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The Standard,

OR RAILWAY AND COMMERCIAL RECORD.

E variis sumendum est optimum.—Cic.

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LAW RESPECTING NEWSPAPERS

Subscribers who do not give express notice to the contrary, are considered as wishing to continue their subscriptions.

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GRAND MANAN,

An Island situate in the Bay of Fundy, is about nine miles from West Quoddy Light House—twenty miles from Eastport, and thirty-five miles from Machias in the State of Maine. This island is 17 miles long and contains about 1700 inhabitants, its lands are fertile, and owing to its being surrounded by the ocean, has quite a mild climate compared with the main land or continent.

The southern side of the island is low, and possesses many good farms; the northern side near Dark harbour is very high; the top of this height is what is called table land sloping gradually to the south, and is covered with heavy woods of the usual growth of the State of Maine.

The north side being a continuous range of high mountain, has, until within a few years, been unapproachable, and, but for the means used by the Government of New Brunswick, for the opening of a harbour in the centre of the Island, called "Dark Harbour", the fine Timber lands on the height would still have remained sealed, this desirable object was effected with some skill and resulted in important advantages. It now affords an excellent harbour for fishing vessels and other craft; at high tides vessels drawing some fourteen feet of water may enter and ride in safety, in a harbour one mile and a half in length, sixty feet deep, and perfectly safe from all winds. Mackerel, cod, pollock, herrings &c., go into this harbour, but particularly herrings of the largest sizes are taken in set nets, and often in stormy weather fishermen frequent this harbour for bait when it cannot be procured elsewhere.

The lands in the neighbourhood of Dark harbour are rich and valuable for tillage, its timber is of large growth and very abundant, and any extent of Ship-timber such as Birch, Beech, Maple, Hacmatac and Spruce for building the largest class Vessels, can be obtained; and it is a well-known fact that all island timber, (from the influence of salt water) is of a much harder texture and more durable, than timber from ordinary lands,—owing to a thick undergrowth of ground hemlock, and green wood; these lands have never been visited with fires, nor is it at all probable they will be.

Cordwood suitable for the American Market could be shipped from Dark harbour to any extent, and cheaper than from many other parts, such as Annapolis in Nova Scotia, from which place the Boston market is principally supplied.

From a view of the map, it will appear that Grand Manan is not over 3rds of the distance from Boston that Annapolis river is; and when it is known that Cordwood from Annapolis river is hauled 14 to 16 miles, and that fifty thousand cords can be delivered on the wharf at Dark harbour, by a haul from one half to two miles, it is obvious that this wood must become of great value in the course of a few years; in addition to Ship-timber, these lands possess large quantities of Spruce and Pine timber suitable for deals and boards.

A stream or river empties into "Dark harbour" which is supplied with water from several springs and lakes, on which Mills could be erected, with a supply of water nearly the year round, giving facility for the manufacture of laths and pickets in large quantities. On this stream has lately been erected a sluice for bringing logs from the lakes; by this sluice, cordwood can be conveyed to the harbour.

Grand Manan is well known by American fishermen, to possess fishing grounds, equal if not superior to any other on the coast of America. It is said that during the mackerel season, five hundred sail can be seen at a time engaged in this business, and the 'Grand Manan Rips,' are well known for the catch of herrings and cod fish. Salt for the cure of fish can be always purchased in St. John, on arrival of the spring fleet, for 10 or 12 cents per bushel, and by a depot of some fifty thousand to one hundred thousand bushels for the fall fishing, a profit of 25 to 30 cents can be calculated on.

A petition is now before the Legislature of New Brunswick to make Grand Manan a FREE PORT, on the same footing as Guernsey and Jersey, in England, and St. Thomas in the West Indies;—this plan is favorably received by many eminent men of New Brunswick, and there is but very little doubt of its ultimately becoming a law.

In this event, this island must become of vast importance as a depot for free goods from Spain, France, and all the world, in exchange for fish and lumber.

It will be remembered that no land tax exists in New Brunswick, and the amount of taxes paid on 8000 acres at Grand Manan, has not exceeded six dollars per annum on the whole, for poor and all other local taxes

The writer of this notice, is the owner of 8000 acres of land on this island, adjoining Dark harbour—is advanced in life, and desirous of selling to a company or individuals.

It would, in his opinion, be advisable for one or two persons purchasing this property to establish a respectable store at Dark harbour; this, in connection with a fishing business and mill establishment, could not fail of largely remunerating the proprietors.

The above property will be sold on the most liberal terms, and at a long credit.

Apply to

JOHN WILSON,
Chamcook,
New Brunswick.

European Intelligence.

The Mail steamer CANADA arrived at Halifax about 9 o'clock on Tuesday morning, with 130 passengers and a full freight. She brings Liverpool dates to 18 h ult.

DEATH OF THE DUKE OF WELLINGTON.

ENGLAND.—The English papers are filled almost exclusively with biographies of the late Duke of Wellington. His Grace died suddenly from epeleptic fits, at Walmer Castle, on 14th inst. His son the Marquis of Douro, (now Duke of Wellington,) who was at Ostend, was immediately sent for, and had arrived in England. The Public are calling for a National Funeral, and for the extension of the patent of Nobility to the female heirs. Lord Mahon is understood to be his literary executor. By the Duke's demise a number of valuable offices fall into the gift of the Ministry. Prince Albert, the Duke of Cambridge, and Lord Fitzroy Somerset, are already named in connexion with the Commander in Chief. Military men would rather see the office bestowed on Lord Hardinge or some other soldier.

PARLIAMENT will meet for the despatch of business on the 11th November.

The Morning Herald states by authority, that two ships of war have been sent by the Peruvian Government to the Lobos Isles, and a small military force permanently stationed there, that the whole of the Peruvian Islands, Lobos included, are formally annexed to the main land of Peru, and by article 213 of the new law, none but vessels under contract with the Peruvian Government will be allowed to load guano, that all other vessels anchoring in the roadsteads of the Islands, shall be confiscated, and if guano be found on board, will be proceeded against for robbery.

Most of the papers publish the Nova Scotians' Petition to the Queen respecting the Fisheries, but the subject seems to have lost much of its interest with the public.

The recent high dividend of the Submarine Telegraph Company, has given an impetus to Telegraphic enterprize, among the projects it has brought into prominence is, Messrs Harrisons proposals to unite Europe and America via Orkney, Shetland, and Faroe Islands, to Iceland & Greenland, they having obtained exclusive right from the Danish Government, and thence to Labrador and Quebec. Surveys have shewn that the bed of the sea is favourable, and the greatest lengths of submarine wire would not exceed 500 miles.

A letter in the Dublin Evening Mail, from Mr. Russell, of Limerick, to the Chamber of Commerce intimates that the Government Commission have reported in favour of Foynes as a transatlantic packet station.

The Commission appointed by Government to enquire and report on the capabilities of the Mercantile Steam Marine for war purposes have proceeded to the Clyde to make enquiries, and will then visit Liverpool—Steam Ships of War are henceforth to be built with full, instead of auxiliary steam power.

The screw frigates Dauntless and Highflier are ordered to Jamaica, there to await orders from Admiral Seymour.

A new Palace for the Queen is to be built at a cost of £100,000 at Balmoral in Scotland.

The Braemar gathering—an association for out of door Scottish sports—met at Braemar on Thursday and Friday last. The Queen was present.

At a meeting of the Bank of England Stockholders on Thursday, a dividend of 3½ per cent. for the half year to 31st August was declared. There is great scarcity of Silver coin in England, large shipments continuing to be made by Emigrants to Australia and also for India and the Continent.

The deficiency is to be met immediately by a new issue from the Mint.

The Sarah Sands Steamer was to leave Liverpool on 15th, via Queenstown, with a full complement of passengers, and carrying the Mails for Australia and the Cape of Good Hope.

Mr. Pugin the eminent Architect is dead.

Harvest generally speaking is over and fulfils the expectations of plenty.

FRANCE.—Louis Napoleon left Paris on Tuesday on his promised tour through the South and West. The papers contain little else than accounts of his reception, which have all the semblance at least of being enthusiastic. Along the whole route he was received with cries of Vive L'Empereur, with which it is stated he appeared much pleased. The Constitutionel paper has an article on the present French Steam Navy, in which it assumes the possibility of a successful invasion of England. Some of the French papers, while announcing the demise of the late Duke of Wellington, indulges in remarks depreciatory of the deceased.

ITALY.—The intrigues of Sir Henry Bulwer in Italy cause the Austrian Government some anxiety. The garrisons of Florence and Bologne are to be reinforced.

Letters from Catania of 30th ult., describe the damage done by the late eruption of Etna. One stream of lava had flowed towards Zafferoni, 15 miles from the crater and another toward Milo, devasting the vineyards in both districts.

DIFFERENTIAL DUTIES AND PROTECTIVE TARIFF.

These subjects have again been brought prominently up for public consideration by the convention of delegates from the various Boards of Trade in the Province, lately assembled in Quebec and by subsequent discussion in Parliament. The revival of these vexed questions grows out of the difficulties in the way of obtaining reciprocity with the United States and the very indifferent manner in which Canada has reason to believe her overtures to be treated at Washington.—Canada, with good natural advantages for commerce and manufactures, is in an anomalous position, having little or no advantage over the neighbouring States in Britain, and being shut out from the advantages enjoyed by those States of intercourse with each other. Still, notwithstanding these difficulties, (and what country is without similar or greater?) Canada has been, as we learn from Mr. Lillie's statistics, going forward as fast in the race of improvement as the most favoured portion of the United States. It is therefore, of the greatest consequence that any change of policy should be well considered ere it be adopted.

With respect to protection of home industry, as it is called, we do not say that it is never advantageous in a pecuniary point of view to a country, although we very much doubt if a single instance of this can be undoubtedly proved in the whole history of the world; but we do say without fear of contradiction, that it never can be perfectly fair. If any one kind of product or manufacture is enhanced in price by protection, then the producers of all unprotected kinds are taxed on their consumption of it, without any equivalent on the price of their own labor; and if all are protected alike, then there is a cumbrous machinery of custom houses and duties without any alteration of the relative value of the manufactures and products interchanged, and a falling off of foreign commerce equivalent to the increase of home trade.

With respect to the plan of differential duties, or more properly speaking, duties favoring a particular mode of importation,—for no one proposes any difference as regards the country from which the goods may come,—we have already said, on former occasions, that there is only one legitimate argument in favor of it, and that is, that Canada has, in her corporate capacity, gone wholesale into the canal business, and the question lies before her, whether her own traffic is to benefit her own canals or to benefit the canals and railways which the neighbouring States have constructed. A considerable portion of what is paid extra by the people on account of differential duties, would probably be repaid to their public chest in the shape of increased tolls on the canals.

Still, either or both of these measures are regarded generally, and we think very properly, as only means, to an end, viz., reciprocal traffic without duties of any kind; and most earnestly do we wish to see that end accomplished, not only with the United States, but Britain, and all other countries.—Montreal Witness.

LORD ELGIN.—In reference to the rumored recall of Lord Elgin, the Hamilton (Canada) Express says:

"As the report has not been confirmed, it was no doubt unfounded. Whenever his lordship leaves Canada, there is reason to believe it will be at his own request.

LATER FROM HAVANA.—*New Orleans Sept*, 22.—The Empire City has arrived with advices from Havana to the 19 h.

Arrests were being made daily throughout the Island, of parties supposed to be connected with the Fillibusters.

A Council of War was to be held on the 23 l, for a trial of eleven prisoners, concerned in the publication of the voice of the people. Government had received intelligence that 1200 stand of arms had been seized by the Military authorities in the vicinity. The remainder were carried to the mountains and secreted by the country people. All American papers without exception were prohibited, and spies swarmed in every direction. The Captain General had stationed troops in all parts of the Island, and was making rigorous exertions to suppress the least attempt at insurrection.

We are sorry to say that the potato blight has suddenly made its appearance in this county, and in almost every part of it, has killed the tops as completely as would a heavy frost. Some are in hopes that as it appeared so late in the season it will not injure the potatoes, but we were informed in Greenfield that one man in that settlement could not use his they were so much injured.—*Woodstock Sentinel.*

Wreck of the bark Josepha.—Those who recollect the melancholy history of the wreck of the British bark Josepha, off the shore of the town of Truro, with the loss of her crew, and of two intrepid and humane citizens of that town, in a vain attempt to save the lives of the crew, will take an interest in knowing that the selectmen of Truro have acknowledged the receipt of £100 from the British government, and $375 from the citizens of Boston, through R. B. Forbes,—gratuities for the benefit of the families of those men who perished.

☞They have had another terrible accident on the New York and Erie Railroad; resulting in the death of some eight or ten persons. Why will travellers run such risks when there are so many other safer routes, leading to and from the metropolis?[—Am. paper.

FIRST RIDE ON A RAILROAD.

We have often thought that to a person who saw a train of cars in motion for the first time, the sight must be most miraculous and astonishing. As Jack Downing once said 'twas so deer to see a hul lot of wagons chuck full of people and things agoin off at that ere speed and no hoss to draw 'em.' A genius of the sort referred to lately made his experimental trip. He was a greenhorne, a genuine backwoodsman, who feared nothing in the shape of man or beast, but anything that he could not understand puzzled him even more than it did, perhaps, the ordinary run of his fellows. Well, he came to Catersville, a short time since, for the purpose of taking his first railroad trip.

He'd heern tell on 'em, but did not believe all the nonsense folks said about 'em. When the cars arrived at the place, our hero was there patiently waiting, much excited and elated, anticipating his intended ride. As the cars approach he stood gazing with wonder and awe at the engine puffing and smoking. Following the example of others, as soon as the cars stopped he hurried aboard, with his saddle bags on his arms, and seated himself near a window. Then, looking at the passengers, manifestly much surprised, he put his head out of the window to see the critter start. While in this position, watching with much anxiety, the whistle sounded. Our hero, much surprised, and evidently a little alarmed, drew back his head with a motion that might be called a jerk, and, turning to an old gentleman near him said:—

Well, stranger, did you ever hear such a snort as that?

The engine? suggested the other.

Well, I don't know what it is, but—holle, how she goes?

Guess you are not acquainted with railroad travelling?

Hang it no! haint they ran away?—Creation, how it jerks.

It's all safe enough, you may rely; the cars are starting.

That's all well, stranger, I aint afeard, you know, but kinder surprised like, that's all, said the mountain boy, half ashamed—I, golly! stranger, did you hear that ere snort, it beats dad's jackass, and he's a rael roarer, no mistake. Whew! how it doos puff; somethin' must be a bustin', I am sure.

Oh fudge! it's all right, said the other settling himself for a nap

I swow! I don't see how you can sleep, darned if I do!

Nothing like getting used to it, said the other. You've heard of the eels that had been skinned so many times that they rather liked it, and used to come ashore every few days to have their hides taken off, haven't you?

You're gassi stranger.

The bell rung, the engine moved off, away went the cars at rapid speed, and before our hero had recovered from the shock which the 'snort' produced, the cars were moving over Etowah bridge. Discovering a change in its gate, he popped his head out of the window again to see how it moved, saw that he was some distance from the earth, and supposing that the 'critter' was flying, swooned and fell from his seat speechless. Several gentlemen sitting near caught hold of him, raised him up, shook and rubbed him until he revived a little.

This man is crazy, suggested some of the by standers, sagely.

No he's not, answered he who had before spoken, he's frightened.

Frightened?

Yes, seated half to death.

About what?

The cars, he was never in a train before, he told me.

A hearty laugh ran through those about the half fainting man, which had the effect to arouse him to consciousness, or at least partially to do so, for his breath began to come and go more regularly, and at last he opened his eyes as large as saucers, and seeing several of the gentlemen who had come to his assistance about him, he looked up most beseechingly in the face of one of them, and said—

'Stranger, has it hit yet?'

REFORMS.—It is a singular and pregnant fact, that in nearly, if not all the social and moral reforms, of the present day, infidelity and a disbelief in the Bible, as the inspired word of God, in one of the cardinal principles. The anti-slavery society, by its Motts, Garrison's and Kelly's, repudiate the bible, the Fourierites, or Socialists of every stamp including Shakers, New Harmonists, Icraians and Phalanxs, join in the crusade against the bible, and now the gathering of old maids, enthusiasts and ambitious women, at Syracuse, follows in the same path. A Miss Brown, who in the reports is called Reverend offered a resolution in favor of the bible, as the rule of conduct, &c., and supported the resolution by a few very weak remarks'—The convention however, as if by common consent, put down the resolution at once, and some of the women expressed astonishment at the weakness which could attach faith to the bible. How humiliating the sight, to see women, who should possess all the virtues inculcated by the book of books, repudiating Christianity, and like the women of the French Revolution, set up a goddess of reason in place of the living God.

We cannot, like some of our contemporaries, see anything like amusement, or the subject laughter, or the subject of laughter, in the acts of so called Women's Rights Convention. The subject is too serious and too intimately connected with the physical and moral well-being of the human family, to excite any thing but pity and a fervent wish that these women may yet be found clothed, and in their right minds.

As for the old women in bifurcateds who attended the Convention, and partook in its action, contempt and disgust is all they are entitled to, for their efforts to destroy our social organizations.[—Buffalo paper.

A CHILD BY EXPRESS.—Adams & Co's. Express recently added a feature to its facilities, by forwarding a female child, 7 years old, from Washington City to its parents at Dayton, Ohio. The child has been separated from its distressed parents for a year, and no means were afforded for its return until the agent of this Express was applied to, and generously demonstrated the availability of this means of transportation.

An Unexpected Journey.—The Boston Traveller relates, that a lady recently took passage in the Creole, for St. John, and was accompanied by a domestic and two children, "to see her off." While chatting together the boat started, and the parties, unconscious of their whereabouts, were seen down the harbour, and it was then too late to put back. They were landed at Portland. The father of the children, knowing that they were to accompany his wife to the boat, was left in a state of great alarm at their absence, not knowing the cause, and fearing they had fallen into the dock.

A REASON.—'Snobbs," said Mrs. Snobbs to her husband, the day after the ball,—'Snobbs, why did you dance with every lady in the hall last night before you noticed me?'

'Why, my dear,' said the devoted husband, 'I was oply practising what we do at the ble, reserving the best for the last.'

☞'Well, you may say what you like about Captain Speckle's meanness—there is one thing I know, and that is, he saved my life three times at the battle of Chapultepec.'

'How so?'

'Why, every time he ran away I followed him.'

HOW TO CURE A COLD.—Of all other means of curing a cold, let a man eat nothing whatever for two days, and his cold will be gone, provided he is not confined in bed, because by taking no carbon into the system by food, by consuming the surplus which caused his disease by removing the cause. This will be found more effectual, if he adds copious water drinking to protracted fasting. By the time a person has fasted one day and night, he will experience a freedom from pain and have clearness of mind in a delightful contrast with the mental stupor and physical pain caused by colds. And how infinitely better is this method of breaking up colds than medicine,

Dandelion Coffee.—Gather the roots of dandelions in the Fall of the year, wash them well, taking care not to rub off the skin, dry them on boards in the sun, and then they will keep for years. When wanted for use, they are cut up into pieces the size of coffee beans, and browned exactly like coffee, and they are then ground and used like it. If mixed along with coffee, at the rate of two-thirds coffee to one of dandelion root—a very good and healthy beverage is thus made.

Original issues in Poor Condition
Best copy available

European Intelligence.

THE LATE DUKE OF WELLINGTON

The English papers contain obituaries and memoirs of the late noble Duke of Wellington, and we avail ourselves of the following from the London Times:—

"If aught can lessen this day the grief of England upon the death of her greatest son, it is the recollection that the life which has closed leaves no duty incomplete and no honour unbestowed. The Duke of Wellington exhausted nature and exhausted glory. His career was one undoubted longest day, filled from dawn to nightfall with renowned actions animated by unfailing energy in the public service, guided by unswerving principles of conduct and statesmanship. He rose by a rapid series of achievements which none had surpassed to a position which no other man in this nation ever enjoyed. The place occupied by the Duke of Wellington in the councils of the country and in the life of England can no more be filled. There is none left in the army or the senate to act and speak with like authority. There is none with whom the valour and the worth of this nation were so incorporate. Yet, when we consider the fullness of his years and the abundance of his incessant services, we may learn to say with the Roman orator, '*Satis diu vixisse videtur*,' since being mortal, nothing could be added either to our veneration or to his fame. Nature herself had seemed to expand her inexorable limits, and the infirmities of age to lay a lighter burden on that honoured head. Generations of men had passed away between the first exploits of his arms and the last counsels of his age, until, by a lot unexampled in history, the man who had played the most conspicuous part in the annals of more than half a century became the last survivor of his contemporaries, and carries with him to the grave all living memory of his own achievements. To what a century, to what a country, to what achievements was that life successfully dedicated! For its prodigious duration—for the multiplicity of changes and events, far out-numbering the course of its days and years—for the invariable and unbroken stream of success which attended it from its commencement to its close, from the first flash of triumphant valour in Indian war to that senatorial wisdom on which the Sovereign and the nation hung for counsel to its latest hour—for the unbending firmness of character which bore alike all labour and all prosperity—and for unalterable attachment to the same objects, the same principles, the same duties, undisturbed by the passions of youth and unrelaxed by the honours and enjoyments of peace and of age—the life of the Duke of Wellington stands alone in history. In him, at least, posterity will trace a character superior to the highest and most abundant gifts of fortune. If the word "heroism" can be not not unfairly applied to him, it is because he remained greater than his own prosperity, and rose above the temptations by which other men of equal genius, but less self government, have fallen below their destinies. His life has nothing to gain from the language of panegyric, which would compare his military exploits or his civil statesmanship with the prowess of an Alexander or a Cæsar, or with the astonishing career of him who saw his empire overthrown by the British General at Waterloo. They were the offspring of passion and of genius, flung from the volcanic depths of revolutions and of civil war to sweep with meteoric splendour across the earth, and to collapse in darkness before half the work of life was done. Their violence, their crimes will forever fascinate the interest of mankind, and constitute the secret of their fame, if not of their greatness. To such attractions the life and character of the Duke of Wellington present no analogy. If he rose to scarce inferior renown, it was by none of the passions or the arts which they indulged or employed. Unvanquished in the field, his sword was never drawn for territorial conquests, but for the independence of Europe and the salvation of his country—Raised by the universal gratitude of Europe and of this nation, to the highest point of rank and power which a subject of the British monarchy could attain, he wore those dignities and he used that influence within the strictest limits of a subject's duty. No law was ever twisted to his will, no right was ever sacrificed by one hair's breadth for his aggrandisement. There lived not a man either among his countrymen or his antagonists who could say that this great duke had wronged him; for his entire existence was devoted to the cause of legal authority and regulated power. You seek in vain for those strokes of audacious enterprise which in other great captains, his rivals in fame, have sometimes won the prize of crowns or turned the fate of nations. But his whole career shines with the steady light of day. It has nothing to interpret by the flexible organs of history. Everything in its manly, compact, and clear; shaped to one rule of public duty, animated by one passion—the love of England and the service of the crown.

The Duke of Wellington lived, commanded, and governed in unconscious indifference or disdainful aversion to those common incentives of human action which are derived from the powers of imagination of sentiment. He held them cheap both in their weakness and in their strength. The force and weight of his character stooped to no such adventitious influences. * * * *

The actions of his life were extraordinary, but his character were equal to his actions.—He was the very model and type of an Englishman; and though men are prone to invest the worthies of former ages with a dignity and merit they commonly withhold from their contemporaries, we can select none from the long array of our captains and our nobles, who, taken for all in all, can claim a rivalry with him who is gone from amongst us, an inheritor of imperishable fame.

STEAM TO CANADA.—Messrs. McKean, McLarty, & Co. have just concluded a contract with the Canadian Government, for the establishment of a line of Steamers between Liverpool and Portland. The line will consist of three iron screw propelled vessels, of 1500 tons burthen, and from 300 to 400 horse power. They will be built on the Mersey and the Clyde, and will be models of modern art. They will carry first, second, and third class passengers, and be adapted for carrying very large freights.—The advantages which these vessels will present to the mercantile world are immense.—They will commence about April next.—[Ayr Adv.

THE LOBOS ISLANDS.—*Important Notice.*—The Morning Herald says, "We are authorized to state, for the information of the public, that two ships of war have been sent by the Peruvian government to defend the island of Lobos Afuera and that a small military force has likewise been permanently stationed there. The whole of the Peruvian islands have been formally annexed to the adjacent provinces. By article 213 of the new laws of commerce it is provided that vessels which anchor in the roadsteads of the islands belonging to the republic shall be confiscated; and if, in addition, guano is found on board, the masters and crews shall be delivered over to the ordinary tribunals, and shall be tried as guilty of robbery; which law will doubtless be put in force in the event of the departure of any vessel loading guano at Lobos Afuera.

Proceedings have been commenced against the Anglo Celt, Cavan newspaper, for a libel upon certain officers of the 31st regiment and the regiment generally. The libel stated that they lost their laurels by cowardice, and now they were crimson.

It is stated that as the harvest approaches to a close, the emigration mania increases, and multitudes appear intent on the gathering in of the crops only for the purpose of enabling themselves and families to leave the country.

Two of the wrecked vessels of the Spanish Armada have been discovered, sunk off the west coast of Donegal. An anchor has been raised, and has been sent to the British Museum.

A lady, whose father was reported to be possessed of £3000 a year landed estates in Limerick, is seeking the office of matron to one of the Auxiliary Workhouses, in the Limerick Union.

Mr. Bright has arrived in Dublin. He intends to make a tour through the country, as it is said, for the purpose of studying the landlord and tenant question.

The magistrates have offered a large reward for the discovery of the assassins of Mr. O'Callaghan Ryan.

We understand the Earl of Dunraven was publicly received into the Catholic Church, on Sunday last, in the parish chapel of Adare county Limerick.

Mr. Benson, the mayor of Belfast, was offered knighthood by his Excellency the Lord Lieutenant, but he respectfully declined the honor.

The Rev. D. Cahill, is one of the candidates for the chair of Rhetoric or Elocution in the new Roman Catholic University.

The Cork Exhibition was brought to a close on Saturday with a grand musical festival and promenade.

The Bishop of London, with Mrs Bloomfield and family, have arrived in Dublin from Killarney.

Mr. Chisholm has arrived in Dublin from Cork, having seen off her last batch of emigrants, by the Peri to Australia.

The body of the son of Archdeacon Power of Lismore, drowned last month, has been washed ashore, at Tramore, with the head and one leg only attached.

The Washington Union of Saturday contains a letter from Archbishop Hughes, of New York, in reply to a question from a Mr. Semmes, of Louisiana, as to whether the Catholics were to be instructed to vote against Mr. Pierce on account of the religious test clause in the New Hampshire Constitution. The Archbishop says: "The two candidates are General Scott and General Pierce. The entire American people appear to be nearly equally divided in opinion as to which of these two will make the better chief magistrate. This fact seems to intimate a general opinion that the country will be safe under the four years' presidency of either. As to the Catholics, they have never been consulted as to their limited choice between these two. The probability is, that like their fellow citizens of other denominations, they will be divided, some voting for one candidate and some for the other. Like others, they are liable to err in their choice; but under all the circumstances, I should prefer that voting honestly, each according to his own judgment, they should err with the minority, or what is equally possible, with the majority of their fellow citizens of all denominations, rather than be thus guarded against such danger of erring in their choice of President by any ecclesiastical influence."—[Boston Daily Times.

Our contemporary of the 'Head Quarters' who was present on the occasion, gives so glowing, and we have no doubt truthful account of the inaugural address of the Right Reverend Dr. Connolly, the new Roman Catholic Bishop of this Diocese, to his congregation here on Sunday last. We have often before heard the commanding talents of Dr. Connolly highly spoken of; and the very fact that a man so young (comparatively) has been chosen by the Roman Pontiff for such a responsible situation, proves that common fame in this instance is no liar.

It is no flourish of liberality on our part when we say, that as a religionist, we respect the prejudices of those whose creed is different from our own; that as a Man of Genius we admire Dr Connolly in common with all of his class throughout the world, but that as a GENUINE HUMAN he commands something from us beyond either our respect or admiration.—[Fredericton Reporter.

The Hon. Mr. Chabot has accepted the seat in the Cabinet and the first Commissionership of Public Works, vacated by the retirement of the Honble. John Young. He was sworn in yesterday afternoon.—[Montreal Pilot, Sept. 14.

A number of resolutions, to be taken into consideration at a future day, were laid on the table of the Assembly, on the 24th, on the Constitution of the Legislative Council of this Province. The Quebec Chronicle says they are singularly democratic—no property qualification being required for the sake of eligibility.

THE STANDARD.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1852.

ST. ANDREWS & QUEBEC RAILWAY.—We observe that the works along the line are being completed in a substantial manner; the abuttments or sea-wall from Katie's Cove towards Minister's Bar, are thoroughly fastened, and the work well executed, reflecting much credit upon our townsman Mr. John Treadwell, the master workman, who also built the bridge at the Cove, which has been pronounced by Engineers—English and American, to be finished in a thorough and workmanlike manner. The rails have been laid beyond Chamcook, and the Contractors are carrying on the work with as much despatch as circumstances will permit. The terminus at Indian Point is fast assuming a busing-like appearance—workshops, houses and stores are springing up as if by magic. It is refreshing to hear the clinking of hammers, the heavy roll of carts, and the busy hum of the merry workmen, all industriously engaged in their various occupations, denoting that life, stir and bustle, which gives character to a town, and tone to its inhabitants, and indicative in some degree of what may be expected as the work progresses towards completion. It must be admitted that few can realize or conceive the vast benefits which will flow from the accomplishment of this magnificent undertaking. The great expenditure of money involved in carrying on the work must give an impetus to trade and agriculture, which will soon be felt. It will also increase emigration: property will rise in value to an extent not yet conceived. We learn that several respectable families are preparing to leave the Mother Country with the intention of settling upon some of the fine lands in this County. We are also happy to state, upon authority, that negotiations are in progress for the building of a Screw Steamship, to be ready for sea early in March next, to ply directly between some port in Great Britain and St. Andrews. The fact is, the time has arrived when Railroads have become necessary to the prosperity of every country, and it is with pleasure we notice that the people of New Brunswick are resolved to have these "Iron avenues," which will open and develope the resources of the Province, traversing as they will through vast tracts of country.

RAILWAYS.—We learn from St. John papers, that the contract between the Executive Government of this Province, and Mr. Jackson, M. P., on behalf of himself and several capitalists in England, for the building of a Railway across the Province from the boundary of Nova-Scotia to the frontier of the United States, via St. John, was signed, sealed and delivered, on the 29th ult. In our last number we gave the principal provisions of the contract, which were published in our contemporary, the New Brunswicker, "under authority." The arrangement of course is subject to the approval of the Legislature, which we learn from an "Extra Gazette" has been summoned to meet for "the despatch of business" on the 21st October, instant. The road, as stated in our last, will cost, stations, and all things complete, £6,500 sterling, per mile, or £7,800 currency. We cannot help thinking, that the citizens of St. John will not derive much advantage from this road, as the Commercial Emporium will be but a "*juncti*" instead of a "*terminus*." Once get the railway in operation on each side of St. John, and this result will assuredly follow. The Government, which a short time since was said to be by some of the radical journals, "a reckless—selfish—do-nothing Government,"—is now by these same papers lauded to the skies! But we would enquire of these contemporaries, how can a reciprocal trade be carried out with the United States, when our duties must be increased to meet the demand upon the Province to pay the interest on the Provincial Bonds? Can these papers now, with any show of consistency, advocate reciprocal trade with the United States? We think not. But their cry is, Let us have Railways—at any cost, and anywhere thro' the Province. We agree with the Fredericton Reporter, which says:—

"We have said that the only Line which can ever give an independent *terminus* to St. John, is a Line to Canada; and we have stated that while the people in St. John were resting in their apathy, in this particular, or foolishly looking towards *Nuova*, the day must come when they would feel heartily sorry for their infatuation. Our last prediction is even now accomplished, nor do we feel the slightest hesitation in asserting, that there is not an individual of ordinary capacity in St. John, who does not at this moment see in the St. Andrews and Woodstock Railway the most withering, yet applicable rebuke which can proceed even from such a powerful monitor."

Her Majesty's Surveying Steamer Columbia, Commander Shortland, came into port on Wednesday last, for the purpose of going into dock for some slight repairs, which have since been done, and she is again afloat.—[Courier.

Mr. Kerr deserves, in addition to many other names of honor, the title of Billet Master General to the Great Exhibition. With wonderful industry and patience he has guaged the accommodation for visitors in bed and board in every house, private and public, in the city. His report is at once complimentary to the hospitable feeling of our private citizens, the exertions of our hotel keepers, and the character of their houses; and at the same time encouraging to all who desire to visit the Exhibition, but have been anxious as to the nature of the boarding house accommodations. This report makes it abundantly evident that Fredericton is preparing for a hospitality on the occasion as wide as its whole extent, in fact, to make every house in the city do all it can for the time being in giving food and shelter to friends and boarders, who shall favor us with their good company.—Head Quarters.

The discontinuance of the "Loyalist" is announced in its recent issue. The withdrawal of Mr. Hill will be severely felt by that portion of the Conservative party, whose cause he has long and energetically defended. Mr. Hill possesses the pen of a ready and vigorous writer, and is both expert and bold in political conflict.—[Ib.

We have seen in the possession of Mr. Frazer, tailor of this City, a most ingeniously contrived garment, which composes at once, and in the same piece, a pair of pantaloons and a pair of Boots. The invention is his own, and for beauty, durability and convenience, not to say a word of the novelty, is worthy of the highest commendation. This ingenious piece of workmanship will be exhibited at the provincial Fair, and will no doubt create the same feeling in the minds of others which it has in ours, namely, surprise that an invention at once so handsome and useful, has not long since become familiar to all.—[Reporter.

Offence has been taken by the 72d Royal Highlanders at the words in the programme of the Provincial Fair.—"Children and Soldiers at half price." These certainly are not the words *we* would have used for the purpose; and yet we are well assured that so far from an offence being intended, the idea was conceived as a favour.

The 72d is a proud Regiment, and judging by their acts since their residence here, the men are able from time to time to expend pretty large sums for favourite purposes. They gave away a pretty large sum raised by their Theatre—they also appropriated about £40 in paying the debt on the Scotch Church, and we are credibly informed that they have in the single article of Jewelry, expended over £150 in one shop, since their arrival. Their being named in the same line with Children, and also set down at half price, has therefore touched their pride, and we understand that notwithstanding the Colonel lectured them on the occasion, stating that the slightest offence was not intended, and although the obnoxious *line* has since been expunged from the programme, they will yet make themselves scarce at the Exhibition.—[Ib.

His many friends in these lower Provinces will be pleased to learn that the Rev. Enoch Wood has been appointed President of the Canadian Conference for the ensuing year.

NEW INVENTION.—An ingenious mechanic of Nashua, N. H., has invented a new method of driving circular saws without an arbor. With a saw arranged as he has it, a four foot saw will cut a board three and one half feet wide, while as now arranged, a four foot saw will hardly cut one and one half feet. It is also arranged so that it will cut when the carriage is going either way, and will, at the same time, saw nearly twice as fast.

FROM BERMUDA.—Accounts from Bermuda state, that the French frigate L'Armide, 46, armed *en flute*, now used as a hospital ship, last from the Island of Gaudaloupe, and bound to France, had arrived there.—When visited by the Health Officer, Dr. Hunter, it was reported to him that fever had made its appearance when out eleven days, and that of the 100 men comprising the crew, 40 were then sick and four had died—and that one of the medical men and the apothecary were also sick; that the wind having become light and unfavourable, the Captain had determined on putting into these islands for the purpose of obtaining additional medical assistance and comforts for his crew.

Dr. Hunter instantly communicated these facts to his Excellency the Governor, who lost no time in informing the deputy inspector of hospitals, Dr. Hilditch, R. N., of the circumstances, who immediately went to L'Armide, then anchored in Murray's anchorage. In the first place the captain of L'Armide, was advised, after replenishing his stores, to proceed without delay to the northward. He, however, prefered remaining here, and accepting the offer of the hospital at Port's Island for the accommodation of the sick, &c. Forty cases we are told were removed there on Thursday, four of which died that night—a midshipman and three seamen—since which four have died.

A SOLDIER OF FORTUNE.—During the early part of the week it was reported in this city that a young man, named Hugh Beltrage, a private in the 4th Light Dragoons, stationed at Norwich, had become entitled to a princely fortune by the death of a relative. On enquiry of the individual he states that he is a native of Perth, in Scotland, and it appears that between 30 and 40 years ago an uncle of his father, who was a silk mercer or silk dyer, left Scotland and settled in the West Indies. There he realized a large fortune, and about 20 years ago he died intestate, and without issue. The father of Beltrage was the heir at law, but as he understood that the property had been principally acquired in the slave trade, he declined upon conscientious grounds to apply for it, considering that good could not come out of the money so obtained. The property was under these circumstances, taken possession of by the authorities, in whose hands it has continued ever since, and it is now supposed to amount to about half a million. Hugh Belfrage, the dragoon, is the heir at law, his father being dead, and a professional gentleman has intimated to him his willingness to lend him his assistance to recovering the property.—[Norwich Mercury.

SHIP NEWS.

The Nelson, Smith, St. Andrews, (as reported) was towed into St. Michaels, August 19th, direlict—crew supposed perished.

WATERFORD, Sept. 12.—The Moira steamer, for St. John, has taken down her funnel; there are some carpenters at work to go out the more safely under canvas.

DEATHS.

On the 1st inst., after a lingering illness which she bore with Christian resignation, Mary Jane, the beloved wife of Mr. Wm. J. Browne, shipwright, aged 30 years, leaving a sorrowing husband and two children to lament the loss of an affectionate wife and parent.

STOVES &C.

The Subscriber offers for sale, at very low prices,

THIRTY STOVES, comprising several description of COOKING, HALL, AND PARLOR STOVES, Souchong, Nuyong & Hyson Teas, Sugars, Coffee ground & unground, Tobacco, Cigars & Snuff, Cocoa, Chocolate, Saleratus, SODA, Starch, Corn Starch, Leaf extract, Gelatine, Raisins, Currants, Almonds, Cheese, and a variety of other groceries; Solar Oil, Boiled Oil, Burning fluid, Spirits of Turpentine, Copal Varnish; Brooms, Pails & Tubs; Oil & Fluid Lamps, Solar & Camphine Lamp Chimnies, &c. &c. &c.

—ALSO—

Ladies, Gentlemen's and children BOOTS, SHOES, and RUBBERS in great variety.

ROBERT KER.

The Subscriber also offers his services as an *Auctioneer and Notary Public*.

R. K.

St. Andrews Oct. 6 1852.

BY AUTHORITY.

CROWN LAND OFFICE,
September 29, 1852.

THE undermentioned Lots of Crown Lands will be offered for sale by Public Auction, on Tuesday the 2d day of Nov'r. next, at noon, by the respective Deputies, at their Offices, agreeably to the Regulations of 11th May, 1843, and no sale on credit will be made to any person who is indebted to the Crown for previous purchases.

(The right of granting Licences for the cutting of Logs and Timber is to be reserved by the Government, after the Land has been surveyed and improved to the value of not less than ten pounds, until the first day of May next following such survey and improvements.)

(No person is allowed to hold more than one hundred acres payable by instalments.)

CHARLOTTE.

By Deputy Mabood, at St. Andrews.

39 acres, lot W. block 2, Saint James, John Wilson improved.
95 acres, lot G. Oak Hill, Saint James, J. Grant.
55 acres, lot 28, range 3, Clarence Hill, B. Leary.
100 acres, lot 3, Sandbrook, M. Timmins.

YORK.

At the Crown Land Office

50 acres, on Garden's Creek, near Broadaxe Grant, W. F Barker.
42 acres, lot 76, north range, Lake George, J. E. Nash
100 acres, lot 5, range 3, Campbell, George Draper.

R. D. WILMOT,
Sur. Gen.

(6w)

Original issues in Poor Condition
Best copy availa

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putting into these islands
btaining additional medi-
comforts for his crew.
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ce which four have died.

RTUNE.—During the early
was reported in this city
named Hugh Belfrage, a
Light Dragoons, stationed
come entitled to a princely
h of a relative. On enqui-
l he states that he is a
Scotland, and it appears
d 40 years ago an uncle
was a silk mercer or silk
and settled in the West
realized a large fortune,
ago he died intestate, and
he father of Belfrage was
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safely under canvas.

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affectionate wife and par-

VES &C.

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prices,
OVES, comprising seve-
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LL, AND PARLOR
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te, Saleratus, SODA,
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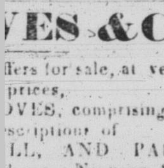
ntine, Copal Varnish:
Tubs; Oil & Fluid
Camphine Lamp Chim-
ALSO—
men's and children's
OES, and RUBBERS.
ROBERT KER.
also offers his services as
l Notary Public.
R. K.
t. 6 1852.



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September 29, 1852.
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HARLOTTE.
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Oak Hill, Saint James, J.
range 3, Clarence Hill, B.
dbrook, M. Timmins.
YORK.
rown Land Office
en's Creek, near Broadaxe
Barker.
th range, Lake George. J.E.
e 3, Campbell, George Dre
R. D. WILMOT,
Sur. Gen.

A Full blooded entire Horse FOR SALE.

THE THOROUGH BRED HORSE

JOHN O'GAUNT,

IMPORTED by the Carleton Agricultural Society in 1847, will be exhibited at the Show and Fair of the NEW-BRUNSWICK SOCIETY, in Fredericton on Wednesday the 6th of October next, and at the close thereof sold at AUCTION.—This Horse combines the speediest and stoutest blood as will be seen from his Pedigree, and took the first premium (£300) awarded by the Legislature of the Province in 1847. He is 11 years old, perfectly sound, stands 16 hands high, and weighs 1050 pounds. His stock ranging in age from Colts of the present season to those rising four, are large and decidedly superior.

JOHN O'GAUNT was got by Rockingham out of Purity; Rockingham by Humphrey Clinker out of Medora by Swordsman; grand dam by Trumpeter, out of Medora by Swordsman; grand dam by Trumpeter, out of Peppermint, sister to Prunella by Highflyer; Purity by Filho de Puta, winner of the St. Ledger in 1815, out of Rachael Ruysch, sister to Claude Lorraine by Rubens; grand dam by Cesario, Miss Holt-by Buzzard.—Rockingham won the Shorts at York, the Great St. Ledger, and the Cup at Doncaster; the Goodwood Cup in 1815; the Brighton Cup three years in succession; and six King's Plates beating all the best Horses of the day. Purity, never started but twice, winning both her races. JOHN O'GAUNT walked over for the Two-years-old stakes at Lichfield, and was beat by a head by Henri Quatri, the fastest Horse of his day; fifteen started.

By Order,
H. E. DIBBLEE,
Secretary.
Woodstock, Sept. 11, 1852. (nm)

ST. STEPHENS' BANK,

St. Stephens, September 1, 1852.

A DIVIDEND of Five per cent. will become payable on the 30th instant.
nm D. UPTON, Cashier.

SKIFF BOAT.

PICKED UP, between 'Gannet Rock' and 'Murr Ground,' a SKIFF boat The owner can obtain her by proving property and paying expences, on application to
H. HELM.
Aug. 10, 1852

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

PURSUANT to the Order of the Surrogate for the County of Charlotte, I hereby give Notice, that I will sell at Public Auction, at my residence in Saint Stephen, in the said County, on Thursday the 1st day of November next, at the hour of twelve, at noon—

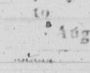
The Right and Title of the late JOHN CHRISTIE, in and to the following described land property, viz.—

A Lot of Land situate in St. Stephen in the County of Charlotte, known and described as Lot No. Five, in class letter D in the grant to Donald and others, containing 100 acres more or less

Also, another Lot of Land, situate in St. James, in the said County, known and described as Lot No. 24 in the third or Western division of the Grant to Peter Christie and others, containing 100 acres more or less; in such portions as may be necessary for the payment of the debts of the Estate.

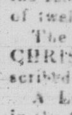
GEORGE CHRISTIE,
Administrator of the
Estate of JOHN CHRISTIE.
St Andrews, 21st Sept. 1852.

FOR SALE.



THE Subscriber offers for sale, the valuable property, consisting of the WHARF and STORE adjoining the Steam Mill Property.
For terms &c. apply to
Aug. 3, 1852. H. H HATCH.

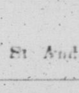
HOUSE FOR SALE.



The Dwelling House and Premises, owned by Mr. John R. McFarlane, and occupied by Dr. E. Bayard, in Water-street, immediately opposite Mr John Irwin's, being described on the plan of the town plat of St. Andrews, as water lot, block letter A. Bulkeley's division, with a frontage of 41 feet 5 inches on Water street, and extending about 74 feet back. The House is well finished, and faithfully built, contains two shops, fitted up with counters and shelves, and sitting rooms in the rear, with parlor, dining, and bed rooms on the second flat. The land is held in fee simple. If not disposed of by private sale previous to the 15th day of September next, it will on that day be sold at public auction.

For terms, and further particulars, apply to THOs. TURNER ODELL.
St. Andrews, July 20, 1852.—tf.
The above sale is Postponed until further notice. T. T. O.
September 16, 1852.

FOR SALE,



The House and Lot in Water st., the property of Mr. Samuel Woodside, known as the Green House.—The House is spacious, and well adapted for two families. The lot 40 by 80 feet. This property is so generally known, that a further description is deemed unnecessary.

The terms, which will be liberal, made known on application to George D. Street, Esq., Counsellor at Law, or to the subscriber.
B. R. FITZGERALD.
Saint Andrews, July 7, 1852.

Ships Articles and Manifests for sale.

BOYS WANTED.

WANTED TWO BOYS from 12 to 16 years of age at the STANDARD OFFICE, to learn the Printing business.
August 25. Apply immediately.

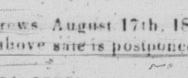
Leasehold Property by AUCTION.

ON Tuesday the 21st day of September next, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, the subscriber will sell by Public Auction, on the premises, those two commodious and substantially built DWELLING HOUSES, and out Houses situated in Queen Street (Church Block,) together with the piece of ground in rear of each sufficient for a garden. A new lease has been lately obtained from the Church Corporation for five years from first May last, at £4 19s for both, renewable at the expiration for 21 years, at such rent as may be considered equitable by arbitrators or Church Corporation take the property at a valuation to be assertained by two disinterested persons, mutually chosen.

Terms made known at time of sale.
W McLEAN,
Auctioneer
St. Andrews, August 17th, 1852

The above sale is postponed until further notice.
Sep. 21, 1852. W. McL.

Valuable Properties for



SALE OR TO LET.

THE Dwelling House, Stores and Wharf, in the town of St Andrews, formerly known as the Jones' property.

The Dwelling House, Out Houses and Wharf, in said town, formerly known as the O'Neil property.

100 Acres of Land in St. James', about one hour's drive from Milltown, St. Stephen.

100 Acres of Land in St. Patrick, through which the St. Andrews & Quebec Railroad is projected, and on which, or in its immediate vicinity, will be established as Depot, which will very materially enhances its value.

15 Acres of Land within five minutes' walk of the town of St Andrews, a delightful situation for a Country Seat. If not shortly disposed of, it will be laid off in suitable lots for building purposes, and let on leases of improvement.

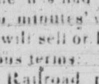
The subscriber begs to announce to the Public, that he has had his Lands, which are within ten minutes' walk of Chamcook, laid off, and will sell or lease Building Lots on advantageous terms. It is evident that, owing to the Railroad passing through it possessing a safe and commodious harbor accessable at all seasons to vessels of the largest tonage, with an unlimited and unrivaled water power, on which there are already some manufactories, with others on a most extensive scale proposed and on the eve of springing into immediate operation, that Chamcook is one of the most desirable situations within the British North American Colonies, for the Capitalist, the Mechanic, and operator. In view of which the said Building Lots are offered to the Public. Terms reasonable.

B. R. FITZGERALD.
Saint Andrews, June 30, 1852

NOTICE.

I hereby forbid any person purchasing a NOTE of mine, in favor of Thomas Cottrell, Waweig for the sum of £20 0 0, or thereabout, as I have not received value for the same, and will not pay it.
JAMES CLARKE.
St. Andrews, June 9, 1852.

PIANO FORTES.



F. Willard & Co.

No. 328 Washington Street, Boston:

BEG leave to inform their friends in New-Brunswick, that they have on hand, and are manufacturing PIANOS of the most modern style, 6 1-4 and 7 octaves; not surpassed in power, brilliancy, and execution, varying in price from $250 to $450. Every instrument warranted to give satisfaction. Pianos for the Provinces carefully packed in substantial boxes.

W. & Co. are permitted to refer to T. T Odell, Esq. for a specimen of their workmanship.
Boston, May 12, 1852. fxm

Boiled and Raw Paint Oil.

Ex the "John Holderness" from Hull: 14 Hhds Double Boiled and Raw Linseed OIL; just received
For sale low by J. W STREET.
May 24 1952.

Assessors' Notice.

NOTICE is hereby Given, that the undersigned Assessors will receive at the store of John Lochary until the 10th June next, statements from all who are liable to be assessed for the current year in the Parish of St. Andrews, of the Real and Personal Properties and Incomes they possess, in order that correct information may be received, and complaints prevented after the assessment is completed. These statements must be sworn to before a Justice of the Peace, as the Law requires.

S. H WHITLOCK, JOHN LOCHARY, W. H. MOWATT, } Assessors of Rates.
St. Andrews, May 1, 1852.

CAMPOBELLO FISHERY SOCIETY.

Fish Show and Fair.

The Second Annual exhibition of the Campobello FISHERY SOCIETY, will be held at the Government Stores, Welshpool, on Monday the 18th day of October, at 10, A. M., when the following Prizes will be awarded to the successful Competitors:—

CODFISH.

Dried—1st prize £1 10; 2d prize £1 5; 3d prize £1 0; 4th prize 15s; 5th prize 10s—5 quintals to be taken, one to be exhibited.

Pickled—1st prize £1 10; 2d prize £1 5; 3d prize £1 0; 4th prize 15s; 5th prize 10s—5 barrels to be taken, one to be exhibited.

POLLOCK.

Dried—1st prize £2 0; 2d prize £1 15; 3d prize £1 10; 4th prize £1 5; 5th prize £1—5 quintals to be taken, one to be exhibited.

HAKE.

Dried—1st prize £1 5; 2d prize £1 0; 3d prize 17s 6d; 4th prize 10s—5 quintals to be taken, one to be shewn.

HADDOCK.

Dried—1st prize £1 5; 2d prize £1 0; 3d prize 17 6d; 4th prize 10s; 5th prize 7s 6d—5 quintals to be taken, one to be shewn.

Smoked—1st prize £1 5; 2d prize £1 0; 3d prize £17 6; 4th prize 10s; 5th prize 7s 6d—2 boxes to be shewn.

Pickled—1st prize £1 5; 2d prize £1 0; 3d prize 17 6d; 4th prize 10s; 5th prize 7 6d—5 barrels to be taken, one to be shewn.

MACKEREL.

Pickled—1st prize £1 10; 2d prize £1 5; 3d prize £1 0; 4th prize 15s; 5th prize 10s.—5 barrels to be taken, one to be shewn.

HERRING (SMOKED)

Campobello.—1st prize £2 0; 2d prize £1 15; 3d prize £1 10; 4th prize £1 5; 5th prize £1—100 boxes to be taken, 10 to be shewn

Magdeline—1st prize £1 5; 2d prize £1 0; 3d prize 17s 6d; 4th prize 10s; 5th prize 7 6d—10 boxes to be shewn, 100 to be taken.

Bloaters—1st prize £1 0; 2d prize 17s 6d; 3d prize 15s; 4th prize 10s; 5th prize 7s 6d—2 boxes to be shewn, 5 cured.

HERRINGS (BARRELLED.)

Quoddy River—1st prize £1 10; 2d prize £1 5; 4th prize £1 0; 5th prize 17s 6d.

Ripling—1st prize £1 5; 2d prize £1 2 6; 3d prize £1 0; 4th prize 17s 6d; 5th prize 15s.

Gulphs—1st prize £1 2 6; 2d prize £1 0; 3d prize 15; 4th 12s 6d; 5th prize 10s—5 barrels to be taken, one to be shewn.

SHADS.

Pickled—1st prize £1 10; 2d prize £1 0—5 barrels to be taken, one to be shewn.

For the best fathom of Nett, (the twine from the Cotton Warp) produced by any female of Campobello:—

1st prize 15s; 2d prize 12s 6d; 3d prize 10s; 4th prize 7s 6d; 5th prize 5s.

Vessels owned and fitted out by a member of the Society, for the greatest catch of fish during the season, of the greatest value according to the tonnage:—

1st prize £4 0; 2d prize £2 0.

BOATS SAILING

1st class—1st prize L2 10; 2d prize L1 10; 2d class 1st prize L2; 2d prize L1; 3d class 1st prize L1 5; 2d prize 15s.

Rowing boats classed and prizes awarded the same as sailing.

REGULATIONS.

All boats entering for competition, to be the property of members of the society, and to be in thorough order, as used in fishing; no extra canvas or false keels allowed; terms of Race and Regulations will be published a fortnight before the day of Meeting.

In all cases with parties showing fish, a certificate from two members of the society, as to the actual quantity caught, will be necessary.

All fish for competition must be delivered to the secretary at Welshpool, not less than one day previous to the Exhibition.

Judges of Dried Fish—Thaddeus Stimpson and Joseph Fatch.

Judges of Pickled Fish—Pierce Flagg, and J M Parker

George Young will act as Umpire for the above descriptions.

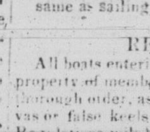
Judges of smoked Fish—John Calder and Benjamin Parker. Luther Brown will act as Umpire.

Judges of Nets—Jos. Patch and Wm. Flagg.

Boats & Vessels—J Brown, J P & Joseph Patch, Capt J J Robinson, Umpire.

ROBERT CAMPBELL,
Secretary pro tem
Campobello, 8th July, 1852.

MASONIC NOTICE.



A PUBLIC PROCESSION of FREE MASONS will take place in Fredericton on Tuesday the 5th day of October next, by permission from the Right Worshipful the Provincial Grand Master. The said Procession to form at ten o'clock, A. M. with the Procession of Trades at the same time and place, connected with the Provincial Exhibition to be opened on that day.

Masonic Bodies in the Province, willing to visit Fredericton, at that time are respectfully and fraternally invited to unite with Solomon's Lodge, No. 761 for the above purpose.

E. W. MILLER Sec'y Sol. Lodge.
Fredericton. Sept 2, 1852.

Exchange for Sale.

REQUIRED by the Controller of Her Majesty's Customs at Saint Andrews, the sum of about £108 sterling, payable in dollars, or half dollars at 4s 2d sterling, per dollar, or in British gold or silver at the sterling value.

Tenders will be received up to one o'clock, on Saturday, the 9th of October, 1852, by the Controller, for a Bill of Exchange to be drawn by him on the Receiver General of Her Majesty's Customs London, at 30 days after sight.

Parties tendering will state what amount of Bill they will accept for the above mentioned sum.

Tenders to be addressed to the Controller of Her Majesty's Customs, St. Andrews, and to be marked outside "Tender for Bill."

Custom House, St. Andrews, }
September 21, 1852. }

FOR SALE.

PART of LOT number 10 in the Common of the Town of St. Andrews, containing seventeen Acres with a House and Barn thereon and formerly owned by Capt. Wm. Harper. If not sold before Monday the 15th November, it will then be offered at Public Auction.

For further particulars apply to
ROBERT KER.
St. Andrews, 14th August, 1852.

NOTICE.

ALL Persons having any legal demands against the Estate of John Christie, deceased, are requested to present the same duly attested within three months from this date; and all persons indebted to said Estate, are requested to make immediate payment to
GEORGE CHRISTIE,
Administrator.
St. Stephen, April 13, 1852. pdm

NOTICE.

ALL persons having any demands against the Estate of Joseph Porter, master mariner, late of St. Stephens, deceased are requested to present the same, duly attested, within three months; and all those indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate payment to.
JANET PORTER, Admn'x.
GEO. M. PORTER, Admnr.
St. Stephens, July 20 1852.

BRANDY, GIN, TEA, &C

MAY 5th. 1852.

Ex the "Industry" from Liverpool & "Sir Harry Smith" from London. The Subscriber has received.

54 Chests } Congou Tea,
15 Half }
4 Tierces Crush Sugar,
1 Ton best white & Yellow Paints,
3 Tierces whiting
16 Boxes Tobacco Pipes.
6 Do. best Poland Starch,
1 Do. Hall's best Patent Starch,
65 Casks 4 Doz. ea. London B. Stout & Pale Ale.
12 Do. 6 Doz. ea. Co (Pints)
3 Hhds London Stout & P. Ale in wood,
39 Hhds & Pipes Martell "Hennessy" & "U. Vineyard" best Cognac Brandy
20 Hhds. best Pale Geneva,
3 Do best Port wine,
2 Do Sherry do.
&c. &c.

J. W. STREET.

ST. JOHN NURSERY.

J. HARRIS has just received from London, via Boston, a good collection of GARDEN SEEDS.

Farmers and Gardeners would do well to have these Seeds, as they are excellent samples, and many of the kinds are of new and improved qualities. At this Nursery the variety of TREES, PLANTS, SHRUBS, ROOTS, SEEDS, &c. are extensive, particularly the DAHLIA,—of these J. H. has about 20 new kinds of a novel character, blended with perfection—a desideratum gained after 25 years immense perseverance.

Every thing suitable for the Kitchen, Fruit, and Flower Garden, will be sent to order.

Chipman's Hill, St. John, April 2, 1852.—1y

NOTICE.

WE have this day associated in Business, under the style and firm of
F. A. BABCOCK & CO.
as COMMISSION AND GENERAL MERCHANTS.
F. A. BABCOCK.
ALBERT S. BABCOCK.
St. Andrews New Brunswick, }
Jan 8th, 1852 }

CROWN LAND OFFICE, May 7, 1852.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given, That the first series of sales by Auction, at this Office of Timber Berths for the ensuing season, on the undermentioned day:—

June 23d—St Croix River &c.

Berths under Licence during the past season only, will then be offered; and particular lists thereof will be published on the 19th instant. The upset price will be twenty shillings per square mile. Application for Licence of grounds which were not under Licence during the past season, or which may not be sold on the above mentioned days, will not be received until the 12th day of July
(7w) R. D WILMOT, Sur. Gen

S. K. FOSTER'S

LADIES' FASHIONABLE

SHOE STORES,

Germain Street, Saint John; Queen Street Fredericton.

JUST RECEIVED.

THE Subscriber has just received from London per Steamer via Boston:—
TEN CASES Ladies CLOTH and Prunella BOOTS.
Also, an Elegant assortment of the Newest styles
Ladies' Bridal Slippers,
and Ladies' and Misses Evening Dress Slippers.
☞ Orders addressed to either store will receive immediate attention
Dec. 13. 2w. S. K. FOSTER.

FOR SALE, one valuable BUILDING LOT, 80 by 160, fronting on Montague and Harriet streets, opposite Barber Brown's residence.

Also, a LOT in letter L, Parr's division with the COTTAGE thereon, adjoining Jas. McCarty's.

Terms liberal, and made known on application at the Standard Office.

Meeting of Courts.

The Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and Nisi Prius for the said County will be held at the Court House in St. Andrews, on Tuesday, 2d day of November next, at 12 o'clock.

At which time and place all Magistrates, Coroners, and Constables of said County and all persons required to be at these Courts are hereby Publicly Notified to give their attendance.

By Order of Her Majesty's Justices
THOS. JONES,
Sheriff of Charlotte.
St. Andrews, Sep. 7, 1852.

Houses for Sale.

THE subscriber offers for Sale, the HOUSE occupied at present by Mr James Smith, and the adjoining two-story HOUSE at the head of the Wharf below Happy Corner, in William street.

For further particulars, apply to
H. H. HATCH.
St. Andrews, June 23, 1852.

PAPER! PAPER!

New-Brunswick Manufacture.

THE Grocers, Hardware and Dry Goods' Merchants, and the Public in general, are hereby notified, that the subscriber has been appointed by Philips Brothers, Paper Manufacturers, Saint John, their Agent for the sale of their WRAPPING PAPER, and that a general assortment will be kept constantly on hand.
JOHN B. BALSON,
Agent.
St. Andrews, May 5, 1852.

NEW PACKET.

Between St. Andrews, St. Stephen and St. John

THE subscriber respectfully informs the Public, that he will commence running his schooner the "SUSAN," as a Packet between
St Stephen, St. Andrews and St. John
about the 15th April. His vessel is well adapted for passengers and freight, and he trusts by attention and despatch, to merit a share of public patronage.
WM. J. LORD.

TO LET.

Possession given 1st May next.

That STORE occupied by J. W. Street, Esq. Apply on the Premises.
April 6, 1852. tf

TO LET.

IN consequence of the Admiralty having ordered the remaining Stores to be sold off, the Government Property at Welchpool, Campobello, WILL BE LET for a term as may be agreed upon.—The property consists of Provision Stores, Boat-House, Coal House, and Sail Loft; is well situated, the stores spacious, and admirably adapted for doing an extensive business in dry, pickled and smoked fish. Any quantity of salt, iron, paint, paint oil, and of British staple and fancy Goods, can be disposed of to advantage by wholesale or retail, owing to its proximity to the United States.
Campobello, August 19, 1851.

NOTICE.

ALL persons having any demands against the estate of John Porter, late of Saint Stephen, deceased, are requested to present the same duly attested within three months; and all those indebted to the said estate, are requested to make immediate payment to
ANN PORTER. } Administrators
GEO. M. PORTER }
St. Stephen May 12, 1852.

W. WHITLOCK,

The place to find cheap ROOM PAPER.
JUST RECEIVED,
10,000 PIECES Handsome Room Paper,
ALSO.
6 Prouty & Mears PLOWS, and FARMING TOOLS, CLOVER, GRASS and GARDEN SEEDS.
—Constantly on hand—
A good assortment of FLOUR, MEAL GROCERIES, Boots and Shoes, &c. &c

Valuable Building Lot.

FOR SALE, LOT No. 8, Block C. Parr's Division, adjoining the Lodge Lot, and fronting the Wesleyan Chapel, on William street, and Mrs. Ames's property on Montague street. The above is a most desirable site for building, being centrally situated, within a few rods of Water-street, and having two fronts

For sale or to Let,

FOR A TERM OF YEARS, AND
Possession given 1st May next.

THE House in St. George, owned and occupied by the Subscriber.—It contains nineteen rooms, and a very large and perfectly frost proof cellar. The building is well known as a Public House, and is by far the best stand in the Village. The lot on which it stands, is sufficiently large for several other buildings
STUART SEELYE.
St George, Feb 23, 1852. tm

Apprentice Wanted.

WANTED an Apprentice to the Carriage, Sleigh, and Wheelwright business. A desirable situation may be obtained on application to
E. STENTIFORD.
St Andrews, Aug. 3, 1852.

Original issues in Poor Condition
Best copy available

SHERIFFS SALES
to take place at the Court House.

Real Estate of Cyrus Young		Feb. 19
Do.	Wm. Wilson	Nov. 20
Do	Wm K. Reynolds	Dec 11

To be Sold at Public Auction on Saturday the 7th day of AUGUST next, at twelve o'clock, at the COURT HOUSE in St. Andrews.

ALL the right, title, interest, claim and demand of CYRUS YOUNG, of in and to the following Properties, viz.

All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, containing 300 acres, in the Parish of St. David, being part of a tract granted to Jacob Young, and purchased by said Cyrus from Jacob Young.

Also, all that part and parcel of Farm Lots Nos. Four and Five, block letter X, Fanning's division, in said Parish, containing 50 acres, purchased by Cyrus and Joseph Young, from William Stewart.

The same having been seized and taken to satisfy an Execution at the suit of John Young endorsed to levy £300 11 0, besides Sheriff's fees, &c.

THOs. JONES,
Sheriff of Charlotte.

The above sale is postponed until Saturday the 19th of February 1853.

THOMAS JONES.
August 7th, 1852. Sheriff of Charlotte.

To be Sold by Public Auction, on Saturday the 20th day of November next, between the hours of 12 a. m. and 5 p. m., at the COURT HOUSE in St. Andrews.

ALL the right, title, interest, claim, property and demand whatsoever of WILLIAM WILSON, of in and to all that certain tract or parcel of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon, situate in the Parish of St. Patrick, and lying on the South Eastern side of the road leading from St. Andrews to Fredericton, in the Northern angle of a Grant to Peter Stubs, containing 150 Acres, more or less being Lot No 5, and the same land which was deeded by said William Wilson to his sons William Wilson jun., James D. Wilson and Thomas C. Wilson on the 8th day October 1846. The same having been seized and taken to satisfy an execution at the suit of Edward Kelly, endorsed to levy £76. 9. 4 Sheriff's fees &c.

THOS JONES,
Sheriff of Charlotte.

Sheriff's Office, St. Andrews, April 27th, 1852.

To be sold by Public Auction, on Saturday the 11th day of December next, at 12 o'clock, noon, at the COURT HOUSE in SAINT ANDREWS :—

ALL the right, title, interest, claim, property, and demand whatsoever, of William K. Reynolds, of, in, and to, all the following lots, pieces, tracts, or parcels, of land, situate, lying and being on the Lepreaux river, in the Parish of Pennfield and County of Charlotte; together with the mills, houses, barns, and other erections and improvements thereon, or in anywise appertaining to the same—Viz :

Lots Nos. 1, 2 and 3, containing 330 acres, purchased from Augustus W. Whip

Lot No. 49, containing about 40 acres.

Also 4 tracts purchased from James H. Bartlett, containing, respectively, 40, 60, 70, and 30 acres each; and also,

4 acres conveyed by Stephen C. Foster to Robert Bartlett, and by him assigned to the said Reynolds.

The same having been seized and taken to satisfy an execution at the suit of David Cannon, John McM. Cannon, John Alexander Black, and John Hoose Barry; endorsed to levy £13 10 5, besides Sheriff's fees, &c.

THOs. JONES,
Sheriff of Charlotte.

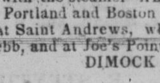
Sheriff's Office, St. Andrews, 26th May, 1852.

STEAM SAW MILL FOR SALE.

THE STEAM SAW MILL situate in the Town of St. Andrews, with the privileges appertaining thereto. The Mill drives two gangs Saws with Edging and Trimming Machines, and is in good order and built of the best materials; there is also a Lath Machine in the Mill, and the Machinery is so constructed, as to admit of a Grist Mill being attached at a moderate expense. For terms, which will be liberal and further particulars, apply to

J. W. STREET or
WM. WHITLOCK.

St. Andrews, 6th April, 1852. 8‡



The Steamer STAG,
CAPT. MICHENER,

WILL, until further notice, ply between Eastport, St. Andrews, and Calais, in connection with the steamer ADMIRAL, for conveyance of Portland and Boston passengers,—she will touch at Saint Andrews, when not more than two hours ebb, and at Joe's Point at other times.

DIMOCK & WILSON.
AGENTS.

St. Andrews, 27th March, 1852.

Molasses, Sugar,
FLOUR, &c.

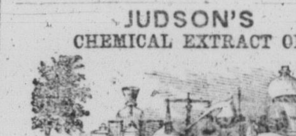
Just received per the Defiance from Boston.
20 Hhds. prime retailing MOLASSES,
10 Hhds. Muscovado SUGAR,
100 Bbls. Extra S'fine Canada FLOUR
40 do. do Rye FLOUR,
3 Bags COFFEE, &c. &c.
Which will be sold low.

Nov. 3, 1851. J. W. STREET.

JUST RECEIVED.
Flour, Tea, Sugar, Molasses Candles, Soap, &c. For sale low by

JOS. WALTON.

JUDSON'S
CHEMICAL EXTRACT OF



CHERRY AND LUNGWORT,
FOR THE CURE OF

Coughs, Colds, Hoarsness, Spitting of Blood, Night Sweats, Asthma, Liver Complaints, and

CONSUMPTION.
DO NOT NEGLECT IT.

CONSUMPTION

Can be and as been cured in thousands of cases by this only certain remedy

JUDSON'S CHEMICAL EXTRACT OF CHERRY AND LUNGWORT,

and no remedy has ever before been discovered that will certainly

CURE CONSUMPTION.

The most strongly marked and developed cases of Pulmonary Consumption, where the lungs have become diseased and ulcerated and the case so utterly hopeless as to have been pronounced by Physicians and friends, to be past all possibility of recovery, and at times thought to be dying, has been cured by this wonderful remedy, and are now as well and hearty as ever.—It is a compound of medications which are peculiarly adapted to and essentially necessary for the cure of

COUGHS AND CONSUMPTION.

Its operation is mild, yet efficacious; it loosens the phelm which creates so much difficulty, relieves the cough and assists nature to expel from the system all diseased matter by exporation, producing a most delightful change in the breathing and chest, and this, after the prescriptions of the very best medical men and the inventions of kind sorrowing friends and Nurses, have failed to give the smallest relief to the *Consumptive sufferer.*

THOUSANDS OF CONSUMPTIVE persons have been deceived in buying medicines which were said to be *infallible* cures, but which have proved only palliatives, but this medicine is not only a palliative but *a cure for ulcerated lungs.* It contains no deliterious Drugs and one trial will prove its astonishing efficacy better than any assertions or certificates in curing consumption and all diseases of the Lungs, such as *Spitting of Blood, Coughs, pains in the side and chest, night sweats, &c. &c.*

About 1000 certificates of almost *miraculous* cures, performed by this medicine from some of the first Doctors, Clergymen, and Merchants, have been sent us for this medicine, but the publication of them looks too much like Quackery, [will show them to any person calling at our office.] This medicine will speak for itself and enough in its own favour wherever it is tried.

Caution.—This medicine is put up in a large bottle and you must find the name of Comstock & Brother, Proprietors, New-York, on the splendid Wrapper around the bottle. All orders must be addressed to Comstock & Brother, No. 9, John St., New York.

TO OWNERS OF AND DEALERS IN HORSES.

CARLTON'S FOUNDER OINTMENT.

For the cure of Founder, Split Hoofs Hoof bound Horses, and contracted and Feverish Feet, Wounds, Bruises in the flesh Galled Backs, Cracked Heels, Scratches Cuts, Kicks, &c., on horses.

CARLTON'S RING-BONE CURE.

For the cure of Ring Bone, Blood Spavin, Bone Spavin, Windgalls, and Splint—a certain remedy.

CARLTON'S CONDITION POWDERS FOR HORSES AND CATTLE.

The changes of weather and season, with the change of use and feed, have a very great effect upon the blood and sinuous fluids of horses. It is at those changes they require an assistant to nature to throw off any disorder of the fluids of the body, that may have been imbibed, and which, if not attended to, will result in the Yellow Water, Heaves, Worms, Botts, &c. All of which will be prevented by giving one of these powders, and will at any time cure when any symptoms of disease appears, if used in time. They purify the blood, remove all inflammation and fever, loosen the skin, cleanse the water, and invigorate the whole body, enabling them to do more work with the same feed. The action of these powders is direct upon all the secretive glands, and therefore have the same effect upon the Horse, the Ox, the Ass, and all Herbiverous animals—all diseases arising from or producing a bad state of the blood are speedily cured by them. Recomm-

-end ask for CARLTON'S CONDITION POWDERS, and take no others.

CARLTON'S NERVE AND BONE LINIMENT FOR HORSES.

and for the cure of all diseases of man or beast that require external application, and for *contracted cords* and *muscles*, strengthens *weak limbs*, and is also *used* for *sprains bruises, saddle galls, swelled legs sores* of all kinds on horses.

CARLTON'S articles for Horses and Cattle are prepared from the recipe of a very celebrated English Farrier, and will cure in ninety nine cases out of one hundred any of the above complaints. They have been used by *Farmers*, livery men, stage proprietors and others, with the most marked and decided success.

CAUTION.—*None* can be genuine *unless* you find the name of J. Carlton Comstock on the wrapper of each article.

COMSTOCK'S VERMIFUGE.

This is the most extraordinary remedy for Worms ever used; it effectually eradicates Worms from both adults and children. It cannot harm the most delicate infant or strongest adult, and never fails to completely root out and destroy all kinds of Worms. The cost, 25 cts. per bottle, puts it within the reach of all, and all parents who are without it are wantonly exposing the lives of their children to those fell destroyers of youth, "Worms." Look for the name of Comstock & Brother, proprietors, on the wrapper of each bottle.

RHEUMATISM.

Comstock's Nerve and Bone Liniment, is warranted to cure any case of Rheumatism, Gout, Contracted Cords, and Muscles, or stiff joints, strengthens Weak Limbs, and enables those who are crippled to walk again. Comstock & Brother, Proprietors, New York, and none genuine without their name on the wrapper.

TOOTHACHE.

DR. KLINE'S DROPS, for the cure of the Toothache. It is with confidence that we can recommend it as an infallible cure in all cases without any injury to the teeth or gums. Price 25 cts.

CARLTON'S LINIMENT FOR THE PILES &c

It is now used in the principal hospitals, and in the private practice in our country by an immense number of individuals and families, first and most certainly for the cure of the PILES and also extensively and effectually as to baffle credulity unless where its effects are witnessed, *Externally* in the following complaints:—

For Dropsy....Creating extraordinary absorption at once. *Swellings*.. Reducing them in a few hours. *Rheumatism*...Acute or Chronic, giving immediate ease. *Sore Throat*.. By Cancers, Ulcers, or Colds. *Croup and Whooping Cough*...Externally and over the chest. *All Bruises, Sprains, and Burns*, Curing in a few hours. *Sores and Ulcers*.. Whether fresh or of long standing, and fever sores.

Its operations upon adults and children in reducing rheumatic swellings, and loosening coughs and tightness of the chest by relaxation of the parts, has been surprising beyond conception.

CAUTION.. All of the above named articles are sold only New York by Comstock & Brother, No 9. John Street, few doors from Broadway.

Sold also in St. Andrews, by Odell & Turner, D. Clarke; S. L. Tilley, St. John; L. Ryder, S Stephen; J. W. Brayley, Fredericton; B Ferguson, Woodstock; G. Speer, Robbinston; also by our Agents in every Town in New Brunswick. Enquire for Comstock's Almanac for 1852 which is given gratis.

Grocery & Provision Store.

JOHN B. BALSON,

Respectfully announces to the inhabitants of St. Andrews, and vicinity, that he has opened the store next Pheasant's Hotel where he has received a his supply of Groceries and Provisions, suitable for this market —consisting of—

SUPERFINE FLOUR, in bags and Barrels; Fancy Biscuit, Meal Tea, Coffee, Brown and crushed Sugar Molasses, Mould and Dip Candles, Brown and Fancy Soap, Fine and coarse Salt, BARLEY, Mustard, Pepper, Ginger, Allspice, Saleratus, Nutmegs, London Pickles, Pepper Sauce, Lemon Syrup, CONFECTONERY, Dates, Tobacco, Cigars, Snuff, Pipes, Starch, Button blue, Blacking Baking and Washing Soda, Boots and Shoes, Pails, Brooms, &c.

Which, together with a great variety of other articles, will be sold at the lowest prices for cash.

ALSO, in Store,—
Coils of CORDAGE, a lot of Grind Stones &c. &c

St. Andrews, June 17, 1851.

FRUIT TREES.

THE NURSERIES and ORCHARDS of the Subscriber, consisting of nearly Forty Thousand Trees, are now offered for the inspection of the Public and for sale. Persons planting these Trees may be assured of success, as every possible precaution has been used in the selection of varities; all that have not proved hardy, have been at once discarded; and those which have not yet fruited here have been propagated with the advice of the most distinguished cultivators of New England and Canada.

The Subscriber flatters himself that his assortment is unrivalled *for this climate*, as it contains nearly all the varities of Apples and Plums which have proved valuable in cold and extreme climates, with many new and splendid sorts lately brought from Russia, England, Germany, Canada, and the Northern States.

Price of Grafted Apple Trees, assorted, one shilling each.—Any person or number of persons ordering 1000 or upwards in one lot may, if desired, have a credit of two or three years for half the amount, and receive the trees free of freight at any place within the Province.

FRANCIS P. SHARP.

Woodstock, Oct 22, 1851.—3i

BLANKS

For sale at this Office.

HEALTH, where 'tis SOUGHT.

Holloway's Pills.

CURE OF A DISORDERED LIVER AND STOMACH, WHEN IN A MOST HOPELESS STATE.

Extract of a Letter from Mr. Matthew Harvey, of Chapel Hall, Airdrie, Scotland, dated the 15th of January, 1850.

SIR,—Your valuable Pills have been the means with God's blessing of restoring me to a state of perfect health, and at a time when I thought I was on the [illegible] of the grave. I had consulted several eminent Doctors, who after doing what they could for me, stated that they considered my case as hopeless. I ought to say that I had been suffering from a Liver and Stomach complaint of long standing, which during the last two years got so much worse that every one considered my condition as hopeless. I as a last resource got a Box of your Pills which soon gave relief and by persevering in their use for some weeks, together with rubbing night and morning your Ointment over my chest and stomach, and right side, I have by their means alone got completely cured, and to the astonishment of myself and every body who knows me.

(Signed) MATTHEW HARVEY.

CURE OF A CASE OF WEAKNESS AND DEBILITY, OF FOUR YEARS' STANDING.

Extract of a Letter from Mr. Smith, of No. 5, or Thomas Street, Gibson Street, Lambeth, dated Dec. 12th, 1849.

To Professor Holloway.

SIR,—I beg to inform you that for nearly fifty years I hardly knew what it was to have a days health suffering from extreme weakness and debility, with constant nervous headaches giddiness and sickness of the stomach together with a great depression of spirits, I used to think that nothing could benefit me as I had been to many medical men some of whom after doing all that was in their power informed me that they considered that I had some spinal complaint beyond the reach of cure, together with a very disordered state of the stomach and liver, making my case so complicated that nothing could be done for me. One day being unusually ill and in a dejected state, I saw your Pills advertised, and resolved to give them a trial, more perhaps from curiosity than with a hope of being cured, however I soon found myself better by taking them, and so I went on persevering in their use for six months, when I am happy to say they effected a perfect cure.

(Signed) WILLIAM SMITH.
(frequently called EDWARD.)

CURE OF ASTHMA, OF TWENTY YEARS STANDING.

Extract of a Letter from Mr. J. K. Heydon, 78 King Street, Sydney, dated 10th of November 1849.

To Professor Holloway.

SIR,—I have the pleasure to inform you that many extraordinary cures of Asthma have been effected here by means of your Pills. One is that of a Lady residing near the "Razorback," who after having for twenty years been unable to make the slightest exertion suffering very fearfully from shortness of breath, coughing, and spitting, but is now, to use her own expression, able to run up to the top of that mountain. Another case is that of Mr. Caton, Tailor, Hutchinson's Buildings, Clarence Street,—who was so dreadfully bad that he was confined entirely to his bed-room for six months, prior to his commencing with your Pills, and attended regularly by his medical man, who pronounced him to be in a dying state, yet he, likewise, to my knowledge, has been restored to perfect health by the use of you Pills, and rubbing your Ointment night and morning into his chest.

(Signed) J. K. HEYDON.

ASTONISHING CURE OF THE EARL OF ALDBOROUGH

By this Miraculous Medicine! after every one means had failed!!!

A copy of a Letter from the Earl of Aldborough, dated Villa Messina, Leghorn, 21st Feb. 1845.

To Professor HOLLOWAY.

SIR,—Various circumstances prevented the possibility of my thanking you before this time for your politeness in sending me your PILLS as you did. I now take this opportunity of sending you an order for the amount, and at the same time, to add that your PILLS have effected a cure of a disorder in my Liver and Stomach, which all the most eminent of the Faculty at home, and and all over the Continent had not been able to effect: nay! not even the waters of Carlsbad and Marienbad. I wish to have another Box and a Pot of Ointment in case any of my family should ever require either,

I remain, with much respect,
Your most obliged and obedient serv't.
(signed) ALDBOROUGH.

TIME should not be lost in taking this Remedy, for any of the following diseases:—

Ague	Consumption	Fits	Rheumatism
Tumours	Asthma	Debility	Gout
Retention of Urine	Ulcers	Bilious Complaints	
Dropsy	Head-aches	Sore Throats	
Venereal Affections	Blotches on the skin		
Dysentery	Indigestion	Scrofula, or King's Evil	
Worms of all kinds	Erysipelas	Inflammation	
Bowel Complaints	Female Irregularities		
Jaundice	Stone and Gravel	Colics	
Liver Complaints	Secondary Symptoms		
Weakness from whatever cause	Lumbago		
Constipation of Bowels	Fevers of all kinds		
Piles	Tic Doloureux	&c.	&c

These Medicines in England are sold at 1s. 1-2d, 2s 9d, 4s 6d, 11s, 22s, and 33s, each Box and Pot. There is a considerable saving by taking the large sizes.

Sold by all Vendors of Medicines throughout New Brunswick, and by A. H. Thompson St. Stephen; Billings & Dyer, Eastport and

ODELL & TURNER St. Andrews.

FOUND.

PICKED up between Nigger Point and Partridge Island, a small ANCHOR and CHAIN.

Apply at the STANDARD Office.

CARTS! CARTS! CARTS!—For Sale or Hire, on liberal terms CARTS suitable for work on the Railroad.

Also, all kinds of BLACKSMITH work

Apply to EDWD. STENTIFORD.

St. Andrews, June 26, 1851.

BRANDY, GIN, WINE &c

Ex Columbus from Liverpool, via St John
16 Hhds finest Pale HOLLANDS.

Flour, Stoves, Oil, Fluid

Ex Schooner "Belle" from New-York:—

100 BARRELS No. 1, CANADA FLOUR.

—Per "Utica" from Boston—

10 superior Cooking Stoves, newest patterns,
9 Parlor Stoves, do do
1 Cask Refined Oil,
1 do Burning Fluid.

W WHITLOCK.

St. Andrews, Dec. 24, 1851.—3i

SURROGATE COURT.
COUNTY OF CHARLOTTE

In the matter of the Estate of Daniel Cunningham late of the Parish of Saint David in the County of Charlotte, deceased.

WHEREAS Lachlan Doon administrator of all and singular the goods, Chattels, and credits, which were of the said Daniel Cunningham deceased at the time of his death, hath this day filed his Account with the said Estate, and hath prayed that the Creditors and next of Kin of the deceased, and all persons interested in the said Estate, may appear and attend the passing and allowance of the said account.

NOTICE thereof is therefore hereby given, to all the Creditors and next of Kin of the said deceased, and to all persons interested in the said Estate, and they are hereby cited to appear before me at a Court of Probate, to be held at the Office of the Registrar of Probates in Saint Andrews, in the said County of Charlotte, on Saturday the Tenth day of APRIL next, at the hour of one in the afternoon, to attend the passing and allowance of the Account of the said Administrator,

Given under my hand and the Seal of the said Court, this tenth day of December A. D. 1851.

(Signed) H. HATCH.
Surr. Judge.

GEO. D. STREET,
Registrar of Probates

NEW BRUNSWICK.

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.

The following were adopted as Standing Rules in the Session of 1851:—

37th.—That no Bill of a private nature or petition for money or relief, shall be received by the House after the fourteenth day from the opening of the Session, both inclusive; and that the Clerk of this House do, one month previous to the meeting of the Legislature, cause fifty printed copies of this Rule to be sent to each of the Clerks of the Peace in the several Counties for distribution, and cause the same to be inserted in the Royal Gazette, and two Newspapers in such County where Newspapers are published.

38th.—That this House will sustain no application for allowances to Teachers of Common or Parish Schools, unless it shall be certified by at least two Trustees of Schools for the Parish where such School has been taught, showing the time actually taught—the Teacher to be licenced—the cause why such Teacher was not certified to the Sessions in the ordinary way—and that such Teacher was not compelled to discontinue his or her School on account of any improper conduct.

Dec 24. CHAS P. WETMORE Clerk

FRUITS &c.

JOHN B. BALSON,
Has just received a fresh supply of

FRUIT, SPICES &C,
among which are,

Boxes RAISINS, Zante CURRANTS.
FIG, APPLE, NUT, CONFECTIONS, SPICES, &c., 50 barrels CANADA FLOUR,
50 bags FRESH GROUND ditto.

On board Schr. "SPRAY," lying at the market wharf.

60 Tubs Cumberland BUTTER, from 20lbs. and upwards.

The above with a general assortment of Groceries, will be disposed of at the lowest prices for cash. [December 24.

LAND FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, 250 Acres of Land, situated on Pleasant Ridge, so called, in the County of Charlotte, being Lot No. 13 on said Ridge. For particulars and a plan of said Land, apply at the office of the subscriber in St. Andrews.

WILLIAM KER,
Dec 16, 1851 xm

EX the Lisbon from London, via St John:—

10 Chests fine Congou Tea,
4 Hhds. best "Martell" Brandy,
6 Hhds. Pale Rotterdam Geneva
4 Boxes best blue Poland Starch,
2 Casks D. & Martin's Japan Blacking,

Also, to arrive per the Grace, from Liverpool:—

1 " fine old PORT WINE,
1 Hhd. fine old Jamaica Rum,
2 Hhds. " old Port Wine,
20 Hhds, 5 Pipes } Best Cognac BRANDY, "Martell," Hennessy U. Vine Brands
Hhd Brown Sherry.

Original issues in Poor Condition
Best copy available