel, on the west bank, near beacon No. 14. As soon as a good tide comes boats will be sent to float her.

Sch Julia A Berkele, from South America for Nantucket, lost mainmast, broke main boom and had stem damaged; will make necessary repairs here, procure another sail and proceed first favorable wind.

NEW YORK, Feb. 7.-Str. Caribbee, from Matanzas, reports, Feb. 6, 8.4E, magnetic, from Barnegat Lighthouse, distant 56 miles, passed a spar about 8 feet out of water, apparently attached to wreck.

Str. City of Columbus, from Savannah for New York, reports by wireless Thursday, 6th, at 1.40 p. m., passed sunken four-masted schooner, with about 10 feet of masts out of water, Cape Lookout lightship, bearing N. by E. 1/2 E. 12 miles distant.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.-Capt. Fisher, 8, at 8 a. m., reported by wireless E by N 3/4 N, luster 8, mist, passed a piece of wreckage showing date, at 1.50 p. m. It also thought that most of the cargo has gone to sea.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.-Capt. Fisher, 8, at 8 a. m., reported by wireless E by N 3/4 N, luster 8, mist, passed a piece of wreckage showing date, at 1.50 p. m. It also thought that most of the cargo has gone to sea.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.-Capt. Fisher, 8, at 8 a. m., reported by wireless E by N 3/4 N, luster 8, mist, passed a piece of wreckage showing date, at 1.50 p. m. It also thought that most of the cargo has gone to sea.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.-Capt. Fisher, 8, at 8 a. m., reported by wireless E by N 3/4 N, luster 8, mist, passed a piece of wreckage showing date, at 1.50 p. m. It also thought that most of the cargo has gone to sea.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.-Capt. Fisher, 8, at 8 a. m., reported by wireless E by N 3/4 N, luster 8, mist, passed a piece of wreckage showing date, at 1.50 p. m. It also thought that most of the cargo has gone to sea.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.-Capt. Fisher, 8, at 8 a. m., reported by wireless E by N 3/4 N, luster 8, mist, passed a piece of wreckage showing date, at 1.50 p. m. It also thought that most of the cargo has gone to sea.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.-Capt. Fisher, 8, at 8 a. m., reported by wireless E by N 3/4 N, luster 8, mist, passed a piece of wreckage showing date, at 1.50 p. m. It also thought that most of the cargo has gone to sea.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.-Capt. Fisher, 8, at 8 a. m., reported by wireless E by N 3/4 N, luster 8, mist, passed a piece of wreckage showing date, at 1.50 p. m. It also thought that most of the cargo has gone to sea.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.-Capt. Fisher, 8, at 8 a. m., reported by wireless E by N 3/4 N, luster 8, mist, passed a piece of wreckage showing date, at 1.50 p. m. It also thought that most of the cargo has gone to sea.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.-Capt. Fisher, 8, at 8 a. m., reported by wireless E by N 3/4 N, luster 8, mist, passed a piece of wreckage showing date, at 1.50 p. m. It also thought that most of the cargo has gone to sea.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.-Capt. Fisher, 8, at 8 a. m., reported by wireless E by N 3/4 N, luster 8, mist, passed a piece of wreckage showing date, at 1.50 p. m. It also thought that most of the cargo has gone to sea.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.-Capt. Fisher, 8, at 8 a. m., reported by wireless E by N 3/4 N, luster 8, mist, passed a piece of wreckage showing date, at 1.50 p. m. It also thought that most of the cargo has gone to sea.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.-Capt. Fisher, 8, at 8 a. m., reported by wireless E by N 3/4 N, luster 8, mist, passed a piece of wreckage showing date, at 1.50 p. m. It also thought that most of the cargo has gone to sea.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.-Capt. Fisher, 8, at 8 a. m., reported by wireless E by N 3/4 N, luster 8, mist, passed a piece of wreckage showing date, at 1.50 p. m. It also thought that most of the cargo has gone to sea.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.-Capt. Fisher, 8, at 8 a. m., reported by wireless E by N 3/4 N, luster 8, mist, passed a piece of wreckage showing date, at 1.50 p. m. It also thought that most of the cargo has gone to sea.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.-Capt. Fisher, 8, at 8 a. m., reported by wireless E by N 3/4 N, luster 8, mist, passed a piece of wreckage showing date, at 1.50 p. m. It also thought that most of the cargo has gone to sea.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.-Capt. Fisher, 8, at 8 a. m., reported by wireless E by N 3/4 N, luster 8, mist, passed a piece of wreckage showing date, at 1.50 p. m. It also thought that most of the cargo has gone to sea.

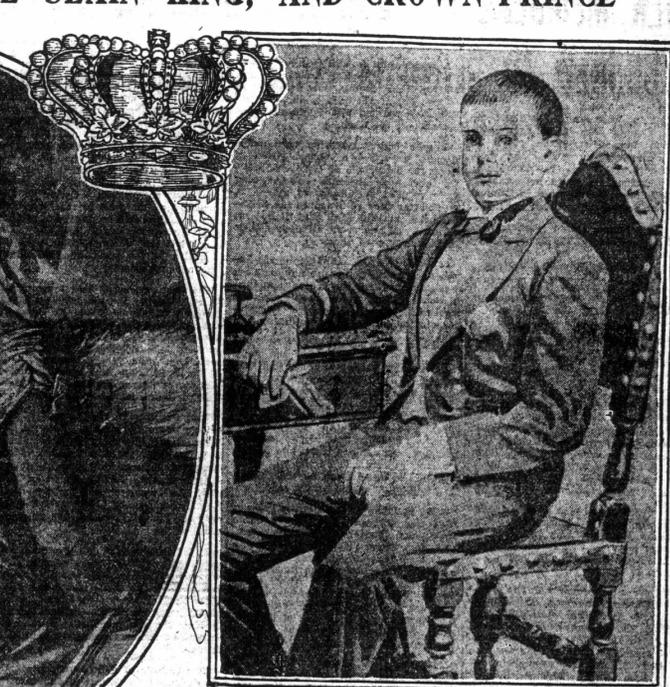
NEW KING OF PORTUGAL, HIS MOTHER AND THE SLAIN KING, AND CROWN PRINCE



Dom Carlos, the Assassinated King.



Luiza Philippa, the Crown Princess.



Manuel, the New King.

HELPS INSANE LOVER ESCAPE; NURSE FIRED

NORRISTOWN, Feb. 10.—Falling in love with a crazy patient, whom she aided to escape, cost a woman nurse her position in the hospital for the insane here.

PASTOR SAYS GIRLS ARE CACKLING PARROTS

TEKONSHA, Mich., Feb. 10.—The members of the Presbyterian church of this village have for some months been growing restive under the criticism of their pastor, the Rev. William McPheters.

As already announced, Manuel, the second son of the murdered King Carlos, has been formally proclaimed king. A recent picture is shown of the late crown prince, Luiza Philippa, who was assassinated by the same volley which slew his father. The queen mother is expected to exert great influence over the boy king, who is devoted to her.

KINGS COUNTY LIBERALS ARE PLEDGED TO PURITY

Joint Agreement Failed and Liberal Pledge is Voluntary and Regardless of Conservative Methods.

Negotiations for Mutual Purity Effort Fell Through, Because Opposition Refused to Give Evidence of Good Faith by Investigating or Denying Charges That Party is Already Using Corrupt Methods.



DUNCAN H. McALLISTER, M. D.

HAMPTON, N. B., Feb. 10.—The committees appointed by the government and opposition parties in the county of Kings, to see what agreement could be arrived at looking toward a pure election, met this morning in the Court House.

While heartily approving the proposals for an absolutely clean election, the government committee produced evidence that the opposition were already practicing corrupt methods and refused to act with the opposition committee unless this alleged corruption was investigated or denied.

It is well known that for some time the opposition has had the collection of an election corruption fund in hand and had been singularly successful in the case of at least two of their candidates.

At the nominating convention of the opposition party in Kings County on Thursday, January 30th, 1908, at Hampton, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

1. That no money shall be paid, either directly or indirectly for the purchase of votes.
2. That no intoxicating liquor shall be furnished to voters, either by the candidates or by their agents for use in this election.
3. That no entertainment shall be furnished to voters by the candidates or their agents either on the day of polling or on nomination day.
4. That no money, tickets or passes shall be supplied by the candidates, or their agents, to provide railway transportation to voters, either to the polls or to nomination proceedings.

misunderstanding that may have arisen between any person discussed as a possible opposition candidate in this election and supporters of the Opposition party is utterly and absolutely apart from the question at issue.

With these facts before you we request that the representatives of the Government party in this county make such arrangements with the representatives of the Opposition party as will insure the carrying of an absolutely clean contest in the present campaign.

JAS. A. MOORE (Chairman), F. C. BOGART, A. B. SMITH, S. A. McLEOD.

At the suggestion of a member of the joint committee, recess was taken for an hour or so to enable the Government committee to consider the proposals and reply to them.

Ora P. King, the chairman of the Government committee, submitted their answer when the committees met again at 12 o'clock, as follows:

Whereas, the undersigned committee has been appointed at a convention of the Local Government party to confer with the committee of the Opposition, who requested that such committee be named to meet their committee, for the purpose of endeavoring to secure a pure election in Kings County;

And, whereas it has become public and notorious through the public press and it has been stated directly to members of this committee, that Samuel A. McLeod, William McLeod and M. W. Doherty, a committee representing the opposition party for Kings County, did approach Dr. George N. Pearson, an announced candidate for the Opposition party, and state to said Pearson that George B. Jones, another candidate of the same party, had agreed to contribute \$1000 as his share of a campaign fund to be raised for election purposes, and did request said Dr. Pearson to contribute a similar sum for the purposes aforesaid;

And, whereas the said Samuel A. McLeod, a member of the local opposition committee, appointed by the local opposition party to confer with the undersigned, was and is the same Samuel A. McLeod, and with William McLeod and M. W. Doherty approached the said Dr. George N. Pearson and requested that he contribute a sum of money for the election purposes aforesaid as a condition precedent to his receiving the nomination of the Opposition party;

And, whereas it is understood by your committee that said Samuel A. McLeod, William McLeod and M. W. Doherty stated to the said George N. Pearson that he would be expected to contribute a like amount with the said George B. Jones, that is to say, the sum of \$1000;

And, whereas since the appointment of the undersigned committee to confer with the undersigned committee regarding a pure election in Kings County, it has come to the knowledge of the undersigned committee that the Opposition party has offered to a resident of the Parish of Sprinkfield, who was going to work in the woods in the Parish of Kings, and who is a supporter of the Government party, a certain financial consideration to remain in the woods until after the third day of March and not come to the poll and vote, which facts the undersigned committee are prepared to verify;

And, whereas this committee of the local Government party is sincerely desirous of having this election conducted on pure principles, and wishes hereby to place the Government party on record as being in favor of purity in elections.

Therefore resolved that in view of the above statement of facts which so far remain uncontradicted and which indicate on the part of the Opposition party an entire absence of good faith and a lack of intention to adhere to the proposals contained in their statement delivered to us today, this committee respectfully declines to act in conjunction with the Opposition committee until such time as the facts herein contained are publicly investigated and publicly denied.

ORA P. KING, HENRY GILBERT, H. P. ROBINSON, J. M. SCOVIL.

When the opposition committee had heard the reply, which was accompanied by the verbal assurance of Mr. King that his committee would meet the opposition's representatives at any time they were ready to go further into the matter, some of the opposition men abruptly declared that the negotiations were off and nothing could be done; others pleaded to forget the fact



MAJOR O. W. WETMORE.

O. W. Wetmore is not only a trolful farmer's candidate, but for many years he has been in the eye of provincial people as a man who takes the greatest interest in militia affairs. In this he has followed in the footsteps of his ancestors.

Notwithstanding the marked success he has met with in his chosen vocation he is the most unassuming of men, earnest in all that he undertakes and upright to a degree that has made him conspicuous for square and just dealing.

He has not led a selfish life. The interests of the people have always been close to his heart. He has from year to year striven to better the conditions which surround the farmers, to make their calling more prosperous and their lives happier.

The major has won a place upon the Biscay team—the highest honor for Canadian riflemen—six times.

Upon the drill grounds at Sussex he is best known. There he is a splendid officer, always in sympathy with his men. The gold lace makes no difference in this man. He is the private's friend as well as their officer. The kindly ways of Major Wetmore have settled many an angry dispute easier than harsh measures. Many a citizen soldier will be glad of the chance to give the major a vote, no matter what his politics are.

ORA P. KING, HENRY GILBERT, H. P. ROBINSON, J. M. SCOVIL.

When the opposition committee had heard the reply, which was accompanied by the verbal assurance of Mr. King that his committee would meet the opposition's representatives at any time they were ready to go further into the matter, some of the opposition men abruptly declared that the negotiations were off and nothing could be done; others pleaded to forget the fact

that the opposition candidates had already contributed \$1,000 each to this campaign fund and "let bygones be bygones."

Mr. McLeod denied positively that he had ever requested Dr. Pearson to contribute \$1,000, but on being asked to put that statement in writing declined to do so.

Chairman Moore asked if the government committee were sure or not that Dr. Pearson had been asked to contribute to the campaign fund and he received such emphatic assurance of that fact that he said no more. The opposition committee refused then to reply to the government committee's answer or to give them any promise that they would meet them again to discuss the matter, and the members upon both sides left the building.

It was stated afterward that had the opposition committee met the issue squarely, condemned any measures that had been made to corrupt the county, repudiated the collection of large nomination fees from candidates and demanded an investigation into the Springfield bribery incident with a view of thoroughly cleansing themselves from the taint of suspicion, the government committee would have cheerfully participated in their attempt to have the election conducted on a clean basis.

After the conclusion of the conference the members of the government committee met and passed the following resolution:

Whereas the committee appointed by the local Government party to confer with the committee from the local Opposition party with a view to securing a pure ballot in the coming election has met this day with the said Opposition committee;

And, whereas the said Opposition committee after an interview with us has by its own action ended all negotiations with this committee;

And, whereas this committee is particularly desirous that on the part of the Government a pure election be held in this county;

And, whereas the resolution submitted by this committee to the joint committee involves the vital principles of purity in election, the statement of which principles, the said Opposition committee has entirely ignored by its refusal to reply to the said resolution offered by this committee;

Therefore resolved that this committee can take no further action under the resolution covering its appointment.

And further resolved that the Government party in Kings County is pledged hereby to adhere strictly to the principles of purity in this election without reference to any agreement or understanding with the Opposition party.

ORA P. KING, HENRY GILBERT, J. M. SCOVIL, H. P. ROBINSON.



GEORGE G. G. SCOVIL.

No representative of the people

wants a better title than "the people's friend."

George Scovil has won that in Kings County. For more than twenty years he has worked for them, and for all that time he has enjoyed the confidence of the people of the neighboring county. Election after election he has been associated with brilliant men, with orators and statesmen, and yet the electors of Kings have found no man they like better and think worthier of support than G. G. Scovil.

To attend to the wants of the people, and no one but a representative knows how many and varied they are, requires the exercise of experience and tact. Mr. Scovil possesses these in an eminent degree. His sympathies are with the people, their pursuits are his pursuits, their worries are his and so it is not surprising that his name is fairly understood. Hard headed party men have split their tickets to give G. G. Scovil a vote. The recognition of a manly attempt to do what is right is sure to be given by fair minded men and if good service, incessant attention to the needs of the public, and a cordial feeling toward all men can win him support G. G. Scovil will surely obtain it.

PLANNING FOR CLEAN ELECTION IN WESTMORLAND CO.

MONCTON, N. B., Feb. 10.—Having in view a clean election in this county at the forthcoming contest, an organization was formed in Moncton at a meeting yesterday afternoon towards that end, attended by representatives from all over the county. The meeting passed a resolution that a fund be raised to prosecute all violators of the election law, to employ detectives to watch the polling booths with a view to securing evidence, defray all expenses connected with the printing of posters and the conduct of a general campaign of education. A clause for offering of rewards to individuals who would inform on bribers was struck out as undesirable.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Feb. 10.—The mills of the British Hosiery Company in Thornton went on an eight-hour schedule today. The short time policy is due to a falling off in orders. The mills employ 250 hands.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

CURE SICK HEAD

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Distress, Nausea, Headaches, Dizziness after eating, Pains in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable feature is curing

SICK HEAD

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if only cured

HEADACHE

Ache they would be almost useless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately Carter's Little Liver Pills are so easy to take, who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

In the face of so many lives that have been saved by the use of these pills, it is not surprising that they are so popular. One or two pills make a dose. They are so easy to take, who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

CARTER MEDICINE CO., NEW YORK.
Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

