

The Glencoe Transcript.

Volume 44.--No. 36.

GLENCOE, ONTARIO, CANADA, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1915.

Whole No. 2278.

Farm for Sale.

220 acres, township of Ekfrid, 2 1/2 miles from Glencoe, school less than half mile, rural mail. Apply to Alex. D. McKellar, R. R. 1, Glencoe. 739f

Farm for Sale.

100 acres, Ekfrid, 5 1/2 miles from Glencoe, school and church 1/2 mile. Apply to lot south half 21, 2nd range south of L. W. R. 739f

Shorthorns for Sale.

Two choice young bulls, 7 and 14 months old. Also cows and heifers. TREGANNA STOCK FARM, Daniel Treastain, Strathburn. 783f

Farm for Sale.

One hundred acres, north half lot 5, con. 8, Mosca, estate of the late Neil J. Livingstone. Good frame house with cellar, 2 barns and stables, 1 acre of bearing orchard, good clay loam soil, plenty of water, convenient to school, 3 miles from Alvinston. For further particulars apply to John N. Campbell, Route 5, Alvinston. 81

CHANTRY FARM

Shorthorn Cattle and Lincoln Sheep; also S. G. Dorking Fowls
ED. DE GEN. Kerwood, Ont.

C. C. McNaughton
Agent for Fire, Life, Accident, Plate Glass and Automobile Insurance.
Phone: Belmont 111, R. R. 1, P. O. Newbury, N. B. No. 2.

Cream Wanted

Cash paid for cream delivered at my sewing machine store, Main street north, Glencoe, on Tuesdays, Fridays and Saturdays—Tuesdays and Fridays preferred. Cash for eggs.
534f ALEX. McNEIL.

Building Contractor.

If you contemplate building a residence or altering your buildings, please call at "The Hub" and get estimates. All classes of work done promptly. All work and material guaranteed.
J. D. BROWN, Glencoe.
General Contractor and Builder.
Phone call 51-2, office with E. T. Huston & Co. 594f

FOR SALE—

Pure Bred Yorkshire Pigs
Six Weeks Old
SQUIRE BROS.
North Half Lot 19, Second Range North L. W. R., Ekfrid.

DENTISTRY

R. J. MUMFORD, D.D.S., L.D.S., Offices over Howard's Furniture Store, Phone 116.

JAMES POOLE

Fire, Life, Accident and Plate Glass Insurance. Representing the greatest fire insurance companies of the world, and the leading mutual fire insurance companies of Ontario. Office at residence, first door south of the Presbyterian Church, Glencoe.

GEORGE WILSON,
Clerk of the Division Court, Conveyancer, &c. Justice of the Peace for the County of Middlesex. Commissioner in H. C. J. Office—Main street, over Lumber's drug store.

Western Farmers' Weather Insurance Company

Insure your buildings against wind and tornado in the largest weather company in Ontario. Insurance in force, nearly 11 million. Our rate is lowest permitted by government.

E. T. Huston, Agent, Glencoe

UNDERTAKERS

—AND—
FURNITURE DEALERS

Having taken over the Furniture and Undertaking business from Mrs. Mary D. McAlpine of this place, we wish to state that we will endeavor to give our patrons the best service possible. We are adding to our stock and will at all times show a large range in all lines of Furniture. The Funeral Direction remains under the management of Mr. Wehlann.

J. B. GOUGH & SON
Day Phone 23 Night 93

Friendship Link Bracelets and Fobs!

HAVE YOU got into the Friendship Link Circle yet? One of the latest ideas in Jewelry and prettiest keepsakes you can get. Buy a Link and then exchange Links with your friends. Initials engraved free of charge.

25 Cents Each

See our assortment.

We also carry a fine line of Silverware, Cut Glass, Hand Painted China, Jewelry, Watches and Clocks. Come in and inspect our stock and prices.

C. E. DAVIDSON, Jeweler
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES OPTICIAN

Keith's Cash Store

Dry Goods, Millinery, Groceries

P. D. KEITH

We carry a full line of
Harvest Wants
Also Builders' Hardware; Paints, Oils and Varnishes; Steel and Felt Roofing; Wire Fencing; Oil Stoves; Lawn Mowers, and everything in the Hardware and Stove line.

MITCHELL & HAGERTY

THE LARGEST AND BEST ASSORTED STOCK OF
STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES

kept in Glencoe.

Also Confectionery, Imported & Domestic Fruits, Meat, Fish, etc., carried

Our prices a little lower than elsewhere. Call and be convinced.

Good Butter and Eggs and other marketable produce taken as cash at highest market price.

CASH FOR EGGS

TRY OUR SPECIALS IN BULK TEAS AND COFFEES.
Red Rose, Lipton's and Salada Packet Teas always in stock.

W. A. CURRIE

3 GOOD POINTS

about our D. L. & W. Scranton Coal are NO SLATE, NO DUST and UNIFORM SIZE. With these you get long burning fires and regular heat. Now's a good time to order coal—you can't tell when the price will soar. Free delivery; prompt service.



McPHERSON & CLARKE
Planing Mill and Lumber Yard
GLENCOE, ONT.

Township of Ekfrid

Court of Revision

NOTICE is hereby given that a Court will be held, pursuant to The Ontario Voters' Lists Act, by His Honor the Judge of the County Court of the County of Middlesex, at the Town Hall, Appleton, on the 14th day of September, A. D. 1915, at 10 o'clock forenoon, to hear and determine complaints of errors and omissions in the Voters' List of the Municipality of Ekfrid for 1915.
Dated at Ekfrid Sept. 1st, 1915.
A. P. McDONALD,
Clerk Township of Ekfrid.

Western University, London
ANOTHER GREAT ADVANCE
Income Doubled—now \$75,000

Another Large Addition to Faculty and Equipment in Arts and Medicine. Greatly Increased Enrollment in View.
Write for particulars to
E. E. Braithwaite, M.A., Ph.D. PRESIDENT.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Western Fair, London
SEPTEMBER 10 to 18, 1915

Return Tickets at Reduced Rates to London from stations in Ontario, Belleville, Hamilton and West to St. Catharines, Windsor, Detroit, Chicago.

Be Sure to Consult C. P. R. Agents regarding
EXTRA TRAIN SERVICE
Also SPECIAL LOW FARES
From Principal Points on Certain Dates

Fast Time, Convenient Train Service, Modern Equipment between Montreal, Ottawa, Toronto, Detroit, Chicago.
Particulars from Canadian Pacific Ticket Agents or write M. G. Murphy, District Passenger Agent, Toronto.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM
Western Fair, London

Return Tickets at Reduced Rates to London from stations in Ontario, Belleville, Hamilton and West to St. Catharines, Windsor, Detroit, Chicago.
Be Sure to Consult C. P. R. Agents regarding
EXTRA TRAIN SERVICE
Also SPECIAL LOW FARES
From Principal Points on Certain Dates

TIME TABLE CHANGES
Effective Sept. 12th. Information box in agents' hands.

PANAMA PACIFIC EXPOSITION
Reduced fares to San Francisco, Los Angeles and San Diego. Information and tickets on application to agents.

Business and Shorthand
Westervelt School
Y.M.C.A. Building
London, Ontario

College in Session Sept. 1st to July.

Catalogue Free. Enter any time.
J. W. Westervelt, Principal

We carry a Full Line of

Tin, Enamel and Galvanized Ware, Sinks, Bathtubs, etc.

Plumbing, Furnace-work, Roofing, Eavetroughing, Repairing, etc., done by a Practical Mechanic.

J. M. Anderson
Tinsmith Plumber

Homeseekers' Special Train.

For the accommodation of homeseekers and general tourist traffic to Western Canada, through train carrying tourist sleepers and colonist cars will leave Toronto 10:45 p.m. each Tuesday until further notice, running through to Winnipeg.

Attention is directed to the remarkably low round trip fares in connection with homeseekers' excursions to Western Canada via Canadian Pacific Railway. Tickets are on sale each Tuesday until Oct. 20th, inclusive, and are good to return within two months from date of sale.

Apply to any C. P. R. agent for full particulars, or write M. G. Murphy, District passenger agent, Toronto.

Only those who have experience can tell the torture corns cause. Pain with your boots on, pain with them off—this might annoy; but relief is sure to those who use Hollaway's Corn Cure.

District and General.

Edward Cahill, a former resident of West Lorne, died in Winnipeg last week.

Native troops deserted the Germans in the Kameruns and helped to defeat them.

A great guerilla warfare is being waged against the Germans by the Russian peasants.

Watford council has passed a by-law fixing the license fee for livery stables at \$10, for automobiles \$10 and for drays \$5.

Windsor business men are moving to have the election in that city next January dispensed with and the cost given to the Patriotic Fund.

Three human bodies were found in the Detroit waterworks reservoir when the big tank was drained recently for cleaning. The bodies all gave evidences of having been immersed for many months.

In the Best-Litovsk district of Russian Poland the country for miles around seems to be in flames.

Inflated cattle are careening wildly over the blackened fields and 50,000 people in the district are homeless.

Two cows, one belonging to Mungo Scott and another belonging to Eli Griffith, were found dead in the pasture field, London township. They had evidently been poisoned, but by what means or by whom is not known.

Fire which started in a straw stack at a threshing at Hugh Johnston's, north of Glencoe, destroyed the barn and chicken house. The threshing crew saved the entire season's crop consisting of 15 loads of hay and 120 bushels of grain was completely consumed.

"Another year of war and Austria will face starvation. The food supplies already are growing scarce," said Frank C. Davis, of Minneapolis, who arrived at New York on board the steamer Noordam. Dr. Davis is president of the American Medical Association in Vienna.

Squire Hunt, of Elgin, is not in sympathy with persons who allow their cattle and hogs to secure a living on the public highways. He considers them a menace to public safety, and promises to mete out full justice to any such offenders who may be brought before him.

Eddie, eleven years old, only son of Councillor Archie Currie, of Dawn, was found dead in the woods on his father's farm on Saturday shortly after he had left the house to catch and harness a horse. It is presumed that after catching the horse he was thrown from his back against a tree.

The total number of Americans above 18 years of age who are now serving with the British army, the American Embassy at London, thinks, is in excess of 10,000. It is also said that no less than 50 American boys, all under 18 years of age, have run away from their homes and enlisted in Canadian regiments.

The Strathroy hydro-electric system showed a gross profit of \$963.16 at the close of the first six months of operation, or a net surplus of \$281.16, after 5 per cent, had been written off for depreciation. The report was received with intense satisfaction by the citizens of Strathroy, as the town is assured of a decrease in rate for domestic and commercial lighting. The rates already are very low.

The funeral of the late Duncan A. McPhail, of Rodney, who was killed at Brighton, Mich., while engaged in his occupation as brakeman on the Pere Marquette Railway, took place from the home of John B. McDonald on Tuesday last week, service being conducted by Rev. Mr. Shaw, of Rodney. He leaves one daughter, Bettie, of Detroit; three sisters—Mrs. Will King, of Betula, Pa.; Mrs. W. H. Vanech, of Buffalo, and Emma, of London; and one brother, Archie, of South Africa. Six cousins acted as pallbearers, namely, J. A. McDonald, Alex. McPhail, Alex. McLarty, Duncan McPhail, Peter Doyle and James Hillman.

Methodist Church.

REV. W. G. HOBSON, MINISTER

The annual harvest home sermons will be preached next Sunday by Rev. Humphrey Graham, of the Centennial church, London. The services are being held under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid Society. The church will be decorated for the occasion. Good music will be rendered by the choir. A day of large interest is expected.

Come.

A correspondent writes:—"I would suggest that all Canadians on this side of the Atlantic give up the custom of present-giving among each other at this coming Christmas season and send a corresponding number of gifts to the men at the front. This will mean thousands upon thousands of remembrances already assured, besides concentrating our thoughts and energies towards where the Christmas gifts would be really appreciated. We on this side of the Atlantic have really as much luxury and pleasure as is coming to us, and practically as much as before the war began, and we are quite aware of the fact that our Christmas-present giving has in many cases developed into a case of advertising and exchange. Now, it appears to me to be a good opportunity, for this year at least, to break away from this condition of things and deliver real stuff from the heart and pocket to a fine bunch of yearning heroes on the fighting line."

Only those who have experience can tell the torture corns cause. Pain with your boots on, pain with them off—this might annoy; but relief is sure to those who use Hollaway's Corn Cure.

G. H. S. Opening.

The Glencoe High School opened on Tuesday morning with an attendance of 63 pupils, which it is expected will shortly be increased. It is important that all pupils be regular and prompt in attendance. The largest graduating class has been sent out to prepare for the teaching profession. The following thirteen graduates go to the Normal School this autumn: V. Burdick, A. Campbell, N. Farrell, R. Gubbins, M. Leitch, T. Marsh, E. McAlpine, D. McIntyre, M. McLean, M. Morrison, M. Munro, W. Poole, E. Reycraft. Three others go to the Faculty of Education, at Toronto, namely, N. Archer, W. Miller, G. C. Squire. E. S. Bromhead, another of the graduates, has decided to enlist for overseas service.

Writes From Canterbury.

Cecil C. Bechill, who left recently with the Mounted Rifles from London, writes to his father, George Bechill, Glencoe, on July 30 from Canterbury, England, as follows:—

Just a few lines to let you know I am well and that I have had my regimental number changed to 112177. I still have to say it in one breath, but if they add any more to it I'll have to go some.

I am now in the Musketry Class, or Class No. 2. This class will be leaving in a week for a week's course at the big ranges at a town about 10 miles from here, where we will be billeted out at the different homes in the town.

The fellows who have taken this course say that they had the times of their lives while down there. They said it made them homesick to leave.

The D. C. squadron came over to Canterbury to pay us a visit and I saw Chas. Adams. He is well and says that they are working hard to get to France. They rode over from Shoreham, and just as they got here it started, as it does every day here, to rain. They got wet, too, for they had to stay out in it all with their horses.

Yes, we have had some rain here every day for the last two weeks, but sometimes it don't amount to anything.

We are quartered in the barracks here and we have to either sleep on the floor with our two blankets and a rubber sheet, or we can get three pine boards to sleep on, with little pieces of wood to raise them off the floor, and they are little better than the floor.

I don't think I'll be able to sleep in a bed again; it would seem too comfortable. You may think this funny, but if I was to get into a bed now I'd sleep for a week to make up for the times I have woken up in the night to find my bones all sore and aching from resting them on something harder than they were themselves. But it is far better than sleeping outside in this country, and it is only a start to what I'll have to put up with if I ever get to France.

I am just 16 miles from Dover and I will be able to get a week furlough after I do my shooting at the ranges. I would like to take a run over and see Geo. Blacklock's brother over that way, and then see a little bit of the country around here. I would also like to look up some of our relatives over here, if you think I have any chance to find any of them. I would like to try anyway.

Some wounded soldiers came to the hospital one day this week and they were quite jolly considering their troubles. They also looked as though they had had a touch of the gas for they had but little color in their faces.

I took a walk Wednesday afternoon to the summer resort, on the North Shore, of Herne Bay. It isn't a very big place but they have a good beach. We walked over and rode back in a bus. It was 7 miles. I had a good dip in the sea. The water was good and salty and had a strong undercurrent. From the pier you could see the patrol vessels going up and down the channel. Got there was a lot of boats out there. They also have a coast guard along the beach.

Mosa Council.

A meeting of Mosa council was held at Newbury on Aug. 16. Members all present. The minutes of the last meeting were read, approved and signed.

Moved by E. F. Reycraft, seconded by A. Gardiner, that Stephen Fennell be paid \$30 for work done on Gov. Drain No. 7, and E. J. James \$85, commissioner's fee on Gov. Drain No. 7. Carried.

Moved by Andrew Gardiner, seconded by D. N. Munro, that Stephen Fennell be paid \$225 for work done on the McIntyre Drain; Jas. E. Corbett, \$75, for work done on the upper portion of the Peter Mitchell Drain, and A. E. Sutherland, \$80, for printing to date. Carried.

By-law No. 388, for the repair of Gov. Drain No. 2, was given its first and second readings, and on motion of A. Gardiner, seconded by E. J. James, was provisionally adopted.

By-law No. 389, to provide for the repair of the Sheriff-Bristow Drain in the township of Zone, was given its first and second readings, and on motion of D. N. Munro, seconded by E. J. James, was provisionally adopted.

The council adjourned to meet at Glencoe on Sept. 20 at 10 o'clock a.m.

FOR INFLAMMATION OF THE EYES.—Among the many good qualities which Parnele's Vegetable Pills possess, besides regulating the digestive organs, is their efficacy in reducing inflammation of the eyes. It has called forth many letters of recommendation from those who were afflicted with this complaint and found a cure in the pills. They affect the nerve and the blood in a surprisingly active way, and the result is almost immediately seen.

Glencoe Council.

The regular meeting of the municipal council of the village of Glencoe was held in the council chamber on Monday, the 30th day of August, 1915, instead of the first Monday of September, Labor Day, a holiday.

Members present—J. A. McLachlan, reeve; Messrs. Keith and Wright, councillors.

The minutes of last meeting were read and signed.

A statement from Peter Perkins, scavenger, was read, showing that he had collected 549 barrels which, at 50c per barrel, amounted to \$274.50; that he had been paid \$10.50 by ratepayers and \$249 by the municipality, leaving a balance of \$15 due him.

The following petitions for cement walks were filed, viz.: G. A. McAlpine, for a walk opposite his premises on the east side of Main street from McRae street to the G. T. R.

C. C. Reycraft, for an extension of the cement walk on the east side of Victoria street southwards five rods opposite his premises.

The consideration of these petitions was laid over until next meeting.

Accounts: J. N. Sexsmith & Co., pair of rubber boots for street overseer, \$3; Bell Telephone Co., rent of phone for Constable Stuart and messengers, \$4.45; A. E. Sutherland, printing 200 copies of voters' lists and publishing notices, \$55.45; Sam Thompson, one month's salary, \$37.50; J. A. Scott, two pads of foolscap paper, 20c; J. C. Clingdon, drawing brush and gravel, \$4; Wm. Muirhead, cutting weeds, trimming trees and cleaning out ditch, \$32.00; W. A. Hagerty, drawing three loads of plank, \$1; L. M. Siddall, 2 1/2 11-12 cords of gravel, \$21.00; Elliott & Moss, professional services, left over from last meeting, \$8.13.

Moved by Mr. Keith, seconded by Mr. Wright, that the accounts as read be paid.

P. J. Morrison, on behalf of the band, asked the council to purchase a new snare drum.

Mr. Morrison was instructed to write for further information.

William McCallum applied for permission to place a gasoline tank on Main street, with pump in connection, opposite his premises.

Referred to a committee to call on Mr. McCallum and confer as to conditions.

The council then went into a discussion of the annual tax rates to be levied in 1915.

Moved by Mr. Wright, seconded by Mr. Keith, that a general rate of 28 mills on the dollar, and 1 mill on the dollar added for government war tax, be imposed on the rateable property of the village of Glencoe for 1915, computed as follows:—County rate, 4 mills; village rate, 5 1/10 mills; de-benture rate, 10 mills; public school rate, 4 mills; high school rate, 4 1/10 mills; war tax rate, 1 mill—a total of 29 mills on the dollar. Carried.

The council then adjourned to meet on Monday, the 13th day of September next.

Odd Fellows Officers Installed.

Deputy District Grand Master John A. Armstrong, of Newbury, and installing past grands installed the officers elect for the ensuing term in Glencoe I. O. O. F. lodge on Tuesday evening, after which supper was served at McLachlan's to the brethren. The officers are:—

J. P. G. Johnston, A. F. Johnston, N. G. Johnston, R. C. Troyer, W. G. Johnston, J. A. McLachlan, P. S. Johnston, P. J. Morrison, R. S. Johnston, J. A. Ferguson, Warden, Mac. A. McKellar, Con. Sec., John H. Reycraft, R. S. N. G. Johnston, D. R. Hagerty, L. S. N. G. Johnston, D. M. Sutherland, I. G. Johnston, J. W. Smith, O. G. Johnston, G. A. McAlpine, R. S. V. G. Johnston, A. D. McEachern, S. V. G. Johnston, Geo. Babcock, R. S. S. Johnston, John L. Tomlinson, L. S. S. Johnston, Mac. O. McAlpine, Chap., L. M. Farrell.

McTavish-Morrison.

On Sept. 1st a very pretty wedding took place at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. T. Morrison, of Brooke, when their oldest daughter, Margaret R., was united in marriage to Duncan C. McTavish, of Mosa.

The bride, becomingly dressed in white and carrying a shower bouquet of pink bridal roses and lilies of the valley, was given away by her father, the wedding march being played by Miss Bertie Reycraft. The ceremony took place under an arch of autumn tinted maple boughs, Rev. R. G. McKay, of Alvinston, officiating.

After a sumptuous wedding dinner, the bride and groom, accompanied by a number of friends and relatives, motored to Glencoe, where the newly married couple boarded the train for Toronto and points east.

Guests from a distance were Mr. and Mrs. A. McLachlan, of Toronto; Mr. W. Wilson and Miss Ida Wilson, of Detroit; M. A. McAlpine, of Dutton; Miss E. Smaile, of Highgate; Miss E. McTavish, of Wheatley, and M. Smaile, of Strathroy.

A few days before the wedding a large number of the bride's friends gathered at her home and gave her a most delicious shower.

The numerous and costly gifts which she received show how much the bride was appreciated in the community which she is leaving.

FRUIT BULLETIN

Niagara District Peach season now in full swing and best varieties Peaches, Pears and Plums are ready for preserving or dessert purposes. Housekeepers should not delay telling their grocers what fruits to order for them.

AN AVALANCHE OF SHELLS POURED INTO GERMAN LINES

General Offensive Foreshadowed of French and British on the Western Front

A despatch from Paris says: The French have been pouring an avalanche of shells into the German lines in the west. It is not believed that this ammunition would be used simply for the purpose of damaging the German trenches, and, therefore, an early general offensive is looked for.

Asphyxiating gas was used without success by the Germans in an attack against Ling and Schatzmannelle, in the Vosges. After releasing the gas the Germans charged the French positions, but were driven back. Elsewhere on the French front there were no infantry actions, though heavy cannonading occurred at several places. German aviators violated Swiss territory for the fourth time. Five German military aeroplanes flew inside the Swiss frontier opposite the French town of Delle. Although under fire from French artillery, the aeroplanes turned back. One damaged machine came down near the Swiss village of Buix, but afterwards took to the air and escaped towards Alsace.

The Municipal Council is making arrangements with the Government for an official commemoration of the Battle of the Marne, in which the German advance through France in the early weeks of the war was ended. The celebration will be held on September 12.

FURTHER VICTORIES IN THE CAMEROONS

Germans are Retreating in Great Disorder After a Series of Defeats.

A despatch from Paris says: Fighting continues in the Cameroons, the German colony in Western Africa which the British and French have been attempting since the early part of the war to wrest from the Germans. The Ministry of Colonies gave out a statement to-day announcing further victories. It follows:

"French forces in the eastern and south-eastern Cameroons are continuing a vigorous offensive in the direction of Yaounde, capital of the colony. The German troops were defeated in a series of engagements and are retreating in great disorder.

"Many of the native German troops surrendered, with their arms and other equipment. A party of these deserters while on their way to our post at Aradmeki encountered a company of Germans, who attempted to bar their way. The deserters defeated the Germans, and also attacked a German post at Sangamella.

"Our right column, coming from the north, attacked the strongly-fortified positions at the Dume station, simultaneously with an attack from our southern column. The Germans were defeated completely. They abandoned their positions, and in retreat threw most of their supplies into the river and allowed natives to pillage other abandoned stores. In evacuating Dume the enemy set it on fire, making a stand on a hill overlooking the town. This position, which was defended with artillery and machine guns, was carried by assault by one of our officers and by prisoners."

SAYS BOSTON BARQUE FIRED ON BY U-BOAT

A despatch from Boston says: The American barque Ruth Stark, owned in this city, was fired upon twice by a German submarine, when 150 miles off Cape Clear, Ireland, according to the report of her commander upon her arrival here from Liverpool.

Youngest Hero is Back From France



PETER RUTLEDGE

The youngest son of Canada to reach the firing line in Flanders is Peter Rutledge, who became a stow-away on a troopship after his three brothers had crossed the sea as Canadian soldiers. He was adopted by the 3rd Battalion and "served" in the trenches until he was sent home with invalided pay, but he is now in Toronto with his parents.

A COMPARISON OF FORCES FOR WAR

CANADA'S RESPONSIBILITY.

From Toronto Daily News.

In a year's time we have seen our army come into being and grow into a force of very considerable size and efficiency; but this is no time to rest on our laurels, much less to indulge a tendency towards self-congratulation. Our duty now is to appreciate the full extent of our responsibilities and make adequate provision for discharging them.

The United Kingdom entered the war with a naval force of not less than 225,000, and with a military force of at least 200,000. Since the outbreak there have been added to the military force, of completely trained and equipped soldiers, not less than 500,000. Adding to these the soldiers which the United Kingdom now has in the making, in all stages of equipment and training, numbering not less than 1,500,000, the total is at least 2,625,000. The figures are approximately only, but they will serve.

Our population being about one-sixth the population of the United Kingdom, we can readily ascertain the minimum number of men that we should now have available for service if we were doing our full share. In round figures, we should have a force of at least 400,000 men.

Turning from the ideal to the real, we may estimate the strength of the Canadian forces as follows:

Adding the few thousands we had to begin with to those organized during the year, the total number of trained and equipped troops is not more than 60,000. Our incomplete trained and equipped troops will number not more than an additional 100,000; and that none of our fighting resources may be overlooked, we will add a naval force of 1,000, making a total of 161,000.

Our ideal minimum is 400,000, our real maximum is 161,000. The result of our calculations need not make us doleful. We are quite entitled to comfort ourselves with the thought that the original forces of the United Kingdom were incomparably superior to ours and that the British Isles were much better supplied than we were with the means, both human and material, of creating a vast new army.

But this will not alter the fact that in the past we have not done our full duty, and we are therefore under the greater obligation to respond to the call the Government is now making. Many of the initial difficulties connected with the raising of an army have been overcome, and men are now being accepted for overseas service as rapidly as they present themselves for enlistment. Their pay, separation and other allowances commence at once, and they are clothed, equipped and trained with all possible rapidity.

The real responsibility for the supply of men rests with those men themselves. To the man without dependents the call to service is well-nigh absolute, and it comes to the man with a job with precisely the same urgency as it does to the man without one. Your present job, important as it may be, is as nothing in importance to the one your country has for you. The call comes next to those with others dependent on them, who would suffer if they went. Some men in this position should go, others should not. No one may decide for any man but himself. But the freedom of choice which is his carries with it a corresponding responsibility. If no man may say to you, "You ought to go," neither may you lay the responsibility of your staying on anyone but yourself. Your's is the choice. Stay if your conscience says so; but go if it says to go, for your Empire needs the men.

The Rake.

A small henpecked, worried-looking man was about to take an examination for life insurance. "You don't dissipate, do you?" asked the physician as he made ready for the tests. "Not a fast liver, or anything of that sort?" The little man hesitated a moment, looked a bit frightened, then replied, in a small, piping voice—"I sometimes chew a little gum."

FINE HARBOR AT ZEEBRUGGE IS SHELTER FOR SUBMARINES



Above is a general view of Zeebrugge, the German naval base on the Belgian coast. The extensive waterways provide an almost ideal haven for submarines. British warships have repeatedly shelled the German works and vessels at Zeebrugge.

Markets Of The World

Breadstuffs.

Toronto, Sept. 7.—Manitoba wheat—Old crop—No. 1 Northern, none offering; No. 2 Northern, \$1.14 to \$1.16; No. 3 Northern, \$1.09 to \$1.11, track, lake ports.

Manitoba oats—None offering.

American corn—No. 2 yellow, 83½c, track, lake ports.

Canadian corn—No. 2 yellow, nominal, track, Toronto.

Ontario oats—Old—No. 2 white, 51 to 52c, nominal, according to freights outside; No. 3 white, 50 to 51c, according to freights outside; new oats, 40 to 42c.

Ontario wheat—No. 2 winter, per car lot, \$1.15; new, 96 to 98c; wheat slightly tough, 88 to 90c; sprouted or smutty, 75 to 85c, according to sample.

Peas—No. 2, per car lots, nominal, according to freights outside.

Barley—Good malting barley, nominal; No. 3 feed, nominal; feed barley, nominal, according to freights outside.

Buckwheat—Car lots, nominal, according to freights outside.

Rye—No. 2, nominal, according to freights outside.

Manitoba flour—First patents, in 48 bags, \$6.25; second patents, in 48 bags, \$5.75; strong bakers', in 48 bags, \$5.50; Toronto; in cotton bags, 10c more.

Ontario flour—New Winter, 90 per cent. patents, \$4, seaboard or Toronto freights in bags, prompt shipment.

Milled—Car lots, delivered Montreal, real freights—Bran, per ton, \$25; shorts, per ton, \$22; middlings, \$30; good feed flour, per bag, \$1.85.

Live Stock Markets.

Toronto, Sept. 7.—Best heavy steers, \$8 to \$8.25; butchers' cattle, choice, \$7.60 to \$7.75; do., good, \$7.30 to \$7.45; do., medium, \$6.40 to \$7.10; do., common, \$5 to \$5.65; butchers' bulls, choice, \$6.80 to \$7.25; do., good, \$5.90 to \$6.25; do., rough, \$4.75 to \$5.25; butchers' cows, choice, \$6.50 to \$7; do., good, \$5.25 to \$6; do., medium, \$5 to \$5.25; do., common, \$4.50 to \$5; feeders, good, \$6.50 to \$7.30; stockers, 700 to 900 lbs., \$6.25 to \$7.25; canners and cutters, \$3.75 to \$5; milkers, choice, each, \$65 to \$95; do., common and medium, each, \$35 to \$50; Springers, \$50 to \$95; light ewes, \$6 to \$6.75; do., bucks, \$3.50 to \$4.50; yearling lambs, \$7 to \$7.75; Spring lambs, cwt., \$7.75 to \$9; calves, \$8 to \$11; hogs, off cars, \$9.40 to \$9.65; do., fed and watered, \$9.25 to \$9.30; do., f.o.b., \$8.90.

Montreal, Sept. 7.—Butcher cows, good, \$7.50 to \$7.75; fair, \$7 to \$7.25; fair, \$7 to \$7.25; medium, \$6.50 to \$6.75; butchers' bulls, \$5 to \$7; canning bulls, \$4 to \$4.50 per cwt. Old sheep, 4½ to 5½c; and lambs, 7½ to 8½c per pound. Hogs, select, \$9.50; sows, \$7.50, and stags, \$5 to \$6 per cwt., all weighed off cars.

None Too Good.

The minister of a small country flock was discussing with an illiterate member of his church religious topics of varying interest. The member expressed the suggestion that even the best were none too good in this vale of sin and tribulation. "You believe, then," interposed the preacher, "in the doctrine of total depravity?" "Yes, sir, I do," responded the member, "that is, where it is lived up to."

Country Produce.

Butter—Fresh dairy, 24 to 26c; inferior, 21 to 22c; creamery prints, 28½ to 29c; do., solids, 26 to 28c.

Eggs—No. 1, 23 to 24c per dozen, in case lots; extra at 26 to 27c.

Honey—No. 1 light (wholesale), 10 to 11½c; do., retail, 12½ to 15c. Combs (wholesale), per lb., No. 1, \$2.50 to \$3; No. 2, \$1.50 to \$2.

Poultry—Chickens, yearlings, dressed, 16 to 18c; Spring chickens, 20 to 21c; fowl, 12 to 13c; ducklings, 17 to 18c; turkeys, 23 to 25c.

Cheese—Large, 15 to 15½c; do., twins, 15½ to 15¾c. Old cheese, 21½c.

Baled Hay and Straw.

Baled hay, new—No. 1, 40c, \$17 to \$19; No. 2, ton, \$15 to \$16; baled straw, ton, \$7.50.

Business in Montreal.

Montreal, Sept. 7.—Corn—American No. 2 yellow, 91 to 92c. Oats—Canadian Western, No. 3, 58c; extra No. 1 feed, 58c; No. 2 local white, 47c; No. 3 local white, 46c; No. 4 local white, 45c. Flour—Manitoba Spring wheat patents, firsts, \$6.35; seconds, \$5.85; strong bakers', \$5.65; Winter patents, choice, \$5.50; straight rollers, \$4.65 to \$4.85; do., bags, \$1.75 to \$1.85. Rolled oats—Bbls., \$6.25; do., bags, 90 lbs., \$2.90 to \$3. Bran, \$27. Shorts, \$28. Middlings, \$33 to \$34. Moullie, \$35 to \$40. Hay—No. 2, per ton, car lots, \$17.50 to \$18.50. Cheese—Finest westerns, 12½ to 13½c; finest easterns, 12½ to 13c. Butter—Choice creamery, 28½ to 28¾c; seconds, 27½ to 27¾c. Eggs—Fresh, 27 to 28c; selected, 26c; No. 1 stock, 23c; No. 2 stock, 20c. Dressed hogs—Abattoir killed, \$13.60 to \$14.15. Pork—Heavy Canada short mess, bbls., 35 to 45 pieces, \$29; Canada short-cut back, bbls., 45 to 55 pieces, \$28.50. Lard—Compound, tierces, 37½ lbs., 10c; wood pails, 20 lbs., net, 10½c; pure, tierces, 37½ lbs., 11½ to 12c; pure, wood pails, 20 lbs., net, 12½ to 13c.

United States Markets.

Minneapolis, Sept. 7.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, \$1.03½; No. 1 Northern, 97c to \$1.03; No. 2 Northern, 94 to \$1; September, 92c; December, 92½c. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 75 to 75½c. Oats

ALLIES CAPTURE TACTICAL POINT

Recent Fighting in the Dardanelles Has Been of a Severe Character.

A despatch from London says: Further gains for the allied forces on the Gallipoli Peninsula are chronicled in an official report received from General Sir Ian Hamilton, commander-in-chief of the British forces operating against the Turks. The report says: "Further fighting on the northern section of the line has resulted in the capture of an important tactical point commanding the Buvuk Anafarta valley to the east and north and an appreciable gain of the ground occupied by the Australians and New Zealand army corps.

"The fighting was almost entirely hand-to-hand and of a severe character. Very heavy losses were inflicted on the Turks, and three of their machine guns, three trench mortars, 300 rifles, 600 bombs and a large quantity of small arms ammunition were captured by us."

PRICELESS RUBBISH.

Fortunes Made Out of the Tailings of Gold Mines.

The tailings of the gold-mines of the Rand have latterly proved nearly as valuable as the reef. A new treatment was discovered, and the tailings which encumbered the landscape for miles around suddenly became new mines. It was found that the amount of gold left in them was enormous. Many fortunes were made out of tailings alone.

There has been much talk of capturing the German trade in alluvial dyes, a process of exploiting coal-tar, discovered by British chemists but developed by German manufacturers. But in the earlier days of gaslighting the coal-tar was regarded as a horrible nuisance, and surreptitiously got rid of.

Then the great discovery was made that all the hues of the rainbow dwelt in this dirty-looking stuff which men despised and threw away. To-day the by-products of coal-tar are counted by the dozen.

In Lancashire alone cotton-waste has an annual value of fifteen millions sterling! It consists of fag-ends and sweepings and pickings and combings. Thousands of women are employed to divide this stuff into good, middling, and bad, and it is sold at various prices for different purposes—paper-making, matting, surgical wadding, and, most of all, the making of shoddy.

Soap-boilers used to have great difficulty in getting rid of a thick, evil-smelling liquid which was the chief by-product of their industry. They ran it into streams and sewers. Presently someone began collecting it and refining it. The result was pure glycerine.

A young man who had been reduced literally to his last cent was wandering aimlessly about the docks of Liverpool. He saw a lot of frowny-looking stuff, the use of which nobody could tell him. It had come from South Africa three months before and had failed to find a purchaser. The young man made a bid of eightpence a pound, and bought the lot, three hundred bales. It was alpaca, the wool of a sort of camel-like sheep. The purchaser's name was Titus Salt, the founder of Saltaire, England.

JAPANESE TROOPS FOR DARDANELLES

Inference Is Drawn From the Words of Mikado's Envoy to Italy.

A despatch from Paris says: What appears to be an intimation that Japan may co-operate in the campaign to force the Dardanelles is contained in an interview with Baron Hayashi, Japanese Ambassador to Italy, sent to the Petit Parisien by its Rome correspondent.

"I cannot say much about that," the Baron is quoted as saying, in reply to a question regarding the Dardanelles, "for we must not allow our enemies to profit by information about the movements of troops."

Discussing the part Japan has played in the war, the Ambassador said: "We have not ceased to collaborate with our allies to the extent assigned to us. The world will be astonished when it knows what we have done, what we are doing and what we are willing to do. The Russians are nearest to us and we can be most useful to them. Rest assured it is the greatest desire of Japan to assist every day in the sacred cause of civilization."

JACONA SUNK BY MINE. NOT BY A SUBMARINE

A despatch from Montreal says: Officers of the Thomson Line freighter Hurona, which arrived here, brought with them details of the sinking of the Montreal steamer Jacona. The cable report that the Jacona was sunk by a torpedo was denied. The Jacona struck a mine and sank in two minutes. Forty of the crew, including the entire engineering staff, were drowned. Only Capt. Organ and the nine men who comprised the night watch were saved, and they owed their lives to the fact that a boat was lying loose and floated away.

THREAT FROM AUSTRIA TO MUNITION MAKERS

A despatch to Amsterdam says: Following the example of Germany, the Austro-Hungarian Government now announces, according to the Frankfurter Zeitung, that all Austrians and Hungarians in neutral countries, particularly the United States, are warned not to work in factories producing war material for enemies of the Dual Monarchy. This newspaper says that violation of this decree is punishable by imprisonment of ten to twenty years, and even by capital punishment under certain conditions.

PARENTS OF WAR HERO GET VICTORIA CROSS

A despatch to Montreal says: The Victoria Cross won by the late Lance-Corporal Frederick Fisher, of the 13th battalion, at St. Julien, where he was killed, has been received by the hero's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Fisher, 576 Lansdowne Avenue, Westmount, accompanied by a letter of appreciation from the British War Office. The deceased soldier earned the distinction of the Cross by gallantly assisting with a machine gun, in covering the retreat of a battery, and later bringing his machine gun into action, under very heavy fire, in order to cover the advance of supports. It was while doing this he was killed. He was only 20 years of age.

DENIES GERMAN WOMEN ARE LEFT TO MOB'S MERCY

A despatch to London says: The Home Secretary has issued a denial of statements published in the United States that German women and children in London are being exposed to the fury of mobs, which are encouraged by the police whenever they venture out of doors, are prevented from buying food, and are compelled to subsist on what they can beg.

The Home Secretary says that all German women desiring to return to Germany are given facilities for so doing, and that, together with their children, they receive the same police protection as British subjects and similar relief from the guardians of the poor if they are destitute. It is added that access to hospitals on the same terms as Britishers are accorded German women and children when they are ill.

THE DEATH OF PEGGOLD IS OFFICIALLY CONFIRMED

A despatch from Paris says: Reports of the death of Adolphe Peggold, the famous aviator, have been officially confirmed. The news caused sincere sorrow among the French people, who regarded him as a hero.

Peggold, who was only 26 years of age, served five years in the French cavalry, fighting in the Moroccan campaign. At the outbreak of the present war he joined the aviation corps as a private, but soon gained a sub-lieutenant's commission because of his skill and daring. His exploits won him the Military Medal and the Military Cross.

Peggold brought down his sixth German aircraft on July 11.

Wonders of the World.

The seven wonders of the ancient world were the Pyramids of Egypt; the Tomb of the King of Caria; the Temple of Diana at Ephesus; the Walls of Hanging Gardens of Babylon; the Colossus of Rhodes; the Ivory and Gold Statue of Jupiter Olympus; the Pharos, or Watch Tower, built at Alexandria by Ptolemy Philadelphus, King of Egypt. Some one thinks the wonders of the world to-day are the Panama Canal, the Aeroplane, the Submarine, Wireless Telegraphy, the Gramophone, the Telephone, and the Airship.

ENTANGLED IN A ROPE AND KILLED BY HORSES

A despatch from London says: "Death by misadventure" is the verdict at the inquest held at Shorncliffe on Pte. William Fishburn Smith, London, Ont., of the 2nd divisional cavalry, who was killed while leading horses. Smith's leg was caught in a rope with which he was leading the horses, and he lost his balance owing to the horses rearing. He had been studying for the ministry previous to enlistment.

Holland Purchasing Aeroplanes

A despatch from New York says: Lieut.-Commander Henri G. Van Steyn, of the Dutch navy, was one of the arrivals on the steamer Noordam from Rotterdam. He said he held a commission to purchase an unlimited quantity of aeroplanes and hydro-aeroplanes for Holland from American manufacturers. Commander Van Steyn said that all of the machines will be used by Holland as a part of the national defence improvement now being undertaken there.

From Erin's Green Isle

NEWS BY MAIL FROM IRELAND'S GREEN SHORES.

Happenings in the Emerald Isle of Interest to All True Irishmen.

Ireland's subscriptions to the war loan are said to amount to \$60,000,000.

The Derry Harbor Board meeting it was reported that application had been made for \$10,000 of war loan stock.

The Ulster division of Lord Kitchener's army was inspected at Malone, Belfast, by Major-General Sir Hugh McCalmont.

Lance-Corporal R. J. Casement, 1st Field Company Canadian Engineers, has been awarded the D.S.M. for conspicuous gallantry near Ypres.

Typus has broken out in the Dun-gloe district of County Donegal, and six sufferers have been admitted to the fever hospital at Glenties.

Mr. Edward G. Hewson, of Castle Hewson, near Askeaton, was arrested by the constabulary charged with shooting his servant, Ellen Costelloe.

A fresh recruiting appeal to the younger men in the Irish Constabulary has been issued in a circular letter addressed to Irish county inspectors.

The death is announced at Kiltown Athlone, of Michael Coyne, a well-known angler and sportsman. He was aged 106 and retained his faculties to the end.

In the Southern Police Court at Dublin, John Dunne, a plasterer, and his wife, were sent for trial on a charge of murdering a woman named Catherine Byrne.

Inquiries among postal authorities have elicited the fact that applications amounting to \$200,000 have been made for War Loan Stock in the city of Kilkenny.

An outbreak of black leg has occurred on the lands of the Congested District Board near Tursk, and already about twenty beasts have succumbed to the disease.

At a meeting of the City and County of Dublin Recruiting Committee it was stated that an application had been received from the Kingston district to form a "Pals" Platoon.

It is mentioned that Lord Dunraven has placed his residence at Adare, County Limerick, at the disposal of the Lord Lieutenant and his Excellency will take up his residence there shortly.

The decapitated body of one of the crew of the Lusitania was washed ashore near Castlegregory. It was recognized as a Lusitania victim by the name of the liner on the buttons of the clothes.

Lively scenes took place at a meeting of Dublin Corporation during a debate on a resolution demanding that the Home Rule bill should be put into operation for all Ireland on September 17 next.

The death of the oldest man in the County of Wexford, and perhaps in Ireland, has occurred when Geo. Franklin, a farmer, living at Coulamurray, Enniscorthy, passed away at the great age of 110 years.

Intelligence has reached Tralee that Ballinagroun House, the beautiful residence of Major J. MacGillivuddy, Royal Munster Fusiliers, has been completely destroyed by fire. The damage is estimated at \$35,000.

At the inaugural sitting of the Departmental Committee of Inquiry on the question of food production in Ireland, the inquiry took the form—"To consider what steps should be taken by legislation or otherwise for the sole purpose of increasing the production of food in Ireland."

Under the patronage of the Lord Lieutenant and Lady Wimborne, the Lord Mayor of Dublin, the French ambassador and the French Consul, a collection was taken in Dublin in aid of the Irish Hospital, which has been established at the front by Irishwomen for wounded French soldiers.

IT IS A WAR OF MACHINERY.

Powerful Mechanical Organization of the Germans.

Mr. Samuel, the British Postmaster General, speaking at Middlesbrough, England, on the 16th ult., said he had recently been at the front. Sir John French told him that in his view this was a war of machinery, and that undoubtedly was the impression which was brought away by everyone who studied the present campaign. Man for man our soldiers could hold the Germans easily, but it was not the soldiers they had to cope with. It was the artillery, the munitions, and the enormously powerful mechanical organization of the German army that they were up against. In a second speech, Mr. Samuel referred to the success of the War Loan, and stated that a few days ago, apart from the subscriptions which had come through the Bank of England, the people had subscribed through the Post Office—apart from 6s., 10s., and £1 vouchers—fifteen millions. He was now glad to be able to say that the figure had risen to twenty-four million, still excluding the subscriptions through the purchase of script vouchers the figures of which could not yet be tabulated.

At the declaration of war, the British Army comprised 711,500 men, of whom, in Regulars and Reserves, 601,000 were in the British Isles.

Will Lead Force Of South Africa



BRIG.-GENERAL LUKIN, G.M.G.

Has been appointed to command the First Brigade of the South African Union Contingent for the European war. He is Commandant-General of the Cape Colonial Forces, and in the recent campaign in German Southwest Africa commanded the 6th Mounted Brigade. It was to him that General Botha entrusted the taking of the surrender of the German forces.

Fertilizing Fall Wheat

When to Use Artificial Fertilizers and When Not To.

Some people think that fertilizers are all composed of the same ingredients, and as long as they apply something that is called "fertilizer" all will be well, and a bumper crop and bumper profits will result accordingly. There can be no greater mistake than this. Nothing can be worse than this "hit or miss" way of using fertilizers.

Unless a man understands at least a little about the ingredients that go to make up artificial fertilizers he had better leave them alone entirely.

Although we do not know as much about feeding plants as we might, still, experiments with fertilizers have been going on now both by practical farmers and scientists for over thirty years, and the knowledge thus gained is not to be despised.

There are some ten elements required for the proper growth and development of the plant, but usually we only have to supply four of these in manure and artificial fertilizers, as the soil almost always has a superabundance of the other six.

The elements that have to be supplied are lime, nitrogen, phosphoric acid, and potash.

Artificial fertilizers are not usually sold for the lime they contain, as this element can be obtained more cheaply from the lime quarries in the form of ground limestone. Ground limestone should be applied to the soil once every five or six years at the rate of two tons per acre to make up for the quantities that are being continually leached out of the soil.

Nitrogen, when bought in fertilizer, costs about eighteen cents per pound. It stimulates the growth of leaf and stem in the plant, and when used in proper proportion with the other elements of fertility is a very useful ingredient. When too much of it is used on grain crops they grow too tall and lodge. Also when too much nitrogen is used the plant is very apt to be attacked by fungus diseases.

Phosphoric acid is very necessary for the proper filling out of the grain. It hastens the maturity of the plant and has the remarkable property of inducing increased root development.

Potash is required to produce strong straw. Having the property of aiding the formation of starch, it helps considerably to fill out the grain, and it has been observed that plants well supplied with potash are much less liable to be attacked by rust and other diseases.

Different soils differ of course in the amount of these elements they contain. Sandy soils are usually deficient in nitrogen, potash, and phosphoric acid. The roots, on account of the open texture of the soil, can ramify and spread, and phosphoric acid is not so much required as it would be on a soil of closer texture. Potash is the fertilizer sandy soils require most.

On clay soils, on the other hand, phosphoric acid has not only proven to be beneficial because of actual lack of this element, but also because it tends to make the roots spread out, and thus, to a certain extent, counteracts the tenacious nature of the clay. The nature of the soil, then, and the state of its fertility has to be taken into account before fertilizers can be used with any intelligence.

Wheat is a deep-rooted plant and can utilize the phosphoric acid and potash reserves in the soil much better than shallow-rooted plants like oats and barley can.

When fertilizers have not been used before, however, and if the land is not exceptionally fertile, it will be found that an application of about 250 pounds of acid phosphate or basic slag, with about three hundred pounds of wood ashes per acre, will be very beneficial. When fall wheat follows clover or a hay or pasture crop, this application is not so necessary, but after a grain crop the land has not received any fertilizer it should not be neglected.

The fertilizer should be sown, preferably with a machine. There are two kinds of machines on the market: the broadcast machine and the drilling machine that sows the fertilizer with the grain. The broadcast machine is much the most desirable, as if the fertilizer is sown too near the grain, and especially if a heavy dressing is given, there is danger of the young plant being injured. On every farm that has been under cultivation for any considerable time there should be a machine for broadcasting fertilizer. This machine can be used not only for applying special fertilizers like basic slag and acid phosphate, but also for applying the ground limestone.

If one does not feel inclined to invest in a fertilizer machine, the fertilizer can be sown by hand just as seed is sown. To get a good distribution it is necessary to increase the bulk of the fertilizer to at least half a ton per acre before sowing. This is done by mixing it with sand, dry earth, or ashes. By Daniel McKee, B.S.A., in The Canadian Countryman.

At the Four Counties Inn, which lies between Tamworth and Ashby-de-la-Zouche, England, it is possible, without leaving the building, to eat in Leicester, sleep in Staffordshire, drink in Warwickshire, and smoke in Derbyshire.

"Henry," whispered the bride of two hours, "You don't regret marrying me, even yet?" "No, darling," replied Henry. "Not even yet!" The train sped on, and she was happy for another five minutes.

CHILDHOOD DANGERS.

No symptoms that indicate any of the ailments of childhood should be allowed to pass without prompt attention. The little ailment may soon become a serious one and perhaps a little life passes out. If Baby's Own Tablets are kept in the house minor troubles can be promptly cured and serious ones averted. The Tablets can be given to the new-born babe as well as the growing child. Thousands of mothers use no other medicine for their little ones. They are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

PEEPS AT PEOPLE.

Is thirteen an unlucky number? The Germans in South-West Africa must think so, for there are thirteen letters in General L. Botha.

The Chief Rabbi, Dr. Hertz, who has been visiting the Front, is not so well known as his predecessor, the late Dr. Adler, but this disadvantage will disappear in time. He has a horror of being interviewed, which is why his name is so rarely seen in the newspapers.

The actress who possibly feels the deepest interest in the Australian troops is Miss Marie Lohr, Australian-born herself. Her birthplace was Sydney, and her first stage appearance was made there. Her father used to be treasurer of the Opera House, Melbourne.

Very amusing for the dryness of his remarks in the House, Mr. Harry Watt, the broad-shouldered M.P. for the College Division of Glasgow, is the most sartorially resplendent figure in Parliament to-day, with his white Ascot hat, his white spats, and his huge satiny cravat.

Mr. John Buchan, whose fine story of the second battle of Ypres in "The Times" has added largely to his reputation as a writer on the war, achieved the difficult task of inducing Sir Edward Grey and Mr. A. J. Balfour to preside at his lectures on the conflict on separate occasions.

The reason why Mr. Wm. R. Pringle, the very active Scottish M.P., opposed the National Register Bill, is that he believed all the information could have been got from the records of the Insurance Commissioners, and he wanted to save the extra expense. His views may be wrong, but no one doubts his courage.

A statesman whose name you never hear mentioned is Lord Morley, who is a member of the Cabinet when we declared war against Germany. It is his wish during the war, it is understood, to be forgotten. If Mr. John Burns did not attend the House of Commons so regularly, he would, it is to be presumed, suffer the same fate, too.

King Nicholas, the homely monarch of Montenegro, the war chiefs of which received decorations at our hands, has a pleasant wit. To a visitor he once remarked: "When you speak of the few exports of my country, don't forget my daughters"—an allusion to the brilliant marriages they have formed. One daughter, for instance, is married to the King of Serbia.

Black is now the habitual wear of Queen Alexandra, and it becomes her hands, has a pleasant wit. To a visitor he once remarked: "When you speak of the few exports of my country, don't forget my daughters"—an allusion to the brilliant marriages they have formed. One daughter, for instance, is married to the King of Serbia.

Mr. Lucien Wolf, who has been revealing the clumsy attempts of the notorious Count Bernstorff, the German Ambassador in the United States, to influence newspaper opinion in London, is known for his researches into the history of the Rothschild family, and he has added considerably to our knowledge of how the bankers brought the first news of the Battle of Waterloo to this country.

FAMILY FOOD

Crisp, Toothsome, and Requires No Cooking.

A little boy asked his mother to write an account of how Grape-Nuts food had helped his family. She says Grape-Nuts was first brought to her attention where she visited.

"While I was there I used the food regularly. I gained weight and felt so well that when I returned home I began using Grape-Nuts in the family regularly.

"My little 18-months-old baby shortly after being weaned was very ill while teething. She was sick nine weeks, and we tried everything. She became so emaciated that it was painful to handle her, and we thought we were going to lose her. One day a happy thought urged me to try Grape-Nuts soaked in a little warm milk.

"Well, it worked like a charm, and she began taking it regularly, and improvement set in at once. She grew well and round and fat as fast as possible on Grape-Nuts.

"Some time ago several of the family were stricken with La Grippe at the same time, and during the worst stages they could not relish anything in the shape of food but Grape-Nuts and oranges, everything else was nauseating.

"We all appreciate what your famous food has done for our family."

"There's a Reason." Name given by Canadian Postura Co., Windsor, Ont.

LIFT UP THE OLD FLAG.

All hail, Britannia, unconquered for ever,
Thou blest rock of ages enduring for aye;
With loyal devotion that time shall not sever
We'll defend thee like men or fall in the fray.
Then forward and lead the van,
Canadians every man,
Stand proudly to arms with thy face to the foe,
From forest and rolling plain
With pride we will shout again,
For the land of the Maple, yo-ho, lads, yo-ho.

The flag of Britannia, Canadians, remember
Undimmed yet in glory still waves on the breeze,
The boast of the hero that will never surrender
Nor dishonor her name on land or on seas.
We're no cowards to tremble
When the Northmen assemble
O'er the wild field of battle triumphant to go;
As gallies we march along
Every man join the happy song,
For the land of the Maple, yo-ho, lads, yo-ho.

That old British Flag, let us gather round it,
Moor its staff on the rock, fling its folds to the sky.
'Tis the flag of our fathers; in glory we found it,
In glory we'll leave it, or defending we'll die.
Its fame who won't cherish
Let his name ever perish,
To the depths of derision the coward shall go;
While we sing loud the happy strain
Let the hills and rocks ring again,
For the land of the Maple, yo-ho, lads, yo-ho.

Proud ensign of Canada, long may it wave
Over country and King, for our faith and our laws,
As a shield to the weak and a hope to the brave,
Where right is our watchword and honor our cause.
For freedom a thousand years
It has braved, amid hopes and fears,
The arts of the traitor and wiles of the foe.
Come, then, let us shout again
As loyal and noble men,
For the land of the Maple, yo-ho, lads, yo-ho.

St. Marys, Ont.

—WILLIAM JOHNSTON.

ADVANCE WINTER PREPARATIONS.

By A. P. Marshall, Niagara Falls, Canada.

Many blighted hopes for heavy winter results with poultry can be directly traceable to the neglect to furnish or correct early enough things that, while they do not in any way cause trouble, yet when severe conditions begin to appear they catch the flock unprotected and susceptible to disease and unable to withstand the first severe changes when they come.

Birds, therefore, should be early housed in such a way as to prevent any possibilities of contracting disease. All windows should be in place, any cracks to cause drafts should be filled up, and everything that will add to the necessary winter comfort of the birds should be provided, so that when winter really comes along they should be used to the conditions they are to have. If any changes are necessary in the coops, the summer ones are arranged for the better. Hence get accustomed to certain things, and it always bothers them to have any changes made. If a decision can be reached as to the exact arrangement and equipment desired, it is best to have it carried out as early as possible, and get the birds accustomed to all their surroundings, so that they can get well started to business before the worst of the winter begins. If well started, they can be expected to do their best right through the winter.

Now is the time to decide whether a new floor will be put in, whether dirt or sand will be obtained to supply new material for the floor, or what change will be made in the nests, hoppers, roosts, or other inside surroundings. Generally if some careful thought is given the matter in advance, better arrangements will be the result, than if everything is left to the last minute and provided for only when need becomes absolutely imperative.

There are many other ways that provision can be made for the coming winter that will not only prove a saving, but often things can be provided which otherwise might not be readily procurable when one might be willing to do almost anything to secure them. Grain as it is being harvested, green food of a very great variety, and many little farm products that are practically a waste to the farmer can be procured for a song, and the saving and advantage to the birds be

such as to bring bigger results than can be secured any other way.

What must not be forgotten is the culling of the flock to as nearly what are to occupy the coops, and the arrangement of the pens, so that no change will be necessary among the birds. Nothing seems to upset a flock more than the continual changing of the birds, and if it is possible to have the layers and breeders settled well before winter sets in, the increased results will repay for any extra effort or consideration given at this time.

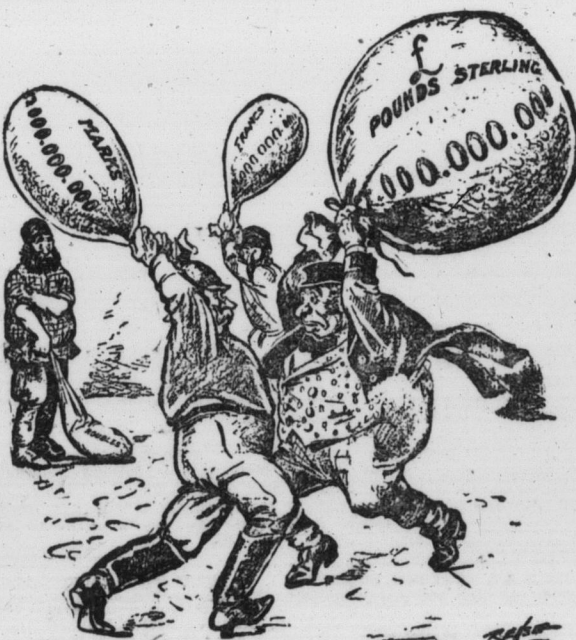
The best birds for breeding should be selected, and any special attention given them now will show later in the chicks. No better time can be found to determine the probable breeding value of the birds than when they are growing, and especially when they begin to reach maturity. By selecting those that keep coming right through, growing vigorously, the whole season through, the best in vitality of the flock's production will be used and the best results can be expected from them as breeders.

The males should be selected as early as possible and given every consideration that will make them mature into vigorous, hearty birds that command all that they preside over. To lose his spirit usually makes a male less valuable as a breeder, and continuous abuse at the hands of another will completely break the spirit of an otherwise good bird. No risk should be run of ruining a particularly good specimen in this way, especially if he is in the least timid, but on the other hand, particular pains should be taken to encourage him to feel that he is cock-of-the-walk, and his development will be so much better, that his services will be very much more than was otherwise possible.

The foregoing are only a very few ideas that present themselves, and merely suggest that it is well about this time to try and think ahead, and placing ourselves in the position of the winter season, think out all the possible requirements that will be possible to arrange for now, and do so, save money, and have things that will be impossible to readily supply without making the cost prohibitive.

Tea Costs More Money.

In a recent issue of the London (Eng.) "Standard" it was stated: "That prices of tea have risen and are now at their highest point for thirty-six years." This reflects the greatly increased cost of tea at the gardens whence the world's supply originates. Tea is undoubtedly costing more throughout the world.



THE WAR OF MONEY BAGS

—From The New York World.

Those Terrible Pangs of Kidney Suffering Can be Cured

Don't give up! You can be cured and made well again. That back-ache and dragging weariness can be stopped for all time. Those sharp attacks when bending over, and that lameness in the morning can also be overcome. Every ache and pain due to kidney weakness will disappear quickly once you start to use Dr. Hamilton's Pills, a marvelous remedy long ago made famous by its strange healing effect upon the kidney and liver. Don't wait till that dragging pain in the loins grows worse. Start the cure to-day. Delay will mean swelled ankles and limbs, sharp rheumatic pains in the muscles and joints, and other painful symptoms as well. If you are always tired, have continuous headache, dizzy spells and spots before the eyes, or ringing noises in the ears, these are common symptoms that warn you of the immediate need of Dr. Hamilton's Pills of Man-frank and Butter. Sold in 25c boxes by all dealers in medicine.

RISKS WITH CHEAP SEED CORN.

Bad germination in seed corn, combined with prolonged cold weather at time of planting, has been the cause of much disappointment this season to ensilage growers. The seed corn growers of south-western Ontario through being unable to find a market for their thoroughly-dried corn of strong vitality. Many samples were taken by seed inspectors, and the investigations made indicate clearly that at least 75 per cent. of the cause for a poor stand can be traced to the ensilage growers buying low-priced seed.

Unfortunately, high-priced seed is not always a guarantee of high quality, but low-priced seed is possible only with corn that has no special care in curing for seed. The farmer who gets \$1.50 per bus. of 70 lbs. on the ear for corn taken out of his corn crib in the spring has more profit than the farmer who receives \$2.50 a bus. of 70 lbs. on the ear for corn that has been kiln-dried or rack-dried in special corn-drying buildings.

If harvested in dry weather and kept in narrow cribs through the winter, the cheap corn may give a fairly satisfactory stand of plants with thick seeding and good soil and weather conditions. But too many farmers have learned to their sorrow the very serious risk they take in using corn wintered in this way. It is always advisable for growers to procure seed corn on the ear, as during moist weather shell corn in transportation or storage will absorb moisture and mold within a very few days, thus destroying its vitality.—Seed Branch, Ottawa.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, Etc.

Liked the Eats.
"Did the new cook come this morning?"
"Dropped in about 12."
"How do things seem to suit her?"
"Well, she liked the lunch I gave her so well that she has agreed to stay for dinner."

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.
Dear Sirs,—I had a Bleeding Tumor on my face for a long time and tried a number of remedies without any good results. I was advised to try MINARD'S LINIMENT, and after using several bottles it made a complete cure, and it healed all up and disappeared altogether.

DAVID HENDERSON.
Belleisle Station, Kings Co., N.B., Sept. 17, 1904.

Grateful.

Mr. Bullion Bag (to Count Spaghetti, about to marry his daughter)—See here, count, let me give you a tip.

Count Spaghetti (holding out his hand)—Thank you, sare.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.

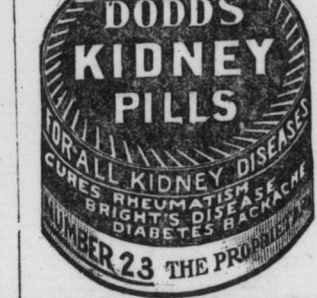
Using a Shovel.
The foreman of a large iron works was short of laborers, and, as a last resort, went to an old tramp who was lying asleep beside one of the furnaces, and roused him with the question:

"I say, my man, are you wanting work?"

"What kind of work?" asked the tramp.

"Can you do anything with a shovel?"

"Yes," replied the tramp, rubbing his eyes. "I could fry a piece of ham on it."



ED. 7.

ISSUE 37—15.

NO REFUND OF WAR TAX.

A matter of importance to the public and the railways has been settled by the Government. A nice point has been raised as to the possibility of refund of the war tax in case a person should change his or her mind in regard to the contemplated trip by train or boat. If the railways insisted upon the tax in such cases of changed intention, it was altogether likely that the public would set them down as extortioners.

Accordingly the railways submitted the questions to the Government—what should be done in case unused tickets presented for refund to agent before the train starts; to agent or general office after train departs; the same or some following day; in the case of passenger tickets; in the case of parlor car tickets; in the case of steamship tickets. The answer which the railways received was as follows:

There can be no refund of the tax under any circumstances. Once the ticket is sold and the tax collected, it is as though it were in the Dominion coffers and nothing but an act of Parliament can get it out again. It was explained by the Dominion authorities that in order to prevent the confusion that would arise in applying literally the millions of tax stamps that would have been required on railway tickets and the consequent difficulties which would have ensued owing to delay in affixing and cancellation of stamps, the present method had been adopted, and that as none of the public could have reasonably expected a refund on a stamp that had been affixed and cancelled, if ticket were refunded upon, so also no refund may be expected wherever a tax had been collected, and the ticket unused and refunded upon. In other words, the act of purchase of the ticket in accordance with the Tax Act is a completed transaction so far as the collection of the tax is concerned, and under no circumstances as the law now stands could it be refunded. To make a refund of the tax possible a special act would have to be passed by parliament.

Getting It Straight.

Husband—You spend altogether too much money.
Wife—Not at all! The trouble is you don't make enough.

Corns Instant Relief Drop Out

Paint on Putnam's Corn Extractor to-night, and come feel better in the morning. Magical the way "Putnam's" eases the pain, destroys the roots, kills a corn for all time. No pain. Cure guaranteed. Get a 25c bottle of "Putnam's" Extractor to-day.

Close Distinction.

"What is your reason for thinking your party ought to be successful next election?"
"I didn't say it ought to be successful," replied Senator Sorghum firmly. "I said it is going to be."

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

A Mystery.
"Joan of Arc was a spinster; was she not?"
"Yes; why?"
"Oh, I was just wondering how she got her armor buttoned up the back."

LOW FARES TO THE CALIFORNIA EXPOSITIONS VIA CHICAGO & NORTH WESTERN RAILWAY.

Four splendid equipped daily trains from the New Passenger Terminal—Chicago to San Francisco, Los Angeles and San Diego. Choice of scenic and direct routes through the best of the West. Something to see all the way. Double track, automatic electric safety signals all the way. Let us plan your trip and furnish folders and full particulars. Ask for free booklet "Highlights of some of the Forty Ways and More to the California Exposition." It will save you time and money. B. H. Bennett, G.A. 46 Yonge Street, Toronto, Ont.

Safe Conjecture.

Tramp—"Please, mum, I'm a Belgian refugee."
Lady—"Are you? Mention a town in Belgium."
Tramp (cogitating a moment)—"I would, mum, but they have all been destroyed."

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere.

Count your blessings and you will have no time to think of disagreeable things.

Gorillas build nests among the branches of trees, in which the mother and young ones sleep, whilst the father sleeps at the foot of the tree, mounting guard over his family.



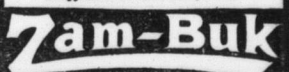
The Freedom of the City of London can be purchased for about £28.

Archimedes once arranged a number of mirrors so as to bring the rays of the sun to a point called a focus, which means a hearth. The heat thus gathered from the sunshine is said to have been sufficient to set fire to the Roman ships, which were besieging the harbor of Syracuse.

FALL SKIN SORES

When troubled with fall rashes, eczema, or any skin disease apply Zam-Buk!

Surprising how quickly it eases the smarting and stinging! Also cures cuts, burns, sores and piles. Zam-Buk is made from purest herbs. No animal fats—no mineral poisons. Finest healer! Druggists and Stores Everywhere.



NEWSPAPERS FOR SALE.

PROFIT-MAKING NEWS AND JOB Offices for sale in good Ontario towns. The most useful and interesting of all businesses. Full information on application to Wilson Publishing Company, 73 West Adelaide St., Toronto.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, ETC. Internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bellman Medical Co., Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

DIRK'S RED MITE KILLER

One application KILLS all Mites and prevents their reappearance during the season. Keeps fowls free from body lice. Makes poultry legs bright & clean. Keeps hard, rusty and sweats free from ants. Reduces will give no trouble where used. Write for money—our special trial. Free Booklet free. Marshall & Marshall, Niagara Falls, Ont.



AUTUMN ANNOUNCEMENT J. N. CURRIE & CO.

IMPORTANT FACTS WORTH CONSIDERING

For several seasons past it has been your intention to write personal letters advising friends of the most opportune time to visit the store to make fall purchases. As The Transcript reaches so many we adopt this means of reaching you.

We want you at a time when you can see the most complete stocks before the most desirable articles, patterns, colors, etc., are sold out.

We would like this announcement to reach people, particularly from distant points, who perhaps have not bought from us and who may not know what large stocks we handle or the up-to-date styles our department carries.

We are sure we can add to our growing list of customers and friends of this store if we can induce them to once inspect the styles and qualities we are showing for the autumn season.

You are undoubtedly thinking at this time of the year that you may have to invest in a New Suit, an Overcoat, a New Dress, Tailored Suit or Furnishings.

In sizing up our stock as it now stands we come to the conclusion that we can give you the utmost in style-value and also fabrics and tailoring that will give sterling service so that a garment bought at this store is about the best "garment investment" you can make.

J. N. CURRIE & CO.

As you probably know, this store is headquarters for the Famous 20th Century Clothes, which name in itself is a guarantee for quality and style, and our stocks for fall and winter are now at their best.

Princess Garments for ladies have a dominion reputation. We are showing this week a splendid assortment of the Correct Coats for this season.

Stanfield's Underwear for Men.—Notwithstanding the advance of from 25¢ to 50¢ in price of the finer grades of Nova Scotia Wool, the same weight and exactly the same quality standard will be kept. With few exceptions our prices will be same as former seasons. Owing to our early buying alone could we do this.

Watson's Celebrated Underwear for Women.—Since receiving our big fall stock of Watson's Underwear we have received notices showing decided advances in price, with the additional warning that they expected further advances and would not under any circumstances deliver any further orders except at prevailing price at time of shipping. Thus the advisability of our customers making early purchases. We are anxious to add you to our list of satisfied customers. Our customers appreciate the care we exercise in selecting only worthy merchandise.

Bowser's Dead Friend

He Comes Back to Earth in
the Form of a Dog.

By M. QUAD.
Copyright, 1915, by the McClure
Newspaper Syndicate.

Mr. Bowser smoked and read. Then he chuckled the paper away and talked to the cat.

Then he hummed the air of a song. Then he looked at the clock.

Then he rose up and stretched and yawned.

What he would have done next cannot be told, as the mournful howl of a dog came from the street to cause Mrs. Bowser to exclaim:

"Mercy on me, but go out and drive that beast away!"

"By George, but that's a curious coincidence!" exclaimed Mr. Bowser as he got up.

"It was reading a long article on transmigration, and here a dog comes howling in front of my door."

"I don't see any curious coincidence about it," replied Mrs. Bowser. "If you had been reading a long article about Noah and his ark the dog would have come just the same. Please go out and club him away!"

"I'll do nothing of the sort. How can we tell that the soul of some of our dead friends has not passed into that dog and returned to the earth again?"

"Nonsense!"

"You may sneer and sneer, but there are thousands who believe in transmigration. I'm almost a believer myself."



THERE WAS A MIXUP FOR A FEW SECONDS.

Hear that howl? There's something about it to remind me of the voice of some one who I have known. I won't do any driving away until I've had a look at the animal."

Mr. Bowser put on his hat and passed out. The dog sat at the gate and was getting ready for another howl, but choked it off into a whine as the door opened.

As no clubs were thrown or cuss words used he made bold to jump the fence and enter the yard. He was a long, lank, ill-used bantam dog who had evidently cut loose from home and was feeling around the country.

Mr. Bowser was about to utter a yell and scare the canine out of a year's growth when Mrs. Bowser spoiled it all by opening the door and demanding:

"Well, why don't you drive him away, or has he turned out to be an old friend of yours?"

Mr. Bowser snapped his fingers, and as the dog came trotting up the steps he was ushered into the hall and through to the sitting room. The family cat was lying under a chair and seemed asleep, but it didn't take her over the thousandth part of a second to wake up and light on that intruder.

There was a mixup for a few seconds, during which Mrs. Bowser ran upstairs. Mr. Bowser got a chair, and cat and dog rolled over each other on the floor. Then the cat flew upstairs after Mrs. Bowser, and the dog sat down and looked at Mr. Bowser and waited for further instructions.

"What on earth did you do that for?" called Mrs. Bowser from the head of the stairs.

"Because I'm going to give this dog a show," answered Mr. Bowser. "I'm going to give him something to eat and then study him."

It happened to be the cook's night off or there would have been a riot in the kitchen. As it was, Mr. Bowser cleared the pantry for the dog, and when there was nothing more to eat he returned to the sitting room. Mrs. Bowser came down just then to say:

"I never heard of such a silly thing in all my life. Why don't you turn him out?"

"Let me tell you something," replied Mr. Bowser. "There's a familiar look about that dog's face. There's an expression about the mouth which awakes a memory. Say, now, but just as true as you live one of the best friends I ever knew had just such an expression! Upon my word, I believe the soul of Will Baker, who died two years ago, has passed into this dog!"

"Then it had better pass out again. I'll open the door and you jump at him."

"I'll do nothing of the kind. That expression almost clinches my belief in transmigration. Suppose it should be the soul of my friend come back to earth again? See him look at me!

Why, woman, that dog seems to understand every word I say!"

"Well, you can talk over old times with him, and I'll go upstairs," replied Mrs. Bowser. "If he suddenly runs mad and bites you don't blame any one but yourself."

"It's queer, mighty queer," mused Mr. Bowser after a long study of the dog's face. "That is Will Baker's mouth to a dot. If he comes back to earth in the form of a dog I'll not go back on him. A dog can't talk, but if this is poor Will there ought to be some way of making sure of it. Doggie!"

The dog didn't wait for him to finish. He lifted his head and indulged in a long drawn howl which made things rattle.

"For heaven's sake, but what is going on down there?" shouted Mrs. Bowser.

"The dog howled. I was going to ask him if the soul of Will Baker had returned to earth in this form when he—"

There was another howl. It was louder and longer than the other, and there was something so uncanny about it that Mr. Bowser found chills racing up and down his back. He determined to turn the soul of Will Baker into the street forthwith, but he instantly discovered an obstruction in his path.

The soul objected—that is, the dog stood firmly planted on his feet before him and not only howled again, but finished up with a menacing growl and a vigorous scratching of the carpet with all four feet.

"What is it now?" shouted Mrs. Bowser.

"The blame can't won't let me move! I believe he's going mad! You'd better open a front window and yell for the police!"

"We don't want to arouse the whole neighborhood and have them laughing at you. If that's the soul of your dearest friend he'll go out if you'll ask him to. Is the expression of the mouth the same as it was?"

"It's a heap worse! Can't you slip down and open the front door?"

Mrs. Bowser said she'd try it, but she didn't. The dog decided to take a view of the second story and made a start. She heard him coming and had just time to reach her bedroom and shut the door when he banged against it. He tore around for a minute or two and then got downstairs and drove Mr. Bowser on to the lounge and stood before him and growled and chuckled and gurgled in a way to freeze the blood. It was evident that the soul of Will Baker had shut his eyes and felt his helplessness when the family cat came to his rescue. She had been licked in the fight, but she had been taken by surprise and hadn't a fair show.

Burning to recover her lost laurels after hiding for fifteen minutes under the bed, she had sneaked downstairs, and all of a sudden she landed on the dog's back. The soul of Mr. Bowser's old chum was both pained and surprised at the sharpness of her teeth and the length of her claws. He made two turns around the sitting room, three around the parlor, and then there was a smash, a crash and a howl.

With the cat clinging to his back and putting in ten hours a day the dog had taken a header through a parlor window, and the Bowsters were saved.

"And this," said Mrs. Bowser as she got downstairs and found Mr. Bowser pale faced and trembling and his knees bending under him—"this is transmigration, is it?"

"I thought—I thought"—he stammered, but she pointed to the broken window and interrupted:

"Yes, I know, and that's the result of it! You'd better let souls and dogs and transmigration alone and find some boards to nail over it till tomorrow!"

Mr. Bowser tried to work up a bluff and save his dignity, but it was a vain effort. There was a feeling as if a cold iron was being moved up and down his spine, and the wobble of his knees took his breath away.

Unfair.

Jinkers—No use talking; there's something wrong with civilization. Things must be reformed. Patience has ceased to be a virtue.

Blinkers—What's happened?

Jinkers—Here I'm assessed \$1 dog tax for a miserable little two-cent cur that my boy picked up somewhere, while my rich neighbor with a \$500 thoroughbred does not have to pay a penny more.—New York Weekly.

Explaining an Escape.

"Were you ever among cannibals?" asked Miss Silligal.

"Yes," replied the constant traveler. "And they didn't have you for dinner?"

"Certainly not! Let me see, I met some cannibals just before Easter."

"Oh, I see. How lucky for you that you met them during Lent!"—Washington Star.

Chip.

"Women are the spice of life."

"That's the time you said something."

"And life without spice would be—"

"Spice? I thought you said spice!" replied the man whose wife had found a poker chip in his pocket.—Houston Post.

He'd Raise Them.

Mathematical Professor—How do you make V equal X?

Sportsy Stude—If I only knew I wouldn't be broke so often.—St. Louis Republic.

He Didn't Go to Levee Lane.

"In the gloaming, oh, my darling, meet me, sure, 'twixt eight and nine!"

"I went hunting for the gloaming—"

"And I shouted, 'This is fine!'"

"But at midnight I was frantic. Vainly I looked for her face. I went hunting for the gloaming—"

"Blessed if I could find the place! Philadelphia Ledger.

Utilizes every heat unit. Flues arranged so heat is forced to travel over top of oven in

McClary's Pandora

Range down behind it and twice under the bottom before escaping to chimney. See the McClary dealer.*

Sold by Jas. Wright & Son



No more Dyspepsia for Us!

There isn't a member of the family need suffer from indigestion, sick headaches, biliousness, fermented stomach, etc., if he or she will take Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. They cleanse the stomach and bowels and stimulate the liver to healthy activity and tone up the whole system. Take one at night and you're RIGHT in the morning.

All druggists, 25c, or by mail from Chamberlain Medicine Company, Toronto, 16

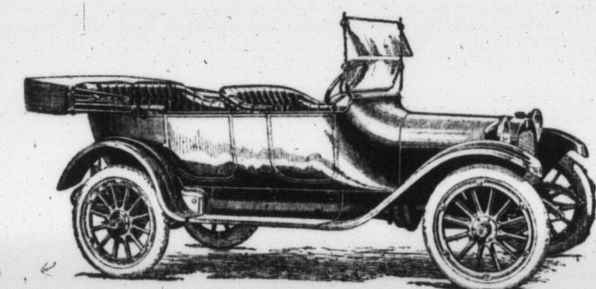
CHAMBERLAIN'S TABLETS

DODGE BROTHERS MOTOR CAR

The moment your foot touches the accelerator you begin to realize that not even the unusual specifications have given you an adequate idea how good the car really is

Its instantaneous responsiveness—the ease with which it gets under way—the abundance of power—the pronounced gliding sensation—the steadiness at high speed—the freedom from gear-shifting—these are qualities which no list of specifications can reveal

The wheelbase is 110 inches
The price of the car complete is \$785
f. o. b. Detroit



Wm. McCallum, Dealer, Glencoe
TELEPHONE: Residence 95 + 2; Office 88

"STUDEBAKER"

Announces a 7-passenger
40 h. p. FOUR at \$1195

—the FIRST 7-passenger car at less than \$1,500—and the best 4-cylinder car, without exception, that Studebaker ever built.

Never before have you been able to buy so large or so powerful a car as this at such a LOW price. And never before has Studebaker produced a car that so completely represented its unequalled resources and manufacturing facilities.

GEO. A. PARROTT, AGENT - GLENGOE

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic, all Teething Troubles and Diarrhoea. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, assimilates the Food, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years
The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.



The man in search of a Touch of Newness will find it in these Shirts.

Complete line of GENTS' FURNISHINGS

Style and Quality
of the best.

New Fall and Winter Suitings

Come in and get your
Clothing hand-tailored to
your measure. Fit,
workmanship and style
guaranteed.

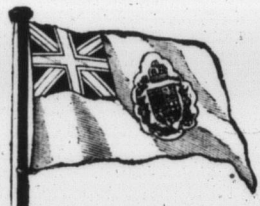
TOMLINSON

The Shop For Men, Glencoe

The Transcript

Published every Thursday morning from THE TRANSCRIPT BUILDING, Main Street, Glencoe, Ontario. Subscription: to addresses in Canada and all points in the British Empire, \$1.00 per year; to addresses in the United States, \$1.50 per year—payable in advance. ADVERTISING.—The Transcript has a large and constantly growing circulation. A limited amount of advertising will be accepted, at moderate rates. Prices on application. JOB PRINTING.—The Jobbing Department has superior equipment for turning out promptly books, pamphlets, circulars, posters, blank forms, programmes, cards, envelopes, office and wedding stationery, etc. Address all communications and make remittances payable to A. E. SUTHERLAND.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1915.



THE CALL TO ARMS

Every fit young Canadian should be in khaki.

The need of the Empire for your services was never greater.

Britain's war is Canada's war and Canadians must share in its results.

Every male German over the age of 17 is compelled to perform military duty.

Every Canadian owes a similar duty to his country and to the Empire. He is expected to do the duty voluntarily, and the time is now.

Conscription has been a hateful word to all Britishers. It depends upon how those of military age come forward in this supreme crisis whether conscription will be necessary or not.

A recruiting officer will be at the McKellar House, Glencoe, Thursday, September 9th.

WHAT DO YOU INTEND TO DO?

Military Exercises at Western.

By kind permission of Col. Shannon and the co-operation of the officers in charge, the battalions now in training at Carling's Heights will take a very prominent part in the Western Fair this year.

Tuesday, Sept. 14, will be Military Day. Both infantry battalions will take part, also the 29th Field Battery and the Field Ambulance Depot. Arriving at the grounds early in the afternoon, accompanied by their bands, they will give a march past and general salute before the grand stand. This will be followed by a program of manoeuvres.

A liberal per centage of the gate receipts in excess of other years will be donated for patriotic purposes.

On Wednesday and Thursday, at 4 o'clock each afternoon, the whole battalion will march to the grounds, accompanied by their bands, and give the march past and the general salute before the grand stand.

Your Asthma, too. The efficacy of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy is not something that is merely to be hoped for; it is to be expected. It never fails to bring relief, and in your own individual case it will do the same.

So universal has been the success of this far-famed cure that every one afflicted with this disease owes it to himself to try it.

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Big Value in Men's Suits
Men's Straw Hats
Men's Underwear
Men's Furnishings
Linoleum
Lace Curtains
Curtain Nets
Crepe Dress Goods
Voile Dress Goods
Ladies' Underwear
Whitewear
Ladies' Waists
Ladies' Fancy Furnishings

SEE THE BIG VALUE IN MEN'S SUMMER SHIRTS
HIGHEST PRICES FOR BUTTER AND EGGS.

CHAS. DEAN

MRS. W. A. CURRIE

MILLINERY PARLORS

SYMES STREET,
GLENCOE

WARDSVILLE
ONTARIO

RAILWAY AND POSTAL GUIDE.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Main Line.

Eastbound—No. 12, mail and express to London and intermediate points, 8:27 a. m.; No. 11, express to London and intermediate points, 9 a. m.; No. 10, Eastern Flyer, for Toronto, Montreal, etc., 9:26 p. m.; No. 19, local accommodation to London, 10:10 p. m.; Westbound—No. 13, local mail and express, 7:30 a. m.; No. 31, way freight and passenger, 8:15 a. m.; No. 15, express from London and points east for Detroit, 12:25 p. m.; No. 15, local mail and express, 6:27 p. m.; No. 15, International Limited, from Toronto and east for Detroit, 9:51 p. m.

Wabash and Air Line.

Eastbound—No. 32, mixed, local points to St. Thomas, 9:35 a. m.; No. 2, Wabash, 12:30 p. m.; No. 24, way freight and passenger to St. Thomas, 4:20 p. m.; Westbound—No. 33, way freight, St. Thomas to Glencoe, 9 a. m.; No. 33, mixed, local points, St. Thomas to Glencoe, 2:30 p. m.; No. 3, express, 8:28 p. m.

No. 2 and No. 3, Sundays included.

Kingcourt Branch.

Leave Glencoe for Alvinston, Petrolia, etc., connecting for Sarnia, Tunnel and points west, No. 36, mixed, 7:30 a. m.; No. 17, passenger, 3:10 p. m.; No. 37, mixed, 6:40 p. m.

Arrive at Glencoe—No. 18, passenger, 7:30 a. m.; No. 19, express, 2:45 a. m.; No. 34, mixed, 8:15 p. m.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Eastbound—No. 634, Sundays included, 12:27 p. m.; No. 62, G.T.R. East, 9:00 a. m.; G.T.R. West, 6 p. m.; London and East, 2:40 p. m.; and 7 p. m.

Westbound—No. 671, 8:57 a. m.; No. 633, Sundays included, 5:27 p. m.

GLENCOE POST-OFFICE.

Mails closed—G.T.R. East, 9:00 a. m.; G.T.R. West, 6 p. m.; London and East, 2:40 p. m.; and 7 p. m.

Mails received—London and East, 8 a. m.; G.T.R. East, 7 p. m.; G.T.R. West, 6:45 a. m.

CANADIAN PACIFIC S. S. LINE

Donaldson S. S. Line
Allan S. S. Line
White Star S. S. Line
Royal S. S. Line

Tickets issued both outward and prepaid for the above lines.

R. CLANAHAN—Ticket Agent
GLENCOE

As a matrimonial bait, however, a dip in a girl's cheek is worth more to her than a cooking school diploma.

Say, there, Mister!

Attended to Your Fall Shoe Wants Yet?

We know you have not and we are glad because we know we can give you the biggest bargains in Footwear you ever received.

We have Light Shoes for Sunday and best wear and Heavy Shoes for working. They are all worth more money than we ask for them, but that is our funeral.

You come in with the \$\$\$\$ and we'll guarantee to satisfy you.

Prices from \$3.50 to \$5

Modern Shoe Repair Store

MAIN STREET

a number of men on the street who could tell, but they are not so numerous now.

The Red Cross Society of Burns Church, Moss, realized \$31 on the sale of badges at the annual picnic on Labor Day.

The Methodist church will be tastefully decorated next Sunday for the annual harvest home services, and excellent music will be rendered by the choir.

Labor Day, Monday, was rather a dull holiday owing to wet weather. A few of our people went to the races at Bothwell and others to the Kilmartin picnic.

The ladies of the Methodist church are having their annual harvest home services preached next Sunday by Rev. Humphrey Graham, of London. Hear him.

The next big attraction will be the Glencoe Fair, Sept. 28th and 29th. Prize lists may be had from the secretary, R. W. McKellar, or at the office of the Transcript.

Mrs. Jane Patterson, of Dunwich, celebrated her 95th birthday on August 18th, when her friends assembled at her home to extend their congratulations and good wishes.

There seems to be no end to the hay-making season. Starting six or seven weeks ago there was still on Sept. 1st some hay to be gathered in. This is one of the rainiest seasons on record.

From Thursday, Sept. 9th, up to and including Sept. 16th, we will sell the large size \$2.00 cotton blankets at \$1.35 per pair. One week only. Move quick. Get the winter supply.—Chas. Dean.

You will need to be on time next Sunday, at the Methodist church, if you wish to share the benedictions of the harvest home services. Good music by the choir and good addresses by Rev. H. Graham, of London, 78-1.

The New York World is of opinion that the United States ought to have a day of prayer to give thanks that Theodore Roosevelt is not President of the nation. The Toronto Mail and Empire think Germany should, too.

Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Walker celebrated the tenth anniversary of their marriage on Monday evening, when a large gathering of friends and neighbors were entertained at their home. Many useful presents were bestowed upon Mr. and Mrs. Walker.

Punch has a good one for the pessimist. A pessimist and an optimist are conversing, and the former remarks: "I'm sure this is going to be a last five years." To which the other replies: "Why not say fifty and thoroughly enjoy yourself?" There's the point.

Stovepipes should be thoroughly cleaned of soot before being used in the autumn, not only as a precaution against fire, but because the soot acts as an insulation, and keeps the pipe cool. Instead of the heat radiating from the stove pipe, it is carried up the chimney and wasted.

The Forest Free Press says:—Miss Clara Trusler was in town Monday on her way from Glencoe to Leamington to resume teaching. She spent the holidays in Glencoe at the home of her sister, Mrs. Twiss, where her sister, Miss Adeline Trusler, nurse, has also been in attendance.

The firemen had a call about seven o'clock on Tuesday evening when fire was discovered in the old American Hotel building, now owned by G. A. McAlpine and occupied by him as a grain and feed store and by tenants as living quarters. It is with the chemical extinguisher put the fire out before much damage was done.

In connection with the Western Fair the C. P. R. will run a special train from Chatham and intermediate points to London at 11:15 a. m. and 10, leaving Glencoe at 9:35 a. m. and returning leaving London at 10:40 p. m. The special excursion tickets issued on account of the fair will be good on regular as well as special trains.

In order to help the Junior Red Cross Society in its work the Moving Picture Co. have kindly offered their show once a month. They are using only good films, and are readings, etc., between the films. Next Red Cross date, 18th inst. They assure good value for the price of admission, 25 and 15 cents. Watch for program next week.

It is said that a recent small fire originated from a dustless mop. The mop after being used was stored in a clothes closet, and it is supposed that a heated spot produced a condition favorable to spontaneous combustion. This may have been the cause of the fire and it may not, but, however, it is a reminder that the dustless mop should be cleaned after use and stored in a safe place.

"Fancied security is Hell's opportunity," quotes a writer in an exchange, in pointing out that, in order to awaken Canadians to the danger of the German menace, it will be necessary for the next few years to turn the peninsula into a little Belgium. And he wisely urges the need of constantly drilling home guards, a practice which, since the first months of the war, unfortunately, has fallen into disuse.

A traveller writes:—Rural mail delivery is enjoyed in the townships of your fair country and is proving a great convenience to the farmers, but many posts and boxes are placed too near the road and are very dangerous to the travelling public driving or walking after dark. The arm that holds the box would be a bad thing to come in contact with, and there has been some close calls. Many of them could be placed closer to the ditch and be convenient for the mail carriers.

It is urgently requested that the ladies of Glencoe and surrounding country each contribute at least one pint jar, or more if possible, of canned or preserved fruit of any kind, to the fruit shower to be held Saturday afternoon, Sept. 11th, in the town hall from 2 to 6 o'clock. There it will be packed and forwarded to Red Cross headquarters. This food is much needed by our Canadian soldiers, and by each lady sparing a little from the family supply a goodly box can be sent from this vicinity. Every lady Canadian woman, old and young, rich and poor, is expected to help in our Red Cross work, and we earnestly hope that this appeal will meet with a most generous response from each individual housekeeper.

Rev. Dr. Dugald Currie, of Beaver-ton, gave a patriotic address in the Presbyterian church on Sunday evening, reviewing the circumstances which led to the war and showing unmistakably Britain's just cause for entering the conflict. He urged young men to enlist and assist in bringing the war and enjoying the triumph of the righteous cause of the allies. Dr. Currie's only son is now at the front.

Wouldn't it be a good idea to have a few machine guns right here at home to establish a business at Merlin, in the event of hostilities between that country and Germany? The United States could not prevent the American zeppelins crossing over, nor prevent us after they did come. So it might be a good thing to do a little preparing so that we would not be utterly helpless whatever transpired.

A. F. Johnston, who is leaving Glencoe to establish a business at Merlin, was presented with a past master's jewel by the members of Glencoe I. O. O. F. lodge at their regular meeting on Tuesday evening. Afterwards at the home of the young men of the town further honored Mr. Johnston by presenting him with a Masonic ring. Mr. Johnston has been one of Glencoe's most highly esteemed citizens and he will be a great loss to our people generally in his new undertaking.

A correspondent of the Strathroy Age writes:—Last week, Carson York, station agent in Essex, near Windsor, who Mrs. York and their son, motored to Wardsville and, leaving the boy with relatives, there picked up Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Fitzpatrick and Mrs. O'Hara and son, then came on and enjoyed a most pleasant visit with Mr. and Mrs. York, Scott St., returning to Wardsville the same evening. Quite different that from experience of the bride in Aldboro, who, as wedding tour, tramped through the brush fifty miles to her new home. Verily the world do move. Or is it owing to the war?

The Red Cross Circle wish the ladies of Glencoe, Appin, Melbourne, Ekfrid, Glenora, The Coveville, Wardsville, Newbury, Kilmartin and the surrounding townships to send in tried recipes in any line of cooking, with name of sender attached, to Miss Tena Elliott, Glencoe, not later than Wednesday of next week (Sept. 15). A number of the recipes will be chosen with a view to economy, thereby fitting them for use during the stress of hard times, and will be published in book form and sold for the benefit of the Red Cross fund. A prompt response from each and every housekeeper will be greatly appreciated.

The Dominion Government officially announces that the appeal for machine guns has brought in offers aggregating over two million dollars and that it now has funds for all the machine guns that can possibly be secured or used for some months to come. Senator Longheed, Acting Minister of Militia, in making the above announcement makes an appeal for funds to be raised by voluntary subscription, and to be applied through the Military Hospital Commission towards augmenting the pensions to disabled soldiers, providing them with additional physical comforts and assisting them into normal and appropriate forms of gainful employment.

Since the imposition of the war tax on letters and postcards the volume of mail matter posted in Canada has decreased by about 50 per cent. The war tax was expected to add a little more than 50 per cent. to the post-office revenue, but in consequence of the economy practiced by the public in the matter of saving on letters and post cards and the higher rate, the increase has been considerably less than anticipated. For the first four months of the operation of the war tax the department's revenue has increased by \$1,000,000 or about 30 per cent. as compared with the corresponding period of last year. The large part of this increase, however, is due to the sale of stamps for cheques, money orders, etc.

Make your rural house beautiful. Lay out spacious grounds around the farm house, plant shade trees, lay gravel roads and plant flowers. Don't lay up all your net earnings for the winter, but spend some of it in beautifying your home. The farmer who always shuts his eyes to the aesthetic features of his life and screws himself down to the fact that the trees are not overdone, and the biggest portion, too, of his existence. His home should be an attraction to himself, to his wife, and above all to his children. Unpleasant hours in too many instances drive the sons of farmers to the towns, to excitement and dissipation and to wreck. Such sons do not generally leave pleasant homes.—Ex.

Official Fruit Bulletin
FRUIT BRAND—Dept. of Agriculture, Lombard and Gage Plums are now in their prime. Canning and preserving should not be postponed. The quality this year is high in both peaches and plums, due to the fact that the trees are now overdone. Crawford and Elberta peaches are now arriving. They are the best product of our Canadian orchards and are supreme, both for eating and preserving. Plenty of canned or pressed peaches and plums means good health all winter. By perfectly sterilizing the bottles and fruit, no sugar is needed. There is health, economy and luxury for those who act promptly. Phone or call on your grocer and have him book your order in advance.

PERSONAL MENTION
Evan McCall spent over Sunday at his home here.

—Harry and Leslie Hicks were in London on Labor Day.

—Russell Stevenson was home from London for the holiday.

—Miss Sadie Currie was home from Windsor over the holiday.

—Miss Bessie Cowan is leaving for Toronto to train for a nurse.

—G. M. Haldane, of Strathroy, spent Sunday and Monday at A. J. Wright's.

—R. J. F. Aldred and son Arnold spent a few days in Toronto this week.

—Mrs. J. A. Mitchell, of Iona, spent last week with her sister, Mrs. Duncan McCallum.

—M. L. Farrell and son Lloyd spent Labor Day with Mr. Farrell's father in Tupperville.

—Mr. and Mrs. A. B. McDonald and Earl and Margaret were at Toronto Fair last week.

—Mrs. Cleve Adams, of Detroit, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Precious.

—Morley Farrell spent the week-end at his home here, returning to London Monday evening.

—Mrs. James H. Stevenson and son Mertie, of Fergus, spent the week-end at J. N. Sexsmith's.

—Thomas Besley, of Detroit, spent a couple of days this week with his sister, Mrs. J. W. Smith.

—Mrs. E. Campbell, of Walkers, is attending Glencoe high school, having entered the second form.

—Dr. D. P. McPhail and Mr. Hardy, of Highgate, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Duncan McCallum.

—Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Johnston, of Millmay, are spending their holidays at the home of William Innes.

—Miss Marion Innes has returned after spending a week attending the millinery openings in Toronto.

—Miss Mollie Tait has returned home after spending a couple of weeks at St. Thomas and Port Stanley.

—Mrs. C. J. Caruthers and children have returned home to Plymouth, Mich., after visiting relatives here.

—Miss Irene Smith, of Windsor, spent Sunday and Monday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. O. Smith.

—George and Isabel McCracken spent Labor Day with their grandparents, Mrs. McVicar, at Wardsville.

—Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Stinson and two children, of Smith's Falls, spent a few days at the home of F. G. Humphries.

—Mr. and Mrs. M. S. Andress and daughter, St. Thomas, are on a trip to Quebec, Montreal and the Thousand Islands.

—Mr. and Mrs. Ghent, of Belleville, have been spending a week with Mr. Ghent's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Thompson.

—Dr. and Mrs. Harvey and two daughters and Miss McKay, of Norwich, spent the week-end with Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Currie.

—A. V. McPhail, of the Royal Bank staff, Sudbury, and Laura McPhail, of Alvinston, spent Labor Day with Mr. and Mrs. D. McCallum.

—Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Lyons and children, of London, were holiday visitors at the home of Mrs. Lyons' brother, G. H. Singleton.

—Mrs. J. A. McLachlan left on Wednesday via G. T. R. and Northern Navigation Co. to spend a few weeks with her sister in Sault Ste. Marie.

—Mrs. C. J. Caruthers and children, of Plymouth, and Miss Hazel Eddie, of Glencoe, visited Mrs. W. Welch, West Lorne, also Mrs. John Newburg, Alliance, last week.

—Mr. and Mrs. D. Anderson, of Olean, N. Y., and Mrs. David Cooper, of Detroit, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Sutherland. Mr. and Mrs. Anderson are on a motor trip to Detroit.

SPECIAL NOTICES
Cash for eggs.—G. A. McAlpine, 187 Old papers for sale at the Transcript office.

New fall millinery just arrived at Mayhew's.
Best Manitoba flour for sale at McLachlan's Bakery. 90¢
For sale—8 pigs, seven weeks old.—Elijah Shaw, Woodgreen. 78¢

For sale—several small pigs.—Mrs. A. R. McKenzie, Alliance. 78-2
Butter price printed, 35 cents per 100 sheets, at the Transcript office.
Private greeting cards for Christmas. Order early at The Transcript office.

Good house to rent. Will let it furnished if desired. Apply Transcript. 78-3
See the new Overland car. It will surprise you.—S. Humphries, Agent, Glencoe.

Fence posts and second-hand pipes for sale.—Gootson & Co., 30 Maitland St., London. 78¢
Miss Riggs offers for sale her corner lot, filled with choice fruit trees and fruits. A good location.
For sale—residence of the late Margaret McAlpine, King street, Glencoe. Apply to Neil McAlpine. 77¢
Apples wanted at the Glencoe Evaporating Factory. All kinds suitable for peeling, 40¢ per cwt. 78¢
Mrs. Currie's millinery openings this week. Everything in the latest millinery will be on display.
Sewing by the day by competent dressmaker.—Miss Jones, at Miss McLean's residence, Glencoe. 78

The Overland is the simplest and most up-to-date car on the market.—S. Humphries, Agent, Glencoe.
"Rough on Rats" clears out rats, mice, etc. from the house, 15¢ and 35¢ at drug and country stores.
Mrs. Currie's early fall opening this week—Thursday, Friday and Saturday. Hats in latest styles from \$1.50 up.
For sale, at Miss Riggs'—choice Crawford peach trees, 2 years' growth, and ornamental catalpa trees, 25 cents each. 78

Glencoe photo studio open every Tuesday. All work finished promptly and in the latest style of finish and mountings.—A. E. Cantelon, photographer. 77¢
Business for sale—tobacco, cigars and stationery, book stock, confectionery, grocery, rooming house, general store.—Sydney Smyth, Talbot St., London.
All notices in this column are strictly cash. If orders are telephoned The Transcript, kindly arrange to pay the amount the first time you are in town, so they will not have to be carried through the books.
Selling Out.—A discount of 12½% allowed off purchases of fresh groceries in \$5 lots and up for cash, sugars and tobaccos excepted. White wine vinegar, 25¢ a gallon net. Highest price for fresh eggs.—W. A. Currie, Grocer.
Our fall shoes are now on sale—a larger and better assorted stock than ever. We are prepared to offer our customers some of the best values in shoes ever offered. Call and inspect our stock before buying your fall footwear.—C. George. 76¢

Screen Doors and Windows Hammocks Oil Stoves Builders' Hardware and Glass	Useful Lines at Special Prices	Lawn Mowers at all prices to suit the pocket Harvest Tools in Every Variety
--	--	--

JAS. WRIGHT & SON
THE CHINAMEL STORE BINDER TWINE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS' PAINTS

APPIN LUMBER YARD

We handle everything in the building line, including lumber, lath, shingles, lime, Pedlar roofing and siding, also fence posts and Beaver Board.

Contracts made for building. Quality first.
Get our prices.

W. R. STEPHENSON
APPIN, ONT.

AUCTION SALE

31 HEAD

PURE BRED HOLSTEINS

Including the two Herd Sires. Some splendid Young Bulls and Heifers among the lot.

At the Glenescott Farm
Third Con., London Township
Lots 14 and 15, East of Mount Hope

You may take a short cut to the farm by taking Richmond St. Car north to Bernard St. and cross the river on the foot bridge to the farm

On Wednesday, Sept. 15, 1915

All Cattle will be sold between 1.30 and 4 p. m.

The following property, viz.:

1 pair Percheron Horses	1 Light Cutter.
1 pair Clyde Mares	1 Iron Wheelbarrow
1 Yearling Colt	18 Cow Blankets
8 Pigs, York, and Chester.	1 Union Scale
8 Pigs, York, and Berk., 4 months old	8 Milk Cans, 30 lbs. each
1 Farm Wagon, with Patent Rack	1 Cream Separator, 700 lbs.
2 Fluey Plows	1 Milk Cooler, Drummond's
1 Bissel Roller	1 set Bahr Grinding Stones
1 set Disk Harrows	2 only Iron Hangers and Pulleys
1 set Drag Harrows, 3 sections	1 Hot Water Boiler
1 Cultivator	Pure Bred Leghorn Fowl
2 sets Heavy Harness	1 Grinding Mill
1 set Light Harness	1 Iron Mixer
1 Democrat Wagon	9 acres Ensilage Corn
1 set Heavy Bobleighs	2 acres Roots
	1 Clover Hay

Applications for the farm, to be rented or worked on shares.
1 Hot Water "Candle" Brooder, capacity 700 chicks, all complete and set up, cost \$160.00

Catalogue of Holstein Cattle may be had by writing

T. B. ESCOTT, London

Western Fair London Canada

Sept. 10th - 18th 1915

\$30,000.00 in Prizes and Attractions

Prizes increased this year by \$3,000.00.	Two Speed Events Daily.
Excellent Program of Attractions Twice Daily.	Fireworks Every Night.
	New Steel Grandstand.
	Midway Better Than Ever.

Music by the Best Available Bands

SINGLE FARE OVER ALL RAILWAYS West
of Toronto, and Fare and One-Third from outside points

Prize Lists, Entry Forms and all information from the Secretary

W. J. REID, President A. M. HUNT, Secretary



**Edwardsburg
"Crown Brand"
Corn Syrup**

POUR IT ON PORRIDGE

YOU can't imagine how delicious a dish of Oatmeal Porridge becomes when it is sweetened with "Crown Brand" Corn Syrup.

Have it with the first spoonful—see how they come for more!

Much cheaper than cream and sugar—better for the children, too.

Spread the Bread with "Crown Brand"—serve it on Pancakes and Hot Biscuits, on Blanc Manger and Baked Apples—use it for Candy-Making.

"ZIZZY WHITZ!" is pure white corn syrup, more delicate in flavor than "Crown Brand". You may prefer it.

ASK YOUR GROCER—IN 2, 5, 10 & 20 LB. TINS.

THE CANADA STARCH CO. LIMITED
Makers of the Famous Edwardsburg Brands.
Works—Cardinal—Bridford—Fort William.
Head Office—Montreal.

Woman Against Woman or A Terrible Accusation.

CHAPTER XXXIII.—(Cont'd).

To one less interested in Ailsa, there might have been hidden meaning in the words, but the kindly, gentle countenance expressed nothing but tenderness as he lifted her and seated her in her chair beside the window.

"Thank you for trusting me, little one," he said, after a momentary pause. "But now you must help me. You must help me think how we can save Leslie Dunraven. I thought, I saw a way, but you have made it impossible; now we must think and plan. He is as absolutely under the domination of that woman as poor little Ethel once was. You would scarcely know him if you saw him now. He is pale, thin, haggard, with an expression upon his face like that of a hunted stag. He detests her when he is not under her detestable power, but he obeys the merest glance of her eye. Ailsa, may I bring him to see you?"

"Is it best?"

"It is—all! We can't let him marry her. Better play him with our own hands! And we can prove nothing against her—nothing! There would be only our unsupported testimony. The courts would laugh at us."

"And we could not bring it to that even if they would not. We must find another way. You say they are to be married? When?"

"She is keeping that an absolute secret, but I suspect that it will be soon. In fact, I should not be surprised to hear of it any day."

"But his wife has not been dead?"

"Pouf! What does she care for that? I tell you there is no time to be lost."

"You may count upon me for anything that can be done."

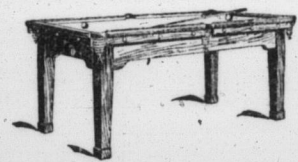
"I felt sure of that. Help me, and in return I will bring back your sweetheart!"

She lifted his hand to her lips and kissed it.

"How good you are!" she murmured. "And how would this family ever have lived without you?"

CHAPTER XXXIV.

There was considerable excitement in Gotham when it began to be whispered about that Leslie Dunraven and Muriel Ogden, his wife's sister, were shortly to be married. He had ceased entirely to visit the clubs, he no longer



Pleasant Winter Evenings

Give your children a chance to stay at home and enjoy themselves. Buy a convertible home table and they will spend all their spare time in the beautiful pleasure of a game of billiards.

This table would look nice in your sitting room, dining room or kitchen. We build them 2 x 6, and 3 x 7.

Can be supplied with either round or square legs, and would make a very valuable addition to your home life, and would certainly be a great pleasure and benefit to yourself and friends.

Write for prices and catalogue to

SAMUEL MAY & CO.,

102-104 Adelaide St. West, Toronto.



**PRESIDENT
SUSPENDER**

NONE-SO-EASY

MADE IN CANADA

er drove in the park, he had utterly shut himself out from his old associates; but people had said that it was grief for the death of his young wife that had caused that, and had extended their warmest sympathy.

But when the whisper of his approaching marriage began to burst into full voice, they held up their hands in horror, some refusing absolutely to believe it.

"It can't be true!" one exclaimed. "I won't believe it! His wife has not been dead three months, and see what grief he has shown! Why, his hair is actually turning white! It is not true! It is only a bit of cruel gossip to which his future conduct will give the lie!"

"I had it from the lady's own lips," remarked another, with a cynical up-lifting of the shoulders.

"I have rather suspected that they were in love with each other for—oh, long before Mrs. Dunraven killed herself," announced another of the "I-told-you-so" class. "My own belief is that that had something to do with—"

"With what?" questioned some one eagerly.

"Oh, I won't say; but I've seen a great many things while a guest under that roof. Poor dear Ethel had a great deal to stand."

"What wreckage for a family of such prominence in every way! Mrs. Dunraven a suicide, her brother disappeared goodness knows where, and Leslie and Muriel Ogden disgracing and disgracing themselves by a marriage that is a shame to them both," cried some one else, piously.

But in spite of all comment, Muriel went on quietly with her preparations.

One old friend even went so far as to expostulate with her, Muriel only opened her big eyes wide and looked at her with a stare that froze the words upon the good woman's lips. And no one saw Dunraven to urge the shame of the situation upon him.

From his valet he learned that he had changed piteously, from a handsome, debonair man of the world to a morose, despairing man with bent shoulders and gray hair, who seldom spoke, and then only in monosyllables. They learned that he sat beside the window hour after hour with his head bent upon his hands, neither speaking nor moving, but obeying the slightest suggestion of the will of the woman who was to be his wife.

"It's the queerest marriage that ever I saw, or heard of even in a novel!" exclaimed the valet, shaking his head sadly. "Sometimes I think the man has gone stark, staring mad, only that he never says anything, no matter what happens. Miss Ogden never lets him get out of her sight; she can help it. It's such an uncanny sort of thing that I would have got out long ago, only I hate to leave the poor fellow. Ugh! it makes the shivers run up and down my back to think of it all."

But it did not seem to disturb Muriel in the least. At first she had made preparations to leave the country before she became the wife of Dunraven, and so avoid the gossip which she knew would follow; but before the opportunity had presented itself, the rumors concerning them began to fly, and she determined that she would stay and brave it out.

She allowed no suggestions to be made to her, but went on with her plans, Dunraven concurring in everything.

"We shall have a very quiet wedding in a church, shall we not, Leslie, dear?" she asked him, in presence of her father's sister.

And he replied in that dull monotone that had become characteristic: "Yes, if you wish it."

After one or two visits, Doctor Paxton was no longer admitted, and he found himself unable to in any way benefit his old friend, whom he loved as a son.

Once or twice it occurred to him to have Muriel arrested for the criminal practice of hypnotism; but when he considered the small amount of proof in his possession, he saw how absurd the mere thought was, and there seemed absolutely no way that

he could be saved. But after Ailsa's convalescence, he thought he saw a way that might be possible, and laying in wait for Dunraven's valet, he intercepted him.

"Can you manage to give a note to your master, Stevens, without any one seeing you?" he asked.

"That's good, I'm sure you will help him if you can. It's my belief that there is some devil's work going on there. I can't tell you what it is, but you must be his friend, Stevens. How is he?"

"Bad enough, sir. It's my own belief that he won't be alive in six months more. I don't believe you'd know him if you met him in the street."

But Stevens did not get the opportunity to deliver the note. Muriel was omnipresent, and her eyes seemed to follow the movements of the valet like a cat watching a mouse.

"It's no use, sir," Stevens reported to the doctor. "She don't give me a chance to speak a word to him. I had a mind to give it to him before her, but I thought you might not like it, sir. They are to be married next Thursday."

"Next Thursday!" cried the doctor, starting violently.

"Yes, sir—in the Church of the Heavenly Rest."

"Good Heavens! What a sacrifice!"

"It is to be at three o'clock in the afternoon. There are no invitations, and it is to be quite a secret. I would not let you know of it, if you thought, you had accomplished my death, when you believed that you had stained your own soul with a willful and deliberate murder, you set to work to practice your infernal wiles upon him. You compelled him, as you had compelled me, until he had no will beyond yours. Do you think I do not know that he loathes you as I did? Look at him! Old and bowed down and broken, while yet the blood of youth flows in his veins! A gray-haired man, bent with care and sorrow, before he has reached even the meridian of life. Not content with murdering your own sister, you are adding this other crime to the weight of sin upon your own soul!"

(To be continued.)

GOOD IMMIGRANTS.

American Paper Says Canada Gets a High Standard.

Although the population of the entire Dominion of Canada is yet less than that of the State of New York, it is steadily increasing, and now has passed the 8,000,000 mark for the first time. The growth of population since the census was taken in 1911 is officially estimated at approximately 850,000, or over 200,000 a year.

According to a report recently issued at Ottawa, the present population of the Dominion is estimated at 8,075,000, including the soldiers at the front in the European war. It is also stated that the total immigration to Canada since the census of 1911 has been, in round numbers, 1,330,000. It is argued that, as the immigration exceeds the estimated increase in population by nearly 500,000, there is yet a considerable annual exodus of Canadians to the United States and other countries.

It must be said in fairness that, while immigration to Canada from European countries other than Great Britain is smaller in proportion than immigration to the United States from European countries, the character of immigration to Canada approaches a high standard.

A woman's pleasures often begot heartaches; a man's headaches.

There was a sigh of relief, like the fluttering of leaves under a breeze, as it was whispered that the bride and groom were coming.

But who ever saw a bridegroom look like that?

He was dressed in the conventional style, it is true; but his eyes were fixed upon vacancy ahead, his face was ghastly in its loamy pallor, his lips blue. There was no expression whatever in the glassy, staring eyes, none in the haggard face. It was like a dead thing!

A shiver of horror passed through the assembled multitude.

The wedding was not upon formalized lines, but the prospective bride and groom walked up the aisle together, her hand resting upon his arm. There were no attendants whatever. She glanced about her with a little cold smile of triumph and indifference to public opinion, noted carelessly the expressions upon the faces of old friends, then walked on calmly up the aisle, the least affected in all that large assembly.

Her object was attained at last. That for which she had plotted and sinned was about to be accomplished. In five minutes more she would be the wife of the man whom she had sold her soul to win.

And then, as they were about to approach the altar-rail, a little form stepped before them—a little creature robed all in black with a crepe veil drawn tightly over her face, but thrown back in that moment—a small woman, with a sweet, ringing voice that filled every nook and crevice of the church when this single word she uttered rang out clear and loud: "Murderess!"

CHAPTER XXXV.

Stunned with surprise and horror, the people in the church sat apparently helpless, gazing at those before them as if an apparition had suddenly appeared from another world.

With outstretched, quivering fingers the little creature stood there, waiting strength for her denunciation, gazing with burning eyes into those

Pristine Purity

The standard we have set ourselves demands that

"SALADA"

shall always contain only the finest, freshest young leaves. . . . Black, Mixed and Green

MAKING COOKS OF SOLDIERS.

How London's Women Teachers Are Doing Their Bit.

London has become the world's university. More than 100 London County Council schools and similar institutions are its colleges. Its undergraduates are men of the new army who have come up from the camps at Aldershot and other training centres throughout the country and its tutors and lecturers are the women experts in domestic economy who teach the girls in the London elementary schools the theory and practice of plain cooking.

These women—for the schools are now on holidays—ought to be enjoying their long vacation, but they have sacrificed a fortnight of it in order to teach the army to get something fit to eat. The soldiers are living in college. Each class is billeted in the school in which it is receiving instruction and has the run of the playground for purposes of sport, which here, as elsewhere, forms so important a part of the national system of education.

The culinary equipment of the Council schools was never intended for the demonstration of military cooking. The kitchen class-rooms have not Aldershot ovens or kitchen wagons designed for the preparation of meals in the mass; they are provided only with the small utensils such as the girls who attend them would have to use in their homes. But the basic principles of good cooking are the same whether the scale on which they are applied is large or small, and the first and chief of them is simplicity.

So the soldier who learns how to toast, boil, or stew meat and vegetables with household appliances in family style knows pretty well how they should be cooked for a battalion. The men who were seen undergoing their course of instruction were taking the greatest interest in it.

Making the Best of Life.

There are a vast number of strong reasons for making the best of life, but there is only one way of doing it, and that is by making the best life. And the best life needs the best stuff in it. Poor yarn makes poor fabric, for good fabric look first to the yarn. And if the shading matters, as surely does, remember that yarn-dyed goods are faster colors than pieced goods. Have the yarn of character died in the vats of Christian truth and Christian influence.

THE TONGUES OF TYROL.

Many Languages are Spoken in Switzerland.

The tramping in Tyrol must have some knowledge of German, says Mr. James Church Alford in the Field. If he wishes to do no more than a dozen, or even twenty, miles a day, a smattering is imperative. In some of the smaller villages, indeed, he will discover a jargonized Latin, with one maid at the inn to translate it into German. A scrap of French and a suspicion of Italian, too, will prove of great assistance, for the land is neighbor unto Babel.

We had, says Mr. Alford, all counted, nearly twenty Italian words when we started off across the borders of Italy and Austria to nick the edge of Switzerland. The way lay through the Val Viola. The landlord at Bormio insisted that the distance was twenty miles, and possessed a "good mule path all the way." My respect for the mule has risen; he finds that path, apparently; I did not.

At half-past five in the afternoon the sun was dropping toward the horizon; there had not been a track for a mile, a human voice or face for three hours. We were trusting to a "road" that had just turned up, and looked like a path made by an irresponsible cow. Round us the ice fields dribbled; above us the forest hung black. Out of the illimitable silence a voice broke, singing, and we yelled. A lad of a dozen years popped up, a Jack-in-the-box from behind a crag.

"Do you speak German?" I demanded in that language.

"Si, signore," he answered.

"Where's the road to La Rosa?"

No response.

"Do you speak French?" I tried him with that.

"Si, signore."

"Then where's the road to La Rosa?"

No response.

I muttered my poor Italian, tried again, received the same words, and then a pointing finger. But as I rushed down the declivity, the lad proved that he could speak French as well, for, sticking his palm under madame's nose, he demanded a "sou."

No matter how clever a man may be, it isn't often he is able to shave the back of his own neck.

The woman who loves a man for himself alone generally has an income of her own.

From the Ocean Shore

BITS OF NEWS FROM THE MARITIME PROVINCES.

Items of Interest From Places Lapped By Waves of the Atlantic.

Deer are reported racing autos on the road from Sherbrooke to Moncton. Cape Breton has contributed 1,700 volunteers for the Canadian contingents.

Patriotic fund receipts in St. John district are \$74,000 and disbursements \$82,000.

Peter Ferguson, of Albert, N.B., hoed potatoes for friends, though 103 years of age.

The firemen of Moncton, N.B., gave \$100 towards a machine gun for the soldiers.

Halifax City Auditor suggests an income tax on all after an allowance of \$600 is made.

The Sixth Mounted Rifles, of New Brunswick, at Shorncliffe, contains eleven McDonalds.

During July, twelve building permits, totalling \$23,800, were taken out at St. John, N.B.

Boilermakers of Halifax went on strike for thirty-two cents an hour and twenty-five for helpers.

Holders of Crown timber land leases in New Brunswick paid \$400,000 for their stumpage this year.

The old Oddfellows' Building and Medley Memorial Hall at Sussex, N.B., were badly injured in a fire.

Motorman Thos. Trott, of St. John Street Railway, stopped his car and seized a runaway horse alongside.

Pedestrians broke into the home of Cornelius Driscoll at St. John and saved him and his aged sister from a fire.

Two juvenile prisoners admitted setting fire to the Harlow and Kempton Mill property at Milton, N.S.

St. John is the first Canadian city to go forward with a statutory town planning scheme, the new plan being about ready.

Spies in Newfoundland have caused orders to be issued that travellers into the old colony must have passports.

A sardine factory has been started at Chatham, near St. Andrew's, N.B., which will employ 300 people during the season.

Nelson Gallagher, of Dorn Ridge, Fredericton, has defied arrest for six months with firearms, but is now safely held by police.

Invalided home through illness contracted in England, Driver H. D. Kirk, of Antigonish, died of nervous exhaustion on arrival at Quebec.

Westmoreland County, N.B., has an overdraft at the bank of \$32,000; its contribution of \$2,500, to the Patriotic Fund is yet unpaid.

WEALTH IN SCRAP HEAP.

The Dump Discovered to Have Hidden Valuable Material.

Scrap heaps and dumps have become sources of wealth in recent years. The chemical and dye industries of Germany have been founded on the utilization of what was once thrown away. A shrewd American bought a bog into which thousands of tons of tar had been dumped and made a small fortune by recovering it. A miner in Butte became rich by extracting sulphate of copper dissolved in water pumped from mines. By-products pay dividends that oil companies disburse.

In 1913 metals valued at \$72,786,027 were recovered from scrap heaps in United States, not including gold, silver, platinum, iron and steel to which attention has always been given. Of all the metals, figures in the metal trade of the country more than 22 per cent. was recovered from scrap, from zinc 20 per cent., from lead 11 per cent., and from tin 26 per cent. The recovery of tin from scrap is comparatively new industry, the annual output of which exceeds \$8,000,000, most of which would have been wasted a few years ago.

We hear a lot again, shoddy, but it is a commercial product of great value and usefulness. English mills consume three times as much shoddy as is used in American mills. The foreign demand for shoddy is so great that the available supply in the United States consumed yearly in its mills fell from 68,663,000 pounds in 1899 to 53,621,000 pounds in 1909, while the domestic consumption of pure wool rose from 330,179,000 pounds to 474,751,000 in the same time.

His Nationality.

Reviewing his Calcutta days as secretary for the acting governor of Bengal, Mr. Stanley Coxton relates an anecdote of a dinner in honor of the executive.

On assembling in the room, our host remarked:

"Yes, I think we are all Irishmen, but I'm a bit doubtful about that fellow Coxton."

I was not at that time quite sure what I was. My reply, however, gave me away entirely, and delighted the heart of our genial host. In the most innocent manner I remarked:

"No, sir, I'm afraid you can't claim me. I was born there, but I've never been there!"

I have worn the same coat ever since.



"This is the Sugar for Jams and Jellies"

"WHEN I pay for good fruit, and spend a lot of time over it, I want to be sure that my jellies and preserves will be just right. So I always use

Redpath SUGAR

No doubt that is just what her mother and grandmother did, too, for Redpath has been Canada's favorite sugar for three generations. Absolutely pure, and always the same, it has for sixty years proved the most dependable for preserving, canning and jelly-making.

It is just as easy to get the best—and well worth while. So tell your grocer it must be Redpath Sugar, in one of the packages originated in Canada for Redpath Sugar.

"Let Redpath Sweeten it."

2 and 5 lb. Sealed Cartons.
10, 20, 50 and 100 lb. Bags.

CANADA SUGAR REFINING CO., LIMITED, - MONTREAL.

NOTES AND COMMENTS

The world stands aghast at the penalty which Europe pays in human life for this unresolvable war. The price which it is paying in money, and will continue to pay for perhaps a century, is almost beyond calculation. Not since Napoleon's day have European Government bonds been in such a panic condition as they are today. England fixes by edict a minimum of 65 for its consols, without which edict they would fall much below that point. The old war loan is selling below par. French three per cent. rentes are quoted around 70, and this, like the quotation for British consols, is largely artificial. Russian bonds are even weaker than those of its allies.

But the Teutonic Zueibund is in a much worse position financially than its enemies. German three per cent. bonds are selling in the fifties, while there is no buying whatever of Austrian bonds. Both countries are obliged to finance the war from domestic resources, and they are doing it with a volume of "shin-plasters" that portends a fearful reckoning later on. The Government of Germany compels the Bank of Germany to accept war loan notes as legal tender, and the bank actually uses such notes as a part of its reserve. These notes are not covered by a gold reserve, so that a vast pyramid of paper money is being erected without adequate gold or even silver protection behind it.

The Bank of England even today will cash any of its own notes in fold. Such is not the case in Germany, where the note circulation exceeds metal reserves by hundreds of millions. Germany's financial position has no means of recuperating with foreign commerce her dwindling exchequer. She must live upon herself, and consequently is paying her own people for her war supplies and materials in paper money, the volume of which has already reached colossal proportions. Germans contend that when the war is over they will have proved an advantage to the German people since the Government will owe none but themselves. All debts will be local debts, and all payments will remain within the empire. But what if Germany loses and is taxed as France was taxed forty-five years ago to pay an enormous war indemnity? Would Germany still be able to cancel such a foreign obligation, and at the same time retire the billions of paper money which is now in process of creation?

Seasonable Dishes.

Cauliflower.—Cut stalks close to flower, remove green leaves and soak in cold salted water one hour. Cook in cheesecloth bag thirty to forty minutes. Remove from bag and serve with Hollandaise or white sauce and crumbs.

Consomme Renaissance.—Press half a cup of cooked and drained spinach through a sieve, add a tablespoonful of melted butter, one tablespoonful of cream, two beaten eggs, one-fourth teaspoonful of salt and one-fourth teaspoonful of pepper; mix thoroughly and turn into a small buttered mold. Let cook in the oven on several folds of paper surrounded with boiling water until firm. When cold cut in cubes. Cut a pared carrot and turnip in half-inch cubes. Cook separately until tender. Drain. Serve the cubes of spinach-custard, turnip and carrot in one quart of consomme.

Southern Peach Pie.—Line a pie plate with crust as for lemon pie and fill with sliced peaches. Sprinkle sugar and cinnamon over the top, bake and serve with whipped cream. To make the crust chop four tablespoons of lard into one and a half cups of flour; when thoroughly mixed add one-half teaspoon salt and cold water enough to form dough. Chill, roll in rectangular piece, place four tablespoons of butter which previously has been shaped, flattened and chilled on middle on one side of paste, fold over other side, press edges together and fold one end under and one over butter making six layers. Roll again into rectangle, fold in same way and so continue three times. If butter begins to soften, roll paste in cheese cloth and place on ice until hard enough to roll easily. Be careful not to wet the cheese cloth.

A Smart Answer.

Larry O'Shell, in many respects a good soldier, had a very limited idea of the virtue of tidiness. Appearing one morning on parade with his boots in a fearful state the sergeant's eagle eye soon spotted him. "Private O'Shell fall out!" he roared. "Phwat d'ye mane by comin' here wid yur boots in a mess loike thot?" "Arrah, now, sargent, be aisy!" retorted the imperturbable Larry. "Shure ye niver saw a good soldier showin' a clane pair o' heels!"

Narrow Margin.

A circus man tells this one: "We were doing Pottstown, Pa. The price of admission was 25 cents—children under 10 years of age 10 cents. Among the first to arrive were a lad of about 18 and his little sister. He laid down 35 cents and asked for two front seats. How old is the little girl?" asked the ticket seller. "Well," said the boy, "she is her 10th birthday to-day. But she was not born until 5 o'clock in the afternoon!"

The buttercup is so called from the belief that it increased the butter-yielding qualities of cows' milk; but cows never eat buttercups.

About the Household

Good Corn Recipes.

Boiled Corn.—Strip off coarse outer husks leaving the thin silky envelope next the ear on the stalk. Pull this down and pick off the silk from between the grains, adjust the inner husks in their place, tie together at the top and drop the ears in plenty of boiling salted water. Boil half an hour and leave in hot water until ready to serve. Cut stalks off with the husks close to the bottom of the ears and send to table wrapped about with a napkin on a flat dish.

Green Corn Fritters.—Grate or shave off with a keen blade the grains from 6 ears of corn. Haze ready 2 eggs beaten light, a cup of milk added to these with a tablespoonful of sugar and same quantity of butter warmed and rubbed into a heaping tablespoonful of prepared flour. Season with salt and pepper; beat hard and fry as you would griddle cakes.

Chopped Potatoes and Corn.—When cold boiled potatoes and several ears of boiled corn are left in the icebox, chop the one into coarse dice and cut the other from the cob. Heat in a frying pan a good spoonful of clarified dripping, sweet and good, and stir into this the potatoes and corn, seasoning with salt and pepper. Turn and turn until thoroughly heated and serve. This makes a nice breakfast relish. Or heat a cup of milk, stir in a good spoonful of butter, then mix in potatoes and corn; season, simmer five minutes, and serve.

Green Corn Pudding.—Six ears of green corn, full grown but tender, 2 cups of milk, 2 eggs, 1 tablespoonful butter, 1 tablespoonful sugar. Cut butter and sugar in for cake. Beat into the eggs when whipped light, add milk and the grated corn (or shaved). Season, beat thoroughly and bake covered in a buttered casserole or pudding dish 40 minutes; then uncover and brown. Serve at once in the same dish.

Succotash.—Six ears of corn, 1 cup shelled lima or string beans carefully trimmed into inch lengths, ½ cup milk, 2 spoonfuls of butter cut up into 1 teaspoon of flour. Salt and pepper. Cut the corn from the cob and add to the beans when they have cooked half an hour in boiling water slightly salted. Boil thirty minutes longer, turn off the water and pour in the milk. (It is safer in warm weather to add a tiny pinch of bread soda). As the milk heats, stir in the flour, butter, season, and simmer ten minutes. If canned corn and beans are used, add half a teaspoonful of white sugar.

Canned Corn Fritters.—Canned corn while only a poor substitute for the fresh ear may be very appetizing if chopped fine after the corn has been emptied from the can and allowed to stand for several hours before using. Drain dry and mince, then proceed as with the fresh grains.

Corn Soup.—Cook six ears of corn in cold water twenty minutes. Cut off the cob and press through a sieve. Add two cups of scalded milk. Cook two tablespoons of chopped onion in three tablespoons of butter, add three tablespoons flour, one and a half salt, celery salt and cayenne, corn mixture, cook five minutes, strain, add one cup of beaten cream and serve. Garnish with one cup popped corn.

Things Worth Knowing.

To skin sausages quickly and easily immerse them for a second or two in cold water.

Make starch with soapy water, adding a pinch of borax.

A very hot iron should never be used for flannels or woollens.

Soap should be substituted for soda when washing silver and plated goods.

New brick floors should be washed with soda water, and when dry rubbed with paraffin.

Don't black a stove while it is hot. It takes more blacklead, and a much longer time to polish.

When boiling potatoes do not add salt till they are nearly cooked. This makes them dry and floury.

Borax for washing plates and dishes is to be preferred to soda, as it does not crack the skin of the hands.

The fact that an article is advertised in a respectable newspaper should prove it worth buying by somebody. Should any foreign matter alight in the eye immediately apply one or two drops of castor oil; it will almost at once allay the irritation.

Grass stains will disappear if coal oil is poured on them, then rub with the hands and wash same as you always do. Lard rubbed in well before goods are wet will remove axle grease or machine grease.

To separate the yolk of an egg from the white make a hole in both ends of the egg. Then hold it upright, giving it a gentle shake, and the white will run out, leaving the yolk unbroken in the shell.

If when sewing or taking a hat by train it is secured to the bottom of the box by a few strong stitches of thread the most delicate hat will not be crushed, as no matter how the box is turned about the hat will not move.

It is always wise to boil a new clothesline before using it, as this not only prevents from stretching but makes it last much longer. New pegs should be soaked in cold water for a few hours, as this keeps them from splitting.

Very often when making a pie the juice from the fruit soaks through the

undercrust and spoils the whole appearance of it. To prevent this try brushing the crust over with the white of an egg, and you will never be troubled in this way.

When your vegetables become wilted and stale before you have an opportunity to use them place them for an hour or so in a gallon of water to which a teaspoonful of soda has been added. They will then be just as crisp and fresh as when gathered from the garden.

Peach Ice Cream.—Soak two cups of sliced peaches for about one hour and put through colander. Add to one quart of cream which has been scalded and cooled. Freeze.

BRITAIN AND THE WAR.

She Will Stand By Her Allies to the Last.

A year has passed since Britain entered the great war, and it is in order to sum up what she has accomplished.

Because of the lack of spectacular results, many are disposed to censure and criticize Britain's part in the great struggle. They say that the mighty British Empire has not thrown into the scales a weight either commensurate with her possibilities or with what her allies had a right to expect. The wonder with me is that she has done so much as she has.

She has accomplished marvels. France, Russia and Italy, cradled in the arms of a "mad" fox, England is not a military nation. She could not at a moment's notice fling organized legions of millions into the fray, like her military neighbors.

In the outset she promised France six divisions only, or 120,000 men. She has more than quadrupled that number since. But her conversion into a fighting organization could not be done in a few months. She has now raised the most colossal army in all history, compared with which Napoleon's legions were but corporal's guards.

Lord Kitchener has recruited and placed in training, without conscription, since the war broke out, 3,000,000 soldiers. They are all, excepting the 600,000 at the front, hard at work in the transformation process, from citizen to soldier, at the training camps, polishing the native fighting qualities into perfect military efficiency. England allows no man to go to the front, to be exposed to slaughter, who has not had at least nine months of grueling drill. After this drill the English soldier has no superior in the world, and each in efficiency, is equal to two German soldiers.

It is solely in point of equipment that Britain's hosts are lacking, but this has been remedied, and the great drive will soon take place. When the war began England had less than half a million rifles, while Germany had over 2,000,000, or four to each soldier. It takes time to manufacture rifles by the millions, and her army now in training have had to carry wooden dummy rifles, weighted to equal the real thing.

Germany had in the start a full equipment of 17-inch guns, with abundance of ammunition for them, while England had neither the guns to match them nor the explosives for them. She has had to make both. In short, so far, England has been getting a good ready, if the expression will be allowed.

Some complain of the inactivity of the navy, but without very deep thought. They demand that Admiral Jellicoe smash up the Kaiser's high canal armada, reduce his ports to ashes, and hang Von Tirpitz to the yard arm. All this is mere rot and the ravings of Chauvinistic enthusiasts.

If we take a careful inventory of what the British navy has done in driving the German flag from the oceans, and in converting Hamburg and Bremen into something as useless as if they were in ruins, annihilating Germany's two and a half billion dollar annual trade, and paralyzing her imports of about the same amount, so that her supplies are constantly growing perilously short, we can get some notion of what the navy has accomplished.

Germany is not as yet effectually starved, but if her food regulations and restrictions mean anything they indicate a distressing scarcity, to say the least. When a nation has to regulate the allotment of her civil population, and order the copper in cooking utensils to be turned over to the military, it surely indicates that the end is nigh at hand.

Not a pig can be slaughtered, or a loaf of bread baked, or a potato sold, or a barrel of wheat milled, without the consent of the military in Germany to-day, shows that the British navy is on the job all right, and great results may soon be expected. These are not spectacular nor pyrotechnical pictures to be cast upon the screens. They would not likely earn a penny for Jellicoe or his admirals, but they are nevertheless sapping German vitality just the same, and they show the iron grip of Britain's navy. What would the position of France and her beloved Paris be in to-day were the British navy not holding the seas?

When the Dardanelles are forced, as they will be soon, Russia will experience the great aid of the British navy, as France has already benefited by it.

She will then be able to export her surplus production and secure the necessary arms and ammunition, of which she is so sorely in need. And when Kitchener is ready to send his

enthusiastic legions to the continent, he will have no fear that his transports will be in danger of molestation, as Canada has had no misgivings in sending her loyal sons across the water to fight for liberty and independence. It took England nearly ten years to bring Napoleon to St. Helena, and she will stick to it until the Kaiser is thrust into an equally safe place, where he can do no more harm. Do you say, Calais? Napoleon was there, too, and destroyed 10,000 British ships; but England got him at last, and so she will get the great Kaiser, as sure as the sun rises on the eventful morn. This grand old proud democracy is just now unfolding and applying a maternal strength and moral splendor that for countless ages after this conflict is still to be shining undimmed amid the first glories of history.

CHAS. M. BICE.

Denver, Colo.

A "MAD" FOX.

Some Animals Are Either Demented or Inherently Vicious.

It is a theory of criminologists that certain human beings are born without the brain power or self-control of the normal man, and that such persons, under favoring circumstances, become habitual criminals. It is possible that similar cases occur among animals; at least there are times when we can account for the extraordinary behavior of animals only on the theory that they are either demented or inherently vicious.

Thirty years ago, when I was a boy, writes a friend of The Youth's Companion, the neighborhood was stirred by the doings of a "mad" fox. He ranged in the Briesacher woods, and never was heard of anywhere else. I never saw the mad fox myself, but often heard his high, querulous bark in the middle of the night.

A much-used path led through the Briesacher woods, and on to the village. The mad fox took to following people as they traversed this path, trotting along behind them, stopping when they stopped, from the time they entered the forest until they emerged on the farther side. As time passed, the animal grew bolder, and pattered along within a few yards of a pedestrian's heels on dark nights, or perhaps took up a position in the path, which he would hold until the traveler approached very closely, when he would spring a few paces to one side, snarling.

Some people said the fox had rabies, but the more sensible ones pointed out that a rabid animal never lived more than a week or so, while this scamp had been keeping up his pranks for several months. Louis Briesacher, whose father owned the woods, had no occasion to have anyone else to pass through them, and according to Louis, the mad fox took an especial dislike to him. It followed him so closely, and with such evidence of vicious intent, that Louis carried a club every time he went to town. At last he bought a revolver, with the determination of making an end of his annoying escort.

Louis told the story of the encounter afterward. He was returning home from town about eleven o'clock. No sooner was he in the woods than the fox came after him. Louis paid little attention until it got so close that it actually snapped at his heels. He then turned and fired a shot at it, but the night was dark, and he missed.

The fox retreated, but in five minutes was back again snapping and snarling more viciously than ever. Aiming as best he could at a mark that was never still, and could be heard rather than seen, Louis discharged the remaining five shots from his revolver. All the shots missed; the fox simply jumped from side to side with the flash of the revolver.

When the last spurt of flame died away, the determined little beast sprang straight at Louis, and fastened its teeth in his trouser's leg. The young man kicked fiercely; but, kicked loose from one hold, the enraged animal came right back, and bit his legs severely. Finally it caught his

fin.

To the wilderness of Damascus.—The district lying between Bashan and Damascus.

And when thou comest, thou shalt anoint.—So far as the Scripture records, Elijah did not follow this command (see 2 Kings 8, 7-13; 9, 1-6).

Seventy thousand in Israel.—Ar. indefinite number. Compare 1 Kings 18, 43; Prov. 24, 16; Matt. 18, 21, 22. Although this indefinite number was undoubtedly small, it was God's holy remnant, and hence all-powerful.

Hath not kissed him.—A part of the worship offered to false gods (see Hos. 13, 2). As an act of religious homage, see also Psa. 2, 12.

What dost thou here, Elijah.—Again the same familiar address. But this time there is something of reproach in the voice. "Why are you here when there is so much to do, your power?"

I have been very jealous.—Elijah naturally would try to justify himself. And of course he would refer to the great things he had accomplished and the seeming futility of his efforts.

Go, return on thy way.—He is not to escape the difficulty; he is not to have new fields in which to work. The thing he was set to do he must finish.

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left arm, and held on like a bulldog. Louis brought the handle of his revolver down with full force on the fox's head, and it fell stunned. Louis declared that he finished his antagonist then and there, and left it lying dead in the path.

The next day Louis showed us his bites and scratches in proof of his story. His trousers were badly torn, and some of the teeth wounds in the flesh were as deep and ragged as if a wolf had made them. However, when we went to the scene of the battle, the mad fox was gone. He had recovered and made off, but was never heard or seen again.

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL

INTERNATIONAL LESSON, SEPTEMBER 12.

Lesson XI.—Elijah's Flight and Return, 1 Kings 19. Golden Text: Psa. 46, 10.

I. Elijah in the Cave on Mount Horeb (Verses 8-12).

Verses 8. In the strength of that food.—Compare Moses on Sinai (Exod. 34, 28) and Jesus in the wilderness (Matt. 4, 2). No man can "live by bread alone" if he is concerned about the Lord's business.

Unto Horeb the mount of God.—This mountain, above all others, was distinguished by the manifestations thereon of God's power and glory.

Unto a cave.—The Hebrew has "the cave." Evidently a particular cave was meant; perhaps the "cleft of the rock" in which God placed Moses (Exod. 33, 22).

What dost thou here, Elijah.—The familiar address is used to indicate that Elijah had an opportunity to pour out his whole heart. Sometimes the mere repeating of one's woes, as the shedding of tears, brings the desired relief.

Go forth, and stand upon the mount before Jehovah.—Nearness to God would open the prophet's eyes. Jehovah did not condole with Elijah; he simply showed him some things.

A still small voice.—Literally, "a sound of gentle stillness." A great peace had come upon Elijah. In the calm he could hear God.

II. Elijah's Discouragement (Verses 13-18).

He wrapp'd his face in his mantle.—The upper garment, a sort of cloak or cape, sometimes made of untanned sheepskin (compare Matt. 3, 4). The revelation is too intense for the unveiled eyes of the prophet. Moses, similarly, was "afraid to look upon God."

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Go, return on thy way.—He is not to escape the difficulty; he is not to have new fields in which to work. The thing he was set to do he must finish.

To the wilderness of Damascus.—The district lying between Bashan and Damascus.

And when thou comest, thou shalt anoint.—So far as the Scripture records, Elijah did not follow this command (see 2 Kings 8, 7-13; 9, 1-6).

Seventy thousand in Israel.—Ar. indefinite number. Compare 1 Kings 18, 43; Prov. 24, 16; Matt. 18, 21, 22. Although this indefinite number was undoubtedly small, it was God's holy remnant, and hence all-powerful.

Hath not kissed him.—A part of the worship offered to false gods (see Hos. 13, 2). As an act of religious homage, see also Psa. 2, 12.

What dost thou here, Elijah.—Again the same familiar address. But this time there is something of reproach in the voice. "Why are you here when there is so much to do, your power?"

I have been very jealous.—Elijah naturally would try to justify himself. And of course he would refer to the great things he had accomplished and the seeming futility of his efforts.

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Our Affairs Require Tact

Makes the Indolent Active, the Slovenly Neat and Clean in Person and Appearance.

"For whereas I was free as to all, I made myself the servant of all, that I might gain the more."—I. Corinthians ix., 19.

Wonderful are the innumerable things accomplished by tact. To do or say the right thing at the proper time and place illustrates what tact is or ought to be. Through a peculiar faculty of its own to facilitate and adapt words and actions to time, place and the circumstance of them, the tactician usually produces excellent and pleasing results.

The achievements of St. Paul compare in his line with Caesar, Napoleon and other military lights famous in history for expert tactical work. Paul strove in all things to please all men, not seeking profitable things to himself but to the many, that all might be saved. His discernment in sizing up situations and acting on them with little apparent notice ended as intended by him. Nothing more should remain for the warrior and statesman to be desired in the artful and evolutionary manipulations of tact than to carry out all that was planned from the beginning.

Degrees of tact differ as grades differ in every department of life. Tacticians to the manner born rate higher than those who acquire the knowledge of it by study and labor. The former are better fitted, more opportune and quick by nature to perceive and act promptly in the adjustment of matters submit to them. A word or gesture with men in joy or sorrow effectively given and accepted signifies tact.

Special Order of Tact.

Again, kindness of feeling is unpretentious tact pure and simple. Gifted in some, tact, of course, will improve with study. Study as you may, labored tact is apt to be inaccurate, wanting in finesse and less courteous in its bearings.

Traits characteristic of tact are chiefly based on patience and forbearance. Without them we are liable to err. Children and foolish people exhibit a want of tact. Not wishing to attribute tact too much to genius or natural talent, we may add a seemingly aid to this commendable and high class culture by caution and the care we use in the practice of it in all we say and do, and do quickly. Diplomacy is a special order of tact that ranks above other comparisons simply by the quality of its own end.

for poison ivy: Place in the bottom of a clean quart jar about one pound of hypo such as is used in photography and fill with water. Use some of this water on the infected parts, sponging with absorbent cotton or gauze frequently, especially at night. The solution has proved an antidote for the poison ivy.

Health Notes.

A teaspoonful of flour of sulphur dissolved in hot milk and slowly sipped, is said to be helpful in case of sore throat.

Taking cold can sometimes be prevented by the breathing deeply when chilly. The body will soon become much warmer, because deep breathing sets the blood to circulating more rapidly.

If you are a sufferer from rheumatism, nervous dyspepsia or neuralgia, eat plenty of celery, either stewed or raw. If stewed very little water should be used, so as not to waste the valuable salts contained in this vegetable.

duration and that of persons exercising it. Too observant of the phases of life admire tact as seen in our households, the kitchen and drawing room. Victory in war, success in politics or the professions, apart from intellectual acumen of the man is greatly due to tact, which must be circumspect in all it assumes.

To bring people to our way of thinking in disposing of our affairs requires tact. There's nothing repellent about tact. The tactical will draw, mesmerize, magnetize and, if permitted, we name it as something captivating, fascinating, charming. Disorder is out of line with tact, because there is no unity about it. Thrift, peace, contentment of mind and good health may be laid to orderly tact, the door of the correct tactician. Go where you wish, the tactical should be the supreme, reigning, silent, conciliating factor in conducting all our affairs, to the extent that it tends to

Promote and Make Life Happy.

Method about one's madness surely is tact with a vengeance. Tact will prevent a clash of arms or argument. It averts exhibitions of temper, anger and ill will. It jeopardizes nothing, for it has nothing to lose in its varied exertions. Blarney of speech, though of Celtic origin, make and character is tact of the first order.

Tact, then, is apparent to and approved by all because of the nicety with which it deals in that which it undertakes. It lightens the burdens of life and anticipates emergencies at all times. There is no real selfishness about tact. With confusion there is no tact, or even the semblance of it. Our homes, shops, persons and the carriage and care of them should never be without tact. Tact is the economy of life. What the compass is to the ship tact should be to the man who sees danger ahead rising from the unexpected. Circumstance and the occasion oftentimes give evidence of opportune tact. Tact is speedy in repressing self and addresses itself at the same time to the wants of others as well as his own. There are convenience and conventionality about tact finally that reduce turbulency to quietude. It turns war into peace. It makes us happy because it touches the right spot in the heart of every man and woman who falls under its influence or comes in contact with it. —Rev. George T. Donlin.

WAR BREAD CAUSES ILLS.

Germany's Rye Flour and Potato Mixture Not Palatable.

The German "war bread," of potatoes and rye flour, so highly recommended by German authorities as a substitute for wheat bread, is proving unpalatable and causing much stomach and other digestive trouble, says an editorial in the New York Medical Journal.

The German people are being urged by military and civil authorities to eat as much of the war bread as possible, and forego wheat bread because the war bread can be made from products of which Germany has an abundance, without drawing upon the small wheat supply. Notwithstanding the patriotic and economic grounds on which the people are supposed to enjoy this bread, the editorial says that it is so distasteful to many that they do not chew it enough. "To this are probably due a great many of the symptoms," it says. "Flatulence is frequent. This is thought to be due to the swallowing of large, tough lumps of bread which are hardly affected by the pancreatic secretion. Thorough mastication of the bread will prevent these troubles."

Reading the Signs at the Front.

A member of the Liverpool Scottish while home on leave, was asked whether the soldiers knew long before-hand when they were going to be called upon to deliver an assault. "Well, they don't exactly tell us but we always know," he explained. "You see, if a number of Army chaplains suddenly turn up we can always guess that something good and hard is going to be asked of us shortly. And if they serve us with pudding for dinner before we go into the trenches, why then we know for certain."

A Real Poison Ivy Cure.

A physician gives the following cure



PUMPING IT OUT

—From The New York World.

E. MAYHEW & CO. "QUALITY" FIRST E. MAYHEW & CO.

The Announcement of New Fall Goods this week

For the fall season our display this week will surpass anything for quality and price you have yet seen. Early buying, and with unusual care, has brought to the ladies of Glencoe and vicinity the finest selection of the Fashionable Fall Silks—the Very Newest Striped Messaline Silks for autumn wear—in nearly all colors. **NEW FALL DRESS GOODS.**—We are fortunate to have such a complete stock and at prices so moderate. See the Two-toned Tweeds, Silk Crepe de Chene, Cord Velvets, etc., before you choose on your Fall Suit or Dress.



BIG ECONOMIES FOR THIS WEEK

Read These

- 15c White Flannellette, wide. 12c
- 15c New Wrapperettes. 10c
- 15c Fancy Crepes. 11c
- 15c White Cotton. 12c
- 35c Bleached Sheet. 27c
- 12c Flowered Crepes. 10c
- 25c Bath Towels. 19c
- 15c Apron Gingham. 11c
- Comfort Soap 6 bars for 25c
- Snowflake Ammonia, 6 for 25c

50c Is Worth 75c Here This Week

Flannellette, 1 yd. wide, in many different patterns, 6 yds. for 50c

Curtain Voile with hemstitched border and lace edge, regular 39c per yd. 3 yds. for 50c

Women's Lisle Hose, reg. 35c per pair. 2 pair for 50c

A Wonderful Display of Men's Suits

Both tailor-made and ready-to-wear. Let nothing keep you from seeing these.

A large shipment of Young Men's Very Newest Fall Hats and Caps. We have one to suit every person.

A Big Saving in Boys' School Suits and Shoes

Boys' Suits—Norfolk Coat and Bloomer Trousers—in most any color, from \$2.95 up. We make a specialty of the Boys' Department.

The Home of "Fashion Craft" and of Good Values

E. MAYHEW & CO.

The Transcript.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1915.

Newbury

W. Glennie and A. Brown motored to Delaware for a few days last week. L. W. Aldwell, of Seneca, Texas, an "old boy" with a kindly feeling that lasts, sent ten dollars to Miss Graydon last week to be put on the machine gun subscription list.

Mrs. Heald-Berkeley and son Lorne were in Cedar Springs last week.

School reopened Sept. 1st with a good attendance, and Miss Fennell and Mr. Armstrong in their old places.

An old Newbury boy, who chanced to be on the G. T. R. platform at London the evening of the 33rd returned from here, writes back to say that as the "boys" stepped off the train they gave "three cheers for Newbury," and again, "three cheers for the ladies of Newbury."

Among the Labor Day visitors were Will Grant, of Detroit; Ed. Grant, wife and son, of London; Mrs. Frank Foster and daughter Agnes, of Detroit; Miss Anna Gordon, of Toronto; John McLean, of London.

Charlie Tucker had a call a few days ago from an old schoolmate, Orland Fletcher. Mr. Fletcher now occupies the bursar's chair in the Freeman University, Greensville, South Carolina.

In looking back he spoke of doing his first teaching as assistant to Mr. Crawford. His father owned the family on the Fansher Road, as some of the old settlers will remember. Another schoolmate of "Orland" and "Charlie" also called on Saturday, Michael Kane, of Mt. Pleasant, Mich., who is visiting his brother and nephew at North Newbury. In listening to these old school tales the lads of today will see there was fun going then, too.

Wm. Hayne was in Toronto the first of the week.

Miss Ella Jeffery returned to Detroit with her cousin, Miss Walters, for a two weeks' visit.

C. Mann, of the Merchants Bank, is holidaying. Mr. Morrison is relieving.

Miss Hattie Johnston, of Inwood, returned home last week after visiting her aunt, Mrs. C. Dobbyn.

Mrs. Laird and Miss Dobbyn, of Florence, spent Saturday at G. D. Dobbyn's.

Miss Ruth Hammett took up her duties teaching the Cashmere school last week.

Wardsville, Sept. 7.—L. M. Nagle, of Glencoe, is relieving at the Royal Bank.

Miss Agnes O'Malley spent last week with relatives near Rodney.

Miss L. McMahon, of Delhi, returned last week to resume her position as teacher at S. S. No. 11, Aldborough.

Misses J. and O. Gordon are visiting friends in London.

Ethridge Purdy, of Detroit, spent the week-end at his home here.

Lyle Milner has returned home after visiting his brother in Detroit for a few weeks.

Mrs. B. Snell spent the week-end at her home in Woodstock.

A. G. London moved into his new house on Saturday.

Miss Vera Palmer, of Detroit, spent the week-end in town.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Clark and family, of Howard, and Mrs. D. A. Leitch and baby, of Ridgeway, spent Tuesday at the home of John Mulligan.

Misses Gundry and Millard, of Aylmer and Bridgeburg respectively, returned Monday to resume their duties as high school teachers here.

Miss L. Sheppard, of Windsor, spent the holiday at her home here.

Miss Irene McIntyre, of Chicago, is visiting her grandmother, Mrs. E. McIntyre.

Frank Riley, of Regina, renewed acquaintances in town at the week-end.

Wardsville, Sept. 8.—J. Swartz has moved his wife and family to Thamesville, where he is engaged in the blacksmithing business.

Thos. Paule met with what might have proved to be a serious accident on Friday last while motoring to Newbury, when his car left the road and took the ditch. The car was badly damaged but the occupants were not seriously hurt.

The "Hungry Hounds" defeated the "Wildcats" in a game of baseball here on Saturday, the score being 7-5.

Constant Bros. have purchased a valuable roadster and carriage from Mr. Parks.

Miss Beatrice Turk has gone to Glencoe to finish her course in millinery with Mrs. Currie.

Mrs. W. Avey and Mrs. Geo. Geary and sons Lloyd and Lorne, of Rodney, spent Sunday with Mrs. J. Ellison.

Mrs. Currie's millinery parlors will reopen in Wardsville, Monday, Sept. 13th.

Miss Pearl Ellwood is visiting friends in Toledo, Ohio.

Mr. and Mrs. Cook, of Muirkirk, spent Sunday with their daughter, Mrs. J. A. King.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Love are away on their vacation.

The many friends of J. W. Watterworth will be sorry to learn of his illness.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

FERGUSON'S CROSSING.

Mrs. Riley, Misses Gale and Mitchell and Dan Mitchell, of Glencoe, visited at the home of Hugh Walker recently.

Mrs. Geffs, Robert Geffs and Mr. and Mrs. E. Napper and daughter Yelma spent last Sunday at the home of Geo. Pierce.

The Needle Club of this place contributed \$5 for the purchase of an invalid's chair for the soldiers. The secretary has received a letter from Mrs. Edwards, of London, advising that the chair will be placed in the Duchess of Connaught Canadian Hospital at Shorncliffe.

One of the greatest blessings to parents is Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator. It effectually expels worms and gives health in a marvellous manner to the little one.

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CAIRO.

J. E. Cutler, of Battle Creek, Mich., a former resident of this vicinity, is renewing acquaintances here.

Mrs. H. A. Summers and daughter Evelyn returned on Friday after attending the wedding of Mrs. Summers' sister, Miss G. Elliott, of London.

Dr. C. L. Forman and wife, of Detroit, are the guests of the former's mother, Mrs. E. Forman.

Kenneth Brown, of St. Marys, spent his holidays at the home of his aunt, Mrs. A. B. McGugan.

Mr. and Mrs. Norman Fenby and family returned to their home in the West on Tuesday.

Threshing is in full swing in this vicinity and the yield is abundant.

The Ladies' Aid met at the home of Mrs. G. W. Young on Wednesday and the much talked of quilt was disposed of and secured by Mrs. D. M. Smith.

On the 1st inst. Mac. D. Smith, of the London police force, paid his friends here a brief visit.

FALL

You are cordially invited to inspect our fall showing of Correct Millinery Sept. 9th - 11th

B. C. BUCHANAN

MELBOURNE

Many a young man is unable to paddle his own canoe even after some one has presented him with a veneered canoe and silver plated paddles.

Appin

Appin, Sept. 6.—Miss Huston, who has been visiting her aunt for some time, has returned to her home in London to attend the Industrial School.

Miss Lakin, of Detroit, is the guest of Mrs. L. Payne.

Mrs. Macraut has returned from an extensive western trip. She visited a brother in Vetsakwin.

The Ladies' Aid of the Methodist church held a successful meeting at the home of Mrs. Brownlee last week.

A. Macne and family, of London, are visiting here.

Bethel anniversary services were held on Sunday. The Methodists of Appin discontinued their evening service to be present at the Bethel services.

Appin, Sept. 7.—Mrs. Ed. Maidment and son Hugh, of Forest, spent the holiday at the home of J. B. Fletcher and with other relatives.

Mrs. B. Knight and son Leslie, of London, spent the holidays with friends in and around Appin.

Neil Fletcher, of Chatham, spent Sunday at his home here.

Mrs. Lawton, of Detroit, has been spending the past two weeks at the home of her mother, Mrs. Clarke.

Mrs. Thomas and Mrs. Fletcher have returned home from spending a week with relatives in Detroit.

The Appin and Maxwell basketball teams had a friendly game on Saturday.

KILMARTIN.

The following visited at Kilmartin over the holiday:—Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Moore, Neil McLarty, Mrs. Janet McIntyre, Archie Munroe, from Walkerville; J. D. McAlpine, from Windsor; H. B. McNeil, Hector and Alex. McFarlane, Tom Hogan, Angus Cameron, Bob McAlpine, from Detroit; Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Dewar and daughter Jean, Mrs. McLeod, Miss Hathaway, Mr. and Mrs. Will Cook, from St. Thomas; Miss Lucy Leitch, from Caradoc; Mr. and Mrs. Mitchell Innes and family, and Misses Beth and Effie McLarty, from London.

Mr. and Mrs. Dan. McAlpine, of Dutton, visited at Donald McGregor's on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Cornfoot are visiting at Arch. L. McKellar's.

Miss Park and Miss Wright, of Glen Rae, spent the week-end at John Seccord's.

The funeral of Mrs. Alex. McNeil, of Brooke, took place on Friday. Interment was made in Kilmartin cemetery.

The annual Labor Day picnic of Burns' church, despite the inclement weather, was a fair success, and a good time was enjoyed by all. The program as advertised was carried out with the exception of some of the speakers and with the addition of a splendid solo by Mr. Hogan, of Detroit. Gate receipts were a little over \$100.

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SHE RECOMMENDS "FRUIT-A-TIVES"

Mrs. Corbett Read the Advertisement and Tried It

Avon, May 14th, 1911.

"I have used 'Fruit-a-tives' for Indigestion and Constipation with most excellent results, and they continue to be my only medicine. I saw 'Fruit-a-tives' advertised with a letter in which some one recommended them very highly, so I tried them. The results were more than satisfactory, and I have no hesitation in recommending 'Fruit-a-tives'."

ANNIE A. CORBETT.

Time is proving that 'Fruit-a-tives' can always be depended upon to give prompt relief in all cases of Constipation and Stomach Trouble.

50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c. At dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

Wise Boys.

The only tongued stranger goes after the granger, and sell him a new fangled churn; and we in the city exclaim, "what a pity the farmer no wisdom will learn! He surely is easy; no graft is too cheesy to spring on the tiller of soil; the granger pursue him, horns woggle and do him, and then amble off with the spoil." And we in the city, so learned and so witty, so wise to all manner of snares, invest in some bubble that's loaded with trouble, or purchase a few Belgian hares. We deal with some faker who sells by the acre a swamp that is hopelessly barren, or buy with good money a mine that is funny, that's naught but a hole in the ground. We fall for the charmer—turned down by the farmer—who sells us a punk lot of books; for quick riches—quoting, we're always investing in pipe dreams and moonshine and spooks. Oh, lummy-tummy, the rubes who are rural are smarter than rubes in the town; the small gets may get them, and jolt them and fret them, the big ones they always turn down. We shy at the small ones and fall for the tall ones, and blow in our bundles at once; the farm rube's the measure or I'm not a harpist; the town rube's the champion dunce.

IT NEEDS NO TESTIMONIAL.—It is a guarantee in itself. If testimonials were required they could be furnished in thousands from all sorts and conditions of men in widely different parts of the world. Besides being a yearly year which have but an ephemeral existence and then are heard of no more, Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil has grown in reputation every day since it first made its appearance.

Fall Fair Dates.

Ailsa Craig	Sept. 28 and 29
Alvinston	Oct. 7 and 8
Blenheim	Oct. 7 and 8
Brigden	Oct. 5
Chatham	Sept. 21-23
Comber	Sept. 20 and 30
Delaware	Oct. 13
Dorchester Station	Oct. 6
Dresden	Sept. 30, Oct. 1
Essex	Sept. 20-Oct. 1
Florence	Oct. 11 and 12
Forest	Sept. 29 and 30
Glencoe	Sept. 30, Oct. 1
Hamilton	Sept. 28 and 29
Harrow	Sept. 15-18
Highgate	Oct. 5 and 6
Kings	Oct. 1 and 2
Lambeth	Sept. 28-30
Leamington	Oct. 5
London	Sept. 6-8
Melbourne	Sept. 10-15
Moncy	Oct. 1
Ottawa	Sept. 10-15
Parkhill	Sept. 23 and 24
Petrolia	Sept. 23 and 24
Ridgeway	Oct. 11-13
Rodney	Oct. 4 and 5
Sarnia	Sept. 28 and 29
Strathroy	Sept. 20-22
Thamesville	Oct. 5 and 6
Wallaceburg	Sept. 28 and 29
Wallaceton	Sept. 30-Oct. 1
Windsor	Oct. 5
Woodstock	Sept. 23 and 24
Wyoming	Oct. 1 and 2

Sleep is the great nourisher of infancy, and without peaceful sleep the child will not thrive. This cannot be got if the infant be troubled with worms. Miller's Worm Powders will destroy worms and drive them from the system, and thus the child's rest will be undisturbed. The powders cannot injure the most delicate baby, and there is nothing so effective for restoring the health of a worm-worm infant.

WALKERS.

Miss E. Jean Rae has resumed teaching and will be at the school.

The Kilmartin picnic on Monday was a decided success despite the unfavorable weather.

Sam Knapton, of Detroit, returned on Tuesday, after visiting Archie McDougall.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Cook and Mr. and Mrs. Barton Borbridge returned to St. Thomas by motor on Monday evening after calling on friends in this vicinity.

Miss Mae and Howard Patterson spent the week-end with their sister, Mrs. Donald Galbraith.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Stevenson, of Strathroy, spent Labor Day at Colin A. Munroe's.

Dan McEachren has purchased a new car.

Joe Newsome, of Chicago, called on friends here recently.

Miss Tena Elliott, of Glencoe, spent Monday the guest of Miss Anna McGill.

A young hopeful of four was at dinner with his mother one morning, the father being from home for the week-end. "Now, Johnnie," said his mother, "you'll sit in father's chair this morning, and say grace." "Well, mother, if I'm to be father I must have two eggs," returned Johnnie imperiously.

Death of John McNabb.

In the passing of the late John McNabb, Dawn has lost one of her most honorable and respected citizens. His death, which occurred last Friday evening, August 13, was looked for by near relatives but not by the county at large. He had been ailing since last fall with throat trouble and at the last he could take no nourishment whatever. The funeral took place last Monday afternoon, service being conducted at his late residence, lot 17, con. 5, Dawn, at 1 p. m., by Rev. Dr. Boyd, interment taking place in the Dresden cemetery. The funeral was under the auspices of the Canadian Order of Foresters of Rutherford.

The deceased was born in the county of York on the 23rd of June, 1838, and came to the county of Middlesex when a child with his parents, and settled in the township of Ekfrid. His mother died when he was eight years of age. In 1870 he and his father came to Dawn and settled on the farm where he died. Prior to his leaving Ekfrid township he served his time at the blacksmithing business. He and his father kept bachelor's hall for about ten years, when he married, in 1887, Catharine Reid, daughter of Peter Reid. To this union were born five children; three of whom died in infancy. The two living are Mrs. John Bell of con. 7, and Bruce at home. He also leaves three brothers: Archie, of St. Thomas, Alex., of Bothwell, and Peter, of Melbourne.

The late John McNabb had one of the brightest and most honorable municipal careers. He was elected to the council of Dawn in January, 1890, and served continuously as councillor and deputy reeve up to 1907, when he was elected reeve, and from that time on he was in and out of the reeve's chair up to December, 1907, when he dropped out on account of ill health. The last year he sat at the board he was elected by acclamation.

At the time of his death he was treasurer of the Presbyterian church, Rutherford, and had been for three years previously. Besides being a Forester, he was a member of Dresden Lodge No. 255 A. F. & A. M.

The sympathy of the Times and the community goes out to the sorrowing wife and family.—Dresden Times.

Widow of Squire Simpson Dies.

Wardsville, Sept. 7.—The death occurred on Friday, Sept. 3, of Amelia, fourth daughter of the late Captain A. D. Ward, of Wardsville, and relict of the late Squire Simpson, of Glencoe. Mrs. Simpson had a slight stroke of paralysis early last spring, from which she never fully recovered. All that medical skill and good nursing could do was done, but without avail. Two sisters are left to mourn her loss, Mrs. M. G. Munroe and Miss Adelaide Ward, both at home. The funeral services were conducted at the home, "Hillcrest," Monday afternoon by the Rev. Mr. Hale, rector of St. James' church, of which the deceased had been a lifelong member, after which the remains were taken to the family plot in the Wardsville cemetery for interment. The pallbearers were Mr. Blott, Mr. English, Mr. Vose, Col. O'Malley, Mr. Purdy and Mr. Fitzpatrick. The floral offerings were many and beautiful. Sympathy is extended to the bereaved ones.

The late Alexander B. Simpson, of Wardsville, was a nephew of deceased.

"Asleep in Jesus."

THE CHEVROLET CAR

Is the sensation at the Toronto Exhibition. See it at London Fair. Fully equipped and guaranteed. Price \$660. F. O. B. Toronto.

Seeds!

Seed Oats, Barley, Peas, Spring Wheat, Clover, Timothy, Alsike, Hungarian and Millet Seed, Fresh Mangel and Sugar Beet Seed, Rennie's, Steele-Briggs and Ferry's Garden Seeds.

Blended and Pure Manitoba Flour, Wheat taken in exchange, satisfaction guaranteed; Feed Flour, Corn Chop, Shorts, Bran, Shelled Corn, Fertilizer in stock, Corvuline for grain, Pedlar People's Galvanized and Rubber Roofing in stock, Bibby's Cream Equivalent and other Calf Meals, Linsed Meal, Oil Cake, Molasses Meal, Coal, Cement, Wood.

G. A. McALPINE

Agent for Mosa, Ekfrid, Euphemia and Zone

THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA

CAPITAL PAID UP - \$ 11,560,000
RESERVE FUND - \$ 12,560,000
TOTAL ASSETS - \$187,000,000

Savings Department—Interest allowed on deposits of one dollar and upward and credited to accounts half yearly.

Farmers' business solicited. Loans made to responsible farmers for the purchase of cattle, etc. Sale notes cashed or collected.

Glencoe Branch - E. M. DOULL, Manager

MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA

Established 1863 Head Office, Montreal
Capital, paid up \$7,000,000 Reserve Fund \$7,248,134

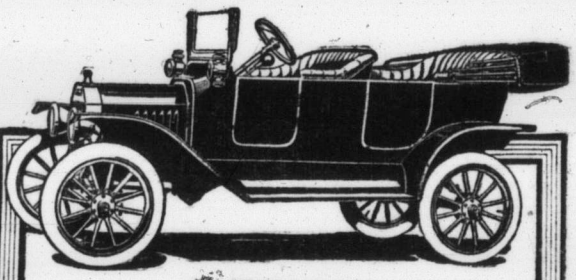
SAVINGS DEPARTMENT

We give special attention to Savings Accounts. One dollar only is necessary to open an account. Interest allowed at highest bank rate, and added twice a year without application or presentation of pass book. No delay in withdrawals. Two or more persons may open a Joint Account, and either party can withdraw money.

FARMERS' BUSINESS

Money advanced to Farmers at Reasonable Rates. Sales Notes handled on most favorable terms.

J. A. McKELLAR, Manager GLENCOE BRANCH



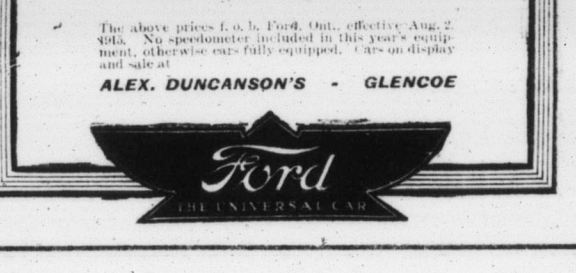
Ford Touring Car Price \$530

Ford Runabout Price \$480

Ford Town Car Price \$780

The above prices f.o.b. Ford, Ont., effective Aug. 2, 1915. No speedometer included in this year's equipment, otherwise cars fully equipped. Cars on display and sale at

ALEX. DUNCANSON'S - GLENCOE



BEFORE DECIDING ON A CAR SEE THE OVERLAND

MANY REASONS WHY

It has the reputation for being the most reliable car.
It has all the latest improvements.
It is easy to handle.
It is easy on gasoline.
It is easy on oil.
It is an easy riding car.

1916 Model, 5-Passenger, 35-Horsepower Touring Car, reduced from \$1,275 to \$1,050.

FOR DEMONSTRATION APPLY S. HUMPHRIES, GLENCOE

Agent for Mosa, Ekfrid, Euphemia and Zone