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ST. JOHN, N. B., WEDNESDAY, JUNE 27, 1915

TWELVE PAGES—ONE CENT

British Cannot Slay
Women and Children

Reprisals, in Kind, for German Air Raids,
Are Unthinkable, Says Lord Derby—
But German Military Posts Are Getting It

London, June 26.—(Via Reuter's Ottawa Agency)—In the House of Lords today, Lord Derby, dealing with the question of reprisals for German air raids, emphasized the fact that our air-craft were daily bombing positions in the enemy's rear. He declared, on the authority of the head of our air-craft service in France, that he would be well within the mark if he said that for every bomb the Germans dropped behind our lines we dropped a hundred behind the German lines. All that bombing was done with a military object, but the idea of an eye for an eye and a tooth for a tooth in massacring women and children was absolutely repulsive to the British nation.

APPOINTMENTS
IN PROVINCE

T. C. Allen Gazetted Deputy-
Attorney-General
INTEREST IN ST. JOHN

Canon Armstrong and Father Duke
Justices of the Peace—N.
Marks Mills, Judge of Probate
for Charlotte

Fredrickson, June 27.—The Royal
Gazette contains the following appoint-
ments: Rupert N. Rive to be a notary
public.

T. Carleton Allen to be deputy at-
torney-general.
City and county of St. John—Capt.
H. F. Bennett, Capt. R. H. Bruce,
Lieut. W. L. Caldwell, Lieut. C. S. Ben-
nett and Lieut. F. C. Walker to be jus-
tices of the peace for recruiting pur-
poses only; Rev. Robert Augustus
Armstrong and Rev. Wm. Marc Duke
to be justices of the peace.

Revisors for St. John county have
been appointed as follows: Fred Phin-
ney for Musquash; Harry B. Pippert
for parish of Lancaster; Thomas Pow-
er for parish of St. Martins; Jeremiah
Donovan for Simonds; Horace C. Por-
ter for St. John.

Victoria—Mrs. M. L. Jamer to be
vendor of school books.
Westmorland—Courtney B. Copp to
be police magistrate for Port Egin in
place of Thomas J. Allen, resigned; J.
Wm. Wheeler to be vendor of marriage
licenses.

Albert—Fred G. Moore and Wm. D.
Bennett to be deputy registrars of deeds.
Gloucester—Appointment of J. H.
Duguay of Caraquet as deputy sheriff
is approved.

Victoria—Bruce Ritchie is to be a
stipendiary or police magistrate for
Andover and Perth in place of Nelson
A. Hanson, removed for cause.
(Continued on page 2, fifth column.)

BRITISH BLOCK
COUNTER ATTACK

Gun Fire Prevents Germans
Carrying Out Plan—Important
Capture by French

London, June 27.—British gunfire
checked in its incipiently a German
counter-attack attempted early today
upon the new British positions on the
Aras front northwest of Fontaine-Les-
Croisilles. Otherwise only raiding op-
erations along the British front are cov-
ered by the statement.

Paris, June 27.—Heavy artillery fight-
ing continues in the region of Hurte-
bise. Among the positions which the
French captured on Monday is the
"Cavern of the Dragons," more than 100
metres wide and about 800 deep, which
had been converted into a veritable
fortress. This cavern, with numerous
exits and openings from which machine
guns were fired, constituted an impor-
tant position and point of departure for
many troops in the direction of the
Aras front. A considerable amount of war material
was stored there, including nine ma-
chine guns in good condition, equip-
ment for more than 400 men, numerous
searchlights and a hospital relief out-
post, which fell into French hands.

The number of prisoners counted has reached 840, of whom six are officers.
In the Champagne the enemy made a
surprise attack west of Mount Car-
melle. It was repulsed. We penetrated
the German lines near Maison de De
Champagne and brought back ten pris-
oners. About eight o'clock last night
German aviators threw several bombs
on Nancy. No damage was done and
there were no casualties.

MR. SAKER LAYS
HIS PROPOSALS
BEFORE COUNCIL

Request For Taxation Arrange-
ment in Connection With Pro-
posed Shipbuilding Plant

D. A. Saker laid his proposals for the
establishment of a shipbuilding plant
before the common council in com-
mittee this morning. Mr. Saker, who is
an Englishman and engaged in business
in South Africa before the war, is now
located in Montreal. He says that he
has had long experience with ship-
building concerns and that he is prepared
to put \$300,000 of his own money into
the plant, and that he would be the
sole owner. The plans would call for the
expenditure of \$100,000 the first year and
possibly \$200,000 soon after.

The first plan is for a yard capable of
handling three wooden ships at the same
time but, that when the materials can
be secured, it is his intention to under-
take the construction of 3,000 ton tramp
steamers. He asked for a flat tax rate
of \$200 for 1915, and a flat rate of \$1,000
a year for the next forty years.

Mr. Saker was accompanied by his
solicitor, W. A. Ewing, of this city. Mayor
Hayes presided and Commissioners
Wignome, McLellan and Fisher were
present. The council decided to confer with the
city solicitor before giving an answer.

When the committee was called to
order, Mr. Saker was invited to explain
his proposals.

Mr. Saker announced that it was his
intention to build wooden vessels until
steel for steel vessels was available,
which would be at least eighteen months.
He expected to spend \$100,000 before
the end of 1915, in connection with the
wooden ship yards but the amount
might run to \$200,000. He wished to
ask the city for a flat rate of moderate
amount for 1915 and then a fixed rate
for forty years. After \$100,000 had been
spent, he could be ready for the con-
struction of 3,000 ton tramp steamers
with an additional expenditure of \$200,000.
Mr. Saker stated that he had \$300,000
of his own to invest and pointed out
the advantage which would accrue to
the city through the employment of 200
men. He inquired regarding the water
rates and was told that they are low,
and the figures were quoted.

The Site.
In reply to a question about the site,
Mr. Ewing explained that Mr. Saker had
arranged to purchase the site available
property in Strait Street. The property
has a frontage of 1,000 feet on the river
and in addition there is a leasehold prop-
erty owned by the Hazard estate, be-
longing from the Warner property to the
Merritt property which he would take
over. The mill itself, he said, was of
little use and it was probable that it
never would be used. The property had
been valued by the assessors at \$20,000
but after it was offered at auction last
week the price was reduced to \$13,600.
Mr. Saker had bought the land, mill,
machinery and improvements at less than
the assessment value.

To Commissioner McLellan, he said
that Mr. Saker asked only exemptions on
the improvements and not on the land.
It is his intention to get a prompt
decision as he wanted to arrange the
transfer of title immediately and get the
contractors to work at excavating next
week.

To Mayor Hayes, Mr. Saker said that
he would be able to have three vessels
on the stocks at any time.
To Commissioner McLellan he said
that he had served his time with Vic-
kers, Sons, and Maxin, and later had been
engaged with Stacey and also with
Armstrong & Whitworth. Before the
war he had carried on a large business
in South Africa but had sold out when
the war broke out. He had been sent to
Canada by the Imperial Munitions
Board to organize the inspection of
munitions here. He had been sent to
the money realized on the sale of his South
African property in establishing the ship
yards and it was not until he had been
asked the citizens to subscribe for stock.
He would pay for the operation of the
plant and would own and control it. He
might form a company to take it over,
later on. He gave the names of the
National Bank of South Africa, Wall
street, New York, and Kensley & Mil-
bourne, 50 Pine street, New York, as
references regarding his financial stand-
ing.

Mr. Ewing explained that what they
wanted from the city was some conces-
sion such as had been granted to the
new McAvity plant, which was a fixed
tax of \$500 a year until \$125,000 had
been expended and after that, \$2,000 a
year for forty years.

Mr. Saker said that what he wished
was a flat tax of \$200 for 1915 and then
a flat rate of \$1,000 a year for forty
years.

Commissioner Fisher said that they
were anxious to encourage new indus-
tries but he regarded tax exemptions as
something akin to a bonus. He also felt
that any industry might at least con-
tribute its share of school taxes. He
wished to see the prospectus for completing
the dry dock and steel ship building plant,
he said that the city should not go so
far as to hamper the proposals later.
Commissioner McLellan—"It is a differ-
ent kind of assistance you are being
asked to give the dry dock. They will
want the city to put up all the money
and let them own the plant."

In reply to a question, Mr. Saker said
that wooden shipbuilding would require
from 200 to 400 men and steel ship-
building would require from 800 to 2,000
men.

Commissioner McLellan said that if
twenty-five proposals for new industries
were made, he would be glad to give
them all reasonable encouragement, pro-
vided the demands were reasonable. Thursday,
Commissioner Wignome said that the
mill property was now lying idle and it
was not likely to be operated again. He
(Continued on page 2, seventh column.)



Berlin, June 7, 1915.
To My Dear People—Our hopes are rising that Youse
lovingly, WILHELM.

TREAT REPORT
AS A SENSATION

London Papers on Investigation
of Mesopotamian Expedition
SOME BITTER REPROACHES

Times Says Report Goes Far to
Vindicate Curzon's Resignation
in India Because of Disagree-
ment With Kitchener

New York, June 27.—An Associated
Press cable from London says:
"The report of the commission which
has been investigating the Mesopotamian
expedition is treated by the press today
as a first-class sensation. Editorials
contain bitter reproaches of persons con-
cerned, and demand their dismissal."
"Effete trading, cheese-paring policy
and general dry rot and inefficiency"
of the Indian command are condemned
by the newspapers. The anti-Asquith
press largely blames the late government.
One paper calls for the impeachment of
former Premier Asquith. On the other
hand the Times says it is only fair to
admit that his cabinet was led com-
pletely astray by military advisers. The
Times thinks the culpability of J. Austen
Chamberlain, secretary for India, almost
wholly technical.

"The Times places a large share of the
blame on the late Lord Kitchener's high-
ly centralized control of the Indian army.
The paper says the report goes far to
vindicate Lord Curzon's resignation as
viceroy of India twelve years ago, on the
ground of disagreement with Kitchener's
scheme. There is general approval of
the government's decision to publish the
report and tell the country the truth. A
comparison with Germany's attempts to
explain Mesinas and other reverses on
the western front is drawn. Amid a
cloud of recrimination room is found for
satisfaction in French Switzerland as
blamed is now associated with the Mesopotamian
force, that the blunders have
been retrieved, and that to that extent
they are less tragic than the irreparable
collapse of the general expedition."

MUCH REJOICING
OVER THE ELECTION
Geneva, June 27.—The election of
Gustave Ador to the federal council
was celebrated in French Switzerland as
no other event of the time since the be-
ginning of the war. It is regarded not
only as a condemnation of the policy of
Dr. Hoffman, but as a success for the
allies. Buildings everywhere were bedecked
with flags, cannon thundered and
cathedral bells were tolled.

Phelix and Pherindand
WEATHER
REPORT
Issued by Authority
of the Department
of Marine and
Fisheries, R. F. Stur-
patt, director of
meteorological service

Synopsis—The shallow low pressure
area, which was in northern Ontario
yesterday, has passed to the lower St.
Lawrence and the barometer is now ris-
ing over the Great Lakes. The weather
is fairly warm throughout—the
dominion. Showers and thunderstorms
have been almost general in Ontario
and Quebec.

Ottawa Valley—Fresh westerly
winds, fair and moderately warm.
Thursday fair and warm.
Fair and warm.
Maritime—Fresh to strong southwest
and west winds, showery. Thursday,
fresh westerly winds, fair and warm.
New England—Fair tonight and
Thursday; not much change in tempera-
ture; fresh southwest and west winds.

GERMANS AGAIN
CONCEAL THE NEWS

Keep Back Details of Plot
Against Norway's Shipping
A PROTEST UNHEEDED

Copenhagen, June 27.—German news-
papers generally refrain from bothering
their readers with embarrassing details
of the German bomb conspiracy at
Christiania. They eliminated yesterday,
from a Norwegian news agency des-
patch, all reference to German complicity
in the plot to sink ships and today
suppress entirely despatches implicating
the German official courier and the Ger-
man legation.

London, June 27.—Reports from Nor-
way say that the German legation at
Christiania formally protested against
the breaking of the German official seals
on the baggage of Aron Rautenfels, a
German, who is among those arrested in
connection with the conspiracy to blow
up seized ships. The legation demanded
the surrender of his trunk, but without
success. There is no confirmation of a
statement printed in Paris that Ger-
many asked Norway to apologize for the
breaking of the seals.

The recall of Germany's minister,
Michaelis is attributed to Norway's in-
sistent demands that he be removed
by Admiral Paul Von Hintze, former
minister to Mexico and China.

RUSSIAN BILL THAT
DEALS WITH RELIGION
Petrograd, June 27.—The ministry
of the interior has submitted to the pro-
visional government a bill establishing
freedom of conscience, in which it is
proclaimed that possession of civil and
political rights no longer depends on re-
ligion.

For a change of religious official per-
mission will not be needed. Up to nine
years of age a child's religion is deter-
mined by its parents. If there is dis-
agreement, the child takes the mother's
religion. More than nine years of age,
the religion cannot be changed without
the consent of the child itself. More
than seventeen years, religion can be
changed without the parents' or guard-
ian's consent.

REACH AGREEMENT OVER
SUNKEN BUTCH MERCHANTMEN
London, June 26.—According to a
Hague official communication forward-
ed by the Amsterdam correspondent of
Reuters Limited, an agreement has been
reached between the Dutch and German
governments concerning seven Dutch
merchantmen which were torpedoed off
the English coast in late February. Ger-
many undertakes to replace the lost ves-
sels by the cessation of German ships now
in the Dutch East Indies, of equivalent
value, but Holland is to pay Germany an
amount equivalent to the total compensa-
tion of the lost ships. Germany will
compensate the crews of the lost ships
for moral and material damages. The
ceded vessels may be only for trans-
oceanic passage during the war and not
until the belligerent powers recognize
the transfer of the flag and the right
of these vessels to undertake voy-
ages.

An almost similar offer was previous-
ly made by Germany on at least two oc-
casions, the first an offer to pay in-
demnities for the loss sustained by the
crews and to help the owners of the
vessels by facilitating the purchase of
German ships after the war; the second
an offer of German ships for rental "on
reasonable conditions." These offers
were rejected.

Only Six Conservatives
Sure in Saskatchewan

Liberals Certain of 48 Seats — Returns
From Three Incomplete—Hon. A. Tur-
geon, Former New Brunswicker, Has
1,000 Majority

Regina, Sask., June 27.—The Martin
government was endorsed by the elec-
torate of Saskatchewan yesterday. The
latest results by constituencies are—
Liberals elected—Arm River, George
A. Scott, 410 majority; Battleford, A.
D. Pickett, 18; Biggar, George H. Harris,
658; Bengough, T. E. Gamble, 480;
Cannington, J. D. Stewart, 800; Canora,
A. Hermanson, 850; Cutknife, William
Dodds, 96; Cypress, I. Stirling, 480;
Dundas, 96; Cypress, I. Stirling, 480;
George Bell, 700; Francis, W. G. Robin-
son, 800; Hanley, MacBeth Malcolm, by
acclamation; Happy Land, S. Morrey,
800 majority; Humboldt, Hon. A. Tur-
geon, 1,000; Jackfish Lake, D. M. Pin-
layson, 56; Kerr Robert, Albert Dowd,
814; Kindersley, Hon. W. R. Mother-
well, 154; Kinisto, J. R. Taylor, 500;
Last Mountain, S. J. Latta, 800; Lloyd-
minster, R. J. Gordon, 119; Lumsden, W.
C. Vanste, 178; Melfort, G. B. Johnston,
187; Milestone, B. Larson, 200; Moose-
jaw county, Hon. C. A. Dunning, 1,250;
Moose Mountain, E. A. Magee, 188;
Moose, Rev. M. L. Leitch, 874; North
Qu'Appelle, J. G. Gardiner, 200; Pelly,
R. M. Landland, 555; Pheasant Hills, J.
A. Smith, 1,270; Pipstone, R. J. Phin,
50; Prince Albert, Charles McDonald,
985; Red Berry, Hon. George Langley,
780; Regina City, Hon. W. Martin, 884;
Rosethorn, W. B. Bushford, 1,200; Sal-
coats, Hon. J. A. Calder, 1,522; Saska-
toon county, Murdo Cameron, 250;
Shellbrook, D. S. Clinch, 480; Swift
Current, D. J. Sykes, acclamation; This-
dale, H. E. Jones, 50 majority; Touch-
wood, J. M. Parker, 500; Turtleford, A.
B. Gemmill, 200; Vonda, James Hogan,
670; Wadena, J. A. McMillan, 219;
Wilkie, Reuben Martin, 700; Weyburn,
Hon. R. Mitchell, 765; Willow Bunch,
A. J. Hindle, 1,000; Wynyard, W. H.
Paulson, 800; Yorkton, T. H. Garry,
1,200.

Conservatives elected—Moosejaw
City, W. E. Willoughby, 261 majority;
Moosemin, John Salsfeld, 240;
W. T. Badger, 185; Saskatoon city, Donald
MacLean, 688; South Qu'Appelle,
Jos. Glenn, 814; Souris, W. O. Fraser,
100.

Incomplete—Liberals leading—Note-
ben, George Spence; Conservatives lead-
ing—Melfort, D. J. Whyte; Thund-
er Creek, A. D. Gallagher.

AMERICAN SHIP
IS SUNK BY BOMB

The Galena Lost but Crew Saved
—Two Norwegians Sent Down
—Only Six Saved From One

London, June 27.—The American sail-
ing ship Galena, 991 tons, was sunk by
a bomb on June 25. There were no
casualties.

London, June 27.—A Central News
despatch from Copenhagen says the
Norwegian steamship Kong Haakon has
been sunk by a German submarine and
that only six of the crew were saved. The
Norwegian steamship Maggie, 1,138
tons gross, has been sunk in the At-
lantic. The crew was saved.

There are two Norwegian ships Kong
Haakon, of 2,281 and 847 tons gross.
MORE TRAFFIC LAW CASES
Several citizens were before the court
this morning for by-law violations. They
were mostly motorists.

J. L. McJunkin, operating car No.
6015 on June 20, was reported by Police-
man Hogg for speeding in Main
street. The policeman said the car was
traveling at twenty-five to thirty miles
an hour. The policeman said that one
night recently a woman started to leave
a street car at the head of Long Wharf
and was kept in the street until about
five cars passed. If she had stepped
off, he said, "she would have been
ruled under autos."

The defendant said he was not going
at the rate the policeman said. The
court struck a fine of \$10.
The magistrate referred again to care-
less speeding by chauffeurs and said
that two years in the penitentiary was
one of the penalties in case of a fatality.
H. C. Green pleaded guilty to driving
with the right wheel of his car to the
curb in going from Union street into
Waterloo.

Gordon Colwell was reported for
speeding in Main street. Policeman
Hogg said the car was going about
twenty-five miles an hour. Mr. Colwell
said he did not realize he was going
that fast.

Frederick Haasen was reported for al-
lowing his car to stand in the Marsh
Road for an hour. Policeman Hopkins
made the report. A fine of \$10 was
struck.

T. E. Robinson, charged with speed-
ing his car in Main street on last Tues-
day, pleaded not guilty. Policeman
Hogg said the car was going between
twenty-five and thirty miles an hour.
Mr. Robinson said he was driving cars
for five years, never had an accident and
was never reported before. He had a
speedometer and was careful in watch-
ing it. He could never remember of
once going at twenty-five or thirty miles
an hour. He swore he was not going at
the rate reported.

The magistrate said that the police
had certain plans measured and they
were almost always sure. A fine of \$10
was imposed.

BRITISH CONSUL-GENERAL
IN MEXICO RECALLED
TO TAKE ANOTHER POST
Mexico City, June 27.—Graham Rich-
ards, British consul general, former
private secretary of Lord Northcliffe,
has been ordered to England by the Brit-
ish foreign office to take immediate
charge of another post.

JAPANESE STATESMEN
MUCH PLEASED WITH
UNITED STATES COURSE
Tokyo, June 27.—Viscount Ichiro Mo-
tono, foreign minister, in an address to
the Diet yesterday, expressed the con-
viction that the entrance of the United
States in the war with unshakable de-
termination to defeat Germany by em-
ploying all her force would greatly con-
tribute to the realization of the goal
sought by all Entente Allies. He re-
joiced that Japan and the United States
are now closely collaborating against
common enemies.

Brides of June

Kinsella-Smyth
St. Peter's church was the scene of a
very pretty wedding at 5 o'clock this
morning when Rev. F. Coghlan, C. S. S.
E., who was celebrant at nuptial mass,
united in marriage Miss Mary Louisa
Smyth, daughter of Mrs. Catherine and
the late Bernard Smyth, and Michael
Henry Kinsella, son of Mr. and Mrs.
Augustine Kinsella.

The bride, who was given away by
her brother-in-law, Louis Bowes, wore
a very becoming traveling suit of navy
blue with white ermine trim and car-
ried a bouquet of roses and carnations.
She was attended by her sister, Miss
Regina Smyth, who wore a very pretty
dress of Alice blue trimmed over silk,
with sand colored hat and carried a
bouquet of carnations. Joseph Kin-
sella, brother of the groom acted as
best man.

Following the ceremony, the bridal
party, which consisted of only im-
mediate relatives, drove to the home of
the bride's mother in Adelaide street
where a dainty wedding breakfast was
served. Mr. and Mrs. Kinsella left by
train for a honeymoon trip through
the province. Returning they will re-
side at 46 Adelaide street. They were
the recipients of a large number of
presents in silver, cut glass and furni-
ture.

Sharpe-Dave
A wedding of much interest took
place this afternoon in St. Peter's
church, when Rev. Wm. P. Howland, M.
Nicols officiating, when Annie G.
Barnwell, only daughter of Mr. and
Mrs. Edgar Dave, Dayne's Corner, be-
came the bride of Norman Wesley
Sharpe of St. John.

The bride, becomingly attired in a
dress of white voile with veil and or-
ange blossoms, carrying a bouquet of
pink carnations and maiden hair fern,
entered the church with her father,
the strains of the wedding march. Dur-
ing the ceremony Wm. P. Howland, M.
choir from the Wiggins Orphanage ten-
dered appropriate music. The church
had been prettily decorated by the
bride's friends with ferns and apple
blossoms. Charles Parker and Edwin
Pinley acted as ushers.

After the ceremony, the bridal party
drove to the home of the bride's aunt,
Mrs. Westfield Dave, where a dainty
luncheon was served, after which they
left by auto for a trip through New
Brunswick amid showers of rice, confetti
and good wishes from their friends.
The bride's going away gown was
of navy blue, with black picture
collar.

The number of handsome and useful
presents received, including cut glass,
silver and linen and a substantial
check from the bride's father, testified
to the esteem which both were held.
Upon their return they will reside in
St. John.

Rouse-McGowan
The Cathedral of the Immaculate
Conception was the scene of an interest-
ing event this morning at half past five
o'clock when, with nuptial mass cele-
brated by Rev. Miles P. Howland, Miss
Mary Angela McGowan, daughter of
the late Dennis and Honor McGowan,
became the bride of Henry H. Rouse
of this city. The bride, who was given
away by her brother, Charles H. Mc-
Gowan, was neatly attired in a suit
of lawn broadcloth with leghorn hat
and carried a bouquet of Killarney
roses. She was unattended. Following
the ceremony a wedding breakfast was
served at the home of D. H. Rouse, 18
Mackenzie street. A short honeymoon
trip will be spent in the Annapolis Valley
and other points of interest in Nova
Scotia. Upon their return Mr. and
Mrs. Rouse will reside at 81 Mecklen-
burg street. A large and beautiful ar-
ray of presents was received.

Bonner-Dunn
In the Cathedral this morning at seven
o'clock with nuptial mass celebrated
by Rev. William M. Duke, Miss Mar-
garet Annie Dunn, daughter of Mrs.
Margaret and the late Bernard Dunn,
was united in marriage to Charles Leo
Bonner of this city, in the presence of
near relatives and intimate friends of
(Continued on page 2, sixth column.)

LOCAL NEWS

Miss J. M. Fox, of 147 Queen street, led an interesting pianoforte recital at evening. Parents and friends of a pupils were present.

In a drawing for a lace collar doled to the Volunteer Aid Department St. John by a St. John lady, ticket a. 9, held by Mrs. A. C. Skelton won.

Geo. H. Kimball, of the Standard Press room may lose two fingers of right hand because of injury last night when they were caught in machinery.

The case against F. E. Williams was smised yesterday afternoon as it was own that he did not own automobiles gainst which violations of the traffic w had been charged.

At a meeting of the Rothesay Red Cross Society held yesterday afternoon in Paul's Sunday school, the tea was charge of Mrs. William Davidson and rs. Donville, and the "shop" was vesided over by Mrs. William Allison.

LOCAL NEWS

A sweater was drawn for and Mrs. Calhoun held the lucky ticket. It was decided to hold a "tag day" soon. Mrs. F. W. Daniel, Miss H. Allison and Miss Alice Davidson were appointed a committee in charge of it.

At a congregational farewell to Rev. Dr. Flanders, Mrs. Flanders and family in London, Ont., a purse of \$800 was presented to Rev. Dr. Flanders and a bouquet of roses to Mrs. Flanders.

William Lenihan was admitted to the General Public Hospital yesterday afternoon suffering from injuries received at the rock quarry at Brookville. His leg was broken between the knee and ankle.

Commissioner Fisher has announced that the band concerts on the King Square stand will commence tomorrow evening, and will be continued every Monday and Thursday nights. There will be no concert next Monday night, but the City Cornet band will play during the afternoon in honor of the semi-centennial of confederation.

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USE THE WANT AD WAY

LOCAL NEWS

Next shirtwaist dance Thursday, 28th. 6-28.

M. R. A. advertisement, page 5. T.F. Soap, eyes. Wassons, Main street. 6-31.

FINE WEED END OUTING. Steamer Champlain will leave St. John on Saturday at two o'clock. Returning will leave Upper Jernseg on July 2 at 12 noon, due in St. John at 6.80.

GERMAN FREIGHTER RESCUED FROM SAND

After Ten Years on Guatemalan Coast She is Floated by Salvage Company

For Service of the Allies—Cost \$1,000,000, Sold for \$55,000, and Sent to Sea Against Expense of \$250,000

Another chapter in the remarkable history of the steel freighter Sesostri, formerly one of the largest units of the German mercantile fleet, for ten years stranded in the sands of the Guatemalan coast, and now rescued and about to be put back into service by the British Columbia Salvage Company, has begun with the temporary American registration of the vessel under the new name of the "Francis L. Skinner." She is now on her way north to the home of her new owners in Victoria, B. C., and is soon to add one to the list of new freighters needed in the service of the Allies.

SEMI-READY SALE STARTS TOMORROW

"PRICE IN THE POCKET" LABEL COMPELS STRAIGHT BAR-GAINS

Company Claims to Have Fought the Higher Cost of Living by Selling Clothes Without Any Profit Since the War Year.

"We are not going to wait until the dull days of July for our sale," said the manager of the Semi-ready store. "Our summer sale starts right away, three days before Dominion day, our patrons holding no special discounts will be given on every garment in the store, with extra special prices on summer suits which we do not intend to carry over at any cost.

"These garments will all be sold at prices cheaper than before the war. The price label in the pocket means much to the buyer. It is the standard of real value, and cannot be changed like one could change pen or pencil marks. Then when one sells at a reduction of 85 or more on a Semi-ready suit, there is the certainty that there is an actual saving, and not an imaginary marked-up price.

"The manufacturer of price-marked goods has a standard to live up to. Ascending costs of material and labor force him to economy and efficiency methods which the open price man does not have to meet.

"Since the war British wool has advanced over 200 per cent., yet the ready Company have been holding prices down so close that they have operated without profit.

"We feel that we have done our share in fighting the higher cost of living. At our summer sale, which will last for a fortnight, starting from Thursday morning, we will have some "Loneley" bargains as low as \$10, and all suits will be offered subject to at least 20 per cent. discount."

Molasses Schooner Gone. There is nothing left of the four-masted schooner Edgar E. Murdoch, which was wrecked on the Orford Proprietor Ledges off Grand Manan, but a few broken timbers. The vessel, after going ashore, was carried off again and picked up by the tug "Light," a company to a point off Ingalls' Island and hopes were held out that the hull and at least part of the cargo might be saved. A message from Grand Manan last night proved these hopes groundless. The vessel was on its way from Barbados to St. John, loaded with molasses consigned to J. T. Knight & Company. It was valued at \$100,000 and the cargo at \$200,000.

BY AUTHORITY PROCLAMATION JOSIAH WOOD. His Honor the Lieutenant Governor directs the publication of the following for general information: Whereas, the 1st of July is the semi-centennial of the confederation of the Canadian provinces; And, whereas, a joint committee of Senate and House of Commons was appointed to consider and report on the proper celebration of the occasion; And, whereas, the said committee have recommended that, "As the day falls on Sunday, it seems to be particularly fitting that the churches and the Sabbath schools of all denominations should incorporate into their exercises the recognition of the facts and lessons embodied in our national birth and fifty years of progress, and have requested that all clergyman and Sabbath school superintendents give to the celebration their hearty and intelligent co-operation"; And, whereas, Monday the 2nd day of July, has been fixed by proclamation for the celebration of Dominion Day, and the committee have recommended that the celebration on that day be as elaborate as possible, without expense and elaborate display, as befits war time, and carried out on the broadest social and democratic lines, a plain sincere people's celebration, a tribute to the founders of our Dominion and the institutions and ideals of our common country"; And, whereas, the most earnestly request that the cities and municipalities of the province, clubs and patriotic associations, co-operate with the citizens generally in commemorating the day and the occasion, along the lines suggested in the report.

PAINLESS EXTRACTION!

Only 25c

We make the best teeth in Canada at the most reasonable rates.

BOSTON DENTAL PARLORS Head Office: Branch Office: 527 Main St. 35 Charlotte St. Phone 683. Phone 38.

DR. J. D. MAHER, Prop. Open 9 a. m. Until 9 p. m.

Kirkpatrick & Gowan Cash Specials

22 King Square (Next Imperial Theatre) PHONE M. 3158

12 lbs. Sugar, with order, Only \$1.00 Starch, 10c lb., 3 for 27c 1 lb. can Colman's Baking Powder, 23c

Porridge Wheat, 22c Fresh Ground Coffee, 35c lb. Peaches, per can, 17c, 20c, 25c. Choice Corn, 1/2 lb., 3 lbs. for 25c. 2 cans Blueberries, 25c. 2 cans B. C. Salmon, 25c. Large jar Crabapple Jelly, 24c. Seeded Raisins, 14c, pkgs. 4 lbs. Rice, 28c. Sardines, 6c a can. Bulk Tea, 40c lb. Pink Salmon, 15c a can. 2 jars of Jam, 25c. Pickles, 15c and 25c a bottle. 50c Lipton's Tea, 45c. 2 cans String Beans, 25c.

West Side Delivery Tuesdays and Fridays. Store Open Friday and Saturday Evenings.

SHIPPING

ALMANAC FOR ST JOHN, JUNE 27 A.M. P.M. High Tide... 5.57 Low Tide... 10.88 Sun Rises... 4.48 Sun Sets... 8.11 Time used is Atlantic standard.

PORT OF ST. JOHN. Arrived. Schr Happy Home, Wadlin, Bliss Harbor. Schr Claud B Daley, Small, Lepreau. Stmr Grandville, Annapolis Royal. Cleared. Schr Ethel McLeod, Brewster, Joggin Mines. Schr Alice Longmire, Longmire, for Annapolis Royal. Schr Ida M, Glennie, for Grand Manan. Steamship Grand Manan, Ingersoll, for Wilson's Beach.

MARINE NOTES. Scammell Brothers, New York, report charters as follows:

City of Saint John NOTICE TO BIDDERS

The Commissioner of Water and Sewerage invites proposals for excavating and refilling water pipe trenches in Prince William street, Princess street to Reed's Lane in Drury Lane and North street; in Long Wharf; and in Pine Point Alley.

Form of proposal may be obtained at room No. 5 City Hall. Each proposal must be enclosed in a sealed envelope, and left at the office of the Common Clerk, addressed to him, No. 5, City Hall, before 12 a.m. of Thursday, June 28th inst., with a certified check for two hundred dollars (\$200.00).

Proposals will be compared upon the following estimate of work to be done: Item 1—Excavating and refilling 2,630 linear feet water pipe trench. Item 2—Ten cubic yards rock excavation. Item 3—Twenty cubic yards earth excavation below grade. Item 4—Five cubic yards rock excavation below grade.

The right to reject any and all bids is expressly reserved. RUPERT W. WIGMORE, Commissioner Water and Sewerage. ADAM MACINTYRE, Comptroller. 6-28.

FLOUR

You get best quality and save money by buying at Yexxa's. Blue Banner, Best Manitoba, \$13.75 bbl. Royal Household, \$13.75 bbl. Ivory, Manitoba, \$13.50 bbl. Royal Household - 98 lb. bags, \$6.75 Quaker - 98 lb. bags, \$6.75 Ivory - 98 lb. bags, \$6.25 Royal Household - 24 lb. bags, \$1.75 Quaker - 24 lb. bags, \$1.75 Purity - 24 lb. bags, \$1.65 Victor - 24 lb. bags, \$1.65 4 pgs. Jelly Powder, 22c. 3 bottles Lemon or Vanilla, 25c. 2 bottles Tomato Catsup, 25c. 2 bottles Worcestershire Sauce, 25c. 4 lbs. Best Onions, 24c. 3 cans Baker's Cocoa, 25c. Jersey Cream Baking Powder, 22c. Choice Dairy Butter, 35c lb. Strictly Fresh Eggs, 35c. doz. 2 cans Good Salmon, 25c. Chase & Sanborn's Coffee, 35c lb. 3 cans Two in 1 Polish, 25c.

Yexxa Grocery Co.

443 MAIN ST. Phone Main 2913

Straw Hat Cleaner 10 Cents

Each 10 Cent Package cleans 2 Hats

WASSONS MAIN STREET

"Why Our Milk Macaroni is so Delicious"

The first thing you notice about this New Milk Macaroni, is its rich flavor. It is so different from the ordinary imported Macaroni. Because—Catelli's is made only from the famous Semolina flour and milk—CATELLI'S Milk Macaroni has a richness, a smoothness, a bright clear yellow color, entirely different from the dull insipid unwinning imported kinds. Catelli's Milk Macaroni is so rich in gluten that it never breaks up in boiling, but retains its form and consistency perfectly. Ask your Grocer. This accounts for its wonderful food value—its flesh and strength building properties. Eat more Macaroni—Our book tells how to prepare it in more than a hundred different styles. Write for a copy—sent free.

THE C. H. CATELLI CO., LIMITED, MONTREAL.

MADE IN CANADA 10¢ EVERYWHERE

Schr Susan N Pickering, 310 tons, Bridgewater (N S) to New York, lumber, p. t. Schr Rebecca R Douglass, 309 tons, Windsor (N S) to Newburgh, plaster, p. t. Schr John A Beckerman, 376 tons, Sherbrooke to New York, lumber, p. t. Schr A. F. Davison, 503 tons, Halifax to New York, lumber, p. t.

MILITARY REPRISALS ONLY. London, June 26.—No intention of yielding to the widespread demands for reprisals on German towns for the German air raids on England was shown in a debate on the subject today in the house of lords. The question having been raised by Lord Strachey, Lord Sydenham, former chairman of the air board, deprecated the policy of reprisals.

Separate Trousers

This branch of our business is a very important one and will admit of considerable advertising. Our stock is complete. It lacks nothing—from the strong and durable workmen's pants, along the line up to the high art productions of the most skilled pant makers in the country.

How Are You Fixed for Extra Trousers? Prices \$1.85 to \$5.00 Pair

H. N. DeMILLE

199 to 201 Union Street Opera House Block

IF MEN DID THE COOKING

there would be a Hoosier Kitchen Cabinet in many homes where women still slave long hours preparing meals that could be got in half the time. What man in the office would be content without his desk, or in the shop without his tool-chest?

YOU NEED A HOOSIER CABINET

Hoosier transforms arduous kitchen work into delightful occupation. It is ending incessant walking back and forth to collect tensils and supplies and to put them away, and will also enable you to do your work in two-thirds less time than without one.

TOMORROW'S SALES MAY TAKE EVERY CABINET WE HAVE

n our floors. If you don't want to wait for yours, be sure and one in tomorrow. Every housewife should have a Hoosier. Over ne million women are using a Hoosier every day. Every husband should see that they get a Hoosier tomorrow.

THE HOOSIER CLUB PLAN IS: 1.—\$1.00 down will put the Hoosier in your kitchen. 2.—\$1.00 weekly quickly pays for it. 3.—The low cash price fixed by the factory prevails absolutely. 4.—No interest or extra fees. 5.—No collectors going to our door.

Hoosier Kitchen Cabinets

Are Made in Solid Oak and Will Last a Lifetime. Come in and see the Famous White Beauty

AMLAND BROS. LIMITED

19 Waterloo Street

METHODIST CHANGES

The shifting of Methodist clergymen instructed by conference will become effective after next Sunday. The constitution of conferences provides that pastors will be responsible two Sundays after conference. There are five clergyman leaving St. John: Rev. W. H. Barclough, of Centenary, exchanges pulpits with Rev. H. A. Gowdin, of Central church, Moncton. He is expected in the city on July 5. Rev. W. G. Lane and Rev. H. S. Crisp are retiring. Rev. Gilbert Earle is taking a year's leave and will go to the West Indies, and Rev. Thomas Hicks is going to St. Andrews

ROBERT MURRAY

Provincial Secretary-Treasurer. To Teachers and School Officers: In accordance with the proclamation of His Honor the Lieutenant Governor, teachers and school officers are requested at the school closings for the present term, to have special reference made, in as far as practicable, to the fifth Anniversary of Confederation and the historic incidents connected therewith. W. S. CARTER, Chief Superintendent of Education. Education Office, June 26, 1917. 6-39

INFANTS-DELIGHT TOILET SOAP

AFTER YOUR SWIM the luxury of a wash with INFANTS-DELIGHT is most enjoyable. Take along a supply when you leave for your summer vacation. The pure, white tablet appeals to particular people. It lathers freely, cleanses thoroughly, and its perfume is delightfully fragrant and refreshing. Sold everywhere in dainty cartons.

SHORTENING

We have on hand an extra large stock in all sizes, bought before the advance in price. For One Week Only We Will Sell

Flake White, Easifirst and Domestic Shortening

20 lb. pails At \$4.25 10 lb. tins At \$2.25 5 lb. tins At \$1.20 3 lb. tins At 72c.

4 pgs. Jelly Powder, 25c. Royal Baking Powder, 1-4s., 13c.; 1-2s., 23c.; 1s., 45c. 2 bottles Lemon or Vanilla, 25c. Jersey Cream Baking Powder, 23c. 2 bottles Worcestershire Sauce, 25c. Choice Dairy Butter, 40c. 4 lbs. Best Onions, 25c. Strictly Fresh Eggs, 35c. 4 tins Lowrey's Cocoa, 25c. A few pounds of Lipton's Tea at the old price, 40c. 2 tins Baker's Cocoa, 25c.

E. R. & H. C. Robertson

Phone 2977. COR. MAIN and DOUGLAS AVE.

SPECIALS AT LILLEY & CO.

Sliced Ham (mild cured) 32c lb. Beef Steak From 25c lb. Veal Chops 20c lb. Bologna Sausage 14c lb. Fresh Sausage (made daily), 15c lb. Corned Beef 18c lb. New Bermuda Onions, 3 lbs. for 20c. Ripe Tomatoes 18c lb. Cabbage, Cukes, Rhubarb, Strawberries, etc.

FLOUR

We guarantee every barrel of Five Shamrocks or Chariot, Highest-grade Manitoba Flour. Only \$13.50 Barrel. With every purchase of one or more pounds Pearl's Blend Tea, 13 lbs. Granulated Sugar, \$1.00. 1 lb. Shredded Coconut, 25c. Large tin Yellow Peaches Only 25c. 3 tin Bartlett Pears, Only 27c. Large tin Hawaiian Pineapple, Only 22c. 4 lbs. No. 1 Bermuda Onions, 25c. 4 lbs. Rice, 18c lb. 4 tins Black Knight Stove Polish, 25c. 3 tins Two in 1 Polish, 25c. 5 cakes Fairy Soap, 25c. 5 cakes Castle Soap, 25c. 6 cakes Laundry Soap, 25c. Just received large assortment of Olives. From 10c bottle up.

LILLEY & CO.

695 Main St. Phone Main 2745. Store Open Every Evening Till 10 o'clock—Saturdays 11.30

THE 2 BARKERS LIMITED

100 Princess - 111 Brunswick

The Evening Times and Star

ST. JOHN, N. B., JUNE 27, 1917.

The St. John Evening Times is printed at 27 and 29 Canterbury Street every evening (Sundays excepted) by the St. John Times Printing and Publishing Co. Ltd., a company incorporated under the Joint Stock Companies Act.

THE WAR OUTLOOK

The optimistic citizen who thinks we are making great headway in the war should keep his eye on the map. The truth is that the progress on the whole western front is depressingly slow; there is no progress at all on the Italian or Macedonian front, while on the Russian front the situation is most discouraging of all.

with our lives and fortunes the great faith to which we were born, and a new glory shall shine in the face of our people. The people of Canada are on the eve of the celebration of a half century of confederation. Are they inspired by the lofty ideals so eloquently set forth by the president of the United States? Have they put partisanship aside for the honor and the safety of the nation, and the salvation of democracy? Will they dedicate themselves to the unflinching prosecution of the war and cry "woe" to the man or group of men who play the game of politics or seek to fatten themselves upon the agony of the nations?

DR. MICHAEL CLARK

Let it not be assumed that Dr. Michael Clark is content with the mere conscription of men. He believes in that, but in much more than that. The press summary of his speech yesterday says: "You can't fight this war on the principle of limited ability," Dr. Clark declared, urging increased taxation of wealth for war purposes.

We must indeed be thankful for small mercies, and stiffen our backs for a heavy burden, to be borne yet a long time. The Hun is not beaten. He is fighting hard, and holding ground with a grim tenacity which affords no hope of an early end of the war.

Accepting this situation and looking to the future, we are able to reckon on the tremendous power the United States will be able to throw into the balance next year, by which time also the Russians may have settled their differences and prepared for a great drive from the east. By that time, also, Greece should be in the war with her full strength, ensuring the Allied armies on the Macedonian front that they need have no fear of trouble from that quarter.

By next year, also, the superiority of the Allies in air-fighting should be so great to be a potent factor in deciding the issue. The United States has undertaken to supply an immense number of airplanes, and has the money and the men to turn them out with great rapidity. Add this output to that of Britain and France, and the Allies next year should have a ten to one superiority, and the ability to send great squadrons of air-craft over enemy territory, doing enormous damage.

In the meantime, however, the struggle drags along, the casualty lists lengthen, the war-debt is piled up, and the ships go down. And in Canada the people go about as if there were no war threatening the very liberty and luxury they so freely enjoy. Where are the leaders of the people?

A FLAG-DAY MESSAGE

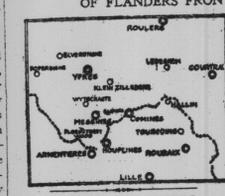
The Canadian people may well take to themselves in this hour the noble words of President Wilson, on flag-day in Washington:

"The great fact that stands out above all the rest is that this is a people's war, a war for freedom and justice and self-government among all the nations of the world, a war to make the world safe for the peoples who live upon it and have made it their own, the German people themselves included; and that with us rests the choice to break through all these hypocrisies and patent cheats and masks of brute force and help set the world free, or else stand aside and let it be dominated a long age through by sheer weight of arms and the arbitrary choice of self-constituted masters, by the nation which can maintain the biggest armies—a power to which the world has afforded no parallel and in the face of which political freedom must wither and perish. For us there is but one choice. We have made it. We be to the man or group of men that seeks to stand in our way in this day of high resolution when every principle we hold dearest is to be vindicated and made secure for the salvation of the nations. We are ready to plead at the bar of history, and our flag shall wear a new lustre. Once more we shall make good

Child Irritable From Itching Rash On Face Healed By Cuticura

"The trouble began with a small rash on my little boy's face and itched a great deal. It was inflamed and red and he was very irritable. The breaking out disfigured his face for the time being. He scratched the sore eruptions until they would bleed, especially at night. I used place, but it did not heal him. I sent for a sample of Cuticura Soap and Ointment and then thought more, and the trouble disappeared." (Signed) Mrs. J. S. Bell, Hope River, P. E. I., Feb. 18, 1916.

A THUMB-NAIL SKETCH MAP OF FLANDERS FRONT



IN FLANDERS FIELDS.

In Flanders fields the poppies grow. Between the crosses, row on row, That mark our lonely graves and tell of the times that were so long ago, Between the runs and trenches, poppies blow Between the rows, where the bullets fell, Between the salient positions, where our bravest are, and our truest lie, In Flanders fields.

Take-up our quarrel with the foe, To you from falling hands we throw The torch; be yours to hold it high, If ye break faith with us who die, We shall not sleep, though poppies blow In Flanders fields.

These wonderfully eloquent lines were quoted by Hugh Guthrie in his powerful address in parliament last week, favoring the compulsory bill. They were written by Dr. John MacCrae, a school boy, a chum of Mr. Guthrie—a hero who went through the Boer War, and who now has the rank of lieutenant-colonel overseas.

LIGHTER VEIN

"Other Dear Charmer" "Rastus and Judge Herbert had been friendly since boyhood, and when the negro came sheepishly into the judge's office the other day their greetings were extremely friendly.

"You have, eh? Well, hand another dollar over and it shall be done. We'll have to make out a new license, you know."

"Rastus drew a long face. 'Can't you just scratch de name of Rosie, Judge, and put Lily down instead?'"

After receipt of this letter the department advised the Halifax importers that they would be able to earn at least rates paid last year.

On March 5, in which it was again pointed out that the transporters were coming here from the Mediterranean and discharging ballast in the Bedford Basin, which ballast they had to purchase in Mediterranean ports and which caused a delay of ten or fifteen days in loading and discharging it. The letter suggested that if these transporters went straight to a salt port, without losing any time, and brought out only sufficient salt for ballast they would earn from ten to twelve thousand dollars per steamer at a low rate of freight.

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PYREX Transparent OVEN-WARE

Makes baking easy—saves fuel and time in the kitchen food is served from the same dish in which it is baked. Easy to keep clean, for nothing can adhere to the hard, grease-proof and odor-proof surface of this durable baking ware.

PYREX is made in shapes and sizes for every practical baking purpose.

T.M. CAVITY & SONS, LTD.

TENNIS GOODS

You will find it easy to pick out any Tennis supplies you may need from our stock of the leading makers. "Ayre's Rackets," "Pionard, Canadian Club, Wonder, "Wright and Ditson Rackets," Ward and Wright, Columbia, Sears and Paris

Emerson & Fisher Ltd.

SPECIALS FOR THIS WEEK

Our Regular 60c. Bulk Tea, Orange Pekoe, Oolong, English Breakfast, 48 cents.

CHEYNE & CO., 166 UNION STREET—Tel. M. 803

GOVERNMENT DID NOTHING

Appeals in Behalf of Nova Scotia Fishermen Ignored — The Salt Famine is Serious

The government of Canada has treated the danger of a fisheries salt famine in Nova Scotia in a manner that has been described in a recent telegram from the Halifax Board of Trade to Sir Robert Borden as "disgraceful," private importers of fish from the Mediterranean and coming from the Mediterranean to Halifax was from 5 to 10 shillings per ton, covering the extra time used in shipping ports with salt, in any case, the fishermen could not stand the higher cost and that it would be better for them to be without salt than to be asked to pay that terrific price.

Government Took No Action. About the middle of May an officer of the marine and fisheries department visited Halifax, was fully informed as to the importers' position, and so advised Ottawa. He was positively told that the importers here would not go above a certain rate of freight and that if the government could not secure tonnage for them at this rate of freight, then in the interests of the fishermen the government should arrange for a cargo of salt for their own use. As far as the importers know, the matter then dropped.

On June 20, it is understood, the Halifax Board of Trade through its president sent a telegram to Sir Robert Borden at Ottawa, telling him that the government's attitude in regard to the salt situation was "disgraceful." This, according to reliable authority, is a portion of the wording of the telegram. In the meantime the importers had been using every effort to get salt, and succeeded in securing a steamer at a most extraordinary rate of freight, subject to the Admiralty allowing her to bring the salt. This steamer should arrive here about July 20, when arrangements will be taken for the salt to be landed at Ottawa were advised that a steamer had been secured and their assistance was asked to help the importers secure another steamer to come out here late in August.

THE PLOT IN NORWAY

Christiana, Norway, June 25.—Discovery of the German plot to destroy Norwegian steamers by explosives, unearthed late last week, has appalled the whole nation. The newspapers demand publication of all the facts in the case and of the steps which are being taken to bring the matter to the attention of the German government.

In all, a ton of explosives have been discovered, concealed in artificial lumps of coal, which presumably were to be placed in ships' bunkers and in bombs fitted with the most ingenious mechanism.

It has developed that a trunk full of explosives was brought to Christiania in February by a courier of the German foreign office, whose official seal was on the trunk. The trunk was addressed to the German embassy here and according to international usage, it was admitted without examination.

CO-OPERATION TO RESTORE DEVASTATED REGIONS

Christians and Mohammedans, driven from homes in the eastern field of war to seek safety in the western field of war, are now being resettled in the west. The Christians are being resettled in Armenia and Syria. The Mohammedans are being resettled in Armenia and Syria.

The most common request, runs the despatch, is for help in food, then for seed, cattle and implements with which to work. I am able to be go-between and arrange matters between landowners and tenants. Christians and the Kurds to help the Christians in plowing for them. The Christians are to furnish a part of the labor and the crop is to be shared, we helping by

COAL

BEST QUALITY REASONABLE PRICES

R. P. & W. F. STARR, Limited Wholesale and Retail Dealers 40 SMYTHE ST. 189 UNION ST.

GOLWELL'S COAL "Is Good Coal"

All Kinds on Hand. "Phane West 17 J. FIRTH BRITAIN, Mgr.

COAL LANDING

Broad Cove, Old Mine Sydney, Pictou.

National Coal to Use Instead of Hard Coal.

Winter Port Coal.

Dry Round Sawn Soft Wood \$2.25 Per Load.

Special Blacksmith Coal.

J.S. Gibbon & Co., Ltd.

1 Union St. 6 1/2 Charlotte St. Telephone: Main 594, Main 2636 6-27.

Why Butternut Bread?

Just because the tempting golden crust and fluffy lightness, with a fascinating, delicate smack of crushed nuts, have won preference for Butternut Bread which is much more nourishing than many more costly foods. You'll favor Butternut Bread. Have some.

Grocers Sell It

June 9 the expenditure is shown to have averaged \$7,792,000 (about \$81,600,000). Regarding loans to the Allies, continue the statement, the government's still liable during the opening weeks of the current year to fulfill commitments undertaken before the entry of America into the war. The advantage of America's entrance, he explained, was not being felt.

MURDER IN NOVA SCOTIA

New Glasgow, N. S., June 26.—Pietro Marabito, an Italian, aged forty-three and residing at Evansville, was murdered on Monday night. The body was found lying beside an old roadway. The head was nearly severed from the body. Marabito was married, but had no family. He was employed by the Acadia Coal Co. as a miner.

He left his home at Evansville last night to get medicine for his wife. That is the last time she saw him alive. It is evident he never reached the town of Stellarton.

About six o'clock this morning two men found the body. It is evident the murderer had been committed elsewhere and the body afterwards carried there for there was practically no blood found near the body.

In the hand was a revolver, the fingers barely closed around the handle. That it may have been placed there by the murderer is possible.

U. S. ENTRY HELPS

London, June 26.—The total national expenditure for the nine weeks from Oct. 8 to Dec. 9 last was on a daily average of \$2,615,000 (about \$82,000,000), says a statement in detail prepared by Andrew Bonar Law, the chancellor of the exchequer, for the house of commons.

For the five weeks from April 1 to May 5, 1917, the statement shows the daily average of expenditure was \$7,971,000 (about \$88,600,000), while for the five weeks from May 6 to June 5 it was \$7,532,000 (about \$86,600,000).

For the ten weeks from April 1 to

A Minister's Evidence

That Piles, or Hemorrhoids, Can Be Quickly Cured—A Justice of the Peace Cured Many Years Ago.

Toronto, Ont., June 25.—There have come to us recently these two letters from prominent men who bear unquestionable testimony in regard to Dr. Chase's Ointment as a prompt and lasting cure for piles.

These men give their evidence freely because they know what it means to suffer from the tortures of piles and then be cured. They feel it a duty and a pleasure to let others know how they too may be cured.

Rev. Frank N. Bowes, Methodist Minister, Priceville (Ont.), writes: "In the winter of 1912 I was stationed in Cobalt. I went for a snowshoe tramp one day, and sat for only a few minutes, on a cold stump waiting for some comrades to catch up to me. From sitting on the damp stump I contracted piles, and suffered so severely that it caused me great pain to walk. A friend recommended Dr. Chase's Ointment, and I immediately purchased a small box which very rapidly effected a cure. I always keep a box on hand and find it excellent for any kind of wound or sore."

Mr. W. B. Thorne, J. P., Alderside, Alta., writes: "I was twenty-eight years ago that I became acquainted with the merits of Dr. Chase's Ointment and would not be without it on any account as it never fails to do its work. I was first cured of it by Dr. Chase's Ointment. I purchased a small box which very rapidly effected a cure. I always keep a box on hand and find it excellent for any kind of wound or sore."

Women who recover their health, I usually tell others what helped them. Some write and allow their names to be published with their testimonials. Many more tell their friends. If you need a medicine for women's ailments, try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Write Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) for a thing you need to know about your troubles.

Buffalo, N. Y.—"I am the mother of four children, and for nearly three years I suffered from female trouble. I had pains in my back and side and a general weakness. I had professional treatment most of the time but not seen to well. As a last resort I decided to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound which had been advertised in the newspaper and in two weeks noticed a marked improvement. I continued its use and now free from pain and able to do my household work. Mrs. B. E. ZIELINSKI, 224 Wolfe Ave., Buffalo, N. Y.

FIG SEN TAKE ONE AT NIGHT MAKES YOU FEEL RIGHT

Canadian Feather Mattress Co. Feather Beds Made to Order

FLOUR MADE IN ST. JOHN LaTour Flour

Hail Smiling morn ENO'S FRUIT SALT



The Season of Brides and Roses

These surely are busy days—days filled with shopping, planning and arranging.

Your Slippers should be one of the charms of your costume, and they surely will be if you allow us to help you select them.

There are Slippers which we ordered just for you and other happy brides—handsome in delicate shades of blue and pink and in plain white. There are dainty white street Pumps of leather and fabric, Sport Shoes and Oxfords.

Don't wait till the last minute. That's the proverbially busy time.

If you want colors to match your gown, bring in a sample of the material and see how perfectly it can be matched.

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Limited Quantity SLACK for Steam Use

Prompt Delivery Prices on Application

CONSUMERS' COAL

Frank Skinner

—Importer of Millinery—
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Desirable Millinery for Present Wear

Panamas
Leghorns
Children's Dress Hats
Georgette Crepes
in all New Light Shades.

THE BAPTIST MINISTERS

(Maritime Baptist)

Rev. H. M. Hoffman, who last year bore as a student-pastor at Midlo, N.B., and vicinity, has taken up the work on the new field at Perth created by the readjustment of the Andover and Arthurville fields. He will serve the churches at Perth, Rowena and Forest Glen, as well as other points where there is now no organized work.

Rev. H. D. Worden is already seeing the fruit of his labors on the Titusville field. On June 10, six were baptized at Salt Springs, and two others were received on experience. Two, also, have been received on experience at Smithville.

Rev. C. S. Young has accepted a call from the churches on the Millstream field, and will begin his work there on the second Sunday in July. His pastorate at Plaster Rock has been eminently successful.

Rev. Christopher Burnett, a one-time pastor of the Leinster street church, St. John, is now pastor of the Maranatha Baptist church of Detroit, and will soon complete the fifth year of his pastorate. Under his leadership the church has enjoyed great prosperity. It is now preparing to enter upon building operations. A parsonage and house of worship will be erected on a new site purchased.

We recently mentioned, in this column, the dedication of a new house of worship for the Montauk avenue Baptist church of New London, Conn., of which Rev. H. F. Adams is the energetic pastor. Pastor Adams expects to spend his vacation in these provinces. For the last two Sundays of July he will occupy the pulpit of the First church of Truro. He is a former pastor of that church. The first two Sundays in August will be spent in Fredricton.

Dr. Charles A. Eaton is one of the best-loved pastors in Greater New York. The Madison avenue church is devoted to him and loyal to his leadership. Long before President Wilson had reached the decision that neutrality was no longer possible, the Madison note in regard to the nation's duty. And the pastor's stand has been firmly possible. He is now in New York. He recently delivered a lecture before the Madison avenue church on "Experiences at the Front." Capt. Chute is a son of Professor A. C. Chute of Acadia.

Rev. W. C. Goucher recently enjoyed a two weeks' trip to New York. He was present at the Commencement exercises of Columbia University, when the degree of Doctor of Philosophy was conferred upon his son.

In the list of casualties published on

THOUSAND ZIONISTS MEET IN BALTIMORE

Appeal to Washington to Recognize Palestine's Autonomy

Insurgents Are Active—President Friedenwald in Address Warns Them They Must Work Within Organization

Baltimore, June 27.—The white and blue flag of Zion, with its Star of David floats over Baltimore's hotels and the gathering places of more than 1,000 Zionists, who are here from every state in the union for the twentieth annual convention of the Federation of American Zionists, which opened this afternoon at the Academy of Music, Palestine, which is the national headquarters, recognized as the home of the Jewish nation, is represented by several delegates.

Dr. Harry Friedenwald, president of the Federation, opened the convention. Mayor Preston welcomed the delegates and Dr. Stephen S. Wise, president of the American Jewish Congress, chairman of the provisional Zionist committee, sounded the keynote when he bade defiance to the opponents of Jewish nationalism and urged that Zionists be careful when selecting other leaders not to trust their cause in invidious hands. Big mass meetings were held tonight in the academy, the Maryland Theatre, and the auditorium.

Some of the notable delegates are: Justice Brandeis of the United States supreme court; Judge W. Mackay of the United States circuit court of Chicago; Louis Lipsky, editor of The Macabean and executive head of the Federation; Dr. Schmaria Levin, a member of the first Russian Duma; Dr. Ben Zion Mossinson, principal of the gymnasium of Jaffa, Russia; Abramovitz of Montreal; the Rev. Dr. Joseph Krasnoff of Philadelphia; and Alfred Schrier, president of the Middle Atlantic States Federation of Young Men's Jewish Associations.

One of the early steps to be taken by the convention will be an appeal to the government at Washington to recognize Palestine as an autonomous home for the Jewish nation. The government will be asked to recognize the Jewish nation as one of those oppressed smaller nationalities which must have an opportunity to assert themselves after the war. Furthermore, they wish the movement internationally by calling upon their organizations in the warring and few neutral countries to present similar demands to their respective governments.

There are in the convention two opposing elements, one of them connected with the men in office, and another lined up against them because the present methods of conducting the affairs of the Zionist Federation do not satisfy the insurgents.

The campaign committee for democratic Zionist policies has issued a statement in which it is stated that peace can be won only by giving due consideration to the demands of the varied interests of the organization.

"The leaders," says the statement, "give first place to policy and expediency, having only in mind the end to be accomplished. The members at large emphasize principles as paramount, and will not sacrifice the means to be employed for the end sought after. Because of this variance in point of view, policy and methods, the two groups do not properly represent Zionist sentiment and desires. Disturbances in the organization are, therefore, the natural consequence of the present methods of the organization truly representative and democratic, permit the fortification of representative Zionists in the direction of Zionist affairs, allow full expression of opinion, allow full freedom of action, (not prejudicial to efficiency), and the undercurrent of dissatisfaction and bitterness will disappear."

In the course of Dr. Wise's address he said: "Zionists will ask no favors from the American Jewish Congress, nor yet from any congress, Jewish or non-Jewish. The American Jewish Congress, however, it be constituted, and even if it were Zionist, who have been elected to its membership should withdraw therefrom, would still be a luminous proof of the potency of the Zionist ideal in transforming the soul of the Jewish people; and as for those who now threaten to withdraw or to desert themselves from the American Jewish Congress, let me remind those gentlemen that the American Jewish Congress is in the business of the Jewish people, and we will not suffer our national enterprise to become an international charity. Charity is for a broken, disabled, or otherwise unfortunate individual, not for a renaissance people spurs charity as the solution of its problem. It asks, and it will be satisfied with, nothing less than the complete and entire renaissance of the Jewish people, and it is to be accomplished by honorable and self-respecting people."

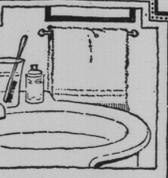
Simply advise your hair with water and rub it in. One or two teaspoonfuls will make an abundance of rich, creamy lather, and cleanses the hair and scalp thoroughly. The lather rinses out easily, and removes every particle of dust, dirt, dandruff and excessive oil. The hair dries quickly and evenly, and is left soft and silky, bright, fluffy and easy to manage.

You can get malodorous coconut oil at the drug store. It is very cheap, and a few ounces is enough to last every one in the family for months.

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Youthful, Beautiful Skin Easy to Have

Calox is a tooth powder and has a powerful cleansing power. In addition to this the oxygen in Calox destroys the germs of disease, whitens the teeth wonderfully and leaves the mouth cool and fresh.

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CALOX

THE OXYGEN TOOTH POWDER

MAKESON & ROBBINS, New York

Coconut Oil Fine For Washing Hair

If you want to keep your hair in good condition, the less soap you use the better.

Most soaps and prepared shampoos contain too much alkali. This dries the scalp, makes the hair brittle, and is very harmful. Just plain malodorous coconut oil (which is pure and entirely greaseless), is much better than soap or anything else you can use for shampooing. It can't possibly injure the hair.

Simply moisten your hair with water and rub it in. One or two teaspoonfuls will make an abundance of rich, creamy lather, and cleanses the hair and scalp thoroughly. The lather rinses out easily, and removes every particle of dust, dirt, dandruff and excessive oil. The hair dries quickly and evenly, and is left soft and silky, bright, fluffy and easy to manage.

You can get malodorous coconut oil at the drug store. It is very cheap, and a few ounces is enough to last every one in the family for months.

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All the New Colors and Most Attractive Shapes

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OUTING HATS
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We Are Making Our First Showing of The New Models in White and Light COLORED SUMMER FELT HATS

As You Plan the Dainty Frocks for the Holiday Trip, be Sure As You Plan the Dainty Frocks for the Holiday Trip, be Sure

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New Fabrics Just Arrived in Our Dress Goods Department

NEW PALM BEACH CLOTH—Dust-shedding, good wearing, and a splendid tub material, natural shades, 88 in. wide. 80c. yard

NEW OVERCHECK SHEPHERD CHECK MATERIALS—Black and white with Burgundy overcheck, black and white with tan overcheck, 56 in. wide. \$2.00 yard

NEW POLO CLOTH COATING—In cream ground with black overplaid, cream ground with grey overplaid, and in black stripes, 56 in. wide. \$2.50 yard

NEW SCOTCH TWEEDS—In Heather and salt and pepper effects, 56 in. wide. \$1.75, \$2.10 and \$2.25 yard

DRESS DEPT.—GROUND FLOOR

Manchester Robertson Allison, Limited

Roots' Mission To Petrograd

His Influence May Decide Momentous Issues

Greatest Diplomatic Task

His Duty to Assist in Bringing Order Out of Chaos For Benefit of Allied War Interests

It may be that F. Cullifly Owen, says the Toronto Mail and Empire, does not exaggerate when he says that Elihu Root, who has arrived at the Russian capital, will have the greatest task upon his hands ever entrusted to a diplomat or plenipotentiary. Fortunate it is that it is Elihu Root, said by Theodore Roosevelt to be the greatest man he ever met, and conceded generally to be one of the great characters and intellects of the day. When he left the United States he had fresh instructions. A cable sent by President Wilson since Root's departure was delayed for several weeks. It will be impossible to wait for weeks or even for days. The whole thing will be up to Elihu Root, and we look to him more expectantly than to any other allied statesman to straighten things out in Russia if they have any sense, for that they cannot be straightened out.

A Tremendous Task.

Fortunately Root is a man big enough for the job. He carries with him to Russia a great credit. He knows the peril of the present Russian situation. He knows that all his efforts must be directed to keeping Russia a member of the Entente and ensuring a vigorous prosecution of the war. Any other duties are subservient to this, and the weight of his character and the financial aid he holds will be applied to this single end. He will be for the first time in his life. Neither will he establish a precedent by showing timidity. He may be just the man for the task. One of his first difficulties will be to divest the Russian mind of the notion that President Wilson, speaking for the United States, intended to give Russia any annexations and without indemnities. This is a phrase which has become popular in Russia since the revolution. It has a German origin, but Russian Socialists and pacifists and pro-Germans are quoting with approval President Wilson's remarks to the same effect.

An Illusion to Be Dispelled.

It will be the duty of Elihu Root to point out to the Russian government that President Wilson's speech, in which these words occur, was meant to apply to the object of the United States in entering the war. He said that the United States was not fighting for the annexation of new territory, neither was it struggling in the hope of bringing an end to the war. The message received a few days ago by the Russian people makes this plain. This is the message whose delivery was delayed for several weeks. That it was only made public after Root arrived is significant. The Germans in Russia, or those favorable to the German cause were not all removed when Rasputin was assassinated and the Czarina made a prisoner.

Speaks for the Allies.

More vital than the duty of calling attention to what the United States wants in the war will be that perhaps of deciding which of the alternatives in the Russian situation the Entente Powers will adopt, for we may assume that Root will speak not only for the United States, but for the Entente. He may have to decide which faction will be recognized by the government he represents. He may have to conclude that the Russian situation the Entente Powers will adopt, for we may assume that Root will speak not only for the United States, but for the Entente. He may have to decide which faction will be recognized by the government he represents. He may have to conclude that the Russian situation the Entente Powers will adopt, for we may assume that Root will speak not only for the United States, but for the Entente. He may have to decide which faction will be recognized by the government he represents. 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THE EVENING TIMES AND STAR, ST. JOHN, N. B., WEDNESDAY, JUNE 27, 1917

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ROUMANIA REMINDS ONE OF CANADA



This photograph of fighting in the hill country of Rumania, shows it a great resemblance there is between the open country in Rumania and the hilly parts of Canada. This picture was taken in a wassace, an upland district with physical features very much like Canada's northland.

Painleve Man Behind Petain

Why Reorganization Means Strengthening of Army

Choice of Nivelle Due to His Readiness to Accept Dictation of Politicians—Petain Has Popular Confidence

The complete revolution in French high command has two aspects equally interesting—the political and the military.
The entire change may be traced to one man, the minister of war, Paul Painleve. Little known outside of France save as a celebrated mathematician, Painleve has become one of the great forces in French political life.
From the early weeks of the war Painleve has exercised a profound influence upon events. Some day, when the story is known of how the decision to defend Paris was forced upon the government by certain deputies in the face of the opposition of the general staff, it will be recognized that Painleve played a prominent part, and it may become evident that Painleve and Jules Guesde were the men who saved Paris from evacuation by the French and occupation by the Germans.
At the time of the great Verdun crisis Painleve was again a powerful factor in combatting the decision of Joffre to evacuate the Meuse fortress, as he had decided to evacuate Paris. In both instances the problem was viewed by the general staff solely from its military aspects. In both instances Painleve and those associated with him saw the moral effect and insisted upon the defence of the two cities.
Painleve retained a portfolio in the Briand ministry for a certain period of time, but he was never friendly to Briand.
One of the most important objects of Briand when he took office was to retire Joffre. All France felt that Joffre deserved well of his country; that his services had been beyond reward; but there was also a feeling, subsequently crystallized by the Verdun episode, that the burden upon the French commander-in-

chief had become too great and that he had performed his great task and should be relieved.

Why Petain Refused
The selection of a successor to Joffre presented a difficult problem. The politicians were in no mood to permit another man equally dear to their will and their wishes to replace Joffre. There was one man high above all others in achievement, and this was General Petain, who had defended Verdun and now commanded the group of armies of which that about Verdun was one. But Petain was known to have an immutable determination not to take the command unless it came to him in such a fashion as to leave his hands free.
There were other generals only less distinguished than Petain. Castelnau was now Joffre's second in command, but he was older than Joffre and shared his chief's unpopularity with the politicians.
There was also Foch, whom Joffre had called the greatest strategist in Europe. But Foch also shared Joffre's disfavour with the politicians, and there was a feeling that Foch, like Castelnau and like their great chief, had grown weary under the excessive strain of the war.
There remained General Nivelle, who had shown remarkable qualities as an artillery officer on the battlefield of the Ourcq, who had fought brilliantly in many other engagements and had risen to succeed Petain in command of the Verdun army when Petain was promoted to command the whole group of armies in the army that before the brilliant success of October, 1916, before Verdun, when he retook Douaumont and Vaux. Nivelle was willing to do what Petain refused to do. He was willing to make friends with the politicians, and it was noted with something less than enthusiasm in the army that before the decision was reached which made a new commander-in-chief, Nivelle journeyed to Paris to talk with the politicians, while Petain refused to leave his headquarters. There was a feeling in the army and among the people that Petain should have been named, and that only political influences prevented it.
When the Briand cabinet fell Nivelle's position became at once insecure, but it was patently clear that before the decision had had his chance to carry out those plans he had long been formulating for a general offensive. Meantime, nurses and that it was extraordinary how efficient they became within a short time. While describing some of the French and Italian government hospitals in the clared they were doing fine work. He had

men who, with Joffre, had fought the first two years of the war. Unmistakably the change that has now come in the decision of the Nivelle cabinet is due to the fact that Nivelle, having had his chance, has failed, and that the lack of decisive results in the recent offensive on the French side has compelled a complete revision—not merely of commanders, but of methods.
The return of Petain probably means the abandonment by the French of any general policy of attack. It probably means a return to the policy of Joffre, which was a policy of defending rather than of attacking, except in limited fields. The return of Foch, who now becomes chief of staff, reopens a career which in many respects has been the most brilliant on the allied side during the war. It is worth remarking that when the war opened Foch and Petain alike were colonels, serving as professors in military colleges.
The restoration of Petain should awaken no apprehension among the friends of France. It should be accepted as strengthening, rather than weakening, the French army. Nivelle was a brilliant experiment. Petain is a tried and proven policy. Foch, who stands with Petain, has been more successful than any other French general in the offensive. Petain is the greatest defensive general of the war on any side. No political influence can now drive the French army into an ill-considered offensive, and the man who now commands the French army does not owe his place to politicians, as his predecessor did, despite his great achievement and unmistakable ability.

HEAR OF NEW SURGERY AIDS

Makers of Supplies Discuss Trade Progress in War.
Harvey R. Pierce of Philadelphia, in an address at the second day's session of the convention of the American Medical Trade Association and Wholesale Surgical Trade Association held in New York, described new and interesting devices brought out by the European war. Mr. Pierce, who recently returned from Europe after a tour of some of the Entente Allies' hospitals, devoted most of his talk to ways in which splints and other fracture apparatus were utilized back of the firing lines and at base hospitals. He said he was surprised to find so many titled women in Italy acting as nurses and that it was extraordinary how efficient they became within a short time. While describing some of the French and Italian government hospitals in the clared they were doing fine work. He had

Unintended Praise for the British and American Hospitals.

At a session of the retailers, A. F. Brand of the Kny-Scheerer Company made a plea for the standardization of surgical supplies. E. Stratmann of New York, a native of Germany, appealed to all American citizens, irrespective of birth, to support the government loyally in the war.
The growth in imports of Japanese-made surgical instruments was discussed. It developed that the Japanese shut off from their former supplies from Germany at the outbreak of the war, started to manufacture instruments to meet their own requirements and later began to export heavily.
To Requisition Crops
Amsterdam, June 27.—The German federal council, according to a Berlin despatch, has decreed that during the coming harvest year not only bread grain but barley, oats, peas, beans, buckwheat and millet will be requisitioned in their entirety for control and distribution by the imperial grain bureau.

Sale Starts Today! Come Early! Here's a Wonderful Opportunity to Get a New "Made in Canada" WHITE Twenty-Five Cents is All You Need!

To Join Our "White" Progressive Sewing Machine Club
25c. Sends to Your Home One of the Newest Models of the Famous White Machines.
Only 50 Memberships—50 White Sewing Machines Will be Sold on This Club Plan.

WHY YOU SHOULD JOIN TODAY:
Store Open Evenings from 7 o'clock Until 10 o'clock.

Because no better machine can be had at any price.
Because the first cost is low.
Because the Club Payments are so easily made.
Because you cannot buy again with so little inconvenience to your pocket-book.

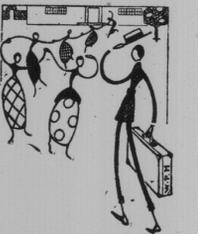
Special Prices Permitted by Manufacturers During This Sale Only
The Old Rule:
'First Come, First Served'
Will Hold Good During This Sale.
Choice of Any

"WHITE" On This Plan at Equally Low Prices
COME TODAY AND ENROLL

10c An added feature of the "WHITE" Progressive Club is the opportunity to save premium refunds. Make any final payments in advance and save TEN CENTS.

Table with columns: Payment Number, Amount. Shows a schedule of payments from 25c to \$1.60.

\$39.20
AMHERST PIANOS, LTD. - Market Square, St. John



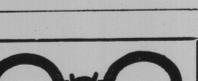
For the "week-end" and Dominion Day your wearables should be, besides your blue serge or grey suit, a pair of trousers of white serge or white with black stripe, and a sport coat. A Raincoat also to provide for uncertain weather conditions.

All here—also new lines of shirts, collars and ties—fresh from Fashion's headquarters.

A word to the wise is sufficient—make your selections as early as possible.

Gilmour's
68 King St.

Open Friday Evening; Close Saturdays 1 p.m., June July and August



EYEGLASS CONFIDENCE

If in doubt as to whom to trust with your eyeglass problems, a call to our store will point the way. Your first transaction with us will result in obtaining your eyeglass confidence.
K. W. Epstoin & Co.
OPTOMETRISTS
Open Evenings. 193 UNION ST.
Phone Main 3554

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THE EVENING TIMES AND STAR, ST. JOHN, N. B., WEDNESDAY, JUNE 27, 1917

both Sides Are Heard In Debate

A. K. MacLean of Halifax Is Conciliatory

Dr. Clark Urges Action

O. Turgeon of Gloucester Supports Referendum and Suggests Better Treatment For Soldiers

Ottawa, June 26.—With words, moderate in tone and gripping in their sincerity, A. K. MacLean, Liberal member for Halifax, tonight staidly a parliament which, being the earlier part of the day threatened to forget the gravity of the issue confronting it and besprinkle its patriotism with the corrosive acid of partisanship.

The party system of politics had been dubbed the "madness of the many for the benefit of the few."

Mr. MacLean, "it is only when the party self differing from the majority of his party associates that he realizes the strong ties and the warm affections which bind members holding the same party faith together."

The Halifax member paid feeling tribute to Sir Wilfrid Laurier and his singleness of purpose and his intense patriotism.

Leader's Action Voluntary.

"The announcement of the Liberal leader asking his followers to act upon their own convictions was neither sought nor asked for," said Mr. MacLean.

Mr. MacLean added that he understood and appreciated that repugnance to conscription was not confined to one province and counselled parliament to give leadership to the country.

Mr. MacLean declared that it was an untenable doctrine to say that Canada must wait until the foe was within her borders before defending herself.

He referred to a fellow countryman and a man today was languishing in a German military prison. He was arrested in a country where he had a right to be, and by a nation which had no right to be there—by a burglar and criminal nation—no doubt the flag that floated over Canada whispered to him of the restoration of his own land and if God spared his life Mr. MacLean had no doubt that his hope would be realized.

Fighting For Ourselves.

Mr. MacLean declared that the doctrine we were fighting for Great Britain and not as a principal ally.

Dr. Clark left the chamber as soon as he concluded and Conservative critics who were met at the entrance by Hon. Robert Rogers who warmly patted him on the back and clasped his hand in congratulation.

O. Turgeon, Gloucester (N. B.), in an earnest speech championed the course of consulting the people by referendum and of better treatment of soldiers in the matter of pay and pensions as an aid to recruiting.

Dr. Michael Clark continued the debate. "I do not think there is any doubt anywhere as to where I stand," he declared in opening.

Get Away From Limited Liability.

"You can't fight this war on the principle of limited liability," Dr. Clark declared, urging increased taxation of wealth for war purposes.

Mr. Turgeon, of Gloucester, declared that the principles of loyalty and democracy, expressed in such lofty and eloquent terms by Dr. Clark, were subscribed by members on the Liberal side of the house who, at the same time, did not agree with Dr. Clark or of putting these principles into effect.

The triumph of democracy, said Mr. Turgeon, could only be achieved by democratic means, and it was not democratic to refuse to consult the people.

As to his own county of Gloucester, there had been a good response to the recruiting appeal. More than 1,000 men had enlisted from his constituency, and Mr. Turgeon took some credit for having successfully appealed for recruits in every part of the county.

Mr. Turgeon noted that he had consistently advocated at previous sessions the further taxation of wealth to meet the burdens of the war.

He believed that the pension rates should be largely increased, and suggested that the amount of pension given to lieutenants should be made the minimum amount allowed to privates.

The member for Gloucester appealed

for a business-like organization of war efforts and war resources of every kind, emphasizing particularly the need of greater food production and the securing of labor for the farms.

Mr. MacLean's Moderate Speech.

A. K. MacLean of Halifax who resumed the debate after the recess declared that the bill did not lend itself to extended discussion and that almost every viewpoint had been touched on by previous speakers.

He did not desire at this time to refer to the matter of mobilization of the resources of the nation, though he agreed fully with the views expressed on that subject by members of his own side.

The party system of politics, he declared, might have many objectionable features. It had been referred to as "the madness of many for the gain of the few," but it was only when a man found himself at difference with his leader and with his friends of the party, that he found how strong were the ties and how warm the affections which bound them together.

In this case had been made easier on account of the generous stand taken by his leader, who had advised every man to do as his conscience dictated. This advice was not sought for, but came from him spontaneously. It was truly characteristic of the man and truly reflected his sterling liberalism.

No one in the house would question the gravity of the bill, which excited more interest than anything which had come before the house since Confederation. There was a natural repugnance against compulsory service, and diverse opinions on the subject could not be expressed. There was a very substantial body of opinion in all parts of Canada against the measure. This must be respected and recognized. For these reasons he desired to speak without arrogance or dogmatism for he realized that the views of those who differed from his must be respected. He regretted that during the afternoon in one or two spots of the debate there did seem to be a coloring of partisan spirit which he did not care much about.

There were varying views as to Canada's place in the war. Henri Bourassa had declared that his province was not interested in the conflict. He viewed Mr. MacLean's declaration did not reflect the general opinion of that province, and certainly did not reflect the opinion of French-Canadian members on his own side of the house.

Mr. MacLean declared that it was an untenable doctrine to say that Canada must wait until the foe was within her borders before defending herself.

He referred to a fellow countryman and a man today was languishing in a German military prison. He was arrested in a country where he had a right to be, and by a nation which had no right to be there—by a burglar and criminal nation—no doubt the flag that floated over Canada whispered to him of the restoration of his own land and if God spared his life Mr. MacLean had no doubt that his hope would be realized.

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Honest tea is the best policy LIPTON'S TEA Largest sale in the world Your Grocer Sells It

Liberals Sweep Saskatchewan In The Provincial Elections

Regina, June 26.—Victory, crushing and complete, was achieved by the Liberals in Saskatchewan, today, when Premier Martin's government was returned to power by a majority, practically as large as that in the last legislature.

J. B. Bradshaw, looked upon as the real leader of the opposition, was down to defeat in Prince Albert. Premier Martin won a great personal triumph in Regina with nearly 1,000 majority over J. F. Embury. W. B. Willoughby, the nominal opposition leader, secured a narrow lead in a three-cornered contest in Moosejaw city.

The election in Saskatchewan, today, completes the record of provincial elections held in Canada since 1912, in which Liberalism has made gains. Manitoba, British Columbia and New Brunswick turned out strongly entrenched Conservative governments to give Liberal premiers a chance. Quebec, Nova Scotia, Alberta and Saskatchewan endorsed the Liberal governments in power, in three cases failing to elect the opposition leader.

The last elections in Ontario and Prince Edward Island showed the Liberal opposition gaining with every indication that at the next appeal the Hearst and Matheson-Arsenault governments respectively would be swept from power.

Premier Martin, today achieved a great victory and will now proceed to give Saskatchewan sane, business government.

Latest reports indicated the Liberals had swept Saskatchewan almost clean in today's elections and will have more than fifty of the fifty-nine seats in the legislature, a greater majority than was accorded the Scott government in 1912.

Only Two Certain.

Of the seven Conservatives in the house only two are definitely known at midnight to be re-elected, W. B. Willoughby, the opposition leader, and Lieutenant-Colonel Glenn, who was not opposed by the Liberals in South Qu'Appelle, but was opposed by an Independent. The only other Conservative elected is Donald MacLean in Saskatoon city. The winning of Saskatoon city constitutes the Conservatives only gain from the Liberals.

On the Liberal side the Liberals wrested Lumsden, Moose Jaw, Prince Albert and Willow Bunch from the opposition, while returns from Maple Creek are still so incomplete as to give no indication of the result.

All the Labor, Independent and non-partisan league candidates suffered defeat. The majorities secured by the cabinet ministers are in many cases very large. Hon. J. A. Scott over 1,600; Premier Martin about 900; Hon. C. A. Dunning over 1,000; Hon. George A. Bell, over 700; Hon. A. Turgeon, over 1,000; while many of the Liberal candidates have majorities of four figures.

Some Early Returns.

Moose Jaw city—All polls give Liberals 1,539; Willoughby (Con.) leader, 1,600; Independent, 1,019. Regina City—Premier Martin, 8,410; Embury, 2,484; majority, 926 for Premier Martin. Regina, June 26—Prince Albert city gives Liberals majority of 351 against Bradshaw. Regina—Liberals carry Prince Albert by 800; expected to increase to 800. Kinistino—Liberal by 500. Melfort—Liberal by 130. Shellbrook—Liberal by large majority. Pheasant Hills—Eighteen polls out of 89 give Liberals 645; Conservatives, 272. Those Elected.

Washington, June 26.—Arthur Brisbane, the New York editor, has bought Frank A. Munsey's Washington Times. Wilton J. Lambert, attorney for the Times, said here today that Mr. Brisbane had bought the paper individually; that the price would not be divulged and the purchase did not include the Munsey Trust Company, or the Washington Times building. The Times is an evening paper.

WASHINGTON CALLS FOR STUDENT FLIERS Expects to Graduate 200 a Week Into Advance Aviation-Fields After August 25

Washington, June 27.—After August 25, according to announcement, the government expects to graduate flying students into its advanced flying fields at the rate of about 200 men a week. The number to be put into active service by Sept. 8 has been set at 1,400, but the total will probably be less, due to the weeding-out process which is going on continually. At present there are 800 students at the various ground schools, and men are being delegated to the work in colleges at the rate of 25 a week for each institution, or about 200 a week.

There will be six flying camps, which will grow to twenty-four by the end of the year. In these it is intended only to give the man who wants to join the flying branch, the service an idea of what he is expected to do in his rudimentary course, and for this work the government wants men by the thousands to volunteer for training.

Through the committee on public information the war department issued an exhaustive statement to correct certain popular fallacies regarding the government's aviation plans.

Much of the harm was done by a rumor that the government has been swamped by applications from prospective fliers, and as a result good material went to other services. Men between the desirable ages of 19 and 25

TO CURE CONSTIPATION USE "RIGA" PURGATIVE WATER It encourages normal healthy bowel movements, cures constipation and stomach troubles and insures health. ON SALE EVERYWHERE USE IT FOR HEALTH'S SAKE National Drug & Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited, St. John, N. B. Distributors for the Maritime Provinces

began enlisting in droves in the "most-quiet fleet," with the idea, according to the announcement, "that if they could not get the Germans from the air they could get a shot at a submarine lying in wait off Sandy Hook or outside Boston Harbor." As a result, the country is still calling for flying recruits.

AMERICAN TARS' CLUB IS OPENED IN ENGLAND

Vice Admiral Sims' Address Cheered by His Own and British Seamen

Base of the American Flotilla in British Waters, June 27.—The opening of the United States Naval Men's Club in wait of this picturesque little village was attended by scenes which would thrill any true American. It was the greatest event of its kind ever staged in this quaint old place, but as close of three hours' entertainment provided by talent from the flotilla.

Only the fore-runner of bigger and better recreations planned for his men during their brief shore leaves. The American bluejackets, who brought along many British tars—a visible sign of the new alliance—gave Vice Admiral Sims a flattering reception when he appeared unexpectedly, and gave a heart-to-heart talk on the seriousness of their mission. He complimented both the British and American sailors on their loyalty and devotion to the cause for which they were fighting. "I know," said the admiral, "no matter what happens in this fight for civilization, Great Britain and America will not fail but will go on together to victory."

Only bluejackets could cheer as those men cheered these and other sentiments expressed by their popular admiral, who is idolized not only by the American and British sailors, but who has been taken right into the hearts of the town-folk. Admiral Sims' talk came at the close of three hours' entertainment provided by talent from the flotilla.

YOU probably know by this time that "Zimmerkmit" has a reputation for quality in Summer Underwear. Now that the purchasing time is here, all you need is a reminder. This it. VELVETRIE Inertlock is a new Zimmerkmit fabric.

WAR SAVINGS CERTIFICATES BUY WAR SAVINGS CERTIFICATES \$25.00 FOR \$21.50

Help Canada Maintain Her Financial Freedom!

Do Your Share towards Financing the War with Canadian Savings Rather than with Outside Capital.

THE problem of meeting the enormous cost of this war is two-fold. Not only must Canada get the money—most of it, of course, as loans—but she must get as much of it as possible here in Canada.

We can carry the war-debt if the bulk of the interest goes to Canadians, and so is used again in the country's development. But it will be a serious matter for us if a large proportion of the interest has to be sent outside the Dominion.

For the sake of our own and our children's future this drain on our resources must be avoided! Canada's financial freedom can and must be maintained! An average saving of 15 cents a day, invested by each man, woman and child in Canada in War Savings Certificates, would enable us to carry the whole cost of the war. To approach this average, hard work, thrift, self-denial and sacrifice are required of every citizen.

For each \$21.50 you lend the Government now, you will receive \$25.00 in three years—or you can get your money back at any time. Certificates are issued in denominations of \$25, \$50 and \$100, and may be purchased at any Bank or Money Order Post Office.

The National Service Board of Canada, OTTAWA.

Instead of tea or coffee POSTUM "There's a Reason"

Canadians Capture La Coulette

Canadian Headquarters in France, via London, June 26.—(By Stewart Lyon, Special Correspondent of the Canadian Press)—Canadian troops entered the village of La Coulette this morning. The Germans have withdrawn in this neighborhood, from a line about one and three-quarters of a mile.

The retirement of the Germans ceased during the night. Patrols sent out on that part of the front opposite Mericourt and to the south found the enemy's front line strongly held. The Germans used many flares throughout the night, and threw rifle grenades which our patrols observed. In the vicinity of La Coulette machine guns were in action all night. The night was wild and pitch dark. The torrential rain which fell was accompanied by a high wind, which held up the advance towards the village until daylight.

Our casualties, the people at home will be glad to learn, are remarkably few. Coulette was occupied without a single fatality. The Germans artillery fire has been far below normal. It has been directed chiefly on his former front line of trenches. Between our shelling and his, very little is left of them.

For weeks the British refrained from shelling Lens, but the Germans, taking advantage of the sentiment staying the hands of the English, brought their guns into the town, razed the houses about the gun pits and then blazed away safely. Recently, therefore, the British guns have trained their sights on the gun positions hidden in the mining capital. The German losses in the Lens salient are heavy, and new drafts are constantly demanded. Prisoners say that they had been promised peace definitely by September.

LIKE FAIRYLAND WAS THE ROSE FESTIVAL

Brilliant Description of the Central Feature of Annual Show in Portland, Oregon

The Times is indebted to Mrs. E. Atherton Smith for a newspaper from Portland, Oregon, which recently celebrated its annual Rose Festival. The whole city was a bower of beauty. Of one scene the Oregonian paints the following picture:

Flowers innumerable lift their pretty faces to the thousands who throng the Festival Centre, those two park blocks of fairyland between Salmon and Madison streets.

Showy spirea, peonies, rhododendron, poppies and geraniums lift their heads haughtily; proud of every admiring glance they get, seeming to hold themselves above the lowlier but no less gaudy, thyme, yellow marigolds and the lesser blossoms of this delightful show place of Portland's annual feast of flowers.

Two blocks that were so recently mere ordinary park turf have been made, almost overnight, into a model floral garden and the hands of clever florists who waded their wands to do this miracle worked their spell wonderfully well.

Masses of white hydrangea clamor for attention and the wisteria, larkspur, lupin, fuchsia and iris furnish contrasts that are pleasing beyond words.

Canas, with their big, tropical leaves, give greens and browns that offer backgrounds for bright-colored petals. Colours give a colored border foliage and the whole scheme of things is worked out so wonderfully well that not a spot is left where the eye may rest, but one is certain to exclaim with delight.

One's favorite flower is here, no matter what it is. Noble roses, for the florists made certain of these laggards even in a backward season, stand in battalions.

Brilliant geraniums march along in whole regiments, their red banners held aloft, made the more vivid by the green uniforms they wear.

Modest lobelias, blue as the eyes of a sweetheart, makes borders as bright as a stripe of the flag. Pansies, for thoughts, lift their almost human and velvety faces upward where all may see them and admire.

Ferns and palms lend a note of bosquage to certain nooks and corners and lilies show their pure white faces shining through massed foliage.

Out of the centre of this wonderful place rises the replica of the Statue of Liberty that stands on Liberty Island in New York Harbor. Her torch alight seems truly to enlighten the world.

Her starry crown is aglow with the light that is the true emblem of liberty and, beside her flies the Stars and Stripes, while all about her are the flags of the friendly nations of the earth.

When night comes on myriad incandescent lights twinkle through the leafy branches overhead. They make a second and nearer firmament, closer to humankind than the stars that swim far off and way beyond human ken.

The lights smile down and the flowers smile back in friendly fashion. And the happy crowds pass through, admiring and made a little gladder and a little better for the sight of the brightly colored blooms and greenery.

At night, especially, these blocks are fairyland and it must be true that, after all the people go away, the fairies that everyone believes in, in his real, most secret heart, come out and play about. They dance around the flower beds and they lean down and kiss every single bloom that lifts its head a little higher to touch the lips of the fanciful creatures who truly inhabit this spot where pleasant dreams are made which is their home.

Y.M.C.A. Plans Improvements

New Heating System and Renovation of Dormitories — G. E. Barbour Elected President

George E. Barbour was elected president of the Y. M. C. A. last night, succeeding F. A. Dykeman. Mr. Barbour is a leading figure in Y. M. C. A. work in the dominion, being a member of the national council and also a member of the maritime committee. He was the largest local donor to the Birks' fund and in many other ways he has proved himself deeply interested in the great work of the institution. His elevation to the presidency is looked upon with the greatest approval in all quarters. Other officers elected were: W. H. White, vice-president; W. E. Anderson, secretary; H. W. Rising, treasurer. The chairman of the various committees will be named at once by the president and general secretary.

There were many important and interesting developments at the meeting. The fiftieth anniversary of the organization in St. John synchronizes with the jubilee of confederation and largely for this reason special effort will be made to commemorate the event in a fitting manner. November 28, 1867, was the date upon which the first branch here was founded. No programme was outlined. Details will be arranged later.

John N. Jordan was employed as assistant boys' secretary. He graduates this year from high school, standing highest among the boy pupils. He was president of the older boys' conference last fall.

The heating apparatus of the building has become impaired by constant usage and the directors decided to install a maximum capacity of 2,000 gallons per hour, which will be sufficient to accommodate twice the present membership. The two upper floors of the building are also to be renovated, including the dormitory section.

MAY APPLY SELECTIVE DRAFT TO GET DOCTORS

Decided Shortage in Number in U. S. Ready to Volunteer Services for War Work

Washington, June 27.—The drafting of physicians selectively upon a basis of federal classification by a medical census similar to the one recently taken in New York state, in order to obtain physicians for the medical reserve corps was urged by Major Karl Connell, Major Richard Derby and Captain Frederick Van Buren, of the New York committee for national defence, medical section, in a report to the council of national defence. They hold that the volunteer system of recruiting physicians has been a failure.

Coincident with this recommendation, it was made known through the committee on state activities of the medical section of the council of national defence that there was a decided shortage of physicians ready to volunteer for war work. In a report to the general medical board of the council, the committee said strong efforts were being urged through the state organizations to obtain these medical officers.

The whole matter was taken up at a meeting of the general medical board, at which Dr. Connell demonstrated that out of the 140,000 doctors in the United States, less than one-half were available and desirable for military purposes. He added that the policy of allowing or urging physicians to volunteer indiscriminately in the great numbers needed as medical officers for the war was sure to result in confusion, waste and failure.

By the analysis of the situation, the medical reserve corps in New York state it was clearly indicated that the volunteer system failed to preserve the integrity of the public health service or to protect the local community medical needs and that it neglected to consider the individual physician's family and professional connections.

HE DEFIES HIS YEARS
Illinois Gentleman of 78 Turns a Flip-Flop

The agility of J. P. Roles of Fisher, Ill., deserves wider publicity than it has received. Mr. Roles celebrated his 78th birthday the other day by turning a "flip-flop." We read that this has been his customary observation of his natal day for the last thirty years.

A "flip-flop" as we understand it, is a handspike. Strictly speaking, perhaps, a straight forward handspike is merely a "flip." The backward spring added to that makes a "flop." The aged Illinois acrobat performed both more difficult than a flip, as any boy knows who has tried it. Perhaps this gymnastic performance should be added to the formula for longevity. At least, if a birthday flip-flop will not lengthen one's years, it may be regarded as convincing evidence that one has not been overtaken by the infirmities of age.—Providence Journal.

Summer Sale of a Thousand Semi-ready Suits



The young fellow who wears our Clothes, knows that his appearance is above Criticism.

On Thursday morning we start our Summer Sale in good time for Dominion Day.

This Sale will have many features of interest to men who want real good tailoring — suits that are gentlemanly in expression.

\$12 and \$14

for genuine Semi-ready Suits worth up to \$18. The label in the pocket shows the real value.

Summer Suits, two-piece, coat and trousers only, worth up to \$20 for \$10.

\$20 Semi-ready Suits for \$16
\$25 Semi-ready Suits for \$20
\$30 Semi-ready Suits for \$24

Pure British Woollens — Imported Worsteds, Tweeds, Homespun — and a few Navy Blue Serges.

Boys' Suits, Too!

Knicker Suits, worth \$10 for \$7.00
Knicker Suits, worth \$12 for \$8.00
Knicker Suits, worth \$14 for \$9.50

The price label in the pocket assures the buyer of the real value of the suit. These garments are sold at the same label price all over Canada.

Wherever you see a Semi-ready sign you know this.

The Semi-ready Store

Cor. King and Germain Streets

4 out of 5 Cars

Take them as you find them—lift the hoods and look at the spark plugs—you will find, on an average, that four out of five motors

—are exclusively equipped with

Champion Toledo

Dependable Spark Plugs

Fords—Overlands—Studebakers and Maxwells are factory equipped with Champions because exhaustive tests have proved that they insure the greatest efficiency in the performance of these motors.

There is a Champion for every type of gasoline motor. Your protection is in the Champion guarantee of Complete satisfaction to the user—Free Repair—Replacement or Money Back.

Dealers everywhere sell Champions for every make of motor car. Look for the name on the porcelain.

Champion Spark Plug Co. of Canada, Limited, Windsor, Ontario

Mutt and Jeff—Certainly! Keep the Stars and Stripes Together

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By "Bud" Fisher

WHAT'S NEW AT THE MOVIES

COMEDY STOCK AND PICTURES

Gripping Screen 2.30; 7.15; Play and Rich Fun-maker 8.45

ROBERT WARWICK

Eminent English actor, a big man of the movies here in World Brady-made play that will hold you in taut interest as its live reels are shown. Noted actresses, Gerda Holmes and Doris Kenyon, in support in

"The Man Who Forgot"

Tumultuous incidents that rush onward with the speed of life itself, grip attention in this dramatic offering. Situations that surprise and amaze hold the spectators breathless. "The Man Who Forgot" is a supreme offering. Story of a drink and drug victim who rehabilitated himself. How! That makes a gripping feature.

"THE BATTLE of BUNCO HILL"

That sounds like fun. It's the offering of our genial friends, THE GEM'S OWN COMEDY CO., and they say it's one of the best they've yet presented.

We Change Bill Entirely Wed. and Sat., 2.30

Here Sat.—Gladys Coburn in "The Primitive Call"

GEM THEATRE - Waterloo St.

port News of A Day; Home and Abroad

Senators Defeat Champions.

National League. Boston, June 26—After winning from Boston in two days, Boston lost both ends of a double today. The score: R.H.E. Boston 10-0-3 8 1; Chicago 5-8-1.

International League. Montreal, June 26—Montreal lost the final game of the series to Richmond today, 3 to 2. The score: R.H.E. Montreal 2-7-1; Richmond 3-9-1.

Bears Beat Bisons. Newark, June 26—Newark beat Buffalo in the last game of the series, 4 to 3. The score: R.H.E. Newark 4-12-2; Buffalo 3-10-2.

Grays Take Rubber. Providence, June 26—The Grays won the rubber game of the series this afternoon, defeating Rochester in an eleven-inning battle by a score of 6 to 5. The score: R.H.E. Providence 6-11-1; Rochester 5-11-6.

Herzog Denies Rumor. Philadelphia, Pa., June 25—Charles Herzog, acting manager of the Giants, denied a report that he was about to quit the team because of insubordination on the part of the players. A dispatch from New York stated that the second baseman was ready to pack his grip and go back to the farm to spend the rest of his days.

Against Sunday Ball. Providence, R. I., June 25—A petition for a writ of mandamus to compel the police commission and Chief of Police to enforce the Sunday laws and prevent the playing of Sunday baseball at Rocky Point by the International League teams was filed in the superior court here by the Welfare League of Warwick.

St. Peter's League. Snappy fielding by the Thistles combined with inability of the Maples to hit safely resulted in a victory for the former team by a score of seven to two in St. Peter's baseball league fixture last evening. The game was fast, and at times some good plays were made by both teams. Seven innings were played, and on the whole the game was well worth seeing.

Abb Makes New Record. McGuigan and McGuire were the only members of the Maples to hit safely, while the Thistles hit the ball hard, registering a total of nine hits. McGuigan twirled for the losers and had

Cards and Cubs Divide. St. Louis, June 26—St. Louis won the game of today's double-header in nine innings, 6 to 5. Chicago took the game, 8 to 6, in seven innings.

Philadelphia, June 26—New York first place in the National League on Philadelphia by winning the game today, 4 to 3, but the home team regained the lead by winning the game, which went ten innings.

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LYRIC

Red Feather Photo Plays Present

MR. WARREN J. KERRIGAN In the Drama of Purpose "THE BECKONING TRAIL"

Realistic and Thrilling, Elaborate Cabaret Features

A Little Entertaining With Songs and Piano

JEROME WHITE The Expert Vaudevilian

Thurs.-Fri.-Sat.

2nd Chap.—MYSTERY OF THE DOUBLE CROSS! TENNY & ALLEN—Jugglers-Dancers

EXTRA TODAY—Returned Heroes

LOGAN & McDONALD

In a variety of pastimes, songs & stories

five strike outs to his credit. Hansen was on the mound for the winners and fanned seven opposing batsmen in addition to holding the team to two hits. The box score follows:—

Thistles.

Table with 11 columns: Player, AB, R, H, PO, A, E. Rows include Dever, Mooney, O'Connor, Doyle, McAnulty, Haggerty, Howard, Cleary, Hansen.

McAnulty was replaced by Howard at first on account of injured finger. Hansen out by being hit by ball off bat.

Maples.

Table with 11 columns: Player, AB, R, H, PO, A, E. Rows include E. Harrington, M. Howard, Gault, J. McGuire, Doherty, McGuigan, A. McGuire, Moore, J. O'Connor.

Score by innings: 1-0-0-0-1-0-2. Thistles 1-0-0-0-0-0-7. RING

Zulu Kid vs. McDonald

Halifax Recorder—The Zulu Kid, a Brooklyn Italian, has signed to meet Roddie McDonald at the Arena on next Monday. The Italian is a performer who is a favorite with New York fans on account of his ability to mix it and take punishment. The Brooklyn boxer will arrive here on Friday to finish his training. He figures on going into the ring at about 160 pounds. He has met nearly all the best middleweights, and most of his bouts have won him a reputation with Jack Dillon at New York; he has had three 10-round bouts with Battling Levinsky; he boxed 10 rounds with Gus Christie at Brooklyn, N.Y., last year, and has twice met Al McCoy.

Welterweight Champion. Ayton, O., June 26—Ted Lewis wrestled the welterweight crown from Jack Britton here last night, winning on a decision by Referee Lou Baumgart at the end of twenty rounds. Britton scored a knockdown in the last round, but did not offset the lead Lewis won in the earlier part of the match.

AQUATIC. New Swimming Record. Delaonte, Cal., June 25—Norman Ross of San Francisco, established a new world record on Saturday, swimming 120 yards in 1:07 2-5 in a pool here. The previous record of 1:08 2-5 was held by Perry McGillivray of the Illinois A.C.

TURF. Tommy Cotter vs. Spooney Boy. Tommy Cotter and Spooney Boy have been matched to race for \$200 at Sydney on Monday.

English Horses For U. S. Further enrichment of the American turf is assured by the announcement that quarters had been reserved on a line for a large consignment of thoroughbreds owned by Lord Rosebery. With the horses there will come Lord Rosebery's trainer, Frank Hartigan and Mr. Hubert Hartigan, Captain Hubert Hartigan, of the Royal Irish Fusiliers.

Lord Rosebery three times won the English Derby. Most of the youngsters being sent across are by Nelsi Gow, winner of the 2,000 guinea in 1910, and there are others by Cicero, which won the Derby in 1906.

Buyers Marrow Stable. New York, June 26—The entire Marrow Stable was disposed of at public auction at Jamaica this afternoon prior to the running of the first race. Good prices prevailed throughout, the seven buyers bringing a total of \$11,000, with Mae Murray going for top price of \$8,500.

W. Shields purchased the entire Marrow Stable, paying \$2,500 for Wooden Shoes, \$2,000 for J. J. Lillis and \$1,000 for Santiago. The following is a complete list of the Marrow horses sold to W. Shields, and the prices they brought: J. J. Lillis, \$2,000; Wooden Shoes, \$2,500; Golden Gate, \$600; Gallop, \$500; Ambrose, \$1,000; Mae Murray, \$8,500; Santiago, \$1,000.

Noted Stallions Dead. Lexington, June 25—Two of the harness turf's most noted stallions, Arion, 2:07 3-4, and Charley Herr, 2:07, died this week at the farms of their owners, Lester Witherspoon and David Cahill.

OPERA HOUSE

"HE'S IN THE JAIL HOUSE NOW"

DAVIS AND STAFFORD Beau Brummels of Minstrelsy in Eccentric Singing and Dancing

MOHR AND MOFFATT "A Day with a Composer"—Pianologue and Singing Novelty

MARY DONOHUE "The Irish Thrush"

ROBERTS and RODEN Novelty Singing, Talking and Whistling Feature

FLYING BELMONT'S Aerial Sensations

MISS BILLIE BURKE "GLORIA'S ROMANCE"

EMPRESS THE WEST SIDE HOUSE

Presents a Special Five-Part Attraction

"THE BIRTH OF PATRIOTISM"

Adapted from "The Wake of the Storm," Published in the "Saturday Evening Post"

This five-reel offering is an unusual subject in many ways. It contains some carefully drawn character work, tells a story of real life which grips the heart and the emotions, and is admirably acted and directed.

The scene is laid in the slums of London in the opening days of the great war. Cockney characters predominate and there are many humorous touches of a pleasing sort. The scenes in the White Horse Inn give an impression of actuality and the love motive is brought into play in a natural, unforced way.

MARIE WALCAMP in the Sixth Episode of LIBERTY

A SANDSTORM Sweeps Across the Desert, as Cigarette Maker Her Wild Ride to Save the Life of the Man She Loves

THEDA BARA in William Fox's Pictorialization of Ouida's Famous Novel

"UNDER TWO FLAGS" Masters Nature and Arrives in Time

STAR THEATRE TODAY "PATHE NEWS" AS USUAL

Shore Twirls Great Game

Not an Opposing Batsman Reached First Base—Babe Ruth Has Trouble With Umpire and is Suspended

Boston, Mass., June 26—A no hit, no run, no man reached first base pitching performance by Ernest Shore, Boston pitcher, an assault upon "Brick" Owens, umpire, by Babe Ruth, another Boston pitcher, in which the umpire was struck behind the ear, and the defeat of Walter Johnson by "Dutty" Leonard, were incidents of the world champions double victory over Washington today. The scores were 4 to 0, and 5 to 0.

Shore's entry into the scene list of pitchers who have shown perfect performance was made possible by Ruth's banishment from the first game. Ruth had pitched only to Ray Morgan, and Mr. Owens had given the latter his base on balls. Ruth argued the decision, the umpire ordered him off the field, and the Boston pitcher then struck Owens. Other players intervened and Ruth left the field. Shore was called in with Morgan on first base, but a moment later the latter was thrown out attempting to steal second. Thereafter, the Boston pitcher and his fielders turned back every Washington batsman. Ayers, who pitched for Washington, was indefinitely suspended by President Johnson of the American League on Monday for striking Umpire Owens on the head when ordered off the field during a game with Washington on Saturday.

Under Two Flags. The Spencer boys' father arrived in Newark Saturday, and was at the races today, but was naturally disappointed in not seeing his boy climb the title.

Spencer was coming strong on the last turn on the last lap, and when he attempted to go around the youngster switched his rear wheel and sent Spears up the bank. Spencer went on and won, but was disqualified. The decision met with the hearty approval of the fans, although Spencer has always been a big favorite. It was the only decision that could have been rendered. Willie Spencer drew Kramer in his semi-final and was beaten.

Spencer still has an excellent chance of winning the title, although he is now only five points ahead of Goulet. The point standing of the leaders in the championship competition is as follows: Spencer, 15; Goulet, 10; Spears, 8, and Kramer 5.

Arthur and Willie Spencer finished second in the two-mile tandem race, which was won by Jack Magin and Fred Hill. Menus and John Bedell were just beaten out for second place by the Spencer boys.

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IMPERIAL THEATRE

Husband Somewhere in France, Bride Flirtatious at Home

TRIANGLE FINE ART DRAMA

"THE DARK ROAD"

Introducing the International Star

DOROTHY DALTON

THE PRESENT GREAT WAR has produced some domestic unfaithfulness as well as never-dying heroism. The present story deals scathingly with the matter of a designing wife and how she became mixed up in a German spy plot through her unstable ideas in wifely deportment. The scenes are laid in aristocratic England, the trenches in France, amid enemy submarines in the English channel and in London club circles.

This is the second of our new Triangle features. Last week you saw a wonderful western story with William S. Hart. Now you have high society drama with a vivid insight into an unfortunate phase of the war which has cropped up in some homes.

FATTY ARBUCKLE TODAY! This is the real stuff in refined buffoonery. It is slapstick, yet irresistibly funny. Nothing indecent or suggestive, just plain old-fashioned foolishness speeded up to 60 miles an hour. The adventures of a fat book-clerk in a country corner store. A devastating laugh from beginning to end.

"THE BUTCHER'S BOY" Coming Friday and Saturday "SALLY-IN-A-HURRY"—Vitagraph "MAGGIE'S FIRST FALSE STEP"—Keystone

UNIQUE---EXTRA TODAY

Step in Line and Enjoy a Hearty Summer Laugh

CHARLIE CHAPLIN Reappears

In That Screaming Studio Comedy "Behind the Screen"

One of the jolliest and most laughable of the Chaplin series.

PRESENTED AS AN ADDED ATTRACTION WED. and THU. ONLY!

"PEACE ON THE BORDER" 11th. chapter of "PATRIA" THE PATHE NEWS

THU. FRI. SAT. Black Cat Feature "A FOUR CENT COURTSHIP"

COMING—Lonesome Luke in "TIN CAN ALLEY"

WEDNESDAY PALACE THEATRE THURSDAY

"THE BLACK TERROR" - A Thansouser Drama That Thrills

Ben Turpin and Rube Miller in a Vogue Comedy "POULTRY A LA MODE" - In Multiple Reels

NEW LIGHT ON MARRIED LIFE

Church Ave., Fairville, N. B. EXALTING THE FAITHFUL WIFE

Wed. and Thurs. "THE PIPER'S PRICE"

Dorothy Phillips, Lon Chaney and Maud George Heading an Artistic Supporting Company in the Beautiful Screen Version of Mrs. Wilson Woodrow's Gripping Story in Five Acts.

THE DIVORCE QUESTION Approaches from a New and Interesting Angle—Comedy Subject Also.

world would be reorganized on the Prussian model. American military duty is plain—to exert all our national energies to making Germany's submarine blockade a failure, to grow food and ship it to England and France. Hence the nationwide movement for cultivation of all our arable lands. If we fail to do our duty in raising this food supply, we shall be damned forever in the sight of all men.

AN AMERICAN WAR SAYS OREGONIAN (Portland Oregonian.)

The truth is that, though now being fought in Europe, the war is as truly an American war as though it were being fought on American soil.

When Belgium tried to bar the way to France, the Belgian army was the first line for defense of France. Belgian soldiers were fighting for France in the full sense of the words.

In like manner, the line now held by the French, British and Belgian armies is the first line for defense of the United States. If that line were broken and if those armies were destroyed, the German army would advance to the Atlantic coast of France. Their next move would be to cross the ocean and attack our second line of defense in the United States.

If submarines should succeed in preventing the United States from sending food and munitions to Europe, they would also probably prevent us from sending an army to Europe, and the allies, thrown on their own resources, might be defeated. In that event it is probable that Germany would have Britain and France at her mercy and would appropriate enough of their navies to secure absolute supremacy at sea.

by defeat of the American navy. The way would then be clear for a German army to cross the ocean and carry the war into America.

The barrier against invasion is therefore the allied army and navy which are fighting the German army on land and the German submarines at sea. By sending our army and navy to strengthen this barrier we fight to prevent invasion, and therefore in defense of the United States. Victory over the submarine at sea and over the German armies in Europe will prevent the war from reaching American soil.

There is no doubt that the men now in control of Germany aim at world conquest. This is made plain by the writings of their leading men and by the resolutions of their most influential associations, adopted since this war began.

The programme is all laid out and accords with German practice in the past. Control is to be obtained, first, of the world's commerce, then of the domestic commerce and industry of the country marked out for absorption, and finally of its government by military conquest.

The country and its people would then be thoroughly Germanized, as has been attempted in the case of the Poles, Alsations and Danes. The German language would be obligatory, German customs, laws, kultur and frightfulness would supplant everything that is characteristically American, and the United States would become German America.

The surest way to avert this fate is to defeat Germany on the first line of defense in Europe. That is where the first German-American war must be decided. If we lose the second, we will be fought in the United States. If we win, there will be no second.

This is an American war as well as a European war, and must hereafter be so regarded by all loyal Americans. Every soldier and sailor who goes to Europe will fight for America. Every dollar subscribed to a war loan will be a silver bullet fired in defense of America.

IF THE GERMANS WON

(Boston Post.)

What would England's surrender mean to the world? The prospect is one of the most appalling imaginable. Germany would not rest content with an ordinary surrender. The Kaiser would "bleed England white," as Bismarck promised to do to France. Above everything else, he would demand that military engine, now the great support of the Allies—the British fleet. Probably Germany would also annex the greater part of the English mercantile fleet—also the largest in the world.

This would instantaneously demoralize the English and French fleets in France. Russia would disappear overnight as a military factor. Germany could easily isolate Japan. The Saloniki expedition would be starved to sur-

render in a few weeks. Asia Minor and India would become German provinces. There would be only one power that could conceivably offer any resistance; the United States; and any assistance from us would be rather short-lived. The German navy, especially if reinforced by the English ships, would have little difficulty in destroying the American fleet.

Our shores would be laid open to invasion. If Germany succeeds in subduing England by blockade she will accomplish this stupendous task before September. By that time we could have organized no military force to handle England by blockade she will accomplish this stupendous task before September. By that time we could have organized no military force to handle

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ALLKRAFT TOOKE COLLAR A NEW FULL WEIGHT TOOKE COLLAR, three for 50c. PRICE 20c., three for 50c. TOOKE BROS. LIMITED Montreal

USE THE WANT AD. WAY

The Retail Stores
OF CANADA'S FAVORITE FOOD STORES

Water Glass Egg Preserver

11 CENTS PER CAN

THIS IS SUFFICIENT FOR EIGHT DOZEN EGGS

The Ross Drug Co., Ltd
100 KING STREET

200 DOZEN HATS

Received this morning to be sold at

VERY SPECIAL PRICES

MARR MILLINERY CO., LTD.

FIRE SALE

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ALL THIS WEEK

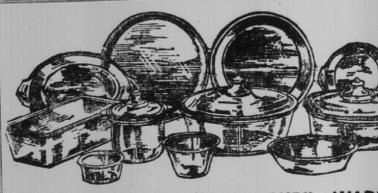
Men's Straw Hats

Aside from the matter of comfort and coolness, a Straw Hat is dressy. Come in and try on one of our Natty Boaters.

BOATERS in sennets and split straws..... \$1.50 to \$2.50
PANAMAS, new Fidora shapes..... \$5.00
IMITATION PANAMAS..... 75c, \$1.50 and \$2.00
MEN'S LINEN HATS..... 50c. and 75c.

F. S. THOMAS
539 to 545 Main Street

Have You Had Lunch at the Royal Hotel?
Price 50c.



PYREX TRANSPARENT OVEN WARE

You can watch the baking process when you use PYREX TRANSPARENT OVEN-WARE, which is the highest scientific development in ware for this purpose.

PYREX quickly absorbs and retains heat, thus causing foods to bake rapidly and thoroughly. It is ready for immediate service and may be used in the oven for baking all and any foods, such as pie s, bread, cakes, custards, puddings, casserole or all grain dishes. PYREX never chips, flakes, crazes, dents or bends, and remains new for all time.

The Ideal Oven-to-Table Ware is PYREX.

Grease-proof, Odor-proof, Easy to Wash, Clean Sanitary

HOUSEHOLD DEPT.—FIRST FLOOR

W. H. THORNE & CO., LTD.
Market Square King Street

LOCAL NEWS

A LARGE CATCH.

Howard J. Cotter and Ira Scott returned to the city this morning after enjoying a week's fishing at Victoria Lake. They were successful in landing more than 200 nice trout.

THE RIVER BUSINESS.

A river steamship captain, speaking to a Times reporter this morning, said that freights this year are much below the average, and that present indications are not very favorable for better conditions. This, he said, was partly due to the high cost of commodities, which necessitated a curtailment in expenses on the part of farmers and also as a result of railroads cutting into the business.

The Man In The Street

We refuse to print our friends' comment on the weather; the censor would not permit it.

The Mesopotamian commission has fixed the blame for the Kut disaster, apportioning their due share to every one connected with the matter, except the Turks.

A nice new hospital power house with no power plant will be one of St. John's monuments to war conditions.

Perhaps the building could be used as a military hospital—or as one of those comfort stations for which there is such a demand.

The Russian democracy has awakened to the fact that the only way to secure peace is to fight for it.

The loss of 840,000 gallons of molasses when the schooner was sunk looks like a serious blow to the local baked beans crop.

If the Germans lose Lens they will need no other magnifying glass to enable them to recognize the signs of defeat.

The morning government organ makes a touching appeal for national harmony—and then does its bit to promote a political truce by its restraint in referring to its political opponents in such mild terms only "sneaky Fenian," "shab-wit," "washbuckler," "polt-roon," "chicken-hearted coward," and so on.

Without wishing to resurrect the long-buried hatchet, it might be suggested that some of the Boston recruits now arriving in Canada may be able to learn for the first time who won the battle of Bunker Hill.

Answer to Inquiries—No. Constant Reader, the phrase "He also serves who only stands and waits," was not written by a waiter seeking exemption from military service.

Appearances are Deceitful
Curiosity mingled with astonishment marked the countenance of citizens who noticed an auto speeding through the city streets the other day. In the tonneau was seated a well-known Prince of the business street, who, clasping in a firm embrace a feminine figure which reclined limply in his arms. The draft caused by the speed of the car had loosened her hat and her Auburn tresses were flowing in the breeze, while her companion vainly endeavored to round up the wandering locks and conceal her disheveled appearance. "She must be ill," said those who inclined to attribute a chivalrous motive to the gentleman. "Must be," observed the sensation mongers. "Looks as if the white-slavers were busy," darkly muttered others who did not know the man's reputation for probity and respectability. They all were wrong. The man in the case was merely escorting from a dry goods store to a public hall a lay figure which was to take a silent role in an amateur entertainment that evening.

WARREN CLAIM IS FOR ABOUT \$30,000

Suit Against Norton Griffith & Co. Ltd in Connection With Courtenay Bay Work

Hearing in the case of Philip R. Warren vs. Norton Griffith & Company, Limited, is being continued in Supreme Court Chambers before Mr. Justice Crockett today. The plaintiff again took the stand and his evidence was continued at the time of adjournment for lunch. The plaintiff's claim is for about \$30,000, as follows:—Fifteen hundred pounds, being salary as chief engineer in charge of the works at Courtenay Bay for one year claimed as amount or damages arising from dismissal of plaintiff; \$150 being balance due on salary; \$8,248 being \$4 a day, which the plaintiff claims the defendant agreed to pay him while in St. John from Nov. 1914 to December, 1916, 406 days; \$1,000 as services rendered as consulting engineer, and \$19,881.19 being five per cent interest in profits which the plaintiff contends the defendant agreed to pay. It is stated in the plaintiff's statement of claim that the profits amounted to \$387,628.93 and upwards.

H. A. Powell, K. C., and F. R. Taylor, K. C., are appearing for the plaintiff, and M. G. Teed, K. C., and J. B. M. Baxter, K. C., for the defendant.

The case of the King vs. William Riley is proceeding in the Circuit Court this morning before Mr. Justice McKeown as a jury. The defendant is charged with stealing a gold ring from a woman in whose house he had been a boarder. The evidence for the crown was given this morning, and the case for the defence was opened. J. M. Trueman is appearing for the crown, and H. W. Robertson for the defence.

PLUMBERS' CASE IN POLICE COURT

F. E. McManus Gives Evidence of Annoyance Caused Him—Four Prisoners Arraigned

John O'Brien, Everett Carlyn, Joseph O'Brien and George Livingstone were arraigned before Magistrate Ritchie in the police court this morning on the charge of following and calling names and offering intimidating remarks to F. E. McManus. In the evidence of Mr. McManus it was said that the four defendants, all striking plumbers, had called names such as "scab," "rat," "pimp," and other expressions after McManus. One was "We'll throw you down a sewer."

Following the taking of evidence this morning Mr. Sinclair asked if the court would hear an application for bail. The magistrate said that he would accept the deposit of \$100 which has been up for Livingstone's appearance; he could not accept bail for Joseph O'Brien as he was held for the higher court and he had to refuse bail in the case of John O'Brien and Everett Carlyn. "Yesterday we had some information," said the magistrate, "that prevents me from admitting these two to bail just yet."

The case was adjourned following Mr. McManus' evidence and the magistrate said that he would then have the information to hand in writing and from counsel he would consider whether he would allow bail or not.

The evidence
Francis E. McManus said he resided in West St. John. He worked for Joseph H. Noble, plumber and heater, King square. On Thursday, June 14, he was sitting in King square on the south side. He noticed several plumbers at Breeze's corner. He suddenly heard "Here's McManus the rat, bring the trap." He looked over and saw John O'Brien, Carlyn, Joseph O'Brien and Livingstone were with him. All came and sat down near him in the square.

John O'Brien said: "You are a G—d—dirty scab, McManus." All four kept saying: "Bring over the trap; this is the second rat we caught today."

Carlyn said: "This is a gray rat"; Livingstone said: "This is a white rat." The witness said: "I'll have you arrested." "You are a pimp for Noble," said one. "I wish we had you handy to a sewer and we would throw you to a sewer and another expression used by Carlyn. There would be about thirteen in the crowd, he said. These four, he said, had followed him before at noon and about two weeks ago these four prisoners called out in the city market: "There's a rat in the market." The witness said he went out of the market into German street and all four followed him.

On another occasion, he said, these four in particular annoyed him in Sydney street at noon. He had heard expressions of "McManus the rat," "McManus the scab," coming from the market building at different times. Carlyn had stopped the witness in the street and said that he would "bring the trap" over to him. This annoyance lasted for about four weeks.

The witness said when he got up off the seat in the square these four followed him from the square to Noble's store. There were several others with them. The witness said these four had been idle for some time.

When coming over in the ferry one morning, said he, he heard John O'Brien call after him: "McManus the rat." "McManus the scab." The witness said he was married and had twelve of a family. To Mr. Sinclair, he said he came back from MeAdam on May 24. He was acquainted with the four prisoners, Joseph O'Brien worked for the plumber, Richard and he worked for the plumber. The witness said he was in the question would be six feet away. Seven were in the crowd that day. He never said anything to any of them except "I'll have you arrested." Since the arrest made in the fire matter, he said, he has never been molested. He told them that he had nothing to do with their union and he would never join it. He never called names after them. To Mr. Henneberry, the witness said that he had come to the police court before to lay information but withheld it until later on.

The case was here set over until Friday morning at 10 o'clock.

ANOTHER SOLDIER HOME

Pte. P. L. Quinlan Two Years At Front—Six Months Leave Because of Illness

Private P. L. Quinlan, son of Mr. and Mrs. Patrick Quinlan, of 482 Main street, arrived home this morning after two years of service at the front. He enlisted in the west with the 2nd C. M. R. and has been through the heavy fighting which has marked the activities of the Canadians on the western front. He escaped unscathed by shot or shell, but was stricken with illness and now is home on six months sick leave in order to recuperate.

CLOSING DAY AT SCHOOL FOR DEAF

The closing exercises of the School for the Deaf, Lunenburg, took place this afternoon in the assembly hall of the institution. The principal, J. Keating, occupied the chair. A feature of the programme was an exhibition of the educational work, which was carried out in the school during the year. One of the most striking features was an exhibit of sewing done by the girls of the institution. Prizes kindly donated by the Women's Canadian Club, were given to pupils leading in their classes.

PYTHIAN CONVENTION.

The Knights of Pythias from all parts of the maritime provinces will gather in Sydney on the third Tuesday in August for the annual session of the grand lodge. Delegates from a number of lodges are expected to attend. This will be the first occasion upon which the Grand Lodge of the Knights of Pythias has ever met in Cape Breton, an invitation having been extended to the knights last year by ex-Mayor W. A. Richardson and heartily accepted. It is already known that a large delegation of New Brunswick knights and some from P. E. Island contemplate attending.

To Parade in Quebec.
The Pipe Band of the 236th Battalion will leave for Valcartier on Saturday evening and on Monday, July 2, will take part in a celebration of the fiftieth anniversary of confederation. The 236th, now at Valcartier, are to parade through the streets of Quebec city with their bands and will be inspected by the governor general.

MACAULAY BROS. & CO.

Stores Open till 10 Every Friday Evening, Close Saturday 1 p. m. This is for June, July, and August.

For Holiday, Monday, July

We are now wready with a fine collection of **LADIES' BRUSH WOOL SWEATERS** in all the colors, such as yellow, rose, Copenhagen blue, pink, etc., with contrasting or white collars and sash b.

LADIES' SILK SWEATERS in gold, primrose, black and mellow color.

Three Dollars and ninety-eight cents for WHITE CORDUROY VELVET DRESS SKIRTS.

VOILE WAISTS in many styles, such as the candy striped ones with white voile collars and cut in figures or all white with embroidery in white fronts and collars.

WHITE POLO CLOTH COATS.

LADIES' AND MISSES' SPORT HATS in endless variety of figured Palm-Beach Cloth, Panar White Linen, White Duck, White Pique, etc.

MID-SUMMER DRESS HATS at most moderate prices for leading styles.

LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S BATHING SUITS of black or navy blue Lustre or Poi trimmed, and pipings of green, orange, yellow, etc. \$1.50 for children's sizes, \$2.00 to \$2.50 for mis \$4.50 to \$5.25 for ladies' up to 44 in. bust sizes.

MACAULAY BROTHERS & CO

See our line of Second-Hand Glenwood Ranges and other popular makes

These ranges are in first-class repair, many of them bear in use only a short time. As we must make room for our fa goods coming in, we are offering these ranges at exception BARGAIN Prices. If you wish to exchange your stove, we will make liberal allowance on it.

EVERY RANGE FULLY GUARANTEED.

If Your Old Range Needs Repairs, 'Phone Us. We Carry Li ings and Grates for All Makes.

D. J. BARRETT 155 Union Street St. John N. B. Phone M. 1545

Store Open Wednesday and Friday Evenings. Closed Saturday Aftnoons, June, July and August.

SALE OF Boys' Suits, Blouses, Pants For School Closing

This sale comes at a time when mothers may take special advantage of it for outfitting the Boy for school closing. The Suits are made in the new spring models—Norfolk styles and also Pinch-backs—good strong tweeds in serviceable mixtures.

Boys' \$5.00 Suits. School Closing Price	\$4.35
Boys' 6.00 Suits. School Closing Price	4.95
Boys' 8.00 Suits. School Closing Price	6.00
Boys' \$5.00 Tapeless Blouses. School Closing Price	3 for 1.00
Good strong Knee Pants, \$1.00 quality. School Closing Price75

SCOVIL BROS., LIMITED
ST. JOHN, N. B.

OAK HALL

Dear Mary:—

Did you ever go to vis anyone who had a nice furnished parlor but wh neglected the dining room bed rooms and all the res of the house?

Many take care of the homes in this slip-shy way. They can afford fix them up, but they ju don't think, or else the husbands are too stingy

If my home were n fixed up right thru a thru, I would complain my husband. Would you?

Sincerely—HELE P. S. I saw such pret new things today at

A. Ernest Everett
THE HOUSE FURNISHER
91 Charlotte Street

WHEN YOU BUY A HAT

You want to see an attractive assortment. And to really ENJOY your summer a cool, easy-fitting Straw Hat is not helpful only—it's ESSENTIAL.

No matter the style, weight or braid in Straws, we ha 'em to suit you. From \$2.00 way up to \$18.

These Words Link: Summer—Straws—Magee

D. MAGEE'S SONS, LIMITED
63 King Street, St. John, N. B.



Glenwood Ranges Refrigerators Oil Stoves

Store Open Wednesday and Friday Evenings. Closed Saturday Aftnoons, June, July and August.

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