

# The Weekly Colonist.

THIRTY-FIFTH YEAR.

VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA, FRIDAY, JANUARY 20, 1893.

VOLUME XXXV, NO. 6

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## CAPITAL NOTES

### Lands Recently Acquired by the Dominion Government in the Peace River Country.

Cape Breton Coal Mines and Their American Owners—Dalton McCarthy in Town.

(From our own Correspondent.)  
OTTAWA, Jan. 12.—William Ogilvy made an able report to the Department of the Interior on the lands in the Peace River country which the Federal authorities had acquired from British Columbia, and shows that the lands are extremely valuable, rich in timber and minerals, and are suitable for agricultural purposes.

All the Ministers have gone to Toronto except Hon. Messrs. Foster and Olinde. The local Ministerial Association insist that the American syndicate is an alien license this year.

Mr. Dalton McCarthy is in town. He declines to discuss politics. He says he will address his constituents on the 25th inst.

The Woodward electric storage battery was tested here to-day. It was a success. The acquisition of the coal mines of Cape Breton by an American syndicate is an accomplished fact. This was brought about by Provincial legislation last summer, regarding which a strong petition was presented to the Government for dissolution.

H. M. Whitney, of Boston, representing the syndicate, is here urging a speedy decision. OTTAWA, Jan. 13.—At the Department of Justice it was ascertained that several petitions had been presented for the disallowance of Nova Scotia's Mining Act, on the ground that the legislation was confiscatory by increasing the royalties on coal.

Mr. Whitney, a leading member of the combine, is a brother of ex-Secretary Whitney. The inland revenue increased \$80,000 last month.

An order-in-council has been passed extending the facilities by which settlers may obtain a patent to lands in the railway belt of British Columbia. A new form of affidavit was adopted, which will be required to be made in support of a claim for homestead entry in the railway belt by persons who have not previously obtained a homestead entry.

### FROM SEATTLE.

Great Northern Railway Service—A Defaulting Cashier—Football Between Tacoma and Seattle.

SEATTLE, Jan. 12.—(Special.)—The Seattle High School football eleven goes to Tacoma on Saturday to play a team in that city. Accommodation being on the Great Northern will begin running between here and Spokane in a few days. Freight traffic between here and St. Paul will open on January 20.

Thomas B. Earle, the defaulting cashier of the Transfer Co., has been sentenced to one year in the penitentiary. Drink led him into debt and he embezzled \$400. A branch of Kesey Institute is opening up in the city, and attracts attention.

### WINNIPEG WIRINGS.

The Anglican Synod Plans to Resist Any Attempt to Restrict the Public Schools.

WINNIPEG, Jan. 12.—(Special.)—In the Anglican Synod today there was an interesting discussion on "Godless Schools." A motion was passed almost unanimously as follows: "Resolved, that while this Synod would gladly see a larger measure of religious teaching in our schools than at present prevails, it trusts that every effort will be made, both by the educational authorities and by the Christian public generally, to render the existing regulations on the subject as widely operative and efficient as possible; that whatever changes in the school policy of this province may in future be required for the satisfactory solution of the educational problems with which, as a province, we have to deal, this Synod stands pledged to resist to the utmost any attempt to secularize our public schools."

W. R. Marshall, of Deloraine, who had been at home attending to his sick children, dropped dead while nursing his little girl. The latter also died a few minutes later.

### MINING CASUALTY.

Twenty-seven Men the Victims of a Premature Shot.

DENVER, Jan. 12.—A special concerning the mining accident on Como says: News of the accident spread like a flash over the little town of King, and a rescuing party was at once organized. A telephone call for assistance was also sent to Como. Danger was to be feared from the gas yet remaining, but the adventurous leaders braved their way and were heroically followed by miners and citizens. Twenty-seven bodies were found in the chamber where the premature shot exploded. They were found in all sorts of agonizing conditions. The slow work of carrying the dead to the surface then commenced. In the meantime the shaft was surrounded by crowds of women and children, relatives of the miners. There are about 300 people at King, and the heads of all families are employed in the mine, which gives work to about 200 men.

### IN A TYPHOON.

Perils of a British Ship on Her Way from Japan to San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 12.—The British ship Thomas A. McLennan, has arrived, 25 days from Hakodate, Japan, with a cargo of 2,519 tons of sulphur, after a stormy voyage. The ship sailed on Dec. 6, on the 10th she was in a typhoon and a high sea kept the decks filled to the rail with water for 24 hours. Great damage was done on deck; an immense sea tore the main and fore hatches from their fastenings and allowed water to enter the hold. Another

## PANAMA'S SCANDAL.

### Millions Spent in Remunerating Senators, Deputies and Other Influential Men.

### Nothing Astonishing in the Large Profits Made by the Contractors.

PARIS, Jan. 12.—The court room was crowded again to-day at the resumption of the trial of the Panama defendants. M. Rostignol, accountant for the Panama company, was examined, President Ferrier remarking that the accounts must have been recast before being submitted to examination. M. Moncheur, liquidator of the Panama company, deposed that Ferdinand de Lesseps had disregarded all warnings, and insisted on proceeding with the Panama enterprise regardless of cost. The expenses were excessive throughout. Baron de Reinach and Messrs. Levy and Cremerieux were deposed to pay for a certain amount to be given to the company in its scheme, but he was certain de Reinach retained the greater part of the funds entrusted to him for this purpose.

President Ferrier at this juncture turned to Charles de Lesseps and reproached him severely for having permitted this.

Engineer Rousseau next described his method of inspecting the canal, on which he had based the famous report, which was in fact suppressed. He also stated that Ferdinand de Lesseps had the blindest faith in his own good fortune, and had supreme confidence and discretion in the management of work on the canal in all the branches.

Judge Ferrier received with evident suspicion some of M. Rostignol's statements, given at the Panama trial to-day. When Rostignol said that M. Moncheur would well keep, Judge Ferrier interposed: "But M. Eiffel's accounts were manipulated; certain items were transferred to the wrong column with a view to minimizing the total profits." M. Rostignol began to explain his statement, but Judge Ferrier cut him short with the admonition, "Confine yourself to a plain statement of facts instead of arguing the matter."

The presiding judge was still more severe in his treatment of Charles de Lesseps. M. Moncheur had stated that Baron de Reinach spoke in the blood of the company by obtaining enormous sums with which to bribe senators and deputies and other influential men. "You had no confidence in his morality," said Judge Ferrier. "No; but he was very clever," said de Lesseps. Turning to Charles de Lesseps, Judge Ferrier inquired sharply, "And how did you understand that Baron de Reinach used these enormous sums to bribe senators and deputies and other influential men?"

A number of persons, however, offered assistance to the great work of the distribution of the money. "That is, you gave them the dirty job which you preferred not to do yourself, but provided them with the means of doing it," said de Lesseps, who was then asked to explain the distribution of the money.

San Francisco, Jan. 12.—According to the Hong Kong Daily Press, the Archduke Francis Ferdinand of Austria will be in San Francisco the latter part of June. He is making a tour of the world in the cruiser Kaiserin Elizabeth. Among the officers with him is the Archduke Leopold of Tuscany. India will be the first place visited by Francis Ferdinand. The cruiser will then go to Java and Batavia, and from there to Australia. From the South Seas the Royal party will visit Hong Kong, Canton and Shanghai, and go thence to Japan. At Tokyo the Archduke will be the guest of the Mikado. The Kaiserin Elizabeth will then be dismissed and the travellers will come to San Francisco on one of the Occidental and Oriental steamers. The Archduke will travel inognito through America and will visit the World's Fair.

### ROYAL TRAVELLERS.

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### DEBAINED OUT.

A Lake in Mexico Suddenly Disappears, Completely Dried Up.

DURANGO, Mex., Jan. 12.—The overland mail brings news that a most remarkable occurrence, the disappearance of Laguna Madre, one of the most beautiful sheets of water in the state of Chihuahua. This lake was about 30 miles long and 12 wide. It was situated at the foot of the Sierra Madre mountains. The surrounding country is fertile and well cultivated. A few days ago there was a series of slight earthquakes which felt in that section. It was during one of these seismic disturbances that the water was started to recede. The water was caused by a large crack which is supposed to have been caused by the earthquake. The water evidently found an outlet into the ocean through an underground passage, and the flow from the springs which fed the lake now passes into this new outlet.

### ROYAL KIDNAPPING.

Attempt to Steal the Prince of Montenegro Prevented, But With Considerable Bloodshed.

BUDA-PEST, Jan. 12.—Despite official denials the Pest-Hirlap insists upon the truth of the reports concerning a plot to kidnap the Prince of Montenegro. The plot was concocted in Cetinje, the capital of Montenegro, says the Hirlap, and was of clerical origin. It was discovered just before its maturity, but desperate efforts were made by the conspirators to carry it into execution. About 200 men started for the palace to seize the prince. Warning was received at the palace, already doubly guarded, and all the military in the city were called out. The soldiers met the conspirators a short distance from the palace and began firing at once. The conspirators, who were all armed, returned the fire and tried to charge through the troops, but were repulsed. After 38 conspirators had been killed and 80 had been wounded the attempt to seize the prince was abandoned. Some 20 of the injured were arrested, the rest fled. Subsequently, says the Hirlap, 28 priests were arrested for having led in the attempted execution of the plot.

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### The Government Declare That the Coal Miners' Strike is Solely Due to Conscienceless Agitators.

BERLIN, Jan. 12.—In the Reichstag Herr Leibknecht, one of the leaders of the Social Democrats, questioned the Government regarding the condition of the working classes in Germany. Dr. von Boetticher, Secretary of the Imperial House

## RELATIONS WITH THE U. S.

### The Governor-General Speaks on the Trade Question—His Confidence in Canadian Loyalty and Patriotism.

CHATHAM, Jan. 12.—(Special.)—The Governor-General, in replying to an address presented to him regarding Canadian relations with the United States. He implored his hearers to reflect on what had been said by thoughtful Canadians on the subject. He would recommend them to accept the advice of Hon. David Mills, and not harbor their suspicions, and in accord with the trust and best sentiments of a loyal and patriotic people.

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405 Government St. V.I. Tel. 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to your Lordship. The motion was sent under the seal of the Court, but in the sending of his mind any intention of your Lordship or to the... to your Lordship or to the... to your Lordship or to the...

From the DAILY COLONIST, Jan. 18. THE CITY. The City of Victoria. The incorporation of Victoria as British Columbia's fifth city is daily gassed.

there was nothing in them prejudicial to health or life, and in about it was a tolerably healthy association, and so to Mayor Beaven, now re-elected, he looks ten years younger than when he first became Mayor.

THE RIFLE ASSOCIATION. Annual Business Meeting Largely Attended—Affairs of General Interest Discussed. Good Prospects for a League Team for Victoria—The Council for Next Season.

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS. Candidates of the Citizens' Association in the Wards Prove Generally Successful. Mayor Beaven Secures a Second Term—Full Returns of the Voting.

appointed his successor yet, but shall do so without delay. When the appointment of the new manager will come some radical changes and improvements in the working of the company, particularly with regard to the tramway department, the service of which has not of late been giving, but the company have not yet recovered from the effects of the last winter, which destroyed their power houses and the machinery.

Installation of Officers and Advancement of the Building Project. Vancouver Lodge No. 5, A.O.U.W., and Sullivan Lodge No. 8, met last evening for the installation of officers, in the rooms of the former, Deputy Grand Master Workman Warren presiding. The following were installed: Vancouver Lodge—M. M. Myer, M. W. W. M. Turpel, F. D. Fulton, O. R. Sealey, Recorder; W. Jackson, F. J. O'Neil, Secretary; G. G. McArthur, M. D. Gleason, I. W. M. Silver, O. W. Sullivan Lodge—Edward Bragg, P. M.; George Phillips, M. W.; Alexander Stewart, F. W. E. Berridge, R. E. McDonald, Recorder; A. E. Westcott, F. J. W. Fleming, O. M. Graham, G. K. Johnson, O. W. M. Thomas, I. W.

Important Announcement. Incorporation of the B. C. Coal, Petroleum and Mineral Co. Formally Gazetted Yesterday. Objects of the Corporation, Whose Capital is Fixed at Four Millions. Last evening's issue of the B. C. Gazette notes the incorporation of the B. C. Coal, Petroleum and Mineral Co., Ltd. Ltd. The object for which the company is formed is the acquiring, by purchase, from the Crown's Nest Coal and Mineral Company, Limited Liability, all their real and personal property for the sum of four million dollars, to be paid in fully paid up shares of the company, and for the purpose of acquiring coal lands and lands producing coal oil and other lands, and working them in a workmanlike manner for the purpose of getting and mining coal and coal oil and other minerals therefrom, and selling or leasing the same; and also for the purpose of guaranteeing the debentures or bonds to be issued by the British Columbia Southern Railway Company for the construction of the said railway from Michael Creek, Crown's Nest Pass, to the International boundary, and thence to connect with some railway in Montana, United States of America; such guarantee to be limited to \$25,000 per mile for 170 miles of railway. The amount of capital stock of the company is \$4,000,000, divided into 40,000 shares of \$100 each. The three trustees named to conduct the affairs of the company for the first three months are Messrs. W. C. Pemberton, E. G. Prior, and James Fernie, all of Victoria; the office of the company will be in this city, and the period of the company's existence is limited to 50 years.

UNVARNISHED CORRUPTION.

Scandalous Developments in Panama Matters—Statements by de Lesseps and Others. The Directors Long Ago Warned by Officials of What was Going On.

THE RIFLE ASSOCIATION.

Annual Business Meeting Largely Attended—Affairs of General Interest Discussed. Good Prospects for a League Team for Victoria—The Council for Next Season.

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

Candidates of the Citizens' Association in the Wards Prove Generally Successful. Mayor Beaven Secures a Second Term—Full Returns of the Voting.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.

Incorporation of the B. C. Coal, Petroleum and Mineral Co. Formally Gazetted Yesterday. Objects of the Corporation, Whose Capital is Fixed at Four Millions.

THE DIVISIONAL COURT.

Before the Chief Justice and Drake, J. Dec. 9, 1892. More v. Smith and Paterson. This action was commenced on the 5th November, 1892, by the holder of a protested promissory note, against Paterson, the maker, and Smith and Drake, the endorsers. The writ was issued under order XIV, Drake, J., on the 21st Nov. The plaintiff obtained leave to amend his writ by adding an endorsement to the effect, viz: presentment, dishonor, and protest thereof to the order, and on the same day served the defendant Smith with the amended writ (by service on his solicitor).

MARINE MOVEMENTS.

Another Steamer Out This One for the Japan Coast—The Kingston on Her Old Time. The steamer City of Kingston arrived on her old time sailing and will call here instead of at Tacoma until the coal bins at the latter place are put in proper shape, when it is understood she will continue taking freight. She brought as cargo 178 head of sheep, about 500 sacks of flour and several tons of miscellaneous articles.

MR. HIGGINS HAS RESIGNED.

The Combined Work of Speaker and Managing Director Found to Be Too Laborious. Hon. D. W. Higgins has resigned his position as Managing Director of the National Electric Tramway & Lighting Co., his resignation to take effect to-morrow. The Board of Directors are now considering the question of appointing a manager to succeed him.

After the excitement. The declaration of the poll yesterday was successful, candidates rejoiced and gave expression to their feelings of thanks. The Mayor and Councilors all assured their supporters that the trust reposed in them during the past year would be wanting on their part to secure the city prosperity.

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DR. PEARCE'S Cream Baking Powder. The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder—No Ammonia; No Alum. Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

THE CITY.

At the Philharmonic Hall. On the 27th and 28th inst. Philharmonic hall will be the scene of two first-class concerts...

For the World's Fair. The Jona brought down from the Union mines yesterday evening two very fine blocks of coal intended for the World's Fair...

New Map of British Columbia. The Dominion Publishing Co. of Vancouver, are issuing their new map of British Columbia...

Ballet at Duncan's. The annual ball at Duncan's on Friday was one of the most successful ever given in this city...

A Big Festival. The Clayton ladies are enjoying a big festival, and blankets are the order of the day...

A Detective Fine. At 10.50 yesterday morning an alarm of fire took the chemical out to No. 14 Meares street, where the blaze was located in the residence of Mr. J. Mcintosh...

The Theatre Club. There was a big attendance at the weekly meeting of the Theatre Club at Harmony Hall, on Friday night, and the light fantasia having been tripped to the music of the band...

The Synagogue School. Operations have commenced on the Synagogue school-house, and work will be continued until the completion of the job...

Down for Treatment. A couple of days before Christmas Mr. D. A. Leaney, a merchant of Leaden, while out hunting, met with an accident which, though painful, was almost a miraculous escape from death...

Mr. and Mrs. Constable. The marriage of Manager John W. Constable in this city on Friday has created a little sensation in the South side of town...

A Disagreeable Mistake. The horse and buggy found tied up at the Leland House on Friday night, was yesterday morning claimed by Mr. J. G. Brown, of Saanich...

Like Sardines in a Box. "Like sardines in a box," is the description given of overcrowded Chinatown by one who has been there many a time...

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SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

Preparations for the June Tournament at the Traps—The Union Gun Club's Meeting.

Lacrosse Prospects for the '93 Season—Yesterday's Events on the Football Field.

ENTLEMEN with whom trap shooting is a favorite pastime will learn with pleasure that the prospects for the season of 1893 in Victoria are unusually bright...

The Victoria Football Club held an enthusiastic general meeting in room 23 of the Five Sisters block on Friday evening last...

The secretary of the Union has been instructed to communicate with the Victoria Club, with a view to joint action in making preparation for the tournament of the Sportsman's Association of the Northwest...

There are now fifteen clubs enrolled in the Association, representing Montana, Idaho, Washington and British Columbia, and it is expected that five more clubs will apply for admission during the tournament...

The June meeting will last three days, and it is indicated that about one hundred of the crack shots of the Northwest will be here. The two clubs in this city will go into the contest with strong teams...

The Victoria Parliamentary Debating Society will resume their sessions after the Christmas adjournment in the Sir William Wallace hall on Wednesday evening of this week...

THE VICTORIANS '93 TEAM. The team to represent the Victoria Lacrosse club in the battles of '93 will be comprised of the following players...

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NEWS OF THE PROVINCE.

Fatal Accident at Wellington—Another Old Snap Coming—Bachelors' Ball.

Vancouver's Municipal Elections in Jeopardy—Trades and Labor Council Proceedings.

Special to the Colonist. VANCOUVER, Jan. 19.—Ebenzer L. L. held a meeting on Thursday at which a vote of thanks was passed to Rev. Mr. Hobson for a lecture explaining the struggle taking place in the Church of England for the maintenance of protestant and reformation principles...

The installation of the officers of Loyal Pacific Lodge No. 92, O.E.F., M.U., took place last evening in the Temperance Hall, Richards street, Bro. J. Ramsay, D.D.G.M., conducting the ceremonies...

The Horticultural Society of Fruit Growers met on Wednesday and Thursday evening last in the hall of the Victoria Club, for the purpose of electing officers for the coming year...

Arthur Haffey stole a gold watch from H. B. Warren, Lulu Island, and sold it to Mr. Levi, in this city, for \$25, afterwards concealing the watch in a letter to Warren...

Papers will be served on Monday which may invalidate the municipal election in one ward in the case of the Comstock Nevada...

The Trades and Labor Council held its regular meeting last night. The matter in reference to the alleged sub-letting of the McMillan city hall was discussed...

WESTMINSTER, Jan. 14.—The case of Spring vs. Sullivan was settled last night by Judge Drake giving judgment in favor of the plaintiff for \$131. Spring asked \$1,875 for services rendered Sullivan while the latter was attending the celebrated Hoggs country, in which he figured so prominently...

A number of tramps from the American side, who found their way into town this morning, have been driven back by the police. The tramps were seen in the vicinity of the river this morning, and had to come back to the American side...

The Chilliwack municipality has given \$50 to the Royal Columbian Hospital. A case of smallpox was reported at the Mission last night. An officer who was in the vicinity of the Mission last night, reported that he had found no smallpox in the rumor...

Arrangements have been made whereby the steamer Surrey will carry all the Great Northern mails across the river, to and from Vancouver. The installations of all the Old Fellows and A. O. U. lodges in the city took place during the present week...

NANAIMO, Jan. 14.—John McMillan, shot lighter in No. 5 shaft, Wellington colliery, met his death this morning at 7 o'clock. While testing a bad roof with a pick a mass of rock gave way, crushing him to death...

A Chinaman, named Jim, was convicted of supplying whiskey to Indians. The usual fine was imposed. The first meeting of the new Council will be held Monday evening...

DUNCAN, Jan. 14.—The bachelors of Cowichan held their annual ball last Friday, and it was, without exception, the most successful dance ever held in the district. The hall was prettily decorated and the floor was perfect...

REVIEWING Mr. Grant Allen's clever translation of the Attis of Catullus, the Saturday Review tells the following story: "Sir Richard Burton was exploring an unknown corner of Afghanistan, and had adopted the disguise of a Mahomedan fakir. He played his part so well in one village that the inhabitants formed a very high opinion of his sanctity..."

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MARINE MOVEMENTS.

Capt. Lorentzen, of the Bark "Majestic," Among the "Missing"—His Last Summer Boast.

Lumber Cargoes for the South—Still One More Scaler Off for Japan.

When Collector A. R. Milne last summer recommissioned with Capt. Lorentzen of the bark Majestic, upon his treatment of the British sealers whom he brought here from Petropaulof, he said to the hard-hearted American skipper: "Doesn't it ever strike you that you may be shipwrecked yourself some day; how would you like to be treated then as you have treated these unfortunate men?"

Lorentzen laughed and shrugged his shoulders. "Me get wrecked," he said, "I'll take my chances. He took his chances for the Majestic was old and none too seaworthy. She was chartered to carry Puget Sound lumber to San Francisco, and sailed with a full cargo before the end of the month. The crew numbered thirteen men, and the captain and mate each had his little daughter with him to bear his company."

"A SECOND CALIFORNIA." What a Pioneer of the Coast Thinks of British Columbia's Mineral Wealth.

J. M. Davis, the San Francisco capitalist who came here to invest in mining properties in British Columbia and Alberta, said to the "butcher" I had to return on account of the weather. I have travelled over a considerable portion of British Columbia, and I think that the country will yet prove a second California so far as the precious minerals are concerned. In the Selkirk range and Kootenay country and big bend of the Columbia, there are untouched bonanzas greater than the Comstock Nevada or those of Leadville. There are rich gold mines in the Cariboo and Stikton country as far north as the Arctide ocean. In most of these districts the cream has been skimmed in the shape of the rich placer diggings of the early days. But it cost nothing to work even these deposits then, and now the civilization is getting nearer and the cost of living and working in those districts cheaper, renewed attention is being directed to these old districts.

The Phantom towed the schooner May Belle out of port yesterday morning. The Belle, with Capt. Harris in charge and a crew of 29 all told, is bound for the coast, being the third of the Victoria schooners to get away. Two or three other schooners belonging to the fleet will probably sail tomorrow.

ROUND FOR CALIFORNIA. The San Francisco steamer Walla Walla took on the following cabin passengers at this port yesterday morning: W. H. Ellis, Miss Rose Ellis, Miss N. Withrow, L. J. Springer, W. W. Wise, an infant, Miss E. Charles, Mrs. E. Swain, Miss Langley, Miss K. Langley, Mr. Bay, A. J. Langley, Mrs. J. A. Baines, and Mrs. D. M. Oshin and child.

E. P. Miner, who had such good luck last year, will again command the Seattle sailing schooner Henry Dennis this season. The schooner will be towed to Victoria, and will be towed to the coast by the Victoria schooners. The schooner will be towed to the coast by the Victoria schooners.

THE TEACHER'S TASK. (Brooklyn Eagle.) Close observation shows that teaching is one of the most wearing occupations for women. Even the hard-working clerk, typewriter, journalist or seamstress, with longer hours and more drudgery employment, keeps her health and strength better through five years of continuous service than does the average schoolteacher. The girl who begins with asset carriage and rosy cheeks will be seen in the course of a few years to have lost both. Much of this is attributed to the nervous strain necessary for the regular routine of governing often an unruly class and at the same time teaching the required studies. But, all being for teaching is hard work, with no entering into the reasons, certainly nothing should be neglected which adds physical comfort to these positions of honor, filled many times by earnest women who strive by enthusiasm in their work by a noble example to make teaching a profession.

It would seem to be absurd to declare it is their right to occupy only rooms which can be properly heated and ventilated, and yet it is not too strong a statement to say that, to the writer's knowledge, one girl last winter owed a severe attack of pneumonia to the low temperature of her room, while others suffered more or less from the same cause. Because these are conditions over which the teachers themselves have little or no control, they should be all the more carefully attended to by those who do.

There is another consideration, however, for which they themselves are responsible, and that is the middley luncheon, which is very apt to be a basket affair, eaten as rapidly as possible in order to go on with school work, or as one teacher said, "She took a bite while correcting papers which had to be ready for the afternoon session." The full hour's rest at noon should be enjoyed; when possible a breath of fresh air and a few minutes' walk will make the duties of the afternoon easier. A great drawback in Brooklyn to a warm luncheon is the lack of suitable restaurants. Even in New York a woman's luncheon is a comparatively new institution in the business world, but they are appearing one after another. As a rule those frequenting these places have their accustomed seats and a pleasant hour is spent eating and chatting with friends. When it is inconvenient to leave the building some change should be made, if only from one room to another, and the full hour's rest should be taken.

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COLLETT'S PURE POWDERED LIME

PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST. Ready for use in any quantity. For making Best Portland Cement. All kinds of Plaster. A. W. COLLETT, Victoria.

One or more Surgeons of the National Surgical Institute. No. 319 BUSH ST., SAN FRANCISCO. WILL BE AT Oriental Hotel, Victoria, MAY 14 & 16.

Deformities of Children, Diseases of the Spine, Hip and Knee Joints, Paralysis, Piles, Fistula, Catarrh and Chronic Diseases.

Tommy enjoys his cake or has an unparalleled bigger plateful of pudding the few minutes when Tommy's ownership flames are moments that comfortable feelings. But there comes a time when Tommy's ownership flames are moments that comfortable feelings. But there comes a time when Tommy's ownership flames are moments that comfortable feelings.

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SEE GLOVES B. W. I.

Special to the Colonist. FANCIES FOR THE After the Festive Season—Vanities of Spirit.

Fashion Gives a Happy Fur Period—Black Indispensable.

New York, Jan. 19.—The festivity of Christmas time decided that all in the season's luxuries, its frivolities, and the plans for turning over a new leaf.

It is the same feeling a wedding. Who hasn't the guests are gone, the page bottles, flowers, pressing; the preparation long has led up to the turn becomes a thing then reaction sets in.

Reaction, a word that of all kinds of feet annoy, disgust, move, why must these engaged in some form or of youngest among us, after joyments?

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B. WILLIAMS & COMPANY, 97 JOHNSON STREET.

ET'S... STROGEST, BEST... Surgical Institute... Oriental Hotel, Victoria... MAY 14 & 16...

100 YEARS... AN'S FRIEND... OINTMENT... ALTERATIVE PILLS... BLOOD AND SKIN...

ELLIS BROWNE'S... CHLOROXYNE... ONLY GENUINE... PATENTED...

ELLIS BROWNE'S... CHLOROXYNE... ONLY GENUINE... PATENTED...

BILL NOTICE... given that application will... Bill...

FANCIES FOR THE FAIR... After the Festive Season Comes Reaction—Vanities and Vexations of Spirit.

Fashion Gives a Happy Variety—The Fur Period—Black Satin an Indispensable.

New York, Jan., 1893.—After the festivity of Christmas time there comes a decided flatness that all the indulgence in the season's luxuries, the reviewing of its frivolities, and the inevitable good plans for turning over new leaves cannot destroy.

It is the same feeling that comes after a wedding. Who hasn't experienced it? The guests are gone, the debris of champagne bottles, flowers and cake is depressing; the preparation which took so long has led up to the climax, which in its turn becomes a thing of the past, and their reaction sets in.

Reaction, a word that means a combination of all kinds of feelings, weariness, ennui, satiety, disgust, repentance, remorse, why must these always be experienced in some form or other, even by the youngest among us, after the keenest enjoyments?

Tommy enjoys his cake or his candies, or has an unparalleled "lovely time" with a bigger playful of pudding than usual, the few minutes when Tommy spoons his flaming pudding and toys with a sense of unaccustomed ownership among its liquid flames, are moments that will never be exactly reproduced in the remainder of Tommy's short life.

plateful of pudding no longer seems to him a most desirable thing, when any body else may have it and there is no generosity in the gift thus bestowed. Some people will say that Tommy has over eaten himself, but it is not exactly that. Tommy probably thought, with Doctor Johnson (though he didn't know it),

"Catch, then, on that the train left hour. Improve each moment as it flies. Life's short summer—man, a flower. He dies—alas! how soon he dies!"

drapery, with the front panel braided or embroidered, is the generally designed for matrons, while the Empire seems more expressly for maidens. The collars that decorate the Charles the Second gowns, may almost be called capes, they are so deep. These collars allow of a good deal of non-decoration, and are sometimes quite stiff with jet beading.

Every thing of course is trimmed with fur, gowns, coats, and caps; and still another rule without exceptions is that everything, no matter what garment, has something about it of black satin. The cape a collar or lining, the coat a little, the cape a collar or lining, the coat a little, the finish of black satin is seen on every garment. It seems to give an air of refinement to every thing.

LA BARON DE BRÉMONT.

NO INTERFERENCE. [St. Paul Florence Press.] The report is made public again, this time with emphasis and an apparent basis of fact beneath it, that the president is about to send a message to congress advising such restrictions of the privileges now granted to Canadian roads as would practically exclude them from the American carrying trade.

The proposition is that congress shall put an end to the privilege of shipment in bond over Canadian routes. This would be practically a prohibition of all international railway traffic; since the annoyance and expense of transit under the present conditions would be such as to cut out the Canadian routes from American business. It would be, very like, a "blow at Canada;" but what we want to strike is a blow at Canada, for, nobody knows.

When at last the three bolts were in position and screwed up "beam-gears" were fastened to an adwardship beam near the bow under the beam to take some of the strain.

An extra ring was finally put around the shaft right over the break and between the two rings that now held the shaft. This also was screwed up taut, and it held very well. The engine was started, but the strain proved too great, and the head of one of the bolts that had been inserted gave way.

It is simply inconceivable that any congress should ever forbid by law the people of the United States to enjoy the advantages of all the railway competition within their reach. And this is all that this interference could mean. The Canadian Pacific and the Grand Trunk, which are the principal foreign corporations having entrance here, are valuable in assisting to secure to our people lower rates of transportation.

that the Canadian Pacific considers itself bound by the interstate commerce law. Being a government road, and having the entire country at its back, so to speak, it could play hard with the management of its line, so far as it has displayed no such intention.

THE UMBRIA'S BROKEN SHAFT.—The accident which kept the ocean racer Umbria of the Cunard line so long at sea developed one interesting feature. The line was broken at a point where the shipyard's powerful assistants and the engineers of the Umbria repaired one of the great steel beams that helped drive the screw, patching the break so well that the line was used on the voyage to New York under her own steam.

To accomplish this mechanical feat the Umbria's engineers bored through 180 inches of steel at the stern of the ship on December 23 and 6 o'clock on December 26. Ten men did the work, and during every hour of the seventy-two five of them were working. They slept and worked six hours alternately.

Another electric signal for ships approaching coast lines in fog has been tried with some success by Mr. Charles Stevenson. An intermittent current is passed through a cable laid in deep water at some distance off the shore, and when a vessel crosses the cable an instrument on board detects and indicates the current.

A NOVEL COATING FOR SHIPS' BOTTOMS.—An idea of Mr. J. Bridges Lee, of London, is being made by a German company. They are very durable. The writing is as clear as that made with ordinary pencils, and it can be erased with a wet sponge.

Like other large animals, the elephant is being exterminated. Reproduction is slow, while the hunters are slaughtering 75,000 a year in Africa. Mr. A. G. Povel, F. Z. S., suggests an effort to induce the hunters to capture the animals alive and saw off the tusks. The tusks are solid, and the process would be a humane and painless one.

MAGNETIC STORMS.—If the inference of Lord Kelvin be true, it may be necessary to discard the favorite idea that magnetic storms, or disturbances of the earth's magnetism, are connected with the sun spots. The sun and the planets are probably all permanent magnets—the sun much the mightiest of all.

On Friday, November 18, engine 925 of the Central of New Jersey, the Vaclain four-cylinder compound, which several months ago made a record of 91 miles an hour, travelled a mile in 37 seconds, and two consecutive miles in 75 seconds, thus beating its own record as well as all others. This was done with a regular train of four cars, going east, between Fairwood, N. J., and Westfield, the grade being 32 feet per mile, descending.

SCARF CAME FROM SEEDS.—Since the interesting discovery that cultivated forms of sugar cane have not entirely lost their power of producing seed, experiment have been begun with a view of improving the important plant. During the two years several hundred seedling canes have been raised at Barbados, Java and New Guinea.

PRECAUTIONS AGAINST CHOLERA.—The Local Government board have notified the town council of Liverpool that they are about to hold inquiry, embracing all that portion of the Mersey estuary within the customs ports of Liverpool and Runcorn, with a view to the sanitary administration of the river in a better state of preparedness to deal with cholera.

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GOLD EXPORTED FROM AMERICA.—WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—Mr. Foster, Secretary of the Treasury, in an interview regarding the heavy gold shipments said: "The situation is satisfactory. Last month the exports of gold amounted to \$7,000,000, but the Treasury lost \$500,000. The reserve limit is fixed at \$100,000,000, but the Treasury has \$24,500,000 over the amount.

FRANCE AND RUSSIA.—The Convention Between Them Provides for an Immense Armament—Each to Have Twelve Million Soldiers.

NEW YORK, Jan. 14.—The will of Jay Gould was admitted to probate yesterday. Special Guardian Reolin R. Van Hook, gave \$800 and Special Guardian M. A. Pond \$1,000 for services in the probate proceedings by Surrogate Remond.

WINNING WIRINGS.—The New Bishop of Qu'Appelle—A Calgaritan's Claim on the United States.

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as on any other subject. Alderman Hunter, at a public meeting held on the 3rd inst., justly complained of the state of the streets, and of the material used in repairing them. Alderman Baker, in reply, asking what could be used other than crushed rock. It seems to have escaped the attention of these gentlemen, and of ratepayers generally, that almost all their very doors is a material which, of all others, is best adapted for making a smooth, durable and noiseless roadway—Douglas Stone paving, which I am told is being laid down in Vancouver streets, is a relic of a barbarous age, which would not be tolerated in the city of London for 24 hours.

On Ludgate Hill, London, there is, at the present time, a wood-block roadway, which is about as good as when it was laid five years ago, and no street in the world is subjected to heavier and more continuous traffic than this in Regent street, one of the most fashionable thoroughfares in the East End of London, has been paved with wood-block within recent years; the change from smooth, clean, and noiseless condition, in London, is a most noticeable one.

The Synod of Rupert's Land ended today. A motion favoring the total legal prohibition of the liquor traffic was voted down after a hot debate; but an amendment was carried favoring organization for active temperance work.

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NEWS OF THE PROVINCE.

Mayor Cope Re-Elected in Vancouver and Mayor Haslam in Nanaimo - Other Returns.

Cattle Quarantine Making Great Inconvenience - Mine Transfers and Ore Shipments.

(Special to the Colonist.)

VANCOUVER, Jan. 12.—The Northern Express Co.'s agent at Whistler is short in his accounts. Geo. E. List, manager at Seattle, arrived from there to-day, where he had been straightening up affairs.

The bank Geo. Thompson called for Sidney yesterday.

Mr. Leson, of the firm of Messrs. Baker & Leson, arrived from Douglas, Manitoba, yesterday, and will permanently reside here.

The municipal election in the city of Nanaimo was held on Monday last, and the following were elected: Mayor, Cope; Aldermen, Ward 1, Salisbury and Anderson; Ward 2, Collins and Hackett; Ward 3, McCarty and Campbell; Ward 4, Franklin and Robinson; Ward 5, C. L. Brown and Fowler, the same aldermen leading in each ward as last year.

Hedges Eyre, the alleged incendiary, has pleaded not guilty. He will attempt to prove an alibi.

VANCOUVER, Jan. 12.—Capt. Haggarty, of the steamer Lois, claims to have shaken hands with Huntley in Seattle and talked with him several minutes. He says that the alleged Huntley told him he was going over to Portland, and seemed all right.

The chemical engine was tested on a bench last night and worked admirably.

The elections passed off very quietly. The majority of votes which Cope polled over Portland, and which were very close, were in the city of Vancouver.

The license commissioners elected are: G. I. Wilson, 1,084; E. S. Shelton, 831. School trustees: W. B. Brown, 1,056; Macgowan, 949; Collins, 943; Wilson, 900; Templeton, 768; Gordon, 668.

The World showed enterprise last night in issuing three editions with portrait of Mayor Cope and returns as they came in.

The following additional municipal officers were returned in outside localities: Chilliwack—Reeve, Thos. Kitchen, M.P. P., Councilors J. T. Atkinson, A. S. Vedder, J. A. Campbell, D. J. Kennedy, O. Smith, J. Armstrong.

Langley—Reeve J. Gray, Councilors W. Morrison, W. H. Rawlinson, W. B. Corneil, J. H. Simpson, W. H. Hill.

Maple Ridge—Reeve J. Laitly, Councilors J. B. Cade, J. Hines, T. Bosworth, A. McDonald, J. C. Webber.

Richmond—Reeve J. Garrett, Councilors B. McDonald, H. Mason, J. (casting vote) by returning officer (McDonald); E. Hunt, Jno. Blair, Thos. Kidd, A. Daniels.

Victoria—Reeve J. C. Woodrow, Councilors L. H. Calland, W. H. May, J. C. Woodrow, A. McCarty.

South Vancouver—Reeve J. W. Lawson, Councilors W. R. Gibson, C. McLaughlan, C. S. Douglas, J. McCleary.

Burnaby—Reeve N. C. Schou, Councilors A. Woodard, W. E. Brimbley, P. Latham, W. Johnson, J. Hill.

Coquitlam—Reeve R. Kelly, Councilors Jas. Fox, E. A. Atkins, W. R. Austin, S. W. Lehman, Jno. Morrison.

Ald. McCarty's residence took fire last night from an exploded lamp. Mr. James Magill, a guest of Ald. McCarty's, put out the fire, although one entire side of the dining room was developed in flames. He was painfully burned about the face and hands.

Searching parties are continually being organized to find the body of the late E. A. Brown, so far without success.

J. R. Seymour, wife and children, and Miss Adams, of St. Catherine's, Ont., are at the Hotel Vancouver. Mr. Seymour is temporarily located in the drug store, and is the John McEwen was married to Miss R. Silk yesterday at the residence of Mr. J. B. Pike. The ceremony was performed by Rev. G. B. Mackay.

Mr. H. Senkler, the crack three-quarter back, who arrived yesterday from the East, will play in a scrum match between teams from Victoria and Seattle. The Victoria team has also returned from Portland, and will three-quarter back at to-morrow's game.

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Ten boxes of fresh fruit were shipped to the World's Fair to-day.

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A small fire occurred this afternoon on Cameron street. Damage slight.

It is understood that large quantities of canned salmon, the anticipated pack of '93, have been contracted for at good prices.

of England have decided to have their grand festival in St. Leonard's Hall to-morrow evening.

The following are the district election returns so far as heard from:

Langley—Ward 1, Phillip Jackman, (returned by acclamation); Ward 2, Phillip Jackman, Hammond—Reeve J. Laitly, Councilors—Ward 2, Bosworth; Ward 3, Hinch; Ward 4, MacLeod; Ward 5, Webster.

The hall given by ladies in aid of the City hall yesterday, a handsome amount of \$267.93.

The Sons and Daughters of England had a grand banquet and concert in St. Leonard's Hall last evening.

In the Supreme court to-day, before Mr. Justice Drake, the case of Spring vs. Sullivan was on for trial. The plaintiff sought for \$1,875 in services rendered to Sullivan during the celebrated Hogg case several years ago.

Chief Justice Gaudin had a meeting with the Board of Trade to-day. A resolution was passed asking the Government to spare buoy the river where necessary, and recommending the abolition of the present system of navigation through the bar opposite Anacost Island the north channel be the one selected.

The annual meeting of the Trades and Labor council was held last night with the following officers were elected and installed: President, H. Smeadley; vice-president, E. A. Daltiel; secretary-treasurer, Geo. Harcourt; reading clerk, J. Smith; sergeant-at-arms, S. Wilcox; statisticians, R. Todd; hall director, G. H. Hargreaves; chairman of the executive committee, S. G. Ketchum; chairman of the parliamentary committee, B. E. Nye; chairman of the resolution committee, R. Todd; chairman of the organization committee, W. Johnson; chairman of the arbitration and strikes committee, J. Martin.

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Quiet preparations are being made for the double election, which is to take place on Monday, and for the municipal council election and Sing Kee, will pay on the scaffold the death penalty for their crimes. Sheriff Drake, who will have charge of the execution, has ordered the soldiers to guard as on previous occasions and other arrangements have been made to ensure the due carrying out of the sentence. The Chinese are not at all anxious to see the execution and seem to have no anxiety. He eats heartily, sleeps well and refuses all comfort of any kind, saying that he is happy now and will be the happier when all is over. But in the case of Heranello, the Italian, it is different. He has changed very much the enraged abusive manner he simulated for so long, and now is, to all intents, making preparations to die. There are those who strongly hold the opinion that he will, before the hour of his death, make a confession of his crime, and so far, he has given no indication of any such intention.

NANAIMO, Jan. 13.—According to the declared figures of the voting for the mayoralty Mayor Haslam received 318 votes and Mr. Hilbert 217.

The Burns anniversary hall in Maher's Opera House on the 25th inst. is to celebrate the late Burns. A strong committee of management has been appointed to arrange all details. As has been the custom in the past, a programme of vocal and instrumental music is to be given, and the singing in which the first local talent are taking part.

The steamer Joan brought down from Union several splendid samples of coal for trial at the West End. The samples are of the best quality, and are being used for the first time in the district.

An attempt to break into Hirst's store, Commercial street, about three o'clock yesterday morning, by a side window, was frustrated by timely discovery. The burglar was painfully burned about the face and hands.

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The fish factories are still reaping a heavy harvest.

Mr. A. H. B. Macgowan, of Vancouver, was the buyer of sixteen lots situated on Fourth street and Eighth avenue, belonging to the Patterson estate, and sold to satisfy a mortgage of \$1,500. The property was sold for \$2,275.

W. H. Falding, registrar of the Supreme court, went over to Vancouver to-day to make arrangements for opening a registry office there for the conduct of business on Monday. Mr. Falding will have temporary charge of the Vancouver office.

The Coquitlam council at their meeting on Monday next will appoint a councillor to Ward 3 to fill the vacancy existing through the failure of the rate-payers to nominate a candidate for the office. This appointment will be made under the provisions of the Municipal Act, 1912.

The British Columbia and Feed Co. have commenced building a wharf and warehouse at their new mill on Front street.

During 1892 the municipality of Coquitlam expended \$21,000 in opening twelve miles of new roads, re-making seven miles of old road and building several large and small bridges. There are now about twenty-five miles of road in the municipality. The money was economically laid out and full value received for every dollar.

The Sons of England and the Daughters of England have decided to have their grand festival in St. Leonard's Hall to-morrow evening.

raised 250 tons of ore, some of which was picked, which yielded good bricks, 816 fine, worth \$5000. This result is considered so satisfactory that the company intend to do a considerable amount of work on this property during the coming summer, commencing operations about April 1st. A tunnel 300 feet long is to be tapping the ledge 300 feet from the surface.

High Mass has started for Nakusp. He has secured 2,000 ore sacks and means to transport them to Nakusp. He will be on his way to his sleigh transported to the head of Sloan lake.

There are a great many deer along the April trail, and some time between Trail creek and the boundary. The creek shot of the steamer Lytton generally makes up to one or two on the way up. The deer seem to be numerous. Baptists, the Indian, ran into a band of six black-tails on Monday afternoon last and shot two of them.

Jim Wardner's log house will come steadily shipping out, and now is beginning to ship in machinery. This work is being done from across the line an engine on a train at the same place. The engine is a one of the Freddie Lee into pieces of a size suitable for sacking. It, as a sawing machine, in America, every ton of ore shipped out of the mine will cost the owner a big family to look after by that time.

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TRANSCONTINENTAL RAILWAYS.

Fight to the Death Between the Great Northern and Northern Pacific.

What is the Policy of the First N. med? Much Depends On It.

(Special to the Colonist.)

ST. PAUL, Minn., Jan. 12.—The transcontinental meeting to-day was another day of struggle, and it is plain to everybody that it is a fight to the death between the Great Northern and the Northern Pacific companies, in which the two companies are playing only minor parts, with an average indebtedness of \$60,000,000 per mile for the Northern Pacific, and against \$15,000,000 per mile in favor of the Great Northern to try to force the Northern Pacific into the hands of a receiver. This would, of course, reduce the bonds of the latter, and so deprive it of its main source of revenue. The Great Northern would be enabled to capture the Great Northern property, and the latter would be enabled to capture the Great Northern property. The result would be a "four-hour-a-day" war.

The amount of business done at the Vernon station of the G. N. P. for the month of December will be found below, and makes a wonderful showing for a new road and a new country. There were 188 tickets sold, bringing in \$1,215.50. In freight, 475 tons came from Toronto

CANADIAN NEWS.

Col. O'Brien on the School Question—Confidence That the Premier Is Not Biassed.

Cold Weather Causes Fatalities in Ontario—Vancouver Asking University Examination.

(Special to the Colonist.) TORONTO, Jan. 16.—Charles Whitham, M.A., principal of the Whitham College, Vancouver, B.C., has written to the Senate of Toronto University asking it to hold a first year examination in the Arts course at Vancouver, B.C., three candidates having expressed a desire to write on it at that place.

QUEEN, Jan. 16.—It is reported that irregularities have been discovered in one of the polling districts in L'Islet, and that Mr. Dionne will ask for a recount before a judge will not be the case.

PARRY SOUND, Jan. 16.—Col. O'Brien, M.P., addressed a Conservative meeting here on Saturday. Among the questions he referred to was that of Education in Manitoba. He reviewed the action which had so far been taken with reference to this matter, and while he thought it was not wrong, he would not be the case.

HALIFAX, Jan. 16.—English military papers to hand state that the Queen has conferred on Capt. Sir Baldwin Walker, R.N., the Companionship of the Order of St. Michael and St. George, for services rendered as senior naval officer engaged in the protection of the Newfoundland fisheries. Sir Baldwin Walker is the officer who was proceeded against by the Newfoundland lobstermen for destroying their property. The suit went against him.

KINGSTON, Jan. 16.—George M. V. Wilkinson, senior member of the grocery firm of Wilkinson & Sons and a native of Kingston, died, aged 69.

QUEBEC, Jan. 16.—It is believed the Dominion Government has decided not to engage the river police this Spring, and there is a probability of the harbor commission assuming the responsibility.

DURHAM, Jan. 16.—Price's general store, Hall's butcher shop and Ferguson's photograph gallery were burned last evening. Loss, \$10,000; insurance paid, \$5,000.

HALIFAX, Jan. 16.—Commander Cheyne, the well-known Arctic explorer, who has lived here for years, is going to Jamaica. He is suffering from bronchial trouble, and has been advised to seek a warmer climate.

LONDON, Jan. 16.—Saturday night was largely uneventful. The thermometer was in the neighborhood of 32 degrees, and the wind was from the west.

LONDON, Jan. 16.—Wm. Solomon, of Huron township, Bruce county, was frozen to death the other night. He went out to the barn during a snow storm, and lost his way while returning to the house.

QUEBEC, Jan. 16.—James Kavanagh, a Champlain street laborer, died suddenly last night through the bursting of a blood vessel while lifting his sick wife into bed. It is reported that because during his life he belonged to a secret order, the Odd Fellows, funeral rites and interment in consecrated ground have been refused by the Roman Catholic church authorities here to his remains.

WOODBROOK, Jan. 16.—The crazy Chinaman who murdered a fellow countryman at Guelph, some months ago, and was sentenced to life imprisonment in the penitentiary, died in a cell at Woodbrook on Saturday.

CHELSEA, Jan. 16.—The horses drawing a hearse containing the remains of Hugh Kidd, of Elderslie, who died suddenly on Friday, became unmanageable during the progress of the funeral procession, and ran away. The hearse was wrecked, and the coffin thrown to the ground with such violence that the lid came off and the body rolled out.

FALMOUTH, Jan. 17.—Alexander McNeill, M.P., addressed a meeting here, making a strong appeal in support of Imperial Federation.

MONROVIA, Jan. 17.—Rev. E. B. Henson, a well known Baptist divine, has received a call from a Baptist church in Montreal, and has accepted it. Mr. Henson has been in the city for some time, and has been a great loss to the Baptist church here.

CONROBE, Jan. 17.—Mrs. James Comrie and her children were killed on a train on December 21, while returning from a burning dwelling.

OTTAWA, Jan. 17.—Hon. Justice McCraith, who is now here, being shown a statement in the Westminster Columbian that a physician had written to the Department of Justice, asking for his suppression, said that he did not know any such thing. Mr. McCraith leaves on Thursday for England.

PALMERS, Jan. 17.—John Gellibrich, an old man living near here on a farm owned by Alex. McNeill, M. P., was frozen to death while returning from town on Saturday.

HALIFAX, N.S., Jan. 16.—The first-class battleship Temeraire, now in the Devonport dockyard, will be dispatched on February 28 to Esquimaux as a seagoing guardship, strengthening the squadron at the Pacific station. This will in no way affect the selection of the new flagship to relieve the Warship.

CABLE NEWS.

BELLEVILLE, Jan. 15.—The Socialists of Magdeburg have proclaimed a boycott against the brewers of that place for forming a union for protection against Socialists who are boycotting single brewers.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 15.—The striking coal miners at Goldenkirchen this morning caused a dynamite explosion in one of the mines. Fortunately no one was working in the mine, so nobody was killed, though a number of miners working at a considerable distance were thrown violently to the ground. The explosion was of immense force, and caused a number of the mine in the neighborhood, causing great damage and resulting in delay while the galleries were being repaired. The number of strikers is decreasing daily.

CHAMBER OF DEPUTIES.

Interesting Proceedings Before the French House—All About the Expulsion of Nihilists.

The Panama Scandal Ventilated—Government Laxly—Charges Against Russian Press.

PARIS, Jan. 16.—Immediately after the opening of the Chamber to-day, M. Lavalogue, Socialist deputy for the Seine, interpellated the Government as to the expulsion of four Nihilists from France on Jan. 15, at the instance of Baron Morheim, Russian ambassador. What had these four men done, he asked, that the right of living in this country should be denied them? He and his colleagues wanted to learn whether they lived under a secular government or under a government which was ostensibly free, but had itself with the institutions of medieval despotism.

M. Ribot replied at length to the interpellation. Since the discovery of a Nihilist bomb in Paris in 1889, he said the police had watched with unremitting vigilance all dangerous persons. France would never permit foreigners to intrigue against her against other powers.

Moscow, Jan. 15.—The body of a woman, out in 178 pieces, was found in a coffee sack in the street this morning. Nothing has been learned as to the identity of her or her means of death.

LONDON, Jan. 16.—Frances Anne Kemble (Mrs. Pierce Butler) died to-day, Mrs. Butler was the daughter of Charles Kemble and niece of Mrs. Siddons, and was born in Newmarket street, London, November 27, 1809. She made her first public appearance October 8, 1829, at Sadlers' Wells, then under the management of her father, in Venice Preserved. She sustained the parts of the Grecian Daughter, Mrs. Beverly, Fortia, Isabella, Lady Rowley, Calista, Bianca, Beatrice, Constance, Lady Teazle, Count Catherine, Louise of Savoy in "Francis," Lady Macbeth and Julia in the "Hunchback."

London, Jan. 16.—The three theatrical fortunes of her family, were marked by a production of "Francis," a tragedy, written by herself at the age of seventeen. In 1832 she visited America and, with her husband, the actor, Constantine, toured the United States theatres. She resumed her maiden name and returned to Lenox, Mass., where she lived with the exception of a year spent in Italy, for nearly twenty years.

London, Jan. 16.—The trial of the Maitre Vite Criminals began to-day in Paris. The 102 prisoners were brought heavily ironed into the court-room, which was crowded with witnesses. As the Tribunal court house is too small to accommodate the witnesses and prisoners, the Church of St. Germain will be used during the trial as a criminal court.

LONDON, Jan. 16.—Reports of extreme cold come from all parts of the continent. The harbor at Kiel is completely icebound. All over Germany railway traffic is delayed and in some parts suspended. Between Rome and Geneva, railway communication is maintained only with the greatest difficulty. In Vienna this has been the coldest day of the winter. Few persons ventured out, and the streets were almost deserted.

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PANAMA TRIALS.

Statement of the Prosecution Made by the French Advocate General.

Paul de Cassagnac Summons Dupuy de Temps to the Field of Honor.

PARIS, Jan. 17.—The court-room was not thronged this morning when the trial of de Lesseps and his associates was resumed, but among those present might be seen some of the distinguished men of the Paris bar and Paris finance. The prisoners looked calm and confident, with the exception of Charles de Lesseps, whose sharply accented features looked painfully worn. The discipline of the Conciergerie Masses is telling and has had a marked effect upon the transforming the volubility into a lean and hungry-looking being. The anxiety also relative to his situation and that of his aged father, evidently having a wearing effect. Advocate-General Ribot opened for the prosecution. He said that until the last moment he had cherished the hope that the defendants, whose reputation hitherto had been unblemished and some of whom had contributed to the glory of France, would furnish a frank explanation of the charges against them and establish their innocence. In this expectation he was disappointed, and found himself compelled to demand from the court a judgment that would brand them with fraud. He also felt his duty to demand an adequate sentence upon them and de Lesseps, whose former glory and honor had been wrecked in this tragic adventure, which had reduced to poverty many thousands of thrifty workers.

The advocate general then reviewed the history of the Panama canal enterprise. He dilated upon the fraudulent means employed to induce people to invest their money in the Panama canal shares. Out of three hundred millions of francs raised, three hundred millions were illegally disposed of. Ferdinand de Lesseps had ninety founders' shares assigned to himself, and received a dividend of 188 francs, amounting to five millions of francs. Ferdinand de Lesseps, prevailing a declining disposition on the part of the public to invest in the enterprise in the form of shares, applied in 1885 for a loan of five million francs to issue lottery bonds. To sustain this application he made false statements and deceived the public by asserting that the canal would be completed in three years. The press was induced by systematic purchase to give its support to the lottery scheme, and fraudulently received seven million francs. Everybody was bribed who had influence that could affect the scheme, and de Lesseps and his associates were enabled to obtain the loan of five million francs. The capital of the company was so laid open to plunderers that seven hundred millions of francs were squandered, besides the enormous expenses actually carried out the legitimate work of the company.

Deputy Paul de Cassagnac appeared before the Parliamentary Commission of Inquiry and behaved so wantonly that several times it required the combined persuasiveness of Chairman Brisson and his colleagues to calm him and induce him to proceed calmly with his testimony. Paul de Cassagnac reproached M. Dupuy de Temps, one of the committee, with having circulated reports to the effect that the canal would be completed in three years. Such reports were unqualified falsehoods, M. de Cassagnac said, and he challenged any body to show an iota of evidence that they were true.

M. Dupuy de Temps interrupted M. de Cassagnac to say that he had never believed M. de Cassagnac guilty of handing Panama money and had never circulated any report whatever concerning him and the Panama canal people. M. de Cassagnac listened to this assertion with a scornful expression of incredulity, and said that he would leave him to his own conscience. M. Dupuy de Temps resumed his seat, M. de Cassagnac said: "M. Dupuy de Temps has spread reports that I received a 20,000 franc check payable to bearer. I have proof of this. I deny these reports; they are false and malicious, and I shall demand personal satisfaction from the man who is responsible for them."

Chairman Brisson stopped M. de Cassagnac to assure him that there was no misunderstanding as no charges had been preferred against him by M. Dupuy de Temps or any member of the commission and that his integrity was not under suspicion. M. Dupuy de Temps corroborated M. Brisson's statement, and several other deputies made similar efforts to calm de Cassagnac's wrath. M. de Cassagnac left the court-room after the trial, and was seen to be in a state of great excitement.

Yesterday the expulsion was announced of Boncompagni, Paris correspondent of the Corriere della Sera, a newspaper of considerable circulation in Milan, for having thrown suspicion upon Gen. Manabrea, formerly Italian ambassador in Paris, as having been implicated in the Panama bribery. This action is generally approved, as Manabrea is a personal favorite with the people of France, and nobody here would believe the Government could be much displeased with the alarmist reports sent abroad, but since the ministry has shown a resolution not to harbor foreign correspondents striking at the Government, editorial utterances are either confined to the editorial columns or dated in large part from other capitals than Paris.

Notwithstanding the Government's pretensions of security, there is no doubt that the troops of the Paris garrison are kept ready for an emergency, and that on a few minutes' notice any street in Paris could be commanded by infantry, cavalry and artillery. Gen. Loignon, the new Minister of War, had a long conference yesterday with Gen. Sausser. It is also known that Gen. Sausser's visit to President Carnot had other motives besides a desire to discuss any ambition for the presidency. Carnot's intimates assert that he is capable of being as stern and resolute in the enforcement of authority as any man who ever ruled France, and that he is a man of high character and high ability. He is a man of high character and high ability. He is a man of high character and high ability.

1887—Advocated the establishment of a steamship line to Brazil and urged a subsidy to be given to the project. He was elected to the Presidency of the Chamber of Deputies in 1887. He was elected to the Presidency of the Chamber of Deputies in 1887. He was elected to the Presidency of the Chamber of Deputies in 1887.

1888—Began to write his historical work, "The History of the Congress of 1888," which he labored four years.

1884—Nominated for the Presidency, but was defeated at the polls and retired to his estate in August and continued writing his book.

1886—Took an active part in the Maine campaign, delivering a series of speeches upon the fisheries question. He was elected to the Presidency of the Chamber of Deputies in 1886. He was elected to the Presidency of the Chamber of Deputies in 1886.

1889—Appointed Secretary of State and was elected to the Presidency of the Chamber of Deputies in 1889. He was elected to the Presidency of the Chamber of Deputies in 1889. He was elected to the Presidency of the Chamber of Deputies in 1889.

1890—Formulated his reciprocity edicts, which were incorporated in the Tariff Act of this year, which led to commercial treaties with several countries.

1892—Resigned as Secretary of State in June and spent the summer at Bar Harbor. He was elected to the Presidency of the Chamber of Deputies in 1892. He was elected to the Presidency of the Chamber of Deputies in 1892.

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BLAINE'S RECORD.

His Life Summarized in a Few Paragraphs—From the Obituary in the New York Times.

1839—James G. Blaine was born in West Brownsville, Washington county, Pa., January 31.

1847—Graduated from Washington College in his native county, with honors.

1852—Instructor in literature and science in the Pennsylvania Institution for the Blind in Philadelphia.

1854—Removed to Augusta, Me., and became editor and half proprietor of the "Augusta Chronicle."

1856—Elected a delegate to the first Republican National Convention, which nominated General Fremont for the Presidency.

1857—Serving four successive terms in that body, two of which as its speaker.

1862—Elected to Congress, where in one branch or the other he served for eighteen years.

1867—Opposed that section of the Reconstruction bill placing the South under military government, and was finally successful in defeating the obnoxious clause.

1868—Chosen Speaker of the House of Representatives, and re-elected Speaker in 1873.

1874—The Democrats having gained control of the House, Mr. Blaine became the leader of the minority.

1875—The most prominent candidate for the Presidential nomination. On June 11, the Sunday before the convention, was prostrated by the heat when entering his church. At the convention he only received a minority vote, and was defeated by the consolidation of his opponents. Was appointed to the United States Senate in 1875, but resigned in 1876.

1878—Advocated the establishment of a steamship line to Brazil and urged a subsidy to be given to the project. He was elected to the Presidency of the Chamber of Deputies in 1878. He was elected to the Presidency of the Chamber of Deputies in 1878.

1880—Began to write his historical work, "The History of the Congress of 1880," which he labored four years.

1884—Nominated for the Presidency, but was defeated at the polls and retired to his estate in August and continued writing his book.

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MONTREAL MATTERS.

Six Hundred Men Thrown Out of Work by the Street Railway.

The Coldest Week For Years—Bishop Laflèche to Visit the Pope.

(Special to the Colonist.) MONTREAL, Jan. 17.—The Street Railway Co. suspended 600 men to-day, owing to the threat of the City Council to make substitute sleighs for the car service. The men were employed in keeping the track clean. The week ending January 15, according to the city meteorological records, was the coldest in Montreal since those records began in 1880. Bishop Laflèche, of Three Rivers, proceeds to Rome this week upon business connected with his diocese. The Government of Canada passed through the city this morning, having on board Sir John Thompson, Sir A. P. Caron and Hon. Messrs. Costigan, Patterson, and Messrs. Clark, W. H. Wood, Mackintosh, M. P., and others, bound for Sherbrooke to attend the Conservative demonstration this evening.

MONTREAL, Jan. 16.—The Sir John Macdonald Memorial Committee has decided to advertise for designs. Competitors will receive a lithographed sketch and statement of the amount of money at the committee's disposal, leaving everything else to the artist's talent. During an insignificant fire which occurred between three and four o'clock this morning, Arthur Allan, youngest son of the late Sir Hugh Allan, who had only lately come in for his share of the family estate, was suffocated in his bedroom. There were several other boarders in the house, among whom were C. Sweeney, of the Bank of Montreal, Vancouver, B. C., and Messrs. Wainwright and Hayland, who were engaged for many years in J. X. P. Burt's works to the papers advising the Imperial Government to appoint Lord Mount Stephen Governor-General of Canada.

At 9:30 yesterday morning, while in the act of dressing for church, Mr. M. P. Ryan, collector of customs of this port, sank into a chair, overcome by a feeling of faintness, and died in a few minutes. Mr. E. White, M. P. P. for Cardwell, will probably succeed him. Mr. Ryan was the representative of Montreal Centre in the House of Commons, and had been engaged for many years in the produce business. He was a prominent Irish Roman Catholic. The Governor-General, Lord Stanley, has consented to the extension of the Carnival of Winter Sports to be held early in February.

Dr. A. B. Larocque, for 17 years medical health officer of this city, died yesterday morning after a long and painful illness.

BEHRRING SEA CASE. The Americans Are Doing—The Arbitrators Will Meet February 23.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Secretary J. W. Foster, ex-Minister Phelps and Senator Morgan had a conference with President Harrison at the White House this morning, in regard to the Behring Sea case. Secretary Foster is agent, Mr. Phelps the leading counsel, and Senator Morgan is one of the first orators on the part of the United States. The arbitrators are to meet in Paris, February 23, and it is nearly time for the institution of the counter case by Great Britain and the United States. Justice Harlan, the other American arbitrator, and Mr. Williams of the counsel are already in Paris. The other counsel are expected to leave here for Paris in the course of a few weeks. Secretary Foster will probably be the last to go, as he has arranged to remain in his present position in the State Department until February 5. The counter-cases are required to be submitted by February 3, twenty days before the meeting of the board in Paris. By the terms of the treaty the arbitrators are to prepare the case and counter-cases prepared by the two Governments was to have been furnished the arbitrators when they met, but recognized by the general impression that the arbitrators, after their meeting and organization of February 23, shall adjourn for one month to March 23, at which time the printed arguments are to be ready. Besides the usual number of witnesses, the arbitrators are required by the treaty within three months to report the argument and presentation of the evidence.

OTTAWA, Jan. 16.—Next Saturday's Canada Gazette will contain an Order-in-Council renewing the modern rights with reference to the Atlantic fisheries for the season of 1893.

Hon. C. H. Tupper leaves for England on Monday next to be present at the opening of the Behring Sea arbitration in Paris on February 23, in the capacity of British agent. The arbitrators will adjourn till May or June, when Sir John Thompson goes over. In connection with the Government's decision to abolish the system of rebate of canal tolls for this year, which was complained of on the part of the United States as a discrimination in favor of Canadian produce and merchandise, it is officially announced that the Government by no means admits that the contention of the United States was justified or correct. Mr. Saunders has written to the Government his report as World's Fair Commissioner up to the time of his resignation. The expenditure to the end of December was \$40,000.

January 31 is the last day for filing cases in the Supreme court; for depositing factums, February 4, and for inscriptions, February 6. Eight ministers will attend the banquet on the 10th. The mayor to-day appointed a French-Canadian as city auditor, although that element represents only one-fifth of the City Council.



FIRST ANNUAL DINNER.

The Provincial Land Surveyors of B. C. Meet Around the Festive Board.

Election of Officers—Guests of the Evening—Remarks That Were Made.

The annual general meeting of the Provincial Land Surveyors Association was held at the City Hall yesterday afternoon.

The principal business was the election of officers for the ensuing year and the discussion of several matters of importance to the association.

Executive Committee—A. O. Wheeler, Westminster; A. F. Costin, Westminster; J. H. Brownlee, Victoria, B.C.

When the annual meeting had adjourned it was with the intention of meeting again later on in the day at the first annual dinner of the association.

The annual banquet was held at the Hotel Victoria, where nine host Patton had made such arrangements for their entertainment that the reputation of the popular hostelry was well maintained.

When the dinner had been disposed of and enjoyed very much by all who were present, there followed another feature of the evening.

The first toast of the evening was the ever loyal one "Her Majesty," and it was heartily responded to, the National Anthem being sung.

It was honored to most heartily, and Hon. Mr. Turner was the first to stand up after the cheers had subsided.

After some brief entertainment Mr. Wood proposed that a cabinet council be formed, and the President of the City of Victoria, coupled with the name of Hon. J. H. Turner, "an ex-Mayor."

Minister, Mr. Gore, and the Surveyor-General, Mr. Kains, who he said, had been successful in their work.

Mr. McGregor toasted the President, Mr. Kirk responding. After a neat speech from Mr. J. H. Brownlee, Mr. E. C. Mohun proposed the Lieut-Governor, Hon. E. Dawson, who, unfortunately, was unable to be present.

This toast was heartily drunk, and afterwards "God Save the Queen" and "The Star Spangled Banner" were sung.

Entertainment during the evening was most ably furnished in song and story by Messrs. C. E. Woods, E. Wallaston, E. B. McKay, Tom Kains, Hon. Theodore Davis and Hon. C. E. Pooley.

The banquet was the "first annual," and about this time next year the "second" is promised.

FROM SEATTLE.

Balloting For a U. S. Senator—Attempt To Disfranchise Alleged Canadian—Suit Against a Railway Co.

SEATTLE, Jan. 17 (Special).—The balloting for U. S. Senator to fill the chair of Senator Allen made vacant by the expiration of his term began to-day in the State Legislature.

It resulted as follows:—Allen 35; Turner 9; Griggs 9, in the Upper House; Allen had 34; Griggs 18; Turner 17 and Teast 9 in the Lower House.

An Indian shack in West Seattle caught fire this morning. The fire broke out in the morning, and the fire broke out in the morning.

SEATTLE, Jan. 18 (Special).—In the Supreme court Mrs. Annie Kohney, who shot her son-in-law, James Halder, in the Justice of Peace's court room some weeks ago, was found not guilty of assault with a deadly weapon.

Great Britain Exercised Over the Khedive's Change of Ministry—Presumably at Russian Dictation.

LONDON, Jan. 17.—A hurriedly convened cabinet council was held this afternoon. The unexpected call for a conference caused a sensation.

It was honored to most heartily, and Hon. Mr. Turner was the first to stand up after the cheers had subsided.

After some brief entertainment Mr. Wood proposed that a cabinet council be formed, and the President of the City of Victoria, coupled with the name of Hon. J. H. Turner, "an ex-Mayor."

Mr. M. Lumbey, of Vernon, toasted the Province, and Hon. Mr. Turner again responded; this time in a speech fairly brilliant with information about British Columbia and its material development and prosperity.

DISHONESTY DITCH.

The Advocate-General Continues His Arraignment of the Directors and Their Associates.

Further Evidence Before the Committee Without Variation in the Nature of the Revelations.

PARIS, Jan. 18.—Advocate-General Rau continued his address to-day against the accused directors of the Panama canal enterprise and their associates.

The defendants could not find shelter under the law of prescription, as the offences charged had been committed within the past three years, although they were schemed earlier.

The issue of letters being written and the reports published contained inaccurate figures intended to mislead the public, and there was fraudulent underwriting.

The first witness before the Parliamentary Commission of Inquiry to-day was M. Stephane, a clerk in the service of Baron de Reineck, and a Canadian who had been named in the list of the persons compromised in the distribution of Panama money.

M. Stephane was requested to wait in the committee room while M. Clemenceau was being summoned. Five minutes later M. Clemenceau arrived with the messenger who had been sent to him with a request that he appear immediately before the committee.

Chairman Brisson repeated briefly what M. Stephane had said. M. Clemenceau denied emphatically that he had ever received any list of compromised deputies from anybody.

Le Debat says the police have found 300 checks paid by M. Arton, the Panama lobbyist and agent of Baron de Reineck, and endorsed by various men. It is supposed that most of these checks were in favor of the 104 deputies among whom M. Arton said M. Arton was commissioned to spend 1,360,000 francs.

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but for the purpose of sounding the sentiment of Congress, to give him light for his guidance in the agitation at home.

WINNIPEG WIRINGS.

Canadian Railway Man Appointed on the Great Northern—New Post Office at Calgary.

WINNIPEG, Jan. 18.—A young man in the employ of Messrs. Spring & Rice, at Pense, Assinibois, was engaged in fixing pump pipes down a well, when in some way some of the pipes at the top got loose and fell down the well, instantly killing the unfortunate man.

Pressing Inquiries for Details of Sir John Macdonald's Home Rule Scheme.

OTTAWA, Jan. 18.—The announcement of Mr. Pope's forthcoming biography of Sir John Macdonald, and the reference to his Home Rule scheme, has led to pressing inquiries for England for details of it.

MONTE CARLO, Jan. 17.—Abnormal cold weather is prevailing here. Snow has been falling for three days.

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INTENSELY COLD.

Almost Arctic Weather in Some Parts of Europe—Much Suffering Reported.

People Frozen—Terrorific Storms—Painful Experiences of Unemployed Working People.

LONDON, Jan. 17.—Reports of extreme cold weather come from all parts of the continent. The harbor of Kiel is completely ice-bound.

PARIS, Jan. 17.—There is little abatement in the severity of cold weather here. A heavy snowstorm prevails.

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CABLE NEWS.

Cardinal Gibbons to Represent the Pope at the Chicago Catholic Congress.

National Temperance Convention at Glasgow—Russian Recruits Roasted on the Cars.

LONDON, Jan. 17.—Yesterday a cabinet council lasting three hours was held, rumor stating that considerable friction was manifested as to the details of the Home Rule bill.

ROME, Jan. 16.—The Pope created four new cardinals at the consistory to-day. They included Archbishop Vaughan, of Westminster; Archbishop Logue, of Armagh; Primate of Ireland, Archbishop Keenan, of Cologne; Princes Archbishop of Lopp, Breslau; Mgr. Moncin, Papeal under Secretary of State; Mgr. Persico, Secretary of the Propaganda, and others.

MONTE CARLO, Jan. 18.—The C.P.R. traffic receipts for the week ending January 14 were \$32,000; for the same week of last year they were \$38,000.

MONTE CARLO, Jan. 18.—A petition for a recount of the votes in the L'Etat election has been granted by Judge Pelletier.

MONTE CARLO, Jan. 18.—A dispatch received from Rome yesterday states that Mr. Mercier left that city on Monday last to return to Canada. He will probably sail from Havre on Saturday next, and is expected here February 2.

MONTE CARLO, Jan. 18.—Wm. Wells, the book-keeper who met with such a horrible death on Monday in an elevator accident, had \$3,000 life insurance. He took out a policy in August and had paid one premium. His wife is the beneficiary.

HALIFAX, N.S., Jan. 18.—Fears are felt for the safety of the tramp steamer Camille. She is twenty-one days out from Hamburg for Halifax. Nothing has been heard from her since she left port.

LONDON, Jan. 17.—The Ulster Unionists met in Ulster Hall, Belfast, to protest against Home Rule for Ireland. The meeting was called, he said, to show Great Britain that the men of Ulster were unswerving in their devotion to the cause of the Union.

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TOBACCO TOPICS.

John R. Arnold to be Sentenced for Criminal Malfeasance in Office—Fast Atlantic Service.

TORONTO, Jan. 17.—(Special).—At the time of the Royal Commission investigation of alleged hoodling in the Dominion Public Works department it was revealed that John R. Arnold, then chief mechanical engineer, had rented a steam launch and store-house to the Government in another person's name.

He was brought to trial at Ottawa on a charge of malfeasance and found guilty, but the trial was adjourned until the Superior Court here would decide whether these acts constituted malfeasance.

At a special meeting of the Board of Trade yesterday, the project of a fast Atlantic line of steamers on the Canadian route received a very emphatic endorsement, and a resolution was passed urging the Government to render such assistance as may be required to give such a line control of such railway service as it must have.

Wm. Wells, aged 22, book-keeper for the Toronto Warehousing Co., was engaged at the bottom of an elevator shaft doing carpentering work when a 500 pound weight used to operate the hoist fell from above and crushed his head to a jelly.

Rev. Thomas Sims, D. D., of Tacoma, Wash., who preached with much acceptance in Bond Street Congregational church during the summer, has accepted the vacant pastorate of that church. He will enter upon his duties in the spring, having returned to Tacoma to make the necessary arrangements.

Mr. Charlton, M. P., Takes the Sense of U. S. Congressmen and Others.

WASHINGTON, D.C., Jan. 17.—Mr. Charlton, Liberal member of the Canadian Parliament, to-day had a talk with Speaker Crisp, Mr. Springer, Bourke Cockran and other members of the Ways and Means committee. He introduced the subject of international intercourse with the statement that he was not here in a fiscal capacity,

but for the purpose of sounding the sentiment of Congress, to give him light for his guidance in the agitation at home.

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FOR JOHN JAMESON & SON'S "OWN CASED" VERY OLD IRISH WHISKEY.

PLEASE SEE THAT EACH LABEL HAS ON IT THIS CAUTION IN FULL: "In order that consumers may feel assured of genuineness, we would request attention to this SPECIAL EXPORT LABEL, and to our Trade Mark and Name on Corks, Capsules, and Cases, also to Age Mark."

One, Two, or Three Stars, Black Bottles, One Star, Two Stars, Three Stars, Capsuled Blue, Pink, Gold.

Through the usual Trade Channels, and Wholesale only of their Sole Export Bottling Agents, CHARLES DAY & CO., London.

E. G. PRIOR & CO. (LIMITED LIABILITY).

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS. WAGONS, BUGGIES, IRON, GENERAL HARDWARE.

VICTORIA - VANCOUVER - KAMLOOPS.

Illustration of a bicycle.

Illustration of a bicycle.

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The Colonist.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 20, 1893.

CAPITAL PUNISHMENT.

In Canada justice is neither slow nor uncertain. The murderer, after he is apprehended, is speedily tried, and, if the evidence is sufficiently strong, he is certain to be convicted. There are no vexatious delays, and Canadian juries are very seldom tampered with. The guilty man has, in fact, an exceedingly slender chance of escape. And punishment is almost certain to follow conviction. There are nearly always tender-hearted persons, and persons who do not believe in capital punishment, who petition the Governor-General for either a pardon or a commutation of punishment, but unless the extenuating circumstances are many and obvious the Executive allows the law to take its course. The consequence of this is that life is as safe in this Dominion as in any other country of the world, and lawless acts of rare occurrence. The people, too, have perfect confidence in the administration of justice. They know that the guilty will be certain to receive the punishment due to his crime, and consequently lynching is unknown in Canada. In the mining camps and newly settled parts of this province life is as safe and the law is as well observed as in the towns and the oldest settlements.

It is this state of things that reconciles us to such scenes as the executions at Nanaimo yesterday. It is a dreadful thing to take life even under the sanction of law, but it is a much more dreadful thing to live in a community in which men have no regard for law, and in which ruffians know that, no matter what outrages they commit, there are many chances, even if they are caught and handed over to the punishment they have incurred. It is better that a few reckless men should suffer the death penalty than that the lives of law-abiding citizens should be continually in danger from the vengeance or the cupidity of men who neither fear God nor regard man. Almost every American newspaper that we read shows us the fearful consequences that follow a lax administration of justice. When those entrusted with the enforcement of the law are either too cowardly or too corrupt faithfully to do their duty, lawlessness is sure to increase, and crimes will be committed which make one blush for his kind. The gallows is a horrible instrument of justice, but he is a rash man who will undertake to say that in the world's present stage of civilization it is unnecessary.

SOCIETY'S CENSOR.

The Fortnightly Review for December contains an article on "The Sins of Society" by Ouida, which has attracted a good deal of attention on both sides of the Atlantic. As every one who has read any of her books can easily see Ouida is not a very rigid moralist in the ordinary sense of the term. And the article in the Fortnightly shows that this estimate of the lady is the true one, for the sins she inveighs against are not so much sins against morals, properly so-called, as sins against what she regards as good taste. With regard to what is generally and properly called wickedness the great sin with her is being found out. She says that "society cannot be an accurate judge of morality," but she evidently considers that it ought to be a judge of what is beautiful and graceful and fitting, and what is not. Her accusation against society is that it is not really refined, that it has no true love of beauty and elegance, but that, on the contrary, it is coarse, vulgar and ostentatious in its works and ways. She says, apropos of the eating and drinking habits of society: "It is not for its luxury for a moment that I would rebuke the modern world, but it is its ugly habits, its ugly clothes, its ugly hurry-scurry, whereby it is grossly disgraced, and through which it scarcely ever perceives or enjoys the agreeable things around it."

This is a sweeping accusation, but she is not at all backward in trying to prove that it is well grounded. She goes on to say:

"We deliberately surrender the luxury of good cooking because we must stupidly mix up eating with talking, and lose the subtle and fine flavors of our best dishes because we consider ourselves obliged to converse with somebody on our right or our left while we eat them. We neutralize the exquisite odor of our finest flowers by the scent of wine and smoking dishes. We spoil our masterpieces of art by putting them together pell-mell in our rooms smothered under a discordant mingling of different objects and various styles. We allow stonings to poison the breath of our men and women. We desire a crowd on our stairs and a crush in our rooms as evidence of our popularity and our distinction. We cannot support eight days of the country without a saturnalia of slaughter. We are so tormented with the desire to pack forty-eight hours into twenty-four that we gobble up our time breathlessly without tasting its flavor as freely as schoolboy gobbles up stolen pears without peeling them. Of the true delights of conversation, leisure, thought, art, and solitude, society en masse has hardly more idea than a flock of geese has of Greece."

This is hard on society. If what Ouida says of it is true, the world's hard workers who live plainly and whose periods of pleasure are rare need not envy those fortunate men and women who have nothing in the world to do but to enjoy themselves. It seems that even in refined Europe those who compose the *beau monde* have not yet learned to do this. They are not happy unless they are in the midst of excitement and continually in a crowd. "The great malady of the age," Ouida says, "is the absolute inability to support solitude or to endure silence."

The usages and the amusements of the gay world are alike distasteful to its censor. She despises its entertainments; she inveighs against visiting and inviting, which she says ruins ninety-nine out of a

hundred households; she contemns shooting tame animals, and denounces drinking and gambling, which she declares is all-pervading. "Drink and gambling," she says, "(in varied forms it is true, but in essence always the same), are the staple delights of modern life, whether in the vulgar western digger, or in the luxurious card rooms of the clubs and the country houses of the older world." Concerts and lectures she cannot abide, and the dress suit of a gentleman is her utter detestation; shaking hands—in society—she abominates and she regards both weddings and funerals as senseless and vulgar pageants. This is what this female Vandal has to say about them: "Of all spectacles which the society flocks to see it may certainly be said that the funeral and the wedding are the most intolerably coarse and clumsy. There is indeed a curious and comical likeness between these two. Both take place in a crowd; both are the cause for extortion and expenditure; both are attended unwillingly and satiated with false formulae of compliment; both would 'lead out' and 'got through' with sighs of relief from the spectators; and both are celebrated with the sacrifice of many myriads of flowers crucified in artificial shapes in their honor." Ouida, as Ouida paints it, is not at all attractive even from an aesthetic point of view. But she does not think that those who have made it their mission to renovate the society from top to bottom will improve it in the least. The influences of socialism are not refining, and if ever the levellers get their way there will be less real refinement in society than there is now. "The whole tendency of socialism," she says, "from its first tentative in the present trader's unions, to iron down humanity into one dreary level, tedious and featureless as the desert. It is not its doctrines that we are to look for any increase of wit, of grace and of charm. Its triumph will be the reign of universal ugliness, sameness and commonness." So that Ouida is an aristocrat after all; and, we suspect, a Sybarite as well.

POPULIST BOSS.

The following extract from the inaugural address of Mr. Lewellyn, Governor of Kansas, who was elected by the Populist party, shows what are the principles and aims of that party:

"The survival of the fittest" is the government of brutes and reptiles, and such philosophy give place to a government which recognizes human brotherhood and protects the rights of the laborer and the producer. Sectional animosity must be forgotten. The tie is greater than any party. But the citizen is greater than the state, while the family the citizen produces the priceless jewel of our civilization. The problem was now to make it possible for the citizen to live by the fruits of his own labor. The Government failed of these two things it ceased to be of advantage to the citizen. He was absolved at once from his allegiance and was no longer held by civil compact. But the Government is not a failure. This is a generation which has come to the rescue. A conscience is in the saddle, and the grandeur of civilization shall be emphasized by the dawn of a new era in which the people shall reign, when the withered hand of wealth shall be no more outstretched for charity, and when liberty, equality and justice shall have a permanent abiding-place in this Republic.

This, if it were uttered in a country school house by some indigent statesman, would be listened to with an indulgent smile by men who knew something of the world and the way in which its business is done; but coming from a man who has worked to do and responsibility to bear, it must be looked upon as pure and manly, and stated unambiguously. If the Governor of Kansas said in plain English that it would be the object of his Government to take hold of the units and put them on a level in every respect with the fit, he would be laughed at by everyone who is not a born fool. It is not the function of government, and it will never be its function, to give the lazy and the inept what they either cannot or will not learn. Its business is to let every man hoe his own row as well as he can and not to permit anyone, on any pretence whatever, to interfere with him unlawfully. If he cannot or will not hoe it, he must abide by the consequences. No Government in the world can give strength to the weak and brains to the brainless. There will be inequalities of attainment and equipment as long as man is created mortal, and the fittest will survive or rise superior to the unfit in spite of all that the political quack can say or do. This generation can do very little more for the "withered hand of want" than previous generations have done, and this Mr. Lewellyn and his party will find when they stop talking and engage in the actual work of managing the affairs of the State of Kansas.

THE PLAIN TRUTH.

Dr. Ryerson, who is a candidate for a seat in the Provincial Legislature of Ontario, recently paid a visit to Philadelphia. The keen-eyed reporter was soon aware of his arrival in the Quaker city and lost no time in interviewing him. Canada is just now a subject of very great interest to the American public, and, by consequence, to American newspaper men. According to American newspapers and American news-retailers Canada's position, with respect to the United States is encroaching and defiant. Her railways are competing successfully but unfairly with those of the United States. She is, contrary to her treaty obligations, placing armed cruisers on the great lakes. She is discriminating against the great Republic in the matter of canal navigation and canal tolls. And she is, on general principles, much too independent and too cheeky for a country with a population of only five millions. Then, it is said on the other side of the line that the great bulk of the population of Canada is anxious for political union with the United States. The Philadelphia reporter was therefore only too glad to get a live

Canadian character and position to pump. But Dr. Ryerson was not the kind of fountain of information that the enterprising newspaper man expected. What he had to say was not sensational, but rather the reverse. He told the interviewer the plain unvarnished truth about matters and things Canadian, and the truth was very different from the fiction which had gained currency in the American newspapers. The question: Is not the Government of Canada, in contravention of its treaty obligations, placing a fleet of gunboats on the great lakes? Dr. Ryerson gave a prompt and an emphatic negative. He wondered how General Miles could give credence to such a story, and he was still more surprised as well as disappointed that the General did not make a public correction to his statement when he found that it was utterly untrue. The gunboats about which such a noise had been made were cruisers built to protect the inshore fisheries of the Gulf of St. Lawrence, and they were, as soon as they were launched, taken down to the sea and put in commission at Halifax. Everything with respect to these cruisers was done openly and above board. The names of the gunboats were known and an inquirer who took the trouble might find out all about them in a very few days. It would require less labor and a great deal less ingenuity to find out the facts connected with the cruisers than to invent all the stories that were circulated with regard to them.

Dr. Ryerson informed his visitor that the Americans who believed that Canadians, as a people, are desirous of annexation have been grossly deluded by a few noisy agitators. Not only is there no general feeling in favor of annexation, but the resistance to annexation is strong and widespread. The question has not as yet been taken seriously by the Canadian people, but when it is, it will be difficult to keep the peace between the loyal subjects of the Queen and the advocates of annexation. "The men," said the Doctor, "who are collecting money (in the States) to promote the project of annexation, and who, I understand, have secured about \$10,000, are simply keeping up this agitation as a money-making scheme."

Dr. Ryerson is right. The grievances which the Americans have against Canada are, for the most part, groundless and manufactured for a purpose, and the feeling in favor of annexation is very far indeed from being general in any part of the Dominion. The sooner Americans are convinced of this the better. They are certainly those of them who have been led to believe that Canada is ready to fly for refuge and relief into the arms of Uncle Sam will find that they have been impudently and grossly deceived.

TARIFF CHANGES.

The indications are that changes will be made in the tariff during the next session of Parliament. Sir John Thompson showed at the Toronto Board of Trade banquet that he is not a bigoted upholder of the present tariff. He said plainly that he did not regard it as perfect, and he even went further and led his hearers to infer that there are on it "moldering branches" that require to be lopped off. What those branches he did not say, but most of his hearers concluded from what he said that the lopping operation will be commenced soon. An extensive revision of the tariff, as the Premier suggested, cannot be made until it is known what the Cleveland administration intends to do in the way of tariff reform. The Americans will naturally expect that if they relax their trade policy in favor of Canada, Canadians will make a corresponding relaxation in their policy in favor of the United States. We do not think that there are many in this country who will oppose a policy of mutual concessions in trade between the Americans and ourselves. The great majority of Canadians will not consent to extending trade advantages to the States which are denied to Great Britain; but, short of that, very few will complain of the looseness of the trade relations between us and our neighbors. It is, therefore, greatly to be hoped that the Democratic trade policy will be such as to promote good feeling, good neighborhood and closer trade relations between the United States and Canada.

The prospect of preferential trade between Great Britain and this Dominion is at this moment rather dim. The people of Great Britain are not in the humor just now to consent to taxes on food, be they ever so small, for any purpose whatever. Still the Fair Traders are working hard, as is evidenced by the following resolution which was recommended by the General Purpose Committee of the Council of the Birmingham Chamber of Commerce:

"That, in the opinion of this meeting, the future prosperity of British commerce must increasingly depend on our commercial relations with our colonies, and, recognizing the fact that Canada has, by the resolution of the Parliament, invited the Mother Country to enter into an arrangement for reciprocal preferential duties, we hereby urge upon the Government the necessity of taking this invitation into their immediate and most serious consideration."

A few years ago such a resolution as this would not be entertained for a single moment by any Chamber of Commerce in the United Kingdom. The United States could not object to an arrangement of this kind between Great Britain and the colonies, for in making it the British Empire would be only following to a limited extent the example of the United States, which has established not preferential trade between its different parts, but absolute free trade, with protective duties against all the rest of the world. Preferential trade with Great Britain is at present outside the sphere of practical politics; but reasonable reciprocity with the United States is, we hope, almost within the reach of the Government of Canada.

THE GLOBE'S ENTERPRISE.

The Toronto Globe has sent two commissioners to the rural parts of Ontario to find out how the farmers feel with respect to annexation. The Globe is to be commended for its enterprise, but we hardly think that there are many reflecting men who will praise it for its sagacity. "Commissioners" of this kind generally see what they want to see. Besides, the most industrious can see and talk to but comparatively few people, and he has no guarantee that any considerable number of the few he does see, take him into their confidence and say to him exactly what they think with respect to annexation. Besides, how few there are among the discomfited who have any clear or intelligent idea of what is required to cure the evils of which they complain. It is most astonishing to see how little men know of the real condition of those whose appearance excites their envy. The saying that one-half the world does not know how the other half lives, is not a half or a quarter of the truth. Those who are curious in such matters soon find out that one-tenth of the world has no idea how the other nine tenths live.

An Ontario farmer said to a Globe Commissioner: "I have one of the best farms that the sun shines on, and give me the markets of the United States and I will make money." Did this Ontario farmer know that there are farmers who have the market of sixty-five millions open to them who not only do not make money but who, in spite of all their efforts, are not able to keep out of debt? Farmers in Ohio, in Illinois, in Wisconsin and other States are in the position he would like to occupy and yet they are not prosperous. Then the farmers of the State of New York and the New England States, with the market of the sixty-five millions at their disposal, are not rolling in wealth. What tale do the hundreds of deserted farms in the Eastern States tell? Is the condition of the cultivator of the soil there better than that of the Ontario farmer. If the Ontario farmer inquired closely into the condition of the farmers of the United States, as a class, he would find that there is very little in the condition of the American farmer in even the best States that he should envy. And it is much the same with other occupations. I work hard to get in Canadian cities? So it is in the cities of the United States. There are crowds of unemployed men and women in all the cities of the Union. The Rev. Mr. Flower showed the world what misery and destitution there are in the great and rich city of New York, and he also revealed to the Ontario and other Canadian farmers the happy condition of the men who till what used to be the fertile prairies of the West and South-west of the United States. Is there anything in the condition of those farmers, economic, social or political, that the Canadian farmer can envy?

THE VOTES POLLED.

The official returns of the Presidential election are a long time in reaching Washington. The results of the vote for Electors in the several States are ascertained and declared by the State authorities, in compliance with the requirements of the State laws, and certificates setting forth the names of the Electors appointed and the number of votes cast for each are forwarded to the Secretary of State of the United States, that the authority of such persons to act as Presidential Electors may be certified and made known. It is from these returns that the aggregate vote is known and data obtained from which the complete table of the popular vote is published in the leading newspapers of the United States. It is seen by this table that the total vote for Presidential Electors in all the States was 12,068,595, and that the plurality for the Democrats was 332,342. The Democratic plurality in 1888, when the Democratic candidate was not elected, was 95,534, while in 1884, when the Democrats elected their man, their plurality was 23,005. This is a political paradox which outsiders find it difficult to understand.

The number of votes polled at the last election for Mr. Cleveland was 5,554,685, for President Harrison 5,172,349, and for General Weaver, 1,040,600; for Bidwell, the Prohibitionist candidate, 273,314 ballots were cast.

In 1888, 5,398,949 votes were cast for Cleveland, 5,440,708 for Harrison, 246,576 for Bidwell, and 146,936 for Streeter, Union Labor.

The Electoral vote differed slightly from the returns hitherto published; it is Cleveland, 277; Harrison, 145 and Weaver 22. This gives Cleveland 110 over the combined vote of Harrison and Weaver and 132 over Harrison. In 1888, when Cleveland's plurality was, as we have seen, 95,534, he had only 168 votes in the Electoral College, while Harrison, who was actually in the minority, had 233.

JEWELRY ROBBERY.

Masked Thieves Enter a Toronto Store and Secure Thousands of Dollars Worth of Property.

Toronto, Jan. 17 (Special).—One of the most daring robberies ever perpetrated in Canada occurred here this evening, when five masked men entered the jewelry store of Fred. Roberts, bound and gagged Roberts and his clerk, John Ward, and rifled the store, securing many thousands of dollars' worth of goods. There is no clue as to the identity of the thieves. The whole force is scouring the city, and their capture is but the question of a very short time.

TRIPLE RECOMMENDED. GENTLEMEN.—I can truly recommend Esq. Ward's Pectoral Balm for all coughs and colds. I have seen more than one bottle cured my brother of a severe cold.

MISS MAGGIE THOMPSON, Vasey, Ont.

BILL NYE IN IOWA.

HE SAYS IT IS A MISTAKE TO SAY HE IS ONE OF THE NAVUOO RICHES—SOUL STIRRING POETRY.

An Invitation from One of the Earth's Fairest Daughters, Which William Refuses Point Blank.

(Copyright, 1893, by Edgar W. Nye.)

We have been passing through Iowa lately—pronounced lowly by people who live here, and lowly by those who do not. Arizona is called Arizona by those who reside there, and Arizona by people who do not get out much, but who get gay on popcorn and go to bed as soon as the supper dishes are cleared away. Iowa is a beautiful state, and every farmer has marble top furniture in his sitting room. The soil is a rich, deep black, which could be divided up with New England and yet have enough left in the spring to give a tawny shade to the pink clay of the south.

I was speaking last month to a mountaineer of North Carolina regarding the prosperity of that region, and especially regarding the growth of the brick and tile business. The man was a clay calculator, with clothes to match. He was a sad looking man, with the air of one who had hoped with others that the election of Mr. Cleveland would result in a new order of things, and that the air would be full of welcome to the south and cheap English clothing made extra long in the limbs to fit the trade.

"Yes," he said, "it seems like there is more call for hands in the brick works, but they 'pear like most niggers, for no white man wants to fuss around in the mud all day when he ought to be out fiddling. And as for cookin' clay, my fella's saw a well day almost. Vanderbilt put his old bakeshop in amongst our vituals."

Iowa and Illinois at this season of the year seem to be just bulging out with corn and other grain. I went into Chicago the other day and visited the big building where they sell so much corn and wheat. I asked a man if he could show me some corn. Yes, he said, he would sell me half a million of February corn, and he had a little beam of it near by, and everybody was talking so much at the same time that it worried me, and I asked him to step over to the hotel, where we could be by ourselves. We went there and he showed me a beam of corn, and he said, "I've seen a lot of corn, but I've never seen a beam of it so good as this. It's a good one, and everybody is talking so much at the same time that it worried me, and I asked him to step over to the hotel, where we could be by ourselves. We went there and he showed me a beam of corn, and he said, 'I've seen a lot of corn, but I've never seen a beam of it so good as this. 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RIA'S NEW CLUB.

Opened in About a Month by a Good Member-ship.

Some Quarters Now Being Taken for the 1893 Committee.

Project of starting in Victoria club was broached some weeks ago...

Club work, however, which has been those who took the matter up...

John E. G. Prior, M.P., John Martin, R.N., Hon. Theodore Davis, Q.C., in Irving, Alan S. Damberton, Grant (Black Watch), Robert Wilson, M.P.P., and Frank...

Temporary offices are at 51 St. John's street, but as soon as the building occupancy they will be removed...

Without entrance fee as the club, but after the club is started...

They have had the handling of the club has been surprised and delighted...

There were four cases on the books at Police court yesterday, three of which were adjourned.

A Taste of Liberty. The young Mainlander, Moroney, who was very recently committed to the reformatory...

Victoria to Kato. The Post Office Inspector has been advised that communication is now open from Kato to Bonner's Ferry...

Remedy and Efficient Protection. Premier Davis having been committed to the reformatory...

In Association Hall. To-morrow evening the members of the Young Men's Christian Association...

Sons of Erin. The adjourned meeting of the Sons of Erin was held last evening in Pioneer hall...

Their Little Joke. The smuggling fraternity are at present convulsed over what they are pleased to call "the best one of the season."

Levis-Jackson. The Synagogue was crowded yesterday afternoon by friends of the contracting parties to the Lewis-Jackson marriage.

Imperial Baking Powder. Strongest, Best. Ammonia, Lime, Phosphates, or any injurious...

Patented French Cure. PHRODITINE or money refunded. IS SOLD ON POSITIVE GUARANTEE.

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THE CITY.

Entertained. The members of Alexandra Lodge and the members of the late Lodge entertained the District Deputy at supper at Stella's restaurant last evening.

For Saturday Evening. Another social dance will be given in Harmony Hall on Saturday evening, when good music will be supplied by the Bandy family orchestra.

Managers Chosen. The congregation of the First Presbyterian church have named Messrs. Frank Walker, Dunsmuir and McDermid as their managers for the current year.

The Meeting Postponed. The annual congregational meeting of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, which was to have taken place last evening, has been postponed until Monday evening next.

The Victoria to Meet. The members of the Victoria Gun Club will hold their first meeting of this season on February 7, when officers will be elected and tournament arrangements discussed.

Came Together With a Crash. Oak Bay car, No. 9, and Douglas street car, No. 3, collided on Store street yesterday morning, causing a great deal of damage to the motorcar of No. 9 and his knee cap fractured.

To Keep the Cemetery. The funeral of the late Miss De Witt took place yesterday, Rev. Dr. Campbell officiating, and the following gentlemen acting as pallbearers: Messrs. Thornton, Fell, T. M. Henderson, J. A. Fulton and J. Smith.

I. O. G. T. Choral Society. With the object of forming the above, an introductory concert of the I. O. G. T. Choral Society, will be given by Mr. E. J. Eyles this evening at 8 o'clock, in the Temperance hall, Pandora street.

For the World's Fair. Part of the large cargo of the C. P. R. steamship Empress of Japan, which arrived on Tuesday, will be put up for exhibition at the World's Fair. The exhibit was in charge of Mr. J. Fuhita.

City Police Court. There were four cases on the books at Police court yesterday, three of which were adjourned.

A Taste of Liberty. The young Mainlander, Moroney, who was very recently committed to the reformatory for robbing his mother, escaped from custody last evening, and after several hours' hiding, was recaptured on the Islander by Officer McNeill.

Victoria to Kato. The Post Office Inspector has been advised that communication is now open from Kato to Bonner's Ferry, the handling of the mails being thereby considerably facilitated.

Remedy and Efficient Protection. Premier Davis having been committed to the reformatory, the members of the Young Men's Christian Association...

In Association Hall. To-morrow evening the members of the Young Men's Christian Association Gymnasium club will give a grand exhibition in their room, every effort to make it a success is being put forth, and a very enjoyable time is anticipated.

Sons of Erin. The adjourned meeting of the Sons of Erin was held last evening in Pioneer hall, under the presidency of Dr. Sproule. There was a large attendance of last night's members were added to the roll.

Their Little Joke. The smuggling fraternity are at present convulsed over what they are pleased to call "the best one of the season."

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MALICIOUSLY BURNED.

The George Road Blaze Conspicuously Proven a Case of Incurable Malice.

Some Person or Persons Unknown Did the Damage—Startling Evidence.

William McDonald's evidence touching the George road fire, which was given on Tuesday but withheld from publication yesterday, as it was suggested that the ends of justice might thereby be furthered, is summarized below.

The witness explained that the house on the George road belonged to his brother Robert; witness had no interest in the lot or building. He lived with his brother in the house, and on the night before the fire he had supper with his brother there. They had supper shortly after 5 o'clock, and then removed the stove and a table to the yard, and the rest of the furniture into the kitchen.

They intended to have slept in the cabin that night, but Robert, who had returned from the city, turned, and the bed was not in the room, and with him witness sat in the house until about 10:30, and then they went together to bed.

Returning, witness went with his friend to his home at Victoria West, and remained there two or three hours, leaving between 2 and 3 o'clock. On leaving for home he noticed fire near or at his house, and hastened to the place, where he found Mr. Eberts, Mr. Rowbotham and Mr. Smith there, struggling with the fire. He assisted those gentlemen all he could in putting it out.

Witness said he was in the habit of visiting Mr. Bruce at Victoria West. Witness had been living with his brother since April last, when the building of the house was begun. Prior to this they lived in the cabin. The new building was insured in August last, when the shingling of the house commenced, but as at this time there was nothing but the bare frame, on the night previous to the fire, when he and his friend Bruce left the building, there was no plaster from the roof to the walls, and the house was in a very incomplete state.

Witness said that the house was insured for \$2,000 in the Manchester Fire Insurance Co. At that time the building would be worth about \$700 or \$800.

In reply to the Magistrate, witness stated that about six weeks ago his brother went into business for himself. In the room in which Bruce and himself sat there was but one chair and a table, and a couple of boxes.

Before any evidence was called on the reopening of the inquiry, yesterday, Mr. Jay, who appears for the brothers McDonald, called attention to the fact that the evidence of William McDonald had been omitted from the COLONIST report because Bruce was turned out of court while that witness was in the room.

Witness objected to the evidence of William McDonald being called, pointing out that it was not a criminal case, and suggested that the police should elicit all the information they could in regard to the matter, whether this evidence favored their theory of the case or otherwise.

His Honor explained that the fact of the omission of the evidence of William McDonald from the report was not a matter of opinion, but a matter of fact, and that the investigation was concerned the object was to get to the bottom of the matter, and to see if there was any evidence in support of the theory of the case.

Witness then put in the evidence of Mr. Bruce, who was then put in the box, and was together until 10 o'clock at night. They were also together from ten to half-past ten o'clock yesterday, and were in the room occupied by the McDonalds, and from one to half-past one before the Court opened.

"Did he tell you last night the evidence of William McDonald was omitted from the report?" asked his Honor.

Witness answered in the negative, and in reply to further questions denied that Mr. McDonald and he had spoken on the subject under investigation.

Witness then took the witness in the stand, and he said that about 8 o'clock on the evening of the 6th December he called upon William McDonald, and went upstairs to the room occupied by the McDonalds, where there was a chair in the room, also a couple of milk cans and a box, but no fire.

He remained with McDonald until about half-past ten o'clock, and then he and McDonald went to bed, and he did not see McDonald again until 1 o'clock," asked Chief Sheppard.

The witness would not bind himself to any particular time. As soon as they started witness was coming in, and he was in the room until about 6 o'clock, and then he went to bed, and he did not see McDonald again until 1 o'clock," asked Chief Sheppard.

A Curious Flycatcher. Mr. James H. Wardell, of Fort Wrangel, Alaska, who passed through here a short time ago, is authority for the following: "The natives of Alaska may not suffer from a surfeit of civilization, but there are some things in which they excel; notably in the way of children's toys. Every baby here is provided with a rattle, which is made of a piece of ivory or walrus tooth. It is about 6 inches long and about 1 inch in diameter. A hole is bored in it from one end only. In this there is a rod with a crown-shaped top, and a string is attached to the rod. At the bottom of the rod is a spot, though small, leather string, which passes through a hole in the side of the hollow walrus tooth. The length of the string prevents its leaving the piece entirely. Then, when the string is loosened, they clatter down with a rattling sound, and the bottom of the string that fills the hole of the building Equigman with glue. It is a very funny design for a rattle, and there is nothing like it in America. It is simple, but popular, and the man who first struck the idea is getting rich, although his scheme is not patented."

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They intended to have slept in the cabin that night, but Robert, who had returned from the city, turned, and the bed was not in the room, and with him witness sat in the house until about 10:30, and then they went together to bed.

Returning, witness went with his friend to his home at Victoria West, and remained there two or three hours, leaving between 2 and 3 o'clock. On leaving for home he noticed fire near or at his house, and hastened to the place, where he found Mr. Eberts, Mr. Rowbotham and Mr. Smith there, struggling with the fire. He assisted those gentlemen all he could in putting it out.

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FRIDAY, JANUARY 20, 1893.

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NEWS OF THE PROVINCE.

Kamloops Coal Showing Encouraging Prospects—Golden's Great Expectations For Next Season.

The Missing Joseph Huntley Found in Seattle and Will Not Explain His Strange Flight.

(Special to the Colonist.)

YANCOOVER, Jan. 19.—H. E. Byers, charged with setting fire to the Morse mills, has been further remanded to the 19th.

The local paper gave the Vancouver lawyer a severe reprimand in referring to his decision in the conviction, that "to advocate is unprofessional."

Following are the chairmen of committees of the Board of Works, McCreary; Fire, Watson and Light, Franklin; Health, Collins; Market and Police, Towler. The question of allowing reporters to be present at committee meetings was earnestly discussed, but will receive further consideration.

The Hastings mill will cost 35,000,000 feet of lumber this year.

The News Advertiser's Seattle special of yesterday says: "Passing along Second street this afternoon I met Joseph Huntley, the Vancouver Health Officer, who disappeared from Vancouver a few weeks ago. I spoke to him and asked him why he left so suddenly. He said that it was a matter concerning himself only. He was not at all concerned with the people of Vancouver. He did not know what the people of Vancouver had been very kind to him. He was sorry that the Woodmen prevented him making a statement of any kind. He did not expect to return to Vancouver. He did not know what he could not say was intended doing, or what he was going, further than that he was going to Portland to-day or tomorrow. He says that he saw Captain Haggerty, from Vancouver, and had a talk with him the other day. Huntley positively refused to say anything concerning his wife and child further than that they were in Seattle, and that he would neither deny nor admit anything. He refused to make any other statements. When told that he owed the people of Vancouver some explanation, he would only say that it will be all right. An inquiry here brings out the fact that Huntley was formerly mixed up with the local gambling houses, and that he is now in San Diego, California, where he has been several years ago. Parties here who know the man, and who are acquainted with Huntley in an alias, and that he was known in California as Theodore Hopkins. Huntley refused to answer any questions concerning the matter, but said that the people of Vancouver would know some day all about him. After spending over two hours with Huntley, he above all things, and he got out of him. Huntley left for Portland this afternoon.

YANCOOVER, Jan. 17.—If the cold weather holds out the Vancouver Hockey club will play a hockey match on the Lake of Clarke on Saturday. They are bound to draw a crowd if they can get a good team. The crowd has some crack men on their team, among them J. Virtue, late of the Maple Leaf Hockey Club; R. Cheney, Montreal Hockey Club; H. McGregor, Winnipeg Hockey Club; H. Quigley, champion skater of Manitoba, and other crack men.

The protest against the *modus operandi* adopted in the municipal election here has been taken through. The objection raised was that it was not a fair election. It was pointed by the deputy returning officer contrary to the Act, who wrongfully took the ballot papers from the hands of the electors and placed them in a box. Also, it was alleged that the City Clerk recounted the ballots in Ward 4 on Friday contrary to law.

The Vancouver Council met yesterday. On the clerk's salary being fixed at \$800, Clerk Hirschberg tendered his resignation. Applications will be advertised for a foreman, clerk and assessor for 1893.

South Vancouver Council met yesterday. The chairman of the different committees appointed are: Board of Health, McCreary; Finance, Douglas; Health, Bridge.

WESTMINSTER, Jan. 16.—Ice covered the Fraser river, and the steamer Parson's channel and steamers leaving for Vancouver ports had to return. The weather continues bright and frosty, the thermometer, however, not indicating more than six degrees of frost at night.

District Grand Master W. Keary and others of the craft, went to Port Haney this morning to organize a new lodge, A.O.U.W. A. L. R. of P. will be instituted here next month.

A small fire on the roof of St. Mary's church brought out the brigade this morning.

The lumber trade is once again reviving. The new dwelling house and stores which are being erected, are giving employment to a large number of men.

The election in Dewdney municipality resulted as follows: For Reeve, D. H. Favell; for C. W. McKim, 21; for J. H. Favell, 35; for R. G. McKim, 21; for J. H. Favell, 35; for R. G. McKim, 21.

The election in Vancouver for ward 3, S. G. Chapman; ward 4, J. H. Favell; ward 5, R. G. McKim; ward 6, J. H. Favell; ward 7, R. G. McKim; ward 8, J. H. Favell; ward 9, R. G. McKim; ward 10, J. H. Favell; ward 11, R. G. McKim; ward 12, J. H. Favell; ward 13, R. G. McKim; ward 14, J. H. Favell; ward 15, R. G. McKim; ward 16, J. H. Favell; ward 17, R. G. McKim; ward 18, J. H. Favell; ward 19, R. G. McKim; ward 20, J. H. Favell; ward 21, R. G. McKim; ward 22, J. H. Favell; ward 23, R. G. McKim; ward 24, J. H. Favell; ward 25, R. G. McKim; ward 26, J. H. Favell; ward 27, R. G. McKim; ward 28, J. H. Favell; ward 29, R. G. McKim; ward 30, J. H. Favell; ward 31, R. G. McKim; ward 32, J. H. Favell; ward 33, R. G. McKim; ward 34, J. H. Favell; ward 35, R. G. McKim; ward 36, J. H. Favell; ward 37, R. G. McKim; ward 38, J. H. Favell; ward 39, R. G. McKim; ward 40, J. H. Favell; ward 41, R. G. McKim; ward 42, J. H. Favell; ward 43, R. G. McKim; ward 44, J. H. Favell; ward 45, R. G. 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