## PAGES

MISSING

"che Nationnal Drinik"


## Keep Customers Coming for only the repeat-order grocery can be permanently profitable.

And Welch's keeps customers coming and repeating because it satisfies.

There is a Dominion-wide demand for Welch's and it's growing each year.
You will find that your Welch patrons are the most desirable trade.

Their confidence in Welch's establishes a turn-over that makes it far-and-away the most profitable Grape Juice.

SOLD BY LEADING JOBBERS

## THE WELCH CO., LIMITED

St. Catharines, Ontario

## "Deliveries as Usual"

The repairs to our factory necessitated by the fire which damaged it, are now completed. Our facilities for the production of O-Cedar Polish Mops are back to normal-we, therefore, announce "deliveries as usual," and remind the Trade that it is now possible to replenish stocks.

CHANNELL CHEMICAL COMPANY, LIMITED
369 SORAUREN AVENUE, TORONTO
(MADEIIN CANADA)

## FINEST CRYSTAL GELATINES

Powdered and Sheet FINE LEAF GELATINE

BRITISH MANUFACTURE

OURY, MILLAR \& CO. 9 Mincing Lane, London, E.C., Eng.

SOLE AGENTS FOR CANADA
F. S. Jarvis \& Co. 18 TORONTO ST., - TORONTO

## ? ? ? Ask us for

Wrapping Papers Twines

Brooms Brushes

Parchment Butter Paper<br>Printed and Plain

PROMPT SHIPMENT
WALTER WOODS \& CO. HAMILTON and WINNIPEG

## Purity

## that brings sales


appeal strongly to your best customers, because Borden's is the purest and most satisfactory state in which they can secure condensed milk, evaporated milk, coffee and cocoa.
This quality, this purity, is giving Borden's Milk Products the entree into more and more homes every day. Grocers find it highly profitable to vigorously push the Borden Lines.
A Borden window display will not disappoint you. Get one up to-day; steady sales will result. Why leave all this trade to your competitors? Start right in now to secure your proper share of it.
Any good wholesaler will supply your Borden requirements.

## Borden Milk Co., Ltd. "LEADERS OF QUALITY" Montreal

Branch Office: No. 2 Arcade Bldg., Vancouver

## Between Seed Time and Harvest

There is a period when the winter vegetables are pretty well used up. The few that are left have lost their crispness. Folks are tired of them anyway.

That is a good time to suggest SIMCOE PORK AND BEANS to your customers. If they have ever used SIMCOE BRAND they are already convinced and will thank you for reminding them.

If they have never before bought SIMCOE PORK AND BEANS, they will thank you for putting them next to a real good thing.

## DOMINION CANNERS LIMITED HAMILTON, CANADA



THESE are abnormal times in every trade; the Fancy Grocery business is no exception. The trouble is not so much to sell but to keep our customers' demands supplied. Our experience shows that fancy groceries of the highest grade are selling as never before. Many lines it is impossible to offer, and there are more that will soon have to come off the list, with nothing to take their place. Fill their place with new lines. They will be appreciated. We offer

# Purity Cross Creamed Chicken a la King -and Purity Cross Welsh Rarebit 

two of the highest grade fancy grocery lines ever marketed.
We have in stock
Pure French Olive Oil, "La Perle" Brand Crossed Fish Brand Sardines French Hotel Mushrooms French Pure Wine Vinegar Friends Boston Brown Bread French Haricot Verts French Apricots and Assorted Fruits Etc., Etc., Etc.

## W. G. PATRICK \& COMPANY, LIMITED

## IMPORTERS

Head Office:
51-53 Wellington St. W. Toronto, Ont.

Western Branch:
168 Market Ave. E. Winnipeg, Man.

## HACANTEA

Japan Tea, the social

liquor of the Flowery Kingdom, should always be found where gather those to whom the luxuries of life are necessities. Grown, cured and packed under the control of the Japan Tea Growers' Association, Japan Tea, natural and pure, possesses strength, flavor and aroma not found in other teas.

## It's worthy of your best recommendation

You'll have very little difficulty in convincing particular tea lovers that Japan Tea is something decidedly superior, with a strength and a flavor captivating enough to win unstinted approval. Grown and packed in the Flowery Kingdom, where adulteration and coloring of tea is absolutely prohibited, Japan tea is as pure and delicious as human skill can make it.

Get a supply to-day. Our consumer advertising will help you sell it-and the profits are good.

## JAPAN TEA

## CHAMBERLAIN'S TABLETS

## Always a ready seller

will be featured in attractive newspaper ads. all over Canada after April Ist. Get behind this profitable line. You make the first sale, after that your customer will take no other. The manufacturers will assist you with store cards, booklets and free samples. No advance in price- $\$ 2.00$ per dozen from your jobber or direct.

Chamberlain Medicine Co., Ltd. Toronto, Ont.

## The Cocoanut we sell is different

And when we say different we say it advisedly. For this cocoanut is not the common, every-day variety, but a product entirely superior, a quality product calculated to satisfy the requirements of your most particular trade.

When a product is backed by a standard reputation of 22 years or more, you know it must be top-notch. Our cocoanut has stood this test and has built up for us a record of quality that means much to our representatives.

When next you are replenishing your cocoanut supplies, just give this line a tryout. The results will verify our claims and surpass your best expeetations.

## Standard Cocoanut Mills

E. B. Thompson, Sole Proprietor HAMILTON, CANADA

## MAPLE PRODUCTS of PROVEN WORTH

The new season's crop is in sight, and dealers should look after their requirements now.

## MAPLE SYRUP-Canada's Best MAPLE SUGAR-Canada's Best

Both consumer and dealer know these brands to be of the very highest quality. They have proven their quality. Ordee Canada's Best and give your customers what they know is good, and at the same time protect yourself against dissatisfaction.

## MAPLE BUTTER "Dairy" Band

This product is in big demand now as a substitute for high-priced dairy butter. "Dairy", Maple Butter is delightfully palatable, healthful and nourishing. Spreads on bread like dairy butter-takes the place of dairy butter at about one-third of the cost.

## Packed in $1 \mathrm{lb} ., 10 \mathrm{lb}$. and 30 lb . tins

REQUIREMENTS SHOULD BE ORDERED WITHOUT DELAY.

## CANADA MAPLE EXCHANGE, Ltd.

MONTREAL, QUE.

## MORE TRADE

## MORE SALES



The E. D. Smith way is a sure way to increase your business. All you need to do to prove this is to arrange a window display. E. D. S. lines sell themselves. Their quality is unquestioned. An ever increasing demand is being created by our national consumer advertising campaign.
Let it be E. D. Smith's from now on.

## E. D. Smith and Son,HLimited WINONA, ONT.

AGENTS : Newton A. Hill, Toronto; W. H. Dunn, Montreal ; Watson \& Truesdale, Winnipeg; G. H. Laidlaw, Halifax, N. S.


She will be satisfied.
You will gain her confidence.
Business will benefit.
Quality Goods are Advertisers.

## W. CLARK, LIMITED MONTREAL



Branches also at RED DEER, ALTA., and SWIFT CURRENT, SASK.

## You can order Royal Shield Products from any of these houses

See that the Royal Shield Brand is on your next order of Tea, Coffee, Extracts, Jelly Powder, etc.
Prompt attention and satisfactory service await your requirements.

## CAMPBELL BROTHERS \& WILSON, LTD.



## Unusually dependable

Sell a customer a first order of any Malcolm Milk Line and you can bank on her coming in again for a further supply.

Malcolm quality, purity and flavor hits the spot. They please particular people, their selling qualities will please you.

And don't forget that each and every Malcolm Milk Line is entirely Canadianmade by Canadian labor, backed by Canadian capital-the only firm of its kind in the Dominion.

Support home industry and add to your profits by stocking up with Malcolm's Milk Products. Order early a five-case lot. We pay freight up to 50 c per 100 lbs . in Ontario, Quebec, and the Maritimes.



AGENTS:-Ontario-MacLaren Imperial Cheese Co., Ltd., Toronto. Montreal-W. S. Sllcock. St. John, N.B.-MacLaren Imperial Cheese Co. Hallfar, N.s.-MacLaren Imperial Cheese Co. Bydney, N.s.-A. E. Sheppard. Hamilton-R. M. Grifin. Calgary, Alta.-MacLaren Imperlal Cheese Co., Ltd. Edmonton, Alta.-MacLaren Imperial Cheese Ce. Saskatoon-Mowat \& McGeachy.

To fully realize the true selling value of established popularity you should put a stock of Furnivall's Fine Fruit Pure Jam on display.

Every sale is worth while. Every customer is satisfied. Repeats are certain. Get it displayed right now.

FURNIVALL-NEW, Limited
Hamilton Canada


Order a box
from your
wholesaler
or direct,
prepaid
to-day
of
London


## Chuck full of

 customer satisfactionWhen your customer passes over her five cents for her first purchase of BABBITT'S CLEANSER you can count upon selling her many more eans in the future, because the size of the can, backed by the unbeatable service this cleanser gives will convince her that it is a decidedly good buy. And there's still another selling appeal to help you move your stock quickly-we give premiums for the trade-marks. So that you can stock Babbitt's, secure in the knowledge that they never collect dust-they move too auickly.

Agents :
WM. H. DUNN, Limited, Montreal DUNN-HORTOP, Limited, Toronto

MT AT (

## Men who use tobacco like attention

They like to think that the dealer is studying their likes and dislikes.

Prove your attention to the "Chewing" requirements of your locality by displaying, pushing and constantly suggesting KING GEORGE'S NAVY -the best-liked chewing tobacco before the public. There are good profits in it.


WESTERN PROVINCES

## This Space is Yours

For \$2
On Yearly Order

## THE

Robert Gillespie Co. MALTESE CROSS BUILDING WINNIPEG

Importers, Brokers, Manfs. Agents, Grocery, Drug and Confectionery Specialties.

DISTRIBUTION \& SERVICE from COAST to COAST.

> W. H. Escott Co. Limited Manufacturers' Agemts Wholesale Grocery Brokers Winnipeg, - Manitoba $\begin{aligned} & \text { Regina } \\ & \text { Ralgary } \\ & \text { Cstablished 1907 }\end{aligned}$ Saskatoon

## WATSON \& TRUESDALE

Wholesale Grocery Brokers and Manufacturers' Agents
Have live men doing detall work throughout our territory. Manltoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta. They get the business, and can get it for you. Write us, and we will explain our system.
120 LOMBARD STREET
MANITOBA
SASKATCHEWAN
ALBERTA

Trackage Storage Distribution

This space $\$ 1.00$ per insertion on yearly order.

## 7o Manufacturers and Shippers

To take care of our agencies, we have competent sales staffs, offices and large warehouses at

## Winnipeg

(Manitoba)

Regina
(Saskatchewan)

Saskatoon
(Saskatchewan)
Calgary
(Alberta)

## Edmonton <br> (Alberta)

We are in daily touch with every Wholesale Grocer Jobbing House in the Provinces of
Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia

If you require SERVICE and RESULTS in marketing your products, communicate with us at any one of our offices.

## Donald H. <br> Bain <br> Company

Wholesale Grocery Commission Brokers and Manufacturers' Agents. WINNIPEG, MAN.


MANITOBA SASKATCHEWAN

Wholesale Grocery Commission Brokers

ALBERTA
WESTERN ONTARIO

## H. P. PENNOCK \& CO., Ltd.

 Head Office: WINNIPEG ManitobaWe solicit correspondence from large and progressive manufacturers wanting active and responsible representation west of the Great Lakes. An efficient selling organization, and an old-established connection with the trade, place us in a position to offer you unexcelled facilitios for marketing your products. Write us now.

## F. D. COCKBURN

Grecery Broker a Manufacturers* Agent We repreent Pugaley, Dingman to Co. Led.; Wo repreent Pusay Co., Ltid, Toronto, and many
other large Britioh, American and Canadian other laree Britith, American and Canadian
flrme. We can sive the same time and service to your product.
149 Notre Dame Avenue East. Winnipeg.

McKelvie \& Stirrett Co., Limited
Wholesale Grocery Brokera and Manufactarers' Arents. CALGARY

ALBERTA
We solicit agencies for staple lines.

THE H. L. PERRY CO.
214-216 Prineess Street, Winaiper We can make a success of your Agency. We can make succeas of your Agency.
Our STORAGR, DISTRIBUTING and Our STORAGE, DISTRIBUTING and
FORWARDING facilties are unexcelFor
led.

Correspondence sollielted.


Mention This Paper When Writing Advertisers


# The REGINA STORAGE \& FORWARDING CO., Limited Halifax and Sixth Avenue, REGINA, SASK. CAR DISTRIBUTING <br> COLD STORAGE 

## C.H. GRANT CO.

Wholesale Commission Broker and Manufacturers' Agente. 509 Merchants Bank, Winnipeg
We have several good accounts, bit can give you results on yours.

One Inch Space $\$ 1.00$ Per Issue on Yearly Order.

This space would cost you only $\$ 1.00$ per issue for one year.

## MANUFACTURERS AND SHIPPERS

We wish to communicate with firms who are looking for representation in the PRAIRIE PROVINCES. We have offices in Winnipeg, Calgary and Moose Jaw.

We are interested mainly in staples in car lots, but have the facilitus for warehousing if necessary.

## Write to Post Office Box 3031, Winnipeg

## Try the "Want Ad" Page

Every week this page is being used to splendid advantage by others. If you have something to sell, or you want to buy a business, fixtures or equipment-or maybe you want a clerk, a traveller-try it out.

Two cents per word first Insertion, and one cent per word each subsequent insertion; five cents extra per insertion for Box. No. Payable in advance.
THE CANADIAN GROCER - 143-153 UNIVERSITY AVE., TORONTO


## BROKERS

ONTAKIO
Send us samples and prices of White

## BEANS

Have you any good Maple Syrup or Maple Sugar for sale? Get in touch with us, we will find you a market.
WHITE \& McCART, LIMITED 309-310 Board of Trade Building TORONTO . . ONTARIO Reference : Dominion Bank of Canada, Toronto

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W. G. PATRICK \& CO. Limited
Manufacturers' Agents and Importers
51.53 Wellington St. W., Toronto
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## W. G. A. LAMBE \& CO. TORONTO <br> Established 1885

SUGARS
FRUITS

HAMBLIN-BRERETON CO.
Limited
Whofesale Grocery and Confectionery Brokere
Open for one or two good Canadian Agencies.

TORONTO WINIPEG CALCARY

## Offarhine COFFEE

W. GEO. VARTY. Azent 29 Melinde St.. Toronto. Phone M. 7089

## COVERING PORCUPINE DISTRICT

Agent with headquarters in Timmins, calling on Apent with headquartens in Timmins, caling on lines to handle. On the job all the time. Addrese A. L., Box 85, Timmins, Ont.

The service department of The Canadian Grocer will gladly assist manufacturers at home and abroad in making arrangements with the firms in all parts of Canada whose announcements appear on this page.

Maclure \& Langley, Limited Manufactarers Asents
Grocers, Confectioners and Drus Specialists 12 FRONT STREET EAST TORONTO Raisins Special Price on Spot Thompson Seedless SAMPLES IF WANTED W. H. Millman $\&$ Sons
Wholesale Grocers' Brokers TORONTO


If you have a business to dispose of, or are in need of efficient help, try a Want Ad. in CANADIAN GROCER and let it assist you in filling your needs.


DRIED AND EVAPORATED APPLES.
Apple Waste and Chops, Specialties. H. W. Ackerman BELLEVILLE ONTARIO

## OPEN FOR AGENCY FOR THE

 CITY OF OTTATWA Satisfaction Guaranteed. Best of Reference. M. M. WALSH310 BAY ST.
OTTA WA

## Merchants Baler

MADE IN CANADA



KINDLY MENTION THIS PAPER WHEN WRITING ADVERTIEER

sumaze.
ROSE \& LAFL AMME Limited
Commission Merchants
Grocers' Specialties.
MONTREAL
TORONTO

OATS, PEAS, BEANS, ETC.
handled in any quantities to best advantage by. ELZEBERT TURGEON
Grain and Provision Broker MONTREAL, P.Q. QUEBEC, P.Q. Selling Agent for
Leaf Milling Co., Ltd., Toronto


The service department of The Canadian Grocer will gladiy assist manufacturers at home and abroad in making arrangements with the firms in all parts of Canada whose announcements appear on this page.


## Buyers and Sellers of

## All Kinds of Grains and Seeds

Denault Grain and Provision Co. Limited SHERBROOKE, P.Q.


A condenesd ad. in this paper will bring replies from all parts of Canada.

## WASTE PAPER PRICES

were never as high.
Paper mills are simply up against it for raw materials. An

baling press will earn money for you every day.

Made in 12 sizes.
CLIMAX BALER CO. Burton St., Hamilton, Ont.

## IT IS IMPORTANT!

If you have something to dispose of in goods or service that as many buyers as possible get to know you and your product. This can be accomplished through

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Canadian Grocer } \\
& 143 \text { Univerity Avenue, Toronto }
\end{aligned}
$$

## Successstul Merchants Bals Thar Wasto Paper



General Sales Co., - 203 Stair Bldg.; Toronto

# Perfection Computing Cheese Cutter <br> (IT IS ALL MADE IN CANADA) 

It is a Cheese Cutter worth having

## A REAL COMPUTER

and yet simpler than all others in construction and operation

Absolutely no figuring to do.

IT SAVES ITS COST in a
fow months and lasts a lifetime. BUY IT NOW.


AMERICAN COMPUTING COMPANY
HAMILTON, ONT.

IF BUSINESS
is BAD or GOOD you need a PROFIT SAVER.
BUY IT NOW

|||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||


# FIREPROOF <br> "NEW INTERNATIONAL SAFE REGISTER" 

SELF INDEXING
Alphabetical index enables operator to turn to customer's account instantly.

PETTY ACCOUNTS
Loss by Petty Charges and C.O.D Charges ellminated

DOOR
Door of new interlocking-flange design Fitted with heavy draw bolts. Back Waterproof as well as Fireproof
handee
Heavy Handle which throws the heavy draw holts to lock the Safe

## LOCK

Heavy three-tumbler interchangeable com bination lock. Simple and positive in action, will not get out of order


METAL LEAVES
Made of Bessemer Steel with individual account-carrying compartments

CABINET
Wooden superstructure in which accountcarrying leaves are operated during business

SAFE BASE
Safe in which the account-carrying leaves ire secured at night under combination lock for fire and burglar protection

## HINGES

Hinges of heavy Malleable construction

STEEL WALLS
Steel-enclosed walls filled with Fireproof Compound which solidifies the entire structure of the Safe

STOP GUESSING-KNOW: Büsiness should be EXACT. Be interested enough in yourself to safeguard your BUSINESS from constant DRAINS and LOSSES.
THE PERFECT "ONE WRITING" SYSTEM PROTECTS YOUR RECORDS FROM FIRE
The INTERNATIONAL ACCOUNT REGISTER SYSTEM has been proved by USE. It is what you WANT, FOR SAFETY'S SAKE WRITI: TO-DAY and GET THE FACTS.

## THE INTERNATIONAL SAFE COMPANY, LIMITED, FORT ERIE, ONTARIO

"Without exception the ablest book ever published on the subject of Coffee."-Mexican Investor.

## New and Illustrated Edition

## Coffee; Its History, Classification and Description By JOSEPH M. WALSH

A book of useful and accurate information, and everything pertaining to Coffee, being, at the same time, the fullest and most complete work of the kind ever published. It should be in the hands of every grocer and dealer.


#### Abstract

CONTENT8: Early History and Introduction, Geographical Distribution; Botanical Characteristics and Form ; Caltivation and Freparation; Commercial Classification and Description; Roasting, Glazing and Grinding; Adulteration and Detection; Chemical, Medical and Dietical Properties; Art of Blending and Preparing; World's Production and Consumption.


## 12 mo.

"A marvelous work, great in conception and great in execu-tion."-Texas Grocers' Review.
"The most exhaustive, interesting and instructive work ever published on Coffee."-Brooklyn Grocers' Gazette.
"An interesting and instructive work, of the greatest value to every Coffee roaster and dealer in general."-Trade Magazine.
"An attractive volume of aseful material to the Coffee trade, clear, concise and comprehensive."-Philadelphia Ledger.
"We cordially recommend the work to all interested in this Indispensable product. Every dealer in Coffee should possess a indispensable product. Every dealer in Coffee
"The work is of excertional interest and instructior, being attractively written and richly illustrated, and should be read by all who deal in or use Coffee."-Indianapolis Trade Journal.

By Mail, $\mathbf{\$ 2 . 1 0}$
"The work contains a vast amount of valuable information, condensed into a small compass, and is simply invaluable to the planter, dealer and consumer allke."-Merfoo Two Repubice.
"The author, Mr. Joseph M. Walsh, Is, without doubt, the greatest authority in America upon the subjeots of Tea and Coffee. The book before us is a repetition of his former achieve ment on Tea, which required several editions to supply the trade demand."-Maritime Grocer.
"An excellent and exhaustive work, containing a complete history as well as all necessary information on the cultivation and preparation of the Coffee berry. The volume will be found especially useful to the growers of this valuable rlant on the Central and South American Coasts."-Panama giar and Herald.

## Send your order to Book Department

We never think of trying to force a grocer to handle Red Rose Tea. We do not tell him that he cannot make a success of his tea department without Red Rose Tea. We know it is his right to decide what is best to buy for his own business. But we do try to show him that he can make more net profit and more satisfied customers with Red Rose Tea as his leader than he can with any other tea.

# T. H. Estabrooks Co., Limited 

Toronto<br>St. John<br>Winnipeg<br>Calgary

## Will you let your dollars melt away this Summer too?

Will you let the summer heat and the damp atmosphere of ordinary refrigerators keep on spoiling your perishables, sowing dissatisfaction among your customers, and dwindling your profits next to nothing ?
Decide now to put a stop to this unneeessary waste of hard-earned profits. Decide now, as hundreds of other grocers and butchers have done for over thirty years, that the Eureka is the only SAFE and SURE answer to most refrigerator problems.

Send for catalogue, or better still, call and see for yourself.

## Eureka Refrigerator Co., Ltd.

Brock Ave. Noble St. Earnbridge St. Phone Park 513
Head Office and Showrooms:
27-31 Brock Ave. Toronto, Canada
If any advertisement interests you, tear it out now and place with letters to be answered.


## The Colman-Keen Show Card will give your sales a big boost

With one of these eye-catching display cards in your store your customers will be reminded of the fact that you sell the Colman and Keen Products.

The quality reputation of these goods is world-wide; your customers know of them, and such a reminder as this will bring you still bigger sales and increased profits. If not already supplied, write us for one of these cards.

MAGOR, SON and COMPANY, LIMITED
30 CHURCH ST., TORONTO - 191 ST. PAUL ST. W., MONTREAL
agents for the dominion of canada

## MOODES $=$

And we want it just so we can send you a trial shipment of our guaranteed House Colors, to demonstrate to your satisfaction the big paint profits our line offers you.
This is a 10 -gallon shipment in assorted sizes, sufficient to show you that it pays to sell Moore's House Colors in season and out of season. We offer this assortment at a very attractive price, and the Moore "money-back-if-not-satisfied" guarantee applies to every single drop of it.
By selling on this returnable basis you are assured of lasting customer satisfaction, and your paint profits will steadily increase. Avail yourself of this unusual offer now by sending us your name and address. We'll send you the trial supply by return.

Benjamin Moore \& Co., Limited WEST TORONTO

# CANADIAN GROCER 

# Children As An Item in Business 

## How Children May be Made an Advertising Force for the Store - Getting on Good <br> Terms With the Children Has Proved of Financial Benefit to Many <br> Merchants-Some Novel Ideas That Have Been Tried and Found Satisfactory for Catering to This Trade.

ASTORE that wastes a single possible customer, is just by the amount of that single customer's business, falling below the possibilities of trade getting. Similarly a store that neglects to encourage any agency that will be a factor in gaining and holding these customers, is the weaker by the amount of this failure.
It is only in the last few years that the children's trade has begun to be considered as a thing in itself, and a matter worthy of the merchants' attention. This idea has come to itself however, and many merchants are now doing their best to encourage the friendship of the children.
with a space for the pupil's name, school and place. On the front and back covers the name of the firm is prominently featured, while the two inside covers give opportunity to call the attention to some of the lines handled by the store. It is a good advertising plan, for it is bound to eatch the attention of the parent in looking over the work of the child.

## Using a Scribbler to Draw Trade

Then also appearing on the cover appear the words: "Bring this book to our store when filled. One of them is worth ten cents on a two dollar cash purchase of shoes, clothing or dry goods." Now this is an idea that is not only going to


Interior of the T. B. Shillington Store, Blenheim, Ont. Mr. Shillington is seen in the centre of the picture.
T. B. Shillington, of Blenheim, Ont., is a believer in this factor in trade and has evolved a novel idea to interest the school children in his store. The idea is this. He gives every school child who comes. to the store a school scribbler
bring the child to the store but is making sure of bringing him back again.
Yes it costs something to give away scribblers free to every child who asks for one. Deducting 5 per cent. of your credit of your profit on purchases is also
an item. But its a very small item when you come to figure it out. Then there is this side to the question. By this means a vast number of children were drawn toward this store that possibly without this inducement might have gone elsewhere. If you can, say, double your sales from one source, the price of a scribbler and a decrease of 5 per cent. in the selling price would not bulk very large.

## Santa Claus Works for This Store

There is another idea that has been tried out in an eastern Ontario town and has proved a magnificent success, it is not an entirely novel scheme but is new in its application to the smaller stores. It is nothing less than the supposed arrival of Santa Claus to take up his headquarters in the store for the period just preceeding Christmas.

The scheme was started with telegrams purporting to come from Santa Claus from the North Pole. These were featured in the store window, and in advertisements in the local press. Every day or so these messages were changed to tell of the kind!y Saint's adventures on the way. In this way the interest was kept up. The children in the district all around were in a fever heat waiting for the day in which Santa was to arrive. Moreover arrive he did in a very realistic fashion from a station down the line clothed in the garb that any child would recognize in a million. Escorted by the local band he was driven in state to the store, while after him trailed every child in two counties or as many of them as could walk or were light enough to carry. It is a solemn fact that children were there from a distance of 20 miles. Arriving at the store they were permitted to enter the store and shake hands with Santa Claus, who presented each one of them
with a little present, then they passed out through the rear door after passing tables laden with toys that could not help but delight the heart of a child. There was a certain amount of expense conneeted with this idea too, but a mere nothing compared with the actual profit to the store. Why, as the manager of the store stated to a CANADIAN GROCER representative "there isn't a kid anywhere near here who knows there is another store but ours."

## Children the Best Advertisers

Well it is no use spending time pointing such a moral as that more than to say that to have the youngsters of a distriet boosting for any store, is about as sure an indication of ultimate success ns a five-figure balance in the bank.

## A Toy Dept. in Men's Store, Why Not in a Grocery

There is a well known Men's wear store in Ottawa, who have installed a toy department where they sell mechanical toys. People say, that is no sort of a line for a men's wear store to handle, just they protest that such and such a line is not suitable to a grocery store. Unsuitability is a matter of local conditions. A man for instance would be ill advised to feature pork sausages in a. Jewish settlement. Not that there is anything wrong with the Hebrew trade, nor yet with the pork sausage, except that in this particular locality they do not hiteh. But the matter of suitability is one that is worth thinking over. The people who deprecated the introduction of toys into that men's wear store were wrong. It proved a splendid success. How? Well it set up feeling of friendship between the boy and that store. The boy felt that he was being catered to,
and that touched his pride. The mechanical toys, caught his interest. He frequented the store, and was encouraged to do so. When that boy needed a suit of clothes or a pair of boots, he would move heaven and earth to get them at that store, if only that he might lead his mother past those mechanical wonders and have a chance of impressing on her mind the fact that he wou'dn't mind if someone, some time, made him a present of one of them. This is not theorizing, and yet on the face of it toys and clothing do not seem to be very closely associated. If it could be worked under those conditions. It is reasonable to believe that it would be still more effective in a general store.

## The Movies As an Advertising Factor

There is still another method of enlisting the children's attention that was brought to the attention of he CANADIAN GROCER in a Western Ontario town.

A local grocer believed that the children's trade was eminently worth going after. He reasoned, that running to the grocery store was one of the bugbears of childhood, and that many a good order had been lost because youngsters were unwilling to go to the store. Anything that had a tendency to make the grocer appear more or less in the light of a friend to the children, was bound, he thought to be a good move, because first of all that engenders a friendly feeling between the grocer and the children's parents, and then it fosters a good feeling between the child and the grocer, and as this merchant figured, he was going to be in business till he just naturally dropped off, there was the fact that these very children were apt to grow up and become householder and
housekeepers in their turn, and a good fellowship established with the child was apt to live.

## Familiarizing the Children With the Store Prices

The idea the merchant adopted was to hire the moving picture theatre for a couple of mornings during the holidays and invite all the school children to come as the guests of the store. Needless to say they came. During the changing of the reels the grocer was on the platform and talked to the youngsters in a jolly friendly strain. By relays too his clerks were brought in and talked or did some simple little tricks to interest the expectant youngsters.
It cost something to rent the moving picture show for two mornings, but not very much, because there were no shows in the morning anyway, and anything obtained was pure gain to the movie proprietor.
It didn't cost much and it gave the opportunity for the children to become acquainted with every member of the staff of the store, and especially with the proprietor. It was one of these advertising schemes whose value cannot be definitely measured. But the proprietor of that store, assured the CANADIAN GROCER, that this little scheme had paid him over and over again, in little instances that he was able to trace, and he confidently believed that there were numerous instances when this idea had served him well that were never brought to his attention.

These are only a few ideas gleaned here and there for gaining the friendship of the child. In every qne of whom the wise grocer will see a potential customer.


A display of provisions that is full of suggestions. The present is a good time to show these lines.

# Retail Merchants and the Rural Mail 

Taking Advantage of One of the Outstanding Agencies of the Mail Order Store Beating up Business With Post Cards - Some Other Suggestions For Using the Mails to Increase Business.

THE birth in recent years of the rural mail delivery has to a great measure transformed the trade situation of the country sections.

To hitch up Dobbin and drive to town for the mail and the newspaper was one of the accepted chores of farm life, until a beneficent government brought the post office to the farmer, instead of demanding that the farmer come to the post office.

Unquestionably this change has meant a very considerable difference in the trade of the small towns, not that less trade was done, that naturally couldn't be, but it was done in a good many instances by different agencies. We have heard the mail order store blamed for the introduction of parcel post, and it is generally inferred that on them also lies the responsibility for the rural post.

## Cataloguing Grocery Store Products

Now whatever the result of the rural mail, there can be no two opinions as to the great benefit it has been to the rural communities. That it has been made to serve the interests of the mail order house is unquestionable, but that can in no sense be used as an argument against it. The same use is open to all merchants. Indeed, there are a number of instances where there has been a most successful adaptation of this method of trade. One large store has adopted the idea of sending out a miniature catalogure. This catalogue is sent to a carefully selected list gleaned from the rural directories of the surrounding district. It has been the means of keeping the name of that store prominently before the people of the district, and has provided a suggestion, that has proved a good method of meeting the mai: orfier competition.

## A Service to Out of Town Folk

In the district around Montreal there are many p'aces where people live some six months of the year that are very poorly equipped with buying facilities. These people, therefore, have come to look for their home store to attend to their needs. Out of this condition has grown a service to the customer in out of the way places that could not possibly have been developed without the assistance of the parcel post. The Montreal stores that do this trade are naturally stores of the better class, a good many of whose patrons leave the city
for a third of the year at least. It has become a necessity for them to keep track of this trade, to follow it up by means of weekly letters suggesting needs and price of goods. These stores are not to any great degree affected by the activities of the mail order house, but they are faced by conditions similar to those brought about by this competition, and have found the rural mail and parcel post a satisfactory method of dealing with the situation.

## The Method Applied in Smaller Places

Moreover, some stores in small towns and rural communities are taking advantage of the opportunities opened up to them by means of this agency to enlarge the scope of their activities.

Perth, Ont., is not a large town, neither is it small, it is one of the averagesized towns that are the backbone of Canadian trade. But it is a town of more stores than the town itself actually requires. Therefore, it is a necessity to depend on the trade of the country around the town.

Now Perth is one of those places within the radius of the greatest activities of some of the large mail order houses. so that it meets a very keen competition throughout the rural district. This naturally brings to the fore the question as to what methods may be adopted to meet this competition.

## How the Postal Card Brings Trade

C. A. Farmer and his son, who have an attractive store in that town, have considered it wise to take a leaf out of the book of the mail order house, and make the postal department a part of their service, and also a part of their aggressive business methods.

There is nothing very startling about the means they have adopted. It is merely an idea for keeping their name before the buyers of the district.

With every order that goes out to a country customer, goes also an addressed post eard. When it is remembered that there are seven rural lines out of Perth, that cover a territory of some 20 miles each, it is easily seen how great an opportunity is here presented. But these cards do not merely go out with orders. When there is anything special that the firm have to offer, take for example soft summer fruits, a letter is sent out throughout the district stating that on such and such a day strawberries will be at their best and cheapest,
and requesting the reader to use the enclosed card to notify the store as to just what quantity they could use. In this way the store is able to gauge fairly accurately the amount of goods to be purchased. The mere matter of drawing their attention to the matter also, induces many people to buy who would not otherwise become purchasers, thus the store actually increases the business $t .2$ be done to its own advantage.

## The Farmers' Trade a Growing Factor

It must be remembered, that with the introduction of the rural post the farmers do not come to town with the same frequency that they used to. They are, therefore, not kept abreast of the novelties that the trade has to offer. They may have their list of staple groceries to be purchased when they come to town at the week end, but they are not brought under the influence of novelty lines, as the people who enter stores daily are. Now this didn't matter so much years ago, when the farmer was struggling along to make both ends meet, and didn't have any money to spare for anything that didn't have good brawn building qualities in it somewhere, but of recent years the farmer has managed to get both ends meeting very comfortably.
They not only meet but overlap, an I he is in a very comfortable condition indeed, and can better afford many of the luxury lines than many city folk. Yet. he is not brought into touch with these lines, and so a good customer is lost. Therein lies the chief value of the system of post cards adopted by the C. A. Farmer store. It keeps the buyer outside the town in touch with things, and with the store that has these things. Where these goods can be mailed it is possible thus to deliver them at a very moderate rate. Where this is impossible, the post card brings the suggestion to the mind of the farmer, and there are long odds in favor of the probability that when the farmer comes to town to sell his eggs and produce at the week end that he will remember these things.
This is not the only method this store adopts for attracting attention. They send out calendars, and have found them a good reminder. The local papers, too, are extensively used, and the advertisements are changed every week to keen the country customers abreast of the changing activity of the store.
(Continued on page 25.)

# Standard Remedies and Their Market 

A Western Store Cursed at for a Failure in Service, Adopted a System That Put the Drug Department at the Very Head of the Store's Money-Makers-Some Ideas Suggested by the Experience of This Merchant.

THERE is a small store in the Middle West that has made more or less of a reputation for itself in the simple matter of handling what the people need. It is not a large store as far as actual size goes, but it is the biggest thing in stores in a very considerable extent of country. Of course there are folks in that community who do their buying in Regina, and other towns, but that is a considerable step away, and the people thereabouts while prosperous in this worlds goods, are busy folk with little time to go gadding off about the country in search of things of daily household need.

Therefore this store is the growth of the needs of a community, which by the way is a pretty good reason for the growth of a store. But unless the needs of the community are adequately met this call is apt to be repeated, which is not quite so good for the success of the store.
Fortunately in this instance the man who saw this opportunity was a man of a good deal of insight, who also saw that there was more in store keeping than just making sales and gathering in the profit.

We regret that we cannot speak of this store by name, but the items in this store were given to us with the understanding that they should appear with no personal reference of any kind. Therefore we must be content to speak of this store impersonally. The owner, modestly stated that his was only a little store. Well that is true enough, but there are certain things about it despite its small size that are worthy of careful consideration. Some of these ideas are not new, or have only some new aspect. There is one point however that we believe well worth the attention of the average general storekeeper. That is the drug department. The Drug Department in a Prairie Store

The drug department in most general stores is merely one in name. It is too limited to justify the name. There are the few regular remedies, but no attempt to lay any emphasis on this one line. That is the reason that out of the varying activities of this little western store we are picking out this one item to draw to your attention.

The owner of the store prefaced his remarks on this department by stating that he had begun this department to make money, led on by the cheerful prevarications of the man who will always
be found to tell you that there is a 400 and 500 per cent. of profit in drugs. "Well," said our storekeeper, "it didn't take me more than a week to see that I would have to give up that rosy dream. Then one night a man came to my store asking for a certain kind of medicine for a sick child, and I didn't have it or anything like it, and there was no doctor anywhere within miles. The man was excited, and I remember that he cursed me. Not that that mattered much to me personally, but when I came to think about it, it dawned upon me that, it was a mighty poor idea to have a man curse a store because he couldn't get something there that he desperately needed. I think," he continued, "that was what led me to go into the drug end of this business a little more extensively than the average general store. Just the idea of having things there for people when they needed them. I would have been ashamed to death to have been without a supply of butter, and yet people can get alonr without butter well enough. But they don't usually spend money on medicine unless they actually need it, at least the folks around here don't. And I came to the conclusion that it was part of the service that I owed to these people to see that there was always something that could be used to help things out when there was sickness or injury around.

## A Venture in Philanthropy That Turned Out a Business Success

"I kind of made up my mind to do that just as a fellow in other circumstances would give a subscription to an orphan asylum. What I mean is that I didn't expect it to be much of a moneymaker for me. That's where I was fooled, however. All by itself it has made me a nice little pile of money in the past few years.
"I confess that once I had made up my mind to put in a half decent drug department the idea rather got hold of me, and I just couldn't help of thinking how to make the thing pay, and I worked out a lot of little schemes to help out.

## Using the Experience of the Horse

 Expert"For instance, there is a man about here who spent his early days around a training stable, now what that fellow doesn't know about horses, nobody need attempt to know. Well, I got him in the store one day, and got him telling how
to treat some of the injuries that horses are subject to. Everytime he mentioned a remedy of any kind I just wrote it down with a description of the kind of trouble that it was meant to cure. They were simple enough remedies all of them, but they were given to me by a man who actually knew horses, and moreover, someone whom every one knew was an authority on the spot. That started me out on that side of the business. Then, I tried to get a little knowledge of the cures most useful for simple little ailments, sore throat and colds, cuts and burns and bruises, and things of that kind. That gave me a pretty good list of things. Then I got a list of the best of the standard remedies. Once the doctor from a place about twelve miles from here went over a list with me, and once I ran up to Regina, and spent a day in a drug store there, where the man was decent enough to give me a lot of information.
"That was the basis of my medical knowledge, but it was enough to enable me to be a lot of help to the people around here, and they seemed to appreciate it. From that on my little drug business grew, and I began adding drug sundries, brushes, talcum powders, toilet waters and things of that kind.

## Moving the Drug Department to a Strategic Position

"Then it struck me that it wouldn't do any harm to make a little bit of a feature of this line. You know how it is usually squeezed away back in a dark corner. I made a little drug department right in the centre of the store.

Two big boxes with shelves fitted in them were placed back to back in the centre of the store near the entrance. There I kept the bigger stuff. Toilet paper, a few thermos bottles, and things of that description. On top of this again there were two other boxes facing out a little narrower than the others, and above that still another row, making a sort of stair.
"In the second box on the shelves I kept the larger bottled stuff, and on the bottom which was fixed like a drawer, there were the brushes and combs, and things of that nature. In the top boxes there were the smaller sized medicines, taleum powders and things of that kind. The only real expense to the whole affair was having glass doors put on those boxes, and when it was finished, it really made a very attractive display.


Here is an excellent arrangement of fruit and vegetables with a background arrangement of Easter illies-a good suggestion for an Easter window.

## The Selling Power of Display

"You would be surprised what a difference that made in our business in this line. People were interested in looking at this display, and that gave me a chance to talk these things a little, and you would be sarprised how that business boomed. Yet, we have only a little store, and not a very modern one. But we have always tried to give the people what they actually needed, and after that as much as possible what they wanted.
"It is always a wonder to me that general stores haven't gone into the sale of remedies, more. Of course they can't compete with the drug stores of the larger places. But there are such a lot of small places where there are no drug stores within miles. It should be a great opening for the stores there."

That is certainly an idea worth thinking over. There must be thousands of these stores that are letting a great opportunity slip through their fingers, by either paying no attention to this line, or paying such a half-hearted attention that it might almost be better left undone. Ponder this idea and see if there is any way to improve the service in this line that you are giving.
If you disagree with the idea of the storekeeper of this article let us hear from you. If you have improved on his methods, we would also be glad to know of it. It would seem that this standard remedy department is a great field of activity for the general store that speak-
ing in the most conservative terms might very easily be doubled.

## RETAIL MERCHANTS AND THE RURAL MAIL

(Continued from page 23.)
In all their dealings with the farmer the firm pays strictly eash prices. That places them in a very satisfactory position in regard to the farmer. This business is kept on a cash basis entirely. The farmer getting cash for the goods he brings in naturally does not expect to receive credit on his purchases. By adopting this system it has been possible to keep on the friendliest of terms with the farmer, without the extensive credit outlay that the farmers' trade in many instances involves.

The firm, believes where possible, in buying in quantities. Apples and potatoes are usually bought in car lots, while other commodities are also handled in large quantities. For instance the firm bottles its own supply of honey which it buys in 60 -pound tins. In one year alone they have disposed of 2,000 pounds of honey. So much for the activities of one firm that has found it worth their while to take advantage of every agency that has been presented for furtherance of the business of the store.

The London Retail Grocers' Association are putting on a Pure Food Show at the Princess Rink, the week of April 23 to 28th.

## MONTREAL FRUIT MAN REPORTS

 ON FLORIDA PROSPECTSH. L. Vipond of George Vipond and Co., Montreal has just returned from Cuba and Florida where he has gone thoroughly into the Produce situation. He has arranged for shipments of Cuban tomatoes, until the Florida crop comes on. Mr. Vipond reports that in the Miami section of Florida, it is not expected that they will be able to ship till around April 15. On the other coast there will be none offering for from three weeks to a month. This is of course due to the very severe frost of some weeks ago, that has retarded the growth of everything by about a mouth.

## MARGARINE TO BE DISCUSSED AT OTTAWA

Headed by representatives of the Board of Trade, a Montreal delegation waited on Acting Premier Sir George Foster and Hon. Martin Burrell, Minister of Agriculture, and urged the introduction of margarine as a solution of the high prices demanded for butter. R. M. Ballantyne, representing the Board of Trade, pointed out that the introduction of margarine would not injure Canadian agricultural interests, but would prove a stimulus to the production of butter. and would not have the effect of discouraging the farmers from producing as much as they are doing at present. Sir George Foster replied that the matter would be discussed at length in the Houses when Parliament reopens.

# CANADIAN GROCER <br> ESTABLISHED 1886 

The Only Weekly Grocery Paper Pubushed in Conada. THE MACLEAN PUBLISHING COMPANY, Limited

JOHN BAYNE MACLEAN<br>H. T. HUNTER<br>H. V. TYRRELL<br>> President > Vice-President > General Manager

Publishers of Canadian Grocer, Hardware and Metal. The Financial Post, Maclean's Magazine, Farmer's Magazine, Dry Goods Heview, Men's Wear Beview, Printer and Publisher, Bookseller and Stationer, Canadian Machinery and Manufacturing News, The Power House, offices:
CANADA-Montreal-Rooms $701-702$ Eastern Townships Bank Building; Telephone Main 1255. Toronto-143-153 University Ave.; Telephone Main 7324. Winnipeg-22 Royal Bank Building; Phone Garry 2313
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GREAT BRITAIN-London-The MaoLean Company of Great Britain, Limited, 88 Fleet Street, E.C. E. J. Dodd, Dí
SUBSCRIPTION: Canada, $\$ 3.00$ a year; Great Britain, South Africa and Weat Indies, i2s. 6d. a year; United States, $\$ 3.50 \mathrm{a}$ year; other countries, \$h.00 a year. Single copies, i0c, invariably in adrance.

PUBLISHED EVERT FRIDAT.
Circulation of Canadian Grocer has been audited by the Audit Bureau of Circulation. Copy of report will be sent to anyone interested.

No. 13

## THE HIGH COST OF DELIVERY

THE United States Census Bureau, one of those departments that revel in a mass of figures, has been engaged in the compilation of statistics on the cost of delivery. This investigation proves that for four of the important classes of commodities, coal and wood, milk, ice and departmental store merchandise, which unquestionably represents a very considerable part of actual living costs, the delivery charges average more than 8 per cent. of the total cost to the customers. It is hardly just to the different commodities mentioned to scramble them in this way, the item of department store goods, might be anything or everything, but according to the statistics delivery charges on these items represented only 2 per cent. of the selling price. For milk the cost of delivery is 12 per cent. of the selling price for coal and wood 19 per cent. and for ice 45 per cent.

The departmental stores certainly have their faults, but when we can pick out a bright spot we like to do so, and the example of their delivery charges glitters like a paste diamond. We wonder how many grocers can set their delivery charges as low as 2 per cent.

## THE MAIL ORDER MENACE

THE Wholesale and Retail Grocery trade is at last waking up to the fact that the Mail Order House is an enemy to be taken seriously. This is made very manifest by the meeting held in the Board of Trade Rooms in Toronto, a report of which appears in this issue. Similar reports coming from all parts of Canada intimate that this agitation is growing.

The Canadian Grocer and other trade papers, has been calling attention to this menace for a great many years past, but with only indifferent success. It needed the pinch of actual danger to focus the
attention of the trade. It is to be hoped that the interests are sufficiently awake to the dangers presented by the mail order situation, to make some active move to meet the situation.

When all is said and done however, the best answer to such competition is a satisfactory service emanating from the locality store. There are enough instances on record to prove that even with the vast opportunities and privileges that great organizations enjoy, it is still possible to meet them successfully on this ground.

We do not pretend to argue the justice of these unusual privileges, but only that the case of the retail store will be all the stronger if it can see and emulate the good points in a bad system and can in a measure at least pattern its service on the idea of service developed by the mail order store.

## the high cost of investigation

$T$ HE mania for investigating the High Price of every commodity or activity except the one in which the investigator happens to be interested is growing with the passing days.

In the United States despite the repeated justifications that have followed the investigation of certain industries the investigations go merrily on. In our own country, that persevering investigator Mr. $\mathrm{O}^{\prime}$ 'Connor is still investigating. He is investigating and condemning the Equalized Sugar Rate, for instance, despite the fact that he is reported to have himself admitted that it is probably the cheapest and most equitable method of doing business yet devised.

Now is it to be remembered that Mr. O'Connor draws a substantial salary, a very substantial salary, second only to that of a cabinet minister. Not unnaturally perhaps, Mr. O'Connor does not wish to see that handsome salary being diverted from his pocket. Therefore, the investigations must go on in order to provide Mr. O'Connor and others like him with a semblance of an excuse for drawing this handsome return for their labors. But when we actually get down to brass tacks, does not the whole proceeding seem a farce.

Here is machinery provided for dealing with abnormal economic conditions, that is costly machinery, yet in the many months in which it has been grinding on their peaceful and personally profitable way in Ottawa, there has not been one single effectual thing accomplished. The trade of Canada has been put to a vast amount of inconvenience and annoyance, but in no single instance has there been any proof adduced of any malpractice. More important still, there has not been a single instance where the investigation has resulted in a reduction of prices. It is a profitless business and a very expensive one to maintain.

A fruitful matter for investigation, might be an investigation turned back on itself. How much we wonder is Canada paying for this cumbersome investigating machinery that produces nothing.

# Reckless Stock Carrying 

# Careless Accounting - Slipshod Statement-Dangerous Condition Must be Corrected -Some Instructive Inquiries and the Answers Thereto 

By Henry Johnson, Jr.

HERE is a deplorable condition which accounting, even of moderate efficiency, would have prevented. True, you will think that even good bookkeeping could hardly help one who buys so recklessly; but it would. Let us see. Here is the letter:
"We would appreciate it if you would give us any information you can after looking over our inventory.

| Merchandise on b | \$9,500.00 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Fixtures | 1,500.00 |
| Accounts | 2,750.00 |
| Notes | 450.00 |
| Cash | 450.00 |
| Credit memo. | 75.00 |
|  | \$14,725,00 |
| Owe bank | . $87,000.00$ |
| Owe merchandise | 1,000.00 |
|  | $8,000.00$ |
|  | \$6,725.00 |

"We cleared about $\$ 2,000$ last year above living and expenses. Did $\$ 54,000$ business. Our stock is a.l first class, accounts good. What we desire to do this year is to run down the stock and pay up bank to stop interest."
Let us note in passing the suspicious roundness of these figures-no odd dollars or cents. I have never had my stock, cash on hand, bil's owing and accounts outstanding, work out so prettily. This is not captious fault-finding either. I call attention to it as evidence of loose methods; such methods as lead one to question all statements made. For example, I have no confidence that this concern made $\$ 2,000$, either exactly or "abont," last year.

Next, we have the stated $\$ 9,500$ stock with sales of $\$ 54,000$ a year. This is a turnover of a little better than $41 / 2$ times. 40 per cent. of fairly normal, 33 1-3 per cent. of really good conditions. Such sales justify a stock of $\$ 3.600$ to $\$ 4,320$; so there is bere a burden of dead goods equal to between $\$ 5,000$ and $\$ 6,000$.

Taking all these figures at par, deduction must be made of the F. \& F.. $\$ 1,500$, to get the quick assets. That leaves $\$ 13.225$, against which there is indebtedness of $\$ 8,000$, and shows upwards of 60 per cent. lien-less than 40 per cent. clear. If all juice were squeezed out of the assets-figures, I hesitate to think how the concern would look. Why, this condition is nothing short of denlorable.
Even if evervthing is taken at face, $\$ 14$.725 , the $\$ 8,000$ against it is very nearly 55 per cent., so the concern has less than a half interest in its possessions.

Altogether it looks like simple bull luck that nobody has taken steps to
force things as yet; and these people had better get busy right off to reduce their indebtedness and get things into more wholesome condition before something really serious occurs.

## Cut Out Buying and Sell Unrelentingly

The data furnished is so incomplete that I cannot advise with full knowledge. I do not know what expenses there are, so cannot judge of that end. I have no history to indicate how that figure of "about $\$ 2,000$ " is obtained. I have no indication of the average margin earned or figured in the business. But one thing is plain: stock must go down over 50 per cent., and the way to do that is to STOP BUYING.
I could say stop buying absolutely; but that might be misunderstood. So here is what can be done, and must be done. Buy every week or every day what you must have for current needs in the minimum quantity. Your sales are around $\$ 180$ daily, so maximum average purchases cannot exceed $\$ 144$ daily. An ideal to be aimed at is that purchases shall not exceed 70 per cent. of sales. That wou'd cut you down to $\$ 126$ daily average. But these averages contemplate a healthy condition of stock. and your condition is unhealthy; so yon must cut deeper-very much deeper. My recommendation is that you limit your purchases to $\$ 75$ daily- $\$ 450$ weeklyand get inside of that as much as you can possib!y accomplish.
How 9 Buy no futures at all. Contract for nothing whatever for future de'ivery, no matter how good it looks; no matter what story or song-and-dance is promulgated by the seller. If you usually buy five cases of tomatoes or corn for current stocks, buy one case hereafter. In the case of seldom-sold articles, cut them out and piek up an item here and there from your neighbors at time of demand. Men who have money can buy at any time-one can always BUY. You have no money, so you cannot buy now. Get the monev out of that stock and you can buv again: but it is my guess that you will so learn bv this experience that never will vou feel again the same necessity to buy that you have felt in the past.
It is not an easy job. You will find that your stock-"all first class," as you sav-will become mightlv s'!uggish once von attempt to get rid of it as it stands. Rut on to and keep after it. Get it out and SELL it. Items which move
slowly must be pushed. Get them sold at any old price to get your capital free from them.

You can take out of stock and accounts enough to wipe out that $\$ 7,000$ at the bank in about 12 to 15 months if you work determinedly. That will not only save you $\$ 420^{\circ}$ to $\$ 490$ annual interest, not only conserve to you earnings on $\$ 10,000$ to $\$ 15,000$ annual sales; but will bring home to you the meaning of Robert Burns' lines-the most inspiring that a merchant can memorize:

Not for to hide it in a ditch;
Not for a train attendant;
But for the glorious privilege
Of being independent.
Take this to your banker; tell it to your jobbers; be frank and above board about it all; and my word for it you will be glad you did it within a very short time.

And Good Luck to you-spell it Pluck, though, to get the right combination!

## Where Get the Right Books?

I am asked where you can get the ledger and six-column journal I have described. These can be bought from any stationery store. If not in stock, they can be got from a wholesale stationer, or your jobber will piek them up for you.
Bear in mind that you may be better served by an eight-column journal than a six-column; and you can get the eight just as easily as the six. Also, you can use the Harvard sheets as well as my ledger. A very little study of them will indicate how.

Some good letters in already; but I want more of them. Are YOU going to write !

## LARGE ORDERS FOR DRIED PRODUCTS

British Columbia Government Orders Two Million Pounds of Dried Vegetables From Farmers
Hon. Martin Burrell, Minister of Agriculture, in reply to a letter from Mayor Todd, of Victoria, B.C., suggesting that the Government place orders at fixed rates with the farmers. states that he understands orders had been plaeed in British Columbia for dried mixed vegetables and dried potatoes aggrezating more than two million pounds of the dried products and adding that "it does not seem feasible to make direct eontracts with the farmers."

# Some Difficulties of the British Import Embargo Announced 

Remainder of This Year's Crop of Apples Can be Exported up to the Extent of Fifty Per Cent. of Former Years<br>-An Outline of the Apples Available on the the Continent-Heavy Orders for Canned Salmon put Industry in Strong Position.

THE Canadian Government has been notified that there will be permission granted for the importation of fresh apples up to 50 per cent. of the importations of 1916. This applies however only to the present crop, and does not effect importations of next year's goods when the crop is expected to be large. Under the present ruling all apple shipments of next season's crop will be absolutely barred.
The loosening of the embargo is not of any great moment at the present time, as there is no very large holding of apples remaining.

Apples available in Canada at the present are approximately as follows:


| $\begin{gathered} \text { Barrels } \\ 55,000 \end{gathered}$ | Boxes |
| :---: | :---: |
| 8,750 | .... |
| 3.150 | .... |
| 3,500 |  |
| 7.500 | 5,500 |
| 1,500 | 3,000 |
|  | 200 |
| 400 | .... |
| 1.700 |  |
|  |  |
| $\ldots .$. | 9,000 3,000 |
| $\ldots$ | 20,000 |
|  | 13,000 |
| 1,500 | ,500 |

Even in the United States the holding is unusually light. Combined holdings reported aggregate $1,280.473$ barrels as against $2,543,043$ last year and 2,065 ,654 boxes compared with $2,096,432$, at March 1, last year.
These figures would seem to indicate that the export trade will not be a great factor in the apple situation for the balance of this season.

## Canned Salmon in Strong Position

In the regard to the embargo imposed on canned salmon, the permission to import up to 50 per cent. of last year's imports, along with the British governmental agreement to purchase 600 tons of Canadian salmon per month, has placed the B.C. Canneries in a very happy situation. Under this heavy buying there is little doubt that the coming catch will move off without difficulty, and it is probable that there will not be any marked fluctuation in prices.

LONDON, ONT. GROCERS ENTERTAIN FRIENDS

AT the last regular meeting of the London Retail Grocers' Association, the president, Norman McLeod, announced that as there were pre-
sent many of their friends of the wholesale trade as well as a number of visiting merchants from St. Thomas, the regular order of business would be suspended until the next regular meeting, and the gathering thrown open for a general discussion of business topics.

Mr. Turnbull gave the retail merchants many good suggestions on the methods used by successful merchants and also urged the grocers not to cut each others throats. Archie McPherson of Elliott, Marr Co., gave an outline of the order in council that the Minister of Labor was putting into effect, also the Knowles Bill. He claimed the ruling was one-sided and urged the grocers present to join hands with the Retail Merchants' Association to have an Inland Trade Commission appointed. A. M. Smith and John Garvey also spoke in favor of these activities.
James McDougall, of the St. Lawrence Sugar Refining Co., spoke on the evils of price-cutting and doing business without a legitimate profit.

Fred Lawrason, of F. S. Lawrason \& Co., spoke at length on selling quality goods and urged the merchant to talk quality and service, instead of bargains, as the public had no confidence in the bargain man. Lew Egan, of Egan Bros., spoke on behalf of the St. Thomas Grocers. Mr. Egan said the grocers had themselves to blame for the puilic looking upon the grocer, as nothing more or less than a slave. It was legal for labor unions to unite and strike, but not jor the retail grocers, he claimed. If they would all unite in one body the Govern. ment of the country would have to listen to them. Mr. Egan was loudly applauded. C. C. Raison also spoke for the St. Thomas grocers. Harry Ranahan spoke on behalf of the London Retail Grocers. and emphasized, what Mr. Egan, of St. Thomas had said, that the merchant should elevate his business to a higher level.
After this discussion, the gathering adjourned to the next room where a dainty buffet lunch was served.

Alderman Gordon Drake, Thos. Shaw and Harry Harley were the energetie workers on the Refreshment Committee.
R, H. Cook and D. H. MeIntyre, of St. Thomas, promised to come to all the social evenings put on by the London

Grocers, as they enjoyed every moment of it.

During the evening Chas. Finney and Gordon Granger gave several solos, and E. J. Ryan gave a monologue. Hugh Overend was the accompanist. After those present had a smoke and social chat the meeting was brought to a close.

## SERVICE DEPARTMENT

## Cars of Potatoes for Sale

Geo. C. Cruce Shell Brook, Sask. Can you give the names of a number of responsible firms dealing in potatoes in car lots?

Ans.-This information has been sent by letter.

## White Clover and Buckwheat Honey

Mutual Purchasing Co., Winnipeg, Man. Will you forward per return mail names of firms putting up white clover and buckwheat honey?

Ans.-Information forwarded by letter.

## Has Maple Syrup on Bulk

H. J. Muchanan, Waberly, Ont.

Can you give me the names of any dealers in maple syrup to whom I could ship syrup in quantities.

Ans.-This information has been forwarded direct.

## The Economy Store

J. F. Holleway, Lindsay. Ont.

Some months ago you had an article on the Economy Store. I would :ike to go over that again and would be obliged if you could locate it tor me?

This article, The Economy Store in America appeared in the August 11th issue, 1916. A copy has been sent.

Canadian Agents Keen's Mustard
Will you kindly advise us the names of the Canadian agents of Keen's Mustard ${ }^{\prime}$
D. L. McKinnon and Sons, Sudbury, Ont. Ans.-Messrs, Major Sons and Co., Montreal and Toronto, are the Canadian agents for this product.

## FRANCE BARS ALL IMPORTS Except Those Specially Admitted for Distribution Pro Rata.

The French Minister of Commerce by authority of the Cabinet has issued a decree prohibiting all imports except those authorized specifically by Government upon application, which must be referred to a committee in which the Ministries interested, Parliament and the Chamber of Commerce of Paris are represented. The products imported under special permits will be distributed among merchants and manufacturers pro rata to their requirements.

# Should the Manufacturers Make Prices? 

Opinions on a Live Subject-Knowles Bill Being Opposed in Many Quarters-How it Affects the Retailer-Opinions Wanted from Readers.

The great majority of men in Canada are not able to talk intelligently on the subject of price maintenance-for the good and simple reason that this is a semi-technical subject, and one that has not commonly or acutely come up for study. Among advertising men, especially advertising managers of firms making a standardized, identified product, marketed with the aid of advertising; and among manufacturers of a trademarked product of high quality, the subject of fixed re-sale prices has for a long time been one of prime concern. But for the general run of men, price maintenance as a name and proposition is without significance.
Because of all this, CANADIAN GROCER proposes to provide here and now some information and opinion on the matter of price maintenance, of the manufacturer's claimed right to fix and enforce the price at which his product shall be retailed.

## Some Illustrative Examples

The subject of price maintenance will take on greater c'arity for many minds if we make its applications and relations specific. Examples of fixed re-sale prices -fixed, that is, by the manufacturer-are:-

## Arrow collars, two for 30 cents.

Columbia Grafonolas, $\$ 15$ to $\$ 350$.
Waterman fountain pens, $\$ 2.50$.
Belding's silk fabries, $\$ 1.25$ to $\$ 2.50$.
Jiffy-Jell, two packages for 25 e .
Palmolive specialties, 25 c and 50 c .
Overland motor cars, $\$ 930$.
Pears' Soap, 15c.
Shredded wheat, 2 packages for 25 c . And so on, and so on.
The prices indicated in the above examples are advertised prices - prices stated in the makers' advertisements. But it does not follow, in every instance, that these fixed prices are enforced prices.
A familiar example of a fixed and enforced price is the Waterman Fountain Pen, $\$ 2.50$. This pen is sold to dealers only on specific agreement that it shall be retailed at the price or prices fixed by the makers. Similarly many other advertised lines are sold to dealers with an agreement by which the dealer contracts to sell at the prices fixed by manufacturers. In many other cases, the price fixed and advertised by the manufacturer is cut by the dealer-not by all dealers, but by some who hope by this pricecutting to attract and divert trade.

The price fixed and advertised by the
maker, when not enforced, is intended to assist the retailer to sell the pricefixed article with greater ease, and to obtain a full profit. It is intended to protect the consumer against an exorbitant price-this by making him familiar with a right price. The advertised fixed price is also designed to facilitate the sale of the article universally-by making the price uniform in all parts of the country.
Many advertised trade-marked or identified commodities have no prices fixed by the maker; their re-sale price is left entirely to the dealer. For example, the resale prices of Old Dutch Cleanser. Sunkist Oranges, Yale Locks, and Grape Nuts are not indicated in the public advertising; and the inference is that the dealer may set his own price, being governed always by the commonly prevailing price and by local competition.
In some cases, from the nature of the goods, the retailers of advertised identified goods are in reality the special agents of manufacturers. Thus pianos, phonographs, typewriters, adding machines, motor cars, agricultural implements, are commonly sold through designated dealers or agents, in which case retail price control is comparatively simple, for the relation between agent and maker is a direct one. But in the case of those commodities sold commonly through Jobbers-trade-marked grocery specialties, hardware specialties, drug specialties, and so on-it is obviously much more difficult to enforce or control resale prices.

## The Question of Public Interest

The query will have arisen in many minds-Is it in the interests of consumers to have re-sale prices fixed and enforced 9
The natural quick conclusion is that it is a good thing for the consumer to be able to buy what he wants at the lowest possible price-at prices fixed by competition. Also, many will be inclined to say at the beginning of their thinking on this subject, that for a maker to fix and enforce the re-sale price of his product is a "trust" or "combine" procedure, that it is taking away from the liberty of the dealer, that it is a sort of mug's game by which the maker can set any old price on his product and get away with it.
But one runs up very early in his honest thinking against the price-cutting practice with its long train of evil consequences; and one is compelled in
fairness to ask the question: Whether it is better, in the public interest, and in the interest of the consumer, for pricecutting to flourish; or for there to be universal uniformity of price on standard, identified goods? Or to put the question in concrete terms: Whether it is better, in the public interests, and in the interests of the consumer, to have Kodaks sold at maker-fixed or at dealermade prices 9 or to have Hoosier Kitchen Cabinets sold at maker-fixed or at dealer-made prices? or to have Ford Motor Cars sold at maker-fixed prices or at dealer-made prices? and so on. When one puts the question in specific terms to the intelligent consumer, the probability is that he will reply-"I prefer a maker-fixed and enforced price to deal-er-made prices." And in saying this the consumer says in effect: "I have more faith in the justice and fairness of the price fixed by the maker than in the price any dealer would charge me if the retail price were left entirely to him."

## Makers' Versus Dealers' Price

Right here one begins to get at the kernel of the nut; and the whole question of price maintenance begins to take on an added luminosity.

Dealer-made prices are decidedly less trustworthy, taking them by and large, than are maker-fixed prices. In the case of a standardized, identified product, it is difficult for the dealer to get an excessive profit - difficult because of the public's knowledge of the retail value of the advertised, standardized, identified product. Such products, as a rule, have a fairly level maximum retail price. Any variation from this commonly known, recognized, and accepted price, is downward rather than upward. And dealers after big profits prefer, as a rule, to sell unadvertised, unstandardized, unidentified goods - merchandize which the public cannot accurately value or make price comparisons on. On such goods dealers rely on making a generous, if not an excessive, profit.
Just here it may be well to define what is meant by "standardized, identified," as applied to merchandise. By "standardized" is meant goods that have a known and maintained standard of quality: By "identified" is meant goods branded or trade-marked and mak-er-acknowledged. The two terms taken together usually imply extensive advertising, and accepted responsibility for the high quality and all-round satisfactoriness of the goods.

The question arises-Is it better for the community at large, and for individuals and families in particular, to be supplied with standardized, identified goods or with goods of no established or declared quality, made by no revealed maker, and for which no responsibility is accepted or redress possible, should the goods prove unsatisfactory? The question carries its own answer.

## Where Price-cutting Occurs

Price-cutting, from the nature of things, takes place commonly on standardized, identified goods. There is little significance or conviction in an advertisement which reads:-

Moirette Petticoats, regular value $\$ 10$; special price, Thursday, $\$ 5$.
Every woman of common sense knows that both of these prices are arbitrary-dealer-made. The very gulf between the "regular"' price and the special price suggests original and tremendous priceinflation.

But should a dealer advertise:Quaker Puffed Wheat, regular 15c., special, 10c.,
then the consumer knows that a genuine reduction or bargain is offered.
Price-cutting as it Affects the Retailer
Let us look at price-cutting from the point of view of the retailer of an advertised, standardized, identified commo-dity-say, Ingersoll Dollar Watch.

This watch is admittedly excellent value and is in great demand. Suppose that some big store in a populous community cuts the price to 79 cents, and advertises this price extensively. The instant local effect will be that smaller dealers-

Will have to meet the cut price;
Or struggle to maintain the regular price;
Or quit selling the Ingersoll watch.
If they meet the eut price they will be selling at a clear loss. If they struggle to maintain the regular price, this in the face of the known fact that the watch can be obtained elsewhere for 79 cents, they run the risk of losing a customer permanently, and they are under the necessity of putting energy and time into the sales process, to overcome the buyer's resistance.

If they cease handling the Ingersoll Watch, their customers who ask for this watch are disappointed, and perhaps offended, affirming that the dealer is a "back number." In any case, the small dealer suffers.

There are two points to be noted in connection with the above illustration: one is that it takes a minimum of time and energy on the part of the dealer or his staff to sell a widelyadvertised, standardized, identified artiele whose price is maintained universally, for it is already fully sold in a very real sense to the customer; the
other is that it is of advantage to the public to be able to get widely-advertised and desired goods everywhere without the effort of search.

Also, there is an economic question involved in this illustration; it is in the public interest that the distribution of the merchandise of general consumption shall be widespread and in many hands rather than centralized in a few big stores. Also, it is far better for community growth and prosperity that there shall be many retailers of the commodities of common consumption rather than few retailers. What is wanted is not so much fewer retailers, but more efficient retailers.

## Price-cutting Hurts the Manufacturer

In the Ingersoll Watch illustration, as above, is involved the manufacturer's interest. Is it a good thing for a manufacturer's product to be sold only by a few big dealers? or is it better from his point of view to have a multitude of small dealers distributing his merchandise? Perhaps the answer to this question is to be given by each individual manufacturer concerned. Some manufacturers openly declare that they prefer to have the big distributors-the department stores and big local retailersas customers rather than multitudes of little shops. They say that their selling expense is greatly reduced when they sell to a few big distributors. This is admitted because it is obvious. But, generally speaking, the makers who prefer to sell to a few big distributors are making unidentified merchandise, and, therefore, unadvertised, merchandisethat is, nationally advertised merchandise. As for the makers of nationally advertised merchandise, they, as a rule, seek and desire the greatest possible number of distributors, because thus are maximum sales achieved.
Coming back to the Ingersol! Watch case; if the distribution were confined to a few big stores, the total sales would of a certainty be less than if 10,000 dealers in Canada were selling this watch. As a matter of fact. the Ingersoll Dollar Watch is sold by 100,000 dealers on this continent, and it is an inevitable conelusion to draw that it is this very fact of widespread distribution, joined to extensive and long-maintained advertising, that has bnilt up the vast business of the makers of this wateh.
Go one more step in the consideration of this case: suppose that the distribution of the Ingersoll Watch fell into the hands of a few big dealers-the result of price-cutting, there would probably be an eventual inclination to subordinate this line, and perhaps an elimination of it altocether; this for two plain reasons: When they had secured a practical mononolv of sa!e, the advertising and trade-attracting value of the line offered at a cut price would cease, for
there would be no trade-diversion; also, the very fact that the watch was being sold at a cut, and presumably non-profityielding price, the desire to sell it would decline to the disappearing point; at which time the Ingersoll Wateh makers would be without a business.

The economic fact is that cutting the price of a standardized, identified and nationally advertised commodity, while it may temporarily speed up local and individual demand, tends to reduce distribution; and this in turn leads to reduced consumption; and this in turn leads to the practical ruin of a business, and to the wiping out of the value of the trade-mark built up by years of sedulous effort and extensive advertising.

One asks, therefore: Is price-cutting, in its consequences, good for retailers, manufacturers and consumers? For let it be remembered that consumers are related directly or indirectly to manufacturing prosperity.

Competition of the unfair kind - the competition developed and fostered by price-cutting-is unhealthy, baneful and ruinous.

## Price-cutting and the Consumer

In the last analysis it is the consumer's interest that must be considered in arriving at an answer to the question: Is the principle of price maintenancethe right of the manufacturer to fix and enforce the re-sale price of his goodsgood for the consumer, and desired by the consumer?

Some contend that price maintenance raises the cost of living; that it is an effort to obtain higher than fair or reasonable pirces from the consumer; that it is an expedient to enrich the manufacturer. But those who argue thus have not, as a rule, given the whole broad matter any serious, deep, wide and prolonged consideration. Their judgments and conclusions, as a rule, are of the "snap", variety, superficial and feathery. These good people, who may be very honest, see in price maintenance a foe to open competition, and a studied, calculated effort to enhance the final price-the price to be paid by the consumer.

## What Happens When Re-sale Prices Are Too High

It is to be admitted, frankly, that in regard to certain specific articles or produets of the identified, standardizel kind, the consumer price is excessively high-altogether out of relation to the cost of production. But the articles of this nature are, as a general thing, patented, and so are mononolies.

A well-known article, selling retail at $\$ 5$, is a much-quoted example of a standardized, identified product in which the re-sale price is many times its production price. Yet in swite of this fact and knowledge, the artiele
continues to be the most largely consumed of its class. There is no compulsion of the public to make them buy this particular article; it is bought out of free-will, and this in face of the fact that other articles of the same type can be purchased at from $25 \mathrm{c} u \mathrm{p}$. Incidentally, it may be stated, as a reply to the argument that price maintenance reduces competition, that since this article was put on the market, at least 40 others of the same general type have appeared; and they have appeared because of the very high price of the criginal product; which means that any maker who puts a high resale price on his product, away above the costs of production and selling; and who, by advertising, creates a great demand for his product and type of product, merely invites competition instead of suppresses it.

Here it may be remarked that the majority of price-fixed, price-enforced, standardized, identified and advertised goods are more or less luxuries; that is they can be done without or replaced with something very much cheaper. Su that price-maintenance, even if it does mean an unreasonably high consumer's price, does not necessarily work any injury to the individual consumer; he or she may always refuse to buy, or may choose some cheaper substitute or equivalent. If consumers elect of their own free-will to buy the high-priced trademarked and advertised article, when they are free and able to buy a cheaper, even if less satisfactory and acceptable, substitute article, is the blame for the seeming extravagance to be charged up to the manufacturer, or to the retailer? The higher cost of living is not to be charged to the makers of advertised, standardized, identified articles of food. dress, convenience, indulgence or luxury; but to the free!y-exercised will of the people who choose to buy the high-est-priced goods, and to the inexorable laws of supply and demand. Yet there are those who argue that if the right $t \circ$ fix and enforce re-sale prices be taken away from manufacturers, be refused them, or taken from them, the cost of living will fall. It is rather muddy argument and not at all convincing. Probably what the foes of the price-maintenance principle have in mind is combines of makers or producers to corner and control the price of commodities, and they confuse this with the admitted freedom of a maker of an article of which he has no monopoly to sell to the dealer at any price he likes.

## The Maker's Right to Fix the DealerPrice

riease note this carefully: it is granted by the foes of price maintenance that the manufacturer may fix the price to the dealer at what he wills, but they
deny him the equal privilege or right to take a further step and fix the re-sale price-the price the consumer must pay; they leave this re-sale price to the dealer to fix, knowing full well that if the dealer has liberty to fix the price to consumers, he will exact more from them, if competition permits him to do so, than will be required of them if the maker fixes the re-sale price!

As proof of this point, it suffices to say that retailers complain that the makers of advertised, standardized, identified, price-fixed goods rarely or never allow them a sufficient profit; which means that they fix the re-sale price too low! So one asks again-Is it a bad thing for consumers to allow the manufacturer to fix and enforce the re-sale price?

## The Knowles Bill Ill-considered

The bill proposed by Mr. Knowles would appear to be an ill-considered one. To make it achieve the ends it aims at, he ought to make provision in it for a limitation of the manufacturer in fixing the price to the dealer-this first of all. Then having fixed this, the fixed re-sale price-to the consumercan safely be left to the manufacturer and dealer to settle.
If, however, the law of the land shall undertake to meddle with a manufacturer's production and selling costs, the new state of things will be worse than that which now obtains. Costs of raw materials, labor, manufacturing, overhead, distribution, merchandising and advertising. will all have to come under regulation; and what manufacturer will stand for such a supervision and interference with his business?

## Department Store Influences

The pronounced foes of price main tenance are not the retailers or the con-sumers-this is said advisedly, but the department stores. They delight to sell nationally advertised goods of standard quality with a knife in their hands. To cut the price of nationally advertised and standardized goods, either as a trade magnet or as an expedient to kill off altogether the competition of nationally advertised goods on which the consumer price is known, is their pleasure and bait.

Department stores are notoriously unfriendly to nationally advertised and branded goods, and, as, a rule, handle them to the smallest possible extent. They prefer to sell their own private brands on which larger profits can be secured. The fact is that the big department stores are themselves becoming manufacturers on a very large scale -and this quite legitimately. Some large Canadian department stores, for example, in Canada own or control many factories: and to the extent that they make and sell their private brands, to this extent do they compete with and
defeat the efforts of those other manufacturers who make standardized, identified goods and who employ newspaper and magazine and trade press publicity to create and maintain demand for their products.

## The Need of Informed Opinion

Enough has been said now to enable business men to see that price maintenance is a subject of some magnitude and some importance; and that their direct interests are involved in the bill proposed by Mr. Knowles. It is hoped that the press of Canada may become aroused, and may assist in arousing others, to investigate thoroughly the big question of price maintenance. Also it is hope! that when the Knowles bill does come up for consideration it will be halted in its progress to permit of its complete examination by committee, and befort which committee can and will appear all those with considered views to express, either pro or con.

CANADIAN GROCER, asks no man who reads this challenge to attention to agree or disagree too quickly with the views and propositions herein presented. Each reader, and, in particular, everyone who has power and purpose to shape opinion, should ponder the matters herein set forth and stressed, in order to get down to rock foundation. Then, having well-set views and knowledge. one will be able to inform and persuade others-with gain to himself and them.

## PORK EXPORTS HINDERED

It is expected the fixing of maximum prices for the sale of bacon and butter by Great Britain will hinder the free export trade from Canada to the United Kingdom. The maximum price for Canadian bacon in the Old Land is 135 shillings per 100 pounds, and, in addition, freight rates have been greatly inereased. The result of this situation is that the price of hogs is declining on the market, and a general reduction in the price of all pork products is looked for.

## ATLANTIC SUGAR REFINERIES CHANGE MANAGEMENT

A change of management in Atlantic Sugar Refineries, Ltd., of St. John and Montreal, oceurs on April 1. L. R. Wilson, who has been treasurer since its organization and general manager for last year, has resigned. He will be succeeded by F. G. O'Grady, of Montreal. The company has just received from the British Sugar Commission, orders for 5,000 tons of sugar, and plant is running at full capacity, day and night.

Work is to commence immediately on the additions to the Robin Hood Mills of Moose Jaw, Sask., to increase the production to 3,000 barrels per day.

## Maritime Provinces

The daylight saving plan goes into effect in St. John on April 29, and will continue until September 2.

St. John's, Newfoundland, reports that the serious question of salt has been relieved by the bringing to that port of 15,000 tons with which the vessels sailing to European markets will load on returning home.

Weir owners on the southern coast of New Brunswick, from St. Jolm to the Maine border line, at a meeting held in St. George recently, fixed $\$ 10$ as the minimum at which the members would sell sardine herrings this year.
Preliminary steps for the purchase of large quantities of Newfoundland fish have been taken for the use of the Entente Allies. The French Government have ordered 50,000 barrels of herring and made a similar demand for cod. Many new fishing smacks are being completed to facilitate the season's work The French order will absorb one-thirl of the total annual catch of these fish in the waters of the island.

## Quebec

N. H. Laplante, of Montreal, has sold out.

Jos. O. Lemay, of Quebec, has assigned.
Allard \& Company, grocers of Montreal, have assigned.
J. H. Debelois, of Joliette, Quebec, was a business visitor to Montreal this week.
H. D. Marshal, Broker, Ottawa, was expected this week in Montreal on ? business visit.
F. W. Wallace, Secretary of the Canadian Fisheries Association, is visiting the Maritime Provinces this week.
F. E. Payson, of the Goletas Fish Co.. Ltd., Vancouver, B.C., is expected on a business visit to Montreal in April.
J. P. Whitney formerly of the Robinhood Mills, Ltd., offices at St. John, N.B., has been transferred to the Montreal offices of the firm.
E. A, Stone of Knowlton, Quebec, spent a business day or so in Montreal last week, and visited many acquaintances in the wholesale district.

Incorporation has been granted De Pierre, Limited, with a capital of $\$ 48$,000 , to carry on a cocoa, chocolate and confectionery trade at Montreal.
S. G. Wilson and R. G. Evans, of the Toronto sales force of the Cowan Cocoa and Chocolate Co., were visitors in Montreal during the past week-end.
T. Johnson, manager of the Canadian Fish \& Cold Storage Co., Prince Rupert, B.C., is expected in Montreal in the beginning of April on a business visit.
Fire which broke out in the basement of the Ingersoll Packing Company, Montreal, damaged adjoining buildings. to the extent of $\$ 200,000$.
P. Kearney, of Kearney Bros., tea merchants, Montreal, is steadily improving in health, and is now much more frequently in attendance at his offices down town.
B. S. Sharing, local manager of the Lake of the Woods Milling Co., is leaving this week with Mrs. Sharing for Atlantic City where he will spend a few weeks' vacation.
W. H. Halford, manager for the Furuya Nishimura Tea Importing Co., Montreal, is at present on business in the Province of Manitoba. He will return about the end of the month.

Alterations and rearrangement of equipment to accommodate growing business are being made this week in the offices of the Joseph Ward Co., wholesale grocers, Youville Square, Montreal.
H. P. Briggs, formerly of the Montreal office of H. D. Marshall Broker, where he assisted J. L. Freeman the local manager, is now making gool in the management of Mr. Marshall's offices at Halifax.
H. R. Lipman of San Francisco, representing Rosenberg Bros. \& Co., dried fruit packers of California, paid his annual visit to Montreal this week. While in the city he made his headquarters with C. B. Hart Broker, the firms local representative.
Comment in a United States paper recently to the effect that there are only two women buyers of spices in the world of commerce at present, and that one of them is in San Francisco, points interest in Montreal to the fact that the other woman spice bayer is in Montreal. Miss M. McGuigan, of Kearney Bros., is the lady.

John Brine McLea one of the well known merchants of Montreal's wholesale business circle, having been in the grain, oil, and Newfoundland imported goods business for over fifty years, passed away last Saturday night aged 82 years. He was actively in business up till almost the day of his death. Deceased was a son of the late Hon. Kenneth McLea and a member of the firm of J. \& R. McLea.

A business visitor to Montreal this week was Mr. Joseph, Ostiguy, general merchant of Adamsville, Quebec. Mr. Ostiguy who is in close touch with the maple industry in his county, reports that tapping has begun, but that unsatisfactory conditions as to snow in the sugar bushes make the production difficult this year. The weather has not been satisfactory at least at the outset of the maple season, and the flow of sape was not abundant owing to the conditions of temperature. With good weather, however, production in the Adamsville district should be up to the average of past years, providing there is "sugar weather."

Meeting in Toronto last week the members of the Produce Men's Association interested in export business decided to send a deputation to Ottawa to approach the Minister of Trade and Commerce on the subject of securing preference for Canadian Produce Exports in the available steamer space not required by the British Admiralty. Four delegates from Montreal went to Ottawa this week to meet the Western and other delegates composing the deputation. The Montreal men were $R$. Gray, of the White Packing Co.; C. M. Thacker, of the Wm. Davies Co.; H. R. Gray, of Gunn, Langlois Co., and John Wilson, of Matthews, Ltd., Secretary of the Produce Men's Association. There is a desire on the part of the Canadiar men to make sure that United States produce is not shipped to the exclusion of Canadian produce through purchase of U.S. goods for export by agents here.

## Ontario

Archibald Greer, of Greer Brothers, Lyn, Ont., is dead.
E. S. Merritt, of Toronto, has sold out to Fanny Jessell.
W. B. Strachan, grocer, of Huntsville, is giving up business.

Wm. Cockburn, of Toronto, has sold out to W. J. McCalden.
R. Knuth \& Co., of Golden Lake, has been succeeded by Wm. Lisk.

Chas. W. Smith, of Clear Creek, has sold out to Pierce \& Pierce.

George Baldwin, for many years proprietor of the Aurora Flour Mill, is dead in his 80th year.
A meeting of the creditors of MacNamara Co., Ltd., of Chaplean, has been called for April 4th.
John W. Shaw, well-known merchant
of Marmora, Ont., and life-long resident of the town, is dead.
A large mill at Bothwell, the property of John Clarke, was totally destroyed by fire with a loss of $\$ 15,000$.
The Macaroni Factory on the outskirts of North Bay, was burned to the ground with a loss of $\$ 15,000$.
J. J. McEwen's grocery store at *oderich, suffered slightly from fire aaused by the burning of rubbish in the back yard.

The flour and feed warehouse of $A$. W. Pierce, at Aylmer, was damaged by Are to the extent of $\$ 40,000$, partly cov*red by insurance.

Smart Bros., Limited, have been incorporated at Collingwood, with a capital at $\$ 100,000$, to carry on a wholesale and retail trade in farm products.

The Community Grocery, with five branch stores, has opened in Welland.

Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Sherwood, of Fergus, celebrated their golden wedding resently. Mr. Sherwood has been in the grocery business for thirty years.

Thos. Shaw was laid up for two weeks with a bad leg, which he received in a curling match in Detroit. Two stones came together and one glanced off and hit Mr. Shaw on the leg. Tom is still limping.

## Western Provinces

D. Graf, of Westerham, Sask., was burned out.

Bruser \& Golosoff, of Neville, Sask, have dissolved.
A. Irish, of Grand Vital, Sask., has sold to T. Millard.
R. T. Galbraith, of Maryfield, Sask., has discontinued.

Mrs. E. M. Glover, Calgary, has discontinued business.
W. A. Wickware, of Hough Bros. \& Wiekware, Ltd., is dead.

Great Northern Supply Co., of Hafford, Sask., is sold out.

Chas. Williams, of Badger, Man., has sold out to T. J. Drake.
A. Sawatsky, Rosenort, Sask., has been succeeded by P. J. Kehter.
Levine, Ltd., of Medicine Hat, have removed to Hatton, Sask.
H. F. Horning, of Stone, Sask., is negotiating sale to J. Feruquist.
T. B. McKinney, of Springwater, Sask., has sold to Johnson Bros.
L. P. Craig, of Swan River, Sask., has been succeeded by Wm. Lennen.
R. Diamond, of Riding Mountain, Man., is removing to Ochre River.
J. M. Brachman \& Son, of Ethelbert, Man., have sold to N. Kologie Co.
H. Lucow, general store, has removed from Minnedosa, Man., to Erickson.
MeCaig \& Campbell, grocers, of Portage La Prairie, have suffered fire loss.
Gilbert Plains Creamery Co., of Gilbert Plains, Man., is sueceeded by A. P. Davis.

Mrs. J. B. Graveline, of Letellier, Man., has sold to A. Doner \& Co., Winnipeg.
Kalinchuk \& Farina partnership at Ethelbert, Man., is dissolved, Geo. Kalinchuk continuing.

The Lummi Bay Packing Co. will erect two salmon canneries on Vancouver Island this spring at a cost of $\$ 100,000$ each.

The Kenora Retail Marchants' Association are taking up the matter of changing the business of the town from a credit to a cash basis.

The flour mills of Friesen \& Son, at Carman, Man., are a total loss from fire. Damage is estimated at $\$ 20,000$, of which there is $\$ 13,000$ insurance.
J. H. Arnett, connected with Thos.

Lewis Arnett, Souris, Man., will take up residence in Regina on April 1, and will look after Saskatebewan sales for them.

## New Brunswick

Fred R. Dearborn, president of Dearborn \& Co., Ltd., grocers of St. John, is dead.

## British Columbia

The Vantoria Canning Co., Ltd., has been incorporated with a capital of $\$ 20,000$ at the City of Vancouver.
W. H. Edgett, Limited, has been incorporated with a capital of $\$ 10,000$, to carry on a general grocery and merchandise business at Vancouver.

Nelson \& Shakespeare, Limited is incorporated with a capital of $\$ 25,000$, to carry on the wholesale and retail manufacture of foodstuffs in Vancouver.

# "Chewing Gum" Manufacturers Dodge the Tariff 

## Chicle Gum for U.S. is First Imported for Refinement to Canada-Process of Manufacture from Mexico and the Honduras to the American Market.

AN interesting feature in connection with the "chewing gum" manufacturing industry in 'Canada and the United States, is the fact that the great bulk of the pure chicle is imported for refinement direct into Canada, where, after the refinement process, it is turned over to United States manufacturers for further purification before being placed on the market in the States. As may be quite evident, the reason for this roundabout way of handling the chicle is in order to evade the tariff regulations of the United States which placed a duty on such importations. The tariff regulations of Canada place no such restrictions upon the importation of this product, and though a slight duty is imposed on the refined chicle going into the United States, it is practically all refunded. Even though this latter duty were placed in full effect, it would still repay the manufacturer to handle the chicle in this manner, as the increased cost of bringing the product to Canada does not equal the duty levied by the United States.
Where the Chewing Gum Comes From
The chicle as it comes to Canada in its raw condition, chiefly from Mexico and the British Honduras, greatly resembles grapefruit in appearance and consists of small lumps like pebbles. The process of treating the chicle from the time it is drawn until it is ready for the manufacture into gum is not very extensive. The gum is obtained chiefly from the tree known as the Achras Sapota, harvested in Mexico, and is worked by the Maya Indians of Yucatan. The tapping process is very similar to
that used in the drawing of the sap from our Canadian trees in the making of maple sugar, but the product is very dissimilar in appearance. The chicle gum as it is drawn from the tree through the protrusions made in the bark, consists of a thick milky sap, which when cooked becomes white in color. The average yield of gum is anywhere between six to eight pounds per tree, and the best quality gum is elastic and firm. Should the chicle be overcooked it turns to a reddish color, and some cases are known where the actual yield from the tree has been of a similar shade.

When the chicle arrives in this country, two refining processes are necessary before it is fit to market. The second process in the case of gum being shipped into the United States from Canada is done by the manufacturers in the States themselves. The purification process must not affect the flavor or plasticity or the weight of the gum but should remove from the crude chicle the sand, bark and vegetable matter.

The figures for the recent annual importations of chicle give some idea of the popularity of gum in the United States. In a recent period of twelve months no less than six million pounds of chicle for the manufacture of "chewing gum'' was imported into the United States. These importations not alone included the product from Mexico and the Honduras, but quite a large proportion from South America, where the natives secure a great quantity of chicle gum from the bully tree, the naseberry and the sapodilla.

#  <br> WEEKLY GROCERY MARKET REPORTS <br> Statements From Buying Centres <br>  

## THE MARKETS IN BRIEF

TWO increases have taken place during the week which mean much to the grocery trade, namely, on sugar and flour. In the instance of the sugar the advance amounted to 40 c per hundred and on flour 30c per barrel. The advance in sugar was occasioned through recent high prices which Canadian refiners were forced to pay for raw sugars. Flour on the other hand returned to the point recently reached in the face of a continued firmness and high price for wheat.

Provisions were firm during the week with advances recorded in a number of lines of cooked and smoked meats. Live hogs were quoted at higher prices than those generally prevailing last week. Eggs moved downward during the week, due to heavier production on Canadian farms. The Canadian market is now almost entirely independent of the American source of supply. With continued good weather prices are expected to decline still further. Lobster is another of the commodities in which a decline has been registered. This has been occasioned through the shutting off of the British market to the packers of the Maritime Provinces. New Zealand onions came into the Ontario market for the first time, owing to the scarcity of other onions, and are commanding a high price. Potatoes held steady in price, but there is a disposition towards easier prices.

The recent British embargo on exports has cut off supplies of many staple lines, which in the past have been steady sellers in this market. Packet teas are very firm in price. Importers of teas have been unable to get promise of teas for shipment from Colombo or Calcutta. Tea can be bought at these points, but growers cannot promise shipment owing to scarcity of tonnage. Trade generally is good. Spring lines, including housecleaning supplies and garden seeds, etc., are beginning to move freely.

## QUEBEC MARKETS

MONTREAL, March 28.-Flour and sugar both firmer this week, and the tendencies towards further firmness also present are factors giving strength to the market for foodstuffs generally. In provisions, however, the easier tendency in eggs (though supplies are none too plentiful) keeps the market tone from being entirely on the firm note. Hog products are however, firmer, the price of live hogs and dressed having advanced. The searcity of beans continues. Fish show a shade or two of easiness. Potatoes are a little easier. Amongst incidental advances mentioned this week, are peanut butter up 3 cents a pound to 22 and 27 cents, and lamp burners up 25 cents a dozen to $\$ 1.20$ and $\$ 1.45$ per dozen. Following is a list of goods banned from export from the British Isles, and which will be missed by the Canadian retail grocery markets: Arrow-root, Capers, cheese, curry powders, all kinds of fish, fish pastes, jams, jellies, marmalades,
olives, pickles potato flour, ground rice, canned peas, sardines, and sauces. Some of these goods formerly imported from Britain are available in other forms from other sources, but the retail grocer as well as the wholesaler will note the absence of many familiar goods until the embargoes are lifted.

## Sugar Advanced And May Advance Again

## SUGAR.-From a condition of appar-

 ent restfulness with a big crop in sight sugar has of a sudden changed to a situation of extreme unrest with a strong advance achieved, and an advancing tendency. The base price for granulated advanced forty cents to $\$ 7.85$ during the week, and at the time of writing the market was in firm tone for New York showed advances in granulated, and the word from Cuba is greatly less encouraging as to crop conditions and production. It would seem now that revision of cropestimates bring the production down to something like the level of last season. Raw Cubas were firmer at time of writing $45 / 8$ ths being refused by the holders. That retailers must be fairly well supplied with sugar and ready to reap the benefit of the advance was the opinion prevalent in wholesale circles for refiners have been shipping heavily for some weeks past.


CANNED GOODS.-There is a growing tendency to firmness in canned goods at present, and demand is increasing also, while supplies are low in wholesale warehouses. One wholesaler voiced the opinion that there are perhaps 100,000 cases less than were in Montreal this time last year, and it is believed that prices for canned goods may soar before long. Corn which had a fleeting tendency towards easier conditions last week has gone back to firmness again. Some of the canned fruits are available at easier prices than were formerly quoted, but the main staple lines of canned goods are all trending towards firmer market conditions as the season advances towards time of new crop prospeets. Much is expected of Canadian growers this season in the way of production for the canning industry, but their best efforts can hardly hold prices for the goods at present available at easy levels when new crop is so far distant.


## Dried Fruit Outlook Is To Firmness

## Montreal

DRIED FRUITS.-With demand for dried fruits still rather quiet and uneventful condition of market prevailing, the outlook in all dried fruit lines is still for firmness. The embargo on Greek currants remains as rigid as ever. Australian currants are declared to be a short crop, and not likely to reach the Canadian market in any large supply. Reports from California where the prunc trees are in blossom are all towards considerable firmness for all Californian dried fruits this year. It is not possible to predict the prune crop's extent until the blossom is past though appearances are towards a big crop, but even with a big crop under existing conditions of market high prices are likely to prevail. Only a serious restriction of export facilities would tend to keep prune prices lower this season than the opening prices (made on speculative estimates) would indicate as probable range, and the tendency even acting upon openprices is firm since the opening prices advanced by a cent and a quarter soon after having been announced. The growers are in a strong position and likely to hold for high prices even against adverse marketing conditions should these arise in the way of export restrictions and consequent curtailment of market. Raisins promise a crop equal to the average yearly expectations, that is something betwen 100,000 and 150,000 tons, and high prices are looked for in this line also though it may be that prices of Californian raisins will not develop advances in proportion to the advanced prices of some other commodities. Dried apricots show the same general tendency as to prices. A crop only the size of last year's would mean prices f.o.b. coast of from 15 to 16 cents a pound. A large crop would probably mean from 12 to 13 cents. Crop predictions are not yet available. The Coast prices would have to be augmented by heavy duty, and the cost of transportation plus jobber's commissions, but the indication of tendency at present may be noted.



## Molasses Supply Slow; Maple Season Begins <br> \section*{Montreal}

MOLASSES AND SYRUPS.-Supplies of molasses are just dribbling into market, but the driblets are sufficient so far to meet market requirements. Prices are very firm, and the usual big influx of these goods in May and June may possibly be curtailed a little this year owing to shortage of ships and ship-space. Prices are still as quoted last week, and demand is gradually increasing in the country. Corn syrups are still being supplied under the condition of practically open market according to delivery possibilities which are rather uncertain though the makers are doing daily miracles in getting the goods out to meet strong demand. No changes have been made in the prices as quoted, so far maple tapping has begun in Quebee Province, and reports are unfavorable so far as to weather for sugaring. There has been only a trifling flow of sap, but with more suitable weather this may alter. High prices are anticinated for the syrup, farmers expecting $\$ 1.25$ per Imperial gallon as compared with the $\$ 1.00$ to $\$ 1.05$ of last year's opening.


## Pecans and Peanuts Both on the Rise

## Montreal

NUTS.-Great firmness of market characterises the situation as regards nuts of all kinds at present, through there is no extraordinary demand present for these lines. Pecans (shelled) are being offered to the jobber at 67 cents a pound f.o.b. New York, which would bring them to about 75 cents a pound in Montreal or practically the same as the price to the retailer. They are very scarce, but demand is light at present. Peanuts are as firm as ever, and the market is learning more about the demand that has set in for the oil expressed from these familiar nuts, and which is responsible for their advanced prices. Cables from Europe this week mentioned that the shelled walnut supply there is about exhausted, and stocks are said to be low. This market also is very firm. Conditions as prevailing last week still maintain in respect to other nuts.
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Almonds } \\ \text { Almonds } & \text { (Tara), } \\ \text { (shelled) })\end{array}{ }^{\text {per }}$ Ib.....


Fiberts (Sicily), per 1b. .................
Hickory nuts (large and smali), per lb..
Peanuts (coon), per lb.
Peanuts (Jumbo), per lb.
Peanuts (Jumbo), per lb.
Pecans (new Jumbo), per ib
Pecans, New Orleans, No. 2 ...............
Pecans, "paper shell," extra large Jumbo Pecans
Walnuts $\quad($ (Grenoble)
Walnuts (sheller)
Walnnts (Marbot), in bags
Walnuts (California No. 1.

| 018 | 020 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 039 | 041 |
| 020 | 023 |
| 016 | 019 |
| \%10\% | ${ }^{0} 11$ |
| $013 \%$ | 0 141/2 |
| \%ั่ | 021 0 |
|  | 040 |
| 070 | 075 |
| $\because 75$ | 045 |
| 013 | 016 |
| .... | 024 |

## Quebes Farmers To Grow More Beans <br> Montreal

BEANS.-The pronounced scarcity of beans at present prevailing has inspired farmers in Quebec to Talk of seeding larger acreage this spring with beans, and the wholesale market of Montreal applauds the idea. Good Canadian beans are scarce as hen's teeth on the market now. A few cars of $7-\mathrm{lb}$. and $10-\mathrm{lb}$. pickers are believed to represent about the range of the market for Canadians. Hand-picked are off the market, also $1-\mathrm{lb}$. and $2-\mathrm{lb}$. pickers, and within a month or so 3 -lb. pickers will be off the market also according to men in close touch with things. Rangoons at $\$ 7.50$ to $\$ 7.75$ are available more plentifully, and there have been offerings of red-colored beans which have been going slow as demand does not take to them quickly. One line of South American beans a light purple in color, not as big as marrowfats, but bigger than peabeans is well spoken of as to flavor by wholesalers and may when it arrives in quantity prove able to create demand. Consignments of these are expected. Yellow eyes are very firm, as high as $\$ 7.75$ per bushel to the jobber last week.

[^0]L'eas, white soup, per bushel Peas, split, new crop, per bag 98 ibe. Barley (pot), per bag 98 lbs.. Barley, pearl, per bag 98 lb

## Tapioca Shades Up And Rice Is Firm

Montreal
RICE AND TAPIOCA.-Rice prices remain as previously quoted but with a great tendency to firmness in all lines, and good business demand prevailing meantime. There are further indications of possible advances in rice owing to the conditions affecting the market, but this is not definitely predicted during the present week. Tapioca is steadily going higher in price, and is very firm both in spot and primary markets. Supplies are by no means large and last week's price quotations are advanced half a cent in principal market sources though for larger supplies the lower figure might still be found available.
Rangoon rice, per 100 lbs,
"Texas" Carolina per 100 lbs.
Real Carolina, per 100 lbs. ...
Patna (fancy)
Siam, No. 2
Siam (fancy)
Tapioca, per lb.

## Market For Cocoa

 Considered FirmMontreal
COCOA.-Warmer weather is on the way, and with warmer weather comes the decline of consumption in cocoa as a beverage. The month of March has, however, shown so far no signs of reducing the usually expected records of cocoa consumption. In the experience of the trade the spring months as a rule produce good cocoa sales, but summer reduces the demand. There has been a firmness in the market for cocoa of late, but no changes are noted in prices to retailers. Importation of cocoa from Britain is not at all considerable now, but enough apparently, is coming through for trade needs in the British lines. No falling off in the demand for chocolate and the chocolate based confections is anticipated during the summer.
 modity on earth, coffee continues unperturbed in market by even the near approach of actual hostilities on the part of the United States. The strength of the coffee market to-day consists in its power to maintain its absolute steadiness of tone at low levels of price when all other markets have been sky-rocketting. As contrasted with tea at present
coffee in world market is like an idly dreaming giant, while tea is having a nightmare in which spectres of almost famine shortage stalk and gibber. No alterations fall to be recorded in coffee prices to the retailer this week, and no interesting primary market movements are mentioned.


## Market For $\overline{T e a}$ Shows Firmer Trend

TEA.-The market for black teas is very much firmer now than it has been even in the past weeks of exceptional interest in tea. Merchants are expecting to hear of further advances almost at any moment. It is believed that the well known package teas may score another notch on the upward scale before long in spite of the best efforts of the big concerns to protect themselves, as far as possible, against the effects of the great law of supply and demand. The situation resolves itself into one of impending shortage in black teas, and much depends on the arrivals expected which are none too plentiful. There are possibilities also of non-delivery of tea imported via the United States in case of untoward war developments across the border. These anticipations make the market exceedingly firm, and (though retailers are busily buying without needing advice) the wholesalers of tea are pointing out the advantages of preparedness in this direction, Japan and China teas show firmness a'so in sympathy with blacks.


## Peppers Are Firmer;

 Cloves Have Gone Up
## Montreal

SPICES.-In the market for spices this week the same general factors of firmness apply as held good last week. Primary market conditions are not to be counted upon as at all normal, and spice prices in primary markets are often higher than the prices being asked in the nearer markets where stocks of certain commodities are still available. But this condition must sooner or later come to an end, and then all spice prices will be affected sharply by primary market conditions whatever they may be at the time. Peppers have begun at last to show the upward changes which have so long been deferred by the retarding influence upon rising prices of grinders having large stocks and willing to accept reasonable returns. Now Singapore black pepper has outstripped Penang

White in primary. Cloves are also higher in price to retailers. Supplies are very slow in arrival from primary markets. Carraways are exceedingly scarce. Gingers are also very scarce now. Pimento and mace are in good demand. Nutmegs and Cassias are quieter. There is a slightly easier tendency as regards English Mustard, but so far only a tendency on the strength of better supply expected.


## Potatoes Are Easier; Head Lettuce High

Montreal
FRUIT AND VEGETABLES.-Potatoes are easier priced this week. The aspiring 'spud' has had to come down off his high horse, and get within reach of the average wealthy man's purse. Green Mountain potatoes are this week touching the quotion register at $\$ 3.00$ Montreals are at from $\$ 2.50$ to $\$ 2.75$ per bag of eighty pounds. Boston Head lettuce has, however, accepted the price promotion which potatoes preferred not to retain, and is selling this week at as high as $\$ 4.00$ per box of two dozen. Cabbage has advanced by fifty cents to $\$ 7.00$ and is scarcer. Rhubarb beginning at easier prices and meeting prompt demand, is firmer in price at present, going to $\$ 1.50$ per doz. A new United States washed celery is on the market at $\$ 1.50$ a dozen, and is in demand. The root vegetables are still in steady and firm market without alteration in price since last week, and the fruits are in similar market with bananas, oranges, and grape fruit in good demand, and a better demand also for apples.



## Slightly Easier Tone As To Fish <br> \section*{Montreal}

FISH.-The situation as regards fish at present is that a good many more frozen fish are to be put away in cold storage than had been intended at the start of the season. Still the varieties of fish. so to be treated are of the best, and they will prove useful when scareity occurs in the fresh lines. The lakes are not opened up as yet, and owing to stormy seas the production of fresh fish is as yet insignificant. For the next two weeks of Lent a good deal more frozen fish will go into consumption, and the fact that no pickled or salt fish are left in any considerable quantities will help the selling of frozen fish. Fish prices as a rule are rather easier this week, and prospects are for this condition for some little time. Some fresh halibut and salmon are expected for Good Friday's trade next week, and with Easter trade in view, more shell and bulk oysters, scallops, prawns, and shrimps will be used. Oyster trade both in shell and bulk is quiet, and with steady prices prevailing. Lobsters are down in price this week as compared with last week's quotations.


SHRIMPS, LOBSTERS



## ONTARIO

TORONTO, March 28.-Among the chief items of note during the week have been the advances of 20 e per hundred in sugar and 30 c per barrel in flour. There have been declines during the week in eggs, as the production in Ontario is now mounting up at a rapid rate, and will soon be ahead of consumption. Commission men look forward to storing some eggs in the near future if the present rate of production keeps up. Canned lobsters are another line that has registered a decline. This has been caused through the operation of the British embargo. Live hogs and dressed hogs are higher in price, and advances have been recorded in a number of lines of meat products. The first car of New Zealand onions to reach this market was placed on the street by commission men. Dates are in firm market, and advances are probable, as importers' prices have been moved up, although wholesalers' prices have held steady during the week. Business in wholesale grocery circles has been gratifying to most wholesalers during the week.

## Sugar Advances 40c; Market Very Strong

## Toronto

SUGAR.-With an advance of 40 c per hundred in the price of sugars during the week, there was a temporary outlet for some of the firmness in the refined sugar market. But even in the face of this advance Canadian refined sugar is still in a very strong position in sympathy with the New York market. Last week Canadian refiners were in the market for raws and purchases of upwards of 30,000 bags were made in the New York market at prices ranging from $4.361 / 2 \mathrm{e}$ per pound to 4.47 e per pound. When duty and freight were included in these figures it made the selling price previous to the advance low as compared with the usual differentials asked by Canadian refiners. Heavy purchasers of raws by Canadian refiners would seem to indicate that their stocks prior to the purchases were very light. Full duty raw sugars have been in brisk demand by the Canadian refiners, and the prices paid are considered very attractive from the standpoint of the sellers. The purchase of some 9,000 to $10,000 \mathrm{bags}$ of

Malpeque Shell Oysters (ordinary), bol...... 1000
Cape Cod shell oysters, per bol........ ..... 18.0
Olams (med.) per bbl. ...................... FRESH FISH.


MARKETS
San Domingo at 4.15 -32e per pound was on a higher basis at that time of purchase on March 20 than the Cuban value. When CANADIAN GROCER went to press last week Cuban refined was selling on a basis of $41 / 2 \mathrm{c}$ or 5.52 c duty paid. By Tuesday of the present week Cubans had advanced to $43 / 4 \mathrm{c}$ per pound, or a basis of $5.881 / 2 \mathrm{c}$ duty paid. Despatches from New York on that day stated that the Federal Company had advanced the price of their refined to 7.75 c , and intimated that they would very shortly go to 8 c. Arbuckle and Warner companies on the same day followed up to 7.75 c . H. A. Himely has stated that in his opinion the Cuban crop will be less than $2,900,000$ tons, which is less than the production of last year. The crops of Mauritius and Barbadoes are also expected to be short of the previous estimates given. There has been a good demand for Canadian refined in the face of the advancing market.


## Shortening Has Advanced \$I Case <br> Toronto

SHORTENING.-Owing to the high prices that have prevailed for oils and fats of all kinds within recent weeks, manufacturers have been forced to increase the price of all compound lards. During the week Crisco has been advanced $\$ 1$ per case, and is now selling at $\$ 8.70$ per case. Pure lard is also at a high price, constituting a record in fact, at 24 c to $241 / 2 \mathrm{c}$. With compound lard selling in bulk at 18 c to $181 / 4 \mathrm{e}$, authorities on the situation point out that the differential is too great, and that either pure lard will have to come down or compound will have to advance. With hogs selling at the present high prices. there seems small prospect that the pure product will come down.

## Continued Strength In Molasses Market

Toronto
MOLASSES AND SYRUPS.-There was continued strength in the molasses market during the week, with indications of a continuation of firmness. Requirements of the British Government for molasses are heavy, and this is at all times a bullish feature in the market. With the coming of summer there is small likelihood that prices will be easier, as the difficulty attached to transporting molasses and the loss occasioned by leakage is usually a factor tending to firmness. Locally buyers have not been in the market for large quantities. Corn syrups held in firm market, although ne advances were recorded. Manufacturers are now in a position to make little better deliveries and are getting caught up with orders. Cane syrups remain unchanged.


## Canned Lobsters <br> Registered Decline

Toronto
CANNED GOODS.-Owing to the operation of the British embargo on canned lobster there was a movement toward lower levels. Opening prices on the Epicure brand, which two weeks ago were $\$ 2.75$ per dozen for the half-pound tins, are now quoted at $\$ 2.50$ to $\$ 2.60$. Supplies of canned salmon are in narrow compass, and prices are holding firm, with the demand reported good. Canned corn is also in good demand, and prices are holding firm, Following prices on eanned goods are general quota-
tions from wholesaler to retailer and not F.O.B. factory prices.


## Hallowee Dates Are

Higher From Importers

## Toront-

DRIED FRUITS.-Two cars of dates arrived in the city last week. On Monday of this week the importers advanced the price of dates 1c per pound, which now makes the basis to the wholesale
trade on a par with the price being paid by the retail trade. There is a firmness in the date market, which points to higher prices for the retail dealer. There was a continued firmness in the market for prunes. Reports from the West Coast state that the idea of an organization of prune growers is proceeding, with good prospects of being consummated. Apricots are high in price for importation. and would cost more for importers to bring in than they are selling to the retail trade at present. Raisins are in somewhat slow market at present, as fairly good stocks are being carried. Prices on American candied peel have not yet been announced, but are expected shortly.

| Apples, evaporated, per lb. Apricots, choice. 25 's, faced | 013 | $\begin{array}{ll} 0 & 131 / 2 \\ 0 & 23 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Candied Peels- |  |  |
| Lemon .... | 023 | - 25 |
| Orange | 024 | 027 |
| Citron | 026 | 030 |
| Currants- |  |  |
| Filiatras, per 1b. | 020 | 022 |
| Patras, per 1 lb . | 021 | 023 |
| Cleaned, ${ }^{\text {anstralians }}$, ib more. |  |  |
| Australians, 1b. |  | 02 |
| Datee- |  |  |
| Excelsior, packages, 3 doz. in cas |  |  |
| Dromedary dates, 3 doz. in case |  | 40 |
| Hallowee, per lb. |  |  |
| Figs- |  |  |
| Taps, |  | $0061 / 2$ |
| Malagas. |  |  |
| Prunes |  |  |
| $30-40 \mathrm{~s}$, per $1 \mathrm{lb} ., 25 \mathrm{~s}$, faced | 013 | 0 13\% |
| $40-50 \mathrm{~s}$, per $1 \mathrm{lb} ., 2 \mathrm{ss}$, faced | 012 | 0 12\% |
| $50.0 n \mathrm{~s}$, per $1 \mathrm{lb},{ }^{25} \mathrm{~s}$, faced | 012 |  |
| 60.7 sm , per $\mathrm{lb} ., 25$ 's, faced | 0 111/2 |  |
| 7m-8na, per 1h., 2r. facell | 0 (91\% | 011 |
| 8n-908, per 1b., 25's, unfaced .......... | 0 111/3 |  |
| 5-1b. tins ..................... |  | 0 65 |
| ches- |  |  |
| Choice, $25-\mathrm{lb}$. boxes |  |  |
| ${ }^{\text {Starss.c, }}$ 25-1b. boxes | $0^{0} 101 / 2$ | $011 / 1 /$ |
| Fancy, $25 \mathrm{lbs}, \mathrm{faced}$ |  |  |
| Callionis bleached ib |  |  |
| Valencia, Cnl. | 0 9991/2 | 0 10\% |
| Valencia. Snanich ...... |  |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{ll}0 \\ 0 \\ 0 & 12 \\ 0 & 12\end{array}$ | - ${ }_{0}^{0} 1314$ |
| Seedless, 16-oz. packets | 015 | 016 |

## Eastern and Western Tea Buyers in Market Torento

TEA.-There was considerable inquirv during the week from tea buyers in Winnineg and Montreal of local tea merchants, but stocks locally are in narrow compass, and there was very litt!e available to meet the demand from the East and the West. Toronto tea buyers. in some instances, have in the past been picking up streck in Montreal where thev were available. There is considerable tea chancing hands locallv, but stocks are light. It is reported that some tea has left Ca!cutta bv direct shipment for Canada, but that as yet nothing has been sent on its way from Colombo. When anv considerable quantities will move out from those markets headed for Canadian imnorters' warehouses remains a matter of conjecture. Prices locally held firm. In all orobability there wil! be considerahlv higher prices before the present situation is re'ieved. Packet teas are in firm market, and an advance in these would not come as a surprise. Recent advices by cable from Calcutts
to tea importers stated that they would sell tea for delivery only at Calcutta, and would, therefore, not quote on teas subject only to buyer paying export duty, Calcutta storage, insurance. Growers are unable to guarantee freight shipment to America.


Toronte
NUTS.-There was an easier feeling in the market for Brazil nuts during the week, when there was a decline in the primary market of $1 / 2 \mathrm{c}$ per pound, and local importers were quoting lower during the week. Peanuts, on the other hand, are in firm position, with an advance of $1 / 4 c$ per pound in Virginia on No. 1 Spanish. There are predictions by nut dealers in New York that this grade will be fully 2 c per pound higher in the near future. Shelled walnuts and almonds are in firm market owing to the fact that shippers in the producing countries are demanding higher prices. In the market in New York stocks are within narrow compass. The recent sinking of the S.S. Casquie by a submarine with a shipment of nuts on board gave a stimulus to firmness. Loca!ly the stocks of shelled nuts are light, as evidenced by the fact that there has been trading between brokers.


## Rice Continues To Move Very Freely

## Torente

RIOE AND TAPIOCA.-Wholesaler. report a continuation of an active movement in rice, and prices have held steady during the week. In the United States there has been a good demand for this commodity, with considerable going into the export trade. Wholesalers are expected to be in the market for fresh supplies in that country, which may tend to make for further firmness in the Southern rice market. The rice growers of the South are stated to be loosening up in some instances and letting go their stocks. The demand for tapioca continues good, with quite a wide range of prices, running from 11 c to $121 / 2 \mathrm{c}$. There are fairly heavy bookings of tapioca du?
to arrive, which were bought at reasonable prices, and these may have a steadying effect in the market.
Texas, fancy, per 100 lbs ,
Siam, fancy, per 100 lbs.
Siam, fancy, per 100 lbs,
Siam, second, per 100 lbs
Japans, fancy, per 100 lbs ,
Japans, fancy, per 100 lbs ,
Japans, second, per 100 lbs
Japans, second, per 100
Chinese, per 100 lbs .
Chinese, per 100 lb


## Ontario Bean Stocks Are Getting Very Low Terente

BEANS.- Ontario beans are daily becoming within narrow compass. There are a few quantities being held by farmers in certain sections, but stocks are pretty generally cleaned up. Stocks in wholesalers' hands are light. There is a good demand reported for lima beans in certain quarters, and prices are ruling high. Stocks of California black-eyed beans are about cleaned out of this market, some that are still left being quoted at $\$ 4.80$ per bushel.
Ontario, $1-\mathrm{lb}$. to $2-1 \mathrm{~b}$. pickers, bush.
Rangoon,
Rangoon, per bushel ............
Black eyes, California, bushel
Ylack eyes, Califormi
$\begin{array}{ll}700 & 750 \\ 625 & 700 \\ \cdots \cdots & 180 \\ \cdots \dddot{12} & 720 \\ 0 & 015\end{array}$

## One Brand Cornflakes Has Been Moved Up <br> Toronte

PACKAGES. - Krinkle coruflakes were moved to higher levels during the week, now being quoted at $\$ 2.60$ per case as compared with $\$ 2.45$ formerly. Announcement has been made by the Quaker Oats Company that they will build a new and larger plant at Peterborough than the one recently built. This company will then have five mills at different points in Canada, and are looking forward to developing the export trade in cereals in the future. The company expects to have their unit for the manufacture of puffed wheat and puffed rice in operation in the near future.


## Fish Demand For

 Lenten Season Good
## Teronto

FISH AND OYSTERS.-Wholesalers report the demand for fish during the Lenten season has been very good this year. The demand for fish from all quarters seems to be improving with the high prices now being asked for fresh meats of all kinds. Whitefish from Northern Alberta are now reaching the market in fairly good quantities. Haddie fillets are slightly easier in price, being quoted at 16 c to 17 c , as compared with 17 e to 18 e previously. Cohoe salmon is also slightly easier, being quoted at $131 / 2 \mathrm{e}$ to 14 e per pound. Demand for
oysters is falling owing to the approach of warm weather.


## Bananas Are Easier; Oranges Quoted Up

## Toronto FRUIT.-Bananas were slightly easier

 in price owing to the fact that shipments came into this market a little more freely during the week. They are quoted at $\$ 2$ to $\$ 3$ per bunch, as compared with $\$ 2.25$ to $\$ 3.50$ last week. California navel oranges are slightly higher, being quoted from $\$ 3.25$ per case up to $\$ 4$, as compared with the quotation last week of $\$ 3$ to \$4 per case. Florida oranges held steady in price during the week. Florida grapefruit is quoted as high as $\$ 5$ per case. Porto Rican pineapples are quoted at $\$ 5$ per case, while Cuban pineapples are quoted at $\$ 4.25$ to $\$ 5$ per case. Rhubarb per dozen bunches is quoted firm at $\$ 1.25$. Strawberries were inclined to be easier in price, the range being from 60 c to 65 c . Shipments of fruit were inclined to be slow during the week.
## Apples- Baldw

paldwins
Baldwins
600
600

## MANITOBA

WINNIPEG, March 28. - The roads have been very bad in the country, which has interfered with retail trade greatly. Business however, with brokers and jobbers is brisk. Sugar jumped 20c last week-end, Crisco went up $\$ 1.00$ per case.

## Miscellaneous Changes

E. B. Eddy Co., announce a change which will enable the dealers to buy matches on a new basis. It has been their custom to give 5 per cent. on 5 case lots of Silent 200 's or Silents 500 's; now they have extended this so as to include Pony Silent. Bird's custard powder is being offered here as follows:


## New Zealand Onions

 Arrived in Market
## Toronte

VEGETABLES.-The first shipment of New Zealand yellow onions to reach this market was placed by commissior. men during the week. These onions are put up in $100-\mathrm{lb}$. crates, 97 pounds net, and are being sold at $\$ 10$ per crate. Beets showed an inclination to sag to lower levels during the week, being quoted 50 c per bag under last week by some wholesalers. The range of prices in these vegetables is now $\$ 1.75$ to $\$ 2.25$ per bag. New. cabbage in case was out of the market during the week, but in the hampers it is quoted 25 c higher at $\$ 4$. Potatoes held in a fairly steady market, with a disposition towards lower prices. Turnips are quoted at 85 c to 90 e per bag, which represents a decline of 10 c to 25 c per bag.


## MARKETS

custard powder in packages is quoted $\$ 1.65$ per dozen, and in lever tins $\$ 3.75$ per dozen. Several wholesale firms have been fortunate in getting delivery of this from England before the embargo went into effect. It may be difficult for retailers to secure deliveries at a later date.

Regarding the marked advance in the price of cheese, a wholesaler points ont that such high prices are being asked for fodder cheese, that it was only natural that the price of September cheese should go up in the same proportion. A local wholesale merchant draws atterition to the fact that before long marma-
lade will be scarce and higher-in price. He goes on to state as follows:-"As is well known to the trade, practically all standard brands of marmalade are manufactured from imported Seville oranges, or are imported here from Britain after the marmalade has been manufactured there. It is stated that Great Britain is now very short of aranges, and has not more than half the usual supply. Owing to delays in deliveries and the fact that several best loads of oranges were sunk by submarines, and the great waste in overly matured fruit, it is anticipated that higher marmalade prices may be the rule within a short time."

## Sugar Up 20 Cents

 Following Advance Raws winnipegSUGAR.-On Saturday last there was an advance of 20 c per 100 lbs . at all points. Prior to the advance raws firmed up considerably, but few at the trade expected such a big advance in refined. It was thought the market would go up ten cents as a result of raws being firmer, but 26c came as a surprise. Buying was stimulated.

## Demand For Cane Syrup; Corn Still Very Firm <br> Winnipeg

SYRUPS.-The corn market has been very firm, but the predicted advance in corn syrup and starch has not taken place yet. Representatives of sugar refineries report a bigger demand for cane syrup, and this they attribute to the higher prices being asked for corn syrup. Brokers state that there is every indication of a heavy demand for maple syrup, and manufacturers are reported as being unwilling to make guaranteed price on account of the fact that the market for old syrup is bare and new crop is not expected for three weeks or a month yet.
 <br> \section*{\section*{Dried Fruits Higher <br> \section*{\section*{Dried Fruits Higher New Differential Adopted New Differential Adopted <br> <br> DRIED FRUIT.-Dried Fruit Asso-} <br> <br> winniper} <br> <br> winniper} ciation of California have put into effect a new differential, which makes the prices of all dried fruits slightly higher. This was put into force because of the increased cost of boxes and other packing materials. The advance amounts to $1 / 4 \mathrm{c}$ on 50 's and about one $1 / 8 \mathrm{c}$ on 25 's and 10's. It will be seen that this is a 0 ? 4
rather slight, amounting only to $11 / 4$ cents on a 10 lb . box and about $31 / 8 \mathrm{c}$ on 25 's. This applies to all California dried fruits, and the same differential is being followed by Oregon packers. The trade may expect prices this week on new crop Australian currants, and it is expected that prices will be $11 / 2 \mathrm{c}$ lower than they were last year. Raisins are reported to be moving slowly, despite the fact that currants are so high and scarce.

## Louisiana Strawberries In; Potatoes Still Weak

 WinnipezFRUITS AND VEGETABLES.-Retailers may exepect new strawberries this wek from Louisiana. Florida strawberries are pretty well done. The new strawberries will be slightly cheaper, selling around $\$ 6.00$ per case of 24 pints. Florida tomatoes are up slightly, bringing $\$ 1.75$ per basket. There is some difference of opinion regarding potatoes: there is nothing to indicate that the market has recovered yet, and some state that it is very weak. One dealer states that he could not buy good potatoes for less than $\$ 1.35$, while another states that they can be bought for 1.10 and 1.25 , good quality. It appears there are plenty of potatoes on the market, and there is no saying when exportation to U.S. is liable to begin, aithough reports here are to the effect that there are plenty of potatoes on the market to the south. Oranges appear to be about the biggest seller on this market just now ; navels have recovered on account of the heavy demand, selling to-day at $\$ 4.25$ per case, whereas last week there was a drop to $\$ 3.75$. The market is getting very bare of Ontario apples.
 house has st


Winnipeg
TEA.-Indicating further advance in the tea market, a local concern has been compelled at last to raise price on their private brand. This firm states that during the 31 months of the war they have kept the , orice of their tea stationary. They now announce an advance of 5 cents to customers,- and 4 cents to the trade, adding that the tea market is so firm that the price should be up a further 5 cents or more. They announce their intention of maintaining 45 cent their intention of maintaining 45 cent
and 55 c prices as long as possible in the face of this market, but are of opinion that they will only be able to do this for a limited time.

## Winnipeg Jobbers

Pay High For Beans
Winnipez
DRIED VEGETABLES.-A notable change has taken place in the situation locally. The majority of the jobbers have run out of white beans, and have had to buy again in the present high market. The result is that retail grocers will have to pay higher for their beans from now on. An occasional beans from now on. An occasional
house has stock of beans at the old
 Salmon For Easter Winnipeg
FISH AND POULTRY.-There is very little change in the situation this week, and it is still between seasons. Frozen fish is dwindling away, and very little fresh fish is coming in. It is expected there will be some fresh sa:mon soon. There is no marked scarcity of anything, even halibut being rather plentiful. As for poultry, there is practically nothing doing yet.


## Poultry Very Inactive;

# WEEKLY MARKET REPORTS BY WIRE 

Statements From Buying Centres, East and West



British Columbia<br>FROM VANCOUVER, BY WIRE.

Vancouver, B.C., March 27.-Business in wholesale grocery and produce circles for the month just closing has been quiet. In volume it is below last month, though last month was short in days. There has been short buying by retailers and the weather conditions have been the adverse of encouraging for specialties. There has been a slight continuance on the part of householders to buy certain commodities such as sugar in bulk and retailers have to act accordingly and fancy packages are less in demand. The price of potatoes still rules high but it is a patent fact that less potatoes went into consumption this month in Vancouver than for any corresponding month for three years past. There has not been a corresponding increase in the consumption of rice such as is reported from other places. Beans have gone into consumption freely but the supply is small and the real handlers are reticent about giving quotations. Sugar has advanced 30 c per hundred and flour 30 e per barrel. Pure lard has advanced $3 / 4 \mathrm{c}$ and fresh made creamery butter has declined 4c. New laid eggs are quoted down to 36 c .
VANOOUVER, B.C.-
Sugar, purre eane, granulated, 100 the.... 830
Flour, first patents, Manitoba, per bbl.,
Flour, first patents, Manitoba, per bbl.,
in car lots
in car lots $\quad$ Salmon, Sockeye, i-1b. talls, per case ${ }^{10}$ doz.
Rice, Siam. per 100 ibs.

 Eags, new laid. in cartons, per dozen.... 036 Cheese. new, large, per pound

## Alberta Markets

FROM CALGARY, BY WIRE.

Calgary, Alta., March 27.-Sugar has advanced 20 c per hundred and is holding firm at the higher price. Lard has also advanced a half cent., three-pound pails now being quoted at $\$ 15$ per case. Canned lobster is quoted at slightly higher prices and white canned domestic herrings show considerable advance. Small white beans are this week quoted at $101 / 2 \mathrm{e}$ to 11 e per pound. Crisco has
advanced $\$ 1$ per case, while corn starches are in firm market with a disposition to look for higher prices. Shelled walnuts advanced 2 c per pound during the week and peanuts are in firmer tone. Peanut butter of Eastern make has been advanced to 24 c per pound in bulk. Cornflakes, castile soap and quick puddings show slight advances. New-laid eggs are now quoted at $\$ 8.50$ to $\$ 9$ per case.


## Saskatchewan Markets

 FROM REGINA, BY WIRE.Regina, Sask., March 27.-The spring trade is opening up well with the market showing considerable fluctuation. Sugar advanced 20 c on March 24 and is now selling at $\$ 8.49$ per cent. Another advance is expected. Flour has advanced 30 c and is now selling at $\$ 10$ per barrel. Lard, 3 's, pure, is selling at $\$ 4.60$, an advance of 85 c per case. Currants have gone up $1 / 2 \mathrm{c}$ per pound and white beans have advanced to $\$ 6.50$ per bushel, with lima beans selling at $141 / 2$ cents. Cocoanut in the bulk has advanced and evaporated apples are up $1 / 2$ cent. Eggs have dropped to 30 c per doz. for strictly fresh. Shelled walnuts are selling from 1e to 3 c per pound higher and canned meats show some advance.


| Peaches, 2s, Ontario, | 375 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Salmon, finest sockeye, tall, case | 1225 |
| Salmon, pink, tall, case | 700 |
| Pork, American clear, per | 4100 |
| Bacon, breakfast | 0 |
| Bacon. |  |

> New Brunswick Markets FROM ST. JOHN, BY WIRE.

St. John, N.B., March 27.-Flour has made an advance of 30 c a bbl., Manitoba first patents selling at $\$ 11.00$ and Ontario flour at $\$ 10.25$. All grades of sugar have advanced 25 e a hundred weight, while Paris lumps are selling at $\$ 9$ to $\$ 9.10$ which is an advance of from 25 c to 50 e a cwt. New laid eggs are selling at 35 c a dozen. These are no case eggs on the market. Butter has dropped 5 c to 7 c a lb . and is now selling at 35 c a lb . Pure lard is selling at 26 to $261 / 2$ cents a lb. While lard compound sells at $181 / 2$ c to $183 / 4 \mathrm{c}$. Potatoes are selling at $\$ 5.50$ a barrel which is an advance of 25 e a barrel.
ET. , OHN, N.B.
FTour, Na 1 , patents, bols,, Manitoba
Ontario


 Rice, siam, ewt.
Sago and Tapioca,

Bugar
Standard granulated, ewt.
United United Empire
Bright yellow
No. 1 yellow
Paris lumps Charis lumps ....
Eggs, new laid
Roll bacon
Breakfast bacon
Butter
Butter, dairy, per $\mathbf{1 b}$.
Lard, pure, ib.
Lard, pure, compound
American clear pork
American comed, 18 ..


Corn. 2 s , standard ease .....
Peas, 2s, standard case



Raspberries, 2s, Ontario, case
Peaches. 2s, Ontario,

## FLOUR AND CEREALS

## Flour Advanced By Thirty Cents: Firm

## FLOUR AND FEED.-As indicated

 in last week's report, wheat and flour have taken a firming move, and a thirty cent advance went into effect last week making First Patents again pass the ten dollar mark per barrel. This bears out predictions vaguely made off and on during the winter, and though the prophets are modest and not blatant upon to-day's markets the undercurrent of opinion keeps murmuring of higher prices for flour before new crop wheat is harvested. Railway difficulties have however returned in their strength during the present week, and their influence is perhaps helping the firmness forward. But wheat supplies dwindle, and the indications in the United States are that their winter wheat crop is disappointing. This would throw more demand upon Canadian resources in wheat, and might help to firm the market here Then the news of locust visitations in the Argentine, and the reports of crop damage there have a further firming effect upon this country's wheat market outlook, so that the suggestion that firmness and a long continued period of high prices for flour are likely is not without foundation in market symptons. At present the flour market responds rapidly to the tendencies of wheat, and any advances in wheat would mean furthere advances in flour. Feeds continue as quoted last week, in very good demand, but the railway delivery problems are retarding shipment and also milling activity. There is a strong demand for Edwardsburg gluten feed along with the other mill feeds. This is a by-product of the starch and corn-syrup manufacturing industry. Winter wheat is in firmer toned market at the prices quoted last week.

[^1]flour, and wheatlets are up in price in unison with the flour market. Cornmeal, however, quotes a little easier though the market is subject to delivery difficulties. Rolled oats are getting firmer, the market for oats being considerably firmer at present, and with every tendency towards greater firmness. Demand for the cereals is strong, and business reported better than in previous weeks. Barley, pearl, 98 lbs.
farles,
Rarles, pot. 98 lbs.
Ruckwheat flour, 98 lbs
Com flour, 98 lis.
Cormmeal, yellow, 98 ibs
Graham flour, 98 lhs
Hominy, granulated. 98
Hominy, pearl, 98 lbs.
Oatmeal, standard, 981 bs .
Oatmeal, granulated, 98 lbs
Oatmeal, granulated, 98 libs.
Peas, Canadian, boiling, bus
Rolled oats, $90-\mathrm{ib}$. bags
Whole wheat flour, 981 bs . Rye flour, 98 lhs.

## Flour Returns To

 \$10 Per BarrelAfter Remaining at Point of Recent De cline for a Week, Firmness in Wheat Caused Upward Movement

## Toronto

FLOUR.-Flour is again selling on a basis of $\$ 10$ per barrel for Manitoba first patents after having been down to $\$ 9.70$ for a little over a week. With the strong wheat market and the consistently high prices that are being paid for cash wheat at Winnipeg, there was ever, encouragement to return to the recent light level. Wheat is now selling at approximately 10 c over the point at which the recent decline took place. On Tuesday of last week the market for the cash article at Winnipeg closed at $\$ 1.871 / 2$ and there has been a generally upward tendeney during the week, until on Tues. day of the present week wheat at Winnipeg closed at $\$ 1.917 / 8$. The bullish elements in the wheat market during the week have been reports from the West and South-western. United States tha: winter wheat in those districts has wintered badly, and that the aggregate acreage which has been plowed under amounts to $4,885,000$. Throughout the week there were continued reports of the poor condition of the wheat crop in Nebraska and Kansas. Furthermore, the reports of a poor crop in the Argentine have been confirmed to the extent that the Government of that country has placed an embargo on the shipment of all grain and flour in order to conserve their stocks for their own use. Ldeally the demand has been normal for domestic uses. Many of the mills continue to he fully occupied with export business for the British Government, but ocean tonnage for home consumption abroad
still continues lacking. Shipments of feed and flour from the West are improving in that the Canadian Pacific is moving shipments readily, especially to points where their own lines reach. With wheat holding at the present level, a strong position for flour still maintains Ontario winter wheat flour advanced 20 c per barrel during the week, with high patents now selling at $\$ 8.80$ and second patents at $\$ 8.40$ per barrel. Demand for the latter is somewhat light at present. but for export the trade is good.

Cat
lots
per bbl

## Further Orders

For Oat Products
Toronto
CEREALS.-Additional orders for rolled oats and oatmeal have been placed among Canadian mills during the week on account of the British Government. which is helping to keep the cereal mills busy. There has been a steady demand for these products from the Government. For the most part there has been a steadiness in the prices for cereals during the week, with a continuation of price-cutting reported in certain quarters. There has been a brisk demand for all cereal products


## Oats Again Move <br> To Higher Levels

MILL, FEEDS.-Under the stress of a brisk demand for oats to be used in cereals and in sympathy with the advancing wheat market, Manitoba oats and Ontario oats were quoted higher during the week. Ontarios were quoted at 67 e to 69 e , an inerease of 2 c , while Manitobas were quoted at 75 c , an increase of 1 c . There was a continued brisk demand for mill feeds of all kinds. and prices for these commodities remained unchanged.


## Hogs Higher And Products Firmer

Montreal-
PROVISIONS.-There is a very firm tone now in all hog products, and prices are likely to advance to greater firmness. This week the prices quoted for provisions in this column are available, but there is talk of shading upwards by from $1 / 2 e$ to 1 c a pound in all lines of hog products. Live hogs sold at $\$ 16.75$ per 100 pounds this week, an advance of from 25 c to 50 c over last week's prices, and the dressed hog market was at $\$ 23$ per 100 pounds, an advance of about the same amount over last week's quotations. It is unlikely that any easier feeling ean be found on the market now before June, as the supplies offering are dwindling lower and lower, and the new season's summer run of hogs will not begin till June. Whether the summer supplies are to be in larger quantity and better quality than the supplies now offering is a matter of conjecture so far. Very poor hogs have been bringing very fair prices for a good while back, and the hog-raiser has been securing reasonable returns.


## Cold Storage Poultry Principally Offered <br> Montren1-

POULTRY.-Supplies of poultry arriving from the country are still almost insignificant in quantity, and the market is dependent principally on storage birds at the prices quoted last week. Prospeets are for freer supplies as the sprin_ advances, and following Easter there should be steady demand for ponltry of all kinds that are marketable. Efforts will no doubt be made to have a rather better offering of poultry for Eastertide marketing, but the season is young yet
for supplies in any considerable quantity.


## Egg Arrivals Only Supply Daily Needs

## Montreal-

EGGS.-The market for eggs is gradually coming back to its springtime standards of supply. Rather more Ontario eggs are coming along, but Quebec farms are non-productive in the egg department of poultry farming. This is a condition which local produce men feel might well be improved upon, and the market could certainly stand many more eggs from Quebec Province. While some firms are not importing many more eggs from Chicago (where the local demand is now outstripping production), others are still getting in the United States product. Prices show a steady tendency at time of writing owing to the fact that each day's arrivals are practically all absorbed by market needs in the day's business. Arrivals show rather a falling off for the week ending March 24 as compared with the corresponding period last year. The figures are: Week ending March 24, 1917, 6,581 cases; correspon'1ing week, 1916, 8,331 cases. The price quoted for eggs to retail trade is 38 e, and only very slightly less to wholesalers from sources of supply.
${ }^{\text {Fergew }}$ Sew laid
038

## Butter Outlook Is For Richer Supplies

 MantranBUTTER.-Butter market conditions are not very active or unusual just at present. Supplies in storage are being conserved as far as possible, as newmade butter is not coming in very freely as yet. Conditions for fresh-made are, however, rapidly improving with the advance of spring. Prices for butter to the retailer maintain as quoted last week, with a steadiness present, but anticipations inclining now towards probable easier prices in the future as supplies grow more plentiful. Arrivals in Montreal for the week ending March 24 were 2.317 packages, as compared with 1,051 packages for the corresponding period of the previous year.

## Butter-

Creamery, prints (storage)
Creamery, prints (fresh made)
Creamery, solids (fresh made)

Dairy prints, choice, lb.
Dairy prints, lbs., in tubs
Bakers
Bakers
041
0
0
0

## Cheese Market Quiet;

 Good Supply Coming montrealCHEESE.-Quietness of market is the characteristic of the present time in cheese market circles, but there is great firmness of tone, both for the present and for the future in generally expressed opinion. The outlook is for fine quality cheese when the new making begins to come forward. Reports are good as regards the condition of the cattle, and farmers are anticipating high prices for the April make of cheese. Local business is meantime light, and the stronger interest inclines towards the export outlook, which seems to promise high priees still. There is on the local market a striking shortage of triplets, and twins are scarce too. Prices remain as quoted last week for these grades and the various other grades of cheese. Lenten demand for cheese has not been at all abnormal. Arrivals for the week ending March 24 were 1,278 boxes. For the same period of 1916, 1,538 boxes arrived.

[^2]02716
028

## Honey Supplies <br> Steadily Dwindle <br> \section*{Montreal}

HONEY.-Still in dwindling supply, honey is maintaining its firm market with good demand, and some supplies reported of Ontario white clover honey in the comb. Comb honey is being retailed readily at present, and the demand for strained honey is quite normal. Priees remain as quoted last week, but advances are not unexpected.

## Honey

Buckwheat, ${ }^{5-10} \mathrm{lb}$. tins, per lb.
Buckwheat, $60-\mathrm{lb}$. tins, per 1 b .
Clover, $5-10 \mathrm{lb}$. tins, per lb .
Clover, $60-1 \mathrm{~b}$. tins
Comb, per section
Cooked Hams And Barrel Pork Up

## Toronto

PROVISIONS.-With a good demand for cooked meats of all kinds there was a tendency toward higher prices during the week. Roll bacon was quoted $1 / 2 \mathrm{e}$ to 1c higher. Wiltshire bacon. 1e up, and long clear bacon was quoted frm at $211 / 2 \mathrm{c}$. Roast hams are quoted up 1e to

2e per pound. In mess pork there has been an advance of $\$ 2$ per barrel, $\$ 1$ per barrel advance in short cut backs in barrels and $\$ 1$ advance for pickled rolls. Live hogs were also in firm market during the week, with higher prices being quoted by 75 c per hundred. The run of live hogs was light last week, but gives promise of being somewhat heavier during the present week. Some packers are quoting dressed hogs as high as $\$ 22.50$ per hundred with heads on and $\$ 24$ per hundred with heads off. Pure lard held in a firm market during the week, and prices held steady on compound.

| Medium, per lb Large, per 1 b . | 0 0 0 $0251 / 2$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Backs- |  |
| Plain | 0 |
| Bonel | 035 |
| Breakfast, per lb. ............... 088 |  |
| Roll, per pb . .......................... 028 | ${ }_{0} 32$ |
| Wiltshire bacon, per lb. | 028 |
| Dry Salt Meats- |  |
| Long clear bac | 0 211/2 |
|  |  |
| Hams, boiled, per 1b. ................... 0 381/ |  |
| Hams, roast, per lb.................... 040 | 042 |
| Shoulders, boiled, per it ................ 0 o 32 | 09 |
| Shoulders, rosst, per lb. ................. ${ }^{33}$ | 035 |
| Barrel Pork- |  |
| Mess pork, bbl., 200 lb | 420 |
| Short cut backs, bbl. 200 |  |
| Pickled rolls, bы. 200 lbs . |  |
| Pure tierces, 400 lb |  |
| Compcund tierces, 400 |  |
| In $60-1 \mathrm{lb}$. tubs, $\mathrm{k} / \mathrm{c}$ e higher than |  |
| bigher than tierces, and $\mathbf{N} \mathbf{l b}$. prints, $1 / \mathrm{ce}$ e hig | than |
| Hogs- |  |
| Dressed, abattoir killed ............... 2200 | 2250 |
| Live, off cars ........................ 1600 | 1615 |
| Live, fed and watered ............... 1575 | 1600 |
| - Live, f.o.b. .............................. 1525 | 1540 |

## Demand For Dairy Butter Is Active

Toronto
BUTTER.-There was a disposition for creamery butter to be in a slow market during the week. Commission men showed a disposition to want to cash in on their holdings, and the market did not seem in a mood to buy readily. Trade in consequence has been somewhat quiet. Dairy butter, however, has been in good demand, probably due to the difference in price between it and creamery. With a continuation of growing weather the cows will soon be able to get to the grass, when a heavier production, both from creameries and the dairies, can be expected. Prices held steady $\dot{y}$ and unchanged during the week.
Creamery prints, fresh made
Greamery solids
Dairy prints, choice, lb .
Dairy prints, lb.

## Big Production of

 Eggs Now Under Way TorontoEGGS.-Production of eggs in Ontario is now at such a point that local eggs are taking care of the needs of the trade. Commission men are mildly surprised to see the way the eggs are pouring in from the producing sections., They state if the present movement keeps up they will soon be able to start the storage of eggs. Although production has now"wemmenteed strong, the "isemson" is
about four weeks behind normal years. There are practically no eggs coming from the Chicago district at present, the production locally making this district self-sufficient. In consequence of the good supply, the price during the week dropped 3c per dozen, and are headed to still lower levels.
Eggs-
New laid, cartons $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$
New laid, ex-cartons $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$
0

## Supplies of Cheese Are Getting Light <br> \section*{Toronte}

CHEESE.-There is very little cheese obtainable in the market at present, and prices are accordingly very firm. Between a good export demand and a good local demand, prices are being maintained on a very firm basis. There is some new cheese reaching the market, but this is eagerly taken by shippers for export as soon as sufficient is available and tonnage can be secured. Prices have been moved $1 / 2 \mathrm{c}$ to 1 c higher during the week.
Cheese-
New, large
Old, large


## First Shipment of Spring Chickens Due <br> Toronto

POULTRY.-Pou'try men are anticipating the arrival of some of the first spring chickens next week. They are expected to be high in price, and will probably sell around 45 c per pound. As spring proceeds, the supply is expected to become more plentiful, and prices accordingly become lower. There is still a quantity of frozen poultry around, and a better demand is developing for this in the face of the high price of meats. Conditions in the poultry business are very quiet at present. There is very littl? fresh-dressed poultry arriving.
Roosters, live, per lb .
Hens, live, per Ib.
Hens, fresh
Hens, fresh, dressed per 1 th................... 23
Prices are those paid at Toronto by

## New Crop Maple Syrup Arrived During Week <br> Toronte

HONEY. MAPLE SYRUP.-Some of the first of the new crop maple syrun reached the market during the week, and for the Imperial gallons is selling at $\$ 1.25$ to $\$ 1.35$, while the eight-pound tins are quoted at $\$ 1.10$ to $\$ 1.15$. The season for maple syrup is expected to be a short one this year owing to the rapidity with which the growing season seems to be advancing. Some of the early trees have already pushed out their buds, which is strong evidence that the sap is on the move. With the comparatively warm nights there is no impediment to the free movement of the sap. Honev continues to move in fairly normal demand for this time of the year.


## Cheese Much Higher; Hog Market Erratic Winnipeg

PRODUCE AND PROVISIONS.-
The live hog situation during the past week has been erratic. For a day or two hogs sold as low as $\$ 13.50$, but prices quickly firmed, and towards the end of the week were firm at $\$ 14.75$ to $\$ 14.85$. There is very little cheese being held, although the demand is low, nevertheless prices are having a tendency to advance rapidly, and will hold firm until the new make. Local prices took a jump last week, and are now 29 to 30 cents.


FLOUR AND CEREALS
(Continued from page 42.1 Specini mildings ......................... 8000
Feed flour 5200 Ontario oats. No. 2 (nominnl).

## Little Feed Offered; Government Buys Oats

 FLOUR AND CEREALS,-Quotations on flour have undergone no change, first patents selling at $\$ 9.70$ Quietness in the market is due to the fact that the wheat market is very narrow which condition is largely due to transportation difficulties. The rolled oats market is in about the same condition, i.e., firm at $\$ 3.00$, with considerable business offering, although millers are having difficulty filling their contracts being unable to get equipment to Eastern Canada and to the seaboard. Much of the rolled oats and oatmeal going through is for Imperial and Canadian Governments. All mills are reported greatly oversold.

## Say

## "Armour's"

to your customers, and you need say no more. The transaction is completely safe-quality and value are given-and there can be no complaints. Make Armour's Veribest your leader in

## HAMS LARD BACON SAUSAGE



Canned Meats, Fish, Eggs, Grape Juice and other Oval Label Products, are positive trade-winners. This Armour Line is "Made in Canada"-at Hamilton.
A big collection of Armour Store Signs and advertising material is at your service. Ask the Armour salesman, or write us direct.


ARMOURACHCOMPANY HAMILTON, ONTARIO, CANADA

## Bigger profits for you and better service for your customers

This, Mr. Dealer, is what the
NEW ALL-CANADIAN, ALL-WOODEN

## WASHBOARD

means to you
The prohibitive prices of zinc and aluminum have removed from popular favor the washboards made of these materials, and have resulted in the production of the New All-Canadian, All-Wooden line. This latter is just as good a board, gives better service, and produces a better profit for the dealer than the old line. It is, as its name implies, Canadian-made right through.
The rubbing surface is made of the finest grained hardwood - a vast improvement on the wooden washboard of former years.
Try what a little stock of the "New
All-Canadian" will do for you in the way of larger profits. Retalls at 20 c .
The Wm. Cane \& Sons Co., Limited NEWMARKET, ONTARIO


## Your customers' good taste

will be perfectly satisfled with the delicious goodness emboided in

## Moirs XXX

## Chocolates

the wholesome confection which is sold in bulk or fancy packages.

The profits to be derived from selling Moirs Chocolates make it worth your while to get them before your customers immediately. Do this customers learn what real business bullding potentialities this quality line offers you.

Moirs Limited
HALIFAX, - CANADA

If any advertisement interests you, tear it out now and place with letters to be answered.
||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||


If he did you can confidently count upon him coming in again for a further supply of Orlandos-the popular three-for-a-quarter line that always satisfies.
Keep a box or two well displayed in your tobacco show case. The dollars of extra profit awaiting you in this line will make you more than ever convinced that a well stocked tobacco department is something decidedly worth while. Start right in to-day and prove Orlando selling value for yourself.

## W. R. Webster \& Co. LIMITED SHERBROOKE, QUE.

## THE SARDINES THAT ARE DIFFERENT



## Norwegian Sardines (IN PURE OLIVE OIL)

Put up in attractive looking container, with patented opener attached, these delicious, wholesome products of Norwegian Waters make fast friends of particular people everywhere.

Results that a trial supply will produce will make you a regular dealer in these quality sea foods.

> Special Brands in different grades to suit individual buyers.

May we send you particulars and prices?

## Stewart Menzies \& Co. 70 LOMBARD ST. <br> TORONTO



# These Bird Products will bring new customers 

Bird's Custard Powder is sold in an at tractive lithographed tin, which makes a very handsome package. Now sold in 5 c tins, as well as the 15 c size.

Bird's Egg Powder is the original egg substitute. There are many worthless imitations. Give your customers the best. This package sells for 20 c .

Bird's Spongie makes a very fine jelly roll (sometimes called Swiss Roll), a very beneficial article. Once your customers know Bird's Spongie they will buy it often.

Bird's Puddena, like Bird's Spongie, is comparatively new in the Canadian market. Before long you will consider it a staple, for it finds instant favor.


Bird's Lemonade differs greatly from the many so-called "Lemonades" on the market. The powder is the extract of pure lemons and is packed in glass jars, beneath the ithographed carton. Nothing to deteriorate or become rancid, no tin tact with aclds. A pure, wholesome merchandise you will be glad to sell.


## MADE BY

ALFRED BIRD \& SON

## Birmingham, Eng.

Sales Agents for Canada :
Harold F. Ritchie \& Co.
10 McCaul Street TORONTO

If any advertisement interests you, tear it out now and place with letters to be answered.


Trade Price, 45c per doz.
A popular seller worth displaying. It brings the customer back for more.


Trade Price, 80c per doz.
A snappy seller everywhere. The beautiful transparency and undoubted quality of this RICHARDS line make it a favorite with everybody.


Write your Wholesaler or The Richards Pure Soap Co. WOODSTOCK, ONTARIO


They are appetizing, wholesome, and nutritious, containing eggs and milk. Quickly prepared, and easily assimilated.

Packages are attractively labelled, and lend themselves to displays, both for store interior and the window.
Packed 3615 e packages to the case.

## The Robert Gillespie Co. WINNIPEG, MAN.

Agents for Canada

## Wentworth Jam and Profits

Weniworth Brand Fruit Butter is preferable in many wayg to dairy butter for a "spread" for the children, and even for the "grown-ups" at breakfast and supper.

## BETTER THAN BUTTER

Suggest Wentworth Fruit Butter to your customers who are anxious to reduce the high cost of living. Wentworth Jams are extremely pleasing to the taste and healthful for old and young.
Your profit is as-
Net Price List FRUIT BUTTER, Flavors:-

Peach and Apple
Plum and Apple
Pear and Apple
Pineapple and Apple
Tumblers $\ldots \ldots \ldots . \$ 1.15$ per dos. 12-oz, Glass Jars . 1.40 per doz. 16-0z. Glass Jars . 2.00 per doz. No, 2 Gold Tins ... 3.00 per doz.
No, 4 Gold Tins ... 50 each At Wholesalers, or write us direct

PURE ORANGE MARMALADE,
Tumblers
. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 1.50$ per doz.
12-oz. Glass . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 2.30 . 8.30 per doz doz.


WENTWORTH DESSERT JAMS AND JELHESE.
High-grade, made from pure fruit and apple jelly.
Tumblers ............................................................ $\$ 1.15$ per d
12-oz. Glass
1.40 per doz

16-oz. Glass
2.00 per doz.

No. 2 Gold Tins
2.00
per doz.
3.00
per
$30-\mathrm{ib}$. Palls Tins
.50 per tin

## The Wentworth Orchard Co.,Limited

 Sales Office: .Hamilton, Canada
## No Relief in Sight

prices are bound to be higher. in many instances selling below ACTUAL MARKET PRICES

Our large and modern warehouses are yet storing large quantities of foodstuffs bought at the right time. Might we suggest that you inquire our prices on:

CANNED FRUITS AND VEGETABLES
CALIFORNIA DRIED FRUITS
CURRANTS, bulk and packages
SALMON
SARDINES
KIPPERED HERRINGS
RICE
BARLEY
CORNMEAL
ROLLED OATS
COMPOUND AND PURE LARD
VINEGAR (from Canada's largest manufacturers)
JAPAN TEAS (Samples mailed on request)

## We have the facilities for service giving

Telephone or wire your requirements at our expense

## S. J. MAJOR LIMITED <br> Wholesale Grocers

OTTAWA
ONTARIO
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO MAIL ORDERS


## Grape Juice selling is

worth while if you feature BARNES

Just try it out. The fact that you've been disappointed in other lines is all the more reason why you should give Barnes a trial and prove to your own satisfaction what a real good seller it is.
Pure unfermented juice of Concord Grapes - sparkling, palate pleasing, delicious that's Barnes', and that's the reason for Barnes' popularity. Connect with this popular household beverage right now and give your profits a boost.

## The

## Ontario Grape Growing and Wine Mfg. Co.

ST. CATHARINES, ONT.।


## Quick selling and better profits follow displays of <br> Royal Salad Dressing

The little selling effort required to effect a first sale of this tip-top Cana-dian-made sauce will be profusely rewarded by the ever-increasing repeat sales which will inevitably result.

Royal Salad Dressing is a real quality line, pure, sweet and deliciousthe sort to please your particular customers. A couple of dozen bottles will enable you to form an idea as to what selling it signifies.
Send your order to-day. We know you'll sell it right along if you give it a trial.

HORTON-CATO MFG. CO.
Windsor, Ont.

## QUOTATIONS FOR PROPRIETARY ARTICLES

SPACE IN THIS DEPARTMENT IS $\mathbf{\$ 5 6}$ PER INCH PER YEAR

## BAKING POWDER

WHITE SWAN SPICES AND CEREALS, LTD.
4 oz. Tins, 4 doz, to case weight 20 lbs. ........... 6 oz. Tins, 4 doz. to case weight 25 lbs. ........... oz. Tins, 4 doz to case, weight 35 lbs.
12 oz . Tins, 4 doz. to case, weight 48 lbs. $\ldots$........ 6 oz . Tins, 4 doz. weight 65 lbs. ........... 3 weight $85{ }^{2} \mathrm{lbs}$ doz. to case, weight 1 Tins, 1 doz. to ease. weight 75 the ROYAL BAKING POWDER
 bers' point subject to jobbers' regular terms.
DOMINION CANNERS, LTD. JAMs.
"Aylmer" Pure Jams and Jellies Guaranteed Fresh Fruit and Pure Sugar Only.
Screw Vactop Glass Jars, 16 oz. glass 2 doz, case. Per dos.
Blackberry
Currant, Black
Plum
5*
Pear
250
230
2
Peach
Raspberry, Red Raspberry and Red Currant 240
DOMINION CANNERS, LTD.
CATSUPS-In Glass Bottles
Per doz.
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { 1/2 Pts. Delht Epicure .... } \\ \text { 1/2 } & \text { Pts., Red Seal, screw }\end{array}$
tops 135
Pts., Delhi Epicure
Pts., Red Seal
Pts., Tiger ........
Qts., Red Seal
065
090
120
160
225
500
950

```
18
```

頻
"AYLMER" PURE ORANGE

Tumblers, Vacuum Top, 2
dos, In case ...............
12 oz Glass, Screw Top, 2
doz. in case $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots .$.
16 os. Glass, Screw Top, 2
16 oz Glass, Tall, Vacuum
Top, 2 doz, in case......
2's Tin, 2 doz, per case...
4's Tir, 12 pails in crate,
per pall ${ }^{5}$ Tin, $\&$ palls in erate,
per pall "Wo...................
T's Tin or Wood, 4 palls
14's Tin or Wood, 4 palls
In erate, per $1 \mathrm{~b} . . . . . . .{ }^{0} 141 / 2$ 30 's Tin or Wood, one pall only, per lb. .............. 0 141/2

## BLUE

Keen's Oxford, per lb.
In 10-1b. lots or case.

## CEREAEA

WHITE SWAN Per case Pancake Flour (Self-riotng), 8 dos, case, wgt, 50 lbs... 8270 Biscuit Flour (Self-rising), 2 dos. to case, welght 60 Ibs. ...................... Ing), 2 dos. to case, wght. 50 lbs. ....................... 2 Eealth Flour, $\delta$ lb. bags,
per dog. ................... 88 per dos, $\ldots, \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots .{ }^{3},{ }^{3}$ doz, to case,
King's Food, welght 95 lbs. $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$, 550
Dlet Flour, 34 lbs., 1 doz, to Dlet Flour, $31 / 2 \mathrm{lbs} ., 1$ doz, to case, per case .............. 450
Wheat Flakes, per case of Wheat Flakes, per case of
2 doz.. 25 pkgs........... 2 doz. 25 pkgs............ 450 Wheat Kearnels, 2 doz. to case ......................... 270 COCOA AND CHOCOLATE THE COWAN CO., LTD. Cocoa-
Perfection: 1-1b, tins. doz,.. 84 50 Perfection, $1 / 2-1 \mathrm{~b}$, tins, dos.. 2 in Perfection, $1 / 4-1 \mathrm{~b}$. ting. doz... 125 Perfection, 10e size, dos.... 080 Perfection, $5-1 \mathrm{~b}$-tins, per ib .0 at Roluble, bulk, No. 1, th.... 022 Soluhle, hulk, No. 2, 1b.... 0 2n London Pearl, per Ib........ 024 (Unsweetened Chacelate) Supreme chorolate, $1 / 2 \mathrm{~s}, 12$ Purfores, per in............ 0 Perfection checolate, soe
size. 2 doz. In box. dos... 1 so


THE reason why the average merchant sells so much "Surprise" is not because it pays him a larger profit than other 5 c . Soaps; not because he cannot buy as many other kinds as he feels like buying and still get "Surprise" at the lowest price. No! No! Not at all.

The reason he sells more, much more, "Surprise" than of all other Soaps is that it is "easy to sell." It needs no boosting; no argument. He passes it out feeling absolutely certain that the person who buys it will not come back at him with a kick.

These are the real reasons why "Surprise" enjoys such continuous popularity. They are good reasons, too, don't you think?

# THE ST. CROIX SOAP MFN'G CO. 

ST. STEPHEN, N.B.
Branches:-Montreal,
Toronto,
Winnipeg,
Vancouver,
West Indies

## HAMS

For Easter trade you will require a good stock of good Hams. There are no better than the "Star" Brand.

Order now, with instructions to ship for Easter trade.

## All meats cured under Government Inspection.

F. W. FEARMAN CO.

LIMITED
HAMILTON

## Freeman's Dry Air Refrigerator

We have enlarged the air circulating plled many times the air-drying and ice-saving efficlency of present day Butcher Refrigerator: until we have produced a Refrigerator measuring inch for fnch more alr circulating capacity than any other made during the past or present.
This Visteri
shows our warm air flue arranged along the celling, where of warm atr rises to in all cold rooms. it is placed where warm air flues are warm air hues are flues form a hollow recess for recelving recessarm air; they discharge the air discharge the air
from both enfis and Price list and eatalogue free and malled convey it above the lce.


Representatives:-James Rutledge, Phone St. Louls 876, 2008 Waverley St. Montreal, Que.; George J. Slmonds, Phone College 8794, 334 Markham st., Toronto, Ont.
> th Manufactured by
> The W. A. Freeman Co., Limited HAMILTON

Perfection chocolate, 10c size, 2 and 4 doz. In box,
per doz. Sweet Chocolate- Per ib.
Queen's Dessert, 10 c cakes, 2 doz. in box, per box.... 180
Vanilla, $1 / 4-1 \mathrm{lb} ., 6$ and $12-\mathrm{lb}$. boxes $\cdots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$ boxes, 8 s, 6 and $12-1 \mathrm{~b}$ Diamond, 6 's and 7 's, 6 and lamond, $1 / \mathrm{m}^{\prime} \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{G}$ and 12 lb . Diamond,
boxes
bos.
6 and 12-1b.

Choculate, white, dink. lemon, orange, maple, almoud, cocoanut, cream, in 1/2-1b. packages, 2 and 4 doz, in bnx, per doz. ..... 100 Chocolate Confections. Per doz Maple buds, $5-1 \mathrm{~b}$, boxes .... 038 Milk medallions, $5-1 \mathrm{~b}$, boxes 038 Chocolate wafers, No. 1, 5 ib. boxes $\ldots$............... lb. boxes Nonparell wafers, No. 1, 5 1b. hoxes .................. 0 s Nonparell wafers. No. 2. 5 1h. haxen ......... ......... 02 Chocolate ginger, $5-1 \mathrm{~b}$. bxs., Chocolate ginger, $5-\mathrm{lb}$. bxs., 040 Misk chuculate wafers, $5-1 \mathrm{~b}$.
milk chuculate wafers, o-16. o 39
bote drops, 5 -ib boxes.... 0
Luach bars, 5-1b. boxes...... 0 3y Royal MIIk Chocolate, be cakes, 2doz. in box, per
box $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots, \ldots 005$ Nut milk chocolate, $1 / 2 / \mathrm{s}$ 6, lb. boxes, 1b. ............. 03 Nut milk chocolate, $1 / 4 \mathrm{~s}$. 6 .
ib. hoxes, 1b. 1b. hoxes. 1b. ........... 0 s Nut milk chocolate, 5e bars 24 bars. per box $\ldots \ldots .$. .
Almand nnt bars, 24 bars. Almand nut bars. 24 bars. ALIFORNIA FRTHT CANNERS ASSOCIATION
CATIMORVIA RIPE OTIVES DEL MONTE BRAND Size-
21/2-atiart Tall Cylinder Can No. 1 Pint Cylinder Can... No. 16 Jar
No. 10 Can
yUBA BRAND
$21 / 2$-quart Tall Cylinder Can No. 1 Pint Cylinder Can.
No. 10 Can
Picnle
Can
BORDEV MITK CO.. LTD CONDENRED MILE Terme net 80 days.
Kagle Brand. each 48 cans. $\$ 800$ Refndper Brand. earh 48 cans 770 Relndepr Brand. each 48 cans 770
Silver Cow, pach 48 cans 715 Gnld Seal. Purity, each is Mayflower Brand, each 48 Challenge. Clover Brand each 48 cans ............. 650

[^3]CONDENSED COFFFF Reindeer Brand, "Large," each 48 cans $\ldots \ldots . .$. eindeer Brand, "Small," Regal Brand each 24 cans.... 580 Cocoa, Reindeer Brand, each 24 cans

## COFFEE.

WHITE GWAN SPICES AND CERFALS, LTD WHITE SWAN
1 lb. square tins, 4 doe. to
case, weight 70 lbs.......
case, weight 70 lbs....... 0
ENGLISH BREAKEAST COFFEE.
$1 / 2 \mathrm{lb}$. tins, 2 doz , to eame, weight 22 lbs. .......... weight 35 lbs............

## MOJA

$1 / 2 \mathrm{lb}$ tins, 2 doz. to ease, 32

1. 1b tins, 2 doz, te casi, 32
weight 35 lbs. weight 40 lbs . ........... 31
PRESIONTATION COFFEE.
A Handsome Tumbler in Bect Tin.
1 lb. tins, 2 dos, to cane welght 45 lbs., per lb... o 8
FLAVORING EXTRAOTB WHITE SWAN FLAVORINC EXTRACTS-ALL FLAVOR 1 os, bottles, per dos, 2 weight 3 lbs. .............. 1 es 2 welght bottles, per dos., $21 / 2 \mathrm{oz}$. bottles, per do... 800 welght 6 lbs. 4 os bottles, per dos., 8 weight bottles, per do.............. 16 welght 14 lbs. .............. weight 23 lbs . per doz., 32 os. bottles, per dos., Wulk, per gallon, welght is lbs, per galion, weight 16

CRESCENT MFG. CO.
CRESOENT MAPLEINH

## Per dos.

K or. ( 4 dos, case), welght
9 lbs., retall each $15 \mathrm{c}, \ldots$.
1 os, (4 dos. care), Welght
214 lbs., retall each $30 \mathrm{c} . .$.
2 02. (3 dos. case), welght
4 oz . ( 2 dos, case), welght
17 lbs., retail each welght
8 os. ( 1 dos. oase), weight
17 lbs., retall each $\$ 1.60$.
Pint ( 29 dos., retase), welght
Quart (i dos, case), welfht
53 ibs., retall each 85.50 .
Ealf gallons, each, retail
Gallong, 110 .....................
Gallons, each, retail each

## GETMTRE

Knox Plain Sparkifig Gela
tine ( 2 -qt. size), per dos 175
Knox Acfdulated Gelatine
(Lemon flavor), (2-at.
Cox's Instant Powderei 185
Cox's ingtan Powdered
Gelatine (2-gt. sise), per
W. CLARK, LIMITED

MONTRTAL.
Compreased Corned Beef, $1 / 9$. $82 ; 18, \$ 3.10 ; 25, \$ 7.00 ; 68$, 分 25. 148, 86e.
Roast Beef, $1 / 3 \mathrm{~s}, \mathbf{3 2} ; 1 \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{Fs} .10 ; 2 \mathrm{~s}$, $\$ 7.00 ; 6 \mathrm{~s}, \$ 2$.
Bolled Beef, 18, $\mathbf{8 3 . 1 0 ; ~ 2 8 , ~ \% 7 . 0 0 . ~}$
Jellied Veals, $1 / 2 \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{sz}$; 1s, 8 ; $2 \mathrm{~s}, 84.50$
Corned Beef Eash, We, 81.60 ; 10, $82.50 ; 28,84.50$.
Beppatenk and Onione, $1 / 2$, , 2 ; 10 .

## A Warm Nourishing Meal

Shredded Wheat Biscuit with hot milk and a little cream makes a warm, nourishing, satisfying meal. It not only pleases the palate, but supplies the body with strength and energy for the day's work.

## Shredded Wheat

Tell your customers about the real food value of this delicious cereal, and suggest its use with milk and a little fruit, instead of the egg or meat breakfast that costs many times as much but gives no more nourishment.

The Biscuit is packed in odorless spruce wood cases, which may be easily thereby adding to the grocer's profits.
"MADE IN CANADA"
The Canadian Shredded Wheat Co., Limited Niagare Falle, Ontario Toronto Office: 49 Wollinston Street East

## A glance

at this view, shew Ing the main entrance of the fine new building ier Mctormick's Bis cuits and one real zes the aptness of the description, " $A$ anow-white home for a pure food." Forty thousand feet of glass flood the in erior with sunebine and pure air. Tae thed wails are white namelled. The em ployees are upickwhite $n$ in spoties white uniforms; everything is done on buiding contains an omployent in ing empioyees dining oom and cafeteria eatiagu, ception visitore re ployees rest em ond s ormneefum. and a gymnasium some 1,200 varleties gives an fidea of the gives an idea of the buginess done.


## Imperial Rice Milling Co., Ltd.

VANCOUVER, B.C.


## We are offering the best value in Rice on the Canadian market to-day.

Cambridge Banasge, 1s, $83.00 ; 28$ \$5.50.
Boneless Pigs Feet, 1/3s, \$1.75; 1s, $\$ 2.75$; 2 s , $\$ 5.50$.
Lambs' Tongues, 1/2s.
Sliced Smoked Beef, ting, $1 / 2 \mathrm{~B}$ $\$ 1.85$; 18, $\$ 2.80 ; 4 \mathrm{~s}, \mathbf{\$ 1 5 . 5 0}$.
Sliced Smoked Beef, glass, $1 / 4 \mathrm{~s}$, $\ldots$; $1 / 2 \mathrm{~s}, \$ 2.25$; 1s, $\$ 3.25$.
Tongue, Ham and Veal Pate, $1 / 2 \mathrm{~s}, \$ 1.50$.
Ham and Veal, $1 / 2 \mathrm{~s}, \$ 1.45$.
Potted and Devilled Meats, tins -Beef. Ham, Tongue, Veal. Game, $1 / 4 \mathrm{~s}, 50 \mathrm{c} ; 1 / 2 \mathrm{~s}, \$ 1$.
Potted Meats, Glass - Chicken, Ham. Tongue, 1/8s, ...
Ox Tongues, tins, $1 / 2 \mathrm{~s}, \$ 3.50 ; 1 \mathrm{~s}$, $\$ 6.25 ; 11 / 2 \mathrm{~s}, \$ 9.50 ; 2 \mathrm{~s}, \$ 13$.
Ox Tongues, Glass, $11 / 2 \mathrm{~s}, \$ 12 ; 2 \mathrm{~s}$,
Mincemeat, Hermetically Sealed Tins, $1 \mathrm{~s}, \$ 2 ; 2 \mathrm{~s}, \$ 3.25 ; 3 \mathrm{~s}, \$ 4.55$ $4 \mathrm{~s}, \$ 6.25 ; 5 \mathrm{~s}, \$ 8$.
In Palls, 25 lbs. 13e 1 b
In 50 lb . Tubs, 13 c lb .
In 85 lb , Tubs, $121 / 2 \mathrm{e}$ ib.
In Glass, 18, \$2.80.
Clarke's Peanut Butter - Glass Jars, $1 / 4,95 \mathrm{c} ; 1 / 2, \$ 1.40 ; 1, \$ 1.85$.

Clark's Peanut Butter-Pails 24 lbs., 20 c per 1 b .
Clark's Tomato Ketchup, 16 oz., $\$ 3$.
Pork and Beans, Plain Talls, 18, 95c; 2s, $\$ 1.60 ; 3 \mathrm{~s}, \$ 2.40 ; 6 \mathrm{~s}, 88$; $12 \mathrm{~s}, \$ 12$; 3 s , filat, $\$ 2$. Individuals, 80 c doz.
Pork and Beans, Tomato Sance, Talls, $1 \mathrm{~s}, \$ 1.15 ; 2 \mathrm{~s}, \$ 1.85 ; 3 \mathrm{~s}$. $\$ 3$; 6s, $\$ 10$; $12 \mathrm{~s}, \$ 14.50 ; 3 \mathrm{~s}$, filt. $\$ 2.45$.
Individuals 90c doz.
Pork and Beans, Chill, 1s, $\$ 1.15$; 2 s, tall, $\$ 1.85$; 3 s , flat, $\$ 2.45$.
Individuals, 90 c dos.
Tomato Sauce, 11/23, \$1.75; Chill Sauce, 11/3s, $\$ 1,75$; Plaln Sauce, $11 / 2 \mathrm{~s}, 81.45$.
Vegetarian Baked Beans, Tomato Sauce, Talls, $\$ 1.80$.
Clark's Chateau Chicken Soup. \$1.25.
Clark's Chatean Concentrated Soups, \$1.15.
Clark's Chateau Concentrated Soups. No. 1 assorted, $\$ 1.15$.
Sphaghetti with Tomato and Cheese, $1 / 2 \mathrm{~s}, \$ 1.15$; $18, \$ 1.65 ; 3 \mathrm{~s}$, Cheese,
$\$ 2.65$ doz.
Fluld Beef Cordials, 20 oz , btls. 1 doz. per case, at $\$ 10.00$ per doz.
English Plum Puddings, 1s, $\$ 2.30$ doz.; 2s. $\$ 3$ doz.
LAFORTE, MARTIN, LIMITED Montreal. Agencies
BASIN DE VICHY WATERS LAdmirable, 50 bottles,
Iftre, es. ...................... 800
Neptune ... ................. 850
San Rival .................... 900
VICHY LEMONADE
La Savoureuse, 50 bottles, es ........................... 1100
NATURAL MINERAL WATER
Evian, Source Cachat, 50 bottles, cs. .... ........... 50 .

## IMPORTED GINGER ALE

 AND SODAGinger Ale, Trayders, ca..
dos. pts., dos. ............ 180
Ginger Ale, Trayders, ca., 6
dos., splits, dos. ......... 095
Club Soda, Trayders, em., 6
dos. pts., dos. .............. 115
Club Soda, Trayders, Ca, 6

Victoria Blend, 50 and 30 lb. tins, 1b. ................... Princess Blend, 60 and 80
lb . tins, lb .

## JAPAN TEAS

H. Li, ch, 90 lbs, lb. ...... 035 Victoria, ch. 90 lbs., $1 \mathrm{~b} . . .$. COFFEES
Victoria, Java and Mocha
Blend, 1 lb. tin, $1 \mathrm{~b} . \ldots .034$ Victoria, Java and Mocha
Blend, $5,10,25,50-1 \mathrm{~b}$.
tins, ib. ................... 0 s
Princess, Java and Mocha
Blend, 1-1b. tin, 1b...... 022
MUSTARD
COLMAN'S OR KEENE'S

## Per doz, tins

D. $S . ~ F ., ~$
D.
S $\mathbf{1 / - 1 b}$.
.......... 8175
D. S. F.r. $1 / 2-1 \mathrm{~b}$.

D. S. F., 1-1b | 130 |
| :--- |
| 3 |


Per Jar
Durham, 4-lb. Jar, each .. 110 Durham, 1-1b. jar, each .. 035

## गELLO.

GENESEE PURE FOOD CO. Assorted case, dozen..... 8360 Lemon, 2 dozen ............. 180 Orange, 2 doren ................ 1 is Raspberry, 2 doven
Strawberry, 2 dozen
Chocolate, 2 dozen
Peach ${ }^{2}$, dozen
Cherry, 2 dozen
Vanilla, 2 dozen
Waina, 2 dozen … ...... 18
Weight 4 dos. case, 15 tha, 2 des case, 8 tbs. Frefght rate, 2 d class.

JELLLO TOE OREAM POWDERE
Assorted case, 2 dosen...... 280
Chocolate, 2 dozen ......... 22 2 50
Strawberry, 2 dozen
Lemon, 2 domen ...... 280
Unffiavored, 2 dosen....... 200 Weight 11 ibs. to case. Freight rate, 2 d class.

## JELET POWDERS

WHITE SWAN SPICES AND
CEREALS, LTD.

White Swan, 15 flavors, 1
dos. in handsome counter
carton, per doz. $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots 080$
List Price

## spices

WHITE SWAN sPICES AND
CEREALS, TORONTO
AND ${ }^{60}{ }^{10} \mathrm{c}$ Round Oval lith itho. dredge. aredge ${ }^{20 \mathrm{oz}}$

SPICES | tredge |
| :---: |
| der doz. Per dos |

Allsplice …....... 8048 \$0 90
 Arrowroot,
Cayenne ${ }^{\text {tinc. }}$.............
Cayenne $\ldots \ldots . . .048$
Celery sait $\ldots \ldots . . . . . .$.
Celery
pepper
Celery pepper

Cinnamon whole,
5e, pkgs, win-
clowes front,
Cloves , whole, हic.
plggs., window
Curry powder .............
Curry powder $\ldots \ldots, \quad \ddot{0}$ is
Ginger
Mace $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$
Nutmegs

Nutmegs, winole,
fe pkge, window
Paprika $10 . . . . . . . . .0$ is
Pepper, black …. 048
Pepper, white ..... 068
Pastry oplee $\ldots . .0_{0} 48$
Pickiling spice,
window front; 80e..
shlpping wei ght
per case $\cdots \cdots 10 \mathrm{he} . ~$
pozens to
lbs .

090
090
095
090

## A little display of these 10c. Bottles

OF

Worcestershire Sauce
will pull excellent results

The housewife's favorite sauce in meat, attractively wrapped Hittle bottles. Made to sell on sight. Made to give satisfaction and to build big profits for the dealer.

If you sell it once you'll sell it always. The demand will grow bigger dally. Have your wholesaler ship you a trial supply, or falling this, we'll send you a ease or two. (4 dozen to case.)


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E. B. Thompson, Sole Proprietor)

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The Bowes Company, Limited 70-76 Front St. E., Toronto

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 Here are the Season's Leaders in Shoe Polishes
"ghUOLEAN." White kid and white leather cleaner.
"ALBO." White round cake, canvas eleaner and whitener, in laequered metal box ( 2 sizes).
"'CAEITLI'S"' French Bronze Dressing. Bronzes any color shoe.
"BOSTONIAN OREAMS." Put up in all the popular colors and shades. Most perfect cleaner and polishing eream for the finest grade of colored kid and calf leathers.
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"QUIOK WHITE'" (Liquid) makes dirty Canvas shoes clean and white. A sponge in every package, so always ready to use. Retails for 10 c and 25 c .

## Ask Your Jobber for Prices and Complete Catalog or write us (WHITTEMORE BROS. CORP.) at Boston, Mass.

## Get More Profit Out Of Your Sea Food Sales



The amount of business you do depends entirely on the quality of the goods you are handling. Inferior lines will never give you a big turnover or produce satisfied customers.

Stock only quality goods, which will boost your canned sea food business and attract the best class of trade to your store.

You run no risks whatever when you stock Brunswick Brand Sea Foods, whose delectable, wholesome qualities appeal to the most fastidious tastes.
"Brunswick Brand" is a big factor in creating year-round sales. Replenish your stocks from the following:

1/2 Oil Sardines
1/4 Mustard Sardines
Finnan Haddies (Oval and Round Tins)
Kippered Herring
Herring in Tomato Sauce
Olams

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Limited
Black's Harbor, N.B.

THE CANADA GTARCE CO., ITD., FDD ABDEBURG BRANDS and BRANTFORD BRANDG

## Laundry Starchem-

 Boxes40 lbs, Canada Laundry.. of
40 lbs., 1 lb . pkg., White
Gloss .... ............ Starch, 3 1b. cartons .... 100 lbs. kegs, No. 1 White.
 30 lbs., Edwardaburg Silver Gloss, 1 1b. chromo pkgs. 48 lbs., Silver Gloss, in 6 1b. tin canisters ......... 36 lbs., Silver Gloss, in 6 1b. draw lid boxes .......
00 lhs., kegs, Silver Gloss, 100 lhs., kegs, Silver Gloss,
large crystals ........... large crystals .. .......... lb. cartons, chromo label $.07 \%$ 40 lbs., Benson's Enamel, (cold water), per case... 3.00
20 lbs. Casco Refined Potato
Flour, 1 1b. plgs. .. .... . 15
Cellulold, 45 cartons. case. 3.75
Culinary Starch
$10 \mathrm{lbi} ., \mathrm{W} . \mathrm{T}$. Benson \&
Co.'s Celebrated Prepared .081/3
40 lbs . Canada Pure Corn . 7 Y 4 ( 20 lb . boxes $1 / 4 \mathrm{c}$ higher)

## BRANTFORD ETARCE

Ontario and Quebec
Taundry Starches-
Canada Laundry-
Boxes about 40 lbs . -
1-1b. cartons, boxes of 40
lbs. ..........................071/6
First Quality White Laundry -
3 -1b. canisters, cs. of 48 lbs .08
Rarrels. 200 lbs. ............. . $071 / 4$
Kegs, 100 lbs.
loss-
Lily White Gloss-
1-1b. fancy carton cases $\mathbf{1 b s}$

6-1b. toy trunks, loek and key, 6-1t. toy drum, with drumsticks, 8 in case..... 10
Kegs. extra large crystals,
100 1bs. ..................
Boxes, containing 40 fancy
kges. per case .......... Celluiold starches
Boxes containing 45 cartons. per case .................. 3 75 Culinary Starches-
Challenge Prepared Corn-
1-1b. pkts., boxes of $40 \mathrm{lbs} . . .071 / 2$ Brantford Prepared Corn-1-1b. pkts., boxes of $40 \mathrm{lbs} . .081 / 4$
"Crystal Maize" Corn Stareh-$1-\mathrm{lb}$, plts., boxes of $40 \mathrm{lbs} .081 / 2$ ( $20-\mathrm{ib}$. boxes $1 / \mathrm{ce}$ higher than $40^{\prime} \mathrm{s}$ )
COW BRAND BAKING SODA
In boxes only.
Packed as follows:
5e packages (96) .......... 3 320
1 lb. packages (60) ..... 320
$1 / 2 \mathrm{lb}$, packages (120) 320
340
$\left.\begin{array}{c}1 / \mathrm{lb}, 60 \\ 1 \mathrm{lb}, 30\end{array}\right\}$ Packages Mixed 880

## SYRUP

THE CANADA STARCH CO., LTD., CROWN BRAND CORN SYRUP
Perfect Seal Jara, y tbe.,
1 dos. in case ........ .... ssess 2 lb . tins, 2 doz, in case.. 345 $5-1 \mathrm{~b}$. tins, 1 doz, in case... 385 10 lb , tins, $1 / 2$ doz, in case. 3.75 20 lb . tins, $1 / 4$ dos. in case 370
(Prices In Maritime Provinces
10c per case higher.)
Barrels, about 700 lbs..... .04\% Half bbls., about 350 lbs... . 05 $1 / 4$ bbls., about $175 \mathrm{lbs} \ldots . .051 / 4$ 2 gal , wooden pails, 25 lbs .1 .75
3 gal. wooden palla, 381/
lbs. ...................... 2.50
5 gal . wooden paila, 65 lbs .3 .86
LILY WHITE CORN SYRUP
2 lb . tins, 2 doz. In case..... $\$ 3.95$ 5 lb . tins, 1 doz. in case...... 4.35 10 lb , tins, $1 / 2$ doz. in case.. 4.25 20 lb . tins, $1 / 4 \mathrm{doz}$. in case... 4.20

ST. LAWRENCE QUGAR REFINING CO.
Crystal Diamond Brand Cane Syrup
2-1b. tins, 2 dos. in case. . $\$ 80$ Barrels, per 100 lbs....... 595
1/3 barrels, per 100 lbs..... 5 50 INFANTS' FOOD
MAGOR SON \& CO., LTD.
Robinson's Patent Barley - Doz. 1 1b. $1 \mathrm{ib} . \ldots \ldots \ldots . . . . . .$. $1 / 2 \mathrm{lb}$. 18
Robinson's Patent Groats-

STOP-ON POLIEHES DAS.
Polish, Black, Tan, Ox-blood
and Nut-brown .......... os
Dresaing, White, 4-os. bot-
tle .......... ............... $2^{20}$
NUGGET POLISHMS

Polish, Black, Tan, Toney
Red and Dark Brown.... 085 Card Outfits, Black and Tan 340 Metal Outfits, Black and
Tan $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots . . \ldots \ldots .$. . 380 Creams, Black and Tan..... 110 White Cleaner ................. 110

## YEAST

White Swan Yeast Cakes,
per case, 3 doz. 5c plgan., 120 Yeast for bakers, $12 \%$ 1b. cartons: per carton, $\$ 1.25$.
rmperial tobacco co. of CANADA, LIMITED.
EMPIRE BRANCH.
Black Wateh, 8s, butte
1bs.
Bobs, 6 s and $12 \mathrm{~s}, 12$ and 6

Currency Bars, 18., 1/2 butts,
12 lbs., boxes $6 \mathrm{lbs} . . . . . .{ }_{0} 0$
Currency, 68, $1 / 2$ butts, 9 lbs. 040
Stag Bars, 61/8, butts, 11
lbs., boxes, $51 / 2 \mathrm{lbs}$. .......
Walnut Bars, $81 / 2$, bozes 7
1bs. ........................ 00
Pay Roll, thlek bars, 8ys,
6 lb . boxes …........... o 0
Pay Roll, thin bars, 8\%s, is
lb. boxes ....... .......... o
Pay Roll, plug, 848, 12 and
7 1b. caddles ............ 06
shamrock, plug, $71 / 65,1 / 6$ butts, 12 lb . boxes, $\mathrm{o}^{-1} \mathrm{ibs}^{2}$. 31
Great West, pouches, fe..... ot
Forest and stream, tins, 11s,
2 1b, cartons ...............
Forent and stream, $1 / 6 \mathrm{~s}, 1 / \mathrm{s}$
and $1-\mathrm{lb}$, tins $\ldots . . . . .$.
Forent and fiream, 1-1b.
glape humidors.......... 18

## 0

$1 *$

## EASTER

ET us have your orders for your L. Easter trade as early as possible.

We will have all kinds
Fancy Fruits and Vegetables Bananas, Oranges, Grape Fruit, Pineapples, Strawberries

New-Cabbage, Celery, Cauliflower, Lettuce, Radish, Rhubarb, Etc.
"The House of Quality"
HUGH WALKER \& SON GUELPH, ONT.
Established 1861

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We are making special preparation for handling the Holiday Trade.

Orders Large or Small Solicited
Bananas, Celery, Cauliflower, Lettuce, Pineapples, Oranges, Grape Fruit,
Cabbage, Cucumbers, Green Onions, New Carrots, Asparagus, California Artichokes.

## The Fish Department

offers a complete assortment of Fresh and Frozen Fish for Good Friday Trade.

The Service and Quality House.
WHITE \& CO., LIMITED TORONTO
Main 6565

Let us handle your fruit requirements
You will find our stocks tiptop in every way, and our service entirely satisfactory. The fruits we sell are the kind you need to satisfy your eustomers and to build up a thriving fruit business.
We can ship you on short notice best quality foreign fruits - Bananas, Lemons, Oranges, etc.

Why be content with slow, profitless fruit sales 9 Connect with us and sell the fruits that sell quiekly and always satisfy.

Write us to-day.
Lemon Bros. OWEN SOUND, ONT.

## New Crop

 "St.Nicholas" "Queen City" "Kicking"are shipped. Get these brands for the best Lemons.
J. J. McCabe Agent TORONTO


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For more than a quarter of a century

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have steadily increased in popular favour.
Quality is the first and last word in the Manufacture of these Biscuits.
The natural, soluble phosphates of the grain are retained and the Biscuits have a high nutritive value and delicious flavour.

[^4]|||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||


## MERIT MAKES IT MOVE

and merit keeps it moving too for the service, the allround satisfaction that Lively Polly Soap Powder gives the housewlife never fails to win he: good will and a continuance of her custom.
"Lively Polly" is the best medium for washing clothes or household utensils, for cleaning and disinfecting closets, drains, ete. Put up a display to-day.
图 J. HARGREAVES AND SONS
tLIVERPOOL, ENGLAND
Canadian Agenta: McLellan Import Co., 301 Read Bids.
MONTREAL.
$||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||\mid$

## INDEX TO ADVERTISERS

| A | M |
| :---: | :---: |
| Ackerman H. W. ............ 15 | Magor. Son \& Co., Itd. |
| American Computing Co. .... 17 | Malcolm Condensing Co. |
| Armour \& Co. ............... 45 | Major, \$. J., Limited ....... 51 |
|  | Mann, C. A., \& Co. . . . . . . . 64 |
|  | Manness \& Bingham ....... 11 |
| Babbitt's Cleanser ........... 11 | Marsh Grape Juice Co. ...... is |
| Bain, Donald H., Co. ........ 12 | MacLure \& Langley ......... . 15 |
| Benedict, F. L. ............. 64 | McCabe, J. J. ................ 61 |
| Benjamin, Moore Co., Ltd.... 20 | MeCormick Manfg. Co. . . . . . 5 . |
| Betts \& Co. . . . Inside back cover | McKelvie \& Stirrett . . . . . . . . 13 |
| Bird, Alfred, \& Son ........ 47 . | McLellan Import |
| Borden Milk Co. | McVitie \& Price |
| Bowser S. F., \& Co., Inc.... 47 | McWilliams \& Everist ....... 61 |
| Bowes \& Co, ............... 57 | Megantic Broom Co. ........ 50 |
| B. \& L. Manfg. Co. ........ 60 | Millman, W. H., \& Sons |
| Buffalo Spectalty Co. ....... 55 | Moirs Chocolates ............ 4 4, |
| c | N |
| Campbell Bros. \& Wilson.... 8 | National Licorice Co. ....... |
| Canada Maple Exchange ... 5 |  |
| Can. Shredded Wheat Co..... 55 | 0 |
| Cane, Wm., \& Sons ......... 45 | Oakeys .................... 6 |
| Chambarlain Medicine Co. ... 3 | Ontario Grape Growing and |
| Channell Chemical Co. ...... <br> Inside front cover | Wine Mfg. Co. 0 Pee Chee Gum Co |
| Clark, W., Ltd. .............. 7 | Back cover |
| Climax Baler Co. ........... 16 | Oval Wood Dish Co. ....... 49 |
| Cockburn, F. D. ............. 13 | Overseas Export Co. ...... 48 |
| Connors Bros. $\qquad$ 58 | $\mathbf{P}$ |
|  | Patrick, W. G., ${ }^{\text {a Co.. } 3 \text { and } 15}$ |
|  | Perry, H, L., Co. |
| Denault Grain \& Provision Co. 16 | Pennock, H. P., \& Co. ..... 13 |
| Direct Supply Assoc. ........ 64 | P. O. Box 3031 ............. 14 |
| Dominton Canners |  |
| Dominion Salt Co. . . . . . . . 17 |  |
| E | Red Rose Tea Co. Regina Storagt \& Forwarding |
| Eckardt, H. P., \& Co. ....... 59 | Co., Ltd. . ................. 14 |
| Edwards, Chas. M. . ......... 57 | Richards Pure Somp ......... is |
| Escott, W. H., Co. .......... 12 | Rock City Tobacco Co. .... 11 |
| Eureka Refrigerator Co, .... 19 | Hose \& Leflamme ............ 16 |
|  | 8 |
| Fearman, F. W., Co. ........ 54 | Sarnia Barrel Works |
| Freeman, The W. A., Co..... 51 | Scott-Bathgate ............. 13 |
| Furnivall-New, Ltd. ....... (1) | Smith, E. D., \& Son |
|  | Smith \& Proctor ............ 10 |
|  | Spectalty Paper Bag Co. .... 60 |
|  | Spratts . . . . . . Inside back cever |
| Gagne, G. .................. 16 | Standard Cocoanut Co. ..... 5 |
| General Sales Co. .......... 16 | Stephenson-Blake ............ 15 |
| Gillesple, Robert, \& Co. 12 nd 48 | Stevens-Hepner .............. 17 |
| Grant, C, H. ................ 14 | St. Croix Soap Mfg. Co...... 53 |
| Guelph Soap Co. ........... 10 |  |
| H | Tanguay, A. |
| Hamblln-Brereton Co., Ltd... 15 | Taylor \& Pringle |
| Hargreaves Bros. \& ICo. . . . . 10 |  |
| Harper Presnail Cigar Co., | Toronto Butchers' Supply ... 64 |
| Hobart Mfg. Co. ........... 56 | Turgeon, E. ................ 16 |
| Horne, Harry .............. 15 |  |
| Horton-Cato Mfg. Co. ....... 52 |  |
|  | Varty, Geo. 8. ............... 1 - |
| Imperial Rice Milling Co.... |  |
| International Safe \& Regis- | Walker, Hugh, Son |
| ter Co. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 18 | Walsh, Martin M. .............. 1 |
|  | Webster, W. R., Co. . . . . . 44 |
|  | Wentworth Orchard Co. ... 48 |
| pan Tea C®, ................ | Western Manfg. Co. ......... 60 |
| Inside front cover | Welch Grape Jutce Co. Front cover |
|  | Wetheys $\ldots \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . .{ }^{50}$ |
| Lambe, W, G. A. ........... 15 | White \& Co. $\ldots . . . . . . . . . . .{ }^{61}$ |
| Laporte, Martin, Limitee .... 63 |  |
| Lemon Bros. ................. 61 | ide front cever |

# A Grocer in S 

## d

Agrocer in S S d, Scottish born, has been a reader of THE FINANCIAL POST for many years, and will probably continue reading this paper to the end of the chapter.

Asked how he carne to subseribe for this paper costing him $\$ 3.00$ a year-a paper not directly related to his business, he said that some years ago he had put some money into land, and wanted to know more about the class of investment he had chosen, and about the influences that affect land values locally and territorially; and he found THE FINANCIAL FOST OF CANADA, a newspaper giving him what he wanted.

## Talk to this Man for Five Minutes

a highly successful and estimable grocer-and you instantly perceive some reasons for his notable success. He knows his immediate business-that is clear. He has the canny Scottish mind. He has character without which great and enduring success is not possible. And he has a wide outlook on life-an informed knowledge of Canadian affairs. He feeds this knowledge each week by reading

## THE FINANCIALPOST of CANADA


#### Abstract

Now, if you are a retailer, you, too, can become bigger than your business-can become a greater master of your business, by reading THE FINANCIAL POST. This paper is most readable. You may skip some parts of it, but most of it you will read, and enjoy reading. And you will actually perceive your mind expanding-reading in quest of special knowledge applicable to the conduct of your business.


> $\$ 3.00$ a year is a small sum to pay for Education that makes you a bigger man-bigger mentally, bigger as a citizen, bigger as a retailer

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The Financiai Post of canada Dear Sirs: Without any obligation on my part, please send me copy of The Financial Post. If I like the paper I will
remit $\$ s$ subscription price for same.

Yours ve:y truly.

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Where replies come to our care to be forwarded, five cents must be added to cost to cover postage, etc.
Contractions count as one word, but five igures (as $\$ 1,000$ ) are allowed as one word.
Cash remittances to cover cost must accompany all advertisements. In no case can this rule be overlooked. Advertisements received

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GROCERS-WE CAN PUT YOU IN LINE for the big profls-don't let the other fellow grab them all the time. Get in on the ground floor and manufacture your own goods; easily done in spare time. Write us to-day, we will show you how to get up to $500 \%$ profit. Address Box 220 , Grocer.

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GENERAX, STORE, IN GOOD LOCATION, requires active partner to extend profitable business. State capital,-experience, age, 222, Canadian Grocer. 22 , Canadian Grocer.

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GENERAL STORE MANAGER WANTS sox situation in Western Canada. Address Box 221, Canadian Grocer.

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A N EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY TO SEcure a business that has been going continually for 29 years. Stock about $\$ 2,500$, consisting of groceries, patent medicine, stationery, wall paper, china, crockery. A good opening to add staple dry goods and shoes. Will Apply to E. Richards, Melbourne, Ontarlo

Make your genuine but strictly temperance

## Lager Beer

at home with pure
Hop Malt Beer Extract
Agents wanted-no license necessary. Write for partieulars and terms.
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Are guaranteed absolutely pure and of the highest quality. Send us your orders.

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Direct Supply Association 509 Belmont House Victoria, B.C.

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Try MANN \& CO. for fANCY POULTRY
Roasting Chichens, Boiling Chichens, Dacho, Geese, Turheys.
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(The best ahlipping packege.)
We make them all sizes and for all purposer por apples, Eneen or dry: Cursals, Cracten, Botules, THE SARMIL BARREL WORKS, SARMI, OMT.

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Your customers must have FOOD for them. It is to your interest as well as that of your customers and their pets, that you should regularly stock

## SPRATT'S

DOG CAKES, Puppy Biscuits . Packet BIRD SEEDS.

The name SPRATT'S is a guarantee of quality and reliability. It will help you to keep old oustomers and attract new ones.

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YOU do not have to sell them-they'll sell themselves if you give them a place on your counter. The boxes, by reason of their greatattractiveness catch the eye, the goods make their own appeal. The quality and flavor-and the pleasing packages-lead to repeat business.
$C^{0}$ after the 5 cent business hard-the business that lets you keep the change, that coaxes nickels from purses and pockets, that attracts children, that swells your day's cash sales.
You make $50 \%$ and more on every sale.
Attractive show cards supplied on request. Order from your jobber.

## 0-Pee-Chee Gum Co.


[^0]:    Canadian $3-\mathrm{lb}$. pickers, per bushel.
    Canarian $3-1 \mathrm{~b}$. picker
    Canantian $5-1 \mathrm{~b}$. pickers
    Canarian
    Yellow Fyes
    Lima, per lb .
    840
    810
    896
    10

[^1]:    Montreal
    CEREALS.-Following the firming tendency in wheat the cereals are again
    firmer. Graham flour, whole wheat

[^2]:    Cheese
    Large, per lb.
    New twins, per 1 ib .
    Triplets, per 1 lb .
    Triplets, per 1 b .
    Stilton, per
    Fan
    Fancy old cheese, per 1 lb

[^3]:    NVAPORATED MILK
    St. Tharles Rrand. Hotel, Jeraer Rrand, Hotel. each Panrloses Rrand. Hotel. each 24 rane ….................. st Charle Rrand. Tall. each
     Prnvinee Re..................... Tail. parh 48 mane
    st ${ }^{48}$ Mnation Ryo............... Jerant Reand. Famfly. each Panolnce neand Family Paname Family \&t minsto Rranif. emait.
     te mane ant amall. earh Pearinee neanil emall, ench

[^4]:    Supplies can be obtained from the following: C. E. Choat \& Co., Halifax; McVitie \& Price of Canada, Ltd., Montreal; Richards \& Brown, Ltd., Winnipeg; The Campbell, Wilson Co.'s Branches in Saskatchewan and Alberta; Kelly, Douglas \& Co., Ltd., Vancouver.

