

What Was Wanted

Gladstone's Bill Satisfies and Unites the Irish.

Justin McCarthy's Opinion of the Measure.

Lord Salisbury Going on a Visit to Ulster.

A Steamer Wrecked and Seven Lives Lost.

Terrible Sequel to a Carnival Dance—Disastrous Hurricane in Madagascar—Grand Trunk Railway Dividend Declared—Lord Stanley's Sick Son.

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THE BRAKES BROKE!

Fatal Trip of an Electric Car at Portland, Oregon.

Nine Passengers Hurt by a Smashup in North Dakota.

PORTLAND, Ore., Feb. 15.—Three persons were instantly killed and 25 were more or less seriously injured by the wrecking of an electric car in Upper Albina, a suburb of this city, at 2 o'clock this afternoon. The car was loaded with school children who were returning to their homes and a number of laborers. While descending a steep hill, the motorist lost control of the car, a curve was struck and the car was thrown on its side and dashed to pieces. Two men and a child were crushed to death and 25 others sustained injuries. The killed are J. O. Dennis, carpenter, aged 70 years; Bertram Dennis, his son, aged 8 years; and an unknown laborer. James McCreedy, a painter, was probably fatally injured.

GRAND FORKS, N. D., Feb. 15.—The eastbound Great Northern passenger train with two engines was thrown into a ditch four miles west of Barlett by a broken rail. The sleeper turned over and the first-class coach was telescoped. The baggage and mail cars were smashed. There were 26 passengers on the train besides the crew. Nine in all were hurt, but only two seriously.

WINTER AMUSEMENTS.

The Winnipeg Hockey Team Worst at Montreal—"Spider" Kelly Downs Dooley.

HOCKEY. The Winnipeg hockey team played a match on Wednesday night at Montreal, resulting in favor of the M. A. A. team by 7 goals to 4.

AQUATIC. Toronto, Feb. 15.—Hanlan will not leave for England until after his race with Gaudaur. Having heard that Huber was coming to America, Hanlan sent the following cablegram to the Sportsman, London: "Gaudaur and I matched. I'll row Huber in America. May 30, for \$2000. Hanlan says he will not have time to go to England before his race with Gaudaur."

THE TRIGGER. LARCHMONT, N. Y., Feb. 15.—George York Work, of the Larchmont Yacht Club, yesterday defeated E. D. Fulford, the world's professional champion pigeon shot, in a match at the club grounds. Mr. York killed 88 birds out of 100. Fulford killed 87. The match was the first of a series of three which will be decided at the club grounds this week. It was for \$250 a side.

ATELECTICS. Corbett has written his check for \$10,000 as a forfeit for a fight with either Mitchell or Jackson. Mr. Brady will fight on Saturday at the club grounds. If Corbett desires, there will be no running away on his part, he says, such as he was falsely accused of in his match with Sullivan.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Feb. 15.—"Spider" Kelly and Wm. Dooley, local light-weights, fought at the Palo Alto Athletic Club last night for \$500. Kelly won in the tenth round.

NEW YORK, Feb. 15.—A. Brady, manager of James J. Corbett, called at the World office to-day in company with Wm. Delaney and deposited one check of \$10,000 to bind a match with Charles Mitchell, of England, and another of \$2,500 to bind a match with Peter Jackson, of Australia.

THE TUNNEL. Express, 2:24, by Electioneer, was one of the fastest horses that ever went down the Brooklyn Boulevard, and driven by his young owner, Charles Dwyer, could show the way from the park to the tunnel, no matter who came along. He died last night in a crash when he was struck by a car.

THE HAMILTON JOCKEY CLUB which has just received its charter of incorporation was organized Wednesday evening. It was decided to have six races on each day at the opening meeting for June 1, 2 and 3, when purses and stakes to the amount of \$2,000 or over will be given.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Feb. 16.—Bill Smith, the Australian heavy-weight, and Frank Childs (colored), of Los Angeles, met in a final fight at the California Athletic Club last night, for a purse of \$1,250. Childs won in the twelfth round.

CHICAGO, Feb. 16.—The final fight between George Burns and Jack O'Hara before the Continental Athletic Club at Hyde Park last evening, proved to be one of the bloodiest battles ever fought in Chicago. Burns broke O'Hara's nose in the fifth round, closed his left eye in the eighth, split open his lip and broke one of his ribs. Burns in return received severe punishment about the face and breast. The knock-out in the ninth round was a heavy right-hand swing, which landed on O'Hara's ribs and sent him bleeding and senseless under the ropes.

TARIFF AND TOLLS.

The Government's Recent Changes Criticized by the Parties Affected.

MONTREAL, Feb. 15.—The Consumers' Cordage Company objects to the Government's attempt to make it an almost solitary victim to the popular demand for tariff reform.

The announcement concerning the canal tolls has been received with great dissatisfaction by the grain and shipping traders, who claim that the extra tolls will seriously affect the trade of this port.

Under the new regulations grain to Montreal for export will pay just 8 cents per ton, or 2 of a cent per bushel more than last season, while grain for the Welland Canal for export via Ogdensburg will pay 10 cents per ton less than last year. The Corn Exchange is to take the matter up.

and an agitation will be at once started to make the canal entirely free.

The Canadian oil refiners are jubilant at the Government's decision on the oil question. They had expected that the duty would be removed altogether. They say that United States oil will still cost 53 cents more than Canadian oil. The price of oil will not affect trade one bit. The price of Canadian oil will remain as heretofore. The Canadian buyers of United States oil, inasmuch as it will cost them \$42 a car less to bring it in under the new restrictions.

FROM FAR CATHAY.

Smallpox Widely Prevalent in China and Japan.

Loss of a Japanese Steamer—Nearly 500 Fishermen Perish During a Recent Gale—A Marvelous Set of Twins.

TAOYMA, Wash., Feb. 15.—Advices received by the steamer Victoria say smallpox in China and Japan has assumed dangerous proportions. In Kobe during the 14 days ending Jan. 8 there had been 340 cases and 149 deaths.

The Japanese steamer Wadatsu Maru foundered recently and eleven lives were lost. Japanese fishing boats, whose crews numbered 490, are believed to have been lost in a gale.

A Nanjing correspondent of a Shanghai paper says a Tianagui man came to this city bringing with him a remarkable freak of nature in the shape of his two sons, aged 10 years. The boys were like their fellows in face and form with the exception that they are connected by such a thick web of tissue between their necks as to make them appear as one person.

The twins stand face to face. The twins never sleep at the same time.

CULLED AND CURTAILED.

News of the Day Without Note or Comment.

Reports from the Northwest are to the effect that another blizzard is raging.

James O'Shea, Wilson Ingraham and W. Carmon were instantly killed and several other miners were seriously injured by the falling rock at mine No. 15 in Sebastian county, Arkansas, on Tuesday.

The South Dakota Senate has agreed to the House Bill, extending the period of residence necessary for divorce from three to six months. In case personal service should not be obtained one year's residence of the plaintiff will be necessary to secure a decree.

J. Fitzpatrick, harbor master at New Orleans, remonstrated with a crowd who were jostling ladies during the Mardi Gras parade on Tuesday, when W. Hooper, a painter, thereupon stabbed Fitzpatrick in the neck with a putty knife, severing the jugular vein. Fitzpatrick is expected to die. Hooper is in jail.

SOUTH PERTH LIBERALS.

Annual Meeting of the Association—The Officers Elected.

ST. MARYS, Feb. 15.—The annual meeting of the South Perth Reform Association was held here to-day, there being a full representation present from every municipality in the riding.

The following officers were elected for the ensuing term: W. Irving, M.D., St. Marys; president; W. Kyle, Mitchell, first vice; R. Gardiner, Uxbridge, second vice; C. E. Whelan, St. Marys, secretary. The question of nominating candidates was considered, and it was decided not to nominate any at present.

The Hon. T. Ballantyne, M.P.P., addressed the convention, and votes of thanks were tendered to W. C. Moser, of St. Marys, and T. H. Rose, of Mitchell, the retiring president and secretary respectively for the past ten years. Resolutions expressing confidence in the leaders of the party in both houses and approval of their respective policies were adopted.

The Hawaiian Treaty.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 15.—The Hawaiian treaty and message were sent to the Senate at 3:30 p.m., and the matter was considered in secret session, but the Senate declined to make it public until to-morrow.

A Quick Passage.

VICTORIA, B. C., Feb. 15.—The steamship Empress of China arrived from Yokohama last evening, having been but eleven days and twenty hours on the passage.

Among the passengers are the Ceylon commissioners to the World's Fair, and a large party of Singalese.

A McCarthy Club in Toronto.

TORONTO, Feb. 15.—Preliminary steps have been taken for the formation of a McCarthy club here. A meeting on a larger scale will be held on an early date. In the meantime the promises of support are most encouraging, and the club will start with a large membership.

Lost His Life to Save His Child.

HALIFAX, N. S., Feb. 15.—Wm. McLean, section man on the I. C. R., was struck by the accommodation train at Graham's Sliding yesterday while trying to rescue his child from death, and received injuries from which he died in a few hours. The child was not seriously hurt.

Sad Finale to a Banquet.

WINDSOR, Feb. 15.—The banquet given by the members of the Windsor Lodge, A. E. and A. M., last night at Masonic Temple, ended in a very sad termination at 2 o'clock. W. D. Melville, photographer of the 150 people present. Something went wrong with the machine and Mr. Melville looked to see what was the matter. As he did so a cartridge exploded and the flame struck him full in the face, knocking him on his back. Drs. Coventry and Samson, who were present, did what they could to relieve his sufferings, but it is reported to-day that he cannot recover his sight.

Steamships Arrived.

Feb. 15. At From
Austrian..... Boston..... Glasgow
Majestic..... New York..... Liverpool

Trouble at Topeka.

Civil War Threatened at the Capital of Kansas.

Republicans Besieged by Populists in Assembly Hall.

Both Sides Marching a Strong Array of Armed Volunteers.

TOPEKA, Kan., Feb. 15.—Nothing but the wiser counsel of the calmer leaders of the opposing parties in the struggle for the control of the Lower House of the Legislature has prevented a serious conflict and a lull has prevailed since the members of the Republican House, each one carrying a revolver in a convenient pocket, forced a way through a Populist guard stationed in the corridor and the stairway leading to the representatives' hall, fought their way up the stairs in a hand-to-hand contest. The Populists, battered down the doors of the hall with sledge-hammers, took possession of the hall, barricaded themselves within and are now withstanding a siege by which the Populist Government, supported by the military force of the State, hopes to starve them into unconditional surrender.

CAUSE OF THE TROUBLE. The trouble arose out of the bitterness of last fall's campaign for the political control of the State. The Republicans elected 63 members—a majority of one—of the Lower House of the Legislature. The Populists claimed that three of these 63 members had been given certificates by mistake, and that their Populist opponents had in fact been elected. This being the case they decided not to permit the Republicans to organize the House and so array an opposition branch of the Government against the Populist Senate and the Populist Governor, which would enable them to kill the proposed Populist legislation.

TWO DISTINCT HOUSES. The result of this decision on the part of the Populists was the organization of two distinct Houses, one by the Republicans and one by the Populists. All agreed that the question of which was the legal House should be left to the courts, but the Populists steadily refused until yesterday afternoon to do anything upon which the Republicans could base an action in law and refused to take any legal steps to test the Republican position. Yesterday the Republicans decided to

BRING THE ISSUE TO A CRISIS, and ordered the arrest of Populist Clerk Rich for illegally interrupting the proceedings of the House. The failure of the Republicans to effect Rich's arrest, the appointment of a guard to prevent his escape, the decision of Governor Leavelle to exclude the Republicans from the hall and the counter decision of Republicans not to be excluded are fresh events in the matter. The Republican members, anticipating opposition to their entrance, gathered in a body early this morning and marched to the capitol. There they found the corridor and the stairway leading to the hall in the possession of a Populist guard of twenty men. In a hand to hand fight, in which WINCHESTERS AND REVOLVERS made their appearance, but were not put to use, they fought their way to the doors of the hall, which they found had been locked and barred. Two sledge hammers had been provided for that emergency, and the Republicans soon gained entrance, barricaded the doors from within and prepared for an assault. They had not prepared for a siege, however, and they are now suffering the pangs of hunger and the nips of frost, as they can get nothing to eat and the janitor has shut off the steam.

TELEGRAPHED FOR ARMED VOLUNTEERS. The Republican members have telegraphed for Republican volunteers to come to Topeka at once and lend their aid to the Republican House. Responses have been received from all over the State stating that volunteers have offered their services by the hundreds and will arrive in Topeka by the first train. These volunteers will be asked to support the Republicans in the occupancy of the Representative Hall until the courts decide which is the legally-constituted House, but in complying with this request it will be necessary for them to DISBAND THE STATE TROOPS around the capitol. Such a proceeding would seem to necessitate a battle, but the Republicans predict that the militia, being composed mostly of Republicans, will not attack the volunteers should the latter proceed to such extreme measures.

On the other hand Governor Leavelle has made a call for provisional troops. These latter are enthusiastic enough in their support of the Populist House to gladly obey an order to resist an attack from the Republicans even so far as use of force is concerned. Should these forces meet in conflict the fight would not be a bloodless one.

STILL BESIEGED. At 10 o'clock to-night the Republican House is still besieged in representative hall. Three companies of provisional troops have been mustered in to aid the militia. Other troops are on the way hither from all parts of the State. The Republicans have issued a call for volunteers to support their position, and Republicans from all over the State are responding by the hundred.

TOPEKA, Kan., Feb. 16.—The Republican House is still besieged in Representative Hall and the force of State militia is still posted about the Capitol. Col. Hughes has declined to obey the Governor's order to erect the Republicans, and the only resource the Governor has besides the regular militia is the three companies of Provisional troops composed of Populists. Col. Warner, who has planned the Republican campaign, says of these provisional companies: "They are the Governor's pet lambs. We are wolves now, and would devour them if given the opportunity." The outlook at this hour is a belligerent one. The refusal of Col. Hughes to obey the Governor's order has balked the Populists' programme. The Governor will make no statement as to his plans for the day, but it is believed they include an order to the provisional troops to eject the Republicans. Should that attempt be made it will be met with armed resistance on the part of the Republicans.

WICHITA, Kan., Feb. 16.—On the same train which carried the military to Topeka were a couple of hundred citizens of Wichita, mostly Republicans, whose avowed purpose in going to Topeka was to support the Republican Legislature and

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Use our Baking Powder when you want delicious Tea Biscuits and Cakes. Made fresh daily and guaranteed strictly pure. Price, 25c per pound.

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Chemists and Druggists,
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BRANCH—
Corner Richmond and Piccadilly Sts.
Dispensing physicians' prescriptions a specialty.

maintain its constitutional rights against any force that may be arrayed on the opposite side. Great excitement has prevailed ever since the order was received calling out the militia, and meetings of citizens and of semi-military organizations have been held at short intervals, at all of which resolutions were passed condemning the action of the State Legislature and pledging all the aid called for by Republicans. Last night Gen. Field Post, G. A. R., held an open meeting, which was attended by hosts of citizens. Gov. Leavelle's action was deprecated, and it was resolved that old settlers and citizens of Wichita offer their assistance to George L. Douglass, Republican Speaker, and be ready to attend as guards. This was followed by a call for volunteers and all handed in their names as ready to go whenever summoned. Representatives of the Sons of Veterans announced the readiness of that organization to defend the Republicans. The sentiment prevailing among the militia was stated by a member, who said: "If our gun ever goes off it won't kill a Republican."

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES

Sleet has so injured wheat that there will hardly be half a crop in Eastern Illinois.

It is said Mr. Cleveland has offered the portfolio of Agriculture to Sterling Morton, of Omaha.

On Wednesday fire started among a number of business blocks at the corner of Hudson avenue and Green street, Albany, N. Y. Loss, \$15,000.

James Johnston, who has been in charge of the Trewin malt-house and elevator at Greenburg, N. Y., for 25 years, was accidentally smothered to death in a grain bin on Tuesday.

At 10 o'clock Wednesday night the Ohio River was 54 feet above its usual level. Hundreds of houses, barns and other buildings are flooded. Many families have been driven from their homes.

John Fitzgerald, ex-president of the Irish National League of America, says Gladstone's Home Rule Bill is not what the people of Ireland wanted. Irish Americans in his opinion are not satisfied with it.

Theodore Hill, for twelve years passenger and purchasing agent of the New Jersey and New York Railway Company, and who disappeared recently, has been found \$5,000 short in his accounts.

Ignacio Manuel Almirante, Mexican Consul-General in Paris, died in that city Feb. 13. He was a full-blooded Indian and a brilliant literature, orator, statesman and jurist, and one of Mexico's most remarkable men.

The will of Mrs. Flora Payne Whitney, wife of Ex-Secretary Wm. C. Whitney, who died on Feb. 5, gives all her property, both real and personal, to her husband, and names him executor. The personal property is valued at \$2,300,000 and real estate at about \$750,000.

Fred W. Jackson, assistant cashier of the Goshen (N. Y.) National Bank, attempted to end his life on Wednesday morning by shooting himself at his home in Goshen. He is probably fatally injured. No motive is known except that he has not been in good health lately.

A Bogus Medical College.

NEW YORK, Feb. 16.—A Herald reporter has discovered a bogus medical college in this city which confers the title of Doctors of Medicine upon applicants in less than one week. The institution goes under the title of the Excelsior Medical College and is located in a cheap hotel in East Tenth street. Alfred Booth, "M.D." "Ph.D." is dean of the college, and a warrant has been issued for his arrest. A fee of \$50 was his charge.

No Ground for Alarm.

NEW YORK, Feb. 16.—A special from Washington says: "Mr. Carlisle has been in conference with Secretary Foster. It is understood that Mr. Carlisle has received instructions for a bond issue, and is now getting pointers from Secretary Foster. Mr. Carlisle said this morning that he could not see any occasion for apprehension in financial circles, as the Government would not allow gold to go as a premium. 'One of my first official steps,' he said, 'will be to issue bonds, and this will be followed by a special session of Congress. The Sherman Act will then be repealed.'"

Oranges and bananas are indigenous to Hawaii. Talking of the negotiations for annexation there's great material here for slipping up on.

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ING
UP.

The weekly sales of C. W. C. We don't intend to brag by detailing the many money, time and labor-saving advantages possessed by C. W. C. If you have a careful application of directions on each packet you know something of them; if you have not permitted to intimate that you are to say the least, "behind the times, and there is no doubt it will pay you to follow the example of your intelligent neighbors and use

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THE ADVERTISER

Advocates Free Trade—British free trade, Continental free trade, free trade with the whole world.

THE ADVERTISER

Looks forward with hope to Canada's future as that of an independent Canadian Republic, in equally friendly alliance with the United States and with Great Britain, believing that such a status would be best for Canada, best for Great Britain, and promotive of the best attainable relations with the United States. Meantime, everything is to be gained by cultivating cordial relations between all English speaking peoples. Those who take an opposite course should be regarded as enemies of mankind.

THE ADVERTISER

Advocates Prohibition of the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquor; and all expedient general legislation and persuasion in the meantime.

THE ADVERTISER

Is an advocate of Equal Rights for women, whether as regards the franchise, or equal wages for equal work.

THE ADVERTISER

Is a believer in Christian Union, and considers the time has come when the various Christian denominations should come closer together. Those bodies which are now nearest should unite first. Under the present system there is an unjustifiable waste of men, means and effort. The differences between most of the existing denominations are no greater than the differences, natural to thinking men and women, to be found in every congregation. Even those Christian bodies supposed to be the farthest apart, the Protestant and the Roman Catholic, have more of belief that is common than of belief that is antagonistic. To the laity the differences between the various Protestant denominations are microscopic. For various reasons the clergy, even when, as is true of the best of them, they favor Christian Union, are not in a position to be as outspoken as the laity.

THE ADVERTISER

Advocates Obligatory Voting. Most of the electoral corruption centers around "getting out the vote." Let the duty be laid on every elector of getting out his own vote.

THE ADVERTISER

Advocates the more general use of the Plebiscite, the Initiative and Referendum, etc., believing that the interest of the people in public questions, apart from persons, would be increased, and that something would thereby be done to promote independence of political thought, as opposed to excessive party spirit.

God's in His heaven,
All's right with the world.
—[BROWNING.]

London, Thursday, Feb. 16.

TROUBLE IN KANSAS.

News of a most startling character comes from Topeka, and as usual when two parties oppose each other, neither is altogether wrong. Personal quarrels of great magnitude frequently arise from trivial affairs; so, also, in the Kansas political case irregularities that might have been easily rectified at first were not corrected, and the breach between forces nearly equally divided has grown wider since the meeting of the Legislature last month, until at last the State militia has been called out by one party, and volunteer troops are appealed to by the other.

The situation is critical. Newspaper readers have become accustomed nowadays to peruse particulars of workingmen's strikes, of assistance being rendered by friends of the dissatisfied workmen, and of the calling out of State troops to quell disturbances and restore peace to the community; but history has never before recorded that lawbreakers, in the discharge of their duties as such, have become law-breakers and carried unlawful weapons, violated law by effecting forcible entrance into public buildings, and appealed to the populace to aid them in opposing the highest power in the State, the Governor and the State militia.

Last November a Populist Governor and Senate were elected. In the Legislature the parties were nearly divided, the Republicans according to the returns having

a majority of one. But ex-Secretary of State Higgins, a strong Republican, was charged with having issued certificates wrongfully to Republican candidates. In the case of Rosenthal, a Populist, it was claimed that the certificate was issued to Stubbs, a Republican, when he was not elected. An appeal in this case was made to the Supreme Court, which took the grounds that there was no power to compel the State board of canvassers to reassemble and correct the returns in accordance with the votes cast. This simply left to a Republican canvassing board the determination of who was elected regardless of popular will.

Against several of the Republican members to whom certificates had been awarded by this board, contests were filed upon the ground of illegal votes, miscount of ballot, and bribery by candidates. In several other instances postmasters who had not resigned had been elected by Republicans, and in one or two instances by Populists, which is claimed to be unconstitutional. In another case the Republicans had elected a citizen of Oklahoma, which is in direct violation of the law of the State.

When it came to organizing the House, the Republicans claimed that the holding of certificates was prima facie evidence of election. This was denied by the Populists, who declared that contestants could not help organize the House and afterwards proceed to determine the legality of their own claims of election. Here is the point at issue. The Populists proceeded according to established precedents in other States and in the National Congress, and organized a Populist House that was recognized by the Governor. The Republican House was also organized, but has not been recognized by the Governor. This condition of affairs has continued for several weeks.

These are the facts as nearly as they can be obtained from an independent press. Our readers need not be told that the Associated Press reports will favor the Republicans. The telegraph combine is one of the most influential unions of the day, because it controls the means of hasty communication, and in most cases compiles the messages forwarded. This we state in order that readers may not be unduly biased by telegraphic reports from the scene of discord. Facts are not always stated by those whose interests are so closely allied with the two great political parties in the United States.

A Republican colonel of the Kansas State troops refuses to obey the command of the Populist Governor of the State, the order being to dislodge from the State capital the Republican members of the Legislature who have refused to recognize the Populist House constituted by the Governor. Stranger things have happened than that the troops under command of Colonel Hughes should refuse to obey his orders. They are recruited largely from the ranks of workmen, and the People's Party is composed of members of the Farmers' Alliance and Grange in the country and the various labor organizations in the towns and cities.

The situation is unique, and strange complications may yet arise before the difficulty is settled. It seems now to be resolving itself into a case of "dog eat dog." The hope is, however, that the peace-loving members of both parties may have sufficient influence to quell the tumult before blood has been shed.

NEW ONTARIO.

The Island of St. Joseph, Algoma.

Inducements and Advantages It Offers to the Incoming Settler.

To the Editor of the ADVERTISER: Sir,—I have in common with a good many other people in the large district of Algoma observed with a great deal of interest within the last few weeks that the newspapers all over are commencing to mention places in the district having been written to the newspapers setting out the particular advantages of their part of the district. Mr. William Turner, the crown lands agent at Sault Ste. Marie, has written an able letter to the press setting forth the advantages the district offers, as a whole, to the intending settler and immigrant, and on account of the length of time that gentleman has resided in the district and his official position, his letter should carry considerable weight.

But so far little or nothing has been said or written about the resources and inducements which the Island of St. Joseph in particular offers to the incoming settler, and as I have lived on the island for a great many years and have traveled over it extensively and know it well, and as I have the honor to be the crown lands agent under the Government of the Province of Ontario for the Island of St. Joseph, I think it well that while so much is being said and written about the district of Algoma in general, I should say a few words about the Island of St. Joseph in particular.

The reason the district of Algoma, including this island, remains unsettled is that people outside of the district know comparatively little or nothing about its resources and capabilities, and it is due to the influence of the press that we have any settlers at all. As a proof of this I might instance the fact that the settlers on one whole concession line in the island were induced to come here by two or three letters which appeared some years ago in the London Advertiser, London, Ont., written by Mr. Duncan, my predecessor as crown lands agent here. And I hope that the writing and publication of this letter will induce a good many people—some of the landless folk of the world—to come and try their fortunes on this fertile island.

St. Joseph Island contains, according to the Government map, some 89,254 acres of land, and the adjoining island of Campment D'Ours contains 1,306 acres. A large proportion of this acreage is the best arable land, suitable for general agriculture, and the balance is all very well adapted for sheep and cattle raising. There are already on the island three incorporated municipalities between 2,000 and 3,000 people. There are several settlements on the island, two or three of which in the near future will become villages or towns. Two of the largest of the settlements or villages on the island at present are Markville (Hilton) and Richards Landing. These are both on the north side of the island.

The Ontario Government have within the last few years spent considerable money in

building colonization roads on the island, and the municipal councils have also assisted in building and repairing the roads. Of course, with a sparse population, one cannot expect the roads in new country to be as good as the roads in older settlements, but the St. Joseph Island roads are far ahead of what the roads in older Ontario were in their earlier days. People must not think that because this is an island we are isolated. On looking at the map, the reader will observe that St. Joseph Island lies close to the mainland. The distance across is very narrow in some places, at the widest point only about seven miles. We are not far from the "Soo Branch" of the C. P. R., it being only about seven miles from Markville to Bruce Mines Station, and about seven miles from Richards Landing to Tarbutt Crossing railway station. In winter one can drive on the ice to the railway station or the mainland, and in summer one can go either by rail or row boat, and then of course there are the different lines of the outside world. There are two or three splendid lines of steamers sailing between Sault Ste. Marie and Owen Sound and Collingwood, and the lower lake ports, all of which call at Richards Landing and Markville. We have a good home market on the island, in common with the rest of Algoma, and we may be said to have a market at our own door for all we can raise or grow.

Most of the settlers now residing on the island, if not all of them, came here without any means or capital at all, and yet they have done very well. It is the general opinion on the island that if people would come there bringing with them the same amount of capital they take to Manitoba or the Northwest Territories and the Northwest States they would do far better than in those places.

Some few months ago the Agricultural Societies and Farmers' Institutes in the district, decided to take active measures to bring prominently before the world the inducements which this part of Ontario offered to the intending settler or immigrant. A committee was formed from amongst the directors of these societies and institutes to gather information and statistics for the public information and a great deal of the information and statistics gathered by this committee were obtained from this island. The results of the labors of the committee have just been published in a book or pamphlet entitled "Algoma Farmers Testify," and the settlers on this island have largely aided in the writing of this book. To show the reader how well the settlers have done on this island, coming here as they did, without any money, I cannot do better than quote from the pamphlet:

(Page 11.) "Land fertile. Yields wheat, peas and oats. Roots of all kinds do well. Have made more money here in half the time than I ever made in the country of York, and the climate healthier."

"Land fertile. Grows good grain of all kinds, grows good roots also. The current fruits, such as cherries, plums, currants and apples. Cattle and sheep do extra well here. Have a large number of bees, which do well. I have handled bees for 40 years and never saw them do as well." This man comes from York county also.

"I am getting along well for a man of small means. I don't know where I could get along better if I was going to farm."

"A Miller says: 'I have been running a grist mill for a number of years and find the farmers doing well in this part and also find quality of grain grown first-class.'"

(Page 12.) "I like the island well for its good climate and its great grain growing capabilities."

"I like the island well. I can do better here than I ever did before I came. I came from Simcoe county."

"My expenses left me in debt when I came here with my wife and five children. Now I am well off, thank God for it."

"N. B. I have a horse and buggy free for my own use. Came from Warwickshire, England. Address Tonby Bay, St. Joseph Island."

"Came from Wellington county; well pleased with St. Joseph Island and doing well."

(Page 13.) Another man writes that he came from the State of Michigan and adds: "After having traveled all over the Western States in search of a home, I came here with small means. I am now doing well, with a good stock of cattle, sheep and horses of my own and all paid for. I prefer this place to any other."

Another man who came from Ontario county says: "Peas, 52; oats, 40; wheat, 30; buckwheat, 25 bushels per acre, this grown on my place."

"Came from Carleton; 60 bushels oats, 20 of wheat, and 50 of peas to the acre. I grow good apples and other fruit. Am doing well."

"I have been in a great many parts of country but I have not seen any place yet to beat Algoma. We have no failure of crops and a healthy climate. Four men now living on St. Joseph Island and originally coming from Middlesex, Oxford, Wellington and Frontenac respectively, put a bracket opposite the following: 'This is a fine farming country and is a sportsman's paradise, abounding with all kinds of game and fish; climate particularly well adapted for stock; have raised the best wheat here I ever did.' At different places through the country one will notice a good deal of information about this island, and as the pamphlet in addition contains a large amount of general information as to the timber, mineral and other resources of the district, I would advise everyone intending in Algoma to procure and read a copy. I will be glad to send free to any one writing to me for a copy of the pamphlet, and copies may be obtained from Fred Rogers B.C.L., barrister etc., Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., a director of the Eastern Ontario Agricultural Society and the secretary of the committee I have mentioned. For the information of people in the old country I would state that the Dominion Government have sent a supply to Sir Charles Tupper, the High Commissioner for Canada, London, Eng., and the Ontario Government have sent a supply to Mr. P. Byrne, agent for the Ontario Government, Liverpool, Eng. People in the old country can obtain copies from either of these gentlemen by writing to or calling upon them.

My address is Richards Landing, St. Joseph's Island, Ont., and I will be happy to give any information about this island to anyone who calls upon or writes me, at any time.

I must not forget to state that this island is well timbered with different kinds of timber, and contains the finest hardwood one would wish to see. Like the rest

of this district, the island is well watered, there being springs and spring creeks all over the island. GEORGE HAMILTON, Crown Lands Agent, Ontario, Feb. 10, 1893.

FATALITIES AT FIRES.

A Young Man Killed at a Fire in Lindsay.

Two Children Burned to Death in Their Home—Several Buildings Destroyed.

A TRAGEDY AT LINDSAY.

LINDSAY, Feb. 15.—This morning fire destroyed a large frame dwelling owned and occupied by Wm. Walters. Only a few of the contents were saved. During the progress of the fire a young man named Joseph Martin, about 18 years of age, was assisting in clearing out the furniture, when the chimney fell upon him, killing him instantly.

WEST LINDSAY, Mo., Feb. 15.—The house of James Freeman, near Hartville, was burned last night and two of his children, aged 8 and 11 years, were cremated. Freeman was severely burned.

CHICAGO, Feb. 15.—The American Restaurant building was burned this morning. Loss, \$50,000. Insured.

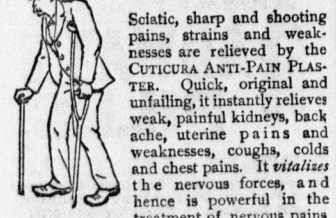
CANTON, Ohio, Feb. 15.—The Oddfellows' Temple was burned this morning. Loss, \$75,000. Three firemen were injured by falling walls.

FORT SMITH, Ark., Feb. 15.—The Western block and a two-story brick building adjoining were burned yesterday. Loss between \$75,000 and \$100,000; insurance \$85,000.

InOneMinute Rheumatic

Sciatic, sharp and shooting pains, strains and weaknesses are relieved by the CUTICURA ANTI-PAIN PLASTER. Quick, original and unflinching, instantly relieves weak, painful kidneys, back ache, uterine pains and weaknesses, coughs, colds and chest pains. It revitalizes the nervous forces, and hence is powerful in the treatment of nervous pains weakness, numbness and paralysis.

Price, 30c.; five, \$1.50. At all Druggists or by mail. FOTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CO., Boston.



The Lack of Snow

On one of the highest peaks of the White Mountains was satisfactorily explained last spring by a farmer who pointed to the roof of his barn, on which was displayed in large letters, "Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry always drives away a cold." It has the same effect on the human system and cures Coughs, Influenza, Bronchitis and all affections of the Throat, Lungs and Chest.

50c. and \$1 per bottle. SETH W. FOWLE & SONS, Boston, Mass. Sold by all druggists.

ONLY PURE CREAM TARTAR

and Bi-Carb. Soda Used in It.

Pure Gold

HAS NO EQUAL TRY IT

BAKING POWDER

SURE CURE FOR COLDS

PERRIN'S COUGH DROPS

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS

TRY THEM

GILLETTS PURE POWDERED LYE

PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST.

Ready for use in any quantity. For making Soap Softening Water, Disinfectant, and a hundred other uses. A can weighs 25 pounds net.

Sold by All Grocers and Druggists.

A. W. GILLETTE, Toronto.

TRY BALA LICORICE FOR THE VOICE

Raleigh Bicycle.

HIGHEST GRADE.

N. D. Rougie, 540 Queen's Avenue, Agent for Western Ontario.

February 1893.

Friday Bargain Day

—AT—

CHAPMAN'S

THE INTEREST INCREASES.

TO-DAY'S LIST OF PERSONAL INTEREST.

WHEN YOU READ IT YOU'LL COME. WHEN YOU COME YOU'LL SEE. WHEN YOU SEE YOU'LL BUY

HERE GOES:

No. 1—Children's Wool Hose, worth 15c to 18c, for 5c pair.

No. 2—30c per pair for Ladies' Corsets—Very special.

No. 3—Two (2) dozen English Toilet Quilts, slightly soiled, worth \$2 each, will go at \$1 29 to-day.

No. 4—Six (6) pieces Black Brocaded Dress Goods, superior in value and style, worth from 75c to 90c, at one price, 50c per yard.

No. 5—Ten (10) pieces Colored Bengaline Dress Goods, worth 20c, reduced to 10c yard on Bargain Day.

No. 6—All Curtains in stock at 25 per cent. off regular price.

No. 7—35c per yard for your choice of 4 pieces All-Wool Tweed, worth 50c anywhere.

No. 8—100 Black and Grey Goat Robes, sold from \$8 to \$10 each, to-day your choice at \$6.

No. 9—Men's Corduroy Pants reduced from \$2 50 to \$1 80 per pair.

No. 10—Beautiful New Spring Prints only 6c to-day.

No. 11—Fancy Embroidered Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, worth 25c, will be 16c on Friday.

No. 12—Ladies' Cashmere Gloves, "exceptional value" at 25c, to-day the price is 16c per pair. Don't miss them.

No. 13—Our celebrated 25c line of Hose down the grade to 16c pair.

No. 14—Nickel Plated Shears (3 sizes) your choice for 19c.

No. 15—25c yard for a choice selection of Pongee Silks, formerly sold in some instances at 40c.

No. 16—New Spring and Summer Challies, just received, neat small patterns, suitable for blouses, at 20c.

No. 17—Fifteen (15) pieces plain Shaker Flannel, usual price 10c to 15c yard, yours truly at 7c yard.

No. 18—500 yards Roller Toweling, cheap at 10c, will be cheaper to-day at 7c yard.

No. 19—Ten (10) rolls 36-inch Floor Oil Cloth, desirable in patterns, cut from 30c down to 22c for to-day.

No. 20—One piece 50 yard Reversible Skirting, regular price 35c, only 20c yard during the day.

No. 21—30c per yard for choice of two (2) pieces Reversible Skirting always sold at 50c yard.

No. 22—Grey Flannel Skirting, cheap when sold at 35c, will cause more talking at 20c yard.

No. 23—One piece white, same as above, but somewhat finer, at 25c yard.

No. 24—Table Linens—Here's another line that incites the public mind. Of course it's our values that secure us the coveted patronage. See what we give you to-day at 24c and 31c per yard.

No. 25—The remainder of that great line of Scotch Plaid Dress Goods (40-inch) at 10c yard.

No. 26—Gents' Unlaundered Shirts, worth 65c, for 49c.

No. 27—One piece All-Wool Estemene Serge, black, worth 75c yard, at 47c to-day, if you ask for it.

No. 28—To our Friday Bargain Day friends we say, come out early, first choice and no favors.

No. 29—Deep cut in the prices of all Ladies' Mantles. Bargain Day prices in all departments.

No. 30—Our annual sale of Overcoats commenced last Saturday, giving the choice of any coat in the house at \$6 50.

Will be Continued at 8 o'clock Saturday morning.

John H. Chapman & Co.,

126 and 128 Dundas St., London.

'PHONE 791.

Mrs. H. D. West
of Cornwallis, Nova Scotia.**\$200 Worth****Of Other Medicines Failed****But 4 Bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla****Cured.**

"It is with pleasure that I tell of the great benefit I derived from Hood's Sarsaparilla. For 6 years I have been badly afflicted with

Erysipelas

breaking out with running sores during hot summer months. I have sometimes not been able to use my limbs for two months at a time. Being induced to try Hood's Sarsaparilla, I got one bottle last spring, commenced using it; felt so much better, got two bottles more, took them during the summer, was able to do my housework, and

Walk Two Miles

which I had not done for six years. Think I am cured of erysipelas, and recommend any person so afflicted to use

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Four bottles has done more for me than \$200 worth of other medicine. I think it the best blood purifier known. Mrs. H. D. West, Church Street, Cornwallis, N.S.

HOOD'S PILLS

cure liver ills, constipation, biliousness, jaundice, sick headache, etc.

A. O. U. W.**Interesting Statistics—New Regulations****Adopted.**

TORONTO, Feb. 15.—The Grand Lodge of the Ancient Order of United Workmen was called to order at 9 o'clock this morning, at Temperance Hall, by Grand Master Workman F. G. Inwood. There were 380 subordinate representatives present.

The report of the grand master, grand recorder, grand medical examiner, grand receiver, finance committee and supreme representatives were received and referred to the executive committee. A proposal to raise the fee from \$1 to \$2 caused a heated discussion which ended finally in a decision to leave it optional with the lodges, the fee, however, must in no case be less than \$1. It was decided that in future no member shall be permitted to assign or hypothecate his beneficiary certificate and that this clause shall be printed on the certificate.

The total number of beneficiary certificates issued to date is 33,933, an increase of 5,502 for the year.

There have lapsed by annulment 553, by death 193, suspended 791, making a net increase of 2,387 for the year.

The total number of beneficiary certificates in good standing Dec. 31, 1892, were 25,865, total number suspended 791, making in all 26,657 certificates in force at this date.

The average duration of membership of members who have died during the year was five years, eleven months and five days. The average age of members who have died during the year was 46 years, 5 months and 5 days. The average age of membership in good standing in jurisdiction at this date is 41 years, 7 months and 27 days.

Ontario Grand Lodge is now the third in order of numbers among the grand lodges of the continent, and an effort will be made this year to gain second place. The Grand Lodge of Massachusetts has 23,230 members, New York 31,155 and Ontario 27,080 members.

Use the Best.

is a good motto. It is particularly good when applied to anything which we use daily at our own meals. Bread may truly be called the staff of life and we cannot be too careful as to what we put into it. Good health is of too great importance to be trifled with, and biscuits or pastry made with the alum powders which are so commonly sold in this country are very injurious, leading to dyspepsia and numerous other troubles resulting therefrom. The pure cream of tartar and soda baking powders are healthful in every respect. In this class of powders the Pure Gold brand has obtained the highest position and is always reliable.

Because a man clings to the old-fashioned lampost it is no sign that he doesn't approve of the electric light.

Fits! Fits! Itching Fits!

SYMPTOMS—Molting; intense itching and stinging; most at night; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue tumor form, which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore. SWAYNE'S OINTMENT stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration and in most cases removes the tumors. At drug stores, or by mail, for 50 cents. Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelphia. Lyman, Sons & Co., Montreal, wholesale agents.

John Strange Winter heads the crusade against the hoop skirt that is addicted to strange springs.

Carter's Little Liver Pills must not be confounded with common Cathartic or Purgative Pills as they are extremely unlike them in every respect. One trial will prove their superiority.

Is all this talk about "woman's enlarged sphere" to end in the revival of the hoop skirt?

Worms cause feverishness, moaning and restlessness during sleep. Mother Graves' Worm Expeller is pleasant, sure and electrical. If your druggist has none in stock, get him to procure it for you.

Are still they come! What! Thousands of thousands of smokers all over the land, spending in the hundred terms of the worth of their own cigars, something remarkable, and to the detriment of their health. It is made by H. McKAY & Co., London, a firm possessing one of the largest and best equipped establishments in Canada.

ULSTERS.

Newest Cloths and Shades.

BUTTONS TO MATCH.

MADE UP STYLISH AND NOBLY AT VERY CLOSE PRICES.

Very Large Stock of Suitings.

CALL AND SEE THEM.

HARRY LENOX

MERCHANT TAILOR

A Vigorous Kick.

Against Granting a Franchise to Any Electric Company.

Will the City Control Both Street and House Lighting?

No. 2 Committee Recommends that the People Vote on This Question Before Action is Taken—A Lively Discussion—Tenders for House.

The question of granting a franchise to the Canadian General Electric Company came up at last night's meeting of No. 2 Committee. The discussion was carried on chiefly by the mayor, and by Messrs. Cameron and Judd, the company's solicitors, and in the end the opinions of the mayor prevailed.

Mr. Cameron was first heard. He reviewed the objects and personnel of the company as already published in these columns. He pointed out that before the city could supply its own electricity it would have to get the Legislature to pass an act similar to the Waterworks Act, and then they would be in that position that they would have to buy out the gas company at any rate that they might want to claim.

Mayor Essery—Do you think we are green here?

Mr. Cameron, continuing—It would cost the city, to do this, in the neighborhood of \$200,000. There was no town or city on the continent, he said, operating their own plant for the supply of electricity, for private and power purposes.

Mayor Essery—For 64 years one city on this continent has been doing it.

Mr. Cameron—Well, perhaps Mr. Essery has had information that I have not.

Mayor Essery—It cost me 25 cents.

Mr. Cameron then continued, dwelling on the fact that it would cost a fancy price to buy out the gas company. Even Mr. Essery, he thought, would agree with him on that point.

Mr. Essery—I don't agree with you in the statements you have made to-night, because I believe they are wild. We would have to buy out the gas company, but we would not have to pay a fancy price for watered stock.

Mr. Cameron—The gas company have the right to lay mains on the public streets, and they have secured legislation and would not part with their franchise to the city unless they were well paid for it.

Mayor Essery—Well, you say that this gas company franchise is of such value. They got it for nothing, and now you want a franchise for nothing and it will be equally valuable. In the face of this I would move that the council be recommended to take no action on the application of this company until the citizens have been asked by vote whether it is their intention to have the municipality do their own electric lighting both on the public streets and in the citizens' houses.

The mayor followed up his motion with a vigorous speech, dwelling on the fact that the petition read: "Give, give, give, and yet they would not limit themselves in any shape in return. They said that they would put the light in at a price that would put them but would not, consent to go on any street where the light was wanted by the citizens." "And yet they are wanting a franchise for the good of the citizens," continued Mr. Essery. "Now what are they going to give us for the franchise? They have not offered us a dollar, and yet they say that if they get here they are here forever. If there is money in it, and lighting for the franchise, then there is money in it for the city. This is a year when franchisees are as thick as clothes in a back yard the day after washing day."

Mr. Judd was heard to ejaculate "rot" while the mayor was speaking.

Mayor Essery—Yes; and rotten petitions have been handed in over the table, and I might just here state that the clients who send a lawyer here to present a petition for them do not do their cause any good in sending one here who does not pay day's respect to those who are put in their places by the citizens to look after their interests.

Mr. Judd—I did not say "rot" in reference to Mr. Essery, and I do not want to be insulted by him.

Mr. Essery wound up by quoting several places where the citizens owned their own electric lighting, then both would favor the granting of the franchise to this company.

Mayor Essery's motion carried unanimously.

At the engineer's suggestion Cannon & Harris will be offered \$5 in settlement of their claim for damages arising from defective stopcocks in their stall on the market.

P. C. Gleason's application for position on fire department was laid over.

W. L. Berry and others asked for an electric light on the corner of Grey and Colborne streets. Laid over until the matter of lights be considered.

The views of several of the tenants of the Covent Garden were heard in respect to the time that the place shall close. After hearing the opinions of Messrs. Richardson, Mitchell and Lockyer, the board decided to close at 6 o'clock every day instead of 4 o'clock except on Saturday and then the time will be 10 p.m.

The account of the Forest City Electric Light Company of \$143 70, was passed, less the price deducted for poles, which leaves the account \$108 40.

Tenders were opened for 1,000 feet of rubber hose. That of the Gutta Percha Rubber Manufacturing Company received favor, and at Ald. Jones suggestion the council will be recommended to purchase 1,000 feet of their Baker fabric hose at 90 cents per foot.

There were present: Ald. F. J. Fitzgerald (chairman), Mayor Essery, Ald. Scarrow, Stevely, J. W. Jones, John Heaman, Engineer Graydon, Chief Roe, and Secretary Bell.

A Pleasant Sense

to health and strength renewed and of ease and comfort follows the use of Syrup of Figs, as it acts in harmony with nature to effectually cleanse the system when constipated or bilious. For sale in 75-cent bottles by all leading druggists.

It is a wrong impression a man gets when he thinks he can pull himself out of trouble with a corker.

Nothing impure or injurious contaminates the popular antidote to pain, throat and lung remedy and general correctives, Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. It may be used without the slightest apprehension of any other than salutary consequences. Coughs, rheumatism, earache, bruises, cuts and sores succumb to its action.

SUCCESSFUL AS EVER.

Western Fair Association's Annual Meeting.

Review of the Year's Work by the Board of Directors.

The Financial Statement Shows a Balance on Hand of \$6,129 63—Receipts, \$56,000 71—New Delegates, Directors and Officers Elected.

The annual meeting of the Western Fair Association was held at the City Hall yesterday afternoon, when Capt. A. W. Porter, J. S. Dewar, Ald. J. W. Jones, Ald. Welford, W. W. Hillborn, A. M. Smart, Col. Leys, Geo. Taylor, J. H. Brown, Col. Lewis, J. W. Little, W. R. Hobbs, Wm. McNeil, Jas. Griffith, J. H. Saunders, Geo. C. Young, Henry B. Keene, Chas. Trebilcock, D. Mackenzie, John Kennedy, Allan Bogue, A. R. Rowat, W. Moore, G. A. Scott, J. K. Little, Dr. R. A. Ardiel, Thomas Bogue, James Henderson, P. Whelan and Duncan Brown were present.

The yearly report of the directors was as follows:

Your directors have the honor of presenting their sixth annual report, and are pleased to be able to extend to you their hearty congratulations on the financial success which attended the Western Fair of 1892, although the surplus is less than it was in 1891. The difference is very largely due to the increased amount paid in cash prizes for exhibits; part of it, however, is caused by a decrease in the receipts from grounds privileges, owing to the action of the board in disallowing all items or devices which could be objected to as being of a gambling nature. We are satisfied that their absence will in no way lessen the attractiveness of the exhibition.

The quality of the exhibits and the general appearance of the exhibition were considered by us to be equal to any of our past fairs, and especially is this true in the live stock and machinery departments.

The numbers of the exhibits as compared with last year show an increase in nearly every department. The hogs, though fewer in number, were equal in quality to any we have yet seen on exhibition, and we are confident that this department will be considerably improved at the fair of 1893.

The only real falling off in the number of entries was in the orchard and garden products, caused no doubt by the general shortage of fruit, etc. throughout the Province of Ontario last year, as compared with the abundant harvest of 1891.

The special exhibits of the Ontario Agricultural College and the Canadian Pacific Railway were decidedly better and much more attractive than those of the last year, owing to the care taken in their arrangement by the gentlemen in charge of them.

Your directors were highly pleased with the marked improvement in the Indian department, the articles displayed being of superior quality and variety, and very creditable to the exhibitors.

The display of manufactured goods and those in process of manufacture, in the main building, was, we think, the best we ever had; many of the latest inventions and novelties were introduced, thus giving to our visitors a constantly witnessing the progress that is being made in manufacturing and industrial lines.

The recommendation of the board of 1891 in regard to beautifying the exhibition grounds (Queen's Park) has received your attention at our hands. Walks and drives have been laid out wherever thought necessary and convenient, and about 60 carloads of gravel have been spread over them. We have also planted over 500 shade and ornamental trees, which will in a few years add much to the attractiveness of the park and the comfort of our visitors and the citizens of London generally. We would recommend that this good work be kept up, and that a small amount be expended every year for this purpose.

The following payments have been made during the year, which are outside of the ordinary running expenses: On real estate, \$562 50, and interest, leaving the balance unpaid only \$2,250, and increasing the total amount paid for the additional lands acquired to \$6,650. On construction of buildings and improvements, \$2,300 00 chargeable to capital account. The Western Fair was the principal item being the final payment on boiler, the trees and walks referred to above, a balance due on poultry building alterations, and addition to the large dining hall, and fittings for general use. Of the amount charged to furniture and chattels, \$200 was for the brass checks used for admission to the grounds.

The above items, together with the \$500 paid by us to the city as our share of the cost of the caretaker's cottage, compose the \$8,300 chargeable to capital account.

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S. & J.

Æsop's fables tell us of a boy who caused much annoyance by calling "Wolf! Wolf!" for fun when there was no wolf. For a time his friends turned out to rescue him.

One day he really had cause to shriek "Wolf! Wolf!" but his friends did not rush to his assistance, because they thought he was at his old tricks. 'Tis said he never came back.

Perhaps you know of some establishments in London that have always a special slaughter sale on. It is a poor week when they cannot work in six, and were the week a day longer they would have seven.

So accustomed have the people become to these sales, and so often have they been "sold" by attending them that when these establishments announce a genuine sale, which is possible once in a while, they think it is but another scheme to draw them on; and consequently stay at home.

Beware of such sales. Deal only with those who manage their business without deception. Watch our advertisements closely. See if they contain anything that is not correct. We live up to what we say, and say nothing ridiculous or that we are not fully prepared to abide by. It is always best to speak with moderation until there is occasion for raising your voice. Then you will likely be heard.

We cannot say our prices are lower than at other stores, nor that we are the only house in the city handling certain lines of goods. We don't know what other stores have or the prices asked, nor do we care to know. Our stock is always good and is sold cheap. We give value every time. Our customers know this.

SMALLMAN**& INGRAM,**

147 & 149 Dundas St.,

LONDON.

Transferred to capital account..... 2,303 61

Balance in bank..... 6,129 63

Total..... \$8,433 24

ASSETS AT CLOSE OF 1892.

Real estate payments made on the property conditionally held by the City of London..... 6,650 00

Construction of permanent improvements on lands or buildings held or owned by the city..... 7,538 48

Furniture or chattels..... 2,013 69

Balance in bank..... 6,129 63

Total..... \$23,451 71

CAPITAL ACCOUNT.

Payments on real estate..... \$602 50

Construction and permanent improvements, including \$500 paid to the City of London towards the caretaker's house..... 1,407 85

Furniture and chattels..... 272 65

Total..... \$2,283 00

The report was adopted.

Officers and Representatives.

DIRECTORS.

Capt. A. W. Porter, Col. R. Lewis, Col. Garthshore, J. W. Little, W. J. Reid, J. S. Pearce, W. Yates, Geo. M. Reid, A. M. Smart, Geo. Taylor and W. R. Hobbs were elected directors.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Messrs. M. Ballantyne, of St. Mary's, and A. Kain, of Byron, were appointed delegates to the Western Fair Association by the Ayrshire Breeders' Association; E. W. Charlton, of Dumfries, by the Clydesdale Horse Association; Richard Gibson, of Glasgow, by the Clydesdale Horse Association; and John Hope, of Brantford, by the Hackney Horse Association. In future years each association will be allowed only one member.

The meeting adjourned after votes of thanks to the directors and secretary had been carried and acknowledged.

OFFICERS ELECTED.

The board then met and elected the following officers.

President—Capt. A. W. Porter.

First Vice-President—J. W. Little.

Second Vice-President—Charles Trebilcock.

Treasurer—D. Mackenzie.

Secretary—Thos. A. Browne.

Chairman of Finance Committee—A. M. Smart.

Chairman of Grounds and Buildings Committee—Geo. Taylor.

Chairman of Gates and Tickets Committee—J. W. Little.

Chairman Printing Committee—W. R. Hobbs.

Chairman Attractions Committee—W. J. Reid.

These chairmen with Mayor Essery constitute the executive committee.

Joseph Hook was appointed superintendent of grounds.

Auditor—Geo. F. Jewell.

The dates for the Western Fair were fixed at Sept. 14 to 23.

The North Galveston Brick Plant.

The kiln of red pressed brick that was opened a few days ago at North Galveston, Texas, revealed a quality of material which was pronounced by experts as fully equal in density, durability and color to the best St. Louis pressed brick. The North Galveston Brick Company is a pretty big concern. The machines, buildings, yards, and general capacity equals some of the best plants in the country. More factories being built, a steady increase in population and an abundant influx of capital seems to be the present record of this thrifty young city. For particulars call on or address W. D. Buckle, London, Ont., the local agent, or address the North Galveston Association, box 103, Minneapolis, Minn.

The single prisoner in the jail of Lexington, Mo., was discharged the other day because the officials objected to the expense of heating the jail for only one prisoner.

AN EVENING AT HELLMUTH,

Pleasant Programme of the Half-Yearly College Concert and Exercises.

On Tuesday evening the half-yearly concert and exercise took place at Hellmuth College. Although the evening was so wet a fair number of visitors from the city were present, and it is needless to say the proceedings were in every way pleasing. The musical and dramatic contributions by the young ladies were beautifully given, and in artistic excellence reflected the highest credit upon their talented instructors. Appended is a programme of the proceedings, which were taken part in by the graduating students for this year.

After the concert the visitors examined the fine display of art work in the main studio. The quality of the exhibit is fully up to the high standard of former years, and comprises pieces of almost every branch of painting and decorative art.

The college is to be congratulated upon the success of the past half year, and the staff and students may well be satisfied with their excellent achievements. Following is the programme rendered:

Concert—Miss Emma Howard.

English recitation—Echo and the Ferry.

English recitation—Erebo.

Song—Forbiddin' Music.

French recitation—Le Laboureur et les Enfants.

Piano solos—(a) Valse, No. 9 (Chopin); (b) Chant Sans Paroles (Tchaikovsky); (c) Mazurka.

English recitation—Ben Hur.

Violin solo—Reverie.

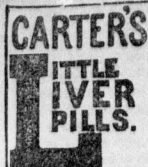
German recitation—Das Meer der Hoffung.

English recitation—King Henry VIII.

Concerto, in G minor (second and third movements).

The orchestral parts to the concert were played on a second piano by the efficient musical director of the college, Mr. Thomas Martin.

WOMEN WORKERS.



CURE SICK HEAD

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Distress, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing even the most obstinate cases.

ACHE

Ache they would be almost insupportable to those who suffer from this distressing complaint but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who cure try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick headache is the worst.

ACHE

Is the cause of so many lives that here is where we make our great cure. Our pills cure it while others do not. CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not grip or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials of 25 cents. Live for \$1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail. CARTER MEDICINE CO., NEW YORK.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

Virgie's inheritance.

He stood gazing out of the conservatory in an absent way for several minutes, his face very grave, an anxious look in his fine eyes; but, as he heard Lillian and the gardener approaching, he passed around to another path and so out of the hot-house, and thus avoiding meeting her, he did not feel that he could encounter the young girl again just then. He wished to get away by himself and think over the revelation he had just received.

The thought of love in connection with Lillian Linton had never entered his mind until now. She had simply been a genial playmate during the earlier years of his life, sharing many of his own and Percy's sports, and a pleasant companion when, of late, he had returned to Heathdale from college to spend his vacations.

He had scarcely realized—as his own words betrayed—that she had reached woman's estate. He knew she was very pretty, very bright and sparkling; he knew that Heathdale would not seem like home to him without her, and he enjoyed her society as he would that of a dear sister; but as for anything nearer, as a wife, he had never thought of her.

More and more he regretted that little episode in the conservatory. The memory of it embarrassed him, try hard as he would to overcome it, and he found himself avoiding the possibility of a tête-à-tête with Lillian again, while he began to grow anxious for the day of his departure, that he might escape the unnatural constraint that seemed to have fallen upon him.

Sir William wondered what had come over him during the next few days, but attributed his unusual gravity to his regret at the approaching separation. Lady Linton knew from Lillian's manner that something had gone wrong; but, although she questioned her, she could learn nothing satisfactory, and she became more and more unconvinced over Rupert's projected tour.

If she could only have succeeded in arranging an engagement between him and Lillian before he left, she would have felt quite safe in letting him go; he would have stood committed then, and it would have been a safeguard during his absence. She did everything in her power to make it pleasant for him during the little time that remained to him at home; she meant that he should at least take away agreeable memories with him, and she assured her again and again that he should never forget her kindness to him, for all that she was doing for him.

"You have been like a mother to me, Lady Linton, ever since I came to Heathdale," he said, gratefully, to her one day when she was arranging something for his comfort during the voyage. "And you have been like a son to me, my dear boy," she returned with a fond glance. "I shall always regard you as such. I am sure I do not know what we are going to do without you."

"Six months will soon pass," Rupert said, trying to speak lightly. "They may to you, who will be traveling constantly, but they will be long to us who wait at home. Poor Lillian! I set her to marking some handkerchiefs for you this morning, but she broke down and cried so over her work that she gave it up."

"I am afraid I am an unworthy subject for so much regret," Rupert said with a sigh. "Lillian's regard for him, her pale, sad face and hollow eyes, were a great burden on his heart."

The day of his departure arrived, and he took an affectionate leave of his friends. Lady Linton embraced him as fervently as if he had indeed been her son, bade him take care of himself and come safely back to them, for it would break their hearts to lose him entirely. Percy wished him every possible pleasure, and promised to write to him every week. Lillian gave him an icy cold hand at parting, and she turned away her dark lashes, and her lips quivered painfully over her farewell; but she would not allow him to kiss her in the old friendly fashion, as he used to do when he and Percy went back to school at the end of their holidays. She had vowed that their lips should never meet again until he had given her a lover's kiss.

Rupert looked troubled at being thus repulsed. He understood the reason for it, however, and it was with a feeling of relief that he realized he was to have six months in which to make up his mind as to what his duty was toward his guardian's niece.

Sir William accompanied him to London, thence to Liverpool, where he saw him safely on board the steamer Canardier that was to bear him across the Atlantic, after which he returned to Heathdale, feeling as if half the sunshine had suddenly

been blotted from his life. The boy was inexpressibly dear to him, and he would have been bereaved indeed if anything happened to him.

CHAPTER XXXV.

A STRANGE MEETING.

The voyage was a tempestuous one, but the steamer made her time notwithstanding, and Rupert landed in New York eight days after leaving Liverpool, and was not sorry to be once more upon terra firma.

He joined the Raymonde party on the 12th of January, according to his plans, and found himself among a very pleasant company of gentlemen and ladies, young men and maidens, all enthusiastic in view of their trip.

He was particularly attracted by the appearance of one young man, who, like himself, was traveling alone, and after one or two interviews, being mutually pleased with each other, they decided to become traveling companions.

On the third day after starting Rupert's new friend who, by the way, had introduced himself as Harry Webster, remarked to him:

"I say, Hamilton, have you noticed that dainty little piece of humanity opposite, who is traveling with that old codger, Mr. Knight, they call him?"

"Yes; she is a very attractive young lady," Rupert answered, as his eyes wandered to a trio who occupied seats a little in front of the young men of the opposite side of the car.

"I wonder who she is," returned Mr. Webster. "Our list will probably tell us," remarked Mr. Webster, as he drew the card from his pocket. "Yes, I have found it. Mr. Robert G. Knight, Miss E. F. Knight, and Miss Virginia Alexander."

"Ah, then the old gentleman and lady last night's brother and sister, and the young lady same friend, perhaps a niece, who is traveling with them," said Rupert.

"The old gentleman appears to be remarkably fond of her, though," returned Mr. Webster.

"Yes; but the old lady keeps guard over her as if she feared that some brigand was in ambush waiting to abduct her pretty charge to regions unknown," Rupert responded with a roguish twinkle in his eye.

"What do you say to making a raid upon the party?" proposed his companion. "Now I can but upon getting acquainted with that pretty girl, if for nothing more than to show that prim spinster that I can do it. Will you join me, or does such a proposition shock your English ideas of etiquette?"

"I confess I should prefer to have a formal introduction," Rupert returned, flushing slightly, but regarding that graceful figure with a look of unmistakable admiration.

The maiden whom the young men had been discussing was indeed a very lovely girl, about 15 years of age. She was a trifle above the medium height, having a slender, willowy figure, with a peculiar grace and animation in every movement.

Her glossy brown hair was twisted into a shining coil at the back of her head, which was crowned with a pretty hat of gray felt, trimmed with velvet of the same shade and a single scarlet wing. She wore a closely fitting dress, trimmed with fur, which showed her perfect form to great advantage; a plain linen collar was fastened at her throat with a brooch of dull red gold, and tiny ornaments of the same metal were in her small ears.

Her eyes were a dark brown, and quick and restless in their glances; her features were beautifully clear and delicate; the glow of perfect health was on her cheeks; her lips were a vivid red and her complexion was pure.

She was a vivacious little body, laughing and chatting with the elderly gentleman, whose charge she appeared to be, in a way that betrayed she stood in no fear of him, while his fond glances and many attentions bestowed upon her plainly betrayed that he was indeed fond of her.

Young Webster had been especially attracted toward this party from the hour of starting, and had been on the alert to make their acquaintance, although he had not mentioned the subject before; but the trio had kept pretty well by themselves and appeared quite contented with their own company, so, as yet, there had been no opportunity for him to approach them without making himself conspicuous in so doing.

In spite of his boast that he would make Miss Alexander's acquaintance, he was destined to be contented and thrown into the background by his more modest English friend.

When the party were summoned to dinner that day there was the usual rush for the dining-car; human nature will not always be cured when people are hungry; but Mr. Knight and his companions lingered to avoid the crowd.

Mr. Webster also delayed, and held his friend back in the hope that something might occur to establish the acquaintance with the young lady whom he so much admired.

And something did occur. In passing from one car to the other, Mr. Knight first assisted his sister across, then turned to his young charge, when a gust of wind whirled her pretty hat from her head, it being held in place only by a pin, and it would have been wafted beyond recovery but for Rupert, who was directly behind her; he who deftly caught it in its flight.

He instantly returned it to its fair owner, saying, with a bow and his frank smile: (To be Continued.)

Archbishop Denison's Famous Toast. "Here's health to all that we love. Hence health to all that love us. Here's health to all those that love them. That love those that love them. That love us."

Do you notice what a large circle this wish for health includes? And will you notice the reference is not to the winecup, but to a standard medicine, the "Golden Medical Discovery," that can bring health to the large number of friends we each love. True, it is not a "beverage," and does not inebriate, but is a health-giving medicine, a blood purifier, liver invigorator and general tonic—a remedy for Biliousness, Indigestion and Stomach troubles. It cures Consumption, in its early stages, Scrofula, Bronchitis and throat diseases.

Yes; Demmitt—So he's a cynic, eh? Been disappointed in love, has he? Van Arndt—No; in his cook.

Why will you allow a cough to lacerate your throat or lungs and run the risk of filling a consumptive's grave, when by the timely use of Dr. Kie's Anti-Consumptive syrup the pain can be allayed and the danger avoided? This Syrup is pleasant to the taste, and unsurpassed for relieving, healing and curing all affections of the throat and lungs, coughs, colds, bronchitis, &c.

There are men who ask God to lead them in a good many things, but when it comes to politics they think they can judge best for themselves.

FRESH FROZEN SEA FISH.

SALMON, MACKEREL, BASS.

FITZGERALD, SCANDRETT & CO.,

169 DUNDAS STREET.

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Algoma—Duncan Bole, David Jackson, Charles Franklin Farewell.
Brant North—Thomas Ryall, Christopher Barker, Justice Vanderlip.
Bruce South—Daniel Sullivan, Andrew Waehter, John Kennedy McLean.
Essex North—William J. McKee, Israel Belleperche, William J. Nutsen.
Elgin East—John Ogilvie, George North, George Laug.

Elgin West—Samuel B. Morris, Edward G. O'Donnell, Charles Couse.
Grey North—James Sharpe, jun., Wm. Q. Brown, James Stewart.
Grey South—William Lawson, Thomas Peelman, Patrick Phelan.

Grey Center—Patrick McCullough, Thos. B. White, Robert H. Hunt, M.B.
Huron East—Thomas Gibson, George Fortune, George Mardie.
Huron West—Samuel Sloan, James Stewart, Hugh McQuarrie.

Huron South—Robert Spicer, Peter Douglas, John Wier.
Hamilton—John Proctor, Adam Zimmerman, Robert Thompson.
Kent East—Archibald McDermid, Thos. H. Tape, Lawrence Segler.

Kent West—W. A. Mills, John Brown Rankin, Nathan Howard Stevens.
London—Daniel Regan, Geo. M. Reid, Charles H. Elliott.
Lambton East—Wm. Seaton, in place of Henry John Pettypiece, resigned; Thomas Herfoot, Robert B. McLeay.

Lambton West—Archibald McLean, Jas. S. Symington, David Trotter.
Middlesex East—Wm. B. Scatcherd, John Kennedy, Allan Bogue.
Middlesex West—Thos. Gordon, Alex. Douglas, Malcolm McGugan.

Middlesex North—Lachlin C. McIntyre, Alexander Smith, John Gunn, M.D.
Oxford North—Malcolm Douglas, Wm. Stuart, David Robert Ross.
Oxford South—Andrew Sutherland, Jas. Ryan, Alexander McFarlane.

Simcoe East—Samuel Wainright, Jasper Martin, Samuel Fraser.
Simcoe West—Robert Burt Bruce, John Petrie, Thomas McMaylor.
Simcoe Center—Neil Harkin, John Lummis, Alexander Brownlee.

Waterloo North—Charles Noecker, Jas. Potter, John H. Campbell.
Waterloo South—Richard Blain, Frederick Werner, John Myers.
Wellington East—Donald McMurphy, Robert Stevenson, Samuel Williams.

Wellington West—Thomas Harcourt, John Patterson, John Oliver.
Wellington South—Wm. H. Jacob, Robert Millar, Allan McIntyre.
Welland—Alexander Logan, Robert Cooper, John Haven Smith.

Wentworth North—William Wood, John Esterbrook, John Burke.
Wentworth South—Edward Dickinson, sen., Archibald Jarvis, F. Renkie.

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For Rendering Pastry Short or Friable.

COTTOLENE

Is Better than Lard

Because It has none of its disagreeable and indigestible features.

Endorsed by leading food and cooking experts.

Ask your Grocer for it.

Made only by N. K. FAIRBANK & CO., Wellington and Ann Streets, MONTREAL.

Frank Norton, CUSTOM TAILOR,

210 Dundas Street. Special attention given to Fine Ordered Clothing. Also making and trimming for parties furnishing their own cloth. cod

G.F. MORRIS BUTCHER MARKET HOUSE

Having added two more stalls to my shop, I will make a specialty of SAUSAGE. We use the English sheep casing only. HAMS, BACON AND LARD. Wholesale and retail orders from a distance promptly attended to. TELEPHONE 667. LONDON, - ONT

HOT AIR FURNACES O'SULLIVAN & CLARK

Will give special attention to heating and ventilating, excavations, conductor pipes and general sheet metal work. 732 YORK STREET. ywt

Daly's Coal and Wood Yard

Citizen (on a tour of inspection)—That's the best wood I've seen. Send half a cord to my house, No. — Central avenue. "All right, sir. Thank you." WOOD Like to do the same for you.

Daly & Son

19 York St. Phone 343

Chase and Sanborn's Coffee



The quality of the Coffee we sell under our trade mark is our best advertisement.

This Seal is our trade mark, and guarantees perfection of quality, strength and flavor.

BOSTON. MONTREAL. CHICAGO.

PANTS ARE DOWN

\$3 50

We commence to-day our Annual Pant Sale of all the new and nobby designs in Stripes, Checks, Plains and Fancies.

See our West Window for patterns.

Burns The Clothier.

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LIMITED. MONTREAL.

Manufacturers of Refined Sugars of the well-known Brand

Redpath

Of the Highest Quality and Purity, made by the Latest Processes, and the Newest and Best Machinery, not Surpassed Anywhere.

LUMP SUGAR, in 50 and 100 lb boxes. "CROWN" GRANULATED, Special brand, the finest which can be made.

EXTRA GRANULATED, very Superior Quality.

"CREAM" SUGARS, (not dried).

"YELLOW" SUGARS of all Grades and Standards.

SYRUPS of all Grades in Barrels and half Barrels.

SOLE MAKERS of high class Syrups in tins, 2 pounds and 8 pounds each.

Bedroom Furniture, Parlor Furniture, Dining-room Furniture.

London Furniture Man'g Co.

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For Rich Beet flavor and the feeding qualities of Beet

JOHNSTON'S FLUID BEEF

is pre-eminent.

It is the embodiment of all that is nourishing in the choicest Beef, so treated that the life principle of the Beef can be digested with ease by the most debilitated stomach. A perfect food in its constituents and digestibility.

HEADACHE CURED IN 20 MINUTES BY Alpha Wafers

OR MONEY REFUNDED. Purely Vegetable, Perfectly Harmless and Pleasant to take. For Sale by all Druggists, PRICE 25 Cts.

LAWRASON'S SOAP WORKS

USE THEIR IDEAL BAR.

CONGO and LONDON LAUNDRY.

RIPAN'S TABLETS

REGULATE THE STOMACH, LIVER AND BOWELS AND PURIFY THE BLOOD.

RIPAN'S TABLETS are the best medicine known for Indigestion, Biliousness, Headache, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Chronic Liver Troubles, Distress, Red Complexion, Dysentery, Offensive Breath, and all disorders of the Stomach, Liver and Bowels. Ripan's Tablets contain nothing injurious to the most delicate constitution. No pleasant to take, safe, efficient, and give immediate relief. Price—Box 3 valid, 10 Tablets. Boxes of 10, 25, 50, 100, 250, 500, 1000, 2500, 5000, 10000, 25000, 50000, 100000, 250000, 500000, 1000000, 2500000, 5000000, 10000000, 25000000, 50000000, 100000000, 250000000, 500000000, 1000000000, 2500000000, 5000000000, 10000000000, 25000000000, 50000000000, 100000000000, 250000000000, 500000000000, 1000000000000, 2500000000000, 5000000000000, 10000000000000, 25000000000000, 50000000000000, 100000000000000, 250000000000000, 500000000000000, 1000000000000000, 2500000000000000, 5000000000000000, 10000000000000000, 25000000000000000, 50000000000000000, 100000000000000000, 250000000000000000, 500000000000000000, 1000000000000000000, 2500000000000000000, 5000000000000000000, 10000000000000000000, 25000000000000000000, 50000000000000000000, 100000000000000000000, 250000000000000000000, 500000000000000000000, 1000000000000000000000, 2500000000000000000000, 5000000000000000000000, 10000000000000000000000, 25000000000000000000000, 50000000000000000000000, 100000000000000000000000, 250000000000000000000000, 500000000000000000000000, 1000000000000000000000000, 2500000000000000000000000, 5000000000000000000000000, 10000000000000000000000000, 25000000000000000000000000, 50000000000000000000000000, 100000000000000000000000000, 250000000000000000000000000, 500000000000000000000000000, 1000000000000000000000000000, 2500000000000000000000000000, 5000000000000000000000000000, 10000000000000000000000000000, 25000000000000000000000000000, 50000000000000000000000000000, 100000000000000000000000000000, 250000000000000000000000000000, 500000000000000000000000000000, 1000000000000000000000000000000, 2500000000000000000000000000000, 5000000000000000000000000000000, 10000000000000000000000000000000, 25000000000000000000000000000000, 50000000000000000000000000000000, 100000000000000000000000000000000, 250000000000000000000000000000000, 500000000000000000000000000000000, 1000000000000000000000000000000000, 2500000000000000000000000000000000, 5000000000000000000000000000000000, 10000000000000000000000000000000000, 25000000000000000000000000000000000, 50000000000000000000000000000000000, 100000000000000000000000000000000000, 250000000000000000000000000000000000, 500000000000000000000000000000000000, 1000000000000000000000000000000000000, 2500000000000000000000000000000000000, 5000000000000000000000000000000000000, 10000000000000000000000000000000000000, 25000000000000000000000000000000000000, 50000000000000000000000000000000000000, 100000000000000000000000000000000000000, 250000000000000000000000000000000000000, 500000000000000000000000000000000000000, 1000000000000000000000000000000000000000, 2500000000000000000000000000000000000000, 5000000000000000000000000000000000000000, 100, 25000000000000000000000000000000000000000, 500, 1000, 2500, 5000, 100, 25000, 500, 1000, 2500, 5000, 100, 25000, 500, 1000, 2500, 5000, 100, 25000, 5000000

