

(From the Canada Recorder.)

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE OF THE PRESBYTERIAN SYNOD ON INTemperance.

Your committee consider it unnecessary to present any lengthened Report. Their attention has been directed to the subject of Intemperance, although circumstances have prevented a full meeting of the members of committee. It would have been desirable to collect the statistics of Intemperance with special reference to the congregations belonging to our own church, as your committee are satisfied that the result would have formed a most powerful argument in favour of temperance or total abstinence from intoxicating drinks. This, however, has not yet been done, though there has been correspondence with various ministers throughout the bounds of the church, with the view of ascertaining the present position of our congregations in regard to Temperance. Almost all who have replied have borne testimony to the prevalence of Intemperance, and to the sad effects produced by it both on the temporal and spiritual condition of those who have come under its influence. One minister writes—"three violent deaths occurred to inhabitants of this place in the space of about four months. All the four committee were deeply grieved and so year to have been prematurely cut off through the effects of strong drink, and all the three were at one time connected more or less with our own church." Your committee firmly believe that, as no habit has led to so many crimes, and occasioned so much temporal distress and suffering, so none has, in our day, so much retarded the progress of religion, and proved such a hindrance to ministers in their efforts to extend the Redeemer's Kingdom among their fellow men. Where is the congregation that has not suffered from this evil? Where is the minister who has not had to deplore the ravages of Intemperance, and has not seen his efforts to do good frustrated and neutralized? How many individuals should we find once occupying important and prominent positions, not only in the world but in the church, but who have irrevocably fallen through strong drink, and have brought not only ruin and disgrace upon themselves and their families, but an indelible blot on the cause of religion? Your committee rejoice to believe that while many are daily falling victims to Intemperance, the prospects of Temperance are a whole encouraging. It is encouraging to view the progress of Temperance not only among the community generally, but especially among our own ministers and elders. From inquiries that have been instituted, it has been ascertained that upwards of three-fourths of the ministers of this Synod, and a very large proportion of the elders, are decidedly in favour of total abstinence from intoxicating drinks, and are by their exhortations, and what is more, by their influence and example, warning others against the insidious enemy. It is encouraging too to contemplate the great improvement that has taken place throughout society generally in regard to the use of intoxicating drinks. Many families and individuals, not decidedly in favor of total abstinence, have yet in a great measure discontinued the use of intoxicating drinks as a beverage. And it is cheering to see the progress of the cause in the halls of our Legislature. During the present session of Parliament numerous petitions were presented, and among them one from the Synod of our church, praying for the enactment of a law to prohibit the importation, manufacture and sale of intoxicating drinks as a beverage. The prayer of these petitions has not been granted, but still the issue has been on the whole encouraging—the majority against a Bill introduced by Hon. Mr. Cameron being only four. It is evident then that although we have still reason to deplore the lamentable prevalence of Intemperance, there are not a few encouraging tokens. And we are confident that the Synod, by its resolutions, and by its influence on the church and on the cause of Christ. 3. They would suggest that the Synod recommend, ministers to preach from time to time on the subject of intemperance, and warn their people of the danger resulting from the habitual use of intoxicating drinks. 4. They would recommend that the Synod earnestly and affectionately entreat all the ministers, Office bearers, and members of the church, to pursue such a course in regard to the use of intoxicating drinks as shall bear the most decided practical testimony against the prevailing vice of intemperance, remove temptation from themselves, and free themselves from the serious responsibility of countenancing the use of intoxicating drinks by others.

WILLIAM REID, Convener.

AN APPEAL TO THE SCOTTIC.

Near the close of the admirable work entitled the "Edifice of Faith," the author introduces himself in the following eloquent and touching appeal to his sceptical nephew, Harrington, who had been placed under his care by a dying sister:—"We had been talking on till long past midnight, and the lamp suddenly warned us that its light was fast expiring. Harrington took off the shade, and was about to light a candle by the dying flame, when it went out. 'It matters not,' he said, 'I have the means of kindling a light close at hand.' Let it alone, said I, rising, and gently laying my hand on his arm, and speaking in a low voice, but with much earnestness, 'this darkness is an emblem of our present life. You cannot see us, but you hear my voice, and feel the touch of my hand. For anything you know, I may be seized with a sudden fit of insanity; I may be about to stab you in the darkness; such things have been. You have lost with the light more than half the indications of affection which

that would disclose. But you trust to the probable; your pulse does not beat any the quicker, nor do your nerves tremble. You may say, 'similar, say, how much stronger proofs—if you will—of the confidence with which you may trust God, and Him, the compassionate one, "whom he hath sent," in spite of all the gloom in which this life is involved. That certainty for which you have just now asked, will only be granted when the darkness has passed away; and then will you "rejoice in the light of his countenance." "And, further," I continued, "there is yet one thing which I wish to say to you; and I feel as if I could say it better in this darkness; for I will not venture to say that I should not manifest more feeling than is consistent in the hard-hearted metaphysician. Yes, it is on the side of feeling that I would also address you. You will say, feeling is not argument. No; but is man all reason? I firmly believe, indeed, that man is not called upon to do anything for which his reason does not tell him that he has sufficient evidence; but a part of that very evidence is often the dictate of feeling; and genuine reason will listen to the dictates of feeling as well as to the dictates of logic. She gazed upon you with that intense look of inquiry that otherwise, a suspicious pleader. If, as Pascal says so truly, it sometimes has its reasons, which the reason cannot comprehend, it has also its reasons, which the reason thoroughly understands.

You were early an orphan; you do not remember your mother; but she, your mother! I saw her the last time she ever saw you. You were brought to her bedside when she was in full possession of all her faculties, and deeply conscious that she had not many hours to live. She looked at you as you were held in her arms, smiling upon her, with, to me, an agonizing consciousness of your approaching departure. She gazed upon you with that intense look of inquiry that otherwise, a suspicious pleader. If, as Pascal says so truly, it sometimes has its reasons, which the reason cannot comprehend, it has also its reasons, which the reason thoroughly understands.

And if Christianity be true, and if I am so happy as to obtain admission to that "happy country," into which an enemy never entered, and from which a friend never went away, and she whom I loved so well should ask me why you came not—that she had tarried for you that she had waited for you from the fold of the good Shepherd, and had gone, I knew not whither! That I had sought him in the glens and mountains, but found him not! hardly know, but almost think—such was the love she had for you—that such a reply would shade that radiant face, even amidst the glories of paradise. And now—let this be the last message that I charge you,—"let me see him again." I made a motion as if to recall the attendants. "Not here," she added, laying her hand gently on my arm, and I understood her but too well. You know whether I have in any degree fulfilled my trust. But is it possible that I can think of an utter failure, and not be more than troubled? And if Christianity be true, and if I am so happy as to obtain admission to that "happy country," into which an enemy never entered, and from which a friend never went away, and she whom I loved so well should ask me why you came not—that she had tarried for you that she had waited for you from the fold of the good Shepherd, and had gone, I knew not whither! That I had sought him in the glens and mountains, but found him not! hardly know, but almost think—such was the love she had for you—that such a reply would shade that radiant face, even amidst the glories of paradise. And now—let this be the last message that I charge you,—"let me see him again."

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE.

UNITED STATES.—By the R. M. Steamer Europa we obtained accounts from Boston on Friday morning to Wednesday. She brought 38 passengers for Halifax, and 88 for Liverpool on Thursday noon, but got off without assistance or damage.

On the 29th ult. the Harbor Police of Boston seized a desperate gang of thieves who have been in the practice of disguising themselves in masks and using chloroform to effect their design of robbing vessels which they boarded at the wharves, by night.

The British Post Office authorities at Washington, upon the estimate furnished by the Postmaster General have expressed their readiness to refund to the United States the sum of \$6,496 being the estimated amount of postage erroneously credited to that office by the United States, on newspapers sent from the United States, through England, to certain countries beyond.

The demands which it is said Great Britain makes in return for conceding the fishery grounds to the Americans are reported to be— 1st. The admission of British built vessels to the privilege of American register. 2nd. The free admission of the British flag to the coast of the Province. The despatch adds, that Lord Palmerston answered a similar representation, on the 30th September, 1850, to the effect that "it would be impossible to draw a distinction in regard to the levying of Consular Fees between persons belonging to the United Kingdom and persons belonging to a Colony, or between persons belonging to one Colony and persons belonging to another." and Lord Clarendon concurs with this answer.

CONSULAR FEES.—A Government despatch dated, Foreign Office, May 23, 1853, has appeared officially, this week, importing that the Duke of Newcastle had referred to the Earl of Clarendon the address from the House of Assembly of Nova Scotia, to the Queen, praying for a reduction or total abolition of consular fees in the exports of the United States upon the shipping of this Province. The despatch adds, that Lord Palmerston answered a similar representation, on the 30th September, 1850, to the effect that "it would be impossible to draw a distinction in regard to the levying of Consular Fees between persons belonging to the United Kingdom and persons belonging to a Colony, or between persons belonging to one Colony and persons belonging to another." and Lord Clarendon concurs with this answer.

CROSSING THE ATLANTIC IN A BALLOON.—Mr. John Wise, the celebrated astronomer, in a letter to Hon. Ellis Lewis, Philadelphia, proposes to cross the Atlantic in a balloon, which he thinks may be safely done in the space of forty-eight hours! As a preliminary step, however, he requires an outfit of about \$25,000, in order to provide the necessary apparatus. Judge Lewis, thus alluded to by the apprehension that he will be regarded as "Utopian" or visionary, takes up the subject in an earnest spirit, and says that the practical discoveries of Mr. Wise, and the scientific observations of Professor Eschscholtz, have established the fact as one no longer doubtful, that in the United States, at an elevation of from two to three miles, there is a constant current of wind from the West to East. This current is believed to be but a modification of two other currents, one above the other, which are constantly passing the one from the Southwest, and the other the Northwest—and that by taking the proper elevation, the aeronaut may pursue a north-eastern, a south-west-

ern or a due east course, at his election. It is also understood that similar currents have been ascertained to exist in the atmosphere over the island of Great Britain. It is supposed by those who have paid attention to the subject, that these currents do not pass in the same direction in low northern latitudes; but that from latitude 10 degrees to 30 degrees N. they pass from S. E. to N. W. But if they are shown to exist throughout the higher latitudes as well on the Atlantic as over the United States and Great Britain, Judge Lewis can see no more difficulty in crossing the Atlantic by means of a balloon, than traversing the same distance from West to East, over the continent. Mr. Wise is evidently serious. He has made no less than one hundred and fifty-seven successful ascensions, and he has faith and confidence in the proposed enterprise. The sum necessary to test the experiment is quite small, comparatively speaking.

He proposes that the balloon shall be one hundred and twenty-five feet in diameter, and that it shall carry eight men, 300 pounds of provisions, and various articles. He thinks that with such an apparatus, he could cross the Atlantic, and deposit demonstrative mails at Lisbon, Madrid, Minorca, Naples, and Constantinople.

RECOVERY OF THE BODY OF THE MAN LOST AT THE FALLS.—The body of a man named William and his wife at the Falls excited so much attention, has been recovered. It was found near the landing of the "Maid of the Mist," below the Suspension Bridge. The head and body was much mangled—a sharp stone, or other object having pierced the body, either in its fearful descent, or as it was being carried down. It elicited from the evidence of Mr. Brown, a resident at Falls, are, that three Germans in his employ, were engaged in boating sand to the Falls, and there got somewhat intoxicated, although they usually sustained the reputation of being sober and industrious laborers. Returning from the Falls to their boat, they put out into the river, about 9 o'clock in the evening, for their own amusement. Concluding they had not sufficient canvas they returned to the shore, and one of the three started for the Falls to obtain more, the other two again putting out into the river. On the return of the third, the boat was nowhere to be seen, and its fate was not known until the next morning. —Albany Evening Journal.

COLONIAL.

THE FISHERIES AND RECIPROCIITY.—A despatch from Washington announces that Mr. Crampton, the British Minister, with Messrs. Marcy and Cushing, left that City last Saturday morning, for Berkeley Springs, in order to proceed with the negotiations upon the fishery and reciprocity questions in a quiet manner. This is done by request of Mr. Marcy, the Secretary of State, who desires to avoid the frequent interruptions met with at the capital. —[New Brunswick August 4.

Messrs Jackson and Brassey, the railway contractors in these Provinces, and Mr. Stephenson, the celebrated engineer, arrived on the steamer Asia, at New York, and after proceeding to Canada, they will visit this province. —[Ib.

A sham fight came off at Halifax on Friday, the boats from the flag ship and other vessels in port together with portions of the Artillery, Bappers, and 7th Highlanders, attacking the Battery at Point Pleasant, which were held by the 7th and other troops. The Morning Chronicle says it was a grand affair—'an excellent illustration on a small scale of the pomp and circumstance of glorious war.'

The Free Church of Canada and that of Nova Scotia are bestowing serious attention to the great cause of Temperance, with the avowed purpose (as regards the former,) of putting forth a strenuous effort to procure the passage of a Law prohibiting the manufacture or importation of intoxicating liquors.

Further extracts from English Papers. There are now exhibiting in London two children of the Aztec race, which was the dominant one in Mexico at the invasion of Cortes. They are among the last relics of that race, and are of Lilliputian stature—a degeneracy produced by the constant intermarriage of their ancestors within their own family. Ethnologists are all agog on the subject.

At a sale in London there were several letters of the Duke of Wellington, written in his official capacity as Chief Secretary for Ireland. One of these was a long and most interesting letter to the defence of Ireland, in which his grace writes that "I will endeavour, in this letter, to give you all the information upon which the attention which I have given to it enabled me to acquire." This letter, occupying thirty-three pages, dated May 7, 1807, sold for £35.

The induction of the Rev. Robert M'Nair, A. M., as minister of Gourcock, took place on Thursday in the chapel of the Established Church at Gourcock, in presence of the Presbytery of Greenock. The Rev. Mr. Marshall of Cumbry preached and presided. The call to Mr M'Nair was signed by nearly all the members and adherents: and the settlement is not only an harmonious one, but promises to be most beneficial to the district. At the close of the services in the chapel, Mr M'Nair received a warm and cordial welcome from all classes of the people. In the afternoon, Mr M'Nair and the Presbytery were entertained to dinner in the George Hotel, where a large party assembled to meet them. The chair was ably filled by William Robertson, Esq. of Craigaid; and John Burnet, Esq. of Mileburn, officiated as croupier. The Rev. Dr Barr asked a blessing, and the Rev. Mr Brown returned thanks. After the removal of the cloth, the usual loyal and constitutional toasts were given. The Chairman then proceeded to what he said might be called the toast of the evening; and after a few prefatory remarks in excellent taste, which were much applauded, he proposed "The Rev. Mr M'Nair, and much comfort and success to him in the pastoral relation he had that day formed with the people of Gourcock." The toast was acknowledged by Mr M'Nair in feeling and affectionate terms. After a variety of toasts had been given, including the Chairman, Croupier, and Mrs M'Nair, the meeting broke up at an early hour, all, however, quite delighted with the moral and intellectual treat they had enjoyed.

There is at the moment a considerable store of half farthings, but there is no demand for them. For farthings there is a great and steady demand.

A letter, of a new hardy sort, recently given by a Mr. E. Partridge, of Great Whitley, attained the great size of 35 inches in girth, with a width of 22 inches.

The committee upon the decimal coinage have concluded the examination of witnesses, and it is understood the result will be a unanimous report in favour of the adoption of the system, making the pound sterling the integer, and dividing it into 1,000 units or farthings.

Father Beck, a Belgian has been elected General of the Jesuits.

HASZARD'S GAZETTE. Began now published Twice a Week is a head of all Competitors in giving the Latest News at home and abroad. It is the only Semi-weekly paper published on the Island, and is despatched TWICE A WEEK to most parts of the Country.

TERMS 15s per year, discount for Cash in advance. Hazard's Gazette is also the BEST WEEKLY ADVERTISER having a circulation of TWO HUNDRED over any other Island paper.

HASZARD'S GAZETTE. Saturday, August 13, 1853.

We said in our last, that a few hours would show what course Mr Coles policy would take with respect to the Sheriff's return of Mr. Beer to represent the first District of Queens County. Unscrupulous as we know the whole party to be, we confess we were rather unprepared for the bold avowal contained in the following paragraph which we copy from the Weekly Advertiser of Thursday last. The italics with the exception of the words "good advice" are our own.

"In this case where the Sheriff, lacking judgment and good advice, has erroneously returned the wrong man, what is the alternative? Why it should be competent and right for the Government to rectify the error of the Sheriff, by directing the commissioners who shall be appointed to swear in the new members, not to swear in Beer but administer the oath to Coles."

This is honest certainly, there can be no mistake here at least, as to the intentions of the government. But why not go a shorter way to work, why not take the return and at once strike out the name "Beer," and insert "Coles" in its place? It is but falsifying a record, and as to the right to do so, they have just as much legal right to do one as the other. But this is a grave subject and should not be treated with unbecoming levity. "In this case where the Sheriff, lacking judgment, and good advice has erroneously returned the wrong man, what is the alternative?" Is not this in the first place what is called "begging the question?" Is it so very certain that Mr. Beer is the wrong man, may it not be just possible, with deference to the high authority of the Weekly Advertiser, that Mr Beer may be the right man after all? But touching the rectification of the error, it should be competent and right for the government to rectify the error of the Sheriff. Ah! Indeed! May we presume to ask who "The Government" is? We have always understood it to be George Coles himself, at least he has always been the habit of calling himself the "Leader of the government" and his followers have always acquiesced in the justice of the title, so that George Coles is in plain English to order his puppets, the things that he appoints commissioners, to act in direct violation of the usual command in Commissions and to obey the command of George Coles to swear in him George Coles, instead of George Beer the person named in the Sheriff's return. What a privilege to begin with invading the rights and the privileges of the representatives of the people to whom alone belong the whole power of adjudicating upon the returns to writs of election and the right to sit in the House, and who have hitherto been in the habit of treating any, even the slightest interference with those privileges as a gross contempt of their authority, and of visiting such contempt with punishment to the utmost extent of their power. On such occasions we have generally found them pretty unanimous and equally determined. It is a satisfaction that the course to be pursued, is so clearly marked out as it will afford the members of the new House an opportunity of making a timely retraction to a measure so illegal and fraught with such utter ruin to the independence and integrity of the Lower House.

The Editor of the Advertiser, says "we shall most probably dip deeper into this anon." So shall we most certainly.

We feel a satisfaction in recording proofs of the progress of art and science among us, it is at once performing an act of justice to an individual and encouraging others to emulate his example. We took occasion some time since to notice an Organ built by Mr. Watson Duchemin an one of the best specimens of workmanship we have seen in the instrument to a gentleman in Sackville New Brunswick who has since testified his satisfaction with the purchase.

Mr. Watson Duchemin. Dear Sir.—Before taking your departure from Sackville, I desire to express my entire satisfaction in the purchase which I have made of the organ built by you and put up in my house. As far as I am able to form an opinion, I believe it possesses all the qualifications which constitute a superior instrument. The tone is remarkably rich and mellow, and the workmanship appears to be of the very best description. I have much pleasure therefore in bearing my testimony to its superior qualities.

I am, Dear Sir, Yours respectfully, EDWARD COOVELL. Sackville, 22nd June, 1853.

Mr. Moir the Piano forte Manufacturer from Halifax, had before testified as to "its being in tune, touch and workmanship a first rate instrument." When by the introduction of Gas Light, our streets will have become as safe and pleasant by night as by day, may we not hope that concerts, and public and private musical meetings will be added to the number of our recreations?

That the Royal Agricultural Society of Prince Edward Island has been of incalculable benefit to the Island, no one will be hardly enough to deny; and this has been accomplished first, by attracting the attention of farmers to the species of produce that are best worthy of their attention, and secondly, by stimulating those exertions, and exciting ambition, by a judicious distribution of premiums, and the publication in the Newspapers of the names of the successful competitors. The Horticultural Society of Charlottetown is pursuing the path of the former, and all things considered, with nearly equal speed. Its last exhibition was much better than was anticipated by most people, from the extreme dryness of the early part of the summer, which caused many of the productions of the flower and vegetable garden to be, for P. E. Island, premature, in consequence of which, the number of articles exhibited were fewer in number than might have been the case in an ordinary season. It will be observed that the premiums for flowers are for those grown in the open air, with the exception of two given for the rarest house plants, and though this had a tendency to lessen the number of exhibits, yet from the kindness of lady and other friends the upper end of the Hall presented an unusually splendid appearance. The stands formed a semicircle, the bouquet of 12 inches in diameter, being in the centre, flanked by Mr. Gates, oleander, and a noble myrtle; the tables down the sides covered with damask cloths contained the fruits, and on tables at the lower end were displayed the vegetables. Among the fruits, the Gooseberries of Mr. W. H. Pope were conspicuous. One of them weighed an ounce exactly, and was about 4 inches in circumference. The dish exhibited by Mrs. Forbes presented also a luscious appearance being fully ripe and of a bright amber colour. We trust to see at future exhibitions a still greater variety of a fruit which we are free to say, is peculiarly adapted to the soil and climate of Prince Edward Island.

The committee will, we doubt not, enter this year, if the funds will permit—offer liberally for seedling varieties. The white currants were of a splendid kind. The Red Raspberries were also very large, and with a fine bloom. The amber coloured though good were not such as they perhaps would have been, had there been more frequent showers before and when the fruit had just formed. Raspas have been rather a failure compared with the produce of last year. Of vegetables the tables presented a most gratifying display. Ten different samples of Potatoes, all good. Those that took the prize were a new variety imported last year. They bear the name of Painted Ladies—from their skins being of a delicate white variegated with rose colour we presume. Mr. Macgovern's was the ash leaved kidney, but patagonian for that species of potato. Mr. Walsh called his Nova Scotia pink eyes, a round tuber and very large. John C. Binn, Esq., exhibited a basket of very good ones, they came too late for competition, and were more intended as a sample of Twenty bushels that he has to dispose of. We were highly gratified at seeing a bunch of Canary grass just headed and nearly ripe, presented by the same gentleman, who has sowed a quantity of it. We trust that Mr. Binn will follow it up, by exhibiting the seed as well as some of the seed heads both at the Agricultural and Horticultural Autumn or Fall Shows. There were not less than nine Cauldrons on the tables, the name of this delicate excellent was omitted in the enumeration of Prize articles, because they are not usually in season till towards the end of the month, and because the fund at the disposal of the Committee was such as to render it necessary to curtail rather than add to the number of premiums. This will, we trust, alter the practice, and that the Society will meet with the liberal support its increasing usefulness entitles it to.

The prize peas (Rev. Mr. Fitzgerald's) were of that kind called "Knights Matchless Marrows," unusually large, and free from worms. The number of the peas were 14 in the pods, which served to demonstrate how prolific this variety is, and that the sample had not been picked over for undue effect. We have not time to go through the whole list; but we cannot refrain from commenting upon the excellence of the specimen of Onions furnished by the Chief Justice, and take the occasion of again recording our perfect conviction that this is a most valuable commodity in almost every species of cookery may be raised with equal facility here as elsewhere, and that no inconsiderable sum may be saved by raising onions ourselves, instead of paying the Americans for them. The early Turnips exhibited by the same Hon. Gentleman were excellent, as were those also sent by Mrs. Lewis. The Haddishes were also a clear proof of how congenial to the soil is this grateful accompaniment to either meal of the day. There was a bunch of long red brought by Mr. Watson, but it was after the judges had made their decision, had they been in time they would have run the prize—Mr. Tremain's—hard at all events, both specimens were exceedingly fine. There was a bundle of green Inghin Corn, very fully filled, exhibited by Miss Hazard, a box of Capicinus by Mrs. Lockerty, these and the Tomato are articles which we trust will be soon in great abundance in our market; the virtues of the latter are not near as well known as they deserve to be. We shall take an early opportunity of setting forth the various uses to which the fruit of the Tomato may be applied when aided by the skill of that most respected and respectable personage the Cook. The other articles exhibited were excellent of their kind and reflected great credit on the horticultural skill of the growers. On the whole, we congratulate the Society on the success of their labours, and herein we should be wanting in duty, setting gallantry aside, did we not award the due meed of praise to the Ladies of the Committee for their strenuous exertions in raising the necessary funds, and the taste and judgment displayed in the arrangement of the articles exhibited. We trust we shall not be considered as intrusive, if we venture to suggest the continuance of the premium for articles brought to market for sale. It will be seen that Mrs. Lewis and Mrs. Willis have availed themselves and in so doing, have greatly benefited the public as well as themselves. We would wish to see many more follow their example. A good and plentiful vegetable market is one of the best boons, both as respects health and comfort, that could be conferred upon Charlottetown. We are given to understand that the Committee of management meet on Tuesday next. We trust we need not say that we shall be happy to give publicity to any thing they may consider it necessary that the community should be informed of.

FISHING PRIZE.—The American fishing Schooner LARRY, of Gloucester, of about 90 tons, (now vessel) Charles McDonald, master, arrived on board 250 barrels of Mackerel, having at this port on Thursday evening, in charge of an officer of H. M. S. DE VASTATION, having been taken as a prize by that vessel for encroaching on the fishing grounds of Gaspe, on Saturday last, the 6th inst.—[Ib.

Barrow. One will be presented first (to-morrow) by the Rev. John Knox, and six, by the Rev.

On Saturday that Sir John had originated in the Halifax has been already found have heard of States.

San Juan Fe, arrived in London the Herald, Cap. "I suppose that John Franklin is self, and is at California."

NEWS BY. The Steamer Mails to day. of News: Steamship on August 7. The Russia ly arranged, publicly know Later news in vision of the RAILWAY ERR patch of the 8th forms us that it can Railway Co Messrs. Jackson agreed to construct Maine, upon 20 cent. The in progress.

The United S modore Shubric the fishing ground day evening.

Steamer Earl ground on Th ing, and remain without having

On Tuesday Messrs Bourke, Mr. John Stearns

On Wednesday of Charlottetown native of the Co to this Colony is and indistinct disposition, was neighbours, who in their bereave

In the Steamer 11th inst., Rev. T. Rand and 2 Capt. R. Paul McKenzie, Mrs.

Port August 10, Sc lumber.—In August 11, S Equ.—Wasp (naval); Walk 12th, Fairy C chette, Syde 13th, Ainswell Donald, Fi Scotch, Ri Newfoundlan totally wrecks St. Pierre—c berries 4 days.

Brigt. Led Georgetown, went ashore at the 30th July. small vessels brought into Lost a chain "on her voyage

CO. SBALED. Commission ant of British test of 2500 Pounds each Commission ty Day's slip The Tend cent; an lings and Pe Exchange for Commission

AP. IN HA. POW. No. 9, B Room and A STA. Court, with A large S. Stable, with over the street. Gazette 1853

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THE DAYS GONE BY.

The days gone by—oh! they are sweet. To think of those we loved to meet...

DREAMS.

Dreams can be procured by whispering in the ears when a person is asleep. One of the most curious as well as authentic examples of this kind has been referred to by several writers...

NEW GOODS JUST RECEIVED, at the LONDON HOUSE.

THE "SIR ALEXANDER" and "SIR JAMES" The Subscriber has received a Large Supply of Fancy and Staple Goods, Suitable for the Season...

AMERICAN GOODS AND GROCERIES.

THE Subscriber offers for Sale at the old stand of the late Mr. JOHN DAVIS, Senr., a general assortment of AMERICAN GOODS AND GROCERIES...

Kent-street, Corner of Great George, Charlotteville, July 14, 1853.



NEW GOODS.

JUST IMPORTED, and for sale by the Subscriber, at his NEW STORE in Grafton Street—A CHOICE SELECTION OF AMERICAN GOODS...

WILLIAM B. DAWSON. Charlotteville, June 10, 1853.

NEW GOODS.

THE Subscriber has received, per Brig Attwood, from London, and other recent arrivals, the following GOODS, which are offered cheap for Cash...

LONGWORTH & YATES. Water Street, Charlotteville, June 17th, 1853.

Glasgow and Manchester House!

THE Subscriber has JUST RECEIVED his SUMMER SUPPLY OF NEW and FASHIONABLE GOODS...

DAVID WILSON. Richmond Street, 17th June, 1853.

SPRING GOODS.

For Lucy Alice, from Boston, a choice SUPPLY of Gentlemen's summer HATS, including Sloghans, Tusans, Florance, Palm, Kowath, &c...

GEORGE BEER, Junr. Charlotteville, May 10, 1853.

NEW SHOP! NEW GOODS!!

THE Subscriber has just received from Liverpool, G. E. an assortment of DRY and FANCY GOODS, GROCERIES, AND CROCKERYWARE...

ARTHUR G. SIMS. North Side Queen Square, Gordon's New Buildings, June 4.

Charlotteville Regatta Club. THE CHARLOTTEVILLE REGATTA will take place on Tuesday, 23rd August...

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber having been duly empowered by GILBERT HENDERSON, of Hyde Park, Square, London, Esquire, and ANTHONY HENDERSON, of Liverpool, in England, Merchant, surviving Executor and Trustee...

JOHN LONGWORTH. Charlotteville, April 26th, 1853.

All Persons indebted either by Mortgage, Judgment, Bond, Promissory Note or otherwise, to THOMAS HEATH HAVILAND, Esq., his Civil Secretary of the respective sums due by them...

T. HEATH HAVILAND, Barrister-at-Law. Queen Square, Nov. 29, 1852.

Just Published.

The British North America GEOGRAPHICAL PRIMER.

Price with 7 Maps 1s. 6d.; without Maps 1s. THIS PRIMER contains all the matter in Chambers's Geographical Primer, with the addition of the recent census, and more full descriptions of North America...

FOR SALE, a staunch clinker boat, 16 feet long. She has lately undergone a thorough repair, and is now in good condition...

T. GREEN. Kent-street, Corner of Great George, Charlotteville, July 14, 1853.

MONEY TO LEND.

ENQUIRE at the Office of CHARLES PALMER, Esq., Charlotteville, February 1, 1853.

The Laws of Prince Edward Island

FROM 1778 to 1851, both years inclusive—2 vols. Royal 8vo., with a copious Index; published under an Act of the Colonial Legislature...

Saint John Sale Stables.

M. A. CUMMING, Veterinary Surgeon, begs to intimate to parties having HORSES to dispose of, that he is about to open as a Sale Stable...

Temperance Hall Company.

AT A MEETING of the Directors of the above Company, held in the Temperance Hall, this evening, the following Resolution was unanimously adopted...

Mail Steamer "Fairy Queen."

W. R. BULYEA, Commander. Will leave (if further notice) for Bedouque and Shediac every Monday evening, at 9 o'clock...

FOR BRISTOL.

A NEW BARQUE, launched on the 4th inst., will sail for Bristol, on or about the 30th inst. She can accommodate a few Cabin passengers...

FOR PASSAGE.

THE New Clipper BRIG MARIA, 300 Tons Register, JOHN MORRILL, Master, will sail for Liverpool on or before the 20th August...

FOR DUBLIN.

THE New Scho. PENNIE, 110 Tons Register, J. WARRA, Master, will sail for the above port on or before the 1st September...

THE ENTIRE HORSE, &c.

Imported by the Royal Agricultural Society, will serve Manes at the Subscriber's premises, until the 1st of August.

HORSES WANTED.

TWENTY-FOUR SPAN GOOD DRAFT HORSES WANTED. Apply at the GLOBE HOTEL, July 18.

NOVELTIES FOR THE SUMMER. WILLIAM HEARD.

BEGS to announce the arrival per Athol, from England, of a large assortment of BRITISH and FOREIGN MANUFACTURES...

NEW MATERIALS FOR LADIES' DRESSES, SILKS, SHAWLS, RIBBONS, PARASOLS, BONNETS, MILLINERY, &c., &c.

A large selection of Broad Cloths, Doilies, Cushions, Towels, Waist-coatings, Cotton and LINEN GOODS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

In order to compete with other Houses, W. H. begs to inform his Friends that in future his business will be conducted on the CASE principle...

Provincial Marine Insurance Company.

TORONTO, C. W.—Agent for Prince Edward Island, BENJAMIN DAVIES. Charlotteville, April 11, 1853.

NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE AND Equitable Fire Insurance Companies of London.

INCORPORATED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT. BOARD OF DIRECTORS: T. H. HARLAND, Esq., Hon. Charles Hensley, F. Longworth, Esq., Robert Hutchinson, Esq., Thomas Dawson, Esq.

ALLIANCE LIFE AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LONDON.

ESTABLISHED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT. Capital £5,000,000 Sterling. CHARLES YOUNG, Agent for F. E. Island.

THE COLONIAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

GOVERNOR—THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE EARL OF ELGIN and KINCARDINE, Governor General of Canada. HEAD OFFICE—22 St. Andrew Square, Edinburgh.

Charlotteville Mutual Insurance Company.

INCORPORATED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT IN 1848. THIS COMPANY offers the best guarantee in case of loss, and accepts Risks at a saving of fully 50 per cent. to the assured.

NOTICE.

THE TENANTS of THOMAS HEATH HAVILAND, Esq., on Townships Numbers 43 and 56 and 57 in this Island, are requested to make immediate payment of the amount of Rent due by them to the Subscriber...

WILLIAM STRAIGHT, HATTER.

BEGS to inform his friends that he still continues the retailing, cleaning, and stiffening of Beaver and Silk Hats.

BELLS! BELLS! BELLS!

THE Subscriber manufactures and keeps constantly on hand, all sizes of Church, Factory, Steamboat, Folly, Locomotive, School Houses, and Plain-tin Bells...

THE FILLS should be used conjointly with the Ointment.

These Pills should be used conjointly with the Ointment in most of the following cases: Bad Legs, Chills, Gout, Burns, Chapped hands, Glandular swellings, Rheumatism, Cancers, Contracted and Stiff Joints, Elephantiasis, Skin-diseases, Sore Nipples, Sore-heads, Tumours, Wounds, Yaws, Scars.

Butter, Wool and Sheep Skins.

THE Subscriber will pay the highest market price in Cash, for any quantity of WOOL and SHEEP SKINS.

Never Failing Remedy!



HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

A CRIPPLE TEN YEARS ASIDE HIS CRUTCHES AFTER SEVEN YEARS SUFFERING. Copy of a Letter from Mr. Thompson, Chemist, Liverpool, dated August 20, 1852.

DEAR SIR—I am enabled to furnish you with a most extraordinary cure effected by your invaluable Ointment and Pills which has satisfied every person acquainted with the sufferer. About 10 years ago, Mr. W. Cummins, of Salford Street, in this town, was thrown from his horse, whereby he received very serious injuries...

ANOTHER SURPRISING CURE OF ULCERATED BAD LEGS, DEBILITY, AND GENERAL ILL HEALTH.

Copy of a Letter, from Mr. J. M. CLENNELL of Newcastle-on-Tyne, dated September 20th, 1852.

SIR—Some time since, one of my children was afflicted with dreadful eruptions over the body and limbs. I obtained the advice of several eminent Surgeons and Physicians, by all of whom the case was considered hopeless.

CERTAIN REMEDY FOR SCORBUIC HUMOURS—AND AN ASTONISHING CURE OF AN OLD LADY SEVENTY YEARS OF AGE OF A BRAD LEG.

Copy of a Letter from Messrs. Walker and Co., Chemists, Bath.

DEAR SIR—Among the numerous cures effected by the use of your valuable medicine in this neighbourhood, we may mention that of an old lady living in the Village of Weston, about five miles from the City.

DEAR SIR—I am authorized by Mrs. Gibbon, of 31, Bailey Street, in this town, to inform you that for a considerable period she had been a sufferer from debility, and general ill health, accompanied by a disordered stomach, and great derangement of the system.

I remain Dear Sir, yours faithfully, JOHN MORTON CLENNELL.

DEAR SIR—Among the numerous cures effected by the use of your valuable medicine in this neighbourhood, we may mention that of an old lady living in the Village of Weston, about five miles from the City.

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I remain Dear Sir, yours faithfully, JOHN MORTON CLENNELL.

Established... DURING the a... and his party... of Jamestown... had observed... bank of the river... questioning... their unfriend... who, it will be... charge, armed... with him, and... ed to resolution... of all they held... The Indians... close observat... endeavoured to... parts of their... should receive... bers by the ret... council of Neg... was travelling... at the bridge of... ving the prepara... fence, quickly... ton sent some... town in a can... reconnoiter, no... remained... But the Eng... guard; they w... enemies, and... for Sir Edward... passed without... with many a de... dered, together... rays, to talk... On Thornton's... the older men... for with their... the colonists... and James' de... full of promise... the wilderness... months before... their imagina... those rudemen... No sleep... anxious and d... there arose in... melody. "It w... The night-wa... with the new... sion." "The be... as the wander... and ere ano... who were not... fond embrace... ton laid them... captain's hou... solemn air... O Lord our... thanking... they joined in... pared with a... Giving of all... dings of the... journey... Months... the better, a... first rich har... ever were the... more cheerf... their best in... detaching... Smith's pla... for the great... in order to r... land, which... the settlers... few trusty co... curions to f... to observe, h... posed to be... doubtful, m... fulfil it... Summer... Indian but... which Powri... winter quari... might cheerf... faith of the... ance, to the... cion and de... made the de... clung, howe... heavier load... visit them;... Poccohontan... rance, and I... promised, and... whispered. In this m...