

Citizens, Vote for KELLY, for Mayor.

YOU'LL BE SURE TO FIND IT IN "The MAIL and ADVOCATE."

THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE

Official Organ of The Fishermen's Protective Union of Newfoundland.

Vol. III. No. 131.

ST. JOHN'S, NEWFOUNDLAND, THURSDAY, JUNE 15, 1916.

Price: 1 Cent.

Premier Asquith Visits Constituency first time Since Outbreak of War

In observance of the 13th Anniversary of His Election Premier Asquith today visited his constituency for the first time since the outbreak of war. Addressing a great meeting of his supporters, many who in the past years had been his opponents, the Premier made touching reference to the death of Field-Marshal Kitchener as leaving a place in our constitutional life that no one else can fill, and a memory that will live as long as the British Empire. Lord Kitchener had bequeathed to the country an array of armies, said the Premier, and it was for the country to make the best use of these.

SAYS RUSSIAN ADVANCE MOST BRILLIANT FEAT

Speaking of recent naval battles he said a couple of more such "victories" and there would be nothing left of the German fleet—Britain's command of the sea more firmly established than ever—hopes for an early settlement of the Irish question.

LADYBANK, Scotland, June 15.—In observance of the thirtieth anniversary of his election to the House of Commons from East Fife, Premier Asquith today visited his constituency for the first time since the outbreak of war. Addressing a great meeting of his supporters, many who in the past years had been his opponents, the Premier made touching reference to the death of Field-Marshal Kitchener as leaving a place in our constitutional life that no one else can fill, and a memory that will live as long as the British Empire. Lord Kitchener had bequeathed to the country an array of armies, said the Premier, and it was for the country to make the best use of these.

In a survey of the situation, Asquith declared the Russian advance was one of the most brilliant feats of the war. The Italians, Asquith said, were making a resistance to the Austrian onslaught which every day was becoming more effective. As for the French nothing could exceed the valor with which they were sustaining the defence of Verdun and co-operation among the General Staff of the Allies was becoming more intimate and complete every month. British assistance had been offered General Joffre, and the steps which would be taken were those dictated by sound strategy. It is a struggle of material and economic resources and these will prove in the long run to be the deciding factors.

After speaking of the effectiveness of the Navy's blockade, Asquith said, owing to the rashness of the enemy we were allowed to see another more stirring and dramatic aspect of the Navy qualities a fortnight ago. The naval action of May 31st was worthy at least of the most treasured traditions of the British Navy. The Germans were driven driven back into their ports without so much as making an effort to grapple with the main body of our Grand Fleet and had the temerity to claim what really was a rout as a complete victory. A couple more of such "victories" and there would be nothing left of the German Navy worth speaking about. The truth was slowly leaking out and its full extent had not yet been realized or appreciated. Our command of the seas so far from being impaired had been more firmly and unshakably established than ever.

In reference to Ireland Mr. Asquith said the recent rioting leading to the loss of many innocent lives had created a situation which seemed to the majority of responsible men of all parties to call for a settlement. The history of the relations between Great Britain and Ireland exhibits a tragic series of missed or misused opportunities. Don't let us add another to their number, said the Premier. What was desired, he explained, was a provisional settlement, for when the war came to an end the country would have to take stock of its internal relations. The fabric of the Empire would have to be refashioned and so would the relations between Great Britain and Ireland.

Lloyd George to Take Kitchener's Office

LONDON, June 14.—It is understood that the Secretaryship for War, made vacant by Lord Kitchener's death, has been offered to Lloyd George. He is expected to accept the portfolio, but not to sever entirely his connection with the Ministry of Munitions. An official statement regarding the War Secretaryship is expected by the end of the week.

CANADIANS GIVE HUNS TASTE OF THEIR VERDUN TACTICS

British Regain Greater Part of Ground Lost in June and the British Line has Thus Returned to its Original Position—Great Rejoicing Among Canadian Troops Over the Result—German Officer Taken Prisoner Paid Tribute to Power of British Artillery—Canadians Wipe Out all Debt They Owed the Germans

BRITISH HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, June 15.—Operations in the vicinity of Ypres have passed into a new and, for the British, a most satisfactory stage. The Canadians yesterday retook the greater part of the ground lost in June, including Arrigh Wood and Observatory Ridge. The British front line has thus returned to its original position. The German losses were large. The latest reports show about 150 prisoners, including 4 officers, fell into British hands. The attack began at 2 a.m., the ground was quickly gained, and by noon the situation was comparatively quiet. The Germans apparently did not anticipate so speedy a determined a counter-attack. Abundant evidence was found of the destructive effects of British artillery fire, which quite prevented them from properly consolidating the position during the occupation of the disputed ground. Whether the British shall choose to loose their old line, now almost destroyed, cannot be said, but it seems assured the position now rests with them. At any rate the operation was a most gallant and successful incident, in which the Canadians amply repaid any debt they owed the Germans.

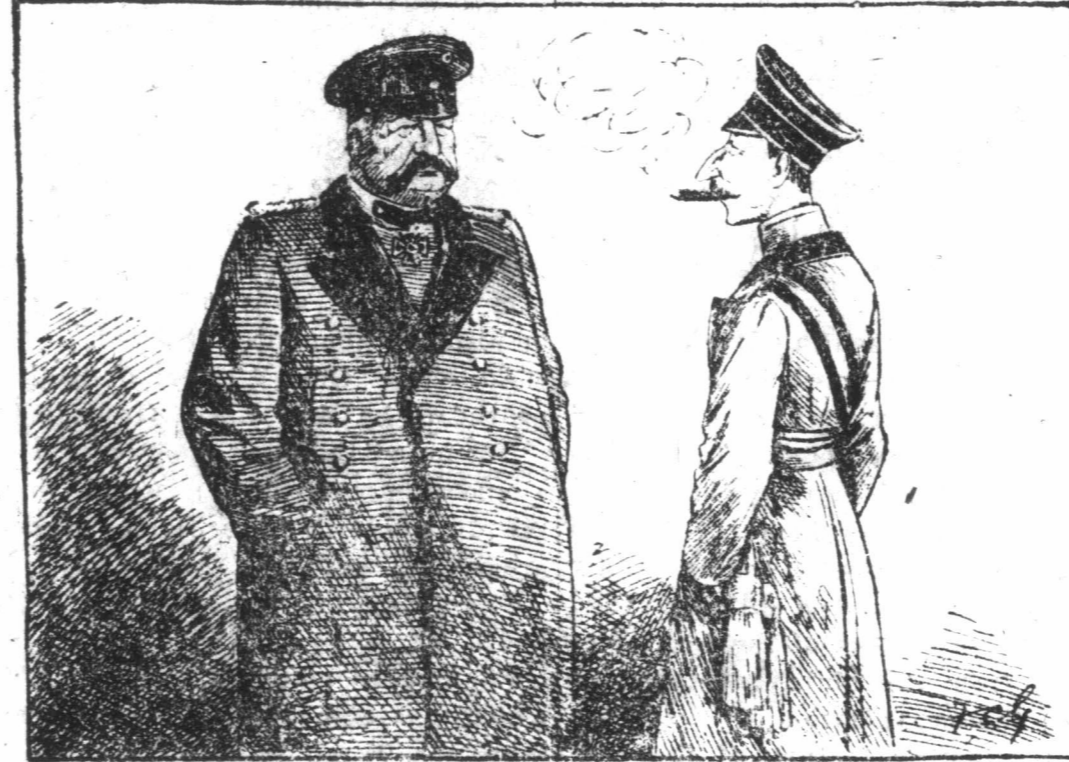
The outcome caused great rejoicing in the ranks of the Canadians. It was after two weeks of the most unseasonable, cold and rainy weather known to the oldest inhabitants of this region, making the low ground around Ypres almost a morass, that the Canadians, charged amidst a downpour at 1.30 o'clock in the morning to recover Observatory Ridge and Mount Sorrell, important high ground which was still held by the Germans after the first stage of the battle of Ypres on June 2 and 3. So heavy and continuous had been the British artillery fire that the Germans, vainly trying to fortify four Sorell during their 10 days' occupation, had been unable to move munitions and food stores left there. We were delighted with the way our "uns supported us," says a Canadian. "they gave the Germans a taste of their own Verdun tactics. We are getting Lloyd George's munitions now in right." A German officer taken prisoner paid tribute to the increased power of the British artillery.

PROMPT RETREAT CAN ONLY SAVE AUSTRIAN ARMY

Russian Losses are Small in Forcing the Dniester Owing to Brilliant and Skillful Tactics—Right Wing of Austrian Army Can Only Save Itself by Making Prompt Retreat

LONDON, June 15.—A despatch to the Reuter Exchange Company from Petrograd dealing with the Russian advance in east Galicia, says the Russians hold the Dniester between the Frontier and considerably westward of the confluence of the Stripa and Dniester. After the capture of Zale Sezyky and Horodenska their next objective is Kolomea, three marches distant, unless there is some unlikely change in the strategic position. Only a prompt retreat will save the cutting off of the Austrian right wing. There were small Russian losses in forcing the Dniester owing to this brilliant and skillful tactics. This contrasts strongly with the German losses in crossing the Marew and Bruwa Rivers. It is now stated on no sectors on the southern front has the enemy yet received any appreciable reinforcements.

GIVE ME BACK MY LEGIONS!



HINDENBURG: "I lent you some Divisions a month or two ago, your Imperial Highness, and I should be glad to have them again. I've got some pressing engagements to meet."
THE CROWN PRINCE: "Awfully sorry, old chap! I can't manage it just now—my Verdun investments have gone a bit wrong—in fact I was going to ask you to lend me some more."
—Westminster Gazette.

Lloyd George is Named As Kitchener's Successor

In Accepting the War Secretaryship it is Understood he Will Not Sever his Relations With the Ministry of Munitions—Churchill and Fisher Have Again Patched up Their Quarrels—Relations Said to be Strained Between Premier and Lloyd George for Some Time Past

NEW YORK, June 15.—The London correspondent of the "Tribune" cables: "David Lloyd George is to succeed Earl Kitchener as Secretary of State for War, according to well authenticated reports current here today. It is understood, however, that in accepting the War Secretaryship Lloyd George will not entirely sever his relations with the Ministry of Munitions. Various successors have been suggested for Kitchener, including Lord Milner and Churchill. The latter is again enjoying Asquith's favor, while his quarrel with Lord Fisher over the responsibility for the Gallipoli disaster has been patched up and they are again fast friends. Both Lord Milner and Churchill, as far as the Cabinet is concerned, might be entrusted with the direction of the War Office. Since the creation of the War Council and the turning over of the responsibility for the operations in the field to General Robertson, Chief of Staff, Lord Kitchener's duties had become almost entirely civil and administrative, but unfortunately for Mr. Asquith the British public demands as the successor to Lord Kitchener a man of equal calibre. The people will not be satisfied with the appointment of the mere civilian or politician to the post they have been accustomed to associate with the greatness of K. of K. Hence Asquith, as he did in the Munition crisis, and in the present situation in Ireland, has had to turn to Lloyd George. He has been reluctant to do this for several reasons, as in recent months the relations between the two men have been somewhat strained."

OFFICIAL

FRANCE
PARIS, June 14.—The French carried a small German post near Venizel east of Soissons. A raid by French troops at Songern. In the Vesges, resulted in the capture of a number of Germans.

ITALY
ROME, June 14.—Austrian attacks along the line of the Posina in Southern Tyrol made on Monday night were repulsed by the Italians.

READ THE MAIL & ADVOCATE

Intermittent Bombardments Now Mark the Fighting Near Verdun

The Cunard Line

LONDON, June 15.—At a notice of meeting of shareholders of the Cunard Steamship Company to approve the acquisition of the Commonwealth Dominion Line, Sir Alfred Booth, chairman says the Cunard interests of the past were centered exclusively on trade between Liverpool and the States with the result of wide fluctuations of earnings inevitable by recent acquisitions. Sir Alfred believes a sound balance will be secured enabling the Company to face with confidence fluctuations in trade which may occur after the war.

Belgian Make Progress In East Africa

HAVRE, June 15.—Substantial progress for the Belgian forces invading German East Africa, giving them control of the entire north-west section of the colony is claimed in an official statement issued by the Belgian War Office to-day.

Stretching the Meat Supply

LONDON, June 15.—The Duma has adopted a bill calling for abstention from eating meat four days each week, according to a Reuter's despatch from Petrograd.

RUSSIANS WIN A NAVAL VICTORY IN THE BALTIC

German Merchantmen Convoys by Cruiser Torpedo Boats and Armed Trawlers are Attacked by Russian Destroyers and Dispersed—Twelve Merchantmen Sunk—Fight Lasted Forty-five Minutes

LONDON, June 14.—A Reuter despatch from Nykoping, Sweden, reports a naval engagement in the Baltic between midnight and one o'clock this morning at a point near Herrevringe. It is supposed that six German armoured trawlers, which were seen going northward last night, were engaged. Two hundred shots were heard. The fight lasted for forty-five minutes. A German trawler with five wounded men entered Nykoping. All information was refused.

COPENHAGEN, June 14.—Describing the Baltic fight the Dagens Nyheder says the Russian squadron won an important victory. The Russians had six destroyers and several submarines and were going at such speed that the Germans were taken completely by surprise. They only fired one shot, then making for port with utmost speed. It is believed, the paper says, that twelve merchantmen were sunk, while a German armed trawler, which arrived at Nykoping, had 150 men on board from a German destroyer that was sent to the bottom. The German auxiliary cruiser Konig Von Sachsen was also seen to sink. It is supposed that all the crew was drowned.

There Has Been no Infantry Attacks on Verdun Front Since Tuesday When French Positions West and South of Thiamont Farm Were Captured With a Loss to the Defenders of 739 Men

CANADIANS HOLD GROUND RECAPTURED

Austrians Are Still Bombarding Italian Lines but Late Advances State Italians Repulsed Violent Austrian Attacks on the Posina Front—German Auxiliary Cruiser Herzman Was Sunk by Russian Torpedo Boat Destroyers as Well as Twelve German Merchantmen in Baltic on June 13th

LONDON, June 15.—Fighting around Verdun has dwindled to intermittent bombardments, there having been no infantry attacks anywhere on this front since Tuesday, when the French positions west and south of Thiamont Farm were captured by the Germans, and 739 Frenchmen made prisoners.

The Canadians around Zittose, in Belgium, are holding 1,500 yards of ground recaptured from the Germans on Tuesday. Although the Germans are heavily shelling them, no infantry attacks have been carried out by the Germans.

The latest advices from the Austro-Italian theatre credit the Italians with a repulse of violent Austrian attacks on the Posina front, north-west of Schio. On other sectors of this line the Austrians are bombarding Italian positions.

German auxiliary cruiser Herzmann has been attacked and sunk in the Baltic south-east of Stockholm by 4 Russian torpedo boat destroyers, according to Berlin. Reports from Sweden and Denmark concerning the fight say it was between Russian torpedo craft and a German auxiliary cruiser, some torpedo boats and an armed trawler, which were conveying German merchantmen. In addition to the auxiliary cruiser, a German destroyer and 12 of the merchantmen are reported to have been sunk.

NYKOPING, Denmark, June 14.—Thirteen German merchantmen, which were coming from the north, convoyed by an auxiliary cruiser, some torpedo boats and armed trawlers, was attacked early this morning at a point near Herrevringe by a squadron of Russian destroyers, torpedo boats and submarines, near the Swedish Baltic coast. The convoy was dispersed, and the merchantmen fled towards the coast. It is reported that some of the vessels were sunk.

CADIZ SALT,

AFLOAT and in STORE.
Selling at lowest price.
Baine Johnston & Co.

CLEANING AND PRESSING.

Leave your order for Cleaning and Pressing with us, and we will do the rest of it right at reasonable prices. Every detail of the work is carefully looked after, to insure satisfaction to our customers.

W. H. JACKMAN,
39 WATER STREET WEST. 2 Doors East Railway Station.
Phone 795. P. O. Box 186.

Galvanized Sheet Iron,
70 bds. just in.

ROUND IRON, 45 cwt.,
Sizes 1-4 up to 1 1-2 inch.

600 Rolls Roofing Felt,
1, 2 and 3 ply.

200 Rolls Sheathing Paper
LOWEST PRICES.

'Phone 647 for Prices.

STEER BROTHERS

CHISLETT'S MARBLE WORKS
(Opp. Baine Johnston's, Water Street)
P. O. Box 86.

If you want a Headstone or Monument visit our store and inspect our stock. We have the most up-to-date finished work in the City. Write for DESIGN BOOKS and actual PHOTOS of our work. PRICES to suit everybody. FIRST CLASS SOCKET given free with each Headstone. Outport orders especially attended to. LOCAL CEMETERY work done cheaply.

Summer Costumes

WE are now showing the finest selection of Ladies' Costumes we have ever received. Elegant Models in Serge, Gabardine, Jersey Cloth and Shepherd's Plaid in styles suitable for all occasions. The predominating shades are Blues, Submarine Grey and the very popular Khaki.

These Costumes are in all shades. There are no two alike. All are of the most fashionable designs and are very reasonably priced.

U. S. PICTURE & PORTRAIT CO.

SKINNER'S MONUMENTAL WORKS
Established 1874—and still growing stronger
St. John's, N.F. - - - 329 & 333 Duckworth St



On hand a large selection of
MONUMENTS and HEADSTONES

Our new catalogue of Photo Designs now ready for Outport customers. Thousands have testified their satisfaction with our Mail Order system of buying Headstone and Monuments.

N.B.—None but genuine Frost Proof Tested Stone Sockets supplied with all orders; refuse imitations now in the market. Give us a trial order and get the best there is. Price List sent to any address on receipt of postal.

Long Pond Folks Hold Big Patriotic Bazaar

An affair of considerable importance occurred at Long Pond on June 3rd. His Majesty's birthday, when the children of Long Pond school held a Patriotic Bazaar. The event was unique, original, attractive and proved an undeniable success. It was unique and original in the fact of its having had represented all the allied nations by stalls or booths. This increased when one reflects that the stalls were made of various kinds of trees, and lent colour and attractiveness to the scene.

Such was the impression produced that many patrons expressed a desire to see the bazaar extended for another night. Accordingly the promoters, who, needless to say, were only too anxious to follow up their success, announced the bazaar open for Monday night, when the spacious building was literally packed. Not anticipating such a generous response, a very limited amount of cakes, etc., were provided, which were quickly disposed of. The young ladies, who so ably conducted the whole bazaar, were dressed as Red Cross Nurses, and very pretty they looked in their white dresses with their red cross badges.

The stall representing England and Japan was constructed in form of a rectangle with an arch at one side. This was the tea room. The little girls who worked there performed no mean task, for they kept the big tea table supplied every fifteen or twenty minutes. They worked diligently and much of the success of the tea tables accrued from the ability of this section of the organization.

An interesting feature of the bazaar was Private Jensen's lecture. We were all very much surprised but none the less glad, when we heard of his arrival. He came unexpectedly but we were extremely overjoyed to have the pleasure of meeting and entertaining that illustrious soldier.

After introducing him to the audience the Chairman, Mr. R. Plovman spoke on the object of the bazaar and Private Jensen's connection with it. At the conclusion of his remarks he proposed the toast of "The King" which was ably responded to by Private Jensen. He emphasized the need of help for the Red Cross Fund, and need of more soldiers for the defence of the Empire. He paid a fitting tribute to the loyal efforts of the organizers of the bazaar, and expressed himself as being very much interested in the movement. At the conclusion of his interesting speech he

cut the King's birthday cake.

The stalls proved an attractive addition to the bazaar as will be seen by glancing at the proceeds of each stall. The tea booth, representing England and Japan was managed by the following girls:—Misses Elsie Dawe, Emma L. Saungiers, Violet Rideout, Molly Greenslade, Eliza Stanley, Irene Dawe, Florence Porter, Blanche Greenslade, Rebecca Baird, Clara Dawe, Mary Dawe, Florence Greenslade. This booth netted the sum of \$34.56.

The candy stall, representing Serbia, was managed by Miss Lily Rendell which stall brought in the amount of \$1.19.

The temperance drink stall managed by Miss Annie Porter, and representing Russia, netted \$9.63.

France was represented by a needlework stall, which was conducted by Miss Emmeline Baird and realized \$3.50.

Italy, the flower stall, the proceeds from the sale of which amounted to \$1.35. Miss Susy Kennedy was the manager of this stall.

Portugal was represented by a fortune-telling booth, which proved very attractive, as will be seen by the handsome amount realized, viz: \$6.60. The "Gipsy" referred to above proved to be Miss J.M.A. Greenslade. Newfoundland was represented by a guessing competition, which under the direction of Miss Doris Rendell brought in \$1.95.

The effigy of the Kaiser netted \$1.35.

The whole amounts, plus \$7.00, which was collected for the bazaar, bring the grand total up to \$75.13. Deducting \$17.00 for expenses incurred we place the amount to be devoted to the Red Cross Fund at \$58.

We sincerely thank those who helped us by donations of cakes, etc., and we also wish to thank Messrs. Wm Saunders, Walter Greenslade, George Greenslade, and Wm. Stanley for the very efficient help given us.

The bazaar proved that the people are alive to the exigency of the times, and are willing to undertake a full share of their responsibility in this, the greatest of wars. Long Pond has responded nobly. It has raised over \$100.00 for patriotic purposes during the last six months, besides contributing somewhat over a hundred pairs of socks to the Patriotic Fund. It is by mutual exertion and self-sacrifice that we are going to win this war, and Long Pond is determined to do its part.

Salonikans Make Quick Fortunes on Account of War

Wily Greeks Take Advantage of British Army Officers and Make Some Nice "Rake-Offs."

Saloniki.—The inhabitants of Saloniki do not share the indignation of their sovereign over the presence here of the French, British and Serbian troops. They are making their fortunes out of it. Besides huge added profits on everything bought and sold by the local tradesmen, there are numerous less usual ways of turning a penny that are evolved from the fertile brains of the Spanish and Portuguese Hebrews who constitute the greater part of the population of Greece's second city.

There have been depot, docks and barracks to build, roads to construct and improvements of every kind to make to render the old Turkish city of squalor fit for the habitation of an European army. Then, too, there have been the extraordinary works of fortification and defense of the entire Chalcidic Peninsula. With one thing and another, the allied occupation of Central Macedonia has proved a contractor's paradise, and many a wily Greek has come all the way from Egypt to get a share in the exploitation of the strangers.

The British particularly have been the victims of close dealing, as they have lacked that complete organization for the care of a large armed force that makes French army management so efficient. Many of the officers enlisted in the army service corps, also, have been used to dealing with Englishmen and not with Greeks. Their lack of experience in the latter's character costs the Government no little money.

In one instance a local Greek took a contract to furnish several thousand feet of lumber to a certain department of the British expeditionary force at 36 cents a foot, and at that he was making a round profit. When the lumber was delivered 40 per cent was found not to come up to specifications and was promptly rejected. The Greek was not very hap-

py over this outcome of his little deal, but by no means in despair. After scouting about a bit he found another department of the British army in need of lumber and offered the rejected lumber. A brief bout of haggling over the price and the Greek received 46 cents a foot for the lumber that had been respected at 10 cents less.

On another occasion a British officer in charge of certain road construction solved the problem of securing his labor by letting the contractor to employ the men to a Greek. There were to be something over 1,000 workmen, who were to receive three drachms (60 cents) a day. The Greek contractor was to receive, in addition, 10 cents a head per day for each man so furnished. As all Macedonia is full of refugees from Thrace and Asia Minor who are in most desperate want, the contractor had no difficulty in securing all the men he wanted, and of collecting himself 10 cents a head per day from each of the men whom he turned over to the British officer.

Though the Greek was making \$200 per day and over out of the arrangement, with no personal effort, he was unsatisfied with his bargain. So he engineered a strike among the men and then offered to act as mediator persuading the laborers to return to work on condition of an increase of a franc (20 cents) per day in their pay. Of this he himself levied on the men for an additional 5 cents per man per day, and only made the arrangement in consideration of receiving from the British officer in charge of the work another 5 cents per man per day in addition to the 10 cents he was already drawing from that source for his services.

The work lasted over a month. With his double rake-off of 30 cents per man per day, the Greek cleared something over \$8,000 on the job.

Utopian Warfare In Pinsk Sector

"Picture a dreary expanse of snow, ice and water, dotted with clumps of man-high yellow reeds, with little mud islands converted into powerful field fortifications and blockhouses built on piles, and trenches standing literally on stilts above the marshes, all inter-connected by an elaborate system of foot-bridges, then miles and miles of barbed wire entanglements zig-zagging across the ice or half-submerged in the waters extending in every direction, the whole swarming with German soldiers engaged in every conceivable occupation except fighting, and you have this fantastic fighting front," says a war correspondent.

"Every few minutes you hear a roar and see small volcanoes of mud, ice and snow spout skyward. You think the Russian heavy artillery is waking up at last; but it is only parties of Germans dynamiting the ice to make the going harder for prowling Russian patrols at night.

"You witness curious Arctic scenes—scores of sledging parties, with the Germans' white fur overcoats, slowly dragging provisions, ammunition, and lumber over the ice to the furthest outposts.

Blockhouses on the Marshes.
"In the open water Germans on a giant raft are engaged in driving piles into the mud for building—more blockhouses and more plank bridges—while, strangest of all, and krypt—while, strangest of all, amphibious German cavalrymen in rowboats are putting out more miles of barbed-wire entanglements and elevated benches for the purpose of turning the Pripet marshes into one vast 'field fortification.'

"On the Pinsk shore of the Pina river the Germans are engaged in unnumbered operations. Gangs of sandstun men are dragging great ogs ashore, which armed motor boats are towing out of many channelled swamps. Millions of logs have been sunk in the defence of the swamps.

"Here the German battalions are putting up the fight of their lives, not against the Russians, but against a more implacable enemy—the rising ool Pinsk German professors of geology came out and studied the terrain, and according to their expert advice positions and field fortifications were aid out, but the professors had not foreseen the freaks of the mildest Russian winter for forty years, and the result was that trenches and blockhouses had to be raised three and four times, and threaten to assume skyscraper proportions.

"If the water rises another yard it will make both the German and Russian positions untenable," the commanding officer commented ruefully, pointing out that it would make a Russian offensive utterly impossible, and that they had been hoping for five long months that the Russians would come over and attack them.

Utopian Warfare.
"I saw no hospital trains and no ambulances, but a large hospital, complete in everything except wounded inmates, for the casualties are mostly orbitten feet and sore throats. This 'Utopian warfare in the Pinsk sector' is due to the fact that the main Russian and German positions are anywhere from one and a half miles to eight miles apart, thanks to the swamps. The real casualties fall under the heading 'missing,' for at night there is a constant uncanny guerilla warfare in the swamps between swarming parties of German and Russian patrols, who are often forced to cover four or five miles in their efforts to reach and cut the enemy's lines of communication in the swamps, or fall upon advanced outposts.

"Many never return from this most dangerous assignment. The drowned bodies of those who lose their way in the Pripet swamps are seldom recovered."



THE HEIGHT OF SATISFACTION

is reached at our market. You get the best of Meats, the right cuts, the correct weight, sanitary handling and good service. Can you ask more?

Come here when you are looking for satisfaction in

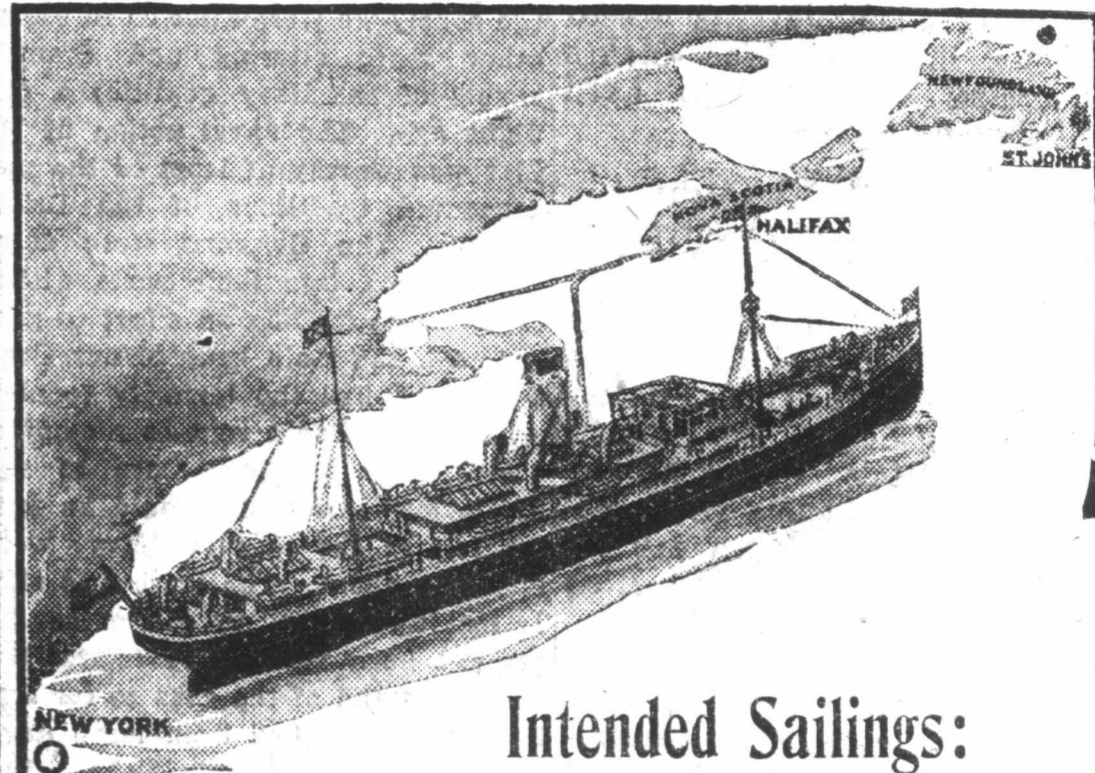
CHOICE MEATS.
M. CONNOLLY
Duckworth Street.

OAKUM

Ex. "Durango"
75 BALES OAKUM,
Spun and Unspun.

The Direct Agencies, Ltd.

Red Cross Line



Intended Sailings:

FROM NEW YORK	FROM ST. JOHN'S
FLORIZEL, June 17th.	FLORIZEL, June 27th.
STEPHANO, June 27th.	STEPHANO, July 6th.
FLORIZEL, July 8th.	FLORIZEL, July 15th.

Harvey & Co., Limited Agents.

'SKIPPER' Kerosene Oil

Specially Refined to meet the Newfoundland climate. Best for Motor Boats and Lamps.

Standard Oil Co. of New York.
Franklin's Agencies, Limited.

DUE TO-DAY

By S. S. "SHEBA,"

19,000 Barrels

VICTOR FLOUR

CAMPBELL & MCKAY

Advertise in The Mail and Advocate

JUST ARRIVED

Another Car-load of
FERRO ENGINES

3, 4, 5 1-2, and 7 1-2 H.P.'s.

Order early for immediate delivery as they are going fast and it will be too late to get any more for this season.

Lowest Prices on
**BATTERIES, COILS,
PROPELLORS, SHAFTS,
LUBRICATING OIL, ETC.**

L. M. TRASK & CO.,

P. O. Box 1217,
140 Water Street, St. John, Nfld.

HAVING enjoyed the confidence of our outport customers for many years, we beg to remind them that we are "doing business as usual" at the old stand. Remember Maunder's clothes stand for durability and style combined with good fit.



John Maunder
Tailor and Clothier

281 & 283 Duckworth Street

BRITISH

THE POWER OF PROTECTION

Buying a **BRITISH SUIT** Means
PROTECTION from High Prices

PROTECTION in Material.
PROTECTION in Style.
PROTECTION in Fit.

Every Man and Boy Needs
PROTECTION
Have It!

The British Clothing Co., Ltd.,
Sinnott's Building
Duckworth Street, St. John's.

GERMANY LOST 780,000 MEN IN VERDUN DRIVE

Since the Verdun Battles Have Been Raging Covering Five Months it is Estimated Germany Had Thirty-nine Divisions of 780,000 Men Completely or Partly Demolished

NEW YORK, June 14.—A Paris despatch to the New York Journal today says that figures compiled from reports received by the French War Office, stated that the Germans, since the beginning of the movement against Verdun, had thirty-nine divisions of 780,000 men, either completely or partly demolished. These are losses for five months, since the Verdun battle have been raging.

PARIS, June 14.—The fighting around Verdun has once more died down from sheer exhaustion of combatants. An entire division, half of whom were Bavarian and half Pomeranian, was used up by the Germans in twelve separate attempts on Monday to storm the French position north of Thiaumont. From this position French flanking fire prevents the enemy from advancing on Vaux plateau. No result having been attained by nightfall fresh troops were brought up and an attempt was made to turn the position from the southwest. After a desperate struggle a footing was obtained in some of the trenches on Hill 321, half a mile west of Thiaumont and a mile east of Bras. No effort was made to increase this advantage yesterday owing, probably, to losses on Monday which, according to prisoners, were exceptionally heavy.

PARIS, June 14.—A violent artillery engagement took place last night in the vicinity of Vaux on the Verdun front. There were no infantry actions before Verdun.

The Dublin Revolt

DUBLIN, June 14.—Another charge of murder, arising from the rebellion, was heard to-day before court-martial. Private Watt, of the Irish Lancers, was placed on trial for the murder of Robert Glalster and the attempted murder of Wm. F. Grey, proprietor of a Dublin hotel. Grey testified that he and Glalster were walking the street near the hotel, over which Watt was standing guard, when the latter put the rifle to Glalster's chest and fired. Glalster was able to walk back to the hotel, but, as he was entering it, witness said, Watt again fired, killing him. Evidence for the defense was that Glalster persisted in passing the sentry, who had ordered him back.

Russians Drawing Near Czernowitz

LONDON, June 14.—A despatch from Rome quotes the Russian Ambassador to Italy to the effect that Russian cavalry has reached a point 20 miles beyond Czernowitz.

PETROGRAD, June 14.—In the advance upon Czernowitz, the capital of Bukovina, the Russians have occupied the village of Sniatyn, 20 miles north-west of the city, the War Office announced to-day. In addition to their previous capture the Russians have taken 20 officers, 6,000 men, six guns and ten machine guns.

A Bohemian Revolt

GENEVA, June 14.—An unconfirmed report has been received here of a serious revolt in Bohemia on June 9th. According to the report there was street fighting in Prague. No details are given.

READ THE MAIL & ADVOCATE

PORTABLE AIR-O-LITE LAMPS AND LANTERNS

MEANS plenty of light, and the best of light. Give a most brilliant illumination with little attention, and at trifling expense. Satisfactory to an extent not thought possible in former years. Burns only one quart of ordinary kerosene in 15 hours.

Robert Templeton,
Agent,
333 Water Street,
St. John's.

A GREAT BIG HOLIDAY PROGRAMME AT THE NICKEL TO-DAY

"The Wireless Detective"

And the search for the missing Craig Kennedy in

"THE ROMANCE OF ELAINE"

"THE KNOCKOUT"
(George Ovey in a comedy scream.)

"THE PLAGUE SPOT."
(Donald Hall in a Vitagraph drama.)

"The Girl and the Reporter"

A powerful Selig two-act melo-drama featuring Miss Edith Johnson.

"BERT STANLEY"
Singing novelty songs.

"A MOTORCYCLE ELOPEMENT"
A delightful Vitagraph comedy.

A GOOD SHOW ALL THE TIME AT THE NICKEL—COOL, CLEAN AND COZY.

The Russians Now Account For 120,000 Prisoners

PETROGRAD, June 14.—Along the whole front from southward of Poland to the Roumanian frontier, our troops continue to drive back the enemy. During yesterday, twenty officers and about six thousand men were taken prisoners. We have taken six cannon, ten machine guns, many artillery and ammunition waggons. The total number of prisoners captured during operations amount to nearly 120,000 men, 1,780 officers, 130 cannon, 250 machine guns. Reports which have been received state that the enemy abandoned at certain points, quantities of various war materials in such bulk as to make it impossible to give exact description at such short notice. As an instance we found abandoned sufficient rails for a field railway 20 miles long.

The Austrians Abandon Captured Italian Territory

GENEVA, June 14.—It is reported from Innsbruck that since June 7th the Austrians have been compelled to abandon between 35 and 45 square miles of Italian territory, which they gained during the first rush of their offensive. The Austrians evacuated Chiasso in fear that their retreat would be cut off. The Austrian General, who was appointed Governor of the Italian province of Verona, is said to have been captured with his troops at Dulno by the Russians.

Vote For Church Union

WINNIPEG, June 15.—The final vote on Church Union officially recorded was 406 to 88. This is the largest vote ever recorded on the subject in a Presbyterian Assembly. The ministers voted for the cause more largely than laymen. Of the ministers 222 voted for 45 against. Of the elders 184 voted for, 43 against the proposal. A delay for 12 months was voted down almost unanimously. Rev. Dr. Campbell and a number of others in the minority read a statement declaring the 45 ministers and 43 elders who voted against the Union now constitute the Assembly. They propose, however, to go on doing business under this proposal.

Claim Russian Losses Heavier Than Austrians

LONDON, June 15.—A despatch to Reuter's Telegram Co. from Amsterdam says the Austrian Press Bureau at Vienna has issued a statement in which it is declared the Russians' claim of prisoners captured is greatly exaggerated, asserting the Russians' casualties are twice or three times greater than those of the Austrians.

Would Like to Visit Germany

LONDON, June 15.—The Daily News says the Liverpool police are detaining a German, Richard Hausmann, who travelled from New York aboard the St. Paul with a passport issued by the German consulate in New York, his idea being to visit Germany.

New Italian Cabinet

ROME, June 15.—The new Cabinet that is to replace Antonio Salandra's which resigned last Sunday, has been virtually formed. Paolo Boselli who will be the new Premier, will have no other portfolio, as he is 79 years old. He is Dean of Parliament, having been Deputy since 1870. He held the first Ministerial portfolio 40 years ago.

PETROGRAD, June 15.—The Russians' most successful operation of the war is being pressed vigorously along the whole front of Volhynia and Bukovina. Having cut railway communications with Czernowitz from the north, the Russians have carried the fighting for the possession of that city into its very outskirts, and its fall is momentarily expected.

Britishers In New York Honor Memory of Kitchener

NEW YORK, June 14.—Various British Societies in New York held impressive service at Trinity Church, Broadway and Wall Streets at noon today, in memory of Earl Kitchener. The clergy of Trinity Church were in charge. Many distinguished persons were present. Although the edifice is one of the largest in the city, it was crowded long before the service began and many were turned away.

Ten Steamers Known To Have Been Sunk

COPENHAGEN, June 15.—Dagens Nyheder names the following ten German steamers as having been lost in the attack by the Russian squadron:—Norman, Nemesly, Arda, Mesklenburg, Iselle, Italia, Deterro, Weser, Kossal, Schultz and Algebra.

Zeppelin Destroyed

AMSTERDAM, June 15.—An zeppelin was destroyed in a wind storm near Chatelain, in South Belgium on Monday, according to a frontier correspondent.

J.J. St. John

The TEA with
strength and
flavor is

ECLIPSE,
which we sell at
45c. lb.

**ROYAL PALACE
BAKING POWDER**
20c. per lb. Small
Tins 5 cts.

**SCOTCH OATMEAL,
PATNA RICE,
JACOBS' BISCUITS,
HARTLEYS' JAMS,
1s. and 2s.**

J.J. St. John
Duckworth St & LeMarchant Bld

WANTED!

**2 SCHOONERS,
From 50 to 100 tons,**

To freight
SALT
from St. John's to
West Coast.

SMITH CO, Ltd.
Telephone 506.

THE CRESCENT PICTURE PALACE.

EVERY AFTERNOON 2.15. EVERY NIGHT AT 7.15.

"THE FACE IN THE MIRROR"

A powerful feature produced by the Selig Company.

"HIS LAST WISH."—A fine Biograph Melo-Drama with Irma Dawkins and Gus Pexley.

"BRONCHO BILLY, SHEEPMAN."—A strong Western Drama featuring G. M. Anderson.

"CARTOONS IN A SEMINARY."—One of the deadly funny grouch chasers by Raoul Barri, the International Cartoonist.

PROFESSOR MCCARTHY PLAYING THE PIANO.

A CLASSY MUSICAL PROGRAMME AND EFFECTS.
A COMFORTABLE AND WELL VENTILATED THEATRE.

Hon. R. A. Squires, K.C., LL.B. Mr. J. A. Winter

Squires & Winter,

Barristers, Solicitors
and Notaries.

New Bank of Nova Scotia Building,
Corner Beck's Cove and Water Street.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL AND PARTNERSHIP!

Hon. R. A. Squires, K.C., LL.B.

ANNOUNCES the removal of his LAW OFFICES to the New BANK OF NOVA SCOTIA Building at the corner of Beck's Cove and Water Street, and the formation of a PARTNERSHIP for general practice as Barristers, Solicitors and Notaries, with MR. J. A. WINTER, eldest son of the late Sir James S. Winter, K.C., under the firm name of Squires & Winter.

Address: Bank of Nova Scotia Building,
January 3rd, 1916. St. John's.

"From Sill to Saddle"

All kinds of
Building Material
as well as
Lumber

sent to all parts of the Country.

HORWOOD LUMBER CO., LTD.

TRAIN REPORT

Monday's No. 1 left Crabbes 7.05 a.m.

Yesterday's No. 1 left Glenwood 8.20 a.m.

Yesterday's No. 2 left Alexander Bay 8.40 a.m. and is due at St. John's 6.30 p.m.

Yesterday Sgt. Mackey found a horse attached to a cart wandering about Water Street with no owner in sight. After a while that individual was found by the officer on board a schooner at Baine Johnson's wharf. Being helplessly intoxicated he was taken to the station and his horse looked after. He was fined \$1 by Mr. Hutchings in court to-day.

Teacher—Children, how can we distinguish right from wrong?
Pupil—If we enjoy doing a thing it's wrong.

NOTICE TO MOTOR OWNERS

Kerosene Oil in 8 hooped bbls.

Motor Gasoline in Wood and Steel bbls and cases.

Poline Motor Oil (in 5 gall. tins) @ \$2.95 each.

Special Standard Motor Oil (in 5 gall. tins) @ \$2.90 each.

Special Standard Motor Oil in bbls and half bbls. @ 55c. per gallon.

Motor Greases at lowest prices.

See us before placing your order.

P. H. Cowan & Co.,

276 Water Street.

READ THE MAIL & ADVOCATE

IN STOCK :

200 Bags
BEST POTATOES
 Selected for Seed purposes.
 Guaranteed dry as flour.

J. J. ROSSITER,

Our Motto: "Suum Cuique."



("To Every Man His Own.")

The Mail and Advocate

Issued every day from the office of publication, 167 Water Street, St. John's, Newfoundland, Union Publishing Company Limited, Proprietors.
 Editor and Business Manager: **JOHN J. ST. JOHN.**

ST. JOHN'S, N.F.L.D., JUNE 15th, 1916

AFTER THE BATTLE

GERMANY is a past master in the art of lying. From the beginning of the war till the present hour she has persisted in this policy. Doubtless for grave reasons! She has been scoring triumphs daily since the invasion of Belgium; but these triumphs have never materialized. Her organization is admittedly splendid in military matters; so, too, is her industrial army; but there is no department in which she is so transcendently magnificent as in her news bureaus which would cause Ananias of old to grow green with envy. She has been officially charged with lying; and yet, she has managed to wriggle out of an ignominious position. The national memory seems too as untrustworthy as the memory of some local politicians who "forget the law."

Eclipsing all other performances in the mendacity line, is her official account of the Battle of Jutland. Her first announcement was that her noble navy "had vanquished the great British fleet." The roll call of the noble ships, however, elicited the fact that some of her best ships were unaccounted for; but "they were chasing the fleeing British vessels." Then came gruesome reports from the sea; the Germans had paid awful toll to Beatty's valiant squadron. But, still His Imperial Majesty of Berlin sends forth to the world the tidings that "We are supreme on the sea!" Of course, he did not specify what sea—viz.—the artificial German sea known as the Kiel Canal!

We shall never get a satisfactory or frank statement of the German end of the great naval battle until the war is over—if then. They will admit no more in the way of losses than they think can be proven convincingly by our neutral observation. In any case, it is not wholly a matter of sunken ships; but we have proved incontrovertibly that our Navy is still mistress of the Seven Seas. We could lose a great many more ships of the larger type and yet be in supreme command. The German losses are the losses of a despairing minority; ours are the losses of an invincible majority. We can afford them; they cannot; and the injured German vessels will be a long time under the care of the naval hospital authorities for some months to come. The "casualty ward" will need considerably larger space in the German dockyards than formerly.

This battle, as is now pretty accurately known, was not of German seeking. Our commanders went in to fight; they knew exactly what they were doing—they took their risks—they submitted to their losses; and they are satisfied with results. Whatever the enemy's mission during the "interprise directed northward"—whether it was to break out into the Atlantic or to carry out an

other raid on defenceless towns on the British coast—it failed ignominiously. The battle cruisers which met them gave them a merciless pounding and then, when enemy re-inforcements came up, held the German battle fleet in a gallant fight until the Grand Fleet arrived. Then the Germans, having bravely engaged a weaker force, bolted for home.

Admiral Beatty might have avoided a fight; but that is not the British way. He knew that to engage the whole German fleet was to sacrifice ships and men, but he knew also the high stakes he played for and right gallantly did he do his part. He had to hold the enemy at all costs. He knew that the Grand Fleet was not far behind, and he knew what it meant if he could hold on till Sir John Jellicoe arrived. What Beatty and his men went through during these hours of inferno, no one but themselves can ever realize. Strong men, physically strong and strong of nerve, men who had looked death in the face in naval actions before, shuddered as they thought of it.

"It was like forty thunderstorms rolled into one," said one of the officers of a returned vessel. "It was as if all the ammunition in Great Britain and Germany had been let off in one half-hour," said another. "It was hell!" was the commonest description of it by the battle-scarred tars.

The battle-cruiser Queen Mary was the first to go under, great shells punched through over her thinner armor plating, her magazine exploded, and the gallant ship buckled up and sank like a stone. The Indefatigable went next. It was not war; it was murder. German shells with poisonous gases exploded, filling the ships with their fumes and doing dreadful havoc among the crews at their stations. Annihilating blasts from 12-inch guns shook the vessels like a tornado, wiping away men like flies.

The Lion and the Tiger, manoeuvring with marvellous skill and speed, kept their heads up and their faces to the enemy. Then Admiral Hood, with the Invincible, the Inflexible, and the Indomitable, arrived from another station. With them came the armored cruiser squadron, including the Warrior, the Defence, and the Black Prince—all of which were sunk. For a while the Germans fought a running-away fight. They turned heels and made the shortest possible road for home. After they went the whole might of the British fleet and they chased them home in the darkness to their lair, adding in the process to already heavy losses they had incurred in the earlier phase of the battle.

"You have not lost faith in Beatty?" one of the Tiger's men was asked.

"Lost faith in Beatty? No," he said, "and WE NEVER shall."

An officer of one of the destroyers says:

"The ships of the Grand Fleet went into action as if they were going into manoeuvres. From every yard-arm the White Ensign flew, the flag which is to the sailor as the tattered colors were in the days of old to a hard-pressed regiment. The battle cruisers fought a great fight, a fight to be proud of, a fight which will live longer than many a brilliant victory. . . . I shall never forget the thrill which passed through the men on the ships of the Grand Fleet when that inspiring message was received from the battle cruiser squadron many miles away: I AM ENGAGED WITH HEAVY FORCES OF THE ENEMY. One looked on the faces of his fellows and saw that the effect was electrical. The great ships swung in to battle order and the responsive sea rocked and churned as the massive vessels raced for what were virtually enemy waters. As the Grand Fleet drew near the scene of action the smoke of battle and mutter of guns came down on the winds. The eagerness of the men became almost unbearably intense, and it was a blessed relief when our own guns gave tongue. . . . It was curious to note the effect of the fight on the sea. Calm at the beginning, the water soon looked as if it were under the influence of a gale, so great was the turmoil caused by the leviathan ships plowing at terrific speed through the waves. . . . We fought a great fight, although it was not a sailor's battle. Both the grand and the terrible were present to an almost over-powering degree. As a spectacle it was magnificent, awful. How awful it was, impossible to realize until the fever of action had subsided, until the guns were silent and the great ships, some battered, others absolutely untouched, were plowing homeward on a placid sea."

"It is a curious feeling to be in

REVELLE

BY CALCAR

CITIZENS will remember that when Mr. Gosling first came upon the scene, as a worker for civic reform, one of the strongest planks in his new proposed platform was the "housing of the poor" plank.

It was largely on this undertaking that the citizens were induced to sign the petition for to have a commission. This popular appeal once it had served its purpose was soon relegated to the shelves of forgetfulness, where moulder many the fair promise, that Mr. Gosling, it would seem is not above making use of the subterfuge, the refuge we might say of political adventurers.

Soon as Mr. Gosling and his Commissioners got into power we expected to see some sweeping reforms in the housing problem. We hoped to see the wretched hovels, that so many of our poor call homes, swept away and replaced by modern dwellings with every sanitary convenience installed, but we have been disappointed. Nothing has been done in this direction, nothing has even been attempted, the unsightly and unwholesome dwellings remain, a blot upon the landscape and a menace to our health.

It is said that "cleanliness is next to godliness," if this is so then godliness must be a long way off from this city, and I tremble for the safety of Sodom.

Nor are the people to blame for this, the blame is entirely that of those who have conducted the city's affairs. The condition of the city should be an eye-opener to the people, and should arouse in them a strong and determined resolution to trust no small body of men with the city's administration unless they are there to carry out the wishes of the people. But then the people must formulate their wishes and they must, in order to do this band themselves together into a league—The Civic Improvement League.

This housing problem is of course a very difficult one, but it is not insurmountable. Intelligence and determination can remove mountains of difficulties, and why not this. It would seem that Mr. Gosling either found the problem too big for him, or else his zeal for the welfare of the poor was all simulated and his tears over their miseries were of the crocodile variety. But then may be he can furnish some excuse for his neglect of the matter. Excuses come handy to the politician as a rule. While he is on this subject perhaps it were as well if he explain his water system expenses to the satisfaction of the poor who yet dwell in those unwholesome houses. The story of that famous tarvia pavement experiment would also be worth hearing, as it would be very interesting to know why Mr. Gosling thought it necessary to put a costly pavement down for the horses while the side walks (save the mark) are unsafe in many places, and always uncomfortable to the feet of those who must traverse them.

This true the Commissioners have effected some improvements for these we are grateful and the Commissioners deserve some credit. We find fault with them for not tackling the major proposition first and getting that through before either the new water system or those other improvements were thought of. It may seem to Mr. Gosling and his Commissioners that an improvement in the water system, which means nothing to the dwellers in unwholesome houses should receive first consideration, but we beg to differ with him. The most pressing need today is that of effecting improvements in the dwellings, and it may be that reforms in the housing problem might simplify the question of improving the water system at the same time.

The chances are that any sweeping, radical change in the housing situation, and only radical changes will do, will further render it necessary to consider the water supply. Water supply must follow the building, and not build-

the midst of a battle and not to know to which side fortune leads. Where only a few ships are engaged it is different. Our own losses were known with some degree of exactness, but even this was uncertain. Thus, at one time it was thought that the Lion had been lost, as she did not answer any call. It transpired that her wireless had been destroyed.

THE SIXTH SOUL

PROBABLY the finest poem the war has yet produced is Mr. W. N. Ewer's "Five Souls." It cannot be printed too often.

FIVE SOULS
 First Soul

I was a peasant of the Polish plain;
 I left my plough because the message ran—
 Russia, in danger, needed every man
 To save her from the Teuton; and was slain.

I gave my life for freedom—This I know:
 For those who bade me fight had told me so.

Second Soul

I was a Tyrolean, a mountaineer;
 I gladly left my mountain home to fight
 Against the brutal, treacherous Muscovite;
 And died in Poland on a Cossack spear.

I gave my life for freedom—This I know:
 For those who bade me fight had told me so.

Third Soul

I worked in Lyons at my weaver's loom.
 When suddenly the Prussian despot hurled
 His felon blow at France and at the world;
 Then I went forth to Belgium and my doom.

I gave my life for freedom—This I know:
 For those who bade me fight had told me so.

Fourth Soul

I owned a vineyard by the wooded Main,
 Until the Fatherland, begirt by foes
 Lusting her downfall, called me, and I rose
 Swift to the call—and died in fair Lorraine.

I gave my life for freedom—This I know:
 For those who bade me fight had told me so.

Fifth Soul

I worked in a great shipyard by the Clyde,
 There came a sudden word of wars declared,
 Of Belgium, peaceful, helpless, unprepared,
 Asking our aid; I joined the ranks, and died.

I gave my life for freedom—This I know:
 For those who bade me fight had told me so.

Recently a schoolmaster gave copies of the poem to the children in his class. A girl of fourteen years brought her copy back with this verse added:

I was a soldier of the Prince of Peace,
 "Thou shalt not kill" is writ among his laws.
 So I refused to fight, and for this cause
 Myself was slain. 'Twas thus I gained release.

I gave my life for freedom—This I know:
 For He for whom I fought has told me so.

KYLE'S PASSENGERS.

The S.S. Kyle arrived at Port aux Basques at 8 a.m. yesterday with the following passengers: R. J. Webber, C. P. Saunders, Dr. R. A. and Mrs. Brehm, W. P. Hamilton, D. Hamilton, E. Milderbergs, Mrs. T. McLoughlan, Rev. Dr. Cowperthwaite, E. A. Lough, Mrs. E. Stott, D. C. Deardon, G. W. Grant, S. T. Billings, Miss Rendell, J. S. Hanson, J. P. Chetwynd, P. Carter, M. Baird, R. A. and Mrs. Harris, Miss K. C. McLean, Miss M. McLean.

ing follow the water; this being so it is quite plain that the Commissioners have put the cart before the horse, and laid up difficulties for future Councillors to solve.

This would show that, well meaning as the Commissioners undoubtedly were, they had not a clear conception of what they were about. They took the line of least resistance, a line demanding the least effort, and shunting the difficulties took it easy. It was quite easy to call in an engineer and get him to lay out a plan for a new water service, not much mental effort required for that.

The Commissioners were engaged in the mental exercise of formulating a charter for the city, which by the way is unfinished, after a two years session, and this of course kept them so busy, they had no time for other questions. It may be that we misunderstood the difficulties, but it seems that the work was very slow.

GLEANINGS OF GONE BY DAYS

June 15

MAGNA CHARTER signed, 1215.

Native Society instituted in St. John's, 1840.

Michael Thorburn born in Scotland, 1846.

Stephen March, M.H.A., and men of H.M.S. Styx, measured the Narrows, with a view to erecting a gigantic arch to welcome the Prince of Wales, 1860.

Shops on Water Street first closed at 6 p.m., 1863.

R. N. Vail left St. John's to reside in New York. Mr. Vail arrived here in the early fifties, and started a small bakery for soft bread; making a little money, he soon embarked in the hard bread business, which, at that time, was supplied from Hamburg.

By turning out a good article, he soon captured the market, and in five or six years made a fortune. 1867.

George Hogsett, criminal lawyer and well-known politician, died, 1869.

Governor McCallum's first public ball, 1899.

Emperor Frederick of Germany died, 1888.

House of Assembly closed; Philip F. Little, George H. Emerson, and Robt. J. Parsons, appointed delegates to Colonial office in the matter of Responsible Govern-

ment, 1853.

Masonic bazaar opened by Governor DeVoex, 1836.

Howley's Geography first sold; price 40 cents, 1876.

Dunscombe's premises, Water Street, burnt; loss, \$40,000; 1876. not an ingrained idea with you.

A Foolish Girl.

She—If mamma consents to our engagement, we needn't bother what papa says.

He—I do hope the non-importance of the male member of the family is Street, burnt; loss, \$40,000; 1876. not an ingrained idea with you.

Fishermen, Notice!

We want to purchase at our stores **3,000 BRLS. CODROES.**

The following instructions must be closely followed by all packing Codroes to sell at our stores:

"First put the roes in a tight package in strong pickle for 3 or 4 days, then put them on a clean floor and leave them drain, afterwards salt them dry in bulk and leave them till you are prepared to pack them in flour or pork barrels, then pack these in flour or pork barrels and put a good iron hoop on each chime and securely nail the heads, putting 250 pounds of roes in each barrel and place your name on each barrel either in writing on the barrel or on a ticket."

We won't buy roes after August 1st. Take notice and have your roes all shipped before that date.

F. UNION TRADING CO., Ltd

BUY A "BEACON"

And Be Guided Aright.

You can buy one at **BLAIR'S.**

"BEACON" stands for quality at the lowest price.



BLAIR'S stand for service.

We sell you first a good Electric Light and second a light in Standard Sizes, so that you will have no trouble any time in fitting fresh batteries, wherever you may be.

But you can always get the Good Long Lived Beacon Batteries from us at as low prices as cheaper makers.

And we can always give you Spare Bulbs in the reliable Tungsten makes, for your lamp, at 25c. each.

Also we keep the biggest stock of Electric Flashlights and Fittings in St. John's. Below are our prices for some standard lights:—

Vest Pocket Nickel Lamps, complete, @ 95c. each. Spare Batteries, 35c. each.

Small Nickel Pocket Lamps, complete, @ \$1.10 each. Spare Batteries, 40c. each.

Beautifully finished Nickel Cigarette Holder Shaped Lamps @ \$1.40 and \$1.50 each. Spare Batteries, 40c. each.

Special Value in a Pocket Lamp @ 75c. each only. Spare Batteries, 30c. each.

This is a fair sized lamp covered with Imitation Leather, and is a Bargain, and while cheap is quite a reliable light.

Special Lamp to take any No. 6 Cell. Price, without Battery, \$1.50 each.

This lamp will stand or can be hung, or carried as a lantern and is the best lamp for a No. 6 Cell obtainable, and with a good make of Cell will give surprisingly long and economical service.

HENRY BLAIR.

Reid-Newfoundland Co.

SUNDAY EXCURSIONS.

BOWRING PARK. First Train leaves West End Promenade at 2.15 p.m. and every hour during the evening.

KELLIGREWS. Train leaves St. John's Station at 2.30 p.m., and leaves Kelligrews returning at 8.07 p.m.

TORS COVE. Train leaves St. John's Station at 2.00 p.m., and leaves Tors Cove returning at 7.30 p.m.

(This Train will not stop at Waterford Bridge leaving St. John's.)

Reid Newfoundland Co.

Small Profits

That help Our Patrons to Help Themselves.
THEY KNOW
by experience gained at our store.

THREE BIG BARGAINS IN LADIES' BLOUSES

Consisting of
White and Khaki Colored Lawns, Fawn Crepes,
Stripe Delaines, Canary Color Muslins,
Navy and Black Sateens, etc.
60, 75, and 90c. each.

LADIES AM. NECKWEAR,
17 to 50c. Brassieres,
The very latest creations. **25c. to 75c. each.**

THE MONEY-SAVING STORE.



WHY OUR STORE
Fully Satisfies
the people who visit it, is because it affords many
opportunities of securing absolute necessities
at unprecedentedly low prices.

SPECIAL VALUES IN LADIES' ONE-PIECE DRESSES

In White Pique, White and Fancy Colored
Muslins and Delaines.

\$1.65 to \$4.40.

CHILDREN'S
Lightweight Flannelette
UNDERSKIRTS
37c. each.

CHILDREN'S
White Muslin
NIGHT DRESSES
40c. each.

Lace Curtain Bargains

In White, Ecru and Lemon Shades.

Sale Price **\$1.80 to \$5.00** per pair.

RATTAN CLOTH

In Light and Dark Fawn
and Brown Colors,
At 20c. a yard.

Ladies' White Embroidered Underskirts, From 55c. to \$1.30.

LADIES' WHITE MERCERIZED UNDERSKIRTS
With Fancy Figured Tucked Flouncings, \$1.50 each.
WHITE WASHING CREPE UNDERSKIRTS,
With Tucked Flouncings, 90c. each.

FISHERMEN'S UNION TRADING COMPANY, LIMITED.

Deeds That Thrill the Empire

Official Records of Glorious Deeds of
Individual Bravery on the
Battlefield.

All the war stories ever written by novelists of great imagination and renown seem very feeble stuff when compared with those in the London Gazette.

In dry official language the Gazette contains records of such glorious deeds of individual bravery and devotion that if a writer of fiction had dared to use some of the episodes for his novel he would have been derided for making his heroes perform impossible feats.

Man Who Caught a Colonel.
Supposing a writer had written a story in which he made the hero, a British Tommy, penetrate the German trenches and unarmed capture a German colonel, a captain, and five privates, and bring them back as prisoners to the British lines!

And yet this has actually happened in real life! A British Tommy has done it. This is what the Gazette says about him:—

106289 Corporal F. G. Cousins, 187 Co., R.E. D.C.M. for conspicuous gallantry. Immediately after an attack Corporal Cousins followed the assaulting infantry into the enemy lines. Hearing some of the enemy talking, he entered a deep dug-out and, although quite unarmed, took prisoners and brought back to our line one German colonel, one captain, and five privates.

And the corporal was not the only soldier who so distinguished himself. Private J. Carrick, 14 Battalion Royal Lancaster Regiment (T.F.), is to receive a D.C.M.—

For conspicuous gallantry. While on listening post duty with another man he observed an enemy patrol in front of our wire and challenged and halted them when some yards distant. He compelled the officer to call up the remainder of his patrol, disarmed them, and brought

them into our lines. He exhibited great coolness and presence of mind at a moment of emergency.

The Three Who Were Many.
Here is a case in which three men bluffed the enemy into thinking they were a regiment:—

8078, Acting-Corporal J. Ellingham, 5th Battalion Rifle Brigade, D.C.M. for conspicuous bravery. When everyone in his trench on a front of some hundred yards had been killed or wounded except himself and an officer and two other men, and the enemy were within 200 yards in force, Corporal Ellingham and his companions, by moving up and down the trench and firing rapidly, bluffed the enemy into believing the trench was strongly occupied, and they held it until retirement that night. By their bravery and intrepidity they saved a break in the line, which would have prevented the safety of the subsequent withdrawal.

At least two men have been awarded D.C.M.'s for, among other feats, keeping cheerful. One is the case of:—

14045 Sergeant A. F. Gowers, 2d Battalion Royal Fusiliers, for conspicuous gallantry. When in charge of a platoon he showed great ability in taking command of men without leaders, keeping them in good spirits, and making fire positions in the trench. On another occasion he supported bombers with his platoon, hanging on to the last, and never losing heart.

Another case is that of Private W. Coleman, 6th Battalion Rifle Brigade. This is what the Gazette says of him:—

His courage and cheerfulness was invaluable in inspiring all ranks of his company. On one occasion when his company had had many casualties under terrific bombardment he set a fine example in going

up and down continually assisting and cheering the wounded.

One Man Captured 15.
Here, too, is another example of remarkable heroism, which requires some effort to believe if it were not vouched for by the Government.

The hero is Corporal H. W. Oakhill, A Battery, 71st Brigade, R.F.A.

On one occasion, single-handed and unarmed, he captured an enemy sniper, and learning from him that some of the enemy were in a house near he went to it and ordered them to surrender. Fifteen at once gave themselves up, and later, with the assistance of some infantry, he captured 25 more men in the cellar of the same house.

For gallantry of the good old-fashioned sort the adventure of Private G. Ingle, of the 4th Hussars, will appeal to the popular mind. This is how his heroism is described:—

During the attack, when advancing with his troops, he was badly wounded in the head from shell fire. Seeing his troop leader, Lieutenant Radcliffe, severely wounded and unable to move, he, with the assistance of a non-commissioned officer, procured a wheelbarrow from a farm, and in turn they wheeled the officer back to Brigade Headquarters under a heavy shell fire the whole time. On reaching there Private Ingle collapsed from loss of blood.

ECONOMY.
A Gas Cooker saves time and temper. Where Gas Fires and Cookers are installed, it has been found that one servant can do the work of two as compared with a house where coal is used.

With a Gas Cooker the heat is utilised and directed just where and when it is wanted. There need be no waste. There is less loss of weight in food cooked by Gas than by old methods; meat Cooked in a Gas Cooker loses one ninth of its weight; in a coal range it loses one third, thus the saving in 9 lbs. of meat is 2 lbs. when Gas is used. This more than pays for the Gas used.

St. John's Gas Light Co.

Just Arrived:

**PATRIOTIC MATCH
BOX HOLDERS. . .**
The very latest
10c each.

Also a large shipment of
**PETERSON'S
PATENT
IPES**

All prices.
Always in stock a full line of
Smokers' Requisites.

S. G. Faour
378 WATER STREET.

OBITUARY

CATHERINE E. GILL.
(Editor Mail and Advocate)
Dear Sir,—Will you please allow me space in your paper to say a few words about the death of our dear friend, Catherine E. Gill who passed peacefully away on May 28th, 1916.

She was one of our Sunday School girls who will be missed by all the school children. She was only sick one week and was taken away right in her full bloom and was 18½ years old. May she rest in peace until that great day when we all shall meet again. The last words she said was: "Oft in danger, oft in woe," and we sang that hymn in her house. All the Sunday School girls walked and as we marched into her house we sang "Nearer my God to Thee." She was then carried to the church from thence to the C. of E. cemetery.

She leaves to mourn her a mother, six sisters, two brothers and three step brothers, besides a lot of friends. She had a very nice coffin given by her friends

and companions, covered with lots of wreaths.

Thou art gone, but not forgotten; Your dear face we'll see no more, Till we meet you in His presence, Over on the Golden Shore.

ONE OF HER COMRADES.
Pinchard's Isld., B.B.,
June 4th, 1916.

Also Important.
"That girl puts on a good many airs just, because she was a May queen. She ain't such a much."
"Think not?"
"No, I'm to be a June bride."

MORE FISHERY REPORTS

Yesterday there was posted at the Board of Trade Rooms the following fishery reported dated the 10th inst: From T. Fitzpatrick, (Placentia to Branch).—The total catch is 740 qtls with 290 for last week. No traps but 100 dories and skiffs and 6 boats are fishing. Prospects are good and there is a small quantity of caplin for bait. Indications of a good fishery here are much stronger than last year as caplin is likely to strike solid this week and the Cape Shore has now a better sign of codfish than for many years.

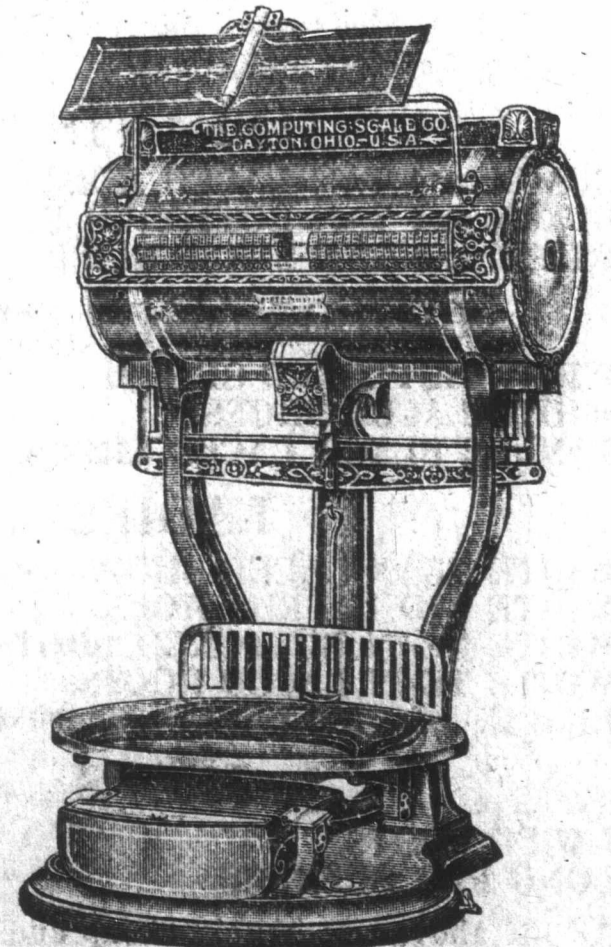
GOOD BASEBALL PROCEEDS

The proceeds of the baseball game yesterday amounted to some \$300. About \$230 of this resulted from the sale of tickets and \$70 from the refreshments sales. These latter were not up to expectations owing to the very cold weather prevailing; however, all things considered Mrs. Browning and her fair help did extremely well and are to be congratulated. Mr. T. Hartnett acted as treasurer and the proceeds go to the Soldiers and Sailors' Club.

Another Popular Experienced Business Firm Appreciates

DAYTON MONEYWEIGHT SCALES.

THE ROYAL STORES have ordered Two "DAYTON MONEYWEIGHT SCALES" for their Grocery Department. When these Scales arrive THE ROYAL STORES will have the most up to date Grocery Department in Newfoundland. This is another evidence that the management of THE ROYAL STORES is determined to protect its Customers and assist its Employees by using the best appliances for securing absolute accuracy in Weights and Measures.



"DAYTON MONEYWEIGHT SCALES" together, with "Dayton Meat Slicers" and "Cheese Cutters," may be obtained from the

Nfld. Specialty Company,
RENOUF BUILDING,
SOLE AGENTS FOR NEWFOUNDLAND.

"VICTORY" FLOUR, Highest Grade Milled.

FRANKLIN'S AGENCIES, LTD.
J. B. URQUHART, Manager

Mr. Eli Whiteway States His Case

Denies Charges Made by Mr. Noseworthy—Challenges the Latter to Produce the Proof—Is Always Willing to do What's Possible in Such Cases

(Editor Mail and Advocate)
Dear Sir,—My attention has been directed to a letter in your paper of 10th inst., signed by Walter Noseworthy, complaining of my treatment of him when he came to me in reference to a patient that he required to have placed in the Hospital for Insane. Mr. Noseworthy, I remember, arrived at my house on Monday, May 22nd, between 4 and 5 in the morning and stated that he required a cab to take his wife from the S.S. Susu as the ship would be leaving Crosbie's premises at 6 a.m. I started immediately to procure a cab, which was most difficult to procure at such an early hour, and arrived at Crosbie's wharf before 6 o'clock. I inquired of the steward if the ship was leaving immediately and he told me such was not the case. They had no intention of removing and he gave no such information to Mr. Noseworthy. I asked Noseworthy if he thought it was the proper thing to call me out of bed at such an early hour without reason. I also informed him that it was somebody's duty to inform me before hand if patients are being sent along so that they may receive proper treatment. I did not abuse him but tried to inform him that some consideration was due me as the official responsible for the care of patients.

I have always endeavoured to be kind and courteous to those afflicted and I am surprised that such warranted statements are permitted space in your columns. I am paid by the Government to look after sick patients and this is the first time I have been maligned by anyone in such a manner. I will now inform Mr. Noseworthy to name the officers of the "Susu" that said I ought to be arrested, as he says he has permission to use their names. I believe this is merely bluff on his part and further that if he had proper consideration for his wife and for her affliction he would not be so ready to have her removed from "Susu" particularly as she was very well placed on board until a reasonable hour arrived to have her comfortably placed in the asylum.

Yours faithfully,
E. WHITEWAY.
St. John's, June 13, 1916.

AN ENJOYABLE DANCE.

The dance held in the O'Donnell Wing, St. Patrick's Hall, last night, was a most successful and very enjoyable event. It was attended by about 70 couples and a splendid programme of dance music was furnished by the Myron-O'Grady orchestra. Supper was served at midnight under the supervision of Mrs. T. Ring and Miss L. Higgins, the catering and menu being excellent. All who attended spent a very pleasant time.

A SERIOUS MATTER

We will direct the attention of the Civic Commission to the condition of affairs in Bowring's Cove. A fish market is kept there and quite near is another erection, the result being that the foreshore there is filled with filth and decaying matter. It often happens that in transferring fish from the boats to the market the cod in individual cases accidentally fall into the water, and then, sold on the market. Of course the danger in such cases is quite obvious and we have no doubt it only needs that the attention of the proper authorities be drawn to this matter to have the right remedy applied.

FUNERAL OF LATE DEAN ROACH

The funeral of the late Very Rev. Dean Roach will take place at Witless Bay to-morrow, after the celebration of a High Mass of Requiem. It will be attended by most of the Catholic clergy of the City and the Southern Shore as well as priests from other parts. The Reid Nfld. Co. will run a special train to Witless Bay to-morrow for the benefit of those who wish to be present at the obsequies.

RECEIVED 10 PER CENT INCREASE

Monday the employees of the Reid Nfld. Co.'s machine shops were given an increase of 10 per cent on their wages. The increase was given without their solicitation and this fact enhances the satisfaction they feel over the matter.

OUR THEATRES

THE NICKEL

The holiday attendances at the Nickel yesterday were large. The programme was a varied and interesting one. The attractive serial, "The Romance of Elaine," was continued and was as popular as ever. All Nickel patrons are following this great serial and pronounced it one of the best ever given. "The Girl and the Reporter," which is a powerful two act melo-drama, was staged by the Selig Co. in a very clever manner. The comedies were exceptionally good and kept the audience in roars of laughter. The programme will be repeated this evening. Those who could not attend yesterday should go to-day.

THE CRESCENT

Professor McCarthy plays a new and classy musical program at the Crescent Picture Palace to-day. Five reels of pictures, all features, make up the picture programme. A Selig two reel feature, "The Face in the Mirror," a Biograph melo-drama, "His Last Wish," an Essanay Western drama, "Broncho Billy, Sheepman," and an Edison comedy, "Cartoons in a Seminary." Don't miss this mid-week show, it's a fine one.

Irishmen Win Out In Opening Game

Baseball Season Opened Yesterday Evening Before Large Gathering of Spectators—B.I.S. Only Play 8 Innings—Volunteers Gain Plaudits of Large Gathering of Citizens

The baseball season opened yesterday afternoon at St. George's Field. Despite the extreme coldness of the day there was a goodly gathering of citizens present, including His Excellency the Governor who was accompanied by Capt. Goodridge, A.D.C. and Captain Patterson. His Excellency was received on arrival by Vice-President Hawvermale of the Baseball League, and 2nd Vice-President Higgins and Joseph Murphy, the same trio of gentlemen also meeting Mr. Gosling, chairman of the Civic Commission, who was accompanied by Mrs. Gosling. The full battalion of the Volunteer Force was present in command of Major Montgomerie and a fine smart body of soldiers they looked. They at first marched past in column of route and executed the manoeuvre in a martial manner and drew the hearty plaudits of the assemblage.

Mr. Jos. Murphy then called Mr. Gosling to throw over the first ball and on his appearance he was the recipient of loud and continued cheering. He then threw the ball in true sportsmanlike style and the contesting teams, the Cubs and Irish, settled down to the principal work of the afternoon. The Irish, who throughout played a fine game, were the winners by 12 runs to 4, only played 8 innings, but their opponents disputed every point of the game and the men in green and gold found the Cubs to be competitors "worthy of their steel." It was a fine exhibition of baseball. The batteries of both teams worked very well and W. J. Carew for the B. I. S. made a name for himself as a pitcher. Hall for the Cubs was also in fine trim. There was also some very handsome work done by Campbell, a pitcher for the Irish, and St. John and Tessier for the Cubs, the latter making the only three-base hit of the match. Winter for the Cubs and Callahan and Power for their opponents scored two baggers.

The C.C.C. Band under Lieut. Bulley discoursed a beautiful programme of music. Messrs. Chesman and Montgomerie were the umpires and Messrs Outerbridge and Hiltz, scorers. The scores were:
CUBS.....12 0 0 0 1 0 0 0—4
B.I.S.....2 0 0 1 0 0 0 9 X—12

The players were:
CUBS..... B.I.S.
Hall..... Carew
Clouston..... pitcher..... McHenry
St. John..... catcher..... Ring
Duggan..... 1st base..... Campbell
Winter..... 2nd base..... Power
Lehr..... 3rd base..... Callahan
Tessier..... short stop..... Pitcher
Pierce..... long field..... Grace
Finn..... center field..... Doyle
..... right field.....

The second game will be played on Wednesday next by the Red Lion and Wanderers.

ENLISTED IN MONTREAL.

Mr. C. T. Blackler who was formerly with the Commercial Cable Co. here, but who has been the past four years working with the Western Union Co. at Sydney, arrived here by the "Lady Sybil" on a holiday. He, before coming here, had been to Montreal to see his brother Alan, formerly of the Board of Health office here. Alan recently enlisted in a regiment in Montreal. He was turned down five times by the doctors but like the loyal lad he is, would not be denied and at last succeeded.

CRUDE OIL FOR DUST

The employees of Mr. G. M. Barr after thoroughly sweeping Rogerson's Cove yesterday gave it a thorough coating of crude oil which effectively keeps down the dust there. This public spirited act of the firm should be emulated by others in similar places East and West of Barr's where the dust nuisance is intolerable.

The S.S. Sable Island with 3000 bbls. flour left Sydney for here last night and is due here to-morrow.

SHOULD BE LOOKED TO.

Men who work on the Furness Withy premises say that there is an erection there which is set aside for their use and which at present is a disgrace. It is open to the gaze of all passing along Water Street, is an offence against morality and they ask that the Civic Commission for the sake of ordinary decency should see that it be improved. These men also say that when at work on ships a boy brings around water to them and all are compelled to quench their thirst from the same drinking vessel. This is a highly dangerous proceeding, a constant menace to the health of the laborers and we ask the Civic Commission to give these matters the attention their importance deserves.

FISH AT FRESHWATER

For several days past there has been a fine sign of codfish at Freshwater and neighborhood. One man had 25 qts in his trap Monday and others did equally well. It traps had been out at Carbonear Island Monday they would have been filled with fish, as from Carbonear Beach the fish could be seen "beaching" outside and following the caplin landwards.

ERNEST CHAFE ENLISTED

Ernest Chafe, one of the members of the Steffanson party who arrived here last week and to whose experiences *The Mail and Advocate* referred, enlisted yesterday in the Volunteer Force. He will go up this evening for physical examination.

W.P.A.

2nd Aid of Our Sick and Wounded, and of Our Soldiers and Sailors at the Front.

Subscriptions may be sent to Lady Davidson, Mrs. Emerson, Treasurer, or any of the following ladies of the Finance Committee—Mrs. J. Ayre, Mrs. Byrne, Miss Browning, Mrs. Duley, Mrs. Edens, Mrs. Macpherson. Amount acknowledged \$32,108.01

Proceeds of Sale of Tags, at Flat Rock, per Miss K. Maher 3.35

Proceeds of Concert given by the R. C. Children of Loo Point, Bay de Verde, per Rev. J. V. Donnelly 21.00

Alfred Young, of Lewisporte, Mrs. Alfred Young 5.00

Miss Mabel C. Young 10.00

Proceeds of Concert held at Indian Islands, per A. Miller, C. of E. Teacher, of that place 15.00

Proceeds of Tea and Concert, held by the young people of Newman's Cove, on Empire Night, for Red Cross Work 18.10

Also donated at the same place: Wm. Eushell, 50c. William Noble 40c., Donald Elliott, per Mrs. A. J. Sharpe, 50c. 1.40

From Gooseberry Island, per Mrs. Samuel Warren 50

From Stone's Cove, per G. E. Greenland, for Red Cross Work 5.00

Half proceeds Entertainment and Basket Tea, held at Wellman's Cove, Notre Dame Bay, per Rev. C. M. Curtis, (Red Cross Work) 27.45

\$32,214.82

KATHLEEN EMERSON, Hon. Treasurer.

St. John's, June 14.

REID'S STEAMER REPORT

Argyle left Marytown 5.50 p.m. yesterday going West.
Clyde left Moreton's Harbour 7.10 p.m. yesterday inward.
Dundee left Greenspond 7 p.m. yesterday, outward.
Ethie due at Flower's Cove from North.
Glencoe arrived at Pusthrough 7.50 p.m. yesterday coming East.
Home left Lewisporte 3 a.m. to-day.
Kyle arrived at Port aux Basques 8 a.m. to-day.
Petrel left Winterton 2.40 p.m. yesterday, outward.
Meigle leaving Port aux Basques this a.m.
Sagona left St. John's 6 p.m. yesterday.

BIG FLOUR CARGO COMING.

The S.S. "Charles Beatty" on the way here direct from Montreal port into Sydney a couple of days ago after receiving some damage in stormy weather. She will leave in a day or so and is bringing 15,000 barrels of flour.

Last Night's Concert At Casino Theatre

Splendid Programme Fully Appreciated by Large Audience—Each Item Was Rendered in Such a Manner as to Evoke Encores—Splendid Address by Lieut. Lumsden

The temperature at the Casino theatre last night was below the point where comfort begins, and detracted largely from the enjoyment of what undoubtedly was a very fine concert, given under the direction of Mr. F. J. King. His Excellency the Governor, under whose patronage it was held, was present and occupied a box. The audience, while large, did not fill the Hall as reasonably as might have been expected, considering that half the proceeds were for the Blindfold Soldiers' Fund. The programme was full of variety, and the many selections were admirably rendered and thoroughly enjoyed and appreciated. The orchestra, under the direction of Mr. C. Hutton, contributed three numbers that were excellent, combination of instruments being strong and effective. The Comrades' Glee Club also contributed three items, "Soldier's Chorus," from "Faust," "Dear Little Shamrock" and "Comrades' Song of Hope." A male choir is ever worth listening to, and in getting together this aggregation of singers and bringing them before the public, Mr. King has added an attractive feature to concert programmes. Their contributions last night were splendid, particularly the "Comrades' Song of Hope." Miss Johnson's violin solo is always charming, and it was so last night. A stirring solo, "Sound the Alarm," was admirably given by Rev. W. H. Thomas. "Land of Hope and Glory," delightfully sung by Miss Herder, called forth an equally pleasing encore. Miss Mare's rendition of "What shall I say," was also delightful. Mr. Rugges' "Nirvana," rendered in excellent voice, and Mr. Williams' rendition of the "Roumanian Tent Song," worthily evoked encores. The latter, while yet little more than a stranger, is singing his way into the hearts of concert-goers. His tenor voice is rich and musical. Mrs. King's selection was "Allah, be with us," and her beautiful voice did it full justice, the audience demanding an encore. The other instrumental number was a horn solo by Mr. A. Bulley, which merited the applause it evoked. Almost the closing number was a recitation, "The Cremation of Sam McGee," one of Robert W. Service's well-known poems, by Mr. T. H. O'Neil, whose elocutionary powers are too well known to call for comment. His encore "Devil May Care" which came as an after of course, was likewise well given. During the first part of the programme a brief address was given by Lieut. S. Lumsden, who told the story of the "Princess Pals," and also about the conditions of warfare in France. He was one of three Newfoundlanders, all wounded but happily recovered, who were with that famous regiment, which has now practically ceased to exist. Going forth over 200 strong, only a hundred are left to tell the tale of those terrible days before Ypres.

SOME FISHERY NEWS.

Telegrams to the Fisheries Department to-day say that Laminale reports a good sign of cod for traps and hooks. Caplin are plentiful. King's Cove reports half to one quintal for skills on caplin. Lawn, one trap last evening, 25 qts. From five to ten qts in traps this morning. Scarce for trawls; caplin plentiful.

LOCAL ITEMS

The S.S. Portia left St. Jacques at 9.05 to-day, coming this way.
The schr. Watanga should sail to-day for Barbados, fish laden by James Baird, Ltd.
The S.S. Seaton arrived at Botwood a couple of days ago from England in ballast and takes over pit props.
The F.P.U. schr. Paragon sailed to-day for Oporto with 2,746 qts. cod, shipped by A. H. Murray.

Wanted Two Large Schooners to Freight Salt North. Apply to P. H. COWAN, 276 Water Street, —jnc15,3i

A girl aged 10 years, ill of diphtheria, was sent to hospital from Gower St. this morning.

The S.S. Durlay Chine will finish loading freight at Sydney to-morrow and will sail in the afternoon for St. John's. She is expected here Sunday.

The S.S. Pro Patria arrived here this morning from St. Pierre after a run of 36 hours. She leaves direct for St. Pierre to-morrow night.

Yesterday forenoon the volunteers were put through Swedish and section drills on the Parade ground and in the afternoon, after being reviewed at St. George's Field were dismissed.

Yesterday only about 100 went to Kelligrews by the excursion train and about 500 to Bowring Park. The extreme coldness of the weather kept many from the country.

The heavy sea running outside the past couple of days prevents the local fishermen from getting out to the grounds, and as a result fresh cod is scarce in them markets. A change in the present weather would be a god-send to the fishermen.

Don't forget, the Members of the Star of the Sea Society are holding a Grand Dance in the Theatre Flat of their Hall on July 4th, Eve General Holiday. Music by Prof. Power's Orchestra Double Tickets, 70c.; Ladies' Tickets, 30c. Tickets can be had from the Committee and the following stores:—Peter O'Mara, Druggist Water St.; A. S. Wadden, Water and New Gower Sts.; R. J. Byrne, Fruit Store, Water St.; James Walsh, Hairdresser, New Gower St., and R. C. Harris, Hairdresser New Gower St.—li

DEATHS.

TAYLOR—On Wednesday, June 14, Stephen James, son of Stewart and Jessie Taylor, aged 14 months.

SPECIAL TRAIN FOR WITLESS BAY

On to-morrow, Friday morning, a special train will run to Witless Bay to enable friends of the late Very Rev. Dean Roche to attend his funeral. The train will leave St. John's at 8.15 a.m. arriving at Witless Bay at 9.30. Returning it will leave Witless Bay at noon, arriving here at 1.30 p.m. Passenger Agent Johnstone in effecting this arrangement will enable many to pay the last tribute of respect to a pastor beloved, who might otherwise be debarred. Single fare will be charged for the round trip.

REID'S CHARTER

S. S. LADY SYBILL
The Reid Nfld. Co. has chartered the S.S. Lady Sybil and she will be employed running from Sydney to Port aux Basques all summer, replacing the Meigle. The Meigle will come here to take up the Labrador route as the second steamer for the season of 1916. She will sail on her first trip North on Monday night next and will prove an excellent boat for this important service.

TO-MORROW THE QUARTERLY MEETING OF THE CATHEDRAL AND ST. MICHAEL'S SUNDAY SCHOOL TEACHERS WILL BE HELD IN THE CATHEDRAL VESTRY IMMEDIATELY AFTER EVENSONG.

"ELISHA BUTTON, J.P."

To-morrow the quarterly meeting of the Cathedral and St. Michael's Sunday School teachers will be held in the Cathedral vestry immediately after evensong.

CHRISTIAN'S BORAX SOAP Best to be Had. SAVE THE WRAPPERS. \$10.00 in Gold will be given the person saving the most for 1916.

M. A. DUFFY, AGENT.

V. C. and British Colonel Dark, Mixed IS GREAT.

TRY IT At the Royal Cigar Store, Bank Square, Water Street.

FOR SALE—Schooner "STAR," 23 Tons. For terms apply to BENJAMIN DAY, Schr. "Lady Glover," South Side (Prowse's premises).—fi

WOULD the person who picked up a 6 H.P. Frazer Engine in 1914, with part of White Boat attached, communicate with MAURICE HOULIHAN, Flat Rock, St. John's East. jnc12,15,17, 3i

WANTED—A Man with some experience in Farming to work on a farm. Permanent position; House rent free; married man preferred. For particulars apply to THOMAS FRENCH, Jubilee Farm, via Tizzard's Hr., N.D.B.—jnc12,3i

WANTED—An Experienced First Grade Teacher for Hickman's Harbour Methodist School. Salary, \$180.00. Knowledge of Music required. Apply to A. S. ADAMS, Britannia, T.B.—dy,jnc7,4i, wjnc10,3i

WANTED—A Boy, with some education, one willing to make himself generally useful in office. Apply BRITISH CLOTHING CO., Duckworth St.—jnc13,5i

Boots and Shoes

We have made a special effort to secure the very best and most up to date Boots and Shoes.

INFANTS' BLACK and TAN LACED BOOTS. BLACK and TAN BUTTONED BOOTS. WHITE and TAN STRAP SLIPPERS.

CHILD'S AND MISSES' WHITE BUTTONED SHOES. WHITE LACED SHOES. TAN and BLACK LACED SHOES.

LADIES' WHITE TEAN LACED SHOES. WHITE KID LACED SHOES. WHITE TEAN BUTTONED BOOTS. WHITE TEAN LACED BOOTS. BLACK and TAN LACED and BUTTONED BOOTS.

MEN'S LACED BOOTS. LONG RED RUBBERS. All the above was bought cheap and we intend to give our customers the benefit.

Nicholle, Inkpen & Chafe Limited.

315 WATER STREET 315 Agents for Ungars Laundry & Dye Works.