The Toronto World.

SIXTH YEAR — WEDNESDAY MORNING JULY 29 1885. — PRICE ONE CENT

A GRAND OLD MAN GONE.

DEATH OF SIR MOSES MONTEFIORE.

He Endeth a Life of Philanthropic Usefulness Nearing the End of His 101st Year.

LONDON, July 28.—Sir Moses Montefiore is dead. His death occurred at Ramsgate at 4.30 o'clock this afternoon.

Ramsgate is in mourning. The majority of the shops are closed. The mayor at a meeting of the town council spoke of the death of Sir Moses as a great loss to the town. The council resolved that the town hall should be draped and the municipal authorities should attend the funeral.

[Sir Moses was born in London, Oct. 24, 1784. He married so far back as 1812, Miss Judith Cohen, a sister-in-law to Nathan Meyer Rothschild, founder of the London house of Rothschilds. While visiting Palestine in 1829 with his wife he became interested in his co-religionists there—an interest which extended throughout his life. In 1837 he became sheriff of London and was knighted on the queen's visit to the city. In 1846 he was made a baronet. He made a number of visits to Palestine in the interests of his brethren, and always returned with something accomplished, something done. His last visit was in 1866, when in his 82nd year. In that year scholers had been raging in the sacred distriot, and he did much to alleviate the prevailing distress. In fact throughout his life Sir Moses lost no opportunity to benefit his race, and was probably the greatest of Jewish benefactors. But he was a man of liberal ideas, and did not confine his philanthropic efforts exclusively to his own people. Many are the kindly acts on record that he performed regardless either of religious belief or sentiment. His mind, his purse, his intellect were unceasing in their efforts to benefit all mankind, but in particular to elevate the Jewish race, to secure his kinsmen the rights and privileges of free men and to secure their recognition in the political status of their respective countries. He was a man of whom it could possibly be truly said that "we shall never look upon his like again." He was a man not of a century but of tens of centuries. In 1867 he endowed a Jewish college at Ramsgate in honor of his beloved wife who died childless five years before. The freedom of the city of London was tendered him in 1873 with a valuable present, in token of his benevolence. The stir and ceremonies consequent upon the completion of his hundredth anniversary last year have scarcely yet ceased to echo.]

SIR CHARLES DILKE'S THE MAN.

A Story That is Setting all London by the Ears.

LONDON, July 28.—The following are the leading details of the latest scandal which have been circulating more or less obscurely for three days past. One of the most noted radical members of the late cabinet, a widower, was accompanied to his own private residence by the wife of a gentleman of considerable note in London, and the couple entered a bedroom. To her horror and alarm the erring wife found the bed already occupied by a third person, a woman. She flew into a passion and bitterly upbraided the famous politician for entrapping her into a situation which endangered her reputation, and after a stormy scene hurriedly made her exit from the house. These facts soon leaked out, probably through indiscretion or jealousy or a desire for revenge on the part of the woman who was the first occupant of the apartment on the night referred to. The story soon reached the ears of the other lady's husband, and aroused in him such furious wrath that he swore to expose the whole affair and ruin the lecherous statesman. Proceedings to this end were begun, but immediately such powerful influences were brought to bear on behalf of the accused that for the time being publicity was averted, while a noble earl and a very popular member of the house of commons, both of whom were colleagues of the unfortunate radical in the late cabinet, and to whom he had appealed in his troubles strove to bring about a settlement of the affair. The hero of this unhappy event has been looked forward to as one of the pillars of strength of the new coalition party which the radicals are striving to form, and his downfall would be a serious and perhaps fatal blow to that promising scheme, as no support could be expected from the English people for a party whose leader's private character has been utterly wrecked.

A POLICY OF AGGRESSION.

The British Government Bent upon Strengthening their Hold on South Africa.

LONDON, July 28.—Frederick Stanley, imperial colonial secretary, in a dispatch to the governor of the Cape of Good Hope intimates the government's entire approval of the action of Sir Charles Warren in Bechuanaland, and advises the governor that the new territory must be considered not as an appanage of Cape Colony, but as under the direct authority of the crown. The position which the colonial secretary thus assumes is understood to imply a strong South African policy, leading to the extension of the British frontier northward to Delagoa bay and the Zambezi.

The Cost of the Panama Canal.

PARIS, July 28.—DeLesseps, in his report on the Panama canal, maintains that the canal will be completed in 1888. He defends the company from the attacks made upon it, and says they are simply a renewal of the attacks made during the piercing of the Suez canal. The new contractors have undertaken to complete the work for 192,000,000 francs. The total cost of piercing will be 2,800,000,000 francs.

CABLE NOTES.

The Transvaal government is bankrupt.

The Irish land purchase bill is to be dropped for the present session of parliament.

England has reopened negotiations with Italy looking to an advance to the relief of Kassala.

The bank of Ireland definitely declines to assist the Munster bank. A financial panic is the consequent result.

The British government has decided to grant aid to those seaport towns desiring to supplement their coast defence.

The U. S. consul at Barcelona reports that from the first appearance of cholera in Spain to July 4 there were 28,044 cases and 12,347 deaths.

UNITED STATES NEWS.

Fire yesterday afternoon at the works of the Pennsylvania Manufacturing company on the Delaware river, in the southern end of Philadelphia, caused a loss of $400,000.

Mayor Parsons of Rochester, N.Y., last night ordered the sale of alleged copies of the Pall Mall Gazette on the streets to be stopped and the papers to be seized.

HOT WORDS ON A HOT DAY.

The Yonge Street Avenue Job Again Before the Board of Works—Sidewalk Expenditure.

The board of works met yesterday afternoon, those present being Ald. Carlyle (chairman), Baxter, Barton, Hall, Verral, Hunter, Hastings, Steiner, Jones, Frankland and M. J. Woods.

A letter was read from Richard Dinnis calling attention to the fact that on February of last year he had petitioned to be allowed to build a railway on the island, and asking that his petition receive consideration before any other. It was resolved to consider it in connection with the application of the Metropolitan street railway. A number of petitions and personal applications were dealt with.

Ald. Hall then moved that this board with a view to finishing the Yonge street avenue pavement this year, should no longer delay operations by advertising for new tenders, but that A. W. Godson's tender should be accepted. The chairman ruled this motion out of order, as the council had given definite instructions to the board to advertise for new tenders. Ald. Hall moved that the chairman's ruling be set aside, but the chairman refused to put his motion. During the discussion that followed stormy language was used between Ald. Steiner on the one hand and Ald. Hunter and Hastings on the other.

The engineer's report was discussed. In reference to the removal of loam from Amelia street, the engineer reports that A. W. Godson says he removed twelve loads, all of which was debited to him in his account. Mr. Langrill, health inspector, had removed sixty loads to cover some offensive garbage in the neighborhood. The matter was referred to a sub-committee. The proposal to extend Stewart street to Niagara street was laid over for further consideration. The report recommended that the claim for damages on account of a defective culvert at No. 8 Wellington street west be not entertained.

It was recommended that 1500 yards of gravel be laid on Queen street from the Don bridge to the race course on the local improvement plan. It was recommended to construct sewers as follows: On Sydenham street, to connect with the Berkeley street sewer; on Robert place, from the connection with Prefann street sewer to its western terminus; and on a lane between Church and Bond streets and extending from Wilton avenue southerly. The matter of the defect in the levels of the Garrison creek sewer was discussed and finally referred to a committee consisting of Ald. Hunter, Hastings, Jones and Barton.

The engineer reported that the following sums have been spent for sidewalks during this year to date: St. Andrew's ward, $3318.99; St. Paul's ward, $3315.53; St. James' ward, $3083; St. David's ward, $2792.33; St. Patrick's ward, $2483.54; St. Thomas' ward, $2205.37; St. George's ward, $2000; St. Stephen's ward, $1803.46; St. Mark's ward, $1345.43; St. John's ward, $1190.34; St. Lawrence ward, $860.57; St. Matthew's ward, $745.66; total, $22,505.75.

The Yonge street avenue contract question was then raised again. Ald. Frankland had left the town, receiving the good wishes of the board for his safe trip to and return from Europe. Ald. Baxter had also retired and Ald. Hall was left alone to support what now remained of Mr. Godson's just claims. Ald. Hastings moved that the engineer be instructed in asking for tenders for the College avenue job to specify a coarse sand foundation such as is now in use on York street. The chairman suggested that tenders should be asked for both for gravel and coarse sand, and a motion to that effect was carried.

The contract for reflagging Yonge street from King to Front was awarded to Robt. Pollock at $1556.

The latest and greatest attraction at the Bon Marche is the Great Clearing Sale.

UNDER STRANGE CIRCUMSTANCES.

An Ottawa Detective Dies Presumably from the Kicks of a Vagabond.

OTTAWA, July 28.—Detective Jas. Quinn, only a fortnight ago appointed to succeed the present Chief of Police McVeitty, met death suddenly last night. He had an altercation with a rowdy named James McManus on Clarence street, and wrestled with the latter while endeavoring to arrest him. It is alleged that Quinn fell down and McManus kicked him severely on the head. The detective arose and walked a short distance to procure a rig to convey the prisoner, but fell dead in a few moments. Quinn sometime ago accidentally swallowed a pin, and was always under the impression it lodged near the heart. He was much liked here and popular among the force. He was 45 years of age. An inquest and post-mortem was held on the body this afternoon by Coroner Stephen Wright and Dr. McDougall. Meanwhile McManus was arraigned for disorderly conduct this morning and remanded until Thursday, pending the verdict of the jury.

THE SALARY GRAB.

Mr. Blake Puts His Five Hundred where it will do the Most Good.

BOWMANVILLE, July 28.—Hon. Edward Blake, M.P., forwarded last week to F. F. McArthur, Bowmanville, the cheque for $484 which he received as extra sessional allowance, with the request that it be handed to the trustees of the West Durham agricultural society, who are to invest it and use the interest each year in prizes as the board directs. The hon. gentleman's agricultural constituents highly appreciate the generous gift.

Mr. Senecal Secures a Verdict.

OTTAWA, July 28.—H. A. Senecal has received a cablegram from London, Eng., stating that judgment had been given by the privy council in his favor in a case in which he is interested. The facts of the case are as follows: Mr. Senecal made a purchase at public auction of the machinery and equipment of the Berthier Beet-root Sugar refinery. On the failure of the company, Mr. Senecal having become, as he supposed, proprietor, the government claimed to have a first lien in consequence of the machinery not having paid the customs duties; there being, it was claimed, a number of cases where the government have allowed valuable machinery for factories or mills, imported from abroad, to go into use without exacting prior payment of duties. The case was appealed to England, and Mr. Senecal has, it appears, been successful.

Hadn't Sufficient Voice.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., July 28.—Rev. Dr. W. R. Davis (colored) pastor of the Second Baptist church, resigned last night by request of his congregation, who complained that he did not preach loud enough, and did not raise them to the right pitch of fervor. Davis is a graduate of Harvard, and was formerly president of the colored Kentucky state university.

The workingmen who leave the Parkdale street car terminus at 6 in the morning all have Worlds in their hands.

RIEL'S TRIAL RESUMED.

MR. OSLER STATES THE CASE FOR THE CROWN.

The Prisoner to be Tried for Treason Under the Statute of Edward III.—A Memorable but Ugly Letter.

REGINA, N.W.T., July 28.—The trial of Louis Riel was resumed at 10 o'clock this morning. Mr. Osler presented the case for the crown. He said if the plea of naturalization in the United States were put in, the prisoner would be tried under the provisions of the Kenian act for treason-felony, but it was deemed advisable to have his case heard under the treason statute of Edward III., which has formed the law of treason till the present. He then said he would prove by witnesses that Riel ordered and succeeded in bringing together on March 3 an armed assembly; he would prove that Riel was at the head of the rebellion and was instrumental in the arrest of Nash and others. He read the following letter found in the council house at Batoche:

SAINT ANTOINE, N.W.T., March 21, 1885.

To Major Crozier, commanding the mounted police at Fort Carleton and Battleford,

Major: The council of the provisional government for Prince Albert settlement have the honor to communicate to you and your men the following conditions: You will be requested to give up completely the situations which the Canadian government have placed you in at Fort Carleton and Battleford, together with all property. If you agree you and your men will be allowed to leave the country and be provided with teams to send you to Qu'Appelle. In case of non-acceptance we intend to attack you after Lord's day.

When Mr. Osler was ready to present the above document Riel sprang to his feet, and leaning his neck over the box surveyed with rage and indignation his production.

Dr. Willoughby of Saskatoon testified that Riel admitted to him that the rebellion at the time of the troubles at Fort Garry was nothing to what was about to take place. He referred to the projects of Riel, who stated his intention of apportioning the Northwest territory into seven districts in order to divide it amongst the Poles, Germans, Bavarians and Swedes, and also his intention of forming a new Ireland.

Jottings from Hamilton.

HAMILTON, July 28.—Michael Melamphy was charged with wilful damages and threatening by his mother at the police court this morning. The magistrate sentenced him to six months in the Central.

John Harrison, alias Dennis Coughlin, employed as man of all work by Dr. Vernon, drove off this morning with the doctor's horse and buggy. No trace of the missing rig or the man has yet been found.

Robert McLean of Toronto, secretary of the Canadian Fire Underwriters' association, has written to Mayor Mason that on account of the taxation of insurance companies by this city Hamilton will on and after Sept. 1 be classed under letter B for insurance papers. This is a lower letter than heretofore.

A Royal Duke's Hard Luck.

From the London Truth.

It was predicted in Truth some time ago that in the event of the death of the Duke of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha, the Duke of Edinburgh would not find the succession to his uncle's throne a smooth business. I now hear from Berlin that the recent extraordinary proceedings at Brunswick are really intended to prepare the way for the exclusion of the Duke of Edinburgh, who must regret that he did not sell his reversionary interest in the duchy nine years ago, when the negotiations came to an end, in consequence of a dispute on a point of detail. The Berlin people then offered the Duke a million down and an annuity of £60,000 a year, but he stipulated for a second million instead of the promised annuity, which was wise, as, apart from the chances of revolution, it has always been the practice of Prussian statesmen to observe their engagement only so long as it was their interest to do so, and no doubt a plausible excuse would speedily have been forthcoming for the withdrawal of the annuity. The queen took her son's view, and when she went to Baden-Baden in 1876 she did her best to induce the emperor to acquiesce in the duke's terms, but failed; and now there is no doubt that the duchy will be quietly annexed to the German empire, and the duke will probably get no compensation whatever. The duke of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha has been on bad terms with his heir for some time past, and he is not particularly well disposed toward the royal family of England, so he is not likely to put himself out of his way in order to avert the catastrophe which will take place after his death.

Sight Restored by Fright.

From the San Francisco Alta.

Mrs. Charles has for years been a great sufferer from neuralgia, and at one time was attacked with congestion of the brain. From a gradual failing sight the lady three or four months ago lost entirely the use of her eyes and became, as it was thought, hopelessly blind. Expert medical attendance failed to effect any relief, and gave the lady little hope of ever regaining her sight. Recently the sudden and alarming cry of "Fire" rang from the lips of one of her daughters. Realizing her imminent peril, it seems that in the despair with which a drowning man grasps at a straw the lady made an effort to open her eyes. The long unused nerves responded to her will. The alarm proved to be without foundation, but the fright it caused restored a sight which physicians had given up as hopeless. In an interview with a physician the reporter learned that it was more than probable that during the long time Mrs Charles had suffered from neuralgia the optic nerves had become weakened and a loss of nervous current had ensued which was partially restored by the sudden shock which the fright produced. The lady is now enjoying comparatively good sight, and the impression prevails that she will fully recover.

The Hot Bath for Hot Weather.

In sultry and oppressive weather the hot bath is of all others the most cooling. No matter how heated the system, water as hot as it can possibly be endured is the safest and most efficient relief. One should remain in it long enough to give every part of the body a thorough scrubbing with soap and mohair wash-cloth, which cleanses the skin more thoroughly than a brush. The hot water dissolves every particle of refuse that clogs the pores, the rough cloth and soap remove it searchingly, and the towel is hardly laid aside before a delicious coolness and freshness come upon one like that of a dewy summer morning, or emotion to that effect.

All enervating effects are warded off by an instant's plunge into cool water of say 70 degrees. This temperature seems like an ice dip after a bath of nearly 150 degrees. One can by this means secure in a common bath room much of the real benefit of a Russian vapor bath.

HIS EXCELLENCY'S IRISH RECORD.

An Incident That Had to Cross the Seas to be Told.

OTTAWA, July 28.—The Pall Mall Gazette says:

"A letter received in Dublin from Canada states that when the Marquis of Lansdowne recently visited the college of Ottawa the Irish students refused to do him honor. Some half dozen who were asked to read the address to the governor-general refused to do so on the ground that he was one of the greatest enemies of Ireland, and the address was read by a Scotchman."

A Free Press reporter had an interview with the superior of the college, Father Tabaret, this morning with reference to the matter.

"Would you kindly tell me if there is any truth in this clipping?"

The reverend gentleman after reading the paragraph said: "Yes, there is a good deal of truth in it, but only two, not half a dozen as stated, objected to reading the address to his excellency."

"Were these young gentlemen Irish Americans?"

"One of them was," answered the superior, "and the other was an Irish Canadian.

"How did they come to decline?"

"Well, one of them was selected for the duty, but on ascertaining that fact, he waited on me in company with his friend and said that 'it would go against his grain' to do so, and begged to decline the proffered honor. It was at the time the Prince of Wales was making his memorable journey through Ireland," continued the superior, "and knowing that the Irish blood, especially the Irish rebels' blood, was then very warm over this event, I thought it indiscreet to press the young man in the matter, especially as he had so candidly stated his sentiments. The young man said as an Irishman he could not conscientiously do honor to one whom he believed was an enemy to Ireland. The story of the alleged harshness of the marquis to his Irish tenants and his alleged oppression in the capacity of an Irish landlord seemed to be strongly fixed in the young man's mind, and knowing this the matter was allowed to drop and a young Scotchman from Prince Edward Island named McKewan was selected."

"Did the two students mentioned speak for the other students of their nationality who were attending the college?"

"Well, I could not say that they did," answered the Superior, "I think they spoke as individuals."

"Did they show any disaffection at the time the governor was in the college?"

"Oh, no, not at all. They seemed to feel that they had got over a very disagreeable thing, and said afterwards that the governor's address, so full of warm words of encouragement, had made a favorable impression on their minds, but still they could not forget that he was a type of their country's oppressors, a man who would tyrannize over the poor and lowly whom circumstances had placed under him in Ireland."

"The Irish people have not much affection for the marquis!" said the reporter.

"From what I am able to judge," said Father Tabaret, "the Irish people have anything but a liking for his excellency with his unsavory Irish record."

Wonderful bargains at the Bon Marche Clearing Sale. It beats anything in the past.

Princely Beggars and Paupers.

From the New York World.

Queen Victoria annually receives for her private purse $300,000, the most if not all of which she permanently invests, or otherwise "puts away," till she has become the richest woman in the world. She can and does save this money, because in addition there is an annual appropriation of the people's money for the salary and expenses of her household to the enormous amount of $1,625,000 more. Yet now comes by cable the pitiful story that in Saturday's London newspapers no less than seventy-five of the queen's servants in the gardens of Kew palace print a letter begging relief from their intolerable poverty and declaring that after paying rent for their tenements they have only £2 a week for the support of their families. Surely the queen, who has just secured an additional annuity of $30,000 a year for the German beggar Battenberg, will be moved to do something for the suffering English servants who are starving in her own employ.

Flim-Flam of the Wildest Kind.

From the London Truth.

It is stated by a contemporary that at a recent ball everybody was talking of the possibility of an engagement between Prince Albert Victor and Princes Victoria of Teck. Any such talk was the merest gossip—a flim-flam of the wildest kind. Such an engagement would certainly not meet with the approval of the prince's most powerful relatives, and, besides, there has been far too much intermarrying among the royal family. There is no reason whatever why the young prince should be at once rushed into matrimony, and I believe that no such change of condition is contemplated for him. He will probably go abroad for a long tour at the end of his present course of military training, and it is understood that he is to visit Canada. A demand for funds to support another royal establishment would be exceedingly unpopular at present, and the queen's descendants are so numerous that it would be impossible to bring forward the usual plea on such occasions—i. e., the necessity of providing for the succession.

New Uses for Old Shoes.

From the Boston Transcript.

It may be a surprise to some people to learn that the old shoes cast into the ash barrel are liable to reappear in the boudoir and parlor. An inquisitive reporter who saw a couple of ragpickers quarrelling over a lot of worn out and seemingly worthless footgear interviewed one of the chiffoniers and found that they sold them to the manufacturers of wall paper. He followed up the clew, and, on questioning the foreman of one of these establishments, elicited the following bits of information:

"We buy," said the foreman, "all the boots and shoes that the scavengers can bring us. We pay different prices for the different qualities of leather. A pair of fine calfskin boots will bring as high as fifteen cents. We don't buy cowhide boots. The boots and shoes are first soaked in several waters to get the dirt off from them. Then the nails and threads are removed, the leather is ground up into a fine pulp and is ready to use.

"The embossed leather paperings which have come into fashion lately and the stamped leather fire screens are really nothing but thick paper covered with a layer of this pressed leather pulp. The finer the quality of the leather the better it takes the bronze and old gold and other expensive colors in the designs painted on them. Fashionable people think they are going away back to mediæval times when they have the walls of their libraries and dining rooms covered with embossed leather. They didn't know that the shoes and boots which their neighbors threw into the ash barrel a month before form the beautiful material on their walls and on the screens which protect their eyes from the fire.

"We could buy the old shoes cheaper if it were not for the competition from carriage makers and bookbinders and picture frame makers. I don't know how many other trades use old shoes and boots, but the tops of carriages are largely made of them, ground up and pressed into sheets. bookbinders use them in making the cheaper forms of leather bindings, and the new style of leather frames with leather mats in them are entirely made of the cast-off covering of our feet."

The Real and Ideal.

From the London Truth.

An apropos story of the new Lord Rothschild: Some ladies were once discussing in his presence the difference between the real and the ideal, and he was appealed to for his opinion, "The real," said the financier, "is a Spanish coin; the ideal is the Spanish bond."

THE STRIKE OVER AT LAST

AWARD OF THE ARBITRATORS RE LABORERS' WAGES.

A Sliding Scale of 16, 16½ and 17 Cents per Hour—Adopted by the Union—The Men to go Back to Work To-Day.

Arbitrators Wm. Ince, Peter Ryan and R. W. Elliot, who had in hand the settlement of the difficulty as to wages between the Master Builders' association and the Builders' laborers' union, finished their labors yesterday, having heard evidence from both sides at considerable length. The arbitrators drew up their finding late in the afternoon and sent a copy to each organization, both having pledged themselves to abide by the board's decision.

The award was submitted to members of the Laborers' union last night. They met in the hall at Shuter and Victoria streets. The hall was very hot and many of the men were in their shirt sleeves. President Tom Webb presided over the meeting in his guernsey. He knows how to handle the gavel and makes a good chairman. Before Secretary Dobson read the award he reminded his fellow members that they were pledged in honor to accept it whether it was disappointing or not. The arbitrators had arrived at a verdict on the evidence produced before them, and had not been affected one way or the other by sympathy. Mr. Dobson had no doubt all the brothers would accept it in the best possible spirit. The award read as follows:

The first point in this dispute submitted for the adjudication of the arbitrators was as to the existence of an understanding or agreement that there should be three months' notice given if a change in the rate wages was desired by either the laborers' union or the Master Builders' association, and was that agreement carried out in the present case.

We decide that the evidence does not establish proof of a three months' notice. We strongly recommend that in future three months' notice in writing should be given by the proper officers of each organization before a change in the rate of wages takes effect, and in our opinion such a rule is in the best permanent interests of both parties to this arbitration.

The second point submitted for the consideration of the arbitrators was "the determining of the rate of wages." From the evidence submitted as to the character of the work and the great loss of time from bad weather, etc., to which the laborers are subjected we decide that the rate of wages which builders' laborers should receive ought to be 17 cents per hour; but taking into account the loss which master builders will sustain from having taken contracts without any expectation of an increase in wages, and also that reasonable notice of a demand for an increase in wages was not given, we finally decide that the rate of wages shall be as follows:

Sixteen cents per hour for four weeks from present time; sixteen and one-half cents per hour for a further period of four weeks; seventeen cents per hour afterwards; this latter rate to continue in force at all events until the end of the present year; and further, that in future at least three months' notice shall be given by either party desiring a change.

We decide that the laborers shall go to work at once, that they shall not be compelled to work with non-union men, but builders' laborers who are not at present members of the union shall have the right of joining on payment of the usual entrance fee of $3, and they shall not be subject to any other fee or fine whatever in respect of anything which has occurred during the present strike.

The costs of the award amounting in all to $90, to be paid in equal proportion by the parties to this arbitration.

Signed, WM. INCE (chairman), PETER RYAN, R. W. ELLIOT.

Some of the members asked for an explanation as to how long the seventeen cents per hour would last. Bro. Dobson and Bro. Beale explained that it would actually continue till April 1, 1886, inasmuch as if either organization wished to change it, three months' notice from January 1 would have to be given. A few members thought that the bosses could give a notice of reduction October 1 next, but as pointed out by Messrs. Beale and Dobson the document distinctly fixes the wages for the balance of the year. Mr. Beale regarded it as highly creditable to the laborers that during the strike not a complaint had been made against them by either presses or police. They had fought the fight well and bricklayers and masons had nobly stood by them. It was then moved by Bro. Dobson and seconded by Bro. Booth, that all the members of the union return to their respective jobs at 7 o'clock this morning. The motion was carried. So ends the strike after a duration of close upon six weeks.

A Youngster on the Road.

At Union station yesterday Policeman Charles Slemin questioned a little boy who had just got off the Midland train and did not know where to go. The boy was barefooted and poorly dressed, but bright and intelligent. His name was Frederick Grames and he came from Markham, where he had been working for a farmer named Rickett. The farmer, he said, did not treat him well and sent him away with only 44 cents, 35 of which went for his fare to Toronto. He wanted to go Flesherton, where his father lives. The officer took the boy to police headquarters, where the men raised $1.40 for him; a further sum of $1.10 was collected at the depot. This money will be given to young Grames today, when he will be shipped home. It may be that the youngster's story as to his treatment by the farmer is not true, but anyway a boy of his tender years is better home than out at service.

Vested Rights Recognized.

From the London Figaro.

Miss Jessy Faulkner Rouse, spinster, of Exeter, and James Jerman, bachelor, of the same city, have just been honored with a special publication of their names in the London Gazette, under circumstances which, to say the least, are unusual. Sir Richard Cross has, in the exercise of his discretion as home secretary, decided to close certain burial grounds and other places of sepulture, among them being the yard attached to the Baptist chapel, in Paris street, St. Sidwell's, Exeter. But in the case of this particular yard special rights are to be reserved to the Miss Rouse and the Mr. Jerman aforesaid, to be buried in it at their decease. The publication of this burial right of theirs in the London Gazette is a proof of the desire of the new government to recognize vested interests.

She Bought Herself In.

From the London Truth.

Last week at Oldham, a husband who is bound over to keep the peace toward his wife for six months called in a broker and disposed of his Lares and Penates. He desired that gentleman to include his wife among the rest of the chattels, but the broker declined to purchase the lady. She was valued at £2, so she bought herself in at that figure and bade her husband good bye, saying that now she was her own property she would never live with him again. How very much easier, cheaper and quicker it would be if all "happy couples" could call in a broker or an auctioneer and dispose of each other for a reasonable sum, instead of having to go through the tedious and expensive processes of the divorce court?

The Freezing of Niagara.

From the London Globe.

Truly the language of our English laureate may be adapted in this instance to the American people of whom it will be said, "They took the tax away, and built themselves an everlasting name."

BRIGHT AND THE PARNELLITES.

The Former's Speech Brought Up as a Breach of Privilege.

LONDON, July 28.—In the commons this evening Mr. Callan moved that Mr. Bright's speech at the recent banquet to Earl Spencer be considered a breach of privilege.

Mr. Bright said that if his words were censurable he regretted using them. His opinions remained unchanged. It was a fact that the Parnellites had assailed Earl Spencer and the crown officers. If he had said that the Parnellites had defended the judges and law officers everybody would have said he was a fool for making statements that were absolutely untrue and would have laughed him to scorn.

Sir Michael Hicks-Beach said he thought that if Mr. Bright had spoken in parliament the words which he had used at the banquet he could have been called to order, but it was inadvisable to make those occasions causes for a motion for a breach of privilege. He would, therefore, oppose Mr. Callan's motion.

The Marquis of Hartington concurred.

In the debate which ensued acrimonious remarks were made by several Irish members. Finally Mr. Callan begged leave to withdraw his motion, the object of which he said had been attained. He had supreme contempt for Mr. Bright's language and he had no confidence in the justice of the house. When occasion offered the supporters of Mr. Parnell would repay Mr. Bright in his own coin.

Leave to withdraw the motion was refused, and it was rejected by a vote of 154 to 23.

The medical relief bill passed the second reading in the lords this evening.

At Farley's Great Clearing Sale see the silk table, dress goods table, parasol table, millinery table, and table of cottons; 25 per cent off them all.

Sites for a New Cattle Market.

The markets and health committee met yesterday afternoon. Present—Ald. James (in the chair), Shaw, Wood, Jones, M. J. Woods and Johnston. Several offers were received of sites suitable for a cattle market, as follows: Lots 187 to 220 fronting on Ethel avenue, adjoining the Ontario & Quebec yards at West Toronto; 1570 feet on the Toronto, Grey and Bruce, and 1500 feet on the Northern railway just north of Dundas street, convenient to the Grand Trunk and Credit Valley railways; ten acres bounded on the west by Bloor street, on the south by the land owned by Mr. Mallon, on the east by land owned by Mr. Boland, and on the west by the Toronto, Grey and Bruce railway; ten acres off the southeast corner of the west half of lot 36, on the 3d concession of the bay, close to the present yard at West Toronto. These offers were referred to a sub-committee. Sheriff Jarvis asked that a man be employed at the jail for two months at $75, in order to enable each turnkey to have ten days holidays; agreed to. The usual accounts were passed. It was determined to sell the St. Lawrence market stalls by public auction. The committee will meet at 2 p. m. Friday to visit the jail farm.

Dined by Their Fellow-Members.

There was a club dinner at the National last night in honor of the officers of the Northwest field force who are members of the club. Mayor Manning, as president of the club, occupied the chair, and there were eight members present. The menu was elaborate. The chairman proposed the Queen, the Governor-general and the Army, Navy and Active Militia, the latter being responded to by Lt.-Col. Gibson, M.P.P. of Hamilton. Hon. Oliver Mowat gave the "members of the National club who have served our country in the Northwest," which drew forth replies from Lt.-Col. G. T. Denison, Lt.-Col. A. A. Miller, Capt. F. F. Manley, Capt. James Mason, Capt. Geo. Mutton, Capt. P. D. Hughes, Lieut. Harry Brook, Lieut. A. M. Irving, Lieut. R. B. Lee, Lieut. Forbes Michie, Lieut. T. B. Browning. "Our Guests" was proposed by Goldwin Smith and responded to by Lieut. Col. Grasett, Lieut.-Col. Gray, Major Hamilton, Capt. Howard, Capt. Macdonald. The dinner was one of the best in the history of the club. The dining and other rooms were beautifully decorated with flowers and flags, a work of love performed by Harry Cooper, a member.

Parkdale Municipal Affairs.

The solicitor of Parkdale reported to the council Monday night that the action of the deputy reeve in signing the bylaw to remove the council chamber to the Masonic hall was legal, and the clerk was thereupon ordered to notify the Masonic hall company to furnish the lease for the approval of the council. Councillor Clark regretted that Reeve McMath kept away from the banquet to the volunteers last week. The reeve considered he had been discourteously treated by the reception committee in not being made aware of the arrangements. He hinted that the affair was a failure, which was stoutly denied by the valiant councillor, who accused the reeve of being too mean to subscribe to the fund for welcoming the boys. B. Goodman, H. Ray and P. Peppiatt were appointed a local board of health.

Mr. de Souza Before the Privy Council.

From the London Observer, July 5.

L. J. de Souza, an English barrister, appeared in person with a petition for leave to appeal from a refusal to allow him to practice as a barrister before the courts of the province of Ontario. The point was whether a barrister could so practice without having been previously admitted by the law society of Upper Canada. Mr. de Souza argued that the courts had power to admit barristers to practice without the intervention of the law society. Lord Watson said their lordships considered it a exceedingly plain case. The statutes conferred on an English barrister a right to be duly admitted as a member of the law society of Upper Canada, but they gave no other privilege. It was therefore impossible to entertain the application.

Zoological Society.

The directors met Monday afternoon, ex-Mayor Boswell in the chair. The following officers were elected: President, W. A. Murray; vice-president, John Turner; treasurer, Geo. H. Hastings; secretary, J. B. Williams. A committee of six directors, viz., Ald. Frankland, J. Wright, S. Richardson, C. A. Hirschfelder, Alf. W. Smith and T. A. Heintzman were appointed to ascertain the value of the animals now at the Zoo, and to procure tenders for the erection of the new buildings at the Exhibition grounds.

Twenty-five cents a month for The World is a good investment; a sure source of information, and a joy to the whole household.

Steamship Arrivals.

At New York: State of Georgia, from Glasgow, and Canada, from Havre; Abyssinia, from Liverpool.

MORE ABOUT BAD BEEF

OVER FOUR THOUSAND POUNDS SEIZED BY THE CITY INSPECTOR.

Continuation of the Central Prison Investigation — Objection to Some of the Charges—Shall Outside Witnesses be Paid?

The commissioners and counsel engaged in the central prison investigation were on hand at 11 o'clock sharp yesterday. Progress is rather slow. Seven witnesses were examined yesterday; but the first charge has not yet been disposed of.

Guard Hunt, in cross-examination, said that he reported a prisoner in July, 1883, for raising a row about the stinking meat; the prisoner was punished with 72 hours in the dark cell. This statement did not tally with the prison complaint book, which Mr. Idington produced to show that Hunt only reported one man in July, 1882, and that was for feigning illness. The witness stated Monday that the bad meat had been served out July 2, 1883; another prison record showed that none of it had been used that day. To Mr. Idington, Hunt said that he had complained to the inspector because the warden had kept him on duty in the hospital two consecutive days and nights.

James Britton, the well-known ex-butcher, was foreman of the grand jury of the general sessions in September, 1883. The grand jurors visited the prison on that occasion. They asked to see the meats, about which there had been so much talk, but the warden refused, saying it was not the place of the grand jury to inspect the meats. Mr. Massie treated them discourteously. To Mr. Idington the witness said he was not then aware that the objectionable meat had been removed in the preceding July. He personally reported the warden's discourtesy to the minister.

Guard Daniel Kirkpatrick was questioned by Mr. Mahoney as to the tainted meat. The prisoners complained of it and raised an uproar. He had heard as much shouting before and since for no reason at all. To Mr. Idington the witness said the convicts left more or less of their food every day. For instance a large number of them would never take pea soup, others were averse to vegetable soup and so on. "Frenchmen," continued the witness, "are not fond of soups"—and, after a pause—"that is the kind of Frenchmen we have up at the prison." The commissioners and counsel smiled.

Inspector Awde testified that on July 17, 1883, he seized 4764 lbs. of tainted corn beef at James Park's warehouse. The meat was unfit for food. Mr. Awde could not say where it came from, but counsel for Mr. Massie admitted that it had been bought from the Central prison.

After recess Henry Leadwood, cook and baker at the prison, stated that he had used charcoal in cooking the meat, to keep down the smell, which was sour. Some of the prisoners regarded the corn beef as quite a good dinner. In boiling the corn beef he did not mix fresh meat with it, as had been reported by Dr. Aikins. It was served out July 2, 7, 13, 16. He heard complaints from the prisoners. To Mr. Langmuir: He did not report the meat but tasted it every time, and there was no bad taste or smell about it.

Guard Thomas Hancock put the thing in a new way. There was some meat that gained a notoriety for itself, but he knew nothing about it, his work being outside. One or two prisoners had shown him their meat and it did not look extra good, although there was no offensive smell.

Pending the arrival of other witnesses Mr. Idington took objections to several of the charges against Mr. Massie on the ground that they were beyond the scope of the commission. The commission called for an investigation into alleged cases of cruelty and ill-treatment; irregularities in the keeping of the books and other slight departures from the rules and regulations were not subjects to enquiry. After considerable discussion the commissioners ruled that they would permit the utmost latitude in the investigation; all the charges were therefore allowed to stand.

T. C. T. Brandon, contractor for convict labor at the prison, gave evidence as to a bad smell in July, 1883, emanating from a store room adjoining his office within the prison walls. Capt. Matton, his then partner, could tell more about it. The captain could be found at Burdock cottage, Garrison common.

Mr. Murphy again enquired what facilities the government would afford to bring material witnesses from a distance. Mr. Irving replied that he had no means at his disposal to pay them. "Then," said Mr. Murphy, "the objects to be attained by the commissioners will prove abortive." Judge Sinclair thought it would be a misfortune if a few dollars should stand in the way of a full investigation. Mr. Irving asked for something tangible to go by, whereupon, Mr. Murphy promised to furnish him with the outside witnesses he wanted, and the points upon which they would be examined, leaving it for Mr. Irving to say whether they were material or not. The government counsel said he would leave that to his learned friend, and although he did not say so in so many words, left the impression that he would see what could be done towards having a sum appropriated for the payment of witnesses.

The commission rose at 4.30 until 11 o'clock this forenoon. Seven or eight witnesses have yet to be examined on the first complaint. About a dozen prisoners will be brought down to-day to give evidence on other charges.

PERSONAL.

A. P. Cockburn, M.P., is at the Queen's.

Hon. Mr. Bowell will shortly visit Prince Edward Island.

Lord Ranturby and G. Percy Aylmer, of London, are registered at the Queen's hotel.

Ald. Piper has been confined to his house since Saturday by an attack of intermittent fever.

Hon. A. P. Caron and Sir John and Lady Macdonald will spend the vacation at Riviere du Loup.

C. Schpieber, chief engineer of the government railways, will shortly visit the maritime provinces on a tour of inspection.

Captain Howard, of

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WEDNESDAY MORNING, JULY 29, 1885

Toronto and the Upper Ottawa.

We publish in another column an interesting interview from the Ottawa Free Press. The occasion of it was an article some days ago in which The World advocated the giving of a bonus by the dominion parliament either to a continuation of the Gravenhurst and Callendar railway, or to a new line for which a charter has been granted from Callendar to Lake Temiscaming. One contention was that this portion of the Ottawa valley should be connected with the Ontario railway system, so that it might find the best possible market for its lumber and minerals, might draw its supplies from the widest possible area, and might attract settlers from the province of Ontario instead of the province of Quebec.

We are speaking of course of the Ontario side of the Ottawa and lake Temiscaming, and it will be noticed that the "prominent lumberman," whose opinions are reproduced by the Free Press, admits that Toronto by way of Callendar is the natural inlet and outlet for the trade of the greatest lumber district now unworked in Canada. He admits that if the proposed road were built from Callendar to Temiscaming "all the trade between Mattawa and the height of land, and extending northward, an immense territory would be cut off in trade relations from the other parts of the Ottawa valley, and would find its markets on the frontier"—that is to say at Toronto, Port Hope and Hamilton, which are the termini of the Midland, Northern and Northwestern lines. Again, he says: "This road would be the means of disconnecting this large area of country from the rest of the Ottawa valley, and would certainly be the means of giving the frontier the direct control of what now is in the hands of Ottawa and Montreal."

There are strong and frank expressions of opinion from an unquestionable source. What do our Toronto and Hamilton merchants and capitalists think about the matter? So long as no movement was made to overcome obstructions to the navigation of the Ottawa in the interest of Quebec the question was not of pressing interest. But the subsidy voted last session to a short railway below lake Temiscaming on the Quebec side has changed the whole situation. This is but a beginning. The timber of that great region will not go down the river, the Ottawa lumberman to the contrary notwithstanding. The days of Ottawa river driving are numbered, and when timber is cut so far up the river it would require the freshets of two summers to get it to the saw mills of Ottawa. The timber will go out by rail, and it ought to come by the shortest way, that is, the Gravenhurst and Callendar line.

The Ottawa lumberman makes one remark that is of the greatest interest to the people of Ontario, on whose side of the river the best agricultural land is to be found. He says the $25,000 granted last session was "to aid the French colonists." This implies that the land is worth settling on, and that is now a well-worn fact. To what is on their own side of the river these colonists are welcome, but it is no secret that they have their eyes on the best tracts for settlement on the Ontario side as well. Now, while we have no objection to our French fellow-citizens as neighbors, we would much rather see this new country filled up with progressive young settlers from our own province. It is a significant fact that French colonization schemes can be promoted successfully in the house of commons, while Ontario interests are allowed to look after themselves.

The members for Toronto and Hamilton had better wake up to a proper sense of the importance of this question. It will come up before parliament next session as surely as there is a session held. Meanwhile we commend it to the careful consideration of all concerned, including the city council and the board of trade.

Professional Philanthropists.

The World has long labored, and not without some success, to ward off the attacks of the plague of pseudo philanthropists who have singled out this country as their prey. The ease with which politicians, who are generally indifferent to the wants of our own people, fall a prey to the designs of professional philanthropists from across the water, is amazing. Charitable and benevolent citizens, too, who frequently remain in ignorance of the trials of their immediate neighbors, succumb readily to the wiles of British and European professionals. Most of these people are deadheads and deadbeats, and railway and steamboat companies, who are careful to exclude from their conveyances any impoverished Canadian, be he ever so deserving, carry them all over the country free. The only returns given for such favors are additions to our criminal and pauper population, who starve, steal or beg that the philanthropist may live in clover. The manner in which the party press winks at and even encourages these impositions is deplorable.

The latest development in connection with this philanthropy business is the Proposition of a hungry Hungarian, yclept the Count Esterhazy, to move 20,000 of his countrymen from the Pennsylvania iron mines to the Canadian Northwest, his price for doing so to be a large grant of our lands. We have had enough and to spare of these colonization swindles, and we trust that the government will sit down on this titled adventurer's scheme. The Hungarian aid society of New York does not give him a good character, and the Herald says that his philanthropic career in that city "terminated suddenly in a brief residence in the Tombs." He is a worthy sample of a class whose sharp practices Canadians have alone endured with a tameness that must have surprised and amused the adventurers themselves.

The Wicked Partner Once More.

The wicked partner is a great institution. He thinks more of money than he does of his character, and can always be depended upon to do dirty work that promises pay, and to stand between opprobium and his more sensitive associates in case of detection. The proprietors and managers of the Globe have several wicked partners, each with a business or political specialty of his own. A. K. Mackinlay is a late addition to this branch of the staff, and he fills the place assigned him with an enthusiasm worthy of a better cause.

The good Deacon Cameron's visit to the old country has borne fruit. The Globe is no longer speechless concerning the book smuggling business of its proprietors. Yesterday it published a carefully prepared defence of Nelson & Sons, in the course of which Mr. Mackinlay assumes all responsibility for the forgery of the dates in Calkin's geographies. Canadians are surprised to learn that the veteran Scotch publishers are such pliant innocents as to become parties to a swindle at the bidding of any book purchaser who comes along. We are not anxious to deny the benefit of the baby act to men inspired by such a pious person as Deacon Cameron, but we must admit that their plea strains our believing powers greatly.

The hot weather has its compensations. Gen. Komaroff's brother writes that it is impossible to begin operations against Herat because of the heat. It would be a good thing were the state of the temperature to remind the Russian commander that there is a still warmer corner in store for those who covet and steal their neighbor's territory.

We regret to see that there has been a squabble at Ottawa over the exhibition of an effigy of Riel. This effigy business is unworthy of an intelligent people, and exceedingly offensive to cultivated minds. Effigies may delight half-grown boys or fully-grown barbarians, but they are puerile to the last degree. A brave man never tramples upon a fallen foe, no matter how despicable that foe may be. Indeed the more despicable he is the more strongly does self-respect urge us to comport ourselves toward him with dignified calmness.

It is alleged that Sir Leonard Tilley's medical advisers forbid him to eat fruit, because the saccharine matter contained therein has a tendency to aggravate his disease. Being a teetotaller, Sir Leonard has no trouble about his beverages, but he has supporters who may think that he ought to take a little wine for his stomach's sake. The prohibition of fruit may give him an inkling of how the Scott act strikes a man who is fond of cider. All his fellow-citizens hope that he may soon be able to eat and drink anything that he likes.

An eminent Englishman, Frederick Milner, states that the radical manufacturers assure him that their only hope of successfully resisting foreign competition lies in a still further reduction of the wages of workingmen who are already underpaid. These manufacturers never make such statements at Cobden club dinners, nor will the Canadian organs of that club lay such facts before their readers. It is every day becoming more and more apparent that the free trade fetish is unable to answer the prayers or justify the praises of its worshippers.

The Toronto correspondent of the Montreal Witness assures that journal that the reformers of Ontario are ripe for rebellion against Archbishop Lynch's interference in party affairs. We have heard this asserted before, but politicians never quarrel with a man who holds the balance of power. As minister of the exterior his grace has made himself indispensable. When he goes Mr. Mowat goes, and Mr. Mowat's staying qualities show no signs of diminution.

The London Free Press thinks that while the Ontario government's model farm is all wrong, the Dominion government's model farm will be all right. The competition between pigs fed on reform principles and those reared on conservative principles ought to add new and enticing interest to the science of farming. The relative merits of grit swill and tory slops will no doubt soon be made manifest.

Mr. Beaty's Book.

Editor World: I have been glancing through the work of James Beaty, M.P., in opposition to the remuneration of the clergy. I fail to be impressed thereby because this is a free country in which there is no established church, and we do not have to pay anything to church or clergy unless we like to. A clergyman is in this respect in precisely the same position as a lawyer, with the exception that the lawyer has opportunities of extortion not enjoyed by the preacher. Were Mr. Beaty as liberal with his law as with his gospel there would be less reason to doubt his sincerity. By the way, did he ever hear of a clergyman voting himself five hundred dollars extra at the end of his financial year? PEW.

Toronto, July 28.

The Gas Company's Contract.

Editor World: I happened to drop into the council chamber last night, and what was my astonishment when the question of the Gas company contract came up to find aldermen championing the cause of the company and endeavoring by every argument to convince the aldermen that the compromise as offered was eminently fair to the city, and if not accepted the city was in the power of the Gas company, and the latter could at any moment put our streets in darkness. It would seem to me as a taxpayer, that our aldermen are sent to council to defend and protect the interests of the city under all circumstances, and as Ald. McMillan remarked, "the Gas company are fully competent to look after their own interests."

Without going fully into the merits of the gas contract one can see at a glance that the concessions allowed amount to absolutely nothing, and I fail to see why the city should be asked to guarantee the Gas company a minimum number of lamps, for the majority of lamps now up were erected during the last contract of ten years and the company have in consequence no grounds to demand that they should be guaranteed any number of lamps. If the city makes a long contract for a stipulated number of lamps it means simply a continuation of the present gas monopoly, whereas if this matter were properly handled there would be some inducement for capitalists to start an opposition company which no doubt would be willing to furnish gas at a price that would not allow them to make a ten per cent. dividend and have a yearly income of over $17,000 from the interest on debentures held by the company, which I am informed is in violation of the conditions of their charter.

FAIR PLAY.

LAKE TEMISCAMINGUE.

A Railroad That Must Benefit This Section of Country.

From the Ottawa Free Press.

The proposed railroad to be built from Caledonia to the shores of Lake Temiscaminguе, to connect with the Gravenhurst and Caledonia railway it is contended by the projectors, would be a benefit to the Ottawa valley and as a consequence the dominion government are asked for a subsidy to aid its building. With regard to whether or not it will benefit the Ottawa valley, a Free Press reporter waited on many of the leading lumber merchants who have a thorough knowledge of the country and its requirements to ascertain their opinion on the matter. The proposed road would be about forty-five miles in length by an air line running directly north.

"What nature of country will the proposed road traverse?" queried the scribe.

"Rough, decidedly rough," answered a prominent lumberman, "still there are some parts which might be utilized for agricultural purposes, but on the whole the country intervening between the C. P. R. and Lake Temiscaminguе can never be what is called a good farming locality. The country is a good deal hilly and in many parts very rocky. It gets somewhat better as you approach the lake, but the best of it in an agricultural sense is not first-class. The wealth of the Temiscaminguе region lies in its timber and minerals. Owing to the rapid exhaustion of forest in the Ottawa valley east and south of Lake Temiscaminguе the lumber industry has become in that region an important factor, and years will certainly see this largely developed. Now, if this railway is built the result must be that the lumber cut in the Temiscaminguе and Kippewa region will take this channel of outlet, leaving its present watercourse, as at present, all square, and other lumber cut in that region must pass down the river to the market, whereas if this road was in running order the Toronto frontier of Ontario would become the route of shipment."

"Then the square timber cut in that territory would go to the lake front direct?"

"Yes, and not only that, but logs which now must necessarily be floated down stream for manufacture would be manufactured on the lake shore and the lumber shipped direct south. Thus all the trade between Mattawa and the height of land and extending northward, an immense territory, would be cut off in trade relations from the other parts of the Ottawa valley, and would find its markets on the frontier, and, not only that, but all supplies necessary for carrying on the industries of that region would be drawn from Toronto or other lake cities, being nearest to the scene of operations."

"Then these western men wish to tap the Upper Ottawa? enquired the scribe."

"The great dream of these western men has been to tap the trade of the Ottawa valley, and direct it to the frontier, and for that purpose many projects have been discussed. The proprietors of the Kingston and Pembroke railway when inaugurating their scheme did not conceal the fact that the trade of the Ottawa valley was vitally necessary for the well-being of the Limestone city and the late James O'Reilly himself, an enthusiastic supporter of the scheme said: "We want to tap the trade of the Ottawa valley, we want an iron band stretching from the lakes to the Grand river, a band to connect our trade and cement our friendship, an iron link over which the south may grasp the hand of the rugged north and open up an artery which shall be for mutual prosperity," and this idea has been in a measure successful. The building of the C. P. R. westward on its present route considerably dampened the prospects of the road, as at the time it was projected there was nothing to contend against save the Canada Central railway, which then only ran some fifty-six miles west of Ottawa city. This present scheme for building a road from Callendar to Temiscaminguе goes further, because it cannot have any competition from the trade of a territory large enough to make a score of Ottawa's counties. This road would be the means of disconnecting this large area of country from the rest of the Ottawa valley, and would certainly be the means of giving the frontier the direct control of what now is in the hands of Ottawa and Montreal. Of course the principal traffic for years to come would be the lumber district.

"Has not the Dominion government subsidized the scheme?"

"The $25,000 granted as a subsidy by the dominion government to aid the French colonists in building a short piece of railroad, is, on the whole, more of a colonization grant than a railway subsidy."

"Then you think that this Temiscaminguе railroad is a dodge of the Toronto men to gain the upper Ottawa trade?"

"Most assuredly. They want to have the shipment of our lumber by way of Toronto, and they want to sell us our supplies out there—simply that, and nothing more."

The World is the first paper we pick up when our exchanges come in. So say nine out of every ten editors in the country.

American Philosophy.

From the New York Times.

How differently one of our own countrymen would have acted if he had reason to suppose that Lord Lonsdale had, let us say, given too many diamonds to a lady of beauty and accomplishments. The American gentleman would never have publicly charged Lord Lonsdale with meddling with anybody's Lily. He would have viewed the noble earl's proceeding with calm contempt, and so long as he could have basked in the lady's smiles he would not have cared if a score of earls had presented her with diamonds. If such an American existed—and it is hardly necessary to say that he does not exist—he would probably be at this moment felicitating himself on his superiority to the English aristocracy, and remarking to himself that it is much better to be on good terms with the receiver of diamonds than to fight with the giver of them.

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FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

TUESDAY, July 28.

Hudson Bay shares in London unchanged at £17⅞.—Special cable to Cox & Co.

Consols opened and closed to-day at 99 11-16.

Oil city—Oil opened 98½, closed 100 bid, highest 101⅛, lowest 98½.

Canadian Pacific shares in London advanced ⅛ to 45⅝.

Posted asking rates of sterling exchange in New York $4.85½ for long bills and $4.87 for demand.

There was very little doing on the local stock exchange to-day, only 149 shares changing hands. 5 bank of Montreal sold at 198½; 10-10 Ontario at 108¾; 13 Merchants at 114½, 7 at 115; 50 50 Commerce at 127¼.

Prices on the street: Wheat, 86c to 88c for fall and spring; 72c to 75c for goose. Barley 50c to 57c. Oats 38c; peas 64c; rye 67½c. Hay—Timothy, per ton, $15 to $17; new hay, $8 to $11.50, clover, $8 to $12. Straw $10.

Among the failures reported to-day is that of W. Dicks & Sons, machinists, Globe lane. The firm has been in difficulties for some time past, and had at last to succumb. The liabilities are placed at $10,000, with assets so far not ascertained. M. Lawlor, dry goods, Amherstburg, assigned; W. Simpson, hotel, Parkhill, sold out by bailiff; Geo. Randall, Queensville, hotel, assigned.

Visible Supply—Chicago figures: Wheat 39,648,050 bush, decrease from last week 11,141 bush; corn 5,308,060, decrease 119,436 bush; oats 2,180,417 bush, decrease 277,780 bush. New York figures: Wheat 37,539,325, increase 568,332 bush; corn 6,827,657 bush; decrease 118,369 bush; oats 2,312,566, decrease 145,581.

The New York stock market to-day opened higher and was afterwards irregular. New York Central opened ⅜ higher at 99, declined to 97⅞, closed 98; sales 38,500. Lackawanna opened ⅝ higher at 101, touched 101½ and 100, closed 101⅛; sales 28,600. Erie seconds opened ⅝ higher at 59¾, touched 59½ and 62, closed 61¼. Jersey Central opened unchanged at 44½, touched 46½ and 46, closed 46; sales 21,200. Lake Shore opened ⅝ higher at 69⅝, touched 69¾ and 68¾, closed 68¾; sales 38,500. Missouri Pacific opened ½ higher at 94, touched 91½, closed 91⅝; sales 14,400. Northwest opened ⅝ higher at 98½, touched 99½ and 97⅞, closed 98½; sales 23,800. St. Paul opened ⅝ higher at 79½, declined to 77½, closed 70⅝; sales 58,200. Union Pacific opened ½ higher at 47, touched 47½, declined to 46, advanced to 48, closed 47¾; sales 32,600. Western Union opened ⅝ higher at 65⅝, touched 65⅝ and 64, closed 65⅝; sales 36,600. Manitoba opened ⅝ higher at 103½, touched 105, the highest price since 1883, closed 104¾; sales 5200.

Toronto Stock Exchange.

Montreal 199, 198¾; Ontario 108¾, 108½; Toronto 185, 184½; Merchants', buyers, 115; Commerce, 128, 127½; Imperial, 123, 121; Federal, 95, 93¾; Dominion, buyers, 196; Standard, 116, 115¾; Hamilton, 124, 123¼; British America, sellers, 75; Western Assurance, buyers 95; Consumers' Gas, 161½, 161¼; Dominion Tel. 87½, 86½; Northwest Land Co., buyers, 38½; Canada Permanent, buyers, 200½; Freehold, 167, 166½; Western Canada, buyers, 191; Canada Landed Credit, buyers, 120½; B. and L. Ass., buyers, 103½; Imperial S. and Invest., buyers, 108; Farmers' L. and Savings, buyers, 112; Lon. & Can. L. and A., 144, 140; National Investment, sellers, 102½; Peoples' Loan, buyers, 105½; Real Estate, Loan and Deb. Co., sellers, 75; London and Ontario, buyers, 110; The Land Security Co., sellers, 150; Dom. Savings and Loan, buyers, 113; Ontario Loan and Deb., buyers, 122½; Hamilton Provident, buyers, 123; Ontario Investment Association, sellers, 117.

Montreal Stock Exchange—Closing Prices.

Bank of Montreal 198, 197½; Ontario 109, 108½; Molsons offered 120¼; Toronto 186, 183½; Merchants 115, 114½; Commerce 127½, 126; C. P. R. xd 43, 42; Montreal Telegraph Co. 127¼, 126½; Dominion Telegraph Co. 92; Richelieu 59½, 58¾; Passenger 121½, 121¼; Gas 183½, 183; Northwest Land offered 38s.

SALES—153 Bank of Montreal, at 197½, 150 at 198; 75 Merchants, at 115¼, 25 at 115; 17 Commerce at 126¾, 25 at 127, 60 at 127¼, 100 at 127½; 175 Gas, at 183¼, 175 at 183½; 50 Ontario, at 108½.

Grain and Produce Markets by Telegraph.

MONTREAL, July 28.—Flour—Receipts 2800 brls.; sales. none reported. The market is quiet and prices without decided change, but the tendency favors buyers. Grains, provisions and ashes unchanged. Patents $4.50 to $5.50 extra superfine, $4 to $4.10; superfine, $3.50 to $3.60; fine $3.40 to $3.50; pollards, $2.90 to $3.00; city bags, $2.25 to $2.30; superior extra, $4.20 to $4.40; spring extra, $3.75 to $3.80; strong bakers', $4 to $4.75; middlings, $3.20 to $3.30; Ontario bags, $1.80 to $2.00 for strong bakers'. Grain—Wheat—nominal, red winter, 94c to 95c; white, 94c; spring 94c to 95c. Corn 60c to 62c. Peas, 78c to 78½c. Oats, 35½c to 36c. Barley, 50c to 55c. Rye, 72c to 74c. Oatmeal, $4.25 to $4.50. Cornmeal, $2.90 to $3. Provisions — Pork, $13.50 to $14. Lard, 10c. Bacon, 11c to 12c. Hams, 11c to 12c. Cheese — Fine to finest, 8c to 8½c. Butter —Townships, 15c to 16½c; Morrisburg, 13c to 15½c; western, 13c to 14c. Eggs, 11½c to 12c.

NEW YORK, July 28.—Cotton firm; middling uplands 10½c. Flour—Receipts 11,400 brls., sales 11,500 brls.; common to good extra western and state $3.60 to $4, rest unchanged. Wheat—Receipts 131,800 bush., exports 75,700 bush.; sales 3,872,000 bush. future, 162,000 bush. spot; No. 2 Chicago 91½c, ungraded red 91c to $1, No. 2 red 96c to 96½c for elevator, No. 2 red August 98c to 99½c. Rye dull; western 64c to 66c, Canada 70c to 71½. Barley nominal; the first sample of Canada was shown on 'change to-day; quality fine, weight 49 lbs. Corn—Receipts 97,600 bush.; spot ½c to ¾c better, options advanced ½c to ¾c, closing firm; exports 46,600 bush., sales 784,000 bush. future, 238,000 bush. spot; ungraded 50½c to 55c, No. 2 52½c to 53½c afloat, No. 2 August 51½c to 52¼c. Oats—Receipts 21,800 bush., ½c to 1½c higher, and more active; sales 390,000 bush. future, 148,000 bush. spot; No. 2 36½c to 36¾c, mixed western 37c to 38c, white western 40c to 45c, No. 2 July 36c to 36½c, August 32½c to 32¾c. Eggs firm; Canadian 12c to 13c. Pork steady at $11.50 to $11.75 for mess, pickled hams 10½c to 10¾c, rib bellies 6¾c, rest unchanged.

CHICAGO, July 28.—Flour unchanged. Wheat higher; July closed 87½, August 86½c to 87¼c, September 90c; No. 2 spring 87c to 87½c, No. 2 red 91c to 95c. Corn quiet, firm; cash 46c to 46½c, July closed 46, August 45¾c. Oats firm; cash 33c, July closed 34c, August 26c. Rye firm; No. 2 58c. Pork 10c to 15c higher; cash $10.25 to $10.30, August closed $10.22½ to $10.25, September $10.32½ to $10.35. Lard firm, 5c to 7½c higher; cash $6.52½ to $6.55, August closed $6.55 to $6.57½, September do. Boxed meats steady; dry salted shoulders $4.25 to $4.50, short rib sides $5.65 to $5.67½, short clear sides $6.05 to $6.10. Whisky firm at $1.15. Receipts—Flour 9000 brls., wheat 43,000 bush., corn 230,000 bush., oats 96,000 bush., rye 9000 bush., barley 1000 bush. Shipments—Flour 8800 brls., wheat 30,000 bush., corn 78,000 bush., oats 35,000 bush., rye 1000 bush., barley 1000 bush.

BEERBOHM'S TELEGRAMS:—"London, July 28.—Floating cargoes—Wheat heavy; maize nil. Cargoes on passage—Wheat neglected, no business doing; maize slow. The weather in England is cooler. Liverpool—Spot wheat depressed; maize dull; No. 1 California 7s, No. 2 6s 9d. A. R. W. 6s 11d, W. M. 7s, spring 6s 11d—all 1d cheaper. Maize 4d to 4½d cheaper. Paris—Wheat and flour unchanged."

LIVERPOOL, July 28.—Spring wheat 6s 9d to 6s 11d; red winter 6s 9d to 6s 11d; No. 1 California 7s to 7s 2d; No. 2 California 6s 8d to 6s 10d. Corn, 4s 5d. Peas, 5s 7d. Pork, 55s. Lard 33s 9d. Bacon, long clear, 38s 6d; short clear 30s 6d. Tallow, 28s. Cheese 41s 6d. Receipts of wheat for the past three days 181,000 centals, of which 76,000 was American; corn for the same time 71,000 centals. Weather fine. Wheat dull; poor demand. Corn unchanged.

Cotton steady; Uplands 5½d, Orleans 5 9-16d

WOOD MANTLES AND OVER MANTLES 246 R. RAWLINSON, 548 Yonge St.

LOWNSBROUGH & CO. Exchange & Stock Brokers. 23 KING STREET EAST. Deal in Exchange on New York and London, American Currency, Gold and Silver, etc. Buy and Sell on Commission Canadian and American Stocks. 246

COX & CO. STOCK BROKERS, TORONTO. (Members of the Toronto Stock Exchange.) Buy and sell on commission for cash or on margin all securities dealt in on the Toronto, Montreal, New York STOCK EXCHANGES, Also execute orders on the Chicago Board of Trade in Grain and Provisions. Hudson's Bay Stock bought for cash or on margin. Daily cable quotations. Continuous New York Stock quotations received by direct wire. 26 TORONTO STREET.

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THE ROCKFORD WATCH is the Best in the Market. See Them at DAVIS BROS., 130 Yonge Street. 246

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LEATHER BELTING. Patent Stitched, Steam Machine Stretched English Oak Tanned Belting and Lace Leather. Quality guaranteed. Trade solicited. HARRIS, HEENAN & CO., 124 & 126 Queen St., Montreal. Agency, Toronto—20½ Front street east. 246

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HEAR! HEAR! A. MACDONALD'S, Merchant Tailor, 355 YONGE ST., OPPOSITE ELM, Is the place to go for your SUMMER SUITS. TRY HIM. Prices to suit the times.

J. M. PEAREN, DISPENSING CHEMIST, COR. CARLTON AND BLEEKER. Prescriptions Carefully Dispensed.

JOHN SIM, PLUMBER, No. 21 Richmond Street East, Corner Victoria Street. 135

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TORONTO Silver Plate Co'y Works & Show Rooms 410 to 430 King St. West. We repair and replate Silverware, and make it as attractive as when first made. Tea Sets, Epergnes, Casters, Baskets, Butter Dishes, etc. Designs furnished for any article, either in Electroplate or Sterling Silver, and estimates given. We employ designers and workmen of long experience and our facilities for manufacturing are unsurpassed. TORONTO Silver Plate Co. FACTORY AND SHOW ROOMS 410 TO 430 KING ST. W. TORONTO. We employ no Canvassing Agents

14 VICTORIA ST. CANADIAN DETECTIVE AGENCY. Private Inquiry and Patrol Office. A Reliable Staff always on hand. Best of References given. WM. WAITES, Manager. 246

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The Canadian Pacific STEAMSHIP LINE FOR Port Arthur, Manitoba and the North-West. One of the magnificent Clyde-built steamships ATHABASCA, ALBERTA AND ALGOMA Is intended to leave Owen Sound at 4 p.m. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, On arrival of the Canadian Pacific Fast Express Train from the East, leaving Toronto at 10.45 a.m., and will run DIRECT TO PORT ARTHUR, where they make close connections with the Through Solid Trains of the Canadian Pacific Railway for Winnipeg and all points in the Canadian North-West. Sleeping berths for Winnipeg can be secured on board the steamers. Shortest Route. Lowest Rates. Quickest Time. Through Bills of Lading. No Customs Troubles. No Overcharges by this line. These magnificent steamships were built expressly for this route and trade, and are the staunchest, fastest and best equipped and furnished on the lakes, and are lighted by electricity. Tickets, rates and all information can be had from any agent of the Canada Pacific. See that Tickets read via Owen Sound. W. C. VAN HORNE, Vice-President C. P. R., Montreal. HENRY BEATTY, Manager Steamship Lines and Lake Traffic, C. P. Ry, Toronto. 135

PALACE STEAMER CHICORA. TWICE DAILY. Leaves Milloy's dock, foot of Yonge street at 7 a.m. and 2 p.m. Direct connections with Express trains on Michigan Central and New York Central Railways for Falls, Buffalo, Rochester, Albany, New York, Boston, and all points east and west. New York Tickets good on steamers from Albany to New York. Tickets at Very Lowest Rates. Inquire of SAM OSBORNE & CO., 40 Yonge St. A. F. WEBSTER, 56 " FRANK ADAMS, 24 Adelaide St. E. THOS. EDWARDS, Parkdale. BARLOW CUMBERLAND, 35 Yonge St. 135

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WE GUARANTEE SIX BOXES to cure any case. With each order received by us for six boxes, accompanied with $5.00, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to refund the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantees issued only by S. NELSON ERBE, 124 Queen street east, Toronto, Ont. 136

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THE TORONTO PRESS CIGARS. THEY ARE MADE OF THE Finest Havana Tobacco And are Pronounced by Judges to be the BEST 10 CENT CIGARS Ever offered in this market, and are made only by the most experienced of union cigar makers. TRY THEM. MANUFACTURED BY EICHORN & CARPENTER, 64 Colborne Street, 36 TORONTO.

Messrs. O'Keefe & Co., BREWERS AND MALSTERS, TORONTO, ONT. SPECIALTIES: ENGLISH HOPPED ALE in wood and bottle, warranted equal to best BURTON brands. XXXX PORTER Warranted equal to Guinness' Dublin Stout, and superior to any brewed in this country, Canadian, American and Bavarian Hopped Ales and Porter. Our "PILSENER" LAGER has been before the public for several years, and we feel confident that it is quite up to the best produced in the United States, where Lager is fast becoming the *true* temperance beverage; a fact, however, which some cranks in Canada have up to the present failed to discover. 563 O'KEEFE & CO.

EXTENSIVE SALE OF FIRST-CLASS FURNITURE. R. HAY & CO., (Late Jacques & Hay), 19 & 21 King st. west, Toronto. after having carried on the manufacturing of furniture for fifty-one years have decided to retire from business and dispose of their large and varied stock of Furniture & Upholstery Coverings, ETC., AMOUNTING TO OVER ONE HUNDRED AND SEVENTY-FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS ($175,000). TERMS: 15 per cent. off our regular prices for three months' credit, on approved notes, and five per cent. additional for cash. 136 The Sale will commence on and after the 26th inst.

TURKISH BATHS! Reduced to 75c. during the day, and 50c. after 6 p.m. 233 Queen street west, 36 C. I. DIAMOND

THE PRICE OF BREAD Will Not be Raised By us during the month of May, as we intend giving our Customers the benefit of THE OLD PRICES, having laid in a large stock of flour before the recent rise in prices. HARRY WEBB, 447 YONGE STREET. Genuine Vienna Bread delivered daily to all parts of the City. 36

Builders' and Contractors' SUPPLIES. Carpenters and Garden Tools, Paints, Oils, Glass, &c. J. L. BIRD 313 QUEEN ST. WEST. 246

Rubber Garden Hose. 3-Ply Best Rubber only 10 cents per foot, at P. Paterson & Sons, 77 KING STREET EAST. Nearly opposite Toronto st.

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Grindstones! Grindstones For wet and dry grinding. A large assortment to select from at lowest prices. LIONEL YORKE, Steam Stone Works, Esplanade, foot of Jarvis Street. 246

REPUTATION OF MLLE. CLAUDE.

BY PATRICK M'PHILLIPS.

(Concluded.)

"No! First promise me faithfully not to let Claude hear a word about it and then I will tell you. Promise quick!" Excitement as usual, made her look pretty, and under this new charm of her manner I promised before I knew what I was doing.

"That's right," she sighed, with an air of relief. "Now I will tell you who it is." Her voice shook a little and her color deepened. "It is my twin brother."

"Your twin brother! I didn't even know you had a brother, Mlle. Anne!" I exclaimed.

She looked a little annoyed, and replied rather coldly, as if she thought my surprise savored of impertinence, "I never talk about my people, or any one I care for very much."

This was perfectly true and quite in keeping with her reticence and shyness; and I was sorry I had appeared astonished.

"But is your brother in France?" I ventured to ask.

"He came over on business to Paris last week, and wrote at once to me, saying he had so little time to spare that he was afraid he should not see me. I did not tell Claude he had come, but I wrote back and told him all about this wicked scandal, and he is just mad! He adores Claude—she has been so good to us all—and he has sent me a challenge to forward to the Comte, and he says he will fight him the day after to-morrow at all costs, in any out of the way place he likes to fix on. I told him how good you had been in offering to fight, and he says he must have you for his second and get you to arrange it all for him. Is it asking too much?"

"No, no, indeed I will do what I can, and I frankly tell you, dear Mademoiselle, that I am glad some one is taking the matter up. Only I am sorry your brother is so young a man; the Comte is a dead shot."

The color left her face; she looked almost as if she were going to faint.

"Never mind," she said presently, with a little effort at a smile, and a courageous tone of voice, "my brother has the right on his side, and that goes a long way."

I shook my head, but agreed to further Mr. Harland's plans.

Miss Anne drew a piece of paper from her pocket.

"Here is the challenge," she said nervously. "I hope it is all right."

"It was written in a fine, neat hand, and was curt and to the point, all formalities and adornments of style having been dispensed with by the writer. I put the paper into my note book.

"Leave it to me and I will arrange it. When shall I see your brother?"

"I am afraid he won't see you till just before the duel," she said, "and I know he would like to fight toward evening, if possible."

We were then in the month of May and the evenings were beautiful and cool.

"Very well," I replied, "I will try and arrange for the evening, but I must let your brother know the result."

"If you send a note to me I will make sure of him. I don't want Claude to know, and would rather keep the arrangements between just you and me; she might otherwise suspect."

"As you will, dear Mademoiselle; I am entirely at your commands."

"You will let the Comte know to-morrow then," and Miss Anne, as she held out a nervous little hand to me.

I promised to do so and then made my adieux.

As I walked home I turned the matter over in my mind, till I ended with sharing much of Miss Anne's enthusiasm with regard to the proposed duel. As a Frenchman and a man of honor, I saw nothing wrong in it, though no doubt you, madame, as an English woman, think differently. I hated De Latourelle as thoroughly as Miss Harland did, and it had cost me a real pang to forego the pleasure of silencing his malicious tongue and ruffling his exquisite nonchalance. I don't think either of us wished to have his life, but we did want him thoroughly punished and humiliated. I thought Miss Harland's brother a very good fellow, and determined to help him to the best of my ability. I called on the Comte next day and presented Mr. Harland's challenge, at the same time announcing myself as his second. The Comte was all smiles and superiority: the effect was immensely aristocratic. He would be happy to meet Mr. Harland at any time, and suggested a small fir wood, a couple of miles from the town, as the place of action. As to weapons, let Mr. Harland choose his own; it was all one to himself. Pistols were finally agreed upon, and the hour named five o'clock on the following evening at the place suggested by the Comte. I sent a little note privately to Miss Anne, acquainting her with the terms, and received a reply from her to the effect that her brother would meet me at the fir wood at a quarter before five next day.

V.

The next day was a beautiful one, but it found me a good deal more excited and nervous than if I had had to encounter the Comte myself. I had often been mixed up in an affair of honor before this, and could only put down my agitation to my strong personal interest in Mlle. Claude and Miss Harland.

As I drove toward the fir wood I first realized how ugly the consequences of this duel might prove to my two friends. I knew nothing of Mr. Harland, and I did know that the Comte was a practised duellist, with a cool head and steady hand and nerve. I had acted rashly in the matter, and felt that everything now turned upon Mr. Harland's capabilities for the encounter. I dismissed my carriage at a little distance and walked quickly to the fir wood. I was punctual to a minute, but my principal was before me. Leaning against a tree, and pale as death, was a young man whom I had no difficulty in recognizing as Mr. Harland. His likeness to his sister would have been extraordinary had they not been twins; as it was, it was marked enough, I should have known him anywhere. He appeared even slighter and shorter than his sister, and his look of extreme youth made it almost impossible to believe him twenty-three years old. As I drew near he moved from the tree, and his white face flamed with embarrassment; he was fully as shy and awkward as Miss Anne would have been under like circumstances. He shook hands and muttered, "How do you do?" in a low voice, and though I tried to keep up a flow of conversation, I got nothing but the briefest monosyllables for my pains. I soon saw that he was in no condition to talk, and turned away to measure and examine the ground, hoping he might recover his presence of mind. My heart smote me with remorse—he looked so young and so helpless; but it was too late now to draw back. Precisely at five o'clock M. de Latourelle arrived with his second and two surgeons. He was dressed as usual in the perfection of taste, and in his buttonhole he wore a delicate white flower. He was perfectly cool, and had the air of being just a trifle bored with the whole affair.

"I trust I am not late, gentlemen," he remarked with all his customary grace of manner as he divested himself of his great-coat.

I made some conventional reply and turned to look at Mr. Harland. The sight of the Comte had apparently electrified him; he was standing, with a faint color in his face, as upright as a dart, and his eyes were literally flashing. I drew him aside and suggested a compromise. Would it not content him if the Comte agreed to apologize for his conduct?

"Nothing but a public apology will satisfy me," replied the young man sternly; his voice might have been Miss Anne's. I left his side and went up to M. de Latourelle.

"My principal is willing to withdraw from this affair, monsieur, provided you agree to make a full and public apology to Mlle. Claude Maryon, and as full and public a retraction of your base insinuations against her character."

The Comte smiled—an evil smile.

"Tell Mr. Harland this, from me," he said, "le jeu ne vaut pas la chandelle!"

Mr. Harland overheard this insult, to which De Latourelle had given all the emphasis of his clear, even voice, and his whole form shook with fury.

"Fight!" he cried passionately, and tried to rush upon the Comte. I held him back and in some measure calmed him, and then M. de Saules—the Comte's second—and I measured the ground carefully and placed the two men. As I gave Mr. Harland the loaded pistol, I whispered, "Keep cool! and remember you have the right on your side." I drew back, the signal was given, and the two young men fired, Mr. Harland so wildly that his ball went quite wide of the Comte; M. de Latourelle with steady, quiet intention. Before either could return the shot, the pistol dropped from young Harland's hand and he fell heavily to the ground.

One glance at his face convinced me that he was mortally wounded. I raised his head from the ground; the full glory of the setting sun fell on it. I shall never forget the look in his eyes as he turned them to me. He tried to speak, but his voice was a broken whisper. I leant my ear down to his mouth.

"Thank you," he gasped; "tell her I did all I could."

His eyes closed and then suddenly opened wide with a last gleam of light. He looked for a moment at the dying sun; then his head sank back on my arm. He was dead.

I turned round, to find M. de Latourelle at my elbow.

"Can I be of any assistance?" he asked politely. "Ah, I see, poor fellow! I had better be off."

"Go!" I cried passionately, "you can do no good here." The Comte turned on his heel and left as coolly as he had come. One of the surgeons stayed behind and looked compassionately at the quiet figure and white, peaceful face. "I fear there is little to be done," he said gently; "it's a sad affair. Poor boy! How young the face is, and how like a woman's!"

He bent down over the dead boy and opened his waistcoat and vest.

My God! shall I ever forget that moment! It was a woman who lay there at our feet—it was Anne Harland!

A New Way to Pay Old Debts.

—Shakespeare tells how this can be accomplished in one of his immortal plays; but debts to nature must be paid on demand unless days of grace be obtained through the use of Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery." It is not a "cure-all," but invaluable for sore throat, bronchitis, asthma, catarrh, consumption, and all diseases of the pulmonary and other organs, caused by scrofula or "bad blood." Scrofulous ulcers, swellings and tumors are cared by its wonderful alterative action. By druggists.

Every spring the eels of certain French lakes cross several miles of land to reach the Seine and the Marne.

—Mr. Wm. Boyd Hill, Cobourg, writes: "Having used Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil for some years, I have much pleasure in testing to its efficacy in relieving pains in the back and shoulders. I have also used it in cases of croup in children, and have found it to be all that you claim it to be."

Swimming baths supplied with artesian well water are to be attempted in New Orleans.

—Dr. Deal, who is a veterinary surgeon of great skill, writes from Bowersville, Harrison Co., O.: I have given Perry Davis' pain killer in many cases of colic, cramp and dysentery in horses, and never knew it to fail to cure in a single instance. I look upon it as a certain remedy. 36

"Electrolier" is the name for a chandelier intended for electric light burners.

A Cure For Drunkenness.

—Opium, morphine and kindred habits. Recipe and valuable treatise sent free. The medicine can be given in a cup of tea or coffee and without the knowledge of the person taking it if so desired. Send 3c. stamp for full particulars and testimonials. Address M. V. LUBON, agency 47 Wellington st. east, Toronto, Canada. ed

Bilkins, whose language is flowery, called his wife "a daisy" during their engagement; during their honeymoon he called her "a pink," and now when she meets him with a rolling-pin, at 2 o'clock in the morning, he calls her a "night blooming serious."

—We have no hesitation in saying that Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial is without doubt the best medicine ever introduced for dysentery, diarrhœa, cholera and all summer complaints, sea sickness, etc. It promptly gives relief and never fails to effect a positive cure. Mothers should never be without a bottle when their children are teething.

"Do I keep a cyclone pit?" echoed the passenger from the west; "yes, I keep one not far from my house, but, Lord bless you, I ain't afraid of cyclones. The cyclone was never born that could scare me or make me run."

—Hall's Hair Renewer is the least troublesome to apply, and the most cleanly, of all hair preparations.

"Plenty to do?" asked a reporter of a professional swimmer at Manhattan Beach. "Well, I should strangle to hesitate. Why, I m up to my neck in business most of the time."

—The best thing for the complexion is Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It brings the bloom of youth to the wan cheek.

My friend, you may say that you have been good friends with liquor, but at the same time, you have been in the habit of running it down, and that's why it is casting reflections on your nose.

Miss Mary Campbell, Elm, writes: "After taking four bottles of Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure, I feel as if I were a new person. I had been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, and tried many remedies, but of no avail, until I used this celebrated Dyspeptic Cure." For all impurities of the blood, sick headache, liver and kidney complaints, costiveness, etc., it is the best medicine known.

Mrs. Ernest Hulskamp, who was Miss Morosini, is studying for the stage. If she were studying for the hack her husband could give her lessons.

—Mr. S. Lachance, a leading French druggist of Montreal, says: During my holiday trade, the new perfume, the "Lotus of the Nile," was much called for, the result as I found of the ladies who had used it talking so much about it to their friends. I never saw a perfume that seemed to please everybody so effectually. 36

Cats are expert climbers.—Texas Siftings. So they are, but we wish they could be transported to some other clime.

—Those twin foes to bodily comfort, dyspepsia and biliousness, yield when war is waged against them with Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure. Its use also insures the removal of kidney and uterine maladies, and promotes unobstructed action of the bowels. The purity of the ingredients is another point in its favor. As a blood purifier it has no equal. It is also a great favorite with the ladies.

The family jar has long been held
By writers, prose and verse,
As something awful, but just now
The fruit jar makes it worse.

FROM THE PRESIDENT

OF BAYLOR UNIVERSITY.

"Independence, Texas, Sept. 26, 1882.

Gentlemen:

Ayer's Hair Vigor

Has been used in my household for three reasons:—

1st. To prevent falling out of the hair.
2d. To prevent too rapid change of color.
3d. As a dressing.

It has given entire satisfaction in every instance. Yours respectfully,

WM. CAREY CRANE."

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR is entirely free from uncleanly, dangerous, or injurious substances. It prevents the hair from turning gray, restores gray hair to its original color, prevents baldness, preserves the hair and promotes its growth, cures dandruff and all diseases of the hair and scalp, and is, at the same time, a very superior and desirable dressing.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists.

What is Catarrh?

From the Mail (Can.) Dec. 15.

Catarrh is a muco-purulent discharge caused by the presence and development of the vegetable parasite amœba in the internal lining membrane of the nose. This parasite is the simplest living form known that lives upon organs and is only developed under favorable circumstances, and these are: Morbid state of the blood, as the blighted corpuscle of tubercle, the germ poison of syphilis, mercury, toxomœa, from the retention of the effete matter of the skin, suppression, perspiration, badly ventilated sleeping apartments, and other poisons that are germinated in the blood. These poisons keep the internal lining membrane of the nose in a constant state of irritation, ever ready for the deposit of the seeds of these germs, which spread up the nostrils and down the fauces, or back of the throat causing ulceration of the throat; up the eustachian tubes, causing deafness; burrowing in the vocal cords, causing hoarseness; usurping the proper structure of the bronchial tubes, ending in pulmonary consumption and death.

Many attempts have been made to discover a cure for this distressing disease by the use of inhalents and other ingenious devices, but none of these treatments can do a particle of good until the parasites are either destroyed or removed from the mucus tissue.

Some time since a well known physician of forty years' standing, after much experimenting, succeeded in discovering the necessary combination of ingredients which never fail in absolutely and permanently eradicating this horrible disease, whether standing for one or forty years. Those who may be suffering from the above disease, should without delay, communicate with the business managers, Messrs. A. H. DIXON & SON, 305 King street west, Toronto, Canada, and enclose stamp for their treatise on Catarrh.

To a correspondent: No, the correct quotation is not "Perspiration is the thief of time," though we admit that it might as well have been.

—Do not delay in getting relief for the little folks. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is a pleasant and sure cure. If you love your child why do you let it suffer when a remedy is so near at hand.

Any man who can umpire a baseball game and please both sides, has in him the main qualifications for a successful politician.

—A field of corns.—Thomas Sabin of Eglington, says: "I have used Holloway's Corn Cure with the best results, having removed ten corns from my feet. It is not a half way cure or reliever, but a complete extinguisher, leaving the skin smooth and clear from the least appearance of the corns."

"Where does the locust come from?" asks a bucolic searcher after lore. It is furnished by the department, but each policeman pays for his own, we believe.

—West Toronto Junction is within a few minutes walk of the Union station by the trains of either the Ontario and Quebec and the Grand Trunk or the Northern. Real estate in the neighborhood has steadily risen in value and promises to advance still more rapidly. Some of the best lots in West Toronto are to be had from Geo. Clarke, 295 Yonge street.

Morning Hours.

She came in her girlish beauty,
With sunshine over her face;
The glow of the morn threw o'er her
A tender and nameless grace.

She pointed across the meadows;
The forests were calm and still,
And rippling under their shadow
Came gleams of a tinkling rill.

I gazed on her lovely features.
"The voice of the brook I hear;
We'll follow it's silvery windings!"
She smiled. "And the glen is near."

We basked in the morning's brightness,
Like children when toys are new,
And laughed at the swaying cobwebs,
Bespangled with glittering dew.

We stopped to listen and wonder
At the blackbird's rapturous note,
And I saw the gentle flutter
Of the lace below her throat.

I held her and kissed her softly;
"Dear heart I have loved you long!"
And we stood in the sunlit meadows
Forgetting the blackbird's song. —S. C.

Burdock Blood Bitters

WILL CURE OR RELIEVE.

BILIOUSNESS, DYSPEPSIA, INDIGESTION, JAUNDICE, ERYSIPELAS, SALT RHEUM, HEARTBURN, HEADACHE, DIZZINESS, DROPSY, FLUTTERING OF THE HEART, ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, DRYNESS OF THE SKIN,

And every species of diseases arising from disordered LIVER, KIDNEYS, STOMACH, BOWELS OR BLOOD.

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, Toronto.

J. P. DUNNING, FAMILY BUTCHER.

Fresh and Salt Meats, Hams, Bacon, Lard, Sausages, Pickled Tongues, etc. Poultry and Vegetables in season.

167 KING STREET WEST.

ORDERS CALLED FOR DAILY.

ADAMS WANTS MONEY.

DOWN GO PRICES.

Ten dollar suits for six. Fourteen dollar suits for eight. Six dollar suits for two. Eight dollar suits for four. Boys' suits one dollar. Suits for big boys, bigger than men, only four dollars.

Clothing Factory,

327 Queen West. 513

TYPHOID AND MALARIAL FEVER.

Prevent this by having your closets cleaned and deodorised by Marchment & Co. Then have your closets converted into dry earth closets, which we will do free of cost and clean them monthly at a mere nominal charge by contract. S. W. MARCHMENT & CO., City Contractors, 9 QUEEN STREET EAST. 246

BOWERS & NICKEL,

Merchant Tailors,

133 KING STREET WEST.

Another lot of French Trouserings just opened. "Lovely Goods." Gentlemen please call and inspect. Prices reasonable and first-class work. 63

BOWERS & NICKEL.

TENTS!

LAWN CHAIRS

ONLY $2.

CAMP BEDS - - $1
CAMP CHAIRS - $1

Hammocks, Flags, etc. 136

INTERNATIONAL TENT COMPANY,

57 ADELAIDE STREET EAST.

J. MOORE,

FINE

COMMERCIAL PRINTING,

39 COLBORNE STREET.

Orders by mail promptly executed. 135

DEVONSHIRE RELISH 136

PHRENOLOGICAL CLASS.

Every one who has taken instruction from WALLACE MASON in this subject has been delighted with the wonderful light it throws on human character. To professional or business men, to parents or young people, a practical knowledge of it is invaluable. It has been too long disgraced by charlatans who dub themselves professors, and are generally ignorant of its true principles. The price charged for instruction is within the reach of all. Class meets every Thursday evening at 8 p.m. Careful examination given daily at 362 Yonge street, a few doors north of Elm. 36

BOYS HOME!

H. KOLISKEY,

THE BOSTON TAILOR, 490 YONGE ST.

Will be glad to see the "brave boys" home, and intends giving bargains in Pants and "Gents' Suits" that will just captivate everyone. Gents' Furnishings, most complete and at lowest prices. Don't forget the "Boston Tailor," 490 Yonge street. Cleaning and repairing a specialty. Old clothes made equal to new. 245

THE HALL TYPE-WRITER.

Price only $45. For sale at Office Electric Despatch Co., 82 Yonge Street, Toronto. 3

Established 1867.

C. H. DUNNING,

Family Butcher, etc. 246

Fresh Meats of all kinds, the best the Markets afford. Spiced Rounds of Beef, Rounds. Rumps and Briskets of Corned Beef, the best in the City. Sugar Cured Hams and Bacon (my own curing). Poultry and Vegetables of the season. Lard, Sausages (my own make). Telephone Communication. My address is

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OLD COUNTRY PASSAGES.

ECONOMY WITH COMFORT.

The Royal Mail Steamship Adriatic of the White Star Line, has a dining-room and state rooms for a strictly limited number of intermediate passengers. This accommodation, which is on the SALOON DECK, is furnished with the electric light and every modern comfort. Besides the advantage of being in a magnificent ship, passengers will find it superior in ventilation and many other respects to the saloon on many ocean steamers. The Adriatic sails from New York for Liverpool via Queenstown 23d July.

T. W. JONES, General Agent,
246 23 York street Toronto

ALLAN LINE.

ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

Londonderry and Liverpool.

ONLY $13

Steerage to or from Quebec.

SAILINGS FROM QUEBEC.

Samatian.....July 18
Parisian.....July 25
Peruvian...August 1
Circassian...August 8

1st cabin, $60, $70, $80, according to position of stateroom. Intermediate (everything found) $30. Intermediate and steerage passengers for Glasgow forwarded free by rail from Liverpool. Last train leaves Toronto every Friday at 8.30 a.m. For plans of vessels, tickets and every information, apply to H. BOURLIER, ALLAN LINE OFFICE, COR. KING AND YONGE STREETS. 136

TORONTO POSTAL GUIDE.

During the month of July mails close and are due as follows:

	CLOSE.		DUE.	
	a.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.
G. T. R., East	6.00	6.45	9.00	10.45
O. & Q. Ry	7.00	6.45	8.50	10.15
G. T. R., West	8.30	3.00	12.50	7.20
N. & N. W.	6.00	4.00	10.30	8.50
T. G. & B.	6.40	4.00	11.00	8.50
Midland	6.00	3.30	12.40	9.30
C. V. R.	7.00	3.15	11.10	5.50
	a.m.	a.m.	a.m.	p.m.
G. W. R.	6.00	11.30	8.40	2.00
	p.m.	p.m.	10.30	11.30
	2.45	9.30		4.46
				7.20
	a.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.
U. S. N. Y.	6.00	2.45	8.40	4.40
		9.00	10.30	
U. S. Western States	6.00	9.30	8.30	4.40
				7.20

British mails depart as follows: July 2, 3, 6, 7, 9, 10, 13, 14, 16, 17, 20, 21, 23, 24, 27, 28.

Time for closing English mails, 6 p.m., on July 3, 10, 17, 24, and 9 p.m. on all other days

THE BEST BOOT

In the City

FOR $3, AT

W. WINDELER'S

285 Queen Street West. 36

COAL AND WOOD.

Am Just Receiving via Canadian Pacific Railway a Special Lot

DRY SUMMER WOOD, BEECH AND MAPLE,

which must be sold during the next ten days, and will sell, delivered to any part of the city, at following prices:

Best Quality Long	- -	$4.50 per cord
2nd " "	- -	3.50 "
Best " cut and split	-	5.00 "
2nd " " "	- -	4.50 "

YARDS AND OFFICES { Cor. Bathurst and Front street, Yonge street Wharf.

BRANCH OFFICES { 51 King street east, 534 Queen street west, 390 Yonge street.

P. BURNS.

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J. R. BAILEY & CO.,

DEALERS IN

COAL!

32 KING STREET EAST.

W. PICKLES, 36

328 YONGE ST

CALL AT

T. McCONNELL & CO.'S

37 and 39 Sherbourne St.

where you can purchase

Best Scranton Coal at $6 per ton,

and best four foot sawed ends, beech and maple wood for $5 per cord, and first-class pine $4 per cord, and first-class dry slabs $3.50 per cord. Also Hay, Grain, Potatoes, etc., at Moderate Prices.

TELEPHONE NO. 622.

VOLUNTEERS' RETURN!

Prepare for their coming and order some of the

OAKLAND'S JERSEY ICE CREAM

Made out of celebrated cream supplied by the

OAKLAND'S JERSEY DAIRY,

131 YONGE STREET.

For sale in boxes at the dairy and delivered in freezers from 1 quart upwards. 135

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PRACTICAL TAILOR.

Twenty years experience in the most fashionable part of the world. Three years in Toronto.

J. B. ARMSTRONG,
36 775 Yonge street.

N. B.—Prompt attention to all orders.

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New Roquefort, New Gorgonzola just received. Also Cream, Lanburgh Sap Sago, Stilton, etc Rolled Herring, Holland Herring, Spanish Olives in bulk. Salt Water Dills.

I. E. KINGSBURY,

GROCER AND IMPORTER,

103 CHURCH ST.

TELEPHONE 571. 36

JURY & AMES,

Tailors, 83 Bay Street,

Have just opened their Imported Fall Stock of WORSTED TWEEDS and all kinds of Overcoating. First-class workmanship and goods at moderate prices. 246

ROSENBAUM'S

NEW FANCY GOODS BAZAAR

A GRAND DISPLAY OF

Musical Instruments, Just Opened.

159 KING ST. EAST,

St. Lawrence Hall. 136

Metal Shingles

make the finest roofing in the market, lasting, attractive, fire-proof, and cheap. Address

Metallic Roofing Co.

56 York. 296

THE CLASSICAL, MATHEMATICAL and Commercial Business School, in connection with "The Ontario Shorthand Society," opens now. Terms $3 per month. Apply at once. Head Office, 35 Arcade, Toronto. 246

PERKINS' PHOTOS

Stand Unrivalled for Beauty of Finish and Artistic Pose. All Cabinets Mounted on Chocolate-tinted Gilt Edge Cards.

STUDIO. 293 YONGE STREET

Owing to the large profits usually made from sales of Tea and Coffee, dealers in these necessary beverages resort to different methods to force sales, and so-called prizes are offered in different forms as inducements to buy a pound of Tea or Coffee. In many instances the prizes, and in consequence housekeepers are enabled to buy their TEA AND COFFEE AT THEIR TRUE VALUE. In Coffee I recommend my Blended, Mocha, and Java at 35c. and 40c. per pound. In TEA MY 40 AND 60 CENT IS REALLY CHOICE. A reduction of 5c. per pound is always allowed on a purchase of one pound. In Choice Family Groceries I keep a well selected stock. 36

J. C. DEVLIN,

285 KING STREET WEST 285

CLEARING SALE

OF SUMMER

BOOTS, SHOES & SLIPPERS

AT ROCK BOTTOM PRICES.

SEE OUR

LADIES' SOLID LEATHER SHOES,	$1.00
" B KID "	90
" KID BUTT. BOOTS.	1.75

Warranted all Leather with Worked Button Holes.

J. W. McADAM,

68 QUEEN STREET WEST.

COR. TERAULAY. 26

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS.

Shirts Made to Order.

Perfection guaranteed in fit, comfort and durability.

TROY LAUNDRY in connection. Goods called for and delivered at customers' houses.

SAMUEL LEVERATT,

402 Queen St. West. 246

GO TO PAPE'S,

82 Yonge Street (near King),

FOR CUT FLOWERS, BOQUETS,

AND FLORAL DESIGNS

FOR FUNERALS. 246

W. H. STONE,

THE UNDERTAKER.

YONGE 187 *STREET,*

Nine Doors North of Queen street,

Has made arrangements with the Public Telephone office at the West End Pharmacy, 586 Queen street west, for the convenience of his patrons and friends in the west end of the city, whereby he may be called for at any hour, day or night, or a cab will convey them to his warerooms, 187 Yonge street, without charge

THE GREAT RUSH

STILL CONTINUES

FOR OUR BEAUTIFUL

Langtry & Parisian Bangs

WATER WAVES, ETC.

OUR BANGS

Cannot be equalled.

Our Bangs & Waves are ahead of anything in the Hair Goods line ever placed before the public.

Thousands are being worn throughout the Dominion and give the greatest satisfaction.

OUR BANGS

Are made of the very best curled hair and never require re-dressing.

OUR LANGTRY AND PARISIAN BANGS AND WATER WAVES

Are the most complete and perfect Headdress ever got up. Ladies, you should not be without one. CALL AND SEE THEM.

A. DORENWEND'S

PARIS HAIR WORKS,

105 YONGE ST.

DR. PERRAULT'S FRENCH MOUSTACHE and Whisker Grower.

A wonderful discovery made by Dr. Perrault in 1812, for producing healthy hair on any part where it is natural for hair to grow. Sent to any address, together with a treatise on "How to Grow Luxuriant Whiskers," on receipt of price, $1.00. L. Perrault, P. O. Box 453, Lindsay, Ontario, Can., and sold by all Druggists. 246

W. H. STONE,

FUNERAL DIRECTOR,

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Telephone 932. 246

J. C. Fell & Co TORONTO for BRASS LABELS STAMPS SEALS & STEEL DIES

THE NEWSPAPER AND BILL DISTRIBUTING CO.

Has established a regular system for the distribution of

Newspapers, Bills, Circulars, etc., etc.

The entire city is covered daily by a staff of reliable carriers.

Business men will find the NEWSPAPER & BILL DISTRIBUTING CO. the best medium for placing their announcements before the public.

OFFICE: 28 ADELAIDE EAST ROOM 9.

The Inland Revenue Department having recently adopted regulations permitting distillers to bottle "in bond," under the supervision of an officer, the product of their own distilleries, we are now enabled to offer the public our

FINE OLD WHISKIES

bottled in accordance with these regulations, and each bottle bearing Excise Officer's certificate as to age of contents. This gives the consumer a perfect and indisputable guarantee as to age, which cannot be obtained in any other way. We are now bottling our celebrated

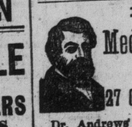
CLUB WHISKEY

OF 1879

And our Old Rye Whiskey of 1879, 1880, and 1883, which can be had of all dealers. See that every bottle has our name on capsule and cork, and has Excise Certificate over capsule.

HIRAM WALKER & SONS

DISTILLERS, WALKERVILLE, ONT.



PRIVATE

Medical Dispensary,

ESTABLISHED 1880.

27 Gould St., Toronto, Ont

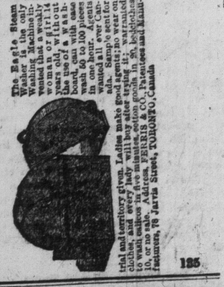
Dr. Andrews' Purificantia, Dr. Andrews' Female Pills, and all of Dr. A.'s celebrated remedies for private diseases can be obtained at the Dispensary. Circulars free. All letters answered promptly without charge, when stamp is enclosed. Communications confidential. Address R. J. ANDREWS, M.S., TORONTO, ONT.

MEACHAM'S MANDRAKE MIXTURE

And Blood Purifier. The best Blood Purifier in the market. Large bottles, 75cts.; six bottles, $4. J. B. MEACHAM, Arcade Pharmacy, 133 Yonge street, Toronto.

NOTICE TO YOUNG & OLD.

The celebrated Dr. H. Hollick of London has established an agency in Toronto for the sale of his medicines for the sure cure of all nervous diseases arising from whatever cause. Has been in use here over twenty years. Cured thousands. No Cure, no Pay. Enclose stamp for pamphlet, which will be sent in sealed envelope to all who Address to 463 Yonge Street, Toronto. Please mention this paper. 246



The Eagle Steam Washing Machine! Warranted a really good machine for years old, without a washboard. Can be used in any tub. Washes all ever. Can be used by any lady with ease. Washes as white as snow. Washes as clean as any washboard. Washes as well as any washboard. Washes as well as any washboard. Washes as well

FOR THE FOURTH TIME.

LONDON ONCE MORE DEFEATS THE TORONTOS.

A Close and Exciting Game—The Forest City Players Win by Bunching Their Hits—Frauds at Monmouth Park.

LONDON, Ont., July 28.—About 2500 persons assembled on the London baseball grounds this afternoon to witness a championship match between the Torontos of Toronto and the Londons of London. The match proved a most interesting one, being marked by almost faultless play on both sides. The home team proved their superiority as batsmen and base runners, and after the fifth innings batted Stemmyer's pitching very freely, whilst the Toronto team were unable to cope with the London pitcher, Knight. Thompson for London and Smith for Toronto caught for their respective teams in capital style. It would be invidious to mention the names of any of the players on either side in connection with the general fielding and throwing, flies and grounders anywhere within reach being captured and returned in a manner which proved that both teams are thoroughly up in their work.

Torontos	r.	b.h.	e.	Londons	r.	b.h.	e.
Macklin, 2 b.	0	0	1	Thompson, c.	0	1	1
O'Rourke, r.f.	1	2	1	Dunn, 2 b.	1	2	3
Smith, c.	0	0	3	Smith, 3 b.	2	2	0
Stemmyer, p.	0	1	1	Knight, p.	1	1	2
Sheffler, c.f.	1	2	0	Seward, c.f.	2	2	0
Spence, 3 b.	1	1	0	Connors, l.f.	2	1	0
Kavanagh, 1 b	0	0	0	Campau, 1 b.	3	3	1
Wade, l.f.	0	0	0	Pelouze, r.f.	0	1	0
McKinley, s.s.	0	1	0	Quinn, s.s.	0	1	1
Totals	3	7	6		11	14	7

Torontos ..... 0 2 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 —Total 3
Londons ..... 0 0 0 0 2 5 4 0 x —Total 11

Balls called, off Knight 60, off Stemmyer 58. Strikes called, off Knight 38, off Stemmyer 44. Struck out, Londons 9, Torontos 9. Earned runs, Londons 8, Torontos 0. Left on bases, Londons 3, Torontos 6. Three base hits, Campau 2, Smith (Londons). Two base hits, Connors 1, Smith (Londons) 1, McKinley 1. Home runs, Seward 1. Bases on balls, Torontos 2, Londons 1. Umpire, F. E. Goldsmith, London.

Frauds at Monmouth Park.

MONMOUTH PARK, July 28.—Very few people attended the races here to-day, and there was but very little betting. Rumors prevailed that several races had been "fixed." Prior to the fifth race Mr. Withers went upon the track and publicly cautioned one of the riders as to his conduct in the impending race. The race was run, and the issue caused a riot. An indignation meeting was held around the judges' stand, and those most interested demanded an investigation into the conduct of several of the jockeys in that race. The great event of the day was allowed to become a burlesque, as Miss Woodford had a complete walk-over.

MONMOUTH PARK, N. J., July 28.—First race, free handicap sweepstakes of $25 each with $500 added; one mile and half a furlong.
J. E. McDonald's b. g. Long Knight, 5 yrs., by Longfellow—Belle Knight 1
Fannin & Co.'s b. f. Decoy Duck, 4 yrs 2
Dwyer Bros.' b. c. Eimendorf, 3 yrs 3
Time—1.53¾.

SECOND RACE.—Purse $300, for 2-year-olds; selling allowances; three-quarters of a mile.
C. H. Gillock's ch. f. Ridgefield, by Enquirer—Orphan Girl 1
Mr. Kelso's b. f. Shamrock 2
P. Lorillard's ch. c. Ariel 3
Time—1.19¾.

THIRD RACE—The Elizabeth stakes of $50 each with $1500 added, for fillies 3 years old, one mile and an eighth.
Rancocas stable's ch. f. Unrest, by Mortemer—Letola 1
W. P. Burch's ch. f. Telie Doc 2
Clipsians stable's ch. f. East Lynne 3
Time—2.01.

FOURTH RACE—The Freehold stakes of $100 each with $1500 added; 1¼ mile.
Dwyer Bros.' br. m. Miss Woodford, 5 yrs., by Billet—Fancy Jane, 116 lbs 1
Rancocas stable's b. g. Drake Carter, 5 yrs.. 2
Time—2.45¼.

FIFTH RACE—Purse $500; selling allowances; seven furlongs.
J. Grayer's ch. g. Aurelian, 6 yrs., by Springbok—Aurelia 1
J. E. McDonald's br. g. Peter L., 4 yrs 2
F. Robinson's b. h. King Lyon, 5 yrs 3
Time—1.32¾. Mutuels paid $403.75.

SIXTH RACE—Handicap hurdle race; purse $500; 1¼ mile over 6 hurdles.
J. H. McCormick's ch. g. Bonero, 6 yrs, by Germantown—Leverette 1
F. Ahrens' b. h. Buckra, aged 2
T. Bryan's b. m. Jersey Maid, 5 yrs 3
Time—2.55¼.

Fourth Regular Day at Saratoga.

SARATOGA, July 28.—First race, purse $400 for maiden three-year olds, three quarters of a mile.
V. L. Kirkman's ch. g. Ernest, by Inquirer—Jaconet by Jack Malone 1
Opequon stable's br. c. Guydett, by Rivoli—Sally Davis 2
M. Young's b. c. Spalding, by Billet—Eppie L ..... 3.
Time—1.17¼.

SECOND RACE.—Saratoga stakes, for 2-year-olds, $100 each, with $700 added; three-quarters of a mile.
Chion & Morgan's b. c. Ban Fox, by King Ban—Maud Hampton 1
Milton Young's ch. k. Enright by Enquirer—Matagorda 2
R. P. Abe's ch. c. King of Norfolk, by Norfolk—Marion 3
Time—1.16¾.

THIRD RACE.—Saratoga cup of $1500 added to a sweepstakes of $50 each, p. p.; 2¼ miles.
J. T. Williams' ch. c. Bob Miles, 4 yrs., by Pat Malloy—Dolly Morgan, 118 lbs 1
R. C. Pate's b. g. Boatman, 6 yrs., by Bonnie Scotland—Valerian, 120 lbs 2
R. A. Johnson's b. c. Powhattan III., 4 yrs., by Glenelg—Florence I., 118 lbs 3
Time—4.02.

FOURTH RACE—Free handicap sweepstakes of $15 each with $500 added; one mile and a furlong.
Heyden & Co.'s b. c. Kosciusko, 4 yrs., by Kyrie Daly—Colossa 1
R. W. Kittson's ch. f. Albia, 4 yrs., by Alarm—Elastic 2
No time.

Trotting at Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, O., July 28.—There was a good attendance, fine weather and a splendid track for the opening day of the summer meeting of the Cleveland Driving Park association. The 2.21 trot was not finished on account of darkness.

First race, match for $1000 a side, trotting championship stallion race of Ohio—Almont Gift 2 1 2 1 1, Mohawk Gift 1 2 1 2 2; time 2.25¼, 2.27¼, 2.26¾, 2.28¾, 2.28.

Second race, 2.35 class, trotting, purse $1000—Beaumarchand 4 2 1 1 1, Sir Roger 1 1 3 2 2, Robinhood 2 3 2 3 5, Katie Jahier 3 5 7 7 7, Bob Robinson, 5 6 4 5 3, Silver Leaf, Otho, Tom Allen, Edgehill, Brighton and Maud R. also started; time 2.23¾, 2.22¼, 2.22¼, 2.22, 2.21¾.

Third race, 2.21 class, trotting, purse $1500—Allalode got two heats in, the other starters being in order, Windsor M., Montgomery, A. V. Pantlind, Onward, Albert France, Filbird Sprague, James H., Urbana Bell, Secret; time 2.18, 2.18.

Toronto C. C. v. Montreal C. C.

This match was commenced yesterday on the Toronto Cricket club's grounds under most favorable circumstances. The weather was fine, the attendance large and fashionable, and the crease simply admirable. Toronto went first to the bat and before the last wicket fell a grand total of 190 had been recorded, to which W. W. Jones contributed 44, G. G. S. Lindsay 31, M. Boyd 30, A. C. Allen 24, W. W. Vickers 20, E. R. Ogden 14, and D. O. R. Jones 13, the exhibition of batting being probably about the finest outside that of English visitors ever witnessed in this part of the world. The Montrealers had 8 wickets down for 61 runs when stumps were drawn for the day and stand a most excellent chance of having to follow on. The match will be resumed this morning. Mr. Boyd is captaining the Torontos, for whom Ogden and Morrison are doing the bowling.

Dog Swimming and Races.

The swimming tournament of the Dog Sports club will take place at the Humber, this afternoon. The boat will leave the Church street wharf at 2 o'clock, and members wearing the club colors will be carried free. There are to be no less than thirty-six entries for the six events, and a capital afternoon's sport may be looked for. The prizes, which are numerous and handsome, are on exhibition in the window of J. W. Millar & Co., on King street east.

The Industrial Fair association, through its energetic manager, H. J. Hill, will also provide a good afternoon's sport on the afternoon of Sept 14 in the horse ring. The Dog Sports club will have charge of the arrangements, and the association will give $50 in silver cups and medals. There will be a greyhounds' race, a setters' race, a spaniels' race and a terriers' race. Entries free, to be made with the secretary of the club, Robert Junor, on or before Sept. 1.

The R. C. Y. C. Regatta To-Morrow.

Two Belleville yachts have arrived in harbor to take part in the Royal Canadian yacht club races to-morrow. The first is the Atalanta of old-time fame, and the second the sloop Iolanthe, a second class boat. Dave Leavens is in command of the Atalanta and has with him a crew of ten men as well as Messrs. Clarke Edwards, John Turner and Harry James, three talented and esteemed citizens of Belleville as guests. They left the City of the Bay on Saturday evening, made for Oswego, and arrived here on Monday night, after a splendid run all the way up. The Iolanthe came in on Sunday night, with a crew of six in charge of W. Campbell of Belleville.

A Suggestion to Owners of Drivers.

Editor World: As there has been a great deal of talk lately among our sporting men respecting the relative merits of the fast horses at present in town, I think it would be a good idea for the owners of, say, Dan, Czar, Photographer, Lookout, Carlton, Too Too and any others who might like to go in to chip $50 or $100 each into a sweepstake and have an afternoon's sport at Woodbine: This would be worth winning, and no doubt Mr. Duggan would also add something. Now, gentlemen, stop talking and have a horse race.

SPORTSMAN.

National League Games Yesterday.

At Boston—Boston, 7 r., 10 b. h., 6 e.; Chicago 8 r., 10 b. h., 14 e.

At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 3 r., 7 b. h., 5 e.; St. Louis, 6 r., 9 b. h., 4 e.

At Providence—Buffalo, 4 r., 7 b. h., 14 e.; Providence, 11 r., 12 b. h., 9 e.

At New York—Detroit, 12 r., 15 b. h., 8 e.; New York, 6 r., 13 b. h., 10 e.

Racing at Goodwood.

LONDON, July 28.—Goodwood races commenced to-day. The race for the Craven stakes of 340 sovs, was won by Mr. Rothschild's Laveret with Blue Grass second and Pellegrini third. No starters for the Goodwood stakes.

General Notes.

Quinn has been released by the Torontos and Myers by the Clippers.

Word was received in the city last night that T. Swanson and F. Adamson had won the double scull race at the Northwestern regatta at Detroit.

John Teemer, the McKeesport oarsman, having failed to get on a race with Hanlan, has decided to go to Australia to row Beach for the championship of the world.

At the carpenters' and joiners' picnic on Aug. 8 in Dundurn park, Hamilton, one of the attractions will be a league baseball match between the Primroses and Londons.

The starters in the yacht race at Hamilton next Saturday will probably be the Whistle Wing, the Thetis, the Brunette, the Coquette, the Cruiser, the Cacique and the Neptune.

Up to July 18 Fred Archer headed the list of winning jockeys in England with 125 wins out of 323 mounts, C. Wood coming next with 76 out of 264, then G. Barrett with 55 out of 274, and A. Gibs with 48 out of 207.

The first race, distance one mile, between W. G. George and W. Cummings will take place at Lillie Bridge grounds Monday, Aug. 31. The second, distance four miles, will be decided at a place to be named Sept. 12 or 14 and the third, distance ten miles, Sept. 28.

In Notts versus Middlesex at Lord's July 16 and 17 Shrewsbury for Notts made 224 not out, going to the wicket first and carrying his bat all through. The score, which is the best this season, comprised twenty-two fours, fifteen threes, nineteen twos and 53 singles. Shrewsbury was eight hours at the wicket.

At the Manchester race meeting lately Fred Archer went a few minutes late to scale in one of the races and was not allowed to start. It was the Tyro plate for two-year olds, and Archer's mount, Athelstan, was the favorite at 5 to 4 against, but being out of the way, to the disgust of the book makers a 4 to 1 chance won.

During an exhibition performance of Commodore Kittson's flyers at Rochester, Minn., on Monday, the pacer Johnson made a mile in 2.11¾, the fastest mile ever made in this state. Ollie Becker and Firebrand then had a running race in harness, the former winning by a length and a half in 1.53¾. This is believed to be the fastest mile ever made in harness.

There was a report round town yesterday that the Toronto baseball club had received challenges from the professional clubs at Etobicoke, Bobcaygeon and Hogg's Hollow, but had resolved before accepting them to strengthen the team. Seriously speaking, however, it is stated that the Torontos will receive a couple of valuable acquisitions ere long. They need them.

The betting for the St. Leger, 1 mile 6 fur. 132 yards, to be run Wednesday, Sept. 16, 2 to 1 against Melton, 10 to 1 against Child of the Mist, 100 to 8 against Lonely, 100 to 7 against Farewell, 100 to 6 against Isobar, 100 to 6 against Kaintrailles, 20 to 1 against St. Helena, 22 to 1 against Cora, 25 to 1 against Pepper and Salt, 28 to 1 against Sheraton, and 40 to 1 against Luminary.

The Ontario league has by vote forbidden Geo. Bradley's employment by the Maple Leaf Club. Poor George. With a large family to support he is debarred from making his living at his profession, while those who persuaded him to make his fatal mistake are scot free, playing ball at fair salaries, and perhaps giving him the laugh, while George is nailed up as a terrible example. Bradley's lot is undoubtedly a hard one. — Philadelphia Sporting Life.

Robert Peck's 2-year-old ch. c. The Bard, by Petrarch—Magdalene, by Syrlan, had won fourteen races in England up to July 18 in succession, his last win being the July plate at Manchester, for which he started at 10 to 1 on and gave his two opponents fifteen pounds each, carrying 133 pounds and winning in a canter by three lengths. Fred Archer was up. Mr. Peck bought The Bard for 650 guineas at the sale of the Iwerne Minster stud yearlings at Newmarket in July last year.

The Sandown park club announces a new stake to be run at its first summer meeting in 1887. The design of the race is a trial of speed for the best three-year olds and it will be run over the straight five furlong course. The conditions are: The Electric stakes, a plate of £2000, for now yearlings, to run as three-year olds, colts to carry 126 pounds, fillies 122 pounds; the winner of the 2000 guineas or Derby to carry 10 pounds, other winners of the race of the value of £1000 7 pounds extra; horses that have not won a weight-for-age race of the value of £500 or received £200 for running second, allowed 5 pounds. To close Aug. 4.

A remarkable cricket match was played at Chichester, Eng., July 13 and 14, and was then abandoned as drawn, after only half a dozen men had been at bat all told for the West of Scotland against Chichester Priory park. Following is the score, the 419 not out of J. S. Carrick being the best on record:

WEST OF SCOTLAND.

A. Thompson c Henley b Comber	112
J. S. Carrick, not out	419
C. Crair, c and b Heseman	31
J. Carrick, jun., b Henley	15
A. Campbell, c Comber b Lilly white	69
J. Andrews, not out	49
B 38, l-b 6, w 6	50
Total	745

Mr. Carrick's greatest strokes were a grand square-leg hit for 8, two 6's, two 5's, thirty 4's, and thirty-four 3's, besides 2's and singles. W. N. Roe, at Cambridge, in a college match in 1881, carried out his bat for 415. This has stood as the highest innings for four years, and before that the best was E. D. S. Tylecote's 404 (not out) in a school match at Clifton, in 1868. W. G. Grace is the only other cricketer who has made 400 in one innings, and that was exactly 400, and, like all the others, was a not out.

The Bon Marche has begun a great clearing sale. Eight tables of seasonable goods with 25 per cent. off the regular selling price. Farley & Co., 7 and 9 King street east.

LOCAL NEWS PARAGRAPHED.

The influx of arrivals at the hotels continues.

Street cars are now running to Seaton village by way of King, Spadina avenue, College and Bathurst streets.

A man named Parks, from Orangeville, was robbed of his watch and money Monday night, how or by whom he does not know.

The sum of $30 was yesterday abstracted from a coat belonging to John Wright of 73 Jarvis street while it was hanging up in the front room.

Wm. Lilliman, of 10 Willow street, was yesterday arrested as insane and dangerous to be at large. He was particularly given to ill-treating his family.

The pioneer corps in connection with L. O. L. 800 entertained seventeen of their members who were in the Northwest campaign at supper last night. The party had a jolly time.

Police court yesterday: Ann J. Berney, vagrancy, six months in the Mercer. Jas. Brogan, fighting, $1 and costs, or ten days. The case of Charles Phair for assault was adjourned till Monday.

Avenue lodge, A.O.U.W., was inaugurated Monday night with a supper at the Richardson house, King and Brock streets. The attendance was large, many of the prominent members being present.

An insane woman about 25 years of age, decently dressed, was picked up on Agnes street last night. She was taken to No. 2 station, and incoherently answered all the questions put to her. Her name could not be ascertained.

Western cattle market returns last week: Received—Cattle 885, sheep 2856, hogs 133; 13 cattle were weighed, giving a total of 10,365 pounds; 769 sheep, giving a total of 112,055 pounds, and 128 hogs, giving a total of 25,650 pounds.

The buffalo calf which was brought from the Northwest by the officers of the Queen's Own regiment has been placed on the Industrial Exhibition grounds and will remain there for the inspection of visitors to the coming fair.

William McKerricher was lodged in No. 3 station last night on a warrant for fighting with Michael Walsh at Niagara and King streets a few days ago. Walsh was arrested at the time, but McKerricher evaded the police until last night.

The sodality in connection with St. Mary's church, Bathurst street, picnicked at Niagara yesterday. Vicar-General Rooney, Rev. Father Egan of Thornhill and Rev. Father O'Reilly of Leslieville accompanied the party. A pleasant day was enjoyed by all.

The annual excursion of Knox church Sunday school was held yesterday at Grimsby camp grounds and was largely attended. The steamer Rupert conveyed them and all enjoyed themselves thoroughly. They left at 9 a.m. and returned shortly after 8 in the evening.

Mrs. Edward Blake desires to acknowledge the following contributions to the fund for the relief of the volunteers' families received through C. W. Taylor, secretary of the Globe Printing company: A widow's mite, Toronto, $1; Dubois & Fils, Toronto, $5; S. S. Robinson, Orillia, $10.

The festival in aid of St. Helen's church, Brockton, held at the Adelaide street rink last night was very successful, there being over one thousand persons present. Rev. J. J. McCann, pastor of the church, is to be congratulated on its success. The various tables of fancy goods and light refreshments were well patronized. The festival will continue this afternoon and evening.

Michael Hennessey was an applicant for a position on the police force yesterday. In passing through the detective's office Detective Burrows recognized him as the person for whom a warrant was issued in February, 1884, for fraudulently obtaining a suit of clothes from James H. Brereton. He was taken into custody.

St. Peter's church was yesterday morning the scene of the marriage of Harton Walker, of the well known dry goods firm of Robert Walker & Sons, to Miss Nellie Morse. In spite of the early hour a large number of the friends of the contracting parties turned out. The bride was attended by her cousin, Miss Lizzie Morse, and looked as all young brides do, very modest and pretty. Norman Walker was best man. The countenance of the groom betokened his feelings. They will honeymoon on the other side.

What is the World Coming To?

—It is coming to the opinion that the only man in the dominion who can repair old country watches and timepieces of every description to the entire satisfaction of the public is Doherty, 360 Queen street west, eight doors east of Spadina avenue. 136

The Holmans at the Gardens.

Another large and pleased audience greeted the Holmans last night in Audran's charming and sprightly opera, Olivette. Everything went smoothly and the prima donna, Miss Sallie Holman, in the title role, sang in excellent voice as she, in fact, always does. The duet of Olivette and the Countess, Mrs. A. D. Holman, called for repeated encores. As to the latter lady there are few among the best on the lyric stage who can with such grace maintain the "unities" of the part of a great lady as she. Favorable mention must be made of J. T. Dalton, the Duc des Ifs, who sang "The Day When You Forget Me" with such taste and impressement that it was received with loud plaudits and a loud demand for an encore. The Holmans so far have well sustained their reputation, and will no doubt have a successful season at the Horticultural gardens. To-night Balfe's ever-popular Bohemian Girl will hold the boards. Admission, 10c., 20c. and 30c.

A Bagful of Stolen Cigars.

Between 12 and 1 o'clock yesterday morning Policeman Verney, in turning from Jarvis street into Duchess, noticed a small boy half way down the latter street. When the boy saw the officer he made a break and ran away, as boys often do in that neighborhood on catching sight of a "cop." When Verney reached the spot where the youngster had been standing he found a bag half full of cigars, there being twenty-one boxes altogether, fifty in a box. By this time the boy had disappeared. The goods, it has since been learned, were stolen from Humphrey & Jackson's store at 185 King street east.

DOMINION DASHES.

Two hundred and fifty men laboring on the wharves at Montreal have been taken to Mattawa to do railway work.

News has been received at Montreal of the burning of McGuinness Brothers' tannery at Athleston, Que. Loss, $7000; insurance, $3500.

Joseph Teinson, aged 70, a farmer in the Ottawa district, attempted to board a train at East Templeton when he slipped and fell under the the car wheels, receiving such injuries that he died almost instantly.

Hiliary Denault, a farmer in Gloucester county, is under indictment at Ottawa charged with assaulting a child 13 years of age. He induced the girl to accompany him on a drive and assaulted her in some bushes.

The banquet given by the Ottawa Foot Guards to the returning Sharpshooters Monday evening at the Russell was a brilliant affair. All the staff officers at the capital, Major-Gen. Strange and the deputy minister of militia were present; also the mayor and corporation. Hon. Mr. Caron was unavoidably absent.

The exports of live stock from Montreal during last week were: Cattle, 2749; sheep, 4561, being an increase over the corresponding week of 1884 of 1583 cattle and 2496 sheep. The total exports to date were 31,922 cattle and 19,673 sheep, as compared with exports to same date last year of 24,953 cattle and 10,400 sheep.

A deputation composed of Mayor McDougal and Aldermen Cox and Brown of Ottawa waited on Sir John Macdonald Monday and requested that the body of Mounted Policeman Cowan, murdered at Frog Lake, be brought to Ottawa at the expense of the government. Sir John said it was impossible to establish a precedent, but if a private fund could be organized he would cheerfully contribute.

Beecher and Dineen.

—"Thus spoke a most popular preacher
To a hen—'You're a beautiful creature!'
The hen upon that laid ten eggs in his hat,
And thus did the Hen Re-ward Beecher."

Beecher got the eggs, but Dineen gets the custom. His large establishment on the corner of King and Yonge streets is full of new style summer hats and caps. Returned volunteers should see his latest new fall importations. They are the most stylish in the city.

Harbor Arrivals and Departures.

Arrivals: Schooners—Ariadne, M. A. Hall, Lithophone, Betsy, Lillian, Minnie (Toronto), Ann Brown, stone, lake shore, Departures: Schooners—Goldhunter, wheat, Bay Quinte; M. A. Hall and scow John Wesley, lake shore; steamer Corsican, passengers and freight, Montreal.

Settling for Music and Decorations.

The music and decoration committee re the volunteer's reception met last night to settle up, Ald. Steiner presiding. Accounts for $835 were handed in. The bill f r music was nearly $100, the balance being for the bunting, flags, evergreen, and other decorations displayed on the city building. All the accounts were ordered to be paid. The committee's appropriation was $750. The bunting was sold for $60, and the committee have an asset in the shape of flags, etc., valued at $125.

—Stanton's Sunbeams—beautiful little photographs on tinted mounts—$1 per dozen. 134 Yonge street. All other sizes at lowest prices for first-class work. 246

MARRIED.

WALKER—MORSE.—On the 28th inst., at St. Peters church, Toronto, by the Venerable Arch-Deacon Boddy, Nellie Maude Morse, only daughter of the late John F. Morse, to Harton Walker, eldest son of the late John Gardiner Walker.

GRAHAM—TAYLOR.—On the 28th inst., at the Metropolitan church, by the Rev. John Potts, D.D., Alexander C. Graham of Chicago, to Emily, daughter of Cottingham C. Taylor, Esq., of this city, and granddaughter of the late Rev. J. P. Hetherington, formerly of Toronto.

DEATHS.

BOUVIER.—At Westport, Ont., on July 27th, Charles L. Bouvier, only son of Louis and Esther Bouvier.

HUGHES.—In Maraposa, Cal., on July 13 last, M. C. Hughes, a beloved friend of Richard Finn of this city.

MORE THAN EIGHT YEARS' USE OF strictly reliable fabrics, made in the most artistic and durable manner possible, has made for

QUINN.

THE SHIRT-MAKER,

the most enviable reputation of any shirt maker in Canada. ROSSIN HOUSE BLOCK, York st. Toronto

AMUSEMENTS AND MEETINGS.

HORTICULTURAL GARDENS PAVILION

TO-NIGHT—HOLMAN OPERA CO. IN

BOHEMIAN GIRL.

POPULAR PRICES—ADMISSION 10 CTS.

Reserved seats 20 and 30 cents. Thursday Evening—MASCOTTE.

CHAMPIONSHIP BASEBALL MATCH.

LADIES' DAY.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 29TH.

TORONTO vs. MAPLE LEAFS.

Game called 4 p.m. sharp. Ladies admitted to the grounds free. Admission to Grand Stand 10 cents. A portion of the Grand Stand will be reserved for ladies and their escorts until 3.45 p.m.

HANLAN'S POINT.

THIS AFTERNOON AND EVENING,

The celebrated Russian Athletes,

FREDRICKS, GLOSS AND LE VAN,

Will give an exhibition both afternoon and evening.

BAND OF QUEEN'S OWN IN EVENING

AND ELECTRIC LIGHT AT NIGHT.

HELP WANTED.

50 MORE SHIRT MAKERS WANTED. A. FRIENDLY & CO., 15 Front street west. 24

PERSONAL.

MR. W. A. SHERWOOD — ARTIST — Portraits in Oil or Pastel from life or photograph. Room 54, Arcade, Yonge street Toronto.

PROBABLY THIS WEEK.—G. T.

SOMETHING NEW — TREMENDOUS success; a great opportunity to make money; anyone can become a successful agent; it costs nothing, or next to it, to give it a trial; we need but a limited number of agents, and soon all that is wanted will be engaged. If not in business yielding you a large profit, don't fail to take an agency with us; you can make money with great rapidity. The Canada Pacific T. & L Co., 120 Bay st., Toronto. 246

WISHING TO ACCOMMODATE PEOPLE at a distance the Crown Photo Co., No. 63 King street west, will pay all fares on the street cars to persons giving orders for their first class photos.

SPECIALIC ARTICLES.

ART—CRAYON PORTRAIT DRAWING and Sketching from Life or Nature thoroughly taught in one lesson, or no charge for tuition. J. A. BURGESS, (late of New York), 22 Yonge St. Arcade, Toronto.

IMPERIAL FRENCH SHOE BLACKING. Buy it and no other.

ARTICLES WANTED.

BOAT WANTED—10 FEET LONG; MUST be in first-class condition; with sail preferred. Apply at office, 7 and 9 King st.

WANTED TO PURCHASE OLD SILVERWARE. Address E. S., World office

FERRY STEAMERS.

THE DOG SPORTS CLUB

SWIMMING RACES,

On Wednesday, July 29th,

AT THE HUMBER.

THE HUMBER STEAM FERRY CO.

are now running the favorite steamers,

ANNIE CRAIG AND MAZEPPA

To High Park and Humber Park

Leave Church street wharf at 10 and 11 a.m., 2, 3, 4.15, 5.30 and 7 p.m., calling at York and Brock streets 10 and 20 minutes later respectively. Returning leave the Humber at 11.30 a.m., 12.30, 3, 4, 5.30, 6.30 and 8 p.m.

Fare round trip 15c, children 10c,

O. S. HICKS, Secy. E. O'KEEFE, President. 56

EXCURSIONS.

GRAND SATURDAY AFTERNOON

EXCURSION,

BY PALACE STEAMER

EMPRESS OF INDIA

Yonge street wharf every Saturday afternoon at 3.40 p. m. One hour in St. Catharines. Tickets 60c. Port Dalhousie 50c. Music and Dancing.

$2 Rochester and return $2

Every Saturday evening at 10.30 p. m. First Grand Excursion Saturday 1st, landing at Charlotte, the Coney Island of Lake Ontario, arriving home Monday morning at 5.30 a. m. Sleeping accommodation unsurpassed. Tickets at all steamer Empress of India ticket offices.

"STR. RUPERT"

Will leave wharf foot of Yonge street this week as follows:

WEDNESDAY—Oakville and Burlington Beach, leaving 2 p.m., returning, arrive 8 p.m. Oakville, 25c.; Beach, 50c.

THURSDAY—Grimsby, leaving 2 p.m., returning arrive 8 p.m. 50c.

FRIDAY—Oakville, leaving 2 p.m., returning, arrive 8 p.m. Tickets 25c.

SATURDAY—Oakville and Burlington Beach leave 2 p.m., returning, arrive 8.30 p.m. Tickets 25c and 50c.

SATURDAY—Leaving 9.30 p.m. for Rochester, returning arrive Monday before 6 a.m. $1.50—Return Tickets—$1.50.

For charters and other information, apply 16 Union Block, Toronto street.

HAMILTON, OAKVILLE, TORONTO.

Str. Southern Belle and Grand Trunk Ry.

Hamilton by boat and return by any train, or vice versa (good one day) $1 50
Do., do., do., (good three days) 1 75
Saturday or Monday excursion by boat and return by a.m. train, or vice versa 1 25

Steamer leaves Milloy's wharf daily at 5 p. m. And on and after June 27th at 10.45 a.m., and 5.30 p.m.

WM. EDGAR, G. T. R. GEO. W. KEITH, Mgr. Str. Southern Belle.

RATES BY STEAMER—
Hamilton—single, 75c.; return $1 25
Oakville—single, 50c.; return 0 75
Family season books, only $5.
Saturday and Wednesday excursions.
GEO. W. KEITH, Manager.

THE TORONTO GENERAL TRUSTS CO., Wellington Street East, TORONTO, 24th July, 1885.

The Agent
EQUITABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOC'Y, Toronto

Re Estate of the late Charles Perry.

Dear Sir:

I beg to thank you for the very prompt payment—the claim having only been signed four days ago—to the Toronto General Trusts Co. as administrators of the policy on the life of the late Capt. Perry.

Yours truly,
J. W. LANGMUIR, Manager.

FOR SALE.

BICYCLE FOR SALE—52-INCH DOUBLE ball bearings. For particulars apply Box 35 World office.

FOR SALE—HORSE, HARNESS AND two buggies, one a carriage. Apply at 654 Yonge street. PETER A. SCOTT. 23

FINE BUILDING LOTS FOR SALE ON Bathurst, College, Bloor, Hope and Markham streets. Special inducements offered to builders. Terms of sale easy. Apply to RICHARD H. R. MUNRO, 24 York Chambers, No. 9 Toronto street. 46

LEGAL CARDS.

A. D. PERRY, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR etc. Society and private funds for investment. Lowest rates. Star Life offices, 32 Wellington street east, Toronto, (premises lately occupied by Commercial Union Assurance company.

CANNIFF & CANNIFF, BARRISTERS, solicitors, etc., 36 Toronto street, Toronto. J. FOSTER CANNIFF, HENRY T. CANNIFF. 24

KINGSFORD & WICKHAM, BARRISTERS, Solicitors, etc., 18 Court street, Toronto. R. E. KINGSFORD. H. J. WICKHAM. 25

LAWRENCE & MILLIGAN, BARRISTERS, solicitors, conveyancers, etc., No. 14 Building and Loan Chambers, 15 Toronto street, Toronto. A. G. F. LAWRENCE, T. C. MILLIGAN. 36

MACLAREN, MACDONALD, MERRITT & SHEPLEY, Barristers, solicitors, notaries, etc. J. J. Maclaren, J. H. Macdonald, W. M. Merritt, G. F. Shepley, J. L. Geddes, W. E. Middleton. Union Loan Buildings, 28 and 30 Toronto street. 136

READ, READ & KNIGHT, BARRISTERS, Solicitors, etc., 75 King street east. Money to loan. D. B. Read, Q.C., Walter Read, H. V. Knight. 246

W. G. MURDOCH, COUNSELLOR AND attorney-at-law (late of Toronto, Canada), suite 517, First National bank building, northwest corner Dearborn and Monroe s reets, Chicago

MUSICAL.

W. PAYNE, PIANOFORTE AND organ tuner, drum manufacturer, dealer in music and musical instruments, 355 Queen street west, Toronto. Music furnished for quadrille and evening parties. Tuning a specialty.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

GEO. EAKIN, ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses; office Court house, Adelaide street; home 128 Carlton street.

H. S. MARA, ISSUER OF MARRIAGE licenses and marriage certificates, Office—Ground floor, York Chambers, No. 5 Toronto street, near King street. Residence 459 Jarvis street.

SURVEYORS.

SPEIGHT & VANNOSTRAND, DOMINION and Provincial Land Surveyors, Draughtsmen, Valuators, etc. Room Q, Victoria Chambers, 9 Victoria street. 246

LOST OR FOUND.

DOG LOST—A "HUSKEY" DOG, brought down from the Northwest. Does not understand English. Large like a wolf. Reward for his return. G. McSand, at Lount, March & Co., Toronto street.

BAGGAGE EXPRESS.

T. FISHER'S EXPRESS COLLECTS AND delivers baggage, parcels, removes furniture, pianos, etc., in town and country at lowest rates. Address 539 Yonge street. Telephone 3091.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

BUILDING LOTS FOR SALE AND houses for rent and sale in all parts of city. Farms everywhere. CANADA WEST LAND AGENCY COMPANY, 10 King st. east.

TO LET.

TO LET—FIRST-CLASS RESIDENCE—82 Duke street. Ten rooms, every convenience, nicely situated, for private family only. Apply No. 80 Duke street. 4561

TO RENT—STABLE ROOM DURING day at 53 Colborne street, cor. Church street. J. ROSE.

TO LET—HANDSOME TWO STOREYED dwelling house and store, Mallindine's block, Kingston road. Good business site and rent moderate. J. MALLINDINE, Royal Standard Hotel. tf

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—BY RESPECTABLE woman with references, offices and gentlemen's rooms to clean. Box 30, World. tf

ROOMS AND BOARD.

A YOUNG LADY WOULD LIKE A FURnished room; east of Yonge street preferred. Box 25, World. 234

ROOM FOR 100 DAY BOARDERS AT 104 and 106 Shuter street, one of the largest, cheapest and most complete boarding Houses in the city. H. L. GREEN, Proprietor.

EXTENSION OF PREMISES.

STAPLE DEPARTMENT.

During our Great Clearing Sale, previous to extending our present premises, we are offering Extraordinary Inducements in Cream and Bleached Table Linens, Table Napkins, Towels, Brown and Bleached Sheetings, Pillow Casings, White Honeycomb and Marcellos Quilts, Lace Curtains, Prints, Sateens, Ginghams, Zephyrs, Cretonnes, Tickings, Grey Cottons, White Cottons, Muslins, White Goods, Flannels, Shirtings, Skirtings, etc.

IMMENSE REDUCTIONS IN

Grey Cottons, to 3 1-2, 5 and 6c.
White Cottons, to 5, 6 and 8c.
Table Linens, 20, 25 and 30c up.
Table Napkins, 75c, $1 and $1.25 doz. up.
All-Linen Towels, $1 and $1.50 doz. up.
Lace Curtains, 75c, $1 and $1.50 pair.
White Quilts, 75c, $1, $1.25.
Grey Sheetings, 20, 22 1-2 and 25c.
White Sheetings, 20, 25 and 30c.
Prints reduced to 5, 6, 7 and 8c.
Ginghams reduced to 8, 10, 12 1-2c.
Cotton Tickings, 10, 12 and 15c.
Oxford Shirtings, 8, 10 and 12 1-2c.

This is a Grand Opportunity for Housekeepers and others to secure first-class goods at the very Low Prices quoted during this sale.

ED. McKEOWN, 182 Yonge St., Toronto.

AUCTION SALES.

MORTGAGE SALE

Of a market garden in the city of Toronto. Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain indenture of mortgage made by one Francis Wright Nicholson (deceased) to one George Leslie Nicholson, dated the 14th day of November, 1881, which will be produced at the time of sale, the following property will be offered for sale by public auction at the auction rooms of John M. McFarlane & Co., 8 Adelaide street east, in the city of Toronto, on Wednesday, 5th August, 1885, at 10 o'clock, a.m., by the