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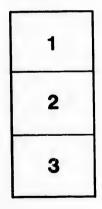
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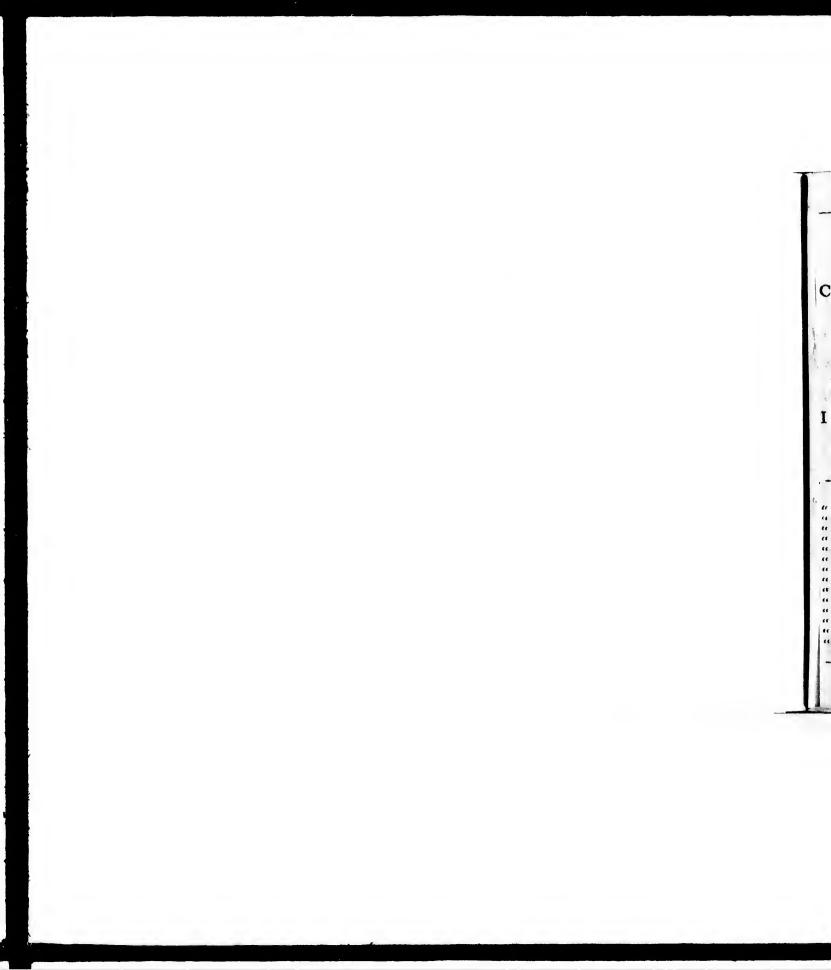
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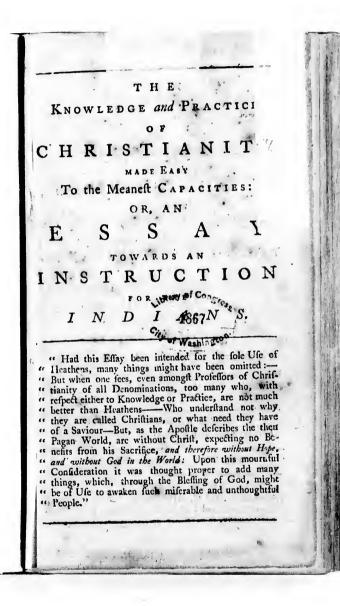
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### Lately Published, A

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FOR

The Better Uuderstanding

OF THE ORD'S SUPPER;

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For the BENEFIT of YOUNG COMMUNICANTS,

AND Of fuch as have not well confidered THIS HOLY ORDINANCE.

To which is annexed,

THE OFFICE OF THE. 2 - -

#### HOLY COMMUNION,

With proper HELPS and DIRECTIONS, for joining in every Part thereof with Understanding and Benefit.

By the Right Reverend Father in GOD, THOMAS, Lord Bifhop of Sodor and Man.

The TWENTY-THIRD EDITION.

LONDON:

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Printed for F. and C. RIVINGTON, Nº 62, St. Paul's Church-yard; and Sold by all the Bookfellers in Town and Country.

THE KNOWLEDGE and PRACTICE UCTION OF CHRISTIANITY Made Eafy to the Mcaneft CAPACITIES : OR, AN E S PER; S A Y TOWARDS AN INSTRUCTION required : FOR THE I N DIANS. CANTS, Which will likewife be of Ufe To all fuch who are called CHRISTIANS, but have not well confidered the Meaning of the RELIGION they profefs: Or, who profess to know GOD, but in Works do deny Him. 71 onfidered do deny Him. Thomas Wilson . IN TWENTY DIALOGUES. NION, Together with DIRECTIONS and PRAYERS, vs, for joining erstanding and FOR The HEATHEN WORLD, MISSIONARIES, CATECHUMENS, PRIVATE PERSONS, FOR SUNDAYS, C. r and Man. THE FIFTEENTH EDITION. By the Right Reverend Father in GOD, THOMAS, Lord Bishop of Sodor and Man. -----62, St. Paul's LONDON: Printed for F. and C. RIVINGTON, Bookfellers to the Society for Promoting Christian Knowledge, at the Bible and Grown, Nº 62, St. Paul's Church yard. fellers in Town MDCCXCII. 1

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# TO THE Most Reverend Father in GOD, S MH0 A T 55 Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, &c. PRESIDENT; And the reft of the RIGHT REVEREND, RIGHT HONOURABLE, and WORTHY GOVERNORS and MEMBERS OF THE TWO SOCIETIES; The One for the Propagation of the Gofpel in Foreign Parts, The Other for the Promoting of Christian Knowledge at Home; THIS ESSAY Is inscribed by THE AUTHOR, A Member of both these Societies.

# ADVERTISEMENT.

THIS Book, and the Bishop's Plain Treatife upon the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper, are in the Catalogues of such Books as are recommended and dispersed by the Two Societies for propagating the Gospel in Foreign Parts; and for Promoting Christian Knowledge at Home: And there will also be a large Allowance made by F. and C. Rivington, to such charitable Persons, as are disposed to buy any Number, above HALF a DOZEN at a Time of these Books, to give away, either at Home amongs poor Families, Children, and Servants, or to disperse in our PLANTATIONS in AMERICA.

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# [ i ]

The Lord Bifhop of London's Letter to bis Clergy, recommending that Branch of the Defign of the Society for Promoting Christian Knowledge, which relates to dispersing among the Poor plain Tracts on religious Subjects.

THE Subscribing and Corresponding Members of the Society, in Great-Britain and Foreign Parts, are about 500; to which were added, in the Year 1740, Twentytwo Subscribing, and Twenty-four Correfponding Members; an Increase, which has been in good Measure owing to the Lord Bishop of London's Recommendation of their Defigns, in the following Letter to his Clergy :

#### GOOD BROTHER,

Whiteball, April 3, 1740.

THE Decay of Piety and Religion, and the Increase of Sin and Vice, are fo visible in our Days, notwithstanding the . Endeavours of the Parochial Clergy to pre-' vent them; that no additional Expedients 'ought to be omitted, which may help, in ' any Measure, to preferve among our People a Senfe of Duty, and a Spirit of Devotion. · ONE

A 5

# [ 11 ]

<sup>6</sup> ONE of these Expedients is, the putting into their Hands, as Occasion shall be found, fome *fbort and plain Trasts upon Religious Subjetts*; fuch as being *fbort*, they are like to read, or may easily procure to be read to them; and being also *plain*, they cannot fail of understanding; and moreover, being always at hand, and read over often, they will naturally make a *deeper Impreffion* upon their Minds, than Instructions and Admonitions, either from the Pulpit, or by Word of Mouth.

· It was with this View, that feveral Bifhops, \* Clergymen, and other ferious Perfons among the Laity, did long fince form themfelves into a Society, for printing and differing fuch practical Tracts in great Numbers. And for the differing them more effectually, they have from time to time ad-' mitted, and continue to admit, feveral Perfons in all Parts of the Kingdem, whom they call CORRESPONDING MEMBERS; and • who are intitled to have a Supply of them, to be difposed of among fuch of the Neighbouring Clergy or Laity as defire them; " the Bound Books, mentioned in the Society's • Catalogue, at the prime Cost in Quires, the • Society being at the Charge of Binding; and the Stiched Books, at one Half of the · Price there fet down, as the prime Coft of each; the other Half of the Charge being · born by the ftanding Subscriptions of the Memthe putting all be found, *pon Religious* they are like to be read they cannot eover, being often, they. *prefion* upon and Admoor by Word

eral Bishops, rfons among 1 themfelves d dispersing Numbers. more effeco time adfeveral Pertcm, whom MBERS; and ly of them, the Neighefire them; the Society's Quires, the f Binding; Half of the me Coft of narge being ions of the Mem-

### [ iii ]

<sup>6</sup> Members of the Society, and by other oc-<sup>6</sup> cafional Benefactions. And the Privilege <sup>6</sup> of fending for and receiving those Books <sup>6</sup> and fmall Tracts, on the Terms before-<sup>4</sup> mentioned, is common to all the Corre-<sup>6</sup> sponding Members, as such, whether they <sup>6</sup> be SUBSCRIBERS, or not; on account of the <sup>6</sup> Trouble they are content to take, in an-<sup>6</sup> fwering the great Ends of the Society, by <sup>6</sup> conveying the Tracts into many Hands, and <sup>6</sup> on the fame eafy Terms; without any Ad-<sup>6</sup> vantage to themselves, besides the Pleasure <sup>6</sup> of doing Good.

' This Society has fubfilted many Years, ' under the Name of the Society for Promoting · Christian Knowledge. And, as by their En-' deavours in that Way, great Good has been ' already done to Religion, fo much more ' would probably be done, if the Defign, ' and tileir Methods of carrying it on, were ' more generally understood and attended to. And becaufe fome of the Clergy may not ' know that there is fuch a Society, and many others may be unacquainted with the true . End and Manner of it; I defire that those ' in your Neighbourhood may have this Ac-' count of it communicated to them, as you have Opportunity .- At the fame Time it ' is left to every one's Judgment, how far he ' has Occafion, within his own Cure, for fuch · Afliftances as thefe, to co-operate with his own Paitoral Labours. · I AM A 6

# [ iv ]

• I AM not without Hope, that when this • Method of doing Service to Religion is • known and confidered, Perfons who are of • Ability, both among the Clergy, and Laity, • will be difpofed to become Subfcribing Mem-• beters, or occafional Contributors, for the • better Support of the Society in carrying on • the Work, and to make the good Effects of • it more and more extensive. And fo com-• mending you, and your Labours, to the • Bl effing of God, I remain,

·SIR,

" Your Faithful Friend and Brother,

'EDM. LONDON.'

N. B. This Book, and the Bifhop of Sodor and Man's plain Account of the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper, may be had by all the Correfponding as well as Subfcribing Members, upon the Terms of the Society for Promoting Christian Knowledge, who meet every Tuefday, at their Houfe, N° 5, Bartlett's-Buildings, Holborn. that when this o Religion is ons who are of gy, and Laity, *b/cribing Mem*utors, for the in carrying on ood Effects of And fo compours, to the

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of Sodor and rament of the all the Corng Members, r Promoting every Tueflett's-Build-

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# AUTHOR'S PREFACE.

F the following Effay doth in any meafure answer its Title and Design, the Reader must know, that it was, through the divine Direction and Bleffing, owing to a fhort, but very entertaining Conversation, which the Author, and fome other Gentlemen, had with the Honourable General Ogletborpe, concerning the Condition, Temper, and Genius of the Indians in the Neighbourhood of Georgia, and those Parts of America; who, as he affured us, are a tractable People, and more capable of being civilized, and of receiving the Truths of Religion, than we are generally made to believe; if fome Hindrances were removed, and proper Measures taken to awaken in them a Senfe of their true Interest, and of their unhappy Condition, while they continue in their present State.

And though this may be thought a very difficult Work, yet God, who would have all Men to be faved, and to come to the Truth as it is in Jefus, hath, purfuant to his gracious Defign, made all Men capable of receiving fuch a Measure of Christian Knowledge, as will be sufficient for their Salvation.

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Accordingly, fome Inftances may be given of Heathens in the darkest Corners of the Earth, who have even at this Day, been awakened and converted, by the Bleffing of God upon the Labours and Conversation of fome very moderately learned, but pious Perfons. These honest and well-meaning Christians, by their good Examples and Patience in explaining the great Truths of the Gofpel, have engaged Men of very brutish Passions, and fuch as before were fuppofed to be of an unconquerable Ignorance, not only to acknowledge the true God, and his Son our Lord Jesus Christ; but also join with them in endeavouring to convince and convert others .-And how this Grain of Mustard feed may grow, and increase and spread, God only knows :---But bleffed are they that have fown it !

As to this Performance the Author will fay little in its Defence; it is called an *Effay only*; —and indeed, it was finished amidit other Business of Moment, which hath occassioned fo many Defects in it, that he has been fometimes ready almost to wish it had not gone Abroad. But he hopes these Defects may set fome better Hands at work, to perfect what hath here been attempted.—And if even that Good be done by it, the Author will be very thankful to God, for having enabled him, in any measure, to promote a Work of souls, which *Jefus Christ* hath purchased with his most precious Blood.

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nay be given mers of the Day, been Bleffing of versation of it pious Peraning Chrifnd Patience the Gofpel, ifh Paffions, to be of an only to ac-Son our Lord m in endeaothers .--d may grow, y knows :--wn it ! hor will fay n Effay only; midst other occasioned been fomed not gone ects may fet perfect what if even that will be very abled him, ork of fuch of Souls, d with his

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#### PREFACE.

There have been, it is true, many excellent Books published, which give a larger and more learned Account of the Christian Religion: But then fome of these have been written in a Style above the Capacity of the less Learned; and others mixed with Controversies, improper for such a Work, as being too apt to distract the Minds of both Teachers and Learners, and to divert them from attending to the great and faving Truths of Christianity.

It will eafily be feen that the Author's Defign doth not lie this Way; he has taken what Care he could, to give no Offence to any fcrious Chriftian, who may have different Sentiments from himfelf; and to express his Thoughts in Terms fuited to the meaneft Capacity. And, indeed, he hath failed of his Purpofe, if the Truths, here recommended, have not been made plain even to the Underftanding of an *Indian*, who shall be defirous to learn the things that concern his immortal Soul, and is *disposed for eternal Life*.

His chief Aim was to follow the Example of our great Mafter,—by giving Inftructions fuitable to the prefent Neceffity and Strength of fuch as were to receive them.

And if this fhort and plain Attempt may but ferve for a fort of *Index* or *Common-place*, of the Heads that are proper to be infifted on, and which may be more largely explained, it is to be hoped it will be of fome Advantage to fuch Miffionaries, or others, who shall think fit to confult it.

• Had

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' Had this Effay been intended for the fole . Use of Heathens, many things might have been omitted : But when one fees, even among the Professors of Christianity, of al-" most all Denominations, too many, who with respect either to Knowledge or Practice, ' are not much better than Heathens,-who understand not why they are called Christians, or what Need they have of a Saviour; but as the Apostle describes the then Pagan World, are without Chrift, expecting no Benefits from his Sacrifice, and therefore ' without Hope and without God in the World: · -- Upon this mournful Confideration, it was thought proper to add many things, which, ' through the Bleffing of God, might be of 'Ule to awaken fuch milerable and un-' thoughtful People.' ...

With respect to the manner of the Performance;—As the HOLY SPIRIT, by Moles, did not begin the History of the Creation, nor St. Paul the Conversion of the Gentiles, with Proofs of the Being of God, supposing, that every Man, who had the Use of Reason, would acknowledge, that there must of Necessity be such a Being; it was not thought necessity be fuch a Being; it was not thought necessity nor convenient to begin these Instructions with fuch Proofs, which might confound and have often staggered the Faith of simple Men.

There may be in the Christian World A the ifts, at least fuch as would with there was no God, to punish them for their wicked Lives :-But we

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ed for the fole s might have ne fees, even tianity, of alany, who with or Practice, athens,-who alled Chriftiof a Saviour; ie then Pagan expecting no and therefore in the World: eration, it was hings, which, might be of ble and un-

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#### PREFACE.

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we have no certain Account, that there are any fuch among the Heathens:—The very *Hottentots*, who are fuppofed to be the dulleft of Mankind, even thefe, as we have been informed by those who have been amongst them, do very naturally appeal to One who is above those who injuriously treat them.—And we have been lately told, that some of these very People have been awakened and converted to the Christian Faith.

The Proofs of the Christian Religion, made use of in this Essay, are not founded upon such Arguments as are above the Capacities and Reasonings of plain and unlearned People, but upon what they know and feel within themselves;—Upon the Corruption of human Nature;—Their Proneness to Evil;—The Fears that attend such a fad State;—And upon the Experience of their own utter Inability to deliver themselves out of this State of Bondage;—Arguments which every thoughtful Man, though never so unlearned, yet awakened, feels the force of.

And fuch Convictions as these will very naturally lead Men to defire, and confequently close with, any reasonable Proposal of a Way to free them from the Doubts and Fears that attend them; and dispose them to embrace fuch Evidence, as shall be brought to prove the Truth and the Bleffing of Christianity.—

Indeed the CONVERSION OF THE HEA-THENS may appear at first Sight, a very difcouraging

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raging Undertaking, confidering the many Difficulties fuch a Work is like to meet with. -But God, whole Kingdom ruleth over all, having given his Son the Heathen for his Inheritance, and the utmost Parts of the Earth for his Posseching, and having affured us, that all the Ends of the Earth should remember themselves, and turn unto the Lord; as he is able, fo He will most certainly perfect this in his own good Time, and by fuch Inftruments as shall be most proper for accomplifying this great Event. fca

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Or whether, when the Times of the Gentiles shall be fulfilled, Luke xxi. 24.-that is, as the learned Grotius understands the Prophecy, when God's Patience and Long-fuffering with the Churches of the Gentiles, whom, when he rejected the Jews, he made his peculiar People shall be at an End, and they shall have filled up the Measure of their Sins ;- Whether God will not then look upon his everlafting Covenant with Abraham and his Seed, Gen. xvii. 7. and caufe the Jews to be converted, and make THEM the Inftruments of publiching the Gospel to all Nations of the World, amongst whom his Providence hath already . . . fcattered

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ng the many to meet with. leth over all, en for bis Inthe Earth for ed us, that all ber themselves, is able, fo He his own good s shall be most great Event. f the Gentiles, rted, not only many of them hristianity, fo converted :--e Instruments o be doubted. of the Gentiles that is, as the he Prophecy, fering with the , when he reculiar People bave filled up ther God will ing Covenant Gen. xvii. 7. onverted, and of publiching the World,

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#### PREFACE.

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fcattered them; it is Matter worthy of Confideration, and feemed to the very learned Mr. Joseph Mede no improbable Supposition \*.

He fuppofed St. Paul's Conversion to be a TYPE of the Calling of the Jews, when their Tribulation and long Difpersion shall be ended; and that the fame Almighty Power and Grace which converted him, and from a most bitter Enemy and Persecutor of Jesus Christ, and his Church, made him an Apostle and Preacher of the Gospel to the then Gentile World,—that the fame Almighty Power and Grace can, and it is probable may, after the like manner, make the Jews, though never fo great Enemies to Christ at present, Preachers of the Gospel to the yet unconverted Nations; and endow them as he did St. Paul, with sufficient Powers, to convince and convert all fuch as are disposed for eternal Life.

But this mult be as it fhall pleafe God.— In the mean time, whoever among Christians *fears God*, and loves the Lord *Jejus Christ* in Sincerity, cannot but defire and endeavour, that all Nations may come to the Knowledge of their Maker and Redeemer, and adore and glorify him.

This is indeed what every Christian prays for, when he fays, *Thy Kingdom come*;—but to how little Purpole, if he does not, by fome Acts of his own, and as far as God hath

\* Mr. Mede's Works, fol. Book v. Chap. 2. See there his Reafons at large.

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put it into his Power, endeavour to gather and increafe the Number of Christ's Subjects, and enlarge his Kingdom, by the Conversion of the yet unbelieving Nations?

We know it will be natural for People to afk, What can be done by moft Men, more than to pray,—That fuch as fit in Darknefs, and in the Shadow of Death, may be delivered by what Ways God thall think fit ? More, much more, moft certainly, may be done, by almoft all good Chriftians, towards the promoting of to glorious a Work,—were they only to remove the Stumbling-blocks which lie in the Way of the Heathens, and hinder their Conversion.

For Inftance :—It cannot but be acknowledged with Shame and Sorrow, that the little Progrefs which the Gofpel hath made among the INDIANS and NEGROES in the Weftern Parts of the World, had in a great meafure been owing to the bad Lives of many of those Chriftians with whom they have fo long converfed :—For let the Miffionaries, or any other good Men fay never fo many true and affecting things of the Excellency of Chriftianity, and the Bleffings attending it; those People will always judge of the Religion fo zealoufly recommended to them, by the Lives of the Generality of those who profess it, which, if wicked, give fuch a Wound to Chriftianity, as all the Arguments to recommend it cannot heal.

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#### PREFACE.

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If these poor People, instead of seeing the good Fruits of the holy Faith and Religion proposed to them, shall see little or nothing, but a general Corruption of Manners; such as Intemperance, Injustice, Covetousses, Oppression, a Love of Pleasures and all worldly Delights, a Want of Compassion for their Fellow creatures, -Hatred, Malice, and Revenge, --it will be almost impossible to reconcile them to a Religion which hath no better Effects upon its Proseffors; -or to make them fear a God who suffers his Worschippers to do such things, and break with Impunity those Laws, which they say he hath given them for the Conduct of their Lives.

Heathens can reafon as well as Chriftians, in Matters of fo natural a Confequence; and will make this plain Conclusion;—That if fuch Chriftians as they converfe with, do really hope, as they pretend, to be happy when they die, no Perfons need be much concerned how they live here, or fear being miferable hereafter.

Such Men as these would do well to confider the sad Doom pronounced by the Son of God against those who give this Offence, and hereby occasion the Loss of so many Souls.

All Christians, who live in the Neighbourhood of the Heathens, ought to conclude that they are placed there by a special Providence, which doth nothing by chance, or in vain, to give those People an Opportunity of coming to

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to the Knowledge of the true and only God; and, by their inftructive Conversation, and good Lives, to dispose them to receive the Gospel that they may be faved,—that God may be glorified, and his Kingdom enlarged, and his Name become excellent in all the Earth. ŀ

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Then indeed those Heathens will have Reafon to fay, what Moses supposed the Nations would fay of the Israelites,—Surely these are a wise and an understanding People, who have the Lord so night unto them, in all they call upon him for;—and what Nation is there so great, that hath Statutes and Judgments so righteous?

It was certainly for fuch great Ends as thefe, that Joseph first, and afterwards Jacob, and his whole Family, were brought into Egypt, by unforeseen Providences, that the Egyptian Nation, which was given altogether to Idolatry, might have a favourable Opportunity of coming to the Knowledge of the true and only God.

• For this Reafon alfo it was, that the fame Providence of God, who alone can bring good out of Evil, did afterwards punifh the Sins of his own People, by fending them Captives into Babylon; and at the fame Time that he punifhed them, and effectually cured them of the Sin of worfhipping Idols, he gave their Conquerors a merciful Occafion of coming to the Knowledge of Himfelf, and of his glorious Attributes;—and by the wonderful Miracles which he publicly wrought, delivering his

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and only God, nverfation, and to receive the ed,—that God gdom enlarged, all the Earth. will have Reaed the Nations wrely thefe are a be, who have the rey call upon him of great, that righteous ? t Ends as thefe, rds Jacob, and

ght into Egypt, at the Egyptian gether to Idole Opportunity of the true and that the fame

that the jame can bring good with the Sins of them Captives Time that he cured them of he gave their to of coming to d of his glorivonderful Might, delivering his

#### PREFACE

his faithful Servants DANIEL, SHADRACH, MESHACH, and ABEDNEGO, from Death, he gave many Nations and Kingdoms fufficient Reafons to fee the Folly of their abfurd and flupid Idolatry, when their very Kings were forced to declare, that there was no God but the God of *Ifrael*, who was able to deliver after that manner; and forbad all the People of their Dominions to fpeak any thing againft the God who could do fuch Wonders.

And how carneftly is it to be wilhed, that fuch Chriftians, who by the fame Providence, and by various Ways, have been fent amongh the Heathens, in these latter Days, would ferioufly confider what great Good or Evil they are capable of doing, by their virtuous c vicious Behaviour, the one hardening them intheir Unbelief, the other disposing them to receive the Gospel!

As to the NEGROES, the Defcendants of Ham and Canaan, who, according to one of the moft ancient Prophecies (Gen. ix. 25.) are become Slaves to Christians, the Defcendants of Japheth:—furely the only rightcous Recompence that can be made them, for having been forced from their native Country into a strange Land, and for their Labours there, will be to endeavour to bring them to the Knowledge and Worship of the true God, the God of the Spirits of all Fless, who would have all Men be faved, and with him is no Respect of Persons.

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And indeed, if this is not fincerely endeavoured, it will be very difficult to juftify the Trade of BUYING, TRANSPORTING, and SEL-LING them as Beafts of Burthen.

For tho' it should be allowed to be a Bleffing for these ignorant, rude and uncivilized People, who can hardly be more miferable in any Country than in their own, to be brought even in the Condition of Slaves, into a Country of civilized Pcople, where Mens Lives and Liberties are fecured by Laws, and where they may be supposed, in time, to be qualified to receive Instructions of every kind, both for the Benefit of Society, and for the Salvation of their own Souls;-yet it would be great Barbarity and Injustice, to make a gain for ever of their Labours, and those of their Children, and neither to take Care of their religious Instruction themselves, nor contribute to the Support of those who do this charitable Work for them .- This would fhew too plainly, that the Profits gained by the Labours of their Slaves are more valued by their Mafters, than the Glory of God, or than the Salvation of their own, or their Servants Souls; FOR-GETTING THAT THEY THEMSELVES HAVE A MASTER IN HEAVEN.

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But the true Way, which all wife and good Malters will take with their Slaves, and will recommend themfelves and their Labours to the Bleffing and Protection of God, is,—To endeavour that their Slaves may have the Ties of

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t to justify the ING, and SEL-

to be a Blefnd uncivilized e miserable in to be brought , into a Coun-Mens Lives ws, and where to be qualified kind, both for the Salvation uld be great ke a gain for of their Chilof their religicontribute to his charitable hew too plainhe Labours of their Masters, the Salvation Souls; FOR-LVES HAVE A

wife and good ives, and will ir Labours to God, is,—To have the Ties of

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of Religion and Confeience, to oblige them to be *faithful*, *peaceable*, and *contented* with their Condition.—And nobody ought to queftion, but that these People are as capable of receiving religious Instructions as any other Gentiles, or even as we ourselves were, when the Gospel was first preached to us.—And they who infinuate, to the Reproach of our Lord, and the Power of his Grace, that the Converfion of the Negroes will either be impossible, or be of no Advantage to their Masters, have much more to answer for, than they feem to imagine or to apprehend.

And those Malters who grudge their Slaves Time sufficient for their Instruction in the Way of Life and Happiness, and compel them to profane the Lord's Day, in procuring Neceffaries for their Support, in direct Opposition to God's Command, given in Compassion both to Man and Beast; --fuch Masters have no Reason to expect the Blessings of either this World or the next.

These are fome of the Obstacles which lie in the Way of the CONVERSION of the Negroes and Indians, and cause that glorious Work to go on to flowly: And, certainly, they who are concerned to remove them, and who do not, will be looked upon as Enemics to God, and his Chrift, and as such shall be treated at the last Day.

The WANT of MISSIONARIES, both for NUMBER and QUALIFICATIONS, to undertake a

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fo difficult a Work, is another Reafon which delays their Conversion, and greatly to be lamented.—These cannot be hoped for without Affistances equal to the Work.

In order to this, it pleafed God to put into the Hearts of our Princes, TO ESTABLISH, BY A CHARTER, A SOCIETY FOR PROPAGAT-ING THE GOSPEL IN FOREIGN PARTS, which hath hitherto been encouraged, and kept up, by many worthy but voluntary Subscriptions, and Benefactions .- And may God increase their Number, and blefs the Substance of all fuch Benefactors !----But Experience hath convinced those who are chiefly concerned in carrying on this good Work, that a much greater Income than they have yet had, will be neceffary to fupply the Number of Miffionaries that are wanted, and are every Day prayed for by fuch People as are well-difpoled, but not able of themselves to maintain fuch as may instruct them.

In the mean time we hope and have Reafon to expect, that this excellent Undertaking, in which the Glory of God, and the Good of Men, are fo nearly concerned, will meet with ftill more and greater Encouragement from Chriftians of all Denominations, when they confider the Obligations upon every one to put to their helping Hand, according to their Ability, as a Proof of their Love for our Lord Jefus Chrift, and of their zealous Concern for the everlafting Salvation of the Souls of Men.

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God to put into TO ESTABLISH, OR PROPAOAT-PARTS, which d, and kept up, y Subscriptions, nay God increase Substance of all xperience hath iefly concerned k, that a much ve yet had, will lumber of Mifare every Day as are well-diffelves to mainn.

and have Reant Undertaking, and the Good of , will meet with tragement from tons, when they on every one to cording to their r Love for our tir zealous Contion of the Souls

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Those Gentlemen are under an indispensible Obligation to support and encourage this excellent Work, who draw great Riches from the Traffick and Labour of the Negroes, and from the Nations and Countries of the Indians, whether they live here, or in the Indies.

And indeed one cannot but believe, that these Gentlemen, who reside in the great and trading Towns of England, and are generally of a very liberal Disposition, and ready to every good Work, do only want to be made fensible of the Good they are able to do this. Way, and the Obligations which lie upon them to promote so pious a Work; — whereby they would be most certainly intitled to the especial Bleffing of God in this World upon their Trade, their Ships, themselves, and their Families, as well as that they might have leave to hope for Bleffings of an higher and a nobler kind.

In fhort, one would hope, that all People who value the Bleffing of an ingenuous and Chriftian Education, will countenance this Work, fome by their Affiftance, all by their Prayers: - Effectially when they confider that this very State of Darkne/s, and deplorable Ignirance, mult have been our own Cafe to this Day, had not God in Mercy fent Miffionaries. to inftruct the Generations before us.

And although there are many Christians, who differ in Opinions from one another, fometimes in Matters of little Moment; yet a 2 fure-

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fure all fuch as agree in the great and faving Truths of the Golpel, will unite to weaken the Power of *Satan*, who ftill exercifeth his Malice over fo great a Part of Mankind.

And it will be a prevailing Motive to endeavour this, when we confider how far this Charity may extend; for as we ourfelves do now enjoy the Bleffings and Fruits of their Charitable Labours, who fo long fince preached the Gofpel to thefe Nations, fo we have Reafon to hope and believe that the Generations to come, in the miferable Countries we are now concerned for, will in God's good Time, and by his Bleffing upon this Society, offer up many Thankfgivings to God, for having touched our Hearts with a Senfe of the wretched Condition of their Forefathers, and having helped them out of it.

Thefe, and the like Confiderations will, one would hope, prevail with all fuch well-difpofed Chriftians, as fhall come to the Knowledge of this Society, to enable its Governors to fend and encourage Miffionaries, fufficient for fo great and extensive an Undertaking, and fuch as are endued with a truly Chriftian Spirit, and with a prudent Zeal for the Glory of God, and the Salvation of Men.—And indeed, -IF THIS IS NOT TO HONOUR GOD WITH OUR SUBSTANCE, WE SHALL BE AT A LOSS TO FIND A BETTER WAY.

In the mean time it must not be forgotten, —That every pious and understanding Chrif-

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eat and faving nite to weaken l exerciseth his f Mankind. Motive to ener how far this e ourselves do its of their Chafince preached we have Reahe Generations untries we are d's good Time, Society, offer up d, for having of the wretchers, and having

ations will, one fuch well-difto the Knowtis Governors aries, fufficient Undertaking, truly Chriftian I for the Glory Men.—And HONOUR GOD

be forgotten, anding Chriftian,

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tian, who by the Providence of God, is placed among the Heathens, or is in any Way concerned with them, may be capable, in fome measure, of becoming a Millionary, and may receive, at least from God, a Millionary's Reward; by endeavouring to dispose fuch People to bethink themselves, why they were fent into the World, and what may become of them when they leave it.

For Example : Every fuch ferious Christians may, in his Conversation with Heathens, endeavour to convince them,-that the Gods they worship are indeed evil Spirits, which will be their Ruin for ever, if they do not renounce and forfake them :- That they are these evil Spirits which lead them, and all wicked Men, to do fuch Things as an Holy and Good God must be displeased with, and which he hath declared he will punish most feverely in the Life which is to come .- He can further inform them, That the God we worfhip is he who made us, and all the World; -That he is most worthy of their Love, and their Obedience,-fince he hath commanded nothing but what is neceffary for our Good; -That he would have all Men, without Refpect of Perfons, to be happy; and that he will make all Men happy, who will do what he hath commanded them .- And at the fame Time he can let them know,-That the Wrath of this Great and Holy God is greatly to be feared, above all Things, by fuch as do not obey his - +1 I.s Com-

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Commands; fo that they ought not to be eafy till they know how to obtain his Pardon, and to be reftored to his Favour.

He can, in converting with them, let them know further,-that our God and Maker hath been fo exceeding good and kind, as to fend his own Son from Heaven, to make himfelf, and his Will known unto Men ;- To make Atonement by his Sufferings and Death for their Sins, and to teach them how they ought to live, fo as to pleafe their Maker ;- and how they may be reftored to his Favour, when they shall have done any thing to displease him :- And (to make us all more attentive to these Truths) That the Son of God did affure us Chriftians,-That this is not the only World and Life we are all made for, but that there is another World after this; and that the prefent Life is only a State of Trial, which is defigned to fit us for a much better Life, if we are not wanting to ourfelves :- For God hath affured us, by this his Son, that he hath determined to raife all Men that have ever lived, to Life again, to call them to Account, and to judge them either to Happiness or Mifery in the next World, according as they have behaved in this ;-and that all fuch as have obeyed God, believed in Chrift, and led good Lives, or who, being fenfible they have done Evil, have truly repented of it, shall be happy for ever; but that such whether Heathens or Chriftians, as have despifed the Pro-2 · · · · · · · ·

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ght not to be btain his Par-Favour.

them, let them ind Maker hath kind, as to fend make himfelf, n;-To make and Death for how they ought Maker ;- and is Favour, when ng to difpleafe ore attentive to God did affure s not the only de for, but that this; and that of Trial, which uch better Life; ves :- For God n, that he hath that have ever em to Account, lappiness or Miording as they that all fuch as 1 Chrift, and led g fenfible they repented of it, iat fuch whether ave defpised the Pro-

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Propofals of the Gofpel, led carelefs and wicked Lives in this World, and have not truly repented, and amended their Ways, shall be doomed to everlafting Fire.

By fuch Hints as thefe, and a thoufand other Truths which the good Spirit of God will put into the Hearts of fuch pious Chriftians as love God, and defire to have him known and glørified,—by fuch Hints as thefe it will be proper to raife in their Minds a Fear for themfelves, and a Defire to know more of the Will of God;—To know what they must believe,—and how they must live, fo that they may be happy when they die.

And certainly, they who have Negroes in Servitude, will find it the best Way to fecure their Fidelity ;-First, to convince them, that their State of Bondage, even in a strange Land, amongst People who are governed by Laws, is far better than always to have lived in their own country, where no Man can live in Safety, except a few lawlefs People, who kill or make Slaves of all whom they can overcome; whereas now they may live in Security, and have it in their own Power to come to the Knowledge of the true God, who will affuredly make them full amends in the next World, for what they want or fuffer in this, if they shall bear their Condition, in which his Providence hath placed them, with Patience, and obey his Commands.

And now, if any thing in the following Effay shall be of Use, either to such well-disposed

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pofed People as we have been fpeaking of, or to any of the *Miffionaries* fent by the Society, or to thole who have called themfelves Chriftians, though they have hitherto lived without Fear of what must come hereafter : —In a Word,—if it may ferve in the least Degree to enlarge the Kingdom of God, which we daily pray for :—Let all the Praife be to Him, for whole Glory it was undertaken, and who by the weakeft Means can, when he pleafes, do the greateft Good.

All the Author defires for himfelf is, That he may have the Prayers of all fuch as fhall receive any Benefit by these Papers; and in return he will not forget to pray for them That we may one Day meet in the Paradije of God, to praise Him to all Eternity.

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n fpeaking of, ent by the Solled themfelves hitherto lived ome hereafter : ve in the leaft dom of God, t all the Praife as undertaken, s can, when he

imfelf is, of all fuch as fe Papers; and pray for them the Paradife of nity.

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- [ - 1 ] ; · . -1142 - 1. C. 101 wog as " Deas Rt Fr toll to the Star Oak S E S chill, " NT TOWARDS AN 1 . . St 12 . . . INSTRUCTION for INDIANS. ",CT PART I. 1 19 Which is in order to Christian Baptism. 1 DIALOGUE I. W HY are you fo earneft in perfuading me to become a Chriftian ?' Millionary. Becaufe I know for certain, that 1911.11 it is the only sure Way to preferve you from Mifery, and to make you happy both bere and bereafter. Ind. I shall be very thankful, if you will

"be fo kind as to explain what you fay conf. cerns me fo very much." Mif. That I will most freely do: For my

Heart's Defire is, that all Perfons may have the fame Knowledge of God, and his Will, as we

Chrif-

An INSTRUCTION Dial. 1.

Christians have ; and besides, by instructing you, 1 myself shall be a very great Gainer. Ind. 'I do not understand what you mean

· by that.'

Miff. I will tell you then: THE GREAT GOD, whom we Christians worship, He whomade the World, and all Things in it, and in whose Hands our Breath and Life is\*, and who would have all his Creatures to be happy,— He has promised an exceeding great Reward to all fuci as shall endeavour to make Him, and His clorious Perfections, and His most gracious Purposes, known unto men, especially to such unhappy People as you, who know not for what End you were made and sent into this world; who know not what Duties you owe to your Maker, nor on what Conditions He will keep you from Misery, and make you for ever happy when you die.

Ind. 'Be pleafed then to tell me what you know more than we do; concerning the God you worfhip; for we know and believe that there must be fome GREAT POWER above us, who made us and does govern all things here below.'

Miff. But we Christians know much more of that Great Power above, than you in your prefent State of Ignorance, can possibly do. We were indeed once as ignorant of Him (and of our most unhappy Condition on that account) as you now are; but He has been fo good as "Day, v. 22.

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by instructing great Gainer. what you mean

: THE GREAT orfhip, He whongs in it, and in ife is \*, and who to be happy, g great Reward r to make Him, , and His molt to men, effecie as you, who were made and w not what Duor on what Conm Mifery, and en you die.

ell me what you cerning the God and believe that r Power above govern all things

w much more of you in your preboffibly do. We of Him (and of on that account) been fo good as

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Dial. 1. for the INDIANS.

to make *Himfelf* and his Will known to us, to our very great Comfort and Happinefs; and we cannot but defire, that every one may be as happy as all true Christians are in knowing their Maker's Will, and honouring Him, as reafonable Creatures ought to do.

Ind. ' May I afk you one thing?---Why did not that good Being, whom you call your God, make all this known to us as well as to you?'

Miff. I must tell you once for all, that we poor Creatures ought not to expect, that the GREAT GoD should give us an Account of every thing he has thought fit to do\*. It is enough for us to know for certain, that He is good and just in every thing he does or permits to be done.—And be affured, that fooner or later, every Tongue shall confeis, and every Soul acknowledge, the JUSTICE and EQUITY of God's Proceedings with Mankind. —At prefent it concerns you much more to hnow what we Christians believe of God, and his Will, according to the Account which he himself hath given us.

Ind. 'This, Sir, is what I now defire you ' to inftruct me in.'

Miff. That I will most gladly do; for the Knowledge and Belief of God is the Foundation of all true Religion, and of the Happiness of Men.

First then, We know the God we ferve to

\* Job xxxiii. 13. B 2 3

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An INSTRUCTION Dial. 1.

be the most perfect of all Beings; and that there is no other God befide to be *feared*, *leved*, or wor/bipped.

That it is he who made the World; and that he preferves and governs; and orders all things by his wonderful Wildom and Power. Wi Thatamongst other Creatures he made Man to be Partaker of his Happines; in order to which, he gave him Reason, that he might understand, and adore, and obey his Maker.

And that Men might know him more perfectly, and love and fear him as they ought, he has given an Account of his Government of the World ever fince he made it.----By which Account it appears,-That he is Almighty, \_\_\_\_\_i. e. is able to do whatever he thinks fit : \_\_\_\_ That he is exceeding Wife, and Good, and Juft ; and therefore can command nothing but what is for our Advantage; and will most furely reward fuch as comply with his Laws, and punifb those that difobcy them. We thereby also know, that he is a moft Holy Being, and has ever been difpleafed with wicked men. He is also most kind and compassionate to those, who, having offended him, are truly forry for it, and return to their Duty :--- That he fees and knows all the Actions of Men, whether good or bad; and that even our very Thoughts are known to him :--- That he not only knows things past and present, but even all things which shall ever happen bereafter :- Laftly, That he is

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ings; and that de to be feared,

he World; and and orders all om and Power. reshe made Man efs; in order to , that he might ey his Maker. him more pern as they ought, his Government made it.—By That he is Aldo whatever he exceeding Wife,

refore can comour Advantage; fuch as comply ofe that difobcy ow, that he is a r been displeased fo most kind and having offended , and return to s and knows all er good or bad; ights are known ly knows things all things which -Lastly, That he

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for the INDIANS. Dial. r.

is most faithful to his Word, fo that whatever he has promifed he will most furely make good; and whatever he has threatened, he will as furely execute.

Ind. " I confess this Account of the GREAT 6 and GOOD GOD feems molt agreeable to-" Reafon; now you have put me upon confidering it fo particularly."

Miff. But there are other Truths of the greatest Moment, which God has also in that Account made known to us, and which our Reafon could never have clearly difcovered; fuch as these that follow ;-That there, will be another Life after this ;- and that the true Happiness or Mifery of Men will not be fully known till after they are dead.

Ind. ' Till after they are dead, Sir ?--"Why do you Christians really know what ' fhall becom' of Men after they are dead?'

Miff. Yes, we do, and that most certainly. -We know, that this fhort Life is only a Life or State of Trial, in order to change and mendour corrupt Nature, that we may be fit for a much better World when we die; and be for: ever happy there, if we behave ourfelves as we fhould do, while we live bere .- For God has made known to us, that after Death the Souls of all good People go to a Place of Reft, and Peace and Happines; -and the Souls of wicked People to a Place of Sorrow and Mifery, there to remain till the End of this World, and the Day of Judgment. B 3 Ind.

An INSTRUCTION Dial. 1.

Ind. ' Pray, what do you mean by the END ' OF THE WORLD, and by the DAY OF JUDG-' MENT ?'

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Miff. Why, God has affured us, that this World fhould have an End;—that then there will be a Refurrection of the Dead, both of the Juft and Unjuft \*, both of good and bad Men; that all who have ever lived fhall then be raifed to Life, and give an Account for whatever they have done in this World, whether Good or Evil:—And that fuch as have done Good fhall be made happy for ever;—and fuch as have done Evil, that is, have led wicked Lives, and have not repented in due Time, fhall be for ever miferable.

Ind. ' Thefe indeed are Truths which we know nothing of; and if they be really true, it certainly concerns me and every Man · living, to think of them in good earnest, and to order his Life accordingly .- But · let me afk you,-Do all you Chriftians know thefe things, and believe them to be true?" Miff. It is at the Peril of their Souls, if they do not .- But I know why you afk that Queftion, and I promife to answer and fatisfy you upon that Head hereafter .---- In the mean time, it is certainly your best and wifest Way to take care of yourfelf, in an Affair of the highest Importance to you; and not to neglect this Opportunity, which God of his Mercy and Goodness gives you by me, of \* Aas xxiv. 15.

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Dial. 1.

an by the END DAY OF JUDG-

d us, that this that then there ead, both of the and bad Men; fhall then be count for whatvorld, whether h as have done ever; \_\_\_\_\_ and at is, have led epented in due able.

ruths which we y be really true, nd every Man good earnest, lingly .- But Christians know m to be true?" their Souls, if ny you alk that fwer and fatisfy ter.-In the r beft and wifeft in an Affair of u; and not to ich God of his you by me, of

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Dial. 1. for the INDIANS.

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coming to the Knowledge of your Maker, and of the Duties you owe to him, to yourfelf, and to all others, left they should be hereafter for ever hid from you, to your eternal Ruin and Destruction.

Ind. 'I hope I shall take your good Advice. 'But in the mean time you will give me 'Leave to ask you,-How did God make

these things known unto you Christians?"

Miff. That you shall know in due Time; for you cannot know all things at once .- And thefe few Truths only I have told you, at this Time, that you may know and confider what . you have to do ;- that you may in good earneft defire to be further taught, and told how you may be for ever happy (if it is not your own Fault;) and how you may avoid the Danger and Mifery which you and all Men are exposed to, who are not very seriously concerned for their own Safety .- For once and again I must affure you, as certain as there is a God, that you and every Man living shall be happy or miserable when they die. We therefore (knowing these things, and that we must all appear before the Judgmeut-seat of God, and receive a Sentence according to what we have done in the Body, whether it be good or bad \*,) We, knowing these things, endeavour to perfuade Men to be afraid for themfelves, and to live an holy and virtuous Life bere, fo as toescape being miserable bereafter. \* 2. Cor. v. 11.

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### An INSTRUCTION Dial. 1.

What therefore I would recommend to you at prefent (for I would not overburden your Memory at once) is this:—That you would pray to God to give you an Heart difpofed to hearken to the Truth: For he has promifed to enlighten the Understanding, and open the Hearts, of those who humbly and devoutly pray to him for his Direction and Affistance.

Ind. ' I hope I shall follow your Advice; ' and I believe, I shall hardly forget the ' things you have told me.'

Miff. Farewel for the prefent; and may God keep you in this good Difpolition, and give you a teachable Temper; and for this Purpofe join with me in the following Prayer.

## The PRAYER.

INLARGE thy Kingdom, O God, and deliver the World from the Dominion and Tyranny of Satan.—Haften the Time, which thy Spirit has foretold, when all Nations, whom thou haft made, fhall worfhip thee, and glorify thy Name.—Bleis the good Endeavours of those who strive to propagate the Truth, and prepare the Hearts of all Men to receive it.—To the Honour of thy Holy Name. Amen.

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recommend to not overburden is :- That you u an Heart difth: For he has Understanding, fe who humbly r his Direction

dly forget the 1 . 191 1 fent; and may Disposition, and r; and for this llowing Prayer.

# E R.

, O God, and Dominion and he Time, which n all Nations, orfhip thee, and e good Endeapropagate' the ts of all Men to our of thy Holy and and the seg-

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and a second second

DIA-

Dial. 2.

#### . ' 2 30 1 5 't ci i 11.000 DIALOGUE H. C. Of the Corruption of our Nature.

122

#### INDIAN.

for the INDIANS.

AM come again, kind Sir, for your further Instruction. Your last Words have made me very thoughtful and uneasy, when you told me with fo much Earnestnefs, THAT HAPPINESS OR MISERY WILL BE THE CERTAIN PORTION OF EVERY 1 . (1 216 3 ) ONE AFTER DEATH I' 20.45

Mif. I told you nothing but the Truth; and I am not forry for your Uneafinefs ;--fince that may prove in its Confequence the 

Miff. But this you can eafily understand, -That they who are in Health, and think themfelves in no Danger, will not look out for a Pbyfician and other Help; but they that are fick, and fenfible of their Difeafe, will be glad of Advice and will be apt to follow it \*, -when once you are fenfible, that of yourfelf you are an ignorant, helpless, sinful Creaturet, incapable of either knowing or performing the Will, of your Maker, or of reconciling yourlelf to him, whenever you have offended him,

Befides, I must tell you another Truth, -That the more you are afraid for yourfelf,

B 5

\* Matt. ix. 12.

+ Rev. iii. 17. the

#### An INSTRUCTION Dial. 2. the more will the Great God be difpofed to

pity you, and to deliver you from the Danger you are justly afraid of \*; and to enable you to attain the End for which you were made, and fent into the World?

Ind. Will you be pleafed to let me know " what the End is for which God made us, and

fent us into the World."

10

Miff. God made Man, that he might have a Creature upon Earth endued with Reafon, and capable of adoring his Maker, and of imitating his Perfections; and fit to partake of his Bounty and Happinefs.

Ind. "Pray what is the Happiness you " fpeak of?"

Miff. It is the Happiness of going to a Place of perfect Knowledge, Goodness, Love, Joy, and Peace, which is to last for ever.

As nothing is more defirable than Life, nothing should more forcibly work upon Human Nature, than the Hopes of Everlafting Life.

Which Life God himfelf has fet forth to us by all fuch things as we are most commonly affected with :--- As a CROWN,-a KING. undefiled, that fadeth not away ;--- and a STATE of everlafting Joy and Pleafure. Ind. ' If God originally defigned Men for

this Happinefs, how came they to forfeit 6 their Title to it?' \* I/a. lxvi. 2.

Mif.

be difposed to om the Danger to enable you you were made,

to let me know d made us, and

he might have d with Reafon, Maker, and of d fit to partake

Happiness you

of going to a Goodne/s, Love, aft for ever. ble than Life, work upon Huof Everlafting

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gned Men for they to forfeit

Mif.

Dial T. for the INDIANS.

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Miff. They do it by being guilty of Sin; this is, — by transgreffing the Law which. God has given them.

Ind. ' Has God given us any Law?'

Miff. Yes, furely.—He hath given you and all Men Reafon, which is inftead of a written Law or Rule, by which you ought to live, and may, in fome meafure, know what is Good, and what is Evil; what will pleafe, and what will difpleafe, an boly, juft, and good God.

Ind. 'But it is too plain, that People do 'not always observe this Rule or Law.'

Miff. It is fo, and that is their Sin, by which they difpleafe God, and debar themfelves of his greater Favours, and are in Danger of being miferable, even beyond what they can imagine.

Ind. 'But is not this the Cafe of many 'Christians, as well as of us?'

Miff. It is furely fo,—and they must fuffer feverely for it; God having given them plainer Rules, and greater Helps, to overcome and cure that Corruption of Nature, which is One great Occasion of all the Wickedness which we fee in the World.

Ind. ' Pray what do you mean by THE ' CORRUPTION OF OUR NATURE ?'

Miff: That I will now tell you; ---- and what by your own Reason and Experience you

+ It is our Religion which has first taught; That Man is born in firs; no Sect of Philosephers ever faid this, and therefore no deel ever faid the Truth. Monf. Patchal's Rekgions Thoughts, p. 63.

B 6

An INSTRUCTION Dial. 2. 12 must acknowledge to be true.--By the Corruption of Nature we mean, a ftrong Inclination to Evil, which we not only fee and blame. in other People, but very fenfibly feel in ourfelves; that is-fomething within us, which often opposeth our Reason (and the other Laws which God hath given us;) fo that we are often tempted and prevailed upon, to do what our own Judgment condemns us for, at the Time of doing it. Ind. " This indeed is too plainly the Cafe. "-Men follow not their Reafon, but their " Paffions, their Inclinations, and their own e perverfe Wills; and which too often they · have Caule to repent of ..... Miff. You cannot but have observed, that this Inclination to Evil is often fo violent; that Men commit all Iniquity with Greedine/s; and this is the Occafion of all the Wickedness which we fee and hear of ;---- All the Cruelty, the Oppression, the Pride, the Injustice, the Malice, the Covetou/ne/s, the Lewdne/s, the Impurity, Murders, Drunkennefs, and all other Sins, by which Men dishonour their Maker and themfelves, and are a Plague to others; infomuch that it is found necessary to have fevere Laws made, even by Men, to hinder Wicked People from hurting one another ;- of which Laws there would be no occasion, if Reafon had been fufficient to govern Men; which fad Experience fnews it is not; - there being too many, whom no Reason, no Advice, no Prospect of Danger,

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N Dial. 2.

By the Cortrong Inclinay fee and blame bly feel in ourthin us, which and the other is;) fo that we ed upon, to do emins us for, at

inly the Cafe. ton, but their and their own oo often they

observed, that lo violent; that reedine(s; and kednefs which e Cruelty, the ce, the Malice, the Impurity, other Sins, by. ker and themers; infomuch e severe Laws Vicked People f which Laws eafon had been ad Experience many, whom eft of Danger, . to tout spage

Dial. 2. for the INDIANS.

13

no Hopes of Happiness, can keep from ruining themselves and others.

Ind. ' I confess there is Truth in what you fay.—But fure this is not the Cafe of all People.'

Miff. I must tell you,-That the Wickednefs of others fhews us plainly what all Men are by Nature .- All Men have the Seeds of Evil within themfelves, which would fpring up and appear upon every Temptation if not hindered by fomething more than their own Reafon; and they that are not fo wicked as others, may be thankful to a Power above, who reftrains them .- And your own Heart and Experience must tell you, that fuch as are not for wicked as thefe we have been speaking of, are forced to ftrive hard against the Temptations they meet with, before they can follow what their Reafon tells them they ought to do or avoid ;- that they are but too often unwilling to follow the LIGHT of REASON, which God hath given them ; and too-too often make ufe of it only to burt and over reach one another. -All which fnews, that our Nature is frangely corrupt -fo that no Man can fay he is free from Sin, or not guilty before God.

Ind. 'I must confess, indeed, that, according to my best Understanding, there is Truth in every thing you have told me.'

Miff. Well then, let this Truth fink deep into your Heart; for without a firm Belief of this, you will never have any true Notion of the

14 An INSTRUCTION Dial. 2. the Goodness, Justice, or Marcy of God to Men; nor will you ever know the Value of Christianity.

Ind. 'But how Man, the Creature of fo holy 'and good a God, fhould come to have a Na-'ture to corrupt and difordered, and prone to 'Evil.—This, indeed, furprizes me.'

Miff. Far be it from any Man to imagine, that a good and holy God, who hateth Sin, fhould be the Caufe of this Corruption of our Nature, and of the Evil it occasions !- No,-He made Man at first upright, holy, just and good, and capable of doing every thing that became a reasonable creature; but how he fell into this wretched and diftempered Condition, you shall know in due Time.

Ind. But fince Sin and Wickednefs are difpleafing to God, why does he fuffer Sin and Sinners to be in the World?

Miff. You do not confider, that, all Men being Sinners, God muft either fuffer Sin to be in the World, or deftroy the Sinners; that is, all the Race of Men- But when you come to know the Christian Religion, and what God has done to cure this great Diforder of our Nature, you will find, that God can take occasion from the Sins of Men to display the Greatness of his Mercy and Compassion for Sinners; and you will have Reason to admire and adore his wonderful Wisdom and Mercy, and Goodmess, to all such as shall lay hold on the Offers of N Dial. 2. cy of God to w the Value of

ature of fo boly to have a Na-, and prone to es me.

an to imagine, ho hateth Sin, ruption of our fions I—No, boly, juft and ery thing that ; but how he empered Con-Time.

Vickednefs are s he fuffer Sin rld ?' that, all Men

 Dial. 2. for the INDIANS.

15

of Grace,—as well as dread his just Difpleafure against fuch as despife his Mercy.

And this is One Reason, that I have taken fo much Pains to convince you of the Corruption of our Nature, and of the Danger we are in on this Account, that you may have no Ease in your Mind, until you know how to be delivered from so bad a Bondage, and the Fears which ought to attend it.

There is another Danger, which we are all exposed to, and which you ought to know; —and that is, the *Power*, and *Malice* of *Evil* Spirits.

Ind. 'What do you mean by Evil Spi-'RITS ?'

Miff. God has made known to us, that there are Creatures, both good and bad, which we call Angels or Spirits, and which are ever about us, though we do not fee them, they having no Bodies, as we have .- The Good Spirits are appointed by God, to take care of his Servants; -and the Evil Spirits are fuch as have rebelled against their Maker, and, having utterly loft his Favour, strive to tempt Men to all manner of Wickedness, that they may be as miferable as themfelves .- And through their Temptations the Wickedness of the World was grown fo great,- that God was provoked at ' one Time to drown all the People of the Earth. except ONE GOOD MAN, NOAH, and his HOUSEHOLD 1; -- and at another Time, to

+ Gen. vi. 7, 8, Gc.

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An INSTRUCTION Dial. 2.

destroy several great Towns, SODOM and Go-MORRAH, with Fire from Heaven, for the Wickedness of them that dwelt in them  $\dagger$ .

16

Ind. 'Thefe, indeed, are reafonable Proofs of the Power which EVIL SPIRITS may have over wicked Men, and of the great Danger we are in of being ruined by it.'

Miff. But it is neceffary that you fhould know thefe things; for whoever is not a Worfbipper of the only true God, whom Christians ferve, is a Slave to thefe evil Spirits, and too often is a Worfhipper of them, though he does not know it. When you confider thefe Things, you will have Reason to be concerned and afraid for yowrfelf.

Ind. ' And fo indeed I shall be, if this is ' our Cafe.'

Miff. This is, in Truth, the Cafe of every one who is ignorant of the true GoD, and of the Way of Salvation which he has revealed to his unhappy Creatures, the Way by which they may be prevented from ruining themfelves, and locing that Happines which he has provided for such as love and obey him.

Ind. 'I do most earnestly intreat you, that 'at your Leifure you would give me an Account of the Christian Religion, which you fay is the Way that God has revealed to

fave all Men from Ruin.'

Miff. That I will do, thro' the Favour of God, the next Time we meet: In the mean + Gen. xviii. 19.

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Dial. 2. N

DOM and Goaven, for the n them t. fonable Proofs RITS may have great Danger it."

at you should r is not a Wor-10m Chriftians pirits, and too' m, though he confider these on to be con-

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Cafe of every e God, and of ie has revealed Way by which ruining themis which he has obey him. treat you, that ive me an Acon, which you as revealed to.

the Favour of : In the mean.

while

Dial. 3. for the INDIANS.

17

while remember-what I affure you of,-that this Life is the Time, in which you are to chufe whether you will be happy or miferable for ever : " and that your Happinels or Milery ' will depend upon your embracing or reject-' ing the Offer now made you, by Almighty ' God, of becoming a Christian.' You ought therefore to pray to the GREAT GOD, to enable you to lay hold of this Opportunity of being happy.

#### The PRAYER.

GOD, the Fountain of all Wildom, I o moft humbly beforch Thee to enlighten my Mind, that I may come to the Knowledge of thee, and of thy Goodnels.-Give me a Serious, an Understanding, and a Religious Heart, that as I grow in Years, I may grow in Grace.-Blefs all the Means of Salvation which Thou hast afforded me, and especially this Instruction, that it may fink into my Heart, and bring forth in me the Fruit of Good Living, to the Honour and Praise of thy Holy Name. Amen.

DIALOGUE III. The Proofs of the Christian Religion.

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ti Sr

"I AM come again, Sir, to trouble you, fooner, I believe, than you expected.----' You faid, that it was good for me, that I was ' in

An INSTRUCTION Dial. 3. in Fear for myfelf; I cannot chufe but be fo;

18

fince you told me, " That my Happiness or " Mifery will depend upon my embracing or " rejecting the Offer now made me of becom-" ing a Chriftian."—I own I am not fatisfied with my prefent Condition;—I am con-vinced by my Reafon, as well as by what you told me, that we were made to be an Honour to the Being that made us, by living ac-"pleafed with me, I know not how to help

"myfelf, or make my Mind eafy." Miff. \* Affure yourfelf, this is the Cafe of every thoughtful Perfon, who has no Knowledge of Chriftianity .- And therefore our great and good Creator, in Compassion to those unhappy Men who labour under fuch Doubts and Fears, has gracioully pointed out the Way by which they may be freed from them; viz. -By embracing the Christian Religion.

Ind. What does the Christian Religion ' propole to us, to cure us of those Fears ?'

Miff. I will first tell you in short, and afterwards explain myfelf more fully .- In the first Place,-It will lead you to the Knowledge of the true God, the Maker of the World, and convince you of his great Love for his unhappy Creatures, and of his earnest Endeavours to keep them from ruining themfelves.-It fhews

\* Heb. xii. 15.

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chufe but be fo; ny Happinefs or y embracing or e me of becomam not fatisfied ;—I am conrell as by what ade to be an Hos, by living acceafon which he wn Part, I fear he fhall be difor how to help eafy.

s is the Cafe of has no Knowtherefore our paffion to thole er fuch Doubts ted out the Way om them; viz. Caligion. iftian Religion

thofe Fears?' hort, and afterly.— In the first Knowledge of he World, and for his unhap-Endeavours to elves.—It shews

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Dial. 3. for the INDIANS.

us alio how we must answer the End for which God made us, and fent us into the World .---It fets before us the miferable Circumstances into which we are funk by Nature, the Dangers we are liable to, and teaches us the Way to escape them .---- It makes known to us those Laws by which God will judge the World, that Men may order their Hearts and Lives accordingly .- It fnews us how we may be reftored to the Favour of God ;-It gives us all Rules neceffary to make us happy when we die, and promifes us all necessary Affiltance to observe those Rules .- It directs us in the Course of our Lives, how we may obtain the Pardon of God, whenever we shall have been to unhappy as to have offended him by our Sins, which we are but too apt to do .--It affures us, That God is a bountiful Rewarder of all fuch as jeek to pleafe bim \*. \_\_\_\_ In fhort, Christianity is the only Remedy to cure all the Diforders and Dangers, and Miferies, which we are subject to in this Life; to support us in the Hour of Death, and secure our Happinefs in the future State; in fhort,-it is the only fure Means, where it is feriouflyembraced, of correting and reforming this World, and leading Men to a better.

19

Ind. 'This is, Sir, a most defirable Account 'you have given me of the Christian Religion '-Will you be pleafed, as you promifed, to 'explain these Things more fully ?'

\* Heb. xi. 6.

Miff.

20 An INSTRUCTION Dial. 3. Miff. You must know then that we are called Christians, from professing ourselves to be the Disciples and Followers of a most holy and divine Person JESUS CHRIST, who being the Son of GoD, was sent by him from Heaven, to make his Will and gracious Purposes known unto Men.

In order to this,—He being a pure Spirit, it was neceffary, that he fhould take a Body like one of ours, that he might be feen by and converfe with Men.—He therefore fubmitted to be born of a Woman, and he took the Soul and Body of a Man, and in that Nature He lived among Men, and made known to them the Things which I have already mentioned to you.—Particularly, He gave them a clear Knowledge of their Maker; and by his moft perfect; innocent, and boly Life, fhewed what an excellent Creature Man was, when he was first made, before be fell into Sin, and became prone to Evil; as he now is.

He affured them that he came as a Peacemaker betwixt God and his rebellious Creatures, who by their Difobedience had loft his Favour; and forfeited the Happiness he had prepared for them.

And in order to reconcile them to God and to the Duty and Obedience which they owed to him, He brought them this most gracious Meffage;—<sup>4</sup> That all fuch as became fensible <sup>6</sup> of their Error and Milery, and were willing <sup>6</sup> to give themselves up to the Son of God as <sup>6</sup> their n that we are ng ourfelves to of a moft holy sr, who being tim from Heacious Purpofes

s a pure Spirit, d take a Body be feen by and fore fubmitted d he took the in that Nature hade known to e already men-He gave them a ser; and by his y Life, fhewed Ian was, when ll into Sin, and how is.

the as a *Peace*bellious Creatice had loft his ppinefs he had

em to God and hich they owed s moft gracious became fenfible nd were willing Son of God as ' their Dial. 3. for the INDIANS.

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<sup>6</sup> their Lord and Saviour, fhould through his <sup>6</sup> Merits and Mediation receive a full and <sup>6</sup> free Pardon for all their paft Offences, be <sup>6</sup> reftored again to his Favour, and obtain <sup>6</sup> that Happine's which they had forfeited by <sup>6</sup> their Offences.<sup>7</sup>

Ind. ' These are indeed wonderful Proofs ' of the great Goodness of God.'

Miff. But then you are to know, that all fuch as de/pi/e this furprifing Goodnefs of God, are not only to be deprived of his Favour, but are to be punifhed with *Torments* exquifite beyond all we can now imagine. For you must never forget what I told you before, and what JESUS CHRIST has affured us of,— 'That ' this fhort Life is only a Paffage to another, ' which is to last for ever :' and where every Man is to be rewarded or punifhed according to his Behaviour in this World.

Ind. ' I have not forgot that.—But give ' me Leave, Sir, to alk you one Queffion : '—How are you Christians fure,—that THIS ' EXTRAORDINARY PERSON was the SON OF ' GOD, and came from him with this Mef-' fage to Men?'

Miff. It is neceffary, that every one who intends to be a Christian should have the greatest Assurance of it; for on this Truth the Christian Religion is founded.

You must know then, that this DIVINE PERSON, in order to give Men all poffible Affurance, that he was what he declared himfelf

Dial. 3. An INSTRUCTION 22 -performed before their Eyes felf to be,fuch wonderful Works, as fhewed that in Him dwelt all the Fulness of the GODHEAD bodily .---For Example,-He healed all manner of Sicknefs and Difease with the Word of his Mouth. -He gave Sight to fuch as were born blind .---To fuch as were dumb and deaf, he gave the Power of Speech and Hearing ;- and He made the Lame to walk .- He fed and fatisfied the Hunger of many Tbou/ands of People more than once, with a few Loaves and finall Fifhes, which they faw multiplied before their Eyes, fo that Thousands were at one Time all Eye-witnesses of this Miracle .- He commanded the Winds, the Storms, and the Seas, and they obeyed his Word .- He raifed to Life those that had for fome time been dead .- He convince that with whom he conversed, that he I car the very Thoughts of their Hearts, which none but God can do .- Laftly, - the great God himfelf did more than once, by a Voice from Heaven declare,-That be was his beloved Son; and commanded, that as fuch he should be beard and obeyed.

Ind. 'Indeed these are most fure Proofs that THIS DIVINE PERSON was what he faid he was; and that whatever he taught must be true.'

Miff. But I have other Evidences to give you, in order to confirm your Faith or Belief in this Divine Perfon, and his Meffage. Amongst many other things, which He foretold N Dial. 3.

fore their Eyes ed that in Him HEAD bodily .--manner of Sickd of his Mouth. re born blind. af, he gave the —and He made ind fatisfied the People more than all Fiftes, which ir Eyes, fo that all Eye-witnesses ided the Winds, they obeyed his ofe that had for convince diofe at he low the ts, which none the great God by a Voice from has bis beloved such be should be

oft fure Proofs vas what he faid he taught muft

vidences to give r Faith or Belief his Meffage.\_\_\_\_\_ which He foretold Dial. 3. for the INDIANS.

told his followers, this ftrange thing was one; —That notwithftanding the wonderful Works which he had done before their Eyes, his Enemies would put him to Death; but that within Three Days be should rife again to Life.— Accordingly, after they had treated him with all the evil Ufage that Spite and Malice could invent, they did most barbarously murder and crucify him.—And after Three Days be rose again from the Dead, and conversed with his Disciples and Followers,—with no lefs than Five Hundred at one Time, many of whom lived very long after, and bore Witness of his Refurrection, at the Expence of their Lives.

23

Ind. • I should be glad to know some more • Particulars relating to so Divine, Holy, and • Wonderful a Person.

Mill. JESUS CHRIST, after having converfed with his Difciples many Weeks, and in the Sight of many of them-He afcended into Heaven .- But, before his Departure from them, 'He promifed them, that He and bis Father would fend ANOTHER DIVINE PERSON (not in the Form or Fashion of a Man, but) as a pure Spirit to dwell in them; to guide and comfort, to in/pire them with all Truth neceffary to be known by them, and to enable them for the Confirmation of fuch Truths to Others, to do all fuch mighty Works as he had done among them :---- According to which Promife, Ten Days after he had ascended into Heaven, THAT DIVINE SPIRIT descended upon

An INSTRUCTION Dial. 3. 24 upon them after a most wonderful Manner. and enabled them to understand and speak all the Languages of the then known World, to which they went in order to carry those good Tidings ;- whereby we and many other Nations were brought out of Error, Ignorance, and Darknefs, into the clear Light and true Knowledge of God, and of bis Son Jefus Chrift, and of that Holy Spirit, which enabled them to preach this joyful Doctrine to all the World : -That Chrift has made our Peace with God, if we fubmit to be governed by him, and by his Laws, and put our whole Truft in him.

Ind. 'Well, Sir, you have given fome Eafe to my Mind.— I believe, that what this Holy Perfon faid must be certainly true; and I fuppose all that know these things are Christians.'

Miff. Indeed they are not; and you will not wonder at it, when you confider what it is that hinders People from being Chriftians. —There are many who never think of their Maker, or what must become of them when they die.—Many indeed hear these things; but their Affections are so fet upon this World, its Pleasures and Profits, that they do not lay them feriously to Heart.—And too many are so fond of their own perverse Ways, to which they have been long accustomed, that they see not the Truth of what is proposed to them. —Besides all this;—the APOSTLES taught many things, which wicked People would not hear ON Dial. 3.

derful Manner, nd and speak all nown World, to arry those good nany other Naror, Ignerance, Light and true Son Jefus Christ, enabled them to all the World : Peace with God, by him, and by Truft in him. given some Ease , that what this tainly true; and hefe things are

; and you will confider what it eing Christians. r think of their e of them when r thefe things; pon this World, they do not lay nd too many are Ways, to which ed, that they fee oposed to them. POSTLES taught cople would not hear

for the INDIANS. Dial. 3.

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hear with Patience : For Example, ----- that Murderers, Drunkards, Adulterers, Oppreffors, covetous Persons, the proud, malicious, and revengeful People, all Lovers of Pleasures more than Lovers of God, that all fuch who were guilty of those things, must forfake them, in order to become Christians.

Ind. 'Well, Sir, I am convinced, that ' notwithstanding the Proofs of the Truth of ' the Christian Religion, there might be Peo-' ple who would not become Christians .--' But I should be very thankful, if you would flet me know, how the Chriftian Religion ' did prevail at the time the Apoftles of Chrift 'made it known to all Nations?'

Miff. That you shall know when you come again to me .- In the mean while, forget not to beg of God to give you an Heart always disposed to receive the Truth; which you may do in fome fuch short Prayer as this following. . . . . 2 No 19- 11 2

#### The PRAYER.

M Ereiful God, and Lover of Mankind, enlighten my Mind with faving Faith; enable me to withftand the Temptations of e World, the Flefh and the Devil, and ith a pure Heart to follow thee, the only ue Gody and thy only Son the Lord Jefus Chrifting Amer. Man Ċ

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# DIALOGUE IV.

An INSTRUCTION.

The wonderful Success and Progress of the Gospel, when is was first preached to the World.

# INDIAN.

Dial. 4.

WHEN I left you laft, Sir, you promifed to let me know what followed the DESCENT or COMING down of that HOLY SPIRIT upon Chrift's Apathles; and how the Chriftian Religion was received in the World.

Miff. You must know then, that when this happened, there were People out of all Nations at Jerusalem, the City to which they were come to worfhip the great God \* .---- Now when all these heard the APOSTLES OF CHRIST (who before that time knew no Language but their own) declaring the wonderful Works of God, in the Language of every Nation then prefent, they were aftonished ; and being conwinced that fuch Men must have been divinely inspired, they therefore gave heed to them, while they declared God's most gracious Purpofes-of Mercy, Pardon, and Happines, to all fuch as would obey the Meffage he had fent to them by his Son ;----infomuch that no lefs than THREE THOUSAND embraced the Chriftian Religion that very Day, and Five

\* Acts ii.

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1,111 1. , Sir, you pronow what fol-OMING down of rift's Apottles; on was received the over all , that when this out of all Nawhich they were iod \* .--- Now TLES OF CHRIST o Language but derful Works of ery Nation then ; and being conwe been divinely e heed to them, oft gracious Purnd Happines; to flage he had fent fomuch that no D embraced the Day, and Five

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Dial. 4. for the INDIANS.

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THOUSAND more, immediately after; and thefe Converts became fo many Witneffes of these wonderful things to the several Nations, from whence they came thither to worthip .---After this the Apoftles went into all Nations, me" g known this joyful Meffage of God to Mc. -That he would be ve all Men to ' be laved, and to come to the Knowledge of the Truth, or the Christian Faith;'-that he was ready to be reconciled to all fuch as had offended him; and that he would make them happy for ever, if they would be perfuaded to forfake their evil Ways, believe in Jefus Chrift, and be governed by fuch Rules as he had given them .- So that, in all Nations, all fuch Perfons as were truly concerned for themselves, and disposed to receive the Truth, became Christians; and very great was their Number every where.----And indeed Chrift himfelf foretold it would be fo; -though at that time it feemed the most unlikely thing in the World,-that all Nations fhould receive a Religion oppofed by their RULERS and PHILOSOPHERS, upon the Preaching of a few poor STRANGERS, who had no worldly Power, Riches, or Learning, to induce People to believe and follow them; and who at the fame time required all Men to forfake the Customs and Religion of their Forefathers, to embrace the Salvation proposed by this divine Meffenger Jefus-to reftrain their Appetites, and govern their Paffions,-to C 2 leave

# An INSTRUCTION Dial. 4.

leave their impious Ways of living,—and to lead fober, honeft, and good Lives, and to luffer Death, rather than deny the Truths they told them :—Now does not the miraculaus Succefs they met with in propagating fuch a Religion under fuch Circumstances, demonstrate it to be the Work of the GREAT GOD?

Ind: " Pray will you inform me how I may be fure that thefe MIRACLES were performed by the ArostLES of Chrift?"

Miff. The MIRACLES recorded in the New Testament recommend themselves to our Belief upon many Accounts.

They were wrought by Perfons who appealed to God, and declared beforeband that they would perform them.

They were performed in a public Manner, and by Perfons known to be of a low Condition, defitute of great Friends and powerful Patrons.

They were wrought in a learned Age, before *Enenues* or *Unbelievers*, who were not eafily to be imposed upon, or deceived.

The Writers of the New Teltament, when they relate the Miraeles, often name the Time, the Place; the Occafion, the Difcafes that were removed; the Perfons healed or raifed from the D ad, the Perfons who were prefent, and the Things that were faid and done, by Friends and Foes, on the Occafion, giving Men a fair Opportunity to enquire into the Facts, "and to difprove them, if they were able.

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Dial. 4. ON

-and living,ood Lives, and deny the Truths es not the mirapropagatingfuch ftances, demon-GREAT GOD? n me how I may were performed

ded in the New elves to our Be-

Perfons who apd beforeband that

public Manner, e of a low Coniends and power-

earned Age, be-, who were not or deceived. Testament, when n name the Time, Discases that were d or railed from were prefent, and done, by Friends , giving Men a into the Facts, ey were able .... Thefe

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ThefeMIRACLES were wrought for no worldly Advantage, but, on the contrary, fubjected the APOSTLES of our bleffed Lord to many Injuries, Afflictions, Perfecutions, and cruel Deaths.

They were wrought in Confirmation of Doctrines good and uleful to Mankind, and were intended to deftroy, All Atheifm, Idolatry, Prefanene's, and Immorality.

They prevailed upon many People to quit the Religion in which they had been educated-To forego Eafe and Pleafure, and worldly Conveniencies, and to leave their Friends, Relations and Country, and to fuffer all kinds of Temporal Evils, and often the Lofs of Life itself.

These Miracles were likewife attested by proper Witneffes .- The Difciples of Chrift faw the Miracles of their Mafter, and died in Confirmation of the Truth of them, particularly of his RESURRECTION from the Dead.

They were foretold Ages before by the Paor PHETS, that they were fuch Miracles as the Jews expected, and had Reafon to expect fraint their MESSIAH, when he did appearant nois Laftly, the Perfons whofe Miracles are recorded in the Golpel, foretold many Events, fome of which did not come to pals till a conliderable Time after the Books of the New TeRamentwere written, and theWriters themfelves were dead .- And this is a ftill ftronger Confirmation of the Truth and Certainty of ahe Miracles related in those Books. C 3

Ind.

An INSTRUCTION Dial. 4.

Ind. ' Pray, Sir, what became of these 'APOSTLES after this?'

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Miff. As they had taught all others to fuffer Death, rather than deny the Truths which they had received from God by Jefus Cbrift, fo moft of them laid down their Lives for those Truths they had preached.—But, before they fuffered, they appointed others to fucceed them in publishing these Truths to all Nations;—by which Christianity has continued unto this Day;—and we are affured by Christ himfelf, will continue unto the World's End.—And a very great Change for the better has been made in all Nations where it has been received.

Ind. "You will oblige me, if you will let " me know in what the World is become bet-" ter by this Religion ?"

Miff. In the first Place, it gave the Thoughtful and Penitent Satisfaction how their Sins might be forgiven, and their Perfons acceptod and faved by a righteous and holy God..... They who then embraced the Christian Religion professed that they were Strangers in this World, and therefore looked upon this Life only is a Journey to a much better, which they expected after Death....This made them content with any Condition, which God fhould think fit to place them in....This kept them from being coverous, or over-much concerned for the things of this World ;....they believed, that if they were poor, or in Mifery, God

Dial. 4. ON

ecame of these

l others to fuffer Truths which by Jefus Chrift, their Lives for d.-But, bepinted others to these Truths to lianity has conre are affured by into the World's Change for the Nations where

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ve the Thoughthow their Sins Perfons acceptnd holy God .---Chriftian Reli-Strangers in this upon this Life h better, which This made them n; which God in-This kept over-much con-World ;-they or, or in Mifery, God

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31 God would abundantly make up in the next Life, what was wanting, or they had fuffered in this, Their great Rule given them by Chrift was this, THAT THEY SHOULD DEAL WITH ALL OTHERS, AS THEY THEM-SELVES WOULD DESIRE TO BE DEALT with. This made them, very just in all their Actions,-and careful not to wrong or oppress any Person .- Defrauding, Cheasing, and Lying, were not fo much as known among them, Their Religion obliged them to be at Peace with all Men as much as possible. So that Quarrels; and Wars, and Murders, they utterly abhorred. On the contrary, they were kind and compaffonate even to their Enemies meyer recurping Evil for Evil. They hud always a tender Cotapaffion for fuch as were in Want, or in Milery ;-Cloatbing the Naked, feeding the Hungry, and ladging the Stranger, according to their Ability.---- As to themfelves, they were exceeding fober and temperate, not given to Gluttony or Drunkenrefs, which they knew God would be highly difpleased with.\_\_\_\_They were chafte and modeft, both Men and Women; all kept firictly to their own Wives and Hufbands, as God had appointed, who had declared, that no Adulterer or Whoremonger mult hope for Heaven or Happinels. And then in their fricteft Conformicy to thefe Rules of Uprightnefs, they humbly acknowledged their many Failings, and great Unworthinefs; and--torn valoritating BC 4 torn of Laftly, dered .

# An INSTRUCTION Dial. 4.

Laftly, \_\_\_\_\_ they fuffered all manner of Torments, and even Death itfelf, rather than they would renounce the Religion which they had embraced, on a full Conviction, that it came from God.

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Ind. 4 Indeed, Sir, this is a moft wonderful Account of those who first professed the "Christian Religion." One cannot furely imagine, that fuch good Men should have any Enemies."

Miff: But indeed they had; and very many; —for thole EVIL SPIRITS, which I told you of before; tempted all Sorts of wicked People to deftroy them and their Religion; if poffible; and would certainly have done it, but that the great and all-powerful God hindered it; —and caufed, that the more it was perfecuted, the more it increased. —All fuch as had been brought up in any other Religion, became their indical Enemies, effectively fuch as worthipped Mols, fulle Gods, or Evil Spirits, which the greatert Part of the World then did, and too many do to this Day. —Befide thefe, Men of wicked Lives hated and perfecuted thole who profefied the Christian Religion, becaufe they declared, that God would molt furely call them to an Account, and the didge them to a Milery that would never end, if they did not forfake their Sins, and lead better Lives.

On these, and on many other Accounts, Christians were every where perfecuted, and vast Numbers were most barbarously murdered;

#### ION Dial. 4.

manner of Torrather than they which they had ion, that it came

a most wonderrft professed the e cannot furely len should have

and very many; which I told you of wicked Peoneir Religion, if ly have done it, werful God hint the more it was ed.— All fuch other Religion, , efpecially fuch i, or Evil Spirils, World then did, , — Befide thefe, and perfectived riftight Religion, God would main to, and perfectived riftight Religion, God would main to, and perfectived riftight Religion, God would main to, and perfectived is, and lead bet-

other Accounts, perfecuted, and arbaroufly murdered; Dial. 4. for the INDIANS.

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dered; which grievous Sufferings they patiently endured, in a full Affurance of a better Life, which God, who cannot deceive them, had promifed.

Ind. ' Pray, Sir, are Christians still used ' after this cruel manner?'

Miff. No:---For in time the KINOS and PRINCES of the World became Chriftians; and, when they favoured and protected that Religion, their Subjects followed their Example, though it was not always in order to fave their Souls, but for other unworthy and worldly Ends-And it was then, that many began to call themfelves Chriftians; who in their Hearts and Lives were far from being fuch: -----By which Chriftianity became extremely corrupted, and Men outwardly profeted the Chriftian Religion, at the fame time as they lived in thole Sins, which it forbids on Pain of Damnation.

Notwithstanding this, the Christian Religion, where it is truly professed, is still the fame, and it is the only Method of restoring Men to the Favour of God, and bringing them to the Happinets which we all wish to enjoy.

We have the fame just and holy God to worship, that those first Chrissians had, a God who loveth the Good and Pisus, and batetb the Wicked; who will most furely call all Men to an Account, judge them according to their Works, and reward or punish them as they have deferved—And we have the fame  $C_5$  -Jefus

An INSTRUCTION Dial. 4.

Jefus for a Saviour, who is able to fave us to the uttermoft;—fo that every Man who has any concern for himfelf, and would efcape the Anger of an offended God, will not only be a Chriftian in Name, but in good earneft will live as a true Chriftian ought.

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will live as a true Chriftian ought. Ind. 'I most heartily thank you, Sir, for 'this Account you have given me of the 'Chriftian Religion.—Now one would hope, 'that, if our People knew these things they 'might be prevailed on to become Christians, 'as eafily as those Nations were who first em-'braced Christianity.'

Miff. We may wifh and pray for this ;--but there are fome Reafons which you may know hereafter, that we fear may, for the prefent, hinder fo general a Conversion and Bleffing to your People; but a Time will certainly come, when you will all know and worship the true God, the Maker of Heaven and Earth, and H1S ONLY SON, whom he has ordained to be the fudge of the Living and Dead.---In the mean while, take you care for yourself, and beg of God that you may not lose the Favour which is offered you at this time by me, one of his unworthy Servants.

Ind. ' I hope I shall do so, and shall not forget what you have faid to me at this time. And I believe I shall very soon wait on you again for your further Instruction.'

Miff. In the mean time join with me in the following Prayer.

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N Dial. 4.

e to fave us to Man who has would efcape , will not only n good earneft aght.

ght. you, Sir, for en me of the ne would hope, efe things they ome Chriftians, e who firft em-

ray for this ; which you may ay, for the preerfion and Blefne will certainly w and worfhip aven and Earth, has ordained to d Dead.—In the for yourfelf, ay not lofe the at this time by vants.

o, and fhall not me at this time. y foon wait on *nftruttion*.' with me in the

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# Dial. 5. for the INDIANS.

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#### The PRAYER.

O LORD Jefus Chrift, who at thy firft Coming didft fend thy Meffenger John the Baptift to prepare thy Way before thee, grant that the Ministers of thy holy Word may likewife fo prepare and make ready thy Way, by turning the Hearts of the Difobedient to the Wildom of the Juft;—that at thy fecond Coming to judge the World, we may be found an acceptable People in thy Sight, who liveft and reigneft with the Father, and the Holy Spirit, ever one God, World without End. Amen.

DIALOGUE V. Objections against the bad Lives of Christians answered.

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Ind. Why, truly Sir, fince I was with you, I have met with fuch Diffcouragements as have given me great Doubts and Scruples, and had almost made me refolve against troubling you any more.

Miff. I thall be exceeding forry, if any thing thould make you do yourfelf to great an C 6 Injury.

An INSTRUCTION Dial. S. 36 Injury .- Pray, what are the Difcouragements you have met with ? Ind. . I will tell you the Truth .- After I " had parted with you, upon what you had faid to me, I told our People, that I had fome Thoughts of becoming a Chriftian ; for that I had met with one who had convinced me, that my Condition at prefent was " not fo fafe as I imagined, and that I fhould " certainly lofe the greatef: Happinefs which the Heart of Man can defire, if I refufed, " now it was offered me; to be inftructed in the Knowledge of myfelf, and of the true God, and how to live and die in his Favour. --- I told them alfo, that you affured me, from the Mouth of God himfelf, that every Man after Death will certainly be happy or ¢ miferable for ever; this fhort Life of ours being only a Time of Trial, and a Paffage to a State of Happinels or Milery, which is to last for ever,-I told them moreover,that Chriftians were affured, that God bad appointed a Day in which he would judge most righteoufy, even all that have ever lived in this World ;- And that, such as bad Jerved and obeyed God would be bappy for ever; and fuch as had led wicked Lives, and did not repent of .... and amend them, fould be punified with ever-Infling Fire :- And that, in order, to this great Account and Judgment, God has given us, and all Men, Reafon, whereby to know " Good from Evil; that they might chufe the one,

#### N Dial. 5.

#### Difcouragements

ruth.-After I what you had ple, that I had ig a Chriftian ; who had conn at prefent was d that I fould appinefs which e, if I refused, e instructed in nd of the true in his Favour. ou affured me, felf, that every ly be happy or t Life of ours and a Passage lifery, which is n moreover,--that God had ould judge most ver lived in this bad Jerved and ever; and fuch lid not repent of hel with ever. order to this God has given creby to know ight chule the 'one,

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37 one, and refuse the other :- But that, belide this he had given unto Chriftians, by HIS ' own Son fent from Heaven, a Revelation "of his Will, which if they embrace, and, " according to that Revelation, if they repent of their Sins, and believe in this Son of God; ' and walk according to the holy Rules he has ' given them, they shall be made Partakers of Happinels with him for ever .- Then I ' told them, that for my own Part, I was perfuaded of the Truth of all this; which I ' thought then all Christians believed as fure-' ly as any thing they fee with their Eyes.'

Miff. And fo, I affure you, all true Chriftians do. But what did they fay against your Purpose of becoming a Christian?

Ind. "Though I am almost afraid to tell ' you, yet I must do it, both to ease my Mind, and to know whether any Thing can be faid ' to their Objections.

" In the first Place they made a Jest of my · Purpole ;- but I told them, that if what I ' had been taught was true, as I did believe it ' was, it concerned me fo much, that I should . not be laughed out of my Intention.

" Then they told me plainly,-The Chrif-' tians would have you believe what they do ' not believe themfelves .---- For is it likely, "that People, who are fully perfuaded of fuch " things as they tell you, would lead fuch Lives as they commonly do -- What, faid they, does it fignify to know the God which they ' worship, and the good Rules he has given them,

38 An INSTRUCTION Dial. 5. ' them, if those Rules are not able to make them better than other People ?- Are they " not as carelefs, as if they were fure that no-" thing is to be feared or hoped for after this ' Life ?- You may be certain, that if Chrif-\* tians did really believe what they told you, there would not be a wicked Man among " them ;- and yet many of them are as bad, " if not worfe, than these who know nothing "of the Religion they pretend to, or of the . Happiness or Misery they speak of .- Are not ' the fame Wickedneffes, feen among them, " as among the worft of us ?- They make no " Confcience to cheat and defraud even one ' another :- And where they have Power, " they oppress without Pity .- Whoredom and Drunkennefs, Falfenefs and Deceit, Lying, "Curfing, and Swearing, and calling upon the God they worship to damn each other, upon "every foolifh Occasion :- Thefe and many others are the Crimes common among thefe. ' very People who tell you, that the great God . will call all Men to an Account, and reward or punish them according to their Works.-Can. you think that they them-· felves believe this ?'.... Miff. Well, what Anfwer did you give them? Ind. ' Why, indeed, I gave them no An-· fwer .-- I confidered, that what they faid had " too much Truth in it; and I held my Peace, " and doubted with myfelf, whether I should \* trouble you any more or not." . . . . . Miff. 11.2 1

ON Dial 5.

ot able to make ple ?-Are they re fure that noed for after this , that if Chrifthey told you, d Man among hem are as bad, know nothing d to, or of the k of.—Are not n among them, -They make no fraud even one v have Power, -Whoredom and Deceit, Lying, alling upon the ach other, upon . hele and many on among these at the great God . count, and rerding to their hat they them--

did you give we them no Anat they faid had held my Peace, thether I fhould t. Miff. Dial. 5. for the INDIANS.

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Miff. I hope however, that you will change your Mind when you have heard what we have to fay to the Objections.

In the first Place, all good Christians know this, and are grieved to see how much the Christian Religion must suffer by the bad Lives of such People, by whose evil Doings, the Name of God and of Christ is blasphemed.

However, fuffer not yourfelf to be too foon difcouraged :- Nor judge of our Religion by the diforderly Lives of these People you have mentioned ;-for, affure yourfelf, that all are not true Christians who go under that Name .- There are too many who live in a shameful Ignorance both of the Truths /and Duties of Christianity; and will not be at any Pains to confider the Religion they profefs, nor the fad Danger they themselves are in .----And many there are, who have been instructed in the Way that leads to everlafting Happinefs; but the Cares of this World, the Deceitfulness of Riches, or the Love of worldly Pleafures, have blotted the Remembrance of the Truths they had learned out of their Minds .---Nay, there are too many, who even strive to forget fuch Truths, becaufe they condemn their ungodly Lives .- They therefore endeavour to caft off all Fear of God, and provoke him to give them up to a Mind void of Judgment, to commit all Iniquity with Greedinefs.

Laftly-Many profess to know God, but in their Works do dony bim.-Thefe, and all fuch

An INSTRUCTION Dial. S. as thefe, are an Abomination in the Sight of

God,' and a Grief to all true Chriftians. Ind. ' But you know, Sir, that these will

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" take it ill, if they are not called Christians." Miff. They will fo; but that is, because they think it a Name of Credit and Respect in

the Place where they live; and they content themfelves with the Name, without thinking ferioufly what it is to be a Chriftian.

Ind. " Since fo many go under the Name of Christians, and are not fuch, how shall " we know who are true Chriftians?"

Miff. The God whom Christians worship hath given them a Rule, by which every one may know who are true Christians .- The Rule is this :--- " LET EVERY ONE THAT "NAMETH THE NAME OF CHRIST DEPART FROM INIQUITY #.' Whoever does not do fo is no true Christian in the Account of God;-and they, and they only, are true Chriftians, who not only believe the Truths, but also obey the Laws, of the Christian Religion :- That is, fuch as love the God that made them with all their Hearts, and fear to difpleafe and offend him ; who love, obey, and truft in Jefus Chritt his Son, their Saviour and their Lord; and bring forth the Fruits of the Holy Gboft in all Kinds of Goodnefs, Righteoufnefs and Truth ; \_\_\_\_\_ and laftly, fuch as, having always a Conficience void of Offence towards God and Men, dare not for all the \* 2 Tim. ii. 19. 2.1

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n in the Sight of Christians.

, that thefe will led *Chriftians.*' that is, because it and *Respect* in nd they content without thinking hriftian. onder the Name fuch, how shall istians?' wistians worship which every one

hriftians .- The ERY ONE THAT HRIST DEPART ever does not do he Account of only, are true eve the Truths, e Christian Reve the God that irts, and fear to blove, obey, and heir Saviour and he Fruits of the oodnefs, Righl lastly, such as, void of Offence not for all the

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for the INDIANS.

World be guilty of those Vices which you just now mentioned.

Dial. 5.

But then, that you may not be offended with the Infirmities, Faults, and Failings, of those that are even good Christians, you must remember what I have already often told you, concerning the Weskness and Corruption of human Nature. For the best of Christians are Men of tike Passions with others, and may, through the Weskness of their Nature, or for want of Confideration, be sometimes overtaken in a Fault, of which they afterwards truly repent. But a true Christian will not, cannot for or continue in any known Sin, or bad Way of Life.

Ind. "Pray then, good Sir, what Answer . fhall I give to our People, who, to be fure, will endeavour to diffuade me again from "hearkening to your "instructions, by fuch " Arguments as I have already mentioned." Miff. Afk them whether THE GREAT GOD has not given every one of them Reafon and Understanding, in order to judge betwixt Good and Eyil ?---- Surely they will not fay, that Reafon, the Good Gift of God, is in fault, when many of their own People do fuch wicked things as their Reafon forbids and condemns. No more ought they to blame the Christian Religion, becaufe lome that call themfelves Chriftians lead fuch Lives as are a Reproach 101

An INSTRUCTION Dial. 5.

Ind. ' It may be, they will tell me, That 'if neither Reafon nor Christianity can keep 'People from being wicked, I need not be 'at the Pains of learning the Christian Reli-'gion, or hearkening to Reafon.' Miff. Well then, I will shew you in a few Words, that of all Means the Christian Religion is most likely (even better than Reafon is felf, ever can be in its prefent State) to make Men wife and good, unto their Salvation and Happinefs.

Evil; and Experience convinces you; that your Reafon alone cannot mend and cure this Corruption :-----But the Christian Religion, where it is fincerely embraced, will most furely do this.

2dly, Your Reafon will indeed accufe and condemn you when you do amifs, but cannot give you any certain Affurance of God's Pardon:-But the Christian Religion will shew you a fure Way to be forgiven and refored to the Favour of your Maker, whenever you have offended him.

3dly, We are but too apt, to think every thing very reafonable to which we have a great Inclination; and this is the Occasion of very much Evil and Mijchief in the World, when Men make their oron Will the Measure of what they ought to do; but the Christian Religion, and that only, will inform, you what is right in the Sight of God, and what you ON Dial. c.

I tell me, That fianity can keep , I need not be Chriftian Relifon. in it had ew you in a few Chriftian Relitter than Reafon State) to make ir Salvation and Jergo Broke pt, and prone to inces you; that nd and cure this riftian Religion, iced, will most

deed accufe and mifs, but cannot ce of God's Parligion will fhew wen and reflored r, whenever you

to think every hwe have a great Decation of very he World, when *Meafure* of what he Chriftian Renform, you what God, and what you Dial. 5. for the INDIANS.

you must do on Pain of his most severe Displeasure.

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Laft'y, your Reafon cannot inform you what will become of you when you die; but the Christian Religion can affure you, as I have shewn you already, that such as live according to the Rules of that Religion will be happy for ever;—and that such as do not fo shall be most unhappy and miserable;—and this will be a very powerful Means of obliging you to live as becomes a good Christian.

Ind. Sir, I do most heartily thank you. You have given me great Ease of Mind;—and I hope I shall meet with no more such Discouragements from hearing your Instructions—But some few things I have to ask you, for the Confirmation of

the Truths I am to believe.' Miff. Come when you will, I fact be ready to inftruct you. And may God blefs my Endeavours with Success; — and do you pray for yourself in the following Words:

The PRAYER.

L ORD, the Frailty of Man without thee, cannot, but, fail:—In all Temptations, therefore, I befeech thee to fuccour me, that no Sin may ever get the Dominion over me; —Give me a falutary Dread of the Corruption of my own Heart;—Make me truly fentible of the End of Sin, and mindful of my own Infirmities;—Make me afraid of thy Judgments.

An INSTRUCTION Dial. 6. ments, and give me Grace and Strength to break my Bonds;-Correct me in Mercy when I go attray;-Make me ever mindful of my Latter End, and fix in my Heart a lively Senfe of the Happiness and Milery of the World to come. Am. n. 1 1 1 1 1.31 0 1 17 .... 381 2.27 DIALOGUE VI. 1: The Holy Scriptures Both Necessary and Suff. cient for the Salvation of Man, INDIAN. 19. n es 2.5% 12 span, Better TOU have convinced me, Sir,that our Reafon atone is not fufficient to make known to us the things which you fay are most forely believed among Chrif-tians, That Retion cannot tell us with while which is the Great God will be pleafed; Whith give us any Certainty of the Happi-" nels or Mifery of the Life to come ;- which to be fure, makes Men lefs concerned how " they lead their Lives here .- You have told me, and I am convinced of it, that our · Reafon alone cannot affure us upon what Terms the GREAT GOD will pardon us, when we have offended him, as all Men are apt to do; and we know and feel, how hard it is even to follow what our Reafon tells us. 6 " we ought to do .- Of what Use then is Rea-"fon to us?" & some heaven to all a . Miff.

Dial. 6. and Strength to me in Mercy e ever mindful in my Heart a s and Misery of 0 · · · · · · · · · · o nest vers E VI. effary and Suffiof Man, 5 10% 1. Ann . J. + I. ne, Sir,is not fufficient nings which you d among Chrift tell us-with will be pleafed; y of the Happi-

y of the Happicome; ---which concerned how --You have told of it, that our e'us upon what pardon us, when all Men are apt feel, how hard r Reafon tells us Ufe then is Rea-Miff. Dial. 6. for the INDIANS.

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Miff. Of very great Use most certainly— It will keep you from being imposed upon, when any thing is proposed to your Belief, as coming from God; — you will be able to judge whether you have fufficient Proof to receive it as fuch: — And then, if you find you have, your Reason will convince you, that it must be necessary for your Happines, because a God of Truth and Goodness cannot deceive his Creatures, or require any thing of them but what must necessarily be for their Good.

Ind. 'It is on this very Account, Sir, I amon of the second secon

Miff. I hope I fhall give you all the Satiffaction in those things, that unprejudiced Reafon can defire.—You will remember then what I told you before,—That the Great God, in Compafion to his poor bewildered Creatures, fent his own Son to let them know how far they were departed from the Ways of Reafonand Truth; and that they would be for ever miserable, if they did not return to the Duty they owed their Maker:—And, lastly, that God was in Chriff, reconciling the World untobingelf, and would pardon Mankind upon-Condition of their Faith in him, their Repentance

An INSTRUCTION Dial. 6.

ance and future Obedience.—I told you also, that he gave them fuch Evidences, that this Meffage came from God, as could not be justly called in question by any Man, and, among the rest, this very extraordinary one: —He declared, and his Enemies knew it, —Th y will put me to Death, and after Three Days I will rife again from the Dead; which also came exactly to pass.

46

Ind. 'I do remember all this.—But how can you be fure that this was really fo, it being fo very long fince thefe things were done?

Miff. You yourfelf fhall judge—You must know then, THAT DIVINE PERSON, when he was on Earth, appointed feveral Perfons to be Witneffes of every thing which he did, faid, taught, or fuffered;—and that the most neceffary of these things were put in Writing, and published by some of them, even at the Time when great Numbers were alive, who had been Witneffes of his Words and Actions, and while his Enemies, who had put him to Death, were also alive; and yet no one charged them with having written any thing that was not true.—Now, these Writings we call THE HOLY SCRIPTURES OF THE NEW TESTAMENT.

Ind. 'But how are you fure, that the People did fet down in Writing that Meffage of God to Men, and all other things, juft N Dial. 6.

told you alfo, nces, that this could not be any Man, and, aordinary one: memics knew it, and after Three e Lead; which

his.—But how as really fo, it efe things were

Ige—You must ason, when he al Perfons to be h he did, faid, that the most but in Writing, m, even at the vere alive, who ds and Actions, had put him itten any thing thefe Writings ts OF THE NEW

, that the Peog that Meffage her things, just as Dial. 6. for the INDIANS.

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4 as THAT DIVINE PERSON had done and 4 told them?

Miff. We are well affured they did fo; becaufe they were directed and affitted to write thofe things by God himfelf, who bore them Witnefs, by Signs, and Wonders; and Miracles, and other Gifts of the Holy Spirit, that he was with them \*. And they were themfelves fo well convinced of the Truth of what they had written, and what they taught, that they chofe to fuffer any Death, rather than be filent or deny what they had *feen* with their Eyes, and beard with their Ears.

Ind. \* Pardon me for alking you one Queftion more: — How can you be affured, that those Writings, which you now have, and call the Holy Scriptures of the NEW TESTAMENT, are the very fame which those Persons who conversed with Christ, did then write? May they not have been altered fince

that time? " the and an available in a set of the set o

are the very fame, and that they have not been altered :- THOSE WRITINGS were copied at that time by many Christians, and carried with them into divers Countries, and distant Nations which had no Knowledge one of auother, and were put into their feveral Languages; and they all continue to be the fame in Subfance, wherever they are found to this Day.

\* Heb. ii. 4.

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And

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An INSTRUCTION Dial. 6. And that these Falls were fo as they are reported to us, we have the credible Relation of those who were EYE-WITNESSES of them, and who approved themfelves to be faithful Hiftorians. Lovers of Truth, even where it shewed their own great Weakneffes ;-delivering all things plainly and naturally without any the least Appearance of Difguife .- They mentioned theje Fasts with all the Circumfances of Time and Place, and fo foon after the Death of their LORD and MASTER JESUS CHRIST, that if they had not been exactly true, would have been then contradicted :- They published thefe Relations in the Country, where thefe mighty Wonders and Miracles were performed; and at a time when their very Profession lay under the fevereft Reproach ;- when they wero fo far from even the remotest Prospect of Advantage, that they were fore of Perfecution, and an ignominious and cruel Death ; which they might have avoided, if they could have prevailed upon themielves to be filest, or eten prevaricated in the least Degree .- The Commands they prefcribed were contrary to the prevailing Palions and corrupt Affustions of Mankind ;----- the Rewards they promifed were. for the most Part, to be enjoyed in another Worldy and therefore would not have prevailed much, without the ftrongeft Evidence of their being divine :- And yet this GOSPAL OF SALVATION was received and believed by the World, ----- though it was preached at first by mean

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as they are reble Relation of s of them, and e faithfu! Hifwhere it fhewed -delivering all vithout any the -They menti-ircumfances of after the Death JESUS CHRIST, tly true, would -They publishtry, where thele ere performed; Profession lay - when they wero Prospect of Adof Perfecution, Death ; which hey could have e'filent, or even ec.+-The Comu rary to the prefustions of Manpromifed were, oyed in another ot have prevaileft Evidence of this GOSPAL OF believed by the ached at first by mean

## Dial. 6. for the INDIANS.

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mean Infiruments, and, for the most part, unlearned Men, who had neither Eloquence to recommend, — Power to force, or Riches to bribe their Followers. — And what could all this be afcribed to, but to the mere Truth and Evidence of its Divinity, and to the mighty Power of God?

Befides all this,—from that very Time to this, there was also ONE DAY IN SEVEN appointed, and very firictly observed by Chriftians, on purpose, amongst others things, to read these Scriptures in public, and to keep up the Memory of these things which I have told you of; so that if any body had attempted to add or alter any thing of Moment, it would have immediately been taken notice of by all good Christians.

Ind. 'Indeed, Sir, a Man muft be very 'unwilling to believe these things who will 'not be fatisfied with this Account of the 'Truth of these Writings; especially, if they ' contain nothing but what is highly worthy

' of the Great God to command his reafon-

able Creatures.'

Miff. That you will be convinced of, when you come to know what he has commanded them to believe and do.

Ind. 'But is it true, Sir, that Christians ' themfelves are not agreed about them?'

Miff. Pray, confider,—that as long as Men have corrupt Hearts, and different Capacities, and Inclinations, and Interefts, they will differ D with

An INSTRUCTION Dial. 6.

with one another, not only in what concerns Chriftianity, but in all other Matters.—But affure yourfelf, that all Chriftians are agreed in these necessary things;—That these Scriptures are the very WORD and WILL of God, being the Revelation of his Holy Spirit.

50

Ind. 'In what is it then that they differ among themselves?'

. Miff. Some differ about Words only, and often about Matters of no great Moment .--Many are of a contentious Spirit, and exercife their Wits about foolish Questions, which minister Strife\*, rather than the Defign of God in his Word, which is to fave us from Ruin. -Many take upon them to be Teachers of others, without understanding what they fay, or whereof they affirm t: Many will expound the Scriptures as will beft fuit with their own private Opinions or corrupt Ways, inventing Ways of ferving God, which he has not commanded .- And laftly, too many are brought up in gross Ignorance, and either are not permitted or will not be at the Pains, to fee and know the Truths which concern their Salvation -Thefe and many fuch are the Caufes of Christians differing among themselves. But be affured of this,-That an All-wife and Good God can make thefe very Differences ferve moft bleffed Ends; bis Glory and the Good of his chofen and faithful Servants-For by thefe he tries their Faich, whether they will give Credit

\* 2 Tim. ii. 23. + 2 Tim. i. 7.

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what concerns atters .- But ians are agreed hat these Scrip-WILL of God, Joly Spirit. that they differ

Vords only, and eat Moment.pirit, and exer-Questions, which e Defign of God us from Ruin. be Teachers of what they say, or will expound the h their own pri-Vays, inventing he has not comany are brought ther are not perains, to fee and ern their Salvaare the Caufes of nemfelves. But 11-wife and Good rences serve most the Good of his -For by these he will give Credit

Tim. i. 7.

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#### Dial. 6. for the INDIANS.

to his Word, or to the Delufions of those Evil Spirits, which lead the Simple into Error .----By these he makes his true Servants more careful of their Ways, and to place their whole Dependance upon him, and his Grace, which they therefore pray for more earnelly .---Laftly, thefe Differences have had this good Effect, that foralmuch as all Parties of Chriftians do acknowledge these Scriptures to be from God-they have been ever jealous of one another, that nothing be added, omitted or altered, by any Party of Chriftians.

And remember what I tell you for a certain Truth,-that the Differences amongst Chriftians are not always of fuch a Nature as to deprive men of God's Favour.-For he knows al our Hearts, and the Reasons of Men's Miftakes ;--- and no doubt will pity and pardon fuch Errors and Miftakes as are not wilful, and do not plainly tend to deprave their own Manners or the Lives of other People.

Ind. ' I have only One Favour more to afk ' you concerning thefe Scriptures :- What is ' the great Use and Necessity of them ?'

Miff. In the first place, They are graciously given by God to fupply the Defects of our Reafon, and to hinder us from abufing and perverting that great Bleffing and Gift of God, which through our Lufts and Paffions, we are but too apt to do, to the Hurt of ourfelves and others. D 2 In

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An INSTRUCTION Dial. 6.

In the next place, be assured—that you can have no full and true Knowledge of the GREAT GOD, or of his *Will* and *Purpofes*, and gracious Defigns, but from his own son, and from what He has made known to us in these Scriptures \*.

52

By these Scriptures, as in those of the Old Teltament, wherein holy Men Spake and atted, as they were moved by the Holy Ghoft, we learn how Sin and Wickednefs, Sicknefs, Miferies, and Death itfelf came into the World ;-and how Men loft their Innocence, and forfeited that Happinels for which God made them .--And in the Scriptures we have alfo a moft particular Account, how God in Mercy to his unhappy Creatures, in his own good Time, fent HIS OWN SON, to fhew poor Sinners their miserable Condition ; to deliver them out of it; and by a most wonderful Way, as I shall shew you hereaster, to reconcile God to them, and them to God.—And in order to awaken all who come to the Knowledge of these things, and engage their Attention to them, these Scriptures give them the utmost Assurance,that God has prepared for them who believe in his Son, and are willing to receive Salvation at his Hands, and who can make this appear by loving him, and obeying his Commands, an Happinels which passeth Man's Understanding; and that fuch as will not regard thefe things, shall be miferable for ever .- And for-

\* Matt. xi. 27.

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Dial. 6. ) N

red-that you owledge of the d Purpofes, and own son, and n to us in these

hofe of the Old Spake and atted, Gbost, we learn kness, Miseries, e World ;-and e, and forfeited d made them .--ave also a most in Mercy to his wn good Time, oor Sinners their iver them out of Way, as I fhall ile God to them, order to awaken e of these things, to them, these oft Affurance,em who believe eccive Salvation ke this appear by Commands, an n's Understandnot regard these ever .- And for-

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#### Dial. 6. for the INDIANS.

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afinuch as in the Iffue, this Happiness and Mifery will depend upon Men's good or bad Behaviour in this Life,-thefe Scriptures contain that Law by which God has determined to judge the World, that all Men may order their Lives accordingly .- They teach us what Service is due from reafonable Creatures to their Maker; - how we must Live foas topleafe him ;-what is truly juft, and good, and acceptable to his Divine Majefty;-as alfo, what is wrong, and what he has forbidden upon Pain of his everlafting Difpleafure .- They contain many wonderful Examples of God's Care of those that love and obey him, and of his Difpleafure against fuch as neglect or despife his Commands .- In short, these Scriptures are a most invaluable Bleffing, without which we fhould be ignorant of those things that are of the greatest Concern to the Glory of the great and eternal God, and our own everlafting, Welfare.

Ind. ' Well, Sir, you have raifed in me a · very great Defire of knowing more of these ' Scriptures, which contains things wonderful ' and unknown to us indeed.'

Miff. You must give God the Thanks for that Defire, if it be fincere-I can only speak to your Ears; it is God alone that can speak to your Heart .- Forget not therefore, to beg of him to make himfelf and his Will known to you, and to blefs the Endeavours of fuchas defire to instruct you in the Ways of Truth and Happinefs. The:

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# An INSTRUCTION Dial. 7.

## The PRAYER.

54

B Leffed Lord, who haft caufed all Holy Scriptures to be written for our Learning; Grant that I may in fuch wife hear them, read, mark, learn, and inwardly digeft them, that, by Patience and Comfort of thy Holy Word, I may embrace, and ever hold faft, the bleffed Hope of everlafting Life, which thou haft given me, in my Saviour Jefus Chrift. Amen.

#### DIALOGUE VII.

An Account of the Fall of Man, and what followed thereupon, till the Coming of Christ.

#### INDIAN.

\* Y OU affured me, Sir, when I was laft with you, that God had made known to you many things, which our Reafon cannot account for :-- I am now come to put you in mind of one Difficulty, which I beg you would explain to me:--" How Man, the Creature of an Holy and Good God, came to have fuch a ftrangely difordered Nature, and fo prone to Evil?"

Miff. I am obliged to do fo; for, without the Knowledge of this, you can have no true Notions of the Justice and Mercy, and Goodnefs of God.

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ON Dial. 7.

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aufed all Holy or our Learning; hear them, read, geft them, that, hy Holy Word, d faft, the blefwhich thou haft s Chrift. Amen.

#### VII.

n, and what folning of Christ.

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#### for the INDIANS.

Dial. 7.

What therefore he has made known to us in the Holy Scriptures, is :- That after he had made this World, and all things in it, in Six Days, and that he might have Creatures capable of praifing him for his wonderful Works, he made one Man and one Woman, called ADAM and Eve, determining to make of one Blood all Nations of Men to dwell upon all the Face of the Earth \*; all which are the offfpring of that one Man and Woman.-He has also made known to us, That these Two Perfons were at first made after the Likeneis of their Creator, being endued with Reafon in Perfection, and other heavenly Gifts .- We learn alfo, that these our First Parents, being thus made perfect and good, and capable of living for ever +, were placed in an happy State, called Paradife, with a Promife of Life, and Happinets, as long as they continued obedient to their Maker's Commands. Now thefe Two-Perfons were in a State of Trial and Probation, as we all are at this Day, though in a Manner quite different from ours :- For they, coming out of their Maker's Hands perfett, that is, endued with clear and ftrong Apprehentions of their indifpenfable Obligation to perform all the great Points of Morality, could not well be supposed to lie under any Temptation of violating that chief Part of their Duty.-It was therefore neceffary, that fome other TEST, fuitable to the Place and Circumstances they \* Acts xvii, 26.

+ Wif. ii. 23. D 4 were

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were in, fhould be required of them, to prove what was in their Hearts; and whether they would chufe, under the most tempting Offers, to break an express Commandment of GoD, their CREATOR, PRESERVER, and GOVERNOR, —even though the Reason of fuch a Commandment was not made known unto them. A positive Injunction of this kind, God was pleased to give them;—at the fame time enforcing their Obedience to it, by Threats of a most dreadful Penalty, if they should ever transgress it.

An INSTRUCTION

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And we are to confider the Command given to Adam concerning the Forbidden Tree, not as if God only fpoke concerning That, but he herein commanded him this One thing, OBEY MY VOICE :- That is, You are to do whatever I shall declare to be the Duties of your Life :- For it was necessary that Man should obey the Divine Being, and never be left to his own Guidance, but to be always kept in the Hand of God's Counsel.

How long our First Parents continued in their Duty, we are no-where told; but at length by yielding to the Temptation of an Evil Spirit, and not regarding the Command of their Maker\*, they did fall from that holy and happy Condition they were in; and by that most grievous Crime (for fo it appears by the Punishment a most righteous God inflicted on them for it) they highly displeased their Maker,

\* Gen. iii.

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them, to prove ad whether they empting Offers, dment of GoD, and GOVERNOR, of fuck a Comunto them. kind, God was the fame time it, by Threats if they fhould

command given idden Tree, not ing That, but he Due thing, You are to do e th; Duties of effary that Man , and never be t to be always ounfel. s continued in

d; but at length of an Evil Spimmand of their at holy and hapid by that most ears by the Puod inflicted on fed their Maker,

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#### Dial. 7. for the INDIANS:

who left them to themfelves; —and, having loft their Innocence, and that Image of God in which they were created \*, their Nature became fadly changed for the worfe.—And the Children which they afterwards begot, being born of finful Parents, became even like their Parents, difobedient, and prone to Evil, as you fee they are at this Day : All which thefe FIRST PARENTS OF MANKIND brought uponthemfelves, and their Pofterity.

It was thus that Sin and Evils of every kind, and Death at last, entered into the World, asthe just Punishment of their Disobedience to the Commands of God;—by which all Right to his free Promise of eternal Life and Happines was forfeited and lost.

Ind. "This is indeed a plain Account how "Sin and Wickednefs entered into the World; "and we ought to believe it to be a just Ac-"count, fince God has made it known to you "in his Revealed Will."

Miff. As to the Corruption of our Nature; and the Sin that does to eafily befet us, your own Experience will convince you of the Truthof it.—And no other reafonable Account canbe given how it came into the World.— And you will learn by what followed this ACtof Difobedience, how difpleafing to God it was, and the Punifhment it deferved.

Ind. 'Will you be fo kind as to let me: 'know what followed this fad Calamity?? Gen. v.

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Miff.

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#### An INSTRUCTION Dial. 7.

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Miff. You will eafily conceive how miferable the Condition of these our First Parents, was now become :---- They knew that they had failed in their Duty to their Maker :---their Reason could not inform them how to help them/elves :---- The Lo/s of their Innocence, and of their Maker's Favour ;- their Forfeiture of the Happiness they had enjoyed, -with their dreadful Apprehensions of that Death which was threatened :- the Sen/e of thefe things would most certainly have overwhelmed them, had not the Goodness of God immediately interposed to keep them from Defpair.---For though his perfect Holinefs could not but bate the Sin, yet his Goodnefs inclined him to have Compafion on the Sinner; and from thence he took Occasion to make known another of his most glorious Perfections, bis infinite Mercy.

Ind. I am most defirous to hear how that was done.

Miff. Why, as a Remedy for what had been done amifs, and could not be undone, their Maker was pleafed to enter into a NEW COVE-NANT with them;—fo that neither they, nor any of their Pofterity, fhould, on account of their Difabedience, be ruined, except it was purely their own Fault.

Ind. ' That was indeed a moft kind Offer ' of their Offended Maker; Pray, what ' was that COVENANT ?'

Miff. It was this :---- That on account of One, who would in due time fatisfy his Di-5 vine

#### ON Dial. 7.

ive how miferr First Parents, knew that they eir Maker :— m them how to of their Inno-Favour ;- their ey had enjoyed, bensions of that :- the Sense of inly have overoodnefs of God eep them from perfect Holinefs et his Goodness ion on the Sinok Occasion to most glorious

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#### Dial. 7. for the INDIANS.

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vine Juffice for their Offence (and take Vengeance on that Evil Spirit, that had tempted them to difobey his Command) he would reflore them to his Favour upon certain Conditions; and would appoint the n Means, by which they, and their Pofterity, might, upon their Repentance, obtain his Pardon, when they fhould do amif, as fince their Fall they would be but too to do \*.

Ind. 'You will be fo-kind, as to let 'me know what fo' this Promife of God to his finful Creatures.'

Mif. You must know then—that fome of their Children and Posterity, exercifing themfelves in Repentance of Sin, depending on this promifed Saviour, keeping up a Senfe of these things, and an Expectation of this Promife, lived in the Fear of God  $\dagger$ .—But many othersof them, through the Corruption of their Nature, became exceeding wicked: One of their own Sons murdered his Brother; for which God, to keep others from committing, fuch horrid Crimes, banished him from his. Prefence, and he spent his Days in Milery.

At laft, Wickedness increased to fuch an Height, and became to general, that God was provoked to deftroy the whole Race of Menby a Flood (except one upright Man, whole Name was NOAH ‡, together with his little Family) as I hinted to you before.

\* John iii. 16. and 1 John iv. 9, 10. + Gen. v. 24. ‡ Gen. vii. D 6. By.

## An INSTRUCTION Dial. 7.

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By this good Man and his Family, the whole Earth was again filled with People, as it is this Day—And while his good Inftructions, and the Memory of that dreadful Judgment lafted, Men lived in the Fear of God :-----but too foon fell into Wickednefs again :---And most of these, losing the Knowledge of the true God, fell into Idolatry, a Sin which God principally abhors, as most dishonourable to his Nature, Authority, and Glory, and as leading Men into all other Wickednefs \*.

Ind. ' Pray what is that Sin of Idolatry, " which God fo hateth ?'

Miff. It is the giving that Honour and Worship which is only due to the true God, to his Creatures, to the Sun and Moon, and to evil Spirits—and to the Images representing thefe.

Notwithstanding this, God never left himself without Witness †; but gave continual Proofs of his Hatred against Wickedness, and of his Favour and Protection of good Men, in all Ages, and amongst all Nations, even unto this Day. And thus it is, that Calamities of all Kinds are brought upon Earth; that one Nation makes War upon another; these being only Instruments in the Hands of God, and by his wife and just Appointment for the Punishment of their Sins.

Ind. ' Pray, had any of these Nations ever ' afterwards an Opportunity of coming to the

\* Rom. i. 28. + Acis xiv, 17.

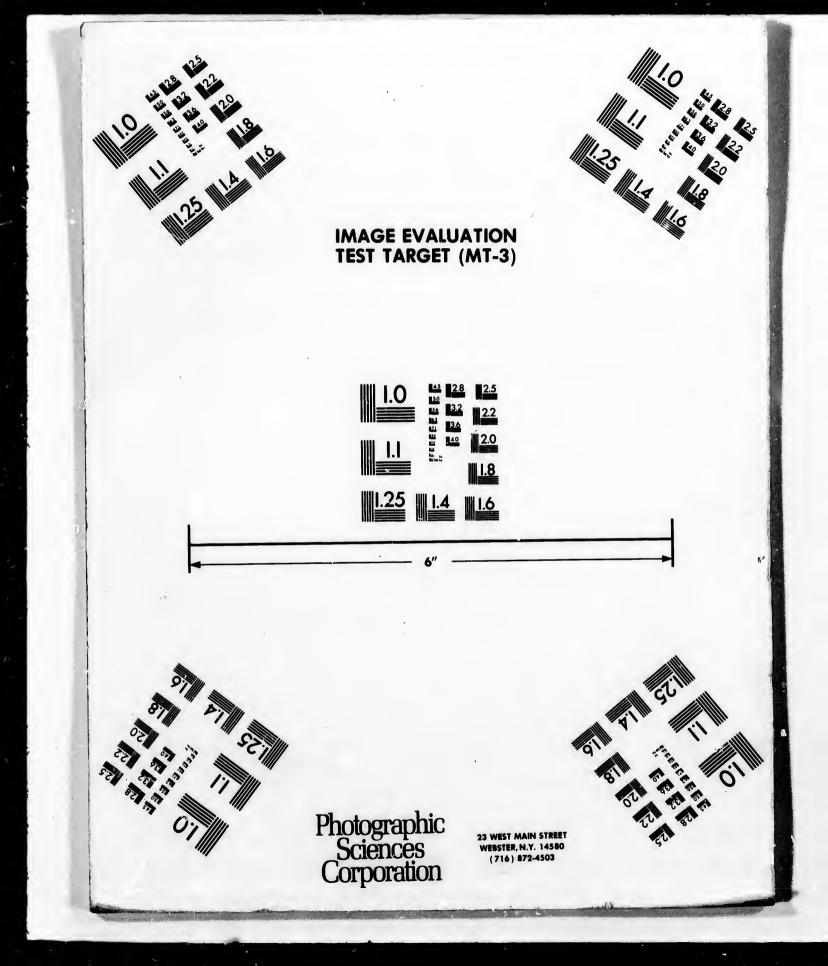
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Dial. 7. mily, the whole ople, as it is this fructions, and Judgment laft-God:-----but is again:---And owledge of the Sin which God ifhonourable to Glory, and as seedne/s \*. Sin of Idolatry, onour and Worrue God, to his w, and to evil reference of the second to the secon

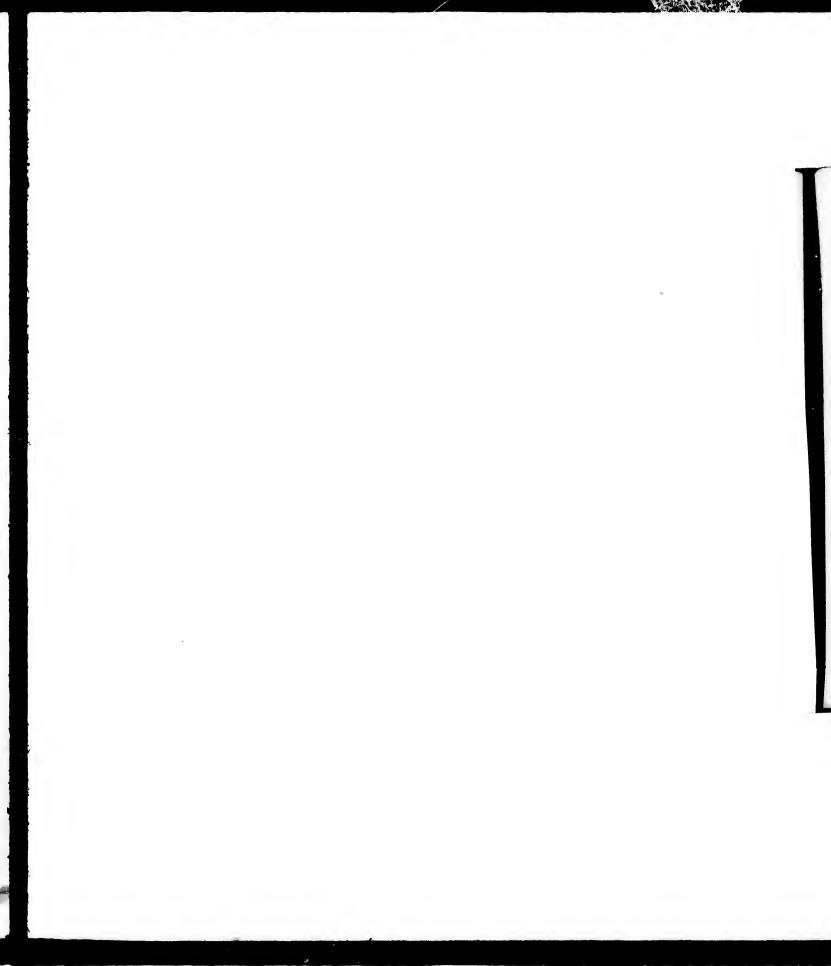
refenting thefe. God never left but gave contiaft Wickednefs, ection of good gft all Nations, us it is,—that brought upon tes War uponruments in the fe and juft Apof their Sins. fe Nations ever coming to the

iv. 17.

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## Dial. 7. for the INDIANS. 61

• Knowledge of the true God, and of the • Worship due to him?'

Miff. Yes, indeed they had. For the Holy Scriptures inform us, that-God made Choice of a certain Perfon, whofe Name was ABRA-HAM \*, and called him and his Family, from the midit of a Nation given to Idolatry; that to this Man he made himfelf, and his glorious Perfections known; and for his encouragement to perfevere in his Duty, he promifed,-That out of his Loins in due Time the Deliver-ER OF THE WORLD from Sin and Death should proceed, and that in the mean while He would make his Descendants a great and numerous People; \_\_\_\_\_all which was made good in a most wonderful Manner. His Posterity increased exceedingly; and wherever they travelledthey communicated the Knowledge of the true God, -and told, Men how he ought to be feared and worshipped; fo that many Nations might have known these things, had it not been their. own Fault ;-----for God caufed them often to wander, that they might make him known amongst Men, and cure them of their Wickednefs and Idolatry.

It was in the Time of that good Man; that God fhewed his Hatred of Wickednefs, and his Difpleafure against great and bold Sinners, after a Manner the most frightful and aftonishing.—There were feveral confiderable Cities, the chief of which were SODOM and GOMOR-RAH, the Inhabitants of which, through Pride,

\* Gen. xii.

Fulness

#### An INSTRUCTION Dial. 7.

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Fulnefs of Bread and much Idlenefs, fell into all manner of Wickednefs; which provoked God to make them an Example of his Difpleafure againft fuch Sins;—for he rained down Fire and Brimftone upon them \*, and utterly deftroyed both them, their Towns, and their whole Land, the dreadful Marks of which are to be feen at this Day.—At the fame time, God, to fhew his Care for those that feared him, fent his Angels, and delivered One good Man whose Name was Lor, and his Family, out of that fearful Deftruction †.

After this the Children of ABRAHAM, to whom the Promife was made, multiplied exceedingly; to whole Pofterity God gave very particular Laws and Directions, how they might live to as to pleafe their Maker, and not hurt one another  $\ddagger$ ; — and wrought moft wonderful Things before their Eyes; when he delivered them out of a moft cruel Bondage; —to convince them, and all other Nations, that fhould hear of these things,—that the Idols and evil Spirits, which they worshipped, were no Gods—and that there was no God, but the God of this People.

Ind. • Pray, what were the Laws and Direc-• tions that God gave this People and Nation?

Miff. The chief of them were thefe that follow :- That they fhould neither have nor worfhip any other God but him who had done fuch Wonders for them :- That they fhould

\* Gen. xix. 24. + Gen. xix. ‡ Exod. xx.

#### ION Dial. 7.

enefs, fell into all h provoked God f his Difpleafure ained down Fire I utterly deftroyand their whole which are to be une time, God, hat feared him, d One good Man his Family, out

f ABRAHAM, to , multiplied exy God gave very ions, how they Maker, and not d wrought moft r Eyes, when he cruel Bondage; other Nations, nings,—that the hey worfhipped, ere was no God,

Laws and Direcple and Nation? were thefe that ieither have nor m who had done that they fhould

‡ Exod. xx.

## Dial. 7. for the INDIANS.

not make any visible Image or Representation of him : That they fhould not profane his holy Name : That they fhould keep holy one Day in Seven, to preferve the Remembrance of him and his Works ;- That they should love and bonour their Parents \*;-That they should love one another, as being all the Creatures of a good God ;-and neither bate nor murder any one,-that they should not commit Adultery, or be guilty of any Lewdneys :- That they should not steal, or lye, or bear false Witness, or covet, or set their Hearts upon what was another Man's-And remember what I tell you,-The Substance of these Laws was given foon after the Flood, to NOAH and his Family from whom the prefent Race of Mankind is derived, though the greatest Part of their Posterity foon forgot them.

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Soon after God had given his peculiar People thefe Laws, he fettled them after a moft wonderful Manner, and in a fruitful Land, which he had long before promifed to ABRA-HAM their great *Forefather*, and bleffed them exceedingly, while they obferved his Laws.— But even thefe People, through the Corruption of Nature, often transgreffed his Commands, and were as often punifhed, and upon their Repentance pardoned;—till at laft, they growing incurably wicked, he permitted their Enemies to deftroy moft of them, their Cities, their Land, and their Place of Worfbip;—

\* Exod. xx. 12.

and

An INSTRUCTION Dial. 7.

and they are at this Day difperfed over the Face of the Earth, without any fure Settlement.

SA:

Now, a few Years before this happened, the Time was come when the GREAT GOD was pleafed to fend into the World—<sup>6</sup> That <sup>6</sup> PERSON or PROPHET, whom he had pro-<sup>9</sup> mifed to our firft Parents, and who had en-<sup>6</sup> gaged to make Satisfaction to the Divine <sup>4</sup> Juffice, for their great Offence.'—But a particular Account of this PERSON and BLES-SING will take up more Time than I believe you have now to fpare: I fhall therefore defer it till you come next to me. In the mean Time pray earneftly to God, that he may not: fuffer your Heart to be hardened, but that you may ever believe his Promifes, and ftand. in awe of his Judgments.

#### The PRAYER.

I Believe: Lord, increase my Faith, and give me Grace that with a holy Life I may adorn the Religion I profes.—Keep me ftedfaft in this Faith, that no Errors mayfeparate me from thee;—But that thy love,. O merciful God;—Thy Grace, O bleffed Jefus;—Thy Fellowship, O Holy Ghoft,. may defend and comfort me in all Dangersand Adversities, until I attain the End of my. Faith, even the Salvation of my Soul. Amen.

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fperfed over the any fure Settle-

e this happened, the GREAT GOD World—' That om he had proand who had enn to the Divine Offence.'—But a RSON and BLESe than I believe I therefore defer e. In the mean that he may not: dened, but that mifes, and ftand.

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my Faith, and n a holy Life I profes.—Keep t no Errors may it that thy love, ace, O bleffed D Holy Ghoft, in all Dangers the End of my my Soul. Amen.

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# Dial. 8. for the INDIANS.

# DIALOGUE VIII.

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an gent of a lenge

JESUS CHRIST, the MEDIATOR and SAVIOUR of the World, and the Head of all Christians.

the stand INDIAN. St. set.

YOU fnewed me, Sir, when I waited on you laft, how Man came to fall from that upright and happy Condition in which the was created; and how he, and all his " Pofterity, became fubject to Sin, to Mifery, and to Death :- As alfo, how their Maker fpared the Lives of our First Parents, al-"though they had deferved immediate Death, on account of One who was engaged to fatiffy the Divine Justice for their Transgression, ' and for the Offences of all their Pofferity, ' upon the most merciful Conditions .- And I · left you with a more earnest defire of knowing more of that SACRED PERSON, who was ' to come into the World for that End;-' and, as you intimated to me, did come about that Time, when God had, for their Sins, caft off that People, whom he had fo long " and fo remarkably, favoured and protected, ' above the other Nations of the World.'

Miff. I told you before, — That this Divine Perfon knowing into what a miferable Condition the two first Parents of Mankind had brought

An INSTRUCTION Dial. 8.

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brought themselves and their Posterity, by their Disobedience to their Maker; -- how dreadfully fad their Punishment would be, and of what an invaluable Happiness they would be deprived; -- He, by God's most gracious Appointment, undertook to fatisfy the Divine Justice by submitting to such Sufferings as God was pleased to accept by way of Atonement for the Sins of Men.

Ind. "Pray, Sir, how did Jefus Chrift do

Miff. As I told you before, he, out of Love to his otherwife loft Creatures, took the perfect Nature of a Man, both Body and Soul, into Union with his Divine Nature, and was born of a pure Virgin that he might be feen, and converfe with Men, and in their Nature be capable of fuffering for the Sins of Men.

Now, in that Body, here upon Earth, in the first Place, he let Mankind know God's wonderful Goodness and his Readiness to forgive Offenders, even the greateft Offenders, upon their Repentance, Belief in him and his Undertaking, and Return to their Duty; as alfo, how they ought to live fo as to pleafe God, and be an Honour to their Maker. And by his most wife and holy Life, and Doctrine, and Example,-He fnewed what an Excellent Creature Man was, before he loft his Innocence, and fell into a State of Sin and Corruption; as also how hateful to God Sin must be, fince to Divine a Perfon, which, you will 5 1 C E

ION Dial. 8.

eir Posterity, by Maker:--how ent would be, and inefs they would 's most gracious fatisfy the Divine och Sufferings as by way of Atone-

d Jesus Christ do

e, he, out of Love es, took the perbody and Soul, Nature, and was the might be feen, d in their Nature the Sins of Men.

e upon Earth, in sind know God's Readinefs to forreateft Offenders, ef in him and his o their Duty; as the fo as to pleafe o their Maker...... I holy Life, and He fhewed what vas, before he loft a State of Sin and teful to God Sin erfon, which, you will Dial. 8. for the INDIANS.

will fee hereafter, was the Son of the Moft High God, was obliged to come down from Heaven, to fatisfy God's Juffice, and to fave Men from the Punifiment it deferved.—For his Divine Nature, tho' it could not fuffer, yet being thus divinely united to his Humanity, gave fuch a Virtue and Value to the Sacrifice, as rendered it a proper and fufficient Atonement to the Divine Juffice for our Sins.

67

After he had in his public Ministry fully declared the Design of his Coming, and performed fuch miraculous things as were fufficient to convince all well-disposed People, that he was the Son of God, and fent by him to declare his Father's Will to Men; —after this, that, as Son of God, he might make full Satisfaction to the Divine Justice, fince no lefs a Sacrifice could do it, He willingly laid down his own Life, for his otherwise undone Creatures.

Ind. ' I begin now to understand what before I was amazed at, Wby God would fuffer bis own Son to be put to Death by wicked Men; and why his Son would chufe to be fo dealt with, when he could have hindered it : I fuppofed it was becaufe he had undertaken the Caufe of Sinners, and fuffered Death to make an Atonement for them, and to fatisfy the Justice of his offended 1 ather, who therefore permitted him to be ut to Death.' Miff. You understand it right.—And the

GREAT GOD, to convince the World, that his Justice was fatisfied by this most worthy Sacrifice,

# An INSTRUCTION Dial. 8.

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fice, raifed him from the Dead, the Third Day after he had been crucified and buried ;--by which he was in the most convincing and powerful manner, declared to be the Son of God\*; of all which the Holy Scriptures give us a particular Account,--and, for our Comfort, declare,--that God had laid on him the Iniquity of us all †; that he tasted Death for every Man ||, i. e. for every penitent Sinner, from the First Man that was made, to the last that shall be born into the World;--lastly, that he has saved us by his Blood, out of every Kindred, and Tongue, and People, and Nation ‡.

Ind. ' It feens then, that we also have an ' Interest and Right in the B'effings which he has purchased by his Death.'

Miff. Most certainly you have ;---for so he hath declared, ---shat the Gentiles, such as were Strangers to the true God, should be Fellow heirs with his chosen People, and of the same Body, and Partakers of his Promise in Christ §.

Ind. ' Pray what is meant by the Gentiles being of the fame Body ?'

Miff. The Meaning is this :----That you should be of the fame holy Society with God's chosen People; and that as we are the Creatures of one and the fame God, and Children of one and the fame Father,---and redeemed by the fame Saviour, you shall now be made Members of the fame Body, an holy Society,

• Rom. i. 4. + Ifa. fiii. 6. || Heb. ii. 9. ‡ Rev. v. 9. § Eph. iii. 6. which

# ION Dial. 8.

ad, the Third Day and buried ; by pincing and powere Son of God \*; of res give us a parour Comfort, debim the Iniquity of b for every Man ||, er, from the First e last that shall be stily, that be bas every Kindred, and ution ‡.

it we also have an B'effings which he th.'

his: — That you dociety with God's s we are the Crea-Sod, and Children er, — and redeemed hall now be made y, an holy Society,

6. || Heb. ii. 9. Eph. iii. 6. which

# Dial. 8. for the INDIANS.

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which is called the Church of God, of which JESUS CHRIST is the HEAD and GOVERNOR.

Ind. 'I should be very thankful if you "would explain that to me more particularly."

Miff. You must know then, --- That after the Son of God had by his Death made an Atonement for the Sins of Mankind, he commanded his Apoftles to offer the Bleffings he had purchased unto all the Nations of the Earth, in order to take out of them a Prople for the Glory of God \* ;--- and to let all Men know the merciful Favours which the Great God offered them by his Son, which were, -- Re-pentance on Mens Part, and Forgiveness of Sins on the Part of God; and that this should be preached in bis Name among all Nations + ; and that all fuch as would receive him as their Redeemer and Lawgiver, should be entered into One Society, called the Church or Body of Chrift, because he is the Head of this Body, and Governor of this Society, which is made up of all true Believers in all Nations of the World; that as he had redeemed them, he might protest, and govern, and keep them in the Way of Life and Happiness; and lastly, that the great Truths of Christianity, and the holy Scriptures, in which they are contained, might be preferved, being to be constantly read, explained, and preached among them.

· Acts xv. 14.

3

+ Luke xxiv: 47. Ind.

# An INSTRUCTION Dial. 8.

70

Ind. 'But, good Sir, -- how can People of fo many diftant Nations, and different Laws and Languages, be One Society?' FyaacFu

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Miff. They are all of One Society, as they all agree in One Faith, and profess to be governed by One Law of Jefus Chrift ; - as they all engage to renounce the Devil, and all the Ways of an evil World, and to worfhip the One and only true God ;- as they all profets to receive the holy Scriptures to be the only Rule of both their Faith and Manners; as they all are redeemed by the fame Sacrifice ;- as they all pray to One and the fame God, in the Name, and for the Sake of the fame Mediator and Advocate ;--- as they are all received into the fame Society, by one and the fame Ordinance of Baptifm; and are under the Direction and Influence of the fame Holy Spirit ;- and as they all hope to meet together hereafter in the fame Place of Joy and Felicity, the Kingdom of Heaven.

Ind. 'I think I underftand you very well.' -I fhould be thankful therefore, if you would let me know what are the Privileges or Bleffings of being a Member of this Society.'

Miff. 'The Bleffings are many and great, fuch as thefe following:—You will be enabled to answer the End for which we were made, and fent into the World.—If you enter into this Society with true Repentance of your Sins, true Faith in Jefus Chrift, and a fincere Purpole

### ON Dial. 8.

ow can People of ad different Laws priety ?'

Society, as they all els to be governift ;-as they all , and all the Ways ship the One and profess to receive only Rule of both s they all are rece; as they all d, in the Name, ne Mediator and received into the fame Ordinance the Direction and rit;—and as they eafter in the fame the Kingdom of

d you very well', therefore, if you re the Privileges mber of this So-

any and great, ou will be enabled h we were made, if you enter into ance of your Sins, and a fincere Purpole

### Dial. 8. for the INDIANS.

pofe of living as a Christian ought to do, all your paft Sins will be forgiven you ;- and, if you afterwards fall into Sin (as you will be but too apt to do, ) you will have Josus Christ an Advocate with his Father for your Pardon, upon your Repentance and Return to your Duty -.- Belide this, you will be under the Special Care and Protection of God ;- you will have the Ministers of Chrift to inftruct you, and God's all-powerful Spirit to direst, fupport, and comfort you in all your Distrestes .- You will have an Interest in all the Prayers and Bleffings of that Society throughout the World; every Member of that Society being bound to feek the good of the whole Body, to relieve the Necessities of fuch as are in Want, or in Miferies, and all being mutually obliged to pray for each other .--Laftly, you will have a most fure Title to eternal Life and Happinels after Death.

Ind. ' There is no Man, fure, who is in his ' right Mind, but would most carnestly defire ' to be a Member of fuch a Society if he could ' hope to do what will be required of him as ' a Christian.—For, as I remember, you told ' me, that a Christian has many Enemies and ' Difficulties to strive with.'

Miff. That is true.—But then take this moft certain Truth along with you,—That a righteous and good God will not require any thing of his Creatures, but what he will enable them to do, if they will but use their own Endeavours;—every

\* 1 John i. 9. ii. 1.

Perfon,

71

# An INSTRUCTION Dial. 8.

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Person, who fincerely proposes to become a Christian, having a most fure Promise of being affisted by God's Holy Spirit to please his Maker, and to keep his Commanda.

And, forafmuch as we muft be made *boly*, as ever we hope to be happy, it is this Good and Holy Spirit, that muft make us fo.—Which he doth,—by putting into our Hearts good Defires and Purpofes of pleafing God, and a Fear of offending him;—by convincing us, that nothing is required of us but what is abfolutely neceffary for our Good and Happinefs, —by helping our good Endeavours, and defending us against the Malice and Power of evil Spirits;—by fetting home upon our Hearts the Joys and Happinefs that are propofed to us, and the dreadful Mifery which will be the Portion of fuch as defpife them :—All which that Holy Spirit doth perform in us by a fure, though an invisible power.

you fay he is not to be feen ?'

Miff. Can you fee the Wind ?

Ind. 'No.'

Miff. How can you be fure there is fuch a Thing ?

Ind. ' Because I hear the Sound of it, and feel the Force of it upon myself.'

Miff: Are you fure that you have a Soul or Spirit within you, which governs all your Actions?

Ind.

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t be made *boly*, as is this Good and c us fo.—Which our Hearts good ding God, and a y convincing us, is but what is abd and Happinefs, eavours, and dece and Power of euponour Hearts t are propofed to which will be the nem :—All which m in us by a fure,

ure of this, fince en ?' 7 ind ?

ure there is fuch a

Sound of it, and myfelf.' you have a Soul governs all your

Ind.

# Dial. 8. for the INDIANS.

Ind. ' I cannot but be fenfible and fure of ' that, becaufe I feel fomething within me, ' fometimes' acculing, ' fometimes' exculing, ' according as I do what is good, or other-' wife.'

Miff. Yet you never faw that Power; you are fure of it only by its Effects.

Ind. ' Pray make that plain to me.' Miff. Do not you know a Tree by the Fruit it bears?-Doth not a good Tree bring forth

good Fruit ?-Doth not a corrupt Tree bring forth bad Fruit \* ?-Juft fo, when a good Spirit governs any Perfon, you fee it plainly by his Life and Conversation;-as alfo, when you fee any Man lead an evil Life, you may be fure he is governed by an evil Spirit.

Miff. The fure Signs, that the Holy Spirit of God governs any Man, are thefe following Fruits: A Love of God, and of Men for his Sake;—Living in Peace as much as poffible, with all others † ;—Forgiving those that have injured us, as we hope to be forgiven our many Offences against God ;—A Readine/s to do good to all Men;—A constant Endeavour to mortify our corrupt Affections; our Lusts, and evil Defires;—Being content with our Condition;—Being bumble, meek; and temperate;—

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\* Matt. vii. 17.

+ Gal. v. 22.

73

# An INSTRUCTION Dial. 8.

74 .

And in all Improvements in Knowledge, Faith, Holinels and Obedience, making an humble Acknowledgment of our Unworthinels, giving Chrift the Glory of our Salvation, and the Holy Spirit the Honour of our Improvement in these Things:—These, and such as these, are fure Signs that a Man is governed by the Holy Spirit of God \*.

On the other Hand,—the fure Signs of a Man's not being under the Influence of the good Spirit, are fuch evil Fruits as thefe following: Adultery, Fornication, Idolatry, Witchoraft, Envy, Hatred, and Malice; a Disposition to Revenge and Murder, Drunkennefs, Revelings, Hardness of Heart, Unbelief, and Contempt of the Gospel, and fuch Sins as these: —God having expressly declared, that they who do such Things shall never be happy, but shall have their Portion with those evil Spirits, by whose wicked Suggestions they had been feduced to commit them.

Ind. • One would think that fuch as know • the dreadful Punifhment denounced againft • Wickednefs, would never perfift in it, but • immediately endeavour to escape from fo • dangerous a condition.

Miff. They certainly would do fo :-but having wilfully forfaken the Ways of God, they have grieved the Holy Spirit, and forced him to depart from them, and to leave them to themfelves :----fo that their Hearts are

• Rom. vii. 14;

1.12

hardened

### Dial. 8. ON

nowledge, Faith, king an humble worthinefs, givalvation, and the our Improvement ind fuch as thefe, governed by the

e fure Signs of a Influence of the ruits as these foln, Idolatry, Witchlice; a Disposition runkenness, Revelnbelief, and Conuch Sins as these : clared, that they never be happy, on with those evil Suggestions they nit them.

that fuch as know denounced against r persist in it, but to escape from fo

ould do fo ;- but he Ways of God, y Spirit, and forced and to leave them t their Hearts are

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### Dial. 8. for the INDIANS.

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hardened, and their Minds are void of Understanding.

Ind. ' If I remember well, you told me, that all Men are fubject to Sin, even Chrif-' tians, as well as others, though they have " received that holy Spirit for a principle of ' a new Life.'

Miff. I told you fo, and I told you nothing but the Truth; for fo they are, until, by the Influence of that good Spirit, they are made completely holy, which is not to be expected till we die, and go to Heaven .- I told you also another Truth :- That a Christian is not one who has no Failings ;-but he is one, who, by the Power and Favour of that Holy Spirit, watches and firives against the Corruption of his Nature continually, fo as never to live in any known Sin whatever.

Ind. ' I remember you told me fo before; ' and I am convinced of the Truths you have now explained to me. And I must beg of you, at your Leifure, to let me know, what " will be required of me in order to my being ' baptized, and made a Member of that So-' ciety, to which you have convinced me fo " many Bleffings have been promifed by the Great God.'

Miff. That I will very willingly endeavour to do the next time you come to me.-In the mean time, forget not to beg of Godto give his Bleffing and Success to fuch as defire and strive to instruct you in the Ways of E .2

Life

# An INSTRUCTION Dial. 9.

Life and Happinets, and to give you Grace to follow their godly Instructions and Admonitions, in words to the following Purpose.

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### The PRAYER.

O Merciful God, and Lover of Souls, blefs the pious Endeavours of fuch as are appointed to inftruct me in the Ways of Truth and Godlinefs:—Leave me not to my own Choice, but give me a Heart always open to receive the Truth, and a conftant Refolution to obferve and obey it: And that I may remember thee my Creator all my Days, chearfully embrace Salvation by thy Son our Lord, and fubmit to his Government,—let thy HOLY SPIRIT ever accompany me, and infpire me with found Principles of Virtue, Religion, and Holinefs, for thy Mercy's Sake in Chrift Jefus. Amen.

### DIALOGUE IX.

Being an Abstract of the former Dialogues and Instructions.

### INDIAN.

KIND Sir, I am come to put you in mind of your Promife to inftruct me, bow I may become a Member of that Society, to which you told me fo many Bleffings do belong.

Miff.

ON Dial. 9.

ve you Grace to is and Admoning Purpofe.

ER.

er of Souls, blefs f fuch as are ap-Ways of Truth not to my own always open to ftant Refolution t that I may remy Days, cheary Son our Lord, ent,—let thy my me, and ins of Virtue, Re-Mercy's Sake in

E IX. er Dialogues and

te to put you in le to instruct me, Member of that fo many Blessings Mission Dial. g. for the INDIANS.

Miff. I would now do it, but upon fecond Thoughts I am of Opinion, it will be beft for you, that I put you again in mind of the Truths you have already learned, and affented to, that you may be able to answer it to your own Reajon, and to every one who shall ask you,—' Why you chufe to be a Christian?' —And that your Faith being surely established, you may be convinced, that it is your Interest, as well as Duty, to make such a Choice; and that you may not hereaster become a Scandal to the Christian Religion, or be tempted to forsake it, on account of any Difficulties you may meet with, or the bad Examples of wicked Men who profess it.

.77

Ind. " I heartily thank you for fo kind a " Propofal: and I will hear you most wil-" lingly."

' lingly.' Miff. You have declared already that you are fully convinced, that there is but one God of all the Nations of the World; —that is—a Being moft wife, moft powerful, moft boly, moft juff and good, —who after he had made the World, and all Things in it, by his great Power, made Man, and endued him with Reafon and Understanding, to the end he might have a Creature on Earth capable of knowing and honouring his Maker.

Ind. 'I am molt fully convinced of this, ' and do most firmly believe it.'

Miff. How then do you think it comes to pais, that fo many People endued with Rea-E 3 fon

78 An INSTRUCTION Dial. 9. fon are fo far from being an honour to that God on whom they depend for Life and Breath, and all things which they enjoy, or hope for,—that they neither fear, nor love, nor bonour, nor are concerned to pleafe bim?

Ind. 1 have not, Sir, forgot the Account ' you gave me,-how this came to pafs;how the first Parents of Mankind came to · fall from that happy Temper and Condition " in which they were made,-by yielding to " the Temptation of an evil Spirit, and breaking a firict Command which their Maker ' had given them for a Trial of their Obedience :- And what a fad Change and Dif-" order was thereby made in their Nature, and · in the World, infomuch that both they, and • their Posterity, which inherited their cor-• rupt Nature, became prone to Evi', and • subject to Sin and Death, and to all the Sorvows, Miferies, and Afflictions which lead to · Death ;--- and that this was the true Occafion of all the Milchiefs and Wickednefs which we fee and hear of in the World.'

Miff. 1 am very glad you remember this fo well.—For indeed, without the Knowledge of this unhappy Fall of Man, and the Corruption of our Nature, which followed, you can never fully undertland, nor truly value, the Wifdom, the Juflice, the Mercy, and the Goodnefs' of God, nor would the Chriftian Religion appear to you fo great a Bleffing as it really is.

Ind.

Dial. 9. O N ionour to that for Life and they enjoy, or fear, nor love, o please bim ? ot the Account me to pafs;nkind came to r and Condition -by yielding to birit, and breakch their Maker l'of their Obehange and Dif-eir Nature, and t both they, and ited their cor-e to Evi', and d to all the Sorrs which lead to the true Occand Wickednefs the World.' remember this the Knowledge , and the Corn followed, you nor truly value, Mercy, and the he Chriftian Re-: a Bleffing as it

Ind.

# Dial. 9. for the INDIANS.

Ind. 'You will be fo kind as to explain this to me a little more particularly; that I may embrace it with full Satisfaction, and never forfake it.'

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OR

Mill. You will remember then what I told you before: That we know and ate affured of this by a Writing which came from God, of which we have most undoubted Proofs, and by which we are informed, how merciful God was in sparing the Lives of these our unhappy Parents which they had forfeited by their great Offence, and this for the Sake of his beloved Son, who undertook to fee his Justice fully fatisfied, and to use all proper Means to make Men fensible of their Offences, and bring them back to the Duty they owe to their Maker.

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. 80 An INSTRUCTION Dial. o. on Earth; convinced all who were difpofed to receive the Truth, that thele things were true, by his doing fuch wonderful Works as none but God could do ;-by the Holinefs of his 'Life; by the most rightcous Laws which he gave unto Men ;- and above all, by his Rifing again from the Dead, after he had, by wicked Hands been murdered. Ind. " All this I remember, and only defire you will repeat the Message which this WONDERFUL PERSON brought from God to · Men': Miff. In the First Place, be made known to them their miferable Condition by Nature and Practice : And that it was yet a Condition not without Hope. That as his Juffice could not let Sin go unpunished, fo his Goodnefs would not let his unhappy Creatures be ruined, except they obfinately rofuled to accept of the merciful Terms propofed to them. MITI IRM That therefore God had been pleafed; for his Son's Sake, to promife,-that all fuch as should be made fensible of their bad Condition, and would return to the Duty which they owe to their Maker, shall have all their past Offences pardoned, shall be received into his Favour again, and be made for ever happy with him :- But that all who know this, and would not receive, and thankfully comply with, fo kind an Offer, shall die in their Sins, and be punished without Mercy. In a Word, that

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### NON Dial. 9.

were difpofed to things were true, d. Works as none e Holinefs of his s Laws which he fall, by his Rifing e had, by wicked

er, and only delessage which this ught from God 10 P. 51 . 617 be made known dition by Nature as vet a: Condihat as his Juffice ished, fo his unhappy Creay obstinately iroiful Terms proeen pleafed; for -that all fuch as heir bad Condithe Duty which ill have all their be received into e for ever happy know this, and natully comply lie in their Sin's, cy. In a Word, that

# Dial. 9. for the INDIANS.

that their Happiness or Misery would depend upon their good or bad Behaviour in this World. For that God had appointed a Day in which he would judge the World most righteously,—reward the truly penitent and good, and punish those that continue obstinate and wicked \*.

Ind. " Will you now, Sir, be fo good as to

· let me know the Way which this Wonder-

ful Perfon did make use of to prevail with
Men to embrace this most kind Message of

• God to Men?

Miff. In the first Place,—he shewed them, what a tender Compassion God had for his unhappy Creatures, who were wilfully going on in the Way of Ruin, without perceiving it:—And that he was so good as to fend his own Son from Heaven to fave them from Destruction.

He told them further, — That the Sins of Men were fo many, fo great and univerfal, that no lefs a Satisfaction would be accepted for their Pardon than the Death of his own Son; that therefore he had taken upon himfelf the Caufe of Sinners, and put him felf in their Place and Stead, that he might fuffer and die for them.

And God, to fhew Men how well he was fatisfied with his Son's Sufferings for the Sins of Men, raifed him from Death, and fet him at his own Right-hand; where he liveth for

> \* Acts vii. 31. E 5

ever

# An INSTRUCTION Dial. 9.

ever, to make Interceffion for all fuch as come unto God by bim \*.

82

Ind. • All this I remember, and I cannot but • admire the great Love of God and Chrift for • fuch unworthy Creatures.—Pray, have any • other Ways been taken of bringing Men to a • Senfe of the Duty they owe to their Maker, • and of promoting their Happines?

Miff. I hope you have not forgot what I told you,—that Chrift, after his Afcent into Heaven, fent down the Holy Ghoft upon his Apoftles in a moft wonderful Manner, who eftablifhed that Society which we call the *Church of Chrift*, as the moft proper Means of bringing Men to the Knowledge of the true God—of Salvation by his Son,—and of engaging in the regular and faithful Difcharge of the feveral Duties they owe to God, to themfelves, and to all Mankind.

For in that Society he has appointed certain Perfons his Miniflers, who are to watch for the Souls of Men, as they that must rive account of them †;—to let them know what they must do to be faved;—to minifler to Men the Means of Grace and Salvation;—to instruct the Ignorant;—to comfort and help the Weak, and raife up them that fall;—to offer up to God Supplications, Prayers, Intercefficns, and Thanks for all Men;—and, in one Word, to endcavour that all Men may attain that Happinefs, which Jefus Christ has purchased by his most precious Blood.

\* Heb. vii. 25. \* + Heb. xiii. 17. \*

Ind.

# ON Dial. 9. all fuch as come

and I cannot but od and Chrift for -Pray, have any ringing Men to a to their Maker, ppines?

forgot what I told Afcent into Hea-Ghoft upon his ful Manner, who hich we call the proper Means of ledge of the true Son,—and of enaithful Difcharge owe to God, to kind.

appointed certain are to watch for the suft rive account of w what they mult ifter to Men the and help the Weak, y -- to offer up to Intercefficns, and in one Word, to y attain that Haphas purchased by

Heb. xiii. 17. Ind.

# for the INDIANS.

Dial. 9.

83

Ind. 'This I have not forgot:--Nor what you told me further,--That forafmuch as God had determined to judge Mankind according to their Behaviour in this Life, he has given to Chriftians certain Laws and Rules, by which they fhall be judged to Happinefs or Mifery, at that great Day; and that these Laws and Rules are to be found in that Book which you call The Word of God, becaufe it was written by Men appointed of God. May I beg you to give me a fhort account of that Book?'

Miff. In the Firft Part of thole Scriptures, called The Old Teffament, we have an Account of the Creation of the World, and of God'ainfinite Power, Wifdom, Juftice, and Goodnefs in the Government of it:—We have there an Account, as I told you, of the original. Happinefs of our Firft Parents, and of their finful Fall from that Condition;—we have alfo encouraging Notices of the Recovery of Mankind from this fad Condition;—and are informed how, in all Ages, God has often protected and bleffed the Good and punifhed the Wicked;—In order to convince Men, that he fees and ordereth all things for his own Glory, and the Good of his Creatures.

In that Part of the Scriptures which we call The Gofpel, — we have a particular Account of the Life of Chrift; — his most perfect Example; — his most holy Precepts; — fome of his numberless and wonderful Miracles; — how he E 6 was

84 An INSTRUCTION Dial. q. was approved of God to be his Son, and the Meffenger of his Will to Men ;-how he was by wicked Hands crucified and flain: That he died, was buried, and that all these his Sufferings were a proper Atonement for our Sins,that he rofe again the Third Day from the Dead; -conversed with his Followers, and in their Sight ascended into Heaven; from whence he fent down the Holy Ghoft, who enabled them to fpeak all Manner of Languages;-that they might by this aftonishing Miracle prove their Miffion, and be able to teach all Men these wonderful Things, and bring them to the Knowledge of the Truth, that they might be faved ;- and laftly, how great Numbers of all the then known World embraced the Chriftian Religion ;- that is, all fuch as feared God, and were concerned to fave themfelves from. that wicked Generation, faw plainly, that the Christian Religion was most agreeable to Rea-fon; and the Blessings it proposed to Men, greater than all the World besides could give them.

Ind. 'Will you be fo good as to repeat again the chief of those great Truths, and the Bleffing you speak of ?'

Miff. The Truths which concern us to know, and which the Christian Religion, and that only, teaches us, are fuch as the is — That we are fallen under God's Difpleafure, and yet may be reftored to his Favour, and have all our Offences pardoned thro' the Satisfaction of N Dial. g.

is Son, and the ;-how he was I flain: That he hefe his Sufferfor our Sins\_ y from the Dead; s, and in their from whence he o enabled them ges;-that they acle prove their all Men thefe g them to the t they might be Numbers of all ed the Christian as feared God, nemselves from. plainly, that the greeable to Reaoposed to Men, lides could give

at Truths, and

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concern us to n Religion, and as thefe:—That bleafure, and yet r, and have all the Satisfaction of Dial. 9. for the INDIANS.

85

In fhort, — The Christian Religion proposes a Remedy for all the Evils we are fubject to, which we either feel or fear; — and is defigned to reftore Men to that holy Temper which is abfolutely neceffary to fit them for Heaven and Happinels; — that is, to make them truly good and just, wije for themfelves, kind, sober, chaste, and temperate, peaceable and useful in their Generation. — And it will be purely their own Fault if they are not fuch; — for this Religion affords them all the Encouragement and Affastance, that their Case can possibly demand, or their Hearts can reasonably defire.

Ind. 'You have, Sir, fully convinced me of the great Bleffing of being a Christian; for which I heartily thank you.'

Miff. Give God the Thanks; it is he only can open your Eyes, to fee both your Danger, and your Interest.

Ind. ' If I shall not be too troublefome, 'I would only ask you at prefent, what An-'fwer I shall give to such of our People as 'shall prefs me to tell them, —Wby I am re-'folved to become a Christian?'

Miff.

An INSTRUCTION Dial. 9.

26

Miff. After what you have already learned, you can tell them with Truth, — That you found you wanted fomething which you had not in yourfelf, to make your Mind eafy, and your Condition fafe; — that your own Reafon could not be made, and fent into the World, only to eat and drink, and live and die, as the Beafts of the Field; — that you had often wifhed to know for what End the Great God made Men; — What Service they owe him; — whether the Way you were in was pleafing or difpleafing to him; — and often wifhed to know; — W bat becomes of Men after they die, and leave this World.

+ Acts xxvii. 2.

‡ Gen. i, ii, iii. fitions,

### ON Dial. 9.

already learned, th,—That you which you had Mind eafy, and bur own Reafon Creature as Man nto the World, and die, as the you had often I the Great God they owe him; in was pleafing often wifhed to m after they die,

one with whom you any reafonhefe Matters,le among Chrifced, That you ions, bad loft the d; who made the and that Chrif-FRITING, which rthy Account of -bow he made of Earth + ;- what ires he made the ; and how they changed fomuch fuch evil Difpo-

en. i, ii, iii. fitions,

### Dial. 9. for the INDIANS.

87

fitions, to fo many Miferies and Afflictions as now we fee they are.—By those Writings you can tell them, Christians are affured how wonderfully good and kind God will be to fuch as diligently feek bim  $\dagger$ , and define to please him; — and that all who are not Enemies to themfelves, may be as happy as their own Hearts can wish.

You can tell them moreover,-That God has made known in thele Writings, what Men endued with Reason ought to do, and what to avoid, if they hope to pleafe their Maker, and their Lord ;-what great Happinels they will deprive themfelves of, if they ftrive not to know, and do his Will;-for that fuch as. repent of their Sins, believe in the SAVIOUR. he has fent, and obey his Commands, will, when they die, be happy for ever ;- free from Fear ;- from the Malice of their Enemies,from Pain, from Sorrow, from Cares, from. Oppression, from Sickness, and from Misery after Death; and enjoy all the Bleffedness of which their Nature is capable .---- And that fuch as have not been careful to pleafe their Maker, shall be condemned to everlasting Mifery.

If they afk you, as to be fure they will, how Christians can be affured, that these Writings and Truths came from God?—you may affure them,—that if any Man fincerely defires to know God's Will be shall find such Proofs, ar shall convince bim, that these Writings, and the

+ Heb, xi, 6.

DoEtrines

# An INSTRUCTION. Dial. g.

Dottrines they contain are from God, and not of Men †.

88

If they tell you, as they did before, that many who call themfelves Chriftians live as if not one Word of those Scriptures were true; you may affure them, -that all good Chriftians are much concerned for the Offence these give to you, and to others ;- That indeed they are not true Chriftians, but fuch as, being unwilling to forfake their Sins, and refolved to follow their Lufts without Difturbance,-ftrive to forget the Truths they have learned, becaufe. the Remembrance of them makes them uneafy ;-and being by a just Judgment of God left to themfelves, they have at last lost all Sense of the dreadful Punishment which hangs over their Heads :- That this falling away of Chriftians from their Holy Profession, and turning the Grace of God which teaches them: to deny all Ungodlinefs, and worldly Lufts into Wantonnefs, is fo far from being an Objection to the Truth of Christianity, that it is an Argument for it ;- fince this was foretold by the divinely infpired Penmen of the Holy Scriptures,-that there would be fome, who would bold the Truth in Unrighteoufnefs,-and others. that would draw back to Perdition, and quite forfake the Holy Commandments.

Ind. 'Kind Sir, your Repetition of thefe things, for which I am most thankful, has confirmed me in my earnest Defire and Purpose to become a Christian.—And I

+ John vii. 17.

\* beseech

# on. Dial. g. m God, and not

id before, that istians live as if ures were true; good Chriftians fence these give indeed they are s, being unwilrefolved to folrbance,-ftrive earned, becaufe. akes them undgment of God at laft loft all ent which hangs is falling away Profession, and ch teaches them orldly Lufts into ng an Objection hat it is an Arforetold by the he Holy Scripme, who would efs,-and others. ition, and quite ents.

tition of these t thankful, has eft Defire and ian.—And I

· befeech

# Dial. 9. for the INDIANS.

### 89

befeech you once more, to inftruct me,—
what will be required of me in order to be
made a Member of that Society which you

' call THE CHURCH OF CHRIST.' Miff. That I will gladly do when you come to me again. And may that Good Spirit, which has put this Purpole into your Heart,

which has put this Purpole into your Heart, keep you in this good Difpolition !—And do not yourfelf forget to beg of God—That He may perfect the good Work which he has begun in you.

# The PRAYER.

Lmighty God, who alone canft order the. A unruly Wills and Affections of finful Men, grani me Grace to withftand the Temptations of the Devil, the World, and the Flesh, that I may never follow, nor be led by them -Keep it ever in the Heart of thy Servant,-That it is indeed an evil and bitter thing to forfake the Lord, that I may never return to the Sins I have repented of .- Make me ever mindful of my Infirmities, that I may look up to Thee for Help and Affiltance ;and grant that we, to whom Thou haft given an hearty Defire to pray, may, by thy mighty Aid, be defended and comforted in all Dangers and Adverfities,-through Jefus Chrift our Saviour and Redeemer. Amen.

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MER, and the TEN ned. U E. X. SM. RY. here again fo foon. are in earneft, and

ine in earneit, and ning a Chriftian. I am.—You have my Intereft as well n. u to be under fuch I alone that could Good Spirit of God, who

### Dial. 10. for the INDIANS.

who is always ready to enlighten the Minds, and open the Hearts, of fuch as are in Fear for themfelves, and would gladly know the Will of God, and the Way to pleafe him.— I am only bis Meffenger to you, and, I hope, for your everlafting Good.

Ind. 'I hope fo too.—And therefore am 'now come to be inftructed,—" How I may " be admitted into the Society of Christian " People."

Miff. You must know then, that CHRIST the Son of God, and the Head and Governor of that Society, has a pointed Two HoLY ORDINANCES, which we call SACRAMENTS, to be of perpetual Use in his Church,-as SIGNS, SEALS, and PLEDOES of God's fulfilling his Promises of Bleffing upon our Compliance with the Rules of our Duty; and by which he has determined to beftow his Favours and Bleffings on fuch as are worthy of them :- The one is called BAPTISM, or the Washing of Water, a Figure of Regeneration, by which all that are well difposed and qualified are to be received into his Church, which is the Society of all Christian People throughout the World :- The other Sacra-ment is called - THE LORD'S SUPPER, and appointed by Chrift himfelf as an especial Means, by which that Society is to keep up the Remembrance of what he has done and fuffered to redeem them from Mifery.

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91

# An INSTRUCTION Dial. 10,

92

By the Sacrament of Baptifm, God is gracioufly pleafed to enter into COVENANT with his poor Creatures, whereby he promifes, cm bis Part, to take them under his efpecial Protection, and to give them all that is neceffary to fit them for Heaven and Happinefs, when they die , - and Cbriftians, on their Part, bind themfelves to become Chrift's faithful Servants unto their Lives End.

Ind. ' Sir, you often mention our being God's Servants, and ferving God:-Does God want any Service that we can do him?

Miff. No, truly: he ftands in no need of our Prayers, our Praifes, or our Services.— They cannot profit him:—Buthe having given us certain Commands about our addreffing ourfelves to Him in Adorations, Supplications, and Thank/givings; when we obey these Commands (though purely for our own Good) He is gracioufly pleased to deem it ferving, honouring, and glorifying him, though in Truth we only profit ourfelves hereby.

Ind. 'You will be pleafed to let me know "when and how Chrift appointed the Sacrament of Baptifm?"

Miff. Juft before he left this World, he gave his Apolles, who were his Minifters, this Command :-- 'Go ye, and make Difciples of all Nations, bapuizing them in the Name of the Father; and of the Son, and of the Holy Ghoft ;--teaching them to observe all things whatfoever I have commanded you †.'

+ Matt. xxviii. 19, 20.

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ention our being ving God :- Does we can do him? nds in no need of nr our Services .luthe having given ut our addressing ions, Supplications, e obey these Comour own Good) o deem it ferving, y him, though in lves hereby.

ed to let me know pointed the Sacra-

hisWorld, he gave is Ministers, this make Difciples of em in the Name of n, and of the Holy o observe all things anded you t.'

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9, 20.

Dial. 10. for the INDIANS.

Now here are feveral things, which I would have you carefully to obferve and remember : -Firft,-the abfolute Necessity of believing and receiving the Meffage, which God fent to the World by his Son :- Secondly, - The Neceffity of being joined to his Church by Bap-obstinately continue in their Unbelief, when the Gofpel is preached to them :-- And laftly, -Observe the very strict Command of Christ to his Miniflers, first to teach, but then to reach only, whatever he has commanded; by which true Ministers of Christ are to be known from falfe Teachers.

93

Ind. " How is Baptifm administered ?"

Miff. By dipping the Perfon under Water, or pouring or fprinkling Water upon him, at the fame Time pronouncing thefe Words; I baptize thee in the Name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Ghoft.

Ind. ' What do you mean by being baptized in the Name of the Father, Son, and 'Holy Ghoft ?'

Miff. It is to fhew that Men, who through the Corruption of their Nature are no more worthy to be called the Children of God, are, by the Washing of Regeneration, and Renewing of the Holy Ghoft, born as it were again, made new Creatures, and thus admitted into a new Covenant, on Condition of their entering into a folemn Engagement, to believe and

# An INSTRUCTION Dial. 10.

and obey whatever is commanded in the Gofpel of Chrift, in the Name, or by the Authority, of God the Father, who created them; of God the Son, who redeemed them; and of God the Holy Ghoft, who enlightens and fanctifies them.

94

Ind. ' Are all Perfons capable of Baptifm?' Miff. Yes :- Both Infants and grown Per-

fons. Ind. • What is required of those Perfons

who are grown to years of Difcretion, in order to their Baptism?

Miff. Failb, and Repentance; that is, to believe fincerely all the Doctrines of the Gofpel, and to repent of all former Sins.

Ind. ' But what if he fall again into Sin ?'

Miff. It is then neceffary that he should restore himself to the Benefits of his Baptism by a Renewal of his Repentance.

Ind. 'But why are Infants baptized, who are not capable of these Qualifications?'.

Miff. Though they are not capable of Faith and Repentance, they are capable of being admitted into Covenant with God, as the Children of the Jews were, by the especial Appointment of God, by Circumcifion.

Ind. • What is meant by washing with • Water such as are baptized ?

Miff. It is an outward Sign or Token, fignifying, and affuring us, from Chrift himfelf, that as our Bodies are made clean by Water, fo furely the Souls of all, who are true Believers ION Dial. 10.

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able of Baptifm?' ts and grown Per-

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# for the INDIANS.

Dial. 10.

lievers and Penitents, being thus dedicated to God, are cleanfed from all paft Sins, and are put into the Way of Salvation, by being admitted into the Church of Chrift, and made Members of his Myftical Body, which is the bleffed Company of all faithful People.— And laftly,—we are, by the Words ufed in this Ordinance, made to understand, how our Salvation is brought about;—That is to fay; —By God the Father, who loved us, even after we had rebelled against him :—By bis Son, who purchased Salvation for us; — And by the Holy Ghoft, who fantified us.

Ind. ' Pray, Sir, explain this a little clearer ' and fuller to me.'

Miff. You must know then, that-The washing with Water, in the Name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Ghoff, confirms and feals to the Perfon thus washed, the Covenant of Repentance for the Remiffion of Sins, of which Covenant Chrift is the Mediator; for by him only we have Accels to the Father .- We are born in Sin, and liable to the Difpleafure of our Maker; but, by embracing and complying with the Terms of the Gospel, we become Children of God, according to the new Covenant + ;--- and by outward fenfible Signs or Sacraments are confirmed in the Hopes of eternal Life, the free Gift of God, through Jefus Chrift our Lord : -But then remember, If you do not endea-

+ Gal. iv. 7. Rom. viii. 15.

vour.

95

# An INSTRUCTION Dial. 10.

96

vour to live in Obedience to the Commands of your Heavenly Father, it will be no Profit to you at all to be called the Child of God .--Lafly, By Baptifin you are admitted into the Hope of everlafting Happineis, and to a Title to the Inheritance of the Saints, upon your believing, embracing, and obeying the gracious Terms of the Goipel of the Bleffed Jefus. -God will then treat you, as a Father does the Child he loves :- He will, upon your hearty Repentance and fincere Return to your Duty, pily your manifold Infirmities, and forgive all your past Offences. He will corrett you in Mercy when you do what would hurt yourfelf; and will upon your Prayers, for the Sake of his Son Jejus Christ, give you the Grace of his All powerful Spirit, to guide, affift, comfort, and support you in the Way

leading to everlafting Life. Ind. 'Had I no Right to these Bleffings, Before I was baptized ?

Miff. —Confider what Favours they are, and you will find nothing in yourfelf that can deferve fuch †.

Can Sinful Duft and Shes pretend to Heavenly Privileges—The Favour of God, and the Graces of his Holy Spirit?

Can corrupt Nature think of deferving, or be capable of Glory, and Honour, and Immortality? Endeavour to know yourfelf better, that, being truly humbled with a Senfe of your

+ Rom. iii. 23.

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### ON Dial. 10.

the Commands will be no Profit Child of God .e admitted into opinels, and to a the Saints, upon d obeying the grathe Bleffed Jefus. as a Father does vill, upon your re Return to your Infirmities, and He will correct what would hurt our Prayers, for ift, give you the Spirit, to guide, you in the Way

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avours they are, yourfelf that can

pretend to Heaour of God, and it? of deferving, or be and Immortality? felf better, that, a Senfe of your

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Dial. 10. for the INDIANS.

97

own Vilenefs and Mifery, you may thankfully accept of Help and Mercy from God.— For they that are whole need not a Phylician, but they that are fick \*.

And feeing God has promifed to do fo much for you, be perfuaded to do fomething for yourfelf.

Ind. 'What can fo miferable a Creature ' do for himfelf ?'

Miff. You can lament your own Unworthinefs, and pray God to pity you.

You can use the Graces he bestoweth upon you, and be thankful for his Favours.

You can do your Best, and his Goodness will expect no more.

Ind. ' Was the Sacrament of Baptism ordained by Christ himself?

Miff. It was, in these Words—Go ye, and teach all Nations, baptizing them in the Name of the Father, and the Son, and the Holy Ghost  $\dagger$ .

-Which Command the Apostles of Christ observed; They preached the Gospel, and as many as believed, them they baptized ‡.

-By this Sacrament, adding to the Church fuch as flould be faved 1.-----Holding it neceffary to baptize with Water even those that had received the Holy Gbost §.-----Teaching us that this Command of Christ, where it may be duly observed, is not to be neglected on any Account whatever.

\* Matt. ix. 12. + Ibid. xxviii. 19. ‡ Acts ii. 41. || Ibid. ii. 47. § Ibid. x. 47. F Ind.

# An INSTRUCTION Dial. 10.

Ind: "What further Use am I to make of "this Sacrament?"

98

Miff. It ought always to bring to your Remembrance, that you are a Corifian: That you have a New Name, and New Powers, given you, on Purpole that you may become a New Creature.

If you are indeed a Child of God, you will think what a dutiful Child ought to do. You will fear his Difpleafure, and truft in his Love: you will pray to him for what you want, and be thankful for what he gives; and you will own his Affection when he corretts, as well as when he fimiles upon you.

If you look for an Inberitance in Heaven, your Thoughts will be often there: For where your Treasure is, there will your Heart be also\*.

And you will not be too eager or anxious for the Things of this World—You will neither be much afraid of its *Troubles*, nor too fond of its *Vanities*, remembering that both will foon have an End.—

And as you ever bope to go to Heaven, you will endeavour to fit yourfelf for that glorious Place :- Remembering, — That without Holinefs no Man fhall fee the Lord  $\dagger$ .

The fure Promife of God will not fuffer you to defpair :- And the Joy that is fet before you will encourage you to prefs forwards.

You will be thankful to God for calling you to this State of Salvation :-- And gladly

\* Matt. vi. 21. + Heb. xii. 14.

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itance in Heaven, there: For where in Heart be alfo<sup>\*</sup>. eager or anxious —You will nei-Froubles, nor too bering that both

o to Heaven, you for that glorious hat without Holi-

will not fuffer you hat is fet before orefs forwards, God for calling on :-And gladly

Heb. xii. 14. under-

# Dial. 11. for the INDIANS.

### 99

3

undertake the Conditions he requires of you. What these Conditions are, you shall know the next time I see you. But first, with a thankful Heart, say,

### The PRAYER.

A Lmighty and everlassing God, heavenly Father, I give Thee humble Thanks that Thou hast vouchfafed to call me to the Knowldedge of thy Grace and Faith in Thee: Increase this Knowledge, and confirm this Faith in me evermore. Heal all the Evil Inclinations of my Soul; and create in me an hearty Love unto Holiness, that continuing thy Servant, I may attain thy Promises, and be made a Partaker of thine everlassing Kingdom, through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

# DIALOGUE XI.

The Conditions required of fuch as are to be baptized.

# INDIAN.

THE last Time I waited upon you, you were pleased to promise to instruct me in those Conditions that Persons are required to know, and promise to perform, in order to be baptized.

Miff. I fhall gladly do this.——As Chrift will most furely keep the Promise he has made F 2 of

# 100 An INSTRUCTION Dial. 11.

of many great and valuable Bleffings;-So you muft on your Part promife,

To renounce the Devil, and all his Works: The World, and all its evil Ways and Customs: And the Flesh, and all its sinful Lusts.

And fecondly,

That you will receive and believe the Truths and Meffage which God fent unto Men by his Son, which are contained in the Holy Scriptures of the New Testament, and summed up in what we call The Apostles Creed.

And laftly .----

You must promise to use the utmost Diligence, and fincere Endeavours, to keep the Commands of God all the Days of your Life.

And here, as on one Haud I would not difcourage you, fo on the other I must tell you the Truth, *that these Things are not fa* eafily performed as promised.

Ind. I fee I must give you the Trouble of explaining yourfelf further :---I should be glad therefore to know what fort of Life is required of a Person that is come to Years of Difference, after he is baptized, that I may

" not promife what I do not perfectly under-

• ftand, nor undertake more than 1 am able, • to perform.

Miff. You remember, I hope, what I have often told you,— 'That this Life is a State of 'Trial;'— that God having prepared the greatest Happiness for such as believe in him, love, ION Dial. 11. e Bleffings ;—So nife, all bis Works : Ways and Cuftoms : finful Lufts.

believe the Truths nto Men by his Son, by Scriptures of the up in what we call

be utmost Diligence, keep the Commands Life. Hand I would not

e other I must tell Things are not for

you the Trouble of her :--- I fhould be vhat fort of Life is is come to Years of ptized, that I may ot perfectly under-ore than 1 am able

hope, what I have bis Life is a State of wing prepared the h as believe in him, love, Dial. 11. for the INDIANS.

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love, bonour, and obey him,—that he may make them fit for the Reward he intends them, he hath determined to try their Faith, their Love, and their Obedience.—Not that he is ignorant of their Hearts, and their Sincerity;—but his Defign is by thefe Trials to fhew them to themfelves, and to humble them by feeing how much they must depend upon his Grace and Help;—and to thew the Power of his Grace over the greateft Adverfaries of their Souls.—He has therefore permitted evil Spirits to make this Trial, by tempting Men to the Sins which they renounced at their Baptifm.

Ind. ' I remember what you told me concerning the DEVIL, and his EVIL SPIRITS ;that they were fuch as rebelled against their Maker, and for that Sin were caft out of ¢ · Heaven ;- that their evil Nature leads them ' to tempt and draw Men from the true God; -and that God permits them to try the Faith of Chriftians, and to execute his Judgments upon Sinners. - Belides these Enemies of our Souls, I remember what you told me, ' and what I find true by Experience, that we ' have an Enemy within ourfelves, even our own corrupt Nature, very prone to Evil; ' and that we have also an evil World, and evil Examples, to lead us to forget or to ' neglect God, and our own Promife.'

Miff. 1 am glad you remember these things fo well.—I must therefore now give you the necessary Advice, which our Lord Christ has F 3 given

### 102 An INSTRUCTION Dial. 11.

given to all fuch as defign to become Chriftians;—that is,—to do what all wife Men will do, who have any thing of Moment to undertake,—' To fit down and confider, what ' it is to be a Chriftian \*.'—Left afterwards you expofe yourfelf to Shame, and difgrace the Religion you profefs, as too many do.

Ind. 'I heartily thank you, Sir, for this 'Caution and Advice;—and beg you will 'let me know the Sins I may be tempted to; '—and how I may oppose and avoid falling 'into them.'

Miff. The Sins to which the Devil and his evil Spirits are most eagerly bent to tempt Men,—are first of all, to forfake the true and only God, to truß in themselves, and to fear and worship other Beings.—This is called IDCLATRY. and provokes God to give such Perfons up—to a Mind void of Judgment,—to commit all Iniquity with Greedines  $\ddagger$ .—This is the fad Case of all the Nations of the World, who worship not the true God.—They are under the Power of Satan, his Angels, and his Agents; and so are you, until through the Favour and Mercy of God, and in the proper Exercise of Faith and Obedience, you are received into his Church and Family.

REVENCE, and MURDER that too often follows it, are Satan's darling Temptations; by which Millions of Souls have been fent out of this World.—This is what you must refolve

\* Luke xive 28.

+ Rom. i. againft,

### ION Dial. 11.

to become Chrifall wife Men will Moment to und confider, what -Left afterwards ne, and difgrace too many do.

ou, Sir, for this ad beg you will y be tempted to; and avoid falling

the Devil and his by bent to tempt ake the true and lves, and to fear —This is called fod to give fuch of Judgment,—to ceedine/s  $\ddagger$ .—This ons of the World, God.—They are s Angels, and his ntil through the and in the proper ence, you are re-Family.

that too often g Temptations; ave been fent out you must resolve

t Rom. i. againft, Dial. 11. for the INDIANS.

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againft, as a Sin more efpecially hated of God. —If you are *injured*, or *oppreffed*, you muft leave your Caufe to God :—He, and he only, knows what Punifhment every *Injury* and *Injustice* require; and will call Offenders to an Account in his own proper Time.—It is true, Revenge is fweet and tempting to our corrupt Nature; but corrupt Nature you muft not follow, if you refolve to be the Servant of God.

Another Sin, which the Devil tempts Men to, is Lying: HE IS THE FATHER OF LIES, and would have all Men like himfelf; becaufe he knows that God has declared, that *fuch as love and make Lies* †, fhall have no Inheritance in his Kingdom. This you will confider and refolve againft, as you hope for the Favour of God.

There is another very dangerous Error, to which Men are ftrongly tempted ;—that is, to be proud, and to have an high conceit of their own *Reafon*, *Wifdom*, and *Ability* to *know* and to do what is good, and beft for themfelves. Now this *Pride* and *Self-Conceit* takes Men off from their *Dependance* upon God, his *Will* and *Word*, by which alone we can know what we must do to be faved;—upon what Terms God will pardon a Sinner; and what will become of us when we die. Now nothing can provoke God more, than for us poor Creatures to think, that we want not his Help, nis Grace, and Light.

> + Rev. xxii. 15. F 4

Laftly,

## An INSTRUCTION Dial. 12.

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Lafly, You muft know,—that the Devil hath his Agents in every Place :—Thefe are Men of wicked Lives, and wicked Principles ; who make a Mock of Sin; who fear not to blafpheme that God, who can deftrey both Bady and Soul in Hell.—Now the Spirit of God has affured us, that Converfation with fuch Perfens will corrupt good Manners†.—Here then will be your Trial;—and you ought to confider before hand, whether the Pleafure of fuch Company fhould prevail with you to neglect the Counfel of God; which is, to avoid them as you would avoid your own Deftruction :—Or whether you will run the Hazard of being ruined for ever, by conversing with fuch wicked Perfons.

The next thing, which at your Baptifm you promife to renounce, is—' the World, ' and all its evil Cuftoms and Manners;—as ' alfo, all the Sinful Lufts of the Flefh, fo that ' you will not follow nor be led by them.'

Ind. 'I am afraid, Sir, that without your 'Inftructions, I shall not understand this as 'I ought.'

Miff. You will remember,—that this is not the World for which you were chiefly made; —nor must you look for any true and lasting Happines here.—Nor will you meet with many things in the World which will tempt you with an appearance and shew of Happines; and if you are not resolved to avoid

+ Cor. xv. 33.

them,

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## ON Dial. 12.

-that the Devil acc:-Thefe are ked Principles ;who fear not to destroy both Bady pirit of God has with fuch Perfens Here then will be o confider before f fuch Company glect the Counfel em as you would -Or whether being ruined for wicked Perfons. t your Baptifm s-' the World, d Manners ;--- as the Flesh, so that led by them.' nat without your nderstand this as

them,

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Dial. 11. for the INDIANS.

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them, they will turn your Heart from the Love of God and the Care of your Soul.

Ind. 'You will be fo kind as to let me 'know what these are.'

Miff. The Spirit of God will tell you:-They are ' The Lufts of the Flefh,'-that is, -all finful, unchafte, and impure Pleafures, and whatever leads to fuch Sins.-Secondly,-' The Luft of the Eyes,'-that is-all finful and covetous Defires, and Love of Riches.-And, Tbirdly,-' The Pride of Life  $\dagger$ ;'-or an exceffive Value of themfelves, accompanied with an unreafonable Defire of the Efteem of the World.

Ind. ' Pray let me know more particularly' ' what are the Lufts " of the Flefh," which ' l am to refolve againft.'

Mif. I will repeat to you the very Words of God, that you may be convinced I do not tell you any thing but what will be neceffary to your Salvation.—Now these Works of the Flefh are manifest; that is, they may easily be known by any confidering Person, tho' never fo unlearned, to be displeasing to a good and holy God.—Such are Adultery, Whoredom, Idstary, Witcherast, Drunkenness, Hatred, Malice, Revenge, Strife, Seditions, Murders, Reveilings ‡, and fuch-like.—Now however tempting many of these Sins may be,—you must fit down, confider, and refolve against them, or never hope for the Favour of God.

t 1. John ii. 16. ‡ Gal. v. 19, 20, 21. F 5 Ind.

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106 An INSTRUCTION Dial. II.

Ind. 'You will now let me know what is 'meant by-" The Luit of the Eyes."

Miff. I told you before, that it is the eager and covetous Defires of Riches. And that you may be convinced how dangerous a Sin this is, you may hear what Chrift himfelf has faid,-That it is very bard for rich Men to be good Christians \*; because they are so much exposed to many Evils and Temptations,fuch as these following :---- They that have Riches are apt to love them too much,-to put sheir Trust in them, and to forget their Dependance upon God; to lord it over and oppre/s their Inferiors ; - and to make Provision for the Flefb, to fulfil the Lufts thereof :- And this may be the true Reason, wwby our bleffed Saviour fays it is so bard for a rich Man to enter into the Kingdom of God; - because, being exempted from all the Toil and Care of Life, he is apt to enter too far into the Pleasures of it, and to fay to his Soul, Soul, take thine Eafe, and enjoy the good Things before thee ;---whereas our Portion here is Labour and Exercise, not full Enjoyment .-

The Business of our Salvation is a great Work, which cannot be effected without Diligence, and Zeal, and earnest Contention; but he that is unacquainted with Labour, will fcarce take the Pains that is required, towards working out his Salvation, and making bis Calling and Election fure.

\* Matt. xix. 23.

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the Eyes." at it is the eager hes. And that dangerous a Sin hrift himfelf has or rich Men to be ney are fo much Temptations,--They that have bo much,—to put et their Dependover and oppre/s Provision for the -And this may r bleffed Saviour an to enter into the being exempted of Life, he is apt fures of it, and to e Ease, and enjoy e ;---whereas our Exercise, not full

ation is a great cted without Dineft Contention; with Labour, will equired, towards d making bis Call-

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### Dial: 11. for the INDIANS.

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Befides all thefe-Great Wealth is often attended with fuch Cares as *choak the Good* Seed\* fown in the Hearts of Men, that is, the holy Defires, and good Refolutions, which are wrought in Men by the Spirit of God, fo that this good Seed becometh unfruitful.

And the Riches may be made use of to good Purposes, yet it will require a more than ordinary Grace of God so to use them ;-which extraordinary Grace is feldom asked by, and therefore seldom given, to such whose Hearts, are possessed with the Love of Riches.

Ind. 'One would conclude then, — that: 'Chriftians ought not to defire Riches fo 'eager as generally they do ; — nor ought: 'they who want them to think themfelves un-'happy or not beloved by God.'

Miff. That is very true. And they who will not be convinced of these Truths, by what: God has declared in his Word, will one Day be convinced by fad Experience, when it may be too late to do them any Service.

Ind. • Must then every Man who would • fave his Soul, renounce the Thoughts of • Riches ?

Miff. No: Riches may be used to many good Purposes. A great Apostle of Jefus Christ tells you how; - 'Charge (fays he) them 'who are rich in this World, that they be not 'bigh-minded, nor trust in uncertain riches, but 'in the Living God, who gives us Richly all:

· Matt. xiii. 22.

·F 6

· things.

#### Dial. II. An INSTRUCTION

' things to enjoy : - That they do Good, that they be rich in good Works, read; to distribute, willing to communicate; laying up in Store for themselves a good Foundation against the Time to come, that they may lay hold on eternal · Life .. -- But fill they are dangerous things; -They are fluctuating and precarious ;-the Means, not the End of Happinels :- They may be Inftruments of giving large Scope to Virtue; Great Bleffings in the Hands of the Upright; to the Good of his own Soul, and the Welfare of Mankind ;---- But They are Thorns and Snares in the Way of the Froward +. Ind. "What Advice will you give me, that I may neither defire nor enjoy them too " eagerly ?"

Miff. That you may not endeavour by unjust Ways to better your Condition, you will find these Words of Jesus Christ in his Gospel ;-What will it profit a Man if he should gain the whole World and lofe his own Soul ‡? To moderate your Defires, confider that the

more you have, the more you must account for.

To make you more contented, you muft know, that Men are not happy, because they have a great deal, but because God gives them Power to enjoy what they have, be that more or lefs.

That the Favours of God may not tempt you to Idleneis, remember, - That Slothfulne/s

. . Tim. vi. 17, 18, 19. ‡ Mark viii. 36. Sec. 1

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+ Prov. xxii. 5.

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### on Dial. 11.

o Good, that they to diffribute, ing up in Store ation against the ay bold on eternal ngerous things; recarious;—the ness:—They g large Scope to e Hands of the own Soul, and —But They are f the Froward †. ou give me, that enjoy them too

deavour by undition, you will wrift in his Gof-Man if be fould is own Soul ‡? confider that the account for. mted, you must y, because they wife God gives

may not tempt

That Slothfulness

Prov. xxii. 5.

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### Diel 11. for the INDIANS.

caftetb into a deep S'cep; that is, it makes Men infenfible of what concerns the next World,

100

and in this World—covers them with Rags \*. And, laftly, If you let no worldly Bulineis hinder you from ferving God daily, it will keep in your Mind a constant Senfe of your Dependence upon him, and make you fet your Thoughts upon another World, to which this is only a Paffage.

Ind. ' Pray instruct me how I may best ' avoid Temptations.'

Miff. The Directions I give you shall be short and plain, and suited to your Condition. Let this be ever in your Mind, that Sin is the worst of all Evils; — For all other Evils will have an End, at farthest when you die; but Sin will make you miserable for ever.

Remember that you are naturally inclined to Sin, that the *Devil* will tempt you to it, and that God only can fave you.

And then you will never traft in your own Strength, but in the living God.

To him therefore you will conftantly pray for Help; and if you draw nigh to bim, he will draw nigh to you  $\dagger$ .

And yet you must not expect God's Affistance without using your own Endeavours; for that is to tempt the Lord.

If Sinners entice you, you must not confent unto them ‡ : For they are the Devil's Inftruments.

\* Prov. xxiii. 21. ‡ Prov. i. 10. † James iv. 8.

If

- million with

### An INSTRUCTION Dial. 11.

If you fall into evil Company, you must go out of it immediately, and not walk in the Way with them, left God forfake you.

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When the Holy Spirit of God puts into your. Mind good Defires, or checks you for doing Ill, you muft obey the Voice of God; and he will love you, and preferve you from your fpiritual Enemies, and from everlafting Death.

Ind. 'You will now be pleafed to explain to "me THAT PRIDE OF LIFE, which a Chriftian renounces at his Baptifin."

Miff. By the Pride of Life is meant,—that great Opinion, which through the Corruption of Nature, all People are apt to have of themfelves;—with an eager, reftlefs, and immoderate Defire after every Thing that may diftinguish them from others, which may fet them high in the Efteem of the World.

Now this Pride of Life is the Occasion of many Evils, which are highly difpleating to God, and must be refolved against by every good Christian.

The wills are thefe that follow: - They who are under the Power of this Vice, are more concerned for the Effeem of the World, than howto pleafe God :- They are therefore too often tempted to fupport the good Opinion of the World, by laying that out on Vanity, which fhould be the Support of their Families, or of the Poor: - And they are too apt to defpife the Poor, as if they were not Creatures of the fame Kind with themfelves. - They, look upon all the

### ON Dial. 11.

not walk in the fake you.

d puts into your you for doing of God; and he from your fpilafting Death. ed to explain to which a Chrifn.

is meant,—that the Corruption o have of themefs, and immog that may difwhich may fet he World. the Occasion of y difpleating to gainft by every.

w:-They who e, are more con-Vorld, than howrefore too often Opinion of the Vanity, which Families, or of pt to defpife the ures of the fame y, look upon all the

### Dial. 11. for the INDIANS.

the Advantages or Bleffings they have, whether in their Perfons, or in their Poffeffions, as their Due; and are therefore generally unthankful to God, and rob him of the Honour of his own Gifts;—In fhort, they are angry, when they are not valued as they think they deferve;—they are apt to be difcontented, and to think that they deferve more than they have; —to repine at their Misfortunes; and overlook their own Infirmities; and are therefore utter Strangers to that Humility, which must recommend them to the Grace and Favour of God:—For be refifteth the Preud, and giveth Grace to the Humble\*.

111

Ind. Since this Pride of Life and Heart is fo natural to us, what can cure us of it?

Miff. Nothing but the Grace of God, and possessing your Heart with Things of greater Moment.

For which Reason you will neither fludy to be vain, and foolifb in your Dress, nor fingular and conceited in your Opinions, but imitate such as are sober-minded; as knowing, That the Ornament of a meek and bumble Spirit + is in

\* 1 Pet. v. 5. + Ibid. iii. 4.

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the

# 112 An INSTRUCTION Dial. 11. the Sight of God of great Price, and should therefore be your great Concern.

And then, if you remember, — that you have nothing that you have not received \*, — nothing but what you must give an Account for, you will have more Reason to fear, than be proud of your Advantages.

Ind. Well, Sir, I fee fufficient Reafon, why every one, who purpofes to become a Chriftian, *fould renounce the Devil*, and all bis Works.—the Vanities of the World,—and the Lufts of the Flefb—I am alfo convinced of the great Advantage thofe will reap, who are able to overcome thefe Difficulties.— But then I am difcouraged exceedingly, when I fee fo many, who have undertaken to be Chriftians upon thefe Conditions, in a manner renounce that Religion afterwards, —either finding it impofible to obferve thefe Conditions, or thinking that they are not fo very neceffary to Salvation as you fay they are.

Miff. Believe not this, becaufe of our faying fo only; but becaufe the God of Truth and Mercy hath fo faid, who would have all Men come to the Knowledge of the Truth, and requires nothing to be done or avoided by Chriftians, but what is abfolutely necefiary to their Salvation;—and which he will enable them to perform, if it is not plainly their own Fault.

\* 1 Cor. iv. 7.

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ed \*,-nothing count for, you , than be proud

ficient Reason, les to become a Devil, and all be World, -and alfo convinced : will reap, who ifficulties.d exceedingly, ave undertaken Conditions, in a ion afterwards, ble to observe g that they are lvation as you

aufe of our fag od of Truth and d have all Men Truth, and revoided by Chrifceffary to their enable them to ir own Fault.

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#### Dial. 11. for the INDIANS.

As for fuch as call themfelves Christians, but do not the things which Chrift has commanded, you must not judge of the Christian Religion by them, but by your own Senfe, and Want of a Redeemer .- The Christians you fpeak of have never truly confidered the extreme Danger they are in ,-nor what the Son of God has declared :- That it were better for them, that a Mill-ftone was banged about their Necks, and they cast into the Sea, than they should be the Occasion of Offence to well disposed People t .- And indeed none ferve the Deligns of Satan more than fuch fort of Christians; -and who have no other Choice; but a true and timely Repentance, or everlasting Misery. -And Repentance, one would hope, they would chufe, if they would confider the great Patience of God, which ought to fill their Eyes with Tears and their Hearts with that Shame and Sorrow, which is the Work of true Repentance.

Do but remember what I have told you before, that a true Faith in God, and in his Word, will enable you to overcome all the Difficulties you can possibly meet with.

It is for this Reafon that every one, before he takes upon himfelf the Chriftian Profession, is obliged to give an Account of his Faith, without which it is impossible to please God.

Ind. ' Having given you fo much Trouble " already, I must now ask you to explain to

+ Luke xvii. 2.

113

' me

# An INSTRUCTION Dial. 11.

• me the Particulars of the Chriftian Faith; • but with your Leave I will wait on you • again very foon.

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Miff. As foon as you can.—In the mean time, I must put you in Mind—To beg of God to deliver you from the Attempts of the Devil and his wicked Agents, who will try all Ways to divert you from your good Purpofes —And may God keep you in the good Disposition you feem to be in 1

### The PRAYER.

A Lmighty and moft merciful Father, preferve me from all the Temptations of my Adverfary the Devil, who goeth about feeking whom he may be permitted to devour. —Give me holy Refolutions, and a watchful Spirit, that I may perfevere in the Way of Godlinefs, and my Life correspond with the Purity of my Faith.—Oh! Let me never difhonour fo excellent a Title as that of *Chriftian*; but do thou reign in my Heart, by the Spirit of Grace guiding all my Actions, and directing my Intentions, that I may be the Servant of thy divine Will here, and be admitted to the Holinefs and Glories of that State, where thou reigneft for ever and ever, and art All in all. Amen.

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ION Dial. II. Chriftian Faith; fill wait on you

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ciful Father, pree Temptations of who goeth about mitted to devour. s, and a watchful e in the Way of refpond with the Let me never difas that of *Chrif*my Heart, by the my Actions, and lat I may be the here, and be add Glories of that or ever and ever,

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# Dial. 12. for the INDIANS.

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# DIALOGUE XII.

The Articles of the Christian Faith prattically explained.

### INDIAN.

\* YOU told me, Sir, when I left you laft, - That without Faith no Man can pleafe God \*, nor ought to be admitted into the Society of Chriftians,—I am therefore now come to learn of you, What that Faith is, which Chriftians profess to believe, before they are baptized.

Miff. You must know then, that there are many things which Christians believe, and which you will know hereafter, when you hear the HOLY SCRIPTURES read and explained.— In the mean time there are certain Truths neceffary to be known and believed, before you can be baptized.

Ind. ' How shall I know what these Truths

Miff. For the Benefit of young Beginners, and for fuch as cannot read or remember many things, Truths of the greatest Moment are contained in this following short Account, which we call THE CREED, or the ARTICLES OF THE CHRISTIAN FAITH; and I must prevail with you fo to fix them in your Memory,

\* Heb. xi. 6.

that

# that you may not forget them as long as you live: For the Belief of these will be a powerful Means to make you bely, righteous and bappy.

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# The CREED, or The ARTICLES of the CHRISTIAN FAITH.

I believe in God the Father Almighty, Maker of Heaven and Earth :--- And in Jefus Chrift his onlySonourLord,-whowasconceived by the Holy Ghoft,-born of the Virgin Mary,-fuffered under Pontius Pilate,- wa. crucified, steended dead and buried ;-he into Hell;-the third Day he rofe again from the Dead ;-he afcended into Heaven ;-and fitteth at the Right-hand of God the Father Almighty ;- from thence he fhall come to judge the Quick and the Dead.

I believe in the Holy Ghoft ; the Holy Catholic Church ;—the Com-

Dial. 12. N

as long as you Il be a powerful eous and bappy.

e ARTICLES FAITH.

the Father Heaven and is Chrift his vhowasconhoft,-born -fuffered unva. crucified, e steended Lay he rofe -he afcendnd fitteth at God the Faom thence he he Quick and

oly Ghoft;hurch ;---the Com-

for the INDIANS. Dial. 12. 117 Communion of Saints ;- the Forgivenefs of Sins ;- the Refurrection of the Body ;-and the Life. everlafting. Amen.

Ind. 'I will endeavour to learn them by Heart ;--- and I hope I shall remember them as long as I live. - And now I shall be very "thankful, if you will fhew me,-How the Knowledge and Belief of these things are enecessary to make Men good, as you very ' juftly fay, all Christians ought to be?'

Miff. Remember then, -That to believe in God, is not only to profess, that there is fuch a glorious Being, who made the World, and all things in it;-but alfo to believe whatever he hath made known to us, either concerning himfelf, or the Duties we owe to Him, ourfelves, and others; which is all contained in the Holy Scriptures, written by the Inspiration of God \*, who can neither be deceived, nor deceive us.

Now in these Scriptures he hath made known to us, -That be never left bimfelf with-out Witnefs +; but hath given fufficient Proofs of his Atmighty Power, Wifdom, Justice, Good-nefs, and Truth, in all Ages of the World. -He hath made known to us,-that by bis Almighty Power he created the World and all things in it; - and that, by bis most wonderful \* 2 Tim. ili. 6. + Acts xiv. 17. Wifdom,

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# An INSTRUCTION Dial. 12.

Wifdom, he has governed and preferved it ever fince it was made.

That he is the Author of our Being, and of all the Good we do, or ever can enjoy \*.

That he is perfectly Holy, and requires all his Servants to be Holy †.

That he fces us wherever we are, and whatever we do, fo that if we pray to Him we are fure to be heard; if we fin we are fure to be punished ||.

For his Power is mighty to reward his faithful Servants, and punish the Disobedient ‡.

That he is just in all his Ways; commandeth nothing but what is for the Good of his Creatures: and never punisheth, but when they truly deferve his Displeasure §.

That he is Long Juffering, and ready to receive all that are fentible of their Mifery 1.

And, That he is a *faitbful* God; whatever he has promifed, will certainly be performed; whatever he has threatened, will furely come to pafs \*\*.

For he governeth all Things, both in Heaven and Earth; and nothing is too hard for him that he thinks fit to do 11. Now the Belief of these Truths is necessary

Now the Belief of these Truths is necessary to give us such worthy Thoughts of the Great and Glorious God, as may bumble us in our own Eyes; — and make us fearful of offending, and

\* Acts xvii. 28. † Gen. xvii. 1. \*\* Deut. vii. 9.

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+ 1 Pet. i. 15, 16. # Prov. xv. 3. § Ibid. xviii. 15. 4 2 Pet. iii. 6. ‡‡ Jer. xxxii. 17.

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ward his faith-Difobedient ‡. ys; commandte Good of his eth, but when ure §. nd ready to retir Mifery ‡. God; whatever be performed; fill furely come

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ths is neceffary its of the *Great* le us in our own offending, and

|| Prov. xv. 3. + 2 Pet. iii. 6.

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Dial. 12. for the INDIANS.

glad to pleafe, one who has Power to reward or punifb fuch as please or offend him .- On the other Hand, -we shall be disposed to love him above all things, becaufe we believe him to be the Giver of all the Good we either enjoy, or ever bope for .---- And he having made known to us, ---- that bis Eyes are in every Place, beholding the Evil and the Good \*; and that from him no Secrets are hid ;-this Confideration is proper to make us careful of our Words and Actions, and afraid of doing or faying any thing which may difpleafe fo great and holy a Being .- And as for his Justice, we have the greateft Reafon to fear it ; becaufe he has in the Holy Scriptures, made known to us many dreadful Examples of his Difpleafure against those who have no Regard to Reason, or his Commands; by which we learn what we must expect, if we provoke him by our Sins .- Lastly, - when we fee, as we find it in his Word, that this Great God has been fo good as to fpare Men, even when they have deferved Punishment, we are hereby powerfully led to adore and admire his Goodnefs and Patience; which doth, or ought to lead Men to Repentance.

Ind. "Why is God called the FATHER?"

Miff. Becaufe he is the Maker and Preferver of all Creatures, which, with the Care and Affection of a Father, he watches over continually.

\* Prov. xv. 3.

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He is the Father of Man, because He created bim after bis own Image.

Because he teacheth Man Knowledge; corretts him when he does amis; -- and rewards him when he does well.

Ind. 'What is meant by God's Providence?' Miff. The Wifdom and Power of God, bu

which he knows and appoints how every thing in the World fhall be, fo that the whole Creation is taken care of :- Not the meaneft Creature can fuffer without God's Leave, either by Malice or Accident \*.

Ind. " Why then do Evils befal Men ?'

Miff. Very often to punifh them, and to bring them to Repentance; but especially to wean our Hearts from being too fond of this Life; and that we may think of, delight in, and prepare for a better.

Ind. • Doth God govern the Seafons? Do • not Summer and Winter, Spring and Harveft, • return certainly at their appointed Time?

Miff. — They do: — But then, to put Men in mind that they depend upon God only, and not upon the Seafons, for their daily Bread, — the Summer fometimes returns without its ufual Heat, and the Harvess without its Fruitfulness †. Ind. ' Have not wicked Men, and wicked

Spirits great Power of doing Mifchief? Miff.'T is true—God hath given them great Power both to punifh the Wicked, and to try the Faith of the Righteous  $\ddagger$ :—But the Word

\* Matt. x, 29. + Hag. i. 9, 10, 11. \$ 2 Sam. xvi. 10. of

# ION Dial. 12. because He created

Knowledge; amifs;—and re-

bod's Providence? Power of God, hu how every thing at the whole Creat the meaneft Cread's Leave, either

Is befal Men?' *iff* them, and to ; but *efpecially* to ug too fond of this *ink* of, *delight* in,

the Seafons? Do Spring and Harveft, ppointed Time?' then, to put Men in n God only, and not daily Bread,—the without its ufual ut its Fruitfulnefs †. Men, and wicked sing Mifchief?' th given them great Wicked, and to try ‡ :--But the Word

, 11. \$ 2 Sam. xvi. 10.

### Dial. 12. for the INDIANS.

of God affures us, That neither Men nor Devils can do the least Hurt, without the Leave of God :----and this is the Reason that there is not more Mischief in the World, and that all things are not every where in Confusion \*.

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ind. 'Of what Use is it to believe, that God is our Father ?'

Miff. If you indeed better this, you will use your Father's Word for what he promifeth; be pleafed for what he ordereth; ----Caft all your Care upon bim, for be careth for you  $\dagger$ .

You will never abule his Goodne's and Longfuffering :- for the heath the Compassion of a Father, yet if his Children are obstinately disobedient, he is a God terrible in Judgment ‡.

In all your Afflictions you will have this Comfort; 'Tis good for a Man to be in Trouble §, and to bear Chastening, if it fo scemeth good to his all wife and gracious Father; not tor his own Pleasure, but our Prost, as it may make us Partakers of his Holinefs, and yield the peaceable Fruit of Righteousness to them that are exercised thereby [].

Laftly, If God is your Father, your Inheritance is in Heaven; which you ought frequently and ferioully to think of, — " That " tobere your Treasure is, there may your Heart be also 4."

' be alfo 1.' Ind. ' I am convinced, and do believe thefe ' Perfections of God; and I fee how neceffary

• Job i. 11. + 1 Pet. v. 7. + Pfal. xlvii. 2. 5 Ibid. cxix. 71. || Heb. xii. 5, &c. + Matt. vi. 21. G they

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they are to be known and believed, in order
to make Men fear before him, — and to love
and obey him.

Miff. But you have not perhaps confidered —what little Comfort the Belief of these things will be to a Man who knows himself to be a Sinner, and that as fuch he must needs be under the Difpleafure of this boly, just, and powerful God;—and yet knows not how to be reftored to his Favour.

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Ind. 'That is indeed a perplexing, tor-'menting Thought ;---and I remember what 'you told me before,--That until God was pleafed to let Men know upon what Terms he would accept of their Repentance, and pardon them, the wifeft Men on Earth could not find it out, fo as to make the Minds of Sinners eafy.'

Miff. This will convince you of the great Bleffing of Christianity,—and the great Goodneis and Mercy of God in delivering Mankind from the fear of Death, and what will certainly follow; —which without the Gospel was the Torment of Sinners, and kept them in Bondage all their Life long \*.—How God has delivered us from this Bondage, you will understand in the next Article of the Christian Faith.

Ind. • You will be fo kind as to explain • that to me.

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• Heb. ii. 15. Miff.

#### Dial. 12. NOI

believed, in order him, -and to love

erhaps confidered Belief of these o knows himfelf ich he must needs this boly, just, and ows not how to be

perplexing, tor-I remember what at until God was upon what Terms Repentance, and len on Earth could nake the Minds of

e you of the great d the great Goodn delivering Manath, and what will without the Gospel s, and kept them in \*.-How God has dage, you will un-icle of the Christian

ind as to explain · ma 1 : elite. 15. 1 Mill.

#### Dial. 12. for the INDIANS.

Miff. That I will do .- But I must be obliged to repeat fome Truths of Moment, which I have told you before :-- That after the FIRST PARENTS OF MANKIND had loft their Maker's Favour by their Difobedience, and brought Sin, and Mi/ery, and Death, into the World, -God in great Pity promifed them a SAVIOUR; one who would fatisfy his Juffice, for the Difhonour done to him by their Sins, and would restrain the Power of that evil Spirit, which had tempted them to fo great a Sin.

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Now this promifed SAVIOUR is the very Per-Jon, in whom we Chriftians profess to believe, when we fay, We believe in Jefus Chrift, the only Son of God our Lord.

For when the World was grown exceeding wicked, and ignorant of the only true God, this his Son took upon himfelf the Nature of Man, by being born of a Virgin, that as a Man he might be capable of fuffering for the Sins of Men for which from the Beginning of the World be bad engaged to fuffer \*, to fave us from being loft for ever.

Accordingly, the Rulers and the Generality of the People of the jews, among ft whom he was born and lived, being grown very corrupt and wicked, did not only reject HIM, and the MESsage of Salvation that he brought them from God, and the Holy Rules of Living which he affured them were neceffary to pleafe God; but they also used him most barbarously, and at ban anti tid ; CoRomanili, Stab M ant ac acc

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# An INSTRUCTION Dial. 12.

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laft prevailed with Pontius Pilate, the Roman Governor, to put him to Death, even againft bis Confeience; —which Death the Son of God fubmitted to; for be could eafily have delivered bimfelf out of the Hands of bis Enemies. — Now, by willingly offering himfelf to Death, he became a Sacrifice acceptable to God for the Sins of the whole World; —and reftored Mankind to the Favour of their Maker, upon most reafonable Conditions. —And that all fuch as do believe in him might be affured of this—God raifed bim the third Day from the Dead, and fhewed bim openly. —And by this most powerful Proof—declared bim to be bis Son; —and that whatever he had faid, or done, or taught, was agreeable to his Will and Appointment.

After this, in the Sight of many, He ascended into Heaven, and was set at the Right-band of God, having all Power granted him for the Benefit of his Church, to give eternal Life to all such as shall believe in, and obey bim\*.—And last, We believe that this our Saviour shall come again at the End of the World, to judge the Living and the Dead. Ind. You will now be fo good as to show

Ind. 'You will now be fo good as to fhew 'me,—what Effects this Belief ought to have 'upon those that know these things.'

Miff. You cannot but perceive the powerful Influence, which the Belief of these things must needs have upon every thoughtful Christian. The Person in whom we believe is THE Son of THE Most HIGH GOD; his true, and • John xvii. 2.

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#### Dial. 12. ION

ilate, the Roman eath, even against h the Son of God fily have delivered Enemies .- Now, to Death, he be-God for the Sins restored Mankind r, upon most reaat all fuch as do ared of this-God om the Dead, and this most powerbe bis Son ;- and or done, or taught, d Appointment. many, He ascendat the Right-band anted him for the ive eternal Life to obey bim \* .- And Saviour shall come orld, to judge the

o good as to shew lief ought to have fe things." ceive the powerful f these things mult ghtful Christian. e believe is THE ioD; his true, and

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Dial. 12.

proper, his only begotten, and dearly beloved Son .- Surely, faid God himfelf, they will reverence my Son \* .- And have not Men all the Reason in the World, to reverence and obey him, fince, for us Men, and for our Salvation, he came down from Heaven,-to redeem us,-to fuffer for our Sins, to declare to us his Father's Readinets to pardon Sinners,-and to put us in the Way of Salvation?

In the next place,-we receive Jesus Christ for our Lord; -we are therefore no longer our own Masters ;- but we are to do what he hath commanded .- Nor must we pretend to ferve two Masters, that is, our Lord, and our own corrupt Inclinations.

Our Lord, is the Son of God, and as fuch bas all Power given hirs in Heaven and in Earth; -He is therefore able to defend us in all Affaults of our Enemies; nor need we fear the Power of any Adversaries of our Souls.

He was made Man; -he knows therefore, the Temptations, the Weakneffes, the Miferies we are fubject to; and will pity us, being as willing, as he is able, to help us in all our Diftrefs, when we call upon him.

By bis being obliged to suffer Death in the Place of Sinners,-we learn how fad the Condition or Mankind was, fince the Justice of God would not be fatisfied with a less Sacrifice .- By this alfo we fee the dreadful Nature of Sin, how

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\* Matt. xxi. 37.

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126 An INSTRUCTION Dial. 12. displeasing it is to God; and what Punishment it must have, if it be not repeated of.

But then, for our Comfort, we have this Aflurance, that though our Sins be never to great, they cannot be greater than the Price the Son of God has paid for our Pardon, if we do *repent*, and *return* to our Duty.

By the Refurction of Chrift, and his Afcention into Heaven, our Belief in him is confirmed beyond any Doubt s- and he having all Power with God-(for that is the Meaning of fitting at his Right-hand) be is able to do for us more than we can afk or think.

You believe that he died, was buried, and refe the third Day from the Dead.

Then you are fore, that God can raife the Dead; and therefore we hope, both for ourfelves and Friends, that we fhall live again:--For them that fleep in Jefus, fhall God bring with bim\*.

If God raifed Chi ift from the Dead, then are we most fure, that whatever he taught was true; — whatever he promifed, will be performed; — whatever he threatened, will come to pass; — Otherwise God would not have raifed him from Death to Life; — for that would have been to have deceived his Creatures.—

But fürther, the Belief of bis Return from Heaven to judge the World in Righteoufnefs, is a "most powerful Motive to awaken Christians, and oblige them to endeavour to live answer-" 4 Thest iv. 14.

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ented of. rt, we have this Sins be never fo r than the Price r our Pardon, if our Duty. rift, and his Af. lef in him is con--and he having hat is the Mean. and) be is able to k or think. as buried, and refe

God can raife the pe, both for our-hall live again :---, Shall God bring

be Dead, then are er he taught was , will be performed, will come to ld not have raised r that would have Creatures .----

f bis Return from Righteousness, is a waken Chriftians, our to live answer-4.

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able to their Profession and Belief; that their Sins may not rife up in Judgment against them. at the great Day of Account.

And will not this awaken you, and make you ferioully prepare for that great Day, by a timely Repentance?

Can you think of Judgment, and Wrath to come, and will not this terrify you from following your Sins?

If the Secrets of all Hearts will then be disclosed, will not you be asraid to indulge fuch Thoughts, and fuch Defigns, as will not bear the Light, and Judgment of God?

And, above all, confider that you . nuft then be judged, not as the World judgeth of things, but by the Word of God; by which, therefore, you must refolve to rive, and not according to the foolish Opinions, and finful Cuftoms of the World.

Lafly,-This belief hath Comforts as well as Terrors; for tho' we shall indeed be called to a strict Account, yet we are fure to be heard with Favour, and treated with Compaffion, if our Cafe will bear it :-- For He who knows our Infirmitics,-He that died tofave us, is to be our JUDGE.

In one Word, you may fee, that THE SON or Goo has given Christians the greatest Reafon to love and adore him, that they might have the greateft Reafon to obey him, and truft in him as their LORD and REDEEMER, and by doing fo; by him be made happy for ever. G 4

Ind.

#### An INSTRUCTION Dial. 12.

Ind. ' I am very thankful for what you have now told me .- But may I afk you this Quef-6 " tion ;-If Chrift has redeemed Chriftians, are " they not then fafe, and out of Danger ?"

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Miff. Yes, most furely, if it is not their own Fault.

Ind. ' I wifh you would explain to me " what you mean by that."

Miff. It is very true, - JESUS CHRIST has redeemed us, and reftored us to the Favour of God. But then it is upon Condition, that fince we know God, and what he has done for us, we glorify him by our Deeds, as well as by our Words ;- but if Men call themfelves Chriftians, and yet will not obey him in their Practice, he deals with them as he did with the Heathens; he gives them up to a Mind void of Judgment\*, to follow the Defires of their own Hearts, by which they will be ruined for ever.

And this is the Reafon why you fee fo many even among Christians,-upon whom neither the Fear of an Almighty and just God,nor the Love of Chrift his Son, who has faved them, has any Power to keep them in their Duty .---- And altho' they have had ihe Holy Spirit to direct, functify, and govern them, yet him they grieved by their wilful Sins, and forced him to forfake them, fo that they commit all Iniquity with Creediness t.

Ind. You will now be fo good as to let me + lbid. know \* Rom. i. 28.

#### Dial. 12. ION

for what you have isk you this Quefned Christians, are t of Danger ?' if it is not their

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ESUS CHRIST has to the Favour of Condition, that at he has done for Deeds, as well as in call themfelves obey him in their as he did with the to a Mind void of fires of their own ill be ruined for

y you fee fo many oon whom neither nd just God,on, who has faved ep them in their nave had ihe Holy govern them, yet wilful Sins, and , to that they comefs t. good as to let me

+ Ibid. know

#### for the INDIANS. Dial. 12. 129

'know what Christians believe concerning ' the HOLY GHOST.'

Mill. I have already shewn, that, before JESUS CHRIST ascended into Heaven,-He promised his Disciples to fend another Divine Perfon, the Holy GHOST, to fupply his Place and Prefence with them .- Accordingly, this HOLY SPIRIT defcended upon them in a moft wonderful manner, and enabled them to fpeak. all Languages, as alfo to remember the Truths which Chrift had taught, and the Works which he had done, and to write them truly for the Benefit of Mankind.

He alfo affifted and directed the Apoftles of Chrift to lay the Foundation of the Society of Christians, which are now spread over the whole Earth, and are called the HoLY CA-THOLICK CHURCH, because it consists of Chriftians of all Nations and Languages, who ought all of them to be holy."

All Chriftians, thus dedicated to God, are one Body, under one Head, THE LORD CHRIST ; and, as fuch, are obliged to held Communion one with another, as Members of the fame Body ought to do.

To every Member. of this Society is promifed the Forgivenefs of Sins, upon his true Repentance, and Return to his Duty.

To this Church the fame holy Spirit has made known, that all Men shall rife again from the Dead with their own Bodies, and give Account of their own Works ;- And that after GS this 1 . 15

### 130 An INSTRUCTION Dial. 12. this will follow an everlasting Life of Happinefs or Mifery.

Ind. Will you, Sir, now be pleafed to make me understand, what are the natural Fruits of fuch a Faith, and what fuch a Belief obliges Christians to do?

Miff. Remember then,—That the Holy GHOST is he, to whom, with the Father and the Son, all Chriftians are dedicated in Baptifm;—that it is this Holy SPIRIT who is to fit Men for Heaven and Happinefs;—which hedoes,—by convincing all fuch as are difpofed for eternal Life, and will attend to his holy Motions,—by convincing them that they are Sinners, that, as fuch, they fland in Need of a Redeemer: —As alfo, by putting into their Hearts the Fear of God,—a Love for b's Laws, —and a Jerious Concern for their Souls;—by reftraining them from Evil,—and changing their Difpofitions from Evil to Good.

Ind. But, it is plain, Sir, that this Holy Spirit doth not thus govern and direct all Christians.

Miff. That is too true; -- but then, as I told you before, the Fault is purely in themfelves. -- They neglect to use the Means God has beflowed upon them, and the Graces he has provided for them, and thien they become useles, and be often takes their apople. -- Tod many grieve the Holy Spirit by their evil Deeds, and force him to forfake them: -- And very many, Matt. xxv. 20.

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be pleafed to are the natural what fuch a Be-

That the HoLy in the Father and edicated in Bap-SPIRIT who is to ppinefs;—which ich as are *difpofed* tend to his holy em that they are and in Need of a putting into their ove for b's Laws, their Souls;—by —and changing

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but then, as I told ely in themfelves. Icans God has be-Fraces he has proy become ufcles, y<sup>1</sup> - Tod many frievil Deeds, and -And very many,

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# for the INDIANS.

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who are not fo wicked, do yet never lay Claim to that Promife of God, —that be will give the Holy Spirit to them that a/k bim \* : —Whereas all good Christians do pray for this Holy Spirit, and do find the wonderful Effects and Bleffing of his Guidance and Affistance.

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And here take Notice of a Truth I now tell you, that every Soul of Man is under the Influence either of good or evil Spirits — But then thefe good Spirits may be provoked by our evil Lives to forfake us; and then the evil Spirits are always ready to take Poffeffion of fuch as they find forfaken of God, and not under his immediate Protection.

Ind. And pray, Sir, how is this to be 'prevented ?'

Miff. Every Christian must keep in his Mind the Promise he made when he was baptized; and, in every thing wherein he fails, he ought forth with to beg Forgiveness of God, left, continuing in Sin wilfully, he becomes a Slave to Satan and his Angels, instead of being a Servant of God.

I fhall only mention another Bleffing which we receive from the Holy Ghoft, and the Effect it ought to have upon us.—It is from him we have the Holy Scriptures, which are therefore very truly called the WORD or GOD; —and the WORD OF OUR SALVATION.— These Scriptures, therefore, every one who would continue in the Favour of God, must \* Luke xi. 13.

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read,

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read, or hear them read with the greateft Reverence and Attention, and conform his Belief and Practice firiftly to them.

Ind. ' I defire you would explain more particularly what you mean by THE HOLY CATHOLICK CHURCH,—and THE COMMU-NION OF SAINTS.'

Miff. It is plain from the Holy Scripture, That it was the Defign of our Lord Jejus Christ to deliver to Mankind the whole Will of God, fo far as their Salvation was concerned in it .- All these things which were thus revealed, is called the Christian Religion :---And this Religion was taught to the World by our Saviour, and by his Apostles; and this Religion was put into Writing by infpired Men, and is now extant amongst us in the Books of the New Teftament .- It was our Lord's Defign, that all who should embrace this Religion of his, fhould be united among themselves, and with this Head JESUS CHRIST, and fo become One Body by the Means of One HOLY SPIRIT, which should actuate and influence them,-And it was our Lord's Delign, that all Believers, all that profeffed his Religion, should be admitted to the Participation of this Spirit, and so be made Members of this Common Body, by the Sacrament of BAP-TISM, and receive continual Influence from the fame Spirit, by eating and drinking in the Sacrament of the Communion of his Body and Blood ; or what we call the LORD'S SUPPER.

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Holy Scripture, our Lord Jejus the whole Will tion was concernwhich were thus tian Religion :--ht to the World APOSTLES; and riting by infpired nongst us in the nt.-It was our fhould embrace be united among Id TESUS CHRIST, he Means of One d actuate and inur Lord's Defign, feffed his Religi-Participation of Members of this rament of BAP-Influence from d drinking in the of bis Body and ORD'S SUPPER. By

# Dial. 12. for the INDIANS.

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By the CHURCH then is meant the whole Multitude of thofe Perfons, whether Jews or Gentiles, that do embrace and profess the Chriftian Religion, and are joined together by the Means of these Sacraments, in one Body or Society, under one Head JESUS CHRIST.---This Church was to extend throughout all the World, and to be made up of all Nations.

Ind. ' Pray what is meant by the Catbolick' ' Church ?'

Miff. By CATHOLICK is meant UNIVER-SAL, fo that whenever we name or fpeak of the Catholick Church, we mean by those Words, the whole Multitude of Christians throughout the World, that profess the Common Faith, and enjoy the Administration of the Word and Sacraments.—All these People wherever they live, or by what Name foever they call themfelves, make up together that one Body of Christ, which we call the CATHOLICK CHURCH.

The Church is called *boly*, becaufe every Member of that Society obliges himfelf, by the gracious Affiltance of God's Holy Spirit, —to be boly.—He that is not fo, or does not immediately repent, and become fuch, is but s rotten Member, and is in Danger of being cut off.

As to the Communion of Saints : — As every Perfon owes fomething to the Society of which he is a Member, fo effectively in the Society of Chriftians, every one is bound, by the Laws of the Gofpel; to use the Talents and Advan-

tages .

An INSTRUCTION Dial. 12. tages which God has given him, whether of

Knowledge and Learning, or Power, or Riches, or Grace, for the Good of the whole Body :---To pray for them ;- to affift those that are in Want ;--- to infruct the Ignorant, and them that are out of the Way ;- and to fludy the things that make for Peace, and for mutual Edi-

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fication \*. Ind. You told me before, that in the · Church of Chrift there is a Promife of THE "FORGIVENESS OF SINS."

Mif. And a mighty Bleffing fure it is,-That Men, who on account of their many Sins, are liable to the Difpleafure of God,may be affured, that in the Church of Chrift they will obtain the Forgiveness of their Sins upon most merciful Conditions; upon a true Repentance, and Return to their Duty; -and a ready Disposition to forgive others, as they themselves do hope for Forgiveness from God.

THE RESURRECTION OF THE BODY, and AN EVERLASTING LIFE AFTER DEATH Thefe are Truths which Jefus Chrift has made known to his Church :- And they are as certain as God himfelf is true. And that they may make the greater Impression upon your Heart, I will repeat to you the very Words of Chrift :- "The Hour is coming, in which. · all that are in the Graves shall hear his Voice and come forth; they that have done Good, \* Rom. xiv. 19. 的现在。

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Chrift has made they are as cer-And that they flion upon your e very Words of ming, in which Il hear his Voice have done Good,

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<sup>c</sup> unto the Refurrection of Life; and they that <sup>c</sup> have done Evil, unto the Refurrection of <sup>c</sup> Damnation \*.'-So that all Christians who know this, may be affured, that this Life is the only Time to chufe *where* and *what* they are to be for ever; and may learn not to triffe away that precious Time, which is chiefly allowed them to prepare for Eternity.

Ind. ' Well, Siv, I fee plainly the Reafon ' why every one who defires to be a Chriftian, ' fhould believe thefe Truths.'

Miff. These things are true, and will at last be found to be so, whether Men believe them or not.—And if a Man is lost for ever,. for want of giving Credit to them, or for not confidering them, it will fignify little whether he was called a *Cbriftian*, or an *Heathen*.

Ind. Indeed one would wonder, that fo many Christians, who know these things, can be so easy, and so careless of their Salvation.

Miff. Be you careful for yourfelf, and continue to, when you are a Christian.—In the mean time, I tell you again,—the true Reaions, why fo many among Christians forget the Promifes they made at their Baptifm, are thefe :— Through the Corruption of Nature they. fill into Sin, — they do not what they ought to do, that is, repent and turn to their Duty immediately;—and continuing in Sin, thefe Truths are uneafy to them, because they John v. 28, 29.

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An INSTRUCTION 136 put them in mind of their Ingratitude to THE GOD who made them ;- to GOD THE SON, who died for them ; - and to GOD THE HOLY GHOST, whom they had grieved by obftinately perfifting in a vicious Courfe of Life. They will not confider, that without Holinefs, i. e. without keeping the Commands of God, and doing his Will, no Man can be faved; and, befides this, thefe Truths put them in mind of an endles Life of Happines, which they are not disposed to prepare for,-and of a mifer able Eternity, which they have Reason to fear above all things :- Therefore they Arive to forget the Truths they have known and beligved :- and if the Goodness and Longfuffering of God does not lead them to Repentance, - " Theje Articles of their Faith will is be the Articles of their Condemnation."

Dial. 12.

Ind. " I am convinced, Sir, that these Truths are most powerful Motives, where · they are known and believed, to oblige Men to keep the holy Will and Commands of God, and to walk in the fame all the Days of their Life: - Which you told me was another Part of that Promife which Chriftians make at their Baptism, and which I hope you will explain to me when I come

Miff. That I will gladly do .- And for your Part, I exhort you to beg of God to confirm your Faith in him, and in his Son Jefus Chrift, and cause it to bring forth in you the Fruit of good

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ON Dial. 12.

gratitude to THE GOD THE SON, GOD THE HOLY red by obstinaterfe of Life .without Holinefs, mmands of God, can be faved; ths put them in Happiness, which are for,-and of hey have Reason -Therefore they have known and nefs and Longad them to Ref their Faith will demnation."

Sir, that these Motives, where d, to oblige Men d Commands of ame all the Days ou told me was life which Chriffm, and which I me when I come

5.—And for your f God to confirm Son Jefus Chrift, you the Fruit of good Dial. 13. for the INDIANS. 137 good Living, to his Glory and your own Salvation. Amen.

### The PRAYER.

O Saviour of the World, who by thy Crofs and precious Blood haft redeemed us, fave us, we most humbly befeech Thee.— Grant that the Belief of thefe great Truths may ever be prefent in our Minds,—That we may die from Sin, and rife again unto Righteoulnefs;—That we may with joyful Hearts ascend to thee, and with thee continually dwell;—That we may judge ourfelves, and that we may not be condemned, when Thou comeft to judge the World in Righteousnefs. —O Lord grant that we may expect thy Coming with Joy, and find Mercy in the Great Day of Recompence. Amen.

DIALOGUE XIII. The Commandments of God practically explained.

PART I.

INDIAN. YOU told me, Sir, that my believing the Truths of the Golpel will not qualify me to become a Chriftian, unlefs I promife to obey the Will of God, and endeayour to keep his Commands.' Mif.

#### AN INSTRUCTION Dial. 13.

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Miff. I told you the Truth :- For altho' we firmly believe, that it is only on the Account of what his Son Jefus Chrift has done and fuffered for us, that God will pardon our Sins; and receive us into Favour;-yet it is on this Condition, that we repent and forfake our Sins and obey his Commands.

Ind. 'I hope you will continue your kind . Instructions, and let me know what his Will and Commands are."

Miff. We learn from the Holy Scriptures, that when almost all Mankind had lost the Knowledge of the true and only God, and the Way of worthipping him, which he had ap-pointed, it pleafed him to make himfelf and his Will known again, at first to one Man, whole Name was Abraham \*, and afterwards to his most numerous Posterity, after he had convinced them, that he was the true and only God, by many amazing Miracles and Judgments upon their Oppressors, and by delivering them out of a most cruel Bondage and Slavery .- After which, in order to preferve this Knowledge among them, and to keep them from being corrupted, he gave them certain Commands, in a manner fo dreadful, and aftonifking, that they could not but be convinced, that they were the Commands of a most holy, and an all-powerful God, in difobeying of whom they were fure of expoling themselves to the greatest Punishments. - 12 m

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Holy Scriptures, ind had loft the nly God, and the which he had apnake himfelf and first to one Man, , and afterwards rity, after he had the true and only iracles. and Judg-, and by deliver. ruel Bondage and order to preferve em, and to keep d, he gave them anner fo dreadful, could not but be the Commands of verful God, in dife fure of expoling Punishments.

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### Dial. 13.

#### for the INDIANS. 139

And that thefe Commands belong to us Christians, as well as unto the People of Ifrael, we may be fure of, -because Jesus Christ has confirmed, explained, and inforced them in the Gofpel .- He is the Lord our God, as well as theirs \*.---- He brought them out of the Houfe of Bondage :- And he brought us from Darknefs to Light, and from the l'ower of Satan unto God †. Ind. 'You will be pleafed to let me know

thefe Commands.

Miff. They were Ten in Number .- The first of which was this:

I.I am the Lord thy God.-Thou shalt have none other Gods but me.

Ind, "Why do these Commands begin with these Words, -I am the Lord thy God?" Mill. That we may prepare our Hearts to receive his Commands, with the greatest Concern, Attention, and Reverence.

When the Lord of Heaven and Earth, of Life, and Death, fpeaks, fure his Creatures will bear, and obey, for Confcience fake-that is -becaufe God commands them-

The Defign of this First Command was,-to reftore and preferve the Knowledge of the true God; He having a right to be bonoured, feared, and loved, as the Author of all the Good \* Matt. v; vi. + Acts xxvi. 18.

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# 140 An INSTRUCTION Dial. 13.

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we enjoy or hope for , - by which therefore we are forbidden to expect our Happinels from any other, or place our Dependance on, or exercife our religious Fear towards, any other Being in Heaven, or on Earth.

The full Import of this grand First Command is,—That we should have the LORD for our God; and that we should have no other besides him.

Ind. ' What is it to have the Lord for our ' God ?'

Miff. It is to think of him, and to worship him, as God.

Ind. ' How ought we to think of God ?'

Miff. As of an Lternal and All-perfett Being, the MAKER and PRESERVER of all things, and our molt Gracious and Merciful FATHER, in and through his Son Jefus Chrift our Lord. You are forbidden by this Law to depend upon yourfelf, upon your own Labour and Care for Prosperity, upon your Friends for Security; upon your Wealth for Happinels: For these are Bleffings, only when God is pleafed to make them fo.

You are also, by this Command, forbidden to murmur at God's Dealings with yourfelf or others: for be is Lord of All.

Ind. What is further commanded in this Law?

Miff. You are hereby commanded to live always as in the Sight of God; -To pray for his Bleffing in publick and in private, upon every

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ommanded to live od;-To pray for in private, upon every

#### Dial. 13. for the INDIANS.

every thing you undertake; — And to give him Thanks for all his Favours; — And to do all this with the *Heart*, as well as the *Lips* and bodily Geflures: — For whatever you think, is known to him, as well as what you *fpeak*.

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Ind. 'What is the other thing included in 'this Command ?'

Miff. You are forbid having any other, besides the LORD, for your GoD.

Ind. ' Is there any other God, befides the 'LORD ?'

Mif. — No, there is not; nor does this Commandment at all fuppofe that there is. But, when these Commandments were delivered, the World generally believed in, and worshipped, OTHER GODS besides the LORD, who was almost utterly forgotten by them. — And therefore it was highly necessary, that the Great God of Heaven and Earth should, in the First Place, caution his People, and, in them, all suture Generations, against this Folly, Impiety, and Idolatry.

This following was the Second Command :

II. Thou fhalt not make to thyfelf any graven Image, nor the Likenefs of any thing that is in Heaven above, or in the Earth beneath, or in the Water under the Earth :

142 An INSTRUCTION Dial. 13. Earth: Thou fhalt not bow down to them, nor worfhip them; for I the Lord thy God am a jealous God, and vifit the Sins of the Fathers upon the Children unto the third and fourth Generation of them that hate me; and flew Mercy unto Thousands, in them that love me and keep my Commandments.

Ind. 'You will be fo good as to let me know the Meaning and Reason of this Command.' (

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Miff. You must know then, through the Suggestions of the Devil, most Nations had been led into a vile Custom of representing and worshipping God by Images; by which they came to have mean and unworthy Thoughts of the Divine Majesty, as if he were like any of his Creatures.

Now, by this Command, God has forbid all that love and fear him, even to attempt to reprefent him by any Image or Picture, or to worthip him before fuch; and this on Pain of his most high Difpleature: upon them, and their Posterity, who shall difbey this Command; promising an effectal Bleffing to them

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od as to let me alon of this Com-

hen, through the nost Nations had of representing and unworthy jefty, as if he were

God has forbid ven to attempt to or Picture, or to nd this on Pain of upon; them, and lifobey this Comecial Bleffing to them Dial. 13. for the INDIANS.

143

them and their Children, who shall take care to worfhip him as he has commanded.

. Ind. What is the positive Duty required ' of us in this Commandment ?'

Miff. You are to worfhip God, after a Man-ner fuitable to his Spiritual Nature ;- God is a Spirit, and they that worship bim must worship bim in Spirit and in Truth \*: - That is to fay, - with Sincerity, Love, and Purity of Heart; with the Inward Devotion and Fervor, of the Mind, without which the Outward Exercises of Prayer and Adoration will be of no Worth.

Ind. ' How must I behave myself in God's ' House and Presence ?'

Miff. Confider ferioufly-That you go to Church to afk fuch things, which you cannot want without being miferable,-

Therefore your Behaviour muft be fuch, as may be apt to procure in yourfelf and others a great Regard for God, and an humble Opinion of yourfelf .--

You must with great Humility ask God's Pardon and Bleffing, and praife him for his Works and Favours.

You must carefully attend to what is read and explained to you out of the Scripture-For it is the Word of God. And then you will return home with Goil's Bleffing upon your Self, your Family, and your Labours .- ge a ber attention

Just a John iv. 24. And Ver Marsh Ind.

#### An INSTRUCTION Dial. 13. 144

Ind. ' Doth the Command afford any further Inftruction ?"

Miff. Yes .- It fnews us, That the Piety of Parents shall be remembered for the Good of their Children, to many Generations : That the best Portion Children can receive

from their Parents, is God's Bleffing :

And that fuch Parents as are not careful to love God, and to keep his Commandments, do leave Calamities to their Posterity.

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## The Third Command is this :

III. Thou shalt not take the Name of the Lord thy God in vain; for the Lord will not hold him guiltlefs, that taketh his Name in vain.

The Intent of this Command is,-to preferve the great Regard which all Men ought to have for God, forbidding them to fpeak of him, or even to use his Holy Name, without Fear and Confideration.

Ind. What are the neceffary Occasions which Men have to make of the Name of " God ?'

Miff. First when they worship him, which they should ftrive to do with Reverence and Attention .- Secondly, when by a lawful Authority they are obliged to take an Oath .--And 5. 2. 8

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That the Piety ed for the Good Generations : dren can receive Bleffing : are not careful to Commandments, Pofterity.

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ceffary Occasions of the Name of

 Dial. 13. for the INDIANS. 145

And lattly, when they fpeak of God, or of any thing that belongs to him, upon any ferious Occasion.

Ind. 'Why are People obliged to take an 'Oath before a Magistrate?'

Miff. It is to put an End to Strife among ft Men ;--- it being God's Pleafure, that the Truib should appear, and Justice be done to every one .- Now the likelieft Way to come to the Truth is this,-To put Men in mind, when they are going to fwear,-That they are in the Presence of that Great God, who has declared; -That a Curfe shall enter into the House of him that fweareth falfly by bis Name to confume it \*. Which is, furely fufficient to oblige every Man, who believes and fears God, to speak the whole Truth, and nothing but the Truth, as they hope to escape that Curfe; and God's Vengeance.-As for those who out of an evil Cuttom do fwear or curfe, blaspheme, or speak lightly of God, fuch Perfons have no other Choice, but Repentance and Amendment, or Damination.\_\_\_\_And where thefe Sins are be-come common, and are not punished, that Nation and People may expect public and beavy Judgments to fall upon them t.

Ind. 5 What is the Meaning of that Expreffion, The Lord will not bail bim guiltle/s?

Miff. The Meaning is, that this Sin shall certainly be punished, and that in a Manner \* Zech. v. 4. + Jer. xsiii: 10. Mal. ii. 2.

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146 An INSTRUCTION Dial. 13. more dreadful than Words can express; however common it is, and little regarded. Ind. 'What are we commanded in this 'Law!'

Miff. To speak of God, and of religious Matters, after such a ferious Manner, that People may learn to have the most devout and reverent Thoughts of Him, and his Service.

We come now to the Fourth Command :

IV. Remember that thou keep holy the Sabbath-Day; Six Days thalt thou labour, and do all that thou haft to do ; but the Seventh Day is the Sabbath of the Lord thy God; in it thou shalt do no Manner of Work, thou, and thy Son, and thy Daughter, thy Man-fervant, and thy Maid-fervant, thy Cattle, and the Stranger that is within thy Gates;-for in Six Days the Lord made Heaven and Earth, the Sea, and all that in them is, and refted the Seventh Day; Wherefore the Lord bleffed the Seventh Day and hallowed it.

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and of religious Manner, that Peooft devout and red his Service. urth Command : at thou keep y; Six Days nd do all that t the Seventh f the Lord thy lt do no Manand thy Son, thy Man-ferl-fervant, thy ranger that is -for in Six de Heaven and nd all that in d the Seventh the Lord blefay and hallowDial. 13. for the INDIANS.

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Ind. 'You will be fo good as to fhew me the Reafon and Intent of this Command.'

Miff. Remember what I told you before, —That after God had made this World in Six Days, and Man the Governor of it, he ordained by a perpetual Law, That the Seventh Day flowld be fet apart, and kept holy in Memory and Honour of him, the Creator and Maker of all Things.

Now, in Process of Time, this Command, through the Corruption of Man's Nature, became neglected, and the true God forgotten, and Wickedness and Idolatry increased every where, which is the miscrable Case of very many Nations to this Day.

But when God feparated the People of *If* rael from the reft of the Nations, he renewed this Command, fo that the Knowledge of the only true God, the great *Creator* of Heaven and Earth, has been preferved among them through all Ages.

Ind. 'Do Chriftians observe that Day?' Miff. Chriftians do, according to the Defign of the Law, observe One Day in Seven, which we call the Lord's Day, because on that Day the Lord Chrift our Redeemer role from the Dead; —And on the same Day sent down the Holy Ghost, to guide his Church unto the World's End; —The Apostles of Jesus Chrift therefore set apart that Day, calling it—The Lord's Day. Since which Time all good Chriftians do or should lay aside all worldly H 2 Business.

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#### An INSTRUCTION Dial. 13.

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Bulinefs, Cares and Pleafures, and meet together—to give public Honour to God, to acknowledge his Power, Wildom, Justice, and Goodnels,—to praise him for the Bleffings he has given then,,—and to pray for the Bleffings they want.

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Ind. 'Why are we bid in an efpecial Manner to keep this Law ?' the rectain

Miff. Becaufe if this HOLY DAY should be forgotten, all Religion would foon be forgotten with it, and the very Knowledge of the true God (as it is in many Nations) would be lost amongst us, were not *ibis Day* fet apart, and *Perfons* appointed to bring to our Remembrance Truths of the highest Confequence both to our prefent and everlasting Interests.

Ind. Are all bound to observe this Day?" Miff. Yes-all that can be spared from the NECESSARY Business of the Family.

Children, - That they may learn their Duty, and from their Infancy to fear God.

Servants,-That they may not forget, that they have a Master in Heaven.

And the very Beafts are to reft, unlefs Neceffity requires it to be otherwife, that the WHOLE CREATION may rejoice in the Mercies of God.

Ind. "Why is it faid—Six Days shalt thou " labour ?"

Miff. To put us in mind, that it is God who gives us all our Time. To at an interION Dial. 13.

es, and meet tonour to God, to dom, Justice, and the Bleffings he w for the Bleffings

an especial Man-

Y DAY should be d foon be forgotnowledge of the ations) would be bis Day fet apart, bring to our Ree higheft Confet and everlasting bferve this Day ?' ie spared from the Family. The ... y learn their Duty, ear God.' y not torget, that ven. to reft, unless Netherwife, that the oice in the Mer-

ix Days shalt thou d, that it is God to di erticita. That

## Dial. 13. for the INDIANS.

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That we are fallen from a State of Happinefs, and must labour for our Daily Bread: . Laftly, That it is purely by God's Permission, that we prosper in our daily Labours; . That therefore we ought to ferve him uruly all our Days.

Ind. ' How is the Lord's Day profaned ?' Mill. By neglecting to go to the Place where,

the Great God is publickly worfhipped; by neglecting Family and private Devotion; by not meditating upon, and recollecting in private, what we are taught, or pray for, in public; —by Idlenefs, and trifling Converfation; unneceflary Bufin's, and Journies; —and by vain Sports and Gaming, unbecoming the Serioufnefs of the Day, and of Christianity.

Ind. 'It is well, if too many Chriftians 'will not think this a hard Command, and 'neglect it, when they must lose fo much

Time, in which they might increase their

Wealth, or enjoy their Pleafures.'

Miff: They must be Christians then of very little Knowledge and Faith; —and do not confider the Power and the Promifes of God, and of bis Son\*, to make them fufficient Amenda for the Lofs of their own and their Servance Labour. And effectially when the Respire of One Day in Seven would enable their Servants to perform the Business of the other Six Days with more Chearfulness and Vigour.

\* Matt. vi. 33.

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# 150 An INSTRUCTION Dial. 13.

These four Commands have respect to God, and the Honour due to him.—The Six following concern our Neighbour, and the Peace and Welfare of Mankind in general.

Ind. "You will be pleafed to let me know what they are."

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DIA-

## The PRAYER.

O GOD, who alone art worthy of our Love, give me Grace that I may never forget Thee, nor thy glorious Perfections; but that I may ferve Thee according to thy Word, in Sincerity and godly Fear;—That I may never mention thy facred Name without Reverence;—That I may not fpend thy Holy Day in Vanity and Idlenets, nor in a cuftomary Attendance at thy Houfe only; but that I may ferve Thee with my Soul as well as with my Body, through Jefus Chrift our Lord. Amer. ION Dial. 13. e respect to God, .-The Six folir, and the Peace zeneral. to let me know

have at prefent you come, I will e Comrnands :--od in the follow-

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t worthy of our that I may never ous Perfections; according to thy dly Fear ;- That cred Name withay not fpend thy dienefs, nor in a y Houfe only ;with my Soul as ough Jefus Chrift

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fon the INDIANS. Dial. 14. DIALOGUE XIV.

> PART IL. INDIAN.

AM come to defire you to explain to me those Commands that relate to my

. Duty to my Neighbour."

Miff. The Fifth Command is this :

V. Honour thy Father and thy Mother, that thy Days may be long in the Land which the Lord thy God giveth thee.

Ind. " I beg you will explain these Com-"mands to me, and let me know the Defign of them.

Miff. The Defign of this Fifth Command is, -to teach us, from our very Childhood, to fnew Honour and Obedience to our Parents; that when we grow up, we may know how to respect and honour all who are our Betters ; - that Subjetts may honour their Governors ;- Servants may obey their Masters; and all may love and efteem their Spiritual Pastors and Teachers, -And the Peace and Good of the World do for much depend on the Discharge of these Obligations, that God for Encouragement hath promifed H 4

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oblerve them faithfully.

Ind. Why is the Duty of Children to their Parents only mentioned ?

Miff. Becaufe that is a Duty firfl learned, and best underflood :- Children very naturally love their Parents, and are generally kept in Subjection by them; and therefore when they are commanded so to bonour Others, as they do their Parents, they eafily know what That meaneth, and will more readily pay the Duties owing to all their Superiors.

Ind. ' How must I benour my Father and Mother ?

Miff. You must in all lawful things chearfully lubmit to them, be careful not to grieve them by flubborn or evil Courfes :--You must fhew them all due Respect, and thankfully acknowledge their Kindness to you :-bear with their Infirmities,--bide their Failings,--supply their Wants,--and pray for their prefent and evenlasting Happiness :--Which if you do, in Obedience to the Command of God, you may expect to live to be a happy Parent yourfelf.

Ind. What would then be my Duty? Miff. The Duty of Parents is, to bring up their Children in Obedience, and in the Fear of God; To take care that they be inftructed in true Religion; To provide for them by all lawful Ways; To admonifh and correct them when they fay or do things which are amifs; ON Dial. 14. g to fuch as fhall

Children to their

buty fir/l learned, en very naturally generally kept in refore when they Others, as they know what That dily pay the Duors. r my Father and

ful things chearful not to grieve Courfes :- You pect, and thankdnefs to you; --bide their Failand pray for their pinefs :- Which he Command of e to be a happy

e my Duty?' r is, to bring up and in the Fear they be inftructvide for them by nifh and correct nings which are amifs;

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Dial. 14. for the INDIANS.

amifs :— To be Examples to them of Piety, Sobriety, and Diligence ;— And, laftly, to blefs them, and pray for them.— All which— Parents will be careful to do, if they confider what a dreadful Thing it will be fhould their Children be miferable in this World, and the next, through their Negligence, Countenance, or Example.

Ind. . What the Duty of Servants ?!

Miff. The During Servants is, to be obedient to their Market Servants is, to be obedient to their Market Servants is, to be obemels; -Not with Eye-fervice, as Men-pleafers; -But to use the fame industry and Integrity in their Matter's Absence, as they would do if he was present with them; To be as careful, of their Matter's Goods, as if they were thein own; -Neither wasting them, nor fuffering. Others to do fo: To be no Tale-bearers; but above all, to be boness, not only for Constiences, but for Credit's fake; -Deceit and Pilfering, and Stealing, being abominable Qualities, never forgotten by others, and very hardly. left off by those who give Way to them. Ind. What is our Duty towards them that

have the Rule and Government over us P

Miff. Your Duty is to obey them, not only for Fear of Punishment, but for Conficience-, fake \*; -Not to speak Evil of them, but too shew them all becoming Respect; -And too pray that God may bless them, and make them: Instruments of gread Good to the World.

> \* Rom, xili. 5. 2 Pet. ii. 10. . H. 5

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For Men in Authority, fearing God, are : great Bleffing; \_Their Duty being to keep the People in Peace and Quietnefs; \_ To defend the Perfons and Rights of houseft Men ;- To punifb the Unruly ;- To advife them that have no Counfellors ;- And in all Things to promote the Glory of God, and the Weifare of all below them.

Ind. " What is the Duty of People to their "Miniflers and Paftors ?"

... Miff. To refpet them \*, for their Master's Sake, and for their Work's Sake. Your Duty it is to attend at the public Service of the Church, and hearken to their Inftructions; -and to pray that God may blefs their Labours.

For it is their Business and Duty, to study all Ways of teaching you bow you fould walk and please God ;- To reprove you when you do amils; To pray that you may do well; To be wholefome Examples in Word and Deed :- And they have much to answer for, if they are not fuch. Ind. 'Whom elfe must I honour?'

Miff. All that are your Superiors, by reafon of their greater Age,-their Learning,their Places and Stations, -- to whom you must thew a just Regard.

And it is their Duty, not to be bigh-minded, but to be grave, courteous, eafy to be fpoke to, and ready to help all that want their Affiftance.

\* 1 Theff. v. 13. 2. .....

Ind.

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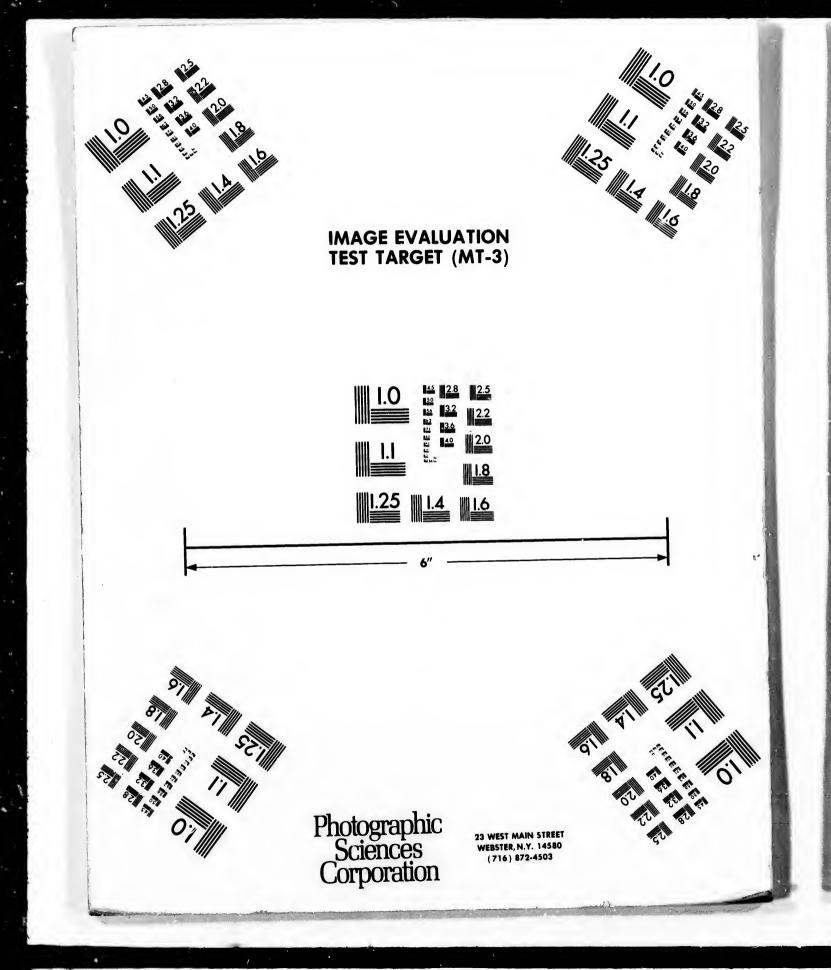
nd Duty, to study w you should walk we you when you you may do well; oles in Word and with to answer for,

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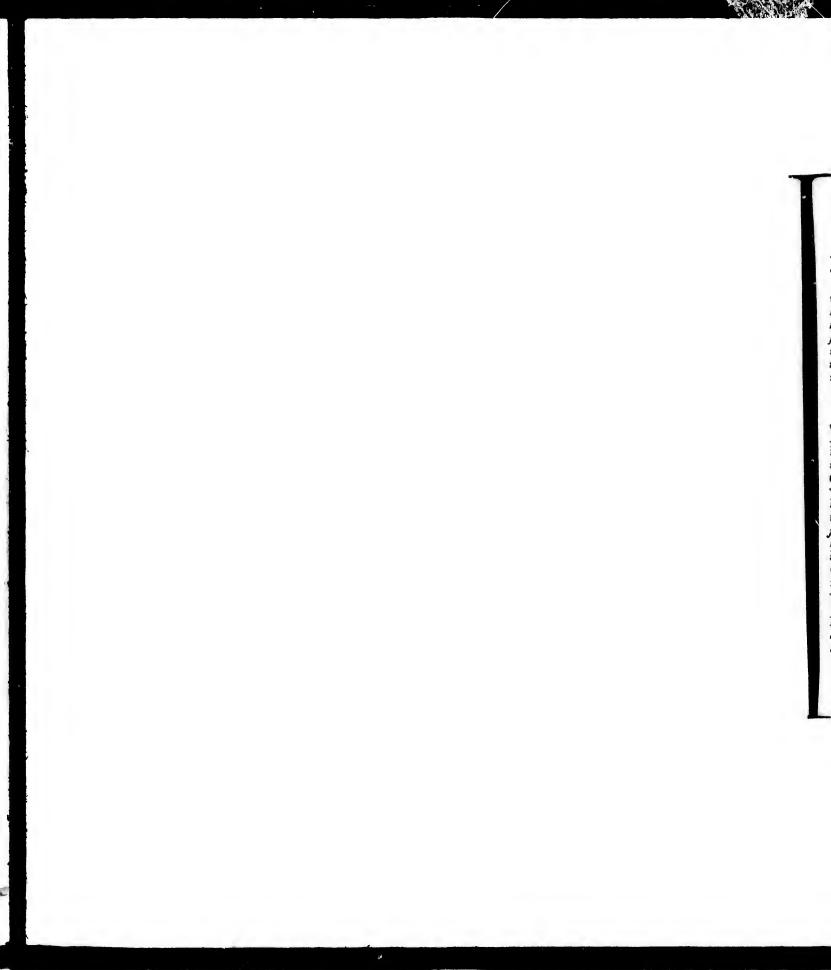
honour?' Superiors, by reatheir *Learning*, o whom you muft

to be bigh-minded, afy to be spoke to, at their Affistance.

J. Ind.







## Dial. 14. for the INDIANS.

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Ind. 'What is the Meaning of the Pro-'mife which God hath made to fuch as keep 'this Command ?'

Miff. That God will blefs them in the Way they fhall go, which will be a Means of prolonging their Lives: —On the contrary, —He that defpifelb bis Father and Mother the Ravens fhall pick out his Eyes \*; —that is, this Sin has a Tendency to lead Men into fuch Practices as will bring them to an unnatural, untimely, and ignominious Death.

#### VI. Thou shalt do no murder.

This is the Sixtb Command;—and is intended to fecure the Life of every Man from the Malice, Revenge, and Violence of others.—Thisis a Sin moft odious to God, and a fure Vengeance has been frequently observed to follow thofe who fend Men out of the World, by a violent Death, fooner than God and Nature intended.—And for the fame Reafon we are not to fhorten Mens Lives by Oppreffion, Injuftice, or any other evil Dealings,—for a Man may be murdered, and his Heart broken, by thefe as well as by Violence;—as alfo by Intemperance, Gluttony, and Drunkennefs.—By thefe we may fhorten our own, or other Peoples Lives, which is absolutely forbidden by this Precept.

Self-murder is also forbid by this Cormand, For confider, That the Great God, the Maker of all Things, has affumed to Himfelf the Fower and Lordship of Life and Death, I kill, and I

> \* Prov. xxx. 17. H 6

s make

An INSTRUCTION 156 • make alive \*.'-It is God fends us into the World, and He expects that we should wait his Will, to fend us out of it .- He has the only Right to determine the Time of our Continuance in it, and when we shall remove out of it :- And it is a gross Invasion of that Divine Right and Prerogative, for us to appoint the Time for ourfelves, without his Order, and contrary to the Rules He has given us for our Government .- As this Action is highly criminal in the Sight of God, fo remember, that whoever is to hardy as to commit it, fends himfelf out of the World with the Guilt of a wilful Sin .- And a wilful Sinner, thus dying impenitent, has no hopes of Salvation ? And this is a dreadful Confideration.

There are several other Practices, too common in the World, which have a Tendency to this Sin of Murder, and which, in fome meafure, partake of the Guilt of it, tho' the Sinner himfelf does not intend Violence against his own Life : Particularly that pernicious and fatal Cuftom of drinking RUM, GIN, and other SPIRITUOUS LIQUORS, which kills, every Year, many Thousands of the lower Part of Mankind. This is a Practice which you muft abhor, as you would do Poifon itfelf; for fo it actually is in its Consequence. It is highly to be wifhed, that the GOVERNORS of every Country would have a ftrict Eye to the bold Encroachments of this terrible Deftroyer, by \* Deut. xxxii. 39.

which

Dial. 14.

Dial. 14.

ends us into the we should wait t.-He has the e Time of our we fhall remove Invalion of that for us to appoint hout his Order, has given us for Action is highly d, fo remember, s to commit it, ld with the Guilt ilful Sinner, thus es of Salvation ? deration.

actices, too comve a Tendency to ch, in fome meaf it, tho' the Sin-Violence against hat pernicious and M, GIN, and other ich kills, every he lower Part of e which you must ison itself; for so nce. It is highly ERNORS of every Eye to the bold ible Deftroyer, by 39.

wbic**b** 

Dial. 14. for the INDIANS.

1 57

which fo many make themfelves away, and remove it at least out of the Reach of the laborious, industrious, and ufeful Part of Mankind. Ind & What is the Duty required in this

Ind. 'What is the Duty required in this 'Commandment?'

Miff. It is your Duty, as much as in you lieth, — To live peaceably with all Men\*; To avoid the Company of angry, paffionate and contentious Pcople; — To deliver the Oppreffed  $\dagger$ ; — To be merciful to fuch as are in Mifery; — To forbear and forgive one another  $\ddagger$ ; —And be well pleafed with the Welfare and Happinefs of all Men.

# VII. Thou fhalt not commit Adultery.

This is the Seventb Command. In order to underftand the Reafon of this, you muft know that God, at the Beginning of the World, did appoint Marriage, for the Increase of Mankind, and for the Society, Help, and Comfortof a Man and his Wife.—Now you cannot but obferve the great Goodnefs of God in commanding, on Pain of his Difpleafure, That neither the Man, nor his Wife, fhould be unfaithful to the Marriage-bed ;—which would occasion infinite Troubles and Calamities in Families, and, after all, a very bitter Repentance, or Damnation.—By Virtue of this Command we are likewife bound to abstain from

## 155 An INSTRUCTION. Dial. 14.

Fornication, and from all manner of Lewdness, Wantonness, and Debauchery; from all Lassivious Astions, immodest Words, and impure Defires, and whatever elfe has any Tendency towards the heinous Vices of Whoredom and Adultery.

# VIII. Thou fhalt not steal.

This is the Eighth Command :--And is intended by a Righteous God, to fecure to every Man what is his own ;- He having declared, That a Curfe fhall enter into the Houfe of a Thief and a Robber, even to confume it \*; and which is worft of all, fuch Perfons muft not expect to go to Heaven, but to Hell.

Ind. ' How is this Command further tranfgreffed ?'

Miff. Not only by Theft which is a bafe Vice, and openly abhorred ;-but by Oppreffion, Deceit, Concealing of found Goods,-receiving Goods knowing them to be ftolen ;defrauding the Public by Running of Goods, and buying or receiving fuch as we know are run, and for which the King's Cuftom is not paid ;-wearying Men out of their Rights by vexatious Law fuits, by Power, Intereft, Bribery, or Craft;----which are Crimes too often committed by thole who never expect to be punifhed for the Breach of this Command;

\* Zech. v. 4. 1 Cor. vi. 10.

and

ON. Dial. 14.

incr of Lewdnefs, from all Lafiand impure Des any Tendency f Wboredom and

## not steal.

nd :--And is into fecure to every having declared, e Houfe of a Thief it \*; and which muft not expect ell. and further tranf-

and

. vi. 10.

Dial. 14. for the INDIANS. 159 and yet God is most furely the Avenger of all fuch Deeds \*.

Ind. 'What is required of us, that we may keep this Law?'

Mif. It is your Duty to be diligent in your Calling, that you may be able to live without taking unlawful Ways; to be eareful of what God has given you, left, having vainly or wickedly thrown it away, you be tempted to live by Deceit:

To be contented with your Condition, believing, That better is a little with Righteoufnefs, than great Revenues without Right + :

Lastly, to depend upon God's good Proyidence, which takes Care of all Creatures, and will certainly reward the *bonest poor Man*, who chuses to beg, if he cannot labour, rather than steal.

Ind. 'What is the Duty of one who is fenfible of his Sin, and forry that he hath broken this Law?"

Miff. He must confess his Sin unto God, and, if he can possibly do it, he must make Amends to the Person be has wronged  $\ddagger$ .

And this is that which makes THIS SIN fo very hard to be repented of; becaufe, thro' Shame, and Stubbornnefs, People will not make RESTITUTION of what they have got by Fraud, Injufice, Violence, and Opprefion;—

\* 1 Theff. iv. 6. † Prov. xvi. 8. ‡ Levit. vi. 2. Ezek, xxxiii. 15.

and

160 An INSTRUCTION Dial. 14. and yet they hope to be faved :-But this is the Hope of Hypocrites, which shall perify \*.

IX. Thou fhalt not bear falfe Witnefs against thy Neighbour.

This is the Ninth Command :---And whoever confiders the Mifchiefs Men are capable of doing to the Lives and the Eftates of their Neighbours, by falfe Oaths and Perjuries, or concealing or difguifing the Truth, when they are lawfully called upon to declare or atteft it; mult ice how kind and good God has been to Men, to forbid, on Pain of his Difpleafure, fuch Sins as thefe, which are the Occasion of fo much Sorrow and Lois to the unhappy Sufferers.

Ind. ' Is any thing more forbidden, than ' the being a falfe Witnefs?'

Miff. Yes: You are hereby forbidden to fay any thing of other Men, which may hurt them, unlefs it be with an honeft Defign, to bring them to Repentance, or to hinder them from doing great Mifchiefs to others.

Therefore to invent Stories, to add to them, and to fet them abroad; To encourage Talebearers; To give Men ill Names; To publish their Infirmities; To make their Faults worfe than they are; are all condemned by this Law, and in many other Places of the Holy Scriptures; as the very Work of an evil

\* Job viii, 13.

Spirits.

Dial. 14. ON ed :-But this is Shall perifs \*. ot bear falfe Veighbour.

nd :--- And who--Men are capable e Estates of their and Perjuries, or uth, when they declare or atteft good God has Pain of his Dif-, which are the and Lois to the

forbidden, than

by forbidden to which may hurt oneft Defign, to r to hinder them o others. , to add to them, encourage Taleames ;-- To pubake their Faults ndemned by this ices of the Holy Work of an evil

Spirits.

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for the INDIANS. Spirit \*, as the Deftruction of all good Neighbourhood, and Christian Charity.

Dial. 14.

This Sin proceeds from a bafe Difpolition ; -fome People love Mifchief, and are pleafed, the more there is of it in the World :- Sometimes from a bufy Temper ; from Pride ; from evil Defigns :- And fometimes People do it for Diversion .- But from whencefoever it proceeds it is a Sign of a very evil Heart, to speak Ill of others, as if fuch Men had no Faults of their own ;- to jeft with a Man's good Name, which is more valuable than his Eftate + ;- To fet Friends at Variance, and to diffurb the Peace and Happiness of Families ;--- and therefore Revilers are reckoned amongst those, that, without Repentance, must not go to Heaven ‡.

Ind. What is further required of us by " this Law ?"

Miff. It is your Duty to speak the Truth, when it is fit and proper, as well as when you are upon your Oarb ;-- To be tender of your Neighbour's Reputation ;- To be difpofed to hear, to believe, and to fpeak the beft, and never to take Pleafure in foolifb, malicious, and wicked Stories :- And we shall be disposed to observe these good Rules the better, if we confider- What a fore Grief it is to ourfelves to be abused, by Lics, Calumny and · Defamation.'

.\* John viii. 44. + Prov. xxii. 1. ‡ 1 Cor. vi. 10.

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## 12 An INSTRUCTION Dial. 14.

X. Thou fhalt not covet thy Neighbour's Houfe; thou fhalt not covet thy Neighbour's Wife, nor his Servant, nor his Maid, nor his Ox, nor his Afs, nor any Thing that is his.

Ind. 'But may not a Man defire to buy 'what belongs to another ?'

Miff. Yes, no doubt of it, provided the other can *lawfully* difpose of it, and that he is willing to do so;—But if he is not willing, then to continue to defire it, is a Sin against this Law.

\* Matt. xv. 19.

GAMING

TION Dial. 14.

ot covet thy ; thou fhalt bour's Wife, his Maid, nor is, nor any

of these Commands. n of God, in this aint upon the very ich are all known vet, that is, to fet which is another's villing to part with rough the Tempoo often been folot to get what we Violence .- So kind o the very Begine Heart \*.

lan defire to buy ?\*

it, provided the of it, and that he f he is not willing, it, is a Sin against

GAMING

for the INDIANS. Dial. 14.

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GAMING is certainly a Violation of the Tenth Command .- It is a Vice that has always its Root in Covetoufnefs, and which in its greedy Wilhes devours-its Neighbour's Houses and Lands, and every thing elfe that is his.

This Sin is often found to go ftill further, to bring Men at last to downright Stealing, Robbery, and Murder :-- and when the near Prospect of Death obliges these wretched Creatures to confess the Evil of their Ways, it may be observed, that a Caution against this abominable Vice of Gaming always makes one Part of their dying Admonitions, as it hath always been one main Road that led them to that miserable End.

Ind. ' What does this Law require?'

Miff. That you keep your Heart with all Diligence, because out of it proceedeth all manner of Wickedness, 1 Kings xxi. Prov. iv. 23.

That you be contented with your own Lot, as that which is appointed you by a wife and juft God.

Laftly,-That you fet God always before you, who feeth the very fecrets of your Heart, and will punish all its finful Lufts and Appetites.

Ind. I am convinced, Sir, of the Truth of what you told me before,----- that thefe

· Commands of God are boly, juft, and good,

and neceffary to keep the World in Order.' Miff. But I must tell you besides,-That by these Commands as they have been explained

by .

## 164 An INSTRUCTION Dial. 14.

by Jefus Chrift, and his Apoftles, we must all be judged at the laft Day to Happinets or Mifery; thele being the Foundation of the Duty which Men owe to God, to their Neighbour, and to themfelves.

Ind. ' Are these Duties hard to be under-' ftood and remembered ?'

*Miff.* You thall judge yourfelf, when I have repeated them to you, which I will do the next Time you come to me: In the mean Time use the following Prayer.

#### The PRAYER.

O PEN mine Eyes, O Lord, that I may fee that thy Law is holy, juft, and good, and that I may keep it with my whole Heart; —that I may love and honour all thofe whom thy Providence hath made my Betters; —That I may do Violence to no Man;—That I may abhor all unchafte Defires, Words, and Actions;—all Deceit and Opprefilion;—all the Evils of a lying Tongue, all covetous Defires, and first Beginnings of Sin.

Lord, have Mercy upon me, and write all these Laws in my Heart, I most humbly beseech thee. Amen.

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10N Dial. 14.

ftles, we must all Happinets or Miation of the Duty their Neighbour,

ard to be under-

yourfelf, when I which I will do me: In the mean yer.

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ord, that I may fee , juft, and good, my whole Heart; ar all thofe whom my Betters; no Man; — That fires, Words, and Opprefilion; — all gue, all covetous s of Sin. me, and write all most humbly be-

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Dial. 15. for the INDIANS.

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DIALOGUE XV.

Duty towards God explained.

#### INDIAN.

THE laft Time I was here, you promifed to explain to me what was my Duty to God.' Miff. Your Duty to God is,

To believe in him, to fear him, to love him, with all your Heart, with all your Mind, with all your Soul, and with all your Strength: To worfhip him, to give him Thanks, to put your whole Truft in him, to call upon him, to honour his Holy Name, and his Word, and to ferve him truly all the Days of your Life.

Now this fhould be fixed ftrongly in your Memory, to as never to be forgot; and it will direct you, on all Occafions, how to live fo as to pleafe God:—Thefe Words often repeated, and imprinted upon your Memory, will alfo awaken your Confcience, when at any Time you do amifs, that you may repent, and

## 166 An INSTRUCTION Dial. 15.

and amend, and obtain Forgiveness of your Sin, through God's infinite Goodness and Mercy, and the Merits of our Lord Jesus Christ.

Ind. '-Is a Chriftian's Duty hard to be underftood ?'

Miff. By no means;—Religion being the Bufinefs of all Men.—A plain Man, if he is well difpofed, may know his Duty, and be able to perform it, as well as the greateft Scholar.

Ind. ' This is a comfortable Truth : Pray make me fenfible of it.'

Miff. Do not you fee, that all neceffary Knowledge lieth in a very narrow Compass? —Your DUTY TO GOD,—and TO YOUR NEIGHBOUR; is contained in a few Words, vety eafy to be underflood and remembered, where People truly believe in God, and heartily defire to be faved.

Ind. ' Then I truft I shall not perish; for ' I do believe in God,-and I hearthy wish to ' be faved.'

Milf. You must not be deceived in a Matter of so great Moment.—It may be you do not believe in, nor fear, nor love God with all your Heart, though you are perfuaded you do.

Ind. Can you, Sir, direct me how to know for certain, when I do, or do not my Duty?

Ind.

TION Dial. 15. rgivenefs of your ite Goodnefs and four Lord Jefus

Duty hard to be

teligion being the ain Man, if he is Duty, and be able greateft Scholar. able Truth : Pray

that all neceffary narrow Compass? , — and TO . YOUR in a few Words, d and remembered, in God, and hear-

Il not perifh; for I hearting with to

eceived in a Matter may be you do not e God with all your fuaded you do. direct me how to I do, or do not my

your Life to know Vay of Living with

Ind.

for the INDIANS.

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Ind. 'I with you would thew me how, by fome Inftances.'

Dial. 15.

Mill. Your Duty is to believe in God;that is, to keep thefe great Truths in your Mind,-That God is most Powerful, most Holy, Juft, Merciful, and Good; and that none of our Thoughts, Words, or Astions, can be hid from him;-that therefore his Displeasure is more to be feared than all Things;-and that his Love and Goodness to us require all pofsible Acknowledgments on our Part.

Now you will very eafily fee, that you do not fear God as you ought, if you are more afraid of Men than of God; --or if you wilfully do any thing which he has forbidden, or which you know will difpleafe him; --or laftly, --if you do not immediately repent when you have done amils, and return to your Duty.--Nor muft you fay, that you love God, --if you do not often think of him, of his Mercy and Goodnefs, and of the Happinefs he has promifed to them that love him; --if you do not take Delight in doing what you believe will pleafe him--rejoice to fee him obeyed and honoured, and be troubled to fee him diffonoured by his own Creatures.

It may be you think <u>2</u> ou love God above all things; but if you are not concerned to keep his Laws, and angry with yourfelf when you break any of them; then you do not love God; For this (fays the Apoftle St. *John*)

# 168 An INSTRUCTION Dial. 15.

John)—is the Love of God, that we keep his Commandments \*.

Ind. 'I fee it is my Duty to put my where "Truft in God; but is it possible for me to do fo, when he fuffers not to fall into Affliction?"

Miff. Good Men have always done fo; Though he flay me, yet will I truft in him, faith holy Job. Remember—That it is good to be in Trouble  $\dagger$ , when God fees meet, who otherwife doth not delight in the Mifery of any of his Creatures. It is therefore your Duty to be patient under Afflictions; To confider your Ways; To turn to God immediately, and pray that he may make the Troubles of this Life a means to bring you to a better.

Ind. • Must I trust in God, and believe that • he careth for me, tho' I am in Poverty ?'

Miff. You must do fo:-For Riches are not always a Sign of God's Favour, nor Poverty of his Displeasure.-

To comfort yourfelf, and confirm your Faith, confider, that this is the Will of God; —That he can make you fufficient Amends in the next World, for what you want in this.

Think of these things, and you will be Content with your Condition, and never defire to better it by unjust or wicked Ways.—

+ Pfal. cxix. 71.

\* 1 John v. 3. \*

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the Will of God; fufficient Amends hat you want in

and you will be on, and never dewicked Ways.—

Pfal. cxix. 71. You Dial. 15. for the INDIANS.

You will therefore neither envy the Rich or Great, nor question the Goodness of God, under the greatest Difficulties of Life.

Again, You will not fay, that you truft in God, if you are not well pleafed with his Providence, fo far, at leaft, as chearfully to fubmit to what his infinite Wifdom and Goodnefs-order as the very best for you, and for all other.

You will not imagine, that you worship God as you ought to do, if you content yourfelf with having an high efteem for him in your Heart, without paying him the Honour due unto his Divine Majefty, both in your secret Retirements as well as in the public Affemblies of Cbrissians,—acknowledging before the World, that you are a miserable Sinner, and daily stand in need of his Mercy and Pardon;—that you owe him all possible Thanks for the Blessings you have received from him; —and that you want his Grace and Help every Day of your Life.

Laftly, You yourfelf will not fay,—That you bonour God's Name and bis Word, if you you take an Oatb without Thought and Fear; or fpeak of God, and of what belongs to him, after an *idle* Manner, and without Reverence; —or delight in the Company of fuch as do fo. —You cannot but know, that this is not the proper Behaviour of one who purpofes to ferve God all the Days of his Life.

Ind. ' I find it is my Duty to bonour God's ' Holy Name and bis Word.—How fhall I ' bring myfelf to do fo?'

Mif.

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Miff. Take care never to fpeak of the Great God of Heaven and Earth, but when you are very ferious. Confider often that he feeth you, and fo you will be apt to do what is most for the Honour of bis Name.

And if you often remember, that the BIBLE is a Book given by God, to teach us what we are to believe, and how we are to live, that we may attain eternal Happinefs; — and that your Salvation depends upon knowing what that Book containeth; — you will often read it, or hear it read and explained, and whenever you do fo, you will attend to it carefully, as the Rule of your Life; — endeavour to follow the Directions it gives you, never repeat any Part of it but to ferious and holy Purpofes; and fo you will delight in, and bonour bis boly Word.

Ind. ' Pray what is meant by loving God with all the Heart, and Soul, and Mind, and Strength?'

Miff. This is for the great Comfort of luch as fincerely flrive to do their Duty 3,—they fhall be accepted of God, though they attain not to that high Degree of Love and Obedience, which God him!elf commands in his Law, or even to that which fome others arrive at, provided they love, and fear, and ferve God, with all their Hearts, that is, at well as they are able.—God will proportion their Rewards to their Endeavours.

Ind.

TION Dial. 15.

fpeak of the Great but when you are ften that he feeth t to do what is moft

ber, that the BIBLE to teach us what we we are to live, that ppinefs; — and that upon knowing what -you will often read plained, and whenttend to it carefully, — endeavour to foles you, never repeat rious and holy Purelight in, and bonour

neant by loving God Soul, and Mind, and

reat Comfort of Juch their Duty ;-they though they attain of Love and Obediif commands in his hich fome others arlove, and fear, and ir Hearts, that is, as God will proportion Endeavours.

Ind.

Dial. 15. for the INDIANS.

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Ind. 'You fay it is my Duty to ferve him ' truly all the Days of my Life.—But will not ' neceffary Bufine's hinder me from doing fo ' much as is required of me?'

Miff. No :-- Whatever God requireth of any Man may be done without neglecting his worldly Bufinefs.

ONE DAY IN SEVEN, you are forbid to labour: -Do what you are commanded on that Day, and spare a few Moments, in the Morning and Evening of every other Day, to praise God, and to ask his Blessing: -And then, when in the Fear of God, and a just Sense of your Duty, you are employed with honest Industry in your daily Labours, you are serving God as truly, and you are as certainly in the Way to Heaven, -as they who are at their Prayers. -And this you may do all the Days of your Life.

Ind. ' Pray will you fhew me my Duty to-' wards my Neighbour ?'

Miff. When you come next, I will endeavour to explain it fully to you.—In the mean Time pray to God to enable you to perform your Duty to him.

#### The PRAYER.

G Racious God, who alone art worthy of all our Service, grant that I may ferve and pleafe thee according to my Duty, with all my Heart and Strength;—That I may 1 2 give

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give thee Thanks, and do thee Honour; and that continuing in the Faith, and Fear, and Love of God, unto my Life's End, I may be made by him eternally happy, through the Merits of Jefus Chrift our Lord. Amen.

## DIALOGUE XVI.

The Duty towards our NEIGHBOUR explained.

#### INDIAN.

A M come now to beg that you would teach me my Duty towards my Neighbour.

Miff. Your Duty to your Neighbour is, To love him as yourfelf, and to

do unto all Men as you would they fhould do unto you;—to love, honour, and fuccour your Father andMother;—tohonour and obey the King, and all that are put in Authority under him; to fubmit yourfelf to all your Governors, Teachers, Spiritual Paftors and Mafters;—to order yourfelf lowly and reverently to all your Betters; nee Honour; and h, and Fear, and e's End, I may be ppy, through the Lord. Amen.

E XVI. GHBOUR explained.

eg that you would wards my Neigh-

our Neighbour is, ourfelf, and to ou would they ou ;—to love, ir your Father onour and obey hat are put in im; to fubmit ir Governors, il Paftors and r yourfelf lowo all your Betters; Dial. 16. for the INDIANS. 17.7. ters ;--- to hurt nobody by Word or Deed ;- to be true and just in all your Dealings;-to bear no Malice nor Hatred in your Heart; -to keep your Hands from Picking and Stealing,-your Tongue from Evil-fpeaking, Lying, and Slandering ;--- to keep your Body in Temperance, Sobernefs, and Chaftity ;--- not to covet or defire other Men's Goods, but to learnand labour to get your own Living,—and to do your Duty in that State of Life, unto which it: fhall pleafe God to call you.

Ind. 'Now Sir, if it would not be too 'much Trouble, I would beg you would ex-'plain to me that Love which Christians owe 'to themfelves and to their Neighbour, that is, 'as you told me, all Mankind.'

Miff. In the first Place observe, — That this is a Rule to such only as first love and fear God: —Thous shall love thy Neighbour, as Mensfearing God love themselves; —that is, 'to do to others as 'we think they ought to do to us in the like Case.' I 3 Now

# An INSTRUCTION Dial. 16.

Now God being the God and Father of Mankind, he would have every one to be fecure in his Life and Eftate, eafy in his Mind, good and holy while he lives, and happy when he dies.— For this Reafon he has given this Command, —Thou fhalt love thy Neighbour as thyfelf; which, if truly obferved, would have a most happy and bleffed Effect, and be a D.rection to the most unlearned, how to behave himfelf to others, fo as to pleafe God \*.

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Ind. 'You will, 1 hope, explain this a little more particularly.'

Miff. Confult then your own Reason, and you will acknowledge the Justice of this Command —That Men thould leve and deal with others as fincercly as they would have others to love and deal with them :— And that they thould do nothing which they then felves would condemn as hard and unjuft, if done by another. Perfon.

For Fxample ;--your own Defire is, that all fhould refrect and love you ;--that none fhould opprefs, wrong or deal deceitfully with you ;--fhould take Advantage of your Ignorance, or Neceffities ;--or fhould take tedious, fpiteful or expensive Ways to keep you from your Rights. You would have nobody to bear Malice, or imagine Evil in their Hearts againit you :--You are concerned for y ur own good Name and Credit ;--you grieve to be defpifed by those above you, as well as to be

\* Rom. xiii. 10.-

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### ION Dial. 16.

ad Father of Mante to be fecure in s Mind, good and y when he dies. h this Command, hour as thyfelf; ould have a moft ad be a Direction to behave himfelf od \*.

explain this a lit-

on Reason, and you of this Command id deal with others ave others to love I that they should ofelves would conf done by another

wn Defire is, that you; — that none eal deceitfully with tage of your Ignohould take tedious, to keep you from d have nobody to wil in their Hearts oncerned for y ur , — you grieve to be bu, as well as to be

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#### Dial. 16. for the INDIANS.

difregarded by your Inferiors; —you earneftly defire your own Welfare and Profperity, and Peace of Mind, and Health of Body. Now as you, and every Man living, is thus affected towards himfelf, fo will every Man living be condemned by God, and his own Confeience, who does not thus deal with others, and act by this fhort and plain Rule.

Men cannot live without the Affiftance and Support of one another.—Their Governors protect them.—The Concern of Parents for their Children,—the Care of Masters for their Servants,—the Account that Pastors must give of their Flock are great and neceffary; and if all these are not bonoured and obeyed, the World would every Day grow more and more wild and wicked, and we ourselves, as well as oth rs, should be Sufferers, and milerable.

Ind. ' Are Christians obliged to love those ' that do not love them ?'

Miff. Yes, most certainly, or they are no better than Unbelievers—for these love those that love them.—But God to loved us, when we were Enemies to him by our evil Deeds, as to give his only begotten Som to die for us; and therefore he most reasonably requires, that we should love one another.

Ind. ' How may we attain to fuch a Chriftian Temper?'

Miff. You muft take all Occasions of wifhing well, and doing Good to others, continually exercising your Compation by reliev-I. 4. ing

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# An INSTRUCTION Dial. 16.

ing the Poor, helping fuch as are in Diftrefs, comforting the Afflicted, and mourning with them that mourn; which will fweeten your Temper, and inure you to this happy Difpofition.

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You must beware of taking Pleasure in the Calamities of other Men, tho' your greatest Enemies: For that would make you inhuman and hard-hearted.

But, above all, confider that this is God's exprefs Command,—*That we love one another*; And it is greatly enforced by his amazing and condefcending Love to us.

When you have gained thefe good Difpofitions, you will find, that being obedient and dutiful to your Governors, Masters, and Betters, civil to your Equals, and kind to your Inferiors, is the true Way of being eafy and happy yourself.

happy yourself. Ind. What is my Duty, if my Neighbour fpeaketh 111 of me?

Miff. If you are indeed abufed, you ought privately to reprove him that hath done it; and if he fhould not amend, your Duty is to bear the Injury patiently, to return Good for Evil, to forgive and to pray for him.—For fo hath Chrift expressly commanded \*.

And for, your Comfort confider, that, by thus freely forgiving him, you may with the more Courage and Comfort plead the gracious Fromife God has made of the Pardon of your

\* Matt. v. 44.

own

### TION Dial. 16.

as are in Diftrefs. and mourning with will sweeten your this happy Dilpo-

ing Pleafure in the tho' your greateit I make you inhu-

r that this is God's we love one another; by his amazing and

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confider, that, by you may with the t plead the gracious the Pardon of your

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for the INDIANS. Dial. 16. own Sins, fo that you become the greatest

Gainer by the Wrong that was done you. Ind. ' But will not this encourage bad Men ' to abuse their innocent Neighbours?'

Miff. It is probable it will not \* .- However that be, we are not to be more concerned for our own Reputation, than for the Honour and Commands of Jefus Chrift ; who hath alfo fet us an Example, that we should follow his Steps, who when he was reviled, reviled not again, but committed bis Caufe to Him that judgeth righteously +.

Ind. Will my Duty to my Neighbour obligs " me at all times to conceal his Faults?"

Miff. No: Sometimes it is your Duty tofpeak of them;-but then it must be with a good Defign of leading them to Repentance,. -by bringing him before fuch Perfons as have Authority to call him to an Account ; -otherwife you are a Slanderer or Backbiter, and as fuch, reckoned among ft the most fcandalous Offenders 1.

Ind. ' May I not be true and just in my Deal-' ings, and yet make myfelf as good a Bargain as I can?'

Miff. Only confider, that if the Perfon your deal with makes himfelf an ill. Bargain, out of Ignorance, Necessity, or out of Fear, it is a wicked Thing to take Advantage of him; and though you may defend it by Law, you . cannot answer it to God.

t Rom. i. 3. Ind. \* Rom, xii. 20. + 1 Pet. ii. 23, 1 5

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# An INSTRUCTION Dial. 16.

Ind. ' What is my Duty if I have wronged " my Neighbour ?"

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Miff. You are bound to acknowledge your Fault, and make him what Amends you can, to afk God's Pardon, and then you may hope for Forgivenefs; for this is what you would expect from others .- And this is the great Rule of the Gofpel :- " Whatfoever ye would . that Men should do unto you, do you even fo to them ".'

Ind. ' But how fhould fuch poor, ignorant · People as we, know how to walk at all · Times by this Rule ?'

Miff. One of our Saviour's Apostles faith, -He that loveth bis Brother, abideth in the Light, and there is no Occasion of stumbling in bim + ; that is, bis Love will always direct him what to do, and win not fuffer him to do Wrong to others, either in Word or Deed .---For Love worketh no Ill to bis Neighbour; tbinketh no Evil, and therefore speaks none; beareth all things, believeth all things, hopeth all things, endureth all things ‡.

Ind. " Must I always speak the Truth ?'

Miff. Yes, fure; for if you confider what Mifchief is done by Falfhood, - how ill you take it to be deceived yourfelf, - you will be convinced, that Lying is a bafe Vice, and that there is great Reafon for those terrible Threatenings &, which we find in God's Word against fuch as are guilty of this Sin.

‡ 1 Cor. xiii. + 1 John ii. 10. \* Matt. vi. 12. § Rev. xxi. 8, 27.

Ind.

# ION Dial. 16. I have wronged

cknowledge your Amends you can, en you may hope what you would this is the great atfoever ye would you, do you even

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nr's Apostles faith, ber, abideth in the ston of stumbling in will always direct ot fuffer him to do Word or Deed. to bis Neighbour; refore speaks none; b all things, hopeth ags ‡. eak the Truth ?'

eak the Truth ? you confider what nood, —how ill you irfelf, —you will be bafe Vice, and that ofe terrible *Threat*-God's Word againft Sin.

i. 10. ‡ 1 Cor. xiii. Ind.

## Dial. 16. for the INDIANS.

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Ind. 'What are the Rules of Temperance, 'Sobernefs and Chaftity, which a Chriftian is 'to walk by?'

Mill. Whether you eat or drink, do all to the Glory of God \*; —that is, — Take care that the Name of God, and the holy Religion you profefs, be not evil fpoken of by your Excels in thefe things.

Let us walk bonefily as in the Day, not in Rioting and Drunkenness †. For no Man that doth to babitually, can with any true Delight think of the Joys of Heaven.

Befides, fure it is, that they who give themfelves up to Intemperance, are in great Danger of dying fuddenly in their Sins unrepented of.

What was inflicted upon Man for the Punifhment of his first Transgreeffion [That in the Sweat of bis Face be fould eat Bread] is now become the most likely Means of preferving us, from all other Sins.—For our Souls are as active and inquisitive as ever, and must always, be employed one Way or other:—And therefore, if we don't constantly find fome proper. Business for them—The Thoughts and Imaginations of our Hearts will be only evil continually.

Ind. '-What reason have we to be contented, and not to defire other Men's Goods ?'

Miff. Because our own Condition is certainly the best for us, being the Appointment of a wife, just, and good God,—who will supply us with every thing needful here, and

\* 1.Cor. x, 31.

t Rom, xili. 13. I. 6. give

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give us our Portion in a better World, where we shall not need thefe things.

Ind. 'But may we not endeavour to better our Conditions?'

Miff. Yes, by God's Bleffing upon your honeft Industry; but no Man should defire to live in Plenty here, and hazard his Salvation for it; nor strive to leave his Family a great deal, and be miserable for ever in another Life, for his Covetous fields, Oppression, and ill Dealing here.

and ill Dealing here. Ind. • May I do what I pleafe with what is • iufly my own?

' juftly my own?' Miff. No:-But you muft do good with it.-Firft, live decently yourfelf; provide for your own House, that is, fuch of your Relations as are in Want; and then relieve the Poor with what you can well fpare.-And fo you will fnew your Thankfulnels to God-and be will reward you for it \*.

And this is the beft Security you can have, that you fhall never want.

He that give th unto the Poor, lendeth unto the Lord; and that which he bath given, will he pay him again  $\dagger$ .

Ind. 'Sure, Sir, Christians do not believe thefe Duties to God and Man to be fo ne-

" ceffary as you fay they are, or elfe they think

' it impossible to observe them.'

Miff. Affure yourself they are the Duties and Conditions on which their Happiness or

\* Matt. xxv. 34.

† Prov. xix. 17. Mifery ton Dial. 16. ter World, where gs. ndcavour to bet-

effing upon your lan fhould defire hazard his Salvaave his Family a e for ever in anofnefs, Oppreffion,

leafe with what is

uft do good with urfelf; provide for ch of your Relathen relieve the ll fpare.—And fo lnefs to God—and

rity you can have,

or, lendeth unto the ath given, will he

ans do not believe Man to be fo *ne-*, or elfe they think em.'

ey are the Duties their Happiness or Prov. xix. 17. Misery

# for the INDIANS.

Dial. 16.

Mifery everlafting depends; and they know this; but too many will not lay it to Heart. —They know alfo, that God, to whom all things are poffible, will not let them want any Affiftance, which they fincerely defire, and afk for. But they who are not willing to forfake their Sins, are not difpofed to beg that Help of God which is neceffary to enable them to break their Bonds; and fuch Perfons, by a juft Judgment of God, are often left to their own evil Difpofitions;—and this is the great Occafion of fo much Wickednefs as is feen among Chriftians.

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Therefore, as ever you hope to do the Will of God, and by him be made happy, keep thefe Truths in your Mind and Memory ;---' That fuch is the Corruption of our Nature, ' and Pronenefs to Evil ;- that we cannot of ourfelves, without God's fpecial Grace and ' Help, keep his Commands, and ferve him as we ought to do;-That when we have ' done our best, we are but unprofitable Ser-' vants; and that it is only through the Satisfaction of Chrift we can be juftified ;-' and that God is fo good and merciful, that he has promifed upon our fincere Defires 4 and Prayers, to give us all the Help we ' shall want to do our Duty, fo as to pleafe ' him, and to fecure our Happines for ever.'

PRAYER, therefore, being appointed by God himfelf as a Means of obtaining all the Blef-

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Bleffings we ftand in need of, you must be instructed in that Duty, how to ask of God, fo as to obtain his Grace and Help.

Ind. 'I cannot in Reafon expect that Favour from you now; but I will wait on you as

" foon as I can hope you will have Leifure."

Miff. It will be a great Pleafure and Bleffing to me, to be made an Infrument in the Hand of God, to bring you from Darknejs to Light, and from the Power of Satan unto God\*, that you may be made happy for ever.

## The PRAYER.

O LORD Jefus Chrift, who haft lovedus, and given thyfelf for us, give us Grace to love, and to forgive, and to do good;—And that, running the Way of thy Commandments, I may live and die thy Servant, and find Mercy at the great Day, when we must all appear before the Judgment-feat of Chrift. Amen.

# DIALOGUE XVII.

Of PRAYER and THANKSGIVING, being the MEANS and CONDITIONS of obtaining the GRACES and BLESSINGS of God.

#### INDIAN.

A M come again, good Sir, for your further Inftruction.—You have explained-

\* Acts xxvi. 18.

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ON Dial. 17. of, you must be to ask of God, Help.

pect that Favour wait on you as have Leifure.' eafure and Blefnfrument in the from Darkneys to Satan unto God\*, y for ever.

#### ER.

who haft loved for us, give us give, and to do the Way of thy and die thy Sergreat Day, when he Judgment-feat

#### XVII.

GIVING, being the s of obtaining the of God.

d Sir, for your furou have explained-

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to me the Commands of God, and convinced me of the Neceffity of observing them in order to be happy.—At the fame Time you told me, That we cannot observe them as we ought to do, without the Grace of God, which I must feek by diligent Prayer.

Miff. So indeed it is :----For fuch is the Diforder and Weaknefs of our Nature, and the Temptations to Sin fo many, that neither our Reafon, -- nor the Goodnefs of God's Commands, -- nor the Authority of fo powerful a Being, -- nor the Happinefs which he propofes, -- nor the Danger of our Difobedience, are fufficient to keep us within the Bounds of Duty without God's efpecial Grace: which he is fo good as to promife to all fuch, as being fenfible of their Wants, do pray for his Grace and Affiltance.

Ind. ' Pray Sir, what do you mean by the ' Grace of God?'

Miff. We mean every Favour which God freely beftows on us, in order to make his Ordinances and Commands effectual for our Salvation.

For Example—God gives us his Holy Spirit to be the Author of a new and holy Life.—This Holy Spirit has made known to us in the Scriptures the Ways of Life and of Death,—the Bleffing and Happiness of such as love and obey God,—and the miserable End of the Wicked and Disobedient—These are the first Graces and Favours of God.

Befides

#### Dial. 17. An INSTRUCTION

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Belides thefe,-to all fuch as are well difpofed, and receive these Truths, the Spirit of God enlightens their Understandings ;touches their Hearts with a Fear of God and with a Fear for themselves, on account of their Sins, and the Corruption of their Nature ;--he fnews them the Necessity of a Saviour, and what he has done to deliver them from Mifery, and to make them happy for ever.

In fhort, ----- whatever faving Truths Men know, whatever Good they do, whatever Evils. they avoid, ---- theje and many, very many more, are the Effects of the Grace and Favour of God, and the effectual Workings of his Good Spirit on our Hearts and Minds.

Ind. " What do you mean by Prayer ?"

Miff. We mean,-the laying our Wants and Defires before God, and begging of him to hear and help us, and particularly to give us the Affiftances of his Holy Spirit.

Ind. ' Doth not God know all our Wants, ' before we lay them before him ?'-And doth. " not he give his Bleffings to many that never · pray for them?'

Miff. God doth most furely know our Wants much better than we ourfelves do ;-He alio often gives us those things which we neither defire nor deferve ; - and yet he has commanded us to pray, and hath made it a Part of the Duty we owe to him ;--- and that for our own. Sake, and that we may be made more worthy of the Favours which he defigns us, and that WB/ 6

#### 10N Dial.'17.

h as are well difruths, the Spirit nderftandings;— Fear of God and h account of their f their Nature; of a Saviour, and them from Miopy for ever.

ving Truths Men o, whatever Evils nany, very many Grace and Favour Workings of his and Minds. In by Prayer ? laying our Wants d begging of him articularly to give oly Spirit.

ow all our Wants, him?'—And doth o many that never

ly know our Wants lyes do ;—He alio s which we neither t he has commandide it a Part of the d that for our own made more worthy efigns us, and that.

# Dial. 17. for the INDIANS.

we may not forget (as too many do) our Dependence upon him for Life, and Breath, and

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ell things. For, being obliged to pray to God daily, we can hardly chuse but think of Him often; -- of his Power to help us; of his Goodness and Promife to do io ;- of his Wifdom to give what is best for us;-and of his Juffice to punish those that live without God in the World : We can hardly help thinking of our own Sinfulness and Unworthiness of any Favour at the Hand of Gods-and we are led toremember the only Way by which e ery Mercy is to be obtained; even through the Merit and Mediation of our Lord Jefus Chrift .- By all which we are taught to know, to love, to bonour, to obey, to rely upon, and to praise our Maker every Day more and more perfectly, in all our Ways to acknowledge him, and live in an entire Dependence upon him ;-which is the fure Way to be happy for ever.

Ind. ' Hath God promifed to give Chriftians what they pray for ?'

Miff. He hath promifed to give them whatever they afk agreeable to his Will, and whatfoever he in his infinite Wiftom fhall think proper for them \*.—And becaufe through our Ignorance, and the Corruption of our Nature, were we left to ourfelves, we fhould be tempted to pray for fuch things as might hurt both ourfelves and others, and which would not be for

\* John xiv. 14. Ibid. xvi. 23. Matt. xxi. 22.

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the Honour of God, or for his Goodnefs, to grant, therefore his Son, and our merciful Saviour, hath given us a Pattern of Prayer, in order to direct us what to pray for, fo as to pleafe God.—And this Prayer is fo fhort, that the most unlearned Christian may get it by heart, and, by a very little Help and Attention, may understand it fo well, as never to be at a Lofs what to ask of God.

Ind. 'I hope you will be fo good as to teach 'me that Prayer, and to explain it to me.'

Miff. I will do fo, and endeavour to make you understand the Reason and Meaning of every Petition :- You must know then, that it is called the LORD'S PRAYER, because it was given by our Lord Christ to his Disciples, for the Use of them and his Followers; and it is in these Words:

# The Lord's Prayer.

Our Father which art in Heaven;—Hallowed be thy Name.— Thy Kingdom come.—Thy will be done in Earth, as it is in Heaven.—Give us this Day our daily Bread. And forgive us our Trefpaffes, as we forgive them that trefpafs againft us.—And lead us not ION Dial. 17.

his Goodnefs, to our merciful Saern of Prayer, in pray for, fo as to er is fo fhort, that an may get it by Help and Attenwell, as never to God.

b good as to teach plain it to me.' indeavour to make and Meaning of know then, that AYER, because it if to his Disciples, is Followers; and

## rayer.

h art in Heathy Name. ne.—Thy will s it is in Hea-Day our daily e us our Trefive them that \_And lead us not Dial. 17. for the INDIANS.

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not into Temptation, but deliver us from Evil.—For thine is the Kingdom, the Power, and the Glory, for ever and ever. Amen.

Ind. 'I fhould be much to blame, indeed, 'if I fhould not get fo fhort a Prayer by heart. 'You will now be fo kind as to explain it to 'me.'

Miff Before I do that, I must first obferve to you, That we are not raught to fay my Father, but Our Father,—because God, who is the God of all Mankind, would have all of us to love and to be concerned for one another; —and to increase and confirm our Love, he hath taught us, when we beg any Payour for ourselves, to pray for all others, that he may be glorified by them, as well as by us:—and that none may be deprived of those Bleffings which Jefus Christ hath purchased for Mankind.

You will also observe, that God hath permitted us to call bim our Father, to the Endthat we may pray with an humble Confidence of being kindly received :---Being affured, That as a Father pitieth bis own Children, fo the Lord pitieth them that fear bim \*.

But then we are to confider, - That this FATHER, is the GOD OF HEAVEN, who fees.

\* Pfalm ciii. 13-

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our Behaviour, and the very Thoughts of our Hearts; which should oblige us to approach him with Reverence, and godly Fear,—because He, is in Heaven, and We are upon Earth, which is his Footstool.

Laftly, --obferve-That in the Three firff Petitions we pray for the Glory of God; that we, and all People, may know him, worship and obey him, as we ought to do. --And in the Three 1-st Petitions we pray for ourfelves, -for the Necessaries of Life, --for the Pardon of our Sins, and Grace to do our Duty, --- and for God's Protestion and Deliverance from the Evils we either suffer, or fear.

· And therefore I befeech Thee, O Hea-· yenly Father, not for myfelf only, but for · all thy Children, That we may all live worthy of the Relation which we bear to Thee; -That we may not fin, knowing that we · are accounted thine, nor wilfully offend fo e great, fo good, fo tender a Father :- But . that we may love Thee not as Slaves, but as · Children ;----- That we may put our whole . Truft in Thee, and depend upon thine in-. finite Power, Wifdom, Goodnefs, and Promife to take Care of us :- That we may leave it to Thee to chuse what is best for us, and · bear with Patience and Refignation all thy · Fatherly Corrections .- And that we may " ferve Thee with Comfort and Pleafure all. • our Days, in Hopes of the everlasting In-· heritance

#### rion Dial. 17.

ry Thoughts of our ge us to approach dly Fear,—becaufe are upon Earth,

in the Three first flory of God; that know him, worship to do.—And in the ay for ourselves, for the Pardon of our Duty,— and Deliverance from the fear.

ech Thee, O Heawfelf only, but for e may all live worh we bear to Thee; , knowing that we r wilfully offend fo ler a Father :- But ot as Slaves, but as. may put our whole end upon thine inoodness, and Promise hat we may leave it is beft for us, and Refignation all thy And that we may ort and Pleafure all. the everlasting In-· heritance Dial. 17. for the INDIANS.

\* heritance which thou haft promifed to thy 4 obedient Children.'

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#### Hallowed be thy Name.

Now in this firft Petition we pray,—That all Men may have a very high Regard for the Divine Majefty of God, and for his Honour:—And efpecially, that all Chriftians, to whom he has made Himfelf and his Will known by no lefs a Perfon than his own Son, may honour him, by a firm Faith in him, and by leading *juft* and *boly* Lives, as becomes the Children of God, that others, feeing their good Works, may be converted, and glorify their Father which is in Heaven,—And, for their Encouragement in doing this, God hath declared,—*That them who bonour him be will honour* \*; that is,—he will blefs them, and make them happy.

<sup>c</sup> Let us ever remember, O God, That <sup>c</sup> thou art our great *Creater*, our abfolute <sup>c</sup> Lord, our merciful Saviour, and our all-<sup>c</sup> feeing Judge.—May we ftand in Awe of <sup>c</sup> thy almighty Power, thine all-feeing Provi-<sup>c</sup> dence, and thine angry Justice, and love thy <sup>b</sup> boundlefs Goodnefs, and be always thankful <sup>c</sup> for thine innumerable Benefits, and truft in <sup>c</sup> thy Wisdom and Truth, and call upon thy <sup>b</sup> Name, as long as we live s'

### Thy Kingdom come.

\* 1 Sam. ii. 30.

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## An INSTRUCTION Dial. 17.

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In order to underftand this Petition, you muft know,—That wherever the Chriftian Religion is received, *there is the Kingdom of* God, becaufe God is there obeyed, feared, and loved.—We pray, therefore, in thefe Words, That all the Nations of the Earth may come to the Knowledge of the true and only God, the Creator and Preferver of all things; and that the Gofpel of his Son, which contains the Laws of his Kingdom, may every where be received to the Glory of God, and the Good of Mankind;—and that every one of us may labour to advance the Kingdom of God and his Honour.

How meanly and bately do those act, who profets themtelves Members of this Kingdom, and yet have no Care or Concern for the Conduct of it;—but withal how inconfistently, while they are bidding open Defiance to their Lord, to with, as they do in this Prayer for his Coming.

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### TION Dial. 17.

this Petition, you ever the Christian e is the Kingdom of obeyed, feared, and re, in thefe Words, ne Earth may come true and only God, r of all things; s Son, which conngdom, may every Glory of God, and and that every one ance the Kingdom

et thy Kingdom come, , as the PROPHETS nd extend to every d reach every Man's may the Days come, Division, or Schilin, of any kind shall be none who are called his Coming of thy idal, or by refilting of it in himfelf !' ly do those act, who ers of this Kingdom, oncern for the Conhow inconfiftently, en Defiance to their do in this Prayer-

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#### Dial. 17. for the INDIANS.

We are alto fuppofed to pray in this Petition,—That God would be pleafed to remove whatever hinders fo glorious a Work ;—That he would reftrain the Power of the Devil, who leads fo many Nations captive at his Will : —That all fuch as are yet ignorant of the true God, may no longer want the neceffary Mans of their Conversion ;—and that all Christians may, by their good Lives, convince Unbelivers, how happy they are in being under the Laws and Government of their Maker.

Ind. ' But pray, Good Sir, how can that be ' called the Kingdom of God, in which there ' are so many wicked Subjects?'

Miff. God permits it to be fo for the prefent, in this State of Trial, to make all Men fee what they would be without the Affiftance and Help of his Grace; to fhew his Goodnefs and Patience, by which many of the Wicked are braught to Repentance; whereby alfo the Power of his Grace is both feen and glorified. —By thefe alfo he tries the Sincerity of his faithful Subjects.—But a Time is coming, when a Separation will be made of the Wheat from the Tares, the good Seed from the bad, and the Jultice of God will appear in the dreadful Punifhment of all fuch as now give Offence to his good Subjects, and hinder the propagating the Go/pel.

Thy Will be done in Earth, as it is in Heaven.

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This is the next Petition; — by which we pray, — That God by his Grace may difpofe the Hearts of all his Subjects to a chearful Obedience to his Laws, and an entire Submiffion to his Will and Direction; — and to a Performance of their Duty in that State of Life, in which his Providence hath placed them; — and this as chearfully as his Angels do their Duty and obey his Will in Heaven; — by which God will be greatly glorified, his Kingdom enlarged,—his Angels delighted, and all who obey him will be prepared for eternal Happinefs.

Now we come to the three laft Petitions which concern our own Wants, and which none but God can fupply.—And thefe I fhall explain to you the next Time you come.—In the mean Time addrefs yourfelt to the Throne of Grace in the following Words.

# The PRAYER.

ON Dial. 17.

-by which we race may difpofe As to a chearful nd an entire Subrection ;-and to y in that State of ence hath placed ally as his Angels Will in Heaven; eatly glorified,s Angels delightwill be prepared

irce last Petitions Vants, and which -And these I shall ne you come.—In rielf to the Throne Words.

# ER.

Children, O Lord chearfully to whatorder for us :-ipt Defires of our oice of thine c wn Aercy.-Give us a uty, and an Heart Will, whenever it and to obey it with hatever is contrary to

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1 1.1

to thy holy Will, that, through thy Grace, we may at last become perfect as our Heavenly Pattern is, through Jefus Chrift our bleffed Saviour and Redeemer. Amen.

#### DIALOGUE XVIII. 1. 11

# INDIAN.

TAM now come to defire you would ex-Dealer to me the remaining Part of the Lord's Prayer.

Mif. The Three laft Petitions concern our own Wants, and which none but God can fupply. The first of these is,

# Give us this Day, our daily Bread.

In which Words we pray, That God would be pleased to give us all Things which are either needful or convenient for the Health and Support of our Bodies, and for the Good of our Souls .- BREAD, being of most necelfary and univerfal Ufe, has obtained not only in Scripture, but in common Discourse all over the World, to be put very often. for all the Necessaries of Life .- Thus, Poverty is expressed by want of BREAD, and Prosperity

by Fulnefs of BREAD. Ind. ' Why do you ask for these things · Day by Day ?' ĸ

Mif.

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Mif. Because we have by this an Occasion of remembering our daily Dependence upon God, and of giving him Thanks for his Favours to us every Day of our Lives ; and forafmuch as we acknowledge that we depend upon God's Bleffing on our honeft Endeavours to us for our daily Bread, we should not for our Lives attempt to take fuch Ways for a Livelihood as we cannot hope God will blefs .- And laftly,-we learn by this Prayer, - not to be too much concerned or anxious for ourfelves for the Time to come,-becaufe God ever liveth to fupply our Wants.

Ind. ' It feems then that Christians are not to pray for great Riches, Honours, and Powers, fince they are directed only to pray 6 · for their daily Bread.'

Mil. It is certainly fo: For thefe things should be left wholly to God's Wifdom, fince Men cannot, and none but God can, know what Use any one may make of such things.-Not but that, if God gives Men fuch things, they may receive them with Thanks, and should use them to good Purposes,

Ind. " How may they do that ?"

Miff. By aflifting, with their Riches, those that are in Want :- By defending, with their Power, fuch as are oppreffed, Ge .--- And taking Care always to remember God in the Midft of their Abundance, and the Account they must give to him of both the Uje and Abuse of it.

·We

#### TION Dial. 18.

by this an Occafion y Dependence upon Thanks for his Fabur Lives; and forge that we depend our honeft Endearead, we fhould not take fuch Ways for ot hope God will earn by this Prayer, ncerned or anxious to come,—becaufe y our Wants.

that Christians are iches, Honours, and lirected only to pray

: For these things bod's Wisdom, fince but God can, know ke of such things. yes Men such things, with Thanks, and Purposes.

do that ?

th their Riches, those defending, with their reffed, &c. And emember God in the ce, and the Account of both the U/e and

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We look up unto, and depend upon Thee, O heavenly Father, for all the Neceffaries, Conveniencies, and Comforts of this Life;—And may our Bodily Wants engage us to go daily to the Throne of Grace, for the Wants of our Souls!

• ---Let thy Bleffing go along with our • honeft Endeavours, and keep us from all • unjuft Ways of bettering our Condition; • and that with all thy other Favours, give • us, we befeech thee, the Bleffing of a thank-• ful and contented Mind !'

The next Petition which concerns our-

Forgive us our Trespasses, as we forgive them that trespass against us.

Now in these Words we pray,—That God. for Christ's Sake would be merciful unto us, and forgive us our Sins, whether known or unknown, and that he would not punish us as we deferve.—And, to shew our *Thankfulne/s* for this great Mercy, we oblige ourselves to forgive, and love, and de Good to those who have any way injured us, as sincerely as we hope for Pardon from God.

Ind. 'And may a Christian be assured, 'that God will pardon his Sins, provided he K 2 'deals

196 An INSTRUCTION Dial. 18. deals with others as kindly as he defires God would deal with him?'

Miff. We have his faithful Promife by his Son, that, upon our true Repentance, he will do fo\*:-By which he hath, as it were, put our Pardon into our own Power, and left us to confider, that there will be no Mercy for him who will not fhew Mercy.

The last Petition of this Prayer is :

Lead us not into Temptation; but deliver us from Evil.

That is, we pray that God would fo order things in the Courfe of his Providence, that we may not be exposed to great and dangerous Trials, which may prove hazardous to our Virtue. — That be would not fuffer us to be tempted above what we are able, but would with the Temptation make a Way for us to efcape, that we may be alle to bear it.

\* Matt. vi. 14.

Ind.

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ul Promise by his

pentance, he will , as it were, put ower, and left us' be no Mercy for rcy.

O Heavenly Fa-from thee: Forr Lives, for every f Pardon ;-Give forgiving Temper, Condition of our od and merciful in at we may all live Temper, in which e. ----

s Prayer is :

# Temptation; n Evil.

God would fo order is Providence, that to great and dany prove hazardous vould not suffer us to are able, but would a Way for us to efto bear it. 14.

Ind.

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Ind. " What must I understand by the • Word Evil?'

Miff. First and chiefly, the evil Spirit, i. e. the DEVIL, who is the great Tempter of Mankind to all Evil.

2diy, Evil Practices, and evil Examples.

3d'y, Everlafting Mifery.

Now you will observe from this Petition, that it is not fufficient to beg Pardon for our paft Offences, -but that every good Christian must pray God to enable him to keep out of the Way of Temptation, and not fuffer him to fall again into the Sins he has repented of :---And that whenever he fuffers us to be tempted for the Trial of our Faith and Truft in him, he would in Mercy deliver us from the Power and Snares of the Devil ;- from our own corrupt Inclinations ; - from the ill Examples of a wicked World ;--- and from everlasting Mifery, the most dreadful of all Evils whatever.

And the Reafon why this Defire is by our Lord expressed in these Words-And lead us not into Temptation, but deliver us from Evil, is this:

To admonish us, that even the best of us are in Danger of falling into the fame Sins, that we have once, much more that we have often, been guilty of ; and that, becaufe there are feveral Temptations, which in the Courfe of our Lives we thall furely meet with; and therefore, that none of us are to be fecure, but ought always to watch and pray, and ftand K 3

198 An INSTRUCTION Dial. 18. ftand upon our Guard, and to look well to

ourfelves, that we be not overcome. And you will be further convinced of the abfolute Neceffity of this Petition, when you fee fo many, even amongst those who bear the Name of Christians, running headlong into everlasting Ruin, for want of God's gracious Affistance, which can only be obtained by constant and diligent Prayer.

• O God, who hateft Iniquity, and knoweft • our Infirmities,—leave us not to the Malice • and Power of the Evil one the Devil, to deal • with us as he pleafeth ;—Leave us not, O • merciful Father, to ourfelves, and to our • own corrupt Hearts and Lufts, left we rafhly • run into Temptations ;—Keep us always • under the Protection of thy Good Spirit; • fuffer us not to be furprifed, nor off our • Guard, nor tempted above what we are able • to bear ;—Give us Grace to refift the World, • the Flefh, and the Devil, and to watch and • pray daily, that we enter not into Tempta-• tion.

We conclude this Prayer with these following Words; which are a folemn Form of *Praise*, and an *Acknowledgment* to Him to whom we have been praying.

For thine is the Kingdom, the Power, and the Glory, for ever and ever. Amen.

That

0 N Dial. 18.

to look well to vercome.

convinced of the tition, when you hose who bear the ng headlong into of God's gracious be obtained by

uity, and knoweft not to the Malice the Devil, to deal Leave us not, O lves, and to our ufts, left we rafhly -Keep us always thy Good Spirit; ifed, nor off our e what we are able o resist the World, and to watch and not into Tempta-

er with these fol-: a folemn Form dgment to Him to g.

Lingdom, the ory, for ever

That

# for the INDIANS.

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That is, in other Words-We praife, and worship, and depend upon Thee, the great, and true, and only God; --- whofe Kingdom ruleth over all the World; -- whole Power nothing can refift ;- whole Glory ought to be our chief Aim and Defire ;- who alone can give us what we want and pray for ;-who alone can for-give us our Sins, and difpofe us to forgive one another ;- who can belp, fesure, and fave us in the Hour of Temptation, and deliver us from the Evils to which we are daily exposed. -To Thee, therefore, we give all Honour, Praife, and Thanks, and with that all the World would do the fame. Amen.

Ind. 'I observe, that you conclude all your · Prayers with that Word-AMEN.'

Miff. We do fo .- By which we express our molt earnest Defire, that God would grant us what we have prayed for s-which we firmly believe he will do, fo far as may really promote, his Glory and our best Interest ; - forafmuch as we are affured, That no Man did ever trust in the Lord, and was confounded \*, or difappointed of his Hopes; and therefore we conclude all our Prayers with faying Amen, or So be it, let it be as we have prayed, and do defire .-

Ind. . Can it be expected, that the IGNO-"RANT and UNLEARNED fhould pray ?"

Miff. It is most furely the Duty of every Man, however ignorant and unlearned, to pray

> \* Ecclus. ii. 10. . K 4

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and

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and give Praife to God; whereby he owns his Dependence upon him, for every thing he wants, and returns bis Thanks for all the Bleffings he receives.

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Now every Man, even the most unlearned, connot but know, that he is fubjett to be tempted to Sin, and that God only can deliver him from it .- Every one knows, that it is God only that can blefs his honeft Endeavours for a Livelihood ;- that God therefore ought to be fought to for these Bleffings, and that every one is obliged to be thankful to him when he receives them. .....

A very Child can tell his Ferber what he wants; and you fee God permits us to call him OUR EATHER, that we may lay our Defires and Want's before him after the best manner we are able, and leave it to him to help us :- He knows our Wants, however imperfectly we express them with our Tongues .--And we may be affored, that, when we devoutly use this very Prayer, God will hear and anfwer us, not according to our weak Underftandings; but in a manner fuitable to our real Neceflities, and according to the Love of a Father for bis Children.

Ind. 'Do Chriftians think, that they are

" bound to pray every Day ?" Miff: They should do fo; and every good Chrittian will do fo; becaufe he knows he wants God's Help and Pardon, and Bleffings, every Day of his Life .---- And it is chiefly 1 12 owing

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whereby he owns n, for every thing Thanks for all the

the moft unlearned, the is *fubjett to be* ad only can deliver hows, that it is God eff Endeavours for therefore ought to therefore, and that thankful to him

his Ferber what he permits us to call e may lay our Deafter the beft mane it to him to help rs, however imperh our Tongues. that, when we de-God will hear and o our weak Underer fuitable to our ding to the Love of

ink, that they are

aufe he knows he don, and Bleffings, -And it is chiefly owing

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owing to the Omiffion of this Duty, that we fee fo much Wickednefs and Mifchiefs even amongft Chriftians.—People venture every Day into a World full of Temptations to Sin, and of Dangers innumerable, without begging the Protection of God:—And they too often lie down to fleep, without praying to be delivered from the Powers of Darknets, and the fad Accidents which may befal them, when all Eyes are flut, but His only who never fleepetb.

Ind. 'Is it expected, that fuch as cannot 'read, fhould pray?'

Miff. It is an unhappinefs that People cannot read; but God forbid, that fhould hinder them from praying!—Whoever hath Senfe to know that he is a Sinner, or that he wants God's Help, is bound to pray as well as he can.—If fuch a Perfon wants a Kindnefs from his Neighbour, he will find Words to afk it in :—If he is to afk it of his Betters, he will think of doing it in a becoming Manner, and will wait with Patience, and receive it thankfully.—Let him fo behave himfelf towards his Maker; and God, who is always plealed with the Defires of a Heart truly fenfible of its Mitery and Wants, will favourably anfwer his Requefts.—

Ind. 'I observe that you make Thank/giving also a Duty, and a Service, which you

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• owe to God.'

Miff.

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Miff. God bim/elf bas made it fo \*, —and it is agreeable to our Reation. —We expect Thanks from one another, when we have done a Kindnefs. —And if Chriftians would take Notice of, and give God Tbanks for, the Mercies and Bleffings they receive daily from his Bounty, they would engage the Divine Goodnefs to multiply his Favours, which they often binder by their Ingratitude. — But then they muft ' fnew their Thankfulnefs, not only with their ' Lips but by their Lives.'

Ind. ' How often fhould we pray ?'

Miff. We should pray without ceafing + ; that is, we should let no Day pass without begging God's Bleffing; and giving him Thanks for his Mercies;-for every Bleffing we receive ; for every Danger we escape ; - and for every Affliction we meet with, and are supported under. Our Meals fhould put us in mind,that we do not live by Bread alone ; that therefore God's Bleffing must make cur Meat to do us good 1 .- In our Bulinefs we fhould remember, that it is but loft Labour, to rife early, and take little Reft,-if God bleffes not our Endeavours # .- In the Morning, we fhould pray to God to blefs our Labours all the Day ; and, in the Evening, return our humble Thanks for all the Mercies of the foregoing Day, and pray for Prefervation, and the other Mercies of the Night.

• 1 Theff. v. 18. + Ibid. v. 17. ‡ Deut. viii. 3. || Pfalm exxvii. 3.

Ind.

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le it fo \*, — and it is We expect Thanks have done a Kindwould take Notice or, the Mercies and from his Bounty, wine Goodnet's to a they often binder at then they muft not only with their

d we pray?" without ceasing +; y pass without beggiving him Thanks Bleffing we receive ; e; - and for every and are supported put us in mind,d alone; that theremake cur Meat to do s we should rememabour, to rife early, od bleffes not our forning, we should abours all the Day ; our humble Thanks foregoing Day, and d the other Mercies

. 17. ‡ Deut. viii. 3.

Ind.

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Ind. 'Are there any further Instructions that you think necessary to give me, concerning this Duty of Prayer?'

Miff. Only remember, — That whenever you fay this Prayer, or beg any Favour from God, you do it with the Humility of one who is fenfible of his Wants and Mijery; — with Submiffion to God's Will; with great Reverence, Attention of Mind, and Deliberation, that your Heart may go along with your Lips. — And lattly, which you must never forget, — you must afk every Bleffing you want of God, FOR THE SAKE OF HIS SON JESUS CHRIST; . it being on kis Account alone, and for what be has done and fuffered, that God will own us for his Children, or grant us what we pray for.

Ind. 'I hope I shall always remember to do fo.'

*Milf.* Indeed it is of fo very great Moment, that JESUS CHRIST himfelf has appointed an HOLY ORDINANCE to be observed by all Christians, on purpose that they may always remember the wonderful things he has done, and the great Blessings he hath obtained for them:—Particularly the Sacrifice of his Death, and the Benefits which we receive by it; viz. the Pardon of our Sins, and the fure and certain Hope of everlasting Life.—When, therefore, you come again to me, I will explain this to you more fully, than I can do at prefent for want of Time.

K 6

Ind

# 204 An INSTRUCTION Dial. 19. Ind. 'You have faid enough, Sir, to make 'me return to you as foon as poffibly I can.'

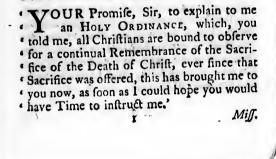
#### The PRAYER.

B Leffed be thy Name O God, for this great Privilege of laying our Wants before Thee, and for the great Hopes we have of being heard.—Make me ever fentible of my Wants, and of thy Power and Goodnefs to help me, that at all Times I may call upon Thee, by diligent Prayer.—And hear me, O King of Heaven, when I call upon Thee, in the Name of our Lord Jefus Chrift; that I may effectually obtain the Relief of my Neceflities, and ever give Thee Praife for the fame. Amen.

## DIALOGUE XIX.

The SACRAMENT OF THE LORD'S SUPPER explained.

#### INDIAN.



UGH, Sir, to make ugh, Sir, to make us poffibly I can.'

#### ER.

God, for this great bur Wants before Hopes we have of ver fenfible of my d Goodnefs to help y call upon Thee, hear me, O King of Thee, in the Name at I may effectually eccflities, and ever ime. Amen.

## E XIX.

LORD'S SUPPER

· .

, to explain to me ance, which, you e bound to obferve rance of the Sacriift, ever fince that has brought me to ild hope you would e.

Miff.

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for the INDIANS. 205

Miff. I have now Time to do it .---- You remember, I hope, what I have told you before ;- that there are two Special Ordinances of the Christian Religion, which we call SA-CRAMENTS, appointed by Chrift himfelf as neceffary Means of Salvation, when they may be regularly had .- Thefe are BAPTISM, and the LORD's SUPPER .- By Baptifm we are introduced into the Christian Character ;-at which Time we enter into a Covenant with God, wherein, on our Part, we promise,-to believe in him, to fear, to love, and obey him all our Days :- And God, on his Part, receives us into his Family, which is his Church, and promiseth to treat us as his Children,-to protest us, while we live, and, when we die, to make us happy, if we have behaved ourfelves as his dutiful Children ought to do; and thus we give ourfelves up unto Chrift.

Ind. " This I have not forgot.'

Miff. But then, forafmuch as this high Favour hath been beftowed upon Christiansto be called and treated as the Children of God, not for any thing they have done to deferve it, but purely for the Sake of what his Son Jefus Christ hath done and fuffered for them, He hath appointed ANOTHER SACRAMENT which we call the LORD'S SUPPER, in order to keep up the Remembrance of what he hath done for us :- His laying down his Life for us to redeem us from the Wrath of God, to purchafe

#### An INSTRUCTION. Dial. 19. 206 purchase us to himself to be a People zealous

of good Works. Ind. "Why do you call THIS SACRAMENT

· by the Name of the LORD's SUPPER ?'

Miff. Because our Lord Chrift did appoint THIS ORDINANCE at bis Last Supper with his Disciples, the Evening before he was crucified, to preferve the Memory and the Reafons of his Death; the Knowledge of which is the Foundation of the Christian Religion, and that on which the Hanninels and Salvation of all Men doth depend.

Ind. ' You will not wonder, if I am very e defirous to know all that is neceffary con-

 cerning this Ordinance.' Miff. That you may do fo, you must carry your Thoughts back to what I have already told you of, the first Parents of Mankind ; -that they rebelled against their Maker's Command ;- that they loft his Favour, and all Right and Title to the Happiness which he had promifed them ;--- that this very Nature became prone to Evil ;-and both they and their Posterity became fubject to Sin, to Mifery, and to Death :- And laftly that the Son of God, pitying their Calamity, undertook to redeem them,-to fatisfy his Father's Juffice, and to fuffer in his own Perfon for their Sins; as also to impart to them a Spirit and Principle of a new Life, in order to renew that Nature which they had fo fadly spoiled .-In

#### Dial. 19, ION. a People zealous

THIS SACRAMENT D'S SUPPER ?' Chrift did appoint of Supper with his ore he was crucifiy and the Reasons lge of which is the ian Religion, and 's and Salvation of

der, if I am very t is neceffary con-

fo, you must carry hat I have already arents of Mankind; inft their Maker's his Favour, and Iappinefs which he t this very Nature and both they and ject to Sin, to Milaftly that the Son mity, undertook to is Father's Justice, rfon for their Sins; a Spirit and Prinrder to renew that fadly spoiled .ln Dial. 19.

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In order to which he was made Man; and, having put himfelf in the Place of Sinners, he offered himfelf to fuffer Death for their Redemption ; by which he reftored them to his Father's Favour, and to a Poffibility of obtaining the Happiness for which they at first were made.

By which wonderful Goodnefs, and moft worthy Sacrifice, God was fo well pleated,that he liath, for his Son's Sake, promifed to parden all penitent Sinners, and to make them happy for ever.

Ind. 'All this I now remember you ex-' plained to me; and I thank you for putting "me again in mind of it: and I hope now I · shall never forget it."

Miff. It will certainly be your Interest to remember it; for indeed your Happinels depends upon it.

Ind. Is it fufficient for me to remember in this Sacrament, that there was fuch a Per-' fon as Jefus Chrift ?'

Miff. No, furely; much more is contained in it.-We are to call to mind his wonderful Love to Mankind, which engaged him to take our Nature upon him, and to fubmit to the Infirmities and Miseries of it; which made him content to live amongst us, and to die for us :---- It is to call to mind his unwearied Patience and Diligence in doing Good ; -healing the Difeafes, and instructing the Ignorance, of Men; and particularly his most

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grievous Sufferings and Death, by which he made an Atonement to his Father for the Sins of Mankind.—He was made Sin for us, who knew no Sin, that we might be made the Righteoufnefs of God in him \*. And if we truly remember him, we shall endeavour to copy the Example of his Virtues, and especially those which were most conspicuous in his Life.

Ind. 'Where shall I learn the History of 'his Life and Actions, that I may follow his 'Example?'

Mill. In the Four Gospels, or in what is called the NEW TESTAMENT.

Ind. ' What do you mean by the Gospels?'

Miff. 1 mean FOUR SMALL TREATTES, in which the Life and Ations of our Saviour are written for the Benefit of all fucceeding Chriftians; and, when it shall be your Happiness to read them, you will there find abundant Matter and Reason for the perpetual Remembrance of Jesus Christ.

Ind. • What need was there of this Sacra-• ment, fince it feems impossible for Men ever • to forget so great a Benefactor ?

Miff. Jefus Chrift, who knew our Nature better than we ourfelves do, and how very apt we are to forget the greateft Favours of God, has by this HOLY ORDINANCE provided, that fuch as have any Senfe or Regard for his Love, or even for their own Happinefs, fhall neven want a proper Occasion of remembering what

\* 2 Cor. v. 21.

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#### TION Dial. 19.

eath, by which he Father for the Sins de Sin for us, who the made the Righ-And if we truly reeavour to copy the and effectially those ous in his Life.

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PELS, or in what is

n by the GOSPELS? ALL TREATIES, in of our Saviour are Il fucceeding Chrifbe your Happinels ere find abundant perpetual Remem-

here of this Sacrafilible for Men ever efactor ?'

b knew our Nature o, and how very apt of Favours of God, nee provided, that egard for his Love, ppines, shall never remembering what

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he hath done and fuffered to redeem them from Mifery, and to put them in a Way of being happy for ever:—He likewife intended this HOLY ORDINANCE as a flanding Proof or Evidence of this important Fact of his Death, thereby to firengthen and renew our Faith in it.

Ind. ' You will now, Sir, be pleafed to let 'me know how he hath done this.'

Miff. Our GREAT LORD and SAVI-OUR JESUS CHRIST, the Night before he was crucified, ' took Bread, and bleffed ' and brake it, and gave it to his Disciples, and faid, Take, eat; this is my Body, that ' is given for you :- Do this in Remembrance of me .- After Supper also he took a Cup of Wine, and gave Thanks, and gave it to them faying, Drink ye all of this;-for this is my Blood of the new Covenant, which ' is fhed for you, and for many, for the Re-' miffion of Sin .- Do this, as often as ye shall drink it; in Remembrance of me .- For as oft as ye shall eat this Bread, and drink this 'Cup, ye do shew the Lord's Death till he · come.'

Ind. 'You will now, Sir, let me know 'how this Sacrament is observed amongst 'Christians.'

Miff. They do it after this Manner :--Firft, the Minister of Christ placeth, or causeth to be placed, upon a Table in our Churches, a Portion of Bread and Wine, in the Sight of all the

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the People. This Bread and Wine, which are to represent the Sacrifice of Chrift's Body and Blood, are fanctified, or fet apart, for this holy Ufe, by giving Thanks to God for all his Favours, and efpecially for having fent his only Son to redeem us by his Death ; and by begging of him, that when we receive, and eat and drink this Bread and Wine, we may be to far made Partakers of the Sacrifice of his most bleffed Body and Blood, as to share in all the Benefits which he hath obtained for us by his Death. At the fame Time he breaketh the Bread into Pieces, and poureth the Wine into a Cup, to represent unto our Senses, by these outward and visible Signs, the Death of Chrift, whofe Body was broken, and Flood poured out, upon the Cross.

Ind. ' Pray, Sir, how doth he, after ..... " difpose of this Bread and Wine ?"

Miff. This Bread and Wine, being fantified by the Word of God and Prayer, he diftributes among those who are there present; -putting them in mind, that Jefus Chrift died for them, and for their Salvation ;-preferring their Happiness to his own Life ;that therefore they ought never to forget fo great a Kindnels, but to keep up the Remem-brance of bim, after this Manner, which he hath appointed, UNTIL HIS COMING AGAIN.

ind. Is this all that is required of Chrif-" tians,-" To keep up the Remembrance of " Chrift, and of his Death ?"

Miff.

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nd Wine, which are f Chrift's Body and apart, for this holy God for all his Fahaving fent his only )eath; and by begwe receive, and eat Wine, we may be the Sacrifice of his ood, as to fhare in all h obtained for us by e Time he breaketh d poureth the Wine unto our Senfes, by Signs, the Death of broken, and Elsod ofs.

doth he, after as s, nd Wine Press

Wine, being fantii and Prayer, he difho are there prefent; id, that Jefus Chrift heir Salvation;—preit to his own Life; ht never to forget fo o keep up the Rememfanner, which he hath COMING AGAIN.

is required of Chrifthe Remembrance of eath ?"

Miff.

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Miff. No, furely ;-----no ferious Christians think that alone fufficient. --They know that it is an humble Heart in which Christ delights to dwell ;----they therefore look upon this Sacrament as a proper Occasion of humbling themselves before God, and of abhorring those Sins which cost Jefus Christ his Life and Blood.

They know alfo, that the Bleffings obtained for us by Chrift's Death, of which this Sacrament is a Remembrance, are as much the Food of the Soul, as Bread and Wine are of the Body—that this Food or Support we receive by a lively Faith in his Merits; and do therefore, at this Time, more efpecially acknowledge the Efficacy of his Death.—This is the true Bread, which nourifbeth to eternal Life \*.—That God who fpared not his own Son, but gave him up for us all, will be not with him freely give us all things?

Befides this, every penitent Christian will look upon this as a proper Time to remember and comfort himself with the great *Extent of God's Mercy* declared by his Son, and this even with an Oath,—' That all Sins shall be for-' given unto the Sons of Men †.'

Every humble Christian also, who feels in his Soul the Want of God's Help to support him against the Temptations of the World, the Flefb, and the Devil, will think this a very proper Time to beg of God his Son's Promise,

· John vi.

+ Mark iii. 28. — That

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That he will give the holy Spirit to them that afk him.'

Laftly, - Every Chriftian must be fuppofed to receive this Sacrament in'Token that he acknowledgeth Jefus Chrift to be his Lord and Saviour - to be his Lawgiver here, and his Judge hereafter.

Ind. 'I remark, that Chrift commanded this Ordinance to be observed by his Followers TILL HIS COMING ADAIN: Pray, what is meant by that?

Miff. Why, as I have told you before, we Chriftians do know, and firmly believe, that Jefus Chrift will come again at the End of the World—TO JUDOE THE LIVING AND THE DEAD;—to call all Men that ever have lived to an Account for the Ufe they have made of the Favours which God has given them; and to reward or punifp them, as they have lived well or ill in this World.

And this Intimation he gave his Followers, when he appointed this Ordinance, that they may confider, every Time they go to this Sacrament, what Account they will be able to give of themfelves, ' when he fhall come to ' judge the World in Righteouinefs.'

Ind. 'Is there any thing elfe required of Christians, before they go to this Sacra. ment?

Mill. Yes:-They ought, in the first Place, to confider what Sort of Life they have led fince they took on them the Christian Character; TION Dial. 19. holy Spirit to them

in must be supposed in'Token that he ift to be his Lord and giver bere, and his

Chrift commanded bferved by his Fol-ING ADAIN: Pray,

told you before, we firmly believe, that ain at the End of the LIVING AND THE that ever have lived fe they have made of has given them; and , as they have lived

e gave his Followers, Ordinance, that they ne they go to this Sathey will be able to hen he shall come to ighteouineis.'

ing elfe required of ey go to this Sacra.

ight, in the first Place, of Life they have led the Christian Character; Dial. 19. for the INDIANS.

ter ;-at which Time they obliged themfelves to make the Laws of God the Rule of their Faith, and Life, and Actions:'-And to examine themfelves, whether they have not led a wicked, at least an idle, ufeless Life; - or whether they now live in any known Sin ;--because they are bound, when they go to that Sacrament, ----- ferioufly to acknowledge their Offences and Sins before God, and to beg his Pardon, with a full Purpose of Amendment: of Life; otherwife they will receive nothing there, but their own Condemnation ....

A Chriftian is obliged alfo to have a grateful Sense of Goa's Goodness, by confidering his Mercy in fending his own Son to redeem us, whom by his Death he hath reconciled to his Father, and put us in a Way to be for ever. happy, if it is not merely our own Fault.

And laftly, Jefus Chrift having expressly commanded, ' That all his Disciples should · love one another, as he hath loved them, ' and given his Life for them \*,'-every Chriftian is bound, before he goeth to this Sacrament (the chief End of which is to put himin Mind of this great Instance of Christ's Love, every Christian, I fay, is bound), to confider whether he hath any thing in his Heart, contrary to this Pattern of true Love, and Command of his Saviour.

Ind. ' Do you believe, that Christians are. generally careful to prepare themfelves for. ' this Ordinanc after this manner .'

John xiii. 34.

8 .:

Miff.

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Miff. All ferious Christians are fo :- But, too many, it is to be feared, are not .- And this is the Reafon why fo many receive no Benefit from this Sacrament ;- for otherwile, THIS ORDINANCE would be a most powerful Reftraint to keep them from leading a thought. less and an evil Life,-by affording them fo many bleffed Occafions of remembering and renewing their Covenant with God, laying them under continual Obligations of leading a new and Chriftian Life, and obtaining Grace from God to do fo.

Ind. . What do you think of those Chrif-\* tians that never go to this Sacrament ?"

Miff. Why they are generally to be effeemed in the Way of Ruin, without feeing their Danger .- They do not confider, that, as they are Sinners, God cannot be pleafed with them; -and that there is no Pardon for Sinners, no Salvation to be hoped for, but only through the Merits of Christ's Death, which is commemorated in this Sacrament.

Ind. ' But fure, Sir, all Christians are not \* fo thoughtlefs ;- they must have fome Rea-

fons for neglecting to necessary a Duty, as

" you feem to reprefent it."

Miff. There may be Reasons and Scruples for absenting for a Time ;----but, generally fpeaking, fome of these following are the true Reasons, why Men turn their Backs upon the Lord's Supper when invited to it, let them pretend what they pleafe.

Either

#### TION Dial. 19.

ians are fo:--But, ed, are not.--And many receive no it;--for otherwife, be a moft powerful n leading a thoughtaffording them fo remembering and with God, laying igations of leading nd obtaining Grace

ink of those Chrisis Sacrament ?' erally to be efteemwithout seeing their nsider, that, as they pleased with them; don for Sinners, no , but only through ath, which is comme-

I Chriftians are not uft have fome Reaecefiary a Duty, as

eafons and Scruples but, generally blowing are the true heir Backs upon the ted to it, let them

Either

# for the INDIANS.

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Either they live in fome known Sin, which they will not at prefent refolve to forfake ;--or this World, its Bufinefs or Pleasures, have taken fuch Possession of their Hearts, that they have no Time even to think of their Souls, or of what must come hereafter ;- Or lastly, ide themselves with a faint Pur-- '10" pote, that is it shall not always be with them ;----- that fome Time or other they will make the Care of their Souls their great Concern. But fuch Perfons should confider, that while they thus defpife one of the greateft Inftances of God's Love, they continue in a Sin which too nearly refembles the Denial of their Lord and Saviour : More particularly they should reflect, that by persisting in such a wilful Difobedience to Chrift's poficive Command, they have no well-grounded Affurance that any of their Prayers will be granted : For as Chrift's Death is the only folid Foundation of Favour with God, fo his MEDIATION is the only Channel through which it is to be conveyed to Chriftians. Whether, therefore, those who refuse to commemorate the one, can lay any just Claim to the other, is left to every Man's ferious Meditation :---And they fhould confider with what Face they can bereafter appear before their Saviour in Judgment, whom they refused to remember in his Ordinance here on Earth ;- it having been observed,-That whatever keeps a Man from the Sacrament, after be bas been instructed in the true Nature of

An INSTRUCTION Dial. 19. 216 it, will, generally speaking, binder bim from

going to Heaven. Ind. Can a Chriftian know whether he . hath gone to this Sacrament as he ought to have done, fo as to hope for the Bleffings " attending it ?"

Miff. That will beft be known by the Manner of his Life afterwards :---If a Perfon went as a true Penitent, he will be very careful of falling into the Sins he hath repented of .- If he was indeed grieved with the Remembrance of his Sins, and the Burthen of them was intolerable ;- if he did in good earnest purpoje to lead a new Life, he will be more careful to beg of God to enable him to do fo .- If he went with a lively Faith in God's Mercy through Chrift, that Faith will appear in a better Obedience to God's Laws .- If be had a thankful Remembrance of Chrift's Death, the grateful Acknowledgment of that invaluable Bleffing will conftrain him to live fo as to please his merciful Redeemer .- Laftly, If he went with a truly charitable Disposition to the Sacrament, he will afterwards make the Love of Chrift the Pattern of his Love to all others,he will forgive, and give, and love as becomes a Disciple of Jesus Christ.

Ind. ' Will not the Bleffings which Chrift . hath obtained by his Death, as reprefented · by this Sacrament, encourage Christians to hope for Salvation without Amendment of Life ? 

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# TION Dial. 19. , binder bim from

know whether he ent as he ought to for the Bleffings

nown by the Man--If a Perfon went be very careful of h repented of .- If the Remembrance en of them was inood earnest purpoje be more careful to m to do fo.-If he God's Mercy through ar in a better Obef be bad a thankful eath, the grateful invaluable Bleffing e fo 'as to pleafe Laftly, If he went ofition to the Sacramake the Love of ove to all others,ind love as becomes flings which Chrift

eath, as represented burage Christians to lout Amendment of

Miff.

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Miff. Ignorant and untboughtful People may delude themfelves with fuch vain Hopes; but all well inftructed Christians should know, that tho' Christ died for the Salvation of all, yet those only shall actually enjoy the Benefits of his Death, who live according to the Will and Commands of him who died for them; that there will be no Forgiveness of Sins without Repentance, and a thorough Reformation of Life; and that the strictest Adherence to this or any other positive Ordinance of God willnot avail, without an earnest and fincere Endeavour to perform the whole Will of God, as it respects HIM, our NEIGHBOUR, and OURSELVES.

Ind. 'I cannot, Sir, but be very thankful 'for the great Pains you have taken to in-'fruct me, and to make me understand the 'Nature and Benefit of the Sacrament of the 'Lord's Supper; and indeed, Sir, I am 'very defirous to be baptized, if you know 'of nothing that ought to hinder me.'

Miff. I would not hinder you one Moment; --but that I have one thing more to make you fenfible of, before I would encourage you to be baptized.--And this is--' The Delufion, ' the Danger, and the Mifchief, of being a ' Chriftian without Chriftianity.'

Ind. 'Indeed, Sir, I do not underftand you.' Miff. I will explain to you what I mean, when you come to me again.—In the mean Time, I fhall pray God to keep you in this L good

# 218 An INSTRUCTION Dial. 20. good Difpolition, and from every thing the may any Way hinder your true Conversion.

# The PRAYER.

A LMIGHTY God, who gaveft thine only Son *Jefus Chrift* to fuffer Death for our Redemption, give me Grace to keep up the Remembrance of this great Mercy.—Grant that I may never be afhamed to confefs the Faith of Chrift crucified;—That I may never defpife the Bleffings he has purchafed for me, nor the Means of Grace which he hath ordained; which I moft humbly beg for the Sake of the fame Jefus Chrift our Lord. Amen.

# DIALOGUE XX.

The DELUSION, the DANGER, and the MIS-CHIEF, of being Christians without Christianity.

#### INDIAN.

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MOST kind Sir, I left you with a very earneft Defire of being baptized; but you faid you had fomething of Moment to fay to me, before I was to take upon me the Character of a Chriftian: For that Reafon I am now come to wait on you. *Miff.* To tell you the Truth, then, notwithftanding the Pains I have taken to inftruct n every thing that true Conversion.

YER.

ho gaveft thine only uffer Death for our ace to keep up the t Mercy.—Grant amed to confess the —That I may never as purchased for me, which he hath orobly beg for the Sake our Lord. Amen.

#### UE XX.

iGER, and the Misfians without Chrif-

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### AN.

I left you with a very being baptized; but thing of Moment to vas to take upon me iftian: For that Reao wait on you.' he Truth, then, not-I have taken to inftruct

## Dial. 20. for the INDIANS.

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ftruct you, and fhew you both your true Interest, and your great Danger in not following it, I cannot but be afraid, left, when you come to be more converfant with the World, and inftead of finding the good Fruits which you might naturally expect from to excellent, a Religion, you fhould find amongst too many profeffing that Religion, little or no Fear of God, nor any true Concern for themselves, or for what must come hereaster ;- I cannot but be afraid therefore, left, feeing this, you fhould be tempted to fufpeet the Truths I have told you, and so either renounce Christianity, or elfe content yourfelf, as too many do, with the borrowed Name of a Chriftian, and with mere Shadows of Religion, without endeavouring after that substantial Holines, without which no Man mult ever hope to be happy.

Ind. 'I am very thankful for your Con-'cern for me, and I shall hear with Attention 'the Instructions you will be pleased to give, 'for preventing my Fall.'

Miff.-You must know then, — that the Cbriftian Religion is intended by God to cure the Corruption of our Nature, and to make us bappy, by making us boly, just, and good; —by making Cbriftian, the best Neighboars, the truest Friends, — the kindest Masters, —the most faithful Servanus, the best Husbands and Wives, —the most careful and tender Parents, and the most dutiful Cbildren, —the justest Magistrates, and the most faithful and obe-L 2 - dient

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dient Subjects ;-and, above all, the devouteft Worshippers of the true and only God, and friet Observers of his Laws .- Now my Fears are,-That when you shall see too many Christians live without any Regard to thefe Duties, profefing to know God, but in their Works denying bim \* ;-- I fay again, I cannot but be afraid for you -- left you should forget the HOLY Cove-NANT you made with God, when you were baptized,-and fall in fenfibly into the Way of the World, which leads to Destruction.

Ind. ' Pray, Sir, what do you mean by the

" Way of the World ?" Miff. 1 mean, " that fad, but too common · Delution, of being Christians without Christianity: - That is, - of profefing to obey the Laws, and to follow the Example of Chrift, and at the fame Time leading careles and unchristian Lives ;- by which God is exceedingly diffionoured ;----- the Gofpel defpifed ; -and too, too many deceived to their everlafting Ruin ;- the ill Confequences of which can never be fufficiently lamented :----For the poor Heathens observing, that these People call themfelves Chriftians; and yet feeing them corrupt in their Manners, Contemners of the God they worthip, and his Laws ;-minding neither his Promifes nor Threats :--- but having their Hearts wholly fet upon their worldly Interests or Pleasures ;- they, feeing this, do very naturally conclude, ---- that if

\* Rom. i. 21.

fuch

ION Dial. 20.

all, the devouteft only God, and ftrift ow my Fears are, oo many Christians o thefe Duties, probeir Works denying ot but be afraid for ot the HOLY COVEd, when you were bly into the Way of Deftruction.

lo you mean by the

i, but too common ians without Christirofeffing to obey the Example of Chrift, eading careles and nich God is exceedhe Gospel despised; eived to their evernfequences of which lamented :----For ing, that these Peoians; and yet feeing nners, Contemners of d his Laws ; - mindnor Threats :--- but olly fet upon their ures ;- they, feeing onclude, — that if

fuch

21.

#### for the INDIANS.

fuch People as thefe can think themfelves fecure of Happinels in the next Life, no one needs to be concerned whether he be an HEATHEN or a CURISTIAN in this.

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Ind. 'You remember, Sir, what I told you before, that this very thing had once made 'me refolve never to think of becoming a Chriftian; till you affured me that fuch as 'thefe are NO TRUE CHRISTIANS;—but are 'either wholly ignorant of what they profels, 'or deceive themfelves with the Thoughts, 'that there is fomething in the very Name of 'a Chriftian, which may recommend them to the Favour of God, and fave them from this 'Difpleafure, and their own Ruin.'

Miff. I told you the Truth, and what the Son of God hath commanded all Mankind to take Notice of ;- ' That not every one who ' calls himfelf a Chriftian, fhall enter into the ' Kingdom of Heaven, but fuch only as do ' the Will of his Father which is in Heaven, ' and obferve his Laws \*.'

Ind. ' I shall be very thankful, if you will ' let me know who they are that thus delude ' and deceive themselves that I may not fol-' low them to my Ruin.'

\* Matt. vii, 21. + Rom. xii, 16. L 3 often

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## An INSTRUCTION Dial. 20.

often lead into very dangerous Errors fuch People as do not know or confider, upon what certain Proofs the Truths of the Gospel are most furely believed among ft us.

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1 .

Ind. 'I hope my Belief in the Gofpel is confirmed fufficiently, both by the many and wonderful Miracles of Chrift, effectially by his Refurrestion from the Dead \*.'

Miff. But you must not forget, That your Faith, and the Increase and Continuance of it, is the Gift of God; which you must pray for, as ever you hope to be preferved free from Error.

Ind. 'Well, it is ftrange, however, that People of Understanding in other things, who cannot but fee how much we are apt to be miltaken in the common Affairs of Life, fhould, in Matters of the greatest Concern, wholly depend upon their own Wifdom and Power, even where God hath undertaken to direct and affist us.' Miff. You will not wonder at this, if you

*Mill.* Fou will not wonder at this it you remember, what hath been to often repeated and proved;—that fuch is the *Corruption* of our Nature, that when any Man, through a proud *Conceit* of his own *Wildom* and *Strength*, fhall provoke God to forfake and leave him to himfelf, that Man will be capable of believing and doing the most unreasonable things, to which an *evil Spirit*, or his own *corrupt Heart*, can tempt hun.

\* Acts ii. 22. Roni. ii. 4.

Ind.

Dial. 20. NOI

rous Errors fuch nfider, upon what of the Gospel are ls.

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mi. ii, 4.

for the INDIANS. Dial. 20.

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Ind. ' Pray, Sir, what other Mistakes are there amongst Christians, which endanger their Salvation ?'

Miff. There are too many, who, for want of Attention to the good Instructions which are given them, confider not how they live, nor what will become of them when they dte; -who know not the Evil of Sin, nor the Mifchiefs it has brought into the World ;-- how hateful it is to an holy God,-how ftrict his Commands are to avoid it, and what the Portion of Sinners in the next Life is to be ;-and therefore propose no other End to themselves, in this Life, but only to live and die as easy as they can .- Beside those who walk in Darkness, and know not whither they go \*, and are fecure, because ignorant ;- there are others, that are even afraid of being instructed.

Ind. ' That is ftrange indeed.'

Miff. But it is true : And the Reason is, because, if we deal faithfully with Sinners, we must testify against them, that their Deeds are evil +, and that they are in very great Danger, if they do not forfake their beloved Sins; and then they will bate both us, and those unwelcome Truths, which condemn them, and their Way of Life :- No wonder therefore, that both these Sorts of Christians, by their unrighteous Lives, furnish Unbelievers with Arguments for perfifting in their Obstinacy, -and hazard their own Salvation.

> + John vii. 7. \* John xii. 35. L 4

There

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There are others alfo, who have been better informed, and perhaps well inclined; bur, fuffering their Hearts to be poffeffed with the Love of the World \*, its Bufinefs, Riches, or Pleasures, they lofe thereby the Knowledge and Remembrance of the Truth, and forget their good Purpofes, and fall into the Way of Living which the Christian Religion condemns, and which will be punished with the Lofs of Heaven and Happinefs. And there are too many, who, having not caft off all Fear of God, and Concern for their Souls, do yct content themfelves with a punctual Performance of the external Part of Religion, vainly think. ing that an outward Shew of religious Worthip will atone for the Want of that inward Purity of Heart, which is indifpenfably required from every Christian.

Ind. 'I would be glad to know who this Sort of miftaken Christians are.'

Miff. Befide those already mentioned, there are many, who, though they know themselves not to be in the Way of Salvation, make their Minds easy, by purposing to repent, and be converted, foolifily supposing that Repentance is abfolutely in their own Power 3—at the fame Time provoking God, who alone can give them the Grace of Conversion, to leave them to their own Choice and Destruction.

Others flatter themselves, that Repentance, and a Change of Life, are only required, where \* Matt, xiii, 22.

People

#### TION Dial. 20.

ho have been better vell inclined; but, e poffeffed with the Business, Riches, or by the Knowledge Truth, and forget all into the Way of ian Religion conpunished with the efs. And there are t caft off all Fear of r Souls, do yet conactual Performance gion, vainly thinkof religious Worant of that inward is indifpenfably rean.

to know who this ians are.'

es, that Repentance, only required, where

People

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Ind. 'I have heard, that Christians do depend very much upon the Goodness and Mercy of God.'

Miff. And fo they may, and ought to do, provided they do not decrive themfelves, by abuling his Mercy, which is intended to lead Men to Repentance, and Amendment of Life. Ind. (Pray, how do Men abufe this Mercy

for God ? w spanil - . . . .

Maff. When they continue to live in any knacen Sin, on wilfully neglect any Duty; and yet hope, that God of his great Mercy will forgive them. Sin it is a set

Ind. 'You have often mentioned the Cor-'ruption and Weakness of human Nature; 'will not this plead our Excuse, and prevail 'with fo good and merciful a Being to pardon 'fuch as have not done what he hath com-'manded?'

Miff.: Yes: And he hath faithfully promifed, that upon Condition of their Repentance, and Amendment of Life (according to the Terms and Conditions in the Gofpel) he will pardon the greateft Sinners.

LS

Ind.

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Ind. ' Perhaps they will fay, that they are ' not able to perform these Conditions.'

Miff. What would you think of one who fhould make that an Excuse, and yet would be forry to be made *able*, only because he is *unwilling* to part with his Sins?

Ind. Such an one, to be fure, complains without Reason, and his Ruin will be from himfelf.

... Miff. And yet this is the Cafe of all careles and wicked Christians.—God would have all his Creatures happy;—he knows that Man can never be happy, till his corrupt Nature be mended ;- he has therefore, as I told you before, appointed the Christian Religion, as the most effectual Means of our Recovery from Sin unto Holinefs .- By which we are taught to depend upon the Almighty Power of God, even that Almighty Power which raifed Jefus Christ from the Dead \*,- to raise us from the Death of Sin unto the Life of Righteoufnefs; by enabling us to fee, to refift; to overcome, and to root out whatever is evil in us, and to reftore us to the Image of God, in which Man was at first created .- Christians, therefore, do but delude themfelves, and blafpheme God, when they pretend they cannot do what he requires of them, in order to their Happinefs.

And to name no more Ways at prefent, by which Men deceive themfelves to their Ruin : ----Very great is the Number of fuch as depend.

a 20 3.4

\* Rom, vi. 4

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## ION Dial. 20

fay, that they are Conditions. think of one who

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Cafe of all careles od would have all knows that Man corrupt Nature,be e, as I told you bean Religion, as the our Recovery from hich we are taught hty Power of God, which raifed Jefus o raife us from the e of Righteoufnefs; fift; to overcome, and il in us, and to re-God, in which Man ftians, therefore, do nd blaspheme God, nnot do what he ieo their Happinels.

Ways at prefent, by felves to their Ruin : ber of fuch as depend.

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upon a Death-bed Repentance, for the making their Peace with God, and fitting themfelves for Heaven; --living in the mean Time without God in the World, neither fearing his Anger, nor regarding his Promifes.

Ind. 'Indeed, Sir, thefe are all fad Miftakes; and I hope I fhall not fall into any of them.'

Miff. I hope fo too; -but then you must be very humble, and always fear for yourfelf, and beg of God to keep you from fuch Miftakes, which are the Ruin of fo many, who yet call and think themselves to be Christians; -otherwise your being made a Christian will not fecure you from Danger.

Ind. ' Pray, Sir, what are the things which ' are most likely to offend the good Spirit of

God, and to force him to forfake fuch as are dedicated to him, and put under his Protection?

Miff. In the first Place, Christians do griève that good Spirit, -- by neglecting to improve the Graces bestowed upon them; -- for, as I told you before, this is a Rule of the Gospel, -- That to him who makes good Uje of the Favours which God hath given him, God will give more; and be that will not do fo, shall lose what be hed \*.

Ind. 'I hope I shall not forget this Rule ' of Truth.'

#### \* Matt. xiii. 12.

LOVEZ ..... L 6 ..... John Mill.

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Miff. In the next Place, a Christian runs the Hazard of losing the Help and Comfort of the Spirit of God, by returning into that Way of Life, and to those Sins, which he renounced at his Baptism; —especially when he falls into, and continues in, any known and wilful Sin; —for then he will naturally hate God, and God will forsake him.

Ind. ' Hate the God that made us !' :

Miff. Why, as monftrous a Sin as you think that is, it is certainly true:—For any Man, whofe Confcience tells him, that he is always doing that which muft offend an boly, juft, and powerful God, cannot but wifn there was no fuch Being to call him to an Account; and to punifh him; nor can he poffibly love fuch a Being.

Thirdly; — Another Way of grieving the Holy Spirit is by neglecting, which in Truth is defpiling, those Means of Grace, which Jefus Chrift hath appointed to bring Men into, and to keep them in, the Way of Salvation.

Ind. 'I have not forgot what you have formerly told me; — That the hearing and ferioufly thinking of the Word of God, in which a Chriftian's Duty is contained, as well as the Promifes to encourage, and the Punifhments to deter us, is one of those Means you speak of, most proper to convert Men, and to keep them in the Favour of God.'

### TION Dial. 20.

e, a Christian runs Help and Comfort returning into that Sins, which he reespecially when he in, any known and will naturally hate the him.

hat made us !' : us a Sin as you think ue:-For any Man, m, that he is always offend an *boly*, juft, t but wish there was to an Account; and he possibly love such

Vay of grieving the ing, which in Truth is of Grace, which inted to bring Men in, the Way of Sal-

got what you have hat the hearing and he Word of God, in uty is contained, as o encourage, and the us, is one of those most proper to cono them in the Favour

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Miff. And the others are,—The Holy Ordinances which Chrift himfelf hath appointed; the one to receive Men into his Church, and the other to enable them to grow in Grace.

1 . 34.

Now, as the Ufe of these Means, joined with earnest Prayer to God, for Light to difcover what is evil in us, and for Power to root it out, is the fure Way of preferving the Fellowsship of the Holy Spirit; in fo, when any Christian depending upon his own Reason, Wisdom, or Power, and forgetting that all our Sufficiency to do any Good is of God \*, does neglect these Means, the good Spirit will forfake such a Person, and leave him to himself, and to the Delusion and Government of evil Spirits, which, without a fincere Repentance, will be his Ruin. And most of all, when he trusts to any thing he has done as meritorious in the Sight of God, instead of that which Christ has done and fuffered for him.

Ind. 'This, I hope, will be a Warning to 'me never to neglect these Means of Grace 'and Safety.'

Miff. And I hope too, that you will never forget to give God the Glory of all the Good you do; for be affured of this, — That neither the Reafonablene/s of any Duty, nor the Bafene/s of any Sin, nor any other Confideration, can enable you to do what is good, and well-pleafing to God, or to avoid what is evil, but only his Grace, and that good Spirit to which you are

> \* 2 Cor. iii. 5. dedicated

230 An INSTRUCTION Dial. 20. dedicated at your Baptifun.—To him you must apply for Light to fee your Duty, and or Strength to perform it;—and to him you must give all the Glory.

Ind. • Since there are fo many bad Chrif-• tians to be met with, I fhould be glad to • know who they are "whofe Example 1 may • fafel; follow."

Miff. I would not advife you to make the Lives and Actions of other People altogether a Pattern for you to follow; but always rather have an Eye to what you believe will pleafeor difpleafe God, and what you know he has commanded or forbidden :—Although good and bad Christians, may for the most Part, be known by the Lives they lead, as a Tree is known by its Fruit.

When, therefore, you fee Men pay a great Regard to God and his Laws, honouring his Holy Name, and his Word, and every thing belonging to him; — when you fee them juft, and kind, and merciful, and not given to Revenge, but ready to forgive, and give, and love, as becomes the Followers of Chrift; — when you fee them temperate and chafte, modest and humble, and dealing with others as they themfelves would be dealt with; — you will have Reason to take these for good Christians, if you are convinced, that they do these things out of Love and Obedience to God; and as the Fruit of Faith in the Lord Jefus Christ.

On

ON Dial. 20.

-To him you our Duty, and and to bim you

nany bad Chrifuld be glad to Example I may

ou to make the ople altogether a at always rather lieve will pleafeou know he has Although good the most Part, lead, as a Tree

Men pay a great h, honouring his and every thing ou fee them juft, not given to Reid give, and love, F Chrift; -- when bafte, modeft and ers as they them--you will have od Chriftians, if t do thefe things God; and as the efus Chrift. for the INDIANS.

Dial. 20.

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On the other Hand,-if you fee among those who call themselves Christians, such as make no Confcience of their Ways, but lead careless, idle, or useless, diforderly Lives ; -exceeding fond of the World, and its Vanities ; and ftriving to be rich and great, at any Rate; -if you fee any that live in Adultery, or Fornication, or that are Drunkards, Spendtbrifts, Covetous, or Oppressors ;- if you see Parents unconcerned for their Children's eternal Welfare,-Husbands and Wives forgetting or breaking their Marriage Vows ;- Mafters and Servants acting in the Course of their Behaviour, as if they were infenfible that they have a Master in Heaven ;- if you see Men in Power regardless of the Honour of that God, whole Representatives they are ;- you may be fure, that thefe, and fuch as thefe; -ARE CHRIS-TIANS WITHOUT CHRISTIANITY, and will be liable to a most fevere Judgment, for their opposing the gracious Defigns of God, and of his Son Jefus Chrift.

Ind. ' Pray, Sir, what do you mean by "that?'

Miff. Why, God is fo good and merciful, That be would have all Men to be faved, and to come to the Knowledge of the Truth \*.

Now, all fuch as, usurping the Name of Christians, do lead unchristian Lives, these oppose their Maker in his most gracious Defigns, bringing an evil Report upon Christi-

\* 1 Tim. ii. 4.

anity,

## An INSTRUCTION Dial. 20.

anity, as if nothing good were to be got by it—making the ignorant Heathens to take that for Christianity, which is far from it,—by which they hinder fuch as might otherwife defire to become Christians;—they confirm Unbelievers in their Infidelity, and ferve all the Defigns of Satan in opposing the Kingdom of Christ;—and therefore mult of Necessity be more bateful to God, and their Punishment be greater, than that of the Heathens, as much as they now defpite those poor People.

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11 11

Ind. 'You have convinced me, Sir, of the 'Danger of being a Christian without Chris-'tianity."—Will you be fo kind as to fhew 'me how I may avoid falling into fuch a Way. of Life, as, it feems, too many do?' Miff. In the first Place, confider what a

Miff. In the first Place, confider what a Bleffing it is, that you are not ftill in Darknefs, but that you are come to the Knowledge of your Maker, and of the Way to pleafe him; whereby you will be happy when you die, whatever your Lot may have been in this World.

And, in the next Place, keep it always in your Mind, — That THIS GOD, whom you have chosen to ferve, is every where present; fo that if at any Time you offend him, you offend in his very Presence a Being, who hath Power to punish you for ever.

Be careful to keep yourfelf always Sober: DRUNKENNESS and INTEMPERANCE diforder our Reafon, and make us forget our beft Refolutions,

### TION Dial. 20.

were to be got by Heathens to take is far from it, --- by night other wife de----they confirm Un-, and ferve all the ag the Kingdom of aft of Neceffity be heir Punifhment be Heathens, as much poor. People.

ced me, Sir, of the tian without Chriffo kind as to fhew ng into fuch a Way many do? e, confider what a e not ftill in Darke to the Knowledge the Way to pleafe e happy when you ay have been in this

, keep it always in s GoD, whom you wery where prefent; ou offend him, you a Being, who hath

er. rfelf always Sober: MPERANCE diforder forget our beft Refolutions, Dial. 20. for the INDIANS. 233 folutions, and the Dangers which encom-

pafs us. Do not fet your Heart upon this World, its HONOURS, RICHES, OF PLEASURES; for, befides that you mult foon leave them, they will be apt to make you forget what you will gain or loje by being a good or had Christian.

Never fancy that any Sin is fmall; ' for the ' leaft known Sin continued in, will lead to a greater;' and, if you fhou's provoke the Spirit of God to forfake you, you will be capable of committing the very greateft Crimes. Human Nature, as it is now corrupt, is the fame in all Men; — We are all tubject to Temptations; — and if ever, by our repeated Crimes, we fhould force the Spirit of God to leave us to ourfelves, no Man can tell, no Man can forefee, what barbarous Wickednefs he fhall be tempted to commit; — nor what unwelcome, unlooked for Calamities he may bring upon himfelf while he goes from Sin to Sin, till he meets with Deftruction.—

For no Man continues long at one certain. Pitch of Wickednefs; for not only one evil Habit begets another, but the more a Man fins, the lefs capable he makes himfelf of judging vobat Sin is, and the dreadful Confequences of continuing in it.—And the Influences of God's Holy Spirit, and the gracious Interpolitions of Providence have ftill lefs Effect upon his Mind and Soul, till he has quite forgotten his Maker,—till he has filled up the Meafure of his

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234 An INSTRUCTION Dial. 20. his Iniquities, and till he meets with Destruction, generally in this World, as well as the next.

Whenever, therefore, you are fenfible you have done amifs, delay not one Moment to beg of God to pardon you for Christ's Sake, and to give you Grace to do to no more.

And forget not an excellent Rule, which I have formerly mentioned, to direct you in most Actions of Moment :- 'Do not, at your 'Peril, undertake any thing, which you can-'not with Confidence' beg of God to blefs 'and prosper you in.'

Laftly, and above all, remember, what cannot be too often repeated, That without Faith, -a Faith which depends on the Merits of Jesus Christ for Salvation, -a Faith which worketh by Love, which purifies the Heart, overcomes the World, and keeps the Commandments of God; you cannot possibly live as becomes a true Christian.

Ind. I beg you will explain what you "mean by this."

Miff. By this Faith we mean a-deep, real Senfe, and firm Belief, of the Mercy and Love of God, for his poor fallen and lost Creatures; and his kind Propolal by his own Son to make them happy for ever.—This is that faving Faitb, which will lead a Chriftian molt powerfully to love God, and obey his Son Jefus Chrift, to whom be hatb given all Power in Heaven ill he meets with bis World, as well

t one Moment to for Chrift's Sake, lo lo no more.

lent Rule, which I , to direct you in - Do not, at your ag, which you cang of God to bles

member, what can-That without Faith, the Merits of Jelus aith which worketh he Heart, overcomes commandments of live as becomes a

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mean a-deep, real he Mercy and Love *n* and lost Greatures; his own Son to make This is that faving Chriftian molt powtobey his Son Jefus given all Power in Heaven Dial. 20. for the INDIANS.

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Heaven and Earth: This is that Faith which will purify your Heart, will lead you to Repentance, and keep you in the Way to eternal Life; and this is what you must beg of God, for this Faith is his Gift; and that he may increase it in you unto your Life's End.

Ind. 'I hope I shall never forget to pray for 'fo necessary a Grace.'

Miff. I have only a few Queffions to afk you in order to your being baptized, which you muft anfwer (to God) when you are called upon to make a public Profession of Chriftianity.

And first, -- Confider whether there are any Ways of Life, or Customs, which at pretent you are fond of, which you will not utterly forfake, when you shall be convinced, that they are forbidden by God, or difpleating to him.

Ind. I know of none which I will not forfake, in order to pleafe God.' Miff. Will you fincerely devote yourfelf.

Miff. Will you fincerely devote yourfeitto God the Father and Maker of all things, that you may become his faithful Servant unto your Life's End?

Ind. 'I purpofe, by his Help, to do fo, ' and become fuch.'

Miff. Will you, with the fame Sincerity, devote yourfelf to his Son our Lord Jefus Chrift, for whofe Sake God has promifed to pardon all your Sins, to receive you into Favour, and to make you happy, if you continue to obey him all your Days?

Ind.

## 236 An INSTRUCTION, &c. Dial. 20.

Ind. ' This I fully purpose to do.'

Miff. Laftly.—Will you dedicate and devote yourfelf to the Holy Gbef, that good Spirit, that he may, by his all-powerful Grace and Help, keep you from Sin and Wickednefs, and affift you in the Way of Holinefs and Happinefs, that you may never be a Reproach to that Religion which you are going to profefs?

Ind. ' I will most thankfully dedicate myfelf to him, that, by his Assistance, I may

• be able to pleafe God and perform what I

have promifed.'

Miff. You will not fail to do fo, if you often confider, that your everlafting Happinefs or Mifery will depend upon your observing or neglecting the Vows and Promifes you make at your Baptifm.

And if, to this, you add your fincere Prayers to God, to direst and blefs you in the Work you are defirous to undertake, he will most furely bear your Prayers, and grant your Petitions, which you may make in fome fuch Words as these following.—

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on, &c. Dial. 20. ofe to do.'

u dedicate and de-Gbof, that good all-powerful Grace Sin and Wickede Way of Holinefs nay never be a Rehich you are going

kfully dedicate mys Affistance, I may ind perform what I

l to do fo, if you everlafting Happiupon your objerv-and Promifes you

your fincere Prayers s you in the Work rtake, he will most and grant your Pemake in some such

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SELECT

[ 237 ] SCRIPTURE'S SELECT AND Y E S. P R A R

Matt. vi. 10. Thy Kingdom come.

MAY the Kingdoms of the World be-come the Kingdoms of the Lord, and of his Chrift!

O Thou who art the Maker and Redeemer of all, have Mercy upon all whom Thou haft made and redeemed; and grant that none may make themselves incapable of that Happines which Jefus Chrift hath purchased with his most precious Blood .- To this End, we befeech Thee to blefs the pious Endeavours of all Perfons and Societies which firive to propagate the Gofpel ;- That its Divine Truths may be received in all the World ;-That thy Ways may be known throughout the Earth, thy faving Health among all Nations ; - That thy Name may be great among the Heathen, and reverenced and adored by all those that are yet Strangers to thy most glorious Perfections .- Have Pity upon all those miserable People 2

## Selet SCRIPTURES

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People who ftill fit in Darknefs, and want the neceffary Means of Inftruction: And grant that, by the preaching of the Gofpel, they may, in thy good Time, be delivered from their Ignorance, Idolatry, and the Bondage of Satan, in which they have been fo long enflaved.—And may thy good Providence reveal the Means by which thy Kingdom may be enlarged, and the whole-Earth-filled with the Knowledge of the Lord.

Grant this, O moft merciful God, for Jefus Christ's Sake; To whom with Thee, and the Holy Ghost, be all Honour, Glory, Dominion, and Power, for ever and ever. Amen.

A Supplication on Behalf of the HEATHEN WORLD.

Matt. ix. 36. Jefus, feeing the Multitude, was moved with Composition, because they were as Sheep baving no Shepherd.—Pray ye the Lord of the Harvest, that he would send Labourers into his Harvest.

HOW many, O Jefus, of thy Sheep have no Shepherd !--none to fhew them their Danger I--none to keep them out of Danger! none to lead them where they may find Pafture! May thine Infinite Wifdom and Goodnefs, O Lord, reveal to us the Means, by which thy Golpel may be preached unto them : And 3 pre-

#### URES

cnefs, and want the action: And grant of the Gofpel, they be delivered from and the Bondage of the been fo long enbood Providence rethy Kingdom, may de Earth filled with rd.

ciful God, for Jefus with Thee, and the r, Glory, Dominion, ever. Amen.

Behalf of the WORLD.

g the Multitude, was becaufe they were as d.—Pray ye the Lord would fend Labourers

s, of thy Sheep have ne to fhew them their them out of Danger! hey may find Pafture! ifdom and Goodnefs, he Means, by which hed unto them : And pre-

## and PRAYERS.

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prepare their Hearts to receive the Truth, that they may be delivered from the Bondage of Corruption, into the glorious Liberty of the Children of God! Send them Paftors after their own Heart; full of Knowledge, Compaffion, and Zeal; that pitying their fad Condition, they may instruct them in the Ways of Truth, and of eternal Life .---- Increase the Number and the Graces of thy Meffengers and Ministers; and touch the Hearts of all Chriftians with a true Compassion, like thine, O Lord, for all fuch as are Strangers to Thee, and to the Merits of thy Death, by which they have been redeemed, that they may chearfully contribute to a Work fo acceptable to the Divine Majefty .- And may thy Holy Spirit, by the Preaching of the Gospel, add daily to the Church fuch as shall be faved, through thy Merits and Mediation, O Lord, and Lover of Souls! Amen.

A Miffionary's PRAYER. John xvii. 20. Neither pray I for these alones but for all those that shall believe through their Word.

O N this thy efficacious Prayer, O Jefus, I depend for Success in this my Undertaking and Ministry.—To this Prayer we all owe our Faith and Conversion.—In a grateful Sense of which, L beface thee, O Lord, to make me an Instrument of propagating thy Gospel,

## Select SCRIPTURES

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Gofpel, and of converting others, and of fulfilling thy Father's Will, who would have all Men to be faved, and to come to the Knowledge of the Truth.

Teach me, O Lord, by thy Spirit, thy Word and thy Example, how I ought to teach others: — And, by thy preventing Grace, prepare them for Inftruction; — give them a great Concern and Fear for themfelves, that, feeling their own Mifery, they may feek for Help, and thankfully accept it, when offered to them.

On thy Almighty Grace, O God, I rely for Succefs in all my Labours and Ministry, and for a Zeal both prudent and fervent to promote thy Glory, the Interefts of thy Kingdom, and the Good of Souls, for Jefus Christ's Sake. Amen.

A Prayer proper for fuch as defire to be inftructed in the CHRISTIAN RELI-GION.

Acts xvi. 30. Sirs, what must I do to be faved? And they faid, believe in the Lord Jefus Christ, and thou shalt be faved :- And they spake unto him the Word of the Lord, &c. and he was baptized.

GREAT God, have Pity on me; for I am in Diftres and Fear for myself-I have been convinced, that I shall live for ever, after

#### URES

others, and of fulho would have all ome to the Know-

y thy Spirit, thy w I ought to teach enting Grace, pre--give them a great elves, that, feeling feek for Help, and offered to them. e, O God, I rely ours and Ministry, ent and fervent to erefs of thy Kings, for Jefus Chrift's

ch as defire to be RISTIAN RELI-

uft I do to be faved? he Lord Jefus Chrift, !:--And they fpake e Lord, &c. and be

Pity on me; for I Fear for myfelf—I I shall live for ever, after

## and PRAYERS.

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after I leave this World, in either Happiness or Milery.-This gives me great Uneafinet's, when I confider what must become of me when I die .- My own Confeience accufeth me of having done many things, which I know must greatly displease Thee .- I find myself inclined to do Evil continually, and I know not how to help it; fo that my Fears increase upon me daily .- Thy People affure me, that Thou art good and merciful to fuch as call upon Thee in their Diftress; and that for the Sake of Jefus Chrift, thy beloved Son, Thou wilt pardon Sinners, and receive them into Favour .- In Confidence of this,-I befeech Thee to pity my distressed Condition, and deliver me from the Ignorance and Fears I labour under .- Caufe me to know Thee, and thy Son Chrift, more perfectly; and teach me how I must live fo as to please Thee. Reward the Endeavours of fuch as are fo kind as to instruct me .- Give me an understanding Heart, a teachable Temper, and an obedient Will, that I may thankfully use the Means which thou haft ordained for my Salvation .- Defend me from the Power and Malice of evil Spirits, which may ftrive to hinder my Conversion .- These Bleffings I beg for the Sake of thy beloved Son, the Lord Jefus.

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Dan.

# Selet SCRIPTURES,

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Dan. xii. 3. They that turn many to Righteoufnefs, fhall fhine as the Stars for ever and ever. O Merciful God, increase the Number and the Graces of fuch as are zealous for thy Glory, and for the Convertion of Sinners: Impart to them the true Way of Instruction, and may thy Bleffing go along with their pious Endeavou:s!

Tit. iii. 3. For we ourfelves were fometimes foolifb, difobedient, deceived, ferving divers Lufts and Pleafures, living in Malice and Envy, bateful, and bating one another.

THIS, O Jefus, had ftill been our fad Condition, hadft not Thou redeemed us by thy Death, and bleffed us with the Light of thy Gofpel. May this, O Lord, be the Fruit of our Faith in Thee, and of our Gratitude for thy Mercies to us, that we pity the Miferies of the Heathen World, and endeavour to make them Partakers of the fame Bleffings we ourfelves enjoy !

Acts xviii. 26. When Aquila and Priscilla had beard Apollos speak, who knew only the Baptism of John, they took him unto them, and expounded unto him the Way of God more persetly.

LET it here be observed, — That these two Persons, both of the Laity, a Man and his Wife, were, by the Spirit of God, made Instru-

## URES,

any to Righteoufnefs, or ever and ever. If the Number and as are zealous for overtion of Sinners: rue Way of Inftrucgo along with their

lves were fometimes word, ferving divers wing in Malice and ing one another.

d (till been our fad it Thou redeemed us id us with the Light his, O Lord, be the nee, and of our Graus, that we pity the World, and endeaintakers of the fame hjoy!

uila and Priscilla bad o knew only the Baptism nto them, and expound-God more persectly.

ved,—That thefe two the Laity, a Man and Spirit of God, made Infru-

#### and PRAYERS.

Inftruments of perfecting the Faith of Apollos, a Man of otherwife great Abilities: To thew Christians the Importance of what St. Paul tells us (1 Cor. xii. 21.) The Eye cannot fay of the Hand, I have no need of thee; nor again, the Head to the Feet, I have no need of you.

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Grant, O Lord, that the Exemplary Zeal and Piety of these two Persons may encourage all good Christians to put their helping H and to promote thy Glory in the Conversion of Heathens;—and to awaken such Christians, amongst ourselves, as are asleep, into a Seose of their Danger. Grant this, O Lord, for Jesus Christ's Sake.

Tit. iii. 8. Thefe Things I will that thou afirm confantly, that they which have believed in God, may be careful to maintain good Works.

G O D grant that all Chriftians may, by their good Lives, fhew the Goodnefs and Power of the Religion which they profefs, and would have others to embrace! that they may add to their Faith Virtue;—And that by their Examples the Lives and Manners of Men may be reformed, this being the great Defign of the Gofpel, and the neceffary Condition of the future Happinefs of Believers!

EVERY private and well-difpoted Chriftian would do well to confider what a great deal of Good he may do, by fuch Hints M 2 as

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as thefe following, to his Children, his Servants, or his Slaves.

The great Corruption of human Nature-The Milery of Man, and his Danger through Sin-The utter Impoffibility of faving ourfelves-The Neceffity and Bleffing of a Redeemer-The great Love of God for his poor Creatures, in fending his Son to redeem them. -- That all our Hopes of Pardon and Happinefs are from God's Mercy through Chrift our Saviour -That, as ever we hope for Happinefs we must live according to his Doctrine and Example; endeavouring to grow every Day better, without ascribing any thing to ourfelves, but all to the Grace of God : Which Grace is fufficient to enable us to overcome all the Difficulties we meet with .--- If we add to thefe the Certainty of a future Life, and a future Judgment ;--- and the Rewards and Punifhments of another World, &c.-- fuch Hints as thefe, ferioufly and often repeated, will, through the Grace of God, awaken the most Careless and Ignorant, and force them to afk,----What must I do to be faved? And they may be directed to fuch as are fent and ordained to instruct them in the Way of Salvation :- And the merciful God give them good Succefs !

PRIVATE

JRES, Sc.

Children, his Ser-

of human Naturehis Danger through ility of faving ournd Bleffing of a Ree of God for his poor Son to redeem them. Pardon and Happicy through Chrift our we hope for Happiting to his Doctrine uring to grow every cribing any thing to Grace of God : Which nable us to overcome eet with .- If we add of a future Life, and and the Rewards and er World, &c .- fuch y and often repeated, e of God, awaken the orant, and force them t I do to be faved? ted to fuch as are fent t them in the Way of erciful God give them

PRIVATE

PRIVATE and FAMILY PRAYERS, S.C.

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# A feasonable INTRODUCTION.

**PUBLIC** and Private Prayers, and Thankfgivings, are an Homage and Duty, which all Men owe to God as their Creator, their Lord and King; and by which they are to acknowledge their Obedience to, and their Dependence upon him, for Life and Breath, and all things which they enjoy or hope for.

This, therefore, God hath made our indifpenfible Duty :- And it will be a downright Rebellion, for any Man to refufe his Homage any Day of his Life; - the wilful Neglect of this being, in Effect, to difown his Power over us, - His Goodnefs to help us in our Neceffities, - And his Justice to punish fuch as transfores his Commands; - And to question the Faithfulness of his Promise to pardon the truly penitent Sinner, and to reward all such as fincerely strive to please him.

This Neglect and Difobedience is very often punifhed by God's leaving Men to themfelves, and to their own wicked Ways; which ever M 3 did,

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did, and ever will, end in their Ruin,-very often in this World, but always in the World to come, without a Miracle of Grace, which fuch Sinners have no Reason to hope for.

The Caufe of which is plain: — The Conflant and wilful Omiffion of this Dury is a fure Way to lofe the Knowledge and Remembrance of God, of his Word and Promifes :— And then Men will have no Motives to fear or to love God, nor any Reafon to hope for any Goed from him.

It will alfo very naturally lead fuch People to depend upon themfelves only :---To forget their own fad Condition and Mifery ;-- That they are liable to God's Wrath, and even to Damnation ; which Knowledge is neceffary ; and for this End was revealed, even to awaken and humble Sinners, that, by a true Repentance, they may efcape the bitter Pains of eternal Mifery.

Now the Spirit of God threatens, that fuch as will not retain God in their Knowledge (which can be done only by praying to him daily,) *fball be given up by Cod to a reprobate Mind*, that is, to a Mind void of Judgment — To do what is right in their own byes, let what will follow.

Now,

Family

their Ruin,—very ways in the World le of Grace, which fon to hope for. plain :—The Conf this Duty is a fure edge and Rememd and Promifes : no Motives to fear Reafon to hope for

ly lead fuch People s only:--To forget and Mifery:--That Vrath, and even to vledge is neceffary: led, even to awaken , by a true Repentthe bitter Pains of

threatens, that fuch ir Knowledge (which ing to him daily,) reprobate Mind, that went — To do what is et what will follow. ertainly be this :— Power and Governvil Angels, who will Heathen World, to Greedinefs, till they lell.

Now,

#### PRAYERS, BC.

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Now, if thefe be Truths of the Gofpel, as moft furely they are, one would hope, there would need no other Words, to perfuade every one who is in his right Mind, and not already in the fad Condition before mentioned,—To beg of God to keep him, by his Grace, from falling into fuch dreadful C cumftances.

The moft fure Way to sold it is, To dedicate fome Time ever the four Lives to the Worthip of God :- I have been to acknowledge our Dependence up that :- To confefs our own Weaknefs to help and govern ourfelves :- To beg Pardon for having offended him :- To pray for his Grace, and Protection, and Bleffing :- And to give him Thanks for his Mercies and Favours to us.

By doing this, we fhall retain God in our Knowledge:—This will be a true and folid Foundation of Peace, and Comfort, and Happinefs:—Provided it be performed out of a deep Senfe of our own Wants and Miferies: —With a firm Faith in God's Promifes to fulfil the Defires of them that fear bim.—And with an Eye to the Blood of Jefus our Redeemer, for whole Sake, and thro' whofe Sufferings, we are reconciled to God, and God to us.

The following Devotions are here added, that they who ftand in need of fuch Helps, may be directed what to pray for, every Morning and Evening of their Lives. - Not but that every ferious Christian will find Occasion to afk many more Favours and Bleffings, than M 4 can.

can be fet down in any Form of Prayer whatever.

For this Reafon there are added, after every Prayer, fome fhort Inftructions, as alfo proper Texts of Holy Scripture, with fhort Meditations upon them, to the Devotion of fuch as are well-difpofed, and alfo to lead them into a Way of Profiting at all Times, by the Holy Scriptures heard or read by them or others, which we all too often-hear without being bettered by them.

#### The Duty and Benefit of Morning PRAYER for any Perfon in Private.

VERY many are the evil Confequences of going without God into a World full of Temptations and Dangers, which of ourfelves we can neither forefee nor escape.

Whoever confiders this, and the infinite Milchiefs which may follow, will never venture abroad, without praying for God's Guidance, Frotestion, and Bleffing, every Morning of his Life.

#### Morning PRAYER.

BLESSED be the Lord for his Mercies renewed unto me every Morning;—For my Prefervation and Refresoment, and for all the Bleffings of the Night paft, for which all Thanks Family orm of Prayer what,

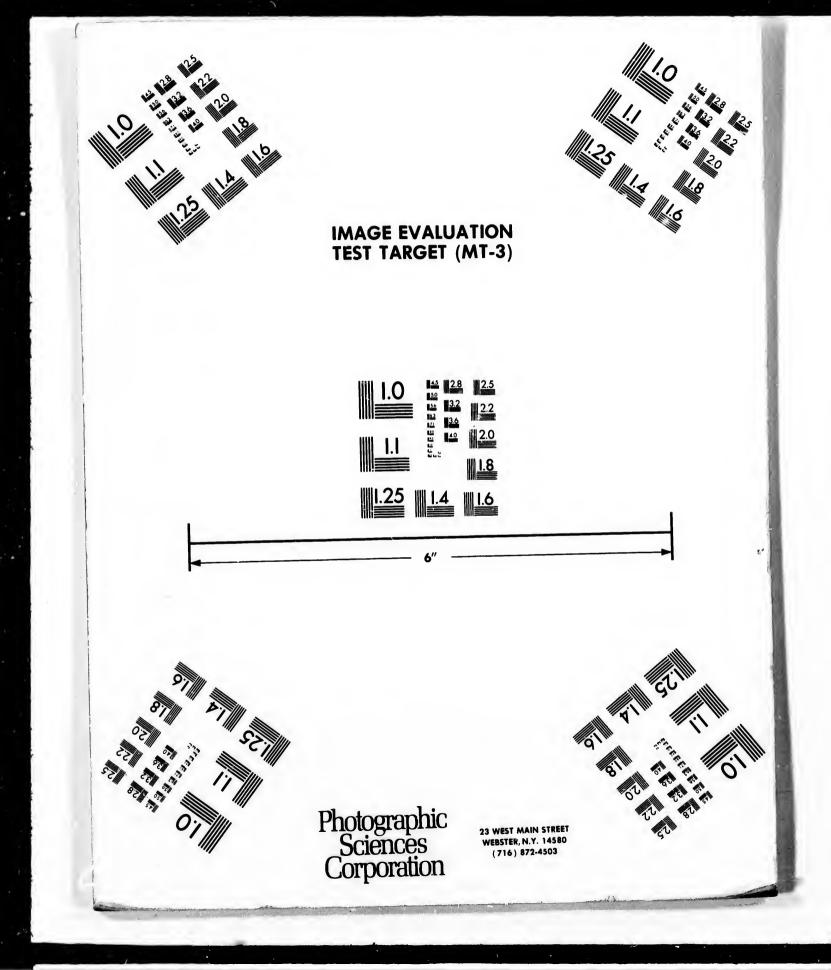
re added, after every actions, as alfo proture, with fhort Mehe Devotion of fuch a lfo to lead them at all Times, by the or read by them or often-hear without

Morning PRAYER for Private.

e evil Confequences od into a World full ngers, which of ourtiee nor escape. his, and the infinite low, will never venving for God's Guideffing, every Morning

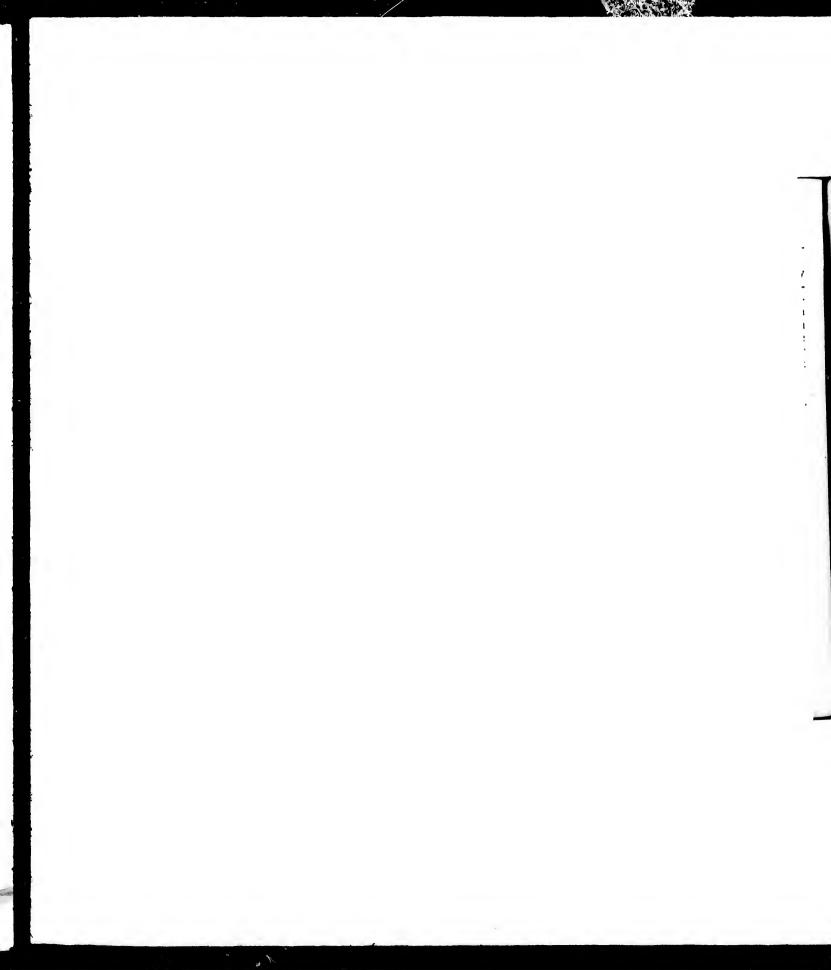
#### AYER.

Lord for his Mercies very Morning;—For reforment, and for all at paft, for which all Thanks





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#### PRAYERS, Gc. 249

Thanks and Glory be to Thee, my God and Father!

Gracious God, continue to me thefe, and all other thy Ble Jings, fo long, and in fuch a Measure, as shall be most for thy Glory, and my Salvation.

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Poffefs my Soul, I befeech Thee, with a true and faving Faith, and with fuch a Senfe of thy Goodnels to me, and of my Dependence upon Thee, that it may be my Delight, as it is my Interest and Duty, to ferve and obey Thee.

But that I may ferve Thee with a quiet Mind, forgive me all my Sins, I befeech Thee, for thy dear Son's Sake, and with-hold the Judgments of which my Confcience is afraid.

Keep it ever in the Heart of thy Servant, that it is an evil thing and bitter, to forfake and offend the Lord. And, above all things, kcep me from wilful and deliberate Sins, that I may never grieve thy Holy Spirit, nor provoke Thee to leave me to myfelf.

Let thy reftraining Grace preferve me from the Temptations of the World, the Flesh, and the Devil; that I may fall into no Sin, nor run into any kind of Danger;-but that all my Doings may be ordered by Thee, that I may do always that which is righteous in thy Sight :- And that I may live and act as having Thee O God, the Constant Witness of all my Jourghts, Defigns, Words, and Actions. May

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May I never render myfelf, by new Sins, unworthy of thy Guidance and Protection !--Suffer me not to go aftray, or bring me back by fuch Ways as to Thee shall feem meet.

May I love Thee with all my Heart, and all Mankind for thy Sake !- And may I ever have this fure Proof of thy Love abiding in me, that I fludy to pleafe Thee, and to keep thy Commandments !- And that I may forgive, and love, and do Good to my Neighbours, as becomes a Difciple of Jefus Chrift!

Affift me, by thy Grace, faithfully to perform all the Duties of my Calling; and thankfully to receive, and patiently to bear, whatever thy Providence shall order for me.

Preferve me from an idle and ufeles Life; ever remembering,-That the Night cometh when no Man can Work :- And that now is the Time in which to provide for Eternity.

And grant, O Lord, that no worldly Pleafure, no worldly Bufinefs, may ever make me lose the Sight of Death.

And may the Thoughts of Deach oblige me to be truly and fincerely good ;- To mortify all Pride and Vanity,-Covetousness, Hatred, Envy, and Malice ;- To be ferious, fober, and watchful, while I continue in this State of Trial!

Hear me, O Heavenly Father, not according to my imperfect Petitions, but according to the full Meaning of that holy Prayer, which thy T

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felf, by new Sins, and Protection !--or bring me back hall feem meet. my Heart, and all -And may I ever y Love abiding in Thee, and to keep nd that I may forood to my Neighle of Jefus Chrift! , faithfully to per-Calling; and thankntly to bear, whatorder for me. tle and useless Life; t the Night cometh

-And that now is wide for Eternity. hat no worldly Pleamay ever make me

of Deach oblige me good ;--- To mortify ovetoufnefs, Hatred, be ferious, fober, and ue in this State of

Father, not accordions, but according holy Prayer, which thy

### PRAYERS, Sc. 251

thy only Son hath taught us, in Compaffion. to our Infirmities :

O UR Father, which art in Heaven; Hallowed be thy Name.—Thy Kingdom come.—Thy will be done in Earth, as it is in Heaven.—Give us this Day our daily Bread.—And forgive us our Trefpaffes, as we forgive them that trefpafs againft us.—And lead us not into Temptation.—But deliver us from Evil.—For thine is the Kingdom, and the Power, and the Glory, for ever and ever. Amen.

John xvi. 23. Verily I fay unto you, Whatfoever ye fhall afk the Father in my Name, Hefhall give it you.

E VERY thing is promifed to this Duty, when we pray as we ought to do; i. e. -In the Name, and through the Merits, of Jefus Chrift;—Out of a fenfe of our own Wants and Miferies;—with the Humility of finful Creatures;—And with a full Purpole of doing what we know will pleafe God.

O Lord, vouchfafe me thefe Difpofitions, that I may never afk Thee any thing in vain, M 6 or

Some fhort MEDITATIONS for fuch as are well-difpofed, and have time to fpare.

or render myself unworthy to receive thy Bleffings.

#### Prov. iii. 5, 6. Lean not unto thine own Understanding; in all thy Ways acknowledge God, and be shall direct thy Paths.

Do Thou, O God, direct my Paths, and teach me to guide my Affairs with *Charity*, *Difcretion*, *Juffice*, and *Piety*. Shew me the Way that I should walk in, and give me Grace to follow the Conduct of thy good Spirit, for the Sake of Jefus Chrift.

#### 1-Cor. xv. 33. Evil Communications corrupt good Manners.

No Man muft fay, that he has any Refpect for God, or Fear for himfelf, who chufeth the Converfation of wicked Men.——Their idle and profane Difcourfes will leave evil Impreffions upon the Mind.—Their indecent Freedom with the Name of God, and things faered, will leffen the Reverence we owe to the Divine Majefty.—Their filthy and lewd Talk will deftroy Modefty, and every Grace and Virtue; and will not fail. to wear off the Thoughts and Fears of what may come hereafter.—May thy Grace, O God, keep me from a Converfation fo difpleafing to Thee, and fo deftructive to the Souls of Men; grant this for Chrift's Sake !

J Peter

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y to receive thy

#### unto thine own Un-Ways acknowledge thy Paths.

eft my Paths, and ffairs with *Charity*, *iety*. Shew me the , and give me Grace hy good Spirit, for

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he has any Refpect lf, who chufeth the I heave evil Imprefheir indecent Freetod, and things faence we owe to the lithy and lewd Talk d every Grace and l. to wear off the nat may come hereof God, keep me ifpleafing to Thee, ouls of Men; grant

J Peter

# PRAYERS, Cc. 253

1 Peter i. 17. Pass the Time of your Sojourning bere in Fear.

Give me, O God, this most necessary and most useful Fear and Dread of the Unfaithfulnels of my own Heart. — Make me ever mindful of my Infirmities and Failings, that I may be more watchful over myself, and more earnest in my Prayers for the Help of thy Grace for the Time to come.

The Duty and Benefit of Evening PRAYER for a Perfon in Private.

SLEEP, faid a great Man, is fo like Death, that I dare not truft it without faying my Prayers.—And indeed, for fear of the worft, a thoughtful Christian will take care to make his Peace with God, before he goes to fleep; —And put himfelf under God's Protection every Evening of bis Life, that he may be fafe from Fear of Evil.

#### An Evening PRAYER.

O Moft Gracious and Merciful God, I give Thee Thanks, that it has pleafed Thee to add another Day to the Years of my Life, and that none of thy Judgments, to which for my Sins I am justly liable, have fallen upon me.

Accept, O Lord, of my unfeigned Thanks, for this thy conftant Care over me :-For delivering

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livering me from the Dangers of an evil World: And for the many undeferved Bleffings beftowed upon me, Day after Day.

Bleffed be thy Goodnels, that my Sins and Ingratitude have not prevented thee from bringing me fafe to the Evening of this Day !

O God, infinite in Mercy, pardon my Sins of the Day paft, whether in Thought, Word, or Deed, which I have committed through the Fraud and Malice of the Devil, or thro' my own Weaknefs and Frailty : And grant that they may never rife up in Judgment againft me.

Prepare me, I befeech Thee, for the Continuance of thy Favours, by giving me the Grace of a true Repentance, and a thorough Amendment of Life.

Make me truly fentible of the Weaknefs and Corruption of my Nature; and the Need I have of thy gracious Help, that I may pray for it continually.

May I ever make a right Ufe of the Time which thy Goodneis shall yet vouchfafe me, and not dare to abufe thy Patience and Longfuffering.

Make me ever fenfible of my latter End, that Death may not overtake me unprepared, And in the Hour of Death, and in the Day of Judgment, good Lord, deliver me.

O God all powerful, take me this Night under thy Protection :--Preferve me from the Powers of Darkness, and from the Dangers of the Night :--And, by that Grace and Provi-

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ingers of an evil v undeferved Blef-Day after Day.

that my Sins and vented thee from ening of this Day l y, pardon my Sins a Thought, Word, mitted through the Devil, or thro' my y: And grant that dgment against me. Thee, for the Conby giving me the cc, and a thorough

e of the Weaknefs ture; and the Need lp, that I may pray

ht Use of the Time yet vouchfafe me, Patience and Long-

e of my latter End; ake me unprepared, f Death, and in the Lord, deliver me. take me this Night -Preferve me from , and from the Dand, by that Grace and Provi-

### PRAYERS, Sc. 255

Providence, bring me at last through all the Trials and Temptations of this World to a bleffed End:—That I may die in Peace, and reft in Hope, and rife in Glory:—Through Jefus Christ—in whofe Name, and according to the full Meaning of that holy Prayer which he hath taught us, I most humbly befeech Thee to hear me, for myself, and for all Christian People.

OUR Father, which art in Heaven;— Hallowed be thy Name.—Thy Kingdom come.—Thy Will be done in Earth, as it is in Heaven.—Give us this Day our daily Bread.—And forgive us our Trefpaffes, as we forgive them that trefpafs againft us.— And lead us not into Temptation.—But deliver us from Evil.—For thine is the Kingdom, and the Power, and the Glory, for ever and ever. Amen.

Short MEDITATIONS for fuch as have Time, and are well-difpofed.

Eph. iv. 26. Let not the Sun go down upon your Wrath.

LORO, grant I may lie down to fleep, with he fame charitable Difpofitions with which I defire to die.—I befeech Thee for all that are my Enemies;—Not for Judgment and Vengeance, but for thy Mercy;— For

For their Pardon and Conversion, and for their eternal Happines.

# Heb. iii. 7, 8. To-day, if ye will bear his Voice, barden not your Hearts.

This is the Day, and this the Life, in which God fpeaks to us in Mercy.—Lord, grant that I may not harden my Heart against this Truth; nor let me flip this Day of thy Patience; that neither the Cares nor the Pleafures of this Life may ever make me forget, that this is the Day on which my Salvation depends, fo far, that I know not whether I shall have another.

# Rev. iii. 3. Thou shalt not know what Hour I will come upon thee.

Let me give Credit to Thee, O God, Lord of Truth, and not to my own corrupt Heart which would flatter me, that I might have Time and Warning fufficient to prepare for Death!—But give me Grace, O Lord, to be prepared for that unknown Hour, by a fpeedy Repentance, a true Conversion, and an holy Life.

#### Matt. xvi. 26. What is a Man profited if he fhall gain the whole World, and lose his own Soul?

How many live without thinking of this! —We admire, and we envy, those who get great Estates for themselves, and for their Children;

#### amily nverfion, and for

#### ye will bear bis ur Hearts.

the Life, in which cy.—Lord, grant Heart against this is Day of thy Paares nor the Plear make me forget, nich my Salvation now not whether I

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thee, O God, Lord own corrupt Heart that I might have ent to prepare for ace, O Lord, to be *Hour*, by a fpeedy crition, and an holy

n Man profited if be rld, and lose bis own

t thinking of this! ny, those who get lves, and for their Children;

### PRAYERS, Sc. 257

Children ;-making their Riches their Delight, their Happinels, and the whole Concern and Businels of their Lives.-----

Lord, deliver thy Servant from fuch a Blindnets, as mult end in my everlatting Ruin, and in the Lofs of my Soul, for which the whole World cannot make me Amends.

Luke xiii. 7, 8. Bebold, thefe three Years, I come feeking Fruit on this Fig-tree, and find none. Cut it down: Why cumbereth it the Ground?-Lord, let it alone this Year a'fo: -If it bear Fruit, well; if not, then after that, thou shalt cut it down.

I adore thy wonderful Patience, O God, towards me; and thy merciful Interceffion, O Jetus with thy Father, for fparing me:— May this Goodnefs and Long-fuffering lead me to Repentance!—And may thy all-powerful Grace enable me to bring forth Fruits meet for Repentance, and worthy of thy future Carel

Morning PRAYER for a Family.

Joth. xxiv. 15. As for me and my Houfe, we will ferve the Lord.

THIS ought to be the fincere Refolution, and conftant Practice, of every Christian Mafter of a Family — Without this, none can reasonably expect to have dutiful Children, or faithful Servants; — nor juftly

#### Private and Family 258 justly hope to have God's Bleffing in this

World, or in the World to come. Let one devoutly read or fay what followeth,

the rest of the Family seriously attending. THE Lord hath brought us fafe to the Beginning of this Day : Let us give him

Thanks for this, and for all his Mercies. Let us pray, that we may live in the Fear

of God, and continue in Love and Charity with our Neighbours:

That his Holy Spirit may direct and rule our Hearts, teaching us what to do, and what to avoid :

That the Grace of God may ever be with us, to support us in all Dangers, and carry us through all Temptations .

That the Lord may blefs all our honeft Endeavours, and make us content with what his Providence fhall order for us : And that we may continue his faithful Servants this Day, and all the Days of our Life.

For all which Bleffings let us devoutly pray.

# Then all devoutly kneeling, let one fay,

Most Gracious and Merciful God, by Whom the World is governed and preferved, we give Thee humble Thanks for thy fatherly Care over us; in preferving us from the Dangers of the Night paft, and in bringing us fafe this Morning to fee another Day. We

#### Family

l's Bleffing in this to come.

#### fay what followeth, rioufly attending.

night us fafe to the ay: Let us give him all his Mercies. may live in the Fear a Love and Charity

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blefs all our honeft us content with what ler for us: And that faithful Servants this of our Life.

s let us devoutly pray.

#### eeling, let one fay,

nd Merciful God, by 1 is governed and preumble Thanks for thy in preferving us from ht paft, and in bringing, o fee another Day.

We

#### PRAYERS, Sc. 259

We gratefully acknowledge our Dependence upon thee, for all the Neceffaries, Conveniencies, and Comforts of our Life; — for all the Means of our Well-being here, and of our everlatting Happiness hereafter.

We give Thee Thanks for the Light of thy Golpel, and the Help of thy Grace, and for the Promife Thou halt made us of Pardon and Forgivenels through thy Son Jefus Chrift, on our fincere Repentance and Amendment.

Give us, we befeech Thee, fuch a Senfe of thefe and all other thy Mercies to us, as may make us truly thankful to Thee for them.

Give us Grace that we may ever walk as in thy Sight.—Make a Confeience of all our Ways:—And, fearing to offend Thee, may never fall into the Sins we have repented of. Enable us to refif and overcome the Temp-

Enable us to reinct and overledit, and the Detations of the World, the Flefh, and the Devil;—To follow the Motions of thy good Spirit;—to be ferious and holy in our 1 ives; —true and juft in our Dealings;—watchful over our Thoughts, our Words, and our Actions;—diligent in our Bufinefs, and temperate in all things.

Give us Grace honefly to improve all the Talents which Thou haft committed to our Truft : — and may no worldly Bufinefs, no worldly Pleasures, divert us from the Concerns of the Life to come !

May thy Bleffing be upon our Perfons, upon our Labours, upon our Substance; \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ And

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And upon all that belongs to us!—And may we never undertake any Work, which we dare not beg Thee to profper!

May thy Grace defend us in all Affaults of our Enemies :-- And grant that this Day we fall into no Sin, neither run into any kind of Danger :-- But that all our Doings may be ordered by thy Governance, to do always that which is righteous in thy Sight.

Give us, in this World, the Knowledge of thy Truth, and, in the World to come, Life everlafting. Amen.

Hear us, O merciful God, not according to our imperfect Petitions, but according to the full Meaning of that Form of Prayer which Jefus Chrift nath taught us, and for his Sake.

O UR Father, which art in Heaven;— Hallowed be thy Name.—Thy Kingdom come.—Thy Will be done in Earth, as it is in Heaven.—Give us this Day our daily Bread.—And forgive us our Trefpaffes, as we forgive them that trefpafs against us.—And lead us not into Temptation.—But deliver us from Evil.—For Thine is the Kingdom, and the Power, and the Glory, for ever and ever. Amen.

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rt in Heaven; done in Earth, as this Day our daily r Trefpasses, as we against us.—And n.—But deliver us the Kingdom, and for ever and ever.

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#### PRAYERS, &c.

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THE Grace of our Lord Jefus Chrift, and the Love of God, and the Fellowfhip of the Holy Ghoft, be with all evermore. Amen.

Proper MEDITATIONS for fuch as have Time, and are devoutly difpored.

Pfal. cxxvii. 1. Except the Lord build the House, they labour in vain that build it.

U Nhappy and blind are they, who expect to profer without thy Bleffing, O Lord. —I do therefore beg that Bleffing upon myfelf and Family, my Labours and Sub/tance.—And may I never hinder thy Bleffings, by undertaking any Work which may diffhonour Thee, or my Chriftian Profeffion!—Fit us, O Lord, by thy Grace, for that House not made with Hands, eternal in the Heavens, prepared for them that love and fear Thee.

Hab. ii. 9. Woe to bim that coveteth an evil Covetousness to bis House, that he may set his Nest on high, that he may be delivered from the Power of Evil!

Deliver us, O God, from Covetou/nefs, the Root of all Evil; — which leads Men to truft in themfelves; — To forget their Dependence upon Thee; and foolifhly to hope to be out of the

the Reach of Misfortunes, and thole Evils and Afflictions, which are defigned in great Mercy, for the Punifhment of Sin, and for the Salvation of Sinners.—Preferve us, O Lord, from this too common, but damnable Sin of Covetoulnefs, for Jelus Chrift's Sake. Zmen.

Luke xvii. 26, 27, 28, 29. As it was in the Days of Noab, and of Lot.—They did eat, they drank, they bought, they fold, they planted, they builded;—till the Day that Lot went out of Sodom, when they were all deftroyed.

Lord open our Eyes before we are furprifed by Death, as those miserable Sinners were in the Days of Noah, and of Lot.—May this be aWarning to us!—And keep us, by thy Grace, from setting our Hearts too eagerly upon the Business, the Cares, or Pleasures, of this Life, without confidering how soon and fuddenly we may be called out of it; And that Day overtake us unawares.

Col. iv. 1. Masters, give unto your Servants that which is just and equal, knowing that ye also have a Master in Heaven.

O Heavenly Mafter, blefs me with good and faithful Servants :-- And grant that I may perform all the Dutics of a Chriftian Mafter; -- That I may have a tender Concern for the Welfare both of their Bodies and Souls, and be an Example to them of Sobriety, Juftice, and Piety; and that we may be an Haufhold fearing

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and those Evils and ned in great Mercy, and for the Salvaus, O Lord, from nuable Sin of Cot's Sake. Zmen.

. As it was in the Lot.—They did eat, ey fold, they planted, ay that Lot went out re all destroyed.

ore we are furprifed ble Sinners were in Lot.—May this be ep us, by thy Grace, bo eagerly upon the afures, of this Life, foon and fuddenly it; And that Day

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olefs me with good and grant that I may a Chriftian Mafter; der Concern for the odies and Souls, and of Sobriety, Juftice, nay be an Houfhold fearing PRAYERS, &c.

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fearing God.—And may thy Bleffing be upon them, and upon all my Affairs committed to their Truft, for the Sake of thy beloved Son.

Parents for Children.

Eph. vi. 4. Ye Parents, bring up your Children in the Nurture and Admonition of the Lord.

O GOD, the Father of our Lord Jefus With healthful Bidies, and underftanding Souls, and fanctified Hearts, that they may remember their Creator all their Days.—Let thy Grace preferve them from the Temptations of an evil World, and may. I never be wanting in any Part of my Duty to them !— But inflruct them in the Faith and Duties of a Chriftian Life;—Convince them of their Faults, and correct them in Reafon and Love. —O be Thou, O God, their Father and their Portion in this World, and in the World to come! Amen.

Evening PRAYER for a Family. Let one of the Family read or fay diffinetly what followeth, the reft ferioufly attending.

**B** Y the Favour of God, we are come to the Evening of this Day; and we are fo much nearer our latter End.

Let

264 Let us ferioufly confider this, and pray God to prepare us for the Hour of Death.

Let us, with penitent Hearts, befeech him to pardon our Offences, and to deliver us from the Evils which they have deferved.

Let us refolve to amend whatever we have done amifs, and pray God, that his Grace may keep us from returning to those Sins which we have repented of:

And then we may be fafe under his Protection who alone can defend us from the Powers of Darknefs.

For all which Bleffings let us devoutly pray.

# Then, all devoutly kneeling, let one distintly say.

LORD, and Heavenly Father, we acknowledge thy great Goodnefs to us, in sparing us when we deferve Punishment ;--in giving us the Necessaries of this Life, and in fetting before us the Happiness of a better Life.

O merciful God, pardon our Offences, correct and amend what is amifs in us, that as we grow in Years, we may grow in Grace, and the nearer we come to our latter End, the better we may be prepared for it.

# In the Midft of Life we are in Death.

Lord, grant that these Thoughts may make us careful how we live, that we may escape the bitter Pains of eternal Misery. Take

#### Family

r this, and pray God ir of Death. Jearts, beleech him ad to deliver us from e deferved.

d whatever we have , that his Grace may to those Sins which

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e Thoughts may make , that we may escape nal Misery. Take

#### PRAYERS, &c.

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Take from us all Ignorance, Hardness of Heart, and too much Carefulness for the things of this Life.

Make us an Houthold fearing Thee, OGod, fubmitting ourfelves to thy good Pleafure, and putting our whole Truft in thy Mercy.

And may the Spirit of Chrift ever live and rule in us, poffeffing our Souls with a fincere Love of Thee, O God, with an carneft Defire to pleafe Thee, and with a Dread of offending Thee

Sanctify us wholly, we befeech Thee, that our Spirits, and Souls, and Bodies, may be preferved blamelefs unto the Coming of our Lord Jefus Chrift.

Continue to us, and to all Christian Churches, the Means of Grace and Salvation; and may the faving Truths of the Gofpel be published and received in all the World !

Vouchiafe unto us an Interest in all the Prayers of thy holy Church, which have this Day been offered to the Throne of Grace.

Forgive all that have injured us, and forgive our many Offences against our Neighbour.

Blefs, we befeech Thee, O Go, all thofe whom thy Providence hath fet over us, whe-N ther

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ther in Church or State,-and give us Grace to honour and obey them for Confcience Sake.

Defend us from all Advertities which may, happen to our Bodies, and from all evil Thoughts which may affault and hurt our Souls, and prepare us to receive with an humble Refignation, whatever thy Providence shall think best for us.

And, finally, we befeech Thee to give us Grace, that we may lead and end our Lives in thy Faith and Fear, and to thy Glory, thro' Jesus Chrift our Lord. Amen.

Hear us, O merciful God, for ourfelves and for all Mankind, not according to our weak Understandings, but according to the full Meaning of that holy Prayer, which thy beloved Son hath taught us.

doin come .- Thy W Il be done in Earth as it is in Heaven.-Give us this Day our daily Bread .- And forgive us our Trefpaffes, as we forgive them that trefpass against us .- And lead us not into Temptation .- But deliver us from Evil .- For thine is the Kingdom, and the Power, and the Glory, for ever and ever. Amen.

THE Grace of our Lord Jefus Chrift, and the Love of God, and the Fellowthip of the Holy Ghoft, be with us all evermore. Amen.

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and give us Grace or Confcience Sake. verfities which may and from all evil ault and hurt our to receive with an ever thy Providence

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Select

#### FRAYERS, Sc. 267

Select SCRIPTURES, and MEDITATIONS upon them; which may teach us how to profit by reading the Scriptures.

# Matt. x. 30. The very Hairs of your Head are all numbered.

L E T this thy wonderful Providence, O God, and Care over us, be evermore our Comfort and Defence against all the Evils which may happen to our Bodies, and all evil Thoughts which may affault and hurt our Souls.—Against the distracting Cares of this Life;—and against the Fears and Adversities which may befal us.—Thine infinite Wijdom knows all our Wants and Dangers, and the properest Means of conveying Relief and Succour to us.—Thy Fatherly Goodne/s cannot but pity us;—Thy Power is able to help us, —and thy Faithfulne/s can never fail us.—O may we never render ourfelves unworthy of this thy divine Protection !

Luke ix. 23. Jefus faid to them all, if any Man will come after me, let him deny himself, and take up his Cross daily, and follow me.

O Jefus, who haft made this the Rule and Means of our Salvation, enable us by thy Spirit, thy Dottrine, and Example, to observe it daily;—To wean our Hearts from a Love and Fondness for this World.—Its Pleasures, N 2 Profits,

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Profits, and all its Idols;—To mortify our, corrupt Affections, and to correct and amend what is amifs in us:—That we may be meek, and humble, and temperate; and learn to fubmit our Wills to the Will and Law of God; —And grant, O Lord, that we may never lead Heathens and Unbelievers to have unworthy Thoughts of Thee, and of thy Religion, by our ungodly Lives, while we pretend to be thy followers.

Luke xiii. 24. Strive to enter in at the ftraight Gate; for many, I fay unto you, will feek to enter in, and fhall not be able.

May we never flatter ourfelves, that the Way to Heaven and Happinefs is eafy, and that the Generality of Chriftian People are in the Way of Salvation, when Thou haft declared the contrary !--O may thy Spirit convince us that our Salvation is not to be fecured without great Watchfulnefs and Care, without Labour, Pains, and Diligence: And that, on thefe Conditions, thy Goodnefs will enable us to overcome all the Difficulties we can poffibly meet with !

Luke ix. 13. If ye being evil, know bow to give good G fts unto your Children; bow much more Jhall your Heavenly Father give good Things, and His Holy Spi. 1, to them that afk Him !

O Heavenly Father, let it be unto us according to this thy Son's most faithful Promife,

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-To mortify our prrect and amend we may be meek, and learn to fuband Law of God: at we may never vers to have unand of thy Reliwhile we pretend

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arfelves, that the inefs is eafy, and tian People are in en Thou haft deay thy Spirit cons not to be fecured and Care, without nee: And that, on dnefs will enable Difficulties we can

, know how to give en; how much more give good Things, m that afk Him !

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it be unto us acmost faithful Promife.

#### PRAYERS, Gc.

mife.—For his Sake, give us thy Holy Spirit, to live and act in us, to guide and affift us all our Days, and may we ever afk and be content with fuch good things as it shall please Thee to give us!—And grant that we may never grieve thy holy Spirit;—never reject his godly Motions, or render ourfelves unworthy of his Abode with us, by living in any known Sin.

#### Rev. iii. 19. As many as I love, I rebuke and chaften.

O! that we may acknowledge thy loving Kindnefs to us, in all the Difpenfations of thy Providence! Our corrupt Nature will not let us fee this:—It is thy Grace alone which muft convince us, that a Father fo good would not fuffer Afflictions to fall upon his Children, without an abfolute Neceffity.—Convince us, therefore, O God, that we ftand in need of thy Rebukes, to awaken and amend us:— And enable us to bear all the Afflictions of this Life with Patience, and an entire Refignation to thy Wifdom and Goodnefs, and make them powerful Means of our eternal Salvation. Amen.

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A fhort and neceffary Inftruction for the Lord's Day, in the Morning.

THE Lord, who has bleffed One Day in Seven, bleffeth all those that keep it holy: and very terrible have been his Judgments upon them that have profaned it.

It is your Duty therefore, on this good Day, to lay afide as much as poffible, all worldly Bufinefs; all worldly Thoughts; all worldly Pleafures; that you may honour your Creator to the beft of your Power; by owning your Dependence upon him; by hearing his Word, and his Commands; by afking his Bleffings, and giving him Thanks for his Favours.

If then it is our Intereft and our Happinefs, to ferve God, it is our Duty to be at his Houfe before his Service begins; to fhew that we fear his Majefty, and dare not offer him a lame Sacrifice; to fhew, that we do indeed defire his Bleffing, and take Delight in ferving him.

When therefore you come into the Houfe of God, and first kneel down, fay fecretly this fort Prayer.

# A fort Prayer at your coming into Church.

MAY the good Spirit of God difpofe me unto, and affift me in, his Service ! The Lord give us all a true and lively Senfe of our Wants, and of his Mercy and Prefence amongft

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#### struction for the Morning.

oleffed One Day in hofe that keep it ve been his Judge profaned it. , on this good Day, ffible, all worldly ughts; all worldly mour your Creator ; by owning your hearing his Word, fking his Bleffings, or his Favours. ft and our Happir Duty to be at his e begins; to shew

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#### PRAYERS, Gc.

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amongst us, that we may ferve him with our Hearts as well as with our Bodies, and that our Prayers may be heard, for the Sake of his Son Jesus Chrift our Lord ! Amen.

After this, attend diligently to what is faid, and prayed for; remembering that they are your Prayers which are offered up to God; but that you have no Share in them, if you do not mind what is afked in your Name.

That your Heart may go along with your Prayers, fay foftly, Amen, So be it, to every Petition. This is what the most Unlearned may do, and it may be the most Learned cannot do better, to keep their Minds intent upon what they are about.

When you confess your Sins, do it with great Serioufnels and Concern, remembering that you are for ever undone, if you are not forgiven. And then hear with Comfort upon what Condition God will pardon you : If you repent and believe the Gofpel, you are fure to be forgiven.

When the Word of God is read or preached, be careful to mind it, that you may know your Duty, and the Reward of doing it; that you may observe the Way of God's dealing with Mankind, in punishing the Wicked, and in protecting and rewarding the Righteous; that you may know the Manner of our Redemption, and the great Love of God in bringing it to pass; that you may fee the Dangers you N 4

you are liable to, and the Bleffednefs that is tet before you, ever remembering that Faith, without which we cannot pleafe God, cometh by Hearing, and Hearing by the Word of God, Rom. x. 17.

And be fure to behave yourfelf with great Reverence and Devotion, while you are in the Houfe and Prefence of God; for if, when you fhould be on your Knees, afking God's Pardon and Bleffings, or flanding to praile the Creator of Heaven and Earth; if, inflead of doing fo, you fit and fleep away the Time, or carelefsly gaze, and think of other Matters, then you will return from God's Houfe with a Curfe, and not with a Bleffing.

And yet the very best of us, after all our Care, have Cause to beg Pardon even for the Faults of our Devotions. Therefore, before you rife from your Knees, say privately this flort Prayer.

A fort Prayer before you leave the Church.

T HE good Lord accept of our Duty, and Service; pardon our Sins and Infirmities; give us what is needful for our Souls, and for our Bodies; and keep us evermore under thy Protection, for the Sake of Jefus Chrift our Saviour! Amen.

And now, God forbid that you should fpend the Remainder of this good Day, fo well begun, in Sin and Vanity 1 Rather think how

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#### Family

Bleffednefs that is nbering that Faith, leafe God, cometh by the Word of God,

yourfelf with great hile you are in the God; for if, when nees, afking God's anding to praife the arth; if, inflead of away the Time, or of other Matters, God's Houfe with leffing.

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ept of our Duty, n our Sins and Inis needful for our and keep us evern, for the Sake of Amen.

this good Day, fo nity! Rather think how

#### PRAYERS, Ge. 273

how you may do most Honour to your Creator and Redeemer.

If you can read, you can both instruct yourfelf, and them that will hear you.

If you have Children and Servants, you can teach them how to fear, and to love, and to pray to God.

And if you are unlearned, you can think of what you have heard at Church, and refolve to do, to the best of your Knowledge, as you have been taught.

Then will the Lord be with you, to blefs you in the Way you go; to preferve and to profper you. For this is what he hath declared, Them that honour me, I will honour; and they that defp<sup>2</sup> fe me, fhall be lightly effected, 1 Sam. ii. 30.

A Prayer for Sunday Morning.

O LORD, who haft confecrated this Day to thy Service, give us Grace fo to obferve it, that it may he the Beginning of an *bappy Week* to us; and that none of thy Judgments may fall upon us for profaning it. Fix in our Hearts this great Truth, *that here wee bave no Abiding place*, that we may ferioufly and timely provide for another Life; and grant that this great Concern may make us very defirous to learn our Duty, and to do what Thou requireft of us. And bleffed be God, that we have Churches to go to, that we have fuch Times fet apart for the more public Worthip

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Worfhip of our Creator, and that we have Paftors to teach us! The Lord profper their Labours, and give us Grace to profit by them, that they and we may enjoy an everlafting Sabbath with thy Saints in Heaven, for Jefus Chrift's Sake. Amen.

A plain and useful Instruction for Sunday Evening.

Concerning the Providence of God, or his Wifdom and Goodnefs in governing the World.

T HAT God is great, and to be greatly feared, we know by the World he hath made, and from his dreadful Judgments.

That God is good, and to be loved and worfhipped, we are convinced from his Care of the whole Creation.

For bis tender Mercies over all bis Works, Pfal. cxlv. 9. Therefore have his Creatures the Comfort of the Rain and Sun, of Food and Shelter; the Earth yields Increase, and the Seas are stored with Creatures innumerable.

In the Hand of God are thefe and all other Bleffings, which he with-holds, or giveth, according to his good Pleafure, to teach us, that we wholly depend on him; that Man liveth not by Bread alone, nor by his own Industry, but by the Providence of God, who ordereth all Conditions of Life for the beft, for those that cannot chuse for themselves.

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and that we have Lord profper their e to profit by them, joy an everlafting Heaven, for Jelus

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of God, or his Wifverning the World.

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have his Works, have his Creatures of and Sun, of Food elds Increafe, and the tures innumerable. re thefe and all other holds, or giveth, acfure, to teach us, that im; that Man liveth by his own Industry, of God, who ordereth or the beft, for those memfelves.

And

#### PRAYERS, Sc.

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And if he fuffers fome to be poor, it is becaufe that Condition is belt for them now; but he will make them a great Amends in the next World for what they want in this, if they will be content and honeft, neither murmur at their own Lot, nor envy that of others.

When God giveth Riches, it is not to make them an Occalion of our Ruin, but to try our Virtue; for, if we are not high-minded, if we trust not in uncertain Riches, but in the living God; if we do Good with them, and readily distribute to the Necessity of others; then are Riches a real Blessing, and help to bring us to eternal Life, 1 Tim. vi. 17.

If be bringeth us into Affliction, it is not that he is pleafed with the Miferies of his Creatures, but he is shewing them their Transgression, he is opening their Ear to Discipline, that they may return from Iniquity, and fave their Souls from Death eternal, Job xxxvi. 9.

If he fuffers us to be tempted, it is not that we might fall, but to make us more fenfible of our own Weaknefs, that we may come to him for Help, on whom we depend, who will not fuffer us to be tempted above what we are able to bear; and who will reward our poor Endeavours with unspeakable Happinefs.

If we have Friends, it is the Favour of God to us; and, if we have Enemies, they are Rods in his Hands, either to correct us, or to make us careful of our Ways.

The

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The Devil himfelf, that powerful Spirit, is under God's Command, to execute his Judgments upon wicked Men, while they that trult in the Lord have nothing to fear for he hath no Power to hurt them.

Happy are we, who know thefe things now; and we shall be for ever happy, if we live according to this Belief.

For then we shall trust in the Lord with all our Heart, and not lean unto our own Understanding.

We shall call upon bim for what we want, and thankfully receive what he is pleased to fend. For shall we receive Good at the Hand of God, and shall we not receive Evil? Jobii. 10.

We shall hope for his Favour when we mean well, and never expect his Bleffing when our Defigns are evil.

We shall look upon God's Time as the best, and not grow impatient when our Defires are not answered.

We fhall acknowledge his Hand in every thing that befalleth us, and hope for his Mercy even when he is angry, knowing, that all things fhall work together for Good to them that love God; Rom. viii. 28. Thus fhall we dwell under the Defence of the most High, and fhall be fecure from fear of Evil.

A Prayer for Sunday Evening.

A Lmighty God, by whom all things were made, and are preferved, make us truly thankful, for thy wonderful Works of Greation;

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t powerful Spirit, is to execute his Judgwhile they that truft to fear for he hath

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whom all things were eferved, make us truly derful Works of *Crea*tion;

### PRAYERS, Cc. 277

tion ;- For thine adorable Providence in preferving every thing that Thou haft made ;----And for thine Infinite Power, Wildom, and Goodness, in the Government of the World .---But above all, we acknowledge thine infinite Love in the Redemption of the World, by thy Son our Lord Jefus Chrift; and thy Goodness in fending by him this comfortable Meffage to thy diffreffed Creatures,-That whofoever receiveth and believeth in Him fhall not perifb, but bave everlasting Life .- We blefs Thee for his holy Destrine and Example ;- And for his precious Death, and glorious Refurrection, by which our fad Condition, and thine unfpeakable Love, have been wonderfully thewn to us. -We give Thee Thanks for thy Holy Word, by which thy Works of Mercy and Providence have been preferved, and thy Will made known unto Mankind.-We blefs thy Holy Name, for fanctifying One Day in Seven to thy Service, to keep up the Knowledge and Remembrance of Thee, and of our Creation and Redemption ;- And for appointing thy Minifters to publish these Truths to us in thy Name, that we may render unto Thee that Honour, Love, and Obedience, which becometh Creatures to pay to their great Creator .- And we befeech Thee, O God, to give us all fuch a deep and lafting Senfe of thy great and undeferved Mercies to us, that our Hearts may be unfeignedly thankful, and that we may thew forth thy Praise, not only with our Lips, but in our Lives,

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Lives, By giving up ourfelves to thy Service, and by walking before Thee, in Holinefs and Righteoufnefs all our Days;—And as we often hear how we ought to walk, and to pleafe God, we may continue to do fo unto our Lives End, through Jefus Chrift our Lord. Amen.

#### A fort ADMONITION to All, and especially to Masters of Families.

A Mongft the many growing Vices of this profane Age, one wretched and ungodly. Cuftom is too common; viz. of People's falling to their Meals, as Beafts do to their Fodder, without any Thoughts of God, or Thanks for his Bleffings \*.—And even too many of those who have not quite laid aside this Christian Duty, perform it after such a flight and negligent Manner, as makes it as finful as the Omiffion.

When a Man, like ourfelves, beftows a Favour, we naturally give him Thanks.— Are not Food, and the Supports of Life and Health, mighty Bleffings?—Is not God the

\* Grace before Meals, the Practice of the Romans.

Nec prins aut Epulas, aut Munera grata Lycei, Fas cuiquam teligiffe fuit, quam multa precatus In menfam. Sil, Italicus.

• Nor touch'd the Meat, nor tafted was the Wine, • Till every Gueft implor'd the Pow'rs Divine.'

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#### Family

ves to thy Service, ee, in Holinefs and s;—And as we ofwalk, and to pleafe lo fo unto our Lives our Lord. Amen.

ON to All, and of Families.

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#### PRAYERS, Sc.

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fole Giver of these?—Are they not worth aking, and giving Thanks for ?—This shews plainly, that this Sin, being against the very natural Notions of Sense and Gratitude, is of the Devil, who makes the Tables of too many to become a Snare and a Curse to them, by Intemperance, Gluttony, and Drunkenness.

All Chriftians, who have any Regard to the Example of their Saviour, who always glorified God, and gave Him public Thanks for his Bleffings; —or to the Example of St. Paul, who would not omit this Duty, tho' in Bonds, and in the Prefence of a numerous Company of Heathens; — All Chriftians, feeing the Reafonablenefs of this Duty, and the Sin of omitting it, or of not performing it after a ferious Manner, will be inexcufable before God, if they neglect to glorify Him at their Daily Meals.

Now, that the most unlearned may not want Words to express their Thanks, and beg God's Bleffing upon themfelves, and their daily Food, these following may be madeuse of.

GRACE before our Meals.

O GOD who giveth Food unto all Flefh, grant that we may receive these thy Gifts with thy Blessing, and use them with Sobriety, and thankful Hearts, through Jefus Chrift our Lord. Amen.

GRACE

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