

YOU'LL BE SURE TO FIND IT IN "The MAIL and ADVOCATE."

THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE

Official Organ of The Fishermen's Protective Union of Newfoundland.

Vol. III. No. 222.

ST. JOHN'S, NEWFOUNDLAND, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 3, 1916.

Price: 1 Cent.

Bulgars' Chief Seaport Greatly Endangered by Roumanian Manoeuvre

The Strategic Value of Roumanian Manoeuvre is Twofold—Miles From Turtukai Where They Crossed the Danube is Varna, Bulgaria's Chief Seaport on Black Sea—Move Menaces Forces Operating Against Roumanians to the North

ANOTHER CHECK IN DOBRUJA FOR TEUTONS

Berlin and Vienna Claim Successes Over Allies on Brody—Zlochoff Road and Recapture of Ground Lost Saturday—Russian Attack in Lutsk Region is Repulsed—Regarding the Macedonian Front Little Additional News of Fighting There Has Come Through—On Austro-Italian Front Only Severe Bombardments Are Reported

NEW ZEP CHASER USED BY BRITISH FORMIDABLE ONE

Secret Regarding its Construction is Closely Kept and Only Main Features Are Allowed by British and French Censorships to be Mentioned in Press—Machines Are of Powerful Construction

'BREMEN' YARNS ARE GROWING RAPIDLY NOW

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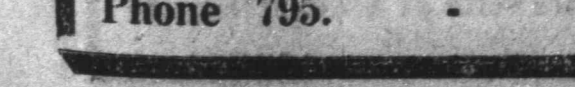
Some of the Riders Had Their Horses Shot From Under Them—Some Horses Foundered in Abandoned Trenches—Others Carried Their Scouting Nearly a Mile Beyond the Infantry Advance Line and Brought Back Valuable Information—Those Who Lost Their Horses Managed to Return on Foot With Their Reports

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ALLIED SUCCESS RUSSIANS ARE AGAIN CLOSING IN ON LEMBERG; DETAILS LACKING

Fighting Has Now Turned in Favour of the Russians—Lemberg is Again Threatened but Absence of Details Leave the Extent of the Russian Advance in Doubt—Since Last Reports Considerable Progress is Made by the Russians Around Brody

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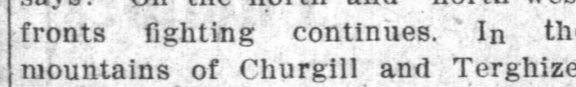
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- 500 half chests CEYLON TEA.
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- 25 cases SEA DOG MATCHES.
- 50 cases MAGIC BAKING POWDER.
- 300 bxs. CITRUS & LEMON PEEL—10 lbs ea.
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- 100 cases SUN PASTE.
- 150 cases LIBBY'S MILK.

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As the Fall is now approaching, you will, no doubt, be thinking of coming to St. John's to purchase a supply of clothing for yourself and the boys. Our purpose in writing this is two-fold; we want to make a fair profit on the Goods we sell you, and also to give you the best possible value for your money. We offer you **GOOD VALUE FOR GOOD MONEY.** We have no **TWO PRICES,** and guarantee all a square deal. Anyhow, drop in and see our clothing when in the city, and if not satisfied with the Prices and the Goods, you need not buy.

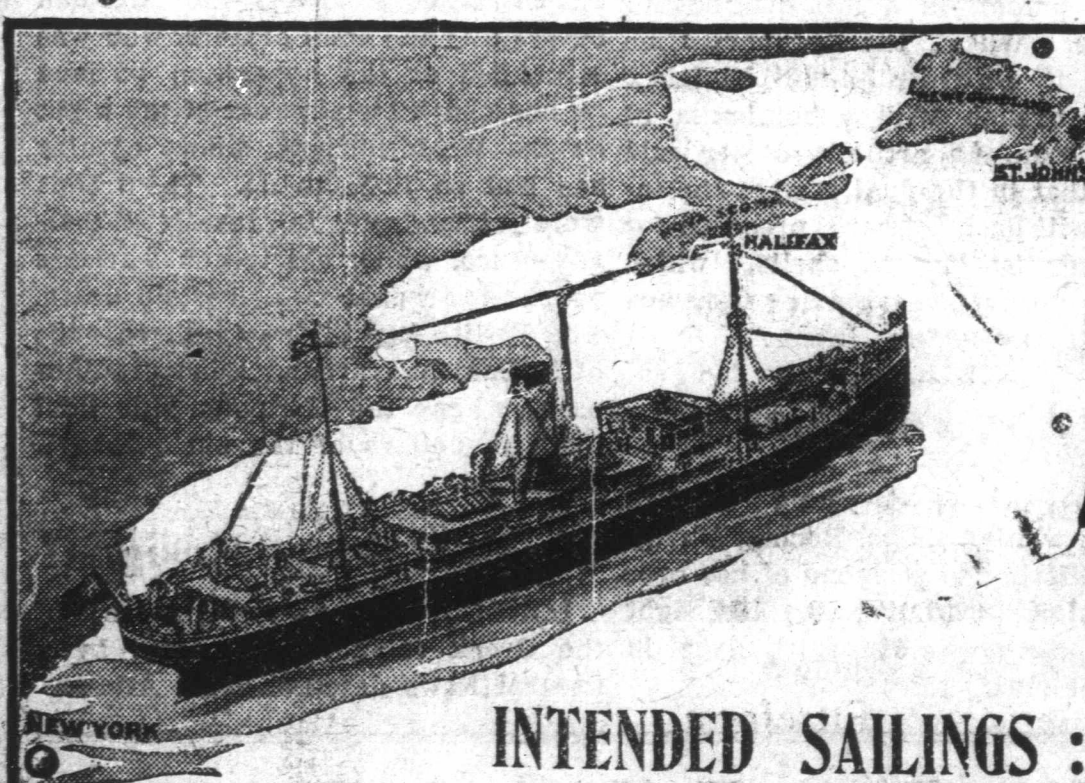
With best regards, I am,
Yours truly,

T. J. BARRON

BOYS' AND MEN'S OUTFITTER.

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One door west of Post Office

Red Cross Line



INTENDED SAILINGS:

FROM ST. JOHN'S	FROM NEW-YORK
STEPHANO, October 4th.	FLORIZEL, October 7th.
FLORIZEL, October 17th.	STEPHANO, October 18th.
STEPHANO, October 28th.	FLORIZEL, October 28th.

Harvey & Co., Limited
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A quantity of
OAT BAGS.

Apply to
UNION TRADING Co., Ltd.

Aunt Jane Has Something to Say About Pit Props

(To the Editor)

Dear Sir,—My many readers will remember that when I last wrote it was from Lewisporte. I tried in the best way possible to show up the Kaiser and his work. I may say for the information of the public that this is a world of shift and now we are at Boyd's Cove. It is rumoured that he is coming to secure the pit props for the winter, as Mr. E. Martin is not having any more ships this year. He may be down trying to pour oil on the troubled waters of this place. If that is the case then he will need a lot of oil of a very high grade for the waters just now is in a terrible condition, for with breach of contract with the Newman family and dissatisfaction of measurement and payment of pit props and other things that I will not name here, Mr. Kaiser's cup must be full of bitterness. Mr. Editor I wonder does the Government know, or does it care anything about the condition of things re the pit prop racket. It is a well-known fact that Martin, Freake and Manuel cut wood most all around the coast last winter. Hundreds of cords of green wood were stolen last year that was of great value to the fishery and thrown into the water with dry as well, to drift out to sea and be lost. Surely this is a crime in these hard times. It is further rumoured that all the wood that is in the water around here is to be left in the water at a place called Hammen Cove all the winter. If this is true I would ask President Coaker to get after the Government and send some one to look after it. At present there are hundreds of cords of wood around the coast in the water. Now is it to be left there all the winter, frozen up and driven out in the spring and be lost.

What an awful piece of work the Kaiser kicked up this year when some of the people of Twillingate were caught taking away some of the wood. I don't uphold wrong doing, but are people to be blamed if they find wood in the water knowing that it will go out to sea if they don't help themselves. Again, what has Kaiser F. done for us here? Last year he was starting new branches of business, did it help us any? I believe that nine out of every ten will say, No! Our public reserve has been started and we are no better.

One word more, let me ask the labouring men, as well as the fishermen, to stand by brave Coaker, who has nobly stood for you. He will rent your chains asunder that around you have been cast. 'Twill be done by valiant Coaker, although a dreadful task.

Thanking you, Mr. Editor, for space and hoping to have the pleasure of writing you again.

Yours truly,
AUNT JANE.

Boyd's Cove, Sept. 25, 1916.

Fomenting Plots on U.S. Territory

Great Britain Lodges Strong Protest to Washington on American Territory Being Used For Creating Disturbances in India and Elsewhere

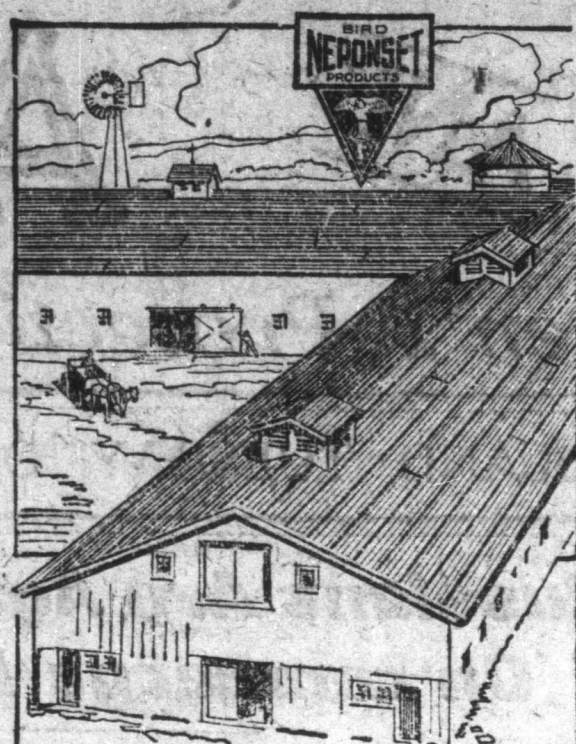
LONDON, Sept. 26.—(By Arthur S. Draper.)—The British Government has made strong representations to Washington on the ground that United States territory is being used to foment plots against British rule in various parts of the world, especially in India. This information comes from a high authority.

The state department is informed that the two most active centres of this agitation are California and Manila. In California the plots are said to flourish amid a colony of expatriated to be the headquarters for the Far East. Britain has furnished proof of one instance where the Germans spent \$500,000 buying arms with the intention of smuggling them into India. The Manila organization is composed mainly of Germans who fled from Shanghai in the last six months, finding it too dangerous a place.

FAMOUS POLICE OFFICER DEAD

LONDON, Sept. 27.—Mr. Alfred Ward, chief inspector of Scotland Yard, died in a hospital this morning. Inspector Ward had charge of the police investigation into several of the most sensational crimes of recent years. He visited the United States last May to bring back Ignatius T. Lincoln, the former member of parliament and self-confessed German spy.

When the pot calls the kettle black it is time for the kettle to demand an investigation as to the shady ways of the pot.



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Paroid is only one of the Neponset Roofings. There are others meeting every requirement and pocket-book. Granitized Shingles for rich roofs; Frosted, the colored roofing, and other roofings for all kinds of buildings; even temporary sheds for the largest railroad buildings.

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Motor Gasoline in Wood and Steel bbls and cases.
Polarine Motor Oil (in 5 gall. tins) @ \$2.95 each.
Special Standard Motor Oil (in 5 gall. tins) @ \$2.90 each.
Special Standard Motor Oil in bbls and half bbls. @ 55c. per gallon.
Motor Greases at lowest prices.
See us before placing your order.

P. H. Cowan & Co.,
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Thrilling Tale of Man Hunt in the Far North

Esquimaux Who Murdered Two Catholic Missionaries are Caught by Mounted Police After a Long and Exciting Hunt—Details of Murder are Given in Report Sent Mounted Police Department by Inspector La Nauze

OTTAWA, Sept. 26.—The story of the chase and capture of the murderers of Father Leroux and Father Rouviere, two Catholic missionaries in the far North, is told by Inspector C. D. LaNauze in a report received by the Mounted Police Department yesterday. It makes a thrilling tale. The two missionaries had been living with the Estimos at Coronation Gulf and were respected and popular amongst the natives. In 1913 they decided to move to the timber land, and were accompanied by the two Eskimos, Simmsiak and Illuksuk to assist with the dog teams. They were only out two days when Simmsiak stabbed Father Leroux in the back, calling upon Illuksuk to finish him as he ran to head of Father Rouviere from the slain where his rifle was. Simmsiak shot and hit him with his second shot. In the meantime Illuksuk had killed Father Leroux. They then stabbed to death Father Rouviere.

With horrible ferocity the two murderers cut open both priests and ate part of the liver of the two dead men, and taking their outfits returned to the tribe headquarters at Coronation Gulf. They made no secret of their crime. Inspector LaNauze learned that with Dr. Anderson of the Stefenson expedition on the Copper Mine river was an Eskimo named Illuksuk, wearing the cockack of a priest and he was found to be of the same tribe as Simmsiak and Illuksuk. This man gave information that he criminated the two murderers. Special Constable Ilivink was told by other Eskimos that the reason they concealed the crime was because they feared that in revenge the white men would kill them all. The long chase after Illuksuk and Simmsiak then began. The latter was believed to be in Victoria Land, several hundreds of miles away, and thither the police went, securing their man. He surrendered without any trouble and showed anxiety to tell his story. He stated that Simmsiak was responsible for the crime, and other members of the tribe confirmed the statement that he had been the instigator.

Clear Up Three-Year-Old Mystery

With Illuksuk secured, the police returned and started on the hunt for Simmsiak. They found him with some other Eskimos at the mouth of the Copper Mine. He also surrendered without a fight and confessed his crime. The two criminals were then taken to Herschell Island where they now await the decision of the government as where the trial will take place. So Inspector LaNauze and his men have cleared up a mystery that had baffled them for three years. The murderers are pagans, and missionaries have accomplished little towards Christianizing that tribe.

Greed of gain seems to have been the motive for the crime.

It is difficult to give the murderers a regular trial. It is almost impossible to bring witnesses to Herschell Island, so the inspector suggests that a judge be sent on a vessel to Coronation Gulf and take evidence there or that judgement be given on the evidence already secured and the confessions of the men.

Economy Urged in Use of the Potatoes

Potatoes are being wasted, according to the government and C. P. R. experts, and an investigation is being made into ways and means of stopping the loss.

Not only in New Brunswick, but in Upper Canada and the United States, it is recognized, that economy must be practiced in the use of the potato. A timely article on this subject in the New York Herald reads:

With the potato crop of the United States 46,000,000 bushels less than the estimate of a month ago, expert says housewives must economize or many will go without. The crop estimate gives 318,000,000 bushels.

Although there is, as always, a great total of potatoes raised this year in Wisconsin, it must be remembered that need of seed in all parts of the country will reduce the available surplus in this State as well as everywhere else.

Potato experts have been recently looking over fields in Wisconsin with the object of selecting disease proof varieties for the Bermuda islands.

They emphasize in connection with the crop statement and the high prevailing prices that potatoes are the most wastefully used food in the United States.

"It is rare to see a family meal in any community in which the housewife has not included so generous a portion of potatoes that from half to a quarter of the coked tubers are left over," one of these men said. "Some of this surplus is, of course, used for warming over, and some is fed to household dogs, but a great part of it is wasted."

"It would work no hardship on the housewife to calculate a little more accurately the amount of potatoes that will be eaten. If this were done in the 20,000,000 households of the United States, the present figures of fifteen bushels a year consumption would be materially reduced without in fact, affecting the amount of potatoes actually used for food.

"If crop statistics are borne out this fall, and I think they doubtless will be, I would advocate a general campaign to remind housewives that potatoes should not be wasted, any more than bread. If this is done I think there will be no one who will have to miss his spuds."

POWERFUL BUSINESS ENEMY.

I am more powerful than the combined armies of the world.

I am more deadly than bullets, and have wrecked more homes than the mightiest of siege guns.

I escape no one, and find my victims among the rich and poor alike; the young and old; the strong and the weak; widows and orphans know me.

I massacre thousands upon thousands of wage-earners in a year.

I lurk in unseen places, and do most of my work silently. You are warned against me, but you heed not.

I am restless. I am everywhere; in the home, on the street, in the factory, at railroad crossings and on the sea.

I bring sickness, degradation and death, and yet few seek to avoid me. I am your worst enemy.

I am carelessness.

A henpecked man is a silent partner to his wife's woes.



1st Newfoundland Regiment.

BADGES for Rejected Volunteers will be issued on application to the Officer Commanding Depot at Headquarters, St. John's, subject to the understated conditions as approved by the Governor in Council and published in the Royal Gazette of September 26th, 1916.

In the case of Volunteers living outside of St. John's, who have been examined and rejected by the Medical Examiner in their district, a certificate from the Medical Examiner showing cause of rejection should accompany applications.

RULES AND REGULATIONS

1. The Badge to be of bronze with Crown, suitable inscription and a number (consecutive).

2. A register to be kept giving the number of Badge, to whom issued, and date.

3. Badges to be issued at Headquarters by the Regimental Authorities, only to men of military age, and not to any man obviously unfit.

4. Badges to be issued only to men who have enlisted and have undergone the regular medical examination.

5. Men rejected prior to the publication of the regulations who apply for Badges to submit to new medical examination if required, and not to receive a Badge unless still unfit.

6. Penalty on any person other than the man to whom Badge is issued wearing same, or having it in his possession (except for repairs), \$50.00.

7. Penalty on owner of Badge selling it or giving it away or permitting it to be worn by any other person, \$25.00.

8. Badge-holder required to produce Badge for inspection to Regimental Authorities or their appointee whenever called upon to do so. Penalty, \$10.00.

9. Badge-holder losing Badge to report loss forthwith to Regimental Authorities, and if required, furnish affidavit of loss. Penalty, \$10.00. A new Badge may be issued on satisfactory proof of the loss.

10. Badge-holder leaving the country to return Badge to Headquarters and receive a certificate in exchange.

J. J. O'GRADY,
Capt. & Adj.



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when our premiums are so low. Don't take chances, but . . .

HAVE US INSURE YOU in one of our companies. Why not do it to-day?

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Insurance Agent.

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A SCHOONER

of about 70 tons to freight

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from Trinity Bay to Twillingate.

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Always in stock a full line of **Smokers' Requisites.**

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The TEA with strength and flavor is

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ROYAL PALACE BAKING POWDER 20c. per lb. Small Tins 5 cts.

SCOTCH OATMEAL, PATNA RICE, JACOBS' BISCUITS, HARTLEYS' JAMS, 1s. and 2s.

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We announce the arrival of a new consignment of Wilton, Axminster and Tapestry Carpets, with Rugs to match.

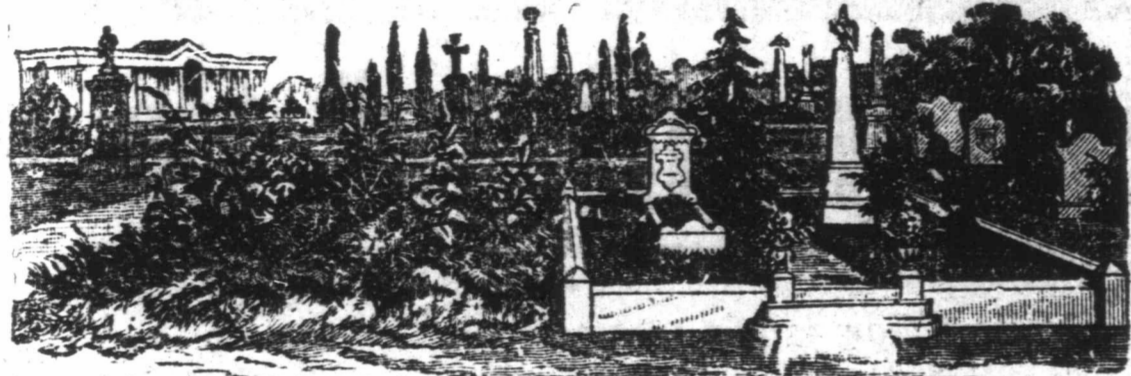
These Carpets are remarkable for the rare beauty of their designs, and the exquisite softness of the color tones.

Sizes and prices quoted on application.

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If you want a Headstone or Monument visit our store and inspect our stock. We have the most up-to-date finished work in the City. Write for DESIGN BOOKS and actual PHOTOS of our work. PRICES to suit everybody. **FIRST CLASS SOCKET** given free with each Headstone. Outport orders especially attended to. **LOCAL CEMETERY** work done cheaply.

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Duckworth Street, St. John's.

Returns After Forty Years

By the Stepano yesterday there arrived here from New York an old time Newfoundlander and native of Hr. Grace in the person of Mr. E. T. Howell. Mr. Howell, who is in his 61st year, is an old chum of our friend, Mr. H. F. Shortis, who can well be designated the historian of the "Second City." They went to school together, served their time as operators together, worked in the same office as telegraphers and their meeting yesterday was a cordial one after such a lengthy period of separation. They were in the Heart's Content Office several years, after which Mr. Howell went to Port Hastings, after four years proceeded to Montreal and then went to New York where he has resided ever since. For years he has been superintendent of the Western Union in Gotham and is president thereof of the Newfoundland Society which is doing so well for all Newfoundlanders who go to New York. He is manager of the Western Union Institute for savings of employees of the company and the men who include in their ranks a number of Newfoundlanders have \$1,000,000 invested. Mr. Howell is taking a well earned vacation and amongst his relations here are Mr. E. B. Thompson of Hr. Grace, Magistrate Thompson of Brigus, and a number of others. We welcome him back to the old land and wish him a pleasant holiday.

REIDS' SHIPS.

S.S. Argyle left Tack's Beach at 6.40 p.m. yesterday, inward.
S.S. Clyde left Twillingate at 4.40 p.m. yesterday, inward.
S.S. Dundee left Port Blandford at 11.15 a.m. yesterday.
S.S. Ethie left Port Saunders at 4.5 p.m. yesterday, going North.
S.S. Glencoe left Port aux Basques at 11.45 p.m. yesterday.
S.S. Home left Springdale at 3.15 p.m. yesterday, inward.
S.S. Wren left Clarendville at 8 p.m. yesterday.
S.S. Kyle left Port aux Basques at 1.10 a.m. to-day.
S.S. Neptune left White Bear October 1st coming South.
S.S. Meigle is due at Port aux Basques this a.m.
S.S. Sagona is leaving St. John's at 1 p.m. to-day.

POLICE NABBED HIM.

In June last, one Wm. Stead was summoned by the police for being drunk on Lemarchant Road, also for another offence committed there. He did not appear on the summons and a warrant was sworn out for him, but he evaded this and skipped to Sydney, whence he recently returned. To-day the charge was preferred against him and Mr. Hutchings sent him down for 2 months. The police arrested him yesterday.

STRICKEN WITH PARALYSIS.

Mr. James Healey, a well-known planter and fisherman, of Petty Hr. was stricken with paralysis at his home last night, and has been very ill ever since. His powers of speech are affected and his condition gives his family and friends great concern. Mr. Healey is well-known in St. John's and his many friends will ardently hope for his recovery.

TRAIN REPORT.

Sunday's No. 1 arrived at Port aux Basques at 12.10 a.m.
Yesterday's No. 1 left Glenwood at 8.40 a.m.
To-day's No. 2 is leaving Port aux Basques after the arrival of the Meigle.

"EAGLE" CHARTERED BY REIDS.

The S.S. Eagle has been taken on a time charter by the Reid Nfld. Co. and sailed to-day for Sydney to return with a full freight. The ship flew the Reid Co.'s flag as she steamed down the harbor.

THE "SUSU" SAILS.

The Susu sailed North at 10 a.m. to-day, taking J. McGinn, Mrs. Davis, Gordon Day, E. Abbot and 15 in steerage.

Well Qualified.

"Have you the firmness that enable you to go on and do your duty in the face of ingratitude and ungenerous criticism?"
I ought to have. I once cooked for a camping party.

If you see one young man laughing at the old jokes of another, the other has a pretty sister.

Nature paints things red in the fall and many a man is able to trace his own fall back to the time when he painted things red.

The Best Feature We Have Had For Some Time, "Robert Edeson" ---IN--- "MORTMAIN."

A five act Blue Ribbon feature—A picturization of TRAIN'S great story of the same name. Production of THEODORE MARSTON with all the Eminent Vitagraph Stars—MURIEL OSTRICHE, DONALD HALL, EDWARD ELKAS, JAMES MORRISON and KARIN NORMAN. An amazing production. A powerful, weird and sensational story.

WEDNESDAY—"THE WHEELS OF JUSTICE," another great Vitagraph with DOROTHY KELLEY and JAS. MORRISON. COMING—"THE GREAT RUBY," five acts, with "OCTAVIA HANDWORTH."

Travelogues, Cartoons, Short Dramas and Comedies are shown with the BIG FEATURE PROGRAMME AT THE NICKEL.

Serbs Victorious Over Bulgarians

PARIS, Oct. 2.—Following up the advantage gained over the Bulgarians at Kaymakalan height on the western end of the Macedonian front, the Serbs advanced 1½ miles north of the height and occupied the village of Kolchovic, the war office announced to-day. The Bulgarians made a counter attack on the positions newly won by the British on the left bank of the Struma. The statement says that the Bulgarians were repulsed leaving many dead on the fields.

Relations Between Sweden and Entente Are Acute

LONDON, Oct. 3.—Relations between Sweden and the Entente Powers are attaining unusual attention here and there is every indication that the situation is thought to become acute. With the dispute as to mail seizures still unsettled, there has now arisen the charge by the Allies that the neutrality of Sweden is not so loyal and impartial as it should be.

Cabinet to Resign

BERLIN, Oct. 3.—The Luxemburg is reported about to resign as the result of an unfavourable measure passed by the Legislature. Personal disputes between Cabinet Chief Welter and Deputy Leval are also said to be responsible. The present Luxemburg Government is headed by M. Thorn, a Liberal councillor of state. It is the fourth Cabinet formed since the outbreak of the war.

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10 ZEPPELINS FIGURE IN LATE RAID ON ENGLAND

LONDON, Oct. 2.—Ten Zeppelins took part in last night's raid over England. Two of them attempted to attack London, one of them was driven away and the other, as was reported last night, was destroyed. Following is the official account of the raid:—"Ten airships crossed the east coast last night between nine o'clock and midnight. One airship approached the north of London at about ten p.m., but was driven off by gun fire, and, pursued by aeroplanes, she attempted to return from the north-west. She was attacked by guns and aeroplanes, and brought down to earth in flames in the neighbourhood of Potter's Bar. Shortly before midnight a second airship attempted to attack London from the north-east, but was driven off. Bombs were dropped, but no report of casualties or damage have yet been received. The remaining airships wandered aimlessly over the eastern counties. In Lincolnshire bombs were dropped promiscuously. Most of them appear to have been dropped in open country without doing damage. The airship destroyed was of the latest type.

BERLIN, Oct. 2.—With reference to the air-raid on London and the east coast of England, the following brief statement was issued this afternoon. During Sunday night several airships successfully threw bombs on London and military works on the Humber. Despite heavy fire by anti-aircraft guns, all the ships returned except one, which was hit and set afire by aircraft guns, and fell near London.

LONDON, Oct. 2.—Police reports give total casualties of last night's raid: "One man killed and one woman injured, says an official made public to-night. The material damage done was insignificant, although the raiders covered a wide area and dropped many bombs. Four houses were seriously damaged, some glass houses were demolished, and a number of windows broken."

Violent Fighting North of Rancourt

PARIS, Oct. 3.—Violent fighting has been in progress on the Somme front, north of Rancourt, the War Office announced to-day. The French curtain of fire and machine guns, however, were effective in checking German attempts to debouch from St. Pierre Vaast Wood in this region.

British Repulse German Attack

LONDON, Oct. 2.—British troops on the Somme front last night repulsed a German attack on British advanced positions to the east of the village of Eaucourt-Abbaye, the War Office announced to-day.

Vienna Admits Gains For Russians

VIENNA, Oct. 2.—Gains for the Russians in their new drive towards Lemberg are admitted in a statement issued by the War Office.

SERIOUSLY HURT AT MILL.

By the Shore train to-day we learn that a serious accident occurred in Sparke's saw mill at Colinet yesterday. While a young man named James Keele, of that place, was running one of the machines his clothing became caught in the shaft, and he was whirled on it several times before it was stopped by fellow employees. The man was rendered unconscious, had his head and face terribly wounded, was hurt internally and it is feared that he will be months laid off. He was taken home, all possible done for him, and a doctor has been summoned to attend him to-day.

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Villa Successful In Latest Attack
ed an immense amount of war booty, including field artillery, and that large numbers of Carranza troops deserted to him.
General Bell's despatch follows: "Evidence increases to show that Villa was completely successful in his attack Saturday upon Chihuahua, and accomplished all and more than he said he would do."
"He liberated over 200 prisoners, secured and carried away more than 18 automobile loads of arms and ammunition, and actually took out artillery under an escort of deserting Carranza troops."
WASHINGTON, Sept. 27.—Francisco Villa "was completely successful in his attack Saturday upon Chihuahua, and accomplished all and more than he said he would do," according to a telegram received by the War Department from General Funston, at Fort Sam Houston, this afternoon.
General Funston transmitted to the department a telegram from General George Bell, Jr., stationed at El Paso, in which it was declared Villa captured

Depending On Him.
"I can't join the army. I got a wife depending on me."
"You've got a wife depending on you, Sam? I thought your wife took in washing to support you?"
"Well, she does take in washing, sir, but she's dependin' on me to be home regular to my meals."

IN STOCK:

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J. J. Rossiter

The Mail and Advocate

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Editor and Business Manager: JOHN J. ST. JOHN.

ST. JOHN'S, N.F.L.D., OCT. 3rd., 1916.

Edward's Promises

IN 1913 Sir Edward Morris in his manifesto to the electorate among the thousand and one things he promised intimated to the fishermen that—

"We propose to take measures to provide a supply of bait for our fishermen. Heretofore attempts have been made to accomplish this by dealing with private corporations and individuals from abroad, but without effect and now the Government aims to bring about this result by investigating the systems adopted in other countries in relation to the supply of bait, with a view of applying the same to this country, and arranging for the distribution of bait to the fishermen in such a manner as will enable them to avoid the serious losses that now follow the failure to obtain bait when fish are abundant."

Some few days ago we referred to this very same matter of bait depots the need of which is now so apparent. It is almost impossible to arrive at the exact loss which this Colony has suffered the past few years on this account.

That Sir E. P. Morris well knew this and the fact is proven by his own words when he said "we are arranging for the distribution of bait to the fishermen in such a manner as will enable them to avoid the serious losses that now follow the failure to obtain bait when fish are abundant." These words of Edward's were issued in October 1913 and now it is October 1916, three years later, and not one of the many bait depots promised are yet erected, nor is there any likelihood of one being erected by the present Government while they remain in office.

Morris has been able to find HALF A MILLION DOLLARS to expend on what he is pleased to call Encouraging Agriculture. This half million dollars is simply money wasted, and if you need the proof for this assertion read the Report of Agricultural Society for 1915 and there you will find ample evidence that this Morris Policy of fostering agriculture was, and is to-day, a farce, the effects of which this Colony is to-day suffering. It only served the purpose of providing fat jobs with fat salaries for two party members and the rewarding of political heebers with live stock. Beyond that it has accomplished nothing, absolutely nothing.

The fisheries have received very little consideration from the Government of which Morris is the leader. Not one single effort has been made to improve matters for our toilers. We were according to Morris' promises (election years) to have trade agents abroad. We were to have new markets abroad for our staple and five large factories were to be established for the conversion of fish oil and dogfish into fertilizer and glue. Morris was going to completely revolutionize our fisheries. In fact anyone reading his election promises to the fishermen of Newfoundland in October 1913 would be inclined to give up his regular avocation and go fishing.

Here are Morris' words: "Our policy heretofore will be to continue to provide judicious encouragement for the fishing industry along these and other lines remembering that the three essentials for which all—government, merchants and fishermen—should strive are the developing of the fishery themselves, THE SECURING OF HIGHER PRICES FOR THE CATCH

AND THE OPENING OF NEW "MARKETS."

Now these three essentials which Morris referred to in 1913 where, immediately sufficient ballots were counted to secure him and his Government a continuance of office, immediately turned into the three essentials which have so marked his administration the past three years—GRAFT, GRAB and BOODLE.

The fisheries which he talked about so eloquently were never considered and his Government during the past six years have never lifted a finger to help the fishermen of this Colony. The only thing they have done for the fishermen is to increase his burden of taxation and make it harder for the toiler to make two ends meet. But as regards themselves they have lived in clover and have gone the pace that leads to financial disaster. Morris and his political pirates have coddled the people long enough and the day cannot come quick enough to turn the whole corrupt outfit out of office to live on the spoils they have gathered since the unfortunate day Morrisism cursed this Colony.

Our people in the past were too ready to listen to patriots of the Morris type whose brand of patriotism was spelled in dollars and cents. Too long have we been sending to represent us on the floors of Parliament pettifogging attorneys who would not pick up a livelihood in our police courts and then tolerating as Premier the most accepted but the one most acceptable to the boss political machine.

Look at the platform promises of the so-called People's Party; then look at its performance. Look at the Party itself. The fag ends and dunnage of every political party we have seen in this poor land the last quarter of a century. When one looks at them huddled under a party blanket with grab, boodle and graft as their political creed one need not wonder that the Ship of State is on the rocks and that financial disaster overshadows the land.

If the fishermen of this country want to see better conditions than those existing at present they will have to look in another direction than Morris and not heed political adventurers of the type of the Morris school who rode into political power on some political platform worked up by systematic advertising just as patent medicines are put upon the market.

Writing on the position of girls after the war, "A Mother" comes to the conclusion that "there will still be two sexes." That's a great comfort, anyway.

REVEILLE BY CALCAR

If those Commissioners of Agriculture had kept themselves confined to the duties of a commissioner instead of misleading their office for that Commission Merchants much good might have been accomplished and much money spared to the country to be spent in furtherance of a sound and sane agricultural policy.

These men made themselves purchasing and distributing agents for the Government and in this capacity made hay, so to speak, while the sun shone.

To argue that much good has been accomplished through the agricultural efforts of the Morris Government is but a poor defense of it, yet it is one to be constantly met with. It cannot be denied nor does any sensible person take the line of argument, that it did no good. It would be pretty hard to find a way to spend upwards of half a million dollars in a spendthrift manner without some persons getting a little good from it. Our position is this that the little good has been brought about at two great a cost to the country and even the trifle of benefit is not of the lasting kind.

People who received without cost to themselves seed or live stock knew some benefit personally but what about the country that had to pay for that free gift. What about the recipients themselves who had to pay for his free (?) gift in neglected roads, increased taxation, and in ruined flocks, etc. Does it pay the farmer to raise a special quality of potatoes because the Government gives him a pound or two of seed "free of cost," while that same Government by robbing him of his road grants makes it impossible for him to haul a load of his produce to the railway station miles away. This applies with particular emphasis to conditions

THE HARVEST OF THE WAR

These Articles Published Under the Above Heading Are Republished From the Round Table Review of Politics of the British Empire

VI.—The Concert of Nations.

THIS does not mean sweeping away all existing landmarks or any sudden and disquieting breach with the past. To begin by abandoning the balance of power by land or sea, or the diplomatic doctrines upon which the present stability of international society depends, would do more harm than good. But it does mean such a change of mind that all should admit that they cannot go their own way regardless of others, that they cannot remain indifferent to the rights and wrongs of the rest of humanity, and that they must, therefore, become members of a regular body at which matters in controversy between nations can be discussed frankly and without reserve, and at which their obligation, of upholding international consultation can be effected by means of diplomacy. Diplomacy in one of its aspects is a normal mode of intercourse. But as the instrument of nationalism its essence is secrecy, and its main instrument the threat of war. Mutual understanding cannot be attained in this way. Agreement and the promotion of common ends as between nations, as in business, to be rapid and effective must be the outcome of direct negotiations between principals round a common table. Nor can co-operation between nations be effectively maintained by ad hoc or occasional conferences to solve particular problems. Any serious attempt to put the welfare of humanity first involves the establishment of a permanent conference of the great powers.

The questions which divide men and cause wars are political questions, and no body of a judicial or arbitral nature can deal with them. One might as well entrust the duties of Parliament to the Supreme Court, and expect its decisions on Home Rule, Tariff Reform, or the relations between Capital and Labour to pass un-

challenged. Hence, when political questions arise between nations, it must be a gathering of a political nature which must deal with them. Moreover, that gathering must have three characteristics. It must include leading statesmen of all the great powers, otherwise it will fail of its primary purpose, which is to keep before all that they are members of a greater unity, and to ensure that all international questions shall be considered from the point of view of the human whole and not of any national part. It must meet at regular intervals and have a proper constitution because otherwise, as was the case with the Concert after the Napoleonic wars, the idea of co-operation will gradually lapse as the nations again become preoccupied with their own affairs. And its constitution must be such that any international question however controversial can be brought before it, in order to establish the principle that every international question has an aspect which concerns all nations, upon which they are entitled to present their views, and to counteract the inevitable tendency towards a reversion to purely diplomatic methods. The only body which can meet these needs is the Concert of Nations.

The essential principle of the Concert is that the members which compose it, while surrendering none of their sovereign independence, recognize that they are partners in a greater unity, and should therefore deliberate and act regularly together, in order to promote the welfare of the whole. The Concert would not be a parliament. It would have no legislative or executive authority or military power. And no nation-member would be bound by any terms save its own voluntary assent to a treaty or agreement. The Concert would not necessarily always ensure peace. From one point of view the Concert of Nations would be scarcely more than a convenient mode of international intercourse. From another it would mark the beginning of the end of international war. For its institution would mark the resolution of the nations of the world to look in future at international questions from the point of view of humanity first, instead of only as they affected their own selfish national interests. It would be a standing denial of the view that might is right. It would make it very difficult for one nation or group of nations to declare war, before bringing the matter before the other powers. It would make it equally difficult for the others to pretend that the issue which led to war was not their concern. Its existence, indeed, is an essential preliminary to the success of any scheme for a league to enforce peace. No nation will in fact go to war merely to prevent other nations fighting, unless they are nations of the smallest and most impotent kind. It will always find an excuse for neutrality. Nations will only go to war for their own selfish ends or for some ideal cause which they recognize to be necessary to human progress. If ever a war was fought on a clear moral issue it is this war. Yet though the sympathy of the greatest of the neutral peoples is clearly on one side, in their natural anxiety to keep out of the war they have not hesitated to declare as their official policy that the wrongs and sufferings of their fellow men are not their business. That is inevitable under present conditions. The only cure for it is that all the great nations should assume a common responsibility for deliberating together about the most serious of international problems. Then if one or more powers determine to flout the opinion of the world, and break international agreements and law, there is some chance of all the rest combining to enforce what they have agreed to be right. And if they do, war almost certainly will not ensue. But they will never do this unless they themselves have had a clearly defined responsibility for determining the principles of justice in the international sphere.

After the sufferings of the Napoleonic wars Europe attempted to create a Concert. The ideals which underlay it were defined as follows in the preamble to the treaty of Kalisch (1813) between Russia and Prussia after Napoleon's disastrous Moscow expedition. "The time will come when treaties shall be more than truces, when it will again be possible for them to be observed with that religious faith, that sacred inviolability, on which depend the reputation, the strength, and the preservation of Empires." That treaty was the forerunner of the treaty of Chaumont, which established the Grand Alliance between Russia, Austria, Prussia and England which overthrew Napoleon.

And that Alliance grew, with the admission of France to its counsels, into the Concert of Europe, which did for some years succeed in dealing with European problems on a continental and not a national plane. But the selfish interests of the several states rapidly reasserted themselves, and the narrowly autocratic ideals of the legitimist Powers, assisted by the determination of Great Britain to "revolve in her own orbit," finally broke the Concert to pieces. Metternich was the high priest of the one, and would make no compromise with democracy, or, as he called it, the revolution. Canning was the spokesman of the other. Ten years after the signing of the treaty of Kalisch, in 1823, he wrote: "Things are now getting back to a wholesome state again. Every nation for itself, and God for us all! Only bid your Emperor be quiet, for the time for Aro-pagus and the like of that is gone by."

But, if the first Concert was a failure, the verdict of Gentz, the secretary of the Congress of Vienna, holds good. "If ever," he wrote, "the Powers should meet again to establish a political system by which wars of conquest would be rendered impossible and the rights of all guaranteed, the Congress of Vienna, as a preparatory assembly, will not have been in vain." For the moral of the era of the Concert is clear. It failed because only under the impulse of a common fear of Napoleon did the Powers subordinate their several interests to the com-

mon good of Europe, and because when it was formed, the Concert embraced Europe only and not the world. Directly the danger was past each Government settled back into looking at international problems from its own point of view. The sense of unity grew weaker and weaker. Even King George IV declared in 1825 that the late policy of Great Britain had loosened these beneficial ties, by demonstrating a restless desire of self-interest in direct opposition to those wise and all-embracing principles by which the peace and general interests of Europe were bound together." And it was the problems arising out of the revolt of the Spanish Colonies in South America which gave the coup de grace to the Concert it self, and which, by producing the Monroe doctrine, caused that estrangement between the new world and the old which is one of the greatest impediments to the reconstruction of a few and wider Concert to-day.

The difficulties in the way of a permanent Concert of nations are very great. There will be the preliminary difficulty of overcoming the reluctance of every sovereign power to commit itself to joining the Concert, because it will be afraid lest it should be induced to surrender or compromise on some matter which from the purely nationalist point of view it has considered a vital interest, and because membership of a world concert in itself will imply some restriction of that liberty amounting to a lawless licence which every

state has hitherto enjoyed. There will be difficulties over the relative positions of the great powers and the innumerable small nations, over publicity, status, and so forth. The greatest difficulty of all will probably be that of arriving at an agreement about the political principles which should govern international relations, without which the Concert, even if satisfactorily constituted, will, as in 1815-1823, eventually break up. There is certain to be a wide divergence of view on these principles, for instance, between the autocratic and the democratic states. Yet none of these difficulties is insurmountable if the will is there. Great as they will be, the need for overcoming them will be greater, for, without a Concert, it will only be a question of time for the nations to slip back into a separatism which will eventually produce evils which will inexorably mature into another Armageddon. In an issue as great as this there can be no question of impossibility. If all peoples once seriously make up their minds to subordinate their own selfish desires to the welfare of mankind, they will find the way both to create the machinery through which they will be able to discuss common problems and co-operate for common ends and they will eventually reach agreement on the principles of right and justice which should govern the conduct of nations, and which, when given the force of law, will be the substitute for armaments as the guarantee of national liberty.

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HENRY BLAIR.

<p>Ladies' Underwear</p> <p>Stanfield's Wool Unshrinkable Vests and Pants, only 85 per Garment.</p> <p>Pure White Fleece Lined Vest and Pants, only 40c. and 60c. per Garment.</p> <p>Pure White Fleece Lined, extra special quality, at 70c. per Garment.</p> <p>Pure White Jersey Vests and Pants, 35c., 42c., 50c. per garment.</p>		<p>Men's Suspenders</p> <p>All prices, from 10c. to 60c. pair.</p> <p>Police and Fireman's Suspenders, 25c. and 40c. pair.</p> <p>Fine Suspenders, good elastic stretch, at only 30c. and 35c. pair.</p> <p>Special line Men's Suspenders, one pair in fancy box, very suitable for presents, only 35c. pair.</p>		<p>F. P. U. TRADING CO., LTD., St. John's.</p> <p>NEW GOODS JUST OPENED</p> <p>AND more arriving every day, bought at the lowest possible margin for cash, places us in a position to be able to supply at prices that are most suitable to all desiring to be economical.</p>		<p>Blankets</p> <p>A very good line of Blankets from which to make your choice.</p> <p>Fleece Blankets at \$1.25, \$1.40, \$1.80, \$2.50, \$2.60, \$3.30, \$3.50 pair.</p> <p>Wool Blankets, \$3.00, \$3.70, \$4.50, \$5.20, \$5.80 pair.</p> <p>Brown Blankets—Job Lot—\$2.50 pair.</p> <p>The Fleece Blankets are of extra weight and finish, while the Woolen are a Job Lot.</p>		<p>Men's Shirts</p> <p>Job Lot at 49c., 50c., 70c. each.</p> <p>Khaki Working Shirts—The "Wurthmore," 85c.; the "Chieftain," 85c.; Grey "Chieftain," 65c. pair.</p> <p>Job Cream Twill Shirts—The "Fearless," only 45c.</p> <p>Job Black Twill Shirts—The "Wurthmore," 80c.</p> <p>Negligee Shirts in all the latest stripes and good values. Prices from 49c. to \$1.50 each.</p>			
<p>DRESS MATERIALS</p> <p>All Colours and Shades.</p> <p>Granite Cloth in Brown, Maroon, Myrtle, Sax, Purple and Striped Blue—75c. yard.</p> <p>Fancy Stripe Covert Cloth in Green, Blue and Red shades, only 26c. yard.</p> <p>Dress Serge in Tan, Brown, Blue and Green shades, at 38c. yard.</p> <p>Dress Serge in the different shades, at 55c., 65c., 85c., yard.</p> <p>Tweed Mixtures at 30c. and 33c. yard.</p> <p>Black Dress Material in the following: Serge—40c., 50c., 67c., 70c. and 75c. yard. Cashmere—60c. yard. Poplin—38c. and \$1.10 yard. Whipcord—70c. and \$1.00 yard.</p>				<p>UNDRESSED WHITE SHIRTING</p> <p>This is a special importation, very soft, not gummed-up with dressing and thickens up when washed. Only 10c. yard.</p> <p>WHITE LAWN</p> <p>Soft finish, extra wide, in Cream or White. Very Special. At only 12c. yard.</p>		<p>WATERPROOFS</p> <p>Men's Waterproofs, all sizes, Tweed patterns—\$13.30 and \$14.50. Tweed patterns of up-to-date style and colours at \$15.50 and \$17.20. Plain Fawn shades—\$3.90 and \$3.00.</p> <p>Ladies' Waterproofs in Fawn, Blue, Green shades and Tweed effects—\$5.80, \$6.40, \$6.80, \$9.00, \$11.00.</p> <p>Girls' Waterproofs in Fawn shades—\$3.80, \$4.60, \$4.10, \$5.00, \$5.20, \$5.50, \$6.00.</p> <p>Boys' Waterproofs in Fawn shades—\$5.60, \$5.80, \$6.00.</p> <p>Boys' Black Oilcoats, very strong for hard wear—\$2.20, \$2.50.</p>					
<p>Safety Razors, "The Dime," only .10c. each</p> <p>Ornamental Statues.....18c. each</p>		<p>Good Quality Tooth Powder.....14c. can</p> <p>Good Quality Toilet Cream.....15c. jar</p>		<p>Gold Seal Perfumes.....15c. bottle</p> <p>Celluloid Clocks, several designs, \$3.00 each</p>		<p>Metal Cigarette Cases, only.....15c. each</p> <p>Ladies' Coin Purse with Mirror...27c. each</p>					
<p>KIMONAS</p> <p>Just received a specially cheap line of Kimonas in Cotton and Flannelette, figured effects, varied flowered patterns to choose from. Price: 37c., 40c., 65c. each.</p> <p>MANTLE DRAPES</p> <p>In flowered designs. The quality and pattern are exceptional. Price only 35c. each.</p>		<p>SEE OUR NEW LINE OF WOOL NAP BLANKETS</p> <p>The best imitation of wool that has ever been produced; just as warm, just as thick and more evenly finished, \$2.50 up.</p> <p>Special in lovely patterns of soft shades, one Blanket in box, \$3.80 each.</p>		<p>BOYS' JOB LINE OF CAPS</p> <p>Of the Rah-Rah and roll edge styles, in Cotton effects, Tweed, Plain and Corded Velvet. We secured a large quantity of these which enables us to sell at bargain prices. 15c., 20c., 27c., 30c. and 40c. each.</p>		<p>NEW HATS FOR LADIES' MISSES' AND LITTLE GIRLS</p> <p>In Plush and Velvet. All the best liked shades and colours produced from best dyes. This is a Real Bargain secured recently by our buyer in New York and the kind of a Hat you would have to pay double the price for in normal times. 70c. to \$2.50 each.</p>		<p>FEATHER TRIMMING</p> <p>In Black, Blue, White, Brown, Old Rose, 40c. per yard.</p> <p>LADIES' SILK BLOUSES</p> <p>In White, Black and Fancy Colours. You should find the one you crave for among this lot. One Blouse in each box. Prices from \$1.50 to \$3.00 each.</p>		<p>BLOUSE LENGTHS</p> <p>of very fine Muslin with Silk Embroidered designs, only 30c. each.</p> <p>EMBROIDERY & INSERTION</p> <p>We have a very nice selection of this class of goods, all widths and classy designs. The quality is of the best. Prices from 5c. up.</p>	
<p>WATCH FOBS and LAPEL CHAINS.</p> <p>Special Value.</p> <p>Black Ribbon and Gold.</p> <p>90c. to \$1.25 each.</p> <p>Men's Pipes, all perfect in make, 30c. up.</p> <p>Shaving Brushes—12c., 20c., 35c. and 40c. each.</p> <p>Miners' Belts—30c. each.</p> <p>Leather Belts—15c., 25c., each.</p> <p>Purses—8c., 15c., 18c., 35c., and 40c. each.</p>		<p>HANDKERCHIEFS</p> <p>Men's Japonette Handkerchiefs, soft finish, Silk Initial on corner, at 12c.</p> <p>Khaki Handkerchiefs, only 14c. each.</p> <p>Ladies' Hemstitched Handkerchiefs from 5c. up.</p> <p>White Handkerchiefs from 4c. up.</p> <p>Black Neck Handkerchiefs, \$1.70 each.</p>		<p>Our Boot Department</p> <p>Is filled with all kinds of Boots suitable for Child, Girls, Boys, Men or Women; Laced or Buttoned. All excellent value.</p>		<p>New Coats for Ladies</p> <p>Just opened a full line of Ladies' Coats for Fall and Winter wear, good and heavy materials, in Fawn, Browns, Greys, Navy, Black, Tweed and Plaids; latest designs and some trimmed with Plush to match, from \$4.80 up.</p> <p>Children's Coats, warm and well trimmed—\$1.60, \$2.10, \$2.50, \$3.30, \$4.30 up.</p>		<p>BOXES OF STATIONERY</p> <p>Containing 24 Sheets and 24 Envelopes, linen finish. Nicely put in Fancy Boxes for the small sum of 20c. Box.</p> <p>Ink Stands—30c. and 45c. each.</p> <p>Writing Cases—24c., 40c., and 45c. each.</p> <p>Ladies' Hand Bags—35c. and 75c. each.</p> <p>Pencil Cases for School Children—20c. each.</p> <p>Slates, School Bags, Royal Readers, Slate and Lead Pencils.</p>			

F. P. U. TRADING CO., LTD.

People Leaving Germany are Subjected Strict Search—Every Scrap of Paper and Clothing Is Carefully Gone Through

Germany is so fearful that communications might be made from her soil to the Allies that neutral travelers there are subjected to examinations that might have been devised by Sherlock Holmes before they are permitted to leave. The most minute account of the proceedings that every person leaving Germany has to unwillingly participate in is given by a correspondent of the New York Times, Mr. Franz Hugo Krebs, an American whose name ought to have been some shield. When about to leave the country, and warned in advance of the difficulties, he took his books, manuscripts and photographs to the Foreign Office. They were sealed after having been examined and thus were free to pass the frontier. He asked for a note which used to be commonly issued to the effect that the bearer and his possessions be sent through as speedily as possible, but this was refused, and he was informed that these certificates were no longer given out.

The First Bar.

A friend of his who had come in to Germany a few days before told him that on reaching Warnemunde tickets were given out, and that passengers were examined in the order of the number of their ticket; so he arranged matters with the conductor of the train from Berlin. He told him where to stand just before they reached Warnemunde, pointed out to him when he arrived, the man who gave out the tickets—and he received No. 1. He had with him a large trunk, two grips and a hatbox, and his experience coming into Germany led him to believe that unless he was well up in the line he might possibly be held over in Warnemunde until the following day. As the steamer he planned to take for the United States sailed from

were examined with great care, and fortunately, he had no boots that had been recently resoled or reheeled, otherwise they might have been ripped apart. This, he was told, is frequently done.

Looking for Messages.

Coming into Germany the examining officer had torn out the stand of his hatbox, on which the hat rested; he had this fixed in Berlin, but he might better have waited until he returned to New York, because, as it was impossible for the officer to get his hands between the stand on which the hat rested and the side of the box, the examiner simply store the stand up. The band of his silk hat was pushed up, to see whether anything was concealed underneath, and the

cushion for brushing the hat was ripped open.

His evening hat was opened. Although it was bought in the United States, it seems that it had been made in Paris, and, as that fact was stamped inside, he had a feeling, he says, that it did not lessen the care with which it was examined. In the bottom of his trunk there were about a

dozen summer shirts, not worn since the previous summer, and each had a piece of cardboard placed in it when laundered in order to hold the shirt in shape. The cardboard was taken out of each shirt and laid aside.

This completed the examination of his luggage, and he was then told to go with another sub-officer and submit to a personal examination. He was directed to go into a compartment and was told to take off all his clothing except his undershirt.

A Thorough Search.

Mr. Krebs was also told to take everything out of his pockets and put it on a shelf. Bank notes were unfolded, one by one, to see that there was no tissue between; his match safe was opened, so was a small metal case that he carried his subway tickets in. The outer and inner cases of his watch out were opened. The pockets of his top-coat, coat, waistcoat, and trousers were turned inside out, and fingers that have for so long passed over every seam. His boots and socks, drawers, and shirt received no prominently cut and the coin has the same careful attention previously accorded those in his trunk. The band side of it is the figure of the Goddess around the hat he wore was pushed up and the sweatband was turned bunch of olive branches. Above the down. Then, after passing his hands figure are the words, "In God We over his undershirt, the examiner told him to sign, stating that there is a spread-eagle grasping an everything had been returned, and he was told that his examination was on a rock. At the top is printed "The over. Although he had the No. 1 United States of America," and at the bottom, "Half Dollar."

Uncle Sam's New Coins

If someone hands you a silver coin that has an unfamiliar look, don't refuse it immediately in the belief that it is counterfeit or of foreign origin. The probabilities are that it will be a sample of Uncle Sam's new mintage, which has been placed in circulation in compliance with the law that requires a change in the designs of the silver pieces once in every twenty years.

The new coins consist of half dollars, quarter dollars and dimes. For more than a month the United States mints in Philadelphia, Denver and San Francisco have been turning them out at a rate of about 40,000 a day. The design of the new half dollars is considered a higher type of art work than the coins that have for so long been familiar. The markings are not so prominently cut and the coin has a much smoother appearance. On one side of it is the figure of the Goddess of Liberty, holding in one arm a sword and in the other a scroll with the words, "E Pluribus Unum."

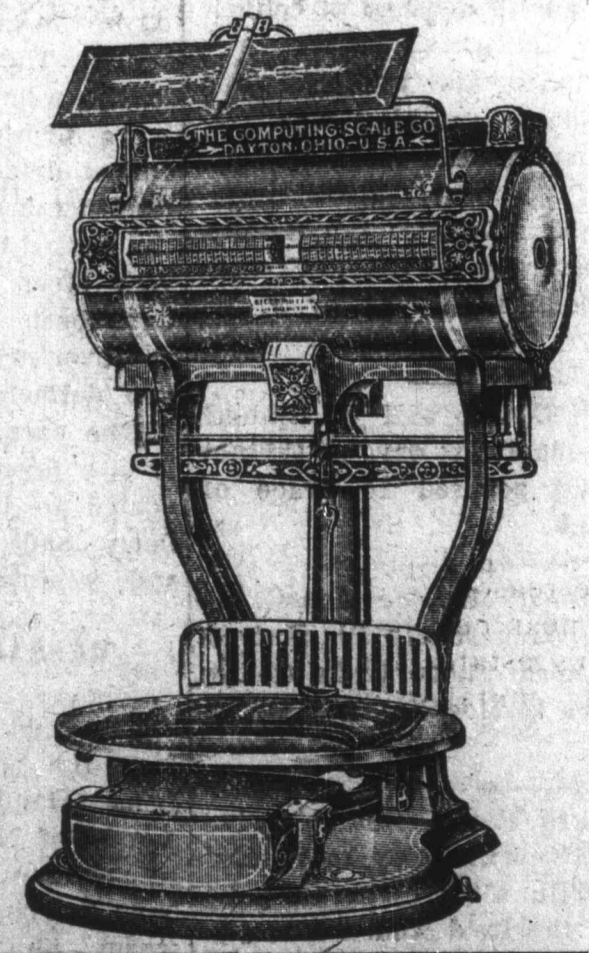
One side of the quarter has the full figure of a woman coming through a gate in a wall. On the opposite side there is pictured an eagle in flight. The new dime is of a sharper cut. On one side is the head of a woman, the word "Liberty," and in the lower left corner the date. The obverse side of the coin has a bundle of Roman fasces tied tightly together, with an ax and a strong oak stick. Below the cutting is the Latin quotation, "E Pluribus Unum."

Many a man has been arrested for forgery, simply because he tried to make a name for himself.

The man who makes the smallest contribution is usually the one who kicks the most about the way the church is run.

OUTPORTS AGAIN IN LINE.

JOSEPH MORRIS of Trinity has recently placed his order for one of our latest type DAYTON MONEYWEIGHT SCALES.



Mr. Morris has been in business at the same premises for about half a century. He is not afraid of "New-fangled notions" when he knows it is necessary, and will be a money-saver in his business. Mr. Morris leaves the details of the business to his two sons, who insist on exact weights in every transaction. This firm has one of our large size Oil Tanks and self measuring Pumps for handling Kerosene, which they have used for several years, this outfit always gives exact measure, prevents leakage and evaporation, and has never caused a moments trouble or delay.

When our representative visited Trinity recently, he found the store full of old Scales of various kinds. It is impossible to estimate the loss sustained by the use of such scales for 50 years. As soon as the new Scales arrive, Mr. Morris' customers can be sure of getting exactly what they pay for.

Nfld. Specialty Company,
RENOUF BUILDING,
SOLE AGENTS FOR NEWFOUNDLAND.

We also handle Electric Lighting Plants, Gasolene Lighting Plants, Gasolene Lanterns and Table Lamps, Telephone Systems, Cash Registers, Oil Tanks and Pumps, Refrigerating Machinery, Butchers' Supplies, etc.

Boy Badly Hurt by Runaway Horse

Young Lad of James Street Now in Hospital as Result—Feared he May Not Recover—Driver Held Blameless—Horse Bolted While he was Waiting for Signed Receipt

Shortly before 6 p.m. yesterday a little lad named Leo Phalen, aged about 7 years, was run over by one of Mr. C. Lester's horses attached to a box cart. The little chap, who lives on James' Street, was stood at the foot of that thoroughfare when the horse, which had taken fright up near Queen's Road, dashed over the steep hill at lightning speed and before the child could get out of the way went over him. Some men were repairing the street near and all had to jump to the sidewalk to escape the onrushing animal. A woman passing had a very narrow escape and would have been killed but that one of the men thrust her in on the side walk just in time to avert the mad-dened animal striking her. The boy was in a terrible state and it is believed the horse's hoofs hit him and that one of the wheels of the cart went over him. His face was laid open from the lip to the eye, it is feared he will lose the optic, all his teeth were beaten out of the front of his mouth, and his head was also laid open. Mr. Ben Stafford, of the Stafford pharmacy, took the boy into the store in his arms, gave all the aid that he could and summoned Dr. Roberts by phone, and that gentleman quickly attended, stitched the wounds and did all possible for the little chap. Dr. Campbell was also quickly on the scene and the boy, who lost much blood, was taken home and was in a dangerous condition last night and was sent to hospital, though it is feared he cannot recover. Mr. Thos. Christopher, the driver of the horse, is blameless in the matter. He had deposited a load of coal at a residence and while waiting for a receipt from the owner of the coal the horse took fright. Teamsters complain of being compelled to leave their horses while waiting for receipts when delivering coal. Oftentimes delay is caused by people not having pencil and the horses left without caretakers are liable to take fright and run away. They hold that the taking of receipts for such deliveries should be dropped and that there is no necessity for such. The horse turned down William's Lane, collided with another team, wrecked the box cart and was stopped by some men near at the time.

Rev. A. G. C. Stamp Gets Appointment

His Excellency the Governor is in receipt of a letter from the Rev. A. G. C. Stamp informing him that he has been appointed Chaplain at Stobhill Military Hospital, Glasgow. The Medical Board have for the present only passed Mr. Stamp for service at home owing to an old knee trouble, but he is very pleased with his appointment and had arranged to start work on 28th ultimo.

The schrs. A. V. Conrad and Budnett C. are leading codfish at the Smith Co., Ltd. and will sail shortly for Europe.

OUR THEATRES

THE NICKEL
Crowded audiences attended the Nickel theatre last evening to see the brilliant pictures that had been arranged. Great interest was centered in the Vitagraph film "Mortmain" which was acknowledged by all to be one of the finest works of the Vitagraph Co. they have ever seen. It is a weird story and Nickel patrons should be sure and attend this evening. This will be the last opportunity of seeing this strange picture. Some of the Vitagraph's leading artists are in the cast and their acting is brilliant. The balance of the programme was made up of very fine pictures. To-morrow "The Wheels of Justice" will be shown.

THE CRESCENT
"Who Knows" is the feature picture at the Crescent Picture Palace to-day. This splendid story is produced in three reels by the Knickerbocker studios, with Henry King and Marguerite Nichols. The "Ford Canadian Monthly" is Canada's foremost topical, to-day's issue being a very interesting one. "Ham the Diver" is the comedy and a very funny comedy is, with Lloyd V. Hamilton and Bud Duncan. Mr. Sam Rose sings "I'm Building a Bridge to Ireland," a new ballad. On to-morrow another great three reel feature, "Her Wayward Sister."

Deny Charges Made by Mayor

At a meeting of the Citizens' Committee held last night, a letter signed by the Mayor which appeared in an evening paper of Sept. 30th was discussed at some length. In the missive the statement was made that the responsibility for the recent plebiscite rested with the Committee, costing the City \$1,600 approximately. Several members expressed their opinions on the matter, and it was decided to instruct the Secretary to write the Press objecting to the charges contained in the Mayor's letter.

Sections 157 to 176, inclusive, of the new charter were discussed and alterations proposed which will be dealt with at next meeting.

The Girls Guild of St. Michael's Mission Church will hold a tea and concert at the Lecture Hall, Casey Street to-morrow afternoon and night. The proceeds will be devoted to church purposes and the affair, no doubt, will be well patronized.

Was Well Known In St. John's

Many here in St. John's who knew and respected Captain Mould, M.C., D.S.O., will learn with sincere sorrow of his death on September 3rd. past while leading his troops in action. For about two years he taught in the Methodist College here and after war breaking out, in March 1915 he was given a commission as lieutenant in the Forcesterships. He won the Military Cross in the Dardanelles campaign and later won the D. S. O. in France. He was killed by the explosion of a shell, and the Colonel of the Regiment was killed in the same action. He was a number of White-way Lodge, A.F. and A.M., and leaves a widow and family who will have the sincere sympathy of the many who knew and revered this gallant gentleman while residing in our midst.

ARRIVALS FROM LABRADOR AND STRAITS TO SEPT 29th, 1916.

Vessels	Qtls.	Fish
Conception Hr.	1	700
Hr. Main	1	300
Brigus	1	800
Spaniard's Bay	1	250
Hant's Harbour	2	500
New Perlican	3	700
Bonaventure	1	800
Trinity	37	12,490
Catalina	3	750
Bonavista	4	720
King's Cove	4	860
Greenspond	26	9,860
Wesleyville	74	27,860
Herring Neck	11	3,880
Change Islands	20	4,600
Twillingate	19	4,825
Moreton's Hr.	11	1,330
Little Bay Islands	12	4,100
Bonne Bay	4	480
Channel	3	720
Burgeo	1	535
Belleoram	1	335
Gaultois	1	425
Garnish	12	2,470
Come-By-Chance	1	350
	254	80,760
Average per vessel		318 quintals.

GIRLS "UNDER INFLUENCE"

Last night the police picked up a girl of rather respectable connections in the street drunk and after she had been a while in the Police Station and had sobered up, she was given over to her friends.

LETTER FROM OPORTE.

The following letter, under date Sept. 14th, was received from Oporto by the Board of Trade yesterday: "The general position of our market continues satisfactory. The demand for first qualities of new, large and medium, is good, and prices are being maintained. Stocks of the new small however, are very large, and the demand is very limited, and prices continue on the downward course. The rate of exchange is 34 1/2 d."

LOCAL ITEMS

The Prospero left Catalina at 10 a.m. and is due here at 7 p.m.

The Portia left Pushthrough yesterday evening going west.

The S.S. Sagona, Capt. Parsons, will sail for Labrador this afternoon.

The S.S. Stephano will sail to-morrow night for Halifax and New York.

The schr. Gaspe was arrived at Gibraltar after a run of 22 days from Blanc Sablon with a cargo of codfish.

The lad Phalen who was hurt in a runaway accident yesterday was removed to hospital this morning.

The schr. M. A. James left Smoky, Labrador, yesterday for Gibraltar with 3,800 qtls. codfish shipped by J. W. Hiscock.

Messrs. W. C. Job and W. Sinnott were out the past few days at Colinet shooting and secured 15 brace of partridge each.

A man named Maurice Aspell, of Cape Droyle, dangerously ill, arrived by the Southern Shore train to-day and was taken to Hospital in the Ambulance.

The S.S. Pro Patria should arrive here to-morrow with flour to Tessier & Co. and will, after discharging, be chartered by the Reid Nfld. Co. to ply with freight between St. John's and North Sydney.

A magisterial enquiry was held yesterday afternoon before Mr. J. McCarthy, J.P., into the sudden death of Michael Whalen on Sunday week last. The evidence of several witnesses was taken.

ADVERTISE IN THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE

C. E. Temperance Society Meet

His Lordship the Bishop Presided—Meeting Marked Opening of Winter Campaign—Address Given by Clergy and Other Members—Vigorous Protest Against Treating Soldiers is Made

The Church of England Temperance Society held its semi-annual meeting in the Synod Hall last night. His Lordship Bishop Jones presiding, as he has done for many years past. The meeting marked the opening of the winter campaign and in his opening remarks the Bishop referred to our responsibility as regarded the volunteers coming into the city from outports and brought face to face with the temptation to drink. He protested vigorously against treating the soldiers to liquor and appealed to all to use their influence to protect the boys from intemperance. Rev. Canon Field, who has been in the C. E. I. S. over 30 years, dwelt eloquently on the great cardinal virtue of temperance and referred to the blessings to be derived from prohibition in the years to come.

Mr. R. G. MacDonald spoke a few words, saying that there would be no need of any cessation of temperance work after prohibition had come into force. Though the temptation to drunkenness would be removed, it was necessary still to inculcate lessons of self-control in all ways.

Rev. Canon White said that the Society asked for the co-operation of the members of all parishes in its work and announced that Canon Field had been appointed Chairman and would preside at next meeting.

Rev. Canon Bolt also addressed a few eloquent remarks, holding that temperance sentiment should be kept alive. Rev. Mr. Uphill was unavoidably absent and Rev. Dr. Jones could not be present owing to a previous engagement but arrived before the meeting closed. Teas were served at the conclusion and the meeting, a most successful one, was largely attended.

OBITUARY

MR. WM. MAHER
The death occurred on Sunday of an old and respected resident of St. John's in the person of Mr. William Maher. Mr. Maher, who had reached the advanced age of 76 years, was a type of the good old time fisherman, honest, industrious and energetic and was widely known in St. John's and the outports. He leaves a widow, three daughters and two sons, one of whom is Mr. Peter Maher late of the Reid Nfld. Co.'s substation but now of the Commercial Cable Co. To the bereaved family the Mail and Advocate extends its sympathy.

BREACH OF PURE FOOD LAWS

To-day in the Police Court Inspector O'Brien summoned a city butcher on a charge of using a soiled cloth in covering some meat. The defence was that there was a rush of business on at the time and the proprietor of the meat market had not had time to attend to such details as the covering of the goods. Mr. Hutchings imposed a fine of \$5 or 14 days.

ATTEMPT TO WRECK STREET CAR

At 5.10 p.m. yesterday as Officers Bruce and Dunn were passing up Holloway Street at about its centre they found two steel fish platys, like those used on the railway, firmly fixed in the groove in the street-car rails there. They were placed on the rail in the western side of the street and were firmly fixed in position by spikes driven into the ground. Had they not been discovered and a street car passed down over the rails on this very steep thoroughfare it would have been thrown from the track if not overturned. It looks as if someone deliberately tried to wreck one of the cars, but who the perpetrator is a mystery. The matter was reported to the authorities of the officers and the street-car employees soon removed the obstacles.

MESSAGE FROM NEPTUNE

The Reid Nfld. Co. had a message from the Neptune this morning from Long Island, Labrador. She reports a gale of N. N. E. wind and reports 10 schooners delayed at Indian Harbour the past week on account of the storm. She reports the Labrador fishery practically over.

VESSELS FROM ICELAND

The schooners "Viking" and "Hans," the former 13 days and the latter 10 days from Iceland, arrived here this morning. Both vessels carried lumber there from Denmark. The "Viking" will load fish for Europe at Twillingate and the latter will wait for orders.

C.C.C. Dance Was Big Success

A large number of people of both sexes attended the dance given by the C.C.C. in their new hall, Mechanics' building, last night. The surroundings were of a bright and beautiful nature, the decorations to the assembly room, where the dance was held evidencing the taste of those who attended to this work. The excellent band of the Corps, under the skillful baton of Capt. Bulley, the bandmaster, rendered some splendid dance music, a feature of which was some choice new selections. The lady friends of the Corps were kept busy and all who attended voted it one of the best and most enjoyable reunions ever held by the Cadets.

Prisoners of War

Editor Mail and Advocate
Sir,
I beg to enclose herewith copies of letters received by His Excellency the Governor in reference to prisoners from the Newfoundland Regiment in Germany. The matter is one of very great public interest, and I shall be glad if you will kindly give the same space in your columns.
I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your obedient servant,
J. R. BENNETT,
Colonial Secretary.

October 3rd, 1916.

THE NEWFOUNDLAND WAR CONTINGENT ASSOCIATION.

58 Victoria Street, Westminister.
29th August 1916.

I have the honour to acknowledge your letter of the 9th instant with reference to the care of Prisoners of War Barron 945, Coombs 747.

The Association received the first intimation from the Canadian Red Cross Society and arranged immediately for the supply of food through the Prisoners of War Aid Society and also forwarded parcels of Comforts, Shirts, Socks and Tobacco direct to Giessen.

Through the Pay and Record Office also Uniforms and Great Coats were applied for to be forwarded to these men.

The Association is now in communication with the Secretary of State for War as to the feasibility of having a special enquiry made through Germany by the United States Ambassador in order to find any other Newfoundland men that may have become mixed with the Canadian Prisoners. I append hereto a copy of a letter from the Foreign Office to which our request has been passed.

I have &c.
(Sd.) HENRY REEVE,
Honorary Secretary.

His Excellency
Sir W. E. Davinson, K.C.M.G.,
Government House,
St. John's Newfoundland.

Foreign Office,
August 22, 1916.

Dear Steel Matland,
We have passed on to the United States Ambassador at Berlin the request put forward by the Newfoundland War Contingent Association in the letter to the War Office a copy of which accompanied your letter to me of the 14th August. You may rely on our forwarding to the War Office without delay any information which we may receive from Mr. Gerard about the men of the Newfoundland Regiment.

Yours very truly,
(Sgd.) NEWTON.

GALE ON LABRADOR WITH SNOW SQUALLS.

Reports to the Fisheries Department from Labrador to-day say that a strong N. wind with snow squalls prevails at Makovick and at Grady and Domino a gale of N. E. wind is on.

SCHOONER GIVEN UP AS LOST

The S.S. Wren, which has been out the past few days searching for the missing schooner "Harry D. M." Capt. Joseph Morris, returned this morning to Clarendville and reports having received no tidings of the vessel or to have seen any wreckage. It is now firmly believed that the schooner foundered in the big storm of Sunday week and went down with all hands.

SPANISH FISH BUYERS.

The three Spanish fish buyers to whom we referred yesterday represent the firm of Delgado & Co. and came from Saville, Spain. Don Antonio Blanco is the principal representative of the firm and they will buy largely in this market and will send to Spain the fish they secure here.

GLEANINGS OF GONE BY DAYS

OCTOBER 3

The brig Caroline Schenk, belonging to Hounsell & Co., Capt. Bond, lost with all hands at Petty Harbor Motion, 1860.

Treaty of Limerick signed, 1691.

Medical paper, London Lancet, first published, 1823.

Community of four monks, of the Franciscan Order, arrived to teach school in the Orphan Asylum, 1847.

Rev. Mr. Pitman married, 1891.

Steamer Bay State went ashore at Cape Ballard, 1899.

First race between Shamrock and Columbia, 1899.

Arthur Wood returned from Klondike, 1898.

CARGO OF OATS.

The schr. Atlanta, Capt. Ford, arrived here yesterday with a cargo of oats to Rothwell and Bowring. The vessel made the run from Sydney in 7 days, leaving on Sept. 25th and had a good time to St. Lawrence. She tried to run in there but a violent storm arising on the evening of the 26th she ran to St. Pierre, and sheltered finding eight other storm-bound vessels bound for Newfoundland ports harbored there. She left Thursday last and was delayed by dense fog.

A little boy aged 6, ill of typhoid, residing at Long Pond Road, was reported to the Health Office last evening. He is being treated at home.

MARRIAGES.

DARCY-KEOUGH—On October 1st at the Oratory of the Sacred Heart by Revd. Dr. Carter, Agnes Hilton, youngest daughter of Michael Darcy, Esq., to John W. Keough, both of St. John's.

V. C. and British Colonel

Dark, Mixed IS GREAT.
TRY IT!
At the Royal Cigar Store,
Bank Square, Water Street.

Well known Capt. Dies Home Port

Capt. Jones Well Known Wales Mariner Who for Years Was Engaged in Our Fish Carrying Trade Dies as Result of Injuries Received on Steamer in France

Mr. Ernest Wadden, printer of this city, had a letter a couple of days ago from Mrs. Jones, widow of Capt. A. C. Jones, informing him of the death of the Captain, who was a close personal friend of Mr. Wadden and of his father, Mr. Joseph Wadden of Water Street West. For over 17 years Captain Jones commanded the barque, "Mary Classen," a Welsh vessel, which was a fish carrier from here to Europe and her Commander was widely known, highly respected and very popular socially and in marine circles in St. John's. Captain Jones, after many years absence from here, arrived in port two years ago in the S.S. Glen Almond, which was here with the "Cambria" for a while on special admiralty service. He was navigating officer on the ship and while in port renewed old associations and was warmly welcomed by his numerous friends. He was later in the "Cambria," when she was torpedoed, but was among the saved, and later joined the S.S. Good Hope which ran from England to France with shipments of nitre. While in France the cargo took fire and Capt. Jones heroically jumped into the hold at the imminent risk of his life and after great exertion extinguished the blaze, but at the price of his life. He received a bad heart strain and was terribly burned in quenching the fire on the ship, was sent to his home at Pwllheli, Wales, and died on July 29th past at the age of 46. His funeral was attended by the Mayor of the city and most of the prominent residents, including many captains who heretofore came to this port, and interment was at Dento cemetery. The many friends here of the deceased Captain will learn of his death with sincere sorrow.

COUNCIL'S SPECIAL MEETING

The special weekly meeting of the Municipal Council was held last night. Mayor Gosling presiding and all the members of the Board were present. The principal topic for discussion was the level of the water in Winsor Lake, which is lower than for many years past, despite the fact that it has been anything but a dry season. The condition of the water of the lake is giving the Council some concern and the Engineer and his staff will make the annual tests of pressures throughout the city and will report to the Council.

NEWFOUNDLANDERS WOUNDED

Recent Ottawa casualty lists contain the names of the following Newfoundlanders:—Pioneer M. Murphy, died of wounds; James J. Griffin, Pleasentia, wounded; John W. Cleary, St. John's, wounded; Robert F. Davis, Hr. Grace, wounded; Lance-Sergeant H. B. Moore, Burn, wounded; M. Healey, Holyrood, wounded; Corporal W. R. Butt, wounded; and Pte. Jacob Barnes, Fortune Bay, wounded.

DICKED UP—A Trap Boat

painted Red on outside. Newly repaired on inside. For further particulars apply JAMES HIBBS, Little Bay Islands.

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