

GREAT SAVING OF SHOE MONEY SALE AT THE MODERN SHOE STORE, GLENCOE

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:
In Canada \$1.50 per year
In the United States \$2.00 per year
Payable in advance.

Volume 47--No. 23.

GLENCOE, ONTARIO, CANADA, THURSDAY, JUNE 6, 1918.

Whole No. 2419.

The Glencoe Transcript.

Important Notice.

The merchants of Glencoe agree to close their respective places of business on Wednesday afternoons for three months during the summer, beginning June 12th till Sept. 11th (both dates included). Many of them are desirous of assisting the farmers in the busy harvest time on account of scarcity of help on the farms.

Notice to Contractors.

Sealed tenders will be received up till Saturday, June 15, for the repair of the Graham Drain, 102 rods. The drain is south of Glencoe—lot 24, range 2 north L. W. R. Plans and specifications may be seen at my residence, lot 15, con. 1, Ekfrid.

FRANK NICHOLLS, Commissioner.

Salesman Wanted.

Lubricating Oil, Grease, Specialties, Paint—part or whole time. Commission basis. Man with car or rig preferred.—Riverside Refining Company, Cleveland, Ohio.

For Sale.

First-class 100-acre stock and grain farm, situated on Longwoods Road, Ekfrid, Middlesex Co. Clay loam, bank barn and stables, brick cottage, convenient to church and school, 2 1/2 miles from railway station. Apply to E. T. Hutton, Glencoe.

Cream and Eggs Wanted

Get our proposition re cream: highest prices paid. Wagon always on the road. Phone us if you want us to call.

D. R. HAGERTY, Glencoe
House, 30-2, Store, 89.

Cream Wanted

Having engaged with the Lambton Creamery Co. as their local manager for the purchase of Cream and Eggs, I hereby solicit a share of your patronage. Cream will be received, tested and paid for by me daily at the Glencoe Butter Factory. Will also have a man collecting on the road.

CREAM WANTED

DUGALD MCINTYRE will be buying and collecting Cream, Eggs and Poultry at Appin during the season of 1918. He is also agent for the Anker-Holth Cream Separators. Get one installed on trial before you purchase. We positively guarantee them to be satisfactory. Phone—Melbourne 20-30.

SILVERWOODS, LIMITED

A. R. McDONALD
Agent for Fire, Life, Accident, Automobile and Animal Insurance. A share of your business solicited. Office at residence, Main street, Glencoe. Phone 74.

JAMES POOLE
Fire, Life, Accident and Plate Glass Insurance Agent, representing the greatest fire insurance companies of the world, and the leading mutual fire insurance companies of Ontario. Office at residence, first door south of the Presbyterian Church, Glencoe.

GEORGE BLACKLOCK

Painter and Paper-hanger
GLENCOE - ONTARIO

CHANTRY FARM

Lincoln Sheep
and Shorthorn Cattle
ED. DE GEX, Kerwood, Ont.

M. A. McALPINE

LICENSED AUCTIONEER
Is prepared to conduct all kinds of sales, large or small. Terms reasonable. Satisfaction guaranteed. Write or phone him at Campbellton.

J. B. COUGH & SON

Furniture Dealers
Funeral Directors
MAIN STREET - GLENCOE
Phone day 23, night 100

Clubbing Rates

THE TRANSCRIPT and
Toronto Daily Globe \$5.50
Toronto Daily Mail 5.50
Family Herald and Star 2.75
Weekly Sun 2.40
Farmers' Advocate 3.00
Canadian Countryman 2.50
These prices are subject to change at any time.

Address—The Transcript,
Glencoe, Ont.



Different Kinds of Heat

Your furnace should not only give you plenty of heat, but the right quality of heat.

Some houses would be better without any heat than the kind their furnaces give them.

If you study the Sunshine Furnace you will know what the right kind of heat is and how to get it.

For Sale by JAS. M. ANDERSON

McClary's Sunshine Furnace

London St. John, N.B. Toronto Calgary Montreal Winnipeg Edmonton Saskatoon Vancouver

Keith's Cash Store

Dealer in Dry Goods, Millinery and Groceries

P. D. KEITH

THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA

INCORPORATED 1869

Capital Authorized \$25,000,000
Capital Paid-up 12,911,700
Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits 14,364,700
Total Assets \$55,000,000

SIR HERBERT S. HOLT, President
E. L. PEASE, Vice-President and Managing Director
C. E. NEILL, General Manager
STUART STRATHY, Supervisor of Ontario Branches
415 Branches, Correspondents in all parts of the world. Savings Departments at all Branches.
Special attention given to business of Farmers.
Glencoe Branch - E. M. DOULL, Manager
Branches also at Strathroy, Appin, Wardville, Dutton and Rodney

Garage Special

A Preston Garage, 10 x 18, with metal roof, hardware, glass and painted, erected on your place—\$115.00,
or we will furnish

material for garage 10 x 18, felt roofing, doors made up, rafters and studding cut, window frame and sash, everything ready to put together, including glass, nails and hardware—\$75.00.

McPHERSON & CLARKE

Lumber Yard and Planing Mill Glencoe, Ont.

WHITE SHOES

Our 1918 line of Summer Shoes is most complete. It includes shoes for men, women and children. A shoe for every foot. It will pay you to call and see our white stock.

Fresh Groceries, Fruits and Confectionery always here. Phone Central and have goods delivered.

W. J. Strachan

LADIES' PATRIOTIC LEAGUE

Shipping This Week:

50 Bed Pads
40 Personal Property Bags
8 pairs Pillows
50 Pillow Cases
25 Stretcher Caps
32 boxes of Eats to the boys in France.

FISH SUPPER JUNE 15

Notice to Creditors.

NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to "The Revised Statutes of Ontario, 1914," Chapter 121, Section 96, that all creditors and others having claims against the estate of William Tait, who died on or about the thirtieth day of April, A. D. 1918, are required to send by post, prepaid, or deliver to Messrs. Elliott & Moss of the Village of Glencoe, Solicitors for Mary Tait, Crawford Allan and Duncan A. Campbell, Executors of the last Will and Testament of the said deceased, their claims and particulars of their claims, and the full particulars of their claims, and the statement of their accounts and the nature of the securities, if any, held by them. And further take notice that after such last mentioned date the said Executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have notice, and that the said Executors will not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claims notice shall not have been received by them at the time of such distribution. Dated at Glencoe this 4th day of June, A. D. 1918.

ELLIOTT & MOSS,
Solicitors for Mary Tait, Crawford Allan and Duncan A. Campbell, Executors of the last Will and Testament of the said deceased.

Gifts For the Soldier

Military Wrist Watches, plain and luminous dials, guaranteed movements. Prices—\$2.75, 3.75, 5.50, 7.00, 9.50, 11.00, 13.00 to \$5.00.
See our Special Wrist Watch, gold filled case, Regina movement, \$15.00.
Waterman Fountain Pens, \$2.50 to \$10.00.
Leather Pass Cases and Bill Purses, 75c to \$1.50.
Signal Rings, \$3.50 to \$10.00.
Stone-set Rings, \$2.00 to \$8.50.
Safety Razors (Gillette or Auto Strap), \$5.00.
Lodge Emblems, 50c to \$1.50.

C. E. Davidson

Jeweler Marriage Licenses Issued Graduate Optician

Cream Wanted

FRANK McNALLY of Alvinston will be superintending the buying of Cream, Eggs and other produce at Glencoe during the season of 1918. Cream will be received at C. George's store at Glencoe. Phone him for particulars.

SILVERWOODS, LIMITED

We Carry a Full Line

Tin, Enamel and Galvanized Ware, Sinks, Bathtubs, etc.

Plumbing, Furnace-work, Roofing, Eavestroughing, Repairing, etc., done by a Practical Mechanic.

J. M. Anderson

Glencoe Plumber

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

For C.P.R. tickets to all points apply to

R. CLANAHAN
Ticket Agent, Glencoe

The Pure Bred Imported Clydesdale Stallion

Branton Surprise

(10349) (15096)
Registered and Approved

Will be for service at his own stable, lot 15, range 2 south of Longwoods Road, Ekfrid, during the season of 1918. Terms, \$12 to insure.

ALEX. F. McTAVISH & SON.

District and General.

Fred Deacon, formerly of Bothwell and Stratford, died recently in Vancouver.

The express companies of the United States were merged into one company last week.

A Dutton home was placed under quarantine last week, three members of the family being ill with smallpox. Of 102 deaths in London last month 21 were caused by pneumonia. Ten deaths were attributed to heart disease.

A bunch of 22 cows, Durhams and Holsteins, sold by auction at Watford, averaged \$135.50 a head. One sold for \$100.

The Government has fixed Sunday, June 30, as a day of national humiliation and prayer for the success of the allies.

The peach crop prospect in the Forest district is anything but promising; many of the trees having been winter-killed.

Power outfits for shearing sheep have been purchased on a co-operative plan in Brant, Lanark, Middlesex and Wellington counties.

Lachlan McGill, a well-known resident of concession 3, Aldborough, died on Saturday after a lengthy illness with cancer, aged 73 years.

Four conscientious objectors have been sentenced to serve two years in prison as the result of courts-martial held in London military district.

The little son of Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Timson, aged 10 months, of West Lorne, fell into a cistern near the house while at play and was drowned.

A goodly proportion of St. Joseph girls, a Missouri editor writes, celebrated Mother's Day by putting flowers in the vase while mother got breakfast.

David Hustler, one of Brooke's oldest settlers, passed away recently at the home of his son near Alvinston. He was married in 1877 to Mary Brown of Metcalfe.

John Williston of Chatham township was fined for refusing to allow Freeman Christner of Dawn township to pass him on the lawful side when coming from Chatham in his automobile.

Lieut.-Col. Bart Robson has been appointed brigade commander of the First Infantry Brigade, Military District No. 1, succeeding Col. G. Atcheson, who is transferred to the reserve of officers.

The congregations of Mount Brydges and North Caradoc have extended a call to Rev. G. M. Chidley, M. A., of Gainsborough, to succeed Rev. D. Robertson, who left to take charge of the congregation at Mossa.

Tom Code, a former Alvinston boy, has had the honor of taking single-handed a German prisoner. When captured the prisoner was in possession of an iron cross, one of the highest awards made by the Kaiser.

A quiet but very pretty wedding took place at the home of Mr. and Mrs. William Bolton of Shetland on Wednesday last, when their daughter Myrtle became the bride of Henry M. Showers, son of Mrs. M. Showers of Dawn.

Pte. Earl Peace, who recently returned home from England, where he had been in the hospital suffering from severe wounds received in the trenches, was given a reception and presented with a purse of gold at the residence of Duncan Taylor, concession 1, Aldborough, Wednesday evening of last week.

Remorse has actually reached one German mind. The U-boat commander who sank the Lusitania has become a raving maniac, according to latest news provided by the Kaiser, the Beast of Berlin. The captain was dignified by the Kaiser with unusual honors and medals, but could not expect from his mind the terrible conviction that he had ruthlessly killed women and children.

London, Ont., police have begun in earnest to round up idlers, who are being prosecuted under the recent order-in-council because they are unemployed. A number of young men appeared before Acting Police Magistrate Macklin on Tuesday. The court ruled in one instance that shoe-shining would be accepted as a useful occupation, and allowed one man to go who said he had such a job to go to. He was advised, however, that hoeing potatoes or some such occupation would be more in accord with the times.

Boys and Girls.

The difference is apparent early:—A boy has much fun stoning a cat as a girl has in hunting for violets. A boy's curiosity is directed to the ice box, a girl would like to see what is in the top bureau drawer.

A girl can give the impression when away from home that her parents are wealthy; a boy cannot.

Every boy is old enough to be welcome to sit in the neighbor girl's parlor many years before his sister thinks he is old enough to sit in the parlor at home.

A girl is never so young that she will reveal to guests at a party that the spoons are borrowed; a boy child never grows so old that he fails to.

Give the boy a dollar and he will eat it; give his sister one and she will wear it.

A brother and sister may have hair of the same shade, but the boy's is called red and the girl's auburn.

When brothers fight, it is over the largest share of pie; when sisters quarrel, one has something belonging to the other without asking permission.

The War.

The German assault on the western front continues, but the latest news encourages the hope that the assault will end like that of March. An alarming incident is the appearance of German submarines off the coast of the United States. A number of merchant vessels have been sunk and the transport of troops and supplies to Europe is for the moment interrupted. It is said that the employment of submarines on this side of the Atlantic has long been expected, and it may be assumed that a defence has been prepared which will soon set the transports moving again.

Motor Cars in Collision.

A party consisting of Mr. and Mrs. Ketch and little daughter and Mrs. Ketch's sister, all of Hamilton, motoring from that city to Detroit, met with a bad accident on the Longwoods Road a short distance west of the Mossa field. The car was almost completely wrecked and the Overland was turned upside down in the ditch and was badly damaged.

The occupants of the larger car were all more or less injured, the child having an arm severely hurt and Mrs. Ketch's sister sustaining very painful and perhaps permanent injuries. Mr. and Mrs. Ketch escaped miraculously with a few bruises. Two boys, named Leonard and Wellman, were in the Ford car and were also fortunate in escaping with slight injuries.

It appears that one of the boys, who was driving the Ford, was turning the car around and evidently had his attention distracted by a woman drilling rig working in an adjoining field and did not notice the other car coming down the road.

Dr. Dewar of Melbourne rendered first aid to the travellers and they were sufficiently recovered to be conveyed the same evening to Glencoe, where they took the International Limited express for Detroit, the young lady being on her way there to be wedded.

Court of Revision.

An adjourned meeting of Glencoe court of revision met on Wednesday evening, May 29. All the members were present. A. J. Wright, reeve, was appointed chairman. The following appeals were considered:—

Daniel H. McKee, against \$100 business assessment. No action.

Thomas Haggith, assessment of property too high. No action.

John Hills, assessment too high on north half lot 2, block D, E. s. Assessment reduced \$50 on the buildings.

John Hills, assessment too high on lot 10, block N, E. s. No action.

Benjamin Towers, assessment too high on lots 12 and 13, block E, E. s. No action.

Carry Your Papers.

The new order-in-council makes it obligatory for all men from 19 to 34 to carry registration or exemption papers, or if married their marriage certificates or certified copies, and for men not within the age limit of Class 1, but liable to be suspected of coming under the M. S. A. provisions, to carry certificates giving their date of birth.

After the national registration, to be held on June 22, men from 45 to 69 will also have to carry registration papers.

School Reports.

School report for S. S. No. 3, Mossa, for the month of May. Means perfect attendance:—

Jr. IV.—Amy James, Hugh Whitfield, Cecil Moore, Lelah Smith.

Sr. III.—Alice Harvey, Conny Moore, Norman Winger, Malcolm Elliott, Elliott Whitlock, Walter Clannahan, William Whitlock.

Jr. III.—Edythe Lumley.

Sr. II.—Blanche Whitlock, Charlie Clannahan.

Jr. II.—Frank Walker, John Whitfield, Jean Moore, Richard Fry, Donald Coyne.

Sr. I.—Helen Whitlock, Lewis Moore, Florence Simpson, Ross Edwards, Willard Edwards, Earl Harvey, Charlie Perrin, Melvin Smith.

Primer, A.—Clare Whitlock, B.—John Smith, C.—V. G. Goff, D.—E. H. Harvey, E.—Helen Goff, Winnie Goff.

E. REYCRAFT, Teacher.

The Telephone Girl.

If the Telephone Girl should tell all she knows, It would turn half our friends into bitterest foes:

She could sow a small wind that would soon be a gale;
Swamp us with troubles and land us in jail.
She could turn loose a story that gaining in force,
Would cause half our wives to sue for divorce.
She could get all the churches mixed up in a fight,
And turn all our days into boring nights.
She could keep the whole town in a terrible stew,
If she'd tell one-tenth of all that she knew.
Now, doesn't it set your brain in a whirl?
When you think what you owe the Telephone Girl?

In the Oil Field.

More good wells are coming into the Mossa oil field every few days, one of the latest being a large producer on the McVicar farm owned by the Rockwood Company. The industry is reaching larger proportions than even the most optimistic had hoped for and the field bids fair to outlive the best production of the past in either the Petrolia or Bothwell fields.

This week Mr. Carman's drillers started a deep well on the J. A. Walker farm, which will be watched with a keen interest, as should oil be found in quantity at the lower level it will mean a long life for the Mossa field.

Another well of much local interest is that being drilled on the farm of D. J. McKellar, immediately north of Glencoe in Ekfrid township. The drillers here have reached a depth of some 400 feet and the indications for oil are said to be good.

Sunday School Outing.

The annual summer outing and picnic of the Glencoe Presbyterian Sunday School was held on Monday, when a trip was made by motor cars to and from Springbank Park, London.

It was one of those rare June days you read about: the country-side revelled in its new verdure, the hills and valleys were resplendent with the promise of rich bounties at the harvest-time, and the unique excursion was decidedly a delight for all.

Arriving at the park, so admirably adapted, dinner was served in the open in true picnic style after invoking the Divine blessing in a pretty song chorus by the school. Games were then in order for a few hours, with contests in many of the popular tests of athletic skill—foot races for all ages, races for the fat and races for the lean, three-legged races, wheelbarrow races, pebble races, time races, collar and tie races, biscuit races, etc., etc.—all of which were entered into with a zest that made the prizes won but a secondary consideration.

Swinging, teetering, a stroll through the park, so much of it as nature made it, and a look at the zoological garden yet in its nucleus, finished an interesting afternoon. Then supper under the trees, and home again in the chugging motor cars through the choicest garden district of all Canada, happily tired but not weary as one is often by the monotony of the prosaic from day to day.

The Sunday School as a whole and especially the officers and teachers are very grateful to all who lent their aid towards making the occasion such an enjoyable success. The ready response of those having cars was particularly appreciated, there being ample accommodation for all. The following pupils, parents and teachers who participated:

Those who provided cars for the trip are David Eddle, Fred Gough, John Graham, Will Graham, D. R. Hagerty (truck), Geo. Hurley, P. D. Keith, Ross Lethbridge, G. S. Lloyd, Neil McAlpine (truck), D. A. McCallum, Wm. McCallum, Ross McEachren, Duncan McKellar, D. C. McKenna, Dr. McKenna, Godfrey McMurphy, D. H. McKee, John Mitchell, Jas. Poole, Wm. Quick, Wm. Stinson, J. A. Scott, Duncan Mitchell, A. E. McDonald, Herb. Jamieson, A. E. Sutherland, Chas. Sutherland, M. O. McAlpine.

An Extensive Oil Operator.

The Sarnia Canadian says:—Some twenty years ago, F. J. Carman came to Petrolia from Washington and immediately became a seeker of new oil deposits on a large scale. He was thoroughly learned in rock formations and knew the oil business from a practical as well as a theoretical standpoint. One of his first ventures was a well to the Trenton at Petrolia which he drilled over 3,700 feet and on which he spent \$10,000. The well was a failure so far as oil or gas was concerned, but he proved that a valuable sand deposit existed, passing through over 1,000 feet of the best quality.

He followed by making several shallow tests between Petrolia and Bothwell and finally after spending a large sum of money in wild-cat ventures located the Bothwell field, in which the Carman & Fairbanks Co. still retain valuable producing properties.

When the Gurd gunner was struck in Raleigh township, near Chatham, he took up his quarters in that city and became active in leasing and drilling. Learning that was the next centre of excitement and operations for him, followed by Aymer and other prospective oil and gas centres.

About ten years ago he began to fail in health and decided to go to California. He followed by losing his eyesight, but his energy in seeking for oil increased rather than decreased and today he is the owner in company with Major C. O. Fairbank of valuable deep oil properties in that state.

About two years ago he took up leasing in Mossa township, near Glencoe, and followed by locating a rich deposit of shallow oil. The present Mossa territory is not considered permanent or lasting find and he is now reaching out to locate the fountain head and will shortly make a deep test. We wish him continued success and health to enjoy the results of his activities.

Mr. Carman has decided that Sarnia is a pleasant centre to live in during the summer and if he can locate a suitable cottage along the river or lake fronts will spend the heated term in the vicinity of this city.

The Transcript is agent for the Appleford Counter Check Book Company. Why not give us your next order for check books? No matter what style of check book you wish we can duplicate it at the same price. Give the local man the preference.

SPIES ROB DEAD TO GET INTO LINES

CAUGHT BY OFFICER GUIDING
ENEMY GUNS.

Clothed in British Uniforms, Germans
Direct Enemy Fire Upon the
Allied Lines.

German spies have been a continual source of annoyance throughout the recent British retirements in France. Many of these spies have been detected in British uniforms, presumably stolen from bodies of the slain. A British officer in a letter to the Daily Express, tells of an encounter with two such spies.

"I had been ordered to take up a position with two guns of my section as our infantry was being forced back," he says. "I was on a crest just in front of my guns ready and waiting to open fire and observe the rounds, but the specified time had not arrived.

"On the right of me was the road along which a few minutes before I had managed to get my guns. It was packed with infantry, transport, guns, prisoners, and stretcher-bearers struggling along with wounded. Something or other called my attention to two signallers striving to lay out a wire from the road toward my observation post. I could hear a gibe made to them, some criticism which caused a laugh. Then some one else's guns to the left opened fire. In a few seconds I picked up the target, a blue-grey shadow advancing in apparent silence over the top of a crest two thousand yards away.

Enemy Gets Range Quickly
"I gave the order to join in the chorus of guns. The rounds were bursting beautifully, and I picked up the range quickly and well, but I noticed Boche shells beginning to fall on and about the road, bursting with marvellous precision.

"I glanced behind at my guns just as a shell burst 100 yards in rear of them and another 100 yards in front—a beautiful 'bracket,' positively uncanny, as the guns were in a splendid position and certainly could not be seen.

"I knew what that bracket meant, and longed to give the 'take cover' order to my gunners but only for one moment. Our job was to 'carry on.' So we fired away as rapidly as we could, for, after all, we do not often have the luxury to shoot at moving masses of Boches.

"A few minutes later I received the message. 'Both guns out of action, sir.' I gazed round with a jerk, and there below me, sure enough, both guns were knocked out.

"The Boches had begun another deliberate shoot at the other guns, and I could see at a glance he was somehow observing his rounds, and correcting them for line and range, and yet there were no Hun airplanes aloft to do it. A marvellous mystery! I determined to go to my guns and do my best to get them into action again, so off I moved, dodging around the ancient shell-holes of 1916, jumping across old German trenches.

Killed by Our Guns.
"I had hardly gone twenty yards when I heard a buzz quite close, the buzz of a field telephone. I came up behind two men in khaki with the familiar blue-and-white band of the British signaling corps on their arms, evidently the men I had seen before, one gazing out toward the batteries on the left, the other buzzing. Quietly I approached. Then I grasped the situation.

"With a running jump I leaped plumb on the instrument, yelled and hit out with one fist under one jaw and another on the back of the square head.

"Gott in Himmel!" came from the hard-headed man and a guttural groan from the other whose jaw I had hit, who lay apparently stunned.

"Then in a moment I was kicked in the back, which sent me reeling.

"I picked myself up to find both Boches tearing away toward the road. They had some yards' start, but I gave chase. One stumbled and fell. I made a rush and before he could rise I kicked as I never had kicked before—a regular, proper punt. That settled him, and on I went.

"The other ran on, when suddenly he disappeared in a cloud of smoke and a deafening roar. We had run in front of one of our batteries. Fate doomed the finish of one, but the other I had settled—with a hobnailed boot."

Lost Innocence.
I used to think, when I was small, That Heaven was like grandfather's hall.

With many lights and winding stairs And little children saying prayers, And I was glad, for I was sure I knew just where to find the door.

Ah, that was long, long years ago, And heads then dark are white as snow, And little children think me wise Who gaze on them with wistful eyes, And do not know I see in them The little Babe of Bethlehem.

But, oh, I dare not confess I've lost the key to happiness; I dare not tell I'm not as sure As they of Heaven's shining door, For, looking in their trustful eyes, I know they think me good and wise.

OUR FOREFATHERS
"RIGA"
PURGATIVE WATER
which flushes out the intestines and ensures normal bowel action without causing colic, cramps or discomfort.
On Sale everywhere: 25 cents the bottle.
RIGA PURGATIVE WATER CO. MONTREAL.

Eat less Bread

This is the message British papers were asked to flash daily on their pages during Britain's campaign. Now Canada's Food Board is asking those in the Dominion to do likewise.

ITALY'S RATIONS REDUCED.

Consumption of Meat Curtailed to Prevent Exhaustion of Supply.

In order to reduce the consumption of meat in Italy new restrictions have been imposed by the Food Commissioner intended to assure even distribution and at the same time prevent the exhaustion of the rapidly diminishing supply of cattle. For this object the military commissions appointed to requisition cattle for the requirements of the army have been entrusted with the task of providing beef for the civil population, and the number and weight of beasts to be slaughtered in each province will in future be fixed by the Food Commissioner.

No beef can be sold besides that similarly assigned and only on Saturdays, Sundays, Mondays and Tuesdays. Pork and mutton can be sold only on Wednesdays. Prices will be fixed by the Food Commissioner and heavy penalties are imposed on butchers for overcharging.

As meat rationing by means of personal or family cards cannot be adopted in Italy for various reasons, nor is it possible to reduce the consumption of meat by fixing the amount to which each person is entitled, the same system successfully adopted in the case of bread and macaroni, consisting in limiting the supply by assigning a fixed quantity for each commune in proportion to the number of inhabitants, has now been resorted to in the case of meat. In order to better control the supply and distribution of food the special commissions existing in each province have been placed under the immediate direction of the Food Commissioner and changed into regular State organizations.

A Personal Duty.
Every pound of food saved by each Canadian citizen is a pound given to the support of our army and our Allies. Every pound wasted or eaten unnecessarily is a pound withheld.

How many slices of white bread can a family do without if a few more potatoes are on the table at every meal?

The potato is a great patriot. It has helped to save nations. Let it help to win the war by releasing other essential foods for export.

The Test
of a change from tea or coffee to Postum comes when you note better health and all round improvement. Not a thing harmful in Postum. Besides, it saves waste and fuel. The flavor is delightful. For your own sake try **POSTUM**

Two Useful Designs



This is a very practical design for the one-piece apron. McCall Pattern No. 7985, Ladies' and Misses' One-piece Apron. In 3 sizes, small, medium and large. Price, 15 cents.



An extremely good-looking dress that only requires four and one-quarter yards of forty-inch material. McCall Pattern No. 8049, Ladies' 44 bust. Price, 20 cents.

These patterns may be obtained from your local McCall dealer, or from the McCall Co., 70 Bond St., Toronto, Dept. W.

Metric Money.

This year may make history for the Mint, for Lord Southwark has just introduced a Decimal Coinage Bill in the House of Lords, says a London paper. If it be approved, Great Britain will come into line with her allies, and will adopt their monetary rate of exchange.

The simplicity of the metric system is not its only virtue. It is urged—and reasonably—that trade with other nations can be increased and friendly relations strengthened by negotiations in one universal "money tongue."

It is suggested that our present-day pound-note be divided up into thousandths parts, each to be known as one "mil." These "mils," therefore, will represent rather less than one farthing each. Higher rates of coinage, including four silver and four bronze tokens—multiples of the "mil"—are also suggested. Certain British professions are already under the decimal rule, the metric system being installed in all branches of the medicine world, and also at the Meteorological Office, where only two years ago rainfall was first registered in terms of the millimetre instead of the inch.

Cut out all deadwood from blackberry and raspberry bushes if it has not been done. Burn the brush.

The Arc of the Covenant.
The fretted silver of the river flows Beneath the hills the low light runs upon, While in the east a circling rainbow glows. Facing the storm light of the smiling sun.

God sets His bow of promise on the dark, Holding the earth within its gleaming span Whose dual elements still form the Arc Of the Eternal Covenant with Man. For while the Water and the Fire hold sway And whirl their shapeless being into form, Futile and fleet about the Rainbow play The forked lightnings of earth's fading storm.

LEMON JUICE IS FRECKLE REMOVER.

Girls! Make this cheap beauty lotion to clear and whiten your skin. Squeeze the juice of two lemons into a bottle containing three ounces of orchard white, shake well, and you have a quartet of the best freckle and tan lotion, and complexion beautifier, at very, very small cost. Your grocer has the lemons and any drug store or toilet counter will supply a few cents. Massage this sweetly fragrant lotion into the face, neck, arms and hands each day and see how clear, soft and white the skin becomes. Yes! It is harmless.

World's Costliest Necklace.

It remains to be seen whether the pearl necklace to which so many wealthy society women are contributing each a gem from their collection, and which is being sold for the benefit of the Red Cross, will establish a record as regards price for this particular kind of trinket, says an English paper.

Probably it will, for its intrinsic value is certain to be very great, and this will be vastly enhanced by the associations connected with it, and which will render it an heirloom to be treasured for all time by its possessor and her descendants.

Up till now, the record price for a pearl necklace bought in the open market stands at \$53,000, which was the sum paid for one of 240 pearls in Paris seven years ago. The highest price recorded in an English auction room so far is \$24,000, paid for a three-row necklace of 193 pink pearls at Christie's in June, 1916.

The biggest sum ever paid for any kind of necklace anywhere was the \$85,000 handed over by Cardinal de Rohan for the famous diamond one which he proposed to present to Queen Marie Antoinette of France.

At the Yarmouth Y.M.C.A. Boys' Camp, held at Tuxford Falls in August, I found MINARD'S LINIMENT most beneficial for sun burn, an immediate relief for colic and toothache.

ALFRED STOKES, General Sec'y.

Soldiers Producing Food.

The food shortage is recognized as so serious in Europe that the soldiers are cultivating 50,000 acres between the lines in France, 7,000 in Salonica and approximately 700,000 in Mesopotamia, Egypt, Palestine and Cyprus. In Egypt, Palestine and Salonica the British Armies will this year grow all their own vegetables and a large part of their hay and forage. All the military camps in England are being cultivated also. At Aldershot where 28 acres were being cultivated 18 months ago, 1,200 acres are now under cultivation.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the house.

Millions Starving Already. Deaths from starvation in Europe are estimated by the United States Food Administration at 4,750,000 since the war began as compared to 4,250,000 killed by fighting.

Dry bread can be ground in the meat chopper and used in place of flour in making gingerbread.

Buy now any farm implements required for the present season. Delivery will necessarily be delayed in any case, and failure to order early may mean no delivery until the season is over.



Takes out the inflammation—burns, inflamed cuts, sores, frost-bites, ulcers and scalds—piles and abscesses. Works like magic! Buy at drug-dealers, or write to: HIRST REMEDY COMPANY, Hamilton, Canada.

ISSUE No. 23—18

WOMEN! IT IS MAGIC! LIFT OUT ANY CORN
Apply a few drops then lift corns or calluses off with fingers—no pain.



Just think! You can lift off any corn or callus without pain or soreness. A Cincinnati man discovered this ether compound and named it Freezone. Any druggist will sell a tiny bottle of Freezone, like here shown, for very little cost. You apply a few drops directly upon a tender corn or callus. Instantly the soreness disappears, then shortly you will find the corn or callus so loose that you can lift it right off. Freezone is wonderful. It dries instantly. It doesn't eat away the corn or callus, but shrivels it up without even irritating the surrounding skin.

Hard, soft or corns between the toes, as well as painful calluses, lift right off. There is no pain before or afterwards. If your druggist hasn't Freezone, tell him to order a small bottle for you from his wholesale drug house.

Increase Your Acreage.
Despite the difficulty, we must produce more food than we have ever done before. Set apart all your land for growing crops and plant as much wheat as you can. Plan to bring as much new land under cultivation for another crop as possible and thus increase acreage for next year. It will be needed then just as much as now.

You will agree that a satisfying cup of tea is economical at five cups for a cent, yet that is all the genuine Salada costs. Low-priced teas actually cost you more, for they yield far less in the teapot and, of course, have not that delicious flavor.

Street Cars as Travelling Kitchen.

An electric tramway car belonging to the Halifax (Eng.) Corp., has been converted into a travelling kitchen. It is equipped with an electrical outfit capable of producing a thousand portions of food, and carries a tank holding 1,200 gallons of water. Current for the stoves is obtained from the overhead wires.

Meals can be served from either side of the car, and there is a cash office at each end. The kitchen may be run over any part of a system of 83 miles exactly like an ordinary tramway car.

Minard's Liniment Lumberman's Friend.

In watering vegetable gardens care must be exercised not to wash out small plants. When strong plants are watered they should be well watered as simply moistening the top soil does as much harm as good.

There is no one best breed. Each standard breed has special qualities and particular values. Breeders do best with the breeds they like best for their special purpose.

"Every man has a physical right to think as he pleases, for it cannot be discovered how he thinks. He has a moral right, for he ought to inform himself, and think justly."—Sam Johnson.

KEEP YOUR SHOES NEAT
2 in 1
SHOE POLISHES
LIQUIDS and PASTES
For BLACK, WHITE, TAN, DARK BROWN OR OX-BLOOD SHOES.
PRESERVE THE LEATHER

The Cause of Heart Trouble
Faulty digestion causes the generation of gases in the stomach which inflate and press down on the heart and interfere with its regular action, causing faintness and pain. 15 to 30 drops of Mother Seigel's Curative Syrup after meals acts digestion right, which allows the heart to beat full and regular.

Popples.
I grasped my flowers to see them fall apart, Wind-blown and scattered at my feet they lay; Too beautiful to last, their fragile life A passing glory of a summer day.

Such sunset tints! Such silken leaves of gauze; Farewell, dear flowers, ye are my thoughts so bright Seen in the visions of my sleeping hours, Scattered with coming of the world's daylight.

Too sweet to last, the fancies that we weave; We guard them from a rude, destroying breath; The Hand that fashioned your pure loveliness Shall give them to us in the hour of death.

Minard's Liniment used by Physicians.

Use for Corns.

Canadian farmers who grow corn will be interested in the announcement that the United States Bureau of Chemistry has discovered value in corn-cobs. Hitherto these have been thrown away as of no value. In the search for valuable extracts from neglected materials the chemists have discovered commercial processes by which 374 per cent. of cobs can be made into glucose, 30 per cent. usable mucilage, 5 per cent. cylose, new baking powder material, and acetic acid. If these discoveries prove practical under long tests corn-growing will be greatly promoted.

MONEY ORDERS.

A Dominion Express Money Order for five dollars costs three cents.

Everything that can be said of livestock improvement can be said of potato improvement. Have a standard variety in your community; one that is adapted to your soil. Use the best seed obtained by selection and then give it good care. By doing this a market will come to you for all your potatoes. Your buyer will give you a premium for your crop if the whole community has the one brand of potatoes.

Ask for Minard's and take no other.

Hyacinths and tulips may be taken up as soon as they are through flowering and heeled in, in some out of the way place, where they may ripen their bulbs.



Convenience

The AutoStrop Safety Razor is always ready for use—the edge is uniformly keen and it is a simple matter to keep it so.

It strops, shaves and is cleaned without taking apart.

This explains why the AutoStrop is universally used and liked by the boys overseas.

Give your soldier an AutoStrop—it's the gift he needs.

AutoStrop Safety Razor Co.
Limited
82-87 Duke St. Toronto, Ont.



MAGIC BAKING POWDER
READ THE LABEL
CONTAINS NO ALUM
MADE IN CANADA

The Central Otago district of New Zealand is experiencing a persistent drought, which is causing anxiety to pastoralists and orchardists. Intense heat day after day has dried up the country, which presents a terribly parched appearance.

AGENTS WANTED

PORTRAIT AGENTS WANTED! Good prints: finishing a specialty: frames and everything at lowest prices: quick service. United Art Co., 4 Birmmick Ave. Toronto.

FOR SALE

WEEKLY NEWSPAPER FOR SALE! In New Ontario. Owner going to France. Will sell \$2,000. Worth double that amount. Apply J. H. Wilson Publishing Co. Limited, Toronto.

WELL EQUIPPED NEWSPIRER and job printing plant in Eastern Ontario. Insurance carried \$1,500. Will go for \$1,200 on quick sale. Box 43, Wilson Publishing Co. Ltd. Toronto.

MISCELLANEOUS

LADIES WANTED TO DO PLAIN and light sewing at home, whole or spare time, good pay, work sent any distance charges paid. Send stamp for particulars. National Manufacturing Company, Montreal.

CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, ETC. Internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write for details too late. Dr. Bellman Medical Co. Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

SMOKE TUCKETT'S ORINOCO
CUT COARSE FOR PIPE USE

Cuticura
For The Skin

The Soap to Cleanse and Purify The Ointment to Soothe and Heal

These fragrant, super-creamy emollients stop itching, clear the skin of pimples, blotches, redness and roughness, the scalp of itching and dandruff, and the hands of chaps and sores. In purity, delicate medication, refreshing fragrance, convenience and economy, Cuticura Soap and Ointment meet with the approval of the most discriminating. Ideal for every-day toilet uses.

For sample, send by mail address, post-card: "Cuticura, Dept. B, Boston, U.S.A." Sold by dealers throughout the world.

HOW MRS. BOYD AVOIDED AN OPERATION

Canton, Ohio.—"I suffered from a female trouble which caused me much suffering, and two doctors decided that I would have to go through an operation before I could get well.

"My mother, who had been helped by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, advised me to try it before submitting to an operation. I relieved me from my troubles so I can do my house work without any difficulty. I advise any woman who is afflicted with female troubles to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial and it will do as much for them."

Mrs. MARIE BOYD, 1421 6th St., N. E., Canton, Ohio.

Sometimes there are serious conditions where a hospital operation is the only alternative, but on the other hand so many women have been cured by this famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, after doctors have said that an operation was necessary—every woman who wants to avoid an operation should give it a fair trial before submitting to such a trying ordeal.

If complications exist, write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., for advice. The result of many years experience is at your service.

SMOKE TUCKETT'S T & B
MYRTLE CUT T & B CUT OR PLUG

GERMANS FAIL TO CROSS MARNE: RHEIMS FRONT HELD BY FRENCH

Desperate Effort to Capture Cathedral City by Encircling Movement—Repeated Enemy Attacks North of Aisne Smashed.

Paris, June 2.—The battle is continuing with undiminished violence at the end of the first week of the resumption of the offensive by the Germans. With the best troops at their command the German commanders are employing every strategy and the battle on the left wing is being contested with a bitterness hitherto unknown.

On the wing between Rheims and Chateau Thierry the enemy is held, while between Soissons and the Marne the French resistance is becoming victorious.

The Germans continue to pour new divisions into the battle. No doubt now remain that they always intended to make their supreme effort on the Marne, rather than in the offensive towards Amiens, which was started in March. There are 45 divisions on the Soissons-Rheims battle area, among them are the best trained troops in the German army, attired in special uniforms and following new offensive methods. Fifteen of these divisions were among Gen. von Hutier's 23 divisions in the March drive toward Amiens. The Germans made a desperate effort to capture Rheims by an encircling movement. They temporarily occupied Fort Pomelle, but were immediately dislodged by the valiant troops led by Gen. Gouraud.

A stabilization of the front seems to sum up Sunday's fighting. While the Germans have engaged 45 divisions, they still have an equal number ready to strike.

French troops Saturday night smashed repeated German attacks on the greatest salience in the sector north of the River Aisne, between the Oise River and Soissons.

Mont de Choisy, after being attacked four times by forces of the German Crown Prince, was finally stormed, only to be lost again by the invaders at the point of the bayonet.

On the front between Soissons and Chateau Thierry the Germans occupied Longpont, Coucy, Faverolles and Troesnes, but later were driven out by energetic counter-attacks.

On the Rheims-Dormans front bitter fighting is taking place and the Germans have crossed the high road east of Ville-en-Tardenois.

The French troops, in a counter-attack west of Neuilly St. Front, drove back the Germans and also in an attack recaptured Hill 163 in this region. The village of Champlait also was recaptured and near Ville-en-Tardenois some ground was gained by the French troops.

Gallantly Holding On

A despatch from London says: The desperate efforts of the French and British to stem the tide against the invaders have served only to slow down the rate of speed of the German advance; the defenders of the heights north of the Marne seem to have been swept aside in the rush of the enemy toward the road to Paris, and the Marne has been reached on a ten-mile front. Aside from the movement of the German armies southward, two other significant incidents of the tremendous battle have occurred. One is that the Germans have extended their attack to the northwest, along the Ailette River, from which the French have fallen back for some distance. The other is that the battle has extended to the east of Rheims, which city, during the first few days of the battle, formed the extreme eastern end of the line of battle.

Along the sides of the salient formed by the rapid German advance to the Marne, the French and British have been holding their positions gallantly. South of Soissons the French have defended their line with such vigor that the Germans have not made much impression upon it. On the other side of the battle area, the British are still holding the forts of Rheims and positions just west of that war-stricken city.

There is a statement in the French report on Friday night which may mean that Chateau Thierry has been captured or outflanked. This would mark the beginning of a turning movement toward Paris.

Paris, in its report on Friday night, says that German attacks on French positions on the right bank of the Ailette River have been repulsed. It is admitted that the Germans have reached the Marne, light detachments having penetrated as far as the river between Charleville and Joulgonne. On the right flank of the battle area the situation is unchanged, which is also the condition west and north of Rheims. More than 45,000 prisoners, over 400 guns, and thousands of machine guns have been taken by the Germans, according to the Berlin official communication issued on Friday.

Beginning of Drive

A despatch from the French Armies in France says: The Germans in the Champagne pushed farther towards the River Marne on Thursday. The intention of the Teutons probably is to secure a position enabling them to turn to the westward with the bulk of their attacking armies. The efforts of the Germans since their first rapid advance appear to take a fan-like movement. The principal column of the Teuton divisions seems to be thrusting in the direction of Free-

Markets of the World

Breadstuffs
Toronto, June 4.—Manitoba wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$2.23½; No. 2 do., \$2.20½; No. 3 do., \$2.17½; No. 1 wheat, \$2.10½; in store Fort William, including 2½c. tax.
Manitoba oats—No. 2 C.W., 81½c.; No. 3 C.W., 78½c.; extra No. 1 feed, 78½c.; No. 1 feed, 75½c., in store Fort William.

American corn—No. 3 yellow, kiln dried, nominal; No. 4 yellow, kiln dried, nominal.

Ontario oats—No. 2 white, 80 to 81c.; No. 3 white, 79 to 80c., according to freight outside.

Ontario wheat—No. 2, Winter, per car lot, \$2.22; basis in store Montreal.

Pass—Nominal.

Barley—Malting, \$1.40 to \$1.42, according to freight outside.

Rye—No. 2, \$2.10, according to freight outside.

Manitoba flour—War quality, \$10.95; new bags, Toronto, \$10.65; new bags, Toronto and Montreal freights, prompt shipment.

Millfeed—Car lots—Delivered Montreal freights, bags included: Bran, per ton, \$35; shorts, per ton, \$40.

Hay—No. 1, per ton, \$15.50 to \$16.50; mixed, \$13.00 to \$14.00, track Toronto.

Straw—Car lots, per ton, \$8.00 to \$8.50, track Toronto.

Country Produce—Wholesale
Butter—Creamery, solids, per lb., 42 to 42½c.; prints, per lb., 43 to 43½c.; dairy, per lb., 36 to 37c.

Eggs—New-laid, 33 to 34c.

Poultry—Roosters, 23 to 25c.; fowl, 25 to 30c.; ducks, 25 to 30c.; turkeys, 27 to 30c.

Wholesalers are selling to the retail trade at the following prices:—

Cheese—New, large, 23½ to 24c.; twin, 23½ to 24c.; old, large, 25½ to 26c.; twin 26 to 26½c.

Butter—Fresh, dairy, choice, 40 to 42c.; creamery prints, fresh made, 45 to 47c.; solids, 44 to 45c.

Margarine—22 to 24c. lb.

Eggs—New laid, 40 to 41c.; new laid, in cartons, 43 to 45c.

Dressed poultry—Spring chickens, 70c.; roosters, 28c.; fowl, 38 to 40c.; turkeys, 40 to 45c.

Live poultry—Spring chickens, 60c.; roosters, 20c.; turkeys, 30c.; hens, 33 to 37c.

Beans—Canadian, hand-picked, bushel, \$8.75; Canadian, hand-picked, Burma or Indian, \$6.75 to \$7.25; Japan, \$8.25 to \$8.50; Lima 19 to 20c.

Maple syrup—¾ lb. tins, 10 to 11c.; case, \$14.50; imperial gallon tins, per tin, \$2.25; imperial five-gallon cans, per can, \$10.50; 15-gallon kegs, per gal., \$2.00; maple sugar, 1-lb. box, pure, per lb., 24 to 25c.

Provisions—Wholesale
Smoked meats—Hams, medium, 36 to 38c.; do., heavy, 30 to 32c.; cooked, 49 to 50c.; rolls, 32 to 33c.; breakfast bacon, 41 to 44c.; backs, plain, 44 to 45c.; boneless 48 to 49c.

Cured meats—Long clear bacon, 30 to 31c.; clear bellies, 29 to 30c.

Lard—Pure, tierces, 31½ to 32c.; tubs, 31½ to 32½c.; pails, 32 to 32½c.; prints, 33 to 34c.

Tierces, 26 to 26½c.; tubs, 26½ to 26¾c.; pails, 26½ to 27c.; prints, 27½ to 28c.

Montreal Markets
Montreal, June 4.—Oats Canadian Western, No. 2, 93c.; do., No. 3, 89½c.; extra No. 1 feed, 86½c. Flour, new standard Spring wheat grade, \$10.95 to \$11.05. Rolled oats, bags, 90 lbs., \$4.85 to \$5.00. Bran, 35c. Shorts, \$4.01. Molasses, \$7.2. Hay, No. 2, per ton, car lots, \$15.50.

Live Stock Markets
Toronto, June 4.—Extra choice heavy steers, \$15.00 to \$16.00; choice heavy steers, \$14.00 to \$15.00; butchers' cattle, choice, \$14.00 to \$14.25; do., good, \$13.25 to \$13.50; do., medium, \$12.00 to \$12.50; do., common, \$11.00 to \$11.25; butchers' bulls, choice, \$12.00 to \$12.50; do., good, \$11.00 to \$11.50; do., medium, \$10.50 to \$11.00; do., rough, \$9.50 to \$10.00; butchers' cows, choice, \$12.00 to \$13.00; do., good, \$11.00 to \$11.50; do., medium, \$10.25 to \$10.50; do., rough, \$9.50 to \$10.00; butchers' pigs, \$11.00 to \$11.25; good steers, \$12.00 to \$12.50; poorer grades, \$9.50 to \$10.00. Butchers' butts, \$9.00 to \$10.00; sheep, \$13.00 to \$15.00; Spring lambs, \$20.00 to \$22.00 each. Choice hogs, \$20.50; sows, \$18.00 to \$19.00.

British Secure Additional Footing Beside the Ancre River.

With the British Army in France, June 2.—The British made a minor attack against a portion of Aveluy Wood early yesterday. The attack gave them additional footing in that wooded tract beside the Ancre River. The Germans have very little room for manoeuvring west of the river, opposite the old Somme battlefield, and the loss of any ground, however slight, adds to their discomfort and adds to the disadvantage of an attack westward up the slope towards Amiens.

By attempting raids and maintaining a harassing artillery fire, the enemy is keeping up at any rate a formal activity on the front between Flanders and Montdidier in order to keep the allied forces occupied.

GERMANS ARE USING NEW LONG-RANGE GUN.

A despatch from Paris says: Examination of the shells discharged by the Germans in the long-range bombardment of Paris, which began again on Monday, indicates that new guns are being used. Larger shells are being employed than formerly, the calibre of the guns being 24-centimetre (9½ inches) instead of 21. The powder charge is greater, and the detonation louder, but the force of the explosion does not seem to have increased. A shell exploded only a dozen yards from a man seated on a bench, and did not injure him.

No Attempt To Force Crossing Yet Made by the Invaders

French Headquarters in France, June 2.—Although the enemy occupies the north bank of the Marne for a stretch of a dozen miles east from the vicinity of Chateau Thierry, he seems to have made no serious attempt to force a crossing, the only efforts in this direction that have been reported being made in small force. These were vigorously repulsed by the French.



One of the big guns which helped the Canadians to check the German advance in Flanders.

1,137 AIRPLANES DOWNED IN MAY

British Bag 492, French 234, Americans 13, and Belgians 5, While Germans Claim 222.

London, June 2.—The Times, in an article on aerial operations Saturday, says:

"Up to Friday night, 1,137 airplanes were reported downed on all battle fronts in May. This surpasses by 67 the total for March, which, with 1,062, constituted the record month. The losses on the various fronts during May were:

Western 971
Italian 120
Macedonian 25
Palestine 8
Mesopotamia 8

"Details of the totals on the western front were that 492 German machines fell into the hands of the British, 234 to the French, 13 to the Americans and 5 to the Belgians. Of the 222 allied airplanes claimed by the Germans they have not put in a claim for five British machines reported missing last night, but this number is included in the total of 971 downed on the western front.

"Eleven German observation balloons also were destroyed during the month.

"The number of British airplanes reported missing in the same period is 126, inclusive of those which failed to return after raids over Germany. In March 155 of our machines were reported missing and the total number of German machines accounted for was 590, including two Gothas which raided the Paris area.

"The German figure of 222 allied machines is one more than is claimed in the daily report from the German main headquarters in March.

ANOTHER AIR RAID ON PARIS FAILED.

A despatch from Paris says: Some airplanes crossed the line in the direction of Paris on Thursday night. The alarm was sounded at 11 o'clock, and the "all clear" signal was given at midnight. The enemy machines were under a heavy fire from the defenses of Paris, and some bombs were dropped on the region about the city. There were no casualties.

POWDER MAGAZINE EXPLODED BY AIRMEN AT ZEEBRUGGE.

A despatch from Amsterdam says: A long, heavy aerial attack was made on Zeebrugge Thursday night, and at about 1 o'clock Friday morning there was a tremendous crash and the concussion was felt by the entire neighborhood. Flames rose high in the air, and it is supposed that a powder magazine was exploded, according to a Flushing despatch to the Telegraf.

RAISED 67,800 MEN UNDER SERVICE ACT.

A despatch from Toronto says: It was announced unofficially that since the Military Service Act was put into operation last October it has produced 67,800 of the 100,000 required under its provisions. This takes in all men who have reported from all points in the Dominion under all drafts.

AERIAL POSTAL SERVICE BETWEEN PARIS AND LONDON.

A despatch from Paris says: Aviators De Vienne and Lorgnat flew from Paris to London and back in a hydro-airplane in three hours and ten minutes, carrying mail. It was the first trip in connection with an aerial postal service between England and France which is being organized.

RECRUIT ARMY IN CONQUERED LANDS

Germany Calls On Men of Baltic Provinces to Join Her Colors.

A despatch from Paris says: Germany has begun her campaign to utilize the vast resources of human material in the Baltic provinces to augment decimated ranks in the army, according to a despatch from Switzerland, which declares that the Dorpat Zeitung, the German propaganda organ for the Baltic, publishes an appeal to young men in Courland and Livonia, inviting them to join, under the German flag, "Germany," says the appeal, "has now more than ever the need of soldiers; it is natural that the children of the provinces delivered from Maximilianist tyranny should give themselves up to enable Germany to intensify her effective and perform their duty like all children of the Empire."

MARNE NOT CROSSED AT ANY POINT.

A despatch from London says: Latest reports from the front state that the Germans have not crossed the Marne at any point; that on the southern bank French reserves in large numbers are holding commanding positions, while all the bridges have been blown up for many miles to the west of Chateau Thierry. The north-west of Chateau Thierry, the Germans, following the line of the Ourcq, are reported as having reached Neuilly, with the evident intention of attempting a drive between the Marne and the great wooded district surrounding Villers Cotterets, which affords a strong defensive position to the French holding the line south-west of Soissons.

Last Message by Pigeon Told Fate of Three Battalions.

A despatch from British Headquarters in France says: A story just to hand tells of the heroic conduct of three French battalions, which were surrounded in the Forest of Pinon Monday. They entrenched themselves, determined to resist until the end. Success could not be sent them. Their rifles and machine guns were heard for many hours. The last message from them came Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock by carrier pigeon. It said they would hold out until the last. It is probable that when their ammunition became exhausted the survivors were captured.

1,000 PARIS CHILDREN REMOVED TO COUNTRY.

A despatch from Paris says: The removal of children from Paris was begun on Thursday morning when 1,000 children from the Montmartre district of the city were placed on board a special train, bound for a vacation colony in the Department of Allier, in Central France. This is the first action taken under a plan for removing Paris children from the possibility of harm from a long-range gun shell striking a school filled with pupils, as a church where worship was in progress was struck on Good Friday last.

AMERICA ALONE IS REPLACING TONNAGE SUNK BY U-BOATS.

A despatch from Boston says: "As much deadweight ship tonnage has been launched from the shipyards of the United States in the last three weeks as was sunk by German submarines during the entire month of April," said Dr. Charles A. Eaton, chairman of the National Service Section of the United States Shipping Board, addressing the American Society of Mechanical Engineers here. Last week alone, Dr. Eaton said, 18 ships, representing 106,000 tons deadweight, went down the ways.

ONTARIO SOLDIERS ARE SAFE IN ENGLAND.

A despatch from Ottawa says: It is officially announced through the chief press censor's office that the following troops have arrived safely in England: Infantry from Central Ontario, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and British Columbia. Composite battalion from Halifax. Siege artillery. Details.

300 SOLDIERS KILLED BY BRITISH AIRMAN.

A despatch from London says: As an instance of the great effectiveness of the continuous air raids which the British are making day and night at different points behind the German lines where there are dense concentrations of troops, a German prisoner stated that in the recent air raid of the British Flying Squadron on Douai, there were 300 soldiers killed and wounded in addition to great damage done.

Larger Wheat Acroage.

"Let me draw the attention of the farmers of Canada to the grave need of planting every acre in wheat that is in shape to grow it. There should not be an idle man in Canada to-day, who is physically fit to work." Honorable T. A. Crerar, Minister of Agriculture for Canada.

CANADIAN HOSPITAL BOMBED BY AIR- MEN: MANY KILLED AND WOUNDED

Building Collapsed Burying Inmates—Majority of Patients Were Rescued by Heroic Men Who Risked Lives to Reach Them.

A despatch from the British Army in France says: Early on Thursday morning German airmen bombed another hospital—this time a Canadian institution—and exacted a considerable toll of casualties. Among those killed by the explosion or flames was an American medical officer who was administering an anesthetic to a British officer in the operating room when that part of the hospital was demolished. The raid occurred at 10.30 o'clock in the morning.

The hospital attacked was a large one. It had been in existence since the early days of the war and was marked by huge Red Cross signs. On the story above the main floor were the office and patients' room, and above them were members of the hospital personnel. Part of the wing was demolished by the terrific explosion, and many unfortunate people were killed and wounded when the building collapsed and buried them.

Strange to say, those who were on the top floor had better luck than those below them, and several escaped because they fell on top of the debris. The surgeons were just about to operate on an aviation officer when the crash came. All those in the room were buried under an avalanche of brick and woodwork. The demolished wing caught fire and burned fiercely with many victims still pinned in the wreckage.

Nothing more awful has occurred in the annals of the hospital service since the war began. Every available person in the neighborhood was called out to assist in the rescue work, and two fire brigades were called in. With the assistance of ladders and other fire apparatus the hospital proper was rapidly emptied of patients and personnel. It was a desperate situation. A roaring furnace represented what was left of the big wing. Scores of people worked frantically at the flaming mass of twisted timbers in their attempts to reach those entombed, and many unconscious forms were carried out by heroic men who risked their lives to reach them. Excellent work on the part of the firemen finally resulted in the fire being extinguished, but there were still many people, including more than one sister, buried in the ruins. There was no hope that they were alive.

several others wounded, one of the latter probably fatally.

The raid lasted two hours, but thanks to the fact that most of the hospitals were not crowded, the casualties were much lighter than in the previous bombardment. One hospital, which had a large number of wounded men in it, was bombed, but owing to lucky circumstances, comparatively few were killed or wounded, the precautions taken saved a heavy loss of life. One hospital had one ward destroyed and two other wards damaged. Several attendants were killed in this place, and there were other casualties.

The operating theatre of still another hospital was wrecked.

Keep the hoe and cultivator going to keep down the weeds that will be very troublesome if allowed to get the start of the gardener. Loosening the soil aerates it and conserves the moisture.

ANOTHER BRITISH HOSPITAL BOMBED

Germans Again Attack Hospitals Raided on May 19.

With the British Army in France, June 2.—British Red Cross hospitals have again come under the German bombing scourge. This latest attack began at 10.30 o'clock Friday night, and the hostile airmen raided the same group of hospitals which suffered on May 19. Several hospitals were hit, and the casualties among patients and workers is considerable.

One hospital was almost demolished when an enemy aviator dropped an explosive on it after getting his bearings by letting fall a brilliant flare, which lighted up the whole district. One sister was killed at this place and

of 2 kilometres, the infantry captured in the first rush the first position of the enemy, reaching all of their objectives and passing them at certain points. The enemy reacted strongly with violent artillery fire, and attempted west of Srka Di Legen a counter-attack, which failed completely.

"More than 1,500 prisoners (Bulgarians and Germans), including 33 officers, have been counted up to the present. Important war materials have fallen into our hands. The Greek troops, and the French soldiers which were co-operating with them, have shown the finest spirit in spite of unfavorable atmospheric conditions.

"The aerial forces took an active part in the battle, using their machine guns at a low altitude and the Bulgarian reserves. They have bombarded with success railway stations in the Vardar valley and the aviation ground at Hudovo."

"Greek troops, supported by French artillery, attacked enemy positions of great strength of Srka Di Legen, south of the Struma. Over the whole of the front of the attack, which measures 12 kilometres, and to a depth

BOYS WILL BE BOYS BOYS WILL BE BUYERS BOYS WILL BE BIGGER

And then of course we hope the war will be over and they will be "Bigger Buyers of Better Clothing."

Large stocks of Boys' Suits and Bloomers to make June sales a hummer

Suits of real value. Suits with that wanted style. You will save dollars by buying now instead of leaving until fall.

Special sale of Middy Blouses

Reg. \$1.25 value for 98c. \$1.50 value for \$1.15. \$1.75 and \$2.00 values for \$1.00.

Children's and Misses' Middy Blouses

Special sale prices—50c, 75c, 98c and \$1.25.

White Wash Skirts

Made in attractive styles, in poplin and piques, large buttons, pockets, etc. \$1.25 to \$2.75.

A big stock to meet the big rush for Summer Underwear

Watson's Spring-weight Combination Suits, 85c to \$2.25 per suit. These are splendid fitting and nicely trimmed, much below today's value.

Large stock of single pieces, Vests and Drawers, at 25c, 35c, 50c, 75c, \$1.00 and \$1.25, in silk and lisle and mercerized cotton.

Special sale of Boys' Balmbriggan Drawers, sizes 28 to 32. Today's value, 65c; to clear, 25c each.

Dress Gingham at 19c

Regular value today, 35c. In a good assortment of checks and stripes, fast colors.

Absolutely Fast Black Hose, Hole-proof and Radium makes

1 1/2 Rib Black, all sizes for misses and children—25c to 50c.

Ladies' Fine Lisle Hose, full fashioned, silk ankle—special, 50c and 75c.

Ladies' Elastic Rib Top Hose, silk legs, double soles and heels, Radium make—\$1.00 special. In black, white, grey, champagne and nigger colors.

Kayser Silk Gloves

In black and white, white with black Paris points, black with white Paris points. City prices, \$1.50; our price, \$1.25.

Men's Panama and Sennit Hats

\$2.25, \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50. A big assortment of Men's Sailor Hats at \$1.00 to \$2.50.

Children's and Boys' Fancy Hats

Including Snap Brims and Sailors in straw, and Wash Hats for little tots, 25c to 50c.

After the Big Rush

Clearing broken lines of White Shoes, Oxfords and Slippers at below value. See our special lines at \$1.50, \$2.00, \$2.25 and \$2.75.

See the special values in Children's White Shoes at 75c to \$1.50.

Special sale of Hose at 25c

Worth 50c. In broken lots, to clear.

J. N. CURRIE & CO.
Sole Agency for New Idea Patterns and Women's Magazine



Canada's Registration Its Purpose and Application

CANADA faces the gravest crisis in her history. Four years of war have taken from the Dominion a heavy toll in talent and labor, yet despite the shortage of man power, our Allies still depend on Canada to maintain her own fighting forces at full strength and to increase her exports of food and war materials, so vital to them, and to the successful prosecution of the war.

Every ounce by which Canada can increase her food production and every ounce Canada can save in her food consumption is needed for export to the Allies.

Should the war continue for another year, food cards and a rationing system may have to be instituted. It is the duty of Canada to be prepared for whatever situation circumstances may force upon her.

It is quite probable that before the war is won our Government may have to place restrictions upon the occupations in which men and women may engage. In such an event the Government wishes to be in a position to render all possible assistance in keeping our population usefully and profitably employed.

Registration Day, June 22nd

These conditions point to the necessity of Canada knowing the exact capabilities of her men and women at home.

All persons residing in Canada, male or female, British or alien of 16 years and over, will be required to register on June 22nd and truthfully answer the questions set forth upon the registration card.

It is not the Government's intention to conscript labour in any form, but to assist in directing it wisely,

so that every available unit of human energy may be utilized to the best advantage.

The information procured through registration will be used—as an aid to the Military Authorities in procuring the men necessary to maintain "Canada's First Line of Defence"—to mobilize all units of available labor in the Dominion and direct them from less essential to more essential occupations—to establish and intelligently administer a system of food rationing should that become necessary.

Issued by authority of **Canada Registration Board**

Great Lakes Steamship Service.

Canadian Pacific Steamship "Manitoba" now leaves Owen Sound 10.30 p. m. each Monday for Sault Ste. Marie, Port Arthur and Port William. Steamships "Kewatin" and "Assiniboia" will sail from Port McNicoll Wednesday and Saturday commencing June 1st.

Connecting train running through to Port McNicoll will leave Toronto 2.00 p. m. Saturday, June 1st, and each Wednesday and Saturday thereafter.

Blank oil leases for sale at the Transcript office.

Do it Now.—Disorders of the digestive apparatus should be dealt with at once before complications arise that may be difficult to cope with. The surest remedy to this end and one that is within reach of all, is Parmelee's Vegetable Pills, the best laxative and sedative on the market. Do not delay, but try them now. One trial will convince anyone that they are the best stomach regulator that can be got.

Mothers can easily know when their children are troubled with worms, and they lose no time in applying the best of remedies—Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator.

FACTORY BUILDING FOR SALE

The two-storey concrete-block building on McRae street, Glencoe, formerly used as a canning factory, is offered for sale.

Building equipped with engine and boiler, weigh scales, shafting, etc. Very reasonable price to a good, live industry.

For full particulars, apply to E. T. HUSTON, Secretary Industrial Association, Glencoe. 111f

WAS KITCHENER'S OWN CITY

Khartoum Rebuilt by British Leader After It Had Been Sacked by Dervishes on Their Retreat.

A sentimental interest will always attach to Khartoum, for it is Kitchener's city. He fought his way to it up the Nile, to find the old town blasted, sacked and destroyed by the dervishes, writes a correspondent. He is said to have drawn the plans for the new Khartoum on the sand with his own hand, and the engineers set to work the same day to build it up. The streets and squares are laid out in the design of a monster Union Jack.

All that was only in 1898, but the new Khartoum is already a place of beauty and importance. There are many groves of noble trees, a feature only to be appreciated by the desert dweller, for the dervishes were not schooled in the refinements of modern warfare. They sacked the town on their retreat, but they failed to girdle the trees. They were only ignorant savages and they did their best, but thanks to their unfamiliarity with modern methods, Khartoum has some beautiful groves today. There are rose gardens, too, that were planted by the unfortunate Gordon himself.

The Blue Nile runs past the city; river gunboats helped Kitchener to encompass its fall. The White Nile is only a few miles away. These two great arteries of trade stretch their way southward into the unknown and northward flows the united river toward Cairo and the Mediterranean.

The trade of the town is augmented by all manner of parties from the savage interior, and about Khartoum are native villages built after the fashion of all the tribes of the Sudan. The people are drawn from all the ends of Africa, negroes and Arabs, and from Europe and Asia come Syrians, Greeks and Copts. The upper classes are Egyptians in commercial circles; in the political and administrative world the English, of course, are dominant. It is a strange and cosmopolitan city that has grown from the plan that Kitchener sketched on the sand, with the dead of the last day's fighting still unburied on the plain.

For sale—one 16 h. p. gas engine, carburetor and tank, belts and wheels complete; pump rods, ropes and tanks; one set draw work wheels. Apply to Transcript Office, Glencoe.

ROY SIDDALL

Flour, Feed, Grain, Seeds, Coal, Wood and Cement

All kinds of Grain bought and sold.

Up-to-date Chopping Mill in connection.

Terms Cash, or extra charge for credit.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM Highlands of Ontario

Offer you and all the family the outing of your life.

ALGONQUIN PARK
MUSKOKA LAKES
GEORGIAN BAY
LAKE OF BAYS
TIMAGAMI

are all famous playgrounds.

Modern hotels afford city comforts but many prefer to live in tent or log cabin. Your choice at reasonable cost.

Secure your Parlor or Sleeping Car accommodation in advance.

Full information from any Grand Trunk Ticket Agent, or C. E. Horning, District Passenger Agent, Toronto.

C. O. Smith, Agent, Glencoe; Phone 5

WESTERN Business College
WINDSOR, ONTARIO
A High Grade School. Write for Catalogue. Hundreds of students placed annually in DETROIT and WINDSOR. L. S. McCallum, Prin. P. O. Box 55 Accountant



PUBLIC NOTICE

DOCUMENTS TO BE CARRIED

by every male person who is not on active service in any of His Majesty's Naval or Military Forces, or in the Naval or Military Forces of any of His Majesty's Allies, and who apparently may be, or is reasonably suspected to be, within the description of **Class One** under the Military Service Act, 1917, who for any reason may have claimed that he is not within **Class One** under the Act.

NOTICE is hereby given that, under the provisions of an Order in Council (P. C. 1013), of the 20th April, 1918, upon and after the 1st day of June, 1918, every male person who is not on active service in any of His Majesty's Naval or Military Forces, or in the Naval or Military Forces of His Majesty's Allies, and who apparently may be, or is reasonably suspected to be, within the description of Class One under the Military Service Act, 1917, by whom or on whose behalf, it is at any time affirmed, claimed or alleged that he is not, whether by reason of age, status, nationality, exception, or otherwise, within Class One under the Military Service Act, 1917, as defined for the time being or that, although within the said Class, he is exempted from or not liable to military service; shall have with him upon his person at all times or in or upon any building or premises where he is at any time is,

AGE

If it be claimed that he is not within the class by reason of age, an official certificate of the date of his birth, or a certificate of his age signed by two reputable citizens residing in the community in which he lives and having knowledge of the fact; or

MARRIAGE

If it be claimed that he is not within the Class by reason of marriage, a certificate, either official or signed by two reputable citizens residing in the community in which he lives and having knowledge of the facts, certifying to his marriage and that his wife is living; or

NATIONALITY

If it be claimed that he is not within the Class by reason of his nationality, a certificate of his nationality signed by a Consul or Vice-Consul of the foreign State or Country to which he claims his allegiance is due; or a passport issued by the Government of that Country establishing his nationality; or

ACTIVE SERVICE

If it be claimed that he is excepted as a member of any of His Majesty's Forces or as having since the 4th August, 1914, served in the Military or Naval Forces of Great Britain or her Allies in any theatre of actual war and has been honourably discharged therefrom, official documents or an official certificate evidencing the fact; or

CLERGY

If it be claimed that he is excepted as a member of the clergy, or of any recognized order of an exclusively religious character, or is a minister of a religious denomination existing in Canada on 29th August, 1917, or as being a

member of any other society or body, a certificate of the fact signed by an officer-holder competent so to certify under the regulations of the church, order or denomination, society or body, to which he belongs; or

EXEMPTION

If it be claimed that he is exempted from or not liable to military service by reason of any exemption granted or claimed or application pending under the Military Service Act, 1917, or the regulations thereunder, his exemption papers, or a certificate of the Registrar or Deputy Registrar of the district to which he belongs evidencing the fact; or

OTHER CLASS

If it be claimed that he is not within the Class, or that he is exempted, not liable or excepted upon any other ground, a certificate of two reputable citizens residing in the community where he lives having knowledge of the fact upon which the claim is founded and certifying thereto;

FAILURE TO CARRY REQUISITE EVIDENCE

If upon or after the 1st day of June, 1918, any such male person be found without the requisite evidence or certificate upon his person or in or upon the building or premises in which he is, he shall thereupon be presumed to be a person at the time liable for military service and to be a deserter or defaulter without leave;

PENALTY

And he shall also be liable upon summary conviction to a fine not exceeding \$50 or to imprisonment for a period not exceeding one month, or to both such fine and imprisonment; and moreover, any such person may forthwith be taken into military custody and may be there detained and required to perform military duty in the Canadian Expeditionary Force so long as his services shall be required, unless or until the fact be established to the satisfaction of competent authority that he is not liable for military duty.

FALSE CERTIFICATE

The use, signing or giving of any such certificate as hereinbefore mentioned shall, if the certificate be in any material respect false or misleading to the knowledge of the person using, signing, or giving the same, be an offence, punishable, upon summary conviction, by a penalty not exceeding five hundred dollars, and by imprisonment for any term not exceeding six months and not less than one month.

ISSUED BY THE MILITARY SERVICE BRANCH
OF THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.

Ottawa, May 22, 1918.

Overland
The Thrift Car

No man without a car can do as much as he can with a car.

Yet every man in Canada should be doing his utmost to help win the war.

Buy an Overland Model 90 and keep ahead of your work.

This light Overland Four has been the ultimate choice of thousands of business men.

Why not yours?

Appearance
Performance
Comfort
Service
Price

W.M. McCALLUM
Dealer - Glencoe

Willis-Overland, Limited
Willis Knight and Overland Motor Cars and Light Commercial Wagons
Head Office and Works, West Toronto, Ontario

Send The Transcript to your friends.

Borrow to Buy Cattle



"Mixed Farming" is the big money-maker today. Of course, grain and fruit and vegetables pay well—but beef and bacon, butter and cheese, are piling up the profits for the farmer.

Milk more cows—fatten more cattle—raise more hogs. If you need money to do it, come to The Merchants Bank. We are glad to assist all up-to-date farmers.

THE MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA
Established 1884.
Head Office: Montreal.
J. A. McKELLAR, Manager.
GLENCOE BRANCH, BOTHWELL BRANCH, NEWBURY BRANCH.
E. E. LEWTHWAITE, Manager.
W. H. C. HALL, Manager.

MRS. CURRIE'S MILLINERY PARLORS

Opposite Royal Bank Building

FLOWER DEPT.
Potted Plants and Cut Flowers for all occasions.

Highest cash price for Butter and Eggs.
Phone 25

FANCY GOODS DEPT.
Stamped Linens and Embroidery Silks; Crochet Cottons of all kinds.



Can He Hear You?

WHEN you talk into space, and not directly into the mouthpiece of your telephone, you are not giving the instrument a chance to do its best work.

The mouthpiece was designed to speak into, and best results are obtained when your lips are about half an inch from its rim.

Economize time and temper by speaking distinctly, directly into the mouthpiece, and avoiding needless repetition and delay.

The Bell Telephone Co. of Canada



Patronize Home Industry by buying MCLACHLAN'S BREAD

Made from the best Flour that money can buy, along with other ingredients which make it wholesome. Try our Homemade Bread made with Fleischmann's Yeast. Also our Buns, Cakes and Pastry, fresh every day. Have our wagon call.

J. A. McLachlan
GLENCOE

BORN.
CUSHMAN.—On Thursday, May 30, to Mr. and Mrs. Walter Cushman, Ekfrid, a daughter.
LOVE.—On May 28, at Victoria Hospital, London, to Mr. and Mrs. George A. Love, Wardsville, a daughter.

LOCAL

Mrs. Sexsmith is recovering from a serious illness.

Peter L. Campbell, who has been seriously ill for some time, is not improving.

A partial eclipse of the sun is scheduled for Saturday afternoon, commencing at 5:30.

Rev. G. S. Lloyd will conduct Odd-fellows anniversary services at West Lorne next Sunday afternoon.

A garden party for the Red Cross will be held at Bethel on Thursday evening, June 29. Watch for bills.

The Ladies Aid of the Wardsville Presbyterian church will hold their annual garden party on Friday evening, June 21st.

Now if we could only get the tax rate down to the same percentage as the beer we are allowed to drink it would be worth while.

W. J. Webster, Crinan, has sold his home and 100-acre farm in Aldborough to Kenneth and Henry Urquhart of Tait's Corners for \$8,000.

About the only geographical question school children can answer with any surety at examination this year is that the world is still round.

Anniversary services will be held in the Church of Christ, Moss, next Sunday at 11 a. m. and 5 p. m. (fast time).

C. A. Tharp of Ridgeway will give Wm. McCallum and J. L. Hull drive home a six-cylinder Overland, got by special order, direct from Toledo, Ohio, and now owned by Mr. Hull and much admired.

The marriage of Alexander F. Pole of Ekfrid and Miss Ethel Bechill of Glencoe took place at the home of the bride on Tuesday afternoon, Rev. R. Fulton Irwin officiating.

The Battle Hill Relief Society will meet at the home of Mrs. Fred Simpson on Thursday afternoon, June 13. Please bring all finished work. A quilt will be drawn for at this meeting.

The annual meeting of the Conservative Association of the West Riding of Middlesex, as constituted for Dominion purposes, will be held in Stratford on Monday, June 10, at 10:30 a. m.

Next Sunday, owing to the absence of Rev. R. Fulton Irwin, who is attending Conference, the Methodist people will attend the Presbyterian church in the morning and the Presbyterians the Methodist church in the evening.

Charles Scott is attending the Presbyterian General Assembly in London this week as representative of the Glencoe congregation. J. G. Lethbridge has the honor of being the lay representative of the Presbytery of Homan, China.

Among the grand jurors selected for the general sessions of the peace which opened at London on Tuesday are Amos Pennell, J. Newbury; George Innes, Glencoe; Donald A. Leitch, Metcalfe; John McMaster, Ekfrid; Cyrus J. McTaggart, Ekfrid.

The annual mid-summer promotion examinations will be held in the public schools of the West Middlesex Inspectorate on Thursday and Friday, June 27 and 28. The entrance examinations will be held at the various centres on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, June 19, 20, 21.

A dog which showed symptoms of hydrophobia was shot on the farm of Arthur Williams, Longwoods Road, Moss, on Sunday evening. The animal was of a small type of collie, black and tan and aged. If anyone in the neighborhood has been bitten by a dog recently, it might be well for the person bitten to take precaution against development of poisoning.

Glencoe council held their regular monthly meeting on Monday evening and after transacting routine business adjourned to meet again on June 17th. It was decided by the council to make a refund of \$4 and \$3 respectively for the use of the auditorium and the assembly room of the town hall for amateur performances for any patriotic purposes held during the summer months.

Owing to the amount of detail work accumulating at the banks under the large number of comparatively inexperienced clerks on the staff, owing to enlistments, new bank hours have gone into effect throughout the country, namely, from 9:30 a. m. until 2:30 p. m. daily except Saturday, on which day the hours will be from 9:30 to noon. In Glencoe the banks will close at one o'clock on Wednesday instead of Saturday.

Thurman Gough, Ekfrid township, near Walkers, had the misfortune to get his right hand badly lacerated with a buzz saw while cutting wood on Wednesday of last week. Dr. McIntyre accompanied him to St. Joseph's Hospital, London, where it was found necessary to amputate the first finger and a part of the second. Mr. Gough, being called for military service, had an auction sale a few days before and sold out all his farm stock and machinery. His injuries are healing nicely.

PERSONAL AND SOCIAL

—Reeve A. J. Wright is at county council this week.

—J. C. Elliott arrived home from the West last week.

—Miss Sadie Currie of Windsor spent the week-end at her home here.

—Mrs. Mary Leitch is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Neil Munro, at Kilmartin.

—Mrs. Lamont was visiting her mother, Mrs. Ivor, Strathroy, last week.

—Mrs. R. Clannahan spent the week-end in Detroit the guest of her sister, Mrs. Brodie.

—Mrs. Thomas Harris and little son William of Buffalo are visiting at Mrs. James Harris's.

—Mrs. J. E. Roome is visiting her sister, Mrs. Holland, at Aurora and friends at Toronto.

—Miss Jean E. Reycraft of San Francisco, Cal., is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Elias Reycraft.

—Mrs. Archie Graham has returned from Denfield, where she spent several months with her daughter, Mrs. Wade.

—The engagement of Miss Winnifred Eddie and Frederick McGill is announced, the marriage to take place early in June.

—Mrs. Roy Roberts and little daughter Jean of London are visiting at the home of Mrs. Roberts' parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Currie.

—Mrs. McAlpine has received a cablegram from her son, Lance-Corporal J. D. McAlpine, stating that he had arrived safely in England.

—J. Hayter home on Monday from the West Lorne for the week-end and holiday, having been under a rather severe operation for removal of the tonsils.

—Rev. G. S. Lloyd was at Ivan yesterday officiating at the marriage of Rev. Wm. Leitch, lately inducted into the pastoral charge at Kilmartin.

—Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Crow and two children, Myrtle and Donald, motored from North Fairfield, Ohio, last week and visited Mr. Crow's sister, Mrs. Colin Leitch.

—Miss Fern Graham was home from West Lorne for the week-end and holiday and was accompanied by Miss McGearry of Strathroy, who is associated with Miss Graham on the teaching staff.

—Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Kilmer and Misses Mary and Doris Kilmer of Clonaboy and Mr. and Mrs. Peter Crawford of Lobo motored to Glencoe on Sunday and spent the day with Mr. and Mrs. Frank Clarke.

—Miss Mae E. Crawford, graduate nurse, who has been doing cancerment work at Camp Wadsworth, Spartansburg, S. C., has enlisted for foreign service and is now in New York mobilizing with 500 nurses prior to their departure for France in a few weeks.

—A Jackson, Mich., paper of June 1st has the following:—Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Callaghan gave an announcement dinner of lovely appointments at the Jackson Club Thursday evening in honor of Miss Jean Lauretta Crawford, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Peter Crawford of Lobo, Ont., announcing her engagement to Charles A. Berry of this city. Roses and sweet peas adorned the charmingly appointed table while the favors for the fair guests were corsages of pink roses and sweet peas and for the gentlemen, boutonnieres of lilacs of the valley and white sweet peas. Daily place cards bearing a cupid costumed as a bride marked covers for twenty guests.

The marriage of Miss Crawford to Mr. Berry will take place on June 19th. Miss Crawford will go to Lobo next week for a visit with her parents, returning for the wedding and a number of pre-nuptial functions which will be given in her honor.

Menu for fish supper, June 15th:—Fish with mashed potatoes and parsley dressing or sliced lemon, salad and pickles, brown bread and butter, pie, tea. Adults 35c, children 25c.

Commencing Wednesday, 12th June, we close the store at one o'clock each Wednesday during June, July and August, believing this will not inconvenience our customers. Store open every Thursday night as usual.—J. N. Currie & Co.

The Peace River, Alberta, Record, notes among many recent arrivals in the oil district there of J. Errington, "well known as one of the more successful producers in the California field, and who also owns a large interest in one of the largest producing fields of Western Ontario near Glencoe."

AUCTION SALES
Clearing sale of farm stock, implements, machinery, grain and hay, etc., of 150-acre farm, also household furniture and effects, on Wednesday, June 12, at one o'clock. All to be sold without reserve, as the proprietor has sold the farm.—W. J. Webster, Aldborough.

Use the "Special Notices" column in this paper if you have anything to buy or sell. It is the quickest and most economical way of reaching many hundreds of people throughout the district.

Don't let your counter check books run too low. The Transcript is agent for the Appleford Counter Check Book Co. of Hamilton, the largest concern of this kind in Canada. You can buy as cheap from us as you can from any firm and keep your business at home.

The Oil of Power.—It is not claimed for Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil that it will cure every ill, but its uses are so various that it may be looked upon as a general pain killer. It has achieved that greatness, for the inventor has attempted to surpass it have failed. Its excellence is known to all who have tested its virtues and learned by experience.

ADVERTISING RATES.—Cards of Thanks, In Memoriam Verses, Complimentary Addresses, 5 cents per line, minimum charge 50c; notices of entertainments to be held, also notices of Lost, Found, Wanted, or For Sale, 1c per word each insertion, minimum charge 25c—all to be prepaid.

No surgical operation is necessary in removing corns if Holloway's Corn Cure be used.

WAR TIME'S GREATEST VALUES

June is always a star month in the Mayhew Store, but tomorrow we begin our

"GREAT JUNE SALE"

No person can afford to hesitate, but come at once and prepare for your present and future needs, and make a wonderfully big saving.



Straw Hats
A big June Sale of Men's \$2.00 and \$3.00 Straw Sailors—\$1.50. We have never had a more complete or better stock.

Panamas
Genuine South American Panamas. All new shapes. June Sale—\$2.50, \$3.50 and \$4.00.

Great June Suit Sale
of Men's and Boys' Clothing, and the values will far surpass anything we have ever offered before.
Men's Blue Serge Suits, \$16.95, Men's Fancy Worsted Suits, reg. \$25.00, for \$19.00. Suits made to your order for \$25.00. Everything guaranteed.

It's Big News—This Shoe Sale

Extra values in White Wash Skirts

White Wash Skirts of repp, jean and gabardine, splendid style—\$1.95, \$2.00 and \$2.50.

Beautiful Plaid Silks for Skirts

Unequalled Corset values

Big reductions on Oil Cloths, Wall Papers, Window Shades, Voile and Silk Waists and Millinery.

E. MAYHEW & SON

SPECIAL NOTICES

30c trade and 34c cash for eggs at Mayhew's.

Some good work horses for sale cheap.—Wm. McCallum.

Chalk Early Jewel tomato plants for sale.—W. R. Sutherland.

A few young calves for sale. Apply to Tom Walker, Route 1, Glencoe. 10-1

Chopping Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.—W. R. Stephenson, Appin.

One good second-hand manure spreader for sale.—Wm. McCallum.

Brick house, half acre of land, good wells—bargain for quick sale.—J. A. Scott.

For sale at a bargain—one 15 h. p. gas engine.—Chatham Gas Co., Limited, Chatham, Ont.

100 lbs. Neilson's chocolates, always fresh. Regular 50c, Saturday only 45c, at Johnston's drug store.

Cream and eggs wanted at the old stand, as usual. Highest prices paid in cash.—Wm. Muirhead. 0517

For sale—a horse and buggy, a cutter, a piastah. Will sell cheap for quick sale. Apply at the rectory, Wardsville, Ont.

Have you used our soap dyes yet? If not, you don't know what you're missing. All the popular shades.—Johnston's drug store.

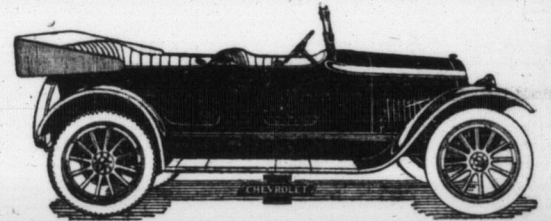
Kodaks and supplies, developing and printing, our specialty. The work is right. Try us once and be convinced.—Johnston's drug store.

For sale—new 8-room house, hardwood interior finish, nicely situated on corner lot in village of Appin. Apply to W. R. Stephenson, Appin. 0317

Flour and feed for sale at store corner of Main and McKellar streets. Still buying grain at North Glencoe.—J. D. McKellar, Chas. Mawhinney. 0817

James Gilbert's Canadian bred Clydesdale, "Golden Glow," will be at his own stable for the season of 1918, except as follows:—Monday noon, at David Eddie's, Ekfrid; Wednesday noon, at John Simpson's, Wardsville; Friday noon, at Joseph Armstrong's, North Newbury. 10

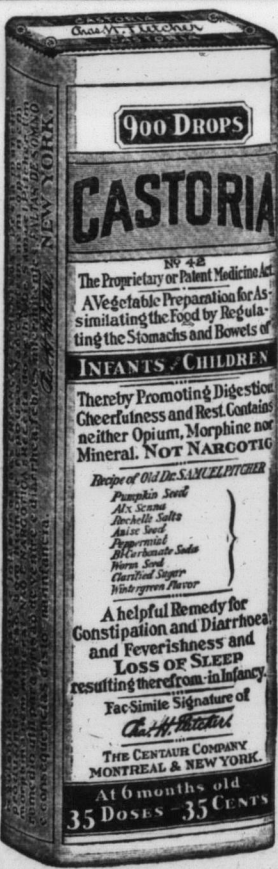
CHEVROLET



Price is climbing. Do not let that worry you. It will probably be years before they are any cheaper.

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Soils and Crops

By Agronomist

This Department is for the use of our farm readers who want the advice of an expert on any question regarding soil, seed, crops, etc. If your question is of sufficient general interest, it will be answered through this column. If stamped and addressed envelope is enclosed with your letter, a complete answer will be mailed to you. Address Agronomist, care of Wilson Publishing Co., Ltd., 73 Adelaide St. W., Toronto.

Alsike and White Clover as Honey Plants

Farmers know the value of the two perennial clovers, alsike and white Dutch clover, for hay and pasture, but it is not always remembered that a large bonus may be obtained from them in the form of honey. They produce more honey in Canada than all other plants put together, and this honey is of the highest quality.

Production of clover honey is greatest in the farming lands of Eastern Canada. Almost the whole region south of the Ottawa River is excellent. The St. Lawrence River Valley is almost as good. The valleys of the St. John, and other rivers in New Brunswick, marsh hay lands in Nova Scotia and the rich farming lands of Prince Edward Island and around Lake St. John, Que., are very good too. In the clay belt of Northern Ontario, notably around Haliburton and Dryden, these clovers grow in immense quantities and luxuriance, and some years produce heavy honey crops. While alsike as a commercial honey plant has reached its highest development in the Eastern Provinces, white clover does well in a large part of Manitoba and British Columbia.

The cultivation of clover on suitable lands as a combined farm and honey crop is recommended as follows:

1. Growing alsike with timothy for hay. Alsike is better for this purpose than red clover because the latter is of practically no value for honey production and is beginning to spoil by the time the alsike and timothy are ready to cut. Alsike will grow on certain types of soil, for instance, ill-drained land, better than red clover.

2. Growing alsike for seed. An abundance of honey bees increases the yield of seed per acre; and leaving the plant to produce seed lengthens the honey flow.

3. Sowing white clover in grass mixtures intended for pasture. On favorable lands the white clover will spread, improving the pasture both for cattle and bees. Grazing, if not too close, will not seriously curtail honey production, and it lengthens the honey-flow.

4. The honey-flow from clover lasts three to five weeks, beginning, according to latitude, between mid-June and mid-July. Good management of the bees, to build them up strong in time for the honey-flow and keep them from swarming, is necessary. There is no better food for bees in winter than clover honey.

Crow vs. Corn

In Canada, the most serious enemy to the corn crop is the crow. A dose of shot is an infallible cure for the latter's fondness for corn, but, unfortunately, it is more easily prescribed than administered. There are,

however, other means of combating this trouble.

1. Treating the Seed: Immerse the corn for 2 or 3 minutes in water as hot as can be borne by the hand. Drain, and while the corn is still moist and warm, add half a cupful of coal tar or pine tar per gallon of seed. Stir until every kernel is coated with tar. As a drier, add a small quantity of lime, plaster, or even dry road dust. If the work is well done, seed so prepared may be sown by machine, but the feed should be watched carefully for fear clogging may occur.

2. Deep Planting: Plant the corn not less than 3 inches deep. This will prevent it from being washed to the surface by heavy rains and, after germination, the young shoot will break off when the crow attempts to pull up the plant.

3. Poisoned Corn: When crows are noticed on the field, take some corn, say two gallons, more or less according to the size of the field, and boil for about thirty minutes in just sufficient water to cover corn to the depth of one inch. To the water and corn, before boiling, add about one-eighth ounce of strychnine or, better still, of strychnine sulphate, for each gallon of water. Allow the corn to lie in the strychnine and water overnight. In the morning drain off any water remaining and scatter the corn thickly over the corn field.

In making use of the above plan great care should be taken to pour the water off the corn into some hole or in a spot not likely to be frequented by children or domestic animals. Care should also be taken to keep poultry off the corn field for two or three weeks after the poisoned corn has been scattered thereon.

4. A device much used in some localities is "stringing the field." Stakes 3 or 4 feet high are placed here and there and connected by twine to which may be attached pieces of paper or bits of bright tin. Dead crows obtained by method 3 may also be attached to the twine or stakes. The time-honored "scare-crow" may also be tried but it must be admitted that the crow of to-day does not seem very deeply impressed by this device.

5. If crows are noticed in or near the corn field have a boy watch the field for 2 or 3 days, firing a gun now and then when the crows are in sight and showing himself quite openly. Then put up a sort of tent in the field (a stack cover or binder cover will do). The crows are never sure but that the boy with the gun is in the tent and will give the spot a wide berth.

A combination of some or all of the above plans, which are simple and inexpensive and have been tested out with good results, will soon persuade the crow that the locality is an undesirable one.

Horse Sense

How to Select a Horse

The following specifications, issued for the guidance of those who buy army horses, are quoted in an article appearing in the Breeders' Gazette, and as the general description given applies to all horses for each and every purpose in the army, it may well be applied in the selection of horses for any good purpose:

Head.—Small and well set on neck; with ears small, thin, neat and erect; forehead broad and full; eyes large, prominent and mild with well developed brow and fine eyelids; vision perfect in every respect; muzzle small and fine; mouth deep; lips thin and firmly compressed; nostrils large and fine; and branches of under-jaw (adjoining neck) wide apart.

Neck.—Light, moderately long and tapering toward the head, with crest firm and longer than under side; mane and forelock fine and intact.

Withers.—Elevated, not unduly fine, well developed and muscled.

Shoulders.—Long, oblique and well muscled.

Chest.—Full, very deep, moderately broad, and plump in front.

Forelegs.—Vertical as viewed from front; side and properly placed; with elbow large, long, prominent and clear of breast; forearm large at elbow, long and heavily muscled.

Knees.—Neatly outlined, large, prominent, wide in front, well situated and well directed.

Back.—Short, straight and well muscled.

Loins.—Broad, straight, very short and muscular.

Barrel.—Large, increasing in size toward flanks, with ribs well arched and definitely separated.

Hindquarters.—Wide, thick, very long, full, heavily muscled, rounded externally and well directed.

Stifle.—Well defined, prominent and well supported by muscles of that region.

Tail.—Fine and intact; well carried and firm.

Hocks.—Neatly outlined, lean, large, wide from front to rear, well situated and well directed.

Limbs.—From knees and hocks downward vertical, short, flat, wide laterally, with tendons and ligaments standing well out from bone and distinctly defined.

Pasterns.—Strong, medium length, not too oblique, and well directed.

Feet.—Medium size, circular in shape, sound; with horn smooth and of fine texture; sole moderately concave, and frog well developed, sound, firm, large, elastic and healthy.

Mrs. Progress and Mrs. Oldways.

"We seem to have lost our taste for apples," remarked Mrs. Oldways. "Can you account for it?"

"I think so," replied Mrs. Progress. "Apples that have been stored through the winter lose flavor. The flavor may be restored to those that you cook by adding the syrup left from canned fruit of almost any kind, but especially from quinces, cherries or peaches. This will also partly sweeten them so that less sugar will be required."

One medium-sized potato gives you as much starch as two slices of bread.

Poultry

Every poultryman interested in maximum production at minimum cost should market all mature male birds early in June. The time has arrived when the male bird is no longer useful. Except in a very few instances where special matings are made this season's breeding work is done.

It costs as much or more to feed and care for a male bird for a year as it does a laying hen. When the slacker hen is culled cull the male bird. Keep no individual that does not produce a value greater than the cost of feed and care. There are some males worthy of being kept over for another year's breeding work, but they are the exception. If the breeding work has been carefully planned there should be young males growing up that will be equal or superior to the old ones.

The male bird does a still greater harm than eating his head off during the summer, fall and winter. If allowed to run with the hen he will fertilize the market eggs during the warm months when nearly half the season's supply is produced. A few hours under a broody hen, in a warm room or in a store window and incubation starts. Then the temperature changes, the germ dies and the eggs spoil. This loss is much greater even in our nearby markets than is commonly supposed. It is worth while to produce infertile eggs.

The male is in no way necessary for egg production; in fact his presence in a flock of hens may slightly decrease production. Egg production frequently drops slightly when males are placed with the hens for breeding purposes.

To Our Heroes

Methinks the scarlet poppies on the fields

Of France—in this dark hour—Are but the blood of our dead heroes.

Blossomed into flower.

To watch and wait, and not in vain; For, though they blow and toss impatiently

At last shall bow their glorious heads And whisper "Victory!"

CARE OF SPRING DUCKS

By W. E. Gage.

More and more farmers are taking up with ducks, and many tell us that this is the easiest money in poultrydom. Of course, this is an individual matter, but the fact remains that ducks are becoming more and more popular on the markets, and the prices paid for duck meat is continually on the increase. But the fact that caring for ducks is so unlike the care of chickens, it would seem timely to give a few of the important items.

Ducks are great layers producing an astounding number of eggs. I had a pen of ten ducks, of Indian Runner strain, that produced not less than ten eggs per day during the hatching season, and on several occasions laid eleven eggs. The eggs will hatch successfully in incubators, more so than will hens' eggs. The eggs should be turned regularly twice each day, and must not be more than ten days of age when placed in the machine. The eggs demand more moisture than hen's eggs, and the ducklings are slower in coming out of the shell than chicks.

Very few people understand the care ducks should receive. The beginner is very enthusiastic at first, but when he finds that poultry methods fail, that the ducks "just die," he becomes discouraged, and quits. The main trouble is that the little fellows contract diarrhea, which kills them off by the bushel every night. And if kept in the sun without shade, they will be sunstruck and die. The pens should be placed so that shade and sun are combined, and little trouble will follow, rats being proper.

Feeding When Young

The ducklings should not be fed until thirty-six hours old. Then feed the following mash, barley wet with skim-milk or water: One measure of cracked or stale bread crumbs, one measure of middlings; one-half measure bran; five per cent. sand. Feed four times daily. The first forty-eight hours keep a supply of food and water before the ducklings day and night, but have the water in vessels which will allow the beaks to enter, and not get the ducks wet. After they have been in the brooders for forty-eight hours give the regular rations.

From one week to five weeks old feed the following growing mixture four times a day: Four measures of bran, three measures of middlings; one measure of corn meal, three measures of fresh green stuff or two of dry clover steamed, five per cent. sand, five per cent. fine ground beef scrap. Mix all together dry and wet up with milk water or skim-milk to make crumbly mash.

Feeding for Market

From the fifth to tenth week, when

the ducks should be ready for market, feed the following mash three times a day: Two measures of corn meal, two measures of middlings, one measure of bran, one measure of green stuff, ten per cent. beef scraps, five per cent. sand. At any time if the ducklings show any signs of loose stools or the bowels add a little ground charcoal to the mash. Oyster shells, granulated bone and fine grit are all-ways kept before the birds.

One of the large duck farms where the feed is all bought except the green stuff, the claim is made that it costs five cents for food alone and from six to ten cents per pound for labor and food to raise a duckling to ten weeks—a marketable age, after which are they fall away in flesh and profit is less. Each duck should pay a profit of fifty cents when properly raised.

No expensive grains are needed for ducklings, but they must never be fed musty, spoiled grains. After they are five weeks old they can be left out in the open air unless the weather is bitter cold and stormy.

Ducklings need fresh air, and should have a dry bedding of some kind. The houses must be so that no draughts will enter during the early age, nor during the night when the ducks are resting. Do not forget the water in feeding ducks. It adds volume to the food and makes feeding cost less because it makes the same amount of feed more filling. But such breeds as Indian Runners should not be allowed any more water than poultry, as they are "dry land ducks," and too much water will kill them. The Pekin ducks will do better in swimming holes, but this may be arranged by using an old vat, on farms where there is no creek, and a creek is a dangerous thing, as there are minks and other animals that will prey upon the flock at night and kill off the best of the stock.

Sorting Them Out

Drakes may be sorted from ducks by the curled tail feather, which curls upward. A duck quacks, a drake does not. These become noticeable when the ducklings become four weeks of age. The ducks should never be handled as hens. Always carry them by the necks.

Making money with ducks is not easy. It demands hard work, persistence and careful watching, but the fact still remains that ducks can be turned into ready money in ten weeks, which is not possible with chickens, and the fact that ducks are more prolific layers, that the eggs hatch easier, and that the care which ducks should receive is not greater, should cause a larger number of farmers to enter this business.

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By Andrew F. Currier, M.D.

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Tonsillitis

By this term is meant inflammation of the almond shaped bodies and the tissues around them which are on either side of the throat or pharynx. These organs are no doubt, of importance in guarding the entrance to the throat but they are also exceedingly troublesome for they are very often the seat of disease, and they become so greatly enlarged, as practically to block up this entrance and interfere greatly with the function of breathing.

When they are enlarged and the crypts or glands they contain, full of offensive infectious material, in addition to the other infectious material with which the mucous membrane of the mouth is always supplied, they are subject to frequent attacks of inflammation, become a constant menace to the hearing and to the health in general and should be removed.

But this is not an argument for their indiscriminate removal. Like the troublesome, though much abused appendix, they have a mission to fulfill, and if they cause no trouble, as is true in countless cases, I do not believe any one has any business to remove them.

The acute form of inflammation of the tonsils, also known as quinsy or quinsy sore throat, is a very troublesome and painful affection which is very common in children and young adults, particularly during the winter and early spring.

It may be due to the infectious material already in the mouth and tonsils, or to tuberculosis in the mouth or the glands of the neck, and it is often followed by an attack of rheumatism.

It begins with dryness, stiffness, and soreness of the mouth, with thirst and difficulty in swallowing.

It resembles gripe in the general

discomfort which comes with it, the chill, pain and soreness in the legs and back and "all over," headache and raging fever.

Swallowing becomes more and more painful and difficult and the throat more dry, saliva dribbles from the corners of the mouth, opening of which becomes impossible, the speech becomes inarticulate, the tongue is coated, the breath very offensive, hearing is impaired and at length an abscess may form in the neck, the throat, or the ear.

When the abscess discharges or is opened, there is a feeling of relief and improvement generally takes place.

One form of tonsillitis called follicular or croupous tonsillitis may be mistaken for diphtheria, the tonsils being covered with a deposit which suggests the false membrane of diphtheria. But it is quite different from the latter, for it may be easily scraped away which is not the case with the membrane of diphtheria.

In tonsillitis the patient should have nourishing fluid food and as much as he can digest, for the disease is an exhausting one.

It is better for him to be in bed, and isolated from other members of the family.

If an abscess forms it is desirable to open it, let it drain freely and keep the surrounding tissues clean, rather than to leave it to nature.

The bowels must be kept open, preferably with an antiseptic like calomel. The entire cavity of the mouth must be frequently rinsed and cleaned with peroxide or some other good mouth wash, and the tonsils swabbed several times daily with a strong solution of nitrate of silver.

J. W. M.—Answer—If the person referred to was in good physical condition, I can see no harm in what you suggest.

if it realized that this meant the difference between the girl's staying in the community and her going to the city to make her own way.

Why Father Has Good Seed Corn

Father has good quality, germinable seed corn to plant next spring. This in spite of the fact that his farm is in a district where but very little corn matured last fall. In talking this over a short time ago father and I concluded there are at least two big reasons why there is plenty of good seed corn upstairs. Year after year planting of a medium-sized corn that matures near the middle of September, and selection of the seed ears on stalks in the field, storing it shortly after the first frost killed the plants.

More than twenty years ago my father adopted a policy of planting only house-grown seed corn. At first it was hand-selected at husking time. But five years ago he began choosing ears from standing stalks, about twice as many of them as will be required for planting the coming year's crop. Ears chosen are not necessarily the largest ones. The aim is, rather, to get a medium length ear—eight and one-half to nine inches long.

An ear from a single stalk hill is not taken, neither is one from a two-stalk hill unless the two stalks have produced three good-sized ears. Most ears come from three-stalk hills that have produced at least three ears and often four. The ears are marked when the corn is well dented, by cutting off the top of the stalk. After the first heavy frost the ears are collected, or earlier if the corn is cut before frost.

Growing a medium corn adapted to climatic conditions, and selecting corn on standing stalks and storing it early are the reasons why father has good seed corn. He knows it is good, for a general test of two hundred ears selected at random early in January gave 95 per cent. of germinative ears. —J. R. W.

SMOKE TACKETTS
ORINOCO
CUT FINE FOR CIGARETTES

WHEN THE LONG LANE TURNS

Almost forty years ago, when I was a lad of fourteen, a crotchety old farmer, named Josiah Stebbins, ordered me and two other boys out of his woods, where we were gathering chestnuts," said a gentleman recently, in reminiscent conversation with a friend. "Of course, Mr. Stebbins was within his rights, but there were bushes of the nuts that he could never use, and his rough, abusive language angered us.

"We'll get even with you for this!" Lyman Crozier shouted back defiantly, and he added in a lower tone, "It's a long lane that don't turn somewhere."

"On the way home we discussed ways and means of 'getting even' with Josiah Stebbins, but none of our boyish projects were practicable. The other boys soon forgot the whole matter; but as for me, the adage about the 'long lane' was scarcely out of my mind for a day, and I repeated it to myself every time I saw Mr. Stebbins. It did not occur to me that I was nursing a revengeful spirit; on the contrary, I felt rather proud of standing up for my own rights.

"One October afternoon the next year, as I was crossing a corner of Ira Judson's pasture, I saw eleven lambs jump over a low place in the fence into Mr. Stebbins's field. Something had startled them, for they raced at full speed the length of the back meadow and disappeared over the crest of a rocky ridge beyond.

"When I reached the top of the ridge the lambs were nowhere in sight. There was a small, unused hay barn in the next field, and here I found the frightened animals huddled, the sagging door closed behind them. Plainly, the lambs had jostled against the door when they crowded in, setting it awing, and the high wind had done the rest. To my mind, the accident was full of possibilities. The heavy door was not likely to be pushed open, and when the animals were missed it would be easy to direct the search in the right direction. Then I should find the turning of the long lane.

"I decided to take Lyman Crozier into my confidence, and actually set off for the Crozier farm-house; but halfway there I halted. Could I state the circumstances in a way to reflect creditably on the part I was playing? I did not intend to disclose all the facts, but only to tell Lyman that I had found the lambs shut up in Josiah Stebbins's hay barn. I had always hated lying and deceit, and it shocked me to realize how near I had come to telling my friend a falsehood. No, I would keep my secret.

"Could I? I stopped short, as if a Real Questioner blinked my path, demanding an instant answer. Sometimes I think He did. God knew all the details that I had hesitated to relate to a schoolmate, and what must He think of me? Was the thought of petty revenge I had cherished any more pleasing to Him than the open deceit I had refrained from practicing? And could I carry my project through without acting a lie?

"I opened the door of the hay barn and let the lambs out before I returned home, and I told Ira Judson that they were in Mr. Stebbins's field. No one else knew of the matter. That was the turning point of my whole life, for out there in the silence of the autumn fields I learned to measure life and conduct by God's standard."

Good Fences—Good Neighbors

No truer saying was ever coined than this: "Good fences make good neighbors, and poor fences, bad neighbors."

So slack and dilatory about the upkeep of fences were some landowners who "joined" fences with me at one time, I stopped all parley concerning the matter, and erected substantial wire fences wherever the adjoining landowners refused to do so. Their repeated promises of fence improvement never materialized.

But, although the expense and labor of erecting my neighbor's part of the line fence was not an agreeable experience at the time, the job proved to be a profitable business investment. An appeal in friendly spirit for fence improvement and fence upkeep among neighbors will often secure cooperative effort. But, rather than have constant "fence friction" with adjoining landowners, I prefer to fence in my farm at my own expense when the only other recourse is to take the matter into court and thereby gain the lasting enmity of those with whom you are in constant association.—C.D.

Wealth From the Sea

There are fortunes lying under the sea in the holds of torpedoed ships, and many minds are busy on the problem of recovering this wealth.

"Salvage companies are laying plans for raising both ships and cargoes on a big scale," said the managing director of a firm of submarine engineers. "Cargoes to the value of millions of pounds are awaiting recovery."

"In many cases, where ships cannot be raised, cargoes can be salvaged. We recovered £70,000 in Spanish gold coins some years ago from the Alphonso XII, 165 feet under the sea off Point Gando, Grand Canary."

A mother's prayers, silent and gentle, can never miss the road to the throne of "all bounty."—Henry Ward Beecher.

WOOL

Farmers who ship their wool direct to us get better prices than farmers who sell to the general store.

ASK ANY FARMER! No one has sold his wool both ways, and note what he says, or, better still, write us for our prices; they will show you how much you lose by selling to the General Store.

We pay the highest prices of any firm in the country and are the largest wool buyers in Canada. Payment is made the same day wool is received. Ship us your wool to-day—you will be more than pleased if you do, and are assured of a square deal from us.

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13 CHURCH ST., TORONTO

Runaway Julietta

By Arthur Henry Gooden

CHAPTER V.—(Cont'd.)
Seldon, visibly impressed, put down his knife and stared at her.

"Say! For a fact, now?"
Julietta nodded.

"Yes. One of the best friends I have in the world."

"Oh!" Jed dropped a sly wink. "I see! A young man, eh?"

"Oh! I thought you might be going to spring a bit of news."

"News?" repeated Julietta demurely.

"Yes. Though you might be getting married."

Seldon rose from his chair and stood looking down at her, stroking his beard reflectively.

"I suppose you'd give me an option for thirty days?" inquired Julietta curiously.

"My word's good."

"Sure. But, Mr. Seldon, my friend might change her mind, and in that event you could keep the option money."

"I'll give you two hundred dollars to-morrow, and the option can be made out in my name as agent—see?"

Ten minutes later Jed Seldon left the room. His wife, a pathetic, work-worn woman, gazed at Julietta with uncertain eyes, and Julietta felt uncomfortable.

"So you've been here twenty years, Mrs. Seldon?"

"Yes. The other woman smoothed her apron with wrinkled hand. "Hard years too. You—you don't mind me telling you something, my dear?"

"But you, she's a woman like you an' me—well, somehow I can't stand to see another woman get taken in on this land of ours. Don't tell Jed I said so, of course, but don't you advise her to buy."

"Oh, you darling!" Julietta put her arm about the worn shoulders. Mrs. Seldon flushed.

"Mebbe ain't loyal—to Jed. We need the money bad, but—"

"I'll tell you that about not wanting to sell you that about not wanting another woman—"

"Another woman!" exclaimed Julietta, laughing. "And you've lived here twenty years and never guessed?"

"And you don't even suspect me now?" Mrs. Seldon gazed at her with wondering eyes. But Julietta turned serious.

"Perhaps I've too much conscience," she said bitterly. "I am the one who was my own friend. I am the one who was this ranch. Don't you see, Mrs. Seldon? You'll get oil by drilling—beyond a doubt. A single oil well on this place will make your fortune, and with luck you may drive a dozen wells."

Into the faded eyes leaped a gleam—that died swiftly. Mrs. Seldon shook her head.

"Jed's a sheepman, Miss. I re. He don't know nothing else, and he can't turn a deal without losin' money on it. Some men is that way."

"But don't you see?" cried the girl. "I'm not going to buy the ranch—now. I'm telling you that about the oil—couldn't rob you."

Mrs. Seldon's stolidity forsook her, and she pulled her apron up to her eyes, while Julietta's hand met a convulsive grip.

"Now listen, my dear!" said the older woman unexpectedly. "You're smart, and—and we're plain but-blind folks as can't see anything in front of us. It's no use talkin' oil to us, my dear. Somebody would come along and get the ranch away from Jed, oil and all. He's fine for sheep, but he can't put through a deal. If you can get our sixteen thousand out of it I'll be thankful to you all my life."

"Then you'll not tell Jed about the oil?"

"No. Jed'd only lose it anyway, in the end."

Julietta leaned forward, her face flushed with excitement, her eyes like stars.

"Listen, Mrs. Seldon! If that's your attitude, then I'll go forward, take the option, and if the oil proves a success assign you enough of an interest to make you rich for life. First of all, I'll have to raise the sixteen thousand, of course, and I'm gambling my two hundred on the option that experts will give a favorable decision about the oil. Then it's only a question of selling enough stock to—"

"God bless you, my dear!" broke in Mrs. Seldon, her arms going out to Julietta. "I—I guess I'll go to church now—and—and thank God for sendin' you here—and I won't tell Jed a word of what you've said."

Julietta laughed, a greater happiness in her heart than she had known for weeks.

CHAPTER VI.

She Embarks on a Second Enterprise. Mines move in a mysterious way their wonders to perform. An industrious chicken, scratching on the bank of a creek, uncovered the mineral

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wealth of Colorado; a runaway donkey, scrambling up a steep mountain in Idaho, kicked the lid off one of the richest mines in the world; a combative male sheep butted a school teacher off a fence in California and the Big Ram Oil Company resulted.

Above the desk of the president of the Big Ram Company hung an enlarged photograph of Jed Seldon's truculent ram. The billboards of Los Angeles were plastered with the same likeness advertising the golden stories of the Colorado chicken, the Idaho donkey, and the California ram. The argument was subtle and extremely powerful.

Paul Morrow noted the argument subconsciously; he could not help noting it in some fashion, for the street cars, signboards, and newspapers flaunted the Big Ram in his face. It did not appeal to him, however. He had four days in which to cover his Los Angeles territory, then strike south at San Diego and uncover new territory, and he was busy. Also, he had not heard from Julietta for ten days, and was worried. Beyond considering that the Big Ram possessed an advertising genius, he passed the subject by.

On his second day in the city, Morrow received a brief note stating that the president of the Big Ram Company wished to see him on a matter of importance. He chuckled and tossed the note into his waste basket.

"An advertising genius, all right!" was his amused comment. "But they can't sell me stock. I'll die poor some other way. 'Pon my soul, why doesn't Julietta write?"

He called up Mrs. Drake, but she had not heard from Julietta either. The next morning, Morrow received a special delivery letter. He read it several times, wondering that it bore no personal signature; yet it was not a form letter.

Dear Mr. Morrow: Please call at our office this morning without fail. We do not desire to sell you any stock, but if you fail to pay us the courtesy of a call it will be to your extreme disadvantage.

Very truly yours,
Big Ram Oil Company.

Morrow gasped.

"Pon my soul—how did they guess my very idea about selling me stock? I never mentioned this wildest company to a soul—except Mrs. Drake. If they don't want to sell me stock, probably they want me to sell stock. Nothing doing! No get-rich-quick stuff for me."

He stumbled, but at ten that morning he stepped from the elevator at the eighth floor of the Union Trust Building. Morrow found himself confronted by a curly-haired man's head peering out of the door directly opposite, with the legend of the firm's name. He entered and a girl seated before a typewriter looked up inquiringly.

"I was asked to call," he explained. "To see the president of your company. My name is Morrow."

"Oh, Mr. Morrow!" the stenographer jumped up and unclasped the swing gate. "Go right in, please. The president is not busy just now."

"Queer kind of president, then," commented Morrow to himself. He walked toward a ground-glass door bearing the word "President," and knocked.

"Come in."

The voice was clear, cool, vibrant. Morrow started, gazed incoherently, and accepted the invitation.

"You!" The word broke from his lips at sight of Julietta seated at a desk. She looked at him, smiling, in a scrutinable, she leaped up to meet him, wild delight in her face.

"Yes I. Exactly!" Julietta laughed happily, her cheeks rosy under his intent gaze.

"Pon my soul!" Morrow plumped into a chair, breathing hard, as Julietta quietly closed the door. "Why, I thought you were teaching school up near Bakersville, girl?"

"Resigned. One can't be in two places once, you know."

"Oh! Then you're working here?" Julietta vouchsafed her brief little nod, her eyes dancing.

"Um!" Morrow stared around the office. "Why didn't you have a word with me first, my dear girl? I don't like your working for these wildcat promoters."

"Please don't call me names, Uncle Paul."

"All you names—what the dickens do you mean?" He frowned, perplexed, as her clear laugh rang out.

"Why, I'm the school teacher whom the big ram butted off the fence! I'm the wildest promoter just referred to. My name Uncle Paul, the Big Ram Company is me, me—J. Dare, Esquire!"

Morrow drew a deep breath, staring at her.

"Why, 'pon my blessed soul, you're in earnest. Of course you are. What—what on earth will you do next?"

"Goodness knows," she responded seriously. "Things that are worth happening seem to happen all of a sudden, Uncle Paul. Here's the way—" She threw upon the screen the vivid drama of the Big Ram Company.

"Three experts agreed that it was a sure thing, you see," she concluded. "So I came down here, got hold of your old lawyer, and started to sell stock."

"Oh, I might have known it was your work!" he ejaculated admiringly. "But, girl, why on earth didn't you slip me a hint?"

"I was afraid!" She colored.

"Afraid! Why, in the name of heaven?"

"Well, if I dragged you into another failure I'd never have forgiven myself. And I was really dreadfully afraid that you'd kick up an awful fuss and pooh-pooh the whole thing."

Morrow's head fell.

(To be continued.)

Onions cooked with milk, cheese or a meat flavor make a satisfactory dish.

Cream Wanted

SWEET OR CHURNING CREAM
We supply cans, pay express charges and remit daily.
Our price next week forty-eight cents
Mutual Dairy and Creamery Co.
743-5 King St. West Toronto

Food Control Corner

If you were to spend half a day in the Licensing Division of the Canada Food Board you would come to the conclusion that something bigger than you dreamed of is going on just there—something that is upsetting old standards and imperceptibly revolutionizing the trade of Canada. The results will not be apparent in a day. The undertaking is immense but every week sees fresh strides being made and dealers of all kinds and degrees being brought into line. One of these days the people of Canada will waken up, rub their eyes and wonder that so much has been happening without their knowledge.

There is nothing stationary about the Licensing Division. Just picture it. Up to date something like 125,000 applications forms have been sent out. The returns are coming in every day. On an average 900 are handled in one day but the figure has been known to go as high as 1400. Already over 25,000 licenses have gone out, covering retail and wholesale grocers, wholesale fish dealers, bakers, wholesale produce dealers, fruit and vegetable dealers, millers and cereal manufacturers. During a recent week 40,000 applications forms were sent out to the public eating places of Canada. This spells a further deluge of returns. You could scarcely imagine a busier office. Everything has to be minutely checked. There is no let up in the work.

There are people who whine about this licensing system—just as they whine about every other kind of legislation—saying that the fee is going to come out of their pockets after all. This is ridiculous. The licensing fee is merely nominal in the case of small businesses, but when multiplied by tens of thousands, while affecting the consumer not at all because of the wide distribution of area, it is a source of revenue for the Canada Food Board sufficient to cover current expenses.

MUST MAKE REAL SACRIFICES.

Americans Are Urged to Alleviate Food Conditions in Europe.

The American Labor Mission, before departing for America after making a comprehensive study of conditions in England and France, made the following statement regarding food conditions:

"Since landing in England, the members of the Committee have visited a number of cities and interviewed a large number of people regarding the food situation as well as other matters arising from the war, and we feel it our duty to impress upon the American people the fact that they should endeavor to conserve food in a larger measure than we may supply the people of the allied countries with the thing necessary for their subsistence."

"There is no doubt that the people of Great Britain and of the allied countries are making untold sacrifices to make any sacrifices that the cause of Democracy may prevail. Food is scarce and it is up to America to alleviate that scarcity. Great Britain and France are suffering more than can be described. I urge our people to give greater consideration to the interests of the Allied countries and to emulate the sacrifices there, especially as manifested in the matter of food by the people, without complaint."

Edwin T. Meredith, Administrator of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States, a prominent member of the Mission, said:

"The people of the Allied countries realize that everything the free people of the world hold dear is at stake in this war and are perfectly willing to make any sacrifices that the cause of Democracy may prevail. Food is scarce and it is up to America to alleviate that scarcity. Great Britain and France are suffering more than can be described. I urge our people to give greater consideration to the interests of the Allied countries and to emulate the sacrifices there, especially as manifested in the matter of food by the people, without complaint."

"By examining the tongue of a patient, physicians find out the disease of the body, and philosophers of the mind."

Just in.

The soil in the garden should be kept mellow, so it will absorb and hold water. Then when watering give sufficient water to soak well down into the soil.

Canuck Bread Mixer

MAKES BREAD IN 3 MINUTES
Eliminates all guess work. Makes bread, rolls, etc., without kneading. Saves time and labor. Conserves the Nation's food supply.
Convenient, quick and clean—kneads dough thoroughly.
Showered all charges paid to your terms. It weighs only 12 lbs. and costs only \$12.50.
E. T. WRIGHT CO.
LONDON, CANADA

The Housewife's Corner

UTILIZING THE POTATO.

Without danger of making the burden too heavy, it is possible in nearly every farm home to make a few bushels of potatoes into a food product that will keep indefinitely, i.e., starch. The time to do it is now. A little later the more strenuous work on the farm will have begun and the potatoes will not be in as good condition for the sprouting changes some of the starch into sugar. If one has a fair market for the best potatoes, remember that the small ones are just as good for this purpose.

The process described below is a very simple one, the time required but two hours. With a larger and better equipment the time could be materially reduced. In homes where there are children the work can nearly all be done by them and this chance to do a little of work which they like to do, make something new. The writer lays no claim to originality. It is an old process revived and simplified. Our grandmothers used to make this starch by the slow and ofttime painful process of grating the potatoes.

Potato Starch

Material.—One peck of potatoes, a colander or sieve, food grinder, several pans and basins, stiff vegetable brush and plenty of cold water.

Process.—Scrub the potatoes with the vegetable brush, using plenty of water. Rinse thoroughly. The larger ones should be cut in several pieces, the smaller ones in halves. The size of the pieces will depend upon the size of the chopper used. The writer was equipped with a No. 2 chopper, and a chopper of larger size less cutting would be necessary and less time would be used in grinding; but the fine knives should be used since the finer the potato is ground the greater the percentage of starch saved. Grind.

Some of the liquid will drip from the chopper in the process of grinding. Save this carefully as it contains a large part of the starch. Put the pulp into the large colander or sieve which has been previously placed over a pan large enough to allow the colander to reach part way to the bottom of it. Turn on water enough to fill the pan nearly full. Stir the pulp thoroughly for several minutes with a stick or a large spoon. Remove the colander to another pan and repeat the process. Less starch will come from this washing. Three washings will be sufficient. Allow the water in which the pulp was washed to stand undisturbed a short time until the starch has settled to the bottom of the pan. The water will be of a dark reddish color. Turn this off carefully and put on fresh. Stir the starch well from the bottom. Strain through coarse cheesecloth. This removes the finer particles of pulp which passed through the colander. When the starch has again settled it will be found that this water is much cleaner. Change the water as many times as is necessary to remove the impurities. When the water looks clear turn it off and allow the starch to dry. The process may have hastened by breaking it up and removing to shallower pans after it has dried a short time.

Result: In this case one and one-quarter pounds of starch.

The experiment was then tried of paring the same amount of potatoes but this process required more time and gave but one pound of starch and nearly as many washings were necessary in order to clear the starch of foreign matter. The refuse pulp was cooked and fed to the fowls. It was eagerly devoured so there was absolutely no waste.

Ceas.—1. Food. 2. Laundry.

Food.—This starch may be used in various ways as shown below. Every spoonful used saves two of flour since its thickening value is double that of the latter. This may seem a small saving but it takes only eight table-spoonfuls to save a cup of flour. Considered from the standpoint of economy alone, it is worth using, as starch at ten cents a pound is cheaper than any of our flours since we need to use but half as much.

Chocolate Pie

Crust.—One cup of rye flour, (barley may be used and will make a crust of lighter color), quarter of a teaspoon of salt, three table-spoonfuls of any lard substitute. Mix the ingredients as usual but be careful when adding the water to use as little as possible or the dough will be sticky. Line the pie-dish with the crust and fill with the custard and return to the oven for a short time.

Custard.—One pint of milk, one table-spoon of potato starch, one egg, two table-spoonfuls of sugar, one table-spoon of grated chocolate, half a teaspoon of vanilla, quarter of a teaspoon of salt, one teaspoon of butter. Mix the starch, sugar, chocolate and salt, add a little of the cold milk and the egg well beaten. Heat the remainder of the milk nearly to the boiling point in a double boiler. Stir the mixture into this, add the butter and cook two or three minutes, stirring all the time. Remove from the fire and add the vanilla.

If desired the white of the egg may be omitted and a half spoonful more of starch used. The white may be

BOB LONG

UNION MADE
OVERALLS
SHIRTS & GLOVES

My Dad wears 'em

Known from Coast to Coast
R. G. LONG & CO. LIMITED
TORONTO CANADA

starch, one pint of water, one table-spoon of butter, grated rind and the juice of one large lemon or two small ones. Beat the yolks and sugar together. Moisten the starch with a little of the water and boil the rind and juice in the remainder for fifteen minutes. Strain. Add to the moistened starch and cook until it thickens. Add the eggs, sugar and butter, stirring well. Pour into a pudding dish and place in the oven for ten minutes. Serve cold.

Caramel Pudding

Two-thirds cup of sugar, one pint of milk, yolks of three eggs, three table-spoonfuls of potato starch, one cup of butter. Caramelize the sugar, (have a very low fire or it will burn). Heat all of the milk except enough to moisten the starch. Add the heated milk very slowly to the caramelized sugar, stirring constantly. Add the moistened potato starch, beaten egg yolks, and place in a double boiler. Add the butter and cook two minutes, stirring all the time. Pour into a mold and serve cold with cream.

Laundry.—This starch is excellent for all laundry purposes. If directions are followed it is never sticky.

Clear Starch

One table-spoon of potato starch, moisten in two table-spoonfuls of cold water. Add one and a half pints of boiling water and one-quarter teaspoon of salt, stirring constantly. Boil for two minutes. Starch the clothes while this is hot.

Cold Starch

Potato starch will be found just as satisfactory for this purpose as any of the starches used for this kind of starching.

It does not seem to make much difference whether a horse is given drink before or after feeding, provided it is not given too much at a time and none at all while heated.

The Walker House

The House of Plenty
Toronto
Geo. Wright & Co., Proprietors

The Peerless Perfection Fence

Divides your stock and they stay where you put them. The fence that serves for all time. Can't run, see or climb down. Stands any weather. Each joint securely held with the Peerless Patent. Put it on your property and you'll have the most reliable fence made and fully guaranteed.

SEND FOR CATALOG
Full description, prices, plans, etc., sent free. See the fence that is at your feet.

THE BAWWELL-HOXIE WIRE FENCE COMPANY, Ltd.
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There is Beauty in Every Jar

MILK WEED

There is Beauty in Every Jar

Ingram's Milkweed Cream

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NEWS FROM ENGLAND

NEWS BY MAIL ABOUT JOHN BULL AND HIS PEOPLE

Occurrences in the Land That Reigns Supreme in the Commercial World.

Over £500 has been raised in Richmond, Surrey, for St. Dunstan's Hostel by carol singing.

While at his home on leave, Lieut. Harry Edwards, Dudley, fell into a cellar and was killed.

The Government has offered two thousand German prisoners for work on the land in Somerset.

Miss Helena Normanton has applied to the Benchers of the Middle Temple for admission as a student of the Inn.

Henry Plough, master of the steamer Volnay, Glasgow, has been awarded a medal and diploma by President Poincare for rescuing a French crew.

Lieut. William Wilcox, R. F. C., fell from a height of 200 feet, while flying in one of the eastern counties, and was instantly killed.

Sergt. Molyneux, Royal Fusiliers, who has been awarded the V.C., was presented with an address and £350 by friends at St. Helens.

A fine of £1 was imposed on Lady Dalmeny, at Northampton, for using her motor car to return a bride to a friend.

Poplar Council have arranged with the Port of London to take over sixteen acres of mudflats at Millwall as allotments.

Air Mechanic Holdershaw, R.F.C. Woking, has been awarded the Distinguished Conduct Medal for gallantry in France.

Owing to the scarcity of the finest steel, manufacturers of hollow ground razors are reducing the supply three-fourths.

A committee, of which the Labor Minister is chairman, has been appointed to re-settle soldiers and sailors in civil life.

Major General A. L. Walker, who died in Bath the other day, entered the army in 1857, and fought in the China War of 1860.

The death took place in London recently of Lady Russell of Kilowen, widow of the famous advocate and Lord Chief Justice.

Lindley H. de Garro, an American aviator attached to the Royal Flying Corps, was killed in an airplane accident in Hertfordshire.

The Bucks Educational Committee have applied to the Carnegie Trust for £5,000 for the establishment of rural school libraries.

An army instruction says that soldiers' clothing is to be made loose so that it will allow for development and the wearing of extra underclothing.

The King has received from the Marquis the sum of £282, to be given to the Red Cross Fund.

Lord Denbigh, speaking at Winchester, stated that if it were known in England one-quarter of what the Germans had done in France and Belgium there would be no conscientious objectors.

Thirty-three towns in England have already bought over £1,000,000 in War Bonds.

The Breaking In.

Three happy Summers on the grassy hill,
Unshod, unbridled, and unweaved was he—
Now sporting lightly as the careless rill,
Now sleeping like the foal which lazily

Balms in the hollow, where he slaked his thirst,
And when his tired-out mother came at night,
He rushed to meet her, as when children first
See, down the brae, their father comes in sight.

One day his master put tell's trap-pings on,
And he was awkward as a bad half-grown,
He wonders at the wain and grey road

With the dust clouds—these he had never known,
And when he helped his mother pull the load,
She seemed to say: "Your day of play is gone!"
—Alexander Louis Fraser.

Unselfishness.

Lord Denbigh was walking through the House of Commons a few days ago when he saw a party of wounded Australian privates. Two appeared to be dwarfs, but on drawing closer he noticed that their legs had been shattered below the knee. "Have you not been fitted with artificial legs yet?" he asked one of them. "Yes, I have," he replied, "and I am going along with them all right, but my pal has not, and as he is a bit shy about going out alone with his stumps I left my legs behind."

Fifty Thousand Men Wanted.

It is estimated by a Parliamentary Committee that 50,000 men will be needed for the harvest in Canada, from August 1st to September 1st.

Put a wide guard-rail around the farrowing pen. This precaution may save the lives of several pigs. Have it at least eight inches wide; twelve would be better.

SPECIALIST SAID HE MUST OPERATE

She Took "FRUIT-A-TIVES" Instead.
And Is Now in Perfect Health.



MME. F. GAREAU

153 Papineau Ave., Montreal.
"For three years, I suffered great pain in the lower part of my body, with swelling or bloating. I saw a specialist, who carefully examined me and gave me several tonics to take, which did not help me. Then he told me I must undergo an operation. This, I refused to permit. I heard about 'Fruit-a-tives' and the wonderful results it was giving because this medicine is made from fruit juices, so decided to try it. The first box gave great relief; and I continued the treatment, taking six boxes more. Now, my health is excellent—I am free of pain and swelling—and I give 'Fruit-a-tives' my warmest thanks."

MME. F. GAREAU.
50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c. At all dealers or sent by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

The Transcript.

THURSDAY, JUNE 6, 1918

Parkdale

Crops in this vicinity are looking fine.

Earl Blain was called to the colors last week.

Mrs. A. E. Archer and daughter of Windsor are visiting at E. Haggitt's.

Mr. Patterson disposed of his fine span of greys last week at a fancy figure.

Lieut. Bradford, flight commander of the R. F. C., Toronto, who is on a three months furlough, called on his cousin, Miss Anna and Ray Smith, and also on relatives at Wardsville last Friday while motoring through from Windsor.

Newbury

Miss Pearl Robinson has returned from St. Joseph's Hospital, London, where she has been for some time taking treatment. Although weak, she is improving.

Reeve Holman is in London this week attending county council.

Amos Fennell, jr., is on the jury in London this week.

Pte. R. J. Stockings of London was in town Saturday evening.

Shoppers will save themselves inconvenience by remembering that the stores close every Wednesday afternoon at one o'clock, new time.

Mrs. Churchill of London visited at her father's, S. Fennell's, last week.

Wardsville

M. Miller spent the week-end in London.

Leonard Purdy went to London last week and enlisted in the Canadian Engineers.

Miss Minnie Randles has returned home after spending the winter in Kenora with her aunt.

Mrs. A. Douglas spent last week at a Sunday School convention at St. Mary's.

Mrs. Jefferson is visiting friends in Crediton.

Mrs. Klie and son of Windsor are visiting her parents, Rev. and Mrs. J. Hale.

A farewell party was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. McMaster on Friday evening in honor of their youngest son, Mark, who reported for duty in London on Saturday morning.

E. Campbell read an address and presented Mark with a purse of twenty dollars. Musical selections were enjoyed during the evening.

Mosa

The Red Cross Society of No. 9, Mosa, met at Mrs. Wm. Reycraft's on May 31st and packed a box for soldiers containing 25 prs. socks, 12 shirts, some old cotton and 7 stretcher caps, value of box being \$36. Mrs. Duncan McCallum gave a donation of \$5 and Mrs. James Corbett \$1 to the society. The next meeting will be held at Mrs. Isaac Walker's on June 28th.

The Red Cross Society of No. 9, Mosa, and the friends and neighbors of Wm. Brown met at the home of his parents on May 27th, prior to his departure for the front, and presented him with an address and a ten-dollar piece, fountain pen, military brushes, ring, safety razor and pass case.

Dread of Asthma makes countless thousands miserable. Night after night the attacks return and even when brief respite is given the mind is still in torment from continual anticipation. Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy changes all this. Relief comes, and all at once, while future attacks are warded off, leaving the afflicted one in a state of peace and happiness he once believed he could never enjoy. Inexpensive and sold almost everywhere.

Kilmartin.

Duncan McKellar and Robert McAlpine left here last Saturday for London to put on the khaki. Before leaving they were presented by the people of S. S. No. 17 with wrist watches.

Mrs. David McDonald and two daughters of Saskatoon arrived last week on a visit to the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Donald McGregor.

Sad news was received last week of the death in Denver, Colorado, of John Secord, son of the late G. A. Secord.

Mr. Secord left for Denver some time ago in the hope of regaining health.

Miss McMillan of London spent the week-end at Geo. F. Munroe's and on Sunday evening sang a solo in Burns' church, which was much appreciated.

John Secord arrived home last Saturday after being at Victoria Hospital, London, for some weeks. We are glad to know that Mr. Secord is much improved in health and able to be about again.

Mrs. D. N. Munroe left on Tuesday to attend the funeral of Miss Margaret McKellar of Detroit. Miss McKellar died very suddenly while at Sunday School on Sunday last. Her father, the late John McKellar, was known as "John McKellar of the Gore" and was a brother of the late Donald McKellar, who established the McKellar House at Glencoe. She was a niece of Mrs. M. C. Munroe.

James Shields of Warwick spent a few days last week with his sister, Mrs. D. D. Campbell.

Corporal George Secord of Toronto spent the week-end at his home here.

Ekfrid Station

Miss Aggie Switzer spent a day at her home here.

Mrs. Wilson McPherson has returned home after spending a week at Clachan.

Murray McCallum was presented with a wrist watch before joining the colors.

The oil diggers have moved from D. A. Campbell's farm to Neil McLean's.

The Ekfrid Patriotic Society shipped to Hyman Hall 12 shirts and 27 pairs of socks, the work of the society for a month.

Mr. and Mrs. James Murray and Melvin spent Sunday at Dan Graham's, North Glencoe.

Misses Alma and Annie McCallum entertained a number of their friends recently in honor of the boys who are leaving to don the khaki.

Wedding bells are ringing in this vicinity.

Jack McAlpine's mare gave birth to twin colts, one bay and one black. Quite a rarity.

Will McDonald is erecting a garage adjoining the store.

Misses Annie Black and Jessie Gray of Melbourne are spending a few days at G. C. Smith's.

Health cannot be looked for in the child that is subject to worms, because worms destroy health by creating internal disturbances that retard development and cause serious weakness.

Miller's Worm Powders expel worms and are so beneficial in their action that the system of the little sufferers are restored to healthfulness, all the discomforts and dangers of worm infection are removed, and satisfactory growth is assured.

Appin

A most enjoyable event took place in the village on the evening of Friday, May 31, in the form of a banquet tendered the Macaville Dramatic Club, and their host of willing assistants, whose efforts in connection with their comedy drama have been so effective in gathering "silver bullets" for our boys across the seas.

The affair was delightfully informal, and as the fearless veterans of the powder and paint assembled round the festive board in the historic old Orange Hall on Wellington street the tenor of the hour was joy indeed.

While the fair and proficient exponents of the culinary art dispensed a wealth of relishing viands, the honored guests regaled themselves generously and waxed reminiscent, and a spirit of good-fellowship prevailed, for the prima donna chatted with the usher, and the star and stage carpenter, the manager and the property-master felt equally at home.

But merry hours invariably are fleet, and soon the lengthening shadows told of other things to do. Though not before the local ladies were profusely thanked for their inimitable hospitality was "Star Bright's" happy family disbanded.

Woodgreen

On Friday evening last the people of this section to the number of seventy gathered at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Simpson, River Road, when Richard Jackson and Roy James were made the recipients of a wrist watch and fountain pen each prior to their leaving home for London. Both young men are highly esteemed in this section, especially in Sunday School work.

The scholars of S. S. No. 3, Mosa, were entertained at the home of their teacher, Miss Elena Reycraft, on Monday. They numbered about 35 and everyone reports having a very enjoyable time. Miss Reycraft is highly esteemed by the people of this section through the interest she displays in the welfare of the scholars of No. 3.

David Watterworth is, we are pleased to say, improving in health.

Miss Mary Scrimshaw is visiting friends at Bothwell.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of

Charles H. Plummer

Subscribe now for The Transcript.



HURRAH

This store leads with one of the largest stocks of up-to-date, reliable Footwear at money-saving prices every day in the year, but "Hurrah" for Thursday, Friday and Saturday.

Saturday we are going to break all past records for bargains. Don't hesitate. Come with the crowds. See the display at our store, opposite the Merchants Bank.

Look, Ladies! Don't Miss This Bargain.

60 pairs of Patent Leather Shoes, cloth and kid top, lace or button, semi-Louis heel, all sizes. \$5 value—special for Saturday \$3.98

75 pairs of Women's Fine Kid Laced Shoes, pointed toes, Cuban heels, a bargain at \$5—cut they go Saturday at \$3.98

Big lot of Women's Patent Kid and Gun-metal Pumps and Oxfords at \$1.98 and \$2.23

White Shoes, right in season, at bargain prices. Don't fail to see our big display.

Women's White Canvas Pumps, neat styles, cut to \$1.49

Ladies' High Laced White Canvas Shoes, pointed toes, high or low heels. They're beauties. Special price \$2.98

Big lot of Kiddies' White Canvas Sandals, rubber sole, cut to 98c

Misses' White Canvas Strap Slippers \$1.69

Men's Mahogany Shoes, Neolin sole and rubber heel, reg. \$6, going at \$6.49

Men's Black Shoes, Neolin sole, reg. \$8, going at \$6.49

Men's Good Solid Work Shoe, on sale Thursday, Friday and Saturday \$2.98

Men's Tan Grain Work Shoes—every man knows their wearing qualities \$3.98

Boys' Box Calf, solid leather, on sale Saturday for \$3.98

Youths' Velour Calf \$2.98

Running, Outing, Bowling and Tennis Shoes at money-saving prices.

Saturday Specials—Children's Low-cut Running Shoes, \$1.15 value for 75c; Youths', \$1.35 for 98c; Men's, \$2 for \$1.67.

MODERN SHOE STORE

Main Street Glencoe

Cairo.

Dougal Smith, superintendent; Miss Velma Randles, secretary, and Mrs. D. Smith, treasurer, attended the S. S. convention held at Sutherland on Monday.

Geo. Cameron of Strathroy returned to his home on Monday after a week's visit with his brother-in-law, Geo. A. Stewart.

On Wednesday evening a public farewell was tendered in the Town Hall in honor of the boys called from this vicinity, viz., John D. Murray, Vincent Curran, Russell Holmes and Frank McLean. W. J. Davis, our popular reeve, was appointed chairman. Addresses were delivered by ex-Reeve G. A. Annett, W. B. Fansher and others, complimentary to the boys. An address was read by Miss Oral Tully and a present of a wrist watch given the boys by three young ladies, Misses Elizabeth Munro, Valetta Pearson and Beatrice Annett, after which a dainty lunch was provided by the ladies for all present.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Allen, accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. J. R. McKeown of Sarnia, made a flying visit to friends here on Sunday.

Mrs. Will Fraser of Walkerville visited at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Young, on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Miller of Sarnia autoed to Florence, and accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. D. C. McGugin of that place visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. O. Gage on Sunday afternoon.

Oakdale.

Born—to Mr. and Mrs. Geriash Barnes, on June 1st, a daughter.

Mr. and Mrs. Elijah Willis and family accompanied by Miss Jean Willis of Cairo spent Friday evening at Mrs. John Summers.

Mrs. Jeanett MacIntyre of Glen-walker is spending a few weeks with friends here.

Bert Currie, Clayton Brown, Harry McLennan, George Brown, Ross Broadbent and Norman Munroe are in khaki now.

Mrs. Homes of Sarnia is the guest of Mrs. Wm. Tully.

Mrs. Kathryn Lindsay of Inwood was the guest of Mrs. A. R. Summers one day last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Glen Gould and Carl McCready of Rutherford, accompanied by Miss Lila Mawlam of Florence, were the guests of Mrs. Henry Mawlam on Sunday.

Mrs. Archie Leitch of Inwood visited Mrs. Margaret Leitch one day last week.

Russel Sinclair has purchased a new piano.

Corns cripple the feet and make walking a torture, yet sure relief is the shape of Holloway's Corn Cure is within reach of all.

Every Farmer Needs a Ford

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