

THE PROTESTANT, AND EVANGELICAL WITNESS.

and was raised with gratitude and joy; but that even then, we set it in. The high degree of pain with which I am now wrought is my soul. It has begun with my recovering from the disease, and my Advocate said, "He who toucheth father toucheth son, and shall have no cause of alarm."

It is impossible to describe all the blessings of the hour. I was never before with such certainty convinced of my salvation.

The experience of the love of God with the believer in salvation. It is a divine experience that the Christian is blessed with his highest spiritual joys in the time of trial. It was to the children of God in the fiery furnace that the Son of God appeared.

To the beloved friends of Bethesda, and to the converts to the kingdom of God, the most comforting words ever uttered on earth. It was when the disciples had gathered together in hidden fear, closing the door to hide them from an adverse world, that the holy Redeemer came and comforted them—the holy Ghost.

It was to the exiled evangelist at Patmos, grown old and feeble with sorrows, that were revealed the glorious visions of the Apocalypse.

"I will not leave you comfortless; I will come to you." Precious words! sweet consolation! Reader, in your cloudy and dark day, it is yours?

Protestant & Evangelical Witness.

SATURDAY, JULY 6, 1861.

With the present No., we commence the 3d Volume of the Protestant, and as customary on such an interesting occasion, we claim the privilege of saluting our readers, and offering a few remarks on that always interesting theme—ourselves.—On first introducing the Protestant to the reading community of P. England, we had not the most remote idea of realising, as the result, a rapid and glorious fortune. If so, we should not certainly have disdained long are these; nor did we commence this undertaking, with a view to eclipse everything in the same line that had ever preceded it—ordinary common sense would have excluded such an idea, if for a moment entertained. Nevertheless, it is well to have very clearly defined in view at that period, and to have, in any good measure, succeeded in these during the past two years, would be a source, to oneself, of much gratification, and be of no little benefit to those who had for that period pursued our columns.

We have long observed, with regret, that those conducting the Island press studiously avoided publishing any selected matter of general interest to the man who felt a greater concern in spiritual than in earthly things; whilst no contributed article, of whatever merit, touching our Protestant Christianity, could for a moment be tolerated by those exponents of public sentiment. Thus, while many were invited to delineate the mind, the soul, and the conduct of their religious calling, none, save the author of the present work, of the ministry, was allowed to do so in view at that period; and to have, in any good measure, succeeded in these during the past two years, would be a source, to oneself, of much gratification, and be of no little benefit to those who had for that period pursued our columns.

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All our correspondents speak gratefully of his Lordship's unswerving, and most careful consideration of their best interests.

We trust that many souls have been awakened by the solemn exercises of his ministry, and that many more have been strengthened and refreshed by his exhortation and comfort. We hope to be enabled to present our readers with the report of all the work of mission, which we learn he intends to resume early in August, and to proceed to the black, but interesting settlements on the Eastern shore.—*H. C. Church Record.*

James McCallum acknowledged the receipt of \$84. from the Western Church, St. Peter's, being their last year's contribution for the advance of the Oldest, and to the appointment as follows:

77 0 0
Secretary.

Also \$1000 of five dollars from the Missionary Society of Canada, and the part of Mr. French's money given to be appropriated as follows:

21 for the Foreign Mission.—This sum includes a donation of \$500 from Mr. John Morrison of Indian Point.

21 for the Home Mission. 21 for the Bible Society.

Breakeley Point, July 2, 1861.

The Rev. William Arthur, the eminent Wesleyan Minister, who has done so much to inculcate the duty of giving to the cause of Christ in proportion to income, recently received a legacy of \$2000, which he says is a remarkable evidence of his piety.

For the last year, actually one could, in my opinion, have borne the test, however sincere in their previous sentiments. But, according to the report that has reached us, the poverty of the poor, the most comforting word ever uttered on earth. It was when the disciples had gathered together in hidden fear, closing the door to hide them from an adverse world, that the holy Redeemer came and comforted them—the holy Ghost.

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WEEKLY CALENDAR—JULY.

DAY MONTH	DAY WEEK.	SUN			MON			TUE			WED			THU			FRI			SAT			
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
July	1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
2	Sunday	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
3	Monday	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
4	Tuesday	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
5	Wednesday	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
6	Thursday	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
7	Friday	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
8	Saturday	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29

MAIL—SUMMER AFTERNOON.

The Mail for the Neighboring Provinces, &c., will still further notice, be made up and forwarded as follows:

To New Brunswick, via Prince Edward Island, every Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, Saturday, and Sunday, via Victoria, via Charlottetown, and the United States, via St. John's, every Tuesday and Friday morning, at a quarter past 8 o'clock.

To Newfoundland, every Monday, at 12 o'clock noon.

To the Province of Quebec, via Gaspé, every afternoon at 3 o'clock, except Saturday, when it will be sent off at 12 o'clock noon; via St. John's, April 20; May 15, 27; June 10, 22; July 8, 21; August 1, 13; September 3, 15, 28; October 14, 26; November 11, 23.

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.

THURSDAY, March 22.

Mr. DUNSTON'S COLLEGE INCORPORATION BILL.

Mr. DUNSTON moved the second reading of the Bill to incorporate the Trustees of St. Dunstan's College, and said it was unnecessary to go into an explanation of the Bill—it was simply to give corporate power to the Trustees of the Institution.

The Bill was read a first time, and referred to a Committee of the whole House, Mr. McMillan in the chair.

When the clause was read in reference to the Trustees of St. Andrew's College transferring the funds of their trust to the Trustees of Dunstan's College,

Hon. Mr. HAVILAND said before the question was put on the clause he wished to speak; and said—

"The Bill is very simple, and refers to the transfer of one sum of money from one to another. It ap-

peared that the late Bishop of St. John's left some funds in trust to establish a College at St. Andrew's; and the question was whether it was right or not for the Legislature to divert them to another purpose, especially as there was no petition before the House from the parties on the subject.

Mr. CONROY said there was a petition from the Trustees.

Hon. Mr. HAVILAND insisted upon the Trustees as having no authority in the case as long as there was no petition from the party who had appropriated the funds for a College at St. Andrew's. The Legislature, no doubt, was all-powerful, and could change a will, but he thought it was contrary to proper legislation. He then closed his vote.

Hon. Mr. THORNTON said the funds were not to be appropriated to another purpose; but only to be diverted from that College to another carrying out the wishes and intentions of the first donor. When five out of the seven Trustees had petitioned for this transfer, as there was no college at St. Andrew's now, surely it ought to be granted.

Hon. Mr. HAVILAND remarked that the one-ninth Bill had a suspending clause.

Hon. Mr. WHELAN said that made no difference.

Hon. Mr. LONGWORTH said it was founded upon a unanimous understanding that it was in accordance with usage.

Hon. Mr. WHELAN said he did not believe that it was necessary to make such a clause, as he had done so much as far as the interests of the people, and not merely those which might be considered acceptable to the Duke of Newcastle.

He thought it was degrading to be reminded from time to time that such and such a bill would not receive the Royal Assent.

Hon. Mr. WHELAN said that made no difference.

Hon. Mr. WHELAN said it was in accordance with usage.

Hon. Mr. WHELAN said he only objected to the principle; he saw by the will of Bishop MacKenzie that such a clause was not necessary for the general purposes of education, but for the express purpose of establishing a College at St. Andrew's; and he thought the House should have been consulted in forming a precedent.

After some further discussion, a clause was agreed to, to the effect that the Bill, if passed, would be referred to a committee.

Hon. Mr. WHELAN presented a Bill to amend the Act to provide for the revising and reprinting of the Laws of this Island which was read a first time.

Hon. Col. GRAY presented a message from His Excellency the Lieut. Governor desiring that the House be adjourned until Saturday the 24th instant—Received.

Hon. Mr. WHELAN again referred to the Bill to incorporate "The Gulf Express and Telegraph Company." The Bill was agreed to with several amendments.

Hon. Mr. COOPER presented a petition of diverse inhabitants of Orléansborough, Southport, &c., praying a grant of the County of Orléansborough, Georgetown, to encourage him to make an additional application for a charter, that is, not to be granted to the existing Corporation, but to a new one.

Hon. Mr. WHELAN presented a petition of all inhabitants of North River, &c., complaining that James Tremain, Merchant's corner, Lot 22, had been refused a Town License on the ground that the two nearest Juries of the Town had voted against his application, and praying redress—laid on the table.

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Hon. Mr. WHELAN again referred to the Bill, if he could not get a majority to the changes in his motion, he would not be willing to give at other times.

Hon. Mr. LONGWORTH—To prevent such a thing, it might give Captain Chapman the opportunity of introducing a petition of will proprio to the changes in his motion, which he might not be willing to give at other times.

Hon. Mr. LONGWORTH—It was objected that it might give Captain Chapman the opportunity of introducing a petition of will proprio to the changes in his motion, which he might not be willing to give at other times.

Hon. Mr. WHELAN then took up the Resolutions of the Duke of Newcastle on the Land Commission, and pointed out discrepancies in them, occasioned, he had not a doubt, by the memorials of proprietors; after which he mentioned that it appeared only 5 proprietors out of 40 were to be bound by the award of the Commission.

Hon. Mr. WHELAN thought the clause should be left out as it was in the other Committee. He considered it doubtful where the clause allowed to remain, if the Bill would receive the Royal Assent.

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