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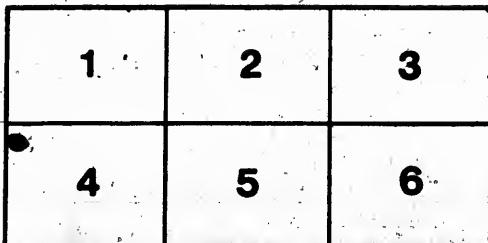
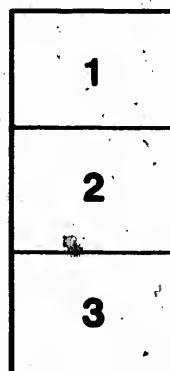
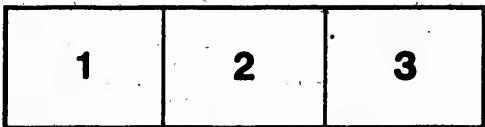
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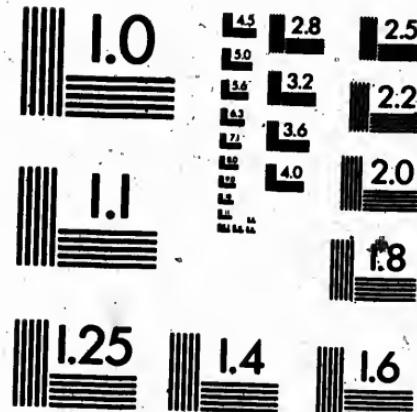
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to command our forces and to do all the service he can to
those under his command. He will make no secret of his
or intentions, and will do all he can to assist the
French in their struggle against the English. 1733.
TO MONSEIGNEUR L'Amant.

SEP 3 1932

THE Day of my Arrival at this Place, I send Dispatches
to all the commanding Officers in New-France, to
all the Officers within ten Days in Canada; I also send
Instructions to every Officer Expressly to inform the commanding Officers
in New-France, who are with all Expeditions, the Natives enlisted
into His Most Christian Majesty's Service, to join their Troops
from France, and proceed forthwith to Ohio, there to follow such
Directions as from time to time they shall receive from us as
they may. According to Time appointed, I intend Mon. M.
to meet me at the head of the other Officers, to which Interview

one Royal Master's Interest, which gives us a glorious Prospect
of subduing a Kingdom with our own Sovereign Dominion,
for by and Account from North to South, they have in-
listed into his Majesty's Service above of Five Thousand soldiers
young Natives among the several Tribes, and those have been
for some Time accustom'd and exercis'd with all Necessaries.
They also informed me, that our Forces from France with the
Militia we march'd on Aug 29th, will be near Two Thousand
Young Frenchmen, and two thousand Infantry strong. Form'd as Other
and Indian Indians, which in a short Time we expect will
have an engagement against Major General the English Earl, and all
the Forces. The Cannon for said Forces is already dispatched;
and will arrive in time to be ready for
the Engagement (General) with their Regulars (including all
Indians and Indians). Therefore it will be necessary to have
them in time to be ready for the Engagement by the 1st of Sept.

A 2

1070

erry, the second by Mons. Beriel, and the third by Mons. Estrades. Count Rumney to proceed to Crown Point, and divide his forces into three parts, and have one part under command of General D'Albret, another under General Lamoignon, and the third under General de la Motte, to march upon the frontiers of New-England; which are all to be divided into Parties, as the commanding Officers shall judge proper. We design only to send small Parties of Indians into their back Settlements, to bring us fresh Supplies of Provision, until we are properly fortified. Father Rober, by an unopposed Agency and Influence, has gained over to our Interest, a Number of young Men of the Six Nations, who by the English are look'd upon as our Enemies; let that Suspicion remain, and they may keep the old Men and Women at a levain to you.

I must not omit to inform you, that our new Governor is more and more inclined to resolve to be a principal Instrument (with the said Alfonso) of the House of Bourbon, to subdue and extirpate Heretics out of America, and such a glorious Acquisition will add a Kingdom, which will prove superior to Scotland and Ireland, in dominion to Scotland, and very King, and His Most Christian and Catholic Majesty in New-England, Province, and other Territories annex'd to Province, or the Society.

Our Countryman, the present Governor of Canada, did not take this Task upon him of making a Conquest of that Part of North America (possest by the English, only from a Month which makes him Ruler thereof, and because he has good & sufficient Title, that his said Disposition anathematizes him as he raveng'd on the English, except for the late Indignities offer'd his illustrious Person and Royal Provisions; and his enemies in that Party invested with the Authority of Church and State, and supported with Money and other Assistance, by His Most Christian and Catholic Majesties, and his Ministers received the supreme Sanction and Sovereign Commission, of His Holiness the Pope, to drive out of America pestilent Heretics, to make Room for good Christians. I have often observed that nothing is more easy than to bring men into the wrong Course, & that of time past, which some Government have pursued,

with them are in high spirits, desirous to assist us against the French; and therefore we intend, Satisfaction at our present opportunity, following those fruitful counsels now easy to be had, to send over Mr. John Smith, Master-surgeon, to command the English forces in New-England, and to have his Commission to do what he shall judge necessary for their safety. Mr. Smith, who lately had a Conference with the Chiefs of the Indians, and the Order of St. Peter's, is a very ingenious Man, whom they have been sending among the several Tribes, influencing and uniting the Indians into His Majt. Christian, His Majt.'s Service. He gives us very sufficient and satisfactory Account of the several Tribes in New-England, Canada, that upon any emergent Occasion, we may command what Numbers we shall have Occasion for. He gives us also a particular Relation of the several Provinces inhabited by the English, on the See Coast, and appears perfectly acquainted with their Manners and Customs. He informs me there are upwards of four hundred Friends among them, with whom he has sent a Correspondence by Letters, by the way of Cape Breton, and from thence to Quebec. The English (who have had very good Friends) that the Measures we have concerted, and the War sufficiently carried on, were it not that one hundred Sailors, Vessels, & men, arrived at Cape Breton, with Redundant Provisions, necessaries from Philadelphia, New-York, Boston, Albany, &c. &c. which, by a moderate Convoynge, have brought us above 10,000 Bushells of Flour, 1000 Hhds. of Dock and Peas, 500 Hhds. of Bread, and of Butter, Cheese, Hams, Meat Cakes, and Poultry, given to Proflusion; some of which is sent to our northern Plantations, and the King's Commissioners supply the Magazine at Cape Breton, and send large Quantities to our Army at Quebec, which elevates the Spirits of our Soldiers. We have also a good supply of Powder by the Way of Cape Breton, and the Settlements of the French bordering on the St. Chaff. It is satisfactory to them having little or no Military Discipline among them, no Arms, no Ammunition, neither do they know properly how to use them, except the old Indians, whom the too bold Cape Breton, who cast a Daimon on our Undertakings, they have labored under S. Governor Sherley, who is an enterprizing, resolute Man; and where he, and the Puritan Ministers, say to the Inhabitants, Our God for your Religion and Country, they stand like Lions, and such like die in battle, than submit to the Disgrace of our holy Father Johnson.

Friens.

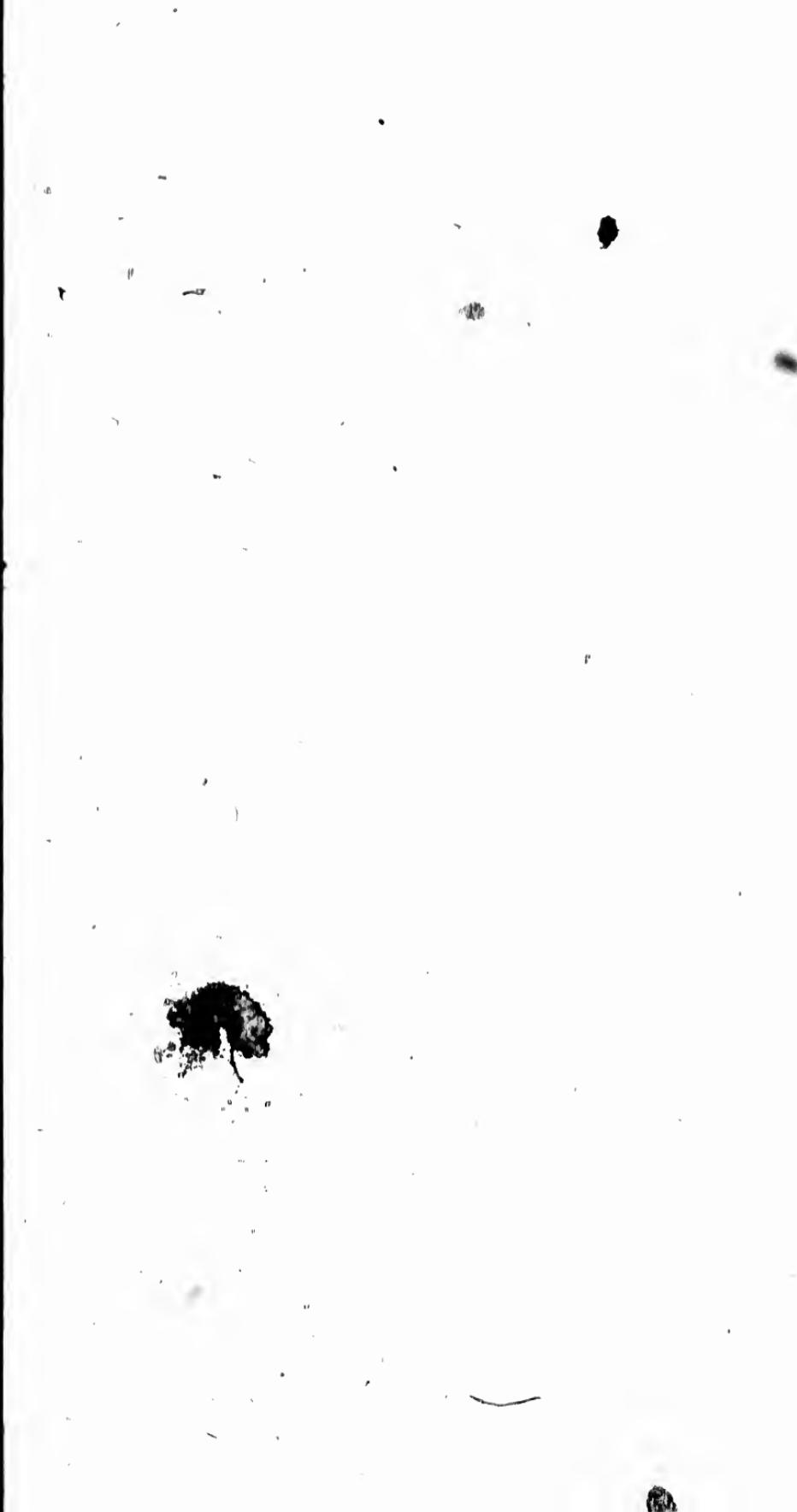


which is called the North Mainland South Mainland but the most Christian Majesty, is determined to send across the Country every Troop : He is now peopling the New-Brunswick and other Canadas with a regularity so terrible the French is already at Montreal from Canada and Mississippi are now having an sufficient Number of regular Troops so that the Disastrous soldiers in this Regt. are ready to receive them and those to be dispersed among the Back of the English between Green-Point and Lake Ontario Officers are directed to send proper Persons, their respective Provinces, to make a more exact Discovery of their Strength and Weakness : These are to deceive the English which French Party can frequently done by leaving others with being Deserters.

To assist in this Execution of the Plan I have in my Grand Monologue's Will and Pleasance it is intended that speedily build strong Forts between Green-Point and Lake Ontario in secure Fifty Thousand Miles and so situated that upon any extraordinary Occasion they may immediately unite and march to the English if they should attempt to oppose us and cut off their Cappar unpopulated and secure : However, these Chambers cannot justify me when they have no Discipline and no General Assembly in America before the Congress of our Provinces headed by our Heroe, the prefect of our Country, so many of whom will be sent to be Admistrators.

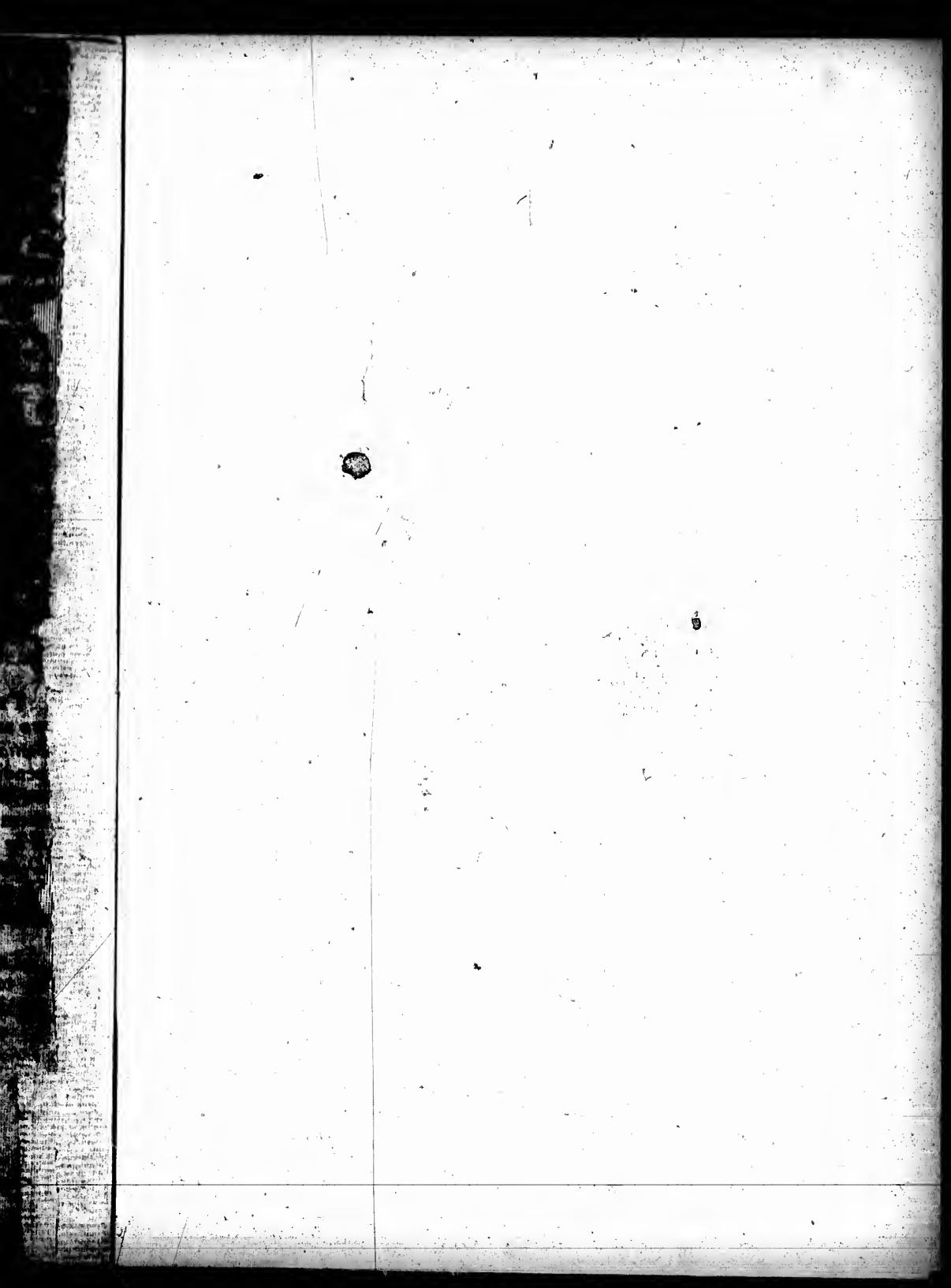
I must, with secret Pleasure to yourself, tell you, Sir, that we are pitying, not envying, the English who are peopling New-Scotia : in thus fatiguing themselves in clearing Land, and expending considerable Sums in building, &c. as his most Christian Majesty's Pleasure is, to prepare a large Squadron to deprive them of their Labour and Possessions : Then will they cry out, Who would have imagined this would have befallen us, when no more Distress has been at Home ? When this is effected, the English undertake by Remonstrances, to complain of a Violation of the original Treaties.

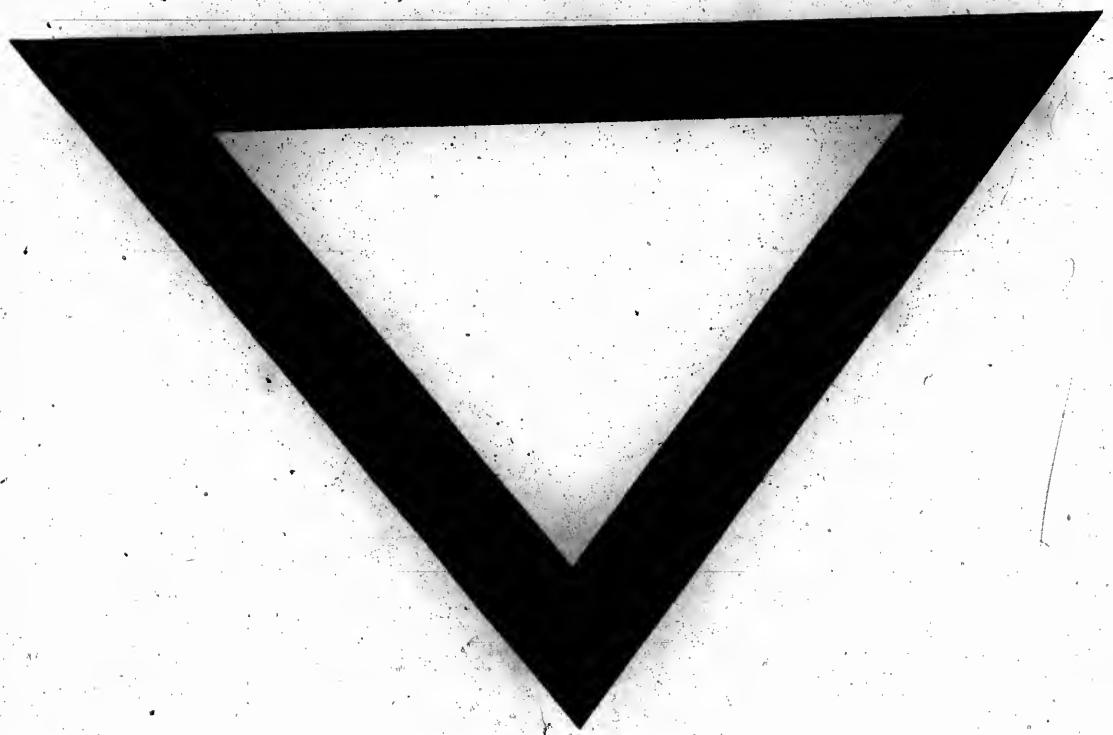
I need not inform you, Sir, of our well concerted Plan, which is to keep New-England, South-Carolina and Georgia fully engaged to defend their own Territories, in order to prevent their



and, v. 7, now 5.1, ~~for~~^{the} 19th of April, 1863, drawn
on the Bank of the ~~United~~^{Confederate} States of America,
at the city of ~~Richmond~~^{Charlottesville}, Virginia,
for the sum of \$1000.
I, John C. Frémont,
do hereby warrant and declare that I have
not received from the said Bank or from any
other bank or person, any sum or value
equal to the sum above written, and that I will
not draw on the said Bank for any sum
greater than the sum above written.

Given under my hand at the place and date
above written. In witness whereof, I have
hereunto set my hand and affixed my seal.







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