

The Herald

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At The Federal Capital

During the week ending May 8th, considerable business was done in the House of Commons, although, apart from the opening day of the week matters were very quiet. A couple of long bills were discussed, and one of them completed without much noise. Apart from the discussion of these bills referred to below, routine business and some passing of estimates, as well as progress of numerous bills from stage to stage were attended to. As intimated in last week's Herald, the closure came into force on Monday, April 28th. The committee stage of the bill incorporating the Canadian National Railway Company was resumed immediately after the routine proceedings of the day. Once the committee was constituted, the Hon. Mr. Meighen moved that the discussion of the clauses of the bill, postponed from the last previous sitting be proceeded with, and that there be no further postponement of their consideration until all were disposed of. The time limit under the rule when the debate should automatically cease is 2 o'clock of the following morning. He explained the rule which provided that no member would be allowed to speak on any clause more than once or more than twenty minutes, at a time. Discussion could be had on every clause remaining according to these restrictions, or all the discussion could take place on one clause under the same restrictions; but which ever method was followed, the whole debate would cease once two o'clock of Tuesday morning arrived. The opposition challenged the position of the government as outlined by the Hon. Mr. Meighen, and called for a division. The government's position was sustained by a vote of ninety-eight to thirty-four.

The debate now commenced, that is, if it could be called a debate. It was rather a matter of obstructive talking by the opposition members. The government side took very little part in the discussion, as they did not wish to unnecessarily prolong the debate. As a consequence, one member after another of the opposition occupied his twenty minutes and then subsided. During the afternoon, and the final stage in the evening, two other divisions were called for. In one the vote stood ninety-three for the government, and forty-one against, and at the final division the vote was ninety-two to forty-one. The members of the opposition did not discuss the remaining clauses separately, but contented themselves to do all their talking on one clause. This will show how little merit was in their contention. If they were anxious to improve the bill, they surely would take up one clause after another and attempt to show wherein they could make an improvement. After observing the course pursued by the opposition in this particular case, any reasonable member of the House who is desirous of having the public business go on in a reasonable way, must conclude that the closure is a very useful instrument. Of course, no one would want it invoked, except when it comes to a case of pure obstruction as in

this very case. The bill, with some slight amendments incorporated by the government was reported and held for a third reading at 2.15 a. m. Tuesday.

After the ordinary routine proceedings on Tuesday afternoon, the Hon. Mr. Calder introduced a new immigration bill. Perhaps it might quite properly be called an immigration amendment bill, as very considerable portions of the existing immigration act remained and numerous sections of it are amended in the new bill. The Hon. Mr. Calder, Minister of Immigration and Colonization delivered a speech of considerable length when introducing the bill. He outlined the most salient features of the new bill, and the most important and most drastic departures from the existing immigration law are in those sections of the bill which deal with the exclusion and deportation, in some cases, of undesirable residents of Canada. The minister pointed out that changes in the immigration law were absolutely imperative under the present existing conditions. In consequence a general upheaval following the war, and the onerous obligations arising on the Dominion Government, in the matter of repatriation and reconstruction, it is necessary for us now to be most careful as to the class of immigrants we should allow to come into the country. As a matter of fact, too great care cannot be exercised on this point. It was unfortunate for Canada that in the past a very considerable number of people had been allowed to come in who were not well qualified to be suitable residents of Canada. Many of them are opposed to assuming the duties of citizenship, notwithstanding that they are glad to avail themselves of all the privileges that the laws of the country afford them. At the outbreak of the war this particular condition of things was accentuated. A great number of those from south eastern Europe who had settled in the western parts of Canada, Donkoboors and Galicians, refused to enter the army. Conscientious grounds was the reason, ostensibly at least, and for many other reasons these people are undesirable. They do not adapt themselves to Canadian customs or conditions under which they find themselves surrounded in this country. A great many of these people are undesirable. They do not adapt themselves to Canadian customs or conditions under which they find themselves surrounded in this country. A great many of these people are undesirable. They do not adapt themselves to Canadian customs or conditions under which they find themselves surrounded in this country.

The next long bill to engage the attention of the house was a Bankruptcy Bill, promoted by Hon. Mr. Guthrie, Solicitor General. It appears that Canada has not had a bankruptcy bill, properly so-called, since Confederation. Different provinces have had bills of one kind or another, and there has been what is known as the winding-up Act, which has to some extent taken the place of a proper Dominion-wide bankruptcy Act. The bill now up for consideration has received a great amount of care and study. It was first proposed last session, and held over for further consideration. It has been in charge of a special committee of the best minds of parliament for the purpose of endeavoring to bring it to as great a degree of perfection as possible. It is thought by the time this is placed on the statute book that it will be as near perfection as any law of this nature, and there we will expect it to reach. The bill is quite long, but a very great amount of progress was made in its consideration up to Friday at 6 o'clock.

At the evening sitting on Friday the House was moved into committee of supply. The Hon. Mr. Rowell, acting for the Postmaster General, took up some estimates of supply for the Post Office Department. The motion of the honorable member was taken advantage of by Mr. Lemieux, who seldom loses an opportunity of having himself embalm in Hansard to renew the discussion that he had initiated just before the Easter holidays. It referred to newspapers. He was desirous that more specific announcements of the personnel of ownership of newspapers should be published, than is sometimes the case. His grievance was that shortly previous to the last Dominion election a number of Liberal newspapers had been purchased by Conservatives, and that for a time, while apparently owned by members of the opposition party, they kept up the appearance of advocating the Liberal side of the election campaign. Finally, at a crucial stage the lines were drawn, and it was found that their teeth had been pulled. Mr. Lemieux waxed wroth regarding this conduct, but it soon dawned upon the House, upon his own side as well as on the government side, that he was pronouncing the worst kind of indictment against those of his friends in charge of those Liberal papers; who seemed to have had no principle at stake, and were only lying waiting for someone to buy them up. This phase of the question was clearly discussed by Hon. Mr. Rowell, and the tables so completely turned against Mr. Lemieux that members on his own side were completely dumfounded. After

under the existing law, it was somewhat difficult to carry out this, but that a certain section of the bill under consideration provided for all such contingencies. Once this section as agreed to, the government would pass an order in council meeting the cases referred to. This has always been done. It may be said that on the whole the bill was most acceptable and met with scarcely any adverse criticism from either side of the House. The bill which was quite long was almost entirely completed in-so-far as the committee stage is concerned by Thursday evening. Some slight amendments to be introduced by the minister remain; as a consequence, progress was reported. Whenever the bill comes before the House again, it will only take a very short while to completely dispose of it. This is a very important matter of legislation, and it is very satisfactory that it has got through with such expedition.

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The Legislature

Thursday May 8.
 House met at 12.
 Appropriation Bill read a first time.
 Bill respecting Grand Jurors read a third time.
 Act incorporating Rose Valley Presbyterian Church read a third time.
 Act incorporating Hillside Lodge read a third time.
 Act respecting Births, Marriages and Deaths read a third time.
 House went into committee on Georgetown Fish Co. Ltd.
 House took recess at 1 o'clock.

Afternoon Session.
 House met at 3.50; went into committee on Housing Bill.
 Hon. H. D. McEwan suggested that fishermen be given some privileges as farmers under the bill. Sir Charles Dalton, Mr. A. C. Saunders, Mr. J. H. Bell, Mr. J. D. Stewart concurred in the suggestion.
 A clause was added providing that a fisherman desiring to erect a dwelling on his own land can secure a loan to the amount of 75 per cent of the value of his property.
 The House then adjourned till 10 a. m. on Friday.

May 9th.
 The House met about noon. On motion of Mr. Saunders the House went into committee on a bill to incorporate the Bras and West Point Telephone Company. It was reported agreed to.
 The bill respecting Housing passed its second reading in committee.
 On motion of Premier Arsenault the House went into committee on a bill for the Suppression and prevention of Fires. The Premier called attention to the very necessary clauses providing that all buildings where people congregate should have suitable exits in the event of fire. Provision is made for the appointment of an inspector.

The afternoon and evening sessions were taken up with consideration of the bill amending the Charlottetown Incorporation Act authorizing the city to borrow \$100,000 for permanent streets, and also of the bill incorporating the town of Borden. The Charlottetown Bill passed its second reading with amendments, and some progress was made with the Borden bill, which is a lengthy one. The House adjourned till Saturday forenoon.

**German Government
 Rejects Peace Terms**

Berlin, May 14.—Declaration by Chancellor Scheldman in assembly that the peace terms were unacceptable, brought members of assembly, the spectators and those in the press gallery to their feet in a hurricane of cheers and applause. The chancellor quickly reached the climax of his statements on the peace terms. Ten minutes after he began the chancellor paused in his address, and then thundered out the word which announced the German government's rejection of the Versailles conditions.

**German Ships
 In Britain's Hands**

London, May 13.—In the House of Commons, at question time, yesterday, Leslie Watson stated that twenty-two German passenger ships of 168,889 tons, and 89 cargo ships, of 663,210 tons, had been handed over to Great Britain.
 Hon. Mr. MacNamara stated that, at the time of the armistice, 15 German liners of 240,754 tons and 649 cargo ships of 2,261,430 tons, were interned abroad.
 Besides these, 299 German vessels of a given tonnage of 91,231 tons had been captured by the Allies.
 These figures included the ships operated by the Allies.

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 And Are THE BEST
 .. That Grow ..**

No. 1 Clover Seed
 No. 1 Timothy Seed
 Choice Seed Wheat
 Seed Barley, Seed Oats
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 Vetches, Buckwheat, Flower
 and Vegetable Seeds
 Buy CARTERS Seeds and you
 will make no mistake

**Carter & Co., Ltd
 CHARLOTTETOWN
 Seedsmen to the People of P.E.I.**

HERRING. HERRING

We have some good Herring in stock, by Pail, Dozen and Half Barrel.
 If you desire a Half Barrel mail us \$6.25 and add Fifty Cents extra for freight if you do not receive your freight at a Booking Station.
 If Herring are not satisfactory return at once and your money will be refunded. Address

**R. F. MADDIGAN
 CHARLOTTETOWN**

**Footwear
 —FOR—
 SPRING and SUMMER**



Our new Stock is here, ready for your inspection. Many new lines this year, showing the styles that are worn in larger cities.

WOMEN'S BROWN BOOTS, high tops with leather or rubber soles.....\$5.95 and up
 BLACK HIGH TOP BOOTS, same as above, made on high or low heels.....\$4.95 and up
 GREY KID BOOTS, newest styles.....\$7.25

MEN'S BOOTS

This year we have many special lines in Brown and Blacks.
 Browns—\$6.50, 7.00, 9.50 | Blacks—\$3.75 to \$8.50
 MISSES', BOYS' and CHILDREN'S SHOES—We sell the Amherst, Crosby and Classic Lines—the best in Canada.

**ALLEY & CO. Ltd
 135 QUEEN STREET.**

Live Stock Breeders

List of Pure Bred Live Stock for Sale.

NAME	ADDRESS	BREED	AGE
Geo. Annear	Montague	Ayrshire bull calves	(3 yrs, 8 mos)
Wm. Aitken	Lower Montague	Ayrshire Bulls	(3 yrs, 6 mos)
M. McManus	New Haven	Shorthorn Bull	(5 years)
W. F. Weeks	Fredericton	" "	(2 years)
David Reid	Victoria Cross	" "	(2 years)
Ramsay Auld	West Covehead	" " calf	" "
Frank Halliday	Eldon	Yorkshire Pigs	(5 weeks)
Ramsay Auld	West Covehead	Yorkshire Hog	(2 years)
J. A. McDonald	Little Pond	Duror Jersey Boar	(2 years)
		" " Sows	(4 weeks)

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

**Your Soldier Boy Wants
 HICKEY'S TWIST**

No matter where he is, or what other tobacco he can get, the Island soldier who chews tobacco is never satisfied with anything but HICKEY'S TWIST.
 In hundreds of letters from the boys in Flanders, France, England and the training camps, they ask for HICKEY'S TWIST—and the 105th took along 20,000 figs with them.

Send your soldier boy a pound of HICKEY'S with the next parcel.

**Hickey & Nicholson, Ltd
 CHARLOTTETOWN**

**Canadian National Railways
 OPERATING ONE HOUR EARLIER**

Important Daylight Saving Change of Time
 at 2 a.m. Sunday, March 30, 1919

All clocks and watches used in operation of Canadian National Railway will at 2 a.m. Sunday, March 30th, be advanced one hour. To prevent serious confusion and inconvenience to the public the attention of all concerned is directed to the following conditions resulting from the important change of time:

If cities, towns, villages and other municipal bodies do not change their local time to correspond with the new Railway time, all concerned should keep in mind that while trains continue to leave Railway Stations on present schedule, such schedule will be operated one hour ahead of present local time. Therefore any municipality where local time is not changed to correspond with the new Railway time, passengers must reach Railway Station ONE HOUR EARLIER than shown in current folders and public time posters.

Where municipal time is changed to correspond with the new Railway time, passengers will not experience difficulty growing out of the change.
 April 2, 1919

Furs. Furs. Furs

—SHIP TO US DIRECT—
 THE TOP MARKET PRICE PAID
 AND EQUITABLE GRADING MADE.
 —NO DELAYS AT ANY POINT—

We are registered with and recognized by the United States War Trade Board and all of the Collectors for Customs under licence P. B. F. 30, and you can send your furs to us direct by our tag or any tag, changed to suit, is marked "Furs of Canadian Origin," and your furs will come right through.

FAIR GRADING

The rules and ethics of the exchange do not permit of sending out alluring price lists, yet we give you an exact and expert grading and pay you at a rate of five to twenty-five cents more on the dollar than the average advertising fur company, as we cut out all middleman's profit in dealing direct with you.

**St. Louis Fur Exchange
 7th & Chestnut, St. Louis, Mo., U.S.A.
 March 12, 1919—31**

.. Announcement ..

For the information of our many patrons, in both town and country, we deem it necessary to announce that the Coal Business, successfully carried on in the past by the late Mr. Charles Lyons, will be continued by the Estate, under the old firm name of C. Lyons & Co.
 By maintaining a high standard of service and by courteous and honest treatment of the public, this firm has, for a period of more than a quarter of a century, enjoyed a large and ever-increasing patronage; and in announcing our intention of "carrying on," we desire, most earnestly, to give expression to our appreciation thereof. We are

deeply grateful to the firm's many patrons for their constant manifestation of confidence in it in the past, and we assure them that if they favor us with a similar evidence of their good-will in future there shall be no economy of effort on our part to make our intercourse both pleasant and profitable to them.
 As we possess almost unlimited facilities for supplying the coal trade, and as we are desirous of extending our already large business, we respectfully invite the patronage of new customers; and if we succeed in thus increasing our present connection, we guarantee that we shall be indefatigable in our endeavor to justify the confidence of our new friends.

We again thank our patrons for their past generous patronage, and respectfully solicit a renewal of their esteemed custom.

**C. LYONS & CO
 Queen Street - Charlottetown, P. E. I.
 March 10, 1919**

The Good Shepherd

He leaves the Ninety and Nine within the Fold (Today, O, even to-day!) and hurries back To the dark hills. The night falls down amain, The thunder rumbles and the lightnings flash, The storm-wind kisses, but with steadfast eyes He climbs the cliff to find the lost sheep! His hands are torn with brambles and His feet Are bruised by the sharp rocks. The storm and rain Beat on His Face. He will not be deterred, He searches long (Today, O, even to-day!) Seeking the lost one. Then so tenderly, He bends and lifts it on His shoulders there, And brings it back rejoicing to the fold. Now is there joy in Heaven! But Christ goes out Again into the darkness, for He hears Another cry, and he must-ram again Searching amidst the mountains of Despair, And bringing back the lost unto the fold!

James B. Dollard.

Mother And Home

Concluded WHAT A GOOD MOTHER DOES

A good mother lays down the foundation of her children's success in life with her own heart's blood. In order that her growing boys and girls may have the food they need, she eats often sparingly. In order that they may present a creditable appearance she toils over the wash tub, and the sewing machine far into the night. If they are sick it is mother who watches beside their beds with tireless devotion. If they bring home a prize from school it is Mother who is proudest and most rejoiced over it. If when they go out into the world they fail, and come back bruised and beaten and sin stained, it is Mother who received back the prodigals with open arms, and asks only to bathe their wounds with her tears. Mother works, not the eighth or ten-hour day of union, but the twenty-four hour day of the poor wife and mother. She cooks and cleans and scrubs and patches and nurses from dawn till bedtime, and in the night is up and down getting drinks for thirst lips, covering restless little sleepers, listening for croupy coughs. She has time to listen to the stories of boyish fun and frolic and triumph. She has time to say the things that spur one's ambition on. She never forgets to cook the little dishes you like. She does without the dress she needs, that her children may not be ashamed of their clothes before their companions. The home that Mother made was never too small nor its larder too scanty, not to have room at any time for her children, no matter when or how they returned. There is not a mother who does not deserve to have her children cover her work-knotted old hands with diamonds, and to have silks and velvets and lace hung on her poor stooped shoulders, and if they cannot do this, the least they can do is to make her the honored guest in their homes and lavish upon her the affection and appreciation that is even more precious in a mother's eyes, than jewels and fine clothes.

DUTY OF CHILDREN

There are few children mean enough to actually begrudge an old mother her support, but there are a great many children who think they are repaying their debt to their mother when they pay her a scanty board or provide merely for physical needs. This is not enough anymore than it would have been enough for the mother to have simply clothed and fed her children. She gave them more. She gave them love and tenderness, and took interest in their small affairs. She took the pain and trouble to make them happy, and no sons and daughters are doing their duty towards their mothers, paying back their debt unless they are showing her the

Pains in the Back

Are symptoms of a weak, torpid or stagnant condition of the kidneys of liver, and are a warning it is extremely dangerous to neglect, so important a healthy action of these organs. They are commonly attended by loss of energy, lack of courage, and sometimes by gloomy foreboding and despondency. "I was taken ill with kidney trouble, and so weak I could scarcely get around. Took medicine without benefit, and finally decided to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. After my first bottle I felt so much better that I continued its use, and six bottles made me new woman. When my little girl was a baby, she could not keep anything on her stomach, and we gave her Hood's Sarsaparilla which cured her." MRS. THOMAS L. W., Wallaceburg, Ont.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Cures kidney and liver troubles, relieves the back, and builds up the whole system.

same attention and affection that she showed them—paying her back in the same coin. It takes almost a little to make an old person happy as it does a child; and it is a bitter, burning shame to us all that we withhold that little. A few words of heartfelt love, a warm embrace, a gentle holding of the thin old hand that has toiled so long for us, just the expression of our gratitude and of our honor and appreciation, will make the old face light up and the old heart sing joy. It is pitiful to think that if we only spared ten minutes out of our busy day in making specific return in words and acts to our good old parents, we could make them feel that all they had done for us was not done in vain. And Heaven knows it would be a little of what we can never repay in full no matter how hard we try. It is a debt that we should get busy about paying at once, for our day of grace is short. Soon the account will be closed, and when we look upon the work-worn hands entwined with a rosary, folded over the quiet breast whose every thought was for us, we shall know that no matter what we did for her we did not do half enough for Mother. God bless our mothers!

The Vatican Rose

Pope Leo X, who filled the chair of Peter from 1513 to 1520, was a man of singularly benevolent disposition and rare affability of manner. In a special manner he was the friend of children.

He was standing one day at a window overlooking the Vatican gardens when he noticed a boy who was climbing with great agility the rather high wall which surrounded the grounds. Having accomplished the difficult feat, he ran swiftly toward a rose bush which had been planted seventy or eighty years before by Pope Eugenius IV, and which was just then covered with lovely flowers.

Furtively glancing round, the boy hastily snatched one of the roses and set off a full speed evidently hoping to escape as he had entered. But he was pursued. An officer of the Pope's bodyguard, who had been an unseasoned witness of the larceny, quickly captured the culprit.

The Pope whose curiosity was aroused, ordered the body to be brought before him. When the little "criminal" stood trembling in his presents, the Holy Father gently questioned him.

"Why did you enter the garden and take away a rose?"

Your Holiness, stammered the youth, "my mother is very ill and we are very poor. Last night she dreamed that she would recover if she had a rose out of the Vatican gardens. I determined to get her one even if I risked my life."

His holiness was touched by the boy's love for his mother.

"It was not quite right of you, my child," he said, in a kind voice, "but I forgive you. Take the rose to your mother with my blessing."

Filled with delight, the boy hurried away. Scarcely had he reached home when the Pope's physician arrived there. He had been sent by the Holy Father himself to see the sick woman. Having inquired into her case, the doctor prescribed suitable remedies, and before long the poor mother regained health and

SCOTT'S EMULSION

is taken by people in tropical countries all the year round. It stops wasting and keeps up the strength and vitality in summer as well as winter.

HEART PALPITATED

FAINT AND DIZZY SPELLS. WOULD FALL DOWN IN FAINT.

Palpitation of the heart is very often accompanied by weak, faint and dizzy spells, and is generally caused by some sudden fright, or associated with conditions of a nervous breakdown, but whatever the cause, it is of considerable importance that the heart should be strengthened, and brought back to its regular beat.

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills are just the remedy to do this for you. Mr. Henry Fawcett, Killam's Mills, N.B., writes:—"I have used Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills for heart trouble. I was very weak and run down, my heart would palpitate, I would take faint and dizzy spells, and sometimes I would fall down in a faint. I started to take your pills and I must say they have done wonders for me. I will always speak a good word for your Heart and Nerve Pills."

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills are 50c. a box at all dealers or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

strength. Her dream was verified. The Pope was so pleased with the boy's filial love that he arranged for his education. He never had cause to regret his benevolence. His protégé became a holy and learned priest. He always retained the most grateful recollection of his benefactor; and in the extreme old age to which he lived it was one of his chief delights to relate the story of the Vatican rose.

Good Cheer vs. Worry.

Have you ever seen a more pleasing picture than a cheerful countenance? Like a calm confident being, a cheerful person radiates light wherever he is found, and the effect of his presence is duly felt on his companions. A company of individuals cannot be otherwise than agreeable if one in their midst is of a sunny, cheerful temperament.

As sorrowful weighs the heart down, so does cheerfulness bear it up. Many think that a long face, and a sad-weary smile gain sympathy. Perhaps so; but a sunny disposition gains friends. Can there be any two ways of choosing between them? Who does not prefer friends to the doubtfully sympathetic words of a chance listener?

"A merry heart goes all the day. A sad heart tires in a mile."

Those who worry are constantly under a strain. Worry leaves its marks on the face of its victim and is ever seeking to dispel any trace of happiness to be found. To meet the trials and tribulations of life with a smile and to have no fear of, or solicitude for the future, and to help others by a kind word or pleasant smile—that is true cheerfulness.

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited. Dear Sirs,—Your MINARD'S LINIMENT is our remedy for sore throat, colds and all ordinary ailments.

It never fails to relieve and cure promptly. CHAS. WHOOTEN, Port Mulgrave.

W. H. O. Wilkinson Street, Port Mulgrave, writes:—"It affords me much pleasure to say that I experienced great relief from Muscular Rheumatism by using two boxes of Milburn's Rheumatic Pill Price 25c. a box."

A SENSIBLE MERCHANT

Milburn's Sterling Headache Powders give women prompt relief from monthly pains, and have no bad after effects what ever. Be sure you get Milburn's Price 25c. a box.

TWO MONTHS OLD BABY HAD BAD COLD.

DR. WOOD'S NORWAY PINE SYRUP SAVED HIS LIFE.

It takes the life out of a mother to see the child—the idol of her heart—sneezing away, succumbing to the cruel cough that all the remedies she has tried won't cure. There is nothing so good for children's coughs, or colds, or whooping cough, or bronchitis as Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup.

It is pleasant to take, and it cures so quickly and thoroughly that the heart of the mother is delighted. Mrs. Angus McKinnon, Richmond, P.E.I., writes:—"Last winter my baby was just two months old, when he took a bad cold. He could not keep anything on his stomach with the cough. I tried doctor's medicine, but it gave no relief. I told my husband I would try Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, and I must say it saved his life. I used four bottles and now he is perfectly cured, and I can't help but express my thanks to you for curing my baby."

Two years ago I used it for one of my girls. She had a cold and cough, but the doctor's medicine was no good for her. I got six bottles of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, and it gave her a perfect cure. I can not praise it half enough."

The genuine Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup has been on the market for the past 30 years. Don't accept a substitute and perhaps endanger your child's life. Price 25c. and 50c. Put up only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Dominion of Canada PROVINCE OF Prince Edward Island

In the Probate Court, 9th George IV., A. D. 1919.

In Re Estate of James R. McLean, late of Souris, in King's County, in the said Province, deceased, testate.

By the Honourable His Honour Aeneas A. Macdonald, Surrogate Judge of Probate, &c., &c. To the Sheriff of the County of King's County, or any Constable or literate person within said County.

GREETING:

WHEREAS upon reading the petition on file of Edward Walker of Rollo Bay, in King's County aforesaid, Roman Catholic Clergyman, one of the Executors of the last will and testament of the said James R. McLean, deceased, praying that a citation may be issued for the purpose hereinafter set forth: You are therefore hereby required to cite all persons interested in the said Estate to be and appear before me at a Probate Court to be held in the Court House in Charlottetown, in Queen's County, in the said Province, on Thursday, the Nineteenth day of June next, coming, at the hour of eleven o'clock, forenoon of the same day, to show cause if any they can why the Accounts of the said Estate should not be passed and the Estate closed, as prayed for in said petition, and on motion of Arthur F. McQuaid, Esq., Proctor for said Petitioner. And I do hereby order that a true copy hereof be forthwith published in some newspaper published in Prince Edward Island once in each week for at least four consecutive weeks from the date hereof, and that a true copy hereof be forthwith posted in the following public places respectively, namely, in the Hall of the Court House in Georgetown, in King's County; in front of the Court House in Souris, and upon a post or building at the corner of Main Street and Chapel Street in Souris aforesaid, and that a true copy hereof be also forthwith sent by registered mail, postage prepaid, and also additional postage prepared for an acknowledgment of receipt, addressed to Mrs. Marcella Thomas, Cockpen School, Bonnyrigg, Midlothian, Scotland, so that all persons interested in the said Estate as aforesaid may have due notice thereof.

Given under my Hand and the Seal of the said Court [L.S.] this Twenty-fourth day of April, A. D. 1919, and in the ninth year of His Majesty's reign.

(Sgd.) AENEAS A. MACDONALD, Judge of Probate. May 7, 1919—4i

Change of Time

Commencing April 23rd, 1919, and until further notice, the Car Ferry Prince Edward Island will be withdrawn from service between Borden and Tormentine, and the S. S. Northumberland will be placed on the Summerside-Pt-du-Cent route. Trains west will be changed and run daily, Sundays excepted, as follows:

Leave Charlottetown 6.35 a.m., arrive Summerside 9.00 a.m.; leave Summerside 12.20 p.m., arrive Tignish 6.05 p.m.

Leave Charlottetown 4 p.m., arrive Summerside 7.20 p.m.; leave Summerside 8.10 p.m., arrive Tignish 11.15 p.m.

Leave Tignish 5.30 a.m., arrive Summerside 8.25 a.m.; leave Summerside 9.10 a.m., arrive Charlottetown 11.55 a.m.

Leave Tignish 11.30 a.m., arrive Summerside 5.00 p.m.; leave Summerside 8.00 p.m., arrive Charlottetown 10.20 p.m.

Leave Borden 6.45 a.m., arrive Emerald 7.45 a.m., arrive Charlottetown 10.40 a.m.

Leave Charlottetown 12.15 p.m., arrive Summerside 4.10 p.m.; leave Summerside 6.10 p.m., arrive Emerald June 7.30 p.m., leave Emerald June 8.55 p.m., on arrival of night train from Summerside, and arrive at Borden 9.55 p.m.

Trains between Souris, Georgetown, Murray Harbor and Charlottetown will continue to run as at present.

District Passenger Agent's Office, Charlottetown, P.E.I., April 19, 1919. April 23, 1919—2i

Mail Contract

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until noon on Friday, the 16th May, 1919, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails on a proposed Contract for four years, six times per week, on the Murray Harbor Rural Mail Route No. 2, from the 1st October next.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Office of Murray Harbor, and at the office of the Post Office Inspector.

JOHN F. WHEAR, Post Office Inspector, Post Office Inspector's Office, Charlottetown, P.E.I., April 9, 1919.

HERRING. HERRING

We have some good Herring in stock, by Pail, Dozen and Half Barrel.

If you desire a Half Barrel mail us \$6.25 and add Fifty Cents extra for freight if you do not receive your freight at a Booking Station.

If Herring are not satisfactory return at once and your money will be refunded. Address

R. F. MADDIGAN CHARLOTTETOWN

Footwear FOR SPRING and SUMMER

Our new Stock is here, ready for your inspection. Many new lines this year, showing the styles that are worn in larger cities.

WOMEN'S BROWN BOOTS, high tops with leather or rubber soles.....\$5.95 and up

BLACK HIGH TOP BOOTS, same as above, made on high or low heels.....\$4.95 and up

GREY KID BOOTS, newest styles.....\$7.25

MEN'S BOOTS

This year we have many special lines in Brown and Blacks.

Browns—\$6.50, 7.00, 9.50 | Blacks—\$3.75 to \$8.50

MISSSES', BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S SHOES—We sell the Amherst, Crosby and Classic Lines—the best in Canada.

We Prepay all Mail Orders

—TRY US—

ALLEY & CO. Ltd

135 QUEEN STREET.

CARTER'S

Feed and Grain Store

Oats, Pressed Hay, Pressed Straw

Feed Wheat for poultry, Chicken Feed, Scratch Feed, Ground Oyster Shells, Cotton Seed Meal, Sugar Beet Meal, Cracked Grain, Milk Mash and Egg Mash for laying hens, Flax Seed, Pure Linseed Meal, Charcoal for poultry, Alfalfa Meal, Bird Seed, Bird Gravel, Ground Poultry Bone

Beef & Bone Scraps, Leg Bands

Wire Hen's Nests, Drinking Fountains, &c., &c., all at LOWEST PRICE

WHOLESALE and RETAIL

Carter & Co., Ltd

Seed Warehouse, Queen Street

Live Stock Breeders

List of Pure Bred Live Stock for Sale.

NAME ADDRESS BREED AGE

Geo. Annear Montague Ayrshire bull calves (3 yrs, 8 mos)

Wm. Aitken Lower Montague Ayrshire Bulls (3 yrs, 6 mos)

M. McManus New Haven Shorthorn Bull (5 years)

W. F. Weeks Fredericton (2 years)

David Reid Victoria Cross (2 years)

Ramsay Auld West Covehead (call)

Frank Halliday Eldon 6 Yorkshire Pigs (5 weeks)

Ramsay Auld West Covehead Yorkshire Hog (2 years)

J.A.E. McDonald Little Pond Duroc Jersey Boar (2 years)

5 Sows (4 weeks)

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Your Soldier Boy Wants HICKEY'S TWIST

No matter where he is, or what other tobacco he can get, the Island soldier who chews tobacco is never satisfied with anything but HICKEY'S TWIST.

In hundreds of letters from the boys in Flanders, France England and the training camps, they ask for HICKEY'S TWIST—and the 105th took along 20,000 figs with them.

end your soldier boy a pound of HICKEY'S with the next parcel.

Hickey & Nicholson, Ltd

CHARLOTTETOWN

Canadian National Railways

OPERATING ONE HOUR EARLIER

Important Daylight Saving Change of Time at 2 a.m. Sunday, March 30, 1919

All clocks and watches used in operation of Canadian National Railway will at 2 a.m. Sunday, March 30th, be advanced one hour. To prevent serious confusion and inconvenience to the public the attention of all concerned is directed to the following conditions resulting from the important change of time:

If cities, towns, villages and other municipal bodies do not change their local time to correspond with the new Railway time, all concerned should keep in mind that while trains continue to leave Railway Stations on present schedule, such schedule will be operated one hour ahead of present local time. Therefore any municipality where local time is not changed to correspond with the new Railway time, passengers must reach Railway Station ONE HOUR EARLIER than shown in current folders and public time posters.

Where municipal time is changed to correspond with the new Railway time, passengers will not experience difficulty growing out of the change. April 2, 1919

Furs. Furs. Furs

—SHIP TO US DIRECT—

THE TOP MARKET PRICE PAID AND EQUITABLE GRADING MADE

—NO DELAYS AT ANY POINT—

We are registered with and recognized by the United States War Trade Board and all of the Collectors for Customs under licence P. B. F. 30, and you can send your furs to us direct by our tag or any tag, changed to suit, if marked "Furs of Canadian Origin," and your furs will come right through.

FAIR GRADING

The rules and ethics of the exchange do not permit of sending out alluring price lists, yet we give you an exact and expert grading and pay you at a rate of five to twenty-five cents more on the dollar than the average advertising fur company, as we cut out all middleman's profit in dealing direct with you.

St. Louis Fur Exchange

7th & Chestnut, St. Louis, Mo., U.S.A. March 12, 1919—3i

Announcement

For the information of our many patrons, in both town and country, we deem it necessary to announce that the Coal Business, successfully carried on in the past by the late Mr. Charles Lyons, will be continued by the BStare, under the old firm name of C. Lyons & Co.

By maintaining a high standard of service and by courteous and honest treatment of the public, this firm has, for a period of more than a quarter of a century, enjoyed a large and ever-increasing patronage; and in announcing our intention of "carrying on," we desire, most earnestly, to give expression to our appreciation thereof. We are deeply grateful to the firm's many patrons for their constant manifestation of confidence in it in the past, and we assure them that if they favor us with a similar evidence of their good-will in future there shall be no economy of effort on our part to make our intercourse both pleasant and profitable to them.

As we possess almost unlimited facilities for supplying the coal trade, and as we are desirous of extending our already large business, we respectfully invite the patronage of new customers; and if we succeed in thus increasing our present connection, we guarantee that we shall be indefatigable in our endeavor to justify the confidence of our new friends.

We again thank our patrons for their past generous patronage, and respectfully solicit a renewal of their esteemed custom.

C LYONS & CO

Queen Street - Charlottetown, P. E. I. March 19, 1919