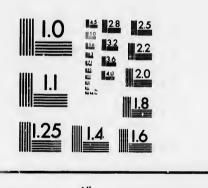


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Roma Con to la Como

## To the Town Reeve of the Township of , in the County of Waterloo, Wellington District, C.W.

SIR :-

WHENEVER I am authentically informed of the day upon which you and your brother Reeves are to assemble after being constituted I will apply to the Reeve of the Township in which I reside, to lay before you, collectively, a Petition embodying the following statements.

I am,

Sir,

Your Obedient,

JOHN FOOTE,

Fergus.

That by representations made by JAMES WEBSTER, Esq., and which were not custained by facts, and by a course as insiduous as it was ertinaciously urged, the Undersigned was inveigled into an agreement with the Hon. ADAM Fraqueson, of Woudhill, and the seld James Webster, to act under the designation, publicly, of a Land and General Agent, &c. & and had the (Afficial appointments of Coroner, Public Notary, and Commissioner of the Queen's Bench, conferred upon him ; but without being made aware of these appointments till

. Fergusson, (Exjudge) the successor to James Webster in the representation of the County of Waterloo, concurring-

That when the undersigned entered to perform the duties of that autotion, they were not those which they were represented by James Webster, they would be ; but they were discreditable-the conference on the many strate, conversant in part with the private practices of that Agency, has stated, "that the situation was far some object other than the improvement of the country."

That the undersigned, upon detecting the fraud practised upon hm, expressed in writing to A. J. Fergusson the reluctance with which he had ratified the agreement—waited upon him at Guelph—pointed out an instance of imposition to bad faith? ... received neither explanction nor satisfaction. That the undersigned delayed tendering a written resignation till he should be afforded an oppartunity to couverse with his Honor on the subject of that Agency; but before such en opportunity occurred, the undersigned was summoned to Guelph, and did there hold Inquest on Olicer, as murdered by Coughlia. Heving thereby performed a duty, serious end inpurtant, alike to the individual as to society, he, to maintain eppearances, but with feelings of ill-suppressed disgust, continued his attendance at the Agency, till about ten days before Coughlin's trial at the Assizes; then sent his resignation through A.J. Esrgusson, to his father, the Hon. Adam Fergusson, and James Webster, who at that time were attending to their Parliamentary duties ut Montreal, retired, and seperated himself from the connection.

Since that time (June, 1847,) the undersigned has exhausted, but fruitlessly, all amicable, private, and mediative resources in order to obtain a settlement. Latterly, he employed an Agent to prosecute for en adjustment in Court, and for thet purpose supplied him with documents, containing, it is believed, ample details. That Agent had an interview with his Honor on that subject, on the great Reform dinner dey, held last summer et Guelph; but nothing ensued from him or his colleague to effect an arrangement. Ultimately these documents, owing, it is believed, to the illness or absence of the Agent, have, it is supposed, passed into other hands, from which it appears to be impossible they can be recalled, as application to an Agent, and repeated attempts personally, to recover them have not been successful.

Should their contents ever reach the public, they will be found to contain other information than the following extracts.

After giving a lengthened dotail of incidents by which "the other objects" may be established, the undersigned, in communication with T. H. Kirkpatrick, Esq., Barrister, Guslph, states.

T. II. Kirkpatrick, Esq., Barrister, Guslph, states?

"I will continuo; but now, I will edvert, only to the documents and relative actual apparent focts, and I trust your suspicior, at least, is expected to the belief, if not conviction that there does exist some latent object, which requires to be made palpable, and by oral evidence, ere the real, the actual object of that Agency is satalished. And I believe it will be more so, when you reflect that had that agreement been a bona fide agreement, by which every thing connected with it was truthfully explained and satisfactorily understood by the contracting parties, before it was entered into, then the settlement on separation would, as a mere matter of course, be simple and essay. The facts esteblish the opposite. After my resignation and Webstor's acceplance. I spent one years, going to an entering with him urging a settlement; met ance during that time with his Honor, the ex-Judge, and Webster, at Fergus, but into business they could not go, all thet business, moreover, being only to give me a receipt for their fees, and an acknowledgement for the amount which Webster has domitted these parties as we me. About 13 months efter my resignation, and for the first time, I wrote that the Fsrgussons, and to Webster, requesting a sottlement, and in one of my letters I stated to his Honor that I was prepared to cancel any claim which, possibly I could have against him and Webster, provided the and Webster would close the affair; hu repty. These Fsrgusson coil np mto silent and insolent contempt; Webster labsters and bullies; but no attempt mads by either party to settle. The current of secretly and privately arranged measures for "some other object" is stopped somelaw or some where, and settle they will not evidently, till they are compelled; and I may now hops that you uro satisfied that these measures of theirs have no consonance with the terms of the verifee a ogreement. In illustration, &c. &c.?

N. B.—After spending the 13 months with Webster, noother 8 months a

N. B .-- After spending the 13 months with Webster, another 8 months attempting to extract a settlement from the Fergussons, the subject was opened for mediation to a friend of James Webster, and to whom the undersigned (sending ut same time referential documents) wrote in the following terms:

" FERGI'S, 9th February, 1849.

, Esquire.

" Sir, -I beg to trouble you with the enclosed, not for publication, but for your consideration and advise.

"Though our respective residences were in near neighborhood with friends mutual, yet I believe we never met, except at an inquest held at where I acted as Coroner, you as Foreman of the Juty. That, the rank and position of the parties, the importance and peculiarities of the subject to which I refer, induce me to become my own cheperon by sending the enclosed for your private perusol.

from that, the Mildest imaginings can scarcely comprehend the real the actual object of that Land Agency, or believe the intentions and observances of these parties towards me while that agency existed; and certainly I would not be justified in applying for advice, unless I was prepared to rator you to other parties who are known to you, who are of ucknowledged respectability, and whose veracity may not be

"That awhidle, though with ly suspected, is not, I believe, known, and for certain beyond Webster's shopmates, but the object of the Agency had a wider range, emong his private friends, and principally by his own representations. To several of these I might refer, but I private object of that Agency, as the one who I believe is the best informed of all arountstauces, and more particularly of the information private object of that Agency.

"Ho not hesente to refer this case to you, even you, though you are the uvowed admirer of Webster and his excellencies. The case resolves itself into one of fraud, of individual oppression and injustice—much to noe. In its public reference it has necessity and strength in itself to enforce enquiry by the right-thaking, whatever may be the individual or recorded opinion of parties, and I have confidence so implicit in your integrity, os to convince me that you will neither withhold your assistance, nor refuse adventages that justice may be mated out to all parties whotever may be their reputation or conventional renk. It is onquiry I wish for, and whatever may be the consequence to any party, the subject is one of importance, as much so publicly as it is privately."

N. B. - After allowing o reosanable time to clapse, and nathing done, the undersigned sent copies of the preceding communication, one

to the Honorable Alam Fargusson, and one to James Webstar, et same time writing to them in the following terms, viz

Farous, 9th March, 1849.

To James Webster, E.q., &c. &c., Fergus.

"Sis,—You will receive enclosed a copy of a communication which et its date wes sent by me to

"I have also sent a like copy to the Hon, Adam Fergusson, of Woodhill, possibly he mey show it to his son, the ex-Judge, and I may mention, that after you parties have had a reasonable time to commune, I proceed to action.

"You parties may consider the statements mads in the enclosed as statements mads by me publicly, and you may, if you piesee, take the initiative in proceedings in conformity. Whether you do so or not, is to me a subject of perfect indifference, as now I shall steadily pursue my own course of enquiry; but at eason time he prepared to meet you parties provided you parties move first. Yet while, and in the meanwhile, I may or may not deprecate publicity, especially os my contemplated measures will leave publicity at the discretian of reputed respectable and discrect men; but if I find that any attempt is made to foil or circumvent me, I shall unlessitatingly, and promptly edopt alternatives."

N. B .- Fergusson, agreeably to his haveriable practice, took no notice of that communication, but Webster's conduct and language. publicly, were not those enjoined by the Magisterial oath. As bluster and ontrage were adopted by the one party, insolent and silent conter by the other party; but no attempt made by either party to settle the subject then was confided to the professional management of Mr. Kirkpatrick, and in addition to the preceding extracts, there are the following:

"Webster once, in reference to my contemplated Court proceedings, observed, 'jnet let him try himself.' All these parties are appearing reposing complecently and with confidence under the impression that they cannot be reached, that the real, the actual object of that Fergus Land Agency cannot be established, or possibly, they attach importance to their rank and position, with all that their private influence in active private combination, or more probably they believe that their other measures, which, with zeal and assiduity they are driving will drive me from this District and this position, and thereby deprive me of the means and opportunity to force enquiry, and consequently preclude exposure of those their private preclice which they know must unavoidably cases from public investigation."

Again:—"It is certainly distressing to be driven to this ulternotive, but from the fraud, injustice since elicable obstituty, and consequency Again:—"It is certainly distressing to be driven to this ulternotive, but from the fraud, injustice since elicable obstituty of these people and the very extreme peculiarities of that case, it is now a course unevoidable. How hidden, dark and desperate soover these measures be which these people here observed towards me, yet I do not despair of sxposing those measures and establishing fraud, oppression, injustice—much worse, as well as the purity of my own motives and entire singleness of purpose; that, too, while by a cast ee desporate as it was unprincipled. I have been thrown into and constrained to keep exposition(having affinity to this cose) which creates a snapsicion against me in every movement I make to enforce investigation in order to obtain justice. The struggle on the part of these people is for the meintenance of their clevated position, of their apporent integrity of principle and character, of, in short, thisr, in their own way, of the sovereignty of the Wollington District, provided the good sense of the people cannot be impressed with just convictions of the manner in which the war treated privately by these men. And from the course which now they insidiously observe towards me, it appears to be convincing fliet they will take every measure to injure me, in order to derive me of the sopportunity to institute requiry. By persisting with such investracy as they do persit, end characteristically, so assidiously, they seem to be impressed with the importance as well as the consequences and result of the struggle. As for my part, yield I will not. If Wester (early contemplating the swindle) from malicious motives, under the aepect of kindness, publicly, insidiously and with hapernte purpose, struggled, in order to accomplish that object, deemed as importent to himself and his party, I arresolved and the structure detailed, apparently and the fragionlengs, to

"You know these peeple, possibly their means, possibly their private practices with all their private influence in active private combination; and thers, yes there, and in your possession are these veritable documents, absolutely establishing an engagement with its sequents as now norrated. You have seen me act under all these official appointments. You hold a letter of egreement by which these peeple engage to pay me at the rate of £125 a year for 2½ years, longer, yes, longer, if I liked. Urged to, yes, urged, and by fraudslence into that appointment, by porties who command and who use at their pleasure, the Crown patronage, &&&. All that, the top form the duties of that situation, which, as to duties, were no duties. Yet you hold documente establishing the fact that I cast cannection, these advontages, from me with leclings intense of indignation and disgust, assume in proference the position, apparently, of that of a laboring men, and now, and for nearly two years, I have exhausted courtesy, struggled, dared these people, yet I cannot procure on arrangement without encountering all those incidents connected with Court proceedings."

Again to the literature of the private of which was incidental and acquired under the procure of the procure of

Again:—"All these proceedings are generated by a filthy venal act, my knowledge of which was incidental and acquired under circumstances which caused ms pain, but which must heve, from principle, commanded my confidence. That confidence I have faithtully meintained, under acts of freud, of personal ineult, oppression, injustice. But all these custained inflictione oppear only to excite parties to perpetrate outrege, to increased aggravated acts of namitigated oppression and insult, till new my determination to exact justice knows no limit. Still, end with every confidence, I confide this case to your integrity and professional management, to apply peacefully for redress; and while I am awere that you will be to me the firm, the faithful, the unflinching advocate of my rights, and now avoid all avoidable compromise."

By the Universities?

By the Undersigned.

JOHN FOOTE.

To Mr. + +

Reeve of the Township of

Six:-In a like peaceful spirlt, and with feelings sincere of attachment and respect to the authorities and laws of our common country, I now submit these very Abstract Statements for your consideration, and beg that you will view them merely as preliminary to a Petition which I will tay before you collectively, in order to obtain your advice.

Having been subjected to fraud-having repudiated the connection and the patronage of parties whose practiced detect : having, and I believe, necessarily, placed into abeyance these Commissions which I hold from the Crown, and that from the Judges of the Queen's Banch. Having suffered serious injury, etill, insiduously and viruleutly persisted in against me by Adam Fergueson, known as the Hon. Adam Fergusson, of Woodhill, and James Webster, Fergus; and convinced that, now, to me, every avenue to Court Enquiry, on that subject unless I

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, and leen'e Hon. lbject is closed, I have now no alternative but to fall back upon you, the Freeholders of the land. You who, as such, are constitutionally acknowledged as the source, the fountain, of all power—the last, the valued alternative in the Administration of Justice between man and man-whose rights as such are courted, observed by your government; and who now, as Reeves, are chosen and raised by your neighbors from the turnoil and indoctsion of a people to the calm dignity of a deliberative assembly. It know to you, as Freemen, and as a Deliberative Assembly, that I will epply for, and crave your advice, that enquiry may be instituted, as it is enquiry I wish for, as whatever may be the consequences to any party, the subject is one of importance, as much so publicly as it is privately.

Yet I know not why I should be dragged from my oherished obscurity to state ench facts, to complain of fraud, oppression, injustice, much parts, as emanating from a Family who publicly denonnee, publicly detest, abominate, abhor, such practices. A Family who hold high rank and consequence, and somehow, your confidence in the direction and management of your public affairs, and who, as a Family, and from monog themselves, supply you with all political ingredients, with principles, professions—with innormation and high intelligence, receiving your consideration; and who, too, as a Family land their aid to raise money from the Public, aid Government to bestow that public money for the good of the public, and who too, and also, as a Family, aided by private influence and active private combination, intercept, claudestinely, that publicly money, and apply it for the private use of themselves and their Families, to the prejudice of that public from which that money was raised; and who, (laving affinity to that job) still as a family adopt fraud, individual oppression, for an object much scores. It is then by that holy and indissoluble tie that binde man to man, for mutual protection and safety, and with the brotherly integrity of a Freeman—but injured—that I do firmly remind you, firmly repeat, that it is equiry I wish for, as whatever may be the consequences to any party, the subject is one of importance as much so publicly as it is privately, and that justice may be meted out to all parties, whatever may be their reputation or conventional rank."

I am, with faithful regard,

JOHN FOOTE.

P. S.—Copies of the preceding will be sent, one to the Honorable Adam Fergusson, one to the ex-Judge, A. J. Fergusson, M. P. P., one to James Webster Fergus, one to each Town Resve of each Township of the District, as well as one to each Editor of each newspaper published in the District.



