

The Standard,
IS PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY, BY
A. W. Smith.
At his Office, Market Square, Saint Andrews, N. B.
TERMS.
12s 6d per annum—if paid in advance.
15s, if not paid until the end of the year.
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First insertion of 12 lines and under 4s.
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The Standard.

OR RAILWAY AND COMMERCIAL RECORD.

Evans sumendum est optimum. -Cic.

No 45] SAINT ANDREWS, N. B., WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1855. [Vol. 22

LAW RESPECTING NEWSPAPERS.

Subscribers who do not give express notice to the contrary, are considered as wishing to continue their subscriptions. If subscribers order the discontinuance of their papers, the publisher may continue to send them till all arrears are paid. If subscribers neglect or refuse to take their papers from the office to which they are directed, they are held responsible till they have settled their Bill, and ordered their papers to be discontinued. If subscribers remove to other places without informing the publisher, and the paper is sent to the former direction, they are held responsible.

European Intelligence.

The Ariel, belonging to the new Vanderbilt line of steamships, arrived at New York, with one day's later intelligence than that received by the Africa.

Consuls had improved a shade in London. Austrian finances are reported as in a most precarious condition.

The Paris correspondent of the London Times, writing on October 12, at 6 o'clock in the evening, sends the following by express to London:—

News of the doing of the expedition which arrived before Odessa on the 8th is anxiously expected. 10,000 French soldiers are on board the squadron, and the general belief is that Kinburn and Ochakoff are to be the point attacked.

A report of a popular outbreak in Sicily was prevalent.

Rome was dreadfully afflicted with cholera. At Madrid also, there were about 60 cases a day, and the civil governor of the capital had died from it.

Russian agents were busily at work in Italy and Switzerland.

Nothing later from the Crimea.

The English gun-boats had left the Baltic, and were under convoy home.

It is said that the Danish Sound Dues question will certainly be settled in an amicable manner.

The attempt to lay the submarine telegraph between the coast of Italy and Algiers had proved a failure, the cable having ruptured in paying out.

A terrific boiler explosion had occurred at the Walker Iron Works, at Newcastle upon Tyne, England, which killed five men and two boys, and inflicted injury on several others.

Shocking Occurrence.

TWO ATTENDANTS IN THE INSANE ASYLUM KILLED BY A LUNATIC.

The Homicide Related.

Yesterday morning the grounds of the Provincial Lunatic Asylum were the scene of a dreadful tragedy, in which two old and valued attendants met their death under the following circumstances:—

Between ten and eleven o'clock, while John E. Clark, an insane man, was chopping wood a short distance outside the gate of the Institution, but within its grounds, two of the attendants, named respectively, Mills and Carroll, standing close by, Clark attacked them with the axe he had in his hand, and before assistance could be rendered, killed them both. The only person cognizant of the attack at the time was a woman who was attending to some culinary operations in an outbuilding close to where the men were standing. She is not aware that any provocation had been given Clark, or that he had been excited by remark or otherwise by the men whom he killed. Her attention was first attracted by the sound of a blow, and on looking towards the spot she discovered that the lunatic had felled one of the men with the axe, and was attacking the other. Armed at what was transpiring she ran into the centre hall of the Asylum, where Dr. Waddell, the medical gentleman in charge, was standing, and apprised him of the circumstance. Dr. W. immediately repaired to the spot, and found Mills and Carroll quite dead, the bodies lying one across the other, and the wretched lunatic, who had posted himself with his back against the wood-pile, so as no approach could be made to him except from the front, flourishing the axe with an evident disposition to do further mischief, should an attempt be made to capture him. Soon as he saw the Doctor, he made as if to attack him, when the latter retreated inside the gate, taking care, however, that the bystanders, consisting principally of the lunatics whose condition permitted them to enjoy the liberty of the grounds, were first placed in safety. The attendants were then assembled an attempt was made to capture Clark, but he eluded all pursuit, scaled the fence and took to the woods. Subsequently he was captured at Burns' on the St. Andrews road, and placed in security in the Asylum.

Clark, who is about twenty eight years of age, has been an inmate of the institution since the 30th March, 1852, and up to the time of his being placed there had resided in Queen's County, where his friends still live. He never, until yesterday, during the whole period of residence in the Asylum, manifested tendencies of a homicidal character; but had, on the contrary, been extremely quiet and inoffensive; so much so that the largest liberty was allowed him; and he was occupied in various employments about the grounds and building. The fact that he was engaged in splitting wood at the time of the occurrence is evidence that the utmost confidence was entertained of his harmlessness, otherwise so dangerous an im-

plement as an axe would not have been entrusted to him. Not ten minutes previous to the attack on the attendants, he had been in the presence of Mrs. Waddell and her family. No reason for the exhibition of the frenzy on the part of the lunatic which led to this tragic result, can be assigned. It is probable that he was labouring under what is called "impulsive insanity"—a state of rare occurrence in lunatics of his class, and which the utmost prudence and wisdom in the attendants cannot guard against.

William Carroll, one of the men killed, had been attached to the institution for thirteen or fourteen years, and was much esteemed for his upright conduct and benevolent disposition. His knowledge of the treatment of lunatics was such, owing to his long attendance upon them, that it will be difficult to replace him. He was between 60 and 70 years of age, and has no immediate relatives we believe, living in this Province.

Barry Mills, the other victim, was aged 42 years, and leaves a family.

We saw the bodies after they had been washed and disposed of on the beds, and they presented a most painful spectacle. The axe had fractured the skulls in several places, and the fragments of bone crept beneath the pressure of the finger. Mills was also dreadfully mangled about the legs.

This is the first accident that has occurred in the institution since it was placed under Dr. Waddell's charge.—[Courier.

ENCOURAGEMENT TO RAILWAYS.

EXAMPLES FOR NEW-BRUNSWICK.

In looking over an article in a late American Magazine, we find that very many cities in the United States have encouraged the construction of Railways by the issue of bonds for large amounts. The city of Wheeling issued \$500,000 to the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, bearing the guarantee of the State; \$350,000 bearing the guarantee of Railroads, and \$250,000 guaranteed by a special tax for the payment of interest, and by an annual payment of \$8000 to the sinking fund. The population of Wheeling, the present year, 11,136.

The debt of the city of Albany is \$282,016 which is provided for by a sinking fund of \$20,000 a year. The interest on \$1,550,000 is paid by three railroad companies, whose duty it is to provide also for the payment of the principal by a sinking fund. The Western railroad had on the 1st Dec. last a sinking fund of \$327,349 to be applied to the payment of a loan of a million dollars, part of the above sum of \$1,550,000. The population of Albany is at present about 60,000.

The city of Pittsburgh owns \$1,800,000 railroad stock, at par value.

In 1850 Maine had 1227 miles of railway in operation, costing \$7,119,692, carrying 596,721 passengers, for which it received \$412,501, and 131,915 tons of freight, receiving therefor \$154,910. The total receipts of the railways of Maine for 1850 was \$566,511.

In 1854 the railways of Maine had cost \$15,000. They carried 1,066,352 passengers, and the total receipts, for 1854 were \$1,280,312.

GREAT FIRE AT NEWFOUNDLAND.

We learn that a tremendous conflagration occurred at St. John's, N. F., on the evening of last Tuesday week, which consumed a large portion of the town. It is estimated that upwards of 200 houses were destroyed. The fire broke out in the part occupied principally by the working classes, and the buildings generally were not of very great value, but the loss to the occupants has been very great, many of them losing all they possessed. It is said that the fire was caused by the carelessness of two fishermen, in a barn or out-house.—[New Brunswick.

The Newfoundland Courier of the 19th Oct., in alluding to the fire, says:—

"It is impossible to state accurately the number of families rendered homeless by this fire. Upwards of 120 brick chimneys now standing, shows that over 200 houses were burnt, in most cases one chimney serving two houses. We cannot therefore reckon under 400 families burnt out, all of the operative number of whom lost much of their furniture. We earnestly hope something will be done by the government to meet their immediate wants, until they can be otherwise provided for."

It is proposed that the Chamber of Commerce or the New York merchants should give a welcome banquet to Dr. Kane, his brave companions, and Mr. Grinnell. The proposal, will, no doubt, meet a cordial response.

It is stated that the New York Association of Liquor Dealers has paid the New York "Tribune," \$5,000 for the use of a couple of columns until the election in that State.

Correspondence.

To the Editor of the Standard.

Sir,—How can any man who is a friend of New Brunswick hold his peace in such times as these, mostly brought on by our Legislature at a time when their deliberations could have caused a very different state of things, particularly in this County. At the expiration of the late House of Assembly the Province was in the most flourishing condition it had ever experienced, out of debt, and in excellent credit; our debentures selling at from 10 to 12 per cent premium in the London market,—the arrangements made for building our Railroads, (without which the country can never progress) but what have aspiring selfish men done in the short space of nine months? They have destroyed our credit and retarded the progress of our country; the very party who publicly denounced the late House of Assembly and also the late Government as old fogies and non-progressive, have done more mischief and injury than could possibly be imagined, and all done within a few months.

Had the Assembly passed the St. Andrews and Quebec Railway Bill last winter, the Road would have still been progressing, and many who have left the Province would have remained, there would have been from £40,000 to £50,000 in money circulating through this County, whereas there is not one shilling from Railways, and at a time when it is most required. The truth is we have not the material in either branch of the Legislature for any great work; between scrambling for office and selfishness, the country must suffer.

The very parties who said—give all the ungranted lands in the Province for the erection of the St. Andrews and Quebec Railway,—now turn round and advocate another course, viz.—that the Provincial Government take back half the lands and build half the road; in that event by issuing debentures, our ordinary revenue would be absorbed and the lands squandered; but let the English people make the road with good hardy yeomanry; but should the lands revert to the Provincial Government, the timber will disappear, and the lands become waste, consequently materially affect the profits of the Railway. It is no more than just, that those lands should be kept for the benefit of the Railway, as such an enterprise in a young country certainly should receive every encouragement, and I maintain that (notwithstanding the hon. Surveyor General's lengthy articles on emigration) there is no better plan could be suggested than the building of railways through wilderness settling lands, as every tree is like money at interest, with the very best security to the settler. Wilderness lands are becoming more valuable every year; lands situated near the railway line at this time, would not bring more than five shillings per acre, but complete the road and the very growth of timber, would be worth from one pound to five pounds per acre,—yet they are almost valueless without the road. But should we get the railway, then when the timber on the line is cut away, in its place there will be fine cultivated fields, with a hardy, healthy population.

I heartily agree with you in your answer to "Monitor," who is well known. How is it that such a change has come over him? at one time "Monitor" would have given all the ungranted lands in New Brunswick, in aid to the St. Andrews and Quebec Line.—But I advise caution in this matter, depend on it if the Government should attempt to take "Monitor's" course, there will be a sudden death to your Railroad, and also an end to New Brunswick credit in England.

Nova Scotia and New Brunswick are not alike situated; the former has no wilderness lands along its line to give, therefore must issue debentures; New Brunswick has wilderness lands to build a dozen such Railroads as the St. Andrews & Quebec, without issuing debentures, thereby absorbing our revenue.

Let us keep good faith—give cheerfully what we promised, with further time if necessary, let us not cavil; every friend to the Province should set his face against the plot laid for the destruction of our Railroad. There are enemies in our own camp, look out. Yours,

Nov. 1, 1855. WATCH.

Don't work so hard, my dear boy, you have got a cold. "Constitution" is a failure! I've got a cold like a horse—I really believe I've got the constitution of the United States."

EMIGRATION.—On Thursday last, 2,035 emigrants were landed at New York. An unusually large number for this season.

A young lady, so Godey says, whose name was Patty, being addressed by a Mr. Cake, accepted him on condition that he would change his name, declaring that she would never consent to be called "patty-cake."

Incidents of the War.

REDAN MASSY.

The following is an extract from a letter of an officer of the Light Division:—"Sebastopol, Sept. 18.—By the way, I must give you the history, in a few words, of a few hours in the life of a hero, and depend upon it, of a future great man if he lives. He is in the next regiment to us, and I have the details from a wounded sergeant of ours who lay next him during the day and night of the 8th, I allude to young Durham Massy, of the 19th—I believe the youngest officer of the army. He is now known as 'Redan Massy,' for there are three of that name in the regiment. This noble boy, in the absence of his cousin, led the Grenadier Company, and was about the first man in the corps to jump into the ditch of the Redan, waving his sword, and calling on his men, who nobly stood by him, till left for nearly two hours without support, and seized by a fear of being blown up, they retired. Young Massy, borne along, endeavored to disengage from the crowd, and stood almost alone, facing round frequently to the batteries, with head erect, and with a calm, proud, disdainful eye. Hundreds of shot were aimed at him, at last when leading and climbing the ditch, he was struck and his thigh broken. Being the last, he was of course left there. Now listen to this. The wounded around were groaning, and some even loudly crying out. A voice called out, faintly at first, loudly afterwards, 'Are you Queen Victoria's soldiers?' Some voices answered, 'I am! I am!' 'Then,' said the gallant boy, 'let us not shame ourselves; let us show these Russians that we can bear pain, as well as fight like men.' There was a silence as of death, and more than once he had renewed it by similar appeals. The unquailing spirit of that beardless boy ruled all around him. As evening came on the Russians crept out of the Redan and plundered some of the wounded, at the same time showing kindness, and in some cases giving water. Men, with bayonets fixed, frequently came over the body of young Massy. One fellow took away his bayonet. Sometimes he feigned dead. At other times the pain of his wound would not permit him. A Russian officer with a drawn sword, came to him, and endeavored to disengage the sword which the young hero still grasped. Seeing that resistance was in vain he gave it up. The Russian smiled gently and compassionately on him, fascinated, probably, by his youth, and by the bold, unflinching glance which met his. When the works of the Redan were blown up, in the night by the retreating Russians, the poor boy had his right leg fearfully crushed by a falling stone. He was found in the morning by some Highlanders, and brought to his regiment almost dead from loss of blood. Great was the joy of all at seeing him, as he was about to be returned as 'killed' or 'missing.' Dangerous wounds were substituted, but he is now doing well.

THE REDAN.

As a sufficiently detailed and accurate description of the Russian works, as seen from our own trenches, has already appeared in these columns, I need say nothing as to the appearance of the Redan externally. Let even those of your readers who may not have seen the topographical sketch to which I refer, fancy a huge gray bank of earth running angularly over the summit of a broken slope, and fronted by a vast ditch some eighteen feet wide by more than half that number deep—let them pierce this with gabioned embankments at intervals of some three yards, and mentally picture these bristling with the black muzzles of 68 pounders, and their idea of the outside front of this celebrated work will be sufficiently complete. My first entry into the interior, on the morning after its abandonment, was made by a bridge of broken fascines and gabions, laid hastily over the dead bodies that had just been gathered into the ditch for burial, which has since been done by leveling over them a portion of the parapet above. The ghastly piles nearly filled the vast trench to a level with the outer surface, and the thin covering of earth which now conceals them from view, barely falls below the summit of the low bank in front. What first struck me in passing up the cut made by our sappers through the broad parapet, was the unusual solidity and strength of the last—averaging thirty or thirty five feet along its front. On such a solid mass of gabions, fascines, sandbags, and earth I need hardly say that artillery of even the heaviest calibre could have no sensible effect; 68 or 88 pound shot might enter, but they could not penetrate. Compared with this massive structure of mud and wickerwork, the thickest of our own or the French works is as paper to a deal board. Then within—besides the great superiority of their mantlets—strong copper curtains hung across the embrasures to shelter the gunners from the besieger's influence. You admire the cover-

provided for their artillery men when not actually working the guns, in little retreats proof against any but the very heaviest splinters of shell. But these again, are nothing when compared with the shot and shell proof chambers for the shelter of larger bodies of troops, which abound throughout the work. I dived into several of these half subterranean waiting rooms and found many of them fitted up with fireplaces, cooking conveniences, benches, and other suitable furniture; whilst in others of smaller dimensions and which had evidently been occupied by the officers, there were in addition bedsteads, chairs, tables, and in some even handomely glazed cupboards, containing empty wine bottles, and other traces of their occupants' regard for creature comforts.—[Corres. of London Daily News.

HOW THEY READ NEWSPAPERS.

It is a proof of the great variety of human development to notice persons reading a newspaper.

Mr. General Intelligence first glances at the telegraph, then at the editorial, and then he goes into the correspondence.

Mr. Sharper opens with stocks and markets, and ends with the advertisements for wants, hoping to find a victim.

Aunt Sukey first reads the stories—then looks to see who is married.

Mrs. Prim looks at the marriages first, and then reads the stories.

Mrs. Marvellous is curious to see the list of accidents, murders, and the like.

Uncle Ned hunts up a funny thing, and laughs with a will.

Madame Gossip turns to the local department for her thunder, and having obtained that, throws the paper aside.

Mrs. Friendly drops a tear of sympathy over the deaths, and then goes to the marriage, for, says she, one is about as bad as the other.

Mr. Politician dashes into the telegraph and from that into the editorial, ending with the speeches alluded to.

Our literary friend is eager for a nice coming position from the editor, or some kind of response. After analyzing the rhetoric, grammar and the logic of production, he turns a careless glance at the news department, and then takes to his Greek perfectly satisfied.

The pleasure seeker examines the program of public entertainments, and decides which will afford him the greatest amount of amusement.

But the worst is yet to come. If each does not find a column or less of his peculiar liking, the paper is good for nothing.

Ufford's Smoke Consuming Patent Lamp.

Is warranted to produce, without smoke and with only the poorest quality of oil or grease, at an expense of less than half a cent per hour, a light equal to least to four wax candles. Extremely simple and durable, less injurious to the eyes than any other artificial light, and will prove the truth of these statements.

Price \$1 25, 83c. 67c.

We have one of the Lamps in use, and are able to conform to the favorable testimony of the Traveller, having found it answering well to what it claimed for it. (Puritan Recorder.)

No person who has ever tried one of the Lamps would be willing to give it up for ten times its cost, if it could not be replaced. (New England Farmer.)

Boston, 117 Court street, head of Southbury.

Marble Work at Reduced Prices.

A. WENTWORTH & CO.

Now offer their stock of

Chimney Pieces and Monuments, of various qualities and patterns, being the largest and best assortment in New England.

15, 17, and 60, Haverhill Street, and 6, 8, 10, and 12, Becher Street Boston.

A. G. Lyon.

COMMISSION MERCHANT and Dealer in Produce, Butter, Cheese, Fruit, Nuts, &c. &c.

All articles consigned to him on commission will be disposed of in the quickest manner, and on the most advantageous terms. 103 Union, and 174 Blackstone Streets.

Near Haymarket Square, Boston.

Isaac Harlow.

MERCHANT TAILOR, and Dealer in Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, and Ready-Made CLOTHING.

88 WASHINGTON STREET.

Near State street. Boston.

177 Garments cut and made to order, and warranted to fit.

WILLIAM E. RAM-DELL.

Manufacturer of the AMERICAN PATENT CURTAIN FIXTURE, No 92, State Street, Boston.

117 Balance Fixtures constantly on hand.

European Intelligence.

ONE WEEK LATER. IMPORTANT FROM THE SEAT OF WAR.

The Collins steamer Baltic arrived at New York on Saturday morning, from Liverpool, with English dates to the 20th Oct. The Allies have organized a concentrated advance on Eupatoria, Baidar, Kerich, and Kiburn, in order to surround and cut off the Russian forces.

Kiburn, an important post at the mouth of the Dnieper, was captured by an allied expedition.

Jaman and Phamagora, in the Straits of Kerich, were destroyed.

The advanced posts of the Allies are now within five leagues of Batschi-Seria.

The Russians were retreating. General Liprandi intends to defend the line of Belbec, where a battle was anticipated.

The north side of Sebastopol has been surrounded by the Russians with new fortifications, and placed in a state to support a siege.

The Russians, on the 29th Sept., made an attack on Kars, and were repulsed with immense slaughter. Four thousand, it is said, including several officers of rank, were killed.

The Bank of England has increased the rate of discount to six per cent. for sixty days' paper, and seven per cent. for longer periods.

The Bank of France has also raised its rate to five to six per cent.

Consols closed at 86½ a 87.

There was great alarm in commercial circles. A panic was anticipated.

DeLisle & Co's estate was to be wound up under inspection.

The adjudication of bankruptcy in Oliver's case was quashed for the fourth time, and the estate was to be wound up under assignees.

DARING ROBBERY.—A daring highway robbery was committed yesterday evening on the person of Mr. A. E. Taylor, of Brussels street, at the Straight Street, while he was on his way from Carleton to this city.

Mr. T. states, that he was accosted by a tall man, dressed in dark clothes and wearing a slight mustache, and some conversation ensued between them. They proceeded in company as far as the house formerly occupied by Gilbert Jordan, Esq., when Mr. T. paused, in order to make sale to the stranger of some patent safe, which it is Mr. Taylor's business to manufacture and sell, and a large quantity of which he had with him at the time. He had taken out his wallet to give the man the necessary change, when it was suddenly snatched from his hands by his customer, who made off with it. Mr. T. gave chase, overtook the robber, and a tussle ensued; in which the former was disabled from further attempt to recover his property by a violent blow in the stomach, which nearly rendered him senseless. The villain escaped in the direction of Portland.

The stolen wallet was marked on the inside "A. E. Taylor," and contained thirty-four pounds.—[Cour.]

A boy brought the wallet to our office on Friday, stating that his father had found it on the road. It was handed over to the Police. It contained some cards and papers, but we need hardly add, no money.—[Freeman.]

ANNUAL SESSION OF THE GRAND DIVISION.—The Annual Session of the Grand Division was opened in the Sons of Temperance Hall, in this city last evening.

The Grand Worthy Patriarch, H. E. Seelye, Esq., presiding. All the officers of the Division were present, together with upwards of one hundred Representatives from the respective Divisions throughout the Province. Twenty-three Representatives were initiated. Previous to going into the election of officers, the Grand Worthy Patriarch, in behalf of the Grand Division, presented a splendid bound Bible to the Rev. Charles P. Bliss, Grand Chaplain, as a token of the esteem and admiration in which he is held by his brethren.

On receiving the Bible, the Rev. Gentleman in a brief impressive speech, thanked the Grand Division for the high opinion entertained of him, and concluded by stating, by the teaching contained in that sacred Book, he had adopted the great principles of temperance, and that he would use all his influence to spread those principles among his fellow men.

The Grand Division then went into the Ballot for Officers for the ensuing year, when the following Brothers were declared elected:

Rev. C. P. Bliss, (Springfield) G. W. P.
Rev. S. Robinson, (City) G. W. A.
W. H. A. Keane, (City) G. S.
C. D. Everin, (City) G. Treas.
Rev. J. Flanders, (Springfield) G. Chaplain
A. Rowan, (City) G. Conductor
J. S. Prites, (Salisbury) G. Sentinel

After the election, the officers were installed into office, and the Grand Division adjourned to meet this morning at ten o'clock, for the transaction of business.—[Temp. Tel.]

THE WESLEYAN CHURCH.

INTERESTING MEETING AT THE WESLEYAN CHAPEL, GERMAIN STREET.

On Monday evening the Rev. Dr. Richey of Halifax, delivered an interesting and instructive Address in the Methodist Chapel, Germain street. The subject was "The Colonial Conference, and its recent connection with the Parent Society in Great Britain." For many years the numerous Wesleyan bodies of the British Colonies in North America, including Newfoundland and

the Bermudas, were under the control and guardianship of the British Conference, and subject to the same inherent regulations; but a change was made at the recent session of the Colonial Conference, whereby this body assumed the management of its own affairs—although understood as still having an affiliation to the Parent Society of England. The Rev. gentleman dwelt at length upon the course that had led to this change, and the measures that would require to be adopted for the further relief of the parent body, who, he observed, would still continue to afford relief to the Colonial bodies as hitherto. As a consequence of the separation several funds would have to be instituted, the object of which would be the furtherance of the mission entrusted to them. The first of these funds was the Contingent fund, which would require to be instituted immediately, and in order to effect this, active steps would be taken forthwith. The immediate object of such a fund would be the propagation of the Gospel in places where it would require to be more effectively sustained. For this purpose the members of the several churches would be called upon immediately, and judging by the liberality by which they had always been characterized, he had full confidence that they would generally subscribe to a fund destined to accomplish so much good. Another important fund that was required was the Children's fund. The Rev. Gentleman here entered into an explanation respecting the difficulties against which Clergymen in many circuits had to contend, in having large families and the inadequacy of the compensation for their proper support and education. To remedy this such a fund would have to be established, and in order to provide for the promotion of the important object which they were intended to accomplish.

Other matters of interest in connection with the conference were alluded to. The appointment of a President would still rest as hitherto with the Parent Society, after being recommended by the Colonial Conference at its session. The appointment of Ministers for the various districts throughout the extensive limits over which the Conference would have control, would rest entirely with the Colonial body, who are invested with authority to make annual changes from one Circuit to another.—[News.]

MELANCHOLY ACCIDENT.—On Tuesday evening, the 30th ult., as Mr. Alexander Founds, single driver, was driving through St. Martins, on his return from St. John, just as he arrived at Mosher's Creek, which is crossed by a narrow bridge about nine feet high, without railings, he was met by Mr. Thomas Bradshaw, in a single horse carriage, accompanied by three ladies, (all daughters of Mr. Simon Vaughan, of Quebec,) and there not being sufficient space on the bridge for the carriages to pass, Mr. Bradshaw's horse commenced backing, and ran the carriage, with all the persons in it, off the bridge, the horse falling entirely over the carriage.

One of the ladies, Mrs. Sarah Founds, widow of the late William H. Founds, was so injured in the fall that she died at 4 o'clock on Wednesday morning. None of the other persons were seriously injured. The darkness of the evening prevented the drivers from seeing each other's teams, and no blame is attached to any of the parties in this melancholy occurrence. Mrs. Founds retained her senses during the night and died in hope of eternal life. She had lately united with the Baptist Church in St. Martins, and leaves a daughter about five years of age to mourn her loss. This sad accident has cast a gloom over a large number of mourning friends.

How true, that in the midst of life we are in death.—[Religious Intelligence.]

It gives us much pleasure to find that the recent efforts to improve the navigation of the river St. John have been very successful. This is a subject to which we frequently recur, involving as it does, the interests not only of the City of St. John, but also those of the whole province in its connection with those vital portions of its system.

On the 18th, the steamer Richmond left Fredericton for the Grand Falls with between four and five hundred barrels in bulk on board, the River at the time less than one third freshet, and falling nearly a foot daily. She left a part of her load at the Tobique, and proceeded with about four hundred barrels to the Grand Falls, where the water was found to be about two feet lower than at any former arrival of the same vessel in the basin.

The Richmond is the largest steamer engaged in the upward route; on this occasion she had a heavier load than usual.

Col. Macleuchlan, the Commissioner, for the improvement of the navigation "was on board, making an inspection of the river, and particularly of those parts above Woodstock where his parties had lately been engaged, and where the rapids were once so formidable as to prevent every mode of communication, except that of the Tow boat, but which is now so improved as to present—as in the present instance—very slight difficulties.—Reporter.

It is rather a singular fact that the Poles serving in the Russian army in the Crimea, have shown themselves, on every occasion where the opposing forces have met, the most daring and stoudest of the Czar's troops. An officer writing from the camp before Sebastopol, says:—"Of the deserters which come in to us, and they are not many but very few are Poles. A Polish officer, taken prisoner at Inkermann, in reply to a query

"what would the Polish soldiers in the Russian service do, in case of an insurrection in Poland?" replied with marked feeling, "why stick to their colors,"—and added, "The Emperor has done more for Poland in a few years, than all our turbulent nobles, always intriguing against each other, and plotting, did in as many centuries. Bonaparte might have made Poland free and strong, but he refused help when it was needed. The Poles don't trust France, and where was England when we struck for liberty not long ago?—The Poles don't sympathize with France and England in this war. They do not trust them."

MASONIC.—By patent dated 6th September, 1855, P. M. Alexander Balloch, Esq., has been appointed the Right Worshipful Deputy Provincial Grand Master of the several Lodges in this Province, under the jurisdiction of the Grand Lodge of England.—[Cour.]

The Standard.

WEDNESDAY, NOV. 7, 1855.

ENGLISH NEWS.—From the telegraph despatch in another column it will be seen, that the Russians have been defeated with great slaughter, before Kars.

The allies at Sebastopol were determined to push off the retreat of the Russians. Kiburn had been captured by the allies.

As the time for the re-assembling of the Legislature approaches, the disquietude and tremblings of the Executive for their tenure of office, in which they feel themselves so insecure, become day by day more manifest; and the most base measures by the exercise of patronage on their own part, and by false and malicious accusations against their predecessors by certain of our contemporaries, are made use of to bolster up their lost reputation and gain support. The public however can not be deceived by the venality of a Government press, nor will its unscrupulous advocacy of men condescending to make use of the opportunities which their official positions afford them, meanly and dishonestly to furnish garbled or false information to their Editorial friends, to enable them to hunt up popularity; result in anything but a more rooted aversion to the existing Government, and a well founded distrust in themselves.

It is a sad thing for the influence for good, which the periodical press in any country ought to possess, when any of its members consent to become the mere vehicle for party purposes,—for supporting one man, or one set of men in office, or for supplying damaged and bankrupt politicians with good reputations.—The object of all newspapers should be solely to give a narrative of passing events of public interest, faithfully and fearlessly telling the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth, and confining it, self to such comments and remarks on those events, as fair, just and reasonable.

We have been led into these reflections, first by the perusal of the letter from Mr. R. D. Wilmot, lately published in the *Courier*, exposing the baseness of some of our "high public functions" in prostituting their office to purvey in a distorted and garbled form matters procurable only from the archives of the Executive Council, for the purpose of supporting malicious and false representations of the conduct of the late administration;—and secondly by the distribution of their patronage in the several public appointments lately made under the Crown. The well merited rebuke administered in the dignified and temperate language used by Mr. Wilmot, needs no support from our pen to add to the weight with which it must have fallen on the heads of the doomed Executive, and humbled and crushed must the "Courier" feel under the palpable conviction which it labors, of attempting to build up the character of one set of men by false and unfounded accusations against that of another. "Nemo mortuorum omnibus horis sapit"—foolish indeed was the *Courier* in the hour when it bartered its independence and truth to a corrupt and despised Government, and ten thousand times more foolish was that Government for its own sake, when it afforded such damning evidence of its want of principle and honor!—and so, as far as regards the statements of the extravagance of the late Executive; we may safely leave them to the miserable consolation of the impossibility of being wise at all hours. With respect to the distribution of patronage to which we alluded, we have nothing to say against the selection of the gentlemen appointed; on the contrary, we think them well fitted for and deserving of the offices, and could we conscientiously give the Executive credit for a disinterested appreciation of eligibility and an intention to reward merit, we should have nothing to desire with regard to these nominations, but it is too evident that the baited hook is thrown out for

the purpose of making partisans and strengthening their weak and failing party. In this too, we think the Government will find they have made a mistake. The gentlemen have accepted the situations to which they were nominated because they felt themselves competent and worthy, and were conscious they could discharge the duties with advantage to the country—but we do not believe that either Mr. Kinnear or Mr. Boyd can be brought over to desert the principles upon which they always acted in their legislative capacities, and yield a purchased support to a Government they must despise, and have hitherto opposed.

The separation of the Clerkship of the Peace from that of the City Council of St. John, which have always hitherto been held together, entailing as it does, an additional burden of some £250 per annum on the Province is a sufficient proof of the engine by which the Executive are trying to gain adherents—but another is not wanting as can be observed by Mr. End having been sent down to conduct the prosecutions on behalf of the Crown in the Circuit Court now sitting in this County. Whereas the Attorney General we should like to know, and for what he is paid £600 a year if it is not his business to conduct criminal prosecutions of which we have unfortunately a heavy calendar on this occasion? No man in this country perhaps can afford to throw away employment, when offered to him, and Mr. Burtis who is appointed to the Clerkship of the City Council, and Mr. End can be scarcely blamed in accepting emolument and occupation when brought to their doors, but it is not with the recipients, but with the donors of these appointments that we have now to deal,—let the former only discharge the duties with which they are invested with integrity and zeal, and they may escape censure or remark—but with the latter, the object and motive for their conduct is palpable, plain and undisguised—bare, humiliating and depraved, and must and will therefore be condemned and reprobated accordingly.

"Monitor," came too late for insertion this week, it will be published in our next.

U. S. AGRICULTURAL EXHIBITION.—Our thanks are due to friend G. A. W. for a very interesting report of the grand banquet of the United States' Agricultural Society held at Boston on the 27th ult.

SUBSCRIBERS indebted to us for one year and upwards, will after this date, find their accounts placed in the hands of a Magistrate, for collection.

We understand that the Grand Jury, after some discussion, presented an Address to His Honor Mr. Justice Ritchie, congratulating him upon his elevation to the Bench; to which His Honor replied extempore.

We have just seen the last Royal Gazette on reference to which we perceive the remainder of the Act passed by the Legislature during the last Session, have been approved by Her Majesty in Council on 24th Sept. last, with the exception of No. 2403 relating to the Post Office, and 2409—the *Liquor law*. We presume that these have been kept back for further consideration, and that the numerous and highly respectable signed petitions against the latter we meet with the attention they deserve.

The weather is fast becoming cool, and as people generally desire warm and comfortable rooms, we know of no better mode to make them so, than by purchasing one of those new pattern and excellent Stoves at Wm. Whitlock's, which are not only good, but very cheap. No puff—a fair drawing notice.

The steamship ARAGO arrived at New York on the 6th inst., with London dates to the 24th Oct.

The capture of Kilburn is confirmed. 30,000 allied troops landed in peninsula of Zendera.

Russians had blown up fortifications at Orshakoff.

No news from the Crimea.

Sir William Molesworth died on the 22d. Markets quiet. Consols 87½.

Holloway's Medicines.—We are not in the habit generally of noticing the thousand and one medicines of the day; but when a really meritorious one is before the public, we think it due to the afflicted that the fact should be made known. We have used Holloway's Pills and Ointment in cases of humors, bruises, and scalds, with beneficial effects, and there are cases within our knowledge of extraordinary cures performed in diseases of long standing. Professor Holloway's Ointment and Pills are among the few preparations which perform all the cures for which they are recommended. We are satisfied that for purifying the blood, regulating the stomach, and curing liver and bilious complaints, no better remedy can be found.—Bangor Democrat.

Produce of an Acre.—Mr. Leonard Dennis, of Carleton in this Township, has raised the present season, from one acre of ground, the following crop:—6 tons pumpkins, 14,000 ears corn, 2 bushels shelled beans, 4 bushels do. peas, 10 bushels do. corn, 5 bushels carrots, 5 do. turnips. Mr. Dennis has

realized from the produce of this acre upwards of £30.—[Yarmouth Herald.]

Deaths.

At Eastport on the 30th ult., after a lingering illness, borne with resignation to the Divine will, in the 66th year of her age, Mrs. Penelope Devereux, relict of the late Mr. Thomas Devereux, of that place—regretted by many relatives and friends.

Shipping List.

PORT OF ST. ANDREWS.

Nov. 1.—Schr. Uica, Meloney, Boston, as-sorted cargo, to J. W. Street.
3.—Schr. Spray, Balson, St. John—merchandise, to sundry.

Notice to the Public.

THE MAILS FOR ENGLAND will close at this Office on Friday the 9th inst., and Tuesday 13th inst., at 6 A. M., via New York, and on Sunday 18th November, at 9 A. M., via Halifax.

The Postage for the United Kingdom, via Halifax, is 7½ single rate, and via New-York 1s. 6d, pre-payment optional.

By Order,
G. F. CAMPBELL, P. M.
Post Office, St. Andrews,
Nov. 7, 1855.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the late firm of ROBERT STORR & Co., are requested to make immediate payment to Messrs. BEARD & VENNING, or their agent; the said Beard & Venning being lawfully authorized to receive the said debts and give receipts therefor.

ROBERT STORR.
St. Andrews, Nov. 3, 1855.
Mr. James Burns is authorized to collect the above and give receipts therefor.
BEARD & VENNING.
St. John, Nov. 3, 1855.

Notice of Dissolution.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the style and firm of *Henry & Johnson*, at St. George, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business in future will be conducted by *Saxey & Johnson* alone, and who is duly authorized to receive all debts due to said firm, and will pay all debts owing by them.

TOBIAS G. MEALY.
SAMUEL JOHNSON.
Saint George, Nov. 5, 1855.
[Patent and Provincialist—4 ms.]

Sheriff's sale.

To be sold at Public Auction on Saturday the 17th day of May next, at 12 o'clock, at the Court House, in St. Andrews:

ALL the right, title, interest, claim and demand of *Ebenezer R. Doten*, to the following Property, situated in the Parish of St. David, in the County of Charlotte, viz:

All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, part of the Penobscot Grant, containing 17 acres, more or less, beginning at the intersection of the Tower Hill road with the great road leading from St. Andrews to St. Stephens, and running along the Eastern side of the said Tower Hill road, North 29 degrees West, about 90 rods to the North line of Isaac Garcelon's land, thence by said line South 24° 41' East about 40 rods, to a cedar stake on the old division line between Garcelon's land and Moore's land, thence North 66° East on the Southern line of land owned by Ebenezer R. Doten about 24 rods to a stub on the Eastern branch of the Mill stream; thence by the centre of the said brook to the flowage of the Saw Mill Pond; thence by the flowage of the said pond Westerly to the West branch coming from the Carding Machine house; thence crossing the said branch Southerly about 6 rods to a cedar stake on the West bank of the Saw Mill Pond; thence Westerly on a line about 8 rods to a cedar stake about 20 feet from the South West corner of the Carding Machine house; thence West two rods to a cedar stake, the same being allowed for a public road; thence South about 10 degrees East to a cedar stake by the great road for about 24 rods; thence Westerly by the said road to the place of beginning.

ALSO—All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, part of the Penobscot Grant, containing 25 acres, more or less, commencing at a cedar stake on the division line between Garcelon and Moore's lands, North 15° 30' West 52 rods to a stake and stones; thence East 92 rods to a stake and stones; South 49 rods to a stake and stones, thence West about 75 rods to the place of beginning.

ALSO—All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, being part of the Penobscot Grant, containing one acre, more or less, being the same lot on which Ebenezer R. Doten now lives, and deeded by Isaac Garcelon to him, with all the buildings, machinery, improvements and appurtenances in any way appertaining to the said lot, pieces or parcels of land.

The same having been seized and taken to satisfy an Execution issued out of the Supreme Court of this Province.

THOS. JONES,
Sheriff of Charlotte,
Sheriff's Office, St. Andrews,
5th Nov. 1855.

THE UNION STORE
At Robinsonston,
Has just received a full stock of desirable
FALL AND WINTER GOODS.
Which are now offered at the lowest prices above
the cost of production, for cash. Particular attention
is invited to our new and fresh invoices of
Stuffs and Dress Goods,
Comprising a great variety of styles, entirely new,
and never before offered in this market.
OUR SUPPLY OF
GROCERIES & WEST INDIA GOODS
is, as usual, complete, and sold on truly Protective
Union Principles.
RUPERT GATES, Agent.
Robinsonston, Oct. 23d, 1855.

WEST INDIA GOODS AND GROCERIES.
HAYING purchased from HALL & FAIRWEATHER,
their entire STOCK of West India
Goods and Groceries, the undersigned now offers
for sale low.
45 Chests and 20 Hf-do. Congo TEA, the following
brands—Chester, Challenger, Eagle,
Wing, Herald, Golden Gate, Wild Pigeon
and Hazard.
18 lb. Chests Orange Pekoe, favorite brands
20 do. Oolong
25 chests from 15 to 20 lbs each;
20 Hbbs Muscovado, MOLASSES
19 do. Clayed, do, do SUGAR;
6 boxes TOBACCO;
210 bags Coffee and Fine Salt; 3 Hbbs Pine Oil;
2 cases Pickles; 2 cases INDIGO;
1 Hb VINEGAR; 120 lbs BUTTER;
40 boxes common and pale Yellow Soap;
10 do Candles; 40 qts cod-liver;
35 Gross Woodcock PIPES;
150 lbs Cloves; 12 REDWOOD;
1 case ANNOTA;
2 cases Colman's No 1 STARCH; 3 Hbbs Candle
WICK; 2 bags COFFEE, PAINTS, OILS,
Glass Dye Stuffs, Spices, &c., with a large variety
of other GOODS.
St. John, W. E. STRONACH.

Pine Timber.
ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY
FIVE TONS PINE TIMBER, averaging
13 inches, for sale—Apply to
JAMES BOYD.
Oct. 6, 1855.



ST. JOHN STONE WORKS.
SOUTH SIDE KING SQUARE,
ST. JOHN, N. B.

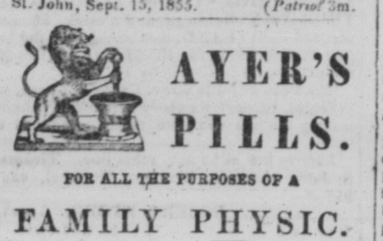
THE Proprietor of the above Establishment,
gives notice to the Public, that he has
entered into Partnership with his Brother under the
firm of
J. & R. MILLIGAN,
and they have added largely to their stock of dif-
ferent Stone and Marble, and are
prepared to supply at the shortest notice—
Monuments, Headstones, Tombs, Vault
Furns, Mantle Pieces, and Table Tops, &c., &c.,
of all designs and patterns, and all kinds of cut
stone for Building.
They also beg to intimate, that they are not
under the necessity of importing men from the
United States to execute their work, but be-
lieve that as good, if not superior workmen may
be found in this City, without sending for for-
eigners, and thereby throwing our people out of
employment. Our motto is "Protection to our
own Mechanics."
JAMES MILLIGAN,
ROBERT MILLIGAN.

WE have always on Hand, a great variety
of
Finished Monuments, Tombstones, and
Of all shapes and the best quality, and sold at
lower prices than can be purchased anywhere
else in the same style.
Also—Grindstones, and Stone Pipe Stones, of
all sizes, sold cheap.
AGENTS.
St. Andrews, Mr. L. Snodgrass, saddler.
Boscawen—Mr. R. Turner.
Frederickton—Mr. G. H. Ha, merchant.
Penfield—Mr. Josiah Prescott.
St. David's—Mr. D. Hyslop.
REFERENCE.
St. Andrews—Capt. James.
St. James—Rev. Mr. Turnbull.
Do. Rev. Mr. Millen.
Harvey, York—The Rev. Mr. Smith.
Prince William, York—Rev. Mr. Glass.
October 31, 1855.

Mangle.
I OFFER FOR SALE—A new Clothes'
MANGLE. Also,
A WASHING AND WRINGING MACHINE
low for Cash. JAMES BOYD.
Oct. 6 1855.

Cottage & Land for Sale.
TO be sold, a convenient Cottage residence,
owned and occupied by the Subscriber, with
about seven acres of Land, adjoining the Town
Plot of Saint Andrews. The House contains—
Dining room, Parlor, entrance Hall, five good
Bedrooms, Kitchen &c. There are also a new
Barn, and other outbuildings on the premises.
The house is pleasantly situated, commanding
good views of the bay and river.
For particulars apply to Messrs. Odell & Turner,
St. Andrews, or to the subscriber,
Sep. 18, C. H. RICE.

Soap and Candle Factory
AGAIN.
THE subscriber in returning thanks for the
extensive patronage received for the last
twelve years, respectfully informs his friends and
customers, that since the late disastrous fire up
Water-street, he has erected a new Factory in
Pine-street, a very short distance above the
Post Office, and next adjoining Dunn's Steam Mill,
where he will be happy to receive and execute all
orders from his old customers and the trade gener-
ally, and by manufacturing a good article at a
fair price and light profit to give satisfaction.
St. John, Sept. 15, 1855.
GEO. WOODS.
(Patrol 3m.)



AYER'S PILLS.
FOR ALL THE PURPOSES OF A
FAMILY PHYSIC.
There has long existed a public demand for an
effective purgative pill which could be relied on as
sure and perfectly safe in its operation. This has
been prepared to meet that demand, and an exten-
sive trial of its virtues has conclusively shown with
what success it accomplishes the purpose designed.
It is easy to make a purgative pill; but not easy
to make the best of all pills—one which should have
none of the objections, but of the advantages, of
every other. This has been attempted here, and
with what success we would respectfully submit to
the public decision. It has been unfortunate for
the patient who has taken almost every purgative
medicine is sometimes so irritated by the bowels
that it is not easy to get them to move again.
This is not the case with Ayer's Pills. They
are so gentle and so perfectly safe, that they may
be taken at any time, and with perfect safety, and
with what success we would respectfully submit to
the public decision. It has been unfortunate for
the patient who has taken almost every purgative
medicine is sometimes so irritated by the bowels
that it is not easy to get them to move again.
This is not the case with Ayer's Pills. They
are so gentle and so perfectly safe, that they may
be taken at any time, and with perfect safety, and
with what success we would respectfully submit to
the public decision.

French's
Mercantile & Nautical
Institute.
94 Tremont St. - - - Boston.
PENMANSHIP.
BOOK-KEEPING.
NAVIGATION.
ENGINEERING & C.
Students can commence at any time, there being
No Classes. - - - - -
This is the most extensive and complete Institute
of the kind in the United States, and was
founded for the express purpose of affording
young men a
Thorough and Practical Mercantile and
Nautical Education,
and aiding them when qualified, in obtaining
Good Situations.
CHAS. F. FENNER, A. M., Principal.
Four Assistant Professors.
References—Hon. Edward Everett, L. L. D.; Rev.
James Walker, D. D.; President Harvard University,
and many others.

PREPARED BY
JAMES C. AYER,
Assayer and Practical Chemist,
LOWELL, MASS.
Price 25 Cents per Box. Five Boxes for \$1.
SOLD BY
Agents for St. Andrews, Odell & Turner and
M. S. Hannish—St. George, E. P. Knight.

Tea, Linseed Oil,
STARCH, &c.
OCTOBER 15, 1855.
Ex "Achilles" from London:
10 Half-Chests } Best Congou Tea
10 Half-Chests }
4 Hbbs. best bottled Linseed Oil
5 cases first quality No 1 Poland Starch
3 do Improved Patent Rice Starch
50 Hbbs. pale Rotterdam Geneva, "Anchor"
brand, &c., &c.
J. W. STREET.

BOSTON ADVERTISEMENTS.
F. & F. Rice,
WHOLESALE GROCERS—116 & 118,
State-street, Boston.

FURNITURE.
A. S. THAYER & CO.
Nos. 82 & 84 Union street,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Rich, Medium,
and low-priced
Furniture, of all Descriptions
Gilt, Flowered, Laid, and Plain striped
CHAMBER SETS,
Looking Glasses, in Gilt, Mahogany, and
Black Walnut Frames.
Husk, Palm, Excelsior and Hair
MATTRESSES,
LOUNGES,
Sofas,
Black Walnut, Mahogany, and Marble-Top
Tables, Secretaries, Bureaus, &c.
Upholstering done to order.
These are sent, will do well to expand our
stock for purchasing also orders.
A. S. THAYER & CO.,
82 & 84 Union Street, BOSTON.

BOSTON HAND STAMP COMPANY.
Manufacturers of the
PATENT FLEXIBLE STAMP,
B. BIGELOW, Agent,
152 Washington Street, Boston.

THE HANDEL COLLECTION OF CHURCH MUSIC.
By A. N. Johnson, assisted by B. F. Baker, and
E. H. Frost.
The above names alone will recommend this
work to all in want of a new book. Published by
J. R. MILLER, No. 50, Tremont Street,
BOSTON.

BOSTON ADVERTISEMENTS.

E. D. SPEAR,
INDIAN DOCTOR.
13 Kneeland Street, BOSTON, Mass.
THE great success which has ever attended
the Indian Practice of Medicine, as perfect-
ed by E. D. SPEAR, M. D., excites envy in the
hearts of the many advocates of Mercury. Many
of the remedies, as the public have already learned
from newspapers, the success prepared, and
recipes which are believed to have originally been
received from the Indians one hundred and seventy
five years ago. No other remedies deserve the
name of Indian.
DR. SPEAR'S
GREAT INDIAN MEDICINE.
(For names and description see his "Family
Physician"—to be had, free, at his office, or sent
to order, prepaid on receipt of a paper postage
stamp.)
Are certain cures for
Asthma, Ague and Fever, Barber's itch, Boil,
Brouchitis, Cancer, Canker, Colds, Consumption,
Coughs, Cystitis, Dropsy, Debility, Diabetes,
Derangement of the Bowels, all humors in the
blood, Giddiness, Headache, Inflammation of the
Eyes, Jaundice, Kidney Complaints, Liver Com-
plaints, Loss of Hair, Lumbago, Milk Leg, Nigh-
mare, Palpitation of the Heart, Pains in the Side,
back, and other parts of the body, Painful Men-
struation, Pin Worms, Rheumatism, Salt Rheum,
Scald Head, Scrofula, Shortness of Breath, Sore
Throat, Spinal Complaints, Strangury, &c.
Dr. Spear's Female Medicines have become very
celebrated, and it is now admitted that his treat-
ment of Female Weaknesses, Pains in the Gen-
itals, Irregularities and Suppressions is far superior to
every other treatment for these complaints.
DR. SPEAR,
is also celebrated in the treatment of children.
His medicines being vegetable, do not poison the
system.
Dr. Spear is now being visited by one thousand
patients every month, some of whom travel hun-
dreds of miles to consult him and to obtain his me-
dicines.
Dr. S. will warrant a cure every curable case
After giving his remedies a fair trial, if a cure is
not effected, he will pay any other physician who
will effect a cure, his bill not exceeding \$100.
Persons at a distance can consult by letter,
enclosing a stamp to pay the answer.
Dr. S. consults with patients at his Office
No 18 Kneeland Street, upon all conditions and dis-
eases of the system, free of any charge.

French's
Mercantile & Nautical
Institute.
94 Tremont St. - - - Boston.
PENMANSHIP.
BOOK-KEEPING.
NAVIGATION.
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Students can commence at any time, there being
No Classes. - - - - -
This is the most extensive and complete Institute
of the kind in the United States, and was
founded for the express purpose of affording
young men a
Thorough and Practical Mercantile and
Nautical Education,
and aiding them when qualified, in obtaining
Good Situations.
CHAS. F. FENNER, A. M., Principal.
Four Assistant Professors.
References—Hon. Edward Everett, L. L. D.; Rev.
James Walker, D. D.; President Harvard University,
and many others.

J. J. WARREN,
BONNET & HAT MANUFACTURER, 114 Sud-
bury Street, Boston.
BONNET & HAT MANUFACTURER, in a
superior manner.
HENRY TOLMAN,
153 WASHINGTON STREET,
BOSTON.
Publisher of Music, Importer of Musical Mer-
chandise, and Manufacturer of Musical Instru-
ments.
Just Published—TOLMAN'S AMATEUR
BAND BOOKS,
containing twelve pieces arranged for Military
Amateur Brass Bands: price \$3 00.
Directly opposite the Old South Church.
DIAMOND LIGHT,
OR,
ROSIN OIL LAMP.
Producing a most beautiful and perfectly
safe Light, at a cost not exceeding 1-2 a cent an
hour. Lamps from \$2 to \$10; oil, 50 cents per
gallon. For sale, wholesale and retail, by W. W.
URHAM, Treasurer Tremont Oil Factory, No 10,
BROAD STREET, Boston, Call and see it.
N. B.—Agents wanted.

Thomas P. Barnes,
Importer and Dealer in
Hardware, Guns, Pistols, Powder, Shot, Caps,
Steel Traps, &c.
No. 23 DOCK SQUARE, Boston.

Old Stand Union Store.
GEO. A. MANSFIELD,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Boots,
Shoes, and RUBBERS, LEATHER and FINDINGS.
40 Market Square, and 5 North Street.
(Opposite North side Faneuil Hall.) BOSTON

Samuel J. Crosby,
WATCHES, JEWELRY, & SILVER
WARE.
69 Washington Street,
3 doors south of Court Street, Boston.

SEWING MACHINES.
OUR Machines come with case, heavy Boots
and Shoes, Carriage and Harness work
with any sized Lined Thread, with or without
wax. The Cylinder Machine is invaluable for
stitching Boots after they are tread—Ladies'
Gaiters, sleeves into Collars, and every variety
of Custom Clothing. Our Family machine is
especially adapted to all kinds of Family sewing,
and is superior to any other ever made.
J. B. NICHOLS & Co.,
No. 33, Hanover Street, Boston.

THE MUSIC BOOK
OF THE SEASON!
BAKER'S CHURCH MUSIC.
WE are now prepared to fill our orders for this
valuable work, which is spoken of in the
highest terms by all musicians who have examined it.
JOHN P. JEWETT & Co., Publishers.
117 Washington Street, Boston.

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IRON RAILINGS,
For Garden and Cemetery Fences,
and Balustrades.
No. 51 Sudbury Street, Boston. J. I. H.
has one of the largest and best selected assortments
of elegant designs of
ORNA MENTAL RAILING,
to be found in the state, which he offers at prices
that will defy competition. All orders in City or
Country promptly attended to.

NEW ENGLAND WIRE RAILING
Manufactory.
Nos. 93 & 95 UPRU STREET BOSTON.
Wrought and Cast Iron Fence, Patent Railings,
Window Guards, Balconies &c., of every descrip-
tion made to order.
OTIS BISHAM. THEO. LYMAN.

JOHN D. FOWLE & CO.,
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in
WINDOW SHADES, & FIXTURES.
339 WASHINGTON STREET, BOSTON.
Agents for Day's Patent Balance
Spring Fixture.

AMARIAH STORRS,
Dealer in every variety of
Cards, Card Board, R. R. Tickets, Stock
Fancy Papers, &c.
54 and 56 Cornhill, Boston.
Papers of every shade manufactured to or-
der, and Cards or Tickets cut to patterns, at
short notice.

Opposite the old South Church, in Boston, is
BURDETTS HAT, CAP, AND FUR
STORE.
All goods sold on the lowest terms. All
HATS, CAPS, or FURS of the finest quality,
and latest fashions always guaranteed. 117
W. a g g i n g t o n S t r e e t, directly oppo-
site the old South Church which is familiar to all
New England people.

Boston Type Foundry,
THE OLDEST IN NEW ENGLAND.
JOHN K. ROGERS & CO
Spring Lane, - - - Boston.

Wholesale Paper
WAREHOUSE
RICE & KENDALL, 16 Water-street, Bos-
ton. Papers of every description on hand
or made to order. Paper Makers' stock and
materials of all kinds for sale.

Stammering Cured!
DR. BRONSON, AND C. C. BEERS.
ARE happy to announce that STAMMER-
ing can be PERMANENTLY CURED by
Medicine and Vocal Gymnastics. It is first treated
as a Nervous Disease, (like St. Vitus' Dance,
Epileptic Fits, &c.) and then the habit, incident
to the disease, is corrected by exercises in Elo-
cution. Mr. Beers has been an inveterate stammer-
er for thirty-five years; has attended many
institutions for the cure of stammering, and ex-
pended hundreds of dollars without any perma-
nent benefit, but cured himself, 18 months ago,
and has ever since remained so: With the
same means, we have cured others, to whom we
would gladly refer any applicants—not having
failed in a single instance. Being satisfied from
reason, experience, and observation, that stammer-
ing is the effect of a Nervous Disorder, and can
be perfectly cured by the above means in the
course of two or three weeks, we assure all in-
terested in these gratifying results, and guaran-
tee a permanent cure, or refund the small fee
paid in advance: Those desiring further infor-
mation on these subjects, (including terms,
guaranty, &c.) can obtain it from our New
Work, just issued, on Stammering, its Effects,
Causes and Remedies: Illustrated by One Hun-
dred Engravings: Price, One Dollar; on the
receipt of which the Book will be sent without
expense, and the money thus paid will be credit-
ed to the bill for Treatment. Board, etc, fur-
nished on reasonable terms.—Address BRONSON
& BEERS, 186, Washington-street, Boston, Mass.

MELODEONS, SERAPHINES AND
REED ORGANS.)
(CARRIAGE PATENT)
FIRST-prizes for the best Melodeons has
been awarded by the Mechanics' Fair, Bos-
ton, to
PARKS & FOLSON,
226 Washington St. Boston.
P & F would respectfully give notice,
that they still continue to manufacture the
Melodeon and Seraphine, in a variety of
styles which, in point of finish and tone,
are not surpassed by any other manufactu-
rers. Also, the Melodeon Organ, with a
sub bass, suitable for Churches, Vestries,
and Halls. The public are invited to call
and examine before purchasing.
Dealers supplied on favorable terms.

Deafness Cured!
Deafness Cured!!
TESTIMONY—Mr. Editor: Seeing an
advertisement that the Deaf might be relieved by
applying to DR. BOARDMAN, 304 Wash-
ington street, corner of Suffolk Place, BOSTON,
I was induced to leave home and visit the Doc-
tor's skill. I was so deaf that I was unable to
hear ordinary conversation: To my astonish-
ment, in twenty minutes my hearing was per-
fectly restored. I recommend all persons to try
the Doctor's new method of cure.
FRANCIS RICHARDSON, of Stoughton.
Letters, post paid, attended to.
Remedies and Apparatus sent by express.

Phrenological Rooms.
112 Washington Street BOSTON.
Rooms open Day and Evening.
For the sale of Books and description of
Character, including advice as to choice of Occu-
pation, selection of literature of all kinds, Clerks, Ap-
prentices, &c., &c. Also Education and Govern-
ment of Children, Matrimonial Alliances, Health
Liaisons, Mental and Physical Diet, &c., &c.
POWELL & WELLS,
D. P. BUTLER.

BOSTON ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOW IS THE TIME!
WHO WANTS A GOOD CARPET?
FOR A LITTLE MONEY!
As I am about to change my
business, I propose to close off my Stock of
Carpets and Window Shades,
at a Discount.
Please call soon at 163 Hanover Street, Boston,
and examine for yourselves. P. MARTIN.

BARTLETT & DUTMAN,
Manufacturers of
Premium Trusses and Improved supporters,
Such as Fitch's, Chapin's, and others: Also
A. F. Bartlett's well known
Washington Suspender Shoulder Braces,
for the cure of Rigid and Crooked shoulders, weak
back, Chest, &c. for Gentlemen, Ladies, and Chil-
dren. 156 Washington, corner of Franklin St.
(Up stairs) opposite Marlboro' Hotel, Boston.

ARTISTS' MATERIALS.
COMPLETE supplies of materials for Oil Paint-
ing and Croyon and Grecian Painting—
Winsor & Newton's superior Oil colors in Tubes,
for sale wholesale and retail, by M. J. WHITMAN,
35 Cornhill, Boston.

IRVING'S WASHINGTON
Colton's Gazetteer,
FRANKLIN'S SELECT WORKS.
PARKER, KING & Co's Book and Print-
store, 2, 30 and 32 Cornhill, Boston.

Premium Window Shades.
Manufacturers and Importers of Window Shades,
Lace, Muslin and Damask Curtains, Cornices,
Blinds, Pins, Lovers, &c., &c.
J. L. and J. B. Kelly Washington St. Boston.
Also Kelly's Improved Metallic Fixtures.

Bailey, Russell & Chapman,
Successors to Fessenden Brothers,
Watchmakers and Dealers in
Watches, Jewellery & Silver Ware.
No. 205 Washington, cor. of Brimfield St.,
BOSTON.

CARD ENGRAVING,
AND COPPERPLATE PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT,
AND DEPOT FOR THE SALE OF
ENAMELLED CARDS, AND ENVELOPES.
THE subscriber would call the attention of
Printers and the trade to his large and well
selected stock of Fancy Cards, Note Paper and
Envelopes, Beautifully Illuminated Paper, for
"Bills of Fare," Invitations, &c. Ball Cards of
new and beautiful patterns, Wedding Stationery
such as Envelopes and plain Envelopes, Cake
Boxes, &c.
Wedding Invitations, Address and business cards
engraved in the highest style of art. The
Trade respectfully invited to call and examine
specimens.
N. S. DEARBORN, 24 School Street, Boston.

STEREOTYPING
AND ELECTROTYPING
—BY THE—
BOSTON STEREOTYPE FOUNDRY
ASAGUE & LINTHURN, agents,
No. 4 Spring Lane—up stairs—Boston.

Earthen Ware.
To arrive per the "Joseph Tarratt" from
LIVERPOOL.
SEVENTEEN CRATES well assorted
Earthenware.
10 Boxes large Woodstock PIPES.
374 DOWNS BOTTLES.
J. W. STREET.
St. Andrews, 1st Oct. 1855.

FLOUR, Ex "UTICA" from Bos-
ton—Now Landing—
60 Hbbs. Fancy & Extra Superfine
Southern Flour,
Warranted fresh and good for family use.
J. W. STREET.
July 16, 1855.

ST. JOHN AND LIVERPOOL
LINE OF PACKET SHIPS,
1855.
Appointed to sail from Liverpool as under:—
Ships Captains Tonnage To sail
Libers. Kenney, 875 5th May
Imperial. Moran, 1270 5th June
Midleton. Delaney, 996 5th July
John Barbour, Marshall, 990 20th do.
John Owens, Doane, 1236 5th Aug.
Joseph Tarratt, Gray, 948 20th do.
Eudocia. Spurr, 1015 5th Sept.
David G. Fleming, Cruickshank 1425 20th do.

These Ships are built of the best materials, sail
remarkably fast, are classed A 1st Lloyd's, and
coppered, and will be dispatched punctually on the
days appointed.
They are commended by men of the greatest ex-
perience and nautical skill, and no expense or ex-
ertion will be spared to make this line efficient in
every respect for the safe and speedy conveyance
of Goods.
Orders for shipment of Goods by this line are respec-
tfully solicited.
For Freight or Passage, apply in Liverpool, to
Messrs. FERNIE BROTHERS & Co, Warner
Buildings, Water Street, or at St. John, to
J. & B. REED.
June 1, 1855.

Waggons, Carts, &c.
EDWD. STENTIFORD,
offers for sale.
WAGGONS, Carts, WHEELBARROWS, &c
N. B.—Pine & Spruce Boards, Hemlock Bark
Laths, Shingles, and Country Produce, taken in
payment.
An Excellent Horse for Sale.
WATCHES, JEWELRY, &c.
The Subscriber has just received a further as-
signment of Watches, Jewellery, Cutlery, &c.
consisting of—
Gold and Silver Lever & Lapine Watches,
Guard Chains, Gold foblets, a superior article;
Earrings, fine gold finger Rings, silver Jaws and
steel Shaver Pins, black Brushes, &c. &c.
Silver Tea & Table Spoons, salt & nut and de.
Joseph Rodgers & Sons old English Razors, Pen-
knot, Jack and Pen Knives, &c.
Clocks, Watches and Jewellery cleaned and re-
lated &c.
GRO. F. STICKNEY,
St. Andrews, Jan. 21, 1856.

Sheriff's Sales.

To be sold at Public Auction, on Saturday the 19th day of April 1856, at 12 o'clock, at the Court House, in St. Andrews:
ALL the right, title, interest, property, claim and demand of
JOHN McCOLL and EDWIN R. RUSSELL
to all of those several Lots, pieces and parcels of Land, situate or near the Lower Falls, in the Parish of St. George, in the County of Charlotte, described as follows, viz:—

That PIECE of LAND beginning at the south angle of the lot formerly owned by John Mann and William McLeod, running thence west along the north side of Water street 65½ feet to Brunswick street; thence along said Brunswick street 150 feet to George street; thence along the south side of George street 121 feet; thence south 71 feet; thence west 40 feet; and thence south 90 feet to the place of beginning—being the lot on which John McColl's new house stands.

ALSO—Two other LOTS of LAND situate at the Portage, so called, on the eastern side of the river Magaguadavic, conveyed by Sarah N. Stone and others to the said McColl & Russell, by deed dated 28th May, 1851.

ALSO—One MOIETY of a LOT of LAND, with the Mills, Dams and Sluices thereunto belonging, lying on both sides of the said river above, at, and below the said Lower Falls, bounded northerly by said river and the Robert Hanson Lot so called, westerly by the eastern line of the estate of the late John McMaster, southerly by Saltwater Basin, and easterly by the Portage road.

ALSO—All that certain LOT or PIECE of LAND, situate on the east side of lake Utopia, in the Parishes of Penfield and Saint George in said County, known as lot number One, bounded on the north by lands granted to the late Hugh McKay; on the south by lot number Two, and contains forty-four acres, and was conveyed by Lewis Bliss to the said McColl & Russell, by deed dated the 14th January 1853.

ALSO—All the GULLY PROPERTY so called, situate in the Parish of Saint George aforesaid, conveyed by Moore R. Fletcher to the said McColl & Russell, by deed dated the 9th July, 1853.

ALSO—That certain LOT or PARCEL of LAND, situate at the Lower Falls aforesaid, on the west side of said river described as follows:—Beginning at a cedar post 36 rods along south side of the old highway road, westerly from the end of the bridge above the Lower Falls, thence south 22 rods 10 links to Millikin's and Seely's line; thence west along said line 80 rods and 16 links; thence north easterly 25 rods to the first mentioned bounds, containing one acre and a half, more or less.

ALSO—Another LOT situate in the Parish of Saint George, on the south side of the great road leading to Saint John, bounded by the said road on the north; on the east by the McMin lot; on the south by the Munroe lot; and on the west by the McGormon lot, containing five acres, more or less.

ALSO—That LOT of PIECE of LAND lying in the Parish of Saint George aforesaid, being lot number Three, and half part of lot number Four in the Military Grant, containing one hundred and fifty acres, more or less, and conveyed by John Rodger to the said McColl & Russell, by deed dated the 29th September, 1853.

ALSO—That LOT in the said Parish of Saint George, lying north of Munroe's barn, conveyed by Moore R. Fletcher to the said McColl & Russell.

All that LOT of LAND lying in the Parish of Saint George aforesaid, conveyed by John Wallace to the said McColl & Russell.

And all other the Real Estate and Possessory Right of the said McColl & Russell, or either of them, wheresoever situate in my Bailiwick.

The same having been seized and taken to satisfy Executions issued out of the Supreme Court.

THOS. JONES,
Sheriff of Charlotte.
Sheriff's Office, St. Andrews,
Oct. 1, 1855.

To be sold at Public Auction, on Saturday the 19th day of April, 1856, at 12 o'clock, at the Court House in St. Andrews:—

ALL the right and title, interest, claim and demand of **JOHN McCOLLEY**, to the following Lots, Pieces, or Parcels of LAND, with the appurtenances belonging to them, viz:—

ALL that Lot, Piece or Parcel of LAND situated in Milltown, in the Parish of St. Stephen, near land now, or lately occupied by John Young, purchased by the said McColl from John McGarrigle, as by deed bearing date 14th February, 1854.

AND ALSO,
All that Lot, Piece, or Parcel of LAND, situated on the northern side of the road leading from the Upper to the Lower Mills, in the Parish of St. Stephen, excepting 1st part sold by said McColl to one Donald Campbell; the same having been purchased by said McColl from James Murchie, as by deed bearing date 10th July, 1854.

The same having been seized and taken under an Execution in favor of Samuel Neill.

THOS. JONES,
Sheriff of Charlotte.
Sheriff's Office, St. Andrews,
1st October, 1855.

THE INFALLIBLE REMEDY!!!

Holloway's Ointment.

ERYSIPELAS of eight years cured! Copy of a Letter from Geo. Sinclair, Esq. of Paris, Canada, dated the 18th July, 1854.

To Professor Holloway.

Sir,—I feel a pleasure and a pride in bearing witness to the wonderful benefit I have derived by the use of your inestimable Ointment and Pills. For eight years I suffered unceasingly from attacks of erysipelas; large purple blotches came all over my body; in addition to the unpleasant feeling of itching and burning, which affected me both night and day, rendering life a misery to me, as well as to all around—so severe was the attack I used several reputed remedies without deriving the least cessation to my misery. At last I determined to try your Ointment and Pills; after taking them for a few weeks, a visible improvement took place, and I feel considerably better.—In three months, by continuing with your medicines, I was completely cured, and now enjoy the best of health. The truth of this statement is well known here, hence there is no necessity for me to request secrecy.

I am, Sir, yours respectfully,
(Signed) **Geo. SINCLAIR.**

ULCERS in the Leg.—Remarkable Cure! Copy of a Letter from Mr. Edward Tomkinson, of Cape Breton, Nova Scotia, dated the 4th May, 1854.

To Professor Holloway.

Sir,—My sister, Miss Jane Tomkinson, suffered for a great number of years from a bad leg; in which there were several deeply seated and old wounds, defying the skill of some of the most eminent of the medical faculty, a variety of remedies were also used unsuccessfully; and it seemed to me that there was not any thing capable of mitigating the agonies she endured. At length, she had recourse to your Ointment and pills, and after using them for about five weeks, she was completely cured, after all other means had failed to afford her the slightest relief. I have no objection to these facts being published, if you feel disposed to make them known.

I remain, Sir, your most obliged Servant
(Signed) **EDWD. TOMKINSON.**

A BAD BREAST CURED WHEN AT DEATH'S DOOR!!!

Copy of a Letter from Mr. Henry Malden of Three Rivers, Canada West, dated July 9th, 1854.

To Professor Holloway.

Sir,—My wife suffered most severely after the birth of our last child with a bad breast. There were several boils in it, one as large as a hand; all the devices and stratagems I tried would not heal them, but assumed an aspect more frightful than before, and horrible to behold. As a last resource I tried your ointment and pills, which she persevered with for seven weeks, at the expiration of that time her breast was almost well; by continuing with your remedies for two more weeks, she was entirely cured, and we offer you our united thanks for the cure effected.

I am, Sir, yours truly,
(Signed) **HENRY MALDEN.**

The Pills should be used conjointly with the Ointment in most of the following cases:

Bad Legs	Chilblains	Chilgo-foot
Bad Breasts	Chapped hands	Chilblains
Burns	Corns (soft)	Corns (hard)
Bunions	Cancers	Contracted and Stiff Joints
Bite of Mosquitoes	Contracted and Stiff Joints	Contracted and Stiff Joints
and Sand Flies	Contracted and Stiff Joints	Contracted and Stiff Joints
Coco-bay	Contracted and Stiff Joints	Contracted and Stiff Joints
Elephantiasis	Contracted and Stiff Joints	Contracted and Stiff Joints
Gout	Contracted and Stiff Joints	Contracted and Stiff Joints
Scurvy	Contracted and Stiff Joints	Contracted and Stiff Joints
Sore Heads	Contracted and Stiff Joints	Contracted and Stiff Joints
Tumours	Contracted and Stiff Joints	Contracted and Stiff Joints
Ulcers	Contracted and Stiff Joints	Contracted and Stiff Joints
Wounds	Contracted and Stiff Joints	Contracted and Stiff Joints
Yaws	Contracted and Stiff Joints	Contracted and Stiff Joints

Sold at the Establishment of Professor Holloway, 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar) London, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the Civilized World, in Pots, at 3s. 3d., 3s. 3d., and 5s. each, each Pot.

There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N.B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder, are affixed to each Pot.

Sold by all Vendors of Medicines throughout New Brunswick, and by A. H. Thompson, St. Stephen; Billings & Dyer, Eastport, and

ODELL & TURNER,
Of St. Andrews,
Wholesale Agents for the County Charlotte
March 28, 1855

Tea, FLOUR and Molasses.
Ex. "UTICA" from Boston.

20 Chests Superior Congo TEA.
15 half Chests Souchong do
10 Hds. Muscovado Molasses.
70 Bbls. Canada Extra Superior FLOUR
10 Bbls. Crushed SUGAR, &c. &c.
1 case Orange Marmalade 1lb Jars;
—Will be sold low—
J. W. STREET.

FLOUR &c.

Ex.—Utica from Boston—just received.
60 Bbls. superfine flour.
10 Do. Rye do.
10 Bbls. printing paper (Royal).
J. W. STREET.
7th March 1854.

To Let,

THE HOUSE at present occupied by Mr. Joseph Walton, on the corner of Water & Eliza both streets; to which is attached a large Garden. Possession given 1st May next. Apply to
G. F. CAMPBELL.
St. Andrews, 26th March, 1855.



AYER'S PILLS.

A new and singularly successful remedy for the cure of all bilious diseases—Constipation, Indigestion, Jaundice, Dropsy, Rheumatism, Fevers, Gout, Humors, Nervousness, Irritability, Inflammations, Headache, Pains in the Breast, Side, Back, and Limbs, Female complaints, &c. &c. Induced very few are the diseases in which a Purgative Medicine is not more or less required, and such sickness and suffering might be prevented, if a harmless but effective Cathartic were more freely used. No person can feel well while a costive habit of body prevails; besides it soon generates serious and often fatal diseases, which might have been avoided by the timely and judicious use of a good purgative. This is a safe and reliable remedy, and its use is a character to the physician of the highest order. Among the eminent gentlemen to whom we are allowed to refer for these facts, are
Prof. VALENTINE MORRIS, the distinguished Surgeon of New York City.
Prof. A. A. HAYES, Practical Chemist of the Port of Boston, and Geologist for the State of Massachusetts.
Prof. L. MOORE, M.D., an eminent Surgeon and Physician, of the City of Lowell, who has long used them in his extensive practice.
Prof. C. SUTHERLAND, Esq., one of the first merchants in New York City.
Prof. C. A. DAVIS, M.D., Surg. and Surgeon of the United States Marine Hospital, at Chelsea, Mass.
Did space permit, we could give many hundreds of such names, from all parts where the Pills have been used, but evidence even more convincing than the certificates of these eminent public men is shown in their effects upon trial.

These Pills, the result of long investigation and study, are offered to the public as the best and most complete which the present state of medical science can afford. They are compounded not of the drugs themselves, but of the medicinal virtues only of Vegetable remedies, extracted by chemical process, in a state of purity and combined together in such a manner as to insure the best results. This system of composition for medicines has been found in the Cherry Pectoral and Pills both, to produce a more efficient remedy than had hitherto been obtained by any process. The reason is perfectly obvious. While by the old mode of composition, every medicine is burdened with more or less of venomous and injurious qualities; by this, each individual virtue only that is desired for the curative effect is retained. Hence it is self-evident the effect should prove as they have proved more purely remedial, and the Pills a surer, more powerful antidote to disease than any other medicine known to the world.

As it is frequently expedient that my medicines should be used in the most judicious manner, and as we could not properly give a remedy without knowing its composition, I have supplied the bottles with a card, which every one who has not received them, they will be promptly forwarded by mail to his address.

For the Patient Medicines that are offered, how few would be taken if their composition was known: Their life consists in their mystery. I have no mystery.

The composition of my preparations is laid open to all men, and all who are competent to judge on the subject, freely acknowledge their opinions of their intrinsic merits. The Cherry Pectoral was pronounced by scientific men to be a wonderful medicine before its effects were known. Many eminent Physicians have declared the same thing of my Pills, and even more confidently; and are willing to certify that their anticipations were more than realized by their effects upon trial.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting wherever they exist such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Being sugar wrapped they are pleasant to take, and by minute directions, see the wrapper on the box.

Prepared by **JAMES C. AYER, Practical and Analytical Chemist, Lowell, Mass.**
Agents for St. Andrews, Adell & Turner, and M.S. Hannan. St. George, E. F. Knight.

ATHENÆUM FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY OF LONDON.
Capital £2000,000 Sterling.
Rt. Hon. the Earl of GRANVILLE, Chairman.

THIS Office insures against Loss or Damage by Fire all descriptions of Buildings, including Mills and Manufactories, and the Goods, Wares, and Merchandise in the same; Household Furniture, Iron, Wearing Apparel, &c.; Ships on the stocks, in harbour or in dock; River Craft and their Cargoes; and Farming Stock of all descriptions in Great Britain and Ireland, and the Colonies, and also in Foreign Countries.

HENRY SALTER, Manager,
30 Saville Street, London.
WM. WHITLOCK,
Agent for Saint Andrews.

"Martell" Brandy.
Direct from Cognac via Halifax.
40 Hds. Best Martell Brandy, vintage 20 Cases 1850 and 1851.
July 30, 1855. **J. W. STREET**

Flour, Tea, &c.
Just received by steamer from Boston, via EASTPORT:
30 Bbls. fancy superfine family flour made from new wheat.
10 Chests superior Congo tea.
Oct 13 **J. W. STREET.**

Steamboat and Railroad

TO AND FROM
Portland, Boston & St. John
TWICE A WEEK.

THE favorite Steamer
ADMIRAL,
Captain Wood Hutchins,
leaves Portland, every
TUESDAY and FRIDAY Evening at 5 o'clock,
on the arrival of the 12 o'clock Train from
Boston, for EASTPORT and ST. JOHN.
Returning leaves ST. JOHN on MONDAY and
THURSDAY Mornings, at 8 o'clock, for East-
port and PORTLAND, connecting with the half-
past 6 A.M. Train for BOSTON, and landing
her passengers in Boston by 10 A.M.

The steamer Nequasset, Capt. T. Carey, will
in future connect regularly with the Admiral,
making the line complete to St. Andrews and
Halifax.

Far as low as by any other line. Tickets to
St. John, Portland, Boston or Montreal, can be
had of
ROBERT STORR, Agent,
St. Andrews.

CARD.
Messrs. R. Storr & Co.
BEG to inform their friends and the
Public of St. Andrews, that they have
been enabled to secure the services
Of a FIRST-RATE CUTTER,
to superintend their TAILORING DE-
PARTMENT.

who will be ready at all times to attend
strictly to the wishes of their Customers, and
furnish them with articles of the newest
Fashion, patterns of which he is constantly
supplied with.

Messrs. R. S. & Co. beg also to state,
that they have now on hand,
A CHOICE SELECTION OF THE
NEWEST GOODS,
In Fancy Dress Skirts, Vestings,
Broadcloths, &c.

In making this announcement, Messrs.
R. S. & Co. beg to thank their friends
and patrons for the kind and uniform en-
couragement which has been shown to them
since the opening of their establishment,
and of which they respectfully solicit a con-
tinuance.

St. Andrews, March 19, 1855.

London & Parisian
DEPOT.
May, 1855.

THE Subscriber begs leave to announce her
removal from Germain Street, to more ex-
pensive and commodious premises in Prince Wil-
iam Street, adjoining the Golden Fleece, and also
that she has at great expense secured to her
patrons the services of two of the most eminent Mil-
lners of London or Paris. In addition to a large
Stock in this department, unrivalled in variety and
beauty of design, the Subscriber has imported a
full and complete assortment of every article ne-
cessary to the costume of Ladies and children, in-
cluding:—

HOSIERY, GLOVES, RIBBONS, LACES
Parasols, Mantles, French, and English STAYS
Long Cloths, and MUSLIN GOODS, Printed
Cambrics, and French Delaines, Lyons and
English S. I. K. S. Ladies' Dressing Gowns
Beauty Wools, and Worsted; in every shade,
together with **HABERDASHERY**
and all Goods required to perfect the assortment.

A FANCY REPOSITORY.
Thankful for past favours, an assurance is of-
fered that at the New Establishment still further
efforts will be made to deserve extended patron-
age and encouragement.

A large Stock of the above Goods will be kept
especially devoted to the Wholesale Trade.
A. WOOLAN.
St. John, May 14.

Cancers Cured without Pain!
FOR this terrible scourge on man a remedy is
found, which has never failed to cure when
fairly tested. The knife and plaster are both
uncertain and painful, when this antidote, charac-
terized by its simplicity and safety, removes all the sys-
tem, when the cancer, internal or external, comes
to be. Females are doubly liable to this malady,
and should, at its earliest intimation, avail them-
selves of this remedy. It is safe to conclude
that the number who die annually of this horrid
foe, is equal, if not surpassing, those on which
it is apparent only on the surface. Calls at a
distance will be considered. Apply by letter at
once to Dr. S. BRUCE, No 15, Montgom-
ery Place, Boston.

On hand: Ladies SKIRT-HOLDERS; Gen-
tlemen's BRACES; CHEST EXPANDERS; also,
TRUNKS and Supporters.

J. M. Read,
Inventor, Manufacturer and Dealer in Portable
Cylinder Ventilating Hot Air
COOKING RANGES,
New Era Cooking and Parlor Stoves combined,
both fitted to burn wood or coal. With a general
assortment of
Cooking, Parlor and Office STOVES.

Also, Read's Patent Screw, Boot Forms and Boot
Crimping Machines. Read's Patent Double-Act-
ing Screw Jack, for raising buildings, railroad
cars, coaches, and other heavy burdens.
Nos. 31 and 33 Union street, Boston.

LITTLE'S
FASHIONABLE SHOE STORE.
JUST received an extensive assortment of—
FALL & WINTER BOOTS,
SHOES and RUBBERS,
of the most fashionable styles and elegant finish,
which will be sold lower than any ever before
offered in this market.

Persons requiring any of the above are respect-
fully invited to inspect the stock.
Gentlemen's French Calf, Rip and thick Boots
made to order, on the shortest notice.
Oct. 25, 1854. **JOHN LITTLE.**

Blanks for sale
At this Office.

FRIEND OF THE CANADIAN

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

Extraordinary Cure of Asthma!!! of an
old Lady, seventy-five years of age.
Copy of a Letter from Mr. Thomas Wea-
son, (Book Store,) Toronto, dated the
9th October, 1854.

To Professor Holloway.

Sir,—Gratitude compels me to make
known to you the extraordinary benefit an
aged parent has derived from the use of
your Pills. My mother was afflicted for
upwards of four and twenty years with
asthma and spitting of blood, it was quite
agony to see her suffer and hear her
cough; I have often declared that I would
give all I possessed to have cured her; but
although I paid a large sum for medicine
and advice, it was all to no purpose. A-
bout three months ago, I thought perhaps
your Pills might benefit her, at all events I
resolved to give them a trial, which I did,
the result was marvellous; by slow de-
grees my mother became better, and after
persevering with your remedies for nine
weeks, she was perfectly cured, and now
enjoys the best of health, although seventy-
five years old.

I remain, Sir, your obliged,
(Signed) **Thomas Weason.**

Remarkable Cure of Dropsy!! after being
tapped three times.
Copy of a Letter from Anthony Smith, Esq.
Halifax, Nova Scotia, dated the 25th
August, 1854.

To Professor Holloway.

Sir,—I desire to add my testimony to
the value of your Pills, in cases of dropsy.
For nine months I suffered the greatest
torment with this distressing complaint; I
was tapped three times, and finally given up
by the doctors; having become appar-
ent as a skeleton, and with no more
strength in me than a child just born. It
was then that I thought of trying your Pills,
and immediately sent for a quantity, and
commenced using them. The result I can
scarcely credit even now, although true it
is. After using them for four weeks, I felt
much better; and by persevering with them,
at the expiration of two months, I was
completely cured. I have since enjoyed
the best of health.

I am, Sir, yours, sincerely,
(Signed) **ANTHONY SMITH**
 Astonishing Cure of General Debility and
Liver Complaint!!!

Copy of a Letter from William Reeves, of
Charlottetown, Prince Edward's Island,
dated 17th Nov. 1854.

To Professor Holloway.

Sir,—I am happy to say that your Pills
have restored me to health after suffering
for nine years from the most intense gen-
eral debility and languor, my liver and bow-
els were also much deranged for the whole
of that time. I tried many medicines, but
they were of no good to me, until I had
recourse to your Pills, by taking which, and
following the printed directions for seven
weeks I was cured, after every other means
failed, to the astonishment of my neigh-
bours, acquaintances, and friends. I shall
ever feel grateful to you for this astonishing
restoration to health, and will recommend
your Pills to all sufferers, feeling it my duty
to do so.

I remain, Sir, your humble servant,
(Signed) **WILLIAM REEVES.**

These celebrated Pills are wonderfully
efficacious in the following complaints.

Ague	Jaundice
Asthma	Liver complaints
Bilious complaints	Lumbago
Bloaches on the skin	Piles
Bowel complaints	Rheumatism
Colic	Retention of Urine
Constipation of the	Scrofula, or
Bowels	King's Evil
Consumption	Sore Throat
Debility	Stones and Gravel
Dropsy	Secondary symptoms
Dysentery	Tic Douloureux
Erysipelas	Tumours
Female Irregularities	Ulcers
Fever of all kinds	Veneral Affections
Fits	Worms of all kinds
Gout	Weakness, from
Head-ache	whatever cause
Indigestion	&c. &c.
Inflammation	

Sold at the Establishment of Professor
Holloway, 244, Strand, near Temple Bar,
London, and by all respectable Druggists
and Dealers in Medicines throughout the
Civilized World, at the following prices:—

1s 4d; 3s 6d; 5s 6d each box.
There is a considerable saving by taking
the larger sizes.

N.B.—Directions for the guidance of
patients in every disorder are affixed to
each Box.

Sold by all Vendors of Medicines through-
out New Brunswick, and by A. H. Thomp-
son, St. Stephen; Billings & Dyer, East-
port, and

ODELL & TURNER,
Of Saint Andrews,
Wholesale Agents for the County Charlotte
March 28, 1855

Notice.

THE Subscriber having had his Office
destroyed by fire, will for the present
conduct his business at his residence just
above the Court House, where all persons
desirous of seeing him, are requested to call.
R. M. ANDREWS.
St. Andrews, 23d April, 1855. (4)