

German Advances Menaces Railway Leading to Verdun

If Successful Would Occasion Abandonment of Several Square Miles of Territory—Intense Bombardment of Vaux and Damloup Continues—Russians Sink 7,000 ton German Steamer.

GERMANS WITHIN SEVEN MILES OF LARGE GERMAN STEAMER SUNK IN BLACK SEA.

PARIS, March 22.—The war office reports there were no infantry attacks on the Verdun front last night. The bombardment of Vaux and Damloup continues intensely. Other reports from this region indicate that the Germans in their drive into Avocourt Wood yesterday, advanced to within seven miles of St. Manehould-Verdun railway over which the French draw their supplies. It is admitted that the advance of the Germans in this vicinity would if continued far enough menace several square miles of the French positions northwest of Verdun.

BUCHAREST, March 22.—The seven thousand ton steamer Esperanza flying the German flag and loaded with food supplies for Constantinople has been sunk off the Roumanian coast by a Russian warship. Several small sailing vessels similarly loaded were also destroyed.

HUGE DESTRUCTIVE FIRE IN TEXAS.

PARIS, Texas, March 22.—The fire which swept through this city for six hours last night destroyed approximately thirty blocks. The loss being estimated at from two to five millions. There was no loss of life, but 10,000 persons are homeless.

ONTARIO TO GO DRY WITHOUT VOTE; PROHIBITION ABOUT SEPTEMBER 1ST

TORONTO, March 22.—The definite prohibitions as to quantity. The quantities allowed will be less than under the Manitoba Act. The bill will be before the House for first reading during the day.

The Government will announce its decision to bring prohibition into effect as a war measure without a referendum with a vote at a stated period after the war to determine whether prohibition shall continue or not. The province will remain "dry" until the matter is decided permanently by the people.

Licensees will be given an extension of about four months from the 1st of May—the end of the license year. The province will be dry some time between the 15th of August and the 15th of September.

The Prohibition Bill follows in the main the Manitoba Act. The chief improvements or additions are clauses incorporating the most valuable enforcement provisions of the local option section of the Ontario License Act, which will, of course, be superseded. Distilleries and breweries will be permitted to sell in wholesale quantities to wholesale druggists subject to restric-

tions as to quantity. The quantities allowed will be less than under the Manitoba Act. The bill will be before the House for first reading during the day.

The administration of the new Act will probably be placed in charge of a board composed of three members. The bill itself will not, it is stated, contain such a provision, this step being possible by regulation. The board is expected to have control of the issuing of licenses and of the department through which the Government will make good the pledge given by Hon. Mr. Hearst to enforce the Act to the limit of the Government's ability.

When the bill is taken up by the House a division will be created by Mark Irish, member for North Toronto, who has given notice of a resolution asking for the appointment of a commission to investigate and determine the amount of compensation that should be paid to licensees for their financial loss. The North Toronto member states that he will press for a division in the House. It is stated that the Government will definitely refuse to consider the question of compensation.

An Explanation.

In our issue of March 13th we published a report of an incident alleged to have taken place in the Local Legislature to which our esteemed representative of West Hastings, Mr. J. W. Johnson, has taken objection. The item was taken from The Toronto Telegram, one of the pronounced Conservative papers of our province. The local legislature does not publish any verbatim reports of the debates as in the case at Ottawa so that we had no means of ascertaining that the report was incorrect and depended as we generally do upon the reports of the Toronto papers which usually have representatives present. The article was published in good faith believing it was a description of a sort of humorous "horse play" among the members and without any malicious intention of in any way injuring our well known townsman, whose personal character is of course above reproach.

We have been informed by Mr. Johnson that the report is erroneous and ostensible to injure him. We take this opportunity in the first issue of our paper after he has drawn our attention to the matter to express our regret that anything should be published by us which would in any way annoy or which Mr. Johnson would believe would cause him injury. We have no knowledge of the facts and accept unhesitatingly Mr. Johnson's statement that the report published in The Telegram and copied by us is incorrect.

It has been our policy at all times to eliminate anything of a private nature or that would give personal annoyance.

We trust this explanation will be received in the spirit in which it is given and that Mr. Johnson will accept the explanation of the circumstances.

Soldier Fell Twenty Five Feet

Private William Hay of the 155th Battalion has received word that his son, Roy, who is in the Canadian Army Service Corps at London, England, had a bad fall some weeks ago. He fell twenty-five feet to the pavement and was unconscious for 38 hours. He was still in hospital when the letter containing the news was sent.

Fathers and Sons Join the 155th

There were two unique enlistments yesterday with the 155th Battalion. Col. Sergt. George Tilley, a veteran of the South African campaign, came to headquarters accompanied by his son Peter, and both signed up with the Quinte battalion. Sergeant Tilley is a soldier, who did great work in the early part of this war enlisting men for the 49th detachments. He has been a member of Mr. Albert Johnstone's pipe band and is a piper of distinction.

Private Chisholm, 155th battalion, who lives on South George St., yesterday brought his father in to the recruiting office. The parent signed up and is now able to accompany his son.

There is another case of a father and son in the Belleville company. Pioneer Wm. Hay and his son Buster Kitchener Hay being members of the 155th.

Senior pupils of piano and violin department, and School of Expression of Albert College are giving a Concert Saturday, March 25th at 8 p.m. in Massey Hall. Silver collection for College Red Cross Fund.

Gunner L. Harris Is in England

Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Harris, Catherine Street have received from their son Gunner Lionel Harris, of the C.F.A. the following letter written from Eastleigh, Hants, dated, March 9: "I am in England in hospital at present but do not know how long as I am getting along so well and expect to go to our base at Sherborne. I got across by good luck as they had to clear the hospitals out in France. I expect it will be some time before I get back as I will have some privilege for I am one of the 1st contingent and members don't have to go back for a good while if invited to England. I am sending you a photo of the hospital I am in at present but I expect to go to the Duchess of Connaught's hospital tomorrow morning at ten o'clock. It is at Epsom about 20 miles from London, but one is not allowed out until he is well, then he is sent to his base. So I cannot say if it will be possible for me to see Uncle George, but I will try to obtain leave.

"There is nothing else to say. Be sure and remember me to all the folks around home. I have marked my bed in the hospital on the photo.

"Love to all,
Your loving son,
Lionel.

Sir Edmund Walker Opens New Bank of Commerce Building

Informal Gathering at Three O'clock on Tuesday Afternoon Inspection by Citizens—Address by Local Manager and President

Delightfully informal but in thorough keeping with the design of the structure was the ceremony of opening of the new Canadian Bank of Commerce building at the corner of Front and Campbell streets on Tuesday afternoon. When the doors of the institution were opened at three o'clock the public was admitted into one of the finest structures in this city.

The fine office of the bank looked even more attractive with out flowers which adorned the public room. The orchestra of the 50th battalion, were present and furnished a generous program of music while the visitors were gathering and conducting an inspection of the entire building which was thrown open to the public.

After half an hour or more during which the guests had time to admire the various attractive features of the new structure, Mr. G. M. Stork addressed a few remarks to those gathered in the public room. He had at his side, Sir Edmund Walker, the president of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, whom many citizens had the pleasure and honor of meeting.

Mr. Stork referred to the Canadian Bank of Commerce itself, in which he had served for a great many years. Belleville branch was opened in 1877. Prior to that time Mr. Stork entered the service of the institution when he was a junior, the bank was a comparatively small but relatively important institution in Canada with a capital of four or five millions and one million reserves while today the capital is \$15,000,000. Then the total assets were about \$15,000,000. Today they are upwards of \$250,000,000.

These figures show a wonderful growth. This prosperity has been due in the greater part to Sir Edmund Walker. After spending many years in New York as the agent of the institution Sir Edmund came to Toronto as the chief executive and since then the bank has had a record of uninterrupted prosperity.

The local manager expressed his delight that so many were present, and noted especially the large representation of the ladies.

The well known president of the City of Belleville, Mr. G. B. Stork, made a very short speech referring to the bank building and to the part of the institution was taking in the war. The development of the west resulted in the building of bank offices to suit conditions. Hitherto the bank had been confined to rent buildings. In erecting their own buildings, a style and another had been developed. The new structures were beautiful without undue ornamentation. The City of Belleville had been fitted for the needs. Sir Edmund noted the interesting third story where every consideration was given to the staff. "We have over 200 offices in Canada in which our staff have rooms. We have 150 local offices in these rooms. This building is really an expression of pride of what a bank should be." It is built by the bank's own architect. The style is not a duplicate of any other, yet it has sufficient likeness to other Bank of Commerce buildings so that the most careless observer would recognize them as buildings of the Bank of Commerce. The institution has its own connection with the war. The bank felt proud that in financial matters in connection with credit, manufacture of munitions and transportation. "We have 932 officers of the bank, who have gone to the front, of whom 30 or 40 have fallen. The casualties total well over one hundred."

The enlistment has been 38% of the eligible men. This shows the sense of duty the bank has been trying to instill into its employees. Today there are 500 women in the bank.

The institution has always been administered in accordance with the idea that it should play an integral part in the life of Canada as well as earn dividends.

Sir Edmund thereupon performed his official duty saying "I declare this building is open tomorrow morning for business."

At a luncheon at Hotel Quinte prior to the reception, Mr. C. M. Stork was chairman. He made an address of welcome to the guests. Sir Mackenzie Bowden and Sir Edmund Walker also spoke.

Military Notes

Seven recruits were secured yesterday at the Bridge Street office of the 155th. That is a total of 20 this week up to last night.

Col. Adams spoke at a patriotic meeting in Glen Miller last night.

Major Wallbridge, Lt. Abbott and the 155th orchestra were at the patriotic meeting in Shannville last night. Fifteen soldiers of the 80th and 155th drilling at Belleville were presented with wrist watches by the Shannville people. Dr. Moore presided. A spread of delicious viands was put before the gathering to which full justice was done. The 155th orchestra, Bandmen Fred

Barka, Wilkinson and Company Q.M. & Samuel Turner entertained those present.

Leut. Stanford spoke at a recruiting meeting in Tweed last night.

Q.M.S. Samuel Turner went to Bancroft today.

Mr. James Edmund Jones of Toronto, a former Belleville boy, who's deeply interested in music, has presented to the 155th battalion a copy of the University of Toronto Song Book for the soldier who renders most musical service to the 155th Batt.

The following officers and N.C.O.'s of the 80th Battalion, Nanaimo are in this city attending the Physical Training Course—
Capt. Nichols
Lt. Bertson
Lt. Coward
Sergt. Huntington
Sergt. Bigford
Sergt. Wallis
Sergt. Earle
Lance Sergt. Lenae
Corporal O'Shea
Corp. Barton
Corp. O'Connor
Corp. Fletcher

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Nelson gave a party on Monday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Bride Hough were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Fritz, Wellington, on Sunday.

Mr. Ben Noxon was the guest of Mr. Herb Brason on Sunday.

Mr. Chas. Bowden, Roseboro, visited Mr. Walter Nelson on Sunday.

Several from here attended the meeting of the "Allenville Sympathizers" on Thursday p.m. at the home of the president, Mrs. L. Drummond.

Mr. Gilbert Phillips, Allenville is wearing a smile—it's a girl!

Mr. Charlie Ainsworth, Christian St. visited Harry Brason last week.

Misses Ila and Flossie Ainsworth were guests at Mr. Herb Brason's on Sunday.

Mr. Robert Russell moved his family to Mr. Huffman's tenant house this week.

Burr's Sunday School re-organized on Sunday Supr. C. Peterson; Secretary-Treasurer, Ralph Donohue; Home Dept. Supr. Miss Gladys Van-cott; Grade Roll Supr. Miss Iva Vancott; Temperance Supr. Mr. Maurice White, Missioner Supr. Mrs. Geo. W. Fox; Asst. Supr. Mr. John Tice; Bible Class Teacher, Mr. Harry Hayden; Boys' organized Class, Mr. Maurice White; Girls' class, Miss V. Brickman; Intermediate class, Mrs. G. W. Fox; Primary class, Miss Myrtle Moon; Board of Management, Messrs. Herb Brason, D. S. Donohue and F. Burket.



SPLENDID NEW PREMISES WERE OPENED ON TUESDAY

We produce above an illustration of the handsome building just completed by The Canadian Bank of Commerce on the corner of Front and Campbell Streets. These premises were opened for business on Wednesday last, 22nd inst., but as announced in our local columns on Saturday, this was preceded by an informal opening and reception at three o'clock in the afternoon on Tuesday, the 21st at which the public was cordially invited.

The unanimous opinion of those who have had an opportunity of examining the building—the interior as well as the outside—is that the promise held out by the sketch and description published by us in October last, when the structure was only partially completed, has been fully realized, and places Belleville in possession of a building which in general architectural quality and the details of its equipment is only surpassed in the largest cities of the Dominion.

The range of massive but graceful fluted Doric columns and the happy proportions of the whole exterior in its light grey terra cotta cannot fail to impress the spectator with a sense of the building's dignity and fitness. It is undoubtedly a beautiful Bank building, easily the most striking feature of our main street, and notwithstanding the many fine and substantial business structures already erected on this important thoroughfare, is an acquisition on which Belleville may well be congratulated.

The visitor on entering the building is struck by the graceful proportions of the vaulted and oak paneled vestibule, and by the space and symmetry of the banking hall. The effect is one of sufficient richness without undue display or more than a discriminating use of the more costly materials such as marble and bronze. Carefully selected stained oak, and pleasantly harmonized tints of the stuccoed walls and ceiling form the leading decorative motive of the interior. The soft grey greens on the walls and the cool grey brown of the woodwork and counters in particular blend in the happiest manner. The Manager's room will attract notice. The walls are treated in a series of panels formed with oak styles filled with green leather. The floor is of polished hard wood, and the open tiled fireplace with its graceful mantel adds a suggestion of comfort to an interior which although elegant, is clearly intended for business. The counters have been built in specially selected quarter cut oak, and graceful solid bronze grilles have been installed at the teller's case.

Among the special features of the equipment are the conveniently accessible safety deposit boxes in the steel lined vaults and specially designed examining tables for the customers making use of this service. The vault door is a heavy chrome steel fitting manufactured by The J. J. Taylor Company. In addition to the usual public cheque table, separate semi-private enclosures have been provided for ladies and gentlemen, with comfortable writing desks and other accessories. The whole of the first (upper) floor has been arranged on suite, for law and other offices and we understand that all these offices have been already leased. The rooms and halls are brightly lighted and finished in a high-class manner. Private vaults with burglar and fire-proof doors are available to the tenants, as well as every service practicable in a building of the size.

A mezzanine floor, designed for toilet rooms, has been constructed between the main and the first floor. The entire top floor of the building will be occupied by the Bank's staff, which will have commodious and well appointed apartments. The living room, which is situated at the corner of Front and Campbell Streets, is a

large and particularly pleasant apartment. It is furnished in a substantial and agreeable manner as are also the bedrooms. Furnishings, decorations, rugs, curtains and the like, all of which have been supplied by The Ritchie Company, Limited, have been selected with the happiest effect to form a harmonious homelike whole. The installation of hot water heating—with large twin boilers—and the electric lighting and plumbing are of the most complete kind throughout the building. The toilet rooms for ladies and gentlemen and staff, and tenants have all ample and separate accommodation of the most modern description.

The lighting of the banking hall is accomplished by the Alexalite indirect system which by means of a series of graceful bronze reflectors casts the light of powerful nitrogen lamps onto the ceiling from whence an ample soft light is evenly diffused by reflection over the whole apartment. The glare and heat of the desk lights is thus dispensed with and the strain of clerical work much modified.

The building throughout is a credit to all concerned and visitors desiring to inspect it will be welcomed by the Bank's staff.

The general structural works were executed by The Dominion Realty Company, Limited, of Toronto, while the rock excavation was done by Mr. T. M. Manley, the plumbing and steam fitting by Mr. J. H. Delfarah, while all the handsome locks, bolts, hinges, etc., were manufactured under direct specifications by The Springer Lock Manufacturing Company, Limited, and supplied through Mr. J. W. Walker. The decorations were done by Messrs. McCausland, of Toronto, and the counters and desks were specially manufactured by The Canada Office & School Furniture Company, of Toronto. The architect was Mr. V. D. Hetherington, F.R.I.B.A., of Toronto.

The Weekly Ontario

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TUESDAY, MARCH 21, 1916.

LIQUOR MEN WANT PROHIBITION.

One of the strangest results of the present agitation for prohibition of the liquor traffic in Ontario is that a large and influential section of the liquor dealers of the Province now favor the passage of a prohibitory law without a referendum to the people.

In arriving at this conclusion they have displayed more than their usual wisdom. They know perfectly well that if the matter were to come to a vote now they would suffer a defeat that would be even more crushing than that lately experienced by their brethren in Manitoba. On the other hand if a vote is deferred until after the war they have hopes that public sentiment will not be so strong against them as it is now.

The temperance forces are also favorable to the enactment of a prohibitory law without a popular vote. They have no fear as to what the result would be but they prefer if possible to avoid the bitterness of a conflict over this highly controversial subject during the war.

The temperance people will have to face the probability of a systematic campaign to discredit prohibition if a vote is assured after the war. It is expecting too much of human nature to look for those, whose financial interest in the traffic is great, to make smooth the way of prohibition. Every known device to bring the law into disrepute will unquestionably be employed by its opponents.

We therefore hold that the taking of a vote after the war should depend upon a well proved and established popular demand, such for instance as a bona fide petition signed by one-third of the voters of the province. A vote should be granted after the war, or at any later period if public opinion demands it, but only upon that condition.

GERMANY'S FORESIGHT.

A well known American surgeon who spent several months in the first year of the war in observing the methods of dealing with the wounded in France and Germany, has published some interesting impressions in a leading American surgical journal. What impressed him most, an English reviewer says in the Manchester Guardian, was what he calls the "interior organization" for dealing with the wounded, and especially with the permanently disabled soldiers, in Germany. Everything was ready to make those who were of no further use for military work of some value to the State and to turn them into occupied wage-earners, instead of allowing them to become unemployed pensioners. They were to be dealt with as they came along, and not to be allowed to collect in big numbers, "like a log-jam," for attention after the war.

The surgeon describes the organization from what he saw in Heidelberg. Within seven days of the declaration of war the tramway lines in the town had been extended to the goods yard of the railway, and a series of receiving wards and shelter huts, manned by civilian organization, sprang up. The hospital trains were met by ambulance tram cars, and the wounded were distributed according to the seriousness of their injuries amongst the various hospital units in the town.

When the final result of the injury which prevented further military service was seen the cases were sorted, and those of similar nature were sent to one or other of twenty-six training schools in various parts of the country. In these schools the training was highly specialized to suit the different infirmities. Men who had lost a limb were taught very soon to harden the stump of the limb by usage, so that no time should be lost in acquiring toleration for the wearing of artificial limbs, and they were all taught trades suitable for their new conditions of life. In one town a number of men who had lost the use of the right arm received instruction from a similarly afflicted teacher. They were taught how to feed and dress themselves, then how to write with the left hand, and finally shorthand and typewriting. An illustration of the national economy thus effected was the case

of a farm laborer who had lost his right arm. Being an intelligent man he received the clerical training, and in six weeks after entering his school obtained employment as a stenographer at twice the wages he had previously earned.

The various factories and industries were catalogued, showing how many of a particular type of disabled men they could find employment for, and in April of last year one electric company had already received eleven out of twenty-five one-legged men they had agreed to employ. The less severely injured convalescents were also looked after, and were given instruction in arithmetic, geography, conversational French, and German grammar, and practical teaching in the dividing of potatoes for planting and multitudinous other activities. Special schools for the blind were established when need first arose.

The surgeon's conclusions were that it took the surgically best prepared nation about two weeks to bring order out of the first chaos of war, and the least prepared about half a year. For the chronic stage of wound repair only one nation impressed him as having become thoroughly organized and efficient in detail in the first half year.

ANOTHER "J'ACCUSE"

That there are some Germans courageous enough to speak out against the policy which has precipitated this horrible slaughter in Europe, and has made the name of Germany vile among the nations of the world, is evidenced by the recent publication of a book on the origin of the war, written by a German, domiciled at Zurich, named Hermann Fernau. The author adopts the view contained in the famous book "J'Accuse," but declines to hide his identity. He demands from the German government answer to the following questions:

"Why the bullying tone of the Austrian ultimatum to Serbia?"

"Why the brutal refusal of Austria to the demand for delay made by the Triple Entente?"

"Why was the Serbian reply, whose humility astonished Europe, nevertheless rejected?"

"Why did Germany declare (vide White Book) Austria could not be cited before a European Tribunal?"

"Why did Austria declare that she was obliged to decline the British proposal?" (vide White Book)

"Why did Germany talk so much about localisation of the conflict when (as her diplomatic documents show) she knew Russia was bound to intervene?"

Copies of this new "J'Accuse" have been seized by the police in various German cities. It could hardly be popular with the Junkers. It is however a symptom of the feeling in the Fatherland.

THE HUMAN ELEMENT.

A thing which war-critics, military as well as lay, are apt to leave out of account is the human element. Yet it is now as ever the most important of all. Guns have their uses, but it is the man behind the gun who tells in the end. Munitions count for much, but morale for more. The Germans should have had the French and British forces beaten in August, 1914. The French and British snatched from Germany's supposed triumph the great victory of the Marne. It was men that won the battle of the Marne. But for Britain's "contemptible little army" it never would have been won. The Germans would have been in Paris, within another week. What might have followed that can only be conjectured.

It is true that the generalship which won the battle of the Marne was worthy of Napoleon at his best. But even consummate generalship would have failed but for the two army corps of British soldiers which drew the Germans on into the carefully laid trap which proved their undoing. No troops in the world but those which Britain furnished could have endured the test of that brilliant but terrible retreat from Mons. Outclassed in artillery and ammunition, they maintained an unbroken line while fighting and retreating at the rate of twenty-five miles a day.

When the Germans had at last been drawn into the net prepared, those British soldiers were able to turn on their heels and present a solid advancing front to their late pursuers. They were able to do their full share in winning the battle which their exceptional ability had made possible. The Britons were no enforced, short-service troops. The Germans called them "hiredlings." They were in every sense of the word, volunteers. They were free men, not officer-selected and driven serfs. They had had long and uninterrupted training under officers whom they knew and respected, and who knew and could depend upon them. It was the human element, and the human element alone, which won the great victory of the Marne.

At a later date, when Germany had rolled back her front and summoned all her reserves, she announced her intention to send a large number of British soldiers to the front. The British Government notified General Haig on March 14.

Not munitions for the Germans sent over an indefinite number of shells for every one which the British could return. Not numbers, for the Germans had vast supports and reinforcements to draw upon while the British had their last man in the front trenches. But the Germans failed to break through to Calais, with every advantage, except the human element in their favor.

Now, once again, they are withstood by the same element at Verdun. For months they prepared their assault on that part of the French line. They massed men in hundreds of thousands in readiness to be sacrificed by their officers to almost any extent to secure victory. They placed guns wherever there was room for them to stand. They heaped up shells and deadly explosives in mountainous accumulations. They scamed the adjacent country with railways to facilitate the movements of their troops. They summoned to their aid all the resources of their murderous science. Their greatest generals planned the attack. The Kaiser was there in person to oversee the carrying out of the plans, and to inspire his armies by his presence.

General Joffre and his men knew what was on foot against them. They were neither excited nor dismayed. They were prepared for the worst, but had the most serene confidence in their ability to hold their own. No considerable drafts were made on their main reserves. They faced the coming attack with their ordinary supports. Their confidence in themselves was fully justified by the event. The Germans came on with all their guns, all their shells all their poisonous devices. The French met them man to man, fought them to a standstill and thrust them back. For a few miles of comparatively unimportant territory won, the Germans lost almost as many soldiers as there are square yards in the ground which they were able to take and hold for the time being. The human element clashing with the machine at Verdun as on the Marne and at Ypres, once again came off more than conqueror.

Thus it has ever been; thus must it ever be, while men who are fighting for honor and righteousness are opposed by those who are actuated solely by desire for booty and military "glory." Important as has heretofore been the human element in this war, it is destined to play a still more important part hereafter. The morale of the Allied troops has been constantly improving. It stands higher at present than ever. That of the Germans has been steadily on the wane. They have learned that machines, human or mechanical, however, "frightful" are no match for men such as they are facing. When the Allied time comes, there will be a sweeping and irresistible advance.

ENTERPRISE SYMBOLISED.

The splendid new building to be opened tomorrow by the local branch of the Canadian Bank of Commerce is symbolic of the enterprise and progressiveness that have placed that well known financial institution at the very forefront of the Canadian business world. This palatial home will not only be an object lesson and an inspiration to our citizens in matters architectural, but an illustration as well of the resultant prosperity that ensues where the proverbial conservatism of finance is tinged with optimism and vision.

Mr. C. M. Stork, the veteran manager, is to be congratulated and complimented upon his success in using his influence in such a manner as to bring this much appreciated addition to our business homes in Belleville. Mr. Stork holds the universal respect and esteem of the financial public of this city and the district surrounding. His customers meet him without the repulsive intervention of red-tape, and with the assurance of unflinching courtesy and equitable treatment.

The same courtesy and freedom from awful dignity seems to animate and govern the entire staff, all of whom are deservedly popular with the business-transacting public.

The Ontario joins in extending to all its best wishes for the extended prosperity and usefulness of the Bank of Commerce in its new home.

Now comes the report that straw will be higher in price because the manufacturers can not get the peroxide from Europe to bleach them with. Between the butcher, the tanner and the baker the honest Canadian is feeling the heavy hand of war at both extremes; as well as in the middle.

A somewhat unusual political meeting was held in London recently. So many members of the United Irish League of Great Britain have joined the forces that a call has had to be made to Irishwomen in the Old Country to fill up their places so as to maintain the efficiency of the organization, and a ladies' central branch was formed at a meeting, over which Mr. T. O'Connor presided. Some very distinguished Irishwomen were present, notably Dr. Sophie Bryant and Mrs. J. R. Green. An appeal was made to the members of the new branch to help the Irish Boy on March 14.

he announced that he had been recruited into the British Army and notified General Haig on March 14.

made this timely remark: "Let us not trust too much to the sacredness of the British cause, to the valor of British arms, or the might of the British Fleet, but let us believe in one thing, and that is doing our duty. If we do our duty unflinchingly at any sacrifice, then, and then only, may we look forward to the victory which I hope we will have."

We trust we will not be considered unduly alarmist when we suggest to the local military authorities the propriety and necessity for having guards stationed at all hours about the local armories. An alien enemy would have no difficulty in carrying into the building and concealing a sufficient quantity of high explosive to cause serious damage to the structure or the collapse of the roof. At certain hours of the day such an event would be attended with great loss of life. Killing soldiers in Belleville answers the same purpose as the killing of soldiers in France. The series of fires and attempted outrages at Windsor and elsewhere demonstrate plainly that all our enemies are not in Europe.

"We shall never be able to prolong human life beyond 150 years." That much is settled, for there is official authority for it. So proclaims Dr. George W. Goler, health officer of Rochester, in a recent report. An even one hundred years is within reason, one hundred and twenty-five not impossible, and even one hundred and fifty is imaginable. But beyond a century and a half—never! Dr. Goler points out that as a result of the work now under way the death rate in Rochester has been reduced from over half the mortality in 1861 to less than one-fifth at present. More people now live to be over seventy years than there are children dying under five years old, and Dr. Goler says that the effective work along this line is now only in its infancy.

Enormous increases in food prices in European capitals, particularly those of the Teutonic allies, are shown in a comparative statement compiled by the U.S. Department of Labor's Bureau of Labor Statistics. All food is cheaper in the allied countries than in Germany and Austria, but there have been sharp rises in prices also in England and France. Vienna has suffered most of all. Meat that sold a year ago at twenty-five cents a pound is selling now at seventy-four cents. Many other foods have gone up in proportion. Bread prices are not given. In Berlin beef rose from twenty-two to thirty-four; veal from twenty-two to thirty-eight; and pork from twenty to thirty. Bacon is selling at sixty-four cents, twice as much as a year ago, and ham has risen to fifty-eight cents. Lard has doubled in price. Eggs at eighty cents a dozen are twice as high as a year ago. Prices in Great Britain are given as forty-four per cent. more than a year ago. The rise in France has been about twenty-three per cent. In Italy prices have gone upward very slowly for the last twelve months. Meats alone showed an appreciable increase. Prices in the Netherlands, the only neutral European country shown, have risen steadily within the year, but not so rapidly as in the belligerent countries.

SOMEWHERE IN FLANDERS.

Somewhere in Flanders, oh! could we but know, Just where our brave boys are facing the foe, From Somewhere, the call comes over the sea, They're pleading for help, from you and from me.

They're fighting for us, our homes and our all, They're dying for us, shall we heed their call? Come! don the khaki, the uniform grace, Answer the summons, take some hero's place.

Somewhere in Flanders, their thoughts oft will roam,

To dear ones they left in each boyhood home, Have we done our best to lighten their care? Have we striven hard their burdens to share?

Somewhere in Flanders—these words send a thrill,

To lone anxious hearts they're bodings of ill, From there come the news of each soldier boy, The messages sent, are greeted with joy.

What part shall we take in this awful hour? Our Empire in peril, oh! had we the power

To waken each soul, ere it is too late, To drive back the Huns with their songs of hate.

Somewhere in Flanders, the brave boys will sing "God Save our Country" and "God Save our King,"

May He share their griefs, their sorrows and joys,

Somewhere in Flanders, oh! God Save our Boys

—S. E. Faulkner, Stirling, Ont.

LIQUOR TRAFFIC AND PERSONAL LIBERTY

Liberty! How you blaspheme! Liberty! To damn and scheme To loose the same man from his mind, And cram the prisons with his kind!

Liberty! To feed the source of mother's tears, And narrow life with haunting fears— To fill with shame the passing years And sap from life all that endears!

Liberty! To steal the soldiers from the King! To blight the child in life's sweet Spring And bark into his home to bring The ghost of many a happier thing!

Oh, Liberty! In this thy will?

E. Lois Wilson

SUNDAY SCHOOL.

Lesson XIII.—First Quarter, For March 26, 1916.

THE INTERNATIONAL SERIES.

Text of the Lesson, Rev. vii, 9-17. Quarterly Review—Golden Text, Rev. vii, 15, 17.—Commentary Prepared by Rev. D. M. Stearns.

Lesson I.—The Ascending Lord, Acts 1:1-4. Golden Text, Eph. iv, 8. "When He ascended on high He led captivity captive and gave gifts unto men." During the forty days after His resurrection, when He showed himself alive many times to His disciples, He always spoke of the Kingdom of God which He will surely set up on earth with Israel as a center when He shall come again in His glory. Now we are to witness to Him by the Holy Spirit.

Lesson II.—The Coming of the Holy Spirit, Acts ii, 1-13. Golden Text, 1 Cor. iii, 16. "Know ye not that ye are a temple of God, and that the Spirit of God dwelleth in you?" He said that when He reached home He would send the Holy Spirit, who would bring to their remembrance all that He had ever said to them and take of His things and show them unto them and show them things to come and guide them into all truth.

Lesson III.—Peter's sermon at Pentecost, Acts ii, 14-47. Golden Text, Acts ii, 21. "Whosoever shall call on the name of the Lord shall be saved." While we wait for the coming of the kingdom which was postponed because rejected, the Spirit has come to testify of a risen living Christ at God's right hand and to gather unto Him all the "whosoever" who are willing to receive Him, follow Him and suffer with Him.

Lesson IV.—The Spirit of Life, Rom. viii, 19-20. Golden Text, Rom. viii, 14. "As many as are led by the Spirit of God these are sons of God." This is the great Spirit chapter indorsing the necessity of the new birth and teaching that all such are children and heirs of God and can never be separated from His love—that the Father, Son and Spirit are all for us and that in Christ all things are freely ours.

Lesson V.—The Lamb Who Slayeth, Acts iii, 1-12. Golden Text, Acts iii, 6. "Peter said, Silver and gold have I none, but what I have, that give I thee, in the name of Jesus Christ of Nazareth, walk." This man, over forty years of age, who had never walked a step in all his life, is seen by all who knew him to be incurable, walking and leaping and praising God, and Peter testified that this was the work of the unseen living Christ.

Lesson VI.—The Boldness of Peter and John, Acts iv, 8-21. Golden Text, 1 Cor. xvi, 13. "Watch ye, stand fast in the faith, quit you like men, be strong." Peter and John, after a night in prison, being brought before the high priest, and the council to answer for the healing of this man, do not hesitate to say before the council what they said before the people in the temple that it was the work of Jesus Christ, whom they crucified, who is alive.

Lesson VII.—Humbled and Exalted, Phil. ii, 1-11. Golden Text, Phil. ii, 9. "Though He was rich, yet for your sakes He became poor." Despised and rejected of men, but chosen of God and precious, the only Saviour, willing to save proud Pharisees as well as confessed sinners if they would only come to Him.

Lesson VIII.—The Brotherhood at Jerusalem, Acts ii, 32-47. Golden Text, 1 Pet. i, 22. "Love one another from the heart fervently." The power of the risen Christ drew the believers close to Him and to each other, at least some of them, and for a time, but soon deceit and murmuring became manifest, and we have still to wait to see a company of believers, however few, continuing with one accord. Whole-hearted surrender to God is rare!

Lesson IX.—The seven helpers, Acts vi, 1-7. Golden Text, Gal. vi, 2. "Bear ye one another's burdens and so fulfill the law of Christ." The apostles might continue in prayer and the ministry of the Word a committee of seven spirit-filled men was chosen to attend to murmurers and to see that no one was neglected.

Lesson X.—The death of Stephen, Acts vii, 54-60. Golden Text, Rev. ii, 10. "Be thou faithful unto death, and I will give thee the crown of life." Being filled with the Spirit produces different results in the case of Peter 3,000 souls from one sermon with persecutions; in the case of Stephen not such manifest results, in soul saving and persecuted to death, but he saw heaven opened and Jesus in glory!

Lesson XI.—Heroes and martyrs of faith, Heb. xi, 1-12. Golden Text, Heb. xii, 1, 2. "Let us run with patience the race that is set before us, looking unto Jesus." The end of chapter xii set before us the great need of faith and patience; then in chapter xi we have this great list of those who were notable illustrations of faith and patience, all dying in faith and still waiting for the kingdom.

Lesson XII.—Philip and the Ethiopian, Acts viii, 34-40. Golden Text, Acts viii, 30. "Understandest thou what thou readest?" Persecution sent out preachers of the Word, and many were saved, and believed, and there was joy on earth and in heaven. The Lord saw the hungry soul thirsting and by an angel sent the Holy Spirit and a willing and obedient man. He brought him near and sent him on his way, rejoicing.

GERMAN ENEMY AUS

SIR SAM REE

LONDON, Hughes receive Hotel today in Perley, Sir Haken.

FIRE BROKE

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GERMAN DESTROYERS PURSUED BY BRITISH; ENEMY FLANK MOVEMENT AT VERDUN FAILS; AUSTRIANS ABANDONED ONEISTER POSITIONS.

SIR SAM RECEIVES CALLERS IN LONDON. LONDON, March 21.—General Sir Sam Hughes received a number of callers at the Ritz Hotel today including Lord Dunsford, Sir Geo. Perley, Sir Hamar Greenwood and Sir Max Aitken.

FIRE BROKE OUT AT ZEEBRUGGE AFTER AIR ATTACK. AMSTERDAM, March 21.—The Telegraaf says the bombardment of German positions on the Belgian coast yesterday by allied aeroplanes lasted for several hours. A great fire it adds was observed at Zeebrugge after the raid over that point.

RUSSIANS BESEIGE TREBIZOND. ROME, March 21.—Russian troops, according to advices received have arrived outside the Turkish Black Sea port of Trebizond and are laying siege to it. A large force of Turks is defending Trebizond.

SINN FEIN RIOTERS FIRED ON POLICE IN CORK. LONDON, March 21.—Sinn Fein rioters fired on the police last night at Tuilligmore, a hamlet of Cork, Ireland. A police sergeant was wounded seriously and two inspectors received slight wounds.

ASQUITH LIBEL SUIT SETTLED TODAY. LONDON, March 21.—The libel suit of Mrs. Herbert Asquith, wife of the premier against the Globe was settled today. The Globe consenting to judgment for 1,000 pounds and costs.

PROPOSAL OF COMPENSATION FOR HOTEL-KEEPERS. TORONTO, March 21.—A resolution aiming at compensation for hotelkeepers and others who may suffer financially as a result of prohibition, will be introduced in the legislature tomorrow by Mark H. Irish, member for North Toronto.

GERMAN DESTROYERS FLEE BEFORE BRITISH. LONDON, March 21.—The Admiralty announce that yesterday four British destroyers sighted three German destroyers off the Belgian coast. The Germans ran for Zeebrugge harbor, pursued by the British. During the running fight which ensued two of the enemy destroyers were hit, but all finally escaped into their naval base. Four British sailors were wounded.

GERMAN FLANKING MOVEMENT FAILS. PARIS, March 21.—French war office reports that the German offensive at Verdun has again crumbled. Beyond a slight gain in Malin-

court wood the attempts to flank the French have completely failed.

HEROIC FRENCH EXPLOITS WIN BRITISH ADMIRATION. PARIS, March 21.—Replying to a telegram expressing the British army's admiration for the heroic exploits of the "unconquerable soldiers" from Gen. Sir Douglas Haig, the British commander-in-chief, regretting the French losses in "the great battle which is still raging," and of France, Gen. Joffre, the French commander-in-chief, says:

"In the fierce struggle it is carrying on, the French army knows that it will obtain results advantageous to all the allies, and knows also that when recently it made an appeal to the comradeship of the British army, the latter responded by offering its most complete and speediest aid."

ON ONEISTER. LONDON, March 21.—A Vienna official despatch says that under the pressure of the Russian forces the Austrians were compelled to evacuate bridgehead fortifications on the Dneister river together with their transports. The Austrian losses are admitted to be heavy.

BULGARS FORTIFY ROUMANIAN FRONTIER. MILAN, March 21.—A Bucharest despatch says the Bulgarians are making extensive military preparations along the Roumanian frontier.

U. S. TROOPS SOON TO CLASH WITH VILLA. SAN ANTONIO, Tex., March 21.—Francisco Villa may be forced into the fight with American troops within the next 36 hours if reports coming to Gen. Funston's headquarters, both from Gen. Pershing and from Mexican sources, are correct.

Gen. Pershing reported today that Villa had been reported today defeated by Mexican government troops near Cruces and that he was marching northward in retreat. Gen. Pershing's report, however, was followed by the unofficial report that Villa was still fighting at Nami-quipa, south of Cruces.

If the Carranza force wins in the fighting that was said to be continuing late today, Villa will have to move northward along a road over which a detachment of American troops is riding southward or leave the road for the mountains on either side. Retreat according to the report is impracticable because of the presence in the rear of Mexican troops, who forced him to turn northward from Cruces.

Just where Gen. Pershing is was not announced, but he is directing the work of the three detachments and by means of scouts is attempting to keep in communication.

A Member of Fire Engine Company No. 6. By ESTHER VANDEVEER.

There was a fire engine house near Mr. Singleton's city residence, and it so happened that the place was an object of curiosity to his little daughter, Bess. The moment she heard the sharp rattle of the siren announcing a fire she would run to the engine house to see the horses harnessed to their places by the side of the tongue of the machine, prancing impatiently till they were hooked, then dash out of the house, followed by the ragtag and bobtail of the town—and Bess.

She was six years old when this admiration for fire apparatus, horses and men first developed itself, and very soon she was marked by the firemen sitting at the doors of the engine house in armchairs waiting for an alarm. One day one of them offered to show her the premises. She accepted the invitation and inspected everything with eyes as big as saucers. When she departed she was told to make herself at home there.

And she did. She went in and out at her own sweet will, climbed up on the hood and under the truck, the horse coats and occasionally would ask to be put on the back of one of the horses. One day when she was ten years old a roll of parchment was left at her home on which was written: "This is to certify that Elizabeth Singleton has been duly elected a member of fire engine company No. 6." The words were surrounded by pictures of engines dashing to fires, burning buildings and firemen carrying women and children down ladders from the upper story.

This was the proudest day of Bess's life. She was on the ladder truck one day when an alarm came. No one noticed her till the men jumped on to the footboards, putting on their jackets; then one of them saw her hanging from dear life to the rung of a ladder. It was too late to put her down. At any rate, no one made a move to do so, and she was carried to the fire. There was a hole to do in quenching the flames, and since the ladders were not needed she was permitted to remain perched high, an object of interest to a gaping crowd. On the return she was put down at her home and lectured by her mother.

But from playing in an engine house she had got a taste for going to a fire, and from that time forward all efforts to keep her away from the former paraphernalia was about to respond to an alarm one of the men beside the truck turned and nearly fell over her. She put up her arms, and before he realized what he was doing he had swung her up on to the ladders.

Bess grew up the pet of the fire company and was considered a part of it. When she was sixteen all the younger members were in love with her, and the older ones considered her something to adore. They raised a fund among them to procure a marble bust of her that was put up in the engine house except on state occasions.

When Bess was sixteen her father was elected sheriff of the county. One day a murder was committed that excited the indignation of the populace to such an extent that, assuming a man who had been arrested for the murder was guilty, they proposed to lynch him. Marching to the jail, they demanded the accused. There was no adequate defense, and the sheriff took the man out through a back door into an alley and thence to his own home. Unfortunately the two were seen by one of the mob, and before long they appeared at the window of the prison.

When Bess saw the crowd before her father's door and the trouble he was in an idea occurred to her. Slipping away, she ran to the engine house and, with flushed cheeks and out of breath, told the firemen of the situation. "What can we do, boys?" asked the chief. "Play on them!" said Bess. "God!" cried a dozen voices, and in a jiffy horses were placed before the engine, it was hauled to the sheriff's house and suddenly the mob who were howling for the prisoner, found themselves before a stream that knocked them down as fast as it was turned from those who had fallen to those still on their feet. Within five minutes the street was cleared.

The proudest men in the town were the firemen, who had found an opportunity to do a service for their idol. And as for the Singleton, no objection was after that ever raised to her going to fires and climbing the walls of burning buildings if she chose to do so. In 1890 she was married, the service was given her by her fellow members of the fire company. They were all invited to the wedding, and when Mrs. A. Singleton was born to the world she was made a member by the firemen of the engine company No. 6.

NEW CREATURES PERFECT IN HOLINESS Not of the Flesh, But of the Spirit.

Holiness Means Completeness—Only the Church Are Holy Now—Jews Failed to Be Holy—How Christ's Followers Fulfill the Law—Development of the New Creation—Practising on the Old Body—Judged by Heart Attitude—Self-Disciplining—Attaining the Spirit of a Sound Mind—Love the Road of Perfection.

Brantford, Ont. March 19.—Pastor Russell gave a lecture on the subject of holiness here today, based on 1 Peter 1:16: "Be ye holy for I am holy." We give a condensed report:

The word "holy" is related to our word "whole," which signifies complete, unbroken. Viewed from this standpoint, our text is a wonderful exhortation. Our Lord Jesus also exhorted us, "Be ye therefore perfect, even as your Father in Heaven is perfect." (Matthew 5:48.) Very properly we note that the Bible is not addressed to the world, in their fallen condition, out of harmony with God and not seeking to know His will, mankind are not in a position where God can thus address them. They are alien, strangers, foreigners, as the Lord speaks of them through St. Paul. At present they have neither lot nor part in the things of God. So far as they are concerned, His great Plan is yet future. He has made provision that ultimately they shall have a glorious place, rich blessings, but not yet—Ephesians 2:11, 12; 1 Corinthians 1: 21-26; John 3: 16.

During the long period from Adam to the making of the Covenant with Israel at Mt. Sinai, God recognized no nation. Mankind were cut off from fellowship with His because of Adam's transgression. God did, indeed, speak through a few, such as Noah, Noah, and Abraham, to whom He made certain declarations not clearly understood by any at that time. No one was permitted to come into covenant relationship with God except in the sense that He had made through animal sacrifices, which typified the great Sacrifice for sins yet to come.

Then came God's dealings with the one nation of Israel. He separated them from all other nations. (Exodus 19: 2-6; Amos 2: 9-10.) He gave them His Law, and promised that if they would keep that Law they should have everlasting life and should exercise those gracious privileges which God mentioned to Father Abraham; namely, that through them all the families of the earth might be blessed. They thought that they could keep God's Law; but they found that they could not do so—that they could not be holy.

This holiness was briefly comprehended in the command, "Thou shalt love the Lord thy God with all thy heart, with all thy mind, with all thy strength, and with all thy neighbor as thyself." (Luke 10: 27.) But Israel could not attain to this holiness, this completeness; for, like all of the Adamic race, they were imperfect. No imperfect man could keep a perfect law.

Year by year for over sixteen centuries God permitted Israel to offer typical sacrifices; and they renewed their covenant annually on the Day of Atonement. Thus they were made acceptable to God, for the ensuing year, and were kept in covenant relationship with Him. Over and over again they tried to keep the Law, but failed continually. The Apostle Paul tells us that during all those centuries not one Jew was justified through keeping the Law.—Romans 3:20; Galatians 2:15, 16.

How Christians Can Keep God's Law. Then came the Gospel dispensation. Our Lord Jesus, by His life and by His preaching gave forth a Message of mercy and peace, even to those Jews who could not keep the Law, saying still to them, "Be ye holy." During all those many centuries the Israelites had tried to be holy, but had failed; and how could those of our Lord's day expect to be holy, complete, lacking nothing, any more than could their ancestors? Ah, there was a secret which Jesus disclosed to the earnest and sincere, the "Israelites indeed!" The reason why any could keep the Law after Jesus came, was that Christ, accomplished an important work, applicable to those who became His disciples. The Jews could not succeed in keeping the Law of God, but Christians can do so. This is not because they are better born than the Jews; for naturally we are all "children of wrath, even as others."—Ephesians 2:3.

In the absolute sense, Christians cannot keep God's Law any more than can all men and for the same reason. Doubtless we have all proved to our own satisfaction that we cannot keep that perfect Law in the sense of having no imperfection of thought, word, or act. When the Apostle says that the Law is "subsequent to the Law of Grace" (Romans 7: 4), he means that God has made an arrangement through Jesus by which our imperfections are legally cancelled, made as though they did not exist. Thus, by keeping our hearts in spirit and by having our hearts in Jesus' name, our imperfections are cancelled, and we are perfect before God. According to God's Plan, our Lord Jesus laid His life down as a ransom, a corresponding price for the life of Father Adam. Adam's sin and must meet the penalty of death. He died; and all of our imperfections have been born under the conditions of sin and death. We have been made perfect by the blood of the Man who died because sin entered the world through one man, and by obedience, as the Apostle says (Romans 5:12). But through the death of our Lord Jesus, secured the right to annul Adam's death, and to take possession of the life which was forfeited. Thus Adam and all of his posterity will be awakened to new life; otherwise the entire human race would suffer eternal death; for the penalty of sin was not the mere act of dying, but remaining dead forever.—1 Corinthians 15: 21, 22; 1 Timothy 2: 5, 6.

At the beginning of the Messianic Kingdom our Lord will take possession of the world. Mankind are something like a scrap-heap of old machines, engines, boilers, etc., all rusted and twisted out of their original shape. But the Father has control has infinite power and ability to repair and to reconstruct all these defective beings. During the thousand years of His Reign this will be His work. It will affect the dead as well as those having a measure of life when they begin to live. The Messiah will bring all who will out of sin and death conditions back to the perfection lost in Eden, redeemed at Calvary.

Officers of the Glorified Christ. God purposed, before the foundation of the world, to permit sin to bring forth its evil fruitage for six thousand years, and then to take in a great Sabbath Day, the Millennium Sabbath, during which He would do, through Jesus, His appointed Chancelor, a work for mankind which they cannot do for themselves. Meantime, He has been selecting and preparing the classes that will be agents, under Christ, to accomplish His great work for humanity—first, an earthly class (enumerated in Hebrews 11), and then a spiritual class, the Church. Jehovah God has also purposed that our Lord Jesus shall be the great work for humanity—first, an earthly class (enumerated in Hebrews 11), and then a spiritual class, the Church. Jehovah God has also purposed that our Lord Jesus shall be the King of the world during the Millennium Sabbath, and that this spiritual class shall be associate kings under Him; moreover, that Jesus and the Church shall be a Royal Priesthood to bless and instruct the world of mankind; their subjects, and that this great High Priest and His under priests shall also be the judges of the world. These different features of the work of the Christ were shown in type in the appointed priesthood of Israel (the anointed king and in their judges. The Apostle Paul says: "Do ye not know that the saints shall judge the world?" (1 Corinthians 6:2.) The Christ, Head and Body, will also be the world's great Prophet, the antitype of Moses.—Acts 3: 22, 23.

All this shows us that the Church of Christ is separate and distinct from the world at large, as Jesus said. (John 17:14; 15:16, 19.) What God will do for the world through our Lord Jesus during the incoming Age, by restoring those who ever will to all that was lost in Adam, bringing them back to human perfection, is something very different from what He is now doing for the Church. The inheritance of the faithful Church is to be spiritual, not earthly; and it is the Church that are now called upon to be holy. During the Millennium Age all mankind will be called upon to be holy; for then the standard of holiness will be set before them, and by the aid of the Christ all the willing and obedient may attain human perfection. Whoever will may become holy, as was Father Adam before he sinned. While on earth, our Lord Jesus was holy in the perfection of human nature. (John 1:14.) During the Millennium the whole world will be expected to come up to the standard of holiness, of completeness—nothing lacking, nothing imperfect. The merit which our Lord has, by virtue of His faithfulness to the Father even unto death, gives Him the right to purchase the human family and to help them back to that condition of completeness, of holiness, in which they can be holy, as God is holy.

He might become the Leader of the Church. (Hebrews 2:10.) God has made our Lord to be Head over the Church, which is His Body—in the same sense that Congress is a Body. The work of the Gospel Age has been the gathering of the members of this Body. The blessings promised to the world cannot begin until this work of gathering and developing the spiritual Body of Christ shall have been completed.

The Holiness of the Saints. Now we see what the Apostle means when he says, "Present your bodies a living sacrifice, holy, acceptable unto God, which is your reasonable service." (Romans 12:1.) We should rejoice to know that if we offer our little all to God, Jesus will make up what is needed to render our sacrifice fully acceptable to the Father. When the Holy Spirit comes upon one, an unction from on High, it constitutes him a son of God, on a new plane. He is no longer counted as a human being. He has been begotten as a spirit being; but he has no spirit body as yet. He still has the old body, the old brain, although a new will is there, a new mind, "the mind of Christ." He had the mind, the disposition, of Christ to present himself as a sacrifice; but he has not the Holy Spirit, he received from God the start of a new nature. He became a New Creature in Christ.

During the present life the New Creature must dwell in this earthly tabernacle. (2 Corinthians 5:2.) If he continues to walk humbly and faithfully before the Lord, seeking to do the Divine will, as the consecrated have agreed to do, he will be more and more filled with the Holy Spirit, until eventually God will complete the matter by giving the resurrection "change" the birth of the Spirit. (1 Corinthians 15: 51-53; John 3: 5-7.) Then the new mind will be transferred to a Divine spirit body, and the New Creature will be complete.

New Creatures to Judge Themselves. It is the New Creature that is to be holy, perfect, as the Father in Heaven is holy, perfect. This does not give any one liberty to sin with the body, however. "How shall we who have died to sin live any longer therein?" asks the Apostle. (Romans 6:2.) If we consecrated ourselves voluntarily unto death in opposition to sin, how shall we find pleasure in sin? Whoever enjoys sin thereby manifests that he has not the Holy Spirit. The mind of the Lord does not enjoy sin. We are to make a clear distinction between the impulses of the flesh and the desire of the heart. Through the impulses of His fallen human nature, any one of God's people might be overtaken in a fault, and under stress of circumstances might do or say something that he did not approve. But as surely as he is a New Creature he will make amends for his fault, in order to return to full harmony with the Lord.

God is judging His people according to the standard of His Spirit. The world cannot know all about God's people. They look at things from the natural man's standpoint; and when they see a child of God do or say something unkind or improper, they draw their own conclusions. But we must not judge them. Our heart attitude must ever be to wish to do the Lord's will. Should any of God's people willingly consent to sin, he would be a partaker of that sin. It is overtake in a fault, he must correct it. Whoever is a New Creature in Christ is seeking to be holy, as God is holy, will watch his words and conduct, and will try to keep a strict rule over his mortal body; and if that body should temporarily get from under control, he will discipline it by way of punishment, will correct it in order to make it remember for the future.—1 Corinthians 11: 31, 32.

All true Christians should be on the alert to note God's presence. Nothing can come into the world by accident; for all things must work together for their good. Should one of them meet with what would appear to be an accident, if he should have some peculiar experience, he should think of it as something to be taught us a special lesson, or it is a chastisement from my Father for wrong-doing."

Every child of God must receive discipline, in order that his character may be developed. Even our Lord Jesus had discipline. But in His case these experiences were never punishments; and it is for the Lord's people to be on guard to see that their disciplinings are not in the nature of punishments, so as to be the greatest benefit for them.—Hebrews 12: 4-11; 5:8.

The Lord's people should also study the character of God, to see His holiness. His completeness, that they may copy His holiness. They are to have "the spirit of a sound mind." Our minds are not sound naturally, being blighted by the fall; but the mind of the New Creature is always loyal to God; the Scriptures tell us what God's will for us is, what He said in, and we are to copy Him. God is LOVE. But He will not be loving at the expense of Justice. So let us copy God in His Wisdom, Mercy, Justice, and Love. All these noble qualities will be manifest more or less in the Church of Christ.

We should ever remember that our chief work is with ourselves. We are interested in the Lord's people, however. But God has not given us the work of making them over. He will attend to that work Himself. We are all soldiers under the one great Captain, we are members of the same Bride class, all called with the same Heavenly Calling. We have all been begotten with the same Holy Spirit, have one Father and one Saviour; if we are in the School of Christ and are learning of Him, how we should love the brethren, then! The Bible gives this as one of the unmistakable evidences that we have passed from fleshly into life. (1 John 3: 4.) God's word points out to us what it is to be holy as our Heavenly Father is holy, to be perfect as He is perfect. Then let this mind be in us, which is in Christ Jesus our Lord.

EACH PROVINCE MUST DECIDE POLICY OF LIQUOR EXCLUSION

OTTAWA, March 21.—Three proposals dealing with the question of prohibition are now before the house. One is the resolution offered by Mr. Stevens (Vancouver), calling for nationwide prohibition, which was debated somewhat at least a fortnight ago. A second is the government measure introduced in the house yesterday by the minister of justice, making it a criminal offence to import liquor into a dry province or into municipalities under local option. The third is a resolution offered by Mr. Hughes (Kings, P.E.I.), asking for an amendment to the B.N.A. Act, which will empower the provinces to prohibit the manufacture and importation of intoxicating liquors.

Hon. C. J. Doherty, minister of justice, introduced a bill in the house of commons yesterday entitled "An Act in Aid of Provincial Legislation Prohibiting or Restricting the Sale or Use of Intoxicating Liquors." In moving the first reading of the bill the minister said that each province had ample jurisdiction within its own borders to prohibit or restrict the sale and consumption of intoxicating liquors in such manner as might seem to it desirable.

Prohibitory laws depended for their effectiveness, he said, upon the public opinion of the locality in which they were designed to operate. It was, therefore, better for each province to deal with the liquor problem instead of attempting nationwide prohibition.

Unfortunately, provincial regulation was apt to be nullified by the interferences of persons outside of that province, who at present were free to ship or carry in liquor to provinces which had declared the traffic and consumption of liquor to be illegal.

This condition of affairs called for federal legislation and the bill he was introducing prohibited the importation into any province in any manner forbidden by provincial law. The shipper, the carrier and the receiver would all be liable under the act to criminal prosecution.

Hon. Charles Marcl asked if the law would forbid the importation of intoxicating liquor into a municipality that had voted dry in a local option contest. Would it be unlawful to import into one part of a province and lawful to import into another part of the same province?

"That," said Judge Doherty, "will entirely depended upon the legislation of that province."

The law, he went on to say, would take effect immediately upon its passage and be of universal application. If a province did not forbid the sale or consumption of liquor, no offence would be committed by sending liquor into that province for sale or consumption.

If the provinces did forbid either the sale or consumption of liquor or both, then it would be unlawful to import liquor into that province or into any part of that province, where such sale or consumption was forbidden by law.

Replying to a question, the minister said

(continued on page four)

H. Yanover, 160 Front Street, is



FORCED TO SELL

\$5,000 out of his \$15,000 stock by April 1st to satisfy the demands of his creditors. Champion has been placed in charge of the stock. His orders are "Raise \$5,000 at once or close the doors." There's no holding back. Regular prices mean nothing now. It's raise the price or close the store. "I'll sell \$5,000 of this stock by April 1st if it takes every last dollar's worth of the stock to do it."—Champion.

Unparalleled Prices for the Last Week

MEN'S SUITS \$6.25 10 Men's fine Grey and Brown Worsteds and Tweed Suits, reg. \$10.00	MEN'S OVERCOATS \$8.95 10 Men's Heavy Tweed Overcoats, notch and shawl collars, reg. \$15.00	BOYS' SUITS \$2.75 10 Boys' Suits, ages 4 to 9, bloomer styles, reg. \$5.00	MEN'S SHOES \$2.95 40 pairs Men's fine Dress Shoes, button or lace and reg. price \$4.00	BOYS' RUBBERS 80c 75 pairs Boys' Rubbers, all sizes, reg. 85c	MEN'S SWEATERS \$1.95 3 doz. Men's crash colors, all sizes, reg. price \$3.50
MEN'S SUITS \$7.50 20 Men's Brown Check and Blue and Dark Grey Tweed Suits, reg. \$12.50	MEN'S RAINCOATS \$4.75 12 Misses' Coats just what you are looking for, reg. \$8.00	BOYS' SUITS \$2.75 12 Boys' Suits, ages 9 to 15, bloomer styles, reg. price \$7.00	MEN'S SHOES \$3.65 50 pairs Men's tan and black Button or lace shoes, reg. \$5.00	MEN'S UNDERWEAR 39c 20 doz. Men's Fleece-Lined Underwear, vest and drawers to match, reg. 75c	MEN'S SHIRTS 49c 6 doz. Men's black satin and blue stripe Oxford Shirts, reg. \$1.00
MEN'S SUITS \$8.95 15 Men's plain Blue and Brown Suits, finely finished, reg. \$14.00	MEN'S RAINCOATS \$4.25 15 Men's Raincoats to be cleared out, guaranteed to turn rain, reg. \$12.00	MEN'S SHOES \$1.95 75 pairs of Men's medium weight Shoes, reg. \$2.75	BOYS' SHOES \$1.65 50 pairs Boys' fine Dress Shoes, all sizes, reg. price, \$2.50	MEN'S HOSE 15c 15 doz. Men's heavy Grey Wool Sox, reg. 35c	MEN'S SHIRTS 89c 3 doz. Men's fine Dress Shirts, collars extra, reg. \$1.50
MEN'S SUITS \$12.50 10 Men's plain Grey and Brown Tweed Suits, finely finished, reg. \$18.00	MEN'S PANTS \$1.25 50 pairs Men's Worsteds and Tweed Pants with belt loops, reg. \$2.00	MEN'S SHOES \$2.45 30 pairs Men's heavy work Shoes, tan and black, reg. price \$3.50	BOYS' SHOES \$2.25 35 pairs Boys' black and tan heavy School Shoes, reg. price, \$3.00	MEN'S HOSE 25c 15 doz. Men's Black Worsteds Hose, all sizes, reg. price 35c	MEN'S SHIRTS 75c 4 doz. Men's Stripe Shirts in black and white, reg. \$1.25
MEN'S SUITS \$18.00 20 Men's Blue Serge Suits well made and finished to fit, reg. \$20.00	MEN'S PANTS \$2.35 50 pairs Men's Pants, well tailored and finished to fit, reg. \$4.75	MEN'S SHOES \$2.85 35 pairs Men's tan and black Shoes, military ones as well, reg. \$4.00	MEN'S RUBBERS 75c 75 pairs Men's low cut and storm Rubbers, all sizes, reg. \$1.10	MEN'S OVERALLS 80c 15 doz. Men's Black, Blue and Stripe Overall, all sizes, reg. \$1.25	

Mr. Dairyman:

Have You Enlisted?

In the great army of successful dairy farmers and dairy breeders, whose regiment is the ever increasingly popular "Black and White"—and whose munition factories are the homes of our great Holstein herds? This is a part of the great army that produced over \$23,000,000 in milk and butter in Ontario last year—over \$15,000,000 in Eastern Ontario. Never before has so grand an opportunity been presented to you to join the army of progressive dairymen as this year at our

Great Annual Sale at
BELLEVILLE, ON MARCH 30th, 1916

You will have 80 chances to select—yes and to select from the record-producing strains that have made our district famous—from families bred right here in the home-land.

With the Prices of Dairy Products where they are, ask Yourself Honestly
Whether You can Afford to Keep Ordinary Cows

Come and be one of us on March 30. As buyer or visitor we welcome you. The same comfort—the same generous and honest treatment we extend to you in this our 6th Annual Offering of Holsteins.

The Belleville Breeders' Holstein Club

A Catalogue will come by Writing the Secretary or the Sales Manager

BEN. R. LEAVENS, President
F. R. MALLORY, Secretary
JAS. A. CASKEY, Sales Man.

POINT ANNE.

Mr. A. A. Huck left Thursday for Montreal.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. MacDonald and Keitha spent Sunday with Mrs. Percy Thompson, Front of Sidney.

Mrs. D. MacDonald attended the meeting of the Quinte Branch of the Women's Institute held at the home of Mrs. W. G. Bell, George Street, Belleville.

Mr. John French of Melville is visiting at the home of his sister, Mrs.

W. B. McDonald.

Mrs. A. A. Huck, Miss Huck and Mrs. Dan MacDonald visited at the home of Mrs. Nicholas MacDonald on Thursday afternoon.

STIRLING

Mrs. J. S. Black returned home on Saturday after spending the winter with her daughter in Toronto.

Rev. Dr. Baker of Albany, Ontario, occupied the pulpit of the Methodist church on Sunday and delivered ad-

dressess to appreciative audiences.

Mrs. Robt. Kerr, (nee Edna Black) of Toronto, is spending the week with friends here.

Mrs. G. H. Luery is entertaining tomorrow afternoon, in honor of the wedding anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. Earl Luery.

The Girls' hockey team gave an "at home" to their friends in the opera house, last evening. The orchestra of the 155th was in attendance. Miss K. Lally of Belleville is the

guest of her friend, Miss Lena Lattow.

Much sympathy is felt for Dr. and Mrs. D. W. Wright in the loss of their only child (John Douglas) aged seven months. The remains will be taken to Kingston tomorrow for interment in Cataract cemetery.

Mr. Beverley Gribble and Pte. Bowerwell Coulter of Belleville are in town for a couple of days.

A variety shower was held at the home of Miss Edith Bush last evening. Her marriage will take place on Thursday to Mr. Percy Utman of town.

EACH PROVINCE MUST DECIDE POLICY OF LIQUOR EXCLUSION

Continued from page

that the federal government would not attempt to enforce the law, but would leave that to the provincial authorities. Importation from a foreign country was also forbidden, but in that case, of course, the carrier and the receiver only could be dealt with. We had no authority to punish a man in the United States.

Mr. Knowles, (Assiniboia) wanted to know if the first crack out of the box would not be a law-suit and an appeal to the privy council. Could the Dominion government delegate its power over trade and commerce to the provincial government?

The minister said in reply that the constitutionality of any law could be challenged in the courts, but he felt quite certain that the proposed enactment was not ultra vires of the Dominion Parliament. No powers were delegated to the provinces. A Dominion law was merely being passed which applied to every province inasmuch as any attempt to override provincial policy on the subject of intoxicating liquors was forbidden.

RUSSIANS SEIZE VILLAGES IN LIVELY ENGAGEMENTS.

LONDON, March 21.—The fighting which the Germans referred to in their official communications as a new Russian offensive in the lake district to the south of Dvinsk is reported by Pe-

trograd as having lively artillery and infantry engagements in several sections to the south of the Dvinsk district. In these combats the Russians had the advantage, storming and capturing Velikokoleselo, east of the town of Tveretch, and occupying Zanapsez village and a section of the German trenches near Ostrovliany, after an engagement between Lakes Narocz and Wichenivsk.

The Russians also repulsed by their fire German attempts to advance on the sector south of Lake Dresvityat and they dispersed by their fire a German detachment which attempted to penetrate their lines to the east in the region of Lake Kanger.

A bridgehead east of Mikhalche on the Dniester, in Galicia, and some trenches in the vicinity, were captured by the Russians under Gen. Ivanoff in a sharp attack.

The Germans reported today that regardless of heavy losses the Russians attacked them repeatedly with strong forces on both sides of Postavy and between Narocz and Drivsviaty lakes and they claim that the attacks were entirely fruitless and that German troops advanced and drove back some Russian divisions about Vidzy. One officer and 280 men belonging to seven different regiments were captured.

Ayrshire Breeders Held Annual Meeting

Favor Payment of Milk By Test-Officers Elected

The annual meeting of the Menie District Ayrshire Breeders' Club was held in the rooms of the District Agricultural Representative, Mr. D. McIntosh, B.S.A., Stirling, on Saturday, March 11th, last.

Considering the recent storms and consequent heavy state of the roads, a good representation of the breeders was present. The Menie Club was the first Ayrshire Breeders' Club of any class organized under the Dominion Department of Agriculture. The territory covered by this club consists of the Counties of Hastings, Prince Edward, Durham, Northumberland and Peterborough, and in these counties there are about two hundred farmers who are breeding pure-bred Ayrshire cattle.

Mr. Alex. Hume of Campbellford in opening the meeting touched upon many points of interest to Ayrshire Breeders, while Mr. Wm. Stewart of the same place and one of the pioneer Ayrshire breeders of Canada gave a report of the meeting of the Dominion Association which was held recently in Toronto. The meeting was also addressed by Mr. McIntosh on the subject: "Suggestions that will help our Club."

The report of the Secretary-Treasurer, W. E. Tummon, Crookston was adopted.

A committee that was appointed a year ago to wait on one of the local fair boards, who barred prize-winning animals at Toronto, from competing, reported that the board had decided to drop the clause. It was felt by the members of the club that any clause in a prize list that barred the best and most typical animals of any breed from competing at the local fairs was not educative, and an injury to the breeds as a whole.

The question of Cheese Companies paying by test for milk in preference to the pooling system now generally practised, was strongly endorsed by the Club, and the opinion expressed that the Cheese and Dairy industry, would be encouraged greatly were legislation adopted making all companies adopt the "pay by test" system. Mr. McIntosh in his address pointed out several companies that he personally knew that had tried both systems and under no conditions would go back to the pooling system.

The members discussed the advisability of holding an auction sale this spring, but found that so many of the members owing to the brisk demand had disposed of all their surplus stock, decided to postpone same until probably about next December or January.

It was decided to meet in Stirling again next year. The officers of the Club are:

Hon. Pres.—Wm. Stewart.
Pres.—Alex. Hume, Campbellford.
Sec-Treas.—W. E. Tummon, Crookston.

Vice Pres.—E. A. McCook, Campbellford.

Directors:—
Dr. A. J. Fife, Ameliasburg.
W. T. Harris, Madoc.
John McCubbin, Warkworth.
Chas. McCoun,
John Locke
J. O'Connor
W. B. Grills
W. Bland, Campbellford
George Stokes, Tweed.
W. J. Haggerty, Stirling.

HALSTON.

Rev. F. G. Joblin of Bayside, a former pastor, occupied the pulpit at Mt. Pleasant last Sunday. Needless to say we were all pleased to see Mr. Joblin again.

Our teacher, Mr. Robson is home again. We hope he will soon be better again.

We are glad to report that Mrs. S. L. Lavrenson and Miss M. Pitman are both improving in health.

Miss Maggie Glass was the guest of her aunt, Mrs. W. Sills, Melrose, last week.

Mr. H. Goodman of Hay Bay, is visiting his brother, Mr. W. Goodman. Mrs. Coulter and son Ernest, of Moneymore, spent one day last week at Mr. A. Crawford's.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Boldrick entertained some friends on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. B. Colden and family visited at Mr. E. Wilson's recently.

Mr. W. Sherry has the la grippe. Mr. and Mrs. J. Boldrick and children spent one evening last week at Mr. Theodore Parks'.

The men around here have been drawing out gravel for the road.

MOUNTAIN VIEW.

Mr. Sept. Armistead who has been very seriously ill with blood-poisoning below the knee we are glad to say is improving.

Mr. L. F. Sprague is ill and Dr. Currie was called in Saturday.

Today there is a bee to draw the metal for Mr. Jas. R. Anderson's new barn.

Dr. Young, an aged wanderer of the roads of this country was found in the bushes back of Mountain View store Saturday. Dr. Currie was telephoned for, but as an inquest was unnecessary, Mr. W. W. Anderson took the case in charge and he was put in the church porch until today when the remains were taken to Picton for burial.

Mr. Fred. Morton, Melville visited on Hill's Island Sunday.

Miss Stinson spent Sunday afternoon the guest of Miss Isabel Anderson.

CARMEL.

The Sunday School was well attended this week.

Miss Eva Sullivan has returned home from Prince Edward where she has been visiting for a few weeks.

Mrs. E. B. Horton is visiting her sister, Mrs. G. Bedell.

We are sorry to report that Mr. E. C. Prentice is suffering from an abscess on the brain, caused by a severe fall.

Miss Minnie Ketcheson is spending a few days with her friend, Miss L. Gilbert.

Mr. S. J. Clarke had a bee for moving to our neighborhood.

Mr. and Mrs. Homan also Mr. and Mrs. Debyshire spent Wednesday evening at E. S. Gilbert's.

Mrs. M. Jones is able to be out again since her severe illness.

Mr. and Mrs. B. Pittmans spent Sunday at Foxboro.

Miss Helen Gilbert, Hillier, spent the week-end at home.

Miss Ethel Howe spent a few days last week with her friend, Miss M. Gerow.

Mrs. W. C. Reid has returned home after spending a few days with her sister, Mrs. M. Mott.

Mr. and Mrs. B. Langhaer has moved on the Pittman farm, and we welcome them to our midst.

Mr. Clifford Ketcheson spent Sunday in our neighborhood.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Spencer, Gilead visited at Mr. Jno. Pittman's on Sunday.

Mrs. J. B. Robinson spent the week end at E. S. Gilbert's.

Mr. Jno. Goodfellow gave a social hop to their friends on Wednesday evening.

The Recruiting

Sounds the call—'tis to all
To enlist for to fight, is it right?
Regardless of loss—heedless of dress,
Both the scions of fashion, and sers-
mers of 'moose'

Can't you hear—drawing near,
Loud sounds the call—and to all.

Recruiters urge—the idle surge,
And strong the brawn arm, from the
farm.

That the Loyalists sought, or neces-
sary bought,
Through the bitter toil was it won—
and blistering sun.

Yet we hear—drawing near,
Loud brawls the call—and to all.

Boys respond—even so,
Broad fields shall be unknown—be
known

That old age cannot live—or our
men plow.

No old-world peasantry here—do not
fear.

They will fight—is it right
Louder the call—and to all.

Cease the call then to all
To enlist for to fight, is it right?

Without hay and grain—armies in
vain

Beating the enemy on foreign plain
No bread to eat—and no meat

Our farms desolate, while the State
Howls the call—and to all

To enlist for to fight, is it right!
Alice Pyne McDevitt

The

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THE WEEKLY ONTARIO published every Wednesday. Front Street, Toronto.

TELEPHONE MAIL Departments.

JOB PRINTING—especially well Job Work. Men.

ADVERTISING RATES. W. H. MORTON, Business Manager.

WEDNESDAY

WHY

Why is the accounting and Hydro-Electric This Commission Power Company of operations in are therefore fore in the ma that has been e ple of the Pro The Audit Clancy, an ex former Conserv in his report inopsis of the cal year 1914-15 sis comes this

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The Weekly Ontario

THE DAILY ONTARIO is published every afternoon (Sundays and holidays excepted) at The Ontario Building, Front Street, Belleville, Ontario. Subscription, \$2.00 per annum.

THE WEEKLY ONTARIO and Bay of Quinte Chronicle is published every Thursday morning at \$1.00 a year, or \$2.00 a year to the United States.

TELEPHONE MAIN 99, with private exchange connecting all departments.

JOB PRINTING—The Ontario Job Printing Department is especially well equipped to turn out artistic and stylish Job Work. Modern presses, new type, competent workmen.

ADVERTISING RATES on application. J. G. HERITY, Editor-in-Chief. W. H. MORTON, Business Manager.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 22, 1916.

WHY SO MUCH MYSTERY?

Why is there so much mystery about the accounting and methods of doing business of the Hydro-Electric Power Commission of Ontario? This Commission by the purchase of the Electric Power Company is about to extend its sphere of operations into eastern Ontario. Our citizens are therefore more directly interested than before in the manner of carrying out the charge that has been entrusted to these men by the people of the Province.

The Auditor-General for Ontario, Mr. James Clancy, an exceedingly able financier, and a former Conservative member of the Legislature, in his report issued a few days ago gives a synopsis of the business of the Hydro for the fiscal year 1914-15. But at the end of the synopsis comes this significant footnote,—

"The foregoing statement was prepared by the Hydro-Electric Power Commission and does not represent the accounts of the Commission as audited by the Audit office."

Why not? Why do not the audited accounts appear the same as is the case in the other departments of government? Why is the detailed list of receipts and expenditures withheld from the public? Why make an exception of this particular Commission? Why the mystery? Are we living in Germany or is the Hydro-Electric a sort of secret conclave?

Auditor Clancy in his report makes some extremely serious assertions, using such expressions as "the absence of even the semblance of legislative control over the expenditures of the Hydro Commission," "erroneous interest imposts," "inextricable confusion," "defiant disobedience of the act creating the Commission," "large and rapidly increasing unauthorised expenditures amounting to \$4,190,620.55."

The Auditor's report is one of the most important as well as one of the strangest documents that have ever been laid before the Legislature of Ontario. Its statements and representations are too serious to be ignored. Hon. I. B. Lucas, attorney-general, practically admits the correctness of the charges in a statement issued to the press on Monday, and intimates that legislation will be introduced at this session of parliament to cover the unauthorised activities of the Commission.

It is surely a most serious state of affairs when the Commission in "defiant disobedience" of the act expands more than four million dollars of the people's money.

But it is a still more serious matter when the Commission ignores the people in failing or refusing to produce a detailed account of its transactions.

The Hydro Commission and system have for several years past been objects of popular worship in Toronto and western Ontario. Now that the system is shortly to come to Belleville for approval or adoption we feel that the public here is entitled to information why the operations of the Commission are surrounded with so much mystery and why it has entered upon such vast enterprises without legislative sanction.

LIFE IN BERLIN.

During recent weeks a number of British women have been deported from Germany as well as from Austria, and one of them, has given an English paper an interesting account of the present condition of things in Berlin, where she has lived for twenty years. She left behind two near relatives in an internment camp. Although she was ordered to leave the country she had to pay her own railway fare, which, she said, had been doubled since the war began, and she was only allowed to carry away clothing which was absolutely necessary for the journey. Of a sum of 800 marks with which she arrived in Holland she lost 172 marks on the exchange. Hardly any metal money of any kind is now in circulation in Berlin, she said, and small change is negotiated by means of small stamped cards. Many merchants' establishments have closed down, and in those which are open sales can only take place if the police do not think that the stocks may be needed by the Government. She saw the Kaiser in his motor car at

Charlottenburg about a fortnight ago before she Berlin, and she described his present appearance as that of a broken-down old man, with pale, sunken cheeks and white hair.

Other interesting points from her story are that outbreaks of women, who demanded food and peace, take place almost daily in some part of Berlin. Only a quarter of a pound of butter can be purchased at a time, and if a girl goes to a party she must carry her own bread. Meat is obtainable only on Tuesday and Friday, and fat only on Monday and Thursday. Boots with paper soles cost as much as thirty-five shillings, and string is no longer used to tie up parcels. In the hotels no dinners are served on two days of the week, and hardly any taxi-cabs are running because of the lack of petrol. At the detention camps the guards are bribed by presents of food from the parcels sent from England in order to secure services and comforts for the prisoners.

Most people have surrendered the bulk of their metal articles which can be used for war purpose, and in November all alien residents were required to furnish an inventory of valuable articles and garments possessed by them. From the beginning of the war they were kept under strict surveillance, and during illness the police visited the bedrooms periodically to make sure that no escape had been attempted.

Business people express the belief that Germany cannot win the war against Great Britain, and disillusionment about the effect of the Balkan campaign has reached the point when people ask why the German armies roam half over the world instead of breaking through the western front to Calais. Lately few men in civilian clothes except boys and elderly men have been seen in Berlin. No hint of the actual state of affairs could be found in the German papers, she said, and on the other hand people in Berlin were led to believe that London was a city of the deepest depression and gloom, suffering from stagnation of trade and threatened with semi-starvation. When she arrived in London she was astonished to see crowds of men, the streets congested with motor vehicles, and life almost normal.

JAPAN SEES NECESSITY.

The Japan Advertiser, of Tokio, discussing the course of the United States in preparing for after-the-war eventualities, says,—

"Future realities can very easily be seen by anyone who looks to the day after tomorrow. President Wilson's 'preparedness' campaign—the campaign of one of the most pacific men and the most pacific-minded nations in the world, for instance—is a significant hint of what will follow German victory. If England and France go down the burden automatically falls on America. The Monroe Doctrine is America's first interest; it is the guarantee of the whole western hemisphere for peaceful development towards a higher civilization than the war-encumbered old world has known. What does the Monroe Doctrine entail if Canada and South America are liable to be attacked by a predominant European power with an ingrained and proven belief in militarism as the primary means of national advancement? It means that America must also arm on a scale commensurate with a victorious Germany.

The heaviest burden will fall on the broadest shoulders, but the United States will no longer stand alone on the American continent. The lesser nations, beginning with Canada, must arm in haste, and the present and past states of Europe furnish an example of how armaments react on each other. Perfectly justifiable armaments by one country call for a reply, also perfectly justifiable, from another, and so round the vicious circle until another Armageddon, bigger than the present one, is brought on. Although it appears incredible, no proofs can be furnished to prove it any more incredible than the conflict that now involves all the great powers of the world except one.

DO YOU?

Do you put your arms around him as you used to do of old, Do you give him little kisses without having to be told, Do you ask him if he's weary, do you wonder at his trials, Do you wait for him to welcome him with tenderness and smiles? Do you show him you appreciate the little things he brings, The thoughtfulness he show you as within the gate he swings, Do you take him to your bosom, lay your hand upon his head, As you used to do when living in the romance of the wed? Do you cling to him in trouble and do all you can with song And with sunshine and with cheering to help matters jog along, Do you care to make him happy, do you show it if you do, Do you tell him that you love him, as you want it told to you? —Baltimore Sun.

Stop Killing Our Feathered Game

Canadian Game Birds Rapidly Becoming Extinct

In order that the Canadian people may correctly understand and judge the question of the extinction or preservation of our wild life, it is necessary to recall the near past. It is not necessary however to go far into the details of history for a few quick glances at a few high points will be quite sufficient for the purpose in view. Nevertheless the wild life abundance of early Canadian days survived down to a late period that it touched the lives of thousands of people now living. Any man fifty years of age or more is a man who had a taste for hunting which will remember the flocks, both of upland as well as migratory game and the droves of animals as well that he saw and which made upon his mind many indelible impressions. To me the most striking fact has stands forth in the early days is the wide extent and thoroughness of its distribution. Wide as our country is and marvellous as it is in the diversity of its climates, its soils, its topography, its flora, its riches and its poverty, nature gave to each section a wide variety of game and a quota of wild creatures according to its ability to maintain living things. No pioneer ever pushed so far or into regions so difficult or so remote that he did not find a wide variety of birds and animals. Some times the pioneer was not a good hunter, but the game was there just the same.

The game birds of Canada, as a class and a mass, have not been swept away to ward off starvation or to rescue the perishing. Even back only a few years very few men of the north thought of killing ducks in order to keep the wolf from the door. The process was too slow, uncertain and costly for ammunition for small game in those days. Instead of attempting to live on birds he hustled for the staple food product of the first last week. And nearly all the time the game birds of Ontario as a whole have been sacrificed on the altar of Rank Luxury to tempt appetites that were tired of fried chicken and other fancy delicacies. Today even the average poor man hunts birds for the joy of the outing with nature and the pampered epicures of the hotel, restaurants and cafes buy game birds and eat small portions of them, solely to tempt their appetites. "There is such a thing as 'class' legislation it is that which permits a few odd market shooters to kill indiscriminately the birds of the whole province in order to barter their ethics for a few epures.

The man who has had a fine day in the so-called woods or the bright waters of a duck haunted bay, or in the golden stubble of a fall day and soul's desire with just as well as well as sixty. The idea that to enjoy a day in the open a man must fill a "wh-ol-barrow load of game is a mistaken idea and if obstinately adhered to it becomes vicious and cruel. The bird in the open is the benefit, not the blood stained feathers. One "Quail" on the fence is worth more to the world than twenty in game sack.

Under the present ruling, there are no restrictions on the number of Quail per man for the day or season's kill, yet game sanctuaries are advocated for upland birds. The Quail demand a large area of land, and the present affords more. What sportsman should care to take as-tell more than fifty Ducks in the open season. This would give to the gunner a trifle over four birds per week if he killed to the limit. The present law allows a man to shoot Wild Ducks and decide increase in the many ways of destruction, both in incubation, loss of resources and extermination by gunners.

Sale of Game Birds in the following States: Alabama, Arizona, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New Mexico, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, Oklahoma, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Vermont, and Virginia, Washington, West Virginia, Wisconsin, Wyoming.

Twenty of the States in which "Bob White" breeds have provided protection for five years closed season, among these were Michigan on a closed season of five years, reports more Quail in this State than during the past ten years. These game birds are worthy of fostering, alone to agricultural interests as well as the savory and recreation value to sportsmen. Sportsmen and gunners, for all that is good, noble loyal, elevate your viewpoint of the game of our Country. Get out of the old groove. Times and conditions have changed. We are now facing the panorama of the new era. You don't need the meat any longer. Thousands of acres of breeding and feeding grounds are passing over the drain under the team of break longlow. Let us establish a new sanctuary with the aid of stringent laws that may retain a portion of the wild game birds for those that follow us.

P.H. CONOVER

Leamington, Ontario.

BIG ISLAND.

Ross and Fred Sprague spent Sunday in Bethel. Pte. Harold E. Colbourne visited a number of his friends around here last week. Mr. Geo. Barrager lost a valuable horse on Thursday. Mr. and Mrs. G. Badgley entertained a number of friends Monday evening. The Teen Age Class spent a social evening at Mr. T. S. Mills. Pte. H. E. Colbourne being the guest of honor. Mrs. Richtmyer is visiting her daughter Mrs. Clayton Sprague. Mr. and Mrs. Nelson Schuyler and Miss Helen Graham of Belleville spent the week end at Mr. and Mrs. Sherman Mills.

Nova Scotia Man Has Good News

Find's Dodd's Kidney Pills a Cure for His Rheumatism.

States Out of His Own Experience That Dodd's Kidney Pills Are a Sure Relief From Pain.

Greenfield, Quebec, Co., N.S., Mar. 20—Special.—"To anyone who suffers from rheumatism, I say, 'Take Dodd's Kidney Pills.' They will be sure to give you a release from pain." This is the message of Cornelius Hirtle, a well known farmer living near here. Mr. Hirtle suffered from rheumatism for four years and found a cure in Dodd's Kidney Pills. "I was in bed shape for four years," Mr. Hirtle says in giving his experience. "My back and hips troubled me so much that I was not able to do much without suffering. I also had stiffness in the joints, my muscles cramped and I felt heavy and sleepy after meals. I had a bitter taste in my mouth, especially in the morning. My appetite was fitted and I was often dizzy. "I suffered from shortness of breath, I was often dizzy and I was depressed and low spirited. "I took six boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills and they did me so much good that I am recommending them to all my friends. They are better than any doctor." Every one of Mr. Hirtle's symptoms was a symptom of kidney disease. That's why Dodd's Kidney Pills cured him.

SHANNONVILLE.

Miss Glenn of Kingston is spending a few days with her sister, Miss E. Glenn, Milltown. We are glad to hear Mr. Hudson Cook is improving. Mr. Reg. Mills spent a few days in Napanee last week. Mr. and Mrs. H. Farnsworth have moved to Stirling. Mr. Arthur MacFarlane attended Grand Orange Lodge in Brookville last week. Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Winters left last week for Grandview, Man. Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Enos Farnsworth spent a couple of days here last week visiting friends. Mr. Denon Hinehey is visiting his sister, Mrs. H. Pearsall, Lindsay. Miss Essie Emmons of Belleville is visiting Mrs. T. Doxtator. Miss Edith White of Alexandria Bay is spending a few weeks at her home here. Mrs. Fred Bjerkbun of Darlington is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Jennings. Mr. Albert Burt has secured a position in Belleville and expects to move his family there shortly. Mr. and Mrs. N. Oakley spent Sunday with their daughter, Mrs. John Sipe.

VICTORIA.

Rev. Gall of Concession will preach in our church next Sunday at 10.30 a.m. Our minister will take Mr. Gall's sermons at the anniversary services in Carrying Place Methodist church, followed on Monday evening by a harvest home dinner. The Ladies' Aid was well attended at the home of the president, Mrs. H. Seger. The next meeting will be held at the home of Mrs. Lorne Brickman on Thursday, March 30. Pte. S. Wetherall spent the week-end in this vicinity. Several from this way went to Trenton market on Saturday. Miss Vera Brickman entertained some young company on Monday and Tuesday evenings. Mr. and Mrs. Merrit Adams and daughter spent Sunday at the home of Mr. Lorne Brickman. Mr. and Mrs. Norman Weese spent Sunday at Mr. Everett Brickman's. Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Bush and Willie Tebworth visited on Sunday at Mr. Burley White's. Miss Ruth Prymer visited her sister, Mrs. H. Pulver. Mr. and Mrs. Nathaniel Welson and daughter, Mrs. Wm. Elliott entertained about twenty of their neighbors on Friday evening. All report an enjoyable time. Mr. and Mrs. Everett Brickman and Mrs. Norman Weese and Miss Vera Brickman took tea at Mr. Robert's of Trenton on Sunday. Mr. Alex. Bush of Stirling spent last week with his brother Will. Lulu Rathbun and Vera Brickman took dinner at Mr. W. Bush's on Monday. Mr. Harry Sager took a number of men from this neighborhood to Belleville on Monday afternoon. Mr. and Mrs. Lorne Brickman and Audrey spent Thursday evening at Mr. Fred Bonter's. Much sympathy is extended to Mrs. Amos Wannamaker on the death of her father, the late Mr. Sutherland.

ALL NIGHT WITH ASTHMA.

Everyone knows how attacks of asthma often keep their victims awake the whole night long. Morning finds him wholly unfit for a day's business, and of business itself will be carried through. All the night suffering from asthma is relieved by the Asthma Remedy. It is sold by all druggists.

MASSASSAGA.

The sick people are all progressing favorably. The sep will soon be running now and then what a time for the youngsters. Mr. and Mrs. Edward Simonds were at home to a few of their friends last Wednesday evening where they spent a very enjoyable time. Joseph Simonds and family were in Sidney on Sunday visiting his daughter Letta Adams. Mr. and Mrs. Frank Lant were visiting the latter's brother at Fish Lake on Sunday. Mrs. W. L. Wallbridge and her mother, Mrs. Lattimer of Huffs Island were visiting at Peterboro and Stirling last week. Mr. and Mrs. Howard Wallbridge spent Sunday at Grant Sprague's. Mrs. Henry Robinson of Toronto has been down visiting her old home. John Walker and George Robinson each sold a very valuable horse last week. Mr. and Mrs. McVein of Charlotte, N.Y. are here to attend the funeral of Mrs. McVein's sister, the late Mrs. Lydia Jane Wainwright of Hillier.

WELLINGTON.

A cold wave has struck us and it is very cold. Death has come again. On Wednesday Mrs. Ella Glenn, wife of David H. Sprung passed away. The funeral was held on Friday afternoon, a number being in attendance. The concert at our Epworth League on Friday night and was well attended. It was in the form of a sham-rook tea.

The next meeting of the Methodist W.M.S. in April will be held at Mrs. B. A. Fanning's.

We are pleased Don Gallie was not hurt seriously at the hockey match in Picton an evening last week. P. Watts Brothers were at Belleville on Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. S. W. Bush were at Concession last week.

They had a few days off at the seed house last week.

W. P. Niles is slowly getting better, but is quite ill yet.

Miss Vincent was the guest last week of Mrs. E. Wait in the country. The Institute had a fine lecture in the basement of the Methodist church Saturday evening.

Mr. W. Ryan will soon cross the ocean on Government work.

The bakery cart failed to get to the country last week.

P. B. Trampour of Toronto was in town last week.

Mrs. Robin was at Picton last week. We are pleased to hear Eugene Morden is getting better at Toronto. We hope soon to see him home.

Our reeve and constable are still in the social time at Mrs. N. S. Harrington's was largely attended on Tuesday afternoon by the Ladies of the Guild of St. Andrew's church. The train is often late these days on account of the bad storms we have had.

Mrs. Gordon and daughter will leave for their home next week. Mr. and Mrs. John Bell were at Picton last week.

Miss Demille and Miss Hodgens have arrived home from Cleveland and Rochester.

PHILLIPSTON.

The heavy snow storms which came last Friday and Saturday was very acceptable except where it drifted and blocked the roads. The ladies in this vicinity are doing excellent work for the wounded and suffering soldiers and have accomplished a good deal in the way of sewing and knitting. Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Ketcheson entertained about 22 young people on Friday evening and all report having a fine time. Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Phillips were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. McKee and Misses Nicholson and Wednesday. Mr. and Mrs. Everett Sills entertained a couple of classes from the Sunday School on Thursday evening and all report having a pleasant time. A surprise party was given in honor of Mr. Arthur Thompson of the 80th Battalion at the home of Mrs. Wm. Thompson and he was presented with a wrist watch. Mr. Clayton Hagarman is doing excellent work with the wood saw in this neighborhood. The wave of la grippe has almost disappeared and we're all better satisfied.

We are glad to hear that Miss Ethel Robin has reached England in safety with the nurses from Queen's University, and hope she may be spared to return to her many friends in this vicinity.

Mr. Joseph Phillips has sold his place to Mr. Tuman. We will all miss Mr. and Mrs. Phillips from our neighborhood but our best wishes go with them in their new home, and we are glad to know that Mr. and Mrs. Tuman are coming and wish them every success.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Ketcheson entertained Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Phillips, Mr. Earl Sayers, Mr. and Mrs. Ben Sayers, Miss Park, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Comins and Mr. and Mrs. H. Phillips on Thursday evening.

POINTS IN ANTI-LIQUOR LAW.

Provinces which vote for prohibition can, by legislation, prevent importation of liquor. The shipper, carrier and receiver of such liquor would be liable to criminal prosecution.

"Wet" provinces can prevent importation of liquor into districts under local option by legislation to that effect.

No effence will be committed by shipping liquor into a province which does not forbid the sale or consumption of liquor.

Enforcement of the law, which will take effect immediately on its passage, is left to provincial authorities.

The constitutionality of the act can be challenged in the courts, but the government is confident of its position.

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Salvationists

Enjoyed Themselves

There was a large crowd at the Salvation Army last night to witness the entertainment.—March of the Allies and Trooping of the Colors. 19 countries were represented, each representative wore the national costume and carried the national flag, while the band played the National Anthem of the country whose flag bearer marched around the hall and onto the platform. The grouping of the Allies with Britain as the center figure and two little dusky maid representing India was a beautiful sight. Master B. Humphreys carried the Union Jack and represented the Navy His solo about the navy being ready was very effective.

Mrs. Captain Ruston as Miss Canada sang Oh Canada. Irv Huskon sang "We'll never let the old flag fall."

The chorus was heartily taken up followed by "Keep the Home Fires Burning."

The second part of the program was splendid lantern scenes of the war in Europe, the bombardment of Scarborough and popular generals and rulers of the Allies.

MARCH OF THE ALLIES Sweden—U. Mitz Denmark—Doris Umberton Norway—M. Parks Switzerland—J. Young, B. Adams Dutch Holland—Bro. Brown America—J. Frost

SALVATION ARMY Japan—F. Carson Italy—Mrs. Weir Serbia—May Edmondson Africa—Herbert Leonard

AL LIES Russia—Miss Doris Humphreys France—Miss Doris Humphreys British—Master B. Humphreys India—Misses F. Adams, I. Huston Belgium—Miss P. Bowen Canada—Pte E. Adams

BETHANY. We are enjoying some beautiful winter weather of late. There is just a bit of snow to make the roads in good condition.

Mrs. E. W. Brown left on Friday last to attend the bedside of her mother, Mrs. Hall, Campbellford.

Mr. J. A. Cox of Matheson, New Ontario is visiting at Mr. G. F. Hamilton's.

We as a community deeply sympathize with Mr. Geo. N. Brown and family in the loss of his wife. The funeral was held on Friday morning at Cammilton church, interment at Elmwood cemetery.

Mrs. Butler Rupert of Rawdon, is visiting her sister, Mrs. E. R. Reid. Mrs. Leslie has returned to her home in the West after spending the winter with her daughter, Mrs. O. Miller.

The Y.P.S. was held at the church on Wednesday night last. Mrs. A. H. Easton spent a few days last week visiting her cousin, Mrs. S. Hagenman, Belleville.

Mr. Chas. Liddell is visiting friends in Brighton and Trenton.

Points in Anti-Liquor Law. Provinces which vote for prohibition can, by legislation, prevent importation of liquor.

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The constitutionality of the act can be challenged in the courts, but the government is confident of its position.

BURIAL AT ALBURY.

The funeral of the late William Albert Allegon took place on Tuesday afternoon from his late residence, Ameliasburg to Albury Church, where the Rev. Mr. Edwards of Rednersville officiated.

Interment was in Albury Cemetery. The bearers were six sons; Andrew, William, Robert, O., Harry Joseph and Herbert Allegon.

DIED IN TORONTO.

The remains of the late David Albert Delong, who passed away in Toronto will arrive here by train tomorrow and be taken to Mountain View his former home for interment. Deceased was an old resident of Prince Edward.

HOMESICKERS EXCURSIONS TO THE LAND OF WHEAT.

Homesickers' Excursions to Western Canada at low fares via Canadian Pacific each Tuesday, March 21 to October 31st inclusive. Particulars from any Canadian Pacific Agent, or W. B. Howard, District Passenger Agent, Toronto.

THE WEEK IN THE LEGISLATURE

AGRICULTURE

Mr. Nelson, Premier, the Liberal member for Prince Edward County...

PROHIBITION

The Prohibition Bill was not introduced this week. A deputation from the liquor interests waited upon Premier Best...

GOVERNMENT HOUSE

The new Government House provided one of the chief excitements of the week. The Liberals continued their fight against the extravagance and undemocratic luxuries of the building...

TO TRIFLE WITH CATARRH

Usually it comes with a cold. Bacteria which it is neglected, but the seed is sown for a dangerous harvest, perhaps consumption. To cure at once, inhale Catarrhone. It destroys the germs of Catarrh, clears away mucus, cleanses the passage of the nose and throat...

HOMESEEKERS' EXCURSIONS TO THE LAND OF WHEAT

Homesekers' Excursions to Western Canada at low fares via Canadian Pacific each Tuesday until October 31st, inclusive. Particulars from S. Belleville, or W. B. Howard, District Passenger Agent, Toronto.

All Night with Asthma

Everyone knows how attacks of asthma often keep their victim awake the whole night long. Morning finds him wholly unrefreshed for a day of business, and yet, business must still be carried through. All this night suffering and lack of rest can be avoided by the prompt use of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy, which positively drives away the attacks.

Homesekers' Excursions to the Land of Wheat

Homesekers' Excursions to Western Canada at low fares via Canadian Pacific each Tuesday, March 7th to October 31st inclusive. Particulars from Canadian Pacific Agent, W. B. Howard, District Passenger Agent, Toronto.

RAILWAY TIMETABLES

Table with columns for Railway Name, Destination, and Time. Includes Canadian Northern Railway, Canadian Pacific Railway, and Montreal-Chicago Through Service.

THE MIDDLEMAN AND HIS MISSION

Sdeligh's Upon the Much-Abused Man Who Performs a Needed Service.

THE RETAIL GROCER AND GOLD STORAGE TRUST

"Somebody must cook, and somebody must serve," once remarked the late Albert Hubbard in The Era. "Otherwise all of us would have to do the thing ourselves, and then all our efforts would be taken up in the search for cats, and we would be reduced to the occupation of the cave-men."

The retail grocer is a pretty serious business man as a hard working public servant. He is down closer to "hard-pan" than any other man in his life before, and to charge him with the high cost of living is unjust.

The Cold Storage Man's Side. Much has been said pro and con regarding the part the storage man plays in this cost-of-living era. Take the matter of storage eggs as an example.

"It is my opinion that oftentimes the consumer is to blame for insisting upon getting fresh eggs when they are asked for, and very few folks really comprehend the situation as it really exists."

"Now, as to the persons storing these eggs, no such thing as an 'egg trust' exists. It requires millions of dollars to handle the products of this country, and necessarily men of means must invest or lose the money."

So it will be seen that in the handling of goods, another expenditure is added to the cost of production, and this you and I have to pay for—all of which is right and proper and in strict accordance with the principles of trade and commerce.

There are many things we are today purchasing for the same, or less money in proportion, than we did ten years ago. While the cost of producing flour has materially advanced, we are not paying proportionately for our bread—and this is particularly true in Belleville.

Gilbert's Bakery, while not the largest in Ontario, is, nevertheless, one of the best and most efficiently equipped baking plants in Canada, and, with the new improvements which are now being made together with the installation of modern mechanical appliances by means of which human hands will never touch the bread at any stage of the baking. This concern will be a notable credit to the city.

Mr. Gilbert serves nearly 800 homes in Belleville and vicinity every day. This bread is wrapped in wax paper, to protect it from dust, dirt and carelessness in handling—a big, tall-size loaf of goodness—for five cents the loaf. Toronto, Montreal and other towns pay six, seven and eight cents. Evidently there's little use for a "bread line" in Belleville.

Next week's article will tell you how bread is baked in a modern bake-shop. It is entitled "The Art of Bread Making."

WHELAN & YEDMANS OFFER THE FOLLOWING PROPERTIES FOR SALE GET UNDER YOUR OWN ROOF

SEVEN Room Frame House, Foster Ave., bath, two extra lots, good garden, some fruit, good well at a bargain.

\$1500—Blecker Ave south, two-story brick house, first-class repair, good cellar, electric light and water.

\$1000—No. 45, Frame house, Pope Street, almost new.

\$4000—Bridge St. East, One of the finest located homes in the city.

\$2800—Two-story brick house, Dunbar St., all conveniences, barn and large lot in first-class repair.

BARGAIN—Large frame house with all conveniences, barn and two lots close to G.T.R. station.

\$4200—Lot 1, Con. 3, Trembling, 100 acres with good buildings, 75 acres worked, balance pasture; workland well fenced and watered; special terms for quick sale.

\$650—Frame house with large lot, West side Youmans St.

\$1500—Frame house, Great St. James Street.

\$600—Frame seven room house, Catherine Street.

\$3500—Large lot on east side of Front Street, about 30 feet frontage with two houses and other buildings.

\$200—Each—Burnham Street, 6 lots, 42 x 132.

\$12 per foot—Cor. Bridge and McDonald Avenue.

\$350—Albert Street, 50 x 100, West side.

\$125—Dufferin Avenue, between Pine Street and Victoria Ave., 1 lot about 50 feet frontage.

\$500—Corner Dundas and Charles Streets, 50 x 88.

\$250—Lot 55 x 135, Linham Street, just north Victoria Avenue.

\$125 EACH for two good building lots 40 x 174, on Ridley Avenue, next to Bridge Street.

\$150 EACH for two lots east side Ridley Ave. size 40 x 170 ft.

\$75 EACH, North Coleman Street, 5 lots, 45 x 160.

A BARGAIN, block of 12 lots on Sidney Street.

\$10—Lot 100—Foster Avenue, north of Bridge.

\$3500—One of the best heavy and feed barns in the city, handy to any part of city.

4 ACRES on bay shore, the best factory site in the city, good dockage and along C.N.R. Double frame house on ground.

\$4500—75 acres, 4th Con. of Thurlow; well watered and fenced bank barn 30 x 50, two-story frame 10-room house, some fruit.

\$800—Five acre block near Albert College, just outside city. Land suitable for gardening. Seven minutes walk from Front St.

\$6000—150 acres, one mile from Cannitton, 7-room frame house, bank barn, drive house etc., well watered and fenced.

145 Acres—One of the best located farms on the bay shore in Ameliasburg Twp.; all first-class buildings, well fenced and watered, about 800 apple trees, close to church, school and cheese factory; terms arranged to suit purchaser.

\$6500—100 acres, 3rd Con. of Sidney, good stacks of cultivation, buildings in good repair, well fenced and watered.

100 Acres on Kingston Road, 7 1/2 brick house and barn. One of the best situated market gardens close to Belleville. Terms—\$4 x 50 and 35 x 45 new drive house 24 x 20, hen house, hog pen etc., about 20 apple trees, two-story 3 room frame house. Three miles from two R.R. stations, about 5 acres fall ploughed. All well watered and fenced.

\$1800—Just west of city limit, 7 room frame house; good cellar, well and cistern, electric light over one acre of ground with barn and fruit.

\$3700—Two-story brick house and barn, all conveniences, hot water heating, large lot, extra lot if wanted, Victoria Ave.

\$2500—Double House, Motra St., gas for cooking, city water in house and barn.

\$3000—Two-story brick also room house; large lot and barn, hot water heating, just north of city limit.

DOUBLE brick house, Mill Street, lately remodelled, up-to-date with full plumbing and hot water heating, electric light and gas, large stable suitable for livery or boarding stable. Deep lot 30 foot frontage.

\$2800—New two-story 3-room brick house; all modern conveniences, full basement with gas for cooking in kitchen and basement.

\$2600—New up-to-date frame Dwelling, Foster Avenue, electric light, gas for cooking, full plumbing, good basement.

\$4000—South Charles St. New two-story brick, hardwood floors throughout, sleeping porch, large basement, all conveniences; one of the best finished homes in city.

\$1800—Rough cast Dwelling and barn, Bridge St. west, city water on lot, two garden lots at rear, cheap if required.

\$2650—Two-story brick house; 7 rooms, hardwood floors on first floor, gas for cooking, electric light and furnace.

\$710—Frame Cottage, five rooms and outside shed, city water cor. Strachan and Orlin Streets.

\$2200—Two-story eight room brick house; electric light and city water; Mill Street.

\$4000—New two-story nine room brick house; all modern conveniences, large basement and verandahs. Great St. James St.

\$2500—New two-story frame house; all conveniences, full basement, good lot with pear and apple trees. Chatham Street.

\$900—Seven room frame house, large lot, first-class garden soil. Strachan Street.

\$3000—Two-story brick house; twelve rooms, in first class repair. Alexander Street.

\$1400—Two-story frame house South Pinnacle Street, water and gas and hot water heating, large lot with barn.

\$1200—One and one-half-story frame double house, 1 Pinnacle Street, large lot, city water.

\$1350—Solid brick house Blecker Ave. three minutes walk to G.T.R. station. Large lot. Will make first-class boarding house.

\$5500—Up-to-date eight room brick house on John St. Electric light and gas, full-sized basement. Five minutes from Front St.

FINE up-to-date frame house on Great St. James Street, large verandah, hardwood floors throughout, electric light and bath, large lot.

\$2000—Two-story, 8 room brick house near Albert College. Easy terms and handy to G.T.R.

\$1100—Fine two-story, 8 room frame house, electric light and water, large lot. St. Charles Street.

A NEW 8 room brick house all modern conveniences, electric light and gas, full size cement basement. Five minutes from Front Street on North John Street.

\$4000—Eight roomed gothic brick house, just off Commercial Street on Warham Street, three large lots, finest view of the bay and harbor in the city.

\$1800—On Sinclair Street, fine 7 room brick house, with verandah, large lot and barn, about 70 ft frontage. Terms arranged.

SEVEN Room House, good barn, well and cistern, in good locality on East Hill. Snap for quick sale.

\$2200—Six miles north of Trenton, 2 miles from Wooler, 45 acres, good stone house, frame barn and drive house, well fenced and watered.

\$5000—For a good 125 acre farm 5th Con. Thurlow, 2 room house, barns 24 x 48, 36 x 64, and 24 x 24, 20 apple trees, hen house, etc.; 2 good wells and springs, about 40 apple trees and small fruit. Fall ploughed and 11 acres of wheat. All well fenced. R.M.D. and main telephone.

160 Acres, Concession, the quarry district of Prince Edward County, 100 acres, 100 acres, well watered and close to factories and station. CITY WATER. R.M.D. and main telephone.

\$4500—Hundred acres, lot No. 17 Con. 3, Trembling, 40 acres sugar bush, balance pasture. Barns—24 x 50 and 35 x 45 new drive house 24 x 20, hen house, hog pen etc., about 20 apple trees, two-story 3 room frame house. Three miles from two R.R. stations, about 5 acres fall ploughed. All well watered and fenced.

\$2500—Lot 34, Con. 5, Trembling, 112 acres, 6 room frame house with kitchen, drive shed 14 x 18, about 34 x 24, barn 24 x 24, timber for about 12 years.

50 Acre farm, 4th Con. of Thurlow, 2-story frame house and two barns, 1 acre orchard, all kinds of fruit, 2 acres in fall wheat, balance fall ploughed, all first-class soil, wells and well fenced. Easy terms.

100 Acre Farm, one of the best in Thurlow, within three miles of the city, fenced, 10 room frame in first-class shape. On reasonable terms.

100 Acre Farm, part lot 20, Con. 5, Trembling, good buildings and silo, for sale at a bargain if disposed of at once.

100 Acres, 5th Con. Thurlow, about 80 acres work land, balance pasture and wood land. Well fenced and watered. 20 room frame house, 2 barns, drive house, hen house, 1 1/2 story 7 room frame house.

75 Acres, Big Island, on bay shore, brick house, well fenced, and good barn, would accept one-quarter down, balance easy terms.

110 Acre farm, 2nd Con. Sidney, all good work land, well watered and fenced. 10 room frame house, 2 barns, sheds, stables, drive house, etc., 2-acre orchard.

\$3500—95 acres, Thurlow near Belleville, F.O. Good house, barn and drive house. Possession after harvest.

100 Acre farm, close to city, first-class land suitable for a garden or mixed farming.

\$2500—Three miles from city, 2 1/2 acres good land, first-class buildings and fruit.

\$2500—80 acres, lot 92, Con. 1 Ameliasburg, good frame house, barns, drive house, etc. All well fenced and watered, plenty of fire wood, 6 acres orchard, about 60 acres of work land. Soil clay loam.

\$4000—For 100 acre farm, lot 30, 3rd Con. Thurlow, 5 room frame house with wood shed 20 x 20, barns 30 x 50, and 22 x 42, drive house 22 x 27, 4 wells, all good water, 10 acres swamp with timber, 3 acres apples and other fruit, 70 acres good work land, balance pasture land, one mile from school house, two miles from post office and church. R.M.D. applied for. 40 acres in hay, 4 acres in fall wheat. Easy terms.

\$7000—Township Huntingdon, 200 acres clay loam, 125 acres work land, balance wood and pasture land, 2 good springs, barns 45 x 30, 30 x 50, 24 x 40, stone barns and cement floor, drive house, hog pens, hen house, implement shed, etc., well fenced and watered and all in good repair. Easy terms.

ONE of the best farms in township of Thurlow, 180 acres, first-class buildings throughout, price right, on very easy terms.

\$1600—Two-story 7 room frame house; electric light, city water, gas for cooking, good cellar, first-class garden with fruit; Motra St. west.

CHEAP New 1 room Bungalow, cor. of St. Charles and Strachan Sts.

\$1500—New brick house, North Front St. just off Motra St., all modern conveniences.

\$2800—Each for two new brick houses, all modern conveniences, Chatham St.

\$3500—Fine two-story brick house, all conveniences, large verandah, small barn, all in first-class repair.

CALL OR PHONE US TODAY. WE ARE ALWAYS PLEASSED TO GIVE FULL INFORMATION REGARDING PROPERTIES.

HOW OLD IS MA?



She won't tell the census man.

How To Write Correct English. Partial List of Correct English Words. Correct English Words. Correct English Words.

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The Unlike Other tionate

Every house to raise its price, have been pretty prices when it is no other food, necessary to life, and like many other, ing the farmer a and market it th

Years ago, a porch or hung it, man would fill it, but the day of the past and folks a sterilized bottles- liness and whole view with the pr in Belleville, he

"Pure milk" milk owing to governing its har keeping the cows sweet-smelling, which milk is every time they of hauling the mi because labor is greater, whether or the railroads.

"Conscientio to have better service. To enc large herds and p the dairy must can handle and milk and cream and this requires transportation to provide this, the herd of cows, th the price goes up

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CORRECT How To Josephine Turb A Monthly Magaz Progressive Men ness and Profess ch, Teachers, S Doctors, J Lawy and for all who Write Correct Eng Partial List of Co Year Every-Day Palgrave H. Woods, Phila. Me Uses. Pennsylv

ANNOUNCEMENT Messrs. Greenleaf & Son wish to announce to their old and new friends that they have found it advisable to incorporate their business under Ontario Companies Act.

GREENLEAF & SON have purchased the property known as the Brown Foundry, together with the good will and equipment of Mr. George Kelleb.

Winnipeg and Return, \$36.50 EDMONTON \$44.50

Proportional low rate to other points in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

Full particulars and tickets on application to agents.

H. C. THOMPSON, Agent Phone 403. 30 Bridge St.

The Increased Cost of Milk

Unlike Other Food Products Milk Has Not Advanced in Price Proportionately—High Character of Herds Succeeding Unprofitable Cattle.

By JAMES H. DELAMERE
(All Rights Reserved.)

Every housewife is interested in the question of pure milk, and any movement calculated to raise its price at once raises her ire. But we have been pretty fortunate in this era of high prices when it is taken into consideration that no other food, except possibly bread, is so necessary to life, and milk has not increased in price like many other foodstuffs, although it is costing the farmer and dairymen more to produce and market it than ever before.

Years ago, mother set her pitcher on the porch or hung it upon the gatepost and the milkman would fill it out of a big dipper from a can, but the day of the milkman with the dipper is past and folks are being served milk in clean, sterilized bottles—a full quart of purity, cleanliness and wholesomeness. In a recent interview with the proprietor of the Citizens' Dairy in Belleville, he said to the writer:

"Pure milk is worth more than ordinary milk owing to modern sanitary requirements governing its handling and distribution, labor in keeping the cows clean, the barns ventilated and sweet-smelling, and the cans and vessels in which milk is shipped, thoroughly sterilized every time they are used. Then comes the item of hauling the milk to market, which costs more because labor is higher, transportation rates greater, whether it is hauled either by wagons or the railroads.

"Conscientious dairymen today are striving to have better plants and give better delivery service. To encourage the farmer to invest in large herds and produce a greater amount of milk the dairy must of necessity be equipped so it can handle and market an unlimited supply of milk and cream at all times, and in all seasons, and this requires the acme of perfection in both transportation and service. If the dairy cannot provide this, the farmer is obliged to reduce his herd of cows, the supply of milk is lessened, and the price goes up.

"In addition to the added expense of the higher standards in the production and handling of milk, the prices of beef, pork, cheese, feed and labor, will always have an important bearing upon the price of milk. If a farmer can do as well by selling his milk to a cheese factory or condenser, and have the why for his hogs, if he can raise cattle at a profit, or if it costs him too heavily to grain his cows, the price of milk is affected.

"A decrease in the supply always raises the price. Suppose the farmer refuses to abide by the pure food laws, if he can sell his impure milk to the cheese factory, cannery or milk powder plant, it is not in his nature to go to a lot of trouble simply to please 'city folks,' and it is certain we will not buy his milk unless it does comply with the prescribed rules of health and hygiene.

"Modern dairymen will not buy milk from every farmer who has milk to sell. They buy only from producers whose product will pass every hygienic test. Taking the price of feed, cost of labor together with the many demands the consumer demands from the dairy, and to this add the waste associated with the handling of milk, it becomes not a question of how cheaply we can buy it, but how the dairy can afford to sell it at the price.

Cost of Distribution.

The estimated cost of producing a quart of milk varies so much that it is difficult to arrive at any definite conclusion. At an investigation before the District Attorney of New York City some time ago, and which meeting was attended by prominent producers of both the United States and Canada, the figures ranged from 4 to 5 1/2 cents. Many farmers said they "didn't know." Experiment stations give different reports. Prof. Sanborn said 4c, Mr. Van Aelsteyne 4.1c, Prof. Storey of Amherst College 4.3c, Mr. Whitaker 4.5c. Milk today probably costs 5c, when everything is taken into consideration, to produce.

If dairymen were able to buy only the same quantity of milk they actually sell, the losses on the surplus milk might possibly be eliminated, but this is impossible owing to the fact that the producer will not sell the dairy milk as other goods are sold, that is, sell the exact amount the dairy needs that day, and not obligate him to take in excess of his wants when the demand is small, which is often the case at certain times in the year.

To obtain milk at a stated price, the dairy contracts with the producer for a certain amount of milk each day, and must take it whether or no. This, therefore, necessitates working the milk up into other staples or articles of food, such as butter, cheese, ice cream, etc., and this is not always profitable for the proportion of skim milk that can be made into cottage cheese for instance,

that can be made into cottage cheese for instance, and disposed of at a profit, is very small. Then there is not the demand for ice cream in the winter as in the summer, so the surplus has to be made up into butter and casein.

Cost of Labor and Feed.

To successfully handle the details of the business of dairying, it becomes at once apparent that brains and intelligence of the very highest calibre is absolutely necessary upon the part of the employees. Their operatives must be adepts in their respective lines in order for the general welfare of the patrons of the concern.

It costs money to procure skilled help—more than ever before. Foodstuffs to feed the cows are double what they were a decade ago. It is slowly getting established in the minds of progressive farmers that the character of the cow has a great deal to do with the cost of milk production. At a meeting of the Ohio Milk Producers Association, this question was taken up; the year's history of several herds was presented and it was shown that the cost of production ranged from 6 to 15 cents per gallon.

A herd of cows showed a cost of 15 cents per gallon between the months of April and October. This includes everything. Another herd of 21 cows showed a cost of 10 cents per gallon for the same time. This herd was fed grain in addition to pasture for the entire time. 26 cows registered Holsteins, gave a production of 7,355 pounds of milk per cow, at an average cost of feed per cow of \$60.97—an average profit of \$59.88 per cow. The average return for each dollar spent for food was \$2.16.

Thus it will be seen that the lowest cost was found in the Holstein herd, where all the cows were pure-bred, and had been carefully selected for several years. The lower the grade of the cow, the higher the cost of production, regardless of the method of handling and feeding—profitable facts for some dairy farmers to consider.

Another item of expense to figure is illness. Were one of the herd to become sick or diseased the animal must be removed at once and cared for until convalescent, or sold, for the milk of an ailing cow or a diseased cow cannot be used. If the cow stands idle, it must be fed, and this expense must be borne by the product of the healthy herd. If sold, the cow will not bring one-half her actual value, hence the farmer is out just so much money which must be made up out of the product of the herd.

Modern Dairy Farms.

Outside of the great dairy farms operated by the large dairies, the average dairy farm is no better conducted than it was fifty years ago. There is a lack of system which of course, means failure rather than success. Often one hears a farmer say that dairying is only a side-line with him, and, therefore, he does not care to waste much time upon it.

The fact is that the majority of farmers do not know whether their cows are losing them money or bringing a profit. If they could be induced to see the value of weeding out the useless cattle in their herds as it is done by dairy farmers who have the interests of their patrons at stake, it would mean thousands of dollars to the community, for after disposing of the unprofitable animals, his next step would be to improve the offspring of the remainder, eliminate the stumbling-block cost, attend more closely to the proper feeding and care, feed milk-producing feed and balance the rations, then we would have better milk, and more wholesome milk—and we wouldn't be so particular if the price went up a cent or two a quart.

How to Keep Milk Sweet.

It has just been discovered that while ordinary light hastens the "spoiling" of milk, the red rays prevent it. The violet rays on the contrary, cause the milk to turn. Pure, fresh milk of sterilized and pasteurized milk, if placed in an uncolored bottle and left in the full sunlight, is completely spoiled by evening. But substitute a red glass bottle, or wrap the ordinary bottle in red paper, and milk is perfectly good after standing ten hours in the sun. Try it.

Did you ever see the dairy from which your milk comes? If not, you ought to however. You may be pleased or very much shocked—probably the latter if you've been buying haphazard. Milk being the beneficent drink for humanity, may be also the most harmful, if it isn't handled just right. Then there's a lot to learn about keeping milk after it's received in the house. The next article on this page will tell you something about the manner in which milk is produced and what the Pure Food Laws have done toward giving New York pure milk.

CITY COUNCIL HELD SHORT SESSION

Less than an hour was required to complete the city council business last evening. The members present were Mayor Ketcheson, Ald. Duckworth, Parks, Whelan, Woodley, St. Charles, Platt and Smith.

The council decided to take out a membership in the Hydro Electric Association.

A report was presented from a special committee of the city solicitor and council giving the opinion that the city was not bound for any "extras" in connection with Coleman St. sewer contract. The communication was referred to public works.

Ten firemen's suits were authorized to be purchased from Mr. A. McGie at \$25.50 and a suit for the chief at \$30 from Mr. C. Walters.

The city auditors were requested by a resolution of council to complete their audit by March 31st. If it is not completed, the council will take steps to have the audit made and the cost will be deducted from the amount to be paid the auditors.

\$125 was ordered to be paid to the Treasurer of the Board of Trade for advertising in the London News.

The manager of the 15th Ward will be paid a sum of money to settle accounts with the city and gas department. This is not all loss as the city has made money out of the city hall by its use as a theater.

Ald. Whelan asked: "What is being done about the four acre field bought for manufacturing purposes near Marsh and Hawthorn's foundry? Something should be done with it. It is tied up so that we can do nothing with it?"

Alderman—No.

Ald. Whelan asked if any inventory of the waterworks had been received. Manager Evans reported that a report had been made containing details of supplies. The department carries only a small amount of pipes and fittings.

Ald. Platt—"Has an inventory of the maps been made?"

Ald. Duckworth—"Yes. The maps are all deposited in the vault."

Ald. Whelan—"Are those completed as accurate?"

Ald. Whelan—"Any inventory of the gas department?"

Ald. Platt replied that he had seen none.

Ald. Whelan suggested that the gas manager be asked to prepare one.

Ald. St. Charles promised a fire department inventory at next meeting. Inquiry turned upon the meter of sending out water accounts.

Ald. Woodley—"To put out 2,800 notices would cost \$200 for the sake of 50 delinquents. We give a good liberal discount and publish in the papers for two weeks notice of the day up to which discounts will be paid."

Ald. Whelan—"That is sufficient."

"What about the assessment committee's report?" asked Ald. Whelan.

Ald. Smith said he believed it, unwise to disturb the assessment while it was being made.

Ald. Whelan—"It looks as if we had a very unequal system of assessment. There should be some means of revising the assessment, not only the appeals."

The committee will likely meet in about six weeks said Ald. Duckworth. The assessment is unfair.

"Our assessment is not on the right basis," was Mayor Ketcheson's opinion. "I think the city should be divided into districts and the property valued at so much per foot. The valuation of the building should be coupled with that of the land and the producing value. There are no doubt great inequalities. It will be a great and costly job to get an equal assessment. Our efforts at present, he believed, should be devoted to getting the taxes in good shape."

Ald. Woodley, finance chairman, expects the 1915 and 1916 rolls in by April 1st and 1914 taxes are coming in very rapidly. He hoped to have all taxes in by Sept. 1st.

Mayor Ketcheson—"The people realize it is no bluff now."

On motion of Ald. St. Charles, seconded by Ald. Smith, council confirmed the action to Fire Chief Brown in appointing E. Clarke, permanent fireman in place of George Smith, resigned to join the C.E.F.

Captain Dr. T. B. Edmonson, a former Belleville boy, is medical officer at this hospital. He practiced in the town of Hastings. Capt. Edmonson is a son of the late Rev. T. J. Edmonson, a former pastor of Holloway St. Methodist church.

The hospital has accommodation for 600 patients. It has a magnificent situation on one of the high cliff promontories at Ramsgate, and was formerly the Hotel Granville. The hospital was designed to give special treatment to Canadians suffering from shock and nervous troubles, and one of the features of the equipment is the electrical apparatus. The building is of five stories, and contains a fine billiard room, shooting gallery, concert hall, Turkish baths, and a large salt water plunge bath. The gardens adjoining and the lawns of the parade front afford ideal means of recreation in fine weather.

Lt. W. West, of Winnipeg, is in charge.

42 BREWERIES IN ONTARIO

With the proposed Federal law suspending the manufacture of intoxicants within Province enacting measures of prohibition, the gradual suppression of the manufacture of liquors in Canada asks the Toronto Star.

This is a most likely outcome of the legislation—a result which may come sooner than most people expect.

There are 94 breweries in the Dominion of Canada, according to the Brewers' Handbook for 1916, recently issued, of which 42 are in Ontario.

Ontario has within its boundaries 45 per cent of the breweries within the Dominion.

Ontario has more breweries than the six Provinces of Quebec, Alberta, Saskatchewan, Manitoba, New Brunswick, and Nova Scotia combined.

Prince Edward Island has none. Belleville has one of the 42, namely, Jas. A. Roy's brewery.

MILITARY NOTES.

Thirteen recruits yesterday formed the great record of the Bridge St. recruiting office of the 155th Battalion.

The Station street recruiting office of the 155th in charge of Lt. Roy Duffin and Lt. Herb Fish, who are doing excellent work.

The 224th Forestry Battalion recruiting office in Belleville has received several realistic posters illustrative of the life of lumbering, and appealing for bushmen and sawmill hands. The crest of the 224th is unique, with beaver and crossed axes.

Lt. Schuster and Lt. Butler are out recruiting for bushmen.

The following oath shall be subscribed and taken by every officer and man of the Reserve Militia:

I, A.B., do swear by Almighty God that I will be faithful and bear true allegiance to His Majesty King George the Fifth, His Heirs and Successors, according to law, and, I do further swear that I will well and truly serve His Majesty in the Reserve Militia of Canada under the terms and conditions laid down in the law and the regulations duly made from time to time in that behalf. So help me God.

The oath may be subscribed and taken before a justice of the peace or before any officer of the Canadian Militia—whose office rank not lower than that of field officer.

\$300 Fine For Selling Whiskey

Five times the 80th Battalion authorities have brought charges against civilians for selling liquor to soldiers without a license and every time they have succeeded. The latest prosecution was that of William J. Moore, a discharged soldier of the 80th who was charged with having sold a flask of red whiskey to a soldier last evening. This morning he was tried before Magistrate Mason. He pleaded not guilty but was convicted.

He laid all the blame to his being drunk and the temptation put in his way.

The court fined him \$300 or three months. He will go up for the money is too large a sum for him to finance.

Miss Ridley is Matron at Ramsgate

Former Belleville Boy is Medical Officer in Hospital which was Bombed by Germans.

Miss Ethel Ridley, formerly of Le Touquet hospital, France, is the matron of the Granville Canadian Special Hospital at Ramsgate, which was damaged by Sunday's German air raid. No casualties were caused.

UNION BANK OF CANADA

With Cash in the Bank You Can Buy to Advantage. You know how everything costs more when you have to buy on credit. Why not practice self-denial a while if necessary, open a Savings Account in the Union Bank of Canada, and, with the money in hand, buy at Cash prices? The discounts will help to swell your bank balance, and you will have made a good start towards financial independence.

Belleville Branch J. G. Moffat, Manager
Picton Branch C. P. Beamish, Manager

STANDARD BANK OF CANADA

HEAD OFFICE - TORONTO
SOLDIERS, ATTENTION!
Our Savings Bank provides a suitable and convenient place for your surplus funds. A joint account is specially adapted for those going overseas.
Apply to
BELLEVILLE BRANCH,
JOHN ELLIOTT, Manager.
Shannonville Office open Mondays and Thursdays
Picton Office open Tuesdays and Fridays
Rochester Office open Wednesdays



PRESENTATI

The members of the 80th Battalion Bugle Band have shown their appreciation of their leader and instructor, Sergt.-Bugler John E. Enright, in the presentation to him on St. Patrick's Day of a beautiful ebony case, gold mounted and suitably engraved. The presentation was made at the band room on Church St., and the genial solo cornet in the 42nd regimental band, the committee in charge of the presentation was composed of Corporal Robt. Balfour and Drummer Jas. Lavery and A. M. Johnston.

Frankford Liquor Case Dismissed

The trial of William Nicholson of Frankford on a charge of having liquor in his possession for the purposes of sale, resulted in a dismissal yesterday's police court. The case had some peculiar features which Magistrate Mason commented upon.

Some that on Feb. 29th, 1916, Inspector Scarpis stopped Mr. Nicholson on the highway and seized a few gallons of liquor and twelve bottles.

Mr. Nicholson said that the jug belonged to Mr. Byron Ostrom, druggist at Frankford, and told a story of the case goods belonging to himself.

The defendant in court stated that he let Mr. Scarpis take the liquor all belonged to Mr. Ostrom.

Mr. Ostrom testified to the same effect. He admitted having asked Mr. Scarpis on March 1st for the jug but did not claim the case goods.

Mr. Scarpis recalled, said that he understood Mr. Ostrom to say that he had nothing to do with the parcels. Magistrate Mason said he did not know when he had a case so difficult to decide. Somebody seemed to have been anxious to hide something when there was nothing to hide if the evidence was true. The defendant was given the benefit of the doubt.

No costs were allowed. Mr. W. Carnew prosecuted and Mr. W. C. Mikel, K.C., defended.

Two Deaths in One Household

The home of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Whitman 373 Front street, has suffered a second affliction. On Sunday their eight months' old daughter Sarah Ellen died of measles and last evening their fourteen year old son, Frank Ellen died of the same disease and complications. The boy was a scholar of Queen Victoria School, on Pine street. Tomorrow, a double funeral will be held.

A Safe Pill for Sufferers.—There are pills that violently purge and fill the stomach and intestines with pain, and effective. They are purely vegetable, no mineral purgative entering into their composition and their effect is soothing and beneficial. Try them and be convinced. Thousands can attest their great curative qualities, because thousands owe their health and strength to timely use of this most excellent medicine.

No one need endure the agony of corns with Holloway's Corn Cure, a hand to remove them.

CORRECT ENGLISH

How to Use It.
Josephine Turk Baker, Editor.
A Monthly Magazine for Progressive Men and Women. Business and Professional; Club-Women, Teachers, Students, Ministers, Doctors, Lawyers, Stenographers and for all who wish to Speak and Write Correct English.
Partial List of Contents:
Your Every-Day Vocabulary. How to Enlarge It.
Words, Their Meanings, and Their Uses. Pronunciations, with Illustrative sentences.
Helps for Speakers.
Helps for Writers.
Helps for Teachers.
Business English for the Business Man.
Correct English for the Beginner.
Correct English for the Advanced Pupil.
Spelling and Will: How to Use Them.
Should and Would: How to Use Them.
Sample Copy 10c. Subscription price \$2 a year.
It's too bad that we cannot see our own faults and shortcomings as plain as those of our neighbors.

The West is Calling

Home-seekers' Excursions to Western Canada at low fares via Canadian Pacific each Tuesday until October 31st, inclusive. Particulars from S. Burrows, City Passenger Agent, Belleville, or W. B. Howard, District Passenger Agent, Toronto, Ont.

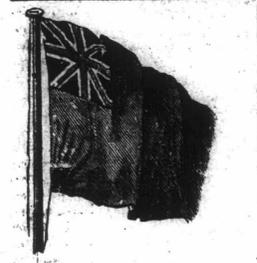
Miss Ridley is Matron at Ramsgate

Former Belleville Boy is Medical Officer in Hospital which was Bombed by Germans.

US TODAY.

PLEASED INFORMATION OPERTIES.

IS MA?



Teamsters, Sawyers, Filers, Skidders, Loaders, etc. To cut Timber in England and France 224th Overseas Canadian Forestry Battalion Lt.-Col. A. McDougall, O.C. 224th Overseas Canadian Forestry Battalion. Full particulars as to pay, etc., apply to W. E. SHUSTER, Officer in Charge Recruiting Depot, 40 Bridge Street, Belleville, d14 & wt

Address and Presentation

On Friday evening, February 25th about fifty friends and neighbors of Mr. and Mrs. John Barlow gathered at the home of their son Mr. Fred Barlow, to present them with a handsome set of upholstered rockers with the following address, which was very appropriately read by Mr. Alva Brown.

Dear Friends, Learning of your departure from our midst, your friends and neighbors have gathered here to spend a social hour with you and to wish you every success in your new home.

As we look back over the years you have lived among us, we feel that there are many things we might say of you, but let this suffice, that we have always found you good neighbors and loyal friends. It was not necessary for us to spend all these years with you to know your sterling qualities of heart, your ever ready sympathy in our hours of sorrow as well as in our times of joy have endeared you to us, and we feel sure that these same qualities will make many friends for you in your new home.

Our good wishes go with you and as a token of our esteem, we ask you to accept these chairs. We trust that they may find a place by your fireside and remind you occasionally of the old friends among whom you lived so long.

ATLANTIC SUGAR CLOSSES BIG ORDER

Secures Contract for 5,000 Tons of Refined Sugar from the British Govt.

Mr. D. Lorne McGibbon, president of the Atlantic Sugar Refineries, announced last night that an order for five thousand tons of refined sugar had been received from the British Government. The value of the new business is well over the half million dollar mark and means that with its due trade the St. John refinery is assured of capacity operations until the end of May. Since operations were inaugurated in 1915, the Atlantic plant has been operating between sixty and seventy per cent.

Mr. McGibbon said that full shipment of the contract would be made before June 1. He expected that the new order would be the first of several as British Government agents had indicated themselves that the quality of Atlantic sugar was equal in every respect to the refined product of American sugar refineries.

The location of the company's plant on the Atlantic seaboard is advantageous for competing against American manufacturers. As the British Government is desirous of giving the preference to manufacturers within the Empire, Mr. McGibbon believed that the management's hopes for another business were well justified.

Laid to Rest.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Lydia Victoria Brown, wife of Mr. George M. Brown, 4th of Thurlow, took place Friday morning to Cannifton church where the Rev. Mr. Wilson officiated. The remains were then taken to Elmwood Cemetery, Corbyville. The bearers were Messrs. P. Mather, R. Badgley, W. Bils, G. Phillips, C. Beal and E. Walker.

California Orange Day

California Orange Day let o be observed this year on March 18th. The Grand Trunk Railway System announces that it will feature the golden fruit on its Dining Car menus, and also in the station restaurants along the line on that date. "Eat California Oranges," will be the slogan.

IVANHOE.

Rev. Mr. Dickson of the Rawdon circuit conducted the missionary service in Health church on Sunday morning.

Miss A. Sine who has resided in this locality for many years has moved to her new home in Wellbridge.

Miss Florence Wood spent Sunday at the home of her uncle Mr. Joseph Wood.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Duggan and family and Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Shaw were guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Mitz on Monday evening last.

Miss Lucilla Benson entertained a number of her young friends at a birthday party on Monday evening.

Miss Nettie Benson and Miss Cora Frost were guests of Miss Stella Mitz on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Shaw entertained a number of friends on evening recently.

Mr. Fleming Rollins spent Sunday in Marmora.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Elliott took tea with Mr. and Mrs. Henry Mullock of Grootoon on Sunday evening.

Miss Tillie Wood has returned home after spending a few days in Frankford.

Mr. Morley Reid who has been so sick is slowly improving.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Shaw took dinner with the latter's mother, Mrs. Wallace of West Huntingdon on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Elliott, Mr. and Mrs. A. Duggan, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Mitz, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Shaw and Miss E. Parker were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Rollins on Monday evening.

Mr. John G. Reid, a returned and wounded soldier, accompanied by his wife are spending a few days with the former's brother, Mr. Richard Reid of this place.

Mr. Stanley Rollins of Cooper was a guest at the home of his uncle Mr. W. H. Rollins on Monday.

READ.

On St. Patrick's night a jolly load drove to the home of Mr. M. Jordan, Forest Mills, where a most enjoyable evening was spent.

Mr. and Mrs. Forestell and Miss Annie, of Melrose were the guests of Mrs. J. Power, Sunday.

Mr. M. McLaughlin, Belleville, is spending a few days under the parental roof.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Pitt visited Mr. and Mrs. P. Brennan recently.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Corrigan entertained a number of their friends to tea on Sunday evening.

The monthly meeting of the Women's Institute was held on Wednesday last at the home of Miss Rose Moberg.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Buckley, Mr. and Mrs. W. Power and Mr. and Mrs. D. Hanley were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. P. Callery on Sunday last.

Mr. Leo McLaughlin is again in our midst.

Mr. Will Buckley visited at the home of Mr. H. Conlan on Sunday.

J. Power is preparing timber to erect a new barn.

The farmers in this vicinity are busy engaged in this week doing their road work.

Miss Lizzie Mullins spent a few days last week under the parental roof.

A number from here attended the sale at P. McLaughlin's on Monday last.

We are glad to hear Mrs. J. Burns is better.

MOIRA.

Our Sunday School held their annual "at home" on Friday evening. A large crowd was in attendance and the sum of sixteen dollars was realized. A splendid program was given.

Mr. Ralph and Miss Helen Comerford of Eldorado visited friends here for a few days last week.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Berry have returned home after a prolonged visit with friends in Trenton.

Mrs. C. Ketcheson and Miss Bessie spent Saturday and Sunday with Mrs. Richardson of Tweed.

Mrs. Fred Haight took tea with Mrs. Frank Vandewater Thursday evening.

Miss Evelyn Emerson spent Tuesday afternoon visiting Miss Evelyn Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Salisbury were guests of Mrs. P. J. Salisbury on Thursday last.

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Foster attended the special service held at West Huntingdon last Sunday.

Mrs. Walker Salisbury called on Mrs. Wm. Vandewater last Thursday afternoon.

Mr. Nelson Thompson, Mr. Frank Herity and Mr. and Mrs. C. Ketcheson spent Thursday evening at the home of Mr. John Morton.

OBITUARY

MRS. N. SMITH Mrs. Mary Smith, wife of Mr. N. Smith, Foundry street, passed away last evening. She was 52 years of age.

Old Favorite Returns

An old film favorite, Miss Florence LeBelle, who became so well known to Belleville movie patrons during the running of the serial photo-play "The Million Dollar Mystery," reappeared the past two nights in another admirable play "God's Witness." There was a very large crowd in attendance who appreciated to the full the wonderful characteristics. Miss LeBelle is said to be in receipt of a salary of \$1000 weekly.

A Safe Pill for Sufferers.—There are pills that violently purge and fill the stomach and intestines with pain. Parolee's Vegetable Pills are mild and effective. They are purely vegetable, no mineral purgative entering into their composition and their effect is soothing and beneficial. Try them and be convinced. Thousands attest their great curative qualities because thousands owe their health and strength to timely use of this most excellent medicine.

AMELIASBURG, 4th CON.

The women of the W.M.S. were entertained on Wednesday by Mr. E. Parliament.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Fox of Saskatchewan are spending the week end with Mr. Fox's sister, Mrs. Wannamaker.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Alvey of the 3rd concession spent Thursday at Chas. Segor's.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Parliament and family were visitors at Mr. Chas. Ferguson's Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. David Whitney were recent visitors at Mrs. F. Barber's, Tweed.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Parliament were at Mr. and Mrs. P. Hamilton's Massacuga on Monday.

Mrs. T. Orser of Trenton and Mrs. H. Huyck of Coneseon have been staying with their mother, Mrs. D. Carnite.

On Sunday Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Reddick visited relatives in Wellington.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Parliament were Sunday visitors at Mr. Gilbert Phillips of Allstonville.

On Saturday evening Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Masters entertained Mr. and Mrs. Fred Russell of Ameliasburg, and Mr. and Mrs. E. Belyon of Centre.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Murphy of Shan-nonville were recent visitors in our community.

Mr. Chas. Kemp and son Gordon are recovering from a severe attack of the grippe.

Mrs. J. H. Parliament spent the week end with her aunt Mrs. Bush of Albany.

Mr. and Mrs. D. May visited relatives at Hillier, Thursday.

Miss Mary Blakely is spending some time with her grandparents in Coneseon.

Mrs. Wm. Mastin has been spending the week with her daughter, Mrs. Victor Brown.

Mr. H. Spencer and Master Rae spent Sunday with relatives in Wellington.

Mr. D. Whitney was in Belleville on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Bert Hall of Sidney spent a day this week at Mr. Hall's brother's Mr. L. Lont.

Miss Stapleton has returned after a brief vacation spent with friends in Trenton.

Mr. Chas. Dolan was at Pleasant Bay on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Wannamaker and Gwendolyn were Sunday visitors of Mrs. A. Wood's.

Miss Lillian Mutton was a week end visitor at her brother's, Mr. Ernest Mutton.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Parliament and family visited at Mr. Phillip Simmons at Coneseon on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. V. Brown were recent visitors at Mr. H. Huyck's of north Lakeside.

Mrs. F. Hennessy is staying for a few days at her mother's Mrs. D. Adams.

Mr. and Mrs. N. Gooding entertained friends on Friday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Carrite are on a visit to friends at Oshawa.

Messrs. J. R. French and Freeman French were in Salem Monday.

LABERNACLE.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Leach and Miss Irene Brockman visited at Mr. Harry Rossie on Monday.

Mr. Willis Mitten of Colborne 139th Battalion visited at Mr. R. Plumpton on Sunday.

Misses Mary and Florence Haggerty, Mr. Richard Nesbit Haggerty and Willie Kellers spent Tuesday evening at Mr. C. A. Leach in the honor of Miss Irene Brockman, Rednecanville.

Mr. and Mrs. Johnathan Powell were the guests of the latter's sister Mrs. Burnice Bryant on Sunday.

Mr. Chas. A. Leach spent Monday at Belleville.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Haggerty spent this week at Belleville attending the Holiness convention.

Mr. and Mrs. Orvil Crow of Stockdale spent Sunday the guests of the former's brother, Mr. Harry Crow.

Mr. Jas. Brickman and Mr. C. Hubs spent Tuesday evening at Mr. Chas. Leach's.

Rev. Mr. Knox took dinner on Sunday at Mr. Ernest Knapp's.

BIG ISLAND.

Mrs. W. E. Thompson visited her daughter at Wooler last week.

Mrs. Hubert Goodmurphy spent last week at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. Moran.

Victor Vitler spent a few days last week at Wm. Vitler's.

The Women's Institute met on Tuesday last at Mrs. Joe Wardner's. About twenty-six members were in attendance. The afternoon was spent in sewing for our boys at the front.

Mrs. Wm. Peck spent a few days last week with his daughter, Mrs. J. E. Sprague.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Wager of Picton spent the week-end in this vicinity.

ADDRESS AND PRESENTATION.

On Tuesday evening, Feb. 22nd, about sixty friends and neighbors invaded the home of Mr. and Mrs. Bert Langabeer with well filled baskets. Having learned that they are soon to move to their new home near Carmel they presented them with a beautiful set of dining room chairs and an extension table and the following address:

Dear Mr. and Mrs. Langabeer. No doubt you have been somewhat surprised to see so large a company of your acquaintances and neighbors so unexpectedly present on this occasion. We would desire to assure you that though we are here without either let or hindrance, our presence in your home is with no evil purpose or intent, on the other hand, knowing you so well, and for so many years, we feel that come when they may your friends and acquaintances will never be turned from your door or hospitality. The fact is having learned that in the turn of events, you have found an opportunity which you have considered would be of advantage to you in a business way, and that the venture would result in your removal from our midst. We believe such to be the fact and meet here tonight to assure you of our regret that the ties of genuine neighborliness and friendship and goodwill, which with the passing years have grown so strong should be intruded upon by your removal from our midst. We have found in you Mr. Langabeer a worthy and loyal citizen, a ready and obliging neighbor and one always interested in every project having sound morals, religious interest, and successful business enterprise, always near and dear to your most cherished aims.

Words fail to express the feeling of loss which we sustain in separating with Mrs. Langabeer who with such good cheer has moved in and out amongst us from the days of her girlhood. We would hope to retain to some extent at least, her interest in the circle of the church and social associations, even although you have gone to other surroundings. As a token of our hearty goodwill and high esteem which you are held by all who know you, we would ask you to accept these gifts. As you bear them away and as often as in the quiet of your home, your eyes may be held them, we hope you will be reminded and assured of the goodwill and loving memories from high they stand. Wishing you every prosperity and joy in your new home, and still hoping to keep somewhat in touch with your interest and associations, in behalf of neighbors and well-wishers, we tender these gifts and this address.

Signed Miss L. Kerr Mrs. Thos. Coulter

Mr. Langabeer responded in a few well-chosen words. A pleasant evening was spent with speeches and singing. At the close the ladies served a dainty lunch.

6TH CONCESSION OF SIDNEY.

Mr. Wm. Moon who has been ill to some time is able to be out again.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Beatty entertained a number of friends on Thursday last.

Mr. and Mrs. Morley Scott have returned home after spending a week in Napanee.

Mrs. Will Cadman and Mrs. Martin Hough, of Holloway visited in this place on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Lott entertained friends on Friday evening.

Mrs. Goodsell of Trenton visited at Mrs. Houlton's recently.

The Misses Gays of the 4th Line were guests at Mr. Charlie Scott's on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Sine of Rawdon spent a few days with relations here.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilnot Scott were guests on Sunday at Mr. R. Ackers.

Mrs. T. H. Ketcheson has returned home after spending a few days in Belleville.

Mr. T. Pierce and Mr. F. Gough spent Sunday in Belleville.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Pearson and Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Lott were guests at Mrs. F. Foster's on Sunday night.

Mr. R. N. Bird of Chatterton occupied the pulpit on Sunday.

Mrs. Smith is seriously ill in Belleville hospital.

CROFTON.

Mrs. M. Brumel of Massacuga is spending a few days with her parents Mr. and Mrs. B. S. Salisbury.

Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Pearsall of Bloomfield spent Sunday at Mr. L. Caughy's.

Mr. Thomas Morden visited at Mr. O. Vancott's recently.

Mr. Ben Noron visited at Mr. Herb Branson's on Sunday.

Mrs. S. R. Munroe entertained company on Wednesday evening.

Master Ralph Calnan is recovering from a very severe attack of measles.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Weir took dinner with Mr. and Mrs. A. Weeks on Sunday.

Mr. Oscar Parks and Miss Coral Fox have returned home after spending a few days with friends in Eldorado.

HELP WANTED-FEMALE.

A CAPABLE GIRL FOR GENERAL Housework for home in the country. Apply stating wages. Mrs. T. B. Nightingale, Rossmore, R. F.D. No. 1 20-3rd 1tw

HELP WANTED-MALE.

PRINTING-ONE WITH TWO OR three years' experience, chiefly on press. Daily Ontario, Belleville

HORSES FOR SALE.

REGISTERED CLYDESDALE STALLION rising three years old. Bay color, well marked, weight 1800 lbs. For further particulars see or write M. E. Wood, Ameliasburg.

FOR SALE.

THE 1 1/2 STOREY COTTAGE ON Lots 22 and 23, East Grier Sts., and with it the same lots. Application should be made to W. Mackintosh, Madoc, or to W. R. McCreary, 170 Front St., Belleville. 22-2td 23-1tw

ZION NOTES.

Farmers are busy hauling wood these days.

Mr. J. McCullough and Miss Myrtle Wait spent Thursday at Mr. Herb Casey's.

Mr. and Mrs. Myron Hawley spent Sunday visiting friends at Stirling.

Mrs. J. McCann is spending a few days with her daughter, Mrs. R. Reid.

Mrs. B. Dacoe spent one day last week with Mrs. M. Hawley.

Mr. Isaac and Everett Mc Cann spent Sunday with her sister, Mrs. Robt. Reid.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Wait spent Friday evening at Mr. Edmund Kennedy's.

Miss Neva Sills spent Friday evening with her friend Miss Grace Badgley.

Mr. Harry Sloan sold three valuable cattle to Mr. William VanAllen.

We are sorry to report that Mr. J. Clapper and family are leaving our midst and going to their new home in the second concession of Sidney.

The Red Cross Society has a sewing bee at Mr. H. Casey's.

We are sorry to learn that Miss Mary Caldwell is confined to the house with the measles. We all hope to see her around again.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Lawson from Brighton are spending a few days with his sister Mrs. Fred Deayes.

Mrs. Bronson of Madoc is visiting her daughter Mrs. H. Lloyd.

Miss Bessie Sills is spending a few days with her cousin Mrs. Wickett.

FRANKFORD.

Mr. Charles Smith and daughter Jessie also Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Ross attended the funeral of Mr. Smith at Ross' Corners on Tuesday.

The Guild of Trinity Church were entertained at the home of Mrs. (Dr.) Malone on Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Prentice and Mrs. Vandervoort are moving back from Colborne where they have been for the winter.

The W.M.S. held their social meeting at the home of Mrs. Fred. Spence on Thursday afternoon. A very profitable afternoon was spent, also the election of a delegate for the branch meeting to be held at Oshawa.

Mrs. Geo. Benedit, president, was selected as delegate.

The Young Ladies' Canadian Overseas Club are getting boxes ready for the boys from here at the front. Their aim being that they may receive for Easter.

Rev. B. F. Byers held Lantern service in Trinity church on Thursday evening.

The meeting of the fruit growers association was held in the Forester's Hall in Thursday afternoon, a fair crowd was present.

The Rev. Mr. Knox entertained a number of the young people from Stockdale at the parsonage on Friday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Spencer, also Mr. and Mrs. Jim Murray were in Belleville on Saturday.

A number of young people of Sidney, Murray and of town held a party in the Forester's Hall on the night of the 1th.

The regular services were held in the different churches as usual on Sunday, namely St. Francis, 9 a.m., Trinity church and Methodist at 7 p.m.

Rev. Mr. Knox left on the night train on Monday. He was to be at the Old White's church on the front of Sidney to speak on that evening.

Mrs. E. G. Sills and daughter were in town on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Pollard (Scottie) have moved back to Rogers Cheese Factory where he is to make cheese again this year.

Sudden transition from a hot to a cold temperature, exposure to rain, sitting in a draught, unreasonable substitution of light for heavy clothing, are fruitful causes of colds and the resultant cough so perilous to persons of weak lungs. Among the many medicines for bronchial disorders so arising, there is none better than Bickel's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. Try it and become convinced.

EXECUTORS NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the Surrogate Court of the County of Hastings.

In the Estate of Michael Hart, Farmer, Deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN pursuant to Section 56 of Chapter 187, R.S.O., 1914, that all persons having claims or demands against the Estate of the said Michael Hart, deceased, who died on or about the 24th day of January, A.D. 1916, are required to send by post, prepaid or delivered to the undersigned solicitor for John Hart and James V. Walsh, the Executors of the said Estate on or before the 31st day of March, 1916, their Christian and surnames and addresses with full particulars in writing of their claims, and statements of their accounts, and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them duly verified by statutory declaration.

AND TAKE NOTICE that after the said 31st day of March, 1916, the said executors will proceed to distribute among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have notice, and the said executors will not be liable for said assets, or any part thereof, to any person or persons of whose claim notice shall not have been received by them at the time of such distribution.

Dated this 11th day of March, A.D. 1916

E. J. Butler, 29 Bridge Street, Belleville, Ont. Solicr. for the said Executors.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS AND OTHERS.

In the Estate of Ann McGurn, Deceased.

The creditors of Ann McGurn, late of the Township of Tyendinaga in the County of Hastings, Spinster, deceased, who died on or about the 22nd day of December, 1915, and all others having claims against, or entitled to share in the estate, are hereby notified to send by post prepaid or otherwise deliver to the undersigned executors or their solicitors on or before the 6th day of April, 1916, their Christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions and full particulars of their claims, accounts or interests, and the nature of the securities, if any, held by them. Immediately after the said 6th day of April, 1916, the assets of the said testatrix will be distributed amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to claims or interests of which the executors shall then have notice, and all others will be excluded from the said distribution.

Dated at Belleville, this 16th day of February, 1916.

Patrick Brennan and John Gaffney, Executors.

By Porter & Carnew, 219 Front St., Robertson Block, Belleville, Ontario, their Solicitors. 23-2tw

OUR CONFECTIONERY SALE

Is still on and will close Monday night the 20th. Avail yourselves of this opportunity of securing some high class Candy at greatly reduced prices.

CHAS. S. CLAPP

AUCTIONEERS.

D. J. FAIRFIELD Licensed Auctioneer for the Counties of Hastings, Prince Edward, Lennox and Addington, and Durham and Northumberland and also for the City of Belleville. Terms liberal, satisfaction guaranteed. Phone 100 at my expense. D. J. Fairfield, 223 Coleman Street, Belleville.

Norman Montgomery, Auctioneer. Pure bred stock a speciality. Phone No. 101, Real Estate Broker, also City License. Box 186, Brighton, Ont.

HENRY WALLACE, Licensed Auctioneer for the County of Hastings, special attention given to sales of Farm Stock.

Military Service at Bridge Street

(From Monday's Daily) Hundreds of citizens turned out on Sunday morning and lined the streets leading to Bridge Street Methodist church for the second Sunday military parade of both the 80th and 155th battalions. The soldiers and officers of both units looked smart and neat. Both bugle and brass bands of the two battalions accompanied the men.

The soldiers occupied the entire body of the auditorium of Bridge Street church. The 80th Battalion band were seated before the pulpit and furnished the music for the service. Citizens took up the remaining of the seats in accommodation and many were compelled to stand. Rev. H. S. Osborne, pastor, presided over the service and Capt. Rev. A. Ketterick, chaplain of the 80th, delivered the sermon. The pastor offered up a beautiful prayer for nobility of Canadian manhood and womanhood, and for the large vast in population and wealth and might in her ideals and manhood. He expressed gratitude that in the great crisis Britain had not failed, that she did not fold her arms and say every nation for itself and that we had God's assurance of success and of the peace. We pray for the empire and for the King, who today stands as the symbol of the nation's life and power. He closed with prayer for the soldiers.

Death of Child

(From Monday's Daily.) Sarah Ellen Whitman, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Whitman, 373 Front street, died this morning as a result of an attack of measles. The child was eight months old.

Ordinations at St. Thomas' Church

(From Monday's Daily) Sunday was a unique day at St. Thomas' church for a not only marked the ordination of two brilliant young men, Mr. Spencer Gooding of Frankville and Mr. George F. Kingston, A.A., of Kings College, N.S., to the diaconate, but also the consecration of Bishop Bidwell, of Kingston and Rev. Canon Beamish, of St. Thomas in the Christian ministry. Special services were held both morning and evening.

In the morning, the service was the usual sung by the Bishop of Kingston and the choir with suitable hymns. The consecration and the consecration of the Holy Communion. His Lordship Bishop Bidwell conducted the ordination. Rev. S. D. Woodcock of Trinity church, Brockville, was Bishop's chaplain, carrying the bishop's staff and Rev. Canon Beamish presided over the candidates. After the ordination the Bishop presented the deacons with khaki pocket testaments while Canon Gooding presented the copies of the deaconate. Bishop Bidwell was congratulated by the Holy Communion assisted by Rev. Mr. Woodcock and Rev. Canon Beamish. Rev. Spencer Gooding was the gospeller. Miss Stewart sang the solo in the anthem "Come Holy Ghost," both morning and evening. In the morning Miss Sturtevant Walton sang the solo in the communion office. Rev. Mr. Woodcock was the preacher of the morning. He paid tribute to the careers of Bishop Bidwell and Canon Beamish in these words: "We have met here in this house of God not only for the purpose of ordaining one to the office of deacon in the Church of God, but to offer our thanksgiving to God and hearty congratulations to our beloved Bishop and Canon Beamish your rector on the 25th anniversary of their ordination to the ministry in the church. To the Bishop, may I say—'May he long be spared to us, that through that ability and devotion so ably expressed since his consecration, encouraged and assisted by the loyalty of his clergy and people, he may build up a great church in this diocese and I feel sure in these few words, I am expressing the wishes of every churchman in this diocese. Canon Beamish and I have been drawn together a little beyond the ordinary relationship of the clergy in that we were at college together and I had the good fortune and honor to follow him at Trinity, Brockville, when he was called to the more responsible work here and was able to see the great work he did there and gathering the fruit of his service. May he long be spared to continue his untiring labor for the greater and the church he loves so well."

Death of Child

(From Monday's Daily.) Sarah Ellen Whitman, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Whitman, 373 Front street, died this morning as a result of an attack of measles. The child was eight months old.

Strength of position is expressed by letting your feelings express itself in your life, by humility, by kindness. Your faith is too precious to play with in arguments.

The evening sermon was preached by the Bishop of Kingston. He spoke of his delight in celebrating his 25th anniversary of ordination as deacon with Canon Beamish. The Bishop was ordained in Worcester Cathedral, England, and Canon Beamish in London, Ontario, a quarter of a century ago on the same day. The bishop urged loyalty to the clergy, citing the cases of many ministers whose careers had been wrecked by thoughtless criticism. There should be a sympathetic attitude towards the shortcomings of the man and do all to support the ministerial work. We need for the ministry, the best young men, who would be successful lawyers, doctors, or business men. A wave of materialism has turned the thoughts of young men from this highest of vocations. Parents ought to place before their children the privilege of the calling. The ministry can offer no material rewards; it offers a life of intensity surpassed by no other. The minister works with the imperishable part of man called the soul.

Experience in Lodging House

Sergeant Naphin had a rare experience on Sunday night at seven-fifteen o'clock when he answered a call to Front Street boarding house. The landlady desired a woman, names Mrs. Wells, to be ejected. In view of the circumstances the officer asked the woman to leave the place. Instead of going towards the door, she made a dash for the window of the first floor saying she would kill herself. The officer caught her before she reached the window and took her in charge. She was locked up at the police station on the charge of vagrancy. It is said she was under the influence of liquor when arrested. She was later allowed to go to attend the bedside of her dying mother in Brookville.

Remains Being Brought Home

The remains of the late Brakesman Arthur W. West will arrive this afternoon from Toronto. A jury was empanelled on Saturday to inquire into his death. He fell from his train some distance east of Toronto on Thursday night and suffered a fractured skull.

Lieutenant Dalton Severely Wounded

Lieut. John A. Dalton, Kingston, 20th Battalion has been severely wounded at the front. He was a member of the 39th Battalion which mobilized in Belleville last year and was one of the first three of the 39th officers to be sent to France.

Liquor Case in Court

William Nicholson of Frankford was charged in police court this morning with having liquor for sale in his possession. The case is still in progress this afternoon. Mr. Carnew for crown and Mr. Mikel for the defence.

MILITARY NOTES.

Eight recruits signed up with the 155th on Saturday and ten men passed Capt. Dr. Harper.

Captain Willis is out of town today.

Lieut. Ingram and Lt. Allen have returned from Deseronto where they were in charge of the Deseronto platoon.

Capt. Vermilyea of the Pictou detachment was in town over Saturday.

The concert yesterday in the Opera House were well attended. The 155th Battalion orchestra played in the evening.

The 155th Battalion has now over 300 men on the roll and is second in the division.

The 155th orchestra plays tonight at Stirling.

250 men of the 155th were on church parade yesterday.

Col. Barragar was up from Kingston at the week-end.

Company Sergt-Major Cooper of the 39th Battalion sailed from England on March 21st. He will report at Battalion S.M. of the 155th.

Capt. Watson, Capt. Gilroy, Capt. Ketcheson and Capt. Lockett returned from duty at the P.S.I. Kingston.

A muster parade of the 80th Battalion will be held on the barracks' parade ground tomorrow afternoon. All battalion and company officers, stores and cooking quarters must be closed between two and three p.m.

On Sunday evening the 19th inst., Mr. John Elliott delivered an interesting and instructive address on recruiting to the large and enthusiastic audience which assembled in the Town Hall, Brighton, and presided over by Reeve G. E. Oakes.

The unlimited recruiting privileges given to the Forestry Battalion to recruit in any part of the Province and to secure transfers from other battalions is playing havoc with some of the infantry battalions who have spent much money, time and effort to secure enlistments.

The 80th Battalion, Belleville secured 44 recruits, March 1st-15th and has 34 appointed officers, nine attached officers and a total strength of 1,127.

The 155th Battalion, Belleville, secured 96 recruits during the period March 1st-15th, and has a total of 821 men.

Lt.-Col. Putnam and Capt. Dr. Harper are in town today.

Mrs. H. A. Morgan left for her former home in Waterloo yesterday morning.

During the military canvass 192 citizens promised to join the 15th reserves.

The 155th have an artist at work drawing cartoons for use at the Bridge Street recruiting office.

Mr. Daniel Mays, of Washington Territory is visiting his parents in Terrington after an absence of 26 years.

The officer commanding C. Co., Napanee has sent an open invitation to sergeants of the 80th to attend a smoker in Napanee.

Messrs. G. H. Bartlett, J. Hewton, C. Galloway and "Ted" Kuff of Trenton were in the city last evening attending the Esmerald dance.

Pte. Holloway of the 155th was able to be out today after an attack of scarlet fever. He played on Belleville junior hockey team.

The 80th and 155th Overseas Battalions will attend Bridge St. church tomorrow morning. The 80th band will lead the music.

Seven recruits were secured Thursday by the 155th.

Lieut. Duffin opened the new station recruiting office yesterday morning on Station street.

The military canvasses of the city has been completed.

A married man is given further inducements to enlist by the increase in his pay. He now gets \$1.10 per day pay; 60c per day subsistence and \$20 per month separation allowance. This totals about \$72 per month as against \$55 per month when married men received \$1.10 per day and 85c per day subsistence but no separation allowance.

Clothing and uniforms for men of the 22nd Battalion have arrived addressed to Lieut. W. E. Schuster.

All men of military age in Belleville if walking down Front Street upon reaching the Merchants Bank "left wheel" "quick march," "halt" at 638 Breder St. recruiting office of the 155th Overseas Batt., C.E.F. Stop inside and join your friends. Now is the time if you intend to join us "Everybody's Doing It."

Mr. W. T. Stone of this city has received word from his son, Lieut. W. R. M. Stone, a graduate of the R.M.C. Kingston that he is now permanent adjutant of the Reserve Brigade R.C.H.A., Folkestone, England.

William A. Allison Dead

(From Monday's Daily) William A. Allison, 76 years of age passed away on Sunday, at the home of his daughter, Mrs. E. Russell, Ameliasburg. He was born in Northumberland County and was a Methodist in religion. He leaves his widow, six sons—Joseph of Ameliasburg; Robert Oscar, this city; Wm. of Ameliasburg; Andrew, Belleville; Herbert of Trenton and Harry of Ameliasburg and two daughters, Mrs. W. J. Russell and Mrs. Elijah Russell of Ameliasburg.

Mrs. J. E. McKetterick left on the flyer Thursday afternoon for Toronto where she will in future reside.

Mr. McKetterick has been appointed to a good position on the civil service as mail clerk running from Toronto to Sarnia.

Lieut. Caudwell has been promoted to captain in the 80th Battalion. Lt. Wannamaker has been appointed machine gun officer. Lt. R. Henderson has been appointed assistant adjutant and Lt. Blaker has been appointed platoon commander.

Of all the pioneer work done in the interests of musical education in Canada, nothing has been more productive of good than the inauguration of the Toronto College of Music Examinations. These Examinations are now widely known and are eagerly sought by teachers and students in all parts of the Dominion. A system of Local Examinations has been established whereby those living at some distance from Toronto are allowed the same advantages as those in attendance at the College. These Examinations are held at Midsummer and at other times as may be arranged. The Musical Director of the College is Dr. F. H. Torrington, who is familiarly known as "The Father of Music in Canada."

Col. Ogilvie, Kingston, is in the city inspecting the 80th orderly office.

Capt. Watson, Capt. Ketcheson and Capt. Gilroy will return tomorrow after taking their field officer's course at Kingston.

Orders were received this morning to remove all guards from the munition plants in Belleville. As soon as the order came, the guards were marched away. They were delighted to be free from guard duties. The work has been extraordinarily severe, as it has lasted since November at Marsh and Henthorn's and since January at the Belleville Hardware plant. The guard duties have received the attention of more than 75 men and have militated against the efficiency of the 80th battalion.

The buglers and drummers of C. and D. companies have returned to Niagara and Pictou after instruction here.

On Sunday morning the 80th and 155th will go to Bridge Street Methodist church. Capt. Ketterick will preach. The band of the 80th will play the music of the service and Lieut. Stares will sing.

Pte. John Coughlin had a bad fall on Front street last night. He was picked up by a citizen.

Earl W. VanBlaricom, barrister of Saskaatoon has been visiting his mother, Grace St. John his way to Kingston, where he has joined the Queen's Battery.

Rev. W. T. G. Brown, B.A., B.D., one of Toronto's ablest preachers will preach educational sermons in the Tabernacle Church Sunday morning next and in West Belleville in the evening. Rev. A. J. Terrill, B.A., B.D., Stirling, an eloquent preacher will take the alternate services.

Lt.-Col. Dr. Perry G. Goldsmith, of Toronto, a former resident of Belleville is in the city today. He addresses the Women's Patriotic League and Red Cross this afternoon and the Belleville Club this evening. Lt.-Col. Goldsmith has had a distinguished career since war broke out. He went overseas early in the conflict and was for some time specialist in a Boulogne British hospital. For the past three months he has been second in command of the Canadian Ear, Eye and Throat Hospital at Folkestone, England. He returns shortly.

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MILITARY SHOES FOR OFFICERS AND PRIVATES The utmost in Workmanship and Quality of leather has been put into our MILITARY BOOTS. Will you allow us to demonstrate that we are fully alive to the requirements of a soldier. Our genuine Chrome Tan Military Boots, you will find a good smart fitting—clean cut comfortable and water-proof. Designed according to military regulations. Our expert fitting will please you. PRICED AT \$5.00 AND \$6.00 The J. J. Haines Shoe Houses BELLEVILLE NAPANEE TRENTON SMITH'S FALLS

STAPLE DRY GOODS This week we are showing an excellent range of staple dry goods all at old prices. Sheetings, Cottons, Shirtings, Gingham, Pillow Cases, Currie Materials, Dress Goods, Young Fancy Muslins, Embroideries, etc. Ladies Blouses, House Dresses, Aprons, etc. A great sale of Men's Shirts, Overalls Sox, etc. All at bargain prices.

Wm. McIntosh & Co.

Wall Paper Remnants at Bargains As we must have empty wickets to put up our new papers we have tied up all lots in stock of from 4 to 12 rolls and will clear each bunch out at 5c, 7c or 10c per roll as these papers are worth from 10c to 65c per roll. This is a snap for any person who can use any small lots. THE BEEHIVE CHAS. N. SULMAN

S. A. HYMAN & CO. Makers of Fine Furs HYMAN FURS That every advantage comes to the buyer who has waited till now these facts make clear: 1. There are many weeks yet to wear Furs. 2. With our selling season near its close, we make discounts in keeping with the urgency of the occasion. S. A. HYMAN & CO. 243 Front Street N. B.—We buy Raw Furs.

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ANGUS McFEE MFG. OPTICIAN

The Weekly Ontario

MORTON & HERRITY, PUBLISHERS.

THE DAILY ONTARIO is published every afternoon (Sundays and holidays excepted) at The Ontario Building, Front Street, Belleville, Ontario. Subscription \$2.00 per annum.

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VERDUN'S TEACHINGS.

The tremendous battle of Verdun, although not yet decided, suggests much as to the future of the war. So far, there can be little doubt, it has been one of the most costly engagements in military history—costly in munitions as well as in human material or "cannon fodder," as the Kaiser's friends sweetly call it. There would not seem to be much doubt as to the ultimate issue of the struggle around Verdun. The French are unshaken in their confidence. Their resistance, up to date, has fully justified their confidence. At present, it seems most unlikely that the Germans can attain their aims.

The German aim is to flatten the French salient which penetrates their lines from St. Mihiel to the forest of Argonne, east of Champagne. This salient is semi-circular in form. It encloses, and extends ten or eleven miles to the north of that centre. The Germans, at a cost of two hundred thousand men, have only succeeded in flattening a thin segment of the French semi-circle north of Verdun. Within the Verdun semi-circle, there are some fifteen or twenty defensive forts. The Germans have been able to destroy only one of them—the extreme north-eastern one—Douaumont. They have not captured it. Against the adjacent fort, de Vaux they have expended their energies and the lives of their soldiers in vain.

The diameter, or base, of the semi-circle of French defence enclosing Verdun is twenty-five miles in length and lies far south of Verdun. The Germans, with all their efforts and expenditures during three weeks have only succeeded in depressing some two or three miles of the northern rim of the semi-circle. No wonder that the French remain calmly confident! If it has cost two hundred thousand German effectives in the field, and an unprecedented expenditure of ammunition to merely dent the northern rim of the Verdun defences, what is it likely to cost to break down that semi-circle to its twenty-five-mile-long diameter and base far south of Verdun?

As to the suggestions of the battle of Verdun with reference to the future of the war and the conditions under which it is being waged at present by the Central Powers they are that those Powers have become desperate. No sane generalship would have ordered the sacrifice of men and munitions as they have been sacrificed before Verdun except under desperate pressure. That pressure, it may fairly be inferred, is being applied by the German people, impelled by unendurable domestic conditions. The rioting in German cities consequent on the failure of the Verdun attempt faintly reveals how urgent those conditions are. It is evident that the attempt to capture Verdun was made to meet German home demands. Its failure cannot but intensify aggressive German home conditions. The Kaiser and his military entourage are likely to be shown, in the near future, that they cannot hope to be allowed to continue indefinitely sacrificing the people of Germany to their own vain personal ambitions. That which we have always expected, seems to be drawing nearer, namely, the termination of the war by the refusal of the German people to endure it longer without hope of final success.

But there is still another suggestion in connection with the battle of Verdun which it would become us to lay closely to heart. It is that if Germany has made so little, and at such enormous cost, by her "drive" against the French, in one small section of their trenches, it is likely to prove far too costly for the Allies to precipitate any general attack on the long-drawn-out German trenches at an early date. We may banish from our minds as quite visionary any expectation of an Allied "drive" against the Germans, all along the line, within a short time. Such a drive might possibly be made when the ground becomes fit towards the beginning of May. It might conceivably be successful if the Allies were willing to sacrifice life as freely as the Germans have shown themselves. But will French and British generalship sanction such sacrifices? It does not seem probable. Our patience, therefore, appears likely to be still further tried, unless the Germans quite exhaust themselves in their present efforts, and thus afford opportunities for counter-attack to their

opponents, too enticing to be neglected. In the meantime all is going well in other quarters. Germany is threatened with heart failure. Austria is exhausted. Turkey is on the verge of collapse. Bulgaria has had enough. Roumania appears to be almost ready to climb down on the right side of the fence. Greece is wavering. Portugal has come in. Russia is doing magnificently. France is as splendid as ever. Italy is doing her whole duty in the most effective way. The armies of Serbia and Montenegro have been reorganized. Germany is rapidly being "bled white" both in men and means. The end cannot be far off. It would be a crime as well as a blunder needlessly to sacrifice good French and British lives to hasten it. Patience is the word. The war has been won. We have only to await, while doing our best to hasten Germany's final collapse.

SUICIDES IN JAPAN.

The three chief causes of suicide in Japan, says a writer in the Chuo Womn Review, are unconsummated love, debt and failure of men of education to earn a sufficient living. The increase of suicides in Japan in the past few years has caused the medical men of that country much anxiety. The suicides, it is claimed, have increased remarkably with the development of Western civilization. The writer says:

"Late Spring and early Summer seem to furnish the greater number of victims, so that heat has evidently an irritating effect on the mind, producing melancholy that leads to suicide. In spite of the fact that the habit is regarded as evil, many look to it as the only relief from misery. Though suicide is condemned by both Christianity and Mohammedanism, many Japanese regard it as sometimes a means toward a higher end. The evil is due to a more insistent spirit of pessimism following the wave of materialism in evidence after the wars with Russia and China. Lack of imagination and deep thinking which fails to find solace in material forces and knows no other source of relief naturally leaves the victim in fatal despair."

The writer is pessimistic as to the future for he finds that for not many years has Japanese society been in such a state of stagnancy and gloom.

Statistics show that the greatest number of suicides are among the young and that the favored methods of seeking death are by throwing themselves in front of railroad trains and by casting themselves over waterfalls. So many people jumped to death over the Kegon waterfall precipice at Chuzenji in late years that the authorities built a high wall to deter would-be suicides. The waterfall is one of the most beautiful in Japan. It carries off the overflow from the lake which itself is noted as the summer home of the foreign diplomats accredited to Tokio.

JUDICIAL OPINION OF THE PRESS.

From a legal decision rendered by the Supreme Court of Missouri:

"The press disseminates practically all of the public news of the world and a large part of that which is personal; it imparts intelligence regarding the public health, public morals and public safety, and materially aids in the preservation of the two former and in the defense of the latter; it is the mouthpiece of the statesman and lawmaker, and proclaims to the world how government affairs are administered; it points to the capable and honest officials usually with just commendation, and singles out the inefficient and those derelict in duty; and as a rule it is at the head of those collecting and disbursing public charity. Moreover, the press is a great educator in literature, art and science, and points out their beneficent influence upon the home, morality and religion; it enables the poor who earn their bread by the sweat of their brow to procure employment, to familiarize themselves with the best and cheapest necessities of life, and the most reliable places where they may be procured."

THE COMING OF THE HYDRO.

The purchase of the various utilities known as "The Electric Power Company" by the Hydro-Electric Commission for Ontario will make a very considerable change in the light and power situation at Belleville. This change of ownership we may state, did not come as the result of any general demand on the part of our citizens. Almost all were convinced that they were receiving a fair deal from the Trenton and Seymour power companies and therefore had no protest to voice and no petition to forward for deliverance.

The mere change of ownership is a matter of small interest to the user of power or light. He is concerned about the cost and efficiency of the service, and, as a citizen of the province, in the proper conservation of power rights for the necessities of the future.

What will be the effect on prices? It should place in the province. We are therefore not to be borne in mind that it is not possible to develop power as cheaply along the Trent waterway as is done at Niagara Falls and one or two other

likely to be quoted as favorable a rate as St. Catharines, which is about the same distance from Niagara as Belleville is from Trenton.

There is also a difference in the methods of distributing the cost. The Seymour Company has been charging a lower proportionate rate for electricity used for power purposes and a higher rate for domestic lighting than the Hydro Commission has received.

As far as The Ontario is able to learn at the present time Belleville users of power will be likely to pay considerably more than formerly for power. The street lighting schedules will also be revised and will cost the city much more. It will also be more expensive to secure the pumping service at the waterworks. On the other hand domestic lighting is pretty certain to cost the user a shade less. On the whole it is easily possible that the combined charges for light and power may be noticeably higher than at present. Those who are hailing the change as a deliverance from corporate greed and excessive exactions may have occasion to revise their opinions.

Sir Adam Beck has been given credit for managing his department with a maximum of economy and efficiency. We have, however, never seen any complete and thorough accounting of the Commission's work. We do not know of any other governmental business that has enjoyed such freedom from criticism, and, we may add, from supervision.

Public ownership is a big question, and we will not enter into any discussion of it here, any further than to state that when it is mixed up with party politics, as has been the case in Canada, the results have not always worked out for the benefit of the taxpayer. It seems impossible for a government to get anything done as cheaply and efficiently as a private individual or corporation. The adding of eleven thousand men and five million dollars annually to the civil service of Canada since 1911 in post offices, customs offices and inland revenue offices, where the clerks were already falling over one another's heels to find anything to do, is but an illustration of the manner in which governmental management works out, where the government is inclined to look after the "boys." Sir Adam Beck's department has, we believe, been singularly free from that sort of extravagance, but in that it is exceptional.

We must, however, give the utmost credit to the far-sighted, enterprising and public-spirited men behind the Electric Power Company who entered so widely in the work of power development in the Trent Valley and elsewhere in Ontario. They have performed the work of pioneers and never used any monopoly of privileges they possessed to exact oppressive rates from the people. Those who remember the intermittent and extremely unsatisfactory service that existed in Belleville prior to the coming of the Trenton Electric Company fully appreciate what that organization has done for us. It is very open to question whether they have been given a square deal in this forced transfer of interests. Had the fact that the Company beat the Hydro out in securing the Kingston contract anything to do with the sudden development?

Our rates will now be decided upon in Toronto and a by-law will be submitted for the approval of the electors at some future date. We have little choice but to accept the destiny that has been prepared for us.

AUSTRALIA'S SPIRIT.

Mr. Andrew Fisher, the new High Commissioner of Australia in London, in a speech at the National Liberal Club, London, reaffirmed the unshakable determination of Australia to continue in the war until the war is won:

They knew there could be only one result; not a single Australian doubted for a moment what that result would be, and every Australian was prepared to see it through to the bitter end. Australians loved freedom more than they loved their own lives, and that was why they were fighting today. This is not England's battle any more than Australia's battle. It was the Empire's battle. At the same time Mr. Fisher pledged Australia to no undying hate. "We have no desire to destroy any people, but humiliation must follow upon Germany and new ideals must prevail. "That," says the Westminster Gazette, "is the feeling with which, we hope, we are all in the war. We are fighting not for territory, but to drive out of the German people a spirit in the existence of which there can be no peace for ourselves or for the generations which come after us."

"LOOK AT THE MAP."

The London Daily Chronicle, in stating that Canadian soldiers called certain flares in the German trenches the "Northern Lights," sagely remarks: "Only to dwellers on the borders of the Arctic Circle would the phrase have occurred."

Evidently the Daily Chronicle is a bit weak in geography, however, strong it may be in psychology. May we, with becoming reverence, suggest to its editor that he would have done well to "look at the map" before risking such a remark as the above quoted? Had he taken this simple precaution, he would have learned that

every inch of England, with the exception of Lizard Point lies north of the parallel, fifty, north latitude.

London's latitude is fifty-one and a half north. By following westerly the parallel of fifty north, which barely touches Lizard Point it would have found that it enters Canada across the extreme north of Newfoundland, near the Strait of Belle Isle, and that there is no settlement in Eastern Canada either in Quebec, or Ontario, north of it. New Brunswick is in the latitude of Northern France; Nova Scotia in the latitude of Southern France and Northern Italy. It would have discovered that even in the Canadian West, where the trend of settlement is of necessity a little more northerly there are practically no white people living north of fifty-three, which is the latitude of Nottingham and Central England.

Winnipeg, Manitoba, is a full degree and a half south of London. It is on the same parallel as the extremity of Lizard Point. Edmonton, the most northerly of Canadian cities, is less than a degree north of London. The north of England is less than five degrees south of the south of Greenland. It is in the same latitude as the north of Labrador, and the south of Hudson Bay. The whole of Scotland lies north of that, and extends quite to the latitude of the south point of Greenland and the northern part of Hudson Bay. The parallel which touches the north of Scotland passes through Canada hundreds of miles north of all settlement, and reaches the Pacific Coast through northern Alaska.

The Editor of the London Daily Chronicle, when he comes to take counsel with his majesty, it is to be hoped that he will in his own interests, the interests of his readers and possibly those of the British Union—can hardly fail to realize the extreme absurdity to Canadians and well-informed people, of the above quoted remark that "only to dwellers on the borders of the Arctic Circle"—to wit Canadians—"would the phrase Northern Lights have occurred" in connection with the German trench flares. If people who live in glass houses are properly warned against throwing stones, those living so much nearer "the borders of the Arctic Circle" than do any of the people of Canada should be reminded of the fatuity of casting snow-balls, such as the Daily Chronicle's at those who live so far beyond them in the sunny south.

WHEN PA COMES HOME.

When Pa comes home, I'm at the door, An' then he grabs me off the floor An' throws me up an' catches me When I come down, an' then, says he: "Well, how'd you get along to-day? An' were you good, an' did you play An' keep right out of mamma's way? An' how'd you get that awful bump Above your eye? My, what a lump! An' who spilled jelly on your shirt? An' where'd you ever find the dirt. That's on your hands? And my! oh my! I guess those eyes have had a cry, They look o' red. What was it, pray? What has been happening here today?"

An' then he drops his coat an' hat Upon a chair, an' says: "What's that? Who knocked that engine on its back An' stepped upon that piece of track? An' then he takes me on his knee An' says: "What's this that now I see? Whatever can the matter be? Who strewed those toys upon the floor, An' left those things behind the door? Who upset all those parlor chairs An' threw those blocks upon the stairs? I guess a cyclone called today While I was workin' far away. Who was it worried mamma so? It can't be anyone I know,

An' then I laugh an' say: "It's me! Me did most ever'thing you see. Me got this bump the time me tripped, An' here is where the jelly slipped Right off my bread upon my shirt, An' when me tumbled down it hurt. That's how me got all over dirt. Me threw those building blocks downstairs, An' me upset the parlor chairs, Coz when you're playing train you've got To move things 'round an' awful lot." An' then Pa he kisses me An' bounces me upon his knee An' says: "Well, well, my little lad, What glorious fun you must have had!" —Edgar A. Guest.

The suggestion of that Toronto editor that the rich pay the war taxes suits us fine. Go to it!

Something ought to be done with the Montreal professor who trifles with the feelings of the public by insisting that having the grip is a state of mind.

While St. Patrick was banishing the snakes and frogs and fleas out of Ireland, why didn't he show a neighborly spirit and abolish some of the snakes from Canada?

Little Snap Shots OF Our Legislators

By Don Hunt.

Scott Davidson, Paris, M.P.P., for North Brant. A "Going, going, gone" man. An Auctioneer. Like Norris in Manitoba. Has two sons in the army; both privates. He is proud of that. If he lives as long as his aunt he will see the year 1957. She is 99. His is not afraid of anybody. Had a duel with Hanna in his very first session. And won. Everybody gasped; Hanna among them.

Nervous Diseases

In the Spring

Cured by Taking the Blood and Strengthening the Nerves.

It is the opinion of the best medical authorities, after long observation, that nervous diseases are more common and more serious in the spring than at any other time of the year. Great changes in the system, after long winter months, may cause more trouble than the familiar spring weakness and weariness from which most people suffer as the result of winter life, in poorly ventilated and often overheated buildings. Official records prove that in April and May neuritis, St. Vitus dance, epilepsy and other forms of nerve troubles are at their worst, and that, often, more than any other time, a blood-making, nerve-strengthening tonic is needed.

The antiquated custom of taking purgatives in the spring is needless for the system really needs strengthening, while purgatives only gallop through the bowels, leaving you weaker. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are the best medicine for they actually make the new, rich, red blood that feeds the starved nerves, and thus cure the many forms of nervous disorders. They cure also such other forms of spring troubles as headache, poor appetite, weakness in the limbs, as well as remove unsightly pimples and eruptions. In fact they unsafely bring new health and strength to weak, tired and depressed men, women and children.

Belleville Protest is Not Sustained

The Ontario Hockey Association Executive gave several hours to the hearing and consideration of the Belleville protest against the referee yesterday, for the purpose of bringing out all the facts, though the matter alleged in the protest was not of itself a violation of the rules at all in the case it was found that the protest failed because of that fact, and because even the incident alleged was not sustained by the evidence.

It was charged that Hillman of the Scarboro team, who hails from Ottawa, was in the latter city one day during August, and the O.H.A. was asked to hold that this broke his right to play as a resident of Scarboro, where he had taken up residence and employment before the first of August, the limit date under the residence rule. The evidence of the Belleville trainer was the only thing offered in support of the charge, and this was denied on oath by Hillman, whose declaration and personal statement were that he had not been there in August, or at any other time after going to Scarboro.

The protest was accordingly dismissed and the Belleville deposit forfeited.

Listen For the Bronchial Wheeze when You Breathe Deeply

It means that disease will soon attack the lungs. Wheezing is distressing to the sufferer and annoying to his friends. Nothing half so serious as Bronchitis and throat trouble as "Catarhoxone" It gives instant relief and cures even the worst case of Bronchitis fairly (less under the magic influence of Catarhoxone which cures so thoroughly the disease never returns. Other remedies may relieve but Catarhoxone cures bronchitis, catarrh, and throat trouble for all time to come.

Beware of dangerous substitutes meant to deceive you for genuine CATARRHOZONE which is sold everywhere. Large size containing two months' treatment cost \$1.00; small size 50c; sample size 25c.

Another of Shaughnessy's Sons Enlists

Montreal, Que., March 15—Capt. Hon. W. J. Shaughnessy eldest son of Lord Shaughnessy enlisted today for overseas service with the 19th Battalion. He will go as adjutant in the office he has filled for more than a year. In the 56th Irish Canadian Battalion, Lord Shaughnessy's second son, Capt. The Hon. Fred Shaughnessy and his son-in-law Captain Recte Redmond are "somewhere in France" with the 666th Canadian Battalion.



Across approach a certain which at least been inst psychology, and reline together to marked: "I hope you're "I had a few school," he replied Young Downing with a low "oughtn't to ride picked the super "I'm not wor swung to her sad The ugly beast ing sidewise rus called back. "All followed her to Eventually she r subject, and t er along the way goby. By this the gotira his depre ness of the morn again enchanted After shaking rather sorry fall or two Bera saw "I want you to wad.

The grassy roo story, but fog, h blood on the br willow bordered. "This is our r "All the meadow "The young east enouncement. N his thumb gave the cattle corral from the kitchen bones, bleaching sun dried mites hanging upon the low cabin made sure, but as he invitation, and was met by a sw ed little woman whose bearing awkward or emb "This is Mr. N told you about,"

Mr. McFarlan hand with friend gled to meet you to spend some it "I don't know Mr. Meeker from hunted with him "Mr. Sutter! O well. Won't you The interior o only well kept. evidences of refi piano stood agai books and magz use littered the feeling the fore pressed criticism zoned intently apologies for the yard.

"Well," said B to reach Uncle better be scrute to her mother at about dark."

The mother of her daughter's pi ple rode off tog the high peaks to

CHA A Fore wood ro kneller a fed on the bands like elk. cabin stood on bus for the most the bliz slones



SUCCESSFUL RUSSIAN OFFENSIVE BEGINS; AUSTRIANS COMPELLED TO RETIRE; ALLIED ADVANCE ON GREEK FRONT

Allied Air Fleet of 65 Aeroplanes and Battleplanes Attacked German Submarine Base This Morning--All Machines Retired Safely--French Drove Bulgarians Out of Three Villages--Both Sides Actively Engaged on Greek Border--Vienna Admits Retirement of Austrians Near Czernowitz.

65 ALLIED PLANES ATTACKED ZEEBRUGGE TODAY.

LONDON, March 20.—The British Admiralty announce that in the early hours of this morning an allied fleet of sixty-five aeroplanes and battleplanes attacked the German submarine base at Zeebrugge and the aerodromes at Houplade doing considerable damage. All the machines returned safely.

BATTLE OPENS ON GREEK FRONT.

SALONIKI, March 20.—A strong French column move out on Saturday and drove the Germans from three villages near Gievelli. The neutral zone has been wiped out by the French advance. Thirty miles south both sides are actively engaged.

AUSTRIANS WITHDRAWING BEFORE RUSSIANS.

LONDON, March 20.—Vienna official despatches admit that heavy Russian attacks on the Austrian front near Czernowitz compelled a withdrawal of the Austrians' line. Berlin reports a Russian offensive on the Dvinsk front.

RUSSIAN OFFENSIVE BEGINS ON AUSTRIAN AND GERMAN FRONTS.

PETROGRAD, March 20.—Today's despatches indicate an offensive on the Austrian and German fronts for the purpose of preventing the enemy shifting reinforcements to Verdun.

ELEVEN SLAIN IN AIR RAID ON ENGLAND.

LONDON, March 20.—It is learned that a new kind of bomb filled with shrapnel was hurled by the German fliers which raided east towns yesterday. The total number of dead is now eleven.

AUSTRIANS CAME BEFORE AVLONA.

ATHENS, March 20.—The Austrians marching through Albania have now arrived before the advanced Italian positions at Avlona, according to news received here.

DUTCH STEAMER UNQUESTIONABLY TORPEDOED.

LONDON, March 20.—Lloyds reports that the Dutch steamer Palembang which was sunk near Galloper in the Thames estuary on Saturday was unquestionably torpedoes.

DUTCH MAKE STRONG PROTEST TO GERMAN.

AMSTERDAM, March 20.—Despite German official denial that any of her U boats was near the scene of the Tubantia's sinking, the Dutch admiralty has sent divers to investigate. It is authoritatively declared today that the government had despatched a strong note of protest to Germany.

EAST KENT TOWNS ATTACKED.

LONDON, March 20.—Nine persons were killed and 31 injured in a raid of four German seaplanes over the east coast of Kent yesterday. A British airman brought down one raider over the sea, the German observer being killed.

According to a despatch from Ramsgate, where the Canadian hospital was damaged, the two German seaplanes which carried out a raid on that place, were attacked at sea by a French machine before reaching the coast. The seaplanes, however, arrived over the town and dropped a number of bombs, one of which killed a man and four children.

The official statement on the raid reads as follows: "Four German seaplanes flew over Kent today. The first pair appeared over Dover at a

Tragic Death of Arthur W. West

Arthur W. West, a Grand Trunk brakeman, residing on Moira St. W., Belleville, died at midnight in Toronto at Grace Hospital. The remains will be sent to Belleville. On Thursday night he was found to have

fallen from a train or to have attempted to board the moving train at a switch. Deceased leaves one small child besides his widow. He was only 27 or 28 years of age. Fraternally he was a member of the I.O.O.F. and in religion an adherent of the Methodist church.

Irish Play at St. Michael's

(From Friday's Daily.) A rare and Irish play, "The Emerald Isle," gave such an atmosphere of drama, the Emerald Isle, at the St. Michael's night program at St. Michael's Academy, that one felt oneself transported back into the days of minstrel-halls, when Ireland had her full share of trouble. Last night's production under the auspices of the T.A.S. was the most satisfactory of recent local events. The actors and actresses entered into the spirit of their parts and the audience was in that happy mood that the result could not fail of success.

John Bonicault and Wm. L. Doyle were responsible for the rare enjoyment of which six hundred people partook. Dion furnished the play "Arrah Na Pogue or the Wicklow wedding" while to Mr. Doyle fell the duty of securing artists to fill the parts to better advantage.

The story was an interesting story of troublous times. The persecuted character, fine Irish boys of mettle and sympathy, Irish Colloons, red-coats, and the reactionist informers were the characters who revolved in a number of dramatic situations. The love theme was predominant.

Mr. Wm. L. Doyle as Shaun the Post created a deep impression. Irish and absolute optimism in acting marked his work. Miss Permelia Coult as Arrah Melish (Arrah Na Pogue) gave a thoroughly artistic study in that delightful Irish character. Her command of the brogue was delightful. Mr. George Lee as Michael Feecey was a wonder. He played with much care and naturalness the part of the detested informer. His skill was amazing. The Irish boys took their parts well. The officers were at ease in all their situations. Mr. Thomas Barrett played the pathetic role of the persecuted Benjamin McOual. Mr. Barrett is peculiarly fitted for this part. His study in it left little room for improvement. Mr. Tom Bowie took to skirts and played Mrs. Katy Welsh. His forte was in broad comedy as well as in dramatic. Miss Marie Blanchard had the difficult part of Miss Fanny Pow-

er. Still she made it interesting. The following took part in the play: Mr. E. J. Cousins, Mr. Tom Barrett, Mr. Frank McCrean, Mr. F. M. Deacon, Mr. Geo. Lee, Mr. R. Beind, Mr. Harold Barrett, Mr. John Fahey, Mr. Ed Brown, Mr. Joe Roe, Mr. James Brennan, Corp. J. Kennedy, Corp. J. O'Connell, Mr. Frank Welsh, Pte. Ben-trad, Pte. McGillivray, Mr. Wm. L. Doyle, Mr. Tommy Bowie, Miss Marie Blanchard, Miss Manley, Miss Hughes, Miss Coughlin, Miss Permelia Coult.

WOUNDED GIVEN EVERY COMFORT

Former Soldier Physician and Former Bellevillan Addresses Red Cross and Patriotic League

(From Saturday's Daily.) Lt.-Col. Dr. Perry G. Goldsmith of Toronto, must have felt among friends on Friday afternoon when he addressed the members of the Red Cross and Women's Patriotic League at the High School. The audience filled the large assembly hall to overflowing and followed the remarks of the soldier physician with deep attention. Col. Goldsmith is an old Belleville boy now living in Toronto, who volunteered when war broke out and went to King and soon after to France.

Mrs. (Col.) S. S. Lazier, president of the society occupied the chair. Col. Goldsmith paid a feeling reference to the place where he had spent so many years and had so many friends. He would give a short talk to show the ladies in what manner their Red Cross labors are appreciated. The doctor told of the enlistment of the Queen's Own in Amman, their departure for Valenciennes and for England and the departure of the doctors in November for France. The situation at Boulogne was an interesting one. Out of the first 128,000 casualties of the British, 21,000 passed through a building which was along the water front and was before the war a storage building. Yet no hospital was ever better than this extemporized hospital. The operating room was the office of the engineering department

Healthful Sleep

is necessary for the enjoyment and prolongation of life. During sleep Nature renews the vital forces of the body and restores the energy. Sleeplessness is one of the evil results of indigestion. To avoid it, keep the stomach well, the liver active and the bowels regular. The health of these organs

Is Assured by

Beecham's Pills. A harmless vegetable remedy, which acts immediately on the stomach, liver, bowels and kidneys, toning and putting them in good working order. Millions of people sleep well and keep well because, at the first unfavorable symptom, they begin to take

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Worth a Guinea a Box Prepared only by Thomas Beecham, St. Helena, Lancashire, England. Sold everywhere in Canada and U.S.A. In boxes, 25 cents.

As an instance of the rapidity of clearing this hospital, the speaker stated that at nine o'clock at night there might be sixty men in beds. These would be removed by midnight and sixty more put into their places. The needs are so great that every fit man must be sent back to the front. The whole system is planned so as to get the wounded out of the way. The regimental doctors have no facilities for curial treatment, neither have the doctors and nurses on the ambulance trains.

"I have never been in any hospital yet that did not have an abundance of supplies" said Dr. Goldsmith. "It is only because of this superabundance that it is possible to provide comfort without stinting. He had talked with German officers. For a year back there was not one of them that felt that Germany was going to win what she set out to accomplish in this war. A German helmet, a steel helmet to prevent head wounds, a German aeroplane, a German and French bayonet, a wonderful German water-proof, an aluminum water bottle and other German curios were exhibited and explained. A hearty vote of thanks was passed to the guest of the society on motion of Mrs. O'Flynn who referred to his many risks to save life and his kindly sympathy for the wounded. In reply, the colonel told of the pride of the French in their armies. We in this country have no idea what war is. Old men of 80 years in France do the threatening, old women plough. They are poor, but proud. They will not admit their suffering, only pointing to the privilege of working for the country and for the men at the front. No wonder the French army is so resolute and strong. The meeting was brought to a close by the singing of The National Anthem.

RITCHIE'S

"Taking Time By The Fore Lock"

That's what every Department of our Store did and are still doing with the result that our prices this Spring are extremely low in comparison to what they would have been had we not had the foresight and the buying power to purchase long in advance of our immediate needs.

Thousands of Dollars Worth of LINENS and STAPLES

Bought Almost a Year Ago And Marked To Sell At Old Prices

We could mark our entire stock of staples at prices 10 per cent. to 15 per cent. higher than they are now marked and be perfectly justified in doing so, as then the prices would correspond more closely to the prevailing prices today. But we are not doing that, instead, we are giving our These goods have been in reserve for many months, in readiness for customers the advantage of this foresight and advance buying on our part. the spring trade, they are now piled on the ledges and counters and any one seeing the immense piles will be quick to realize that this department has surely taken time by the forelock to the great advantage of ourselves and customers:—

Note These Low Prices

Bleached Table Linen 54 to 72 inches wide, prices 50c to \$1.75
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 Linen Table Napkins, size 20x20 in. 22x22 in. 24x24 in. prices \$2 to \$5 doz.
 Old Bleached Towels, Huck, Guest size, special at 35c, 40c, 45c and 50c ea.
 Towellings in check, glass and plain crash, dish towelling specially price at 10c to 20c. yard

Roller Towelling in 'Barnsley Crash' twills and crepes, etc. prices 12½c. to 25c. yard.
 Sheetings in plain and twills 7/4, 8/4, 9/4, 10/4 widths, 25c to 60 c. yard
 Circular Pillow Cotton, 40, 42, 44, 46 inch, prices 25c, 30c, 35c, 38c 40c per yard.
 Galateas, suitable for children's wear, House Dresses, etc., guaranteed fast colors, in plain blues, and fancy stripes, prices 15c, 20c 22c, 25c, and 35c per yard.
 White Cottons, Nainsooks, Madapalam Cloths, etc., in the finest qualities, ranging in price from 10c to 30c yard.

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This year we offer just as large if not larger collection of prints at these popular prices as at any former season, and close inspection will reveal the qualities just as dependable as those of former seasons. The showing is very complete exemplifying both light and dark shades in all the best patterns, stripes, dots, checks and fancy designs, also plain shades. They range in width from 30 to 36 inches wide and marked to sell at the usual old prices 10c, 12½c, 15c yd. (wash goods counter)

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A Great Business Man's View of Recruiting



A considerable discussion has been aroused by telegraph summaries of a speech on the present methods of recruiting made by Lord Shaughnessy before the Montreal Board of Trade, on March 9th, the attached complete report is of interest, showing that this speech was not anti-recruiting but was a criticism of un- economical methods of "hurdled" recruiting new units while many of the other battalions are still far below their strength and without due consideration for the possibility of considerable delay in ocean transportation to Europe. Lord Shaughnessy suggests an improvement on the present methods of recruiting, namely that employers should prepare for careful and intelligent canvasing of employees who are of military age.

LORD SHAUGHNESSY'S VIEWS.

In his speech Lord Shaughnessy expressed his admiration of the patriotic enthusiasm, energy and earnestness exhibited by Sir Sam Hughes in the formation of the Canadian army. "When the war broke out," said Lord Shaughnessy, "Canada was indeed fortunate in having a man of his type available. I am not, however, inclined to accept his figures as to Montreal. I cannot see how, even with a population of 700,000, we could raise 70,000 soldiers unless we made a draft upon the women—and I know some women who, though they might be good in the firing line, would be almost impossible in the matter of military regulations." (Laughter.)

RESORT TO CONSCRIPTION.

"If the time comes we must make any sacrifice whatever to get the requisite number of troops to the front to save the situation. We must resort to conscription if necessary, although I do not think we are prepared for that, or that it will be necessary. But should not we follow different methods, confine ourselves to the units approaching completion rather than authorize more new battalions every day and start a competition that cannot but have bad results. In the Montreal district we have the Third, nearly full, the 57th in the same position, and the 148th, 150th, 163rd, 199th and 206th needing all told 9,381 men, the Franco-Canadian battalions needing 2,267."

AN TO RECRUITING.

Lord Shaughnessy suggested that employers should prepare lists of employees of military age who might be canvassed, not with a view to pressure, but for careful and intelligent canvass. The commanding officers could apporportion these names to prevent overlapping. "This, I think," he said, "would be effective. Then in three or four months, when some of our troops have gone to the front and been replaced in England by others from here, we can fill their places, and in any event we must provide to supply losses from military wastage." (Applause.)

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Brilliant Address at S.S. Institute

Most Successful Gathering a Tabernacle Church Last Evening—Banquet Preceded.

No more successful institute of the Belleville Sunday School Association has been held than that last evening in the Tabernacle Methodist church.

The early portion of the evening was given over to a banquet in the basement of the church to which several hundred workers had come.

At eight o'clock the association met in the auditorium of the church, some five or six hundred being present.

Leadership was the theme of a brilliant address by the Rev. E. W. Halpenny, of Toronto.

Leadership was the theme of a brilliant address by the Rev. E. W. Halpenny, of Toronto. The race needs leadership he said, in these days.

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you not start Bible classes all over the country. Then it will expect us to furnish leadership for the enterprise—to back up the superintendent, help the minister, to endorse every part of the church program.

Both addresses were followed with intense interest. Judge Depoche moved a vote of thanks to the speakers.

The meeting was brought to a close by the singing of "My Country 'Tis of Thee" and "God Save the King."

PHILIPSTON. Kia'ing, snow and la grippe are the orders of the day.

The ladies were very busy through February doing Red Cross work and were well pleased with what they accomplished.

We are very sorry to hear that Mr. Jos. Phillip has sold his farm. We will miss him as a neighbor and also in our church where he has been class leader for so many years.

Lonsdale Red Cross. The regular meeting of the Lonsdale branch of the Red Cross Society met at the home of Mrs. Geo. Akroy on Tuesday afternoon, March 14, which was largely attended by a number of enthusiastic workers.

Rev. and Mrs. Irvine and Miss Agnes were visitors at the meeting. Mr. Irvine gave a very interesting address which was much appreciated by all.

Great Motor Shipment From Canadian Plant. A special Grand Trunk train carrying one of the largest single shipments ever made by a Canadian motor car plant, left Oshawa, Ont., March 10th, for Western Canada.

Remanded for Sentence. In police court on Thursday afternoon, Thoma Gustin, was found guilty of vagrancy and remanded for sentence until March 30th.

Saw A Robin. Mr. Robert Andrews reports having seen a robin in a tree on the lawn of Mr. W. H. Glenn, on Moirs St., on Tuesday, March 14th.

NO NEED TO FEAR FOR STRENGTH OF BRITAIN'S NAVY

Cheerful Message Brought From England by M. J. Butler, Well-known in Belleville

The following cheerful message was brought from England by M. J. Butler, C.M.G., brother of E. J. Butler of this city.

"The Canadian people can feel absolutely sure that the British navy is so much stronger than it was at the outbreak of the war that no doubt can remain as to the consequences should they have the good fortune to meet the German fleet."

"Everywhere, in trains, hotels, and other places, there is an enormous number of men in khaki, and so far as guns and shells are concerned, England is well ahead of the game."

ZEPPELIN RAIDS. "There were two or three Zeppelin raids while I was in England, and they had as much effect, so far as military consequence is concerned, as shooting peas at the Dominion Express Building would be."

"The navy is in a supreme position. It can outlast and outgun anything that is added in any way. I am not at liberty to mention what I saw in a military way, but there are 70,000 men in the Armstrong-Whitworth works at Elswick alone and 6,000 girls."

PRAISE FOR CANADA. "The Canadians are extremely well respected in England, and everybody is full of the highest praise for what Canada has done."

A Double Anniversary. A service of extraordinary interest will be held in St. Thomas' church on Sunday next, March 19.

Bonspiel at Curling Rink. The Belleville Curling Club last evening began a bonspiel in which deep interest followed the games until late in the evening.

MY OWN, MY NATIVE LAND. St. Patrick's Day Address. Oh Erin my own own country, I take my pen in hand, And write in words of eulogy, Of my own my native land.

Belleville To Be The Next Meeting Place. The concluding session of the Orange Grand Lodge of Eastern Canada took place late last night at Brockville with the election of officers and the selection of Belleville as the meeting place next year.

MY OWN, MY NATIVE LAND. St. Patrick's Day Address. Oh Erin my own own country, I take my pen in hand, And write in words of eulogy, Of my own my native land.

Funeral of the Late Mrs. Cook. The funeral of the late Ellen Cook, wife of Charles Cook, Mill street, took place this morning from the family residence at St. Michael's church.

Highway Bridges. Mr. Lucius E. Allen and Mr. W. E. Tammann of Huntington have returned from Montreal where they were in attendance at the third annual Canadian and International Good Roads' Congress.

Grand Trunk Special Makes Fast Run. The special Grand Trunk train carrying a record shipment of Chevrolet motor cars has arrived in Winnipeg, 59 hours after leaving the sidings of the motor company's plant at Oshawa, Ont.

Home seekers Excursions. Every Tuesday, March to October "All Rail" Every Wednesday During Season Navigation "Great Lakes Route"

Children Cry for Fletcher's CASTORIA. The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Dr. J. C. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy.

Incomparable Robin Hood Flour. The Kind You Have Always Bought. The Hanley-Netterville Co., 329 Front Street, Belleville. District Distributors.

Cash Buyers Eporium BIG DISCOUNT SALE FOR ONE Month Only Beginning Feb. 1st. Phaetons, Auto Seat Top Buggies, Democrat Wagons, Steel Tubular Axle Lumber Wagons with two inch or three inch Tires, Second Hand Buggies, Democrats and Lumber Wagons fixed up good as new -leighs and Cutters.

Home seekers Excursions. Every Tuesday, March to October "All Rail" Every Wednesday During Season Navigation "Great Lakes Route" Somewhere out on the prairies where last year Canada's Greatest Wheat Crop was produced there is a home waiting for you.

Vertical text on the far left edge of the page, including fragments of advertisements like 'call We bers ren.', 'COATS Amer- Coats', 'DAY 201', 'DESIGNED', 'SALE', 'ONLY', 'NEEY', 'PHONY', '77 Front St.', 'SECURED'.

Reception to

Lt.-Col. Goldsmith

(From Monday's Daily)

Belleville was on Saturday evening the scene of a unique reception. When the members had as their guest Lt.-Col. Dr. Perry G. Goldsmith of Toronto, a former Belleville physician, who has been at home on a sabbatical leave from the front, in honor of the occasion, the city friends of the members were welcomed to the club quarters, as many of them were deeply interested in the story which Colonel Goldsmith was to tell. This was the first time the ladies were guests at the club. Needless to say they admired the beautiful interior of the building.

In the absence of the president, Mr. E. Guss Porter, K.C., M.P., occupied the chair and extended a hearty welcome to the ladies and to the guests of the evening. A musical program was given by Capt. J. V. Doyles, Mrs. A. P. Allen, Mr. Dan A. Cameron and Miss Fenton.

Dr. Goldsmith who had been prevailed upon to speak only by the earnest request of his friends, was warmly received as he rose to tell of some things he had seen and to relate how the Red Cross work of the women had lessened the discomforts at the front. He spoke on the obligation of those who were not in the King's uniform. The question is, what is their position in the economic life at home that prevents their going?

He spoke of his hospital experiences in No. 13 Stationary Hospital at Boulogne, the clearing of hospitals, the handling of the wounded, the new development in brain surgery, the large supplies of chloroform and hospital requirements, and of Miss Riley's great work as matron of a hospital in France. For seven months the speaker conducted a clinic in ear, eye and throat, starting the first British clinic in France.

Men have been sent to England who should never have been accepted. Every unit man is a stone around the neck of the Army Medical Corps. It costs from \$1500 to \$2000 to get a man overseas. When an unit man comes up for a draught, he is refused.

Col. Goldsmith is now in charge of the hospital at Folkestone and has been for some months past. One object in these hospitals is to effect cures so that the amount of pension money will be lessened. A vote of thanks was passed to Col. Goldsmith on motion of Sir Macdonald Bowell and Mr. Arthur McGinnis. Refreshments were then served the guests by Mr. May. These reflected great credit upon the steward.

Best Educated

Profession is the Ministry

No other profession can compare with the Christian ministry as a learned profession. It was the somewhat startling statement made by Rev. W. T. G. Brown, pastor of Sherbourne Street Methodist church, in the course of an able sermon at West Belleville Methodist church last night.

It was the occasion of the educational anniversary of West Belleville church and there was a large attendance. Mr. Brown took for his text, Prov. 4:13 "Take heed lest thou forget instruction; for she is thy life." In the text, said Mr. Brown, there was an exhortation and a warning. The author of this passage didn't mean instruction in its narrow sense as mere education of the mind, but in the wider sense of mental, moral and spiritual instruction.

The Bible was not a narrow book. The history of the book was inseparably bound up with the history of education. In Judaea education and religion were both considered the work of the church. And so it was all down the ages. The church was the pioneer in education. No profession can compare with the Christian ministry as a learned profession unless it be some of the higher grades of teaching. In the American "Who's Who" of 418 men at the great educational institutions 222 were ministers and 46 were university ministers. The proper proportion according to their number in the population would be two. The church and the school have gone together. The church must take hold of education. No religion

Silk Specials

Shantung Silk 20c yd. This is the best value we ever offered, actual value 50c to 60c yd.

Paillette Silks

In all the wanted shades 36 inches wide warranted not to cut, regular price \$1.25 on sale at \$1.00 yd.

Staples

Cottons, Sheetings, Tickings, Table Linens, Prints, Flannel-cakes, at old prices. Our stock is new and carefully chosen. Inspection invited. Satisfaction assured.

Wills & Co

can survive that does not satisfy a man's intellect. Education was valuable for cleaning religion of superstition. We looked back with a certain amount of pity to the days of witchcraft when witches were remorselessly put to death. Education had banished witchcraft as well as its punishment.

Protestantism laid before its people the open Bible. If we had not a trained and educated people they would be led astray by every charlatan who came along. Education should embrace the whole life.

The school should turn out men with more than an informed mind. The graduates should be trained to do things. They should be taught to control their passions—to exercise their affections, to lay hold of the moral forces.

Some people never seemed to use their brains but only their tongues, their feet and their hands. We should have a thinking people. Then poverty, superstition and political corruption would become things of the past.

In conclusion the speaker made a special plea for the support of Victoria university and he gave very conclusive evidence of the good work that was being accomplished.

He hoped that one of the results of this war would be that it would never again be necessary to send a student to Germany to complete his education.

An excellent anthem by the choir and "Rocked in the Cradle of the Deep" by a mixed quartet added greatly to the interest of the services.

In the morning Mr. Brown spoke along educational lines at the Tabernacle church. He demonstrated that the trouble in Germany was not due to her education but to the fact that education was divorced from morality and religion.

At the morning service at West Belleville, Rev. A. J. Terrill, B.A. of Stirling preached a deeply impressive sermon on education. In the evening Mr. Terrill preached at the Tabernacle.

Nova Scotia Man

Has Good News

Find's Dodd's Kidney Pills a Cure for His Rheumatism.

States Out of His Own Experience That Dodd's Kidney Pills are a Sure Relief From Pain.

Greenfield, Queen's Co., N.S., Mar. 20—Special.—"Anyone who suffers from rheumatism, I say, 'Take Dodd's Kidney Pills.' They will be sure to give you a release from pain." This is the message of Cornelius Hirtle, a well known farmer living near here. Mr. Hirtle suffered from rheumatism for four years and found a cure in Dodd's Kidney Pills.

"I was in bed apace for four years," Mr. Hirtle says in giving his experience. "My back and hips troubled me so much that I was not able to do much without suffering. I also had stiffness in the joints, my muscles cramped and I felt heavy and sleepy after meals. I had a bitter taste in my mouth, especially in the morning. My appetite was fitful and I was often dizzy."

"I suffered from shortness of breath, I was often dizzy and I was depressed and low spirited. I took six boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills and they did me so much good that I am recommending them to all my friends. They are better than any doctor."

Every one of Mr. Hirtle's symptoms was a symptom of kidney disease. That's why Dodd's Kidney Pills cured him.

Miss May Farley, Cookook, Que. is the guest of her aunt, the Misses Farley, John street.

Mr. John Elliott was the leading speaker last night at a recruiting rally at Brighton.

Mrs. E. F. Lake of Deseronto visited over Sunday with her daughter, Mrs. Fred H. Henry, McDonald Ave.

Mr. O. M. Bowman, M.P.P. West Bruce, was the guest of Mr. Nelson Parliament, M.P.P., Rodersville, over Sunday.

Lt. H. L. Ingram has received word that he has been successful in his examinations qualifying for lieutenant in the P.S.I., Kingston.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. T. Woodley, of Hillside street, left today for the Bermuda islands where they will spend six weeks or more enjoying the ocean breezes.

The first of the patriotic dances given by the Esmeralda Club at Johnson's academy on Friday evening was a most successful affair. About two hundred young people were present.

BABY'S OWN TABLETS

GOOD AS GUARANTEED

Mrs. L. Isbell, Kingston, Ont., writes "I am using Baby's Own Tablets and find them as good as advertised. They are certainly a wonderful remedy for little ones." Mrs. Isbell's testimony is like that of thousands of other mothers. Once a mother has used Baby's Own Tablets she will use nothing else for her little ones. The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

As a vermifer there is nothing as potent as Mother Graves' Worm Expeller. And it can be given to children in the most palatable form.

FOUND DEAD IN THE WOODS

On Saturday afternoon, the dead body of Dr. Young, a well known Dr. Edward resident, was found in the woods of Mr. James R. Anderson of Mountain View. Evidently the man had been dead about a week.

Dr. Young was not unknown in Belleville. He was over eighty years of age and was supposed to be a little mentally unbalanced through old age. He spent some time in this city. His movements were uncertain and it is thought that in returning to Prince Edward he was overcome and went into the woods for shelter.

The Message of the Cross Today

Rev. A. M. Hubly of Emmanuel Church preached the second of the series of Lenten sermons bearing the above title, yesterday morning.

"Last Sunday," said the speaker, "we considered the cross as condemning sin in the flesh."

"In the administration of justice, by natural sequence, after condemnation comes punishment."

"This is the message of the cross to all men. 'Punishment for Sin.' We have only to approach the spot where the tree of torture stands to hear, as it were, a thousand voices proclaiming punishment for sin. 'It is an accursed spot, outside the gates, and beyond the city walls, but at convenient distance from the temple of worship, and the altar of daily sacrifice, and not far from the dreary valley of Gehenna with its incinerator of the Holy City's garbage.'"

"It is a lonely spot except on occasions of the execution of criminals. A place for bloodshedding, a place of death and corruption, treaded by man, accursed by God. The cross suggests the cup of bitterness that sin fills, to be drunk to the dregs by its victims. Here is the 'dampest,' the 'fire,' the 'sword,' the 'darkness,' the 'death,' all as the wages due the wretched slaves of the 'world, the flesh and the devil.'"

"Here, Christ, the Holy and the Pure, was made sin for us, that we might be made righteous in Him. He was wounded for our transgressions. He was bruised for our iniquities, the chastisement of our peace was upon Him, and by His stripes we are healed."

"Gathering up all suffering of every form, all sorrow, and pain, and woe, and death; bringing all to Calvary, then count them as nothing compared with the glory of a soul separated from God, when divorced of flesh and material dependencies."

"This our Lord bore upon the cross; He was forsaken of God, so that no sinners, who in repentance and faith turn to God through Him, would ever be forsaken; while punishment from God, and the awful punishment for sin awaits all who reject the atoning Saviour."

Cobourg's Appreciation

The Cobourg World speaks of the successful recruiting meeting recently held there as follows—"Lt.-Col. W. N. Pogson's masterly address was full of interest and information and was thoroughly enjoyed from start to finish. Eloquent and inspiring in his choice of words, enthused by the great necessity and the righteousness of his message he gave an address of weight and sound practical force that will not soon be forgotten and which should be productive of much good."

Lecturer Beats Her Board Bill

The lecture billed for Friday night in the town hall, Bancroft, was cancelled, as the lecturer, Lottie M. Tilton, was snow-bound some place down the line, and could not get here. She got here however on Monday, but she was under arrest, charged with beating her under bill in jail. She was given a suspended sentence after paying \$15 to Mr. Ricketts, the keeper of the boarding house.—Bancroft Times.

Behind the Times

(Special to The Ontario) Hamilton, March 20—(Alderman T. M. Wright, Conservative) at a meeting of the Legislative Committee, declared that Premier Hearst and Provincial Secretary Hanna were far behind the times in connection with the reform of the feeble minded in Ontario.

"We have been trying to get something done for six or eight years," said Mr. Wright. "It is interesting work, but the Province is behind in this matter. We have insane asylums and reformatories, but no place for this class of people." Mr. Wright told his colleagues that Mr. Hanna had disclaimed all responsibility in the matter.

The rest of the Committee agreed with the Conservative Alderman and it was decided to send the chairman of the Commission to Toronto in another effort to wake up the Provincial officials.

Small Market This Morning

(From Saturday's Daily) Belleville market was rather smaller than usual this morning. Very few vehicles occupied the market square. One load of hay was offered at the \$20 figure, while several loads of straw were disposed of. Meat and apples were the main outer market offerings.

In doors there was a better attendance. Eggs went down to 26 and 27c per dozen. Butter stood at 33c and 34c. These prices were high because of the recent cold snap and are really above the usual figure for this season. Chickens sold at one dollar each. Sauer Kraut brought the price of 10c per quart.

No potatoes were offered. Wheat wholesales at 90c to 93c; barley 80c; oats 40c to 43c; rye 80c; buckwheat 65c to 68c. Hides are unchanged in price. Eggs have an easier tendency. Buyers quote 28c because of American supplies which are coming into Canada now at reduced figures.

Pork is quoted at 10.00 to 10.25 live weight.

DEATH OF MRS. U. A. HUBBEL

The death took place here on Wednesday morning of last week of Mrs. U. A. Hubbel, wife of Reeve Hubbel of Paraday, after a long and painful illness from rheumatic arthritis.

The deceased, who was a daughter of the late Thos. Lindsay was thirty-nine years of age, and is survived by her husband and one boy eight years of age.

The funeral took place on Friday afternoon to St. Paul's church, and was very largely attended. The services in the church and at the grave were conducted by Rev. D. Fiske.—Bancroft Times.



Splendid Suit Values \$16.50 to \$28.50 each

The Suit Selling Season is now at its best and our showing of Ladies' and Misses' Smart Tailored Suits is unsurpassed. Our range of Northway made Suits is greater in variety than ever, while the qualities of Cloths, Style, Fit and Workmanship are in keeping with these well known Garments.

Just now we are showing splendid Values in these Tailored Suits at \$16.50, \$17.50, \$18.50, \$20.00, \$22.50, \$24.50, \$25.00, \$27.50 and \$28.50

Shamrock Linens

This is one of the best known brands of Irish Made Linens and we show these: Table Linens, Tray Napkins, Towels, Towelling, Table Cloths etc., as well as a full range of Beached Linens for Dawn and Fancy Embroidery Work. When buying Linens ask for the Shamrock Brand—See our \$1.00 Table Damask.

New Spring Coats

We are now showing all the New Spring in Ladies' and Misses' Suits in Covert Cloths, Tweeds, Blanket Cloths in White and Checks and Stripes, also Suits and Mirres. These Coats sell at every price from \$7.50 to \$23.50

Dress Skirts, \$5. \$6.50 \$7.50

At these Prices we are showing Three Styles in Ladies' Black and Navy Serge Dress Skirts, very smart Braid Trimmed Tailored Skirts, values that have never been surpassed in our Department. If you need a Dress Skirt these should interest you.

Wool Dress Goods and Suitings

For the Spring Season our Store fully maintains our reputation for Wool Dress Goods and while many lines of Merchandise have advanced in prices, we show you Wool Dress Goods and Suitings that will make you forget War Prices. See our All Wool Dress Serges at 65c yd.

Dress Silks and Suitings

We know the coming Season will be one of great Silk Selling and for this we are fully prepared. Never have we shown such quantities of beautiful Silks in every weight, shade and color for Ladies' Suits, Dresses, Coats, Waists etc. Ask to see our Crepe Faille Suitings 36 inch wide at \$1.35 yd.

Sinclair's

See our Ladies' New Wash Waists \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$2.00

Sinclair's

Great Motor Shipment From Canadian Plant

A special Grand Trunk train carrying one of the largest single shipments ever made by a Canadian motor car plant, left Oshawa, Ont., March 10th, for Western Canada. This train is carrying two hundred automobiles made by The Chevrolet Motor Car Company and they are consigned to the Green Motor Car Company agents of the Chevrolet Motor Car Company at Winnipeg and points on the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway in the West.

News From

Captain O'Flynn

Three letters were received from Capt. O'Flynn this week written at different periods since his return from a week's leave. Capt. O'Flynn is in the best of health and although working very hard finds pleasure in his work. He writes that Capt. Huggill and he feel like orphans as they are the only two officers left of the original officers of the Second Battalion.

The Captain speaks highly of his commanding officer and writes very highly of General Garnet Hughes. He acknowledged having received a box of cigars from Sheriff Morrison and from Mr. Hope McGuinness. He also mentions receiving parcels from the Women's Patriotic Association and the Daughters of the Empire and many others. The boys were delighted with their gifts and the captain especially appreciated the special gifts to himself. He mentions having written to Mrs. Col. Lazier, Mrs. S. Hyman and Mrs. S. W. Vermilyea and a number of others acknowledging these and he hopes his letters will reach them and if they do not reach them they will understand the letters have miscarried in some way.

The Captain writes in glowing terms of his friend Capt. George Richardson who was killed while going out to save three of his men. He says that language fails to express the high qualities of his friend. At the battle of Ypres although Capt. Richardson was wounded he remained in the trenches and led his men and was of great value in organizing the defence. He mentions many instances showing the splendid character of his friend. While Capt. Richardson was trying to help his men he was detected by the enemy, he broke through his thighs and mortally wounding him. They succeeded in getting him back to the trenches and he lived for four hours conscious to the last suffering little pain owing to the shock. On the day following his death 200 pairs of waterproof boots for the men of his company which he had paid for out of his own pocket arrived, showing the great care he had for his men. He was an intimate friend of Captain O'Flynn's and the Captain writes expressing in his letter the greatest grief at his loss. He says that Capt. Richardson was one of the finest types of men he has ever met and that his death was a great loss to the army and country. He closes stating that he could write pages of the splendid things he has done. The Captain sends his best wishes to his friends, speaks in an optimistic way of the Canadians and expresses a hope that he will be spared to come back to his friends and home again.

AT WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE'S

Honeysuckle Codfish, finest quality 2 1/2 boxes... 50c Shredded Codfish, finest pkgs... 10c In tins:

- Atlantic Mackerel Kipperd Halibut Fresh Codfish Pinned Haddock Clams Shiraz Lobster Tuna Fish Sardines Kipperd Herrings Fresh Herrings Fresh Codfish Norway Mackerel Clam Chowder Scallops Devilled Crabs Sock Eye Salmon Sardines Norwegian Lard In bottles: Clam Bouillon In jars: Anchovy Paste Bloaters Paste In bottles: Anchovy Sauce

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE

ESTABLISHED 1871 Bridge Street Stores—Telephone 189 Front Street Store—Telephone 157

League Held

Irish Concert

An Irish concert was given last evening in Bridge Street Church parlors by the Epworth League. The programme dealt entirely with the songs and literature of Erin. Capt. G. Harold Holton, president, occupied the chair. The evening was one of the most delightful literary programs yet given by the league. The attendance was very large. The numbers were as follows—

- Solo—"The Cruicene Dawn"—Miss Stork. Piano Solo—Miss Bradley. Recitation—"Aunt Philippa and the Men"—Miss Spargo. Solo—"Selected"—Miss Price. Solo—"You will have to sing an Irish song"—Mr. Pimlott. Song—"My own Hometown in Ireland"—Miss Davis. Recitation—"The March of the Dead"—Miss McPherson. Solo—"Beautiful Isle of Erin"—Miss A. Sanders. Piano Solo—"Fifth Nocturne"—Miss Commings. Recitation—"George Washington"—Miss Ferguson. Solo—"Asthore"—Mrs. P. C. MacLaurin. Solo—"Killarney"—Prof. Staples.