

TWO RUSSIAN WARSHIPS DESTROYED

THE VARIAG AND KORITZ
SUNK IN CHEMULPO HARBORRussians Were First to Attack, But Were Driven Back
After a Sharp Fight—Crews Board French Warship.

2,000 RUSSIAN VOLUNTEERS REPORTED CAPTURED

A Dispatch From St. Petersburg Claims a Russian Victory at
Port Arthur—Emperor Nicholas Issues an Official Declaration of War—Admits Jap Naval Superiority.

London, Feb. 10. — Baron Hayashi, the Japanese minister here, has received official confirmation from Tokyo of the destruction at Chemulpo of the Russian first-class cruiser Variag and the third-class cruiser Korietz.

The cruiser Variag, which was built at Cramp's shipyard, Philadelphia, in 1895, was of steel and unheated. She was of 6,500 tons displacement, and her indicated horse-power was 20,000. On her speed trials she made 24 knots per hour for eight hours. She was 400 feet long, 52 feet in beam and had a depth of hold of 20 feet. The Variag's armament consisted of 12 6-inch quick-firing guns, 12 12-pounder quick-firing, 8 35-pounder quick-firing, 2 1-pounders, and 2 torpedo tubes, two of which were submerged.

The Korietz was built in Stockholm. She was of steel and was 206 feet in length, 35 in beam, 1,413 tons displacement and 1,500 indicated horse-power. Her speed was 12 knots. The armament of the Korietz consisted of 2 8-inch breech-loaders, 1 6-inch breech-loader, 4 4.1-inch quick-firing, 2 6-pounder quick-firing, 4 torpedo tubes, 2 1-pounders, and 2 torpedo tubes.

A dispatch to the Central News from Port Arthur says the Japanese fleet returned there Tuesday afternoon, and

These advices also claim that Chemulpo, Korea, has been occupied by Russian soldiers and marines. No further details of the fighting off Port Arthur have been made public here, beyond the official bulletins. No telegrams from abroad concerning the attacks have been received. All newspaper dispatches over the Siberian line have been stopped and the telegraph office refuses to accept private messages for the far east, except over the Persian line. There is skepticism expressed in certain quarters that the full extent of the Russian losses has not been given out.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 10.—2:30 p.m.—In Government circles the official bulletins are accepted as accurately representing the extent of the naval disaster, the general impression being that the Russian authorities did not expect early success, especially at sea. The whole city awaited anxiously last night for official news. Extraordinary scenes were witnessed in and around the newspaper offices, and a crowd of people literally besieged the ministry of the interior, where the official Messenger is published, smart carriages driving up in quick succession, and the lowest of the lower classes waiting in the snow-covered street, waiting patiently till far into the morning for the first numbers containing the official bulletins. When the text of these communications had leaked out the crowds expressed great indignance at the fact that nothing was said about injuries inflicted upon Japanese warships.

WHAT BERLIN THINKS.

Japan's Command of the Sea Practically Settled by Fight.

Berlin, Feb. 10. — The naval men here were doing little else at the admiralty department today than talking about the Japanese-Russian engagement, and the deduction to be drawn therefrom. One conviction was that Japan had acquired such a superiority that her command of the sea practically results. The unwillingness of the Russian fleet at Port Arthur to leave the protection of the shore batteries, and the opinion of the naval experts here, to conduct her landing operations unmolested. It is believed Port Arthur will be invested on the land side as quickly as possible. One of the Japanese objects in engaging the forts, it was further pointed out, was, of course, to draw the Russian fire and locate the guns on shore. That the Japanese ships withdrew was not regarded as indicating loss.

A contrast is also made between the condition of Japanese and Russian ships. All the former were docked within six weeks, and every bit of internal apparatus was in perfect order and tuned up for action, while some of the Russian vessels, it was added, had not been docked for a year.

CZAR DECLARES WAR.

Issues a "Supreme Manifest" Calling Russians to Arms.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 10. — The Official Messenger this morning contains the following "supreme manifest":

"By the grace of God, we, Nicholas, Emperor and Autocrat of All the Russias, etc., make known to all our loyal subjects:

"In our solicitude for the maintenance of peace, which is dear to our heart, we made every exertion to consolidate tranquility in the far east. In these peaceful aims we signified assent to the proposals of our Government, and to revise agreements regarding Korean affairs existing between the two Governments. However, the negotiations upon this subject were not brought to a conclusion, and Japan, without awaiting receipt of the last responsive proposals of our Government, declared the negotiations broken off, and the diplomatic relations with Russia dissolved.

"Without advising us of the fact that the breach of such relations would in itself mean an opening of warlike operations, the Japanese Government gave orders to its torpedo boats to suddenly attack our squadron standing in the outer harbor of the fortress of Port Arthur. Upon receiving reports from the vicar, in the far east about this, we immediately commanded him to answer the Japanese challenge with armed force.

"Making known this our decision, we, with unshaken faith in the help of the Almighty, and with a firm expectation of assistance from all our loyal subjects to stand with us in defense of the fatherland, we ask God's blessing upon our stalwart land and naval forces.

"Given at St. Petersburg, Jan. 27, 1904. A. D. (New Calendar, Feb. 9, 1904), and in the tenth year of our reign. Written in full by the hands of Imperial Majesty.

GREAT LOSS OF RUSSIANS.

Eleven Ships Out of Action in First Day of the War.

A summary of the losses sustained by Russia in the first 24 hours of the war with Japan show that eleven Russian warships were placed out of action in one way or another and that

SUMMARY OF WAR SITUATION.

The first forty-eight hours of the Russo-Jap war have ended greatly to the advantage of the latter. The Japanese audacity, and great naval efficiency, have put eleven of the enemy's warships out of action, two of them, the Czarevitch and the Retvizan, being amongst the most powerful in the Czar's navy. It is believed that the balance of the Russian fleet, bottled up in Port Arthur, is helpless for the present. Another of the Mikado's fleets swooped down on Chemulpo, Korea, and after a stiff fight destroyed the Russian cruisers the Variag and the Korietz. An army of twelve thousand Japanese troops have landed at Chemulpo, and unimpeded is marching toward Seoul, the Korean capital.

The Russian fleet at Vladivostok is said to be icebound. China has given assurances of her neutrality, which will prevent the coaling by Russian fleets at Chinese ports.

The Czar has issued a supreme manifesto, in which war is officially declared against Japan, and troops from all parts of the empire are being hurried to the Far East. France, Great Britain and the United States, have all declared they will remain neutral. Secretary Hay, of the United States Government, has approached the powers with a view to having China and Manchuria declared neutral. Great enthusiasm prevails throughout Russia over the declaration of war. Japanese fleet appears before Port Arthur a second time and bombards the Russian ships and fortresses.

the Japanese did not lose a ship. The losses were as follows:

1. Battleship Retvizan, torpedoed and beached at Port Arthur.
2. Battleship Czarevitch, torpedoed and beached at Port Arthur.
3. Battleship Pollava, hole below waterline, at Port Arthur.
4. Armored cruiser Boyarin, disabled by Japanese fire at Port Arthur.
5. Cruiser Pallada, torpedoed at Port Arthur and beached.
6. Cruiser Novik, hole below waterline, at Port Arthur.
7. Cruiser Gromoboy, hole below waterline, at Port Arthur.
8. Cruiser Diana, hole below waterline, at Port Arthur.
9. Cruiser Gromoboy, hole below waterline, at Port Arthur.
10. Torpedo gun vessel Korietz, destroyed at Chemulpo, Korea.
11. Gunboat Mandju, said to have been seized at the Japanese at Nagasaki, Japan.

Another report, however, says the Mandju is at Shanghai.

MAY IMITATE CERVEA.

Hayashi Thinks Russian Fleet Will Run for the Open.

London, Feb. 10. — "We were slow in negotiating, so we are making up for lost time by quickness in action," said Baron Hayashi this morning. "The engagements at Port Arthur and Chemulpo were merely in accordance with plans long matured. So soon as our forces are landed in Korea I look for an important fleet action at Port Arthur. The Russian vessels are not likely to give up the advantage they gained by being under the cover of their land batteries. By going to the Chinese side, however, the Japanese fleet, by high angle fire, can drop in shells which would make it very uncomfortable for the Russian ships. I expect the Russian fleet to be driven close to one another. Thereby it is hoped to drive out Viceroy Alexieff's force. Possibly, like Admiral Cervea, he may anticipate fate and, if come into the open of his own accord. The present events merely go to show the utter uselessness of the Russian fleet from a strategic viewpoint."

Dealing with Secretary Hay's note to the powers on the subject of preserving the integrity of China, Baron Hayashi said:

"The neutrality of China was first recognized by Baron Hayashi only four months ago. Japan's brutality in the present battle has been landed at Chemulpo, Korea.

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GENERAL KODAMA,
Head of Japanese Land Forces.

regret. It was frankly admitted that Russia expected to be defeated upon the seas, but it was added that she would certainly conquer on land. Information has been received here showing that the British Government will issue a declaration of neutrality, within a few days, perhaps immediately, and that France will take the same course within a day or two.

The Japanese press announces that Japan has requested China to declare coal contraband of war. The effect of this would be to restrict the main coal supply of the Russian fleet at Port Arthur. The Japanese officials add that China's continuance of supplying the Russians with coal would be a breach of neutrality.

ANOTHER JAP VICTORY?

Reported to Have Disabled Two Warships at Chemulpo.

London, Feb. 9. — A Tokyo dispatch says: It is reported here that the Japanese fleet engaged and defeated two Russian warships, whose names have not yet been learned, at Chemulpo, Korea, today. It is said the engagement began at 11 a.m., and continued until 3 p.m. The smaller Russian vessel is reported to have been sunk and the larger one fired and hopelessly disabled. A part of the crew is reported to have escaped to the shore and to have been captured. The Japanese ships are reported to be slightly damaged. Official confirmation of the report is unobtainable. It was reported that the Russian cruisers Korietz and Variag, were lying at Chemulpo yesterday, and it is possible they may have been reported to have been engaged.

In a dispatch from Tien Tsin, dated Feb. 9, a correspondent is reported there that the Russian cruisers Variag and Korietz, at Chemulpo, hauled down

their flags without firing a shot, and that 8,000 Japanese immediately landed and the march to Seoul commenced. Japanese troops also landed at the chief points in Southern and Western Korea. One division of the Japanese guards holds Fusan and Chemulpo. Altogether three divisions of Japanese troops, each 12,000 men, have been mobilized.

Another correspondent of the Daily Mail telegraphs from Port Arthur, under date of Feb. 5, that the Russian advance has commenced. General Krastinsky will leave Liao Yang tomorrow for the Yalu River at the head of the third brigade of artillery, consisting of twenty-four guns, and three regiments of infantry. The third, fourth and fifth infantry brigades are entrenched along the railroad at a distance of 40 miles from Hail Cheng, and three batteries of the 1st heavy artillery are at the same place. The greatest activity prevails here, and ammunition is being served out at an average of 150 cartridges per man. New recruits are being enrolled with feverish haste."

PARIS, Feb. 9. — China, it is understood, has given official assurances that she will immediately issue a declaration of neutrality. This is considered highly important in view of the possibility of Chinese, impressed by the Japanese success at Port Arthur, joining the Japanese.

RUSSIAN REINFORCEMENTS.

Odessa, Feb. 9. — The Russian volunteer cruiser Tampov sailed today with a full cargo for the far east. The Russian steamers Kieff and Vladimir are starting for the far east this week. Copenhagen, Denmark, Feb. 9. — The Great Northern telegraph line to Japan via Vladivostok has been closed to general traffic.

CAPTURED MAIL STEAMER.

London, Feb. 9. — 7:15 p.m. — A dispatch to Reuters Telegram Company from Cervera, says that a Russian mail steamer Mongolia, which left Shanghai Sunday, was captured by the Japanese off Shan Tung Peninsula.

JAP ARMY IN COREA.

Peking, Feb. 9. — About 1,000 Japanese troops disembarked at Chemulpo, Korea, yesterday, notwithstanding the presence there of two Russian warships.

MAY WITHDRAW.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 9. — A dispatch to the Novoye Vremya from Port Arthur says: In consequence of Korea's neutrality it is assumed here that Japan will be obliged to withdraw her infantry and artillery from Seoul.

LANDED NEAR SEOUL.

Rome, Feb. 9. — Official advices received here from Tokyo say that four battalions of Japanese infantry have landed in Korea near Seoul.

WARSHIPS ICEBOUND.

It appears, the correspondent continues, that the Russian warships at Vladivostok are icebound.

HAD A NARROW ESCAPE.

The Foo, Feb. 9. — The British steamer Columbia, which arrived today from Port Arthur, reports that she had a narrow escape from injury during the Russo-Japanese naval battle. While going out of the roads at Port Arthur the Russian cruiser Novik got between the Columbia and the Japanese fleet. Shells which passed over the Novik, struck the Columbia. Her flag was cut into shreds, and one shell fell on her deck. The faces of those who were on deck were blacked with powder smoke.

TO NURSE WOUNDED.

Moscow, Feb. 9. — The local Red Cross Society is besieged by women of high and low degree who are offering their services to nurse the wounded.

ARE THE FRENCH HELPING RUSSIA?

Tricolor Hoisted Over a Fortress Vacated by the Russians.

London, Feb. 9. — A dispatch to Reuters Telegram Company from Tien Tsin says: A French transport, with a battalion of troops from Kwang in hourly expected at Shan Hai Kwan, on the Gulf of Liao Tung, to garrison the forts which are being vacated by the Russians. It is reported that the tricolor of France was hoisted there this morning, and that the British officer in charge at Shan Hai Kwan protested against the French occupation. At present there is only a single sentry guarding the flag. The British commander here, Brigadier Ventris, and his chief of staff, proceeded to Shan Hai Kwan this morning.

BIG CHICAGO FIRE.

Chicago, Feb. 10. — Fire, which originated in a building occupied by the Chicago Tailor Company, last night, destroyed that plant and the plants of the Chicago Picture Packing Company, and the Wintermeier Company. Loss will aggregate \$550,000. Seven firemen were injured, one of them, N. C. Margraff, will die.

HOW THE MIKADO'S MEN
CRIPPLED CZAR'S BIG FLEETSplendid Audacity of the Japanese Night Attack at
Port Arthur—The Russians Caught Unprepared.

TORPEDO BOATS RUN GAUNTLET OF ENEMY'S FIRE

After Completing Deadly Work the Little Boats Fled to the Outer
Harbor, When the Japanese Squadron Took Up the
Fight—Dispatches Say Battle Is Still Raging.

Paris, Feb. 9. — The following official dispatch dated Feb. 9.—has been received here from Port Arthur: "A Japanese fleet composed of fifteen armored ships has bombarded Port Arthur since this morning. The Japanese fleet has gone out and a combat is in progress." La Revue Russe says it learns from St. Petersburg that this bombardment began during last night.

THE RUSSIAN REPORT.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 10, 1 a.m.—The following official bulletin has just been issued in the form of a telegram from Viceroy Alexieff, chief of staff, dated Feb. 9.—"By order of the Viceroy I beg to report that this day at about 11 o'clock in the morning a Japanese squadron consisting of about fifteen battleships and cruisers approached Port Arthur and opened fire. The enemy was received with a cannonade from the shore batteries, and the guns of our squadron, which also participated in the engagement. At about midday the Japanese squadron ceased its fire and left, proceeding south. One of the ships of the shore batteries wounded, nine men killed, and forty-one men wounded. On the shore batteries one man was killed and three were wounded. The battleships Pollava and the cruiser Novik each had a hole knocked in her side below the water line. The forts were slightly

immediately that the news of the diplomatic rupture became known. This information was conveyed to the Japanese admiral by a destroyer dispatched from Tushima, Saturday evening. The Japanese scouting cruisers had given accurate information of the precarious situation of the Russian fleet outside Port Arthur. The squadron steamed slowly in battle formation Sunday midday toward its goal, and came within sight of Port Arthur under cover of darkness. It cruised slowly outside without showing lights. The Russians were lying in the roadstead, apparently feeling secure from attack. Nearly all the Japanese torpedo boats were dispatched on their dangerous and daring task. They rushed full steam on the enemy. There were completely surprised. A great rattle of small arms greeted the invaders, who, however, escaped unhurt, and the Retvizan, the Czarevitch and the Pallada were almost immediately torpedoed. The Japanese boats escaped along the entire line of Russians, exposed by this time to a terrible fire from machine guns and small arms from both the shore batteries and the ships. There was the utmost consternation among the Russians, which probably accounts for the Japanese torpedo boats escaping practically unscathed and rejoicing the admiral's fleet. The admiral's fleet, during the attack, kept out of range of Russian searchlights. Line of battle

ly damaged. (Signed.—Major-General Flue).

WERE UNPREPARED.

A naval officer who was recently at Port Arthur says the Russians were not prepared for the attack and had an insufficient amount of steam up. A boat patrolled the Straits of Pe Chi Li continuously, but apparently the Japanese torpedo boats were not noticed until after the first torpedo was fired. The Russians fired, but the Japanese did not return the fire, and backed off. An hour later the discharge of torpedoes repeated, of which the torpedo boats withdrew some distance. At 10 o'clock Tuesday morning the Japanese fast cruisers circled within view of the whole Russian fleet, but they were not engaged. The Russians returned toward the harbor after an hour. The Japanese came within three miles.

THE RUSSIANS POOR SHOTS.

A battle then began between the Russian forts and fourteen ships and the sixteen Japanese vessels. A few of the Japanese shells were effective, but as far as seen the Russian shots fell short. The Japanese fleet was steaming toward Dally when, seen last.

The Columbia left just as Tuesday morning's contest began and was unable to learn the result. It is probable that the Japanese fleet was conveying twenty-six troop ships from Sasbo to some point in Korea. The Japanese are reported to be in possession of the southern portion of the peninsula.

The Russian war vessels at Vladivostok are the armored cruisers Rurik, Rossia, Gromoboy and the Bogatyr, a screw corvette, built in 1880. Russia has 1,000 tons of coal at Port Arthur, but the coal must be taken out to the battleships in lighters. The Russian battleships disabled by the Japanese are floated.

London, Wednesday, Feb. 10. — In a dispatch from Chefoo, dated Feb. 9, a correspondent of the Daily Express says: "The Japanese have dealt the Russians a crushing blow at Port Arthur. An advance squadron of the Japanese fleet, under command of Vice-Admiral Togo, and comprising sixteen battleships and cruisers, with a numerous flotilla, left the main fleet

was then formed, and the Japanese fleet moved within a range of two and one-half miles and opened fire on the Russians. The battle is understood to be still raging, and the widest reports are current. The Chinese population of Chefoo is in a frenzy of excitement at the reports that the Japanese, whom they now regard as their friends, scored the first victory.

ANOTHER ACCOUNT.

Chefoo, Feb. 9. — The Japanese fleet attacked Port Arthur at midnight on Monday. Two Russian battleships and one Russian cruiser were disabled by torpedoes. The battle is being continued this morning at a range of three miles. There has been no further damage.

The steamer Columbia has arrived from Port Arthur with additional news of the attack by the Japanese fleet, upon the Russian fleet in the roads outside of the harbor of Port Arthur. The Columbia was in the roads at the time, and felt the shock of a torpedo explosion at 11 o'clock Monday night. The attack continued all night, and at daylight this morning two Russian battleships and one first-class Russian cruiser were seen to have been disabled and beached at the entrance of the harbor. The cruiser was badly damaged. This morning the Russian forts opened fire on the Japanese fleet, which was about three miles distant. The Japanese vessels returned the fire, hitting several of the Russian ships, but doing little damage. The Japanese cruisers then went out and the Japanese vessels disappeared. They were seen later going in the direction of Dally, apparently undamaged. Although officers of the Columbia say there were 17 in the attacking party, only 15 were seen later in the day by the steamer Foo Chow.

The steamer Foo Chow from Dally passed through the Japanese fleet to a dispatch from Chefoo, dated Feb. 9, says that the Japanese fleet consisted of six battleships, four first-class cruisers and six other vessels. They were 18 miles from Port Arthur this morning. They were proceeding in a southeasterly direction. The Foo Chow brought 300 Japanese refugees. The Japanese consul, just returned from Dally, says

[Continued on page 5.]

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BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS.

MARRIED.
DEMPSTER TAYLOR-On Feb. 3, 1904, at the residence of the bride's parents, by Rev. Hector Mackay, Nellie May, eldest daughter of Samuel Taylor, Esq., London Junction, to J. Herbert Dempster, B.A., of the Windsor Record.

DIED.
MOORHEAD-At the family residence, 47 Elizabeth street, Frederick Percival, son of Charles G. and Alice Moorhead, aged 14 years.

BARNARD-On Wednesday, Feb. 10, 1904, at the family residence, 523 Dundas street, Matilda A., relict of the late Peter C. Barnard, in her 96th year.
Funeral (private) on Friday at 2:30 p.m., to Woodland Cemetery; service at 2 o'clock.

Transient Condensed Advertisements
-No Advertisement Less Than Ten Cents.

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES, ETC.
Two cents per word each insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

ARTICLES FOR SALE TO LET, HELP WANTED, SITUATIONS WANTED, BOARD AND LODGINGS, LOST AND FOUND, ROOMS TO LET, REAL ESTATE FOR SALE, ETC.-First insertion one-half cent per word. No advertisement less than ten words. Subsequent insertions, five cents per word. For price of each insertion, six insertions for price of five; twelve for price of ten; twenty-four for price of fifteen; one month for price of sixteen.

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES, ETC.
Two cents per word each insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

GRAND - Friday Next
Mr. Wm. Bonelli and Miss Rose Stahl, in the Great Play

A MAN OF THE WORLD
25c, 50c, 75c. Seats on sale today.

SATURDAY, MAT. AND EVE.
GEORGE F. HALL IN
Maurice J. Fielding's Big Spectacular Comedy

A Ragged Hero.
15c, 25c, 35c, 50c. Matinee, 15c and 25c. Seats on sale tomorrow.

PLAN OPEN FOR
Pittsburg
Orchestra

Subscribers, Friday, 12th, at 9 a.m.
General public, Monday, 15th, at 9 a.m.

A few more tickets still on sale at music stores

SIX DAYS
Is the time made by the Cunards ships, New York to London, P. B. Clarke, agent, 416 Richmond street.

TONY CORPSE - THE ORIGINAL
London Harpers. Music furnished for all occasions. 161 Maple street. Telephone 1570.

VOICE CULTURE - EVA N. ROBYN
McKillop's residence, 331 St. James street; phone 1270.

RACES TONIGHT - WESTMINSTER
Rink. Senior city championship and second heat of boys. Cadet Band. Gentlemen, 15c; ladies, 10c.

HOCKEY TONIGHT AT JUBILEE
Rink. Two games. Senior City League. First, Y. M. C. A. vs. Seventh Regiment; second, Aberdeens vs. St. Johns.

McCLARY'S BASEBALL CLUB
City League-Annual hop in City Hall on Friday, Feb. 12. 22c-tkw

PRIVATE LESSONS IN DANCING
By Mr. R. B. Millard. Special attention given to waltz and two-step. Rapid teaching; low rates; lessons any hour; satisfaction guaranteed. Residence and academy, 345 Princess avenue.

CAN YOU DANCE? LEARN NOW.
Start in next week. Beginners: Gentlemen, Monday; ladies, Tuesday evening 8 o'clock. Liberal terms. Dayton & McCormick.

CHOICEST MUSIC FURNISHED FOR
Private parties, balls, banquets, etc. Telephone 1230. 217 Dundas street. Harpers, 31 Queen's avenue.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.
WANTED-A YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST with housework; family of three. 22 Burwell street.

COOK WANTED AT ONCE. APPLY
Fraser House.

GOOD COOK WANTED. APPLY MRS.
Raisson, Ontario House.

NURSEWOMAN WANTED-TO LOOK
after children; will go home nights. Apply Mrs. Willmot, 70 Waterloo street.

AN EXPERIENCED KITCHEN GIRL
wanted at Dominion House, corner York and Clarence street. J. J. Cox.

WANTED-GIRL OR MIDDLE-AGED
woman, to care for old lady in village. Apply, stating wages, with references, A. & D. McMillan, West Lorne, Ont.

HELP WANTED.
CUTTER WANTED FOR CAP FACTORY-State experience and salary. Imperial Cap Company, Toronto.

WANTED-GENTLEMEN OR LADIES
to employ agents; 800 per year and expenses; permanent position; experience unnecessary. Address Mr. A. O'Keefe, District Manager, 157 Bay street, Toronto.

WANTED-YOUNG MEN AND WOMEN
out of work, or who want to better their position. Learn a business that assures you a first-class position anywhere. Write or call for particulars. International Telegraph and Shortland Academy, 410-412, Block, Richmond street, London.

TEACHERS WANTED.
TEACHER FOR PRINCIPAL, HYDE Park school; second class principal, certificate; duties commence April 1. Address John Tennant, secretary, Hyde Park, Ont.

SIGN PAINTING.
GLENN BROS., 76 DUNDAS STREET-Headquarters for electric illuminated signs.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.
LICENSES ISSUED BY THOMAS GILLEAN, Jeweler, 62 Richmond street.

ISSUED BY C. D. JOHNSTON, 198
Dundas street. Private office.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY
W. H. Bartram, 9 Dundas street.

MEETINGS.

ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY-THE POST-Office annual meeting for the election of officers and other special business will be held in Room 28, Toronto Bank building, Thursday evening, the 11th inst., at 8 o'clock. Members will please attend. J. B. Cox, secretary.

MALE HELP WANTED.
MESSAGE BOY WANTED FOR EDITORIAL Department. Apply Advertiser office.

MAN TO WORK ON DAIRY FARM
Apply J. W. Griffiths, London P. O.

FARM HAND WANTED-SINGLE MAN
or man without family. Apply T. J. Waddell, Ealing P. O.

IN FROM THREE TO SIX MONTHS
at our school you can learn telegraphy, when a good position at good pay, with splendid prospects for advancement, will be ready. Our telegraph book tells how. We mail it free. Dominion School of Telegraphy, 36 King street east, Toronto.

WANTED-YOUNG MAN TO WORK ON
farm by year; good wages paid. Apply to Ernest H. Houlton, Adelaide P. O.

WANTED-AN ABLE-BODIED YOUNG
man, to assist in baking. Apply after hours, Parnell-Dean Baking Company, South London.

AGENTS CAPABLE OF HANDLING A
high grade proposition can make a small fortune in a short time. Not necessary to possess a car. No time given to the work, but an influence and acquaintance with the best class of people are essential. Give references. Apply Cooper, 35-37 Clarence street, London.

BOY, ABOUT 17 OR 18, TO ASSIST IN
office. Apply Box 17, London Advertiser.

STORE CLERK WANTED TO LEARN
English and writing and general lettering during spare time. Address Card Writer, Advertiser office.

LOST AND FOUND.
LOST-SMALL LOCKET WITH FEW links of chain attached. Kindly return to Advertiser office.

STRAYED OF STOLEN FOR SADDLERY
House-Wire-haired foxterrier, pure white. Reward for party returning same.

LOST-PRIDAY NIGHT, BETWEEN
Preston Rink and Y. M. C. A. toboggan. Finder kindly return to Y. M. C. A.

TAKEN FROM HENSALL, JAN. 18-
bay pacing mare, 15 1/2 hands, 4 years old; black Portland stater, with rug; also robe; traced to Woodham; \$25 reward for information to Box 149, Hensall, Ont.

ALL SIZES GAS AND GASOLINE
engines at 40c. Manufactured by D. McKenzie & Co., 208 Richmond.

STOP-WATCH - ENGLISH LEVER
movement; sterling silver, half-hunting case. \$20. Box 20, Advertiser office.

FOR SALE-THREE POUNDS FINEST
select raisins, 25c; three pounds cleaned Vostiza currants, 25c; Crosse & Blackwell's peaches, 25c; choice prunes, three pounds for 25c; 3 1/2 pounds icing sugar, 25c. Try our teas and coffee for good. Minneapolis, Minn. Prompt delivery. Market Grocery, 103 King street. H. T. Johnson.

WE SELL NOTHING BUT ASIAN-
TARI good baths, water closets, wash-basins, urinals, iron and lead pipes, pumps, etc. Smith Plumbing Company, Masonic Temple, King street.

FOR SALE-ONE THOROUGHLY
Shenley Durham Bull, 13 months old; of extra good quality. Apply to Ernest H. Houlton, Adelaide P. O., Ont.

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BUSINESS CARDS.

STRATFORD & BAWDEN, CONTRACT-
ING Plasterers. Telephone 1400. Henry Stratford, 550 Hamilton road; George Bawden, 191 Grey street.

WANTED - 300 CORDS SOFT WOOD
for brickyard purposes; state quality and price. Address: Johnston, Masonic Temple, London.

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SCRIPTIONS. Hats powdered and dressed. See new line of fancy shell goods. Miller's Hair Store, 22 Dundas street.

DR. C. P. JENITO, 307 QUEEN'S AVENUE
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DR. JOHN D. WILSON-OFFICE AND
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DR. MACKLIN HAS REMOVED, 46
Park avenue. Telephone 740.

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R. OVENS, M.D., L.R.C.P. AND S.
Edinburgh, 235 Queen's Avenue East, R. Ovens, M.D., L.R.C.P. AND S. Edinburgh, 235 Queen's Avenue East, R. Ovens, M.D., L.R.C.P. AND S. Edinburgh, 235 Queen's Avenue East.

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DR. BATESON, 509 RICHMOND
street. Telephone 1,136.

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street. Hours, 12 to 4 and 6 to 8.

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ARCHITECTS.
MOORE & HENRY - ARCHITECTS, LAND SURVEYORS, JOHN M. MOORE. Frederick Henry.

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TECTS, Dundas block. Telephone 306. Herbert Matthews. William Murray.

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building, London.

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MONEY TO LOAN - EASY TERMS;
lowest rates. Avery Casey, barrister, 87 1/2 Dundas street, London.

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M. P. McDonald, barrister, 418 Talbot street.

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DR. G. H. KENNEDY, DENTIST - Successor to the late Dr. Davis. Special- ized in the treatment of the last 173 Dundas street. Phone 375.

WOOLVERTON & BENTLEY, DEN-
TISTS, 216 Dundas street, next Edey Bros., over Calmeyer & Lawrence, Drugs.

DR. WESTLAND, DENTIST CHICAGO
Post-Office, 111 in Crown Bridge and Porcelain work. Philadelphia post- graduate. Porcelain. Masonic Temple, first floor.

DR. A. G. FRASER, DENTIST, 139
Dundas street. Telephone 1,331.

DR. HARRY SILK, DENTIST, 137 1/2
Dundas street. Terms, cash. Tele- phones: Office, 1,243; residence, 1,244.

PALMISTRY.
MADAME ROWAN, CELEBRATED palmist, will read a friend's future. Room 31, until further notice.

MADAME DUMOND, PALMIST AND
clairvoyant, is now prepared to read for you from cradle to grave. Call and be convinced. 330 Dundas street.

LIVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE
Fire and Life Insurance Company. Capital and Assets exceed \$2,000,000.

E. Tow & Co. Agents, City
Bank corner Dundas and Richmond streets. Funds loaned on real estate security. Phone 930 or 1,007.

DRESS CUTTING SCHOOL.
SHIRT WAIST CLASSES - MRS. F. E. Tow & Co. Dress cutting school, 223 1/2 Dundas street.

SITUATIONS WANTED.
ACCOUNTANT WILL POST UP NEG- lected work, audit, etc., or accept position. Best of references. Box 24, Advertiser.

DERMATOLOGY.
LADIES ATTENDING THE BAL ney will be during that day and early evening. Dermatology Institute, 44 Park avenue, have their powder, rouge and patches properly attended to. Experts of French powder, as it destroys curls and softness of hair.

STORAGE AND MOVING VANS.

IMPROVED VANS, BEST STORAGE
private rooms. Furniture, etc. Storage carted free. H. Porter & Co., 97 Carling. Phone 1,112 and 1,157.

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HONEST INVESTMENTS-INTEREST and principal secured; paying 10 per cent per annum. Particulars cheerfully given. Apply 393 Princess avenue, London. Phone 1,548.

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MRS. HARRIETTA CAULIA - MAS- SEUSE and scalp specialist. Massage a cure for wrinkles, facial blemishes, rheumatism, sciatica and nervousness. 131 Maple street.

HOUSES, ETC., TO LET.
ONE, TWO OR THREE FLATS, FOR cigar or light manufacturing. Apply on premises, 101 King street.

TWO OFFICES, WITH VAULTS, AL-
BION BUILDINGS. Apply T. H. Carling, at the Brewery.

TO LET-UNION FURNITURE VAN.
Furniture carefully handled. John Buesh, 1414 Bruce street, South London, late of London Furniture Com- pany. Phone 519.

FOREST CITY MOVING VANS, 357
Talbot street. Residence, 604 1/2 Water- loo. Telephone 1,444. Broughton-McKin- nery.

PEOPLE'S MOVING VAN-LARGEST
in city. A. Henderson, corner Colborne and Chesapeake. Phone 1,724.

ELECTRO-VAPOR BATHS.
ELECTRO-VAPOR BATHS PREVENT colds, influenza and catarrhs. Experienced male attendant. 330 Dun- das street.

THE ST. LAWRENCE HOTEL, MON-
TEAL-Centrally located and first- class in every respect. H. Hogan, prop- rietor. Residence, 731 Richmond.

CLARENCE HOUSE-NOW IN THE
hands of Fitzpatrick & O'Hagan.

BRUNSWICK HOUSE, CORNER YORK
and Clarence-St. per day. M. J. O'Don- ohue, proprietor.

DOMINION HOUSE - ADJOINING
Grand Trunk Railway station, London. J. A. Cox, proprietor.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.
ST. JOHN HYTTENRAUCH-PUPILS received for piano, harmony, sight sing- ing, etc. Residence, 731 Richmond, or homes of pupils.

JAMES CRESSWELL, TEACHER OF
violin. Conductor Grand Opera House Orchestra. Pupils received. 523 King street.

ROSSELL POCKOCK, ORGANIST AND
organist. King Street Presbyterian Church. Teacher of voice, violin and piano. 473 King street.

W. A. BLUTHNER, TEACHER OF
piano and harmony. Studio, Nord- helmer's.

CYRIL DWIGHT-EDWARDS, BARI-
TONE, late London, England-Instruc- tion in art of absolute voice production, breathing and singing. Concert and other engagements. 24 Dundas.

MARGARET B. MCCOY, SOPRANO
soloist, Dundas Center Church-Church and concert engagements and pupils accepted. 438 Dundas street.

J. W. FETTERSTON WILL RESUME
teaching on and after Jan. 9, 1904.

G. D. ATKINSON, ORGANIST DUNDAS
Center Church-Teaches piano and or- gan playing. Studio, 423 Dundas.

GEORGE C. PHELPS, ORGANIST ST.
James' Episcopal Church-Accompanist, church and concert. Studio, 221 King street. Telephone 360.

MR. A. D. JORDAN, ORGANIST OF
First Methodist Church-Teacher of piano and organ. London Conservatory of Music. Apply for terms, etc.

LEGAL CARDS.
JOHN P. PAULDS-BARRISTER, ETC., solicitor, 141 Chancery, opposite Court House. Money to loan.

A. GREENLEES-BARRISTER, ETC.,
Canadian Loan Company's building, 100 Bank street, London. Private funds to loan.

HELMUTH & IVEY -
BARRISTERS AND SOLICITORS, 100 Bank street, London. Private funds to loan.

BUCHNER & GUNN-BARRISTERS,
etc., 31 Dundas street, London; phone 930. 121 Dundas street, London. U. A. Buchner, J. M. Gunn, B.A.

MAGEE, McKILLOP & MURPHY,
barristers, solicitors, notaries, etc., 100 Bank street, London. Private funds to loan. James Magee,

London Advertiser.
 TWO EDITIONS DAILY - WEEKLY.
 TELEPHONE CALLS.
 Business Office107
 Editorial Department124
 Job Department176
 LONDON WEDNESDAY, FEB 10.

The War.

A great deal of current comment on the war by arm-chair critics will not be particularly illuminating, but there are some features which one can recognize without being a military expert. Russia's bulk is highly impressive, and when we think of the millions of bayonets she can muster, it seems on first consideration that the Japs must be crushed by sheer weight of numbers. There would be no doubt of this if Russia's millions were near the theater of war. But it is a different thing when they are eight thousand miles away, connected with the seat of hostilities by a single-track railway, which is not yet in complete working order, and, according to foreign engineers, is not of the highest standard. Any army that Russia may employ in Korea or Manchuria will be just as strong as its line of communication with the base of supplies, and no stronger. Russia cannot throw a million men into the Far East unless she can feed them. The Trans-Siberian Railway, according to the estimates of British military engineers, is incapable of sustaining in the field an army of 200,000 men, even if the operation of the railway is uninterrupted. What would happen if it broke down, or the Japs succeeded in cutting the line for any length of time? A Russian army at the front, under such circumstances, would be starved into surrender, unless Russia could bring supplies by the sea route. It will be seen that the railroad is the Achilles' heel of Russia, and that if Japan can smite the Muscovites on that part of his military anatomy, while retaining command of the sea, the result will not be long in doubt. But Japan cannot throw her whole army into Korea until she has established her naval supremacy. A Japanese army on the mainland, with its sea communications cut off, would be in the same plight as the Russian army severed from the Trans-Siberian. Russia's plan of campaign by land, Japan has already given Russia two staggering blows. Her first success at Port Arthur Monday night was followed yesterday by the destruction of two Russian cruisers at Chemulpo, a port on the west coast of Korea. The net result of these victories has been a serious reduction in Russia's naval power, which was not considered equal to Japan's in the first place. The moral effect on the Japanese must be very great.

The exact truth as to the negotiations leading up to the war is probably clouded in the ex-parte statements issued by both belligerents. Two or three facts seem clear enough. Russia was suspiciously slow in answering Japan's communications, and made use of the time in pouring troops into Manchuria. She refused to allow Japan to use Korea for strategic purposes, while, in violation of her own pledge, she continued the military occupation of Manchuria, a vantage ground from which to aggrandize herself in Korea. It is not clear whether Japan was justified in breaking off negotiations when the Russian reply to her last note was actually on its way to Tokyo, although it had been exasperatingly delayed. Perhaps Japan should be credited with sincerely believing that Russia was playing for time in which to perfect her military and naval arrangements and had no intention of renouncing her designs on the Korean Peninsula.

Laurier and the Tariff.

The meeting at the National Monument, Montreal, on Saturday night, was an extraordinary tribute to Sir Wilfrid Laurier, even in a community where he is accustomed to great ovations. The Premier referred gratefully to his restoration to health, and said he hoped to continue as head of the Liberal party and of the Government for some time yet. His health had been made a political issue in Quebec by his opponents, but the Premier was able to dispose of Mr. Tarte's ungracious statement, for which he had no warrant, that Sir Wilfrid Laurier intended to resign after the general election, and was merely acting as a stool pigeon in the interval. The main portion of his address dealt with the tariff. He said nothing to encourage the belief that he considered a radical revision necessary; certainly he held out no hope to those who are clamoring for a Canadian imitation of the Dingley tariff. He was unimpaired in his denunciation of the fiscal policy of the United States, pointing out that its fruits had been the trusts at one end, and labor conflicts at the other. "Americans in everything," he said, "are inclined to exaggeration; that is one of their faults. This exaggeration is met everywhere—in their literature, in their parliamentary debates, and more than all, in their fiscal policy. The last is so extravagant that it produced a result quite opposite to that which was expected. Their protection, pushed to its very limit, has had disastrous effects." The adoption of a similar policy in Canada, he argued, would have similar results. Canada had a better fiscal policy than the United States, a statement which the Premier was happy able to support by an appeal to experience.

"The tariff we have at present has already given the most precious results with regard to progress and prosperity. Trade has been developed immensely, our exportations have doubled, the industrial and agricultural production has been so abundant as to change the face of the country. Even the laboring classes have had plenty of remunerative work, such as never had been seen

before. Emigration, which was decreasing our population, has nearly stopped, and it has turned into an influx of immigration. It is no more the Canadian population which enriches the United States, but it is the American people who come here now to enrich Canada with their money, men and effects. Under the existing tariff Canada went out of its humble condition of colony; she is now considered as a nation which attracts the attention of all civilized countries. Am I not right to say that there is not a man from one end of the country to the other who is not now prouder of the name of Canadian than in 1896, when we took the direction of public affairs? It is before these very facts of an incontrovertible truth than some people now come and try to convince their fellow-countrymen that everything is not going on well enough and that it could go on much better."

Sir Wilfrid said he was not an apostle of free trade or protection, but boasted of being a practical man. Fiscal legislation could not be perpetual or eternal, but must be remodeled according to the different situations of the country affected. A day would come when the Government would, perhaps, be obliged to make some changes in the present tariff, and he thought the Government could accomplish the task, as, in 1897, for the welfare of all classes.

And yet a good many Canadians who are shouting for the Japs want to chase them out of this country.

Better clip the war map out of last night's paper. It will aid you in following the despatches from day to day.

The little Japs have the world's sympathy, but it is by no means certain that they need it.

The Advertiser assumes no responsibility for the spelling of proper names in this war.

There are 30,000 applicants for veterans' land grants in New Ontario. Whoever suspected this Province had so many battle-scarred heroes in its midst?

"Who sups with the devil must have a long spoon," said Joseph Chamberlain some years ago, referring to Russia's shady diplomacy. The British bluebook on Tibet shows that John Bull suspected something of the sort, and governed himself accordingly.

Mahlon Cowan, M. P., seldom comes out second best in a platform duel. Yesterday, at Watford, in discussing the tariff, he claimed that the Conservatives wanted a Chinese wall around the country, and quoted from a speech by Mr. Henderson, M. P., of Halifax, in support of the statement. Mr. Henderson, who was present, denied having used such words, but Mr. Cowan gave him the chapter and verse in Hansard. "We will put a Chinese wall round this country," said Mr. Henderson, speaking in the House of Commons on April 30 last year. This is a correct version of the Conservative policy. Why should the man from Halifax seek to repudiate it?

The Mail and Empire quotes a paragraph from The Advertiser in May last, expressing the hope that an arrangement would be made between the Intercolonial and the Grand Trunk Pacific by which the latter would transfer export traffic to the Government road at Quebec for carriage to the seaboard. In the same paragraph the view was taken that the paralleling of the Intercolonial by the Grand Trunk Pacific would be a waste of money and would injure that road. The Mail wants to know how this statement can be reconciled with the Quebec to Moncton extension, which is part of the Grand Trunk Pacific scheme. In May last when the paragraph was written, the railway committee of the Commons was discussing the question of such an arrangement between the transcontinental road and the Intercolonial, but it was found that Mr. Hays could give no adequate undertaking that traffic reaching Quebec over the Grand Trunk Pacific would be delivered to the Government road. It was feared that the bulk of the business would find its way to Portland, if the transcontinental road ended at Quebec. The extension to Moncton was afterwards decided upon as the only guarantee that traffic originating on the Grand Trunk Pacific would find an all-Canadian road to the seaboard. A year round, and build up Canadian instead of American seaports. The Moncton extension will not parallel the Intercolonial, but will open up undeveloped territory in New Brunswick and give much needed railway communication to several Quebec counties. If the Intercolonial loses traffic through the competition of the Moncton branch, the loss will be compensated by the possession of an all-Canadian route.

MR. HYMAN'S PROMOTION.

[St. John (N. B.) Globe.]
 A new member of the Government without portfolio at present is Mr. Hyman, member for London, Ontario. Mr. Hyman is a man of good business ability, a straight-away talker, and he will be an excellent administrator. What Conservative critic of the administration in his part of Canada is superior to him as a business man? Mr. Hyman has large interests in this Province, and everybody who knows him—a large number, by the way—is quite confident that he is a good addition to the executive.

[Brantford Expositor.]

The appointment of Mr. C. S. Hyman, M. P. for London, as member of the Dominion cabinet, without portfolio is one that will give unbounded satisfaction. Mr. Hyman has long been recognized as entirely deserving of the honor and has extraordinary capacity for work. His personal magnetism in his great and important parliamentary career has shown firmness, tact and readiness of decision.

[Ottawa Free Press.]

The seal has now been set upon the entrance of Mr. C. S. Hyman into the cabinet, by the swearing in of the new member today. As has been generally understood since Mr. Hyman's

name began to be mentioned in this connection, he will be a minister without portfolio for the present. His elevation to cabinet rank gives an emphatic accession of strength to the strongest Canadian Government on record, and his usefulness to the country and to the Province of Ontario will be increased by the conspicuous compliment which has been paid him and by the marked evidence of confidence which the Premier and other members of the administration have shown in his ability and his capacity for service.

[Montreal Herald.]

Mr. Charles Hyman, the new member of the Government, is a public man of the strenuous type. He has been famous as a football, baseball and lacrosse player, and is today a first-class cricketer.

[Windsor Record.]

Mr. C. S. Hyman, the popular member for London, has become a member of the Dominion Cabinet without portfolio. Mr. Hyman for the past three sessions has been chairman of the railway committee of the House of Commons, one of the most important committees in Parliament. He was also chairman of the committee appointed to rearrange the constituencies of Canada made necessary by the last census. In both these capacities, he has shown himself a man of tact and sound judgment. He is popularly known as a member of both political parties, and his name has been associated with a seat in the cabinet for some time. He will probably be a member of the cabinet for the western district of Ontario.

SIR COLIN CAMPBELL'S COMMISSION.

[Exchange.]
 When the Duke of Wellington was in India he "discovered" a soldier who afterward became Sir Colin Campbell. That dashing warrior was in the commissariat service, and had volunteered for an assault on a hill fort. The duke saw a little round man run up a ladder, and, receiving a pike thrust at the top, roll down like a ball to the bottom. He was, however, up again in an instant, and, running up like a squirrel, was the first or among the first in the place. The duke laughed, inquired about him, and procured him a commission.

SILVER THREADS.

[Old Song.]
 Darling, I am growing old,
 Silver threads among the gold
 Shine upon my brow today.
 Life is fading fast away.
 But, my darling, you shall be
 Always young and fair as I.
 Yes, my darling, you shall be
 Always young and fair to me.
 When your hair is silvery white,
 And your cheeks no longer bright,
 With the roses and the dew,
 I will kiss your lips and say:
 You, my darling, you alone,
 You have never older grown;
 You, my darling, you alone,
 You have never older grown.

RUSSIA'S DILEMMA.

[London Punch.]
 We understand that the chief difficulty which prevents Russia from giving way in the present dispute is the fear that, if she now carries out her promises as regards Manchuria, a dangerous precedent will be created.

RUSSIA'S PACIFIC AIMS.

[London Punch.]
 The statement, frequently found in St. Petersburg journals, that the aims of Russia are "Pacific" must, of course, be taken in a literal, rather than a moral, sense.

A JUDGE IN DOUBT.

[Success.]
 A member of the bar of Great Britain, with a pronounced Cockney accent, recently appeared before Justice Lawrence, of the criminal court. In the course of his remarks the advocate, who was appearing for the prosecution, involving the theft of a halter constantly alluded to the article of equine equipment as an "alter Justice Lawrence, unable to stand it further, called before him the clerk of the assize and asked, in serious tones, "Is this the crown court?" "Why, yes, my lord," answered the bewildered officer.

ERASTUS WMAN HAS PASSED AWAY

The Once Famous Financier
 Dead at New York—A
 Native of Canada.
 New York, Feb. 10. — Erastus Wiman, who at one time was prominent in the development of Staten Island, and later sustained financial reverses, died last night at his home at St. George, S. I. He suffered a stroke of paralysis three years ago, and for the past year had been in an almost helpless condition.

SIX HORSES BURNED

Disastrous Fire at Walkerville —
 Loss is \$25,000.
 Walkerville, Ont., Feb. 10. — A barn at the rear of Frank Laforet's hotel, owned by Laforet, but used by Geo. Mulcaster as a livery stable, was destroyed by fire last night. Six horses and two cows, several vehicles and a quantity of hay were burned. The building was insured, but there was no insurance on its contents. Loss \$25,000.

A \$10,000 ROBBERY

Mail Clerk Arrested in Connection With Big Bank Theft.
 Winnipeg, Man., Feb. 10. — J. H. Wilcox, a mail clerk, was arrested at Regina yesterday, charged with complicity in the robbery of \$10,000 from the mails. About Dec. 1 the Bank of Hamilton at Winnipeg, mailed \$10,000 to the branch at Vancouver by registered mail, but when the package reached Vancouver it proved to be a dummy, the \$10,000 having been abstracted en route. Since then the secret service men have been working the country from Winnipeg to Vancouver, the result being the arrest of Wilcox last evening.

A Kidney Sufferer For Fourteen Years.

TERRIBLE PAINS ACROSS THE BACK.
 Could not Sit or Stand with Ease.
 Consulted Five Different Doctors.

Doan's Kidney Pills

FINALLY MADE A COMPLETE CURE.
 Mr. Jacob Jamieson, Jamieson Bros., the well-known Contractors and Builders, Welland, Ont., tells of how he was cured: "For fourteen years I was afflicted with kidney trouble which increased in severity the last five years. My most serious attack was four years ago, when I was completely incapacitated. I had terrible pains across my back, floating specks before my eyes and was in almost constant torment. I could not sit or stand with ease and was a wreck in health, having no appetite and lost greatly in flesh. I had taken medicine from five different doctors and also numerous other preparations to no purpose. I finally began to take Doan's Kidney Pills and before I had taken five boxes the trouble left me and I now feel better than I have for twenty years. Those who know me know how I was afflicted and say it is almost impossible to believe that I have been cured, yet they know it is so. I have passed a mercurial life but I feel that I have taken on the rosy hue of boyhood."

Price 50 cts. per box, or 3 for \$1.25, all dealers or
 THE DOAN KIDNEY PILL CO.,
 TORONTO, ONT.

PREMIER ROSS' BUDGET SPEECH

Gratifying Financial Situation of the Province.

ONTARIO'S ASSETS \$3,531,600

Revenue for the Year Unusually Good—Success of the Timber Limit Sales.

[Special to The Advertiser.]
 Toronto, Feb. 9.—Premier Ross' budget speech, delivered in the Legislature today, was an able and lucid exposition of the prosperous and gratifying financial situation of the Province, and an ample demonstration that Mr. Ross, in his capacity as treasurer, had maintained a firm and intelligent grasp not only of the larger concerns of his department, but of its minutest details. It was a model budget speech—direct, business-like and easily followed. He pointed out that while the expenditures were larger than ever before, the revenue had more than kept pace with their advance, the receipts in several departments being record ones. He outlined for the current year an inviting and ambitious programme, whose fulfillment cannot fail to materially advance the interests of the Province; and closed with an eloquent appeal for the abandonment of pessimistic views of the future of the Province.

Mr. Matheson (East Lanark), who replied to the Premier, proved to his own satisfaction that the Province was in a bad way financially, with a prospective deficit for the current year of over a million dollars. He also noted considerable time to criticizing the Government's course in assuming the \$50 liability, despite the fact that his leader, Mr. Whitney, had claimed all the credit for suggesting that the Government should pursue the course which it took.

THE PROVINCIAL ASSETS.
 Hon. G. W. Ross was received with Government applause on rising to present the budget speech. The Government, he said, began 1903, after paying off all maturing obligations, with a balance of \$1,415,510, and closed the year with a credit of \$1,994,679, an improvement of \$1,539,169. At the beginning of 1903 the surplus was \$1,539,282, which by the end of the year had grown to \$2,494,164, an increase of over \$600,000. Today their assets in the bank amounted to \$3,531,600.

The expenditure for 1903 was the largest yet. The average expenditure for the last six years was \$4,131,000, while that for last year was \$4,888,382, or \$990,000 greater than the average. In previous years, however, maturing liabilities had been met by the issue of annuities, but during the last four years every certificate and obligation had been paid when due, so that 1903 closed without any maturing obligations. There had been paid during the year 1903 for railways, \$236,000; good roads, \$23,000; university and mining schools, \$84,000; common school fund, \$10,000; iron bounties, \$25,000; sugar bounties, \$25,000; or approximately \$427,000. The normal expenditure of the Province, of \$4,400,000, had been considerably increased, the main growths being as follows: Civil Government, increase \$41,000. The actual increase in salaries was \$15,000, or five per cent., while the greater part of the increase was caused by transferring many miscellaneous items to civil government. These items included \$7,000 for fisheries, \$2,700 for game protection, \$5,000 for labor bureau, \$6,300 for factory inspection, etc., amounting in all to \$26,000, so the actual increase was \$15,000. The legislation in salaries of the Ganey investigation, and \$33,000 for additional indemnity to members, the balance being due to the long session last year.

Tortured with Pain Too Weak to Work.

ULCERS, BOILS AND PIMPLES ALL OVER HER BODY

Such was the condition of Mrs. Samuel Deitz, Zurich, Ont.

She happily found relief from her terrible suffering by using

Burdock Blood Bitters.

A remedy without a rival for the cure of all diseases and troubles arising from bad blood. A record extending over a quarter of a century and thousands of testimonials will prove this. Mrs. Deitz writes: "Too weak to work, tortured with the pain of ulcers, boils and pimples all over my body, especially on my face. I had almost made up my mind to give up trying to have them cured. I was ashamed to have any person come to see me, my face was in such a terrible state. I tried everything I could think of but got worse and worse. I was then led to try Burdock Blood Bitters and was surprised at the wonderful change the first bottle made. Altogether I took seven bottles and am now completely cured and am in perfect health again. I feel that B.B.B. saved my life."

True Philanthropy.
 Mrs. F. G. Currah, Windsor, Ont., will send free to any woman who suffers from female weakness or painful periods, a sample of the remedy that cured her.

This Is a Final Clearance of COSTUMES AND COATS

The greatness of the reductions is the measure of our anxiety to make a quick riddance of all Ladies' Costumes and Ladies' and Children's Coats. Every garment is the very best style and material. There is no surer way to save money than to attend the Great Clearance Sale.

"What we advertise is so."

Ladies' Coats

In All-Wool Frieze, black only, corset-fitting styles, lined throughout, new sleeve and coat collar. Special sale price

\$5.00

Ladies' Coats

In All-Wool Frieze, full box styles, finished with tailor stitching. Special sale price

\$4.00

Absolute Clearance Is Necessary

To Make Provision For the

New Season

New Goods.

Ladies' Costumes

In grays, black, black and white, and navy, perfectly made, tailor finished, very latest styles. An opportunity to secure a fine costume at a bargain. Clearing at

\$5.00

and \$6.00

To insure this final clearance sale to be an absolute clearing we have marked prices far below recognized fair value. These goods are all new and up to the minute in style, fit and material.

Children's Coats Must Be Cleared Out.

Not One to be Carried Over the Season.

Children's Coats—"Our Own Make"—made of All-Wool Friezes, the most durable material for Children's Coats, all the latest styles, all sizes, large and excellent assortment to be cleared out at

Bargain Prices KINGSMILL'S

ANY LADY CAN MAKE

easily \$12.00 to \$20.00 weekly by representing us in her locality

IN HER SPARE TIME

The position is pleasant and profitable the year round. Will gladly send particulars to any lady who may need to make some money, and will convince you that this is no deception.

MRS. DAVIDSON,
 Drawer 66, Brantford, Ont.

The Original Cocoa for Breakfast and Supper.

KEEP YOURSELF WELL AND DAILY USE

EPPE'S COCOA

Most Nutritious and Economical, and Still the Best.

for the last six years was \$4,131,000, while that for last year was \$4,888,382, or \$990,000 greater than the average. In previous years, however, maturing liabilities had been met by the issue of annuities, but during the last four years every certificate and obligation had been paid when due, so that 1903 closed without any maturing obligations.

HON. MR. FRASER APPOINTED

Succeeds Justice Henry in Supreme Court of Nova Scotia.

[Special to The Advertiser.]
 Ottawa, Ont., Feb. 10.—Hon. D. G. Fraser, M. P., Guysboro, N. S., has been appointed a judge of the supreme court of Nova Scotia in place of Justice D. McD. Henry, superannuated. Write for Guysboro will be issued at once.

Do You Know

That in less than two days you can be picking oranges, wearing orange blossoms and summer clothes? Ask Mr. De la Hooke, City Agent, Grand Trunk, corner Richmond and Dundas, to tell you how best to reach Florida, and other southern resorts, or you can get to California from London in less than FOUR DAYS BY CONSULTING THE SAME ORACLE.

LeeHing Laundry

Telephone 1,344. 467 Richmond Street.
 SHIRT COLLARS IRONED STRAIGHT, so as not to hurt the neck. Stand-up collars ironed without being broken in the wing. Ties done to look like new. Give me a call. If you are not suited, no pay. Washing returned in 24 hours. All hand work. Best in the city. Fareels called for and delivered.

Bind Your Books.

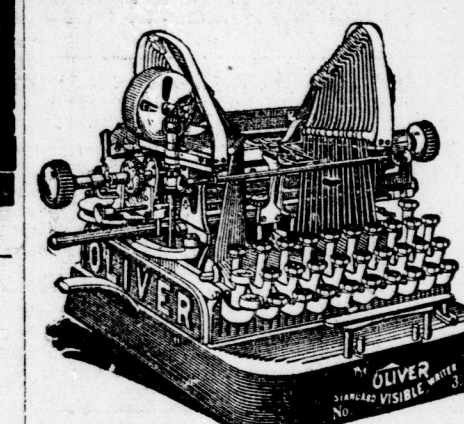
Have you any Magazines or old Books that require binding? Bring them to us. Charge moderate.

H. P. Bock, Richmond Street

OLIVER

..TYPEWRITER..

The Standard Visible Writer.



Its faultless features demonstrated daily by the local agents,

The A. A. Langford Co

Office Outfitters and Systemizers,
 436 Richmond St., - LONDON

LEARN FRENCH GERMAN SPANISH

by the I. C. S. Phonograph System. Here is a sample of many endorsements that count from one of those who know:

"Gentlemen,—I am pleased to express my admiration of your course in French. The series of conversational lessons provided for the beginner not only simplifies difficulties of grammar and idiom, but accustoms the student to think in the language without the necessity of a translation. Hence, as soon as an ordinary vocabulary is acquired, reading in French becomes almost as simple as reading in English. The words and sentences employed in the lessons are selected so as to give a practical working knowledge of the language for use in the office, on the street, or in the home. The lessons on the literature of the language, as well as those in French and commercial correspondence are excellent."

(Signed)
 "H. A. McTAGGART,
 "Toronto University."

Free sample lessons on the phonograph, and full particulars from T. J. Sullivan, London manager.

International Correspondence Schools,
 150 Dundas Street, London, Ont.

Open evenings, Telephone 1,727, or address Canadian headquarters, 415 Temple Building, Toronto.

CHAS. JENKINS NOMINATED BY EAST LAMBTON LIBERALS

Effective Address Made by
the Prospective M. P.

MEMBER FOR HALTON TRIPPED

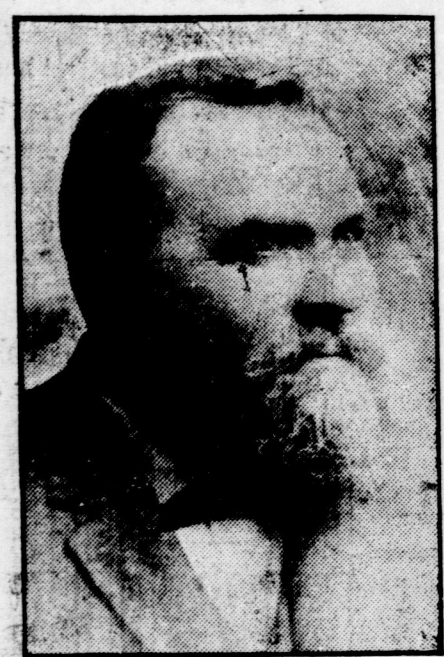
His Misstatements (Cleverly Shown
U and Refuted by Mr. M. K.
Cowan, M. P.

[By a Staff Reporter.]

Watford, Feb. 9. — Nomination day in Watford augured well for the success of the Liberals of East Lambton. The candidate, Mr. Charles Jenkins, of Petrolia, had the greatest encouragement from the speeches of the afternoon, and the way in which these speeches were received by the large audience.

The public hall was crowded to overflowing by 2 o'clock, at which time the nominations were declared closed, and the names of Mr. Charles Jenkins and Mr. Joseph E. Armstrong were announced as those who would contest the riding in the bye-election to fill the vacancy caused by the death of the late Oliver Simmons, M. P. Mr. Alex McQueen was named as Mr. Jenkins' financial agent, and Mr. F. W. Wilson as Mr. Armstrong's.

Reeve Williams, of Watford, was chosen as chairman, and it was ar-



CHARLES JENKINS,
Nominated by the Liberals for East
Lambton.

anged that the candidates should each be allowed as much time as they chose. Mr. Jenkins leading, then Mr. Armstrong, followed by Mr. Henderson and Mr. Cowan, the latter two to complete an hour and a half's time for each with ten minutes to Mr. Henderson for reply. Mr. H. J. Pettipiece, M. P., was also on the platform.

A feature of the meeting was the closing reply by Mr. Henderson in which he flatly denied using a statement which it was afterwards shown was reported in Hansard, thus vindicating Mr. Cowan, who made the charge.

Mr. Mahlon K. Cowan, M. P., of South Essex, made a rattling speech when his turn came, and the full time was occupied by Mr. David Henderson, M. P., for Halton, who made some remarks which were more than well answered by Mr. Cowan. Mr. Henderson's line of argument was that the prosperity of the country was due to the Conservative policy, and on the contrary that Canada was being depopulated, also the other contradictory statements that the Government were to be censured for not making the tariff lower for the farmers and yet that there should be more protection. The fallacies of the Conservative speaker were not only answered by the member for Essex, but the latter gave many strong arguments for supporting the Government, which he presented in a forcible way, that found immediate favor with the audience.

CANDIDATE JENKINS' ADDRESS.
Candidate Jenkins was the first speaker, and for 40 minutes he held the attention of the audience, beginning with a short recital of the changes since the Laurier Government had come into power at a time when business was stagnant, the emigration from Canada of promising young men con-



The Deadly
Prescription Utterly Fails
to cure itching and disfiguring skin diseases.

Dr. Agnew's Ointment
cures, no matter what other or how
many other applications have failed.

Madam used it and got well, and she
keeps it for her friends and her chil-
dren, having learned it is a never-fail
in the treatment of piles, and in ter-
ritorial, ringworm, eczema,
barber's itch, and all skin eruptions.
Price, 35c.

The States at St. Jos. p'st infant Home
at South Troy, N. Y., &c. &c.
"Many children come to our home covered
with Eczema. We would like to buy
your ointment by the pound."

Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills
is the best and most effective pills—while milder in
action, more quickly acting, free from
digestive canal. 40 doses, 10 cents.

For sale by C. McCallum & Co.

COTTON SALE.

This is sewing month—we can
help you. Very special prices—
very special makes in English
cottons, Cambrics, Madapolams
and Lonsdales make needle
work a pleasure.

BLEACHED
Diamond Shirting, very clear,
round thread, heavy, worth
10c, on sale at.....8c
36-inch English Water Twist
Cotton, superior finish,
worth 12½c, on sale at.....10c
Queen's Cambric, 36 inches,
very fine soft finish, worth
12½c, on sale at.....10c
The above three specials are
worthy the attention of econo-
mical buyers.
100 pieces fine Cambric Em-
broidered, your choice at 5c per
yard; they're worth 8c and 10c
pretty patterns.

BAYLEY'S

ferential tariff, which was destroying
the woolen industry in this country.

MR. M. K. COWAN, M. P.

Mr. M. K. Cowan replied to the Con-
servative charges which had just been
given. When he arose to speak he
was greeted with continued cheering,
and his every statement won hearty
applause. Canadian, he said, were
Canadians from ocean to ocean, and he
asked his audience to "fancy" a man
sitting in the House of Commons, and
he great Northwest go wild for fear
their wheat would compete with that
of Ontario. If the previous speaker
could face the electors of Halton with
such statements he was sure he could
face the electors of East Lambton
with them and not.

Mr. Cowan took up the tariff question
and Mr. Henderson's complaint that
the Liberals had left on the duties. It
was of the same tariff that the mem-
ber of Halton advocated in 1903. On April
9 Mr. Henderson was quoted as hav-
ing said:

"But we say we will put a Chinese
wall right round this country and we
will not allow these Americans to
come and monopolize the markets of
this country."

How were they going to do business
they barred men who they were
to do business with? asked Mr. Cowan.

THE EXODUS CRV.

The two previous speakers had re-
ferred to an exodus from Canada. Mr.
Cowan, handing Mr. Armstrong his sta-
tistical year book, told him to look on
page next to the one from which he
had quoted, and there he would find
the imports of settlers' effects over
three millions dollars' worth had come
in the year. The manufacturers
are appealing to the Government to
bring in more artisans, and all men
of the Government are saying they
are not. Yet that party was sol-
emnly told that they had to get up
and say the Liberals had stolen their
country. The balance in Canada's
favor was three to one.

Reverting to the question of the
tariff, Mr. Cowan said that the pre-
vious speaker had spoken 21 times on
he tariff when it was being discussed
in the House of Commons. He said:
"Helping to perfect it," interposed
Mr. Henderson.

"I'm glad to hear you say 'perfect',
" said Mr. Cowan, a point which
was greeted with cheers.

Sir Charles Tupper, Mr. Cowan con-
tinued, said when the tariff was
brought down: "You have killed the
industries of Canada." Did the audi-
ence go up to a factory and read on the
sign: "Factory Closed"? No," they saw
after "Hands Wanted." Then the Con-
servatives had changed their cry to one
of the Liberals having stolen their coun-
try. They could come to one of two
conclusions. If the Liberals had the
"consent of the majority" to the duty
much better; or if it was their own pol-
icy it was seven times better, as he
showed by statistics.

Mr. Cowan's statement of the nation-
al debt was most convincing. From
1878 to 1896 the Conservatives increased
the debt \$18,000,000, or \$6,000,000 annu-
ally. During the past seven years the
Liberals had added less than \$1,000,000
to the national debt. The Conservatives
increased the national debt \$228,000,000,
the Liberals \$228,000,000, or \$3,500,000
annually. That was, for every dollar
the Conservatives added to the national
debt, the Liberals added 32 cents.

In spite of Hon. Mr. Foster's predic-
tion, Hon. Mr. Mulock had given the
country two-cent postage, and had so
reduced the duties.

Mr. Henderson went on to speak of
the expenditure, which last year was
\$71,000,000. Of this, he said, \$5,000,000
was paid for plunging the hole in the Yukon.
The census of 1901 cost as much as both
those of 1881 and 1891 together. The
Government claimed that the cost of
living had increased, he gave figures
with a view of disproving this. He
congratulated his hearers on the pros-
perity of the country, but said if any
government had conducted to the pros-
perity in the last seven years it was
the enterprise and energy put into
trade through the Conservative policy.
If they gave Sir Wilfrid Laurier and
his Government credit for the prosper-
ity of Canada, they must give them
credit for the prosperity of the United
States, Japan and many other coun-
tries. He hoped the prosperity would
continue, but he was not hopeful
enough to think that it would. The
danger of the Liberals being left in
power was that they would soon be so
hard up for money they would have to
reduce the duty on hog products. He
said the taxation of the country had
increased from 17½ per cent to 17½
per cent; while duties had been de-
creased in some instances, in others
they had been increased. The Laurier
Government had been humbugging the
people when they promised reduction
of taxation. The revenue lost by the
preferential tariff was made up by
taxing poor men's necessities and
luxuries. He contended that the
exodus of our best artisans had not
stopped. He calculated that 30,000
people had emigrated in the last year
to where labor was better paid and
products protected. The Government
should formulate a policy to prevent
this exodus. He did not wish to preach
"blue ruin." Wages were 50 per cent
better in Canada than in England, and
if the people wanted to see Canadians
brought down to the level of the popu-
lar they should levy for the pro-

ably managed the department that
there was no surplus last year.

THE FARMER'S INTEREST.

Speaking of laws in the farmer's in-
terests, Mr. Cowan referred to the cattle
guarantee bill, which the Conservatives had
eighteen years' opportunity to pass, and
did not; also the law against railways
burial property. It was the Liberals,
too, who had passed the drainage bill,
by which farmers were now enabled to
drain under railways, and the railways
had to pay the difference between the
cost and what it would have been had no
railway been on the course of the drain.

After going into these three vital ques-
tions as fully as time permitted, Mr.
Cowan invited the Conservatives to
date not to stand up when he knew so
little of what had happened in the last
seven years as to defy the Liberals to
point to an act they had made law that
was good. Mr. Henderson had referred
to some little bills, and Mr. Cowan
pointed out along this line the increase
of trade in Canada had been from 1885
to 1903 100 per cent. In Japan, 50 per
cent; in Cape Colony (not China), 50 per
cent, and in the United States, 45 per
cent.

PERTINENT QUESTIONS.

In conclusion, Mr. Cowan asked Mr.
Henderson in his reply to say why the
Conservatives had not made cattle guard
legislation; why for eighteen years the
railways were allowed to burn up land
without redress, and why for eighteen
years farmers could not drain under rail-
ways.

The audience would like to know from
Mr. Henderson how it was Canada was
not a member of the League of Nations
as the United States, and stood ahead of
all nations, as it did not before the
Liberals came into power.

They would like to know what protec-
tion the Conservatives wanted for agri-
cultural implements; if duties were too
high or too low, what were they and
the member for Halton would still
like to carry out his Chinese wall pol-
icy. Amid prolonged cheers Mr. Cowan
said:

But the above questions were left
severely alone, except in regard to the
cattle guard question, then denied.
"I have it here," said Mr. Cowan, and
he read from Hansard:

"That's Billy Patterson's speech," re-
plied Mr. Henderson.

But he quoted what you said the
night before."
That's an expression, "Chinese wall,"
I never made use of it."

This question of a Chinese wall was not
answered at once, and there was a hub-
bub in the audience. When the air was
clear, Mr. Henderson said:

"I say I never ad-
vocated making a Chinese wall round
the country, and I never said the con-
servatives were ten minutes brought a
most enthusiastic nomination to a close,
followed by cheers for both sides."

The above reference by Mr. Cowan was
correct. He was reading from a speech
delivered in the House of Commons,
April 30, 1903, by Hon. William Paterson,
member for Port Arthur.

That Mr. Henderson did use the expres-
sion is seen from the records of the day
before, or April 29, on which day he
is reported in Hansard, page 2172, as
saying: "But we say we will put a
Chinese wall right round this country,
and we will not allow these Americans
to come in here and monopolize the
markets of this country."

HOW THE MIKADO'S MEN
CRIPPLED CZAR'S BIG FLEET

(Continued from page 1.)

that he passed a Japanese fleet today
from the mouth of the Columbia river
into the Pacific.

DETAILS OF THE BATTLE.

A member of the crew of the Colum-
bia tells this story of naval battle at
Port Arthur: "The Columbia was
lying in the roadstead, surrounded by
fourteen Russian battleships and
cruisers. At 10 o'clock Monday night
a severe shock was felt on board the
Columbia. The Russians immediately
commenced to operate their search-
lights and opened fire towards the sea.
The firing lasted only a short time. At
1 o'clock more shocks were felt, and
the Russian fleet moved closer. The
Japanese did not return the fire. At
2 o'clock two Russian battleships
went in and were beached on the
entrance of the harbor. They were
soon followed by a Russian cruiser,
which also was beached. None of the
battleships having been damaged, the
line more shocks from torpedoes were
felt during the early morning, and
then all was quiet. At 10 o'clock Tues-
day morning the Japanese fleet moved
towards Port Arthur in sight of the
Russian fleet. The whole Russian
fleet immediately opened anchor and
after them, but returned in half
an hour."

BOMBARDMENT.

The Russians left one cruiser out-
side to watch for the Japanese ships.
The cruiser was fired upon by the
Japanese, and the other Russian ves-
sels took up the attack. The Japanese
fleet consisted of the battleships Petropav-
lovsk, fleet, Petesviet, sub-flagship;
Rokhda, Potlawa, Carelchik, Ret-
rovsk, and the cruisers, the cruisers
Novik, Boyarin, Diana, Palada, Askold
and Aurora. The disabled battleships
are inside Fort Huan Ching Shan and
Chi Kwan Shan. The cruiser Boyarin
is outside but within range of the forts.

BALTIMORE MAKES
A FRESH START

The Loss Sized Up and Rebuild-
ing Has Already Commenced

—Bank Securities Safe.

Baltimore, Md., Feb. 10. — This was
another day of ceaseless labor on the
part of the officials and business men
of crippled Baltimore. System has
been brought out of the chaos, and in-
telligently directed effort is rapidly
bringing conditions to temporary
working basis. The city is beginning
to feel where it stands. Its great
loss has been sized up, and with cheer-
ful pluck the labor of rehabilitation has
begun. Architects are being consulted,
labor arranged for, and already orders
for structural material are going for-
ward.

Financial institutions are today
busily engaged in starting off their se-
curities and funds to temporary offices
outside the confines of the burned dis-
trict.

The vault of the First National Bank
was opened today, and all of the securi-
ties and moneys of the bank were
found unharmed. They were removed
to the American National Bank build-
ing, where temporary offices will be
opened.

At the request of Professor Clenden-
den of Yale an assistant surgeon and
privates of the hospital corps are
ready to go to New Haven to chew
under the direction of the professor.
They are to be weighed and measured,
and to get quantities of food which they
are to chew, and the effect on them will
be recorded in detail.



New Sheetings and Pillow Cottons.

Despite the sharp advance that has taken place at factory on Sheetings and
Cottons, we are quoting old prices on many lines. This means a distinct advantage
to all who come here for these staple goods. Our customers should lay in a supply
while prices are so reasonable, especially as this is a good time to get your sewing out
of the way. Two special good qualities of Lonsdale Cambric for Ladies'
Dainty Whitewear.
Selling at per yard only.....12½c and 15c

Bargains in Men's Furnishings.

Men's Colored Shirts, sizes 14½ to 16½, clearing at, each only.....39c
Men's Heavy Shaker Flannel Night Robes, regular 65c each, great value at only.....49c
Men's Working Shirts, good quality material, regular 60c each, clearing at.....49c
A good line of Boys' Red Sweaters, marked to clear at, each only.....50c
Men's Heavy Wool Socks—the kind you always pay 25c for—marked at only.....19c

Slightly Soiled Pillow Shams and Drapes.

They're pretty and good, but they're slightly soiled. One washing will make
them all right. Because you do the washing we sell them now at half price and under.
They're just as good value as ever. Buy them while you have the chance.

GRAY & PARKER,

150 DUNDAS STREET AND CARLING STREET.

PULPWOOD DUTIES

No Countervailing Duty To Be Levied
Against New Brunswick.

New York, Feb. 10. — The attitude of
the board of United States General Ap-
pointments toward pulpwood imported
from the Province of New Brunswick,
Canada, has been clearly defined by
a decision of the board, which has han-
dled down a decision that no countervailing
duty should be levied on pulpwood
coming from that province. The con-
troversy over this duty has attracted
much attention among manufacturers.

WOODS' FAIR, 176-178 Dundas Street,
London, February 10th, 1904.

40c
Gloves, 25c
Thursday

Ladies' Heavy Wool Gloves, fancy ribbed, in black only, lined
wrists and very warm, value 40c, Thursday.....25c

25c Gloves, Thursday 15c.

Ladies' Woolen Gloves, fancy ribbed, in black only, different sizes,
value 25c, Thursday.....15c

45c Hose, Thursday 3 Pairs
for \$1.00.

Ladies' Fine Wool Cashmere
Hose, spliced heel and toe,
seamless feet, value 60c, Thurs-
day, 3 pairs for.....\$1.00

50c Hose, Thursday 39c.

Boys' Heavy Wool Ribbed Hose,
seamless feet, spliced heel and
toe, value 60c, Thursday, pair
.....39c

25c and 35c Braces, Thursday 15c.

Men's Fancy Braces, good elastic, in pink, gray and white polka-
dots, and fancy stripes, value 25c and 35c, Thursday, pair.....15c

Cheeseborough's Great Cure for Chapped Hands.

5 dozen large tubes and boxes of Cheeseborough's Camphor Ice,
put up so it's a pleasure to use it. It will effect a cure for chap-
ped hands, lips, cold-sores, etc., in one night; sold all over at
15c and 25c, Thursday, each.....10c

Beautiful Brio-a-Brac and Ironstone Images, value 15c and 25c,
Thursday, each.....5c

Latest Copyrighted Music.

Echoes of the Congo.
The Maid of Paradise,
Wenonah,
Loretta,
Cuban Queens,
Uncle Sammy,
I'm Longing for You Every Day,
Sweet Lucy Bailey,
Ephraim,
Mary Ann,
Saxajo,
Alone With Thoughts of You.

Best Quality
Rubber Heels,
At 15c and 25c Pair.

Leave 7.05 P. M.
Leave London at above hour, via
Michigan Central-New York Central,
and arrive New York 10 following
morning. Through sleeping-car from
St. Thomas.

IT REACHES THE SPOT—There are
few remedies before the public today as
effective in removing pain and allaying
and preventing pulmonary disorders as
Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. It has demon-
strated its powers in thousands of in-
stances and a large number of testimo-
nials as to its great value as a medicine
could be got were there occasion for it.
It is for sale everywhere.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup
has been used for over FIFTY YEARS
by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their
CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with
PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES THE
CHILD, SOFTENS THE GUMS, ALLAYS
ALL PAIN, CURES WIND-COLIC and is
the best remedy for DIARRHEA. Sold
by Druggists in every part of the world.
Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's.

Grand excursion via Lehigh Valley
Railroad on Feb. 28. Tickets only \$10
from Suspension Bridge to Washington
and return. Tickets good ten days.
Permit of stopover at Philadelphia re-
turning. Tickets good on all express
trains, including "Black Diamond Ex-
press." For tickets and further par-
ticulars, call on or address Robert S.
Lewis, Canadian passenger agent, 33
Yonge street, Toronto. Guide to Wash-
ington on application.

CONTRA, OIDS, HOARSENESS, and other throat
troubles are quickly relieved by Vapo-Cres-
cet (metabole cent-per box). All drug-
stores. A mission to Seamen Church and In-
stitute for sailors of all nations is to be
erected at Wellington, New Zealand.

ASK FOR
Labatt's PORTER
(LONDON)

Proved to be the best by analysis of four chemists, and by awards of the
world's great exhibitions, especially Chicago 1893, where it received ninety-six
points out of a possible hundred, much higher than any other porter in the
United States or Canada.

Every mother who sends us her address
on a post card will receive a generous
free sample—enough for eight meals—of

Nestlé's Food

LEHMING, MILES & CO.,
MONTREAL.

HOTEL ALBERT,
NEW YORK CITY.
EUROPEAN PLAN.

Corner of Eleventh Street and University
Place, one block west of Broadway.
A home-like, comfortable hotel, at
moderate rates. Location most central,
yet quiet. Away from the rattle and
noise of Broadway. Convenient to whole-
sale district. Near the larger retail
emporiums.

Rooms \$1.00 Per Day and Up

L. & E. FRENKEL,
Proprietor.

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Feather Pillows and Mattresses cleaned
and sterilized. New Feather Pillows in
art tickings, and Cushions, Hair Mat-
tresses, Wool Mattresses, Spring Beds,
Iron and Brass Bedsteads, Feathered
by the pound at Hunt & Sons' Feather
Pillow and Mattress Manufacturers, 533
Richmond street north. Telephone 967.

146 DUNDAS STREET

Tillson's Pan-dried Oats

25c 30c \$1 LeRoy, N. Y., Toronto, Can

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remedy everywhere. J. C. Ayer Co.,
Lowell, Mass.

Ayer's *Cherry Pectoral*
for all diseases of the throat
and lungs. A doctor's medi-
cine for 60 years. A household
remedy everywhere.

