

# THE ANGLO-SAXON

Devoted to the interests of the Loyal and Protestant Anglo-Saxons of British America and to the Sons of England Society.

VOL. III.—No. 7.

OTTAWA, MARCH, 1890.

50 CENTS A YEAR.

Lodge Cards under this head will be inserted at the rate of One Dollar per Year.



## Sons of England Society.

### LODGE DIRECTORY.

**Almonte.**  
Nelson No. 43, Almonte—Meets alternate Fridays at their hall, Mill st. Visiting brethren welcome. Jas. H. Bennett, Sec. A. G. Horton, Pres. Box 33.

**Barrie.**  
Northampton No. 28, Barrie—Meets on the 2nd and 4th Wednesdays of each month in the Foresters' Hall, Dundas st. Fred. Edwards, Pres. Geo. Whitbread, Sec. Allendale, Barrie.

**Belleville.**  
Oxford No. 17, Belleville—Meets on the 1st and 3rd Tuesdays of each month at their Hall, Front st. H. Tammdage, Sec. Thos. Waymark, Pres. Belleville.

**Bowmanville.**  
Wellington No. 19, Bowmanville—Meets on the 1st and 3rd Tuesdays of each month in the Sons of England Hall, Bousnell's Block. Visiting brethren always welcome. W. E. Pothick, Pres. J. H. Kemner, Sec.

**Brockton.**  
Birmingham No. 63, Brockton—Meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month at Parsons Hall, Brockton. Chas. Cashmore, Sec. F. Wootton, Pres. 237 Gladstone Ave.

**Brockville.**  
Suffolk No. 57, Brockville—Meets every 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month in their Hall, No. 208 King street. Visiting brethren made welcome. Arthur C. Bacon, Sec. W. White, Pres. Box 17.

**Collingwood.**  
Canterbury No. 34, Collingwood—Meets every 2nd and 4th Fridays in Union Hall. V. M. Durnford, Sec. Collingwood. Robt. Nash, Pres.

**Cornwall.**  
Victoria No. 12, Cornwall—Meets alternate Wednesdays in Colquhoun Block. Visiting members welcome. Frank Nelson, Sec. Robt. Carson, Pres. Cornwall.

**Eglington.**  
Sherwood No. 70, Eglington—Meets 2nd and 4th Tuesdays in each month at the Town Hall, Eglington. Fred. Brooks, Sec. T. Moore, Pres. Deer Park.

**Exeter.**  
Flymouth No. 63, Exeter, Ont.—Meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each and every month in the L.O.O.F. Hall, Main st. Wm. Sanders, Sec. Daniel Davis, Pres. Advocate office.

**Galt.**  
Royal Oak No. 36, Galt—Meets on alternate Wednesdays at Foresters' Hall, cor. Main and South Water streets. Chas. Squire, Sec. Chas. Brett, Jr., Pres. Richmond Ave.

**Guelph.**  
Royal City No. 73, Guelph—Meets on the 2nd and 4th Thursdays in the month, in the hall in Towell's Block. W. M. Stanley, Sec. Harry Bolton, Pres. Box 210.

**Hamilton.**  
Branksome No. 8, Hamilton—Meets the 1st and 3rd Tuesdays of every month in St. George's Hall, cor. King William and James sts. Visiting brethren welcome. James Fishers, Sec. Edwin Layland, Pres. 161 Oak Ave.

**Acorn No. 29, Hamilton—Meets 2nd and 4th Tuesdays at St. George's Hall, corner James and King William sts. Visitors welcome. Wm. Macarrie, Pres. Hedley Mason, Sec. 237 Bay st. North. 13 James st.**

**Huntsville.**  
Creighton No. 85, Huntsville, Ont.—Meets the 2nd and 4th Tuesdays in each month, in Temperance Hall, Main street. Visitors welcome. J. R. Heese, Pres. C. Paacock, Sec. Huntsville.

**Kingston.**  
Leicester No. 33, Kingston—Meets in their hall, cor. Princess and Montreal sts., on the 2nd and 4th Tuesdays in every month, at 8 P.M. A hearty welcome extended to all visiting brethren. W. L. Allison, Sec. Joseph Salter, Pres. Albert st.

**Time No. 78, Kingston—Meets 1st and 3rd Tuesdays in each month in the 'Prentice Boys' Hall, Market Square. John Porter, Pres. John Davis, Sec. Kingston.**

**Lakefield.**  
Exeter No. 88, Lakefield, Ont.—Meets on the 1st and 3rd Tuesdays in the Orange Hall. Visiting brethren made welcome. John C. Baldwin, Pres. Edmund Sellens, Sec. Lakefield.

**Montreal.**  
Excelsior No. 38, Montreal (R.R.D.)—Meets on the 2nd and 4th Wednesdays of the month at 8 P.M. Place d'Armes Square. Visitors welcome. J. Field, Pres. Chas. Chappell, Sec. 102 St. Felix st.

**Victoria Jubilee No. 41, Montreal—Meets every alternate Friday at the St. Charles Club House, cor. Wellington and Sebastopol sts. Hy. Irons, Pres. J. A. Edwards, Sec. 4 College st.**

**Yorkshire No. 39, Montreal, will meet every alternate Monday at the West End Hall, Chatham street at 8 P.M. J. Booth, Sec. Hy. Robertson, Pres. 1087 St. James St.**

**Oshawa.**  
Essex No. 4, Oshawa—Meets every alternate Friday in the S.O.E. Hall. Thos. Martin, Sec. Wm. Holland, Pres.

**Orillia.**  
Hampton No. 58, Orillia—Meets alternate Mondays at Sons of England Hall, Missesauga st. W. H. Stevens, Pres. G. H. Swain, Sec. Orillia.

**Ottawa.**  
Derby No. 39, Ottawa—Meets on the 2nd and 4th Tuesdays in each month, in Oddfellows' Hall, cor. Bank and Sparks sts. T. E. Hickmet, Pres. E. Aust, Sec. Sherwood st., Mt. Sherwood.

**Bowwood No. 44, Ottawa—Meets every 1st and 3rd Thursdays of each month at Johnson's Hall, Wellington st. E. J. Reynolds, Sec. Geo. Low, Sr., Pres. P. O. Box 293.**

**Stanley No. 55, Ottawa—Meets every 2nd and 4th Thursdays of each month at Johnson's Hall, Wellington st. James Ardley, Sec. R. J. Dawson, Pres. 459 Ann street.**

**Russell No. 56, Ottawa—Meets on the 1st and 3rd Mondays of each month at their Hall, New Edinburgh. C. G. Rogers, Sec. J. J. Hawken, Pres. 217 Stewart st.**

**Clarendon—The United Degree lodges of Derby, Bowwood, Russell and Stanley lodges meet at Wellington Hall, Wellington street, Ottawa, on the 3rd Tuesday of each month. Fred. Cook, Pres. C. H. Bott, Sec.**

**Owen Sound.**  
Mistake No. 86, Owen Sound—Meets in Foresters Hall, 2nd and 4th Fridays in each month at 8 P.M. Brethren visiting Owen Sound, cordially welcomed. Chas. Richardson, Pres. C. K. Grigg, Secretary.

**Peterborough.**  
Lansdowne No. 25, Peterborough—Meets in Sons of England Hall, Hunter st., on the 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month. Visiting brethren made welcome. E. W. Elcombe, Sec. T. J. R. Mitchell, Pres. Box 277.

**Sherbrooke, Que.**  
Gloucester No. 103, Sherbrooke, Que., meets on the 1st and 3rd Tuesdays of each month in the Court-room of Prince Albert 149 I.O.F., Odells Block. Thos. Rawson, Pres. Edwin Avery, Sec. Box 16, P.O., Sherbrooke.

**St. Thomas.**  
Chester No. 18, St. Thomas, Ont.—Meets on 2nd and 4th Fridays (W. R. D. 3rd Friday) of every month in Emulating Block, cor. Talbot and Elgin sts. F. W. Trump, Pres. Robt. Pearson, Sec.

**Truro No. 62, St. Thomas—Meets in their hall, cor. Southwick and Talbot sts., on 1st and 3rd Tuesdays of every month. A hearty welcome extended to all visiting brethren. Robt. A. Mackay, Pres. J. W. Yearaday, Sec. 9 Hughes st.**

**Toronto.**  
Albion No. 1, Toronto—Meets 1st and 3rd Thursdays at Shaftesbury Hall, Queen street West. B. Jones, Pres. C. E. Smith, Sec. 31 Sward st.

**Middlesex No. 2, Toronto—Meets alternate Tuesdays at Occident Hall, cor. Bathurst st. and Queen st. West. W. H. Syms, Sec. Geo. Hall, Pres. 18 Eden Place.**

**Kent No. 3, Toronto—Meets 2nd and 4th Mondays at Shaftesbury Hall, Queen st. West. A. Watkins, Pres. J. M. Williams, Sec. 16 Carlton Ave.**

**Brighton No. 7, Toronto—Meets 1st and 3rd Fridays at Shaftesbury Hall, Queen st. West. E. Davis, Pres. W. Pugh, Sec. 70 Sussex Ave.**

**Somerset No. 10, Toronto—Meets 2nd and 4th Thursdays at Weeks' Hall, Parkdale. H. Worman, Pres. W. P. Parsons, Sec. 29 Lawrence Ave.**

**Surrey No. 11, Toronto—Meets 2nd and 4th Mondays in Brunswick Hall, 161 Brunswick Avenue. G. Knight, Sec. C. Sennell, Pres. 105 Oxford street.**

**Warwick No. 13, Toronto—Meets 2nd and 4th Thursdays at Jackson's Hall, Yonge st., cor. Bloor st. A. Riddford, Sec. J. Poffley, Pres. 36 Yorkville Avenue.**

**Manchester No. 14, Toronto—Meets alternate Mondays at Winchester Hall, Winchester st. cor. Parliament st. T. P. Williams, Sec. A. O. Robinson, Pres. 28 Sward st.**

**St. George No. 27, Toronto—Meets 1st and 3rd Mondays at St. George's Hall, Queen st. West, cor. Berkeley st. S. H. Manders, Sec. Harry Leeson, Pres. 14 Baldwin st.**

**London No. 31, Toronto—Meets 2nd and 4th Tuesdays at Masonic Hall, Queen st. East. J. W. Lane, Pres. J. W. Haynes, Sec. 136 Broadview Ave.**

**Stafford No. 32, Toronto—Meets alternate Mondays at Opeland Hall, King st. East, corner Sherbourne st. Geo. W. Ansell, Sec. W. G. Fowler, Pres. 18 Trafalgar Ave.**

**Portsmouth No. 45, Dovercourt, Toronto—Meets alternate Tuesdays at Mechanics' Institute. Thos. Buckley, Sec. G. Hutchings, Pres. Delaware Ave.**

**Worcester No. 47, West Toronto Junction—Meets 1st and 3rd Thursdays at James' Hall, West Toronto Junction. Fred Ineson, Sec. C. C. Boon, Pres. Box 5 Carleton West.**

**Cambridge No. 54, Little York, Toronto—Meets alternate Fridays at Little York Fire Hall. W. H. Clay, Pres. A. Sargent, Sec. Coleman P.O.**

**St. Albans No. 76, Toronto—Meets 2nd and 4th Fridays at Association Hall, cor. McMillan st. and Yonge st. J. W. Vahl, Sec. J. H. Horwell, Pres. 37 Homewood Ave.**

**Weston.**  
Leeds No. 48, Weston—Meets on 2nd and 4th Fridays of each month, at King st. Visiting brethren welcome. Thos. Holdsworth, Sec. Geo. Asham, Pres. Weston, Ont.

**Woodstock.**  
Bedford No. 21, Woodstock—Meets in Imperial Hall, 1st and 3rd Thursdays of each month; W.R.D. 4th Wednesday in each month. Fraternal visitors welcomed. Fred Ineson, Sec. W. Whitcombe, Pres. W. E. Wilkinson, Sec. Box 168.

**To Lodge Secretaries.**  
During the past year the Order of the Sons of England has increased more rapidly than the most sanguine expectations of those interested in its welfare.  
Our Lodge Directory Columns has been used by members of the Order throughout the Provinces of Canada, and the ANGLO-SAXON has steadily grown in favor, which its increased circulation each month proves.  
Every year, travel is made more easy, and the Order of the Sons of Eng. and spreading throughout the Provinces, compels us to believe that our Lodge Directory results favorably to all concerned.  
Members can see at a glance what night a Lodge Meeting is held in the particular section which he may be visiting, when he can interchange fraternal greetings, etc. With this in view we hope that Lodges which have not their name in the Directory will send it to us for our next issue. Only \$1 per year.  
Address,  
ANGLO-SAXON,  
P. O. Box 236, Ottawa, Ont.

**PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.**  
Sherbrooke, March 7.—Lodge Gloucester No. 103, of the Sons of England Benevolent Society, and Court Prince Albert No. 149 of the Independent Order of Forresters, have appointed a joint committee to co-operate with the other Protestant benevolent orders or societies with a view to the due celebration of the Queen's Birthday in Sherbrooke.  
Montreal, Feb. 22.—Victoria's Jubilee Lodge No. 41, held its regular meeting last evening at the St. Charles Club House, President Holt in the chair. The following officers were installed by the District Deputy, Bro. E. T. Perry—President, Alf. Holt; vice-president, F. Brownhill; chaplain, R. W. Roberts; treasurer, Thos. Stephenson; secretary, James A. Edwards; 1st guide, J. G. Brooks; 2nd, J. B. Tombs; 3rd, A. Storey; 4th, W. Smith; 5th, J. Drury; 6th, A. Tattersall; inner guard, Geo. Irons; outer guard, C. Outram.  
The most pleasing event of the evening then took place, namely, the presentation of a Past President's Jewel to Bro. Hy. Irons, as a token of the appreciation of the efficient manner in which he had filled the chair during the just ended. Bro. Irons made a suitable reply. The jewel is of solid gold and is also of a very handsome design.  
Bro. J. A. Edwards, the delegate to Grand Lodge, read a report of the business transacted at that august meeting showing the Order to be in a very flourishing condition both as regards finances and members.

**LONDON, ONT.**  
It is some time since wrote to your valuable paper about the doings of our society in this section of the country. In this city the S.O.E. is in a flourishing condition. All are working together harmoniously. Lodge British Lion is bound to prosper and go ahead. Almost every night we have one or two initiations, and propositions are still coming in.  
The members were pleased to see the annual reports make such a grand showing of the order, which proved it to be advancing and fast coming up to the rank of older societies.  
I will contribute another letter next month to your valuable paper on the progress we are making in this section. We were represented by two delegates at Grand Lodge.  
Bro. James Carter, the retiring D.D., deserves great credit for the manner in which he has conducted the affairs pertaining to that office in this district. He cannot be too highly eulogized for the faithfulness, zeal and ability displayed. He has also been an earnest and constant worker for the order at large.  
The newly appointed D.D. enters upon his duties under favorable circumstances, and will make an efficient officer. He is a thorough Englishman, well liked by his fellow-countrymen and brethren, both in the lodge and out of it. The Grand Lodge is to be congratulated upon having such a good successor to Bro. Carter.  
ARTHUR E. PETERS.

**BROCKVILLE.**  
The inauguration of Suffolk W.R.D. took place at the regular meeting of above lodge on Monday, February 10th, under the direction of W. R. Stroud, S.G. V. P., assisted by Bro. J. A. Edwards of Victoria Jubilee Lodge, Montreal, Bros. E. Aust, E. Ackroyd, F. J. Alexander and F. A. Jackson of Ottawa. The brethren were met at the station by Bros. D. Derbyshire,

Mayor, and P. G. Pollard, President, and others. The evening meeting was called for 7 p.m., when the installation ceremony was gone through, and the following officers were elected for the year:—President, Wm. White; Past-President, J. Greene; Vice-President, W. H. Grace; Fin-Secretary, A. C. Bacon; Rec-Secretary, C. C. Fulford; Treasurer, E. Bagg; Chaplain, Revd. W. Weeks; Surgeon, Dr. Giles; Guides, J. M. West, Thos. Guest, Wm. Dodd, Chas. Steeper, C. Trolford, J. C. Jacks; Guards, H. Dodd, G. W. Turner; Auditors, W. H. Grace, D. Derbyshire and C. C. Fulford; Trustees, D. Derbyshire, J. M. West and Chas. Steeper; Hall Committee, J. M. West, H. Dodd, and Wm. White.  
The chief business in connection with the above meeting was the initiation and installation of Rev. W. Weeks, as chaplain of R. R. degree, a choice the society will be proud of. We had also five other propositions, which are signs that Englishmen here are waking up to the fact that they have a society now in their midst in which they can assemble together and have a quiet evening's chat. And it is to be hoped that all Englishmen will come to its aid, as the society is exclusively for the benefit of our own countrymen.  
Suffolk Lodge urges upon members to become subscribers to the ANGLO-SAXON, the Secretary, who is in charge, will be very glad to receive subscriptions or to give any information.  
The hall was lighted for the first time by electricity, their being five incandescent lamps inside and one in the ante-room, which was quite an improvement on gas.  
On Monday 24th February three initiations took place. Bro. F. G. Pollard, P.P., having removed to Belleville, Bro. J. Greene was unanimously chosen to fill the position.  
Bro. J. Jacks enlivened the proceedings with some fine music on the violin.

**POINTERS FROM TORONTO.**  
Bro. T. Cannon received the congratulations of the Beneficiary Board lately he having recently joined the noble army of benefactors.  
25 lodges in and around Toronto, with at least one more in course of formation, speaks well for the persistency of the Englishman in trying to demonstrate the fact that the English are a power in the community.  
One pleasing feature of the Toronto lodges this year is the almost entire absence of the ticket pedler. It is to be hoped that he has been superannuated—without pay.  
The most noticeable feature in the applications for beneficiary policies is the large number of applicants who, class themselves as total abstainers. This shows very conclusively that one excellent habit leads to others equally as good. Their heads are always level.  
Bro. W. Pugh has completed his 10th year as secretary of lodge Brighton. He has a record that is hard to beat. The lodge has met 246 times, and 244 of these meetings the secretary has been seen at his post. Two misses only—caused by sickness. Let's hear from a lodge that can beat this.  
The main argument in favor of the formation of a Savings Bank Branch of the Building Society is as follows:—If the Government and other banks can pay 4 per cent. interest on our money and make a profit, why can't we do the same by borrowing from ourselves and so retain the profit within the order?  
Albion Lodge suffered terribly from "La grippe." It held down no less than 67 members between Jan. 16th and Feb. 6th. Thanks to Dr. King for making them let go; but oh, what a grip on the funds—no less than \$207 were paid out for sick pay at the meeting on Feb. 6. We think this but a small load though for the old mother to carry, while she has a \$5000 prop at her back.  
"How long may a member speak on one subject?" is a very vexed question in at least two of the Toronto lodges. The constitution is dumb on the matter. The president's discretionary power is unsatisfactory. Cannot something be done to prevent the unseemly practice of a few obnoxious members who seem to delight in talking against time?  
At one time it was a serious matter to enroach upon the district of another lodge in Toronto. Many a little unpleasantness arose through a new lodge placing itself too near the meeting place of another lodge. For years the

central western portion of this city was held exclusively by a very powerful lodge. They would brook no rival and they had sufficient power or influence to sustain them. The absurdity of cornering off any district for the benefit of any particular lodge, powerful or otherwise, is shown by the fact that the following lodges meet peacefully and prosperously in Shaftesbury Hall: Albion, Kent, Brighton, Richmond, Bristol, Mercantile and Chesterfield.  
The President of lodge Hull, speaking at Kent lodge, at their last meeting said, speak ill of an Scotchman to a Son of Scotland, and you get into hot water; speak ill of an Irishman to a Son of Ireland, and he wants to fight; but speak ill of an Englishman to a Son of England and—that's so, it serves him right, is the response.  
An earnest, well-meaning brother in Toronto was so unfortunate, a few weeks ago, as to differ with one of our very powerful officers, and as a matter of course, had to receive a severe castigation for his presumption; but the poor fellow hardly expected his crime would meet with such punishment as was measured out to him by the officer (and brother) in question. In the midst of his denunciations, the officer actually shouted out "Sir and brother, I will utterly TRANSMOGRIFY YOU!!!" when the poor fellow collapsed and was carried to the ante-room. Iced water and other restoratives were obtained forth with.  
Albion Lodge ought to feel proud, for it is not every lodge that can boast of a "Washington" that never told a lie. If he should betake himself to the woods to chop down that little tree, I wonder would the "Wildbore" "Nash" his teeth at him? Or would he shoot at the two "Partridges" flying over his head? Perhaps he would rather chase the "Fowles." But what would the "Fox" say: "I will 'Down' them first and slink off through the 'Lane,' but if I should meet the 'Carter' driving to town with his 'Stock' he might fire 'Stone's' at me, which has 'Offen' done, but I don't 'Care' if they should fire 'Stacks' of them I would hide behind the first 'Piantree' I came to, for if the 'Darbys' were clapped on me, it would 'Brake' me up, and then they would have to 'Berry' me, and bring along the 'Minister' to read the burial service. Such is the peculiarity of names.

**CHIPS.**  
A lively interest has been shown in our subscription list during the past month and we hope it may continue.  
We welcome spicy items from members everywhere. We want incidents of interest, and suggestions upon timely topics.  
Individual effort on the part of each and every member is the keynote which will keep the Sons of England and the ANGLO-SAXON upon the tidal wave of success.  
"I will do what I can to influence my friends and acquaintances to join the Order and become subscribers to the ANGLO-SAXON." We need more of that kind of talk and work, and a good deal less of another kind.  
The member who accepts the protection of our society and contributes nothing of time or effort to its development and then complains, is a sponge. This kind of talk may be a trifle plain but it is honest.  
We predict a rapid up-building of the Order in our great North-West. Bro. H. Gisborne, of Bowwood lodge Ottawa, now at Qu'Appelle Station, Assn., N.W.T., is working the matter up under instructions from the S. Grand Executive.  
112 Berkeley street, Toronto, Feb. 20th, 1890.—Brethren, I enclose you my subscription for a renewal of the paper. I thoroughly agree with the tone of the ANGLO-SAXON, it has the "true ring," and should be supported and read by all true Sons of England. Sincerely yours, C. F. George, Lodge Mercantile.  
We are in receipt of a very encouraging letter from Bro. T. C. Andrews, of Westward Ho! lodge No. 98, Winnipeg, Manitoba, which remarks: "The ANGLO-SAXON have just arrived, and from seeing a single issue it meets my views, and I will do my best to promote its circulation in this city and the Province of Manitoba." We hope that the Secretaries of the lodges throughout the Order will be imbued by the same spirit.



A BLUE CROSS opposite this indicates that the subscriber to whom it is addressed is indebted for this year's subscription (from Aug. 1880 to Sept. 1890), and all such will confer a favour by kindly remitting, for which we shall feel obliged.

\* We cannot undertake to make out accounts and send them by mail or otherwise and only charge 50 cents.

\* 50c. now is worth more to us than \$1 many months hence, with cost of time, bills and postage.

\* Will all friends please think of this, and help us in the work by an EARLY remittance.

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THURSDAY, MARCH, 1890.

**THE PROGRESS OF THE ORDER.**

There is deep significance in the fact that the membership of the Order of the SONS OF ENGLAND has lately been advancing by leaps and bounds. The reasons are not far to seek. The aggressiveness of the Roman Catholic Church in matters political and educational; the treasonable utterances of the Premier of Quebec; the toadying of both political parties to Romanism, and, on occasions, to Fenianism—all these are compressing Englishmen in Canada, with irresistible force, into union.

It is ideal for weak-kneed men in the Order to assert that the objects of the Order are simply those of mutual benefit and insurance. The safety, honor and welfare of Englishmen in Canada must be, and are, included, and these words have no meaning—our obligations are empty phrases—unless we make up our minds to act as ONE MAN in doing what we may to cure the evils that infest the body politic and stain our glorious Flag.

"The maintenance of British connection" has reference to other things than mutual benefit and insurance and the phrase is one with which most of us are familiar. We have heard that there are members of the Order who do not seem to realize the full meaning of their obligations. We cannot discuss the question at any length in this place, but we commend to all our worthy presidents and their lodges a consideration of such facts as we are able to present.

MR. MERCIER, speaking under the tri-color, calls his parlez-vous-ing friends a "separate nation." This may seem to some of our western brethren an absurd utterance, but to those of us that live in Eastern Ontario and have opportunities of knowing about the matter, there is more than a hint of danger in it.

There is a steady and persistent attempt being carried on by the French-speaking people in Quebec, backed by the Romish Church, to drive the English-speaking races out of that Province, and it is succeeding because we, the English-speaking people in the other parts of the Dominion, are allowing them to do so. Have we as Englishmen: has the honor of our Flag: no part to play in this matter? Do we not recognize that a conspiracy against our Race, against our Religion—is in progress? Does our Order—an order of Englishmen—feel that it can afford to regard the interests of civil and religious liberty, and all that makes us proud of our traditions as Englishmen, as subordinate to considerations of mere insurance?

We have a higher and more important part to perform in this country and we must learn to do it well. Let us not, as an Order, do as the Canadians have done. Let us not support any man—any party, but PRINCIPLES! And guided by the principles contained in our Society we have a touchstone by which every lodge can test the purity and fidelity of the man seeking

to represent the district in which that lodge is situated.

It was, perhaps, unfortunate that the last meeting of GRAND LODGE was held at Port Hope. It is the town where MR. WARD, M.P., resides, and in face of the fact that the success which attended the meeting and the genial hospitality of the townspeople on that occasion may be attributed largely to the popularity of our worthy brother, MR. WARD, it was felt that the raising of certain questions in GRAND LODGE might prove a source of embarrassment to our worthy brother. We do not desire to embarrass MR. WARD, who, no doubt, has acted conscientiously in his place in Parliament. Nevertheless, whatever embarrassment it may cause to any individual, it behoves the Order at all times to consider questions vital to the honor and interests of the English people in Canada, and these, we repeat, are in danger.

**THE DUAL LANGUAGE DEBATE.**

The adoption by the House of Commons of SIR JOHN THOMPSON'S amendment will, no doubt, shortly be followed by a Government measure granting full provincial powers to the North West Territories. It is to be hoped that when the North West Government Bill comes up for discussion the propriety of granting the people the right to decide their own policy in regard to educational matters will be insisted upon. The printing of the debates in French was practically a small matter, although in principle an important one, but the expense of establishing separate schools for the Roman Catholics in addition to the ordinary public schools would be most onerous upon a purely farming population and the tax-payers should have a right to pronounce upon the question. Whatever the advocates of the separate school system may say in favor of it, it must be admitted that not only is it an extra burden upon the people, but it also has the twofold defect of impairing the efficiency of state education and causing a division among the people which by no means tends either to the welfare of Roman Catholics or to the State.

Nothing could have been more admirable than the manner in which MR. DALTON MCCARTHY presented his case to the House. The awakening of the public conscience is beginning to have a disturbing effect upon the Parties, and the moment is fast approaching when "compromise" amendments will be of no avail. Mr. McCarthy may rest assured that his conduct in Parliament is winning him the esteem of his countrymen, even if it may not for the present have gained him the unqualified admiration of the politicians, who find the ground under their feet becoming boggy and their path more and more uncertain.

SIR JOHN MACDONALD'S opportunism may do well enough in the House, as it is at present constituted. But he must remember that there is a strong probability, judging by the indications afforded by the public press that the House does not represent the feelings of the people upon certain vital questions of principle. A layman may perhaps, be forgiven for suggesting that the ministry would have acted more wisely if they had allowed MR. MCCARTHY'S motion to have been treated altogether as a private measure. By committing themselves to a compromise amendment which practically concedes what Mr. McCarthy demanded—they have displeased the French and have not helped their Ontario supporters. These latter, or those of them who voted for the Jesuit Estates Bill, are no doubt finding out that their subservience to their Party Leaders may have led them too far; nor will the passing of a dozen Orange Incorporation Acts serve to rehabilitate them in the eyes of their constituents. There is such a thing as PROTESTANT SENTIMENT in this country and the Politicians will find that they have got to reckon with it at the next election.

**BE WATCHFUL.**

THE Roman Catholic Church, ever since corruption and idolatry became paramount and extinguished the truths that were once within her, has tenaciously striven to claim the entire control—in political as well as spiritual affairs—of members of her flock, but the bishops and priests of the Scarlet Woman have, at certain times, prudently displayed considerable reticence in regard to it. This doctrine has again, during the past few weeks, been repeated by Leo XIII. in an encyclical to the Papists of Canada, as well to the other branches throughout the world. The faithful everywhere are instructed that they cannot as "good Catholics" support men whom they believe would not be favorable to their church, while on the other hand they are warned that

they are not themselves capable to judge of the church's interests. In other words they are under all circumstances to go the priest for political advice. Sons of England, and Protestants generally, take warning. Fight the would-be destroyers of your civil & religious liberties with weapons like unto their own. Unite, at least until the present political-atmospheric inclemency has cleared away. Are we going to idly stand by without a protest? Our duty is plain. Can we as Protestants, in possession of an Open Bible and pure Christian truths, support men whom we know are not favorable to our faith, but on the other hand are pledged to stifle those truths should opportunity offer itself, by putting to death every non-Romanist in the land. (See oath of R. C. bishops.) Mr. Meredith in Ontario has struck the warning note of freedom, and the valiant McCarthy is doing noble work in the Dominion Parliament. Stand firm for the right, and freedom and justice will ultimately prevail.

**EDITORIAL NOTES.**

News from London, Eng., of February 16th, says that the title "Earl of Sydney" became extinct by the death of one of the most interesting old noblemen in England. He was eighty-five, and began his career of service in the royal household during the reign of George III., being throughout her whole reign the Queen's trusted financial adviser. In person he was the last surviving type of the elegant old gentleman in a blue frock coat, brass buttons, and reservedly pompous demeanour, and was the model from which Dickens drew the physical attributes of Sir Leicester Dedlock. He was twice Mr. Gladstone's Lord Chamberlain, and made his tenure of the office memorable the last time by an attempt to put long skirts on the ballet.

Mr. J. Scott Keltie, the librarian of the Royal Geographical Society, and who, according to "The Colonies and India" is well known to many visitors to the late Colonial and Indian Exhibition, remarked in a recent lecture that "in commerce, as in some other things, blood counted for something. Whether our Colonies remained attached to us, or whether the larger ones—which now manage their own affairs—might, like the United States, set up for themselves, the future alone could tell. Whatever form it might take, however, he thought that, in the interest of commerce, as much as for sentimental reasons, we ought to stick together. The spread of our race on the face of the earth, the enterprise of our explorers and adventurers, had helped to give us predominance in the commercial, as it had done in the political, world. In one form or another the English language was the medium of communication for something like 400,000,000 people—nearly one-third of the population of the earth; and some who tried to forecast the future thought it might yet become the universal language. When we remembered that more than one-fourth of the whole trade of the United Kingdom was with the rest of the Empire it was surely our interest to do all we consistently could to promote that commerce and to encourage the development of our Colonies and the judicious extension of the British sphere."

**Grand Lodge Proceedings.**

The proceedings of the Supreme Grand Lodge of the S. O. E., at Port Hope on the 11th ult., cannot be referred to in detail now, for lengthened comment.

The attendance of Delegates was larger than last year, doubtless owing to locality of meeting and the largely increased membership during the year. Those fully competent to judge say that the type of Englishmen each year at Grand Lodge has shown steady improvement, certainly there was present decided ability and, apart from the difficulties in maintaining strict parliamentary decorum, there was much to be pleased at as evidences that in Canada Englishmen retain their native force of character—to say nothing about the defects in aspiration peculiar to the various countries or districts in England from which they came.

Port Hope residents and our brethren of Durham Lodge left nothing undone to complete and perfect a hearty welcome and generous hospitality to Grand Lodge Delegates, which will not soon be forgotten.

The election of President for this year was a matter of deep interest, as Quebec and Eastern Ontario Lodges felt strongly the importance of a resident of their districts filling the chair, giving them more legitimate influence in the work of the Society which at pre-

sent they have not, besides being largely ignored in official visitations compared to where lodges are more numerous. The election of Bro. Ald. J. A. Swait, of Toronto, to the position is one that personally we can all rejoice at, although his election and other incidents at Grand Lodge illustrated that Toronto influences are all-powerful in the Society.

The election of Bro. Ivens to the Vice-Presidency is considered a good choice, although many regretted that his rival, who so closely contested the position, did not get there.

The re-election of S. G. Secretary and S. G. Treasurer to their positions for this year, was the unanimous decision of Grand Lodge supplemented by increased salaries. These officers are worthy and invaluable in their respective positions in the Society, but many brethren feel that it would be far wiser for the S. G. Lodge to pay its Secretary a far larger salary and entirely appropriate his time to the work of the Order.

The action of Grand Lodge in withdrawing from this Journal the status of an "official organ" while important to the proprietors is one which the wisdom of future events will condemn or justify. The action at best was hasty until something better to its wishes had been found. Possibly some one has an axe to grind.

Hamilton is the chosen place of meeting of the next session of the Grand Lodge and, next to the claims of Montreal, no better place could be selected—but Hamilton has won and we wish their worthy delegates to last Grand Lodge all joy at the result.

The retiring Grand President's able performance of difficult duty in the chair must not be overlooked as one who largely aided the efficient working of Grand Lodge—rendered more difficult when so many are suddenly brought together as strangers and whose angularities of character have first to be understood before proper treatment can be applied. The regret was expressed that Bro. Kempling had not an opportunity afforded him of putting in a neat little speech at the banquet, to the Toast of "The Supreme Grand Lodge Officers," some careful notations of matters connected with his official visits in the past year—a matter of great importance to aid that continuity of purpose so essential to any organization.

The success of the Order last year has been phenomenal in society work and promises well for the future. As other benefit societies of immensely larger membership to draw from have not paralleled our progress it is plainly evident that the National aims and objects of the society are an important factor in its progress—but this national feeling and purpose is not a dormant force, it is living power and destined, at an early date unless the Society is denationalized, to form the chief influence in it with the duty as at present imposed by solemn obligation on its members.

The action of Grand Lodge in declining to take action on certain important resolutions affecting the work of the Society was an exhibition of weakness, the abandonment for the moment of principles for expediency and of its functions as the proper controlling body to all that is subordinate to it—but even Grand Lodge, while able by a majority to suppress expression of thought on any subject, cannot until in its wisdom it sees fit to amend the constitution, call on subordinate lodges to follow when it refuses to lead where duty calls. The end of this matter has not come yet and if we mistake not the next session of Grand Lodge will find it has disturbed a hornet's nest.

We hope to deal in our next issue with matters referred to in the foregoing comments but one thing is palpably evident at the last session of Grand Lodge i.e. that the Society as a whole only represents a nominal unity or oneness. Englishmen, for practical united action as Englishmen, are nearly as far apart as ever—the work actually carried on would and could be as fittingly performed by Russians as Englishmen. The germ of better things is there, the Constitution and Obligation read on the side of those who are determined that it shall not sink into a mere Benefit Society, but that National duty and obligations shall be equally sacred and fully maintained in united action—failing which, fidelity to principle will lead to disruption in the society, which all true friends of it will labor to avoid.

**IMPORTANT FIGURES.**

About five or six years ago statistics were published which proved that in Rome (Italy) one has 237 times as many chances of being murdered as in England, and 1334 times more than in Protestant Prussia. In London there were for every 100 legitimate, 4 illegitimate children; in Leipzig, 20; in Paris, 48; in Munich, 91; in Vienna, 118; and in Rome, 243.

The following recent statistics confirm the former, which have been copied from a Papal source, viz., "L'Amico di Casa Almanico Popolare," published at Turin, and furnished by a correspondent of the "English Churchman":—

	Legitimate.	Illegitim.
London	75,087	3,207
Paris	19,021	9,707
Brussels	3,448	1,833
Monaco	1,854	1,760
Vienna	8,821	10,350
Rome	1,215	3,150

Rome, therefore, as regards the standard of illegitimacy, is six times worse than Paris, and sixty-six times worse than London.

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**THE MARQUIS OF HARTINGTON.**

The Right Hon. Spencer Compton Cavendish, by courtesy and common usage called the Marquis of Hartington, and lately known to his many admirers in Canada as "Lord Hartington, the Liberal-Unionist," who has recently been obliged to go to Egypt for his health, naming Sir Henry James as his successor in the leadership of the Unionists in Parliament, has had a career so thoroughly English and has lately held a position so full of possibilities that it is little wonder that the news of his illness created a sensation almost as great as would have been caused by the serious illness of the Queen.

As his career was an epitome of recent English political history, so the history of his family is little less than a history of British nobility; for he was an offshoot of the great house of Cavendish, a son of the Duke of Devonshire, and heir to much of the glory of the illustrious Courtenays—the knights of the crusades, who founded some of the oldest noble families in France and England, and were among the very few whose rank and fortunes came unimpaired through the Wars of the Roses. To the present Marquis more than to any other man is due the fact that Mr. Gladstone could not carry the Liberal party as a whole with him in his nefarious change on the Irish question. No other man probably could have taken so high ground against his former leader without some loss of prestige, and the brutal and shocking murder of his brother, Lord Frederick Cavendish, in Phoenix park, Dublin, on May 6th, 1882, fixed his supporters immovably in their opinions.



MARQUIS OF HARTINGTON.

The Marquis was born July 23, 1833, the oldest son of the Duke of Devonshire, and is consequently in the 57th year of his age.

From the earliest Norman times his ancestors have enjoyed some celebrity, but the founder of the present family, as such things are considered in England, was Sir John Cavendish, Lord Chief Justice in the reigns of Edward III. and Richard II. Each subsequent generation has contributed eminent men to the service of England, but the family first attained to great wealth under the Tudors and was raised to the highest nobility by the Stuarts.

Nevertheless, the fourth Earl of Devonshire in 1688 supported William of Orange, of glorious, pious and immortal memory, and ever since the house has remained firm to Whig principles. The fourth earl was made duke in 1694, and the sixth duke dying unmarried in 1869 was succeeded by his cousin, the present duke, who is now 79 years old.

Of his three sons Lord Frederick was murdered, as above stated, Lord Edward is member of parliament for West Derbyshire, while the eldest became noted as Marquis of Hartington. He was graduated from Trinity College, Cambridge, in 1854, and in 1856 was attached to Lord Granville's special mission to Russia. In 1857 he was elected to parliament for North Lancashire and soon became a Liberal leader. He first held office as lord of the admiralty in 1863, and in 1866 under Earl Russell, he became secretary of state for war, being all these years a close coadjutor with Mr. Gladstone. In 1868 he took office under Mr. Gladstone as premier and remained till that ministry was overthrown in 1874.

Continuing in parliament he was in 1875 chosen as the leader of the Liberal opposition to the Beaconsfield government. His labors to restore the party to power were tremendous, and in 1880 they succeeded. Mr. Gladstone again became premier, and the marquis his secretary of state for India. So they continued till the Conservative party came into power under Lord Salisbury in June, 1885. The next December Mr. Gladstone announced his conversion to Irish Home Rule, and the old allies parted company forever. Along with Lord Hartington were such able and brilliant men of the Whig party as Mr. Chamberlain, Mr. Goschen, Lord Cowper and many others who joined hands with the Conservatives for the maintenance of the Union, and the hot fight now in progress began.

For some time Lord Hartington was disposed to speak with great respect of

his old chief, but the taunting of the Gladstonians and the political fight had their natural results, and during the last two years he and Mr. Chamberlain have spoken as virulently as any Tories. Refusing on all occasions to join the Conservatives in any economic changes they never lose an opportunity of giving notice on all proper occasions that their new alliance is solely for Irish purposes. Such is the truly patriotic position Lord Hartington has held since 1885, and held it with dignity and honor.

**Roast Beef Won at Waterloo.**

Prof. Wesley Mills delivered the first of the annual course of Somerville lectures last evening in the museum of the Natural History Society, under the presidency of Sir Wm. Dawson.

"Foods, without and within" was the subject which Dr. Mills ably handled. He described the composition of food, and its effect upon the system. A man might live upon grass, if he had only the facilities to digest it. The reception of food in our bodies was lucidly described. The intricate machine which our bodies contain was similar to a factory. The story of life was a building up and pulling down, and appetite was the cry of the machinery for food. Food had a great deal to do with the formation of character. Food could be so made as to bring out the good or evil propensities of human nature. It was roast beef which indirectly had won the battle of Waterloo, and it was roast beef which had laid the foundations of the British nation. Every physician should know something about practical cookery.—*Montreal Witness*, Feb. 21st.

**England, My Country!**

Oh, England, oh my country! in my heart  
Exists for thee a passion deep and strong,  
And I would not that it should ere depart  
But rather stay with me my whole life long.  
When I recall thy glorious part oft told,  
In many a stirring verse, and many a lay,  
Thy warriors and thy statesmen brave and bold  
Round whom antiquity hangs hoary and gray!  
When I reflect that over the wide world  
Thou reign'st, Imperial Mistress of the Sea  
That freedom lives wher'er thy flag's unfurled  
And swiftly vanishes cruel tyranny!  
Then to my heart throbs fierce exultant pride  
And to my brow the flush of pleasure springs—  
Not, not in vain for thee thy sons have died  
Hail cherished thoughts which their remembrance brings!

EXILE.

**So Long Ago.**

Ah me! it seems so long since last I gazed upon  
The white cliffs of my native shore,  
And now my heart pants eagerly to see my  
Happy boyhood's dear old home once more.  
Again as in a dream I see the spot where sadly  
I pronounced the last adieu,  
And where, departing, blinding tears obscured,  
and shut out loved ones from my longing view.

Again does vivid fancy bring to mind the scenes  
of youthful days brimful of hope,  
When cackling care came not and buoyantly  
I rushed with difficulties to cope.

Ah me! the fleeting years have brought their  
share of bitterest sorrow and of pain,  
And ghastly specters peer from out the past to  
haunt me with their memories again.

The present dreary is, and when I look upon  
the future's prospect, comes no joy.  
No wonder then I think of days long past when  
blithely I roamed a free and happy boy.

ROAMER.

**Just a Word.**

To the Editor of the *Anglo-Saxon*.  
SIR,—A word to "F. J. A.," what  
have sprats and mackerel, lotteries,  
goose clubs or raffles to do with the  
Politics or Policies of the Sons of Eng-  
land Benevolent Society? F. H.

A large number of A. F. & A. M., including several members of the Masonic band, Ottawa, made a visit to Bro. W. G. S. Reynolds, of Derby Lodge, at his residence in Janeville. Having brought their wives and sweethearts, a jolly good time was spent till about four o'clock in the morning. Bro. Reynolds, who is an old and honored member of the ancient craft, was delighted with his visitors and requested them to come again, as both he and his better half enjoyed such surprises.

**SUBSCRIPTIONS**

**"Art Union of London"**

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of the drink traffic, and all forms of oppression, among which it counts protection. It has devoted itself much of late years to the promotion of reciprocity with the United States and has recently been filled with the

**Contest Against Jesuit Aggression.**

on which battle-field it is, as might be expected, the foremost and most fearless champion.

The "Question and Answer" departments of the *Witness* have grown into an institution in the country, and the paper is well known as

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**[The Englishman's Birthright.]**

The thoughtful Englishman who leaves his native land to settle in a distant clime carries with him a host of recollections, which, in spite of the bustle of every day life, will occasionally recur to his mind with their pleasant or saddening influences; but he brings with him to his new home no more powerful sentiment than the love of fatherland. Love of country is deeply rooted in the human race, stronger perhaps amongst some nations, than others. The Irishman clings with fond affection to his country and her sorrows; the Scotchman, naturally undemonstrative, ever warmly responds to Auld Lang Syne; with enthusiasm the Frenchman speaks of *la belle France*; powerfully, "The Watch on the Rhine" appeals to the sluggish passions of the German; but the deep love of the Englishman for the land of his birth is paramount. Who, after a perusal of English history, can wonder at this? Hoary with antiquity, laden with illustrious deeds, her past comes floating down to us across the gulf of time. Her history is bright with the names of warriors, statesmen, philosophers, and poets. She has been the bright star of hope twinkling before the tired gaze of a down trodden world crushed under the burden of ignorance, superstition and doubt, and speaking of the time to come when the mists should vanish before the clear and penetrating gaze of an era of truth. She has blithely trod in the van of freedom, and pityingly beckoned to other nations writhing under the iron heel of the despot. She has unsheathed the sword for liberty's cause; in every quarter of the globe, and when the folds of her glorious flag have swept out on the wings of the caressing breeze, craven slavery has shrunk back to the darkness from whence it sprang. There have been bloody epochs in her history, but they have brought their beneficial lessons, which have had a permanent and lasting influence. While enjoying what they claim to be the truest form of liberty, Englishmen have ever entertained a reverence for constitutional authority. Their country has been tried by the chill blasts of misfortune, but, like true men, her sons have suffered uncomplainingly and now a glorious heritage is theirs. Like the Roman of old whose vaunt was "Ciivs Romanus Sum," each can exclaim with pardonable pride, "I am an Englishman."

**INDIGNANT ANGLO-CANADIAN.**  
To the Editor of the ANGLO-SAXON.

SIR,—Allow me through the medium of your widely circulated paper to give expression to sentiments which must agitate the breast of every true Anglo-Canadian who is desirous of seeing the welfare of his country and the future well-being of his descendants properly cared for.

Our chosen representatives will not protect us against the undue usurpation of our national rights and liberties by the treacherous Frenchman. Must we then, owing to their increasing love for French support and French applause, allow our descendants to sink into the oblivion which must naturally enshroud them if the foreigner of French extraction is to be allowed to still further ascend the political ladder. Are we to go back to where our British ancestors were one hundred years ago in the Lower Province? Are we, the descendants of British parents, to be trampled upon by a few privileged hangers-on? And are we to be despised by all the nations on the face of the globe as a set of cowardly poltroons who dare not stand up for their national rights? Are we to be despised by all honest men because a few, to further their own nefarious schemes, would sell both Queen and country? Must we surrender the liberties dearly bought and fought for by our forefathers, and must our children suffer for our cowardice? It is a shame and a lasting disgrace to us if we do not take a firm stand against such enactments. Our indifference to the welfare of our country and children has brought about the present state of affairs. We must either take a firm stand at once or be prepared to bow entirely to French rule in the near future. Who will be to blame but ourselves—in the first place for allowing our representatives to sanction such iniquitous clauses which lower our national standard and birthright; and secondly, by our seeming or real indifference as to whether we are ruled by Queen or Pope.

We, the people, should rule, not the few who rule to suit their own ends. We should give our representatives to understand that we are the power behind the throne.

Thanking you, Mr. Editor, for giving insertion to my views, which I hope are almost universal, I remain,

AN ANGLO-CANADIAN.  
Ottawa, Feb. 23, 1890.

**SONS OF ENGLAND BENEVOLENT SOCIETY.**

**Objects, Aims, and Benefits, of the Order.**

ORGANIZED IN TORONTO, DECEMBER, 1874

**To Englishmen and Sons of Englishmen:**

**GENTLEMEN AND FELLOW COUNTRYMEN:**—As the question is so often being asked: "What are the objects of the SONS OF ENGLAND SOCIETY?" we have been led to present this Circular with the view of giving the desired information:

The objects are to unite all honorable and true Englishmen, who are in good bodily health and between the ages of 18 and 60 years, in an Association for mutual aid; to educate our members in the true principles of manhood, whereby they learn to be charitable, to practice true benevolence, and to keep alive those dear old memories of our native land; to care for each other in sickness and adversity, and when death strikes down one of our number, to follow his remains to their last resting place.

The government of the Order is vested in a Supreme Grand Lodge, and in Subordinate Lodges. The Grand Lodge is composed of delegates elected by the Subordinate Lodges to represent them. The Grand Lodge is supported financially by a per capita tax of 10 cents per member per quarter. The Grand Lodge Officers are elected annually.

Subordinate Lodges are supported by initiation fees, and weekly dues; they have control of their own moneys, elect their own officers, make their own by-laws, (subject to the approval of the Grand Lodge), and in every way conduct their business to suit the majority of the members. We meet in our lodge rooms at stated times in fraternal intercourse, learning each other's wants giving words of encouragement and good cheer, and to those in trouble and distress, substantial assistance. The moment we enter the Lodge room all distinctions are lost sight of, and we meet on one common level, and by this constant association and intercourse, an amount of love and interest is created for each other, which is made manifest by the good work accomplished.

The rapid growth of the Order has far exceeded the most sanguine expectations of its founders, and it is steadily extending itself into the hearts of our countrymen, and we are confident that when the objects and aims are more generally understood, it will become one of the grandest and most useful of Benevolent Societies.

The Order has branches as follows:—In Toronto 20, South Africa 8, London 5, Ottawa 4, Montreal 4, Hamilton 2, St. Thomas 2, Orillia 2, Peterboro 2, Kingston 2, and one in each of the following places: Oshawa, Whitby, Port Perry, Cornwall, Port Hope, Belleville, Bowmanville, Lindsay, Woodstock, Galt, Barrie, Collingwood, Bracebridge, Brantford, Almonte, Dovercourt, Newcastle, West Toronto Junction, Weston, Little York, Aylmer, Exeter, Eglington, Gravenhurst, Guelph, Aurora, Hensall, Vancouver, Stratford, Clinton, Brockville, and we hope by bringing this Circular to the notice of our fellow-countrymen, to imbue them with our enthusiasm and to swell our thousands into tens of thousands.

Though our Society is a secret Society, there is nothing in that secrecy except to enable us to protect each other, and prevent imposition; our language of signs and grips enables our members to travel to places where we have lodges, make themselves known as members of the Order, when they will find a brotherly influence surrounding them, receive advice, and if needed pecuniary assistance.

In your initiatory ceremony and conferring of degrees, there is nothing but what will raise a man's self respect and kindle his patriotism and inspire him with benevolence; and the Order only requires you to live up to its teachings, honor your obligations, be true to the country and its laws, faithful to your families, and true to the brotherhood and to God.

We recognize the teachings of the Holy Bible.

The Sons of England Society offer advantages peculiarly suited to your nationality, and is second to none, and whatever benefits you receive are not charity but right, and paid to you by the proper officers without explanations or apologies; and all that is required of you is a small initiation fee, and prompt payment of your dues. Nearly one hundred thousand dollars have already been paid out for benefits.

The Beneficiary Department enables its members to insure their lives for \$500 or \$1,000, and has already proved a great source of strength of the Order. By the payment of a

small graded assessment at the death of a member, substantial aid is secured to the surviving relatives, which will assist them in being independent of the cold charity of the world. Members becoming totally disabled and unable to follow any occupation, receive half the amount insured for, if required; the other half is paid at the time of death.

The benefits are medical attendance and medicine, on joining; full sick and funeral benefits after being 12 months a member; in case of sickness the benefits are \$3.00 per week for 13 weeks, and \$1.50 for the next 23 weeks; \$30.00 on the death of a member's wife; \$7.00 on the death of any of his children between the age of 5 and 15 years, \$100.00 on the death of a member. New members are entitled to half funeral and sick benefits at the expiration of six months.

The Initiation Fees are—

18 to 30	\$3 00
30 " 45	4 00
45 " 50	7 00
50 " 55	10 00
55 " 60	15 00

The Subscriptions are weekly, from

18 to 30	10 cents.
30 " 45	13 "
45 " 50	15 "
50 " 55	20 "
55 " 60	25 "

On the formation of a Lodge, charter members are received on the first scale of payments, as regards initiation fees. In conclusion we ask you take this matter into your earnest consideration, and if there is not a lodge near you, agitate among your fellow countrymen, and as soon as you can get 12 good men together notify the undersigned, and all the assistance required will be given to organize you into a lodge. You will then be asked how your membership will increase, and will wonder how it was so many Englishmen were living all around you without being known. Any information will be cheerfully given by the undersigned.

JOHN W. CARTER,  
Supreme Grand Secretary,  
Shaftesbury Hall,  
April, 1890. Toronto.

**TO THE DEAF.**—A Person cured of Deafness and noises in the head of 23 years' standing by a simple remedy, will send a description of it FREE to any person who applies to NICHOLSON, 30, St. John St., Montreal.

**Only \$5.50 per 100 for Pen and Pencil Frames.**  
Little Gem or Bridge, \$1.75 doz. Watch Stamp, \$2.75 doz. Double Edge Blue, \$2.50 doz. Stamp, \$2.50 doz. or 10 lbs. \$7.50. Pencil Tops, \$4 per 100. Pocket Stamp No. 14, \$7 per 100. Puzzle Key Ring, \$2.50 per 100. Stamp Handwriting, per 100 or \$2.50 per 1,000. All colors Ink in Brass Tubes, \$2.50 per 100, or \$12.50 per 1,000. Hand Daters 60c. each; \$5.50 doz. for Manufacturing your own Rubber Stamps with THALMAN'S IMPROVED VELICIZERS, REDUCED TO \$3.50. We have started persons who are now doing a thriving business. Remit above amount at once, which will be a stepping stone to prosperous future. ADDRESS

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English, French and German  
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All kinds of Picture Frames, Plush  
Frames, and all kinds of  
Picture Mats.

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472 SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA, ONT.

**Rheumatism**  
—AND—  
**Neuralgia.**

**LOOK HERE!**

Every British subject is expected to do his duty, whether he or she be English, Irish, Scotch or a native of any other Clime. The first law of nature is self-preservation, therefore it is your duty, if you are suffering with any kind of PAINS, BRUISES, STRAINS or CUTS, to have on hand a remedy. This will be found in the "Sufferers' Friend."

Note what a well-known gentleman says of it:—  
OTTAWA, 5TH MAY, 1888.

C. J. RIPLEY, Esq.,  
DEAR SIR,—Kindly send me one of your large bottles of "Sufferers' Friend." I had no occasion to use the one I got last fall, till recently, and I am glad to say it is without exception, the best Pain Killer I ever used. Its effect is simply marvellous.  
Yours truly,  
A. H. TAYLOR,  
Gen'l Ticket Agent.

H. N. BATE & SONS,  
Wholesale Agents, Ottawa, Ont.  
"Ask your druggist for the Sufferers' Friend."  
C. J. Ripley, Prop. of Liniment called "Sufferers' Friend."

**WHERE SHOULD THE CONSUMER BUY?**

In the ordinary course of trade the consumer buys his tea from the retailer, the retailer from the jobber, the jobber from the importer, the importer from the producer: This is commonly known as the regular channel of trade. This is necessary in most cases as many merchants, both wholesale and retail, have not sufficient trade to purchase from the place of growth.

**STROUD BROS.**

are one of the few firms who have built up a trade sufficient to enable them to purchase from first hands and the benefit of such buying enables them to be the medium through which the Consumer of Tea can purchase that article WITHOUT PAYING SEVERAL PROFITS.

STROUD BROS' name has become an household word in every home in this great Dominion and their teas are noted for their

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STROUD BROS. strongly recommend the tea drinking public to try any of the following brands:

BLACK, MIXED OR GREEN AT 30 cts.  
ASSAM (Specially recommended) at 30 cts.

THIS IS AN EXTRAORDINARY TEA FOR THE MONEY.

ALSO THE

**50c., 55c., OR 60c., PRIZE TEA.**

The quality of the tea and the PRIZES GIVEN WITH EACH POUND is a wonder to the trade that such value can be given:

Buying from first hands and SELLING AT A SMALL PROFIT is the Secret of Our Success.

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OTTAWA,  
KINGSTON,  
TORONTO and  
BELLEVILLE.

**SATCHELL BROS.,**



PURVEYORS TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL  
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Prime Fresh Meat in Season.

Salted Rounds and Briskets of Beef.

Finest PICKLED TONGUES,  
HAMS, BACON, SAUSAGES  
And all kinds of POULTRY & GAME.

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