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THE TRADE REVIEW.

VOL. I.

MONTREAL, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 10, 1865.

No. 43.

ANGUS & LOGAN,
PAPER MANUFACTURERS AND
WHOLESALE STATIONERS, 354 St. Paul st.
1-ly

H. W. IRELAND,
NAIL AND METAL BROKER,
Agent for Cut-Nail and Spike Manufacturers.
235 St. Paul st., Montreal.
1-ly

MUNDERLOH & STEENCKEN,
IMPORTERS OF STAPLE AND
FANCY DRY GOODS, 236 St. Paul st., corner
of Custom House square, Montreal. 1-ly

EDWARD MAITLAND, TYLLEN & CO.,
WHOLESALE WINE, GENERAL
and COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
10 Hospital st.
3-ly

M. LAING,
PRODUCE AND COMMISSION
MERCHANT, 97 Commissioners st. Montreal
Hams, Bacon, Lard, Tallow, Butter, Flour, &c. 3-ly

JOHN REYNAS,
COMMISSION AND SHIPPING
MERCHANT, Montreal. - Cash advances made
on consignments to myself, or to friends in England.
1-ly

JOHN DOUGALL & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS, for
the Purchase and Sale of Produce, principally
Flour, Butter, Ashes and Pork.

JOHN DOUGALL & CO.,
Leather Commission Merchants.

FOR SALE,—
Herrings, Cod Oil, Soda Ash, Potash Kettles,
&c. 1-ly
JOHN DOUGALL & CO.

JAMES DOUGLAS & CO.,
DEALERS IN TEAS AND TOBAC.
COS, attend to sales of Butter, &c., &c.
1-ly 296 St. Paul st., Montreal.

WALTER MARRIAGE,
WHOLESALE AGENT, AND IMPOR-
TER OF ENGLISH GROCERIES
1-ly 23 Lemoine st., Montreal

B HUTCHINS,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
AND
IMPORTER OF GENERAL GROCERIES.
5-ly 85 McGill street, MONTREAL

THOMPSON, MURRAY & CO.,
COMMISSION AND GENERAL MER-
CHANTS, St. Sacrament st., Montreal. 1-ly

GREENE & SONS,
HAT AND FUR MANUFACTURERS
AND IMPORTERS. [See next Page.] 1-ly

CAMERON & ROSS,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS for the
sale and purchase of Grain, Flour, Pork, Butter,
Ashes, Wool, Flax, and General Merchandise, Montreal.

GEO. WAIT,
PRODUCE AND COMMISSION
MERCHANT, Montreal.
1-ly Young's Buildings, No. 2 McGill st.

S. H. MAY & CO.,
IMPORTERS OF STAR & DIAMOND
STAR WINDOW GLASS, Paints, Oil, Varnish,
Brushes, Spirits Turpentine, Benzole, Gold Leaf, &c.,
1-ly 274 St. Paul st., Montreal.

THOMAS HOBSON & CO.,
PRODUCE AND COMMISSION
MERCHANTS, Commissioners street, Montreal
Consignments of Flour, Pork, Butter, Lard Tallow
Ashes, and all Descriptions of Produce, promptly
realized. 5-ly

BROWN & CHILDS,
MANUFACTURERS OF BOOTS,
SHOES, AND LEATHER, Montreal.
OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE—Corner St. Peter and
Lemoine sts.

MANUFACTORY—Corner Queen and Ottawa sts.
TANNERY—Corner Bonaventure and Canning sts.

The articles manufactured by us are under one
general superintendence during the whole process of
manufacture, beginning with the raw hide, and end-
ing with the finished boot and shoe. By this arrange-
ment we secure uniform quality throughout.

Orders received by post promptly executed and
should the goods sent not be approved of, they may
be returned at our expense.

To occupy the extensive facilities which we have at
our command for the manufacture of Boots and Shoes,
it is necessary that we should send goods to all sec-
tions of the Province, however remote; every induc-
ement allowable in commerce will be granted to this
end. 1-ly

THOMAS W. RAPHAEL,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
Montreal. Consignments of Flour, Grain, Leather,
Ashes, Butter, &c., receive personal attention
FOR SALE.

Oliva Oil, in qt. casks, Coal Oil, Cedar Creek,
Hemlock Sole Leather, Spanish Sole Leather,
Waxed Upper, Waxed Calf,
Pebbled Calf, Prime Mess Beef in tierces,
Prime, Prime Mess and Mess Pork,
Butter in tins and kegs,
Upper Canada Leaf Tobacco,

Flour, Superfine, } of well known brands.
Flour Extra, }
Flour, Superior Extra. }

THOMAS W. RAPHAEL,
1-ly 35 St. Nicholas Street.
Agent for Hamilton Powder Company.

LINTON & COOPER,
MANUFACTURERS AND WHOLE-
SALE DEALERS IN BOOTS AND SHOES,
306, 305 & 310 St. Paul st., Montreal.

We invite the attention of Merchants, East and West,
to our large and varied stock of Boots and shoes now
on hand, and in process of manufacture for the Spring
trade. Goods in every conceivable style will be found
in our establishment, from the finest Kid or Satin
Gaiter, to the strongest Stuga or Hungarian Boot,
Men's, Boys', Youths', Ladies', Misses' and Children's
wear, in over 200 different patterns. Special notice is
required to the fact that all our goods are hand-made,
and of the very best material. The introduction of
Pegging Machines having thrown a large number of
workmen out of employment, and consequently pre-
duced the cost of labor, we are thereby enabled to
manufacture neater and more substantial Boots and
Shoes, at no greater cost than if made by machinery,
and are prepared to offer the choicest goods at the
very lowest possible figures.
Orders personally or by Post, will have our immedi-
ate and most careful attention. 1-ly

J. TIFFIN & SONS,
GENERAL MERCHANTS, IMPORT-
ERS OF TEAS, SUGARS, and GENERAL GRO-
CERIES, WINES, BRANDY, &c., Nos. 184 and 186 St.
Paul st., and 49 and 50 Commissioners st.

Offer for sale several Invoices fresh Teas just received
per Steamers, consisting of:
Imperial Gunpowder. Japan, Colored
Old Hyson. and Uncolored.
Young Hyson. Oolongs.
Hyson Twankay. Souchong.
Twankay.

Also several Invoices FRESH TEAS, just received
per Steamer via Portland, together with a full assort-
ment of other STAPLE and GENERAL GROCERIES

Also 50 hhds Choice Porto Rico Sugar, and
250 hhds Prime Retalling Molasses
50 tierces }
10th August, 1865. 1-ly

A KIN & KIRKPATRICK,
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS, do
an exclusively Commission business, and possess the
most ample experience and facilities for its efficient man-
agement. Consignments of GRAIN, FLOUR, ASHES,
POPK, BUTTER, and general produce, receive per-
sonal attention. Sales effected, and returns made with
the utmost promptitude. Liberal advances made on
goods for sale, in this market, or shipment to Britain
Charge the lowest adopted by the responsible houses
of the trade. 1-ly
Corner William and Grey Nun streets.

DAVID ROBERTSON,
IMPORTER TEAS, TOBACCO, AND
General GROCERIES, 24 St. Peter st., Montreal.
1-ly

REUTER, LIONAIS & CO.,
IMPORTERS OF WINES
AND SPIRITS, 11 and 13 Hospital st., Montreal.
1-ly

ROBERT MITCHELL,
COMMISSION MERCHANT AND
BROKER, 24 St. Sacrament st., Montreal.
Drafts authorized and advances made on shipments
of Flour, Grain, Pork, Butter, and General Produce,
to my address here.
Advances made on shipments to Europe.
The sale and purchase of Stocks and Exchange will
receive prompt attention. 1-ly

GREENE & SONS
INVITE the attention of close buyers to
their Fall Stock of Furs, Hats, &c. [See next P.]
1-ly

J. A. & H. MATHEWSON,
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE
GROCERS. A complete and extensive assort-
ment of General Groceries. Special attention to TEAS.
1-ly

HALL, KAY & CO.
HAVE FOR SALE—
A large and well assorted stock of CHARCOAL,
COKE and TERNE TIN PLATES.

—ALSO—
CANADA PLATES, various brands.
Young's Buildings,
McGill Street,
Montreal.
1-ly

GREENE & SONS,
HATS, FURS, BUCK MITTS, &c.
See next Page. 1-ly

W. D. MILLER & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS AND IMPOR-
TERS OF Boots and Shoes,
1-ly Corner of McGill and Lemoine sts., Montreal.

A. RAMSAY & SON,
IMPORTERS OF WINDOW GLASS,
OILS PAINTS, &c. 21, 23 & 25 Recollet st., Montreal.
1-ly

McMILLAN & CARSON,
IMPORTERS AND MANUFACTU-
RERS OF CLOTHING, Wholesale, have con-
stantly on hand a very carefully manufactured Stock
of Ready-made Clothing, suitable for the country
trade.
Merchants are respectfully requested to call and
examine
1-ly No. 66 McGill st., Montreal.

JOHN McARTHUR & SON,
OIL, LEAD & COLOR MERCHANTS,
Importers of Window Glass, &c.,
1-ly 118, 120 and 122 McGill st., Montreal.

I. L. BANGS & CO.,
(Successors to T. L. Steele & Co.)
MANUFACTURERS OF FELT,
COMPOSITION, AND GRAVEL ROOFING,
ENGLISH FELT ROOFING, &c.,
Keep constantly on hand FELT COMPOSITION, &c.
Parties building, in any part of Canada, can be sup-
plied with the requisite materials, also, a Competent
Workman to apply the same.
Office, No. 5 Place d'Armes Hill, opposite City Bank,
MONTREAL. 1-ly

A. H. FORBES,
IMPORTER OF IRON, ALL KINDS
OF HEAVY HARDWARE, &c. Has always in
stock Iron Tubes for Gas, Boiler Tubes, Horse Nails,
Sole Springs, &c.
Drain Pipes, Fire Bricks all shapes, &c. and
other Cements, Castings Paving-Stones, Hearths,
Burr Blocks for Millstones, Bolting Cloths, Terra
Cotta Vases, Fountains, Chimney-Tops, &c., &c.
1-ly Queen st. Montreal

FROTHINGHAM & WORKMAN.
IRON, STEEL, AND HARDWARE
 MERCHANTS, ST. PAUL STREET.
 Opposite the Custom House Sq.,
 10-1y Montreal.

BRITISH COLONIAL STEAMSHIP CO. (Limited.)

	Tons Register	Commander
OTTAWA	1831	F. ARCHER
ST. LAWRENCE	1838	J. JAMES
THAMES	1870	J. PINKERTON

THE above first-class powerful Screw Steamships are intended to be dispatched from London for Quebec and Montreal as follows:—

THAMES	Wednesday	6th Sept
OTTAWA	Wednesday	27th Sept
ST. LAWRENCE	Wednesday	18th October

And from Quebec for London

OTTAWA	Tuesday	12th Sept
ST. LAWRENCE	Wednesday	20th Sept
THAMES	Wednesday	4th October
OTTAWA	Wednesday	1st Nov.
ST. LAWRENCE	Wednesday	15th Nov.

Cabin passage from London to Quebec.	£18 18s	Stg
Steerage	0	us
Cabin passage from Quebec to London.	£20	Stg
Steerage	£25	Stg

Return tickets issued at reduced rates.
 Special arrangements made with families.

Apply in London to TEMPERLEYS, CARTER & DARKE, 3 White Lion Court, Cornhill; in Montreal to GILLESPIE, MOFFATT & Co.; in Quebec to JAMES GILLESPIE.
 Quebec, July 27, 1865.

CRATHERN & CAVERHILL,
IMPORTERS OF HARDWARE,
 IRON, STEEL, TIN PLATES, &c., WINDOW GLASS, PAINTS & OILS, 197 St. Paul st., Montreal.
 Agents, Victoria Rope Walk, Vieille Montagne Zinc Company. 2-1y

A. A. BARBER & CO.,
WHOLESALE IMPORTERS OF
HARDWARE,
 4-1y Nos. 23 and 25 St. Sacramento st.

EVANS & EVANS,
WHOLESALE HARDWARE
MERCHANTS, MONTREAL.

AGENTS FOR
HARE'S CELEBRATED PAINTS AND COLORS.

AGENTS FOR
CURTISS & HARVEY'S POWDER.
 7-1y 263 St. Paul street, Montreal.

CHOICE PORTO RICO, BARBADOS, AND
CUBA SUGARS.

THE Subscribers are now landing, and have in Store:

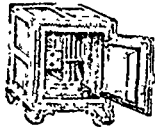
250 hhds } Choice Muscovado SUGAR.
112 brls. }
20 puns " Cienfuegos SYRUP.
20 " Cuba Rum, strong, proof, and fine flavour
15 hhds United Vineyard Proprietors Brandy, pale and dark.
Bags Pimento, Jamaica Lime Juice, &c., &c.

MITCHELL, KINNEAR & CO.,
 No. 5 St. Helen street.
 28th July, 1865. 1-1y

JEFFERY BROTHERS & CO
GENERAL AND COMMISSION
MERCHANTS, 41 St. Sacramento st., Montreal.
 2-1y

BACON, CLARKE & CO.,
IMPORTERS OF WINES, SPIRITS
 CIGARS, &c.,
 St. Peter street, opposite St. Sacramento street,
 6-1y MONTREAL

KERSHAW & EDWARDS,
 ESTABLISHED YEAR 1833.



IMPROVED FIRE PROOF SAFE.

The favor these Safes have won by their many and severe trials during the last quarter of a century, from the fact that not one has ever failed in preserving its contents, thoroughly establishes their reliability, and with recent improvements made during the past two years, we offer them as the most perfect Fire Proof security extant, and free from dampness.

Our Burglar Proof Specie Boxes made of combined iron and steel in a manner peculiarly our own, the steel so highly tempered and placed as to be beyond the reach of, and defy the tools of the most ingenious burglars, and when placed inside of one of our Fire Proofs produce a most perfect Fire and Burglar Proof security. Merchants having large amounts of silver on hand should not be without one

We also manufacture Patent Combination Bank Locks, and the most modern Bank and other securities.

Lists of sizes and prices mailed on application.
KERSHAW & EDWARDS,
 1-1y £2, 84 & 86, St. Francois Xavier street, Montreal.

FURS, HATS, BUCK MITTS, &c.

GREENE & SONS
INVITE inspection to their FALL
STOCK of

LADIES' FURS, MEN'S WOOL HATS,
MEN'S FURS, BOYS' FANCY HATS,
BUFFALO ROBES, WHITNEY CAPS,
BUCK MITTS, &c. SILK HATS,
FURS, SKINS, &c.

HAT and CAP TRIMMINGS, &c.

The attention of the Trade is directed to our Stock this Fall, which is very complete, embracing all the

NEW AND LEADING STYLES,
 among which will be found a large variety of Mens' and Boys' STEEL BRIM RESORTE HATS, which are becoming very fashionable. Samples sent by Express to parties not visiting the city.

Orders promptly executed.
GREENE & SONS,
 1-1y Montreal.

DAVID E. MACLEAN & CO.,

PRODUCE, COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND SHIPPERS. Advances made on all descriptions of Produce, either for sale in this market, or shipment. No. 3 St. Nicholas street, Montreal.
DAVID E. MACLEAN. BENJ. HAGAMAN.
 1-1y THOS. C. CHISHOLM.

WEST BROTHERS,
TOBACCOS. — PLUG, VARIOUS
BRANDS, CUT SMOKING, FINE CUT
CHEWING.

CIGARS.—HAVANA,
GERMAN,
DOMESTIC.
WEST & BROTHERS,
 1-1y Montreal.

MORRISON & SAMPSON,
BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS,
CONVEYANCERS,
SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY & BANKRUPTCY.
 Offices corner Church and Colborne streets,
 TORONTO.

Collections made at all points in Canada West.
ANGUS MORRISON. D. A. SAMPSON.
 1-1y

CHARLES G. DAGG,
IMPORTER AND WHOLESALE

DEALER in British and Canadian Stationery Goods, Writing Papers, Wrapping Papers, Envelopes, Steel Pens, Inks, Pocket Books, Twines, &c.; also, Account Book Manufacturer. Publisher of the National Series of School Books, Canadian and Progressive School Copy Books, Bookbinder, &c. MANUFACTURED FOR, AND NOW IN STOCK, several hundred reams each, of Manilla, Brown, Tea, and Coffee Papers, all sizes. Several tons Straw Wrapping Papers, all sizes. The above goods will be sold at very low prices, and a liberal discount will be allowed to CASH BUYERS.

37 St. Francois Xavier street, Montreal
 Montreal, Feb. 27th, 1865. 7-1y

MULHOLLAND & BAKER, IRON
AND HARDWARE MERCHANTS, offer for sale **PIG IRON,** Scotch (chiefly Govan), Best Refined English, Swedes and Three Rivers IRON; Hoops, Bands, and Sheets of all sizes; **BOILER PLATES,** of best brands and sizes; **Firth & Sons' Cast STEEL,** Spring, Sleigh-shoe, and other steel; Cut, Pressed, and Wrought NAILS, and the celebrated **HORSE NAILS.** AXES of their own and other approved brands. A complete assortment of **HEAVY GOODS, Chains, Anvils, Vices, &c.** An extensive assortment of most saleable **CUTLERY; SHELL GOODS** in great variety, of English, French, German, and American make. **GLASS, PUTTY, OILS, &c., CORDAGE; LEATHER,** and **RUBBER BELTING.**

Also, a first class **SHAPING MACHINE** made by **Smith, Beacock & Tannet, of Leeds, England,** will plane or shape a flat surface 48 x 12 inches, will plane circular work to 30 in. dia. by 12 inches broad, will plane any angle or curve, cost £90 sterling in Leeds, and has been only a short time in use.

243 St. Paul street,
 1-1y Yard entrance St. Francois Xavier street

F. SHAW & BROS.,
TANNERS AND LEATHER MERCHANTS.—Our Leather is tanned at the well-known Roxton Falls Tanneries, under our own superintendence, thereby enabling us to produce an article of superior quality at the least possible cost, which we are prepared to offer to the trade at lowest market prices. All orders promptly attended to. 4-1y

HUA & RICHARDSON,
LEATHER IMPORTERS AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS, have always in Stock an excellent assortment of **FRENCH CALFS, KIDS and PATENTS, &c.** Also a large supply of **O. L. Richardson & Sons' Spanish Sole** and **Slaughter Leather,** for which they are agents in Canada.

Consignments of leather respectfully solicited.
 Sole Agents for Alexander's Kid Gloves.

HUA & RICHARDSON,
 St. Peter st., Montreal.

LEEMING & BUCHANAN,
PRODUCE AND COMMISSION
MERCHANTS,
 St. Nicholas street, Montreal.

Special attention devoted to the Sale and Shipment of **FLAX,** and liberal Advances made on consignments of either Fibre or Seed.

SINCLAIR, JACK & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS, St. Andrew's
Buildings, St. Peter street, Montreal.

Constantly on hand, a large Stock of **TEAS, COFFEES, SUGARS, MOLASSES, SYRUPS, TOBACCOS, DRIED FRUITS, &c., &c., &c.**

Consignments of **BUTTER, PORK, FLOUR, WHEAT,** and other products solicited.
 The Sale of **POT and PEARL ASHES** shall have the very best and most prompt attention.
 Agents for Coote's celebrated **GROUND ROCK SALT,** for Dairy and Table use.

MESSRS. BAUKHAGE, BEAK & CO.
 WHOLESALE IMPORTERS OF

DRY AND FANCY GOODS, have the pleasure of announcing to their Customers and the trade, that they have removed to 481 St. Paul street, a new spacious building, opposite Messrs. Andrew Robertson & Co., and Thos. May.

They beg to draw the attention of Buyers to their well assorted and selected Spring Stock.

KERR & FINDLAY,
WHOLESALE CONFECTIONERS,
 Manufacturers of Gum Drops, Chocolate, and other Cream Drops, &c., &c.
 2-1y 616 St. Paul st., Montreal.

CONVERSE, COLSON & LAMB,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
 TEA DEALERS AND IMPORTERS
 OF
GENERAL GROCERIES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, &c.,
 Corner of Hospital and St. John Streets, Montreal.
 Offer for sale a large assortment of FRESH TEAS,
 now arriving from England, per Steamers via Port-
 land; comprising, Hysons, Young Hysons, Imperials,
 Gunpowders, Colored and Uncolored Japans, Con-
 gous, Souchongs, and Scented Teas; and their usual
 variety of Coffees, Tobaccos, Wines, Brandy, Cigars,
 &c. 1-ly

ESTABLISHED 1842.
STEAM MADE CONFECTIONERY.
 GUM DROPS and JUJUBE PASTE.
 PAN GOODS, and CANDIES of all kinds
 LOZENGES of every description.
 FRENCH CREAM BON-BONS and CHOCOLATE
 CREAM DROPS.

Manufactured and sold at his New Block, erected on
 the Old Stand, 243 (New No. 391) Notre Dame Street.
CHARLES ALEXANDER,
 Wholesale and Retail Confectioner.
 1-ly

FITZPATRICK & MOORE,
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE
DEALERS in Groceries, Teas, Sugars, Wines,
 Liquors, Tobaccos, Cigars, Fish, Oils, &c., &c.
 2-ly No. 4 Lemoine st.

SMITH & McCULLOCH,
MANUFACTURERS' AGENTS
AND GENERAL MERCHANTS,

Importers to order of China, Glass, and Earthen-
 ware; Japanned and Tinware; Hardware and Electro-
 Plate, Plumbers', Photographists', and Chemists'
 Ware, Iron Stable Furniture, Eucastic Flooring
 Tiles, &c., &c.

We are now receiving our Spring consignments of
 China Tea and Breakfast Sets; White Granite and
 Printed Dinner and Toilet Ware; Tumblers, Wines,
 Lamp Chimneys, etc., which we offer for Sale to the
 Trade in original packages.

Office, Sample Rooms, and Warehouse:
 1-ly 18 AND 20 HOSPITAL STREET, MONTREAL.

JUST LANDED,
 EX "HIBERNIAN,"
FIFTY BALES COTTON YARN.

This Yarn is made from American Cotton, and is
 superior in quality to any Yarn in the market.
 Numbers and Weight guaranteed.

ALEX. WALKER,
 4-ly Montreal.

JAMES LOCKHART,
COMMISSION MERCHANT AND
MANUFACTURERS' AGENT, No. 3 St. Sacra-
 ment street, Montreal.

ROBERT SIMMS & CO.,
GENERAL AND COMMISSION
MERCHANTS, 8 Gillespie Buildings, Common
 street. 8-ly

F. H. SIMMS,
MONTREAL IRON WORKS,
MANUFACTURES to Order, and has
 in Stock, Carriage Bolts of all sizes, Nuts and
 Bolts of every description, Rivets, Lifting Jacks,
 Hatchet Braces, Copying Presses, &c., &c. 8-ly

W. F. LEWIS & CO.,
WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS,
 St. Peter st., Montreal. 2-ly

CANADA LIFE ASSURANCE COM-
PANY. Established 1847. Head Office, Hamil-
 ton, C. W. Capital, \$1,000,000. Sums Assured over
 \$4,000,000. Annual Income, over \$100,000. Assets,
 over \$600,000.
 Manager: **A. G. RAMSAY.** General Agent: **I. W. MEDLEY.**

LIBERAL CONDITIONS AND PRIVILEGES.
 Perfect Security, and Rates Lower than those offered
 by English or Foreign Companies.
 POLICIES CAN BE EFFECTED WITHOUT TROUBLE OR
 DELAY.

H. ABBOTT, Agent,
 4-ly 23 Great St. James street, Montreal.

FALL TRADE, 1865.
OUR STOCK will be
COMPLETE IN EVERY DEPARTMENT
 BY THE
TWENTY-FIRST OF AUGUST.
 5-ly **THOMSON, CLAXTON & CO**

GEORGE OFFORD & CO.,
 Contractors for Convict Labor at the Provincial
 Penitentiary.

MANUFACTURERS AND WHOLE-
SALE DEALERS in every description of **BOOTS**
and SHOES, made almost exclusively by hand.
 All orders will receive prompt attention.
 1-ly Offices and Warehouse—Kingston, C. W.

LADLAW, MIDDLETON & CO.,
 Commission Merchants and Shipping Agents,
 Montreal 21,ly

ROBERTSON & BEATTIE,
IMPORTERS, WHOLESALE GRO-
CERS, and General Commission Merchants, corner
 McGill and College streets, Montreal. 8-ly

ROBERT CROOKS & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
LIVERPOOL, ENGLAND.
 Execute Canadian Orders on the best terms, giving
 special attention to the Grocery Department. They
 make liberal Advances on Produce consigned to them,
 and give prompt dispatch to the Forwarding and
 Insurance of Goods. 10-ly

DUNDAS.

OSLER & BEGUE,
BARRISTERS AND ATTORNEYS
AT LAW,
Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries and Conveyancers,
DUNDAS, C. W

OFFICE:—Moore's Buildings, Main Street.
B. B. OSLER, LL.B. T. H. A. BEGUE, LL.B.
 19-ly

LINSEED OIL CAKE FOR STOCK
FEEDING.
LYMANS, CLARE & CO,
 St. Paul Street, Montreal.

LINSEED OIL.
20,000 GALLONS RAW, RE-
FINED, AND DOUBLE BOILED
LINSEED OIL.

For Sale low, for CASH.

LYMANS, CLARE & CO.
PAINTS, PUTTY, AND WINDOW GLASS.
 8-ly **LYMANS, CLARE & CO.**

KINGAN & KINLOCH,
IMPORTERS AND GENERAL
WHOLESALE GROCERS, and Commission Mer-
 chants, corner St. Sacrament and St. Peter streets,
 Montreal. **WM. KINLOCH. W. B. LINDSAY.**
 8-ly

THOMAS MAY & CO., IMPORTERS
 of STRAW and FANCY DRY GOODS, 280 St.
 Paul, and 165 Commissioners street, Montreal. 9-ly

W. GALT HILL & CO.,
GENERAL MERCHANTS,
 AND
COMMISSION AGENTS.
 609, St. Paul street,
 31-ly **MONTREAL**

PENITENTIARY BOOTS AND SHOES.

THE Subscriber, having been appointed
 Agent in Montreal for the Sale of these Goods, is
 now prepared to take orders, which will be filled care-
 fully, and with despatch
A McK COCHRANE,
 31-ly 494 to 498 St. Paul Street.

HENRY J. GEAR,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
 Importer and Dealer in Teas, General Groceries
 Havana and German Cigars. Agent for Dunville's
 Belfast Old Irish Whiskey, 33 St. Peter st., Montreal.
 4-ly

A. ROBERTSON & CO.
ARE receiving, ex "Hibernian," (now
 in Port,) and following Steamers—
 2000 pieces Grey Cotton—
 500 do White do
 2000 do Prints
 —ALSO—

A large assortment of Dress Goods, Cobourgs, Belt,
 Trimming and Oriental Ribbons, Shepherd Wool
 Shawls, Cotton Ticks, Striped Shirtings, Denims,
 Hollands, Canada Baggings, 8-4 Cotton Sheetings, &c.
 which they offer for Sale at a low advance.
 478 St. Paul Street.
 Montreal, 25th October, 1865.

FOLINGSBY & WILLIAMSON,
PRODUCE, COMMISSION MER-
CHANTS, and SHIPPERS, Nos. 17, 19, and 23
 William street, Montreal. Advances made on Con-
 signments of Produce or General Merchandise for sale
 in this market, or for shipment. Personal attention
 given to the sale or purchase of same. 16-

DAVID MORRICE,
PRODUCE & GENERAL COMMIS-
SION MERCHANT,
 Shipping and Forwarding Agent, &c.,
 52 St. PETER STREET, MONTREAL.

REFERENCES:
ANGUS CAMERON, Esq., Pres. Toronto Bank.
E. H. RUTHERFORD, Esq., Vice-Pres. Upper Canada
 Bank.
Messrs. JOSEPH MACRAY, Bros., Montreal.
Messrs. WM. STEPHEN & Co., Montreal.
Hon. Wm. McMASTER, Toronto.
Messrs. HUYCE, McMURRAY & Co., Toronto.
 " **WM. HOSS & Co.,** "
 " **GEO. MICHE & Co.,** "
 " **D. McINNIS & Co.,** Hamilton.

Consignments solicited. Returns made on day of
 sale
 Consignees may draw against property at two per cent
 Montreal market price at time, which will be accepted
 only when accompanied by bills lading, railroad, or
 other receipts.
 Cash advances made on Warehouse receipts of Flour,
 Grain, Pork, Ashes, and general Produce.
 July 21, 1864.

FOULDS & HODGSON,

IMPORTERS OF
 Grey Cottons, Laces, Spoofs,
 White Shirtings, Blouses, Pins,
 Regattas, Handkerchiefs, Needles,
 Prints, Fancy Dresses, Tapes,
 Bed Ticks, Umbrellas, Buttons,
 Denims, Parasols, Combs,
 Silesias, Shawls, Brushes,
 Cobourgs, Hoop Skirts, Hair Oils,
 Orleans, Table Oil Cloths, Colognes,
 M de Laines, Yarns, Soaps,
 White Muslins, Battings, Stationery,
 Jeans, Silks, Brooches,
 Moleskins, Velvets, Spectacles,
 Flannels, Linen Threads, Dolls,
 Blankets, Playing Cards, Mirrors,
 Cloths, Jewellery, Razors,
 Tweeds, Tea Trays, Pocket Knives,
 Vestings, Snuff Boxes, Table Knives,
 Hosiery, Pipes, Chaplets,
 Gloves, Toys, Crosses,
 Braces, Bag Purses, Marbles,
 Ribbons, Pencils, States.

And a large variety of other Fancy and Staple Goods
WHOLESALE
 Perhaps the largest assortment of Goods suitable
 for a General Country Store of any house in the
 Province.
 363 and 370 St. Paul Street, Montreal. 15-ly

W. & F. P. CURRIE & CO.,
IMPORTERS OF PIG and BAR IRON,
 Paints, Putty, &c., Iron Tubes for Gas, Water or
 Steam, Lap-Welded Boiler Tubes, Drain Pipes, Vent
 Linings, Chimney Tops, Roman Cement, Water Lime,
 Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c.
 Young's Buildings, McGill & Grey Nun sts., Montreal.
 1st November, 1865. 12-ly

ESTABLISHED 1837.
BRITANNIA LIFE ASSURANCE
COMPANY, 1 Princes street, Bank of England
 London. Empowered by Special Act of Parliament
 4 Vic. cap. 9.—NOTICE is hereby given that **JOSEPH**
JONES, Esquire, Coroner, has been appointed Agent
 to this Company for Montreal. Detailed prospectuses
 and all requisite information as to the mode of effecting
 Assurance may be obtained on application to the Resi-
 dent Agent, at his office, 34 1/2 Little St. James street,
 Montreal.
 Medical Referee—**JOHN REDDY, M.D.**
 1-ly **ANDREW FRANCIS, Secretary.**

LIFE AND GUARANTEE ASSURANCE.

THE EUROPEAN ASSURANCE SOCIETY,
Empowered, by Special Acts of British and Canadian Parliaments.

HEAD OFFICE IN CANADA—MONTREAL.

In addition to Life Assurance, this Society issues Bonds of Security for persons holding GOVERNMENT, or other situations of trust.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.—Persons for whom this Society is Surety, can Assure their lives at considerably reduced rates.

Life Policy-holders in this Society can avail themselves of the Society's Suretyship, to a proportionate amount at any time, free of expense.

All Premiums received in Canada, invested in the Province.

1-ly EDWARD RAWLINGS, Secretary.

THE LIVERPOOL AND LONDON AND GLOBE INSURANCE CO.

Chief Offices.—Liverpool, London, Montreal.

CANADA BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

T. B. Anderson, Esq., chairman, (Pres B of Montreal)
Alex. Simpson, Esq., Dep. chairman, (ch. Ontario Bk)
Henry Starnes, Esq., (Manager Ontario Bank)
Henry Chapman, Esq., (mer.) R. S. Tylce, Esq., (mer.)
E. H. King, Esq., (General manager Bk of Montreal.)

Capital paid up \$1,350,000; Reserved surplus Fund, \$5,000,000; Life Department Reserve \$7,250,000, Undivided Profit \$1,050,000; Total Funds in hand \$16,250,000.

Revenue of the Comp'y.—Fire Premiums \$2,900,000; Life Premiums \$1,000,000, Interest on Investments \$800,000; Total Income, 1863, \$4,700,000.

All kinds of Fire and Life Insurance business transacted on reasonable terms.

Head office, Canada Branch, Company's buildings, PLACE D'ARMES, MONTREAL.

1-ly G. F. C. SMITH, Res. Secretary.

READY-MADE CLOTHING

RINGLAND, EWART & CO.,
IMPORTERS OF

DRY GOODS, &c.,

Are giving special attention to the **READY-MADE CLOTHING**, and our Fall Goods, for style, quality and finish, will be second to none in the Province.

Our Travellers will call on buyers in every section of Upper and Lower Canada; and we advise those wanting goods got up with taste, and suitable for a Canadian climate, not to purchase before examining our samples.

GENTS' Hosiery.—This department will comprise the latest novelties.

HOSIERY AND GLOVES—A full stock of plain and fancy.

LEICESTER KNITTED GOODS, in great variety.

422 ST. PAUL STREET,

1-ly MONTREAL.

THE COMMERCIAL UNION ASSURANCE COMPANY.

Chief Office, 19 Cornhill, London, England.

Capital, \$12,000,000 Invested over \$2,000,000.

FIRE DEPARTMENT—The distinguishing feature of this Company is the introduction of an equitable adjustment of charges, proportionate to each risk incurred.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.—For the pre-eminent advantages offered by this Company, see Prospectus and Circular—80 per cent. of profits divided among participating Policy Holders.—Economy of management guaranteed by a clause in the deed of Association.

MORLAND, WATSON & CO.,

General Agents for Canada

FRED COLE, Secretary

Office, 385 and 387 St. Paul street, Montreal.

Surveyor—H. MUNRO, Montreal

Inspector of Agencies—T. C. LIVINGSTON, F.L.S.

6-ly

THE COLONIAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL—ONE MILLION POUNDS STERLING

Head Offices—Edinburgh and Montreal.

Manager for Canada, W. M. Ramsay.

Inspector of Agencies, R. Bull.

Income of Company, £144,524 5/6
Accumulated Fund, 556,753

Unconditional policies granted. Claims settled without delay and liberally.

No expenses connected with obtaining policies. Profits divided every five years. As an example of the additions to policies by profits—A policy taken out in 1847 for £1,000 is now increased to £1,310.

Agencies in every Town in Canada.

W. M. RAMSAY,

Manager for Canada.

10-ly

Montreal, 19 Great St. James street.

THE HOME AND COLONIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY, Limited

Chief Office, 69 Cornhill, London, England.

Authorized Capital, \$10,000,000. Issued \$5,000,000.

All kinds of Fire and Life Insurance business transacted on reasonable terms.

Losses promptly and liberally adjusted without reference to England. General Agents for Canada,

MESSRS. TAYLOR BROTHERS

All Premiums received in Canada, invested in the Province.

HEAD OFFICE—CANADA BRANCH,

Nos. 13 and 15 Merchants' Exchange, Montreal.

TAYLOR BROTHERS,

Brokers for Sale and Purchase of Stocks, Securities and Real Estate.

Brokers and Commission Merchants for purchase and sale of Produce.

Special Correspondents for the Merchant Banking Company of London (Limited).

Nos. 13 and 15 Merchants' Exchange, Montreal

10-ly

WILLIAM NIVIN & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND SHIPPING AGENTS,

purchase and sell all descriptions of Produce on Commission, and likewise advance on consignments of same made to their friends in London, Liverpool, and Glasgow.

Also are prepared to import on Commission and on favorable terms, all description of Groceries, Drugs, Oils and Paints, having first class connections in Great Britain for the execution of such orders.

Montreal, St. Sacrament and St. Nicholas streets.

1-ly

THE TRADE REVIEW.

MONTREAL, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 10, 1865.

SIGNS OF THE TIMES.

DURING the past month unusual activity in produce has continued, and we look forward with some curiosity for the Bank statements for October, although it is probable the circulation will not show so large an increase as the transactions in produce would indicate, simply because a large amount of the bills have been returned to the Banks in payment of obligations due to wholesale merchants. Several banks in Western Canada have had their circulation taxed to its utmost. The Bank of Toronto on two occasions ran out of bills and had to borrow from other Banks, while they sent to New York for an increased supply. The Gore Bank also, during the early part of October, had its bills entirely exhausted, and required supplies from sister institutions until they could get new bills. This is an indication of extraordinary activity in trade. The man who would thus time last year have predicted such a result, would have been deemed little less than mad. We understand that the amount of money coming into Toronto and other Western points in payment of farm mortgages, is quite unprecedented, and brokers and investors are experiencing unusual difficulty in finding investments for their surplus funds. It is a most gratifying feature, that farmers are thus enabled to liquidate obligations of this nature, for nothing can so seriously hamper their industry and so inevitably result in embarrassment, than the continuous payment of high rates of interest, with the grip of the money-lender upon their farm. Farm business in Canada is too precarious and not sufficiently profitable to permit the borrowing of money at any thing like the rates of interest hitherto paid, and there is no sign of the times more promising than the ability and disposition of farmers to rid themselves of this class of obligations.

We are told that not over one-half the crop of wheat has yet reached market. Farmers have been so busy during the last two months in disposing of their barley, cattle, sheep, fruit, hogs, &c., that they have had little time to thrash and get out either the Fall or Spring wheat. The receipts thus far of this grain, in proportion to barley, indicate that there is yet a good deal in the country. Prices continue to be exceedingly satisfactory, and the advances in England reported by the *Peruvian* and *Cuba* indicate that our farmers are likely to realize as remunerative rates for this great staple of the country as they have for the other products of the soil. Butter continues very high, and an extraordinary increase in its production is noted in all sections of the country. Cattle, horses, and sheep, are also in most active demand, and

MORLAND, WATSON & CO.,

WHOLESALE HARDWARE MERCHANTS,

Importers of all descriptions of

HEAVY AND SHELF HARDWARE

IRON,

STEEL,

PIG IRON,

PAINTS,

OILS,

GLASS,

CORDAGE

RUBBER and LEATHER BELTING, &c., &c.

Manufacturers of

S A W S .

Circular, Gang, Crosscut, Webs, &c.

Mocock's celebrated

AXES, EDGE TOOLS, &c.

MONTREAL REFINED IRON:

Bars and Sheets, Cut Scrap Nails.

Pressed, Clinch and Finishing, Iron and Zinc Shoe

Bills, Brads, &c.

Agents for Sharpe & Davy's English Gunpowder

Agents for Commercial Union Assurance Company.

Fire and Life, of London, England.

Agents for National Provincial Marine Assurance

Company of London, England.

Warehouse and Offices, 385 & 387 St. Paul street.

Manufactories on Lachine Canal.

1-ly

Montreal.

at first rate prices From every point of view the success of the farmer this year is most unparalleled.

Another good sign of the times will be seen in the first rate payments being made to our wholesale merchants. It is something almost extraordinary. Houses in this city are receiving three, four, six and even eight thousand dollars a-day in payment for last spring purchases, and for cash parcels bought this autumn. There never was a season in which payments were so promptly met, so few renewals sought, and such promptitude generally experienced. It will be a wonderful consummation and one most devoutly to be grateful for, if a single crop should restore the country from such a state of depression as we experienced last year, to a normal and healthy condition. Such, however, is rapidly becoming the fact. Very little overdue paper is now to be met with, and the lawyers and collection agents all complain of the dulness of business. The number of writs issued, and judgments obtained, during the current quarter, will not be one-third of those issued during the same period of last year. Almost every article of merchandize has advanced in price, and all our importers have made excellent profits during the season. Even retail stocks, especially in such staples as dry goods, hardware, and groceries, have considerably appreciated in value, and the general condition of the mercantile community is emphatically one of prosperity. A most important feature too may be found in the fact, that our importations do not yet approach those of the same period of last year. In some few articles of groceries there is a slight increase, but the general totals of the two seasons thus far show a considerable balance in favour of this season. This, at the end of so prosperous a season, implies that the stocks in the hands of importers are not excessive, and as there is a continuous activity in the demand for goods, there is every indication that the stocks in all hands will be barely sufficient for the winter's consumption. In manufactured goods of all classes the same remark holds good, and indeed it is with difficulty that orders are supplied. The general condition of our manufactures is most gratifying, and every one engaged in them is making first rate profits.

Another good sign of the times is the large amount of American capital coming into this country for investment in oil lands. Few persons outside of the oil regions can form an idea of the amount of American capital that has found its way in this direction, not only for the property itself, but also for the erection of steam engines and other machinery necessary for working the wells. Several Western Machine shops are employing fifty men now, where formerly ten only were employed in this description of work. It is therefore exceedingly encouraging to find that from all points of view the signs of the times are propitious and while our farmers, merchants and manufacturers are in this prosperous condition, we have every reason for thankful gratitude for the present, and hope for the future.

THE COMING CRISIS.

EVER since the outbreak of the rebellion in the United States, and the disorganization of the currency of that country, there has been a continual apprehension of a great crisis. It has been periodically predicted that embarrassment and disaster would surely result from the extraordinary increase in the currency, and the continuously unsettled values of all commodities. It was a most natural expectation. Guided by the teachings of history, no other conclusion could be arrived at. The experience of all countries in all ages bore out the impression, and no one has ever conceived that the United States would prove an exception. The vastness of its commerce, the magnitude of the transactions of its merchants, the speculative character of its people, and the reckless extravagance of society, all favoured the conviction that sooner or later a crisis would come, which for extent and magnitude would exceed all its predecessors. But, however natural this expectation, however probable it has appeared, four long years of devastating war have come and gone, and nearly a year of peace, without bringing about the anticipated result. During that period, an expenditure exceeding in vastness all previous experience, has taken place; half a continent has been laid waste; the sacrifice of property and of human life has been unparalleled in history, and a paper currency has been created of unsurpassed extent. Values have fluctuated with the greatest violence, and every element necessary to the creation of a panic has been gradually developing, but without as yet producing any great commercial disaster. No one dreamt that the war could close, and gold tumble from 250 to 139 without producing a crash, disastrous alike to the producer, the merchant, and the consumer; but even this has occurred, and nearly half a year has elapsed, and yet we find no check to the prosperity of the country. Indeed, were we to judge by appearances, there never was a period in the history of this remarkable country, in which prosperity seemed more universal than at the present moment. However artificial it may be, however groundless its basis, and whatever the result, there is no denying the fact that the vast majority of the people of the United States are enjoying a condition of competence and wealth never before experienced, and indeed hardly ever anticipated.

We seek in vain for an explanation of this remarkable state of things. One reason only affords any ground for it, and that is, the hitherto steady adherence to the cash system. As has been before remarked, it was impossible for men to fail unless they owed something. Without any internal indebtedness, and with limited external obligations, it seemed impossible that a crisis should come. The success of the financial system of the United States is unquestionably to be found in the fact that the credit of the Government was substituted for that of the individual. That instead of merchants buying on time, and giving their own notes of hand, they gave the notes of the Government, and that greenbacks and bank bills formed a universal substitute for the promissory notes which hitherto represented the internal commercial indebtedness of the country. The promissory notes of a mercantile community like that of the United States are, under ordinary circumstances, vast alike in number and amount. We have no means of arriving at a correct estimate of their extent, but taking our own country as an example, we find that in the banks alone, there are at the present moment under discount nearly forty-five millions of dollars, an amount equal to the total importations of foreign goods for a year. We have only two millions of people, the United States had over thirty, and a commerce very much more, in proportion to each individual, than that of Canada. It will therefore be readily conceived that the substitution of Government "Promises to pay" for the enormous volume of private promissory notes, acceptances, and bills of exchange, accounts in no small degree for the absorption of the currency. So long as the indebtedness of the Government to the people did not exceed the amount of private internal indebtedness which hitherto existed, just so long was there little reason to fear a crisis from a redundant currency, provided always that the cash system was rigidly adhered to. It is true that the largely increased currency necessitated speculative operations, and that increased values could hardly fail to obtain, but it seemed impossible that any degree of calamity could overtake the commerce of the country, so long as the obligations of the merchants were not, and their assets either in goods or Government issues. The

greatest danger which appeared to beset the American people was, therefore, that of again reverting to universal credit transactions. The currency was ample for the immense commerce of the country, without a dollar of credit. Nothing but evil could come of forsaking the cash system. They were safe just so long as they kept their sails trimmed and owed nothing; but as soon as they permitted the internal commercial credits to increase, in addition to the credit already used by Government, just so soon did the certainty of revulsion become apparent.

Into the adoption of this dangerous policy the Americans appear now to be drifting. The magnitude of their operations in every staple of the land, the high prices, and large stocks of grain, tobacco and general merchandize which are being carried over, and the universal spirit of speculation which is apparent in every article, locks up an amount of capital in the North, which has hitherto been unequalled. The excessive importations, largely overbalancing the limited exports, adds to the amount thus absorbed. The immense necessities of the South, and its poverty in money, opens a much wider field for the diffusion of the amount of currency hitherto confined entirely to the North. So that without an increase in the issue of the Government, the demands upon the currency are vastly greater than they were a year ago. This in some measure accounts for the increase in the use of private credits. We are informed that in New-York and other centres, there is now a much greater disposition to extend business than there was ten years ago; and that instead of thirty day bills for goods, three, four, and even six months' paper is freely accepted. A strong indication of the change in this respect will be found in the fact that the enquires at the Mercantile Agency in New-York, and its various branches, in September and October, were over double those of the corresponding months of the year previous; and the returns of the New-York and other banks, indicate a much increased investment in notes and bills discounted. We cannot but deplore the adoption of this policy. Notwithstanding the war and its retarding influences, the great country up on our borders has made great progress in the last four years, and it is an undoubted fact that the development of many of its resources within that period is largely attributable to increased monetary facilities and the largely increased currency. A gigantic struggle has been successfully contended with, followed by an unexpected condition of general prosperity. But whatever progress it may have made, and however prosperous, as a community, they may be, one result only can follow the abuse of the credit system—and that result is embarrassment and disaster. If they could only be content to permit the government to use that credit for the general good, furnishing the community with a currency at once uniform and safe, and adhere strictly to it as a basis for their commercial transactions, there might be some hope of averting a crisis, but there can be none if, in the face of the fluctuating values and an unsettled financial system, they plunge headlong into the vortex of extended credits. How long it may be postponed, and in whatever shape it may come, it is of course impossible to predict. The coming session of Congress will doubtless witness a great battle between that party which advocate immediate return to specie payments, and the party who seek for even a further increase in the volume of currency. Upon the financial legislation of this session will largely depend the condition of the money market, but aside from the political view of the question, the commercial elements seem all tending towards a crisis. The rise in labour, the cost of production, the extraordinarily high prices, and the large and increasing balance against the trade of the country, are indications that but too plainly point to a day of reckoning not far in the distance. We in Canada have been largely benefited by the prosperity of our neighbours across the line. We have derived all the solid advantages of that prosperity. Let us be careful that we do not share with them the disadvantages which must result from the inflated and artificial condition of their business affairs.

We may watch with the greatest possible interest the great financial drama which is being acted out on the same continent with ourselves; and our people will be only wise in persevering in a conservative policy, cautious trading, reduced credits, and strict economy.

The exports of petroleum from the United States to England from January to August of this year are but 2,300 tons, against 8,850 in the same period of last—a decrease this year of seventy-five per cent.

IMPORTANT INDEED.

IT is announced, apparently on official authority, that the Washington Government have issued instructions to all collectors of lake ports, that as the Reciprocity Treaty will expire on the 17th of March next, they will thereafter exact full customs tariff on all Canadian products hitherto free under the Treaty. This action is of a sufficiently definite nature to convince all parties of the intention of the American Government to abrogate the Treaty. It confirms what we have all along regarded as a foregone conclusion.

We are glad to know that this announcement and other circumstances have at last convinced our Government that some action is necessary upon this question. At a Cabinet Council held in this city on Wednesday, the matter was freely discussed, and we believe a conclusion arrived at that steps should be taken to furnish very full information upon the topic, and arrangements were in contemplation to bring the matter favourably before the American people. We also understand that arrangements are in progress to obtain the fullest information as to markets, to which our products could be sent, other than those of the United States.

DREADFULLY SLOW.

THE Bank statements for the month of September have not yet made their appearance in the Official Gazette. They were due in the middle of October, but owing to the removal to Ottawa the result is not yet before the public. A little foresight on the part of Mr Langton or his staff might easily have prevented this delay. The public are impatient to see the result of the first month of a most remarkable cereal year, and the neglect of the Government officials could hardly ever have been so strongly felt as on the present occasion. We give below the statements of five Banks out of the eighteen:—

Bank.	Circulation.	Specie.	Deposits.	Discounts.
Trenton	2,158,595	1,934,415	11,079,642	11,093,643
Ontario B'k.	1,072,910	667,088	1,658,935	865,995
Com. Bank...	1,278,197	429,694	2,465,170	6,831,570
City Bank...	446,126	330,107	897,235	1,880,001
B du Peuple	106,975	219,484	661,853	1,943,743
	5,062,804	3,740,636	16,762,855	21,679,352

By way of contrast we give here the statement of these five Banks for the previous month ending 31st August:—

Bank	Circulation	Specie	Deposits.	Discounts.
B. Montreal	2,196,692	2,133,942	9,793,655	10,627,309
Ontario B'k	754,181	511,231	1,588,065	3,111,412
Com Bank	999,465	410,918	2,339,000	6,286,132
City Bank	360,701	260,869	859,111	1,674,413
B. du Peuple	69,856	195,929	697,321	1,904,512
	4,380,794	3,512,939	15,177,26	22,086,778

Showing an increase in circulation of \$682,010; in the specie \$227,767; in the deposits \$585,589; while a decrease is noted in the discounts of \$406,826. Of course these incomplete statements afford only a partial indication of the general result

Town and City Property.

The increased prosperity which has so opportunely dawned upon our Province must soon affect the value of real estate. In fact, we hear from Western Canada that already property is beginning to look up. During the past few years City and Town property has been a drug in the market. Some few transactions have undoubtedly taken place, but, generally speaking, men with capital met the request to invest in such property with a shrug of the shoulders. We are glad to note this improvement. In many parts of the country property had fallen unreasonably low—in fact many holders could not begin to realize the amount of their investments. We do not expect, nor could any sensible man desire, a return to the inflated prices of 1856 or 1857, but it is only proper that City and Town property should rise to prices which will enable property holders to realize judiciously made investments, and induce others to invest their surplus capital in a similar manner. If the Province continues to prosper as at the present time, this result must speedily be attained. There is no good reason why the real estate of our Cities and Towns should not be as good an investment as any other, and we think the owners of such property may congratulate themselves that better prospects are before them.

"ENCOURAGE HOME MANUFACTURES!"

How often do these words strike the eye! In flashy bills and splay advertisements, how frequently does "Encourage Home Manufactures" form the most conspicuous line? And yet, how few of those who read them feel that they have either interest or duty in sustaining our Provincial manufactures. This should not be so. Some philosopher has said that he who causes two blades of grass to grow where one grew before, is his country's benefactor. In like manner we regard every man who begins any branch of manufactures, however humble, which can be successfully carried on in Canada; and we hold that he has a claim upon the public support which foreign manufacturers have not, and that whenever he furnishes an article as good and as cheap as that imported, that article should invariably have the preference. "Encourage Home Manufactures" ought not to be—as it too often is—a barren appeal. It ought to meet a cheerful response from the community whenever the manufacturer shows the necessary energy and enterprise to supply the public wants.

We do not intend to enter into a discussion of the mysteries of political economy, but we lay down the broad proposition—that it is the duty of our Government, and of the people individually, to sustain and foster our manufacturing industry in every legitimate manner. It may be true that Canada is essentially an agricultural country. But it is equally true that the sparkling waters of our splendid lakes and rivers—coupled with abundance of raw material—afford unusual facilities for manufacturing; and if we display Anglo-Saxon enterprise and spirit—it we desire to become a great nation—we must avail ourselves of the manufacturing facilities which Nature has bequeathed us, as well as of the wealth of our fair fields and fertile valleys. History would probably have lost the glorious record of Great Britain but for her manufacturing industry, which has rendered her "mistress of the seas," and the workshop of the world. If we desire to strive after similar national wealth and influence, whilst not neglectful of agriculture, let us stimulate and promote that important interest which has been one of the chief sources of Britain's prosperity.

Ten or twelve years ago the manufactures of Canada were very trifling, both as regards extent and importance. But few branches were engaged in, and most of those were in a very sickly condition. About the year 1855, in consequence of the rather lavish expenditure of the Government of the day, the Provincial revenue had to be increased. The finance minister wisely adjusted the tariff so as to encourage our infant manufactures—and what has been the result? Already nearly all parts of Canada resound with the busy hum of manufacturing industry! Formerly the commonest articles in use were imported—thus annually sending large sums of money out of the country. Now we make wholly, or in part, our agricultural and other machinery, our edge tools, our woollens, cottons and linens, our leather, boots and shoes, india-rubbers goods, wooden ware, glass ware, oils, ropes, musical instruments, and many other articles of necessity or luxury. Many of these departments of trade are but partially developed, but most of them are progressing steadily, and promise to become highly prosperous. The number of skilled workmen and the amount of capital engaged in these pursuits has become large, and is annually swelling and increasing. The rapid progress made of late years in manufacturing must be very gratifying to every friend of Canada, and should incline all classes to "encourage Home Manufactures" more strongly than ever.

That it is the "interest and duty" of the community to give a preference to home-made articles, must appear from a moment's consideration. It is the duty of every patriotic citizen to aid in every lawful manner to build up the power and wealth of the state, and in encouraging Home Manufactures, he takes one of the best means to accomplish that end. But in matters of business, interest weighs with people generally more than duty, and right sure are we that the hundreds of manufactories now dotting the face of Canada promote the interests of all classes of our population. They assist in decreasing the drain of gold from the country each year to pay for importations—they attract large numbers of skilled workmen from all parts of the world to swell the number of good citizens—they largely assist us in paying the demands of the public creditor,—and they afford a home market for such that our farmers raise both of raw products and of the necessities of life. These advantages cannot be too highly valued. They lie at the root of national prosperity.

What nation has become truly great and powerful in modern ages without manufactures? The lesson is plain. To "encourage Home Manufactures" is at once our interest and our duty.

The termination of the Reciprocity Treaty, and the opposition of the Americans to its renewal, must show every sensible Canadian the folly of Canada relying solely upon agriculture. No country should rely for its prosperity on a single interest, however important. When this is the case an injury to that interest seriously affects all the branches of trade. Thus might the loss of Reciprocal trade have produced a crisis in Canada but for the extraordinary high prices which the civil war has produced in the United States, and the home market which our manufactures have provided us. But under present circumstances, the loss of the Treaty will be less seriously felt. Did we manufacture all the articles we import at present, we would be comparatively speaking—independent of our American neighbours. The loss of Reciprocity would not be the bugbear it is at present. We would have achieved true national independence. We would have the "balance of trade" in our favour, and would consume most of our agricultural productions among our own population.

But how, the reader may ask, are we to "encourage Home Manufactures"? We reply: by the Government arranging our fiscal policy—at least so long as they have a large revenue to raise—so as to encourage those branches of manufactures already existing, and the establishment of new ones. As individuals we should give Home Manufactures the preference. Let our ladies not disdain to look at Canadian cottons, Canadian hosiery, flannels, cloths, &c.; let our gents cease to worship broadcloth, and feel proud to wear Canadian tweeds! How often is it that our articles of Canadian make—equal in quality and price to any in the market—is passed over for an imported one? This is most unjust, most unwise, and he only is a true friend to his country that adopts a different policy, and "encourages Home Manufactures."

Still Another.

A few weeks ago we drew attention to the "Substantial Progress" of Canadian manufactures, and remarked that it was only when an attempt was made to enumerate their number, extent and variety, that any adequate idea could be formed of them. We are constantly reminded of the truth of this, and almost every day we hear with satisfaction of the establishment or the existence of new manufactures in all parts of the country, the progress and prospects of which are not sufficiently known outside of their own locality. As an instance of this, we may mention the Hamilton Glass Works, a manufactory which for some time has been in successful operation. Some seventy-three persons are constantly employed, and the product amounts to about \$5,000 per month. A great variety of articles in green and flint glass are turned out, and in such perfection, and at such a price, as effectually to shut out foreign importation. Messrs. Rutherford & Co., the proprietors, deserve the greatest credit for their enterprise, and we are glad to know that they are meeting with success quite encouraging.

Freights.

Rates for the Fall season, up till now, have been very poor, nor have we even had any temporary excitement on the arrival of English mails advising a slight advance in prices, which has usually been the case in other seasons. Lifolness has characterised the market all through, and this is not to be wondered at, when we consider the quantity of wheat and corn that have found their way to the other side of the line, the relative prices of flour here and at home, and the depressed state of the Quebec Freight Market.

On account of the low rates for grain and the difficulty of getting freight, one or two vessels have gone to Quebec to load, one has accepted a charter from Three Rivers to Cardenas at 35 cents shooks and 60 cents for nails,—port charges paid,—and another proceeded to Three Rivers to load sleepers for London at 27s. 6d. per load. Some charterers and owners are still hanging on, slow to make the first loss, but heedless of the heavier one that assuredly awaits them by reason of their delay.

The rates by steam to Liverpool and Glasgow are quoted at 6s Grain, 30s Pot Ashes, 40s Pearl Ashes, and 60s provisions, but we expect a less rate could be done for grain, as the last Glasgow steamer loaded on ship's account. By sail 4s is nominally the rate, but we believe 3s 9d was done to Glasgow, and from all appearances lower rates must be looked for before the close of the navigation.

THE UNITED STATES DEBT.

The following is the official statement of the debt of the United States up to end of October, compared with the statement for September:—

	1865.	Oct. 30.	Sept. 30.
Debt bearing coin interest.....	\$1,161,137,691.00	\$1,116,658,191.00	
Interest thereon.....	67,670,910 00	65,001,670 00	
Debt bearing lawful money interest....	1,191,819,787.00	1,260,009,120.00	
Interest thereon.....	71,267,738.00	72,627,646.00	
Debt bearing no interest.....	386,623,359.00	366,591,006.00	
Total debt.....	\$2,740,889,768.86	\$2,744,947,726.17	

The following table exhibits the rapid growth of the Debt for the year ending with July last, when its increase was arrested, and its actual diminution since that period:—

	Principal.	Interest.
June 21, 1864.....	\$1,729,686,263.00	\$7,737,416.00
July 5.....	1,792,867,040 00	73,425,240 00
July 12.....	1,795,683,569 00	73,762,564 00
July 18.....	1,796,368,868.00	73,853,017 00
July 26.....	1,806,623,584.00	76,660,629.00
August 2.....	1,837,492,170 31	79,418,394 01
August 9.....	1,832,049,835 60	74,371,669 07
August 17.....	1,849,914,556 49	76,093,175 66
August 23.....	1,859,284,874.00	76,000,029.00
August 30.....	1,878,665,233 90	77,417,122 63
September 30.....	1,855,953,716 46	81,773,613 12
October 31.....	2,017,699,516.75	85,313,666 63
March 31, 1865.....	2,368,965,077.34	102,734,581.18
May 31.....	2,635,205,763 50	124,683,240 02
July 31.....	2,757,253,275 86	130,252,468 28
August 31.....	2,767,689,571 43	139,031,628 24
September 30.....	2,744,017,726.17	137,623,216.25
October 30.....	2,740,854,758 86	135,938,078 59

It will be seen that although the Government has been disbursing millions in payment of arrears due to soldiers and sailors mustered out of service—they have actually reduced the aggregate principal of the National Debt more than Sixteen Millions of Dollars within the last two months. No doubt, the sales of gunboats, steam and sail transports, and other public property purchased for use in the war, and no longer required, has materially contributed to this result; but they have meantime paid out two dollars in discharge of anterior obligations to soldiers, sailors, contractors, &c., for every dollar received, from these closing-out sales. It is certain, therefore, that they have passed the turning-point, and may henceforth steadily reduce their vast debt, if they but keep out of foreign complications and wars.

It will be seen however that thus far the interest has not been diminished, but rather increased, by the liquidation of indebtedness which formerly paid no interest with obligations whereon interest is accruing. We presume this conversion will have to be carried further, so that, while the principal of the debt will be still further diminished, the interest thereon may be somewhat increased.

Resumed Business.

We have great pleasure in directing the attention of the Grocery Trade to the announcement in another column of the resumption of business by Messrs. Henry Chapman & Co. The numerous friends of this house and the trade generally will be gratified at this result, and we are certain that the firm as now constituted will merit the same confidence and esteem which for so many years was so deservedly enjoyed by the previous one.

Bankers and Brokers at New York.

We direct particular attention to the card of Messrs Adams, Kimball & Moore, Bankers and Brokers, New York. The members of the firm have been well known residents of Toronto for some years, and they enjoy the confidence and esteem of a very large circle of friends, including some of the wealthiest capitalists of that city. Personally we can speak in the strongest terms of their reliability and capacity, and as they command an abundant capital they are entitled to a liberal support.

Retail Trade in Quebec and Ottawa.

It is estimated that about five hundred families have left Quebec with the Government. If each family spent \$1000 a year, and the average would not be below that figure, the loss to the retail trade of Quebec will be equal to half a million of dollars. It is thought however that the loss of this custom will fall to a great extent on the larger and stronger class of retailers who are better able to stand it. On the other hand, the traders of Ottawa, being fewer in number, will be largely benefitted, and a general condition of activity and prospective prosperity is evident there.

THE GROCERY TRADE.

James Austin & Co.
I. Buchanan & Co.
Hao n, Clark & Co.
H. Chapman & Co.
Conroy, Wilson & Lamb.
Jas. Douglas & Co.
Forrester, Muir & Co.
Fitzpatrick & Moore.
Gillispie, Moffat & Co.
H. Hutcheson.
Jeffery, Brothers & Co.
Alinghi & Kinloch.
Law Young & Co.
Locmington & Buchanan.
E. Mitchell, Tyack & Co.

J. A. & H. Mathewson.
H. J. Gear.
Mitchell, Kinnear & Co.
William Niven & Co.
Walter, Douglas & Co.
Rimner, Gunn & Co.
Robertson & Beattie.
David Robertson.
Hoskings & Co.
Sindler, Jack & Co.
Joe, Tiffin & Sons.
David Torrance & Co.
Thompson, Murray & Co.
Alex. Urquhart & Co.
Winn & Holland.

BUSINESS during the week has been active both by auction and private sale; large operations have taken place in the various staples at very full rates. The arrivals of groceries during the week have been large, comprising the bulk of the cargoes of the *St. Lawrence* and *Peruvian*. This contribution will effectually sort up stocks, which have been greatly depleted by the heavy purchases of the past few weeks. The rates at which these fresh importations have been purchased, the lateness of the season, and the activity of the demand, all point conclusively to a firm market. The trade sale of Messrs. Gillespie, Moffat & Co., of teas, &c., passed off with spirit, the attendance was good, and the bidding active; prices realized for Green and Japan teas were fully up to values realized at the trade sale of the previous week, and holders are very stiff at advanced rates, the stock being light, there is not likely to be any concession in prices this season. All the advices from England strengthen views of holders here, another advance is noted in London Market on all desirable grades of 3d per lb. The "Clisy" is reported as arrived in above Market, and all the Greens in the cargo were eagerly taken at advanced rates, and excessive prices given for Moyuno Young Hysons. Coloured and Uncoloured Japans are also much advanced; another 1d is reported in Uncoloured.

SUGARS—Remain steady, with fair demand. The transactions of the week are considerable, with firmness in quotations.

FRUIT—Continues in short supply, with great activity in the demand. The anticipated arrivals are very light, and we are of the confirmed impression that as the season approaches when these goods go largely into consumption, prices must still further advance. Quotations as per next page.

COFFEE—Is very firm, with fair stock and moderate arrivals.

TOBACCOS—The market is only fairly supplied with good sound tobaccos, with slight prospect of a decreased manufacture for a time, in view of the destruction by fire of a leading factory. The demand has revived to a considerable extent, and prices are firm.

FISH—There is a good demand for all descriptions of fish, and prices are high. This arises apparently not so much from any falling off in the supply, as from the fact that all other classes of provisions are scarce and dear. At the trade sale of Messrs. Tiffin & Co., a large quantity was placed at the following rates:—

250 brls extra split Herrings 50s; 250 do do 50s, 140 h do do 50s; 19 do do 50s; 16 brls do round do 50s; 30 do do 50s; 58 do do 50s; 182 do (Hart's brand) do do do 50s; 80 do do do 50s; 90 h brls do do 50s; 5 do do do 50s; 62 kits Macerel 50s; 64 do do 50s; 43 quintals Dry Codfish 50s; 8 do do 50s; 10 do do Cod Oil 80s; 10 do do 80s; 15 do do 80s; 4 brls Dog Oil 70s; 10 puns Straw Seal Oil 80s; 11 do Brown do 70s.

We make the following extracts from the London Tea Report of Floyd, Matheson & Co., of October 24th, by the *Peruvian*:—

"The China Mail arrived on the 16th inst., with dates from Hong-kong 23th, Foo Chow 23rd, and Shanghai 21st August. The total export from China and Japan to Great Britain was then 40,500,000 lbs, against 46,200,000 lbs to same date of previous season, a decrease of 5,700,000 pounds. The arrivals during the past fortnight have been numerous, placing an excellent assortment of goods and fine Congous, both Kailow and Moning, before the trade, and sales have been most extensive; the market closes very firm for all quantities under 2s. 6d. per lb.; which have been taken freely by the country buyers. Scented teas have not been so favorably received, and continue slow of sale, at unsatisfactory prices, though the figures of stock and consumption look well. Considerable transactions are reported in Oolongs, Japans and Green teas for America, and sales show a marked advance in value. The market for Green Teas took a sudden start on the arrival of the "Clisy," and we advance our quotations about 8d. per lb. on all desirable qualities; these high rates have, however, caused most of the export buyers to withdraw from the market, which closes more quietly. Japan Teas have been in great request for America during the past week, the coloured kind advancing in proportion to other Green Teas, and uncoloured to still greater extent, prices hitherto unknown being paid for low grades, which show 100 per cent advance from the lowest point of the market, three months since."

THE DRY GOODS TRADE.

James Hatillo & Co.
Haukhage, Bank & Co.
Wm. Benjamin & Co.
James F. Clark.
John Douglas & Co.
Foulds & Holigon.
Gilmour, White & Co.
Jew Is, Kay & Co.
Joseph May.
Thomas May & Co.

McIntyre, Denoon & Co.
J. Meyr & Co.
Munderloh & Steucken.
Ogilvy & Co.
Higland, Ewart & Co.
A. Robertson & Co.
Stirling, McCall & Co.
William Stephen & Co.
Thomson, Claxton & Co.
Alexander Walker.
George Winks & Co.

THE past has been one of the best weeks ever experienced in this department of trade at this late season of the year. Indeed it has hardly been surpassed by any that has preceded it this year. Quite a number of heavy buyers from the West have been down to attend the trade sales of groceries, and have made purchases of dry goods at the same time. There have also been not a few exclusive dry goods buyers in the market, and the sales during the week took up to a large sum. It is a noticeable feature that the purchases have been largely for the interior, and not so much intended for frontier points as heretofore. From extensive enquiries we are inclined to think that the stocks in the hands of retailers are rapidly diminishing, and that the purchases made so late in the year will not be carried over to any extent. The satisfactory nature of the remittances is confirmatory of this impression. The news by the *Cuba* indicates a further advance of a penny per pound for cotton in Liverpool, but in Manchester goods did not sympathize with the advance in raw material. It is probable that the great activity in manufacture is to be seen in enlarged stocks, and this with the point which prices have reached tends to make the market for goods more steady and less liable to advance. During the week just closed very few goods have come to hand. Three steamers have arrived fetching only three hundred packages—the bulk of the arrivals having been hardware and groceries. It is now a pretty well ascertained fact that any large augmentation of the stock of dry goods is improbable this year. One more steamer only is to come to this port, the rest going to Portland. It is not likely, except for sorting purposes, that there will be any considerable receipts until the opening of spring navigation. Stocks continue to be fully sorted, and the buyers experience no difficulty whatever in making a very general selection. In view of the activity of the trade, and the completion of supplies, purchased at the recent high rates in England, there is no probability whatever of any decline in prices. The market may be said to rule firm for all grades of goods.

COTTONS—Grey cottons have been run upon very largely. Notwithstanding very considerable additions to the stock is not now large; in fact a few weeks like the past would pretty well exhaust it.

WOOLLENS—The appearance of snow seems to have imparted great activity to this class of goods. All heavy winter cloths, overclothing &c., are in improved demand, and selling freely.

COTTON YARN—Considerable arrivals from the States are supplying the demand, which at present is very active, at about 62½ to 65 cents. There is no English yarn in the market.

In other descriptions of dry goods there is no particular change to note, firmness is the prevailing characteristic.

THE HARDWARE TRADE.

Barber, A. A. & Co.
Benny, Macpherson & Co.
Brush, George.
Buchanan, I. & Co.
Crathern & Cawthill.
Currie, W. & F. P., & Co.
Elliott & Co.
Evans, J. H.
Evans & Evans.
Forster, Co.
Fraser, A. H.

Frothingham & Workman.
Gilbert, E. F.
Hall, Joseph N.
Hall, Kay & Co.
Inland, W. H.
Kendraw & Edwards.
Law, Young & Co.
McDougall, John.
Muirhead, Watson & Co.
Natholland, & Baker.
Simms F. H.
Winn & Holland.

ON account of the apparent early closing of navigation this has been a busy week, what with completing back orders, and large ones coming in for immediate delivery.

IRON—The stock is much cut up, and some sizes have now become very scarce. The Rolling Mills have large orders for horse-shoe and other sizes for immediate delivery, and are kept running night and day. The market continues strongly in favor of sellers.

CUTNAILS—Are also scarce, and leading sizes in great demand. There has been a good deal of excitement in the market during the past week.

CANADA PLATES AND TIN—Are firm at quotations, and stocks light.

PRO IRON—is still in great demand, but the difficulty of procuring cheap Western freights keeps down the prices.

SHARP GOODS—Have not been so well cleared out for many years as at present, and stocks are very low.

THE LEATHER TRADE.

Brown & Childs.
Dougall J. & Co.

Hus & Richardson.
Seymour, M. H.
Slaw F. & Bros.

THE business transacted in leather during the week has been pretty fair. There is moderately good enquiry, while the stocks generally are light.

SPANISH SOLE—The demand is not in any way speculative, being only for small lots for immediate consumption.

ROUCH—In good demand. Present stock is not sufficient for the wants of the trade.

WAXED UPPER—The stock is light, no additions of any importance having lately been made to it. Enquiry principally for light, sales of which have been made at 35c. while strictly choice is held at 37½c.

SPLITTS—Fair demand. Stocks rather light.

WAXED CALF—Receipts insufficient for the necessities of trade. Heavy continues to be enquired for.

HARNESS—Less enquiry.

PATENT—Only moderate demand. No change in price.

FRANKLED—Small lots only are sold.

BUFFER—Good demand. Choice lots find ready sale at our quotations.

PURBID—Limited quantity coming forward. Demand continues fair.

SHEEP SPLITTS—Continue as usual. Receipts are quite light. Demand however is good.

HIDES—Receipts better, but not yet large enough to have any influence on prices.

Boot and Shoe Trade.

The usual activity is maintained in this department, and numerous sales have been made of anticipated arrivals from the workshops. Owing to the advanced prices of leather and hides, prices are sure to rule high for several months to come.

Stock Market.

A fair amount of business has been done in Bank Stocks this week, at a slight decline generally on last week's quotations, Bank of Montreal having been sold at 116. City Bank at 102. Commercial Bank at 75½. La Banque du Peuple at 102½. City Gas Stock at 126. City Passengers Railway at 85. Nothing doing in Bonds.

The Currency.

In Canada the currency at present is about twelve millions of dollars, or equal to about six dollars per head. In the United States it is nearly nine hundred millions, or equal to about thirty dollars per head of the population. No wonder that speculation is rampant with such an excess of paper money. The United States currency was officially stated as follows on 31st October:

Government Legal Tenders.	\$633,709,611
Notes of National Banks.	203,877,355
Notes of State Banks (about)	60,000,000
Total Currency	\$897,586,966

Groundless Speculation.

It has taken the Agricultural Department at Washington some two months to find out the truth of what we stated about 1st September—that the wheat crop did not suffer so much from wet weather as was feared, and that the deficit in quantity and quality will not prove to be one-half as large as the August report predicted. The report for October furnishes a most favourable exhibit of the cereal crops for 1865. Of wheat, rye, barley and oats together, there were raised in 1865 385,355,584 bushels, in 1864, 367,891,040, and in 1865 404,710,315 bushels, an increase over last year of 38,918,275 bushels. The yield of hay is more than five millions tons larger than last year. The corn crop is the largest ever raised in the United States. The speculation in grain, based upon the short crop theory, is thus shown to be without reasonable foundation.

The Public Business.

Our Ottawa correspondents inform us that the various departments of the Government have not yet been enabled to resume business. With the exception of the Post Office department, none of them can do anything beyond the simplest correspondence, or can attend to important matters requiring the consulting of documents of record. It is said that a month will elapse before the machinery of Government is again in working order.

MEETINGS OF CREDITORS TO COME.

FOR THE APPOINTMENT OF ASSIGNEES UNDER THE INSOLVENCY ACT OF 1864.

Table with columns: NAME AND RESIDENCE, TO BE HELD AT OFFICE OF, DATE. Lists various creditors and their meeting locations and dates.

ASSIGNEES APPOINTED.

Table with columns: NAME OF INSOLVENT, RESIDENCE, NAME OF ASSIGNEE. Lists insolvent names and their appointed assignees.

STOCK MARKET.

Table with columns: Bank of Montreal, Ontario Bank, Bank of B. N. A., City Bank, Commercial Bank, Bank of Upper Canada, Banque du Peuple, Molsons Bank, Bank of Toronto, Banque Jacques Cartier, Merchants Bank, Gore Bank, Eastern Townships Bank, Montreal Telegraph Co., Richelieu Navigation Co., City Passenger B. Co., Government Debentures, Montreal Harbour Bonds, Montreal Corporation Bonds. Includes closing prices and last week's prices.

RECEIPTS OF PRODUCE.

VIA GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY AND CANAL.

Table with columns: For the week ending Wednesday, Nov. 8th, 1865; From the 1st January to Wednesday, Nov. 8th, 1865; To corresponding period, 1864. Lists various commodities like wheat, corn, peas, oats, barley, rye, and their receipts.

IMPORTS FROM 1st JANUARY.

PORT OF MONTREAL.

We present herewith a table showing the imports at Montreal of the leading items in trade, from 1st January to 4th November of present year, as compared with the same period last year.

Table with columns: 1864, 1865, Decrease. Lists import values for various goods like cottons, woollens, silks, sugars, tea, coffee, hardware, iron.

* There is an increase this year in sugar of 120,303 lbs. or 19 per cent more than last year. † There is also an increase this year in tea, of 60,077 lbs. or nearly 3 per cent more than last year. ‡ In coffee an increase can be seen this year, over last, of 7,305 lbs. or nearly 9 per cent.

WEEKLY PRICES CURRENT.—MONTREAL, NOV. 9, 1865.

Large table with columns: NAME OF ARTICLE, CURRENT RATES. Lists various commodities under categories: GROCERIES, WINE, HARDWARE, SOAP AND CANDLES, BOOTS, SHOES, MEN'S WARE, WOMEN'S WARE, YOUTH'S WARE, PRODUCE, TOBACCO, SPIRITS AND LIQUORS, OILS, PAINTS, FURS. Includes prices for items like coffee, sugar, flour, butter, and various oils.

THE PRODUCE MARKET.

There is no new feature to notice in either Breadstuffs or Provisions. Prices remain firm and without material change in any article. It is, however, highly satisfactory to note the steady and healthy tone of the British markets for every article of human food, so that with a very small additional rise in flour, which is confidently looked for, even that staple, which had almost ceased to be among the number of our exports, will once more resume its place as a leading article of shipment, with a fair prospect of remuneration. This is the more important at this juncture, as with the abrogation of reciprocity we shall shortly have to look to Britain as our main if not only outlet for every article of production, thus reverting to the state of trade that existed among us until the American war, by diminishing production among our neighbours, compelled them to become large purchasers in our markets.

FLOUR—The receipts during the past week, although limited for the season, have exceeded the demand, which has been very moderate. Buyers resolutely resisting any advanced pretensions on the part of holders, and contenting themselves with securing all desirable brands, offering at \$6.20, and only paying in the neighbourhood of \$6.25 for oven known and favourite brands when pressed to fill up barge load for Quebec. The demand from the city trade has been very light for some time past, the complaint being general of small sales amongst the dealers and retailers; holders, however, are firm, and it is not likely that any further decline from rates now ruling will take place. As the advancing tendency of the British market promises soon to reach a point admitting of free export even at existing prices here, which if the case, will impart a healthy stability to the market by creating an outlet less liable to the violent fluctuations occasioned by a variable currency or the contingencies of supply and local demand, thus to a large extent, it may be presumed, obviating those oft recurring seasons of excitement and depression so fruitful of speculation, disappointment, and loss, to which we have been so long subjected. The main enquiry has been for Supers, little being done in the lower grades. Extras are still held considerably above the views of purchasers, and we are therefore without transactions to note.

BAG FLOUR—Is in large supply, and the dealers are purchasing very lightly; holders, however, decline to submit to any material reduction, in the expectation of a demand from the neighbouring district to stock before the close of navigation, which, from present appearances, promises to be an early one.

WHEAT—There are no transactions in Canada Spring; the arrivals are small, and only to millers.

RICE—Continue firm, and in request at from 90c. to 92c. according to quality, place of delivery, &c.

OATS—Are very dull at about 33 to 34c. per 32 lbs.; a decline would enable English shippers to operate at the present low rates of freight; but holders are firm, hoping for a rise in the American markets, which for some time past have been dull and declining.

PORK—Stock very light, and held at unchanged rates.

BUTTER—The receipts are still small, and with a good demand for choice qualities both for Britain and the States, prices are very firm, and in some instances higher rates have been obtained for strictly selected parcels. Medium and ordinary have been for some weeks accumulating in New York, and are only saleable at a very material reduction from the prices of fine. Great discrimination is used by purchasers here, who, while paying full rates for what is fit for retailing out to families, only buy medium at comparatively low prices, holders being as a rule willing sellers of such qualities on the best terms obtainable, as any decline renders them utterly unsaleable.

LARD AND TALLOW—Are both in only occasional supply—sales of small parcels are made at full prices from time to time.

ASSES—Pots have been greatly excited, and sold at prices rising day by day, closing at from \$7 to \$7.50 for Inferiors and firsts. The British Markets have risen to \$2 1/2 but the prices here have gone considerably beyond a shipping point, leaving no margin, so that without a further and considerable rise in England, present rates can hardly be maintained. Pearls have also advanced, but not to the same extent as Pots.

PRICES OF GRAIN.

	Average Prices on							
	Friday Nov. 3	Satur. 4	Monday 6	Tuesday 7	Wednesday 8	Highest prices	Average for week	Closing week 1865
Flour, Superior Extra	7.82	7.82	7.82	7.82	7.82	8.00	7.82	4.80
Extra	7.37	7.37	7.37	7.37	7.37	7.40	7.37	4.54
Fancy	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	4.40
Superfine	6.22	6.22	6.22	6.22	6.22	6.23	6.22	4.17
No. 2	5.22	5.22	5.22	5.22	5.22	5.23	5.22	3.93
Flour	5.12	5.12	5.12	5.12	5.12	5.25	5.12	3.60
Out Flour, 115 lbs.	3.40	3.37	3.35	3.35	3.35	3.40	3.36	2.34
Out Flour, 100 lbs.	4.92	4.92	4.92	4.92	4.92	5.10	4.92	4.57
Wheat	0.82	0.82	0.82	0.82	0.82	0.83	0.82	0.81
Peas	0.82	0.82	0.82	0.82	0.82	0.83	0.82	0.81
Barley	0.82	0.82	0.82	0.82	0.82	0.83	0.82	0.81
Oats	0.39	0.39	0.39	0.39	0.39	0.39	0.39	0.39

MONTREAL WHOLESALE CATTLE MARKET.

The market for the past fortnight has been pretty well supplied, more in superior qualities. We saw a large lot of 201 head, chiefly oxen and steers, bought by Mr. Shannon for the Boston market at prices ranging from \$6.50 to \$7. **Beaves**—Extra \$7 to \$8; 1st quality—\$6.50 to \$7; 2nd do. \$6.50 to \$6.25; 3rd do. \$4.50 to \$5; ordinary, consisting of bulls and refusals of lots, \$3.50 to \$4. **Milch Cows**—Scarcely to be had, and ranged for \$10 to \$70 each, according to quality. **Working Oxen**—\$90 to \$100, and \$120 per yoke. **Yearlings** \$6 to \$8; two year olds \$10, \$20 to \$24; three year old \$24 to \$32. **Sheep**—Extra \$8 to \$10; good do. \$5 to \$7; Sheep and Lambs, by the lot, \$3.50 to \$4.25. **Calves**—Scarce, and prices as yet are nominal. **Hogs**—In very fair demand; some extra sold at \$10, but towards the close the price rose \$10.50 to \$11 for dressed; Live weight \$7 to \$8.25. **Hides**—Brisk; light 6c.; heavy 6c. per lb. **Sheepskins**—\$1.25 to \$1.50. **Tallow**—Rough 7c. to 8c.; no rendered. **Lard**—18c. to 20c. rendered. **Barrelled Beef**—Primo Mess 15 to \$16; Primo \$12 to \$13; Tierces \$27 to \$28.

Immigration Statistics.

The total number of immigrants arrived at Quebec from opening of navigation to end of November this year, was 20,201 against 18,557 last year. Of this number 4,119 remained in Canada, and 12,046 went to the United States.

"BUFFALO ROBES."

CIRCULAR.

HUDSON'S BAY ROBES.

The undersigned have received their supply of FRESH SKINS, which they are selling at following prices:—

No. 1 Selected.....	\$12.00
No. 1 Ordinary, our usual assortment.....	10.25
No. 2 Small Seasonable, and Large Fall.....	8.75
No. 2 Fall and Summer.....	7.75
No. 3 Fall and Summer.....	6.00

Orders promptly executed.

GREENE & SONS,
Montreal.

JOHN Q. ADAMS. | R. J. KIMBALL. | E. D. MOORE.

ADAMS, KIMBALL & MOORE.

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

No. 7 New Street, four doors from Wall Street,
NEW YORK.

Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds, Gold and Foreign Exchange, bought and Sold on Commission.

Four per cent. Interest allowed on Deposits, subject to Draft.

Collections made on all parts of the United States and Canadas.

REFERENCES.

American Exchange Bank, New York.
H. A. Smyth, Pres. Cent. Nat. Bank, New York.
Duncan Sherman & Co., New York.
J. D. Sessions, Esq., Binghamton, New York.
Mechanics Bank, New York.
G. H. & L. Latlin, Chicago, Ill.
Allen Copp & Nisbet, St. Louis, Mo.
C. S. Gzowski & Co., Toronto, C.W.
Ontario Bank, Toronto, C.W.
Molsons Bank, Montreal, C.E.
His Excellency W. A. Buckingham, Gov. Conn.
43-47

NOTICE.

The Subscriber begs leave to intimate that, having been enabled to resume the business of his late firm, he has this day associated with him Mr. JOHN COWAN, and Mr. WALTER H. WOXHAM, who for many years have been connected with him in its management.

The business will be continued under the same name and style as heretofore.
HENRY CHAPMAN.

Montreal, November 1, 1865.

HENRY CHAPMAN & CO.,

IMPORTERS OF

GROCERIES, TEAS, WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS,

TOBACCOES, &c., &c.

AND

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

LLOYD'S AGENTS, &c., &c.

St. John Street, Montreal.

November, 1865.

BAGS.

15,000 HEAVY GRAIN BAGS,

10,000 FINE FLOUR BAGS.

Samples sent by Express.

A. MCK. COCHRANE,
491 to 493 St. Paul st., Montreal.

PRESTON, 1st November, 1865.

THE undersigned will pay the highest Cash Price for FLAX and TOW.

ELLIOTT, HUNT & CO.,
Preston, C.W.

MONTREAL, 1st November, 1865.

THE undersigned will pay the highest Cash Price for FLAX and TOW.

WM. STEPHEN & CO.

J. P. CLARK,

IMPORTER OF DRY GOODS, Wholesale, 162 McGill Street, Montreal,

Has this day (20th October, 1865) received the following Goods, purchased immediately before the late advance in the British markets, and which he will sell to the Trade on favourable terms:—

White Cottons,	L. W. Shirts,
Grey Cottons,	J. W. Drawers,
Striped Shirtings,	Lawn Handkerchiefs,
Checked Shirtings,	Laces,
Prints,	Mitts,
Printed Regattas,	Lined Kid Mitts,
Bed Tick,	Black Glaco Silks,
Demins,	Ribbons,
Roll'd Linings,	Belt Ribbons,
Muslins,	Buckles,
Fancy Flannels,	Belts,
Confederate Grey Flannels,	Asir Nets,
Angola Flannels,	Lombard Hair Pins,
Fancy Dress Goods,	Warp Trimming,
Whicoys,	Bugle Trimming,
Alpacas,	Ball Buttons,
Cobourgs,	Hosiery,
Bantheas,	Braces,
Italian Cloths,	Lined Kid Gloves.
French Delaines,	

41-44

ASPHALTE ROOFING FELT,

SHIP SHEATHING FELT,

WATERPROOF INODOROUS FELT,

HAIR FELT FOR COVERING BOILERS AND STEAM PIPES,

Manufactured by McTEAR & Co., Belfast.

THIS FELT is the Cheapest Roof

that can be made, costing one-fourth the price of Slates, and much less than Tin or Sheet Iron, while it makes a most durable light roof, and requires very little support. It is much used as a lining under Slated or Tiled Roofs, zinc or lead Flats, and under floorings, to protect the ceiling beneath from wet or damp, and at the same time deadening sound. It is a valuable lining for Granaries, Warehouses, etc., as rats, mice, insects, or other vermin will not touch it. This Felt suits any climate, as it does not crack from change of temperature, and being non-conducting, resists the heat of the sun and the cold of the frost.

KIRKWOOD, LIVINGSTONE & CO.,

Agents for Canada.

33 St. NICHOLAS STREET, }
Montreal, 14th Sept.

A. T. DRUMMOND, B.A., LL.B.

BARRISTER, ATTORNEY, SOLICITOR, &c.

OTTAWA, C.W.

Collections made and returns prompt.

REFERENCES PERMITTED TO

John Redpath & Sons, Montreal.
Honble. A. Campbell, Commis. Crown Lands.
Adam Hope, Esq., of Buchanan, Hope & Co., Hamilton
John Fraser, Esq., of Fraser & George, Kingston.
W. Ferguson & Co., Kingston.

GREY DOMESTICS,
BALES 30, 33 and 36 INCHES; in Bond or Duty paid.

LEWIS S. BLACK & CO.,
33 St. Nicholas Street.

JHON M'GLASHAN. | J. W. MUSSON. | J. C. GEDDES.

McGLASHAN, MUSSON & GEDDES,
General Commission Merchants,

OFFICE 198 SOUTH WATER STREET, CHICAGO.
REFER TO
Bank of Montreal..... Chicago.
Armour, Dole & Co., C. B. & Q. Elevator... Chicago.
Col. R. B. Mason, Land Dept. Ill. Cen. R.R. Chicago.
Advances made on Consignments.

39-52

ANDREWS, BELL & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS and
SHIPPING and INSURANCE AGENTS, 7 INDIA
BUILDINGS, Fenwick Street, Liverpool.
Having large experience in buying for the Canadian
market, they invite orders for TEAS and GROCERIES,
and hope to give satisfaction in the execution of any
commands entrusted to them. Produce consigned to
their care will receive special attention. Goods expeditiously
forwarded on the most favourable terms.

REFERENCES.
Messrs. Robt. Crooks & Co., Liverpool.
" Robinson & Fleming, London.
" Peter Houtoul, Son & Co., Glasgow.
" Abasalom Watkin & Son, Manchester.
" Rimmer, Gunn & Co., Montreal.

BARBADOS AND CUBA SUGAR.
NOW LANDING, ex WILD HUNTER,
from Barbados—
220 hhds Choice Sugar

—TO ARRIVE—
250 hhds Bright Grocery, ex "Rover," from Cuba
800 barrels and h-fbris No. 1 Fat Split Herrings

—IN STORE—
11hds Pale and Dark Brandy, United Vineyard Pro-
priators
Bags Pimento, puncheous Limejuice
&c., &c., &c.

MITCHELL, KINNEAR & CO.

STEAMER
FOR KINGSTON, TORONTO,
HAMILTON and INTERMEDIATE PORTS.
The Steamer "Indian" Vaughan, master, will leave
for the above Ports on Monday evening, Nov. 13.
17- **JAQUES, TRACY & CO.**

DICKINSON'S
OTTAWA, RIDEAU AND LAKE CHAMPLAIN
FORWARDING LINE.

Stock composed of 11 Steamers and 45 Barges.

THIS old and well-established LINE
is prepared to receive Freight as formerly at
reduced rates.

For LOCAL FREIGHT between MONTREAL,
OTTAWA and RIDEAU CANAL, four First Class
Steamers will afford a daily departure from MON-
TREAL and OTTAWA (Sundays excepted), thus se-
curing greater despatch than formerly; and connect-
ing at Ottawa with the Upper Cabin Passage and
Freight Steamers "City of Ottawa" and "Bytown,"
running between OTTAWA and KINGSTON, affording
four departures per week from each place.

For Transport of Sawed Lumber and other pro-
perty to and from all Ports on Lake Champlain and
to Quebec, an efficient Line of Tug Steamers with
Barges will as formerly be employed.

For particulars, apply to GEO. HEUBACH, Acting
Agent, Montreal; JAS. SWIFT, Agent St. Lawrence
Wharf Kingston; JAMES RATH, Agent, Smith's
Falls; W. D. WADDELL, Agent, St. Peter Street,
Quebec; or to the Proprietor, M. R. DICKINSON,
Canal Basin, Ottawa. 17-

J. T. HOPE & CO.,
AGENTS FOR SHOE AND LINEN
THREADS, GILLING AND WRAPPING
TWINES.

GEORGE EDMONDS & CO., Agents for Needle and
Fish Hook Manufacturers.

W. J. STEWART, Manager.
Office, No. 315 St. Paul st.

CHAS. GAREAU,
WHOLESALE CLOTHIER,
62 McGill st., Montreal.
3-1y

McINTYRE, DENON & CO.,
IMPORTERS OF STAPLE AND
FANCY DRY GOODS.
25-1y 6 Leinoine st., Montreal.

WM. STEPHEN & CO.,
GENERAL DRY GOODS
AND
5-1y CANADIAN TWEEDS

GILLESPIE, MOFFATT & CO.,
**EAST AND WEST INDIA, GENE-
RAL AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS.**
Agents for
The Phoenix Fire Insurance Company of London.
The British and Foreign Marine Insurance Company
of Liverpool.
Hunt, Roope, Teage & Co., Oporto.
Bartolomei Vergara, Port St. Mary's.
Otard, Dupuy & Co., Cognac. 4-1y

FORESTER, MOIR & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE
DEALERS in TEAS, TOBACCO, and GENERAL
GROCERIES.
St. Helen and Beccollet streets,
MONTREAL.
Sole Agents for the Sale of Messrs. McDonald, Bros.
& Co.'s Manufactures of Tobacco. 5-1y

SIDNEY & CRAWFORD
OFFER FOR SALE
D. ANDERSON & SON'S (Belfast) PATENT
ROOFING FELT.
THOMAS BRAMWELL & CO.'S (Gatehead-on-Tyne)
VENETIAN RED AND COLOURS.
MUSPRATT'S MANUFACTURES.—CAUSTIC
SODA, SODA ASH, &c.
ITALIAN MARBLE IN SLABS. 25-

LEEMING & BUCHANAN,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
St. NICHOLAS STREET, MONTREAL.
Special attention given to the sale of Flour, Grain,
Butter, Ashes, Leaf Tobacco, and General Provisions.
For the sale of Flax Seed and Fibre we are prepared
to offer every facility and advantage that American or
British markets afford, having extensive correspon-
dence in each country. Liberal advances made on
every description of produce consigned to our care.

GEORGE DENHOLM,
COMMISSION MERCHANT.
Advances made on all descriptions of Country
Produce. Personal attention given to the sale and
purchase of the same, and of General Merchandise.
Office—No. 33 St. Nicholas street, Montreal.
12-1y

WINN & HOLLAND,
GENERAL COMMISSION
MERCHANTS.
15-1y 31 RENAUD BUILDINGS, Foundling Street.

F. W. HENSHAW,
GENERAL MERCHANT & DEALER
in POT and PEARLASHES, and other Produce.
No. 10 ST. SACRAMENT STREET,
5-1y (opposite Merchants' Exchange, Montreal.)

J. BAILLIE & CO.,
IMPORTERS OF DRY GOODS,
426 and 428 St. Paul street, corner of St. Paul and
St. Francois Xavier streets. 12-1y

JOHN BURRELL,
COMMISSION MERCHANT.
Consignments of Flour, Butter, Pork, Grain,
Ashes, &c., &c. will receive personal attention.
Place of Business central, and suitable for the sale
of all descriptions of Produce.

REFERENCES:
Messrs. Havilland, Routh & Co., Montreal.
Messrs. Jaques, Tracy & Co., Forwarding, Montreal.
W. L. Eager, Esq., Beef and Pork Inspector, Montreal.
J. H. Henderson, Esq., Montreal.
Jas. Logan, Esq., Montreal.
Geo. Robinson, Esq., London, C. W.
12-1y 22 and 24 Foundling street, Montreal.

FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,
"Blood's" Scythes, "Moore's" and American
patent, G German, Cast and Silver Steel. "Moore's"
do. do. all sizes. "Higgins" do. do. "Foxes" G S and
G S Sickles and Hooks. Hay and Straw Forks,
Snailsh, Rakes, Scythe Stones (various kinds), and
Grindstones. Also a large and well-assorted stock of
General Heavy and Shelf Hardware, at very low
prices.
BENNY, MACPHERSON & CO.,
No. 452 St. Paul street, Montreal.
12-1y

OGLIVY & CO.,
IMPORTERS OF STAPLE AND
FANCY DRY GOODS,
291 St. Paul, cor. St. Peter st., Montreal.
2-1y

STIRLING, McCALL & CO.,
IMPORTERS OF
BRITISH AND FOREIGN
DRY GOODS, WHOLESALE,
Corner of St. Paul and St. Sulpice streets,
7-1y MONTREAL.

E. E. GILBERT,
CANADA ENGINE WORKS,
Is prepared to execute orders for
Oil Boring and Pumping MACHINERY
Portable and Stationary ENGINES
ROLLING WORK, SMITH WORK, and
Heavy Furnace FORGINGS
Hoisting MACHINES
HYDRAULIC PRESSES, &c.
—ALSO,—
Has on hand, several Second-hand
ENGINES AND BOILERS
Which will be sold low. 23-1y

C O D O I L.
150 BARRELS
PRIME GASPÉ COD OIL,
FOR SALE BY
June 2. **ALFRED SAVAGE & SON,**
12 St. John Street.

J. MEYER & CO.,
WHOLESALE IMPORTERS OF
DRY GOODS AND FANCY GOODS.
405 Broadway, 511 St. Paul st.,
New York. Montreal.
Sole Agents for the Genuine Duchesse Gloves.

ROBERT MILLER,
(Late R. & A. Miller.)
PAPER MAKER, WHOLESALE
STATIONER, Bookbinder and Account Book
Manufacturer, Importer of and Dealer in Wall Papers,
Window Shades, School Books, Bibles, Prayer Books,
and Church Services.
Agent for Lovell's Series of School Books.
Printing and Wrapping Papers, of all qualities and
descriptions, constantly on hand, or made to order.
Works—Sherbrooke Paper Mills, Sherbrooke.
Warehouse—60 St. Francois Xavier street, Montreal.

REMOVAL,
JOSEPH N. HALL & CO.,
WHOLESALE HARDWARE MERCHANTS,
HAVE
REMOVED TO No. 500 ST. PAUL STREET,
1-1y Corner of St. Peter Street.

THOMAS A. CRANE,
COMMISSION MERCHANT and
GENERAL AGENT,
19 St. Sacrament street,
21-1y Montreal.

W. F. FINDLAY,
**ACCOUNTANT, OFFICIAL ASSIG-
NEE, INSURANCE & GENERAL AGENT**
11 King street, Hamilton, C. W.
Special attention given to INVESTMENTS. 21-1y

S. P. YEOMANS,
SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY AND
**BANKRUPTCY, ATTORNEY, NOTARY, CON-
VEYANCER, &c.**
Office—over the new Post Office, Goderich, C. W.
Collections promptly made. 21-47

TORONTO AUCTION MART,
ESTABLISHED 1851.
**WAKEFIELD, COATE & CO., AU-
CTIONEERS and COMMISSION MERCHANTS,**
WILLIAM WAKEFIELD, King st., Toronto.
FREDERICK W. COATE.

THOMAS HANFORD,
AUCTIONEER & COMMISSION MERCHANT
ST. JOHN, N.B. 27-

RIMMER, GUNN & CO.,
OFFER FOR SALE,
TOBACCOS—500 boxes choice 10's, various brands.
 100 " " 5's, "
 400 " " lbs., "
TEAS—Young Hysons, Gunpowders, Oolongs, Imperials, Congous, Souchongs, and U. C. Japans.
FRUITS—Sultana, Layer, and M. R. Raisins, boxes, halves, and quarters, and Turkey Figs, 3lb. boxes, French Prunes, in kegs.
WINES—Lacave's, Lopez', and Ysa's Sherries; Lacave's, Olley's, and Osborne's Ports; Perrier's Champagne; Claret, Hock, Absynthe.
BRANDY—Martell's, Dulary's, and United Vine Growers' Co.'s, in hhds. and cases;
 together with a variety of **GENERAL GROCERIES.**
 Montreal, 26th May, 1865. 1-ly

JOHN REDPATH & SON,
SUGAR REFINERS,
 MONTREAL. 7-ly

LEWIS, KAY & CO.,
IMPORTERS OF STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,
 1-ly Nos. 275 and 277 St. Paul street, Montreal.

GEORGE S. SCOTT,
TEA AND GENERAL BROKER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT.
 Corner Exchange court and Hospital street, MONTREAL. 1-ly

Engraving and Lithography in all its Branches.
BURLAND, LAFRICAINE & CO.,
 Successors to GEORGE MATTHEWS,
ENGRAVERS, LITHOGRAPHERS & PRINTERS.
 67 St. Francois Xavier street, opposite the Post Office, Montreal.
 Corporation, Railway, and other Bonds, Certificates of Stock, Maps, Plans, and Insurance Policies, Bills of Exchange, Cheques, Drafts, Notes and Circulars, BILL, NOTE, AND LETTER HEADINGS, in every style.
 Wedding, Visiting, and Business Cards, Coats of Arms, Crests, Monograms and Book Plates, engraved and printed in the newest styles.
 Seals, Presses, Dies, Door Plates, Silver Ware and Jewellery, engraved at moderate rates.
 Note Paper and Envelopes embossed and printed with Crests, Monograms, &c., in every color.
 Drafts, Cheques, Notes, and Bills of Exchange for general use, kept in Stock, Wholesale and Retail.
BURLAND, LAFRICAINE & CO.
 Montreal, 1st Februa., 1865. 1-ly

WM. BENJAMIN & CO.,
WHOLESALE IMPORTERS OF DRY GOODS,
 1-ly - No. 377 St. Paul street, Montreal.

JAMES AUSTIN & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
 Importers of Teas and General Groceries. Advances made on consignments of Produce.
 181 St. Maurice st.,
 Near McGill st., Montreal. 3-ly

W. W. STUART,
COMMISSION MERCHANT AND PRODUCE DEALER,
 For the Purchase and Sale of Flour, Grain, Provisions, and Produce generally.
 Office 16 St. Sacrament street, Montreal. 5-ly

CUVILLIER & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS, BROKERS, AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
 Advances made on Consignments.
 Office—No. 13 St. Sacrament street, MONTREAL. 5-ly

S. H. & J. MOSS,
 Successors to Moss & Brothens,
WHOLESALE CLOTHIERS AND IMPORTERS OF WOOLLENS, beg to intimate to their Customers that they will REMOVE on the 1st MAY to their new and commodious Warehouses, Nos. 5 and 7 **RECOLLET STREET,** Montreal. 10-

THOMPSON, MURRAY & CO.,
 42 ST. SACRAMENT STREET, MONTREAL,
 Offers for sale—
TEAS—Young Hysons, Twankays, Souchong, Congou, Colored and Uncolored Japans.
WINES—"Quarles, Harris & Co.'s" Port; "Park's" Madeira; "Pau & Dastis" and Portilla Sherries; Burgundy and others.
CLARETS—(In wood) "St. Julien" and "Montferand." (In bottle) "Chateau Bellevue," "St. Julien," "St. Estephe," Medoc, Chant Lafite, Grudet, and other brands.
CHAMPAGNE—"De Venoge & Co." Her Majesty, Green Seal, Gold Lac, and Carte Blanche. "Jos. Perrier, Fils & Co.," Silbery, and "Ay. Moresscauk." "G. H. Mutin & Co." Cabinet, Gold Seal, and Verney.
LIQUEURS AND CORDIALS—Maraschino, Rum and Swedish Punch, Booncamp, Raspberry Vinegar, Verbena Cognac, Cherry Cordial, Prepared Cocktail, &c.
BRANDY—J. Denis, Henry Mounie & Co., (in wood and bottle.)
GIN—J. T. Beuker's Beaver Brand (in wood and cases.)
JAMAICA RUM.
OLD TOM—Thin's and Flett's.
SCOTCH WHISKEY—In wood and bottle.
GUINNESS' EXTRA STOUT—Quarts and pints.
BORDEAUX VINEGAR.
 Davidson's Patent Table Salt; Bi Carb. Soda; Copperas; Brimstone and Flour Sulphur; Blue-Button, Ball; Queen & Thumb's Soap; Steel & Son's Liverpool Crown Brand; Salad Oil; Pickles; Sauces; Blacklead,—"Hares" and North Colour Co.; Bath Bricks; Sago; Wine Bottles in crates; Pails, &c., &c.
 Sole Agents for Wolff's Schiedam Schnapps. 1-ly

FERRIER & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN HEAVY HARDWARE, IRON AND STEEL, Nails, Paints, Oils, Window Glass, Zinc, &c., and MANUFACTURERS OF ROPE.

SHELF HARDWARE,
 English, American, French and German. Complete in all its branches.
 Sample Rooms, Offices, and Warerooms:
 Nos. 24, 26, 28
 St. Francois Xavier Street,
 MONTREAL. 1-ly

ALEXR. BUNTIN & CO.,
PAPER AND ENVELOPE MANUFACTURERS AND WHOLESALE STATIONERS.
 196 St. Paul and 51 Commissioners streets,
 MONTREAL.

BUNTIN, BROTHER & CO.,
 3 and 4 Commercial Buildings, Yonge street,
 South of King street,
 TORONTO.

JAMES BUNTIN & CO.,
 King street, East,
 HAMILTON. 1-ly

LOVELL'S SERIES OF SCHOOL BOOKS.
REDUCTION IN PRICE:
 Lovell's General Geography..... 70 cts.
 Easy Lessons in do. 45 "

JUST PUBLISHED:
A SCHOOL HISTORY OF CANADA AND THE OTHER B. N. A. PROVINCES.
 by J. George Holguin, LL.B., F.R.G.S.
 PRICE 50 CENTS.
 A comprehensive summary of British American History, during the past three hundred years.
 For the Library as well as the School Room.
 For sale by all Booksellers.
JOHN LOVELL,
 Montreal, May 5, 1865. 1-ly

British American Varnish Works.
R. C. JAMESON & CO., Manufacturer
 of VARNISHES, Japans, &c., 9 St. John st., Montreal.

OUTSIDE VARNISHES.
 Best Wearing Body Varnish, Fine Body Coach do., No. 1 Carriage do.
INSIDE VARNISHES.
 Best Flowing Varnish, (Turpentine and Benzine), Best Polishing do., do.; Pianoforte Polishing do., do.; White hard Copal do., do.; No. 1 Furniture do., do.; No. 2 Furniture do., do.; Scraping do., do.; Room Paper do., do.; Danar do., do.
JAPANS.
 Baking Black Japan; Baking Brown Japan (for tinware, &c.); Quick Drying Black Japan (or Brun Black); Gold Size Japan (Brown Japan or Japan Drier.)

MISCELLANEOUS.
 Black Walnut Stain; Rosewood Stain; Pure Shellac Varnish; Copal Spirit Varnish; Best Black Leather Varnish, No. 2 Black Leather Varnish, No. 2 do. do., in bottle; Spirit Knotting; Spirits of Turpentine; Refined Benzine.
 Any of the above articles put up in quantities to suit. 1-ly

DAVID TORRANCE & CO.,
EAST AND WEST INDIA MERCHANTS,
 1-ly MONTREAL.

LAW, YOUNG & CO.,
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Published by W. B. CORDIER & Co., every Friday.—
 Office, St. Nicholas street. Post Office address,
 Drawer 401, Montreal. Printed by JOHN LOVELL.