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The Chartered Banks	The Chartered Banks.
BANK OF MONTREAL,	THE BANK OF BRIT
ESTABLISHED IN 1817. Incorporated by Act of Parliament.	NORTH AMERICA
Capital All Paid Up, \$12,000,000	INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHAI
Rest,6,000,000	Paid-up Capital, £1,000,00 Reserve Fund, £265,00
HEAD OFFICE, MONTREAL, BOARD OF DIRECTORS:	London Office, 3 Olemont's Lanc, Lombard
BOARD OF DIRECTORS : Hon. Sir D. A. SMITH, K.C.M.G., - President, Hon. GRO. A. DRUMMOND, Vice-President	COURT OF DIRECTORS !
 Hon, Gro, A., DRIMANNON, Vice-President A. T. Prierson, Esq. W. C. McDonald, Ecq. Hugh McLonnan, Esq. Hon, J. J. C. Abbott, Ed, B. Greenshields, Eso. R. B. Asgus, Esq. W. H. Meredith, Esq. F. S. CLOUSTON Concern Monopage 	J. H. Brodle. John James Cater. H. J. B. Kend
Ed, B. Greenshields, Eso. R. B. Asgus, Esq. W. H. Meredith, Esq.	Gaspard Farrer. J. J. Kingsfor Henry R. Farrer. Frederic Lubi
	Richard H. Glyn. George D. What Becretary, A. G. Wallis.
A. Mscalder, Chief Inspector and Supt. of Branckes. R. Y. Hebden, A. B. Buchanan, Asst. Inspec, Asst. Supt. of Branckes	Head Office in Canada, - St. James Street,
Branches in Canada :	R. R. GRINDLEY, General Mana F. Stanger, Inspector,
MONTREAL, H. V. Meredith, Manager. West End Branch, Catherine St. Almonte, Ont. Hamilton, Ont. Quebec, Que.	Branches in Canada : London Kingston Frederictor
Bolleville, "Kingston, "Regins, Ass'n,	Brantford Ottawa Halifax, N.
Brocksille 4 London 4 Stratford Ont	Hamilton Guebec Vaconver, Toronto St. John, N.B. Winnipeg, Brandon, Man.
Chatham, N.B. New Westmins- St. Marys, Unt.	Brandon, Man.
	Agenie in the United States ? NEW YORK - H. Stikeman and F.
Goderich, "Perth, Victoria, Goderich, "Perth, Victoria, Gudph, "Picton, Ont, Wallaceburg, Ont, Gudph, Picton, Ont, Winnipog, Man Halifax, N.S.	field, Agents. BAR FRANCISCO—W. Lawson and J. (
Gualph, "Picton, Ont. Winnipog, Man Halifax, N.S.	Agents. London BANKERS-The Bank of 1
IN GREAT BRITAIN : Longon, Bank of Montreal, 22 Abchurch Lane, E.C.	and Messra, Glyn & Co. Forkign Agents-Liverpool-Bank
Committee - Sir Robert Gillespie, Peter Rod- path, Esq. C. Ashworth, Manager.	erpool. Australia—Union Bank of An New Zealand—Union Bank of Australi
IN THE UNITED STATES :	of New Zealand, Colonial Bank of N land. India, China and Japan - Oh
New York-Walter Watson and Alex. Lang, 59 Wall St. Chicago-Bank of Montreal, W. Munro, Manager.	of New Zesland, Colonial Bank of N. Iand. India, China and Japan - Ch Mercantile Bank of India, London and Agra Bank, Limited. West Indies- Bank. Paris- Messys. Marcuard, K.
BANKERS IN GREAT BRITAIN: London-The Bank of England.	Bank. Paris-Messrs. Marcuard, K. Co. Lyons-Credit Lyonnais.
London-The Bank of England. "The Union Bank of London. The London and Westminster Bank.	and Issue Circular Notes for Tri available in all parts of the world.
Liverpool-The Bank of Liverpool. Scotland The British Linen Company and Branches	
BANKERS IN THE UNITED STATES. New York-The Bank of New York, N.B.A.	THE MOLSONS BA Incorporated by Act of Parliament, 18
The Merchants' National Bank. Boston-The Merchants' National Bank.	HRAD OFFICE, MONTREAL, Faid-up Capital
Buffalo-Bank of Commerce in Buffalo.	Board Fund
San Francisco—The Bank of British Columbia. Portland, Oregon—The Bank of British Columbia,	Joun H. R. Molson, - Pres
Montreal, Nov., 1891.	R. W. SHRFHERD, Vice-Pres S. H. Ewing. W. M. Ramsay.
THE BANK OF TORONTO,	R. W. SMRFARED, - Vice-Free S. H. Ewing. W. M. Ramisy, Henry Archield. Saml, Fieley, W. M. MacDherson, F. WOLFERSTAN THOMAS, Gen. Ms
OANADA.	A. D. DOKNJOKD, Inspector.
Capital, \$2,000,000. Rest, \$1,600,000	BRANOHES: Aylmer, Ont. Montreal, P.Q. St. Hyat
DIRECTORS: GEORGE GOODERHAM, - President.	Brockville, Ont. Morrisburg, Ont. St. Thor
GEORGE GOODERHAM, - Presideni. WM. H. BEATTY, - Vice-President. Alex. T. Fulton. Henry Covert.	Calgary, Norwich, Ont. Toronto, Clinton, Ont. Owen Sound, Ont. Trenton, Exeter, Ont. Ridgetown, Ont. Waterlo
Henry Cawthra. Wm. Geo. Gooderham, John Leys.	Hamilton, Ont. Smiths Falls, Ont. West To London, Ont. Sorel, P.Q. Winnipe
Head Office, Toronto.	Meaford, Ont. Woodsto AGENTS IN CANADA.
DUNCAN COULSON, - General Mgr. Hugh LRACH, - Assistant General Mgr.	Quebec-La Banque du Peuple and Kaste
JOSEPH HENDERSON, Inspect r. Toronto	ships Bank. Ontario-Dominion Bank, Imperial Bani
Montreal,	ada and Can. Bank of Commerce. New Brunswick-Bank of New Brunswick
Brockville	Nova Scotta-Halifax Banking Company. Prince Edward Island-Merchants Bank
Collingwood,W. A. Copeland, "	Summerside Bank. British Columbia-Bank of British Colum
Collingwood	Manifoba-Imperial Bank of Canada, Newfoundland Commercial Bank of M
Petrolia	land, St. John's. IN EUROPH.
St, Catharines	London-Alliance Bank (limited); Mess Mills, Currie & Co.; Messrs. Morton, Rose
Bankersi	Liverpeel—The Bank of Liverpool, Cork- Munster and Leinster Bank, Ltd.
London, Eng	Paris, France-Credit Lyonnais,

New York National Bank of Commerce.

BANQUE VILLE-MARIE.

HKAD OFFICE, MONTREAL Capital Authorized, - - - 500,000, Capital Subscribed, - - 500,000,

Capital Subscribed, - - 500,000, DIRECTORE-W. Weir, Pres.; W. Strachan, Vice-Pres.; O. Foucher, John T. Wilson and Godfrey Weir. Ubalde Garand, Cashior. Branch at Berthier, - - A. Gariopy, Manager, Branch at Lachuto, - - Hy, Frost. "6155 Branch at Louiseville, F. X. O. Lacoursiere, "6155 Branch at Nicolet, - C. A. Sylvestro, "6155 Branch at St. Ossito - M. L. J. Lacasso, "6155 Branch at St. Charles (6157), W.J.E. Wall," Branch at Dt. St. Charles (6157), W.J.E. Wall, " Branch at Pt. St. Charles (6157), W.J.E. Wall, " Branch at Pt. St. Charles (6157), W.J.E. Wall, " Branch at Pt. St. Charles (6157), W.J.E. Wall, " Branch at Dt. St. Charles (6157), W.J.E. Wall, " Branch at Dt. St. Charles (6157), W.J.E. Wall, " Branch at Dt. St. Charles (6157) Geo. Dastous, " Agents at New Yers. 'In National Bank of the Renublic Lenden-Bank of Montreal. Paris-Ge Scolete Ganarale.

THE COMMERCIAL BANK OF MANITOBA.

Authorised Capital, DIRECTORS. DUNCAN MACANTHUR, \$1,000,000 President.

DUNCAN MACARTHUR, President. Hon., John Sutherlaud, Alexander Logan, Deposits received and interest allowed. Collections promptly made. Drafts issued available in all parts of the Dominion. Storling and American Exchange bought and sold.

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THE BANK OF BRI	TOT
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NORTH AMERIC	٨
INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CH.	(RTER.
Paid-up Capital, A1,000,0	oo Stg.
Leserve Fund, £265,	
Leserve Lundy Alogi	
ondon Office, 3 Clement's Lane, Lomba	4 BL. M.C
COURT OF DIRROTORS !	
. H. Brodle, Ed. Arthur ohn James Cater, H. J. E. Ker aspard Farrer, J. J. Kingen ienry R. Farrer, Frederic Lu Vicherd H. Glym, Genera D. W	HOBIG.
Inner P. Former Brodevic La	
Hohord W Girm Gaanas D W	DUCCL.
Becretary, A. G. Wallis.	TROUTS WIT'S
ead Office in Canada, - St. James Stree	
R. R. GRINDLEY, General Man	ager.
E. STANGER, Inspector.	
Branches in Canada:	
ondon Kingston Frederict frantford Ottawa Halifax, aris Mostreal Victoria, Iamilton Quebec Vancouve	on, N. E.
brantford Ottawa Halifax,	N. S.
aris Montreal Victoria,	B.O.
lamilton Quebec Vancouve	r, B.C.
oronto St. John, N.B. Winnipe	, Man.
Brandon, Man-	
Agenie in the United States :	
NEW YORK - H. Stikeman and]	Brown-
eld, Agents.	0.100-1-1
BAN FRANCISCO-W. Lawson and J	U. Weish,
gents. London BANKERS-The Bank of	England
nd Messra, Glyn & Co.	PuRiyug
Forkign Agents-Liverpool-Ba	Time
TOREIGN AGANIG-HIVE DOOL-DA	THE OF THE A.

VIS-LIVETPOOL-Bank of LIV Ra-Union Bank of Australia, nion Bank of Australia, Bank Colonial Bank of New Zea-hina and Japan – Chartered of India, London and China; ited. West Indies-Colonial Messrs. Marcuard, Krauss & dit Lyonnais. Sultar Notes for Travellars

oular Notes for Travellers,

LSONS BANK.

by Act of Parliament, 1855. OFFICE, MONYRHAL 2,100,000 AED OF DIRBOTORS.

BD OF DIRBOTORS.
 DISON, - Freident.
 DY, M. Ramssy.
 Sami, Fielsy.
 M. Macpherson.
 AN THUMAS, Gen. Managor.
 Duranson, Inspector.
 Royannes.

CB/3 :
Q. St. Hyacinthe, Q. Ont. St. Thomas, Ont. nt. Toronto, Ont. , Ont. Trenton, Ont. Ont. Waterloo, Ont.
, Ont. West Toronto Jo Winnipeg, Man, Woodstock, Ont,

IN DAMADA. ue du Peuple and Eastern Town-

Bank, Imperial Bank of Can-

of Commerce. -Bank of New Brunswick. difax Banking Company. (sland.-Merchants Bank of P.E.I.,

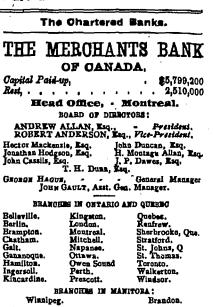
s-Bank of British Columbia, dal Bank of Canada. - Commercial Bank of Newfound-

Iand, St. John's. IN EUROPM. London-Alliance Bank (imited); Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.; Messrs. Morton, Rose & Co. Litorspeed-The Bank of Liverpool. Cork-Munster and Leinster Bank, Ltd. Paris, France-Credit Lyonnais. Antwerf, Beigtwm-La Bangue d'Anvers UNITED STATES. New York - Mochanics' National Bank; Mossrs. W. Watson and Alox, Lang, Agonis Bank of Montreal; Messrs. Morton, Bliss & Co. Besten-The State Na-tional Bank. Co. Lang, Agonis Bank of Montreal; Messrs. Morton, Bliss & Co. Besten-The State Na-tional Bank. Constance-Casco National Bank. Chica-re-First National Bank. Cleveland - Commercial National Bank. San Francisco-Bank of British Col-umbia. Detreit-Commercial National Bank. Saff-sle-Third National Bank. Milesakse: Wisconsin Marine san First National Bank. Fort Ben-fors, Moniana-First National Bank. Saff-Suite, Meniana-First National Bank. Missakse: Of the V.S. Collections made in all parts of the Dominion and ro-turns promptly remitted at lowest rates of ackango. Letters of Credit issued, available in all parts of the world.

THE QUEBEC BANK.

Incorporated by Royal Charter, A.D., 1818. CAPITAL, \$3,000,000. HEAD OFFICE, QUEBE

CARTERAL, 53,000,000.
 HEAD OFFICE, QUEBEC, BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
 JAS, G. ROSS, ESG., Privideni, George R. Radirew, Esg., JAMES STEVENSON, ESG., Cashier, Branches and Agracies in Canada:
 Ottawa, Ont. Toronto, Ont. Pembroke, Ont. Montreal, Que. Thorold, Ont. Three Rivers, O. Agents in New York-Messre, Mailiand, Phalps & Co. Agents in London-The Bank of Scotland.



esperante autoria

Wisnipeg. Brandon. Brankers in Gressi Britain -- London, Giasgow, Edinburgh and other points, The Cydesdale Bank (Limited). Liverpool, The Bank of Liverpool (Ltd), Agency in New York-for Wall St., Messra. Henry Hague and John B. Harris, Jr., Agents. Bankiers in United States-New York, Bank of New York, N. B. A.; Boston, Merchants National Bank; Chicago, American Exchange National Bank; St. Paul, Minn., First National Bank; Detroit, First National Bank; Buffalo, Bank of Buffalo; San Fran-cisco, Anglo-Californian Bank; Merchand-Commercial Bank of Newfound-land.

land,

land. Nova Scotia and New Brunswich - Bank of Nova Scotia and Merchants Bank of Halifax, British Coismolia-Bank of British North America, A general banking business transacted. Latters of Credit issued, available in China, Japan, and other foreign countries.

La Banque du Peuple

DIVIDEND No. III.

The Stockholders of La Banque du Peuple are hereby notified that a Semi-annual Dividend of three per cent, for the last six months has been declared on the Capital Stock, and will be payable at the office of the Bank on and after Monday, the 7th March next. The Transfer Book will be closed from the

15th to the 29th February, both days inclu-BÌ∀⊖.

By order of the Board of Directors.

J. S. BOUSQUET, Cashier, Montreal, 29th January, 1892.

LA BANQUE DU PEUPLE NOTICE.

The Annual General Meeting of the Stockholders of La Banque du Peuple will be held at the office of the Bank, St. James street, on Monday, the 7th March next, at 3 o'clock p.m., in conformity with the 16th and 17th clauses of the Act of Incorporation. By order of the Board of Directors.

J. S. BOUSQUET, Cashier Montreal, January 29th, 1892.

UNION BANK OF CANADA. Capital Pald-up, \$1,200,000. Reserved fund, \$225,000

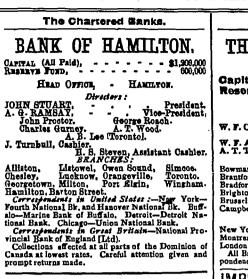
HEAD OFFICE, - - QUEBEC.

HEAD OFFICE, - - QUEBEC. Beard of Dirictors. --ANDREW THOMSON, Esq., President; HOR. E. J. PRICE, ESQ., VICo-Prest.; D. C. Thomson, Esq., HOR. Thomas McGreeovy, E. Giroux, ESQ., E. J. Haio, ESQ., Sir A. T. Gait, G.C.M.G. E. E. Wass, Cashler. J. G. BILLETT, Inspector Branches and Agenetic. --Alexandria, Ont., Boisag-vain, Man. Carberry, Man., Iroquois, Ont., Loth-bridge, N.W. T. Merrickville, Ont., Montreal, Quee, Moosomin, N.W. T., Neepawa, Man., Ottawa, Ont., Quebec, Que., Quebec, Que. (St. Louis St. J. Smith's Falls, Ont., Toronto, Oni., Winchestor, Ont., Winni-peg, Man. Morsign Agentic-London-The Alliance Bank (Lid). Livarpool-Bank of Livarpool (Lid.). New York-Mar-tional Park Bank, Rosson-Lincoln National Bank. Muneapolis-First National Bank, St. Paul-St. Paul National Bank, Great Falls. Moot., First National Bank, Chicago, Ill., Globe National Bank. The notes of this Bank are redectmed a par as fol-lows: At Halifax, N.S., St. John, N.B., and Char-lottetown, P.K.I., by the Bank of Brit North America.

and solution

The Chartered Sanks. THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE. **BANK UF UUM MLEKUE:** *HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO.* Paid-Up Ospital, **360,000,000** Edet, **900,000** DIRECTORS: GEO. A. COX. Kaq., *Problem.* JOHN I, DAVIDSON, Esq., *Vice-President.* JOHN I, DAVIDSON, Esq., *Vice-President.* George Taylor, Kuq. Jas. Crathera, Esq. Robt. Kil-gour, Ecq. W. B. Hamilton, Esq. John Hoskin, Ksq., G. C., LLD. Matthew Loggat, Esq. B. E. WALKER, General Manager. J. H. PLUMMER, Asvi General Manager. A. H. IR ELAND, Inspector. G. de C. O'GRADY, Asst. Insp. New York, Alex. Laird and Wm. Gray, Agents. *BRANCHBS*: NEW YORK, Alex, Laird and Wm. Gray, Agents BRANCHRS: Alisa Craig, Dundas, Orangeville, Sinacoe, Ayr, Dunaville, Ottawa, Stratford, Barrie, Galt, Paris, Strathroy, Belleville, Goderich, Parkhill, Thoroid, Berlin, Guelph, Paterborgh, "Toronio, Bianheim, Hamilton, St. Cathvines, Walkerton, Brantford, Jarvis, Sarnia, Walkerton, Chatham, †Montreal, Scaforth, Windsor, Collingrood. • Head Office, 10-22 King St. W. Clit Reamback Woodstock. • Head Office, 19-33 King St. W. City Branches: 198 Queen St. E.; 448 Yonge St., cor. College; 791 Yonge St.; 268 College St.; cor. Spadina; 546 Queen St. W. and 415 Parliament St. St. W. and 415 Parliament St. † Main Office, 157 St. James St. City Branches: and Notre Dame St. and 25 St. Lawrence St. Commercial credits issued for use in Europe, East and West Indies, China, Japan and South America. Sterling and American Exchange bought and sold. Collections made on the most favorable terms. Interest allowed on deposits. BARMARS AND CORRESPONDENTS. Great Eritain-The Bank of Scotland. India, China, and Yagas-The Chartered Bk. of India, Chinal and Yagas-The Union Bk. of Aus-tralia. Partir, France-Lawrd France & Cia Australia Pres Linand The Color Br. of Ris-fraia. Parti, France-Larard Frees & Cio. Branich, Bickinner, J. Mathiou & Fils. New York-The American Exchange National Bank of Chicago. San Francicco and British Cola-The Bank of British Columbia. Hamilton, Bernmada-The Bk. of Bormuda. Kingston, Janaica-The Bank of Nova Scotia. THE ONTARIO BANK. RESERVE FURA, 200,000 HEAD OFFICE, TOFONTO, 200,000 DIRECTORS-SIT WE, P. HOWLAND, C.B., K. C.M.G., Preiddrif ; R. K. BURGESS, Esq., Pice-Preident; Hon. C. F. Fraser, A. M. Smith, Esq., G. M. Roso, Esq., Donald Mackay, Esq., G. R. R. Cockburn, Fer. M.P. Esq., Donald Macasy, Esq., M.P. C. HOLLAND, General Manager, NOVES : BRANCHES: Lindsay, Montreal, Mount Forest, Newmarket, Ottawa, Peterboro', Port Arthur, Pickering, Sudbury, Toronto. Whitby, 480 Queen St. W., Toronto. Amherstburg, Aurora, Bowmanville, Corawali, Guelph, Kingston, AGENTS: Toronto. London, Eng. -Alliance Bank [Limited]. France and Europe-Credit Lyonnais. New York-The Fourth National Bank of the City of New York and Messrs, Waiter Watson and Alex, Lang. Boston-Tremont National Bank. BANK OF OTTAWA. OTTAWA. Capital (all paid-up) - - - \$1,000,000 Rest_ - - - 428,000 JAMES McLAREN, Esq., - President, CHARLES MAGEE, Esq., - Vice-President. DIRECTORS : DIRBUTORS : N. Blackburn, Esq., Hon. George Bryson, Alex. Fra-ser, Esq., Geo. Hay, Esq., John Mather, Esq. GEO. BURN, Cashler. Branchiz-Araprior, Fembroke, Winnipeg, Man., Carlton Place, Ont., Keowatia, Ont. Agents in Canada, New York and Chicago, Hank of Montreal. Agents in London, Eng., AlliancoBank. LA BANQUE NATIONALE HEAD OFFICE, QUEBEC. Capital Paid-up, - - - - \$1,200,000 DIRECTORS :

DIRBOTORIS t
A. GABOURY, Esq., President, FRS, KIROUAC, Esq., Vice-President.
FRS, KIROUAC, Esq., Vice-President.
Hon. J, Thibaudeau, T. LeDroit, Esq.
E. W. Méthot, Esq. A. Painchaud, Esq Louis Bilodeau, Esq.
P. LAFRANCE, Cashier M. A. LABREQUE, Inspector Branches-Montreal-A. Brunct, Mgr. Ottawa-P 1. Bazin Mgr. Sherbrocke-W Gaboury, Mgr. Agents-England-The National Bank of Scotland, Lonuon. Franct-Mestrs. Grunebaum, Fretes & Co., Paris. United States-The National Bank of the Re-public, New York, and the National Bank of the Re-public, New York, and the National Bank of Toroto at Toronto, Ont. The Bank of New Brunswick at St. John, N.B. The Merchants Bank of Halifax at Hali-fax, N.S. The Merchants Bank of Halifax at Char-lotterown, P E. I. The Union Bank of Canada at Winnipeg, Man, and the Bank of British Columbia at Victoria, B.C.
Particular attention given to cellections and returns made with tumost pomptness. Correspondence respectfully solicited.



THE DOMINION BANK.

Capital, \$1,500,000. Reserve Fund, \$1,350,000 DIRECTORS :

IAT, AUSTIN, - - President, HON, FRANK SMITH, Vice-President, Wm, Iace, Edward Leadley, E. B. Oslor, James Scott. Wilmot D. Matthews.

Head Office, Toronto.

Agencies :-Brampton, Belleville, Cobourg, Guelph, Lindsay, Napaneo, Oshawa, Orilia, Uxbridge, Whitby, Toronto, Queen Si. W., cor. Esther: Dundas St., cor. Queen : Spadina Are., No. 366: Sherbourne St., cor. Queen : Spadina Are., No. 366: Sherbourne St., cor. Queen : Spadina Are., No. 366: Sherbourne St., cor. Cueen : Market Br., cor. King and George Sts. Drafts on all parts of the United States, Great Eri-cain and the Continent of Europe bought and sold. Letters of Credit issued available in all parts of Europe, China, Japan and the West Indies. R. H. BETHUNE, Cashlet.

MERCHANTS BANK OF HALIFAX.

\$1,100,000 BOARD OF DIRECTORS; THOS. E. KENNY, M.P., President. THOMAS RITCHIE, Vice-President. M. DWYER, Wiley Smith, Henry G. Bauld, H. H. Fuller. Head Office, Halifax, N.S., D. H. Buncan, Cashler. Montreal Branch. E. L. Pesse, Manager. "West End, Cor. N. Dame & Seigneur Sts.

AGENCIES:

[Hants Co.],

Antigonish, N. S.	Maitland [Hants Co.],
Bathurst, N. B.	N. 8.
Bridgewater, N. S.	Moneton, N.B.
Charlottetown, P.E.I.	Newcastle, N.B.
Dorchester, N. B.	Picton, N.S.
Fredericton, N.B.	Port Hawkesbury, C.B.
Guysboro, N.S.	Sackville, N.B.
Kingston [Kent Co.].	Sackville, N.B. Summerside. P.E.I.
N.B.	Sydney, C.B.
Londonderry, N.S.	Truro, N.S.
Lunenburg, N.S.	Weymouth, N.S.
Woods	ock. N.B.

CORRESPONDENTS: Dominion of Ganada, Merehants Bank of Ganada, New York, Chase National Bank. Boston, the National Hide & Leather Bank. Chicago, American Exchange National Bank. Newfoundiand, Union Bank of Nowfoundiand. London, England, Bank of Scotland and Imperial Bank (limited). Paris, France, Credit Lyonnais. Collections made at lowest rates and promptly remitted for. Telegraphic transfers and drafts issued at cur-rent rates. CORRESPONDENTS:

La Banque Jacques Cartier. HEAD OFFICE, MONTREAL

HRAD OFFICE, MONTREAL. Capital Paid-Up, \$500,000 Resorve Fund, Directors. 160,000 ALPH. DESJARDINS, ESG., M.P., President. A. B. Hamelin, Esg., Vice-President. A. L. DeMartigny, Esg. Buryer, Assistant Manager. TAVGRIDS ENFVEND, Inspector. Brasches-Beauharcois-H. Dorion, Mgr. Drum. mondville, J. E. Girard, Mgr. Fraserville, J. O. Le-blanc, Mgr. Hull, P. O., J. P. de Martigny, Lauren-tides, H. H. Ethler, Mgr. Plessiville, Chevrefils & Lacerto, Mgr., St. Hyacintho, A. Clement, Mgr. St. Sauveur (Quebec) N. Dion, Mgr. St. Simon, D. Dania, Mgr. Valleyfield, L. de Martigny, Mgr. Victoria-ville, A. Marchand, Mgr. Sto, Cunegonds (Montreal) G. N. Ducharme, Mgr. Ontario Street Montreal A. Goyer, St. Heari (Montreal) F. Si, Germala, Mgr. St. Jean Baptiste (Montreal) F. Si, Germala, Mgr. *Foreign Agenetics*. London, Eng.-Glynn, Mills, Currie & Co. Paris, France-Circolt Lyonnais. New York--The National Bank. Chicago-Esak of Montreal.

	TANDARD	
Capital Pai Reserve Fu		\$1,000,00 6 500,000 NTO.
	DIRECTORS :	
W. F. COWAN	President. JOHN BURNS	, Vice-President.
A. T. Todd.	A AGREGIES :	. J. Somerville.
Bowmanville, Brantford, Bradford, Brighton, Brussets, Campbeilford,	Canington, Chatham, Ont. Colborne, Durham, Forest,	Harriston. Markham, Newcastle. Parkdale, Picton. Stouffville.

The Chartered Banks.

BANKURS.

RANEWER, New York-Importers and Traders National Bank, Montreal-Cao. Bank of Commerce. London, England-National Bank of Scotland. All Banking business promptly attended to. Corres-pondence solicited. J. L. BRODIE, Cashier.

IMPERIAL BANK of CANADA

Eastern Townships Bank.

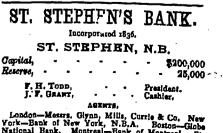
Authorized Capital,	
Capital Paid-Up,	
Reserve Fund,	800,000
BOLAD OF DIR	BCTORS
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ly remitted for.	

THE WESTERN BANK

OF CANADA.

HEAD OFFICE, OSHAWA, ONT.
Capital Authorized, \$1,000,000
Capital Subscribed,
Capital Paid-up, 350,000
Reserve, 75,000
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BOARD OF DIRECTORS: JOHN COWAN, Esq., President, REUBEN S. HAMLIN, Esq., Vice-President, W. F. Cowau, Esq. Thomas Patterson, Esq. T. H. MCMILLAN, Brankes: --Whiby, Midland, Tilsonburg, New Hamburg, Paisley, Panetanguishone, Port Perry. Draits on New York and Sterling Exchange bought and sold. Deposits received and interest allowed. Collections solicited and promptly made. Correspondents at New York and in Canada.-The Merchants Bauk of Canada. Londen, England.-The Reyal Bauk of Scotland.



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THE CANADIAN JOURNAL OF COMMERCE. Oceanic Steamsnips

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Offices, 23 Toronto Street, Toronto.

CAPITAL, - \$1,000,000.00 President, HON. J. C. AIKINS, P.O.; Vice-Presidents, HON. SIR ADAM WILSON, HON. SIB RICHARD CARTWRIGHT, K.C.M.G.

SIR RICHARD CARTWRIGHT, K.C.M G. This Corporation is accepted as a Trusts Company by the High Court of Justice.under the sanction of the Ontario Government, and acts as Executor, Administrator, Receiver, Guardian of Children, Committee of Lunatics, Assignee, Liquidator, &c., also as Agent for any persons appointed to the above offices, obvinting the finding of Security and all oner-ous duties in connection therewith. Moneys Invested Extarts Munaged Ronda Issued and Invested, Estates Managed, Bonds Issued and Countersigned. All business entrusted to the Oorporation promptly and economically managed. A. E. PLUMMER, Manager.

CENTRAL CANADA THE

LOAN & SAVINGS CO. OF ONTARIO.

HEAD OFFICE, . Kin	g St., - TORONTO
Capital Subscribed Capital Paid-Up Reserve Fund Invested Funds	\$2,000,000 00 800 000 00 192 000 00 8 003,696 14
Deposits received at our paid or compounded half : Debontures issued in payable in Canada or Gress	yearly. Currency or Sterling.
Money advanced on R	cal Estate Mortgages,

and Municipal Debontures purchased. F. G. COX, Manager. E. R. WOOD, Secretary GEO. A. COX. President.

The Dominion Savings & Investment Society

LONDON, - - - CANADA. Capital Bubsoribed. - - - \$1,000.000.00 Paid-up. - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - 2,500,00.,00 ROBERT REID, Collector of Customs, President. O H ELLIOTT (Elliott, Marr & Co.) Vico-Pres.

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THE HAMILTON

Provident and Loan Society.

President, - G. H. GILLESFIE, Esq. Vice-President, - A. T. Woon, Esq. ۰. Capital Subscribed, - \$1.500,000 00 Gapital Paid-Up, - 1,109 000 00 Reserve and Surplus Funds, - 280 861 30 Total Assets, - 3 789 406 95

DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at the ighest current fates. hle

DERENTURES for Sor 5 years. Interest payable half yearly. Executors and Trustees are authorized y aw to invest in Debantures of this Society. Banking House--King Street, Hamilton.

H. D. CAMERON. Tressurer.





1891-PROPOSED SAILINGS-1892 SUBJECT TO CHANGE.

Liverpool Hallfax and Portland, Service,

From	Steamships,	From	From
Liverpool,		Portiand,	Halifax.
81 Dec 14 Jan 28 Jan 11 Feb	•Numidian Parislan Sardinian •Numidian Circassian •Mongolian	21 Jan. 4 Feb. 18 Feb. 3 Mar.	9 Jan. 23 Jan. 6 Feb. 20 Feb. 5 Mar. 19 Mar.

All Stenwers call at Halifax on both homeward and outward voyages. •SS. Numidum and Mongolian will carry Cattle and only Labin Passengers to Liverpool.

Steamers sail from Portland about z p.m. Thursdays, or as soon as possible after the arrival of Grand Trunk Railway train due at Portland at noon.

Trains connecting with the Stoamers leave Montreal for Portland :

Via C. P. Ry, 8,x5 p m., arriving at Portland 8 a. "G. T. Ry. 10.15 p.m., " 12.45 X1.45 8.m.

Rates of Passage.

Cabia \$40 and upwards, Children, s to 12 years, hulf fare; under s, free intermediate and Steerage at lowest rate. Children under one year free,

Glasgow, Londonderry and New York Service.

(Late State Line of Steamers.)

From Glasgow. From New York, Steamships. 15 Jan...... • Assyrian....... 4 Feb. 10 80 am 23 Jan...... • Siberian 11 Feb. 9 a.m. 28 Jan...... State of Cal fornia..... 18 Feb. 1 p.m.

And weekly thereafter,

Steamers with a * will not carry passengers from New York.

Rates of Passage from New York.

Cabin, to Loudonderry or Glasgow, by "State of Nebraska," \$40 to \$50 single, and \$75 to \$210 return. By other steamers, \$33 and \$40 single, \$65 and \$75 return. Children between ages of a and x5 years, half fare; under two years, free. No second cabin or intermediate accommodation; all saloon passengers have equal privileges.

Liverpool to Baltimore.			
From Liverpool via Steamship Halifaz. 5 Jan	direct. 26 Jan. 12 Feb.		
Glasgow, Galway 8	t Philadelphia		
Servic	с.		
From Glasgow to Steamship Philadelphia. 22 Jan	or about an 12 Feb. an 28 Feb. an 11 Mar.		
•Via Halifax on voyage	e from Glasgow.		
These steamers do not carry to Europe.	y passengers on voyage		
Glasgow, London and Boston			
From Glasgow to Steamsh Bostow, 14 Jan Sarmat 29 Jan Scandinav 5 FebBuenos Ay And fortnightly	on or about ian 1 Feb, na 8 Feb, risn 15 Feb, rrean 22 Feb. thereafter.		
These steamers do not carry	PRESCREETS ON VOYAge		

to Europe.

For all information apply to

Feb. 4, 1898.

H. & A. ALLAN,

25 Common Street, Montreal 80 State Street, Boston,

1 India Street, Portland,

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Ocean Steamships,

CLYDE STEAMSHIP

COMPANY.

For CHARLESTON, S.C., the South and Southwest. For JACKSONVILLE, Fla., and all Florida Points. From Pier 29. East River, N.Y.

Mondays, Wednesdays & Fridays at 3 P. M.

The Only Line between New York and Jacksonville, Flz., without change.

Tursurpassed Passenger Accommodations and Cuisine.

Str. "Algonquin" Capt. Jos. MoKee. Str. "Iroquois," Capt. L. W. Pennington. Str. "Cherokce," Capt. H. A. Bearse. Str. "Sominole," Capt. S. C. Platt. Str. "Yemassee," Capt. J. Robinson. Str. "Delaware," Capt. I. K. Chiohester.

Through Tickets, nates and Bills of Lading for all points South and Southwest, via Charleston, and all Florida points via Jacksonville.

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Intermediate Landings on the St. John's River.

Sailing from Jackson ville daily (ozcent Saturday) at 3.30 P.M., naking close connection with all railroads at PALATKA, ASTOR, BLUE SPRINGS and SANDFORD. Through Tickats and Bills of Lading at Lowest Rates to all interior points in Florida

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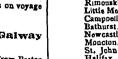
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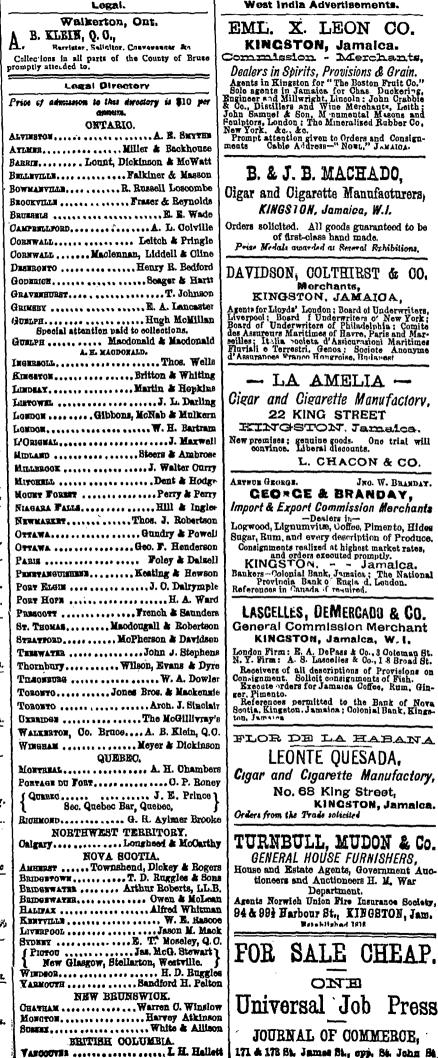
Railways.

Intercolonial Railway.
1891. Winter Arrangement. 1892
Commencing 19th October, 1891.
Through express passenger trains run daily (Sunday excepted) as follows:
Leave Montreal by Grand Trunk Railway from Bonaventure St. Depot
The buffet sleeping cars and all other cars of the fast express train leaving Montreal at 8.00 o'clock daily (Sunday excepted) run through to Halifax with- out change in 28 hours and 55 minutes. The trains to Halifax and St. John run through to their destination on Sundays. The trains of the Intercelonial Railway between Montreal and Halifax are lighted by electricity and heated by steam from the locomotive. All trains are run by Kastern Standard Time. For tickets and all information in regard to passenger fares, rates of freight, train arrangements, &c., apply to
G. W. ROBINSON, Esc.,
1361 ST. JAMES STREET, MONTREAL
D POTTINGER Ohief Superintendent

D. POTTINGER, Chief Superintend Railway Office, Monston, N.B., 15th Oct., 1891.



1 000 Montreal. ROBIDOUX. PREFONTAINE, ST. DUJEAN & GOU'N, Barristers. 11-9 Notro Dame St., corner of Pla-o d'Armes. Royal Insurance Building (opposite Notre Dame Courch. Hum. J. E. RORIDOUX. Attorney General, Prov. of Guobec, RATMONP PERFORTATION, B.C.L., M.P., E. N. ST. JEAN, B.C.L. LOWER GOUTH LL.B. Cable Address : " SHIELDS." GBEENSHIELDS & GREENSHIELDS, Advocates, Barristers and Solicitors, 1728 Notre Dame St., Montreal, Canada GERENSHIELDS.Q.C. B & E GREENSHIELDS. A BEOTTE & CAMPBELL, ADVOCATES, Forth Brittah Chambars, 17 Hospital St. MacOORMIOK. DUOLOS & MURCHISON, Marcates, do., 181 St. James street, Mont-tresl. Will attend the Courts in the Dis-tricts of Beauharnois, Bedford and St. Hyacinthe. D. MOCOTHARE, B.O.L. C. A. DUOLOS, B.A., B.C.L. ATWATER & MAURIE, Advocates, Barristers, Commissioners, 30. 131 St. Jamos Street, Montreal. Cornwall, Ont. JAR. LEITOIL. R. A. PRINGLE LEITON & PRINGLE. BARRISTERS. Soliditors for Ontario Bank. Bamilton, Ont, D. OAMERON, A. D. CAMERON, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery and Insolvency, Notary Public, Con-veyancer, &c., No. 10 Hughson Street, South Hamilton. Ont. Kingston, Ont. SMYTHE & SMITH, BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, Sc. R. H. HAAARA 10.0 Q.A. I WRONTENAN SWITT London, Ont. W. H. BARTRAM, Barrister, Solicitor, Notary, Mtc. OPPICE. 99 DUNDAS ST. WRST. GIBBONS, MONAB & MULKEBN, GENERAL CONTRACT CONTRACT, BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS, Je. Office, corner Richmond and Carling Streets. Geo. C. Gibbons. Geo. McNusb. P. Mulkern. Fred. F. Harper. Ottawa, Ont. GEORGE F. HENDERSON, Solicitor, fc. 13 Scottish Ontario Chambers. Peterborough, HATTON & WOOD, Barristers; Solicitors, Mtc. 6, W. HATTON. R. N. WOOD, B.A. W. A. STEATTON, B.A., LL.B., Barristor, Solicitor, Etc. Benirew, Ont. TOHN D. MODONALD, U Barrister, Attornøy-at-Law, &c., &c. Ufacial Azagnes for the county of Renfraw. Oface:-Ragias Street, opposite Smith & Stewart," Hardware Stora. Simcos, Ont. G. W. WELLS, (Late Killmaster & Wells), BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, 50 St. Catnarines, Ont. A LEERT. O. BROWN, A. (Successor to Brown & Brown),
 Barriuters, Attorneys, Solicitors in Ohancery, Notaries Public, &a. Seaforth, Ont, MOOAUGHEY & HOLMESTED BARDISTERS Ma., Seaforth Ont. JOHES BROS. & MAOKENZIE, Barristers & Solicitors, Canada Permanaet Chambors, Toronto. CLARKON JOMES. BEVERLY JONES. GRO, A. MACKENEIN. C. J. LEOMARD. Anglik Ageni : Jowas ar Jonas, po Caosco St., London, "Commert, for N.Y., Illinois and other States.



West India Advertisements. EML. X. LEON CO. KINCSTON, Jamaica. Commission - Merchants, Dealers in Spirits, Provisions & Grain. Dealers in Spirits, Provisions & Grain. Agents in Ringston for "The Boston Fruit Co." Sole agents in Jamaics, for Chas. Duckering, Engineer and Millwright, Lincoln: John Crabble & Co., Distillers and Wine Merchants, Leith John Samuel & Son. M numental Masons and Foniptors, London: The Mineralised Rubber Co., New York. & C., & O. Prompt attention given to Orders and Consign-ments Cable Address-"Now." J.MAICA. B. & J. B. MACHADO. Oigar and Cigarette Manufacturers, KINGSTON, Jamaica, W.I. Orders solicited. All goods guaranteed to be of first-class hand made. Prize Medals awarded as Several Exhibitions. DAVIDSON, COLTHIEST & CO. Merchants, KINGSTON, JAMAIOA, Agents for Lloyds' London: Board of Underwriters, Liverpool; Board f Underwriters o' New York; Board of Underwriters of Philadelphia; Comite des Assureurs Martilmes of Havre, Paris and Mar-meilles; Italia voolsta d'Assicurationi Maritimes Flurisi i Terrestri. Genos; Societe Anonyme d'Assurances Franco Hougroise, Budarest - LA AMELIA -Cigar and Cigarette Manufactory. 22 KING STREET KINGSTON, Jamaica New premises; genuine goods. One trial will convince. Liberal discounts. L. CHACON & CO. ARTNUE GEORGE. JNO. W. BRANDAY. GEO*GE & BRANDAY, Import & Export Commission Merchants Import & Export Commission merchants -Dealers in-Logwood, Lignumvite, Ooffee, Pimento, Hides Sugar, Bum, and every description of Produce. Consignments realized at highest market rates, and orders excouted promptly. KINCSTON. - Jamaica, Bankers-Colonial Bank, Jamaica, The National Provincia Banko Raia d. Leudon. References in Canada if required. LASCELLES, DEMERCADO & CO. General Commission Merchant KINCSTON, Jamaica, W. I. London Firm: E. A. DePass & Co., 3 Coleman St. N. Y. Firm: A. S. Lascelles & Co., 1 8 Broad St. N. I. FIRM: A. S. Lascelles & Co., I. S. Broad St. Receivers of all descriptions of Provisions on Consignment. Solicit consignments of Fish. Execute orders for Jamaica Coffee, Rum, Gin-ger, Pimento. References permitted to the Bank of Nova Scotta, Kingston, Jamaica; Colonial Bank, Kings-ton, Jamaica FLOR DE LA HABANA LEONTE QUESADA. Cigar and Cigarette Manufactory, No. 68 King Street, KINGSTON, Jamalca. Orders from the Trade solicited TURNBULL, MUDON & Co. GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHERS, House and Estate Agents, Government Auc-tioneers and Auctioneers H. M. War Department. Agents Norwich Union Fire Insurance Society, 94 & 99} Harbour St., KINGSTON, Jam. SALE CHEAP. FOR ONE Universal Job Press JOUBNAL OF COMMERCE.

1997 - 1997 1997 - 1997



This cut represents our New Fruit and Preserve Jar, which we are now introducing to the Canadian Trade, and, in doing so, desire to draw your attention to the advantages it possesses over those made of glass and other materials.

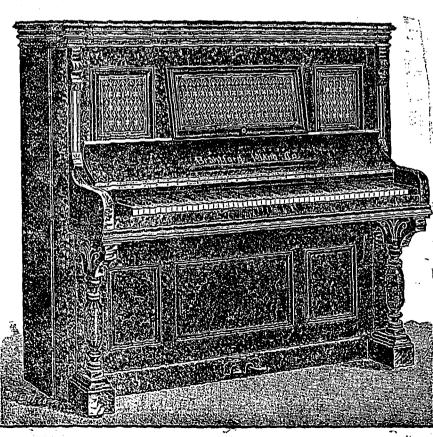
The Jars are manufactured from a mixture of English and Pennsylvania clays, making a stronger and better article than can be produced from any other combination.

We only use a pure Bristol Stoneware Glaze, which is free from Lead or other Metallie substances, readily attacked by all acids. We guarantee the body to be thoroughly vitrified and absolutely acid proof.

These Jars will be found superior to all other articles in use for the preservation of Fruits. etc. Being non-transparent, the action of light cannot fade the color or ferment fruits kept in them, as is the case where glass is used, and, being a non-conductor of heat, preserves are kept at a more uniform temperature than in either glass or tin, and will be free from the unpleasant metallic taste so frequently noticed where tin is used.

They are made in various sizes, and are for sale by all Crockery and Grocery Dealers in Canada,





MANUFACTUREBS OF Upright Cabinet Grand Pianos.

For purity of tone, elastic touch and fine finish they have no superior. Twentyfive years in the business should be a reasonable guarantee of quality. Every Piano Warranted.

MORRIS, FIELD & ROGERS MANUFACTURERS, **Brantford**, Canada

Our New Fruit and Preserve Jar,

Patented July 4th, 1891.



JOHN BARRITT Shipping & Commission Merchant, Wholesale Dealer in Previsions, Grain, Hay and Straw. Consignments solicited.
 Orders for Bermuda Produce attended to promptly.
 Parliament and Viotoria Streets.
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 Rayranyona-Hamilton, Barmuda :
 Bermuda Bank, | Butterfield & Son. Prince Edward Island Advits. CHARLES I. MORRISON, Commission Merchant and Auctioneer. All Canadian Manufacturers will find an opening for their goods here. Consignments Solicited. Prompt Returns. Good References. 106 Queen St., Charlottetown, P.E.I. JAS. E. GRANT. Canner, Dealer and Exporter of Canned Lobster, Mackerel, Herring, Meats and Fruits. Correspondence CHARLOTTETOWN, P.E.I. .BRISTOLS' PATENT STEEL BELT LACING READY TO APPLY FINISHED JOINT SAVES BELTING. SAVES TIME. SAVES MONEY. SAVES PATIENCE. The Bristols' Mfg. Co. WATERBURY, CONN. R. F. BAGOT, Canadian Agent, 185 St. James Street, MONTREAL, Ous. MOUNT BROS. Manufacturing Electricians. 766 Craig Street MONTREAL, Manufacturers of ELEOTRIO Bells, Annunciators, Watchmans' Olocks, Push Buttons, Telephones of all kinds, and Electric Apparatus of every description. Any of the above, made and fitted up promptly, in a reliable manner and at mode-rate cost. Repairs executed and satisfaction guaranteed. Bell Telephone 1285 Federal Telephone 558 ТO l e T ONE SHOP Next the corner of St. Catherine St. and Metcalfe St. M. S. FOLEY, LEY, 171 St, James St., City,

Bermuda Advertisements.





THE	CANADIAN	JOURNAL	OF	COMMERCE



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Wholesale Hat Trade.

ket. Yours respectfully,

Agent, 22 St. John Street,

MONTREAL.

up.



two per cent payable on 16th inst.

by the falls and the Suspension Bridge.

so wealthy a city.

Ottawa.

Jute and Cotton Rags.

HEAD OFFICE : New York Life Insurance Co's Bldg, MONTREAL.

THE Irondale, Bancroft and Ottawa Railway Co., s now well graded between the two first named points, and is said to have good prospects of developing the iron deposits in Hastings

has appointed Messrs. Pennock & Masson as its agents in

THE Detroit Chamber of Commerce proposes to erect a building suitable for its purposes at a cost of \$100,000, a small sum for

A SOHEME is afoot to construct a tunnel from Buffalo under the Niagara river to the Canadian side to avoid the circuit round

MESSRS, Robert Macuray & Co., having resigned the Ottawa agency of the Standard Life Assurance company, the company





county. A subsidy is to be applied for to extend the line to Ottawa.

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THE Harbor Commissioners have awarded the contract for 300 boxes for dredging and 50 construction cars to the Rathbun Company, Descronto, Ont. The contract for the pile driving engine and boiler was awarded to John Doughty Engine Company, Toronto.

LONDON, Eng, is to have a new company with a capital of \$10,000,000 and styled the National Insurance and Guarantee Corporation. According to its prospectual twill transact several classes of insurance business, including surety. It will make a specialty of securities, contracts and credits.

THE Toronto Board of Trade will send representatives to the Imperial conference of British boards of trade and chambers of Commerce which is convened to meet in London in June. It is expected W. D. Matthews and Phineas Burton will be selected as delegates. The delegates for Montreal are not appointed.

THE National Paint, Oil and Varnish Association recommends that a reform be instituted if possible the coming year, in regard to the practice of dating bills ahead. The resolution on the subject stated that such practice was against good policy and local clubs were urged to give the matter their best attention.



H. M. BLACKBURN, General Agent, Ontario & Quebec, Toronto JAS. P BAMFORD, Agent, 48 and 45 St. John Street. - MONTREAL

THE annual meeting of the Sincennes-McNaughton Tug company took place yesterday, when the following gentlemen were appointed for the year 1892: MESERS C. F. Sise, J. O. Gravel, F. Dupre, Hugh Paton and G. H. Matthews. At a subsequent meeting of the new board, Mr. Matthews was re-elected president and Mr. F. Dupre vice-president.

THE Customs department has taken further action in the case of Sam. Davidson, the fugitive Toronto trader, whose estate was seized some time ago. The investigation showed that 2 cases of silks from Switzerland were entered in the customs as woollens of no commercial value, when they were really valued at \$3,000. This practically forfeits the whole estate. Davidson, who is in Buffalo, is not likely to return to Canada.

A PPLICATION is made for letters patent incorporating the Lake Ontario Navigation company; capital, \$150,000; headquarters, Picton; also for letters patent incorporating the Koo ensy and Columbia Prospecting and Mining company; capital, \$40,000; headquarters, Ottawa. The applicants are George Patrick Brophy civil engineer; Wm. Anderson Allan, contractor; Hector Mc. Rae, merchant, and Edward Watts, miner, of Ottawa, and Wm. McNally of Montreal, merchant, the first four to be provisional directors.

H. VINEBERG, Manufacturer of

FINE CLOTHING

7 VICTORIA SQUARE, cor. St. James, MONTREAL. Buyers visiting Montreal markets will consult their interest by inspecting my lines.

LANCASHIRE Fire Insurance Co. of England Capital and Assets, over \$20,000,000. JAMES P. BAMFORD, Agent, 43 and 45 St. John Street

MONTREAL.

ACENTS :

BELLING .

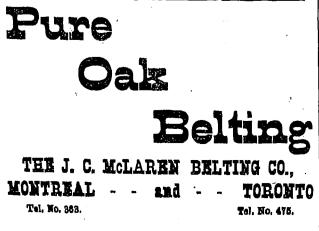


GEO. H. HEES, SON & CO., Window Shades. Curtain Poles, Spring Rollers, &c. TORONTO, ONT.

"THE jewellery trade of Montreal," says the Jewellers' Guide, "as can be seen by the imports, ranks second to none in point of importance in the commercial metropolis of Canada. The firms which compose it control a capital which appears fabulous in the eyes of many of its more pretentious rivals." The Guide might have gone further. The stocks shown by our city jewellers surpass in richness those of English cities of larger populations.

The N.Y. Bulletin does not take much stock in either reciprocity or retaliatory tariffs, it says : "The European tariff war goes merrily on. The latest rumors from the field of contest are that defensive measures will be taken by Italy, Belgium and Switzerland in retaliation against the new French tariff, which went into operation recently. Meanwhile, we are congratu lating ourselves upon the new reciprocity treaty with Germany, the importance of which we incline to the opinion is considerably enlarged upon."

THE Department of Marine is being constantly applied to for information as to whether or not foreigners can command Canadian vessels engaged in the inland and coasting trade. The law requires that masters and mates, and also engineers of steamboats, must hold Canadian certificates. Candidates for these certificates, if not British subjects, are not eligible for examination by the board of examiners unless they have been domiciled in Canada for at least three years before such application or have served three years in ships registered in Canada. They can become eligible by becoming naturalized and taking the oath of allegiance,



18 St. Helen Street, - MONTREAL Full range of Samples for Spring now on the road with our representatives. Inspection solic-ited. Careful and prompt attention to oraors. FISH & CO (Successors to FISH, HYMAN & CO) Importers of Havana Cigars (WHOLESALE) 33 ST. NICHOLAS STREET. MONTREAL *co.*, **BEST** for THE MONEY 60. ALL JOBBERS KEEP THEM. EVERY BAT IS BRANDED B TAKE NO IMITATIONS. 8 HENDERSON MONTREAL INSIST UPON RECEIVING STANBURY TORONTO "PATENT BOLL" COTTON BATS, As they are very attractive in appearance and superior in quality, and ne other bat will retail as well. ASK FOR THESE BRANDS: 'North Star,' 'Crescent,' or 'Pearl,' Put up in Bales or Cases in 4, 6, 8, 12 or 16 or. Rolls. Baled Goods same quality but lower prices. è

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1892. SPRING 1892.

Wholesale Dry Goods,

MISS B. T. Burns, millinery, of Halifax, who recently suffered loss by fire, has now assigned. - Downie & Larsen, shoes, Halifax, are offering to compromise; liabilities, \$20,-000. -- F. A. Clarke, contractor, Berwick, N. S., L. McDon-ald, general store, River Hebert; A. V. LeBlanc, trader, Rogersville, N.B., John E. Preghent, trader, L'Ardoise, N.S., Jas. H. McClelland, New Germany, N.S., Jas. A. Cowan, Ship Harbor, N.S., and the estate Gillis & Mcdonald, general store, Sydney, N.S., have assigned.

THE Toronto real estate speculators who bought a large tract of land off the Rumseys recently were in Buffalo and paid the agents who transacted the business for the Rumseys \$200,000. This payment closes the deal, which has been open for the past month. The property purchased by the Toronto people lies in the northern part of the city. It is somewhat strange that so wealthy a city as Buffalo, where Canadian enterprise is a staple theme for sarcasm, should have to look to Canadian capitalists to buy up its real estate.

THE sale under judgment of the Chancery court, of Pierce & Co.'s limits and mill, took place at Ottawa on 3rd inst. The first parcel, 315 square miles of the Mattawa limits, comprising seven licenses, was sold to the Bronsons for \$45,500. The second parcel, 321 square miles, at Bissette Creek, Petewawa river, comprising nine licenses was also sold to the Bronsons for \$10,200. The mill, piling ground, water power, etc., at Chaudiere, were purchased by the Chaudiere Electric Light company for \$112,500, which was considered cheap.





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Brass Goods, Poles, Rollers, Fringes, Laces TORONTO. ONT.

POROUS TERRA COTTA Is acknowledged by all Architects to be the best Material known for fire proofing buildings of all grades. It is Vormin and Sound Proof. NAPANEE HYDRAULIC CEMENT, guaranteed to equal any native Coment. Address,

THE RATHBUN COMPANY, DESERONTO. ONT.

THE Grand Trunk railway give notice of an application to Parliament for an act to authorize the company to deviate from certain parts of their line known as the Northern and Pacific Junction railway; also for power to extend the said line to a junction with the Canadian Pacific railway at North Bay; elso for power to arrange for the lease or purchase of so much or such part of the line of the Nipissing and Jam's' Bay Railway company as is now located between North Bay and the present line of what is known as the Northern and Pacific Junction railway; also for power to raise capital necessary to carry out said purposes and for the improvement and reconstruction of parts of the said Northern and Pacific Junction Railgamate and consolidate the Northern and Pacific Junction Railcompany with and make it part of the Grand Trunk Railway company, and for other purposes.

Tus suspension of Boisseau Freres, one of the largest retail dry goods houses in the French quarter of the city, has taken place since our last issue. The house has been a popular one, and did an extensive trade and a compromise will likely be effected. It was started nine years ago by Horace L, and Louis H. Boisseau. About eighteen months ago the former retired, the business being continued by his brother. Six months later, Horace bought Louis out, probably paying him too much, and the latter started the wholesale firm of L. H. Boisseau & Co. It is understood these payments were to be made in monthly instalments the notes being guaranteed by a leading English wholesale house. The liabilities are about \$70,000, but the rumour that one half will tall on one of the firms interested is not correct. Among the creditors are Gault Bros. & Co., Jas. Johnston & Co., S. Greenshields, Son & Co., Thos. May & Co., and Macmaster & Co., and Jno. Macdonald, of Toronto. If the firm had had its usual November and Docember trade it might have pulled through, but its sales were below the average, and a large stock was carried which they have been endeavoring to realize upon by special bargain sales. Horace, while popular, is said to lack some of the business aptitude of his brother.





The provisional statement shows a small surplus, say \$7,900. A meeting of creditors has been called, and an offer of settlement is expected.

A LARGE number of small failures are reported from Ontario: C. McManus, general store, Aultsville, has assigned for a small amount .- Geo. Lewis, grocer and tins, Bervie, has assigned .- A meeting of the creditors of W. D. Fuller, shoes, Belleville, has been called .- D. H. McNaughton, grocer, Chatham, has assigned also A. J. Wilson, dry goods, Chatham .--- R. J. Robertson, shoes, Carleton Place, is offering to compromise at 50c on the dollar. Liabilities about \$15,000 : Assets \$12,000-A. C. Barnett, shoes, Desoronto, is offering to compromise.-M. M. Casselman, shoes and clothing, Morrisburg and Kilburne, Bishop & Co., general store, Owen Sound, have assigned. _R. W. Hillyard & Co., dry goods, Prescott, have assigned. Liabilities supposed to be \$13, 000.—John Capell, wood turner, Toronto, has called a meeting of creditors.--John Sowerby, trader, Belhavea and J.H. Taylor, shoes, Caledonia, have assigned ---H. H. Rives, shoes, Fonthill is being sold out .- Chas. Koelln, dry goods, Kingsville, has assigned, also Thos. H. Bibby grocer, Kingston. The latter owes \$700; Assets, \$2,000-Cousineau, Quinn & Corrigan, dry goods, Kingston, have suspended, and it is reported they show a surplus of \$4,000.00. --- A. Campbell, hardware dealer, Newmarket, has assigned..-- The Novelty mnfg. company, ltd., Newmarket, has held a meeting of creditors .--- The following have assigned :-Geo. Hildebrand, builder, New Hamburg; Bourcier & Co., dry goods, Ottawa; John A. Hanrathy, stationer, Ottawa; Wm. Metcalfe, harness, Peterboro, and G. A. Whitney & Bro., tobacco, etc., Prescott.-The stock of F. C. Cubitt, hardware, Sarnia, has been sold at 55c on the dollar.-R. J. McLaughlin, trader, Wal-Wallaceburg, has assigned, also Mrs. H. M. Black, eggs, etc, Windsor.

AMONG the assignments of the week in this province are the following:--F. X. Godbout, dry goods and shoes, Lauzon, has assigned, liabilities \$5,000.-J. A. Allard, tailor, city, has failed for a small amount.-Etienne Boudet, fancy goods, city, has assigned; liabilities \$2,800.-Jos. Mercier, dry goods, city, has assigned for \$3,300.-J. N. E. Marchand, gents' furnishings, city,

ARTHUR	P. TIPP	ET & CO.
UNITED ALKALI CO)., Ci	nemicais.
E. LAZENBY & SON	is, - Pi	ckles, &c.
ORLANDO JONES &	2 CO., - R	ice, Starch.
L. CODON,	M	accaroni.
H. FAULDER & CO.,	- "Si &c.,	liver Pan" Preserves
1 Wellington St. E., TORONTO.	Alex. Wells, MONTREAL.	Prince William St. ST. JOHN.

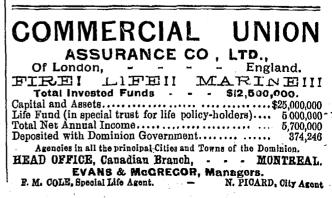


has assigned; liabilities do not exceed \$2,000 .- Amie Trudeau, general store, Windsor Mills, bas assigned ; liabilities not known. -The curator in the case of Hubbell & Brown, leather, city, is advertising the stock for sale by auction -The assets of the estate of Falardeau & Paquet, tanners, Quebec, are also to be sold .- A meeting of the creditors of J. F. Lefebvre, manufacturer cigars, city, has been called .- A demand of assignment has been made on the Moffatt Packing Company, city .- Jean Bilo deau, trader and choese factor, St. E'zear, has assigned. Father and son were both in business as storekeepers at St. Marie de Beauce, under the style of J. Bilodeau & Fils, and this firm has also collapsed. The liabilities are probably large.-A. Gaudet, trader, St. Monique, formerly in trouble, has now assigned. -P. E. Desparois, shoes, Valleyfield, has assigned. He owes about \$1,500 .- The liabilities of Arthur Lefebvre, dry goods, city, are \$6,169 .- The bankrupt stock of J. A. Paterson & Co., city, is valued at \$68,175 and the book debts at \$37,420 .- Poupart & De Rousselle, dry goods, have assigned. The liabilities amount to \$19,000, the principal creditors being: Thibaudeau Bros., \$4238; McIntyre & Sous, \$1325; J. Johnston & Co., \$1728; Mackay Bros., \$1135; Dame M. M. Dufresne, \$2000; De Rousselle estate, \$2500 .- James Carroll & Co., dry goods, St. Lawrence street, city, have assigned, with liabilities amounting to \$35,000. The principal creditors are Mrs. Elizabeth Kelly, \$16,895; loan and rent, etc., \$4,272; D. McCall & Co., \$1,045; E. Delaney, \$1,-253; Gala Manufacturing Company, \$645. There are a number of smaller creditors. James Carroll was the sole partner .- An order to wind up the affairs of the Royal Bridge & Iron Company has been granted by Judge Loranger.-Solomon Weaver, the Kingston fancy goods dealer, who has been in Montreal jail on a charge of defrauding his creditors, at the instance of Montreal houses from whom he purchased goods, is out of the toils. His

liabilities amounted to \$16,000, and he has settled at fifty cents on the dollar. In addition to this, his wife has paid \$500 towards the legal expanses which led up to his arrest .- The bankrupt stock of Duhuc & Co., general store, Drummondville, Que., has been sold at auction. Stock and fixtures, valued at \$4,900, were purchased at 72 cents on the dollar. The book debts were valued at \$6636.45 .- The large retail dry goods firm of Aime Trudeau, Windsor Mills, Que., is in financial difficulties. The total liabilities are \$18,285.87, scattered among some 89 creditors. Montreal firms hold the bulk of the liabilities and among those principally interested are Lonsdale, Reid & Co., \$2350, Thibadeau Bros., \$1200; James Johnston & Co., \$1000; Mills & McDougall, \$700; Tees, Wilson, \$625, and Greene & Sons, \$535. - Chas. Rickner, fruits, city, has assigned for \$2,250 .- The liabilities of Nap. Lafortune, dry gooes, city, slightly exceed \$2,000. - H. & J. Bisson, grocers, Levis, have assigned.

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SIR JOHN THOMPSON, HON. G. E. Foster and Hon. MacKenzie Bowell are in Washington on reciprocity business.





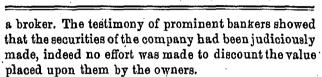


this feu d'enfer was to protect the policyholders, as well as the public, from those whose management of this enterprise was impugned. It was evident from the first that a personal quarrel amongst the staff had given rise to this attack. The merits or demerits of office squabbles are not a legitimate subject for public controversy. Public companies would be disastrously embarrassed if the press allowed itself to be used for airing the grievances of discharged officials, or made the instruments for their vengeance. Servants acquire a knowledge of their masters' affairs. That information is acquired in confidence; it is not their personal property; they are not absolved from that confidence by being discharged; nor does that knowledge become theirs to use as a private, absolute possession, to damage their late employes because the position in, and by which they acquired it, is no longer held. The mercantile community, recognizing this principle, have therefore not paid as much respect to the onslaught on the N.Y. Life Company as was hoped, owing to revenge being so manifestly largely the inspiration of the attack.

The Superintendent of Insurance who has made an exhaustive enquiry into the condition and management of the company, declares that some of the charges made are "trifling," and that others are merely based on "hearsay." In one case the charge was, that a rental paid by the company was extravagant, conveying an inference of corruption. The State official declares this to be erroneous. These charges show an animus which discredits others.

Other charges relate to the properties of the company. One very serious accusation was that an enormous loss, some \$283,994, had been incurred by the acquisition of the Plaza Hotel, showing, it was alleged, scandalous incompetency in the management, or fraud. The Commissioner however admits that " the opinions of real estate experts of equal ability and integrity differ." and some might value it "even beyond its cost." One charge was that a firm, a member of which is

a trustee of the company, had been employed to purchase its securities. This, though not advisable, is not condemned as being an infraction of the law, as was charged, nor was any evidence adduced that the transactions of the firm were otherwise objectionable. The trustee himself declared that he and his partners had indeed done great service by their expert scrutiny of securities, as such invaluable experience as they had placed at the disposal of the company could not be bought by mere ordinary commissions to



The charges that bear most severely against the management, as the Commissioner regards them supported by what evidence he has been able to secure. relate to the buildings of the company, acquired for investments, and for its own use as offices. The policy of spending vast sums in showy offices is a vice of the age. It has however the authority of Gilbart, the celebrated financier, who advised bankers to erect substantial offices for the purpose of giving the public confidence in their stability. The New York Life has doubtless bettered this instruction by large outlays in its buildings; as have other companies. We need not travel out of Canada to discover splendid structures owned by life insurance companies that for mere investments could not be sold for anything near their cost. The Paris properties of the New York Life are affirmed by the Report to be worth \$632,204 less than The company admits a depreciation of their cost. \$315,404. The Holbrook Hall property cost \$1,009,866, this is valued at \$480,000. It is stated that the history of this security "shows gross neglect and incompetency in management." In acquiring such large properties and erecting such costly buildings, a public company incurs risks that are most liable to involve serious losses. The history of a very handsome structure for a Board of Trade building in Canada was somewhat similar to that of Holbrook Hall, as in both cases there was great loss incurred owing to an architect's blunders. All investors are liable to occasional losses. A recent case before the courts in England showed that a building estimated to cost \$400,000, had run up to \$800,000, owing to the owner's absence abroad. The New York Life is criticised for its erection of costly office buildings in Minneapolis, St. Paul, Kansas City, Omaha, and in this City. At the same time the State report allows that each forms "one of the attractions in the city in which it is located." In estimating then the value of such buildings regard must be paid to their value for advertising purposes. In erecting all large buildings for renting, there is necessarily a loss of revenue on the capital expended during the process of building. The more extensive such structures are, the longer the time that elapses before they are fully tenanted. As a rule, those erections that

1891.

are built to rent, as regards first cost, are put up as economically as possible, but in a few years they require large outlays for repairs. Cheapness is usually very expensive. The New York Life Co. adopted a different policy with the splendid building which adorns this city, the work on and in which is so substantial that it will need very much less for renewals and repairs than a cheaper structure. It will also be a grand building when others that cost proportionately less will be worn out, or too mean for their location. In estimating the value of buildings of this class, some will base their appraisement on what one of that size and general appearance might have been erected for, and on what its present revenue is. Others, more justly, will take into account the superior quality of the materials and workmanship employed, so that between two estimates the variation will be very large. A building that cost \$100,000 may rent for as much as one that cost double that sum. But if the cheaper one costs in repairs 1 or 3 per cent of the rentals more than the other; if it has to be wholly renewed in twenty years, while the costlier one will be sound in thirty years, it is manifest that the first cost is no criterion at all of the real value of such buildings, and that what appears to have been waste and extravagance may, in the long run, be true economy.

Buildings too may be ahead of the present time. Their value to-day may be even fifty per cent. below what they will be worth when some changes have taken place which a long sighted builder has foreseen. The value of buildings for taxing purposes differs largely from their true value. Structures are known to us owned by public companies of which the differences in assessment valuations and those for commercial purposes, are much greater than any shown be tween the values of New York Life properties as estimated by the State officials, and their values as fixed by the company. Before accepting then any estimates as to the present value of certain buildings, we should prefer to know all the circumstances connected with their erection, as well as their prospects, before passing any judgment on appraisements that may have been made on imperfect data, or on restricted experience. A company with \$120,000,000 of assets, with a net surplus of \$14,800,000 naturally feels disposed to manifest its wealth by substantial displays, as men are prone to judge their fellows, whether as individuals, or corporations, by outward and visible signs.

The charge that "extravagant commissions and unwarrantable allowances" have been paid and made to agents is regarded by the superintendent as sustained, - as it could be against some other companies. Competition is now so fierce that even 70 per cent of the first year's premium is sometimes paid to That the New York Life allowed very agents. large advances to its Spanish American agents is clear. How far in spite of, or in consequence of, such advances that section of their business was profitable or otherwise, we should like to see demonstrated. An explanation is given that the company has a system of, as it were, capitalising agents' commissions in order to give them a direct interest in renewals. This is done instead of paying an enormous percentage on the first premium, which frequently tempts agents to extreme activity in securing first year premiums, at the cost of renewal business.

The Commissioners declare the medical and legal management highly commendable; not a flaw was

found in 1,000 titles they examined. Every security on the books was found in its place. A number of charges involved elaborate discussions on the financial policy proper for a large company, in regard to which expert opinions vary. Questions as to the right and wrong way of dealing with foreign exchange may easily be entered on so as to reflect upon a company engaged in it. But there are very few persons whose judgment on such questions has any value. What one regards as "speculation" may be the ordinary routine of business; the speculative, or uncertain element in dealing with what is hourly fluctuating in price, cannot be eliminated from exchange.

The extraordinary interest in this prolonged dispute shown by some other companies has not arisen from any especially friendly concern for the welfare of a great competitor. We are unable to see how the cause of life assurance can be advanced by the passionate desire exhibited by some companies to damage the credit of their rivals. The public are apt to judge that, if one great company is unsound, others may be. They are likely also to think that when charges made against one company are vehemently pressed by a rival, such charges may only be based upon jealousy.

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We find difficulty in reconciling the statement that the New York Life has lost, or over valued its assets to the extent charged, with the distinct statement by the State official that the net surplus of the company is within \$190,000 of what the company claims in its last Annual Report.

A company so large as the New York Life; with engagements reaching far beyond the life term of its present officials, is not like a private firm whose stability rests on a personal basis. No man is indispensable to such a gigantic enterprise ; its fortunes are too yast to be carried in the hollow of any man's hand; its condition therefore, as a company, is the great question for policy holders and the public to consider 'The whole case should warn all life insurance companies to be more cautious in throwing stones; what evils have been disclosed are no monopoly. There is need of reform in such matters as over costly, ambitious office premises; extravagant commissions; rebates; excessive competition; attacks upon rivals; place making for relatives, etc. It is said of a certain country that its farmers are poor because they spend the time needed for weeding in watching the weeds in their neighbours' land. All the wisdom and energy possessed by insurance officials can be fully occupied in cultivating and cleansing thoroughly their own territory.

After probably one of the severest ordeals that any public company ever passed through, the judgment of the State Commission is expressed as follows: "Culpable and careless administration may exist for a time, and decrease the profits and assets that belong to policy-holders, yet the system of Life Insurance, as adopted and maintained by the large companies of our State, continues to exist as a safe and beneficial system for those who invest therein." The official report sums up the case in the following words :—

"This great and useful institution, whose business relations are advanced in nearly every State of the Union, and in so many of the civilized countries of the world, whose policyholders are legion, is beyond all question solvent, and is the actual owner and possessor of a surplus of available assets exceeding its present liabilities by the sum of \$6,038,136 accrued upon its general account, and of \$8,670,539 upon its tontine accumulations. Those interested may be assured that this conclusion is accurate and trustworthy."

PROPOSED FREE LUMBER FOR U.S.

The plan of attack being organised on the McKinley tariff so far as it is developed, seems to show that the fort will be assaulted on three sides; though other points will be threatened. The two movements that have interest to Canada are the attempt to bring down the barley tariff wall, and to demolish wholly that which protects, it is said, the U.S. lumber interest.

The lumber manufacturers have issued the following call for a convention, signed by twenty-three manufacturers.

"To the Lumber Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers of the United States, greeting:

"In 1891, \$13,500,000 value of Canadian forest products were imported into the United States, that sum representing repressed manufacturing capacity in the States and causing the loss to laborers approximating \$9,000,000. A bill has been introduced in Congress for placing lumber on the free list. There is danger ahead. United and prompt action is necessary. You are requested to meet in mass convention in Washington, D.C., at 10 a.m., February 23rd, 1892, for the purpose of considering the subject of American markets for Americans, in so far as it applies to lumber, and for the transaction of other business as may come before the meeting. Numbers count. Come and assist in averting disaster for your business interests."

The first statement in that summons is so gross an exaggeration that it sounds hysterical. The cry reminds us of the old complaint of the proverbial wolf against the lamb for disturbing the stream ; it is a mere excuse for some action the motive of which it is thought We doubt much if into our lumber well to conceal. exports to the States last year there had entered even half a million dollars of labor in any way calculated to cause loss to American laborers. The plain fact is that there is a positive craze in the States about foreign lahor. The anti-foreign labor movement has turned the heads of many of the people of the States so completely that they are disposed to hate the whole human race because Adam was not manufactured out of American soil, under the shadow of the Stars and It would be easier to prove that the labor Stripes. spent in Canada on what lumber went into the States, including saw logs, was a direct benefit to the States, than to show that such Canadian labor was adverse to American interests.

Respecting the proposed bill to admit lumber free, the Chicago Timberman declares that nine-tenths of the lumbermen of the U.S. will oppose its passage, as they regard it to be indirect opposition to the lumber interests of the States. It is stated that the general sentiment of the Committee of Congress is in favor of this measure. General Alger of Detroit, a lumberman of much influence, thinks that placing lumber on the free list will not effect prices in the U.S. Two factors in this question are, that the Census report on lumber, shows that the northern belt of the States only now contains about two or three years' supply; and that, even without any duties to contend with, the Canadian millmen are at a serious disadvantage in supplying American markets, as the extra amount of handling their goods must have in excess of what is necessary with the products of American mills, is tantamount to a considerable duty on Canadian timber. Such a concession as is proposed cannot be regarded as any equivalent for our granting the privilege to American lumbermen to denude our forests by wholesale exportations of Canadian saw logs.

The American people are demanding cheap lumber, bulletin a the demand is becoming imperative. They see in the consumpt tariff what they imagine to be a barrier to such an un- question.

limited supply as would meet this requirement. It is the old Corn Law situation in England, with lumber instead of corn as the article wanted. England could not feed her people; American forests in certain districts cannot provide the lumber demanded by the nearest populations; they must have, it is a necessary of life for them to have, a greater supply of lumber than their native woods contain. We believe the people of the Western States are not alive to the facts of this case—but they do know what they need, and they hope by free lumber to get cheap lumber. Canada to be sending over raw materials to meet this necessity when she might have an unlimited market for all the manufactured timber she could supply, by showing less haste to clear away her forest, is surely not wise.

It is not easy to understand what the policy of American lumbermen really is. There is some ground for supposing that, so far as Canada is concerned, they are playing a game of bluff to prevent the re-imposition of a duty on our saw logs. On the one hand the people of their Western States are demanding free lumber, and Canada on the other is desirous of having some form of reciprocity, which will render the saw log supply less a jug handled arrangement that it is at present. It has been urged that if we re-impose a duty on saw logs the movement would be met by a duty of \$3 per thousand feet being imposed on our lumber manufactures. But this we regard as a step that the U. S. authorities dare not take in view of the popular demand for an entire removal of all duties. If with free saw logs from our forests, aided by the natural protection the American millmen enjoy from proximity to markets, as well as their entire immunity from such costs of handling as handicap the Canadian mills, if with these advantages they affirm that they cannot compete with Canadian lumber we feel inclined to question their verscity; either that must be sacrified Certainly men who tell the or their common sense. people of the States that Canada supplied them with \$13,500,000 o fmanufactured lumber last year, of which \$9,000,000 was a direct loss to American labor are open. to the remark made by the wine connoisseur who said, "Any man who says he likes dry champagne-will say anything."

The *Timberman* of 2nd ult. was very frank about this matter. It told Canada that as she was weaker than the States, she must go to the wall, if that was the interest of the stronger power, and said bluntly that the only solution of the timber question was annexation. In this case the problem will remain unsolved.

A shrewd observer, who is a practical lumberman, thinks that the policy of the American millmen is to get Canada into their power, as regards her lumber trade, by tempting or forcing her to part quickly with her raw materials, when they will step in and supplant every lumber industry we possess. That policy is so akin to the general line of American tactics that it is not only conceivable, but highly probable. One writer affirms that "a large proportion of Canadian lumber which goes to the U. S., is for re-exportation to South America and the West Indies, leaving a profit on handling with U. S. merchants and carriers." If that is so, it would be well for our "merchants and carriers" to be looking after the profits on that trade.

We repeat that the extent of the forest supplies in the northern states is fixed by the government census bulletin as only equal to between two or three years' consumption. That is the great factor in the lumber question. It is the factor which is compelling the lumbermen in the States to look to Canada for their raw materials. It is the factor which should awaken our people to the certainty that we are staving off from the States the evil day of exhaustion, at the imminent risk of suffering from exhaustion at home.

FOOD IMPORTS INTO GREAT BRITAIN.

The Department of Agriculture has issued a tabulated statement showing the average imports of certain articles of agricultural produce into Great Britain during 1888, 1889, 1890, as this is declared to be the only way to obtain a correct idea of the trade of the several exporting countries. These imports were as follows :--

		Ot	her Foreign
Articles.	United States.		Countries.
	210	179	14,460.
Catile "	226,106	60,404	
Sheep "	8.085	43,635	608,676
Mutton, fresh Lbs	. 162,148	2,784	144.132,577
Pork "	15,359,649	7,667	22.947.008
Bacon and ham "	386,915,265	6,170,490	83,644,475
Beef, salted "	40.519,714		170,352
" fresh "	133.925,284	18,556	11,025,541
Meats, all other "	41.745,779	1,424,676	29,372,298
Lard	120,999,967	80,317	859,339
Tallow and stearine, "	40,766,760	47,731	90,895,989
Butter "	8,859,161	1,091,675	200,154,640
Cheese "	77,260,069	88,490,241	45,946,198
Poultry \$	12,065	1,500	2,210,656
EggsDoz.		1,849	96,988,760
WheatBus.	37,047,119	746,088	77,183.641
Barley "	986,429	11,711	42,405,614
Oats "	2,308,003	211,284 -	49,608,678
Реяв "	18,012	1,780,481	1,847,279
FlourBrla	. 6,921,941	131,976	1,837,099
PotatoesBus	. 629	935	3,850.518
Onions "	4,088		3,734,625
Apples, green	1,680,384	1,150,920	1,4+6.226
WoolLbs.	3,400	2,800	652,344,468
	-		

The three articles of which our imports into England exceeded those of the U.S., were peas, sheep and cheese. The next highest percentages from Canada were, cattle 11.51 from here, and 42.07 from U.S. and apples, of which our percentage was 34.58, against 50.49 of the States. Of wheat our percentage was 0.68 to 33.77 of U.S., flour 1.49 to 78.30. In meats our percentages ran as follows, pork 0.02, U.S. 34.98, bacon and hams 1.26, U.S. 79.24; fresh beef 0.01, U.S. 87.99, poultry 0.07, U.S. 0.54. From the official statistics we compile the following interesting totals of *average* imports into Great Britain in the last three years.

-	Canada.	Imported from Other Colonies.	U. S.
Horses	179	65	210
Cattle	60.404	2,519	226,106
Sheep	43,635	1,037	8,085
Meats of all kinds . Lbs.	7,624,173	98,126,336	618,627,839
Lord and tallow "	128,048	61,312,597	161,766,736
Butter "	1,091,675	3,266,107	8,859,161
Cheese "	88,490,241	2,364,059	77,269,069
WheatBus.	746,088	20,741,634	37,047,119
Barley "	11,711	118,049	986,429
Oats "	211.284	209,432	2,308,003
Flour	131.976	41,336	6.921.941

It must be remembered that these returns do not give an exact statement of the amounts of such articles that were produced in this country and in the States, as a certain proportion were shipped from the States via Canadian ports, and from Canada via U. S. ports. Such exchanges were, however, not large enough to effect to any great extent the general results as above stated.

Besides live stock England is dependent upon foreign supplies for 987,763,000 pounds of meat annually sold in her butchers' shops. She imports also 432,943,757 pounds of butter and cheese. Of vegetables and apples she imports over 11 million bushels.

Of grains her receipts from abroad are over 208 millions of bushels, and of flour close upon 9 million barrels yearly. The general averages of Canadian food imports into England, compared to the total from all sources of supply are, of meats, from 0.01 to 1.77 per cent; of animals from 1.20 to 11.51 per cent; of butter and cheese 0.52 to 39.70 per cent; of wheat and flour 0.68 to 1.49 per cent.

All these figures demonstrate two things; the vastness of the English food market, and the utterly insignificant amount of our sales therein. From these two points we can draw this conclusion, that the United States is not in need of any food supplies from Canada, except for purposes of export to England, and such exports, we submit, could be made to yield our people more profit by going direct from our own ports to the buyers, than across a foreign soil and through a foreign intermediary.

OBSCURE CAUSES OF FIRES.

In the classification of the causes of fires there are a large number always put down under the heading "obscure." There is too much reason to fear that this word in most cases might be correctly translated "incendiary." There are really very few causes of fires very few that are really "obscure." By a process of exhaustion the only possible one or two causes that originated any particular fire could be arrived at. By careful enquiry into the condition of a building, the methods of heating and lighting it, and the habits of the tenants, it would be easy after a fire to prove that such fire could not have arisen from any but one or two causes. The only obscurity then would be as regards a choice between these, and it would be better to state the alternative, rather than to classify such fire as of "obscure" origin. Take as an illustration the recent fire in this city that destroyed a handsome stone warehouse and its contents. The place had been used for business all day, every room had been occupied, or visited, the staff left about six p.m., without the slightest suspicion of fire, it was in a very public place and persons were constantly passing; yet in two or three hours after being vacated for the night it was a mass of flame. The contents were rolls or bales of cloth, which are most difficult to destroy by fire, yet in an incredibly short time the whole interior of this fine building was utterly burnt, and the walls so damaged that they are now being razed to the ground. There was nothing in this place able and liable to cause a fire except the heating apparatus; it is manifestly therefore an error to speak of the origin of this fire as "obscure," except upon a hypothesis which is not entertained.

But there is no more reason for a furnace setting a building on fire than a water bucket, if a furnace is confined to its own sphere. The classing of any fires that must have been caused by faulty furnaces as "obscure," draws attention away from a real danger by shrouding it in this indefinite, fog-like word, the use of which should be dispensed with.

In regard to furnaces there can be no question that they are very frequently most dangerous in their connections, as the pipes are placed so near wood work as to make it so highly sensitive that it quickly catches fire by a few higher degrees of heat being applied. The storage by rats of all manner of shreds and patches of inflammable materials near to furnace pipes, sometimes with a stray match mixed up with these rags, has started many an obscure fire. Cigar debris

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smouldering find their way down some crevice in a floor, where there is sawdust, shavings, strips of paper, oily rags, which oft in the stilly night develop a lively fire. A few nights ago in this city a promising fire was started by a loosely hung cupboard door being blown back until it came in contact with a gas jet. Had the inmates been out that house would have had an obscure fire owing to the absence of a globe to enclose a gas light. That danger was known, the door had been scorched before, but the risk was run.

An exceedingly reprehensible custom has come into vogue of building houses in pairs and rows that are connected by wood work, the floor joists and beams, running into partition walls so as to make the entire row practically open to every risk of every house. The city of St. Louis, we believe, recently passed an ordinance forbidding this, and compelling each house or warehouse to be isolated from its neighbor by a brick partition wall. It seems strange, but it is a fact, that a fire known to us as having destroyed one of a pair of semi-detached houses, originated in the one that suffered very little, except by water, as Mr. A.'s furnace pipe had set Mr. B.'s residence on fire owing to this interlacing of structural wood work.

A very large number of fires arise from sparks from wood fires falling between the open spaces carelessly left between the roofs of kitchens and outhouses when attached to the main wall of the building below the main roof. The "scamping" practices of modern builders are responsible for thousands of fires that are classed as of "obscure" origin. A domestic, who some morning has overlaid herself, rushes to the kitchen, to secure a good fire swiftly she piles the grate up with kindling, this blazes up the chimney and causes a roaring draught that carries embers of wood into the air, some of these slide down a space left between the kitchen roof and the main wall, there it falls upon some shavings carelessly left, or other rubbish and an "obscure" fire gets headway rapidly. The danger of such embers is enhanced by the vacant spaces between ceilings and roofs being so commonly used for shelter by birds. We have seen a barrow load of straw taken from such a retreat, and as much highly combustible rubbish found between the joists of a house, as scraps of paper, cotton rags, shavings, which were the domestic treasures of rats and mice. The Insurance World, relates this incident : "On removing the roof of a house that had been on fire, it was found that a quantity of straw had been carried by birds between the ceiling and the roof, which had been ignited from sparks from a hole in the chimney. Apart from what had been consumed about two sacks of rubbish were found in the residence of this feathered community." Fond as anyone may be of birds, the line may well be drawn between their use of an external nook for their nests, and building up fire materials wholesale inside a dangerous part of the roof. But such dangers would not affect insurance companies if all buildings were inspected skillfully before being insured, as they should be.

Obscure fires are the reproach of insurance companies. They accept this classification far too readily. The incendiary sees in the word "obscure" a cloak for his crime, instead of its being, as it should be, the motive for its being searched out and brought from obscurity into exposure.

STOCKS OF TIMBER IN ENGLAND.

Reports of a recent date from Great Britain seem to indicate that prices for timber which have been rising for some time will probably keep on advancing. A Glasgow paper speaks of the supply of Canadian timber being smaller than for some time, and consumption large. The Timber Trades Journal for 30th ult., reports that the stocks of some of the heavier and most valuable of heavy log timber are reduced to points greatly below the average. The Canadian pine timber, i.e., square and waney boardwood aggregate only 317,000 cubic feet as against 593,000 in 1891 and 565,000 in 1890. Whilst the stock of sawn pitch pine timber is heavy, we have had no imports of it during the month, but yet it stands at the high figures of 688,000 ft. This is a quantity far too great to have upon the market at this time of the year. One result of this is that merchants will not contract for future supplies in the face of this supply on the spot, and further importations will probably be confined to market cargoes sent forward for sale by auction. With hewn pitch pine the very reverse is the case. The total stock is only 75,000 ft.-say equivalent to one good sized cargo. The demand for hewn pitch pine has been good, and any timber of fair average quality or better has met with ready sale. The consumption of spruce has been on a parity with the two preceding years, viz., 1,085 standards, which has reduced the stock of New Brunswick, Nova Scotian, and Quebec spruce deals to about 7,000 standards less than was held here last year. But we must not forget that last year considerable stocks of these goods were held at the wharves of the various carrying companies under their long "rent free" system, This is a factor no longer to be reckoned with, and the conclusion is that the figures given now present with a greater degree of accuracy than for many years past the actual visible supply of these goods. Amongst American and Canadian hardwoods, especially the latter, many of the leading articles are in an exceptionally firm position. Of these elm, ash, and birch are prominent, especially the latter. The actual stock of birch logs and planks is only about one-half of that last year, and it is well and strongly held. The following return shows the stock of timber, deals, etc., in Liverpool, Birkenhead, and Garston, month ending January 23rd, 1892.

	······································	Consun	nption.	8	tock.
i		1891.	1892.	1891.	1892.
		Feet.	Feet.	Feet.	Feet.
	Quebec square pine }	39,000	27,000	269,000 324,000	129,000 188,000
	St. John Pine,	Nil.	Nil.	21,000	37,000
	Other Ports	4.000	Nil.	5,000	Nil.
1	Pitch Pine, hewn	65,000	103,000	483,000	75,000
	" sawn	161,000	99,000	363.000	688,000
	" planks	11,000	3,000	80,000	108,000
	Red Pine	2 000	4 000	17,000	3,000
-	Danzig, &c., Fir	3,000	42,000	60,000	99,000
	Swedish and Norway.	Ńıl.	3,000	3,000	Nil.
	Oak, Canadian & U.S.	9,000	4,000	340,000	204,000
	" Planks	143,000	115,000	111,000	159,000
	" Baltic	'Nil.	Nil.	1,000	7,000
	Elm	5,000	1,000	27,000	26,000
	Ash	5,000	5,000	31,000	15,000
i	Birch logs	10,000	1,0 10	105.000	. 60,000
	Birch planks	19,000	6,000	146,000	75,000
	Greenheart	4,000	14,000	44,000	41,000
Ì	East India Teak	19,000	14,000	301,000	212,000
		Stds.	Stds.	Stds.	Stds.
	Quebec deals	556	546	10,888	10,046
ĺ	N.B. & N.S. spr & pine.	1,094	1,085	22,193	15.858
	Baitic deals & boards	339	651	4,550	6,634
ł	Baltic flooring	505	568	2,777	4.425

The Timber Merchant speaking of imports from 1st February to 31st Dec. last year reports that: "Q tebec square and waney pine has been imported to the amount of 812,000 cubic feet, compared with 1,650,000 cubic feet for 1890, a very notable de-The quantity of Quebec pine deals imported is 22,560 crease. standards, against 24,160 standards for 1890, and the quantity of other pine deals and of spruce deals imported reaches 59,290 staneards, compared with 74,170 standards for 1890. Referring to the consumption, we may state that the consumption of sawn pitchpine amounts to 2,859,000 cubic feet, which is less than the consumption of 1890 by about 175,000 cubic feet. Oak planks shew a greater consumption for 1891 than 1890, while the consumption of Quebec square and waney pine is less by about half a million cubic feet; or 25 per cent. Quebec pine deals have not been consumed to quite the same extent during 1891 a.

FRANCE, Italy and Sweden have been agreed upon as arbitrators in the Behring sea dispute.

they were in 1890, and other pine deals and spruce deals also shew a slight decrease in consumption. The consumption of flooring boards is about equal for both 1891 and 1890. The stock of sawn pitchpine is, as might be expected, larger than it was in December, 1890; with an increased import and a diminished consumption we could expect nothing else. The stock of oak planks is less by 26,000 cubic feet than it was last year, and the stock of Quebec pino deals is nearly the same now as it was last December but one." In looking over the list of timber imports into England, an enquiry is suggested as to the reason why the processes of manufacture are not carried much further in this country? Is there any economical difficulty in the way of Canada exporting the same class of manufactured timber goods as those England receives from across the German ocean ?

LAST YEARS IMPORTS AND EXPORTS.

The government organs have been furnished with advance sheets of the trade and navigation returns for year ending 30th June 1891. While about it the courtesy might very well have been extended to the press more generally. The totals though large are not in excess of several previous years. We give those for last two years, condensed from local government paper.

1891.	1890.
Total Exports\$ 98.417,29	6 \$ 96,749,149
" Imports 119,967,63	8 121,858,241
" Duty 23,481,06	
" Exports and Imports to and	, .
from Great Britain 91,328,38	4 91,743,935
" Exports and Imports to and	
from United States	92,814,783
,	

The increase in exports during 1891 to the States was \$827-165, and in those to Great Britain \$616,885. A new division of the statistics has been introduced to show the relative trade of Canada with the Empire and all other countries.

The imports are stated as follows :

	British	All other
	Empire.	countries.
Free goods	\$11,830,789	\$26,978,299
Dutiable goods	32,652,299	41,883,737
Duty collected	9,476,501	13,930,574

The statement of exports for the year to the British Empire and foreign countries is as follows : -

	British	All other
	Empire.	countries.
Produce of the mine, Canadian		\$ 4,751,464
" of the fisheries, Canadian	4,195,515	5,519,886
" of the forest, Cananian,	11,762768	12,529,247
Animals and their produce, Canadian	21,310,629	4 657.112
Agricultural products, Canadian	6,020,266	7,646,592
Manufactures, Canadian	2,823.491	3,472,758
Miscellaneous articles, Canadian	1,853	43,194
Bullion, Canadian		129,328
Estimated amount short returned at		,
inland ports		2,913,994
Total Canadian produce	\$47,137,203	\$41,663,863
Total foreign produce	6,220,662	3,395,568
Total	\$53,357,865	\$45,059,431

MR. PLIMSOLL ON DECK LOADS.

No person can help sympathising with Mr. Plimsoll's zeal in behalf of the sailors, but it is none the less desirable for such zeal to be tempered with discretion-a quality it has lacked. Mr. Plimsoll has allowed his heart to run away with his head, and his tongue to outrun both. We have no doubt that all he says is based on facts. But facts are apt to get their heads swollen when treated with undue reverence, and not put alongside other facts which could take the conceit out of them by comparisons of their respective value and importance. Mr. Plimsoll got some sharp lessons here last year which ought to have made him more careful in his statements. We fear he is too fond of " playing to the gallery," the gallery filled with radical voters who like their politics served hot and strong. When Deputy Minister of Marine Smith was shown the cablegram from London with respect to the sensational evidence given before the Labor Commission by Mr. Samuel Plimsoll, the sailor's friend, he said "Mr. Plimsoll must have overlooked the fact that at the very last session of Parliament, Canada had passed a most stringent law to cover

the abuses complained of by Mr. Plimsoll in his famous pamphlet attacking the Canadian mercantile marine. That law only went into force on Nov. 16 and had not had a fair trial, as the navigation season closed three weeks later. Enough had been shown, however, to prove that it would remedy most of the evils complained of, and he expected that when its operation was resumed in May next, it would prove most beneficial." In reference to Mr. Plimsoll's crusade against deck loads on timber ships, the Deputy Minister stated that the subject was now under consideration by the Canadian Government. As a general rule we can tell Mr. Plimsoll, as we tell other of our critics, Canadians are well able to manage their own affairs and do what is right and just without outside help.

CUTTING PRICES FOR PRINTING.

The Employing Printers and Publishers, a journal devoted to the interests of those trades, alluding to a recent failure in this city says, that it showed, "a tolerably clear indication of recklessness somewhere. Printers who continually cut rates, find themselves sooner or later with their affairs in the shape of pie." "Pie," we may say for the benefit of the uninitiated is printers' slang for a muddle or mess. Our contemporary is good enough to advise the printers of this city to "maintain prices at a fair rate." We can only say that this is the endeavor of every firm in every line that aims at paying 100 cents on the dollar, and getting a living out of business. Fair competition is a necessary condition of business ; within legitimate limits it is wholesome; but carried, as it too frequently is, so far as to be a reckless attack upon rivals, regardless of consequences to either them or the competitor who adopts this suicidal policy, it often goes to the extent of criminality. It is a system of "robbing Peter to pay Paul"; the "Paul" in the transaction being those who secure work and goods at prices that do not pay a fair profit, and the "Peter" being the creditors of the firm that has brought itself to insolvency by selling goods without securing a fair profit. It has been said that, war is a game that were their subjects wise, kings would not play at. Certainly if the public were wise enough to know that the whole community suffers by reckless competition, the war of cutting rates below the margin of a fair profit would not be played at to secure unprofitable orders-and insolvency, which inevitably results from such folly.

PROPOSED IMPROVEMENTS AT ST. JOHN, N.B.

The recent discussion relating to ports of call for the fast ocean mail steamers, has had a stimulating effect on both Halifax and St. John. Even such lively ports as Bristol, Plymouth, and Southampton, have been roused up by the proposed new service; deputations from these places have pressed their claims upon our High Commissioner, and have promised all manner of advantages and privileges if they are allowed to receive the fast steamers to and from Canada. A motion is to be introduced for the Board of Trade, St. Johns, N.B. to pass upon, to the following effect. Resolved, That occasion having arisen in the public interests for improved facilities for the carrying on and extension of the trade of this port by the erection of deep water wharves, with the necessary dredging and the construction of a grain elevator at Sand point, so called ; also the purchase of such properties as may be required for the erection of such works, to meet the expenditure for such public civic works it is necessary to borrow the sum of \$150,000. Therefore resolved. That debentures issue under the provisions of the act of assembly, 52 Victoria, c. 27, s. 29, to the amount of \$150,000, such debentures to be in sums of not less than \$500, payable in 40 years, with interest at four per centum per annum, payable half yearly, such annual interest and the sum of--in each year for a sinking fund to be a first charge on, and to be paid from the revenue derived from such property for the redemption of such debentures.

SHORT TERM ENDOWMENT COLLAPSE.

The Universal Banking Association at Boston has closed its doors. It was one of those short-term endowment orders, the first certificate of which was about to mature. According to the treasurer, the coffers are empty and the company is without assets of any kind or value. This event is not of much import-

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ance here, but as one of several such incidents that have recently happened it is well to record it as a warning. We do this more especially because a highly prominent official of a similar fake in Ontario has had the audacity to write a public letter in which he affirms that no such concerns have ever collapsed ! As the bulk of them in Canada are not more than two or three years old they may well be alive. But those in the States that have reached the point when their promises mature have gone down one by one, when they were tested. As such societies are brazen swindles they cannot be too often exposed, or too sternly condemned. One that was operating in this city gave up the ghost a few days ago, and all the others will, without exception, come to a bad end when the day comes in which they have to pay, as they promised, \$1,000 for contributions that have netted less than \$500. The promoters will retire, however, very well endowed.

THE MANUFACTURERS' LIFE CO.

The annual Report of the Manufacturer's Life Insurance Company which will be found on a later page, shows a considerable advance over the business of 1890. The number of policies issued was 1463, for \$2,111,100 insurance; 9 of these had been held over from 1890. The total number of policies current is 4,468, covering \$7,413,761. The surplus claimed on policyholders, account is \$135,307, this added to uncalled capital stock of \$493,680, gives a total surplus on policyholder's account of \$628,-987. The gross assets are detailed as made up of \$300,075 bonds and mortgages, \$27,123 loans secured on stocks and policies, cash on hand and interest due \$37,123 and the balance made up of premiums due and other debts. The report gave much satisfaction to the meeting.

THE MERCANTILE FIRE INSURANCE CO.

The annual report of this company congratulates the shareholders on the handsome addition made to its business in 1891. The number of policies and renewals issued was 7,839 amounting to \$,664,746. The total insurance now is \$10,609,038, an increase in 1891 of over half a million. The years' losses were \$41,900, which is a very gratifying decrease from previous years. The net gain on assets was \$22,508, leaving a net surplus of \$56,392. Altogether the showing must be highly gratifying to the friends of this company.

CURRENT NOTES .- The sale of the Darimouth Ropewalk to the National Cordage Company bas been completed for \$315,000 .-The Montreal Optical and Jewellery Co., has issued one of the best trade catalogues out .- The Dominion Rolled Plate Co, is full of orders for a new style of chain .- The Nova Scotia Legislature is summoned to meet March 3rd .- It is reported that the Provincial Legislature, N.B., will meet 25th inst .- The Britain Mining Co., N.B., reports that its mine yields \$32 gold and silver to the ton, it is improving its plant with good prospects of successful working.-Last year 31 U.S. insurance companies closed up, of these one-third reinsured in English companies.-Too much of good things is complained by the U.S. cotton and grain trades. Providence has been too bountiful they say .- Baltimore, U.S., proposes to build underground conduits and rent them to telephone and electric light companies.--Kenneth Campbell & Co., wholesale and retail druggists have resumed business.—Two U.S. banks have suspended this week. No cause for alarm, that is about the average .- A new line of steamers between Liverpool, St. John's, Nfld., and Halifax. The first steamer of the line is to leave Liverpool about March 30. Tho' designed mainly for freight, they will carry passengers .- Five export entries were received a few days ago at the Woodstock Custom House from J. L. Grant & Co., Ingersoll, amounting to \$60,000. This represented a consignment of cheese and bacon, which the firm was shipping to Great Britain. - Messrs. J. C. Hegler, J. P. Dunn and J. N. Dunn, of Ingersoll, have received a bonus of \$1,-000 from the town of Strathroy to establish a canning factory there.__A bill is before Congress to establish a loan bureau which is to lend money on mortgage at two per cent on half value of farms. It might have a clause giving each mortgager a free tic. ket to Europe yearly, and an allowance for whiskey and tobacco. -Cobourg is to have a new G. T. R. railway station .--- Brantford has been promised \$10,000 towards a drill shed by the government.-The Bank of Montreal has agreed to loan the Winnipeg corporation \$250,000 at 5 per cent.-Ohicago lost \$3,210,000 by

fires last year, 175 of them arose from oil stoves.—R. E. Menzie & Co.., have made an offer to the Point Edward Council that, providing the municipality bonuses the company to the extent of \$5,000, they will construct and operate salt works in the village of sufficient capacity to give employment to 35 employes. They agree to have the works running within a year.

JAMES CARROLL, the insolvent dry goods merchant, St. Lawrence street, city, has been arrested on a capias at the instance of D. McCall & Co.

The bankrupt stock of Hubbell & Brown, leather, city, realized $70_{\rm fc}$ on the dollar at auction and the fixtures 38c on the dollar.—Jos. Bere, paints, city, has assigned with liabilities of \$850.

A SPECIAL despatch to the JOURNAL from Kingston, on going to press, states that J.B. Laing of Montreal has been appointed assignee to the Cousineau, Quinn & Corrigan estate. The assets are \$28,000 and the liabilities \$25,000.

WE sincerely regret the death of Mr. Goldie, who, when removed, was Mayor of Guelph. A thoroughly upright citizen, clear headed, enterprising, and kindly, he was universally respected wherever known. His family have our earnest condolence.

THE city Engineer having visited Ottawa to examine its electric car system has stated his conviction that there would be no difficulty in running similar cars in this city. He was much impressed with their great speed and comfort, and considers that the cost of snow cleaning would be much reduced by adopting the Ottawa system.

THE Newfoundland Government is still pressing the Imperial Government to sanction the ratification of the treaty with the United States negotiated by Mr. Bond in 1890, and urges that much injury will be done to the colony if the treaty is so delayed as to be prevented from passing through the American Congress by the 4th of next March.

QUEBED merchants complain that a discount of 70 per cent, and 2 per cent is granted at entry on door locks at the Montreal custom house, while discount on the same article at Quebec customs is of 60 per cent and 10 per cent; that galvanized iron tube is entered at Montreal with a discount of 57 per cent and 5 per cent, while at Quebec it is entered with a discount of $57\frac{1}{2}$ per cent.

NEGOTIATIONS that have been carried on for some time have been closed by the Canada Cotton Co. having agreed to accept the offer of 751 cents made by the Dominion Colored Cotton Mills syndicate. This will give the shareholders 751 for stock that was valued under 20 some time ago. The arrangement includes 5 or 6 mills, leaving only 1 or 2 outside. Payment is to be part in stock and part in bonds not guaranteed.

"PUBLIC opinion says the Insurance Times of N.Y., sustains the action of the companies in advancing rates of insurance although the newspapers here and elsewhere are disposed to kick when they find the rates on their own buildings advanced. But the situation in a nutshell is that the companies must get more money for their policies or go to the wall. It is true they can cut down expenses and discriminate closer in their acceptances, but at the end the sum in arithmetic is to make the income more than the outgo. The people who insure understand this, in spite of their ravings in a few individual cases."

A CORRESPONDENT having urged English manufacturers not to exhibit at the World's Fair because their designs will be copied, the London Standard rebukes him thus: "The Americans are no less shrewd than the people of other nations, and they will doubtless profit by any chance offered, but it is more probable that the projected World's Fair is purely due to a spirit of rivalry. It comes ill from us to denounce the appropriation of foreign ideas, taste, or style. Those who recollect how barbarous things were in England before the French, Germans, and Orientals showed us a better way in 1851 do not echo such a cry for such a shameless attack."

STEWART, Munn & Co. of this city, appeal to all interested in the Newfoundland trade to bring all their influence to bear to to get our trade with the island put on the same footing as that of the States. They say Newfoundland requires every year 300,000 to 350,000 barrels of flour, and we are certain that there will be no difficulty in Canadian millers securing the bulk of this trade, if we are placed on equal terms with our American competitors. For the first time for several years the prices of Canadian flours are on a level with, or a little below those of American millers, and it would show a lack of enterprise (which we are certain is not the case) on the part of Canadian millers, if they allow such a good opportunity to pass for disposing of part of a good har-

MON	TBEAL OLEAN	BING HOUSE, 1892.	
Total for the week Corresponding week do do do do	ending 11th Fe k, 1891 1890 1889	8,389,532	Balances \$1,565,100 1,277,508 1,367,195 1,166,368

Tue high commissioner for Canada has given publicity in the press of the United Kingdom to the following: "In addition to the free grant of 160 acres of fertile land by the Canadian Gov-ernment to any male adult of the age of eighteen years and over in Manitoba and the Northwest Territories, and to the land that may be obtained at the moderate price in British Columbia the minister of agriculture is now authorized to offer, until fur-ther notice, the following bonuses to settlers taking up land within eighteen months of their arrival in the country: 10 dols. (£2 Is 1d) to the head of the family, 5 dols. (£1 0s 6d) for the wife and each adult member of the family over twelve years of age, and a further sum of 5 dols, to any adult member of the family over eighteen years taking land within the specified period. Forms of application for the bonuses, without which no payments will be made, may be obtained, when passage tick-est are issued, from any authorized steamship agent in Great Britsin and Ireland. Any further particulars that are required can be obtained on application to the high commissioner for Canada, 17 Victoria street, Westminster, S.W. Our Aylmer correspondent writes:—The firm of McIntyre &

Oun Aylmer correspondent writes :-- The firm of McIntyre & Davis embarked in business a couple of years, having purchased the business of Hemstreet & Price, which consisted of several bankrupt stocks and a stock at Dutton. The Dutton business was sold to Mrs. Burgess, and continued a short time when she assigned, by which failure McIntyre & Davis sustained consider-able loss. Then came a fire which destroyed the stock here. They then started again with a full and well selected stock, with They then started again with a full and well selected stock, with too small capital, and the sales were too light in proportion to the quantity and quality of stock carried. No other course was open but to assign, assets \$9,000, liabilities \$1,300. R. H. Hemstreet of this place purchased the stock at 77c on the dollar.—Business changes have been too frequent during the past year or two for a healthy state of affairs but matters seem to be pretty well set-tled down and have the appearance of more permanency. The Walker hardware business passed into the hands of White & Son, they in turn selling the business to F. C. Paulin of St. Thomas. Just before Christmas he sold to R. H. Hemstreet, so that the latter gentleman is conducting a large dry goods and general business in the Bingham block and a large hardware business in the Walker block.

BAY OF QUINTE NOTES.—Water in the St. Lawrence river is still very low.—The Township of Storrington has voted in favor of local option.—The city of Montreal has awarded the Rathbun Company of Deseronto the contract for the construction of fifty more, seven ton dump cars and 300 heavy boxes for carrying material dredged from the harbor, delivery to be made in the early spring. This will give employment to a considerable nummaterial dredged from the harbor, delivery to be made in the early spring. This will give employment to a considerable num-ber of men in their car works department.—A case of interest to farmers was tried recently. According to the ruling any person purchasing agricultural machinery and paying for it with any-thing but cash is still responsible to the firm should the agent become a defaulter. The judge held that the agent must be paid the wherewith to settle with the employers. Thus the giving of horses, etc., in part payment for machinery is a risky transaction unless the agent is known to be responsible.—Many changes are being made in the Deseronto terra cotta works ; several of the old machines will be removed and replaced by others of a more modern character.—The dimension lumber de-part of the Cedar Mill, Deseronto, was closed down on Monday part of the Cedar Mill, Deseronto, was closed down on Monday night. It is intended to take out two of the old boilers and put in others of larger capacity for the purpose of giving increased power-The township of Dungannon will vote on ocal option. power.—The township of Dungannon will vote on local option,— A well equipped gymnasium has been established at Sharbot Lake.—The residence of A. W. Grango, Napanee, was damaged to the extent of \$200 by fire last week.—Sunday night a frame house, the property of Mrs. Jane Weese of Stirling, was des-royed by fire.—A canning factory will be established at Rockport.—The incandescent light is now used by Gananoque merchants.—J. W. Brown's tailor shop in Belleville was damaged by fire to the extent of \$200 hast Saturday night by fire to the extent of \$700 last Saturday night.

MR. DWIGHT ON STORAGE BATTERIES.

Mr. H. P. Dwight, general manager of the G. N. W. Telegraph Co., is a practical electrician, his words carry weight as expressing the views of an expert. He has declared that no storage battery has yet been invented which is available from a business battery has yet been invented which is available from a business point of view for street railway cars. He says that electricians generally regard such batteries as not likely ever to be used largely for such vehicles, and that the only practicable mode of propelling street cars by electricity now known, is by the trolley system.

EFFECT OF COMPETITION.

For some weeks a service of bus sleight has been running from the western suburb to the Post Office in opposition to the The new service is exceedingly popular, the trip is street cars. made in about half the time, showing what could be done if the oar company were inoculated with a little common sense, and They have, however, made just a little effort to business vim. retain their traffic by increasing the speed of their cars from a quiet walk to a gentle trot. If competition is kept up we may see them even travelling as fast as a good walker,

MEP AN OFFER. TOU

We are irequently asked why we do not in common with other journals offer inducements to obtain new subscribers. We have not done so for the simple reason that we believe the JOURNAL OF COMMERCE sufficient value in itself. With the view,

JOURNAL OF COMMERCE sufficient value in itself. With the view, however, of extending our circulation in remote parts not readily accessible to our agents we make the following offer : To any one obtaining for us a new subscriber paying the price of subscription, namely \$2, in advance, we will send Dickens' Works in twelve volumes, or the "Mammoth Cyclopædia" in four volumes. For two new subscribers, paying in advance, we will give both Dickens' Works and the Cyclopæ lia. Or, we will send Twenty five novels to any one of our present subscribers who may procure us one new subscriber paying in advance. Here may procure us one new subscriber paying in advance. Here is an opportunity for obtaining valueable Holiday gifts. The above offer is extended to February 29, 1892. Address the JOURNAL OF COMMERCE, Montreal.

Meetings, Reports, &c.

THE MERCANTILE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

The sixteenth annual general meeting of the Mercantile Fire In-surance Co. for 1891, was held at the head office, Waterloo, Ont. on the 30th of January, 1892, the president Mr. I E. Bowman, M P. occupied the chair, and Mr. P. H Sims acted as secretary of the meeting.

Stockholders representing \$79,600 of the subscribed capital were present.

The minutes of the previous annual meeting were read and adopted. The following financial statements were read.

DIRECTORS' REPORT.

To the Stockholders of the Mercantile Fire Insurance Company :

Gentleway, In submitting the following report of the business for the year ending on the 31st December, 1891, your directors desire to congratulate the stockholders upon the very handsome addition which has been made to the net surplus, being by far the largest amount car-ried to that account for any year since the organization of the company.

pany. The number of policies and renewals issued during the year is 7,839 for insurance, amounting to \$8,664,746, on which we received for pre-miums the sum of \$110,233.47. We also received the sum of \$5,892.26 for interest on our invest-ments which makes our total income for the year \$118,125 73. The statements show a moderate increase in our business without are an each of the sum of the management

any special effort on the part of the management.

Our expenditures for the year are as follows :

Paid losses for the year 1891	\$41,900	30
Agents' commissions and bonuses	19,010	38
Salaries and directors' fees	5,400	99
Adjusting losses and inspecting risks	1,323	49
Re-insurance and cancelled premiums.	17,683	51
Books, stationery, postage, printing and advertising	2,285	47
Government charges	278	
Bent, taxes, fuel, light and care of office	752	38
Dividend No. 18 for six months ending 30th June, 1891	2,000	00
All other charges	1,041	96
	\$91,677	32
Assets of the company at the close of the year	8149.594	85
Liabilities	2,367	00
Balance 31st Dec. 1891	\$147.227	85
Balance 31at Dec. 1890	L .	
Paid on stock account during 1891, 325 00) ,	
	\$124,719	04

Net gain for the year 1891 \$22,598 81 The total insurance in force on the 31st December 1891, was \$10,-

The total insurance in force on the 31st Derember 1891, was \$10,-609,038, and the re-insurance liability threeon 's 550,835 61. We have not yet made the deposit with the Dominion Government in conformity with the recommendation adopted at the last annual meeting, but we expect to do so before the first of July next. The secretary's statements of receipts and disbursements, assets and liabilities, the certified report of your anditors and a list of the stock-bolders of the computer was becaused.

holders of the company are brewith submitted for your information. On behalf of the Board,

I, K. I	BOWMAN, President.
FINANCIAL BTATEMENTS.	
Receipts.	с. С

1.1.1

December 31si, 1891.	
Balance per last statement	£ 00 000 M
Databoo per lass statementes sees sees sees se	····· \$ 82,329 16
Flemining, lock, G.C	110.233 47
Interest	5,892 26
	\$198,455 49
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Balance	\$103,983 64
Disburgements.	
December 31st, 1891.	
LOBREB for 1890	\$ 464.05
Dividend No. 5, for 1890,	2.330 48
Dividend No. 16, for 1891 Losses for 1891	9,000,00
Turnen fon 1001	2,000 00
LOSSOS IOF 1091	
Re-insurance and cancelled premiums	17.683 51
Agents' commissions and bonuses	

288

Salaries and directors' fees	5,400	
Postage printing, advertising, books and stationery	. 2,285	
Adjusting losses and inspecting risks	1,323	49
Rent, taxes, fuel, light and care of office	752	38
Government charges	278	84
All other charges	1,041	96
Balance	103,983	64
~	\$198,455	49
Auets,		
Bank of Commerce account	\$ 3,501	41
Bank of Commerce deposits		00
Cash at head office		64
Morigages		50
Debentures (market value)		39
Stock, G. & O.I. & S.S		00
Office furniture		
Bills receivable		83
Agents' balances		
Interest accrued		
Thereor door monthly for the state of the st		

	5149,594	85
Cash capital Re-insurance reserve Net surplus,	\$ 40,000 50,835	00 61 - 24
A650t8	\$147,227	85
Liabilities.	S. 11	: ·,
Capital stock paid up	\$ 40,000	00
Glaims under adjustment	. 367	00

Dividend No. 17 for six months ending 31st Dec. 1891	2,000 00
Ro-insurance reserve	50,835 61 56,392 24

\$149,594 85

1891

1891.

The subscribed capital is \$200,000. Paid in cash \$40,000. The amount deposited with the treasurer of Ontario is \$20,257 00. Audited and found correct.

ISRABL D. BOWMAN, Auditors.

Waterloo, January 20th, 1892.

AUDITORS' BEPORT. To the Stockholders of the Mercantile Fire Insurance Company :

GENTLEMEN,-We have the honor to state that we have made a care-GENTLEMEN, — We have the honor to state that we have made a care-ful eximination of the company's books of accounts, comparing the original applications with the premium entries in the application register, verifying the additions and the posting thereof. We have also compared the items of expenditure with their vouchers, and checked the securities representing the company's investments. We have much pleasure in certifying that the secretary's balance sheets and statement of assets and liabilities are correct, and in stat-ing that, as in previous years, the books are kept in a neat, careful and orderly mannec, reflecting much credit upon the secretary and his staff

orderly manner, reflecting much credit upon the secretary and his staff of assistants.

We congratulate the stockholders upon the favorable exhibit of the year as well as the healthy advance in the magnitude of the company's businces

All of which is respectfullly submitted,

ISRAEL D. BOWMAN,	Anditors	
THOMAS HILLIARD,	J Auditoria.	

Waterloo, January 29th, 1892.

MINUTES OF ANNUAL MEETING.

The president, in moving the adoption of the reports, remarked that he did not consider it necessary to go into a lengthy discussion of the condition and affairs of the company, as the financial statements were full and complete. However he could fairly congratulate the shareholders on the very prosperous year which is the best in the his-

tory of the company. The usual dividend of 10 per cent has been paid and the substan-tial sum of \$12,508,81 carried to reserve account. The net surplus over all liabilities, including capital stock paid up

\$40.000.00, and the re-insurance liability \$50,835.61, is \$56,392.24.

\$40,000.00, and the re-insurance insuring \$50,535.01, is \$50,534,23. Mr. Chas. Hendry seconded the motion for the adoption of the re-ports, which was carried. Moved by J. H. Webb, M.D., seconded by E. W. B. Snider, M.P.P., and carried, that Messes. Alexander Miller and Thomas Hilliard be appointed scrutineurs for receiving and reporting the ballot for the election of directors. election of directors.

The scrutineers reported as follows :

The sciutinears reported as follows: We beg to report the election of the following gentlemen as direc' tors of the Mercantile Fire Insurance Company for the present year: I E. Bowman. M.P., D S. Bowiby, M.D., J. H. Webb, M.D., George Moore, John Shuh, Robert Melvin, and E. W. B. Snider, M.P.P., and we further report the number of votes at 796, and that the voting for three cantieves. those gentlemen was unanimous.

ALEX, MILLUB, THOS. HILLIARD, Scrutineers.

January 30th, 1892. Moved by D. S. Bowlby, M.D., seconded by Mr. S. Snyder, that Messrs. Israel D. Bowman and Thomas Hilliard be and are appointed auditors for the current year.—Oarried. Moved by Mr. J. A. Halsted, seconded by Mr. H. J. Grasett, that a

vote of thanks be and is hereby tendered to the directors, officers and agents of the company for their valuable services during the past year. Carried.

The Board of Directors met at the close of the annual meeting and re-elected Mr. I. E. Bowman, M.P., president, and Mr. John Shuh, vicepresident of the company.

P. H. SIMS, Secretary.

THE MANUFACTURERS' LIFE.

The fifth annual meeting of the Manufacturers' Life Insurance Com-which was as follows :-

THE FIFTH ANNUAL REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS OF THE MANUFACTURERS' LIFE INSUBANCE COMPANY.

The directors have much pleasure in again meeting the policyhold-ers and shareholders and laying before them a statement of the trans-actions of the company for the year 1891. During the year 1,573 applications for insurance, amounting to \$2,277,600, were received. Of these 1,454, for \$2,093,100 were ap-proved and policies issued; 86 for \$108,500 were declined, 7 for \$40,000 ware withdrawn and 25 for \$25,000 were declined, 7 for \$40,000

proved and policies issued; 86 for \$108,500 were declined, 7 for \$40,000 were withdrawn, and 26 for \$36 000 were held over. On the thirteen applications, for \$35,000, held over from 1890, nine policies were issued for \$18,000, while four applications (for \$17,000) were declined, making a total issue for the year of 1,463 policies, for \$2,113,100, not including 21 paid-up policies for \$6,478. The total business in force at 31st December last amounted to \$7,-413,761, under 4,468 policies. The total cash receipts for the year were \$207,486 49, and the total expenditure, including death claims, amounted to \$124,734 48. The assets of the company were increased during the year by \$86,219.16, making the total assets at 31st Decem-ber \$437,959.11. ber \$437,959.11.

CASH ACCOUNT.

To cash on hand and in bank 1st January, 1891	\$ 28,907	54
To cash received for premiums	194,029	35
To cash for interest and rents	13,457	14
To investments and advances repaid	69,418	66
_		<u> </u>

\$295,812	69

By salaries, commissions, rents, taxes, medical fees and		
other expenses of management	5 77,024	27
By death claims		52
By surrendered policies	2,660	79
By re-insurance premiums	9,345	60
By investments	139,293	74
By profit and loss, 10 per cent, written off office furniture,	495	30
By cash on hand and in bank		47

\$295,812 69

BALANOR SUBBT.

1991	Assels.		
By Dominion	bonds\$	53,000	00
" Municipal	dehentures	46,822	
" Call loans	on security of bank stocks (Dominion and	· ·	
Imperial 1	Banks)	25,000	00
" Mortgages	on real estate	200,253	30
" Life inter	est	440	
" Reversion	*****	3,522	00
··· Bills receiption	ivable	2,051	
" Loans on	policies	2,123	
" Office furr	niture	4,457	75
" Agents' b	alances, etc	3,268	
" Outstandi	ng premiums	43,041	94
# Deferred 1	premiums	16,854	54
" Interest d	ue and accrued	5,339	
" Cash on h	and and in bank	31,784	⁷ 47
			·
		6437,959	11
1891	Liabilities.	•	
To assurance	fund	289,045	00
To outstandin	g medical fees, etc	1,616	84
To death clair	ns adjusted, not resisted	6,000	00

To 10 per cent held for cost of collecting deferred and outstanding premiums	1	
Surplus on policyholders account	\$302,651 135,307	
Capital stock paid up Note :	\$437,959 127,320	11 00
Surplus as above on policyholders' account	.5135,307 . 493,680	63 00
Total surplus on policyholders account	· · · ·	

The report was received with much satisfaction and was usanimous-ly adopted, the president observing that the progress in the past year was a matter for congratulation, and that the company was on the high road to prosperity. Messrs. Townsend and Stephens were appointed auditors, and Mr. George Gooderham was re-elected presi-dent and Messrs. W. Bell and S. F. McKinnon vice-presidents for the wear. year.

1.25



Everybody is inquiring about MELISSA" Rain-proof Garments.

Ladies will now have them as well as the men.

The young man replied to his sister's inquiry concerning "that nice, light waterproof overcoat," which she admired so much, that it was made from "Melissa" cloth, which is now sold at all the principal dry goods shops. "It may be an absurd idea," continued the prudent Fred, "but you know the fel-"lows at our club were saying the "other day that those of their ac-"quaintances who wore garments of "Melissa cloth during the winter seem "to have none of them caught the "Grippe."



As there is no limit to the weight and variety of patterns and shades in which Melissa Cloth can be manufactured, it is admirably suited for Ladies' wear, and the fair sex will, therefore, no longer have to endure the odors and discomfort so familiar to those who use the old fashion waterproof rubber garments.

In order to guarantee the genuineness of Melissa goods, the Trade Mark will be stamped upon every piece.

No Chills. No clammy feeling. No canger of Colds. Rain-proof THE MELISSA MANUFACTURING CO. Porous MONTREAL. Odorless \odot Durable SOLE AGENTS J. W. MACKEDIE & CO., Montreal, Moth-proof. for the Dominion.

A good business man needs physical vigor and strong nerves, and should be able to read well, spill correctly, write plainly and count quickly and accurately; therefore a youth should be taught reading, spelling, writing and arithmetic.

A BUSINESS man needs good sense and a retentive memory; therefore the senses and the memory should be educated.

A BUSINESS man should have business habits, therefore a youth should be trained to indus-try, system, punctuality and persoverance.

A BUSINESS man must be decided in character, yet courteous in manner ; a youth should therefore cultivate self-reliance, presence of mind and politeness.

A EUSINEES man needs sharpness and versa tility; there should be nothing in the plan of education which has a tendency to produce excessive prudence.

A BUSINESS man is all the time concerned with money; therefore a youth should be taught early the use and value of money and practiced in self-denial.-Ex.

The Engineering News says : "Niagara Falls hydraulio tunnel is progressing rapidly. From the river to shaft No. 1, a distance of 2,240 feet, with 170 feet of open cut, the heading is nearly through. Between shafts 1 and 2 less than 600 feet remains to be driven, 850 by 1,150 feot having been already driven. Above shait 2, toward the river above the falls, 1, 40 feet has been driven. In all the tunnel is 6,700 feet long, of which over 5,000 feet of heading has been already driven. The tunnel, as already described, is 25 by 25½ feet in section, and is to be lined throughout. As yet it is impossible to give a full description correctly, for important features are not yet finally decided on."

THE jobber finds profits small and expenses rge. To be successful and make profits, the large. volume of business has to be increased. Conditions charge from year to year. Now life and new energy have to be brought into action in order to devise ways and means of enlarging sales. Modern progress has made it necessary to be aggressive. Those who fail to grasp the situation and profit by it find trade diminish and their place taken by others. This applies to the manufacturer jobber and retailer in all lines. Every old merchant sees this, and every new one realizes it in the great struggle for place and trade. New industries, as well as old ones, are getting closer to the base of supplies of the raw material as well as to that of distribution to the con-sumer. To succeed to-day means more work, more capital, more push and a closer watch-fulness of expenses,— Exchange.

FIRES.—Near Belleville, 4th, dwelling house burned, loss \$3,000,—On Jacques Cartier Sq. on 4th, factory, warehouse and store damaged, loss \$75,000.—Buctouche, N.B., 6th, 2 stores burned.—Norton Station, N.B., three resi-dences and store destroyed —Fergus, 2.0.d, store hurned. dences and store destroyed —Fergis, 20.6, store burned.—Gananoque, 8th, stores burned, loss \$15 000.—Regina, 8th, tho Windsor Hotel destroyed. —Mattawa, 9th, store and factory destroyed, loss \$12,000.—Eimira. 8th, school house scorched.—Sunderland, Ont., a barn with farm implements, stock of wheat, cattle and horses, destroyed, no' insurance.—Sund-ridge, Ont., Revere House burnt. - Another disastrous firs took place on 10th by which an anormous stock of cheese. and other purchase enormous stock of cheese, and other produce, was destroyed in Ohisholm & Sons warchouse in "this city. One half the, contents were owned by that firm and the balance by Mr. A. W. Grant \$15,000, and Oliver & Co. \$10,-000. The fire is said to have been caused by electric wires running through the sawdust packing of the refrigerators. The loss is packing of the refrigerators. The loss is over \$75,000.--On 10ta, Findlay's foundry, Sto. Ounegondr, was badly damaged, loss about \$6,000.--Napanee, 11th, furniture fact-ory burnt, loss \$15,000.

A GOOD GLOVE SEASON.

This has been a remarkable glove season. An observer can readily see that a larger proportion of well-to-do men are wearing fine gloves. It is doubtless because they need all the dash that every little touch of smartness can impart to their ensemble ; and then again from the very quietude of the clothes, clothing lasts longer and men have more money to expend upon the quasi-essential articles,-Clothier and Furnisher.

THE BRITISH THREAD COMPANIES.

The Glasgow Herald says :-" The fact must now be recognized that a very serious prospect confronts the thread trade, not only in this district, but also throughout the Kingdom. In the course of a week or so J. & P. Coats (Limited) will issue an amended list of prices, and these will represent on an average a reduction of 30 per cent, on those now ruling, The late reduction made by the Messrs. Clark only amounted to about 15 per cent., and applied to only one quality. In the case of J. & P. Coats' cut ' it will apply to 'all qualities, the 200 yards reels being lowered from 17s 9d to 125 64, and the remaining sorts in greater proportion. Other makers will have to follow suit, and the probability is that the retail buy r may benefit to the extent of one-half-penny per bobbin. It has ben suggested that the saving in cotton prices will equalize the loss now resolved upon, but that is a mis-take. The new tariff has been fixed on mature consideration below the remunerative point, and means nothing more nor less than a war of prices, which is not likely to come to an early termination, and which cannot but have most unfortunate results for some con-cerned. The 'cut' will extend to the European markets.

"Perfection SUMMER Comforts

THE LATEST BEDROOM BEAUTIFIER.

WE are now prepared to place at American Prices the newest article in SUMMER COVERINGS, the Perfection Cummer Comfort, made^s of Art Silkolines, in a great variety of tasty designs. They are Lighter, as cheap, and far more attractive then the White Counterpanes which they are entirely supplanting throughout the United States.

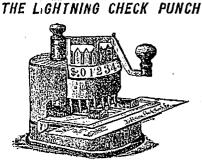
Manufactured in Canada Only by

MCINTOSH, WILLIAMS & CO.,

10 St. Sacrament Street,

Canadian Manufacturing A. J. MCINTOSH & CO., New York.

SEND FOR PRICES, ETC.



Prevents Raising of Checks. SPACKMAN & Co., 164 St. James St. MONTREAL.

Financial.

MONTREAL, Thursday Evening, February 11th, 1892.

The sterling market here and in New York has been dull but strong. Sixty days sight 9 3-16@5-16 and 9 3-8@}; demand 9 11-16@ 13-16 and 9 7-8@10; cables 10; @#; New York funds 1-33/01-16 and 1@1. Posted rates for sterling in New York are 4.861 and 4.881; actual 4.851@3 and 4.873@8; cables 4881@1. Exchange on London in Paris 25, 171. British consols 95 9 16 money ; money 95 11-16 acct. Bank of England rate 3 per cent.; money in London 2@23. The local money market quiet at former rates. On the stock exchange the market at last writing is easier. Ootton stocks have been more enquired after, and have improved. After selling at 985 earlier in the week there was a sale of Montreal cotton at 100, which is attributed to the good statement

of earnings, shown by the company. Dominion cotton stock was placed at 1333, although it closed last week at only 128 bid. Canada cotton sold at 70, and closed at that asked, 60 bid. Some second mortgage bonds were placed at 1123 This company is now in the colored goods combination. In bank stocks there has been little trading, and the fluctnations possess no significance. Closing prices are about the lowest of the week. Telegraph was weak and fell 3 per cent., and cable was also off a little. There was nothing done in North-west land, but the stock closes at 60 bid as against 77 last week. Richelieu sold up to 574 and fell back to 55, G.T.R. lat preference is firmer at 68 bid. Street railway had a spurt and closes 5 per cent. better than a week ago. Gas closed at 2074, or 24 up on the week. Only a moderate business was done in Pacific. It advanced to 90 and declined to 894. The following are the highest and lowest prices of stocks compiled by Clouston & Co., stock brokers :---

Banks.	No. Sharea	Highest price.	Lowest price.	Average this week last year.
Montreal	14	222	220]	224
Ontario	55	112]	1114	
Peoples	73	101	100	991
Molsons	63	<u>164</u>	160}	157
Toronto	2	227	227	
Merchants	38	151	150	1414
Commerce	- 40	135	1344	127
Quebec	14	121	121	
Miscellansous,				
Mont. Telegraph	325	1301	127	101¥
Com, Cable	1510	151#		
Bichelieu	625	57		
Passenger	193	187	185	
Gas	475	2074	205	208
Can, Pacific	2,405	90	881	
Bell Telephone	15	158	158	
Canada Cotton Co.	. 50	70	70	
Mont. Cotton Co.,	100	100	93	
Dom, Cotton Co.,	119	133	133	
Oan. Oot, 2nd mtg	£400	1122	112	
• . • •				



Montreal

The traffic returns of the Grand Trunk Railway for the week ending Feb. 6th, 1892, show an increase of \$16,346 over the corresponding week

Aways the curiosities obtained by the British musuem there is none so interesting as a Ohinese bank note of the Ming dynasty, about 1368. No earlier example is known to be extant. It is, however, a comparatively modern specimen for Ohina, although it was not till three hundred years after its issue that bank notes were used in Europe.— Notes and Queries.

MONTREAL WHOLESALE MARKETS MONTREAL, THUBBDAY EVENING, 1

Feb. 11th, 1892. 5

The smaller wholesale houses whose business is chiefly confined to eastern Ontario and Quebec are not too well pleased about collections. Many of the large firms speak of February remittances as fair with few renewals from the Northwest, British Columbia and the lower provinces. The weather has been seasonable with abundant snow for sleighing and



STOVES and RANGES, With Wonderful Wire Gauze Oven Doors.

This colobrated line of Co k Stoves and Ranges is now made in 21 vizes and a great variety of styles, for burning all kinds of fuel, viz.: Hard Coal. Soft Coal and Wood. The Wire Gauze Oren Doors are used on this line of goods, and their use results in a saving from Iras by shrukago in meat and broad, while baking or reasting, of quite 20 per cont, as shrinkago in sen old style tight oven smouths to quite 30 per cent.; and food is better cooked, and meats, etc., remain juley and tonder as re-sult of circulation of ar in evens. Full ince of printed matter mailed on applica-tion, and all information sent on receipt of letter or post eard. Solo Monufacturage in Canada (

Sole Manufacturers in Canada : The Enterprise Foundry Co., SACKVILLE, N.B.

no complaints are heard on this score. The prevailing duliness is especially hard on concerns with limited means and the usual heavy crop of small failures has to be reported. Provisions are firm and breadstuffs quiet.

BUTTER AND CHERSE.-Butter unchanged under a quiet jobbing demand. Fine dairy is solling at 18c @ 20c. Cheese continues firm but there is little doing in it. Quotations for finest 111c. @ 12c. Liverpool cable 58s. Shipments of butter from 28th January to 13th February 1,985 pkgs from Montreal and 681 on through account; of cheese 24,675 and 5,924 boxes respectively. A Liverpool writer on cheese says :-- Market has been active all the week, and buyers find some difficulty in filling their requirements in medium sorts. Official quotation has been advanced 2s, and the market closes firm. Quotations are: Finest fall makes, 57s @ 58s Gd. Many holders will not show their stocks under 60s. Fresh night skims continue in good request and soll freely as landed from 44s @ 50s. Summer makes are now in small compass at 248 @ 308. Fresh skims are scarce; value nominal. Betail farmers prices in Montreal are as follows:—Choice print butter 30c. @ 35c.; creamery 25c. @ 28c.; good dairy 18c. @ 23c. Cheose 12c. @ 14c.

Day Goods .--- Moderate orders are coming in from travellers and the trade report much the same as a week ago. That this business is overdone on a leading rotail street has been shown by the two considerable failures which have taken place there this week. The suburban trade is reported fair. A report of the foreign goods market at New York says : —More buyers have been present in all de-partments, yot the demand has not been charactorized by any marked activity. High novolties and specialties have been chiefly in-quired for, and while a few leading spirits have appropriated good assortments of anything desirable, the average of selections has been for moderale quantities. The purchasing trade are conservative beyond comparison, and engagements have shown a desire to secure very full assortments rather than large quantities.

DRUGS.--About the average business is being done and the demand for influenza remedies

THE GREAT SELLERS IN OUR PORT WINES Are the following grades:

Are the following grades: Our Old Resorre Port at \$2 per bottle, \$9.50 per gallon \$20 per dosen. Our E P. No. 3 Extra Particular Old at \$1.50 per bottle. \$8 per gallon and \$17 per dosen. Our Four Diamond Choice Old Delicate at \$1,25 per bottle \$6 per gallon, \$13 per dosen. And in especial demand is our No. 10 Very Superior Rich Old Wine at \$1 per bottle, \$4 50 per gallon, \$10 per dosen.

FRASER, VIGER & CO.

THE CREAT SELLERS IN OUR SHERRY WINES

Are the following grades:

Are the following grades: Our O.E.G. Old English Gettleman, the best we have at present, \$3 per bottle, \$10 per gallon, \$21 per dozen. Our Club Bherry, Pomartin's Superior Rich Pale Wine, \$1.50 µer bottle, \$8 per gallon, \$17 per dozen. Our Very Rine t Vino de Pasto (Wine for Meals), at \$1.50 per bottle, \$8 per gallon, \$17 per dozen. Our K.O. Fine Olorezo, Magunfeent Dinner Bherry, \$1.25 per bottle, \$6 per gallon, \$13 per dozen. Sherr dozen

dosen. And in especial demand are the two grades Our S D Superior Rich Pale Dinner Sherry and our S D. Dry Light Amontillado, very dry and delicate both at \$1 per bottle, \$4,50 per gallon, \$10 per dozen. TEADER MICHTER COMP. FRASER, VIGER & CO.

BERGUNDY WINES.

A stock beyon I compare

SPARKLING BERGUNDIES.

Beaujolais..... Macon ··\$8 //5 R. BRUNINGHAUS. \$ 9 50 10.00 10 50 12 00 12 00 19 00 19 00 22 (0 11 50 13 00 FRASER, VIGER & CO.,

Family Grocers & Wine Merchants. 199 St. James Street. MONTREAL,

keeps up. The large city drug firm, recently in trouble has resumed. Quinine is steady. At New York 75,000 ounces of foreign in largo bulk, pressing on the market have been sold at 19 c. @ 20c, and after the sale 20 jc was quoted as an inside rate. Recent bark sales in London passed off at old figures. Opium dulland easy. Castor oil is firmer. Cod liver oil quiet.

FLOUR AND GRAIN .- The local breadstuffs markets are dull, the demand being only for jobbing lots. Oats are selling to a moderate jobbing lots. Oats are selling to a moderate extent at 32c/@34c. Peas quiet at 73c/@74c. Wheat nominally unaltered in price. Oat-meal quiet at \$2.10%\$2.2v, bran at \$16@\$17and shorts at \$18@\$19. Wheat in Ohicsgo has been weak of late, fluctuating between 89 and 91 May. There has not been sufficient activity to give a decided tone to the market. Prospects at the Pacific slope have improved as drought is not so prevalent. There is an increase in the visible supply and There is an increase in the visible supply and the export movement has decreased. Against these 'bear' facts the mild weather in the these i bear' facts the mild weather in the east and west has rovived fears from future frosts, and it is stated that winter wheat went into the ground in poor condition. The news of extensive crop damage in France and Russia seems confirmed by late active for-oign buying on this side, and there is a suffi-ciently good demand in Europe this week to cause higher cables from Berlin, Paris and Answerp. The area seeded to wheat in Eng-land is said to be smaller than a year ago. It is stated that the larger receipts of wheat at is stated that the larger receipts of wheat at Minneapolis last week, which were chiefly instrumental in preventing a decrease in the

TO CAPITALISTS.

The expenses of an Accountant commis. sioned by parties seeking a SAFE AND PRO-FI'ABLE INVESTMENT, to examine into the Privage investment, to examine into the business, etc., of an established manufactur-ing company, will be paid if he fail to find the stock of that company such an invest-ment. Correspondence solicited.

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Automatic Refrigerator Co. of Ottawa Ont.



visible supply, was due to the arrivals of visible supply, was due to the arrivals of some consignments that had been delayed by storms. If the reports of 15 per cent defi-ciency in India are true this should have some bearing on future prices. Plenty of occan freight room, and consequently lower rates, favors a better export movement of corn, and the current outgo is liberal. A cable from St. Petersburg statas that it is for cable from St. Petersburg states that it is too early to judge of the condition of the growing wheat crop. One report states that the cause of the recent weakness in Chicago is due to the growing belief in the passage of the antioption bill, and this is said to have brought out several big lines of long wheat.

GREEN FRUITS, ETC.-Business is quiet. Apples \$1.00 @ \$2.25 in jobbing and car lots; single brls \$2 50; Valencia oranges \$3.50 @ \$3.75 a case; Floridas \$2.50 @ \$3 00 per box; 53,75 a case; Floridas 52,00 /// 53 00 per lox; Tangerines \$3 75 per } box; Messina lemons, \$3,50 @ \$3,75 per box; Catamias \$3 25@ \$3 75. Grape fruit \$3,75 per box. Bananas \$3 50 per burch Malaga grapes \$5.00 @ 6.50 per keg, a; t quantity. Almonds 130. @ 13 Jo; Grenobl. walnuts 13 Jc; peanuts 8c. (@ 9c. Dates 5 Jc. Brazil nuts 12c. Cocca nuts \$4,75 per 100. Sweet potatoes \$3 75 @ \$4 00 per brl.

GROCERIES .- The amount of business done has been moderate. Sugars are quist and unchanged. About 2,000 boxes of the lot of Valencia raisins, referred to last week, have been placed at 4c; smaller lots are held slightly higher. For new Atlas prunes 54c is asked. The dispensation granted for Lent, on account of sickness, is somewhat against canned goods and fish. In teas there has been little doing in blacks, but business is reported in low priced Japan. A line of good medium to go west was placed at 17c Other sales include 800 @ 1, 00 pkgs, low grades at 11c, 13c and upwards. Barbadoes molasses are out of first hands and last wholesale prices were 35c. Some good Trinidad is offering at about 33c @ 34c. Reports on Ocffee are generally firm, not so much on account of the Chili trouble, but because of reports of yellow Faver and short crop from places of growth. A London sugar cable says:—Cane quiet, no change; Java 16s; refining 14s 9d. Best firmer; Feb. 14s 6d; March 14s 9d.

IBON AND HABDWARE -A quiet trade is reported at all the leading houses. ... Pig-iron is

an an an an an Alberta an Alberta



pearances are that things will move slowly English markets are dull and afford little encouragement. The boot and shoe manufac-tures are fairly busy on spring orders.

PAINTS AND OILS,-Trade is quiet and no changes are reported in prices The amalgamation of three paint manufacturing concerns, two in Montreal and one in Torontois reported. This is the revival of the Canada Paint company about which reports have been current.

PROVISIONS AND EGGS .- There has been a good demand for pork but supplies are moder. ate and holders are stiff. For Canadian short cut \$16 00 @ \$16 25 is generally asked and it is difficult, if not impossible, to do better. Canadian lard is unchanged at $8\frac{1}{4}c.$ @ 90, Hams quiet at $10\frac{1}{2}c$, @ 11c, and bacon at 90, @ 10c. In Chicago provisions ruled strong and then declined. Proposed legislation against speculation in futures had something to do with the depression. May note sold against speculation in futures had something to do with the depression. May pork sold from \$12.25 (@ \$11.95 and then slightly re-covered. Buyers are not so willing to give full prices for eggs as they find that stocks in the city are fairly large Sales of limed at $14\frac{1}{2}$ c. up to 160.; held stock 10c. @ 12c. At retail (resh eggs in baskets bring 30c. @ 40c., held fresh 23c. @ 25c.; limed 17c. @ 18c.

POTATORS .- Instead of being 900. @ 95c. per bag as at this time last year dealers are selling at 60c, but there is not much doing There was a good crop in the States and the Mo Kinley tariff is against potatoes going across to the S'ates.

RAW FURS .-- The following are current quotations for fresh goods. Bear, large prime, \$25; large cubs, \$15; medium cubs, \$7.60: smail, \$5. Beaver, prime large skins, \$6.50; medium, \$5; small cubs, \$3, but if bought by

WILLIAM EVANS. Seedsman to the Council of Agriculture for the Province of Quebec. Importer and grower of

298

Field, Garden and Flower Seeds. AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

GUANO, SUPREPHOSPHATE AND OTHER FERTILIZEES. Warerooms : 89, 91 & 93 McGILL STREET. 104, 106 and 108 Found ing St., and 42 Norman St. MONTREAL

MUNTREAL Nurseries and Seed Farm: COTE ST. PAUL. Fruit and Ornemental Trees, Shrubs, Roses, Green-house and Beddirg Plants, Vege-table Plant-, Small Fruits, etc.

the pound, \$3 75 for clean prime pelt; fisher.

the poind, 53 75 for clear prime peit; inher, dark, \$6; pale, \$5; fox, cross, \$3 to \$5; red, \$1 25; silver, \$25 to \$60; Jynx, \$3.50; martin, pale or red, 65c; mink, large, dark, \$1, 25; medium and small, \$1; otter, \$10; muskrat. spring, 18c; fall, 10c; raccon, large prime, 75c; seconds, 40c; thirds, 30c, and fourths, 10,

Wool.-Local trade remains quiet and prices are unchanged. The following is a recent London cablegram :—At the wool sales to-day 14,406 bales were offered. The offerings included much fine Port Phillip greasy, which was rapidly absorbed at current rates. Scoured was rapidly absorbed at current rates. Scoured was easily disposed of. Thus far there have been offered 151,000 bales. There have been sold 140,000 bales, and are still available 159,000 bales. Next week, 36,000 bales will be offered. Cape of Good Hope and Natel Science of Boles course at 1114 bales will be offered. Cape of Good Hope and Natal---Sales, 500 biles; scoured at 114 @ 18 3d; greasy at 5d @ 7d; do. locks and pieces at 34d; fleece at 74d @ 114d. The imports during the week were: From New South Wales, 37,100 bales; from Victoria, 15,-711 bales; South Australia, 4,302; West Australia, 41; Cape of Good Hope and Natal, 3,598; Bussia, 1,087; and from various other places. 344. places, 344.

CORSETS SMALLWARES, &C. DRESS LININGS. MUSLINS GREY FLANNELS. WHITE FLANNELS COLORED FLANN'LS FANCY FLANNELS. FLANNELETTES. TABLE CLOTHS TABLE LINENS, TOWELS SHEETINGS, &C. Carsley & Co.

Leading Wholesale Trade of Montre

WHOLESALE

DRY GOODS

MONTREAL,

FABRIC GLOVES

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KID GLOVES,

UMBRELLAS.

Wholesale Dry Goods, 113 St. Peter Street, MONTREAL,

18 Bartholomew Close, London, Eng.

firm with a few jobbing sales at quotations. frim with a few jobbing sales at quotations. Copper steady and "e note a slight improve-ment in the American market. Of Lake Superior ingot about 250,000 lbs wont at $10\frac{3}{4}c$ for delivery to the end of March, but small parcels for prompt delivery are picked up at less. At L ndon merchant bars have been steadler with latest cables quoting £43 lfs for prompt and £44 5s for faune deliveries. Fig tin has dronged about 2a 6d in London Pig tin has dropped about 2s 6d in London, but values there are relatively higher thru on this side. Pig lead is easier and spelter slow of sale. Tin plate in moderate demand and about steady.

LEATHER AND SHOES .- Business is only fair with the leather men. There is some speculation as to when and how the Mooney and Whitney estates will be adjusted. Ap-

1			BIUUE	LO AND	BUNDS	•			
SURETYSHIP.	NAME.	Par Val'o	Capital Bub- soribed.	Capital paid-up	Rest.	Div. Inst 6 Ms.	Dates of Dividends.	Per Cent Prices Feb. 11	VAIDA
The only Company in Canada confining itself to this business.									
THE GUARANTEE CO. OF NORTH AMBBIDA.	Brit.North America. Can. Bank Commerce Commercial, Manitoba. Commercial, Nfd - Commercial, Windsor Dominion	200 200 40 50	\$4,866,666 6,000,000 587,200 806,000 500,000 1,500,000	6,000,000 364,150 306,500 260,000	900,000 50,000 166,000 65,000 1,350,000	85 84 85	April Oct June Dec 2May 2Nov 30 June 31 Dec 1 May 1 Nov	184 100 400 167 268	857 941 67 00 400 00 42 80 184 00
Capital Authorized, - \$1,000,000 Paid up in Cash (ne nelet), 304,600 Resources Over 1,108,402 'Deposit with Dom. Gov't, - \$7,000	Du Feuple Eastern Townships Federal Haniton Hocholaga	50 50 100 100 100	1,200,000 1,500,000 1,250,000 1,232,500 710,100	1,200,000 1,466,684 1,250,000 1,217,610 710,100	425,000 600,000 in liquid 604,878 160,000	8 3 ation 4 8	3 Mar 3 Sept 2 Jan 2 July 1 June 1 Dec June Dec	1751 1131	50 00 70 00 175 60 113 50
THE BONUS SYSTEM of this Company renders the Premiums in Certain Cases inpually reducible until the rate of One-Half per sent, per annum is reached.	Imperial Jacques Cartler Merchants' Can Molsons Molsons Montreal Distignale	100 25 100 100 50 200	2,000,000 500,000 5,799,200 1,000,000 2,000,000 12,000,000	500,000 5,799,200 1,100,000 2,000,000	150,000 2,510,000 450,000 1,100,000		June Dec 2 June 2 Dec 2 June 1 Dec 1 Aug 1 Feb 1 April 1 Oct 1 June 1 Dec	100 148 129 160	187 00 25 00 148 50 129 00 80 00 440 00
This Company is under the same experienced man- agement which introduced the system to this continent over twenty-eight years ago, and has since actively and successfully conducted the business to the satisfaction of its clients.	Montreal Nationale New Brunkwick Ontario People's of N. B	200 80 100 100 100 20	1,200,000 500,000 1,500,000 1,000,000 180,000	1,200,000 500,000 1,500,000 1,000,000	500,000 280,000	.2 6 8	I June 1 Dec 1 May Nov 1 Jan 1 July 1 June 1 Dec 1 June 1 Dec Jan. July	80 249 112 140 115	24 00 249 00 112 00 140 00 23 00
8840,000.00 have been paid in Olaims to Employers. President, - SIR ALEX. T. GALT, G.C.M.G. Vice-President and Managing Director EDWARD RAWLINGS.	Quebec St. Stephen's Standard Toronto Union, (Halifax)	100 100 50 100 50	2,500,000 200,000 1,000,000 2,000,000 500,000	200,000 1,000,000 2,000,000 500,000	500,000 35,000 500,000 1,600,000 40,000	31 2 4 5 8	June Deo April Oot Jan July I June 1 Deo	118	118 00 85 75 228 00 60 00
Bankers, THE BANK OF.MONTREAL. HEAD OFFICE :	Union of Can Ville Marie Western Bank of Can	100 100 100	1,200,000 500,000 500,000	479,250	20,000	8	2 Jan 2 July 2 June 1 Dec 1 April-Oot		90 00 160 00 110 00
157 St. James St., MONTREAL. EDWARD RAWLINGS ,	Agri. Sav. and Loan 'Co Brit. Can. Loan & Inv. Co. Brit. Mortg. Loan Co Building and Loan Asson	50 100 100 25	630,000 1,620,000 450,000 750,000	822,412 289,036 750,000	60,000 53,000 100,000	8 3	1 Jan 1 July 1 Jan 1 July 2 July 2 Jan 2 July	1111	111 25
Vice-Pres. and Managing Director. •N.BThis Company's Deposit is the largest made for Guarantee business by any Company, and is not liable for the responsibilities of any other risks.	Canada Cotton Co Can Landed & Nat'l Inv't Co Can. Perm. Loan and Sav Can. Sav. and Loan Co Contral Can. Loan & Sav. Co Dominion Sav. and Inv. Co.	100 50 100	2,000,000 1,500,000 5,090,000 2,000,000 1,000,000	663,990 2,600,000 681,079 800.000 918,250	158,000 1,550,150 150,000 192,000	6733	May Aug 2 Jan 2 July 1 Jan 1 July June Dec Jan. July 30 July 31 Dec	132 201 120 120	60 00 132 00 100 50 60 00 120 00 46 50 47 50
TORONTO WHOLESALE TRADE, (Revised by Telegraph.)	Dominion Telegraph Co Dundas Cotton Co Farner's Loan and Sav. Co. Freehold Loan and Sav. Co. Hamilton Frov. and Loan Home Sav. and Loan Co	100 50 100 100	1,000,000 500,000 1,057,250 3,221,500 1,500,000 1,500,000	500,000 611,430 1,817,100 1,100,000) 112,500 629,000 255,000) 4) 31	15 Jan-Qtiy May Nov 1 June 1 Dec 2 Jan 2 July 2 Jan 2 July	128 124 138 138 126	128 0 62 0 138 0 126 0
Товоито, Feb, 11th, 1892. There is little change to note in general	Hochelaga Cotton Co Huron & Lambton Loan Co. Imperial Loan and Inv. Co Landed Banking and Loan	100 50 100 100	2,000,000 500,000 629,850 700,000	1,000,000 315,039 625,900 493,000	47,57(106,00(80,00	5 3 3 3	Maroh—qtly. 2 Jan 2 Jul: 8 Jan 8 Jul: 2 Jan 2 Jul:	160 122 122	80 0 122 0 122 0
wholesale trade. The sorting-up orders in hy goods are fairly satisfactory, while grocer- ies and hardware are quiet. Prices of the	Lond. & Can. Loan and Ag. London Loan Co Lond. and Ont. Inv. Co Manitoba Inv. Assoc Manitoba Loan	50 100 100 100	5,000,000 679,700 2,452,700 100,000 1,250,000	622,650 490,540 100,000 312,500	0 60,000 0 115,000 0 3,000 0 111,00		Jan July	b 107	65 0 53 5 115 0 110 0
cading staples are steady. Payments are only air, there having been the usual number of renewals on the 4th. An improvement had been anticipated in this direction. Money is	Montreal Telegraph Co Montreal City Gas Co Montreal Street Ry. Co Montreal Loan and Mortg.	40 50 100 50	1,000,000	2,000,00 600,00 800,00 500,00		. 8 qt1; . i 84	2 Jan-Qtly 15 April 15 Oc 6 May 6 No 15 Moh 15 Sep	v 185 . 100 t 180	51 4 82 9 92 5 100 0 65 0
onsy, with offerings liberal on stocks. Call onus 4] per cent, and time loans 5. Sterling exchange is again higher. Speculation is quiet,	Ont. Indus. Loan and Inv. Ont. Loan and Deb. Co People's Loan and Dep. Co. Real Mst. Loan and Deb. Co. Richelieu and Ont. Nav. Co. Royal Loan and Sav. Co Starr M'fg Co., Hallfax	100 50 50	458,800 2,000,000 600,000 800,000 1,619,000 500,000	314,49 1,200,000 589,39 477,20 1,350,00 470,00	185,00 379,00 107,00 5,00 5,00		30 June 31 De 1 Jan 1 Jul 1 Jan 1 Jul Jan Jul 9 Feb 15 Sep Jan July	o 115 y 127 y 117 y 56 t 551 180	115 0 63 5 28 0 55 7 65 9
with some irregularity in the miscellaneous list. Western Assurance and North-west Land are notably lower. Bank and loan issues steady. Following are the closing bids as	Starr M'ig Co., Halifar Toronto City Gas Co Union Loan and Sav. Co Western Can. Loan & Sav.	50	800,000	800,00 627,00	0	0 0 5	March 1 Feb-Qtly 1 Jan 1 Jul Jany Jul	25 180 y 182 y 171	25 0 90 0 66 0 85 1

is quoted at \$3.50. Wheat steady, with moderate demand. Sales of standard white outside at 85c, and of straight at 87c. Spring is also quoted at 85@87c. No. 1 Manitoba hard sold at \$1 02, No. 2 hard at 98c, and No. 3 at 88c. No. 1 regular offers at 78c, No. 2 regular at 67c. and No. 3 at 60c. Barley strady with sales of No. 2 outside at 48c, and of No. 3 extra at 44c. Oats dull at 31 Jc on track, and 27c to 28c outside west. Peas are quoted at 55c@57c outside, rye at 75c, and buckwheat at 45c.

GROOPRIES .- There is a moderate trade and prices are steady. Sugars unchanged, yellows selling at 34c@44c, and granulated at 44cm 5c. Canned vegetables are firmer, with good demand. Teas and coffees steady. Dried fruits inactive.

HARDWARE .- Trade quiet, with values generally unchanged. Payments are reported somewhat slow.

HIDES AND SEINS .- Sales of cured hides are being made at 50. Green unchanged at 410 for No. 1. Sheepskins firm at \$1@\$1.15. Calf-skins 5c@7c. Tallow sells at 60 with dealers paying 5₃0.

LIVE STOCK -The market yesterday was firm, with moderate receipts The best but-chers' cattle sold at 4c, medium at 3c/@34c, and common at 31c/@21c. Bulls sell at 24c/@

31c and cows at \$30/20\$45 a head. Sheep and lambs dull, the former at \$500\$6 and the latter at \$400\$5 each. Hogs firm at 44c0044c.

PROVISIONS .- Trade quiet and prices as a rule firm. Long clear bacon 71c/@71c, bellies 10jc@11c, backs 10c and rolls 8jc. Hams 101c@11c. Mess pork \$14.50 for American and \$16.50 for short cut Canadian. Lard is quoted at 91/010c. Beaus dull at \$1.10@\$1 20 a bushel. Dried apples 4/041c. Potatoes 35/0 36c a bag on track. Hops 20(22).

SEEDS .- Alsike in liberal receipt with sales at \$5.50@\$6.75 according to quality. Red clover firm at \$5.50@\$5.75. Timothy dull at \$1.25@\$1.50.

Wool .- Trade inactive. Pulled supers are quoted at 22c and extras at 26}/@27c.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

MCINTOFH, WILLIAMS & Co. sre introducing a new article for coverlits that will give a brightness to bedrooms, that so many house wires prefer to the whiteness of counterpanes so generally used. As these covers are light, wear well, and are attractive to the eye, they will doubtless command a large sale, especially as they are being placed on sale at economical prices.

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Th whole dry g ios a leadíı fair, f Tenev been easy, lonus oxcha with lint. are r steady. Following are the closing compared with last Thursday :-

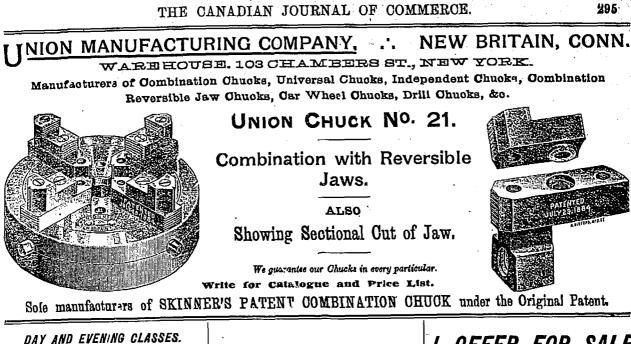
Banks.	Bid Fob 11.	Bid Fob 4.	Loan Cos.	Bid Feb 11.	Bid Fob 4.
Montreal Ontario Toronto Merchants. Commerces Imperial Dominion . Standard Hamilton .	· 2701 112 228 1495 1341 1895 265 1715 1755	112 2274 148 1341 189 267 170	Can Per an. Landed Dom. Savings Farmers froenold Imporial Loan Loo & Canadian Peoples Ontario Loan	117	200 132 93 124 139 122 151 117 127

BUTTER .- Receipts are fair, but the quality as a rule inferior. Prime tub brings 19c/@20c, medium at 14c@15c, and common at 11c@12c. Large rolls 14c/0160, and prime pound rolls 20c/0230. Eggs dull at 18c in case lots; timed, 14@15c. Cheese firm with sales of the best at 12c.

DRESED HOGS .- Offerings moderate and prices firm, Very few cars offering, with choice worth \$6.00@\$6.10. Small lots of choice to butchers sell at \$6.25.

FLOUB AND GRAIN.-Trade in flour very dull prices nominal. Straight rollers nominal at \$4 to 4.10; extras \$3.90. Bran dull at \$14.50/0 \$15.00 on track, and shorts \$16.00. Oatmeal

1.



Buymes College,

COR. VICTORIA SQUARE & CRAIG ST. ESTABLISHED IN 1864.

The grand lecture halls, reading rooms and offices in Victoria Block (late Y M C A. building) are now the College Class Rooma. The Commercial Course includes Book-

The Commercial Course includes Bookkeeping in all its forms, with office training in the Practical Department, Commercial Arithmetic, Penmanship, Correspondence, Commercial Law, English Grammar and French. The Shorthand and Typewriting Course

The Shorthand and Typewriting Conree for office work and reporting includes Grammar, Composition, Letter Writing, Business Forms and details of office work. Separate apartments for ladies under the superintendence of an experienced lady teacher

Inspection solicited. Illustrated circulars containing full information sent free Telephone No 2390. Address,

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ADVERTISING is the silent drummer that tells the public what the business man wants them to know about the goods he has for sale; which suggests, and in a way peculiar to itself, literally pushes the people into trading, without their knowing anything about it.

WAGER POLICY.—Defendants insured their debtor, a healthy man of 42 years, in the sum of \$3,000 to protect a debt of about \$100. His expectancy of life, according to the Carlisle tables, was 26 years, and the assessments and annual dues, during such time would have amounted, together with interest, to \$4,336,31. Held, not a gambling transaction, though the insured died within a few years.—Rough Notes.

IN JURABLE INTEREST OF OREDITOR.—A creditor may lawfully take out insurance on the life of his debtor in an amount to cover the debt, and the cost of such insurance, together with interest on such amounts during the period of expectancy of life of the assured according to the Carlisle table; and the fact that the debtor dies before the expiration of his expectancy will not affect the validity of the policy, or the right to recover the whole amount thereof.

DESCRIPTION OF BISK.—The fact that the insured represented the building to be a "onestory, shingle roof, box and frame building," but that it was in reality constructed of "logs

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY CO'Y. Dividend Notice.

A-half yearly Dividend upon the Capital Stock of this Company, at the rate of five per cent. per annum, will be paid on FEBRUARY, 17TH NEXT, to Shareholders of record on that date. Of this dividend one and a half per cent. is from the annuity provided for until August, 1893, by a deposit with the Canadian Government, and one per cent. is from the surplus (arnings of the Company. Warrants for this dividend payable at the

Warrants for this dividend payable at the Agency of the Bank of Montreal, 59 Wall Street, New York, will be delivered on and after FEBRUARY 17TH, at that agency to Shareholders on the New York Register.

Warrants of European Shareholders on the London Register will be payable in Sterling the rate of four shillings and one penny halfpenny (4s. 14d) per dollar, less income tax, at at the Bunk of Montreal, 22 Abchurch Lane, London and will be delivered on or about the the same data at the office of the Uompany, 1 Queen Victoria Street, London, England.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed in London at 3 o'clock p m. FBIDAY JANUARY 8TH, and in Montreal and New York at the same hour on SATURDAY JANUARY 23RD, and will be reopened at ten o'clock a.m. on THURSDAY, the 18TH FEBRUARY NEXT.

By Order of the Board,

OHARLES DRINKWATER, Office of the Secretary, Secretary. Montreal, Dec. 22nd., 1891.

cut and laid one upon another, having but a glight box-frame addition thereto," and covered with "clap-boards" instead of with shingles will not vitiate a pollcy conditioned to be void for any false representations, where it does not appear that the bazard was at all increased thereby, or that the underwriter would have refused the risk, or charged a higher premium if it had known the truth.

A MINERAL Substance, apparently new, has been recently discovered near Bucaramauga in the U.S. of Golombia. A distinguished geologist speaks highly of it, but at the same time he has created a formidable obstacle to its coming into general use by naming it "bucaramauguina." The mineral resembles asbestos. It is amber in color, is perfectly transparent and incombustible. Experiments made at Bogota indicate that it will be of great value in the manufacture of bank-note paper. It can be reduced to a pulp and moulded into fire and waterproof shingles, and woven into pliable, fire-proof cloth, or shaped into firemen's helmets. A white varnish can be extracted from it, said to be superior in many respects to asbestos. The deposits appear to be of great extent—*Insurance New York*.

I OFFER FOR SALE 6 PER CENT. DEBENTURES At Par and Accrued Interest.

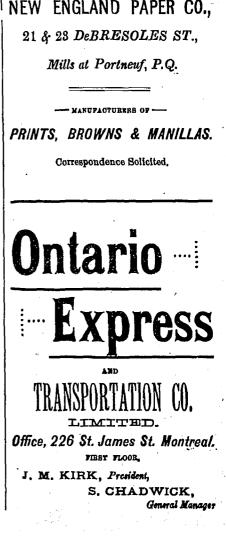
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GOLD & SILVER MINING STOOKS Paying dividends from one to four per cent per month on present prices.

LEWIS A. HART, Notary, Investment Securities, Imperial Building,

107 ST. JAMES ST., - MONTREAL.





MONTREAL WHOLESALE PRICES OURRENTTHURSDAY, FEB. 11, 18:2.								
Name of Articie.			Wholesale.		Name of Article.	Wholesale.	Name of Article.	Wholesale.
Boots and She Brogans. Cobourgs. Split Balmorals. Kip	• • • • • • • • • • • •	100 125	Boys. \$0 75 \$9 85 0 85 6 90 0 85 1 00 0 99 1 15	Youths. \$9 70 \$0 80 0 75 0 80 0 75 0 80 0 75 0 80 0 75 0 80	Roast chicken, 1-1b tins Roast turkey, 1-1b tins	\$ c. \$ c. 2 30 2 40 2 30 2 40	Soda Ash, Soda Bicarb Sal Soda Concentrated	
Kip Galf Galf Conf Split boots Kip Galf Felt boots half fox Felt boots half fox full Sox.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1 25 1 90 2 00 3 00 1 25 1 60 1 90 3 40	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	8 1 100 0 90 1 15 0 90 0 100 0 00 0 00 0 90 0 00 0 90 0 00 0 90 0 00 0 90 0 00 0 90 0 00 0 90 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00	Oorn Brooms. No. 1 Gom 4 strings, hard wood handlo No. 2 do 3 strings. No. 3 do 2 strings. No. 0 Hurl 4 strings. No. 1 do 8 strings. No. 3 do 3 strings. No. 3 do 3 strings.	3 60 0 00 2 95 0 00 2 40 0 00 2 15 0 00 3 00 0 00 2 60 0 00 2 25 0 00	Dyestuffs. Archil, con. Kr. Logwood. Chips. Indisc (Bengal). Madras. Gambler. Madder. Sumac.	$\begin{array}{c} 0.08 \\ 0 \\ 10 \\ 0 \\ 15 \\ 1 \\ 90 \\ 2 \\ 25 \\ 1 \\ 50 \\ 1 \\ 70 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0$
Pered. Split Batts Split Balmorals Kip " Bufi " Pebbled "		080990	Misses, 070080 070085 075090 080090 080090 080090	Childs. 0 40 0 50 0 50 0 60 0 50 0 65 0 50 0 65 0 50 0 65	0. K. 2 strings basswood handle Drugs & Chemicals	150 0 00	Fish. Labrador Herrings, No 1. French Shoro, No. 1 Sea Trout Cave Breton Herrings	1900 000
Mackins Simid. Poppled Button Glased Buff Button Goat Polish Calf French Kid		1150 200	0 85 0 90 0 85 0 90 1 15 1 60 1 30 1 75 1 90 2 50	0 50 0 70 0 50 0 70 0 80 1 85 0 90 1 35 1 40 1 76	Acid Carbolic Cryst Modi Aloes, Cape Borax, xtis Borax, rtis Camphor, Eng. Ref Camphor, Eng. Ref Citric Acid		Cape Breton Herrings halves Mackerel, No 1, kits foreen Cod, Large Draft No.1. Draft	3 00 3 25 1 50 0 00 9 00 10 00 6 00 6 50 5 50 5 75 6 50 0 00 8 00
Name of Articlo. Wh Oanned Geocis. Lobsters, new	e \$ e. 60 8 00 50 9 50	Peas, Mar. Boston bake	Article. 2-lb tins d beans, p ds 1-lb, 2-lbs 4-lbs	9 70 2 80	Croperas, per 100 lus Cream Tartar. Epsom Salts Glycerine Gum Arabic per lb Morphia.	0 80 1 00 0 8 0 35 1 50 1 75 0 161 0 23 0 55 1 25 0 40 0 85 1 49 1 60	Salmon No. 1 brls Salmon, No. 1 (tierces) 2, large "Brit. Gol brls Boneless Fish Cod	14 00 0 00 13 00 0 00 21 00 0 00 18 00 0 00 18 00 0 00 12 00 0 00
Orations, 1-15, 116, per dos. Tomatoss, per dos Peaches, 2-lb. yellow 2 Bartiett pears, 2-lb tins, per dos	40 1 45 45 1 10 00 2 25 60 0 00 75 2 00 25 2 50 50 2 40 925 1 75 00 1 10 00 1 10 00 1 10 00 1 10 00 1 00 00 1 10 00 0 1 00 00 1 10 00 0 0 0 0 0 0	Lunch Ings Eng. Brawn Soups, 2-lbs Hoegg's Bos Roast Bosf	14-1bs 1-1b. per dos. 2-1bs. " 3-1bs. " ton Beans,du 1-1b. per dos. 2-1b. " 4-1b. " 6-1b. " 6-1b. " -1b. " -1b. " -1b. " -1b. " -1b. "	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Oplim. Oralio Acid Phosphorus. Potash Bichromate Quinine. Strychnine. Tartaric Acid. Tin Crystals. Hoavy Chomicals. Bleaching Powder Bita Vitriol. Brimstone. Caustic Soda 60°.	$\begin{array}{c} 0 & 10 & 0 & 12 \\ 0 & 75 & 0 & 80 \\ 0 & 11 & 0 & 14 \\ 0 & 8 & 60 & 3 & 75 \\ 0 & 80 & 0 & 45 \\ 0 & 90 & 1 & 00 \\ 0 & 44 & 0 & 48 \\ 0 & 20 & 0 & 25 \\ 0 & 25 & 5 & 50 \\ 0 & 4 & 56 & 5 \\ \end{array}$	Flour. Patent, winter Straight roller Extra. Superfine Finc Extra. Gity Strong Bakers Strong Bakers Catmeal, standard bag. Ostmeal, standard bag. Ostmeal, standard bag.	. 5 00 5 25 . 4 65 4 76 . 4 20 4 25 . 4 00 4 10 . 0 00 0 00 . 0 00 0 00

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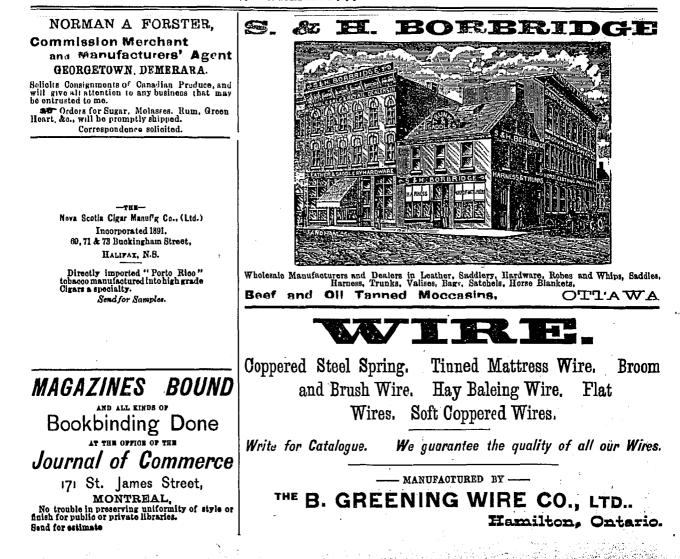
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Also Gun Metal Uovered Rolls, for Size and Press Rolls; Stevenson Water Wheels. Shafting and Mill Gearing generally.

	MONTREAL WHOLESALE PRICES OURRENT -THURSDAY, FEB. 11 1892.						
Name of Article	Wholesale.	. Name of Article	Wholesale.	Nator of Article.	Wholesale	Name of Article	Wholesale
Western dairy Morrisbrg and B Townships Hine Stuck Bees: Fresh per dos Fresh (held) Winest limed Foor foor Nors: 1890 per lb Finest 1889 Old Hore: 1890 per lb Finest 1889 Old Baon Smk'd per lb Dressed Hogs Hams oily oured Hams oily oured Mess Clavessed Pork Ca. A. c. per bbl Western do Mess Clover, rod, per 1C0 lbs Alsike, per bs Timothy, (Can'n) per bsh Western Swaps: Clover, in comb Western Baone-Med, hand ploked	$\begin{array}{c} 0 \ 164 \ 0 \ 174 \\ 0 \ 18 \ 0 \ 29 \\ 0 \ 18 \ 0 \ 29 \\ 0 \ 18 \ 0 \ 29 \\ 0 \ 11 \ 0 \ 12 \\ 0 \ 11 \ 0 \ 12 \\ 0 \ 11 \ 0 \ 12 \\ 0 \ 11 \ 0 \ 12 \\ 0 \ 11 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \\ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \\ 0 \ 0 \$	Tra (HfGhest & Cad.) Jspan, com. to med. lb " good med. to fine " nest " chousest	134 0 55 21 134 0 55 21 134 0 55 21 134 0 55 21 134 0 55 21 135 0 55 21 135 0 55 21 136 0 55 21 136 0 55 21 136 0 55 21 136 0 55 21 136 0 55 21 137 0 515 0 137 0 515 0 138 0 515 0 139 0 12 0 0 139 0 12 0 0 12 139 0 12 0 0 12 130 0 12 0 0 12 130	Sellangs	0 0 1	Storch : Can. Laundry. Silver Gloss. Benson's Prop. Corn Visegar : Imp. Triple, 1 bri Cote D'or. Crystal Pickling W. W. XXX. W. W. XXX. W. W. XX. Pure Malt. Cider X. Matches : Telephone "Telepraph Star	U 00 0 00 0 0 00 6 00 0 00 6 00 0 00 6 00 0 00 6 00 0 054 0 00 0 055 0 00 0 055 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 00 00 0 00 00 00 00 0 228 0 00 00 0 220 0 000 00 0 227 0 00 00 0 250 0 00 00 0 250 0 00 00 0 250 0 00 00 0 00 00 00 00
Medium. White Grain. Hard Manitoba, No. 2 do No. 8 Oats Jack Maniting foed Peas, per 66 lbs Ryc Corn, in bond	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	50-b. bxa. Ex Granulated, bris. Eranded Yellows. Syrse, por b. 14 lbs. to the gallon. Molazses. (Barbados) im'g New Orleans Cuba. Cuba. Bastag Powder- Case 1. 3 ds. 5 os. tins. 2,1 14 Frati: Loose Muscatel. Layors, London Black Bastet.	$\begin{array}{c} 0.051 \\ 0.051 \\ 0.031 \\$	Dalley's Extracts : Dalley's Extracts : Fine Gold, No. 8, per dos. """", 1 it os. """, 2 os. """, 3 os. Silver Star Steve Pasts : I gross cases per gross Blackies	0 00 000 0 13 000 0 221 0 25 0 16 0 17 0 14 0 16 0 75 0 00 1 25 0 00 1 25 0 00 1 25 0 00 2 00 0 00 9 00 0 00 4 50 0 00	TTM - DIOOK, LI & DOL ID	10 126 0 27 0 138 15 0 189 0 19 0 21 0 24 2 25 0 00 2 35 0 00

Retailers will please dear in mind that above quotatiess apply onlyte large loss. •Norn.—Refiners prices to the wholesale trade ; jobbers would have to pay is additional.



MONTREAL WHOLESALE PRICES OUBRENT THURSDAY, FEB. 11, 1892.							
Name of Article	Wholesale	Name of Article.	Wholesaie	Name of Article.	Wholesale.	Name of Article.	Wholesale.
Hardweise	S c. S c 0 10 0 00 0 15 0 00 0 20 0 00 0 25 0 00 0 46 0 00 0 60 0 00 1 02 0 00 1 53 0 u. 0 F0 0 00 0 93 0 00	Horse Bhoes. Terms, 4 months, or 3 pc or 30 days. 4.xes - S B Coll Charm-1 Coll Charm-1 Coll Charm-1 	9 50 10 10 0 041 0 00 0 051 0 051 0 05 0 00 0 041 0 00 0 041 0 00	Shot per 100 lbs Lead Pipe per 109 lbs Street Machinery Sorap Wrot iron Peroder : Canada Biasting F f to F F F. Barbed wire, per lb 'Gal' Fencingwire, No. 2	6 00 6 25 6 00 6 25 18 00 00 00 0 00 17 00 3 00 18 00 4 75 5 00 4 75 5 00 0 05 0 05	Upper Heavy. Light Grained Upper. Soctoh Grain. Kip Skins, French Baglish. Canada Kip Hemlock Calf. French Calf. Splits, Light & Medium. Splits, Heavy.	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
naila-		Queen's Head, or equal. Common Pig Irea: Siemens No. 1 Calder Langloan Shotts Summerice	0 00 0 05 0 041 0 05 21 50 22 0 22 00 0 00 23 50 0 00	Hides and Tallow.	000 290	Leather Board, Canada Enameled Cow, per ft Pebble Grain Hore Grain Brush (Cow) Kid	0 12 0 14 0 06 0 10 0 15 0 17 0 10 0 14 0 09 0 14 0 12 0 14
12d to 30dper 100 lbs 10d	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Summerice. Gardsherie Cardshere Mglinton. Hematite. Bar Irom,-per 100 lbs Ord. Grown.	21 60 22 00 19 50 21 00 20 (0 0 00 25 00 0 00	Montreal Green Hides No. 1 per 100 lbs No. 2 Tanners pay \$1.00 more for sorted, cured and insp'd Toronto	0 00 8 00 0 0 2 2 00 0	Russetts, Light Russetts, Heavy "No. 2 Badiers" English Car	0 11 0 14 0 35 0 47 0 26 0 30 0 20 0 26 8 00 9 00 0 65 0 75
Finishing nails	1 15 0 00 1 15 0 00 1 35 0 00 1 75 0 00	Best Refined Swedes Sheet Iron to No. 20 Boiler Plates Boiler Lowmoor. Hoops and Bands Canada Plates	0 00 2 25 3 50 8 75 2 60 2 75 2 40 2 60 0 00 0 061 2 40 0 00	Norm.— The above are prices in the west. Dry No'r West	9 10 0 00 0 80 0 00	Dongola, extra No. 1 ordinary	0 16 6 21 0 30 0 32 0 20 0 25 0 15 0 29
1 ir ch	0 85 0 00 1 25 0 00 1 75 9 09	Good Brands Jees Wire: 0 to 7 p 100 lbs Wro' iron pipe, i to 2 in 62 p.o., over 2 in 60 p.o. Steel, cast per ib Tire ib Machinery	2 69 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 11 0 12 3 00 0 00 2 75 0 00	Lambakins, Calfskins uninspected Horse Hids western, each City Tallow, refined rough	0 00 0 00 0 05 0 00 2 75 9 00 2 00 2 25 5 00 5 50	S. R. Pale Scal Straw Scal Cod Liver Oil Lingeed, raw Diled	0 00 0 25 9 00 0 28 0 00 0 47 0 00 0 47 0 00 0 57 0 00 0 90 0 57 0 00 0 59 0 00
Clinch naile	0 85 0 00 1 00 0 00 1 15 0 00 1 35 0 00 2 70 0 00 2 50 0 00	IC Coke IC Charcoal IX " DO " DX " DX "	3 60 3 75 4 25 4 50 Usual Trade Extras.	Leather. No. 1 B. A. Sole, No. 3 No. 1, ordinary Sole	0 17 0 18 0 18 0 15 0 19 0 20 0 15 0 16	Do Halifay Do Gaspe S. R. Pale Seal Straw Seal Cod Liver Oil. Nfd Castor Oil. Extra	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Sharp and flat pross'd n'ls- 3 inchper 100 ibs 24 and 21 '' '' 2 and 21 '' '' 14 and 11 '' '' 11 '' ''	1 25 0 00 1 50 0 00 1 67 0 (0 1 85 0 (0 2 50 0 00 8 00 0 00	IC, 20 x 28 Russ. Sheet Iron Anchors, per lb Lion & Crown, Tin'd Sht's 24 gauge Lad : Pig, per 100 lbs	7 75 8 25 10 00 11 00 4 75 5 50 6 00 6 25 8 50 3 75 4 25 0 90	Buffalo Sole, No. 1	0 13 0 14 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0	No. 1 Linseed, raw Boiled Oliye, Puro Machinery Katra, qt., p case pts do Spirits Turnentine	0 60 0 70 0 58 0 59 0 61 0 62 1 15 1 25 0 95 1 16 3 00 3 60 2 40 2 00

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*Discounts on Nails apply only for immediate delivery, and for quantities named of each kind separately. *AFTerms for Cut Casing, Book and Shook, Finishing and Tobacoo Box, Barrel, Clinch and Pressed Nails, four months note or 8 per cent. off for each within 30 days. Nails and horse shoes, three per cent. off within 80 days. Horse nails and spikes four months or 5 per cent. off in 30 days.

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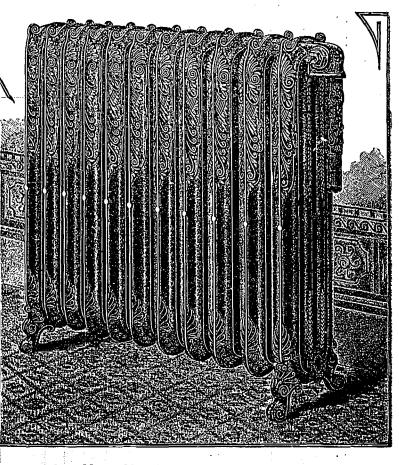
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THE COMPANY'S OFFICE. 80 St. John Street, Montreau

MONTRHAL WHOLESALE PRIOAS OURBENT -THURSDAY, FEB. 11, 1392.							-
Name of Article.	Wholesale	sue of Article.	Wholesale	Notion of Article Who) and a le	vaine of Article.	Wholesale.
Cool Oil : Grade Oar Lots Store, [\$ p.c. off Broken lots Am. in oar lots " 5 bbls " 10 bbls " single bbls	\$ c. \$ c 1 27 0 00 0 134 0 00 0 00 0 20 0 00 0 20	Cand'n Min'l, 5 shds, pr 100 No. 1 Furnit'o Vrn'h, pr gl Extra Brown Japan Black Orango Shellao, No. 1 Puro Sait.	\$ c. 0 65 0 60 0 75 0 50 1 75 1 90 2 00	Wines, Liquers, etc., \$ c. Als-Bass'sts 2 50 Perter-Guinness & Sons Dublin Stoutqts 2 40 Spirits Casadias-per gal. Aloohol) 2 55 1 871 2 45 1 521	Scotck Whither- Mackle's R. O. Special Islay Blend Sherifisper gal Hay, Fairman & Cogal Claymore	\$ 0.0 10 50 8 00 8 25 8 00 4 00 9 75 8 96 7 25 8 75 7 25 8 75
Giass. United inches, 00 to 25 United inches 26 " 40 41 " 50 51 " 60	1 35 1 40 1 45 1 50 3 15 8 25 8 40 8 50	Liverpool per bag Elevins Canadian, in small bags Quarters Sactory-filed per bag Quarters Rice's pure dairy, per bag quarters Turk's Island	2 35 8 25 0 83 0 35 1 20 1 25 0 85 0 40 0 00 2 00 0 00 6 50	Hype Whisky	0 00 0 00	Jno. De Kuyperper gal 	5 50 5 70 2 671 2 70 9 50 9 90 5 00 5 22 19 00 6 60
Paints, & C. W Lead pure, 50 to 1001b kgs " No. 1	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	No. 2	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Club rye, in bris., 1886, p.g., 3 30 Portis McKenzie, Driscoll & Co., 240 Cioda & Baker 2 10 Tarragona 10 Skerrie Podro Domeoq Podro Domeoq 2 00 Misa 2 00 Misa. 2 00 Misa. 2 10 Clarsts Parton & Guestier 7 00 Charsts Pommery, His & Co., and Ty 31, 60 Pipor Heidseok 2 00 Poind Roedeorer 2 00 Pinot Heidseok 2 00 Pormery, Fils & Co	0 0	Jno. Jameson & Sons, 1 star """ three stars Geo. Roc & Co, one stars, qts "two stars, qts Dunville & Co qtr Wisdom & Warter's Sher- ries	$\begin{array}{c} 11 \\ 12 \\ 13 \\ 25 \\ 16 \\ 20 \\ 10 \\ 25 \\ 10 \\ 20 \\ 10 \\ 25 \\ 10 \\ 20 \\ 10 \\ 25 \\ 10 \\ 20 \\ 10 \\ 25 \\ 10 \\ 25 \\ 10 \\ 25 \\ 10 \\ 25 \\ 10 \\ 25 \\ 10 \\ 25 \\ 10 \\ 25 \\ 10 \\ 25 \\ 10 \\ 25 \\ 10 \\ 25 \\ 10 \\ 25 \\ 10 \\ 25 \\ 10 \\ 25 \\ 10 \\ 25 \\ 10 \\ 25 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 25 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 1$

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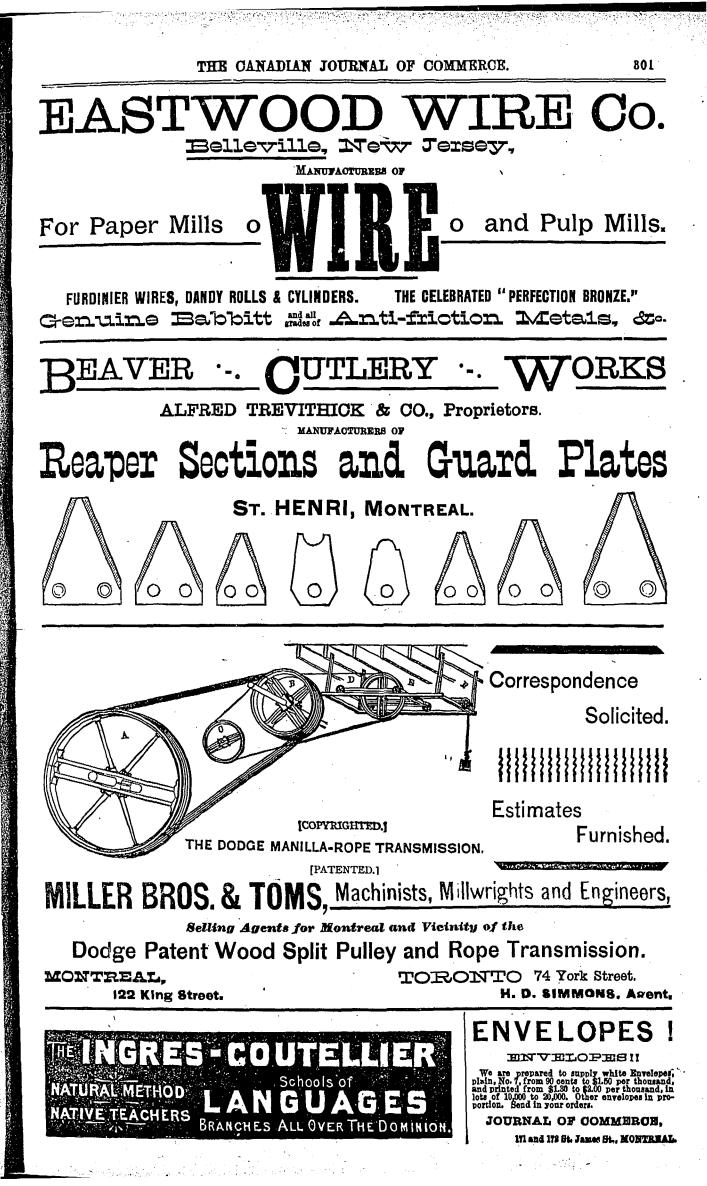
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NEW YUKK LIFE Insurance Co'y.	BRITISH EMPIRE Mentual Info Assurance Co. of London, Eng.	LONDON Guarantee			
Assets, : \$115,000,000 Canadian Dopartment: Assets IN CANADA And Investments in Canadian Securities, (MARKET VALUE) \$2,784,545 84. Income in Canada, 1890, - \$ 745,808.85 Mew Insurance Issued, - 4,158,450.00 Applications for New Ins., - 4,855,450.00 Insurance in Force, - 15,880,047.00 HEAD OFFICE, ompany's Building, M;ON TREAL. DAVID BURKE, - Gen. Manager.	ESTABLISHED 1847. CANADA BRANOH, MONTREAL, Canadian Investments, 1,000,000 ACCUMULATED FUNDS. 1857 565,000 1865 1,185,000 1865 2,810,000 1881 4,210,000 1881 4,210,000 1885 5,304,000 1885 6,386,000 1888 6,386,000 1889 6,386,000 1890 7,303,500 F. STANCLIFFE General Manager. General Agents, - Toronto, J. E. & A. W. SMITH.	COMPANTY (LIMITED) OF LONDON, ENGLAND CAPITAL, SI,250,000. Head Office for Canada : 72 KING ST. EAST, TORONTO. BONDS OF SURETYSHIP Issued for parties in position of trast where security is required. ACCIDENT INSURANCE on the most approved plans A. T. MCCORD - TORONTO, OHIEF AGENT FOB CANADA. A. J. HUBBARD, General Agent, MONTREAL The Directors are open to entertain applications for agencies where the Company is not already efficiently represented.			

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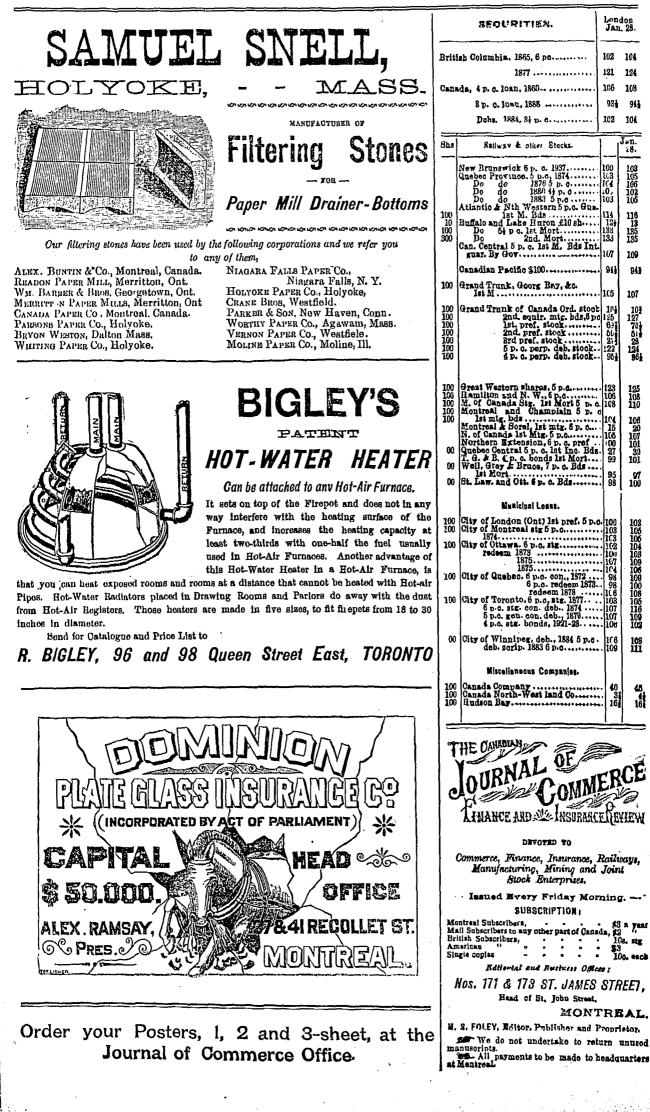
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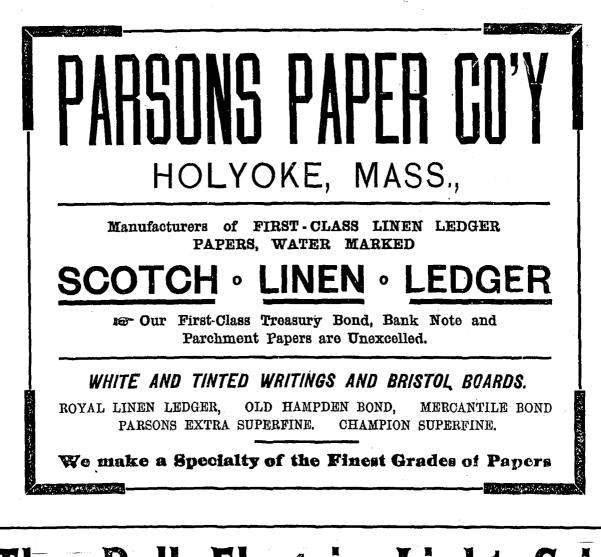
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