# TFT Grain GROWERS 

Organization Education Co-operation

Winnipeó Man.
Ianuary 2, 1918
$\$ 150$ perYear


PRIZE WHEAT AT THE GLADSTONE, MAN., BOY8' AND GIRLS' FAIR
Circulation over 35,000 weekly

# Hog Prices 12 Months Hence 

Canada and the United States are asked to increase their hog production as greatly as possible in order to help meet the grave shortage of meat In Great Britain, France and Italy.

The shortage in Europe is the best guarantee of the stability of the hog market during the next twelve menths. There are $115,000,000$ fewer stock animals in the herds of Europe than before the war. The hog shortage alone is $32,425,000$ animals-about ten times the total number of hogs in Canada to-day.

In the United States, there are to-day ten per cent. less live hogs than there were a year ago. Further, the American Packers' cellars have never been so bare of hog products at the inception of a winter packing season as this year. During October, season as this year. During October,
$31,000,000$ pounds of meat were $31,000,000$ pounds of meat were
taken out of Chicago warehouses alone, and a similar raid was made at other points.

## Hog Receipts Decreasing

Another indication of the decrease in hog production is in the receipts of hogs at Stock Yards in the United States:-

To the end of October, 1916, they were $33,035,831$ hogs.

To the end of October, 1917, they were 38,314,598 hogs.

This shows the great decrense in 1917 of $4,721,233 \mathrm{hogh}$.

Taking the month of October alone the receipts in 1918 were $3,092,016$ hogs. For
the month of October, 1917, the receipt the month, of October, 191 , the receipts of $1,003,772$ hogs for the last month for which we have figures.

In Canada, the receipts, at Stock Yards from the first of January to the end of November, 1916, were 998,131 hogs. For the same period 'in 1917, the receipts were 888,196 hog. This shows a decrease in
Canade of 129,935 hogs.

While the supply of hogs in Europe and America has been rapidly decreasing, the consumption of bacon and hams overseas has in-
creased enormously since the beginning of the war. Here is the statement of the British Imports:-

In 1913 they were. . $630,000,000 \mathrm{lbs}$. In 1914 they were.. $60,000,000$ In 1915 they were. $196,000,000$ Is 1915 they were. $1,006,000,000$
Whth the enormous shortage of hogs and other stock animals in Europe, and a marked decrease in the Europe, and a marked decrease in the number of live hogs in North America,
there appears to be no reason why there should not be high prices and a stable market for hogs during the next twelve months and longer.

## Government Action

The Government's announcement of control and limitation of Packers' Profits will establish confidence and further stabilize the hog market. The official announcement in brief is as follows:
"I. No packer shall be entitled to a proft of more than 2 per cent. of his total annual turnover, during any one year.
" 2 . If the 2 per cent. on annual turnover exceeds 7 per cent, on the actual capital invested in the business, the proit
"(a) Up to 7 per cent. on capital the packer may retain the profts.
"(b) If the profits exceed 7 per cent. and do not exceed 15 per cent. one-half of the profits in excess of 7 per cent. shall belong to the packer and one-hair to the
Government. " (c) All profts in excess of 15 per cent. shall belong to the Government."

## United States Action

In addition to the action of the Dominion Government, Herbert Hoover, the United States Food Controller, states in a Government Bulletin:-
"I therefore wish to make this positive statement: that, so far as the United States
Food Administration is able, through its Food Administration is able, through its influence on the purchase of pork and its products for exportation, it will do all within
fits power to see that prices of pork aro
maintained in a ratio to teed prices that will
cover not boly costs of prodection, but proper remuneration to the producer.
"By a syetem of license conatrol of manufacturers and distributors the Foed Administration will further help the producers. This system will tend toward the abolition of speculation, the punishment of profteering, and the assurance that the consumer receives- the product at at air
ratio of the producer's price, and that, vice versa. the producer receives a fair interpretation of the consumer's payment."

This decision of the United States Government to support the American hog market will have a stabilizing effect on the Canadian hog market, because whatever influences the American live stock market will act to pretty nearly the same extent on the Canadian market.

The action of the Dominion and United States Governments, considered in association with the figures showing the tremendous decline in the European and American hog production, and the figures showing the vist increase in British ham and bacon imports since the war, establishes confidence in the stability of the hog market for the next year.

## Save the Young Sows

Young sows which are slaughtered now only produce about 150 lbs . of meat per sow. By breeding, them, many times that quantity of meat can be produced ready for market in ten to twelve months. Every pound of pork that can be raised will be needed.

Bacon is a military necessity. It is the most compact form in which meat can be supplied to the armies. It is about 50 per cent. fat, and fat is worth twice as much as starch as a producer of energy and stamina.

Bacon is the great "fighting" food. The armies of the Allies must be supplied with hundreds of millions of pounds of it, and they look to Canada and the United States to supply it. That means a tremendous increase in hog production in 1918 is a vital necessity.

Dominion of Canada Department of Agriculture
LIVE STOCK BRANCH OTTAWA

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THE GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE



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 Avertiving Mates


CURRENT EVENTB
E. Bradakw, formerly member of The Saskatehewan legishature for Prisce afternoon in a store in that eity. He Was 51 years of are and had resided who was horn in the Tole of Wight, was. engaged with the Hadson's Bay Com. pany after frat coming to Canada. later engaging is a financial brokerage business on his own account. Dering the last session of the house at Reging he drew eensiderable attention by the
'Bradohaw charges," made is conne" Bradshaw charges," made in conneeof bribes alleged graft and acceptance government. The majority of these tharges were not mubstantfited before the court of inquiry which the government called, but from the invertigation there arose a number of prosecutions which resulted in
Decorations to the number of 7,000 have been conferred on members of the Canadian expeditionary forees for valor in the field and for outatanding
war services. Seven officers and 12 men have won the Vietoria Cross and 108 foreign medals have been awarded to Canadians.

Sir Thomas White has deelded to make ailotments to the Virtorv T,man and up to and inelading $\$ 1,000,000$. 4500,000 in foll and 75 per cent. of 000 in full and 75 pet cent. for first $\$ 1,000,000$ and 50 per cent. of amount in excess of $\$ 1,000,000$

The U.S. shipping program for 1918 includes the building of 5,000000 tons of shipping. With the task of designing models now out of the way, the
whole problem now, according to the shipping board officials, is that of obtaining labor and material.
Payment due on the Vietory Loan on January 2, may be paid at any time
up to and inclading January 11. The extension of time is given in order that subseribers may not be unduly
detained waiting their turn in making their payment.

Tables prepared by the U.S. Govery nt show that in 1916 the number of
grican millionaires increased mican millionaires increased by.
over the previons year. Ineome tax returns for year ending Deeember, millionaires.

## farmers' EXCHANGE FAILS

 The Farmers' and Gardeners ' Pro duce Exchange Ltd., of Winnipeg,has suspencisd business, its assets has suspencisd business, its assets
being much below its liabilities. shipped to this concern. Any
readers of The Guide who have not received payment for ship-
ments made should notify The Guide at once, giving date of
shipment, description of produce, weight and approtimate value,
All such accounts will be placed in the hands of The Guide's solic-

9Toumb

The Name of Dr. Robert Magill, seeretary of the Winnipeg Orain Er Grais Aupervisors has of the Board of Grain Bupervisors has be ada. The services he has rendered it the grain trade are well known to thousands of farmers. The majority of them, however, have not had an op-
portunity of becoming acquairted with 8. Magill, the man. They will rearl with interest the impressions of his personality by "Observer," on page 24 of this issue. There they will learn how this scholarly Iriahman came to Inavg the chair of political economv in
an eistern university for the field of an eqatern university for the feld of aseful activity opened up by the in-
vestigations of the grain trade and of his record of accomplishment in that feld. They will also be plessed te note that his energles are stlif devoted to the furtherance of the common good.

The Guide recolves mang questions that you can help us answer. Here is a lis of questions that appeared in one you readers co-ppierate in drawing ehil. dren to schoolf If so what kind of a heated $f$ Do the children corrie out to the corner to meet the rig! Ts the cost of or by those having children who gse the rig? Do the men club fogether, each dreng their turn at drawing the chilthey hire someone to do it for themt If you have had experience in the work coveredby these questions we would be glad to hear from you in order to answer hem for reader.

Fox raising, as our readers know, is quite an industry in Prince Edward Island and in some parta of Nova Scotia A few years ago fox raising caught fox farms were established in the Prairie Provinces. A year or two ago Alberta. We should like to hear from foy of our readers who have success fully raised foxes in captivity. We domesticated livestock is a much safer investment than foxes, though there

may be instances of farmers who have a taste for fox raising an a hobby, who ean make it s proftable side line, thet us have your views on the question.

How We Organtred Our Bchoodels the title of as, splendid artiele in this issan by a Msnitobs school teacher who has hat good success in eatablishing Boys: and Girls' Club work in her school. No one knows better than the teacher just what is required to establish and maintain a successful elub, We would welcome contributions from teachers in the experience is this worl. What you have to say may be a saurce of inspir. ation to other teachers in getting this aplendid work established in their ${ }^{\text {aplendid }}$

Beager Wheeler and His Work was the anbject of an article in last week's Ouifle. This is followed in this lasne by an outline of how Mr. Wheeler has produced two new promising varieties of wheat and of the outstanding charties is from each. One of these varieMarquis and annal or sunerior in vield. Ing and milling qualities. Farmers know that a fay or two earlier in rinening may mean the asving of thousands of acres in a diptriet from frost damage. Mr. Wheeler has just grounds for believing that this new wheat of his will mesm mililo the future. But these mat ters are fully diseussed in the sirticle ters are fully diseussed in th

In an Editorial of Last Week's insue is stated the amount of money conpatriatie funds. The Blue Cross was mentinned an having received only 81.00 in contributions. Inatead bove and girls have contributed $\$ 42.95$. The omission of this splendid Item was due to the fact that it has always been announced on the boys' and $g=18$ ' page, instead of with the regular patriotic contributiona. We are very proud of our boy and girl readers and are expecting that another year will see even a much
larger contribution for those dumb larger contribution for those dumb
heroes at the war. It is a deserving. cause and the boys and girls have recause and the
sponfled well.

Every home has some conveniences which the

of shelves ander the ehimney in the kithenen,
or a aperial place to keep the eream cool, or

yoer own home.
 Have, ou noticed any ill effeets from feeding
alfalfo hay to horses


## U.B. CONTROLB RAHWAYB

The United 8tates government has csamed control of all the rallwiys during the war. Evary milroad entaged in general "transportation, wit ts appurtenances, inelldiwg ship lines, s taken over and all systems will be operated as one, under the efperviaion of Becretary MeAdoo, who, in addition to being aetretary of the treasary, is Prealdent Wilsos stated is his annesnes. ment thet is soon as the anouncereanommhled soon as the congree egislation guaranteeisg pre:war earn pigs and maintensese of rail way proporty is good renair. Government Gacking wif be given to new issues of ailrond wecurities on thew issues of merket ean be found. Under the ar rangements railway competition will te absolutely eliminated. Cars, loce motives, terminal faellities, railroad whops and everything conseoted with he railways will be polled. One of the ret atte of the government will be to reduce the iarge salaries now pald to the executives and inerease in some neasure the wagen of railway workers. Congress will be aiked to appropriate robably $020,000,0{ }^{0}$, for immediate supply of rolling stoek to handle the traffie which has swamped the rosis. The director-general will have the authority to decide whether the gov and control of express compaperation

## KATBER'B PEACE REJECTED

Lloyd George in a letter to the British abor congreas given what is generally regarded as a definite answer to the central powers' offer, rejecting the proposed terms. The British Press comment is practically unanimous is declaring that negotiations on the proPoreign minister Pichen imposelared that Prance wonld not aecept the pence That France wouid not accept the peace The United Etates neweforer comment displays a remarkable unanimity, it is stated, in doubting the sincerity of the Kaiser's peace offer. The peace offer submitted by Germany recently was to the effect that a peace suitable to the central powers wonld be on a basis whieh-would leave the boundaries and powers of the warring nations practically the same as they existed previous o the war.

## TWINE BUPPLY ABgURED

 An ample supply of binder twine for anadian requirements next year at reasonable prices has been onsured, as the result of an agraement reached between the U.S. food administration and the Mexifian sisal growers of Yueatan, The growers were holding out for a high price but under the arrangement just secured at a slight advance over last year's price. Co-operation of Canada and the United States in controlling food exports from this continent was ble to secure the sisal supply on reamonable terms.The great Krupp works at Eesen,
Germany, have been badly damaged by
United Farmers of Ontario Convention Marked Proques Reportad－Clest Indiation that Ontarie Farmers Realire Importance of Co－epersting for Eeonomic Froed

Betwees 500 and 600 delegates wert is attendsace at the convestios of the oited Farmers Toroste two weeks ano．An iscreas clate were repertel．The coovention throoghout was charwterised by a bold． coursymens，self－reliant asd sealoes． spirit sei as＂wiy not is evidence to The president＇s sidres，tontaining entimests and giviok ex exesesion to sugeretions that would sot bet tolenated 0 asy recest farmerg katherigge mark of sperovat，wite oflher st Arewes haviag the same spirit of self． antuen havigg the same spinit of and the desire for antion reeelved similar sympathetie endorsa then from the cenvention．The report of the United Varmers Co－pperaive Ca．revealed that during the year over 01，000，pon worth of borinese mas trans． ected．The key note of the organina fon was！＂Yarmers，Gfganiige．de ogether asd do your own bosines Your busisesis is take your
h．Hi．Haibert，in his presidential ntidren，stated that he mlefolged the
asdiesce if the dawn of a brighter day was sot is sight for agrieslturists，the day whes agrieultsinists represesting not only the back－bese bet also the
hraiss of the Empire would ait in greater numbers is our legislative halls，and the formers through them would have kay in gettiag a square deal is makisa the laws that are placed upon the statute books
Mr．Halbert atroagly objected to the farmers of Ontario not being taket into the conflence of the government paigh． paipk．
past year，liees most outramposely ig－ pored by the powers that be，＂he said． ＂＇As your president I have felt very keomly，and no doubt you all have，some of the slape is the fave which our or gasiration has received，especially when we are told by some of the men who are enjoying a fat living on bur money that We， 12,000 members of our organisation are too amall and insignificant to b
recognired．Btill a few millionairen in recognized．Still a few millionaires i
this eity cas name the men and have this eity can name the men and have
them appointed to the eabinel．Gor ermment by the people has become ernment by the people has become a
myth．The real ralers of Canada and
the Canstias parlismente are the lorited and the ksighted members of combises． mantufeturers，smolatiose and trane portation companies．Throegh their eys tem of ruling there has growis ep a and legistations to their ows despotic will and In thrir own telfeh isteresta． The result ls that today we are leaded dows with a whole menagerie of white elephants easuing a loss of millions snausally in the operation of our basie indostry of agriesiture for the beneft of the combines．The farmers are the anly elase that will wot bresk the chains af party bondage for their own benefit and they compose the only elant whose indastry is tased for the bene Bo long as we remain so the interent： will control．＂Prealdeat Halbert is tharged that detectives had bege st the previous day＇s eanvention aiff thit they that thought to fryare the sew movement and partienlarly to prevent the organised farmers and the labor organizations from coming to get her．
Becret

Morrison reported Secretary J．J．Morrison reported
that while a year ago the association that while a year ago the asaociation had had 8,000 members affliated with the and 8,000 members afflisted with the
central body，this year he had to re central body，this year he had to re－
port 313 subordinate bodies with 12.00 m members．This increase was effected in
10 months，and these the poorest of

## FAIRWEATHER＇S JANUARY FUR SALE

The great fur－selling event of the year－the same high grade furs for men and women that have a reputation for quality from ocean to ocean Fur Coats and Fur Sets for ladies and Fur and Fur Lined Coats for men
all rp－priced for a record menth＇s selling at these very substantial

## EXTRA DISCOUNTS

We stand back of every garment you purchase with a guarantee for satisfaction．You have an opportunity of examining all goods on arrival， and if not entirely satisfactory，they may be rethrned at our expense． We pay express charges both ways．This is your one greatest opportun－ ity of the year to
read these values．

natural wolv ser－Animal shaped scarf，extra qualty fur，medtum five
pillow－shaped murf，ined througltout

hato Fox ser－Made from very choice Australiun Red For skes．thed throuzhout，extra

mews matural hain beaven coats
－Made from extra fine fark skins，lin．

MENS PLUOKED BEAVER OOATS

 FAIRWEATHER \＆CO． 297－299 PORTAGE AVE．
＇180．00
MEN＇S FUR COATS

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|  |  |

## Mrana tor 120.00




LADIES BLACK MUSOOVA PONY COATS 72.00

LADIES＇HUDSON SEAL OOAT－ 42 inches in length，extra full skirt，made from carefully selected skins，beauti－ fully matched，lining of brocaded silk or
hrocaded satin，has $1 /{ }^{1}$ fre storm，collar，
＇ 180.00
NATURAL WOLF SET－Animal shaped scarf，extra quality fur，medium size
plllow shaped muff，lined throughout and beautifully finished
＇36．00
NATURAL RACOOON BETS－Includes curved animal scart with natural trim－ ming and lined with hard－wearing grey
satin．Muff comes in melon style．These
36.00
the yes for proparands work．Refer－
rise to the pomibility of sas Inerase is freight rates，Mr．Morrison said that is ine iseresese would be searly $540.000,000$ is year in trassportation charges，and Anest of that increase would fall on farmern．The question of iscreasing the farmera．The quectios of iocreaviag 81.00 was aloe dis－ cassed by Mr．Morrison．
Westers Reprsientatives Weatern Roprosentatives Kelen nedy brought fraternal greetings frow the argasised farmers of the prairies． Mr．Kensedy said that the mont eheer－ ling news that he could take back io
ithe weat was that the United Farmers of Onfario had Inereased their mem： of Ontario had incteased their memi． realine，＂lhe sald，＂that we nete the help of the orgasised farmers of Os － tario in fghting for the common inter eats of east and west．Our united etrength will be necesaary if we are to bold oor own in the struggle that is just ahead．The great corporations have al ready united for the purpose of seeing that neither during or after the war are eonditions so ehanged ao to prevent from falling on the farmers and wage fromers of this country．
armers Production Falling of
Farmers are working 14 hours a day and yet production is fafling off，＂t Why？ Because the rural population has de clined by 30,50 ，and in some casee to
the extent of 70 per cent，＂said E．H． Stonehouse，president of the Toronto Milk Producers＇Aswecistions＂As farm－ ers we feel the serions nature of the situation，because we understand that situation as others do not understand it．We are not asking for exemption from military serviee as a elase．We thas thes of others．Ret we do feel that food prodaction in Canada is as neces： sary to the wisning of the war as ser－ vice in the trenches in France．To take one skitled laberer from the farm moans adding one more to the body of con－ summers．it doer more．It remover from the land one who is in a ppgition to
provide food for six or eight others as well as himself．
limit，not only mast we be allowed to retain skilled labor we be allowed to we mist have a system of regiatration under which labor can be placed where needed－udier hich non－easential In－ provided for indestries and more labor provided for industries which are es Farmer
rs＇Platform Again Endorsed Apporval of the Farmers＇National minion gavernment was and the Do means of increasing production，to re move the duty from agricultural ma－ chinery，implements and ciover seed． The convention also appointed a com－ mittee to consider the advisability of establishing an official organ．In the election of officers，Mr．Halbert was vice－president．The following directory vice－president．The following directors W．A．Aroos，Palmerston：Peter Porter Burford；H．V．Hoover，Belleville J．MeCrea，Glengarry：T．H．Adame Essex；Thos．MeMillan；Seaforth；J．J Morrison，Toronto，secretary Before adjournment the farmers pre sent subscribed to over 125 shares of

Farmers＇Company Expanding
In the first whole year of oir ganization our business amounted to
$\$ 226,000$ ；the next year to $\$ 410,385$ While this year，which is not yet com
plete，we have passed the $\$ 1,000,000$ mark，＂said B．C．Tucker，president of
the United Farmers＇Co－operative Com pany，the trading end of the farmers movement．L．O．Blatch ford，the mana ger of the company，stated that the
united farmers organized for the pose of bringing the farmers together， providing the medium through which business is done，the company providing
in a large part the sinews of war by which the work of organization is pro moted and maintained．Mr．Tueker claimed that the market branch of the Ontario Department of Agriculture ap
peared hostile to the farmers＇ peared，hostile to the farmers＇move
ment．The district representátive however，showed earnest representatives， this feeling of sympathy shoutd be

The Increase in Freight Rates
The Railway Commission has granted a marked increase in freight and passenger rates. This amounts to approximately 10 per cent. on freight rates in Western Canada and 15 per cent. in Eastern Canada. Increases in passenger rates are 15 per cent. on all lines except in British Columbia. Specific increases are allowed on certain commodities. Grain, for instance, to Fort William must pay an additional two cents per 100 pounds and 15 per/ cent. increase on the rail haul east of there. The increased rate to Fort William alone on the 1916 grain inspections would amount to approximately $\$ 4,000,000$. On goods coming west, as most of such necessitics must at present, the increase will be 15 per cent. to Fort William and 10 per cent. west of there. On lumber, much needed by prairie farmers, the increase will be from three cents to five cents per 100 pounds from British Columbia mills to prairie points and will mean price increases of $\$ 1.00$ to $\$ 1.50$ or more per 1.000 feet. There are, of course, certain limitations and variations to this general increase, but the result is substantially what the railways have been demanding for months. As the West has the long freight hatl, naturally most of the cost falls on it. It is estimated that the additional revenues derjived by the railways on this increase will amount to $\$ 40,000,000$ or over next year.

It is particularly unfortunate that the Railway Commission should have granted these increases at a time when no further burden should be put on production, and that is mainly where this burden will fall in the West. The case presented by the Western people before the various sittings of the commission in the West last summer certainly was never publicly met by the railways in any manner that appeared to warrant such a decision, and the bald statements of the commission on this question will need some elucidation to satisfy Westerners. The increase is granted, the commission states, to increase the net revenues of the roads, which have been decreasing so fast as to endanger the efficiency of the country's transportation. The difficulty with this position is that most of the increase resulting from this grant goes to the C.P.R., which ought to be content to bear its fair share corporation during war time, and that this increase cannot secure the results it is supposed to. Railway officials have repeatedly stated that their present difficulties are due mainly to the scarcity of skilled labor and materials, but especially to the former. This cannot be remedied during the continuance of the war by any increase in rates. They also claim that they are not able to maintain their rolling stock and lines in a proper state of repairs and if the proper repairs were made on these their profits would be greatly lessened. There is some truth in this argument, but there is nothing in the commission's decision to guarantee that the money derived from these increases declaring dividends. If the increased rates were granted in order to maintain Canada's transportation' at proper efficiency, it should be guaranteed that such will be done.
Out of the additional $\$ 40,000,000$ it is
estimated this increase will cost the country, the C.P.R. will derive about $\$ 22,000,000$. In 1916 the C.P.R. had surplus profits of nearly $\$ 18,000,000$ after paying its 10 per cent. dividend, which alone requires $\$ 26,000,000$. made $\$ 9,000,000$ on railway operations proper above dividend requirements, and the profits of the system could fall off $\$ 19,000,000$ and still leave enough to pay the usual dividends.
The C.P.R. has grown marvellously wealthy
from the developmient of Canadian resources by the people of this country. The C.N.R. now belongs to the government and the present increases will not overcome the difficulties of the Grand Trunk system. The granting of such a subsidy to the C.P.R. now is cutainly not satisfactory to the people of Canada and must only result ultimately in government, action. There has long been need for co-ordination and co-operation in Canadian railway operation. In United States, where similar increases in rates were afked for, the government has taken over the operation of the railways. All government transportation will pay the necessary rates to properly operate the roads and if thgoe rates must be higher, the people will know they are paying legitimate war taxes, not corporation dividends. Very similar action was taken early in the war in Britain. Such action must come in Canada. The action of the Railway Commission in this matter is a bitter disappointment to Western people.

## The Liquor Traffic

National prohibition is at last in sight. On December 22 an order-in-council was passed by the Dominion government providing for the rapid curtailment of the liquor traffic. The measure affects all liquors and beverages containing more than $21 / 2$ per cent. of alcohol, except that used for medicinal and industrial purposes. Importation from other countries into Carlada except in the case of liquor actually purchased before that date was stopped on December 24, and will be altogether prohibited after January 31. After April 1 the transportation of liquor into "dry" territory within Cariada will ccase. A definite assurance is given that the manufacture in Canada of liquor for beverage purposes will also be prohibited, the date to be set after further investigation. As a result of this measure every province in Canada except Quebec will be "bone dry" in three months, and it may be only a matter of a few months until total national prohibition will be fully in force.
In no part of Canada will the decision of the government to prohibit the inter-provincial traffic in liquor be more welgome than in the West. The helplessness of the provinces to prevent liquor being shippod in after they had prohibited its open sale has been exasperating. The beneficial results of provincial prohibition have been largely offset by this mail order liquor business. The protest against what was a plain subversion of the will of the people has been continuous and emphatic and the prospects of having the inter-provincial trade prohibited will be a source of general satisfaction. From the national standpoint the speedy destruction of the liquor traffic is demanded by every consideration of national economy. The folly of destroying millions of bushels of grain yearly while the world is confronted with a famine of foodstuffs could not long prevail. It has perhaps done more than anything else to cut the ground from under the campaigns for increased production and saving. The action of the government is taken under the authority of the War Measures Act and will therefore become non-effective one year after the close of the war. It can be predicted, however, that once the liquor traffic is ousted from Canada it will never be allowed to return

## Attend The Conventions

The great Farmers' Parliaments will soon be meeting again. On January 9, 10 and 11 the Manitoba Grain Growers' Association will hold its anpual convention at Brandon. The

United Parmers of Alberta meet in Calgary from January 22 to 25 . The Saskatchewan Grain Growers' Association Convention will be held in Regina from Pebruary 12 to 15. All the conventions promise to be live ones. It is important that they be fully representative of the organizations and they can only be such if representatives are present from every local. There never was a time in the history of the west when greater problems were being faced by the farmers. The tremendous importance that food production has assumed ahd the fact that the organized farmers are better represented than everibefore at Ottawa should mean that in the deliberations of the next parliament the demands of the farmers will receive greater consideration than they have in the past. The proceedings of the conventions will be scrutinized with more than usual attention by the government. If any legislation in justice to agriculture is forthcoming it will be largely based on the recommendations of the cont: ventions. The Farmers' Parliaments are practically the only means in Canada by which the demands of the farmers can be erystalized. The interests of the organized farmers can be served in no better way than by the fullest possible attendance of both delegates and visitors at the conventions.

## Government Operation of Stockyards

.The Pederal parliament recently enacted legislation empowering the Minister of Agriculture to conduct and regulate the public livestock and produce markets of Canada. That something of this nature should be done has frequently been advocated by farmers' organizations in Western Canada. The fact that most of the stock yard have been tied up to the big railway companies who primarily have their own interests at heart has not been conducive to the proper growth of the livestock industry. Corporation ownership and operation of these markets has not helped to engender public confidence, even though some have been well handled. That such ownership has not proven as efficient as it should, or at least has fallen short of maintaining accommodation where such should be kept, is very apparent. It is well demonstrated at Winnipeg. The Union Stock Yards at Winnipeg are owned jointly by the three big railway companies, two of which have recently been unable to make the necessary additions to the yards, while the C.P.R. would not undertake these alone. The result has been that accommodation in' weighing facilities, yardage off the scales, loading facilities, etc. have been over tazed and shippers have suffered seriously in consequence. Weighing that should have been finished early has had to be continued until late at night, causing much waiting and waste. The yardage accommodation for weighing stock off the scales needs to be doubled. One platform has had to be used for unloading and reloading and much of the latter has had to be carried on at night. During much of this unloading and reloading process, other cars have had to stand out in the yards a long time, and the resulting discomfort and shrinkage to the stock has meant loss to the farmers. There are other features about these yards which might be distinctly improved. The Calgary stock yards also has undesirable features that have not been conducive to the proper handling of stock on that market. At Edmonton the situation between the stock yards and abattoir people was far from satisfactory for a long time and shippers were not encouraged to market their stock there.
Western Canada is a great and growing
livestock country. The years following the war should see quick strides in livestock development and everything posiblechyould be done to encourage that progress The putting of public markets on a yovernment owned ani operated basis would do much th been lacking. It would help in making many improvements now badly needed. It would improvements now badly needed. proving the prove an excellent beginning or putring the
whole livestock industry on a distinctly whole livestock

## The Western Food Controller

The appointment of a Wertern food controller with headquarters in Winnipeg and in charge of all Canada west of the Cireat Lakes is a peculiarly welcome aninouncement and especially to those connerted with the food control organization. J. D. McCregor, the Western food controller has full power to enforce . $\downarrow$ food controller's regulation to conduct a campaign for food conservation and food production. In fact he has all the power of the food controfler except the issuing of new orders and the control of food manufacturers

Up to the present there has been very little satisfaction in the West from the work of the food controller. Ottawa is a long piece away and there has been great difficulty in understanding the intention of the fobd controller. Central food committees have been appointed in each of the four Western provinces but they have never had any clear definition of their duties or responsibilitics. Any attempt to get these duthes outlined from Ottawa has been almost futile. Requests for infurmation and interpretation regarding the food controfler's orders have been equally unsatisfactory.

The food controller also has a Central Ad before anmasking The Grain Growers Guide
Horry Council memmeet of busy men from all the nine provinces of Canada. This council was appointed last midsummer yet up to the present time this central advisory council has never been asked to advise on anything nor have its members been able to find out what they are supposed to do. They have not even been supplied with copies of the food controller's orders nor instructions in is way that would be of any use to them. It has been ecually impossible for the members of this central council to extract from the of this central council to extract from the lood controller's office any satisfactory inder in mation as to assistance they may render in
the food control problem. Pood control in the food control problem. Pood control in Canada is undoubtedly a difficult problem and $j t$ is rendered more difficult by the lack oleodganiza.ion in the food controller's office. Without information and instruction the central advisory coancil and the provincial committees have found it almost impossible to do helpful work.
Even with the lack of organization, however. the food controller has accomplished considerable in the regulation and conservation of food supplies. Infinitely more, however, could have been accomplished in the West. particularly if proper information had beep supplied to the provincial committees and the central advisory council and there was some clear cut idea of the food controller's desire. With the Western food controller on the job and clothed with sufficient power, there is every hope of improvement and likelihood of a much Letter feeling of co-operation with the food controfter and his work.

During the election campaign, James Weir, second vice-president of the United Farmers of Alberta, devoted a great deal of his energy to "unmasking" The Grain Growers' Guide The food controller also has a Central Ad- before audiences of farmers. He devoted
particular attention to the constituency of Marquette where Hon. T. A. Crerar was the candidate. His charge apainst The Grain Growen' Guide was printed in the labor orkan in Winnipeg and distributed to the houscholds of the city the purpose being to influence the of the city, the purpose being to influscroe the Labor vote. The result in the constituency of Marquette and also in the three constituencies in the city of Winnipeg should be a sufficient reply to the energies of Mr. Weir. But if that is not enough, the result in some of the constituencies nearer his own home would complete the reply. The farmers thengelves took a hand in the "unmasking" business, somewhat to Mr. Weir's discomfiture

The Grain Growers' Guide is in receipt of a letter from C. H. Gibson, Royal Exchange, Sydpey, New South Wales, Australia,' under date of October 31, 1917, in which he states that the farmers of Australia are getting $\$ 1.15$ per bushel for their wheat at the seaboard. This price is accounted for undoubtedly by the fact that the long distance and the shortage of shipping facilities prevents the wheat from being delivered at Liverpool.

Great Britain and United States have taken over the control and operation of all the railways. So beneficial will be the result that it is almost a foregone conclusion that the railways will never come back into private hands. Canada should do likewise

Prom Great Britain and from United States, Canada can secure object lessons in National efficiency. It is to be hoped the Union government will take these object lessons to heart.


A NEW YEAR'S GREETING FOR KING BOOZE


## Kitchener and Bobs

Two great names in the British Empire which have been immortalized in agriculture by two famous wheats which Seager Wheeler has produced.

Kitanemer of land Kitcheser and Lard
Hoberts will be swoel Hoberis will be asociatde for all time with the lighest and beat tradi, tions of the British and Anglo-Saxon peepla it is quite fitting that they should aleo stased for the beat in agriculture. ${ }^{\text {tro }}$ after these two illiastrions solidiers. It is partic. ularly appropriate that these two wheats should be introduced to the farmers of Western Canada at the present time It usidee te the mapeifeient wotk and organization of shese two great solliers that the British armies have been able to hold of the enemy and save civilization from being overrun by the invader.
Ko seate his beeome the foed situation that the farmer on his farm in Western Canads today is as important a factor in holding baek the enemy as is the soldier in the trenches. The best authorities in the Empire declare without liesitation that the Allies will win if the food supply is suffieient, and that food supply mast come from Canada and the United States. Wheat is the ehief requirement. and whatever will tend to increase the wheat crop will tend to defeat thy enemy. in producing two new heavier yielding wheats, Scager Wheeler has contributed more thag any other farmer to the great work of holding batk the enemy by increasing the food supply on the farms of Western Canada.

## The Pasatng of Red Fife

Up until about six years ago lied Fife wheat was very largely, almost exclusively, grown throughout Western Canada. It is a splendid milling wheat
hut on account of its latenest in ripening the loss but on account of its lateness in ripening the loss
from frost and rust' was enormogs and the great from frost and rust was enormoas and the great temand amongt firmert ths for thr eafler mpening Farm at Ottawa, produced Margis wheat by emas ing Red Fife with dark red Calcutta wheat. Mar. quis was as good as Fife in milling qualities and mule eartler in ripening. It is frequently stated that Marquis moved the wheat belt one hundred miles north. At the present time Marquis whest

## By George F. Chipman

hes displared Red'Fife wheat practically all over Testern Cansda. Not even ten per ceat. of the Wheat now grown is Red Vife Tr, remarkable clange lias beensbrought sbout is the short space of five years.
Many people have been endeavering to improve Marquis wheat and bring about oven an earller dite iot ripenibe. No persorr has contributed morowards this splendid effort thas Seager Wheeler of hosthers, Baskateliewas, the world'e moat famous To knower. Mr. Wheeler's prise mianigg record prizes for to every farmer. He has taken more and casily stands first as the ehampion grais growet of the present generation.
The two new wheats which Mr. Wheeler has developed, Red Bobs and Kitchener, bid fair to make a very considerable improvement on Marquis and to add very largely to the ylela of wheat en the prairie farms and the income of the praitie firmers.

## The Story of Red Bobs

The story of Red Bobs wheat is an exiremely toresting one. In the year 1905 a man named Firrer, of New South Wales, Australia, sent a Esmple of Wheat to Dr. Hausders at the Central White Bolsal Farm, Ontakn. He called this wheat White Bobs and stated that it was obtained by rizat and a prety of bultom anal learllen ly of theat as Nepaul Whether this teararkable ster foxact of not the White Bolis veleat whe story futely liearilles., in fact is to the enly abolately beardless wheat grown in Canada today. Dt. Charles E. Kaunders, son of the late Dr. We. Snunders, and at present Dominion Cerealist, tested the White Bols, wheat for a couple of years at the Experimental Parm. It Was earlice in ripening Gamaders ralue equal to Marquis but it still remained a white wheat, although very hard and posessing a good
straw and head, bui beisg a white wheat was impossible to grow it successfally is Canada on secount of the deep pre judice againat the white


LATE FIELD mansmal ation against it is the Can tion agaiget it io Cassads Grals Act is 1 Not, Dr. Masnders introduced White Bols wheat along with Marguis wheat at the Experi Seager Wheeler havisy trad of this newt Asatralios Flicat secured of ten pound sample from the Isdian Ileal Experimental Yarm and seeded it is the sprise of 190s. It prodsced sixty bushels per sere on bis plot. He found this to be considerably earlier thas any ether hard wheat he had bees growisg bet it was absolutely white, hard and beardlesa. It was to Mr. Wheeler's mind, the nearest' to the ideal Wheat for the weat but as losgise it remalset white it wis hopeten to make it a success.

An Important Discovery
Mr. Wheeler continsed to experiment with thr White Bohs whest. He sivays gpends is great deal Fof his time is the growing season looking through his seed plots, isvestigating the qualities of the different plote he is growing. In 1909, while ex amining some heads is his White Bobs plot, he rubbed out one and found that the kernels were red although the plant had all the characteristics of the White Robs. Upon examination he found two or three of the heads in the plot similar in sppear ance to White Bobs, but with red kernels. He care fand seeded them in small plot the nent yerer ap anxiously astohel tamee if they would reproduce anxiously watelied seed. Ts mose cases the progeny of the rel seed came back red. Aome of it was very early and some of it about the same as the ordiasy wheat he was growing. The following year Mr Wheeler had from 50 to 60 stralns of the esply ripests seed of what he las since called Thed Bobs wheal From these he has selected and reduced them until hed has brought them down to two of the most prom ising strains, one of which he calls Bupreme Continuel on Fus If


Lowr-A nelo RED Boas AND KITOMEMER OROWING ON THE FARM OF SEAGER WHELLER


## A Man at Need

A Lumberjack Tale

CHAFTER IV. (Continueb)
H1'va sever seen ye kiek anny ose's ribs is, vame fighier yo are alway, an's dirty Fifiter when Of have to be, but yid don't pat the boots till whipped mase, just beesue ye can do it. No more
 not, though comin
"Why' has he climbel ye twient""
'I dunno," Jimmy replied. ",
He had so eppertunity to do so entil the neonIng. Shortly before noon the eookee arrived, earry. tnt two kope foils, nilas wiek hes lle buif a fire is the lee of a thieket, filled the palls with water and hang them an a pole to boil. When the water bubbled, he threw in a pound of tea and whooped for the gang.
Those inearest, wars strunty neobk for the weleome onusd, quit instastly, ond paceed the ery along mes trooped in, sat on loges of squatted on the meem, and went for the fooml voraciously.
${ }^{1}+;$ fem minster nothing remained for the cookee to lug back to camp save the pails and tin eups.
Plater knives and forks were unknown at the noon meal
eame out insta
the loat. sitrong to be loat. Strong ploz
tobaceo was shaved off and ground between allozsed hands. A light have of tragrant in the cold air.
MePike, his pipe well alight, stopped over to Maedonald,
ye for a minnit
"What will ye want to say!
"Come mlong over here, where we can talk quet, led the way to a log, out of hearing of the rest. "Now then, he said, got aght pe.

Nothing," answered Maedonald.
Nigh a month ago," said MePike skeptically, "ye tried for to whip me, yh, know it mond notice it, ye old me to mind where I was goin', and was onctill in other ways. Ye got $t$ was goin, and was oncivit othet ways. a liar, widout cause. Of course ye got another fight. Now, why the elivilare ye piekin' at met 1 haven't Wan harrd feelin' agin' ye, mind, but I will have no more of it. Here's twieet I've fought to pleasure ye, an 'let ye go a little hurted, to pleasure meself
Macdonald shook his head. His face was bruised and diseolored from MePike's, fats. "It iss not that I have a quarrel with yon, he said- if iss only
"Why"" demanded MePike. "Wo ye get so mueh
"un out of it then !" admittol soberly. "This I will say: I have no quarre and it is fery true that you might have beaten in
worse. I am grateful that you did not, and if win when I fight you again, by and by, I will re

MePike stared at him
"Are ye erasy, or what? ' When yefight meag'in, high to a duck, I've been fightin', and since I got grudge agn' me, ye say. Then, why, in Gol's name, w'u'd ye kil yerself agin' me fistest Take this from me, for I know. Every serap a man has, an' more iv him.
"Ye do be young an' strong, an' ye don't feel it yet. But wait ten years. Every punch ye tak now, not feelin' it mof nor a day or two, will ye, an' stiffen ye, an ; shorten yer wind will slow, an, they'll take the heart out of ye when at last ye come to stand forninst a man as good as yerself, $a_{n}$ ' younger.
"I've seen it. $I^{\prime}$ ve whipped men-good men
an' boss bullies in their day-knowin, as f hit them
that the fotec an' feet of thise they'd fompht te years back were flptin' for me, an' winain' as mail as $\overline{\text { mil }}$ own. onles fallis' timber of white witer gots me first.
 Airhtis man, and feel hendy to jo clenched Sots and stared at the snow. "You haf speken me fery and stared at the snow. "What you asy is no doubt foir, Hut if I can fight one man and beat him and
true.
kill him with my feet, that iss all I will be wanting. for I liate him.
Mel'ike whistled. "Am I that man?

## eimp.'

"said Macdonald; "he will not be in this
"God ave me from the hate of a Mcotelomas," Eit MePike plously. "Bat why do ye pick on me? What have 1 to do wid it !
"'If a man would learn to fight, he must fight," suid Maedonald grimly. "That ise why I came i this camp, for it iss full of good fighting men.

A flood of light broke on MePike. "Ye mean to shy ye plek theme quarrels an' fight me an' others Jut f'r experience-to l'arn how to handle yerself wid hard men?"

am that I have affronted and fought you whe fought for me." "Never mention it," nald Jimmy awkwardly, "I "IIN"t firt for you. Twas Bill done that. I had
 'twas a bird of a serap while it lasted. Come en, now, of Yoley will be after as.
The work hegan again. The long, plisat steel bands swished and rent as the sawyers bent their tathr ted ntent with the regalarity of machinen. The dull "liek-loek of the west hig horses ex. the wools. Teamsters swung their big harses expertly, hooked ob, and with crackigg of wous to the volleys of profanity, yanked the big logs out to the okide. There, mes with peavie and cant hook loaded them, lift ofi ticr, uporm hurebuede the river, there bore them to the rollways owaine the mater and the Spring
"drive." " ihortly after four a'elock the sun "shat cover." The gang kept at it until the light began to fail. The gang kept at
Melike and Leamy in the rear, pipes drawing sweetly, conversed earnestly.
"Ile's no matel f'r Oqeher," sald Leamy. "Ts he dead set!
MePike repliet. "We're got to do the best ev can, Bill, ${ }^{\text {I }}$ ' the honor of the eamp.' agreed. "An' then -he paused for a moment "there's his mother," he soncluded.
Leamy was "hard" man. Ilis fone and the man. His fone and the
sentiment were both at sentiment were both at
variance with his eutward appearance. He ward appearance. not have used the one or voiced the other to anyone but Jimmy MePike, who Was equally "hard." The latter nodded com plete comprehension.
But it never occurred But ither of them that Le Gfos Quebee might have a mother also.

## CHAPTER

Foley stopped short,

## al Cgetet is fraising.

"That will be it," said Macdonald. "Already "'Maybe," said MePike: "bet ye're a fool for all that. The experience ye're gettin is like most other kinds- 'twill kill ye before ye can use it. If ye had come to me sayin' ye wanted to fit yourself to fight, 't have showed ye how, widout smashin' ye to pieces. Who is the man! "That will be between him and me; but-you have spoken to me as a friend. He is the man they call Ie Gros Quebee." * ill trim him meself some day. But he's notehes above ye, lad. What'have ye got agin' him?'" Macdonald ground a gaelic curse between his teeth. "He erippled my brother for life, so that he lies a broken twisted thing, who will never walk upright more,
fear of men know the love of women or the "Your brother! '" eried MePike. Was that Mac Angus Macedonald !'!
He had heard of the fight, which had taken place as "Biting Angus," a noted fighter, had run foul of Le Gros Quebee, and had met defeat in a terrific combat. The latter had shown no merey in his hour of triumph. Macdonald had escaped death by the sarrowest of margins.
"He iss my half-brother," said the young Scotel
man; "and I will kill the man who erippled him! "From what I heard, it was a fair fight," said MePike. "Alec Bitit', Angus went into it wid bis eyes open. A hard man he was, an if he had won,
it is Kebee would not be walkin today." He paused. "By the mortal!", he cried suddenly, "that was Jou in Savigny's bar. The shape of ye has bothered me since, where I'd seen it. Why, lad, it was Bill
Leamy stopped Kebee from kicking ye to bits. Me an' him went through a windy when the. p'lice

Foley's shout proclaimed the end of thè nooning Macdonald extended his band, his face flushed
way in sheer amazement. The light which had attracted him to the unused log stable proceeded from three lanterns hanging from the dails driven into the walls. The litter of straw had been cleared Leamy and Wilks, the frozen earth.
whom Foley whom Foley had kept on, stood to one side. In the light, MePike and young Maedonald faced eael other, peering absorbedly across two pairs of ragged boxing gloves.
They wore light mocassins, and though the frost hung feathery on the log sides of the building and the roof poles gleamed white with it, they were atfipped to their underclothes.
Even th Polcy looked, Mnedonald's left glove MePike's right, which vieiousiy into the paim of MePikes ripls, which guarded his mouth. MePike's left landed lightly over Maedonald's hearts "Ye covered too late, an' r that," said MePike. jaw was open for me right, if I had been minded to shoot it crost. See now; if I had punched ye hard on the heart or in the wind, ye'd have doubled पp an' bent forward, an me right wobld have caught ye as ye came. Cover for jaw wid yer
shoulder, an' cover yer body wid fer hands: Use yer legs, for ye have speed an' lungs. Now, come Macdonald went in like a flash, hitting with both hands. MePike stood his ground, apparently enveloped by a shower of blows. Bat most of them behind the selter of his ragged mitts. (W..Go to it, boy Keep asomin' .'

A glove landed hard in his face. He broke ground, dancing away, with Macdonald following up his he stopped, planted a solid-left in Mull retreat, face, hooked the right to the lin Macdonald's again.
Ye see! I hit heavier nor what I meant, but

# The American Horse at War 

## Qualities of these Horses - -Dominant Breeds $-\ldots$ On Board $-\cdots$ After the War

From whence did the millions of harses and males, which have been neecesary to carry on this wat,
comet And what has been the manner of their comet And what has been the manner of their
coming and going to and from the United Kingdom! coming and going to and from the United Kinglomit
These are quettions that will aneurefly be anvwered These are questioss that *ill asuredly be anawered is detail when the artonishing story of the Hemount Serviee comes to be written. The object of this artiele is not to anticipate that faselasting record
of figures and exents. If is to conver an


the reader of how the problem of the nation's horse supply for the armies was solved; tto tell something of the conquest by the imported horse and mule from North America; and why it is that of all the breeds and cross-breeds of horses in the world the one from the United States and Canada has proved paramount and indubitably the best.
America's vast contribution to the world's hors America's vast contribution to the world's horse supply been a real fact, goodness knows. What known to exist-they were known in the South African whr-and that in the early days of this war-they were tapped by British Remount Commissions with astonishing speed and prodigality. There could never have been any hilf-hearted buying, or the flow to Europe would have been interrupted with disastrous consequences. And this, too, quite apart from the fact that France has bought as extensively in America as we have, in addftion to Italy's purchases! After all, spart from the great part played by motor transport-think of France's taxireab army that issued from Pari and virtually decided the battle of the Marnelthe horse and the mule were essential for the guns, the transport, the ammunition columns and all arms of mounted troops. The horse supply in all with the bewildering growth in the numbers of with the bewi the guns.
Wergay not, for obvious reasons, deal with the buying and shipping on the other side of the At sense that the organization by whieh they wer accomplished represents not the least of the wonder of this wonderful war. We will meet the horse and the mule as they arrive at a port in the United Kingdom and endeavor (o give some idea of their personalities, their characteristics, and, as impar tially as may be, examine their merits and demerits. "Light Draught") the War Horse
Let it be understood that in discussing the war horse of today the individual in question is the animal officially classed as the "Light Draught." He is the outstanding success of the war. The other conspicuous success is the mule, but he not a horse. He is just a mule-a law and char acter unto himself-and, therefore, callig from separate treatment, and to sentiar stantpoint. We in the United Kingdom have produced our breeds and classes for war purposes. The Shire horse, by size weight and physique, naturally filled the role of the heavy draught. There is no use discussing him lest feelings and susceptibilities be injured. A that, therefore, we will leave this product of Eng land. The thoroughbred, the three-quarter and half-bred thoroughbred just as naturally have played the part of the charger, and no horse ever bred in America can beat the British riding horse with thoroughbred blood in his veins. The pony bred in these islands has beén a valuable asset, and hereafter many a man will bear tribute to his charger which has been a pony and ciassed for service purposes as an officer's cob. The Hackney
horse has been utilized, but this breed also does

5ixin


not come withis the compass of the presopt article.

## Qualities of the American Horse

The poist to bear in mind is that, though America has bent us chargers, troop horses and colis, that constry must always be gratefally remembered for thes"Hght Aranght." Ifis fo the tiorse which liss come in numbers quite out of proportion to other classes. He is the horse most typleal of the millions of imports. Hardiness, placidity of temper, strength combined with activity, virility of conatitution, With what is ealled "good heart," versatility and these are charscteriatios that have impresedt them. selves for all time on all who have had to do mith him. $W$
When these horscs arrive in England, they come to as raw and roagh to a degree, unkempt, ragged
and mere caricatures of horses. We may pasa over the time they spend in the large stock-yards, say, the time they spend in the large stock-yards, say,
of IIIisois, and introtuice ourselves to them as they are first met' on the transport which has broeght them to the Figlish pert of tisembsikntion. The loss in "crossing has been reduced to a minimum, 8uch minimum loss has been made pesaible through the employment of painstaking, conseientious and intelligent individuals in charge, jodicious feeding to suit the unnatural conditions and the observance of ssnitary and hygienie conditions. The resuht in such cases have been splesaid. Take experience of the writer. A ship arrived from a port in the United States, having ocoupied about 20 days on the voyage. She had sailed with 1.270 animals, including nearly 1,000 mules and some very bad weather had been experienced. Only one animal was lost on the voyage, through a sudden seirure whleh could not be combatted. Let us, for example's sake, take note of these 1,260 animals, for they, are typieal of the war horke in the rough state, before the horse-masters of the Remount Service have "fironed" them out for their work in France.

## A Typical Bhip-load

She is a big ship and her length, exeept for the interval oceupied for her engines and boilers, is used to accommodate the live cargo. The great thing is that she has come safely through danger zones and that she is at last alongside the berth
at her destination with the welcome aliens ready at her destination with the welcome aliens ready
for immediate disembarkation. There is no time for immediate disembarkation. There is no time lost. "You can begin to unload now," says
the naval officer to the remount officer, and the
latter's mes are an board and leading off the horses and mules in less time than it takes to write this. The atip thas been about 50 days on the Journey the closing down of hatelies. Moreover, the clesning out has liad to be carried out under diffeulties whieh have grown more formidable as the veyage has lengthenst. Relew dechs the stimoptere fo heavy and unhealthy, and the fumes of the diais: fectants mingle with smmonia gases. The horses are obviously need to what they have halped to ereate and their keonness and afertness show that They hage suffered no more thas tamporary ineosvenience They seem to know that something ununual is going to happen. There is no motion of the ship; the engises have ceased to throb, and the hovements of the animals is their narrow stalle of pens seem more insistent. They know as woll as we know that they are going to emerge from
their imprisonment inte the sweet, fresh sir and


the blinding light of day. The horses know. The mules are distrustful, because it is their one thought and principle in life to be auspicious and apprehensive. They rear more trouble.
forbidding gloom of the dects-bolow air and the first of the horses come quietly below stairs the first of the horses come quietly and with marked
doeility down the slopiag "brows," or gangways, doeility down the slopiag "brows, or gangways; shake their heads and neglected manes, and quietly submit to the first requirements of their new mill. tary existence. Some are sullen and soberly matter-of-fact, seemingly devold of all excltement and emotions of any kind; some are nervous and dis traught, wildeyed and betraying fear, as if they cannot underatand the violent upheavals that have oceurred is their asually aneventful existences These latter snort lilif the ancient war horses were supposed to snort and breathe fire on the threshold Continued on Page 20

might abrival at a depot-veterimary examimation
RRAMDON COMVENTION OALL
The 1501 ansal eqnventios of The 150 s snsual convention of the
 nill he held is Arasios, Jasasy
10 and 11,1915 . Regiatration of atele ates will begis at 5 sm . on Wedses
 day. and bie Aelenate for bers of fration thereof. They will be entitlet to sil privileques of the can(estion und to vate en all questions: Ateoriate delegates may aleo be sent
who who will have sil privilezt
infroctarigg motioss and votig. infrolorisg motioss and voting. $A *$ in former years arrangenents are beisg made for a very eomplete pro-
cram. Queations of vital interest io grom. पueationtion and to the country penernily will be diemusied. Important vesolations from distriet and locsi
asociations
wilt be dealt with. No effort will be spared to make this "farmers' parliament" for 151/ an outatanding sucress. sfarh arpends iel there heing a larze sttendance of delethe provisure the fimpirsition ont the enesuragement of the eonvention. Let every branely be fully reptetented. If you have never thonght strout eoming before, come this year intryout wilt not regret it.
Arrangemests are being made witl railwave for cosvention rates for al delegntes. Fares of secredited votipig delegates will be poled. Kach dele tirket to Hrasion a standard' eertifieate. This he is requestol to present (when he registers on the first day of
lee tonventian.
Nififeste whes Hrandon- when parehasing tieket it Branlon. if travelling over more than one railway get standard certif ate from each. Wach delegate should have his eredentialg made
digned liefore leaving home
Come and make thie 1918
the hest vet.
W. R. Wood,

## THE DEMAND OF THE YEAE

 ronditions demand new thinking The thoughts of our fathers may point as the direction for our feet, may have laid for us the foundation, but it repasesent day applications and their present day consequences the prineiples which the past has established.The human mind ment net =1llow itself to be crampel and eircumscribed by materialism. The foe our Empire
fighte today should for many milleniums be the world's object lesson on the issues of the materialistie vision of
ife Our sollinera who have given life. Our solliers who have given had a vision of a time and a kingdom had a vision of a time and a kingdom in which men should not be ruled by live, a kingdom in which thie human spirit should be free to realize itgelf is the full liberty of the Sons of God. We of the Grain Growers' movement
believe in the dominance of mind and spirit over matter and forin. We are assailed as all men are assailed by the
temptation to live for the lower self and the things it may grasp. But we ing to combat that spirit. We ar our eommanity life the jideals of fair
ness and belpfulness and consideration of the common good. We believe that
the community life muat be enels as
thall give scopl for the cultivation of the things that are more excellent
the finer qualities, the nobler virtues
the best capabilities of the individual and the family in, order to have, the
fullest development of national and world life.
Hence it should be our conscious and
purposed expectation to begin early purposed expectation to begin early ert some influence, to do some work,
to hold some meetings before spring with these ends in view. If our
Empire's trial is not to be in vain we days to come to make our communit

THE GHAIS GHOWERS GEJDE

## Manitoba

## 

emocracy for which so masy have laid Aows their lives. And one of the in traments is ing local branely of the Grale dewre' Asworiatios.

## FORREAT ANNUAL MEETINO

The assual meeting of the Forrest a.D. was held in the haff at Porres
in December 13. The day was very cold bat we had a record turn-out, inbeut is of our members being pre sent. Interesting reports were sub-
mitted by the Ladies' Asxilisry, the mitted by the Ladies' Asxiliary, the
poslitors and secretary-treasarer. The paditors and secretary-treasurer. inter:
memhers generally were keenly inter members generally were keenly interlise uscion fottowed as to the beet fiserusion to atopt for 1918. Many felt that since our businese has beeome so extenxive, new methols would have to le sdopted in the financing of it. Two methools were suggested, first, the forming of a co-operative association, second, our members givisg pernomat. enal security. Hut time was timited and the discustion at this was left over antil our next meeting. Officers
1918 wrere elected as follows: President M Allas; vieepreaidest Jso. Web eter! secretary treasurer, D. ©. Me Kenrie; anilitor, II. II. Ley bourne; directors, Mesure. W. Ledingham, Alex. Anderson, A. Hogers, T. Miller, A. B.
Tamiltos and W, F: Hatehison. Hamitton and W. E. Hutehison.
Delegatee were also appointed to the Delegates were also appointed to the
ennvention in Brandon, in January. W. I. Smale, of Brandon, speke at some length on food prodaction. Ife
shomed rery elearly the seriousness of showed very elearly the seriousness of the food situation and eited many
reasons why everything shoutd be fone to increase the production of food. to iner
stuffs
Thifs brought ear meeting to a close White the year 1917 was a good one, the determination was freely expressed one. The secretary-treasurer's report follows:-"In presenting to "you our
fourth annual report of the secretaryfourth annual report of the secretary-
treasurer for the Forrest $G . Q . A$. for 1917, I take pleasure in announcing that the year just elosing has bee more complete organization is being more generally realized by the farmer as the benefits derived there more and more manifest. Our membership has increased from 119 in 1916, to 139 in 1917 . Twelve
regular meetings were held and two Epecial meetings Great credit is due the Ladies' Auxiliary for the work laccomplished by them and for their able assistance in ail sociai they have helped to create in our community. From a finaricial standpoint the year lhas been very successful. The busi thess of our branch has increased from about $\$ 13,000$ in 1916, to $\$ 31,339$ in were as follows:To, of Cars Commodity Value Seed Wheat …,... $\$ 11,384.15$
Souris Coal
1393.49

 | 2 | Hard Coal $\ldots . . .$. | $1,010.85$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 | Flour and Feed $\ldots$. | $4,232.50$ |  |
| 2 | Yence Posts | .... | 435.80 |


$\square$ Total of 40 cars …..... $* 31,099.39$ wards or $\$ 2$, 200 or $\$ 18$ to $\$ 20$ per farm er-surely a good return on a what
vestment. It goes far to show what we can aceomplish by organizing and eo
operating with each other for the neeces. sary commodities. Much stifl remains to be done if we are to attain in
least some degree the full benefits
arganimation. Little has been done to inprove ourwelves intellectualiy and necially and we hope that plans,
wethois may telay be sugzested whereby we may in the coming yett leare to elacate ouraelves more fally on the
economie and social problems affecting economie and social problems affecting
ranal lifey so as to prepare us to take nuch part in publie itife

KENZTR,
BRANDON DTET. ORAIN GROWERS
The fourth annual meeting of the Mrendow Distriet, G.E.A. was heid is
Arandon an Decrmber 5 . Owing'to Brasdow on December ${ }^{5}$, Owing to
trains from the West being eight hours late the attendance was not so good as late the attendance. However, those pres ent showed great interest in fhe dis cussions and the gengral atmosphere bf the convention was suel as augurs wel for the succes of the Grain Growers movement in the, Brandon district. In teresting reports of the year's aetivi
ties were sulmitted from the following ies were sumitted irom the foilowing Kemanay, Masson, Oak Lake, Virden, Meresford and Ferrest. John Kennedy, Winnipeg, gave a very interesting ad Ires on the work of the farmers' or ganization and "pointed out very clearly
why every farmer sliould be a miember why every farmer sliould be a miember
of the G.O.A.
Offeern were elected for the enwing year as follows: President, J. M. Allen, Forrest; viee-president, Peter MeDonald,
Virden: Seeretary-treasurer, D. G. Me Kenzie; district director, Geo. Gordon Dak Lake.
The following resolutions were passel and ordered sent in to the Central as sociation:
Moved
Moved by Mr. Dayton and Mr. Me meeting, the annual membership fee of the G.O.A. should be raised to two dollars. One dollar and twenty-five cents to go to the Central office, twenty-five
cents to the district office and fifty cents to the district office and fifty Moved by E. P. Rose and Jno. Lowes -That our Central association take ug with the government the question of West and compelling the alien labor to work at a just wage. Dist. See

Dist. See
ENZIE,

## OAK LAKE GRAIN GROWERS

## The Grain Growers of Oak Lake held

on December 15, when there was a splendld turn-out. Mr. Smale, of Brantalk on hog production, which was well received. We were also privileged to hear Miss Kelso and Mrs. Irwin, of Brandon, who eame to speak to the Home Economics Society. We then finished our business which showed we had done over $\$ 6,000$ worth of business for the year. We had a balance of 825 fax Relief. We also took up Nail lection at the close of the meeting when we got $\$ 113$, making a total of $\$ 138$ to be sent to Halifax. The following $\$ 10 ;$ R. Montributed: N. Bannister
810 ;
Has. Milne, $\$ 10 ;$ H. Walton, ${ }^{5} 5.00 ;$ R. Romberg,
$85.00 ;$ H. Wisner, $\$ 5.00 ;$ E. Young, $\$ 5.00 ; \mathrm{H}$. Wisner, $\$ 5.00 ; \mathrm{E}$. Young,
$\$ 5.00 ; \mathrm{J}$. MeDonald, $45.00 ; \mathrm{G}$. Spencer
$45.00 ; \mathrm{Jns}$ Good win

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \$ 5.00 ; \text { Jas. Goodwin, } \$ 5.00 ; \text { Walter } \\
& \text { Forest, } \$ 5.00 ; \text { J. G. Tolton, } \$ 5.00 ; \text { I } \\
& \text { Scott, } \$ 5.00 ; \text { G. Gordon, } \$ 5.00 ; \text { T. }
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Scott, } \$ 5.00 ; \text { G. Gordon, } \$ 5.00 ; \text { T. } \\
& \text { Smith, } \$ 5.00 ; \text { F. Fawkes, } \$ 5.00 ; \text { R. } \\
& \text { Lang, } \$ 5.00 ; \text { W. R Smith. } \$ 500 .
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Lang, } 85.00 ; \text { W. R. Smith, } \$ 5.00 \text {; R } \\
& \text { Bailey, } 85.00 \text {; Jno. Little, } \$ 3.00 . \text { A good }
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Bancy, } \\
& \text { many of our members had already con } \\
& \text { tributed. }
\end{aligned}
$$

GEO. GORDON

## PROVENOHER DISTRICT MEETING

jpeg on Decemifer 13. The minute read. Report of committee to inter view the department of immigration and colonization sadopted as read.

That this cosvention places itself That this cosvention glaces itaelf
on record as being of the oplalos that on record as belige of the oplage garanteed so ss to insure that farmerts rtils ing the same (at the request of los government) gooling of the markgt or to emhargoes, ets.
That \#tieress, tolephane service is a farning community is an advantag thd almost a necessity; and whicreas the Manitoba government is general sae thatem is the it resolved that this conven tion places itself on record as recom mending that the Manitola government alopt centinuons service at each of it erehanges as soon as the total sumber of subseribers reach 100, without petit that all party lines be limited io ac that all party lines be limited io ac of 10 subseribers.
Moved by Geo. Jolinston and D. Rd wards-That T. C. Buekland act a director for Provedicher on the Central boarl-carried.

Stoney of Morris was elected president; Jno. Davies of Otterburne as viee president; and T. C, Buekiand As seeretary

T, C, BTCKLAAND,

> Aecretary

> GEED GRATN
> Farmers having seed grain for sale and farmers desfrint to purchase seed grait would do well to drop a line to the Centrai office whieh ouinging buyers aet as sellers topether. We have at the moment of wrising as inquiry for a considerable quantity of seed oats and barley. Parmers in an position this need would do well to notify us corly. The development of this kind of co-operative exchange is one of the things for which we stand as a move ment and the Central office exists to render seed and he not possible. If you get it, or if you have seed to dispese of, get it, or if
write -today

## RESOLUTIONS FROM LOCALS

bent in the following resolution passel at a recent meeting of their brapchMoved and scconded by Messrs. W B. Martis and Duncan Menzies. That this association feels that one lisector is not capable of handling th listrict of Marquette properly owing o its size antd shape. Therefore be it o represent Marquette district instead AMES HALLIDAY,

Dakburn, G.G.A.
The following resolution was passed at a recent meeting of the Pierson branch held on December 15, said reso to be hrought ap at the Brandontral

We, the Grain Growers of Pierson, petition the Central committee to ask the legislature to abolish the office of weed inspector as the enforcement of the Noxious Weeds Act has been a complete failure and a large sum of money
spent annually without any benefit, and spent annually without any benefit, and
that the founcil have the power to desroy the noxiotn weeds on vacant lands

The following resolution passed at the branch held on December 22 at Portage Resolved, that we, the members of endorse the hog production scheme as culture and pledge ourselves to do all in our power to make the matter a sueILLER,

There is no place in the new democracy class seek to erect between the citizens of in 1 the wormin fni the worship of the golden calf arc

## Saskatchewan

## 

Jaikuary 2, 1918.
PATRIOTIC ACRE APPEAL The recent sppeal for the Patriotic Ave Yend hat slrendy qet With a
liearty response, quite a numbler of liearty respones, quite a number of
sulatantial contributions having been turned in to the Central office since the eircular has issued. These contri-
liutions have nanged betwees 810 asd lisutions have nanged between sto and
stone. We liave no wioh to discriminate is these esses. The widow's mite wad at least equal to the rich man's gift, to whom hosor is dee
The generoaity and patriotiom of the
farmers of Nakatelewas enshlod to build up an enormous fand, whieh is aft probiabitity, has contributed moty to the sltimate defeat of the enemy than we shall ever know, and the large number of farmers whose promises are
still outatanding lave an epportanity of striking another effective and mach We are new, atparently, rracial stage of the great struggle. The fefection of Pemels gitd ftoumanis lave normonsly increased the larden rest ing on the allied nations, and at the
came time have enormously iscrensel the danger to whieh our men are ex. posed. Thousands, of men are being iransported by the enemy to the west argently in meed - of all the help they can get in order to hold the line intact tutll the Amerfean troufs are realy t. throw their full force into the field
We often sing in thee dars.
"God save our splendid men
Send them safe home again." ad there is ne quieker or surer way to biting them sufe back to the homes
they liave left than to send them all they lave left than
the help they need.
We are assured by the misister of militin that our farmers are not to be
conscripted for military service. There conscripted for military service. There
is therefore all the more need that they should give of their substance to the recure the great victory to which we are all looking forward. We therefore commend this fund to the support of
those whose promises are still unful those Whose promises are still unful starres have changed sipee signing the forms, and who, owing to erop failure,
or in some cases to persomal enlistment in the army, caninot he expected to re
leem their forms. These eases we have no desire to press. Where, however
there is no such impediment we would urge that every form on our file tionld be redecmet. Strlie a How for

## FARMERS OFFER SERVICES

A splendid and unusual instance of
patrotivm has just been brovght to the
notice of the Central office. ind one
vhich is deserving of publieity thirough
On November 3, the folloting letter was addressed to the deputy minister of
nilitin, at Ottawa, by B, $\mathbf{P}$, Holden
if Indian IIad, Sask vir:of Indian Head, Sask., viz:-
"I write to enquire if the depart-
ment of militia would aceept the ser-
vices of about 20 or 25 men (over
military age) between 35 and 55 years
from now until Mareh 1 . We are
farmers who could do thensport
work or bush work without any
training, and* wonld be willing to our own transportation, and
ork without any remuneration, but ould want to be back in time to put
the seed in the Spring. We have
ist finished threshing and will have ust finished threshing and will have
Il our grain marketed in a few days. all our grain marketed in a few days
Most of us have boys at the front, and

Acop of this letter was sent to th
entral offiee by the military anthor
and entral office by the the the association
ties in the hope
night be able to render some assist
otic even than appesared at first aight It now appears that their intention was to offer their serviees entirely with out pay for-tranaport or other work overseas and to pay the entire coat of
their transportation is addition. Ae sure were they apparently, that the military authoritie coutd make ase of their services that they had alrady
arranged to lire lielp, to look after their arrangeel to hire help to look after their
farm stoek until sprisg. Theis sols el feet was to do what they could during jeet was to do what they could duriny
the winter months, while they wefe not engaged in prodaetion, to help to win the war, Moreover, some of these mep
have invested as mueh as sto noo in Vietory bends.
It is mach to be regretted that this the military authoritien, owing partly to the shortage of ship for overwe tranoportatian, biut Etifity to the fiat that they cannot make nae of mer un less attached to some particular unit. There is also the further fact that the anthorities employ soldiers in trans portation work who have been mounded. Their greatest need is for men is the Their gre
trenches.

CONVENTION OF DISTRIOT No, 11 held in Distriet 11, took plase it Nort Battleford on December 4 and 5 in the Lecture Hall of the publie Library. Fifty-four delegates and visitors rez istered, which was a real good attend
ance considering the very cold weathet ance considering the very cold weather for the farmers who had to drive in
and the unsuitable train service for that day on the Prince Albert branel of railway; The interest and intelli gence Alisplayed by the delegates wai above the ordinary, and there were
always more than enough speakers always more than enough speakers to
disenss the subjects dealt with from every angle so that the convention could give an intelligent vote. Very serious questions came up for consider
ation, but at times the delegates were convulsed with laughter at the wit ticisms of speakers who almost invar
iably came from the "West coast of Irelan We had with us J. B. Musselman
Central Secretary Central Secretary: I. II. MeKinney,
Superintendent of the Organiration Department; Mrs. MeNaughton, P'resi dent of the Women's Section; and Mrs.
Blades, D'rector: C. C. Davies, District Blades, Director: C. C. Davies, District
Director, oceupied the ehair in bis usual

Methods of 'Organization Arter a short opening address by th
chairman, a resolation committee of
cose Chree was elected, viz. Messrs. Black, organization was lead by P . M MeCaffery, in which he outlined a new plan for getting new members. He
suggested the election of an organi zation board in place of the old sub urganizers, ind $^{\text {nd }}$ that arrangehents be
made for a complete canvass of the dis. rict in every local, several of the alloted to them. A long discussion followed in the course of whieh some
of the sub-organizers gave their. reports and experiences. These were
D. Japp, G. Truscolt and J. H. Wesen Arading was ably led by Mr. Rackham, of Lloydminster, this afterwards being
taken up by Mr. Musselman, in which he answered a number of questions re
garding the trading of the Central Amongst other things he told of the iffe Central. Instead of having assis with Mr. Holden making some sugges
tions as to how they might render good ervice to the nation, and he rightly
characterised the offer as "one of the
ruly bright spots in the clouded hori-

This letter from the Central office The first evening session opened with
rought from Mr. Holden a reply an address by Mrs. Blades, Director in brought from Mr. Holden a reply
which showed that these splendid men
of Thdian Head are more strongly patri-
is alistriet 11 , is at present rather be lisd that of the other distriets, and a special effort is heing made to bring is up to the standard. The next addrea was loy Mra, MoNewnthen. President of the Women's, Meetion. The Ielegater always expect from Mrs. MeNanghten a good sound commons sense talk, and In the two sddresses that she delivered during the convention they were not
diappointed. Iler way of making diappointed. Iler way of making Witty remarks, makes her talks really usually hefps to drive home the point she wishes to make. Three of her out atanding remarks. were as follows! "You have helped to give womes the
franelise, help in the edurational work framelise, help in the edurational Wof
so fhat they may bue it intellimently. "'What we do for the ehildren the year
1935 will show." "What is our suael 1935 will show," "What la our asooel
atioh doing for the teen are boys and atioh doing for the teen age boys and
pirisl.. The latter loromght out a very intereating disertsaion. The next addres Was by Mr. Rayner, B.S.A., of the fion imptoved Agriesiture, on Produe tion improved through co-operative effort, in which he went through the history of the eo-operative movement
for the pant fwelve years, and the future development of the some.
Thiomas Kales of the Central Esec utive, an pld time Direeter of Distriet 11, was billed te be with ses, hut was kept away owing to illnees and at this point the following resolution was
passed: "We, the members of the s.0. passed: "We, the members of the 8.0. sembled, regret that Mr. Sales is un
ahje to be with ws through fllness, ant thit our sympathy and hope for hie speedy recovery be sent to him tonight
by wire." The secand marnisg sestlon by wire. The second morning session Was taken up with resolutions, and an interesting explanation by Mr. Masael
man of the attitude of the Canadian Council of Agrieulture regarding th fixing of the price of -wheat. The second afternoon session was opened by Mr. Werts, Seeretary of the Co-aper and Progress of the Association. this point Mr. Hall, of Cosy Noek, made the delegates acquainted with the dis treasing esse of one of eur members io this district, whose mother was attending a woman at child-birth, and had was eharged with maser ease. She honorably acquitted, but the case ha finaneially disabled our member and was thonght that something should b done: $\$ 44$ was at once contributed, and the following resolation pased: 'TThat upen every braneh in Distriet 11, to he responsible for the sum of 50 eents per member, to Central Office, to help de fray the legal expenses incurred in the
defence which resulted in the arquittal at the Supreme Court at Battleford, of Mrs. Legg, mother of one of our mem bers, and that the Central be given
power to dispense the sum so collected. (Secretaries in District 11, please ar cept this as no further intimation wil

Mr. II. H. MeKinney, Superintendent of Organization, next gave an address It," in whiel he presented some of his plans for increasing our membership, as a school of thought. Mr. MeKinney commended himself to all/the delegate by his very real sincerity and grea enthusiasm for our work. The follow
ing are some of his best thoughts: "Enthusiasm is based on knowledge "Our association oceupies a position of
practieal righteousness"; "What is the use of bur knowledge (withou power of expression"; and "The high
ideals of our association are good for Capada and Democracy." Mrs. MeNanghton gave her second address on
Medical aid for women, Home Canning Medical aid for women, Home Canning
The domestic labor problem, and Patriotic work. Mr. Musselman then then gave the closing address of the
convention, on the Farmers' National platform, and in his usual style which
needs no comment here, he outlined
sumbers of questions as foel for thought, of ques futare fisesl policy, nenaimie problem, ent tral 4emestary. De not appeal to prejotice, sugreat remadies Whes yes find fanlt with s aystem"', "The tariff allows the carryinger on of annatural indestries' fection breels iseffielency asd is costly revesse getter'', "Protection is one of peare time's wars, asd the eaver of all wars is man's desire to explelt
his fellow mes"'s "Tarifs are oet fis fellow mes"'s "Tariffs are sot trade mast come to pase of all other reforms fail.") "TThere is one thing mare important thas the wissing of the car, anit that to the wivinisy of whit we sre fighting for." "In eduratisg the manes we mast develop indirideal respensibility for collective enterprise." "Family-life is true co-operation, and mast he developed mare in publie life." "RAsestion is not re. ceived is the seloel. The brais is developed, and the foundation is laid for the practiesl ksowledpe whieh Resolution Pased
The following were ehoses as as or paninatios committeel Mesars. Daries, Weason, Jspp, Raekham, MeCaffery,
The following reanlotion was then paswed: We, the delegates of distriet 11 of the $8.0 .0 . A$. desire to place on of the North Hattleford City is plarisg of the North Hattieford City is placing
at our disposal the commodions libs. rary building and also to Mr. Rayner and Mr. Werts for their able and helpful midresses. One of the most suscest ful cosventions ever held in this dis: trict, fthen eame to in elose, with the sigking of the National Anthem. The following is a list of the resolutions: passed:

Resolved that an organiration board of six members besides the distriet secretary and the director be
elected for this distriet, to taks the place of the sub-arganizers formerly place
2. Resolved that we in district it bieing plessed with the success of the Grain Growers' Manday, are in favar of making it an annual event
3. Resolved that we in distriet 11 are of the firm 'epinion that the Canadian Couneil of Agrieulture should at once take steps to mieet the Pederal fovern ment and fix a minimum pricq for 1918 wheat.
4. Hesolved that this convention wishes to emphasize the destruction and waste brought about through mice
 twine at present on the market is not fortheoming to treat the twine and make it immune from these pests.

Resolved that this convention petition the government to amend the Goldiers' Aettlement Aet, in sueh a way that the returned soldier may seeure the grant of land in any locality he may wish to live in, providing there fo agricultural land available.

Whereas the fee of 50 cents per member is insufficient to carry on the organization and educational work of solved that the yearly memberahip fee to the eentral be increased.
?. Whereas the prineinte of en-opert. ive cold storage undertaking of the Ras katehewan Co-pperative Creameries Litd. to provide public cold atorage in various eentres in Saskatchewan for the conservation of perishable food prodncte is an important step in the right direction in the interests of producers and the people of our land as a whole. Be
it resolved that the delegates of this convention hereby endorse this eold atornge seheme, and heartily recommend the same for the consideration and support of the members of our various grain growers associations and farmers generally throughout the province. 8. Whereas the residents of Bankatchewan are being deluged with liquor price lists, which is eonsidered unde sirable, therefore, be it resolved tha the postmaster-general be asked to deny
liquor houses the, use of the mails for liquor houses the, use of the mails for we urge upon the provincial government the urgent need for the passing of such legislation as shall absolutely prohibit liquor in this province.

## Alberta

Mchenzie's Seed Catalog it is befter flon ever Amel rimpl/mite BEST SEEDS $=1+$ WUST
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 $\pm$

 free. sen
dress tod


Artificial limbs are admitted DUTY FREE. SOLDIERS and others should get the best


WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTIBERE PLBABE MENTION THB GUTDE


DIBTRIOT ABSOCLATION TORMED The following commaniration has been receivel from F. MeKenns, seting aecretary of Hanka Loali-At tis Derember 15 , there was a large sttendsene, not anly of members, but aleo
sisitors. After tryine for s sumber of years, I think I eas ot last safely say That Ilanna Leeal has made a suecese that is poing to be permanest. They
lhave got a poshfal and engaring. Tres lave got a pashfal and engaging I'res:
ident who anderstands the objeet and sims of the suvelation, and convince the farmers that is is their duty and interest to become members and begs to
to see their own brains in helping to alve the difficulties, that have heretofore confrontel farmers as a elase.
At firat it was almont impogaible get a member to say anything exeept monosyllables, now there are quite a few ready to speak and debate any subject
that comes up very ereditably. In faet if a stranger did not know them he would take them for M.P's. At the mpetings daring the summer manicipal affairs have been discussed several times, fixing food jrices, forming a co-
opentive association, and many of ber opentive association, and many of
thingt relating to good government. A distriet co-operative asociation tary to Hanss, on Derember Sols tribs: been incorporated with a capital of 420,006 , and has very wide powers. However, at firat the work will likely be confined to shipping stoek co-opera: tively and buying in earlots. We int gnd not to forget the glogan, Blucate,
Organize, Co-operate. 1917 anf enelosing remaining dues for I almost forgot to etate that a full represemtation of this local have been elected at she annual meeting to re-
present Hanmi at the Calgary annual convention.

We hear from the MeCafferty local of the U.F.W.A., which apparently infeludes the Men's loeal, that the ladies raise funds for the Red Cross and hoped raise funds ror the Red Cross and hoped
thereby to raise $\$ 50.00$. To the delight of all the members the proceeds of the sale amounted to 4915.00 . They add the remark that those journals that were, ready to affirm that the United Farmers'
and Farm Women of Alherta were laek. and Farm Women of Alberta were lack-
ing in patriotism were wide of the

The following report has come to hand from II. II. Benner, secretary of the
Vaneati. Local Union No Spencer, district organizer, probably notified you ere this, we formed a local of the U.F.A. here on December 3, and now have a membership of 12 . Following Mr . Spencer's suggestion, we made
the membership fee $\$ 2.00$, half of whieh. the membership fee $\$ 2.00$, half of whieh is to be sent to the head office. I en-
close money order for $\$ 12$. Mr. Spencer was of the opinion too, seeing we had organized so near the end of the year,
that these dues might entitle us to the privilege of sending a delegate to Calgary at the next convention.
A special meeting of the Ledue Local
U.F.A. was held in the Town Hall, at $1.30 \mathrm{p}-\mathrm{m}$. Saturday, 8th inst., for the the annual convention of the U.F.A. to be held in the First Baptist Chureh. Lindsay occupied the chair. It was decided to send 40 delegates, the secretary,
Wm . Bolton, being instrueted Wm . Bolton, being instructed to get
into communication with some of the leading members who were absent
owing to the disagrecable weather, to obtain their consent to form part of the EGG MARKETING SERVICE REPORT a receiving, candling and grading ware. house in Calgary the first week in June, 1917. During the month of June, shipments of eggs were received from the
following points in Alberta:-Nanton,

Consort, Cayley, Mackie, Iligh River, Markland. Daring the month of Jaly, hipments were received from the following additional poists:-langden, faili, Neven Persons. In August these additional points were added to the Irast and Chesile. Is Septebathy, Irast and Cheadle. In Beptember one peint was sddeds-lieapero, In Oct Mylvas Lake, Sunnyslope and Eekville A namber of other points have since asked for the privilege of stilizing the service, but no shipments of eprs haye fern recelved ewing to the eomplete falling off of prodaction.
From the beginning, the prineipal of guality payment has been strielly ad hered to. The eggs apon receipt are craded according to the Canadtan standards and returns are made to the
farmers on a hasis of two grades, mak ing the division during the greater part of the time between No. Ones and No Twos.
In nearly all eases shipping arrasgeinents at the various country poists were nade by a special egat marketing com mittee, appoifted by, one of the trongest loesk farmers' organizations Organizations of neveral kinde have taken advantage of the egg marketing
service. These include IV.F. local ervice. These include U.F.A. local tores, women's' institutes, United Farm Women's assochations, myrleatturnt societies and a few regularly formed poultry marketing associations. A total of 435 cases have been
teived and marketed, rejresenting reived and marketed, representing shipments. For these $83,849.54$ has been returned to the eountry, netting
the shippers an average of 20.5 c , per dor the shippers an average of 20.5 se , per dor. and the farmers 28.5 c , per doz. In all
eases shippers received a commission of one cent per doren or 30 gents per fully eandled and graded immediately hey arrive at the grading warehouse. They are then carefully packed in elean new light cases with new fillers and ffered to the trade for sale. All in crested produce buyers are invited to make bids. The egrs are sold to the of-the-province bnyers quote the same is that quoted by local buyers prefer ence is given the local dealers.

FARMERS NOT EXEMPTED

## N. Huseby

his local. We lana on December 1, which showed us a memberahip of 24 with which to begin the coming year, the best we have had for some years. We have all been busy preparing for next year's crop, but will now have more time for U.F.A. work, "At our last meeting the members were all in favor of lodging a complaint against the "action of the military tri-
bunal and against the conscription' of bona fide farmers. Not one farmer has een granted a total exemption in this listrict. The Medicine Hat tribunal until men in Class 2 are called out by roclamation. This means that thous next year, and as food is as necessary as men, the government should not de plete this country of skilled farmer and farm laborers. We do not believe empted, but steps should be taken so a land uncropped next

Burns Local No, 616 expects to send Hree delegates to the convention, on reman and two men. The local endorsed Loeal No. 536, fixing the price of all manufactured koods entering into the production of foodstuffs, At a dance
recently held in aid of the Y. M.C.A. recently held in aid of the Y.M.C.A.
Military Aranch, the proceeds were Military
$\$ 23.45$.

## LUMBER

Direct-save hundreds of Dollars Free House a Barn Plans Write to-day Nor-west Farmers Co-operative Lumber Co.Ltd. Vancouver


Residence at 295 Clemow Avenue, Ottawa. Bishopric Stucco Board used on all interior and exterior walls.
Hesidences of the better type, as well as those in whose construe tion cost is a first consideration, are heing built to advantage with

## STUCCO BOARD

outside walls, and for plaster on inside walls, Bishoprio Stucoe Board is net only the cheapestit is the best.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { All dampness is exeluded by } \\
& \text { the thick layer of Asphalt-Mas- }
\end{aligned}
$$ the thick layer of Asphalt-Mastic which forms its body, the Stueco or Plaster is permanently held by the dovetailed laththe material firmly together and acts as an additional heat insulator. The result is a house that is wonderfully warm, dry and comfortable - substaptial look-

ing and durable - surprisingly ing and durable - surprisingly
economical-and never in need economic

Write for sample of Bishopric stucco Board and particulars of

Bistopric Wall Board Co.
529C Bank Street Ottawa, Ont.


WATERLOO BOY GAS ENGINES

 $5 \operatorname{come}^{\text {nimen}} 130^{.75}$


成 3 Hememi

Gasoline Engine \& Supply Co. Limited-- WINNIPEC

## FREE DISTRIBUTION OF TREES By the Government of Canada

About 7,000,000 Will Go Out This Spring


ANY FARMER living in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta can procure, FREE OF CHARGE, enough seedlings and cuttings of hardy forest trees to establish a good shelter-belt around his farm buildings and garden. Over thirty-three thousand successful plantations have been established as a result of this distribution. Already over $38,000,000$ trees have been given away FREE.


Some Plese in 1914
ALL APPLICATIONS for trees to plant in 1919 must be received BEFORE March lst, 1918.
A limited number of EVERGREENS is available for delivery this spring under special conditions.
Evergreens grown in the Nursery have thriven well in all parts of the Canadian West in the past ten years, proving their suitability for prairie'planting. All Applications and Inquiries should be Addressed to
Norman M. Ross, Nursery Station, Indian Head, Sask. Write For Bulletins on Tree Planting

HYDRATED
LIME
क Saves
Time and Money


For:MORTAR CONORETE WHITE COAT (Plaster) FINISH (Plaster) PROOFINa WHITEWASHING AND OTHER sANITARY PURPOBES
-NO WASTE, Every pound is Guaranteed -READY TO USE When Water is Added PUT UP IN PAPER OR JUTE BAGS
From one to six weeks-according fo weather conditions is required to
reduce (or salack) lump lime into thethits state by miling is with water in a mortar box or mortar bed of sand. This often canses detays, or wintroduces the dangerous alternative of using partially slacked lime in the most importani
parts of construction work.

## LION BRAND" HYDRATED LIME

is a uniform product, manufactured by processes which remove impurities
and the physsal defects developed in kiln practice. Every pound and quice


For Concrete Work


For White Coat (Plaster Finish) For Brick or Stone Laying
 a smooth, plastic, easily worked putty, drated Lime is much bigher in tensol
that wil produce clean white wali, strength than thimp lime mortar be.
free frous pils, blisters, fire or chip case it contains no inert matier-in that will produce a clean white wall,
free froen piss, blisters, flire or chip
cracks. strength than tump lime mortar. be.
cause it contains no inert matter- it
is all pure lime. IN WEStERN oanada
SOLD EVERYWHERE IN WESTERN OANADA
ilterature and prices.
MANITOBA GYPSUM COMPANY, Ltd. winnipeg

## East West North South

Wherever the hum of the threshing machine is heard, there the

## Garden City Feeder

Has been doing its bit towards the success of the Allies, by eliminating the troubles of threshermen and conserving the grain of the growers.

A small machine, but a glant in usefulness and ability to lighten the-borden of the farmer, as is proved by the universal satisfaction which it gives, and the ever increasing and insistent demand by the grain growers that the machine which does their threshing must be equipped with a Carden Clty Feeder.

We thank the Farmers of Canada for the patronage bestowed upon us, and shall continue to do our utmost to give you the best posslble service and value in full for every dollar expended for our machire.

Wishing you a HAPPY AND PROSPEROUS NEW YEAR, We are respectfully yours,

## The Garden City Feeder Co., Ltd.

Regina, Sask.

BRUOE DAVIBON 00 .,

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BRANOHES:
Mant momamon, Lethbridge, Alta.
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W. 8. MUNROE 00 . Oalgery, Atte.

## One Man Alone Pulls Big Stumps

##  <br> With the Mighty <br> Kirstin

ONE-MAN Stump Puller


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## The Quick, Cheap, Easy Way to Clear Your Land



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4 Easy Ways to Pay

 A. J. KIRSTIN CANADIAN CO.,


 Tot int we What vared is Oinh artan


 itisiothotbot wion tio


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ad. trunt Wheler has too no

 a. The tha wor ver tor tha
 gratiy sprotied wien be foom it wis E.ery your Mr. Wheler hen tee
 Yhat ity haterer Ho ivtenter tetermind to tet it so thoropghly
 wheat in the first week of June on ol land that was used for summerfallow.
Heen suder theee condfitions his Hed thols whest ripesed well and threshey out as bushels to the acres

Ten Days Earlier Than Marquis
He. Wheleter, in 1917, had six sere
ot hel path and io thicing it on tho marke tor hie nme time He tolicem Ro thi that tit mill ave militionn ailar to the griio gromern of tiliant to the griaio gromeer or thit finds that it tremers on the werenge from Mor woik no to teen the deep Red Mro colot. On xeconon of ite enty irpenibg Trate the grater part of the early rout often come as eurriy se the ripen ing dute on hey racomble time $T$
 Tho tead ior remarkato for tuphiggi
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of hit bet turain sopreme, and tit Ton
the International semopatain had
wining trom four to six grains to the
of any other kind of wheat that was

## whibiel at the world, fair

$\qquad$
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$\qquad$ind gave sim somo seed for the tholowther qualififations smperioftro Margo
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quis At the etheol of Apriatione

 at Marquit sol foomed to ripen aix cape.

Bed Boly Wins In Muling Jeot
Them is almy the daver in as valy nipening "hast that tot mandof and that it will therefore receive $s$ low made and not be e commertial succeat Io order to teat the miling qualitioe of lied Bola wheit as far an pesible. The Grais Growers' Gaide secured from Mr. Wheeler sarks of his Hed Bobs, Kitelener and Marquis wheats. Yrom
these samples *eve sent to the Howard these samples were sent to the Howand
Wheat and Mour Testing Laboratory; Wheat and Mour Mespolis, Minn., which is one of Minnespolis, Mins., which is one in the best known testing laboratorice in
that milling distriet. The result of this that milling test mas that Reil Robs wheat fireved soperior to the other two, with Marquis second and Kitehener third, sll of them showisg sa good milling wheat. Kamples of the same wheats were sent to the teating laboratories of the Western Canada Flour Mills, in
Winnipeg. In this test Marquis showed Winnipeg. In this test Marquis showed
frot with Red Rols a very elose second first with Red Bebs a very elose second three grains were then'sent by The three grains were then'o George Serls,
Grain Growers' Gaide to Geor ehief grain inspector of the Dominion government at Winnipeg, together with gore milling teet record above mentioned. After examining the samples, Mr. Serls Etadel both the Red Bobs and the Marqujs as No. 1 Hard and Kitehener as No. 1 Northern. So far, therefore, as
it is lomanly posable to discover init is humanly possible to discover in
the present year. Red Bobs is an exthe present year, led Bobs is an ex-
ceptionally good milling wheat, and will eeptionally good milling wheat, and will
grade the same as Marquis and Red Fife, and in addition has all- the other superiorities mentioned ahove.
The Grain firowers' Guide has purehased Mr. Wheeler's entire crop of
Bed Bohs. wheat and is distributing it this year to farmers throughout the prairie provinces. A earefol record will be kept of the results of next year's
gtowth, as samples will be distributed growth, as samples will be distributed to every part of the three provisices.
The result of next year's experiment will establisth definitely the position of Red Bobs in comparison with Marquis and any other wheat grown on the en' Guide has arranged to have milling tests made next year of Red Bobs and Marquis wheat from every part of the
three provinces so that there can be three provinces, so that there can be
no doubt as to its future.

The Story of Kitchener Wheat
In 1916, Seager Wheeler captured the in the world at the International Soil Products Exposition held at El Paso, Texas. When the announcement was by Mr. Wheeler had been secured on his Kitchener wheat. Althangh some people had atready heard of Kitchener wheat
it was generally unknown. It was a it was generally unknown. It was
wheat originated on Mr. Whecler's own farm by himself as a selection from Marquis wheat. In 1911, Mr. Whiceler secured fiftegn pounds of Marquis wheat the experimental farm. This was the first Marquis he had grown. In looking through his plot; as usual, he spotted What seefned to be a new type of head
superior to.the rest of the. Marquis As usual, he saved these heads and grew two rows out of his special plot gave rood samples, and from these he tool nown as Kitcheneced what is now periments year by year he found that
Kitehener wheat was less affected he weather than any other on his farm is Kitchener and Red Bobs were th only wheats that stood up. From 1911
until the present time Mr. Wheeter has been selecting and growing his Kitchen finds that is comes true to type and he ertain that it is a distinct variety
$\qquad$ The Excellent Qualities of Fitchener The outstanding qualities of Kitel

January 2, 1948
head, whith the uprightiese of the liead, which is very superior to that
of Margois and practically equal to of Margois and practically equal to that of lied Hobs. Tige straw is slightly
longer than Marquis aisd the load very longer than Marquis and the head very
compart. The herry is lold firmly by ompart. The berry is held firmly by the ehaff, and there is so shelling of whattering from handling, although Mr Wheeler says it is easier to thresk thas
Waryuis. Ile also says that on acromat of the upriplit ehararter of the head the straw ties eloser together is the sheaf and there is less loses from handting thin oif any other grais. The cell silled from top to bottom, being in this particular almost as rood as
Red Rohs. The herty of the Kiteheser Red Bobs. The berry of the Kitcheser
wheat is the moat full and best rounded of any that Mr. Wheeler has ever
trown. It is slightly longer thas the grown. it is slightly longer thas the
Garguis and slightly larger, although Marquis and slightly larger, although
Mr. Wheeler is now selecting for a Mr. Wheeler is now selecting
sherter and a plamper kernel. One of thomper kernel
ane of the remarkable features about Kiteliener wheat is that juat be-
fore it is ready to cut there is a purple fore it is ready to cut there is a purple
tinge comes upon the straw, ahout twe inge comsa upon the straw, about twe
ifiches under the liead, and another hand of purple ahout owe foot ahove the cround. The effert of these pupple bands is very beautiful and is something of seen on any other wheat. Kitelienet does not ripen any earlier than Marquis oin the average, but Mr . Wheeler finds it to be a heavier yielder. In 1917 Mr . Wheeler had a seven acre field of Kit chener wheat that was one of the most beautiful felds ever grown in any
country. The sample was also magniffcountry. The sample was also magnif. Kitehener wheat in 1917, although he whibited at Peoris. The sample which he sent to Peoria was from a five Sre The date of the International show was The date of the International show was altogether too early to thresh out any altogether too early to thresh out any sheaves from the earliest matured, but they were somewhat bleached by a threshed so soon that the wheat was soft in spots. Mr. Wheeler said when he sent the exbibit down to the congress, he did not expeet a prize, as in nough. He does expect, however, next worthy of exhibiting at any exhibition. it will be selected from his 1917 erop.

Tested Out Over Marquis
Mr. Wheeler has never distributed bis Kitchener wheat on any large seale, mine its value. His crop was entirely destroyed by hail in 1913 and again it 1916. in 1916 he had only ten bushels

## STEELE BRIGGS SEED CATALOGUE

READY JANUARY, 1918 SEND YOUR NAME

Steele, Briggs Seed Co. winnipeg ": canada


THE GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE
reeling requirements. Ho offered this Wheat for anle at 830 per baskel and The Grain Grewers' Gaide purchasel the tem buakets from him at that price
in orider to make a growing test of in order to make a growing teet of The Guide ales sevared a quaptity of the very best strisis of world, 倍解 wisning Maryuis wheat grown in Weet ers Canada. With the siviee and so sistance of the secretary of the Cans
dian Seed Orowers' Asooriatios at Ot dian Seed Growers Association at on
taws The Guide thrn welected five of tawa The Guide then seleted five of the most reliable and paisstaking mem
bers of the Canadlas Aeed Growera Ampeiation to make the growing tet Amociation to make the growing ted bushels of Kitelener wheat and pounds of Marquis wheat were sent out to ach of these five growers, one if Northern Alberta, one fis Southern A1 berter, one is Central Sackatehewan. ane in Northers Manitoba and one it Central Manitobi. Waich of these growens made very carcful comparisons and and Macurate tecords of their Kitchener and Marquis seed ploto. In four out of the five cases Kiteleser outyielded the Marquis, and in every ease the
Kitehener head was superfor to that Kitchener head was superine to that
of the Marquis and the straw was oftronger. Thise of the five errowern trunger. Thres of the five grower: ahead of Marguis and expreasing them selves as preferring to grow Kitehener rather than Marquis. The other two do not care to make any comparison untll they have had another year's ex perience. Both of them, however, wish to grow Kitchener wgain next year
On the average there was no differencs On the averaze there was no difference
between the Kitelener and the Mar between the Kitehener and the Mar
quis in date of ripening. The reaslt quis in date of ripening. The resul
of the growing tests by these five growof the growing tests by these five grow
ofs would show Kitehener to be super ior to Marquis in yield and in the length lor to Marquis in yield and in the lengti
and strength of straw and the compaet. nes of its head. It is undoubtedly distinet variety of wheat and not the same as Marguis.
The Guide has purchased Mr. Wheel er's erop of Kitehener wheat and is distributing it throughout the prairie provinese in order to encourage the use of the very best seed there is available in the country
The Guide has also purchasel Mr , Wheeler's prize-winning strain of Mar quis wheat, which is being distributed along with Red Bobs and Kitehener
wheat in order to make a complete ant wheat in order to make a complete and thorough test
Tp to the present time the Cmantinn Seed Growers' Avsociation has not re wheat as distinct varioties. For that reason they are not yet registered. The asoseiation, very wisely, does not re gister any grain as a new variety until it has been given very thorough field tests. It is expected, however, and it
is altogether likely, that both of thes wheats will be registered in another year, as they are standing up true t
type and showin\$ very elearly that they are distinet varieties. Mr:'Wheeler has been growing both of them in the same eareful manner that he doen his ther registered seed, and he is the mos famous as well as the most painstakin Association. . Wheler's onth In all of Seager Wher seeker after the truth and is not car ment. He is seeking to find the very, best grains to grow in this, country he has done more to develop and im
pirove Marquis than any man in the with his Marquis wheat than any other wheat grower. The sincerity of the man
was very marked when he first dis OVered Red Bobs and Kitehener wheal
Many men would have immediatel
placed them, on the market, advertise them widely and made a 3 : Whof mone
out of them regardess of (whether th
wheat was the beat thing of wheat was the best thing for the country
or not. This has been done by an
serupulous men before, but Mr. Wheel er's conseienee would not permit even of the seed. He spent six years one of them and eight years on the work and study before the was con vinced that tre these wheats were suitable to the country
froduce true to type.

## Right Now!

Right Now is the Time to Buy Farm Machinery before Prices Go Up

Thare will be a big advance on all lines of Farm Maehinery seen. I sannot tell now how much the sdrance wiil be, but I assure you that there will be diference enough to make of woil worin your while to buy now while prices lantey each day sees lerge teprices lasta; each day sees large de-
mands on my reserve steck and every dey you delay brings you nesrer the day you delay bringe you nearer the high price that will be in os stock is oxhausted.
Figure 20 to 30 per cent. ofl present prices of machinery and that wilt be about the amount you will save If you order what you require now.
As the war goes on and prices are foreed higher and higher you will find by watehing my priees carefully, that Galloway always proteete hie eustemers by giving the mest value for the least money. Send for my big Gatalog

## The Great Galloway Line of

 Masterpiece Engines ${ }^{\text {Fithm.... }}$

Write Now For My Latest Price Book and Liberal Selling Terms-Mail the Coupon


TheWm. Galloway Co. of Canada, Ltd.
Princess and Bannalyne Sts.


## Farmers＇Financial Directory

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

ST JOHN ARD，Genersal Meneyr HV．C．VO．LODES，A．C．L．Prembent Mentig V．C BROWN
Captal Paid Up．$\$ 15,000,000$ Reserve Fund，．．$\$ 13,500,000$

## SENDING MONEY ABROAD

The safest method of sending money abroad is by a Canadian Bank of Commerce Draf．The Cost is mederate．Apply to this branch for partieulars．

## The Dominion Bank

Established 1871
Paid－Up Capital and Reserze，$\$ 13,000,000$ Total Assets 87，000，000

Farmers＇applications for loans for farming requirements and cattle purchases given special attention．Enquirjes invited． Consult the Manager of any of our Biranches
F．L．Patton Winnipeg

Canada Permanent Mortgage Corporation MONEY to LOAN

## Repayable in Equal Yearly Payments

 Over a Long Term of YearsYior more than sixty $Y$ vers this corporation has mate use of the Amoritu－

 －

QEO．F．R．HARRIS；Manager Maniteba Branch，Winnipeg，Man．
W．E．MASoN，Manager Seskatchewan Brane
REOINA，SABK．

W．T．OREIQHTON，Manager Alberta Branch
 EDMONTON，ALTA．

Cost of
Did it ever occur to you that the daily cost of $\$ 1,000$ Life，Insur－ Insurance ance from ages 25 to 35 is SIX TO SEVEN CENTS，from ages 25 to 45，SEVEN To ELEVEN CENTS，from 45 to 65 is SIX－ TEEN TO TWENTY－ONE CENTS？ Too cheap to go without，is it not ？

Wrtho tor Partieuters oviving ocevopation and yoar of birth：
The Western Empire Life Assurance Co． Head Office：7or Somerset Building

If you do not see what you want advertised in this issue，write and let us know and we will put you in touch with the makers．

ROYAZ BAME PRORPEROUB Total asoets of the Roysl Rank have
 monthe alone．This inerease in the one year is equal to the hank＇s total as－
wets tes years ago，after thirty．five years of hasinesko，Is the paat two
 ampunted to $8137,000,000$ ，Deposits
have increased over $170,000,000$
during lhave increased over $\$ 50,000,000$ during
the year and almest $\$ 100,000,000$ in the past twe years．
Commerelal loass in Cansita show ian Incraser of $\$ 16,9 m 0,000$ for the year，
largely due to thr acquisition of the largely dae to the sequisition of the Yuebee bank．
Total deposits now stand at 8 sess $0 \times 7,292$, as compared with $\ddagger 200,297,505$,
a year aso and $\$ 154,976,397$ twe yesr a year ago and $8154,976,227$ twe yearn
ago．Deposits bearing inferest are aro．Dpposits learing interest are
$8182,485,715 \mathrm{as}$ againat $\$ 140,402,190 \mathrm{a}$ year ago．
 ap，197 ofo，equal to 1 k．03 per cent．on the eapital as compared with $\$ 2,111,307$
in the previoss year．These iprofts in the previous year．These profis
added to the balanee of profit and lose added to the balance of proft and los
at the end of the previous year brought at the end of the previous year brought the tetal amount available for distri－
bution ip to to 1 son $7>9$ ．Thil amant was dstributed as followst Regular \＃as distributed 38 followsi Regular
dividende， $81,549,404$ ；transferred to of fleers＇pension fand，$\$ 100,000$ ；Written
off bank premises account，$\$ 250,000$ ； war fax on bank sote circalation， 1128 ， 357；to patriotie fund，\＄00，000；to re－
serve fund，$\$ 528,000$ ．This left a bal． serve fund，$\$ 528,000$ ．Thin left a bal－
ance of $\$ 561,264$ to le carried forward to proft and loss．

REPUDLATION OF NATIONAL DEBTS
About a year ago considerable is－ terest was oceanloned in United States and Cannda by the flotation of large at heavy discounts of Russian roubles， the latter being the standard of ex change in Rosis．Both，were con－
videred rather good＂blays＂in 1916 by sidered rather good＂hays＂in 1916 by
many and large sales were made．Sinee many and large sales were made．Sinee
then the constant internal disorder in then the constant internal disorder in
that country has had sueh a depressing that country has had such a depressing
effeet on Resoinan sceurities that they have fallen enormpusly and are now
Worth but a fraction even of what they brought last year．More recentls has come a despatel．that the Bolatleviki govermment，now in power，has decided to repudiate all the loans floated in foreign countrica．That this will aet－ ually be done searcely seems likely as it was announced after the recent
Faris Allied conference that the Allies Taris Allied conference that the Allies
were preparing to give further financial support to Russia．That they fertainly would not，do if their loans were to be entirely repudiated．It also seems un－ likely that as the present Russian Gov－ ernment has power to collect taxes that
an actual repudiation of debts in such an actual repudiation of debts in such pronounced manner will be made． In view of this threat of Rassia and also of the fact that some have advo－ as an effectual means of preventing wars it is interesting to notice some eases in whieh this has actually hap－ pened，though it was not getmerally recognized as such at the time．A great many countries have repudiated debts at some timg or other in their history． They did not do it by announeement， but generally by buying up at greatly during the wars they have carried on This has applied to domestic as well ．s foreign wars and especially to the former．

Where It Originated
The United States never redeemed the curreney issued during the revolu－
tion and after it，known as Continenta currency．Not only did the national administration fail to pay its debts but
about 1840 Illinois，Pennsylvanis， Maryland，Miehigan and Lenisiana sus， pended payment of interest suana sus－ honds．Three of these states afterwards recorts blear interest and kept their know that the word＂repudiationg，to
applied to this form applied to this form of refusing to
acknowledge a national obligation，or refusing to feel bound to pay it，is of
American origin．It was fovernor American origin．It was Covernor Me－ pudiating he sale of certain of the state issued illegally and that they were fraud in the handling of the bonds．＇
The legislature refused．to

## NORTHERN CROWN BANK

hEAD OFFICE－WINNIPEG
A Western Bank Eatablished to Meet Western Needs．

Capital（Authorized）－．．．se，000，000 Capital（Paid Up）＿－ $\mathbf{\$ 1 , 4 3 1 , 2 0 0}$ Rest and Undivided Profits $\$ 848,564$

## LOANS ON LIVESTOON

We will make liberal advances to farmers in good standine for the purchase of livestock，of to provide feed until present stock of cattle
and hors can tive flimisied and marketed．

Brenches Threughout the Weet

Write or Wire your order for
War Bonds
The ideal investment buy or sell，apply
Simpson，Mitchell \＆Ewing
Union Trust Building，Winnipeg
The Weyburn Security Bank
，
開周路Weyburn，Sask．

H．O．POWELL，Qeneral manager

GRESHAM LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY Estab， 1848 －Funds $\mathbf{s 5 0 , 0 0 0 , 0 0 0}$ AGENTS WANTED
Apply to Branch Office，Winnipeg
Choose Your Own Executor
administrater no will，an pointed by the court to wind up your estate．Do not leave this important matter to chance． You are invited fo obtain nomical management of this trust company．

CANADA TRUST COMPANY
Huron \＆Erie mortace corporation comand sumis ora mimem munioen anvor
Odfeld，Kirby and Gard Winniper SASKATCHEWAN BR
2119 Eleventh Ave．

19 Eleventh Ave．，R
alberta branch

## Money to Loan

on improved tarm oroperty

Lowest
Current Rates
Apply through our rep. resentative in your dis trict or direct to our near ent office

## Mational Urist (omypany Simitad.

323 Main Street WINNIPEG TORONTO MONTREAL EDMONTON REGINA SASKATOON

There is One Man
 It is merely prudent, then, to in-
fure while one is in perfert health. before sickness or sceident make if impesable to make prevision for
dependent ones The Great-West Lite sasurance
Cmpary issues Plicied to meet
divery neet and fircimit mren overy need and circumstance For
oder persons, the ordinary Life
Policy gives pimection at Policy Rives protection-at low cost,
for younker persons the 20 Payment For younzer persons the 20 Payment
fire poliry, where the inaurance is
paid for during the earlier and more pad for durime the earlier and more
joductive period of life, and the En-
downent policy offering dowmient policy, offering m most
prontable methot of savig money
ohere the savings are profected by Lite tnsurance-West Policles have
The Great-West The Great-West Pollicies have
earned for themselves a reputation
iecond to none. They are inexpensecond to none They are inexpen-
inv, Dithat and protatie. Perconat
fates will tie subtitied on applica-
The Great-West Life Assurance Company
$\qquad$

THERE'S MONEY FOR FARMERS

LIFE INSURANCE
5
 OUR POLICIES ARE EASY TO SELL
J. W. W. STEWART

March Life Assurance Co.
Monarch Life Assurance Co.
governer's angeetion bat it did the sext beat thing. It did not formally
rupediate the fonds but it never re: Fupediate the bonds but it sever re:
tfermet them. Mlehlonn pald \#p thr
 Ingal debta and let the doubtfal ones
of. As late as lass Minnesota refued (6. As late as 1058 Minnesota refued to bonor atate railuay bon
guaranteed by the state.

Bael a proeedare is Canada woeld be deeidedty anhealtiy, capecially in some of the provinces. Minsesota, in
the ease mentioned, finally paid at 50 the ease mentioned, finally paid at 50 ecnts on the dollar.
Ome of the warst stcles of repelts tion was that virtually forced on some
of the southorn states following the of the southarn states following the
Civil war. Many of these states folCovil war. Many of these states fol
lowing that eshausting and disastrose struggle were phundered by unserupalous Northerners who manfpulated the newly found ppwer of the megroes to plonder and eppress the senthers whites. Many sodithern states had hage obligations piled up againat them that left them deep is debt. As a resalt Oeorgia, Nerth Carolisa, Bouth Carolina, Forida, Alabama, Misalssippi and Lowisiana either sealed their debts to 5 figure which represented
valse value reeeived or refased to pay
ohligations so tainted with corrantion obligations so tainted with corruption
and injuatice : Vnder the federal and injastices: Under the federal
constitution of the United Statea constitation of the United States
individuals are not permitted to ane the individuals are not permitted to one the
state governments, and ereditors are state governments, and ereditors are therefore powerless to atympt a col-
lection in the courts. Mafy theusands lection in the courts. Many thousands
of these post hellum bonds of southern of these pest bellum bonds of conthern
states are held today by northern famstates are held today by northern fans:
ilies who hope that some day the gallant south will take it into its head to *quare south Will take it into its head to square up However, after fifty years the
chances do not look particularly bright chances do not look partieularly bright
and is the cireumatances little symand in the cireumstances the bond pathy
A Regrular Thing in Bouth Ameries Debt repudiation is very commen in south Ameriea. In $1002-3$ Venzuela re-
fused to arknowledge her obligations to Britain, Germany and Italy. These nations forthwith proceeded to blockade her ports. The If ague Tribunal afterwards ruled that these nations were entitled to preferential treatment in the settlement which Venruela had agreed to make with her ereditors. The
Inited States here stepped in with a United States here stepped in with a protest, fearing that this was the beginning of a systematic collection of European powers. position to Venruela in 1864 when France, Britain and Epaifattempted to France, Britain and Spaifattempted to tablishing a French rule in Mexico under the young and unfortunate Maximilian, whe was shot in 1867 at Queretars.
Gr
Great Britain neter rejpith the money borrowed by one of the Edwards from
a Florentine hanker. Charles II. a Florentine banker. Charles II.
ruined many prominent financiers of -his time when he confiseated their funds deposited in the royal exeleguer.
During the French Revolation the convention, and the directory issued "assignats" (paper money) to the ex-
tent of about $\$ 9,000,000,000$, which was tent of about $89,000,000,000$, which was probably twenty times the amount of
coined money in France at that time. coined money in France at that time,
The depreciation of this paper was The depreciation of this paper was
enormous. In 1796 the hondred-frane ( 720 ) assignat fell to as Now as seven cents and a pair of boots sold for 4000 ,
francs ( $\$ 800$ ). Following the Revolurrancs (hiso0). Following the Revolu-
tion this paper money was redeemed at one-thirtieth of its face value. The other twenty-nine-thirtieths actually
It seems morally certain that there will be more or less repudiation of na-
fional dehts following this war in some countries. Germany with her huge bond issues ean searcely escape it in
some measure. Whether the Russian some measure. Whether the Russian
threat holds gobd or not is hard to say. It seems likely ereditor nations will aim
to collect from Russia, if not now, then to collect from Russia, if not now, then
after the termination of this war.
 The monthly commercial letter for December of the Canadian Bank of
Commerce says that in October the Canadian Pacific railway sold 82,553 acres for $\$ 1,456,451$, as compared with
45,027 acres for $\$ 680,697$ in Oetoher 1915. For the ten months ending Oc-
tober the company sold 543,143 acres, tober the company sold 543,143 acres,
as compared with 316,796 in the cor-

## ONTON BANTR or

## Loans for Livestock

THE UNION BANK OF OANADA is prepared to make loans to good farmers on reasonable terms, to purchase cattle for feeding or breeding purposes.
It is in the best interests of farmers to increase their herds., Consult the lacal manager for particulars.

Paid-Up Capltal ....... \$ 5,000,000.00 Total Assets
$135,000,000.00$
$\qquad$
Teatiknow lintain
The Pioneer Bank of Western Canada

## PRODUCTION

Greater Efficiency-Greater Production-Greater Economy - Doing without the unnecessary things produces wealth.
We are in a positton to make ailvances to eaabte

d. A. WOODS, Western Buperintendent, WINNIPEQ

## Wheat at ${ }^{5} 2.21$ and Farm Lands

A quick return trom an tmproved highty cultivated tract of land is what is desired these days by the averare farmer, who knows that the price is rothr
to remain hifh for some vime to come, in view of the world-wide rain
 pee, whilh, at present pr

2,400 ACRES AT ONLY \$27.80 PER AORE
of which ahout 1,400 scres are cultuated, 700 seres of then being in summer-
fallow; extensire feacing, excelleat house, barns and granary, and mamincent
 Apply to
THE STANDARD TRUSTS COMPANY
346 main staket
Administrators
WINNIPEO

## Manitoba Short Term Loans

Rural Credit Societies are Helping Farmers to Plan and Manage
Want a loan to buy seed-stock your farm-break
new land-pay help, or increase production ? if ser
ask for information and Booklet. SECRETARY
MANITOBA RURAL CREDIT SOCIETIES
parliament buildinas
winmipea, man.

## DRESSED HOGS

Ship your country dressed hogs to our
nearest plant. Highest eash prices paid
for good stock
Gordon, Ironside \& Fares Co. Ltd.
Winnipeg, Moose Jaw, Saskatoon, Regina

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTIBERS PLEABE MENTION THE QUIDE

# Forty-Eighth Annual Statement or <br> <br> ${ }^{\text {THE }}$ ROYAL BANK OF CANADA <br> <br> ${ }^{\text {THE }}$ ROYAL BANK OF CANADA <br> <br> GENERAL STATEMENT, 30th NOVEMBER, 1917 

 <br> <br> GENERAL STATEMENT, 30th NOVEMBER, 1917}

LIABILITIES
TO THE PUBLIG:
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tetrat arrruied th dete of atatemen
Netes of the Hank in Circulation
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and forvirn countrics
Bille Payable
Aceeptaners under latters of Gredit

TO THK SHABEHOLDERS
Capital Stock Paid in Reserve Fund

Profle carried forward
Dividend No. 121 (at 12 per cent. per
$14,000,000.00$ $564,264.53$
annum), payable December 1,1917 \& $387,351,23$ Dividends Unclaimed
(7) $70,495,667.26$ $182,4 \times 8,715.55$

364.787 .53 $5,801,808.96$ $-, \quad . \quad$ 852,087,382.81 $28,159,351.49$
$14.5 * 2.659 .3$.

6.165 .590 .19
$6,166,596.63$
$297,494.63$
5,54e, 316.96
*307,703,795.76
$12,911,700.00$
$11,564,264.53$
394.426 .23
A. 8. HOL.F, Presidenl

## furrent coin <br> Iominion Noteg

thepeett if the Central Gold Reserves.
brposit with the Minister for the pur

Cheques of other Banks
Cheques on other Banks
Halaneses due by other Banl in Canada Halances due by other Banls in Canada itances dum ty flamks and Hanking Correspondents elsewtiere than in Gan-
ada Kecurities, not exceeding market value
 ish, Foreign and Colonial Public Securities other than Canadian, not exceeding market value Railway and othier Bonds, Debentures and stocks, not exceeding market
Call Loans in Canada, on Bonds, Debentures and Stocks tures and Stocks days) Loans, elsewhere than in
Canala

Other Current Leans and Discounts in Canada (Iess rebate of interest) Wher Gurrent Loans anala (less rebate of interest)
overdue Debts (estimated loss provided for)

Aal Fatate other than Bank Premises.
Bank Premises, at not more than cost,
less amounts writien off ........
$16,099,830.91$ $\frac{18,284,816.75}{1525}$
$34,364,275.66$
$16,000,000.00$
$645,585.00$
5.308 .203 .91
$5,308,203.91$
$15,283,364.45$
$5,283,266.45$
$229,465.41$
10.704.338.84
22.322.197.31
$21,586,545.77$
12,777,503.85
12,040,687.27
14,574,136.32
$8102,358,027.10$
$53,764,037.92$
$490,061.82$
$156,612,129.84$ $1,114,552.61$
6,371,329.36
$5,510,310.96$
$129,456.96$
$8335,574,186.52$
of Credit, as per contra going-

## 1335,574,186.52

Wr. WFPOHT TO THE SHAREHO, DERS OF THB HOYA, BANK OP CAVAD
That in our opinion the transactions of the Bamk which have co the Bank at the Chief Office at 30th November, 1917, as well as at another time That we have checked the cash and verined the securities of the Bank with the entries in the books in regard thereto. We also during the year as required by Seetion 56 of the Bank Act, and that we found they
cheeked the eash and verified the securities at the principal branch the books at the Chief Office and with the certifled returns from the Branches, ol in our opinion is properly drawn up so as to exhibit a true and correct view of the state of the Bank's affairs according to the best of our in cormation and the explanations given to us and as shown by the books of the Bank

That we have obtained all the information and explanations recuired C. ., 8. ROGER MITCHELL, C.A., Auditors, of Marwick, Mitchell, Peat \& Co



#### Abstract

responding period in 1915. Homestead entries average about one thoasand per month, the larger proportion of the omesteaders boing from thited States. The department of agriculture for $\$ 638,000$ in the last three months in placing grade cows in the hands of farmers who could not have secured that stock in any other way, Many of these people will require bulls and those now engaged in raising pure-hred eattle may feel assured of a large and inreasing market.


NORTH AND south Trade wrong He was here stedying the Farth and the Earthians He said we were and the interesting species and he had a big booklet of notes of our curious eustoms. Ife told me a story that I myst pass on. He had been lodging witis a farmer in Northern Vermont. This farmer had a big lot of potatoes, while his neighbots on all sides were shy of those jewels. So he traded some to his eastern neighbor for two pigs; some to his southern neighbor for a cow; some to All hands were happy and felt richer.

One day over the fence he swapped potatoes with his northern neighbor, Ketting a harrow in exchange. The
Kartian thought to himself, thought he: "More happiness!" And so it was until next day, when an officer from the south arrested his host, took him to a jail 30 miles south, had him indicted, convicted and sentenced to a term of two years. On the same day another officer descended from the north, arrested the other swapper, and a jury set him to serving time for three years in a jail to the north-west.
had been mystified beyond that he had been mystified beyond measure,
even after they had tried to explai why a swap on three points of the coni-
pass was commendable and beneficial pass was commendable and beneficial While toward the fourth point in eacl
case it was a crime! Then, telling him the Canadian horder the farm was on him the meaning of " protection'" and "tariffs" and "smuggling," But the more I explained, the more mystified he seemed. Finally he backed away (kéeping his eye on me), saying he had to eateh a train: When a few feet away, he bolted. I really think he thought I was crazy-Perey Flage, in
Square Deal. Square Deal.


20

## Gombault's Caustic Balsam

The Worlde Greatest and Surest Veterinary Remedy HAS IMITATORS BUT WO OOMPETITORS I

## SHFE, SPEEDY NOD POSTIVE, 

 OGOUNDR FOUNDER
 RINGEONZ
PINK somy timops LMMENES SRMTCHIS, PKRKSTE removes BUNCHES
 SPUNTS:
CAPPD HOCK,
STRANED TEIPONS
SKFE FOR AITOME TO USE

 ( NakD 10 whant merravectit.



Sole Agente for the Unlted States and Oanada.
The Lawremee-Mfliams Fo. TORONTO, ONT. OLEVELAND, OHIO.

BREEDERS' SALE OF 300 REG. HORSES
BLOOMINGTON, ILL.J.JAN. 22, 23, 24, 25, 1918
 Imported and native-bred registered Percheron, Hons and mares. Head of imported and reristered stallions and mares
so Head of the best registered mares that ever went
so hoad of the best rer.
Into an ancion rig.
so Meglatersed stallions
so Registered stallions of the very choicest breeding
50 Registered Trotters, Gride drats stallions and mares. so Head of Ponies- Imported and native-bred regis-
tered sheiland and Wetsh.
ontaloo peady january $10,1918$.
C. W. HURT, Manager

Arrowsmith, III.

## "Economy" All Cast

Iron Tank Heaters ${ }^{\text {pon Not Chis Your }}$ Sock
The most important thing


Economy Foundry Co. Limited

The American Horse at War
ob-hattle. The war horse of the 20fh
 moves first "joining up" is England. Perhapa he is toe "rseed ap," tpe weary of the wes to proteat toe muehi asd jer: hapa, slos, what we took to be a snori of ansoysnce and a dilated eye of ap
relhrnvios were really nothing mote than normal exeitement that one unplessant phase was over and that nome
What Most of Them Looked Like
But the calm and placid seweomet a in an overwhelming majority, He
arries himself bravely in spite of coiled and ankempt appearance that ougreat aincthting but the tien of brafery and the chivalry of battle Shall we who saw and handled hime ever forzet the impressions made by his
coming! He came in several size and coming! He came in several sires ased
weights - the narrow, lightish - boned weights - the narrow, Ighich, "whieh is not as heavy and imposing as the Kivy agricultural horses of the Uy Kingulom: and the "light draught Artillery and quick-moving horse trass pert. This latter is the war horse that has made history, and probably there
were 20 of him to one of any other kind. were 20 of him to one of any other kind.
Ile would not have impresed you then Ite would not have impresed you then "brow." You would, perlaps, have laughed at anything less beautirul and
inspiring, and you might have wondered inspiring, and you might have woadered tence of our buyers on the other side. He was, you see, shoeless, long-haired, tousled-maned, ragged-hipped, and he almost dragged his tail on the ground, so long and fuil and caked with dirt
was it. His neek lasd gone light and mean, his backbone stwek sp. like a through his neglected bide.

Blacks and Greys Predominated
Such was our war horse in the rough, a true and faithful representative of sentable by the fleah-weariness of irk-
some and exacting existence on board some and exacting existence on board
ship. Yet, through it all, as he stamped ship, Yet, through it ail, as he stamped on shore, he flung out a challenge to his new masters. He was willing to be horn again. Blacks and greys there were
in abundance. They were obviously the prevailing colors, and thete were also of course bays and ehestnuts, but the color scheme afforded a contrast to that Blacks and greys are by no menins the
Blaty dominant colors here. Then, after not ing the colors, you would remember
that the Percheron stallions of France are chiefly black and grey and that the war horse from the and fanada is first and foremost the progeny of the Percheron horses that were imported from France through al
the years.
them all. Take the black horse that has just stepped jauntily off the "brow" and whjeh has neighed with ing health and a vitality quite opposed to his ungentlemanly appearance. He is just under $16-\mathrm{h}$., and the first and
last impression is of his thiekness and sturdiness of physique. long to him in every respect. His head is plain and thek across the jowl; his
neek is short, cresty and thiek and it passes abruptly into straight shoulders. pacious, and, though the croup is short he is thick across the quarters because the loins are wide and inclined to be
ragged. He stands on sound, elean legs, but the legs are not fothodox as we
$\qquad$ the knee; while the feet are big. flat
and sancer-like in shape; too big, one would think, for the rest of the animal.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ at is undoubtedly a stranger-a
"Yank," as we have learned to desig. nate him. He is undoubtedly rathe
that this great utility horse of the war is sot a beanty to look at. The blaek horne is typiesal of the tess of thousasde. Ite is like the grey, the bay and the cheatant; and If they vary it is that some have developed more thas others
the agliness of their goose-ramp, and the egliness of their goose-ramph and bave, perhapa, wadded the unsightines stamp of the Percheres is the lireeding stanpls out elear and distingaished. It is there in the pewer of the quarters, the shortness snd erestisess of the neek, the clean, sound legs, the hard constitution and good temper, and the wil lingness to work.
Percherons will be introduced to England If more were required to farther Jufify this article on the Allies' splenAld war horse, it is the firme conviction, Whieh cannof be emplasiaed toe inpistestly, that the light draught of Anterican origin has come to stay, in
this country. Heaven forbid that the this country. Heaven forbid that the worldies of such another war as this. or indeed of war at all, so that the question does not necessarily arise of fatablishing big breeding depots throughout the United Kingdom at whieli the type shall be bred and reared in readiness for another day
nevertheless, safe at this stage to pro phesy that the Percheron-bred light do this country as a permanent institu to this country as a permanent institu fion and probabiy under aine England
too. Already there are in few pure-bred Percheron stallions and mares which have been. imported from Prance. They will take their place in history as the pioneers of the "light Iravght'" breed in the United Kingdom, juat as will the best and most typlea of the thousands of mares that will be brought back to us after surviving the
rigors and perils of aetive service. Clearly such mares will be reeovered and retained' so that they may perpet. and retained so that they may perpet-
uate their fine characteristics. For apart from their value as war horses, they must surely attraet the employer of the general utility horse. This horse is the real equine hero of the war and by his triumple, which must be as real in peace time as in war, he simply must take his place, and an important one too, ing
islands.
lands.
Some further light may be shed on his personality if we resume our asso we left him earlier in this article. He had then stepped ashore-a stranger indeed and an obvious alien-from the steamer which had been his stable for about three weeks. We may remind you of his dishevelled state, and a eritical on-
looker, having no knowledge of his looker, having no knowledge of his
virtues, might have been excused for promptly arriving at wholly wrong conelusions. Let it not be forgotten that fined"" on shiphoarined, eribbed, conlose condition and show signs of physieal wastage. Some, of course, will do so more than others. It is a question influenced as to degree by temperament, for the nervous animal must worry and fuss more than his phlegmatic and stoical companion. Then the feeding is not conducive to the retention of conwition, Normal feeding on hard corn and intestinal complications in the feet which is denied all chance of exercise and which must stand in a very narrow stall in an unhealthy atmosphere for three weeks. Thus it is that the diet, chiefly of bran and hay, must be low visitor is now the property of the British taxpayer and progress is commenced the moment he enters one of the re What a good thing, therefore, that he ing the American "tlight does! Trainthe least Aifficult of all the draught" is observed. Rare indeed is the animal that is a confirmed shirker and jibber surrenders in time. Vice is found in very infrequent instances, but more cruelty and misunderstanding at some time rather than of nature itself. See now that raw-boned, dishevelled before. He epped ashore only a week and a change of diet, bis feeds contest


Keeps Our FREE Horse Book In His Library


## SAVE-TD-HORSE

it sold with a singed Guarantle to cure Ringboos, Thoropin, sPaVi Or Shoulder, Knee, Anlle. very year for over 22 years, Save. The. Homes has cured thousands of stubborn and supposert? incurable cases alter all other methods failed.


 TROY CHEMICAI 30 van honm siaEET TOnonto


## FOR <br> Stocker and Feeder CATTLE

Write any of the following Consmission Agents or Dealers at
Edmonton Stock Yards EDMONTON

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## HORSES <br>   ings or all lines. Horse Department Conducts Auction Sales every Wedneeday. Private Sales every day. ATl stalis on ground foor. Four to neek. Consignments policitited. Thooe reguir- mound young draft mares and geldings, blocky general purpose farm horses and delf. ery horses will find a large stock to choose ery horses will find a large stock to choose fromoridel solticited. Walter Harland 8mith, Manager Horse Dept. Union Stock Yards of Toranto Limited keele street weet Toronte

WHEN WRITINGTTO ADVERTIBERS PLEASE
ing somethisg emore palatable and astio fyisg thas bras and hay. -The elipplag
 ruise of rage and tatters; the tangled guice of tage and tatters; the tangled mane is off and the ouflime of the eresty, strong neek stands out elear and diatinet
the fail is mo longer flowing and bejrag glel, but has bees meatly squared off for gled, but has bees meatiy equared off to spreading hoofs have bees shaped and now earry shoes. His eye is elear and heatthy int the is tatifig is qulet infl intelligent intereat in life, especially a feed times. For the "Yank"t is a rar "doer." A month hesce and the an rularities are distinetly less scate. IHe har lont the "ribty"' sppeamance ant is undoubtedly thriving an the nane toe Iavish rations authorized by government. He is being regularly exerelsed now and if his progress has not been elocked by those troabler that beset the hors when compelled to endure what are practicaily out of door stable condi. tions, he is certainly well on the road
to France. He takes his place in the gun team with a dock-like partiality for water, and every day that passes he thiekens ind museles-ap in a way that gratifies the representatives of the Re. gratines the representanives of the keelimatisation and fluent adaptability to entirely bew conditions as regarit. stabling and bls stont reslatance to aft itls of the flesh, excepting perhape certain skin troubles mare or less indigenous to the land of his erigin, are fentures of his apgrenticeship to the making of war. Ne deubt the ideal thing would be to give him plenty of time is which to acelimatize, for the reason that his improvement is protr ably more apparent than real; but in war time ideals must be ndjusted and shaped by eircumstances. That is why the Yankee wight draught is passed oot of his novitiate in this country and to reaume his interrupted journey to France.

Greys are O.K. for War
Here I am reminded again of the color question. He is, as already noted, ehiefly grey, grey roan or black,
sometimes bay, and infrequently ehest. sometimes bay, and infrequentiy chest
nut. Shattered is the notion that nut. shattered desirable for moderil war because they are toe conspieuons. This is the era of camouflage, with its deviect and weird trieks to deceive. Thus it is a faet that the grey "light draught" is dyed at the front, and therefore color does not possess that importance which attached to it before the advent of the eamouflage officer. To seg him as one of a team of guin horses is to enjoy a delightful spectacle. IIe is aetive, willing, under instant command, and he is imposing. Ask any officer of Field Artillery, and, Where the lighter kind of horses with galloping conformation are concerned, any officer of Horse Artiliery; they
will, I am sure, give him an excellent Will, I am sure, give him an excellent
"ehit." Ask them which type of horse has best withstood the rigors and exhausting exposure of active serviee in Flanders, and they will unhesitatingly declare in favor of our friend from America. The Shire horse has succumbed while the half-bred Percherons have still been resisting mud, wind, rain, gruelling hard work and pneumonia. What we should have done without them, goodness knows. And the extraordinary thing is that in the fourth year of war America can still supply them and that the quality. is as good as ever. Certainly it is just
as well that this should be so, since it is quite certain that nio European country could have maintained its armies for a three years' War except by
purchase abroad. The mystery is how purchase abroad. The mystery is how America came to have so many horses
availalle, why so many were bred for available, why so many were bred for European war, and how they were broken and utilized ofver there.

## What They Have to Stand

Apart from questions of conformation, weight and temperament, the real test of the war horse must be one of endurance, of the capacity to resist
exposure and hardship, to survive longexposure and hardship, to survive longest the trying conditions imposed by
picketing on mud and in the open bepicketing on mud and in the ophting lines. It is the
"Eastlake" SnowMelter \&Feed Cooker
Giese a gaich fire at little expanas. Warm sester for otoch during seinter months. Splandid foed coeher, seeld. Built to last-because it's an "Eartlake"

The tiop seetion er tankito fise guallity: havy grvanised invo-fursase fo

 Lat ut Andrewe anmpiot

Metallic Roofing

## Produce More Bacon

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The Provincial Department of Agriculture will receive applications from individuals or co-operative associations for the purchase of screenings for feeding purposes. Only " A " screnings available and in car lots.
Write or wire for further information and prices to

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Superintendent Seed and Weed Branch, Department of Agriculture, Edmonton, Alberta

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    Minleter of Agrioulturs Deputy Minieter of Agrioulture
        EDMONTON, ALTA.
    EDMONTON, ALTA.
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A．\＆E．PIERCE \＆CO．
FURS

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Welght 400 ibs ．This strong well made saw is a favorite with us as well as with our customers．We know of none better．It is heavier by a good deal than most asws．The frame Te bulth of good hard maple，see the size marked on，cut．The feet are well mortised and bolted from－underneath．The top of the frame is
supported by the heary connecting fron on which the boxings are fited－this supported by the heavy connecting iron on which the boxings are fited－this table－is a splendid one，it has two chains to support it instead of one as is tabie is a splendid one，it has iwo chains to support it instead of one as is low down，bringing the weight well to the bottom and leaving the top of the saw trame free to saw any length of poles desired．EATON price too saves you money，with satistaction guaranteed．Frames sold separately or with saws as below．The price of coal is orsating a demand for woed．

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## KTT．EATON CO WINNIPEG

－GUIDE
anvwered it beat is the A mericas＂＂light Aruaght．＂It is reasosable to isfer from this that while the transitios of to and evimare of Prases is an ieppouible and．the same thinz．where the Americas is concerned，is made pomitle Ay reaws of the conditions under （wileb the latter has been bred and reared on the＂runs＂of the United Atates and Canada．
whes day comes，and that noon enough， ＊hen the gun horne is ready for surver to France，and in purnuance of them We is sumembled st the great depot which is contiguous to the port of em． berkation se should now be st for the real thing Ite ls the finiblip article， the well fel，clesn and heathy horse Which has emerged from that eare worn and razeed creature that was put
anhore liere two or three momthis before． achore here two or three mom poced the
I－t as suppose that he has paeter cearching examination of the veterinary offers and met with the approval of those in asthority．They，from Ameriea phase of his long journey fom Ameneas from the time when，wearing a head noselag slung around his neek，he is waiked into the doeks．Ite is one of hundreds departing that day on the
toansyarts to France．But before being transparts to prance，But be he beme
reintroduced to ship life be comes again under the eye of vigilant veter－ inary officers，and finally is led on ences prove too mach for him and he should hesitate to the point of obatrep a breeching and a dong rope promptly hurry his relurtant feet．For at this stage in his career war will not permit 90）any drawing baek．
None Lost Between England and France He is a voyager again，tied short by the tiead to kerp him out of trouble， ayd in a elean，lime－washed stall，with Fonty for long－an average of eighteen hours，shall we say，between embarking

and disembarking at the port on 6 other side of the channel．True，it is
long enough when the waters rage and storm but not．long enough to affect the voyagers in any serious way．Perils
lurk in the sea to be sure but we shal lurk in the sea，to be sure；but we shall not be wrong if we say that not a horse bave been transported since 1914 ha been lost by drowning between England and France．A marvellous tribute，that，
to our Navy and the gallant men of the Mereantile Marine
The American＂light draught＂ him for the present．From the hase remount depots he is distributed all along the front and throughout the
lines of communications．The guns absorb them，and surplus supplies find their way among all manner of units． Allies＇mammoth organization in the prosecution of war．They are part of the vast achine whtch grinds on and every day and night．They are con－
trihuting always to the coming Vietory


## RAW FURS

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Ship all yours to us．You can depend on honest grading．top prices and prompt payment．
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Not in the History of the World
 cont on preant prices by tenaing
 Canada out of your cattue or horse CAMROSE TANNERY CO Camrose，AIta．

HIDES FURS ${ }^{\text {wool }}$


## HARNESS

 LEATHER several hundred the present time from 18 to 24 ，pounds weigh 750 a pound．Backy welgh pabout12 pounds，price 900 a pound Order avelde of this now，and be
ready to do your harness repalrs． Wheat City Tannery

## Field Crops

GROWING THE SWEEPSTAKES OATS The eats with which I mon the oneep-

n. P. mountain
of Sumptrite as thall plot as stamisel with the Canadian Sher seed wha Aswriation weal. The oatswere allowed to become dead ripe before I cut them and they were threshed out of the atook. The exhibit had no sperial care. it was taken out of a bin of about 600 brastick heavily cleaned with a fanning mill and graded and that is all the attention it Man.

## cost of arowing wheat

Last week The Gaide asked for the co-operation of readers in an endeaver produche at the approximate cost of producing a bushel of wheat in 1917 . The plan for arriving at this estimate we based on the three year rotation syatem so generally practiced through. syatem so generally practiced the west. This syatem iscludes one year summerfallow and two years' crop In order to simplify the eetimate a Of this 20 acres is dedueted for yarde and pastures, leaving 300 acres for field erope of this 300 serees 100 geres erop after summerfallow and 100 actes in second erop after summerfailow. The accompanying figure shows the division of the farm and gives a short outline
of the items to be taken into consideration.
The Guide's plan is simply to get several hundred practical farmers to estimate what the work on each of
these tliree 100 acre fields would cost in 1917. In each ease the farmer is to estimate on those operations, and those operations only, which he would have included in his method had he been farming this one-half section. The eost what he would consider a fair remunWhat he would consider a fair remun-
eration in his distriet under the conditions that prevailed in 1917. As far as the yields are concerned, these should be based on his average return per acre from first and second crop arter summer
fallow respectively. The eost of mar keting, the grade of wheat and the price per bushel at his local elevator added the items of general expense as interest on the value of the half section at seven per cent. and munieipal taxes. The estimated coist of cultivation, ete,
whinply bis persen doing the work wouls and feed. Tis horses and machinery inclode suel items as deprevistion on the outhit nor feed for the herses, as these woold be furnished and would be taken rare of is the extimated cont of each operation. Write for extended teport forms for silling out. They will be gladly farnished on request to any farier interested.
GROWING THE SWEEPSTAKES RYE This was my first thal of ne and I arew it on the recommendetion of Prof. Harrion of the agicultural collem as a ored cleanet and hay producer, wome thing that 1 need, being esperially enaned in the rearing of livestock.
The rye was meeded on a piere of well vorint breaking at the pine of 11 I Bushels Prt act in the last woek of
Ausciat Auguat. it made a naphel growth and was franed with sheep, cattle and horms al fail untal nothing seemed to be left. again and was apoin eaten down until Jone 1 when it wha hard to ere any trace of ic. Within a week after the removal of the stock, it sppesred wery atronely and made rapid apowth, comine into liead about July 7 and making a stand of $51 / 2$ feet when fully headed out. The proper time to harvest wemi to me to be a matter upon which them is a little doubt and on which prohably many mistaker are made. On cloe obecrvation of the berries, 1 found that they were quite soft although appearaneses the crop looked ripe 1 do the teried firm.
 of nearly zo .
 shell out easeonvined it should be
allowed to
alo ripen well to avoid shrink-
age. Thirohing was done
on Anguet on August
and the yield
anas to tol was 40 bushels per acre
weighing 62 His. to the buabiel.
attention
was given to the prepara Wisan on simachan tion of the time nor for show excepting that it was rum a few times through the fanning mard as is mentioned alove 1 herieve it made it a little later than it shoutd have been.
The winning of the prize sweepetakes at Peoria was quite a pleasant surprise to me and neerless to say it has only encouraged me to try again and again sith greater effort har with more varieties Man. JOHN STRACHAN.
U.S. WINTER WHEAT CROP Although the acreage of winter wheat
the Tnited States sown last fall was the largest in the history of the country, a forecast of the crop gives only $540,000,000$, bushels as the estimgted yield. The acreage is estimated at ield. The acreage is estimated al

| 100 ACRES sUMMER- |
| :--- |
| FALLOW |
| Estimate total cost or |
| cultivating through the |
| season of 1917 , including |
| early spring cultivation, |
| plowing, discing or pack- |
| ing, harrowing and any |
| other itens of cost. Esti- |
| mates to be based on a |
| fair contract price for do- |
| ing the work. |


| 100 ACRES FIRST CROP AFTER SUMMERFALLOW | 100 ACRES SECOND CROP AFTER SHMMERFALLOW |
| :---: | :---: |
| Estimate total cost for 1917, including cultivation, seed, hall insurance, cutting, stooking, threshing and marketing, and also fall work on stubble. Yield based on your avgr- | Estimate total cost for 1917, including cultivation, cutting, stooking, thresh: ing, and marketing, and also tall work on stubble. Yield based on your averare yleld in 1917 from stubble crop. |
| summerfallo | $\times \begin{gathered} 20 \text { acres } \\ \text { yards and } \\ \text { pssture } \end{gathered}$ |



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WHAT YOU CAN DO WITH A HAPPY FARMER On the belt, its 24 h.p. will run suall 24 in . cylifider grain separators with all attarhments, krain grinders, ehsiliage eutters in faet the bell on a Happy Farmer brings a power house to your door. On the draw-bar a pull of 2,000 ib. constant pull is guaranteed. Binders, discs, drils, harrows, haylosders,

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## Happy Farmer Company Limited Winnipeg, Man.

24
over a year ago. In the canpaigs to produce a billion bushels of whest sest
year to lels feel the Allies, an seresper
 verated. Mailure to rearh this amouns was dse te the siversm conditioss, welb as anfavarable weather, late harvest of ofher erope and shortage of farm help The fall was exventingly dry is many sas, Okslahoms and Texas, as well a in the north-west. The condition al The erep on Deowmber I was low, being
Tos per cent, of sormal, which coms hares with it of sorimal, which comp tios as asme date of so.3. The lowet cendition ears mas 114 on December 1 1No9 - Mo17 the erap was alout 418,000 poet sed the svern ond the averape, of the pter
yeari wis $543,000, n 00$ bushels
serease of $\mathbf{3 6} 5.5$ per cent. ' over las year, Ase largely to mure than doubling the aerespe is North Dakota. The est mated a

## BROME ORABS SEED BCAREE <br> There appears to be a great seareity carcity is not confleed fo. Western Canada but appeary to be the genera citustion all over the American Con tisent. Revently a prominent nursery Gaide that he had already sumber of large orders for brome gran eret thit tsert mot tiren able to fill. He said that practically none of the large seed firms in the United Stater are quoting brome seed in their tist He nat some brome seed salvertised in ane hrms list of prices and wrote the frim but in reply flaey stated that thoy had only two or three sacks on hand Any who have brome seed on han posiag of it at good prices this year. <br> 네N별



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Robert Magill, M.A.;Ph.D

in Re.t..: mon the revite fint isn rexters is for impronioss zinm

Mempros minef oftiase of Dr. Mavill:
 at Queen - Collome, heltast. ite Romal University of Trtiland and the Evirer nity of Jese, Germany, Moin a Maxter of Arts and toctor of Mitimphyy in it llalifas, fimt es profeaser is Prie The then ev primeipal of that colloge
 thed Dallosestie Usivensity as head of
 te me appointed the Arst Cluairman the Baran of Gimin Commimioners for
 to bereme merotary of the Winsipen Orion Verchange.
While stationed in Halifax the doter did wome inportant autaide work dition to hia profouional dotiex Commpocion to enquire into theorala Commistion to enquire iato "Reguls

 man of the Sastatrhownin Royal Com bimion to enquire into the grain eleva ho wrot appointed clairman of the Con eilhation Hoard to oettle strikes in
Port Morion coal mines disputes.

An Unknown Man

Few farmers in Manitoba and A1
berta knew Dr. Magill or anything berta knew Dr Magid or anything
about him when ho was frot appointed
 number of Satatechewn formen
throuph hia being ehairman of the Sas

 pany was formed. What a boon it has
pieen to the farmers of that province! Theen to the farmers of that province!
They are now opating over three hun
dred country eleyators and bulding dred evontry ear. I do not think there
more every yeat
is another instance in the history of the eivilized worla whero organized farm
ers in co-operative endeavor have mad. such a huge and quick success of an
undertaking of this magnitude. The Saskatehewan farmes who ap
peared before this commission found very amiable Irishman as chairman The farmers answering questions wer soon inade to feel at home. Witnesses, however, soon found out that the slim
Irishman was not as ignorant as he ap peared to make out, particularly when a witness inadvertently made a wron answer it was never accepted, but
further questioning was indulged in Thiroughout the entire investigation D friendships with the producers of Sas
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
 tion. Suatistics were kept in each of
fice, and on atempt mo been made
coordinate them. Unilike the Unite States, there was no grain laborat ors, agreat.opportunity for good work. H
Before Dr. Magill regular ingyetion of country elevators endearor to make the farmers eco th
was a fixed part of the oryanization.

The weighing departesest had been or canized under a chlef weighmaster and slaced of a better asd sownder footiag And a statistical department had been ties are peblishet regularly. A graie laboratory lisd been entablished in Wis aiper. In additios to these different matters, Dr. Magill, with the help of his colleagues, had supervised the erection
of the frot publiely owned terminal ele of the frot publicly owned terminal ele vator at the head of the lakes and ale the frat isterior terminal elevatorn at Moose Jaw, Naskatoon and Calgary
alone with the transfer elevator at Van along with the tranafer elevator at vam atter spending over five million dollars of the publice mesies for the ertation of these elevators, there was not the Hereta. Doctgr Magill was never the kind of man to be satisfied with reports an reporte only. He had to be shown, al though he was not from Missouri, il took, from all accounts, wonderful in
terest in lis work and travelled exten sively in connection therewith, approx mately 32,000 apiles per annam, and he bated travelling as only an Irishman can hate. Ife was constantly at his office in the Grain Exelange Building,
Fort William, and had his finger tipg Fort William, and had his finger tips on every department ander the board: office at $8,30 \mathrm{~F}_{\mathrm{n}} . \mathrm{m}$. and remained there threnghent the day, with the exception of that part of the year when potatoe
had to be sowed and reaped, but wh can blate an Irishman for liking pe fatoes?

## Gave General Satisfaction

When he was appointed chairman the Board of Grain Commissioners west
ern people were frankly amazed. They ern people were frankly amazed. They
doubited the ability of a mere professor a book worm, to graap and regulate the grain trade. It was new to see a teehnieal man placed in the position rather than a practical man. These expres-
cions were quite common in 1912 , but they are not today. Dr. Magill's work Commisaigners will stand for a good
ing ehairmen.
The producers found him' to be a man of preat ability, honest purpose, vision traling forestht. They found him fair in pathetic. Ife was impartial when ad judieating complaints or elaims, and
none of his rulings, to my knowledge. have ever been set aside. He was a the best of his ability to get at the an opinion thereon. Take the decision on the subject to grade and doekage tieket. Very few know how hard and long he worked on that partieular dry subject, but the report pub-
lished by the Board of Grain Commissioners, which was undoubtedly written by him, is a standard work on country
elevator legislation, rights and duties When he resigned his position as missoiners to becorve secretary of the kind people said he had left the lambs that money had influenced him and
lot of other tommy rot. Outside of th
$\qquad$
chasges and bring them on better terms with the trade, work well worthy of
him. I am told by mes bigh op is the hism. I am told by men bigh op is the ing that now exista betwees. the of gans
ised farmery and the Grain Exehanpe
ind arver hetter thas it io to-day. In was sever better thas it is to day. In Sy epo producers have sufficient faith is fifm to tirflere thist thatever he is canmected with of does is right and proper If he does not do anything else as sec retary of the Whaniper Grain Exelianke other than loring the profaceri and the trade to a better waderstacil trve bees other's duties
And thes, do you remember the May trouhle! Tiankers and grain mes were harraved torether, traseportation companles were being deloged with requests to bring the grain forward, and many mes were in daily danger of goisg down to baskruptey. Who saved the sifuation? Pome say the council of the Winnipeg Grais Exelange, some say Mr. James Stewart of the Wheet Kx
port Company, and some say Dr. Magill. port Company, and some say Dr, Magill
All three guesses sre partly right All three guesses are party right These loyal men worked daye and it was
to straightes out the tangle. It Whate a bleasing that the grain men in Winsipegt had the beneft of 'Dr. Magill's knowledre. He undoubtedly was a bis man in the, proceedingr. Ife did not sleep mach those nights, smoked his pipe a littie more thain and temper went away.
${ }^{\text {app }}$ What and temper went away vesters country if these line elerntor western country if these line elevntore graln handling machinery of this coun try would have been disorganirefthol the country itself in a worme position
than even Russia is to-day.

## As Price Fixer

Taking inte acconnt Dr. Magill's cha sely one mas is Canads to head the Roard of Grain Supervisors whem appeinted, and that man was Magill board has fixed the prices of wheat, and every fair-minded eitizen must admi that they are fair and equitable. H has also seen that the grain trade of wis country is kept in elose harmony will be no international complieations the urain trade while he remains a its head. A lot of the work that he is doing will never be known until after boped that he will write one of hi inimitable reports on the work of thi hotrd some day Anil, by the way, he it doing all this work for nothing, but ing blessed and cursed. Some men wil will say he is using his honorary posiion to further the interests of the Winnipeg Grain Fixehange, and other
more lenient and fair minded will ad mit he is doing big work.
crain there is one man in the Canadia crain trade to-day who is far from be furthering the interests of the Winni jeg Grain Exchange members-well, and see the seores of men mho ar lating away their time. They have lost orders of the Board of Grain Super asors, and bear this in mind, it takes and sign orders when they are hurting READY TO SEND SHIPPING AS
SOCIATION ORGANIGER SOCLATION ORGANIZER.
$\qquad$



## ount forms, sufficient to record ol

 Associations interested in this and eate with the department so that a-date may be selected for forwarding theshipment which will be mutually ac-

## Some Books Worth While

MHITARISM, BY LIEBKNECHT
 Xdebkeecht's "H: Militarian": Dr. Karl Ti. suthor is one of the foremont. lenders of radizal and tevislistic move. minsts is Germany. The son of a fumons site, whe was prosecuted for treass in 1s71, he has been famons for year for lis bold sttacks on the Junkern and the military caste which have phunged the world into the war now
naziag. The Reichatap tha naziag, The Reichatag has been the this and tha Kaiserdy biatiles betweet ahine he pratented aministors. Almost ahome he protested agoinat the deelara Atutrias and flerman ietried that the bitions had faemel if He ent lis prison, serviag a four vent' lict tio
for having declarel a manathethere
WWe Germans is Prumis of her thinge eardinal rights: the right to heve sldiers to pay taxes, to heep our tongues beareat is the affection of the rorkisy people for him, that he has recently been elected to the reichatag arain, sitting for Potalam, is whieh wetrite they is the Kaiser's reaidence.
The first port of the book is a reelta! of the familiar Marxian argument con. cerning war. It is the later portions, which form the balk of the book, whieh are novel and instructive. In these he review the methods and effects of militarism as he has seen it develop in Germany. It is a story in keeping with what the whole world has recently tearned regarding the astute, eoldblooded and diabolically effecient of Empire: it tells the emis the German Empire ' It tells the eunning methode an army of the people into an army againat the people. How the recruite. are frat broken into elawest sceording to age, so as to break ap the class assohow they are taken away from labor; confined in a barracks, supplied with stimulations to their ambition and vanity, lured by the awagger and finery of a military life and constantly drilled mierhanieal, with mind and soul and cotized, is all told in detail. How the solder fo mittreated, "druiget, confused, flattered, bribed, oppressed, imprisoned, polished and beaten"; how is barracks are past; how those eutside the tirmy tre ezfoled ond fmpressed into militaristic servility; how militar-
ism makes alliances with the strong ism makes alliances with the strong
interests of finance, manufacturing and interests of finance, manufacturing and
trading: and how it rules the political, rading: and how it rules the politieal,
educational and religious life of the Fimpite is nit set forth in words of convincing boldness and sineerity. No wonder the book has been suppressed government to prevent its being earfied to the outside world.

WHAT I SAW IN RUSsIA ountry in the world that holds interested gaze as does Russia, Every: one is expectantly wiphdering what will
come out of all this turmoil. All this Rystery makes this book about that Holl. Maurice Baring, is written in yery racy and ghaphic style and-arries you
forward without effort.
The first nine ehapters of an deacribe the author's experiences as a British
war correspondent in Manchuria, dur-

## ing and kives, the reader glimpses of

 acter. It is t) later chapters that giv Russis. This is plimpses of the reat Russia. This isbureaneracy
corruption by of the simple minded, peasant. These people are in many

[^0]
## and in the past we have hees content

 to habel theme "harkward li and panees. Hut if we resd a hook like this wo es. Hut if we read a book like this we thall not be so sure of that. We ohall
ititaty tave quite mivat follisis. Whet Hitely have quitte milet frettinge, What
is, for instance, reimation to the is, for fnstance, reignation to the Russian would be mare like shiftiesmess
to the Ganadian. "There is sothisg to to the Canadian. "There is sotbing to
to dons, it is fort's businese, i" is oftes be done, it is God 's business," Is often
in their lipm Then when the author on their life Then when the author
tells on of the Little flawiss (the (otheraer) that he is so lary he wy: to his wife, "Little wife, say 'woa: to my horse, t've a pain in my tonrue. that avems to we like dolag s thing
theroughly while you are at it. Whilat such apparent liatieseness does not comQeely teeif to our judproset, there are simple-heartednes, their deep and grn: sine religions apirit, their yearning for aine relirions spirit, their yearning for found somer, satififactiong in the milat of terror-- these eharacteriaties will appeal to yoa. And the entertaining lorne 'will make the book a pleasant buid informing companion.

A SON OF THE MIDDLE BORDER Who is Hamlin Garlandt. He is an
Amerieas writer-an Ameriean farm toy =hon friter-an American fariw Civil War and afterwards bertme one ef the early pioneers of the American Middle West, In his latest book, IA Fon of the Midale Rorder," Garland tells the personal experiences throsgh Which he pased from boyhood pioneer days to final soceces.
ypical Western books. (\$1.60) therefore, is not a novel but in sutoblography. It is sot the sort of thook to keep the reader awake all night in an aftempt to gulp it wholes it is rather a book to read and absorb by easy stages- to come back to now and then for re-reading. Its interest lies in the fidelity of its pieturas of pioneer farm life in Wiseonsin, Minne ota and Dakota. Some of these pictures are uacolored by any glamor of ro-mance-their realism revealing a plain, envarnished story of hardships and fo tile dreams and narrow, grinding lives. In sharp contrast with these scenes when, after deciding to leave farm life for ever, lie goes to Boaton and hays foundation for his literary life Henry George, how he met Walt Whit nan and other great lights of the time how finally he found his oppertunity Aa a writar of Western tales which conditions.
In the course of this book mention is made of the old Grangor movement and the later Farmers' Alliance. whieh would bear puoting but space limits prohibit this. For those who de sire to obtain knowlelge of the prioneer hy of the Middle Weat across the line. fill mat Border wil
on the fringe of the great By Colonel George G. Nasmith, C.M.G. (\$1.60)
Colonel Naith siaf of Totonto, went to England with the firm Canadian contingent as adviser in sani eation: later, in France, he had charge of the Canadian Mobile Laboratory always just carrouch with the firing Fine , On the Fringe of the Great deseription his honk is packe wiy usual character. He was near St. Julien at the time of the first gas attack. H saw the fomous second battle


## Do You Know the Law?

Supposing your hired man demanded extra remuneralion for services; something performed by him without request; something which was not in the contract; or in another case supposing, through temporary illness, he was not able to do the work expeeted of him would you be responsible? - In the first place, no; in the second place, yes. See Western Canada Law, page 267.

## When the Hired Man Quits

Is he entitled to wages earned whon he leaves without due notice? How about paying him for the unexpired time of his contract if you dismiss him for a good cause. If you give your servant a share of the profits does this make him your pariner? seasoh do you bave to get him another Job? When do
you have to kive him notice of dismissal in writing? When not? Does he have to give his resignation in writing? When the servant breaks his contraet what then?

For answers to these see pages 268, 267, 268, 269, 270 of Western Canada Law.

## The Aim

their time and attention to the preparation of 'this boo khas been to answer in plain language those hundreds of every day questions that every citizen should know. It has not been with the idea of replar-
 ing the lawyer altogether but rather to enable you and I to deal with the lawyer intelligently if nécessity demands a case in the courts. A oftentimes saved by knowing the law.

EVERY MAN
Who Owhs Property-Whe Is In Business_Who Does Business
Who Has Ambition To Succeed
 SEND ORDERS TO

Winnipeg Man.
mith. He analyned the gas sued by the Oermans, isvented the ras mask, de vised a system for the splply of pare nater to the troeps, and firi ether very valuable work is sanitation and by. piene. Is reegnitige of hie service. Compasios of the Moet Disting is at Order of ent Miehael and Ms. Cempl The book is foll of intormat an unusual ebararter, and it asevers. and explains many of the questions we have sil avied about, sert so how the health of the arny is maintained, et

TAE GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE:

A Man at Need Conitultrome Fies.
thas $f^{\prime}$ ' a man ye thing, ye lave on the ras to atop widiat sh, hit stright an wicked. Watel if it As' herest another thinz, He carefar of a man that ye bit him an' hit him-where it don't \%ebit Chanese is he has as goed punch left, mostly wiA the right hased. If it gels avrot to where its meant for, yo dan y know what happesel. I'
W.n fylts woo so. Nine times out w.on fights woe so, Nime times out of
ton that panch is f'r the jow, as' comes
high. I dusse why it is a man playin Is wan punch knockout slways tries 'r'r the jow-but he doen:1 Now, let's "Yerlosald brok.
 in, bitting fart and hard. Suldealy Macdonald stiffened and puarlied. Hi plowe landel on MeMkes elinin. That experienced fighter statrered back krinsed, threw off the glover and fels bis jow, "Ye rot me wid me own trick That'Il do f'r me tosight, Wilks, put
sill that
Thimelf:" little Kaglishman became a whirl wind of attark. Maedonald coold not hold him off with light hitting! be climelod, tanghing:
Foley threw the door opes and stepped ints the light. "What's goin' en here, Jimmyty he soked.!'

## The mes grinsed.

The mes grinned. I've knowed men eeeld have trimmed enld Jawn I. best day, he ever saw-give 'em proper trainin'," said MePike. Macdonali lere, is wiahful to larm how, Foley ran an experienced ey figure, nith its promise of great strength "Ulle's in rood hands, " he commented briefly, "Go ahead; I'Il walea. This time it was Leamy's turn. The gloves were disespded. They wrestled, Leamy illeatrating various holds, fou and fair, with a running fire of es
planstioss. planations.
"This boxin', is all right is ite place." he said. "A strong pumeher, We. Jimmy, can hold moat an' the strength will eloter, woon or late. Then the dirtier ye know how to fight the better. It's the strangle, an' the knee, an' the fua that wins most fights on the river. A boxer that can wraatle an' keep his feet may win; bnt a boxer that can't wrastle will be whipped, sure.. All
mind thisi
fight him dirtier." fight him dirtier
conclusively that Bill Leamy would be very mach at home in a dog fight. "If a man used triclas life them on meley.
Fix.
could lift the ax afterward!"" said coaldy. "Them is for use wheh hard pushed whem is for the when hard will kill ye if he can." MePikn having under taken the job, kept at it. By pains taken the illustration, by wise counsel, by actual fighting demonstration, they drove their points home, and gradually the raw, rangy youngster rounded into a dangerous cunning fighter.
The time eame when Jimmy MePike the best man bar none on the Bonne chere, had to extend himself to hold his own against his pupil. He no longer penalty fot every opening: each practice was a glove fight. And thus Macdonatil learned to protect himself and hit. Leamy, the past master of foul inf
fighting- the exponent of a system zet backwoods jiujitsu-several times found himaelf eanght in deadly grips.
Wilks had long since gone
Wilks had long since gone to the diseard; the game was too hard and fast for his light weight. But the twe experts, as they polished their pupil. They even fomented and abetted a row between him and one Cooley, a big man, whose reputation as a fighter was high. And when Maedonald whipped him de eisively, their Joy was manifest. "Be hivins! I believe he 'll trim the Frenehman yet," said MePikez
Kebee is is a good big man; but Kebee is a good bigger man," sain Leamy. Ife regarded his ehum whim
sieally, "D'ye know, Jimmy, if crossel me anind to wonder how it would come me anind to wonder how it would come "I've thought of it," MePike admitted.''He ean't,-yet. In a year or two to may be different. A man is a fool
to give up all he knows, Bill., They looked at each other and laughed.
"Ye held out on him then," said "Ye held out on him then," said "'II give him enough," said McPik onless he tackles me." The three became good friends and
confidants. So much so that Macdonald confided to them the source of certain letters which he received by the un certain-mails. These emanated from Miss Elsie MeLeod of Burks's Rapids. an ugly bit onwater with a little town beside it, where the drives usually boomed and sliced through. And young
Donald Mardonald was to marry Elsie MeLeod somd day


Saskatchewan
9. Whercas the food controller and seriousness of the present food situation are urring goo farmers the extrome
gravity of the situation, and ealling gravit them to suo every, efort to in trase prodostion and whereas the majority of our farmers are anable to
respond owing to shortage of lator. Re. respond owing to shortage of labor. Re
solved that the Dominion government be requested to take immediate step: to prevent exemption boards from draft: tary service and to liastitute some form by A full supply of help, thall be main tritined on the farmi, for the "rryent
work of crop production, eare being work of erop produetion, eare being plomed in non-esential oecupations.
JOHN H. WPRSON,

A LOCAL THAT WILL NOT DIE The following letter has been received from our local association at Vean, and We have nine who will hold on and hold out in spite of discouragement we shall
have locals that will not die. Now
that the women are to have $a$ hand in that the women are to have a hand in
the work they will no doubt put some
"Our local has had a poor attendance during the year and not mueh interest
been taken in the meetings. The board been taken in the meetings. The board
of directors met on November 17 , and we decided to hold a supper to be an
annual event for the purpose of a rally
and to get rennwals of membership and and to get renewals of membership and
if possible new members. The supper
was held on November 27 and was a was held on November 27 and was a
good success. We secured three new
memiturs for 1918 and we thope to retaln members for 1918 and we hope to retaitn
the old members. This association together with Venn local has a co-oper-
ative trading company in Venn and While being a decided advance upon the
old method of trading it has tendeof tomeetings at the schoolhoose. However, tors' mestings or the appointment of
committees to eare for the social and committees to care for the social and Our membership for 1917 is 21 paid-up,
ineluding three llfo members, Our including three life members. Why we should not continue as a unit
of the S.G.G.A., although some mem.
liers say because of poor turn out that we should disband. I enclose $\$ 22.00$
for the Red Cross Society and $\$ 9.00$

## membership fees.

## "The new secretary for the Thornfield

FARM TLOOKS IN WAR TIME As the poaltry situation stands teday ahoot as per ceent. of the equt sed
dressed peoltry going on the market dressed peultry gring on the market
come from the farma. It is to the farmer that we most hok for a continsance of the supply. If the farmers est down
their floels, the supply will aloo fall off Their flochs, the supply will also fall off
and a shortage will be the realt. As a matter of faet this is what has already happesed, although we may not realise which was carried over is cold storage from last seasos. The last two years has seen a gradual eutting of the furm
flocks on sercont of the sareity asil high price of feed, the shortage of laliot snd the eomparatively fow price of poltry compared to other mists, Natwithotanding these conditions, the
farmere have bees making money with farmers have bees making money with
poultry basinese figuring it on the hasia of amount and value of food fed and the Fetarns in cges and meat received for It. Cutring down the farm fochs
will lave a good effeet if it is done systematically. By this we mean to call eat the peor layers and keeping
only the best. In this way the cost of keeping the floek is reduced while ithe averaje production of the flock is
setualy fincreased.

## Should Maintain Flocks if Posefble

However, at this time we wonld urge apos the farmers the need of increasing rather thas decreasing their flocks.
Farmers ean tenerally Farmers can generally grow poultry
elieaper thas any other clase of meat cheaper than any other claws of meat on account of such a large part of the duction can be speceded up mare guirkly and more easily and with a smaller out. lay thas any other line of farm fisoduction There is ant very mach ise colved in the way of extra faloor, feed. or care for earh farmer to raise 25 to. 50 ehickens more next season. But this increase may mean a whole lot in saving the food situation. By raising 100 pounds more poultry next year 100 furnish the sinews of war overseas. Home demands will also be greater, The consuming publie - is gradually
shifting from beef and bacon eaters t shifting from beef and bacon eaters tory meats have not gone up in price the tast three years like most of the other meats and today table poultry eannot be con-
sidered as a luxury compared to them. sidered as a luxury compared to them.
The overseas demand requires bacon and beef, so home consumption of these hust necesuarly be cut down if we are Cull Out and Select
We have for a long time maintained that with the farmer it should be a question of eutting down the cosicing keeping the pouitry more than reducing
the size of the flock. However, as a war measure we would urge first a close now, killing off every single hen over flock and will eut down the coat of feed ing. The next thing we urge is the need of doing a little selection. This should be done now. Look over the flock care-
fally and any pullets or hens that are laying during the month of January shoutd be marked some way or other. of marking. Next-spring these hens or
pullets should be separated from the rest of the flock and mated with a good should only be used from these selected
$\qquad$ If any individual instruction is re-
quired in selecting good layers, the members of the staff of the Poultry Depart-
ment of ithe . Agricultural Colleges will
likely be only too glad.to help out likely be only too glad.to help out. It
is the intention of the Manltoba depart strations next fall in selecting laying
hens for farmers out of their own flock

## EARLY PULLETS BEST

 For profitahle early winter egg pro-duetion the early hatched pullet is shree
times better than the late pullet, four times better than the yearling hen and thirty times better than the aged
hen. Early pullets are best for winter hen. Early pullets are best for winter
eggs. This has been demonstrated


Tany times. The Poultry Division, Kxperimental Parm, has collected frures for several years and when the fanuary) only are falien, into consifer. tion the relative profitablenest of thr four ages is as noted above. If the six winter months were considered the conrast would tiot he so striking. for the heas and the late pullets were juat heginsing to lay when the experiment losed. However, if egre alone are to le considered we cannot afford to feed linds until towirds spring before they produre. Even if desired for lireeding It is a questinn if, with the high price of
fred. we had not hetter erly upon the red, we had not better erly upon the wll matured pullet for hatehing egre aext spring rather than feed hens that will not prodace or only at a lose. end over four years and are talen fren tend over four years and are taken from that the figures will indicate fairly vell what may be expected for these hree monthe Theme focterer now that produced eggs at a cost for feed of 18.3 produced eggs at a coet for feed of 18.3
cents per doren. The late pullets ents per doren. The late pullets
(hatehed after May 15th) prodaced at a cost of 5 ff cents. The year-otd hens produced at a coat of 78.2 cents, and for very deren egras faid by the hens in the aged elass the cost of feed was $\$ 5.73$.

Kxperimental Narm Note.

## MANITOBA BHORT COURSE 8CHOOLS

The short course sehool in Maniteba after January 1 will be held as follows: Jan. 1-12-Virden, Reston, Grand
"Jan. 15 26-Carberry, Bouris.
Jan. 29.Feb. 9-Langruth, Hartney and Rathwell.
Feb, $12.23-1$
Feb, 95 Mar.
Feb. 25-Mar. 8 -Portage la Prairie
The work includes lectures on livestoek, field erops, instruetions in gas engine work, home making, cooking,
Iressmging and millinery. Competent Iressmgking and millinery. Competent
instruidors liave bien seciled mmA WIt conduct the classes on each of these conduct the classes on each of these
dates. For livestoek the best' herds in the district will be used for practical work and in addition about three dozen $6 \times 20$ enlarged pletures of the bent types of livestock. Splendid exhibits in field husloandry work of all the graina grown in Manitoba as well as speel mens of diseased plants will be avail able. A power grain eleaner will be ineladed in the field hushandry equipment. This will be operated by one of providing a practieal application of the instruction given Farmers whe wish o do so, may bring in all their seed early start in the spring.
ious engine companies in Winnipe have very generously donated over $\$ 20$, engines, magnetos, coils, earburetors, ete. The engines include some twenty ifferent kinds and this provides a fufl line of instruction that will be of inext year. A fully equipped lighting each person and lectures and demon strations will be given on the installa farms.
Classes in dressmaking millinery cookery and home nursing are provided cookery and home nursing are provided
for women, but the course is so planned that the women will be able to tak perations as well as the lectures home economics.

## LIVE POULTRY

## WANTED


 These prices muarinteed sill fanuary
isth, fo.B. winnlifer
 ain
iet
ind
price

IMPORTANT NOTIOE
We forwerd, exprese propald, erates for
shipping to of Saskatehewin.

ROYAL PRODUCE \& TRADING CO. Winmipe

## LIVE POULTRY



Bolden Siarfruild Produet $\mathrm{Co}_{\text {o }}$. Wianipez, Man.

## Live Poultry wanteo



SPOULTRY BOOK :ation


WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTIBERE
PLEABE MENTION THE QUIDE

## The Country Homemakers

## NEW YEAR'B BELLA

 Wing oot the old, ring is the sew Ring happ bells seroses the wow The yeser in goisg, et him in the trueMing out old shapes of fool dimane: Ring out the narrowisg last of gid, Ring out the thousand wars of peace. ring in the fourant man and firee, Thing is the valia, the kiediler hand; Thing out the dakness of the land. Ming in the Corist that is to be".

## NEW YEAB RESOLUTIONS

 There never was greater seed for the making of good remolationd and for keoping them than there is atginning of 1918 . The inprecedented ginning of 1918. Thich we are living are giving us the keener vision to see how giving ed the pages of the pant have bees. What is neeesaary now is the determination to leave the spoined sheets of the past intact, yrar on whose of their failures ind.
threshold we stand.
It takes eournge and strength of purpese to do it but if we are to come purpope the tormoil worthy to be vietor, there must be a great ehange of heart. Field Marshall Air Douglas Haig sald some time ago that Great Britain wima int yet ready the war will be won Beatty says thitish Empire is on its knees When priestion. When our commander in supplication. at home, and that the war eannot b won untilywe awaken to that duty it is time we peded. Our boys are coming home in hundreds. Are they finding Canala has undergone any of the ore are by fire or are they finding that nor little going along. in our oid demands for the heeding the insintent out of sew reso making
Those boys have risked their al that "democracy should be made safe for the world. Whate has been something at homel There world or such a war wrong with the world of such a hot have been as is now raging in the foreword to Nellie MeClung's new book the author tells of a eonveration with a woman Who lived far away on the prain of war. In Mrs. MeOlung's words she says," What I am most afraid ofar, and slip back into our old ways, our peaceslip back into our old ways, our pays, and let men go on ruling the world, and war will come agnin and again. Men have done their best,-I ami not feeling hard toward them-but I know, and the thoughtful men know, that men alone cap never free the world from the gentle and sweet to aswe go on, too gentie knitting, nursing, bringing children into the world, it will surely come to pass, when we are old, perhaps, anfer, -that war will come again, and wen our grand-daughters' childgen sent off to fight and their broken hearted mothers will turn on eus ae
eusing eyes and say to us, 'You went through all of this-you knew what this thing ${ }^{*}$, why thing duty is not only to ourselves but to the generations that are to come
after. We have to develop a new public conscience. Only our personal con seience has been working Whatever else there is we must not tolerate the pospart of the duty rests with us, and our commanders say it does, then we inus accept it, and the soon wo and humble ourselves in supplicatio o our Make realize now and for siackers. that the war is not affecting this generation only but the generations for
all time to come. Let us resolve. to do our duty so far as ever we are able. Let us insure those who are to comn against et iss pray for vision to see our dufy and, seeleg it, for strangth to perform

## MATERNITY GRANT

For those in Nackatehewna who are not familiar with the terwis the follow ing letter from Dr. M. M. Seymear will prove instruetive, Tr. Reymotr mays "The following are the conditions ander whieh the maternity grant is made and the method of obtaining it:"Any expectint whother, lising in an outlying district, who be unable to obtain medieal aid at the time of her Conffnement, may make applieation to the registrar of her distriet (who is osually the secretary-treasurer of the munieipality) for the government aid
sllowed is sueh eases. The registrar allowed in such casek. The registrar above named exist, and if applieation is approved by him, a grant of $\$ 10$ is pald to the mother to sesist her in procaring, the necessaries for the event, and 815 is paid to the medical man who attends her.
"The prineipal object in view is to help secure the proper medical at-
tendance for mothers. While the sum of $\$ 15$ does not pay the dortor in fall for his services, espeeinilly if he has to

MADAME BREsBuKOVBEY
From The Outlook of November 21 we elip this enlightesing little aketeh of Madame Dreakkovaky, the grapd Mother of the laswian Hevolurio. in the Mr. Kllis intervicw with her in sume quoting her, "During the grave eabinet erisis of early August 'My friend Ker eriski anked me to come back for a little while and help, him'' as she simply put it." Agsin St. Eils says, "Really it was Kerenoki's plan to make her minister without portfolio in the new cabinet; bot plan of having minister, without portfolio wan abandoned. "No woman of modern times ha had a more dramatic eareer than Ms iame Breshkovaky. We find on our card index the titles of sixteen artiele and newif items which have appeared in The Outlook about her since ary 7, 1905 In the issue of that date the told through the pen of Ernest
Poole the story of her life. She began Poole the story of her life. She began,
is a high-bora young woman, the wife of a Rassian landowner, to teach the pessante Under the regime of the Crar this was eriminal. She was sent is a prisoner to Biberis, near the Arctic Gircle, living under the most intolerable conditions in a winter tomperature
of 45 degrers below sero. She began of 45 degrees below sero. she to teach her fellow-prisoners, agaill to teach her faylow-prisoners, tured. The resalt is deseribed in her own words in Mr. Poole's artiele:
"As a punishment for my attempt
displayed by martym and patriots throughoot history of the faet that however tyrunts and dappots may break mo kid the boly, the piriti, if it is tho right,
sing a wong of hearts grown tender. Whit the sorrow and the raing Sorrow is a grat ald melive agais.
Love ean giveLave'\% \& Hroligal old apender;And the jolliest old ledder,
Yor be never tornas amay
Anyone who comet to borrow. If they wy their stok is stender. And they'te sorely premed by sor. $0^{*}$
Yewer has been knowe to my/ Wo are short carselvee today. that has never been Love's may That has never beer bend all tollinge. Love divine all love everellingt Meclang.

## TWO BIRDS WITH ON BTONE

Who enjoys washing diahest A few o, but more do not. Those horrid pots and pans! One woman made her boys, as well as girls, willing, even anxions, rested. This is how it happened: "Why, don't you start your new book Willie "" asked mother, notieing as she dried a cup, that Willie seemed "IDon't feel like long to read anybow... aloud. How would it be if $I$ start very night t
wash up," "Yest ob yest
"Saure thing," replied willie
They always had begzed for stories, Sometimes she would find " Sowing Seeds in Dannie", by her plate, and little Mary would dance around the table singing, ". Dannie, Danniet ol oodie, gooll
The chltdren eleared the table, found extras to prolong the reading. Sometimes father became interested, and made his "ehores" suit the read ing hour: and I really believe tha Mifhael O'Halloran did him as muel good as he did Peter.

URIEL B. R.

## WHERE IS ITS VIRTUE?

see so many questions of the,
taken up on the Homemakers day taken up on the Homemakers'
page that I take courage to write you about a question that is on my mind at present. In The Guide of November and advocating a course in domestis seience for our giris. Well, I happen to know of a case here where a young gir) went last winter to the Agrienl. tural college to take a course in domestic seience. she eame back with such high notions of her own import old companions and kect beralf her from them. Now, the kept berself aloof like to see answered is, Was she made better ar worse by being sent to legef Hoping to hear someone's viewt THISTLE

## in flanders fitlds

Petmanders fields the poppies blow That mark The larks, still bravely singing. Scarce heard amid the guns below. We lived, felt desmort days ago We lived, felt dawn, saw sunset glow.
Loved and were loved, and now we li, In Flanders fields.
Take up your quarrel with the foe on from falling hands, we throw If ye break faith with us night We shall not sleep, though poppies die In Flanders fields.

five a long distance, it, at least, pay him for his attendance en the eave, and piaces. him in a position that han ay him; further, a doetor is not justi ed in refasing to go to attend a case he is aseured a fee of 815 .
only made to those who live in ruar only made to those who live in rural
distriets, where there is no doctor nearby, so as to enable the mother the time of her confinement.

## BOOKLET ON MATERNITY

 Each of the three provineial governThis health department, among other things, issues a booklet on the eare of he baby. For a mother or an expectantmother these little booklets are in valuable. They begin with the care the mother must ake of herself and continue until the baby is safely past ppeetive health department for the The Guide has also for some time now issued a booklet on Maternity. This was written by Dr. Hugh Mackay, one peg. Send a stamped addressed enve.

On foll up
Who fares for the news of town: Has that are the violets doing! Has the jonquil made her gown
-Louise Morgan Sill

I was sentenced to four years hard labor in Kara and to forty blows. neme to $\sec$ if 1 ma cell a physician live through the agony, '", Since that time she has struggled un ceasingly for Russian freedom and has many times escaped from prison and exile and been recaptured and sent back to ehains and dungeons. The nodest story which she tells of hith $\mathrm{Mr}^{2}$
periences in the interview with Mr Ellis gives only a faint impression of the terrors and sufferings of her life which she has fought her good fight. "A little more than ten years ago Madaune Breshkovsky visited the ause of Russian freedom, collected ten thousand dollars from the Amenica Friends to whom she had endeared her for Russian freedom, and on her return Russia was arrested and imprisone again. A petition signed by large influenee asking elemency for this feeble, worn, but courageous woman was denied by the Czar. Finally, in 1915, she was again exiled, this time for life, in the the age of seventy-one, half blind with cataracts on both eyes. From this living death she was released in May of this vear by the suecess of the Russian tc ulher message to America is a proof

## Left-Overs

Soturhow sflet Christmas season there Nows juat one thing to write sbout, and
that is left-overs. For days hofore that motmentus day we bake and fure and momentua day we bake and fues and
stew, and then when Chriatmas and New Year come the good thinge do not disappear an fas sood the thapht they were going to and the day after cumally finde we with a lot of leftovers on our hand - We often enjoy the left-overs as murh of mope than) the original dish.' Many of
the moat diomurnating scape may to made very pelatahle by the addition of white sauce, erivy or salad dressing. the tomet twe-wI areompaniments in preparing
left-overs. I had an Fngliah wervant onve left-overs. I had an Enalish servant owiee
who opened my eves to the powsiblities who opened my eyes to the possibilities
in soup. She could make moup with a flavor ianybody ean make soup without) out of the ocdels and ends that most of the garbage can. Any, little bit of gravy, white sace, vegetable or left over on onion or two, a bit of pot, and with and some thickening made a really defirious soup. Water in which vegriahle have been cooked eontsins much valualle mineral matter and adde flavor to soup stock. Rice water may be tarel as the hmek for s cream merp when milk is Farce. Much of the sueves of cooking thelf

Chicken or Turkey Soup
The carcase of the Christmas turkey or chicken makes fine stock for soup. Break up the carcase, put on in cod any left over carrots, peas, beans of corn and two onione, ff there are no left overs, use fresh vepetables and s
little rice or macaroni for thisluening. or a little cercal may be added.

Chicken or Turkey Salad
Portions of left over meat, cold pork, veal, turkey, or chicken mixed with a little celery and salad drowing makes a toh most people. Apples art imto cules to most people. Apples eut into cubes
may be substituted for part of the melery, and the salad absorts the dressing better when the apples are ued. If one cannot tet eclery thee arpiles and nthd a little celery salt to the dressing.

Rice and Chicken balad 2 cupe bolled rivg find dreming Line a mould with the hot boiled rice prossing it againgt the sides and leaving the contre hollow the centre with the
from the mould, fill the on from the mould,
meat and salad dreswing and merver

Jellied.Chicken Salad
Dhesolve a tablerpoonful of gelatin in a
little water and then stir into one pint little water and then stir into one pint
of clear well-acasoned stock, heated to the boiling point. When it begine to thicken stir in half a cupful of chopped
eelery. Take one cupful of cold veal or chicken breast, dice it and mix it with one cupful of seasoned cooked peas: in a layer of peas and veal or chicken, then pour over more of the jelly. Repeat until all the ingredients are used. Chill
and turn out on kettuoe; garnish with tiny pickles.

## Green Pen and Chicken Salad

Ve only the mitice mat if diticen that his outa fibin nit nd mper inen iledy garnish with ting tueumblers, pickled; garve with halad droming.

## Croquettes The darker portions of the neat may

 mosicmen $15=1=$ Grind the meat through the foodchopper and measure it, add the onion chopper and measure it, add the onion
juice and pepper. Melt the butter and add the flour and milk to make a white
sauce. When the white sauce has boiled one minute add the meat to it. Put the
fat on to heat in a deep frying pan. When fat on to heat in a deep frying pan. When sized cones. Roll' the cones in beaten
ogg and bread crumbs. Place the cones
deep hot fat. The fat in flot enough when Oube of bread will berown in 40 memoide Drain the eroquetres on trows poper and serve hot with saure or gravy. If one has
tot time to make the croquettes, shd not time to make the croquettes, sdd
potate to the meat and white saure potato to the menat and white naum $\mathrm{n} \pi$ little hot fat.
Pudding Sauces
The Chrietmas prodiline, or what is and may be served with a differont woume and may bo served with a different matoes.
For a mevtium hant sauce the foiltowing answers thie purpese very well h trem
Beat the yolk of the eze until light, time. Heat the while of the egk until diff and fold in. Alittle lemon gore and rind may le ued for flavoring.

Liquid Sance
I reveltatior

Melt the butter, and the flour and the hot water, stirring all the time, then the sugar and lemon rind and juice or vanilla and a erating of nutmeg. A tal
of esumel improves this saver.

## Cream Sance

This savee is very delicious and if the podding ie
paniment.

## $k$ evens

1-mp powdered taser
Mix milk snd gream, beat until stiff then add wiese and vanilla.

Shepherd's Pie
Mineed mest Molvel motatomatoy
Make left-aver meat of any kind into a wet hash that is not greasy Onion may be added. Put into a liaking-dish
or caseroft, cover with mashed potato abobt one inch thick, and when wanted reheat in the oven till delicately browned tomatoes between the meat and cruat is a very appetixing addition to this wholesome pie.

## ereal Muffins

 towpoon walt
to to $1 /$ eup milk
lere
Moat cooked ceresals make excellen muffins, combined with flour. flour in the above proportions in of bination with cold cooked rice
These wholesome muffins, as the hous kopper knows, make nt mgrenhle nddition o any breakfast ment.

Turkey with Potate Border
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Cold turkey } & 1 \text { eze yolk, } \\ 2 \text { cupse gravy } & 3 \text { eque math }\end{array}$
Cut turkey in piecos for serving. Reheat in gravy. Add seasomings if nece kary. Place a buttered mould on platter potato, and bruah with egg Remove potato, and bruah with egk. Remove oven to brown potatio
Chicken Pudding

## $\begin{array}{ll}2 \text { eupe left-over chicken, } & 2 \text { cupe milk } \\ \text { diemd } & 1 \text { an coin } \\ 2 \text { egs. } & 1 \text { teasporn }\end{array}$

Butter a baking-dish or casserole. Put in the chicken and pour over s mixture made of the two eques beaten, the milk corn and reasonings. Put in a pan of
hot water and bake until set in a moderate

## - Creamed Chicken

eape diosd thicken 2 tablespoons butter
2 tablespoons flour
meat 2 eape milk Salt and pepper to tante
Melt butter, add dry ingredients, and gradually. When it has boiled up pout over the meat, which should be in a fireproof dish. Cover with buttered dry

## the Emindiy Orth

THE FARMERS' BOOK SHOP AGAICULTURAL, ECONOMICS, MECHANICAL, WAR, EDUCATIONAL, LIBRARY, INSPIHATIONAL, FICTION
 FARM manacrmen


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W．J．Quinlan Wtriet Passenger Age
WINNIPEG，MAN．

424

## With Fingers ！ Corns Lift Out

Apply a few drops then lift corns or calluses off－no pain．

For a few cents you can sel a small bottle of the makic drug freezone re－
cently discovered by a Gineinnati man． cently discovered by a Cincinnati man． small bottle of freezone．Apply a few $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { drops upon a tender，ach－} \\ \text { ing corn and instantly，yes } \\ \text { immediately，all soreness } \\ \text { disappears and shorfy you }\end{array}\right.$ disappears and shorfly you
will find the corn so loose
that yout lift it out，root and
tithern that yout lift it out，root and
all，with the fingers Jod think！Not one bit of doesn＇t even irritate the
surrounding skin Hard corns，soft corns or
corns between the tors，also hardened calluses on bottom－of feet
Just seem to shrivel up and fall off
without hurting a particle．It is almost


## 

Currants and Gooseberries

orgely grown，but certainly the currants grown in many gardete are not of a sian of quality to encourane nirw leginners planted in home making the first irum whell known that there io no fruit that responds so readily to a little care and cltivation as the currant．Hut nething will give such divappointing mesults if neplected and allowed to prow amoing and sugestions will be of value is the managonent of this fruit．

Panting and Cuttirntion
Ahtiough leige eaily grown and aloo binhes should be planted in well drained rich soil，wcll prepared the year previous to planting，and given good eultivation afterwarde Keep clear of all grase and fine size and juicy quality of the froit． Start with young tworgeavold plants． Set them out in a long row for con－ venience in hore cultisation．The plants should be four feet apart in the row and sho rows be fone is spring Tise the ote horse enifivator freguently during the summer．Wout hilis make is－roud fertilizer topether with hernyard manure． The red and black currant bear the
larger portion of thrir fruit on wood of larger portion of their frut on wood of
different ages．The blark currant bears different ages．The bilark currant iears
mist of its fuit of wood of the previons year＇s growth．In consequetire it is im portant to have always a good supply of white eurrants produre their fruit on wood that is two years old and older，but the lect fruit is preelured on wood from
two to four years．Nearly all varieties of currants send up a number of young
shoots bach year．The pruning should shoots coch year．The pruming should
consint of removing all bot three or four
of these new shoots earh senason，and ot the same fime some of the old wood may be removed clo en to the ground．By
following this plan the entire luali sill following this plan the entire buah will
be renewed every few．years．It is well that four fars of the branches more any circumstances，try to grow your
purrant hulves in tree form－nature in－ furrant bushes in tree form－nature in－ prove on this system．Karly spring Renewing and Propagation

Renewing and Propagation number of good crops if well cared for but if neglected the bushes soon loose their vigor．But a currant plantation can to have new bushes coming on a year or ht years is the fimit of profitable
hearing it should then ine rooted out
after that．The unal method of propa－ gating curranta is by cuttinge which root （try tratily Sometimes quosi plants can can te made either in the opring of fall We favor making them in the spring ceason＇s growth，and it is jmportant the cutione fe tikin off in pifint t efore the Gual length，and when made the cuttiaps should be planted at once in mellow waw show aloove the kround and slope at an wive of ts diviues Thls with eneure atrones rooted planta．
plant anywhemele aer hardy and safe muich lenelited ly a good minter blanket
 varietios out of the many wr have tried hat are givink Rood satiofaction
Red varietires This is a erose between
Perfection－This Favs and White Grape，A great bearer Of large fr it of fine quality． Kaby Castle－A wril known variety， in size and qualit
North sear Originated in Minnesote， \＃hrte it is himhly petwed．A good beare of the white varictios tive have tried nothing that is any improvement on the well known White Girape．There are not country as red or white，but there is es yearly increasing demand for bashes to plant out to srow mome of this excellent fruit Dre Prolifie and Black Naples are the two best varmies in our exp To．ne Crandall is a variety of the ballat peculiar flavor，medium quality，a strong upright ervwer： chief sourees of trouble in currant grow ho－of mown the tirst mppear， of water applisel with a whink so anfo pemedy．The other pest，plant lice，eai －mulsiont apolicd spraving withast trach the under side of the leaf．
The goomelierry belongas
family as the currant，and its manamo ment is mueh the same as has been gooseberrics are not as hardly as currants and should never be planted in exposed winter protegtion．The gooseberry is a
nolisture lovig plant and delights in a deep rich mosst soil，well，mantred． cuttings is this country and layering is the usual method used for propagation． up around and through a fair sized bush until only the tips of the voung shoots are leit uñeovered．The following spring mole：thone hotld he mat up and nhanted out．All Finglish varieties are a failure with us．They are too tender and subject given us good crops．They are mentioned in order of merit：Carrie，Houghton， Mabel，Downing．Rideau，Pearl，and always be grown in bush form，and if well pruned and mannred the plantation



The Toronto－Printer and Pub－ ＂Canala has numerous controlled newspapers by big interests，by de－ We all know this，wink at it，and some－ tirmes defend it－but there－Is abroad everywhere a house－cleaning spirit and purpose．How can we have a Utppian Canada with controlled and shameless newspapers and a public that ac－ Tuiesces in a controiled press the question and there＇s only
ne answer to it．
f To MAKE THE WORLD
A BETTER PLACE TO LIVE IN．
IV OTHEA WORDS SOCIETY TO A HIGHER
THE PROORAMME OF
That＂old reliable
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liberal principles
and fundamental
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of the dictation
of politicians and
of the＂influence
of＂big interests．
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Witness
＂Stands on its own feet．＂
＂Four－square to all．＂


Whn bourall \＆Son，pubusters Coupon
Witnesw maz，Montrears

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$\qquad$
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$\qquad$

## Farm Women's Clubs

## CORREOTION OF DATEA

 The dates of the Manitoba Grain Growers' Convention wery insidvertently hanounced on this page last week an otead of on January 9,10 and 11 . Wiil all Manitoh renders pleane hear thiscorreetlos is mind. The Women's Aet. correction in mind. The Women's Beet: ion meets concurrestly with the Grain
Growers' Amselation on Janury 9,10 6rowe
and 11

## $a$

OREETANOS
Before this reachesos. you we shall have crosed the threshold of the New and a hrave heart. It holls for so mach of good. The only real evil whieth ean come to os is through our own wrong
doing. Chanacter will be teated, sacri. fices will be demmnded, bet $V$ under We are hoping that this year will see more interest taken by our women we all know that we are given the right to vote in sehool affairs, and are qualified for office as truattee through our hasband's assesment! There are districts where the only ones found at the annual mhool meeting are the trus must change all this. It is time wo woke up to the needs of the ehilildren, and got behind the teacher, either to sup.
port or push, or both. And January is the menth in which we ean show our interest to hest alvantage, as it is the time for the election of new offieers old poliey and launching forth upon Then, too, we have the privilege of
working in munieipal affairs, thanks to the legislation of last year. Who is poing to represent 5 your in your loost
mprovement distriet or munieipality improvement distriet or munieipality
What is his attitude toward munieipal hospitals 1 Is he progressivef If he is not, then elect someone who is. We have shown our interest by exercising the
franchise in provincial matters. Let us show the same interest in sehool and munieipal matters-aifairs nearer home, A 1 lo's spect
And don't forget the United Farm Women's convention January 22.25 . An attractive program has been prepared
Which will be published later. If you are not a delegate you are weleome as vantage in and you have the same adis inspiration in every session. Come to the Calgary convention and begin
the New Year right. A Happy New

LEONA R. BARRITT,

OUR RED CROSS AMBULANGE Amounte? previously acknow- $\$ 65.00$ ledged
Rutland $W . G . G . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~$
665.00
75.00 Lake Johnston W.G.G.A. ....... 10.00 Two Prince Albert Homemakers. 2.00 Mrs. F. Siver, Kennedy P.O. ... 1.00
As previbusly announced, the Saskatchewan W.S.G.G.A. is sending, as a special personal gift, a Red Cross motor
ambulance, costing 6600 , to the boys at the front The ambulance will earry our G.G.A. emblem, which we know will
strike a responsive chord in many a heart 'over there' A number of con.
tributions have come in, not stating lefinitely whether for the ambulaner jhese next Week. All contributions
should be sent to me direct, marked

## possible.

## Plche P.O.

 The Rutland W.G.G.A. secretary,Miss Purdy, writes "The iadies of the
Rutland W.G.G.A. here deeided to Rutland W.G.G.A. here decided to con
tribute the whole of the last donation bulanee fund.," Jas. MaeGregor, see.-treas., Perley Jas. MaeGregor, sec.-treas., Perley
G.G.A., Writes: "Please find enclosed
the sum of $\$ 20.50$ to he devoted to the
buying of the lied Cross ambulanes New Years gift.
our meeting December a and it was agreed that we eonfine the vost of the evening to and deviste enter tainment at which thers was tep fent ten. From the tes we raised so.70 It was then announced what it Was for and a special effort, was made to make it ten dollark. A collection was take
 Through The Guilie
"Plesse note the result of 'an extr offort ! posilhle in every local.,", M. N Mra Ida. MeNeal, seting secretary for Take Johnston W.O.O.A., writes Enelosed pleses find $\$ 10$ to be applied to fund for motor ambulance, a dona tion from the Lake Johnston W.O.G.A As we are not holding meetings on ace. tount of our president's siekness and cur seeretary's absence for the winter,
Fe are foat taking this amount from ve are just
cur treainy.

## s.a.a.A. Distriet No. 1 Meeting.

The anmual meeting Distriet No, of the 8......A. Whas held in Moose Jaw $W$. Beesley, in the chair.
Presidey, in the A. Maliarg, Secretary J. R. Masselman, and the digtriet direetor of $\mathrm{Na}, 4, \mathrm{R} . \mathrm{M}$. Johnson, member of the executive; 10 . Mo Makimes Haight, viee presilent of the Women': maight, vice president M. Morgan, distriel flirector of the women's seetion, wer present, and took a very active part in the discussions of the resolutions, and also -delivered very lielpfal addresse in the evening.
Our president, Mr. Maharg, gave us a most timely and instruetive address Vietory patriotic duty with respect to Vietory bonds, incressed propuetion. and reurned sill bers, whicatill presen enjoyed and will be productive of good
results. Mrs. Haight gave an all too results. Mrs. Haight gave an all to in the women's section in her usual comprehensive manner. We had a good attendance of our women and they were as earnest and enthusiastic as ver about the work.
Two important resolutions efming from the women brought out some enf. lightening discussion and were carried With a great deal of yatisfaction; one
was with regard to the apparent unwas with regard to the apparent unlimited supply of liquor the liquor houses are advertising and asking that
the government take it over for their ase in the manafacture of munition and prohibit the use of grain to manui facture more while the present supply government enaet eugenie laws which Will remite a entiffectory eertinente of health of both parties to the marfiage before a lieense shall be granted, rage that all physicians shall be ref quired to report venereal diseases and tubereulosis the same'as other contag. ions diseases.
O. MORGAN,
ir. Dist. No. 1, W.RGA.

## |quadel

## Enterprise

The Dunkirk W.G.G.A. has decided to urchase a piano, which will be placed

## PATRIOTIC WORK FIRST

## in December 5 , but owing to rather

two visitors were present.
and we are looking for a mueh larger
membership. We hiave 24 members at
A delegate was elected to send to
he convention in Calgary. Owing to
aising al the money possible for Red that we only send one delegate this

## We dt hope this awful struggle will be over before another year, and that we will be able to send the full number we ware be abled to send the full number we are entiled to.

Topict were abwent, no our meeting wai Croes work wiss given out and filathed Tart takem in. We kave raiant ollies for the Red Crow nis made 163 garments and artieles this year. Tea was served before the meeting adj)umed.
wili bitit the convention in Calgary will be the best ylit, y, g. JAMEs, Maple U.P.W.A. Ponokn

## digcuss hospital act

 Alix U.F.W, held a joint meeting wirt the U.FA, on November 24 to dis deputy minister of manielpalities, was prosent and gave an interesting ad trosent and gave an interesting and was pointed out that so little fo gen. Hosplnt known of the provisions of the Hoapital Aet that a campaign of eduea tion wapld be necessary before action rould to taken by the mernielpalities. A chieken sapper was served at the close, the money raised going to pay elab and delegate expenses. In Oetober a bake sale for Aelgian relief brought b2s. A shower, was also given to a mucees.We are glad to note this fraternal spirit in our elabs. A little more inrest in each other will help I. R. R.

ADVIBES CONBERVINO OF BUGAR In regard to the resolution re food fledge cards it was brought before the ast meeting, and was approved of, but our members go further and think the following should be ineluded:
Whereas the supply of sugar is lim ited and is insuffieient to meet the needs of the allies, and whereas it *ould greatly conserve the stoek of augar, to abylish its use as a luxury.
Therefore be it reatved that we petl tion the food controller to metrict pet nse of sugar in making of candies, leings and soft drinks.
Tenner, M18s N. TURNER, See.treas. Jenner, Alta.

## A HAPPY NEW YEAR

## My very dear friends (for that is

 what so many of you are to me), nin one of your provincial directors at large I made lip my mind mome time 5 the secretary of every womnn's foent, and get better aequainted with you in Shat way; but when Mr . Musselma ent mo the list I was fairly daunted a he number of names it contained, so rishing yog at in A Very Happy Ne Year." May God in Ho meppy New that during this year of 1918 peace may again come to reign over the vorld; that is our firat and most anx ous wish. But during this year would like to see a great and deeided divance in our Grain Growers' work it has been largely a min's affair up till now, and they have made a pretty zood job of it (well, considering); but this year I hope all the women mem bers will get right hold of things, and ach one of us make it a personal af fair, and push our meetings and ideals as much as they possibly ean. Many of us knew the C.W.S. at home; they would never have got where they are lied round, and bought nearly all their groceries, dry-goods, ete., at their own co-operative stores. And although it is impossible for us to do that just yet, from Central than we have been doingAnother thing; to keep progressing We must increase our metnbers; many fact, in nearly every place where the men are organized, the women are only waiting to be asked. And to every
Woman member I would like to say, sit Tight down and think of three women of your dow and think of three wome long to your local, and go right after not be able to ate all three probabily not be able to get all three of them
you will surely be able to get ong of you will surely be able to get ong of
them, and possibly two. Don't be matis.
call for day make arrangements to meeting them an your way to the next you big. and take them alang with membiar they meet those of the other and staily to keep an their interest for the frat fow metings, and they will be all right after that. Thiak what great thing it will be at our next con.
vention to see one and the ofter of you getting op all over the hall and saying, "We have more than doubled our members these last aix weeks," and Hould be so very esaily done
Hoping to sef you all there, and agail
wisting you of Very Hapry and for pereas Now Yee

VANNY R SMEPHERD,
Prov. Dif, at Large, W\&R. $\mathrm{R} . \mathrm{A} . \mathrm{A}$
DELIOHTB TOR BOYB OVERABAB On November a we met at the ree in the trenelhes. We sent them to ou own boys from Nanton over there. If they to not need them they are to be handed to those boys who have no on to send parcels. There were a pair af woeks in each box, and four pairs of wristlets, frait cake, chocolate bars, gum, tobaceo, elgarettes, cookies, apples. apples, lump sugar, cocon, or and tomato cubes, writing tablets, candles, and to make the box even we flled it up with gave us the money for the postage. gave as the money for the postage.
Thes as well we sent boxes to our own boys over there.
A gave a paper not long ago on ter Fiveniags Woung People in Win get plans for a musieipal hosplta whlur way biefore the convention. We Wish we could get someone to speak to us and get us started. Can you tell us of someonet I received a letter from Buffalo View Women's Institute asking us how to start a reat room.

MRS. J. P. RANBOM,
Nanton, Alta.
Bee. U.P.W

## THINETNG OF YMCA.

As we have had only a small attend ance at our meeting: through the busy seawon I have failed to report to you Br Miss Stocking told me to,
quite a sumber of our members attend ed the meetiag of Oct 11 at thattend ed Mrs. Geog of Oct. I1 at the home made a plea for the Y.M.C.A Mork at the front.

A paper was read by Mrs. Hindle on Eavironment, and another paper by Mre. Graham on Education. Lunch wi

MRS, J. A. GRAHAM

## Argo, Sask.

## A HELPPYUL MEETINO

 Th. Octolver meeting of the Idalen Irs. Hinclair. After at the home of Mrs. Ainclair. After singing O Canada the roll eall was answered by medical qualities of hot water. It was decided lso a delate. Renolved "tober 23, and lege education is more, That a Col hoy thans a hatf section of fend and Grade VIII, education," the affirm tive to be taken by Mrs. Hendershot and Mr. Sansom, and the negative by Tiss Woerinke and Dr. Raynor, paper on What Benefits. We Receive er, followed by a musieal program Idaleen, Saak.MRS. Ji C. HAY,
W.

## HAZING DATEY

Sunnyvale U.F.W. were to hold a Some of the members had gotten up play, "Hazing Daisy," and there were to be songs, recitations and supper eld a special meeting November they Christmas boxes for the bays in 20 renches whoses for the boys in the eality. Besides aso was sent to the Red Cross for Christmas stockings for the wounded men

EONA R. BARRETT,

Calgary, Alta.

THE GRAIN GROWERS GUIDE


Protect Your Teeth


 perjeane-and let us end your
peefi troubles st lesst expense


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ariage Work, per tooth . . 8.00 Whatems (22x)

If your faleme teeth do not nt see perfect plates.
$\int_{\text {ceicy }}$ you break a plate our Emer:
 Dr. Parsons


## Our Winter Knitting

The long winter evenings ahould mean many coimfortalle things for the bogs overseas


Wristlets
Wristlets are almost essential for the man in the trenches. The wristlet if.
lastrated is a very comfortable one and one that is much used. They are fust as useful though if they are not made quite so long. Some prefer that the
hand be plain. For the wristlet about

one-eight of a pound of yarn is neces. sary. Cast on 52 stitehes on 3 needles,
16 on each of two and 20 on the third. Knit 2, purl, 2 for four inches. To make
the opening for the thumb knit 2, pur the opening for the thumb knit 2 , purj
2 to end of third needle. Turn, knit and 2 to end of third needle. Turn, knit and
purl back to the end of the first needle, always slipping the first stitch, turn,
continue knitting back and forth two inches. From this point continue as at first, for four inches for the hand
either in purling and plain or aito either in purling and plain or alto
gether in pain. One inch of the purl gether in pain. One ineh of the purl-
ing and ploin at the top of the glove makes it it more snugly, bind of ing, if preferred a, short thumb may
be knit m .

Sievveless Bweater
For the sweater il lustrated here the heavier yarn which is uned for soeks will
be guite suitable. This sweater ritabuires. threequarters of a pound of yarn. Cast purt 2 stiteles for 4 laches. Kait plais until oweater meas: 30 stitehes, east off 25 otitehes for seek lowne Knit an stiteler
kit 7 ridges on eseh knit 7 ridges on eseh
shoulder, east ow in stiteles. Knit plain for 21 inehes. Purl 2, knit 2 stitehes
if fiches. Alew up the sides leaving 9 inches rows of single eroehet sround neek will make it keep its shape. The has only one row of single erochet around the arm. A better
way, however, of fin: way, however, of tin
 is to piek up the
stitehes around the arm hole after the sides have been sewed up. Thes knit one or one
and one-half inches of the sleev. This maken and one-hair inches of the slecve Thut makes a much

Hot Water Bottle
The demand for soeks does not in the least-diminish. Summer and winter the supply of knitted woolen soeks most continue to be sent to the front. knitting cotton of mediam weight. Cast knitting cotton of medium weight. Cas
on fifty sfitches, kinit 2 , part $\frac{2}{2}$ and re peat until the work is four inches deep,

then knit back and forth, plain for nine and one-half inches more or until the beginning and two stitehes at end of each needle until there are sixty stitches left, and bind on. Make another piece in the same manner and piece of tape to seams atwenty-inch piece of tape to seams at one side' o
ribbing to tie around neek of bottle.


## MUSIC TNount FREE

 Nase, Orgas, Nollis, Masfolis, Saltar, Basjo, Ete.




SILK
等


THE WAR OHARITIES ACT, 1917
DEPARTMENT OF THE EECRETART OF
THE War Charitles Act, 1917, defnes T"War chartiles" as rollows: any fund,
Institution or assoriation, other than a Institution or assoriation, other than a
church or the salvation Army, whether es-
tablistied before or after the commence. tablished before or aster the commence.
ment of this Act having for tis. objects or among its objects the rellef of suifer-:
ing or distress, or the supplying of needs of eomforts to suifterers foll the war or
to iomidiess, returned solders or ther
families or depemtents, of any other charli tamilies or depertents, or any other chatit-
stbe purpose connected with the present
European sur able purpose connected with the present
European war. Any question whether a
charity is a war charity shall be ninally currity is ar war eharitystion, whether abll be ninafly
determined by the Minster. The Act also provides: (1) It shall not be lawful to make any scriptions in money or in kind for any war
charty as hereinbefore defned, or to ralse or atiempt to ralse money for any such - War charty by promoting any banzar, suach
entertarminent or exhbition, or by any
similar means, similar means, unless, is elther exempted
(s) the war charty is
rrom registration or is registered
under this Act; and
the approval in writing of the ese the approval in writing of the exe-
cutive committee or other povern cutive commitee or other govern-
ins body of the wer charity thas
been obtaltied, elther directly or neen obtatined, ether charity has directy or
opirougt some person dury authorWrougt some person duly author-
ized to give such spproval on be-
halt of such governing body; and if any person contravenes any, of the
provisions of this section he shall be gullity or an orfence against this Act.
This section shall not apply to any
coitecton at Divine service in a place of The Act was assented to on the 20th
of September, tion so far as it relates to registration sec. applicable to War Charities on the 20 in
of December, 1917. Arter that the
iecter lections made otherwise than date. colof a registered War Charity buy subscrip-
tions, donations, bazaars sales ent Lions, donations, bazaars, sales, entertain
ments, exhibitions of similar means of col
lecting money are ile lecting money are Hlegal.
Hegulations and
Regulations and information respecting
registration may be obtained from the un-
dersigned. dersigned

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-secretary of state.

## A New Year's Wish

## By Rev. S. G. Bland, D.D


religious, are tottering and tumbling ve bumeres. All must biall net ones of does the efietlose of 1077 definitely and deeply mark the beginaing of a new ena Old perjuidices, old limitations, must be laid aside of we shall be strongers and Eves more deeply thas by new iden life renewed by new forma of service and self-ascrifice.
Nnic arow oll to grially None grow old so quiekly as those ahworbed in them:
selves. None find life mo monotonous as those at ways looking after Num-
ber One. The most nrariame and unendur fise in prompect that would soon drive we into
imalerillity, would. Ie it was new. Such melan-
choly chanies are scarcely changes. They are merely
Twelations, the fungris Irrowth outaide the tree that tells of the decay within:
the breaking out into overt action of the breaking out into overt action of
impulse nouriahed in secret. "No one," observed the old Roman monalist, "becomes very bad all at once." So a year
that might seem new in moral decline that might seem new in moral decline
would after all be really and peculiarly an old year. And, perthaps, in every other senve we may wisely with for others and ourselve too heroic, all can at least meet hopefully and courageously whatever hardest and most painful of new experiences may be ordered and in many ways we may even seek earnestly to make the year a new one.
Let us, at least, make sure of some new ideas.
Some one has bidden us reverence the grey-headed truths, but it is also to be borne in mind that old inuthe, like old bread, may grow staic, A steady died,
of old truths makes the mind forpid, and the spirit cannot be alert and vigorous when the mind is half-asleep.
When a judicious selection of newspapers and perfodicals, by some new books and hanstibly qreat old ones, especially that venerated library which always seems to transemd whatever widom the world out of its hard struggle wins, we may
make the coming year in a very deep and vital sense a new one.
Most people who start life inra small way hope to end in a large, and would count life a failure if they ended it in the poor little house in wised or in which they first started was passed or in which they irst started might not, be a sad thing, but it is infinitely sadder to end life in the same narrow larger and more costly houses may not be for us all, but all of us may year by year move into nobler and more spar duty and the divinely ordered unfoldirig things and the splendid possinerinies of and stumblingly, to an unknown but glorious goal.
Oliver Wendell Holmes, noting how Oliver Wendell Holmes, noting how
the nautilus builds its spiral, shell of chambers each larger than tion last

[^1]$\qquad$
teach new temple, nobler than the
thut thice from heaven with a dome
Till thou at length art free by life?
unresting sea.
It is indeed hardly a mater of chowe
looking-glass. Lor Bymon was not wholly an egentisf, hut throughout much of hls straneely
mineled rarer the eft mingled carter the ego
had far too larme a place in his emamos, and it was the equtiem which spoke when he confened the hisd
kind of life which duration
 kould not make tirsomene. Life is kept fresh and sweet by selfascrifice for thinge fett to te wörth white.
When our daily tasks grow easy it is time When our daily tasks grow easy it is time o see if there are mot more exacting
dutics calling us. There is a lurking duties ealling us. There is a lurking danger in all habits, even in the pood mow Whirn mny goott thing has hecome habit it is no lonecr pood enough. Life will always be setting for us, if we do not dodge them, tasks that call for a bolder
faith, a more resolute purpose, a more faith, a more resolute purpose, a more
self-forgetful love. We muit wetome into our lives fresh forms of sympathy and service as we let into our houses in winter frosh air. Deeper than the renewal of thought and the is the renewal of feeling.
Nothing renews life so marvelpusly as a new affection or a deepening of an old. Iet us be on the watch for new friendshipes, new devotions, new enthusiasms. If these cannot slways be found there is always possible the effort fo do fuller justice to the old and the
familiar. Let us look into the faces of lamiliar. Let us look into the faces of Let un seek to explore more fullv their goodness, their grame, their worthinese, perhape sometimes their need and the pathos of their hurt or hampered lives Is there anything that no blinds us as amiliarity? In every tiniest village, in every home, there are new and lovely poscibilities of fellowship as yet unrealized.
Central and vital in all forms of renewal is the opening of the heari mone fully to God. God is the Eternal Surprise,
the Inexhausti'ly Unexperted. He must the Inexhaustisly monotony fnd uniformity for there is none of these in His universe. The sou can never be fowsilized that giver fre play to the ever-quickening, ever-renew-

MUSIC IN THE HOME If evily person in instrica and Canhow natipnay some instrument or sing, ened, out ideals strengthened'and life as a whole brightened. It is not enough o hear somebody, else play or sing, but oo a little one's self that emphasize our children in the schools are taught lengthy program of things for "brain evelopment -subjects many of, which they 'quickly forget in later years,
whereas their brains could be Grained
art for conseant companionship through-
is already being recognized in many
places. Not only do nearly all progress laces. Not only do nearly all progress singing in the public schools, but umber and excellence. All this is as should be, and to extend the good communities-is both the progressvilege of the
Hahn

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## A Last hemmer

Jut a fee days langer for the cont petition on My Fansiegt Experience and for the perotographas photourrephs and hope that many more will come yet. The experiences that have cone is are
eversinfy amusing fit wait until yen certainty amusing that them too The acknowielg. Grow are ar follows Creek, Alts ...250 Freddie Dance. Pine Creak, Ataits. $25 e$
Everett D. Vanes, Pine Creek, Ats. liger brock e
Arthur IL. Hocking, Summerterry, Soak i. Cuba Image, Burfiolo Horn, Hack. 230 t 1 am ware that after mowing som your little sifts are appreciated and need that you will do eves bert so mach for us to give but they carry great blowing to those suffering over there Make you Mil twin -ry this that you will give tries to the Hone Croce as you did thant.
THE ORION OF BT. NICHOLAS Christmas is here once more. Many - little boy and girl look forward t the days when of l Manta will visit them sagan. Though again thousands
of homeless, forlorn little children may of homeless, forlorn little children may hope that generous old Manta will not forget them this year,
A little story of the birth of se. Nicholas is the item of my writing,
Once three little Toys, Peter, Rob and Mick were out sleighing one one of the neighboring hills and had enjoyed themselves all day * They decided good long mile walk. As they were chatting away Rob air a snowball in the road which seemed to keep rolling
 it of, put it in his pocket and started
for home. They had ene hone, put the tamer whewhail on the table, and it semen to gradually tell sway. The hyp, bolt hardly believe their own eq... \& ting baby not over six inches in length. Their mother took great
fare of the dwarf baby. Fiery day he ere of the dwarf baby, Every day he
grew a little more. Daily it grew large growalith to be baptised. A great many neighbors and friends met together one evening to decide what to esl him. Many different names were suggested, Cut nome were quite suitable fat the
three love hat not vet gixnt this three boys hat not yet given their
opinion. ", Let we tali him 8 . Mich. codas," Peter exclaimed. Everybody agreed. Then he was taken to the town hall, in which a great aswmblage
gathered, and he was named St. Xifli colas.
In the Nicholas grew to be a man. In the summer he built a little log hut started to make toys of wood. While on d the winter he fought two reindeer of a sleigh and his different objects $\Rightarrow$ little stoking nil still dose mon to
this day.
INGER BROOKE.

SPLENDID CONCERT 1 have been an interested reader of
th. Young Canad Club for some time the Young Canning Club for some time
and at last I thought I would write and at last I thought I would write

## comethimy

had whit foll at our talion is ald of the Prole We hal drawn mo gens for it and wold theron on the night. They brought over 811 . Our fins song on the program was, "Good Lack to the
Hoys of the Allies." We had patriotic unis, , the dialogues, a drill and some toblenus. Everyone seamed to enjoy Chemelven, We sang "God Nave the
 aver tor from it, which went to the Rel Cross Our school room was fail an some who came had to goo home be cense the room was so crowded the evaldn't got in. I enclose a self and 25 cents for the mae Crows tin lu ye to get a pin for it too. Wishing the club every succentimA IRAAC8. Buffalo Horn, Sauk.

LIKES THE DOODADS
1 like the Dpo-Dads very muck, es preislly the one on top of the stove pipe trying to warminmsel. The little think those going into the fee would be pretty cold. The old elf ringing the bell is just as happy as any. The little Doo-Dails that are skating can skat. pretty well. I guess the old Boo Dad is quite angry at the one on his stove pipe. The poor little fellows with the pipe are quite sick. It mast be hard
light a match with a sledge homer The boo Dads are welcome to come il

THE DOL DADS NEW YEAR'S DINNER




 aten too much and has an aurrul stomach ache But here comes old Doc, sawbones hopis that ho will ave to perform an oration on midi By the ste of the
very week because I en for theme
FRED WAR YE
Expanse, Sack.
WHEN THE CLOTHES PINS WENT windy morning, when thy Lutist Irene hang her washing on the line. There mere garments, white and and til ter telfer' dree s opp clothes on clean and free
Vow it may have bern the wind that went apiping shrill and sweet, or it may have been the redbird in But something seemed to whisper, until it was at fact, as could be.
They font took a molten motion they Trill all $\mathrm{ra}_{0}$ on a strike Down from the line they quickly bopped from sight.
They scrambled and they tumbled down And they laughed to see the clothes in such a plight.
For the jolly breeze it picked theme those garments fresh and clean. it played with them and shoved them till the eviler, through the dunt caught upon the thorns, Or flew like butterflies up through the air.
Ant Irene, little Irene, who had worked so very hard, She sat down and cried with might Then those clothes pins were ashamed. and they wished they had been good,
But they couldn't make those dresses clean again.
Girenfell, Sask. LETTIE sIM, ${ }_{\text {Age }}$ 13.


January 2, 1918.
THE GRAIN GROWERS'GUIDE

FREIORT RATEB TMCREABRD Freight rates are to be iscreased 10 per eent. is the Weat and is per eent. in the East, and Masengers rates, with the exception of biritish Colombia, per cent., according to a fudgment hoserd of Railway Commisaloners. No mention is made of the date on which the fincreased rntes are to come fint? effeel. This is loecause the railway: will have to file sew tariffs, based upon the Judgment, and these mast receive the approval of the board. Beveral weeks will therefore elapte" Thefore the higher seale takes effeet. The judgmient states that there can be no question in view of aetual results that the railways require greater revenue and must have it if proper efficiency is to be maintained and the demands of the country for transportation at all ade-
quately met. The coest of labor, coal quately met. The cost of labor, coal and materials have been increasing with the result that the expenses of the Canswifter rate than the earningt. The in. efessed rates allowed, states the joilgereased rates allowed, stater the joilg crease in cost to which the railways are subject and which are fint in any way attributable to the rallway managements. With regard to the increase in the passenger rate, the judgment states that if is in the publle interest with a view of conserviag coal, rallway facilities and man power that passenger travel should be as light as possible so as to facilitate efficient freight novement.

Orain and Lamber Bchedules The judgment states that in the weatern hearings the evidence was that flat increase was preferable to percentage Increase asked for by the railways. On grain to Lake Superior ports an inerease of two cents per hundred pounds is allowed, this being approximately 10 per cent. Grain and grain prodacts in The West bther than for moyement to of these from Port William enst are per of these from Fort William east are permitted an increase of 15 per cent. subjeet to a maximum of two cents jer rate basts in the West has bien bultt up, says the juigment, by agreements between the mills and the railways, the important matter being the extent of the rate difference between the different groups of producers. The percentage arrangement would ereate disparity. From the , British Columbia mills to the different groups inereases of from three cents to five cents, according to the distlance are allowed. From Northern Alberta and Saskatchewan spruce distriets an increase of 15 per cent., with a maximum of three cents to four cents, according to the distance allowed. From British Columbia to Eastern CanWoods and Rainy River three cents and four cents, according to diatance: and from Port Arthur west, three cents to five cents, according to distance is allowed.
Railway tolls, incidental to transportation, e.g., switching, demurrage, reconsignment, sleeping or parior ear tion, heating, car diversion or other special services are not allowed any inerease.

Net Revenues Declining
Canadian Northern figures sho steadily declining net revenue. In september, 1917 , the net revenue was
41 per cent. less than in 1916. October, with 6 per cent. increase in gross showed 51 per cent. decrease in net; maintenance charges having been eut down with the view to economy. As a
result efficiency has decreased and accumulative maintenance charges will have to be met later. "At the same time cost of labor, coal and material has
been increasing. In September, the net off the Canadian Pacific decreased 28.3 per cent. In ten months ending October, 1917, the grose revenue of the
Grand Trunk increased 11 per cent. and expenses increased 22 per cent. In
October, gross increased less than two per cent, while net earnings deereased
49 per cent. The judgment also states that there can be no quastion in view of the actual results that the rajpays require greater revenues and must have them if proper efficiency is to be mainfained and the demands of the country
$\qquad$
the Dominies indleate resentment ot the liscresse in tranaportation rates, Aceording to an Ottawa diopatel. The increase is deseribied as a calamity te Canada sad estimates are made that

 if Bocu, on, ow per annum now paid to the ways.
cLober oroanization NeEDED The Grain growers' Asacciation is to-
vlay reckned by all clastes to bes factor in the governmest of the country, bit I believe we need a closer and more thor: Qugh ofgasisation of ourselves as a clas. Now that we are recognired to be lead
ers. it is up to ses to heop is' the lesd It is op to us to flad what is right in governinest as in the indiridual life, and follow that course;
Is the Dominios of Canada today weare pitted so madn, elass ansinst class
and creed againat crest, Rast agrainst and ereed agninst ereed, Kast against
West. even provisce againat province. What it will te only by the largeat elass of all, the acricuftural flas, hecomisy of all, the agricultural elase, beconiag
more clase consefons and eloser organmore ciase conscious and closer or gan:
ired, wre may hope to escape snjust ined, we may hope to cecape anjust
burdons being added to those now ob burdens being added to those now of
our shoulJers. It will be hecessary fof our to orgmise and elacale eurselves along the line and in the priaciplea along the lines and in the priaciples
of trath and righteousness, and in doing of trath and righteousness, and in doin,
this we must sot think entirely of our
selves from an economie standpoint, but muat take a brosier outlook. We must cossider those whe toil for a daily wage, and whose welfare will depend onsiegisiati

## legislatio.

sisce Confederation the Iegislation casited by our parliament at Ottami of the will of the people. Nearly every art ef legialation, with the excentios of jerlapis the crintiant eonfe of Canso permaja the criminal cote of canada. has the earmark of privileges eitber by
sime indusirial or catination of religioun elass, or financial institation.
There are elassey in Cansds tolay The have selred the pppertently that Tho have wired the mpportanty that
this war affords to mial themeslves

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fotuniotisiy rich, and inws have airesed low enseted which will enable certais thanter and indivifunls to net sely en mar debt, but will essure to themselve the peymest of a tribste whieb is is
itaelf an unjost befriden os thote who have to work for a living
Nince the Usien Governisent has
bess formed mesuared have liecome Isw
 Asworistion that is Usien there is
 sens. If the Oraln Growers' Amecis. tios had properly learned this leson,
there is found all the strenrth seeded to eonjel the enartment of legislation thit \#itt eniste for surrelvet os * else. and for every tailer of the Domision, Those whe have made millions out of the war have been able to obtais legis laties whereby they will not have to pay any iseen.
in war loans.
Our minds nataraily tarn to the great ost example of clas legislatios, high fotective tariff I will make this pre fietion here, that every shred of that troyed in the ndar fature, or this coun iry with all its reaparces will be headed fowneri disaster. It is the proturt of the sail that will have to stand the atrain of the debt we are now daily in reasing. It is therefore neessary that the fetters of a trade provention iax be it once removed, so that agriculture may be a. froe as should be
Is it reasonable that onefourth of should be gives to the paying of a tribate to any class of men within our borderst A threshing machine coating to,n00 tins to pay \# dety of si aso
Diamonds come into Cansda duty free, exeept for the war tax of seven per cenf, but spades pay over 40 per low never expected to wise spades, snid ever expected the men
Everything the nation seeds comes in duty free-for the masafacturers taee only, This is elase legislation
The very worst kind.
The manafaeturing industry of Canada has been built up on the maney of the people and run afterwards on
well organized system of exploitation. well organired system of exploitation.
We fiave now a Tnion governiment I hope too that even if the war ends in a few months or during 1918 that we shall still have a Union government a government that will make for the anity of the nation instead of a separa-
tion. If our Union government is going to be Union in anything more than name, it has much to do to undo the nefarious dividing legislation

LIVE POULTRY WANTED motr oun sprome pmors


## Pantaphone <br> PAR-O-KET ovatrive neomes aservinitue $=$ dEalers <br>   SELECTION and <br> pester: <br> 

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#### Abstract

As we rasd the intereating secounts of the work done by the Boys' and Girla' Clubs, sot only is this province hut elormhere, we enenet belp bet realsmall beginning ls rapidly sasumisg in fapportance, of whieh, perhaps, the moet ardent advoeate had searcely dare to dream. To those who hesitate, wit lab, leat this work should interfer with a elild's eflucation at sehoot, wobld say that the experiment is worth tryise if result, eoast at all. Consider, on yountion, by means of which it is possible to keep the parents interestel In the school and provide a great eonsecting link between the shool and the lhome. Asd particularly is this the case in the rural districts. It was a casual suggestion which one day led us to make up our minds to arganize a Boys" and Girls' Club, of o lesat a branclu of one. So we caile at least a braseli of one. So we callel together a meeting of parents and chil together a meeting of parents and chair Iren to diseuss the question. The ehair man was a man who thoroughly under tood and , was in sympathy with the movement, and it was not longt before ren, under the supervision of the teacher, were to be taught to appoint their own offcers a the work themselves. Lookifg earefully over the work out ined is the bulletin, we discovered the


408 Builders' Exctiange Bidg. (4th Floor)

## Boys' and Girls' Clubs

## 6y M. D. Seafoel. Treith. Teewemh Soled Seesid

we are sble to let the boys make rood
models, whieb heeome their owa after the fair, and the girls have the garmente whith thy male. This is their reward for the effort they have made to raise time the girls and boys in tars sweep theor to raise maney for prites The parents also contribute to the prive

After a little consideration we de-
eided to have the sewing and woodwork eided to have the sewing and wood work
iebons after reves on Friday afterlessons after recess on Friday after
noons while the little chilidren made models is elay or plasticene. In this way everyone was kept busy. But the ing the noon hour os stormy days and sometimes before welool opened in the morning. Now we have a better chance to do this work, as the sehool'house has been raised and we have a good base:
ment. Instead of patting six or eight ment. Instead of putting six or eight boys to work with three plane, three
saws, a few ehisels, ete, at the same time, we are going to try the experi ment of dividing them into three groupe and letting them do their work will be sufficient for all. Of course I am not going to disguige the faet that it requires a considerafle amount of planning to carry on the sewing and woodwork at the same time, and a teacher may find it necesaary to give up some But to some of us at least he gain in
and the sewing for the girls presented the greatest difficulty. Funds were needed. Then the sewing and the woodwork would have to be done in the school-room, Benches and tools were needed room. Bey hes and tools were needed.
The boys oorpfound a way of making a bench for themselves, also a eupboard in which to keep their tools. The tools, and by taking up a collection at a Ilallowe'en social we were able purehase more. The boys, eager to be. gin, brought boxes and lumber of all
kinds to sehool, and out of this made milking stools and other things.

Raising Money To Buy Material sewing material for the girls. All this made us think that if we were to get good results we must have better ma-
terial, so we, decided to have a picnic every summer and a Christmas tree means we managed to raise funds to up and sewing materials for the girls.
The money raised in this way is handed to the treasurer, who opens a bank account and pays out the money as

e confidence of the children is wort infinitely more than we can estimat

Other Work Not Negtected
Do we need to neglect the other school work 1 This is easily answered. trawings have to be shown at the fair, it not to be expected that these sub ects will receive greater attention than in the past 9 The composition exercise becomes more interesting when it take the form of a letter to a parent con
faining an invitation to a concert of pienic, ay autobiography of a chicken, or an aqcount of How I Raised My Potafoes. The ehild is brought more hearly into touch with agricuture an in other countries and what methods are employed. If a country still use o not progressive, and so geograph becomes something which he can un Some may ask, perhaps, "How can need any advice we always find Mr Newton of the M.A.C. ready to hel us. Here, during the winter months,
we usually have social gatherings about ․ .nn 10 with agriculture, we ask Mr. Newton to send us a leeturer to speak on that sub-
jeet. Last winter we had a very interesting and instructive lecture on Canning and friends were present. \&o we find that the influence of the club work i sciously is proving a great factor in influences of the school and the home. Be yours to guard this light from all
eclipse;

FARMMANAGEMENT Wit buion is scazoi farm labor problems is of reces fovelopment. It has arises wimis the memory of comparatively yousg mow In the midale wing for from fin to 415 a month for the summer and for their board in the winter. Bhortly ther board haverwands, howev, wages begas ti rise and mea to beeforent form labor sow the problem of efficiest farm labor tisent. The begianings of the farm labor problem date back as far as the State. of the eivil war ia the United state. When men wor distoritited. Thees
were atisorbed inte civilias life with were absorbed ease that the process caused me diatarbance in the labor market. The reason was that great prairie state were juat opening up for their and tres mand. As the same time young met land. At the same ume young thee new stater. It is estimated that that province alone supptied 20,009 men year on the average to the United states for a period of over 30 year. Owing principally, however, to the large families of old Uatario settiers, taer were still enough men left to man the farms. The resuit of the rapid openige ap of this large new territary was of food great period prevailed through the late 80 's and the early 90 's. Thls perio was eharacterised by low prices for farm prodacts and by low wages for farm help.
But this period was alse charseteriped by the beginning of that rapid expan sion of induatry which has character red the last 20 years. It was about tha time that the great increase in che num her and sine These displaced large sum to deve of men previously required in farm operations. Un the other hand, hum dreds of mes were required to man the factories to produce them and the other machines used in this age of steam and electrieity. Men began to flock from the country, where there were too many men and wages were low, to the cities, where large numbers of men were wan The education of the period hely high Theventent Glowing pen pictures of what boys from the farm had accom plished in eity oceupations fired the imagination of ambitious country boys. They tfrned their steps cityward. The protective tariff which assisted eity firdustries, at the same time adding to the burdens of the farmers, worked a both ends of the road to accelerate the movemeat, la the Barrime Proviaces trial centres of the New Fegland state. Then the great Western Canadia prairies began to open up. The drain居 the chat surred to still further deplete the farms. Free land rapidly absorbed the labor supply which flowed
in. The building of new cities and roadwhys employed whole armies of
$\qquad$ of young men joined the forces. The country will never receive full credit sands of them joined city regiments and are shown as contributed by the city, whereas they were contributed by comitry districts. In the west, where the percentage of young men was high,
the number of enlistments was also high. Another factor especially noticewas the opening up of the great muni-tion-maRing industry. Huge war profits enabled manufacturers to offer fabulous wages, which attracted thousands of men who would otherwise have been vailable on the farms. The drafting carried out, marmy, unless judiciousiy tion still more acute. The result of all number factors tending to decrease the


## The Farmers＇Market

## WINNIPEQ MARKET LETTER


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WORLD CROP SUMMARY

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## The Livestock Markels



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## solfie

## breeders' annual meetina

The annual meetings of the Canadian sill he held in the Carls. Rite Hotel Toronto, February 4 to February \&, 1918. Single fares east on all roands have been asked for for their meetings.
and will likely be granted as they alwhys have been in the past.

It is poor comfort to an unemployed kystem which deprives him of a job enables an occasional poor boy to bechange dwells on Henty Yord's rise from multi-millionaire, it fails to justice of existing conditions. prove the annonal exceptional poor boy will reach system There is no need to worry about the future of embryo Henry Fords. But the average poor boy is not in that class
He will be in need of a job anl of his main unchanged whereby men willing to work can be deprived of an opportunity greatly if channes to become multimillionaires were reduced and chances for jobs increased? Would not such a change
be better for rich hovs as well?

Where manure is applied for cultivated at hoed crops the importance of incorpor soil as near to the surface as ptacticable should be considered. to condition. Plenty of plants will be left to produce a good erop in spite of
the thorougli diseing. These plants will be mueh stronger and will produce a
long head, bearing seed heavily. After long head, bearing seed heavily. After
the ffeld has been thoroughly disced go the field has been thoronghly disced go In preparing an old timothy field for
In agaln with the In preparing an old timothy field for
re-seeding, the field should be plowed as soon as the erop is off in Augast, pounds of seed to the aere. Four pounds of seet together with the plants
which come from the old roots, will give a good stand. The turning of the sod up to the sun which ean aet strongly
upon the soil in August, September and upon the soil in August, September and effeet upon the erop, quite enual in fact in summerfallow. When handled in this way a field of timothy should last for three years, yielding at least thred tons of hay to the acre and twelve bushels of seed to the acre. With hay 3.0 per ton and seed at eight cents per
pound it can readily' be seen that this is a very profitable erop. Timothy re ing an increase in vield of from 25 to 50 per cent. after the application of
threahing, as the hall is prevented from trying oul. Whes threahing dopt put a itinto an to stack it. THave a herrel of gtrong salt water near he stack anil put on the hay a buckerful of malt water on the eseh losd. The brise solution should eonsiat of 50 peands of salt to a harrel of water. This will settle the hay and will improve its palatabing and digestibility, making the has never as good in quality as.

## Humor

Joder
jervit
Furyforman: all of one misi-temperarily finsane.' A trainload of newly drafted men reached their castonment late in the afternoen. By the time they had passed through the receiving station and the hands of the doctors, it was nearly midnight. Several of them were awak morning to astiat the cooks in preparing morning to assiat the cooks in preparing drafted man got to his feet, he stretehed and yawned:
${ }^{\text {and }}$ "It doesn't take long to spend a night it the army.
Tom Callahas got a job on the section working for a railroad. The soperintendent told him to go along the line looking for washouta.
'And don't be as long-winded in your sext reports the you have been in the past," said the superintendent; bed as you find it, and don't wien a tot of needless words that are not to the point. Write like a business letter, net like-a love-letter.
Tom proceeded on his tour of inspection and when he reached the river he wrote bis report to the superintendent: "Bir: Where the railroad was the

Sandy and Alec were on board ship When a terrific storm arose. Finally
the erew took to the boats, but all of them were swamped except one, in whlch these two were slone. Thie storm continned and the outlook was dark, so they betook themselves to prayer,
turn about. At Alec's turn he confes. sed that he had been 3 good-for-nothing, a drinker, a good-ror-nothing drinking rascal; but if the ford woud only let him get ashore this time, he would
"Alec, mon, be earefu'," Sandy here broke in. "Dinna commeet yersel' ton far, for I do be thinkin' I see land.'

Day by day, as a Pennsylvania house wife saw her household and kitchen Curniture slowly disappear, she per when a final the moment appret morning, when Tommy, son of the bor rower, appeared at the back door with the statement, Ma wants the wash determined to
"You, tell your ma that when she brings back what she has already bor rowed, I will lend her the boiler.
"Ma wants to know what she has
"There is a pound of flour," began
the other, "s pound of flour," began of sugar, it can of coffee, a half-pound of lard, some onions, and butter, and pices, the screwariver, the hatchet, pair of scissors and-" she paused paper of needles, apd-", thread, a But Tommy-was gone. Presently he rapped on the back door again. down. I forget some of them," them Whereupon the housewife sat with pencil and patiently made an al phabetical list of all the articles she could remember
A half-hour later list and disappeared. at the back door and announced: Whah-boiler to carry them in, she'll
bring them home"'

## Blanest


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## BROWNE ers of Ab

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