



The subscription for the Indian and Little short of a quarter of the money is still pouring in rapidly...

INDIA

(From Willmar's European Times, Oct. 17.)

The last news from India, if not positively cheering, shows at least that we have seen the worst of the trouble...

A glance at the events since the breaking out of the mutiny establishes one conclusion, namely, that the native soldiery, looked at in the character of warriors, are beneath contempt...

The news by this arrival, although gratifying, as we have stated is rather of a negative than a positive character. Hitherto, the feeling of the Bombay and Madras armies has been sorely tempted...

The military operations of which we have an account by this mail are confined to an attempt by the mutineers at Delhi to intercept the siege-train on its way to assault that city...

It was currently believed when the last mail left that Sir James Outram would be able to effect a junction with General Havelock at Cawpore...

Now that fortune begins to smile on our arms, the future of India is largely discussed in every quarter. "Sweet are the uses of adversity," this fearful variation cannot fail to go to the hearts of those who have been so long in the land...

The Congress of Birmingham, which Lord Brougham is the chairman, for the promotion of social science, is now sitting, and is attracting considerable attention...

The excitement in the city, a moment during the week, was caused by the arrival of the news of the execution of the murderer of the Duke of St. Albans...

Our space is so fully occupied by the news of the week that we shall be able to give you but a few lines of the news of the week...

The Protector & Christian Witness

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1857.

DAY OF HUMILIATION AND PRAYER

We are glad to observe that Friday next, the 13th instant, has been appointed by His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor to be kept as a day of solemn fast, humiliation and prayer in this Colony.

This is as it should be, for we form a part of that Empire which has been raised up in the Providence of God to be a blessing to the earth, and is now suffering from some of those chastisements which its own shortcomings and misdoings have brought upon it.

We trust that the loyal and Christian inhabitants of this Island will observe, in a fitting and becoming manner, the day thus publicly set apart for a religious purpose, and show, by their readiness to obey the call made upon them, that they are fully alive to the importance of the occasion which has thus solemnly called them together.

We have much to bring to remembrance when assembled before God in our respective places of worship on the coming Friday, and much to present before Him who is the hearer and answerer of prayer. It strikes us that, on this occasion, we are called not only to acknowledge and confess our own sins, personal and provisional, but also the sins of our rulers, which have been, to a very great extent, instrumental in bringing down upon our country the present calamities—causing many homes to be desolate, and many hearts to be wrung with bitter agony.

We have to admit that the chastisements which we have received, by reason of our national sins, are not greater than we have deserved, and to pray that He who has seen fit to send them would, in his own good time, take them away, and make us the better for having endured them.

We have, with shame and confusion of face, to acknowledge that our rulers have been disloyal to their God,—have committed idolatry and superstition,—have discountenanced Christianity and made the very profession of faith in Christ a bar to all future advancement in life, and thus helped, in no small degree, to train up a race of infidels, and to bring Christianity into contempt.

We have to cry to the God of Heaven and Earth that He would "not deal with us after our sins, nor punish us after our iniquities," and that He would please, having withdrawn his chastening hand, to grant a blessing on our arms for the suppression of anarchy and rebellion, and for the restoration of tranquility and order.

We have to pray that the present disasters might be overruled for good, and that what now appears as a calamity, should be a blessing in disguise, and that the door for the furtherance of the Gospel of Christ, and the overthrow of all those anti-Christian systems of religion which now flood that populous yet benighted land.

We have to ask that God would, in his mercy, cause this outbreak of heathenism—this showing forth of the bitter yet natural fruit of idolatry, to be seen in the eyes of our civil and military rulers, and to the evil of their past acts, and cause them, for the future, to keep clear of all guilty compacts with sin, and all unwholesome compliances with the practices of a debasing superstition.

We have, in a word, to humble ourselves under the mighty hand of God, that in due time he may put an end to the present evil, and bring us to a personal, provincial or national, and to entreat that He would give us the victory over all our enemies—who are the enemies of his beloved Son, and cause all things, whether done by our instrumentality or that of others, to show forth his own glory.

We would suggest that collections be taken up in the several churches on behalf of the Indian sufferers, and handed over to the General Fund, and would pray that our services on the coming day of humiliation may be such as will be accepted of God, and give proof that we are a God-fearing and a God-worshipping people.

THE FAST DAY IN GREAT BRITAIN.

The 7th of last month was appointed by Her Gracious Majesty to be kept as a Day of Solemn Fast, Humiliation and Prayer, throughout the United Kingdom, in consequence of the general outbreak in India, and the fearful massacres that have lately taken place in that unhappy country.

The English papers are filled with notices of the services and sermons delivered on the occasion. The Record thus alludes to the manner in which the day was observed in London:—"The Day of Humiliation yesterday appears, so far as we are informed, to have been observed with very gratifying solemnity. The shops in the metropolis were closed, and the great city hushed into a quietude at least as great as that which ordinarily marks a London Sunday.

The churches were well filled with devout and attentive congregations, who entered with deep feeling into the very appropriate and pathetic services provided for the day. The whole structure of this service was above the average of such compositions, simple and earnest in tone, and expressive of a true and comprehensive object. The practical application which it touched the great questions which are filling our hearts and exercising our minds, and the admirable adaptation of the special lessons and Psalms to the occasion, reflect much credit on those by whom it was compiled. It is no small compliment to the service that in one of the principal independent chapels of London it was used in full, being incorporated into the usual service of the place. The fervent anxiety with which the assembled worshippers in our churches responded with the hearty Amen showed how deeply it touched their feelings, and how vividly the whole Indian calamity has fastened on our people to call on God for help and a blessing. The same spirit appears to have pervaded the sermons of the day. We observe in them that the preachers, instead of dwelling at length upon general truths, however great and necessary, appear to have the great majority of cases to have made the special lessons, taught by this special calamity, the great theme of their discourses.

We heartily rejoice at this, because we see in it the pledge of that sound and deep-seated public opinion upon Indian matters to which we must mainly look, under God, for the adoption of a wiser and more Christian course of policy, and the advancement of those which have drawn down upon us the just displeasure of the Most High."

The London Times, in urging the use of all legitimate means for the conversion of the Hindoos, says:—"There can be no doubt that the object for which we ought to consider ourselves to hold India is the future Christianization and civilization of the people. The Gospel and the enlightened notions of modern times alike forbid us to use force, and the sun must roll back to the East again before we can recall to life the old story of persecution which effected such wondrous conversions in the middle ages. It must be allowed, we think, that for a long time we took undue advantage of the necessity we were under of leaving the Hindoos unrestricted in their religion, positively to encourage and foster them in it. Those were mercantile

"You have not shown any mercy, and therefore merit none." His head was sent to his nephew Ali-Koogh; but the courier lost it on the road, and to avoid his noxious, substituted that of some other man. The body was burned at Measud, under a small tomb with a garden planted around it; but the founder of the present reigning dynasty of Persia, whose family had been persecuted by the mighty conqueror, descended his tomb, destroyed the garden, dug up his body, and placed his bones under the steps of the throne at Feheran, that all who passed might trample on them. Over his grave at Measud, some industrious peasants have planted a crop of turbanes.—Household Words.

INDIAN NAMES.

(From the Homeowner's Mail.)

For the use of purely English readers, who may be unacquainted with Indian words, we submit a brief glossary of the most common Indian vocables which are now of daily occurrence in the newspapers.

P. shows that the word in Persian; Port. Portuguese; H. Hindustani; M. Marathi; A. Arabic; T. Tatar; Tam. Tamil; and S. Sanscrit.

Ab or ul, P., water; used in composition as Panjáb, five rivers, i. e., watered by five rivers. Doab, district between two rivers.

Akad, P., inhabited; in composition, a town, as Hyderabad, city of Hyderabad, Akhad, water, the principal food of Hindos.

Agah, port., a nurse; now used for a female attendant on a lady.

Agah, P., a father; a child; used as a term of endearment or respect.

Bala log, T. S., children; the preceding word and log from a lat. people, answering to our acquire.

Bag, P. (prop. bagh), a garden. Kadja bagh is the name of a garden spoken of in letters from Delhi. It is just outside the walls.

Bahadur, P., brave; a common title of respect added to the names of military officers and others.

Bahro Ed, A. (prop. bahar 'Ed), a festival held by Muslims on the 9th of the 13th month, in honour of Abraham's offering of Isaac (not Isaac, as we say). From bahar, an ox 'Ed, festival. This word occurs in the plans of Delhi.

Bahro, P., an intoxicating potion made from hemp.

Bahro, P., an exchange or market-place.

Bahro, P., a lady.

Bayun, T., a princess, or lady of high rank.

Bayan, A. (prop. bhayan), a water-carrier. Literally an inhabitant of bhayan, or Paradise, from the pleasantness of the occupation in such a climate as India.

Budger, P. (prop. budh), a boat.

Budger, P. (prop. budh), a travelling boat of a large kind.

Bud mah, P. A. (prop. bud mah), a rogue; a villain.

Bud mah, P. A. (prop. bud mah), a bad character. From bud, bad; and mah, essence.

the two principal streets of the city, but the houses of the poorer classes were mean, and thatched with straw. It can be no matter for wonder that these vast treasures were coveted by the victorious Nadir, and that the Great Mogul and his effeminate Court should have been suddenly startled, in the midst of their pleasures, by the news that a Persian army was on the frontier. The detention of an ambassador gave a pretext for invasion. Having captured Candahar, Nadir invested the city of Cabul, which was bravely defended by a chief named Sherah Khan. But his applications for aid were neglected by the Court of Delhi, and, after a month's siege, Cabul was taken by storm in June, 1738. The Persian army then advanced through mountainous passes between Cabul and Peshawar, and Nadir succeeded in bribing the Afghan tribes to remain neutral. He thus conducted his forces in safety through those dangerous defiles, and captured Peshawar. Having surrounded this city, he led his army across the Indus at Attock, by means of iron chains, which inflated skins were made fast, and covered with planks, thus forming a bridge of boats.

The Court of the Mogul was at length thoroughly alarmed. A vast army of two hundred thousand men, under the joint command of Derwan Khan and Niam-ool-Mookh, was taken on the march, and, after a long march, collected outside the walls of the capital; and having been joined by Mahomed Shah in person, with a splendid train, they advanced to the plain of Kurnaul, about sixty miles from Delhi, and encamped in the open field.

Having crossed the Indus, Nadir Khan reached his army for a few days at Lahore, and then advanced towards the plain of Kurnaul. In twenty-eight months he had spent his fortune in the conquest of Persia, and he was now advancing at the same time with a thousand chosen horse, the action became warm; but the Indians, by the judicious arrangement of the Persians, were also attacked in flank, their brigades routed by the clear and rapid contrivance of placing stages full of blazing tow on the backs of camels, and a panic seized their army. In the thick of the fight, Derwan Khan was mortally wounded, and fell back towards the city.

Night put an end to the strife, but only a small portion of the Indian right wing had been engaged, and the Great Mogul was desirous of renewing the battle on the following day. The Persians, however, were unwilling to renew the contest, and the Emperor of India submitted to the terms of the rude conqueror.

Mahomed Shah, the following day, was conducted to Kurnaul, and the Persians found him a prisoner in his Nadir's hands. He was treated with the utmost respect, and he received with courtesy, but unbridled for having given the conqueror the trouble to march so far to chastise him. The Mogul listened with silence and shame, and the next day the melancholy march to Delhi commenced.

The Great Mogul was attended by 12,000 Persians, followed by Nadir with the bulk of his army, and six days the disgraced monarch found himself a prisoner in his own capital. On the following morning Nadir Shah made his entry into the city, where every house was closed, and proceeded straight to the palace. Here the Indian ladies, with true oriental severity, were with the utmost vigor in obsequious flattery of their new master. Saadi Khan alone preferred a dose of poison.

Next day Shah sent some Persian cavalry to open the granaries, which caused the assemblage of a mob, and several Persians were killed. Nadir, however, did not allow the palace to be tumult, but moderation only increased the insolence of the cowardly Indians; and at length the fierce warrior's wrath was kindled. He ordered the whole to be put to the sword, and the blood of the slain, and drawing his sword, stationed himself on the roof of a mosque with three gilded domes near the centre of the city where he overlooked the work of destruction in grim and silent silence. He had ordered that on every street where the dead body of a Persian was found, no soul should remain alive. Neither age or sex was spared, rivers of blood flowed through the streets, and every room from the palace to the hotel, was filled with mourning.

At length the wretched emperor threw himself at Nadir's feet, and implored him to spare his people. The cruel conqueror refused himself a prisoner in his own capital. He sheathed his sword and the massacre ceased. It had lasted from 8 a.m. to 3 p.m., and not less than 120,000 souls, or, according to another account, 200,000 had perished. The blood of the slain was the most infamous treatment before death put an end to their sufferings.

Next day—under threat of punishment—all persons were ordered to present their usual employments, and a festival celebrated the betrothal of Nadir's second son to a niece of the Great Mogul.

The etiquette of the Imperial Court required that the bridegroom should present himself in the most noble attire. "Tell them," said Nadir, "that he is the son of Nadir, the son of the sword, the grandson of the sword, and so on for seventy instead of seven generations." The fallen monarch was satisfied with the nobility of this terrible pedigree.

Tahmasp Khan, the Persian vizier, was commissioned to inspect the collection of the treasure to be extorted from the court and the people of Delhi. The contributions were exacted from rich and poor, with the utmost vigor, no cruelties were left unperformed; and at length an enormous sum was amassed. The jewels taken from the Mogul himself and all his nobles, amounted to forty-two million five hundred thousand pounds sterling. The most costly throne being valued at eleven millions two hundred and fifty thousand pounds. Gold and silver plate, melted into large ingots, came to thirty-seven million five hundred thousand pounds. The furniture, carpets, and rich furniture, cannon, and warlike stores, brought the amount of the spoils up to the gigantic sum of eighty-seven million five hundred thousand pounds. Another account gives it seventy million pounds, and the lowest estimate is considerably above thirty millions.

This wholesale spoliation gives some idea of the splendor of the Court of Delhi previous to the ruinous invasion of the Persians. Before leaving Delhi, Nadir Shah replaced the crown on the head of the Great Mogul with his own hand, and gave him a long lecture on the government of India, concluding with the promise, "If necessary, I can be with you, myself, in forty days from Candahar. Never reckon me far off."

On the fourth of May, seventeen hundred and thirty-nine, the conqueror returned his army in the gardens of Shahjahan, on the north side of Delhi, with a vast train of camels, horses, and elephants laden with the spoils, and the following day he commenced the march towards Persia.

It is estimated that, besides the treasure taken from the Indians lost thirty million pounds by damage done to houses burnt and fields laid waste. At least two hundred thousand human beings perished in this terrible visitation; forty thousand between Peshawar and Kurnaul; one hundred and ten thousand in the massacre, and fifty thousand by a famine caused by the ravages of the invaders.

It would have been well, for the fame of the once mighty family of Timour, if Mahomed Shah had fallen, sword in hand, at Kurnaul, instead of lingering on a disgraced existence in his ruined capital. His pitiable descendants rank low and lower, and pillage, first in the power of Afghans and Mahatras, then as pensioners of the British government; and now the representative of the mighty Timour, the accomplished Shah Rokh, the brave and learned Babur, and the magnificent Aurangzeb, has become the miserable puppet of that gang of inhuman miscreants who await their doom in the city of Delhi.

Nadir Shah returned to Persia with his vast treasure, and deposited it at the castle of Kelat, close to the place of his birth, and Measud, the capital of his native province of Khorassan, became his capital. But the robbery of the riches of Delhi proved a curse to him. From the time of his return, he became aversive, and so unjust and cruel that his tyranny at length became intolerable.

In the year seventeen hundred and forty-seven, he attacked the army of Sultan Heydar, who was on his way to the straits of Measud; where he mediated, with the assistance of his Uzbek and Turkoman forces, the massacre of all the Persians whose fidelity he suspected.

But the plot was overheard, and recoiled upon himself. At dead of night an officer, named Salah Bag, passed the guard, and, having discovered Nadir's tent, cut him with a sabre while asleep. The tyrant sprang up; but in retiring from the tent, he tripped over the cords, and Salah gave him a mortal wound.

"Spare me," he cried, "and I will forgive you all!"

The assassin answered:

"The assassin answered:—By degrees all the convents in Austria will be reformed, and if their inmates should object to the strict discipline which was observed by the founders of their respective orders, they will be secularized. In one of his pastoral letters to the Austrian clergy his holiness expressed his expectation that this rich convent in Austria would contribute largely towards the maintenance of the papal chair; but the Austrian monks refused to part with their money, and thereby incurred the displeasure of the pope. The monks of the convent of St. Augustin refused to submit to the strict discipline which is to be introduced into the convents, Bavaria, Belgium, Westphalia, Italy, and Spanish monks will be imported, and they will naturally have no right to object to the export of Austrian cash to Rome."—Times correspondent.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

The subscription to the Indian Relief Fund is at present little short of a quarter of a million sterling, and the money is still pouring in rapidly.

The recent events in Hindostan have induced Mr. Labouchere to address a circular to the Governors of our Colonies in various parts of the world, impressing upon them the importance of being prepared for any outbreak in their respective districts.

The feeling in England at the present moment against the Indian mutineers is so strong that Lord Canning has incurred considerable odium for the too gentle way in which he proposed to punish the rebels.

THE MISPECK MURDERS.

Our last paper contained a brief account of the supposed murder of Mr. Mackenzie in his four children, in the neighborhood of this City, and the burning of two houses containing the dead bodies.

Our last paper contained a brief account of the supposed murder of Mr. Mackenzie in his four children, in the neighborhood of this City, and the burning of two houses containing the dead bodies.

Our last paper contained a brief account of the supposed murder of Mr. Mackenzie in his four children, in the neighborhood of this City, and the burning of two houses containing the dead bodies.

Our last paper contained a brief account of the supposed murder of Mr. Mackenzie in his four children, in the neighborhood of this City, and the burning of two houses containing the dead bodies.

Our last paper contained a brief account of the supposed murder of Mr. Mackenzie in his four children, in the neighborhood of this City, and the burning of two houses containing the dead bodies.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Mr. Editor.—I am very sorry that Mr. Sutherland should have thought it necessary to reply to the remarks made by the individuals who direct the movements of the Islander and the Examiner.

Very respectfully yours, G. SUTHERLAND.

THE MAILS.

The news brought by the Watermaid on Friday night, and also the capture of the murderers and further particulars of the murders in New Brunswick, will be found in our columns.

Married.

On the 17th of October, at St. Mary's Church, Appleton, by the Rev. Edward Reynolds, Joseph R. BARBER, Esq., of Gloucester, to Miss ISABELLA YEO, of Port Hill, P. E. Island.

Died.

At Georgetown, yesterday, after a short illness, HENRY McDONALD, Esq., Collector of Customs, aged 72 years.

PORT OF CHARLOTTETOWN.

Nov. 8th, Sch'r Sago, Howison, Miramichi, deals. Romp, Swain, Halifax, goods.

Charlottetown Markets, Nov. 7, 1857.

Beef, (small) lb. 3d a 5d Fowls 9d to 1s 6d Pork, 4d a 4 1/2d Turkeys each, 2s 6d

THE TRUSTEES OF THE FREE

Church, Charlottetown, have resolved to hold a Bazaar next Spring, for the liquidation of the debt on their Church.

TO LET.

DIOUS TWO-STORY DWELLING HOUSE on King's Square, and immediate possession given. Enquire of the owner WILLIAM BUTCHER.

POLITICAL ALLIANCE.

A REGULAR MEETING OF THE above Alliance will be held in the Lower Room of the Temperance Hall, on Tuesday evening next, the 17th instant, at 8 o'clock, P.M.

THE MAILS.

The Rev. ISAAC MURRAY, Canadian, will preach (D.V.) in the Temperance Hall, on Sabbath 16th, in the morning, afternoon and evening, at the usual hours.

An Important Item to the Survivors of the late War with Mexico.

Dr. C. M. JACKSON. Dear Sir:—After my return from Mexico, I was seriously afflicted with that terrible disease which has carried to the grave so many of my fellow-soldiers, Chronic Disease, accompanied with Neuralgia, brought on by the climate of Mexico, and the mode of living while engaged in the war.

Married.

On the 17th of October, at St. Mary's Church, Appleton, by the Rev. Edward Reynolds, Joseph R. BARBER, Esq., of Gloucester, to Miss ISABELLA YEO, of Port Hill, P. E. Island.

Died.

At Georgetown, yesterday, after a short illness, HENRY McDONALD, Esq., Collector of Customs, aged 72 years.

PORT OF CHARLOTTETOWN.

Nov. 8th, Sch'r Sago, Howison, Miramichi, deals. Romp, Swain, Halifax, goods.

Charlottetown Markets, Nov. 7, 1857.

Beef, (small) lb. 3d a 5d Fowls 9d to 1s 6d Pork, 4d a 4 1/2d Turkeys each, 2s 6d

THE TRUSTEES OF THE FREE

Church, Charlottetown, have resolved to hold a Bazaar next Spring, for the liquidation of the debt on their Church.

TO LET.

DIOUS TWO-STORY DWELLING HOUSE on King's Square, and immediate possession given. Enquire of the owner WILLIAM BUTCHER.

POLITICAL ALLIANCE.

A REGULAR MEETING OF THE above Alliance will be held in the Lower Room of the Temperance Hall, on Tuesday evening next, the 17th instant, at 8 o'clock, P.M.

London House—Established 1820.

NEW GOODS—Fall 1857. THE Subscribers have received ex Ships "Isamb" and "Anson" from Liverpool.

580 Packages British & Foreign MERCHANDIZE.

10 Tons BAR IRON, carefully selected by one of the Firm at some of the first Houses in Great Britain, which, with Stock on hand, can be confidently recommended to their customers.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Extensive Sale of Horses, Carriages, Sleighs, Harness, &c. TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION, on Wednesday, the 18th instant, at 11 o'clock.

FIRST ARRIVAL!

FALL GOODS! BEER & SON HAVE RECEIVED, PER MAJESTIC, A LARGE SUPPLY OF GOODS.

QUEEN SQUARE HOUSE.

ARRIVAL OF AUTUMN AND WINTER GOODS! Which, for Variety, Quality and Cheapness, will admit of no rival in Charlottetown.

ADMINISTRATION NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS HAVING LEGAL demands against the estate of the late WILLIAM LANE, Farmer, of Albion Plains, are requested to furnish the same, duly attested, and persons indebted to the said estate are required to make immediate payment.

CHARLOTTETOWN AND GEORGETOWN MAIL STAGE!

THE SUBSCRIBERS BEG TO inform the travelling public that, having taken the contract for the conveyance of Her Majesty's Mails between Charlottetown and Georgetown, they will carry PASSENGERS through with dispatch, leaving Charlottetown every Tuesday and Friday mornings at 9 a.m., and Georgetown every Wednesday and Saturday mornings, at half-past 9 a.m.

IN THE PRESS,

AND WILL BE PUBLISHED on the 1st of December, THE PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND CALENDAR FOR 1858

Doctor Hoffman's

GERMAN BITTERS, PREPARED BY DR. C. M. JACKSON, Philad'a, Pa. WILL EFFECTUALLY CURE LIVER COMPLAINT, DYSPEPSIA, JAUNDICE, Chronic or Nervous Debility, Diseases of the Kidneys, and all diseases arising from a disordered Liver or Stomach.

as Consumption, Inward Piles, Pellicles, or Blood in the Urine, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, heartburn, digests for food, Fullness or weight in the stomach, sour Eructations, Sinking or fluttering at the pit of the stomach, swimming of the head, Headache and difficult Breathing, Fluctuating at the heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a lying posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots of webs before the Sight, Fever and Delirium in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin, and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, &c., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil and great Depression of Spirits.

The proprietor, in calling the attention of the public to this preparation, does so with a feeling of the utmost confidence in its virtues and adaptation to the diseases for which it is recommended. It is of no new and untried article, but one that has stood the test of a long and successful career, and its reputation and sale is sustained by any similar preparations. The testimony in its favor given by the most prominent and well-known Physicians and individuals in all parts of the country is innumerable, and a careful perusal of the Almanack, published annually by the proprietor, and to be had gratis of any of his Agents, cannot but satisfy the most skeptical that this remedy is really deserving the great celebrity it has obtained.

Do you want something to strengthen you?

Do you want a good appetite? Do you want to build up your constitution? Do you want to feel well? Do you want to get rid of Nervousness? Do you want to sleep well? Do you want a brisk and vigorous feeling?

If you do, use Hoffman's German Bitters, prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson, 418 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa., and sold by druggists and storekeepers throughout the United States, Canada, West India and South America, at 75 cents per bottle. T. DESBRIAY & Co., Agents, Charlottetown, P. E. Island. Nov. 5, 1857.

To be had at Duncan, Mason & Co's.

LADIES' REVERSIBLE WATER-PROOF CAPES and HOODS. Men's do do COATS. A variety of Ladies' Fans, A variety of Men's Caps, Umbrellas, Blankets, Rugs, Carpeting, &c., &c. Also—the best assortment of Iron and STEEL to be had in the city. Charlottetown, Nov. 3, '57.

VALUABLE FARM

IN THE ROYALTY OF CHARLOTTETOWN. THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS for sale, a FARM of about forty acres of very valuable LAND, situated in the Royalty of Charlottetown, and is the distance of about two miles from the City. This property fronts nearly 30 chains on the St. Peter's Road, and about 15 chains on the Union Road, and adjoins the valuable farm of the Hon. George Colles. The greater portion of the Land has been recently cleared. For particulars, apply to W. H. POPE, 11th Nov. 3, 1857.

Sacred Harmonic Society.

THIS SOCIETY IS NOW IN operation, and meets on every Wednesday evening, at 8 o'clock, at W. C. Trowan's rooms, Nov. 4. MORIN LOWDEN, Sec'y.

BOOKS WANTED.

PERSONS HAVING ANY BOOKS belonging to Mr. STRONG'S LENDING LIBRARY, are requested to leave them at G. T. HASZARD'S Book Store, 2d vol. Dred, is wanted immediately.

FOR SALE,

FIVE HUNDRED ACRES OF LAND, at the head of East River, Lot 25, with a MARSH that cuts from thirty-five to forty tons of Hay yearly. For further particulars, apply to SAMUEL NELSON, Charlottetown, 25th March, 1857. 1d

Lines, Twine and Shoe Thread.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS RECEIVED, PER ELLEN, a Supply of Lines and Sash Cord, Fishing Lines of various kinds, Salmon Twines, Packing Twines, Shoe Thread and Closing Wax, Carpenter's Chalk Lines (30 feet) Wrapping Paper, grey and brown. Oct. 28. GEO. T. HASZARD.

STRAYED,

FROM THE SUBSCRIBER—A clumsy grey COLT, 14 years old, with a white strip on his face, and four legs white, a Bay FILLY, 21 years old, with a white spot on forehead, and one hind fetlock white.—Any person giving information where they will be found, will be rewarded for the trouble. Corobee, Oct. 21.—1f JOHN HUGHES.

S. WELLS,

MARBLE WORKER, (Corner of Hillsborough and Grafton Streets, Charlottetown,) HAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND, Marble Monuments, Headstones, Tombs, &c., AND EVERY VARIETY OF MARBLE WORK EXECUTED TO ORDER, WITH NEATNESS AND DISPATCH. Patronize Home Manufacture, and keep your Money on the Island. Oct. 7—6m

W. C. MACDONALD,

GENERAL MERCHANT, (Formerly of Trinidad, near Charlottetown, P. E. Island.) ST. JOHN'S, NEWFOUNDLAND, AND MONTREAL, CANADA. NO PAINS SPARED, BUT every exertion made, to procure for the owners of property, Vessels, Produce, &c. consigned to my care for sale, the highest prices that the Market will yield. Consignors desiring it, can have their returns made in Flour with dispatch, leaving Charlottetown every Tuesday and Friday mornings at 9 a.m., and Georgetown every Wednesday and Saturday mornings, at half-past 9 a.m. HORSES and VEHICLES, bought at Southport, Vernon River, and Georgetown, on the most reasonable terms. Parcels and orders punctually attended to. JOHN ADAMS, JR., EDWARD CHANDLER, Charlottetown—Victoria Hotel, and Globe Hotel, Georgetown—Capt. John McDonald's, and D. Gordon, Esq. SOUTHWEST—Edward Chandler's. Nov. 4, 1857. 4w

NOTICE

To the Tenants and Settlers on the Western half of Township No. 29, in Prince Edward Island. THE TENANTS AND SETTLERS residing on the Western half of Township No. 29 are hereby notified that Lady Cecilia Jane Georgiana Fane, of Upper Brook-street, in the Parish of Saint George, Hanover Square, in the County of Middlesex, England, is in possession of the Freehold or Inheritance of the said Half Township, and is also entitled to the rents, issues and profits thereof. AND ALSO, that the said Lady Cecilia Jane Georgiana Fane, by letter of Attorney, dated the 18th day of July last past, has appointed the solicitor her Attorney, for her and on her behalf, to enter into and take possession of and manage the said Half Township, and to demand and receive from the Tenants and Settlers thereupon all Rents and arrears of Rents now due, or hereafter to become due, in respect of the said Lands, or any of them. AND ALSO, that the subscriber, as the Attorney of the said Lady Cecilia Jane Georgiana Fane, hereby requires all Tenants and Settlers upon said Half Township, to make payment to him of all arrears due by them for Rent or arrears of Rent of Lands held by them within the said Township, on or before the 1st day of August next, or on or before the 1st day of September next, or on or before the 1st day of October next, or on or before the 1st day of November next, or on or before the 1st day of December next, or on or before the 1st day of January next, or on or before the 1st day of February next, or on or before the 1st day of March next, or on or before the 1st day of April next, or on or before the 1st day of May next, or on or before the 1st day of June next, or on or before the 1st day of July next, or on or before the 1st day of August next, or on or before the 1st day of September next, or on or before the 1st day of October next, or on or before the 1st day of November next, or on or before the 1st day of December next, or on or before the 1st day of January next, or on or before the 1st day of February next, or on or before the 1st day of March next, or on or before the 1st day of April next, or on or before the 1st day of May next, or on or before the 1st day of June next, or on or before the 1st day of July next, or on or before the 1st day of August next, or on or before the 1st day of September next, or on or before the 1st day of October next, or on or before the 1st day of November next, or on or before the 1st day of December next, or on or before the 1st day of January next, or on or before the 1st day of February next, or on or before the 1st day of March next, or on or before the 1st day of April next, or on or before the 1st day of May next, or on or before the 1st day of June next, or on or before the 1st day of July next, or on or before the 1st day of August next, or on or before the 1st day of September next, or on or before the 1st day of October next, or on or before the 1st day of November next, or on or before the 1st day of December next, or on or before the 1st day of January next, or on or before the 1st day of February next, or on or before the 1st day of March next, or on or before the 1st day of April next, or on or before the 1st day of May next, or on or before the 1st day of June next, or on or before the 1st day of July next, or on or before the 1st day of August next, or on or before the 1st day of September next, or on or before the 1st day of October next, or on or before the 1st day of November next, or on or before the 1st day of December next, or on or before the 1st day of January next, or on or before the 1st day of February next, or on or before the 1st day of March next, or on or before the 1st day of April next, or on or before the 1st day of May next, or on or before the 1st day of June next, or on or before the 1st day of July next, or on or before the 1st day of August next, or on or before the 1st day of September next, or on or before the 1st day of October next, or on or before the 1st day of November next, or on or before the 1st day of December next, or on or before the 1st day of January next, or on or before the 1st day of February next, or on or before the 1st day of March next, or on or before the 1st day of April next, or on or before the 1st day of May next, or on or before the 1st day of June next, or on or before the 1st day of July next, or on or before the 1st day of August next, or on or before the 1st day of September next, or on or before the 1st day of October next, or on or before the 1st day of November next, or on or before the 1st day of December next, or on or before the 1st day of January next, or on or before the 1st day of February next, or on or before the 1st day of March next, or on or before the 1st day of April next, or on or before the 1st day of May next, or on or before the 1st day of June next, or on or before the 1st day of July next, or on or before the 1st day of August next, or on or before the 1st day of September next, or on or before the 1st day of October next, or on or before the 1st day of November next, or on or before the 1st day of December next, or on or before the 1st day of January next, or on or before the 1st day of February next, or on or before the 1st day of March next, or on or before the 1st day of April next, or on or before the 1st day of May next, or on or before the 1st day of June next, or on or before the 1st day of July next, or on or before the 1st day of August next, or on or before the 1st day of September next, or on or before the 1st day of October next, or on or before the 1st day of November next, or on or before the 1st day of December next, or on or before the 1st day of January next, or on or before the 1st day of February next, or on or before the 1st day of March next, or on or before the 1st day of April next, or on or before the 1st day of May next, or on or before the 1st day of June next, or on or before the 1st day of July next, or on or before the 1st day of August next, or on or before the 1st day of September next, or on or before the 1st day of October next, or on or before the 1st day of November next, or on or before the 1st day of December next, or on or before the 1st day of January next, or on or before the 1st day of February next, or on or before the 1st day of March next, or on or before the 1st day of April next, or on or before the 1st day of May next, or on or before the 1st day of June next, or on or before the 1st day of July next, or on or before the 1st day of August next, or on or before the 1st day of September next, or on or before the 1st day of October next, or on or before the 1st day of November next, or on or before the 1st day of December next, or on or before the 1st day of January next, or on or before the 1st day of February next, or on or before the 1st day of March next, or on or before the 1st day of April next, or on or before the 1st day of May next, or on or before the 1st day of June next, or on or before the 1st day of July next, or on or before the 1st day of August next, or on or before the 1st day of September next, or on or before the 1st day of October next, or on or before the 1st day of November next, or on or before the 1st day of December next, or on or before the 1st day of January next, or on or before the 1st day of February next, or on or before the 1st day of March next, or on or before the 1st day of April next, or on or before the 1st day of May next, or on or before the 1st day of June next, or on or before the 1st day of July next, or on or before the 1st day of August next, or on or before the 1st day of September next, or on or before the 1st day of October next, or on or before the 1st day of November next, or on or before the 1st day of December next, or on or before the 1st day of January next, or on or before the 1st day of February next, or on or before the 1st day of March next, or on or before the 1st day of April next, or on or before the 1st day of May next, or on or before the 1st day of June next, or on or before the 1st day of July next, or on or before the 1st day of August next, or on or before the 1st day of September next, or on or before the 1st day of October next, or on or before the 1st day of November next, or on or before the 1st day of December next, or on or before the 1st day of January next, or on or before the 1st day of February next, or on or before the 1st day of March next, or on or before the 1st day of April next, or on or before the 1st day of May next, or on or before the 1st day of June next, or on or before the 1st day of July next, or on or before the 1st day of August next, or on or before the 1st day of September next, or on or before the 1st day of October next, or on or before the 1st day of November next, or on or before the 1st day of December next, or on or before the 1st day of January next, or on or before the 1st day of February next, or on or before the 1st day of March next, or on or before the 1st day of April next, or on or before the 1st day of May next, or on or before the 1st day of June next, or on or before the 1st day of July next, or on or before the 1st day of August next, or on or before the 1st day of September next, or on or before the 1st day of October next, or on or before the 1st day of November next, or on or before the 1st day of December next, or on or before the 1st day of January next, or on or before the 1st day of February next, or on or before the 1st day of March next, or on or before the 1st day of April next, or on or before the 1st day of May next, or on or before the 1st day of June next, or on or before the 1st day of July next, or on or before the 1st day of August next, or on or before the 1st day of September next, or on or before the 1st day of October next, or on or before the 1st day of November next, or on or before the 1st day of December next, or on or before the 1st day of January next, or on or before the 1st day of February next, or on or before the 1st day of March next, or on or before the 1st day of April next, or on or before the 1st day of May next, or on or before the 1st day of June next, or on or before the 1st day of July next, or on or before the 1st day of August next, or on or before the 1st day of September next, or on or before the 1st day of October next, or on or before the 1st day of November next, or on or before the 1st day of December next, or on or before the 1st day of January next, or on or before the 1st day of February next, or on or before the 1st day of March next, or on or before the 1st day of April next, or on or before the 1st day of May next, or on or before the 1st day of June next, or on or before the 1st day of July next, or on or before the 1st day of August next, or on or before the 1st day of September next, or on or before the 1st day of October next, or on or before the 1st day of November next, or on or before the 1st day of December next, or on or before the 1st day of January next, or on or before the 1st day of February next, or on or before the 1st day of March next, or on or before the 1st day of April next, or on or before the 1st day of May next, or on or before the 1st day of June next, or on or before the 1st day of July next, or on or before the 1st day of August next, or on or before the 1st day of September next, or on or before the 1st day of October next, or on or before the 1st day of November next, or on or before the 1st day of December next, or on or before the 1st day of January next, or on or before the 1st day of February next, or on or before the 1st day of March next, or on or before the 1st day of April next, or on or before the 1st day of May next, or on or before the 1st day of June next, or on or before the 1st day of July next, or on or before the 1st day of August next, or on or before the 1st day of September next, or on or before the 1st day of October next, or on or before the 1st day of November next, or on or before the 1st day of December next, or on or before the 1st day of January next, or on or before the 1st day of February next, or on or before the 1st day of March next, or on or before the 1st day of April next, or on or before the 1st day of May next, or on or before the 1st day of June next, or on or before the 1st day of July next, or on or before the 1st day of August next, or on or before the 1st day of September next, or on or before the 1st day of October next, or on or before the 1st day of November next, or on or before the 1st day of December next, or on or before the 1st day of January next, or on or before the 1st day of February next, or on or before the 1st day of March next, or on or before the 1st day of April next, or on or before the 1st day of May next, or on or before the 1st day of June next, or on or before the 1st day of July next, or on or before the 1st day of August next, or on or before the 1st day of September next, or on or before the 1st day of October next, or on or before the 1st day of November next, or on or before the 1st day of December next, or on or before the 1st day of January next, or on or before the 1st day of February next, or on or before the 1st day of March next, or on or before the 1st day of April next, or on or before the 1st day of May next, or on or before the 1st day of June next, or on or before the 1st day of July next, or on or before the 1st day of August next, or on or before the 1st day of September next, or on or before the 1st day of October next, or on or before the 1st day of November next, or on or before the 1st day of December next, or on or before the 1st day of January next, or on or before the 1st day of February next, or on or before the 1st day of March next, or on or before the 1st day of April next, or on or before the 1st day of May next, or on or before the 1st day of June next, or on or before the 1st day of July next, or on or before the 1st day of August next, or on or before the 1st day of September next, or on or before the 1st day of October next, or on or before the 1st day of November next, or on or before the 1st day of December next, or on or before the 1st day of January next, or on or before the 1st day of February next, or on or before the 1st day of March next, or on or before the 1st day of April next, or on or before the 1st day of May next, or on or before the 1st day of June next, or on or before the 1st day of July next, or on or before the 1st day of August next, or on or before the 1st day of September next, or on or before the 1st day of October next, or on or before the 1st day of November next, or on or before the 1st day of December next, or on or before the 1st day of January next, or on or before the 1st day of February next, or on or before the 1st day of March next, or on or before the 1st day of April next, or on or before the 1st day of May next, or on or before the 1st day of June next, or on or before the 1st day of July next, or on or before the 1st day of August next, or on or before the 1st day of September next, or on or before the 1st day of October next, or on or before the 1st day of November next, or on or before the 1st day of December next, or on or before the 1st day of January next, or on or before the 1st day of February next, or on or before the 1st day of March next, or on or before the 1st day of April next, or on or before the 1st day of May next, or on or before the 1st day of June next, or on or before the 1st day of July next, or on or before the 1st day of August next, or on or before the 1st day of September next, or on or before the 1st day of October next, or on or before the 1st day of November next, or on or before the 1st day of December next, or on or before the 1st day of January next, or on or before the 1st day of February next, or on or before the 1st day of March next, or on or before the 1st day of April next, or on or before the 1st day of May next, or on or before the 1st day of June next, or on or before the 1st day of July next, or on or before the 1st day of August next, or on or before the 1st day of September next, or on or before the 1st day of October next, or on or before the 1st day of November next, or on or before the 1st day of December next, or on or before the 1st day of January next, or on or before the 1st day of February next, or on or before the 1st day of March next, or on or before the 1st day of April next, or on or before the 1st day of May next, or on or before the 1st day of June next, or on or before the 1st day of July next, or on or before the 1st day of August next, or on or before the 1st day of September next, or on or before the 1st day of October next, or on or before the 1st day of November next, or on or before the 1st day of December next, or on or before the 1st day of January next, or on or before the 1st day of February next, or on or before the 1st day of March next, or on or before the 1st day of April next, or on or before the 1st day of May next, or on or before the 1st day of June next, or on or before the 1st day of July next, or on or before the 1st day of August next, or on or before the 1st day of September next, or on or before the 1st day of October next, or on or before the 1st day of November next, or on or before the 1st day of December next, or on or before the 1st day of January next, or on or before the 1st day of February next, or on or before the 1st day of March next, or on or before the 1st day of April next, or on or before the 1st day of May next, or on or before the 1st day of June next, or on or before the 1st day of July next, or on or before the 1st day of August next, or on or before the 1st day of September next, or on or before the 1st day of October next, or on or before the 1st day of November next, or on or before the 1st day of December next, or on or before the 1st day of January next, or on or before the 1st day of February next, or on or before the 1st day of March next, or on or before the 1st day of April next, or on or before the 1st day of May next, or on or before the 1st day of June next, or on or before the 1st day of July next, or on or before the 1st day of August next, or on or before the 1st day of September next, or on or before the 1st day of October next, or on or before the 1st day of November next, or on or before the 1st day of December next, or on or before the 1st day of January next, or on or before the 1st day of February next, or on or before the 1st day of March next, or on or before the 1st day of April next, or on or before the 1st day of May next, or on or before the 1st day of June next, or on or before the 1st day of July next, or on or before the 1st day of August next, or on or before the 1st day of September next, or on or before the 1st day of October next, or on or before the 1st day of November next, or on or before the 1st day of December next, or on or before the 1st day of January next, or on or before the 1st day of February next, or on or before the 1st day of March next, or on or before the 1st day of April next, or on or before the 1st day of May next, or on or before the 1st day of June next, or on or before the 1st day of July next, or on or before the 1st day of August next, or on or before the 1st day of September next, or on or before the 1st day of October next, or on or before the 1st day of November next, or on or before the 1st day of December next, or on or before the 1st day of January next, or on or before the 1st day of February next, or on or before the 1st day of March next, or on or before the 1st day of April next, or on or before the 1st day of May next, or on or before the 1st day of June next, or on or before the 1st day of July next, or on or before the 1st day of August next, or on or before the 1st day of September next, or on or before the 1st day of October next, or on or before the 1st day of November next, or on or before the 1st day of December next, or on or before the 1st day of January next, or on or before the 1st day of February next, or on or before the 1st day of March next, or on or before the 1st day of April next, or on or before the 1st day of May next, or on or before the 1st day of June next, or on or before the 1st day of July next, or on or before the 1st day of August next, or on or before the 1st day of September next, or on or before the 1st day of October next, or on or before the 1st day of November next, or on or before the 1st day of December next, or on or before the 1st day of January next, or on or before the 1st day of February next, or on or before the 1st day of March next, or on or before the 1st day of April next, or on or before the 1st day of May next, or on or before the 1st day of June next, or on or before the 1st day of July next, or on or before the 1st day of August next, or on or before the 1st day of September next, or on or before the 1st day of October next, or on or before the 1st day of November next, or on or before the 1st day of December next, or on or before the 1st day of January next, or on or before the 1st day of February next, or on or before the 1st day of March next, or on or before the 1st day of April next, or on or before the 1st day of May next, or on or before the

