

SUBSCRIPTION RATES  
In Canada.....\$2.00 per year  
In Foreign Countries...\$2.50 per year

Volume 52.—No. 11

# The Glencoe Transcript.

GLENCOE, ONTARIO, CANADA, THURSDAY, MARCH 15, 1923

Whole No. 2666

**BOX SOCIAL**  
A box social will be held in No. 9 school house, Moss, Good Friday, March 30th, under the auspices of the W. J. A. good program will be rendered. All ladies are requested to bring boxes. Gentlemen will be charged 25c admission, which will be deducted from price of box which they purchase. There will also be bachelors' boxes and children's boxes.

**EKFRID FARM LOAN ASSOCIATION**  
will meet at Appin March 20, April 17, May 15, August 21 and October 16. For information, long and short term loans, apply to President R. D. Coad, Vice-president D. F. Edle, Secretary, treasurer Duncan McAlpine, Directors A. T. Irwin, Dan McDonald, Martin Johnston, James McRae, R. A. Finn.

**DAN MCINTYRE**  
Licensed Auctioneer for the County of Middlesex  
Farm stock and other sales conducted at reasonable rates. Arrangements may be made by telephone.

**E. T. HUSTON**  
Issuer of Motor Licenses.  
Agent Ontario Motor League.  
Agent A. L. A. Fire Insurance.

**CHARLES GEORGE**  
Division Court Clerk  
Clerk of the Village of Glencoe.  
Issuer of Marriage Licenses.  
Office at residence - Symes street

**ELMA J. KING**  
Organist and Choir Director of Glencoe Presbyterian Church  
**INSTRUCTION**  
Voice Culture and Piano  
Studio at residence, Victoria street

**PEARLINE J. GEORGE, L.L.C.M.**  
**PIANO INSTRUCTION**  
Glencoe Studio—Symes Street.  
Newbury Studio—Mrs. Charles Blain, Tuesdays.  
Phone 89, Glencoe.

**DRS. HOLMES & HOLMES**  
**SURGERY, X-RAY & RADIUM**  
219 KING STREET - CHATHAM

**GLENCOE LODGE, No. 133**  
meets every Tuesday evening at eight o'clock sharp in the lodge room, opposite Royal Bank building, Main street. All brethren of the Order cordially invited to attend.—W. A. Currie, Jr., N. G. A. B. Sinclair, R. S.

**H. J. JAMIESON**  
**FIRE, LIFE AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE**  
PHONE 92 - GLENCOE

District Agent  
**Manufacturers' Life**

**AUCTION SALE OF FARM LAND, IMPLEMENTS AND STOCK**

**WEDNESDAY, MARCH 21, 1923**

West half lot 27, con. 5, Euphemia, Lambton county, 2 miles from the village of Shetland.

Geo. E. Brown has been instructed to sell by public auction under the Canadian Bankruptcy Act the farm lands, farm stock and implements of Rowland C. Moorehouse (authorized assignor), at the above premises.

Sale starts 1 o'clock sharp:—1 cow, 2 horses, 2 hogs, 10 hens, 1 Ford touring car, 1 Fordson tractor, 1 double disc for tractor, 1 two-furrow tractor plow, 1 top buggy, 1 covered cutter, 2 farm wagons, 1 set heavy sleighs, 1 two-wheel land cultivator, 1 root pulper, 1 Grimm evaporator, complete, 2 sets double harness, 1 set single harness, 3 bus. timothy seed, 5 steel oil drums, 1 pig rack, 3 oak barrels, 1 hay car and rope, quantity of land tile, quantity of lumber, shovels, forks, etc.

Terms of chattels:—All sums of \$10 and under, cash; over this amount 7 months' credit will be given or a discount of 8 per cent. per annum for cash on credit amounts.

Terms of sale of farm lands:—10 per cent. deposit on date of sale; balance arranged in 30 days.

Land.—West half lot 25, concession 5, Euphemia township, Lambton county, 100 acres, without buildings, 50 acres of bush.

West half lot 26, con. 5, Euphemia, 100 acres, with buildings.

South half west half lot 27, con. 5, Euphemia, 50 acres, without buildings.

East half lot 26, con. 5, Euphemia, 100 acres, without buildings, 16 acres woods.

This land is in one block with sufficient buildings to work the 350 acres, and will be offered for sale both in block and separate parcels, subject to reserve bids. For further particulars regarding sale of land and information as to incumbrances, apply to Messrs. Elliott & Moss, Barristers, Glencoe; Messrs. Kerr & McNeill & Kerr, Barristers, Chatham; or to Geo. E. Brown, Auctioneer, or to Fred. H. Brisco, Authorized Trustee, Chatham.

**LOST**  
A ten-dollar bill, in Glencoe, Saturday night. Finder please leave at Transcript office.

**FOR SALE**  
Pandora range, good as new.—J. L. Tomlinson.

**FOR SALE**  
Some hay and seed oats. Apply to Fred Stinson, Moss.

**FOR SALE OR TO RENT**  
Fifty acres of pasture land, being composed of the east half of the south half of the north half of lot No. 9 in the 3rd concession of the township of Moss. Apply to John A. Campbell, 3261 Fifth St., Detroit.

**PASTURE**  
100 acres of pasture to rent; plenty of water.—Noble McCallum, Appin.

**FOR SALE OR RENT**  
Farm for sale, or rent on shares. Apply J. M. Clannahan, R. R. No. 1, Glencoe.

**FOR SALE OR RENT**  
25 acres, being the north half of the south half of the north half of lot No. 9 in the 3rd concession of the township of Moss. Apply to Mrs. Geo. Innes, Glencoe.

**CARD OF THANKS**  
Mrs. Wm. R. Dobie and family wish to express sincere thanks for the kindness of neighbors and friends in their recent sad bereavement.

**SEED OATS**  
For sale—good, clean, registered O.A.C. seed oats, testing 99 per cent. germination.—A. B. McDonald, Glencoe.

**FOR SALE**  
Few loads corn stalks, also one good bronze gobbler.—Alfred Gould, phone 604 r 12.

**FOR SALE**  
African gander, or will exchange for geese.—John A. Stocks, R. R. No. 3, Appin.

**WOOD-CLOVER SEED**  
For sale—a quantity of elm, hickory and maple tops. Also good clean red clover seed.—D. S. McEachran.

**ALFALFA**  
For sale—a few bushels alfalfa seed, Grim Variety.—Tom Walker, Glencoe.

**WORK WANTED**  
Will be available each day after 5 o'clock for jobs of housecleaning, inside and outside lawn mowing and other chores, at 20c per hour.—Wes. Squire, care of Bert Squire, O'Mara street.

**\$10 REWARD**  
Ten dollars reward for evidence leading to the conviction of the parties who removed about 35 ft. of whitewood logs off the Gillett farm, second concession, Moss. Notify box 117, Newbury.

**FOR SALE**  
House and two lots in the village of Appin, belonging to the estate of the late Alex. S. McDonald. For particulars apply to R. E. C. McDonald, Appin.

**FOR SALE**  
Hay; also good driver.—Apply to Frank Copeland, Glencoe.

**FOR SALE**  
Small farm adjoining the village of Appin; modern 8-roomed brick veneer house; good barn. Apply L. H. Payne, Appin.

**HORSES WANTED**  
Heavy draught and general purpose, also aged blacks, in good condition. Apply to J. D. Allan; phone 37w.

**FARM FOR SALE**  
Within one mile of Newbury; lot 14, con. 3, Moss; good orchard; good well water; granary, henhouse, stable, brick cellar; comfortable two-story frame house on cement foundation. Can be bought on easy terms. Apply to H. D. McNaughton, Newbury.

**FOR SALE**  
Part of brick house, containing about 40,000 white brick, and other material. Apply to Mrs. Rose Stuart, Glencoe.

**PASTURE TO RENT**  
Pasture farm to rent, 100 acres, south half lot 15, third range south, Ekfrid, known as the Grant property. Apply to Duncan Hyndman, Appin.

**WEAVING**  
Reduced prices till April 1st. Rag Rugs, Carpets, etc.—M. M. Bulman, Bothwell; phone 312B.

**FOR SALE**  
Three acres of land on Simpson street, containing good lots for building. Apply to A. B. McDonald.

**FARM FOR SALE**  
Lot 14, con. 12, Metcalfe; 123 acres; good sugar bush, bank barn, pig pens, drive shed, rock well and windmill. Comfortable frame house. Apply to Sam. Hart, Glencoe.

Renew your daily newspaper subscriptions at The Transcript office.

## Better Live Stock Train

The Dominion and Ontario Departments of Agriculture, in co-operation with the Railway Companies, will operate a "Better Live Stock Train" throughout the Province, during the months of March and April. It will be at

**Parkhill - March 20th**  
**Glencoe - March 23rd**

On this train will be carried animals illustrating desirable and undesirable types of Beet Cattle—Dairy Cattle—Sheep—Swine—Poultry.

Demonstrations and lectures will be given in connection with different lines of work in Live Stock and Poultry raising and marketing.

Specially selected pure bred bulls, boars and sows will be offered for sale. The animals are all exceptionally well bred and of excellent type. They will be sold at cost. See them.

For further particulars see or write the Agricultural Representative in your County.

**R. A. FINN, London, Agricultural Representative, Middlesex County.**  
**R. W. WADE, Live Stock Branch, Parliament Buildings, Toronto.**

## You can make delicious JAM and JELLY

Now - from canned or dried fruits - or bottled fruit juices

**CERTO**  
Reg. Can. (Sure-Jell) Pat. Office

The Certo method is the easy and most economical way to make jams and jellies from any fruit; no uncertainty as to results; the quality and flavor will be a revelation to you. Try these recipes—seventy more are in the Certo Recipe Booklet, free with every bottle.

**Certo is fruit pectin, the jellying element Nature puts into fruits. It is absolutely free from gelatin or preservative.**

—AT YOUR GROCER'S. Write for free revised and enlarged Certo booklet of 73 recipes. Douglas Packing Co., Limited—Cobourg

"Mother Nature's Year-Round Jelly Maker"

**Grape Jelly**  
Measure 7½ level cups (3½ lbs.) sugar and 4 cups bottled Grape Juice into saucepan, stir and bring to a boil. Stir in 1 bottle (scant cup) Certo and bring again to a full boil for 1 minute. Remove from fire, let stand 1 minute, skin and pour quickly.

**Pineapple Jam**  
Use sliced or grated pineapple. If sliced pineapple is used, put slices through food chopper or chop fine. Mix the juice and chopped pineapple and measure 4 level cups into large pan. If necessary add water to fill 4th cup. Add 7½ level cups (3½ lbs.) sugar, mix and bring to a vigorous boil, stirring constantly. Boil hard one minute. Remove from fire and stir in 1 bottle (scant cup) Certo. Skim and pour quickly.

## New Superior Chevrolet

IT HAS EVERYTHING

Looks, Finish, Power, Comfort, Economy  
A Complete Car—No Extras to Buy

THE new Superior Chevrolet answers the ever increasing demand for a completely equipped quality car furnishing comfortable and reliable transportation at a cost lower than that furnished by any other make of car in the world. Sixty-seven new improvements in the Chevrolet make it more than ever the world's greatest motor car value. See the new Chevrolet, ride in it, drive it yourself, then compare it point by point with any other car.

**G. W. SNELGROVE**  
**CHEVROLET AGENCY**  
CENTRAL GARAGE - GLENCOE

OLD-TIME PRICES  
The following prices prevailed 27 years ago:  
Potatoes, 15c per bushel.  
Eggs, 12c per dozen.  
Butter, 14c per pound.  
Beef, 14c.  
Dressed hogs, 14c.  
Flour, 12c per cwt.  
Hard wood, \$1.50 per cord.  
Soft wood, \$1 per cord.  
Ducks, 25c per pair.  
Chickens, 25c per pair.  
Geese, 3c per pound.  
Turkeys, 8c per pound.  
Sausage, 4 lbs. 25c.

**THE SUGAR SITUATION**  
Coupled with almost daily boasts in the price of sugar comes the news that last year's crop in the Hawaiian Islands was the largest in eight years. Production for the year was placed at 1,184,000,000 pounds, or 13 per cent. more than last year. It begins to look as though present prices are due for a drop. In that case the wisest plan for the consumer is to buy just enough for present needs. Nobody ever succeeded in cornering a commodity market.—St. Catharines Standard.

**CEDAR POSTS**  
We have a nice lot of good sound straight Cedar Posts. This would be a good time to draw them home.

**McPHERSON & CLARKE**  
LUMBER DEALERS PLANING MILL COAL & BUILDERS' SUPPLIES

**COUNTER CHECK BOOKS**  
Order your next lot of these at the Transcript Office

### DISTRICT AND GENERAL

A new variety of wheat, said to surpass the Marquis in productivity, has been produced in Alberta.

Rev. George Weir, of Ridgeway, was elected moderator of the Chatham Presbytery at the March meeting.

Nine-tenths of the men on the bridges of United States vessels on the Great Lakes are of Canadian birth.

A straw shed on the farm of the late Thos. Johnston, of Euphemia township, collapsed, falling upon a number of cattle, killing two and injuring another.

During this winter there have been shipped from the Pere Marquette yards in Dutton 40 cars of logs, indicating that Dunwich is not yet depleted of its forests.

United Farmers of Manitoba will refrain from purchasing farm implements until prices are reduced, and have fixed the wages of farm labor at \$20 a month while wheat is in the hands of the market.

The death of 17-year-old George McCully in a hospital at Hamilton was due to poisoning, which set in after he had been struck on the head with a stick while playing hockey.

Chatham board of health has decided to spend \$100 in an educational campaign through the press in an endeavor to convince householders of benefits to be derived from using wrapped bread.

St. Marys coal dealers have more coal on hand than they know what to do with and are seeking customers in Mitchell, but that town is in a like position. Some people have more coal than they need while others have none.

It is rather a surprising fact that the best land in Ontario for the growing of wheat and peas is the Temiskaming country, way up north. Temiskaming takes first place, with 23.1 bushels of wheat to the acre, and 26.2 bushels of peas.

A painful accident befell Jas. Tunks at Bothwell when the earth about a boiler of boiling water gave way and slipped into the scalding water up to his hip, scalding him badly. Robert Tunks also slipped and one foot went into the boiling water.

Ontario better livestock train had splendid day at Chateaufort. The farmers turned out in large numbers and showed keen interest in all the exhibits in the various cars. Three pure bred sows, two Shorthorn and one Holstein bull were sold to farmers.

Bothwell council has passed a curfew by-law which provides that, all children under 14 years of age must be in their homes at 8:45 o'clock in the evening. The curfew bell is rung at that hour, after which all children found on the streets unaccompanied by parent or guardian will be placed under arrest.

N. P. Nelson, of Leal, North Dakota, a few days ago received a cheque for one dollar and thirty cents in full payment for a car of potatoes shipped by him to Minneapolis, and there sold for three hundred and thirty-six dollars. Handling charges and commissions of various kinds absorbed three hundred and thirty-four dollars and seventy cents, but the freight alone was one hundred and eighty dollars and sixty cents.

Edward E. Stephens, of Campbellford, is 91 years old, and a despatch telling about his birthday says that at one time he was the champion cradler of his district, three acres a day being his usual performance with the cradle. The despatch goes on to tell that he has been married three times and is the father of thirteen children, which latter certainly shows some class as a cradler, without reference to his performances in other fields.

The following paragraph is an extract from the Mr. Vehicles Act issued by the Department of Highways, Toronto:—During the months of March and April vehicles operated or objects moved on or upon any highway not within a city limit or separated town having a carrying capacity exceeding one ton shall not be loaded in excess of one-half the rated carrying capacity of such vehicle or object, without obtaining a permit as provided by section 4.

**GOLDEN WEDDING**  
A pleasant gathering was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. D. McLachlan, of Brooke township, two miles north of Alvinston, on Tuesday, March 6, when they celebrated their golden wedding anniversary. Mr. and Mrs. McLachlan were born in Moss township, Mr. McLachlan being the son of the late Duncan McLachlan, and Mrs. McLachlan being the daughter of the late Malcolm Munro. After their marriage, March 6, 1873, Mr. and Mrs. McLachlan took up farming on the farm where they have since resided. Eight sons and two daughters were present—Archie, Malcolm, Duncan, Robert, Neil, John, Stanley, Harvey, Sarah (Mrs. Wallace) and Janet (Mrs. Ross), all of Brooke township, and none of them living more than 3½ miles from their old home. One daughter, Margaret, died twenty years ago. During the day Mr. and Mrs. McLachlan, who are both hale and hearty, received many congratulations from their friends and neighbors. They were also presented with two upholstered chairs, clock, gold watch and chain, brooch and ring from their family and grandchildren, and a couch from the neighbors. About 100 sat down to a sumptuous dinner, after which a social time was spent.

**"AUNT CLARINDA CACKLER'S COURTSHIP" AT KNAPDALE**  
The Woodgreen dramatic club presented their play, "Aunt Clarinda's Courtship," at S. S. No. 7, Moss, on Friday evening, which proved an unqualified success. The amateur players were: Iva Squire, as Clarinda Cackler, an old maid; Roy James, as St. Hobbs, a widower; Mrs. George Harvey, as Polly Springer, an adopted girl; Mr. Whitfield, as Charlie, St. Hobbs' son; Florence Simpson, as Mrs. Sackett, a widow; Bruce Dobson, as Dewdney, the colored servant, who kept the audience in roars of laughter. Several musical selections were given between acts, including numbers by the Knapdale orchestra.

### NEW LIBRARY IS POPULAR

Circulation Over Three Hundred Books a Week

Miss Frances Moss, librarian, makes the following report to the board of her branch of the work of the Glencoe Carnegie Library for the six weeks beginning first of February, on which date the library was opened.

The country membership, speaking in terms of families, numbers twenty-seven. The membership fees amounted to thirty-two dollars and seventy-five cents. To this was added ten cents, being the sum of fines collected on March 8 and 10, making the total receipts thirty-two dollars and eighty-five cents. This amount has been deposited in the bank. All bills and receipts have been handed to the secretary of the board.

The total book circulation for the six weeks was eleven hundred and eighty-five. That is equivalent to an average of about two hundred books a week. The circulation increased greatly in the last two weeks, the average being over three hundred books each week. Eight books have been removed from the shelves to be mended.

The patronage of the reading room and the use of reference books increased during the last week. The magazines "Good Housekeeping," "Radio News," "St. Nicholas" and "Scientific American" are being received and copies of all these are now on the tables. In connection with the reading room there are on an average thirty children at the Saturday "story hour."

A list has been started of books which are not on the shelves and are in any great demand.

**GLENCOE COUNCIL**  
A regular meeting of Glencoe council was held on Monday, March 5th, with all members present. The minutes of the last meeting were read and adopted.

On motion of Messrs. Parrott and McCracken, the referee and clerk were authorized to sign the agreement between the Bell Telephone Co. and the corporation of Glencoe re-operation of sirens (fire alarm) from the company's office.

On motion of Messrs. Munro and McAlpine, the following accounts were ordered paid:—D. C. McNaughton, 5 cords wood, \$22.50; E. T. Huston, sale of tax tickets \$18, war tax stamps and postage \$3.88; C. E. Nourse, 2,850 lbs. coal, \$23.50; Don H. Love, rep. snowplow and bars, \$3; W. F. Hayter, 40 lbs. soda, \$2.80; C. E. Davidson, 5 electric bulbs, \$1.75; J. B. Henry, salary \$100; expense attending meeting of Municipal Association \$2.45; Thos. Haggit, laying brick, \$2.25; C. George, attending meeting of Municipal Association, 2 days, \$8.10; Glencoe Hydro-electric Commission, undercharge in lighting town hall, \$80.72; Bickle Fire Engine Co., 600 ft. hose \$600, hose expander \$25, sales tax \$58.12, 8 chem. charges \$18.81; G.T.R., freight on fire hose \$2.35, on chemicals \$1.06.

On motion of Messrs. McAlpine and Parrott, it was agreed to refund to the I.O.O.F. the sum of \$38.71, being amount of taxes on the property donated for library for 1922.

On motion of Messrs. McCracken and McAlpine, S. Shaw was appointed member of the board of health.

**Charles George, Clerk.**

**HALF-A-MILLION TELEPHONES**  
At the end of 1922, Bell Telephones in service in Ontario and Quebec, as shown by the company's annual report, totalled 544,000. That is, at the end of 1922. To achieve this net gain, more telephones were actually connected than in any other year in the company's history. To be exact, 123,092 telephones were installed at new locations. Although this figure includes telephones moved and re-installed elsewhere, it gives an impressive idea of the immense amount of work and material necessary. At December 31st last there were actually in service in the two provinces 424,232 Bell telephones, and 119,821 on connecting company systems—a total of Bell and connecting instruments of 544,044.

**HOCKEY NOTES**  
Appin and Melbourne played a rubber game at Glencoe on Wednesday night. Appin coming out on top by a score of 5 to 2.

On Wednesday night Glencoe seniors were defeated at Galt by the seniors of that town in a Northern League game. Glencoe was minus a number of their principal players and proved easy picking, the score being 1-12. Glencoe was further handicapped by Quick, goal keeper, getting struck in the eye with the puck early in the game. The return game was played here Friday evening, when our boys managed to hold the Galt huskies down to a 6-1 score.

**POST OFFICE REVENUES**  
The annual report of the Postmaster-General of Canada gives the following as the gross postal revenues of accounting post offices in this district: Alvinston, \$3,822.51; Appin, \$1,427.49; Bothwell, \$3,898.91; Cairo, \$273.43; Dresden, \$6,059.84; Glencoe, \$5,478.66; Newbury, \$1,558.62; Ridgeway, \$8,784.07; Rodney, \$4,248.40; Thameville, \$4,928.02; West Lorne, \$3,794.73; Watford, \$6,212.65.

**THRILLING PICTURE COMING**  
"When Romance Rides" may be summed up as the most colorful and swift-moving of Zane Grey pictures (all founded upon Zane Grey novels, and the Zane Grey novels are the most widely read of any author's in the country). The horse race at the rodeo, when Claire Adams rides Wildfire in the free-for-all race to beat the villain in his own game is almost as good as and as thrilling as the real thing.

But the race fades in power before the big climax in which the kidnapped Lucy is tied to the back of a horse by a half-witted man and would have been killed in a plunge over the precipice had not Carl Gantvoort rescued her in the nick of time.

At Glencoe opera house Saturday night, March 17.

At the last meeting of the council of Alvinston the salary of the clerk was increased \$100 and that of the treasurer \$50 per year.

### SEE GLENCOE FIRST

Write Secretary Board of Trade for information that may mean much to you if you are seeking a location.

### CROP COMPETITION WINNERS

Results of the combined standing field crop and threshed grain competition in 1922 in connection with the Moss & Ekfrid Agricultural Society are announced. The crop chosen was oats and variety O.A.C. 72. Following are the winners—first figures indicate 60 per cent. of field score, second 40 per cent. of bin score and third total points:—1st, Robert Campbell, Alvinston, 53.7, 37.6, 91.3; 2nd, A. B. McDonald, Glencoe, 54.3, 36, 90.3; 3rd, D. C. McTavish, Walkers, 51, 38, 87; 4th, Chas. Gould, Glencoe, 51.9, 34.8, 86.7; 5th, D. W. Gillies, Glencoe, 51.6, 31.2, 82.8; 6th, Wm. McCutcheon, Glencoe, 50.7, 26, 76.7; 7th, David Leitch, Walkers, 53.4, 23.2, 76.6.

**BETTER LIVE STOCK**  
Ontario farmers should make it a point to see the "Better Live Stock Train" which is at present passing through the province, visiting the important live stock and dairy districts. The train, consisting of sixteen cars, seven of which are given exclusively to cattle, will be in Glencoe Friday, March 23.

The object of this splendid movement is to give farmers an opportunity to see first-hand the difference between proper and haphazard breeding, and to demonstrate by actual exhibits and by special lectures just how best results may be obtained. In fact, stock will be carried on this train that may be purchased—animals that have been selected by capable judges. Poultry also is a feature of the exhibit.

The operation of this train has been made possible by the co-operation of the Dominion and Ontario Departments of Agriculture and the railways. In Northern, Central and Western Ontario the route of the train is via the Canadian National Railway.

**DEATH OF HUGH McLAUCHLIN**  
The death occurred at his home near Kilmartin on Sunday, March 11, of Hugh McLauchlin, in his 96th year. Mr. McLauchlin was one of the pioneers of the township of Moss, and was well known and highly esteemed throughout the district. He leaves a family of five sons and three daughters, who have the sympathy of the community in their bereavement. The funeral service was held in Burns' church, Moss, yesterday afternoon, and interment was made in Kilmartin cemetery.

**HALF-A-MILLION TELEPHONES**  
At the end of 1922, Bell Telephones in service in Ontario and Quebec, as shown by the company's annual report, totalled 544,000. That is, at the end of 1922. To achieve this net gain, more telephones were actually connected than in any other year in the company's history. To be exact, 123,092 telephones were installed at new locations. Although this figure includes telephones moved and re-installed elsewhere, it gives an impressive idea of the immense amount of work and material necessary. At December 31st last there were actually in service in the two provinces 424,232 Bell telephones, and 119,821 on connecting company systems—a total of Bell and connecting instruments of 544,044.

**HOCKEY NOTES**  
Appin and Melbourne played a rubber game at Glencoe on Wednesday night. Appin coming out on top by a score of 5 to 2.

On Wednesday night Glencoe seniors were defeated at Galt by the seniors of that town in a Northern League game. Glencoe was minus a number of their principal players and proved easy picking, the score being 1-12. Glencoe was further handicapped by Quick, goal keeper, getting struck in the eye with the puck early in the game. The return game was played here Friday evening, when our boys managed to hold the Galt huskies down to a 6-1 score.

**POST OFFICE REVENUES**  
The annual report of the Postmaster-General of Canada gives the following as the gross postal revenues of accounting post offices in this district: Alvinston, \$3,822.51; Appin, \$1,427.49; Bothwell, \$3,898.91; Cairo, \$273.43; Dresden, \$6,059.84; Glencoe, \$5,478.66; Newbury, \$1,558.62; Ridgeway, \$8,784.07; Rodney, \$4,248.40; Thameville, \$4,928.02; West Lorne, \$3,794.73; Watford, \$6,212.65.

**THRILLING PICTURE COMING**  
"When Romance Rides" may be summed up as the most colorful and swift-moving of Zane Grey pictures (all founded upon Zane Grey novels, and the Zane Grey novels are the most widely read of any author's in the country). The horse race at the rodeo, when Claire Adams rides Wildfire in the free-for-all race to beat the villain in his own game is almost as good as and as thrilling as the real thing.

But the race fades in power before the big climax in which the kidnapped Lucy is tied to the back of a horse by a half-witted man and would have been killed in a plunge over the precipice had not Carl Gantvoort rescued her in the nick of time.

At Glencoe opera house Saturday night, March 17.

At the last meeting of the council of Alvinston the salary of the clerk was increased \$100 and that of the treasurer \$50 per year.



## OUT OF THE GOLDEN PACK

BY IDA M. EVANS.

PART I.  
From that first night Stephen Bentlewin knew that Lettice Towne had wiped other women—except one—from his mind. But even then he feared that in the end he would decide against marrying her. Had he been, say, twenty-five years old, he would doubtless have married her in passion and in a rush. At twenty-five one still believes in a Santa Claus with a golden pack of futures for men and women.

Lettice looked like a lovely gift for some man. Sitting a little back from the fireplace at the end of the Wellman's expensive Lake Shore hall, in a misty pale green chiffon dinner gown whose extreme low cut was most kind to her white neck and shoulders, she exhibited that careful petal perfection which is possessed in common by both house roses and many women of this modern massuse and steam heat day.

But Stephen Bentlewin was neither sixteen nor twenty-six. He was thirty-seven. He had men friends who were husbands—surgeons, and internes, and some not belonging to his own profession. And even Bickings, tight-lipped and reticent, had once grunted in an after-dinner semi-professional conclave: "The sex isn't quinine. You can't say thus, or thus or so and thus will a man's spirit react to a long or a short dose of some woman."

Korffer, whose eyes were a glittering black and whose hair was a washed-out gray, was ironically acquiescent. "Simulate him or stagnate him."

Bickings finished oracularly. "Man, there's no way of telling beforehand!" Stephen Bentlewin learned a little about Lettice the next day from the Bickings, who had known the Townes since the four children had the mumps. "Good family. Nice girl—Lettice. Let's see, she must be about twenty-six."

He changed the subject. But even then he had begun relentlessly to compare Lettice Towne with another woman—the little, bent woman going poseful one who had borne him. It was unfair to Lettice Towne, perhaps. Admitting this, he could not restrain the comparison.

When he was nine years old, freckled, barelegged, and bramble scratched most of the year, not overfed or over-clothed any month of the year, he had taken his mother to be an ordinary parent.

Since then, as he had attained skill, he had dissected Cora Bentlewin, tenderly enough, analyzed her, given her a "humanity complex," a lonely soul and a timid but purposeful nature. She must have had all three, so he guessed, or she would not have continued to live on, after his father's death, in that sparsely settled, poverty-inhabited northern sandhill district, and minister to its needs without any expectation of proper recompense.

She and Stephen's father had been students at the same medical school. Stephen never understood just why the two settled in those northern sandhills, in a three-room shack with its few wretched pieces of furniture. Perhaps for his father's health, or because two poor graduates could not afford to go farther or make a better five years for a practice.

His father had died five years later. Stephen's childhood was a series of grim pictures. An old, rattling buggy and a gaunt horse and a little, bent woman going forth, wind and rain, all seasons of the year, to answer calls.

He could not recall that she ever refused to go herself, no matter what the hour of night, when the miles to some "foreigner's" kitchen bedroom and shakful of numerous progeny. Those she attended in their sicknesses.

Came ever a five-dollar bill, or even a two-dollar, his mother's way, and promptly it posted to city wholesale house for quinine, calomel, aconite, podophyllin and chloroform. He remembered once, when he was a little, and makes himself a little to have for Christmas. "Two thousand grains of quinine, son," she said gloomily. "That swamp four miles west of Nova's hill."

She died one spring—of a common cold which went into bronchitis before.

It rests the wrist. This whole body is relaxed, the tension is gone far more rapidly, and the mind of your fingers finds you with untired grace and wrists, if you use the

Hotpoint. The thumb rest, an exclusive Hotpoint feature, relieves all strain from the wrist, and makes typing as agreeable duty, rather than a weary task.

For sale by dealers everywhere.

\*Made in Canada\* by Canadian General Electric Co., Limited, Toronto.

Head Office, Toronto.

He said to himself that he was not in love with her and he had no intention of allowing himself to believe

that he was in love. But it was with a curious involuntary elation that a few days later he accepted an invitation to dine at the Wellman table and afterward take in a play downtown.

(To be continued.)  
The Fly in the Ointment.  
Bridget, the maid, approached her mistress.

"Oh would loike a week's holiday, Miss Eileen," she said. "O' wants to be married."

Her mistress gave her a week's holiday, a white dress, a veil, and a cake. At the end of the week Bridget returned.

"Oh, Miss Eileen," she exclaimed, "O' was the most lovely bride. Me dress was perfect, me veil lovely, and the cake splendid."

"Well, Bridget, this sounds delightful," said her mistress. "I hope you have got a good husband."

Bridget's tone changed to one of indignation. "Now, Miss Eileen, an what d'ye think? The spalpeen never turned up."

Woman's Interests.  
An Apron From Left-Overs.  
Turning a stray yard of chintz and a jagged length of organdie into a fichu apron is a good antidote for a blue Monday or a drizzly spring Wednesday. It gives that pronounced satisfaction—the same feeling you have when you roll out the bit of left-over pie crust, pare a couple of speckled apples, slice them, crumple up the crust, and pop two delicious turnovers into the oven, registering the thought that you have made something tasty out of what might have been thrown away.

The fichu apron is a recipe, too, that can be varied to suit the ingredients at hand. Crisp blue chambray with a fichu of blue-dotted white swiss is a possibility that comes to my mind. Checked gingham might be used with a starched voile, batiste, or lawn fichu. Or cut cross-banded dish-towel for a fichu, using the band that comes off at the side for trimming on a white lawn apron.

And if your sewing bag disgorges an odd length of voile that's yellow beyond using, put on the tint pot and have new blouse. It will take a lovely light gray, which happens to be decidedly smarter than white as an accompaniment to a blue suit.

In fact, running over the new styles makes me think of many more "tuck-aways." A square of lace, for instance. It will make one of the ripply berthas that all the girls are wearing. There are several ways of accomplishing the feat. It can be edged with narrow lace, or the corners rounded and left raw. Or scallop it and finish it with an edging. For the neck opening, just cut a circle in the centre. Of course, you must tint the lace exactly to match the shade of the dress.

Perhaps you have a seely Paisley shawl—one that's too far gone to make a jacket. However, there may be enough that will hang together to patch out a delightful banding for a white wool sport skirt, piecing your band at the centre front and the sides.

When you are rummaging around you may bring to light a dress length of blue chambray which you have been holding for a house dress, way back to the time when house dresses were not gay calicoes, chintz, and tempting peppermint green-checked gingham. My advice is to forget the house-dress idea right off. You have the start of a smart summer street dress if you invest your spare time for a couple of days in stitching a pattern on it.

You can use a band design transfer pattern, stamping the band crosswise of the goods and parallel to give an all-over effect. In stitching on your machine, place the paper under the goods so it won't pucker, and use coarse sewing cotton. Then there are slipper frills to use up your scraps of silk. Some are just straight strips of material, six inches wide, folded through the centre, lengthwise, and gathered to form a hoop. The centre is finished with a buckle. This forms a "trim," as the shops call it, that can be tacked to the front of a plain pump.

We Like Gasoline Lamps.  
Since we have installed two gasoline vapor mantle lamps in our home it is so very much more cheerful, bright, and agreeable that now we look forward to the arrival of evening with its time for reading and fun.

We had used the common coal-oil lamps, as so many farmers do, until we purchased our first gasoline vapor mantle lamp. A year's use proved this system for lighting our home so satisfactory that we purchased a second one.

This was the latest type lamp generated and lighted directly with a couple of matches. It gives a powerful light of several hundred candle-power, costing us only a few cents an evening to use. While its light is bright, it is non-flickering, pure white, and restful to the eyes. We fill the lamps only once or twice a week. There are no wicks to trim, no chimneys to keep clean. They are perfectly safe.

I wish every farm woman could see our home as we now light it for night recreation.—R. L.

## Dye Old Wrap, Skirt, Sweater, Curtains in Diamond Dyes

Each package of "Diamond Dyes" contains directions so simple any woman can dye or tint her old worn, faded things new. Even if she has never dyed before, she can put a rich, fadeless color into shabby skirts, dresses, waists, coats, stockings, sweaters, coverings, draperies, hangings, everything! Buy Diamond Dyes—no other kind—then perfect home dyeing is guaranteed. Just tell your druggist whether the material you wish to dye is wool or silk, or whether it is linen, cotton, or mixed goods. Diamond Dyes never streak, spot, fade, or run.

The Riding Mountain forest reserve contains what is believed to be the largest herd of elk in Canada, estimated at between three thousand and four thousand head.

Minard's Liniment for Coughs & Colds

cup of cold water into the boiling water, and then it will be scalded just right. When I am dressing the chicken I use warm water, as it cleans much easier than to put it in cold water. Some rub baking soda on the chicken, as it has a tendency to clean easier. After dressing the chicken I always put it into cold water at once, and add just a little salt, as it helps to draw out the blood and makes the flesh white and clear.—Mrs. A. R.

When getting ready to dress a chicken if the water is boiling hard in the teakettle, it is too hot, and is apt to cook the flesh, so that the skin will come off and make the chicken hard to clean, and also spoil the looks of it. I always put half or two-thirds of a

cup of cold water into the boiling water, and then it will be scalded just right. When I am dressing the chicken I use warm water, as it cleans much easier than to put it in cold water. Some rub baking soda on the chicken, as it has a tendency to clean easier. After dressing the chicken I always put it into cold water at once, and add just a little salt, as it helps to draw out the blood and makes the flesh white and clear.—Mrs. A. R.

When getting ready to dress a chicken if the water is boiling hard in the teakettle, it is too hot, and is apt to cook the flesh, so that the skin will come off and make the chicken hard to clean, and also spoil the looks of it. I always put half or two-thirds of a

cup of cold water into the boiling water, and then it will be scalded just right. When I am dressing the chicken I use warm water, as it cleans much easier than to put it in cold water. Some rub baking soda on the chicken, as it has a tendency to clean easier. After dressing the chicken I always put it into cold water at once, and add just a little salt, as it helps to draw out the blood and makes the flesh white and clear.—Mrs. A. R.

When getting ready to dress a chicken if the water is boiling hard in the teakettle, it is too hot, and is apt to cook the flesh, so that the skin will come off and make the chicken hard to clean, and also spoil the looks of it. I always put half or two-thirds of a

cup of cold water into the boiling water, and then it will be scalded just right. When I am dressing the chicken I use warm water, as it cleans much easier than to put it in cold water. Some rub baking soda on the chicken, as it has a tendency to clean easier. After dressing the chicken I always put it into cold water at once, and add just a little salt, as it helps to draw out the blood and makes the flesh white and clear.—Mrs. A. R.

When getting ready to dress a chicken if the water is boiling hard in the teakettle, it is too hot, and is apt to cook the flesh, so that the skin will come off and make the chicken hard to clean, and also spoil the looks of it. I always put half or two-thirds of a

cup of cold water into the boiling water, and then it will be scalded just right. When I am dressing the chicken I use warm water, as it cleans much easier than to put it in cold water. Some rub baking soda on the chicken, as it has a tendency to clean easier. After dressing the chicken I always put it into cold water at once, and add just a little salt, as it helps to draw out the blood and makes the flesh white and clear.—Mrs. A. R.

When getting ready to dress a chicken if the water is boiling hard in the teakettle, it is too hot, and is apt to cook the flesh, so that the skin will come off and make the chicken hard to clean, and also spoil the looks of it. I always put half or two-thirds of a

cup of cold water into the boiling water, and then it will be scalded just right. When I am dressing the chicken I use warm water, as it cleans much easier than to put it in cold water. Some rub baking soda on the chicken, as it has a tendency to clean easier. After dressing the chicken I always put it into cold water at once, and add just a little salt, as it helps to draw out the blood and makes the flesh white and clear.—Mrs. A. R.

When getting ready to dress a chicken if the water is boiling hard in the teakettle, it is too hot, and is apt to cook the flesh, so that the skin will come off and make the chicken hard to clean, and also spoil the looks of it. I always put half or two-thirds of a

cup of cold water into the boiling water, and then it will be scalded just right. When I am dressing the chicken I use warm water, as it cleans much easier than to put it in cold water. Some rub baking soda on the chicken, as it has a tendency to clean easier. After dressing the chicken I always put it into cold water at once, and add just a little salt, as it helps to draw out the blood and makes the flesh white and clear.—Mrs. A. R.

When getting ready to dress a chicken if the water is boiling hard in the teakettle, it is too hot, and is apt to cook the flesh, so that the skin will come off and make the chicken hard to clean, and also spoil the looks of it. I always put half or two-thirds of a

cup of cold water into the boiling water, and then it will be scalded just right. When I am dressing the chicken I use warm water, as it cleans much easier than to put it in cold water. Some rub baking soda on the chicken, as it has a tendency to clean easier. After dressing the chicken I always put it into cold water at once, and add just a little salt, as it helps to draw out the blood and makes the flesh white and clear.—Mrs. A. R.

When getting ready to dress a chicken if the water is boiling hard in the teakettle, it is too hot, and is apt to cook the flesh, so that the skin will come off and make the chicken hard to clean, and also spoil the looks of it. I always put half or two-thirds of a

cup of cold water into the boiling water, and then it will be scalded just right. When I am dressing the chicken I use warm water, as it cleans much easier than to put it in cold water. Some rub baking soda on the chicken, as it has a tendency to clean easier. After dressing the chicken I always put it into cold water at once, and add just a little salt, as it helps to draw out the blood and makes the flesh white and clear.—Mrs. A. R.

When getting ready to dress a chicken if the water is boiling hard in the teakettle, it is too hot, and is apt to cook the flesh, so that the skin will come off and make the chicken hard to clean, and also spoil the looks of it. I always put half or two-thirds of a

cup of cold water into the boiling water, and then it will be scalded just right. When I am dressing the chicken I use warm water, as it cleans much easier than to put it in cold water. Some rub baking soda on the chicken, as it has a tendency to clean easier. After dressing the chicken I always put it into cold water at once, and add just a little salt, as it helps to draw out the blood and makes the flesh white and clear.—Mrs. A. R.

When getting ready to dress a chicken if the water is boiling hard in the teakettle, it is too hot, and is apt to cook the flesh, so that the skin will come off and make the chicken hard to clean, and also spoil the looks of it. I always put half or two-thirds of a

cup of cold water into the boiling water, and then it will be scalded just right. When I am dressing the chicken I use warm water, as it cleans much easier than to put it in cold water. Some rub baking soda on the chicken, as it has a tendency to clean easier. After dressing the chicken I always put it into cold water at once, and add just a little salt, as it helps to draw out the blood and makes the flesh white and clear.—Mrs. A. R.

When getting ready to dress a chicken if the water is boiling hard in the teakettle, it is too hot, and is apt to cook the flesh, so that the skin will come off and make the chicken hard to clean, and also spoil the looks of it. I always put half or two-thirds of a

cup of cold water into the boiling water, and then it will be scalded just right. When I am dressing the chicken I use warm water, as it cleans much easier than to put it in cold water. Some rub baking soda on the chicken, as it has a tendency to clean easier. After dressing the chicken I always put it into cold water at once, and add just a little salt, as it helps to draw out the blood and makes the flesh white and clear.—Mrs. A. R.

When getting ready to dress a chicken if the water is boiling hard in the teakettle, it is too hot, and is apt to cook the flesh, so that the skin will come off and make the chicken hard to clean, and also spoil the looks of it. I always put half or two-thirds of a

cup of cold water into the boiling water, and then it will be scalded just right. When I am dressing the chicken I use warm water, as it cleans much easier than to put it in cold water. Some rub baking soda on the chicken, as it has a tendency to clean easier. After dressing the chicken I always put it into cold water at once, and add just a little salt, as it helps to draw out the blood and makes the flesh white and clear.—Mrs. A. R.

When getting ready to dress a chicken if the water is boiling hard in the teakettle, it is too hot, and is apt to cook the flesh, so that the skin will come off and make the chicken hard to clean, and also spoil the looks of it. I always put half or two-thirds of a

cup of cold water into the boiling water, and then it will be scalded just right. When I am dressing the chicken I use warm water, as it cleans much easier than to put it in cold water. Some rub baking soda on the chicken, as it has a tendency to clean easier. After dressing the chicken I always put it into cold water at once, and add just a little salt, as it helps to draw out the blood and makes the flesh white and clear.—Mrs. A. R.

When getting ready to dress a chicken if the water is boiling hard in the teakettle, it is too hot, and is apt to cook the flesh, so that the skin will come off and make the chicken hard to clean, and also spoil the looks of it. I always put half or two-thirds of a

cup of cold water into the boiling water, and then it will be scalded just right. When I am dressing the chicken I use warm water, as it cleans much easier than to put it in cold water. Some rub baking soda on the chicken, as it has a tendency to clean easier. After dressing the chicken I always put it into cold water at once, and add just a little salt, as it helps to draw out the blood and makes the flesh white and clear.—Mrs. A. R.

When getting ready to dress a chicken if the water is boiling hard in the teakettle, it is too hot, and is apt to cook the flesh, so that the skin will come off and make the chicken hard to clean, and also spoil the looks of it. I always put half or two-thirds of a

cup of cold water into the boiling water, and then it will be scalded just right. When I am dressing the chicken I use warm water, as it cleans much easier than to put it in cold water. Some rub baking soda on the chicken, as it has a tendency to clean easier. After dressing the chicken I always put it into cold water at once, and add just a little salt, as it helps to draw out the blood and makes the flesh white and clear.—Mrs. A. R.

When getting ready to dress a chicken if the water is boiling hard in the teakettle, it is too hot, and is apt to cook the flesh, so that the skin will come off and make the chicken hard to clean, and also spoil the looks of it. I always put half or two-thirds of a

cup of cold water into the boiling water, and then it will be scalded just right. When I am dressing the chicken I use warm water, as it cleans much easier than to put it in cold water. Some rub baking soda on the chicken, as it has a tendency to clean easier. After dressing the chicken I always put it into cold water at once, and add just a little salt, as it helps to draw out the blood and makes the flesh white and clear.—Mrs. A. R.

When getting ready to dress a chicken if the water is boiling hard in the teakettle, it is too hot, and is apt to cook the flesh, so that the skin will come off and make the chicken hard to clean, and also spoil the looks of it. I always put half or two-thirds of a

cup of cold water into the boiling water, and then it will be scalded just right. When I am dressing the chicken I use warm water, as it cleans much easier than to put it in cold water. Some rub baking soda on the chicken, as it has a tendency to clean easier. After dressing the chicken I always put it into cold water at once, and add just a little salt, as it helps to draw out the blood and makes the flesh white and clear.—Mrs. A. R.

When getting ready to dress a chicken if the water is boiling hard in the teakettle, it is too hot, and is apt to cook the flesh, so that the skin will come off and make the chicken hard to clean, and also spoil the looks of it. I always put half or two-thirds of a

cup of cold water into the boiling water, and then it will be scalded just right. When I am dressing the chicken I use warm water, as it cleans much easier than to put it in cold water. Some rub baking soda on the chicken, as it has a tendency to clean easier. After dressing the chicken I always put it into cold water at once, and add just a little salt, as it helps to draw out the blood and makes the flesh white and clear.—Mrs. A. R.

When getting ready to dress a chicken if the water is boiling hard in the teakettle, it is too hot, and is apt to cook the flesh, so that the skin will come off and make the chicken hard to clean, and also spoil the looks of it. I always put half or two-thirds of a

## After Every Meal

WRIGLEY'S  
The Great Canadian Sweetmeat  
provides pleasant action for your teeth, also penetrating the crevices and cleansing them.

Then, too, it aids digestion.

Use WRIGLEY'S after every meal—see how much better you will feel.

The Flavor Lasts

cup of cold water into the boiling water, and then it will be scalded just right. When I am dressing the chicken I use warm water, as it cleans much easier than to put it in cold water. Some rub baking soda on the chicken, as it has a tendency to clean easier. After dressing the chicken I always put it into cold water at once, and add just a little salt, as it helps to draw out the blood and makes the flesh white and clear.—Mrs. A. R.

When getting ready to dress a chicken if the water is boiling hard in the teakettle, it is too hot, and is apt to cook the flesh, so that the skin will come off and make the chicken hard to clean, and also spoil the looks of it. I always put half or two-thirds of a

cup of cold water into the boiling water, and then it will be scalded just right. When I am dressing the chicken I use warm water, as it cleans much easier than to put it in cold water. Some rub baking soda on the chicken, as it has a tendency to clean easier. After dressing the chicken I always put it into cold water at once, and add just a little salt, as it helps to draw out the blood and makes the flesh white and clear.—Mrs. A. R.

When getting ready to dress a chicken if the water is boiling hard in the teakettle, it is too hot, and is apt to cook the flesh, so that the skin will come off and make the chicken hard to clean, and also spoil the looks of it. I always put half or two-thirds of a

cup of cold water into the boiling water, and then it will be scalded just right. When I am dressing the chicken I use warm water, as it cleans much easier than to put it in cold water. Some rub baking soda on the chicken, as it has a tendency to clean easier. After dressing the chicken I always put it into cold water at once, and add just a little salt, as it helps to draw out the blood and makes the flesh white and clear.—Mrs. A. R.

When getting ready to dress a chicken if the water is boiling hard in the teakettle, it is too hot, and is apt to cook the flesh, so that the skin will come off and make the chicken hard to clean, and also spoil the looks of it. I always put half or two-thirds of a

cup of cold water into the boiling water, and then it will be scalded just right. When I am dressing the chicken I use warm water, as it cleans much easier than to put it in cold water. Some rub baking soda on the chicken, as it has a tendency to clean easier. After dressing the chicken I always put it into cold water at once, and add just a little salt, as it helps to draw out the blood and makes the flesh white and clear.—Mrs. A. R.

When getting ready to dress a chicken if the water is boiling hard in the teakettle, it is too hot, and is apt to cook the flesh, so that the skin will come off and make the chicken hard to clean, and also spoil the looks of it. I always put half or two-thirds of a

cup of cold water into the boiling water, and then it will be scalded just right. When I am dressing the chicken I use warm water, as it cleans much easier than to put it in cold water. Some rub baking soda on the chicken, as it has a tendency to clean easier. After dressing the chicken I always put it into cold water at once, and add just a little salt, as it helps to draw out the blood and makes the flesh white and clear.—Mrs. A. R.

When getting ready to dress a chicken if the water is boiling hard in the teakettle, it is too hot, and is apt to cook the flesh, so that the skin will come off and make the chicken hard to clean, and also spoil the looks of it. I always put half or two-thirds of a

cup of cold water into the boiling water, and then it will be scalded just right. When I am dressing the chicken I use warm water, as it cleans much easier than to put it in cold water. Some rub baking soda on the chicken, as it has a tendency to clean easier. After dressing the chicken I always put it into cold water at once, and add just a little salt, as it helps to draw out the blood and makes the flesh white and clear.—Mrs. A. R.

When getting ready to dress a chicken if the water is boiling hard in the teakettle, it is too hot, and is apt to cook the flesh, so that the skin will come off and make the chicken hard to clean, and also spoil the looks of it. I always put half or two-thirds of a

cup of cold water into the boiling water, and then it will be scalded just right. When I am dressing the chicken I use warm water, as it cleans much easier than to put it in cold water. Some rub baking soda on the chicken, as it has a tendency to clean easier. After dressing the chicken I always put it into cold water at once, and add just a little salt, as it helps to draw out the blood and makes the flesh white and clear.—Mrs. A. R.

When getting ready to dress a chicken if the water is boiling hard in the teakettle, it is too hot, and is apt to cook the flesh, so that the skin will come off and make the chicken hard to clean, and also spoil the looks of it. I always put half or two-thirds of a

cup of cold water into the boiling water, and then it will be scalded just right. When I am dressing the chicken I use warm water, as it cleans much easier than to put it in cold water. Some rub baking soda on the chicken, as it has a tendency to clean easier. After dressing the chicken I always put it into cold water at once, and add just a little salt, as it helps to draw out the blood and makes the flesh white and clear.—Mrs. A. R.

When getting ready to dress a chicken if the water is boiling hard in the teakettle, it is too hot, and is apt to cook the flesh, so that the skin will come off and make the chicken hard to clean, and also spoil the looks of it. I always put half or two-thirds of a

cup of cold water into the boiling water, and then it will be scalded just right. When I am dressing the chicken I use warm water, as it cleans much easier than to put it in cold water. Some rub baking soda on the chicken, as it has a tendency to clean easier. After dressing the chicken I always put it into cold water at once, and add just a little salt, as it helps to draw out the blood and makes the flesh white and clear.—Mrs. A. R.

When getting ready to dress a chicken if the water is boiling hard in the teakettle, it is too hot, and is apt to cook the flesh, so that the skin will come off and make the chicken hard to clean, and also spoil the looks of it. I always put half or two-thirds of a

cup of cold water into the boiling water, and then it will be scalded just right. When I am dressing the chicken I use warm water, as it cleans much easier than to put it in cold water. Some rub baking soda on the chicken, as it has a tendency to clean easier. After dressing the chicken I always put it into cold water at once, and add just a little salt, as it helps to draw out the blood and makes the flesh white and clear.—Mrs. A. R.

When getting ready to dress a chicken if the water is boiling hard in the teakettle, it is too hot, and is apt to cook the flesh, so that the skin will come off and make the chicken hard to clean, and also spoil the looks of it. I always put half or two-thirds of a

cup of cold water into the boiling water, and then it will be scalded just right. When I am dressing the chicken I use warm water, as it cleans much easier than to put it in cold water. Some rub baking soda on the chicken, as it has a tendency to clean easier. After dressing the chicken I always put it into cold water at once, and add just a little salt, as it helps to draw out the blood and makes the flesh white and clear.—Mrs. A. R.

When getting ready to dress a chicken if the water is boiling hard in the teakettle, it is too hot, and is apt to cook the flesh, so that the skin will come off and make the chicken hard to clean, and also spoil the looks of it. I always put half or two-thirds of a

cup of cold water into the boiling water, and then it will be scalded just right. When I am dressing the chicken I use warm water, as it cleans much easier than to put it in cold water. Some rub baking soda on the chicken, as it has a tendency to clean easier. After dressing the chicken I always put it into cold water at once, and add just a little salt, as it helps to draw out the blood and makes the flesh white and clear.—Mrs. A. R.

When getting ready to dress a chicken if the water is boiling hard in the teakettle, it is too hot, and is apt to cook the flesh, so that the skin will come off and make the chicken hard to clean, and also spoil the looks of it. I always put half or two-thirds of a

cup of cold water into the boiling water, and then it will be scalded just right. When I am dressing the chicken I use warm water, as it cleans much easier than to put it in cold water. Some rub baking soda on the chicken, as it has a tendency to clean easier. After dressing the chicken I always put it into cold water at once, and add just a little salt, as it helps to draw out the blood and makes the flesh white and clear.—Mrs. A. R.

When getting ready to dress a chicken if the water is boiling hard in the teakettle, it is too hot, and is apt to cook the flesh, so that the skin will come off and make the chicken hard to clean, and also spoil the looks of it. I always put half or two-thirds of a

cup of cold water into the boiling water, and then it will be scalded just right. When I am dressing the chicken I use warm water, as it cleans much easier than to put it in cold water. Some rub baking soda on the chicken, as it has a tendency to clean easier. After dressing the chicken I always put it into cold water at once, and add just a little salt, as it helps to draw out the blood and makes the flesh white and clear.—Mrs. A. R.

When getting ready to dress a chicken if the water is boiling hard in the teakettle, it is too hot, and is apt to cook the flesh, so that the skin will come off and make the chicken hard to clean, and also spoil the looks of it. I always put half or two-thirds of a

cup of cold water into the boiling water, and then it will be scalded just right. When I am dressing the chicken I use warm water, as it cleans much easier than to put it in cold water. Some rub baking soda on the chicken, as it has a tendency to clean easier. After dressing the chicken I always put it into cold water at once, and add just a little salt, as it helps to draw out the blood and makes the flesh white and clear.—Mrs. A. R.

When getting ready to dress a chicken if the water is boiling hard in the teakettle, it is too hot, and is apt to cook the flesh, so that the skin will come off and make the chicken hard to clean, and also spoil the looks of it. I always put half or two-thirds of a

cup of cold water into the boiling water, and then it will be scalded just right. When I am dressing the chicken I use warm water, as it cleans much easier than to put it in cold water. Some rub baking soda on the



## QUEEN ALEXANDRA CELEBRATES SIXTIETH ANNIVERSARY OF COMING TO ENGLAND

A despatch from London says:—March 7th marked the sixtieth anniversary of the coming of Queen Alexandra to London. The girl figure, who arrived out of Denmark three score years ago, acclaimed by Tennyson as "the Sea King's daughter from over the sea" on March 10, 1863, in St. George's Chapel, Windsor, became the bride of Britain's future King, Edward VII, then Prince of Wales.

The Danish princess of those far-away days, now Britain's beloved Queen Mother, has also recently passed her seventy-eighth birthday. In all these anniversaries there is a sentimental and romantic meaning, for it has been many generations since this country could celebrate the seventy-eighth birthday of the mother of a reigning monarch or honor a beloved Queen Mother on the double diamond anniversary of her arrival in England and her marriage.

And none of Britain's Queens ever had a firmer hold on the affections of the people throughout the far-flung empire than the stately lady now nearing the four-score mark. While the Queen Mother has not been a stranger to sorrow, her life has been free from the awful tragedies which have marked the lives of some of her contemporaries on the thrones of Europe, none more so than her own sister, the former Dowager Marie of Russia. Ex-Empress Marie came here from Denmark to spend the winter with Queen Alexandra and is still with the Queen Mother at Marlborough House, the town home of King Edward's widow.

## GERMANS MURDER TWO FRENCH OFFICERS

"Shot in the Back in True German Fashion," Says War Minister Maginot.

Dusseldorf, March 11.—Assassination has been added to the German methods of resistance in the Ruhr. Last evening at about 9.30 o'clock, on a country road near the town of Buer, a French patrol found the bodies of a second Lieutenant of infantry, Lieut. Collin of the Chasseurs, and a railroadman, M. Joly, who was filling the post of stationmaster at Buer, who had been shot dead with a revolver. The two bodies were some 20 paces apart, and each had one bullet-hole in the back. The men had been shot by an expert hand, probably some former member of the disbanded Green police force.

To-day War Minister Maginot pinned the Cross of the Legion of Honor on the tunic of each. Later M. Maginot expressed his feelings before the assembled officers of three battalions here.

"These Frenchmen were assassinated in a cowardly manner. They were shot in the back in true German fashion," he said. "We are the stronger here, but we never abused our power. In this attitude toward the population our soldiers are animated by sentiments of humanity, but such a crime cannot remain unpunished, and it is only right that it should carry with it terrible sanctions."

Though such attacks have always been considered inevitable, as incidental to the occupation, this is the first of the kind which has proved fatal. On the few occasions on which French soldiers and officials have been shot at, it was always from a distance and, except in the case of one sentinel, without damage.

Recently, however, with further organization of nationalist bands and a comparative failure of pacific resistance, the probability of assassination was increased. Such was the case in Upper Silesia. As long as the Germans expected to obtain satisfaction there was little political crime. But the moment it became evident that their claims were failing they began to shoot.

Stern measures are being taken to discourage any further incidents. The Burgomaster, Assistant Burgomaster, Chief of Police, and two of the most prominent citizens of Buer are being held as hostages, and the municipality has been ordered, under threat of penalties, to discover and hand over the aggressors at once.

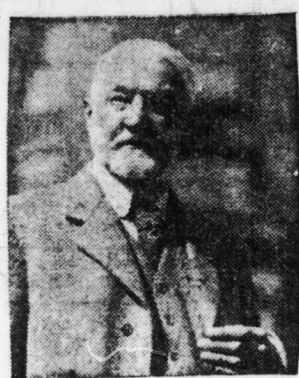
## Nova Scotia Adopts "Drive to the Right" Rule

A despatch from Halifax, N.S., says:—Premier E. H. Armstrong has introduced a bill in the local House of Assembly amending the Rule of the Road and the Motor Vehicle Act, conforming to the traffic rule prevailing in all other provinces of the Dominion, which have adopted the "drive to the right" policy. There was no discussion.



Brings Honor to Canada.

Dr. F. G. Banting, whose discovery of insulin, a serum for the cure of diabetes, has brought unqualified approval and praise from medical men on both sides of the Atlantic. He has already had amazing results in treatment of diabetic patients. A movement is on foot in the Ontario Parliament to provide him with a substantial income to set him free for at least ten years for unrestricted research work.



A native-born Canadian who became an eminent jurist. Sir Walter Cassels died at his home in Ottawa on March 11, in his 78th year.

## LIFTING OF EMBARGO BIG TRADE INCREASE

Britain's Live Stock Dealers Expecting Million Head of Cattle from Canada.

A despatch from Ottawa says:—Testifying before the committee that is inquiring into agricultural conditions, Deputy Minister of Agriculture Grisdale said that many in the live-stock trade in Great Britain evidently believed that a big trade would result from Canada, following the lifting of the cattle embargo. Indeed, some seemed to think as many as a million head might be got from this country.

An important point brought out was that cattle shipped from Ireland will enter Britain under much easier conditions than those from Canada, though after their arrival the conditions are the same in both cases.

Thomas Sales drew information respecting the cost of shipping cattle from the West to Liverpool, Dr. Grisdale venturing the opinion that the cost from Winnipeg for an eleven hundred pound beast would be from \$45 to \$50. Mr. Sales thought that about another \$10 would have to be added to charges from a mid-Saskatchewan point, and concluded that, from present prospects, there would not be much in it for the Western farmer.

He thought that a beast sold at \$40 some years ago brought more profit than one at \$60 to-day.

Mr. Arkell gave the overhead charges on an eleven hundred pound steer to Liverpool as follows: From Toronto, \$35; from Winnipeg, \$44; from Calgary, \$47. The burden of evidence was to show that the business of shipping store cattle would be profitable for the eastern farmer.

Mr. Sales wanted to know if it would not be possible to secure a through rate on cattle shipped from the West and fed in the East for export, so that "the farmer might, in this respect, be placed on the same level with the millers who had a milling in transit rate.

**SUPERIOR QUALITY OF ANZAC PRODUCTS**

The High National Standard Averts British Trade from Canadian Canned Fruits.

A despatch from London says:—New Zealand having already made serious inroads on the British market for Canadian cheese with its Government graded product, Australia now threatens to steal a march on Canada by the establishment of a national standard of quality for all its primary products.

A start has already been made with butter and cheese, and the British market will soon receive supplies of butter labelled with the national brand "Kangaroo," which will guarantee that it has been pasteurized, has come from Australia, and will keep for five months.

Similar action will be taken with regard to canned fruits and dried fruits.

There is a lesson here for Canada whose canned fruits are constantly being criticized by British importers on the ground that they are not well graded. For the same a contractor to whom it was proposed to give a catering contract for the British Empire exhibition, objected to using Canadian canned fruit.

J. A. Riddick, Dominion Dairy Commissioner, now en route to the Antipodes, will, no doubt, look into the advisability of emulating Australia's example.



Fuel Supplies Running Out. B. F. Hannel, of the Mines Department at Ottawa, and member of the Canada Fuel Board, warns Canadians that this country is soon to be faced by a permanent fuel shortage. The visible coal supply of anthracite coal will last only 80 to 100 years and America's visible oil supply will last only 25 years.

## CANADIANS LOSE IN U.S. STEEL CONCERN

Nine Millions of Stock Held by Persons of Moderate Means.

A despatch from Toronto says:—Canadians with modest means invested nine millions of dollars in the L. R. Steel Company, Inc., of the United States. This was the definite statement made on Friday night by an official who is in a position to know. A comparatively small amount of this was reinvested in Canada.

Canadian investors put their money direct into the American company and will now have to look to the proceedings launched in the United States for any return for the millions put into the bold undertakings of L. R. Steel. The appointment of G. T. Clarkson as receiver of the business in Canada is entirely separate from the winding-up proceedings taken in the United States. Mr. Clarkson will call a meeting of creditors (not shareholders) and determine what is owing to firms by the Canadian company, and any surplus left will be sent to the United States and put into the general melting pot for distribution from there.

It is stated that the Canadian stores owed approximately \$200,000, and it is quite likely there will be sufficient to pay these claims.

## Ontario Government to Intervene for Stockholders

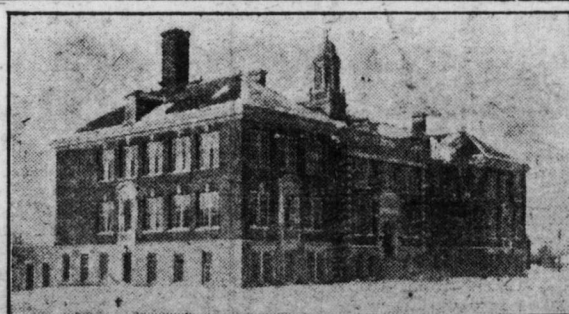
Toronto, March 13.—A unanimity of opinion in favor of governmental intervention in the impetuous stockholders in the L. R. Steel enterprise was revealed in the Legislature yesterday, when the catastrophe was introduced into the Chamber's deliberations. With absolute disregard of party or of other dividing influences the members united in declaring that everything possible should be done to protect the Canadian investors in the corporation. Premier Drury, on behalf of the Administration, stated that the matter was already under the advisement of the Ministry, and he promised that every advantage which legislative enactment of Government assistance could avail would be provided by his colleagues and by himself.

Breslau, in Silesia, possesses a chimney 50 feet high made entirely of compressed paper. It is stated to be fire-proof.

## MIRACLE OF SURGERY WROUGHT ON BODY OF YOUTH SHATTERED IN FALL

New York, March 11.—Surgeons at the Samaritan Hospital in Brooklyn to-day were elated over what they declared was the miraculous reconstruction of a shattered human body.

The case is that of Sebastian Riccobone, 17, the blue-eyed Italian youth who leaped five stories to escape death in a fire which swept the Western Company factory in Thirteenth street, Brooklyn, on October 30 last, causing three deaths. Riccobone was taken to the hospital suffering from injuries which included: Fractures of the spine, skull, pelvis and right arm; paralysis of both legs; punctured bladder and intestines; third degree



**NEW HOME OF ONTARIO VETERINARY COLLEGE**

The Veterinary College at Guelph was recently opened after its removal from Toronto. It is at present situated in the grounds of the Ontario Agricultural College, where the staff and students are in close touch with the live stock holdings of the O.A.C. It is an institution which makes an important contribution to the farming population of the province.

COMMONWEALTH INVESTMENTS LIMITED

Write for list of current investment opportunities

CANADA CENTRAL BLDG. 29 HURON STREET MONTREAL TORONTO 502 JACKSON BUILDING OTTAWA

## BLIZZARD TAKES TOLL OF 36 LIVES

United States Swept by Great Storm from Rocky Mountains to Appalachians.

Chicago, March 12.—Thirty-six persons lost their lives in a storm which swept the country from the Rocky Mountains to the Appalachians, Sunday night and early to-day. Scores were injured and the property damage is expected to run into the millions.

Snow or rain, and in some cases both, accompanied by a terrific wind which in some localities reached a velocity of 80 miles an hour, took lives, wrecked buildings, and crippled transportation and communication systems.

The South suffered most, two towns in Tennessee being completely wrecked and 21 lives lost. Sixteen persons were reported killed at Pinson, Tenn., and five at Dyersburg.

Nine deaths were caused by the storm in Central Kentucky. Three persons were reported killed at Richmond, when the wind lifted a small farm house, containing three adults and ten children from its foundation, carried it fifty yards and hurled it to the ground, in splinters. Two were killed at Bowling Green, three at South Union, and a nine-year-old boy was killed and five other children were injured at South Portsmouth, when the roof was blown from a high school building into a yard where the children were playing, according to reports reaching Louisville.

Other reported deaths included two at Chicago, one at Stouenville, Ohio, one at Massillon, Ohio, one at Greenwood, Miss., one at Eldorado, Ark., and one at Milwaukee, Wis.

**WOMAN MEETS DEATH IN SUDBURY FIRE**

**Business Block Burned With Probable Loss of \$100,000.**

Sudbury, Ont., March 13.—In a fire which destroyed the Gamble-Robinson warehouse and storage plant and a whole city block early this morning, Mrs. Wilfrid Walker, wife of the chief clerk of the C.P.R. freight office, was burned to death, and her husband is so badly burned that his recovery is despaired of. Mr. Walker is in the hospital in an unconscious condition. The two Walker children are reported saved. The Walker family occupied an apartment on the top floor of the block.

The Harris Abattoir, adjoining the Gamble-Robinson block, is believed to be in grave danger of destruction if there is any change in the direction of the wind. A blizzard has been raging since yesterday, and with a 20-mile gale blowing and a temperature below zero, the firemen are battling with the conflagration under extremely adverse conditions. The loss will probably reach \$100,000.

It is estimated that one hundred and sixty million people speak English.



## Weekly Market Report

**Toronto.**

Manitoba wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$1.22.

Manitoba oats—Nominal.

Manitoba barley—Nominal.

All the above track, Bay ports.

American corn—No. 3 yellow, 90½c; No. 4, 89c.

Barley—Maltster, 50 to 60c, according to freights outside.

Buckwheat—No. 2, 78 to 80c.

Rye—No. 2, 84 to 86c.

Peas—No. 2, \$1.45 to \$1.50.

Millfeed—Del., Montreal freights, bags included: Bran, per ton, \$26; shorts, per ton, \$28; middlings, \$28.50; good feed flour, \$2.

Ontario wheat—No. 2 white, \$1.14 to \$1.16, according to freights outside.

Ontario No. 2 white oats—48 to 50c.

Ontario corn—Nominal.

Ontario flour—Ninety per cent. pat. in tote bags, Montreal, prompt shipment, \$5.10 to \$5.20; Toronto basis, \$5.06 to \$5.15; bulk seaboard, \$4.95 to \$5.

Manitoba flour—1st pat., in cotton sacks, \$7.10 per barrel; 2nd pat., \$6.60.

Hay—Extra No. 2, per ton, track, Toronto, \$14; mixed, \$11; clover, \$8.

Straw—Car lots, per ton, track, Toronto, \$9.

Butter—Finest pasteurized creamery, solids, 50 to 51c; prints, 45 to 48c; prints, 48 to 49c; dairy, 29c; cooking, 15 to 18c.

Eggs—Fresh gathered, 37 to 39c; held, 26 to 29c.

Live poultry—Chickens, milk-fed, over 5 lbs., 25c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 22c; do, over 5 lbs., 22c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 18c; do, 2 to 4 lbs., 15 to 18c; hens, over 5 lbs., 25c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 18c; do, 3 to 4 lbs., 15 to 18c; roosters, 12 to 15c; ducklings, over 5 lbs., 25 to 30c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 22 to 25c; turkeys, young, 10 lbs. and up, 22c; do, old, 15c.

Dressed poultry—Chickens, milk-fed, over 5 lbs., 30c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 26c; do, over 5 lbs., 26c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 22c; do, 2 to 4 lbs., 22c; hens, over 5 lbs., 26c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 24c; do, 3 to 4 lbs., 22c; roosters, 22c; ducklings, over 5 lbs., 28 to 30c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 22 to 25c; turkeys, young, 10 lbs. and up, 25c; do, old, 20c.

**PIRATES FIRE UPON YARMOUTH SCHOONER**

**Seized by Force of Arms and Liquid Cargo Stolen.**

Halifax, March 11.—"Get ready." Ten guns went crashing on an astonishing crew. Deck and rigging were splintered by a fusillade of shots, and Supercargo Philip Knowles fell unconscious from three shots fired point-blank at his face.

This was the beginning of an adventure which befell the Yarmouth schooner Eddie James as she lay off the Jersey coast on March 2.

The story told on the arrival of the James here to-day described the carrying away of Knowles, in which condition his shipmates did not know, and of taking at the point of guns 600 cases of whiskey and eight to nine hundred dollars in cash.

The Eddie James was from Nassau for St. Pierre. On March 1 as she lay becalmed off the Jersey coast a large motor launch kindly consented to bring her a cask of water from another vessel. Accordingly next day they ran alongside and were welcomed on board. Two men went aft to the cabin, where Captain Mosher and Supercargo Knowles were. Three remained on deck.

Suddenly one of the men in the cabin shouted, "Get ready."

The Captain and Knowles were instantly covered by four guns, two in the hands of each man. The supercargo took warning soon enough to reach for his pistol, with the result that he was fired at.

The crew were backed toward the forecastle and made to go below. The Captain was also taken there. Then they were ordered up on deck one by one, and under the muzzles of the raiders' guns were set to unloading the Eddie's cargo into the launch.

Nothing further has been heard of Supercargo Knowles, who is 24 years old, and belongs to Nassau.

Despite the shape of the outer shell, the joints of all normal eggs are exactly spherical.

## ARREST AGITATORS IN ENGLISH TOWNS

Scores of Irish Irregulars Deported to Free State for Supplying Arms.

Liverpool, March 11.—On Saturday at about midnight officers of the Criminal Investigation Department at Liverpool carried out a big coup by arresting more than 100 Irishmen and some women. These arrests took place in the north end of the city in connection with operations supposed to be prejudicial to the Irish Free State. The arrested persons were lodged in prison, and this afternoon were conveyed in prison vans to a landing stage and transferred to a destroyer, which had been in the Mersey for the last few days.

Meanwhile a special train arrived at Riverside station, bringing, under police guard, large batches of other prisoners, including women, who are said to have been arrested in different parts of the country, chiefly in London, Birmingham and Manchester. They, too, were taken aboard the destroyer, which left at about 4 o'clock this afternoon, for an unknown destination, presumably Dublin. The whole affair was carried out by the police with great secrecy, and points to a big round-up all over the country of escaped Irish prisoners and other people wanted by the Free State Government.

Latest reports state that between 30 and 40 were arrested in London, 12 in Manchester and 6 in Birmingham. No official information is given as to the identity of any of the prisoners or as to the charges preferred against them. It is understood, however, that they have references either to traffic in arms or escapes from Free State prisons. The police decline to reveal the destroyer's destination, and the authorities took every precaution to prevent anything of their plans leaking out.

## CRIPPLED AS RESULT OF STAY ON ICE FLOES

Captain and Two Seamen Suffer Amputation Following Accident in Ice Fields.

St. John's, Nfld., March 11.—Capt. Henry James, of the schooner A. B. Bartheaux, and two members of his crew, will be crippled as a result of their three-day sojourn on an ice floe after their vessel was crushed in the ice pack of February 20th.

At a hospital here where members of the Bartheaux's crew have been under treatment since they were brought to port by the Norwegian steamer Hawk on Tuesday, it was announced that Captain James would lose both his legs from frost bites. One of his seamen also will have both legs amputated, while a second will lose his left leg and part of his right foot.

The British schooner A. B. Bartheaux, which left New York on February 5th with a cargo of anthracite for this port, was caught in the ice fields off the Newfoundland coast on February 20th.

The crew, which escaped, spent three days on the ice floes without food or adequate shelter, and was rescued on February 23rd by the Hawk.

## Labor Chiefs Invited to Buckingham Palace

A despatch from London says:—King George is paying an unusual amount of attention to the Labor party just now. He dined with half a dozen of its leaders at Lady Astor's house on Thursday night, and on Friday he surprised the party by inviting its chiefs to dinner at Buckingham Palace next Thursday and 30 prominent members to tea the next afternoon. Officially it is explained the King's gesture of friendliness is because Labor is now the leading factor in "His Majesty's Opposition in Parliament."

## Natural Resources Bulletin

The Natural Resources Intelligence Service of the Department of the Interior at Ottawa, says:

From east to west, Ontario covers over 1,000 miles, and from north to south 1,075 miles. Of the 280,000,000 acres of land within the province but 14,500,000 acres are under cultivation. There are 20,000,000 acres of the finest land yet available. This land is situated in the districts of Muskoka, Parry Sound, Nipissing, Sudbury, Algoma, Thunder Bay, Timiskaming, Kenora and Rainy River, and in the counties of Haliburton, Peterborough, Hastings, Lennox and Addington, Frontenac and Renfrew. In many of these places free grants of land are available, and any Crown Land Agent would be glad to give particulars. Ontario, which is three and one-half times as large as Great Britain and Ireland, has a population of but 2,840,000, whereas the British Isles have 47,133,883 of a population. There is, therefore, plenty of room for millions more in Ontario.



Fifty Years a Weatherman.

Sir Frederick Stupart, who is also called "Old Probe," is the director of the Canadian meteorological service at Ottawa, the service which he entered more than fifty years ago. He is a native-born Canadian, whose birthplace was near Toronto. He is a son of a captain of the Royal Navy. He has been president of the Royal Astronomical Society, among other high offices. His home is in Toronto.



## 1923 Will Be Largely What You Make It

### Be An Optimist

"Bite off more than you can chew, then chew it!"

"Plan for more than you can do, then do it!"

"Hitch your wagon to a star, do what's right and there you are!"

### March Brings Big Business

To the store that gives the service demanded.  
REAL SERVICE means ample choice

of the most desirable merchandise, at the right time, right price, and efficient sales staff.

### Footwear For Early Spring

Piles of best quality Rubber Boots. Every pair guaranteed. All lasts in Best Rubbers.

Men's and Boys' Heavy Solid Leather Shoes. The old reliable makes right from

manufactures makes absolutely safe buying here.

Women's Kip and Box Calf Shoes of quality moderately priced.

### March A Big Wash Goods Month

Thrifty people are buying very freely now, and when price as well as first choice makes a difference more people are anticipating their wants and buying now.

Particularly attractive new English and

Scotch Gingham, Zephyrs, Chambrays, Galateas and Prints. Wide widths—most desirable and economical.

Buy Belrobe System Patterns and have your garments with that "snappy style."

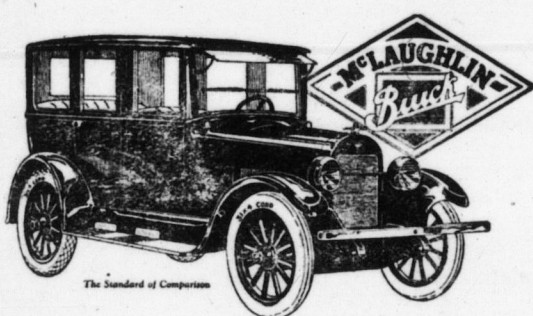
### This Store Is After The Clothing Business

By having the Goods and at the Price. Make closest comparison and you will follow the crowds to our Clothing Department

where you will see a splendid stock of most desirable clothing at less than you expected to pay.

## J. N. CURRIE & CO.

Glencoe's Favorite Store



## Year 'Round Comfort For Five Persons

The "Master Four" Sedan Model 23-37



The McLaughlin-Buick "Master Four" Sedan has all the conveniences, comforts and refinements of the finest closed cars.

The Fisher-built body is upholstered in fine plush. Wide doors with windows adjustable to any position give easy access to both compartments. Silk shades, dome light and fine carpet are such as is found only in high-priced cars.

Comfort is assured by a heater for the winter and by cowl ventilator and adjustable windshield and windows for the summer.

Marked refinements in chassis and in the famous valve-in-head motor make even more secure McLaughlin-Buick's position as "Canada's Standard Car." McLaughlin-Buick cars carry class A insurance rating.

There are 15 McLaughlin-Buick Models to Choose From

**Convenient Gear Shift**  
In all McLaughlin-Buick models the gear shift lever has been lengthened, bringing it up to the level where the driver's hand will rest naturally when released from the steering wheel. Changing gears can be done quickly without bending forward or groping for the lever.

19216

M. J. McALPINE, Dealer, Glencoe

## McLAUGHLIN-BUICK

## Have Your Suit Cleaned

Pressed and Repaired.

Our Method of Cleaning removes all Dust and Spots and leaves the Cloth as good as new. You will be surprised at how nicely we Clean and Press. We employ an Expert Tailor for repair work. Yes—We Clean and Block Hats.

## AYLMER STEAM LAUNDRY

CLEANERS AND DYERS

Glencoe Agency

Roy Siddall

### DEPEND ON THE FOREST

When a man writes his name, reads his paper, puts on his shirt, his necktie, his socks, his shoes, his black suit, when he smokes his pipe, when he takes aspirin or quinine or when he takes acetanilid for a headache, when he goes hunting or to the movies, when he plays a phonograph record, when he uses his radiophone, when he paints his house, varnishes his floor, lights his fire, eats his sausage, he comes into contact directly or indirectly with the chemical utilization of the forest. The chemistry of the forest, the chemical utilization of wood, whether we know it or not, is part and parcel of our daily existence. The discovery of new uses for wood is keeping ahead of the discovery of substitutes for wood, which explains the necessity of governments and all forest authorities adopting a policy that will provide for the scientific handling of this great and rapidly diminishing natural resource.

### THE AIM IS SERVICE

The public has heard and read a good deal of late concerning demonstrations, moving pictures and lectures given by representatives of the Bell Telephone Company, and the visiting of central offices has been an interesting feature in nearly every community. The idea behind this whole movement is explained by President L. B. McFarlane in his annual report just issued to shareholders of the company. Says he: "On the principle that an informed public can be relied upon to be sympathetic and helpful in seconding our efforts to provide an adequate and satisfactory service, we have endeavored to persistently tell our story—through the press, by lectures and public demonstrations, and by inviting the public, subscribers and shareholders to visit our central offices. The result has been a widespread appreciation of the problems of modern telephone development and a growing co-operation with our employees in the everyday work of giving telephone service."

### LOOKING BACK

A girl who left London some time ago, and who has since figured prominently in a divorce suit in Detroit, has been in the old home town again. Of experience she has had more than the share that falls to most people in a whole lifetime. Reports have it that she is reconciled once more to her husband, reputed to be a millionaire. There is something in her remarks, though, that has a lot of human feeling when she says, "I wish I had married some good, clean boy in a small town." There's a thought for the girls who imagine that the men elsewhere are better than those at home; that the boys of the small towns are a bit dull and uninteresting. Yes, sir, a good, clean boy in a small town is a pretty fair chance for a happy married life.—London Advertiser.

Last year more than 1,000,000 marriages were performed in the United States, while divorces numbered over 125,000.

It is stated that about 2,000,000 magazines cross the border from the United States into Canada every month, and of that number only half are of any educational value, and of the rest many are of no value, and in fact decidedly harmful. Such a state of affairs must necessarily retard the development of both Canadian literature and a strong national sentiment, and it behooves the people of Canada to patronize their own publications and thus encourage native writers and artists.

### STRATHBURN

Arthur Williams returned this week after visiting friends in Stratford, Ont. Wm. Siddall, blacksmith at Stratford, spent a few days here last week. No. 1 school house was closed last week and will also be closed this week, on account of sickness among the pupils.

Archie McAlpine, South Ekfrid, suffered a stroke last Sunday, which left him paralyzed in one side. He is now reported to be recovering. A collision between two buggies, in one of which were Wm. Simpson and L. D. Siddall, and in the other James Coad and Bert Cyster, occurred Wednesday night near here. Both buggies were badly damaged and the occupants more or less injured. Of the four Bert Cyster suffered most, sustaining a bad injury to the knee cap and also to the shoulder.

### KILMARTIN

Miss Margaret Marshall and Miss Gwendolyn Campbell, of London, spent the week-end at Mrs. K. Leitch's.

Miss Emie McKellar, of Detroit, spent the week-end at her home. Alex. and Clarence McKellar, of Detroit, are visiting at their home here. Don't fail to attend the box social at No. 17, Mosa, Thursday, March 15, under the auspices of the Kilmartin athletic club.

Mr. and Mrs. John McLean returned to their home in Alberta on Tuesday. Mrs. McLean spent the winter with her brother, Duncan McKellar, of this place.

Glad to report that Neil A. and John Munroe, who are in Victoria Hospital, London, are both making good recovery after surgical operations.

The literary society of Burns' church will hold their regular meeting next Tuesday evening. The main feature of the program will be a debate, "Resolved that the Foreigner is Essential to the Welfare of Canada." Affirmative speakers, Duncan Gilles and Neil W. Munroe; negative speakers, Archie Campbell and Archie D. Leitch.

The contest for the Lethbridge medal for public speaking will be held in No. 8, Mosa, on Friday evening, March 16. There will be quite a number of contestants, and a good musical program. Meeting will open at 8 o'clock sharp.

Hard and soft corns both yield to Holloway's Corn Remover, which is entirely safe to use and certain and satisfactory in its action.

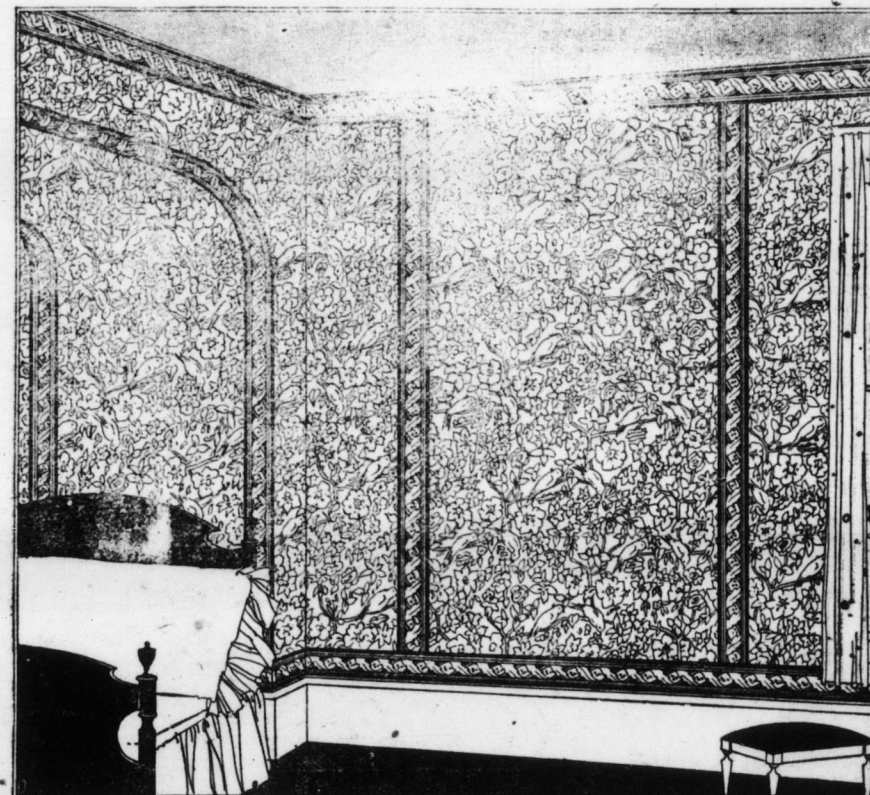


## Spring Opening

at New Ladies' Wear Store and Millinery

New Spring Suits, Coats and Dresses. Blouses in Every Material. An assortment that will more than please you always on hand. We handle Northway Garments and Helena Dresses. Phone 55 r 2

Mrs. W. A. Currie



## WALL PAPER Solves every decorating problem

WALL PAPER is one of the most important features of home decoration. With it you can turn dull rooms into bright and cheerful ones. Ask for the new and artistic papers produced by

## BOXER Master Makers of Wall Papers.

You have never seen anything quite so fine in wall decorations or so full of new ideas for the adornment of the home.

The new Boxer Papers are 24 inches wider than the old type of Wall Paper. Not only are more beautiful designs made possible by

this new width, but you can also paper a room more easily and with fewer rolls. Then too, there is the improved appearance which results from fewer seams.

They are identified by the name BOXER on the selvage of every roll—your assurance of satisfaction.

FOR SALE BY

P. E. LUMLEY

A2

WALL PAPER for Better and Brighter Homes



## McALPINE'S GROCERY

Rubber Boots for Men and Boys at Moderate Prices.

BRUCE McALPINE

Phone 109  
Next Door to Bank of Montreal

## Farmers and Dairymen

Get our proposition re cream: highest prices paid. We pay cash for both cream and eggs. Phone us if you want us to call.

D. R. HAGERTY, Glencoe  
Office, 89; Residence, 30r2

## J. A. RAE BURN Contractor for OIL, WATER AND GAS DRILLING

All kinds of Pumps and Pipe Supplies. Up-to-date Drilling Rig at your service.

GORE CONCESSION, EKFRID.



**IRWIN'S**  
FOR  
Fancy Goods  
Hosiery  
Corsets  
Smallwares  
Stationery  
China  
Books  
School Supplies  
Agency for Parker's Dye Works

## We Carry A Full Line

Tin, Enamel and Galvanized Ware, Sinks, Bathtubs, etc. Plumbing, Furnace-work, Roofing, Eavestroughing, Repairing, etc., done by a Practical Mechanic.

J. M. Anderson  
GLENCOE Plumber

## MEAT OF QUALITY

(Fresh, Cured, and Salt)

At Reasonable Prices

We Invite Your Patronage  
Phone orders promptly delivered.

**W. J. CORNFOT**  
Successor to J. D. Smith  
Phone 73

## FOR SALE Second Hand Implements

1 4 H.P. Engine, nearly new, 1 2 H.P. Engine, nearly new, 1 small Cutting Box, nearly new, 1 Manure Spreader, 1 Standard Cream Separator, 1 Windmill, good shape, 2 Wagons, 2 Cultivators, Land Packer, good as new, 1 Drill, Binders and Mowers, 2 Beet Cultivators.

TERMS TO SUIT  
**D.M. McKellar**

## BIBLE THOUGHT—FOR TODAY—

HUMILITY OF CHRIST.—Let this mind be in you, which was in Christ Jesus. Let nothing be done through strife or vainglory; but in lowliness of mind let each esteem other better than themselves.—Phil. 2: 5, 3.

**Born**  
DOULL.—In the Great War Memorial Hospital, Perth and District, on Tuesday, March 6, 1923, to Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Doull, a son.

**POLE**—On March 10, 1923, to Mr. and Mrs. Wm. G. Pole, Ekfrid, a son.

**In Memoriam**  
CARRUTHERS.—In loving memory of our dear Flora Veda, aged one year, who went to her Eternal Home one year ago today, March 15, 1922. One year has passed since that sad day.

God called the one we loved away; Forget her? No, we never will; As years roll on, love hers still. God loved her, too, and thought it best To take her Home with Him to rest; So we shall meet her with the blest. When we go Home with her to rest.

—Not forgotten by Father, Mother, Brother.

## TOWN AND VICINITY

Good Friday, March 30th.

Saturday is St. Patrick's Day. Samuel Laughton, of Metcalfe, has bought Mrs. W. A. Currie's cottage on the Appin road, and purposes moving to Glencoe.

Orville Quick is still suffering much from injuries he received by being struck in the eye with the puck in the hockey game, at Galt last Wednesday evening.

The death occurred at Ottawa last week of Mrs. Rosenthal, formerly Miss Mary Belle Adams, of Glencoe. Deceased was a daughter of the late Elisha Adams and a cousin of Isaac Walker, of Glencoe.

G. W. Snelgrove has sold his residence on Concession street to G. W. Sutton, who recently sold his farm in Ekfrid and is moving to town. It was reported that Mr. Sutton had bought Russell Parish's house, but the deal was not completed.

Glencoe Horticultural Society is making an active canvass for membership, with good results. Orders for plants are being sent in this week and those wishing to secure premiums should make their wants known at once to the secretary, R. M. McPherson.

A checker tournament of five sets was played Monday night by the professionals of Glencoe. The teams, two in number, consisted of John Best (captain), R. W. Oxley, W. Annett, J. Grant and R. C. Troyer; Geo. Parrott (captain)—John Hayter, Jas. Poirie, Dan Stout and P. E. Lamer. Mr. Best's team won by 20 points.

The regular meeting of the Young People's Guild was held on Monday evening. Miss Gillies, convener of the mission committee, took charge. Papers were given by Misses Mayme Grant and Bessie McCullum. A pleasing violin solo was rendered by Miss Eleanor Sutherland. The next meeting will be of a social character.

Word has been received at Campbellton of the death of Neil Stewart in the West. David Stuart is bringing the remains home and the funeral will be from the home of his brother, Duncan Stewart. Deceased is survived by two brothers, Duncan, on the homestead, and David, in the West, and one sister, Kate, Stewart, of Rochester, Mich.

The death occurred in Chatham yesterday morning of Miss Christina Campbell, formerly of Glencoe. The funeral will be held from the C.P.R. station, North Glencoe, on the arrival of the 12:26 p.m. train on Friday, March 16, with interment in Kilmarlock cemetery. Miss Campbell is survived by two brothers, J. L. Campbell, of Chatham, and A. L. Campbell, of Saskatchewan.

D. J. McGregor, brick and tile manufacturer, of Dresden, is looking for a suitable site to establish a works in Glencoe. An industry of this kind should do well here. Both brick and drain tile are used extensively by farmers and others in this section. They are often hard to get, and owing to heavy freight charges the price has necessarily to be high. Mr. McGregor should be encouraged in his undertaking.

Mr. Morrison, who proposes to establish a large flouring and grist mill in Glencoe, met the board of trade and council again on Monday evening and the matter was under discussion for some time. If sufficient interest can be awakened in the community to dispose of a very limited amount of shares locally a joint stock company will be formed and the mill will be an assured fact. Prospects are said to be good.

J. G. Lethbridge has introduced a bill in the Ontario Legislature to amend the Consolidated Municipal Act, 1922, by which the council of any township may by-law appoint and authorize the treasurer to levy and collect all the taxes, rates and assessments which may be imposed from year to year by the council, and such treasurer shall thereupon have all the powers conferred by law upon a collector of taxes.

A song service was held in the Presbyterian church on Sunday evening which was appreciated by a large congregation. The choir, under the direction of Miss King, was ably assisted by Miss Dobson, soloist, of Chatham, whose selections were greatly enjoyed. Interest was added to the music by the pastor, Rev. D. G. Paton, giving a brief biographical sketch of the authors of the various hymns, and telling how their writing was inspired.

Among relatives and friends from a distance who attended the funeral of the late Wm. R. Dobie were Dr. D.

A. Dobie, of New York; Mrs. Mary Ann Dobie, Georgia Dobie and Gordon Dobie, of Detroit; Mr. and Mrs. John Speckman and Mr. and Mrs. Dan May Graham, of London, and Mrs. Watterworth, of St. Thomas. The funeral service was conducted by Rev. D. G. Paton at deceased's late residence and interment was made in Oakland cemetery.

The late Wm. R. Dobie, born in 1842, was the second son of David Dobie, of Spruce Lodge, South Ekfrid. His father, formerly from New Brunswick, came here in his early days. There were eleven brothers and one sister in the family, seven of whom are now deceased. He married Selma Treastin, of South Ekfrid, on April 6, 1867, and resided in Dunwich about three years, when they moved to Mossa, on the old Webster place. Owing to failing health, when about sixty years of age, he gave up active work on the farm, which he sold to Savill Simpson about 1911 and moved to "Willow Hill." He was of a very quiet disposition but was much respected by friends and neighbors, all of whom testified their affection in the past few weeks.

## PERSONAL AND SOCIAL

—Miss Fern Graham was home from Clinton for the week-end.

—Dr. Gilbert Hobson, of Vancouver, is visiting his aunt, Mrs. Diggon.

—Robert Greenwood, of Dilke, Sask., is visiting Mr. and Mrs. C. O. Smith.

—Miss Florence Vair, St. Thomas, was a guest of Miss Jean McLaughlin over the week-end.

## SPECIAL NOTICES

See Mayhew's ad. for special low prices.

Good seed barley for sale. Apply to Tom Walker, Glencoe.

Quantity of seed peas for sale.—James McRae, Route 3, Glencoe.

Spring opening going on now at Mrs. W. A. Currie's Ready-to-wear Store.

A meeting of the Ekfrid U.F.O. will be held in the school house on Friday evening.

Call at Scott's shoe store and get quality shoes and rubbers at a moderate price for cash.

Remember the box social Thursday evening, March 15, at No. 17, Mossa, under the auspices of Kilmarlock athletic club.

A good time is guaranteed at No. 5, Ekfrid, Friday evening, March 23rd. An excellent program is being arranged. Admission, 25c and 15c.

See the latest styles of dresses and coats on March 23rd, when the Dorothy Dare line will be displayed at Wm. Bayne's store, Newbury. One day only.

See our harrow carts and auto truck bodies. Also have a few hand made wheelbarrows. Bring in your harrow and plow work now. We repair anything of iron and wood.—Don H. Love, the Village Blacksmith.

The Polyanthus Mission Circle of the Methodist church will hold their annual bazaar in the basement of the church on March 17, when there will be on sale a variety of homemade cooking, candy, fancy articles. Lunch will be served.

## SCHOOL REPORTS

S. S. No. 1, Mossa

An asterisk denotes absence from one or more examinations.

IV.—Thelma Siddall 74, Verna Henderson 73, \*Campbell McRae 71, Grace Simpson 47.

Sr. III.—Edwin Gould 84, Alice Treastin 80, Ethel George 77, J. C. Copeland 67, \*Sam Henderson 56, \*Emerteen Simpson 51, \*Robert Siddall 42, \*Mossy McDougall.

Jr. III.—Ruby McQuillan 81, Marjorie Weekes 65.

Sr. II.—Ethel Henderson 72, Josephine Cameron 69, Willie Snyder 66, \*Geraldine Anthes 55, \*Lizzie Copeland 53.

Jr. II.—Eugene Lamont 80, Maurice Weekes 80, Charlie Siddall 68.

I.—Alfred Sharp 77, Harold Henderson 75, Marguerite McRae 75, Edith Henderson 70, Wanita Caldwell 65, Weir McRae 62.

Pr. A.—Marion Siddall, John Walker.

Pr. B.—Beatrice Copeland, Gladys Henderson.

Jean Welch, Teacher.

S. S. No. 4, Metcalfe

Report for February. Names are in order of merit:

Sr. IV.—John D. McCullum.

Jr. IV.—Mary McRae, Janet McCullum.

III.—Anna McDougall, Colin C. Walker, Neil Walker.

II.—Lorne McDougall, Charles Giles, Stuart Walker.

I.—Herbert Giles, Douglas Campbell, Isabelle McAlpine, Teacher.

S. S. No. 6, Ekfrid

Report for February. Those marked with an asterisk were absent for all or part of the examination:

Sr. IV.—Ethel Lotan 73, Jean McIntyre 71, Hazel Lotan 64, Murray Webster 63, Alice Brownlee 56, \*Dorothy Johnson 54, \*Garton Chisholm 51, \*Henry Chisholm.

Jr. IV.—Ferna Moore 60, Harry Stocks 56, Donald McMaster 41, \*Henry Mead 40.

Sr. III.—Lloyd Galbraith 69, \*Vera Laughton 66.

Jr. III.—Mary Stocks 76, Jean May 69, \*Helen May 54, Jean Johnson 45.

Sr. II.—Donald Webster 86, Howard McIntyre 85, Frank Mead 83.

Jr. II.—Vera Hill 84, \*Ruby Arcott 53, \*Alex. Chisholm 53.

I.—Willie May 86, Rena Hill 78, Robert Stevenson 60, Allan Johnson.

Pr. A.—Edna Arcott, Mary McIntyre.

Pr. B.—Ralph Webster.

## CASTORIA

For Infants and Children  
In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Watson*

## AUCTION SALES

At lot 15, con. 1, Aldborough (half mile south of Wardsville), on Friday, March 16, at 1 o'clock sharp:—Work team, 9 and 10 years old, about 1,600 lbs.; Percheron colt rising 4 years; Percheron colt rising 2 years; driver rising 5 years; brown mare rising 9 years, 1,300 lbs.; cow 8 years old, due Nov. 6; 2 cows 5 years old, milking a month; cow 4 years old, due Sept. 9; cow 5 years old, due June 15; cow 8 years old, due June 1; cow 8 years old, due April 9; registered Hereford bull, rising 3 years; year-old steer; 2 calves; sow due time of sale; sow due last March; sow due in April; 3 turkeys; 3 ducks; 125 hens; 100 bus. oats; 4 tons hay; 10 bus. red clover seed; 2 loads corn stalks, unhusked; straw stack; to be fed on place; truck wagon; set of sleighs; buggy; cart; cutter; land cultivator; walking plow; Oliver sulky plow, two-furrow; one-horse cultivator; best rack; set log bunks; gravel box; six-horse gasoline engine; buzz saw frame with 2 saws and 24 ft. belt; set double harness; 42-gal. stove; frozen about half; set single harness; anvil; small vise; Standard cream separator; washing machine and wringer; churn; coal oil; Delaval and Massey-Harris; kitchen cabinet; extension table; 3-way burner oil stove.—Garrett McMaster, proprietor; L. L. McTaggart, auctioneer.

At lot 3, con. 3, Ekfrid, on Wednesday, March 21, at 12 o'clock:—1 Holstein cow, calf by side; 1 part Jersey cow, calf by side; 1 grade Durham cow, calf by side; 1 Polled Angus cow, due to freshen now; 1 Holstein cow, due April 1st; 1 Holstein cow, due April 2nd; 1 Ayrshire cow, due March 29th; 1 roan cow, due June 4; 1 cow, due March 20th; 1 reg. Durham cow, due April 15th; 3 grade cows, due in March; 1 grade cow, due in April; 1 reg. Holstein farrow cow; 1 grade cow, farrow; 2 fat yearling calves; 2 yearling calves; 7 calves; 1 bull, can be reg. coming year old; 1 sow; 1 colt, 4 years old; 1 horse, 9 years old; 1 horse, 6 years old, driver; 2 sets iron harrows; 2 cream separators; Delaval and Massey-Harris; 2 barrel churns; 2 wagons; disks; scufflers; 2 sets double harness; 1 Frost & Wood binder; 1 Massey-Harris mower; 6-ft. cut; 1 set bob sleighs; 1 dump rake; 1 drill; 1 Plenary plow, No. 13; 1 hay loader; 1 John Deere manure spreader; 1 fanning mill; 1 set 2,000-lb. scales; 1 wheelbarrow; 1 cutter; nearly new; 100 pure bred Plymouth Rock hens; 4 good horse collars; 10 tons hay; 50 bus. oats; some corn in shock; other proprietors: Jas. Pettit & Roger Perry, proprietors; L. L. McTaggart, auctioneer.

At lot 5, con. 4, Ekfrid, on Friday, March 23rd, at 1 o'clock:—1 general purpose mare, rising 1 year old, 1200 lbs.; 1 cow due to freshen in April; 1 cow due to freshen 1st May; 2 cows due to freshen 1st April; 1 cow due to freshen 2nd March; 1 heifer 3 years old, milking; 5 heifers, 2 years old; 1 heifer 1 year old; 7 steers, 1 year old; 1 Deering binder, 6-ft. cut; 1 Deering mower, 5½-ft. cut; 1 seed drill, Massey-Harris; 1 steel roller, Massey-Harris; 1 set of iron harrows, International No. 2; 1 set disk harrows, Bissell; 1 set flat harrows, 3-section; 1 two-horse corn cultivator; 1 single-horse corn cultivator; 1 plow, Plenary No. 21; 1 won and grave box; 1 buggy, nearly new; Cockshutt; 1 set bob sleighs; 1 cutter; 1 hay rack, rock elm; 1 set weigh scales, 2,000 lbs.; 1 large steel water trough; 1 set double harness, nearly new; 1 set single harness; 1 set block pulleys; about 14 tons hay; about 200 bus. oats; about 25 bus. wheat; 75 hens, Plymouth Rocks, bred to lay; quantity of stove wood; quantity of cedar posts; 1 Pandora range, McCarty, nearly new; 1 baseburner, Jew. oil; 1 set iron harrows; 1 coal oil stove and oven, 3-burner; 1 cream separator, Delaval; 1 extension table; 1 sideboard; 1 couch; 1 dresser; 2 washstands; 1 washing machine and wringer; barrel churn; 1 telephone; 1 gasoline iron; 1 mail box; 2 oak barrels; kerosene and oilcloth for floor; 1 incubator, 50-egg; a quantity of sealers; pictures; other articles.—Wm. Nicholls, proprietor; L. L. McTaggart, auctioneer.

On north half lot 13, Ekfrid, on the Curtis Gough farm, on Saturday, March 24th, at 1:30:—Grey horse 5 years old, 1,500 lbs.; cow, due March 19; cow, due March 22; cow, due April 1; cow, due some time in April; fat cow; 7 yearling heifers; 4 spring calves; 2 fall calves; sow and pigs; 15 tons hay; 400 bus. oats; 3 bus. red clover seed; Massey-Harris sulky plow, nearly new; hay tedder; Noxon seed drill; John C. McAlpin, proprietor; Dan McIntyre, auctioneer.

On lots 22 and 23, range 4 south of Longwoods Road, Ekfrid, on Tuesday, March 20, at 1 o'clock:—1 Clydesdale mare, 8 years old, in foal; 1 Clydesdale horse, rising 4; 1 good work horse, 11 years old; 1 Clydesdale colt, rising 2; 1 blood mare, rising 4; 1 spotted cow, due about 1st of June; 1 red cow, due about 1st of April; 2 red cows, milking good; 1 roan heifer, due July 23rd; 1 red heifer, due July 25th; 2 roan heifers, yearlings; 1 spotted steer, yearling; 2 roan heifer calves; 2 red steer calves; 1 Chester sow, due to farrow in April; 1 York sow, due to farrow about 1st of May; 3 young sows, due to farrow in June; 2 shoats, about 160 lbs.; 8 young pigs; 4 choice ewes, with lamb; 1 colt; pup; 1 two-horse corn cultivator; 1 wagon, 2½-inch tire; 1 two-furrow walking plow; 1 Oliver walking plow; 1 set lance-tooth harrow; quantity of inch lumber; 1 set light harness; scythe, wheelbarrow, neckyoke and whiffletrees, forks, shovels, and other things too numerous to mention.—D. N. Allan, proprietor; L. L. McTaggart, auctioneer.

Miller's Worm Powders act so thoroughly that stomachic and intestinal worms pass from the child without being noticed and without inconvenience to the sufferer. They are painless and perfect in action, and at all times we found a healthy medicine, strengthening the infantile stomach and maintaining it in vigorous operation, so that besides being an effective vermifuge, they are tonic and health-giving in their effects.

## CANADIAN GOVERNMENT ANNUITIES

A Canadian Government Annuity is a fixed yearly income payable by the Government of Canada for life in quarterly instalment, unless otherwise provided. It is a safe and lucrative form of investment for persons of all ages and circumstances, whether for immediate income purposes or as provision for old age.

Among the advantages to be obtained from the purchase of a Government Annuity are:—

That it is the safest investment that can be made, as it has behind it the security of the whole of the Dominion of Canada.

That it is free from taxation for Dominion purposes.

That it is payable for life.

That the annuitant gets the full benefit of all that his money earns, as the expenses of management are borne by the Government.

The postmaster at Glencoe will be pleased to give any information relating to Dominion Government Annuities.

When sending parcels through the mails to any post office in Canada or the United States, ask to have them insured against loss or damage. It costs only a few cents. The limit of weight for a parcel is 11 pounds.

## Opera House - Glencoe SATURDAY, MARCH 17—STARTING AT 8.15

## A Zane Grey Picture "When Romance Rides"

Adapted from the novel "Wildfire"  
SEE - Wildfire, Creature of the Forest and Plains, win the Greatest Horse Race Ever Screened  
ROMANCE-THRILLS-ACTION

Christie Comedy  
Adults 37c Children 22c

## Few Equal --- None Superior FOR CLEANLINESS AND QUALITY, TRY

## HUMPHRIES

For Spring Lamb, Veal, Fresh and Salt Pork, Fresh and Corned Beef; Cured Meats—Hams, Cottage Rolls, Picnic Hams, Peamealed Backs, Breakfast Bacon, Bologna, Sausage, Pure Lard, etc. Special—Cooked Ham, 55c lb.

HIGHEST CASH PRICES FOR HIDES, WOOL, SKINS AND FURS  
Dressed Chickens Wanted for Cash

**BIGGER RETURNS in 1923**  
Come with the Biggest Yields

Ontario Agricultural College reported following gains from complete fertilizers in 1922. On Clay 56 bus. per acre. On sandy soil 44 bus. per acre.

Over the whole continent enables us to make thoroughly reliable high grade plantfood that gets you results.

Gains from fertilizing of 10 to 15 bushels per acre in wheat and 18 to 20 bushels per acre in oats are reported from reliable Experimental Station Tests.

**SWIFT'S RED STEER BRAND FERTILIZERS**  
are compounded from high grade materials.

Get Biggest Yields in 1923 and make most money!  
Place your order to-day with our Agent or write us.  
Agents wanted where we are not represented.

See our Local Agents  
**NEIL GRAHAM & SON**

**SWIFT-CANADIAN CO. LIMITED**  
WEST TORONTO

## Making the Shamrock Popular

THE trade-mark of P. Burns & Co. Limited, Calgary, Alberta, appears on 32 Ford Trucks.

The Popularity of the "Shamrock Brand" has been established, and is being maintained throughout Western Canada by rapid and dependable delivery through the aid of Ford Trucks.

The Ford Truck has accomplished big things for hundreds of large Canadian firms.

The same economical and dependable service can be applied with equal effectiveness to smaller firms by the use of a Ford Truck.

Your order placed to-day will assure you one at the present low-record price. The one-ton truck chassis sells for \$495 f. o. b. Ford, Ont. Government taxes extra. Standard truck bodies are available at low prices.

You can buy on time.  
See your Ford Dealer at once.

**A. Duncanson - Glencoe, Ont.**

FORD MOTOR COMPANY OF CANADA, LIMITED, FORD, ONTARIO



# Soils and Crops

Address communications to Agronomist, 73 Adelaide St. West, Toronto

**X. Y.—Will you please explain the action of bacteria in relation to soil fertility?**

**Answer:**—The action of bacteria in the soil is to bring about the decay of the organic matter and so reduce it to a condition that it can be used as food by plants. In the process of decay, acids are created which make plant food available. The nodules on leguminous plants are caused by bacteria, making possible the utilization of nitrogen from the air. This nitrogen, and, in fact, all soil nitrogen occurring as plant or animal remains, cannot be utilized by succeeding crops until it has gone through preparatory processes. First, it is broken down to ammonia, then built up to nitrite, and then to nitrate, the form in which crops take it from the soil. These processes depend entirely upon soil bacteria.

**E. N. R.—I understand that sweet clover sometimes introduces from 40 to 50 pounds of nitrogen per acre and also supplies humus-forming material. Would it be a good plant to grow to be turned down as a green manure?**

**Answer:**—Sweet clover would undoubtedly prove a very excellent green manure, but on account of its high value as a food for livestock it would seem unwise to turn it under in the crop stage. Dealing with this very question at an agricultural conference held at Winnipeg, Dr. Grisdale, Deputy Minister of Agriculture for Canada, pointed out that where sweet clover can be grown successfully, and the grower understands how to handle it, it would seem profitable to use it for animal food and to return the manure to the soil.

## Nurse Crops for Seeding Clover.

Nurse crops are almost universally used when seeding clover. Their most important functions are: to reduce the cost of production of the clover hay (red clover being a biennial or perennial that produces little or no forage of value the first season), to shade the young seedling plants from the hot July and August sun, and to leave a sturdy stubble that will retain the snow and protect the clover from the heaving action of frost.

The cereal nurse crops, in order of their revenue-producing qualities, would usually stand: oats, barley and wheat, in Eastern Canada. In providing shade at the right time, and not tending to smother the clover seedling later in the season, the order would likely be reversed: wheat, barley and oats. In sturdiness of straw and the ability to withstand the weather and hold a blanket of snow on the field, the order would be: wheat, oats and barley.

The experimental work with nurse crops at Charlottetown over a period of six years, has been along two lines: First, to determine the best rates of seeding nurse crops, and second, a comparison of different cereals as nurse crops for clover.

The experiments on rates of seeding nurse crops were arranged in connection with a four-year rotation, hoed crop, grain, clover and timothy. Four rates of seeding were used each year with both oats and barley. The rates used were 1½, 2, 2½ and 3 bushels per acre with oats, and 1, 1½, 2 and 2½ bushels per acre with the barley. The returns, though not conclusive, re seeding for clover, were quite marked in the second year hay (timothy) in favor of the light seeding of the nurse crop. The rate of 1½ bushels per acre of either cereal gave the best average returns for the two hay crops in the rotations. When the returns from the rotations were made up as a whole, oats and barley, seeding at the rate of 1½ bushels per acre with oats and also with barley gave the highest average return per acre.

The experiment with different sorts of cereals as nurse crops was planned also with a four-year rotation of hoed crops, grain, clover and timothy. The three cereals, wheat, oats and barley were used. The rates of seeding were: wheat, 1½ bushels; oats, 2½ bushels; barley, 1½ bushels. A six-year average of the hay produced, places these in order of value as nurse crops: oats, wheat and barley. Taking into consideration the value of the hoed crops and grain in the complete rotation, then the average return per acre would place them in the following order: oats, barley and wheat.

Summing up then, the different factors to be considered in the selection of a nurse crop for clover, we are rather surprised to find that oats, sown at a rate that will give first quality seed grain, stands at the top, with barley second and wheat third. The results also indicate that these cereals are all satisfactory nurse crops when sown thick enough to produce the best quality of seed grain.

## Poor Fruit and Vegetable Crops: How to Avoid Them.

The late Canadian winter gives farmers, fruit growers, market gardeners and dwellers in cities and towns abundant time to think over the work of the coming growing season, and to plan how to make use of their time in order to obtain the best possible crops; but sometimes opportunity is neglected, and sufficient thought is not given to the many problems which

confront the man or woman who works on the land. If things are not clearly thought out and provision made for obtaining the seeds and other material needed to insure the greatest success, when the spring rush comes it may be too late.

There is such a difference in the quality of seeds of various kinds and varieties of vegetables that this should be considered when ordering. Take, for instance, the onion. The seed of this vegetable loses its germinating power very rapidly, and if one obtains old seed, the seedlings that one has on hand, there may be few, if any, plants germinate. Moreover, even if some plants grow, there may not be enough to insure a good stand, particularly if the root maggots happen to be bad. Sometimes, also, the onion seed bought may be from strains which require a longer warm season for development than we have in many parts of Canada, and the result will be a large proportion of thicknecks. Seed that will germinate well, and its special strain or selection, are very important with other kinds of vegetables also, the greatest difference perhaps being in strains of cauliflower, cabbage, and tomato, but also such staple crops as beets, carrots, parsnips and turnips vary much in shape and trueness to type, and in other ways. If care is taken to order seeds from a reliable source, and to get, not the cheapest, but the best, the difference in price between the best seed and the ordinary will be repaid many times in the satisfactory crop that is obtained, provided that it is looked after and that the season is favorable.

Careful attention to the vegetable crop after the seed has germinated will do much to prevent a poor crop. There are cutworms, root maggots, flea beetles and other insects to combat and great vigilance is required in order to prevent damage from being done rather than in trying to control these insects after they are well under way. The poisoned bran mash is the best remedy for cutworms, and a supply of this should be on hand to apply just as soon as there is the first indication that cut-worms are about. For root maggots, affecting cabbage and cauliflower, corrosive sublimate is the best remedy. Another treatment is necessary for the root maggots affecting onions, which often destroy almost all, or all, of the young plants. Bulletin dealing with these insects can be obtained free on application to the Publications Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.

There is often a temptation to sow seed or set out plants too early in the spring, with the result that the seed either rots in the ground, or else the young plants are killed or badly injured by frost, and when a re-sowing or a replanting is made, it may be too late to obtain good crops. The following hints may be of service:

Seed to be sown early in spring, the young plants from which will stand some frost—beets, carrots, lettuce, onions, parsnips, peas, radishes, kohlrabi, garden cress, salsify, spinach, parsley and leeks.

Seed best sown in hot-beds, the young plants from which will stand some frost—cabbage, cauliflower, celery.

Seed to be sown after danger of frost is over unless it is planned to protect the plants—beans, corn, cucumbers, melons, potatoes and squash. Seed of late cabbage is not sown until May, but the plants will endure frost, and seeds of sweet turnips should be sown late, although turnips will stand frost.

The experiment with different sorts of cereals as nurse crops was planned also with a four-year rotation of hoed crops, grain, clover and timothy. The three cereals, wheat, oats and barley were used. The rates of seeding were: wheat, 1½ bushels; oats, 2½ bushels; barley, 1½ bushels. A six-year average of the hay produced, places these in order of value as nurse crops: oats, wheat and barley. Taking into consideration the value of the hoed crops and grain in the complete rotation, then the average return per acre would place them in the following order: oats, barley and wheat.

## Poor Fruit and Vegetable Crops: How to Avoid Them.

The late Canadian winter gives farmers, fruit growers, market gardeners and dwellers in cities and towns abundant time to think over the work of the coming growing season, and to plan how to make use of their time in order to obtain the best possible crops; but sometimes opportunity is neglected, and sufficient thought is not given to the many problems which

## "Feeling" For Layers

This method is about as certain as the trap nest—Experiments with capons—Feeding costs—Excellent Flesh produced without confinement—Handling Baby Chicks.

By L. STEVENSON, ONTARIO DEPT. OF AGRICULTURE.

The writer carried on a series of experiments with poultry when connected with The Agricultural Experiment Station for Vancouver Island, Sidney, B.C., and presents the following notes as among those worthy of consideration:

### Determination of Egg-Laying.

A test was made of the feeling method, to determine its accuracy. Thirty hens that were under trap-nest record were subjected to the feeling process for eight days: January 17 to 24.

The results of "feeling" were checked up and tallied perfectly with the "trap-nesting," indicating that it is quite possible for any careful person to determine which hens are laying by feeling the bird for the presence of the egg in the oviduct, in the early morning before she leaves the perch. The method also has an advantage in that it eliminates the necessary confinement of the birds in a "trapnest" for a period which is frequently longer than is actually required to produce an egg.

The great disadvantage of the feeling method is that it is impracticable for pedigree breeding, inasmuch that the eggs from individual birds cannot be recorded.

### Experiments with Capons.

Thirty cockerels were operated on when twelve weeks old. These birds were a thrifty and well-grown lot, averaging 2½ pounds in weight. After castrating they were kept under the same conditions as the cockerels. The feed cost for a pound increase in weight was slightly less for the cockerels up to six months of age. At this time the cockerels and capons weighed the same. These birds were killed for Christmas trade when 264 days old, and weighed, plucked, 8 pounds 2 ounces. The percentage of offal was low, being but 18 per cent. of the total weight. The birds were not crated fed, but were finished on a liberal milk ration. The quality of the flesh was excellent, and the wholesale price received was 30 cents per pound. The advantages of castrating are that an excellent quality of flesh can be produced without confining the birds in small feeding crates and the tender flesh is retained to a greater age and weight. The cockerels made just as good gains, and when milk fed in

crates for two weeks, produced the same high grade of flesh. Following is the feed cost of an eight-pound two ounce capon:

Feed cost to rear to end of third month .....	21.54
Feed cost to rear during fourth month .....	16.2
Feed cost to rear during fifth month .....	13.17
Feed cost to rear during sixth month .....	21.2
Feed cost to rear during seventh month .....	21.3
Feed cost to rear during eighth month .....	23.4
Feed cost to rear during December, 20 days .....	14.4

Total feed cost .....

These birds were sold for \$2.43 each wholesale, leaving \$1.11.79 per bird. From this we can deduct 20 cents, the price paid for the bird as a day-old chick, and have 91.79 cents per bird for labor and shelter.

### Handling Baby Chicks.

In another experiment a thousand one-day-old chicks were procured from two reliable local breeders. The first day they remained in the incubator, and on the second day they were transferred to the brooder, but were not fed until forty-eight hours old. The following hints on general treatment are given:

Do not chill or overheat the chickens, or disastrous results will follow. If they pant they are too hot, and if they huddle together they are not warm enough.

Do not overfeed during the first week.

Change the water daily and see that it is perfectly clean.

Give plenty of green food.

Feed sour skim milk whenever possible.

Do not forget to supply charcoal, grit, and shell.

Make all change of food and feeding gradually.

Clean and disinfect brooder often.

Do not use damp, mouldy feed or straw.

Never allow chicks to crowd in brooders or colony houses.

Place chicks on the range in colony houses, after the eighth week.

Do not let the cockerels and pullets run together on the range.

early part of the season is important if we are to prevent a loss of crop. Just at blooming time, and when the fruit is setting, it is necessary to have a good supply of moisture in the ground to insure the fruit setting should the weather be hot and dry at that season. Hence, early cultivation to conserve moisture and warm up the soil, so that growth will be active and there will be a flow of sap to the setting fruit, is very necessary.

## Danger From Gasoline.

The writer happened recently upon an advertisement which began something after this fashion: "If a quart of gasoline will carry your Ford a distance of four miles how far will one gallon of it carry the roof of your house?" Certainly, here is food for reflection! Plenty of people there are who never stop to figure it out until after the explosion carries roof and walls and everything else before it. The danger of using gasoline for cleaning or other purposes, lies not so much in its being inflammable as in the fact that its vapor, when mixed with air in the proper proportions, is highly explosive. A slight draft will carry the vapor oftentimes to an

# SMOKE OLD CHUM

The Tobacco of Quality  
1/2 LB. TINS  
and in packages

open flame, and ignition, with explosive effect, will occur, regardless of the fact that one considered oneself sufficiently removed from such to be in no danger.

We recall a disastrous fire which occurred in a country town and which was due to the fact that two men sought to empty a barrel of gasoline into an underground tank. They were working in the open air unmindful of the fact that the wind was blowing directly from them toward the building where double doors stood ajar. Gasoline vapor was carried into the building and found its way to an open fire at the far end. The explosion which followed blew the whole side of the building out, let the roof fall in and more speedily than it takes to tell it the entire structure was a mass of seething flames. This is the time of year when gasoline for cleaning purposes is used oftentimes within doors because of inclement conditions outside. It should be remembered that the cooking or heating stove, the kerosene lamp or anything else of this kind offers the spark which will set off the explosion should the gasoline vapor mix with the air in just the right proportions. Be careful.

The first farmer was the first man, and all historic nobility rests on possession and use of land.—Emerson.

## Irrigated Farms in Southern Alberta

In the Famous Vauxhall District  
Now River Irrigation Project  
An especially good location for mixed farming and dairying. Splendid opportunity for young men now living in districts where good land cannot be bought at reasonable prices. Buy your land now! The first 10,000 acres are fully settled and another 10,000 acres now ready for settlement; maximum distance from railroad, seven miles. Good roads, telephones and schools. Easy payments, extending over 15 years. This is the Best Land Buy in Alberta. Write for further information to: CANADA LAND AND IRRIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED, Medicine Hat, Alberta.

**Brantford Concrete Mixer**

Saves \$3 to \$10 a Day on Labor alone

It is the right size for small jobs—foundations, footings, etc. Many farmers use it for mixing feed, fertilizer, etc. It is made of heavy steel, and is mounted on wheels, with or without engine for power.

Cord Shagley & Mule Co., Limited,  
Brantford, Ont.

## Be Safe!

Don't wait for someone to be in pain to get Kendall's Spavin Treatment in the house.

For all external hurts and pains—for all muscular troubles.

Kendall's Spavin Treatment makes good.

"Please send me one copy of your TREATMENT FOR SPAVIN. I have used your Kendall's Spavin Cure for over seven years and found it one of the best treatments I have ever used for this trouble."—J. H. Duggitt, Esq., Calgary, Alberta.

Get a bottle of your Duggitt's today. Regular for Horse Treatment—Refined for Human Use.

DR. B. J. KENDALL COMPANY, Enosburg Falls, Vt., U.S.A.

## KENDALL'S SPAVIN TREATMENT

## The Canadian Pacific Railway

WILL FIND

## Farm Help for Eastern Farmers

TO BE OF SERVICE to Eastern Canadian Farmers and help to meet their needs in securing complete farm help, the Canadian Pacific Railway is prepared to utilize its widespread organization to provide such help from a number of countries.

THE CANADIAN PACIFIC Railway will now receive and arrange to fill applications for male and female farm help to be supplied from Great Britain, Belgium, Holland, Denmark, Switzerland and Norway. In all of these countries the Canadian Pacific has representatives who have farmed in and are familiar with Eastern Canadian conditions and who are now in touch with such men and women ready and anxious to come to Canada.

THE GOVERNMENTS of the countries above mentioned have expressed their willingness to aid the immigration of this class of their peoples. In order to fill such applications satisfactorily and bring the help to the farmer at the proper time and with a clear understanding of the requirements and obligations of each, a printed "Application for Help" form has been prepared which can be obtained from any of the offices listed below.

The Company will make no charge to the farmer for this service nor will the travelling expenses of his help to the nearest railway station. The information necessary asked for in these application forms, which will be held in strict confidence, covers the following points:—the kind of help wanted—male or female—married or unmarried; date required and for how long; nationality desired; monthly wages offered; kind of work offered, etc.

MONTREAL, P.Q. {J. Duggitt, Gen. Agricultural Agent, C.P.R.  
KENTVILLE, N.S.—Geo. E. Graham, Gen. Mgr., Dominion Atlantic Ry.

Department of Colonization and Development  
Canadian Pacific Railway  
J. S. DENNIS, Chief Commissioner, Montreal.

## THE VALUE OF THE HORSE

In these days of gasoline go-carts and chugging tractors, it sometimes looks as if the horse might be consigned to the museum and labeled, "Old Dobbin, an example of ancient motive power."

It is true that the horse will not occupy the same position in the world's economics as he did in the past. Motive power has changed rapidly in the past century and it is well that it has, for transportation improvement has been the greatest known stimulant to civilization. It has annihilated distances, and brought peoples together and in doing this it is bringing about a greater human understanding.

But withal, the horse still plays an important part. He still furnishes a cheap source of power for plowing, and is the most economical to use for short hauls. But greater than these is the fact that you can make friends with a horse. This is something you cannot do with the steely steeds of to-day.

One of the great things which makes farming attractive is the association one has with living beings. Aside from the dog, there is none with which we form more pleasing associations than the horse. Much of the recreation time of young farm folks is spent with animals. It is fortunate that it is so, for there is no more wholesome recreation for children than the time they spend with pets.

We have encouraged calf clubs, pig clubs and chicken clubs. In such club work the young people form pleasant relations, but the projects are mostly based on the pecuniary interest in agriculture they arouse. In the formation of calf clubs we would encourage the great affection which usually exists between man and his horse, and besides the raising of the colts would prove profitable, for students of agricultural economics say that there is need for more horses to supply the coming farm demand. Colt clubs would prove to be another factor which would encourage the boys to stay on the farm.

## Selection of Seed Grain.

Two important factors in profitable grain-crop production are the selection of seed and its treatment in preparation for seeding. In view of the increasing demand for high grade Canadian grown seed, buyers of seed grain who wish to dispose of their future crops for seed purposes should select varieties acceptable by the trade and which also can be grown under the particular soil and climatic conditions available.

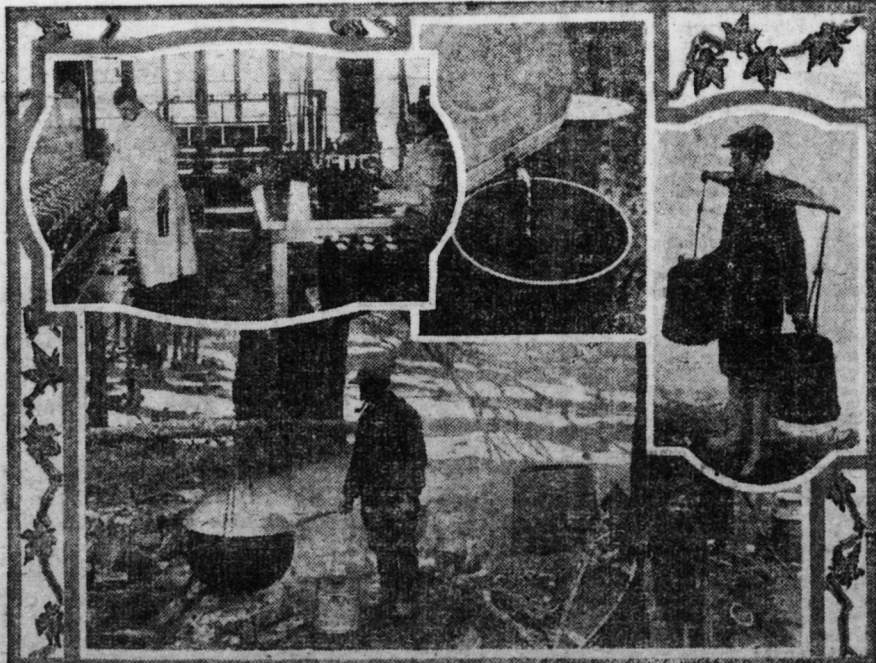
Selected seed grain may be divided into two classes: hand-selected and mass-selected. Continued hand-selection keeps the valuable strains pure and maintains their vigor and productiveness, but it is a method requiring both time and care. It is from mass-selected seed grain, i.e., seed selected from grain after threshing, that most farmers fill their requirements.

Good seed should be made up only of the larger and plumper kernels. It is necessary to remove all impurities such as chaff, straw, dirt and other inert matter, weed seeds, seeds of foreign varieties and shrunken, immature or otherwise inferior kernels. Many of these impurities may be removed in the fanning mill, after which it will be necessary to go over the grain to remove what the fanning mill has missed.

The vital parts of the fanning mill are the air blast and the upper and lower sieves. The first should remove the chaff, straw and lighter impurities, as well as the lighter grains. It is often advisable first to run the grain through rapidly, to take out what the air blast will remove, and then to clean it more slowly, with the sieves properly adjusted. The top sieve should be large enough to let the seed through while holding back the larger impurities; its slant, amount of shake and size of opening being regulated so that the grain will travel slowly. The lower sieve should be small enough to hold the plump seed while allowing small kernels to be taken out along with the weed seeds. Finally, the grain may be run over a narrow sluice when whatever impurities have been missed can be removed by hand.

## Canadian Cattle in Demand Overseas.

The Commissioner of Agriculture for Canada, Mr. Duncan Marshall, who is at present in England, in making preliminary arrangements for the entry of Canadian store cattle, says that a keen demand for such cattle exists in that country at the present time. Parties have interviewed him from Glasgow, Bristol, Louth, Newcastle on Tyne, Salford, and Dundee, all anxious to have shipments made to their respective ports. The National Farmers' Union, formerly opposed to the removal of the embargo, appears to have completely reversed its attitude. Its members are now anxious to have consignments made direct to them, in order that commission charges may be avoided. A delegation of Scottish farmers told Mr. Marshall that they wanted Canadian cattle early in the spring to be fed on large stocks of turnips and mangel-wurzels that were still on hand.



AN OLD INDUSTRY IN A NEW SETTING

Maple syrup and maple sugar, now delicacies, were originally used by settlers as a substitute for cane sugar, which was, of course, almost impossible to obtain. In some parts of Quebec and Eastern Ontario, the old methods of collecting sap and converting it into syrup are still used. The picture shows a farmer collecting syrup in wooden pails and boiling it at an outdoor fire. The upper central picture shows the modern method of tapping and collecting sap in sanitary receptacles, and the upper left-hand picture shows the scientific methods of handling syrup.



## GRAIN RATES LOWER THAN U.S.

### FACTORS FAVORABLE TO OUR FARMERS.

#### Insistent Demand for Dominion's Hard Wheat as it Becomes Widely Known.

The Canadian wheat crop in 1922, amounting to 399,786,400 bushels, is estimated to have produced a revenue of \$339,000,000, or nearly \$40 per head for every man, woman, and child in Canada, a fairly gratifying showing for a country where urban and rural population are about equally divided. The three Prairie Provinces alone accounted for \$207,784,000; Saskatchewan with \$204,408,000; Manitoba with \$55,744,000; and Alberta with \$47,632,000. The revenue of the wheat raised per head in the three Prairie Provinces was over \$40 for the 1922 crop.

Estimates of the value of the 1922 wheat crop are based on an average price received at 85 cents per bushel. Although it may have happened that the United States prices quoted were sometimes higher than the Canadian, this does not mean that the American farmer received more for his crop or can produce wheat at a cheaper rate. With prices in the two countries equal the advantages are all to the Canadian wheat producer.

Substantially the value of the labor of the American farmer may be considered on an equality with that of the Canadian farmer and the cost of his hired help will be found to differ only to an immaterial extent. Probably the biggest factor entering into the cost of the production of a bushel of wheat is the value of the land producing it. The greater amount of capital a farmer has tied up in his holdings, the greater will be the cost of growing his products.

#### Comparative Values of Farm Lands.

The United States Government has estimated the average price of United States farm land, cultivated and uncultivated, at \$53 per acre. When the large amount of uncultivated land is taken into account this places the value of cultivated and producing farm lands fairly high. In fact it may be generally accepted that few, if any, producing farms could be secured for less than \$100 per acre. In comparison with this, the average value of the occupied farm lands of Canada, which includes both improved and unimproved lands, together with dwellings, houses, stables, barns, and other farm dwellings, was only \$40 per acre in 1921.

High priced orchard lands enter into the calculations which result in this figure and the prices of the best wheat lands are very much lower. In the three Prairie Provinces, where the bulk of the annual wheat crop is raised, and which have produced the world's champion wheat for eleven years out of twelve, the value of the land is substantially in Alberta the average price of farm lands is only \$28 per acre, in Saskatchewan \$29 per acre, and in Manitoba \$35 per acre, and it is this very same land which has been proved to have none superior in the production of the best wheat in the world. Western Canadian agriculturists have comparatively little capital tied up in their lands. In many cases they secured their holdings for the mere filling, and it is merely steady cultivation and continuous settlement which have created the present values. It is plain, however, that they can produce the world's best wheat at a lower rate than the American farmer can grow the softer and less desirable varieties.

#### Some U.S. Rates Higher by 50%.

Another factor is manifested in the marketing of the wheat crop. Canadian farmers can get their wheat to its outlets from the country very much more cheaply than can American farmers. Grain rates from Western United States points to American lake terminals are materially higher than from Western Canadian points to Canadian lake terminals. For instance, a hundred pounds of wheat will travel from Winnipeg, Manitoba, to Fort William, Ontario, a distance of 420 miles, for 14 cents, whilst a consignment of a hundred pounds of American wheat from Leeds, North Dakota, to Duluth, 417 miles, the same distance, pays 20 1/2 cents. The same hundred pounds of wheat going from Calgary, Alberta, to Fort William pays a freight rate of 26 cents for the 1,243 miles, whilst the American hundred pounds going from Rexford, Montana, to Duluth, 1,254 miles, approximately the same distance, pays 51 1/2 cents, or nearly double. Freight rates from all Western points in the United States and Canada are in like proportion.

The foregoing goes to show that even when American wheat prices are substantially greater than Canadian, other factors which must be taken into consideration create a situation which favors the Canadian grower. Likewise, it must be borne in mind that practically the entire Canadian wheat crop is of the hard variety, which few sections of the United States can produce—a variety which as it becomes more widely known, is creating a more more demand, and seizing markets which formerly were satisfied with the softer grains.

Good causes are like bicycles: they keep going only so long as some one keeps pedaling.

## INFLUENZA LEAVES THE BLOOD THIN

### To Restore Full Health Tonic Treatment is Recommended.

Probably the most treacherous trouble that afflicts the people of Canada during the winter months is influenza or the grippe, as it is often called. The disease is treacherous, because often after the characteristic symptoms of the trouble have disappeared it leaves behind it a weakened and debilitated constitution which makes the victim an easy prey to other troubles. All this is due to the fact that the attack of influenza has left the blood abnormally weak and thin. Weak blood means impaired digestion, a feeling of tiredness, nervous breakdown. This condition will continue until the blood is restored to a rich, red, disease resisting condition. For the purpose of enriching and stimulating the blood no other medicine equals Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. These pills act directly upon the blood, and through the blood upon the nerves and in this way act as a restorative to the whole system. Thousands throughout Canada have proved the value of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in cases of this kind, among them is Miss Ida M. Fraser, R.R. No. 2, Thessalon, Ont., who says: "I passed through a severe attack of influenza which left me pale, thin and weak. Indeed, I was so weak I could scarcely stand upon my feet. The medicine I was taking in the hope of bringing back my health did not help me, and I was greatly discouraged. Finally I decided to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and from the time I had taken the first box my health began to improve. I used six boxes altogether, and found as a result that I was again strong and healthy, and I think that in cases of this kind they are worth their weight in gold."

If you have passed through an attack of influenza, your speediest way to regain full strength is through the fair use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. You can get these pills through any medicine dealer or by mail at 50 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

## Surnames and Their Origin

### NORTON. Racial Origin—English. Source—A locality.

If your name is Norton, and you wish to know its very first origin (for being one of those names derived from a locality it necessarily had an origin as a place name as well as a family name) you can pretty nearly figure it out for yourself, with little more than a very general knowledge of history. Its meaning, of course, is quite clear: "north-town." The ending reveals it as of Anglo-Saxon origin, hence the probabilities are that the name existed before the Norman invasion. But, it may be objected, are not place names coined today with the ending "ton"? True, but hardly in Norman times. The place names coined by the Normans do not end in "ton," and the ending did not come into use by the Anglo-Normans (except as they adopted names already extant) until their French had become fused with Saxon to make English. If the place name were coined in very modern times we would have no family name from it. If it were formed following the fusion of tongues, the period in which a family name might develop from it was comparatively short. But if formed in Anglo-Saxon times it would have been there always as the basis for a family name.

Consider it from another angle. The town of Norton actually is in York-

## A Shrine.

No sanctuary can compare With an orchard that I know. When April slips into its aisles And swinging censers blow—

When, 'neath its wondrous tresses, The choristers that sing Are robins, at their matins or Their vespers, in the Spring.

A deep sky stains its windows blue, And the sunlike breezes pass, Embroidering bright petals on Its altar-cloth—the grass.

No guide is needed but the heart, For every passer there May pause and see its loveliness And offer up a prayer.

Each one can say his vespers well In that old orchard close, When the Sun sends dying blessings down Its deep aisles, as they go—

And through those aisles an acolyte Comes stealing from afar— It is the Dusk, and in the East He lights the Evening Star! —Virginia Jeffrey Morgan.

### Curious Storage of Hay.

There is practiced in Kashmir, India, a novel method of putting fodder up for winter use. The country lies in a valley among the Himalayas. The chief industry of the people consists of raising fine wool and in making this into fabrics which have carried the name of the country all over the world. A curious custom in some places is that of hanging quantities of hay up among the branches of trees. Why this is done is more than the stranger can guess and he is much puzzled until some native informs him that in winter the snow lies five and six yards in depth and that the supplies of hay, which as he now looks at them seem only as if intended for giraffes, are then easily reached by the flocks of sheep which abound there.

### Cornmeal in Soap.

Cornmeal is a leading ingredient of a recently patented soap that removes stains from textiles as well as being valuable for personal use.

Minard's Liniment used by Physicians.

## Sunlight and Colors.

Everyone knows the danger of mistakes in attempting to select colored articles in artificial light. Only the white light of the sun, containing all the elements of color known to us, can be trusted in such cases to reveal the actual hues possessed by the objects under examination.

Starting with the fact that in a photographic dark room filled with ruby colored light, bright scarlet cloth appears white, it was shown that when no white light whatever is admitted to a dark room the power of the eye to distinguish colors is temporarily lost and all objects appear of various shades of white and black.

By mingling blue or green with red light the colors of objects can be made to undergo remarkable changes. The quantity of light alone affects the appearance of a color, particularly certain tints of blue and violet, for which reason, even in the absence of artificial lights, a person purchasing colored goods in a dark store must carry them to the door or window, where a strong illumination can be obtained, in order to make certain of the precise shade.

## WINTER HARD ON BABY

The winter season is a hard one on the baby. He is more or less confined to stuffy, badly ventilated rooms. It is so often storming that the mother does not get him out in the fresh air as often as she should. He catches colds which rack his little system; his stomach and bowels get out of order and he becomes peevish and cross. To guard against this the mother should keep a box of Baby's Own Tablets in the house. They regulate the stomach and bowels, and break up colds. They are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Hiram Explains. Hank—"I don't understand them thermometers."

Hiram—"It's simple enough. You see, when it gets down cold the mercury sorter huddles together down in the bottom, so's to keep warm."

### MONEY ORDERS.

Remit by Dominion Express Money Order. If lost or stolen you get your money back.

### Literal Interpretation.

Teacher—"In this verse, what is meant by the line, 'The shades of night were falling fast?'"

Bobby—"It means that someone was pulling down the window blinds."

### Chimney of Glass.

A French gunpowder plant blows the funes from its gun cotton factory through a chimney lined with glass, which resists the chemical action perfectly.

Dynamite is made by mixing nitroglycerine with sawdust.

### Other. Communication between France and England was rather close.

The names of Nevil, or Neville, was, of course, French in its real origin. It meant "the new city," and it was the name given to a town in Potosi, "Neuve Ville" was the French of it. There is no telling, in the individual case, whether it was brought into England as a family name (in the Norman form of "de Neville") at the time of William the Conqueror, or later. In some cases it is known to trace back to individuals who did cross to England with the conqueror.

But in any event, once in England, the succeeding centuries and the tendencies of the English speech which developed from the mixture of Norman French and Anglo-Saxon changed it into Neville and Nevill, the prefixed "de" being dropped in the course of time.

## LOST HOPE, SAYS MRS. WATERMAN

Declares Tanlac Restored Her Fully When Almost a Nervous Wreck—Gains 14 Pounds.

"Tanlac restored my health so completely three years ago that I haven't had to take a single dose of medicine since," says Mrs. Cora Waterman, 145 Monroe St., Toronto, Ont.

"I don't believe there was a worse case than mine in Ontario. I had been suffering for about three years and was practically a nervous and physical wreck. I could eat scarcely a thing, sleep was almost impossible, and rheumatism in my hands, wrists and arms almost drove me distracted. I spent every cent I could lay my hands on for medicine, and had about lost hope of ever being well again.

"But Tanlac ended my suffering and saved me a great many dollars. I regained fourteen pounds, too, which I still retain, and I feel as strong and healthy now as when a school girl. I have been praising the Tanlac treatment three years now, and want to send out this message to help others. Tanlac is for sale by all good druggists. Over 35 million bottles sold.



## For Lasting Fragrance Use Cuticura Talcum

There is nothing better than Cuticura Talcum for powdering and perfuming the skin. It appeals to the most fastidious because of its fine, smooth texture and delicate fragrance.

Soap 25c, Ointment 25c and 50c. Talcum 25c. Sold throughout the Dominion. Canadian Depot: Evans, Limited, 34 St. Paul St., W., Montreal.

Cuticura Soap shaves without pain.

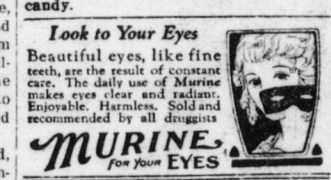
## "Cascarets" 10c

For Sluggish Liver or Constipated Bowels

Clean your bowels! Feel fine! When you feel sick, dizzy, upset, when your head is dull or aching, or your stomach is sour or gassy, just take one or two Cascarets to relieve constipation. No gripping—neat laxative-cathartic on earth for grown-ups and children. 10c a box. Taste like candy.

## Look to Your Eyes

Beautiful eyes, like fine teeth, are the result of constant care. The daily use of Murine makes eyes clear and radiant. Enormously recommended by all druggists.



MURINE For Your Eyes

Holds Cakes of Soap. Set into the face of a new bath brush and movable jaws which will hold a cake of soap of any size.

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere

## Hungry Pike.

The pike is the hungriest and the fiercest of fish. Fish, flesh and fowl seem alike acceptable to its palate, and it does not disdain mineral products; rings, spoons and other similar articles have been frequently taken from its maw.

Four English boys went to bathe in Ingleness Pond, near Ascol, in England. One of them, who shall be called Tommy, walked into the water to about the depth of four feet, when he spread out his hands and tried to swim.

At that instant a large fish came up and took the whole hand into its mouth, but finding itself unable to swallow and retching it out, and the boy, turning round, prepared for a hasty retreat. His companions, who saw the fish, scrambled out of the pond as fast as possible.

Tommy had scarcely turned around before the fish came up behind, and, seizing his other hand crosswise, inflicted some very deep wounds on the back of it. The lad raised his free hand, which was still bleeding, and struck the great fish a hard blow on the head, when it disappeared. The other boys took him to a surgeon, who dressed seven wounds in one hand, and so great was the pain the next day that the lad fainted twice. The little finger was bitten through the nail and it was more than six weeks before it was well.

An ordinary thumb will hold 100,000 of the smallest screws used in watches.

The world is full of babbling and words, and I never saw a man that doth not rather speak more than he he ought, than less.—Montaigne.

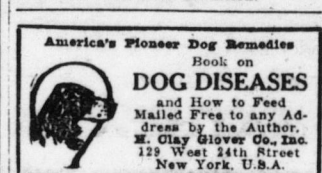
ISSUE No. 11-22.

## CORNS

### Lift Off with Fingers



Doesn't hurt a bit! Drop a little "Freezone" on an aching corn, instantly that corn stops hurting, then shortly you lift it right off with fingers. Truly! Your druggist sells a tiny bottle of "Freezone" for a few cents, sufficient to remove every hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and the calluses, without soreness or irritation.



## Constipation Banished

A druggist says: "For nearly thirty years I have recommended the Extract of Roots, known as Mether Seigel's Curative Syrup, for arresting and permanently relieving constipation and indigestion. It is an old reliable remedy that never fails to do the work." 30 drops thrice daily. Get the Genuine. 50c and \$1.00 bottles.



## Chest Cold? —try this method

That chest cold can be broken up—no matter how stubborn and deep-seated it may seem!

Apply Sloan's Liniment to chest and neck tonight. Its tingling, glowing warmth goes to the root of trouble. It breaks up the congested, inflamed condition. Relief quickly follows.

Get a bottle of Sloan's today. All druggists carry it. Its effectiveness will surprise you. Made in Canada.

Sloan's Liniment—kills pain! For rheumatism, bruises, strains, chest colds

## Classified Advertisements.

ONE HUNDRED DIFFERENT stamps for the names of two collectors and 25 postage. Lists Free. Toledo Stamp Company, Toledo, Ohio.

PURE WOOL FATTES, BEAUTIFUL, Ly carded and fluffy. Entirely free from oil or grease. Large sample, enough for comforter, one dollar. Woolen Mills, Georgetown, Ontario.

### STUBBEN CLOVER.

UBAM CLOVER, THE GREAT annual. Write for interesting information. D. Fraser, R.R. 1, Hagersville, Ontario.

### FEMALE HELP WANTED.

ADIES, DO YOUR OWN HEM-stitching and proofing. Attachments fit any machine. Rent \$12.50. Agents wanted. Colorado Attachment Co., Box 2310, Denver, Colo.

Lord Lascelles is an enthusiastic collector of old glass.

## Jockeys

Poultry and Dog Fanciers, stitching and proofing. Attachments fit any machine. Rent \$12.50. Agents wanted. Colorado Attachment Co., Box 2310, Denver, Colo.

### Minard's Liniment

The Animal's Friend

## STOMACH MISERY, GAS, INDIGESTION

"Pape's Diapiesin" Corrects Sour, Upset Stomachs at Once

"Pape's Diapiesin" is the quickest, surest relief for indigestion, gases, flatulence, heartburn, sourness, fermentation or stomach distress caused by acidity. A few tablets give almost immediate stomach relief. Correct your stomach and digestion now for a few cents. Druggists sell millions of packages.

## MOTHER OF TWIN BOYS

Tells How Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Relieved Her of Inflammation and Great Weakness

West St. John, N. B.—"I was in a general run-down condition following the birth of my twin boys. I had a great deal of inflammation, with pains and weakness. Finally my doctor recommended Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. He said that your medicine would be the only thing to build me up. I am sure he is right, for I am feeling much better and am gaining in weight, having gone down to ninety-three pounds. I was in bed for over a month, but am up again now. I have recommended the Vegetable Compound to my friends and give you permission to use my letter."—Mrs. ELMER A. RITCHIE, 82 Rodney St., West St. John, N. B.

There are many women who find their household duties almost unbearable owing to some weakness or derangement. The trouble may be slight, yet cause such annoying symptoms as dragging pains, weakness and a run-down feeling. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is a splendid medicine for such conditions. It has in many cases relieved those symptoms by removing the cause of them. Mrs. Ritchie's experience is but one of many.

You might be interested in reading Mrs. Pinkham's Private Text-Book upon the "Ailments of Women." You can get a copy free by writing the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Coughour, Ontario.



## There's Solid Comfort in Healthy Nerves

WHEN you envy the calm and serene person who always looks so comfortable, just remember that his condition is the result of healthy nerves and sound, refreshing sleep.

If you are nervous and irritable—if you cannot sleep at night—avoid the use of tea and coffee, which many

people cannot drink without serious harm to their nerves, and consequent interference with health and comfort.

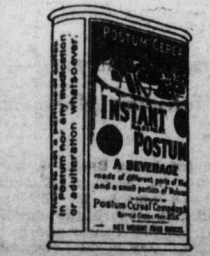
Drink, instead, delicious Instant Postum—the wholesome, healthful table beverage that safely charms and satisfies.

At your grocer's in sealed, air-tight tins

## Instant Postum FOR HEALTH

"There's a Reason"

A generous sample tin of Instant Postum sent, postpaid, for 4c in stamps. Write: Canadian Postum Cereal Co., Limited, 45 Front St., E., Toronto. Factory: Windsor, Ont.



# ASPIRIN

UNLESS you see the name "Bayer" on tablets, you are not getting Aspirin at all



Accept only an "unbroken package" of "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin," which contains directions and dose worked out by physicians during 22 years and proved safe by millions for

Colds Headache Rheumatism  
Toothache Neuralgia Neuritis  
Earache Lumbago Pain, Pain

Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets—Also bottles of 24 and 100—Druggists. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monocarbonylacid of Salicylicacid. While it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer Manufacture, to assist the public against imitations, the Tablets of Bayer Company will be stamped with their general trade mark, the "Bayer Cross."



## "Listen In"

Here's the Story of Glencoe's Biggest Bargains

### 54-inch All-wool Serge

A beautiful quality in shades of Navy, Black and Brown. Very special value at per yard, \$1.69.

### Bleached Tabling

An exceptional quality that will save you better cloth. Special this week, per yard, 75c.

### A Wall Paper Bargain

For this week only we offer this Big Wall Paper Special. Included are Embossed Stripes, Satan Stripes and several lines of Tapestry Paper. Save money by coming here. Per roll, 18c.

Women's Smart New Spring Coats, made in all-wool Velours and beautiful English Polos, in the popular large one-button styles with wide sleeves. In all the new shades. Special offering, \$12.50, \$15.00 and \$16.50.

### A Wonderful Showing of Gingham

Special Value, 25c yd.  
Wide Widths at 38c yd.  
Ratines in all the new shades, 89c yd.

### Continuing the Sale of Women's New Spring Shoes

Stylish neat fitting models in smart strap, buckle and oxford styles. Per pair, \$3.95.

Beautiful New Spring Curtains and Curtain Goods, Cretonnes and Draperies at remarkably low prices this week.

Ladies' Knitted Vests, Summer weight, with or without sleeves, for 19c. Extra value.

Women's Black Cotton Stockings, special value at 19c pair.

Women's Black and Brown Lisle Stockings, special value at 48c pair.

A full stock of Gold Seal Congoeum Rugs to choose from, and at right prices.

Get our prices on Linoleums and Window Shades before buying.

Men's and Young Men's Suits. Think of it! Good snappy suits at these prices, \$12.50, \$15.00 and \$25.00.

Suits made to your measure for \$27.50 and \$35.00.

**E. A. MAYHEW & CO.**

**QUESTIONS and Bible Answers**

If Parents will encourage children to look up and memorize the Bible Answers, it will prove a priceless heritage to them in after years.

Who will shine as the stars?—Daniel 12: 3.

#### NEWBURY

The death of George Colborne the infant son of Thos. Wharf, took place on Monday, aged three days. Rev. C. D. Farquharson conducted the funeral service. Interment was made in the Johnston cemetery.

Elmer Connelly returned on Saturday evening from Toronto.

Miss Kate McIntyre, of St. Thomas, was in town for the week-end.

Word came to the village Monday morning of the death of John Archer, son of the late J. J. Archer. He died

suddenly at the home of Mr. Lamont, in Aldborough. He served in the Boer war and the Great war.

Another splendid meeting of the Newbury and Vicinity Community Club was held in the town hall Friday evening.

The membership contest closed with a tie between N. H. Henderson and P. T. Gairbrath, captains, with 370 enrolled. Committees were appointed to prepare for a banquet to be held Friday evening, March 23rd. This is a big affair, but with each and every member doing his or her share to make not only the banquet but the community club a success, there is not a doubt but all differences will melt under the warm rays of the community spirit.

A union service was held in the Anglican church on Sunday afternoon conducted by Rev. R. J. Murphy, with Rev. C. D. Farquharson assisting, it being the annual meeting of the Bible Society. The church was well filled. Rev. R. J. Bowen, secretary, gave a wonderful address. He has been

coming to this village in this work for 16 years and always brings a fresh message. To hear him is an inspiration and a rare privilege. Mrs. R. J. Murphy sang an appropriate solo which was much enjoyed.

All members of Newbury and Vicinity Community Club are asked to bring in donations for banquet as early as possible on day of banquet, March 23, as supper will be served at six o'clock.

#### WARDEVILLE

Mrs. Taggie and sons Edward and Arthur spent a few days in London at their home last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Specknabarger spent Sunday with their daughter, Mrs. B. Miller.

Miss Lillian Blain has taken a position in Glencoe.

Mrs. Petch, who has been ill with pneumonia, is somewhat better.

Rev. R. J. Bowen, of London, made his annual visit on behalf of the Bible

Society on March 11. In the morning he conducted the regular service in the Anglican church, and in the evening there was a union service in the same church, when Mr. Bowen gave an excellent address on the aims and work of the Bible Society. Officers for the coming year were elected as follows:—President, W. D. Ellwood; secretary, Miss M. Aitchison; treasurer, Miss B. Gardiner. A number from the village attended the auction sale at Ed. Purcell's on Thursday.

On March 18 Mr. Ahyanker, of India, now a student at Huron College, London, will be in Wardville, where he will speak.

The A. Y. P. A. held their fortnightly meeting in the basement of the church on Friday evening. During the business session the secretary was asked to write accepting the Glencoe invitation for March 26. A social time was then spent and a dainty lunch was served by the ladies. The next meeting will be Thursday evening, March 22.

A meeting of the W.M.S. was held on Tuesday afternoon at the parsonage. Rev. S. J. Bridgette gave a very interesting address.

The Y. P. S. of the Methodist and Presbyterian churches met on Friday evening in the latter church. Minute speeches by various members featured the evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Jack Sloan have taken possession of their new home here, formerly owned by Mr. and Mrs. W. McMaster. The latter have moved into the house adjoining the bank.

Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Stuart and family, of Knappdale, spent Thursday with Mr. and Mrs. Thos. H. Weer.

A number from this vicinity attended the dance given in Woodgreen on Wednesday evening.

#### CASHMERE

Clarence Funks is visiting in Detroit.

Melvin Stiller underwent an operation for appendicitis in a Detroit hospital on Wednesday and is doing as well as can be expected.

Born—March 6th, to Mr. and Mrs. Henry Willick, of Ford (formerly of this place), a son.

Angus Taylor was a London visitor on Tuesday.

James Bunda and James Snelgrove have exchanged farms. They moved on Monday last.

The Dark, of Bothwell, spent a few days with his son Wed. recently.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard Gardiner and son Bramwell spent Sunday with relatives near Wardville.

#### WOODGREEN

Richard Jackson has returned to Toronto after spending a month at his home here.

Miss Iva Squire spent the week-end at her home.

On Friday evening the dramatic club took their play "Clairinda Cackler's Courtship," to Knappdale. Although the night was stormy a large number attended the play and all went away well satisfied.

Mrs. Geo. Harvey spent a couple of days last week with relatives at Knappdale.

Mrs. Andrew Clannahan spent a few days in Glencoe last week.

**It Will Prevent Ulcerated Throat.**—At the first symptoms of sore throat, which presages ulceration and inflammation, take a spoonful of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Add a little sugar to it to make it palatable. It will allay the irritation and prevent the ulceration and swelling that are so painful. Those who were periodically subject to quinsy have thus made themselves immune to attack.

#### NORTH EKFRID

A few from here attended the oyster supper at Melbourne Friday evening of last week.

The Girls' Mission Society met at the home of Miss Pearl Pettit Wednesday afternoon, with a good attendance considering the bad roads. The meeting was called to plan work for the summer months.

Miss Elva Hudson was in the chair.

Louis Ramey has secured a good position in Windsor.

Mrs. Hiram Carman and family are moving this week to their new home in Metcalfe.

The play at Springfield is postponed indefinitely owing to one of the actors taking suddenly ill.

Miss Edie Mills, of London, is home on a visit.

Will Nichols has rented his farm and is going to Windsor to live.

Tapping maple trees is the order of the day here.

Dr. Ernest Hixon came home from the West to be present at his father's funeral. He has been away from this neighborhood a number of years.

We are pleased to report that Mrs. Thomas Hardy, who has been ill with quinsy, is much better.

Mrs. Floyd Webster, of Windsor, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Henry Howe, of Caradoc.

Worms sap the strength and undermine the vitality of children. Strengthen them by using Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator to drive out the parasites.

**T.R.C.'s** Made in "Get 'Em" Rheumatism Most other pains are easy.

**RHEUMATISM** NEURALGIA SCIATICA NEURITIS LUMBAGO

TEMPLETON'S RHEUMATIC CAPSULES

"From Pain to Ease with T.R.C.'s." THOUSANDS of Canadians have tried T.R.C.'s and found they do drive out rheumatism, and all similar pains. T.R.C.'s reach the seat of pain, for their medicinal powder is carried in the blood. \$1.00 at your druggist's. Free sample Templeton Co., Toronto.

**Canada's Standard Remedy for Pain.** Sold by Johnston's Drug Store

#### APPIN

The services in the Methodist church for the next three Sundays will be devoted to the Easter season, with appropriate messages. Next Sunday the pastor will speak on the subject "Jesus Only." The following Sunday the subject will be "Completeness in Christ." Then on Easter Sunday a unique service is being arranged which will be of great interest to all. It is to be in the form of a pageant, entitled "The Spirit of Easter," which will be presented by nineteen girls of the church.

Mr. and Mrs. Hugh G. Black spent last week visiting relatives in Detroit and Walkerville.

Miss Vera Black is visiting in Walkerville.

A large number of local hockey enthusiasts enjoyed the Melbourne-Appin game at Glencoe last Wednesday.

The little baby girl of Mr. and Mrs. A. I. Howe passed away Wednesday evening last.

W. T. May, county master Orange Association, is at grand lodge at Owen Sound this week.

Miss Gertrude McGill has returned home from Petrolia.

Miss Constance Bardwell is the guest of her brothers, Charles and Alfred, at Appin this week.

Congratulations to Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Pole on the birth of a son last week. The stork has been busy here these days—to Mr. and Mrs. D. McIntyre, a daughter.

Appin was successful at the checker tournament against Strathroy here last week.

United States Sunday editions of newspapers are flooding the country just now—or attempting to.

"Ekfrid Centre" Orange Lodge at Appin held their second social this winter when on the evening of March 5th they entertained the ladies, the Black Preceptory and the Glencoe lodge at a progressive euchre and concert. The renovated hall, newly floored with linoleum and decorated with new blinds, curtains and pictures, with a new elevated platform and built-in cupboards, all lighted with new air lamps, speaks well for the progressiveness of the lodge. A dainty lunch was served to about 75 guests.

This lodge has been regularly carried on since 1859. A link with the past was present in the person of Bro. W. J. Henderson, of Manitoba, who was initiated here in this hall 41 years ago.

#### MELBOURNE

Melbourne, March 9.—The members of the I. O. O. F. and Anna Rebekah lodges had a social gathering last evening at which about 75 were present. Supper was served, after which a splendid program was given, consisting of several vocal solos by Miss Alice Frost, a reading by Miss Joan Lockwood, a talk on Oddfellowship by John Lee and an address by Robert Campbell. Harry Brodie was chairman. The Melbourne orchestra gave a number of selections during the evening.

At the last regular meeting of the Y. P. S. of the Presbyterian church, held on Friday evening, Garnet Long gave the topic. The meeting was led by the president, Harry Brodie. Miss Lillian Brown sang a solo and the Melbourne orchestra furnished music for a social time afterwards. Lunch was served.

Melbourne, March 12.—The members of the U. F. W. O. at a recent meeting appointed Mrs. Carrie Rich-ards their representative to meet with the trustees of the Longwood cemetery, to see if something could be done to have the entire cemetery put in perfect order. The trustees have located a landscape gardener who is willing to undertake to put the cemetery in first-class condition and care for it afterward. The trustees have called a meeting of all persons interested at the Woodman Hall on the 17th to make final arrangements.

Miss Constance Howell, who has been ill for some time, is now improving.

Mrs. (Dr.) Howell has returned home from a visit with her daughter, Mrs. McNiel.

Mrs. McLaughlan, of St. Thomas, is the guest of her mother here, Mrs. Campbell.

Mrs. Culp, of Cleveland, is visiting or sister, Mrs. Cavan.

Norman Brown arrived from the West with a variety of cattle and Mrs. Brown is expected shortly. They will live in the house recently purchased by Sandy Williamson.

Mrs. Stanley Richards, although not restored to her usual good health, is slowly improving.

#### WALKERS

Mr. and Mrs. Angus McCallum left on Tuesday for Rochester, Minnesota, where Mrs. McCallum intends taking treatment at the Mayo hospital.

Born at Inwood, on Friday, March 9, to Mr. and Mrs. John Archie Patterson, a daughter.

The dramatic club staged their play in Napier on Friday night, where a jolly good time was spent. Lunch was served, after which music for dancing was furnished by the McLachlan and Patterson orchestra.

Ralph Collier, of Melbourne, has been appointed foreman on the M. C. R. and is moving his family to Walkers in the course of a few days.

John McNaughton attended a meeting of the council on Monday at Napier.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Douglas and family visited Mrs. Wm. L. Walker on Sunday.

Much sympathy is expressed for Mrs. John Archie Patterson in the loss she has sustained by the death of her mother, Mrs. J. P. McVicar, of Inwood, who died on Friday, after an illness of a few weeks.

Saturday is a busy day in our burg, and the hum of the Fordson is heard from early morn as our local miller grinds the chop for the many farmers who patronize his mill.

A total of 18,896 immigrants were refused admission to Canada during the fiscal year ended March 31, 1922. Of this number, 18,563 were rejected at the international boundary and 1,083 at ocean ports. The total number of American citizens refused admission was 10,268.

**CAPITAL** \$20,299,140 **RESERVES** \$20,763,508

THE AVERAGE MAN often spoils his future because he thinks his savings too small to be worth banking.

Do not wait until you have \$100 to deposit—open an account with \$1 and make it grow.

**THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA**

GORDON DICKSON, Manager, GLENCOE  
A. N. McLEAN, Manager, APPIN

## Grocery Slaughter Sale

Canned Corn, Tomatoes and Peas, offering at 15c. 3 Cakes Infants Delight Soap, 25c. New Dates 10c package. Similar reductions all through this large, well assorted stock of Fresh Groceries.

All goods marked in plain figures

**5 per cent. off Cash Purchases**

Highest price given for good Table Butter and Eggs.

IMMEDIATE FREE DELIVERY

**W. A. CURRIE**  
CENTRAL GROCER TELEPHONE 25

**SMP**

**Soup!**

There's nothing like piping hot, delicious soup to start the hearty meal. Here is a fine pot that will do a lot to help you make good soup—the SMP Enamelled Ware London Kettle. Even after the greasiest or stickiest cooking SMP Enamelled Ware cleans as easily as a china dish. Ask for

**A Fine Kettle**  
This is a fine kettle, not only for soup, but for boiling meat or stewing, cooking vegetables or preserving. Be sure each enamel you buy carries the SMP trade mark.

**SMP Enamelled WARE**  
Three finishes: Pearl Ware, two coats of pearly grey enamel inside and out. Diamond Ware, three coats, light blue and white outside, white lining. Crystal Ware, three coats, pure white inside and out, with Royal Blue edging.

THE SHEET METAL PRODUCTS CO. LIMITED  
MONTREAL TORONTO WINNIPEG  
EDMONTON VANCOUVER CALGARY

SOLD BY W. CUMMING & SON

## Sugar

The price of Sugar continues high but we offer to a limited number of customers one bag at

**\$9.95 per cwt.**

cash with order.

Delivery about March 20. Order now.

**The Cash Stores**  
Newbury & Wardsville  
W. H. Parnall

**The C. E. Nourse Co.**  
Dealers in

**Flour and Feed**

COAL, WOOD AND CEMENT

Highest Market Prices paid for all kind of Grain.

Terms Strictly Cash.

Store and Elevator, Main St., Glencoe

**J. D. McKellar, Manager**

Rub it in for Lame Back.—A brisk rubbing with Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil will relieve lame back. The skin will immediately absorb the oil and it will penetrate the tissues and bring speedy relief. Try it and be convinced. As the liniment sinks in, the pain comes out and there are ample grounds for saying that it is an excellent article.

## SHOE REPAIRS WHILE YOU WAIT

Old Shoes made like new. Quality, Durability, and Neatness in every job guaranteed.

Let me fix your broken Harness. Charges reasonable.

**J. PARKE**  
Shoemaker, Newbury, Ont.  
Agent for the City Laundry, St. Thomas.

**J. B. COUGH & SON**  
Furniture Dealers  
Funeral Directors  
MAIN STREET - GLENCOE  
Phone day 23, night 100

**Chas. Dean**  
Funeral Director  
Residence, Brick House,  
Corner Main St. and Appin Road  
Phone 76 - GLENCOE

**J. A. ROBINSON & SON**  
Funeral Directors  
HANDSOME MOTOR AND HORSE SERVICE

Hand-made Walnut, Oak and Chestnut Finished Caskets  
We also keep the best Factory Caskets and Vaults in stock  
Phone 155 - Newbury, Ont.

THE 1923 SERIES STUDEBAKER LIGHT-SIX TOURING CAR—\$1375

"Built-in-Canada"



**A Canadian Car for Canadian Service**

The 1923 Series STUDEBAKER Light-Six Touring Car is ideally adapted to Canadian use. It is, therefore, only natural that it has been the center of the crowds at all the Dominion automobile shows.

Its body—constructed entirely of steel—possesses a beauty of design heretofore confined to high priced cars. Wide, deep seats—upholstered in genuine leather—afford maximum riding comfort for five adults.

Mechanically, the Light-Six remains unchanged. Its power and smoothness of operation; its acceleration and dependability have been convincingly demonstrated in the hands of 100,000 satisfied owners.

Its unusual economy has been proven by 27 world-wide tests, which established an average of 26.9 miles to the gallon of gasoline.

And its value is unexcelled, because practically complete manufacture of three chassis types in Studebaker factories reduces overhead to a minimum and virtually eliminates parts-makers' profits. Savings thus gained are passed on to the purchaser.

The Studebaker name for seventy-one years has stood for high quality and value. Your purchase of any Studebaker car—because of the sterling reputation of the maker—carries with it the assurance of absolute satisfaction.

New steel body. One-piece windshield with attractive cowl lights set in base. Quick-action cowl ventilator. Curtains, bound on three sides by steel rods, open with doors. Door pocket flaps with weights to hold them in shape. Thiel-proof transmission lock. Standard non-skid cord tires.

1923 MODELS AND PRICES—f. o. b. Walkerville, Ont.—Exclusive of taxes			
LIGHT-SIX	SPECIAL-SIX	BIG-SIX	
5-Pass., 115" W. B., 40 H. P.	5-Pass., 119" W. B., 50 H. P.	7-Pass., 126" W. B., 60 H. P.	
Touring.....\$1375	Touring.....\$1795	Touring.....\$2425	
Roadster (3-Pass.).....1375	Roadster (2-Pass.).....1760	Speedster (5-Pass.).....2550	
Coupe-Roadster (2-Pass.).....1775	Coupe (4-Pass.).....2750	Coupe (6-Pass.).....3250	
Sedan.....2225	Sedan.....2950	Sedan.....3750	

Terms to Meet Your Convenience

**WM. MCCALLUM**

Dealer

Glencoe

THIS IS A STUDEBAKER YEAR