

THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE

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GREY OUTLINES POLITICAL CONDITIONS IN THE BALKANS

Britain Has Laboured Throughout to Give Serbia all the Assistance in Her Power, Says Foreign Secretary - Government Well Aware That Negotiations Were in Progress Between Bulgaria and Turkey as Early as Last April

LONDON, Nov. 9.—Many questions concerning the war were propounded in the Commons to-day, but little in the way of new information was brought forth from the Government. Foreign Secretary Sir Edward Grey made a long statement on the subject of political conditions in the Balkans, and the assistance promised to Serbia by Britain.

The sympathies of King Ferdinand of Bulgaria, for German and Austria, he said, always have been known. The Government were aware, as early as April, that negotiations were in progress between Bulgaria and Turkey, under German influence. As to why no military assistance for Serbia had been available at the time of the opening of the campaign, Sir Edward declared he was neither willing nor competent to state.

Property of Poor Will be Protected

LONDON, Nov. 9.—A plan for insuring the property of the poor against aircraft raids, was announced in the Commons to-day by Herbert Samuel, Postmaster-General. The payment of 12 cents will insure property to the value of \$125 for twelve months against destruction or damage, resulting directly or indirectly, from bombardment by aircraft, and from the effect of anti-aircraft guns. The maximum value of the property insurable will be \$375, which requires a payment of 37 cents.

May Dissolve Greek Chamber

ATHENS, Nov. 9.—The prediction that the Chamber of Deputies would be dissolved is credited to Premier Skouloudis by the Patria, which asserts that he stated, when asked whether the Ministry would appear before the Chamber: "The question is not formally settled yet, but will be voted upon at a meeting of the Cabinet this afternoon. I can say no more."

PAMPHLET BARRED

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 10.—Ram Chandra, a local Hindu editor, announced today that a pamphlet, which he says is wholly made up of translated excerpts from Brigan's "British Rule in India" has been barred from the mails at India's request.

Without Fear Or Favor

LONDON, Nov. 9.—"Is the Government afraid of Lord Northcliffe?" was the query propounded by Harry Anderson Watt, member for Colledge Division of Glasgow, in the Commons this afternoon, but the Speaker promptly forestalled discussion of the topic by disallowing the question. The House was discussing the suspension of the Globe at the time. One inquirer wanted to know why another evening paper, which had committed the same offence as the Globe, was not similarly suppressed.

Great Britain and Mexico

LONDON, Nov. 9.—Britain, Sir Edward Grey told the Commons this evening, naturally wished, as in other matters, to consult her Allies as to the time and manner of recognizing the present de facto government in Mexico. The proctors which was now being followed, he said, had the approval of the representatives of the Allied Powers at Washington, as well as of the British Ambassador, who was in consultation with the Charge d'Affaires of Mexico. There was nothing to show, added the Foreign Secretary, that delay in taking action was injurious to British interests in Mexico.

GREEK ARMY EQUIPPED IS 30,000 STRONG

Assures France Greece Will Not Suev From the Path Friendly Neutrality and Hopes for a Continuance of Good Feeling Now Existing Between Greece and Entente Powers

PARIS, Nov. 9.—Premier Skouloudis, in a telegram to Althos Romanos, the Greek Minister at Paris, which was delivered to Jules Cambon, General Secretary of the Foreign Ministry, to-day, says: "Please give to the President and Council the most formal assurances on my part of our firm resolution to continue our neutrality, with the character of sincerest benevolence towards the Entente Powers. Please add that the new cabinet accepts as its own, the declarations of former Premier Zaimis, regarding the friendly attitude of the royal government as to the Allied troops at Salonika. It is too conscious of the real interests of the country, and of what it owes to the Powers which are protecting Greece, to swerve from this line of conduct. It hopes that the friendly feelings of these Powers for Greece will not, for a moment, be influenced by malicious and misleading news, purposely circulated with the purpose of changing the good relations that exist between the Entente and Greece."

U. S. State Dep't. Will Investigate

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—The American steamer Liama, seized and run on a reef by a British prize crew last week, has been washed off the reef, and has sunk.

PAMPHLET BARRED

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Admiralty Issues New Ruling

LONDON, Nov. 9.—The Government has decided to rescind the order under which British ships, carrying wheat to ports in the United Kingdom were to be exempt from requisition by the Admiralty, which would enable them to start on another voyage, not necessarily in the North Atlantic, after discharging their cargoes. It is also understood that the Government has abandoned the plan to license British bottoms, trading between foreign ports. With reference to the first order, the Chamber of Shipping of the United Kingdom has received the following letter from the Board of Trade: "With reference to a letter from this department on October 30, stating that the Admiralty, under certain conditions, was prepared to grant exemptions from the requisition of vessels fitted to carry wheat from Atlantic ports, the United States and Canada to the United Kingdom, I am directed by the Board of Trade to state that owing to circumstances, only recently apparent, the Admiralty, with regret, finds it necessary to withdraw the promise of immunity with regard to vessels which can be shown to the satisfaction of the Admiralty to have been fitted for this purpose before noon on Nov. 5th."

Italian Troops For Albania

ROME, Nov. 9.—What appears to be a forecast that Italy will send troops to Albania to aid the Serbs, is contained in a semi-official note, which says that while Italy did not participate in the recent expedition of the Allies to assist Serbia, she has found a better way to oppose the Austro-German-Bulgarian attack upon Serbia. The way, the Note says, was opened by the Bulgarians themselves when they threatened to invade Albania to reach the Adriatic, a design so dangerous to Italy's interest, that the mere threat must oblige Italy to take appropriate measures to frustrate it immediately.

Bulgar Premier Warns Greek Gov't

PARIS, Nov. 9.—The Temps prints a despatch from Salonika in which Premier Radoslavoff of Bulgaria, is quoted by the Sofia correspondent of the Pesti Hirlap, of Budapest, in Hungary, as declaring: "The Greek Government has now been warned that it cannot hold the Bulgarian Government responsible for the consequences of its future attitude."

SATISFACTORY PROGRESS

PARIS, Nov. 9.—Reports from the Serbian front represent the situation as satisfactory for the Allies, says a Havas despatch from Athens, filed yesterday.

FURTHER CREDIT ASKED FOR

LONDON, Nov. 10.—Premier Asquith will ask the Commons to-day for a vote of credit of £400,000,000. This will make the total amount voted for all purposes in the current year, £1,300,000,000.

READ THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE

ELECTION RETURNS

Table with columns: DRY DISTRICTS, WET DISTRICTS, THE POLL, District, For Prohibition, Against, Majority, Required Polling, Gain, Loss.

Wilson's Note Regarded as Pedantic

LONDON, Nov. 9.—"Enlightened opinion here is not uneasy over President Wilson's note," says the London correspondent of the Manchester Guardian, who is in close touch with public men.

China Will Have New Form Gov't

PEKING, Nov. 9.—The Associated Press is authorized to-day to state that the Chinese Government has decided that a change would be made this year in the form of the government of the country.

TO DRIVE GERMANS OUT OF FRANCE

PARIS, Nov. 10.—The great French advance, which is to clear the German invaders out of Belgium and France, will be pressed home just as soon as the army is sufficiently equipped with a new gun, about which there has been so much talk of late in military circles.

ITALIAN LINER TORPEDOED

ROME, November 10.—The Italian liner Ancona has been sunk in the Mediterranean by a submarine. She had on board 83 first class passengers, 60 second cabin and 339 steerage. Prince Cassano Zunica was on board the Ancona.

CAPE BON, TUNIS, November 10.—Two of the Ancona's boats with 54 members of the crew landed near this point. Some of the men are injured.

LONDON, November 10.—A despatch to Lloyds from Bizerta states that some Americans are said to have been on board the ill-fated Ancona.

A despatch from the Steani News Agency says that 100 shells were fired into the Ancona before she was torpedoed.

GREAT ENTHUSIASM SHOWN AT LORD MAYOR'S BANQUET

Domestic Economy To Be Enforced

LONDON, Nov. 10.—That the government has under consideration the passage of sumptuary laws to insure the strictest domestic economy was the information given to Charles Bathurst, Unionist member for Wiltshire, by Premier Asquith in the Commons to-day. The Premier added he would be glad to receive any suggestions concerning such legislation. Bathurst had asked the Premier, whether in view of the serious state of nation's finances and thoughtless extravagance and unnecessary luxury still being indulged by many persons to the annoyance of their neighbors, if the Premier would consider the advisability of passing drastic sumptuary laws which would insure the strictest domestic economy and put all classes upon a footing during the war with greater equality in their mode of living.

Another German Plot Discovered In S. W. Africa

LONDON, Nov. 10.—A despatch from Capetown asserts that Henry Burton, Minister of Railways Union, South Africa, declared that at Natal, that huge quantities of ammunition have been discovered hidden in Damaraland, Southwest Africa. The Minister said there was sufficient quantity of ammunition to equip sixty thousand men, and that Germans had hoped to overthrow the government of South Africa with aid of a rebellion.

READ THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE.

GREEK PREMIER SAYS NEW CABINET IS NEUTRAL

ANGLO-FRENCH TROOPS ROUTED SAYS BERLIN

300,000 TROOPS AT SALONIKI

LONDON, Nov. 9.—The newspapers of Berlin, as quoted by a correspondent at Copenhagen of the Exchange Telegraph Company, says the Allies have already landed 300,000 men at Salonika.

TWO GERMAN SUBMARINES SUNK

LONDON, November 10.—Telegrams received here from Algeciras, Morocco, by way of Madrid, report that a British cruiser has sunk two German submarines in the Straits of Gibraltar.

WILL CONTINUE POLICY OF ZAIMIS

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—The Foreign Office at Athens cabled the Greek Legation here, to-day, as follows: "The new Cabinet intends to put through the same policies in foreign politics, as were maintained by the late Cabinet."

LONDON, Nov. 10.—The annual banquet of the Lord Mayor of London was celebrated in Guild Hall last night. Sir Charles Wakefield having been inaugurated during the course of the day. All city officials and many members of the government and diplomatic representatives attended. The only difference between the function last night and those of others years was the observed curtailment of customary sumptuous merriment.

Premier Asquith, wife and daughter, were cheered when they entered the hall. Cheers were given for the Serbian Minister and representatives of Allies, notably French, Italian ambassadors, Russian Grand Duke Michael and the High Commissioner of New Zealand.

Hon. William Thomas McKenzie brought his son who was blinded while serving in the Dardanelles. The young soldier was given a great ovation. Earl Derby, Director of Recruiting, was warmly received, as was the Belgian Minister.

When the toast to the King was given the whole assembly rose and sang the "National Anthem," which was never done before.

Sir John Simon, Secy for Home Affairs, responding to our Allies, said the Alliance would become stronger with the duration of the war.

Paul Cambon, French Ambassador, said: "Although the number of our enemies may have increased since last year, the number of our friends have been augmented, I am happy to see to-day, by our Italian colleagues."

Describing the war, he said, on one side tranquil courage, faith and an ideal justice that will employ only legitimate means of defence; on the other though this lucre, forgetfulness of all the principles of humanity, the destruction of an open town and the taking of innocent lives there is a sort of perverse joy in the accomplishment of evil and the plan pursued, with childish disregard of scruple, is to dominate the world by terror. He made reference to the execution of Miss Edith Cavell, saying that quite recently we saw a German military tribunal sentence a noble woman to death for a crime of generosity, and a German officer indulge in the pleasure, though not compelled to do so, of executing the sentence, himself by murdering this defenceless victim.

The Ambassador concluded that when the hour strikes for the enemy to realize that all his schemes for world domination have broken down, we shall see him a prey to moral depression which will make him fall suddenly from the height of his dream.

A. J. Balfour, replying for the Army and Navy, said the French Ambassador, in a speech of burning, seathing eloquence, had told them what were the moral object for which the Allies were fighting. He had to deal with means and weapons by which the great ends were to be attended. The whole strategy of the Allies, said the First Lord of the Admiralty, was based on the Allied fleets. Never was there a war with such dramatic incidents, or where the Allied fleets were more essential to the land forces. Their fortunes would have been very different from what they were going to be had it not been for the fact that the Allies from the first moment of the war, took command of the seas.

Dealing with the armies, he said, "To praise the armies which Kitchenner's genius has raised from the country, was superfluous. What they had done was but small earnest of what they would do. He declined to appear in the character of a prophet, but wished to point out one or two facts on which prophecies might be based,

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## Something About City of Saloniki

Its Streets are To-day Echoing to the Tramp of French and British Troops Who are on Their Way to Help Serbia

Salonika is the chief Greek seaport on the Aegean Sea. It is the gateway of the Balkans, the port through which flows traffic to Serbia and Bulgaria. To-day its streets echo to the tramp of French and British on their way north to assist our allies, the Serbs. Greece permits us to land, but refuse to assist us.

A lady who recently visited Salonika describes conditions there in an interesting contribution to the London Daily Chronicle. The following is a quotation:

"There were other indications that we were in a country which was close to and influenced by the great European struggle. Troops were being drilled in every available foot of ground; people stood in little groups at street corners earnestly discussing the latest telegrams, and even that confirmed idler, the cafe habitue of the East, might be seen reading with avidity, but with the inevitable cigarette, a late edition of the daily paper. The many street demonstrations and meetings showed that even in Salonika—a town in some degree of necessarily mixed sympathies—the Greeks at least were not content to be onlookers in the present struggle. My Greek friends express the hope that the next time they see me it will be as allies and not merely as friendly neutrals that they will greet me."

Salonika present a particularly interesting commercial spectacle. The prices are abnormally high, the retail stocks are of inferior and depleted variety—yet artificial prosperity reigns and every shopkeeper knows that he has the public at his mercy. The new-comer is naturally puzzled by this state of affairs, but he soon realizes that to-day Salonika is not merely the gate of the Balkans, but is their shopping centre as well. Foreigners, allies all, at present living in Serbia and Montenegro, create a steady weekly demand for vegetable produce and the more perishable goods generally, and provide a market for many commodities which must have lain in Salonika shops for years.

"Seeing Salonika's commercial prosperity, its crowded hotels, and its quays lined with ships waiting to be unloaded, one felt that almost every inhabitant of Salonika must be on the highroad to becoming a millionaire, but this prosperity is not necessarily on the surface. The war has temporarily closed many overland routes, and this necessitates merchandise being shipped through Salonika.

### SPLENDID SANITATIONS.

LONDON, Nov. 4.—Great Britain's splendid sanitation and the unprecedented healthfulness of the British army is a saving feature in Britain's status in the present war, according to a statement by Sir Jas. Crichton-Browne an eminent medical authority, before the Sanitary Inspectors' Association last week.

"With a larger army in the field than ever before," said the speaker, "the percentage of disease is lower than in times of peace."

Sir James called attention to the fact that although a million men had been rejected for physical defects during the first year of the war, these men had all been born from thirty-eight to forty years ago, in the days of imperfect sanitation, when disease was prevalent and went unchecked.

## Japanese Aid Allied Powers

Will Render Assistance With Money and Munitions to the Best of Their Ability—The Japanese Guarding Against Allies Being Attacked From Behind

PARIS, Nov. 1.—While Japan will be unable to send troops to the European theatres of war, she will gladly assist the entente allies as far as she can financially and lend them the support of her arsenals, according to Count Okuma, the Premier, who was interviewed at Tokio by the Matins correspondent.

"There was talk last November of Japanese forces fighting in Europe," Count Okuma is reported to have said. "To have done that we should have had to send 400,000 men, expecting to lose 200,000 of them and replace them with 200,000 more. We had not the necessary transports, for we should have wanted 2,000,000 tons of shipping, and our commercial fleet aggregates only 1,000,000. In the face of these figures Great Britain and France understood the impossibility of the operation."

"Our sympathies being as strong as ever, we should wish to give France our financial support at least and thus perhaps, hasten the end of the war. Japan is not a great financial power, but we have certain resources."

"We have just covered twice over a government loan of 300,000,000 yen (\$15,000,000) and that probably will make the issue of a second loan difficult, but to prove our sympathy for France, we should be happy to give our aid, however modest."

"The impossibility of sending troops westward does not prevent us from giving our allies naval and military support. Our arsenals are mobilized, as in time of war. We play also the role of sentinel in the far east, preventing our enemies from fomenting revolt among the warlike Mussulman peoples, who might be tempted to profit by your difficulties. We also are doing everything necessary to guard against damage to the trans-Serbian Railway, whereby our supplies reach Russia. The principle back of all Japanese action is that while our allies are fighting, we shall not allow them to be attacked from behind."

## PUBLIC NOTICE

PERSONS claiming exemption from service on juries, persons who claim to be qualified to serve on a panel different from that on which they are entered, and all persons who have objections to offer to the panels or either of them are hereby notified that a Court of Revision of the Jury Lists for St. John's will be held in the Magistrate's Office from 9 a.m. to 2 p.m. on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY of Next week, and on MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY of the week following.

Police Court, 29th October, 1915.  
CHAS. H. HUTCHINGS,  
Justice of the Peace.

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## Will Build Up a New France

France Will Come Out of This War With Strong People And With A Soul.

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—Statements have been published here to the effect that German soldiers are given frequent leave to return to their homes. Whether the purpose is to insure a high birth rate the embassy has not been told. But there is no doubt that the Government has taken the necessary steps to guard against a too great falling off of births.

Dr. Mary Crawford, of Brooklyn, who has just returned from ambulance work in France, says the French will not adopt the brutally scientific methods of the Germans in the matter. France will build a race of ideals, not by science, she says.

"It is impossible to forecast the time when this war will cease or exactly what its continuance will bring. But the women of France are alive to the necessity of doing their part as women. And the officials are recognizing the need of changing certain rules that pertain to the social fabric."

"The first great national move toward improving the coming generation already has been decided upon. This is the recognition by all that every child born in France is legitimate. When these children are brought into the world their mothers will receive benefits from the state."

"I cannot be said exactly what France will do to further meet this problem. The time is not yet. But France will come out of this war with strong population and with a soul. There will be men of brains, men of brawn in France in the coming generation. That so may of her sons are giving up their lives will not mean the ending of the race."

## Bread Riots Frequent in Berlin

Women Attacked Police—Many Were Injured—Some Arrested Before Riot Was Quelled.

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—A special cable to The World from London says:

"A neutral just returned from residence in Germany declares that internal conditions there are much more serious than imagined outside."

"The food prices are causing really serious trouble. The recent food riots in Berlin were ugly manifestations of the spirit among the people, especially the dependents of soldiers. Women attacked the police, many were injured as well as many arrested before the riot was quelled."

"Soldiers' dependents have only fourteen marks a week allowance while butter is four mark a pound, meat three, with other provisions proportionately dear. A State food monopoly, this observer said, is surely coming, but the authorities are delaying it owing to the alarm it would cause."

"The papers contain nothing, but reports of great victories, but the people are suspicious about the official news, asking now, if all these great victories are being achieved, the war shows no signs of ending and the enemy will have nothing to do with peace proposals."

"In Saxony and Bavaria the depression is particularly severe and the discontent most open. The Balkan campaign brings no relief; on the contrary, there is much apprehension about sending the German armies away into the unknown, when the pressure on the French and Russian fronts may be renewed any day."

"Optimism is still the order of the day in official circles, but doesn't exist to any extent outside."

## INVENTOR NOW LIES AT DEATH'S DOORS.

TORONTO, Nov. 5.—George Abrahams, an inventor, whose skill has obtained for himself and his business associates, recognition from the British government, lies in the emergency department of the general hospital with his face mangled, a jaw broken, and in a serious condition. He sustained his injuries when his invention, an appliance attached to a rifle so that 75 shots can be fired a minute, exploded.

Mr. Abrahams visited England this summer and submitted his invention to the British government. It is stated that it was accepted by the authorities. He returned to Canada to further perfect the invention, and informed his associates, after working some time, that 120 shots a minute could be fired with his improvements. While testing his latest improvement the gun exploded, practically tearing away part of his face.

ADVERTISE IN THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE

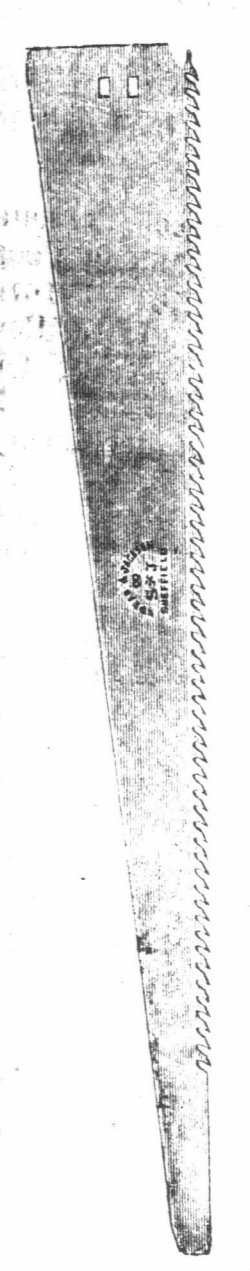
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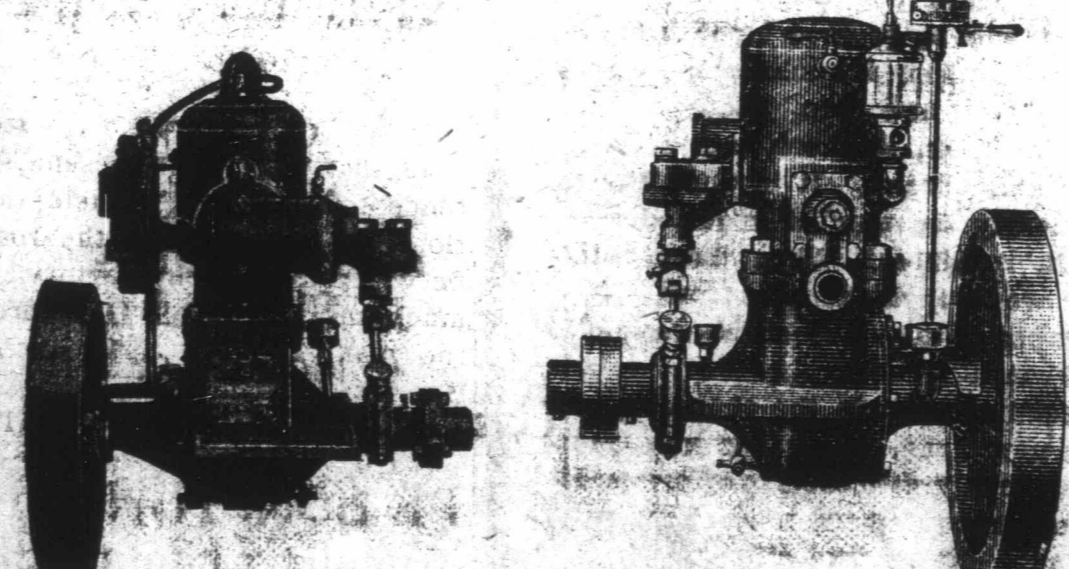
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## Character Sketch of Venizelos

Great Personal Influence Welded Among People by Late Premier Led Reform Movement and Averted Revolution in 1910 by Carrying Out Radical Program

In the Summer of 1910, says a correspondent of the London Times, chance afforded me an opportunity of discussing the situation in Greece with one of the most intelligent members of the Greek Royal family. A year had passed since the acute dynastic crisis of 1909, when King Edward had spent the greater part of his last "cure" at Marienbad in urging the late King of the Hellenes not to seek in abdication relief from the troubles and anxieties of the position. Thanks mainly to the King of Britain, King George of Greece retained his throne, and stood his ground against the mutinous officers who, emulating the Young Turks, had carried out a pronouncement at Athens and had assumed practical control of public affairs.

By the beginning of 1910 these officers had learned that it is easier to promote than to direct a revolution. In their embarrassment they appealed to Eleutherios Venizelos, a Cretan leader who had shown remarkable qualities during the prolonged Cretan crisis. Training and instinct alike fitted him to deal with a revolutionary situation. Time and again he had shouldered his rifle and "done his bit" in the Cretan mountains against the Turks and even against the arbitrary rule of the High Commissioner, Prince George of Greece, whom the powers had placed in control of the island. He, indeed, had been chiefly instrumental in securing the recall of Prince George—whence many tears! His political views were believed to be tinged with republicanism. His methods, though never violent unless force appeared to be the

only remedy, had gained him as firm a reputation for strength of deed as for savvy of manner.

Of middle stature and slender build, possessed of a physical energy that enabled him to undergo severe exertion without fatigue, of irresistible charm in conversation, with persuasion—as was said of the greatest Greek orators—"sitting on his heels," Venizelos wielded a personal influence that went far to secure recognition for his high moral character and steadfastness of purpose. His manner, his language, and the thoughtful expression of his features conveyed a convincing expression of sincerity which, as those who know him well can testify, was, and is, not deceptive. To him the leaders of the "Military League" appealed to redeem a position that had got beyond their control. He redeemed it without delay. Reaching Athens on January 10, 1910, he succeeded within three weeks in persuading not only the officers, but also the various political leaders, and through them the late King George, to accept the idea of a Revisionary Assembly, which, by reforming the Constitution, would complete the programme of the Military League, and facilitate the painless extinction of that moribund coterie. At the same time, with a courage unique in Greek political life, he, the Cretan leader, declared from the new Hellenic Parliament, and thus obviated danger from the side of Turkey.

### "Facing the Music."

Then, having transformed the situation, he withdrew to Crete to face the indignation of the ultra-Hellenic party in the island. He met it, and overcame it. In the following September, after the convocation of the Revisionary Chamber, he returned to Athens, and was received as a popular idol. The populace, however, had been won over to the idea of a Constituent Assembly, and insisted that it be substituted for the Revisionary Chamber which Venizelos, in agreement with the Crown, had advocated. Despite public clamor, he insisted on keeping his agreement, and bent the people to his will. A few days later he was called to office by

King George.

It was at this moment that I was enabled to gain an insight into the views of the Greek Royal family. Recognition that Venizelos had saved the country and the dynasty hardly availed to neutralize their apprehension lest a politician of alleged republican leanings should betray the dynasty, or, at least, lest the Crown should suffer an irreparable diminution of its power by entrusting him with power. I cited the example of Crispien and of many another Italian ex-Ruler of the House of Savoy; but the conversation left upon my mind an abiding impression of the difficulties that may be encountered even by upright and patriotic statesmen in the service of the Crown, when their political theories cannot be compressed beforehand into orthodox monarchical formulae.

The work of Venizelos in the reorganization of Greece, the introduction of greater honesty and efficiency in administration, the employment of French, British and Italian officers for the reconstruction of the army, the navy and the police, the inauguration of a sober and moderate foreign policy, and, above all, the foundation of the Balkan Alliance, are too recent to need more than passing mention. No man worked harder than he to prevent the breakdown of the alliance. None regretted more deeply the second Balkan War.

### AS PER USUAL.

BERNE, Switzerland, Nov. 1. via Paris Nov. 2.—The federal government announces that the German minister has expressed his government's deepest regret for the act of a German aviator in dropping bombs recently on Chaux de Fonds and has promised to pay indemnity for death or injury of Swiss citizens and damage to property. The minister explained that the aviator who dropped the bombs had lost his way and believed himself to be over French territory. He and his observer have been punished and transferred.

**AT THE NICKEL TO-DAY.**

**"THE EXPLOITS OF ELAINE"**

Has given a new figure to the screen—The Master-Grackman, who comes and goes as unseen and as free as the air, and who leaves desolation and pillage behind him, with no clue save the mark of a

**"CLUTCHING HAND"**

SITUATIONS THAT STARTLE.—REALISM THAT ROUSES.—A STORY THAT STIRS.

PRODUCED IN FIFTEEN EPISODES BY THE WORLD FAMOUS PATHE COMPANY.

PRESENTING ARNOLD DALY, PEARL WHITE, SHELDON LEWIS—and all star cast.

OVER 500 THEATRES IN GREATER NEW YORK ALONE HAVE SHOWN

**"THE EXPLOITS OF ELAINE." THEY KNOW.**

We advise trappers to send their furs to Newfoundland Fox Exchange.



**Kimball Organs**

Highest Awards In America.

ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE ON REQUEST

JOIN OUR ORGAN CLUB

Musicians' Supply Dept.  
ROYAL STORES FURNITURE

## Our Railroad System

(Editor Mail and Advocate)

Dear Sir:—"Whosoever neither desires to please men nor fears to displease them shall enjoy much peace," and when I write an honest article to the Mail and Advocate dealing with the condition of the railroad, I have no fear of whom I might please or displease.

My charges in the press concerning the railroad and the very unsystematic way it is operated are written on good ground—and written on a subject which I understand—and am ready to debate or contravert in the press with any of the railroad officials in this country. There is nothing so inconvenient in this world as an absolutely truthful persons who can both speak and write and has the courage of his convictions.

One can always arrange matters with liars because they being hampered by their own deceptions are compelled to study ways, means and chances to appear honest. But to a person who holds truth dearer than gold, and honour more valuable than advancement there is nothing to be done now that governments cannot insist on the helmet cure as in the case of "Socrates."

Everytime an article written by me appear in the Mail and Advocate, especially when it is in relation to the condition of the railroad a certain gentleman residing at Clarendville set up howling and try to convey an impression upon the minds of people that I am the most dishonest scoundrel in the world for writing such scandalous epistles in the Mail and Advocate. This gentleman has been howling intermiten, for at least two years, at my so-called dishonest and insensate articles.

He also howled when I wrote to the Mail and Advocate some months ago concerning the P. T. O. here and its employees. Yet I heard the very same gent ridicule the same employees behind their backs, unmerciful, and express his opinion of them in words which are difficult to find in the English Vocabulary. He has now pronounced my article in the press wholly senseless, and since I enjoy much peace under the lashings of his scorn, I have only to say in reply that fools laugh at what they cannot learn, thinking that by their laughter, they show a superiority instead of latent idiocy.

As to the operation of the railroad I may state that many people of Clarendville have been now waiting for freight by rail that was shipped from St. John's three weeks ago. This doesn't suggest that the road is handled in a very systematic style. Quite recently I saw a freight train of twelve cars arrive at Clarendville with one solitary man to conduct and handle freight. Many times on our road, one trainman has to handle a full freight train, when not less than three should be employed.

In what country could you go where trains are running, and find one man having to handle a full freight train. And what government would allow it outside of Newfoundland. The trainmen slaves under the "iron rule" of the present Superintendent, who is responsible for the present mismanagement of the road.

Mr. Rioux is by far a better railroad man than the present superintendent, and when he held the position of superintendent the road traffic was far more satisfactory. I have much more to say in reference to the road later, but will conclude for the present.

W. L. BETLER,  
Clarendville, Nov. 8, 1915.  
FERDINAND'S NEPHEW  
BADLY WOUNDED.

A despatch from Rome, under date of Nov. 3, states that Prince Leopold, a nephew of King Ferdinand of Bulgaria, was burned with acid and wounded with a revolver by a woman friend, the daughter of a Viennese police captain, according to a despatch from Vienna. It is stated that the woman committed suicide by shooting. The condition of the Prince is most grave, and he is likely to lose his sight.

**ROSSLEY'S EAST END THEATRE.**

St. John's Leading Vaudeville, Dramatic and Picture Theatre.

HEAR WHAT THE CROWD SAY ABOUT

**CARROLL & ELLER**

IRISH CHARACTER SINGING AND DANCING COMEDIANS.

In **"The Troubles of Mrs. Dooley."**

The Greatest Female Impersonator in the World.

**The Most Gorgeous Costumed Act in Vaudeville.**

They had the house in roars. For a real laugh see Carroll & Eller

The Pictures are elegant—See the great feature,  
"MAN'S RIGHT TO DIE," in 2 parts;  
"OLD TIGHT WAD," Mutual Movie; and  
"BILLY'S REVELATIONS," Mutual Movie.

NOTE—The Rehearsals for Mrs. Rossley's 4th Annual Christmas Pantomime are now commenced.

**OURS---Rossley's West End Theatre.**

**5 COMPLETE NEW FILMS.**

All New. Never seen anywhere.  
The finest in town.

**Miss Aneta, Latest New York Songs**

**2 Shows Nightly---7.30 and 9 p.m. prompt**

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**"The False Guardian,"**  
A modern Society Drama in 2 acts, produced by the Kalem Co., featuring Alice Hollister.

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An Edison Drama full of human interest.

**"The Worthier Man,"**  
A tale of the Canadian North West.

**"The Chief's Goat,"**  
A Vitagraph Comedy with Wally Van.

**DAN DELMAR,** The Popular Crescent Vocalist,  
SINGING NOVELTY SONGS AND BALLADS.

Good Music, a Comfortable & well Ventilated Theatre  
On Friday, "THE LURE O' THE WINDIGS," an Indian romance in 2 reels.

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**1500 Sax BRAN,**  
**1000 Brls "VICTOR"**  
**FLOUR.**

PHONE 264.

**George Neal**

Advertise in The Mail and Advocate

# NEW GOODS

Continually arriving keeps our stock fresh and up-to-date. We have lately received a large variety, which are selling at our usual LOW PRICES.

<b>Men's Winter Caps</b> With deep wool-knitted backfold. . . . . <b>80c</b> up. Made from good quality skins in Whaler and Greek styles, from . . . . . <b>\$2.50</b> up.	<b>Men's Lined Buckskin Gloves</b> Superior Quality, with Buckle and Patent Button Wristlet. <b>\$1.80</b> per pair.	<b>Men's Tan Leather Slippers</b> <b>75c.</b> pair.
<b>Bed Comfortables</b> In a Variety of New Designs, in different sizes; in the low-priced, medium and better grades.	<b>Hearth Rugs</b> Fine Wool Pile face Rugs, in rich designs and colourings. Excellent wear. From <b>\$1.50</b> up.	
<b>SPECIALS!</b> In the Little Things that Count. 2 cakes of good quality Toilet Soap for 8c. Ivory Combs, medium size, 7c. Safety pins, 2 dozen on card, 3c. card. Patent Boot Button, 1 dozen on card with hook, 3c. card. Boot Polish, large tin, 8c. each. Gold Plated Beauty Pins, 2 on card, 5c. card. Rolled Gold Lace and Tiepin, 20c. each. Satin Ribbons, in a variety of colours, from 4c. yard up. 6 yards Torchon Lace for 8c. Silverine Purse with Chain, 15c. each.	<b>New Arrivals</b> In Black and Navy Dress Serge.  <b>NEW RANGE</b> of a choice selection of <b>BLOUSE FLANNELETTE</b> <b>15c.</b> per yard.  <b>LADIES' TRIMMED and Semi Trimmed Felt Hats</b> All Moderately Priced.	<b>Stationery Items</b> Empire Writing Tablet (Ruled), 8c. each. Strong White Wave Envelopes, 4c. pkt. of 25. 1 dozen good Penholders for 4c. Pen Nibs, 3c. dozen up. 1 oz. bottle of Good Black Ink, 4c. Pen and Ink Erasers, 1c. each. Strong Safety Ink Wells, 10c. each. Writing Compendium (Paper and Envelopes combined), 20c. each. Box of medium grade, Slate Pencils, 5 to box, 2c. each. Noiseless Rulers, 7c. each. "Fleet" Fountain Pen, Easy Writer, \$1.10 each.
<b>Ladies' All Wool Underwear</b> <b>85c.</b> Garment.	<b>Ladies' Sealette Hats</b> <b>75c.</b> each.	<b>Ladies' Corsets</b> <b>60c., 70c., \$1.10</b> each with Suspenders attached

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One (1) Car of  
Bright  
Whole Corn  
—AT—  
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Real Estate Agent

Our Motto: "SUUM CUIQUE."



("To Every Man His Own.")

## The Mail and Advocate

Issued every day from the office of publication, 167 Water Street, St. John's, Newfoundland, Union Publishing Co. Ltd., Proprietors.

Editor and Business Manager  
JOHN J. ST. JOHN

ST. JOHN'S, NFLD., NOV. 10, 1915.

## OUR POINT OF VIEW

H. V. WHITEHOUSE

WE refrain from using the preface Reverend before Mr. Whitehouse's name, as never again will we consider him as a clergyman of the Church of England, that we have ever loved and respected.

In a letter dated Nov. 2nd, two days before Polling Day, Mr. Whitehouse penned a letter to the Trinity Enterprise for publication, in reply to some remarks made by "Theobald," in The Telegram.

Mr. Whitehouse asks in that letter: "Is a Teetotaler a Saint?" We in reply ask: Whether an advocate of Whiskey and Rum Saloons can be regarded in future as a proper and suitable man to wear the Gown of a Church of England clergyman?

And as a layman of the Church of England, we reply in the negative, and such ministers as Mr. Whitehouse will have to answer to the laymen of the Church of England when the Synod meets next year, for the disgrace and injury brought upon the grand old Church of England by the pro-um utterances of such as have openly, brazenly, and outrageously shamed the Church of England laymen during this Prohibition Campaign.

Is a drunkard a saint? Is the Liquor Saloon the entrance to the religious ideals taught by those clergymen?

Did not Mr. Bayly say that every village should possess a Liquor Saloon in order to test the resistance of every man to such a temptation as Whiskey drinking, and to develop character?

Does Mr. Bayly forget the Lord's Prayer—"Lead us not into temptation, deliver us from evil?"

Then Mr. Whitehouse sinks low enough in the gutter of Alcohol to ask: "On what authority Theobald describes Alcohol as a great world evil?" and then states that "Alcohol is neither good nor bad."

Mr. Whitehouse had better take a visit through this City in February and learn something of the effects of liquor, and of the broken-hearted wives, despairing mothers, half-starved and naked children. Let him behold a drunkard's wife making her way home from a peddling shop, on a February night, with ten cents worth of coal, purchased with ten cents given her begging pitiful child by some compassionate person; then Mr. Whitehouse would be in a position to answer such a question or ask such.

Mr. Whitehouse sums up the whole thing by saying: "Evil is the devil who tempts the unruly will, and the weakness the want of self discipline."

Does he expect a drunkard's son will be taught self discipline by his father? Does he know that Alcohol destroys a man's power to resist evil or temptation—that kills the good in him, which at one time cried out "NO" to temptation?

Did not Dr. Geisel convince him of this fact at the meeting she addressed at Trinity, at which Mr. Whitehouse presided, and delivered such a ridiculous address?

Who is Mr. Whitehouse that he should proclaim as a part of his own knowledge that "Alcohol is neither good nor bad?"

The evil in this Prohibition is the Church of England clergymen who supported evil rather than good; who regarded not the voice of conscience—"the Grace of God"—but fled headlong into a quagmire of un-Christian conduct that will fasten upon their shoulders the responsibility before God and man for the continuance of the Liquor evil in this Colony should the issue be lost by 1000 votes or so.

Mr. Whitehouse again states "that there is such a thing as our passion which we have to control through the Divine Grace." He then goes on to state, "that if we can control our passions—the law of nature—through Grace, why not a craving for Rum?"

Such an exhibition of ignorance one seldom finds in a Church of England parson.

"Some control their passions through discipline, others through Divine Grace"; but why not plead that a drunkard, who is dead to all spiritual feelings or unable to discern the good in him—which is the Grace of God—should be influenced by a power that the use of Alcohol has killed in him?

To say that because a sober man would not commit actions common with brutes, that he should as effectively resist the craving for Rum is unnatural and illogical. No man becomes a drunkard in a month or even in a year; it grows upon him gradually, and as time passes his powers of resistance, weaken from habit and the effects of the deadly poison upon the finer parts of the brain. Why not remove the cause, and then there can be no effect?

When the Bubonic Plague broke out in San Francisco the authorities at once started to locate the cause, and finding rats were responsible, fought the rats until the cause had been completely eradicated. They did not sit idle and expect something to turn up by moral suasion to eradicate the plague.

Is not Alcohol a greater Plague than any other known to mankind? If Mr. Whitehouse says it is not he is unfit to be a teacher of the truth of the Gospel.

Mr. Whitehouse again asserts that "God works through the instrumentality of supernatural man," and denies Canon Smith's assertion of the "instrumentality of man."

Mr. Whitehouse will find that only a fanatic in the Church of England will subscribe to his opinion regarding the "supernatural man."

The remedy proposed by Mr. Whitehouse as a cure for intemperance is too tame to effect much under the maxims of the twentieth century. Mr. Whitehouse will find the surest remedy is to remove the evil, shut off the supply; for while one may be influenced for good by the "preaching of good and the wisdom of God," ninety-nine will not heed such a balm. He thinks "spirit filled men," such as himself, could effectively administer that remedy.

Mr. Whitehouse should go East and put his cure into practice.

Mr. Whitehouse offers to come to St. John's to experiment, if the Bishop sees fit. We can assure him, that no sane man would tolerate such an intrusion here, for in view of the efforts of sensible men to benefit the weaker brethren, by removing the stumbling blocks, and the aid given by such men as Mr. Whitehouse, it would be impossible for him to convince a drunkard that, "this supernatural man" possesses powers that had only to be invoked in order to drive out the craving for Rum.

Mr. Whitehouse stated also that Alcohol, instead of being harmful, is the very reverse. Well, he may get the Sub-collector, who has so much to do at Trinity that he can find time to edit The Enterprise and he may be able to work his charm on a few others in his congregation; but he will find to his great regret that thousands of Churchmen, not only refuse to heed his advice, but are absolutely convinced that such advice, when advanced by a Church of England clergyman, is unpardonable and un-Christian, and will not be tolerated with impunity.

Some of the clergymen of the Church of England required to be taken to task, not only on their "supernatural" ideas of the good Alcohol is bestowing on the poor, but on other matters of moral reform; and it has now come to a pass when the laymen are leading the clergy instead of the clergy leading the laity.

How can anti-Prohibition clergy men of the Church of England of the Bayly-Whitehouse-Prescott type ever face that saintly man—the Bishop—after their disrespectful conduct in proclaiming to the world that they were opposed to a great Christian principle, that the venerated and venerable Bishop had announced his intention of supporting. Such conduct cannot be overlooked, and there are some laymen in this City who will not fail to bring those clergymen face to face with their conduct when the Synod again assembles.

There is no room in the Church of England for such men at this advanced period of time; and any Mission or Parish that will look with favour upon such conduct will live to regret their weakness and servitude.

"Drunkards need not laws but their Saviour," states Mr. Whitehouse.

No, sir, drunkards need to be saved from themselves and denied that which some ministers would allow them in order to test man's resistance to evil. The man most in need of their Saviour is not so much the man who cannot resist temptation or the ingrained craving for Rum induced by the agencies of Satan; but the man who although abstainers were so cruel to the compassion of their hearts as to endeavour to support an evil such as the Liquor Traffic, these are the men most in need of their Saviour.

We ask Mr. Whitehouse if "The Saviour" would have voted for Prohibition if He had been in Newfoundland on Thursday? Would the Son of God vote to continue the Liquor Traffic? Would He advise his soldiers and officers to uphold Rum, Whiskey and Brandy—such as is peddled out to human beings nowadays by the permission and authority of the State?

We boldly declare that the meek and lowly Jesus would not for a moment tolerate this great manufactory of Satan to exist if He was on earth to-day to behold its cruel inroads on our Civilization, our Home lives, our Christian behaviour and our Duty as Christians.

Away with such teachings as these advanced by Mr. Whitehouse! No, sir, you are wrong! Wrong!! wrong!!! You cannot produce a solid argument in favour of Alcohol. The saloon keepers could not dare not advance one argument in its favour; but he said with shame—said to our last disgrace—that there were found some Church of England clergymen who dared publicly to advocate the rights of the Liquor Traffic and preached in favour of Rum and Brandy, and did undertake an unenviable task that no saloon keeper was cruel and inhuman enough to openly and publicly support.

If we have replied to Mr. Whitehouse's unpardonable indiscretion with language that is rather severe, it is because the laymen of the Church of England feel very indignant about this matter; and what we have said is but a refrain of what must be said when this great issue is fought out on the floors of the Synod next spring.

### ANOTHER SHIRKER

CROSBIE, one of the representatives of Bay-de-Verde, did not give anything toward the Prohibition Fund or do anything to help on the cause.

The electorate of the district cannot be proud of their representative. Johnnie kept a bar himself when he ran the Crosbie Hotel, so the Temperance people of Bay-de-Verde who voted for Crosbie could scarcely expect any-

## Mr. Whitehouse's Letter To the "Enterprise"

(Editor Trinity Enterprise.)

DEAR SIR.—In the Telegram's issue of the 30th ult. a paragraph appeared under the caption "The Thoughts of Theobald" entitled "The Religion of Prohibition." Will you allow me space, whatever is meant by the term, to protest against its use?

We have heard of Christianity and the religion of Christ, but this new religion, without Divine revelation and miracles wrought, what is it? Surely when we see such a heading in a daily paper things are getting out of all proportion, if not out of the region of common sense. Does any sane man think that, say an atheist, who votes or works for prohibition is a Christian? Bradlaw and many others of the same type worked in accordance with their own ideas for the good of humanity, as regards this world. Is a teetotaler a saint? If all Christ religion is summed up in the four lines and three words printed in black type in the paragraph we can close our New Testaments. Surely the plain truth is that a man prohibited from drinking, merely, is still in God's sight unforgiven and unsanctified. To think because he does not drink rum, etc. he is like Christ is utterly absurd. But perhaps the correspondent does not mean that prohibition is a religion, perhaps he means to show the Christianity in Prohibition. In that case it is a pity he used the title. There are simple minds in Newfoundland and things are often misunderstood.

The correspondent describes alcohol as "the great world evil." On what authority does he so do? I beg to submit that it is neutral neither good nor bad. The evil is the devil who tempts the unruly will, and the weakness the want of self discipline. There is such a thing as our passions which we have to control through Divine Grace. Prohibition is useless here, and if we can control the second strongest law of nature through grace why not a craving for rum? Canon Smith says God works

through the instrumentality of man. I beg to submit that he works through the instrumentality of supernatural man, i.e. Spirit-filled men, and the means used is "The Word." To say that God has changed His method without giving us another revelation is saying something unauthorized. The preaching of Christ Crucified is described as "the Power of God and the Wisdom of God." I submit that if he done to our brothers for whom Christ died in the saloons, I believe they will welcome it if done by Spirit-filled men. I offer to do it myself if the Bishop sees fit, and holds me good enough.

The correspondent says, or rather we infer from what he writes, that alcohol is of no value and positively harmful. On what authority does he want us to believe this? If he will consult the Encyclopaedia Britannica he will find that the very reverse is true. Drunkenness is harmful of course.

It is quite true that Christ tells us if our right eye offend us we should pluck it out and cast it from us, but I never heard before that we should interfere with our neighbours' without their consent. I always thought God's service was perfect freedom. I hope no one will try to pluck out my right eye. I suggest that all be busy casting the beam out of their own.

Some of us—like to be thought the friend of sinners as our Master was. Drunkards, etc. need not the law but their Saviour. Poor fellows may they fall into His hands and not into the hands of men. "My sheep wandered on every high hill" and people are travelling around the shore for votes everywhere, apparently, but where the lost sheep are. The Divine Redeemer came seeking and saving. I beg that His method be tried. Poor drunkard your sin is great, but so is mine. God help you. He loves you still, and will to the end.

Yours, etc.,  
H. V. WHITEHOUSE.  
Trinity, Nov. 2nd, 1915.

Hints To Wise  
Detroit Free Press—The Allies are bringing some strong pressure to bear upon the Greeks. There has been a quiet intimation that

thing of him toward Temperance reform.

Crosbie was one of the 40 per cent. bluff put up by Morris and he did all he could to influence Mr. Currie to allow the 40 per cent. limit to pass with impunity.

Bay-de-Verde has had a thorough taste of Crosbieism, and the Prohibition bluff put up by him will not soon be forgotten.

all who are not for the entente must be against it and that the government in Athens need not be surprised if some morning it should find a blockade of its ports in force. Also the supply of money from the outside has been cut off and it will be necessary for Constantine to mobilize his army until he can bring himself to enter the entente camp. This may be called practical diplomacy. It is the sort of diplomacy the Germans have been exercising in the Balkans with more or less success for some time.

## NOTICE.

THE SEVENTH Annual Convention of the Supreme Council of the F.P.U. of Newfoundland will be held at ST. JOHN'S on the 23rd, 24th, 25th and 26th of NOVEMBER next. All Councils, District and Local are expected to send Delegates.

By order of the President,

W. W. HALFYARD,  
Secretary F.P.U.

St. John's, Oct. 25, 1915.

## NOTICE.

THE FOURTH Annual Meeting of the Fishermen's Union Trading Co., Ltd., will be held at ST. JOHN'S on THURSDAY, the 25th of NOVEMBER next at 7.30 p.m.

Notice is hereby given that at the said meeting Resolutions will be submitted to increase the authorized capital of the said Company from \$100,000 to \$250,000.

W. W. HALFYARD,  
Secretary.

St. John's, Oct. 25, 1915.

## NOTICE.

THE First Annual Meeting of the Union Export Co., Ltd., will be held at ST. JOHN'S on the afternoon of the 25th Day of NOVEMBER next.

W. W. HALFYARD,  
Acting Secretary.

St. John's, Oct. 25, 1915.

## NOTICE.

THE Fourth Annual Meeting of the Union Publishing Co., Ltd., will be held at ST. JOHN'S in the forenoon of the 25th Day of NOVEMBER next.

W. W. HALFYARD,  
Secretary.

St. John's, Oct. 25, 1915.

## NOTICE.

FOGO DISTRICT COUNCIL of the F.P.U. will hold its Sixth Annual Meeting at ST. JOHN'S during Convention week. All Local Councils will please arrange to send a Delegate.

W. W. HALFYARD,  
Chairman.

## NOTICE.

BONAVISTA DISTRICT COUNCIL of the F.P.U. will hold its Fifth Annual Meeting at ST. JOHN'S during Convention week. All Local Councils will please arrange to send a Delegate.

R. G. WINSOR,  
Chairman.

## NOTICE.

TWILLINGATE District Council of the F.P.U. will hold its Sixth Annual Meeting at ST. JOHN'S during Convention week. All Local Councils will please arrange to send a Delegate.

W. B. JENNINGS,  
Chairman.

## To Fishermen and Builders

WE have 500,000 (Five Hundred Thousand) of LUMBER on hand which we are selling at a reduced price to clear off the old stock as one of the Shareholders, G. H. Burry, died last fall, and we want to clear off the old stock to fix up the Estate. Quality of stock being No. 1, II, III, Matched; Clapboard (dressed) and Rough Scantling, all sizes. Boat and Schooner Plank also. Mill running all the fall; anything sawn to order any time. Fishermen having any logs to saw can bring them along with them.

**Baxter Burry,**  
Glovertown, B.B.

## Reid-Newfoundland Co.

### LABRADOR SERVICE

## Last Trip for the Season.

The "Sagona" will sail on Thursday, Nov. 11th, at 10 a.m.

Freight Received up to 5 p.m. Wednesday.

**J.J. St. John**

To Shopkeepers:

100 dozen  
**ROYAL PALACE**  
Baking Powder at  
50c dozen tins.

500 Dozen  
**TOILET SOAP**  
1 dozen in a Box,  
35c dozen.

500 Dozen  
**BLACK PEPPER**, at  
10c lb.

150 Dozen  
**ELECTRIC PASTE**,  
the best Blacklead  
on the market,  
48c dozen.

**J.J. St. John**  
Duckworth St & LeMarchant Rd

**DENTIST**



ESTABLISHED 1891.

For nearly a quarter of a century I have practised Dentistry in Newfoundland, and to-day there are many thousands perfectly satisfied with my services.

Our Artificial Teeth are now, as at first, the very best obtainable, but the fee has been reduced to \$12.00.

We repair brokne plates and make them just as strong as ever at a charge that will surprise you.

If you want a new set, or the old ones repaired, consult

**DR. A. B. LEHR,**  
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FOUNDLAND & keep  
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**With Our  
Naval Boys**

Room 16, Mess 15,  
R. N. Sub. Depot,  
Sheerness,  
October 10, 1915.

Dear Mother,—Received your letter to-day of Sept. 12th and was glad indeed to hear from you once more; it always makes me feel glad to hear from home, and also glad that you are all well.

Well, Mother, I haven't much strange news to tell you, and all of our letters have to be read before we can send them and we have to be careful what we are saying.

Everything is going on pretty well with us lately, both on the land and on the sea, but I think victory is a long way off yet, by the way every thing looks like it is anyway. But never mind we are in good spirits and quite contented with our lot, so long as we can win this great victory.

But I would be glad if it would be finished up before the cold winter weather comes on, for it is not very pleasant out in the cold winter nights, watching and waiting, especially when one thinks of the good times and some of the young lads are having at home sitting up by the fire side, what lucky chaps they are; but it would not be good for all of us to be like them, some one have to try and keep the dear old flag flying.

Well, Mother, we are getting quite a lot of drill now, both rifle and heavy gun drill; continually at it every day but it doesn't hurt us, it keeps us fit and proper for our duty, but it makes us feel tired when we pack up in the evening. The worst we get is route marching. We have to walk twelve miles twice every week, the band plays us over the course. But I can assure you its a gay old time, especially when we get to the firing line, its no trouble to hear the crack of a rifle or to see a bayonet glistening in the sun.

I belong to the Second Section and Lieutenant Grey is in charge of us; he is a very nice man.

I received a letter from Lewis Perry a few days ago. I do wish he was with me, for it don't seem like I can get another chum like him; he is still on the H.M.S. Royal Scott. Poor fellows, they will have a rough old time of it again this winter in the North Sea. I am glad I was lucky enough to get clear of her. I was in good hopes of getting home before Christmas but now we have to prepare for another winter coming. More countries have come against us, but let them come, we are ready for them. They will never bring Britain to her knees although it is not all sunshine with us.

I would like to be lucky enough to see the end of this war and perhaps I will, for I have no thought of going under. It would not be good for us to have them thoughts, we must never say die. You said that the Niobe's crew was home for a few days' leave. They must feel glad at that to be able to get home to see their dear old home again. We have no chance of getting home on leave until it is all over, let it be long or short. I heard that they were coming out here somewhere. Well, if they do they are likely to see more than what they have seen manouevring around on the Canadian coast. They will see some exciting times no matter where they go and very likely see things that they will never forget, for there is some hard old sights to be seen. One need a heart like steel until he gets use to it and then it seems like play game.

I sent you some papers a few days ago and I hope you will get them. You will see on one of them about the lively time we had bombarding the Belgium coast; its not a long way from here, not by water.

Sorry to hear that it was a bad year on the Labrador which is going to make it hard for the poor people, and I suppose everything is up to the highest figure with the excuse of owing to the war. I am longing to hear from the old Violet although I have no help mate in her, but really I would like for her to bring a bumper-trip for old times sake.

Well, Mother, as the time is getting short I must soon close. This is Sunday evening and everything is pretty quite with us once, for a wonder. Give my best wishes to Eli and all his family. So I will wish you good bye for this time and don't be down hearted.

Are we downhearted? No! Not while Britain rules the waves, not likely while we have Tommy on the land; and jack upon the sea, we need not fret. Its a long ways to Tipperary but were not down-hearted yet.

You said you had a mind to send some of my letters to the Free Press. You can send this one to the Advocate if you like.

From your loving son,  
WILLIAM ROGERS.

**The W.P.A.  
at Long Pond**

(Editor Mail and Advocate)  
Sir,—Kindly allow me space in your esteemed journal for the insertion of a few remarks with regards to the W.P.A. at Long Pond.

Last Winter the good ladies of Long Pond formed an association, which under the able guidance of its worthy President, Mrs. E. Elliot (nee) Miss Jennie Greenslade, did notable work. The members of the association used to meet in the schoolroom, where, with a nice cosy fire and with excellent reading material, knitting needles were plied very busily.

The funds of the Association were augmented very considerably by the indefatigable work of the Junior Committee, who collected about \$11.00. The names of this brave little band of workers deserve special mention here.

Junior committee:—Misses Lilly Rendell, Elsie Dawe, Irene Dawe, Violet Rideout.

In passing, I cannot refrain from making mention of the good work done by the worthy President. She gave ingrudgingly of her time and talent, for the material and social benefit of the community. She was interested in anything and everything that tended to uplift the social status of her native town. But she has severed her connection with Long Pond, and is now we trust, doing noble work in another part of the great "wide field."

Our loss has been somebody's gain. She has gone to make the man of her choice happy, and is now the wife of Mr. E. Elliot, Principal of Bay Robert's Academy. Her many friends as they meet weekly in the Association room, send a kind thought to her over to the cable town, and each and everyone joins in wishing her and her husband many years of wedded bliss.

This year we see the Association inaugurated on a new-working basis, which promises good results. The officers this year are as follows:

President—Mrs. C. R. Rendell.  
Secretary—Mrs. W. Rendell.  
Treasurer—Miss J. M. A. Greenslade.

Under such a capable staff of officers we expect to see the Association go forward by leaps and bounds. May all success attend those ladies. They deserve to be given all the help and encouragement that is possible to be given them. They are trying to do their part to help out the Empire in this great hour of trial. They fully realize the great responsibility that has developed upon the women of the Empire in keeping our brave soldier lads at the front equipped with various articles of clothing, which go far towards keeping them comfortable.

They are determined to do their part to smash German militarism, to bring peace and security to the Empire and humanity, to uphold the ideals of Christianity and humanity and to keep the old flag unfolded to the breeze.

Yours sincerely,  
PATRIOT.  
Long Pond, Nov 8, 1915.

**With "Ours"**

Mr. J. C. Noseworthy received a letter from his son Herman who is with Ours at the Dardanelles, in which he says:

"The weather at times is suffocating, but I guess we will have to stand it. We have been in the trenches three times, so we are quite use to it now; but at present we are in our dug-outs having a rest. You know we need a rest after having our heavy equipment on us. We get very good food, good enough, I suppose, on a racket like this. We must not complain, but I would like better. I hope you will not forget my Christmas presents and cigarettes. Good bye and God bless and keep you is the prayer of my heart.

Remember me to Harry Callingham and tell him I am very thankful for the papers. Will write next mail if possible.

I am sending you this piece of regimental, colours asa souvenir from the trenches.

Your son,  
HERMAN.  
Nov. 5th, 1915.

**THE RIGHT SPIRIT**

Two New York women have for 19 years contributed \$1,000 each year for the aid of wives and children of disabled life savers and for widows of those who have lost their lives in the service. The women are known only to Supt. J. M. Kimball of Washington, who recelives the cheque. The 19th cheque has just been received for Christmas distribution.

**Superb Fur-Like Seal Sets.**

THESE splendid sets of Fur-Like, Black, Coney Seal, are made of a fabric that perfectly resembles the famous South Sea Seal—the fur of which throws off beautiful radiating, soft, deep, lustrous, velvety, black and maroon tones, that compel us to centre our attention, and at once crave to possess a garment made of such a rich fur.



Look at the illustration and notice the excellent contour of this fashionable and Comfortable Muff and Throwover—apart from the style and comfort the smart dressy appearance it gives to the wearer will be a source of pleasure as long as the set lasts.

These sets are well made, and richly lined with Black Silk, and styles exactly as illustrated are finished with silk medallions, and long fine, silk-thread tassels, truly marvellous value. These are copies of real, South Sea Seal, one-hundred-dollar sets. Price for this Muff and Throwover exactly as illustrated. A Set—\$7.00.

Price of Similar Coney Seal Sets in black, finished with wide, knotted, fine, silk-Thread fringe. A Set—\$3.30, \$4.50, \$5.70 and \$7.00.

Price of Black Coney Seal Sets finished without fringes—\$3.30, \$4.50, \$5.70 and \$7.00.

Remember these are often copied, but never equalled. You buy right, when you buy here. See them to-day, or mail your order to-day—mail now, we have many to choose from.

**Anderson's, Water Street, St. John's, N.F.**

**DURABLE!  
COMFORTABLE!!  
FASHIONABLE!!!**

Are our Popular Ready-to-Wear

**Soft Felt Hats  
For Girls.**

In Cardinal, White, Navy,  
Green, Royal and Navv. **80c each**  
Mail Orders receive our very best attention.

**S. MILLEY**

**GEORGE SNOW**

SHIP AND GENERAL IRON  
WORKER AND MACHINIST

I am extending my business by the installation of up-to-date machinery whereby all kinds of the following work will be turned out with dispatch and satisfaction.

**FORGING IRON AND BRASS CASTING OF EVERY DESCRIPTION & PATTERN MAKING.**  
Saw Mill Work and Repairs to Motor Engines.  
and all kinds of Machinery, etc.

With our equipment we are enabled to guarantee every satisfaction and ensure prompt delivery.  
Large Stock of Material always on hand.  
Brazing broken parts of machinery done by special process.  
Note carefully the address:

**GEORGE SNOW**  
SPRINGDALE STREET (WEST SIDE).

At Lowest Prices

**Gasolene  
"Veedal"  
Motor Oil**  
In Casks and 1 and 5 gallon Tins.

**SMITH CO. Ltd.**

ADVERTISE IN THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE

**WINTER COATS!**

**Ladies Heavy Tweed & Black Winter Coats,**

Prices from **\$5.00 to \$16.00**

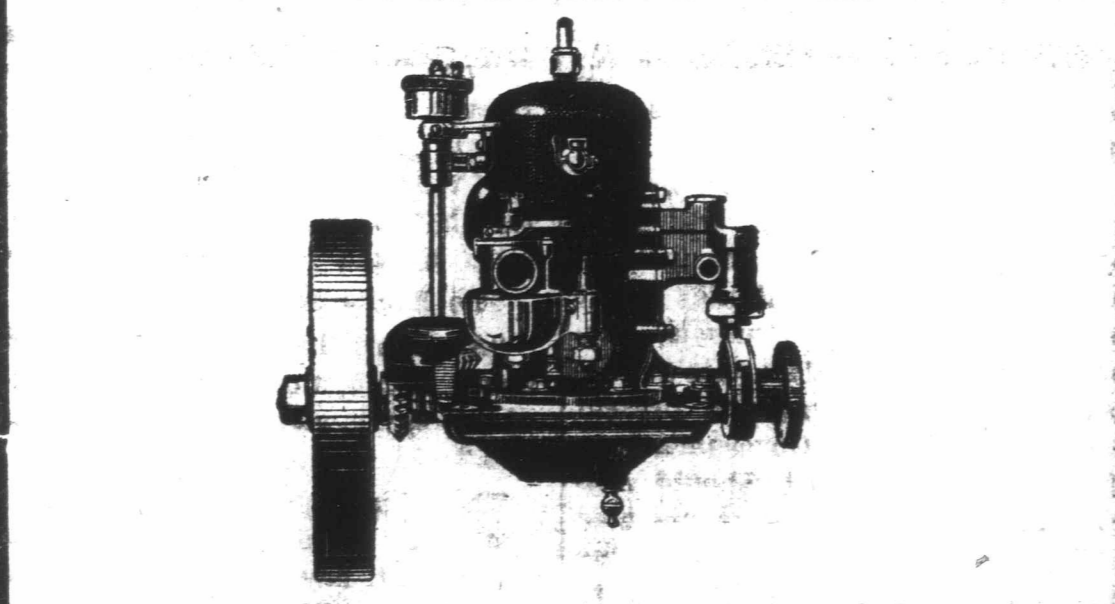
These Coats were bought at Sample Prices, and we want to give our Customers the privilege of getting a Good Coat, CHEAP.

**JERSEYS & SWEATERS**  
We have a large Sample lot of Men's, Women's and Childrens. Wool Jerseys and Sweaters. Selling Cheap to clear.

**LOCAL YARN**  
90c. per pound (16 oz.)

**Nicholle, Inkpen & Chafe**  
Limited.

315 WATER STREET 315  
Agents for Ungars Laundry & Dye Works,



**New "GRAY" Engines.**

A good engine at a reasonable price with the factory guarantee behind it.

**"FERRO" Kerosene Engines**  
Fulton Self Sparking Engines.  
Britannia 4 Cycle Engines.

The largest stock of  
K. W. Coils, Spark Plugs, Wire, Tools,  
Lubricating Oil, Etc.

Call and see us. Open every night.  
**A.H. Murray**  
BOWRING'S COVE.

OUR THEATRES.

THE NICKEL. The marvellous serial "The Exploits of Elaine" will begin at the Nickel theatre to-day. It puts into pictures for the first time the greatest detective character of the day, Craig Kennedy, showing a criminal of a new and menacing kind, a man who utilizes strange forces and leaves no clue save the mark of a clutching hand.

ROSSLEY'S. At Rossley's theatre, the most up-to-date and popular theatrical house in the city, Carroll and Ellor, the Irish musical comedy artists, and the finest female impersonator in the world again had their audience in roars last night. The show people were in crowds and enjoyed the show after their long day.

THE CRESCENT. A great mid-week programme is presented at the Crescent Picture Palace to-day. A modern story drama in two acts is "The False Guardian"; an interesting and instructive drama is "The Temple of Molok"; a tale of the Canadian North-West is "The Northier Main"; and "The Chief's Goat" is a very laughable comedy.

If you want the best light, burn "Bristelite" Kerosene. P. H. COWAN, Importer.

WEDDING BELLS

Editor Mail and Advocate) Dear Sir: A very pretty wedding took place at Doting Cove, when Mr. Charles L. Moulard, son of Geo. A. Moulard (deceased) was united in bonds of matrimony to Miss Flora M. Penney of Indian Islands. Miss Penney has been telegraph operator here for the past two years and was admired by all.

CORRESPONDENT.

THE DIPHTHERIA MENACE That diphtheria is spreading with alarming rapidity in the city is now becoming quite evident, and parents are becoming uneasy as a result. Yesterday no less than three cases were reported and the total, including these, noted since Saturday last is seven. Fortunately the disease is of a mild form and with careful nursing and treatment patients are in no great danger.

Our brand of Kerosene is "Bristelite." Ask your dealer for it. P. H. COWAN, Importer.

Should Not Be Tolerated

Complaints Are Many in Connection With the Regimental Pay Office—Unnecessary Annoyance is Caused Through Poor System—Authorities Should Get Busy and Adjust Matters

Many complaints are being made as to the system now vogue at the Colonial Building with regard to the payment of the dependants of our soldier lads. According to the stories given, as we have no reason to doubt them, disgraceful scenes occur there each day. There is a constant crush to get to the office, and the weaker individuals in the throng are often pretty roughly handled.

We have been told that one unfortunate woman who lives six miles in the country, after remaining all day in a down-pour of rain, was compelled to tramp back home without her money, drenched and faint, and had to return over the same long route the next day.

Another woman was severely crushed, received some bodily injury, had her glasses broken and was in a pretty bad state when she emerged from the throng.

Others claim that the officials act, at least in some cases, in a supercilious and overbearing manner, especially to the females in the throng and treat them, more or less, like people who are being handed out a pauper's dole. These unfortunate women, who have sons, husbands or brothers in the firing line indignantly resent this, and have determined when next treatment is accorded them to go in a body to the Government House and to protest to His Excellency and solicit his intervention.

Our informants say all this confusion and unnecessary hardship and suffering is caused by want of system in the matter of procedure. Could not the dependents of the men be paid according to the contingents to which they belong, with the names alphabetically arranged, and days appointed for the adjustment of each in turn. Anyhow according to the stories given us matters are now more or less in a chaotic condition and are simply disgraceful, so that it appears to be absolutely necessary for the proper authorities to step in and establish order and system, where now only confusion is apparent.

Newfoundland Fox Exchange at 276 Water Street pays highest prices for raw furs.

PROSPERO FROM NORTH

The S.S. Prospero arrived here from the Northward at 6 p.m. yesterday, bringing a large freight of fish, oil &c. She had stormy, wet and densely foggy weather almost the whole trip, especially on the return run from Battle Hr., and had to harbor at night in one or two instances. Her passengers were: Messrs. J. T. Croucher, W. Roberts, J. Foote, N. Gear, Howell, W. Casey, M. Kelly, H. L. Pearce, T. Saunders, J. Robbins, J. White, A. Brown, A. Elliott, G. Shea, H. J. Earle, E. Sexton, A. R. Rowe, J. Miller; Mesdames Shea, Batstone, Broders, Smith, Earle, Carter, Fowlow, Miller, James, Morris, Misses Pilgrim, Taylor, Shea, Lind, Morey, Laughlan, Anstey, Tessier, Broders, Smith, Mills, Rogers, Russell, Guy, Fowlow, Banister, James, and 118 in steerage.

We have a splendid stock of Ferro, Gray, Fulton and Meitz & Weiss Kerosene Motor Boat Engines, spark coils and all repair parts. A. H. MURRAY, Bowring's Cove.—oct19,10i

Police Court News

Judge F. J. Morris presided to-day and discharged a drunk while a disorderly was fined \$2 or 5 days. A drunk who broke the lock off J. Tilly's door paid the damages, \$1.50 and was let go. A man summoned by Mr. Bastow representing the S.P.C.A., for using abusive language towards him, was also fined \$2.00 or 5 days. The three boys whom a contemporary said were arrested for larceny yesterday, did not materialize.

PASSED A BUOY.

The Olinda, which arrived yesterday to-day saying that a large conical can buoy with a small cage on the top and painted red. It was passed in lat. 34.55 N.; lon. 53.18 W.

FINED FOR SMUGGLING.

Mr. H. W. LeMessurier had a message to-day saying that Capt. Skinner of the schr. Hesperian was charged before Magistrate Way, at Hr. Breton, for a breach of the Customs Regulations, and was fined \$25.00 and costs.

Fatal Accident at Butterine Factory

Edward Brookings of Signal Hill Meets With Tragic Death—Cask 450 lbs. Weight Falls Through Hatch and Hit Him on the Head as He Stood Under Opening—Death Was Almost Instantaneous

Shortly after 8 o'clock this morning, a fatal accident occurred at Harvey & Co's Butterine Factory, the victim being Edward Brookings, aged 45 of Walsh's Town, on Signal Hill Road.

According to particulars given us by Mr. Arthur Williams, superintendent of the factory, the man came to work at 7 a.m. as usual and with another man, named Noseworthy, was engaged hoisting material for butterine, held in casks of about 450 lbs. weight, to the lift above. Both men worked at the winch, and several times Mr. Williams noticed that Brookings stood under the open hatchway, and warned him of the danger he ran. He persisted in doing so when at the hour mentioned the canhooks slipped off a cask as it ascended. It fell and hit Brookings squarely on the head as he stood underneath. The chime of the barrel took effect on the man's head and he fell unconscious in a pool of blood. The head was laid open, and the brain being injured and Mr. Williams telephoned for Dr. Roberts, later sending a horse and express to expediate his coming. He also summoned Rev. Mr. Whitmarsh, but little from a material or spiritual aspect could be done for him, as the poor fellow remained unconscious and died in half an hour.

The clergyman broke the sad news to the widow and her three children, who are heart-broken over the tragic death of the husband and father, and to whom in the hour of their great affliction, the Mail and Advocate extends its sincere sympathy.

PRETTY MARY RESCUES CREW

The Marine and Fisheries Department were apprised yesterday that the schr. Poppie M. was sunk by colliding with the schr. Wattie G. off Colmbour on the 5th inst. The message was from the Consul at St. Pierre and said the crew was saved and proceeding to Bay L'Argent in the schr. Pretty Mary.

LOCAL ITEMS

Mr. J. J. Croucher, Daine Johnston's agent at Battle Hr., who came by the Prospero says that since the 15th of

A boy aged 13 of Topsail Road developed diphtheria yesterday and was removed to hospital.

Mrs. M. Thomas arrived here by the Prospero last evening from Tilt Cove for the Lunatic Asylum. She was very violent at intervals.

A magisterial enquiry was held to-day at the Court House by Judge Morris into the death of the little boy Wilcox, caused by fire at his residence, Hoylestown, Saturday night.

By the Prospero we learn that there is still a good sign of codfish at Battle Hr and on the Fresh Shore. Bait, however, is very scarce and coupled with bad weather makes it impossible to get good catches.

October, cod has been more plentiful at Battle Hr. than at any time during the summer, with very mild weather prevailing. Boats got easily, when bait was procurable, 5 qts daily, but herring were very scarce.

Some of the firemen on a steamer at the dry dock pier became noisy last night and the police had to be called to restore order. One of them who was drunk and the chief cause of the trouble was taken from the ship.

Foxes are now at large in Buckmaster's Field and are playing ducks and drakes with poultry owned by residents of Gear Street and Rocky Lane. Mr. T. Davis lost 25 hens by them and others had hundreds killed. Gun-men are being hired to get after Reynard.

If you want a Ferro Kerosene Engine call at A. H. MURRAY's demonstrating room, Bowring's Cove.—oct19,10i

The French barquin Raymond, which came off the Banks to port with her rudder damaged, was given a new one by shipwright S. Butler. She took over 4000 qts. cod in the Banks and sailed to-day for Fecamp. She also took from here 1,800 lbs. herring.

READ THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE

GLEANINGS OF GONE BY DAYS

NOVEMBER 10.

Oliver Goldsmith born 1738. Fire in Carey's barn and one in C. F. Bennett's barn, 1871.

Big fire in Boston, loss, one hundred million dollars, 1872. Dundee Sealing Co. purchased Southside premises from Capt. Cleary, 1876.

John Meehan of Harvey & Co's who died in Buffalo, buried in the first casket ever used in this city, 1878.

Garret Bryne, bookseller, opened business, 1886. John Dormady, founder T. A. Juveniles, died, 1893.

Jas. P. Cash opened business 1880. Archibishop McNeil preached in R. C. Cathedral here, 1895.

St. John's and Placentia bye-election held. In the former, Chas. Huton and John Fox against R. L. Mare and John V. O'Dea (East); Geo. Tessier, P. J. Scott and Thos. P. Jackson against Chas. Tessier, Jas. Callahan and Jos. Downey (West). In Placentia, Mehl. Tobin, R. McGrath and John Dunphy against W. J. S. Donnelly, Walter B. Grieve and John W. Foran, 1894.

Henry Gear and Jas. J. Pittman beat Marmaduke G. Winter and Geo. Buffet, Burin election, 1894.

First Assembly election under Ballot Act in Bonavista. Candidates, Morison, Johnson and Wyatt. Result: Morison 921, Johnson 453, Wyatt 14; 1888.

Bristelite Kerosene offered at lowest prices by P. H. COWAN, Importer.

Our Volunteers

The men of the new H Company are busy each day at drill and are becoming very proficient. Recruiting is looking up and has now reached the fine total of 2533. The following were added the past few days:

Pouch Cove—John Pomeroy; St. John's—Leo C. Murphy, Alex. Lush, Herb. G. Luscombe, Rex. Field, John Evans, Geo. Chapter; Broad Cove—M. Thistle; Safe Hr., B.B.—Chas. Atwood; North Sydney, C.B.—Wm. Chas. Barry;

Bay Roberts—John O'Rourke; St. Mary's Bay—Francis Lewis; Little Heart's Ease—Wm. J. Peddle.

We will pay good prices for all kinds of raw furs. Nfld. Fox Exchange, 276 Water Street.

FREIGHT CARS RAN AWAY

When the freight special with 10 cars and a caboose which left here this morning at 7.30 reached Mount Pearl the couplings of the front one of the last 6 cars gave out and they came out the line at a pretty smart clip. Fortunately the track was clear of cars and the runaway collided with nothing and they continued on to Bowring Park when two of the cars left the track and went down over the embankment, being completely wrecked, while the mixed freight which they contained was practically all destroyed. The other cars held the track and were O.K. Condr. O'Reilly was in charge and could not account for the couplings giving out.

Kerosene and Gasolene. P. H. COWAN, Importer.

"SNIPERS THE CURSE OF THE WAR"

A reporter now serving at the front writes: "The snipers are the curse of the game. They have telescopic sights to their rifles, and can shoot our men down invisible themselves. One man, a clipping fine shot, potted at me again and again from about 400 yards until he quite made me jump. From what I could gather he is in a chimney, and has the exact range. We had to dig in before dawn the other morning, and I had scarcely begun when my friend opened fire. I was steaming with perspiration, so I lay down and took off my sweater, which I placed on the outside of my when 'swish' came a bullet from my friend in the chimney, ripping and ruining the sweater. I have had two shots at him, and I intend to get him sooner or later. The trench I am scribbling this in is full of German dead, and the water is nearly up to one's knees. The man who went in with me, whose first experience it was, asked me if all these Germans were asleep. Some of them were standing against the wall of the trench, others sitting, but all were stone dead."

ONE BILLION FRANCES EXCHANGED FOR NOTES

PARIS, Nov. 1st.—In response to the request of the Government last June that private individuals exchange their gold coins for notes, a total of 1,000,000,000 francs (\$200,000,000) gold has been turned over to the

MISSING MAN LOCATED

It will be remembered that a few years ago Martin Bulger, courier of Portugal Cove, suddenly disappeared and was not heard of afterwards. We learn from people who recently came from that place that he is doing well in New Glasgow.

Dr. Hal. Tait Doing Well

Has 70 Patients Under His Care Including Several Newfoundlanders—Bert Tait Who Was Ill of Fever Now Recovered

Dr. J. S. Tait had letters within the past two days from his sons, Doctors Harold Tait and Bert. Harold is in St. George's Hospital at Malta, and has seventy military patients under his care, some suffering with wounds and others ill of dysentery. Amongst the number are several Newfoundlanders, and Dr. Harold is doing good work in the institution.

Dr. Bert Tait who was laid off at Egypt, ill of fever, is now in the Convalescent Home at Alexandria and is there in company with Lieut. Herbert Rendell.

Both have now practically regained their former rugged health, will soon get back to work and are enthusiastic members of our regiment which are doing splendid work in keeping the flag flying to the breeze.

A Dangerous Runaway

Frightened Horse Attached to an Express Dashed East at Lightning Speed—Driver on Board Could do Nothing to Check the Animal—Had Narrow Escape

To-day a horse attached to an express owned by Mr. P. Casey, butcher, took fright near Mr. Casey's place, Water Street West, and dashed East at lightning speed. Hy. Brien the driver was on board and could do nothing to check the animal in his mad flight. Pedestrians and all kinds of vehicles had to haul out of its way and all efforts to stop the beast failed.

People who saw the animal pass and Brien sitting in the express believed he would be killed and he would certainly have been had he not taken the desperate risk of jumping as the animal rushed along at the foot of Adelaide St. He landed on his feet but fell and received a few cuts and bruises only and had a remarkable escape.

The horse when it reached the foot of Beck's Cove turned and turned West again but collided with a sloop opposite Templeton's and fell. The express was dashed to pieces and the horse badly cut, was secured.

Mr. Casey loses \$160 by the accident.

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LATEST WAR MESSAGES

SHIPPING

The schr. 'Watonga' is loading codfish at G. M. Barr's for Europe.

The Portia left Bonne Bay at 10.50 p.m. yesterday.

The Prospero sails North at 10 a.m. Friday.

The Stepano left New York at 3 p.m. yesterday and is due here Sunday.

It is expected that the whaler Cach-a lot will finish up the voyage by the end of the month. She is expected to secure by that time over 70 fish.

Though no word was received yesterday afternoon as to the sailing of the Stepano from New York it is believed she got away in the afternoon. The Florizel should leave New York on Tuesday next.

The coming of the three Ventures with coal cargoes, and the Palika with a large freight of flour will put some badly needed employment in the way of the Loughshoremen. These ships should be here to-day.

The Fogota, which left here at 1 p.m. yesterday, going north, took a full freight and these passengers:—W. Abbott, Mrs. A. Pardy, K. Way, R. Burt, L. Whiteway, Miss W. Blackmore, Miss A. Guy, Mrs. J. Tilton, F. Abbott, Miss G. Moulard, F. Hodder, M. Gray, H. French, A. Brown, and 16 in steerage.

Use "Bristelite" Kerosene Oil. P. H. COWAN, Importer.

Dear Madam: You know how necessary it is that your husband should leave home in good humour every morning. He has many troubles to face all day, but he can easily surmount them if his attitude towards them is right. Nothing goes well with the man who starts the day in a bad temper. You have it in your power to put him in a pleasant frame of mind. Serve him at breakfast with Arbuckle's delicious Breakfast Coffee. He will appreciate it.

Yours faithfully, CLEVELAND TRADING CO. aug30,11w,tf

ROME, Nov. 10.—A decree ordering the demobilization of the Greek army, will soon be issued, according to an Athens' despatch to the Giornale D'Italia, which says that only 50,000 men will be kept under arms.

LONDON, Nov. 10.—Serbians operating the defiles of Kutchevnik against the Bulgarians advancing from Uskub to Pristina, report important successes, says an Athens' despatch.

GREAT BRITAIN TO COMMAND THE AIR

LONDON, Nov. 10.—For the first time since the beginning of the war, newspaper correspondent have been allowed to inspect the great new aviation centres of the British army. Yesterday, representatives of two leading Paris, one Norwegian, one Australian, and two New York leading papers, escorted by war officials, visited several of the principle bases in England, where every facility possible for obtaining information was placed at their disposal. The only possible conclusion after the trip is that Great Britain has determined upon the mastery of the air the same as of the sea. Further, he is in a fair way to accomplish his end if, indeed, that is not already the situation.

German Press on Cavell Case

BERLIN, Nov. 2.—Under the heading, "The False Reports of the American Minister in Brussels," the Vossische Zeitung broadly hints that Brand Whitlock must go. "It is to be hoped," it says, "that the German Government will seize the occasion afforded by the incident to put an end to the activities of the American Minister in Brussels. According to his credentials, this gentleman belongs to Havre, the present seat of the Belgian Government; to which he is accredited. Should America desire to be further represented in Brussels, it must choose for the purpose a personage acceptable to the German Government. We cannot believe that the author of the colored reports about the Cavell case will be regarded any longer as such a person."

German Press on Cavell Case

The Berlin press gives prominence to the London report of Lord Robert Cecil's declaration in the House of Commons regarding the Cavell case and makes bitter comments on the phrase, "the gruesome murder of a noble woman."

The Tageszeitung says, "This hypocrisy exceeds all bounds, it is unusual, even for the English." The Lokalanzeiger, under the caption "Hopeless Hypocrites," says: "That Miss Cavell was legally condemned and executed by the German official statements have not left the slightest doubt. If the English conscience in the case of the murder of the whole crew of a German submarine was as good and clean as the

German conscience in the case of this 'noble woman,' then we might discuss the matter further with Lord Robert Cecil. Meanwhile we will calmly await what the English will do in order to procure 'satisfaction' for the verdict of the Brussels war court spoken in the Kaiser's name."

The Berlin Hazzette says: "Asquith's threat that he would demand satisfaction for the execution of this spy is more foolish than shameful."

The Hamburg Nachrichten, as quoted by Reuter's Amsterdam correspondent, says in an article under the heading, "Cavell Cant," that the recent trial of conspirators proves that German officials, whose duty, the newspaper says, is to tame and bribe Belgium, will not allow "any Englishwoman or a subject of any other hostile nation to take shelter under the cover of charity or costume of a nurse in order to assist our enemies behind the backs of our warriors."

"We have forgotten sentimentality," continues that Nachrichten, "as the Imperial Chancellor said, and regarding the forging of English malice, the Kaiser has already spoken."

The newspaper says that Miss Cavell has become the Jeanne d'Arc of Brussels and an English national saint, but "she did not fight with the banner of the Church in her left hand and a sword in the other."

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