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Athens, Ont.

The Athens Reporter

AND

COUNTY OF LEEDS ADVERTISER.

TALK

TO
the people of the
Athens District
through the medium
of the
REPORTER

Vol. XXXI. No. 21

Athens, Leeds County, Ontario, Wednesday, May 26, 1915

T. T. Shaw, Publisher

BROCKVILLE'S GREATEST STORE

Special Offering

BLOUSES

White Voile Blouses in several styles 3-4 or long sleeves, some are in fancy stripe and check voile. Some have fine embroidery fronts. Newest collars and trimming effects, all sizes, at **\$1.48**

Special Girls' Dresses.

Children's Colored Wash Dresses of check gingham in assorted colors, with self-trimming, some with long waist and deep belt, piped around neck, front and belt, also other styles, regular \$1.75, choice for **\$1.48**

The **ROBERT WRIGHT CO. Limited**
BROCKVILLE CANADA

15 Pairs Ladies' block swide, \$5.00 button boots, high or low heel, selling at \$2.95. This week at

KELLY'S

The Shoe Store of Quality
Next Door West of Robert Wright's. BROCKVILLE

New Cream Serges For Ladies' Summer Coats, Suits, Dresses and Skirts.

New Imported Serges in Fine, Medium and Coarse Twill widths 40 to 54 inches, guaranteed all-wool and soap shrunk. Prices 50c and 75c, \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50 per yard.

New Cream Blanket Coating, all wool, width 56 inches, Price \$1.75 yard.

New Silk Crepes for Nice Summer Dresses. Colors White, Pink, Pale Blue, Saxe Russian, Green, Tan, Alice, Cerise, Helio, Grey, Navy and Black, width 40 inches. Special 75c yard.

R. Davis & Sons

Brockville's Leading Store

IF YOU REQUIRE printing done of Envelopes, Letter Heads, Note Heads, Statements, Tags, Bills of all kinds, Circulars, Etc., Etc., we are prepared to do same on short notice and guarantee satisfaction.

THE ATHENS REPORTER

Mr. T. T. Shaw Banqueted (From The Chesterville Record)

Last Thursday evening Mr. T. T. Shaw, late proprietor of The Record, was tendered a banquet at Flynn's Hotel, when his friends to the number of between fifty or sixty gathered to express regret at his departure from Chesterville, and presented him with an address and ring.

After the sumptuous repast provided by Mr. Flynn in his usual bountiful and artistic manner had been done simple justice to Mr. Hamilton, as toastmaster, announced the purpose of the gathering and in doing so voiced his regret at the cause of it. The following toast were then proposed:

"The King," honored by all rising.
"The British Empire" by Mr. Jas. Clements and responded to by Mr. C. B. Rae.

"Municipal Institutions," by Mr. Patrick Kirby and responded to by Mr. Geo. Elliott.

"Banking Institutions," by Mr. J. C. Craig and responded to by Mr. G. M. Whitney.

"The Press," by Mr. G. C. Lacey and responded to by Mr. R. Harrop.

"Our Guest," by Mr. Thos. Ellis and Mr. C. L. Simser to which Mr. Shaw responded.

"Agriculture" by Mr. Roy P. Kendrick and responded to by Mr. W. A. Durant.

"The Ladies," by Mr. L. Jordan and responded to by Mr. J. T. Kearns.

"Our Host," by Mr. Thomas Houlehan and responded to by Mr. F. McCloskey.

The following address was read by Dr. Ellis, when Mr. Shaw was present with a ring:

MR. SHAW:

We, your fellow citizens and friends, take this opportunity before your final departure from our midst to gather here this evening and thus express our well wishes for you and your family, and the high esteem you are held in this community.

Through the medium of the press you have been a leader and educator and a representative of the people and have always labored in the interests of the community.

We know that you, in common with any other man in public life, have often been criticised, sometimes deservedly, sometimes not, but you have, we believe, on all occasions, both privately and through the press, denounced wrong and injustice and upheld truth and honesty.

In your newspaper business you have been independent in your views which is the only kind of press that can endure among a free people.

You have spoken frankly and boldly what you have thought and believed to be right and you have been respected for it. The freedom of the press is a natural right and is as sacred as the freedom of the individual. Liberty of speech and liberty of action go together; destroy one and you destroy the other.

As a citizen you have always given a helping hand to anything that in your good judgment appeared to tend towards the betterment of our village morally and materially.

You have at different times filled positions on the Village Council and School Board with much satisfaction to all concerned, accepting with reluctance the usual fat emoluments that accompany any of those offices.

In conclusion, we have always greatly admired what we could see of your home life. Your relations to your family have been of a most cordial and agreeable character and you are a model in this respect that would be difficult for many parents to live up to.

On behalf of those assembled here, I take much pleasure in presenting you this gold ring as a small token of our esteem for you. As you wear it, it will serve to keep green in your memory your friends and associates of Chesterville.

Signed by the committee.
Wesley Hamilton
Thomas Ellis
Charles Chambers
George H. Ellis
L. Jordan.

After a brief reply by Mr. Shaw the gathering dispersed after singing "God Save the King."

Body Found Floating

Crown Attorney Brown of Brockville has been notified that the body of an unknown man has been found floating in Indian Lake, near Newboro. Coroner Berry of Westport took charge of the body and is holding an inquest. The body has not been identified.

DR. KERFOOT GOES WITH OVERSEAS

Former Brockville Physician has Enlisted and Sails To-day
(Ridesu Record)

Dr. H. W. Kerfoot, son of Mr. and Mrs. Richard Kerfoot of Smith's Falls, left Toronto yesterday and sailed from Montreal to-day for war service with the Royal Army Medical Corps. He has been on the medical staff of the asylum at Penetanguishine for the past few months and before that practiced in Brockville, where he was a captain in the 41st Regiment. He came home Saturday morning and spent the day here, returning that night to Toronto where he had to report for duty Sunday morning.

Death of Miss Fanny Berney

There passed away on Thursday, May 20, 1915, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Ogle Webster, a few miles southwest of the village, Miss Frances Berney, better known as Fanny to her host of friends. Miss Berney was 38 years of age and all her life was spent in and around this village where she carried on a dressmaking business.

Deceased contracted diphtheria when at Bellamy's some time ago and it was the after effects of this disease that caused her death.

Miss Berney was the daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Berney of this place. Surviving her are one brother and three sisters: James Patterson, Forest, Ont., Mrs. S. Coleman, Delta, Mrs. H. Maud, Bellamy's, and Mrs. Ogle Webster, Athens.

The Anglican church here has lost a member whose untiring energy has done much in its development year after year and her many acts of kindness have won for her an esteem that will keep her memory ever green. The funeral was held on Saturday, May 22 at Trinity church, Oak Leaf, the sermon being preached by Rev. W. G. Swayne. Interment was made in Oak Leaf Cemetery.

Bid Goodbye to Mrs. Graham

(From The Chesterville Record)

A number of the lady friends of Mrs. Caroline Graham gathered at her home on Main St., on Monday to bid her farewell before leaving for her new home in Athens.

A pleasant social hour was spent in talking over old times, and good wishes expressed for the future of their lifelong friend.

An address of appreciation and goodwill was read by Mrs. (Rev.) H. E. Warren, on behalf of her large circle of friends.

It came as a complete surprise to Mrs. Graham, but in a few feeling sentences she thanked the ladies for their kind thoughtfulness.

Dainty refreshments were then served and the goodbyes said.

At the station Wednesday morning many friends of the family gathered to say adieu, and express the hope that they would soon return for a visit among the many homes that will always be open to welcome them.

Two are Acquitted of Murder Charge

Bracebridge, May 20—At the Muskoka Assizes this morning the jury, after less than an hour's consideration, found Andrew and Peter Morreau "not guilty" of the Hovey Harbor murder. The Crown evidence was circumstantial. The prisoners were dismissed.

The other criminal case at the assizes was one of attempted murder. A Swede named John Anderson became insane and thought that some people were about to attempt his life and steal the dynamite with which he was doing a construction job. After acting queerly for several days he suddenly attacked a fellow-countryman, Victor Anderson, as the latter was asleep, and cut a deep gash across his cheek with a jack-knife. Later on he went for a doctor for the wounded man. Dr. Jukes Johnson and Dr. McGibbon, of Bracebridge, as well as the doctor who had attended the wounded man, thought the prisoner insane. Without retiring, the jury returned a verdict of not guilty, on the grounds of insanity.

Tomkins—Brennan

At St. John's Church rectory, Gananoque, on Saturday evening, Rev. Father J. P. Kehoe, united in marriage Miss Loretta Brennan, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Brennan, North St. to Ernest Tomkins, fourth son of Mr. and Mrs. William Tomkins, King St. Mr. and Mrs. Tomkins will locate in Gananoque for the present.

If Half Knew

If half the feminine world knew what Corset the other half was wearing, there would be even more American Lady Corsets worn.

A large proportion of the fashionable world do know and demand American Lady Corsets, which mould the figure and set off the gown as no other Corset.

A large shipment of—

American Lady Corsets

Just came to hand. The new model is \$1.35. Other models \$1.00 to \$3.50.

C. H. POST

The Exclusive Women's Wear Shop

Young Men's .. SUITS ..

Summer Models in Young Men's Suits have a smartness, dash and vim about them that is very pleasing to smart dressers.

We're showing some very nice stunning new fabrics and colorings.

English Models

Coats are cut down.

Shoulders are narrower.

Vests button higher.

Trousers are narrower.

Our prices are very reasonable, while our Suits are equal to any high priced garments sold at other stores.

GLOBE CLOTHING HOUSE

The Store of Quality

BROCKVILLE

ONTARIO

SUITS

That Stand Out

From the ordinary in the crowd are the regular products of our work rooms. You get none but fashionable clothes here, because that is the only kind we produce. Try us on your new suit and see how perfectly we fit you, and how well the clothes are made.

M. J. KEHOE

Clerical Suits a Specialty.

RED UNSIGHTLY PIMPLES ON FACE

Itching and Burning, Disfigured for a Time, Used Cuticura, Pimples Disappeared.

1756 Winnipeg St., Regina, Sask.—"I was troubled with itching pimples on my face for over three years. They were red and unsightly. They caused itching and burning and I used to scratch and irritate them. The breaking out disfigured me for a time.

"A short time ago I saw the advertisement of Cuticura Soap and Ointment and after I had tried a free sample I could see a remarkable improvement. I washed my face with the soap and then applied the Ointment two or three times a day. After using more Cuticura Soap and two boxes of Cuticura Ointment all the pimples completely disappeared." (Signed) Nicholas Koch, June 13, 1914.

Sample Each Free by Mail With 32-p. Skin Book on request. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. D, Boston, U. S. A." Sold throughout the world.

THE LADY AND THE COBRA

With a Violin Recital the Effects of Which Were Magical.

An English woman residing in India one evening found to her horror that a huge cobra had coiled itself about her veranda rails, near which she sat playing the violin. She was too near the snake to run with safety, so she continued playing while she gradually edged away. At first her only idea was to keep the creature thus engaged while she escaped, but when she had gained a safer distance and perhaps fascinated by the unwonted sight, a strange inspiration seized her. She played air after air of different character.

The effect was magical. That snake behaved like an ardent, hot-blooded disciple of Paganini. Every vibration in the music, whether of volume or of tone, produced instantly a corresponding change in the attitude of the cobra. If she played a lively dance it swayed its body sideway in quick time and yet in graceful curves. Once she struck a number of false notes in rapid succession on purpose. The cobra winced and writhed in pain, as if suddenly struck with a whip.

Thus the creature behaved like a mad musician till the lady, getting tired of the sport, gradually moved herself farther and farther and then made a sudden bolt into her room and banged the door, leaving the cobra to wander disconsolately to its lair in the fields.—London Chronicle.

WEAR FLEET FOOT Shoes for every Sport and Recreation Sold by all Good Shoe Dealers

Worn by Every Member of the Family

LAW OF GRAVITY VIOLATED

Conditions Under Which Water Actually Flows Upward.

There are conditions under which water actually flows upward and rises above its source. If a glass tube be dipped into water the column inside will be above the level of the surrounding surface. Moreover, if a tube of half the diameter be substituted the column doubles its height. The water creeps along the inside of the tube, owing to the adhesion, and forms a cup shaped depression at the top.

An explanation is not difficult. It can be proved mathematically that if the diameter of a circle be diminished one-half the circumference is also reduced to that extent, while the area is one-fourth of its former value. The circumference of the column of the water being reduced one-half, its contact with the glass, and hence the adhesive force, is also diminished to that extent, while the cross section, and hence the weight, is also reduced to a fourth of what it was before. Therefore the second column can be twice the height of the first without exceeding the lifting power.

Remarkable as the underlying principles of this phenomenon undoubtedly are, nature made use of them long before man made their discovery. Every tree and flower adds its testimony. The core of a tree or plant, instead of being a single open channel, consists of a spongelike substance containing many miniature tunnels through which the sap and moisture collected by the roots flow upward in small rivulets, rising higher and higher in sheer defiance of the great law of gravity.—St. Louis Reformer.

Electroplating Mirrors.

A new method of silvering mirrors consists of depositing the metal on the glass by means of a high potential electric current. A plate of metal is placed against the glass, this is laid flat on a table, and the air above it is exhausted to a high degree of vacuum. Then a small quantity of hydrogen is introduced, and the current is turned on through a negative plate attached to the metal plate. In thirty seconds the glass has been silvered.

The Housekeeper

Shiny serge—Sponge dress with hot vinegar and press in the usual manner. No odor of the vinegar will remain and all the shine caused by wear will disappear and the garment will look like new.

Rain spots on cloth need not be regarded hopelessly. Wipe off the way of the nap with a silk handkerchief or very soft brush. If this be done quickly no marks will remain.

Hot alum water will take soreness out of chilblains.

Use a blackboard eraser for polishing the kitchen stove. It will save the fingers and give the stove a very good polish.

To remove iron rust from white goods, moisten spot, cover with cream of tartar, put in a basin of water, simmer gently for an hour. Rinse and hang in the open air to dry.

To wash china silk waists, use lukewarm soap suds. Then rinse in two cool waters and roll a Turkish towel for two hours before ironing.

When roasting veal, pare some sweet and white potatoes, tuck them around it and let them cook in the juice.

To clean brass beds, use a mixture of olive oil and whiting, then polish with old silk duster.

Suffer No Longer From Constipation!

You can immediately relieve and permanently cure yourself with Dr. Hamilton's Pills. One thousand dollars will be paid for any case that isn't corrected within three days. Dr. Hamilton's Pills contain no injurious drugs; they are composed entirely of soothing, vegetable extracts that strengthen the stomach and bowels at once. It is absolutely impossible for Dr. Hamilton's Pills to fail curing biliousness, sour stomach, indigestion, headache or constipation. Even one box has chronic sufferers, so you owe it to yourself to try Dr. Hamilton's Pills at once; 25c per box at all dealers.

Making Law.

Her audacious admirer was thunder-struck with the demand, but dared not demur, as by this time a group had collected and were listening to the conversation. So he took the hair, paid over the money and left the hall.

"How is the law made?" asked the instructor in United States history. "Oh," replied the maiden cheerfully, "the Senate has to ratify it, and then the President has to—has to veto it; and then the House of Representatives has to—"

Lost His Nerve.

Many years ago a blacksmith near York, England, successfully performed the delicate operation of removing a cataract from an eye on several of his fellow villagers, says the London Chronicle. The fact became known to a doctor in the neighborhood, who so admired the blacksmith's skill that he provided the means for his education as an oculist. To the blacksmith the removal of the cataract was no more than a mechanical feat, but when he became acquainted with the structure of the human eye and the amazing delicacy he was so overpowered by the rashness of what he had done in ignorance that he lost his nerve, and with the fear of knowledge he insisted on returning to the anvil.

HOME STUDY Arts Courses only. SUMMER SCHOOL JULY and AUGUST QUEEN'S UNIVERSITY KINGSTON, ONTARIO ARTS EDUCATION MEDICINE SCHOOL OF MINING CHEMICAL MINING MECHANICAL ELECTRICAL CIVIL ENGINEERING GEO. Y. CHOWN, Registrar

THE BEAUTIFUL ADVENTURE.

If it were possible in every instance for us to contemplate death as a beautiful adventure the problem of living might be much less serious and the necessity of dying more welcome. If we could all believe that there is nothing in death or afterward to fear, then such disasters as that which overtook the Lusitania would be regarded from a different point of view. But there is that in the nature of living and in the uncertainty of the future life—in that vast mystery behind that bourne from which no traveler returns—which renders it difficult for the average human being to accept death and all it may mean as a beautiful adventure.

The Human Eye.

The human eyeball rests in a cushion of fat, by which it is surrounded on every side. When the system becomes greatly macerated through disease this fat is absorbed and the eye sinks deeper into the head, thus giving the sunken appearance so common in disease.

Then He Was Fired.

Father—I cannot give you my daughter, my dear sir. I am mighty particular in such things. Suitor—Oh, pshaw! Now, I am not in the least so.—Megawatt Blatter.

Beautiful Walls For Your Home Sanitary, Fire-Proof, Inexpensive. Make your home more attractive, and protect it from fire with these beautiful, sanitary "Metallic" Ceilings and Walls. They will out-last the building and are very inexpensive. They can be brightened from year to year with a little paint at a trifling cost. Made in innumerable beautiful designs suitable for all rooms. Can be erected over old plaster as well as in new buildings. Write for catalogue. THE METALLIC ROOFING CO., LIMITED King and Dufferin Sts., TORONTO 797 Notre Dame Ave., WINNIPEG

EGGS.

Some Observations on an Important and Popular Subject.

Eggs are handled as a side line by the average chicken. In the fall and early winter, when the price of eggs rises like the mercury in July, says Roseleaf, the hens take advantage of the bankruptcy law and cease production, evidently storing their product for future delivery. A home-grown "strictly fresh" egg in November is almost as great a curiosity as a sheep with golden fleece. In the spring, when the price seeks a lower level, hitting the bottom with a sound of falling clouds in the graveyard of poultryman's hopes, the hens immediately get busy and violate all union rules by working overtime. In winter eggs are eaten for breakfast by the immensely wealthy and those in moderate circumstances who desire to take a short cut to the poorhouse. Eggs may be used equally well in the kitchen for making cakes and breads, and in the poultry yard as a mold for making egg-cakes. In poultry books a poultry yard is a gold mine. In real life it is a gold mine without the gold. Some poultry experts call the hen an "egg-producing machine." All that is necessary is to turn 333 varieties of feed, together with a little charcoal, grit and oyster shells, into the machine and the finished product is eggs.

Eggs are used by the country lass to write her address on so that it may be found by a strong young truck driver in the city when he eats the egg soft-boiled nine months later. Before so much attention was paid to the storage houses by pure food experts the message was sometimes years in reaching its destination. By this time the maid had sighed in vain for the city Galahad and had married Jim Jones' son, who owned the eighty next to her father.

A farmer can get more eggs out of chickens than anyone else can. Some farmers with a hundred chickens can sell a hundred dozen eggs a week, "all laid by my own fowls and guaranteed fresh," from house to house. The price of eggs varies from 40 cents to 60 cents a dozen when bought from a farmer to \$1 a single egg when raised by the city dweller in his back yard. Eggs may be eaten fresh and not so fresh, the egg itself offering the strongest objection to being eaten.

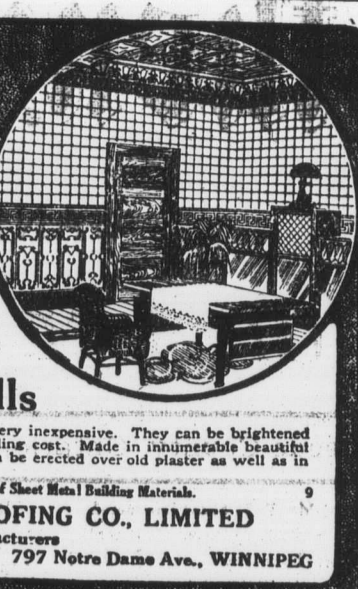
PAT AND MOLLIE.

Dog and Girl Are Friends of the Babies.

Pat and Mollie understood each other. Pat is a dog and Mollie is an only child, and both Pat and Mollie are interested in babies. They are good friends in the same way. It is a good thing for a dog to have a purpose in life. Many people wonder how animals get along without any purpose, but few people guess that most animals, especially dogs, have some very decided interest, and occupation that does them very well. It is also a good thing for a child to have brothers and sisters, and many people wonder how some children get along without such incumbences. They would not get along at all if it were not for the neighbor babies.

Mollie wanted a brother or sister for Christmas, and was disappointed. She was disappointed again on her birthday. Then she heard of babies being left on doorsteps, and for two or three weeks she got up very early in the morning to look over her and the neighboring doorsteps. It is pretty certain that if a baby has been left on the steps of any house in the block it would have been in the paper that it had been left on Mollie's step, because she would have appropriated such a baby without question. It was while she was out looking for a baby one morning that she met Pat, and they seemed to understand each other at once. It is probable that Pat said to her: "It's no use. I've been all over the neighborhood. There is not a baby in sight. I'll let you know when I find one."

Pat seems to have a genius for finding babies. He can see a gcart blocks away, and it is funny to see him hurry to it and look inside to



COLICKY CHILDREN

Colicky children can be promptly cured by Baby's Own Tablets, because these Tablets act directly on the stomachs and bowels and cleanse them of all impurities. Concerning them Mrs. James C. Slat, Summerville, N. S., writes: "I have used Baby's Own Tablets and am glad to say I have found them an excellent medicine for colic and loss of sleep." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

PILES CURED at HOME by New Absorption Method

If you suffer from bleeding, itching, blind or protruding Piles, send me your address, and I will tell you how to cure yourself at home by the new absorption treatment; and will also send some of this home treatment free for trial, with references from your own locality if requested. Immediate relief and permanent cure assured. Send no money, but tell others of this offer. Write to-day to Mrs. M. Summers, Box P. S. Windsor, Ont.

EXCHANGE COIN.

Canadian Silver at Detroit to be Returned at Par.

Detroit residents and Windsor people are constantly exchanging visits. Since the first-named city, on the United States side of the Detroit river, is much the larger of the two, it gets the greater share of the trade that much Canadian silver has accumulated there. It is estimated that the Canadian Government, through the receiver-general at Ottawa, has concluded an arrangement to provide for the return of the coins. They will be accepted from Detroit banks at par in packages of \$100 and more, and in Canada where a silver change shortage exists. It is estimated that there is at least \$150,000 in Canadian silver coin in Detroit. How much American silver coin there is in Windsor is not known, but the two communities have many things in common.

THE OPEN ROAD.

(Memphis Commercial-Appeal)

The American people are always willing to pay to see others exercise and neglect to exercise themselves. In Germany, on Sunday, even in these war days, may be seen a procession of boots, rouch, and children in hobnailed shoes, running suits, dragging in their hands about walking sticks, making their way to railroad and trolley cars, that they may be transported quickly to the outskirts of the city, where their walking expedition begins. They carry lunch with them and remain from early morning until sundown. This no doubt accounts for the sturdy of the men of the day. We are not essentially a lazy people. We imagine that we have no time for the open road. We have no time for the open road. It will do every one good. It will give renewed energy and vitality. Try walking these sunny days, and watch the benefit you will enjoy late on.

"UNSINKABLE" BOATS.

(Pittsburg Gazette-Times)

Alas, that unsinkable theory is now proved to have been just a myth, as happened with the Titanic. Seemingly built and anyway a mere landsman's not capable of arriving at judgment to the contrary when master craftsmen in marine construction still confess they have not achieved perfect safety. The power to destroy keeps in advance of the ability to withstand and to defend.

THE BLESSING OF HEALTH.

(Ottawa Evening Journal)

Undoubtedly of all things that help to either happiness or success whether in man or woman, in marriage or any other life, is good health. Sometimes sadly fate or circumstances defeat possibility of health; but often health can be achieved and kept by effort and self-control even when nature or conditions have been generous. And it is tremendously worth fighting for.

For You—a wonderful Book on Farm Drainage FREE! Do you know you can take as much crop off 100 acres properly drained as you can off 200 acres not drained and save half the labor? It's a fact. Do you know that proper, inexpensive tile drainage assists pulverization—lengthens the season—prevents surface washing—makes your land lighter to work—prevents drought and increases the quantity and improves the quality of your crops? Why not have us send you, today, free of charge, a very interesting booklet on this subject? Much to learn—nothing to pay. Don't neglect anything that will help you grow better, bigger crops. Proper drainage means as much as two dollars in profit on every acre that goes there now, and the Government leads you wherever for the tile if desired. Write us today. Mention this paper. Your book is waiting. Dominion Sewer Pipe Co., Limited SWANSEA, ONTARIO

THE INCONSISTENT SEX.

Down the long street the women came. In all ten thousand strong. "Give us the vote," their banner read. "We've asked you over-long."

The man in the street gave a glance of scorn. He turned away his head. "Go to your home and attend to your kids. You shame your sex," he said.

The legislative hall they passed. The leader came to see. "Give us the vote!" he read in scorn. "Give you the vote? Not me!"

"I'll cast no vote against the home. For women I reverse. The needless glare of public life is not for her that's clear."

And then that night we went to a "show." And the man in the street went, too. And they cheered and clapped the chorus girls. Who pranced for their review.

They clapped their scanty, flashy dress. They clapped their ribald song. They clapped the noisy, crazy dance. They clapped it loud and long.

"Good show," they cried, "and pretty girls." And out the house they thronged. And never a man among them all asked where those girls belonged.

To try to explain it I can't and won't. The problem is too complex. And yet—I wonder that men call us The inconsistent sex. Octavia Roberts.

ROSE TO THE OCCASION.

Attorney Thomas C. Britismade doesn't object to a good story, even if it's on him. He tells this one: "The other day an old colored man came sauntering up to me in my yard, where there was a big pile of rubbish. 'Morning, John,' I said. 'Mornin', Marse Tom. Don't you want that rubbish hauled away?' 'What'll you take?' I asked. 'Dollah a load, an' I think it'll take jes' about two loads.' 'I'll give you 75 cents a load,' I told him. 'You remember me, do you, Marse Tom?' 'Why, sure, John.' 'Well, you remember when I was up for shooting craps an' you pleaded my guilty in police court?' 'Sure,' I said. 'An' yo' 'ucharged me \$10, an' I never said a doggone word!' 'John hauled the rubbish at \$1 a load, and he made three loads of it.'—Cleveland News.

LIQUOR AND MORPHINE HABITS

Are diseases, not vices, and therefore curable. Patients are given my personal care and receive their treatment in ordinary hospitals as ordinary medical cases. D. H. ARNOTT, M. D. 226 Queen's Ave., London, Ont.

RICHEST ISLAND ON EARTH.

"Java has a population of more than 40,000,000. It is a Dutch possession and the richest island on earth," says a man who has spent the most of his life there. "The governor-general has nine palaces in different parts of the island and from one to the natives of Java yields to the natives of the other islands, like Flores, where the inhabitants are savages, mostly head hunters. Borneo is the largest island in the south sea, but its population is small compared with that of Java.

King's Counsel.

King's counsel differ from all other English lawyers. King's counsel are appointed by patent from the Crown, on application from the lord chancellor, and can act as judges as assize when named in the commission. They have in many ways precedence over other lawyers and rank among themselves according to seniority. The robes of king's counsel are of silk instead of stuff like those of ordinary barristers. It is the established rule of the profession that no king's counsel shall conduct any case without the employment of a junior counsel.

Fighting the Rat.

The greatest enemy of man is man and next to him perhaps the rat. He is incredibly cunning. He can live in any climate. He sails the sea in ships. He forages in the open fields or burrows through walls and intrudes into the home. Man himself is no harder than the rat, and in the matching of wits against wits the rat has up to this time been the victor. He augments every famine in the world. If the depredations of rats could be prevented the cost of living certainly would be lowered. Active as he is in famine, the rat's most spectacular co-operation with death lies in his co-operation with pestilence. The study of method for the extermination of rats should be financed on some basis which will make it permanent. It is a fight which have not yet been adequately waged notwithstanding the fine abilities of the doctors who are fighting the rats in combating the bubonic plague. The business needs specialists.—Farm and Fireside.

Muensterberg Mastered.

Dad (dim the light is) Why, Marjorie, how dim the light is here! Freddy (the fiance, not a college graduate in vain)—Yes, sir, Professor Muensterberg has a theory that brilliant light benumbs the intellect. We are experimenting to find the degree of illumination by which the attention is kept vivid and the mental functions active.—London Standard.

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OUR ARTILLERY DID GOOD WORK IN YPRES FIGHT

Lieut.-Col. Morrison, Formerly of Hamilton, Tells of Canadian Guns in Big Battle.

PROUD OF THEM

Our Soldiers Stood the Gaff Better Than Many of the Regulars.

Ottawa Despatch—The first detailed account of the work of the Canadian artillery to reach the Dominion has arrived in the form of a letter from Lieut.-Col. E. W. B. Morrison, formerly director of artillery at the Militia Department, and now commander of the First Artillery Brigade. The letter is dated May 1, when the artillery had been in continuous action for ten days, and coming from the pen of a former well known newspaper man (for Col. Morrison was at one time editor-in-chief of the Ottawa Citizen) and prior to that a Hamilton newspaperman) is one of the best "eye-witness" reports of the fighting which has been received.

The feature of the narrative is the information that half of the first infantry brigade, under Gen. Mercer, of Toronto, and one battery under Col. Morrison were all that filled the gap a mile and a half wide after the French troops had been forced to retire before the German gas attack. The letter follows: "I am writing in the trenches under a heavy shell fire, but we are not firing ourselves this morning, and I thought it might be interesting to put on record the experiences and service of the little old First Brigade in this terrible battle, which has now lasted about ten days and nights, as nearly as we can keep track of time. "You know how I have always predicted that when 'Der Tag' came our gunners especially and all our Canadian soldiers would show the world some fighting that none but the 'Scotch could equal.' You all used to laugh at me, but my expectations have been fulfilled. "But to return to my own brigade. When the French were routed on that Thursday afternoon northeast of Ypres—I think it was April 2—we were going forward from Poperinghe to the trenches before Ypres. Two half batteries under Lt.-Col. MacLaren, of Ottawa, were already in the trenches with the second and third Canadian brigades near St. Julien. I was on the road with a battery and the ammunition column two miles west of Ypres, and the first and fourth batteries, under Major Rawlston and Major Sharman, were at Poperinghe, preparing to come up. "As I approached Ypres tremendous firing could be heard about two miles to our half left, and it seemed to be coming nearer, preceded by a great cloud of dust and smoke. It was about 5.30 in the afternoon. I halted my column and rode ahead to reconnoitre. I had not gone half a mile when I saw a broken troop of French streaming across country ahead of the dust cloud, mounted and on foot. "Then came ammunition wagons without artillery, horses with men on them but no guns behind them, baggage wagons, infantry in broken groups and singly, all heading towards Poperinghe. "CITIZENS IN FLIGHT. "I rode back and selected positions for my guns beside the road and waited, expecting every minute to see the Germans following the shells that were following the retreating French and beginning to flash near us. There came the saddest sight of all, the miserable inhabitants of Ypres, chiefly women and children and very old men, streaming along the road, many of them wounded, many mere young ones who had broken along with the soldiers, partially asphyxiated soldiers, ambulances, traction engines, staff officers in facing motors trying to get to the front, behind all the town of Ypres beginning to blaze in the thickening gloom under a hail of shell fire, but ever in the region to the northeast the steady roar of a battle. It almost seemed for a time as if my column would be swept by the back rush to the rear, but we closed up tight and stemmed the tide of misery and panic. My men were as cool as veterans—a great deal cooler than many veterans I have seen. "I had communicated with headquarters, and we had orders to stand fast. Worst of all was the anxiety as to what had occurred. We were eventually compelled to leave the road and take a position in the field beside the road, and the stream of fugitives continued. "At 3.30 a.m. orders arrived to advance rapidly and support a counter-attack by General Mercer's brigade of infantry along the canal on the north side of Ypres. It was early dawn. We went forward on the rush and with 'King' (Col. Morrison's horse) I scouted the position quicker than he ever did at Petawawa. You would think he knew what was happening. "I had just got my one battery in on the canal bank when Mercer's brigade was ordered to advance. Later we found that his two regiments and my one battery were all that filled in the gap that the French troops had left in the line, about one and one-half miles wide. "Our infantry went forward as same as wild cats, and my four guns did their best to give them adequate support at 2,000 yards' range. "The infantry reached the foot of

the ridge at what is now known as Hill 29, and held on.

HELD THE GAP.

"In the afternoon they were reinforced by the 13th battalion of infantry, and my first and fourth batteries arrived and dug in emplacements. Sections from the second and third Canadian brigades also reported to me, so that when the second attack took place I had 16 guns in the firing line. This attack lasted till dusk and was a bloody affair. "Mercer's two regiments were supposed to be in support of the British brigade, but they also charged, and part of the fourth battalion, under Lieut.-Col. Decker, of London, were the only troops to actually reach the ridge. During the night they had to be withdrawn. "Mercer's regiments and the British brigade were then withdrawn to Wetjete and their places taken by a division of French troops, and my guns were sent under the French general commander from Ypres to the point on the canal leading north, where the Germans had gotten across. "Since that for ten days we have been firing about 150 rounds per gun per day, supporting French attacks on the ridge, subjected day and night to a grueling from 17-inch, 12-inch, and 3-inch shells. "Of the men actually engaged with the guns I have already lost over 50 killed and wounded, and about the same number of horses killed, though the latter are a mile in the rear. "My men are standing the gaff splendidly. Whatever may happen, I think Canada can depend we will finish in style."

GOOD GAINS AT DARDANELLES

One Report Has Fort Kildid Bahr Silenced.

Strong Positions Still to be Overcome.

London Cable.—Steady progress by the allied troops on the Gallipoli Peninsula is reported, although they apparently have not yet captured the Turkish positions which bar their way to the Narrows of the Dardanelles. A roundabout message by a news agency stating that the fortifications at Kildid Bahr at the end of the Narrows nearest Constantinople have been silenced is not given credence. "An unofficial despatch reports the landing of fresh troops on the Asiatic side of the straits—a move designed, doubtless, to prevent the Turks from sending any more reinforcements from the eastern to the western side. "Correspondents of Italian newspapers are arriving at Athens with the intention of following the operations of Italian expeditionary corps in the Dardanelles. "The following review of recent operations at the Dardanelles was given out today by the Official Information Bureau: "The following has been received from the Mediterranean force: "General Cox's brigade repulsed with heavy loss an attack on his position made on May 12. The following day a double company of Gurkhas advanced over half a mile. The ground thus won was consolidated during the night in spite of very strong counter-attacks. "On May 16 the Lancashire territorial division made considerable progress during the night, and on the following night advanced further. The same day our howitzer battery, with the aid of aeroplanes, blew up the ammunition wagons of the Turkish heavy howitzers, and later made a direct hit on one of the guns in front of the Australian and New Zealand army corps. The enemy trenches and a new gun emplacement were demolished by howitzer fire. "Every day sees an improvement in the Anglo-French position. The enemy are reported as having lost very heavily. "A telegram from Salonika says the Germans have lost 43 officers and 600 men in fighting at the Dardanelles during the last six days. In the vicinity of Constantinople trains have been stopped owing to the shortage of coal. No food supplies are reaching the city, and distress is increasing.

DR. DERNBERG

Will Not be Given Safe Conduct by Britain.

Washington, Despatch—When Dr. Dernberg, Germany's unofficial spokesman in this country, leaves the United States he probably will not carry any safe-conduct from the British Government. "It has been announced at the German Embassy that Dr. Dernberg has decided that the time has come for him to leave this country, and it became known also that he desired a safe-conduct from the British Embassy to guard him on the return voyage to Germany. "The State Department has not officially requested the British Embassy to grant such a safe-conduct for Dr. Dernberg, and it now seems to be likely that the request never will be made. Action by the State Department was conditional upon assurance that the request would be favorably received, and information now at hand indicates that the British Government is not disposed to entertain any request for a safe-conduct. "It is probable, therefore, that the matter will never be taken up, and the German representative will be left to his own devices as to where he will go and how he will do so.

PARIS FRENCH WAR CREDIT.

Paris Cable.—Minister of Finance Ribot introduced in the Chamber of Deputies today a bill providing for \$1,000,000,000 francs—(\$20,000,000,000)—an addition appropriation for the first six months of 1915. Parliament already has voted 8,500,000,000 francs (\$1,700,000,000) for these appropriations.

COALITION IS SETTLED FACT IN ST. BRITAIN

The House Has Adjourned and Union Cabinet Will Form Ere It Reassembles.

FISHER STAYS

First Sea Lord Appears to Have Won Out Over Winston Churchill.

London Cable.—The formation of a non-partisan Cabinet for the period of the war is an established fact. The spokesman for the two great rival parties, Premier Asquith and Andrew Bonar Law, made statements to the House of Commons to-day confirming the reports of a coalition Ministry which several newspapers launched yesterday. "The Prime Minister said that nothing had been definitely arranged, but three things were certain—that the Prime Minister and the Foreign Secretary will continue in office; that no change in contemplated in the policy of the country in prosecuting the war with all energy, and that the reconstruction of the Cabinet will not mean any surrender by persons or parties of their political purposes. Andrew Bonar Law, in endorsing this statement, said: "Our sole consideration is what will be best for finishing the war successfully. "The belief is prevalent that Baron Fisher, First Sea Lord, although he has tendered his resignation, will be retained in his present position until he is made the new First Lord of the Admiralty. The Cabinet's sanctioning of the first naval attack on the Dardanelles was the cause of the trouble between Baron Fisher and Winston Spencer Churchill. The Sea Lords did not approve of this attack or any attack on these fortifications without support from land forces. "Speaking in the Guildhall to-day at the meeting called to thank the colonies, Mr. Bonar Law, referring to the Government, said: "Such a combination would be useless, and perhaps worse than useless, except as a means to a combination of the nation—a nation organized from top to bottom for the purpose of ending this war. "The Labor party decided at a meeting this afternoon to accept Premier Asquith's invitation to be represented in the new coalition Government. Arthur Henderson will join the Cabinet. William Braze and another labor member will be appointed to minor posts in the Government. "Parliament adjourned to-night until June 3. Before its next meeting the new Cabinet will be formed and the first act of the Cabinet will be to challenge a vote of confidence from the House of Commons to demonstrate its position as representing the whole of the nation, and to express confidence in Premier Asquith, who explained the Government's position to them. The Conservatives also held a party council. "FISHER AT HIS DESK. "Lord Fisher, First Sea Lord of the Admiralty, was in his office at the Admiralty to-day, which was taken to mean that the Government had refused to accept his resignation, making inevitable the departure from the Admiralty of Winston Spencer Churchill, First Lord of the Admiralty. It is believed by many that Mr. Churchill was given the Marquis of Crewe's portfolio at the India Office, or that he will succeed Mr. Harcourt as Secretary of State for the Colonies. Mr. Churchill is a major in the Territorials, and it would cause little surprise if he should prefer the fighting line to a Cabinet position, which would give him no opportunity for his aggressive nature. "The Conservative members of Parliament are reported to consider eight Cabinet members as their share, and Andrew Bonar Law, Opposition leader in the House of Commons; A. J. Balfour, J. Austen Chamberlain, the Earl of Curzon, Lord Selborne, F. E. Smith, the Earl of Derby and Walter Hume Long are regarded as certain. "The Labor members have decided to support Arthur Henderson for a position. It has been an article of the Nationalist faith that no member of that party should serve in the British Government, but John Redmond will have an opportunity to break precedents if he will consent to do so, and thus have the Cabinet embrace all the parties represented in the House. "The Daily Mail, however, says that it has learned that John Redmond has declined an offer of a place in the coalition Cabinet. "While Opposition newspapers have been advocating a national Government, most of them pay tribute to the ability and the effort of the Asquith Cabinet.

AFTER GERMAN PUBLICATIONS.

Ottawa Despatch—Customs officers at all ports of entry in Canada have been notified by the department to exercise greater vigilance toward the exclusion of German publications. The entry of these publications has been prohibited under the proclamations relative to trading with the enemy, but some are finding their way in by mail and express. Special reference is made to a book entitled "Für Vaterland Und Ehre" or "For Fatherland and Honor," which is said to have been distributed extensively through Ontario by a St. Louis publishing firm.

KAISER'S ESCAPE

Russian Big Shell Killed the Emperor's Chauffeur.

Geneva Cable.—The German Emperor and his staff had a narrow escape on Sunday while watching the operations in a village near the River San, in Galicia. According to a despatch from Budapest, a heavy shell burst 50 yards away. It fell among some automobiles, including the Emperor's, and killing his chauffeur. The Emperor had left his car only fifteen minutes before. "As more Russian shells were falling in the neighborhood, the Emperor and his staff left hastily in machines which they commandeered.

BRITAIN THANKS THE DOMINIONS

Guildhall Meeting Praises Troops of the Colonies.

Premier Asquith and Bonar Law the Speakers.

London Cable.—The thanks of Great Britain to those dominions and colonies that have contributed so lavishly in men and money, at the same time acquitting themselves with the valor of the Canadians in France and the courage of the Australians on the Gallipoli Peninsula, were voted at a great meeting in the Guildhall this afternoon. "Premier Asquith and Andrew Bonar Law, the Opposition leader in the House of Commons, were the principal speakers. The Premier was unstinted in his praise of the overseas support of the motherland. "We no doubt are gathering in the hour of trial the fruits of a wise and far-sighted imperial policy," Mr. Asquith said. "It is safe to say there is no part of the British Empire that would suffer annihilation rather than become subject to any other sovereignty. The colonies have rallied to our standard to defeat the machinations of an enemy who has violated every law of God or man and gone down step by step to the depths of unmeasured infamy. That enemy has mobilized against itself all the powers and influences that are at the back of the free spirit of free men. Let us never for a moment forget what we are fighting to achieve, and still more what we are fighting to avert. "But war isn't fought with spiritual weapons. Never was an increasing flow of men and munitions more necessary, and the present situation demands a steady and unsleeping organization of all the material forces of the community. "SIR GEORGE PERLEY'S SPEECH. "Acknowledging the resolution on behalf of Canada, Sir George Perley said: "We have in Canada, as in the other dominions, complete autonomy within our borders, but we naturally look forward to the day when we shall have a voice in all matters of common interest to the whole Empire. The announcement that the dominions will be consulted before terms of peace are arranged produced a splendid impression in Canada. Our people would no doubt have been disappointed if such a course were not followed. "Three days before war was actually declared Canada offered to send troops and make every necessary sacrifice. Why did we do this? Canada is naturally a peace-loving country, needing all her energies to develop her immense natural resources. We live in amity and friendship with the great American Republic, but we want to hand down our great heritage unimpaired to our descendants. It has been said we came to the assistance of the mother country, but I say we are fighting because the British Empire is at war, and we are proud and willing to do our share to protect her rights and liberties. "Canada spoke for herself at Ypres. After all our hopes and fears we know the Canadians acted as a whole as the Dominion expected and proved themselves worthy of the two great pioneer races from which they are sprung. We in Canada also realize and applaud the magnificent bravery of our brethren from the other dominions as well as from India and the crown colonies."

CONSCRIPTION

Under-Secretary of War Warns the Commons.

London Cable.—Replying to a demand from several members that compulsory military service should be adopted, Harcourt said in conclusion, Secretary of State for War, said in the House of Commons this evening that the British Government was fully alive to the necessity of mobilizing all resources for the successfully conduct of the war. "There were a number of persons, he added, who did not realize the gravity of the situation, but the House should weigh well all considerations before it made any attempt to embark on a system of compulsory service. It would only be with reluctance that the Government would embark upon such a policy. "The Government, however, Mr. Tennant said in conclusion, realized that such a step might become necessary. He appealed to the House not to press him to make any announcement. "An official announcement by the British War Office, in connection with the appeal by Lord Kitchener, Secretary for War, for more men for the army, states that it has been decided that recruiting during the war shall be accepted up to the age of 40 years, and that the weight well all considerations before such recruits shall be five feet 2 inches for infantry. This decision applies also to enlistment into the territorial force.

SHORT ITEMS OF THE NEWS OF THE DAY

Britain is Using All Suitable Vessels Captured From the German Merchant Marine.

TWO SUB. VICTIMS

U. S. President Will Await German Reply Before Protesting to Other Nations.

Several war front pictures featured the salon exhibition in Paris. The magnificent new \$75,000 Y. M. C. A. building at St. Thomas has been opened. "The cases of twelve American vessels have been settled by the British prize court. "Great Britain has issued another Blue book dealing with the commencement of hostilities. "Tuesday evening the body of a female child, badly decomposed, was found in the River Moira at Belleville. "The Provincial License Board have cut off licenses granted in Hamilton, London and Essex County. "The jury in the case of the death of Christian Shoup, of Walsingham, placed the blame upon Emerson Shelley. "John Tolmie, ex-M.P., was unanimously nominated by North Bruce Liberals in convention at Tara, as Federal candidate. "The 90th Regiment, Winnipeg Rifles, has offered a second battalion to replace to that extent the losses at Langemarck. "A fire in the rear of the Bobcaygeon Independent printing plant, also a Chinese laundry. The buildings, owned by Mrs. M. A. Bonnell, were insured. "Fire destroyed the store and stock of Jos. W. Coffey, cigar merchant and pool room, St. Thomas. The loss is about \$4,000, covered by insurance. "Collingwood citizens in a two days' campaign contributed more than \$12,500 to the Canadian Patriotic Fund, and have already given \$2,000 to the Red Cross work. "Sir Rodmond Roblin, ex-Premier of Manitoba, stated that there was no understanding with Premier Norris to stay the Manitoba Royal Commission investigation. "The trawler Lucerne was sunk by a German submarine forty miles off Rattray Head Wednesday. The crew of the trawler was landed at Aberdeen. "All steamships captured from the Germans, which are capable of use, are being utilized by the Government, it was announced in the British Commons by Chancellor Lloyd-George. "With the exception of a troublesome cough, the condition of King Constantine of Greece, who is suffering from pleurisy, was said to be favorable. His temperature was given as 101. "Ontario's production of gold, nickel and iron ore increased during the first three months of the year, but the output of silver, copper, pig iron, cobalt and nickel oxides substantially decreased. "Judge A. B. Klein, for twenty-two years Junior Judge of Bruce County, is promoted to be Senior Judge, vice the late Judge William Barrett, and A. M. Craig, K. C., of Almonte, is appointed Junior County Judge of Bruce. "An explosion on a large gasoline launch en route from the American Soo to Drummond Island resulted in the death of two men by drowning. The dead are: Jacob Hautha, forty years of age and August Lempinon, twenty-five. "President Wilson will await a reply from Germany to the recent American note before making further representations to the allies on alleged violations of international law in their commercial embargo on Germany. "The bill to amend the British North America Act, to permit increased senatorial representation in the western provinces of Canada, after the next Federal election passed through the House of Lords and received the royal assent Wednesday. "The British Admiralty reports that the British steamer Dumfries was torpedoed at 11.30 o'clock Wednesday morning. All hands were saved. It is added that the steamer is still afloat twenty-five miles southwest of Hartland Point.

GERMANS BRING UP NEW FORCES OF MEN AND ARTILLERY.

BAD WEATHER HAMPERS OPERATIONS IN THE WEST.

London Cable.—The Daily Mail's correspondent at Amsterdam cables that the Germans have held the allies in check just beyond the east bank of the Yser Canal by bringing up large reserves of men and artillery. He says that all the big guns of the Germans on the Belgian coast except their aircraft pieces have been transferred to the Yser, while all the land troops at Bruges, equipped with new rifles, have gone with them. "Paris, May 25.—Today seems to have been the quietest for some time along the battle front, the bad weather conditions having made all operations practically impossible. The only engagement of consequence was an attempted attack against Bois-le-Prete by the Germans

which was repulsed. Otherwise there were unimportant artillery duels. "The official communication issued by War Office to-night says: "Very inclement weather prevailed and there has been no action during the day on any part of the front. "The Germans last night attempted an attack in the Forest of Le Prete, but were immediately checked by our fire."

WHAT GERMANS CLAIM.

Berlin Cable.—The following announcement was made to-day at the War Office: "On the eastern bank of the canal north of Ypres fighting developed in our favor. A French attack against the southern part of Neuville broke down under our fire, with the heaviest losses for the enemy. "In the Forest of Le Prete the French attempted to break through shortly before midnight, but were held back by our artillery."

CASUALTIES OF THE CANADIANS

THIRD BATTALION

Unofficially Reported Prisoners of War. "Lieut. Gerald Elliot D. Greene, 38 Hampton Court, Toronto; Major Peter Anderson (formerly 9th Battalion), Edmonton, Alta.; Major Arthur James E. Kirkpatrick, 99 St. Clair avenue west, Toronto; Lieut. Douglas Gordon Allan, 31 Dunbar road, Toronto; Capt. Baptist Leonard Johnston, 49 Woodlawn avenue, North Toronto; Capt. John Everett L. Streight, Islington, Ont. "Wounded. "Frederick Richard Ivey, Victoria, B.C. "Wounded and Missing. "Arthur Talbot, Maniwaki, Que. "Sick from Gas Fumes. "Arthur Thomas Abraham, Valdes Island, Vancouver, B. C. "Unofficially Reported Prisoners of War. "Major Percy Byng-Hall, England; Captain Robert Valentine Harvey, England; Captain Thomas Venables Scotland; Channel Islands; Lieut. Edward Donald Bell, London, England; Lieut. Philip Joseph Lewis, England; Lieut. Henry Charles Victor MacDowall, Victoria, B.C. "EIGHTH BATTALION. "Dangerously Ill. "Alexander Clifford Lytle, Belfast, Ireland. "Sick From Gas Fumes. "Corp. Nathaniel Gray, Ireland; Henry Caunter, England; Matthew Eiland Brady, Dublin, Ireland; Claude William Gray, England; Harold Edward Fulker, England; James M. Colville, Scotland; Malcolm Murray, England; Christopher Hendle Greenwood, England; Albert Towers, England; Walsend Williams, England; Arthur Fenn, 2,021 Gallagher avenue, Winnipeg; R. Coleman Dyer, South Que.; John Levine, 300 Jarvis avenue, Winnipeg; Louis Stephen Le Moine, 174 Magnus avenue, Winnipeg; George Peacock, Kenora, Ont. "TENTH BATTALION. "Unofficially Reported Prisoner of War. "Lieut. Thomas Claude Fryer, London, Eng. "Wounded. "John Drysdale, Lethbridge, Alta.; W. H. King, Calgary, Alta.; Sergt. Arthur Newton Martin, Youngstown, Alta. "PRINCESS PATRICIAS. "Died of Wounds. "Wm. C. Perkin (formerly 28th), Derby, Eng. "Wounded. "Joseph P. Mohan, Belfast, Ireland; John Astwood (formerly 23rd), London, Eng.; John Lawrence Gardner (formerly 28th), Manchester, Eng.; Isaac Luke (formerly 28th), Wales; Roy Lambert Wheeler (formerly 28th), North Vancouver, B.C.; L. Salisbury, Reynoldsstone, Ont.; Warren Douglas Hilder (formerly 30th), Woodstock, Ont.; Wm. Heath (formerly 33rd), Point St. Charles, Montreal; George Alfred Carson (gunshot in leg), Regina College, Regina, Sask. "SECOND FIELD ARTILLERY BRIGADE. "Missing. "Gunner Wesley C. Swain, Sherbrooke, Que. "FOURTH BATTALION. "Dangerously Wounded. "Pte. Wm. A. Longmuir (formerly 9th Battalion, previously reported killed in action), Liverpool, Eng. "Wounded. "Pte. G. Patterson, Sunderland, Eng. "SEVENTH BATTALION. "Wounded. "Corp. Edward Chas. Francis Allen, Beccles, Eng. "THIRTEENTH BATTALION. "Wounded. "Pte. Michael Pagram, London, Eng. "FIFTEENTH BATTALION. "Died of Pneumonia. "Pte. Jos. Dunn (prisoner of war at Camp Gottenberg), Gosport, Eng. "DIVISION CYCLIST COMPANY. "Wounded. "Pte. James O'Hara, Antrim, Ireland, "DIVISIONAL SUPPLY COLUMN. "Dangerously Ill. "Sergt. Cecil Thomas Perks, Stornbridge, Eng. "The soldiers say they have discovered a gun 300 to 400 miles wide. And yet we suppose it doesn't look any lighter to an astronomer than a ten-spot does to most people. —Houston Post.

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

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Chas. H. Fletcher

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They are a specific for the distressing disorders to which the female constitution is liable.

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If you know the paint and varnish you are using on your house or in your home are made by the same maker in the same sure, careful, painstaking way as the paint used on iron bridges, steel buildings, railroad cars and automobiles, we believe you will have more confidence in them.



E. J. PURCELL, Agent

MEAT BONES.

Many Ways in Which They May Be Utilized as Nourishing Food.

One of the food experts of the United States department of agriculture says that almost any meat bones can be used in soupmaking and if the meat is not all removed from them the soup is better. But some bones, especially the rib bones, if they have a little meat left on them, can be grilled or roasted into very palatable dishes.

The "sparerib" of southern cooks is made of the rib bones from a roast of pork and makes a favorite dish when well browned. The braised ribs of beef often served in high class restaurants are made from the bones cut from rib roasts. In this connection it may be noted that many of the dishes popular in good hotels are made of portions of meat such as are frequently thrown away in private houses, but which with proper cooking and seasoning make attractive dishes and give most acceptable variety to the menu.

An old recipe for "broiled bones" directs that the bones (beef ribs or sirloin bones on which the meat is not left too thick in any part) be sprinkled with salt and pepper (cayenne) and broiled over a clear fire until browned.

Another example of the use of bones is boiled marrowbone. The bones are cut in convenient lengths, the ends covered with a little piece of dough over which a floured cloth is tied and cooked in boiling water for two hours. After removing the cloth and dough the bones are placed upright on toast and served. Prepared as above, the bones may also be baked in a deep dish. Marrow is sometimes removed from bones after cooking and seasoned and served on toast.—Pittsburgh Press.

RICHEST ISLAND ON EARTH.

Yet Java, With Its Amazing Crops, Hardly Pays the Dutch.

"Java has a population of more than 40,000,000. It is a Dutch possession and the richest island on earth," says a man who has spent most of his life there. "The governor general has also palaces in different parts of the island and a regiment of soldiers to escort him from one to another. Two-fifths of the sugar of the world is produced in Java. Labor costs little or nothing. The natives work for something like \$2.50 a year. The principal products are sugar, cotton, rice, castor nuts and citronella. Of the total population there are probably 30,000,000 Javanese, and the rest are Chinese and Portuguese. The white population numbers about 150,000, mostly Dutch, and there are few Americans. The immensity of the production of Java may be estimated from the fact that the internal revenue is nearly \$200,000,000.

"Notwithstanding the big population, the richness of the soil and the great productivity Java is hardly a paying possession to the Dutch. It takes all that Java yields to pay the expenses of fighting the natives of the other islands, like Flores, where the inhabitants are savages, mostly head hunters. Borneo is the largest island in the south sea, but its population is small compared with that of Java.

"Under the conditions of civilization it is surprising, perhaps, that the standard of morals among the natives is high, yet it is a fact. Violation of the marriage contract is almost unheard of."—Washington Post.

Thoughtful Dog.

They were swapping dog stories. Abern Morgan had "all the best of it" with his yarns of the extraordinary intelligence exhibited by a collie belonging to his uncle. The others grew restive. Finally Job Perkins deemed the moment appropriate wherein to spring a tale that would cap all the others.

"That was a purty clever dawg, Ab," drawled he, "an' I make no doubt he was jest as knowin' as you let on; but, say, he wasn't a marker to a dawg my old man owned. Boys, the devotion of that dawg to the old man was shore amazin'. Onct he heard the old man say he was pressed for money, so he went an' died the day before the dog tax was due!" — St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

King's Counsel.

King's counsel differ from all other English lawyers. King's counsel are appointed by patent from the crown, on application from the lord chancellor, and can act as judges of assize when named in the commission. They have in many ways precedence over other lawyers and rank among themselves according to seniority. The robes of king's counsel are of silk instead of stuff like those of ordinary barristers. It is the established rule of the profession that no king's counsel shall conduct any case without the employment of a junior counsel.

Self Government.

We are not propagandists. Wherever other systems are preferred either as being thought better in themselves or as better suited to existing conditions we leave the preference to be enjoyed. Our history hitherto proves, however, that the popular form is practicable and that with wisdom and knowledge men may govern themselves.—Webster.

Falling Straight Ahead.

Jay Green—I had a ride in my cousin's automobile while I was up t' the city. Aaron Allred—Ye did? How'd seem? Jay Green—Waal, it felt a good deal like fallin' into a mighty deep well, only ye dropped straight ahead instead o' downward.—Chicago News.

He Heard.

Diner—I've forgotten what I wanted to order and I had it on the tip of my tongue. Waiter—What did you say about a tip, sir?—New York Journal.

Make Your Wife Bartender

To the married man who can't get along without his drinks, we suggest the following as a means to freedom from bondage of the habit. Start a saloon in your own house. Be the only customer. You will have no license to pay. Go to your wife and give her \$2 to buy a gallon of whiskey and remember there are sixty-nine drinks in one gallon. Buy your drinks from no one except your wife, and by the time the first gallon is gone she will have \$4.90 to put in the bank and \$2 to start business again. Should you live ten years and continue to buy booze from her and then die with snakes in your boots she will have the money to bury you decently, educate your children, buy a house and lot, and marry a decent man and quit thinking about you.—Exchange.

School Examination Dates

The Department of Education has sent out to school boards and teachers throughout the province the dates for the midsummer examinations. The examinations for the Junior High School entrance and the Junior Public School graduation, will be held during the week from June 16 to 23. The Junior Public School examination in Manual training and Household Science comes on June 16, elementary science and art on the 17th and English grammar and Canadian history on the 18th. On June 21 the entrance examinations in composition and spelling and the graduation examinations in algebra and composition will be held; next day arithmetic and literature examinations will be held for both, while on the 23rd will be held the entrance examinations in English grammar, writing and geography and the Public School graduation examinations in bookkeeping, spelling and geography. The examinations in oral reading will be taken on any day of the week from 4 to 5 o'clock.

Dam Carried Away

Early Saturday morning the dam at the Smith's Falls Electric Power Co's power house was carried away, whether by force of water or defective masonry is not yet made clear. One huge portion of the wall, which will weigh twenty-five or thirty tons, was carried a distance of nearly a hundred feet, and for over forty feet the wall was torn away, at one point being seventeen feet high and eight feet high and eight feet wide at the base.

It is a very serious loss to the company, necessitating a large expenditure in rebuilding the dam, on which work was commenced almost immediately. The accident closes off the water power entirely and until the new dam is completed steam power will have to be used.

Many people visited the scene of the accident and were amazed to note the extent of the damage.

Beekeepers' Field Day

Next to doing a thing yourself, the best way to learn is to see it done. It is one thing to sit in some convention room and hear a man tell how he manages his bees; it is far better to go with him into the apiary and have him show you. That is what you will have a chance to do at the apiary of Alex. Mills, Merrickville, (Village) Thursday, June 3rd, 1915 at 1.30 p.m. sharp.

A qualified apiary instructor sent by the Ontario Department of Agriculture will show how to examine hives for disease, and will actually put a colony through the treatment for cure. Other manipulations will then be shown, such as finding the queen, removing bees from supers, operating to prevent swarming, etc., etc.

Prominent local beekeepers will be asked to take part and assist in the discussion of practical questions. These apiary demonstrations are being held all over Ontario, and it will be well worth your while to attend one.

Ladies are especially invited, and are all advised to bring bee veils so they can come right out into the apiary with comfort.

PLUM HOLLOW

May 18—The Ladies' Aid met at the home of Mrs M. Stevens on Tuesday.

Mrs N. K. Benedict is gaining after her recent illness.

Miss Susie Palmer is confined to her home through illness.

Mr Isaac Barber remains about the same.

Mr Arthur Davies has returned to Toronto.

Mrs Wright is visiting friends in Gananoque.

Mrs Charles Burt is visiting at the home of her parents, Mr and Mrs J. R. Wiltse.

May 24—Mr Alex Sherman was stricken on Tuesday last with creeping paralysis and was removed to St. Vincent de Paul, Brockville, where his condition is very serious.

Mrs Chas. Burt and her mother, Mrs J. R. Wiltse, have gone to Smith's Falls.

Miss Susie Palmer is gaining after her illness.

Mr Philip Stevens is confined to his home through illness.

The Merchants Bank of Canada

NOTE THE FOLLOWING

Paid Up Capital	\$7,000,000
Reserve	7,248,134
Total Assets (30th Nov. 1912) over	84,000,000

Your DEPOSITS are SAFE in the MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA.

MONEY LOANED on favorable terms.

Seven Branches and Agencies in the district. CHEESE FACTORY cheques cashed a par on all local branches, and at BROCKVILLE if desired. Number of branches in Canada 228.

Sub-Agencies at Frankville and Addison—open every Wednesday.

ATHENS BRANCH JOHN WATSON, Manage

JUNETOWN

May 18—Miss Lizzie Patterson, Brockville, was the guest of her sister Mrs Norris Ferguson on Friday and Saturday.

Mr and Mrs Chas. Truegdel, Mallorytown, were visiting at Mr James Purvis'.

Wm. Inkum, who had been quite ill with appendicitis, has recovered.

Mr and Mrs Leslie Latimer and little daughter, of Lansdowne, were visiting at Mr Jacob Warren's on Saturday.

Master Stuart Tennant, Caintown, spent the week end with his grand parents, Mr and Mrs Jas. Purvis.

Mr and Mrs Eli Tennant, Mr Thos. Franklin, Mr W. H. Ferguson, Mr Ross Purvis and Rev W. W. Purvis spent Thursday last in Brockville.

Mr and Mrs Leland G. Warren and little son Donald, of Brockville, spent the week-end with relatives.

Mr and Mrs Claude N. Purvis, Lyn, were visiting at Mr James S. Purvis' on Thursday.

Mr and Mrs Jacob Warren are visiting their son Mr L. G. Warren, Brockville.

Mr and Mrs George Veck and little daughter Phyllis, of Lansdowne, were guests of Mr and Mrs John Herbison on Tuesday.

May 25—Mrs Hannah Horton of Lansdowne is visiting relatives here.

Mr and Mrs Vincent Booth, Lyn, were guests of Mr and Mrs J. D. Bigford on Sunday.

Miss M. M. Purvis, Brockville, spent the week-end at her home here.

Mrs J. A. Herbison was visiting at William Summers, Mallorytown, last week.

Mr and Mrs Wm. Eaton, Lyn, spent Sunday at Mr Eli Tennant's.

Miss Mary Warren, Rockfield, is visiting Miss Fern Warren.

Eli Tennant had the misfortune to break both bones of his leg while unloading milk at the cheese factory on Saturday morning.

Wm. Hunt, Mallorytown spent Sunday at Wm. Flood's.

Mrs Zaccheus Purvis, Lyn is visiting relatives here.

Miss Orma Mulvaugh, Athens, spent the week-end with her parents here. She was accompanied by her friend, Miss Stewart.

Miss Addie Baile, Brockville, spent Sunday with her brother, Chas. Baile.

A large number from here spent the 24th of May pleasantly at Charleston Lake.

Mrs George Darling who has been seriously ill at the home of her daughter, Mrs Wm. Cain, is improving.

Mrs Roy Atcheson, Brockville, is visiting her parents, Mr and Mrs Geo. Green.

Mr and Mrs George Cartwright have moved to Mallorytown.

Miss Evelena Price spent the week-end at her home, Mountain Grove.

Mrs W. G. Johnson, Lansdowne, is the guest of Mrs Chas. Pierce.



This is the Farmer's Year in Canada

It will be a Year of Profits because Farm Products will be high.

Part of these extra Profits will be expended in Farm Improvements, painting buildings, etc., and the wise farmer will make very sure that the B-H "ENGLISH" label is seen on every can of paint that he buys.

B-H "ENGLISH" is the only paint that contains as its base: -70% of Brandram's B. B. Genuine White Lead and 30% of Pure White Zinc.

A Guaranteed Formula of Best Materials.

Call in and see us about Painting and Painting Problems.

THE EARL CONSTRUCTION CO.
ATHENS, ONTARIO

THE ATHENS REPORTER
PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION
To Canadian points—\$1.00 per year in advance. \$1.25 if not so paid.
To United States—\$1.50 per year in advance. Transient or legal advertisements inserted at the rate of 10 cents per line for first insertion and 5 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.
Business notices inserted in local columns for 5 cents per line every insertion.
No advertisement published for less than 25 cents.
Small advt. card per year, such as Societies, Business, etc., \$4.00.
All advertisements measured by the scale of solid nonpareil, 12 lines to the inch.
Advertisements without special directions will be inserted until forbid and charged accordingly. Subscriptions may commence with any issue. The paper will not be discontinued unless notice is given. No subscriptions will be cancelled unless all arrearages are paid.

T. T. SHAW, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

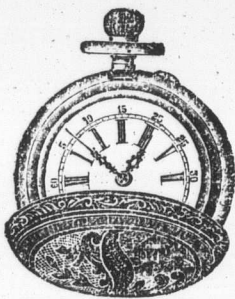
NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS

Now that we have assumed control of THE REPORTER, published at Athens, Ont., it is quite necessary that subscription accounts be adjusted. All accounts for subscription as the dates appear on the label of the paper you receive this week, are due and payable to me and we respectfully request a prompt settlement. Many are in arrears both in the United States and Canada, and should be settled. The subscription price to any part of Canada is \$1.00 per year and to the United States \$1.50 per year, both payable in advance. It costs us 52c a year to send a paper to the U.S., thus the subscription should be paid in advance. Kindly keep this in mind and remit amount you owe at once.

Yours truly,
T. T. SHAW

An Old Tom

The matter of applying stamps to notes, etc., is not a new method. We had the privilege of examining a note in the possession of Mr. D. Kippen, Perth, and which had been issued 44 years ago. The face value of this note was \$2991.91, and called for 90 cents worth of stamps. It was a purely Canadian transaction between parties in Arnprior and Almonte. At this time, the stamps were applied according to the amount of face value.—Courier.



Watches, Clocks, Jewelry

Cut Glass, Silverware and Kindred Lines . .

Strictly High-Grade Goods and the prices surprisingly low.

Repairing of Watches and Clocks given prompt attention.

ATHENS AGENCY

R. J. Campo - Main St.

VICTORIA DAY

EXCURSION

Single Fare Good going and returning May 24th

Fare and One-Third Good going May 22nd 23rd 24th Return Limit May 25th

CONVENIENT SERVICE

To Toronto, Port Hope, Cobourg, Trenton, Picton, Belleville, Deseronto, Napanee, Yorkton, Kingston, Brockville, Smith's Falls and Ottawa, and intermediate points.

By Canadian Northern Railway

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

General Change of Time

Sunday, May 30th, 1915

Departures from Brockville

6.30 a. m. Daily except Sunday
2.40 p. m. Daily
7.30 p. m. Daily except Sunday

Arrivals at Brockville

10.15 a. m. Daily except Sunday
1.00 p. m. Daily
9.55 p. m. Daily except Sunday

GEO. E. McGLADE
C.P.R. CITY AGENT
52 KING STREET, BROCKVILLE

NATIONAL HYMNS.

Inspiring Anthems of the Great States of Europe

SING THE PRIDE OF COUNTRY.

Patriotic Airs of Austria, Russia, France, Germany, England and Norway

The Austrian national anthem is one of the finest in existence. It was composed in 1797 by that great national composer, Haydn, who is chiefly known to concert goers by his magnificent oratorio "The Creation," in which occurs the splendid and florid chorus, "The Heavens Are Telling." The anthem was based upon an old national song, but Haydn made it a thing of beauty. It is the only national anthem composed by a musician of the foremost rank.

But the song which is sung in cities by civilians is not always, or indeed, generally, the one sung by the soldiers who have to bear the brunt of battle and siege and march. The battle song of the Austrian soldier is "Prinz Eugen der edle Ritter," which tells how the noble cavalier, Prince Eugene of Savoy, laid siege to and captured Belgrade from the Turks in 1717. It ought to be a good song for the purpose, for it was actually written in the trenches before Belgrade.

Probably the most stately national anthem is the Russian. Its very title, "God the All Terrible," seems to strike a heroic strain. Sung by a great mass of peasant soldiers with simple fervor its effect is grand in the extreme. Played upon the great organ in the cathedral at Moscow it sounds like a prayer. Not only are the words very poetical, but the tune is forceful and haunting.

Of course the greatest of all war songs pure and simple is unquestionably "The Marseillaise." What memories it has clinging to its fervidly patriotic words! It was the song of the French revolution and did more to bring down the dynasty of the Bourbons than half a dozen army corps. It was called by the name which still is universally applied to it, because the men—and women—of Marseilles, the port of the Mediterranean, marched all the way to Paris, singing it as they went. Its first fruits were reaped a few days after their arrival, when the hated Bastille fell to its straits. It is now the national anthem of republican France.

In Germany no patriotic song has been sung with such fervor as the famous battle hymn of the Germans, "Die Wacht am Rhein" ("The Watch on the Rhine"). It was written in 1940, but remained practically unknown until the outbreak of the war with France, when it was sung by every soldier and every man, woman and child throughout the German empire. "The Watch on the Rhine" was to Germany at that time what "The Marseillaise" was to France—a soul stirring composition which made men eager to take up arms and fight for the cause which they thought was right.

England's national anthem is a Georgian product and originally opened with the words, "God bless great George, our king." It has been honored by Beethoven with seven variations for the piano, and it is introduced into his "Battle Symphony." On the whole, perhaps, the tune to which is sung "God Save the King" has probably the largest circulation of any tune in the world. Then there is "Rule, Britannia," which was composed by Dr. Arne, the English musician, who wrote several operas. "Rule, Britannia," was included in the "Masque of Alfred," a musical farce produced in 1740.

Just as the Austrian national anthem is the only one set to music by a great composer, so the Norwegian anthem is the only one whose words were written by a real poet. This was Bjornstjerne Bjornson. On one occasion he was asked when he got the greatest pleasure out of his fame as a national poet. He replied: "It was when a delegation from the Right came to my house in Christiania and smashed all my windows. Because when they had done all the damage they could and were starting home again they felt they ought to sing something. So they began to sing, 'Yes, We Love This Land of Ours.' They could do nothing else. They were obliged to sing the song of the man whom they had attacked."

Singularly enough, the country which has the best variety of patriotic anthems is the country which has had less warfare than any other, the United States of America. Her songs are fine.

The real national anthem of America is "My Country, 'Tis of Thee," and it is sung to the same tune as "God Save the King." But perhaps the real, genuine, rock bottom anthem of America, after all, is the famous "Yankee Doodle," which has the great advantage of being a real marching song, which not only helps to keep the men's spirits from flagging, but also helps to keep them in step. A band playing "Yankee Doodle" would take a regiment ten miles farther than any other tune—London Tit-Bits.

How, indeed?
"Luke McLuke says umbrellas will last longer if you oil the joints."
"How does that keep a person from stealing the umbrellas?"—Exchange.

All substances known attract all others by a force totally unknown—namely gravitation.

DELICIOUS ACCESSORY.

How to Use Flaming Fruits with Ice Creams and Cold Puddings.

Burning fruits, or, literally flaming fruits (des fruites flambees), as an accessory to ice cream or cold puddings are a French novelty which Canadian hostesses are adopting. There is something just a little daring in the process, which appeals to many women, and by preparing the branded fruit in a small chafing dish at table it is possible to introduce an interesting feature just at the close of the meal.

Any of the seasonable small fruits, such as red raspberries or cherries, are suited to this use, and larger fruits, peaches, plums, pears and apricots, cut in medium sized bits may be used in the same way. The fruit is covered with equal parts of brandy and kirsch, the lamp of the chafing dish lighted and the mixture stirred gently as it cooks, sugar being sprinkled in from time to time. When hot apply a match to the liquor and have the dish passed while the contents are flaming. It will be found that the hot sauce does melt the frozen pineapple shell at the last moment. The shell of a large grapefruit holds sufficient for two portions, and the burning fruit sauce is so served at a restaurant noted for its French novelties of service.

When the burning fruit is to be served at a dinner party it is a pretty idea to have the mold of ice cream placed on a large platter with individual sponge cakes at intervals as a border. By previously removing the inside of the little cakes there will be sufficient room for a generous portion of the branded fruit, which should be flaming when brought into the dining room. Each guest takes one of the fruit filled cakes with a portion of the cream.

The same idea may be carried out with a rich and ice cold rice pudding or with a mold of Bavarian cream. When fresh fruits are not obtainable, canned or preserved fruit, drained from their juices, will answer the same purpose, and unique methods of serving will easily suggest themselves to the hostess who is searching for novelties.

Gave Orders to the King.

Shortly before the European conflict broke out the King of the Belgians, one of the most democratic European monarchs, spent a few weeks in Switzerland. At Terriert the King and Queen were motoring. His Majesty was driving, and there were no attendants. The Queen went into a shop to make some purchases.

The King was standing by the car reading a newspaper when a woman tourist came out of the shop, jumped into the car, which she mistook for a public conveyance, and bade the monarch to drive her quickly to her hotel. "Certainly, madam," said the King and deposited the woman at the hotel.

Accounts vary as to whether the King accepted or did not accept any fare.

In the meanwhile the Queen had come out of the store and was surprised to find that her husband and the car were absent. However, they speedily returned, and their Majesties laughed over the incident together.

Only the "Effects."

On one of the western rivers some years ago the steamboat F. X. Thompson ran on a snag and was sunk. It settled in the water in such a way that only the initials of the name painted on the side of the boat showed above the surface. The wreck was regarded with much interest by the passengers on the next boat that went up the river. One of them, more curious than the others, hunted up the captain.

"Captain," he asked, "do you know the name of that steamboat?"
"Yes, sir," answered that officer. "That's what is left of the F. X. Thompson."
"What happened to her?"
"She seems to have sunk."
"But what do you suppose was the cause of her sinking?"
"The cause?" said the captain. "I don't know, sir. All we can see is the F. X."

Saw Him.

Ebenezer Holcombe had a 1,200 pound hog which he had exhibited in a tent at the fair for three years, charging 10 cents admission.

One day a traveling man who was passing through the town in which Mr. Holcombe lived called at the house and asked if he might see the hog of which he had heard so much. Ebenezer proudly led the way to the hog house, but at the door he turned. "Cost you 10 cents," he drawled.

The visitor took a dime from his pocket, passed it to the farmer and turned back.
"Why, you ain't seen the prize hog!" called Ebenezer.
"Yes, I have," retorted the traveling man. "I've seen him," and continued his walk back to the country store.

Reply to German Savants.

British men of science and professors in all branches of learning at the universities have combined to frame a reply to the German professors who recently denounced Great Britain as the instigator of war.

Among the more striking passages are the following:
"One point we freely admit. Germany very likely would have preferred not to fight Great Britain at this moment. She would have preferred to weaken and humiliate Austria, to make Serbia a dependent of Austria, to render France innocuous, and Belgium subservient, and then, having established an overwhelming advantage, to settle accounts with Great Britain. Her grievance against us is that we did not allow her to do this."

No Danger.

The Lady—"I'd buy you a nice pearl handled knife for your birthday, but I'm superstitious. I'm afraid it would cut our friendship."
The Man—"Cheer up! No knife a woman buys could ever cut anything."

CONSIGNMENT SALE

OF DAIRY CATTLE AND HORSES

will be held at the Chamberlain Farm, 2 miles north of

ATHENS

—on—

SATURDAY, MAY 29, 1915

CATTLE—One Carload of Milkers and Springers, consisting of grade Holsteins, grade Ayrshires, a few pure-bred Holsteins and fatted calves. Cows ranging from 3 to 7 years and of excellent quality.

HORSES—A few heavy blocks and mares in foal, also a few good drivers.

OTHER ARTICLES—1 set light double harness, 1 reversible buggy and cutter pole, cistern pump, etc.

TERMS OF SALE

Cash preferred. However, on amounts over \$10.00, three months credit will be given on approved joint notes bearing interest at 7 per cent per annum.

Consigned by owners

Auctioneer—S. Hollingsworth

CAINTOWN

May 18—Mr and Mrs H. W. Powell of Brockville spent a few days at their old home here.

School is progressing favorably under the management of Miss Boyd of Lyn.

Miss Edna Wilcox is now visiting at B. E. Poole's.

Mr Holmes Morrow is engaged to work for J. L. Scott.

Some of the young people from here attended church in Ballycanoe Sunday evening.

Mr and Mrs R. R. Graham of Guelph are spending a few weeks with the latter's mother, Mrs Nancy Tennant.

Some from here went to Brockville on Tuesday to attend the Dollar Day.

Mrs M. Moore and Fred spent one day in Athens last week.

George Stride of Poole's Resort spent Sunday at Graham Bros.

Hanna—Green

A quiet wedding took place at Wal Street Methodist parsonage, Brockville, on Wednesday, May 19. Rev. A. E. Rannels, B. D., performing the ceremony. The contracting parties were Miss Phoebe Irene, daughter of Mr and Mrs Geo. Green, of the Tincap, and Sherwood Ross Hanna, a prosperous young farmer of Lyn. The bride, who was suitably gowned in a tailor-made suit of navy blue, was assisted by Miss Esther Earle, of Lansdowne, while Mr Clark Slack of Lyn, supported the groom. Mr and Mrs Hanna will reside at Lyn.

PHILIPPSVILLE

Seeding of small grains is done and a number of farmers have planted their corn and some have had to replant as the cold weather has rotted it in the hill. Others are waiting but a few are planting hoping that corn weather will come soon.

Pastures and meadows are getting a great growth for this time of year and we do not remember seeing such a great growth of clover.

Fall wheat is looking fine.

Cows are giving a fine flow of milk.

Cheese is a big price and still some farmers are not satisfied because some of the things that they have to purchase are up in price too.

E. A. Whitmore has had a retaining wall built at his residence.

A King's new barn is assuring mammoth size, three stories high.

Miss S. Dunham had one of her lovely shade trees cut down. Its disappearance has spoiled the look of the corner.

Mrs J. W. Chant, Harlem, came to visit her little grandson at her daughter's.

Wm. Chant, who had his leg broken at school, was taken very ill and for some days his life was despaired of but the doctor has hopes for his recovery.

The 24th passed off very quietly. Some of the young people visited the lakes and others spent the day enjoyably, visiting friends.

The stone crusher is in the vicinity of the village.

The road between this place and Delta is in first-class shape. The Township is having the work done.

The little son of Wm Chant asked his dad if he was going to die. "If I do dad, I want you to lick that kid, and if I get well, I'll lick him myself."

SOPERTON

May 24—Born to Mr and Mrs Geo. Gray on Sunday, May 16, 1915, a son.

Several of our young people spent Victoria Day at Jones' Falls, while others picniced at Cedar Point on Upper Beverly.

Miss McConkey left on Friday on a visit to her daughter, Mrs Justus of Winchester.

Born—to Mr and Mrs C. E. Frye, on Thursday May 6, 1915, a son.

Mrs E. J. Saffel is recovering from her recent critical illness.

Miss Adaline Jarvis, Athens, spent Victoria Day at her home here.

Soperton friends were shocked to learn of the death of the late Miss Fanny Berney and sympathy is extended to her bereaved sisters.

Kingston's Board of Education has launched a great campaign in the city to obtain 100,000 bandages for wounded soldiers.

Eaton's GROCERY

is the place to get the finest quality of Rolled Oats, Rolled Wheat and other popular breakfast cereals, also a great variety of general groceries, including confectionery, at attractive prices.

Eaton's RURAL PHONE

OVER 65 YEARS EXPERIENCE!
PATENTS
TRADE MARKS DESIGNS COPYRIGHTS &c.
Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the Scientific American.
A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms for Canada, \$1.75 a year, postage prepaid. Sold by Munn & Co. 361 Broadway, New York Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

CHARLESTON

A great many attended the funeral of the late Miss Fanny Berney at Oak Leaf on Saturday.

Mr Wilfrid Yates and sister Miss Joanna, were week-end visitors at Mrs C. Slack's.

Miss Fanny Hudson has gone to Brockville to spend a few weeks.

The 24th passed quietly. Quite a crowd gathered as usual while some from here spent the day at Jones' Falls.

Miss Sarah Hudson has returned from Brockville to her home here.

The Foster farm was sold by auction at Foster's hotel on Tuesday evening, R. Foster being the purchaser. The price paid was \$4500.

Miss Beatrice Hudson and Master Marcus Hudson, Brockville, are holidaying with their aunt Miss Sarah Hudson.

There are quite a number of guests at Foster's hotel at present.

Little Miss Elva Spence had her lip cut quite badly while returning from school on Tuesday by being struck with the sharp edge of a nail in the hands of one of the boys.

Mr Thomas Foster, Brockville, was a visitor here last week.

Mr and Mrs Boulton, Lillies, were week-end visitors at Geo. King's.

M. J. Kavanagh and B. Slack made a trip to Portland on Thursday.

Handy Helps for Spic and Span Homes

Of course, you are going to "Paint Up" this spring. There's the bedroom, parlor or dining room wall to be re-finished.

There are Floors to be painted, stained, varnished or waxed. There's the Oil Cloth or Linoleum to be made Spic and Span.

There's the Furniture and Woodwork to be brightened.

Here are six "SPIC AND SPAN" FINISHES that we can freely recommend for this work:

- "NEU-TONE" Flat Tints for the walls
- "WOOD LAC" Varnish Stains
- "MARBLE-ITE" Floor Varnish
- "LIQUID WAX", for hardwood floors
- "SENOUR'S FLOOR PAINT", the old reliable
- "VARNOLEUM", to beautify and preserve Oil Cloth and Linoleum.

We know that these Finishes are the best of their kind. They are "Made in Canada"—and we guarantee that you will be perfectly satisfied with the results you get when you use any, or all, of them.

You'll soon be putting up Pickles and Preserves. You'll need labels for the jars. Come in and get a set of Fruit Jar Labels—printed and gummed. We give them free to our friends.

Earl Construction Co. Athens, Ont.

Comfort and Cure for Baby's Skin Troubles

Dr. Chase's Ointment Cured When Baby's Body Was Covered With Distressing Eczema.

If every mother could try Dr. Chase's Ointment for the chafing, skin irritation and resulting eczema which troubles so many babies, what a blessing it would be for the little ones.

This letter will give you an idea of what a wonderful work this Ointment is doing in the way of bringing comfort to children who are so unfortunate as to contract eczema. It is so easy for this trouble to develop from chafing or irritation caused by the clothing and so difficult to get it cured, that Dr. Chase's Ointment is appreciated when once its healing qualities are known.

Mr. M. L. Duclos, Postmaster, Dug, nayville, N. B., writes: "I believe it is my duty to recommend Dr. Chase's Ointment as a cure for eczema. My baby was seized with eczema and his face and arms were covered with this terrible disease. After trying all sorts of ointments the disease continued to

spread until it covered the entire body. When the itching became bad he would scratch himself and was sometimes found in his cradle covered with blood. Hearing about Dr. Chase's Ointment, I bought two boxes and before this was all used the child was cured. That was a year ago, and there has been no trace of eczema since. I recommend Dr. Chase's Ointment to all who suffer from eczema as being the best treatment in the world for itching skin diseases."

Dr. Chase's Ointment is for sale by all dealers at 60 cents a box. It is a good idea to keep it at hand along with the bath soap to be used for roughness of the skin, chafing or irritation. Prevention is so much better than cure. Powders clog the pores, but Dr. Chase's Ointment cleanses the skin and thereby keeps the skin soft and smooth. Sample box free if you mention this paper. Edmondson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

A GIFT OF A SOUL

The others nodded approvingly. Then Pierre, pouring some wine into his tin cup, raised it and said:

"To your health, my friends."

"They all raised their cups and gravely repeated:

"To your health."

And after they had drunk some boiling hot coffee and some excellent rum, without wasting any more time at table they rose and each one set about his work. The day passed with incredible swiftness, and in the evening the cutter entered the port of Bastia. On the following morning, the Board of Health having given permission, the crew of the little vessel made ready to land. Agostino, following Pierre, made him sit beside him in the forepart of the boat. It seemed to him as if he wished to play the part of host and make him welcome to his country. He pointed out to him the various places of interest of the town; the Place St. Nicholas, which overlooks the sea; the Boulevard de la Traverse, a rich and populous quarter, the convent of Saint Roch on the heights, the citadel, and the ruins of the ancient djonas, destroyed by the cannons and by fire, during the wars against the Genoese. Framing in this amphitheatre of houses extending from the sea-shore half-way up the mountain, were gardens, green and flourishing, where the orange-trees and mimosa shed around their exquisite perfumes. Above the town the brushwood, the short and dry vegetation, which covers the sides of all the mountains of Corsica, and constitutes what is called le maquis—broom, heather, juniper, mastic, and small fir-trees, that, finding on the rock hardly sufficient earth for their roots to cling to, offer an asylum which is almost impenetrable to fame and to hands. On the summits of the mountain are fine groves of beech-trees, the wealth of the country, plundered by the peasants, and destroyed by the shepherds, who burn them to make pasture land. All this Agostino told his preserver while the boat sailed by the mole of the Dragon on its way to the quay.

Arrived at the foot of the steps they disembarked, and Pierre, a little dizzy, found himself once more on terra firma. He still wore his coat, his coarse woolen trousers and his coarse shoes. He had left behind his other clothing, ruined by the salt water, and brought with him only his money and his watch. On the quay he looked at himself in the window of a tavern, and with the bandage covering his forehead, he fancied he had the air of a genuine brigand. He seized Agostino by the arm and stopped him.

"Where are we going at such a rate?" he said.

"To breakfast in the first place," said the young man, "and then to our village. We have a week's holidays while we are waiting for other goods."

"Well, then, come breakfast with me. Afterward you will show me the way to an inn."

"Won't you come with me to our village?" said Agostino, in a trembling voice. "I had promised myself to make my mother kiss you."

"I would go with you very willingly," said Pierre, laughing. "But you have forgotten that I promised the captain to remain his Saint Laurent for him. What is promised must be done."

"You are right," said Agostino, sadly. "But how long will it take you to do the work?"

"The whole of to-morrow morning."

"So that to-morrow evening you will be ready to accompany me?"

"Yes, certainly."

"Then I will wait for you. Meantime I shall go and engage the carriage of Father Anton. In that way you will make the journey more comfortably."

"Very well, it is settled then."

They soon reached the inn of Santa Maria where Agostino was held in high favor on account of the excellent lands, snuggled from France and Italy, which he brought there every year.

Installed in a room on the ground floor, Pierre was able, for the first time in three days, to examine his situation and reflect upon his future course. On the one hand he expected a profound sleep at the prospect of returning to France. On the other he was loath to lose another

where, where they raise vegetables for the market of the neighboring town, and I let them want for nothing. Ah, they will love you dearly when they know what you have done for them."

The painter smiled as he thought of the grateful affection of these poor people. "I shall not be a restraint upon them for long," he thought. "I will soon get away. After a day spent in the village a guide can conduct me across the mountain, for I do not care to remain by the sea coast, in the low country. I want to see the Corsican in his rude state, the maquis and the brigands. If there are sketches to be made, they must be taken in the neighborhood of Bocognano, the holy land of the vendetta. I have twenty loaves in my pocket-book, and in my portfolio a note of a thousand francs saved from the waves. That is more than I need to live a couple of months in this primitive country in the midst of these people who have no wants. And when I have no more money I shall have my profession. I shall paint portraits, for a hundred sous a sitting—that will take me back to my youth."

The carriage, having crossed the bridge of San Pancrazio, rolled along the precipitous road between rows of century-old cypresses. The sun was sinking below the horizon, reddening the mountain with his last rays. Agostino turned into a little path, along which he drove, whistling gaily, like the blackbirds of his country. At the end of a few hundred yards he stopped before the wall of an enclosed piece of land, and jumped to the ground. A large dog, which had appeared at the sound, barking with a ferocious air, rushed between the young man's legs, now barking joyfully. An old woman and a little girl made their appearance in the orchard, and ran to him with open arms. Agostino embraced them with effusion, and then pushed them toward his preserver, telling them of his adventure, in the Corsican patois, with incredible volubility. Pierre, seated with open arms by these people, overwhelmed with their gratitude, drawn into the whirlwind of their extravagant joy, licked by the dog, embraced by the mother and the children, soon found himself installed in the house, a very modest one, but exquisitely clean, seated at the family table, and experiencing a feeling of tranquil satisfaction to which he had been a stranger for many months.

He retired early, thanking his hosts for their hospitality, rose late on the following morning, visited the surroundings of the house, made the acquaintance of the brother-in-law of Agostino, who was a great hunter, and his sister, who was a notable housewife, played with the little Marietta, who ever since the evening before had been watching him with her piercing black eyes, disclosing her white teeth in a smile, but showing rustic timidity whenever she approached him.

Night came with surprising rapidity, without Pierre's having done anything more than live. Alone in his room, stretched on the fresh corn mattress, he smiled at himself.

"Here I am leading the innocent life of a shepherd," he said, "and resolved to become a new man, morally and mentally. What would my companions and friends say if they could see me indulging in these idle dreams? They would say that the Madonna, in whom everyone here believes so firmly, has visibly protected me. Pierre Laurier, my boy, you were on a bad road. By a miracle, you have

been led to safety. Profit by the favor that Providence has shown you, enjoy the years that are left you, and turn them to account, working up to the present. You have had little chance of doing. You have been better treated than you deserve. Be thankful for it."

He fell asleep in the midst of these sage reflections, and dreamed that he was painting a picture in which the evil genius had the fascinating and satanic features of Clemence Villa, and the good genius the angelic ones of Juliette de Vignes. Then on the canvas appeared the image of Jacques, with his blonde locks and his melancholy eyes. Clemence approached the sick man and speaking to him with animation, in a low voice, drew him toward her slowly, encircling him with her arms. The young man grew paler, his glance became more melancholy, his lips more pallid than before. Then the gaze of the painter wandered to Juliette, and he saw that she was oppressed with a mortal sadness. Her hands were joined together in the attitude of prayer, and it was not for her brother alone she prayed. Another name also was on her lips, and Pierre divined that it was his. He would then have rushed to her to reassure and console her, but the arm of Jacques was interposed to prevent him, and these words fell from his lips:

"You have bequeathed to me your soul. You belong no longer to yourself. You have not the right to return to life."

Then Pierre stopped, and gradually the picture vanished from his gaze, and he saw only the little Marietta with her black locks flying wildly, who, in the pastures shaded by ancient trees, watched her goats. The night passed in these troubled dreams, but when he awoke Pierre recovered his calmness and set out for the chase with Agostino and his brother-in-law. The days passed, and at the end of the week the sailor informed him that he must return to his vessel. He was to be away for three weeks, and counted on finding his preserver here on his return.

Pierre was already at home in the family of Agostino. These humble peasants showed for him a sincere affection, such as he had not often met with. As he was not more than half inclined to leave them, he allowed himself to be persuaded to remain to paint the portrait of the little goat-keeper, and in these peaceful sur-

roundings, in the midst of the luxuriance of nature, his recovered inspiration blossomed with a new grace and power. He worked every day until four o'clock, and in the evening he joined the family circle, which was increased by the brother-in-law who came after dinner every day with his wife.

The mayor of Torvevecchio, a violent Bonapartist, having learned that a painter was staying in the village, had ventured, accompanied by the cure of the parish, to go and request Pierre to restore the paintings on the walls of the church, which were the work of an Italian master and which were interesting, dating from Genoese occupation of the country. Laurier had accepted the task and content with retouching the defaced portions of the mural paintings of the little church, had undertaken the decoration of the chapel of the Virgin recently constructed. Absorbed in his work, amusing himself with hunting and fishing, without a moment to spare, he had returned so completely to his old self that he now never thought of the past. It would have made him blush with shame if any one had reminded him that one summer night, when the breeze was laden with fragrance, and the soft murmur of the sea and the splendor of the heavens bore witness to the harmony that reigned in the universe, a certain Pierre Laurier had contemplated killing himself, for the wicked eyes of a woman who made his life miserable. He would have shrugged his shoulders, lighted his pipe, and declared that there was only one thing in the world worth striving to—get the values in a figure in the open air. And he looked over the top of his palette through his half-closed eyes at little Marietta, who, seated on a chestnut-log in the garden, her feet resting on the green grass, her dog beside her, was posing for him, proud to be his model.

Agostino came back from his trip to Leghorn, but went away again a few days later. Pierre seemed to have accommodated himself to his new life and talked no more of leaving the country. He had sought at Bastia some necessary articles of furniture for the house, the arrival of which aroused the liveliest curiosity among the villagers. They could readily distinguish the difference of station between the painter and his hosts. The mayor and the cure had both declared that Pierre was a superior man. His manners showed him to be city-bred. His generosity would seem to indicate that he was rich. Who was he? Pierre was evidently only a Christian name. Was he trying to conceal his identity? And if so, why?

The mayor, piqued by curiosity, proceeded quietly to investigate the matter. The prefect of Ajaccio had already received a message from the sub-prefect of Bastia, to the effect that a mysterious visitor from the mainland lived in the house of a humble family of Torvevecchio, that he painted wonderful pictures on the walls of the church, and that although everything about him indicated him to be perfectly honorable, it would yet be interesting to find out who he was. The authorities, however, were less ceremonious. They simply sent a gen-d'arme to ask the stranger for his passport. Fortunately the gen-d'arme took it into his head to stop at the mayor's office on his way in order to tell the mayor the object of his mission. The latter seeing that his intrigues were about to lead to an unbearable intrusion of the police on the privacy of one for whom he entertained particular consideration, took the gen-d'arme, who was not to blame in the matter, to task about it, and sent him back to town with a letter for the prefect, thus sparing Pierre, who was quietly pursuing his work, suspecting nothing, a visit from the police. So that after all, Pierre's identity remained undiscovered.

Pierre had now been about two months at Torvevecchio, hunting, fishing and painting, and he had finished, not only the portrait of Marietta and the painting in the church, but also two genre pictures, when one day, during his absence on a visit to the silver mines of Cabor, a carriage coming from Bastia deposited at the inn of Torvevecchio two travellers, accompanied by their servants, who called for breakfast. The innkeeper, being asked as to what there was of interest to be seen in the country, mentioned the paintings of the church, and the younger of the travellers, whom his companion called "Doctor," went to look at them.

Pausing before the picture of the Resurrection, which at once attracted his attention, he examined it with profound attention, and seeing the cure crossing the nave of the church, he said to him:

"You have here, Monsieur le Cure, a very valuable work, by a French artist, evidently, for the artist who painted this is assuredly not an Italian."

"You are right, Monsieur," said the priest, "he is a Frenchman."

(To be Continued.)

KNOWS THEM, NOW.

Busy Man, While Ill, Grew Friends With Family.

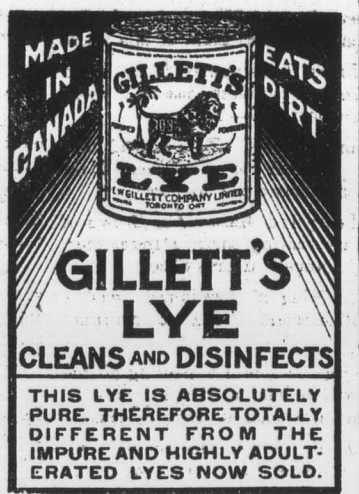
"Well, I'm glad to see you back, said the customer as he shook hands with the fat little customer. "Had a pretty bad sleep, didn't you?"

"It didn't," affirmed the customer, "if anybody asks me, I'll tell 'em having your appendix sliced off is no joke, and it costs a sight of money. But that spell in the hospital did some good to me besides relieving me of my appendix and my money. I found out some things I didn't know before."

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"Best of all, I had a chance to get



been led to safety. Profit by the favor that Providence has shown you, enjoy the years that are left you, and turn them to account, working up to the present. You have had little chance of doing. You have been better treated than you deserve. Be thankful for it."

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STARVATION OR MERCILESS TORTURE

A choice between starvation or merciless torture is the dismal prospect before all victims of indigestion, for although they are in need of food to nourish the body, they are afraid to eat because of the long periods of pain and discomfort that follow even the lightest of meals.

The urgent need of all who suffer from indigestion is to gain strength so that the stomach can extract nourishment from the food taken. Pain after eating is the way the stomach signifies its protest that it is too weak to do nature's work. To take purgatives is only to aggravate the trouble. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills give new strength to weak stomachs because they enrich and purify the blood supply, thus enabling the stomach to digest food naturally. Almost from the first the appetite revives; then food can be taken without pain and the burden of indigestion disappears. The following case proves the truth of these statements. Mr. W. H. Silver, a well-known farmer living in the vicinity of Henford, N. S., says: "For upwards of seven years I was tortured with indigestion; sometimes I was so bad that I would not taste a bit of hearty food, but would have to content myself with a bit of stale bread. At times I suffered excruciating pains in my stomach, and could hardly sleep at night. I tried various prescriptions but got no benefit from them and naturally I was in a very reduced state of health. I had come to believe that I was doomed for the balance of my life to this most constant torture, when I read of a case similar to my own cured through the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. This gave me new courage and I decided to try them. To make a long story short, the use of the Pills for a couple of months completely cured me. This is some two years ago, and I have had no return of the trouble, and am able to eat as heartily a meal as anyone."

You can get Dr. Williams' Pink Pills from your medicine dealer or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

acquainted with my family.

"I've been a pretty busy man these last few years. A grocer's life, if he means to get there, doesn't allow of many rests. It's up at 5 a. m. or earlier the year through, and though we close at 6 p. m., except Saturdays, when we're open to any old hour at night, there's plenty to do to keep a man thinking and figuring and fussing over stock after closing.

"Wife and I couldn't take any holidays together, and when the babies came I felt I'd got to work that much harder, being so many more mouths to feed and money needed for educating them later on.

"Fact is, while I've been providing means for my family I've been actually neglecting them. The kids would be abed when I got up in the morning, and they'd be abed when I got home at night, and I never really got acquainted with 'em.

"But my wife brought 'em over to the hospital and introduced us to each other. Say, they're great kids! We found out a lot of new things about each other, there's two of 'em, you know, just 13 months apart. Both boys.

"I've had the time of my life getting well from that operation. I guess I'd forgotten how to be a kid myself, but I'm getting educated all over. My wife she's been chumming more with me, too, and we've been talking things over some.

"Don't be so anxious about the money, Jack," she says to me. "It isn't money that's so necessary—honest. My boys need their father more than they need money, and it isn't fair to ask a woman to bring up a couple of husky pouncings like that, all alone. It'd be a punk world without any fathers in it," she says, "and fathers are going to be scarcer than ever when this war is over, so you want to conserve yourself," she says to me, "and last a long while and be a real father and not a dollar-mark for your boys," she says.

"And so," concluded the fat little grocer, "things are going to be changed some. I'm going to see more of my family and be a real father, and knowing I've got a real good partner in Billy shows me the way. I tell you business ain't everything!"—E. K. Woolley.

Message of Hope For All Women

Miss Mary Sabourin Tells How She Found Health.

Suffered For Three Years and Could Find No Lasting Relief Till She Used Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Thurso, Que., May 24th (Special).—Tired, run-down women can read a message of hope in the statement of Miss Mary Sabourin, an estimable lady living here. In a statement to the public Miss Sabourin says:

"I was a sufferer for three years. I was always tired and nervous. My sleep was broken and unrefreshing. I was troubled with headaches and pains in my back. I had heart flutterings to add to my anxiety.

"I was treated by a doctor and a specialist but nothing seemed to do me any lasting good till I started to use Dodd's Kidney Pills and I took just three boxes of them."

"Nine-tenths of women's troubles come from sick kidneys. Sick kidneys fail in their duty of straining the impurities out of the blood. That means that poison and disease is carried to all parts of the body. The remedy is to cure the kidneys with Dodd's Kidney Pills. If you haven't used them, ask your neighbor about them. Nearly every family in Canada is using or has used Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Everybody

EATS City Dairy Ice Cream. (when they can get it). Hundreds of Discriminating Druggists and Shopkeepers all over Ontario appreciate its universal popularity and have secured an agency for it.

CITY DAIRY ICE CREAM is the one universal summer confection—it delights the entire human family from infancy to old age—and best of all City Dairy Ice Cream is a highly digestible food.



For Sale by discriminating shopkeepers everywhere

Watch for the Sign.

TORONTO.

