

# The Glencoe Transcript.

Volume 44--No. 5.

GLENCOE, ONTARIO, CANADA. THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1915.

Whole No. 2247.

**G. C. McNaughton**  
Agent for Fire, Life, Accident,  
Plate Glass and Automobile  
Insurance

Phone Bethwell U. & R. 18 P. O. Newbury  
No. 111 R. R. No. 2

## CREAM

I will pay 28c for Butter Fat delivered at J. Weaver's office, Glencoe, on Thursdays.  
3111 **ELMER CONNELLY.**

## Farm for Sale

The north half of lot 7, con. 3, Ekfrid, 100 acres. Good buildings and fences and well tiled. Apply to Dugald Black, Route 3, Appin, Ont. 47

## EKFRID MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

### 24th Annual Meeting

Notice is hereby given that the twenty-fourth annual meeting of the policy holders of above company will be held in the town hall, Appin, at two o'clock afternoon of Wednesday, the 17th day of February, A. D. 1915, for receiving the officers report for past year, the election of two directors in the place of H. S. Munson and Curtis Gough, the retiring members (who are eligible for re-election), and the transaction of any other business properly brought before the meeting.  
Ekfrid, Jan. 26th, 1915.  
A. P. McDougald, Secretary.

### Notice to Creditors.

In the Matter of the Estate of Angus Grant, late of the Township of Lobo in the County of Middlesex, Farmer, Deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to "The Revised Statutes of Ontario, 1914, Chapter 121, Section 56, that all creditors and persons having claims of any kind against the said Angus Grant who died on or about the nineteenth day of April, 1914, are required to send in or before the 28th day of February, 1915, to and by post prepaid or to deliver to Messrs. Elliott & Moss, of the Village of Glencoe, Solicitors for Edward McBurn, the Executor of the last will and testament of the said deceased, the Statement of their claims and the nature of the securities, if any, held by them. And further take notice that the said executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have notice, and that the said executor will not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claims notice shall have been received by him at the time of such distribution.  
Dated the nineteenth day of February, 1915.  
**ELLIOTT & MOSS,**  
Solicitors for Edward McBurn, Executor of the last will and testament of the said deceased.

### Notice to Contractors

SEALED TENDERS will be received until Saturday, February 13th, for the erection of concrete abutments and steel superstructure for a bridge over Steers Creek on Highway No. 1, between Glencoe and Appin, in the township of Metcalfe. Plans and specifications may be seen at any time at the office, lot 4, concession 3, R. R. No. 2, Kerwood.

### DENTISTRY

R. J. MUMFORD, D.D.S., L.D.S., Offices over Howard's Furniture Store, Phone 16.

**DR. W. J. GLANFIELD, M.A., M.B.**  
House Graduate University of Toronto and Toronto Medical College. Licentiate College Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario, 25 years experience. Rural phone, Appin, Ont.

### JAMES POOLE

Fire, Life, Accident and Plate Glass Insurance Agent, representing the greatest fire insurance companies of the world, and the leading mutual fire insurance companies of Ontario. Office at residence, first door south of the Presbyterian Church, Glencoe.

### GEORGE WILSON

Clerk of the Division Court, Conveyancer, &c. Justice of the Peace for the County of Middlesex. Commissioner in H. C. J. Office—Main Street, over Lumley's drug store.

## GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

Double Track all the Way  
Toronto—Chicago—Toronto—Montreal  
Unexcelled Train Service  
Highest Class of Equipment

Winter Tours to California  
Florida and Sunny South  
Fast Trains—Choice of Routes  
Low Fares now in effect

For full particulars consult G. T. H. Ticket Agents or write


C. E. HORNING,  
Dist. Pass. Agent, Toronto.

C. O. SMITH, Local Agent Phone 3

## NEW AND NIFTY FALL AND WINTER GOODS

Come in, pick out the Suits or Overcoats which please you most, we take your measure and your Suit or Overcoat is hand-tailored to your measure. You run no risk as we guarantee fit, workmanship and style.

## TOMLINSON THE SHOP FOR MEN GLENCOE



## REGINA

The skilled labor essential to the production of a good timepiece is so expensive that some manufacturers do not use much of it.

REGINA WATCHES are made by the most skillful mechanics in the world.

That's why the man with a REGINA is so sure of his time.

**C. E. DAVIDSON JEWELER**  
OPTICIAN ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES

## Keith's Cash Store

Fall and Winter Goods, Dry Goods, Millinery, Men's Furnishings, Carpets and Rugs, Groceries, Etc.

**P. D. KEITH**

## Headquarters for HOCKEY STICKS SKATES and STRAPS

TRY A PAIR OF PERFECTION ANKLE SUPPORTS  
Get Your Skates Sharpened Here

International Stock Food For Sale  
Try One Package and Be Convinced

## Mitchell & Hagerty

## WANTED

We are now contracting for this year's TOMATO CROP and will require at least one hundred acres.

See us early, as the plants have to be ordered in good time.

For particulars apply to J. A. Scott or Wm. Muirhead.

## The Glencoe Canning Company, Limited

## RED CEDAR POSTS

Now is the time to draw your Cedar Posts, and we have a fine lot, also Anchor Posts 10 feet long.

Get our prices for Galvanized Iron Roofing and Steel Shingles.

## McPHERSON & CLARKE

PLANING MILL LUMBER DEALERS  
There is only one genuine D. L. & W. Scranton Coal. WE HAVE IT.

### District News Items.

Rodney basket factory employs forty hands.

A stock yards will be established at London along the lines of the one in Toronto.

Charles Albert Forshaw, of Dresden, died of heart failure while reading a newspaper.

Fred Nowlen, a farm hand in Raleigh township, died as a result of a kick from a horse.

Dunwich and Dutton Telephone Association receipts last year were \$2,630 and the expenses \$118 less.

Crianan cheese factory made nearly thirty tons of cheese last year, at an average price of 13.44. The average price paid for milk was \$1.08.

Elgin county council has voted a grant of \$1,000 a month to the Patriotic fund, commencing Jan. 1915, and continuing as long as the war lasts.

Thomas Leitch, who has many relatives in Dunwich and who spent his early days in that township, is seriously ill at his home in Hamilton.

A. N. Black, of Dutton, while curling on the rink there, fell on the ice, striking his back against one of the curling stones and breaking two ribs.

Agricultural societies throughout the province are protesting against the proposal of the Ontario government to reduce the grants to the fall fairs this year.

Fire destroyed the North Side Public School, Wallaceburg, Sunday. Spontaneous combustion is given as the cause, and the loss is placed at \$20,000.

Dr. Kenneth M. Johnson, son of Inspector Johnson, of Strathroy, has been appointed examiner of physiology and histology for the Manitoba dental examinations.

The death occurred last week at the home of her son in Stevensville of Mrs. Johnston, widow of the late Duncan Johnston, who taught school at Wardsville for some time and died six years ago.

Mrs. Grace McMillan, a highly respected resident of Aldborough township, died on Thursday, in her 88th year, after an illness of five weeks. She is survived by one daughter, Mrs. J. C. McMillan, of Crianan.

David Ripley, thought to be the last survivor of those who participated in the Rebellion of 1837, died at his home in Strathroy on Thursday, in his 90th year. Mr. Ripley fought for the Crown during the rebellion.

The four-month-old child of Mr. and Mrs. Grant Wilder, of Tilbury East, was accidentally smothered to death while the mother was driving with it to Tilbury village, having been closely wrapped to protect it from the cold.

"Nature's Creation," another patent medicine fraud, was before the courts in Toronto recently. The formula was analysed and found to contain iodine of potassium and water, a small quantity of cheap whisky and a sediment which the analyst believed to be composed of sawdust and dirt. The "medicine" could be produced for 10 cents and was sold for \$5 per bottle.

A deputation representing the county registrars of the province waited upon Hon. I. B. Lucas, attorney-general, one day last week to ask the government to increase the scale of fees. The increase of fees has been urged upon the government for several successive years. But for the war and the general reduction of revenue it is likely that this year the registrars would have had their request granted. As it is, however, the matter will have to stand over for another year.

### Methodist Church.

REV. W. G. HOWSON, MINISTER  
It is communion day next Sunday. Mr. Howson will speak at both services. Subjects:—11 a. m., "Our invisible environment"; 7 p. m., "The pressure of a hand." Lovefeast will be held after the morning service, and sacrament of the Lord's Supper after the evening service. Visitors always welcome.

## Patriotism and Production

### AGRICULTURAL CONFERENCE

under the Dominion Department of Agriculture, in co-operation with the Ontario Department of Agriculture, will be held in

Masonic Hall, Queen's Ave. LONDON

THURSDAY, FEB. 11th

8 p. m.—"The Duty and the Opportunity of the Canadian Farmer." (a) In Relation to Farm Crops.—J. H. Grisdale, B. Agr., Director Experimental Farm, Ottawa. (b) In Relation to Live Stock.—P. C. Elford, Poultry Husbandman, Experimental Farm, Ottawa.

"Gardening in Towns and Cities."—W. T. Macoun, Horticulturist, Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa. S. F. Glass, M. P., will preside.

7.30 p. m.—In addition to the above speakers, Peter White, K. C., Pembroke, Hon. T. W. McGarry, Provincial Treasurer, and others will address the meeting. Sir Adam Beck, M. P., will preside.

GOD SAVE THE KING

### SEND-OFF FOR A SOLDIER

Presentation and Address to Cecil Bechill by Orange Lodge.

On Thursday evening, Jan. 21, Cecil Bechill, late of the Transcript staff, who has joined the third contingent for overseas service, was entertained at the residence of Wm. Ewing by the members of L. O. L. No. 368. A number of invited guests were also present.

The evening was spent in games and instrumental and vocal music, and was brought to a conclusion with a luncheon. During the evening the following address was read by the chaplain of the lodge, Rev. Mr. Owen:

Dear Friend and Brother,—We, the members of Rosemont Lodge, No. 563, L. O. L., on the eve of your departure in the service of our King and country, desire to express to you our sincere admiration for the loyalty and devotion that prompts the giving of your services at this the most critical time in the history of the British Empire. In common with your comrades in arms of the Canadian contingent we feel assured you will do your part to uphold the best traditions of the British race. You may go forth in the full assurance that you are doing so in the defence of the principles of right, truth and justice.—The right to pursue undisturbed the national life in the discharge of obligations whether individual or national, and justice to the weak and oppressed regardless of race and creed. The British flag is symbolical in its truest sense of these three great principles. In pursuance, then, of these principles you go to the aid of that heroic little nation, the Belgians, whose noble defence of their country, their homes and their families, will go ringing down the ages the synonym of all that is true and noble. Their devotion and valor you might well emulate. We could not ask you to be guided by a higher ideal.

You are a factor in that great revelation to the world of the unity of the British Empire, and of the certainty of the fact that when Britain is at war Canada is at war. The occasion is opportune to bear testimony as to your good moral character and high principles, and as a good Orangeman and friend. We feel convinced you will not disappoint your temperance and other principles in the face of your temptation. As a brother Orangeman you leave our midst with our very best wishes attending you. We trust God in his infinite wisdom and mercy will return you to us in due time in the full and undiminished strength of your manhood. As a small remembrance from your brothers of Rosemont Lodge we ask you to accept this small token of our regard, that in wearing it you may be reminded of the tenets of the order to which you belong, and that the thoughts of your brothers follow you wherever your lot may be cast. Our fervent hope is that the arms of the allies may be triumphant in this unprecedented struggle. With special and intense interest we will watch and pray for the success of the valiant army fighting under the Union Jack, the flag we all love so dearly. Long may it wave over us, victorious and glorious, and God save the King.

Signed on behalf of the lodge:—Wm. Ewing, W. Master; William Stinson, Rec. Secretary.

The presentation consisted of an Orangeman's emblematic pin in gold, a diary and a fountain pen.

### A Maidens' Opportunity.

J. B. Mitchell, of Newburg, North Dakota, sends a year's subscription for the Transcript, a copy of which, he first he had ever seen, came to him in a round-about way. Mr. Mitchell says last all through his life he has been familiar with "Mac" in this home of the sons of Scotland. He refers to Newburg as "the land of sunshine, fresh air and old bachelors," and adds that if there are any leeches in Ontario who would take a long distance short correspondence course of acquaintance with fairly do-wells along about the chloroform age, they would be in good demand out there.

### Cost of Hydro for Dutton.

Dutton, Jan. 29.—The question of hydro power for the village will shortly be placed before the ratepayers for consideration. The council has received the required data from the engineers of the Hydro-Electric Commission.

According to estimates furnished the initial cost of power to be supplied the village will be \$48.33 per horse power per year, or should 100 horse power be utilized then the cost will be reduced to \$37.45.

The bylaw to be submitted will be for \$10,000, the amount which will be necessary to spend in installing a distributing hydro-electric power.

Although the total cost is near \$12,000, yet \$10,000 is considered by the engineers sufficient to install a perfect system in the village.

### Pentecostal Meeting.

A Pentecostal Gospel meeting will be held in the Glencoe Town Hall on Sunday, February 7th, at 2.30 p. m. All are invited to come. Evangelist E. E. Beach and W. R. Sutherland in charge.

The Transcript office has a Webster's Ninth International Dictionary for sale at a bargain price, also a brand new gramophone cheap.

### County Council Notes.

County Engineer Talbot asked for the same grant as last year for road improvement. Among the improvements proposed are the following:—

Eastern part of Glencoe road in Moss, drained and gravelled. Continue construction of stone road toward Strathroy, on line between Caradoc and Metcalfe, and improve a portion of the road in Metcalfe. In Caradoc—

Improve that portion of Mount Brydges road south of the C. P. R.; repair north end and gravel No. 12 sideroad from the gravel laid in 1914 to C. P. R. tracks; improve the towline between Caradoc and Ekfrid south from the gravel laid in 1914. In Ekfrid—

Improve the towline between Caradoc and Appin concession, and continue stone road south from stone laid in 1914.

On motion of J. A. McLachlan and D. D. Graham, John Thomson was appointed a trustee of Glencoe high school for three years.

John Bellon was appointed trustee of Wardsville high school and W. D. Ferguson re-appointed trustee of Lobo high school for three years.

W. G. Robinson, principal of Melbourne continuation school, was appointed to the board of examiners of the high school district to which his county centre is attached.

The usual \$50 grant to Wardsville High School was given.

The motion of J. E. Harrison, that \$50 be granted to the Middlesex Poultry Association, was referred to the finance committee.

The motion of L. L. McTaggart, seconded by W. F. Hill, that no reward or deputy reward give a certificate to a patient to enter any hospital, without a certificate from a doctor, was adopted after some discussion.

Inspector Johnson presented his annual report on the state of the schools in the western inspectorate to the council last week. The part dealing with the teachers' salaries shows the male teacher's average salary in the rural schools increased \$23.91, and the female teacher's salary \$32.52. The highest male teacher's salary in the townships was \$725, and the highest female teacher's salary \$725. The part dealing with teachers' qualifications shows that 4 held firsts, 98 seconds and 3 thirds, their average experience being 7.25 years. The number of pupils enrolled was 8,828, 72 less than 1913.

The council adjourned until Thursday of this week.

### Ekfrid Insurance Company.

The annual meeting of the Ekfrid Mutual Fire Insurance Company will be held at Appin on Wednesday, 17th February. Some extracts from the annual report just issued are interesting.

Total receipts for the year were \$6,701.25, of which amount \$2,341.20 was the balance from 1913 and \$4,360.05 from the payment of policy holders for 1914. The disbursements were \$566.04 for miscellaneous expenses of management, \$5,623.90 for losses claims, and \$67.11 for returned policies, leaving \$444.20 of balance.

The insurance claims paid were principally for losses caused by lightning, among the larger amounts being Bandana Dynack, barn and contents, \$1,250; Edward Haggitt, outbuildings and contents, \$1,147; Henry Mullins, outbuildings and contents, \$570; Joseph Gates, barn and contents, \$500; John L. McEachern, stable and contents, \$380. Some losses other than by lightning were—V. F. Armstrong, dwelling house and contents, \$700; John H. Jeffery, barn and contents, \$600; Geo. M. Galbraith, damage to house and contents, \$101.90.

The number of policies issued in 1914 was 411, representing \$800,570 insurance. The total number of policies in force at the end of 1914 was 1,073, representing \$2,128,230, as against 1,067 at the end of 1913, representing \$2,043,089.

Officers of the company are as follows:—President, R. S. Munson, Glencoe; vice president, Curtis Gough, Walkers; secretary, A. P. McDougald, Melbourne; directors—Donald Dewar, Walkers; Neil A. Galbraith, Appin; Peter Gardiner, Glencoe; J. G. Lethbridge, Glencoe; auditors, John Muir and Gilbert Hyndman.

Miss (indignantly)—Jane, whatever did you mean by wearing my low-necked evening dress at the bus-drivers' hall last night? Really, you ought to be have been ashamed of yourself! Jane (meekly)—I was, mum. You never heard such remarks as they made.

### Glencoe Council.

The regular monthly meeting of the Glencoe council was held on Monday evening, Feb. 1st.

A number of accounts presented were ordered to be paid.

Rev. Mr. Ford, a member of the public library board, submitted an estimate of moneys required by the board for 1915 amounting to \$152.50.

The following tenders for the office of janitor, etc., were opened:—Thomas Haggitt, \$575; D. M. Stuart, \$600; Wm. Kerr, \$600; Jas. Glasgow, \$600; T. Diamond, \$576; John C. Congdon, \$600.

Nathaniel Currie appeared and stated that the picture show for some months had resulted in a deficit, and asked the council to improve the rate of rent of hall. Mr. Currie proposed to reduce the admission fee to 10 cents if the council would reduce the rent to \$3 per night.

Frank Copeland complained of an obstruction to traffic on McKeller street whereby he broke a runner of his rig, and asked for its removal. The reeve promised that the matter would receive attention.

The reeve and Mr. Parrot were appointed a committee to contract for 20 cords of hard wood for the hall.

Council adjourned to meet Monday, Feb. 15.

### John Morgan Warden.

Reeve John Morgan of Ailsa Craig was elected warden of Middlesex county. Following the deadlock on Tuesday, balloting continued all Wednesday afternoon and at night, and Reeve Boyce of Dorchester withdrew, leaving the fight between Reeve Stuart of Mount Brydges and Reeve Morgan. The vote was then 15 to 15.

The casting vote going to the reeve of the township with the largest assessment, the tie was broken by the ballot of Reeve Jas. Hodgins, London township.

### Hockey at Dutton.

Dutton and Glencoe hockey teams played at Dutton on Wednesday night for the first time this year. These two teams are old rivals and the rink was packed with spectators, who expected an exciting game. They were not disappointed, but Dutton won, 5-3. This is the first time in many years that Dutton has defeated Glencoe. The Dutton team is the fastest Dutton has had for some time. The line up was: Dutton—Leask, goal; Kennedy, rover; Eckhardt, right defence; R. A. Black, right wing; J. Kirkland, centre; E. Affleck, left defence; D. Kirkland, left wing.

Glencoe—McCallum, goal; Davenport, rover; Smith, right defence; Dobson, right wing; Weaver, centre; Dobie, left defence; Parish, left wing.

## ROADS STREWN WITH DEAD

Flaxims Concealed by Germans in Dummy Haystack Poured Deadly Fire Into British Ranks

A despatch from Picardy, France, says: The initial engagement in the La Basse region was but a prelude to a severe engagement which took place there. The arrival of desperate fighting synchronized with a spell of very cold but dry weather, which has made the ground firmer, tending to increased mobility of both the infantry and artillery and filling the men with more of the exhilaration of hand-to-hand fighting. Nevertheless the countryside is still soft enough to make the Germans in their attack show a decided preference for the roads, and this explains how on the main thoroughfare between Bethune and La Basse such a grim massacre

of the enemy took place. It was a veritable death trap. The unerring accuracy of our artillery proved to be an irresistible barrier to the enemy's advance at this point. After re-establishing our old positions the British broke fresh ground and part of a regiment in the forward movement had to go across a level span. On their right was what appeared to be a deserted haystack, but as they came in line with the stack a deadly Maxim fire poured out from it. Both the dummy haystack and its occupants became a target for our watching artillery, but our infantry, nevertheless, suffered severely by this unexpected stratagem.

## RESUME BATTLE IN CARPATHIANS

New Austro-German Forces Are Seeking to Block Russian Invasion.

A despatch from London says: The renewal of hostilities in Galicia makes the battle line from the Carpathians to the interior of East Prussia one of continuous activity. There has been fighting during the past few days at almost every part of the front, and the clash of offensive, particularly in the Central Poland regions, has been severe. The battle in East Prussia, on the Huzar-Rawka fields, the engagements have been carried on furiously.

Interest centres in the Carpathians, where the Austro-Germans have brought up new armies to oppose Russian invasion of Hungary. The Austro-Germans have captured some of the passes which the Russians were holding in strength. While naturally the Russians, like the other belligerents, do not relish giving up any ground gained, they declare that this is compensated by the fact that their aggressiveness has compelled the Austro-Germans to postpone the expedition which they were preparing with the object of crushing Serbia. Russia hopes that Romania, with her financial position guaranteed by the recent London loan of \$25,000,000, will send her army into the field and form the missing link between Russia and Serbia.

A particularly violent conflict took place at Atank, two miles north of Sochaczew. In 30 minutes of the fighting at the start the Germans lost 500 killed in taking a Russian trench, from which they were driven later by a bayonet charge. The recent encounters have been favorable to the Russians, according to the official report of the general staff at Petrograd.

A Russian officer who had charge of a battery of machine guns at Atank, in an interview sent from Petrograd, says that his detachment took their assigned positions and lay waiting for the Germans, whose trenches were 2,000 yards away on a slight elevation. At daybreak the enemy's cavalry appeared, and rode to within 600 yards of the Russian positions, where they halted. At that moment the machine guns broke into fire, and most of the German horsemen were killed.

Half an hour later at least three regiments of German infantry appeared over the hill and started building entrenchments. Before they had hardly begun the Russians were out of their trenches and at them. Three volleys from the Russian foot soldiers preceded a charge, which drove the Germans back. It was in this affair that the Kaiser's troops suffered the loss of

## RESUME BATTLE IN CARPATHIANS

New Austro-German Forces Are Seeking to Block Russian Invasion.

A despatch from London says: The Manchester Guardian reports the remarkable speech delivered by Lieut. General Sir Henry McKinnon at a dinner in Manchester on Monday. General McKinnon related a story told to him by a relative whose company in the trenches was much troubled by a sniper, who was located with difficulty. He was shot finally, and when his body was reached an order was issued on him deploring him to snipe British officers. He had on his body particulars showing he had killed no fewer than 50 officers, and it was apparently a rule of the German War Office to reward him for each officer killed when the claim had been scrutinized and allowed. The sniper was required to state the exact position where the officer was killed, and give particulars about his regiment, and so on, and no claim was allowed until it was tested by reference to casualty lists in the British newspapers. In the case of this particular sniper only 25 claims were allowed, for each of which he had received a reward of 50 marks (\$12.50).

Interest centres in the Carpathians, where the Austro-Germans have brought up new armies to oppose Russian invasion of Hungary. The Austro-Germans have captured some of the passes which the Russians were holding in strength. While naturally the Russians, like the other belligerents, do not relish giving up any ground gained, they declare that this is compensated by the fact that their aggressiveness has compelled the Austro-Germans to postpone the expedition which they were preparing with the object of crushing Serbia. Russia hopes that Romania, with her financial position guaranteed by the recent London loan of \$25,000,000, will send her army into the field and form the missing link between Russia and Serbia.

A particularly violent conflict took place at Atank, two miles north of Sochaczew. In 30 minutes of the fighting at the start the Germans lost 500 killed in taking a Russian trench, from which they were driven later by a bayonet charge. The recent encounters have been favorable to the Russians, according to the official report of the general staff at Petrograd.

A Russian officer who had charge of a battery of machine guns at Atank, in an interview sent from Petrograd, says that his detachment took their assigned positions and lay waiting for the Germans, whose trenches were 2,000 yards away on a slight elevation. At daybreak the enemy's cavalry appeared, and rode to within 600 yards of the Russian positions, where they halted. At that moment the machine guns broke into fire, and most of the German horsemen were killed.

Half an hour later at least three regiments of German infantry appeared over the hill and started building entrenchments. Before they had hardly begun the Russians were out of their trenches and at them. Three volleys from the Russian foot soldiers preceded a charge, which drove the Germans back. It was in this affair that the Kaiser's troops suffered the loss of

A particularly violent conflict took place at Atank, two miles north of Sochaczew. In 30 minutes of the fighting at the start the Germans lost 500 killed in taking a Russian trench, from which they were driven later by a bayonet charge. The recent encounters have been favorable to the Russians, according to the official report of the general staff at Petrograd.

A Russian officer who had charge of a battery of machine guns at Atank, in an interview sent from Petrograd, says that his detachment took their assigned positions and lay waiting for the Germans, whose trenches were 2,000 yards away on a slight elevation. At daybreak the enemy's cavalry appeared, and rode to within 600 yards of the Russian positions, where they halted. At that moment the machine guns broke into fire, and most of the German horsemen were killed.

## DERAIL TRAIN NEAR CALCUTTA

Scheme to Subvert the Loyalty of Local Regiment Was Unearthed by the Arrest of the Men

A despatch from London says: The Morning Post reports that the Punjab Mail, carrying Indian troops, was derailed by the removal of a rail, the blame for the occurrence being thrown on the disloyal propaganda of the ringleaders of the Komagata Maru affair, who are still at large. The nature of the propaganda was revealed by the prosecution of seven men, three of

whom are said to be returned emigrants from Canada. In addition to the weapons found upon them, they had forceps for removing the nuts holding rails in place. A scheme was also discovered to subvert the loyalty of an Indian regiment and to overcome a newly arrived regiment of territorials. The three returned emigrants asserted that they had been badly treated in Canada.

## Killed in Mistake by Own Sentry

A despatch from London says: Despatches from France tell of the killing of a French aeroplane pilot and a British observer by their own men. The machine in which the pilot and observer were flying met

with an accident and they were compelled to descend. They were returning on foot at night toward the British lines when the sentries, supposing they were enemies, fired and killed both.



Nurses Carrying Wounded Frenchman From Battlefield.

Two of the First Aid Nurses of the Yeomanry Corps are here seen carrying a wounded French soldier from one of the trenches, where he had been hit by a flying piece of shrapnel.

## TURKISH INVASION OF EGYPT

Early Defeat Will Afford a Pretext to Turkey to Conclude Peace With the Allies

A despatch from Rome says: It is understood in independent sources that Turkey has decided to go on with the invasion of Egypt despite the fact that they were not prepared and also against the advice of Field Marshal von Der Goltz, the German adviser to the Turkish military. Gen. von Der Goltz advised the rushing of reinforcements to the Caucasus, where the danger to the Turks was imminent, but these suggestions were openly disregarded.

## PAID HUGE PRICE GOT NO REWARD

Savage Onslaughts of the German Infantry Cost Enemy 20,000 Men.

A despatch from Paris says: The severe fighting which began in the vicinity of Craonne, north of the Aisne, cost the German army six thousand men, according to the French estimate as given in the official communiques issued by the War Office. These losses, added to the heavy casualties incurred by the enemy in the Woeuvre, the Vosges, at La Basse and east of Ypres, make a total that is believed to be more than 20,000. And it is pointed out here that this huge price has brought the Kaiser's troops nothing whatsoever in the way of reward.

The latest reports received by the military authorities indicate that hostilities have slackened, which was to be expected after these extreme efforts. In fact the latest report of the War Office says that on the night of Jan. 27 there was not a single infantry attack by the Germans, although severe artillery

actions are announced in Flanders, along the Aisne, in the Argonne and in Alsace.

It was a desire on the part of the Germans to commemorate the 56th birthday of the Kaiser with some noteworthy feat of arms that was responsible for the slaughter of twenty thousand of their best troops in three days, according to the news sent from the front by Gen. Joffre.

## GET THE VICTORIA CROSS.

Two Indian Soldiers Win the coveted Prize.

A despatch from London says: It is officially announced that up to the present two Indian soldiers have gained the Victoria Cross. The first, a Sepoy in the 129th Baluchis, was the sole survivor of a gallant machine gun section, which fought to the last and inflicted immense losses on the enemy. The second is of the 39th Gakhwalis, and won distinction when part of the British trenches were occupied by the Germans. Traverse after traverse of the captured trenches was stormed, and the heroic Sepoy was always the first in the attack, although wounded, and he only fell when the trenches had been entirely taken. He has but lately recovered.

## PEGOURD ACHIEVES VICTORY

Brilliant Exploits of Daring French Aviator Who Was First Man to Loop the Loop

A despatch from Paris says: The heroism of the French aviators will make a thrilling chapter of adventure. Pegoud, who was the first to loop the loop, has lost none of his audacity. One of his latest adventures was rewarded with great success. Provided with a new machine, which he wished to try, he loaded it with a dozen bombs and set off for the enemy's lines. In previous reconnaissance he had made note of German ammunition stores assembled on a certain plot of ground. It was to this spot that he steered his way, flying very high and taking advantage of a mist so that he should not be observed. When he was near his goal he hovered above the place, and descending lower, dropped nine of the bombs. The effect was prodigious—Explosion after explosion rent the air so that his machine was shaken by the vibration waves. Still he had three bombs left, and, swooping, flung

## MOSQUITO FLEET RETURNS SAFELY

Arethusa and Her Gallant Consorts Rescued Many German Sailors

A despatch from London says: A Daily Chronicle correspondent has gathered the following account of the sinking of the Bluecher and the part played by the cruiser Arethusa in the North Sea battle:

Once again has the Arethusa covered herself with glory. In the engagement she was one of the first ships to sight the Germans, and after remaining in action for seven hours the boat of the Bluecher a mortal blow fell to her, as did the pleasure of rescuing eight officers and 117 men from the doomed battle cruiser. Shells fell around her, giving her no respite through the whole morning until two in the afternoon.

She had some miraculous escapes. Although her decks were drenched with water thrown up by shells which exploded in the sea close by, she herself was absolutely undamaged.

One of the German officers whom she had taken aboard as prisoner confessed that the Fatherland could never hope to beat England.

"On land perhaps," he remarked, "but on sea, never."

Once aboard, the German officers were not treated as prisoners. They were shown into wardrobes, and soon began to fraternize with our officers.

"We feel honored to be captured by the Arethusa," one officer stated. "She is a wonderful boat, and her fame is great in Germany."

"War is war," said another. "Either you sink us or we sink you."

"Well, I am glad it is all over," said a third; "it has been a terrible time."

"I shudder when I think of the fate awaiting some of our comrades

in our navy," was the solicitous concern of an elderly officer. "Your shells are terrific, and your seamanship marvellous, but while we here are captured and safe and can now sleep quietly in our beds—our first untrammelled sleep since the early days of August, when we realized that we had to face your navy—how will the rest fare?"

Quite a number of them spoke English, and so grateful were they for the kindness shown them on board the Arethusa that they showered all their belongings, watches, money, rings, etc., on her crew. To the German officers and men postcards were given, and they immediately sat down to write home to Germany. "I am safe," was the message on one postcard; "I was rescued by the Arethusa. Do you remember the night we were discussing her? We are happy and comfortable. Thank God, my life has been spared."

## The Bluecher's Fate.

The Arethusa finished off the Bluecher with a couple of torpedoes. "There came a time when the poor old Bluecher was not worth any more powder and shot from the Indomitable," a member of the crew said. "There was no need to be extravagant with our metal, so the word was passed to us on the Arethusa to set to work with torpedoes. We could not miss her, for she was almost stationary. Our second torpedo went right into her fair amidships."

"She had a terrible list even before this, and she had thrown up the sponge. Her crew were game to the last. We saw them lining up the taffrail standing to attention. It was a thrilling moment."

## SHIP PURCHASE UNNEUTRAL ACT

Great Britain Has Appraised Washington of Views on Proposal.

A despatch from Washington says: The United States Government will find itself in a serious dispute with Great Britain, France and Russia if it purchases and operates interned German and Austrian vessels, as proposed under the pending Ship Purchase Bill.

Your correspondent is now able to state that Great Britain has officially given notice that it would regard such a step by the American Government as an unneutral act. A written statement to this effect is now in the possession of Mr. Bryan, and has been in his hands for some time.

Furthermore, similar views in regard to the reported intention of the Administration to purchase interned vessels are held by France and Russia.

Great Britain, as the nation with which the United States has had occasion most frequently to discuss these matters, has taken the lead in conveying to the United States a warning as to the view which the

allies will take of this intention. Sir Edward Grey has gone out of his way to disabuse Mr. Bryan of any notion he might have had that the British Government would look with complacency on such action.

Ambassador Jusserand notified Mr. Bryan that Admiralty rules adopted by the French Government two years ago would be enforced during the war. These rules instructed French commanders to seize any enemy vessels any ships which had been transferred to neutral registry after the beginning of hostilities. This notice by the French Government never has been modified, and these rules are in force to day, thus ensuring the seizure of the first interned vessel sailing under the proposed French merchant plan which encountered a French cruiser.

Though the Russian Government is not in a position to act on the high seas to any considerable extent at present, it is known that it is in entire accord with the position of the British and the French; that all three Governments do not intend to look on quietly while action of the United States Government relieves the enemy of one of the misfortunes of the war. In the opinion of these Governments, the fact that it is proposed that the United States itself do these things is vastly more serious than that American individuals should do them.

## DESTITUTION IN BELGIUM

Many Persons Will Perish If Needs Are Not Provided for Promptly

A despatch from New York says: A shortage of 76,000 tons of food for the relief of Belgian refugees must be made up within the next three months by the commission for relief in Belgium or many people will perish. Vice-Chairman Lindon W. Bates announced on Wednesday to relief committees throughout the United States. The commission here was apprised of the inadequacy of the food supply by a cable message from London, which read: "The commission is actually short in the department for the feeding of

destitute Belgians, 21,000 tons for February, 30,000 tons for March, and 25,000 tons for April. The commission for provisioning those who can still pay something for rations during these months is bound to enter into its provisioning capacity seriously.

"There are now 1,400,000 destitute, and the actual cost of administering and supplying the commissions for the destitute now is \$2,800,000 per month. The number of the destitute daily increases."

## If Catarrh keeps You Hawking Use "Catarrhozone"—The Quickest Cure

Nothing Known So Sure For Throat Weakness, Bronchitis, Tracheitis, etc.

No doctor attempts to-day to cure a genuine case of catarrh or bronchitis except by the inhalation method. Stomach dosing has been discarded because the useless medicine so taken affects only the stomach—never reaches the seat of catarrh.

The advanced physician recognizes that only air can be sent into the lungs and bronchial tubes. Fill this air with healing medicaments and you solve the problem. No combination of antiseptics is so successful as

Catarrhozone. It contains the richest pine-balsams and the greatest healers known. One breath of Catarrhozone instantly circulates over the area that is afflicted with catarrh. Relief is instant—suffering stops at once—germs are destroyed—every taint of disease is removed. Think it over seriously. Here is a remedy that clears the throat, relieves hoarseness, coughing and bad breath. Irritating phlegm is cleared out, softened bronchial tubes are healed, throat and voice are strengthened.

Catarrhozone is pleasant and certain. You breathe Catarrhozone—you don't take it. Large \$1.00 size is guaranteed; smaller size 50c, and trial size 25c, at all dealers everywhere.

## PRICES OF FARM PRODUCTS

REPORTS FROM THE LEADING TRADE CENTERS OF AMERICA.

**Breadstuffs.**  
Toronto, Feb. 2.—Wheat—Manitoba, No. 1, 81.50; No. 2, 81.00; No. 3, 80.50; No. 4, 80.00; No. 5, 79.50; No. 6, 79.00; No. 7, 78.50; No. 8, 78.00; No. 9, 77.50; No. 10, 77.00; No. 11, 76.50; No. 12, 76.00; No. 13, 75.50; No. 14, 75.00; No. 15, 74.50; No. 16, 74.00; No. 17, 73.50; No. 18, 73.00; No. 19, 72.50; No. 20, 72.00; No. 21, 71.50; No. 22, 71.00; No. 23, 70.50; No. 24, 70.00; No. 25, 69.50; No. 26, 69.00; No. 27, 68.50; No. 28, 68.00; No. 29, 67.50; No. 30, 67.00; No. 31, 66.50; No. 32, 66.00; No. 33, 65.50; No. 34, 65.00; No. 35, 64.50; No. 36, 64.00; No. 37, 63.50; No. 38, 63.00; No. 39, 62.50; No. 40, 62.00; No. 41, 61.50; No. 42, 61.00; No. 43, 60.50; No. 44, 60.00; No. 45, 59.50; No. 46, 59.00; No. 47, 58.50; No. 48, 58.00; No. 49, 57.50; No. 50, 57.00; No. 51, 56.50; No. 52, 56.00; No. 53, 55.50; No. 54, 55.00; No. 55, 54.50; No. 56, 54.00; No. 57, 53.50; No. 58, 53.00; No. 59, 52.50; No. 60, 52.00; No. 61, 51.50; No. 62, 51.00; No. 63, 50.50; No. 64, 50.00; No. 65, 49.50; No. 66, 49.00; No. 67, 48.50; No. 68, 48.00; No. 69, 47.50; No. 70, 47.00; No. 71, 46.50; No. 72, 46.00; No. 73, 45.50; No. 74, 45.00; No. 75, 44.50; No. 76, 44.00; No. 77, 43.50; No. 78, 43.00; No. 79, 42.50; No. 80, 42.00; No. 81, 41.50; No. 82, 41.00; No. 83, 40.50; No. 84, 40.00; No. 85, 39.50; No. 86, 39.00; No. 87, 38.50; No. 88, 38.00; No. 89, 37.50; No. 90, 37.00; No. 91, 36.50; No. 92, 36.00; No. 93, 35.50; No. 94, 35.00; No. 95, 34.50; No. 96, 34.00; No. 97, 33.50; No. 98, 33.00; No. 99, 32.50; No. 100, 32.00; No. 101, 31.50; No. 102, 31.00; No. 103, 30.50; No. 104, 30.00; No. 105, 29.50; No. 106, 29.00; No. 107, 28.50; No. 108, 28.00; No. 109, 27.50; No. 110, 27.00; No. 111, 26.50; No. 112, 26.00; No. 113, 25.50; No. 114, 25.00; No. 115, 24.50; No. 116, 24.00; No. 117, 23.50; No. 118, 23.00; No. 119, 22.50; No. 120, 22.00; No. 121, 21.50; No. 122, 21.00; No. 123, 20.50; No. 124, 20.00; No. 125, 19.50; No. 126, 19.00; No. 127, 18.50; No. 128, 18.00; No. 129, 17.50; No. 130, 17.00; No. 131, 16.50; No. 132, 16.00; No. 133, 15.50; No. 134, 15.00; No. 135, 14.50; No. 136, 14.00; No. 137, 13.50; No. 138, 13.00; No. 139, 12.50; No. 140, 12.00; No. 141, 11.50; No. 142, 11.00; No. 143, 10.50; No. 144, 10.00; No. 145, 9.50; No. 146, 9.00; No. 147, 8.50; No. 148, 8.00; No. 149, 7.50; No. 150, 7.00; No. 151, 6.50; No. 152, 6.00; No. 153, 5.50; No. 154, 5.00; No. 155, 4.50; No. 156, 4.00; No. 157, 3.50; No. 158, 3.00; No. 159, 2.50; No. 160, 2.00; No. 161, 1.50; No. 162, 1.00; No. 163, .50; No. 164, .00; No. 165, .00; No. 166, .00; No. 167, .00; No. 168, .00; No. 169, .00; No. 170, .00; No. 171, .00; No. 172, .00; No. 173, .00; No. 174, .00; No. 175, .00; No. 176, .00; No. 177, .00; No. 178, .00; No. 179, .00; No. 180, .00; No. 181, .00; No. 182, .00; No. 183, .00; No. 184, .00; No. 185, .00; No. 186, .00; No. 187, .00; No. 188, .00; No. 189, .00; No. 190, .00; No. 191, .00; No. 192, .00; No. 193, .00; No. 194, .00; No. 195, .00; No. 196, .00; No. 197, .00; No. 198, .00; No. 199, .00; No. 200, .00; No. 201, .00; No. 202, .00; No. 203, .00; No. 204, .00; No. 205, .00; No. 206, .00; No. 207, .00; No. 208, .00; No. 209, .00; No. 210, .00; No. 211, .00; No. 212, .00; No. 213, .00; No. 214, .00; No. 215, .00; No. 216, .00; No. 217, .00; No. 218, .00; No. 219, .00; No. 220, .00; No. 221, .00; No. 222, .00; No. 223, .00; No. 224, .00; No. 225, .00; No. 226, .00; No. 227, .00; No. 228, .00; No. 229, .00; No. 230, .00; No. 231, .00; No. 232, .00; No. 233, .00; No. 234, .00; No. 235, .00; No. 236, .00; No. 237, .00; No. 238, .00; No. 239, .00; No. 240, .00; No. 241, .00; No. 242, .00; No. 243, .00; No. 244, .00; No. 245, .00; No. 246, .00; No. 247, .00; No. 248, .00; No. 249, .00; No. 250, .00; No. 251, .00; No. 252, .00; No. 253, .00; No. 254, .00; No. 255, .00; No. 256, .00; No. 257, .00; No. 258, .00; No. 259, .00; No. 260, .00; No. 261, .00; No. 262, .00; No. 263, .00; No. 264, .00; No. 265, .00; No. 266, .00; No. 267, .00; No. 268, .00; No. 269, .00; No. 270, .00; No. 271, .00; No. 272, .00; No. 273, .00; No. 274, .00; No. 275, .00; No. 276, .00; No. 277, .00; No. 278, .00; No. 279, .00; No. 280, .00; No. 281, .00; No. 282, .00; No. 283, .00; No. 284, .00; No. 285, .00; No. 286, .00; No. 287, .00; No. 288, .00; No. 289, .00; No. 290, .00; No. 291, .00; No. 292, .00; No. 293, .00; No. 294, .00; No. 295, .00; No. 296, .00; No. 297, .00; No. 298, .00; No. 299, .00; No. 300, .00; No. 301, .00; No. 302, .00; No. 303, .00; No. 304, .00; No. 305, .00; No. 306, .00; No. 307, .00; No. 308, .00; No. 309, .00; No. 310, .00; No. 311, .00; No. 312, .00; No. 313, .00; No. 314, .00; No. 315, .00; No. 316, .00; No. 317, .00; No. 318, .00; No. 319, .00; No. 320, .00; No. 321, .00; No. 322, .00; No. 323, .00; No. 324, .00; No. 325, .00; No. 326, .00; No. 327, .00; No. 328, .00; No. 329, .00; No. 330, .00; No. 331, .00; No. 332, .00; No. 333, .00; No. 334, .00; No. 335, .00; No. 336, .00; No. 337, .00; No. 338, .00; No. 339, .00; No. 340, .00; No. 341, .00; No. 342, .00; No. 343, .00; No. 344, .00; No. 345, .00; No. 346, .00; No. 347, .00; No. 348, .00; No. 349, .00; No. 350, .00; No. 351, .00; No. 352, .00; No. 353, .00; No. 354, .00; No. 355, .00; No. 356, .00; No. 357, .00; No. 358, .00; No. 359, .00; No. 360, .00; No. 361, .00; No. 362, .00; No. 363, .00; No. 364, .00; No. 365, .00; No. 366, .00; No. 367, .00; No. 368, .00; No. 369, .00; No. 370, .00; No. 371, .00; No. 372, .00; No. 373, .00; No. 374, .00; No. 375, .00; No. 376, .00; No. 377, .00; No. 378, .00; No. 379, .00; No. 380, .00; No. 381, .00; No. 382, .00; No. 383, .00; No. 384, .00; No. 385, .00; No. 386, .00; No. 387, .00; No. 388, .00; No. 389, .00; No. 390, .00; No. 391, .00; No. 392, .00; No. 393, .00; No. 394, .00; No. 395, .00; No. 396, .00; No. 397, .00; No. 398, .00; No. 399, .00; No. 400, .00; No. 401, .00; No. 402, .00; No. 403, .00; No. 404, .00; No. 405, .00; No. 406, .00; No. 407, .00; No. 408, .00; No. 409, .00; No. 410, .00; No. 411, .00; No. 412, .00; No. 413, .00; No. 414, .00; No. 415, .00; No. 416, .00; No. 417, .00; No. 418, .00; No. 419, .00; No. 420, .00; No. 421, .00; No. 422, .00; No. 423, .00; No. 424, .00; No. 425, .00; No. 426, .00; No. 427, .00; No. 428, .00; No. 429, .00; No. 430, .00; No. 431, .00; No. 432, .00; No. 433, .00; No. 434, .00; No. 435, .00; No. 436

## RUSSIANS SAY "NICH-VO!"

NURSE WRITES OF THEIR INDIFFERENCE TO PAIN.

Incidents on the battlefields and in the hospitals among the wounded.

Sister Martin Nicholson, who has just returned to London after nursing wounded soldiers in Warsaw, writes of her experiences as follows:

"If I had gone to Russia knowing nothing of the language this is the word I should have most easily picked up."

It would be difficult to find an equivalent in English. In French it would be best translated by the Frenchman's expressive shrug of the shoulder. Nichevo expresses perfect indifference, and I heard the word first on the lips of a Russian soldier in the first Red Cross hospital at Warsaw. The doctor had explained to him that it was necessary to take off his hand. "Nichevo!" replied the soldier, whose head was swathed with bandages.

The word was constantly on the lips of men broken beyond imagination. I had previously seen many terrible cases at the King's Palace in Brussels, but the condition of some of the Russian soldiers brought in from Lodz and the neighborhood was infinitely worse. The reason was explained to me by a Russian doctor.

"We have to deal with worse cases," he said, "because our men are more difficult to kill. Our soldiers are the hardest in the world."

I was inclined to believe him. Let me take the case of a wounded Cossack with whom I became very friendly. Near Lodz this man was shot in the leg. His wound was hastily dressed by a comrade who, in his hurry—for all the time he was under fire—tied the bandage far too tight.

The wounded soldier remained on the battlefield for eight days in the bitter cold, the bandage cutting hard into his wound. After a few days there was the added agony of gangrene. How he lived was a miracle to me. I do not think any soldier but a Russian could have endured the agony. By all the laws of nature he should have been dead long ago.

**Siberians Hardest.**  
The moment he was brought into the hospital he was told that the leg would have to be amputated. There was no murmur of regret, no outward expression of the great pain he must have been suffering.

During the whole time I was at Warsaw I never saw a single Russian soldier break down under pain. They will stand cutting and chopping without a murmur—provided they have a cigarette, and I believe if a surgeon had cut off a finger by mistake the only comment would be the inevitable nichevo.

A Siberian—these troops are the hardest of the lot—was brought into the hospital with both legs and one of his arms badly broken by shrapnel. It was necessary to amputate all three limbs. A little after the operation I spoke to the man. "Give me back two legs, one arm will do, and I will go back to the fight for the Little Father," he said. I could give many other incidents of the Russians' indifference to pain, but they would make too gruesome reading.

The Russian soldier, with all his hardness, has the heart of a child. This same man, who had faced great agony without flinching, cried like a child later when shown some little kindness. Tears came to the men very easily, but never as a result of pain. Their tears are the result of deep emotion—and this combination of hardness and deep feeling is surely one of the most extraordinary traits in the Russian character.

The wounded found on the field of battle are usually lying on their backs, their faces turned to heaven. The reason was explained very simply to me by a wounded Siberian. "You see," he said, "we believe God is on our side, and we like to die facing Him. So when we are badly hit and we feel that all is up we try to fall on our backs."

Before going to Russia I was in Brussels, arriving there the same day as the Germans. At first I was ordered to take care of Belgian wounded prisoners, and later sent to the King's Palace, which had been turned into a hospital, to look after the German wounded.

The wounded German is far more difficult to deal with than the wounded Russian, and the two hospitals presented a vivid contrast. The German breaks down very easily and is restless when suffering. The German soldier is easier to handle than the German officer, who will fight against an operation and sometimes become a pitiable object.

### The Square Deal.

"Look here!" said an excited man to a druggist. "You gave me morphine for quinine this morning."

"Is that so?" replied the druggist. "Then you owe me twenty-five cents."

Few self-made men live long enough to finish the job.

## ALMOST EVERY ONE NEEDS A TONIC

Almost everyone—man, woman and child—needs a tonic at some time. It is often said that a man is lazy because he takes little or no interest in his work; but the truth is he is not well. He needs a tonic. The same is true of a woman who does not hustle over her home work, but only feels fit to be in bed. She is not merely tired, but ill. A dull pain in the head or back, poor appetite, loss of strength with low spirits and loss of interest in life show that you need a tonic to brace up the nerves and give you a new lease of life. The proof is that when the right tonic is taken all the trouble quickly disappears. The one tonic—the only tonic—for weak and ailing men, women and children is Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, which speedily bring back abundant health, strength and energy. They have done this in thousands and thousands of cases as is proved by the following. Mr. Ed. A. Owen, Burdett, Alta., says:—"About two years ago my health was in a wretched condition. My whole system seemed to be run down and the doctor seemed puzzled at my condition. I had no appetite, exertion would leave me breathless, and I was troubled much with dizziness. All the medicine I took did me no good, and I was steadily growing weaker. My mother urged me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and before I had taken them very long I began to feel like a new man, and continuing their use, I was restored to complete health. I now recommend them to all run down in health as they are the best medicine I know of."

Sold by all medicine dealers, or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50. From The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

### VISION.

Dr. James L. Hughes, Toronto.

To see is greater than to know,  
Or fail to do.  
That I may see a clearer glow  
Of truth each day.

Though I know all that man has known  
Blind I may be;  
There is some glory I alone  
Have power to see.

My vision, I must surely see,  
Or fail to do.  
My work to make the future be  
More grandly true.

Faith should be ever turned to sight,  
So I shall try  
To find new stars to give fresh light  
On life's wide sky.

### A Test for Maple Sugar.

A quick way of determining the purity of maple sugar, which has recently been put into practical use, depends upon the difference in electrical resistance of impure and pure sugar. Standards of resistance were determined by sending a current through a solution of pure sugar, and then by making similar tests with sugar adulterated by the ordinary methods. It is not only a simple matter to determine whether the sugar is or is not adulterated, but the form of adulterant is also usually indicated by the degrees of resistance.

### OUR NATIONAL DISEASE

**Caused by Tea and Coffee.**  
Physicians know that drugs will not correct the evils caused by tea or coffee and that the only remedy is to stop drinking it.

A doctor says:  
"I was a coffee drinker for many years, and often thought that I could not do without it, but after years of suffering with our national malady, dyspepsia, I attributed it to the drinking of coffee, and after some thought determined to use Postum for my morning drink. The effects on the system of tea and coffee drinking are very similar, because they each contain the drug, caffeine."

"I had the Postum made carefully according to directions on the pkg., and found it just suited my taste."

"At first I used it only for breakfast, but I found myself getting so much better that I had it at all meals, and I am pleased to say that I have been relieved of indigestion. I gained 19 pounds in 4 months and my general health is greatly improved."

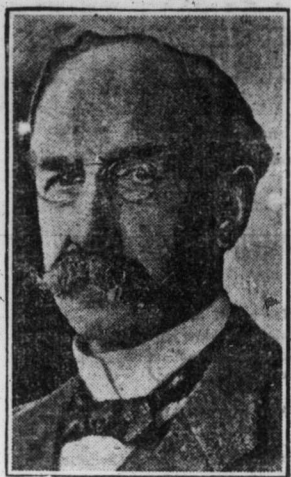
"I must tell you of a young lady. She had been in ill health for many years, the vital forces low, with but little pain. I wrote her of the good that Postum did me and advised her to try it."

"At the end of the year she wrote me that she had gained 40 pounds in weight and felt like herself again."

Name given by Canadian Postum Co., Windsor, Ont. Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

Postum comes in two forms: Regular Postum—must be well boiled. 15c and 50c packages. Instant Postum—is a soluble powder. A teaspoonful dissolves quickly in a cup of cold water, and with cream and sugar, makes a delicious beverage instantly. 30c and 50c tins.

The cost per cup of both kinds is about the same. Postum is sold by all grocers. "There's a Reason" for Postum.



New British Chief of Imperial Staff.

The photo shows Lieut. Gen. Sir James Wolfe Murray, K.C.B., appointed chief of the Imperial General Staff in succession to the late General Sir C. W. H. Douglas, G.C.B. Born in 1853, the new chief of the Imperial General Staff was educated at Glenalmond, Harrow, and the Royal Military Academy at Woolwich. He entered the Royal Artillery in 1872. As Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel he served in the Ashanti War of 1875, being in command of lines of communication. He was commanding lines of communication in Natal during the South African campaign, and was twice mentioned in despatches. Colonel in 1899, he was created K.C.B. in the following year. He was Quartermaster of India in 1903-4, Master-General of the Ordnance 1904-7, and in command of the 9th (Secunderabad) Division, India, 1907-11.

### BABY'S BATTLES

Baby's battles for health can be easily won if the mother will constantly keep at hand the means of aiding her little ones when the emergency may arise. Baby's Own Tablets should be found in every home where there are small children. The Tablets are a gentle but thorough laxative. They break up colds; relieve croup; prevent constipation; cure indigestion; promote sleep, and in fact cure all the minor ills of little ones. They are sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

### COMMANDER SAMSON.

Kaiser Offers \$5,000 for Him, Dead or Alive.

"A flying Captain Kettle" is the term applied to Commander Samson by his colleagues in the British Naval Service, for the brilliant aviator, with his small, well-knit frame and pointed beard, bears a remarkable resemblance to the well-known sea captain of fiction. His feats in the present war have so impressed the Kaiser that he has offered \$5,000 reward to anyone who will bring him to Berlin alive or dead.

Commander Samson is one of our cleverest naval flyers, and a short time back he did much to organize the Naval Air Service of Great Britain, which is generally recognized to be the most efficient in the world. When the commander first became associated with this branch of the service it practically existed only in the form of a blue-papered docket resting in a pigeonhole at the Admiralty. That was little over a year ago, and now the British seaplane service is a solid bulwark between Britain and its foes.

Night and day its members are guarding Britain's shores from invasion by hostile aircraft, as well as conducting transports across the English Channel. Commander Samson has had much to do with this rapid growth. In addition to being a clever organizer and commander of men, the famous naval man is a born flyer and few men can handle the great 120 horsepower seaplanes of the navy so skillfully. These machines weigh over one ton, and they have to be landed on ocean rollers at a speed of sixty miles an hour. On one occasion Commander Samson, through the reflection of the waves, misjudged the drop to water and dived underneath it. The force of hitting the water at high speed crashed him against the engine at his back, but, though stunned by the fall, he managed to fight his way through the wires and struts which threatened to strangle him and reach the surface alive.

His past training as a sailor has resulted in the commander developing into a typical "handy man." In the early days of the war he forsook his flying for a short while and took command of an armored motor-car. It was this vehicle which succeeded in annihilating a brigade of German cavalry by dashing into them at a great speed, moving many down with the car itself, whilst the gunners behind the shot-proof walls accounted for the rest.

Although bearded, Commander Samson is in the early "thirties," and he is considered to be the ideal type of aviator, for the recklessness of youth in his case is leavened by the experience of years.

It costs more to revenge injuries than to bear them.

"What are you anyway," contemptuously inquired Mrs. Peck during the quarrel, "a man or a mouse?" "A man," answered Henry Peck bitterly. "If I were a mouse I'd have you up on that table right now yelling for help."

## She Was In Bed For Seven Weeks

THEN DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS CURED MADAME BERUBE.

Montreal Lady Tells How, After Four Years' Illness, She Found a Complete Cure For All Her Troubles.

Montreal, Que., Feb. 1st (Special)—Madame J. Baptiste Berube, residing at 1393 Logan Avenue, this city, asserts that after four years' suffering from kidney disease she has been completely restored to health by Dodd's Kidney Pills.

"I had a pain in my left side around the heart," Madame Berube says in her statement. "I suffered constantly with headache and backache, and for seven weeks I was in bed with kidney disease and feebleness. The doctor could not help me, so I decided to try Dodd's Kidney Pills."

"After the first box I was some better. I continued to use Dodd's Kidney Pills till now the palpitation has left me, and I am a well woman, able to do my work. Dodd's Kidney Pills cured me and I recommend them to all persons who suffer as I did."

Notice how many women are going to tell their suffering sisters they can find relief in Dodd's Kidney Pills. The reason is that nine-tenths of women's ills spring from diseased or disordered kidneys. Every woman whose kidneys show signs of weakness should use Dodd's Kidney Pills.

### Navigation Explained.

The Gurkas, who came from India to France to take their place in the British firing line, were sometimes very amusing during the long voyage to Europe. When they had been at sea two whole days without seeing land, writes an English officer to the London Times, they became very much disturbed in mind. "Without doubt, the captain of the ship has lost his way," they said, but they counselled together and decided at last that all was well. Some one asked them how they reached this decision. They led him to the stern of the vessel and pointed to the long wake of water boiling behind them, and said with a smile as broad as the greatness of the discovery, "Without doubt he follows the path."

## Sore Eyes

Granulated Eyelids, Eyes inflamed by exposure to Sun, Dust and Wind quickly relieved by Murine Eye Remedy. No Smearing, Just Eye Comfort.

Your Druggist's 50c per Bottle. Murine Eye Salve in Tubes 25c. For Book of the Eye Freckle, Druggists or Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

### Wellington's Blunt Phrase.

Certainly most of Wellington's remarks about the British soldier are not likely to be echoed by any commander-in-chief of the present day. But there is one uttered to Mr. Greavey before the battle of Waterloo, which with all its bluntness is thoroughly appropriate to the position to-day. They were watching a British infantry soldier entering a park at Brussels. "There," said the Duke, pointing to the man; "it all depends upon that article whether we do the business or not. Give me enough of it, and I am sure."—London Chronicle.

### Minard's Liniment Cures Croup in Cows.

Another Rumor.  
"I have some astonishing news for you, Maria," said Brown. "In addition to the war Britain is on the eve of a great strike, in which thousands upon thousands of hands will be involved." "What a dreadful thing!" ejaculated his unsuspecting victim. "When is it to take place?" "This very night, my dear," answered Brown, gravely. "At midnight thousands of clock hands will point to the hour and it will strike twelve."

### INFORMATION FOR INVENTORS

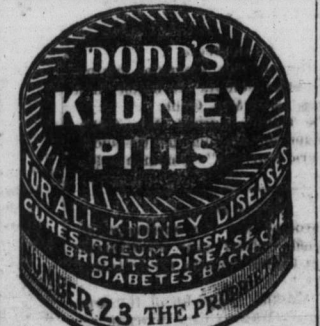
Messrs. Pigeon, Pigeon & Davis, patent solicitors, Montreal, report that 99 Canadian patents were issued for the week ending January 12th, 1915, 73 of which were granted to Americans, 18 to Canadians, and 8 to residents of foreign countries.

### He Had.

"Have you ever, thought seriously of marriage, sir?"  
"Indeed, I have; ever since the ceremony."

### A Wind's Fancy.

"The wind," said Mrs. Twickenbury, "was blowing at a terrific velocity."



ED. 7. ISSUE 6-15.

## Joint and Muscle Pains Banished by Nerviline

IT CURES RHEUMATISM.

Thousands of people, chuck full of the joy of living—happy, glad, bright people, that Nerviline has cured of their pains, all tell the same wonderful story of its power to drive out the aches and tortures of rheumatism and kindred ills.

"My goodness, but Nerviline is a miracle-worker," writes Mrs. Charlotte Chipman, mother of a well-known family residing at Mount Pleasant. "Last month I was so crippled up with sciatica and muscular rheumatism as to be almost unable to do a bit of housework. My joints were so stiff and the muscles so tightly sore that I even cried at times with the pain. For years we have used Nerviline in our family and I just got busy with this wonderful, good old liniment. Lots of rubbing with Nerviline soon relieved my misery and I was in a real short time about my work as usual."

No matter where the ache is, no matter how distressing the pain you can rub it away with Nerviline. For forty years it has been curing lumbago, sciatica, backache, colds, chest trouble and all sorts of winter ills. Keep a large 50c. family size bottle handy and you'll be saved lots of trouble and have smaller doctor bills. Small trial size 25c. at dealers everywhere.

### "Doctor" Jellieco.

When Mr. Churchill told the British House of Commons that the health of the sailors was nearly twice as good as in times of peace he raised a cheer and a laugh. He might have added that "Doctor" Jellieco was very largely responsible for this happy state of affairs, for certainly no commander-in-chief has ever more jealously watched over his men than the present commander-in-chief of the grand fleet. His first care is food supply, second clothes, and third recreation; and Lady Jellieco seems to be acting as a remarkably energetic member of his "staff" on shore to see that he gets all he wants in the way of comforts for his "chickens."

### The Cigarette and War.

The cigarette has already figured in many stirring scenes, and even in the shadow of death it has been Tommy's close friend. Who will forget the gallant commander of the formidable going down coolly smoking his last cigarette? Who will forget the sailors lighting their pipes when they knew their ship was doomed? "Give us a smoke" has been the last words of many a dying hero. It has brought a smile to the wounded Tommy and has comforted him in pain and hunger since the war began.

### DEATH REPORTED

An old offender that hung on for years. Nothing touched his stony heart but Putnam's Corn Extract and out he came, root, stem and branch. All corn cured just as quickly when Putnam's is used; try it, 25c. at all dealers.

### KETTLE VALLEY RAILWAY.

Links Up the C.P.R. with United States Railways.

What the completion of the Kettle Valley Railway will mean to transcontinental traffic, both freight and passenger, was explained by Mr. J. J. Warren, the president of the company, who has been spending a few days' east. For years past the Canadian Pacific Railway has been wrestling with the problem of reducing grades in the Rocky Mountain section, and it is probable that it will continue to struggle for years to come. Even in days when expansion work is necessarily restricted and curtailed, orders are given, for example, to push the work on the Rogers Pass tunnel to completion. But with the Kettle Valley Railway and the Kootenay Central Railway in operation the Canadian Pacific will have alternative routes from the main line, which should at once make much more economical the handling of trains to the Pacific Coast. The Kettle Valley line in Southern British Columbia, which links up with railways in the United States, and with the Canadian Pacific, which has running rights over it, will make an admirable alternative route by way of the Crow's Nest Pass, as its grades nowhere exceed 2 per cent., while the Kootenay Central has an average grade of less than 1 per cent. The Kettle Valley line will also be of great value to the fruit growers of the Okanagan Valley, as it touches Penticton and Summerland, and puts them into direct touch with the mining districts of Southern British Columbia. As a scenic route the line should prove attractive to tourists, as the southern end of the Okanagan Valley is by far the most picturesque portion of this favored section of British Columbia. By early summer the full passenger service will be in operation, and Mr. Warren expects that a large volume of the transcontinental travel will be diverted to his line.

Once a ferryman was asked by a timid lady in his boat whether any persons were ever lost in that river. "Oh, no," said he. "We always finds 'em again the next day."

### Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

It's a shame what bad little boys think of good little boys.

## TOWN IS SAVED BY RABBI.

Promised German General That People Would Be Good.

Rabbi Salomon Bamberger, of Luenheim, a small town near the frontier of Alsace, says the Hebrew Standard, has been instrumental in saving the town from destruction by the Germans. Some of the inhabitants having been found guilty of espionage in the interests of France, the German general imagining that there were several more traitors, threatened to burn the town.

The inhabitants became so terror-stricken that Rabbi Bamberger decided to make a personal appeal to the general to spare the town. Attired in his canonicals and wearing his Tallis and Tophilin, the octogenarian rabbi proceeded to the general's quarters and offered himself as a hostage for the loyalty of the population. He reminded the general of God's promise to Abraham that Sodom would be spared if ten righteous men could be found. The general was so touched by the rabbi's earnestness that he decided to abandon his cruel intention, at the same time refusing to accept the rabbi's offer to be hostage for the townspeople's good conduct.

### Up in the Air.

"What are Betty and Jack quarrelling about now?"  
"Oh, it's one of those wireless quarrels, I guess."  
"Wireless quarrels? What do you mean?"  
"Words over nothing, you know."

## When a Woman Suffers With Chronic Backache

### There is Trouble Ahead.

Constantly on their feet, attending to the wants of a large and exacting family, women often break down with nervous exhaustion.

In the stores, factories, and on a farm are weak, ailing women, dragged down with the torturing backache and bearing down pains.

Such suffering isn't natural, but it's dangerous, because due to diseased kidneys.

The dizziness, insomnia, deranged menses and other symptoms of kidney complaint can't cure themselves, they require the assistance of Dr. Hamilton's Pills which go direct to the seat of the trouble.

To give vitality and power to the kidneys, to lend aid to the bladder and liver, to free the blood of poisons, probably there is no remedy so successful as Dr. Hamilton's Pills. For all womanly irregularities their merit is well known.

Because of their mild, soothing, and healing effect, Dr. Hamilton's Pills are safe, and are recommended for girls and women of all ages. 25 cents per box at all dealers. Refuse any substitute for Dr. Hamilton's Pills of Man-drake and butternut.

### Unfair Advantage.

James—The rain falls alike on the just and the unjust.  
Jones—True, but the unjust man is generally provided with the just man's umbrella.

### His Discovery.

"I find," confessed skippy little Mr. Meek, "that I do the housework easier and quicker when my wife is not at home to help me."

### Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, Etc.

One Way Out.  
"I wish I knew how to get rid of trouble."  
"I'll help you out. I know a fellow who's always looking for it."

LOW FARES TO THE CHICAGO EXPOSITIONS.  
Via Chicago & North Western Ry.  
Four splendid daily trains from the New Passenger Terminal, Chicago to San Francisco, Los Angeles and San Diego. Choice of scenic and direct routes. Double track. Automatic electric safety signals all the way.

Tell us plan your trip and furnish fold-out and full particulars.  
B. H. Bennett, Gen. Agt., 46 Yonge St., Toronto, Ont.

### The Cause.

"How did you lose your hair?"  
"Worry! I was in constant fear that I was going to lose it."

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

When a bit of sunshine hits ye,  
After passing of a cloud,  
And a fit of laughter gits ye,  
An' yer spine is feeling proud,  
Don't forget to up and fling it  
At a soul that's feeling blue.  
For the minute that you fling it  
It's a boomerang to you.

You don't have to be a high flyer to demonstrate that riches take unto themselves wings.

### BOILERS

New and Second-hand, for heating and power purposes. Water Tanks and Smoke Stacks.  
POLSON IRON WORKS LIMITED TORONTO  
Engineers and Shipbuilders.

## Clark's Pork & Beans

Highest grade beans kept whole and mealy by perfect baking, retaining their full strength. Flavored with delicious sauces. They have no equal.

### FARMS FOR SALE.

N. W. DAWSON, Ninety Colborne Street, Toronto.

IF YOU WANT TO BUY OR SELL A Farm, Stock, Grain or Dairy Farm, write H. W. Dawson, Brampton, or 90 Colborne St., Toronto.

H. W. DAWSON, Colborne St., Toronto.

### FOR SALE.

REGISTERED SHORTHORN AND HOLSTEIN CALVES. T. J. Morrison, Durham.

### NURSERY STOCK.

STRAWBERRIES, RASPBERRIES, POTATOES. Catalogue free. McConnell & Son, Port Burwell, Ont.

### MALE HELP WANTED.

LEARN BARBER TRADE—ALWAYS a sure employment at good wages; few weeks required to complete course; write for full particulars and catalogue today. Moler Barber College, 219 Queen East, Toronto.

### MISCELLANEOUS.

CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, ETC. Internal and external, cured with out pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bellman Medical Co. Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

## PATENTS OF INVENTIONS

PIGEON, PIGEON & DAVIS  
70 St. James St., Montreal  
Write for information

### INTERNATIONAL POULTRY FOOD

151  
Makes Hens lay more eggs, keeps the eggs fresh, and the chickens healthy. Write for full particulars. International Poultry Food Co., London, Toronto, Ont.

## SOLD LEATHER 75c

Prices must go up this spring, as leather is advancing rapidly. Buy now before the advance.  
CATALOGUE FREE  
Covers factory to farm prices on Harness, Harness Parts, Hardware and Horse Goods.  
THE HALLIDAY COMPANY Limited  
HAMILTON, CANADA

## ENGINE FOR SALE

New Wheelock 18 x 42 Automatic Valve  
Complete operating condition, flywheel, frame, belt, cylinders and all parts. Can be shown running at present time.  
Will sell at less than half cost price.

S. FRANK WILSON & SONS  
73 Adelaide St. West, Toronto

## FOR colds in the chest or sore throat; for rheumatism or stiffness; for sprains and cramps, Capsicum "Vaseline" brings quick relief.

## CAPSICUM Vaseline

It does all that a mustard plaster will do. Is cleaner, easier to apply, and will not blister the skin.  
There are many other "Vaseline" preparations—simple home remedies that should be in every family—Carbolated "Vaseline," an antiseptic dressing for cuts, insect bites, etc.; "Vaseline" Analgesic, "Vaseline" for piles, chilblains, etc., and others.

AVOID SUBSTITUTES. Insist on "Vaseline" in original packages bearing the name, CHESEBROUGH MANUFACTURING CO., Consolidated. For sale at all Chemists and General Stores. Free booklet on request.  
CHESEBROUGH MFG CO. (Consolidated)  
1890 CHADOT AVE., MONTREAL.

## FINAL PRICING ON OVERCOATS

7 Men's Extra Fine Quality Winter Overcoats in Ulster and Chesterfield style. Every coat correct in style and quality. Regular values \$15 to \$18.50, final clearing price \$11.50.

9 Men's Ulster Overcoats, the standard two-way collar, belt back, made from serviceable material, style correct. Regular values \$11.50 to \$13, final clear out price \$7.90.

Similar reductions in other lines of Overcoats until last one has been sold.

A Sweeping Reduction in Boys' Overcoats, \$6 to \$7.50 values, to clear at \$4.25.

12 Boys' 2 and 3 piece Suits, one suit of a kind, priced exactly at half, \$6.50 suits for \$3.25, \$5 suits \$2.50.

Here's a chance to get Sweater Coats at less than factory prices.

Misses' Sweater Coats in assorted colors from best manufacturers. Regular values, \$2 to \$2.50, to

clear, \$1.25. Regular values, \$1.25 to \$2, to clear, 90c. Regular values, 75c to \$1, to clear, 59c.

A lot of Knitted Caps, Toques, etc., at exactly half price.

### After Stock-taking Specials.

These lines are odds and ends, some perfect, others slightly soiled, enough wrong with them to make us clear at exactly half price. Includes Underwear, Hosiery, Waists, House Dresses, Wrappers, Kimonos, Sweater Coats, Hoods, White Bear Coats.

### Dress Ends at Half Price.

49 yds. and under goes at half price. The quality is from the best stocks. It's a chance to buy, sometimes, just what you want.

### Many Cases of Spring Goods Now Being Opened.

We will be glad to show what is wanted by early buyers.

## J. N. CURRIE & CO.

### The Transcript

Published every Thursday morning from THE TRANSCRIPT BUILDING, Main Street, Gloucester, Ontario. Subscription—To addresses in Canada and all points in the British Empire, \$1.00 per year; to addresses in the United States, \$1.50 per year—payable in advance. ADVERTISING.—The Transcript has a large and constantly growing circulation. A limited amount of advertising will be accepted, at moderate rates. Prices on application. JOB PRINTING.—The Jobbing Department has superior equipment for turning out promptly books, pamphlets, circulars, posters, blank forms, programmes, cards, envelopes, office and wedding stationery, etc. Address all communications and make remittances payable to A. E. SUTHERLAND.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1915.

The late Lord Roberts, shortly before his death, wrote a splendid article in The Hibbert Journal on the war situation, in which he said: "There is but one duty for the British citizen at the present time—men and women, young and old, rich and poor, all alike, must place everything at the service of the state. Nothing must be kept back—time, energy, money, talents, even life itself, must be freely offered in this supreme crisis."

In placing his advertising the business man calls for local circulation—a circulation in the homes of the people who are within reach of his store, and who, reading his announcement in the leisure and quiet of the home circle, become at once prospective customers. A Chicago merchant print once said that a newspaper read in the homes by members of the family was worth a hundred sold on the highway. If this opinion was worth quoting twenty-five years ago, how much more truth there is in the statement today!

According to Toronto newspapers the people of that city have quite lost their heads by plunging into wheat speculation, in the belief that the price of this essential product will reach at least \$1.50 per bushel. Reports say that everybody with a ten dollar bill is in the game, and the bucket shops are working overtime to place orders. In this critical time, when wheat is at least of equal importance as guns and ammunition, such a condition of affairs is almost criminal, and the government should take prompt action and prohibit gambling in wheat.

It is a common mistake for people to think that the world is a lot worse than it was when they were little. As a matter of fact it was a case of elders taking advantage of our youth and innocence in an attempt to make us good. They preached so much goodness, and unselfishness, and virtue that we made the mistake of thinking that the world was a lot fuller of those admirable qualities than it really was. They did not actually lie to us but they led us to believe that the worst things in the world were bad little boys and girls who were not saintly in all their behaviour. This led us to conclude that as we grew older our wickedness would gradually leave us until, when we came to the age of our parents, we would be as good and virtuous as it was possible to be. We thought that any person so kind and wise as the family doctor must always know exactly what he was talking about; that our school teachers were people of altogether superior wisdom, which desirable condition

we could never hope to attain; that magistrates and judges were men of intangible righteousness and good judgment. And then we grew up and discovered that all these people were just people like the rest of us, just as likely to be mistaken, or biased, or bad. And we conclude, thoughtlessly, that the world is a worse place than it was when we were children, forgetting that the change may be almost entirely due to the fact that we are innocent little children no longer and cannot be fooled by stories of a worldwide righteousness except for our own sin. After all, this old world is probably getting a little better as it rolls along.

The city papers seem to like to give little digs at the farmer boys for not enlisting. A bunch of the lads were talking it over the other night. Said one: "Well, there were three boys at our place but I am the only one at home. If the others enlist they are counted as town or city boys. If I enlist, who is going to keep the farm running, to raise grain for flour and feed, or raise horses for the use of the army?" There were four boys present, each being the only one at home on a large farm. Lots of farms have not even the one; it is left to poor old dad, mother and the girls to provide food for the nation. They decided that they could do more good for their country by staying at home and working the land. As one expressed it: "There are a great many in the cities and towns who can be spared; let them go first. Our duty seems to be right here, no matter what the editors say."

Do not delay in getting relief for the little folks. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is a pleasant and sure cure. If you have your child why do you let it suffer when a remedy is so near at hand?

### Advertising of Charities.

Newspapers would like the public to recognize more than the public does that every line of newspaper space represents actual cash to the newspaper in cost; that every free notice of a charitable or religious undertaking is simply a straight subscription equivalent to money from the newspaper. It is gratifying to find a plain statement of the case from a source not affiliated with any newspaper. E. A. Moore, an officer of the State Charities Aid Association of New York, told a Charities Conference at Philadelphia recently that the newspapers deserved more credit than they commonly got. "We," said Mr. Moore, speaking of those engaged in the various branches of organized charity in New York State, "do not ask the stationer to contribute the paper we use. We do not ask the owners of buildings we occupy to contribute our quarters. But we do ask the newspapers to do the equivalent by giving us space which is money to them. He went on: "Buy space. Advertise your work as business houses do, and you will get the best publicity in the world. I have seen editors receive each morning high stacks of publicity matter which countless organizations want them to print for nothing. It is not fair. All sorts of propagandists are flooding the editors with their matter, and they wonder why it is not printed. The newspapers cannot afford to print it. And, again, it is not news. We have adopted another method in New York. This year we will print 112 half-page newspaper advertisements. We will get into the news columns only when we do something that is news. The popular idea of a newspaper is that it is generally looking for something to fill up its columns. The con-

trary is the truth. No real newspaper is published anywhere whose chief problem is not how to save space. Not a day in the year occurs but good news has to be held back for lack of either space or typesetting. Every line of free notice not strictly news or telling comment upon an illustration of news is a loss to a newspaper. Call on your newspaper if you like for help, but when you do, please realize that you are simply asking for a straight subscription in aid of your purpose.

### To the Untried Hero.

"Tis even, and the sun has set: The sick, O Lord, around me lie: It seems so very hard that some Before the battle have to die. O'er them no 'Braves Lament' is sung: These men, who face the call so soon: They're quick forgot—the bugle's rung Their memory like a fading moon. But stay! Neath some poor weathered From Scotia's shores to Western slope. A mother—wife—or sweetheart even—Unconscious all, lives on in hope. Till flashed across the ocean deep: The news comes in: He's gone—to sleep. And grief unslung enshadows all For a man who answered country's call.

Not his the plaudits of the brave Who live to see their deeds engrave The hearts of all—with deathless fame, And for himself—a glorious name. Just simply this,—he did his best. What matters it for all the rest? Comrades in arms, and brothers all He died in answering country's call. H. H. Owen, Acting M. O. 17th Bn. Nova Scotia Highlanders.

### To

The free-born sons of Canada. To them we now appeal. To break the chain of tyranny. And scorn the Kaiser heel. Come all who love their freedom. Now rally 'round your King And help to catch the Kaiser And clip his culture wing. The brave and noble Belgians Were first to bite the dust. For in a German paper They placed the utmost trust. Their country's now in ruins. Their wives and children dead. And to the friendly nations They have to trust for bread. But, hush! far bitter anguish Upon that land was wrought: 'Twas the cries of Belgian's daughters Who for their honor fought. No mercy had the Germans. No pity in their heart. They cut the hands off children Or pierced them with a dart. The aged and feeble mother Was hurled from her home. And by those German traitors Forevermore must roam. The groans of aged fathers To you loudly call: 'Avenge the blood of innocence Bespattered on our walls. No! No! we cry, for Canada The like must never be. We'll avenge them on the battlefield And our comrades on the sea. With the Union Jack above us, The maple on our brow, We'll show the ding old Kaiser To right he's got to bow. So all who love their freedom, Come rally 'round your King And help to catch the Kaiser And clip his culture wing. —J. A. McIntyre, Walkers.

ITS POWER GROWS WITH AGE.—How many medicines loudly blazoned as panaceas for all human ills have come and gone since Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil was first put upon the market? Yet it remains, doing more good to humanity than many a preparation more highly vaunted and extending its virtues wider and wider and in a larger circle every year. It is the medicine of the masses.

### JESSIE REMEMBERED.

And the Worst of It Was That She Insisted on Going into Particulars. Mrs. Goby had been in her new house a month when she received a call from Mrs. Toby. Mrs. Toby was accompanied by her five-year-old daughter, Jessie.

"What a beautiful house you have, Mrs. Goby," said Mrs. Toby. "Isn't it nice?"

"It is indeed," replied Mrs. Toby. "And, do you know, I intended calling on you a fortnight ago, but have been so busy."

"Oh, mamma," chimed in little Jessie, "you did come?"

"How dare you talk like that? Speak when you're spoken to," interrupted Mrs. Toby, coloring up.

Tears welled into the child's eyes, and Mrs. Goby sympathetically said: "There, don't cry, little dear. You must have been mistaken."

"I wasn't," blurted out Jessie. "Mamma knocked over so many times and then said to me: 'Come on. I suppose we shall have to go to the expense of getting tea in town.'"

The silence that followed was frigid. —London Telegraph.

### The Minister Was Puzzled.

At a marriage service performed some time ago in a little country church in Georgia, when the minister said in a solemn tone, "Wilt thou have this man to be thy wedded husband?" Instead of the woman answering for herself a gruff man's voice answered: "I will."

The minister looked up, very much perplexed, and paused. He repeated the sentence, and again the same gruff voice answered, "I will."

Again the minister looked up surprised, not knowing what to make of it, when one of the groomsmen at the end of the row said:

"She is deaf. I am answering for her." —Lippincott's.

### Amends.

"Would you believe it now, Miss Sparks?" said the genial stout young man as he mopped his brow. "I weigh all of 250 pounds."

Miss S. (sighing)—I suspected as much just now when we were dancing and you stepped on my foot.

G. S. Y. M.—Oh, I'm sorry. Please forgive me. The very first thing in the morning I'll go on a diet.—New York Post.

### Unbidden Guest.

Mrs. Uptump (to hostess)—That grizzly faced brute standing over there at the door had such poor taste as to refuse to get me a glass of water. Surely you didn't intend to invite such a man to your reception?

Mrs. Hostess—Don't fret, my dear. I didn't invite him. He is my husband. —Calumet.

### Entitled to It.

The small boy was seeing, for the first time, a picture of Atlas supporting the earth. After looking at it for a minute, he turned to his father and asked, "Why doesn't he take his base?" "What do you mean?"

"Don't you know the rule, pop, when a man has been hit by a pitched ball?" —Puck.

### Worse Than Retribution.

"Pa, is retribution the worst thing a man can have?" "No; it isn't half as bad as the feeling a man is likely to have after he has confessed and then become convinced that he would not have been found out if he had kept quiet." —Chicago Record-Herald.

### Divided Opinion.

"Are you really going to marry Harold?" "I don't know what to say. All the girls in my class read his letters." "Well?"

"Eighteen of them think him a dear, and nineteen say he's a dud." —Kansas City Journal.

### Distinctive Title.

"I beg your pardon," said the reporter, "but are you Mr. Spudde, the potato king?" "Yes, but I don't like that term," replied the magnate testily. "Oil kings and cattle kings and the like are so common. Call me a potato-tate." —Pittsburgh Press.

### Mean Brute.

"A writer in this magazine claims that long engagements are better than short ones," said Mrs. Gabb. "That's right," agreed Mr. Gabb. "The longer you are engaged the shorter you are married." —Cincinnati Enquirer.

### Only a Portion.

"You women are too extravagant," he stormed. "Last year \$800,000,000 was spent in this country for fells and furbelows."

"Well, I didn't spend all of it," was her defense. —Kansas City Journal.

## A POSITIVE CURE FOR RHEUMATISM

Hundreds of People Have Found "Fruit-a-tives" Their Only Help

### READ THIS LETTER

Superintendent of Sunday School in Toronto Tells How He Cured Himself of Chronic Rheumatism After Suffering for Years.

55 DOVERCOURT ROAD, Oct. 1st, 1913.

"For a long time, I have thought of writing you regarding what I term a most remarkable cure effected by your remedy 'Fruit-a-tives'. I suffered from Rheumatism, especially in my hands. I have spent a lot of money without any good results. I have taken 'Fruit-a-tives' for 18 months now, and am pleased to tell you that I am cured. All the enlargement has not left my hands and perhaps never will, but the soreness is all gone and I can do any kind of work. I have gained 35 pounds in 18 months."

R. A. WAUGH

Rheumatism is no longer the dreaded disease it once was. Rheumatism is no longer one of the "incurable diseases". "Fruit-a-tives" has proved its marvellous powers over Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lumbago—in fact, over all such diseases which arise from some derangement of stomach, bowels, kidneys or skin.

"Fruit-a-tives" is sold by all dealers at 50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c. or sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

### The Late Finlay Macdiarmid.

Aldborough lost one of its oldest and most respected citizens on Sunday, Jan. 24, when Finlay Macdiarmid passed away at his home on Talbot street. The deceased was born in Aldborough in 1829, and was nearly 86 years of age, and was the oldest living resident, native born, of the township. His father, also Finlay Macdiarmid, came from Argyllshire, Scotland, with the first lot of settlers in 1818. In the early days the deceased occupied at different times nearly every position of public trust in the township. He always took an active interest in educational affairs. He was reeve of the township and also assessor, having been chosen to make a special assessment of the municipality in 1849. Mr. Macdiarmid was one of the chief organizers of Aldborough Agricultural Society in 1854, and was its first secretary. He was engaged in the mercantile business at New Glasgow for a considerable time and was clerk of the fourth division court for thirty years, and collector of customs at New Glasgow.

The deceased was married on December 14th, 1854, to Margaret, daughter of the late Colonel George Munro. Mrs. Macdiarmid died about six years ago. Mr. Macdiarmid leaves a family of one son and three daughters: Hon. F. G. Macdiarmid, minister of public works for Ontario; Mrs. R. C. Shalh, of Detroit; Mrs. E. C. Saunders, of Port Huron, and Miss Catharine. One sister, Mrs. McQueen, of Hamilton, also survives.

Old papers for sale at the Transcript office.

### A MATTER OF INITIALS.

Quick Wit Relieves the Tension of an Embarrassing Situation. An engineer who was repairing a railway line in South Africa found a cozy farmhouse, which he proceeded to occupy.

Promptly came a telegram which read:

G. T. M. wants house. The engineer wondered who "G. T. M." might be. On inquiry he found it referred to general traffic manager.

"All right," he murmured; "if he can use hieroglyphics so can I."

So he wired back:

G. T. M. can G. T. H. Two days later there came a very indignant and self important gentleman. It was the general traffic manager. In coldly polite tones he asked the engineer what he meant by sending such an insolent message to his superior.

The engineer said innocently: "Why, it wasn't insolent."

"Wasn't insolent, eh?" snorted the great man. "What do you mean, then, by saying I can G. T. H.?"

"Simply an abbreviation," explained the engineer sweetly. "I wired that the G. T. M., the general traffic manager, can G. T. H.—get the house." Philadelphia Ledger.

### A Superior Officer.

A few days ago the Grays had a social affair—not a family by the name of Gray, but the Cleveland Grays, the crack regiment that uses the armory when concerts are not going on.

Captain Blank, a very swell little guy, was strutting through the crowd when his tailor confronted him. His tailor is a private in the company, but the aristocratic Captain Blank affected not to notice him. The tailor held out his hand.

Captain Blank stared. "I don't know you, sir!" he said. "Don't know me? Why, I made yer clothes!"

"I beg your pardon," said Captain Blank, unbendingly. "I'm glad to meet you, Major Closes!" —Cleveland Plain Dealer.

## BARGAIN-HUNTERS

In this community are hundreds of individuals and families on the watch for an advertisement which will offer them what they want at an advantageous price.

Call them bargain-hunters if you will, there is nothing wrong in waiting for a bargain, especially when the seller is anxious to sell at a reduced price.

One family wants a new carpet—the need is not urgent. Another family is looking forward to buying a set of dining-room furniture—it may not be for a twelve month.

One man is thinking of buying himself a watch.

One woman a shopping bag; another an umbrella.

All can be made to buy earlier—by advertising.

## A NOTE TO MERCHANTS

Stimulate business by the offer of some slow moving lines at special prices. Brighten up business by advertising some desirable goods at reduced prices. Make advertising banish dull business. Often you can tempt the buyer who is biding his or her time, to buy from you—at a time of your naming.

## SHOP WHERE YOU ARE INVITED TO SHOP!

# CLEARING SALE OF DRY GOODS AND MEN'S WEAR

ON JANUARY 29 we will start clearing our general stock of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Ladies' Coats, Men's Clothing, and Furnishings. This advertisement is genuine. We must clear these goods out at once for cash. We need the money and must get it. Profits don't count. Everything in the store will be reduced to importers' wholesale prices and some lines cut in half. It will pay you to buy now if you lay the goods away for a year. Your cash will do more here during this sale than it ever did or will again, in guaranteed goods of sterling quality. You can't buy goods at this sale without saving money as every article will be sold at wholesale or less, which means a tremendous saving over what you will pay elsewhere.

Come early so as to be sure of your share of these bargains, for the prices at which we are offering these goods are bound to cause a rush for them. Remember, we've got to clear them out. This is no fake advertisement—we will mark the goods at prices that will not permit them to stay in the store. We live up to all we advertise. This is a sale where profits are cut clear off. You get genuine quality goods during this sale at the prices we pay import, and in some cases less.

Remember the dates—from January 29 to February 9.  
Remember we've got to clear the goods for cash.  
Remember we give full weight and measure.  
Remember also that these goods are right in season, new and crisp; goods that EVERY ONE NEEDS RIGHT NOW.

Remember the quality of our goods.  
Remember we do as we advertise.

## CHAS. DEAN

**MRS. W. A. CURRIE**  
**MILLINERY PARLORS**  
SYMES STREET, WARDVILLE, ONTARIO  
LADIES' HOME JOURNAL PATTERNS FOR SALE.

### RAILWAY AND POSTAL GUIDE.

#### GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

##### Main Line.

Eastbound—No. 12, mail and express to London and intermediate points, 9:27 a. m.; No. 11, express to London and intermediate points, 10:15 a. m.; No. 10, express to London, 11:00 a. m.; No. 9, express to London, 11:45 a. m.; No. 8, express to London, 12:30 p. m.; No. 7, express to London, 1:15 p. m.; No. 6, express to London, 2:00 p. m.; No. 5, express to London, 2:45 p. m.; No. 4, express to London, 3:30 p. m.; No. 3, express to London, 4:15 p. m.; No. 2, express to London, 5:00 p. m.; No. 1, express to London, 5:45 p. m.

Westbound—No. 13, local mail and express, 7:30 a. m.; No. 14, express from London and points east for Detroit, 12:25 p. m.; No. 15, local mail and express, 1:15 p. m.; No. 16, International Limited, from Toronto and east for Detroit, 5:45 p. m.

No. 11, 16, 15 and 13, Sundays included.

##### Wabash and Air Line.

Eastbound—No. 32, mixed, local points to St. Thomas, 9:30 a. m.; No. 3, Wabash, 12:15 p. m.; No. 34, way freight and passenger to St. Thomas, 4:30 p. m.

Westbound—No. 31, way freight, St. Thomas to Glencoe, 9 a. m.; No. 33, mixed, local points, St. Thomas to Glencoe, 2:40 p. m.

No. 2, Sundays included.

##### Kingston Branch.

Leave Glencoe for Alvin, Petrolia, etc., connecting for Sarnia Tunnel and points west—No. 36, mixed, 7:30 a. m.; No. 17, passenger, 8:10 a. m.; No. 35, mixed, 4:10 p. m.

Arrive at Glencoe—No. 18, passenger, 7:40 a. m.; No. 19, express, 9 p. m.; No. 37, mixed, 5:15 p. m.

##### CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Eastbound—No. 96, Sundays included, 12:27 p. m.; No. 92, 6:40 a. m.

Westbound—No. 97, 8:57 a. m.; No. 93, Sundays included, 5:27 p. m.

##### GLENCOE POST-OFFICE.

Mails closed—G.T.R. East, 6 a. m.; G.T.R. West, 2:40 p. m.; London and East, 2:40 p. m. and 7 p. m.

Mails received—London and East, 8 a. m.; G.T.R. East, 3:30 p. m.; G.T.R. West, 5:45 a. m.

As we are very heavily stocked with Furniture bought at a bargain we offer the same to the public up until the 24th inst. at a cut rate.

Such bargains were never known in Glencoe.

All New and Up-to-the-minute Stock.

It will pay you to call and inspect.

**McLAY & MUNROE,**

We carry a Full Line of

Tin, Enamel and Galvanized Ware, Sinks, Bathtubs, etc.

Plumbing, Furnace-work, Roofing, Eavetroughing, Repairing, etc., done by a Practical Mechanic.

**J. M. Anderson**

Tinsmith Plumber

To Those of Sedentary Occupation.

Men who follow sedentary occupations, which deprive them of fresh air and exercise, are more prone to disorders of the liver and kidneys than those who lead active, outdoor lives. The former will find in Parmenter's Vegetable Pills a restorative without question the most efficacious on the market. They are easily procurable, easily taken, act expeditiously, and they are surprisingly cheap considering their excellence.

### BORN.

CAMPBELL.—In Moss, on Thursday, Jan. 21, 1915, to Mr. and Mrs. Robert N. Campbell, twins—boy and girl.

### LOCAL.

James Poole was chosen as one of the umpires at the London curling bonspiel.

Mrs. E. W. Squire, of South Ekfrid, is in a critical condition at her home there.

Mr. Howson has been under the doctor's care for a few days, but is now convalescent.

The bear was out Tuesday and looked in vain for his shadow, accordingly we may expect an early spring.

Toronto was the only place in Ontario on Saturday morning where the temperature was above zero.

The Junior Loyal Temperance Legion will meet in St. John's church on Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

C. H. Phipps, who bought Mrs. McLean's farm, east of Glencoe, is moving this week from Jeannette's Creek.

Mount Brydges hockey team is expected to play in Glencoe on Friday evening. Game called at 7:45. Prices, 25c and 15c.

Mr. Haas, of Blinfield, Michigan, bought and shipped 18 heavy horses at Glencoe on Tuesday. The average price paid was \$100 each.

W. K. Quick, of Glencoe, has the contract of drawing gravel for the cement work of the new bridge over the Thames near Fair's Corners.

Rev. J. P. Falconer, of Rodney, preached in Glencoe Presbyterian church on Sunday, and Rev. Geo. A. Weir occupied Mr. Falconer's pulpit.

Mrs. Louis Clapper, of Florence, died on Sunday morning here, receiving when the sleeve of her dress caught fire while she was fixing the fire in a stove.

The young people's society of the Presbyterian church spent a delightful social evening, with refreshments, at their weekly gathering on Tuesday evening.

W. E. Weekes, of the Royal Bank staff, Glencoe, has been transferred to the Mackenzie branch at the bank at Ottawa, and left to assume his new duties on Thursday evening.

A farmer who advertised last week for a man to work on the farm received 62 replies, says a London paper. It would be more interesting to know how many out of the 62 were qualified for the position.

The ladies of the Guild of St. John's church will hold a social evening at the rectory on Friday, February 5th. Good programme, social time, and refreshments. Everybody welcome.

The ladies of Ferguson's Crossing, Moss township, have organized a patriotic society and are meeting with good success. Mrs. Hugh A. McAlpine is president and Miss Bessie McAlpine secretary-treasurer.

Col. McEwen and Dr. Tamin were in Glencoe on Thursday buying horses for military purposes. Fifteen animals were selected from a large number presented for sale. The prices ranged from \$150 to \$175.

Train service was seriously hindered in Ontario by the snow and sleet storm. The snow was heavy and packed like sand, causing many derailments. F. H. Beattie, brakeman, of Windsor, was killed at Jarvis by an engine.

A number of Glencoe people drove over to Alvinton on Friday evening to see the league hockey match between Sarnia and Alvinton, in which Sarnia won. Davenport and Dobie, of Glencoe, were the star players for Alvinton in this game.

A large number were in costume at the carnival on the Glencoe rink Wednesday evening of last week. Prizes were awarded as follows—Best dressed lady, Jean Sutherland; best dressed gentleman, Walker Munroe; best dressed comic boy, Willie Wehlmann; best dressed

### SPECIAL NOTICES.

See Mayhew's change of adv. for bargains.

We are still selling 18-oz. bread for 5c, at George's.

Best Manitoba flour for sale at McLachlan's Bakery.

For sale—first-class driver. Apply lot 16, con. 14, Metcalfe.

Get in on some of the big bargains at Chas. Dean's big clearing sale.

Don't forget Floyd McFall will be at picture show Saturday in vaudeville.

Men can save \$5.00 to \$6.00 on an ordered suit now at Chas. Dean's.

Remember the social evening at the rectory on Friday evening, February 5th.

For rubbers, shoes, slippers, skate straps and a square deal, go to Sexsmith's.

For sale—timber frame of shed about 40x35.—David Dobie, Route 3, Glencoe.

Lost—on Wednesday evening, a lady's sweater. Please leave at Transcript office.

A special treat in store at the picture show Saturday night. Floyd McFall, comedian.

House and lot on McRae street for sale or to rent. Apply to Mrs. Wm. Foster, Glencoe.

House and lot for sale or rent; good location; house remodelled. Apply to A. B. McDonald.

Opening for bright, intelligent boy, with fair education, to learn printing. Apply at the Transcript office.

Try us for flour. Satisfaction guaranteed. All kinds of grain taken in exchange.—McAlpine & McEachern.

Help on the patriotic funds by being present at the patriotic concert, Feb. 12. Glencoe opera house. Tickets, 25c.

There will be a patriotic drill, patriotic tableaux and light music at the patriotic concert, Glencoe, Friday, Feb. 12.

Lost—infant's shoes, between Wardsville and Newbury. Please leave at Jas. Mulligan's, Wardsville, or notify.

Hear Rev. R. W. Norwood, of London, on a subject most vital to Canadians, in the opera house, Glencoe, Friday evening, Feb. 12.

Pure bred cockerels \$1 each of White Lehighs, Brahmans, Rhode Island Reds, White Rocks and Andalusians.—Wm. A. McCutcheon, Glencoe.

For sale—four choice Shorthorn bulls, age from 7 to 11 months; also stock bull and females of various ages. Dan Treastin, Tragenna Stock Farm, Strathroy.

For sale—a comfortable dwelling house on McRae street, Glencoe, with about one-quarter acre of land. For further particulars apply to Elliott & Sons.

FINAL NOTICE.—All taxes in arrears in Glencoe must be paid not later than the 13th of February or legal steps will be taken to collect the same. By order of the council.—D. M. Stuart, collector.

For sale—complete maple syrup making outfit including furnace, evaporating pans, 100 sap buckets and spiles, 8-barrel storage tank and other accessories.—W. R. Sutherland, south Main St.; phone 31.

Now is the time, while your car is not busy and while we are not busy, to have it put in shape for the coming season, thereby obtaining an economical and thorough job. H. F. McAlpine is the shop.

Try Chas. George for shoes. We have re-stocked with many new lines. A large variety for the children; a large stock of boys'; something special for girls and women; some new lines for men. Come and see them. It is a pleasure to show our goods.—Chas. George.

Instead of paying the travellers the commission on counter check books, why not give the order to The Transcript and help circulate that extra amount of money locally. We can get you any kind of counter check book and at the same prices that you now pay.

Mr. Floyd McFall, the well-known comedian, has been secured to give vaudeville at the picture show on Saturday night—four reels instead of the usual six. The rest of the time will be given McFall, who never fails to please his audiences. The usual two shows will be given. The vaudeville will be different for each show. This great attraction has been gotten to pack the hall in order to show the non-attendants what a high class feature film service is given weekly of late and will continue. Only the usual price of admission, 15c.

Local Patriotic Fund.

General Fund—Previously acknowledged \$ 939 08

S. S. No. 17, Moss, for Red Cross 10 00

Ladies' Fund— 949 08

Previously acknowledged \$ 781 25

Additional for concert Jan. 15. 50

Total cash contributed at 781 75

Glencoe to date 1730 83

Treasurer General Fund, A. E. Sutherland.

Treasurer Ladies' Fund, Miss M. McEachern.

Pentecostal Meeting.

A Pentecostal Gospel meeting will be held in the Glencoe Town Hall on Sunday, February 7th, at 2:30 p. m. All are invited to come. Evangelist E. E. Beach and W. R. Sutherland in charge.

Besides being a long, long way to Paris, the world is now pretty well convinced that the Kaiser also took the wrong, wrong way.

There are a number of varieties of corns. Holloway's Corn Cure will remove any of them. Call on your drug-gist and get a bottle at once.

### High School Weekly Exams.

Form I.—Science.

C. McBean 90

S. McKellar 90

A. Moore 97

J. Eddie 94

M. Gardiner 89

C. McIntosh 89

A. Barker 87

M. Huston 85

R. Pierce 84

C. Sutton 84

E. Letch 82

E. Giles 81

M. Baldwin 79

E. Campbell 79

Wm. Coulthard 76

R. Lethbridge 76

H. Sutherland 73

C. Hicks 71

R. Owen 71

F. Smith 69

E. McDonald 66

L. Dalgety 64

C. Black 63

A. McRae 60

S. Eddie 53

G. Hurley 51

B. King 49

F. Keck 47

I. Urquhart 46

M. Fryer 43

M. Mitchell 40

A. Gardiner absent

Form II.—Arithmetic.

W. Leckbridge 96

C. Miller 96

A. McCallum 88

F. Giles 83

T. Marsh 83

A. McArthur 81

J. McGregor 78

F. Campbell 76

H. Moss 76

M. Galbraith 71

L. Eddie 70

E. Marsh 70

A. D. McDonald 69

McK. McArthur 67

S. McCutcheon 67

K. Cook 64

B. Silcox 64

A. Beattie 61

W. McVicar 56

M. McArthur 52

G. Grant 47

J. McAlpine 43

J. McLachlan 29

W. Brown 28

E. Keith 21

E. Smith 0

Matriculation.—French Authors.

W. Poole 80

E. Bromhead 80

A. Campbell 72

A. McCallum 71

G. Campbell 70

Form IV.—Literature.

M. Chalk 78

N. Archer 76

M. McLean 76

M. Hayne 72

E. Keith 72

A. Calhoun 64

### High School Weekly Exams.

Form I.—Science.

C. McBean 90

S. McKellar 90

A. Moore 97

J. Eddie 94

M. Gardiner 89

C. McIntosh 89

A. Barker 87

M. Huston 85

R. Pierce 84

C. Sutton 84

E. Letch 82

E. Giles 81

M. Baldwin 79

E. Campbell 79

Wm. Coulthard 76

R. Lethbridge 76

H. Sutherland 73

C. Hicks 71

R. Owen 71

F. Smith 69

E. McDonald 66

L. Dalgety 64

C. Black 63

A. McRae 60

S. Eddie 53

G. Hurley 51

B. King 49

F. Keck 47

I. Urquhart 46

M. Fryer 43

M. Mitchell 40

A. Gardiner absent

Form II.—Arithmetic.

W. Leckbridge 96

C. Miller 96

A. McCallum 88

F. Giles 83

T. Marsh 83

A. McArthur 81

J. McGregor 78

F. Campbell 76

H. Moss 76

M. Galbraith 71

L. Eddie 70

E. Marsh 70

A. D. McDonald 69

McK. McArthur 67

S. McCutcheon 67

K. Cook 64

B. Silcox 64

A. Beattie 61

W. McVicar 56

M. McArthur 52

G. Grant 47

J. McAlpine 43

J. McLachlan 29

W. Brown 28

E. Keith 21

E. Smith 0

Matriculation.—French Authors.

W. Poole 80

E. Bromhead 80

A. Campbell 72

A. McCallum 71

## NOTES AND COMMENTS

David Starr Jordan's prediction that the war may end by April 1 expresses a pious hope. Dr. Jordan himself suggested that it is impossible to point to anything to justify such a prediction. Dr. Jordan says that the "suffering millions will demand peace." Perhaps. But the capacity of the millions to suffer will not necessarily be exhausted by a nine-months' war. Millions have suffered for years without demanding peace. Again, as the war goes on the millions themselves may become more and more infected with its violent passions.

All we can see to-day is that the nations continue to arm; that one of the greatest involved has not quite finished preparing for its great effort by land; that none of the combatants is, on the surface at least, anywhere near exhaustion, and that suggestions of peace are firmly rejected in all quarters. We see, furthermore, that none of the nations has relinquished in any measure the convictions with which it entered the war. All of them—with the possible exception of Russia—believe that it is a case of conquering its rivals or submitting to conditions which will in the end deprive them of their dignity as great powers. When the war will end, now, as at the beginning, is pure guesswork. All we can do is to hope that "this scourge of war will soon pass away."

To those of us who have been in the habit of tempting the Goddess of Chance the fact that the late Richard Canfield, the New York gambling-house keeper, left over \$1,000,000 should give pause for thought. Canfield ran a gambling palace. Its furnishings, its entertainment of "patrons" were on the most lavish scale. Its owner is credibly reported to have lost huge sums in playing other men's games for money. Some estimates of these losses run into the millions. He had not been "in business" for several years, leading a life of costly leisure. Yet he managed to leave over a million dollars, even as the wreck of his fortune, accumulated after defraying "overhead" charges which would wreck any other business.

One Adams, from the pennies of the poor gambled in his "policy" games, is reputed to have accumulated over \$5,000,000. The gaming tables of Monte Carlo yield, it is said over \$4,000,000 annually in net profits. That's the "percentage" against the player and in favor of "the house." What chance has the man who tempts fortune in this manner? How is it possible that any man of average intelligence will so waste his time and substance? Yet the thing is done every day, by men of apparent intelligence!

### Indigestion.

Many people are martyrs to indigestion and its attendant ailments without taking any thought of what lies at the real root of the matter. They eat and drink too much, often at the wrong times, and then complain, or else dose themselves with medicine simply because it cured some one else. If the same individual consumed the barest amount of food for a few days, and that of the plainest description, he or she would find their indigestion vanish at once. There is nothing like starvation for anything wrong with the stomach.

Some faddists state that to eat no breakfast is an infallible cure. It is nothing of the sort. The body requires food, but if the amount we eat is cut down one-half it would still be sufficient. Study the diet, and drop all foods that cause indigestion. In this respect what agrees with one person may be poison to another. Therefore test the food yourself.

Sweets and starchy food should be dropped for a time. Orange and lemon juice taken the first thing in the morning are good, especially orange juice. I have known this fruit cure a case of chronic indigestion when nothing else appeared to have a permanent effect. But the great thing is to regulate the diet, and only eat what agrees, and not to drink with the meals.—A Physician.

In a certain California town lived a man who was willing to have his neighbors think him a fine musician. He installed a mechanical piano near a front window of his home, and spent hours pedaling out melodies. He received compliments for a time, but his eight-year-old boy betrayed him in the end. "Your father is a great piano player, isn't he?" asked a woman who lived across the street. "Yes," said the kiddie, "but it makes his feet awful sore."

## HOME

### Recipes for Icings.

**Egg Frosting (With Coconut).**—Ingredients: Whites of two eggs, one-half pound of fine confectioners' sugar, one-eighth teaspoonful of cream of tartar, one teaspoonful of lemon juice. Method: Beat the whites with a revolving egg beater until stiff, then add the sugar, two tablespoonfuls at a time until you have used half, always beating one minute between. Then add the cream of tartar, two more spoonfuls of sugar and lemon juice. Now beat in rest of sugar, and as soon as a knife, if drawn through, leaves a cleft, it is ready for cake. One cupful of fresh grated coconut is then added and the cake is iced between layers, top and sides, strewing a liberal amount of the coconut over the top.

**Boiled Custard Filling.**—Ingredients: One-half cupful of milk, three tablespoonfuls of sugar, two level tablespoonfuls of cornstarch, yolks of two eggs. Method: Dissolve cornstarch in a little milk, place rest in double boiler and when hot stir in the starch. Beat yolks with sugar, add some of the hot mixture, then pour back in kettle and stir until smooth. To this may be added any desired flavoring, a little melted chocolate or shredded nuts and fruits, or desiccated coconut can be strewn over while applying custard to cake.

**Ornamental Icing.**—Method: Use above egg frosting, but beat so long that a bit dropped on paper will stand up perfectly, then place in pastry squirt or bag and apply in any desired design.

**Mocha Cream Filling.**—Method: Whip one pint of double cream, then add three tablespoonfuls of confectioners' sugar and one or two tablespoonfuls of very strong cold coffee. This may be varied by adding some crushed macaroons or ground nuts.

**Lord Baltimore Filling.**—Ingredients: One cupful of stale almond macaroons, one-half cupful of ground pecan nuts, six finely shredded dates, two teaspoonfuls of orange juice or sherry. Method: Prepare these beforehand and have them ready to add to icing. Ingredients for icing: Two cupfuls of granulated sugar, two-thirds cupful of water, whites of two eggs. Method—Place sugar and water in a saucepan and boil, being careful not to scorch, until syrup will spin a thread when dropped from a spoon. In the meantime beat the whites with a revolving egg beater until stiff. When syrup is ready let some one pour it gradually over the whites, beating all the time. As soon as icing is stiff enough to spread without being too thin add the prepared ingredients and spread quickly between layers and over top and sides of cake.

**Lady Baltimore Filling.**—Ingredients for filling: One cupful of sultana raisins, one cupful of blanched and ground almonds, three figs, twelve candied cherries. Method: Cut the fruit into small bits with scissors, then mix the icing and proceed as directed for Lord Baltimore cake. To make the Lord or Lady Baltimore, especially nice, as for a company cake, after frosting has hardened make one-half of the recipe given for icing. When stiff enough to hold its shape, but still run slowly pour on top of cake, tipping it to all sides to let icing run toward edge, then apply lightly to sides as it runs down.

**French Butter Frosting.**—Ingredients: One-quarter cupful of fresh butter, two cupfuls of sifted confectioners' sugar, hot water, as needed, any desired flavoring. Method: If you have no unsalted butter wash good table butter. To do this heat a bowl and hands in hot water, then chill, and, taking butter into bowl, work and knead under cold water. Place butter between a clean napkin and pat dry, now cream the butter and sugar, adding a little hot water as needed. The mixture must be light and creamy, and after being applied to cake set in a cold place and the frosting will harden. This gives you the foundation for all kinds of French frosting. If you use hot coffee instead of water you have a mocha frosting, to which one or two spoonfuls of powdered charcoal may be added. Ground nuts are also nice in this frosting or nuts and candied cherries can be set on top as decorations.

### Household Hints.

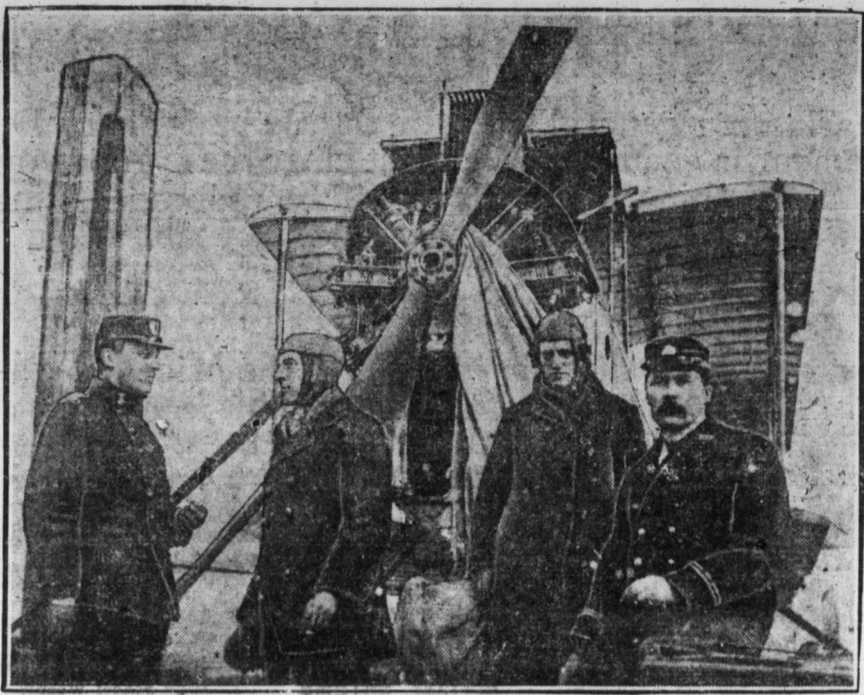
When making suet pudding add an equal quantity of stale bread soaked in cold water.

What is the best early closing movement?—To go to bed at ten o'clock and close your eyes in sleep.

Be neighborly, be obliging, be kind and courteous, and then when sorrow and sickness come you will have sympathy and help.

A piece of suet run through a chopper before and after it has been used for mincing meat keeps the machine clean and in good condition.

When baking potatoes place them in hot water for 15 minutes before putting in the oven. They will then bake in half the time, and so effect a saving in fuel.



Two Britons who Made Terms in the North Sea.

Our picture shows Commander Shedd and his mechanic, who, whilst flying over Northern Belgium, dropped into the North Sea. When the Dutch steamer "Orn" came to rescue them they refused to leave the hydroplane until they were promised that they would not be interned when landed at Rotterdam. The hydroplane has been interned, but the two men have been permitted to return.

Umbrellas last much longer if during the fine weather they are never kept rolled up. When this is done the silk frays at the folds, and soon a rent will be the result. To save the trouble of carrying mattresses down stairs tie a rope round them and lower them from the window when possible. Carpets and rugs may be removed in the same way.

Cayenne pepper is excellent to rid cupboards of mice. The floor should be gone over carefully, and each hole stopped up with a piece of rag dipped in water and then in cayenne pepper.

A sure test of linen is to wet a portion or piece, and if moisture is quickly absorbed and shows through to the other side you will never be mistaken about linen. This is a never-fail test.

If when making soup or beef-tea for an invalid it is necessary to cool it at once pass it through a clean cloth saturated with cold water. Not a particle of fat will be left in the beef-tea. Stale bread and stale cheese can be made into an excellent pie for dinner. Fill a baking dish with alternate layers of stale breadcrumbs and crumbled cheese. Beat up an egg, pour it in, and bake.

Instead of always folding tablecloths lengthwise it is an excellent plan to sometimes fold them the other way, as they are less likely to wear out if the folds are occasionally changed.

Instead of using two eggs for the family cake use half an egg-beaten in two tablespoonfuls of golden syrup. When making rice pudding place a piece of bread in the bottom of the dish and use less rice.

Don't throw away rusty curtain hooks. Put them in a bowl, cover with cloudy ammonia, and leave soaking for half an hour. Then stir round with a stick, pour off the ammonia and dry the hooks. They will be as good as new.

In weighing molasses for puddings or cakes if you dredge a little flour on to the scoop of the scale you can then dispense with the trouble of weighing a basin or saucer, as the treacle will slip off the scale quite clean if weighed immediately.

To store parsley for winter use place sprigs in a paper bag, tie up, and hang near the kitchen range to dry. After one week remove the stems and place leaves in a glass jar, cover closely, and when required it will look and taste like fresh parsley.

### Russia's Submarines.

In aircraft and submarines Russia is a leader. The giant Sikorsky aeroplane, a recently-invented type, is capable of carrying seventeen men, and seems likely to make a more useful fighting machine than the German gas-filled dirigibles. As to submarines, Russia is constructing one which will be far larger and better than any at present in existence. It is 400 feet long, 34 feet beam, and 5,400 tons displacement, which means that it is eleven times the size of the next largest craft of the kind. Its engines of 18,000 h.p. will drive it at twenty-six knots on the surface, and its motors of 4,400 h.p. will give it fourteen knots submerged. It has a cruising radius of 18,000 miles, can run under water for 275 miles at a stretch, has five 4.7 guns for surface fighting, and carries sixty torpedoes and 120 mines.

**Angry Employer.**—Do you mean to contradict me? You haven't got much sense as a donkey. Clerk: No, sir. I don't pretend to set my opinion against yours.

A woman's volunteer reserve, composed of expert riflemen of London, has organized and asked the war office for an allotment of duties in case England is invaded.

## THE SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

### INTERNATIONAL LESSON FEBRUARY 7.

#### Lesson VI. Ruth Chooses the True God—Ruth 1-16.

Verse 6. That she might return from the country of Moab.—Naomi went out from Bethlehem-Judah with her husband and two sons. They were called Ephraim and Elimelech. This is another word for Ephraimites as found in Judg. 12, 5; 1 Sam. 1, 1; 1 Kings 11, 26. Bethlehem is spoken of as Ephraim. It was too "small to be among the families of Judah," but it was "the finest site in all the province of Judah" (George Adam Smith). Bethlehem, as is well known, is made up of two words, "Beth," meaning "house," and "Lehem," meaning "bread." The name "house of bread" indicates that the country was exceedingly fertile.

Jehovah had visited his people.—This is a common expression in the Old Testament to denote the beneficence of God (see Gen. 21, 1; 50, 24, 25; Exod. 4, 31; 1 Sam. 2, 21; Ps. 80, 14).

7. Went on the way to return unto the land of Judah.—It was customary for the host to accompany the guest a certain distance along his way. Doubtless Naomi thought that her two daughters-in-law would go with her for a distance and then would return to their own homes. As the next verse shows, when they had gone with her as far as she thought they ought to, she said to them, "Go, return each of you to her mother's house." She presses them to return.

9. She kissed them.—The kiss was the usual greeting at meeting and parting. It is still the salutation in the Orient among men as well as women (see Gen. 29, 11; 31, 55; Exod. 4, 27). It was a mark of friendship. Naomi kissed her two daughters-in-law. There are two instances where it was used for foul purposes. Under the guise of friendship, Joab kissed Amasa, and thus taking him unaware, killed him (2 Sam. 20, 9). Another instance is the well-known one of Judas.

10. Nay, but we will return with thee, my people.—Both of the daughters-in-law, it would seem, were determined to return with Naomi. After the fervent appeal of Naomi, as recited in verses 11-13, Orpah weakened in her determination to accompany her mother-in-law; but Ruth (verse 14) "clave unto her." The friendship of Ruth went far deeper than that of Orpah.

15. Behold thy sister-in-law is gone back unto her people, and unto her god: return thou after thy sister-in-law.—Even after Orpah had gone, Naomi insisted upon Ruth going. She wanted to give Ruth every opportunity to go back, not only to her people, but to her god, as it was believed among the Israelites that the God of Israel did not have power over the people of other nations. David at one time pleads that he be not sent away from his own country and from the protection of the God of Israel (1 Sam. 26, 17-20).

16. Entreat me not to leave thee.—This and the following verse express so emphatically Ruth's desire to remain with Naomi that there could be no other question in Naomi's mind as to Ruth's determination and steadfastness. The beauty of the language of these two verses is captivating and shows that "out of the fullness of the heart the mouth speaketh," that beauty of form is associated with beauty of thought and conviction. (See 2 Kings 2, 2-6 for a similar episode between Elijah and Elisha).

17. Jehovah do so to me, and more also.—This is a common form of oath among the Israelites and among other people who came in close association with the Israelites (see 1 Sam. 3, 17; 14, 44; 20, 13; 2 Sam. 3, 9, 35; 19, 13; 1 Kings 2, 23; 2 Kings 6, 31).

18. She left off speaking unto her.—It is an easy play for the imagination to see these two women talking in the road together, stopping as they frankly and firmly express their views one to the other, but when the matter is settled, going on their way with gladness.

### ENJOY FUNERALS.

Scottish Writer Tells of Regular "Guests" Who Never Miss.

The typically Scottish funeral of the old days has been banished for good, says a writer in the Weekly Scotsman. Only in very exceptional cases does one read of "scenes" at an interment. The fashion of sending round the whiskey and bannocks and cheese has not been altogether abandoned in lonely country districts, where hearers are still unknown, but it is seldom that the bounds of decency are overstepped. It was not always so. There are many cases on record of funerals lasting two and even three days, partly as the result of snowstorms and partly due to the too rapid and continuous passing of the whiskey.

One can see in all the cities and towns of Scotland long strings of mourning coaches in the wake of a hearse. And in these days, nothing is easier than to become a "guest" at a funeral, more especially at a funeral of some leading citizen. All that is required to be done is to study the obituary advertisements inviting friends of the deceased who intend being present to intimate to a certain coach-hirer their intention, so that carriages to the requisite number may be in waiting. A post-card or telephone call is all that is necessary, and any name can, and often is for that matter, given, for the posting establishment takes only account of the number of mourners who are expected to be present, and does not trouble about anything else. Besides it is always possible for a man with a black coat and dress hat to find room in the mourning coaches, for everyone who promises to come does not put in an appearance.

While standing at St. George's Parish Church, Glasgow, where many of the large funerals start from, I was surprised the other day when an official of a hiring establishment, pointing to a gentleman just getting into a mourning coach, whispered, "Do you see that old chap? He has been going to funerals for years. He has a perfect craze for them, and never misses an opportunity when there is an open invitation in the newspapers. And he is one of the cheeriest old fellows I have ever met. He told me one time when I remarked to him that he must have assisted in the laying down of hundreds of the citizens of Glasgow, that it cost him nothing, and was always a nice change. Imagine speaking of a funeral as a 'nice change.'"

"Six summers ago I was engaged at a big posting establishment. In the Perthshire Highlands, at the funeral of a local notability; to which there was an open invitation in the advertising columns of the newspapers, there was an extraordinary turnout. It took us all our time to get the necessary number of coaches, for the churchyard was a good distance away, and the mourners could not have walked the distance. There were refreshments served, and I noticed that the country people were quite as unconcerned as if they had been going to a fat stock show."

"A coachman who was sent to a place near Invernesshire for the shooting season from our establishment in Glasgow told me that at a funeral he was at when in the Highlands there was an old gentleman pointed out to him who had not missed a funeral for years within a very considerable radius of his home. He seemed to be after the stamp of the Glasgow lover, and was said to be an adept about everything connected with coffins and graveyards."

To make mashed potatoes far more appetizing use hot milk instead of cold when mashing them.

## BELGIAN'S GREAT SMOKERS.

Consume More Tobacco Per Head Than Other People.

That the Belgians, in their times of happy peace and prosperity, consumed more tobacco per head than any other country in the world will probably come as a surprise to many people. Their army of smokers, however, formed no less than one-third of the entire population of the country, their annual consumption of tobacco being 6 1/4 lb per head—more than three times the amount consumed in the United Kingdom, and six times as much as in Italy.

And it was his love for a good pipe which led the Belgian to inaugurate smoking competitions, when enthusiastic devotees of "My Lady Nicotine" competed for various prizes. Nearly every village no matter how small, could boast its "Roekersmaatschappij," which almost unpronounceable word is equivalent for what we term "Smokers' Club." At these competitions it was the custom to compete for money prizes, the winner being decorated with some floral adornment pinned on their breasts, as visible proof of the honor achieved.

The premier smoking club of Belgium was the Bruges Smoking Club, which held its meetings at a certain cafe in the Grande Place. The room in which the members met was decorated with a gorgeous banner, while on the walls was to be seen an assortment of curious pipes, representing all corners of the globe. In fact, the place was a veritable museum of pipes.

Members were only permitted to enter the Bruges Smoking Club after reaching the age of eighteen. Cigars and cigarettes were tabooed, the pipe being looked upon as the only justifiable means of satisfying that craving which makes us slaves to the weed.

The chief object of the club was not to break records in regard to the amount of tobacco consumed, but to teach its members the use of tobacco by organizing competitions and offering prizes to those who could make a pipeful of tobacco last the longest. On the night of the competition members gathered round the tables, while the tobacco was taken out of a jar and each competitor's allowance carefully weighed on a small pair of scales. This allowance consisted of exactly forty-five grains. The pipes were then carefully filled, and at a signal the competitors struck matches and lit their pipes.

Then the matches were removed from the tables and the judges sat carefully watching each competitor to see that he regularly emitted smoke from his mouth, and thus proved that his pipe was alight. When a competitor failed to do so, this fact was announced by ringing a bell, and thus the other competitors were kept informed of the number of competitors still left in the contest.

After the contest had been in progress for about three-quarters of an hour the critical period began, for it then required the greatest care on the part of the competitors to keep the tiny spark of flame in the bowl of the pipe, and the judges would frequently have to call out "Smoke."

## THE CHURCH AND THE WAR

Christianity Is Concerned Not With Any Specific Class, But Solely With Humanity.

Seek peace and pursue it.—1 Peter iii., 11.

There is no circumstance of the situation in Europe more appalling than the fact that the churches are without exception supporting the war from the standpoint of their respective countries.

That many institutions should support, or at least apologize for war, is understandable. Thus it is not surprising that certain forms of business should find armed conflict profitable and therefore commendable. It is not inconceivable that the world of learning should regard war on occasion as necessary to the maintenance of a native culture, and thus defend it as Fichte defended the German uprising against Napoleon in 1813 and as Eucken is supporting the German invasion of Belgium and France to-day. There are laborites who pardon the collapse of European socialism on the ground that the call to national loyalty is more imperative than the call to international comity. There are even those who assert that war is never wholly bad, as Ruskin, who tells us that war is the foster mother of art and letters, and Emerson, who declares that "wars, like fires and plagues, break up miserable routine, clear the ground of rotten races and dens of distemper, and open a fair field for new men."

### The Great Household of God.

With the Church, however, no one of these standpoints is admissible. The antithesis between religion and war is absolute. No considerations of self-interest, wisdom, patriotism or even artistic development and social cleansing can here achieve reconciliation. Its quest is not the supremacy of any civilization, or empire, or type of culture,

## -Fashion Hints

### High Collars Growing Frequent.

We may abjure the high, boned collar in our mind and protest that we will be comfortable at any cost, but gradually we will succumb to the fashion for covering the neck. Its insistence wears out opposition. One sees the smart women wearing it, on every side, and one adopts it in piecemeal. Probably it will oust the low collar by February.

Fashion is not opposed to the open V-shaped wedge in the front, but it exacts a covering for the back and sides of the neck. Therefore the new standing collar of white satin that only extends to the ears is popular, for it is an artistic compromise.

The high choker of fur is in strong demand. It is far more fashionable than the loose swinging shoulder piece, or the small scarf with head and tails. These chokers are merely extra high bands to go around the neck, reaching to the ears and fastening in front with a loop or a rose or a twist of ribbon.

### For the Coat Collar.

There is a most sensible coat hanger now on the market made of wood and in a medium size. It is made with a little curved neck portion three or four inches high, about which the coat collar or the collar of the bodice fits and lies flat. It is well worth while to own one of these hangers for the winter suit. There is a hook on the under part of the hanger in the centre for the skirt.

### Beaded Net.

The beaded nets that are sold by the yard are fascinating to the woman who likes lovely fabrics. There is something decidedly interesting in the combination of heavy metallic embroidery and beads with thin and filmy net. Some of the nets, in black, are marked off in diagonal lines with white chain beads and others have little bead flowers of pink and silver alternately placed at two-inch intervals.

We are more apt to give a man credit for good luck than for common sense.

Blessed is the man who expects nothing but advice from his relatives, for that is about all he'll get.

Exactly what the record time is it is difficult to say, but from inquiries which the writer has made, it appears that one of the best performances was that of a competitor of the Bruges Smoking Club, who kept his pipe alight for one hour, twenty-one minutes, thirty-three seconds.

## THE CHURCH AND THE WAR

Christianity Is Concerned Not With Any Specific Class, But Solely With Humanity.

Seek peace and pursue it.—1 Peter iii., 11.

There is no circumstance of the situation in Europe more appalling than the fact that the churches are without exception supporting the war from the standpoint of their respective countries.

That many institutions should support, or at least apologize for war, is understandable. Thus it is not surprising that certain forms of business should find armed conflict profitable and therefore commendable. It is not inconceivable that the world of learning should regard war on occasion as necessary to the maintenance of a native culture, and thus defend it as Fichte defended the German uprising against Napoleon in 1813 and as Eucken is supporting the German invasion of Belgium and France to-day. There are laborites who pardon the collapse of European socialism on the ground that the call to national loyalty is more imperative than the call to international comity. There are even those who assert that war is never wholly bad, as Ruskin, who tells us that war is the foster mother of art and letters, and Emerson, who declares that "wars, like fires and plagues, break up miserable routine, clear the ground of rotten races and dens of distemper, and open a fair field for new men."

### No Compromise or Evasion.

The story of the last hours of Pope Pius X., whose death was one of the most dramatic episodes of the opening days of the European cataclysm, gives us a perfect illustration of the principles here laid down. According to the tale, the Austrian Ambassador entered the Papal bedchamber and asked the blessing of the Holy Father upon the arms of the sovereign whom he served. Once, twice, thrice he offered his petition without receiving reply. At last the Pope spoke words which should be forever memorable in the annals of the race: "No," he said; "tell your Emperor I will not bless his arms. I bless peace, not war!"—Rev. John Haynes Holmes.



