



THE BAPTISTS.

Proceedings of the Maritime Convention at Last Week's Sessions.

The Report on Foreign Missions Calls Out a Lengthy Debate—Other Business.

The Maritime Baptist convention resumed business on the 26th ult., at 10 o'clock. On motion, Dr. Reid of McMaster University and Rev. Geo. Hartley of the Free Baptist church, Carleton, were invited to take seats in the convention.

On motion, the convention tendered a vote of thanks to J. J. Wallace of the I. C. R. department, Moncton, for courtesies extended to convention delegates.—Carried.

Mr. Wallace, after thanking the convention, explained, in answer, he said, to a number of enquiries, that certificates held good on train leaving St. John and going eastward, known to some persons as the C. P. express. Mr. Wallace begged the convention members not to confound the two roads in any way. The C. P. R. ended at St. John; all trains running on the I. C. R. were I. C. trains. This particular train could not be a C. P. until the government had become a part of the Canadian Pacific.

The seventeenth annual report of the Home Mission board was presented by Rev. A. Cohoon. The following is a brief synopsis: Rev. Wm. Wetmore, missionary at Margaree and Mabou, Inverness Co., N. S., on June 14th. His early life was spent in New Brunswick, preaching occasionally, as opportunity offered. In 1888 he gave himself wholly to the work of the ministry. Rev. Geo. Crabbe was appointed to position on board made vacant by removal of Dr. Day, and Rev. T. M. Munro to the place of Rev. A. F. Browne, resigned.

Your board has not attempted any work in New Brunswick, in order to allow the New Brunswick convention an opportunity for the prosecution of the work—excepting to make the following grants: Aberdeen and Bristol churches, Carleton Co., \$50; Cape Fomentine church, \$100; St. Andrew's church, \$250 per year, and \$10 to Rev. D. W. Crandall for work done. The total amount expended in New Brunswick was \$326.66, while \$881 had been received. The difference has been placed to the credit of New Brunswick.

N. S. ASSOCIATION. Acadia church has sustained a heavy loss in the death of Dea. Robbins. The Lake George church has secured the service of Geo. C. Durkee in January. The churches at Carleton and Forest Glen have secured a portion of the services of Rev. Geo. C. Crabbe. C. I. McLane was recommended to the Barrington field. A. F. Newcomb has supplied for the Milford church, Annapolis. The Grand Mountain field was supplied by A. H. Morse till the opening of the college. G. L. Bishop has since been sent to the field.

N. S. CENTRAL ASSOCIATION. Rev. J. L. Read has served in connection with the Long Point church. S. H. Ebb combined to serve the New Minas field. The Waterville church has suffered by the death of Bro. Vaughan. The Brookline church has had a prosperous year under the care of B. H. Roach. At Windsor Plains a new church building has been erected. Rev. E. N. Archibald has charge of the Lunenburg church. Several have been added to this church through the efforts of Evangelist Marple. The Mosher River field has had its first year of continuous pastoral labor. Upwards of twenty have been added to this church during the year. The new group organized last year, embracing New Canada and adjacent stations, has been assisted. They have a new parsonage ready for occupancy. A small grant was made to St. Margaret's Bay field.

N. S. EASTERN ASSOCIATION. By advice, \$150 was promised Lower Steiwacke and Musquodoboit churches to assist in making up the salary. Lower Economy and Five Island church have renewed their application for assistance, and a grant of \$100 was made for the current year. River John and New Annan churches were supplied by G. B. Cutten. J. T. Dimmick has since been recommended to this church during the year. Fort Hillford and Port Beckerton interests show some signs of growth. The Margaree-Mabou group has had its blessings. Upwards of twenty were added by baptism. The Gabarus-Fourche group has been under the care of C. W. Allen since the grant of \$40 was made. The Sydney church have completed the work undertaken last year and now have a neat, comfortable place in which to worship. The building cost \$4500. It is in debt.

P. E. I. ASSOCIATION. All the mission fields in this association have received assistance. Pastor Spurr has continued his labors with Fairview. Reports are refreshing. The accompanying tabular statement will give details of the work. The summary of this we find to be as follows: 1213 weeks of labor distributed among 71 churches; 3,099 preachings; 7,475 religious visits; 5,133 pages of tracts distributed; 486 baptized and 75 received by letter and experience. The supplements of general missionary salaries and grants to fields amount to \$3,555.38, divided as follows: \$2,110.40 to fields in Nova Scotia; \$326.66 to four fields in New Brunswick; and \$444.16 to five fields in P. E. I., and \$704.67 in general missionary work.

The report was taken up section by section, and discussed until the noon hour. A few unimportant changes were made.

MONDAY AFTERNOON. The session opened at 2 o'clock. After routine a number of bills were presented and on motion ordered to be paid.

Rev. J. B. Champion tendered his resignation as a member of home mission board—accepted and referred to the committee on nominations.

The report of the treasurer of the ministerial education board was read and with some slight changes, accepted. The expenditure was \$440 and the

Table with columns for Receipts and Payments. Receipts include Cash in hand, From Treasurer, From Donations, etc. Total Receipts: \$5,375.99. Payments include Paid on notes, Paid on salaries, Paid for work in 1894-95, etc. Total Payments: \$5,375.99.

Table with columns for Receipts and Payments. Receipts include Cash in hand, From Treasurer, From Donations, etc. Total Receipts: \$5,375.99. Payments include Paid on notes, Paid on salaries, Paid for work in 1894-95, etc. Total Payments: \$5,375.99.

After the platform meeting that evening the convention, on motion, agreed to revert back to the regular business of the session. The home mission report was taken up and finally accepted as a whole.

The following resolution was then moved by Rev. E. J. Grant: Whereas, The E. C. minority of Manitoba are demanding the establishment of separate schools in that province; and Whereas, The Dominion Government has already issued a remedial order calling upon the Manitoba Government to comply in some measure at least with the demand of the minority in that province; and Whereas, The Dominion Government gives notice of its intention to introduce legislation at the next session in the event of Manitoba failing to act upon the remedial order; Therefore Resolved, That this convention strongly deprecates any interference on the part of the Dominion Government with the school affairs of Manitoba.

On motion by a vote of 20 to 17, this resolution was tabled until this morning. Rev. C. H. Roscoe moved the adoption of the following resolution: Whereas, Rev. E. Bosworth is about to visit Great Britain in the interest of the Grand Ligne mission; and Whereas, This Baptist convention of the Maritime provinces place on record its approval of his work done by the mission and heartily commends to brother and sister workers the sympathy of the Christian people to the sympathy of the Christian people; Therefore Resolved, That a copy of this resolution, dated August 26th, 1895, and signed by the president of this convention, be given to Mr. Bosworth. Carried.

Rev. I. Wallace moved the following: Whereas, A considerable portion of the consistency of this convention is that the work of home missions could be best carried forward by our organization from this province; and Whereas, It is exceedingly desirable that the meeting of the convention be preserved in carrying forward the work of the New Brunswick Baptist churches; if they so desire, carry forward home mission work through a committee to be appointed by this body, composed of brethren of this province, who will report their work to the annual meeting of this convention, to be placed beside that of a similar board from Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.—Carried.

H. C. Creed presented the report of the committee on the state of the denomination: Eight persons had been ordained last year, about half as many as in 1894, but about an average for the last ten years. The report recommended the appointment of a committee who may consider and report next year upon the question whether in any way the prevailing practice as regards ordination might be amended without prejudice to the foundation principles of the Baptist body. But one new church had been added to the list, that at Hartland, C. C. N. B., on May 3rd. New houses of worship had been opened at the following places: Granville Centre, N. S.; Sydeney, C. B.; Salmon Creek, N. B.; Head Bay, N. S.; Carleton, N. B.; Windsor Plains, N. S. The number is the same as last year. The following statistics will prove interesting: Number of churches in the eight associations, 400, with a membership of 41,953; 2,219 persons were baptized last year, and probably about the same number this year, although the full returns are not yet in.—Adopted.

The convention adjourned at 11:45 o'clock to meet at 9:30 this morning.

YOUNG PEOPLE'S UNION. The Young People's association met Monday morning at 8:30 in the school room of the Germain street church. From 8 to 8:30 there was a social meeting led by Rev. H. B. Smith of Springhill, N. S., and in which nearly all present took part. At the business meeting President McDonald occupied the chair. After the reading of the minutes of the previous session, the report of the secretary that had been laid over from the last meeting was after some discussion adopted. The report of the treasurer was also received. It showed the finances to be in a healthy state, there being a surplus of \$46.77 over all expenditures. The executive was empowered to spend a limited amount in the distribution of free literature to aid the work of the association.

A carefully prepared address by Rev. A. T. Dykeman of Digby on Hints on Organization contained valuable information, and it was eagerly listened to. The following recommendations of the executive were adopted: That the society give a transfer card to members removing to other communities.

That the names of members who fail to attend four successive meetings without good reason be dropped from the list of membership.

That officers be elected annually instead of semi-annually, as at present. That county secretaries be appointed by the executive to assist the general secretary.

That report was considered section by section, and none of the sections evoked any lengthy discussion. The election of officers resulted as follows: George A. McDonald of Halifax was elected president, and Rev. F. H. Beales, secretary.

1st vice-president, J. K. Ross, Charlottetown; W. C. Cross, 2nd vice-president. Editorial secretary, Rev. G. O. Gates. Executive committee, C. L. Martin, B. A. Stammers, John Burgoyne, Halifax; C. W. Corey, Charlottetown. Transportation leaders, Rev. J. H. McDonald, Blair Lushy. A resolution of thanks to the Maritime Publishing Company for acceding to their request and giving their column a more prominent place in the Messenger and Visitor was adopted. The resolution also pledged the loyal support of the meeting to the paper. The meeting was then adjourned.

TUESDAY MORNING.

After routine the report of the committee on obituaries was presented by Rev. W. C. Vincent. The report referred at length to the life work of the late Dr. Hopper of this city. A brief biographical sketch was also given of the late Rev. Wm. Wetmore, Ed. Sibby, Robt. Morton, Michael Doyle, D. C. Dawson.—Adopted. E. D. King presented the report of the Grand Ligne missions. It stated that the work had been carried on under the greatest difficulties. At times the missionaries had been mobbed in the discharge of their work. But a number of churches had been founded and many persons converted, one-half of whom were Roman Catholics. Great work was being carried on in the Teller Institute. A number of the young men who are students at this institution will enter the missionary field as soon as they are qualified.—Adopted.

Rev. D. G. McDonald presented the report on Northwest missions. There were thirty-three pastors and missionaries laboring there under the direction of Rev. C. H. Kellogg, eleven of whom were supplied by the new church that had been organized and re-constituted, and a new Baptist church was soon to be organized in Whinnipeg. Two church homes have been erected during the year, and there are four in course of construction. The amount raised during the convention year was \$3,453.87 for these missions of which Ontario and Quebec gave \$5,523.29 and the Maritime provinces \$2,074.29. Their indebtedness at the close of the convention year was \$778. One church became self-sustaining and 478 souls were added to the membership, 253 by baptism, making the present membership 27,610. The report recommended that the people of the Maritime provinces be interested as far as possible in these missions, and that they be recommended to give towards the work.

It was ordered that a delegate be appointed to visit the Grand Ligne mission. The foreign mission report was presented by the secretary-treasurer, Rev. J. W. Manning of this city. Several of the first sections of the report were adopted without discussion, but the one which referred to salaries brought a large number of the members to their feet. The section reads as follows: MARRIED MISSIONARY. First two years arrival in India, 300 00; Next five years, 1,049 00; Subsequent years, 1,200 00. SINGLE MEN. First two years, 500 00; Subsequent years, 750 00. SINGLE WOMEN. Determined to marry, M. U. men, 175; with additional \$50 for each child to be born free, the maximum in any case being \$1,000; \$50 men, \$400; single women, \$300. The foreign allowances is for one year; if prolonged special arrangements must be made therefor. These changes are in force from the 1st of July, 1895. It is earnestly requested that the adjustment of the salary question will do away with much of the adverse and unjust criticism to which missionaries have been subjected.

It seems that some of these salaries were higher by one hundred dollars than the committee recommended this year. Some of the members of the convention maintained that the salary received by those missionaries was in many cases too large. Dr. Higgins, in replying to this statement, said the health of many of our best workers in India was breaking down simply because they could not make an annual trip to the hills. His son's wife was now ill simply because her husband remained in the plains, and he did so because he could not afford to go to the hills during the winter months. After further discussion the section was adopted, the foreign mission board having given their word that they had no intention of breaking faith with any of the missionaries.—Adopted.

AFTERNOON SESSION. The afternoon meeting was called at 2 o'clock. A number of bills were presented and on motion ordered to be paid. The foreign mission report was again taken up. The section with respect to the return of Rev. R. Sanford to India was discussed at length. A motion to refer the matter back to the board will do away with much of the adverse and unjust criticism to which missionaries have been subjected. The next section of the report was then taken up and discussed. After its adoption, Rev. I. Wallace suggested that it would be a very seemly thing for the convention to ask God's blessing on the convention to ask God's blessing on the convention to ask God's blessing on the convention. Having performed this function, the next section of the report was considered.

The following is the financial statement contained in the report: The finances are in a fairly good condition, though the receipts do not equal the expenditures, and are not likely to do so under present methods. The total receipts for the year were \$15,088.28, and the total expenditures, including the deficit of the previous year, were \$15,938.70, were \$15,021.51. This leaves a deficit of \$2,937.23. But we need about \$2,000 in addition to make our quarterly remittance to the mission conference on time. The balance of the conference fund, amounting to \$2,075.08, has to be provided for in some way, because this sum is included in the receipts when collected and carried to current account.

It will be seen from the treasurer's account that the contributions from the churches of N. B. and P. E. I. show a slight increase over those of last year, while those from the churches of N. S. are more than \$600 less than last year. The amount sent to the treasurer direct has been larger than for some time past. Of the \$774.12 received from the Bradshaw trusts, Nos. 1 and 2, for home mission work in New Brunswick, the board are advised that they are, under the terms of the second trust, obliged to pay one-third of the interest accrued therefrom, viz., \$288.25, to the Baptist home missionary board in existence at the date of the gift, and as the home mission board of the Baptist convention of the Maritime provinces was then the only Baptist home mission board in existence in the Maritime provinces, and still exists, we have authorized our secretary to tender to the board of the Baptist convention of the Maritime provinces, to be by them expended for home mission work in the province of New Brunswick. The interest of the first trust of \$437.87 is for home mission work in the Maritime provinces. The board decided to divide for the present year equally between the home mission board of the Baptist convention of the Maritime provinces and the New Brunswick convention, to be by them expended for the foreign mission board, in home mission work in New Brunswick, and have instructed the secretary to tender to the trustees of the same to the trustees of the home mission boards of the Baptist convention of the Maritime provinces and of the New Brunswick conventions, \$218.93 to each.

The greater part of the afternoon was taken up discussing the Bradshaw trusts. It was claimed that the money had not been appropriated according to the specific request of Mr. Bradshaw. The matter is to come up later.—Adopted.

After general routine the following resolution was moved by Rev. I. Wallace: Whereas, Our esteemed brother, Rev. Dr. Carey, pastor of Brussels street Baptist church in this city, has been called upon in God's providence to pass through deep sorrow in the death of his beloved daughter, which occurred in Empire, Michigan, last week, necessitating his absence from the convention; Therefore resolved, That this body express our heartfelt sympathy for him and Mrs. Carey in this dark hour of grief, and pray that they be graciously sustained by the presence and promises of God in their bereavement.—Adopted.

The following is the report of the committee on nominations submitted by Prof. Sawyer, as follows: Foreign mission board—Rev. J. W. Manning, Rev. G. O. Gates, Rev. W. H. Weeks, Rev. W. E. McIntyre, N. C. Scott, Rev. E. E. Daley. Governors of Acadia University—A. P. Shand, A. F. Randolph, D. H. Simpson, Rev. J. A. Gordon, F. H. Eaton, C. B. Whidden, R. J. Haley, E. H. Eaton. To represent convention on board Grand Ligne mission—Rev. A. T. Dykeman. To represent Northwest in association—Rev. D. G. McDonald, Rev. J. H. King, Rev. J. A. Gordon, Rev. W. H. Manning, Rev. G. O. Gates, Rev. W. H. Warren, S. W. Cummings. Committee on statistics, etc.—Rev. J. C. Spurr, H. C. Creed, B. H. Eaton. Committee on ordinations—Rev. H. W. Sawyer, D. D., Rev. E. M. Saunders, Rev. D. A. Steel, Rev. G. W. Carey, Rev. W. W. Robinson, Rev. J. H. Hughes. Committee on temperance—Rev. E. P. Coldwell, A. Simpson, Rev. F. W. Corey, Rev. D. G. McDonald, Rev. H. B. Smith, Rev. H. S. Shaw, Geo. Shaw. Committee on Sunday schools—Rev. J. O. Freeman and chairman of S. S. committees of eight associations. Press committee—Rev. E. M. Saunders, C. W. Corey, W. E. McIntyre. Committee on estimates—R. N. Beckwith, T. R. Black, J. S. Trites, C. E. Northrup. Committee on travelling arrangements—Rev. J. J. Wallace, H. H. Jones, F. H. Eaton. To preach alternate sermon—Rev. W. Camp, alternate; Rev. A. C. Chute, alternate. Board of ministers' annuity fund—J. C. Dumaresq, Wm. Davis, Rev. E. N. Saunders, J. W. Johnstone, E. D. Shaw. State of denomination—H. C. Creed, Rev. G. P. Raymond, Rev. W. H. Robinson.

Committee on arrangements—Secretary of convention, secretary of boards of convention, pastor of church with which convention shall be held. Committee on obituaries—Rev. J. H. Saunders, Rev. J. C. Spurr, Rev. G. O. Gates. Publication of year book—Rev. A. C. Chute, R. M. King, B. H. Eaton, Rev. J. A. Gordon. On motion the convention resolved to send delegates to the meeting of the New Brunswick convention to be held at St. John's, N. B., on the 15th inst. The following were appointed: Dr. Kierstead, Rev. J. H. Saunders, Rev. J. W. Manning, Rev. D. G. McDonald, Rev. G. O. Gates, Rev. J. A. Gordon. T. H. Rand asked permission to make a few remarks, which was granted. He said he had called upon his old friend Sir Leonard Tilley in the attending and had invited him to attend a meeting of the convention. He saw Sir Leonard was now present, and he would like to have him invited to the platform.

The chairman extended the invitation, and Sir Leonard ascended the platform amid loud applause. It was several moments before he could make himself heard. He spoke very fittingly, referring in the kindest terms to the Baptist denomination. Sir Leonard spoke of the important part the Baptist church had taken in temperance matters. In conclusion he said he hoped the deliberations of the convention would receive the blessings of God, and that the Baptist church would prosper under divine favor.

The platform meeting, which was called at 8 o'clock, was presided over by Vice President Warren. He explained that the meeting was held in the interest of foreign missions. The speakers were Rev. Dr. Saunders of Halifax, Rev. J. H. Manning of this city and Rev. Mr. Laflamme, recent missionary in India. The last speaker, referring to the greatness of India,

said it required 1,000,000 men and boys to take the last census and cost the government some \$700,000. The total population was found to be two hundred and eighty-seven and a quarter millions, or one-fifth of the total population of the world. The natural increase between the years 1881 and 1891 was 28,000,000. In this great country there are only 185,000 Protestant Christians. In the Telegu district, where the Baptist missionaries of Canada are laboring, there are 1,200,000 persons, and yet there are only five missionaries in that district. But with them are associated three females and twenty-four native Telegus. In closing the speaker made an eloquent appeal for aid in behalf of the people in the Telegu country.—Adopted.

On motion the thanks of the convention were tendered to the people of St. John for hospitable entertainment of delegates, to the choir of Germain street Baptist church, and to the press of the city for courtesies extended.—Carried. A motion it was resolved to request the Grand Ligne missionary board to allow Rev. Mr. Grenier and wife to remain in Digby county another six months.—Carried.

The foreign missionary board reported through Rev. G. O. Gates, that if Rev. Mr. Sanford could get two physicians to certify to the fact that he was physically capable of undertaking the work in India, that the board would send him, if placed in a position to do so. Mr. Gates' report was finally adopted.

The report of the governors of Acadia college, which was tabled on Saturday, was again taken up last evening. Several sections were read and on motion, received.—Adopted as a whole. The treasurer's report of Acadia college was read by Rev. W. Roscoe. The total receipts amounted to \$12,355.38, leaving a deficit for the present year of \$197.88. The total accumulated deficit is \$7,149.23.—Adopted. Rev. Mr. Cohoon read the financial statement of Horton academy. The receipts were \$7,377.40, expenses \$7,188.07, leaving a balance of \$189.33, which will go toward reducing the manual equipment debt of 1893.—Adopted.

The report on temperance was presented by Rev. E. J. Grant, in part as follows: For many years we have been accustomed in this convention to listen to reports deploring the dreadful effects on society of the traffic in strong drink. We have passed many resolutions condemnatory of the traffic and have urged upon our governments the necessity of prohibiting the manufacture, sale, etc., of ardent spirits, all of which petitions have by the government been ignored. It seems to your committee that the Baptists should no longer stand in a false position of assenting to reports and resolutions condemnatory of the traffic. Your committee are convinced that no Christian can consistently support a candidate for the Dominion parliament who is not pledged to work and vote for the prohibition of strong drink, irrespective of the attitude of his party. When all the members were responsible. C. B. Whidden thought the resolution went too far in stating that every man who supported the government that derived a benefit from the sale of intoxicating liquors was responsible for the traffic. He was yet to take his first glass, but he would not support the resolution. H. C. Creed thought as nearly every government derived more or less revenue from the sale of liquors, he would be against supporting the resolution. Mr. King, Q. C., was of the same opinion. Rev. Mr. Sampson spoke in favor of the resolution. Rev. W. W. Weeks strongly deprecated the bringing of anything of a political nature into the convention. Rev. S. Most Black took the same view as did C. B. Whidden. Mr. Parsons pointed out that the present government was not responsible for the traffic. It came down from the past ages, from our forefathers, and he claimed the government was not responsible for the traffic. High license was an indication of high temperance principles. Mr. Young wished to ask Mr. Parsons a question, but the speaker refused to be interrogated and said he would not answer any questions. On motion of Rev. E. J. Grant the convention gave Mr. Young the right to ask the question. His question was: Supposing a government came into power after having defeated the present government upon the temperance question, would that government coming into power, be responsible for the existence of the liquor traffic? Mr. Parsons—The convention gave you the privilege of asking the question, but I shall certainly not answer it. Mr. Parsons said the resolution simply meant third party. He said, check the traffic, if they could not get prohibition. Rev. Mr. Grant replied. He said Mr. Parsons' speech was based on the assumption that he had charged on the government with creating the traffic, whereas he only charged it with tolerating it. Rev. Mr. Black refused to support the resolution. Rev. A. Cohoon moved a resolution to the effect that Christian citizens should assist in bringing about the election of good men who would vote for prohibition. Mr. Grant said this was simply no resolution at all. They had been passing such resolutions for the last 25 years.

There was some more discussion, after which the vote was taken. Mr. Cohoon's amendment was carried, 23 to 19. Dr. Hunt as treasurer of the convention, submitted his report: The total receipts amounted to \$14,617.57, the expenditures left a balance on hand of \$5,757, which was ordered to be paid to the treasurer of denominational funds in N. B.—Adopted. Rev. F. H. Beales read the report on Sunday schools, which was briefly discussed and adopted.

Rev. A. Cohoon submitted the report on estimates, as follows: \$17,500 for N. S.; \$7,200 for N. B.; \$1,200 for P. E. I.; \$25,900 grand total.—Accepted. A motion that bonds be given by the denominational treasurer, tabled in 1894, be brought up, was carried. It was referred to Rev. Messrs. White, Young and E. D. King to report. B. H. Eaton resigned the position of governor of Acadia college. A. W. Stearns of P. E. Island was appointed in his stead. Rev. E. J. Grant's motion with reference to the government's interference with Manitoba schools was on motion allowed to remain on the table. There was a long discussion with reference to appointing a committee to prosecute home mission work in New Brunswick. Rev. G. O. Gates made a motion to this effect. It was discussed for nearly two hours. Rev. Mr. Gates' motion was carried, and he with Mr. MacDonald appointed to nominate a committee to act in this behalf. The committee, which is to consist of members from both conventions, will be able to unite the home mission interests in New Brunswick. The work is now being done by the home mission board of the Maritime convention and a committee from the New Brunswick convention respectively. The convention adjourned at 4:30 to meet next year at Berwick, Nova Scotia.

A PROMINENT MAN. Sketch of Jonathan Parsons of Halifax, President of the Maritime Baptists. Jonathan Parsons, B. A., of Halifax, barrister at law, and at present agent of the marine and fisheries department for Nova Scotia, has proved himself a capable presiding officer. A brief sketch of his life will no doubt be interesting to many others than Baptists. He was the youngest son of the late George Parsons of Liverpool, N. S., and when a little fellow injured his ankle, which for four years he was compelled to go upon crutches. During this time he went to school and advanced so well as to begin teaching in 1856 in Chelsea, Lunenburg county. After two years he took charge of a school in Liverpool, N. S., and was in charge of a school for four years he taught the largest school in the town. The summer of 1860 he attended the normal school at Truro and received a "first class" license from the hands of Doctor Forrester. The Rev. Mr. Parsons worked in Horton academy as assistant teacher and student, and worked his way through college being graduated B. A. in June 1867. His classmates were Rev. J. W. Manning, Judge Graham of Nova Scotia, and W. D. Dimock, M. P. P. Parsons began his law study in Horton academy and Upper Canada. He took honors in English and Philosophy, and won the alumni prize of \$40 as the best essayist. He was appointed principal of the Brunswick street school of Halifax, and showed great powers of organization and awakened increasing enthusiasm among the pupils. In 1868, Mr. Parsons was married to Miss Eleonora Cutten of Amherst, who died four years ago. He received in 1888 the office of inspector of schools for the city and county of Truro. Mr. Parsons during his years in Halifax, which position he held for many years, when political reasons alone, he was displaced by the local "anti" government then in power. Inquiry made in parliament by Hon. Hiram Blanchard elicited the fact that no charge could be made against him except that he was a close friend of T. H. Rind, who had been dismissed from the superintendence of education. He then began the study of law with Hon. Hiram Blanchard and in December, 1877, was admitted to the bar and began his legal career. Mr. Parsons, for forty years, has been active in temperance work, mostly in the Sons of Temperance. He joined the grand division at Hantsport in 1862, and the national division at Cincinnati, Ohio, in 1879. He was grand officer of the Sons of Temperance in 1873-4. He was editor for three years of the Alliance Journal, the organ of the "Sons" and "Templars," and was a well known speaker on the temperance platform in his own province and in various states of the union. Mr. Parsons was superintendent of the North Baptist Sunday school sixteen years. Last August Mr. Parsons was appointed agent of the marine and fisheries department for Nova Scotia, to the duties of which office he brought much practical knowledge. Through the press he has given much readable information respecting lighthouses, buoys, fog alarms, life boats; Sable, St. Paul's and Seal Islands. He visited outlying stations on the southern coast of Nova Scotia, and in March visited Sable Island. In politics Mr. Parsons was liberal conservative. In the 1882 election he was one of the candidates in Halifax for the local legislature, as a supporter of J. S. D. Thompson, then local premier, and was defeated by some sixty votes. His defeat was attributed to his strong words against the liquor traffic. In 1881 he was appointed prothonotary of the supreme court at Halifax and resigned the position to run the election. In 1886, when the "repeal" cry was raised by the Fielding government, Mr. Parsons accepted a nomination to run the election in favor of union and loyalty in the county of Guysborough. Thus for a third of a century, Mr. Parsons has been closely identified with the education, temperance and social, political and religious growth of the country. He is tall, stout and ruddy, with hair decidedly inclining to grey. He is a ready and fluent speaker, and as presiding officer, is prompt of alert and decided. The convention under his presidency rushed into business along in grand style.

There was a long discussion with reference to appointing a committee to prosecute home mission work in New Brunswick. Rev. G. O. Gates made a motion to this effect. It was discussed for nearly two hours. Rev. Mr. Gates' motion was carried, and he with Mr. MacDonald appointed to nominate a committee to act in this behalf. The committee, which is to consist of members from both conventions, will be able to unite the home mission interests in New Brunswick. The work is now being done by the home mission board of the Maritime convention and a committee from the New Brunswick convention respectively. The convention adjourned at 4:30 to meet next year at Berwick, Nova Scotia.

A PROMINENT MAN. Sketch of Jonathan Parsons of Halifax, President of the Maritime Baptists. Jonathan Parsons, B. A., of Halifax, barrister at law, and at present agent of the marine and fisheries department for Nova Scotia, has proved himself a capable presiding officer. A brief sketch of his life will no doubt be interesting to many others than Baptists. He was the youngest son of the late George Parsons of Liverpool, N. S., and when a little fellow injured his ankle, which for four years he was compelled to go upon crutches. During this time he went to school and advanced so well as to begin teaching in 1856 in Chelsea, Lunenburg county. After two years he took charge of a school in Liverpool, N. S., and was in charge of a school for four years he taught the largest school in the town. The summer of 1860 he attended the normal school at Truro and received a "first class" license from the hands of Doctor Forrester. The Rev. Mr. Parsons worked in Horton academy as assistant teacher and student, and worked his way through college being graduated B. A. in June 1867. His classmates were Rev. J. W. Manning, Judge Graham of Nova Scotia, and W. D. Dimock, M. P. P. Parsons began his law study in Horton academy and Upper Canada. He took honors in English and Philosophy, and won the alumni prize of \$40 as the best essayist. He was appointed principal of the Brunswick street school of Halifax, and showed great powers of organization and awakened increasing enthusiasm among the pupils. In 1868, Mr. Parsons was married to Miss Eleonora Cutten of Amherst, who died four years ago. He received in 1888 the office of inspector of schools for the city and county of Truro. Mr. Parsons during his years in Halifax, which position he held for many years, when political reasons alone, he was displaced by the local "anti" government then in power. Inquiry made in parliament by Hon. Hiram Blanchard elicited the fact that no charge could be made against him except that he was a close friend of T. H. Rind, who had been dismissed from the superintendence of education. He then began the study of law with Hon. Hiram Blanchard and in December, 1877, was admitted to the bar and began his legal career. Mr. Parsons, for forty years, has been active in temperance work, mostly in the Sons of Temperance. He joined the grand division at Hantsport in 1862, and the national division at Cincinnati, Ohio, in 1879. He was grand officer of the Sons of Temperance in 1873-4. He was editor for three years of the Alliance Journal, the organ of the "Sons" and "Templars," and was a well known speaker on the temperance platform in his own province and in various states of the union. Mr. Parsons was superintendent of the North Baptist Sunday school sixteen years. Last August Mr. Parsons was appointed agent of the marine and fisheries department for Nova Scotia, to the duties of which office he brought much practical knowledge. Through the press he has given much readable information respecting lighthouses, buoys, fog alarms, life boats; Sable, St. Paul's and Seal Islands. He visited outlying stations on the southern coast of Nova Scotia, and in March visited Sable Island. In politics Mr. Parsons was liberal conservative. In the 1882 election he was one of the candidates in Halifax for the local legislature, as a supporter of J. S. D. Thompson, then local premier, and was defeated by some sixty votes. His defeat was attributed to his strong words against the liquor traffic. In 1881 he was appointed prothonotary of the supreme court at Halifax and resigned the position to run the election. In 1886, when the "repeal" cry was raised by the Fielding government, Mr. Parsons accepted a nomination to run the election in favor of union and loyalty in the county of Guysborough. Thus for a third of a century, Mr. Parsons has been closely identified with the education, temperance and social, political and religious growth of the country. He is tall, stout and ruddy, with hair decidedly inclining to grey. He is a ready and fluent speaker, and as presiding officer, is prompt of alert and decided. The convention under his presidency rushed into business along in grand style.

There was a long discussion with reference to appointing a committee to prosecute home mission work in New Brunswick. Rev. G. O. Gates made a motion to this effect. It was discussed for nearly two hours. Rev. Mr. Gates' motion was carried, and he with Mr. MacDonald appointed to nominate a committee to act in this behalf. The committee, which is to consist of members from both conventions, will be able to unite the home mission interests in New Brunswick. The work is now being done by the home mission board of the Maritime convention and a committee from the New Brunswick convention respectively. The convention adjourned at 4:30 to meet next year at Berwick, Nova Scotia.

A PROMINENT MAN. Sketch of Jonathan Parsons of Halifax, President of the Maritime Baptists. Jonathan Parsons, B. A., of Halifax, barrister at law, and at present agent of the marine and fisheries department for Nova Scotia, has proved himself a capable presiding officer. A brief sketch of his life will no doubt be interesting to many others than Baptists. He was the youngest son of the late George Parsons of Liverpool, N. S., and when a little fellow injured his ankle, which for four years he was compelled to go upon crutches. During this time he went to school and advanced so well as to begin teaching in 1856 in Chelsea, Lunenburg county. After two years he took charge of a school in Liverpool, N. S., and was in charge of a school for four years he taught the largest school in the town. The summer of 1860 he attended the normal school at Truro and received a "first class" license from the hands of Doctor Forrester. The Rev. Mr. Parsons worked in Horton academy as assistant teacher and student, and worked his way through college being graduated B. A. in June 1867. His classmates were Rev. J. W. Manning, Judge Graham of Nova Scotia, and W. D. Dimock, M. P. P. Parsons began his law study in Horton academy and Upper Canada. He took honors in English and Philosophy, and won the alumni prize of \$40 as the best essayist. He was appointed principal of the Brunswick street school of Halifax, and showed great powers of organization and awakened increasing enthusiasm among the pupils. In 1868, Mr. Parsons was married to Miss Eleonora Cutten of Amherst, who died four years ago. He received in 1888 the office of inspector of schools for the city and county of Truro. Mr. Parsons during his years in Halifax, which position he held for many years, when political reasons alone, he was displaced by the local "anti" government then in power. Inquiry made in parliament by Hon. Hiram Blanchard elicited the fact that no charge could be made against him except that he was a close friend of T. H. Rind, who had been dismissed from the superintendence of education. He then began the study of law with Hon. Hiram Blanchard and in December, 1877, was admitted to the bar and began his legal career. Mr. Parsons, for forty years, has been active in temperance work, mostly in the Sons of Temperance. He joined the grand division at Hantsport in 1862, and the national division at Cincinnati, Ohio, in 1879. He was grand officer of the Sons of Temperance in 1873-4. He was editor for three years of the Alliance Journal, the organ of the "Sons" and "Templars," and was a well known speaker on the temperance platform in his own province and in various states of the union. Mr. Parsons was superintendent of the North Baptist Sunday school sixteen years. Last August Mr. Parsons was appointed agent of the marine and fisheries department for Nova Scotia, to the duties of which office he brought much practical knowledge. Through the press he has given much readable information respecting lighthouses, buoys, fog alarms, life boats; Sable, St. Paul's and Seal Islands. He visited outlying stations on the southern coast of Nova Scotia, and in March visited Sable Island. In politics Mr. Parsons was liberal conservative. In the 1882 election he was one of the candidates in Halifax for the local legislature, as a supporter of J. S. D. Thompson, then local premier, and was defeated by some sixty votes. His defeat was attributed to his strong words against the liquor traffic. In 1881 he was appointed prothonotary of the supreme court at Halifax and resigned the position to run the election. In 1886, when the "repeal" cry was raised by the Fielding government, Mr. Parsons accepted a nomination to run the election in favor of union and loyalty in the county of Guysborough. Thus for a third of a century, Mr. Parsons has been closely identified with the education, temperance and social, political and religious growth of the country. He is tall, stout and ruddy, with hair decidedly inclining to grey. He is a ready and fluent speaker, and as presiding officer, is prompt of alert and decided. The convention under his presidency rushed into business along in grand style.

There was a long discussion with reference to appointing a committee to prosecute home mission work in New Brunswick. Rev. G. O. Gates made a motion to this effect. It was discussed for nearly two hours. Rev. Mr. Gates' motion was carried, and he with Mr. MacDonald appointed to nominate a committee to act in this behalf. The committee, which is to consist of members from both conventions, will be able to unite the home mission interests in New Brunswick. The work is now being done by the home mission board of the Maritime convention and a committee from the New Brunswick convention respectively. The convention adjourned at 4:30 to meet next year at Berwick, Nova Scotia.

A PROMINENT MAN. Sketch of Jonathan Parsons of Halifax, President of the Maritime Baptists. Jonathan Parsons, B. A., of Halifax, barrister at law, and at present agent of the marine and fisheries department for Nova Scotia, has proved himself a capable presiding officer. A brief sketch of his life will no doubt be interesting to many others than Baptists. He was the youngest son of the late George Parsons of Liverpool, N. S., and when a little fellow injured his ankle, which for four years he was compelled to go upon crutches. During this time he went to school and advanced so well as to begin teaching in 1856 in Chelsea, Lunenburg county. After two years he took charge of a school in Liverpool, N. S., and was in charge of a school for four



LEGAL NEWSPAPER DECISIONS.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the Post Office...

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Owing to the considerable number of complaints as to the miscarriage of letters...

THE WEEKLY SUN

Is the most vigorous paper in the Maritime Provinces...

ADVERTISING RATES.

\$1.00 per inch for ordinary transient advertising.

For Sale, Wanted, etc., 25 cents each insertion.

SUN PRINTING COMPANY, ALFRED MARKHAM, Manager.

THE WEEKLY SUN.

ST. JOHN, N. B., SEPTEMBER 4, 1895.

(From Daily Sun 27th ult.) THE RESULT IN WESTMORLAND.

Since Mr. Powell is likely to be declared elected in Westmorland by a majority of about seven hundred...

The claim that it is a "great liberal victory" to out down the majority in Westmorland from twenty-one hundred to seven hundred has a serious side to it.

thought to have done a great thing when he carried the county for his party by a moderate majority.

The thoughtful observer finds it interesting to notice also the complaint over the shortness of the time of the campaign.

One journal accounts for Mr. Powell's majority by attributing it to the railway vote and the French vote.

The liberal conservatives can bear to be told that they have been beaten. They have been told the same thing constantly since 1878.

THE BAPTISTS AND PROHIBITION.

The Baptist convention did not adopt the report on temperance submitted by Rev. E. J. Grant...

Your committee are convinced that no Christian can consistently support a candidate for the dominion parliament who is not pledged to work and vote for the prohibition

of saving drink, irrespective of the attitude of his party.

MR. LAURIER'S POSITION. Mr. Laurier has at last made a declaration of importance.

KINGDOM OR DOMINION. At examination of the confederation documents contained in the volume compiled and edited by Mr. Pope...

PROVINCIAL POLITICS.

There are four vacant seats in the New Brunswick legislature, calling for elections in Westmorland, Carleton and Victoria.

DISINFECTED BY PICTET GAS. The N. Y. Herald's European edition says that M. d'Arsonval has ascertained that the power of diffusion of the mixture of sulphurous and carbonic acid gases proposed by M. Pictet...

others who stand by their party in failure as well as in success.

THE CAPTAIN'S WIFE. BY OPIE READ. (N. Y. Sunday Herald.) Strum had never ceased to regret that he had been compelled to leave the army.

Evening he said: "Agnes, I met a man today whom I knew a good while ago. He served as newspaper correspondent during one of the Indian wars and I became much attached to him."

BEFORE JUDGE TUCK. J. DeVeber Neales v. Angus McQueen, W. B. Chandler for defendant applied for an injunction order to stay proceedings until the suit of the attorney general v. Neales is tried.

TEMPERANCE MANSION. "I see you are building a new house, Mr. Bun."

THE CAPTAIN'S WIFE.

BY OPIE READ. (N. Y. Sunday Herald.)

Strum had never ceased to regret that he had been compelled to leave the army. Just why he left was not known, but there was a general agreement that it was on account of a duel.

At evening he sat with his wife on the veranda, looking out over the red man's romantic country.

Evening he said: "Agnes, I met a man today whom I knew a good while ago. He served as newspaper correspondent during one of the Indian wars and I became much attached to him."

BEFORE JUDGE TUCK. J. DeVeber Neales v. Angus McQueen, W. B. Chandler for defendant applied for an injunction order to stay proceedings until the suit of the attorney general v. Neales is tried.

TEMPERANCE MANSION. "I see you are building a new house, Mr. Bun."

ing. She has sent me for you—must see you. Get in."

As the captain approached the grave he saw Huley seated on a bench under the trees. The moon was full. He walked up and, without speaking, sat down upon the bench.

A BORN LAWYER.

Even in his infancy Justice Strong's mind seems to have had a legal bent. His father was a Presbyterian clergyman—a classmate at Yale and warm personal friend of Associate Justice Stephen J. Field's father.

BEFORE JUDGE TUCK. J. DeVeber Neales v. Angus McQueen, W. B. Chandler for defendant applied for an injunction order to stay proceedings until the suit of the attorney general v. Neales is tried.

Advertisement for St. John's Pureness Colloids, featuring a portrait of a man and text describing the product's benefits.

Second Annual Large Attendance Everybody... CLASS I... Col 12 plants in Col 12 foliage...



PROVINCIAL.

Jas. Giberson of Andover Meets With an Accident Which Caused His Death.

News From Victoria, York, Albert, Kings, Queens, Carleton, Charlotte and Restigouche Counties.

VICTORIA CO.

Andover, Aug. 21.—At Upper Kincardine last week, Mrs. Adams, wife of J. B. Adams, a merchant and prominent citizen of that place, while going about the house fell down a flight of stairs, causing concussion of the brain. She died in fifteen minutes. The deceased leaves a husband, a large family of children and numerous acquaintances to mourn their sudden loss.

Aug. 22.—In the Andover notes to the Sun of the 19th inst. it was stated that the blueberry plains extended from the mouth to the forks of the Tobique, a distance of sixty miles. What it should have stated was that the plains were scattered over the area named. The Tobique river section contains some of the finest farming lands in the province.

On the 21st inst., while tending a planer in Porter's mill, James Giberson, who had only been in the employ of Mr. Porter about an hour, was almost instantly killed. When Giberson applied for work, Mr. Porter wanted him to roll the logs on the carriage, but as he preferred to tend the planer he was allowed to do so. In moving a piece of scantling, it struck against a belt, which forced it against his stomach, bruising him internally and causing death in about two hours by internal bleeding.

YORK CO.

Stanley, Aug. 21.—The Roman Catholic congregation have just completed the grading and fencing of their new burial ground, under the direction of Rev. Father Kiernan.

The Episcopalian, Presbyterian and Methodist are holding their annual S. S. picnics this week. John Fullerton is hiring a crew of twenty-five men for Wm. Richards, and will start next week to commence operations for the winter.

A very severe thunder storm passed over this vicinity today. In some sections hail fell on the average to the depth of about two inches. In Williamsburg the three barns belonging to the estate of the late William Clarkson, sr., were struck by lightning and destroyed with all the contents, which included nearly all of the season's crop. The property was not insured.

ALBERT CO.

Hopewell Hill, Aug. 23.—The death of Miss Edith Reid, daughter of the late James Reid of Caledonia, aged 15 years, occurred at Riverside yesterday.

Chap. P. R. Tingley, formerly of the ship Constance, who has been visiting his old home here, left this morning for Halifax, where he will take passage for England in the S. S. Danpara.

John Brittain, science professor in the provincial normal school, is spending a few days with friends at the Hill.

Mrs. David Fitzpatrick, mother of the well known lithotype operator in the Daily Sun office, is visiting relatives in this and neighboring villages. Since leaving St. John four years ago Mrs. Fitzpatrick has been residing in Cleveland, Ohio, and Cambridgeport, Mass.

Parkin's Corner, Aug. 21.—Mrs. W. E. Locke, who has been very sick, is slowly recovering.—The Sabbath school picnic here was quite largely attended.—Mrs. A. Parkin, who has been visiting friends at P. E. Island, has returned.—T. H. Demill, who has been very poorly with an attack of the grippe, has returned from Woodstock, accompanied by his little daughter Florence, much benefited by his visit at his sister's, Mrs. P. Fisher. He is now able to resume his school duties.—Mrs. Nettie Murphy and niece of Moncton are visiting relatives at Pleasant Vale.—Thomas Slader of the London House, St. John, who has been spending a few days in this vicinity, has returned.

The heaviest rain of the season fell yesterday.

Hopewell Hill, Aug. 26.—The bark Bessie Markham finished loading deals at Grindstone Island yesterday and sailed today.

A bug has made its appearance hereabout which is quite an effective destroyer of the potato bug, and as such is cordially welcomed by the Shepody farmer. The bug is a quite large, brown individual, probably half an inch across the back, has long legs, and is both noisy and voracious. His mode of action is to stab the potato eater with an instrument apparently kept for that purpose, and with the bug thus impaled, to quietly eat the greater part of him up.

Goodwin's steam mill began operations today on the Sawmill Creek.

KINGS CO.

Havelock, Aug. 22.—A terrific thunder storm swept over Havelock and vicinity yesterday, lasting nearly all day. About noon there came a hail storm that was a surprise to the oldest inhabitants. The hail fell in torrents and in some cases was as large over as a cent, in others jagged and rough, like small pebbles, and intensely hard.

Lower Ridge, Aug. 22.—The barn owned by Constable Samuel D. Alward of Lower Ridge was burned with the contents on the 18th inst. near the house of one O'clock a. m. The barn contained two horses, single and double harness, one trotting cart, a farm wagon, a threshing machine, a separator, about four tons of hay and numerous other articles. One of the horses belongs to Constable Harris Casack of Lower Ridge, also the cart and single harness. The total loss is estimated at between five and six hundred dollars, with no insurance. It was evidently the work of an incendiary. These two constables have been vigorously prosecuting offenders against the Scott act.

Norton Station, Aug. 26.—Mrs. Harrington of Boston, daughter of W. H. Baxter, while visiting her parents received a telegram saying that her hus-

band died very suddenly of paralysis. She returned to her home at once.

Miss Lottie Scovil, daughter of G. C. Scovil, M. P., is lying dangerously ill.

Mechanics' Settlement, Aug. 24.—Robert Moore's mill, which has been closed for some time, has resumed operations.

The school reopened on the 15th. Miss Gussie Mahood of Queens Co., who taught here last term, is again in charge.

Millstream, Aug. 28.—The Sons of Temperance at the head of Millstream held their annual picnic on the grounds of Edward Fenno's on Wednesday last.

The inquest which was held at Havelock over the skeleton found in the deserted house at Miller Brook failed to cast any light on the affair.

Mrs. Zebulon Gaunce of Carletonville is very ill. She is attended by Dr. McLeod.

The Scott act is being rigidly enforced on the Millstream. D. Byron was taken to Hampton last week, and papers are out for Mrs. Russell Parlee and Mr. Dooley.

KENT CO.

Richibucto, Aug. 28.—A number of Kingston boys entertained a large and merry company in their garden on Monday evening. It was the first dance that has taken place in the building, and if its success is a guarantee of future events there is a good time coming. Over fifty guests were present from here.

The painting of the school building was completed yesterday. The work was done under the supervision of Robert Beers.

Wm. Dickinson of Kingston, who has been accountant in the Merchants' Bank of Halifax for several years, has been transferred to Montreal, for which place he left on Monday.

RESTIGOUCHE CO.

Campbellton, Aug. 26.—Rev. W. A. Thomson is lying seriously ill with typhoid fever, consequently there was no service in the Methodist church for the past two Sabbaths.

D. J. Bruce and bride arrived home on Saturday morning. I. Deboe and bride came in on the accommodation on Saturday night.

Miss Bessie Mesereau, daughter of School Inspector Mesereau, arrived on Friday to take charge of one of the departments in the school, which opens on Monday. Mr. Lewis, the principal, has been here some few days. Miss Barnes of the primary school has also returned to town.

The railroad employees' picnic took place at New Mills, a most delightful day was spent in that picturesque spot.

Your correspondent took a stroll over to the mission of St. Ann on Sunday to take a look at the new church erected there. The church and presbytery are built of brick, and are joined together so the priest can go out of the door into the church without going outside. The afternoon service was going on when I got there, so I went in. Eight Indian lads, from seven to twelve years of age, in white surplices composed the choir, and were singing accompanied by the organ and their singing was very good.

Then the Rev. Fr. Pacifico preached in the French language, which was translated into the Indian tongue by an Indian named Polycarp Martin. It was very interesting to see and hear the priest talk in French, five minutes and then stop until the translator repeated it in his own words to the congregation. The earnestness and manner in which he speaks and gestures is something remarkable.

For one having so little education, no matter how long a priest talks, he will tell the whole of it. I asked one of the Indians if he really said what the priest said, and his answer was, yes. He had been at it for years. Nearly all of the Indians on this mission can speak the French language. The church is a credit to the priest and his congregation, and although it is not large or very furnished inside, still it is a very pretty place of worship. The Indians on this mission are a fine, hard working and respectable class of men. They farm in summer and go to the woods in winter, and write a number of gas guides and canoeists with the Yankee and Montreal fishermen during the fishing season. A number of them have very neat houses and are well off. Of course, like their white brothers, there are some black sheep among them, but taken all in all, they are deserving of praise for the way in which they work and live.

Mr. Rennels of the freight department of the I. C. R., Halifax, with his wife and family, are visiting Wm. Rennels, superintendent of the northern division.

The pupils from the convent of Our Lady of Sorrows gave a concert in the Oddfellows' hall on Friday night, and although the weather was unfavorable, there was a large audience present. There was music, singing, readings and recitations. The pupils passed off very nicely and the pupils showed that the sisters' training and teachings had borne good results.

CHARLOTTE CO.

Grand Manan, Aug. 24.—A very heavy thunder storm passed over this island on the 18th inst. At South Head five or six telegraph poles were struck and badly shattered. An old resident of North Head says it has been forty years since such a rainfall took place at this time of year.

Roy L. Carson is teaching school at South St. Croix on the N. B. line, some five miles from Vancouver.

Melville R. Bancroft has got his new boat, the Valkyrie, home. She was built by Geo. E. Richardson of Lord's Cove, Deer Island. She is twenty-four ft. keel, twelve and one-half ft. wide, and draws five and one-half feet of water.

T. Newton has sent his boat to have her hold lined with galvanized sheet iron for carrying fresh herring.

The second race in the series for the "boats' cup" will take place at Grand Harbor over the same course on the 4th prox.

Pollock fishing this season is only fair; there are plenty of pollock, but also plenty of food for them, and they will not take the hook. Herring are making their appearance. The weirs of Long Island, Deer Island, White Head and Seal Cove have taken

some already, but most of the weirs are not yet ready for fishing.

His Lordship Bishop Kingdon held a confirmation service on the 13th inst. at the Church of the Assumption at North Head. The following persons were confirmed: North Head—John Murphy, John James Lawson, M. D.; Samuel Bell, Sarah M. Bell, Ida May Bell, Mary Agnes Naves, Helen Burnham. Grand Harbor—Frederick J. Martin, Linnie R. Levy, Cathleen Wooster and Helen Cheney.

CARLETON CO.

Woodstock, Aug. 26.—Fred. Burpee was coupling cars at Houlton on Friday night when one of his hands got caught, and was so severely jammed that he had to come to Woodstock to lay up for a time.

Jno. G. Haines died at the lower corner this morning. He was a tanner by occupation. For a few days he had been ill with fever. He leaves a wife and five children. The funeral will be conducted under the auspices of the Orange order, of which deceased was a member.

An interesting family reunion took place in Rockland yesterday. The members of the Noble family had not met together for twenty-five years. On Sunday they gathered at the residence of John Ackerson, Rockland. There were present the following sisters, whose maiden names were Noble: Mrs. Fred. Dickinson, Wakefield; Mrs. O. B. Warren, Lowell, Mass.; Mrs. J. E. McCollom, Upper Brighton; Mrs. Chas. Dunphy, Island Falls, Me.; Mrs. John Ackerson, John Noble was the brother present. Messrs. McCollom, Dickinson and Ackerson, brothers-in-law, were of the party, as well as a large number of other relatives and friends. The reunion was a most happy affair. This morning the whole party was photographed by Mr. Estabrook.

Geo. H. Dent, baker, has bought the property on the corner of Main and Regent streets, formerly owned by W. H. Everett. The price given was \$2,000.

Horace E. Fleming of Kansas, Miss., a native of Carleton county boy, and now a broker out west, is visiting Woodstock.

Dr. Hand, who has been quite seriously ill, is able to be out.

Newburg Junction, Aug. 24.—Jno. Jennings is erecting a two story house, 40 by 60 ft., on the corner of the Bump's farm. Jno. Gallagher has built a large barn and re-shingled his house, and Winthrop Dow is building a woodshed and kitchen.

Susie Dickinson and Henry Kimball left for Lowell, Mass., on Monday last.

Levitt Colter left on Monday for Lewiston, Me. to work on the Bump's farm. R. R.—Alfred J. Sharpe left on Tuesday last for Regina, Man., to work in the wheat fields.

The Reformed Baptists' meetings opened here last evening, to last ten days. Miss Everett and Miss Gosselin were in charge of the services. Last Wednesday's storm did some damage here. The wind blew down a workshop and carried fence rails and gates several feet. It made a path twenty feet wide through Wm. Tedder's cut field of 30 acres, sweeping down to the sea.

Hartland, Aug. 27.—There have been very heavy rains in this section the past few days. The water in the Beagunias has risen so that A. H. Sawyer will get all his lumber in, and his mill will be run continuously until the end of the season.

The laying of water pipes on Main street was finished today. Finner Bros. of Woodstock are doing the work and Donald Munroe is superintending the job.

The county convention of the W. C. T. U. opened in annual session in the Methodist church here last Friday. Owing to the rain not many delegates were present. The topic for discussion at the evening session was How to Rid Hartland of the Sale of Beer, which was spoken on by Mrs. J. T. Carr, Mrs. T. Carr, Mrs. J. Barnes and Rev. W. E. Smith. There was a large number present at the evening session. The church was finely decorated for the occasion. The parts of the programme carried out by the children were excellent.

The hall storm of last Wednesday did considerable damage in many parts of Carleton Co. S. H. Boyer had about 80 bushels of buckwheat destroyed. The loss in Lower Brighton and Jacksonville was heavy.

G. R. Eurt is putting up a large barn.

Two young men, arrested for disorderly conduct and creating an undue disturbance in the village last week, were sentenced to six days in the county jail, where they are stopping at present.

QUEBENS CO.

Petersville, Aug. 22.—The hay crop this year has been saved in the best possible condition.

The Church of England congregation of this place will hold a picnic on the 28th inst. at the corner of the corner.

Miss Annie Leonard of Petersville has been engaged to teach the school at South Clones, Queens Co. Thomas Leonard has again taken charge of the school at Passakeag, Kings Co., and Miss Gussie Mahood of the school at Mechanic Settlement, Kings Co.

Several cases of diptheria are reported in this vicinity, but under the skillful treatment of Dr. MacDonald all are recovering.

Salmon Creek, Aug. 24.—The Presbyterian annual tea meeting was held on the grounds near the manse on the 22nd inst., with gratifying financial results.

The contract for the bridge over the river at Briggs' Corner has been awarded to Hugh McLean.

Frederick J. Martin, Aug. 26.—The Baptist Sabbath school of the Narrows held a picnic in the grove at Mr. Bell's on the 18th inst.

The MacDonald and Case Woodworking Co. are building a new saw mill at Humphreys' Landing. Their stove mill, which has been idle for some time, will commence work again this week.

Mouth of Jemeseg, Aug. 26.—Mrs. Nevin McAlpine of Cambridge has a horse, aged 28 years, that is a fine driver and appears to be as active as a colt. He was formerly owned by the late John Ferris.

The water in the river has been very low this summer.—Schooners Welcome Home, Beulah and James Barber loaded here last week. Schooner Estella

R. has received a new foremast and been repaired in several places. The work was under the management of James Reace.

Miss Mary Mott, who taught two terms here, is teaching now in Victoria Co.; Miss Annie Gunter has charge of the school at Upper Jemeseg; Miss Dora Chase teaches at Lower Cambridge, and Miss Maggie Briggs has charge of the school at Mott's.

Cambridge, Aug. 27.—As the members of Saint James church, Cambridge, were assembled for divine worship on Sunday, August 18th, they were greatly surprised to see another most lovely stained glass window had been put in during the week. It was presented to the church by Miss Elizabeth Scovil of Meadow Landing, Gagetown, in memory of her beloved mother, who passed peacefully to her rest last year. It is an exceedingly beautiful picture. As one gazes on the face of our blessed Saviour one becomes lost in admiration and a solemn feeling of awe fills the soul. His face, so full of love and tenderness as He is pictured speaking to Mary after His resurrection. They were the different colors and the whole picture is so exquisitely done that it seems almost real. The inscription beneath it, "Jesus saith unto her, 'Mary.' To the glory of God and in loving memory of Mary Elizabeth Scovil, who died November 18, 1894." The work was done by S. J. & Co., Montreal, who placed the last window in the east end of the church before. This makes the third stained glass window in our pretty little stone church of Cambridge.

At the annual meeting of the principal plank in whose platform is opposition to legislation in favor of electric roads. It is singular that such an association could be formed or that its members could hope to accomplish anything advantageous to themselves when the experience of the world shows that whatever in the way of labor saving machinery comes into use benefits the laborer and the capitalist alike. If electric railways can be run to greater advantage than steam railways, they will be run, notwithstanding any legislation that may be adopted, and the employes of the steam railways who may be thrown out of employment in consequence of the adoption of those railways will suffer little if anything thereby. It is remembered that when the Morse line of telegraph was in course of construction in the United States it was predicted that the business of the post office department would be reduced to such an extent that the support of that department would possibly render a direct tax upon the people necessary. It is remembered, too, that when the European and North American railway was being built the farmers along the line predicted that the flying trains and the shrieks of the engines would make their domestic animals unmanageable and make horse raising unprofitable, for there would be little more use for these animals, but no such results followed. There are those who remember the woes that were anticipated by the business when Mr. Reynolds laid down the track of the street railway from Indiantown to the Market square many years ago, and the agony of the cartmen when the construction of the cantleiver bridge was proposed. Their fears, the result has proved, were without foundation. Whatever facilitates production, manufactures or transportation, is a blessing to all, for it cheapens the products, manufactures and transport, and leaves the help dispensed with to engage in other employments. That there is plenty of employment to be had in Canada is shown by the fact that Holland has about 600 inhabitants to the square mile while we have less than two. True, Holland may be a better agricultural country, as a whole, than Canada, but this disadvantage is counterbalanced by our mines and forests, which may be said to be almost inexhaustible. The non-producers among the population of the maritime provinces—that is, the professional men, shopkeepers and their employes, and railway employes and seamen who might be released by the greater use of electricity as a motive power—is constantly increasing, while we have little more land under cultivation and few more men engaged in agricultural pursuits than we had twenty years ago. Yet we have millions of acres of good farming land that are unproductive and millions of acres which are but half tilled, and at the same time there are few countries on the continent where farm products generally bring higher prices than here. Every young man who places himself under the tuition of electricity or improved machinery has a farm, almost for the asking, where with prudence and industry he can make for himself and his children a home, and become, of all men, the most independent, the absolute owner of a portion of God's earth. If not disposed to do this, there should be employment for him on the half tilled farms to which allusion has been made. Dozens, hundreds, thousands of those farms could be pointed out that produce a ton of hay, fifteen bushels of oats, fifteen bushels of buckwheat or a hundred bushels of potatoes to the acre, while farms adjoining produce double the amount. Their owners are growing poor and their land exhausted—all for the want of labor and intelligence in cultivation. The farms of Clifton, Hampton, Nauwigewauk, Norton and various other sections of the province show what intelligence and assiduity on the part of the agriculturist can accomplish as a menace as well as an eye-sore to the country. They are weed producers and propagators; their owners had better divide them up among the men thrown out of employment by the trolley and improved machinery than hold them in their present state. The average daisy fifty years ago was a weed rarely seen; now it has taken the place of grass on thousands of acres of meadow land; the same may be said of the wild parsnip, dock, burdock, and mustard, live-forever and various other weeds, and the Russian thistle, which crossed from Gibraltar only a few years ago, has spread over hundreds of thousands of acres of land

WHAT I SAW AT THE RAILWAY STATION

By Robert Murdoch, P. L. S.

For sport and recreation I walked down to the station, To notice what I saw there. That are daily to be seen; Where dudes do at you stare, And where you see some lassies With feathers blue and green.

There's a pretty little maiden, And her head is overladen With ribbons, awns and feather In colors rich and rare; But she is so bewitching With her soft, sweet, a-twitching When I glance upon this maiden, With the dark and silken hair.

As she walks and smiles serenely She seems a bright and queenly Fairy come from under cover. In some lofty mountain side; While the pleasant laughing chatter Mingles with her soft' sharp chatter, I sighed and vowed that Susan Should be my lovely bride.

So straightaway I arose And to Susan I propose, That she'd agree to marriage And let me name the day. Then she has struck me motion Of title and promotion From an "idler," to "conductor," With a smile not far away.

When she looked at me and smiled, And said "You name the day, I'm waiting for you daily," When I named the wedding day, She softly said "Dear Susan, My mind is in confusion, When you're making mow-down hay," Picou, Aug. 28, 1895.

WORK FOR ALL.

A new political organization has been formed in New Jersey, the principal plank in whose platform is opposition to legislation in favor of electric roads. It is singular that such an association could be formed or that its members could hope to accomplish anything advantageous to themselves when the experience of the world shows that whatever in the way of labor saving machinery comes into use benefits the laborer and the capitalist alike. If electric railways can be run to greater advantage than steam railways, they will be run, notwithstanding any legislation that may be adopted, and the employes of the steam railways who may be thrown out of employment in consequence of the adoption of those railways will suffer little if anything thereby. It is remembered that when the Morse line of telegraph was in course of construction in the United States it was predicted that the business of the post office department would be reduced to such an extent that the support of that department would possibly render a direct tax upon the people necessary. It is remembered, too, that when the European and North American railway was being built the farmers along the line predicted that the flying trains and the shrieks of the engines would make their domestic animals unmanageable and make horse raising unprofitable, for there would be little more use for these animals, but no such results followed. There are those who remember the woes that were anticipated by the business when Mr. Reynolds laid down the track of the street railway from Indiantown to the Market square many years ago, and the agony of the cartmen when the construction of the cantleiver bridge was proposed. Their fears, the result has proved, were without foundation. Whatever facilitates production, manufactures or transportation, is a blessing to all, for it cheapens the products, manufactures and transport, and leaves the help dispensed with to engage in other employments. That there is plenty of employment to be had in Canada is shown by the fact that Holland has about 600 inhabitants to the square mile while we have less than two. True, Holland may be a better agricultural country, as a whole, than Canada, but this disadvantage is counterbalanced by our mines and forests, which may be said to be almost inexhaustible. The non-producers among the population of the maritime provinces—that is, the professional men, shopkeepers and their employes, and railway employes and seamen who might be released by the greater use of electricity as a motive power—is constantly increasing, while we have little more land under cultivation and few more men engaged in agricultural pursuits than we had twenty years ago. Yet we have millions of acres of good farming land that are unproductive and millions of acres which are but half tilled, and at the same time there are few countries on the continent where farm products generally bring higher prices than here. Every young man who places himself under the tuition of electricity or improved machinery has a farm, almost for the asking, where with prudence and industry he can make for himself and his children a home, and become, of all men, the most independent, the absolute owner of a portion of God's earth. If not disposed to do this, there should be employment for him on the half tilled farms to which allusion has been made. Dozens, hundreds, thousands of those farms could be pointed out that produce a ton of hay, fifteen bushels of oats, fifteen bushels of buckwheat or a hundred bushels of potatoes to the acre, while farms adjoining produce double the amount. Their owners are growing poor and their land exhausted—all for the want of labor and intelligence in cultivation. The farms of Clifton, Hampton, Nauwigewauk, Norton and various other sections of the province show what intelligence and assiduity on the part of the agriculturist can accomplish as a menace as well as an eye-sore to the country. They are weed producers and propagators; their owners had better divide them up among the men thrown out of employment by the trolley and improved machinery than hold them in their present state. The average daisy fifty years ago was a weed rarely seen; now it has taken the place of grass on thousands of acres of meadow land; the same may be said of the wild parsnip, dock, burdock, and mustard, live-forever and various other weeds, and the Russian thistle, which crossed from Gibraltar only a few years ago, has spread over hundreds of thousands of acres of land

and is marching east with astonishing rapidity. The trouble is that we have raised too many consumers and too few producers, too few agriculturists and too many professional men and mechanics. If the introduction of the electric road and improved machinery of various sorts "drives the men that they displace into the work intelligently, it will be infinitely better for them and for the entire country.

Some lawyers seem to have no sense of honor in the means by which they try to discredit the testimony of those opposed to them; in illustration of which we need only adduce the following specimen of cross-questioning: Counsel—"Mr. Jenkins, will you have the goodness of never telling me direct and categorically a few plain questions?" Witness—"Certainly, sir."

"Well, Mr. Jenkins, is there a female living with you who is known in the neighborhood as Mrs. Jenkins?" "There is." "Is she under your protection?" "Yes." "Do you ever been married to her?" "I do." "Have you supported her?" "I have not." (Here several jurors scowled gloomily on Mr. Jenkins.) "That is all, Mr. Jenkins." Opposing counsel—"Stop one moment, Mr. Jenkins. Is the female in question your mother?" "She is."

—Exchange.

DUTIFUL GIRL. Mother—Ethel, did you let George kiss you at the gate last night? Daughter—No, mother. You have always told me never to let a young man kiss me, and so before I kissed George good night when he went away I made him promise faithfully not to kiss me in return. Somerville Journal.

ANSY PILLS! SAFE AND PURE. SEND 4c. FOR WOMAN'S SAFE DRUGS. GUARANTY. WILCOX SPECIFIC CO., PHILA., PA.

SAINT JOHN DYE WORKS, 86 PRINCESS STREET. Ladies and Gentlemen's Clothing CLEANSED OR DYED at Short Notice. C. E. BRACKETT

NIGHT SCHOOL. Our Evening Sessions will re-open Monday Evening, Sept. 9th. SEND FOR CATALOGUE. CURRIE'S - BUSINESS - COLLEGE, 188 Union St. (Opposite Opera House) St. John N. B.

5,000 APPLE TREES. Wealthy, Walbridge, Haas, Ben Davis, Tetofsky, Hyslip Crab, Etc., Etc.

THE Undersigned not being in a position to canvass for or deliver personally the trees noted above, wishes to sell the whole lot outright. The nursery is located in Stanley, York Co. It will be to the advantage of any person wishing to set out a lot of trees to send for terms by the hundred. Circumstances over which I have no control have thrown these trees upon my hands, and they will be disposed of at a bargain. HENRY ELLER, Westfield, N. B.

WEAKNESS OF MEN. Quickly, Thoroughly, Forever Cured by a new perfected scientific method that cannot fail unless the case is beyond human aid. You feel improved the first day, feel a benefit every day, soon know yourself a king among men in body, mind and heart. Drains and losses ended. Every obstacle to happy married life removed. Nerve force, vitality, energy, brain power, when falling or lost, are restored by this treatment. All small and weak portions of the body enlarged and strengthened. Victims of abuses and excesses, reclaim your manhood! Sufferers from fully overworked, early errors, ill health, regain your vigor! Don't despair, even in the last stages. Don't be disheartened if quacks have robbed you. Let us show you that medical science and business honor still exist; here go hand in hand. Write for our book with explanations and proofs. Sent sealed, free Over 2,000 references.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N. Y.

THE WE... ST. JOHN, N. B. MORE ABOUT Mr. Joseph Po... life of Sir John... other valuable... bution to Canada... of Hitherto Un... Bearing on the F... "Act" which Mr. J... public includes the... references at Queb... the report of the... Colonel Bernard... meetings. It con... tions as finally s... 1884, the resoluti... London conferenc... the rough draft... ence in the form... draft of a bill... 1887, the third d... second (which ap... as the second dra... ed); the fourth d... date, and the fin... 9th, 1887. They... passed by the Imp... appendices conta... which the most i... fers to the questi... rights of minoriti...

It is well know... North America a... lows very closely... ed at Quebec, m... before the imper... The act is much i... in detail many... only suggested i... as a basis for the... drafts show the... stages of develop... ment. Clauses ar... der of arrangement... stage, but the ge... Quebec is the one... of course that th... ing Newfoundland... Island were drop... of the refusal of... farther with the... noticing that in a... terial change was... ules of matters a... to the federal au... tures. The mem... conference were b... mind on this subj... vidualists and sc... the agreement ori... not afterwards se...

In the Quebec... stitution of the... council as it was... it, was apparent... discussion. But... Bernard's skelet... that the chief diff... with current polit... of the constitution... in order to secur... the parties in the... The Quebec conf... principle which b... rough draft and th... made at London e... but in the third d... feature appears. F... ellors were by th... to be appointed for... all the original a... retired, after whi... be by seniority. ... might be re-ap... disappeared in th... original scheme w... that the member... chamber were call...

Speaking of nam... vention used the... governor" for the... the provinces. Bu... of the bill he vi... governor." A la... the title of "su... final draft restore... sition.

The Quebec co... tober 10, 1884. A... was decided that... cept questions of... be taken by prov... reckoned as two... gates from each p... opportunity to cons... any vote. Colon... give but a brief... mission, and there... omissions. But th... of the point of vie... who took the ma... The resolution aff... of a federal unio... Mr. John A. Macd... by Mr. Tilley. Sh... the reasons for th... importance Britis... acquire, the nec... in railway constru... fit of a common t... ferred to the v... United States w... how they might be... out some suggest... eral form of the p... He suggested tha... to be settled was... assigned to the c... and the provin...

ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N. Y.

COOK'S COTTON ROOT COMPOUND. A recent discovery by an old physician. Successfully used monthly by thousands of Ladies. Is the only perfectly safe and reliable medicine discovered. Beware of unprincipled druggists who offer inferior medicines in place of this. Ask for Cook's Cotton Root Compound, take no substitute, or imitations, and do not be deceived by cheap imitations. We will send, sealed, by return mail, full-sized particulars in plain envelope, to ladies only, 3 stamps. Address The Cook Company, Windsor, Ont., Canada.

Sold in St. John by Parker Bros., Market Square, and G. W. Hoban, Union Hall, Main St., N. B., druggists. Orders by mail promptly filled.

TEA. We have just received our first direct shipment of TEAS. Finest quality. Write for samples. W. F. HARRISON & CO.







TELEGRAPHIC.

OTTAWA. Ottawa, Aug. 29.—Monday, Sept. 8th, has been definitely fixed on the date of the opening of the Soo canal.

An Imperial order in council prohibiting pelagic sealing in the vicinity of certain Russian islands is founded on an act passed in the last hours of the Rosebery administration.

Two Nebraska delegates have reported favorably on Alberta as a field for settlement. They will settle in Stony Plains this fall and expect fifty or one hundred Nebraska families to follow in the spring.

The official investigation by Capt. Smith into the wreck of the steamer Mexico at Beulah, July 7th, expires today at the master's blame.

Mr. Patterson will be sworn in next week as governor of Manitoba and will leave immediately with his family for Winnipeg.

Mr. Eddy, the millionaire manufacturer, is suing her father for \$120,000, the value of the farm willed by her mother. Mr. Eddy recently married his second wife. She is a New Brunswicker.

Deputy Minister Newcombe has been detained in England to have a conference with the authors' association and Imperial officials on the copyright question.

Hon. Mr. Ives writes from Switzerland that his health is fully restored.

Ottawa, Ont., Sept. 1.—The British Dairy Farmers' Association contemplates holding their annual meeting next year in Canada.

Ottawa, Sept. 2.—Hon. Mr. Patterson was sworn in Lieutenant Governor of Manitoba this morning in the presence of Sir A. P. Caron, Sir C. H. Tupper and Hon. Mr. Oulmet.

Ottawa, Sept. 2.—The Quebec legislature will meet for the despatch of business on the 25th of October.

Quebec, Aug. 28.—The Quebec legislature will meet for the despatch of business on the 25th of October.

Montreal, Aug. 29.—A. V. Roy, a French Canadian engineer, arrived home today from the Yukon country.

Quebec, Aug. 30.—The Mongolian, with Major and Mrs. Markham, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Gilmour and J. R. Copp of St. John arrived at 10 p. m.

Quebec, Aug. 30.—The steamer ship Vancouver arrived at Rimouski at seven o'clock today, and a special train with mails and passengers left an hour later and should have reached St. John before midnight.

Montreal, Aug. 30.—The steamer ship Vancouver arrived at Rimouski at seven o'clock today, and a special train with mails and passengers left an hour later and should have reached St. John before midnight.

Montreal, Aug. 30.—The steamer ship Vancouver arrived at Rimouski at seven o'clock today, and a special train with mails and passengers left an hour later and should have reached St. John before midnight.

Montreal, Sept. 1.—Vice President Stevenson of the United States arrived here today from Alaska.

Montreal, Sept. 1.—Vice President Stevenson of the United States arrived here today from Alaska.

Stevenson of the United States arrived here today from Alaska.

London, Aug. 30.—In the house of commons today, on the vote of appropriating for colonial services, the Right Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, secretary of state for the colonies, replying to Sir Charles Dilke, said that he had called to find an argument which would justify the late government in giving the colony of Newfoundland £50,000 sterling.

Quebec, Sept. 1.—Mr. Jomca, M. P., writing in defence of Sir A. P. Caron and Hon. Mr. Oulmet says that the present the Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, secretary of state for the colonies, replying to Sir Charles Dilke, said that he had called to find an argument which would justify the late government in giving the colony of Newfoundland £50,000 sterling.

Quebec, Sept. 1.—Mr. Jomca, M. P., writing in defence of Sir A. P. Caron and Hon. Mr. Oulmet says that the present the Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, secretary of state for the colonies, replying to Sir Charles Dilke, said that he had called to find an argument which would justify the late government in giving the colony of Newfoundland £50,000 sterling.

Quebec, Sept. 1.—Mr. Jomca, M. P., writing in defence of Sir A. P. Caron and Hon. Mr. Oulmet says that the present the Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, secretary of state for the colonies, replying to Sir Charles Dilke, said that he had called to find an argument which would justify the late government in giving the colony of Newfoundland £50,000 sterling.

Quebec, Sept. 1.—Mr. Jomca, M. P., writing in defence of Sir A. P. Caron and Hon. Mr. Oulmet says that the present the Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, secretary of state for the colonies, replying to Sir Charles Dilke, said that he had called to find an argument which would justify the late government in giving the colony of Newfoundland £50,000 sterling.

Quebec, Sept. 1.—Mr. Jomca, M. P., writing in defence of Sir A. P. Caron and Hon. Mr. Oulmet says that the present the Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, secretary of state for the colonies, replying to Sir Charles Dilke, said that he had called to find an argument which would justify the late government in giving the colony of Newfoundland £50,000 sterling.

Quebec, Sept. 1.—Mr. Jomca, M. P., writing in defence of Sir A. P. Caron and Hon. Mr. Oulmet says that the present the Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, secretary of state for the colonies, replying to Sir Charles Dilke, said that he had called to find an argument which would justify the late government in giving the colony of Newfoundland £50,000 sterling.

Quebec, Sept. 1.—Mr. Jomca, M. P., writing in defence of Sir A. P. Caron and Hon. Mr. Oulmet says that the present the Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, secretary of state for the colonies, replying to Sir Charles Dilke, said that he had called to find an argument which would justify the late government in giving the colony of Newfoundland £50,000 sterling.

Quebec, Sept. 1.—Mr. Jomca, M. P., writing in defence of Sir A. P. Caron and Hon. Mr. Oulmet says that the present the Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, secretary of state for the colonies, replying to Sir Charles Dilke, said that he had called to find an argument which would justify the late government in giving the colony of Newfoundland £50,000 sterling.

Quebec, Sept. 1.—Mr. Jomca, M. P., writing in defence of Sir A. P. Caron and Hon. Mr. Oulmet says that the present the Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, secretary of state for the colonies, replying to Sir Charles Dilke, said that he had called to find an argument which would justify the late government in giving the colony of Newfoundland £50,000 sterling.

Quebec, Sept. 1.—Mr. Jomca, M. P., writing in defence of Sir A. P. Caron and Hon. Mr. Oulmet says that the present the Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, secretary of state for the colonies, replying to Sir Charles Dilke, said that he had called to find an argument which would justify the late government in giving the colony of Newfoundland £50,000 sterling.

Quebec, Sept. 1.—Mr. Jomca, M. P., writing in defence of Sir A. P. Caron and Hon. Mr. Oulmet says that the present the Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, secretary of state for the colonies, replying to Sir Charles Dilke, said that he had called to find an argument which would justify the late government in giving the colony of Newfoundland £50,000 sterling.

Quebec, Sept. 1.—Mr. Jomca, M. P., writing in defence of Sir A. P. Caron and Hon. Mr. Oulmet says that the present the Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, secretary of state for the colonies, replying to Sir Charles Dilke, said that he had called to find an argument which would justify the late government in giving the colony of Newfoundland £50,000 sterling.

Quebec, Sept. 1.—Mr. Jomca, M. P., writing in defence of Sir A. P. Caron and Hon. Mr. Oulmet says that the present the Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, secretary of state for the colonies, replying to Sir Charles Dilke, said that he had called to find an argument which would justify the late government in giving the colony of Newfoundland £50,000 sterling.

Quebec, Sept. 1.—Mr. Jomca, M. P., writing in defence of Sir A. P. Caron and Hon. Mr. Oulmet says that the present the Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, secretary of state for the colonies, replying to Sir Charles Dilke, said that he had called to find an argument which would justify the late government in giving the colony of Newfoundland £50,000 sterling.

Quebec, Sept. 1.—Mr. Jomca, M. P., writing in defence of Sir A. P. Caron and Hon. Mr. Oulmet says that the present the Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, secretary of state for the colonies, replying to Sir Charles Dilke, said that he had called to find an argument which would justify the late government in giving the colony of Newfoundland £50,000 sterling.

Quebec, Sept. 1.—Mr. Jomca, M. P., writing in defence of Sir A. P. Caron and Hon. Mr. Oulmet says that the present the Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, secretary of state for the colonies, replying to Sir Charles Dilke, said that he had called to find an argument which would justify the late government in giving the colony of Newfoundland £50,000 sterling.

George A. Fraker of Topeka, Kansas, Has Been Discovered.

He was supposed to have been Drowned Two Years Ago.

He Had Fifty-eight Thousand Dollars in Various Life Insurance Companies.

Duluth, Minn., Sept. 2.—Geo. A. Fraker of Topeka, Kas., the man who was supposed to have been drowned in the Moor river two years ago, was captured in the woods near Tower, Minn., yesterday.

Fraker's life was insured for \$58,000 and the heirs brought suit in the Kansas courts to recover. The case went to the supreme court and was one of the most famous insurance cases in the country.

The case is one of great general interest, because of a reward of \$30,000 which was offered for his capture. Fraker is a physician, but up to the latter part of 1893 was physician to the St. Elmo hotel, the leading hotel in Excelsior, a famous resort.

The doctor went missing on the Missouri river one day, and after a while, in company with George Harvey, Jas. Triplett and Jake Crowley, a negro, he disappeared and was seen no more.

It appears that this gentleman had been weak and ailing nearly all his life; not exactly ill, but wholly well a condition that calls for constant care.

Now I want the reader to honor me with his best attention, as I must say a few words that ought properly to be taken into consideration.

It appears that this gentleman had been weak and ailing nearly all his life; not exactly ill, but wholly well a condition that calls for constant care.

It appears that this gentleman had been weak and ailing nearly all his life; not exactly ill, but wholly well a condition that calls for constant care.

It appears that this gentleman had been weak and ailing nearly all his life; not exactly ill, but wholly well a condition that calls for constant care.

It appears that this gentleman had been weak and ailing nearly all his life; not exactly ill, but wholly well a condition that calls for constant care.

It appears that this gentleman had been weak and ailing nearly all his life; not exactly ill, but wholly well a condition that calls for constant care.

It appears that this gentleman had been weak and ailing nearly all his life; not exactly ill, but wholly well a condition that calls for constant care.

It appears that this gentleman had been weak and ailing nearly all his life; not exactly ill, but wholly well a condition that calls for constant care.

It appears that this gentleman had been weak and ailing nearly all his life; not exactly ill, but wholly well a condition that calls for constant care.

It appears that this gentleman had been weak and ailing nearly all his life; not exactly ill, but wholly well a condition that calls for constant care.

It appears that this gentleman had been weak and ailing nearly all his life; not exactly ill, but wholly well a condition that calls for constant care.

It appears that this gentleman had been weak and ailing nearly all his life; not exactly ill, but wholly well a condition that calls for constant care.

It appears that this gentleman had been weak and ailing nearly all his life; not exactly ill, but wholly well a condition that calls for constant care.

It appears that this gentleman had been weak and ailing nearly all his life; not exactly ill, but wholly well a condition that calls for constant care.

It appears that this gentleman had been weak and ailing nearly all his life; not exactly ill, but wholly well a condition that calls for constant care.

It appears that this gentleman had been weak and ailing nearly all his life; not exactly ill, but wholly well a condition that calls for constant care.

It appears that this gentleman had been weak and ailing nearly all his life; not exactly ill, but wholly well a condition that calls for constant care.

It appears that this gentleman had been weak and ailing nearly all his life; not exactly ill, but wholly well a condition that calls for constant care.

RUN DOWN AT LAST.

George A. Fraker of Topeka, Kansas, Has Been Discovered.

He was supposed to have been Drowned Two Years Ago.

He Had Fifty-eight Thousand Dollars in Various Life Insurance Companies.

Duluth, Minn., Sept. 2.—Geo. A. Fraker of Topeka, Kas., the man who was supposed to have been drowned in the Moor river two years ago, was captured in the woods near Tower, Minn., yesterday.

Fraker's life was insured for \$58,000 and the heirs brought suit in the Kansas courts to recover. The case went to the supreme court and was one of the most famous insurance cases in the country.

The case is one of great general interest, because of a reward of \$30,000 which was offered for his capture. Fraker is a physician, but up to the latter part of 1893 was physician to the St. Elmo hotel, the leading hotel in Excelsior, a famous resort.

The doctor went missing on the Missouri river one day, and after a while, in company with George Harvey, Jas. Triplett and Jake Crowley, a negro, he disappeared and was seen no more.

It appears that this gentleman had been weak and ailing nearly all his life; not exactly ill, but wholly well a condition that calls for constant care.

Now I want the reader to honor me with his best attention, as I must say a few words that ought properly to be taken into consideration.

It appears that this gentleman had been weak and ailing nearly all his life; not exactly ill, but wholly well a condition that calls for constant care.

Now I want the reader to honor me with his best attention, as I must say a few words that ought properly to be taken into consideration.

It appears that this gentleman had been weak and ailing nearly all his life; not exactly ill, but wholly well a condition that calls for constant care.

Now I want the reader to honor me with his best attention, as I must say a few words that ought properly to be taken into consideration.

It appears that this gentleman had been weak and ailing nearly all his life; not exactly ill, but wholly well a condition that calls for constant care.

Now I want the reader to honor me with his best attention, as I must say a few words that ought properly to be taken into consideration.

It appears that this gentleman had been weak and ailing nearly all his life; not exactly ill, but wholly well a condition that calls for constant care.

Now I want the reader to honor me with his best attention, as I must say a few words that ought properly to be taken into consideration.

It appears that this gentleman had been weak and ailing nearly all his life; not exactly ill, but wholly well a condition that calls for constant care.

Now I want the reader to honor me with his best attention, as I must say a few words that ought properly to be taken into consideration.

It appears that this gentleman had been weak and ailing nearly all his life; not exactly ill, but wholly well a condition that calls for constant care.

Now I want the reader to honor me with his best attention, as I must say a few words that ought properly to be taken into consideration.

It appears that this gentleman had been weak and ailing nearly all his life; not exactly ill, but wholly well a condition that calls for constant care.

Now I want the reader to honor me with his best attention, as I must say a few words that ought properly to be taken into consideration.

It appears that this gentleman had been weak and ailing nearly all his life; not exactly ill, but wholly well a condition that calls for constant care.

Now I want the reader to honor me with his best attention, as I must say a few words that ought properly to be taken into consideration.

It appears that this gentleman had been weak and ailing nearly all his life; not exactly ill, but wholly well a condition that calls for constant care.

Now I want the reader to honor me with his best attention, as I must say a few words that ought properly to be taken into consideration.

It appears that this gentleman had been weak and ailing nearly all his life; not exactly ill, but wholly well a condition that calls for constant care.

sent around to all parts of the county asking liberals to reconsider the nomination which A. J. S. Copp received for the federal house at a convention about a year ago.

The case is one of great general interest, because of a reward of \$30,000 which was offered for his capture. Fraker is a physician, but up to the latter part of 1893 was physician to the St. Elmo hotel, the leading hotel in Excelsior, a famous resort.

The doctor went missing on the Missouri river one day, and after a while, in company with George Harvey, Jas. Triplett and Jake Crowley, a negro, he disappeared and was seen no more.

It appears that this gentleman had been weak and ailing nearly all his life; not exactly ill, but wholly well a condition that calls for constant care.

Now I want the reader to honor me with his best attention, as I must say a few words that ought properly to be taken into consideration.

It appears that this gentleman had been weak and ailing nearly all his life; not exactly ill, but wholly well a condition that calls for constant care.

Now I want the reader to honor me with his best attention, as I must say a few words that ought properly to be taken into consideration.

It appears that this gentleman had been weak and ailing nearly all his life; not exactly ill, but wholly well a condition that calls for constant care.

Now I want the reader to honor me with his best attention, as I must say a few words that ought properly to be taken into consideration.

It appears that this gentleman had been weak and ailing nearly all his life; not exactly ill, but wholly well a condition that calls for constant care.

Now I want the reader to honor me with his best attention, as I must say a few words that ought properly to be taken into consideration.

It appears that this gentleman had been weak and ailing nearly all his life; not exactly ill, but wholly well a condition that calls for constant care.

Now I want the reader to honor me with his best attention, as I must say a few words that ought properly to be taken into consideration.

It appears that this gentleman had been weak and ailing nearly all his life; not exactly ill, but wholly well a condition that calls for constant care.

Now I want the reader to honor me with his best attention, as I must say a few words that ought properly to be taken into consideration.

It appears that this gentleman had been weak and ailing nearly all his life; not exactly ill, but wholly well a condition that calls for constant care.

Now I want the reader to honor me with his best attention, as I must say a few words that ought properly to be taken into consideration.

It appears that this gentleman had been weak and ailing nearly all his life; not exactly ill, but wholly well a condition that calls for constant care.

Now I want the reader to honor me with his best attention, as I must say a few words that ought properly to be taken into consideration.

It appears that this gentleman had been weak and ailing nearly all his life; not exactly ill, but wholly well a condition that calls for constant care.

Now I want the reader to honor me with his best attention, as I must say a few words that ought properly to be taken into consideration.

It appears that this gentleman had been weak and ailing nearly all his life; not exactly ill, but wholly well a condition that calls for constant care.

Now I want the reader to honor me with his best attention, as I must say a few words that ought properly to be taken into consideration.

It appears that this gentleman had been weak and ailing nearly all his life; not exactly ill, but wholly well a condition that calls for constant care.

Now I want the reader to honor me with his best attention, as I must say a few words that ought properly to be taken into consideration.

It appears that this gentleman had been weak and ailing nearly all his life; not exactly ill, but wholly well a condition that calls for constant care.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

HORN-FLY!

HORN-FLY!

Owing to the immense number of mail orders we have received for SHIVES' INSECT POWDER and also enquires from druggists and merchants for quotations in quantities, we beg to state that if your local dealer has not Shives' Powder in stock and has not business enough in him to get it for you we will send post paid one box Shives' Powder for 25c, five boxes for \$1.00, twelve boxes for \$2.25.

Address: Retail Department, S. McDiarmid, KING STREET, ST. JOHN, N. B.

WHOLESALE BY S. McDiarmid and T. B. Barker & Sons, ST. JOHN, N. B.

IN THE UNITED STATES.

Labor Day Celebrations in Various Massachusetts Towns.

Not More One Thousand Men in Line in Philadelphia Monday.

A Balloon Ascent in Lincoln, Ill., Which Caused Some What of a Sensation.

Pawtucket, R. I., Sept. 2.—Labor day was celebrated here today by the closing of business houses and the parade of labor unions.

Brockton, Mass., Sept. 2.—The labor unions of this city held a parade here, with 1,250 men in line.

New Bedford, Mass., Sept. 2.—One thousand patriots paraded today and were reviewed by the city government officials. A feature of the parade was the large number of women and children in line.

Lawrence, Mass., Sept. 2.—Labor day was observed here by a parade under the auspices of the Central Labor union, which included a large delegation from Lowell.

Philadelphia, Sept. 2.—Not more than one thousand men turned out today to take part in a Labor day demonstration. Today is not being observed as a holiday by the banks or business houses in this city.

Philadelphia, Sept. 2.—Not more than one thousand men turned out today to take part in a Labor day demonstration. Today is not being observed as a holiday by the banks or business houses in this city.

Philadelphia, Sept. 2.—Not more than one thousand men turned out today to take part in a Labor day demonstration. Today is not being observed as a holiday by the banks or business houses in this city.

Philadelphia, Sept. 2.—Not more than one thousand men turned out today to take part in a Labor day demonstration. Today is not being observed as a holiday by the banks or business houses in this city.

Philadelphia, Sept. 2.—Not more than one thousand men turned out today to take part in a Labor day demonstration. Today is not being observed as a holiday by the banks or business houses in this city.

Philadelphia, Sept. 2.—Not more than one thousand men turned out today to take part in a Labor day demonstration. Today is not being observed as a holiday by the banks or business houses in this city.

Philadelphia, Sept. 2.—Not more than one thousand men turned out today to take part in a Labor day demonstration. Today is not being observed as a holiday by the banks or business houses in this city.

Philadelphia, Sept. 2.—Not more than one thousand men turned out today to take part in a Labor day demonstration. Today is not being observed as a holiday by the banks or business houses in this city.

Philadelphia, Sept. 2.—Not more than one thousand men turned out today to take part in a Labor day demonstration. Today is not being observed as a holiday by the banks or business houses in this city.

Philadelphia, Sept. 2.—Not more than one thousand men turned out today to take part in a Labor day demonstration. Today is not being observed as a holiday by the banks or business houses in this city.

Philadelphia, Sept. 2.—Not more than one thousand men turned out today to take part in a Labor day demonstration. Today is not being observed as a holiday by the banks or business houses in this city.

Philadelphia, Sept. 2.—Not more than one thousand men turned out today to take part in a Labor day demonstration. Today is not being observed as a holiday by the banks or business houses in this city.

Philadelphia, Sept. 2.—Not more than one thousand men turned out today to take part in a Labor day demonstration. Today is not being observed as a holiday by the banks or business houses in this city.

Philadelphia, Sept. 2.—Not more than one thousand men turned out today to take part in a Labor day demonstration. Today is not being observed as a holiday by the banks or business houses in this city.

Philadelphia, Sept. 2.—Not more than one thousand men turned out today to take part in a Labor day demonstration. Today is not being observed as a holiday by the banks or business houses in this city.



INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION.

24th to Oct. 4th, 1895

AT ST. JOHN, N. B.

EXHIBITION ASSOCIATION has as its grounds, an AGRICULTURAL EXHIBITION, an exhibition of Farm and Dairy, including the orchard and garden, the constructed horse stalls and cat-ferns, the large increased attendance.

Cultural and Industrial Fair

ON THE SAME GROUNDS.

Exhibit will be found complete in all respects, and cannot fail to be interesting.

Special Attractions.

Open field: Fireworks of the best designs from the best artists for sale.

Amusement Hall.

Trained Dogs, Wire Walking, Acrobatic Performances, Vocal and Instrumental Music, etc.

Children, 15 cents.

Stemboats will make special excursions during the Exhibition, of which notice will be given.

CHAS. A. EVERETT, Manager and Secretary.

PROBATE COURT.

Estate of Patrick Costin, on order of Silas Alward, C. C., for Baton, a creditor, a citation was calling on the administrator to settle his accounts.

Estate of Philip D. Scribner, testamentary was granted to Russell, the executor. The estate is valued at \$400 realty. A. P. proctor.

Estate of John W. Finn, testamentary was granted to A. Finn, the executor. The estate is valued at \$750, personally. John B. M. proctor.

Estate of John N. Nice, on appeal of E. J. Chapman, claimant, is granted for the sale of real property for the payment of debts. E. J. proctor.

Accounts of the executor of the late Ann Bradley were allowed. Carleton & Ferguson, proctors.

Accounts of the executor of the late Robert Halpern was granted to his proctor, Carleton & Ferguson, proctors.

AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

Regular meeting of the Agricultural Society was held Thursday afternoon.

The following report of the committee was read and approved.

The committee is not prepared to make a report on the matter of the live stock.

The racing field at Moosepath Aug. 29, was not a financial success, but committee feel confident that on day the deficit will be wiped out.

Star Frink said considerable consideration had been entered into regard to the importation of the purchase of an Ayshire bull.

The committee is not prepared to make a report on the matter of the live stock.

The racing field at Moosepath Aug. 29, was not a financial success, but committee feel confident that on day the deficit will be wiped out.

Star Frink said considerable consideration had been entered into regard to the importation of the purchase of an Ayshire bull.

The committee is not prepared to make a report on the matter of the live stock.

PROVINCIAL.

Hon. Geo. E. Foster Now Rides a Bicycle.

Prospects of a Large Shoe Factory at Fredericton.

General News From All Sections of New Brunswick.

ALBERT CO.

Hopewell Hill, Aug. 28.—Rev. W. E. Thomas of Bale Verte, formerly pastor of the Hopewell Methodist church, lectured at the Hill, last night, on the World's Fair and the Religions.

Rev. W. E. Johnson and Mrs. Johnson returned yesterday from Summerside, P. E. I., where they have been visiting.

A. H. McLane, who has been conducting a lumbering business and general store at the Hill during the past year, has sold his property.

Schr. Jessie, Kinney, arrived from St. John on Monday, with freight, and spruce for St. John. The schr. Victory, Stiles, and Utility, Copp, arrived at Hopewell Cape last night from Boston.

Hopewell Hill, Aug. 29.—The bark Emblem, recently arrived at Grindstone Island, is taking in deals rapidly. She is a fine looking craft of 1,400 tons, and halls from Garderfjord, Norway.

The French fishermen who were out yesterday drifting for shad, etc., in Shipody bay report the gale the heaviest of the season. The sea off Cape Meranguin was in that locality, and all of the boats that arrived in port for shelter were half full of water.

Leander Wallace of Demolse Creek has recovered from his recent illness and is again at his post as engineer of the steamer Delta.

Hopewell Hill, Aug. 31.—Schr. Seattle, Wood, is loading deals at Harvey Bank for St. John. The schr. Deacon G. M. Peck has been lying very ill for three weeks at his home, with a severe attack of fever.

Mrs. A. Grace McGowan left by this morning's train for Fredericton to attend the Normal school.

In connection with the reports at the recent convention at St. John of the Baptist Young People's union, it would appear that a society of that kind had been organized at Hopewell Hill.

Mr. and Mrs. Amos Boyer of Denver, Colorado, are visiting in this vicinity. They were formerly residents of this town and were well known throughout the county.

KENT CO.

Richibucto, Aug. 31.—Competition among the mackerel buyers has sent the price away up this week. Twelve dollars a hundred are what they bring now. The northerly winds have interfered to some extent with the fishing lately—the boats being unable to remain out. Plenty of fish are reported outside.

The Presbyterian Sunday school held their annual picnic in Long's grove, at the south side, on Thursday.

Wm. Beattie of Kingston was notified a few days ago of the death of his sister, which took place in Texas. The deceased was the wife of Pilot George Irving, the latter having removed there from Jardineville last spring.

KINGS CO.

Apoahqui, Aug. 29.—Operations are being commenced on the new hall. It is expected to be finished this fall.

experience Social" will be given on "How money is made in hard times," and at 5 o'clock Hon. Geo. E. Foster will deliver an address. Proceeds are for parsonage fund.

The Apoahqui Union Sunday school which held its annual picnic last week, has received quite a large new library.

Jas. Sprout, who has been ill for some time past, is recovering slowly.

At Millstream on Wednesday, while Jas. Scovil and Mr. Goggon were crossing the bridge at that place with a load of furniture the bridge gave away and the teamster and load were thrown into the stream below.

Mr. Scovil escaped by jumping as the bridge fell. Mr. Goggon was quite seriously hurt, but the team escaped with a few scratches.

SUNBURY CO.

Maugerville, Aug. 30.—The Maugerville picnic went to Jameson on Tuesday. The day was fine and everything went well.

Thomas Mahoney, Jr., took first prize in archery.

The str. Quiddy brought the Gibson Episcopal church S. S. picnic down to Squire Brown's beautiful grounds yesterday afternoon.

Rev. Thomas McKelvie, by the aid of lime light views of 'he Holy Land, advocated the claims of the British and Foreign Bible society in the temperance hall on Wednesday evening.

F. Phair Shields lost an fifty dollar N. B. Bank bill out of his pocket one day last week. It is possible that it has been picked up by some dishonest person.

Sheffield, Aug. 29.—Mr. McKelvie of the B. and F. Bible society recently gave one of his illustrated lectures here.

Thomas Thompson, proprietor of the J. S. Vernon, has secured in one of his new and old hay, about 100 tons, to a Fredericton firm, at nine dollars per ton, delivered on McGowan's wharf, Sheffield.

Daniel Coy of Upper Gagetown and Miss Leonard of Hampton, who were married on the 15th inst., are spending their honeymoon abroad.

YORK CO.

Fredericton, Aug. 28.—The A. O. H. excursion from this city to St. John on Monday next will have a big patronage.

The Grocers' Association, which was formed here a few months ago, lately made an effort to enforce the market law, which requires all farm products to be sold under a permit of five dollars.

There is every prospect of a large shoe factory being established here within a short time.

The tower of St. Paul's church is giving the trustees a good deal of trouble. Architect Dumaresq has paid two visits to the city and examined the building and suggested how the repairs may be effected without taking the spire down.

Colonel Marsh for selling liquor to Indians at St. Martins, and fined \$100. Leonard Boyles, for taking liquor on the reserve, was fined \$50.

The tower of St. Paul's church is giving the trustees a good deal of trouble. Architect Dumaresq has paid two visits to the city and examined the building and suggested how the repairs may be effected without taking the spire down.

Fredericton, Aug. 29.—Members of the Fredericton Lodge, Royal Arcanum, treated themselves and their friends to the number of about four hundred to a most enjoyable picnic and moonlight sail today.

Fredericton, Aug. 30.—The Normal school opens on Monday. Nearly two hundred students are expected to enroll.

Rev. F. C. Harley, on a trip up the Nashwaak yesterday, discovered that a fakir had been doing the inhabitants in small amounts for some charity pretense and pretended to send the money to Mr. Hartley in this city.

This evening's Gleason announces that the members of the provincial government are about equally divided on the question of dissolution of the legislature.

AN EARTHQUAKE SHOCK.

New York, Brooklyn and Philadelphia Citizens Disturbed.

It Occurred About Six O'clock Sunday Morning and Lasted Some Seconds.

Little Damage Caused by It, but Many People Got a Thorough Scare.

Chester, Pa., Sept. 1.—A slight earthquake shock was felt here about six o'clock this morning. Houses trembled perceptibly and pictures and other things suspended on the walls fell from their fastenings.

Brooklyn, N. Y., Sept. 1.—Three distinct earthquake shocks were felt by the residents of Brooklyn about six o'clock this morning. No damage to life or property is reported from any part of the city.

Superintendent of Police McKelvie reported to his headquarters from his residence to the effect that he had been awakened from a sound sleep by the earthquake.

Duncan Matheson, a Bible reader to the soldiers in the Crimea, was returning one night to his lodging in an old stable. Sickened by the sights he had seen, and depressed with the thought that the siege of Sebastopol was likely to last for months,

James Jackson, a colored watchman at the municipal building, said that the residents of the 25th ward were startled by three shocks in rapid succession, followed by a rumbling noise.

At many of the hotels the guests were so frightened by the vibrations that they hurried into the hallways to find out the cause of the trouble.

Philadelphia, Sept. 1.—An earthquake shock lasting several seconds was felt in this city shortly after 6 o'clock this morning.

At the zoological gardens the vibrations were perceptible, but the excitement which followed among the animals continued for a good while after the seismic disturbance.

Trenton, N. J., Sept. 1.—Shortly before 6 o'clock this morning what is believed to have been an earthquake shock was felt here.

Wilmington, Del., Sept. 1.—Quite a perceptible shock of earthquake was felt in this city about half-past six o'clock this morning.

New York, Sept. 1.—According to weather forecaster Dunn, the earthquake shock reached this city at 6.11 o'clock this morning.

The shock appears to have been more noticeable in Harlem than in any other section of the city.

Jersey City, Sept. 1.—New Jersey felt the force of the earthquake tremor extending throughout the northern cities and villages.

The best remedy for Worms in children or adults.

Word was received Friday of the sudden death at his home in Boston of Jeremiah Harrigan, a former resident of Carleton. The deceased, who was about 32 years of age, was a clerk in the wholesale liquor house of Bixby & Co., Boston.

anted by a rumbling sound. The trembling motion lasted for several seconds. The general course of the shock was from east to west.

Sandy Hook, N. J., Sept. 1.—On Saturday night a heavy thunder and rain storm passed over Sandy Hook.

Boston, Sept. 1.—The earthquake shock which was felt in New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania early this morning was not felt here.

POWER OF SACRED SONG. (London Times.)

Duncan Matheson, a Bible reader to the soldiers in the Crimea, was returning one night to his lodging in an old stable.

Mark and Daniel Morrissy, cousins, about 25 and 30 years old, who came from New Brunswick a few weeks ago, were drowned in the Charles River.

Another provincialist met a tragic death on Sunday in this state. Daniel McLeod of Granville, N. S., attempted to kill his wife at Malden.

The first occasion on which, according to the inscription on the beaver used as an emblem of Canada, was in connection with the medal struck in commemoration of the defence of Quebec against the attack of Sir W. Phips.

H. J. Colvin, C. P. R. passenger agent here, has been made district passenger agent. The position of New England passenger agent has been abolished.

The spruce trade continues fair, with a good many orders on the market. Prices have been generally sustained by dealers and the prospects are that they will be higher in a few weeks.

Word was received Friday of the sudden death at his home in Boston of Jeremiah Harrigan, a former resident of Carleton.

Word was received Friday of the sudden death at his home in Boston of Jeremiah Harrigan, a former resident of Carleton.

Word was received Friday of the sudden death at his home in Boston of Jeremiah Harrigan, a former resident of Carleton.

Word was received Friday of the sudden death at his home in Boston of Jeremiah Harrigan, a former resident of Carleton.

Word was received Friday of the sudden death at his home in Boston of Jeremiah Harrigan, a former resident of Carleton.

Word was received Friday of the sudden death at his home in Boston of Jeremiah Harrigan, a former resident of Carleton.

BOSTON LETTER.

St. John Well Represented at the Masonic Conclave.

The Spruce Trade Continues Fair With Many Orders on the Market.

Fish Market Has a Healthy Tone, and High Prices Prevail.

(From Our Own Correspondent.) Boston, Aug. 31.—Today is the last of a very remarkable week in the history of the modern Athens, a week which will probably be remembered by nearly every citizen and fifty thousand visitors for years to come.

The Cumberland on one trip bringing 500 passengers. St. John commandery of St. John, St. Bernard's of Eastport, and DePaynes of Calais came by water.

St. John and the lower provinces were well represented at the conclave, the Cumberland on one trip bringing 500 passengers.

St. John and the lower provinces were well represented at the conclave, the Cumberland on one trip bringing 500 passengers.

St. John and the lower provinces were well represented at the conclave, the Cumberland on one trip bringing 500 passengers.

St. John and the lower provinces were well represented at the conclave, the Cumberland on one trip bringing 500 passengers.

St. John and the lower provinces were well represented at the conclave, the Cumberland on one trip bringing 500 passengers.

St. John and the lower provinces were well represented at the conclave, the Cumberland on one trip bringing 500 passengers.

St. John and the lower provinces were well represented at the conclave, the Cumberland on one trip bringing 500 passengers.

St. John and the lower provinces were well represented at the conclave, the Cumberland on one trip bringing 500 passengers.

St. John and the lower provinces were well represented at the conclave, the Cumberland on one trip bringing 500 passengers.

St. John and the lower provinces were well represented at the conclave, the Cumberland on one trip bringing 500 passengers.

St. John and the lower provinces were well represented at the conclave, the Cumberland on one trip bringing 500 passengers.

St. John and the lower provinces were well represented at the conclave, the Cumberland on one trip bringing 500 passengers.

St. John and the lower provinces were well represented at the conclave, the Cumberland on one trip bringing 500 passengers.

butted hemlock boards, \$11.75 to 12; random do, \$12 to 12.50; extra standard cedar shingles, 10.50; extra standard cedar shingles, 2.65 to 2.90; standard cedar, \$2.15 to 2.14; second grades, \$1.75; extra No. 1s, \$1.50; No. 1s, \$1.

Eastern pine coarse No. 2 stock, \$16 to 17 per M; refuse, \$12 to 13; outs, \$8.50 to 9.50; rough edge pine box boards, etc., \$8.50 to 12.50; matched boards, \$13 to 23; Eastern pine clapboards, \$40 to 45; pine sap, extra, \$40 to 48; clear sap, \$35 to 40.

The fish market shows a healthy tone with high prices prevailing. The scarcity of mackerel, \$4 full, the feature and the few appear on the market are sold at ruinously high prices.

Fresh fish—Market cod, \$2 to 2.50 per 100 lbs; large cod, \$3 to 3.25; steak cod, \$3.50 to 4; hadcock, \$2 to 3; large hake, \$1 to 1.10; small cod, \$1.50 to 1.75; steak pollock, \$2 to 2.25; white halibut, 12c per lb; gray, 10c; chicken, 10 to 12c; bluefish, 8 to 9c; Eastern salmon, 25c; Oregon, 15c; large mackerel, 20c per lb; no medium; small, 10 to 12c; live lobsters, 14c; hulled do, 16c.

Saltfish—Large provincial mackerel, rimmed, No. 3, \$14.50 per bbl; P. E. I. unculled, \$17.25; large Georges cod, \$5.50 per qt; Georges, medium, \$4; large dry bank cod, \$4.50; medium do, \$3; large pickled bank, \$4; medium, \$2.25; hake, haddock, \$1.50; pollock, \$1.50; medium scaled box herring, \$8; No. 1, 5c; lengthwise, 6c; N. S. split herring, \$4.50 per bbl; large Scatterer herring, new, \$7; Labrador, \$5; Bay Shore, \$3; to 3.40; round fish, \$2.75; Newfoundland salmon, No. 1, \$18; No. 2, \$14.

Canned fish—Shrimp, \$2.50; quarter oils, \$2.50 to 2.65; half-oils, \$2.25; three-quarter mustards, \$2.50; best canned lobsters, \$1.85 to 1.95; lower grades, \$1.75; fats, \$2 to 2.40; Alaska salmon, \$1.20; Columbia river, \$1.80 to \$1.90.

P. E. ISLAND. Mount Stewart, Aug. 21.—The marriage of Henry Coffin and Miss Etta Douglas, of Head of Hillsboro, took place last evening at the residence of the bride's father, Col. Blaine of the 62nd Fusiliers, Alderman J. McGooldrick and R. A. McKay.

Mr. Agnes K. Bancroft, wife of Joseph A. Bancroft, M. P. P., of Annapolis, died in Brookline, Mass., Thursday at the home of her mother, Mrs. W. C. P. Allan. Her funeral was held today at Forest Hills cemetery.

Little York, Aug. 23.—The heavy rain storm on Monday did considerable damage to the crops in this region. Grain in many cases was badly injured and corn was greatly damaged, while the apple crop was almost completely ruined.

A good entertainment was given by the W. C. T. U. in the Winslow Methodist church on Tuesday last. The same was held today at Forest Hill, Victoria, Aug. 29.—A new firm, McQuarrie & Lea, is to begin business in the stand occupied for some time by Neil Penrhase.

W. G. Lee loaded a schooner with hay and is now away to Sydney, Cape Breton. Cept. Stewart is in and loading with old oats for Carvell Bros., Charlottetown.

The non-completeness of the canal, Cape Breton, is militating very much against the lime kiln owners here. It necessitates an addition of two hundred and forty miles to the limestone quarries, round an exposed coast.

The harvesting weather is now good and farmers are pushing along with the harvest. Some excellent crops of wheat have been very much damaged by the heavy and continuous rains.

Pleasant View house, after a very busy season, is now empty of visitors. The remnant took their departure by the Jacques Cartier this morning.

AT THE CORONER'S 'QUEST.' The accused, an editor, was the first witness sworn. "The deceased came in," he said, "in buoyant health. As I remember distinctly, he wore a white wool sweater, a cap, a gray cap and dark blue knickerbockers, with golf stockings."

The fastest trains in Europe are said to be the expresses of the Northern Railway company of France. Their speed is thirty-six miles an hour.

NOVA

Opening and D. Baptist Ch.

The Street Car Refinery Co. by Fil.

BRI.

Bridgetown, the quiet little village, Miss Jean daughter of De customers at in marriage at St. M. P. P. for Kl was performed, bride's parents, forenoon, by the Methodist clergy.

The high esteem of the large estate by a large circle. Bridgetown, received here last San Diego anno bourn, E. Mars ago to regain consumption held on his co. The news was widow.

Bridgetown, Banks, an old in this morning, during a fit of Bridgetown, a young man, has been arrested, stealing on to Wilnot. This stage Hut lodged in the c.

Southampton, censored from terminated on extremely near By Monday no a sea of water, extended either part of this he there was one Mr. Harkness and it is now S. Mrs. Chisholm oldest settlers, home in Port Hennessy's molyholm, the lumbly While Pansy to initiate a evening, the mshal having good candidate. Bridgetown, stately step in whose solemnity in walked a to. Silently it-mov the desk of the it could place his heart it w out into the n.

Amherst, N. A. demonstration of their handsome building being in the presence. The f with its floral beauties and were Rev. Dr. K. Church of W. Gates of St. J. of Springhill, Elack of the Special music choir.

The Invocatio Gates, after w composed by was sung; Pr scriptures; the gave his friends a feeling. After this, I remember nothing."

Amid the loud sobbings of the office boy, the twelve good men and true returned a verdict of "Suicide in the first degree," without leaving their seats.—Puck.

The fastest trains in Europe are said to be the expresses of the Northern Railway company of France. Their speed is thirty-six miles an hour.

Port Greenville Harry arrived having on board commander, G. died of the w a disease of Pettis, who o on to New Y death of the vessel ho had command four years, tomorrow aft the schr. G pulp wood in morrow for command of Schr. E. Me Windsor.

Mrs. G. E. F. by a week ago of nine small

Walter Baker & Co. Limited. The Largest Manufacturers of PURE, HIGH GRADE COCOAS AND CHOCOLATES. HIGHEST AWARDS. Industrial and Food EXPOSITIONS IN EUROPE AND AMERICA.

# SCHOOL SLATES

ONE CARLOAD JUST RECEIVED. ALSO:

## Slate Pencils, Chalk Crayons, Carter's Ink, Mucilage, Lead Pencils, Pen Holders.

PRICES VERY LOW.

### W. H. THORNE & CO. LIMITED., MARKET SQUARE.

#### SPORTING MATTERS.

##### Coombs Wins Four Events at the Halifax Wanderers' Sports.

##### The Wrestling Championship—Getting the Defender in Trim—Lacrosse Matches.

#### THE TURE.

A despatch received Friday evening announced that the 2.30 race at Danforth that day was taken by E. LeRoi Willis' stallion Pilot, Jr. The fastest race was won in 2.25.

The result of today's races were: 2.50 class, trot and pace, purse \$150—Paul T., first; Mary Mac, second. Best time, 2.35 1-2.

##### Brilliant Trotting.

New York, Aug. 30.—Brilliant trotting marked the closing day of the world's grand circuit meeting.

##### Chess Tournament.

Hastings, Eng., Aug. 30.—The nineteenth round of the international chess masters' tournament was played at Brassey's institute today.

##### The Halifax Wanderers' Sports.

Halifax, N. S., Sept. 1.—Saturday afternoon at the Wanderers' sports Harold Davidson broke the world's record for one mile on a four-lap, unbanked track.

##### WRESTLING.

The Championship of the World, Philadelphia, Ind., Sept. 1.—Herbert Hale of this city, defeated Harry Parker of Marion last night and retains the world's catch-as-catch-can wrestling title.

##### THE RING.

Boston, Aug. 30.—Leslie C. Pearce challenges Owen Zeigler to a twenty-round contest at 135 pounds, and the Eureka club of Baltimore has been asked to offer a purse for the match.

##### LIVE MEN WANTED.

To canvass for "Life and Work of Mr. Gladstone" by J. Gastal Hopkins.

##### THE DEFENDER ONE MORE BEATS THE VIGILANT.

New York, Aug. 30.—The Defender beat the Vigilant again today over a course of twenty miles.

##### YACHTING.

The Defender One More Beats the Vigilant.

##### WANTED HELP.

Reliable men in every locality (local or travelling) to introduce a business.

##### TRAINS WILL LEAVE ST. JOHN.

Express for Campbellton, Pugwash, Pictou and Halifax	7.00
Accommodation for P. du Chene	10.10
Express for Sussex	10.15
Express for Quebec and Montreal	10.20

##### TRAINS WILL ARRIVE AT ST. JOHN.

Accommodation from Sydney, Halifax and Moncton (Monday excepted)	5.00
Through Express from Montreal and Quebec (Monday excepted)	5.00
Express from Sussex	5.00
Accommodation from P. du Chene	10.15
Express from Halifax	10.20
Express from Campbellton	10.20

##### WANTED HELP.

Reliable men in every locality (local or travelling) to introduce a business.

##### WANTED AGENTS.

Agents for Houghton's "Safety" Roadways.

### DROWNED IN KENNEBECASIS.

#### A Sad Sail Boat Accident on Saturday Afternoon.

Nine Months Old Child of Rev. Mr. Dewdney Drowned in the Presence of His Parents.

(From Daily Sun Sept. 2nd.)

A few weeks ago Rev. A. D. Dewdney, the rector of St. James church, took his family out to Logan's Island on the Kennebecasis, just above Rothery, hoping that the change would result in the improvement in the health of his two children. The little ones seemed to enjoy the country so much that Mr. Dewdney decided to remain out there as long as the weather would permit.

On Saturday morning Mr. Dewdney started from the island in a boat, bound for Clifton. He had with him his mother-in-law, his Toronto, his wife and two children, and Miss Betts and Master Betts of this city. They had not gone very far when a squall struck the boat.

Mr. Dewdney's little daughter, aged about four years, was so much exhausted that her recovery was hardly expected. After a considerable time she came to, and within two hours she was as bright as ever.

#### FISH COMMISSIONER

##### Marshal McDonald Dies at Washington.

### NOVA SCOTIA.

#### Opening and Dedication of the New Baptist Church at Amherst.

#### The Street Car Stables and the Sugar Refinery Coopersage Destroyed by Fire at Halifax.

#### BRIDGETOWN.

Bridgetown, Aug. 22.—Yesterday, at the quiet little village of Margaretville, Miss Jean Landers, the eldest daughter of David Landers, collector of customs at that place, was united in marriage to Curtis Dodge of Kentville, a brother of Brenton H. Dodge, M. P. for Kings Co. The ceremony was performed at the residence of the bride's parents, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

Several persons seriously injured in a general row at Salem.

#### SOUTHAMPTON.

Southampton, Aug. 22.—The unprecedented drought of this season was terminated last Sunday night by an extremely heavy downpour of rain.

#### AMHERST.

Amherst, N. S., Sept. 1.—The Baptist denomination here are jubilant today, their handsome new stone church building being opened and dedicated in the presence of a crowded congregation.

#### PORT GREVILLE.

Port Greville, Aug. 27.—The schooner Harry arrived from New York today, having on board the body of her late commander, Capt. John Milton, who died on the way into New York from a case of the heart.

### WAGES INCREASED.

Boston, Sept. 1.—The increase of twenty-five cents per day in the wages of conductors of the main lines of the Boston and Maine R. R., as announced went into effect today.

#### EXHIBITION MATTERS.

At the meeting of the executive committee on Saturday afternoon a large amount of routine business was completed.

#### PORT GREVILLE.

Port Greville, Aug. 27.—The schooner Harry arrived from New York today, having on board the body of her late commander, Capt. John Milton, who died on the way into New York from a case of the heart.

#### AMHERST.

Amherst, N. S., Sept. 1.—The Baptist denomination here are jubilant today, their handsome new stone church building being opened and dedicated in the presence of a crowded congregation.

#### PORT GREVILLE.

Port Greville, Aug. 27.—The schooner Harry arrived from New York today, having on board the body of her late commander, Capt. John Milton, who died on the way into New York from a case of the heart.

#### AMHERST.

Amherst, N. S., Sept. 1.—The Baptist denomination here are jubilant today, their handsome new stone church building being opened and dedicated in the presence of a crowded congregation.

#### PORT GREVILLE.

Port Greville, Aug. 27.—The schooner Harry arrived from New York today, having on board the body of her late commander, Capt. John Milton, who died on the way into New York from a case of the heart.

#### AMHERST.

Amherst, N. S., Sept. 1.—The Baptist denomination here are jubilant today, their handsome new stone church building being opened and dedicated in the presence of a crowded congregation.

#### PORT GREVILLE.

Port Greville, Aug. 27.—The schooner Harry arrived from New York today, having on board the body of her late commander, Capt. John Milton, who died on the way into New York from a case of the heart.

### THE PRINCESS WINS.

Naples, Sept. 1.—The court which has been hearing the controversy between Prince Colonna and his wife, who is the daughter of Mrs. John W. Mackay, has ordered that the sons be given to the princess and that if necessary, force is to be used.

### OUTRAGES ON CHRISTIANS.

London, Sept. 2.—The Times correspondent at Shanghai says the Chinese Christians are being persecuted. One of the houses has been burned and property and cattle lifted.

### SERIOUS BUFFALO FIRE.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 1.—The Academy of Music, the oldest play house in Buffalo, was burned at 2 a. m. The fire started mysteriously in the centre of the building under the stage.

### THE ACADEMY OF MUSIC DESTROYED Sunday Morning.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 1.—The Academy of Music, the oldest play house in Buffalo, was burned at 2 a. m. The fire started mysteriously in the centre of the building under the stage.

### WAGES INCREASED.

Boston, Sept. 1.—The increase of twenty-five cents per day in the wages of conductors of the main lines of the Boston and Maine R. R., as announced went into effect today.

### EXHIBITION MATTERS.

At the meeting of the executive committee on Saturday afternoon a large amount of routine business was completed.

### PORT GREVILLE.

Port Greville, Aug. 27.—The schooner Harry arrived from New York today, having on board the body of her late commander, Capt. John Milton, who died on the way into New York from a case of the heart.

### AMHERST.

Amherst, N. S., Sept. 1.—The Baptist denomination here are jubilant today, their handsome new stone church building being opened and dedicated in the presence of a crowded congregation.

### PORT GREVILLE.

Port Greville, Aug. 27.—The schooner Harry arrived from New York today, having on board the body of her late commander, Capt. John Milton, who died on the way into New York from a case of the heart.

hemlock boards, \$11.75 to 12; No. 10, \$11 to 11.50; cargo, \$9.50 to extra standard cedar shingles, \$2.90; standard clear, \$2.15 to second clear, \$1.75; extra No. 10, No. 14, \$1.10.

ern pine coarse No 2 stock, \$18 per M; refuse, \$12 to 13; outs, \$9.50; rough edge pine, box, etc., \$8.50 to 12.50; matched, \$18 to 22; Eastern pine clap, \$40 to 45; pine sap, extra, \$40 clear sap, \$35 to 40.

fish market shows a healthy with high prices prevailing. The few to appear on the market are sold at ruinously high prices, as low prices prevail.

Live lobsters are higher. Fish are rather easier this week. Quotations follow:

Market cod, \$2 to 2.50; No 10, \$1.50 to 2; large cod, \$3 to 3.25; steak \$3.50 to 4; haddock, \$2 to 2.25; halibut, 12c per lb; gray, 10c; salmon, 10 to 12c; bluefish, 8 to 9c; mackerel, 20c per lb; no medium, 10 to 12c; live lobsters, 14c to 16.

Large provincial mackerel, No 1, \$1.50 per box; No 2, \$1.25; large Georges cod, per qt; Georges, medium, \$4; dry bank cod, \$4.50; medium do, large pickled bank, \$4; medium, hake, had cod and pollock, \$1.50; unscalded box herring, 8c; No 1, 6c; No 2, 5c; N S split herring, per bbl; large Scatterer herring, \$7; Labrador, \$5; Bay Shore, \$3; round shore, \$2.75; Newfoundland, \$2.50; bluefish, \$1.50 to 1.75; low-grades, \$1.75; hats, \$2 to 2.40; Alaska, \$1.20; Columbia river, \$1.50 to 1.75.

P. E. ISLAND.

Stewart, Aug. 21.—The marriage of Henry and Miss Ethelias, of Head of Hillsboro, took place last evening at the residence of the bride's father.

Stewart, Aug. 21.—The marriage of Henry and Miss Ethelias, of Head of Hillsboro, took place last evening at the residence of the bride's father.

Stewart, Aug. 21.—The marriage of Henry and Miss Ethelias, of Head of Hillsboro, took place last evening at the residence of the bride's father.

Stewart, Aug. 21.—The marriage of Henry and Miss Ethelias, of Head of Hillsboro, took place last evening at the residence of the bride's father.

Stewart, Aug. 21.—The marriage of Henry and Miss Ethelias, of Head of Hillsboro, took place last evening at the residence of the bride's father.

Stewart, Aug. 21.—The marriage of Henry and Miss Ethelias, of Head of Hillsboro, took place last evening at the residence of the bride's father.

Walter Baker & Co. Limited, Largest Manufacturers of PURE, HIGH GRADE COCOAS AND CHOCOLATES. On this Continent have received HIGHEST AWARDS from the great Industrial and Food EXPOSITIONS IN EUROPE AND AMERICA.

THE WEEKLY SUN.

ST. JOHN, N. B., SEPTEMBER 4, 1895.

LABOR DAY.

It need not be supposed that the organized bodies which took part in the procession yesterday desired to separate themselves and their interests from the rest of the community.

THE SUN TO THE RESCUE.

A few days ago The Sun suggested that an able refutation of the Telegraph's late pessimistic leader concerning the alleged decay of St. John would be found in a series of articles written recently for the Evening Gazette by Mr. James Hamany, a distinguished journalist, for whom the editor of the Telegraph was supposed to entertain a warm admiration, notwithstanding their political differences.

The Sun, under its present editorship, is a great master of flow and tears and sneers, but it has very little taste for coming down to solid facts and arguing upon them.

In the better days of the Sun it had an editor who had a higher ambition than to become a circus clown, but he, since is dead, and so the Sun goes on dispensing all sensible people by its absurd jests, its half-splitting, its small-beer jests, and its weak-minded levity, at a time when every good citizen of St. John is consumed with anxiety in regard to the future of this place, and is making himself the question whether St. John is to be altogether wiped out as an industrial centre, except for its saw mills, which even the national policy cannot wholly destroy.

Notwithstanding all this and a great deal more of the same general character, it remains true that Mr. Hamany's able articles in the Gazette are a full and conclusive reply to the lugubrious treatises which are now daily prepared by the Telegraph. In fact they seem to have been prepared by anticipation, for just such an occasion, as if Mr. Hamany by some uncanny art had foreseen exactly what sort of grit literature his warm personal friend and fierce political opponent would provide for some years to come.

Be this as it may, whatever measure of abuse and contempt the Telegraph may heap upon Mr. Hamany and all his works, this journal is determined to stand to the last by that able writer to whose hopeful and patriotic writings and stern denunciations of disloyal blue ruin scribblers this town and province owe so much.

THE GREAT TROTTERS.

Notwithstanding that the trotting record was lowered several points last season, it is in danger of further demotion before snow flies. The extraordinary performance of Azote at Fleetwood park on Wednesday marks the big gelding as an almost certain record breaker on a faster track and with closer competition.

By Alix at Galesburg last year in the race against time, which established the world's trotting record. The four-year-old mare Beuzetta covered the second mile of the Fleetwood free-for-all in 2:06 1-4, and is a new aspirant for the world's honors.

LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR PATTERSON.

Hon. J. C. Patterson, who has been appointed lieutenant governor of Manitoba, has been in public life twenty years, most of the time as a member of the Canadian house of commons. He served one term in the Ontario assembly and sat for North Essex in the fourth, fifth and sixth parliaments of Canada.

AN INQUIRY AGAIN SUGGESTED.

Though the question of wheat is the chief issue in Manitoba at present there is a little talk of the school question in spare moments.

The Sun, under its present editorship, is a great master of flow and tears and sneers, but it has very little taste for coming down to solid facts and arguing upon them. No one can deny that the present editor of the Sun is a wit, and that his wit is almost alarming extent, but many persons regard such mischievousness, at a time when the future of St. John is in grave doubt as positively disgusting and very much out of place.

A royal commission, consisting not only of visiting statesmen alone, but also of educational experts, who would go into the whole question by personal investigation, would be able to publish a deliverance that all would respect. The Manitoba government would probably be moved to act in the direction indicated by such a commission more than by the terms of any remedial order. In the one case they stand in behalf of their province against a most unusual assumption of authority by the dominion government. In the other case they would be invited to act on the report of a body of men, seized of all the facts after a patient investigation. Action in such a case, though as Dr. Grant says, not likely to be satisfactory to extreme men on either side, could be gratefully taken by Manitoba without any attempt at coercion, or necessity for it. The case as it stands is one without a precedent, but in its outcome it will be a precedent, which lovers of their country desire to be one to look back to with satisfaction.

The Free Press as a journal printed in the province and not unfriendly to the Manitoba government may understand the attitude of Mr. Greenway and his colleagues. But Mr. Greenway's suggestion of a commission contained no offer or pledge to abide by the results of the report of such a body.

The result of a series of preliminary competitions which have taken place on both sides of the Atlantic is the decision that the British yacht Valkyrie the Third is to race the American Defender. After the mild interest felt in the contests of British craft with British craft and United States yacht with United States yacht, we shall snatch the fearful joy of watching a struggle between boats, which is also a contest between nations.

The grit press comforts itself by describing Westmorland as a tory live. There is no objection to the title, but it has a great significance. Only a few years ago Westmorland was a grit stronghold. The national policy has evidently been getting in its work.

THE MARKSMEN.

While the best honors of the shooting at Ottawa seem to have fallen to Ontario, the eastern men have held their own in the aggregate better than last year. New Brunswick has one man in the first twenty, while in the thirty who are likely to have the offer of a place on the next Bisleigh team there are three from this province, of whom the lowest has the 25th place. New Brunswick which had no representative in the ranks of the Bisleigh team this year, will probably contribute either two or three to the next team. It is a good thing to encourage young men to take an interest in these contests for some of the best work of this year was done by marksmen who took part in the nursery matches.

MR. POWELL'S MAJORITIES.

The Montreal and Toronto grit press accounts for the election of Mr. Powell by "the railway vote." Mr. Powell got his largest majorities in parishes which had no railway vote. The Telegraph says that "it is a French majority." But several purely French districts gave majorities for Mr. Killam, and though Mr. Powell probably got a majority of the French vote his English majority was far larger. Mr. Powell got a majority of the railway vote, a majority of the agricultural vote, a majority of the artisan vote, and a majority of the vote of the commercial and professional classes. He obtained a majority of the English vote, the French vote, and the Irish and Scotch vote. He had a majority of the Protestants and a majority of the Roman Catholics.

The motor carriage will soon be as much in evidence in America as it is in Europe. A New York firm has one constructed to take the place of regular delivery wagons, and the owner is so well satisfied with the test that he proposes after providing for greater strength than the French make affords to introduce them into his business. The Chicago Times-Herald, which has offered a premium of \$5,000 for the motor carriage which makes the best showing in a competition to take place in November, says that there are already twenty entries and that sixty vehicles are under construction for the test.

Mr. Charles Hibbert Tupper in his recent speech at Sydney, Cape Breton, paid a well deserved tribute to an absent colleague when he said: "Mr. Foster undertook the very important and responsible duties appertaining to the position of leader of the house of commons under great difficulties. He succeeded a line of brilliant and able men. He followed immediately after the man who, perhaps, was not any exception, notwithstanding the brilliant names of the leaders who went before him, enjoyed to a greater degree the respect of the house, and the confidence of the chamber; and after he entered on the duties of his office, he proved perfectly true (Cheers) in Nova Scotia and in the sister province of New Brunswick we can, I am sure, rejoice in the great success which has attended his efforts."

Mr. Tarte, on his arrival at Montreal from Westmorland, stated that he had advised his party to protest Mr. Powell's election. He hoped and expected that this would be done. The truth is that there is more danger of the disqualification of Mr. Killam than of the unseating of Mr. Powell. Mr. Tarte, who contested Montmorncy in 1891, and was supplied with votes Chaleur steal, was unseated soon after, and did not venture again to contest the constituency, in which a liberal conservative was subsequently elected by acclamation. He is therefore something of an authority on the subject he discusses.

The British Wesleyan conference meeting at Plymouth, England, has by a vote of 187 to 169, reaffirmed the decision of last year against admission of women as delegates. It remains the rule that no chairman of a district can receive the nomination of a woman. The principle was adopted this year in opposition to a report of the committee to which the matter was referred. Rev. Hugh Price Hayes moved the adoption of the report in favor of women delegates.

The farmers of Manitoba will sell this year an average of 1,000 bushels of wheat each. Even at the current local price of 50 cents, this will bring in a nest sum of money to an average farmer, who has besides large crops of oats, barley and roots.

"Another such victory as the torles had in Westmorland," says a valued contemporary, "and they are undone." On the contrary, the torles would be satisfied with two hundred and fifteen elections with the same majority. Then they would have the whole house.

Some of our contemporaries are still trying to figure a grit victory out of the Westmorland election. But at last accounts Mr. Powell was still elected.

LABOR DAY SPORTS.

Clayson Defeats Katrina and Arcright at Moosepath.

Cornwall Captures Two of the Bicycle Events at Windsor Monday.

Cricket and Base Ball Matches - Shamrocks Beaten at Moncton - Rees Broken.

BASE BALL.

The games on the St. John A. A. club and Shamrock grounds yesterday were very largely patronized.

The first game in the St. John amateur league series will be played tomorrow afternoon on the Shamrock grounds. The competing teams are the Portlands and Acadias, the latter nine being: J. McLeod, c.; Fred Stone, p.; C. Stevens, lb.; J. Morris, 2b.; W. Stone, 3b.; H. Haman, a s.; J. O'Neill, l. f.; J. Wolf, c. f.; F. Ryder, r. f.

CRICKET.

Opening of the International Match. New York, Sept. 2.—Over 2,500 people crowded the picturesque grounds of the Staten Island Cricket club today to witness the international cricket match between the Oxford-Cambridge representatives and the all-New York team.

THE TURE.

Some Good Sport at Moosepath. The Labor day races at Moosepath park on Monday attracted a large crowd of people. This is not to be wondered at, as the nominations for the free-for-all included some of the fastest horses that ever met in the lower provinces. It was expected that this race would be a grand affair and it was accordingly.

The grand stand was packed with people, the fence on the northern side of the track was lined with carriages. The Kingsville band occupied a place in the grand stand and played a choice programme.

The judges were: Fred Waterston, St. Stephen (starter); D. F. George, Fredericton, and E. L. Jewett, W. S. Jewett, and J. E. Wilson were the timers.

The free-for-all was the first race. The starters were: Clayson, Arcright, Hamlet, Katrina, and Sir William. First heat—Clayson drew the pole and went away ahead of the party as soon as the word was given.

Second heat—It was a grand send off. Sir William was soon to the front, with Clayson chasing after him. Arcright came next and Henry Wilkes' daughter was a good distance ahead of Hamlet. Clayson, in response to Wilkes' urging, overhauled Sir William and the second quarter pole was ahead. This other horses had not changed positions. It was a procession from that out, with Clayson at the head of it.

Third heat—Sir William went off ahead of Clayson, chasing him hard. Hamlet did better this time than in either of the preceding heats. He was third from the start, Katrina was next and Arcright in the rear. Clayson passed Sir William and was a safe leader at the half. After Sir William came Hamlet, Katrina and Arcright in the order named. Hamlet managed to get ahead of Sir William, but he didn't stay long. Sir William

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

It produces an increase of vital activity in the system, and cures rheumatism, neuralgia, sciatica, etc.

Parsons' Pills

Positively cures Biliousness and Sick headache, liver and bowel complaints. They expel all impurities from the blood.

Free for all race—Purse \$300, divided into four money.

The 245 class was contested by Johnny Dick, May F., Almont Charter and Andrew. It was May F.'s race, although she lost the second heat.

Second heat—Johnny Dick got the best end off, but Andrew was leading at the half, with Almont second. The latter out-trotted the Nova Scotia horse and won in 2:39, with Andrew second, Johnny Dick third and May F. last.

Fourth heat—Johnny Dick led for a time, in fact he was looked upon as a possible winner. Shortly after the half was finished May F. went to the fore. The horses finished in the following order: May F., Andrew, Almont Charter and Johnny Dick, time 2:41 3-5.

Two World's Records Broken. Brockton, Mass., Sept. 2.—The world's professional and amateur record for the 100 yards dash was broken here today in the national championship race by Ed. Donovan, better known as "Piper" Donovan of Natick, who lowered the record to 9 3-5.

The Dominion fire and drum band came in at this point; following it a baroque containing Messrs. R. Staples, W. Brittain, W. Irvine, H. Godwin and Chas. McLaughlin, all of Jewett's mill, and the regular emmett's mill on this mill on foot. They probably made the best showing of any mill represented in the procession.

The 62nd band headed the St. John Typographical union. The omnipresent "devil" was there too, although strange as it may appear he had changed color since last year from a bright red to black. The members of the union sustained the dignity of their calling in an eminent degree.

Following the printers came a "Coxey's army," with the general seated upon the toughest looking nag out of a home yard in the lead.

The route of procession was as follows: Along Wentworth street to Orange, along Orange to Duke to Charlotte, down Charlotte to Queen, along Queen to Germain, up Germain to Princess, up Princess to Charlotte, along Charlotte to King, down King to Dock, along Dock and Mill to Main, up Main to Douglas avenue, then back Main street to Paradise Row, along Paradise Row to Wall street, along Wall to City Road, down City Road to Haymarket Square, thence up Brussels to Union, along Union to (east), where Douglas avenue, thence north to St. John street, thence west to the waterfront, where the procession passed along.

The 62nd band headed the St. John Typographical union. The omnipresent "devil" was there too, although strange as it may appear he had changed color since last year from a bright red to black. The members of the union sustained the dignity of their calling in an eminent degree.

There are few indeed who need despair of enjoying these blessings. The loss of them is something to be dreaded and avoided. This is commonplace talk, perhaps, but people need to be told commonplace things sometimes. The point to be especially emphasized in this paragraph is that Hawker's nerve and stomach tonic restores lost health and strength.

Hawker's nerve and stomach tonic is sold by all druggists and dealers at 50 cents per bottle, or six bottles for \$2.50, and is manufactured only by the Hawker Medicine Co. (Ltd.), St. John, N. B., and New York City.

THE LABOR PARADE.

The Turnout Not Nearly as Large as That of Last Year.

Names of the Various Organizations Taking Part in the Display.

The labor organizations of St. John were not as strongly represented in the street parade held on Monday as their hand in their pocket even for so laudable a purpose.

The procession formed on King street east at 10 o'clock. Grand Marshal Swetka, mounted, came first, followed him representatives from the Carpenters' union, about fifty strong, mounted on fine horses.

Following this, the Kingsville band, and then the Bricklayers' union. They had blue shirts with "M. U." in white across their breast. They wore bouquets. They carried a neat and rather attractive banner. One side bore the legend, "United We Stand, Divided We Fall." Upon the reverse side were the words, "The Moulders' Union, Established in 1822."

The employees in J. R. Warner's mill, headed by the Fairville Fife and Drum band, was next in order. They made a very good showing, about forty-five strong. They wore blue shirts, black trousers, with white buttons. They carried an attractive banner. The employees in Hilyard's mill followed, over seventy strong. They also wore neat blue shirts, black hats and trousers and white belts. They carried two banners. Upon one were the words, "Hilyard's Mill," in gilt letters; upon the other was the statement, "Four hours' cut, 44,578 feet."

The Dominion fire and drum band came in at this point; following it a baroque containing Messrs. R. Staples, W. Brittain, W. Irvine, H. Godwin and Chas. McLaughlin, all of Jewett's mill, and the regular emmett's mill on this mill on foot. They probably made the best showing of any mill represented in the procession.

The Carleton and the regular emmett's mill followed by the tinsmiths. This body of men have the credit of constituting what can quite properly be designated a special feature of the parade. They were fifty strong. They wore tin (peak) caps, tin belts and tin cuffs, blue shirts with a device across the breast, and white trousers, with a small mallet. The men carried themselves admirably and came in for considerable indiscriminate admiration.

The Carleton and the regular emmett's mill followed by the tinsmiths. This body of men have the credit of constituting what can quite properly be designated a special feature of the parade. They were fifty strong. They wore tin (peak) caps, tin belts and tin cuffs, blue shirts with a device across the breast, and white trousers, with a small mallet. The men carried themselves admirably and came in for considerable indiscriminate admiration.

The banner was suitably inscribed. The men carried several small banners bearing such inscriptions as "Labor is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province, etc. St. John labor is overtaxed." "We'll vote for our friends." "Patronize union offices." "Three friends of labor: Wilson, McGoldrick, Baxter." "A labor party is better than an exhibition. Ask for union made goods." "Print our school books in the province,

CITY NEWS.

The Chief Events of the Week in St. John.

Together With Country Items from Correspondents and Exchanges

When ordering the address of your WEEKLY SUN to be changed, send the NAME of the POST OFFICE to which the paper is going as well as that of the office to which you wish it sent.

TO SUBSCRIBERS OF THE WEEKLY SUN

In Digby and Annapolis Counties. Our Traveller I. D. Pearson will call on you in the near future kindly be prepared to pay arrears of subscription.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Our Travelling Agent Mr. A. B. Pickett is now in Restigouche Co

The gross receipts of the flower show were \$546.68.

About nine hundred dog licenses have been taken out so far this year.

From nearly every part of the province comes the report of a great "crop" of partridges. There will be rare sport this autumn.

Sgt. John S. Parker leads lumber here for New York. Capt. Robertson goes in her this trip, Capt. Milberry having decided to remain ashore one trip.

The body of William Wolf, who was drowned off Musquash on June 18th last, was picked up on Thursday at Little Musquash. It was badly decomposed.

Simon Jones has contributed \$250 and Henry C. Rankine \$100 to the public park fund. As the Globe remarks, "the generous example of these givers should stimulate others."

Steamship Mill at Indiantown is running admirably. The improved labor saving machinery is working very satisfactorily and the mill is turning out a fine lot of lumber every day.

John Flood has been awarded the contract for the erection of a large wooden building on Duke street near the Victoria school for C. E. Brackett. The architect is G. E. Fairweather.

Argument in the Bathurst school case, to have been made before Judge Barker in this city on September 24, has been postponed. It will likely be heard about the middle of October.

The Queens county Sunday school convention will be held at Hampstead on September 9th and 10th. All Sunday school classes in the county are requested to send at least two delegates.

The fishermen took 2,350 shad down the bay Thursday night, the largest catch ever known here. James Patterson of South wharf purchased the greater number. They are very nice fish.

Ald. McGoldrick has purchased the old boilers used for a long time in the Piccadilly, Kings Co., wool factory. They will be broken up before being removed. The larger boiler weighs twenty-four tons.

John Bell, who has been on sick leave, has been superannuated on \$383 a year. This place has before been vacated also a chance now for a second-class clerk, G. Fred Ring's place being vacant—Globe.

Capt. Albert MacNamara, the commander of No. 3 of the Cumberland company's barges, broke one of his legs on board the barge at Farnsboro the other day. His foot was amputated on Saturday.

Messrs. McAuley & Bolter of Lower Millstream, Kings Co., who lost their mill a few months ago by fire, will soon be ready to receive their old friends at the old stand. Their new mill will be running in a short time.

Blaley Bros. of this city have purchased a large quantity of lumber from Joseph Campbell of Studholm, Kings county, for their factory. It is understood Mr. Campbell is making preparations for a big winter's work.

Word was received Friday that the following custom house clerks have had their salaries increased: D. J. Gleason, increased from \$750 to \$800; Samuel A. Wilkins, from \$650 to \$700; Chas. F. Tilley and John F. Berton, from \$400 each to \$450.

An immense quantity of tea, imported direct from China, has been landed at the English goods warehouse this summer. One of the men in authority there assured a Sun reporter that 10,000 chests had arrived during the past two months.

Buckwheat meal will be cheap this fall. According to reports, the crop of buckwheat in the lower counties is a very large one. The recent rain has injured it somewhat, but it is thought the aggregate yield will be much larger than last year.

There will be a King's Daughters booth in one of the Exhibition buildings during the progress of the show, where light refreshments will be served. The booth will be attractively decorated and will no doubt receive the patronage which the enterprise deserves.

The causes of death reported at the Board of Health office for the week ending Aug. 31st were: Apoplexy, 3; consumption, 2; drowned, 1; diarrhoea, 1; placenta prævia, 1; disease of prostate, 1; impetigo, development, 1; inflammation of lungs, 1; inflammation of bowels, 1; disease of heart and bronchitis, 1; cholera infantum, 1; total, 14.

The Sovereign Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows opens at Atlantic City, New Jersey, on Monday, Sept. 16th. The maritime province delegates who will be present are Dr. James Christie, St. John, N. B.; Ben. Besmer, Charlottetown; P. E. L.; W. S. Rogers, Halifax; N. S.

At a recent meeting of the Hampton Curling club it was decided to incorporate the club with a capital of \$2,000, of which \$1,000 is paid up. The Hampton curlers are energetic young men. They have a good rink of their own, and when it comes to playing they are able to make a creditable showing.

The statement recently appeared that T. J. Waters, recently commissioner of customs at Ottawa, had been appointed by George Gould to a position with a salary of \$6,000, in New York. The Mail and Empire correspondent says that Mr. Waters contradicts the story.

Harry A. Doherty of the Royal hotel is very proud of a handsome walking stick which was sent down to him from Edmonton by Milton Dayton. It is a curiosity and has been admired by all who have seen it; in fact, some Americans stopping at the Royal declare that they have never seen anything like it.

The death of Mrs. Elizabeth Dobbin is announced. Mrs. Dobbin was an old and respected resident of St. John. Her husband, who died in 1867, was appointed to the customs service in 1888, and her son, Wilson, had been in the service for a long time. Mrs. Dobbin was born in Ennisville, Ire. She was in comparatively good health and spirits until a few weeks ago.

Dr. E. B. C. Hamilton of Victoria, B. C. (brother of St. John's postmaster), has been engaged by Mr. Halgarten, an English gentleman, to go around the world with him. Mr. Halgarten has been at Victoria, B. C., on his way to the Orient, and Dr. Hamilton's treatment benefited him, hence the present engagement. The doctor's trip will probably occupy six months, and he will visit St. John before his return to the west.

F. H. C. Miles, the artist, is spending his autumn holidays with Mrs. Miles at Harding's point, where he is filling his portfolio with sketches of the scenery of the neighborhood. He thinks he is more attractive than is to be found elsewhere on the lower St. John. At the same time he is, at his quiet retreat, finishing a figure piece, a suit of portraiture, which will likely attract much attention, for the fall exhibition.

E. J. Bennet of Winnipeg is in the city, the first time in thirteen years. He is a son of "Rev." Dr. Bennet of St. John, and is well known here. He is now in the employ of the Hudson Bay Company. He sees a great future for the Canadian west, and especially for his adopted city. Mr. Bennet says no city in the dominion has made greater progress than Winnipeg, and the best part of it is the growth was a healthy one and has not yet ceased. The city now has a population of 39,000.

The death occurred on Wednesday of James Lord, one of the oldest and best known residents of Carleton. Mr. Lord was born in Carleton 76 years ago and spent his whole life there. He was a fisherman and carpenter, and will be remembered by many of the older residents as an oarsman of great skill. His wife, a sister of ex-Ald. Brittain of Carleton, survives him, also eight children, among them Henry, James, George, William and Edward. There are three daughters, Elijah Lord, now living in Carleton, is the only brother of the deceased.

Capt. Estabrooks of the steamer Star is to exchange places with Capt. Peatman of the Springfield. Capt. Estabrooks has been with the Star nearly five years and has proved a very capable and painstaking officer. He was always willing and even anxious to oblige all who came within his reach, and the patrons of the Star will regret his removal very much. Every member of the steamer's crew that an injustice is being done in thus removing Capt. Estabrooks, with whom no one has anything but good to say. The new regulations will, it is understood, go into effect on Monday.—(Daily Sun 31st ult.)

An American gentleman who has been spending a few months in St. John, N.B., told a Sun reporter on Saturday that the Newfoundland people were feeling quite hopeful again. The catch of fish has been almost phenomenal and the winter does not look nearly so black and formidable as it did last autumn. Business has picked up in St. John wonderfully, he says, and the citizens' hope very soon to be able to get on their feet again. He thinks the late crisis will in the end prove a blessing to the island generally. The poor men will have better show than ever before, the rich will never monopolize things to such an extent as has been the case in the past.

The art department of the forthcoming exhibition will be under the supervision of J. C. Miles, which is a guarantee that only pictures of merit will be shown and that they will be hung in a manner calculated to show them to the best advantage. All the art exhibitions given in St. John under Mr. Miles' superintendence have been attractive and successful. Mr. Miles will be assisted by a committee, consisting of W. F. Dole, T. Morris Robinson, E. S. Sturges, D. P. Evelyn and Coyne de Bury. It is understood that the exhibit will include a larger number of paintings than have been hitherto shown at any one time.

Advertise in THE WEEKLY SUN.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

News correspondence must be mailed in time to reach this office not later than Saturday afternoon to ensure insertion in THE WEEKLY SUN of the following week.

A telegram from Chicago on Monday announced the death of J. D. Shafford's young daughter, Leslie. The little girl had been falling in health for some time.

Messrs. Henderson & Banks, who have been buying berries in and around Penobscot, Kings Co., for Boston firms, left for home the other day. A Sun reporter was told that these men paid out at least \$5,000 for strawberries, raspberries and blueberries to the people of Penobscot and those living in that vicinity. The berry crop was abnormally large in that part of the country.

The Manchester Fire Assurance company of England, capital \$10,000,000, which has had an agency at Halifax for many years, has decided to withdraw from Nova Scotia and P. E. Island after the 1st of September, arrangements being made with the Norwich Union to assume the risks. The Manchester has lost considerable through the former fire, and the withdrawal is said to be dictated by the dread that prevails among English underwriters of the "conflagration hazard," of which several of the colonies have furnished notable illustrations.

Hugh McLean, druggist, Main street, died at four o'clock Friday morning. On Thursday morning while preparing his toilet he was seized with a fit of apoplexy and passed away without regaining consciousness. Mr. McLean was born in Queens county about 45 years ago. He graduated from a medical college at Philadelphia and practised medicine in Queens and Sunbury counties, and about fifteen years ago removed to St. John and commenced business as a druggist. His wife died in 1880. He was a member of the Grand Lodge, and that of the Odd Fellows. He was a member of the Grand Lodge, and that of the Odd Fellows. He was a member of the Grand Lodge, and that of the Odd Fellows.

A Frederickian lad who came to St. John Labor day will not carry back the scenery of the neighborhood. He is a young man, and is standing on Mill street yesterday near the depot when he was approached by a man with a request for a loan of ten cents. The lad pulled out of his pocket a bill for two and a little change, and was picking out the ten cents when the villain snatched the bills from the lad's hand and was off in a moment. The lad was left with a bill for two and a little change, and was picking out the ten cents when the villain snatched the bills from the lad's hand and was off in a moment.

Major Markham welcomed Serenaded Monday Evening by the Artillery Band—Brief Speeches Made by Band and Officers Entertained.

The return to St. John of Major Markham, commanding the Canadian Artillery, was a very notable event. He was recognized by the military men of the city in a pleasing manner Monday evening. The Artillery band, at the request of the officers, marched to the residence of Major Markham on Germain street, on their return from the excursion over the bay, and played an appropriate selection of airs in a customary artistic manner. A large crowd collected, and listened with pleasure to the music and the speeches.

Sergeant Farmer, on behalf of the band, expressed their pleasure at Major Markham's return, and at the brilliant record made by the team under his command. The speaker proposed three cheers for the major, which were given with a will.

Lieut. Col. Armstrong, who, with quite a number of other militia officers, was present, also spoke briefly. He said he wished to express the good feeling that all the officers in the service entertain toward Major Markham. Twenty-five years ago the first team went across from this country, commanded by the late Major Markham. "Teams" had gone across every year since, but it remained for the team commanded by Major Markham to bring back to Canada the Queen's prize. On no former occasion had so much success crowned the efforts of the Canadians. Col. Armstrong pointed out that a great deal of the success of a team depended on its commandant, upon whom devolved the looking after details and the promotion of good feeling and good fellowship. On behalf of the officers of the artillery, and he believed of the militia generally, he cordially welcomed and congratulated Major Markham.

In reply, Major Markham gave expression to his heartfelt thanks for the honor done him. He was proud of the success of the team under his command. It had been very gratifying to note the cordial good feeling of the English riflemen toward the Canadians. When the contest had narrowed down to Hayhurst of Canada and Boyd, a Scotchman, the sympathy of the assembled riflemen appeared to be clearly with the Canadian. Canada had twenty men among the two thousand on the field, and it was a notable fact that she had no less than three in the last stage for the Queen's prize. This was certainly a fine record. There were 1,980 entries. Boyd, the rival of Hayhurst in the final, was in the Canadian tent the evening after the match was concluded, and proved himself a splendid fellow. Of course there was great rejoicing in the Canadian quarters that night. The warm friendly feeling manifested by the British teams was a source of great pleasure to the Canadian shots. In conclusion, Major Markham warmly thanked the band and the officers for their kindness. His remarks were heartily applauded.

The band then played another selection, after which the members were invited into the house and served with refreshments. The military officers present were also hospitably entertained, and spent a pleasant hour or two before retiring.

ROBERT M. JONES MISSING. A Well Known Carleton Man Disappeared on Wednesday.

Almost every one in Carleton knew Robert M. Jones, the old man who for many years drove a hack from the ferryboat landing, and it was with great surprise that they heard yesterday morning that he had left his home on Prince street on the previous evening and had not returned. So far, no tidings of his fate have been obtained. The old man, who is about 75 years of age or upwards, and has for some time been quite feeble, left his house about half-past seven o'clock in the evening, saying that he was going to see Manassah Hogan about a horse. It appears that he never went to Hogan's, but was seen out on the road leading from Duke street to Lancaster heights. He was passing opposite to Joseph Newman's when he was seen, though there is a rumor that a man answering to his description was noticed quite late on the Sand Cove road. That it was Mr. Jones is scarcely probable, as he had complained of being very tired and had driven a team all day. He was rather feeble and unlikely to travel such a distance. Fred Purves saw him on King square, Carleton, about nine o'clock, and after this his course is quite uncertain. The family were greatly alarmed and a search was commenced when the hour grew late, but nothing could be done till daylight. The roads back of the graveyard and surrounding places, one party going as far as Sand Cove. Mr. Jones had but little money on his person and had left his watch lying on the table. His circumstances were hard for some time and he has been despondent. It is thought that he may have become deranged and is either wandering among the woods or has died there, or possibly, some think he has had an apoplectic stroke near the river and fallen in. The search will be prosecuted vigorously. The family naturally feel very anxious and their suspense is terrible to bear.

IN HOULTON ONCE. Biddeford, Me., Sept. 1.—Rev. Father John Brady, who for a quarter of a century has been pastor of St. Mary's church, resigned today. He is nearly eighty years old. Previous to coming here he was pastor of the church at Houltton, Me., for many years.

OF PERSONAL INTEREST. Postmaster Murray of Benton, Carleton Co., was in the city on Wednesday. Miss Jennie Murchie of Kirkland, Carleton Co., and Miss Jennie Murray of Benton were on St. John Wednesday en route to the Seville Ladies' college, where they will pursue their studies.

Wm. H. Robinson of Boston is visiting his relatives here. Mr. Robinson has charge of the hay department in the large establishment of Leopold Morse & Co.

Growing, is Still the Story

A healthy business doesn't stand still. Widening, gaining, doubling on last year's business is the record of which August day's tall. Every week the store comes to be better known, and to hold a higher place with those who already know it. Don't be satisfied with knowing one department. Go up, go down, go all around; visit the Suits and Overcoats; loiter among the Furnishings; handle the Children's Wearables. You'll find new ways to use the store; new things it can do for you. As the fall days advance the cases of Clothing pile up on us from the factory—new Suits, new Overcoats, new Ulsters, new Reefers, for man and boy. There's so much Clothing we hardly have room to display it.

Summer Clothing at About Half-Price.

Why? Because we want room and the money, and don't want the Summer clothing. In such cases we shut our eyes and chop.

Children's Clothing:

About 200 Children's Two-piece Suits, rather light colored mixtures, Tweeds, sizes to fit boy 4 to 10 years—\$2 to \$3.50 a suit, instead of half as much. Specialties: Boys' Norfolk Jacket Suits of Blue Serge, all wool, (pants and coat lined throughout) \$2.75, \$3.00 and \$3.25, according to the size. Oxford Norfolk Jacket Suits, such as are worn by the Rothesay College Boys, trimmed with Mohair braid. The size regulates the price. Bicycle Suits, Blue Serge; Coat is Norfolk Jacket style; Trousers are cut bloomer style. Suits are \$7.50; extra Trousers, \$3.

Men's Suits:

It's going to be hard for you not to buy, we've made the Suits so interesting and the prices so small. That's a warning to come and be as well clothed as any man can be.

SCOVIL BROS. & CO.

Oak Hall, King Street, Germain, St. John.

Advertisement for Scovil Bros. & Co. featuring children's and men's clothing. Includes details about suit prices and store location in St. John.

Advertisement for Mahogany tobacco. Features a graphic of a pack of 'Smoke T & B Mahogany' and text describing the product and manufacturer.

MONCTON. Sudden Death of Mrs. Arthur Sewell—Moncton, Sept. 2.—Mrs. Arthur Sewell, of middle age, who had been living on Pleasant street, was found dead in bed this morning, having died during the night. Heart disease was the cause. Labor day was pretty generally observed in the factories here, but building operations were continued as usual.

Table showing THE PUBLIC REVENUE. Columns include various revenue items like Customs, Excise, and Inland Revenue, with amounts for 1894 and 1895.

Table showing OF PERSONAL INTEREST. Lists names and locations of individuals of interest, such as Postmaster Murray and Miss Jennie Murchie.

D. R. A.

New Brunswick Wins the London Merchants' Cup

And Capt. McRobbie of St. John Gets a Place on the Blisley Twenty.

Several Others From This Province Stand an Excellent Chance to Secure Positions on the Team.

Ottawa, Aug. 29.—After a wet night the weather today was all that could be desired for shooting. The Kirkpatrick and Military matches were shot and the grand and nursery aggregates were declared. The Kirkpatrick match, ten shots at 500 and 600 yards, was won by Pte. Hinds, 45th, with 95 out of a possible 100. Last year it was also won by 95. The team prize was won by "A" team, No. 2 military district, with 433 out of 500. Last year the prize was won with 424.

Following were individual prizes in the Kirkpatrick match: Pte. Hinds, 45th, 95; Pte. McRobbie, 8th Hussars, 88; Sgt. Langstroth, 74th, 85; Sgt. Langstroth, 74th, 85; Col. Sgt. Henderson, 62nd, 80. The following won individual prizes in the Kirkpatrick match: Capt. McRobbie, 8th Hussars, 20th, 88; Sgt. Blair, 78th, 23rd, 85; Pte. O'Neill, 23rd, 85; Capt. Weeks, Charlottetown Engineers, 24th, 87; Lt. G. A. Thompson, P. E. I. Artillery, 27th, 87; Sgt. Langstroth, 74th, 85; Pte. Taylor, 63rd, 82nd, 85; Lt. Carter, 83rd, 82nd, 85; Corp. Smith, 82nd, 85; Pte. Stewart, P. E. I. G. A., 82nd, 85; Capt. Hart, 14th, 84th, 85; Pte. Langstroth, 74th, 65th, 85; Lt. Stevenson, 74th, 65th, 85; Gunner T. Clark, Halifax G. A., 84th, 84; Lt. McCreary, 62nd, 86th, 84.

The prize in the grand aggregate was won by Staff Sergeant Harp, 48th, Toronto, with 397 out of a possible 430. Of the men from the maritime provinces, Lieut. R. Bent, 83rd, is the first, with 378, who has 15th place; 38; Capt. McRobbie, 8th Hussars, 19th place, 376; Pte. C. E. Neill, 71st, 20th place, 376; Sgt. Case, Halifax G. A., 24th place, 376; Corp. W. Smith, 82nd, 24th place, 376; Sgt. C. T. Burns, 63rd, 32nd, 36, 373; Sgt. Langstroth, 74th, 34th, 35, 372; Pte. L. Langstroth, 74th, 45th, 34, 369; Lieut. R. Carter, 83rd, 53rd, 34, 367; Sgt. Blair, 78th, 57th, 34, 365; Sapper O. N. Baird, Charlottetown Engineers, 60th, 34, 365; Lieut. E. Orlob, 75th, 62nd, 34, 364; Col. Sgt. Henderson, 62nd, 65th, 34, 364; Sgt. Davison, Charlottetown Engineers, 65th, 34, 364; Major Bishop, 63rd, 75th, 34, 363; Sgt. C. Lockhart, 78th, 34, 362; Capt. Blackburn, 75th, 84th, 34, 361; Lieut. Stevenson, 75th, 82nd, 34, 361.

In the nursery aggregate the first place was won by Pte. J. Smith, 21st, 188 out of a possible 230; Pte. L. Langstroth, 7th, 2nd, 110, 197, and Corp. W. Smith, 82nd, 3rd, 88, 196. The other winners are Lieut. Stevenson, 75th, 6th place, 96, 192; Gunner Clarke, Halifax G. A., 6th place, 96, 191; Pte. J. Acorn, 82nd, 8th, 85; Pte. F. H. Risteen, 71st, 18th, 84, 185. The Lansdowne aggregate was won by the Toronto Rifle association, 1,234; New Brunswick R. A., 9th, with 1,178. The British challenge, which was won by the G. G. F. G., 215. The Rifle League President's cup was won by the 13th Hamilton, 1,941; Truro Rifle club, 7th, 1,823. The minister of militia's prize in the Rifle League D. R. A. aggregate was won by Staff Sgt. Harp, 48th, Toronto, with 397.

Ottawa, Aug. 30.—The D. R. A. prize meeting which closed today was probably the most successful in the history of the association. The governor general's prize was won by Q. M. Sgt. Ogg of the Guiseville field battery with 96 out of 105. The winning score last year was 95. Gunner Pugh of the R. C. A., Quebec, Capt. Bell of the 43rd, Ottawa, and Pte. L. Langstroth of the 74th, New Brunswick, today tied for second place with 95 each. In the shoot off Gunner Pugh won. Capt. Bell taking third place and Pte. L. Langstroth fourth. Pte. L. Langstroth tied for fifth place. In the shoot off Lieut. Hutcheon of the 43rd, Ottawa, won. Lieut. Curran of the 12th, Toronto, taking sixth place. Pte. Campbell of the 46th, Lindsay, seventh. Capt. Mitchell of the 13th, Hamilton, eighth. Lieut. MacAdam ninth. Sgt. Morris of the 13th, Hamilton, won tenth place and the last badge with 93. Q. M. Sgt. Ogg won the governor general's prize in 1879. At the conclusion of the match today he was carried through camp on the shoulders of his comrades. The Blisley twenty follows: 1st—Staff Sgt. Harp, 48th, Toronto, 497; 2nd—Capt. Spearing, 33rd, Sherbrooke, 477; 3rd—Lt. Ross, 23rd, Hamilton, 477; 4th—Lt. Cartwright, 47th, Frontenac, 475; 5th—Capt. Curran, 12th, Toronto, 474; 6th—Major McDonald, 8th, Toronto, 474; 7th—Staff Sgt. King, 65th, Lindsay, 473; 8th—Lt. T. Mitchell, 13th, Toronto, 470; 9th—Pte. Campbell, 46th, Lindsay, 469; 10th—Staff Sgt. Armstrong, Guiseville Field Battery, 468; 11th—Sgt. C. Crowe, Guiseville, 468; 12th—Lt. Col. Anderson, P. E. I., 468; 13th—Q. M. Sgt. Ogg, Guiseville, 467; 14th—Sgt. T. B. Macdonald, 467; 15th—Lt. Hutcheon, 43rd, Ottawa, 467; 16th—Pte. Hayburn, G. M., 467; 17th—Capt. Pope, 46th, Victoria, 467; 18th—Sgt. T. Mitchell, 13th, Hamilton, 466; 19th—Capt. McRobbie, 8th Cavalry, St. John, N. B., 466; 20th—Staff Sgt. Bell, R. G., Toronto, 466.

The next in order were: 21st—Sgt. Major Huggins, 13th, Hamilton, 466; 22nd—Pte. Bell, 8th, Waterloo, Ont., 466; 23rd—Pte. L. Langstroth, 74th, N. B., 464; 24th—Pte. C. E. Neill, 71st, N. B., 464; 25th—Lt. Rumfins, 59th, 464; 26th—Staff Sgt. Havers, 8th, Montreal, 464; 27th—Pte. C. T. Burns, 63rd, Halifax, 463; 28th—Lt. Murray, 44th, Welland, Ont., 463; 29th—Gunner Chamberlain, British Columbia, 463; 30th—Gunner H. C. Chamberlain, British Columbia, 463; 31st—Gunner H. C. Chamberlain, British Columbia, 463; 32nd—Corporal W. Smith, 82nd, 461; 33rd—Sgt. Case, Halifax, 461; 34th—Sgt. Langstroth, 74th, 461; 35th—Col. Sgt. Henderson, 62nd, 461; 36th—Lt. Carter, 83rd, Nova Scotia, 461; 37th—Major Bishop, 63rd, Halifax, 461; 38th—Sapper Baird, Charlottetown Engineers, 461.

The places of the other maritime province men in the hundred are: 33rd—Corp. W. Smith, 82nd, 461; 34th—Sgt. Case, Halifax, 461; 35th—Sgt. Langstroth, 74th, 461; 36th—Col. Sgt. Henderson, 62nd, 461; 37th—Lt. Carter, 83rd, Nova Scotia, 461; 38th—Major Bishop, 63rd, Halifax, 461; 39th—Sapper Baird, Charlottetown Engineers, 461.

AZOTE A WORLD BEATER. The Mammoth Trotter From California Trots in 2.05 1-2. A Phenomenal Second Heat Over Fleetwood's Track in the Free-for-all.

Beuzetta, Although Beaten, Trots in 2.06 1-4, and is Sold for \$16,000 to Peter Duryea.

New York, Aug. 23.—Monroe Salisbury's gigantic trotting gelding Azote met Klamath and Beuzetta yesterday in the \$5,000 free-for-all at Fleetwood park and defeated them in the same hollow style that he has defeated every other trotter he has met this season, including Directum, Hulda, Fantasy, Ryland T, and a lot of lesser lights. Seven thousand persons saw the grandson of Electioneer win the second heat in 2.05 1-2, trotting the best mile, all things considered, that has yet been scored by a trotting horse. Beuzetta, the splendid four-year-old daughter of Onward and Beulah, was separately timed in 2.06 1-4, and was sold just after the heat to Peter Duryea of this city for \$16,000.

The free-for-all was the first race on the card, and there were only a few scattering spectators on the club house when the horses were brought out for their warming up work. Beuzetta was the first to put in an appearance, with Gus Macey in the sulky. She is a superb young mare in conformation and action, and if it were not for her somewhat plain head, badly set on a too short, straight neck, she would be an equine beauty to rival Allix, the handsomest of all fast trotters. Beuzetta's deep, loosely laid, sloping shoulders, her short back, capacious body and finely-turned, muscular hind parts, make her a model of speed-like conformation. She was distinctly lame when first brought out, the filly having struck her coronet at Cleveland and again bruised the foot at Buffalo in her race with Klamath, but she was otherwise in the pink of condition, showing spirit, dash and freedom of action which reminded one of Allix in her best days. Beuzetta is a line trotter, and there is a world of vim and nervous energy about her way of going. She warmed out of her lameness after a little sharp work, moving grandly save for an occasional hitch in the stride which was characteristic of the mare at all times.

Azote, too, nodded perceptibly when McDowell came through the dragwage with the mammoth trotter of the Salisbury stable; but the soreness was trifling, as it quickly disappeared. Azote looked like an equine giant by walking, and she trotted with a little less than seventeen hands in height, while "Cooky" is just a shade over fifteen hands. He is a plain horse, but is better looking than most trotters of his size, and his gait is as easy and effortless as that of Fantasy, who has carried the best-gaited trotter on the turf.

In the betting before the start Azote was the favorite at four to five, with Beuzetta second choice at seven to five, and Klamath at three to one. The scoring was brief. Starter Mittie Corbett called the four to the start in a good start, with Azote at the pole, Klamath in second-horse place and Beuzetta on the outside. Azote was a neck behind, but he was trotting very fast, and before the mile had reached the first turn, McDowell had the big fellow clearly in the lead, and he held his position without a suggestion of effort. Beuzetta was not moving quite right, and Macey made no effort for the heat, dropping back, while Klamath chased the favorite the mile. Raymond wanted to make sure of second place, but he made no attempt to play for first honors with Klamath, and he contented to simply keep ahead of Beuzetta in this heat, letting Azote win as he liked, while Klamath trailed him under a pull the entire mile, with Beuzetta third and Dan Cupid, the fourth starter, away behind the distance flag on the fourth lap. The winner's fractional time was 0.31, 1.03, 1.35, 2.05 1-2.

This heat decided nothing except that Azote could simply jog and beat 2.10, neither Klamath nor Beuzetta having made a move. Both of them were beaten before they had started, and a sensational performance ensued. Klamath, who cannot get away from the wire at top speed, was outtripped in the first furlong by both Azote and Beuzetta, and after Raymond had made a hard drive to the quarter pole an attempt to hold his position he eased his horse, contenting to let Beuzetta test Azote's speed, while he rated Klamath so as to land just inside the distance. McDowell, as before, sent Azote at once to the front in this heat, and although the Onward filly was trotting a storm down the race she declined to attempt the pole, the big fellow moving along at ease two lengths in front, passing the quarter in 0.30 1-2 and the half in 1.01 1-2. At the point of rocks Azote began to increase his lead, and as he pushed up the hill past the three-quarter pole in 1.32 the filly was four or five lengths in the rear, with Macey's whip flashing about her ears. McDowell eased his horse slightly as he entered the homestretch, and Beuzetta, responding gamely under a drive, closed on him again, out Azote beat her easily by two open lengths in 2.05 1-2. The announcement of the time caused a hum of surprise, followed by a burst of applause, for the track record of 2.03 3-4, made by Nancy Hanks in an exhibition against time in 1893, had been beaten more than a second, and in the second heat of a race.

Azote trotted the last quarter in 32 1-2 seconds. Driven out, he could certainly have beaten the race record of 2.05 1-4, shared by Allix and Directum, and many horsemen were of opinion that he could have trotted in 2.04 1-2 or better in this heat. Taking into consideration the difference in tracks, the performance, as it stands, is equivalent to 2.03 1-2 or faster on one of the best-reckoning courses, and is clearly the best mile that has ever been scored by a trotting horse up to this point in the opinion of such men as John Kelly, W. J. Andrews, George Leavitt, and others. It is now only a matter of striking a fast track, in good condition, for Azote to set the world's record a full second below 2.03 3-4, where it now stands.

Another prospectively ready breaker in sight in Beuzetta, who threw the shoe in the second quarter of this mile, and then finished in 2.06 1-4, according to the official time. Mr. Duryea, who bought the filly for \$16,000 while she was cooling out after her splendid performance, will send her to Orrin Brooks to be broken today, and, in the hands of the man who drove St. Julien, she will have the chance that she deserves. Mr. Duryea tried to induce Macey to draw the filly as he did not wish to further jeopard her future for the sake of money. Beuzetta threw another front shoe in the first quarter and made a tangled break which left her nearly forty yards behind Azote, whom Klamath was chasing at a terrific rate of speed to the half in 1.02 1-2. Klamath was steadily cutting down Azote's lead to four lengths as the horses entered the second quarter, but he was unable to do this, and the rapid-gaited, stiff-necked little wonder from Oregon looked dangerous when he made a buck-jumping break at that point. Beuzetta, coming very fast from her break, passed him before he recovered his stride, and though she made another slight break on the turn for the home stretch, Klamath could never overhaul her. Azote was apparently pretty nearly all out at the finish of this heat in 2.07.

During the afternoon Peter Duryea asked George Leavitt of Boston to put a price on the horse. Leavitt said \$30,000, and Duryea, who has just bought Beuzetta for \$16,000, offered fifteen, then twenty, and finally \$21,000 without getting him. Larrabee is entered in the \$25,000 Kentucky Futurity and apparently has a mortgage on it. Leavitt yesterday offered to bet \$1,500 that the colt could beat 2.10 any time he was asked.

OH! BE GOBBS! ITS FOINE!

A new arrival from the "ould sod" says "His meself what's bin distressed for a long while back wid the pesky Rheumatics in Ivery howl and chormer uv me, bad cess to um I got a bottle of PRUSSIAN OIL and it not um out at onst, it did. Oh! be gobbs! its foine, it is!

Now, my advice, to yez all is: If yez bothered wid Bumaticks or any of them pesky complaints that dubbles yez up loike a jack-knife wid the pain, go at onst and git some and thry it wid the sthame cloth (both inside and out) jist the dear Dochter Nemyer ordered, do ye mind that now I and if it doesnt take the pain out of yer bones inside of tin minits thin my name isn't Dinis McGinty."

Sold everywhere. Only 25 cents. "Use it and Prove it."

PYTHIANS KILLED.

Macon, Ga., Aug. 30.—An excursion train on the Southern railway, carrying the Knights of Pythias excursion from this city to Indian Springs for a picnic, left the track between Holt and Pope's ferry. The baggage car and two passenger cars turned over. J. A. Kennedy of this city and Mr. Hancock of Americus, Ga., were killed, and almost every person in the two coaches were hurt more or less seriously. Several of them are likely to die. There is no way of accounting for the accident, as it is said the track was in perfect condition.

INMAN'S BODY FOUND.

New York, Aug. 30.—The body of Robert W. Inman has been found on the beach of Staten Island. Stapleton, S. I., Aug. 30.—The body of Robert W. Inman arrived at Schermer's morgue at 4.10 o'clock this afternoon. It was badly decomposed. There was a wound on the forehead, and Dr. C. W. Townsend of New Brighton, who examined the body, stated that this wound was caused by its being struck by a paddle wheel. The wound was probably made by the iron steamboat when Inman jumped into the water at the time of the collision.

FOR TEMPERANCE. The Baptist Maritime Convention Committee's Report.

Rejected After Long Discussion, and an Amendment Adopted in Its Stead.

Rev. E. J. Grant, chairman of the committee on temperance, submitted his report, in part as follows: "For many years we have been accustomed in the convention to listen to reports deploring the dreadful effects on society of the traffic in strong drink. We have passed many resolutions condemnatory of the traffic, and have urged upon our government by petitions and in various other ways the necessity of prohibiting the manufacture, importation and sale of ardent spirits, all of which petitions and requests the government has steadfastly ignored. \* \* \* It cannot, and will not be denied, that the government which tolerates the traffic and consents to derive a revenue from it is a partner in the business, and it is equally evident that every man who supports such a government is in his measure accountable for the existence of the traffic and for all its attendant woes and crimes. It seems to your committee that Baptists should no longer stand in the false and inconsistent position of making reports and resolutions condemnatory of a business in which they continue to be partners, and which by their influence and their votes they continue to uphold. Your committee are convinced that no Christian can consistently support a candidate for the dominion parliament who is not pledged to work and vote for the prohibition of the traffic in strong drink, irrespective of the attitude of his party, and regardless of the consequences to his party of that vote." The report said that when all Christian men in the country took this stand the reform would be an accomplished fact.

It was moved and seconded that the above report be accepted. But a number of the members were not prepared to accept anything quite so radical as that a present, and as it proved, a pretty strong protest. Rev. Dr. Saunders said in his opinion the report did not go far enough. The parliament of Canada and not the government alone were to blame. He considered each individual member responsible for the traffic in some degree.

THE PASTOR'S WIFE.

An Interesting Interview With Mrs. (Rev.) F. B. Stratton.

Threatened With Paralysis—Weak, Emaciated and Unable to Stand Fatigue—Pink Pills Restore Her Health.

(From the Napanee Beaver.) The Rev. F. B. Stratton of Selby, is one of the best known ministers in Bay of Quinte conference, of which body he is the president. During the two years Mr. Stratton has been stationed at Selby, both he and Mrs. Stratton have won hosts of friends among all classes of their unassuming and simple Christian work. Some time ago Mrs. Stratton was attacked with partial paralysis, and her restoration having been attributed to the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, a reporter of the Beaver was sent to interview her. In reply to the reporter's questions she claimed that she had been greatly benefited by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and was perfectly willing to give her experience that those similarly afflicted might be benefited. Mrs. Stratton said that before moving to Selby she had been greatly troubled by the same ailment, and that she had been unable to do her best for God and reform. We are citizens, the speaker said, of no mean country, and on each of us rests the responsibility for good and pure government; but we must not do here what would prevent soul freedom and true citizenship. We must not be content to oppose every government until prohibition was realized, so they would in this respect resemble the Irishman, they would be "agin" the government no matter which party was in power. Mrs. Stratton emphasized the inconsistency of such action; but she would not vote for the adoption of Mr. Grant's report.

H. C. Creed pointed out that every government had derived more or less revenue from the manufacture and sale of intoxicants, and if the convention adopted the report the members would simply be pledging themselves to oppose every government until prohibition was realized, so they would in this respect resemble the Irishman, they would be "agin" the government no matter which party was in power. Mrs. Stratton emphasized the inconsistency of such action; but she would not vote for the adoption of Mr. Grant's report.

Mr. King, Q. C., of Halifax, supported the previous speaker. Rev. Weeks of Moncton claimed that we were in the convention not as citizens, nor yet as church members, but as delegates from certain churches. They should not touch politics or partyism on which there might be differences of opinion among the church members. As citizens they should simply do their best for God and reform. We are citizens, the speaker said, of no mean country, and on each of us rests the responsibility for good and pure government; but we must not do here what would prevent soul freedom and true citizenship. We must not be content to oppose every government until prohibition was realized, so they would in this respect resemble the Irishman, they would be "agin" the government no matter which party was in power.

A STRANGE CLOCK.

Perhaps the strangest of all clocks is to be found in India, being one in possession of a Hindu prince. Near the dial of an ordinary looking clock is a large gong hung on poles, while underneath, scattered upon the ground, is a pile of artificial human skulls, ribs, legs and arms, the whole number of bones in the pile being equal to the number of bones in the human skeleton. To be used to form a complete human skeleton, some logs with a snap by some mechanical contrivance, the skeleton spring up, seize a mallet, and, walking up to the gong, strike one blow. This finished, it returns to the pile and again falls to pieces.

GLORIES.

Rev. Dr. Tallman and F. New York, A ed and faint no words of encouragement prepared for today. His ing Splendors, he has picture tractions of t skies in a way ing souls and, thoughless an chosen was, "I ear heard," I. "I am going to heaven!" I. "I am going to heaven!" I. "I am going to heaven!" I.

The speaker was interrupted by the Rev. Mr. Young, who wished to be allowed to ask Mr. Parsons a question, but the speaker refused to be cross-questioned, stating that he would not answer any questions. On motion of Rev. Mr. Grant the convention gave Mr. Young the right to ask his question. It was: "Supposing a government came into power after having defeated the present government upon the temperance question, would you as a member of parliament be responsible for the existence of the liquor traffic?" Mr. Parsons—"The convention gave you the power to ask the question, but I shall certainly not answer it." In conclusion, Mr. Parsons said the report simply meant that every man who supported such a government was in his measure accountable for the existence of the traffic and for all its attendant woes and crimes. It seems to your committee that Baptists should no longer stand in the false and inconsistent position of making reports and resolutions condemnatory of a business in which they continue to be partners, and which by their influence and their votes they continue to uphold. Your committee are convinced that no Christian can consistently support a candidate for the dominion parliament who is not pledged to work and vote for the prohibition of the traffic in strong drink, irrespective of the attitude of his party, and regardless of the consequences to his party of that vote." The report said that when all Christian men in the country took this stand the reform would be an accomplished fact.

It was moved and seconded that the above report be accepted. But a number of the members were not prepared to accept anything quite so radical as that a present, and as it proved, a pretty strong protest. Rev. Dr. Saunders said in his opinion the report did not go far enough. The parliament of Canada and not the government alone were to blame. He considered each individual member responsible for the traffic in some degree.

Mr. King, Q. C., of Halifax, supported the previous speaker. Rev. Weeks of Moncton claimed that we were in the convention not as citizens, nor yet as church members, but as delegates from certain churches. They should not touch politics or partyism on which there might be differences of opinion among the church members. As citizens they should simply do their best for God and reform. We are citizens, the speaker said, of no mean country, and on each of us rests the responsibility for good and pure government; but we must not do here what would prevent soul freedom and true citizenship. We must not be content to oppose every government until prohibition was realized, so they would in this respect resemble the Irishman, they would be "agin" the government no matter which party was in power.

Rev. Dr. Saunders said he would not vote for a man even if he were a prohibitionist and did not possess other qualifications. For instance, he would not vote for a temperance man if he were an annexationist. After considerable cross firing, Rev. A. Colborn moved the following amendment: Resolved, that this convention is of the opinion that Christian citizens should seek to bring out and elect worthy temperance men who can be depended on to advance and support prohibition.

Rev. Mr. Grant said this was practically no resolution at all. The convention had been passing such temperance resolutions ever since it was organized, and they might continue doing so for all the good they did. The vote was then taken and the amendment carried by a large majority.

DEPUTY SPEAKER OF SENATE.

London, Aug. 29.—In the house of commons today Joseph Chamberlain, secretary of state for the colonies, asked leave to introduce a bill for the purpose of removing all doubts as to the validity of the act of the dominion of Canada, the deputy speaker of the senate. He explained that the bill was prepared by his predecessor, and said that while there was no doubt of the validity of the act, it was best to make the matter certain. Mr. Chamberlain also said he was not aware that any bill had been made a party question in Canada. The bill passed its first reading, and the second reading was fixed for tomorrow.

THE SCOTT ACT.

Hartland, N. B., Aug. 29.—Scott Act Inspector Colpitts stopped in the village last night. He had with him a Mrs. Donnelly, widow of River De Chate, who had been convicted of the county jail for violation of the Scott act. She has been found guilty of six offences, and will serve six months in jail.

RESTIGOUCHE SALMON CLUB.

In Roderick McDonald v. The Restigouche Salmon Club, before the Restigouche circuit court, Judge Vanwart directed that a verdict be entered for the plaintiff, with leave to the defendants' counsel to move to enter a verdict for the defendant on the ground that ouster had not been proved. The defendant club, which is composed of wealthy New Yorkers, claim through a deed given by one Fraser, a grantee from the crown, when he was seventeen years of age. The plaintiff claims under deed given by Fraser five years after he came of age. The jury found that under all the circumstances five years was not an unreasonable time for Fraser to wait after coming of age before repudiating the deed given when he was a minor. John Montgomery, attorney for the plaintiff, had Wm. Pugsley, Q. C., associated with him. C. W. Weldon, Q. C., attorney for defendant, had W. A. Mott associated with him.

WORTH A CONTEST.

Call—"I wish to contest my uncle's will." Lawyer—"Is the estate worth it?" Call—"He left one hundred thousand dollars." Lawyer—"Let me see. That's fifty thousand for me, and fifty thousand for the lawyer on the other side. Yes, it's worth it."—New York Weekly.

Subscribe for THE WEEKLY SUN.



SHIP NEWS.

For Week Ending September 3.

PORT OF ST. JOHN.

Arrived. Aug 27—Str Cumberland, 1185, Thompson, from Boston, C B Leachler, mdse and pass.

At New London, Aug 25, sch Nellie I White, from Sands River for New York.

At New London, Aug 25, sch Nellie I White, from Sands River for New York. Boston, Aug 25, sch F. J. Grogan, for St. John.

At New York, Aug 25, sch Gypsum King, from Boston, for St. John.

At New York, Aug 25, sch Gypsum King, from Boston, for St. John. At New York, Aug 25, sch Gypsum King, from Boston, for St. John.

At New York, Aug 25, sch Gypsum King, from Boston, for St. John.

At New York, Aug 25, sch Gypsum King, from Boston, for St. John. At New York, Aug 25, sch Gypsum King, from Boston, for St. John.

At New York, Aug 25, sch Gypsum King, from Boston, for St. John.

At New York, Aug 25, sch Gypsum King, from Boston, for St. John. At New York, Aug 25, sch Gypsum King, from Boston, for St. John.

At New York, Aug 25, sch Gypsum King, from Boston, for St. John.

At New York, Aug 25, sch Gypsum King, from Boston, for St. John. At New York, Aug 25, sch Gypsum King, from Boston, for St. John.

BRITISH PORTS.

At Sharpness, Aug 24, bark Astronom, from St. John.

At Sharpness, Aug 24, bark Astronom, from St. John. At Sharpness, Aug 24, bark Astronom, from St. John.

At Sharpness, Aug 24, bark Astronom, from St. John.

At Sharpness, Aug 24, bark Astronom, from St. John. At Sharpness, Aug 24, bark Astronom, from St. John.

At Sharpness, Aug 24, bark Astronom, from St. John.

At Sharpness, Aug 24, bark Astronom, from St. John. At Sharpness, Aug 24, bark Astronom, from St. John.

At Sharpness, Aug 24, bark Astronom, from St. John.

At Sharpness, Aug 24, bark Astronom, from St. John. At Sharpness, Aug 24, bark Astronom, from St. John.

At Sharpness, Aug 24, bark Astronom, from St. John.

At Sharpness, Aug 24, bark Astronom, from St. John. At Sharpness, Aug 24, bark Astronom, from St. John.

At Sharpness, Aug 24, bark Astronom, from St. John.

At Sharpness, Aug 24, bark Astronom, from St. John. At Sharpness, Aug 24, bark Astronom, from St. John.

CANADIAN PORTS.

At Diab, Aug 26, sch Parise, from New York.

At Diab, Aug 26, sch Parise, from New York. At Diab, Aug 26, sch Parise, from New York.

At Diab, Aug 26, sch Parise, from New York.

At Diab, Aug 26, sch Parise, from New York. At Diab, Aug 26, sch Parise, from New York.

At Diab, Aug 26, sch Parise, from New York.

At Diab, Aug 26, sch Parise, from New York. At Diab, Aug 26, sch Parise, from New York.

At Diab, Aug 26, sch Parise, from New York.

At Diab, Aug 26, sch Parise, from New York. At Diab, Aug 26, sch Parise, from New York.

At Diab, Aug 26, sch Parise, from New York.

At Diab, Aug 26, sch Parise, from New York. At Diab, Aug 26, sch Parise, from New York.

At Diab, Aug 26, sch Parise, from New York.

At Diab, Aug 26, sch Parise, from New York. At Diab, Aug 26, sch Parise, from New York.

THE NICHOLS DEPARTMENT STORE. Our New Fall Stock is now nearly complete. FALL DRESS GOODS, HEAVY WEIGHT, NAVY, BROWN and BLACK, 10 Cents a Yard. New Arrivals in Crockery. Medium Size Plates at 5c. each. Job Lot Plates at 4c. each. STANDARD PATTERNS prices reduced to average 15c. CRAIG W. NICHOLS.

It Will We Will Show You the

OUR MANTLES. Was new ent. La and Caments to value for NO OLD Every Lady Invit

THE NO

The Total Two Hundred

The Names of the From and

Frederick, of the Provin completed two this city is the

Charlotte, 13; Kings, 37; M berland, 11; C 7; St. John, 12; Westmorlan said to be the

more students Kings leads the as follows: Baptist ... Church of F. C. Bap

Methodists Presbyteri Roman C Other cre

Total ... The followi students enro Allen, Arthur

Archibald, Jo Barber, W. B. Blackney, W. M. Blanch, C. C. Blair, James

Colgan, Arthur Dalton, M. L. morland. Davis, Arthur

leton. Doyne, John E. Flett, Leonard, The London, Jas

Leonard, Jas M. McCarty, M. McCarney, M. McDonald, P. McEachern, M. McEachern, W. Neville, Fred

Nickerson, V. Oulton, Merv land. Perry, Horat