

# The Charlottetown Herald.

NEW SERIES

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 15, 1906

Vol. XXXV, No. 3833

## GOOD Groceries



Our store has gained a reputation for reliable Groceries. Our trade during 1904 has been very satisfactory. We shall put forth every effort during the present year to give our customers the best possible service.

### Eureka Tea.

If you have never tried our Eureka Tea it will pay you to do so. It is blended especially for our trade, and our sales on it show a continued increase. Price 25 cents per lb.

Preserves.—We manufacture all our own Preserves, and can guarantee them strictly pure. Sold wholesale and retail.

## R. F. Maddigan & Co.

Eureka Grocery,

QUEEN STREET, CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I.

## OAK BRAND TEA.

In order to introduce our Oak Brand Tea we will ship and prepay freight to any station or shipping point on P. E. Island an 18 lb. caddy, and if you are not satisfied in every way return at our expense, and we will refund your money. Cut this out and enclose \$4.00 and mail to us.

### McKenna's Grocery,

Box 576, Ch'town, P. E. I.

Enclosed find \$4.00 for which you will send us a caddy of tea as advertised in this paper.

(Sign full name) .....  
(And Address) .....

## ROBERT PALMER & CO.,

Charlottetown Sash and Door Factory,

Manufacturers of Doors & Frames, Sashes & Frames, Interior and Exterior finish etc., etc.

### Our Specialties

Gothic windows, stairs, stair rails, Balusters Newel Posts, Cypress Gutter and Conductors, Kiln dried Spruce and Hardwood Flooring, Kiln dried clear spruce, sheathing, and clapboards, Encourage home Industry.

## ROBERT PALMER & CO.,

PEAKE'S No. 3 WHARF.

CHARLOTTETOWN.

## Students, Attention!

### Rare Chance to Secure a College Education.

We have made arrangements that enable us to place within the reach of a limited number of deserving students, opportunities for securing, on easy terms, a classical or commercial education. A little work during the vacation season will secure this for the one worthily striving for such a boon, but who may not be in possession of sufficient money to realize his heart's desire. The facilities at our disposal enable us to offer a year's board and tuition at

### St. Dunstan's College

to any three young men who will fulfill the necessary, easy conditions required. These may be beginners, or former students of the College who have not been able to complete their course. In addition to this we have at our disposal four scholarships at the

### Union Commercial College

of Charlottetown. A full course in this excellent Commercial College may be won by any four young men or women, in town or country, who will fulfill the easy conditions we require. Whenever anyone satisfies the requirements in either of the cases enumerated he or she will be given a certificate entitling the holder to the educational advantages offered. A rare opportunity is here placed within reach of those desirous of acquiring a good education, and no time should be lost in taking advantage thereof. Only a little work is required in order to secure the coveted boon, and all can easily be accomplished during this summer's vacation, so that the winners may enter either college at the opening of the next academic year.

For particulars apply in person by letter to the editor of the HERALD, P. O. Box 1288, Charlottetown, P. E. I.  
June 20, 1906—1f

## Custom Tailoring!

### Gent's Furnishings, Hats, Caps, etc, etc.

STR.—We wish to direct your attention to our stock of

### NEW CLOTHS

For SPRING WEAR. Our Cloths are imported from the very best manufacturers in England, Scotland and Ireland, and include

Worsted, Fancy Suitings,  
Vicunas, Serges,  
Tweeds, Trowserings,  
And Fancy Vest Cloths.

Overcoatings in Vicunas, Rainproof and Fancy Worsteds.

We can guarantee satisfaction in the cutting, fitting and making up of our Clothing.

We invite you to call and examine the stock, and believe we will be able to suit you.

## JOHN McLEOD & CO.,

Queen Street, Charlottetown,

## Morson & Duffy

Barristers & Attorneys  
Brown's Block, Charlottetown, P. E. I.  
MONEY TO LOAN.  
Solicitors for Royal Bank of Canada

## Snappy Styles

### Solid Footwear.

Ladies! Here is your chance, one week only. Box Calf Boots, neat, up-to-date. Cheap any time at \$2.25, now \$1.50, all sizes. These Boots arrived a few days ago, a little late of course, but they are yours at the above price. See them anyway.

**A. E. McEACHEN,**  
THE SHOE MAN  
QUEEN STREET

### The Diffusion of Plain Chant.

Rome, Sunday, July 15, 1906.  
The solistio year will practically end at the close of this coming week. A couple of thousand ecclesiastical students will be sent off to the College villas among the Castelli or away in Sabina, and several hundreds of them have finished their studies and set out for their missions in all parts of the world. This year the new apostles have taken with them a new apostolate—that of promoting the reform of sacred music. During 1905-1906, the Plain Chant restored to its early parity has been taught and sung in every one of the ecclesiastical colleges and seminaries in Rome. The situation has vastly changed since April, 1904. When it was decided then to have the Centenary Mass of St. Gregory the Great in St. Peter's, the Vatican edition of the Plain Chant was almost all the colleges were still using the corrupt Baisbon edition. The Benedictines of Sant' Anselmo, the French Seminary, the Vatican Seminary, the South American College, and the Irish College were already in the van of reform; in two years their example has been followed by all the others. The Austro-Germanic College has been the last to join the ranks. The result is all the more remarkable when it is remembered that the full text of the official Vatican Edition has not yet been published.

### AND CHURCH MUSIC IN ROME

Another very interesting feature of Church music in Rome is the steady, if slow, disappearance of artificial soprano from the choirs. The Maestro Perosi, assisted by the Maestro Rella, has given two good hours of his hard day during the last year to training the boys, who are to become the nucleus of the great Sistine Choir of the near future—and not altogether of the future either, for they have sung several times already at great functions, and they will take a very prominent part in the music of the Coronation Mass in St. Peter's on August 9th. Meanwhile an inexorable rule has been laid down that no new "artificial" sopranos are to be admitted into any of the Church choirs of Rome. The music in the churches has also vastly improved in quality, though it is to be regretted that the Plain Chant has not yet taken up the prominent position to which the Holy Father declares it is entitled. In only two of the churches has any attempt been made to introduce congregational singing during the Mass at Santa Maria in Aquiro, and the Anims, which by the way has now become the parochial church of the German residents in the Eternal City.

### ABOUT THE INDEX.

Two or three books which have recently excited a good deal of interest are about to be put on the Index, and thereby hangs a little tale which may be instructive. Quite a distinguished Italian writer had a conversation with a Cardinal on the subject of the Index, and the practice of condemning books. The writer explained to the Cardinal that nowadays it was worse than useless to put books on the Index, because the public condemnation served only as an excellent advertisement. The moral, in his eyes, was that the more dangerous a book is, the less the ecclesiastical authorities should have to say about it. The Cardinal, however, took care to explain that the members of the Congregation of the Index were quite well aware that their condemnations sometimes served to increase the sale of forbidden books, but they continued to be necessary for all that. For the scope of the Index is two fold; first, to prevent good Catholics from reading contaminating literature, and secondly, to let the rest of the world know that this or that work, though written by a Catholic, sometimes professing to teach Catholic doctrine, is disavowed by the Church. In this way the Index serves as a reliable guide to those outside the Church, whether they like it or not, as well as to those within.

### HOW THE POPE WAS EX-CLUDED.

The question as to whether the Holy See is to be represented or not at the next Peace Congress at the Hague continues to excite some interest in Italy, and some very curious revelations on the subject have been made this week. Thus, for instance, it appears that under the first Pelloux Ministry in 1899, Canevaro, who was foreign Minister and therefore the one whose opinion should have counted for most, was soirely in favor of the participation of Leo XIII. in the Congress, and did actually receive the thanks of Holland for his attitude on the subject. But at the last moment Vacchetti, Minister of the Treasury, and Fortis, Minister of Agriculture,

bitterly opposed the admission of the Holy See, and Canevaro was obliged to eat his own words. Something of the kind appears to have happened under the Fortis Ministry last year when there was talk of summoning the Peace Congress again. Titoni, who was then Foreign Minister, thought that Pius X. should be represented, but other Ministers objected. Just now Giolitti holds the reins, and it is believed that he is quite favorable to the idea of having the Holy See take a part in the future Congress. It is well known that Russia, Germany and Austria-Hungary, as well as Spain and Holland would be pleased to see the Holy See represented, and it is more than likely that President Roosevelt is strongly of the same way of thinking.

### A CARDINAL ON THE HUSTINGS.

Cardinal Francis Nava, Archbishop of Catania and formerly Nuncio to Madrid, has gravely astonished the Socialists of his archdiocese. Last year the Catholics abstained from taking part in the election of a Deputy, and the Socialists felt that they might safely insult priests, parody sacred hymns and outrage the religious feelings of the good people down there in every way that suggested itself to their ingenuity. Another election is to take place one of these days, and the Cardinal has decided that the best way to make reparation for the insults of a year ago is to urge the Catholics to go to the polls as a man, and vote, not so much in favor of the Constitutional candidate Professor Carozzi, as against the Socialist Comm. Barretta. The result is a foregone conclusion, for the Socialists will be badly beaten. The work of organizing the Catholic electoral forces of Italy has now been undertaken all over the country, but it is not likely that many avowed Catholic candidates will offer themselves for election in the near future. But, on the other hand, there is a very marked disposition on the part of the moderate Liberals in Italy to welcome the support of the Catholic electorate—and to modify their behavior in such a manner as to merit it.—London Tablet.

### What Does Not Make a Gentleman.

FROM "A GENTLEMAN."

A young man has asked me to say something about the etiquette of cards and calls. A man, under the American code of politeness, need not make many calls. If he is invited to an entertainment of any kind, he should go to the house of his host to call or leave his card. If it be his first call, he must leave a card for each grown-up member of the family. After that he need leave only one card. The old fashion of turning down the corners of cards is gone out. A man's card should be very small, not gilt-edged it should never be printed, but always engraved or written, with the address in the left-hand lower corner. A man may write his own cards. In that case he must not put "Mr." before his name. But if he has them engraved, the present usage demands that "Mr." must appear before his name. If he has been at a party of any kind, he must call within a week after it, or he can send his card with his mother or sister, if they should happen to be calling at his host's within that time. A man's card, like his note-paper, ought to be as simple as possible. Secretary Bayard's cards always bore the plain inscription, "Mr. Bayard." Socialists and pretenders of all kinds put a great number of titles on their cards. Corn-couters and spiritists and quacks of all sorts are always sure to print "Professor" before their names, but men who have a right to the title never do it. Be sure, then, to have a neat, plain card, well engraved. It costs very little to have a plate made by a good stationery firm; and a neat, elegant card, like a well-written letter, is a good introduction. It symbolizes the man. Daniel Webster's card was simply "Mr. Webster," and it expressed the man's hatred for all pretence. A gentleman should never call on a young lady without asking for her mother or her chaperon. And he should never leave a card for her without leaving one for her mother. It will not do to send a card by mail after one has been asked to dinner. A personal visit must be made and a card left. In calling on the sons and daughters of a family, cards should be left for the father and mother.

### It may surprise some young men to find that in the great world fathers and mothers are so much considered. I know that there are some boys at school who write home on any odd, soiled paper they can find, and who write only when they

want something or feel like grumbling. Their letters run something like this:—

"DEAR FATHER:—  
The weather is bad. I am not well this evening, hoping to find you the same grub as usual. Please send me five dollars.  
"Yours," etc.

### English Catholics Aroused.

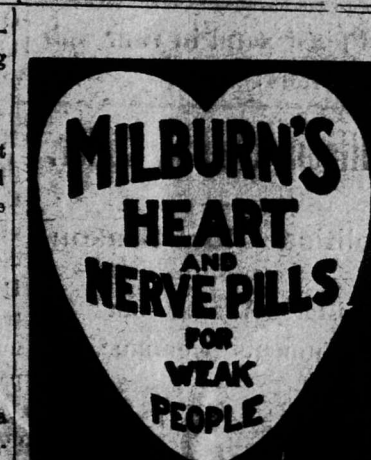
The London "Monitor" reports a great Catholic demonstration of protest against the education bill was held recently in the Wharfedale Park at Darham. Members of Catholic missions and societies from all parts of the county to the number of nearly 20,000 gathered in great force at the head of Old Elvet, and marched in procession through the town to the park. The sight was an imposing one, the huge number of people marching three and four abreast, extending in a line, which took close upon an hour to pass a given point. Four bands accompanied the procession, and there were many banners and flags bearing religious devices and mottoes appropriate to the occasion. Many of the processionists as they walked through the streets sang "Faith of Our Fathers." In the park a number of speeches were delivered against the bill. Bishop Collins, who presided, after expressing his satisfaction at the great attendance, regretted the inability of Mr. John Dillon to attend. They had assembled not to declaim against any political party or to threaten any person. They had not come to do anything to upset any one's religious or political opinions, but to claim their rights. They had assembled together to insist on having the right to bring up Catholic children in their own religion and in the religion of their forefathers. They would not be content with the simple Bible reading in their schools. They wanted something more than that. They said nothing against those who were content with simple Bible teaching, but they as Catholics wanted dogma taught in the schools. The bill of Mr. Birrell now before Parliament committed their great wish that cry to heaven for vengeance. These sins were sinful murder, gross immorality, depriving laborers of their wages and oppressing the poor. In the first place it encouraged wholesale murder of innocent children's souls. In the second place, if they took away religion from schools, where were they going to find any morality in the land? In the third place they deprived the laborers of their wages, as Catholics had built their own schools. Lastly, there was the oppression of the poor by taking poor little children away from the Catholic schools, from the nice warm Catholic atmosphere, and throwing them into an ice house, where the Catholic religion was discarded and ridiculed and where the Catholic religion was looked down upon and laughed at by teachers. He would like to see the bill hung up, and down and buried deep enough never to be heard of again.

Mr. Swinburne, of Birley moved: "That we, the Catholics of Darham county, hereby pledge ourselves to resist to the utmost of our power any settlement of the education question which does not recognize the rights of Catholic parents having for their children religious instruction during school hours, given by Catholic teachers, in Catholic schools under Catholic control, and to have new schools maintained and the enlargement of existing schools sanctioned where the needs of the Catholic population so demand."

### Summer Railroad Booklet.

The most elaborate and beautiful of season's railroad books is one issued by the Grand trunk Railway System to celebrate the recent tour of His Royal Highness Prince Arthur of Connaught through the provinces of Ontario and Quebec. The cover is a decorative arrangement of lettering and coats-of-arms embossed in blue, red and gold. But even the artistic quality of this feature scarcely prepares one for the wonders of the illustrated contents. There are 52 pages of reading matter and time-tables, and finally printed on heavy, rough deckle edge stock, while interspersed are 16 pages of reproductions in colors, printed on coated paper and pebbled. The result is an art exhibit of great attractiveness, the color work demonstrating the possibilities of modern processes.—Profitable Advertising, Boston, July, 1906.

### Minard's Liniment cures everything.



MILBURN'S HEART AND NERVE PILLS FOR WEAK PEOPLE

### MISCELLANEOUS.

"What sort of a woman is your friend, madame the countess?"  
"She is a woman of sixty, who looks fifty, thinks she's forty, dresses like thirty, and acts like twenty."

### Neuralgia.

"I had been suffering about six months with Neuralgia when I started taking Milburn's Rheumatic Pills. They did me more good than any medicine I ever used. Mrs. Annie Ryan, Sand Point, N.S."

Dora.—How is it the play you gave was not so well attended as the one you gave a while ago?"  
Dolly.—Well, you see, we went round and sold tickets to all our friends for the first performance, and—after that we had no friends.

Laxa-Liver Pills are positive cure for Sick Headache, Biliousness, Constipation, Dyspepsia, and all stomach and liver complaints. They neither gripe, weaken nor sicken. Price 25c. at all dealers.

### Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere.

After a night with "the boys" there is no better remedy to clear the head and settle the stomach than Milburn's Sterling Headache Powders. Price 10c. and 25c. at all dealers.

A woman who had failed to receive from a large patent medicine firm a sample of pills for which she had applied went to the post-office to inquire why the letter (which she believed to have been duly posted) had not reached her. She was served with the customary form on which particulars of her grievance must be stated, and after the words "nature of complaint" she ingeniously wrote "biliousness."

"You have spurned me," he cried, bitterly. "I will go into the busy world. I will fight and win. My name shall be known and my riches envied."  
"Then, when you have done that" she interrupted, "try me again."

All kinds of Coughs and Colds, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Pains in the Chest, Wheezing, Hoarseness, Sore Throat and Asthma, yield to the Lung-healing properties of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. Price 25c.

### Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper

FOR...

### Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Stomach Cramps and all Summer Complaints take

DR. FOWLER'S EXTRACT OF WILD STRAWBERRY

Don't experiment with new and untried remedies, but procure that which has stood the test of time. Dr. Fowler's has stood the test for 60 years, and has never failed to give satisfaction. It is rapid, reliable and effectual in its action and does not leave the bowels constipated. RAZOR ALL SURSTURRA. TURTLE DANGEROUS.

Mrs. Thomas Lutz, Aylmer, Que., writes: "I have used Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry for Diarrhoea for several years past and I find it to be the only medicine which brings relief in so short a time."

### Minard's Liniment cures everything.



**THE HERALD**

WEDNESDAY, August 15, 1906.

SUBSCRIPTION—\$1.00 A YEAR,  
PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY

JAMES MCISAAC  
Editor & Proprietor.

Please send in your sub-  
scriptions.

Ottawa Weekly Letter.

Political Close Season.

Ministers Abroad but Ap-  
pointments Continue.

Transcontinental Railway a  
Home for Lost Politicians

—The Northwest Census  
—Ballot Pluggers lost in  
the Home of the Rabbits

—Still in Government  
Pays notwithstanding his  
Conviction—Mr Oliver's  
Tour and His Problems—

Apologies Due to Lord  
Strathcona—Sir Wilfrid  
said High Commissioner

Made the Deal—When as  
a Matter of Fact Lord  
Strathcona Condemned it

from beginning—Preston  
Belongs of Old to Sir  
Richard.

Yukon, Concession Again.

Holders Say that they are  
Turned Out to Make  
Room for those with a Pull

—Lord's Day Act Mis-  
printed—Engineer and De-  
puty Minister—Former

Would not Accept a Bribe  
Latter Held it to be a Pri-  
vate Matter.

OTTAWA, August 4th, 1906.

This is an off time in politics at  
the Capital. The Ministers are  
all away but two or three and  
these are confining themselves  
pretty closely to departmental de-  
tails. Still the machinery has  
been sufficiently active to make  
a few appointments and to consider  
others. For example Mr Savard  
former Liberal member for Chi-  
coutimi, has been comfortably  
provided for with an \$1,800 office  
in the Transcontinental Railway  
Commission. Some day an ex-  
ploration of this Commission may  
be made when it will be discov-  
ered that a great many lost and  
strayed party campaigners and  
heelers have been concealed about  
the premises. If any conspicuous  
party worker, who has not much  
to do at home between elections  
has been missed the chances are  
decidedly in favor of finding him  
either in the head office of the  
Transcontinental or scattered  
along the line somewhere be-  
tween Moncton and Winnipeg.

THE LOST IMMIGRANTS.

Returns are coming in slowly  
from the census of Manitoba and  
the Northwest which is now being  
taken. So far as Commissioner  
Blue has received figures they do  
not bear out the sanguine claims  
of the localities enumerated. The  
rural districts are yet to be heard  
from, and unless they make a  
better return than the cities and  
towns, there will be some diffi-  
culty in explaining what has be-  
come of the immigrants whom  
the Department of the Interior  
has been counting as they came  
in, and for whom the nation has  
been paying five dollars per head.  
Still the figures show a very large  
and rapid increase and are by no  
means disappointing to those who  
have not been deceived by immi-  
gration returns.

MOBERLEY LOST IN THE  
RABBITSKIN COUNTRY.

At last accounts the Mounted  
police officers, supposed to have  
been sent in hot haste to bring  
back to Prince Albert H. P. Mober-  
ley, who was engaged to work  
with the census staff, have not yet  
reported their man. It must not  
be forgotten that Mr Moberley is  
an expert election manager. He  
was sent last year with two or  
three others to the country far  
north of Prince Albert to hold a  
provincial poll. After going a  
day's journey into the wilderness  
they held a poll all by themselves,  
inventing names of electors,  
filling the ballot box with ballots,  
and the poll book with the names  
which they had created. It was  
a unanimous election party, and  
they brought back a return of  
over two hundred votes for the  
Government candidate and none  
at all for the Opposition. The  
favorite name forged by the re-

turning officers was Rabbitskin.  
About fifteen votes for the gov-  
ernment were polled by the Rab-  
bitskin family.

**PLOT AND SEQUEL**

A first the scheme worked very  
well. The government candidate  
had been defeated in the town  
and neighboring settlements.  
Only the Rabbitskin votes saved  
him. But after he was declared  
elected and the truth came out,  
he thought it well to resign. Mr  
Moberley and his colleagues were  
prosecuted. Though they had  
the assistance of the local agent  
of the Department of Justice to  
defend them they were convicted.  
It is true that the penalty did not  
trouble them severely as it was  
understood that the fines were  
paid out of the party funds.

Mr Moberley was not conspi-  
cuously heard from afterward  
until it was learned that he had  
been employed and the chief cul-  
prit was released on suspended  
sentence as a government assist-  
ant in taking the census in this  
same Rabbitskin district. When  
the matter was brought to Mr  
Fisher's attention he indignantly  
repudiated the responsibility and  
promised to have Moberley dis-  
missed if he had been engaged.  
Meanwhile that gentleman had  
set out for the far north. Now  
after three weeks he is still sup-  
posed to be in government pay.  
It will go hard with him if he  
cannot keep a day or two ahead  
of the notice to quit.

**MR OLIVER ABROAD.**

Mr Oliver has gone with his  
family to Europe to re-organize  
the immigration business on that  
continent. Having unloaded Mr  
Preston on Sir Richard Cart-  
wright, and given the North At-  
lantic Trading Co. notice that  
their bonus will be discontinued  
it becomes Mr Oliver's duty to  
make other arrangements. First  
of all he ought to have under-  
standing with Lord Strathcona.  
The High Commissioner has cer-  
tainly good ground to demand a  
large assortment of apologies from  
the Minister of the Interior for  
the slanderous statement made in  
1905 and this year that he was  
responsible for the North Atlantic  
Trading Company contract.

One year ago Mr Foster was  
condemning this contract in the  
House and mentioned Mr Preston  
as the man who made it. Mr Oli-  
ver interrupted saying "I beg  
the Honorable gentleman's par-  
don. If he would change the  
name to Lord Strathcona."  
And Sir Wilfrid Laurier speak-  
ing on the same day (July 13, 05)  
"I now come to the practical side  
of this contract. It was first in-  
troduced by Lord Strathcona and  
was then continued by Mr Preston  
on the terms agreed to by Lord  
Strathcona."

**SLANDERING LORD STRATH-  
CONA.**

This attempt to drag Lord Strath-  
cona into the deal is altogether  
gratuitous and unjust. The Gov-  
ernment has in its possession letters  
from Lord Strathcona which proved  
that he was not the originator nor  
even an approving party to the  
original agreement. The High Com-  
missioner wrote to Mr Sifton in  
November 1899, at that time the  
agreement was made. This letter  
outlined what had been done stating  
that Lord Strathcona had received  
an adverse opinion from the law officers  
of the government, and that at his  
suggestion the agreement had taken  
the form of an exchange of letters  
rather than a formal contract. Lord  
Strathcona evidently did not approve  
of the deal but loyally set to work  
to remove as far as possible the un-  
satisfactory features and as an officer  
of the government to work out the  
scheme the best way he could. He  
said in his letter that Mr Preston  
claimed to have considered the matter  
from all points of view and he hoped  
that the future might justify his ex-  
pectations. At the same time Lord  
Strathcona pointed out that the work  
done in the past was not beginning  
to give good results and there was  
sure to be a large increase in emi-  
gration from the continent without  
such a deal.

**THE HIGH COMMISSIONER'S  
ABJECTIONS.**

Writing this year to Sir Wilfrid  
Laurier Lord Strathcona states  
that the proposal accepted by Mr  
Preston had been informally made  
to him on previous occasions and  
had not been entertained. His  
Lordship adds: "It is only proper  
to add that the suggestions never  
commended themselves to my  
better judgment but it was  
urged upon me so strongly that a  
trial might be given to the scheme  
and it was received with so much  
favor by the Department of the  
Interior, that I did not feel just-  
ified in the circumstances in with-  
holding such assistance as I could  
properly give to carry into effect  
the declared policy of the Depart-  
ment."

Again, Lord Strathcona says:  
While personally I could not ap-  
prove of the proposed arrange-

ments, I felt it incumbent on me,  
under the circumstances, to carry  
out the policy of the government,  
but at the same time I wish most  
distinctly to disclaim the direct  
responsibility attributed to me in  
the matter."

In another letter Lord Strath-  
cona gives some of the reasons he  
had for not favoring the contract.  
He said that the contractors would  
get the advantage "without any  
great expense or effort to them-  
selves of the movement which was  
bound shortly to take place as the  
result of our continuous educa-  
tional work with the various  
agencies of the continent."

To-day Lord Strathcona ex-  
presses the opinion "that the im-  
migration which has taken place  
would have been at least as large  
under ordinary circumstances  
under the arrangement prior to  
1899."

**AND LORD STRATHCONA  
WAS RIGHT.**

As Mr. Oliver has cancelled the  
agreement while it had yet many  
years to run Lord Strathcona may  
claim that his opinion has been  
justified. He certainly can pro-  
test against the unfair use of his  
name to defend a vicious arrange-  
ment which has cost the country  
a third of a million dollars and  
involved the Department in seri-  
ous scandals.

It will perhaps not be necessary  
for Mr. Oliver to discuss with  
Lord Strathcona any statement  
made by Mr. Preston on the stand  
which the High Commissioner has  
flatly and abruptly contradicted.  
Mr. Oliver can leave the defence  
of Mr. Preston to Sir Richard  
Cartwright and Mr. Sifton.

**CARTWRIGHT, PRESTON  
AND COOK.**

In this connection it may be  
recalled that Mr. Preston was one  
of the parties implicated in the  
charge made by Mr. H. H. Cook  
in 1901, that he had been asked  
to pay \$10,000 for a senatorship.  
In the Senate investigation on  
that matter a letter was read  
from Mr. Preston to Mr. Cook  
asking the latter for a private in-  
terview to discuss a matter of  
great importance to Mr. Cook  
himself. What happened in that  
interview can only be learned  
from the testimony of the two  
parties. Mr. Cook swore that Mr.  
Preston told him he could have  
the senatorship by paying \$10,000,  
and could not get it without.  
Mr. Preston made denial. A clerk  
of Mr. Cook swore that he heard  
Mr. Preston accuse Mr. Cook as  
"Mr. Senator." He did not hear  
the rest of the conversation but  
immediately after the conversa-  
tion when Preston had gone away  
Mr. Cook came to the outer office  
in great indignation and told the  
clerk that Preston had demanded  
\$10,000 from him to pay for a  
senatorship. Mr. Cook did not  
pay the \$10,000 and was not made  
a senator.

Mr. Preston was then Legisla-  
tive Librarian at Toronto, but he  
testified that he had discussed the  
question of Mr. Cook's appoint-  
ment with Sir Richard Cartwright  
at Ottawa and had never gone to  
Ottawa without calling upon Sir  
Richard. It seems therefore quite  
fitting that he should now become  
a member of Sir Richard's depart-  
ment.

**A YUKON TROUBLE.**

Mr. Oliver while in England  
will hear some unpleasant remarks  
about his cancellation of licenses  
and concessions held by British  
capitalists operating in the Yukon.  
One Klondike Company which  
claims to have invested a  
great deal of money in that dis-  
trict, and to have carried out all  
the conditions of the contract has  
been ordered out. The concess-  
ionaires claim that the action has  
been due to a rival concern, which  
has a long pull and a strong pull  
with the Department of the In-  
terior. Much attention is given  
to this charge in British financial  
circles.

**A DRY RAIN MAKER.**

Speaking of the Yukon, Rain-  
maker Hatfield appears to be a  
failure so far as the Yukon miners  
are concerned. He is all right on  
his own account because the Gov-  
ernment pays him for his time  
and expenses. That is to say he  
is paid by the Yukon Council, a  
majority of which is appointed by  
the government at Ottawa which  
receives its supplies from the  
Federal Treasury, and whose ac-  
tion is subject to approval or veto  
from Ottawa. Mr Hatfield was  
to have \$10,000 if he brought  
rain, and was to be paid for his  
trouble and expense whether he  
brought rain or not. He has been  
operating on some dome among  
the creeks for two or three  
months, but at last accounts had  
not carried out his promise to  
provide the miners with all the  
water needed for their operation.

**TRIBULATIONS OF THE  
LORD'S DAY ACT.**

The Lord's Day Act had many

contributions when it was before  
the House but its troubles were  
not over when Parliament rose.  
So many were the amendments  
proposed in the two Houses, so  
rapid and varied and so pictur-  
esque the changes of base on the  
part of Mr. Aylesworth, minister  
in charge, that the officers making  
the record were not able to keep  
the pace. When the Bill was of-  
ficially printed and given out it  
was all wrong. Express companies  
forbidden to do Sunday business  
by the Bill as it passed, were per-  
mitted by the Act as was printed.  
By the law as it was passed no  
prosecution could be begun with-  
out leave of the Attorney General  
of the Province or in any case  
sixty days after the offense was  
committed. By the Act as print-  
ed prosecution might be begun  
after sixty days if the Attorney  
General said so and before sixty  
days whether he consented or not.  
The consequence is that a new  
printing has taken place and the  
first issue has been officially con-  
demned.

**AN HONEST ENGINEER.**

Engineer Rainboth, who gave  
startling evidence in the Public  
Accounts Committee concerning  
grafting operations in supplying  
the survey parties engaged in the  
Georgian Bay survey, has been  
engaged to work with the Inter-  
national Boundary Commission.  
This officer came out of the in-  
vestigation with great credit. He  
showed that he did his best to pre-  
vent the payment of excessive  
prices for horses, sleighs and robes.  
He made strong representations to  
his immediate superior and even  
carried the case to the Deputy Min-  
ister through he did it without suc-  
cess.

**A PRIVATE BRIBE.**

The offer of a \$100,000 skin coat  
to this engineer with a receipted in-  
voice, from the man whose claim was  
pending, only made Mr. Rainboth  
more firm. He returned the goods  
and told the Deputy Minister of the  
attempted bribe. The strange part  
of this affair was the indifference of  
Deputy Minister Gobeil who told the  
Public Accounts Committee that this  
seemed to be a private matter with  
which he had no call to interfere.  
One would like to know how many  
other private matters of this kind oc-  
cur in the settlement of public ac-  
counts in the Marine Department.

**JAPAN HAS PLACED CANADA ON THE  
LIST OF COUNTRIES FOR FAVORED-NATION  
TREATMENT IN THE MATTER OF TRADE  
TARIFFS.**

This must be regarded as  
very fortunate, especially in view of  
the fact that Japanese tariff is likely  
soon to be largely increased. But  
that Canada has not been on the fa-  
vored-nation list of Japan, along  
with Great Britain and the United  
States, for the past seven years, has  
been due entirely to the fault  
of the Laurier Government. The  
treaty was made between Great  
Britain and Japan in 1899, with an  
offer that any British colony could  
come in. This offer the Laurier  
Government refused to accept. The  
United States, however, accepted  
the like offer, and for some seven  
years have been doing a large and  
increasing trade with Japan, while  
Canada has been practically ex-  
cluded from the Japanese market.  
After seven years the Laurier Gov-  
ernment has accepted an offer which  
it might far better have accepted  
when first made. During the past  
seven years our neighbors have so  
established their trade in the Japa-  
nese markets, that Canada will now  
have hard work to gain a footing  
there.—Halifax Herald.

**SIR CHARLES RIVER WILSON IS  
REPORTED AS RECENTLY SAYING:**

"It is childish to bring up the  
port of Portland in discussing the  
future Grand Trunk Pacific. We  
are under obligations to carry the  
trade of the Canadian Northwest  
through Canadian ports and the  
great bulk will come over the east-  
ern lines and find their terminal ex-  
its at Quebec in the summer, St  
John, N. B., and Halifax, N. S., in  
the winter, and if we do not carry  
out our obligations with the Gov-  
ernment and also consider the heavy  
lease we are under, we would be  
only doing ourselves an injury.  
We mean to be loyal to the Govern-  
ment and our obligations, and do all  
in our power to advance the eastern  
sections as well as the western sec-  
tions of the Grand Trunk Pacific, in  
keeping with our contract, and all  
insinuations to the contrary are  
founded on unwarrantable presump-  
tion."  
Maritime Province people will  
hope that the foregoing is true and  
that Sir Charles will see that it is  
carried out in good faith, but it is  
also quite certain that it cannot be  
carried out in good faith except by  
a breach of faith with the share-  
holders of the Grand Trunk, for at  
the meeting of those shareholders in  
London some two or three years  
ago, Sir Charles Wilson and Mr  
Haye assured them that the Grand  
Trunk must get into the West in  
order to maintain the Grand Trunk  
dividends, and that the purpose of  
a new move to promote the G and  
Trunk Pacific was "to tie up the  
trade of the West to the Grand  
Trunk System." Either Sir Char-

les has been misreported in his Quebec  
interview, or he is deceiving Quebec  
and the Maritime Provinces, or he  
is planning to break faith with  
Grand Trunk shareholders, and this  
last is far from likely.—Halifax  
Herald.

**New Locomotives For  
Grand Trunk.**

The Grand Trunk Railway System  
has recently purchased a number of  
new ten-wheeled engines for passenger  
service from the Locomotive & Ma-  
chine Locomotive Co., Montreal, and  
the American Locomotive Co., of  
Schenectady, ten engines being built  
at Lougheed Point and ten at Schen-  
ectady.  
These engines will be distributed to  
different divisions of the system.

They are built after the standard  
type used on this road, but have sim-  
ple cylinders 19 in. diameter x 26 in.  
stroke, with driving wheels 27 in. di-  
ameter, boiler pressure 210 lbs. per  
square inch, tender tank capacity  
6,000 U. S. gallons. The weight of  
engines loaded is 155,000 lbs. So far  
these engines have given excellent  
service, being placed on trains making  
very fast time. These engines are  
quickly becoming popular with the  
men on the road, as they will  
handle an ordinary sized passenger  
train without any difficulty and keep  
time.

At Shawinigan in the Province of Que-  
bec a few days ago, three youths were  
drowned. One of them got beyond his  
depth and the two others went to his  
assistance. None of them could swim  
and the consequence was that all three  
were drowned.

**MEET ME AT THE ALWAYS BUSY STORE**

**STANLEY BROS.**

**1,000  
One Thousand  
Lace Collars  
On Sale  
To-day.**

These came to us yester-  
day direct from the makers  
in Saxony and are about

**Half the Price**  
you have usually paid for the  
same goods.

Collars are White, Cream  
and Paris.

Prices 10c. each and up.

**Stanley Bros**



**Are You Satisfied  
With Your Present Position.**

Do you want to earn more money? If so you want  
to secure a practical business education—a sound  
training that will fit you for business life. By  
attending the

**Union Commercial College**

You will fit yourself for a better position. Remem-  
ber there is no waste time, no unnecessary delays.  
The only college on P. E. Island giving final exam-  
inations the last three days of every month. Write  
for prospectus and full particulars.

**W. MORAN,**  
Ch'town, P. E. I., July 11th, 1906. Principal.

**Clearing Prices**

On various lines of seasonable goods from  
the new Mantle Department.

**Linen Suits, \$6.50 now \$4.25**

Tailored in New York and designed from the  
very latest fashions. These linen suits are very  
swell and stylish. We have but five suits left and  
these five we offer at more than a third off to clear.

New York Suits in Union Butchers Linen very  
prettily made. Coat in pony style—latest style  
skirt, perfect fitting and full proportioned. Regu-  
lar \$6.50 now \$4.25

**Tourist Coats \$9.90 now  
\$7.50.**

The most stylish coat of the season at a snap!  
Now, just when wanted with the approach of fall,  
we were fortunate to secure these for our customers.  
The lot, ten in all, were shown by the Britannia  
Manufacturing Co. at our Demonstration last week.  
They were offered us at a discount and in accepting  
them secured a saving for our customers of one fifth  
on the season's neatest garments.

Ten only of the Britannia Manufacturing Co's  
newest Tourist Coat, advance fall styles, three quar-  
ter length, made in Empire style with pleated back.  
Light tweed and homespun effects. Hewson goods.  
Regular price \$9.00. Special bargain price \$7.50

**Covert Coats Half Price.**

Eighty only of the Spring Corset fitting Covert  
Coats still remain. HALF PRICE to sell every  
one quickly. Elegant garments every one.

The celebrated "Norway" make from New York  
models latest spring style corset fitting coats of fine  
durable corvet cloth. A splendid suit coat for fall  
wear. The best made and best fitting garment  
made in Canada. Regular \$10.25 to \$10.75. To  
clear, a bargain at Half Price

**Tea Gowns, \$6.75 now \$5.50**

The only Cardinal Cashmere Tea Gowns of fine  
quality, perfectly made with deep 18 inch flounce  
shirring over shoulder and under arm and trimmed  
satin ribbon to match. Regular \$6.75, special  
at \$5.50

**Parasols 1-3 Off.**

A dozen charming parasols in the season's new-  
est and prettiest effects—brocade silks, plain and  
embroidered lines. Regular \$1.50 to \$3.75. Special  
price now 1-3 Off

**Pretty Wash Collars, 3 for  
25 cents.**

Various pretty designs in pretty embroidered  
"Duchesse" Wash Collars, secured at a saving.  
Yours at 3 for 25 cents.

**PROWSE BROS., Ltd.**

**PROWSE BROS., Ltd.**  
**Pinafores 29c.**

Dainty little articles for children three to seven  
years, ready to slip on—another saving on mother's  
time and trouble. These are extra value and  
should be seen to be appreciated.

Pinafores of fine White Lawn well made and  
carefully finished, prettily trimmed with Hamburg  
at yoke and sleeves. For children from three to  
seven years. Special advertised price 29c.

**Post Free to any  
Address.**

We will mail any number of these Pinafores  
post paid on receipt of price. Money will be re-  
funded if not more than satisfactory.

**PROWSE BROS., Ltd.**

**Extraordinary Values  
—IN—  
ROMAN SATIN SKIRTS**

Two of the greatest values we have ever offered.  
These are genuine bargains in well made quality  
garments. Out of town customers should order by  
mail. We send post paid on receipt of price, and  
refund price if not more than satisfactory.

Skirts of excellent quality, black Roman Satin,  
have deep shirred flounce and frill with dust ruffe.  
Full, ample cut. Easily worth \$1.10. Special  
value at 75c.

Skirts of special fine grade Roman Satin, have  
deep 16 inch flounce with 3 rows solid tucking—  
have dust frill and are trimmed with black galoon.  
Extra ample proportions. A slightly garment,  
splendidly made and worth \$1.25. Our special  
price 98c.

**PROWSE BROS., Ltd.**



# Scottish Gathering.

The Grand Annual Gathering of the Scottish Clans of P. E. Island, under the auspices of the Caledonian Club, will be held on the Riverside Driving Park Grounds, Vernon River Bridge, Monday, August 20, 1906.

Competition Prize List—Games Commence at 12 o'clock—Five or more Competitors to enter in each event.

PRIZES.

1. Putting Light Stone	1st. 2nd. 3rd. 4th.
2. Running High Leap	\$5.00 \$3.00 \$2.00 \$1.00
3. Throwing Light Hammer (open)	3.00 2.00 1.00
4. 220 Yards Race, Amateur, All-Comers (handicap) 1st Gold Medal, 2nd Silver Medal.	3.00 2.00 1.00
5. Hop, Step and Jump	3.00 2.00 1.00
6. Vaulting with Pole (open)	5.00 3.00 2.00 1.00
7. 120 Yards Race (handicap)	3.00 2.00 1.00
8. 150 Yards Race, Boys' Highland Brigade (handicap) 1st Silver Medal, 2nd Medal, 3rd Brooch.	3.00 2.00 1.00
9. Quarter Mile Run, Members (handicap)	3.00 2.00 1.00
10. Half Mile Run, Amateur, All-Comers (handicap) 1st Gold Medal, 2nd Silver Medal.	3.00 2.00 1.00
11. Running Long Jump (open)	3.00 2.00 1.00
12. Sack Race	3.00 2.00 1.00
13. Dancing Ghillie Callum	3.00 2.00 1.00
14. Dancing Highland Fling	3.00 2.00 1.00
15. Tag-of-War, Vernon River vs. Murray Harbor (ten men on each side).	5.00 0.00 0.00

The following events are open to All-Comers who have not already competed in such events, viz:—

16. Putting Light Stone	3.00 2.00 1.00
17. 220 Yards Race	3.00 2.00 1.00
18. Throwing Light Hammer	3.00 2.00 1.00
19. Boys' Race (under 16)	3.00 2.00 1.00

Military evolutions and drills by the Boys' Highland Brigade.

PIPE MUSIC—All Pipers playing on the grounds receive a prize.

Competitors in Dancing must appear in Dancing Boots and Highland Breeches.

INSTRUCTIONS TO COMPETITORS—A room will be provided for the use of all taking part in the games, in which clothing, etc., can be laid. Competitors must appear in the ring in suitable costumes, and must retire at the close of each event. Events will be called as on the above list. The secretary requests competitors to send him their names and the events in which they intend to take part on or before August 18th.

### TRAIN ARRANGEMENTS.

Stations	Fares	Train Dpts.	Stations	Fares	Train Dpts.
Charlottetown	45c.	10.00 a. m.	Grand View	40c.	10.27 a. m.
Southport	45c.	10.08 "	Uigg	32c.	10.35 "
Banbury	40c.	10.15 "	Vernon River	20c.	10.46 "
Mount Herbert	35c.	10.20 "	Hermitage	20c.	10.50 "
Haslebrook	30c.	10.27 "	Lake Verde	10c.	10.56 "
Mount Albion	25c.	10.32 "	Millview	5c.	11.05 "
Millview	5c.	10.50 "	Vernon	Arrive	11.10 "
Vernon	Arrive	10.55 "	Summerside	\$1.00	8.00 "
Murray Harbor	80c.	9.10 "	Kensington	90c.	8.28 "
Murray River	70c.	9.22 "	Freestone	90c.	8.44 "
Hopefield	70c.	9.33 "	Emerald	90c.	8.54 "
Hrs	60c.	9.40 "	Bradshaw	90c.	9.00 "
Wood Island	60c.	9.45 "	Hunter River	90c.	9.25 "
Steele River	50c.	9.52 "	North Wilshire	70c.	9.35 "
Merville	45c.	10.00 "	Royalty Junction	50c.	10.00 "
Surrey	45c.	10.12 "	Charlottetown	45c.	10.25 "
Foresh	45c.	10.18 "	Vernon	Arrive	11.20 "

Returning, Special Train will leave for Summerside at 5.45, for Charlottetown at 6.00 p. m., and for Murray Harbor at 6.15 p. m.  
Passengers from Souris, Georgetown and intermediate stations, can go by regular morning train to Charlottetown, thence to Vernon by Special Train, returning by Special Train to Charlottetown, then to destination by regular train of August 21st. Fare one way first-class fare to Charlottetown added to fare from Charlottetown to Vernon.

### MUSIC BY BAND AND PIPES.

PRESIDENT'S PRIZE—\$5 Gold Piece, presented by the President to the best All-Round Athlete, judged by points, five points for first prize, etc.  
GAMES COMMITTEE—James Paton, John McPhee, James Calder, John McLeod, John McEwen, John McSwain, D. R. McLennan.  
JUDGES OF GAMES—Chief, Alex. McDonald, Ex-Chief, James McLean, Col. D. Stewart, S. A. McDonald, David Small, L. B. McMillan, C. J. McMillan, S. A. McDonald, Charlottetown; Lancelotti McDonald, East Point; Michael McCormack, Souris; A. C. McDonald, Alex. McLeod, Montague; James A. McNeill, Summerside; B. J. McKenzie, Dundas, and the Games Committee.  
MASTERS OF THE RING—Archibald McKay, Rod. J. McDonald, T. H. McMillan, John McKinnon, Charlottetown; Daniel Stewart, Kinloch, and Maxwell Henry, Southport.  
Only officers of the day, judges and competitors while competing, allowed inside the ring. The decision of the judges shall be final.  
No spirituous liquors allowed on the grounds, nor will any person under the influence of liquor be permitted to enter the field.  
Members of the Club, Boys' Highland Brigade and visiting Clansmen will assemble at the Club Rooms, Charlottetown, at 9 a. m., in Highland Costume or Plain and Bonnet, and march thence to the Railway Station, headed by the Pipes and Band.  
Admission 25 Cents. Children under 12 years of age 15 Cents. No passes issued. Admission Tickets to Grounds at Entrance Gates.

D. R. MCLENNAN, Secy Games Committee.  
JAMES PATON, President.  
Aug. 1, 1906—31

## Annual August Sale of Fashionable Footwear.

25 per cent. discount on hundreds of pairs new and fashionable goods, odds and ends from this year's selling. They are all placed on our counters, come in and look them over—there is something good for everybody—men and women, boys and girls.

Alley & Co.  
Charlottetown, P. E. I.

## Montague Dental Parlors

We guarantee all our plate to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded.

Teeth pulled and extracted absolutely painless.

A. J. FRASER, D. D. S.  
Aug. 15, 1906—3m

## Man Wanted.

Near Charlottetown, to show and assist us to sell properties. No experience necessary, if you are willing to let us teach you the real estate business. Salary \$80.00 a month to start. Steady position to good man, who is willing to devote part of his time to handling customers. Address SECURITY LAND & COMMERCIAL CO., Andrus Building, Minneapolis, Minn.

## WANTED.

Information regarding good farm for sale with good title, somewhere near Charlottetown. Give price, description and character of soil. Also state when possession can be had. Owners only need answer. State how far from town. Address W. C. CUNNINGHAM, Andrus Building, Minneapolis, Minn.

## MINARD'S LINIMENT COMPANY, LIMITED.

Gentlemen—I have used MINARD'S LINIMENT on my vessel and in my family for years, and for the every day ills and accidents of life I consider it has no equal. I would not start on a voyage without it, if it cost a dollar a bottle.  
CAPT. F. R. DESJARDIN, Schr. "St. Andre, Kamaraskou"

### LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS

The meeting of the Union of Canadian manufacturers opened at Halifax yesterday. Mayor Paton and Councillor Riley represent Charlottetown.

Fire broke out in the Nixon Hotel stable at Little Current, Ont., Saturday and spread to the hotel which was destroyed with the contents. The loss is \$20,000.

At Newcastle, Ont., on Thursday morning last, the steamer *Brindale* was burned and the cook Mrs. Constantine, was either burned to death or burned getting off the burning vessel.

At Sydney the other day a four year old boy named John Morrison was run over by a galloping horse and received such serious injuries that he died the following morning.

Hon. William Templeman, Minister of Island Revenue arrived at Charlottetown from Sydney Saturday night and left for Moncton Monday morning. The Minister is making a tour of the Maritime Provinces, visiting officials of his department, etc.

At the Cheese Board meeting on Friday last all the cheese board, except that from Haslebrook, was bought by R. E. Spillist for 1 1/2 cents per pound. That is certainly an excellent price at any season of the year, especially for July cheese.

A despatch of the 13th to London from Copenhagen says a telegram has been received there from Helmsfors to the effect that Lieut. Denton Kabanski and W. Jamoff, aged 20 and 21, and five soldiers were tried by court martial and shot at Svaty for connection with the recent mutiny.

The High Mass in St. Dunstan's Cathedral on Sunday was sung by Rev. Father Cullen of St. Paul, Minn., and the sermon was preached by Rev. M. J. Smith, recently ordained here. His text was from the Gospel of the day and his discourse was a practical instruction on the virtues of humility.

The Dominion Liner *Ottawa* inaugurating the new service between Canada and Great Britain sailed from Quebec Saturday. The *Ottawa* carried a satisfactory consignment a large batch of mail matter having arrived from the North West Saturday morning. The officers of the ship expect to deliver her mail in Liverpool offices on Saturday next.

The Corinthian, the English association football team now touring Canada and the United States, won their first match in Montreal on Saturday by defeating an all Montreal eleven six goals to two. The 2000 spectators were kept waiting until five o'clock owing to the late arrival of the English team at Quebec, where they landed from the *Allen Line* Victoria.

As will be seen by reference to advertisement, the annual Scottish Gathering under the auspices of the Caledonian Club will be held at Riverside Driving Park, Vernon River Bridge on Monday next 20th inst. Special train run from Charlottetown, Summerside, and Murray Harbor. The fare from Charlottetown and returns is only 45 cents. Read the advertisement.

Dan McDonald, a native of Hastings, was run over and almost instantly killed at the open heart furnace Sydney last Friday night about ten o'clock. The deceased was a brakeman on one of the domestic trains, and set a switch in front of the train as it was entering the building. He walked for the train to come up to him and then tried to swing on board, but missing his footing fell underneath the wheels of the car, which ground the life out of him. McDonald was only a young man. Nothing very much was known of him at the plant save his place of residence.

The moving pictures representing San Francisco's earthquake and fire disasters presented in the Opera House here on Thursday and Friday evenings were very interesting and realistic. This exhibition of moving pictures is by Milton Ross, who had a large studio in San Francisco at the time, and whose establishment was destroyed. Under the management of Mr. Leonard J. Mack, this entertainment is highly instructive and interesting. In addition to the San Francisco pictures, there is an amusing feature consisting of the second part of the programme. The exhibition deserved a larger attendance than patronized the second night's entertainment.

An Ottawa despatch of the 11th says: A small boy smoking a cigarette in Dobson's barn in Wall street, Hull, started the fire which destroyed thirty-seven houses and rendered forty families, representing about 200 souls, homeless. The loss is about \$25,000 of which but \$18,000 will be met by insurance. There was a high wind from the southwest and when the blaze started fears were entertained that the great fire of 1900 would be repeated. The flames however were carried away from the populous part of the city. The Hull brigade fought valiantly, and were soon aided by Chief Provost and some of his men from Ottawa.

On Thursday afternoon the Government steamer *Montcalm* arrived at Charlottetown. She had on board Hon. L. P. Broder, Minister of Marine, his wife and two sons and a number of lady and gentlemen friends of the Minister, besides his deputy minister and private secretary. The Minister is making a tour of the Maritime Provinces and according to the published accounts of the fitting out and victualing of the *Montcalm* he will not be subjected to many privations during his progress. The Minister is presumably securing information regarding the conditions usually attending winter navigation of the Straits. The *Montcalm* went to Souris Friday.

A despatch of the 13th from St. Petersburg says: Grand Duke Nicholas Mikolodovich has declined to accept the post of Commander in Chief of all the troops of the Empire "where martial law exists" which was tendered him on August 4th. Whether this was decided before or after the attempt on the life of the Grand Duke at Krasnoyelo on August 10th is not known but the reasonable reason is that Grand Duke Nicholas believes such a post should not be given to a grand duke but a military man. The duke advocates the appointment of General Livschich, formerly Commander in Chief of the Manchuria army, but the Emperor has not finally decided the matter.

### LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS

His Majesty's battleship *Dominion* entered Charlottetown harbor Sunday afternoon and dropped anchor off Queen Street wharf about five o'clock. The *Dominion* is much the largest warship that ever visited this harbor, and is one of the finest and most powerful battleships in the British navy. That she has been named after our Dominion creates an added interest for Canadians. This fact is impressed upon visitors by the national emblems of Canada conspicuously displayed in various places about the ship. The *Dominion* is a first class battleship of the latest type. She has a tonnage of 16,300, an indicated horse power of 18,000, a speed of 18.5 knots. She carries a crew of 800 men. As already stated, Captain Kingsmill is a Canadian. On Monday afternoon the ship was thrown open to the public and she was visited by a large number of people. Monday evening a small dinner party was entertained on board the ship. The invited guests included the Lordship the Bishop of Charlottetown, the Judge of the Supreme Court, his worship the Mayor, Sir Louis Davies and the private Secretary of his Honor the Lieutenant Governor. Tuesday afternoon an at-home was given on board by the Captain and officers, and was largely attended. Tuesday evening the splendid band from the ship played in Queen Square Gardens to the delight of thousands. In consequence of the recent bereavement in the Lieutenant Governor's family, there was no entertainment at Government House. The *Dominion* left this morning.

The Fielding election trial opened at Liverpool, N. S., yesterday.

Mrs. Kelly Blackless was electrocuted at Winnipeg Sunday by grasping an electric lamp while in a bath tub.

Gillaume Gaudet, aged 71 years, for 20 years a member of the Montreal police, was found in an unconscious condition on Rideau Terrace, Ottawa, yesterday. He died soon after the priest arrived.

Branch 359 C. M. E. A. intend holding a grand picnic at Mount Stewart Station on Wednesday August 29th. Preparations for the event are now going forward and an excellent day's enjoyment may be expected.

At the annual meeting of the directors of the C. P. R. Railway in Montreal yesterday, a half yearly dividend of two per cent on the preferred stock, and of three per cent on the common stock was declared.

While people were coming out of a restaurant at Conroy Island, N. Y., Sunday morning, an unidentified man turned back to the crowd, shouting "stop, stop, stop in pursuit but at noon he was not captured. It captured lynching will follow.

Ada Geary of Brockville, Ont., age one year and eight months, daughter of a section Foreman, followed her father to work Monday taking the track a short distance from the house. A passenger train rounded a curve and before the engineer could stop, the baby was hurled into the ditch. Its arm was torn off and the body pitifully mangled.

Earl Grey accompanied by his family and members of his suite returned to Ottawa on Sunday evening. His Excellency will affix his signature to a number of commissions and Minutes of Council which have been awaiting his arrival and will spend ten days in the city. He will then leave for Quebec to make the presentation of a plate to the battleship *Dominion*.

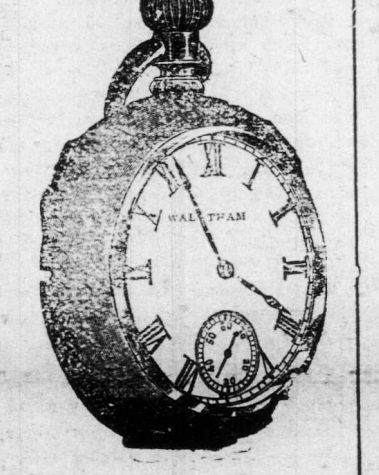
The worst drowning accident in the history of Winnipeg occurred last Saturday evening. A party of eighty people were going down Red River to River Park in a gasoline launch to join some friends at a picnic and when only about one hundred yards from landing in sight of the friends to whom they were waving a salute, their boat ran on a sunken pile and was overturned. Five out of eight were drowned, the other three being rescued by two boatmen who happened to be near. Those drowned were: Myrtle, Ethel and Ernest Brown, children of City Clerk G. Brown; Miss N. Thompson, daughter of J. Thompson, undertaker, and Miss White. Mrs. Brown, mother of the three drowned children, and A. Foxwell and F. Williams were rescued by a boatman in an exhausted condition, just as they were sinking. The two men were indifferent swimmers and were not able to render any assistance to the children. Mrs. Brown was succumbed with difficulty, and owing to shock and exposure her recovery is doubtful.

## The Celebrated English Cocoa.

## EPPS'S

## COCOA

The Most Nutritious and Economical.  
John A. Mathieson, J. C. — Eneas A. McDonald  
Mathieson & MacDonald  
Barristers, Solicitors  
Notaries Public, etc.  
Charlottetown, P. E. Island.  
Branch Office, Georgetown, P. E. Island, May 10, 1906—717.



## E. W. Taylor WATCHMAKER JEWELLER and OPTICIAN.

ESTABLISHED 1870.  
HANDSOME LADIES' WATCHES (Reliable) \$10.00, \$14.00, \$20.00 and \$50.00.  
CHAINS — \$2.50, \$3.50, \$5.00, up to \$20.00.  
WATCHES for Men, Regina or Waltham—(Reliable) — \$7.50, \$10.00, \$20.00 and \$35.00.  
RINGS, for Wedding or Birthdays, plain or set with precious stones.  
SPECTACLES, in rimless or mounted. Lenses adapted by testing to each eye separately.  
E. W. TAYLOR

### Automobile Tragedy.

Two chauffeurs were killed, two injured and two escaped unhurt when a new racing car plunged into a loaded farm wagon on Thomas Avenue near Wilfert crossing, Long Island railroad, in Queen's borough, New York last Thursday night. The car was traveling not less than fifty miles an hour.

The driver of the farmers wagon was unhurt. He leaped before the crash. The men killed are Wm. Waller, 23 years of age and Harry Woodcock, both of New York. The men injured who are in the St. John Hospital in Long Island City are Fred Wressenburgh and Wm. Brown also of Manhattan. Wressenburgh has contusions of the back and a sprain of the spine. Brown suffered lacerations and abrasions of the face and a badly sprained left wrist. The names of the other two are not obtainable, as they disappeared immediately after the dead and injured had been cared for. The car was a new one taken out by Mr. Brown to try. It was in racing trim. The other five went along to witness the trial. There was no destination, the route being along the Thompson Boulevard. It was close to midnight and there was not much chance of meeting vehicles. The farm wagon which was bound toward Manhattan was being driven by Herman Frickie of Elmhurst and was loaded with general garden produce. The automobile was speeding towards Jamaica and those who saw it before the crash say that it was running at a very high rate of speed. Frickie saw the headlight flying towards him and pulled well over but the machine kept straight on towards him and he jumped. Apparently Brown saw the wagon just too late. He swerved and avoided running into both horses but he took the feet from under one of them and then crashed into the truck beyond. The blow smashed the wagon and overturned it, scattering the produce over the ground. The horse that was hit was awfully mutilated. Woodcock and Waller were buried through the air and both landed on their heads and had their skulls crushed in. Woodcock was dead when picked up. Waller was alive. An automobile which came along and stopped for the wreck offered to take him to the St. John's Hospital. The car reached there in a few minutes but Waller was dead. Waller was married a few weeks ago.

# PATON & CO'S CLEARANCE OF Summer Goods

We do not intend to carry any over if a fraction of the price will move them. We expect to make things hum and would like to see you among our customers if you need any of the articles on our list.

- One hundred and twenty (120) pairs ladies summer lisle gloves at 25 p c off.
- All men's leather belts at one quarter off
- Grey Suede gloves, gents', 50c a pair
- Specials for camping out, camp stools, camp chairs, spring mattresses, folding cots and blankets, at special prices
- 100 bath towels at special prices.
- Clan Tartan steamer rugs at one quarter off
- Dropped lines—one table of discontinued lines in corsets at one-third off
- 65 white lawn shirt waists at 35c
- Black silk ruffs, just the thing for dressy neck piece, at one-quarter off
- Shirt waist suits, only a few left, at one-third off
- Small but useful things—Card of oriental buttons at 3 cents a card
- Lot of ladies' leather belts, worth up to 58c for 15c each
- Basket full of silk and lisle gloves at 10c
- Grey and tan lace gloves 42c for 15c
- Wire pump combs 35c
- Sidecombs for 10c
- Hose supports for 10c
- Wash belts for 25c
- Lace sleeves, suitable to wear with elbow sleeve dresses
- Three-quarter kid gloves in white and black
- Three-quarter Suede and lisle gloves at 45c
- Three-quarter lace mittens, black and white, \$1.25 a pair
- Big stock received of val. lace and insertion, new patterns
- Full stock of ladies' full golf jerseys, only one of a kind, the proper thing for golfing and seaside use,
- 25 real hand made linen cushion covers, ruffled, embroidered and fancy drawn work
- 25 men's blue jumpers, 65c for 25c, only one to a customer
- 18 pairs wool pants, 36, 38, 40 and 42 waist bands only, worth up to \$2.50 for 75c. Only one or two of a kind
- 22 pairs, a better quality, yours for \$1.00
- Engineers jackets, short smocks, blue serge jackets, sold from \$1.90 to \$2.95, Saturday \$2.75 to \$3.75
- 30 odd jackets, tweeds, worsteds and serges, 36 and 44, from \$5.50 to \$7.50, Saturday \$3.75 and \$2.75
- 75 boys' suits, sizes from 24 to 26, at half price
- One lot of working men's shirts, black sateen and striped galeata, at a saving of 1/4 on the dollar
- \$1.30 suit of cotton underwear, sizes for \$1.00
- The finest white shirt Paton & Co. ever offered at 68c, going today for 50c, sizes 13, 13 1/2, 14, 14 1/2 to 16 1/2. These goods cannot be bought at the factory today under \$7.50 a dozen. This save goes to our customer.
- We will offer all our soft bosom shirts Saturday evening and Monday forenoon at 75c, all sizes up to 17 1/2
- Gentlemen, here's a snap in the handkerchiefs, 3/4 hemstitched 22 x 22, 5/8 hemstitched 18 x 18, made from selected Irish lawn, pretty twenty-four line border, hemmed and ready for use, worth 8c and 11c each, Saturday and Monday forenoon 75c and \$1.00 a dozen.
- Fancy border handkerchiefs in white and plain colors, also pretty Dresden designs, Excealda finish, looks and wears, better than silk, 18, 20 and 24c
- Morley's silk and wool underwear, "Jay" brand, the world's best, in odd sizes at 1/2 to clear. \$3.00 garment for \$2.00 and \$2.50 for \$1.33. This is a great chance to fill vacancy in wardrobe
- Lot of heather mixture men's hose, from 30c to 55c
- Good cashmere hose at 33c
- All our ladies' white wear at 1/4 off
- 180 ends of carpet containing 1 1/2 yards of Brussels carpet going at 60c each
- Another lot of carpet ends, containing 1 1/2 yards five frame Brussels, going at \$1.25 each
- Big lot of Axminster ends, containing 1/2 yards, selling for \$1.75 a piece
- All the balance of our straw matting at 1-3 off
- All our English 30c oilcloth going at 19c square yard
- Lot of floor oilcloth, remnants going at clearance prices
- Good window shades, complete, for a quarter
- 7 pieces of art muslin selling cheap
- We would earnestly ask all our customers to do their shopping early, as we close the store at 6 p. m. Saturday evening, and 1 p. m. Monday.

# JAMES PATON & CO.

# Trunks & Suit Cases

This department is neglected only as far as newspaper advertising is concerned. In every other way it is far from being neglected, as it is one of the most complete and up-to-date in the store. It contains every good kind of

## Trunk, Valise or Suit Case

at prices which have made this department famous.

Don't fail to call and see our assortment when in need of anything in this line. Best goods and lowest prices always at

# M. TRAINOR & CO.,

The Store That Saves You Money.



Calendar for Aug. 1906.

MOON'S PHASES: Full Moon 41. 8h. 0m. a. m. Last Quarter 11. 9h. 47m. a. m. New Moon 19. 1h. 27m. a. m. First Quarter 26. 7h. 45m. p. m.

Table with columns: Day of Week, Sun, Mon, Tues, Wed, Thurs, Fri, Sat, High Water, Low Water. Rows for each day of the week.

Opportunity.

BY WALTER MALONE

They do me wrong who say I come no more. When once I knock and fall to find you in, For every day I stand outside your door.

Martyrs of Early Canada.

The petition recently presented to the Mayor of the city to be forwarded to the Pope, asking that canonization be conferred on six Jesuit fathers, who, in the early days of Canadian history, sacrificed their lives to their devotion to the spiritual welfare of the savage, has had the effect of once more drawing public attention to those distant days when Canada was in the making.

Hardy couriers des bois, dressed in the spoils of the chase, gallant soldiers of the old regime in gay silks and sweeping plumes, black gowned priests and friars, all filled with the same untiring energy and dauntless courage, crowd the pages of early Canadian history as in the scenes of a romance.

An Ancient Foe

To health and happiness is essential—as ugly as ever since time immemorial. It causes blemishes in the skin, disfigures the skin, inflames the mucous membranes, wastes the muscles, weakens the bones, reduces the power of resistance to disease and the capacity for recovery, and develops into consumption.

"Two of my children had scrofulous sores which kept growing deeper and kept them from going to school for three months. Ointments and medicines did no good until I began giving them Hood's Sarsaparilla. This medicine caused the sores to heal, and the children have shown no signs of scrofulous since." J. W. Hodges, Woodstock, Ont.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

will rid you of it, radically and permanently, as it has rid thousands.

of those whose organization is now petitioned for, that they consummated their work by giving up their lives at the hands of those to whose spiritual welfare they had devoted their lives.

The names of the Jesuit priest mentioned in the petition for canonization are: de Brebeuf, Daniel, Lalumet, Garnier, Ojabel and Jogues. The names of the friars, Goupil and Lalonde. Of all these the first, Father de Brebeuf, was the most striking figure.

"He was," says Parkman, "the masculine apostle of the faith, the Ajax of the mission." A man of tremendous physical force and endurance, nature had given him all the passions of a vigorous manhood, and religion had crushed them, ordered them, or tamed them to do her work—like a dammed up torrent, allowed and guided to grind and saw and weave for the good of man.

Beside him, in strange contrast, stands his co-laborer, Charles Garnier. Both were of noble birth and gentle nature, but here the parallel ends. Garnier's face was beardless, though he was over thirty-five years of age, and his constitution, bodily or mental, was by no means robust.

With none of the bone and sinew of rugged manhood he entered, not only without hesitation, but with eagerness on a life which would have tried the boldest; and sustained by the spirit within him, he was more than equal to it. His fellow missionaries thought him a saint and all his life was a willing martyrdom.

Noel Chabanel came later to Canada than these two, and it was not till 1643 that he reached the Huron mission. "He disliked Indian life—the smoke, the vermin, the filthy food, the impossibility of privacy. He had also a natural inaptitude to learning the language, and labored at it for five years with scarcely a sign of progress." But in spite of these natural deficiencies for the task, which he had taken upon himself he refused to return to France and made a vow to remain in Canada till the time of his death, a vow which he carried out to the letter.

Isaac Jogues was of a character not unlike Garnier. Nature had given no especial force of intellect or constitutional energy, yet the man was indomitable and irrepresible, as his history shows throughout. For the other members of the group of Canadian martyrs there are but few means of characterizing them otherwise than as their traits appear on the field of their labors.

The long journey performed by these devoted soldiers of the Lord, the terrible privations they suffered in the wilderness where they were obliged to go for days at a time without food, the almost incredible toil they accomplished, the innumerable adventures they met with from savage beasts and still more savage men, their many hairbreadth escapes, though they form one of the most interesting and inspiring parts of Canadian annals are all too long for insertion in brief account as this. The most that can be given here are some few details of their death.

Rene Goupil was the first of these martyrs to give up his life. He was a layman who, from religious motives and with no hope of material reward, had taken service with the Jesuits. In the month of August, 1642, he, in company with Father Jogues and another layman of the name of Couture, were with a party of Hurons paddling up the St. Lawrence at Lake St. Peter, when they were suddenly attacked by a war party of Iroquois who, after killing most of the party, conducted the remaining members among whom were the three religious to the Mohawk towns. The tortures which the prisoners endured on the way from their Spanish captors are almost beyond belief, and were equalled only by those which they suffered when they had reached their destination, where they were led from one town to another to be tortured by its inhabitants. They survived this dreadful ordeal, however, and strangely enough Goupil's death came all of a sudden through the mad rage of a young Iroquois at the friar having

We like best to call SCOTT'S EMULSION a food because it stands so emphatically for perfect nutrition. And yet in the matter of restoring appetite, of giving new strength to the tissues, especially to the nerves, its action is that of a medicine.

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made the sign of the cross on the head of a child. This was regarded as an evil spell and in revenge the Indian drove his tomahawk into the head of the religious, who fell dead with the name of the Redeemer on his lips. Jogues, after insupportable adventures and sufferings, finally effected his escape to the Dutch settlement of Manhattan and so on to Europe, whence he returned to Canada, and shortly after met his death in company with the first Lalonde at the hands of the same Iroquois to whom he had gone on a mission. A pestilence in the Mohawk villages was attributed to sorcery on his part and he and his companions were both killed by being brained with a hatchet. In Jogues died one of the purest examples of Christian heroism which this Western continent has seen.

Daniel met his death at the St. Joseph mission, which was on the south-eastern frontier of the Huron country. During the absence of a large body of the warriors a war party of the Iroquois broke in upon the little village. All who could fled except the dauntless priest who robed in full vestments, advanced to meet the savage enemy who riddled his body with arrows and bullets and then threw it into the burning dwellings.

Brebeuf and Lalumet were taken in much a similar way at St. Ignace not many months afterwards. They did not, however, find so quick and comparatively easy a death, but were made the victims of their captors most exquisite enmity in the art of torture. Brebeuf was tied to a stake and scorched from head to foot, his lips were away in order that he might not address his converts, around his neck was hung a collar of hatchet heads heated red hot, boiling water was poured on his head, strips of flesh torn from his limbs and finally he was scalped. He bore all these fiendish oracles with unflinching courage and the savages finally in despair of breaking down his resolution tore out his heart and devoured it in the hope of sharing in his bravery. Thus died Jean de Brebeuf, the founder of the Huron missions, its truest hero, and its greatest martyr. Lalumet, physically weak from childhood, and slender almost to emaciation, was constitutionally incapable of such a display of fortitude. After being wrapped in burning bark he was led back to a hut and tortured there all night, till one of the Iroquois growing weary of the entertainment, killed him with a hatchet.

Garnier died at St. Jean, a mission in the country of the Tobacco Nation. This was also surprised by a war party of Iroquois and Garnier was shot as he was running about giving absolution to his people. He was not killed instantly but with his last dying energy was dragging himself toward a wounded convert when an Iroquois rushed upon him and brained him with a hatchet.

Chabanel was the last of the group to suffer martyrdom, which he met at the hands of a renegade Huron who met him in the forest when he had been deserted by his escort, fleeing from fear of an Iroquois war party. The murderer afterwards confessed that he had killed him and thrown his body into a river, after robbing him of his blanket, his clothes, his hat and the bag in which he carried his books and papers.

Thus perished eight men whose lives were one long devotion to the spiritual welfare and uplifting of the savages of the new world, and who for the accomplishment of this end endured every toil and privation, encountered every peril, and finally gave up their very lives. Their history is one which for devotion to high ideals and unflinching heroism stands high in the annals of all time and adds a new dignity and lustre to the story of Canada.—Montreal Star.

A Day At A Time. THIS IS THE BEST WAY TO LIVE.

Worry is one of the worst curses of modern life. I say of modern life, not because people a thousand years ago did not worry, because as civilization advances men become more highly strung, more sensitive, and less capable of detachment. Thus we often say, in a very expressive phrase, that a thing "gets on our nerves." Something distressing happens to us, and we cannot shake it off. Some one treats us rudely, harshly, or unkindly, and the word of deed rankles in our minds. We think it over until it is magnified into a grievous and international insult. We take it to bed with us, and no sooner is the light put out than we begin to recall it, and turn over in our minds all the circumstances that occasioned it. We sleep feverishly, haunted all the time with the sense of something disagreeable. We wake, and the accused thing is still ranking in our minds. This is one form of worry, which is very common among people of sensitive minds.

Another form of worry is the tendency to brood over past errors. The business man, or the public man, is suddenly overwhelmed with the conviction that he has made an awful mistake of things. The worst of all calamities is the lack of energy to grapple with calamity, and in most cases it is worry that breaks down a man's energy.

A third, and perhaps a more common worry, is the gloomy anticipation of future calamities. There are some men who, however happy they may be to-day, are perpetually frightening themselves with the possibilities of a disastrous tomorrow. They live in terror. When actual sorrow comes upon us, most of us discover unexpected resources of fortitude in ourselves. But nothing sickens the heart so much as imagined sorrow. Of this form of worry we may well say, 'It's wicked!'

The Leader of the Opposition. In an elaborate description of the Leaders in the Federal Parliament the correspondent of the Toronto News, independent, has this to say about Mr. Borden:—

"Mr. Borden has gained. His hold on his party is increasing in firmness, his attack has improved in vigor and point, and he seems to have got the ear of the public. He has enhanced his high reputation as a parliamentary lawyer by his success in the duel which Mr. Aylesworth deliberately challenged him. More important, he has advanced in astuteness and leadership. His conduct of the situation created by the government's decision to put the Lord's Day legislation through was a very pretty piece of handling. He has been charged with tactics this subject as a politician. This accusation, whatever it is worth, the Government must share. Had politics, the hope that passing the bill would strengthen it, nothing to do with its decision to take the matter up."

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MILBURN'S LAXA LIVER PILLS. CURE CONSTIPATION. CURE BILIOUSNESS. CLEAN COATED TONGUE. Sweetens the breath and clears away all waste and poisonous matter from the system.

The Modern Lochinvar. When young Lochinvar rode out from the West, He claimed that his automobile was the best; It was painted dark red and it brilliantly shone. He went like a streak and he rode all alone; He shot over ruts with a zipp and a jar, And people fled madly from young Lochinvar. With a whirl of his wheels and a hum of his cogs He knocked down the children and ran over dogs; He frightened the horses and laughed at their pranks, And men who got angry he looked on as cranks; He gave her the very last notch on the bar, And a cloud of dust followed the gay Lochinvar. He stayed not at bridges, he stopped not for stone, He calmly took all of the roads as his own, Till he came to a crossing and smashed through a gate And endeavored to butt through a trainload of freight— They searched and at last, lying under a car, They found a few chunks of the bold Lochinvar.

Sick With Worms. Mrs. J. D. Mayo, South Stukely, P. Q., writes the following: "One of my children took sick with worms and after trying everything without getting relief we procured Dr. Low's Worm Syrup which acted promptly and effectually."

Doctor the Horses. Mrs. Thos. Thompson, Roland, Man., writes: "My husband would not be without Hagar's Yellow Oil in the house, as he uses it a good deal for doctoring up the horses and considers it splendid." Price 25c.

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff. "Now," said the fussy old gentleman, putting one of the biggest plums in his mouth and picking up another, "what is the sense of having that notice read, 'French plums for sale?' Don't you see that 'French plums' would be enough? Don't you suppose that everybody knows they are for sale?" "I dunno," answered the grocer; "some folks seem to think I'm giving them away."

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IMMENSE Clearance Sale OF MEN'S HIGH CLASS Furnishing Goods!

Discounts from 33 1-3 to 50 per cent.

We have decided to retire from this branch of our business and devote our whole attention to the tailoring and clothing business. In order to do so we offer the greatest bargains in Men's Furnishings ever placed before the people of P. E. I. The stock is fresh and clean, the greater part being this spring's importation.

- White Shirts, Colored Shirts, Linen Collars, Linen Cuffs, Flannel shirts, Black Sateen Shirts, Balbrigan Underclothing, Nature all wool do. Stanfield's Underclothing, Cotton Night Shirts, Flannel Night Shirts, Nature all wool Night Shirts, Dent's Gloves, Perrin's Gloves, Neckwear, Suspensers. Belts, Socks, Handkerchiefs, Rain Coats, Umbrellas, Men's and Boys' Caps, White Vests, Fancy Vests, Light Summer Coats.

35 Men's Suits and Trousers made for customers but never called for will be sold at less than first cost of cloth and making. Job lot Shirts 25 and 50 cents each; Job lot Caps 10 to 25 cents each; 300 Neckties 5 to 10 cents each.

Sale Now On For Cash Only. GORDON & MACLELLAN

Souvenir Cards 25,000 IN STOCK

ALL KINDS OF JOB WORK. Executed with Neatness and Despatch at the HERALD Office, Charlottetown, P. E. Island

Souvenir Books Prince Edward Island.

Nothing finer in this line published in AMERICA, 50 View Books 25 cents, 150 View Books 50 cents. Also a great variety of Souvenirs in Chinaware, &c., &c.

CARTER & CO., Ltd. Opposite New Market, Queen Street, Booksellers, &c.

FIRE INSURANCE. Royal Insurance Company of Liverpool, G. B. Sun Fire offices of London. Phoenix Insurance Company of Brooklyn. Combined Assets \$100,000,000. Lowest rates and prompt settlement of Losses. JOHN MACBACHERN, AGENT. Mar. 22nd, 1905.