

THE HERALD

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 11th, 1899.

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Editor & Proprietor.

Provincial Elections

The candidates of both the Government and Opposition are now in the field for the Murray Harbor and Belfast districts, and it only remains for the Government to announce the date of the elections. Have the Government the courage to bring on these elections within a reasonable time; or will they, through fear of defeat, postpone them till after the Dominion general elections, which may possibly come in January? This, of course, we do not know. Probably the Government themselves are undecided on this point. However this may be, we notice that Attorney-General McKinnon has called a number of meetings in his district. Doubtless he is desirous of testing the opinion of the electors in that district regarding the popularity of the administration before running the risk of being defeated at the polls. In this, it must be said, he exercises a wise discretion. In the canvass and the public discussions leading up to the elections in both these districts, there are certain very important questions which the electors should not lose sight of, and if Mr. McKinnon and Mr. Irving should overlook them, the people should promptly draw their attention to the same. The electors in those districts should ask the Government candidates what they are going to do about the debt of the Province which, according to the statements of the Government officials, is as follows: The Provincial Auditor's Report for 1898 shows that the cash balance against the Province on Dec. 31, 1898 was \$117,148.71. The debenture debt 189,936.06. The amount due on loans 159,855.50. The sale of the following debentures has since been authorized: Hospital for the Insane 26,000.00. Prince of Wales College 17,000.00. According to a return tabled in the Legislature on April 24, 1899, the following sums were due: The Bank of Nova Scotia 42,775.49. The Merchants' Bank of Halifax 10,894.78. The Merchants' Bank of P. E. I. 317.64. The Credit Foncier 30,000.00. Making a total of \$598,926.18. This is exclusive of the balance against the Store Fund for the year ending in April, 1899, and other expenditures not mentioned by the reports, which will easily bring the amount up to \$600,000. In round numbers, we have then according to the Government's official reports a Provincial debt of \$600,000. If we add to this the \$12,000 a year interest the Government have agreed to pay for the bridge, the debt will reach \$1,000,000. Let our readers consider for a moment, what the interest on this debt means to the taxpayers of this Province. Last year the interest paid by the Government was \$18,558.80. This year it will be very much more. Thus the Government, so long as the people allow them, go on increasing the people's burdens. The measure of a debt, public or private, is the amount of interest paid on it. In 1890, the last year the Conservatives were in power in this Province, the interest paid on the Provincial debt was \$2,797.44, while, as we have shown, the interest on the Provincial debt last year was \$18,558.80; that is to say the interest paid by the Province in 1898 was \$15,761.36 more than it was in 1890. In other words, the interest last year was almost nine times as much as it was in 1890. During these years the rates of interest have decreased. The electors will, therefore, readily see at what a tremendous rate the Government are sinking the Province in debt. During the current year the interest charge will probably exceed \$20,000.00. While our Grit Government has been creating annual deficits, piling up the debt and increasing the interest at such a tremendous rate, they have at the same time, been taking from \$40,000 to \$50,000 from the people in taxes. As a matter of fact they have taxed nearly everything in sight. This is the undeniable record of Grit Government in this Province for the last eight years. Are the electors of Belfast and Murray Harbor satisfied with this record? When the Government candidates appear before the people of Belfast and Murray Harbor to solicit their suffrages, they will probably have little to say about the Government's mismanagement of Provincial affairs; they will probably dangle before the electors the railway and bridge project. Electors, don't allow yourselves to be deceived by any such shibboleths! Judge the Government by their works, and not by their promises, which they never fulfil. If you do this in the light of the facts here presented to you, you must refuse them your support, defeat their candidates and thus consign the administration to the political oblivion which their recklessness, incompetence and general mismanagement of Provincial affairs so richly deserve.

OTTAWA, October 7.—This week has seen a disappearance into office of another member of parliament—number thirteen on the list—and the appointment of a new cabinet minister, bringing the strength of the government up to seventeen and the cabinet up to sixteen. Yet the chief interest has been felt in the movement to furnish a Canadian corps for the Transvaal war. It is not the backwardness of the militia officers and men through the country which has left Canada at the last end of the imperial procession. Three Australian colonies and New Zealand have offered contingents which have been gratefully accepted by the Imperial Government. It is announced that Queensland and New Zealand have cabled their readiness to place 450 men at the disposal of the authorities of Cape Town on the last day of this month. These two colonies have to gether a population about half that of Ontario, and their whole militia force comprises 9,500 men, while Canada has four times this establishment. In fact the number of Canadian militia exceeds by 10,000 that of the seven colonies of Australasia. The Dominion has a larger population than the whole of Australasia, and justly claims the rank of the premier colony. In the great jubilee demonstration of 1897 Sir Wilfrid Laurier rode at the head of the colonial procession, a position to which he was entitled by the rank of the dominion he represented.

CANADA IN THE REAR. The jubilee was the occasion of a great imperial spectacle, and our premier bore his part well. The South Africa trouble furnishes the occasion for a more substantial proof of imperial attachment. It is a time when colonial premiers may show their devotion to the Queen in other ways than by a display of their fine figures, and the acceptance of a title, and by contributing their share to a picturesque and imposing spectacle in the streets of London. In this infinitely more serious position high spirited Canadians are not satisfied to know that this country, which led the march in the jubilee parade, is now at the other end of the procession. The failure of the authorities to act, or to give direction to the movement of others has led some officers to take action on their own account. Colonel Hughes, M. P., offered to raise a force and went so far as to issue a call for volunteers to serve with him. The response was prompt and enthusiastic, and came from all directions. Other officers privately obtained assurance that they had the support of their command and offered the services of their men and themselves. But this movement was stopped by the action of the commander of the Canadian forces, who is said to have pointed out that the unauthorized enlistment of men was an offence punishable by fine. Meanwhile the government was doing nothing. So late on Tuesday of this week Sir Wilfrid Laurier gave out a statement printed in his own words in the chief government organ, in which he says that "the government has not discussed the question." Sir Wilfrid, in this statement, proceeds to make excuse. He offers two reasons for inaction, and in another interview gives a third reason.

SIR WILFRID'S REASONS. First Sir Wilfrid says that in the Boer war "there is no menace to Canada, and, although we may be willing to contribute troops I do not see how we can do so." The second reason is thus given in the premier's own words: "Then, again, how could we do so without parliament's granting us the money? We simply could not do anything. In other words, we should have to summon parliament. The government of Canada is restricted in its powers. It is responsible to parliament, and it is impossible for us to do anything without the permission of parliament. Our limitations are very clearly defined. And so it is that we have not fled a Canadian contingent to the Boer authorities." The third reason given is that Great Britain intends to force the fighting and get the war over as soon as possible. If this plan succeeds the Canadian force will not arrive until too late to be of service. But if Britain should be checked and the war should be a long one there will be time enough to send a force after parliament meets next year.

THESE ARE POOR EXCUSES. As to the first reason given by Sir Wilfrid for the refusal of the cabinet even to discuss the question it is sufficient to say that the Canadian militia law gives the government full power to send a force abroad, even when Canada is not threatened. The act explicitly says: "Her Majesty" (which in this case means the Canadian government) "may call out the militia, or any part thereof, for active service, either within or without Canada, at any time when it appears advisable to do so, by reason of war, invasion or insurrection, or danger of any of them."

THE MILITIA LAW OF THE AUSTRALIAN colonies are practically the same as ours. Victoria, Queensland, and New Zealand are no more menaced by the Boers than Canada, yet the governments of these colonies have made their own soldiers will be at Cape Town in three weeks. The second reason appears to be almost frivolous. This government has never been afraid of spending money or undertaking public enterprises without parliamentary authority. Sir Wilfrid had not been in power three weeks before he went to the governor-general and got a warrant to spend one million dollars of which \$900,000 was expended before the house met. Not a dollar of this had been authorized. Since then the government has in three years expended without waiting for parliamentary authority three or four times as much as the Canadian corps would cost before the next session begins. So far as the expenditure without authority is concerned, it is too late for the premier to raise this question.

It was thought necessary by the premier to have the authority of parliament to act, the time to get that authority was last session. In July Colonel Hughes called attention to the fact that Queensland had made an offer of 600 men, and urged that Canada should fill her part as the senior colony. Sir Wilfrid contented himself with the expression of the hope that there would be no war, and that no colonial troops would be required. But at a still later date Sir Wilfrid, for the purpose, as he then said, of strengthening the hands of the mother country, proposed a resolution expressing the view that the situation of the Outlanders was "intolerable," and declaring that Great Britain had the sympathy of Canada in her demands. If it was his belief that a vote of the house was necessary to practical action he might have accepted the proposition made from the other side of the house, and obtained such authority. The third excuse, that the war will be either too short or too long to call for immediate action cannot be taken seriously. If the parliament is called at the same time as last year no action can be taken for nearly six months, and the Australian forces will be in Africa about eight months before the Canadian. The war may, indeed be ended by that time, and the course of the Canadian government would be admirably calculated to deliver our contingent at the front after the imperial forces and the Australians had done the work. The imperial government appears to be anxious that all the colonies should come forward in this matter, not alone for the fighting strength this would bring but also to show that Great Britain and her colonies are ready to stand together in support of the empire in all parts of the world. In this demonstration Canada, as the premier colony, would be expected to be first, and not last.

SIR CHARLES TUPPER IN CONTACT. When Sir Wilfrid, during the last session met the request that a corps should be offered for the Transvaal war if the queen should need them, by expressing the hope that no soldiers would be needed, Sir Charles Tupper said: "Nothing will contribute more to a complete avoidance of a war between the Boers and Great Britain than the knowledge on their part that the government of the empire is determined to maintain British authority and British rights, and the impression that the action of Queensland will have created. England would not have to depend upon the British Islands alone; it is the outlying parts of the empire which would be ready to strengthen the arms of the mother country."

AT OTTAWA.

THE PREMIER'S REASONS FOR REFUSING TO OFFER A CORPS TO SERVE IN SOUTH AFRICA.—CANADA AT THE TAIL OF THE COLONIAL PROCESSION. SIGHT OF THE APPEALS OF THE MILITIA, AND THE PATRIOTIC ACTION OF SIR CHARLES TUPPER.

(Special Correspondence to the Herald.)

OTTAWA, October 7.—This week has seen a disappearance into office of another member of parliament—number thirteen on the list—and the appointment of a new cabinet minister, bringing the strength of the government up to seventeen and the cabinet up to sixteen. Yet the chief interest has been felt in the movement to furnish a Canadian corps for the Transvaal war. It is not the backwardness of the militia officers and men through the country which has left Canada at the last end of the imperial procession. Three Australian colonies and New Zealand have offered contingents which have been gratefully accepted by the Imperial Government. It is announced that Queensland and New Zealand have cabled their readiness to place 450 men at the disposal of the authorities of Cape Town on the last day of this month. These two colonies have together a population about half that of Ontario, and their whole militia force comprises 9,500 men, while Canada has four times this establishment. In fact the number of Canadian militia exceeds by 10,000 that of the seven colonies of Australasia. The Dominion has a larger population than the whole of Australasia, and justly claims the rank of the premier colony. In the great jubilee demonstration of 1897 Sir Wilfrid Laurier rode at the head of the colonial procession, a position to which he was entitled by the rank of the dominion he represented.

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IT PAYS TO BUY AT PERKINS'

The Millinery Leaders, the popular Sunnyside Dry Goods Merchants, where goods in demand are always on hand, reasonable in quality and reasonable in price.

Moncton Tweeds. English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds. English Worsteds & Tweeds. HIGH CLASS Dress Goods. FURS. Ladies' Underwear.

Fine Millinery. SEE HOW WE MAKE HATS. We are Millinery Leaders.

F. Perkins & Co. Sunnyside, Ch'town, IMPORTERS OF—British, German & American DRY GOODS.

STEEL STOVES! STEEL RANGES. \$30 UP.

GUARANTEE—These Stoves are guaranteed perfect in workmanship and construction, substantial and durable. The oven works quick. Saves one third to one half the fuel used by other stoves. All parts are guaranteed against warping.

DODD & ROGERS. Those who are afflicted with Rheumatism, Sciatica, Impigo, Neuralgia or Gout can have a full sized box of Milburn's Rheumatic Pills, free of charge, by sending their name and full statement of their case to T. MILBURN & Co., Toronto, Ont.

Perkins & Co.

We are agents for the celebrated Moncton Tweeds, and can say without a blush, that it is the best Tweed to be had anywhere. Ask for our double and twisted, it will wear twice as long as anything else you can get.

We also carry a large range of English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, also English Worsteds and Serges and English Pantings. We have the largest range of Cloth in the city.

We buy our Dress Goods in the best English Markets, and our large department is replete with the best and most up-to-date goods to be found. Everything is marked in plain figures. Double width Dress Goods, all wool, from 19 cts. per yard up. Ladies' Underwear in large variety, Side Combs, Back Combs, Belt Buckles, Hosiery, Corsets, Gloves, Trimmed Hats.

Our Head Milliner, MISS MUTCH, is a born artist, and her large department is FULL of the choicest material for trimming. Plain and embossed Silk Velvets in all the leading shades, Plumes, Mounts, Tips, Sprays, Ribbons, Crowns, Everything. Leave your order for your Wedding Hat and get the best, leave your order for your Fall Hat and get satisfaction.

Herewith is a skeleton front of our large four story brick store. You will see that it is the highest store building in the city. You will also notice that the height of our building stands in marked contrast to our prices; for while our building is the highest, our prices are the lowest.

PATTERNS.—The Bazar Glove-fitting Patterns which stand without a peer in the world we sell for 15 cents each. Fashion sheets given away. We do Custom Carding. We do Dying and Finishing Cloth.

F. Perkins & Co. Charlottetown.

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS.

The safe of the D. A. R. freight shed at Halifax was blown open by dynamite on Monday night, and one hundred dollars and papers stolen. No clue.

Twelve buildings were destroyed by fire, Monday night at Fort Lawrence, N. B., the terminus of the Chignecto ship railway. J. A. McQueen, ex-M. P., lost a fine store. Two dwellings belonging to the Catholic Church were also destroyed.

The Asylum Commission held its first session yesterday at Falmouth. Hon. Danj. Rogers was elected chairman. Mr. John McEachern of Cherry Valley replaced Mr. D. P. Irving as a member of the commission. The principal evidence taken yesterday was to the effect that the Institution was over-crowded and badly ventilated. Some of the charges were refuted.

Sussex, N. B., was visited on Friday night by the worst conflagration which has ever visited that town. The fire began in the Queen Hotel stable. There was a strong northwest wind blowing, which in spite of the early arrival of the fire engine carried the flames to the Hotel. The entire north side of the street opposite the station was swept from the Depot House, which was burned, to the factory crossing, including Byrne's block, several shops, offices, and residences, including that of the late Sheriff Frenze. The loss by the fire is estimated at \$50,000. The insurance loss is about \$25,000, leaving one half the owner's loss unprovided for.

WHISKEY BROKERS FAIL. The firm of Brinkman, of Leith, Scotland, whiskey brokers, has failed, with liabilities of £250,000.

BIG NAVAL CREDIT. According to the Sebastopol correspondence of the London Daily Graphic the Russian naval credit for 1899 amounts to the enormous total of \$7,000,000 roubles.

WHEAT ADVANCES 36 CTS. A London despatch of the 9th says: One result of the war scare is the advance of one shilling to 1s. 36 cts. in the price asked for the wheat offered in the London market to-day.

STANLEY BROS.

DRESS GOODS. The New, Only the New.

When we ask you to visit our Dress Goods department, we do it with the greatest confidence in our ability to please you. The assortment is complete, both in black and colored goods; and it takes very little money these days for your dresses, if you buy of us.

If you can't come yourself SEND FOR SAMPLES. Stanley Bros.

NEW Dress Goods, New Ladies' Felt Hats, New Ribbons, New Sacques, New Capes, New American Hats and Caps, New Underclothing, New Top Shirts, New Goods in every Dept.

PROWSE BROS. The Wonderful Cheap Men.

Now is the Time To Buy Furniture

Every mail we are in receipt of letters from Ontario Furniture Manufacturers, calling attention to an advance in the cost of their goods. The advance to date will average 15 per cent. Our prices have not been advanced—buy now before the change. Mark Wright & Co., Ltd. HOME MAKERS.

ON THE VERGE OF WAR!

The latest news from the Transvaal is that the Boers have sent an ultimatum to Great Britain demanding the withdrawal of her troops from the Transvaal border within 48 hours, as well as the withdrawal of all British forces landed in South Africa since the diplomatic conference. The time expires today at 5 P. M., and the non-receipt of a favorable answer will be considered a declaration of war.

CH'TOWN PRICES, OCT. 10th. Apples (per peck) 0.30 to 0.35 Butter (fresh) 0.09 to 0.10 Butter (salt) 0.17 to 0.18 Cheese (lb) 0.18 to 0.19 Celer. per bunch 0.00 to 0.05 Cabbages 0.30 to 0.40 Eggs, per doz. 0.22 to 0.30 Codfish (fresh) 0.10 to 0.20 Eggs, per doz. 0.14 to 0.15 Flour, per cwt. 2.00 to 2.10 Ham, per lb. 0.16 to 0.18 Pork, per lb. 0.30 to 0.35 Hides 0.64 to 0.07 Lamb per quarter 0.40 to 0.70 Lard 0.12 to 0.13 Mutton, per lb. 0.05 to 0.07 Oats 0.00 to 0.28 Potatoes (per bush) 0.25 to 0.30 Plains (qt.) 0.10 to 0.12 Sheep pens 0.50 to 0.65 Suet (per cwt.) 0.30 to 0.35

Free to Every Sufferer. Those who are afflicted with Rheumatism, Sciatica, Impigo, Neuralgia or Gout can have a full sized box of Milburn's Rheumatic Pills, free of charge, by sending their name and full statement of their case to T. MILBURN & Co., Toronto, Ont.

MARK WRIGHT & CO., LTD. HOME MAKERS.



For Fall Wear

You need good heavy boots that will keep your feet dry—Good solid ones that won't get out of shape—Boots that will stand the mud and wet weather. We have them, WE MAKE THEM, made of Island Grain Leather, solid leather soles, insoles and counters.

PRICE \$2.50

Also imported ones if you want them, good for the price, \$1.75. Plow Boots \$1.00, \$1.10, \$1.20, \$1.40, \$1.65.

GOFF BROS.



Clothing

For Fall and Winter, 1899, should represent to the average clothier this season that ever before. Remarkable strides for supremacy have been made in this brand of clothing.

Like the famous painter, brains have been mixed with cloth and tailoring to produce results in advance of anything that can be shown by others. A combination of perfection in make and reasonableness in price is one that should certainly attract wide awake merchants. We ask only the pleasure of showing our productions this season. Only by a personal investigation can the truth of our claims be ascertained.

The question of advertising, we believe, should thoroughly be founded on truth. It may be possible to picture and graphically describe a wonderful showing of garments, but these do not always indicate facts, and when the customer takes the time to examine the goods they fall far short of the expectations raised by such advertisements. While we do not claim any more honesty than the average dealer possesses, still we believe that our great measure of success so far and our permanent future success, depend entirely upon truthful statements, and it is with this fact directly in mind that we shall ever pen our announcements.

Therefore, when we say that we believe our line for the coming Fall and Winter is far superior to ninety-nine one-hundredths of the lines which will be shown you, we know it, and if we can only induce you to examine our goods and hear our prices, we will make a convert of you.

Our club of merchants who sell the "ALCO BRAND" ask you to join.

Shorey's Clothing is the Best.

JAS. PATON & CO.

NOW IS YOUR TIME

IF YOU HAVE A WANT IN

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS

Dress Goods, Mantles, Millinery, Furs, Tailor-Made Clothing, Notions, &c.

A Stock in Perfect Touch with Fashion's Requirements

Style, Assortment and Quality is here—Everything but High Prices.

Here are Bargains you can appreciate at a glance. For lower prices and higher quality than any other house—TRY US.

FURS—We acknowledge no competitors in the Fur Trade of this Province.

\$10,000.—We can show you ten thousand dollars worth of the finest Furs ever brought to P. E. Island, bought for **SPOT CASH** and marked at prices which no other house can approach. 120 Ladies' Fur Jackets in Seal, Bobcats, Astrachan, Reconné, Wallaby, Weibhat and Siberian Lamb. Every garment guaranteed and 120 Fur and Fur Lined Capes from \$5.00 to \$50.00. See Siberian Lamb 2 1/2 inch long for \$2.75; 100 Collars and 100 Scarves from 50c. to \$3.00. Hundreds of Mitts, Gloves, Caps, etc., etc., at lowest prices; 85 Gents' Fur Coats; 1000 yards Fur Trimmings; 150 Sleigh Robes in Russian Wolf, Black Wolf, Rocky Bear, Brown, Grey and Black Goat.

DRESS GOODS.

We invite your attention to our line of Fall and Winter Dress Goods, which includes the choicest offering of foreign and domestic markets for the season of 1899. We feel confident that a critical examination of our complete and elegant line will convince you that our styles and prices are not equaled elsewhere. There is no doubt about it.

Black Goods are the correct thing this season, and as we are the acknowledged leaders in this line, we can save you money on every purchase—why just think of it, we show you 110 patterns in Figured Black Goods alone. Can you see half as many in any other store in this city? In Colored Goods, we show all their latest novelties at lowest prices.

Trimming to match goods in all the present designs.

See our **Shirts, Vests, Gloves, and Hosiery** departments—in them you have style, comfort and value combined. To pass us by, would be an inexcusable injustice to your Pocket Book. This is not because we say so, but because our goods and prices make it so.

MILLINERY.

YOU'RE PRETTY hard to convince if one trial here doesn't satisfactorily demonstrate to you that it always pays to buy your hat or bonnet from us. Our millinery room is heaping over with the hats new for so-day and cost less than last year's styles.

JACKETS AND CAPES.

Have you ever been in our mantle department? Maybe you haven't, if you have, you know who has the largest assortment in the city to choose from. We don't want you to take our word for it, come and see for yourself. If our values are not better than you can get anywhere else in this city, don't buy from us. Prices range from \$1.50 up to \$26.50.

Our Gents' Furnishing Department is brim full of snags. English all linen collars from 7 cents up. Braces from 5 cents a pair up. Underwear 35c and up. Union 35c and up. We have gone into most wear to save you money.

CLOTHING.

The famous "G" Brand Tailor-made Clothing sold by the best houses in Canada to-day. We are in the Clothing business to stay. Every suit is guaranteed that leaves the store, and we are going to save you money on your clothing. We don't want you to take our word for it. Come in and see for yourself. Whilst we do not claim to be **The Original and Only Farmer's Sons** doing business in Charlottetown, we do claim to be not only Farmer's Sons, but were farmers ourselves for many years. Therefore we are in a better position to supply the farmer's wants than any other Dry Goods House in this city.

FREE!—We want the farmers boys and girls to read our ads. As an extra inducement we make the following offer: To the girls under 12 years of age, who will commit this advertisement to memory, and repeat it correctly before a member of the firm, we will give a handsome Stick-Pin or Brooch. To the boys a bang-up Pocket-Knife.

SENTNER, McLEOD & CO.

Wholesale and Retail. Successors to Beer Bros.

We have placed on our counters a wonderfully cheap lot of glassware which is selling at 15 to 25c. per piece. Call and see them. W. P. Colwill 31.

NOTICE.
WORMS cannot exist either in children or adults when DR. LOW'S WORM SYRUP is used. 25c. All dealers.

I hereby give notice that I require all persons indebted to me, whether for book account, judgment, promise, note or otherwise, to make immediate payment of the same to Messrs McLeod, Morson & McQuarrie, Solicitors, Charlottetown, whom I have authorized to grant receipts therefor.

I hereby offer for sale my premises at Morell, containing 56 acres, about 16 acres of which are under cultivation. The remainder is covered with a second growth of soft wood. The buildings are in fair condition, new silos having been placed thereunder a few years ago.

Dated this 6th day of October, 1899

WILLIAM STERNS.
Oct 11, 1899.—41

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS.

THURSDAY, Oct. 19th, has been fixed upon for Thanksgiving Day.

The machinists in the C. P. R. employ west of Winnipeg are on strike. The dispute is concerning wages.

The famous "Fighting Fifth," Northumberland Fusiliers, have arrived at Cape Town. They were received with great enthusiasm.

The steamer Derwentholme, from Montreal, due laden for France, is ashore on Point Edward, half way between Sydney and North Sydney.

The Irish champion football players arrived in Halifax Sunday evening. They play the Navy team there today, and will play the Wanderers on Saturday.

RICHARD RAMSDON and his sons, aged 12 and 14, while crossing the track in a team at Brandon, Man., on Saturday, were struck by a train and instantly killed.

The Montreal Star publishes telegrams from three hundred Canadian Mayors and wardens and regimental commanders, urging the sending of a Canadian contingent to the Transvaal.

The body of one of the Carquet, N.B., fishermen drowned during the big storm of several weeks ago, was found outside of Alberton on Sunday. It was buried at Alberton.

Sir Charles Tupper and Hon. Mr. Foster are both expected to address public meetings in this Province before very long. More definite information about the matter will be furnished later.

The Good Shepherd's home in New Westminster, B. C., one of the largest Catholic institutions on the Pacific coast, was destroyed by fire Thursday afternoon. Eighty children and nuns all escaped from the burning building without any serious injury. The property loss is heavy.

A report is in circulation in Toronto that it is proposed to strengthen the Dominion Government in Ontario by taking Hon. John Dwyer of Ontario, Minister of Agriculture, into the Cabinet, Sir Henri Joly to retire and Hon. Sydney Fisher to take the Island Revenue Department.

The schooner Avon, which came adrift off Malpeque harbour several weeks ago, has been towed into New London, where she will undergo repairs. It is thought probable that some of the bodies would be found in her cabin, but there was none found, and nothing has been heard of them. The Avon belongs to Chatham.

As a large and enthusiastic Conservative convention held at Murray River on Monday last. Mr. A. P. Frowse was unanimously chosen as the opposition candidate in the approaching bye election, necessitated by the acceptance of the Attorney-Generalship by Mr. McKinnon the sitting member. The Attorney-General will need to look to his laurels now.

A schooner with 200 pieces of luggage belonging to passengers of the British steamer Scotsman has arrived at St. John's, Nfld. The master of the schooner claims \$40 per package value, asserting that Capt. Skrimshire of the Scotsman, promised him special remuneration for taking the luggage instead of ordinary cargo. Legal proceedings will probably be instituted to compel the schooner's captain to give up the property.

THIRTY-EIGHT years ago Sir Charles Tupper was burned in effigy in Yarmouth. On Thursday he spoke there as the honored guest of the Agricultural Society.

Towards the conclusion of his speech he referred to the trouble in South Africa and said the Blaisy competition showed Canadian riflemen to be marksmen as good as any in the world, and that Canada should send a regiment of them to assist England in obtaining for the Uitlanders their rights in the Transvaal.

The C. P. R. Company's telegraph, announces the opening of the telegraph line to Dawson City. Messages for the Klondike are sent via the C. P. R. telegraph to Vancouver or Victoria, thence by steamer to Skagway, and over the Government telegraph line from Skagway to Dawson. It usually takes steamers about four days from Vancouver to Skagway. The government and C. P. R. telegraph are arranging so that the purser of any steamer leaving Vancouver or Victoria will carry the despatches over the steamboat route.

BROTHER HILARY, C. S. C. from the University of Notre Dame, Indiana, travelling in the interest of the Ave Maria, a Catholic Weekly Magazine published at the above named University, is now in this city. He has met with grand success in soliciting subscribers in all the large cities through which he has recently passed and in which he has canvassed for his magazine. He hopes to have equal, if not greater success in his present undertaking of increasing the number of new subscribers for the Ave Maria in this Province, where he purposes continuing his good work for some time. This Catholic magazine, as above mentioned, is devoted to the honor of the Blessed Virgin Mary, and is the only book of the kind published in the English language. It was established in 1865, and has the approval and blessing of Pope Pius IX and of our Holy Father Leo XIII.

As set forth in the advertisement appearing in this paper the great Provincial Bazaar, in aid of the new St. Dunstan's Cathedral, opens on Monday evening next. The committee in charge are making most elaborate preparations for the affair, and everything in connection with it promises to be excellently carried out. Numerous and valuable donations have been received from many quarters; from the business men of the city, and from many of our non-Catholic fellow citizens. This generally is most highly appreciated by those having the bazaar in charge. A programme comprising a most interesting entertainment will be presented on each evening while the bazaar continues. The bazaar will be the centre of attraction during the evenings of next week, and no one, who can possibly attend should miss it. Not only will different kinds of amusements be furnished, but the best of music and refreshments will be supplied to visitors desiring the same. Visitors from the country need not seek their meals elsewhere; but may go directly to the bazaar, where they will find the most tempting viands displayed in abundance. It is not when that such an opportunity for pure enjoyment combined with the object of aiding a good cause is offered to the public. Don't let it pass without availing yourself of it.

Weeks & Co

New Clothing

J. B. McDONALD & CO.
Are now ready with their New Stock of

Furs, Mantles, Jackets, Dress Goods and Staples,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL.
One of the largest and best stock of Fine Furs, Jackets, Dress Goods and Staple Goods ever imported to Charlottetown

At the Lowest Possible Price.
New Jackets Best quality
New Jackets ever offered
New Jackets for the money

FURS
FURS
FURS
Fur Lined Capes.
The very latest.
A specialty.

Furs of all kinds, Jackets in Astrakan, Coon, Green land and Electric Seal, Collarines, Muffa, Bugs and Robes.
Come and see us.
Examine our new goods.

We want you to trade with us, as we know that we can please you and can sell as cheap as any house in the trade.
KID GLOVES.—Special line of black and colored, at 65 cents, regular \$1.10 and \$1.35 cut.
MEN'S UNDERCLOTHING.—In fleeced lined d, half wool and all wool. Topshirts, all new goods and prices low. Our special 48 cent Black Cashmere Winter Weight is without doubt the best value in the city.

WEEKS & CO'S, You Want A Place

The Peoples' Store.
Successors to W. A. Weeks & Co.
GRAND
Provincial Bazaar!

—IN AID OF THE—
New St. Dunstan's Cathedral,
To be opened in the Cathedral Basement Hall, Charlottetown,
On Monday Evening, October 16th,
—At 8 o'clock, and to be continued on—
TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY & FRIDAY,
Oct. 17th, 18th, 19th & 20th.

A cordial invitation tendered to every man, woman and child in the Province. Ample room for every person who attends. Excellent meals provided for all visitors. Select musical entertainments every evening by the League of the Cross Band (new \$600 set of silver instruments) and other sources of amusement. Come One! Come All!

Cheap Excursion Tickets to the city will be issued at all stations on Tuesday, Oct. 17th, good to return on same and following day; and again on Thursday, October 19th, good to return on same and following day, at the following reduced rates, from all stations between

Tignish and Piusville, incl.	\$1.25	Rollo Bay and Midgell	\$.75
Bloomfield and Portage	1.15	Marie and Douglass	.60
Conway and Richmond	.95	St. Andrew's and Treasdale	.45
Wellington and St. Eleanor's	.85	Bedford and Suffolk	.40
Summerside and Freetown	.75	York	.35
Emerald and Fredericton	.60	Union	.20
Clyde and North Wilshire	.45	Georgetown and Perth	.75
Colville and Loyalist	.35	48 Road and Peake's	.60
Cape Traverse and Kinkora	.75	Pisquid	.45
Souris and Bear River	.85		

Passengers holding railway tickets will require to have them stamped by the Bazaar Committee before they will be honored for return on the trains.
By order of Committee,
THOMAS DRISCOLL, Secretary.
Sept. 27, 1899.—31

USE
EDDY'S
BRUSHES
The Most DURABLE on the Market,
FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.

New Clothing

J. B. McDONALD & CO.
Are now ready with their New Stock of

Overcoats, Ulsters, Reefers and Suits yet shown by us.

We have certainly the best values in the city to choose from.
500 Suits Men's Underclothing from 38 cents a suit to \$3.00, the very best value obtainable. You cannot afford to pass our store when you want to buy your boots. We can save you your expenses to town.

J. B. McDONALD & CO.
Leaders in Low Prices.

Now We Wish to Say This:
We are not going to begin to tell you that we are giving goods away; but one thing you can always rely on,

You can get a Better Value at the Model Store than anywhere else.

GO TO THE Model Store

If you want Ready-made Clothing,
If you want Tweeds,
If you want Boots and Shoes,
If you want Flannels or Blanketings,
If you want Gents' Furnishings,
If you want Hats or Caps,
If you want Trunks or Valises
If you want Umbrellas

The best goods obtainable
At lowest price possible.

R. H. RAMSAY & CO.



