

### POWDER

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### KEK UP FOR NIGHT

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ughter—Out Two Hours and a  
nd Addresses to the Jury.

## EARL GREY WILL USE CANADA'S FLAGSHIP

### To Sail in Niobe to West Indies

### Visit May Hasten a Better Steamship Service

### His Excellency Going as British Commissioner to Further Inquire Into Trade Possibilities—Will Likely Call at American Ports En Route.

(Special to The Telegraph.)  
Ottawa, Oct. 3.—The Niobe, the flagship of the new Canadian navy, which will arrive in Halifax from England next month, will during the winter months take a cruise in West Indian waters, following the usual practice of warships in North Atlantic waters.

It is understood that Earl Grey will make his promised January visit to the West Indies on board the Niobe, which, with its complement of Canadian and British officers and men, will probably pay, en route, the first visit of a Canadian war vessel to several of the United States Atlantic ports.

It has been stated in British papers that Earl Grey's visit to the West Indies may have a special significance, and be considerably more than a mere pleasure trip. It is asserted that he has been commissioned by the imperial government to further inquire into and report on the possibilities of improving steamship communication between Canada and the West Indies with a view to encouraging trade relations along the lines recommended by the royal commission on trade between the British overseas dominions on this side of the Atlantic. Any such commission is, however, entirely a matter between Earl Grey and the imperial government and no confirmation of the report is available here.

## HAS BROUGHT HER 21 BROTHERS TO UNITED STATES

### Viennese Girl, First to Emigrate, Has Made Arrangements for All—Parents and Sister Still in Home Land.

New York, Oct. 3.—Miss Marie Tufar, a pretty young Viennese girl, arranged today for the passage of a brother from the old country, who will be the twenty-first brother she has brought to the United States in six years. She was the first to venture to America.

Miss Tufar has acted throughout as the American banker for the family, and as each brother made up his mind to emigrate, he would send the money for his passage to his sister, who made all necessary arrangements. Today only the father, his mother and one daughter are left in the home, just outside of Vienna.

## FIRE DESTROYS NORTH SHORE PRESBYTERY A SECOND TIME

### Catholic Priest's Residence at Belle-dune Burned Sunday Afternoon.

Belle-dune, Oct. 3.—(Special)—The Catholic Presbytery at Belle-dune was completely destroyed by fire yesterday afternoon. This building was just completed, having been constructed to replace the one destroyed by fire about a year ago.

Friday, Sept. 30, Andrew Rossi, alias Andr Rose, will again have to face trial for the murder of his compatriot, Luigi Siracus, as the verdict in that case, after careful deliberation lasting from 11 o'clock yesterday evening until 10 o'clock yesterday morning, failed to agree on a verdict. The vote stood nine to three in favor of the verdict of a decree of murder, the remaining three standing out for manslaughter.

His Honor Judge Landry discharged the jury, thanking them for their attention to the case. He said that the court would resume on Thursday next. It is understood that the discussion in the jury room was quite lively at times and that while the number in favor of a verdict of manslaughter finally remained at three, it was even more than that earlier in the proceedings, when the vote stood 8 to 4, and also 7 to 5, the majority approving of the edict of murder.

Have you seen the beautiful pictures offered to new cash subscribers by The Telegraph and The Times? The most attractive premium ever offered in the Maritime Provinces.

## DIGBY LIBERALS CHOOSE A. E. WALL AS CANDIDATE

### Enthusiastic Convention at Weymouth Nominate a Winner for Local Legislature.

(Special to The Telegraph.)  
Weymouth, N. S., Oct. 3.—At one of the most enthusiastic political conventions ever held in Digby county, A. E. Wall, the provincial Liberal organizer, was unanimously nominated this afternoon as the Liberal candidate to contest Digby county at the approaching provincial elections. Every polling district in the county was represented and unbounded enthusiasm prevailed at the meeting.

E. H. Armstrong, M. P. for Yarmouth county, addressed the meeting on the political issues of the day. The meeting closed with the usual cheers.

In accepting the nomination Mr. Wall made an eloquent speech, which was loudly cheered by the delegates. That Digby county will go Liberal at the coming election is assured from the size of the majority. The Liberal party is well organized and the campaign promises to be a thorough one, ending with success for the Murray government.

## \$1,500,000 FIRE IN NEW YORK SWEEPS BIG AREA

New York, Oct. 3.—Fire in the vicinity of 24th street and 11th avenue early tonight swept an area 500 by 300 feet, causing damage estimated at \$1,500,000. Chief Croker announced that it was the greatest burned area during his experience in New York city.

The space swept comprises almost three acres of lumberyards, factories and stables on 11th avenue and 24th and 25th streets. For nearly three hours the fire was beyond the control of the fire department and it was stopped at length by concentrating apparatus which combined the water on the flames at the rate of 25,000 gallons a minute.

Five hundred horses were rescued from stables and in spite of the size of the fire, the difficulties of fighting it, it was remarkably free from serious accidents. One fireman was badly hurt by a bucking horse and several others were less seriously hurt.

The fire started in the lumber yard of Moore Bros., 11th avenue and 24th street, quickly destroyed it and soon ignited the kindling wood factory of Clarke & Wilkins which was likewise burned to the ground. Besides these structures the following were either destroyed or badly damaged: Six-story factory of the New York Metal Ceiling Company; stable and storehouse of James J. Duffy, contractor; the Penna Hotel, a three-story structure; warehouse of the United States Express Company; vacant two-story building of the Metropolitan Iron & Steel Company; four-story factory of the Atlas Metal Bed Company.

## HEARST PAPERS OPPOSE NEW YORK DEMOCRATIC TICKET

New York, Oct. 3.—W. R. Hearst devotes the entire front page of the American to an attack on Charles F. Murphy, leader of Tammany Hall, who is depicted as representing every state officer nominated by the Democratic state convention at Rochester. This is the first indication of Mr. Hearst's attitude in the coming campaign.

"The election of the Murphy ticket," says the American, "will be a defeat for every American principle for free and just government. There is no party involved, and it is necessary to drive the bosses and criminal trusts out of American politics, and any party should be defeated that harbors them."

## EFFORTS TO SETTLE BRITISH COTTON MILLS LOCKOUT FAIL

Manchester, Eng., Oct. 3.—The employers' committee proposed which the operatives rejected this evening. Although Comptroller General Askwith is continuing his efforts to effect a settlement, it is now believed that a protracted struggle is inevitable.

## FAVORS PAY FOR CONVICTS' WORK

### International Prison Congress Would Make Wages According to Merit

### SOME OPPOSITION

### Italian Delegate Says Labor Unions Are Opposed to Such Products Entering Into Competition With Free Labor—Would Treat Petty Offenders the Same Way.

(Associated Press.)  
Washington, Oct. 3.—Payment of prisoners according to their industry to insure protection for their families and their own rehabilitation on release, was recommended to the international prison congress today, by the section on "preventive means."

The resolution provoked heated discussion in the congress, not because the principle of caring for prisoners' families was opposed, but because it was not worded so as to fit several countries, including the United States, where prisoners are unable, under existing law, to earn anything. The subject was referred back to the section, on motion of Mrs. Ella Flagg Young, superintendent of public schools, Chicago, Cleveland, Ohio.

The five from the missing list to be heard from are A. D. Winnell, Boston; E. A. Herbert, Connecticut; L. Johnson, Wilmington (Del.); J. A. Lege, Philadelphia, and J. Van Peer, Paterson (N. J.). In the face of these cheerful developments two other drownings among sailors of the fleet occurred today. One of the crew of the Kansas, believed to have been Eugene Audit, gave his life in attempting to save a young woman visitor to the battleship. She was rescued but he perished.

Tonight a sailor, cleaning the side of the hospital ship Solace, lost his balance and was swept under the vessel by the swift tide. A companion dove to the rescue but without avail. The latter was saved by the quick work of a patrol. The name of the victim was not learned.

## SAILOR MESS BOY ON ALASKA STEAMER MADE BIG HAUL

### Rifled Strong Room and Stole Much Bullion and Money, But Was Caught Later With the Loot.

Seattle, Wash., Oct. 3.—Gold bullion and Canadian and United States bank notes aggregating many thousands of dollars, were stolen from the mail room of the steamer City of Seattle, from Skagway, Alaska, last night.

T. Buckley, sailor mess boy on the vessel, on whom eight gold bricks and a large number of notes were found, was arrested as soon as the City of Seattle arrived today. The robbery was discovered today by Mail Clerk Deatour as the steamer was nearing Seattle. First Officer Thomas Johnson discovered the gold bullion on the mess boy, and after a search, he found a large number of bank notes wrapped around the boy's legs. An examination of the mail room disclosed that almost every registered parcel on board had been rifled.

## NEW HIGH PRICES FOR RAW COTTON

New York, Oct. 3.—Although today's government report on the condition of the cotton crop did not fully bear out some of the extremely bullish private estimates, it was bullish enough to start an active movement, which advanced prices to a new high record for the season.

While there was tremendous realizing the market advanced 14.14 for December, and to 14.30 for March before there was any reaction of consequence. Even then offerings so well absorbed, that after selling off some 15 to 20 points, from the top, the market again rallied and at the close was firm, with last prices 20 to 30 points above the closing figures of Saturday.

Business was more general than at any time since last May, for the excitement which attended the closing phases of the old crop bull campaign did not represent such wide-spread interest as the market now appears to be attracting, owing to an apprehension that another small crop is to follow.

## BELLEVILLE WOMAN HOUSE BREAKER ADMITS HER GUILT

Belleville, Ont., Oct. 3.—(Special)—Mabel McMullen, a young woman, is under arrest here charged with house breaking and theft. After her arrest she admitted that she was guilty of entering Sheriff Morrison's residence and stealing furs, clothing, etc., to the value of about \$300. She was at one time a servant in the sheriff's house.

## FATAL SPOT FOR AMERICAN TARNS

### Two More Found Graves in the Hudson River Yesterday

### MISSING MEN FOUND

### Five Thought Lost from Capsized Barge Returned to Duty, Which Reduces Casualty List of Disaster to Thirty-seven.

(Associated Press.)  
New York, Oct. 3.—Three sailors included in the tentative death list caused by the swamping of a barge being towed to the battleship New Hampshire in the Hudson River on Saturday night, reported for duty today. Five others reported as missing but not remembered as being aboard the barge, turned up safely. This reduces the list of probable dead to 26, with 11 missing, 37 in all. Last night's list of missing was given out as eleven, but was increased later to sixteen, leaving still eleven with today's deductions. Those of the "probably drowned" who are alive are J. A. Bonner, Green Creek (N. J.); T. A. Bonnell, Philadelphia, and James Greene, Cleveland, Ohio.

The five from the missing list to be heard from are A. D. Winnell, Boston; E. A. Herbert, Connecticut; L. Johnson, Wilmington (Del.); J. A. Lege, Philadelphia, and J. Van Peer, Paterson (N. J.). In the face of these cheerful developments two other drownings among sailors of the fleet occurred today. One of the crew of the Kansas, believed to have been Eugene Audit, gave his life in attempting to save a young woman visitor to the battleship. She was rescued but he perished.

Tonight a sailor, cleaning the side of the hospital ship Solace, lost his balance and was swept under the vessel by the swift tide. A companion dove to the rescue but without avail. The latter was saved by the quick work of a patrol. The name of the victim was not learned.

Grappling for the lost New Hampshire men brought no results today. One sailor's body was found, but examination showed it to be that of Joseph V. Dudley, a coal passer from the repair ship Panther. He had been missing since Wednesday, Sept. 28th.

## VANCOUVER BANK CLERK MISSING; SO IS \$8,000

Toronto, Oct. 3.—(Special)—T. C. Luckhurst, clerk in the Bank of Vancouver, has disappeared, and there is shortage of funds of about \$8,000. A warrant has been issued for Luckhurst and the Toronto police have been notified to look out for him, as he is supposed to have come east. The stolen money is all in \$50 and \$100 bills.

## BAVARIA GROWS MORE TEMPERATE

Augustburg, Bavaria, Oct. 3.—The national temperance convention in session here, gave one day to honoring Judge William Jefferson Pollard, of St. Louis, whose system of reforming inebriates will be introduced into Germany. Last year the international anti-alcoholic congress declaration in favor of the enforcement of the Pollard system, which places drunkards on probation on their taking the pledge.

Reports submitted today indicate a very considerable growth in temperance. The excise receipts, it is estimated, have fallen off twenty per cent in two years.

## AMERICAN CONSUL ON INSPECTION TOUR

Moncton, Oct. 3.—(Special)—Hon. Geo. H. Murphy, American consul-general at large, is here on tour of inspection of the local consulate. He is on his biennial inspection of the Canadian, Newfoundland and Mexican consulates.

## MARCONI WIRELESS SENT 5,600 MILES

New York, Oct. 3.—A new long distance record for wireless transmission is claimed by the Marconi Wireless Telegraph Company, which announced today that the officials were informed in a despatch from London that Mr. Marconi, who is now in the Argentine Republic, has successfully received signals direct from Glace Bay (N. S.), and from Chiffen, Ireland, at the high power station now almost completed in the Argentine Republic. The distance covered is estimated at 5,600 miles.

## TWO ENGINEERS DROWN NEAR PRINCE RUPERT

Vancouver, B. C., Oct. 3.—(Special)—C. H. Gilroy and Alex. Allen, civil engineers, were drowned near Prince Rupert Saturday, their canoe upsetting on Woodworth Lake.

## TERRIBLE DEED OF RUM-CRAZED MAN

### Portland, Me., Drunk Shot His Wife and Then Killed Himself

### A FIENDISH ACT

### Threw Woman Down Stairs and Then Out Doors—Enraged at Her Sending for Police He Seized His Gun and Tragedy Ensued.

(Associated Press.)  
Portland, Maine, Oct. 3.—Because his wife, Clara, had sent for a policeman when he had come home drunk, and it is alleged through her out of the house, Albert Folwatschney sent a charge of shot into her side, from a ten gauge gun, and going to a field nearby blew his head off, with the same gun. The shot penetrated the woman's arm and right side. She was taken to the hospital and may recover.

When Folwatschney returned home, early this evening, it is said, he found that his wife had fastened the door against him. He burst it open, and following her upstairs, whither she had run, threw her bodily down to the floor below. Then he picked her up again and threw her out of doors. The woman crossed the street and asked a child to go for an officer. Then she entered her home again. Folwatschney reproached her for sending for an officer and picking up a double barrel shot gun, discharged it at her. Then he ran from the house, and was found later with his head blown almost completely to pieces.

Each was about fifty years old, and had been married about eight years. It was the woman's second marriage.

## MONCTON CONSTABLE COMMITTED FOR ASSAULTING WOMAN

### Mrs. Harry Attis Alleges He Kicked Her in the Side, and She Gave Her Testimony in Bed.

(Special to The Telegraph.)  
Moncton, Oct. 3.—Provincial Constable John W. Colpitts, who was charged with assaulting the wife of Harry Attis, was this afternoon committed for trial by Police Magistrate Kay.

Mrs. Attis was unable to appear in court today and her evidence was taken at her home. She stated she was in the act of taking a child out of her husband's arms when Colpitts kicked her in the side. Colpitts had come to the house and told her husband he wanted to see him outside. Attis declined to go outside and when Colpitts produced a pair of handcuffs Mrs. Attis says she went to get the child when she was kicked, as a result of which she has been confined in bed since.

## MITCHELL HANDS OVER REINS TO MAYOR GAYNOR

### Acting Mayor Renders Account of His Stewardship and Again Recommends Dismissal of Police Head.

New York, Oct. 3.—John Purroy Mitchell sent to the mayor today a voluminous report, detailing his stewardship as acting mayor and he again recommended the dismissal of Wm. E. Baker as the commissioner of police.

The much talked of letter by Commissioner Baker to one sent him by the acting mayor in which vice and gambling in the city and Coney Island were called to his attention, was made public with Mr. Mitchell's report. It is a sharp reply, and Mr. Mitchell, commenting thereon to the mayor, says it "general tone is inordinately." Because of this and the failure of the police department to suppress vice and gambling, and because, as Mr. Mitchell declares, "of the falsehood of which the commissioner had been guilty," he recommends his dismissal.

## CANADA TO HAVE A \$10,000,000 POWDER MERGER

Vancouver, B. C., Oct. 3.—A \$10,000,000 merger of all the powder companies in Canada, except the Giant Powder Company's branch factory at Telegraph Bay, has been effected.

Ownership will be vested in the British Canadian Explosives, Ltd., recently incorporated under letters patent issued by the dominion government. The merger is controlled by the Nobel corporation, owning powder and dynamite factories in every European country and the du Pont Powder Company of Delaware.

This deal marks the advent of the du Pont people in Canada. It is understood the interests of the Nobles and du Ponts in the holding company will be equal.

New York, Oct. 3.—Mrs. Helena Annis, widow of Wm. F. Annis, who was killed by Captain Peter C. Haines, jr., now serving a sentence in Sing Sing, will oppose the application for a pardon made by Governor Hughes in Haines' behalf by his father, General Peter C. Haines.

## \$100,000 REWARD FOR DYNAMITERS

### BORDEN AFRAID HIS MEETINGS WILL BE A FROST

### Conservative Leader Postpones Ontario Tour Because of Counter Attractions for Farmers.

(Special to The Telegraph.)  
Toronto, Oct. 3.—(Special)—R. L. Borden's tour of Ontario has been postponed. The Conservative leader was informed that the numerous fall fairs in the province would interfere with the success of the tour. There are about twenty-five places, however, where Mr. Borden has been invited by the local members and he may visit some of them. He will probably make a tour of the west at the close of the session.

## CONFESSES HE STOLE COUNTESS OF ANTRIM'S JEWELS

### Bell Boy at Winnipeg Hotel Says He Picked Up Case in Her Ladyship's Room and Walked Off With the \$12,000 Worth of Gems.

(Special to The Telegraph.)  
Winnipeg, Oct. 3.—The theft of \$12,000 worth of Countess of Antrim's jewels, which has been bothering the Winnipeg police for some time, was cleared up today when William Gardiner, a bell boy in the Royal Alexander Hotel, confessed to the robbery. He says there was no trouble about it. He just walked into the countess' room, picked up the case and walked off with it.

Gardiner has been taken to Hartford (Conn.), by two detectives, where he is wanted on a charge of stealing other jewels found on him at Winnipeg, when the search was first made for the Countess of Antrim's property.

## MORGAN STARTS FOR ANGLICAN CONVENTION IN SPECIAL TRAIN

### Several Bishops Are Guests of Railway Magnate on Trip to Cincinnati.

Albany, N. Y., Oct. 3.—J. Pierpont Morgan passed through Albany today on a special train on his way to Cincinnati to attend the general convention of the Episcopal church. Bishop Wordsworth, of Salisbury, England; Bishop Doane, of Albany, and Bishop Hall, of Vermont, boarded the train here as guests of Mr. Morgan. Other guests included Bishop Greer of New York and Bishop Lawrence of Massachusetts.

## CANADA TO HAVE BOSTON'S GREAT FISH MART TO MOVE FROM "T" WHARF

Boston, Oct. 3.—Another important step in the plans to transfer Boston's great fish trade from its outgrowth quarters on "T" wharf, to South Boston, was taken today, when the state board of harbor and land commissioners awarded the contract for the building of piers at the Commonwealth dock, the future home of the local fish business.

The contract was given to the Boston firm of Holbrook, Cabot & Rollins, the lowest bidder, the figures being \$760,000. Eleven bids were received, which ran up to as high as \$1,445,250.

## WILL OPPOSE PARDON FOR HUSBAND'S SLAYER

New York, Oct. 3.—Mrs. Helena Annis, widow of Wm. F. Annis, who was killed by Captain Peter C. Haines, jr., now serving a sentence in Sing Sing, will oppose the application for a pardon made by Governor Hughes in Haines' behalf by his father, General Peter C. Haines.

## Los Angeles Stirred by Horror

### Manufacturers and City Join Hands to Catch Fiends

### Police Believe That at Least Three Men Were Concerned in Blowing Up of the "Times" Building and Snuffing Out of a Score of Lives.

(Associated Press.)  
Los Angeles, Cal., Oct. 3.—Under the stimulus of proffered rewards aggregating nearly \$100,000, hundreds of policemen, detectives and private citizens in all Pacific coast cities are searching for clues which may lead to the arrest of the conspirators who blew up the Los Angeles Times building Saturday last and caused the death of more than a score of persons and attempted the destruction of the home of General Harrison Gray Otis, owner of the Times, and of F. J. Zeehandelaar, secretary of the Merchants and Manufacturers Association.

Police and civil officers believe that at least three men were concerned in the outrages, and the city has placed a price of \$10,000 on the head of each. The county today voted an additional reward of \$5,000 for every man captured and convicted, and members of the Merchants and Manufacturers Association offered a reward of \$5,000 of which \$25,000 has been subscribed.

It is assumed that at least three men were responsible for the explosion. The captured offers thus approximate almost \$100,000, a figure almost unprecedented in the annals of criminal pursuits.

Expect Arrest of Fiends Soon.  
Chief of Police Galloway said today that he expected to have one or all of the conspirators in custody soon. He expected news from San Francisco, whence has come the most promising clue thus far developed.

William J. Burns, a detective, is at work tonight in that city with Los Angeles detectives who were sent there on receipt of information that dynamite, said to be the same as that found in the bomb grave in a lot, said General Otis, "and was purchased near San Francisco by men giving the names of Leonard, Bryson and Morris."

General Harrison Gray Otis, editor of the Times, is protected by a body guard, as are his offices and the branch office that houses the editorial and business departments of the Times and auxiliary plant where the paper is printed.

Many clues are under investigation tonight and arrests are being made almost hourly. These arrests, however, are regarded as merely perfunctory.

General Otis and Harry Chandler, assistant general manager of the Times, are making arrangements for holding one funeral service for all the victims of the disaster. "If the families of the men don't object, we will have them buried in one grave in my lot," said General Otis, "and we will raise a monument to their memory, which will bear the names of all."

Coroner Hartwell empaneled a jury today to begin the inquest. After taking the nine members over the ruins of the Times building, he announced that investigation further would be done until the investigating committee appointed by the mayor and the chief of police, is ready to report.

The special cable service of The Evening Times-Star is a feature the newspaper reader in St. John cannot afford to miss. It is prepared by a Canadian for Canadian readers, and does not come through United States channels.





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These newspapers advocate British connection.
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Measures for the material progress and moral advancement of our great Dominion.
No graft! No deals!
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Semi-Weekly Telegraph and The News
ST. JOHN, N. B., OCTOBER 5, 1910.

TRADE RELATIONS

It is announced from Ottawa that the Canadian government will be ready to take up the matter of reciprocity with the United States about the middle of October. Apparently there is a feeling that a mutually profitable arrangement is likely to be arrived at, providing that the United States is willing to make concession for concession. If the United States is not ready to do that, it will soon be apparent that no progress can be made.

CALLING THE MOOSE

Calling moose is the art of imitating, with the assistance of a birch bark horn from sixteen to eighteen inches long, the various grunts, whines, lows, squeals, bellows and snorts of the cow, the bull, and also on occasion the calf. Ordinarily it consists in imitating the bellowing of the cow, but if the bull becomes suspicious and lurks in the neighborhood without showing himself, the caller must bring into play all his art and imitate the whines and grunts and sometimes the challenge of a rival bull and even the bleating of the calf. There has been a growing impression that this method of hunting is quite indefensible from any viewpoint but now comes Mr. Breck in the Outing Magazine for October with some good things to say for the method. He says:

"On the ethical aspect of calling few words need be wasted. If any kind of hunting is right in which both hunter and quarry are not in equal danger of death, then calling moose is legitimate, for the percentage of kills is less than for still hunting. The great majority of its opponents are men who have had practically no experience in calling and have little conception of its difficulties. It is enough to say that such fine sportsmen as Selous, Richard, Ware, House and many others, indulge in it without scruple. It is quite as sportmanlike to outfit a bull by luring him within shot by cleverly imitating the call of his mate at a season when he is especially on his guard, as it is to creep up to him under cover of wind and shoot him down in cold blood at a season when he has settled down for the winter and is as unsuspecting as he is at any time of the year."

and creep and crawl, noting with quick eye the face of the earth around him and the direction of the clouds above; for the wind is the great difficulty in getting at moose.
The large game of New Brunswick is one of the chief assets of the province. There is no other region where moose are found in such large numbers. The question of the length of the hunting season and all problems connected with preserving this magnificent game deserve the most careful attention of men who are authorities on the subject. The open season in Maine is four weeks shorter and four weeks later in opening than here. It is impossible that the moose can long stand the present rate of slaughter in this province. A correspondent tells of a man in the county of Queens who boasts having killed no less than eighteen last year; another in Madawaska who accounted for twenty-seven a few seasons ago. The Queens county man, the correspondent insists, slaughters from pure blood-thirstiness, not even taking the hide or the meat for profit or use. The other man, he says, sells the hides and divides his activities between Maine and Madawaska, killing with evil and heavy hand on both sides of the international boundary. These are particular cases, and the individuals concerned may, before this, have been overtaken by slow-footed justice, but that there is much illegal killing we cannot doubt. Many are strongly of opinion, too, that the middle of September is too early for legal killing, if we are going to conserve this great asset.

PRESIDENT TAFT

The history of the Republic offers no parallel to the position occupied today by President Taft. Nominated and elected by Mr. Roosevelt, inveigled into the high office when the less laborious and much honored position of Supreme Court judge looked before him as the legitimate reward of much honest work, good training and solid talents, he now finds himself completely eclipsed by his meteoric predecessor. Mr. Roosevelt by beating the Vice-President to a "frazzle," now assumes the direction of the New York campaign, and the larger position of party leader throughout the country. Mr. Taft's nomination for a second term will depend upon Mr. Roosevelt as completely as it did for the first. Like the old prophets, the ex-president can go up and down the country calling one man from his plow, another from his merchandise, another from seeking his asses, and anoint Mr. Taft—or another—as ruler over ninety millions of people. If the ruler pleases him and serves his gods, well and good; if not another may be elevated in his room and stead.

Although Mr. Taft received and holds his office on sufferance, it does not mean that he has failed as President. Mr. Roosevelt himself said: "Taft will give you a better administration than mine, for he will be able to build deliberately where I have had to play the pioneer and clear the ground." Mr. Taft, shows the sensation. The people do not abound in firebrands or epigrams, and the difference between his administration and the last is the difference between law and impulse. It is in some respects a better administration than Mr. Roosevelt's. Much of the legislation Mr. Taft fought for has been secured, and many malefactors have been punished. He secured the passage of an important railway bill, a conservation bill, the postal savings law, the statehood bill, and many minor measures. He failed to compass the economies of government he strove for, and his tariff work is yet unsatisfactory; he has not yet roused the country as he had hoped over the evils of political log-rolling; but, taken altogether, he has accomplished much.

But the general verdict is: "Oh, yes, a solid and steady man, but too archaic; he is not capable of uttering a note of spiritual summons; he is too easy and humdrum, no dash about him, no clarion appeal." It is too bad if the country is losing its power of responding to the appeal of commonplace honesty and independence. Showy qualities and emotional appeal are quite necessary at times when breaches are to be stormed and dragons to be slain, but nine-tenths of all that is important in public life calls not for the spectacular and the emotional but the homely every-day virtues. Charging the battlements and killing lions sets the crowd to huzzaning, but what the country needs—as a steady diet is not the shouting and the tumult, but the sober qualities of industry, thoroughness, sagacity, honesty and plodding carefulness. Highly spiced food is not good for a steady diet, and a people cannot afford to lose its taste for plain, wholesome bread.

"GOING WOOLWARD FOR PROFIT"

Shakespeare has the phrase: "I go woolward for penance," but the protectionists in this country and the United States have learned the easier and more agreeable lesson of going woolward for profit. Taft in pronouncing the Payne-Aldrich bill "very good" expressly excluded the wool schedule. It was the one most serious defect in that structure, or, looked at from the other side, it was the high towering pinnacle to that temple of greed. One of the ways in which the woolmen made the lot of the poor harder and swelled the ravages of tuberculosis, is told in the telegram of Whitman, president of the National Association of Wool Manufacturers, to Mr. North, his representative on the finance committee: "Of course, Messrs. Aldrich and Dingley will do all that they can, but I depend upon you letting them know what I need. I depend upon you, Dress goods, yarns, and tops." Other ways in which they secured the legal right to exact the uttermost farthing from those who buy clothes are told by Miss Ida M. Tarbell in the October American, under the title: "The Mysteries and Cruelties of the Tariff."

receiving practically no value for their money." The American clothing manufacturer, through the inability of the cloth to stand ordinary wear, is largely deprived of the opportunity to produce garments upon which a good reputation can be based. The clothes bought at the long established popular price in United States cities become shabby, lose their shape, and are often nothing but cotton and shoddy mixtures. As wool has steadily gone up in price the clothes have steadily gone down in value. The amount of wool in these garments has been steadily decreasing in the last few years, falling from fifty per cent to twenty-five per cent, and from there to practically all cotton, immense quantities of the last being manufactured for boys' and men's wear.

Ever since the greed of the woolmen has selected "dress goods, yarns and tops" and all other wools for a swindling duty this great staple has been receding further and further from the reach of the mass of American housewives. Many the country over have ceased buying woolen blankets, substituting the cotton filled puff. One of the New York nurses declared that in only one of the 400 families on the East Side which she had visited in three months had she seen a pair of woolen blankets, and in that case there was a daughter ill of tuberculosis and the family had united in giving her what protection they could.

The existing American tariff simply means the passing of woolen goods from the poor of city and country. They can no more buy them than they can buy diamonds. Miss Tarbell shows that the duty makes the American consumer of woolen goods pay just about double what the Englishman pays. For an American serge costing \$1.37 1/2 the yard the price of the matched English goods in Bradford was sixty-seven cents. The mohair which is much used for women's summer traveling suits can be bought in Bradford for twenty-seven and a quarter cents; in the United States it is wholesaled at seventy cents and costs at retail one dollar. The showing was similar over a long range of goods. The English price was only about half the American price.

In some cases the amount of duty is between 300 and 300 per cent. It is one of the most oppressive and unjustifiable duties in the whole range of the protective tariff. We have not gone so far in the way of oppression in Canada, but we have gone quite too far for the benefit of the consumer. In this climate wool is as essential for clothing as wheat is for food. It would pay the country to pension all the men with their wives and children who are directly or indirectly connected with woolens and throw off all duties so that the consumer might be comfortably clothed at reasonable prices. This tax bears particularly on the poor, on the great mass of toilers, those who dig in the earth, cultivate the soil, fish in the sea, cut the lumber, and upon their brave and patient wives and children for whom they undergo this toil and sacrifice. Of all taxes a tariff on wool is the most unjustifiable.

STREAM POLLUTION

We take the following from the Sussex Record, which has been doing good work for the protection of the streams of this province: "Ald. Harrison, of Fredericton, chief fishery officer of the Dominion fisheries branch, was in town this week. He came to Kings in a tour of inspection, interviewed a number of mill owners and requested that all sawdust be burned in future. Mr. Harrison says the law will be enforced all over the province, but mill owners are to be given a chance to establish incinerators. The illegal use of nets will also be watched and officers have been instructed to see that the law is carried out to the letter. It is the intention of the government to have permanent officers appointed, who will devote their whole time to the enforcement of the fisheries regulations."

This is business. Preventing the pollution of our streams, and giving the game fish protection against illegal methods of fishing, will be a first class investment. It will benefit the whole population, and it will impose hardship upon no one. There is particular need for close inspection on the St. John and its branches, and the Kennebec. It costs little to burn sawdust instead of throwing it into the stream; indeed properly understood the millman will profit by the change. Netting in trout streams, the use of explosives, and fishing out of season, will all be stamped out so soon as the government proves that it is in earnest in setting about the enforcement of the law. Public sentiment will support enforcement.

AUSTRALIAN LEGISLATION

The Monopolies Bill in the Melbourne Parliament, giving the Commonwealth complete control over the trade and commerce, and all industrial matters, including employment and wages, is but the continuation of experiments for which New Zealand and Australia are famed the world over. Yet the saying of some wise economist: "That government is best which governs least," experience has not proven untrue. The great political superstition of the past was the divine right of kings. Today it only survives in the breast of one German war lord. In all other places it is extinct like the dodo. The great modern superstition is the divine right of legislators. It but ascribes infallibility to many where before it ascribed it to one. Some time, too, this superstition will be as dead as the science of alchemy. But many crimes will be committed, without criminal intent, in the name of this superstition before it passes away. It is due chiefly to a belief, now quite too long persistent, that legislators hold in their hands the reins of government, when all they really have, as Carlyle assures us, is the spigot of taxation. Rightly understood, governmental activity is most wisely directed when it arranges that the flow out of the spigot is sane and honestly used in the public interests, and that the cask be filled without oppression or injustice to any individuals or classes. The man who interferes too much with

the labor of bees will often be stung for his curiosity. A legislator can never know through the effects of his legislation will end. Lying close at hand the Melbourne parliament could easily have found examples of much legislative folly. To cite but one example, the early closing law in Melbourne a few years ago, whereby shops could not be kept open after 7 p. m., proved utterly impracticable, robbing all the small suburban stores, which did their main business in the evening, of all chance of success, and creating such an oppression that the law was repealed in a few days. Coming to America they would quickly see that many of the evils under which the country labors today are created by governments or perpetrated by governments. It is as plain to all thinking men that the American tariff produces monopolies and trusts as that drink causes crime. Here steps in the protectionist in a certain locality. "Let us put up a woolen mill," he urges. "Let us pay something more than we pay now for woolen stuffs, so as to make it an object for someone to come in here to start a factory." In the same way those in another locality want a cotton mill, and in the next county an iron furnace. In a short time the consumer finds the country saddled with protected monopolies and he himself paying "something more" for everything he buys. The next natural step is some local legislation to curb the evils that class legislation created.

Governments may do much for commerce, but most of all by keeping their hands off. A river flows more smoothly when it follows its own course without aid or check. It will make its own bed better than the legislator can. The prying, mole-eyed busybody whose ignorance would lay its course and determine its bounds brings far greater evils than he can possibly prevent. The half-baked socialistic idea that by supervision here and restraints there legislators can make a country happy and prosperous, is a reaction towards primitive ideas that have been long since exploded by experience.

It is easy, as we have found in this country to accustom people to rely on government aid, provincial aid and all the bonuses they can get from plant legislators. It is not difficult, also, to see how it undermines character, destroys self-reliance and self-poise. A manly, capable, self-reliant people cannot be built up in this way. The desire of each man to improve his circumstances, to reap the reward of superior talent and energy and thrift is the very mainspring of the production of the world. To hold that a few men by legislation can conduct the industrial life of a people is the height of absurdity. Better to undo the evils caused by past legislation, retire many of our legislators, and then go on with our work like good citizens. The tendency indicated by this bill, if unchecked, can only result in great evil.

THE OLD CRY

The Toronto News, the Toronto World, and the other advocates of extreme protection, after attacking the Toronto Globe for attempting to break up the Empire because it advocates a fair trade arrangement with the United States, an arrangement that shall not in any way interfere with the British preference. The advocates of high protection are really much less in favor of the British preference than is the Toronto Globe, but, as they are afraid of any movement looking toward the reduction of any of our protective duties, they are attempting to fight the reciprocity movement by asserting that it is disloyal and dangerous.

The people of this country are quite aware that it is not proposed to conclude any arrangement with the United States until the concessions to be given by both nations have been carefully considered and placed before the people on both sides of the line. If any proposal should be made which would seem to involve injury to Canada or to the Empire, that proposal could not be concealed, and there is not the slightest danger that it would be adopted.

The Toronto News has resurrected the phrase "Commercial Union," and is attempting to insinuate that any greater freedom of trade between the United States and Canada today must necessarily be found objectionable, even as the people of this country found "unrestricted reciprocity" objectionable in 1891. To this specious and dishonest line of argument, the Toronto Globe makes this straightforward reply, which may well be read with care by all who from this time forward may be following with interest the discussion of our trade relations with the republic south of us:

"Now, 'commercial union,' was more resurrected by the ex-Controller, was made forever impossible when in 1897 Mr. Fielding introduced the British preferential tariff. The Liberal party is pledged to maintain that preference to Great Britain as an integral part of its fiscal policy. Only a few weeks ago at Nelson Sir Wilfrid Laurier repeated that pledge and indicated that nothing that might be done to improve trade relations between Canada and the United States would be permitted to hamper the British preference. Canada regards Britain as her largest and most profitable export market, and she intends to continue the fiscal policy under which imports from Britain pay in most cases a less duty than similar imports from the United States. The Globe is heartily in favor of the British preferential tariff, and therefore is entirely opposed to 'reciprocity' in the sense in which the News is using the word. The reciprocity movement of twenty years ago meant in its essence free interchange of practically all the products of the United States and Canada and a common tariff against imports from all other countries. It was probably not a misnomer to call such an arrangement 'commercial union,' but the journalist who tries to pin the name to the present movement for a mutual removal or lowering of tariffs on certain selected articles is either a very innocent or a very disingenuous person. Reciprocity between Canada and the United States in the sense in which the word has been used in Canadian politics is impossible so long as the British preference remains. The Liberal party is pledged to the teeth to maintain the preference, and the Globe stands with Sir Wilfrid Laurier on that issue. Therefore it is untrue that the Globe is promoting a reciprocity movement with the United States. The word is being used merely as a poli-

tical scarecrow. Instead of splitting hairs, would some of our kind Tory friends say how Canada's national interests would be imperiled by an arrangement that would give Nova Scotia and British Columbia free entry into the United States and permit us in Ontario to bring in soft coal from Pennsylvania without paying three millions a year in duties into the Dominion treasury? Why not talk business?"

Reciprocity is a movement in the interest of the mass of Canadians generally. The British manufacturer is not interested in keeping United States products out of this country, unless by so doing he can increase the sale of his own products here; but the high protectionists for whom the Toronto News and the Toronto World are speaking are interested in keeping out of this market not only American goods of all kinds, but British goods of all kinds, in order that the protected interests of this country may make their own prices to the Canadian consumer in the absence of the balancing effect of healthful competition. Canada made it quite clear some years ago that she did not propose to allow even the United Kingdom to do her manufacturing, and that it was her purpose to grow into a powerful manufacturing nation herself. Canada will now make no arrangement that will lead to the injury of any Canadian interest of importance, manufacturing or otherwise. She will continue to give British goods a very marked preference in her markets, but, if a mutually profitable arrangement can be had with the United States, she will seek concessions of benefit to her consuming classes. New Brunswick is greatly interested in free coal, of which the Globe speaks. The Maritime Provinces generally object to any duties which assist in maintaining abnormal prices for goods which are necessities for the population generally. We have had enough of legislation for "the interests."

FINE CRUISERS

London cables announce that the new British cruiser Bristol, (Canada's new ones are to be of the Bristol class) made twenty-seven knots an hour on her trial trip, a pace greater than any previously recorded by a British warship larger than a torpedo boat or a destroyer.

The Bristol, which is the first of nine of her class, is a ship of 4,800 tons displacement, and is fitted with a new turbine called the Curtis, instead of the Parsons which has become so famous in connection with the British navy. Experts speak of the Bristol's trial as showing very high efficiency, and it is believed that the Curtis turbine will produce even more admirable results in other vessels of this class. These cruisers will all be named after British cities. With a speed of twenty-seven sea miles an hour they will be able to overtake the fastest merchant vessels afloat, and they will carry very formidable batteries for ships of their tonnage. Sir Charles Baresford, and many other naval authorities, have long been emphasizing the necessity for increasing Britain's cruiser strength, and the completion of the Bristol class will place the British navy far in advance of its rivals in point of ships designed for protecting the trade routes, or for the destruction of an enemy's commerce.

The Bristol will be the "cavalry" of the fleet. Conservative critics who were so eager to discredit Canada's navy will note, perhaps, that in Britain the Bristol is not referred to as a "tin-pot" vessel, but is regarded by naval and engineering authorities as the very latest word in cruisers.

A correspondent whose letter on road-making is published in this issue offers some advice marked by a deal of horse sense. Men of all shades of politics will do well to give it a careful reading.

"Emperor of America"

(From Punch of Sept. 14.)
Extracts from The Times, October 4, 1910.
(By Marconi Special Service from our Own Correspondent.)
New York, Oct. 3.—This morning Mr. Roosevelt, by a daring coup de main, overturned the Republican institutions under which these States have existed for one hundred and thirty-four years, possessed himself of the supreme executive power, and was proclaimed emperor of America. This astounding revolution has so far been unaccompanied by an effusion of blood. The secret, though it must have been known to hundreds of conspirators, had been well kept, and the paper has since been destroyed by an infuriated mob. Mr. Rockefeller has taken refuge in a church and refuses to come out. The emperor is now engaged in composing a message of 100,000 words strongly affirming both the Monroe doctrine and his own right to the imperial crown. As soon as the message has been delivered, congress is to adjourn for an indefinite period. Seen at 3 o'clock, the emperor said that if he had known what a bully thing a revolution was he would have started in much sooner. The order for the manufacture of the imperial crown has been entrusted to Messrs. Tiffany. It is to cost a million dollars, and is to be bigger and more brilliant than any other crown in existence.
(From the Spectator, Oct. 8, 1910.)
We cannot pretend to be surprised by the news which has reached us from

LONG STANDING SCIATICA

Completely Cured by One Box of Father Morrissey's No. 7 Tablets.
Sciatica is hard enough to endure, and harder still to cure, in many cases, with ordinary remedies. Caused, like rheumatism, by impurities in the blood, which in this case set up an irritation of the sciatic nerve, it is so difficult to get at with external applications that many sufferers try in vain to get relief.
Mr. Charles McEachern, of Summersville, P.E.I., was in just that position until he started to take Father Morrissey's "No. 7." He writes:
"After trying several doctors and spending large sums of money without avail, I was completely cured of Sciatica of long standing after using one package of your medicine (No. 7 for Rheumatism). No matter how long you have suffered from Sciatica or Rheumatism of joints or muscles—no matter how much medicine or liniment you have used without result—try Father Morrissey's No. 7 before you give up. It has restored health to many who were almost hopeless.
50c. a box at your dealer's or from Father Morrissey Medicine Co., Ltd., Chatham, N.B."

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy.
Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Purgative, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of
The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.

FAMOUS GEMS OF PROSE

THE FUTURE OF CALIFORNIA
By Henry H. Haight

From an address upon the completion of the Union Pacific railroad at Sacramento, May 8, 1869.

THE 14th day of this month terminates the first century of the occupancy of this state by the white race. One hundred years ago, on that day, the first settlement of white men was made within the borders of California. A party of immigrants then arrived, not in a luxurious passenger car, whirled along the dizzy heights and profound gulfs of the Sierras by a ponderous engine, wailing the echoes of the mountains with its roar and rattle, but by a Franciscan friar, not in quest of gold or office, or of a more comfortable home, but stimulated by religious zeal, and bearing the standard of the cross. After a laborious and painful journey overland through Mexico, Fr. Juan Crespi arrived at San Diego on the 14th day of May, 1769. Fr. Junipero Serra followed, arriving on the first day of July of the same year.

It seems singularly appropriate to signalize the centennial anniversary of the settlement of California by the completion of this crowning work of Saxon civilization, which links together in iron bonds the two great oceans of the world, and carries California at one bound into the center of the great family of nations.

If, after the lapse of this hundred years, the good friar could awake from his slumber to revisit the scenes of his self-denying labors, with what speechless amazement would he gaze upon the transformation wrought on these shores since his day! It is doubtful, however, whether the changes of the past hundred years, amazing as they have been, are more wonderful than those that will occur within the hundred years to come. Where is the fancy adventurous enough to conceive the changes to occur before the ceaseless course of time brings the second centennial anniversary of the settlement of California?

stability of government and believed in his policies to rally round his throne and person. He had, he said, entrusted the preservation of public order to the editorial board of the Outlook and any complaints must be addressed to them, though for his part he could not conceive that any loyal subject would want to complain of anything. The great policy of conservatism would now be carried out. His Majesty concluded by saying that he was having a bully time.

(Later.)
The New York American, in a special edition published at midday, calls upon the people to rise against the usurper Mr. Hearst. He has been arrested, and will be tried on a charge of treason. Mr. W. J. Bryan, in an interview, declares that he has suspected the emperor from the beginning. The triumph of the Democrats, he thinks, is now assured. The Evening Post denounces the emperor as an unscrupulous prevaricator, and declares that no self-respecting American can consent to bow the knee to Baal. The office of the paper has since been destroyed by an infuriated mob. Mr. Rockefeller has taken refuge in a church and refuses to come out. The emperor is now engaged in composing a message of 100,000 words strongly affirming both the Monroe doctrine and his own right to the imperial crown. As soon as the message has been delivered, congress is to adjourn for an indefinite period. Seen at 3 o'clock, the emperor said that if he had known what a bully thing a revolution was he would have started in much sooner. The order for the manufacture of the imperial crown has been entrusted to Messrs. Tiffany. It is to cost a million dollars, and is to be bigger and more brilliant than any other crown in existence.

Statistics for the Week.

There were sixteen deaths reported at the office of the board of health last week from the following causes:—Marasmus, pneumonia and cholera infantum, 2 each; enteritis, diarrhoea, meningitis, acute hepatitis, typhoid fever, disease of liver, ganglionic carcinoma of uterus, inflammation of bowels, one each.
Twelve marriages and fourteen births, of which ten were females, were reported at the office of Registrar John R. Jones during last week.

Uncle Walt
The Poet Philosopher

An old man held a place of power, and in his proud exalted hour, when clothed with prestige of a czar, the statesman came from near and far, and bowed in most effusive style, and fawned and cringed to gain his smile. They fawned and carried at his nod, they knelt beneath his chastening rod. And time rolled on, and it was plain that ended was the old man's reign; rude hands reached out and got his crown, and threw his rusty sceptre down; he was divorced from great affairs, and hustled down the palace stairs. And those who used to cringe and smirk at one got in their dirty work; their woe the fiercest, hardest kicks, they threw the large and ugly bricks, excited in an old man's grief, and turned to hail some new made chief. In any other human game, men will retain a sense of shame, assist in fair and decent play, and chase the crooked sport away; but when in politics they mix, they will not balk at shady tricks, or deeds ungrateful, mean and base, if they will help to win the race.
Copyright, 1910 by George Matthew Adams. WALT MASON.

# SIX MAGNIFICENT PICTURES FREE

The Telegraph and The Times and the Semi-Weekly Telegraph will give to subscribers, with new cash subscriptions, selections from six large photogravures 22 x 28 inches of the following world-famous paintings:

**CHRIST BEFORE PILATE. "LA CIGALE." THE DOCTOR. THE PRAIRIE FIRE.**  
**IN THE HANDS OF THE ENEMY. THE HORSE FAIR.**

These are six of the most famous and attractive pictures in existence all by artists of world-wide celebrity.

Subscribers can see these pictures at The Telegraph-Times office, 21 Canterbury street, and may make their selections, on the following terms:

Three Pictures free with each new subscription to The Daily Telegraph.

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For cash renewal Daily Telegraph annual subscription, any two of the six pictures.

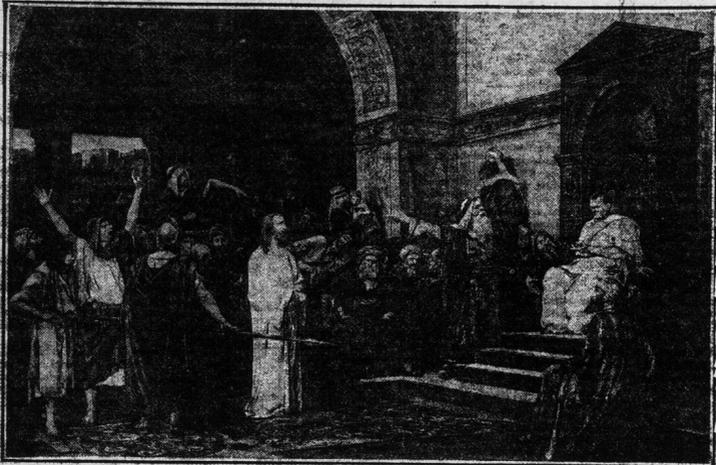
For cash renewal Evening Times annual subscription, any two of the six pictures.

For cash renewal Semi-Weekly Telegraph annual subscription, any one of the six pictures.



IN THE HANDS OF THE ENEMY—(Thomas Hovenden, N. A.)

This great picture, representing the interior of a Pennsylvania farmhouse after the battle of Gettysburg, shows the spirit of American brotherhood. The farmer is loyal, as are all the characters save the wounded guest of honor. The picture was painted in 1869, and is now in the Stoeckel private gallery at Norwalk, Conn. Thomas Hovenden, adopted American and Pennsylvanian, born in Ireland in 1840, became the greatest painter of American life. His picture, "Bringing Home the Bride," was the sensation of the art exhibit at the Chicago World's Fair. His "Bringing Home the Bride" met with almost as much favor. "John Brown Being Led to His Execution" is in the Metropolitan Museum of Art, in New York. "Elaine" is a part of the Peabody Institute collection in Baltimore. Hovenden sought and found the real spirit of American life as it is so eloquently shown in "In the Hands of the Enemy," which is among The Telegraph's series of photogravures of the world's great pictures.



CHRIST BEFORE PILATE—(Munkacsy)

This painting, the most marvelous picture of Christian history, was made by Michael Munkacsy, a Hungarian by birth, a painter who received his first tuition in the homely school of furniture finishing, and became one of the greatest masters of our time. The picture was finished in 1881. It was not exhibited in the Paris Salon of that year, but was shown separately at the same time. The effect was to carry crowds from the salon to the galleries of Mr. Sedelmeier, where the picture was exhibited. It was brought to this country, and 150,000 persons saw it in New York within five months. It was later purchased by John Wanamaker, of Philadelphia, and remains a part of his collection. It has been indorsed by ministers and laymen the world over, and is as greatly appreciated by all lovers of art as by the devotees of the faith of which it is so striking an artistic representation.



"La Cigale" ("The Grasshopper"), by Edouard Bisson, was honorably placed in the Salon exhibition at Paris. It is a beautiful painting, one of the best of its kind.

"La Cigale" is a story picture. Nearly everybody remembers La Fontaine's fable of "The Grasshopper and the Ant." Done into American rhyme, it runs this way:

A grasshopper gay  
 Sang the summer away  
 And found himself poor  
 By the winter's first snow  
 Of meat or of bread,  
 Not a morsel he had;  
 So a-begging she went,  
 To her neighbor the ant,  
 For the loan of some wheat,  
 Which would serve her to eat  
 Till the season came round.  
 I will pay you, she saith,  
 On an animal's faith,  
 Double weight in the pound  
 Ere the harvest be bound.  
 The ant is a friend  
 (And here she might mend)  
 Little gives to lend.  
 How spent you the summer?  
 Quoth she, looking shame  
 At the borrowing dame.  
 Night and day to each come  
 I sang, if you please;  
 You sang! I'm at ease;  
 For 'tis plain at a glance,  
 Now, madam, you must dance.

"La Cigale" is Bisson's idealization of the human counterpart of the grasshopper of the fable. The summery figure shivering in the wind of winter impresses the story of the nobility and necessity of labor.



THE DOCTOR—The Most Human Picture Ever Painted.

The original of this great painting, by Luke Fildes, hangs in the Tate Gallery, in London, placed there by popular subscription of the pounds, shillings and pence of the British people. Never has brush depicted more powerfully the expressions of professional amity, maternal grief, fatherly hopelessness or childish helplessness. It is really as well as figuratively the most human of the world's great works of art.



Rosa Bonheur's "THE HORSE FAIR"

Is known the world over as the greatest of the great works of this greatest of animal painters. The original hangs in the Metropolitan Museum in New York; a replica in the National Gallery in London.



THE PRAIRIE FIRE—By Zygmunt Adjuikiewicz.

"The Prairie Fire" by Zygmunt Adjuikiewicz, is the most realistic painting of human terror in impending danger that has been made in the past century. The master has been almost crude in his devotion to realistic incident and powerful expression, but through all his work he has borne in mind that his mission was "to hold the mirror up to nature"—to show what he saw as he saw it. Just these qualities made the picture a masterpiece, and made a reputation as a master of a comparatively unknown painter.

## CASTORIA

...Bought, and which has been years, has borne the signature of and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. Allons and "Just-as-good" are but names with and endanger the health of Experience against Experiment.

## CASTORIA

...substitute for Castor Oil, Pare-ching Syrups. It is Pleasant. It is Morphine nor other Narcotic its guarantee. It destroys Worms. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind. It cures Troubles, cures Constipation. It assimilates the Food, regulates the giving healthy and natural sleep. It is the Mother's Friend.

## CASTORIA ALWAYS

...the Signature of

*W. D. Hatcher*

Have Always Bought

For Over 30 Years.

...ST. MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

## ITEMS OF PROSE

...RE OF CALIFORNIA

Henry H. Haight

...pletion of the Union Pacific railroad at Sacra-

...nth terminates the first century of the

...by the white race. One hundred years

...first settlement of white men was made

...ria. A party of immigrants then ar-

...passenger car, whirled along the dizzy

...of the Sierras by a ponderous engine,

...mountains with its roar and rattle, but led

...in quest of gold or office, or of a more

...lated by religious zeal, and bearing the

...a laborious and painful journey over-

...Crespi arrived at San Diego on the

...Junipero Serra followed, arriving on the

...e year.

...appropriate to signalize the centennial anni-

...California by the completion of this

...vilization, which links together in iron

...of the world, and carries California at

...the great family of nations.

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...America this week. That Mr. Roosevelt (if

...we may be pardoned for speaking of him

...by a name which is now merged in a more

...splendid and, we believe, a more appro-

...priate title) should have assumed the im-

...perial purple cannot startle anyone who

...has made himself conversant, as we have

...endeavored to do, with the tendencies of

...American public life and the opinions of

...American public men, especially of Mr.

...Roosevelt himself. There can be no harm

...now in saying that during his recent visit

...to this country Mr. Roosevelt (as he then

...was) expressed to a few intimate friends

...his contempt for all non-despotic systems

...of government. He thought that when

...America managed to shake off Republican

...institutions men of sense and honest

...capacity would come by their own. That

...was ideal and he could not help feeling

...the expression was his own—that it was

...a bully ideal.

...We cordially congratulate his imperial

...majesty and his loyal subjects on what

...has taken place. We shall continue to

...watch his majesty's career with that ben-

...evolent and admiring interest which is

...due to one whose purpose, we believe, will

...be to bind the sister empire of Great

...Britain and America in bonds that can-

...not be torn asunder.

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...Adams.

...WALT MASON.

# TERRIBLE WORK OF DYNAMITE FIELD ON RATION AND GIRL SENTENCED TO DEATH

## Los Angeles Horror Grows

## Nineteen Bodies Buried in Ruins of "Times" Building

## Rewards of \$18,500 Offered for Clue to One Who Blew Up Newspaper Plant With Such Appalling Results.

Los Angeles, Cal., Oct. 1.—The building occupied by the Times Publishing Company was destroyed by fire this morning, and there is a heavy death list estimated, as high as fifteen or twenty.

The fire was preceded by an explosion and immediately the building was enveloped in flames. The explosion occurred on the second floor of an addition to the old building. The old part is of three floors. Within a few seconds from the time of the explosion the entire building was a fiery furnace. Crowds that gathered early say they saw many men fall back from the windows into the flames. Others leaped and were injured. The editorial rooms were on the third floor, but it is believed the greater part of the men on this floor escaped death.

Thomas P. Smith, an "Ad" composer, working on the 2nd floor when the explosion occurred, gives the first version: "There were at least fifty men at work on my floor, but I believe that half of this number may not have escaped. I, with others rushed to the street immediately and we then saw the whole building in flames."

The entire building was in ruins at 1:40 and but two walls were standing. The fire department now has the situation well in hand and the flames will probably not spread further. In addition to the complete ruin of the Times, the building contained a large jobbing and commercial plant of the American engineering company. The property loss is estimated at \$300,000.

The estimates of the loss of life are now between fifteen and twenty.

The flames followed the explosion so quickly that the time in the building had little chance to escape.

Many leaped from the windows and were severely injured. The building burned rapidly and before many of the inmates could reach the street it was a mass of flames.

The force of the explosion was exerted on the mechanical department of the paper and most of the dead and injured were members of these departments. At 12 o'clock twenty-two injured had been taken to the receiving hospital.

Managing editor Harry E. Andrews said: "The Times building was destroyed by dynamite this morning by the enemies of industrial freedom. The Times itself cannot be destroyed. It will soon be reissued from its auxiliary plant and will fight its battles to the last."

"The horror of the loss of life and maiming of men precludes a further statement at this time."

General Harry Harris Otis, owner of the Times will arrive from Mexico this morning. Mr. Andrews said that in his opinion the estimate of the loss of life had been exaggerated. "Men employed in most of the departments had, I think, some chance to get through the front exit."

According to another statement the first explosion occurred in an alleyway which separated the third and seventh story parts of the building. Friday night being an unusually heavy period at the Times, something over thirty men were at work on the linotypes and about fifty in the "ad" section. Because of the fact that so many men were at work it will probably be several days before all are accounted for.

Immediately after the fire, heads of departments and other employees gathered at the Herald office, a block away. At that time about fifty persons were accounted for.

During the fire at the Times several surrounding buildings were threatened but hard work by the firemen averted them. The Times plant is estimated to be worth over \$300,000 and is a total loss.

The building occupied by the Times-Mirror publishing plant is of brick, three stories in height, and back of this was a brick annex of two stories and a basement. The editorial department of the Times was on the third floor of the main building and the business office on the ground floor. The annex contained the presses, linotypes, big job printing plant and the Times school for training linotype operators. The Times employed non-union printers and maintained a large battery of linotypes for teaching operators in the use of these machines. Managing editor Andrews said that he believed not more than 15 persons lost their lives.

None of the reporters staff, so far as could be learned, was in the local room at the time of the explosion. One man whose name is unknown leaped from a second story window and lighted on his head, breaking his neck. It is practically certain that all of the dead were members of the mechanical force employed on the second floor and in the press room in the basement.

Two men were arrested about two blocks north of the Times building and are being held for identification.

## Guilty of Child Murder

## Woman Begg Judge for Mercy to Her Accomplice

## Mary Dolan Declared That She Strangled Her Illegitimate Infant at the Request of Its Father—Both to Hang in December.

Barrie, Ont., Sept. 30.—For the strangulation of her illegitimate child, Mary Dolan was sentenced to be hanged Wednesday, December 14.

Thomas McNulty, who counseled the killing of the infant, whose father he was, received an exactly similar sentence.

"I have to say," said the girl, "that everything I have said in this court is true. I got a letter Friday telling me to strangle the child. I did not read it at the time but put it in my stocking."

Looking contempt of herself, the girl began to weep. "I want you to be as light as a feather on my neck," she burst out, then she slipped to her chair.

Justice Britton expressed a reluctance to increase the girl's visible suffering. He promised to endorse the jury's recommendation to mercy. The prisoner was sentenced to be taken to the county jail at Simcoe until Dec. 14, when she shall be hanged.

The girl gave a loud cry and then sobbed bitterly. Beside her went her mother, wringing his hands and shaking violently. The father of Mary Dolan stood helplessly by. The girl was at length carried from the court.

Thomas McNulty declared bluntly that he "never wrote such a letter in his life," as that in which the jury has found him guilty of ordering Mary Dolan to slay her child. This declaration Judge Britton, in passing sentence, did not take seriously. "You possibly thought," said he, "you might counsel with impunity, going away with the child by another in that you were wrong." McNulty, whose eyes were buried in his handkerchief, was then sentenced to the Wednesday, December 14. The jury's recommendation to mercy would be forwarded to Ottawa, but unaccompanied by one by the judge. McCreevick declared that on certain grounds he intended to ask for a new trial. He also revealed his request for reserve case.

## GAGETOWN

## Apohaqui

## HARTLAND

## WESTFIELD BEACH

## RICHIBUCTO

## CENTREVILLE

## PETITCODIAC

## REXTON

## ALMA

## ALBERT COUNTY BOY, CHARGED WITH SHOOTING ANOTHER, DISCHARGED

## MOOSE HUNTERS VERY SUCCESSFUL

## SUSSEX MAN WINS PRIZE FOR BEST HERD AT HALIFAX FAIR

## FROM ALL OVER THE MARITIME PROVINCES

## THE PRICE AND SCARCITY OF FISH

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## RICHIBUCTO

this week. His sister, Miss Ruby E. Mil-  
Mrs. L. Keating and Mrs. Jennie  
Robinson left Strathadam on Saturday for  
Lawrence (Mass.).

Mr. J. E. Williston, of Douglastown, has been  
transferred from the Royal Bank here to  
the branch in Fredericton.

Gagetown, Sept. 29.—E. A. Dickie, St.  
John, was successful in shooting a moose  
on his hunting trip in the vicinity of  
Moose Lake, and his friends there were  
reminded with generous cuts from the  
carcass.

Joe Atwin shot a fine deer yesterday  
over on the "Mount."

Ducks are plentiful in their usual haunts  
but partridges seem scarce.

Dr. Casswell returned today from a ten  
days' trip to Toronto and other Ontario  
cities.

Mrs. Bridges, Sr., with her daughter,  
Mrs. H. Cowan, arrived from Hampton  
today.

Miss Greta Rubins has gone to Boston  
for a month.

Sheriff Williams is among the party  
availing themselves of the invitation of the  
Maine and N. B. Electrical Power Com-  
pany's excursion from Fredericton to  
Aroostook Falls.

Apohaqui, Sept. 29.—Rev. A. C. Bell,  
who has been enjoying an extended trip  
to the Canadian west, returned home to-  
day. The reverend gentleman has not been  
in very robust health and returns  
much improved by the rest and change.  
Mrs. H. B. Johnson, of the west and, spent some  
time in Victoria (B. C.), where the Meth-  
odist general conference met.

W. T. Burgess returned on Wednesday  
from a two weeks' trip to Ottawa, also  
spending a few days in St. Stephen during  
the fair.

Mrs. A. B. Gamester and children, of  
Bridgewater (N. S.), who have been visit-  
ing Mrs. Gamester's mother, Mrs. Eliza  
Jones, left for home today, accompanied  
by her sister, Mrs. Neil Johnson, who is  
taking a trip to Digby.

Mrs. Harley S. Jones spent Thursday in  
Hampton, guest of Miss Barnes, of "Linden  
Heights."

M. G. Fox, of Chipman, who has been  
attending the Teachers' Institute in Sus-  
sex, was in the village this evening call-  
ing on friends.

Mrs. S. H. Hayward, of Hampton, was  
the guest of Mrs. C. B. McCready on  
Thursday.

Miss George Chambers, who has charge  
of the school at Long Creek, Queens-  
ton, visited her parents this week en  
route to Sussex to attend the institute.

Mrs. Geo. McEwan is visiting her old  
home in Waterford.

Mrs. Hiram Second, of Penobscot, and  
Mrs. George Crane, of Brooklyn (N. Y.),  
were guests of Mrs. Beckwith McKnight  
this week.

C. T. Wetmore and Miss Belyea attend  
the Teachers' Institute in Sussex this  
week.

The many friends of Mrs. Jas. P. Con-  
roy regret to hear of her recent illness.  
Miss Katie Manchester, who has recently  
undergone an operation for appendicitis  
in St. John hospital, is recovering  
as quickly as can be expected.

Miss Greta Hallett, of Sussex, spent Fri-  
day with her sister, Mrs. W. A. Jones.  
Miss Pearl Veysey has returned to Sus-  
sex after a two weeks' vacation spent at  
her home here, and with her sister, Mrs.  
Wiles, of Calhoun.

Richibucto, Sept. 29.—Richibucto Division,  
No. 42, Sons of Temperance, on Wednes-  
day evening elected the following to hold  
office during the ensuing quarter: Mrs.  
L. R. Hetherington, W. P.; Vaughan  
Long, W. A.; R. W. Beers, R. S.; Clar-  
ence Allenach, A. R. S.; Miss C. L. Beers,  
F. S.; Robert Plimney, treasurer; con-  
ductor; Edgar Lawton, A. C.; John T. Caie,  
L. S.; Bliss Stewart, O. S.; Miss Ida Hod-  
son, organist; Mrs. Bliss Stewart, S. Y.  
P. W. Rev. P. W. M. Bacon will be past  
worthy patriarch.

Miss B. Hudson, who has been ill with  
typhoid fever in Buctouche, is now recover-  
ing.

Mrs. Richard Shirley, of Main River,  
has gone to Greenville (Me.) for a lengthy  
visit to relatives.

Hartland, N. B., Sept. 29.—The fourth  
annual convention of the W. C. T. U. of  
United Baptist churches, in session in the  
open air Tuesday evening. The first session  
was held in the evening. The address of  
welcome were given by Rev. Messrs. Dow,  
E. Rice and Mrs. A. Plummer. There  
were reports by Mrs. Ellen Gray, president,  
and Mrs. Sprague, vice-president. There  
was special music by the choir, and a  
reading by Miss Laura Curtis. After the  
evening session a reception was given in  
the vestry by the ladies of the local union  
to the visiting officers and delegates. Wed-  
nesday evening, Mrs. A. O. Rutherford,  
Toronto, honorary president of the Do-  
minion W. C. T. U., gave an address on  
temperance to a large audience. Scott  
Act Inspector Colpitts also gave an ad-  
dress.

The convention closes Thursday evening.  
C. W. Robinson, of Bate Verte, West-  
morland county, who has been employed  
by Scott & Hatfield for some time, left  
on Monday evening for Woodstock en  
route to Acadia to enter on his senior  
year.

Mrs. Claude Thistle and her little daugh-  
ter Mabel left for her home in Lytleton  
(Me.) She was accompanied by Mrs.  
Oscar Thistle.

Mr. James Drysdale, Woodstock; Mrs.  
Edwin Forbes, Master Edwin and Mild-  
red Forbes, of Boston, visited Mr. and  
Mrs. G. C. Watson on Wednesday.

Westfield Beach, N. B., Sept. 29.—Oscar  
Finley and Bertram Flewelling spent a  
few days in St. John this week.

Mrs. A. C. Rowley was in St. John to-  
day.

Miss H. M. Wood, of Pittsburg (Pa.),  
is the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. F.  
Cheyne.

Mrs. W. S. Fisher is spending a few  
days in St. John.

Miss Sadie Langley, who has been  
spending several months in St. John, re-  
turned home the first of the week.

Mrs. Hutchings has been spending a  
few days in St. John this week.

Mr. and Mrs. McLaughlin and family,  
who have been spending the summer at  
Langley have returned to St. John.

Mrs. W. Benson Bellas and daughter,  
Dorothy, spent Wednesday in St. John.

Mrs. W. H. Sharpe and child, of St.  
John, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. W.  
H. Lingley.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur McDonald have  
closed their summer cottage at Wood-  
man's Point and returned to St. John.

Miss Ella Finley, of Hillandale, who

Richibucto, Sept. 29.—Mr. and Mrs. W.  
D. Carter have gone on a trip to Boston  
(Mass.).

Miss Lydia McBeath, who has been  
teaching in Sterlingville, Alberta, arrived  
home on Monday, having resigned her  
position.

Ex-Sheriff Legner returned last week from  
Shediac, where he had been attending the  
marriage of his son, Amedeo Legner, to  
Miss Eva Melanson.

Mrs. Thomas Cantwell, of Campbellton,  
is visiting her brother and his wife, Mr.  
and Mrs. A. O'Leary.

James Irving returned on Monday from  
Charlottetown, where he had been attend-  
ing the exhibition.

Mrs. Hiram Thompson has returned from  
a visit to St. John.

Robert Irving has returned from a trip  
W. B. Storer has purchased from Mrs.  
J. Smith, Rexton, the lot of land on  
Queen street extending from above the

Petitcodiac, Sept. 28.—Mr. and Mrs. S.  
C. Goggin were in Moncton on Wednes-  
day last attending the Gerow-Atkinson  
wedding.

Miss Annie Wade of St. John, spent  
Sunday at her home here.

Dr. and Mrs. F. A. Taylor, of Moncton,  
spent Sunday the guests of Mr. and Mrs.  
S. C. Goggin here.

Mrs. Uz King returned home Saturday  
after spending a few weeks with relatives  
in Chatham.

Miss Myrtle Thomas, of Dorchester, who  
has been spending a few weeks with  
friends here returned home Tuesday.

Mrs. G. Fred Fowler left Monday for  
Boston (Mass.), to spend a few weeks  
with relative.

Mrs. Louis Bustard and little daughter,  
Marjorie, left Saturday for Boston.

E. P. Hoar has sold his property here  
to Mr. Charles Bishop and has moved his  
family to Moncton.

R. W. and Mrs. Seahmer returned Mon-  
day after spending Sunday with relatives  
in Amherst.

George Wilmut returned to Boston on  
Saturday after visiting his sister, Mrs. J.  
E. Humphrey, here.

Mrs. W. H. Horsman returned home  
Tuesday after spending a few weeks with  
relatives at Berry's Mills.

Roy J. Mann left Monday for Sussex  
where he has accepted a position with  
the Bank of New Brunswick.

Fred G. Mann returned to Baltimore  
(Md.) Monday to resume his studies at  
the Dental College there.

Alma, N. B., Sept. 30.—Wm. Haslam,  
jr., died a moose today.

Frank Sinclair has the contract to carry  
the mails from Albert to Point Wolfe for  
the next four years.

Centreville, N. B., Sept. 29.—Harvesting  
is about done and everyone is digging  
potatoes. Help is scarce and the farmers  
have to keep their boys home from school  
to pick up the tubers. Quite a quantity  
have been threshed out of doors  
owing to scarcity of barn room. The yield  
is good and the quality excellent.

Buckwheat is also giving a fair yield.  
Potatoes are an average crop and the  
quality good. Prices at present compare  
favorably with Aroostook—70c. here and  
80c. over the border. Oats are only bring-  
ing 30c. bushel.

A number from Centreville and vicinity  
were invited to go up on the M. & N. B.  
Power Company excursion last Tuesday  
and report an excellent time.

Miss Beattie Hold is spending her holi-  
days here with her mother.

Miss Fern McChutek left yesterday for  
Boston to take up nursing.

Dr. Brown and wife have gone to New  
York to pack up their household effects  
and return here.

Miss Nell Wilkinson has returned  
from a pleasant visit in Fredericton.

Centreville exhibition takes place Oct.  
5-6. The building and grounds have been  
put in good shape and an excellent show  
is expected.

Albert County Boy, charged with shooting another, discharged.

Hopewell Hill, Albert Co., Sept. 30.—The  
case against Pierce Benjamin, charged with  
unlawfully shooting and wounding Howard  
Tingley, of Lower Cape, was finished be-  
fore Magistrate Peck some time after mid-  
night last night and after the address of  
counsel, the accused was discharged.

Quite a number from this village and  
other sections today attended the "exhibition  
day" display at the Consolidated  
school at Riverside, where visitors were  
given an opportunity of seeing the splen-  
did exhibit of the work of the pupils of  
the manual training domestic science  
department and also the products of the  
school garden. The display was a most in-  
teresting one and was highly praised by  
the visitors.

A notable exhibit was that of the do-  
mestic science department in the way of  
meals for one person, breakfast, dinner  
and tea, prepared by the pupils themselves.  
The food was very tastefully prepared  
and reflected much credit on the teacher,  
Miss Peacock, as well as the pupils them-  
selves.

The display of needlework was also very  
much admired and the girls took much  
pride in showing the visitors the diploma  
and medals awarded them at the recent  
dominion exhibition at St. John.

The exhibit of the manual training de-  
partment, presided over by A. R. Stiles,  
included splendid oak table, the work of  
Miss Marion Dwyer, of Douglastown.  
Mrs. Henry Wyse, Mrs. J. H. Plimmer,  
Misses Mollie Hennessy and Mollie John-  
son, Miss Dora Matheson and John  
Matheson attended Charlottetown exhibi-  
tion.

Mrs. James Ryan has gone to New York  
and Charlestown (Mass.) to visit her  
daughters.

Mrs. Cinnamond, of Bathurst, is visit-  
ing her sister, Mrs. Margaret Russell, of  
Lower Newstead.

Ossie Bata has gone to Quebec Anglican  
College and Jack Creaghan to the U. N. B.

Mrs. Robert Ellis, of Bathurst, is visit-  
ing her brother, Station Master Payne.

Miss Marion Dwyer, of Douglastown, is visit-  
ing her daughter, Mrs. W. J. Black, of  
Lower Newstead.

Norman Cass, of Fredericton, has en-  
gaged as principal of Nelson school.

Hon. John and Mrs. Morrissey have re-  
turned from their visit to relatives in  
Waterbury (Conn.) and Lynn (Mass.).

R. N. Miller, of Holy (Col.), who had  
been visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs.  
T. C. Miller, of Millerton, left for home

Moose hunters very successful.

H. O. R. Bealey and Geo. W. Fowler  
shoot fine animals—Big Game  
Plentiful.

Saturday, Oct. 1.

H. O. R. Bealey, of this city, arrived  
home on the Boston express last night  
after two days hunting in the woods  
and the vicinity of Gaspareux. His trip was  
very successful and he brought home a  
large moose and thirty-one partridge. In  
company with a Telegraph reporter last  
night he snuck the moose and now he is  
more plentiful in New Brunswick than it  
is at the present time. He was only in  
the woods forty-eight hours and in that  
time was able to bring down the moose and  
the birds. When he shot the moose he  
was accompanied by Guide Nat Floyd,  
while Guide Charles Eastman accompanied  
him on the bird hunt. The moose had a  
fine pair of antlers.

Probably the largest moose that has been  
shot in the New Brunswick woods this  
season was killed near Harvey yesterday  
by G. W. Fowler, of Sussex. It was an  
exceptionally large one and had an antler  
spread of about 56 inches. The carcass  
was shipped to the city on the Boston ex-  
press and it lay on a truck in the Union  
depot.

Sussex man wins prize for best herd at Halifax fair.

Halifax, N. S., Sept. 30.—M. H. Parlee,  
of Sussex, won a silver tea service,  
offered to the exhibition as a special prize  
for the best herd of cattle of any breed.  
Mr. Parlee's Ayrshires took it. R. S. Starr  
of Port Williams, won the special prize  
for the best five horses; his Clydesdales  
won. The attendance today was 5,430.

From all over the Maritime Provinces.

(Continued from page 3.)

morrow. Today he presented Douglastown  
school, in lieu of the usual edible treat,  
a fine phonograph with some fifty records.  
To the school, which has a fine library of  
some 800 volumes, the phonograph will be  
a very valuable acquisition.

Mrs. Marion Dwyer, of Douglastown,  
Mrs. Henry Wyse, Mrs. J. H. Plimmer,  
Misses Mollie Hennessy and Mollie John-  
son, Miss Dora Matheson and John  
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been visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs.  
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The price and scarcity of fish.

The failure of the Labrador fisheries has  
probably been responsible for the high  
price now obtained for salt fish for ex-  
port. The Labrador condition has affect-  
ed the market to such an extent that high  
prices are paid for export, which has forced  
up the local market. There has been a  
good supply of all kinds of salt fish except  
pickled herring and smoked herring and  
pickled shad. The shad caught are ship-  
ped to the United States on account of  
the high prices that obtain there. Hake  
of fishing has been better in Nova Scotia  
and Grand Manan, though it has been  
poorer about Beaver Harbor, and there  
ought to be a usual quantity of pollock  
caught at Campobello this year. Cod oil  
and hake sounds are high. This latter is  
sold to the sausage manufacturers in the  
United States.

The odor of onions may be removed  
from the hands by rubbing them with dry  
mustard. Articles if sprinkled with mus-  
tard and then lightly shaken, will be  
freed from all odor left by gasoline or  
other cleansing fluid.

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Woman Begg Judge for Mercy to Her Accomplice

Mary Dolan Declared That She Strangled Her Illegitimate Infant at the Request of Its Father—Both to Hang in December.

Episcopal church to the corner, and back  
as far as Pagan street. It is said that he  
paid a good round sum for the property.  
to Rhode Island and Massachusetts.  
Harry O'Brien is visiting relatives in  
Moncton, and is receiving hospital treat-  
ment for his eyes, which have been trou-  
bling him very much.

Mrs. Robert Clark, of Upper Rexton,  
sent a few days last week in town, visit-  
ing friends.

Ernest Beers, of Lincoln (Mass.), is visit-  
ing his parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Beers,  
South Branch.

Mrs. S. A. Henderson and daughter, An-  
nie, of Boston (Mass.), are visiting re-  
latives in Galloway.

Miss Minnie Smith, of Galloway, return-  
ed last week from a visit to friends in  
Moncton.

Mrs. Alex. Donald, of Moncton, is visit-  
ing Kent county friends.

Richibucto, Sept. 30.—Richibucto Division,  
No. 42, Sons of Temperance, on Wednes-  
day evening elected the following to hold  
office during the ensuing quarter: Mrs.  
L. R. Hetherington, W. P.; Vaughan  
Long, W. A.; R. W. Beers, R. S.; Clar-  
ence Allenach, A. R. S.; Miss C. L. Beers,  
F. S.; Robert Plimney, treasurer; con-  
ductor; Edgar Lawton, A. C.; John T. Caie,  
L. S.; Bliss Stewart, O. S.; Miss Ida Hod-  
son, organist; Mrs. Bliss Stewart, S. Y.  
P. W. Rev. P. W. M. Bacon will be past  
worthy patriarch.

Miss B. Hudson, who has been ill with  
typhoid fever in Buctouche, is now recover-  
ing.

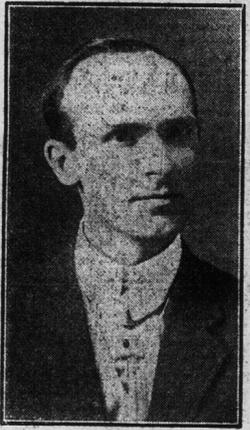
Mrs. Richard Shirley, of Main River,  
has gone to Greenville (Me.) for a lengthy  
visit to relatives.



# J. N. HARVEY TO SELL BUSINESS HERE AND GO TO VANCOUVER

## Union Street Clothier Completing Purchase of One of the Largest Gents' Furnishing Establishments in the West—Believes St. John Has Great Advantages, and Says That Only Exceptional Inducements Persuaded Him to Leave.

Saturday, Oct. 1.—The citizens of St. John, particularly the members of the board of trade and others with whom he has had business dealings, will be surprised, it is believed, when they learn through The Telegraph this morning that J. N. Harvey, clothier, of Union street, and one of the most prosperous merchants in the city, has decided



J. N. Harvey.

to sell his business here and remove at once to Vancouver, where he has completed the purchase of a large clothing business. He will leave for the west, it is expected, in about a month's time. A Telegraph reporter who heard the rumor of Mr. Harvey's removal asked him last evening if it was true. He replied that it was. "Yes," he added, "I am going to Vancouver. Under the circumstances I could not very well do otherwise for I think that such an opportunity might not come again in a lifetime."

"When I was in the west a few weeks ago attending the Methodist conference great pressure was brought to bear upon me by close friends in Vancouver to take over a large and very prosperous business in the principal portion of that progressive city. This is one of the largest clothing and gents' furnishing stores in western Canada, and the circumstances were such that I was able to profit by a proposition of the most enticing nature. In fact it was too good for me to turn down. I have done well in St. John, where I have been treated with the greatest kindness, but as I said before the circumstances are such and the proposition which was made to me so favorable, that I am convinced much greater success awaits me in Vancouver. While I was there I secured an option on this store, which is in Hastings street. I received this afternoon a telegram from my lawyer in Vancouver informing me that this option had been extended until the last of October. This will give me an opportunity to sell my stock here which I shall attempt to do as quickly as possible. I am also offering for sale my house in Princess street."

### Why He Goes.

In answer to a question from the reporter who knew Mr. Harvey's locality to St. John and the east, he admitted that it was no ordinary proposition that was taking him to the western province. "I cannot tell you very much about it just at present," he said, "but through my

friends in Vancouver who have done exceedingly well, so well indeed that the story of their success sounds like a fairy tale, I was brought in touch with the owner of the business which I am taking over under most favorable conditions and which I believe promises such great returns."

### His Faith in St. John.

He went on to say that he would be sorry to have it understood that he was going west because he thought there were not great opportunities in this city and in New Brunswick. "This is not the case, I believe I have every reason to be proud of my business success in St. John and I can assure you that I would think seriously about leaving if it were not for the unusual inducements which have been held out to me. I believe St. John has a great future."

### Has Done Well Here.

Mr. Harvey started in business here a little more than nine years ago on a comparatively small scale. Today he has four large stores in the Opera House block, Union street, and his business is increasing so rapidly that no one will doubt him when he says that it is no ordinary proposition that is taking him to Vancouver. He has expanded this business through persistent advertising and honest treatment of his customers. He has helped to make great improvements in Union street, which a few years ago was not a very good place for business.

But during his life in St. John he has done more than conduct a clothing store. He has taken a great interest in board of trade matters and in civic affairs generally. About three years ago when it was decided to get new blood into the board of trade he was chosen as a member of the council of that body and he has served in that capacity to the present time. He has also been most active as chairman of the new membership and new industries committees. He was appointed chairman of the board of trade committee to investigate the rates of the New Brunswick Telephone Company. He is since its organization, and is a member of the provincial S. P. C. A., a governor of the Boys' Industrial Home and for two years its treasurer, is a director of the Y. M. C. A. and chairman of the boys' committee.

On more than one occasion he has been urged to run for the city council. He is a member of New Brunswick Lodge No. 1, K. of P., a member of Dominion L. O. L. No. 41, a member of Queen's Preceptory, Black Knights, member of the Canadian Order of Foresters, for which he was district high chief ranger for three years. He attended four sessions of the High Court of Canada and filled important places on several committees, including the chairmanship of the finance committee.

In church work he has been equally active. He has been president of the Laymen's Association of the New Brunswick and P. E. Island conference since its inception three years ago, and he is a representative in this conference of the mission board of the church in Canada. He is also one of the Methodist representatives on the laymen's missionary co-operative committee. In addition to this he has taught for some time the Sunday Bible class of the Portland street Methodist church Sunday school, and is superintendent of the adult Bible class department of the New Brunswick and P. E. Island Sunday School Association. This department he was instrumental in organizing.

It will thus be seen that he is a man of activity. He is the kind of man that Vancouver will welcome, and that St. John will be very sorry to lose. He has always been anxious to do what is right no matter what the consequences. The best wishes of a very large number of friends in this province will follow Mr. and Mrs. Harvey to their new home in the west.

## ARTHUR LOGAN BARELY ESCAPED BEING BURNED TO DEATH IN FURNACE AT INDIANTOWN MILL EARLY SATURDAY

Monday, Oct. 3.—Falling feet foremost into a sawdust shoot which leads to the furnace, Arthur Logan, the sixteen year old son of Arthur Logan, of Pokiak, came within an ace of being burned to death in the Indian town mill of Stetson, Cutler & Co., Saturday morning. The lad has been employed at the mill for some time, his duties consisting of shoveling the refuse sawdust into the chute to be conveyed to the furnace and burned, and other small work around the furnace. Saturday morning about 11 o'clock he was working away at a pile of sawdust when in some way he lost his balance and fell into the chute. Luckily, his feet went first, and he was able to catch hold of the top of

the chute with both hands, thereby saving himself from a most horrible death. He cried aloud for help, and Frank Cunningham, a fireman, ran to his assistance and called him from his perilous position. As it was the boy was badly burned about the legs and the lower part of his body, and it will be some time before he fully recovers. Dr. Roberts was summoned immediately and did all he could to alleviate the intense pain. The patient was removed to his home in Pokiak and was resting as comfortably as could be expected last night. Had Cunningham not heard the boy's call for help as soon as he did, it is altogether probable that the boy, not being able to stand the pain, would have been forced to let go his hold and drop down the chute into the furnace to be burned alive.

## TABLET DEDICATED TO REV. DR. MACRAE

Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Pain in the back have been cured, in the real meaning of the word, by a little Stillingia, lodide of Potassium, Poke Root, Guaiac Resin and Sarsaparilla. Any person can take these remedies in any reasonable amount with perfect safety, and the results have been found to be astonishing. It has been proven that this combination makes up the best rheumatism remedy in existence, having actually cured many stubborn cases of over 30 and 40 years' standing—even in persons of old age. The five ingredients mentioned above are prepared with great accuracy and still not only in regard to proportion, but also in selecting the best material, have been put up in compressed tablet form, and are called

"GLORIA TONIC," and fifty thousand boxes are offered free to introduce it. If you suffer from any form of uric acid in the blood, and have Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, this is the way to drive it out of your system in quick and easy manner. Simply send your name in quick return, enclosing this advertisement, to JOHN A. SMITH, 721 Laing Building, Windsor, Ontario, and by return mail you will receive the box absolutely free. It is only in "Gloria Tonic" that you can get the above combination ready for use.

## WEDDINGS

### Richardson-Jones.

Ottawa papers of Wednesday contain long reports of the wedding that day in Grace Anglican church, when Miss Ethel Clara, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. L. K. Jones, was united in marriage to William Gordon Richardson, of the Bank of Montreal, Winnipeg, son of Venerable Archbishop and Mrs. Richardson, of London, Ontario.

The church was effectively decorated for the occasion in white and green, an arch erected at the chancel steps of the green interspersed with clusters of white flowers while the altar was entirely banked with a profusion of white chrysanthemums, asters and roses. The service was fully choral, the ceremony being performed by Venerable J. B. Richardson, M. A., D. C. L., Archbishop of London, assisted by Rev. J. F. Gorman, the rector of Grace Church. Promptly at the hour the choir preceded the bridal party up the aisle singing "The Voice That Breathed of Eden." The ushers were John Thompson, Sam McNeill, Ernest Strathy of Montreal and John Crear of Fredericton, N. B. The bridemaid was Miss Marjorie Jones and the maid of honor Miss Marjorie Burrows, the bride's sisters. Arthur Appleton acted as best man.

The bride wore an exquisite gown of ivory satin draped with point d'Alencon lace, an old family heirloom. The long gaily lined suit for perfection the dress, neck line and kimono sleeves edged with soft folds of tulle. The lace was artistically draped in panel effect in front completely covering the bodice and in the back ending in long sash ends which fell to the bottom of the long train while the remainder of the dress was artistically at one side of the skirt with a cascade of orange blossoms and fell in cascade effect. She wore a long tulle veil held by a diadem of orange blossoms and carried a lovely shower bouquet of lilies of the valley.

The groom's gift to the bride was a handsome sealskin coat and to the best man a pair of gold cuff links, the ushers receiving silver initialed cigarette cases from the bride.

Among the other guests were Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Tiller, of St. John, N. B., the latter a sister of the groom, with a lovely gown of green crepe de soie and hat of black with white feathers.

### Rourke-Pearson.

Albert, N. B., Sept. 29.—A wedding party drove up to the Methodist parsonage Wednesday morning, Sept. 28, when Charles E. Rourke, of North End, St. John, was united in marriage with Miss Helena (Lena) Lydia Pearson, of Harvey Bank, in the presence of a few friends. Rev. W. Kirby officiated. The bride looked charming in a tailored navy blue suit with hat to match. The young couple were attended. Immediately after the ceremony they drove to the station and left for their future home in Victoria street, North End, St. John. The bride is a very popular young lady and will be much missed from her home and church, where she has sung in the choir for many years.

### Johnson-Belyea.

A social event that has been anticipated with much interest took place at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon when Miss Marian E. Belyea, daughter of James A. Belyea, member of the law firm of Earle, Belyea & Campbell, was united in marriage to Walter S. Johnson, barrister, of Montreal, son of Rev. George and Mrs. Johnson. The ceremony took place in St. John's (Stones) church where the rector, Rev. Gustav A. Kubring officiated, assisted by Rev. George Johnson, father of the groom.

The groom was supported by Orich B. MacCallum, a member of the Montreal bar. Miss Belyea had as her bridesmaid Miss A. L. Hegon, and little Doreen and Viola McAvity, daughters of Col. and Mrs. James L. McAvity, acted as flower girls. The guests were ushered to their seats by John C. Belyea, brother of the bride, and J. MacMillan Trueman of the bride, who was given away by her father, who wore a handsome gown of white satin with bridal veil and she carried a bouquet of white roses. Miss Hegon was gowned in pale green satin and her bouquet was of pink roses. The little Misses McAvity wore white lawn and they carried baskets of pink sweet peas.

### McAdam.

McAdam, Sept. 28.—A very pretty wedding took place at the home of the bride's grandmothers, Mrs. William Berry, on Highland avenue, at 5 p. m. Tuesday. Miss Annie Adams was united in wedlock to Earl B. Dow, a rising young man employed by the C. P. R. The Rev. Mr. Goucher, of the St. Stephen's church, officiated. The bride looked charming in an artistic gown of panella, and the bridesmaid, Miss Rhoda Adams, sister of the bride, was dressed in a gown of old rose. The groom was supported by William Gehan, also of the C. P. R. The bride and groom took the Montreal train for Montreal, Toronto and Niagara Falls. The bride was the recipient of many handsome presents.

### Keel-Graham.

The marriage of Miss Belva Angie Graham, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Leander Graham, of Castalia, Grand Manan, to Charles A. Keel, took place on Sept. 6 at the United Methodist church, Castalia. The church was decorated in white and green by the young friends of the bride. Rev. A. F. Brown, performed the ceremony. The bride, who was given away by her father, wore a gown of white silk, and carried a bouquet of white wedding veil and wreath of orange blossoms. She carried a bouquet of white roses and maiden hair ferns. Miss Graham acted as flower girl. She wore a pale pink dress and a pink silk hat and she carried a basket of pink sweet peas. Miss Middlebrook played the wedding march. Following the ceremony a reception was held at the residence of the bride's parents, and later Mr. and Mrs. Keel left for a wedding trip up the St. John river. The bride's travel basket of pink sweet peas, Miss Middlebrook played the wedding march. Following the ceremony a reception was held at the residence of the bride's parents, and later Mr. and Mrs. Keel left for a wedding trip up the St. John river. The bride's travel basket of pink sweet peas, Miss Middlebrook played the wedding march. Following the ceremony a reception was held at the residence of the bride's parents, and later Mr. and Mrs. Keel left for a wedding trip up the St. John river.

### Leslie-Russell.

Newcastle, Oct. 1.—On Thursday evening at the manse in Newcastle, Rev. S. J. McLean, united in marriage William C. Leslie, of D. & J. Ritchie's mercantile staff, and Miss Mabel Russell, daughter of Mrs. Charity Russell, of Nordin. The couple were unattended. The bride was handsomely dressed in a brown suit with hat of matching color. After the ceremony a wedding supper, attended by a large number of guests, was given at the residence of the bride's mother. The staff of D. & J. Ritchie's store presented the bride with an elegant Morris chair; from Mrs. Leslie a dress and a hat; from Mrs. Leslie a set; from Mr. and Mrs. O. Nicholson, a fine set of silver fruit knives, and many gifts of silver, china, etc., from others. Mr. and Mrs. Leslie will reside in Nordin for the present.

## OBITUARY.

### Mrs. Daniel Bogie.

Saturday, Oct. 1.—Word reached the city yesterday from Glenwood, of the death, after a lingering illness, of Mary, wife of Daniel Bogie; and daughter of John McNamara, of Round Bay, Kings county. Mrs. Bogie leaves three small children and two step children. She also leaves her parents, three brothers—William, Frederick and Charles, at home, and three sisters—Mrs. Harry W. Coet, of Medford (Mass.); Mrs. Joseph Sanville, of Malden (Mass.); and Mrs. Ernest N. Logan, of St. John.

### James Wishart.

Lower Salmon Creek, N. B., Sept. 28.—The body of James Wishart was brought home from Vancouver (B. C.) and laid in Red Bank cemetery Sept. 23. Mr. Wishart was a young man of sterling qualities and had been in the west only three months when he fell a victim to brain fever. His friends have the sympathy of the entire community.

### Mrs. Catherine Baird.

Lower Salmon Creek, Sept. 28.—After a lingering illness Mrs. Catherine Baird passed away Monday, Sept. 12. Mrs. Baird was the widow of Francis Baird, who was in his day a prominent lumberman on the Salmon River and its branches. The deceased was widely known and highly respected and had reached 75 years. She leaves two daughters and four sons. Mrs. H. P. Sandall, of St. John, is a sister. The daughters are Mrs. W. M. Starkey, of St. John's, Queens county; Mrs. P. T. Flewelling, of Lower Salmon Creek, with whom she spent the latter part of her years in her old home, Mr. Flewelling having bought the Baird homestead. The sons are R. T. and H. P., of Fredericton; Charles G., of Chipman, and Samuel S., of Vancouver (B. C.). The funeral took place on Wednesday, Sept. 14th, and was largely attended, the services being conducted at the house and grave by her nephew, Rev. Frank Baird, of Sussex. Six nephews acted as pallbearers—Robinson Porter, Thomas Porter, H. M. Fowler, Fred H. Fowler, Isaac Baird, R. T. Baird. Interment was made in Red Bank cemetery by the side of her husband, whose body had been laid there to rest twenty years ago. Mrs. Baird was a Miss Porter and is survived by three sisters and one brother.

### Sergt. John Hipwell.

Every citizen of St. John and a large number of people all over the province will join in sincerely regretting the death of Police Sergeant John Hipwell, which occurred Saturday morning at his home, Exmouth street. He was one of the best known and most popular constables in eastern Canada, this in spite of the fact that the duties of a policeman are looked upon as being more or less of an unpopular character. He had lived here almost continuously for sixty years, for fifty-nine of which he had been connected with the police force of this city. He was a man of the growing infirmities of age and he was given a leave of absence on full pay by the common council.

Sergeant Hipwell was sworn in as a policeman by Chief of Police George H. Schooler in July, 1841, and served under him as well as under Chief John R. Marshall and the present incumbent of the office, W. Walker Clark. During his long period of service five men had occupied the position of police magistrate: Colonel Peter, Mr. John, Humphrey T. Gilbert, Mr. Lester Peter, and Hon. R. J. Ritchie. Although at times employed in the most difficult and delicate duties he was never reprimanded but acquitted himself in such a manner as to win the approbation of his superiors and the confidence and esteem of his equals.

### Mrs. Margaret Mahoney.

The death occurred at South Boston (Mass.) on Friday night of Mrs. Margaret Mahoney, daughter of the late James and Margaret Mahoney, of Fairville. The deceased was in good health on Friday morning, but towards evening took ill suddenly and died. She is survived by four children—John, 1841, and Margaret and Mary, all of this city, two sisters, Mrs. Patrick Dolan and Mrs. John Dolan, of this city, and one brother, Michael Hanlon, of Fairville. Mr. and Mrs. John Dolan had been visiting her and left her Friday morning. On arriving home on Saturday they received news of her sudden death. Mr. and Mrs. Dolan and Mrs. Patrick Dolan left for Boston Saturday night to attend the funeral.

### Mrs. Thompson.

An old and well-known resident of Carleton Place, Deltona Thompson, was found dead Saturday morning about 10 o'clock in her bed at her home in 194 Guilford street. She had not been seen about the house for a day or so, and the neighbors began to wonder as to her whereabouts. Police Sergeant Nelson, who was called to the matter, and the rooms in which the old lady lived, were locked, he gained entrance through a window. On going in he found her lying in bed, with life extinct.

### William Shemell.

William Shemell, an old resident of this city, passed away at his home in 13 Court street at about noon Saturday in the 85th year of his age. He had been a citizen of this city since 1866, and previous to his coming here had been in active service with the British forces in Ireland and elsewhere. For twelve years he was a

## LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

### THE ROADS

To the Editor of The Telegraph:—Sir: I have seen many articles in papers recently regarding the condition of our highways. Some of the writers say the roads are worse than formerly, and blame the Hazen government; others say they are much better, and praise the government. In all these articles I have seen no suggestion as to how the roads might be improved, and I wish to suggest such a plan. And first, I wish to say, the roads are no better than they were twenty-five years ago. How could they be better? The road law is practically the same as it was twenty-five years ago. It certainly is no better. The law is such that the only way a man has a chance to try his hand at road-making is if his making was left to one who, for the time being, might be hired to work on the road. Under present conditions the road work is done by men who have their own work to do. The present system will never give them good roads, and so they have fallen into a condition of hopeless lethargy and carelessness, so far as the roads are concerned. As a rule, they do as little as possible and get back to their farms and shops.

The road work should be done by section men, working five or six months of the year, and getting their pay in wages and have them work from the middle of April right along on the roads until Oct. 15 or thereabouts. That is a matter of detail. In this parish, about \$2000 is collected for road purposes, independent of special grants from the government. If men were paid \$40 per month, and a team of horses \$40 per month, \$2000 would pay wages of six men and three span of horses on the road, often saving rather lengthy trips to the mill, and the discovery being made soon after the storm passed over. The body of the young man was carried to Mr. Hallett's house and his parents notified.

### CASTORIA

For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of J. C. Watson.

### READ THIS.

Friends of The Telegraph and Times too frequently send in notices of weddings, or other items of news, without signature and without affording this office any real information as to the author and correctness of the news thus sent. Anonymous communications of all kinds are ignored. While The Telegraph and the Times are very glad to receive news from subscribers and friends, it is absolutely necessary that each communication shall contain the name and post office address of the writer, in order that complete verification may be possible.

### C. P. R. TO BUILD LARGE HOTEL IN THIS CITY?

The Victoria Colonist has the following despatch from Vancouver:—The C. P. R. is contemplating building twelve hotels across the continent during the next year. One is to be erected at St. John (N. B.), and another in Toronto. A new hotel is to be built at Nelson (B. C.), and another in Ottawa (Ont.) Still another is to be erected in Golden (B. C.), while the remaining seven will be scattered across the continent. The C. P. R. officials here know nothing of the matter. Any information of this nature, however, would likely come from headquarters.

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Crocus, in four colors	0.02	\$3.10
Freesia, refracta, alba, giant	0.04	2.30
Lilies, calla, white, large	0.20	1.00
Lilies, Chinese sacred, large	0.20	1.00
Hyacinths, Roman, four colors	0.05	0.50
Hyacinths, Dutch, four colors	0.07	0.60
Narcissus, paper white grandiflora	0.04	0.50
Narcissus, single, six vari.	0.03	0.24
Narcissus, double, four varieties	0.04	0.20
Scilla, Siberica	0.02	0.15
Snowdrops, single	0.02	0.15
Tulips, single, named, six colors	0.04	0.20
Tulips, single, best mixed	0.03	0.20
Tulips, double, named, six colors	0.04	0.20
Tulips, double, best mixed	0.04	0.20
Tulips, double, good mixed	0.03	0.20

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## Cheering at B

Note of Encouragement. (Special to The) Elgin, Albert Co., of Albert county against their representative, legislative, and George D. H. Elgin, member of the House of Commons, and a change of their presence at gathering here yesterday ready to oppose Elgin's motion to resign. The following resolution was passed unanimously: "Resolved, that the meeting of the Legislature be called by the members of each district, by each or removal matters of interest."

## Lightning Kills York County Boy

Southampton, Oct. 2.—On Saturday afternoon between 4 and 5 o'clock a young man named Albert Billings was killed while ploughing in a field near Millville, during a severe electric storm. The horses were also killed. Decceased was a son of Richard Billings, of Billings Settlement, York county, and had been working for Josiah Hallett, a farmer and lumberman all summer. He was between seventeen and eighteen years old. Billings was working in the field with a sulky plow, when the storm came up. He had unhooked the horses with the intention of seeking shelter. His body was found under those of the horses, the discovery being made soon after the storm passed over. The body of the young man was carried to Mr. Hallett's house and his parents notified.

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Hyacinths, Dutch, four colors	0.07	0.60
Narcissus, paper white grandiflora	0.04	0.50
Narcissus, single, six vari.	0.03	0.24
Narcissus, double, four varieties	0.04	0.20
Scilla, Siberica	0.02	0.15
Snowdrops, single	0.02	0.15
Tulips, single, named, six colors	0.04	0.20
Tulips, single, best mixed	0.03	0.20
Tulips, double, named, six colors	0.04	0.20
Tulips, double, good mixed	0.03	0.20

## JOHN A. BRUCE & CO., Limited

SEED MERCHANTS Established 1850 Hamilton, Ont.

## ALBERT AR

Cheering at B Note of Encouragement. (Special to The) Elgin, Albert Co., of Albert county against their representative, legislative, and George D. H. Elgin, member of the House of Commons, and a change of their presence at gathering here yesterday ready to oppose Elgin's motion to resign. The following resolution was passed unanimously: "Resolved, that the meeting of the Legislature be called by the members of each district, by each or removal matters of interest."