

Middlesex Should Be Arrayed Solidly Behind the Government; Mark Your Ballots for Ross, Rumball, Routledge and Taylor

EAST LONDON WORKINGMEN GIVE RUMBALL A ROUSING RECEPTION

Magnificent Gathering of the Toilers Hears Questions
of the Day Discussed in the Town Hall.

Mr. Rumball Compares His Work
as Mayor With Mr. Beck's.

Hon. Charles S. Hyman, M. P.,
Accorded Warm Reception.

Liberal Candidate Tells of What the
"Purity Party" Is Doing in the
Present Campaign.

The workingmen of East London last night gave Mr. F. G. Rumball, the Liberal candidate for the Legislature, a rousing reception in the east end hall. Mr. Rumball was not amongst strangers in the east end, for many of his business interests are located in that quarter of London, and the cheers he received showed that he is the most popular among the workingmen where he is best known.

The meeting was a magnificent one—a fitting tribute to a Liberal candidate who is worthy the support of Liberal electors. The hall, which was cosy and warm, was packed to the doors, the crowd filling every seat, and being lined up in hundreds along the three sides, and at the rear of the auditorium. And the way the electors cheered for Mr. Rumball left no room to doubt that the east end will give a good account of itself tomorrow.

The first of the speakers to arrive were Hon. C. S. Hyman and Mr. John Stevely. Mr. Hyman was at once recognized, and a man shouted, "Three cheers for Hyman!" These cheers were given with a will, and showed that to the people he is still the same "Charlie" as of old. When he addressed the gathering, too, he was most enthusiastically received, and his straightforward, statesmanlike speech made a deep impression on his hearers. He was accorded a splendid hearing, too, being interrupted but once, when an elector asked him to explain his position on the G. T. R. provident bill. When he had finished his explanation the crowd cheered enthusiastically, and the elector who asked the question sat down good-naturedly and appeared to be well satisfied.

The candidate, Mr. Rumball, also delivered a speech which made him many friends, and his reception at all times was magnificent. At the conclusion of his address the Liberal candidate, at the suggestion of Mr. Hyman, pledged himself to the electors that if he is elected and the supreme court decides that the Dominion Government has not the power to pass the Grand Trunk Provident Society bill, he (Mr. Rumball) will bring the bill up in the Legislature, and will do all in his power to have it become law.

Both Mr. Hyman and Mr. Rumball were loudly cheered for this assurance. On the platform besides Hon. Mr.

Hyman and Mr. Rumball, were Messrs. T. H. Purdon, K. C.; T. R. Parker, W. H. Braddon, J. C. Park, George Heaman, John Wilkey and T. B. Uron.

DEALT WITH MISREPRESENTATIONS

Mr. Stevely Answered Statements
Made by Beck's Organ.

The chairman said it gave him great pleasure to see such an immense audience before him. It gave evidence that the people of East London took a large interest in public affairs. He deeply regretted the character of the campaign just about to close in this city, especially that carried on on behalf of Mr. Beck. Instead of dealing with questions of wide public interest, Mr. Beck's supporters had confined their attention to trying to make political capital out of local issues and had indulged much of their campaigning to the party of purity, while bribery and corruption, the latest evidence of which had just appeared in South Ontario, were rampant in their own ranks.

The speaker gave much praise to the Government for its action towards the Soo industries. First of all, the Government had taken no risk in guaranteeing the company's bonds. A great industry had been saved for Ontario, and thousands of workmen kept in employment. (Cheers.) The speaker had read something lately in the local Conservative organ which showed that the results of the Government's action were splendid, namely, the fact that the Soo establishment was now turning out thousands of steel rails, and this part of the industry alone was sufficient to keep the Soo works busy for many years. (Cheers.) Then was the government-owned railway now making its way into the rich northern lands, the benefit of which would be felt all over Ontario.

The speaker again deprecated the mid-winter campaign waged by the Conservative speakers and the Free Press.

MISSTATEMENTS REFUTED.
He, as secretary of the Columbia Handle Company, would take the opportunity to refute several misstatements. He gave an emphatic denial to the cry that Mr. Rumball would have moved his industry from this city if it had not been for a bonus from the city. The company had never asked the city for any such favor, nor had they received any, and Mr. Rumball and the company were willing, and offered, to buy out an extra \$20,000 in property, rather than leave the city. (Cheers.) The matter had been twisted out of all form of truth by the Conservative organ.

Referring to the company's relations with the G. T. R., the speaker asserted that the buildings of the company were not free from rent and taxes and that the company had no special favor.

A LONDON CLERGYMAN'S PROTEST!

The Rev. D. S. Hamilton is the pastor of the First Congregational Church of this city. He is beloved by his flock and esteemed by all who know him. He was the President of the Referendum Association of this city in 1902, is a Vice-President of the Ontario Alliance, and was delegated by the London Ministerial Association to speak for them a week ago Monday evening when a temperance deputation waited upon the City Council. Mr. Hamilton in a letter to the Advertiser yesterday said:

"There are no doubt thousands of conscientious Conservatives who oppose the Government, and sincerely believe in the principles of their own party, and they are perfectly right in following the dictates of their conscience and judgment, and in doing so they retain the respect and esteem of their Liberal fellow-citizens, who are prepared to take a defeat if it is given by fair means. But there are also thousands of Liberals who rightly believe they have a strong, clean leader in Hon. Mr. Ross, a man who has been a credit to Liberalism, and whose services to the cause of temperance and moral reform have been great, and they will not stand still and see him slandered out of office by politicians or preachers, whose attacks upon him have been so bitter that a sense of British fair play will move many fair-minded men to mark their ballots for the much-maligned yet foremost statesman in Ontario. Even though the Government should suffer defeat, Mr. Ross will retain the confidence and esteem of his party and of thousands of other honest men, and whether the Liberals of London succeed in electing Mr. Rumball or not, those who support him, if they feel as I do, will know that they voted with a clear conscience for what they considered to be in the best interests of the moral and material well-being of the Province."

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Mr. Adam Beck, Ex-M. P. P.

Mr. Beck is the man who mortgaged the city for the sum of \$25,000 for the Nurses' Home and railroaded the proposal through without taking a vote of the people.

He gave the contract for the carpenter work on the Nurses' Home to Jones Bros. for \$3,482, because they were political friends, and ignored W. S. Davidson, a Liberal contractor, who tendered for the work at \$3,000.

He rushed through this project in 1902 on the ground that the efficiency of the hospital urgently demanded it, but the building is still unfinished.

He appointed a lady from Philadelphia as matron of this home at a salary of \$200 per annum, the salary to start from Jan. 1, last—months before the home is opened.

He gave orders to the assessment department which resulted in the city's assessment being raised a million dollars.

He had a pavement laid in front of his factory on Albert street, constructed out of the general funds, at a cost of about \$1,500.

He had the city spend \$500 to beautify the vicinity of his residence.

He used the axe mercilessly on Liberalism, and tried to rob the Liberals of London of representation on all civic bodies.

He took the declaration that he had attended every sitting of the Legislature last session and thereby drew his full sessional allowance, when as a matter of fact he had grossly neglected his legislative duties, and was not in the House half the time.

As mayor of London, he attended but one meeting of the West London break-water committee out of seven, and now seeks to take credit to himself for what this committee has done for the people of West London.

He went into the mayor's chair with a surplus of \$1,000 and left it with a large overdraft.

ANOTHER STORY FLATLY DENIED

Mr. Rumball Had Nothing to
Do With the Removal of
a Factory to Goderich.

The story published by the Free Press to the effect that Mr. Rumball bought out a local furniture factory and had it removed to Goderich because the wages were lower in that place and also because a bonus was offered the concern, is another of the many falsehoods published by the Beck organ during the present campaign.

As a matter of fact, the furniture business referred to the Hinton-Mills Company—was purchased, after the failure, by a joint stock company in Goderich, and is at the present time located in that town.

Mr. Rumball has nothing to do with the company. The object of the Free Press story is solely to injure Mr. Rumball, who, instead of moving factories away from London, has been instrumental in bringing them to the city.

THE WEATHER.

Tomorrow—Fair and Very Cold.

London, Tuesday, Jan. 24.
Sun rises, 7:42 a.m. Moon rises, 3:30 p.m.
Sun sets, 5:17 p.m. Moon sets, 3:44 a.m.

Toronto, Jan. 23-8 p.m.
Decidedly cold weather prevails in nearly all portions of the Dominion, the greatest cold being centered in Manitoba and the Northwest Territories.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Dawson, 22 below—18 below; Victoria, 41—50; Calgary, 12 below—4; Prince Albert, 11 below—10 below; Winnipeg, 12 below—4 below; Port Arthur, 12 below—14; Port Huron, 15 below—14; Toronto, 1 below—2; Ottawa, 12 below—5; Montreal, 2 below—4; Quebec, 8 below—5; St. John, 6—14; Halifax, 14—2.

FORECASTS.
Tuesday, Jan. 24—8 a.m.
Today—Winds, becoming very strong from the west and northwest; light snow today; decidedly colder again tonight.

Wednesday—Fair and very cold.

Stations. S. a.m. M. m. Weather.

Winnipeg 4 0 Cloudy

Toronto 29 10 Snow

Ottawa 2 12 Fair

Montreal 8 10 Cloudy

Quebec 14 14 Clear

Father Point 4 4 Clear

The sign indicates below zero.

WEATHER NOTES.

An important storm development appears likely to occur in the United States and Atlantic coast, indicating stormy conditions for Eastern Canada. The most pronounced cold wave so far of the winter is now centered over Manitoba and the Northwest States.



Ex-Mayor F. G. Rumball.

Mr. Frederick G. Rumball, the Liberal candidate for the Legislature, is the unanimous choice of the united Liberal party of London, and goes into the fight tomorrow with the unbroken columns of London Liberalism at his back.

For nearly a quarter of a century, Mr. Rumball has been prominent in business matters in London. Rising from the ranks of the workmen, he is still a man of the people, and a man whom anyone can approach.

In all his business enterprises, Mr. Rumball has been successful in cultivating the goodwill of his employees, as well as successful from a financial point of view. Years ago, when first he came to London, he opened up a lumber yard, but he soon became interested in manufacturing concerns. He first took hold of what is now known as the London box factory, of which he has made a splendid success. Then he acquired an interest in a handle company at Thamesville, and he soon had the plant removed to London, where it is now known as the "Columbia Handle Works," which gives employment to many men. Mr. Rumball is also interested in the Forest City Bonding Company, and the firm of Hould & Co. It was Mr. Rumball, who, when it became known that the London Mutual Fire Insurance Company was to remove to Toronto, got a number of citizens together and organized a new company, with head offices here, to be known as the Monarch, and this is today, although still a young concern, enjoying a good business.

Mr. Rumball is also the head of the Southwestern Traction Company, a concern which is sure to be of the greatest benefit to London, as it will bring all the smaller places for miles around into close touch with London and London merchants.

Mr. Rumball's municipal record is one to be proud of. After serving as an alderman for some years, he was elected to the mayor's chair. He was confronted with a deficit, but he turned this deficit into a surplus and left to his successor, Mr. Beck, a surplus of over \$1,000.

While mayor of London Mr. Rumball elected truly and well the city's interests. One of the measures advocated by him and carried through was the reduction of the number of aldermen from eighteen to twelve, and their election by the vote of the whole people, thus abolishing the old ward system, which was the cause of much complaint. He was also instrumental in having the fare on the Springbank line of the street railway reduced from 15 to 10 cents, and he set on foot the movement for interswitching, which was recently accomplished, and which will prove of inestimable value to every merchant and manufacturer in the city.

During Mr. Rumball's term as mayor not a dollar's worth of debentures were issued. This means that not a dollar of debt was added to the city's mortgage.

It can also be tersely said of Mr. Rumball that in the mayor's chair he was fair and treated all parties alike. A vote for Rumball is a vote for a fair man—for a man who will represent the city of London honestly and well.

METHODIST PASTOR SUPPORTING ROSS

Gives Five Reasons for Deciding
to Vote for the Present
Government.

To the Editor of The Advertiser:
After several months of careful and conscientious deliberation, I have decided to support the candidate of the Ross Government. My reasons for doing so are as follows:

1. The Liberal party has made no attempt to excuse or condone the wrongs that have been committed in the name of the party. On the contrary it has condemned all such wrongs in the most explicit terms. The Conservative party has not even confessed the political crimes of which it has been guilty.

2. I have faith in the integrity of Mr. Ross, and have reason to believe that he is in every way an abler and better man than Mr. Whitney.

3. As an ardent temperance advocate I can see nothing that can be gained by defeating Mr. Ross, and I can see how possible it would be to lose a great deal by the election of Mr. Whitney.

4. I am persuaded that the man for whom I shall vote is a better representative of the principles to which I hold than the nominee of the Conservative party.

5. It has been shown that the affairs of the Province have been carefully and honestly administered by the Liberal Government for 22 years. There is no guarantee that a Government of any other party will do better, nor as well.

A METHODIST PASTOR.

Note—The writer of the above is the pastor of one of the largest Methodist churches in Middlesex County. He is well-known in London, having served a pastoral term here.

Something About Mr. Beck.

Some of our Conservative friends are much exercised because The Advertiser has seen fit to expose a few of Mr. Beck's many shortcomings. Apparently their memories need refreshing. Will they go back to the Dominion election in November, and recall the character of the campaign waged against Mr. Hyman? Do they recollect the deluge of falsehood poured out by their own organ, with their enthusiastic approval? These untruths, which were repeated with daily regularity, were refuted by incontestable evidence. Mr. Hyman was accused of barking legislation demanded by the Grand Trunk Provident Society and was vilified as the oppressor of the widow and the orphan. The official records were produced to show that Mr. Hyman had done nothing of the kind; that the legislation applied for had been granted subject to a reference to the Supreme Court to test its validity—a reference which was agreed to unanimously by the railway committee over which Mr. Hyman presided. The local Tory organ refused to publish these facts; it published its fabrications day after day in its endeavor to slander Mr. Hyman out of public life. The Tory party aided and abetted these tactics in its canvass and succeeded in misleading many electors.

CONSERVATIVES WHO CHUCKLED OVER THE LIES AGAINST MR. HYMAN ARE SQUEALING BECAUSE THE ADVERTISER HAS TOLD A FEW PLAIN TRUTHS ABOUT MR. BECK.

The community has been nauseated by "too much Beck" and many loyal Conservatives are tired of his arrogance and pretentiousness and the calculated lauding of which he has been both the object and the inspirer. He has been an embittering influence and it will be a happy day for peace and goodwill in the community when he is relegated to private life. When he entered public life he undertook to teach his party some new tricks. Before his appearance on the scene there had been comparative peace and harmony in the administration of the affairs of the city. There was nothing in the transaction of the city's business to set citizens by the ears and keep them at loggerheads all the year round. The Liberals smarted under no sense of injustice when a Conservative Mayor and Conservative Council chanced to be in control. The Conservatives had nothing to complain of when the conditions were reversed. Mr. Beck brought with him a new-fangled notion—borrowed from the United States—of building up a party machine for municipal purposes with the object of securing PERMANENT CONTROL of every branch of municipal government. "No Liberals Need Apply" was written over every portal. Liberals were to be shut out of all participation in the management of the city, all share in the spending of their own taxes. The plan worked so successfully that at the end of Mr. Beck's majority term scarcely a Liberal remained on the governing boards of the city. The Liberals were compelled to organize in defense of their citizenship and they practically succeeded, by one stroke, in overturning the oligarchy which insolently imposed its will on the community. For the introduction of this policy of proscription, so destructive of civic loyalty and fellow-citizenship, Mr. Beck deserves to be punished tomorrow.

But Mr. Beck had been paraded as a model of unselfish civic patriotism, and the puffery bureau would have people believe that they will never look upon his like again. Mr. Beck's municipal record has been pretty thoroughly ventilated, and if he chooses to appeal to it so much the worse for him. The overdrains, the unwarranted lift in assessments intended to cover up the riot of extravagance; the awarding of contracts to political supporters at higher figures than the tenders of Liberal contractors; the outlay of public money in providing expensive pavements in front of the properties of Mr. Beck and Mr. Wyatt, while the city streets are starved—these are some of the achievements of this great municipal genius.

Rev. Dr. Chown, Secretary of the Moral Reform Work of the Methodist Church, said in a recent lecture at Trinity Church in Toronto: "In order to catch political support one party says the Government should be turned out of office on the score of corruption, but there is absolutely nothing in that in the way of a cure. A change of government does not mean anything unless the new Government has in view such measures as will better the political conditions, AND THOSE MEASURES HAVE NOT YET BEEN BROUGHT TO THE SURFACE. The other party says we must drop the central organization and organize the constituencies to fight against corruption, but that plan is feeble, too."

LET MAJORITY BE DECISIVE, IS LAST WORD FROM PREMIER

Five thousand Liberals in convention assembled two months ago today laid down a political platform, to which not a single objection has yet been offered by the leader of the Opposition or any of his followers. No more comprehensive platform was ever adopted by any political party in Canada. To the farmer it assures better returns for his industry; to the merchant and manufacturer larger sales and a wider market; to the laboring man fuller employment and steadier wages; to railways larger earnings; to professional men greater opportunities, and to capital increased facilities for investment.

The cry of corruption against the Liberal party, if ever it had any force, has recoiled upon those who gave it birth. The claim of the Opposition to political purity has been shown to be hypocritical and false; on that claim they rested their case and failed.

As leaders of public opinion, they have blundered without excuse or palliation. In dealing with large questions, they had neither the foresight of statesmen, nor the initiative of leadership. For thirty years they have discouraged public enterprise and resisted pressing reforms in education, temperance and taxation. Having failed in Opposition, on what ground can they hope to succeed if placed in power?

A change of Government, therefore, offers no advantage to any class in the community, except to the Conservative office-seeker. To all others, the record of the Government is conclusive evidence of wise financial administration, intelligent management of all the natural resources of the Province, and advanced legislation on every question touching the social, moral or educational interests of the people. On that record I ask the electors for a renewal of their confidence, and let the majority be decisive; let every vote be polled.

GEORGE W. ROSS.
Toronto, Jan. 23, 1905.

It is also a fact that just before the rule was enforced that no more wooden curbs would be put down by the city, a handsome wood curb was put down on Wellington street at the rear of Mr. Beck's residence. It is a peculiar fact that this work was rushed through at the time it was, and, of course, Mr. Beck benefited by it.

Ald. Wyatt, ex-convicted member of the board of works, rushes to Mr. Beck's defense, and says there is not a word of truth in The Advertiser's statements. But the people know well enough that Ald. Wyatt is in the same boat with Mr. Beck.

When Ald. Wyatt was chairman of the board of works he had a costly broken-stone pavement constructed in front of his own residence on St. James street out of the general funds. When Ald. Wyatt was chairman of the board of works, he also spent several hundred dollars of the people's hard-earned taxes, on a culvert on Colborne street, near the C. P. R. This culvert was not badly needed, but Ald. Wyatt has a lot there which he purchased for \$50, but which is now said to be worth hundreds, thanks to the culvert.

Will the Free Press deny also that a permanent pavement was put down on Albert street, in front of Mr. Beck's factory, the pavement being paid for out of the general funds?

The organ takes good care not to deny the statement that a prominent north end Conservative, who wanted some of the city sweepings for his own property, threatened to expose Mr. Beck in the Free Press, unless he got what he was looking for. The threat was successful. He "got the earth."

GRAND TRUNK UNION MEN GRATEFUL TO MR. RUMBALL

A Well-Known Conservative Worker Writes to Acknowledge
His Kindness to Striking Switchmen—Mr. Rumball
Gave Them a Substantial Subscription.

[From Last Saturday's Advertiser.]

London, Ont., Jan. 20, 1905.

To the Advertiser:

I see by a letter in the papers that Mr. Rumball is said to be an enemy to organized union labor.

I have been known in this city as a Conservative union man for many years, being a charter member of the Trackmen's Union, and no man in the city has suffered more through his sticking to union principles than I have, and I can speak as one who has suffered.

Mr. Rumball has shown himself a true friend of Unionism.

When the G. T. R. Trackmen went on strike, Mr. Rumball called on me and asked what was the trouble. We stated our case and he told me our case was a

perfectly good one, and not only approved of our course, but gave us a substantial subscription towards our funds, and as a union man I feel it my duty to come forward with this statement at this time when Mr. Rumball is being maligned.

I am sending this letter to both papers, as the Trades and Labor resolutions appeared in the both papers. Yours truly,

W. EVANS,

Late Switch Foreman G. T. R.

We certify that the above is correct.

JAS. MOORE,

JOHN MILLER,

A. WARREN,

J. SPENCER,

J. HAMMACOTT.

WALKER & SONS WITH WHITNEY

Big Distilling Firm Takes Stand
in View of Premier Ross' Temperance Policy.

Walkerville, Jan. 23.—The following circular is being distributed broadcast throughout this town.

Walkerville, Jan. 23, 1905.

At the last election for the Ontario Legislature we observed an entirely neutral position, as the conditions did not seem to warrant our taking any special sides. In view, however, of the attitude now assumed by the Ross Government with respect to the liquor question, we deem it in our interest to support the Conservative party in the present contest.

HIRAM WALKER & SONS, LIMITED.

GOOD THING FOR WINDSOR

Big Rubber Goods Company to Establish a Factory There.

Detroit, Mich., Jan. 24.—The Rubber Goods Manufacturing Company of New York is to remove one of the large plants to Detroit and will establish a large plant in Windsor to manufacture goods for the Canadian market. The plant to come here will make rubber belting, hose, steam packing, mostly rubber goods, etc., but will make a specialty of automobile tires. The company has an established business of over two million dollars annually.

Conservatives Hold Final Meeting in West London

Mr. Beck and Others Address Electors in Collins' Hall.

The Ex-Mayor Again Carefully Avoided Many Charges.

Took Credit for Breakwater for the Suburb—Mr. Wm. Gray on "The Club" Appointments.

The final meeting in the interests of Mr. Beck was held in Collins' Hall, West London, last evening, when the old building, the scene of so many lively municipal and political gatherings in years gone by, was well filled with the supporters of the Conservative candidate, and considerable enthusiasm prevailed. Mr. Beck, Mr. Gray, and ex-Ald. Judd were the principal speakers, and their remarks were largely a repetition of what they said at the East London meeting. Outside of provincial issues, Mr. Beck confined himself to two matters—the breakwater and the extension of the Port Stanley—avoiding the many charges made against him. He went so far as to take credit to himself for the present position of affairs as regards the breakwater, and attempted to throw cold water on the statement made that the Ontario Government, through Dr. Routledge, had offered to pay a portion of the cost.

Mr. Levi Hammond occupied the chair, and Mr. Beck and Ald. Judd did not arrive until after 8:30 o'clock, he called on Ald. Matthews. The latter was greeted with cries of "The Coming Mayor." He said he had been struck in the present campaign with the Ross Government's lack of policy, especially in the city of London. He spoke of Hawkins, the horse the ex-mayor was to give to the fire department, and said that before publishing anything about the matter the Advertiser should give him the facts of the case. Ald. Matthews gave the ex-mayor credit for his honesty in the water scheme, saying that he saw the first proposition would have been defeated if it went to the ratepayers.

Liberals In Power Too Long.

Ald. Forristal followed Ald. Matthews, and he assured the gathering that this election was the most important since confederation. If the Province got four years more of the Ross Government, it would be a calamity, for the Liberals had been in power far too long—fully fifteen years. There was no precedent in the British Empire for a Government remaining in power so many years, the longest Government ever known being that of Sir Robert Walpole, which, by the way, was the most corrupt Government ever known. Ald. Forristal went on to say that when the Ontario Government went into power it had endless timber lands.

"And what have we got now?" asked Ald. Forristal. "The Conservatives have not been able to get a look into the books at Toronto, but after Wednesday next, when they will have access to the books, it will be found that there is very little left." Ald. Forristal cited the sale of a timber berth to Sullivan for a small amount, compared with what it was afterwards sold for, and said that in the face of such an act "the Liberals had the cheek, the gall, the audacity to come to the people and ask for a new Government." He also grew very indignant at the Advertiser, owing to its criticism of Mr. Beck. "To think," he said, "of such a thing. Is it not a disgraceful thing to think that a man like Mr. Beck, after serving three years as mayor of the city, should be reviled, belied, as he has been?"

Ald. Forristal dealt with the over-draft, for which he claimed ex-Mayor Beck was in no way responsible, and he concluded by attacking the Ross Administration, which, he said, was "stepped to the lips in corruption."

Admits "Club's" Appointments.

Mr. William Gray, who was well received, devoted some attention to the statement made by Mr. Rumball in West London that all appointments made during Mr. Beck's regime had come from the Conservative Club. It was very bad taste to attack the Conservatives on that score.

"As the executive of the Conservative Club," exclaimed Mr. Gray, "I never hide our light under a bushel. We do everything above board, in order that the citizens can see us. If we can bear the sins of appointments we are going to have something to say in making them. All we say it that they must be honest men, clean men, men fit to hold the position." Did the Liberals of the Province, he asked, ever appoint an out and out Conservative or did they even allow a Conservative merchant to sell a piece of goods to any of the institutions? Like the speakers who preceded him, Mr. Beck did not approve of the Advertiser's **Talked About Breakwater.**

Ex-Mayor Beck immediately delved into the question of the breakwater, criticising the statement made at the West London meeting by Mr. Rumball and Mayor Campbell. He assured the electors that the protecting wall for the suburb will be built long before Mr. Rumball can get the Ross Government to move in the matter of a grant to the work, even if the Government is returned. He (Mr. Beck) took credit for attempting to get aid from the Government for a breakwater, and said that he met with little success, other places were also seeking aid for similar purposes. It was impossible under the amalgamation agreement for the city to do anything more in the matter of a breakwater than it had done, but he saw that the agreement expired at the first of the year, and that then the way would be clear for another move. Engineer Jennings was called in. "They say I was not at the meetings," said the speaker. "I couldn't be in half a dozen places at once, but I was in touch with the movements of the committee." The speaker then reviewed the actions in regard to the extension

of the Port Stanley lease, and admitted that during his public career he had made mistakes and enemies. Touching on the charges that he had drawn his full indemnity without fulfilling his duties as a member of the House, he said he believed he had done his work as well as it could be done.

Where the Surplus Came From.

He supported the application for a charter for an electric line to parallel the Southwestern Traction for the simple reason that he felt the road would be of great benefit to the city of London. Regarding the provincial surplus, Mr. Beck said that with a number of other hospital representatives he had waited on the Premier and asked for an increased grant to the hospitals of the Province, and was told that it would be impossible to do so, as the normal expenditures already exceeded the revenue. Yet in the face of this the Government claimed to have a surplus of nearly \$3,000,000. That money was secured on bonds from the Dominion Government, and in no other way. It did not come from the sale of timber lands, because the money received from that source went towards the management of the country's affairs. Of Mr. Whitney, ex-Mayor Beck said he had no more to say than a smooth tongue—it could be called a virtue—and what he had promised to do was within his power to accomplish when he became Premier. He did not rely upon promises to secure his election.

"How many fishery inspectors?" asked a man at the back of the hall, when the ex-mayor was speaking of the appointment of factory inspectors. "As many as they want," answered Mr. Beck. "They appoint them all over. They hesitate not, and they give away the licenses too, but when it comes to factory inspectors, they appoint none. In regard to coalition, Mr. Beck said that if Mr. Gibson made the proposition for coalition without the approval of his leader, he was a traitor and wanted to throw out Mr. Ross. Mr. Ross was not telling the truth when he said it was not with his knowledge that the proposition was made to Mr. Whitney. Ex-Ald. Judd followed the Conservative candidate, giving seven reasons why the Conservative candidate should be supported.

The meeting then concluded with the usual cheers.

LIBERALS' CHOICE IN WEST HURON

Mr. Malcolm G. Cameron, K. C., of Goderich, the Liberal candidate for West Huron, is a son of the late Hon. M. C. Cameron, who for almost a quarter of a century represented one of the Hurons in the Dominion House, and

was at the time of his death Lieutenant-Governor of the Northwest Territories. Mr. Cameron was born in Goderich, studied law, and is now practicing his profession in his native town. He has served the people in the capacity of mayor, being elected by acclamation in 1902, and has at all times taken a keen interest in the welfare of the town. Mr. Cameron was created a King's Counsel in May, 1902, served three years as an examiner of the Law Society of Ontario, and was one of the commissioners for the consolidation of the Dominion statutes. In the present campaign Mr. Cameron is receiving the unanimous support of the West Huron Liberals, and his election is looked upon as a certainty.

Mr. M. J. Cameron, West Huron

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JOTTINGS FROM NEAR-BY PLACES

Furnished by the Special and Occasional Correspondents of the Advertiser.

KOMOKA.

Komoka, Jan. 23.—The Young People's Society of the Presbyterian Church will meet on Wednesday evening, at 8 o'clock. The meeting will be in charge of the educational committee and the topic for discussion is "The Life and Works of Robert Burns," which, no doubt, will prove interesting as well as instructive. A cordial invitation is extended to all. The young people of the village and vicinity held a box social in the town hall on Friday evening, at which a most enjoyable time was spent in numerous games and other amusements.

Miss Margaret Stewart, of London, spent Sunday at her home here. Mr. and Mrs. Woodward, of Fennell, spent a short time with friends here last week.

The Presbyterian service will in future commence at 2:30 p.m. on Sabbath. Miss J. Morgan has been renewing acquaintances here.

There will be service in the Baptist Church on Sunday evening at 7:30 o'clock. The William Stewart is somewhat better.

Mr. Colvin, of Detroit, is visiting in this vicinity. Miss Gladys Madge is slowly improving.

STRATHROY.

Strathroy, Jan. 24.—The Young Men's Club meeting held in their rooms recently, was a very enjoyable and profitable one. Mr. L. H. Smith gave a very instructive talk on the subject of "Economy," laying down rules which, if faithfully followed, would prove the key to success for any would-be business man. Mr. E. Rowland, private banker, also addressed the club with a very interesting address on the constitutions of Canada and the United States.

Mr. C. C. Craig, son of our town clerk, who has been identified with the Metropolitan Trust and Savings Bank, of Chicago, has been advanced to the responsible position of assistant cashier of the institution.

The superintendents of the different departments of the dairy school, and also a large number of the students, attended the dairy convention at Stratford last week.

Rev. W. McDonagh, of Stratford, was a visitor in Stratford last week. The vital statistics for 1904 are: Births 47, marriages 28, deaths 54.

Mr. A. Green, a colored man, was arrested by Chief Wilson near Komoka, charged with entering and stealing skins from Mr. F. Hoskins' tinshop a week ago. The skins were sold to Mr. J. E. Getty, butcher, at Komoka.

Rev. Mr. Bowser, of Stratford, has been assisting Rev. Mr. Dack at the Baptist Church in his special meetings. Large crowds are attending.

On Sunday, Jan. 15, Right Rev. Bishop McEvay, of London, Father Aylward of London, Father Desjardins of Montreal, and Father Hogan, pastor of All Saints' Church, Stratford, officiated at the funeral of the late Mr. J. E. Getty, of Stratford.

A large crowd attended the opening services, including a number of very gratifying, and Father Hogan in the erection of this comfortable and pretty church in so short a time. The contract was carried out by Mr. John Murray, of Stratford.

ALVINSTON.

Alvinston, Jan. 24.—The anniversary services held in the Guthrie Presbyterian Church were largely attended, and the tea, meeting on Tuesday evening, was a decided success. The Misses Finlayson, of Glenora, contributed largely to the programme. Also Mrs. McGee, of Alvinston, and Messrs. J. Warner and D. Livingstone.

The Jamieson Bros., of London, humorous entertainers, will be at the attraction at the hockey club concert; also the following local talent will take part: Miss McElchlin, soloist; Miss M. Houston, elocutionist; Messrs. W. H. Hunt, G. H. C. Norworthy, J. E. Warner, D. Livingstone, and Russell, soloists.

A mass meeting of the electors of Alvinston and vicinity was held in the opera house, Alvinston, on Friday evening, Jan. 20, in the interest of Mr. J. P. McFarlane, for the term candidate.

Maggie Smith died at the home of her mother on Saturday, 1905. Her remains were interred in the Alvinston Cemetery on Tuesday.

Mr. W. H. McFarlane, of Wallaceburg, has returned home. Mrs. W. E. Mertens, of Toronto, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Irving.

Mrs. McFarlane, of Oil Springs, was the guest of Mrs. Ketch recently.

THORNDALE.

Thorndale, Jan. 24.—Mr. William McMartin is busily preparing to build a large brick house in the village. We extend a hearty welcome to Mr. McMartin to become one of our citizens.

As is usual at this time of the year, there is considerable business in the village and vicinity, and the doctors are very busy.

Rev. D. Rogers has been holding nightly meetings at Bethesda. They were very well attended and much interest was taken in them.

Mr. Murlison, M.A., Ph.D., of Toronto University, gave a lecture here in the Masonic Hall on Friday evening, last, entitled "The Old Testament and Recent Discoveries." The lecture was well attended, and those who attended were well repaid by hearing an interesting discourse. The documents are proving very interesting, and it is certainly a privilege to have the opportunity of receiving so much valuable information from the lecturers of the university.

On motion of Rev. Messrs. Leach and Rogers, a hearty vote of thanks was tendered Mr. Murlison.

SOUTH DELAWARE.

South Delaware, Jan. 24.—Miss Gertrude Leach, of Vansted, who has been visiting here, has left for Woodstock, to visit relatives there.

Jas. Campbell has purchased a matched pair of roadsters that can step to the pole with a penny.

Rev. R. McIntyre has purchased a handsome 2-year-old roadster from McCully.

Miss Prior was in London last week, attending the wedding of Miss Bowley.

William Leach, who has been in London the past two weeks on the jury, is home again.

Thomas Johnstone met with a painful accident last week. While proceeding with the road of his horse, he was upset and fell on his right knee. Had it not been for the timely arrival of others, the result might have been fatal. Mr. Johnstone had one rib broken and was hurt internally, but is now progressing rapidly.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Thompson entertained a number of young people on Tuesday evening. They had cards and dancing, and all had a most enjoyable time.

Quite a number of people will take in the Scottish concert in London on Feb. 2, to hear Jessie MacLachlan and Harold Jarvis, who are here and singing here, and who will be assisted by three other leading stars.

Mrs. William Leach has returned home, after visiting her sister, Mrs. Lyman, of Carleton Place.

Miss Bertie Leach is visiting friends in St. Thomas.

J. W. Henderson is laid up with inflammation of the eyes.

WATFORD.

Watford, Jan. 24.—Mrs. McFarlane, of Vancouver, is visiting her mother, Mrs. (Dr.) Harvey, Front street.

Samuel White was in Petrolia on Thursday.

Rev. Arthur E. Doane, who has been spending a few days with his parents here, returned to Wilkesport on Friday.

John McKenney, who has been visiting his brother, John McKenney, of this town.

Davis Hamilton made a business trip to Alvinston on Tuesday.

A most enjoyable "at home" under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid of the Methodist Church, was held at the residence of Dr. Hicks on Wednesday afternoon.

Messrs. Percy Ward and James McIntyre and Miss Stella McIntyre, of London, G. C. Moncrieff and the First of Petrolia, attending the dancing party in Caldwell's Hall on Wednesday evening.

Miss L. Thompson, of Goderich, is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. D. Gillies, Front street.

Mrs. Thompson and son, Moosejaw, are visiting at the Methodist parsonage.

Mr. J. E. Armstrong, M.P., Petrolia, was in Watford visitor on Thursday.

C. H. Routledge, of Hamilton, was here last week.

Rev. A. J. Bowen is in Stratford, assisting in special revival services.

Mr. Andrew Moore, of Moosejaw, N. W. T., is on a visit to his mother, Mrs. Fleming, after an absence of seventeen years.

Mr. and Mrs. John Thomas, of Inwood, entertained a couple of sleigh loads of friends from Watford on Thursday.

ICEBREAKER A GOOD ONE

Montcalm is clearing a passage to Insure Early Navigation.

Quebec, Jan. 23.—On Saturday last the icebreaker Montcalm made a determined onslaught on the ice-bridge formation at Cape Rouge, and succeeded in cutting off large portions.

On one occasion the steamer went up on top of the bridge to the extent of her full length, and was released with considerable difficulty. The crew were obliged to let the water out of her forward tanks before she could be backed to her position in the water. Yesterday Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Allen, Mr. and Mrs. Kidd, from Montreal, Col. Wilson and Dorothy White, Mr. J. U. Gregory and others went on board the Montcalm, which afterwards proceeded to Cape Rouge to continue its work.

Mr. Gregory states that the ice-breaker had splendid success, and is now assured that the object of breaking up the Cape Rouge ice bridge and the ice formation higher up the river in order to give Montreal early navigation in the spring is assured.

Mr. Gregory explains that the ice formation in the narrows at Cape Rouge is bottle-shaped, and yesterday the Montcalm succeeded in knocking away the neck and a good part of the body, and there was no doubt in his mind but that the Montcalm could accomplish the work laid out for it, and make early navigation to Montreal in the spring quite feasible.

Cracker Proof

Doubt all we've said about

MOONEY'S PERFEC-

TION CREAM SODAS.

Doubt the crackers all you

will. But the first one of

them you eat, will prove that

we are right and you are

wrong. For you can't doubt

the fresh, crisp deliciousness

of

Mooney's

Perfection

Cream Sodas

The proof of Mooney quality

is in the crackers themselves.



ELECTION BATTLE THINS THE HOUSE

Commons Sits a Bare Twenty Minutes Through Lack of Numbers.

Ottawa, Ont., Jan. 23.—The closing hours of the provincial campaign, the hottest that has raged for many moons, told on the attendance at the Commons today, many of the members being actively engaged in their respective ridings. In consequence, the House sat a bare twenty minutes.

An installment of the Auditor-General's report was tabled by the Premier. It relates to several of the departments, and will give the Opposition an excellent opportunity to familiarize itself with the contents when the House next moves into supply.

Mr. MacLean wanted to know when his measure to amend the railway act would receive its second reading. Considering its importance the Premier thought it well to wait until there was a better attendance in the House, possibly next week.

The bill increasing the pay of the Northwest Mounted Police was read a second time.

Replying to a question by Mr. MacLean (Queen's P. E. I.), Mr. Emmerson said the total expenditure in connection with the railway bill was \$1,018,711; on the Hillsboro bridge, \$122,968.

Mr. Wilnot was informed that the order-in-council granting free transportation of hay over the Intercolonial and P. E. I. Railways was limited to 31st December last. December such as had been bona fide ordered between Oct. 6 and Dec. 31, and for which cars could not be provided at the time, and under this arrangement hay is still being carried and over these Government railways.

In deference to the wishes of the Opposition, who desire to have the Auditor-General's report before taking up the estimates, Sir Wilfrid Laurier moved that the House adjourn. The section of the Auditor-General's report already down will be taken up in supply today.

GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES.

Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Your druggist will refund money if TREATMENT fails to cure you in 6 to 14 days.

The University of California at Berkeley faces a magnificent view of bay, island and shore, but the high hills behind it are bare. They are to be covered with redwoods, firs, manzanitas, tan and white oaks and madroños.

Children Are Underfed

THE RESULT IS WEAKNESS, RICKETS, ST. VITUS' DANCE AND MANY ILLS OF CHILDHOOD—THE CURE IS

DR. CHASE'S NERVE FOOD

"Nine-tenths of children are underfed," writes a great English scientist, "and cause an exhaustive study of the subject."

Children require double nourishment—to enable them to grow as well as to repair the wear and tear consequent on living.

Active exercise of mind and body, together with growth and physiological changes, consume nerve force at a tremendous rate, exhaust the supply of rich blood and leave the body weak and liable to disease.

Pallor and weakness, weak eyes, nervousness, skin diseases, rickets, St. Vitus' dance and constant liability to catch cold are the result of underfeeding.

As a means of restoring the vitality of weak, puny children there is no preparation so effective as Dr. Chase's Nerve Food.

Being mild and gentle in action and powerful as a creator of new, rich blood and nerves, this great food cure is admirably suited to the needs of childhood, soon adds new, firm flesh and tissue to the weak and emaciated body, and restores the vigor of robust childhood.

There is no means by which nourishment is so directly supplied to the blood and nerves as by the use of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, because this preparation is composed entirely of the elements of nature which are required to build up and restore strength to the system.

Dr. Chase's N

The Master Key That Unlocks
All difficulties are SELF-RELIANCE. The

F.C.B.C.
(Forest City Business College, London, Ont.)
Teaches the student to be self-reliant. That is why the graduate succeeds when others fail. This college stands head and shoulders above its competitors in thorough work. Particulars for a postal card, J. W. WESTERVELT, Principal.

Scotch Tweed Suits.
CHOICEST GOODS.

O. LABELLE
Oddfellows' Block Corner.

We Repair
Guns of every description, bicycles of any make, cash registers, typewriters, any make, books of all kinds, safes, any description, doorbells, music boxes, phonographs, gramophones, door checks and springs. Anything that you cannot get repaired elsewhere, bring it to us.

We Make
Seal presses, burning brands, bicycles, rubber stamps, baggage checks, dog tags, keys of all kinds.

We Do
Nickel plating, copper plating, polishing and grinding.

We Sharpen
Razors, tailors' and barbers' shears, knives, meat cutters, horse and toilet clippers.

BROCK'S GUN STORE
12 DUNDAS ST., LONDON, ONT.

R. K. COWAN,
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.
County Bldg., next Court House, London.

WOMEN I will send free information to any lady of a never-failing, harmless monthly remedy—a simple home treatment. MRS. M. RAMEY, 29 W. Perry Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

D. A. STEWART,
SUCCESSION TO JOHN T. STEPHENSON,
FUNERAL DIRECTOR,
AND EMBALMER.
Charges moderate. Open day and night. Residence on premises.
104 DUNDAS ST., PHONE 459.
George E. Logan, Assistant Manager.
Fifteen Years' Experience.

W. J. SMITH & SONS,
Undertakers and Embalmers
113 Dundas St. Phone 586. Open day and night. Residence on premises.

R. H. SMITH,
Contractor and Builder.
Estimates furnished, repairing quickly done.
15 Brighton Street.

Scranton Coal.
Scranton is the best, best mined is better. Just received, a large consignment in box cars of nut, stove and egg. Free from ice and snow. Prompt delivery.
W. R. WINNETT,
Horton and William Streets. Phone 421.

London College of Commerce,
MASONIC TEMPLE BUILDING.
Full Commercial, Shorthand and Typewriting courses.
Day and Evening Classes.
Now is a good time to enter.
For particulars call or address
W. N. YERGEN, C.E.,
Principal.

Life Chips For Children.
In families where there are children Life Chips should appear on the table every day. It helps to correct many of the ailments that come from overtaxing the organs of digestion. The little ones cannot eat too much of it. It is all wheat and all good.

LIFE CHIPS
For cases of nervous indigestion the Battle Creek Sanitarium have prepared as a substitute for Tea and Coffee a pleasant and wholesome drink—"Caramel Cereal." It does not disturb the nerves. It is 25¢ a package, at all grocers.

EAT LIFE CHIPS
DRINK CAMEL CEREAL

REMOVAL NOTICE.
THOMAS WILSON,
Merchant Tailor,
Removed to 212 Dundas Street North Side, Opposite Old Premises.

The Mills One Dollar Fountain Pen.
Best in the market for the price. Money refunded if not satisfactory.

JOHN MILLS'
Wholesale and Retail.
PHONE 136. BOOK STORE.

Burglar Alarms, Door Bells, Door Openers, Gas Lighters and Furnace Regulators Installed.
W. H. SOMERS, ELECTRICIAN
28 DUNDAS STREET.

Anyone who Knows flour will tell you that "Daisy" Flour is the best and purest flour in the world.

SOUVENIR LONDON
HOCKEY PINS...
Of the Waterloos, St. Johns and the Hortons.
25c
THOS. GILLEAN,
92 RICHMOND STREET.
Odd Things Not Found Elsewhere.

When you buy Bread get the best bread money will buy—
Johnston Bros.' XXX Bread.
For sale in all Western towns.
JOHNSTON BROS. - PHONE 818.

THE ADVERTISER
ELECTION RETURNS
Special Telegraph and Bulletin Service Arranged for Wednesday Night.

The Advertiser will issue an early morning edition on Thursday containing the complete returns of the provincial elections. A special telegraph service has been arranged for, and returns from all parts of the Province will be received.

A special bulletin service is also to be furnished, and as the reports from the outside constituency come over the wire they will be shown on a canvass opposite The Advertiser office.

The local returns will be bulletined in the window. As the deputies have to count only the one ballot, it is expected that 6 o'clock will see the result of the contest announced.

Those particularly interested in the East Middlesex fight will also be able to secure the complete returns of the contest between Dr. Routledge and George Neely, arrangements having been made for the vote by subdivisions. A special telephone service will be provided. By calling No. 10, all information can be secured.

LONDON AND DISTRICT

—Mrs. Anna Umstead, Port Huron, is visiting her parents in this city.

—Senator Sir John Carling yesterday attended the 77th anniversary of his birth.

—Mrs. John Parry (nee Ross), 234 Grosvenor street, will be at home to her friends Mondays.

—Mrs. Sutherland, of the Industrial School at Brandon, is on a visit to friends in this city.

—Mr. Chris Leathome, contractor, of Ellis street, East London, has been summoned to the police court on a charge of inflicting a laceration on the face of a woman.

—At Stratford, on Sunday, Rev. John Anderson, R.D., of this city, conducted the services at Knox Church. Rev. Canon J. W. P. Smith, of this city, conducted the services at St. James' Church.

AGED MINISTER DEAD.
Rev. Peter German, a pioneer Methodist minister, who in years gone by labored at Monsey and at Port Stanley, is dead at Stratford, aged 80 years. He was a native Canadian and the father of Rev. Dr. German, of Toronto. He entered the Methodist ministry in 1853, but was a local preacher as early as 1859.

DEATH OF MRS. THAYER.
Mrs. Electra Thayer, wife of Simon Thayer, died yesterday morning. Her remains will be taken to St. Thomas for interment. She is survived, besides her husband, by three sons, Charles, of this city; George, of the Northwest; and William, of St. Thomas, and one daughter, Mrs. B. White, of Grand Rapids.

HODGINS' CASE ADJOURNED.
The case of Carroll Hodgins, which came up before Squire Smyth at the courthouse yesterday was not finished, and was adjourned until Friday afternoon at 2:30 on account of the absence of certain witnesses. The accused was bailed in the sum of \$500. Hodgins is alleged to have used abusive language to Mrs. Hyslop, of Westminster Township.

MR. LAWSON'S LECTURE.
The lecture entitled "An Evening

The Comments
Made by the general public upon the present line of

Gerhard Heintzman Pianos
Have been extremely gratifying. Praise backed by patronage.
That Break All Previous Records
INSPECT THEM.

W. McPHILLIPS
180 DUNDAS ST., LONDON.

PARNELL'S BREAD—
For Teas and At Homes. It makes such a nice slice for Sandwiches.
PHONE 929.

Hamilton's Ale and Porter
are not excelled. They have been made for years, and have become superior to all others. Try from your dealer.

Kent Brewery, LONDON, ONT.
Jewelry Repairs.
We charge so little to put Watches in good running order, and to repair broken Jewelry, that we wonder there is a broken Watch or a Watch out of order in the whole of London. Our workmen make our repairs, and we guarantee satisfaction.

WARD THE JEWELER,
374 RICHMOND ST.

No Matter How Much or How Little Money You Make
You cannot keep it unless you open a savings account with

The Canadian Savings and Loan Co.
M. H. ROWLAND, Manager.
420, 422 Richmond Street.

THE KILROY MEMORIAL
The services in St. Joseph's Church at Stratford on Sunday were of special interest. The window, which was recently placed in the church, in memory of the late Dean Kilroy, was unveiled for the first time at the morning service and was blessed by Bishop McEwen, of this city, who was present for that purpose. The ceremony, which was a very brief one, took place before mass. Bishop McEwen, after the service, showed the large congregation, giving reasons why the temple of God should be ornamented even at the expense of personal sacrifice. He referred to the window which had been unveiled as being a fitting memorial of the late Dr. Kilroy's long and faithful service, and was glad to see the people of the parish show their love for the late rector by being present in such large numbers. In conclusion he congratulated the congregation on the decision to erect a new church, and stated that his next visit would be to bless the corner stone. Father Tobin was present at both services and preached in the evening.

DEATH OF MRS. CHAMBERLAIN.
The Express of Buffalo, has the following with regard to the death of Mrs. R. J. Chamberlain, mother of Mrs. John Fallahe, of this city, which occurred last Thursday night, Jan. 20, at Stratford, Ontario. Mrs. Chamberlain died on Jan. 19, at Pinhurst, N. C., after a lingering illness. She was born in England, where her husband, Mr. Chamberlain, had been a member of the House of Commons. She was the mother of H. B. Chamberlain, third vice-president and general traffic manager of the Canadian Pacific Railway. Mrs. Chamberlain was a native of Buffalo, and was the wife of Samuel M. Chamberlain, who during his life was a prominent newspaper man of Buffalo, and at one time on the staff of the New York Times. She was the daughter of Colonel James L. Barton. The Barton family was identified with the earliest development of the Niagara frontier. Mrs. Chamberlain had always lived in Buffalo until recent years, when she divided her time between here and New York. About Thanksgiving time H. B. Chamberlain took his mother to New York, thinking a change of air would help her. Subsequently she was taken south in the hope that the warmer climate would prolong her life. Mrs. Chamberlain had hundreds of friends in Buffalo. The body was brought to Buffalo for burial.

EVER STOP
to think what coffee MAY be doing to you? Make the change to

POSTUM
10 days and find out.

EAST LONDON WORKINGMEN GIVE RUMBALL A ROUSING RECEPTION

(Continued from page 4.)

himself. The speaker regretted that in the pursuit of the duties which had devolved upon him in consequence of the kindness of the electors of London, he was forced to be away from London a great deal.

Turning to the present campaign, he said that there were three things that ought to be considered. The first was the platform of the Liberal Government, those of the Opposition, and, thirdly, the character of the candidates. Mr. Hyman pointed out that the Liberal Government had purposely neglected most of the important things which should be considered in the campaign. Was it not true that the Liberal Government had handled about \$113,000,000 of the people's money during the past 20 years, and admitted that it was misapplied or misspent one cent? And there was now a cash surplus—a mythical surplus—but an actual cash surplus of nearly \$20,000,000. This was the money of Quebec and other provinces had large deficits.

Things Mr. Beck Avoids.
Mr. Hyman asked his hearers whether they had heard Mr. Beck discuss any of the things which should appeal to hard-headed, intelligent electors, who wanted Ontario's affairs conducted in a business-like way.

Voice—Discuss the insurance bill.
Mr. Hyman heard this remark and readily replied that he was not going to wish to say, Mr. Chairman and gentlemen, that there was nothing that I left undone, while in the House, to do the program of the Liberal Government's bill.

This statement caused loud and continual cheers. Continuing, Mr. Hyman said that at the first of the serious question arose as to whether the Dominion Parliament had jurisdiction to pass the bill, and he said against the promoters of the bill. "We will wait until the next session, until we see whether we can pass the bill, and then we will pass it. We will pass your bill right away, but will insert a clause to the effect that it shall go before the supreme court, who will give their verdict without fear or favor." (Applause.)

"That is, briefly, the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth, as regards to the Province Society's bill," said the honorable gentleman amidst great applause.

Continuing he said he knew that his hearers would agree with him that the supreme court was a competent and trustworthy body, who would give their verdict without fear or favor. (Applause.)

"Turning again to the present issues, Mr. Hyman said that the Liberal Government could tell him any platform or plank emanated by Mr. Beck during his campaign.

Voice—He has none!
"Well," said Mr. Hyman, "that is a very good reason for his not making any statement along that line."

Sale of Ontario Timber.
Mr. Hyman said that Mr. Beck had said that the sale of the timber of New Ontario timber by auction, the speaker pointed out that the method adopted by the present administration for selling the timber was the best that could possibly be conceived. It left room for competition, brought in the greatest possible amount of money, and caused all the transactions to be free and above-board. In contrast to this, Mr. Hyman pointed out how the Dominion Government, before the boundary award, had given away miles upon miles of timber land to their political friends for almost nothing. The speaker said that the Liberal Government had wanted to keep New Ontario to parcel out among their political friends, and he said that the Liberal Government had wanted to keep New Ontario to parcel out among their political friends.

Mr. Hyman said that this corroborated what he had said before. He said that the Liberal Government had wanted to keep New Ontario to parcel out among their political friends, and he said that the Liberal Government had wanted to keep New Ontario to parcel out among their political friends.

Mr. Beck on Election Misdeeds.
The inspiration must have come to Mr. Beck quite suddenly, remarked the speaker amid laughter. Mr. Beck had not shown any strong antipathy to the Liberal Government, when the elections were in sight. The speaker pointed to the campaign of ballot-box stuffing and spoiling which was being carried on by the Conservatives in the Dominion elections of 1896. In London alone, the abnormal number of 257 ballots were thrown away, and the speaker said that the Liberal Government had wanted to keep New Ontario to parcel out among their political friends.

In the recent elections, in the 214 constituencies of Canada, with 80,000 voters, very few ballots were spoiled, and these were evidently not by fraudulent means. (Applause.) The people now felt, under the influence of the Liberal Government, as expressed on his ballot, would be carried out. Mr. Hyman pointed to the municipalities in South Ontario, which had elected Mr. Beck, and he said that the Liberal Government had wanted to keep New Ontario to parcel out among their political friends.

In conclusion, Mr. Hyman said a word as to the timing of his visit to London. He would not, he said, say anything personal against Mr. Beck. He had never indulged in personalities, and thought he was now too old to start, even though Mr. Beck had been "kind" enough to make some very personal platform references to him during the campaign in the fall. But Mr. Hyman wanted to say that Mr. Rumball was the best man that could be chosen to represent this city. Mr. Hyman had seen Mr. Rumball's actions in many capacities, and believed him to be a capable, honest, public spirited citizen.

Hyman resumed his seat amid cheers, and it was evident that the goodwill of the whole gathering was with him.

A ROUSER FOR RUMBALL
The Candidate Was Given a Splendid Ovation by the Workingmen.

Mr. Rumball was accorded a wildly enthusiastic reception when he advanced to the centre of the platform to address the electors. For some time, he was busy bowing his acknowledgments, and after a couple of minutes of hearty applause he spoke as follows:

"Mr. Chairman, Fellow-Electors, Ladies and Gentlemen, I am proud to stand before you tonight as the representative of the Liberal party of

London. When I look into the earnest, honest faces before me, and think of the intelligent attention that has been paid to the speeches here this evening, I feel that everything augurs well for victory. (Cheers.)

"I can tell you, ladies and gentlemen, that when I entered this hall, I had no idea that it would be fought out on the issues now being presented by our opponents. I expected that Mr. Beck would tell us something about what had been done at Toronto. But, instead, he has devoted his entire time to municipal affairs, though he has nothing much to boast of in that line. (Cheers.) He told us nomination day that he didn't know what the Government had done because he couldn't find out. (Laughter.) What good is it to me to hear this sort of thing? I am glad to support a government like the Ross Government, against which neither Mr. Beck nor his friends, nor any member of the Opposition, can say a word. (Cheers.)

London Liberals Clean.
Of the irregularities which are charged against supporters of the Liberal Government, I have nothing to say. I can tell you I am not here to defend them. But I can tell you that the corruption that has been charged against the Liberals is not bred in the flesh, as it is in the Conservatives. (Cheers.) I will leave the records of the two parties to the city of London for you to judge of this. In all the time the Liberals have had control of the ballot-boxes in London not a single charge of bribery, of ballot-stuffing, or any other such practice, has been brought home to them. (Cheers.) The Liberals have stood for clean elections, gentlemen, and their record proves what I say to be true. At the last Dominion election, when Mr. Hyman ran, there was not a charge of bribery or of any other such practice. (Cheers.) The Liberals were forced to admit that the election was clean. (Cheers.) I am willing to leave the records of the parties to you to judge which has been the fairest and the cleanest in London.

"Mr. Beck, my opponent, says that the great question in this contest is a moral question. He says, too, that it is the greatest check of the Liberal moral question, and I suppose he intended to reform the morals of this country, and this Province, and this city. (Laughter and cheers.) But is the manner—is this a proper manner—in which the morals of this country are going to be improved? Will this attack on Mr. Parnell tend to improve the morals of this country? (Cheers.) No. I believe we have the finest and the most moral people in the world on the face of the earth. Take the city of London, for example. Where are there any slums? Where are there any of the size of the area? Do you find slums of all kinds. Here you have a law-abiding people, an intelligent, self-respecting people, and no man has the right to decry these people—to decry the people he lives with, and say they are corrupt. (Cheers.)

"I love my country and my city, and I say it is too bad to say that the country, or the Province, or the people are corrupt. There are some things which might be righted, but which say the morals of Ontario are bad, bad, bad, and I am going to reform them. (Cheers.)

Whitney Won't Win.
"Mr. Beck has told you of some things he will support if Mr. Whitney gets into power. But Mr. Whitney isn't going to get into power. (Cheers.) I would just like to say to you right here that the people of Ontario know when they have a good thing, and they are going to keep it. (Cheers.) Is Mr. Whitney equal to Mr. Ross from any point of view? I don't believe he is. Will you turn out a government like the Ross Government for such a man as Whitney? (Cheers of "No.")

A Voice—Mr. Beck has promised, if he is elected, to get the franchise for women. Mr. Rumball—Well, all I have to say is if he ever does get the franchise for women, I'll get their votes. (Laughter.) "Many things have been said about me in this election," continued the speaker, "but of you think me only an ordinary man just like the rest of you. I am not so bad as I am painted by my opponents, and perhaps not so good as some of you think me. But I can tell you this much about myself—all my life I have tried to be honest. (Cheers.)

"I have been accused of trying to get a franchise for the Southwestern Traction Company. This charge is untrue. I believe these are the things that are for the benefit of the city and the people of London. Is it not to the interests of the city of London that I have brought millions of English capital here to finance this road? (Cheers.) One of the men who opposed me in this matter was Mr. Beck. He happened to be in the Legislature the day I sought a charter from the Government, and he did all he could to help a man from Chicago against me. But Mr. Crawford, a Conservative, got up and said Mr. Beck's contentions were unfair, and Mr. Crawford voted with us. (Cheers.)

"I don't know why Mr. Beck did this—whether it was because I was politically opposed to him—but he did it. (Laughter.)

Municipal Record Compared.
"I am prepared to compare my record as mayor of London with that of Mr. Beck. What great thing has Mr. Beck done? Can you think of anything he has done during his three years of office? (Laughter.)

"When I went into office, I had to confront a deficit from my predecessor, but the year I left the council there was a surplus. Mr. Beck went in with a surplus and came out with an overdraft. (Cheers.) And I can tell you that the deficit of this year would be much greater but for the fact that you who pay for street watering were charged much more than you should have been. (Laughter.)

"Now, gentlemen, the election is close at hand. I believe that victory is with us. I believe that on the night of the 25th, you will have elected me as your representative. And I want to tell you one other thing. When I came in just now I was informed that the Tories were desperate. Their cries of party are around in the highways and the byways tonight, seeking to corrupt the electors. All these cries of corruption are merely to draw a herring across the trail. We all know what the Tories are. Years ago I have walked the streets of this city all night long, trying to stop this sort of thing. They were just the same then as now. A Voice—They are worse. (Laughter.)

"If elected I will do all I can for the city of London and for the Province of Ontario. I will support any measure that the interests of the people as a whole, and I will guarantee you that if you elect me, I will be in the Legis-

REASON No 11.
WHY YOU SHOULD USE

Red Rose Tea

Because it is always fresh and sweet. My teas are shipped to St. John direct from where they grow, instead of being imported from London, where teas often lie in warehouse for several months.

The sales of Red Rose Tea are so large that any one lot of tea seldom remains on hand more than a few weeks; fresh lots arrive by every steamer.

Then, in the grocery store, Red Rose Tea is never dead stock. Except where being first introduced, the demand is such that each shipment is sold in a very few weeks.

From start to finish, Red Rose Tea is handled so that the consumer is sure to get it while it is fresh and sweet.

T. H. ESTABROOKS, St. John, N. B.
BRANCHES: TORONTO, WINNIPEG.

RELIGION IN POETICAL WORKS

Rev. Herbert Symonds Discusses Writings of Browning and Tennyson.

A large audience gathered in Cronyn Hall last evening to hear Rev. Herbert Symonds, vicar of Christ Church Cathedral, Montreal, lecture upon the subject of "Religion in the poetry of Tennyson and Browning." The reverend gentleman showed that he had great insight into his theme, and that he possessed a very effective delivery. At the close of the lecture, Dr. Tumbly, professor of English in the Eastern University, in moving a hearty vote of thanks to the lecturer, added some interesting remarks upon the subject of the evening. Mr. C. B. Edwards, seconded Canon Dunn, the lecturer, was in the chair.

Mr. Symonds opened with a consideration of the relations between poetry and religion. He then went on to say that the relations between poetry and religion were much closer, both dealing with the deepest experiences of the human soul. He then read a poem by Browning, and said that the poet was nearly akin to the prophet. In no poetry was this fact more clearly illustrated than in that of Browning and Tennyson, the supreme poets of the closing of the nineteenth century.

Turning first to Browning, the speaker showed that, although the most religious, he was the least ecclesiastical of all poets. Unlike Tennyson, Browning was unfailingly optimistic in his religion, and was not actuated by the views of modern science and criticism. Through the mouth of Pippa he said:

"God's in his heaven,
"All's right with the world."

Browning taught that it was through the heart, not the brain, that man attained to a knowledge of God. And he showed the value of evil, as necessary to cause good to stand out.

Like Browning, Tennyson found a divine manifestation in the person of Jesus Christ, and believed that man was essentially imperfect. Tennyson was the more representative poet of the two in that he showed a keener appreciation of the modern difficulties of faith. Both taught that the supreme virtue was love.

Dangers of a Cold.
Beware of a cold. When neglected no one can tell what the end may be. Consider how many of your friends and acquaintances have succumbed to diseases brought on by a common cold. When you fully realize the danger, you will certainly give every cold the attention it deserves. As a quick cure for colds, no remedy has been more successful or stands higher in public esteem than Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It is famous for its cures of this most common ailment, and can always be depended upon. Pneumonia never results from a cold when it is taken. It is pleasant and safe to take and may be given to children with the most confidence. For sale by all druggists.

LOCAL OPTION PASSED.
At a special meeting of the council of East London on Saturday, the local option bylaw submitted to the electors passed its third reading unanimously.

HOCKEY.
THE HORTONS VS. INGERSOLL.
The Hortons met Ingersoll Friday night at the Jubilee rink and the game promises to be one of the fastest of the season.

PROMPT SERVICE.
The Ladies' Aid Association of St. Paul's, Middleport, and Trinity Church, Owen Sound, with their friends met at the rectory on Christmas week and presented the rector's wife, Mrs. Stout, with a new sewing machine, and to Rev. Mr. Stout was given a generous donation of oats and other gifts in hand, accompanied with kind expressions of appreciation and esteem.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
45 CENTS a pound can
25 cents a half pound can

Royal Baking Powder is made from pure grape cream of tartar; is absolutely pure; has received the highest praise from all authorities on food at home and abroad; is used daily in millions of homes throughout the world.

Royal Baking Powder is the most economical thing in the kitchen.

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