

The Charlottetown Herald.

NEW SERIES

CHARLOTTETOWN PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 20, 1916

VOL. XLV., No. 38



CANADIAN GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS Prince Edward Island Railway.

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT AUGUST 14th, 1916.

| Trains Outward, Read Down. | | | | Trains Inward, Read Up. | | | |
|----------------------------|-------|------|------------------------|-------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| P.M. | A.M. | A.M. | Dep. | A.M. | P.M. | P.M. | A.M. |
| 3.45 | 11.50 | 7.35 | Dep. Charlottetown Ar. | 11.40 | 10.15 | 10.20 | |
| 5.00 | 1.15 | 8.30 | Dep. Hunter River " " | 10.36 | 9.20 | 9.03 | |
| 5.45 | 2.06 | 9.02 | Dep. Emerald Jet " " | 9.59 | 8.48 | 6.15 | 8.00 |
| 6.22 | 2.49 | 9.27 | Dep. Kensington " " | 9.27 | 8.23 | 5.30 | |
| 7.00 | 3.30 | 9.50 | Dep. Summerside " " | 9.00 | 8.00 | 4.30 | |
| | | | Dep. Summerside Ar. | 8.45 | 5.05 | | |
| | | | Dep. Port Hill " " | 8.48 | 5.07 | | |
| | | | Dep. Alberton " " | 8.51 | 5.09 | | |
| | | | Dep. Tignish " " | 8.54 | 5.12 | | |
| | | | Dep. Summerside Ar. | 8.45 | 5.05 | | |
| | | | Dep. Port Hill " " | 8.48 | 5.07 | | |
| | | | Dep. Alberton " " | 8.51 | 5.09 | | |
| | | | Dep. Tignish " " | 8.54 | 5.12 | | |
| | | | Dep. Summerside Ar. | 8.45 | 5.05 | | |
| | | | Dep. Port Hill " " | 8.48 | 5.07 | | |
| | | | Dep. Alberton " " | 8.51 | 5.09 | | |
| | | | Dep. Tignish " " | 8.54 | 5.12 | | |
| | | | Dep. Summerside Ar. | 8.45 | 5.05 | | |
| | | | Dep. Port Hill " " | 8.48 | 5.07 | | |
| | | | Dep. Alberton " " | 8.51 | 5.09 | | |
| | | | Dep. Tignish " " | 8.54 | 5.12 | | |

Mail Contract.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa, on Friday, the 22nd Sept. 1916, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails on a proposed Contract for four years, six times per week over Rural Mail route No. 1 from Wellington Station, I.E. Island from 1st January next.

Synopsis of Canadian North-West Land Regulations

Any person who is the sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years of age, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. The applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-agency for the district. Entry by proxy may be made at any agency, on certain conditions by father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister of intending homesteader.

Fire Insurance

Possibly from an oversight, or want of thought you have put off insuring, or placing additional insurance to adequately protect yourself against loss by fire.

Job Work!

Executed with neatness and despatch at the HERALD Office
Charlottetown P. E. Island

Check Books
Dodgers
Note Books of Hand
Letter Heads
Receipt Books
Posters
Tickets

Carter's Tested Seeds FOR 1916

Number 1 Mammoth Clover
Number 1 Alsike Clover
Number 1 Early Red Clover
White Clover and Alfalfa
The highest grades in Timothy Seed
Island Grown and Imported Seed
Choice Imported and Island Grown Wheat
Oats, Barley, Peas, Vetches, Corn
Buckwheat, Flax Seed, Turnip
Mangel, Beet, Carrot, etc.
Vegetable and Flower Seeds
Our Seeds are New and Fresh, Tested as to Purity and Germination
Buy Carter's Guaranteed No. 1 Seeds and you are safe
Write us for samples and prices

CARTER and COMPANY, Ltd

Seedsmen to the People of P. E. Island
P. O. Drawer 38 Phone 73

Had Pimples and Festering Sores ON HER FACE.

When the blood gets bad, boils, pimples and festering sores are sure to break out on the face and body. To get rid of them the blood should be cleansed by Burdock Blood Bitters.

Mrs. Charles Jewell, Orville, Ont., writes: "I feel it my duty to write and tell you about what Burdock Blood Bitters has done for me. I was so pale and faded-looking. I also had pimples and festering sores on my face, and my hair shed nearly all the time. I had been reading in the paper, and saw that Burdock Blood Bitters was good for such troubles so I tried a bottle and before it was half done I felt fine, and when the bottle was finished I felt like a new woman. I tell all my friends about it, and advise everyone suffering from such trouble to use B.B.B."

MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES DIPHTHERIA.

A civil engineer, who was building a railway in Mexico, was trying to show a native how much the new railway would benefit the country.

"How long does it take you to carry your produce to the market at present?" he asked.

"With a mule it takes three days," was the reply.

"There you are!" exclaimed the engineer. "When the new railway is in operation you will be able to take your produce to market and return home the same day."

"Very good, senor," was the pleasing reply; "but what shall I do with the other two days?"

A SENSIBLE MERCHANT

Milburn's Sterling Headache Powders give women prompt relief from monthly pains, and leave no bad after effects what ever. Be sure you get Milburn's Price 25 and 50 cts.

BEWARE OF WORMS

Don't let worms gnaw at the vitals of your children. Give them Dr. Low's Pleasant Worm Syrup and they'll soon be rid of these parasites. Price 25c.

Was Troubled With CONSTIPATION FOR OVER FIVE YEARS.

Unless one has a free action of the bowels, then in the wake of constipation comes sick headache, biliousness, jaundice, piles, and many forms of liver complaint.

Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills will regulate the flow of bile to act properly upon the bowels, thus making them active and regular, and removing the constipation and all its allied troubles.

Mr. Phil G. Robinson, Pokenouche, N.B., writes: "I have been troubled with constipation for over five years, and I feel it my duty to let you know that your Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills have cured me. I only used three pills, and I can faithfully say that they have saved me from a large doctor's bill."

Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills are 25 cents per box, or five pills for \$1.00; for sale at all dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Are Our Prayers Always Answered

Yes; but not always according to our own intention. Every prayer contains the condition: "If it is God's will." "Ask and you shall receive, seek and you will find, knock and it shall be opened to you," is the invitation and promise of our Lord. This promise refers to matters that make for eternal salvation. If we do not receive precisely what we ask for in prayer, God grants us something that is better to us. This is granting a request with double generosity. The Almighty knows that the request of a man would be to his detriment, and He does not grant it. A man addicted to sin and vice falls sick; and prays for return of health; recuperated health would mean relapse into ways of sin; and God does not grant him health, but gives him the grace of a happy death and eternal life.

The Crucifix.

Persons dangerously ill are obliged to be anointed if there is any possibility of getting a priest. They should not delay too long in sending for one, for they may lose the use of reason, or the severity of their sickness may prevent them from making a good confession or receiving the Viaticum with proper dispositions. As soon as there is evidence of a reasonable danger of death the priest should be sent for at once. The sick person is not always competent to pass judgment upon his condition. A Catholic doctor or nurse or friends or relatives are the best judges. Extreme Unction must be administered by the pastor or one of the assistant pastors of the parish in which the sick person lives, except in case of necessity or when permission has been granted.

It frequently happens that, aside from the supernatural strength imparted to the soul by this Sacrament, the natural results accruing from its reception are very great. It brings composure of mind and easiness of conscience, and a will to accept the inevitable, which are very helpful in sickness.

The Last Moments.

No moments are so supreme as the last moments of life, no journey is so great as the journey to eternity. The Church wishes the dying to receive all the spiritual help that she can give them. Through her representative, the priest, she forgives, encourages and strengthens those who are about to die. The priest should be sent for in good time in order that the last Sacraments may be administered.

When it is clear that death is inevitable, if the sick person is in any way able, he should occupy himself entirely with his God, abandoning himself to His Divine will, having absolute confidence in His great mercy, and making short, fervent acts of faith, hope, love and sorrow for sin. If he indicates that there is anything on his conscience, let the priest be sent for again.

Those in the death chamber should try to control their emotions, allay excitement and calm their feelings. They should bend all their efforts in a quiet, determined manner towards giving the dying all the religious assistance in their power. The room should not be crowded; anything that may distract should be removed, or any person that may bring up evil memories should be excluded. The room should be quiet and religious, the attendants prayerful and in earnest. If there be time these preparations should not be left to the last moment. Have holy water, a blessed candle and a crucifix in the room. Have the prayer-book at hand, and be familiar with the necessary prayers.

Great Regret Has Been Caused

Great regret has been caused in Rome by the news that Sir Henry Howard, British minister to the Holy See, is about to leave Rome, having resigned his diplomatic post. This regret is keener in the Vatican than elsewhere in Rome, because of his urbanity, courtesy, tact and frankness. Sir Henry's successor is Count de Salis, who will be cordially welcomed on his arrival in Rome. He is of Swiss origin, but is a naturalized British subject. His residence is in Limerick, Ireland, and he has a long and distinguished diplomatic record. He is a Count of the Holy Roman Empire.

Kindness is the overflowing of self upon others.

Kindness is the overflowing of self upon others. We treat them as we would wish to be treated ourselves.—Father Faber.

The Herald

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 20, 1916
SUBSCRIPTION—\$1.00 A YEAR.
TO THE UNITED STATES \$1.50
PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY
AT 81 QUEEN STREET,
CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND.
JAMES MCISAAC
EDITOR & PROPRIETOR

C. M. B. A. Matters.

Following are some of the important matters that came under review at the C. M. B. A. Convention held at Quebec on the 29th, 30th, 31st, of August last. The reports of the Grand Officers showed that the membership of the Association on June 1st, 1916 was 11,906, carrying insurance amounting to \$1,298,744. The deaths during the three years were 887, representing insurance amounting to \$1,236,882.52. From the Convention of 1913 to the first of June 1916 the Association lost, by death, expulsion and resignation 15,948 members and 130 branches were dissolved. In consequence of this reduction in membership the amount of insurance liability has been lessened by the sum of \$16,941,516.

On June 1st, 1916 the financial position of the Association, according to the reports of the Grand Officers, was as follows: Reserve Fund investments \$507,853.28 to which should be added interest \$10,699.49; likewise Beneficiary Fund investments of \$29,083.23, upon which there is interest amounting to \$572.27; there is likewise an investment in the Sick Benefit Fund of \$10,043.75 with interest \$144.17, making a total of investments \$568,395.19; there is to our credit in bank in the different funds \$63,940.95; there is in the Grand Secretary's hands \$500. This with interest and other assets amount to \$705,452.27; there are claims unpaid \$25,030.61 which leaves a balance of \$639,932.16.

Mr. W. F. Barnard consulting actuary of Syracuse N. Y. who had been employed by the Grand Officers to investigate the financial condition of the Association, presented an excellent and interesting report. He unhesitatingly stated that the Association was at present actuarially solvent; in first class financial condition. This declaration was confirmed by a note from the Government Superintendent of Insurance at Ottawa, read to the Convention by the Grand Secretary, to the effect that the C. M. B. A. was now on a sound financial basis.

The Special Committee appointed by the Convention, to which reference has already been made, presented their report on Thursday Aug. 31st afternoon. In this report the following considerations are embodied: That just valuation of policies at date of Jan 1st 1913, rendered an increase of rates absolutely necessary and any refusal or delay on our part would have resulted in drastic action by the Insurance Department of the Dominion Government under existing law governing fraternal association. While it is generally believed that no relief was afforded or given the older members, we find that the sum of \$400,000 was applied by the actuaries to the accumulated deficiency due by men of sixty-five years of age and over, and had this not been done their rates would have been actually higher than at present fixed. We recommend the reinstatement of all members expelled or resigned since July 1st 1915, on condition of paying arrears due from said date or allowing said arrears to stand as lien against their policies and upon furnishing a certificate of good health. In conclusion we are of the unanimous opinion that the C. M. B. A. is now actuarially solvent and that present established rates are in-

evitable and are just and equitable to meet any contract they are under.

The committee also recommended a revaluation of the existing policies, in the light of the now much reduced membership, and if then any surplus be found to exist it shall be applied to re-issuing assessments to those whose rates had been increased. This report was adopted.

The election of officers resulted as follows: Mr. Frank J. Curran, Barrister of Montreal, unanimously elected Grand President; Mr. P. J. Veniot, of Bathurst, N. B., First Vice; Mr. W. J. Sutherland, of Smith's Falls, Ontario, Second Vice; Mr. J. J. Bechan, unanimously re-elected Grand Secretary, and Mr. W. J. McKie re-elected Grand Treasurer. The new Trustees are James I. Brady, Montreal; John A. McDougall, Gloucester, N. B.; B. A. Bourgeois, Moncton, N. B.; W. P. Farrell, Fredericton, N. B., and H. E. R. Stock, Toronto. The new Grand President had been Chairman of the Committee on laws and his place there was filled by the election of R. F. Phalen, Sydney, C. B., the other two old members remaining. The old Marshall and the old Guard were re-elected.

A great many members of the C. M. B. A. had anticipated the deliberations of this Convention in a spirit of uncertainty and suspense. The evidence presented at the Convention, by those best capable of judging, shows that the institution is new on a sound financial basis, and with the new Grand Officers, willing and anxious to exert their energies for the advancement of the Grand Old Society, the future should be faced with buoyant hope. All that is needed now to inspire renewed confidence in the Association would appear to be a united and sympathetic effort on the part of members in all the branches.

A new regulation has been issued by the Dominion Government to give authority to make deductions from the pay and allowances of deserters from the overseas forces sufficient to cover expenses incurred in apprehending, prosecuting and returning these deserters to duty.

King George, on the 17th, sent the following message to General Haig, British Commander in France: "I congratulate you and your brave troops on the brilliant success just achieved. I have never doubted that complete victory would crown our efforts and the splendid victory of to-day confirms our faith."

The Provincial general election held in British Columbia on Thursday last 14th inst. resulted in the defeat of the Bowser Government by a large majority. Out of a total of 47 members the Government party seemed to have elected only 10. Premier Bowser and all his colleagues in the Executive have been defeated, with one possible exception, Hon. Mr. Ross. It would appear that the elections were fought not altogether on party lines. Almost half the Conservative party headed by Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper offered uncompromising opposition to the Bowser Government. The soldiers voted have yet to be counted. This count will not take place till October the 12th, and the official returns for the whole election will be made about October 15th.

The lightning change tactics of the Liberal press regarding the Quebec Bridge is a fair sample of the readiness with which our Liberal friends can assume contradictory attitudes every twenty-four hours when there is hope of making political capital against the Borden Government. While the Quebec Bridge looked like an assured success, while engineers, senators, members of parliament and the dominion generally were

being invited to see the triumph of engineering crowned, the Liberal press claimed the credit for the achievement for the Laurier Government. The Ottawa Citizen, referring to the Toronto Globe's claim of Monday morning that the Laurier Government was entirely responsible for all designs, plans and contracts in connection with the bridge says this claim is quite correct. The facts in connection with the matter are set forth in another column in this day's Herald. But when the span went to the bottom of the St. Lawrence the tune of the Liberal papers changed with a suddenness as marvelous as the collapse of the bridge itself. The Liberal papers would now like to blame the Borden Government for everything in connection with the undertaking. But the facts published by themselves are against them. For an exhibition of practical hypocrisy, the conduct of the Liberal papers in this connection would be hard to beat.

Progress of the War.

Paris, Sept. 12.—The French infantry started a vigorous offensive today along a front of six kilometres north of the Somme, from the Combes region to the river, and in half an hour took an entire first line of German trenches, says the official communication issued tonight. Another portion of the French forces carried a system of trenches along the road from Bethune to Peronne. Prisoners to the number of 1,500 had been taken when the report was filed. Elsewhere on the front there was only artillery activity. The text of the statement follows: "The battle continued today north of the Somme. Our infantry delivered a vigorous offensive on a six kilometre front between the district south of Combes and the river. The attack started at 12.30 in the afternoon and developed rapidly, thanks to the spirit of our troops, who in less than half an hour captured the whole of the first line German trenches. Subsequently pushing eastward with the same vigor, we took successively Hill 145, Marriees Wood and the whole system of trenches as far as the Bethune-Peronne road, which we now touch from the southern outskirts of Bancourt to the district south of Bouchavesnes. Further south we pushed our lines on to Slope 76, west of Feuilleaucourts. "Up to the present the total number of prisoners reaches 1,500. These include numerous officers. "South of the Somme the artillery fighting was violent in various sectors, without infantry action. There was an intermittent cannonade on the remainder of the front."

Paris, Sept. 14.—Beset by the British on the west and the French on the east, the village of Combles, in the Somme region of France apparently is on the verge of capture by the Entente forces. With the British firmly established in the Leuze Wood, less than a mile from the western outskirts of the village, the French a mile to the east of it have driven their wedge in farther and captured Lepriez Farm, through which runs the road to Bancourt. The farm, which had been held by the Germans as a point of support against French encroachments upon Combles, was taken by assault. Along the Peronne-Bethune road to the north and south of Bouchavesnes the Germans, according to Paris, have vainly attacked the newly won French positions in the hope of regarding their transport lines to the north, but all their efforts have been without success and they have maintained all their gains. Except for reciprocal bombardments and a slight advance by the French by means of a bombing attack near Belloy-en-Santerre, south of the Somme, the situation elsewhere on the entire front in France and Belgium remains unchanged. The Teutonic Allies are continuing their advance on the Dobruja sector of Roumania, according to Berlin and Sofia. Across the mountains in Transylvania the Roumanians have attacked west and east of Hermannstadt, but were repulsed, says the Vienna war office. In the Carpathians the Russians attacked vigorously the forces of the Cen-

tral Powers at Snotroc, Ludova and Kapul, storming positions after heavy preparatory bombardments. Their efforts to drive forward however, were stopped with sanguinary losses, according to Vienna. On the Macedonia front considerable heavy fighting has taken place, but with the results belocuded owing to variant reports by the different war chancelleries. The Serbs in the Lake Ostrova region are declared by Paris to have made appreciable progress against the Bulgarians, while both Berlin and Sofia report bombardments in this vicinity, but mention gains for neither side. In the Doiran region the British have taken a Tontonic position north of the town of Muekskovo. Several Germans were made prisoner, and a number of machine guns were captured.

London, Sept. 15.—The despatch, dated at the British front in France, says: "Today our troops, in a great assault have broken through the enemy's third line of defense. It is reported that Fliers is in our hands, and that our infantry is advancing further in the direction of Morval (about two miles east of Ginchy). "On our left we are at the outskirts of Martinpuich, and to the right we have moved forward along the whole line, encircling High Wood and occupying the main part of Boudoux Wood. "Our men are filled with the spirit of victory, and in several parts of the line the enemy is fleeing back to the next line of defenses. "Prisoners are coming in fast. About 500 are already in cages, and others are being brought down from the battlefield." Smashing the German line on a front of six miles north of the Somme in France, the British forces have made probably the most noticeable advance since the Anglo-French offensive began July 1. Three towns, two woods and the possession of nearly all the high ground between Combles and the Pozieres-Bapaume road fell to the British. Not only did the Germans lose these positions, but the British drive imperils the Combles and Thiepval positions, at either end of the high ground north of the Combles gives the British command of the approaches to Bapaume.

The advance on the northern end of the front was for a distance of two miles. Courcolette, east of Thiepval and north of the Pozieres-Bapaume road, and Martinpuich, south of the road, fell into the hands of General Haig's men. Further south they took Floors and the High Wood, making secure their possession of Ginchy. The Bouleaux Wood, north of Combles, also was lost to the Germans. The Germans, under Crown Prince Rupprecht, of Bavaria, fought stubbornly to hold their ground, London says, and the fighting was severe all along the line. More than 2,300 prisoners were taken by the British. Aiding the British in the encirclement of Combles, the French troops have taken additional trenches north of Lepriez Farm. South of the river three German trenches near Bery-on-Santerre were taken by the French, who also captured 200 prisoners.

British Front in France, Sept. 15, via London—Army officers universally are speaking of Friday as the best day for the British arms since the offensive began on the Somme front. With the exception of July 1, the attack begun yesterday morning was the most extensive of any in the ten weeks of the battle. For the first time new armored motor cars, of ingenious pattern, suitable for crossing trenches and shell holes, competed with the infantry as the British swept down from the ridges to the lower ground toward Bapaume. At the writing the British are beyond the village of Fliers, which they took early in the morning, and are established in Martinpuich and Courcolette. The slow plodding work of recent weeks, which included the taking of Ginchy and Guillemont, had for its object control of all the high ground from the region of Thiepval to the junction with the French on the right. The Germans fought hard for every foot of it. Delville, or Devils Wood,

and other points along the line captured in the offensive which they started Tuesday. In addition a powerfully organized German trench system south of the Lepriez Farm, near the road running west from Bancourt to Combles, has been captured, placing Combles in further jeopardy. The fighting in the region of Bouchavesnes has been of sanguinary character. Finding that the French had cut their line of communication from Peronne northward, the Germans threw violent attacks against L'Abbe Wood and Hill 76, south of Bouchavesnes, and succeeded in recapturing both places. The French, however, returned victoriously to the attack, and after hard fighting, some of it hand-to-hand, finally drove out the Germans and kept the ground they had won. In the two day's fighting more than 2,300 German men were taken prisoner, and a large number of guns and machine guns captured. On that part of the Somme front held by the British the situation remains unchanged. South of the Somme, heavy artillery duels between the French and the Germans continue in the region of Verdunvillers and Chauleux. A repulse of a German attack near Fleury, in the Verdun sector, is reported by Paris. All Along the Macedonian front heavy fighting continues, but no important changes in positions have been reported. The Italians have joined in the fray west of the Vardar river. Near Lake Butkovo they are declared by Rome to have driven Bulgarian detachments beyond the Demir-Hissar-Doiran area. A Bulgarian official report, however, says the Italians were dispersed in this region with a loss of thirty men made prisoner. The British, who are across the Struma river, south of Lake Takino, have made no further efforts to advance and that in that region there have been no new developments. In the Dobruja region of Roumania the operations by the forces of the Central Powers are going on methodically according to Berlin. In Transylvania the Germans have joined the Austrians near Hermannstadt and southeast of Hotzing in the fighting against the Rumanians. Up in the Carpathians Russian attacks along the entire front have been repulsed, according to statements of both Vienna and Berlin. Petrograd says the Russians are holding all the ground they have won in this region. German aeroplanes have sunk a Russian torpedo boat destroyed in the Gulf of Riga and attacked Russian naval forces in the Black Sea off Constanza, Roumania. In addition, the destroyer sunk, several hits were observed in both of the attacks, the Berlin statement says.

Paris, Sept. 17.—The French have captured all the ground between Verdunvillers and Bancourt which had remained in position of the Germans. 700 wounded prisoners were captured. The communication says: "North of the Somme our artillery actively bombarded German organizations throughout the day. "South of the Somme we attacked, at 2.30 o'clock p. m. at several points, and gained important successes. The villages of Verdunvillers and Bery, which we held only a part, were conquered in a brilliant assault. Some isolated points are still holding out. "All the ground between Verdunvillers and Denicourt, on the one side, between Denicourt and Bancourt on the other, which was defended by several strongly organized systems of trenches, has fallen into our hands after a desperate fight. The struggle still continues around Denicourt. Between Bery and Barleux captured a number of trenches. All counter-attacks attempted by the enemy during the evening broke down under our artillery fire with heavy German loss. "Up to the present 700 wounded prisoners, 15 of whom officers, have been captured. "There has been the usual cannonade on the remainder of the front."

There's a Really Wonderful Array on Newest Linen Ready in the Daylight Linen Dept Here

We specially invite all visitors to Charlottetown, and to Prince Edward Island, to inspect the lovely things that are shown in such splendid assortment in the 'daylight linen store'. We have just been fortunate in getting an enormous shipment of new things that we thought would be out of the market till after the war. We're so pleased over these that we want you to see them—needn't buy unless you feel like it—see them anyway.

Shamrock Linens--Sold Here Exclusively

Hemstitched Bed Spreads \$3.25 72 x 72 inch Table Cloths \$2.00
Just received a shipment of hemstitched and embroidered bed spreads in pretty designs. These cannot be replaced at any price, size 99 x 100, while they last at \$3.25 and \$3.75 each.

Shamrock Pillow Cases
All pure linen hemstitched and embroidered pillow cases in many pretty designs and range in price from \$2.50 up to \$5.00 pair. Also initial hemstitched and embroidered cases in all initials at \$3.75 pair.

Lunch Napkins 65c. to 75c.
Lunch Napkins, made from all pure linen, fine and evenly woven, hemstitched all round, in many pretty designs. This is some of the famous Shamrock linen that has given such good satisfaction at 65c. and 75c. each.

Shamrock Napkins.
A splendid lot of famous Shamrock table Napkins, all pure linen and will wash and iron well, in two designs, Poppy and Fleur de Lis, size 20 x 20 inch, regular worth \$4.75 doz., while they last at \$3.75 doz.

"Everyday" \$2.00 Linen Napkins
20 dozens of splendid everyday Napkins in a good weight, strong and durable in many pretty floral designs, size 20 x 20 inches. This is a good size for everyday wear; they are hemmed ready for use at the old price, \$2.00 dozen.

22 1/2 x 22 1/2 inch Linen Napkins \$2.25
15 dozen hemmed Napkins ready for the table, made from good strong durable yarns, free from dressing, will wash and iron easy, size 22 1/2 x 22 1/2 inches at \$2.25 doz.

Shamrock Linen Table Damask
All pure linen damask for cloths in many designs and qualities, made from the famous Shamrock line. These are all guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction—width from 66 to 72 inches and range in prices 85c., \$1.00, 1.10, 1.35, 1.50 up as high as \$2.75 per yard.

Damask Border Towels
Damask border hemstitched, all pure linen towels in many pretty designs. All good durable towels, range in price from 75c. each to \$1.00 each.

Guest Towels 60c. Initialled
Initial guest towels in all initials, made from good all pure linen yarn, hemstitched at both ends with a pretty damask border at 60c. each.

MOORE & McLEOD! LIMITED
119-121 Queen Street, Charlottetown

Mail Contract
Stylish Shoes for Stout Women
Why wear shoes not built for your feet, which are bound to stretch and lose their shape? Here is one of the "AUNT POLLY'S OUT SIZE" boots which has made a host of friends. By a clever idea in shoe-making these shoes give extra room at the ankle, top, and the broadest part of the foot, and still appear smaller than the shoes which you have previously found it necessary to content yourself with.
No trouble at all give you a perfect fit. to Size 2 1/2 to 11. \$4.50 to \$5.50.
ALLEY & CO. 135 Queen Street, Sole Agents.

(Continued from page 1)
High Wood and the ridge which the windmill crosses beyond Pozieres have been with blood of men fallen in their long stand up heaviest orgy of shell fire history of war, as experienced German wrestled with not for a piece of farm for military and human. The British push was down hill. They put them the high ground slopes give them shelter and whose crest gives observation for their fire. Evidently the Germans not expect the attack, and that the offensive would be down for the winter new and advantageous. "Never before, probably more guns been playing same length of front than the six miles where they made their advance on and where they have their offensive with philosophy and dogged persistence. Germans kept on bringing guns until now they have in this short sector. Theated Press correspondent, over the region of the dotted villages and shell towns interested by new roads, Thursday how enormous British had increased the artillery."

London, Sept. 17.—Additional gains along a front of more than a mile and a half were made by the British last night in their offensive north of the Somme, the war office announced this afternoon. The "Day Trench," about a mile long, taken, and additional trenches on a thousand yards front near Courcolette, was captured. The text of the statement follows: "South of the Somme troops achieved further success. Last evening in the vicinity Courcolette we extended gains on a front of about thousand yards. In the neighborhood of Thiepval we obtained a considerable success yesterday evening by capturing the high fortifications known as the 'Danube Trench' on a front about a mile. Here, the abandoned considerable quantities of rifles and equipment. We also captured the strong defended work of Moquet. Possession of which had hotly contested for some past. "The number of prisoners is increasing. A number successful minor enterprises also carried out by us last night on other parts of the British front." British forces south of the Somme have made additional progress, according to the official statement from general headquarters issued last night. Advance since Friday along front of six miles is estimated from one to two miles. Seventeen hundred additional prisoners captured in the last two days is more than 4,000. The text the statement reads:

Paris, Sept. 17.—The French have captured all the ground between Verdunvillers and Bancourt which had remained in position of the Germans. 700 wounded prisoners were captured. The communication says: "North of the Somme our artillery actively bombarded German organizations throughout the day. "South of the Somme we attacked, at 2.30 o'clock p. m. at several points, and gained important successes. The villages of Verdunvillers and Bery, which we held only a part, were conquered in a brilliant assault. Some isolated points are still holding out. "All the ground between Verdunvillers and Denicourt, on the one side, between Denicourt and Bancourt on the other, which was defended by several strongly organized systems of trenches, has fallen into our hands after a desperate fight. The struggle still continues around Denicourt. Between Bery and Barleux captured a number of trenches. All counter-attacks attempted by the enemy during the evening broke down under our artillery fire with heavy German loss. "Up to the present 700 wounded prisoners, 15 of whom officers, have been captured. "There has been the usual cannonade on the remainder of the front."

(Continued from page two)

High Wood and the rib of earth which the windmill crowned beyond Pozieres have been steeped with blood of men fallen there in their long stand under the heaviest orgy of shell fire in the history of war, as experts agree.

summed their closing in movement on the Galician town of Halicz, southeast of Lemberg, on the Dniester.

London despatches of the 18th, report great fighting and great gains for the allied troops.

Athens, Sept. 18.—French-Serbian troops have surrounded the Bulgarian forces in Northwestern Macedonia, which are falling back precipitately on Monastir, according to reports reaching here.

London, Sept. 17.—Additional gains along a front of more than a mile and a half were secured by the British last night in pressing their offensive north of the Somme, the war office announced this afternoon.

Athens, Sept. 12, via London, Sept. 13.—King Constantine has accepted the resignation of Premier Zaimis and his cabinet, and has asked M. Dimitracopulos, former minister of justice, to form a new cabinet.

Paris, Sept. 17.—The French have captured all the ground between Verdunvillers and Berny which had remained in possession of the Germans.

Athens, Sept. 14, via London.—The Entente Powers are not satisfied with the programme outlined by M. Dimitracopulos, whose acceptance of the premiership was based on full power to control the national policy.

Ottawa, Sept. 12.—It is quite probable that in view of the shortage of labor throughout the country the work of constructing the new parliament building will be delayed until the war is over.

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are now under the consideration of the government as issues in a comprehensive scheme of public service to meet conditions arising out of the war.

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regarding the designs of expert engineers, appointed by itself, accepted the St. Lawrence Bridge Company's alternative plan and accepted the company's figures for that work without further competition.

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Local and Other Items.

The large two story warehouse of the Tignish Trading Company was burned with all its contents, on Saturday night.

During Exhibition week, the Car Ferry steamer will ply between Charlottetown and Picton in conjunction with the Stanley, so as to accommodate the people.

Devilish Dorothy, owned by Dr. J. T. Jinkins, Charlottetown, won the 2:19 trotting race at Halifax on Friday last.

"If any of you go to Canada, I hope you will give me a call. You will find a hearty reception awaiting you," said the Duke of Devonshire to a gathering of his tenants at Pentrich Vicarage.

Two sharks were caught at Mispec a few days ago. They were man-eating sharks and measured ten and one-half feet respectively.

Gerald Kelly, child of Alderman Kelly, aged seven was run over and killed by an electric car in Spring Garden Road, Halifax, Monday morning.

A cable from King George dated Windsor Castle September 13, to the Duke of Connaught, says: "I am deeply concerned to hear of the Quebec bridge disaster and sincerely trust that the loss of life is not heavy."

London advices say that Brigadier General Lord Brooke has been wounded in France.

Twenty-two persons were killed when a north-bound passenger train on the National Railway of Mexico struck a spreading rail near Oriz, Chihuahua, about 75 miles south of Chihuahua City.

At Syracuse, N. Y., the other day Lee Axworthy, the world's champion trotting stallion, lowered his own record by negotiating a mile in two minutes flat.

A terrific explosion occurred in the lake off the exhibition grounds Toronto, cost the lives of two soldiers.

On Tuesday evening of last week the Premier and Mrs. Matheson were agreeably surprised when a number of their friends called to tender their felicitations on the twentieth anniversary of their wedding day.

The little steamer "Amelia," which plies between Picton and Prince Edward Island, has fallen into a tidy fortune for salvaging the Belgian steamer "Induction," realizing possibly as high as \$100,000.

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Mary Ovington, Jasper Ont writes:—"My mother had a badly sprained arm. Nothing we used did her any good. Then father got Hagyard's Yellow Oil and it cured mother's arm in a few days Price 5 cents."

MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES DIPHTHERIA.

NOTICE OF SALE. SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, will be received up to noon of the 1st October, 1916, for the purchase of the

DOG-FISH FERTILIZER. No particular form is necessary for use in tending, but envelopes should be distinctly marked across the face, "To use for Dog-Fish Fertilizer."

Tenders from non-residents of the Province of Nova Scotia, N. S. Brunswick and Prince Edward Island, will not be considered, and guarantees must be given that the fertilizer will not be disposed of or used outside of these provinces.

Remittances should be made payable either to the Department of the Naval Service at Ottawa. Bank cheques will not be accepted. A cash certificate.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, Charlottetown, P. E. Island.

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVAL SERVICE.

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The Prince Edward Island EXHIBITION!

—AND— HORSE RACES AT CHARLOTTETOWN

Sept. 26 to 29, 1916

Open to all Canada OVER \$10,000 IN EXHIBITION PRIZES

Live Stock entries, except poultry, close 15th September. All other entries close 19th September.

Three days Horse Racing, \$3,000 in purses. Special attractions in front of the Grand Stand. Nearest Station Agents will give particulars of rates. For Prize List and all information write the Secretary.

FRANK R. HEARTZ, President. C. R. SMALLWOOD, Sec'y-Treas.

The Live Stock Breeders Association

STALLION ENROLLMENT

Every Stallion standing for service in Prince Edward Island, must be enrolled at the Department of Agriculture, and all Certificates of Enrollment must be renewed annually.

Be Careful OF YOUR EYES. Don't let them become strained or overtaxed when the use of glasses will obviate any weakness or difficulty of vision.

If you need spectacles the sooner you will get them the greater service they will render you. If you will let us examine your sight, we can determine the question of what you need, and supply the proper glasses.

By procuring from us you save the exorbitant charges too often made by agents and avoid the possibility of getting a wrong glass with no chance of changing.

If not convenient to come in, and you send us some particulars of your requirements we could mail a pair of eyeglasses or spectacles out for you to try, but a visit to us would be more satisfactory.

E. W. TAYLOR,

JEWELER.....OPTICIAN 142 Richmond Street

Aug. 9, 1916 ft.

ray on en Here usively \$2.00 \$2.50 60c. Women

When Days are Dark.

When days are dark, remember The brightness that is past; Call up the glad spring music To mingle with the blast. Think of the merry sunshine And host of scented flowers, Let memories of the summer Take gloom from off sad hours.

"God Bless You."

I seek in prayerful words, dear friend, My heart's true wish to send you, That you may know that far or near, My loving thoughts attend you. I cannot find a truer word, Nor fonder to caress you; Nor song or poem I have heard, Is sweeter than "God bless you." God bless you! so I've wished you all.

The White Rose.

Dom Paschal had passed the age of sixty when, one night in mid-winter, on entering the choir for Matins, he was struck with a sudden thrill of awe on seeing a white rose lying on the desk of his stall. For this sign, traditional in his Monastery, was wont to appear when the Master of Life and Death was about to call one of the brethren to himself.

Pains in the Back

Are symptoms of a weak, torpid or stagnant condition of the kidneys, or are a warning of an extremely healthy action of these organs?

They are commonly attended by loss of energy, lack of courage, and sometimes by gloomy fancies and depression.

"I was taken ill with kidney trouble, and came so weak I could scarcely get around. Took medicine without benefit, and finally called to try Food's Sarsaparilla. After a first bottle I felt so much better that I continued its use, and six bottles made me new man. When my little girl was a baby, she could not keep anything on her stomach, and we gave her Food's Sarsaparilla which cured her." Mrs. Thomas L. W. Wallaceburg, Ont.

Food's Sarsaparilla

uses kidney and liver troubles, revives the back, and builds up the whole system.

finality and significance in the apparently most insignificant details. It seemed to him that he was seeing things in their true light and perspective for the first time in his life. He must set his affairs in order without delay.

Having reached his cell, he knelt down and prepared a general confession of his sins. Next he drew out the pages of his precious manuscript—the work of half a lifetime—which had absorbed long hours of deep thought and application. He had hoped time would have been given him to reach the end, but since the Author of his life had ordained to write "Finis" to the work of His own Hands, who might gain-say His will! Yet, on arranging and labelling his rough notes, he could not repress a sigh at the thought how enigmatically they might prove to any who had not the solution of his own brain.

He felt his strength ebbing, and did not know how soon the summons might sound. With feverish longing, he awaited the moment when he could confide all to the abbot.

The dark winter morn had not yet dawned when the bell pealed for the brethren to rise for the work of God. Dom Paschal awoke from the fitful slumber into which he had fallen to find himself unable to move from his hard pallet. Again the bell sounded the signal for the end of the nocturnal silence, and making a supreme effort, he gathered up sufficient strength to totter to the door of his cell and summon one of the lay brothers who was hastening down to the Mass.

Would Brother Felix have the courtesy to call Father Abbot to come to him without delay? The brother's curiosity, which quickly gave place to anxious sympathy, was aroused at noticing how feeble and old the Father Librarian appeared. It was seldom he was absent from his place in the choir. Should not he—Brother Felix—bring him a cordial? Dom Paschal only reiterated his entreaty that there might be no delay in calling the abbot. It was a truly urgent matter.

Brother Felix obediently withdrew, only to return in a few minutes to say that the abbot was already vested for Mass, and it had been impossible to get a word with him. Dom Paschal united the sacrifice of his life with the Great Sacrifice then being offered, praying of His mercy that after such a solemn warning it might not be permitted him to depart hence without the Last Sacraments.

On hastening to his side, the Father Abbot found him in a slight fever, his eyes bright, his limbs trembling. Yet there was only the portent of the white rose which Dom Paschal produced to give any weight to his request to receive the Holy Anointing.

The abbot regarded the rose with puzzled air and shrewdly withheld, nor did he deny the monk's earnest desire.

"And pray let the brethren be assembled," besought the sick man in tones growing weaker, "so that if I have offended any in word or deed I may crave their forgiveness and die in charity with all."

To this the abbot made haste to comply.

A bell was solemnly tolled, and it was given to the brethren to know that it was the will of the abbot that all should assemble without lack of time in Dom Paschal's cell, from the most ancient father in the house to the youngest novice.

Of these last was Brother Henry, the gayest and least easily impressed of all, now subdued and distressed to the point of tears. He had noticed that Dom Paschal was neither at Office nor Mass, and listened with chill foreboding to the news which had quickly gone the round of the monastery that the Father Librarian was thought to be at his last extremity. The boys heart cried out so loudly in its anguish of fear that it seemed all must hear.

A MIRACULOUS CURE OF CHOLERA INFANTUM

By DR. FOWLER'S EXTRACT OF WILD STRAWBERRY.

Cholera Infantum is one of the most common summer complaints of infants, and many die who could be saved if properly looked after on the first sign of the trouble.

It begins with a profuse diarrhoea, very often accompanied by vomiting, and the matter ejected from the stomach has a bilious appearance. The child rapidly loses flesh and becomes weak and languid.

On the first sign of cholera infantum Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry should be administered, and thus check the diarrhoea before it becomes serious.

"Dr. Fowler's" has been on the market for the past seventy years, so you are not experimenting with some new and untried remedy when you use it, but be sure and get "Dr. Fowler's" when you ask for it.

Mrs. B. A. Cirwell, Rosway, N.S., writes: "I can recommend Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry most highly. A friend of mine had a little daughter who was ill with cholera infantum, and was given up by the doctor. The little one's mother asked me to come in and see the child. I told her I had a bottle of Dr. Fowler's, and asked her if she would try it. When the bottle was half used the child was better. This cure was a miraculous one, for I thought the child was dying at the time."

The genuine Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry is manufactured only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont. Price, 35 cents.

of those who, by the favor and purity of their lives, "being made perfect in a short space fulfilled a long time."

Brother Henry kept his word. He was not only more simple, good-natured and generous than before, but to these qualities was added the indefinable grace of God.

Six months went by. The garden was sweet with June roses when the younger brother fell sick. It was the first time he had called anything since the first day of his entrance into the monastery.

None thought much of it except the abbot. He alone looked grave and regarded the boy half enviously. He had not looked to keep him long, as the time had now come to tell the brethren.

"One night I was in church while Brother Henry was kneeling at the altar of Our Lady—it was the night before he was to have been sent away—then I saw the Blessed Mother bend down from her pedestal and the child in her arms was holding out a white rose..."

It was not until Brother Henry's last moment was at hand that the abbot told him, too, of the vision which concerned him so nearly.

And with a happy smile on his lips and the schedule of profession in his hand, the little brother slept.

A white rose-bush marks the spot where he lies. It was planted there by Dom Paschal's own hands. He, too it was who wrote down these things in the annals of the monastery, and there is a blot on the page where a tear may have fallen ere the ink was dry.

"Would it had been for me to go instead!" he said to himself. "I could have been the better spared, yet truly he was the more meet for Paradise."

—The Irish Rosary.

LET US MAKE Your New Suit

When it comes to the question of buying clothes, there are several things to be considered.

You want good material, you want perfect fitting qualities, and you want your clothes to be made fashionable and stylish, and then you want to get them at a reasonable price.

This store is noted for the excellent quality of the goods carried in stock, and nothing but the very best in trimmings of every kind allowed to go into a suit.

We guarantee to fit you perfectly, and all our clothes have that smooth, stylish, well-tailored appearance, which is approved by all good dressers.

If you have had trouble getting clothes to suit you, give us a trial. We will please you.

MacLellan Bros. TAILORS AND FURNISHERS 153 Queen Street.

If You Like Good Chewing Tobacco TRY HICKEY'S TWIST

Hickey's Famous Twist has every quality claimed or possessed by other chewing tobaccos, with a score of individual points of merit that has made it the best selling chewing tobacco sold on this Island.

HICKEY'S TWIST is the favorite of all experienced chewers. Try it and you will find the reason why.

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited. Dear Sirs.—I had a breeding tumor on my face for a long time and tried a number of remedies without any good results. I was advised to try MINARD'S LINIMENT, and after using several bottles it made a complete cure, and it healed all up and disappeared altogether.

DAVID HENDERSON, Belleisle Station, Kings Co., N.B. Sept. 17, 1904.

The bravest of the brave are the Catholic priests of France who are fighting in the trenches. When this war is over, remarks the Brooklyn Eagle, France will hear nothing more of religious quarrelling.

MILBURN'S HEART AND NERVE PILLS CURED Salvation Army Captain.

Capt. Wm. E. Sanford (Salvation Army), 38 Barclay St., Toronto, Ont., writes: "A short time ago I suffered from heart trouble, which seemed to come on me very suddenly. I was so bad, that at times it seemed as if it was all I could do to breathe. I noticed an announcement of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, and decided to give them a trial. After taking two or three days' treatment I felt fine, and my heart has not bothered me since. If this testimony would be of any service to others you are at liberty to use it."

To all who suffer from any form of heart trouble Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills will give prompt and permanent relief. They strengthen and invigorate the action of the heart, and tone up the whole system.

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills are 50 cents per box, or 3 boxes for \$1.25. For sale at all dealers or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Advertisement for MacLellan Bros. Tailors and Furnishers, featuring a suit and contact information.

Advertisement for Hickey's Famous Twist tobacco, highlighting its quality and popularity.

Advertisement for St. John Lime, including contact information for C. Lyons & Co. and W. J. P. McMillan, M.D.

Advertisement for VOL-PEEK, a product for mending holes in pots, pans, and tinware.

Advertisement for R. F. Maddigan & Co., Agents for P. E. Island, featuring a large headline 'Be Careful'.

Advertisement for E. W. Taylor, Jeweler and Optician, located at 142 Richmond Street.

Advertisement for Fire Insurance, Job Work, and other services, including contact information for DeBlois Bros.