

The Star

and The News

VOL. LII.

ST. JOHN, N. B., WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1912

NO. 1

Onions, Valencia, 14 cases, 0.00 " 1.20
Onions, American, bag, 1.75 " 2.00

FISH.

Small dry cod, 4.00 " 0.00
Medium dry cod, 5.25 " 5.00
Large dry cod, 6.75 " 6.00
Grand Manan herring, 5.25 " 5.00
bbbs, 5.25 " 5.00
Grand Manan herring, 5.25 " 5.00
halibut, 7.75 " 8.00
Fresh haddock, 0.25 " 0.00
Pickled shad, half-bbls., 8.00 " 11.00
Fresh cod, per box, 0.025 " 0.03
Blotters, per box, 0.35 " 0.30
Halibut, 0.10 " 0.00
Kipperd herring, per doz, 0.30 " 0.20
Finnan haddies, 0.06 " 0.07

OILS.

Pett's Astral, 0.00 " 0.00
White Rose and Chester, 0.00 " 0.175
High grade Sarnia and
Asphalt, 0.00 " 0.175
Sino, 0.00 " 0.17
Turpentine, 0.00 " 0.05
Raw oil, 0.00 " 0.05
Boiled oil, 0.00 " 0.08
Sino, last oil, 0.37 " 0.00
Extra No. 1, 0.81 " 0.00
Motor gasoline, 0.00 " 0.24

HOPWELL HILL NOTES

Hopewell Hill, Sept. 24—Golden Rule Division, No. 51, Sons of Temperance, has elected the following officers for the coming year: Miss M. A. Harrison, W. P.; Fred G. Moore, W. A.; Miss Nellie Newcombe, R. S.; C. D. Dickson, A. R. S.; Miss Helen Newcombe, F. S.; Mrs. S. Rogers, treasurer; Mrs. George W. Newcombe, chaplain; Henry Tingley, C. E. Robinson, A. C.; Mariner F. Tingley, I. S.; Guy Russell, O. S.; J. C. Clifford, W. W. W. J. L. Bishop, of Rexton; Kent county, is visiting at the home of his parents, Capt. and Mrs. John E. Bishop, Cape Sable. Warren Payne left on Monday for St. John, where he has employment. Two young cattle, a yearling and a two-year-old, were found dead in the woods near Curryville last week by some persons. The animals were lying side by side and it is supposed they were killed by lightning during one of the late thunder storms.

WEDDINGS

Barbour-Huntley.
Hopewell Hill, Sept. 25—At the home of the bride's parents, this evening, Miss Lena Lunsley, daughter of Captain and Mrs. E. Huntley, of Upper New Brunswick, was united in marriage to Charles C. Barbour, son of Mr. and Mrs. Ezra O. Barbour. The ceremony, which took place at 8.30 p.m., was performed by Rev. H. Barrett, of St. Mary's, a former pastor of the Albert Methodist church. A large number of invited guests were present. The bride was attended by a handmaid in white, with black veils, with veil and orange blossoms, and carried a bouquet of white roses. Miss Lilly Barbour, sister of the groom, was supported by Rev. H. Barrett, of St. Mary's, supporting the groom. A wedding supper was served at the close of the ceremony. The groom's present to the bride was a handsome set of mink furs, the bride's maid receiving a pearl ring, the groom's maid a pin. The bride's father gave her a piano. The going-away costume of the bride is a tan broadcloth suit, with black beaver hat, with willow plume. The newly married couple will leave in the morning on a wedding trip to Nova Scotia and P. E. Island, afterwards taking up their residence in Albert. The bride and groom are both popular and will have best wishes of many friends.

Rideout-Pearson.

Harland, N. B., Sept. 26—(Special)—Arlington A. Rideout, one of the county's successful produce merchants, was married Wednesday to Christiana Pearson, daughter of Jas. Pearson, of Upper Brighton, Carleton county. Rev. M. H. Maudslott, of the Presbyterian church, assisted, while Rev. S. Walker Schurman, pastor of the United Baptist church, was the officiating clergyman. Joseph Pearson supported the bride and Pauline Rideout, sister of the groom, played the march. The bride wore a white silk mill dress trimmed with willow trim, and carried a bouquet of carnations and sweet peas. The groom's gift to the bride was a beautiful set of Alaska furs. Among the many guests present were the Hon. J. C. Fleming and wife, who had been neighbors of the Rideouts for some years, and Andrew McCain, with whom Mr. Rideout is associated in business. Mrs. and Mrs. Rideout will make their home in Harland, after spending a few days in St. John.

Williston-McMaster.

Newcastle, Sept. 26—A very pretty wedding took place last evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas McMaster, when their youngest daughter, Miss Edythe H. Williston, was united in marriage to John A. Williston, of Bay du Vin. The ceremony was performed in the handsomely decorated parlour by Rev. Dr. Harrison, in the presence of the immediate relatives. The bride who was given away by her father, was unattended. She wore a handsome dress of cream satin with lace trimmings, and carried a bouquet of white roses, and orange blossoms. After the ceremony supper was served. Mr. and Mrs. Williston will make their home in St. John, New Brunswick.

Arthur Shaw, of Lepreux, well known for that section of the county, was in the city yesterday. He said that big game was abundant in that neighborhood and there promised to be many large moose brought down. Already some parties had been in the woods and brought down good-sized animals. Mr. Shaw has not been with any parties for a week or two, but expects to guide several hunters during the season, starting after next week.

FEARS FOR SAFETY OF LORNEVILLE MAN

Stewart McCavour, Telegraph Operator at St. Francis, Went Hunting With Guide Sunday Morning and Hasn't Returned as Intended—Search Party Hunts in Vain.

Special to The Telegraph.
Houlton, Me., Sept. 30—Searching parties are tonight hunting in the woods to find Stewart McCavour, a Bangor & Aroostook telegraph operator at St. Francis, and his companion, Pete Clark, an experienced woodsman, who left St. Francis Sunday at 8 a.m. on a hunting trip. They failed to return Sunday evening, as intended, and as Clark is familiar with the woods, grave apprehension is held. Several parties are hunting the woods to find them, but up to 9 o'clock tonight they have not been found. McCavour's home is at Lorneville (N. B.).

DISASTROUS FIRE IN SACKVILLE

Business Blocks Wiped Out
Loss About \$60,000 Which is Partially Covered by Insurance

At 2:10 o'clock the cry "Fire" was heard simultaneously with an outbreak of flames from the rear window on the third story of the Dowl building, occupied by George E. Wry, a furniture repairer and painter. Workmen had filled the store with dry shavings or something of that kind, and gas generated which burst from the store with sufficient force to send blazing tapers all over the floor and about which was dry excelsior, shavings and other most inflammable material, and which spread like a train of gunpowder to the paint and varnishes with which the room was filled.

So sudden was the outbreak that the workmen scarcely had time to escape with their lives, and as it was a burning more or less severely. The removal of goods from G. W. Co.'s dry goods store was being completed when the fire broke out. The building was deemed to be a total loss. The fire was caused by a gas stove in the kitchen, which had been left burning. The fire spread rapidly, and the building was completely destroyed. The loss is estimated at about \$60,000. The insurance company is expected to cover the loss.

Special to The Telegraph.

Sackville, N. B., Sept. 30—A disastrous fire broke out here this afternoon and before the flames were under control many buildings were laid in ruins, and entailed a loss of about \$60,000, which is partially covered by insurance.

Flames Bid Fair at One Time to Sweep the Town, But Help from Amherst Department Came in Nick of Time—Townpeople Did Good Salvage Work.

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THE ONLY COMMENT: LAUGHTER



The Canadian Manufacturers' Association, in convention assembled, greeted with laughter the appeal of the western grain growers that the British preference should be increased to fifty per cent., with free trade to come in ten years.—Toronto Star.

LAWRENCE STRIKERS BATTLE WITH POLICE

One Day "Demonstration" as a Protest Against Trial of I. W. W. Leaders, Accused of Murder, Results in Many Broken Heads—Rioters Trampled on Women Who Refused to Join Them.

Lewiston, Me., Sept. 30—A "demonstration" against the imprisonment of labor leaders took place here today. After a hand-to-hand struggle between rioters and police in the morning, the rioters declared at night, the demonstration was declared off by the Industrial Workers of the World.

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IS THERE A SCHEME TO WRECK THE G.T.P.?

Balkan States on Verge of War
General Belief That Grade Is Changed
Ottawa Hears That Road Will Not Be Built As Planned

Belgrade, Serbia and Greece Mobilize Armies for Trouble
Ultimatum to Turkey
Servia Serves Notice on Sultan's Government They Seized in Transit in 48 Hours—Powers Trying Hard to Avert Hostilities.

Special to The Telegraph.

Sofia, Bulgaria, Sept. 30—The mobilization of the Bulgarian army was proclaimed by the government today. The action was taken in consequence of alarming news received here as to the concentration of considerable forces of Turkish troops in the neighborhood of Adrianople and along the Bulgarian frontier. The Bulgarian cabinet desires to be prepared for any eventuality that might arise.

Special to The Telegraph.

Ottawa, Sept. 30—Just as the Canadian Pacific scandal of 1912 wrecked the government of Sir John A. Macdonald, so may the emerging scandal in regard to the degrading of the National Transcontinental railway, under the political maneuvering of the minister of railways, in collusion with private interests, wreck the Borden government.

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THE MUSHROOM CAN BE GROWN WITH EASE AND PROFIT

At Present Mushroom Culture is Almost Entirely in the Hands of Greenhouse Men and Private Gardeners, But it Need Not Be So.

The mushroom is a much prized article of food and may be as easily grown as many other vegetable products, and with as much pleasure and profit. The ease of growing it is one of its chief attractions. It is a fungus, and is not a plant, and is not affected by frost or cold. It is a fungus, and is not a plant, and is not affected by frost or cold. It is a fungus, and is not a plant, and is not affected by frost or cold.

When grown in the cellar some attention should be given to ventilation; uniform temperatures maintained and excess moisture avoided. In some cases mushrooms are grown directly on the floor of the cellar, and in others grown on shelves placed the one directly above the other. The thickness depends a good deal upon circumstances, such as quality and moisture and temperature of the house. Usually they are about one foot deep.

In making up the beds bring in the manure and shake it up loosely and spread evenly over the bed, beating it down firmly with the back of the fork as you go along, and continue in this way until the desired depth is obtained. In some cases loam is mixed with the manure. If manure is of good quality the heat will go up to 110 to 120 degrees.

Spawning the beds is accomplished when the heat is in the vicinity of 90 and on the decline. A brick is set up into ten or twelve pieces with a sharp hatchet, avoiding, as much as possible, the making of many crumbs. Plant the lumps about an inch under the surface of the manure and about ten inches apart each way. The whole process may be performed with the fingers, after which the bed is finished.

Earthing the beds is an important operation in mushroom growing. It consists in covering the mature beds, after they have been sown with a coating of casing of good loam. The spawn spreads in the manure, and rises up in the casing, where most of the mushrooms develop. The loam also contributes to the sustenance of the crop.

Watering is a matter considering some consideration. In properly made beds the manure should remain moist enough from the first to last. Endeavor to lessen the need for watering the beds, but if it is needed never hesitate to apply freely.

For fresh and attractive appearance and best appreciation in the market, pick mushrooms when they are plump and fresh and just before the frill connecting the cap and stem breaks apart. Pick mushrooms always keep fresh longer than do those that have been cut. Mushrooms are bought and sold by weight, and as the stems weigh with the crop it follows that pulled mushrooms bring a higher price than those that have been cut.

Mushroom growing furnishes a pleasant and profitable side line for the farmer. A few feet of space will furnish sufficient for his table, and an ordinary house cellar will enable him to put many on the market. — E. M. Straugh, Macdonald College.

THE TELEGRAPH'S LONDON LETTER

British Professor's Remarks on the Origin of Life Startles London Scientists and Others—Many Skeptical about Manufacturing Life—"Drake," a Patriotic Play, Makes Big Hit—Other Topics of Interest.

London, Sept. 14.—London has awakened early this autumn from the indolent dream of holiday and has thrown herself into the activities of the Little Season. The autumn season is now in full swing. This is hardly surprising considering that the said season was so largely composed of chilly impressions of damp and dreary days that it may be said to have had all the typical characteristics of a nightmare, and that the temperature of the present moment is certainly discouraging to the spirit of joyous challenge. In point of fact the air "rips so slowly" that it is necessary to keep on the move merely to keep the blood in circulation and to realize that it may be not yet in late October or even in November.

Corrosive colors are already having their effect on the health of the community, and overcast and felt have become the rule rather than the exception on the streets, influenza has stalked out a large claim on the health of the community and is working it vigorously and people gather with shivering eagerness about the open fire which has begun to sparkle in the parlors of the West. Thousands of "happy homes of England." Of course all this might have been expected from a year which evidently has been a year of "happy homes of England." Of course all this might have been expected from a year which evidently has been a year of "happy homes of England."

It is the British, however, who are proceeding with its annual conference in Dundee, which is entitled to the honor of being the first and possibly the greatest sensation. This is because Dr. Schaefer, who succeeds Sir William Ramsey as president of the association, had a few words to say in his opening address on the open subject, "The origin of life." He started out with a particularly pertinent question, "What is the origin of life?" He started out with a particularly pertinent question, "What is the origin of life?"

His argument, somewhat roughly stated, is that the origin of life is a mystery. He argued that the origin of life is a mystery. He argued that the origin of life is a mystery. He argued that the origin of life is a mystery. He argued that the origin of life is a mystery.

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IHC Cream Separators Have Trouble-Proof Neck Bearings

GRANTING that a cream separator is a money-making necessity on every farm where three or more cows are kept, there are two points to make sure of when you purchase your machine—close skimming and long life.

These heavy-duty skimming differences between separators when new but there is a tremendous difference in the length of service they will give. The difference is due to design and mechanical construction. To take one example of mechanical efficiency

IHC Cream Separators Dairymaid and Bluebell

have trouble proof, self-aligning, bowl spindle bearings. The bowl spindle bearing or neck bearing is an extremely important part of the separator mechanism. Its business is to reduce to the lowest possible point the vibration of a heavy bowl whirling at the rate of 6,000 or more revolutions per minute. A rigid bearing in such a place is impossible. To make a flexible bearing capable of withstanding the terrific balance of strength, firmness, and elasticity, in IHC cream separators this balance is secured by the use of one spring. There is only one wearing part, a phosphor bronze bushing. The entire bearing is protected from dirt or milk by steel cases. It is easy to adjust and that easy to maintain.

Go to the IHC local agent who handles these machines and ask him to show you how successfully this bearing meets all the difficulties imposed upon it. He will also show you many other reasons why IHC cream separators, made in four sizes, are the best. Get catalogues and full information from him, or write the nearest branch house.

CANADIAN BRANCH HOUSES
INTERNATIONAL HARVESTER COMPANY OF AMERICA
(Incorporated)
At Brandon, Calgary, Edmonton, Hamilton, Lethbridge, London, Montreal, N. B. Station, Ottawa, Quebec, Regina, Saskatoon, St. John's, Toronto, Vancouver, Winnipeg, Yorkton
IHC Service Bureau

The purpose of this Bureau is to furnish, free of charge to all, the best information obtainable on bettering your cream separator. Write for a copy of our booklet, "How to get the most out of your separator," and send them to IHC Service Bureau, International Harvester Co., Chicago, Ill.

MADE POTATO PRICES DOUBLE NEW BRUNSWICK

Taters at Houlton \$1 to \$1.10, Against 50 to 60 Cents Per Barrel in Carleton County.

Houlton, Me., Sept. 27.—Green Mountain potatoes today are selling at \$1, and Cobblers at \$1.10 per barrel. It is estimated that Aroostook will not ship more than 10,000,000 bushels this season, as compared with 15,000,000 last year. But little rot is reported. The yield varies from rather poor to a little above the average. A good many Green Mountains are being hauled to market.

The out crop is about three-quarters as much as last year's crop of earlier quality and brings \$12 a ton.

Potato prices in Carleton county (N. B.), are from 50 to 60 cents per barrel with little demand.

N. B. POTATO MEN REFUSE TO BUY AT ANY PRICE

Several Loads Stored as Farmers Couldn't Sell Them—Bringing \$1.15 a Barrel in Maine.

Woodstock, Sept. 28.—Several loads of potatoes were brought in by farmers about the week, and stored, as potato men refused to buy at any price. One shipper who landed 425 bags at Montreal was compelled to accept \$110 for the lot. Twelve cars from Carleton county stood in the Montreal sidings for several days, and were finally sold for seventy-five cents a barrel.

Fort Fairfield and Houlton (Me.) buyers were paying \$1.08 a barrel on Tuesday and \$1.15 on Wednesday.

HOW TO COOK TROUT

The proper cooking of a trout is an art. The man who is to cook the trout should be sure to get the trout from his downy couch while the stars are yet in the sky; don his wading boots, secure his rod and reel, then tramp five miles over a steep mountain trail, but the stream and whip it back to within half a mile of camp. During that time he will have had the foundation for the cooking. When you have reached camp light your cooking fire, heap on dry wood (willow limbs are excellent) and allow it to burn down to a bed of coals. While the coals are making dress your fish in this wise: With a sharp knife slit him down the belly and remove the entrails, scrape the dark substance from beneath the backbone, then wipe the fish inside and out with a damp cloth, but do not let me beg of you—dip the fish in water; and do not, as you love me, attempt to scale a trout. Cut a thin strip of bacon and place it lengthwise in the belly cavity; sprinkle with pepper and salt.

Take two heavy frying pans and place the larger of these on the fire and heat it thoroughly, remove and smear with a bacon rind. Bake out a bed of coals, set the pan thereon and place your trout in it. Take the smaller pan which has also been heated, and invert it over the larger one; cover both with hot coals and pronounce whatever incantation or charm which you choose for twenty-five minutes by the watch. I usually burn incense in the shape of a pipe of "dog leg" while my trout is cooking. Do not lift the cover while the work is progressing. Let it progress.

At the expiration of the time gently lift the cover and reveal a crisp, brown, skinned-of-white, flaky meat, all the juices intact, all the aroma preserved. If you happen to have a bottle of Worcestershire sauce or some such chemical abomination, grasp it firmly by the neck, exert all your force, and hurl it as far into the lake as possible. Good trout, like good wine, needs no "bottle" September 28th.

If silver is to be stored away for some time, pack it with dry flour; it will remain unharmed.

DESTRUCTIVE WEEDS ANNOY THE FARMERS

Curator of Natural History Society Has Collected Great Many Varieties—A Fine Lot of Specimens.

At the present time the collection of plants in the museum of the Natural History Society is being re-arranged and pruned by the curator of the society. The collection of pressed plants here is a very extensive and valuable one, and includes plants from all parts of the world which have been taken nearly three-quarters of a century ago. More than 500 specimens were contributed to the collection by Dr. James Fowler, of Queen's University, Kingston, and nearly as many more were given by Dr. G. F. Matthews. The most valuable portion has been given by Dr. Fernald, of Harvard University, one of America's foremost botanists, and editor of the seventh edition of Gray's Botany, which is now a standard text-book for botanical students. His collection contains some very rare ferns and plants, gathered from various parts of the world. The curator has made valuable contributions also, by donating a complete collection of fern plants, which he has added nearly as many more during the last three years. This collection of ferns is composed principally of species having a special bearing on agriculture. From various sources a fine collection of exotic and tropical ferns have been procured for the museum. The total collection numbers many thousands of specimens, being so numerous that the whole building would not furnish sufficient room to display them all. It is, perhaps, the most valuable collection in Eastern Canada, and even the members are not aware of how extensive it is, comprising, as it does, plants, etc., from India, China, South Africa, and all the European and Asiatic countries and the southern islands.

Speaking of the plants or weeds that are injurious to agriculture, Mr. McLeod said last night that these were very numerous and some very destructive. When asked as to which proved the greatest pest to the farmer, he said that this would be a very difficult question to answer, as it all depends on the country, with which one has to contend. Perhaps the most destructive, however, were the Devil's Panbush, and the Lemon Hawk weed, both of which have been lately introduced into the province. Both these weeds grow very thickly and choke out any other growth. Almost every farmer is acquainted with these weeds and knows

how destructive they are. Many farmers are troubled with other weeds which they do not know, but the curator says that by sending a specimen to the museum, he will name it and tell him various and effective ways of treating it.

TO KNOW A GOOD POTATO It Depends Altogether on How it is to Be Cooked.

The Irish potato is not Irish at all in its origin. As a matter of fact, says a writer in the *Steward*, it is a native of the United States and wasn't known in Europe until after Columbus had discovered America. It is also native to South America and has been growing wild both in Chile and Buenos Ayres.

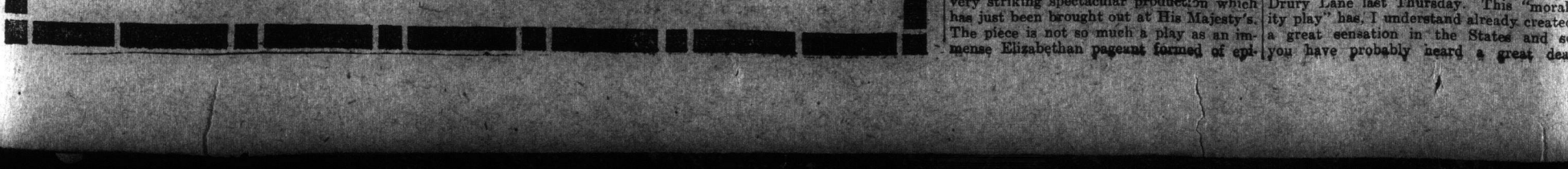
It was first shipped to Spain from the neighborhood of Quito in the early part of the sixteenth century, first to England and then to France. Sir Walter Raleigh first planted it in Ireland on the estate of Fougla, near the city of Cork. In 1587 it was first planted in Lancashire, England, from Sir Walter Raleigh's garden.

It is a good quality of potato, and Sir Walter Raleigh's experience was that he considered, with other people, that the potato was a fruit (pomme de terre) "apple of the earth," and when the plant grew and the seed stock set forth, he preserved the seed balls upon them and concluded that they were the delicious fruit, and upon boiling them found they were not like what he had had, and only discovered his mistake when digging up the ground for other purposes.

Sir Walter, upon experimenting, found that treble the quality of potatoes could be raised from the same parcel of ground as of any other vegetable, and immediately the potato became the principal food of the Irish peasantry.

Permanently, the great Frenchman, introduced the potato into France under great difficulties. He wanted the French people to adopt the potato as food, but they would not even taste it until convinced with the authorities he succeeded in forcing them into using the potato.

He planted a garden in potatoes and made a big "do" about them until they were ripe. He then was allowed a detachment of soldiers to guard them. However all these still winds, which are rightly looked upon as ill winds, blow us good to the extent of making the opening of the little season most interesting. The new plan for the potato is being vigorously discussed, new attractions at the playhouses are being produced with bewildering brilliancy and already the class of actors and actresses of the day are pondering theories on important questions as to the origin of life, and from what it will do to the potato. The potato and baked potatoes have been used so much in this country that the stewards have lost sight of every other kind of potato.



Master Workman
SMOKING TOBACCO
This world-famous Brand can now be obtained for 15¢ a cut at all the best Stores

bridge at the Falls is to be finished. It is to wait for another election.

Some of our protectionist friends are beginning to talk about the National Policy. Those whose memories are good will recall that the famous N. P. contained a standard offer of reciprocity with the United States.

Important real estate transactions continue as a feature of the daily news. Faith in St. John's expansion is beginning to assert itself strongly. Within a year we shall be regarding the present as a very dull period, yet in contrast with a year or two ago it is lively enough.

The manufacturers, in session at Ottawa, received a telegram from the Grain Growers' Guide, of Winnipeg, urging them to favor an increase in the British preference. Did the loyal manufacturers do so? Not they. They want the home market for themselves. They do not welcome British competition. They are opposed to the preference, but as yet they lack the courage to seek its repeal.

A lot at the corner of Broadway and Wall street, New York, was sold recently at the rate of \$3,400,000 an acre, or \$4.75 a square foot. If just goes to show how far St. John real estate prices have to go before they can properly be described as inflated. Local real estate, by the way, is showing considerable activity. Evidently there is a lively period of trading ahead, with more, and more outside capital coming in.

Mr. Bourassa says Mr. Monk will resign. Mr. Bourassa says Mr. Monk will resign. Mr. Bourassa says Mr. Monk will resign. Mr. Bourassa says Mr. Monk will resign.

Heavy blasting at night is disturbing the rest of many citizens, and complaints are becoming frequent. Some of those who are annoyed are persons in ill health. The suggestion is made that no blasts be fired between 10 p. m. and 6 or 7 a. m. The city is so much in favor of progress, and so willing to encourage it, that probably only a small percentage of those who resist the blasting operations have broken have been heard from, but nevertheless the number complaining is large.

BULL MOOSE CHARGED AUTO
Sussex Barrister and Party of Ladies Had an Exciting Experience Near Penobscot—Presentation to Station Agent.
Penobscot, N. B., Sept. 27.—(Special)—H. McFadden, a Sussex lawyer, was out for a spin in his automobile with three young ladies last evening, and they had a novel and exciting encounter with a bull moose. The car, with three young ladies at the wheel was spinning along the road about three miles from Penobscot, when a big bull moose appeared suddenly in the glare of the headlights. Before the occupants of the car fully realized what was happening the animal charged, snorting at the machine. The young lady had no time for a word as she swerved aside. The glare of the lights had blinded him, and he went at full speed into a pit from which gravel had been dug by the roadmaker, falling and going end over end. In a moment he was up again and away, scared and disgusted by his undignified tumble.

Friends of W. R. Wallace, the popular and efficient station agent here, visited on him this evening and presented a beautiful parlor suite in celebration of his recent marriage.

Walter Stewart shot a fine moose at Mechanics yesterday. Big game is reported plentiful.

It has been a record year for blueberries. The shipments only ceased this week, and they have been heavy throughout the season.

WORLD'S W. C. T. U. CONVENTION IN BROOKLYN IN 1913
Portland, Me., Sept. 27.—The world's convention of the Women's Christian Temperance Union in 1913 will be held in Brooklyn, (N. Y.). This announcement was made today by Mrs. William Stewart, national president.

ABE MARTIN

