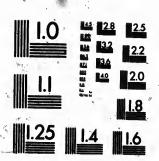
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HISTORY

O R

EMILY MONTAGUE.

By the AUTHOR of LADY JULIA MANDEVILLE. Frances Brooke.

VOL. I.

LONDON:

Printed for J. DODSLEY, in Pall-Malls

M.DCC.LXXXIV.

Car cul PR9297 .B7H5 you

old track heat one look shall present

TO HIS EXCELLENCY

GUY CARLETON, Efq.

GOVERNOR

ND

COMMANDER IN CHIEF

OF

His Majesty's Province of QUEBEC, &c. &c.

SIR

As the scene of so great a part of the following work is laid in Canada, I flatter myself there is a peculiar propriety in addressing it to your Excellency, to whose probity a 3 and

and enlightened attention the colony owes its happiness, and individuals that tranquillity of mind, without which there can be no exertion of the powers of either the understanding or imagination.

Were I to fay all your Excellency has done to diffuse, through this province, so happy under your command, a spirit of loyalty and attachment to our excellent Sovereign, of chearful obedience to the laws; and of that union which makes the strength of government, I should hazard your efteem by doing you justice.

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I will,

I will, therefore, only beg leave to add mine to the general voice of Canada; and to affure your Excellency, that

I am,

With the utmost esteem

and respect,

Your most obedient servant,

London, March 22, 1769.

FRANCES BROOKE.

of

HISTORY

O F

EMILY MONTAGUE.

MERRICK SLIBRARY, ON FORD LETTER I.

To John Temple, Eig. at Paris.

Cowes, April 10, 1766.

AFTER spending two or three very agreeable days here, with a party of friends, in exploring the beauties of the Island, and dropping a tender tear at Vol. I. B. Carif-

Carifbrook Castle on the memory of the unfortunate Charles the First, I am just setting out for America, on a scheme I once hinted to you, of settling the lands to which I have a right as a lieutenant-colonel on half pay. On enquiry and mature deliberation, I prefer Canada to New-York for two reasons, that it is wilder, and that the women are handsomer: the sirst, perhaps, every body will not approve; the latter, I am sure, you will.

You may perhaps call my project romantic, but my active temper is ill fuited to the lazy character of a reduc'd officer: besides that Fam too proud to narrow my circle of life, and not quite unseeling enough to break in on the little estate which is scarce sufficient to support my mother and sister in the manner to which they have been accussomed.

What you call a facrifice; is none at all;
I love England, but am not obitinately
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ry of the I am just scheme I the lands eutenantand mato Newwilder. ner: the not apwill.

pject roll fuited officer : rrow my unfeeling. le estate port my o which

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chain'd down to any spot of earth; nanure has charms every where for a man willing to be pleased: at my time of life, the very change of place is amuling; love of variety, and the natural restlessness of man, would give me a relish for this voyage, even if I did not expect, what I really do, to become lord of a principality which will put our large-acred men in England out of countenance. My subjects indeed at prefent will be only bears and elks, but in time I hope to see the buman face divine multiplying around me; and, in thus cultivating what is in the rudest state of mature, I shall taste one of the greatest of all pleasures, that of creation, and see order and beauty gradually rife from chaos.

The vessel is unmoor'd; the winds are fair; a gentle breeze agitates the bosom of the deep; all nature smiles: I go with all the eager hopes of a warm imaginaai, for un-

B 2

THE HISTORY OF

tion; yet friendship casts a lingering look behind.

Our mutual loss, my dear Temple, will be great. I shall never cease to regret you, nor will you find it easy to replace the friend of your youth. You may find friends of equal merit; you may esteem them equally; but sew connexions form'd after five-and-twenty strike root like that early sympathy, which united us almost from infancy, and has increas'd to the very hour of our separation.

What pleasure is there in the friendships of the spring of life, before the
world, the mean unfeeling selfish world,
breaks in on the gay mistakes of the justexpanding heart, which sees nothing but
truth, and has nothing but happiness in
prospect to

I am not furprized the heathens raised alters to friendship: Itwas natural for untaught

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taught superstition to deify the source of every good; they worship'd friendship, which animates the moral world, on the fame principle as they paid adoration to the fun, which gives life to the world of nature.

I am summon'd on board. Adieu! only amond and the

Lluco I andr , of the To ED. Rivers. greeting them myself gray

wad and to have annother any men

राव पुर्व में सर्वे हिंदी रावंतुहें हुई। जना कर । So ALERTATER II.

To Mils Revers, Clarges Street.

Quebec, June 27.

THAVE this moment your letter, my dear I am happy to hear my mother has been amus'd at Bath, and not at all furprized to find the rivals you in your conquests. By the way, I am not fure the is not handlomer, notwithstanding you tell busin

You are a foolish girl, Lucy: do you think I have not more pleasure in continuing to my mother, by coming hither, the little indulgencies of life, than I could have had by enjoying them myself? pray reconcile her to my absence, and assure her she will make me happier by jovially enjoying the trifle I have assigned to her use, than by procuring me the wealth of a Nabob, in which she was to have no share.

But to return; you really, Lucy, ask me fuch a million of questions, it impossible to know which to answer first; the country, the convents; the balls, the ladies, the beaux—it a history, not a letter, you defined.

daughter de into a hat she is

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do you continuher, the I could if? pray fure her ally enher use, ho of a ave no

offible comble count spthe under mand, and it will take me a twelvemonth
to satisfy your curiosity.

Where shall I begin it certainly with what must first strike a soldier: I have seen then the spot where the amiable here expired in the arms of victory; have traced him step by step with equal astonishment and admiration: 'tis here alone it is possing ble to form an adequate idea of an enterprize, the difficulties of which must have destroy'd hope isself had they been force seen.

The country is a very fine one: you fee liche not only the deantiful which it has in common with Europe, but the great subject lime to an amazing degree a every object here is magnificent; the very people feem abnoth another species, if we compare them with the French from whom they are defined from the country are defined another present another them.

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mand, and it will take me a thelveur On approaching the coast of America I felt a kind of religious veneration, on feeing rocks which almost roughed whe clouds, cover'd with tall groves of pines that feemed coeval with the world itself: to which veneration the folern filence not a little contributed i from Cape Rofieres, up the river Se. Lawrence, during a courfe of more than two hundred miles, there is not the least appearance of a human footy flep, no objects meet the cyc but mound tains, woods, and numerous rivers, which

feem to roll their waters in vain. The country is a very fine one; you fee le is impossible to behold a scene like this without lamenting when madnefs not

mankind, who, more merciles than the fierce inhabitants of the howling wilder ness destroy millions of their own species. in the wild contention for a little portion of that earth, the far greater part of which remains yet unpossest, and courts the hand

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Rofieres, a courfe there is

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tion of which hand The river itself is one of the noblest in the world; it's breadth is ninety miles at it's entrance, gradually, and almost imperceptibly, decreasing; interspers'd with islands which give it a variety infinitely pleasing, and navigable near five hundred miles from the sea.

Nothing can be more striking than the view of Quebec as you approach; it stands on the summit of a boldly-rising hill, at the consuence of two very beautiful rivers, the St. Lawrence and St. Charles, and, as the convents and other public buildings first meet the eye, appears to great advantage from the port. The island of Orleans, the distant view of the cascade of Montmorenci, and the opposite village of Beauport, scattered with a pleasing irregularity along the banks of the river St. Charles, add greatly to the charms of the prospect.

B 5

Lhave

The

I have just had time to observe, that the Canadian ladies have the vivacity of the French, with a superior share of beauty: as to balls and affemblies, we have none at present, it being a kind of interregnum of government; if I chose to give you the political state of the country, I could fill volumes with the pours and the contres; but I am not one of those fagacious observers, who, by staying a week in a place, think themselves qualified to give, not only it's natural, but it's moral and political history : besides which, you and I are rather too young to be very profound politicians. We are in expectation of a fucceffor from whom we hope a new golden age; I shall then have better subjects for a letter to a lady.

Adieu! my dear girl! say every thing for me to my mother. Yours,

ED. RIVERS.

LETTER

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as 'm blur RIVERS.

TTER

रिकास के ता है कि एक वार्ता है। ETTER HI, May ring of him a water and the boil

To Col. RIVERS, at Quebec. r di bisari o Palifica

London, April 30.

TNDEED! gone to people the wilds of America, Ned, and multiply the buman face divine? tis a project worthy a tall handsome colonel of twenty-leven: let me see, five feet eleven inches, well made, with fine teeth, speaking eyes, a military air, and the look of a man of fashion: spirit, generosity, a good understanding, some knowledge, an easy address, a compassionate heart, a strong inclination for the ladies, and in short every quality a gentleman thould have : excellent all thefe for colonization : prenez garde, mes cheres dames, You have nothing against you, Ned, but your modesty; a very useless virtue on French ground, or indeed on any ground: I wish you had a little more

con-

12 THE HISTORY OF

consciousness of your own merits: remember that to know one's self the oracle of Apollo has pronounced to be the sperfection of human wisdom. Our fair friend Mrs. Harman beathing to make him the most agreement of the sox combos of the sox combos

for my part, I hate humility in a man of the world, it is worke than even the hypogrily of the faints: I am not ignorant, and therefore never deny, that I am a very handlome fellow, and I have the pleasure to find all the women of the fame opinion.

I am just arrived from Paris: the divine Madame De — is as loyely and as constant as eyes; twas cruel to leave her, but who can account for the caprices of the heart? mine was the prey of a young unexperienced English charmer, just come out of a convent,

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s—" На, Ha, Ned? But I forget: you are for the full-blown role: 'tis a happiness, as we are friends, that 'tis impossible we can ever be rivals; a woman is grown out of my taste some years before she comes up to yours; absolutely. Ned, you are too nice; for my part, I am not so delicate; youth and beauty are sufficient for me; give me blooming seventeen, and I cede to you the whole empire of sentiment.

This, I suppose, will find you trying the force of your destructive charms on the savage dames of America; chasing semales wild as the winds thro' woods as wild as themselves: I see you pursuing the stately relict of some renowned Indian chief, some plump squaw arriv'd at the age of sentiment, some warlike queen dowager of the Ottawas or Tuscaroras.

And pray, comment trouvez vous les dames sauvages? all pure and genuine nature, I suppose; none of the affected coyness.

14 THE HISTORY OF

be the more obliging, as the Indian heroes, I am told, are not very attentive to the charms of the bian fere.

You are very fentimental on the subject of friendship; no one has more exalted notions of this species of affection than myself, yet I deny that it gives life to the moral world; a gallant man, like you, might have found a more animating principle:

O Venus! O Mere de l'Amour!

I am most gloriously indolent this morning, and would not write another line if
the empire of the world (observe I do not
mean the semale world) depended on it.

Adieu!

J. TEMPLE

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LETTER IV.

To John Temple, Eig, Pall Mall. natolige in the distribution of the Montelli

Inse balent's briteine fast comferie 1 01 din _____ Quebec, July f.

IT IS very true, Jack, I have no relish for the Miffes; for puling girls in hanging fleeves, who feel no paffion but vanity, and, without any diftinguishing tafte, are dying for the first man who tells them they are handsome. Take your boardingschool girls; but give me a woman; one, in short, who has a foul , not a cold inanimate form, infentible to the lively impreffions of real love, and unfeeling as the war baby the has just thrown away.

You will allow Prior to be no bad judge of female merit; and you may remember his Egyptian maid, the favorite of the

16 THE HISTORY OF

the luxurious King Solomon, is painted in full bloom.

By the way, Jack, there is generally a certain hoity toity inelegance of form and manner at seventeen; which in my opinion is not balanc'd by freshness of complexion, the only advantage girls have to boast of.

I have another objection to girls, which is, that they will eternally fancy every man they converse with has designs; a coquet and a prude in the bud are equally disagreeable; the former expects universal adoration, the latter is alarm'd even at that general civility which is the right of all their fex; of the two however the last is, I think, much the most troublesome; I wish these very apprehensive young ladies knew their pirtue is not half so often in they imagine, and that there are many male creatures to whom they may safely shew

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shew politeness without being drawn into any concessions inconsistent with the strict-clt honor. We are not half such terrible animals as mammas, nucles, and novela represent us; and, if my opinion is of any weight, I am inclin'd to believe those tremendous men; who have designs on the whole sex, are, and ever were, characters as fabulous as the giants of morning mance. On 1721 of 1922 por mance, on 1721 of 1922 por mance, on 1721 of 1922 por mance.

Women after twenty begin to know this, and therefore converte with us on the footing of rational creatures, without either ing of rational creatures, without either feating to find every man a lover they graph after they good for the ladies justice however, I have feen the ladies justice however, I have feen the lame, abfurdity in my own fex; and have observed many a vicy good for of man turn pale, at the politeness of the good for they could be the politeness of the good for the law of they, they many many and they of they are the good for the good for the good for they are the good for the go

I. lament

I lament this mistake, in both sexes, be-cause is takes greatly from the pleasure of mix'd society, the only society for which I have any relish.

Don't, however, fancy that, because it distinct the Misses, I have a taste for their grandmochers; there is a golden mean. Tack, of which you seem to have no idea.

Low are very ill informal as to the mannew of the Indian ladies; 'tis in the budalmost there wild rofes are acceptible; dibesal so profusion of their charms before manriage, they are chastity itself after the
moment they commence wives, they give
up the very idea of pleasing, and turn all
their thoughts to the cares, and those not
their thoughts to the cares, of donochio life;
laborious, hardy, active, they plough the
ground, they sow, they reap whills the
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haughty husband amuses himself with hunting, shooting, sishing, and such exercises only as are the image of war; all other employments being, according to his idea, unworthy the dignity of man.

I have told you the labors of fayage life, but I should observe that they are only temporary, and when urged by the tharp tooth of necessity; their lives are, upon the whole, idle beyond any thing we can conceive. If the Epicurean definition of happiness is just, that it confilts in indolence of body, and granquils lity of mind, the Indians of both fexes are the happiest people on earth; free from all care, they enjoy the prefent moment, forget the past, and are without folicitude for the future: stretch'd on the verdant turf, they sing, they langue chee plays they relate for ries of their ancient heroes to warm the billy party county in winds. arrily. furs

fuis which bounteous nature provides them, they dance, they feaft, and despite the rigors of the featon, at which the more effeminate Europealis tremble of me redto

ides, anworthy the dignity of than War being however the business of their lives, and the first passion of their souls, their very pleasures take their colors from it! every one mult have heard of the war dance, and their longs are almost all on the true unlection the mon diligent enduing I find but one love fong in their language, 10 H squared only stantil bink riodl st dolly lity of mind, the Indians of both fexes are the happiest people on carba free from all care, they enjoy the more and, more Love you all day long. Rreich'd on the verdant turf, they ling amold Indian told into their had alke forge of friendship, but Liconshinever propures a translation of one of them; on my prefling furs

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this Indian, to translate one linto French for me, he told me with a haughty air, the Indians were not us'd to make translations, and that if I chose to understand their songs I must learn their language. By the way; their language is extremely harmonious, especially as pronounced by their women, and as well adapted to music as Italian itself. I must not here omit an instance of their independent spirit, which is, that they never would submit to have the fervice of the church, tho they profess the Romish religion, in any language but their own; the women, who have in general fine voices, fing in the choir with a taste and manner that would surprize you, and with a devotion that might edify more polish'd nations.

The Indian women are tall and well shaped; have good eyes, and before marriage are, except their color, and their in induoid bandful and coarse mindians.

coarle greaty black hair, very far from being disagreeable; but the laborious dife they afterwards lead is extremely unfaworable to beauty; they become coarse and masculine, and lose in a year or two the power as well as the defire of pleafing. To compensate however for the loss of their charms, they acquire a new empire in marrying; are confulted in all affairs of state, chuse a chief on every vacancy of the throne, are fovereign arbiters of peace and war, as well as of the fate of those unhappy captives that have the misfortune to fall into their hands, who are adopted as children, or put to the most cruel death, as the wives of the conquerors finile or frown. unfaid nations.

A Jesuit missionary told me a story on this subject, which one cannot hear without horror: An Indian woman with whom he liv'd on his mission was feeding her children, when her husband brought in an

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me a story on ot hear withun with whom ding her chilrought in an English

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Ringlish prisoner; the immediately cut off his arm, and gave her children the streaming blood to drink: the Jesuir remonstrated on the cruelty of the action, on which, looking sternly at him, "I would have them warriors," faid she, "and therefore feed them with the food of men."

This anecdote may perhaps difguilt you with the Indian ladies, who certainly do not excel in female foftness. I will therefore turn to the Canadian, who have every charm except that without which all other charms are to me inlipid, I mean sensibility: they are gay, coquet, and sprightly; more gallant than sensible; more flatter'd by the vanity of inspiring passion, than capable of feeling it themselves; and, like their European countrywomen, prefer the outward attentions of unmeaning admiration to the real devotion of the heart. There is not perhaps on earth a race of females, who talk so much, or feel so little, of love as the Erench, the very reverse is in gene-

ral true of the English: my fair countrywomen feem ashamed of the charming fentiment to which they are indebted for all their power differ on the whom's one in description in the best have the best have the Adien I am going to attend a very handsome French lady, who allows me the honor to drive her en calache to our Canadian Hyde Park, the road to St. Foix, where you will fee forty or fifty calashes, with pretty women in them, parading every evening: you will allow the apology to be charta encept chine will be which which -idi harrason I day are Ed. Rivers The site of the same gay, out has shirt site said more durant than fertible; more flattivi by the runity of inspiring packon, thus enpublic of feeling it themfelice; and, like their Larop say country houses, great the out and interestions of the contraction of the tion of the state of the velice of the call is not rethans on each in a cor for the who talk to much, on feet fo held, dill be RETHERM the buy teverte is in gene-

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ETTER

EMILY MONTAGUE.

LETTER V.

To Miss RIVERS, Clarges Street.

Quebec, July 4.

here ;

XX/HAT an inconstant animal is man! do you know, Lucy, I begin to be tir'd of the lovely landscape round me? I have enjoy'd from it all the pleasure mere inanimate objects can give, and find 'tis a pleasure that soon satiates, if not relieved by others which are more lively. The scenery is to be sure divine, but one grows weary of mere scenery: the most enchanting prospect foon loses its power of pleasings when the eye is accustom'd to it: we gaze at first transported on the charms of nature, and fancy they will please for ever; but, alas lit will not do we figh for fociety, the conversation of those dear to us; the more animated pleasures of the heart. There are fine women, and men of meric-VOL. I.

here; but, as the affections are not in our power, I have not yet felt my heart gravitate towards any of them. I must absolutely set in earnest about my settlement, in order to emerge from the state of vegetation into which I seem falling.

But to your last: you ask me a particular account of the convents here. Have you an inclination, my dear, to turn nun? if you have, you could not have applied to a properer person; my extreme modesty and reserve, and my speaking French, having made me already a great favourite with the older part of all the three communities, who unanimously declare colonel Rivers to be un tres aimable bomme, and have given me an unlimited liberty of viliting them whenever I please: they now and then treat me with a fight of some of the young ones, but this is a favor not allow'd to all the ciety, th world. the proce artinat

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There are three religious houses at Quebec, so you have choice; the Ursulines, the Hotel Dieu, and the General Hospital. The first is the severest order in the Romish church, except that very cruel one which denies its fair votaries the inestimable liberty of speech. The house is large and handsome, but has an air of gloominess, with which the black habit, and the livid paleness of the nuns, extremely corresponds. The church is, contrary to the style of the rest of the convent, ornamented and lively to the last degree. The superior is an English woman of good family, who was taken prisoner by the savages when a child, and placed here by the generolity of a French officer. She is one of the most amiable women I ever knew, with a benevolence in her counténance which inspires all who fee her with affection: I am very fond of her conversation, tho lixty and a

The Hotel Dieu is very pleasantly situated, with a view of the two rivers, and the entrance of the port: the house is chearful, airy, and agreeable; the habit extremely becoming, a circumstance a hand-some woman ought by no means to overlook; 'tis white with a black gauze veil, which would shew your complexion to great advantage. The order is much less severe than the Ursulines, and I might add, much more useful, their province being the care of the sick: the nuns of this house are sprightly, and have a look of health which is wanting in the Ursulines.

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The General Hospital, situated about a mile out of town, on the borders of the river St. Charles, is much the most agreeable of the three. The order and the habit are the same with the Hotel Dieu, except that to the habit is added the cross, generally worn in Europe by canonesses only: a distinction procur'd for them by their

rivers, and he house is the habit ance a hand-ans to overgauze veil, mplexion to is much less I might add, nee being the ok of health lines.

rated about a preders of the most agreerand the hatel Dieu, exed the cross, by canonesses for them by

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their founder, St. Vallier, the second bishop of Quebec. The house is, without, a very noble building; and neatness, elegance and propriety reign within. The nuns, who are all of the nobleffe, are many of them handsome, and all genteel, lively, and well bred; they have an air of the world, their conversation is easy, spirited, and polite: with them you almost forget the recluse in the woman of condition. In short, you have the best nuns at the Urfulines, the most agreeable women at the General Hospital: all however have an air of chagnin, which they in vain endeavour to conceal; and the general eagerness with which they tell you unask'd they are happy, is a strong proof of the contrary.

Tho the most indulgent of all men to the follies of others, especially such as have their source in mistaken devotion; tho willing to allow all the world to play the fool their own way, yet I cannot help

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being fir'd with a degree of zeal against an institution equally incompatible with public good, and private happiness; an institution which cruelly devotes beauty and innocence to slavery, regret, and wretchedness; to a more irksome imprisonment than the severest laws instict on the worst of criminals.

Could any thing but experience, my dear Lucy, make it be believ'd possible that there should be rational beings, who think they are serving the God of mercy by inflicting on themselves voluntary tortures, and cutting themselves off from that state of society in which he has plac'd them, and for which they were form'd? by renouncing the best affections of the human heart, the tender names of friend, of wife, of mother? and, as far as in them lies, counterworking creation? by spurning from them every amusement however innocent, by refusing the gifts of that beneficent power who

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al against an with public institution d innocence dness; to a nan the se-

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offible that, who think hercy by inmy tortures, m that state of them, and by renouncuman heart, wife, of moes, counterfrom them hocent, by ficent power

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who made us to be happy, and destroying his most precious gifts, health, beauty, sensibility, chearfulness, and peace!

My indignation is yet awake, from having seen a sew days since at the Ursulines, an extreme lovely young girl, whose countenance spoke a soul form'd for the most lively, yet delicate, ties of lowe and friend-ship, led by a momentary enthusiasm, or perhaps by a childish vanity artfully excited, to the soot of those altars, which she will probably too soon bathe with the bitter tears of repentance and remorse.

The ceremony, form'd to strike the imagination, and seduce the heart of unguarded youth, is extremely solemn and affecting; the procession of the nuns, the sweetness of their voices in the choir, the dignissed devotion with which the charming enthursiast received the veil, and took the cruel yow which shut her from the world for ever, struck my heart in spite of my reason, and

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32 THE HISTORY OF

I felt myself touch'd even to tears by a superstition I equally pity and despise.

I am not however certain it was the ceremony which affected me thus strongly; it
was impossible not to feel for this amiable
victim; never was there an object more interesting; her form was elegance itself;
her air and motion animated and graceful;
the glow of pleasure was on her cheek, the
fire of enthusiam in her eyes, which are
the finest I ever saw: never did I see joy so
livelily painted on the countenance of the
happiest bride; she seem'd to walk in air;
her whole person look'd more than human.

An enemy to every species of superstition, I must however allow it to be least destructive to true virtue in your gentle sex, and therefore to be indulged with least danger: the superstition of men is gloomy and ferocious; it lights the fire, and points the dagger of the assallin; whilst that of wo-

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men takes its color from the fex; is foft, mild, and benevolent; exerts itself in acts of kindness and charity, and seems only sub-stituting the love of God to that of man.

Who can help admiring, whilst they pity, the foundress of the Ursuline convent, Madame de la Peltrie, to whom the very colony in some measure owes its existence? young, rich, and lovely; a widow in the bloom of life, mistress of her own actions, the world was gay before her, yet she left all the pleasures that world could give, to devote her days to the severities of a religion she thought the only true one: she dar'd the dangers of the sea, and the greater dangers of a favage people; she landed on an unknown shore, submitted to the extremities of cold and hear, of thirst and hunger, to perform a fervice she thought acceptable to the Deity. To an action like this, however mistaken the motive, bigotry alone will deny praise: the man of candor will only lament that minds

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34 THE HISTORY OF

capable of such heroic virtue are not directed to views more conducive to their own and the general happiness.

I am unexpectedly call'd this moment, my dear Lucy, on some business to Montreal, from whence you shall hear from me.

Adieu!

ED. RIVERS.

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LETTER VI

To Miss RIVERS, Clarges-Street.

Montreal, July 9,

AM arriv'd, my dear, and have brought my heart safe thro' such a continued fire as never poor knight errant was exposed to; waited on at every stage by blooming country girls, full of spirit and coquetry, without any of the village bashfulness of England.

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England, and dressed like the shepherdesses of tomance. A man of adventure might make a pleasant journey to Montreal.

The peasants are ignorant, lazy, dirty, and flupid beyond all belief; but hospitable, courteous, civil; and, what is particularly agreeable, they leave their wives and daughters to do the honors of the house: in which obliging office they acquit themselves with an attention, which, amidst every inconvenience apparent (tho' I am told not real) poverty can cause, must please every guest who has a foul inclin'd to be pleas'd: for my part, I was charm'd with them, and ear my homely fare with as much pleasure as if I had been feathing on ortolans in a palace. Their conversation is lively and amusing; all the little knowledge of Canada is confined to the fex; very few, even of the feigneurs, being able to write their own names.

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RIVERS.

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The road from Quebec to Montreal is almost a continued street, the villages being numerous, and so extended along the banks of the river St. Lawrence as to leave scarce a space without houses in view; except where here or there a river, a wood, or mountain intervenes, as if to give a more pleasing variety to the scene. I don't remember ever having had a more agreeable journey; the fine prospects of the day so enliven'd by the gay chat of the evening, that I was really sorry when I approach'd Montreal.

The island of Montreal, on which the town stands, is a very lovely spot; highly cultivated, and the less wild and magnisicent, more smiling than the country round Quebec: the ladies, who seem to make pleasure their only business, and most of whom I have seen this morning driving about the town in calashes, and making what

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Montreal is lages being g the banks leave scarce w, except a wood, or give a more I don't ree agreeable the day so the evening,

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which the ot; highly ad magnifiuntry round on to make ad most of ing driving and making what what they call, the tour de la ville, attended by English officers, seem generally handsome, and have an air of sprightliness with which I am charm'd; I must be acquainted with them all, for tho' my stay is to be short, I see no reason why it should be dull. I am told they are fond of little rural balls in the country, and intend to give one as soon as I have paid my respects in form.

Six in the evening.

I am just come from dining with the regiment, and find I have a visit to pay I was not aware of, to two English ladies who are a few miles out of town: one of them is wife to the major of the regiment, and the other just going to be married to a captain in it, Sir George Clayton, a young handfome baronet, just come to his title and a very fine estate, by the death of a distant relation: he is at present at New York, and I am told they are to be married as soon as he comes back.

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Service II

I have been making fome flying visits to the French ladies; the I have not seen many beauties, yet in general the women are handsome; their manner is easy and obliging, they make the most of their charms by their vivacity, and I certainly cannot be displeased with their extreme partiality for the English officers; their own men, who indeed are not very attrac-

co westiled eliconomica ? Thursday morning.

I am just secting out with a friend for Major Melmoth's, to pay my compliments to the two ladies. I have no relish for this visit; I hate misses that are going to be married; they are always so full of the dear man that they have not common civility to other people. I am told however both the ladies are agreeable.

tive, have not the least chance for any share in their good graces.

C. J. Xa Stan I

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Year this Eight o'clock. ing visits to re not feen the women is caft and of their I certainly eir extreme cers; their very attracor any share

day morning. friend for impliments ish for this oing to be full of the ommon cild however

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Agrecable,

is Bo go bone i nath. Bight in the evening. Agreeable, Lucy ! fhe is an angel : 'tis happy for me the is engaged; nothing elfe could fecure my heart, of which you know I am very tenacious only think of finding

beauty; delicacy, sensibility, all that can charm in woman, hid in a wood in Ca-

nada I.

You fay I am given to be enthusiastic in my approbations, but the is really charming. I am refolv'd not only to have a friendship for her myself, but that you shall, and have told her so; she comes to England as foon as flie is married; you are form'd to love each other.

green fact of the things of a But I must tell you; Majon Melmoth kept us a week at his house in the country, in one continued round of rural amuse ments; by which I do not mean huntiels and shooting, but such pleasures as the

ladies.

ladies could share; little rustic balls and parties round the neighbouring country, in which parties we were joined by all the fine women at Montreal. Mrs. Melmoth is a very pleasing, genteel brunette, but Emily Montague—you will fay I am in love with her if I describe her, and yet I declare to you I am not: knowing the loves another, to whom she is soon to be united, I fee her charms with the fame kind of pleafure I do yours; a pleasure, which, tho extremely lively, is by our fituation without the least mixture of desire.

I have faid, she is charming; there are men here who do not think fo, but to me the is loveliness itself. My ideas of beauty. are perhaps a little out of the common road: I hate a woman of whom every man coldly fays, she is bandsome; I adore beauty, but it is not mere features or complexion to which I give that name; 'tis life, 'tis spirit, 'tis animation, 'tis-in one word, 'tis Emily Montague-without be-

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ing regularly beautiful, the charms every fensible heart; all other women, however lovely, appear marble statues near her; fair; pale (a paleness which gives the idea of delicacy without destroying that of health), with dark hair and eyes, the latter large and languishing, the seems made to seel to a trembling excess the passion she cannot fail of inspiring: her elegant form has an air of softness and languar, which seizes the whole soul in a moment: her eyes, the most intelligent I ever law, hold you enchain'd by their bewitching sensibility.

There are a thousand unspeakable charms in her conversation; but what I am most pleas'd with, is the attentive politically of her manner, which you seldom see in a person in love; the extreme desire of pleasing one man generally taking off greatly from the attention due to all the rest. This is partly owing to her admirable understanding, and partly to the natural soft-

ness of her soul, which gives then the strongest desire of pleasing. As I sam a philosopher in these matters, and have made the heart my study. I want extremely to see her with her lover, and to observe the gradual engrease of hen charms in his presence; love, which embellishes the most unmeaning countenance, must give to her's a fire irresistible: what eyes! when ani-

The very foul acquires a new force and beauty by loving a woman of honor never appears half so amiable, or displays half so many virtues, as when sensible to the merit of a man who deserves heriaffection. Observe, Lucy, Lishall never allow you to be handsome till I hear you are in love.

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Did I tell you Emily Montague had the finest hand and arm in the world? I should however have excepted yours: her tone of voice too has the same melodious sweetness,

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ague had the ld? I should her tone of our sweetness,

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a perfection without which the loveliest woman could never make the least impression on my heart: I don't think you are very unlike upon the whole, except that she is paler. You know, Lucy, you have often told me I should certainly have been in love with you if I had not been your brother: this resemblance is a proof you were right. You are really as handsome as any woman can be whose sensibility has never been put in motion.

I am to give a ball to-morrow; Mrs. Melmoth is to have the honors of it, but as the is with child, the does not dance. This circumstance has produc'd a dispute not a little flattering to my vanity: the ladies are making interest to dance with me; what a happy exchange have I made I what man of common sense would stay to be overlook'd in England, who can have rival beauties contend for him in Canada? This important point is not yet settled the eliquette here is rather difficult to adjust:

as to me, I have nothing to do in the confultation; my hand is destined to the longest pedigree; we stand prodigiously on our noblesse at Montreal.

Four o'clock:

After a dispute in which two French ladies were near drawing their husbands into a duel, the point of honor is yielded by both to Miss Montague; each infifting only that I should not dance with the other: for my part, I submit with a good grace, as you will suppose.

Saturday morning.

I never passed a more agreeable evening: we have our amusements here, I assure you: a set of fine young sellows, and handsome women, all well-dress'd, and in humor with themselves, and with each other my lovely Emily like Venus amongst the Graces, only multiplied to about sixteen. Nothing is, in

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EMILY MONTAGUE.

my opinion, so favourable to the display of beauty as a ball. A state of rest is ungraceful; all nature is most beautiful in motion; trees agitated by the wind, a ship under fail, a horse in the course, a fine woman dancing: never any human being had such an aversion to still life as I have.

I am going back to Melmoth's for a month; don't be alarm'd, Lucy! I fee all her perfections, but I fee them with the cold eye of admiration only: a woman engaged loses all her attractions as a woman; there is no love without a ray of hope: my only ambition is to be her friend; I want to be the confidant of her passion. With what spirit such a mind as hers must love!

Adieu! my dear!

Yours,

ED. RIVERS.

trein L.E.T. T.E.R. WILL in

To Mis RIVERS, Clarges Street.

distribute : saincal. Montreal, August 15

DY Heavens, Lucy, this is more than D man can bear; I was mad to stay so long at Melmoth's; there is no relifting this little feducer: itis shameful in such a lovely woman to have understanding too; yet even this I could forgive had the not that enchanting foftness in her manner; which fleals upon the foul, and would almost make ugliness itself charm; were she but vain, one had some chance, but she will take upon her to have no consciousness, at least no apparent consciousness, of her perfections, which is really intolerable. I told her fo last night, when she put on such a malicious smile-I believe the little tyrant wants to add me to the lift of her flaves; but I was not form'd to fill up a train. The # 21 1- 2 11 1

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woman I love must be so far from giving another the preservice, that she must have no soul but for me; I am one of the most unreasonable men in the world on this head; she may fancy what she pleases, but I set ner and all her attractions at defiance: I have made mybescape, and shall set off for Duebec in an hour. Flying is, I must acknowledge, a little out of character, and unbecoming a soldier; but in these cases, it is the very best thing man or woman either can do, when they doubt their powers of resistance.

I intend to be ten days going to Quebec.
I propose visiting the priests at every vilage, and endeavouring to get some knowledge of the nature of the country, in order to my intended settlement. Idleness being the root of all evil, and the nurse of love, I am determined to keep myself employed; nothing can be better suited to my temper than my present design, the pleasure of cultivating lands here is as much superior

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treet.

superior to what can be found in the same employment in England, as watching the expanding rose, and beholding the salling leaves: America is in insancy, Europe in old age. Nor am I very ill qualified for this agreeable task: I have studied the Georgicks, and am a pretty enough kind of a husbandman as far as theory goes; nay, I am not sure I shall not be, even in practice, the best gentleman farmer in the province.

the Museum Rusticum; I intend to make amazing discoveries in the rural way: I have already found out, by the force of my own genius, two very uncommon circumstances; that in Canada, contrary to what we see every where else, the country is rich, the capital poor; the hills fruitful, the vallies barren. You see what excellent dispositions I have to be an useful member of seciety: I had always a strong bias to the study of natural philosophy.

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VOL.

Tell my mother how well I am employ'd, and she cannot but approve my voyage: assure her, my dear, of my tenderest regard.

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Adieu !

ED. RIVERS.

The lover is every hour expected; I am not quite fure I should have lik'd to see him arrive: a third person, you know, on such an occapion, sinks into nothing; and I love; wherever Lamp to be one of the figures which strike the eye; I have to appear on the back ground of the picture.

VOL. I.

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LETTER

To Mis Rivers.

Quebec, Aug. 24.

TOU can't think, my dear, what a fund of useful knowledge I have ercafur'd up during my journey from Montreal. This colony is a rich mine yet unopen'd; I do not mean of gold and filver, but of what are of much more real value, corn and cattle. Nothing is wanting but encouragement and cultivation othe Canadians are at their ease even without labor; nature is here a bounteous mother, who pours forth her gifts almost unfolicited: bigotry, stupidity, and laziness, united, have not been able to keep the peafantry poor. I rejoice to find such admirable capabilities where I propose to fix my dominion.

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the Cananout labor; other, who nfolicited: fs, united, e peafantry

nirable cafix my doI was hospitably entertained by the cures all the way down, tho' they are in general but ill provided for: the parochial clergy are useful every where, but I have a great aversion to monks, those drones in the political hive, whose whole study seems to be to make themselves as useless to the world as possible. Think too of the shocking indelicacy of many of them, who make it a point of religion to abjure linen, and wear their habits till they drop off. How aftornishing that any mind should suppose the Deity an enemy to cleanlines I the Jewish religion was hardly any thing else.

I paid my respects, wherever I stopped, to the seigneures of the village; for as to the seigneurs, except two or three, if they had not wives, they would not be worth visiting.

I am every day more pleased with the women here; and, if I was gallant, should

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be in danger of being a convert to the French stile of gallantry; which certainly debases the mind much less than ours.

But what is all this to my Emily? How I envy Sir George! what happiness has Heaven prepared for him, if he has a foul to taste it!

I really must not think of her; I found so much delight in her conversation, it was quite time to come away; I am almost ashamed to own how much difficulty I found in leaving her: do you know I have scarce stept since? This is absurd, but I cannot help it; which by the way is an admirable excuse for any thing.

I have been come but two hours, and am going to Silleri, to pay my compliments to your friend Miss Fermor, who arrived with her father, who comes to join his regiment, fince I left Quebec. I hear there has been a very fine importation of English ladies

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Adieu! I am interrupted.

Yours,

ED. RIVERS.

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PROGRAM

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To Mrs. Melmoth, at Montreal.

19 1907 10 Step 7 100 Jan Quebec, August 24

CANNOT, Madam, express my obli-I gation to you for having added a postfcript to Major Melmoth's letter : P am fure he will excuse my answering the whole to you; if not, I beg he may know that I shall bevery pert about it, being much more folicitous to please you than him, for a thousand reasons to mention.

D 3 thought

I thought you had more penetration than to suppose/me indifferent: on the contrary, fenfibility is my fault; though it is not your little every-day beauties who can excite it: I have admirable dispositions to love, though I am hard to please: in short, I am not cruel, I am only nice: do but you, or your divine friend, give me leave to wear your chains, and you shall foon be convinced I can love like an angel, when I fet in earnest about it. But, alas! you are married, and in love with your husband; and your friend is in a fituation still more unfavourable to a lover's hopes. This is particularly unfortunate as you are the only two of your bewitching fex in Canada, for whom my heart feels the least sympathy. To be plain, but don't tell the little Major, I am more than half in love with you both, and, if I was the grand Turk, should certainly fit out a fleet, to seize, and bring you to my seraglio.

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at Moring; a chough and Maying ject.

You

I hat George Montage terested the most be the loose allow

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mi essima abollment vin it There is one virtue I admire extremely tion than in you both; I mean, that humane and tencontrary, der compassion for the poor men, which it is not prompts you to be always feen together; o can exif you appeared separate, where is the hero fitions to who could relift either of you? in short, but you, You ask me how I like the French ladies e to wear onvinced

You ask me how I like the French ladies at Montreal: I think them extremely pleafing; and many of them handsome; I thought Madame I fo, even near you and Miss Montague; which is, I think, saying as much as can be said on the subject.

I have just heard by accident that Sir George is arrived at Montreal. Assure Miss Montague, no one can be more warmly interested in her happiness than I am: she is the most perfect work of Heaven; may she be the happiest! I feel much more on this occasion than I can express: a mind like hers must, in marriage, be exquisitely happy

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or miserable: my friendship makes me tremble for her, notwithstanding the worthy character I have heard of Sir George.

es compagned for the to I will defer till another time what I had to fay to Major Melmoth. harvegge nog h I have the honour to be,

Madam,

Zours, &cc. Lane X.

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LETTER X.

Silleri, August 24. HAVE been a month arrived, my dear, without having feen your brother, who is at Montreal, but I am told is expected to-day. I have spent my time however very agreeably. I know not what the winter may be, but I am enchanted with the beauty of this country in fummer; bold, picturesque,

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picturesque, romantic, nature reigns here in all her wanten luxuriance; adorned by a thousand wild graces which mock the cultivated beauties of Europe. The scenery about the town is infinitely lovely; the prospect extensive, and diversified by a variety of hills, woods, rivers, cascades, intermingled with smiling farms and cottages, and bounded by distant mountains which seems to scale the very Heavens.

The days are much hotter here than in England, but the heat is more supportable from the breezes which always spring up about noon; and the evenings are charming beyond expression. We have much thunder and lightening, but very sew instances of their being satal: the thunder is more magnificent and aweful than in Europe, and the lightening brighter and more beautiful; I have even seen it of a clear pale purple, resembling the gay tints of the morning.

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The verdure is equal to that of England, and in the evening acquires an unspeakable beauty from the lucid splendor of the fire-flies sparkling like a thousand little stars on the trees and on the grass.

There are two very noble falls of water near Quebec, la Chaudiere and Montmorenci: the former is a prodigious sheet of water, rushing over the wildest rocks, and forming a scene grotesque, irregular, astonishing: the latter, less wild, less irregular, but more pleasing and more majestic, falls from an immense height, down the side of a romantic mountain, into the river Statawrence, opposite the most smiling part of the island of Orleans, to the cultivated charms of which it forms the most striking and agreeable contrast.

The river of the fame name, which supplies the cascade of Montmorenci, is the most lovely of all inanimate objects: but

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which fupici, is the jects: but why why do I call it inanimate? It almost breathes; I no longer wonder at the enthusiasm of Greece and Rome; twas from objects resembling this their mythology took its rise; it seems the residence of a thousand deities.

Paint to yourself a stupendous rock burft as it were in funder by the hands of nature, to give passage to a small, but very deep and beautiful river; and forming on each fide a regular and magnificent wall, crowned with the noblest woods that can be imagined; the fides of these romantic walls adorned with a variety of the gayest flowers, and in many places his tle streams of the purelt water gushing through, and losing themselves in the river below: a thousand natural grottoes in the rock make you suppose yourself in the abode of the Nereids; as a little island, covered with flowering shrubs, about a mile above the falls, where the river enlarges itself as if to give it room,

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feems

feems intended for the throne of the river goddess. Beyond this, the rapids, formed by the irregular projections of the rock, which in some places seem almost to meet, rival in beauty, as they excel in variety, the cascade itself, and close this little world of enchantment.

In short, the loveliness of this fairy scene alone more than pays the fatigues of my voyage; and, if I ever murmur at having crossed the Atlantic, remind me that I have seen the river Montmorenci.

I can give you a very imperfect account of the people here; I have only examined the landscape about Quebec, and have given very little attention to the figures; the French ladies are handsome, but as to the beaux, they appear to me not at all dangerous, and one might safely walk in a wood by moonlight with the most agreeable Frenchman here. I am not surprized the Canadian ladies take such pains to seduce our

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men from us; but I think it a little hard we have no temptation to make reprifals.

I am at present at an extreme pretty farm on the banks of the river St. Law-rence; the house stands at the foot of a steep mountain covered with a variety of trees, forming a verdant sloping wall, which rises in a kind of regular consuston,

and has in front this noble river, on which the ships continually passing present to the delighted eye the most charming moving picture imaginable; I never saw a place so formed to inspire that pleasing lassitude, that divine inclination to saunter, which may not improperly be called, the luxurious indolence of the country. I intend to build a temple here to the charming goddess of laziness.

A gentleman is just coming down the winding path on the side of the hill, whom by his air I take to be your brother. Adieu!

I must

62 THE HISTORY OF

I must receive him: my father is at Que-

Yours,

ARABELLA FERMOR.

Your brother has given me a very pleasing piece of intelligence: my friend Emily Montague is at Montreal, and is going to be married to great advantage; I must write to her immediately, and insist on her making me a visit before she marries. She came to America two years ago, with her uncle Colonel Montague, who died here, and I imagined was gone back to England; she is however at Montreal with Mrs. Melmoth, a distant relation of her mother's. Adieu! maters chere!

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LETTER XI.

To Mis RIVERS, Clarges Street.

Quebee, Sept. 10.

I Find, my dear, that absence and amusement are the best remedies for a beginning passion; I have passed a fortnight at the Indian village of Lorette, where the novelty of the scene, and the enquiries I have been led to make into their ancient religion and manners, have been of a thousand times more service to me than all the resection in the world would have been.

I will own to you that I staid too long at Montreal, or rather at Major Melmoth's; to be fix weeks in the same house with one of the most amiable, most pleasing of women, was a trying situation to a heart full of sensibility, and of a sensibility.

lity which has been hitherto; from a variety of causes, a good deal restrained. I should have avoided the danger from the first, had it appeared to me what it really was; but I shought myself secure in the consideration of her engagements, a defence however which I sound grow weaker every day.

But to me favages: other nations talk of liberty, they possess it; nothing can be more associations than to see a little village of about thirty or forty families, the small remains of the Hurons, almost exterminated by long and continual war with the Iroquoise, preserve their independence in the midst of an European colony consisting of seventy thousand inhabitants; yet the fact is true of the savages of Lorette; they assert and they maintain that independence with a spirit truly noble. One of our company having said something which an Indian understood as a supposition that they had been subjetts of France, his eyes struck

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tions talk ing can be ttle village the fmall terminated h the Ironce in the infilting of et the fact they afependence our comch an Inthat they eyes Aruck fire.

fire, he dop'd him abruptly, contrary to their respectful and sensible custom of never interrupting the person who speaks, "You mistake, brother, faid he; "we are fubjects to no prince; a favage is free Sall over the world. And he spoke only ruth; they are not only free as a people, ut every individual is perfectly fo. Lord f himfelf, at vonce subject; and master, a avage knows no fuperior, a circumstance thich has a striking effect on his behaviur; unawed by rank or riches, diftinctions nknown amongst his own nation, he would nter as unconcerned, would possess all his owers as freely in the palace of an orien-I monarch, as in the cottage of the mean the peafant cis the species, tis man, tis is equal he respects, without regarding the audy trappings, the accidental advantages, which polified nations pay homage,

nitherwood on to the cheer and placely in I have taken some pains to develop their, refent, as well as past, religious sentipents, because the Jesuit missionaries have

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boatted to much of their convertion; and find they have rather cografted a few of the most plain and simple truebs of Christianity on their ancient forechicions, then exchanged one faith for another they are be prized and even fubmit to what they themselves call the yoke of consession, and worthip according to the outward forms of the Romish church, the drapery of which cannot but firike minds unufed to fplendoes but their belief is very little changed, except that the women feem to pay great revetence to the Virgin, perhaps because flattering to the fex. They anciently believed in one God, the ruler and creator of the universe, whom they called the Great Spiris and the Mafter of Life ; in the fon as his image and representative; in a multitude of inferior spirits and demons; and in a future state of rewards and punishments, or, to use their an phrase, in a country of fouls. They to maded the spiof their departement, but it does not appear that they was them any religious ad pure, hofe (egard oung ulged nder or. nd wi ere di Aries : gros at of bey re gt a ad rea iris fe oling

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ous adoration. Their morals were more pure, their manners more simple, than hole of polished nations, except in what egarded the intercourse of the sexes: the oung women before marriage were inulged in great libertinism, hid however nder the most reserved and decent exteor. They held adultery in abhorrence, nd with the more reason as their marriages tere dissolvable at pleasure. The missioaries are faid to have found no difficulty great in gaining them to Christianity, as hat of perfunding them to marry for life: bey regarded the Christian system of macge as contrary to the laws of nature nd reason; and afferted that, as the Great wirls formed us to be happy, it was opofing his will, to continue together when therwise.

The lex we have to unjustly excluded on power in Europe have a great share the Huron government; the chief is chose

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chose by the matrons from amongst the nearest male relations, by the semale line, of him he is to succeed; and is generally an aunt's or sister's son; a custom which, if we examine strictly into the principle on which it is sounded, seems a little to contradict what we are told of the extreme chastity of the matried ladies.

The power of the chief is extremely limited; he feems rather to advise his people as a father than command them as a malter: yet, as his commands are always reafonable, and for the general good, no prince in the world is so well obeyed. They have a supreme council of ancients, into which every man enters of course at an age fixed, and another of assistants to the chief on common occasions, the members of which are like him elected by the matrons: I am pleased with this last regulation, as women are, beyond all doubt, the best judges of the merit of men; and I should be extremely

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remely pleased to see it adopted in Engand: canvaffing for elections would then e the most agreeable thing in the world, nd I am fure the ladies would give their otes on much more generous principles an we do. In the true fense of the word, are the favages, who fo impolitely deive you of the common rights of citizenip, and leave you no power but that of nich we cannot deprive you, the resistless wer of your charms. By the way, I n't think you are obliged in conscience to cy laws you have had no share in makyour plea would certainly be at least good as that of the Americans, about ich we every day hear so much.

The Hurons have no politive laws; yet ing a people not numerous, with a strong see of honor, and in that state of equations which gives no food to the most torning passions of the human heart, and council of accients having a power to pish atrocious crimes, which power how-

ever

THE HISTORY OF 70

ever they very seldom find occasion to use, they live together in a tranquillity and order which appears to us furprizing.

In more numerous Indian nations, I am sold, every village has its chief and its counmile, and is perfectly independent on the rest; but on great occasions summon a ge neral council, to which every village fend deputies.

Their language is at once sublime an melodious; but, having much fewer idea it is impossible it can be so copious as tho of Europe: the pronunciation of the me is guttural, but they of the women er tremely fost and pleasing; without under standing one word of the language, the found of it is very agreeable to me. The style even in speaking French is bold w metaparial: and I am told is on impo tant occasions extremely sublime, Even common conversation they speak in figure of which I have this moment an inflan A fava

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fublime an h fewer idea pious as tho on of the me e women er vithout under language, th to me. The h is bold an d is on impo lime, Even et an instanc A fava

A favage woman was wounded lately in defending an English family from the drunken rage of one of her nation. I asked her after her wound; "It is well," faid the; " my fifters at Quebec (meaning the English ladies) have been kind to me; and piaftres, you know, are very healing." i sperie mos ni

They have no idea of letters, no alphaet, nor is their language reducible to ules : tis by painting they proferve the semory of the only events which interest or that they think worth recording, he consucts gained over their enemies in arve

When I speak of their paintings, I ould not omit that, though extremely ide, they have a strong resemblance to ie Chinese, a circumstance which struck e the more, as it is not the stile of nature. heir dances also, the most lively pantoseak in figure nimes I ever faw, and especially the dance peace, exhibit variety of attitudes re-

fembling

fembling the figures on Chinese fans; nor have their features and complexion less likeness to the pictures we see of the Tartars, as their wandering manner of life, before they became christians, was the same. 442 03 1.5 .

If I thought it necessary to suppose they were not natives of the country, and that America was peopled later than the other quarters of the world, I should imagine them the descendants of Tartars ; as nothing can be more easy than their passage from Asia, from which America is probably not divided; or, if it is, by a very narrow channel. But I leave this to those who are better informed, being a subject on which I honeftly confess my ignorance. an inter-Sand Post Will of Statement Brooks to

I have already observed, that they retain most of their antient superstitions. I should particularize their belief in dreams, of which folly even repeated disappointments cannot cure them : they have also an uplimitted mite of v lage divid on e t tl rop Fth new id h in in lie cre

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mited faith in their powawers, or conjurers, of whom there is one in every Indian village, who is at once physician, orator, and divine, and who is consulted as an oracle on every occasion. As I happened to smile the recital a savage was making of a rophetic dream, from which he assured us for the death of an English officer whom I new to be alive, "You Europeans," and he, "are the most unreasonable people in the world; you laugh at our belief in dreams, and yet expect us to believe things a thousand times more incredible."

Their general character is difficult to deibe; made up of contrary and even conadictory qualities, they are indolent, traniil, quiet, humane in peace; active, rests, cruel, ferocious in war: courteous,
tentive, hospitable, and even polite, when
adly treated; haughty, stern, viadictive,
hen they are not; and their resentment
the more to be dreaded, as they hold it a
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74 THE HISTORY OF

point of honor to dissemble their sense of an injury till they find an opportunity to revenge it.

They are patient of cold and heat, of hunger and thirst, even beyond all belief when necessity requires, passing whole days, and often three or four days together, without food, in the woods, when on the watch for an enemy, or even on their hunting parties; yet indulging themselves in their feasts even to the most brutal degree of intemperance. They despise death, and suffer the most excruciating tortures not only without a groan, but with an air of triumph; finging heir death fong, deriding their tormentors, and threatening them with the vengeance of their surviving friends: yet hold it honorable to fly before an enemy that appears the least superior in number or force.

Deprived by their extreme ignorance and that indolence which nothing but the

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EMILY MONTAGUE.

ardor for war can furmount, of all the conveniencies, as well as elegant refinements of polished life; strangers to the softer pasions, love being with them on the fame ooting as amongst their sellow-tenants of he woods, their lives appear to me rather ranquil than happy: they have fewer ares, but they have also much fewer enoyments, than fall to our share. I am told, lowever, that, though insensible to love, hey are not without affections; are extemely awake to friendship, and passiontely fond of their children.

hey are of a copper color, which is endered more unpleasing by a quantity of parse red on their cheeks; but de chilten, when born, are of a pale filver white; erhaps their indelicate custom of greasing s the least super heir bodies, and their being so much exofed to the air and fun even from inancy, may cause that total change of comlexion, which I know not how otherwife o account for: their hair is black and

YOF

e their sense of opportunity to

and heat, of yond all belief ing whole days, together, withen on the watch eir hunting parselves in their al degree of in

leath, and suffer tures not only ith an air of

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shining, the women's very long, parted at the top, and combed back, tied behind, and often twisted with a thong of leather, which they think very ornamental: the dress of both sexes is a close jacket, reaching to their knees, with spatterdashes, all of coarse blue cloth, shoes of deer-skin, embroidered with porcupine quills, and sometimes with silver spangles; and a blanket thrown across their shoulders, and fastened before with a kind of bodkin, with necklaces, and other ornaments of beads or shells.

They are in general tall, well made, and agile to the last degree; have a lively imagination, a strong memory; and, as far as their interests are concerned, are very dextrous politicians.

Their address is cold and reserved; but their treatment of strangers, and the unhappy, infinitely kind and hospitable. A very worthy priest, with whom I am ac-

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long, parted at k, tied behind, ong of leather, mamental: the e jacket, reachatterdashes, all s of deer-skin, ne quills, and angles; and a shoulders, and nd of bodkin, ornaments of

well made, and we a lively ima-; and, as far as d, are very dex-

d referved; but
s, and the unhospitable. A
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quainted at Quebec, was some years since hipwrecked in December on the island of Anticosti: after a variety of distresses, not difficult to be imagined on an island without inhabitants, during the severity of a vinter even colder than that of Canada; e, with the small remains of his compaions who furvived fuch complicated difress, early in the spring, reached the main. and in their boat, and wandered to a cabin of favages; the ancient of which, havng heard his story, bid him enter, and lierally supplied their wants: "Approach, brother," faid he; " the unhappy have a right to our affistance; we are men, and cannot but feel for the diffresses which happen to men;" a fentiment hich has a strong resemblance to a celerated one in a Greek tragedy.

You will not expect more from me on his subject, as my residence here has been hort, and I can only be said to catch a sew

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marking features flying. I am unable to give you a picture at full length.

Nothing aftonishes me so much as to find their manners so little changed by their intercourse with the Europeans; they seem to have learnt nothing of us but excess in drinking.

The fituation of the village is very fine, on an eminence, gently rifing to a thick wood at some distance, a beautiful little serpentine river in front, on which are a bridge, a mill, and a small cascade, at such a distance as to be very pleasing objects from their houses; and a cultivated country, intermixed with little woods lying between them and Quebec, from which they are distant only nine very short miles.

What a letter have I written! I shall quit my post of historian to your friend Miss Fermor; the ladies love writing much better

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better than we do; and I should perhaps be only just, if I said they write better.

Adieu!

ED. RIVERS.

LETTER XII.

To Miss Rivers, Clarges Street.

Quebec, Sept. 12.

I YESTERDAY morning received a letter from Major Melmoth, to introduce to my acquaintance Sir George Clayton, who brought it; he wanted no other introduction to me than his being dear to the most amiable woman breathing; in virtue of that claim, he may command every civility, every attention in my power. He breakfasted with me yesterday: we were two hours alone, and had a great deal of conversation; we asterwards spent the day together very agreeably, on a party of pleasure in the country.

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I shall or friend ing much better I am going with him this afternoon to vie Miss Fermor, to whom he has a letter from the divine Emily, which he is to deliver himself.

He is very handsome, but not of my favorite style of beauty: extremely fair and blooming, with fine features, light hair and eyes; his countenance not absolutely heavy, but inanimate, and to my taste infipid: finely made, not ungenteel, but without that easy air of the world which I prefer to the most exact symmetry without it. In short, he is what the country ladies in England call a sweet pretty man. He dreffes well, has the finest horses and the handsomest liveries I have seen in His manner is civil but cold. his conversation fensible but not spirited; he feems to be a man rather to approve than to love. Will you excuse me if I fay, he resembles the form my imagination paints of Prometheus's man of clay,

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before he stole the celestial fire to animate him?

Perhaps I ferutinize him too strictly; perhaps I am prejudiced in my judgment by the very high idea I had form'd of the man whom Emily Montague could love. I will own to you, that I thought it impossible for her to be pleased with mere beauty; and I cannot even now change my opinion; I shall find some latent fire, some hidden spark, when we are better acquainted.

I intend to be very intimate with him, to endeavour to see into his very soul; I am hard to please in a husband for my Emily; he must have spirit, he must have sensibility, or he cannot make her happy.

He thank'd me for my civility to Miss Montague: do you know I thought him impertinent? and I am not yet fure he was E c

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not fo, though I faw he meant to be polite.

He comes: our horses are at the door. Adieu!

Yours,

ED. RIVERS.

Eight in the evening.

We are return'd: I every hour like him less. There were several ladies, French and English, with Miss Fermor, all on the rack to engage the Baronet's attention; you have no notion of the effect of a title in America. To do the ladies justice however, he really look'd very handsome; the ride, and the civilities he receiv'd from a circle of pretty women, for they were well chose, gave a glow to his complexion extremely savorable to his desire of pleasing,

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ing, which, through all his calmness, it was impossible not to observe; he even attempted once or twice to be lively, but fail'd: vanity itself could not inspire him with vivacity; yet vanity is certainly his ruling passion, if such a piece of still life can be said to have any passions at all.

What a charm, my dear Lucy, is there in fensibility! 'Tis the magnet which attracts all to itself: virtue may command esteem, understanding and talents admiration, beauty a transient desire; but 'tis fensibility alone which can inspire love.

Yet the tender, the fensible Emily Montague—no, my dear, 'tis impossible: she may fancy she loves him, but it is not in nature; unless she extremely mistakes his character. His approbation of her, for he cannot feel a livelier sentiment, may at present, when with her, raise him a little above his natural vegetative state, but after

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marriage

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marriage he will certainly fink into it again.

If I have the least judgment in men, he will be a cold, civil, inattentive husband; a tasteles, insipid, silent companion; a tranquil, frozen, unimpassion'd lover; his insensibility will secure her from rivals, his vanity will give her all the drapery of happines her friends will congratulate her the will be the envy of her owh without giving politive offence, he will every moment wound, because he is a stranger to all the fine feelings of a heart like hers; she will seek in vain the friend, the lover, she expected; yet, scarce knowing of what to complain, she will accuse herself of caprice, and be astonish'd to find herself wretched with the best busband in the world.

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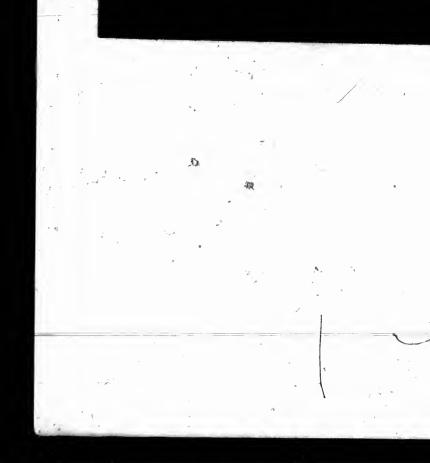
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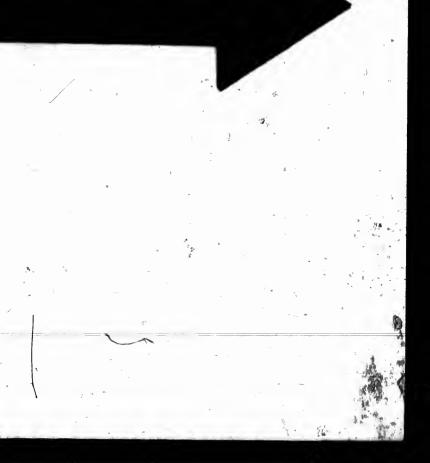
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I tremble for her happiness: I know how few of my own sex are to be sund who have the lively sensibility of yours, and of those few how many wear out their hearts by a life of gallantry and dissipation, and bring only apathy and disgust into marriage! I know sew men capable of making her happy; but this Sir George — my Lucy, I have not patience.

Did I tell you all the men here are in love with your friend Bell Fermor? The women all hate her, which is an unequivocal proof that the pleases the other sex.





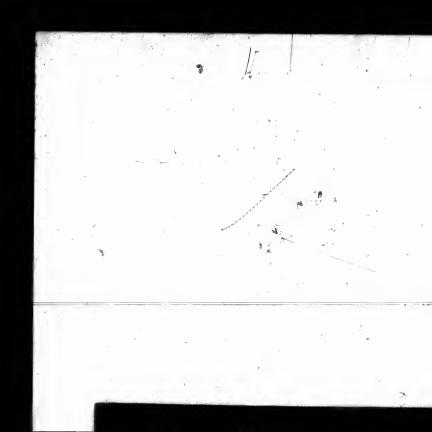
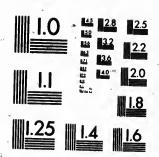




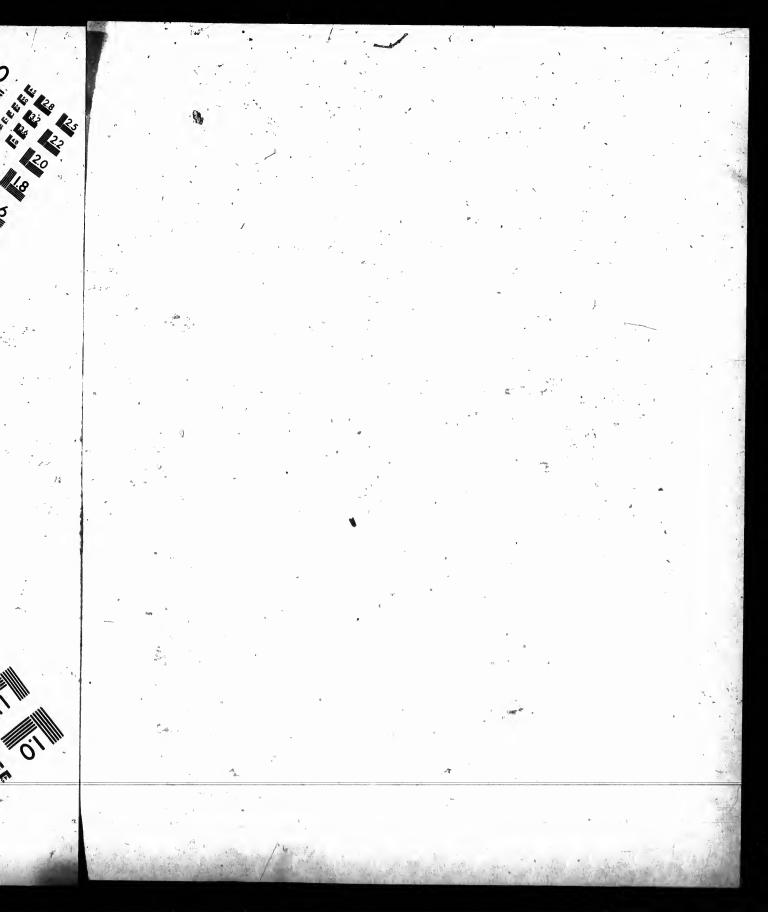
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LETTER XIII.

To Miss Fermor, at Silleri.

Montreal, Sept. 2.

Y dearest Bell will better imagine than I can describe, the pleasure it gave me to hear of her being in Canada; I am impatient to see her, but as Mrs. Melmoth comes in a fortnight to Quebec, I know she will excuse my waiting to come with her. My visit however is to Silleri; I long to see my dear girl, to tell her a thousand little trifles interesting only to friendship.

You congratulate me, my dear, on the pleasing prospect I have before me; on my approaching marriage with a man young, rich, &

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rich, lovely, enamor'd, and of an amiable character.

Yes, my dear, I am oblig'd to my uncle for his choice; Sir George is all you have heard; and, without doubt, loves me, as he marries me with such an inferiority of fortune. I am very happy certainly; how is it possible I should be otherwise?

I could indeed wish my tenderness for him more lively, but perhaps my wishes are romantic. I prefer him to all his sex, but wish my preference was of a less languid nature; there is something in it more like friendship than love; I see him with pleasure, but I part from him without regret; yet he deserves my affection, and I can have no objection to him which is not sounded in caprice.

You say true; Colonel Rivers is very amiable; he pass'd six weeks with us, yet

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we found his conversation always new; he is the man on earth of whom one would wish to make a friend; I think I could already trust him with every sentiment of my foul; I have even more confidence in him than in Sir George whom I love; his manner is fost, attentive, infinuating, and particularly adapted to please women. Without designs, without pretensions, he, steals upon you in the character of a friend, because there is not the least appearance of his ever being a lover: he seems to take such an interest in your happiness, as gives him a right to know your every thought. Don't you think, my dear, these kind of men are dangerous? Take care of reelf, my dear Bell; as to me, I am secure in my fituation.

Sir George is to have the pleasure of delivering this to you, and comes again in a few days; love him for my sake, though he

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he deserves it for his own. I affure you, he is extremely worthy.

Adieu i my dear.

Your affectionate

EMILY MONTAGUE.

LETTER XIV.

To John Temples Esq: Pall-Mall.

Quebec, Sept. 15.

BELIEVE me, Jack, you are wrong; this vagrant taste is unnatural, and does not lead to happiness; your eager pursuit of pleasure deseats itself; love gives no true delight but where the heart is attach'd, and you do not give yours time to six. Such is our unhappy frailty, that the tenderest passion may wear out, and another

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are of ain in hough another succeed, but the love of change merely as change is not in nature; where it is a real taste, 'tis a depraved one. Boys are inconstant from vanity and affectation, old men from decay of passion; but men, and particularly men of sense, find their happiness only in that lively attachment of which it is impossible for more than one to be the object. Love is an intellectual pleasure, and even the senses will be weakly affected where the heart is silent.

You will find this truth confirmed even within the walls of the feraglio; amidst this crowd of rival beauties, eager to please, one happy fair generally reigns in the heart of the sultan; the rest serve only to gratify his pride and oftentation, and are regarded by him with the same indifference as the furniture of his superb palace, of which they may be said to make a part.

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With your estate, you should marry; I have as many objections to the state as you can have; I mean, on the sooting marriage is at present. But of this I am certain, that two persons at once delicate and sensible, united by friendship, by taste, by a conformity of sentiment, by that lively, ardent, tender inclination which alone deserves the name of love, will find happiness in marriage, which is in vain sought in any other kind of attachment.

You are so happy as to have the power of chusing; you are rich, and have not the temptation to a mercenary engagement. Look round you for a companion, a considerate; a tender amiable friend, with all the charms of a mistress: above all, be certain of her affection, that you engage, that you fill her whole soul. Find such a woman, my dear Temple, and you cannot make too much haste to be happy.

I have a thousand things to say to you, but am setting off immediately with Sir George Clayton, to meet the lieutenant governor at Montreal; a piece of respect which I should pay with the most lively pleasure, if it did not give me the opportunity of seeing the woman in the world I most admire. I am not however going to set you the example of marrying: I am not so happy; she is engaged to the gentleman who goes up with me. Addeu!

Yours,

ED: RIVERS.

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LETTER XV.

To Miss Montague, at Montreal.

Silleri, Sept. 16.

TAKE care, my dear Emily, you do not fall into the common error of sensible and delicate minds, that of refining away your happiness.

Sir George is handsome as an Adonis; you allow him to be of an amiable character; he is rich, young, well born, and loves you; you will have fine cloaths, fine jewels, a fine house, a coach and six; all the douceurs of marriage, with an extreme pretty fellow, who is fond of you, whom you see with pleasure, and prefer to all bis sex; and yet you are discontented, because you have not for him at twenty-four the romantic passion of sisteen, or rather that

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ideal passion which perhaps never existed but in imagination.

To be happy in this world, it is necessary not to raise one's ideas too high: if I loved a man of Sir George's fortune half as well as by your own account you love him, I should not hesitate one moment about marrying; but sit down contented with ease, affluence, and an agreeable man, without expecting to find life what it certainly is not, a state of continual rapture. 'Tis, I am asraid, my dear, your missortune to have too much sensibility to be happy.

I could moralize exceedingly well this morning on the vanity of human wifnes and expectations, and the folly of hoping for felicity in this vile sublunary world: but the subject is a little exhausted, and I have a passion for being original. I think all the moral writers, who have set off with promising to shew us the road to happiness, have obligingly ended with telling us there

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h propiness, s there is is no fuch thing; a conclusion extremely consoling, and which if they had drawn before they set pen to paper, would have faved both themselves and their readers an infinity of trouble. This fancy of hunting for what one knows is not to be found, is really an ingenious way of amusing both one's self and the world: I wish people would either write to some purpose, or be so good as not to write at all.

I believe I shall set about writing a system of ethics myself, which shall be short, clear, and comprehensive; nearer the Epicurean perhaps than the Stoic; but rural, refined, and sentimental; rural by all means; for who does not know that virtue is a country gentlewoman, all the good mammas will tell you, there is no such being to be heard of in town.

I shall certainly be glad to see you, my dear; though I foresee strange revolutions in the state of Denmark from this event;

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at present I have all the men to myself, and you must know I have a prodigious aversion to divided empire: however, tis some comfort they all know you are going to be married. You may come, Emily; only be so obliging to bring Sir George along with you: in your present situation, you are not so very formidable.

The men here, as I said before, are all dying for me; there are many handsomer women, but I statter them, and the dear creatures cannot resist it. I am a very good girl to women, but naturally artful (if you will allow the expression) to the other sex; I can blush, look down, stifle a sigh, stutter my fan, and seem so agreeably consused, you have no notion, my dear, what sools men are. If you had not got the start of me, I would have had your little white haired baronet in a week, and yet I don't take him to be made of very combustible materials; rather mild, composed, and pretty,

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pretty, I believe; but he has vanity, which is quite enough for my purpose,

Either your love or Colonel Rivers will have the honor to deliver this letter; 'tis rather cruel to take them both from us at once; however, we shall foon be made amends; for we shall have a torrent of beaux with the general."

Don't you think the fun in this country vastly more chearing than in England? I am charmed with the fun, to fay nothing of the moon, though to be fure I never faw a moon-light night that deserved the name till I came to America.

Mon cher pere desires a thousand compliments; you know he has been in love. with you ever fince you were feven years old: he is vastly better for his voyage, and the clear air of Canada, and looks ten years younger than before he set out.

Vol. I.

Adieu

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Adieu! I am going to ramble in the woods, and pick berries, with a little smiling civil captain, who is enamoured of me: a pretty rural amusement for lovers!

Good morrow, my dear Emily,

A. FERMOR.

LETTER XVI.

To Miss RIVERS, Clarges Street.

Silleri, Sept. 18.4

YOUR brother, my dear, is gone to Montreal with Sir George Clayton, of whom I suppose you have heard, and who is going to marry a friend of mine, to pay a visit to Monsseyr le General, who is arrived there. The men in Canada, the English I mean, are eternally changing

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I.

gone to Clayton, and, and mine, to who is ida, the hanging place, even when they have not so pleasing a call; travelling is cheap and amusing, the prospects lovely, the weather inviting; and there are no very lively pleasures at present to attach them either to Quebec or Montreal, so that they divide themselves between both.

This fancy of the men, which is extremely the mode, makes an agreeable circulation of inamoratoes, which serves to vary the amusement of the ladies; so that upon the whole 'tis a pretty fashion, and deserves encouragement.

You expect too much of your brother, my dear; the summer is charming here, but with no such very striking difference from that of England, as to give room to say a vast deal on the subject; though I believe, if you will please to compare our letters, you will find, putting us together, we cut a pretty sigure in the descriptive way; at least if your brother tells me truth.

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You may expect a very well painted frostpiece from me in the winter; as to the
present season, it is just like any fine autumn in England: I may add, that the
beauty of the nights is much beyond my
power of description: a constant Aurora
borealis, without a cloud in the heavens;
and a moon so resplendent that you may
see to read the smallest print by its light;
one has nothing to wish but that it was
full moon every night. Our evening walks
are delicious, especially at Silleri, where
'tis the pleasantest thing in the world to listen to soft nonsense,

While the moon dances through the trem-

(A line I stole from Philander and Sylvia): But to return:

The French ladies never walk but at night, which shews their good taste; and then

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EMILY MONTAGUE. 101

then only within the walls of Quebec, which does not: they faunter flowly, after supper, on a particular battery, which is a kind of little Mall: they have no idea of walking in the country, nor the least feeling of the lovely scene around them; there are many of them who never faw the falls of Montmorenci, though little more than an hour's drive from the town. They feem born without the smallest portion of curiofity, or any idea of the pleasures of the imagination, or indeed any pleasure but that of being admired; love, or rather coquetry, dress, and devotion, seem to share all their hours: yet, as they are lively, and in general handsome, the men are very ready to excuse their want of knowledge.

There are two ladies in the province, I am told, who read; but both of them are above fifty, and they are regarded as prodigies of erudition.

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Eight in the evening.

Absolutely, Lucy, I will marry a savage, and turn squaw (a pretty soft name for an Indian princess!): never was any thing so delightful as their lives; they talk of French husbands, but commend me to an Indian one, who lets his wife ramble five hundred miles, without asking where she is going.

I was sitting after dinner with a book, in a thicket of hawthorn near the beach, when a loud laugh called my attention to the river, where I saw a canoe of savages making to the shore; there were six women, and two or three children, without one man amongst them: they landed, tied the canoe to the root of a tree, and finding out the most agreeable shady spot amongst the bushes with which the beach was covered, which happened to be very near

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me, made a fire, on which they laid some fish to broil, and, setching water from the river, sat down on the grass to their frugal repast.

I stole softly to the house, and, ordering a fervant to bring fome wine and cold provisions, returned to my squaws : I asked them in French if they were of Lorette; they shook their heads: I repeated the question in English, when the oldest of the women told me they were not; that their country was on the borders of New England; that, their husbands being on a hunting party in the woods, curiofity, and the defire of feeing their brethren the English who had conquered Quebec, had brought them up the great river, down which they should return as soon as they had seen Montreal. She courteously asked me to sit down, and eat with them; which I complied with, and produced my part of the feast. We foon became good company, and brighten'd the

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wine, which put them into such spirits, that they danced, sung, shook me by the hand, and grew so very fond of me, that I began to be afraid I should not easily get rid of them. They were very unwilling to part with me; but, after two or three very ridiculous hours, I with some difficulty prevailed on the ladies to pursue their voyage, having first replenished their canoe with provisions and a few bottles of wine, and given them a letter of recommendation to your brother, that they might be in no distress at Montreal.

Adieu! my father is just come in, and has brought some company with him from Quebec to supper.

Yours ever,

A. FERMOR.

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Don't you think, my dear, my good fifters the squaws seem to live something the kind of life of our gypsies? The idea struck me as they were dancing. I assure you, there is a good deal of resemblance in their persons: I have seen a sine old seasoned semale gypsey, of as dark a complexion as a savage; they are all equally marked as children of the sun.

LETTER XVII.

To Miss RIVERS, Clarges Street.

Repentigny, Sept. 18, ten at night.

I Study my fellow traveller closely; his character, indeed, is not difficult to afcertain; his feelings are dull, nothing makes

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the least impression on him; he is as insensible to the various beauties of the charming country through which we have travelled, as the very Canadian peasants themselves who inhabit it. I watched his eyes at some of the most beautiful prospects, and saw not the least gleam of pleasure there: I introduced him here to an extreme handsome French lady, and as lively as she is handsome, the wife of an officer who is of my acquaintance; the same tasteless composure prevailed; he complained of fatigue, and retired to his apartment at eight: the samily are now in bed, and I have an hour to give to my dear Lucy.

He admires Emily because he has seen her admired by all the world, but he cannot taste her charms of himself; they are not of a stile to please him: I cannot support the thought of such a woman's being so lost; there are a thousand insensible good young women to be found, who would doze away life with him and be happy.

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A rich, sober, sedate, presbyterian citizen's daughter, educated by her grand-mother in the country, who would roll about with him in unwieldy splendor, and dream away a lazy existence, would be the proper wise for him. Is it for him, a lifeless composition of earth and water, to unite himself to the active elements which compose my divine Emily?

Adieu! my dear! we fet out early in the morning for Montreal.

Your affectionate

ED. RIVERS.

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LETTER XVIII.

To Mils RIVERS, Clarges Street.

Montreal, Sept. 19, eleven o'clock. TO, my dear, it is impossible she can love him; his dull foul is ill suited to hers; heavy, unmeaning, formal; a slave to rules, to ceremony, to etiquette, he has not an idea above those of a gentleman He has been three hours in town without seeing her; dressing, and waiting to pay his compliments first to the general, who is riding, and every minute expected back. I am all impatience, though only her friend, but think it would be indecent in me to go without him, and look like a defign of reproaching his coldness. How differently are we form'd! I should have stole a moment to fee the woman I loved from the first prince in the universe.

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The general is returned. Adieu! till our visit is over; we go from thence to Major Melmoth's, whose family I should have told you are in town, and not half a street from us. What a soul of fire has this lover! 'Tis to profane the word to use it in speaking of him.

One o'clock;

I am mistaken, Lucy; astonishing as it is, she loves him; this dull clod of uninformed earth has touched the lively soul of my Emily. Love is indeed the child of caprice; I will not say of sympathy, for what sympathy can there be between two hearts so different? I am hurt, she is lowered in my esteem; I expected to find in the man she loved, a mind sensible and tender as her own.

I repeat it, my dear Lucy, she loves him; I observed her when we entered the room;

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she blushed, she turned pale, she trembled, her voice faltered; every look spoke the strong emotion of her soul.

She is paler than when I saw her last; she is, I think, less beautiful, but more touching than ever; there is a languor in her air, a softness in her countenance, which are the genuine marks of a heart in love; all the tenderness of her soul is in her eyes.

Shall I own to you all my injustice? I hate this man for having the happiness to please her: I cannot even behave to him with the politeness due to every gentleman.

I begin to fear my weakness is greater than I supposed.

22d in the evening.

I am certainly mad, Lucy; what right have I to expect!—you will fcarce believe

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the excess of my folly. I went after dinner to Major Melmoth's; I found Emily at piquetawith Sir George: can you conceive that I fancied myfelf ill used, that I scarce poke to her, and returned immediately home, though strongly pressed to spend the evening there? I walked two or three times about my room, took my hat, and went to visit the handsomest Frenchwoman at Montreal, whose windows are directly opposite to Major Melmoth's; in the excess of my anger, I asked this lady to dance with me to-morrow at a little ball we are to have out of town. Can you imagine any behaviour more childish? It would have been scarce pardonable at sixteen.

Adieu! my letter is called for. write to you again in a few days.

Yours.

ED. RIVERS.

Major Melmoth tells me, they are to be married in a month at Quebec,

and to embark immediately for England. I will not be there; I cannot bear to see her devote herfelf to wretchedness: she will be the most unhappy of her sex with this man; I see clearly into his character; his virtue is the mere absence of vice; his good qualities are all of the negative kind.

LETTER XIX.

To Miss FERMOR, at Silleri.

Montreal, Sept. 24.

I HAVE but a moment, my dear, to acknowledge your last; this week has been a continual hurry.

You mistake me; it is not the romantic passion of fisteen I wish to feel, but that tender lively friendship which alone can give that mit in c

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give charms to so intimate an union as that of marriage. I wish a greater conformity in our characters, in our sentiments, in our tastes.

But I will fay no more on this subject till I have the pleasure of seeing you at Silleri. Mrs. Melmoth and I come in a ship which fails in a day or two; they tell us, it is the most agreeable way of coming: Colonel Rivers is so polite, as to stay to accompany us down: Major Melmoth asked Sir George, but he preferred the pleasure of parading into Quebec, and shewing his fine horses and fine person to advantage, to that of attending his mistress: shall I own to you that I am hurt at this instance of his neglect, as I know his attendance on the general was not expected? His situation was more than a fufficient excuse; it was highly improper for two women to go to Quebec alone; it is in some degree so that any other man should accompany me at this time: my pride is extremely wounded. I expect a thousand

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thousand times more attention from him since his acquisition of fortune; it is with pain I tell you, my dear friend, he seems to shew me much less. I will not descend to suppose he presumes on this increase of fortune, but he presumes on the inclination he supposes I have for him; an inclination, however, not violent enough to make me submit to the least ill treatment from him.

In my present state of mind, I am extremely hard to please; either his behaviour or my temper have suffered a change. I know not how it is, but I see his faulta in a much stronger light than I have ever seen them before. I am alarmed at the coldness of his disposition, so ill suited to the sensibility of mine; I begin to doubt his being of the amiable character I once supposed: in short, I begin to doubt of the possibility of his making me happy.

You will, perhaps, call it an excess of pride, when I say, I am much less inclined

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EMILY MONTAGUE.

to marry him than when our fituations were equal. I certainly love him; I have a habit of confidering him as the man I am to marry, but my affection is not of that kind which will make me easy under the sense of an obligation.

I will open all my heart to you when we meet: I am not so happy as you imagine: do not accuse me of caprice; can I be too cautious, where the happiness of my whole life is at stake?

Adieu !

Your faithful

EMILY MONTAGUE.

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LETTER XX.

To Miss RIVERS, Clarges Street.

Silleri, Sept. 24. Declare off at once; I will not be a I squaw; I admire their talking of the liberty of favages; in the most effential point, they are flaves: the mothers marry their children without ever consulting their inclinations, and they are obliged to submit to this foolish tyranny. Dear England! where liberty appears, not as here among these odious savages, wild and ferocious like themselves, but lovely, smiling, led by the hand of the Graces. There is no true freedom any where elfe. They may talk of the privilege of chusing a chieft but what is that to the dear English privilege of chusing a husband?

I have been at an Indian wedding, and have no patience. Never did I see so vile an affortment.

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EMILY MONTAGUE. 117

Adieu! I shall not be in good humor this month.

Yours,

A. FERMOR.

LETTER XXI.

To John Temple, Efq. Pall Mall.

Montreal, Sept. 24.

WHAT you say, my dear friend, is more true than I wish it was; our English women of character are generally too reserved; their manner is cold and forbidding; they seem to think it a crime to be too attractive; they appear almost assaid to please.

'Tis to this ill-judged referve I attribute the low profligacy of too many of our young men; the grave faces and distant beha-

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viour of the generality of virtuous women fright them from their acquaintance, and drive them into the society of those wretched votaries of vice, whose conversation debases every sentiment of their souls.

With as much beauty, good sense, sensibility, and softness, at least, as any women on earth, no women please so little as the English: depending on their native charms, and on those really amiable qualities which envy cannot deny them, they are too careless in acquiring those enchanting nameless graces, which no language can define, which give resistless force to beauty, and even supply its place where it is wanting.

They are satisfied with being good, without considering that unadorned virtue may command esteem, but will never excite love; and both are necessary in marriage, which I suppose to be the state every woman of honor has in prospect; for

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I own myself rather incredulous as to the affertions of maiden aunts and coufins to the contrary. I wish my amiable country women would confider one moment, that virtue is never so lovely as when dressed in smiles: the virtue of women should have all the foftness of the sex; it should be gentle, it should be even playful, to please.

There is a lady here, whom I wish you to see, as the shortest way of explaining to you all I mean; she is the most pleasing woman I ever beheld, independently of her being one of the handsomest; her manner is irreliftible: she has all the smiling graces of France, all the blushing delicacy and native foftness of England.

Nothing can be more delicate, my dear Temple, than the manner in which you offer me your estate in Rutland, by way of anticipating your intended legacy : it is however impossible for me to accept it; my

father,

father, who saw me naturally more profuse than became my expectations, took such pains to counterwork it by inspiring me with the love of independence, that L cannot have such an obligation even to you.

Besides, your legacy is lest on the supposition that you are not to marry, and I am absolutely determined you shall; so that, by accepting this mark of your esteem, I should be robbing your younger children.

I have not a wish to be richer whilst I am a bachelor, and the only woman I ever wished to marry, the only one my heart desires, will be in three weeks the wise of another; I shall spend less than my income here: shall I not then be rich? To make you easy, know I have four thousand pounds in the funds, and that, from the equality of living here, an ensign is obliged to spend near as much as I am; he is inevitably ruined, but I save money.

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Wo.

I pity you, my friend; I am hurt to hear you talk of happiness in the life you at present lead: of finding pleasure in pos sessing venal beauty; you are in danger of acquiring a habit which will vitiate your taste, and exclude you from that state of he fuprefined and tender friendship for which nature formed a heart like yours, and which is only to be found in marriage: I need not add, in a marriage of choice.

> It has been faid that love marriages are generally unhappy; nothing is more false; marriages of mere inclination will always be so: passion alone being concerned, when that is gratified, all tenderness ceases of course: but love, the gay child of sympathy and esteem, is, when attended by dolicacy, the only happiness worth a reasonable man's pursuit, and the choicest gift of heaven: it is a softer, tenderer friendship, enlivened by tafte, and by the most ardent Vol. I. desire

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defire of pleafing, which time, instead of destroying, will render every hour more dear and interesting.

If, as you possibly will, you should call me romantic, hear a man of pleasure on the subject, the Petronius of the last age, the elegant but voluptuous St. Evremond, who speaks in the following manner of the friendship between married persons:

"I believe it is this pleasing intercourse of tenderness, this reciprocation of escape, or, if you will, this mutual ardor of preventing each other in every endearing mark of affection, in which confists the sweetness of this second species of friendship.

"I do not speak of other pleasures, "which are not so much in themselves as in the assurance they give of the entire possession of those we love this appears

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leafures, felves as he entire s appears Tec to " to me so true, that I am not afraid to ! effect, the man who is by any other

means certainly affured of the tender-

e ness of her he loves, may easily sup-" port the privation of those pleasures;

er and that they ought not to enter into

es the account of friendship, but as proofs

ethat it is without reserve.

"Tis true, few men are capable of the purity of these sentiments, and 'tis for

"that reason we so very seldom see per-

" fect friendship in marriage, at least for any long time: the object which a fen-

" fual passion has in view cannot long suf-

tain a commerce so noble as that of

" friendship."

You see, the pleasures you so much boast are the least of those which true tenderness has to give, and this in the opinion of a voluptuary.

G 2

My dear Temple, all you have ever known of love is nothing to that sweet confent of souls in unison, that harmony of minds congenial to each other, of which you have not yet an idea.

You have seen beauty, and it has inspired a momentary emotion, but you have never yet had a real attachment; you yet know nothing of that irresistible tenderness, that delirium of the soul, which, whilst it refines, adds strength to passion.

I perhaps fay too much, but I wish with ardor to see you happy; in which there is the more merit, as I have not the least prospect of being so myself.

I wish you to pursue the plan of life which I myself think most likely to bring happiness, because I know our souls to be of the same frame: we have taken different

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just o maki ferent roads, but you will come back to mine. Awake to delicate pleasures, I have no taste for any other; there are no other for sensible minds. My gallantries have been sew, rather (if it is allowed to speak thus of one's self even to a friend) from elegance of taste than severity of manners; I have loved seldom, because I cannot love without esteem.

Believe me, Jack, the mere pleasure of loving, even without a return, is superior to all the joys of sense where the heart is untouched; the French poet does not exaggerate when he says,

--- Amour ;

Tous les autres plaisirs ne valent pas tes peines.

You will perhaps call me mad I am just come from a woman who is capable of making all mankind so. Adjeud

Yours,

ED. RIVERS.

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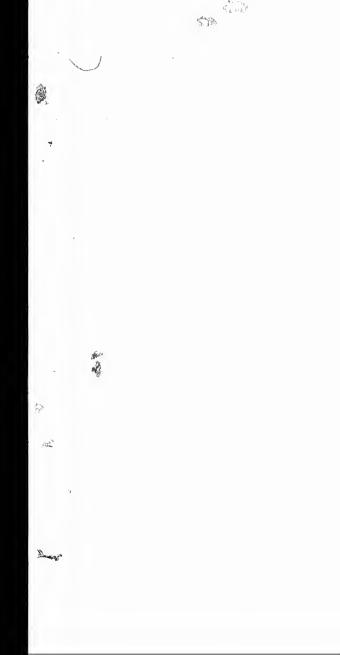
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LETTER XXII.

To Mils RIVERS, Clarges Street.

HAVE been rambling about amongst the peasants, and asking them a thousand questions, in order to satisfy your inquisitive friend. As to my sather, though, properly speaking, your questions are addressed to him, yet, being upon duty, he begs that, for this time, you will accept of an answer from me.

The Canadians live a good deal like the ancient patriarchs; the lands were originally settled by the troops, every officer became a seigneur, or lord of the manor, every soldier took lands under his commander; but, as avarice is natural to mankind, the soldiers took a great deal more than they could cultivate, by way of providing

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viding for a family: which is the reason so much land is now waste in the finest part of the province: those who had children, and in general they have a great number, portioned out their lands amongst them as they married, and lived in the midst of a little world of their descendants.

There are whole villages, and there is even a large island, that of Coudre, where the inhabitants are all the descendants of one pair, if we only suppose that their sons went to the next village for wives, for I find no tradition of their having had a dispensation to marry their sisters.

The corn here is very good, though not equal to ours; the harvest not half so gay as in England, and for this reason, that the lazy creatures leave the greatest part of their land uncultivated, only sowing as much corn of different sorts as will serve themselves; and being too proud and too idle to work for hire, every family gets in

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its own harvest, which prevents all that jovial spirit which we find when the reapers work together in large parties.

Idleness is the reigning passion here, from the peasant to his lord; the gentlemen never either ride on horseback or walk, but are driven about like women, for they never drive themselves, lolling at their ease in a calache: the peasants, I mean the masters of families, are pretty near as useless as their lords.

You will scarce believe me, when I tell you, that I have seen, at the same next us, two children, a very beautiful boy and girl, of about eleven years old, assisted by their grandmother, reaping a field of oats, whilst the lazy father, a strong sellow of thirty-two, lay on the grass, smoking his pipe, about twenty yards from them: the old people and children work here; those in the age of strength and health only take their pleasure.

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A propos to smoking, tis common to fee here boys of three years old, sitting at their doors, smoking their pipes, as grave and composed as little old Chinese men on a chimney.

You ask me after our fruits: we have, as I am told, an immensity of cranberries all the year; when the fnow melts away in fpring, they are said to be found under it as fresh and as good as in autumn: frawberries and rasberries grow wild in profufion; you cannot walk a ftep in the fields without treading on the former great plenty of currants, plumbs, apples, and pears; a few cherries and grapes, but not in much perfection: excellent musk melons, and water melons in abundance, but not fo good in proportion as the musk. Not a peach, nor any thing of the kind; this I am however convinced is less the fault of the climate than of the people, who

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are too indolent to take pains for any thing more than is absolutely necessary to their existence. They might have any fruit here but gooseberries, for which the summer is too hot; there are bushes in the woods, and some have been brought from England, but the fruit falls off before it is ripe. The wild fruits here, especially those of the bramble kind, are in much greater variety and persection than in England.

When I speak of the natural productions of the country, I should not forget that hemp and hops grow every where in the woods; I should imagine the former might be cultivated here with great success, if the people could be persuaded to cultivate any thing.

A little corn of every kind, a little hay, a little tobaceo, half a dozen apple trees, a few onions and cabbages, make the whole of a Canadian plantation. There is scarce a flower except those in the woods, where

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tle hay, e trees, t whole s fcarce , where there there is a variety of the most beautiful shrubs I ever saw; the wild cherry, of which the woods are full, is equally charming in flower and in fruit; and, in my opinion, at least equals the arbutus.

They fow their wheat in spring, never manure the ground, and plough it in the slightest manner; can it then be wondered at that it is inserior to ours? They sancy the frost would destroy it is sown in autumn; but this is all prejudice, as experience has shewn. I myself saw a field of wheat this year at the governor's farm, which was manured and sown in autumn, as sine as I ever saw in England.

I should tell you, they are so indolent as never to manure their lands, or even their gardens; and that, till the English came, all the manure of Quebec was thrown into the river.

G 6

You-

You will judge how naturally rich the foil must be, to produce good crops without manure, and without ever lying fallow, and almost without ploughing; yet our political writers in England never speak of Canada without the epithet of barren. They tell me this extreme fertility is owing to the fnow, which lies five or fix months on the ground. Provisions are dear, which is owing to the prodigious number of horses kept here; every family having a carriage, even the poorest peasant; and every son of that peasant keeping a horse for his little excursions of pleasure, besides those necesfary for the business of the farm. The war also destroyed the breed of cattle, which I am told however begins to increase; they have even so far improved in corn, as to export some this year to Italy and Spain.

Don't you think I am become an excellent farmeres? 'Tis intuition; some people are born learned: are you not all astonishvain

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Shall I own the truth? I had most of my intelligence from old John, who lived long with my grandfather in the country; and who, having little else to do here, has taken some pains to pick up a competent knowledge of the state of agriculture sive miles round Quebec.

Adieu! I am tired of the fubject.

A. FERMOR.

Now I think of it, why did you not write to your brother? Did you chuse me to expose my ignorance? If so, I slatter myself you are a little taken in, for I think John and I sigure in the rural way.

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LETTER

LETTER XXIII.

To Mis RIVERS, Clarges Street.

Silleri, Sept. 29, 10 o'clock.

O TO be fure! we are vastly to be pitied: no beaux at all with the general; only about six to one; a very pretty proportion, and what I hope always to see. We, the ladies I mean, drink chocolate with the general to-morrow, and he gives us a ball on Thursday; you would not know Quebec again; nothing but smiling faces now; all so gay as never was, the sweetest country in the world; never expect to see me in England again; one is really somebody here: I have been asked to dance by only twenty-seven.

On the subject of dancing, I am, as it were, a little embarrassed: you will please

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to observe that, in the time of scarcity, when all the men were at Montreal, I suffered a foolish little captain to sigh and say civil things to me, pour passer le tems, and the creature takes the airs of a lover, to which he has not the least pretensions, and chuses to be angry that I won't dance with him on Thursday, and I positively won't.

It is really pretty enough that every abfurd animal, who takes upon him to make love to one, is to fancy himself entitled to a return: I have no patience with the men's ridiculousnos: have you, Ludy?

But I fee a ship coming down under full sail; it may be Emily and her friends: the colours are all out, they slacken sail; they drop anchor epposite the house, 'tis certainly them; I must sty to the beach: music as I am a person, and an awning on the deck; the boat puts off with your brother in it. Adieu for a moment: I must go and invite them on shore.

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z o'clock.

'Twas Emily and Mrs. Melmoth, with two or three very pretty French women; your brother is a happy man: I found tea and coffee under the awning, and a table loaded with Montreal fruit, which is vastly better than ours; by the way, the colonel has bought me an immensity; he is fo gallant and all that: we regaled ourselves, and landed; they dine here, and we dance in the evening; we are to have a syllabub in the wood : my father has fent for Sir George and Major Melmoth, and half a dozen of the most agreeable men, from Quebec: he is enchanted with his little Emily, he loved her when she was a child. I cannot tell you how happy I am; my Emily is handsomer than ever; you know how partial I am to beauthe I never had a friendship for an ugly woman in my life.

Adieu! ma tres chere.

Yours, ded in he sale

A. FERMOR.

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Your brother looks like an angel this morning; he is not drest, he is not undrest, but somehow, easy, elegant and enchanting: he has no powder, and his hair a little degage, blown about by the wind, and agreeably disordered; such fire in his countenance; his eyes say a thousand agreeable things; he is in such spirits as I never saw him: not a man of them has the least chance to day. I shall be in love with him if he goes on at this rate: not that it will be to any purpose in the world; he never would even slirt with me, though I have made him a thousand advances.

My heart is so light, Lucy, I cannot describe it: I love Emily at my soul: 'tis three years since I saw her, and there is something so romantic in sinding her in Canada: there is no saying how happy I am: I want-only you, to be perfectly so.

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3 o'clock.

The messenger is returned; Sir George is gone with a party of French ladies to Lake Charles: Emily blushed when the message was delivered; he might reasonably suppose they would be here to-day, as the wind was fair: your brother dances with my sweet friend; she loses nothing by the exchange of he is however a little piqued at this appearance of disrespect.

12 a'clock.

Sir George came just as we sat down to supper; he did right, he complained first, and affected to be angry she had not sent an express from Point an Tremble. He was however gayer than usual, and very attentive to his mistress; your brother seemed chagrined at his arrival; Emily perceived it, and redoubled her politeness to him, which in a little time restored part of his

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rceived a him, of his good good humor: upon the whole, it was an agreeable evening, but it would have been more so, if Sir George had come at first, or not at all.

The ladies lie here, and we go all together in the morning to Quebec; the gentlemen are going-

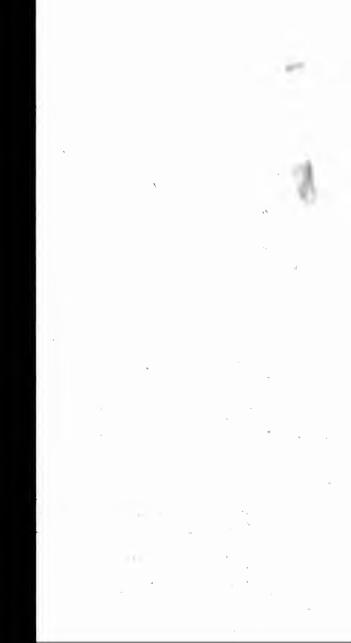
I steal a moment to seal, and give this to the colonel, who will put it in his packet to-morrow.

LETTER XXIV.

To Mis RIVERS, Clarges Street

Quebec, Sept. 30.

WOULD you believe it possible, my dear, that Sir George should decline attending Emily Montague from Montreal.





treal, and leave the pleasing commission to me? I am obliged to him for the three happiest days of my life, yet am piqued at his chusing me for a cecission to his mistress: he seems to think me a man sans consequence, with whom a lady may fafely be trusted; there is nothing very flattering in fuch a kind of confidence: let him take care of himself, if he is impertinent, and sets me at desiance; I am not vain, but set our fortunes afide, and I dare enter the lists with Sir George Clayton. I cannot give her a coach and fix; but I can give her, what is more conducive to happiness, a heart which knows how to value her perfections.

I never had so pleasing a journey; we were three days coming down, because we made it a continual party of pleasure, took music with us, landed once or twice a day, visited the French families we knew, say both nights on shore, and danced at the seigneur's of the village.

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nmission he three This river, from Montreal to Quebec. piqued exhibits a scene perhaps not to be matched his mifin the world; it is fettled on both sides, nan Jans though the fettlements are not so numerous ay fafely on the fouth shore as on the other; the attering lovely confusion of woods, mountains, meaim take dows, corn fields, rivers (for there are sent, and yeral on both fides, which lose themselves but fet in the St. Lawrence), intermixed with ater the churches and houses breaking upon you at -cannot a distance through the trees, form a variety an give of landscapes, to which it is difficult to do piness, justice. er per-

This charming scene, with a clear serene sky, a gentle breeze in our favor, and the conversation of half a dozen sine women, would have made the voyage pleasing to the most insensible man on earth; my Emily too of the party, and most politely attentive to the pleasure she saw I had in making the voyage agreeable to her.

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I every day love her more; and, without considering the impropriety of it, I cannot help giving way to an inclination, in which I find such exquisite pleasure; I find a thousand charms in the least trifle I can do to oblige her.

Don't reason with me on this subject: I know it is madness to continue to see her; but I find a delight in her conversation, which I cannot prevail on myself to give up till she is actually married.

Irespect her engagements, and presend to no more from her than her friendship; but, as to myself, will love her in whatever manner I please: to shew you my prudence, however, I intend to dance with the hand-formest unmarried Frenchwoman here on Thursday, and to shew her an attention which shall destroy all suspicion of my tendersels for Emily. I am jealous of Sir George, and have him; but I shiftemble it better than I thought it possible for me to to.

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My Lucy, I am not happy; my mind is in a state not to be described; I am weak enough to encourage a hope for which there is not the least foundation, I misconstrue her friendship for me every moment; and that attention which is merely gratitude for my apparent anxiety to oblige. I even fancy her understand mine, which I am afraid speak too plainly the fentiments of my heart.

I love her, my dear girl, to madness; there three days

I am interrupted. Adieu! -10-1 harber f egy is not brown has

figures and the best of the control -gel Part , a shirt Ep, Rivers.

r singular gare in great ningion. Tis Capt. Fermor, who infifts on my too medining see Sillers of They wills derand anally throw me in the may of this de in toyely womans of what materials do citing they happle me formed on his ene

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Ar-Lucy, Lammorthoppy; Ty mind is Service E TOTE R OF XXV

cough to encourage of he which which chere To Mis RIVERS, Clarges Street. het friegifing der me every moment send

Silleri, Od. 3, twelve o'clock.

A N enchanting ball, my dear; your La little friend's head is turned. I was more admired than Emily, which to be fure did not flatter my vanity at all . I fee she must content herself with being beloved, for without coquetry tis in vain to expect admiration.

Land in the March ! We had more than three hundred perfons at the ball; above three-fourths men, all gay and well dreffed; an elegant supper; in short, it was charming. Like Cheer Ermon, why make on my

I am half inclined to marry; I am not at all acquainted with the man I have fixed upon, I never spoke to him till last night, nor did he take the least notice of me, more than

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than of other ladies, but that is nothing; he pleases me better than any man I have feen here; he is not handsome, but well made, and looks like a gentleman; he has a good character, is heir to a very pretty estate. I will think further of it: there is nothing more easy than to have him if I chuse it: 'tis only saying to some of his friends, that I think Captain Fitzgerald the most agreeable fellow here, and he will immediately be aftonished he did not sooner find out I was the handsomest woman. I will consider this affair seriously; one must marry, 'tis the mode; every body marries; why don't you marry, Lucy?

This brother of yours is always here; I an furprised Sir George is not jealous, for he pays no fort of attention to me, tis easy to fee why he comes; I dare fay I shan't fee him next week : Emily is going to Mrs. Melmoth's, where the stays till to-morrow sevennight; the goes from hence as soon as dinner is over. Vot. I.

Adieu !

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Adieu I I am fatigued; we danced till morning; I am but this moment up.

Yours,

A FERMOR.

Your brother danced with Mademoiselle Clairaut; do you know I was piqued he did not give me the preference, as Emily danced with her lover? not but that I had perhaps a partner full as agreeable, at least I have a mind to think so.

I hear it whispered that the whole affair of the wedding is to be settled next week; my father is in the secret, I am not. Emily looks ill this morning; she was not gay at the ball. I know not why, but she is not happy. I have my fancies, but they are yet only fancies,

Adieu! my dear girl; I can no more.

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LETTER XXVI.

To Mis RIVERS, Clarges Street.

Quebec, Od. 6.

AM going, my Lucy. - I know not well whither I am going, but I will not fray to see this marriage. Could you have believed it possible?—But what folly! Did I not know her fituation from the first? Could I suppose she would break off an engagement of years, with a man who gives fo clear a proof that he prefers her to all other women, to humor the frenzy of one who has never even told her he loved her?

Captain Fermor assures me all is settled but the day, and that she has promised to name that to-morrow.

I will leave Quebec to-night; no one shall know the road I take: I do not yet know it myself; I will cross over to Point

Levi with my valet de chambre, and go wherever chance directs me. I cannot bear even to hear the day named. I am strongly inclined to write to her; but what can I say? I should be ray my tenderness in spite of myself, and her compassion would perhaps disturb her approaching happiness: were it even possible she should prefer me to Sir George, she is too far gone to recede.

My Lucy, I never till this moment felt to what an excess I loved her.

Adieu! I shall be about a fortnight absent; by that time she will be embarked for
England. I cannot bring myself to see her
the wise of another. Do not be alarmed for
me; reason and the impossibility of success
will conquer my passion for this angelic
woman; I have been to blame in allowing
myself to see her so often.

Yours,

Ed. RIVERS.

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To Miss RIVERS, Clarges Street.

Beaumont, Oct. 7.

I THINK I breathe a freer air now I am out of Quebec. I cannot bear whereever I go to meet this Sir George; his triumphant air is insupportable; he has, or I fancy he has, all the insolence of a happy rival; 'tis unjust, but I cannot avoid hating him; I look on him as a man who has deprived me of a good to which I soolishly fancy I had pretensions.

My whole behaviour has been weak to the last degree: I shall grow more reasonable when I no longer see this charming woman; I ought sooner to have taken this step.

I have found here an excuse for my excursion; I have heard of an estate to be

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fold down the river; and am told the purchase will be less expence than clearing any lands I might take up. I will go and see it; it is an object, a pursuit, and will amuse me.

I am going to fend my servant back to Quebec; my manner of leaving it must appear extraordinary to my friends; I have therefore made this estate my excuse. I have written to Miss Fermor that I am going to make a purchase; have begged my warmest wishes to her lovely stiend, for whose happiness no one on earth is more anxious; but have told her Sir George is too much the object of my envy, to expect from me very sincere congratulations.

Adieu! my servant waits for this. You shall hear an account of my adventures when I return to Quebec.

Yours,

ED. RIVERS.

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LETTER XXVIII.

To Miss Fermor, at Silleri.

Quebec, Oct. 7, twelve o'clock.

I MUST fee you, my dear, this evening; my mind is in an agitation not to be expressed; a few hours will determine my happiness or misery for ever; I am displeased with your father for precipitating a determination which cannot be made with too much caution.

I have a thousand things to say to you, which I can say to no one else.

Be at home, and alone; I will come to you as foon as dinner is over.

Adieu!

Your affectionate

EMILY MONTAGUE.

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LETTER XXIX.

To Miss Montague, at Quebec.

WILL be at home, my dear, and denied to every body but you.

I pity you, my dear Emily; but I am unable to give you advice.

The world would wonder at your hefitating a moment.

Your faithful

A. FERMOR.

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LETTER XXX.

To Miss FERMOR, Silleri.

Quebec, On the thire o'clock.

Y visit to you is prevented by an event beyond my hopes. Sir George has this moment a letter from his mother, desiring him earnestly to postpone his marriage till fpring, for some reasons of consequence to his fortune, with the particulars of which she will acquaint him by the next packet.

He communicated this intelligence to me with a grave air, but with a tranquillity not to be described, and I received it with a joy I found it impossible wholly to conceat

I have now time to confult both my. heart and my reason at leisure, and to break with him, if necessary, by degrees.

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What an escape have I had I I was within four-and-twenty hours of either determining to marry a man with whom I fear I have little chance to be happy, or of breaking with him in a manner that would have subjected one or both of us to the censures of a prying impertinent world, whose consures the most steady temper cannot always contemn.

I will own to you, my dear, I every hour have more dread of this marriage: his present situation has brought his faults into full light. Captain Clayton, with little more than his commission, was modest, humble, assable to his inferiors, polite to all the world; and I fancied him possessed of those more active virtues, which I supposed the smallness of his fortune prevented from appearing. Tis with pain I see that Sie George, with a splendid income, is avaricious, selfish, proud, vain, and prosus; lavish to every caprice of vanity and often-

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tation which regards himself, coldly inattentive to the real wants of others.

Is this a character to make your Emily happy? we were not formed for each other: no two minds were ever fo different; my happinels is in friendship, in the tender affections, in the sweets of dear domestic life; his in the idle parade of assume, in dress, in equipage, in all that splendor, which, whilst it excites envy, is too often the mark of wretchedness.

Shall I say more? Marriage is seldom happy where there is a great disproportion of fortune. The lover, after he loses that endearing character in the husband, which in common minds I am afraid is not long, begins to reslect how many more thousands he might have expected; and perhaps sufpects his mistress of those interested motives in marrying, of which he now feels his own heart capable. Coldness, suspicion.

cion, and mutual want of esteem and confidence, follow of course.

I will come back with you to Silleri this evening; I have no happiness but when I am with you. Mrs. Melmoth is so fond of Sir George, she is eternally perfecuting me with his praises; she is extremely mortified at this delay, and very angry at the manner in which I behave upon it.

Come to us directly, my dear Bell, and rejoice with your faithful

EMILY MONTAGUE.

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LETTER XXXI

To Mile Montague, at Quebec.

I CONGRATULATE you, my dear; you will at least have the pleasure of being five or six months longer your own mistress; which,

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ar, you f being istress; which, which, in my opinion, when one is not violently in love, is a confideration worth attending to. You will also have time to see whether you like any body else better; and you know you can take him if you please at last.

Send him up to his regiment at Montreal with the Melmoths; Ray the winter with me, flirt with fomebody else to try the Arength of your passion, and, if it holds out against six months absence, and the attention of an agreeable sellow, I think you may safely venture to marry him.

A propos to flirting, have you seen Colonel Rivers? He has not been here these two days. I shall begin to be jealous of this little impertinent Mademoiselle Clairaut. Adieu!

Yours,

A. FERMOR.

Rivera

Rivers is absurd. I have a mighty foolish letter from him; he is rambling about the country, buying estates: he had better have been here, playing the fool with us; if I knew how to write to him I would tell him so, but he is got out of the range of human beings, down the river, Heaven knows where; he says a thousand civil things to you, but I will bring the letter with me to save the trouble of repeating them.

I have a fort of an idea he won't be very unhappy at this delay; I want vastly to send him word of it.

Adieu! ma chere.

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LETTER XXXII.

To Mis RIVERS, Clarges Street.

Kamaraficas, Oct. 10.

AM at present, my dear Lucy, in the wildest country on earth; I mean of those which are inhabited at all: 'tis for several leagues almost a continual forest, with only a few straggling houses on the river side; 'tis however of not the least consequence to me; all places are equal to me where Emily is not.

I feek amusement, but without finding it: she is never one moment from my thoughts; I am every hour on the point of returning to Quebec; I cannot support the idea of her leaving the country without my seeing her.

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'Tis a lady who has this estate to sell: I am at present at her house; she is very amiable; a widow about thirty, with an agreeable person, great vivacity, an excellent understanding, improved by reading, to which the boolure solitude of her situation has obtieted her; she has an open pleasing countenance, with a candor and fincerity in her conversation which would please me, if my mind was in a state to be pleased with any thing. Through all the attention and civility I think myself obliged to shew her, the feems to perceive the melancholy which I cannot shake off: she is always contriving some little party for me, as if she knew how much I am in want of amusement.

OA. 13

Madame Des Roches is very kind e fees my chagrin, and takes every m

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to divert it: she insists on my going in her shallop to see the last settlement on the ver, opposite the Isle of Barnaby; she does me the honor to accompany me, with a gentleman and lady who live about a mile from her.

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Ide Barnaby, Oct. 13.

I have been paying a very fingular visit; 'tis to a hermit, who has lived fixty. years alone on this island; I came to him. with a strong prejudice against him; I have no opinion of those who fly society; who feek a state of all others the most contrary to our nature, Were I a tyrant, and wished to inflict the most cruel punishment human nature could support, I would feclude criminals from the joys of fociety, and deny them the endearing fight of their species.

I am certain I could not exist a year alone: I am miserable den in that degree

of folitude to which one is confined in a ship; no words can speak the joy which I felt when I came to America, on the first appearance of something like the chearful haunts of men; the first man, the first house, nay the first Indian fire of which I saw the smoke rise above the trees, gave me the most lively transport that can be conceived; I felt all the force of those ties which unite us to each other, of that social love to which we owe all our happiness here.

But to my hermit: his appearance difarmed my diflike; he is a tall old man, with white hair and beard, the look of one who has known better days, and the strongest marks of benevolence in his countenance. He received me with the urmost hospitality, spread all his little stores of fruit before me, setched me fresh milk, and water from a spring near his house.

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After a little conversation, I expressed my assonishment, that a man of whose kindness and humanity I had just had fuch proof, could find his happiness in stying mankind: I said a good deal on the subject, to which he listened with the politest attention.

"You appear," faid he, " of a temper to pity the miseries of others. My story is short and simple: I loved the most amiable of women; I was beloved. The avarice of our parents, who both had more gainful views for us, prevented an union on which our happiness depended. My Louisa, who was threatened with an immediate marriage with a man she detelled, proposed to me to sty the tyranny of our friends: she had an uncle at Quebec, to whom she was dear. The wilds of Canada, said she, "may afford us that resuge and cruel country denies

164 FISTORY OF

" us. After a secret marriage, we embarked. Gur voyage was thus far happy; I landed on the opposite shore so seek refreshments for my Louisa; I was returning, pleased with the thought of obliging the object of all my tenderness, when a beginning storm drove me to seek shelter in this bay. The storm increased; I saw its progress with agonies not to be described; " the ship, which was in fight, was unable to refift its fury the failors crowded " into the boat; they had the humanity to " place my Louisa there; they made for the foot where I was; my eyes were wildly fixed on them; I stood eagerly on the utmost verge of the water, my arms of firetched out to receive her, my prayers " ardently addressed to Heaven, when an "immense we've broke over the boat; I heard a general shrick Leven sancied I " distinguished my Louis's cries; it sub-" sided, the sailors gain exerted all their force; a second wave—I saw them no " more.

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"Never will that dreadful scene be aber fent one moment from my memory: I " fell senseless on the beach; when I returned to life, the first object I beheld was the breathless body of my Louisa at " my feet. Heaven gave me the wretched " confolation of rendering to her the last " fad duties. In that grave all my happi-" ness lies buried. I knelt by her, and " becathed a vow to Heaven, to wait here " the moment that should join me to all I " held lear. I every morning visit her " loved remains, and implore the God of " mercy to lasten my dissolution. I feel "that we shall not long be separated; I " shall soon meet her, to part no more."

He stopped, and, without seeming to remember he was not alone, walked hastily towards a little oratory he has built on the beach, near which is the grave of his Louisa; I followed him a few steps, I saw him

him throw himself on his knees; and, respecting his forrow, returned to the house.

Though I cannot absolutely approve, yet I more than forgive, I almost admire, his renouncing the world in his situation. Devotion is perhaps the only balm for the wounds given by unhappy love; the heart is too much softened by true tenderness to admit any common cure.

Seven in the evening.

I am returned to Madame Des Roches and her friends, who declined visiting the hermit. I found in his conversation all which could have adorned society; he was pleased with the sympathy I shewed for his sufferings; we parted with regret. I wished to have made him a present, but he will receive nothing.

A ship for England is in sight. Madame Des Roches is so polite to send off this letter 1 ter;

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balls, they EMILY MONTAGUE. 167

ter; we return to her house in the morning.

Adieu! my Lucy.

Yours,

ED. RIVERS.

LETTER XXXIII.

To Mils RIVERS, Clarges Street.

HAVE no patience with this foolish brother of yours; he is rambling about in the woods when we want him here: we have a most agreeable affembly every Thursday at the General's, and have had another ball since he has been gone on this ridiculous ramble; I miss the dear creature wherever I go. We have nothing but balls, cards, and parties of pleasure; but they are nothing without my little Rivers.

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I have been making the tour of the three religions this morning, and, as I am the most constant creature breathing, am come back. only a thousand times more pleased with my own. I have been at mass, at church, and at the presbyterian meeting: an idea struck me at the last, in regard to the drapery of them all; that the Romish religion is like an over-dressed, tawdry, rich citizen's wife; the presbyterian like a rude, aukward country girl; the church of England like an elegant, well-dreffed woman of quality, " plain in her neatness" (to quote Horace, who is my favorite author). There is a noble, graceful simplicity both in the worship and the ceremonies of the church of England, which, even if I were a stranger coher doctrines, would prejudice me strongly in her favor.

Sir George sets out for Montreal this evening, so do the house of Melmoth if I have however pregailed on Emily to stay a month

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Sir George is going away; I am tired of feeing that eternal smile, that countenance of his, which attempts to speak, and says nothing. I am in doubt whether I shall let Emily marry him; she will die in a week, of no distemper but his conversation.

They dine with us. I am called down.
Adieu!

Eight at night.

Heaven be praised, our lover is gone; they parted with great philosophy on both sides; they are the prettiest mild pair of inautratoes one shall see.

Your brother's servant has just called to tell me he is going to his master. I have a great mind to answer his letter, and order him back.

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LETTER XXXIV.

To Miss RIVERS, Clarges Street.

O&. 12.

I HAVE been looking at the estate Madame Des Roches has to sell; it is as wild as the lands to which I have a right. I hoped this would have amused my chagrin, but am mistaken: nothing interests me, nothing takes up my attention one moment: my mind admits but one idea. This charming woman sollows me wherever I go; I wander about like the first man when driven out of paradise: I vainly sancy every change of place will relieve the anxiety of my mind.

Madame Des Roches smiles, and tells me I am in love; 'tis however a smile of tenderness and compassion: your sex have gre

Ferritells fprin man hope ceal

To

agers,

great

great penetration in whatever regards the heart.

Oct. 13:

I have this moment a letter from Miss Fermor, to press my return to Quebec; she tells me, Emily's marriage is postponed till fpring. My Lucy! how weak is the human heart! In spite of myself, a ray of hope-I set off this instant: I cannot conceal my joy.

LETTER XXXV.

To Colonel RIVERS, at Quebec.

London, July 23. JOU have no idea, Ned, how much your absence is lamented by the dowagers, to whom, it must be owned, your charity has been pretty extensive,

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It would delight you to fee them condoling with each other on the loss of the dear charming man, the man of sentiment, of true taste, who admires the maturer beauties, and thinks no woman worth pursuing till turned of twenty-five: 'tis a loss not to be made up; for your taste, it must be owned, is pretty singular.

I have seen your last favorite, Lady H—, who assures me, on the word of a woman of honour, that, had you staid seven years in London, she does not think she should have had the least inclination to change: but an absent lover, she well observed, is, properly speaking, no lover at all. "Bid Colonel Rivers remember," said she, "what I have read somewhere, the parting words of a French lady to a bishop of her acquaintance. Let your absence be short, my lord; and remem- ber that a mistress is a benefice which obliges to residence."

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think ation to well oblover at er," faid ere, the ly to a let your rememI am told, you had not been gone a week before Jack Willmott had the honour of drying up the fair widow's tears.

I am going this evening to Vauxhall, and to-morrow propose setting out for my house in Rutland, from whence you shall hear from me again.

Adieu! I never write long letters in London. I should tell you, I have been to see Mrs. Rivers and your sister; the former is well, but very anxious to have you in England again; the latter grows so very handsome, I don't intend to repeat my visits often.

Yours,

J. TEMPLE.

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LETTER XXXVI.

To John Temple, Efq; Pall Mall.

Quebec, Od. 14.

I AM this moment arrived from a ramble down the river; but, a ship being just going, must acknowledge your last.

You make me happy in telling me my dear Lady H—— has given my place in her heart to so honest a sellow as Jack Willmort; and I sincerely wish the ladies always chose their favorites as well.

I should be very unreasonable indeed to expect constancy at almost four thousand miles distance, especially when the prospect of my return is so very uncertain.

My voyage ought undoubtedly to be considered as an abdication: I am to all in-

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tents and purposes dead in law as a lovers and the lady has a right to consider her heart as vacant, and to proceed to a new election.

I claim no shore than a share in her esteem and remembrance, which I dare say

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That I have amused myself a little in the dowager way, I am very far from denying; but you will observe, it was less from taste than the principle of doing as little mischief as possible in my few excurfions to the world of gallantry. A little. deviation from the exact rule of right we men all allow ourselves in love affairs; but I was willing to keep as near it as I could. Married women are, on my principles, forhidden fruit; I abhor the feduction of innocence; I am too delicate, and (with all: my modesty) too vain, to be pleased with wenal beauty: what was I then to do, with a heart too active to be absolutely at rest, and:

and which had not met with its counterpart? Widows were, I thought, fair prey, as being sufficiently experienced to take care of themselves.

I have faid married women are, on my principles, forbidden fruit: I fhould have explained myself; I mean in England, for my ideas on this head change as soon as I land at Calais.

Such is the amazing force of local prejudice, that I do not recollect having ever
made love to an English married woman, or
a French unmarried one. Marriages in
France being made by the parents, and
therefore generally without inclination on
either side, gallantry seems to be a tacit
condition, though not absolutely expressed
in the contract.

But to return to my plan: I think it an excellent one; and would recommend it to all those young men about town, who,

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EMILY MONTAGUE. 17

like me, find in their hearts the necessity of loving, before they meet with an object capable of fixing them for life.

By the way, I think the widows ought to raise a statue to my honor, for having done my possible to prove that, for the sake of decorum, morals, and order, they ought to have all the men to themselves.

I have this moment your letter from Rutland. Do you know I am almost angry? Your ideas of love are narrow and pedantic; custom has done enough to make the life of one half of our species tasteles; but you would reduce them to a state of still greater insipidity than even that to which our tyranny has doomed them.

You would limit the pleasure of loving and being beloved, and the charming power of pleasing to three or four years only in the life of that sex which is peculiarly formed to seel tenderness; women are born

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178 THE HISTORY

with more lively affections than men, which are still more softened by education; to deny them the privilege of being amiable, the only privilege we allow them, as long as nature continues them so, is such a mixture of cruelty and false taste as I should never have suspected you of, notwithstanding your partiality for unripened beauty.

As to myself, I persist in my opinion, that women are most charming when they join the attractions of the mind to those of the person, when they seel the passion they inspire; or rather, that they are never charming till then.

A woman in the first bloom of youth refembles a tree in blossom; when mature, in fruit: but a woman who retains the charms of her person till her understanding is in its full persection, is like those trees in happier climes, which produce blossoms and fruit together. woodefe mat fay with

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You will scarce believe, Jack, that I have lived a week tête à tête, in the midst of a wood, with just the woman I have been describing; a widow extremely my me, mature, five or fix years more fo than you fay I require, lively, sensible, handsome, without faying one civil thing to her; yet nothing can be more certain.

I could give you powerful reasons for my infensibility; but you are a traitor to love, and therefore have no right to be in any of his fecrets.

I will excuse your visits to my fifter; as well as I love you myelf, I have a thousand reasons for chusing she should not be acquainted with you.

What you say in regard to my mother, gives me pain; I will never take back my little gift to her, and I cannot live in Eng-16 m

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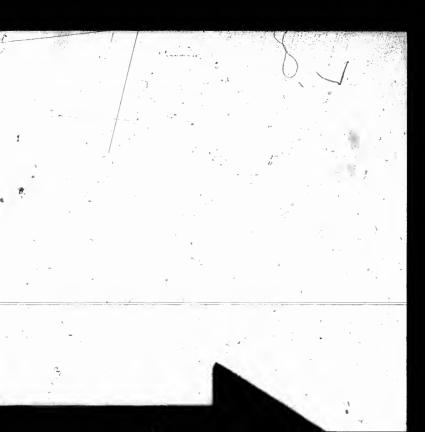
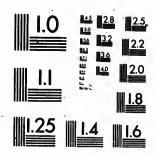




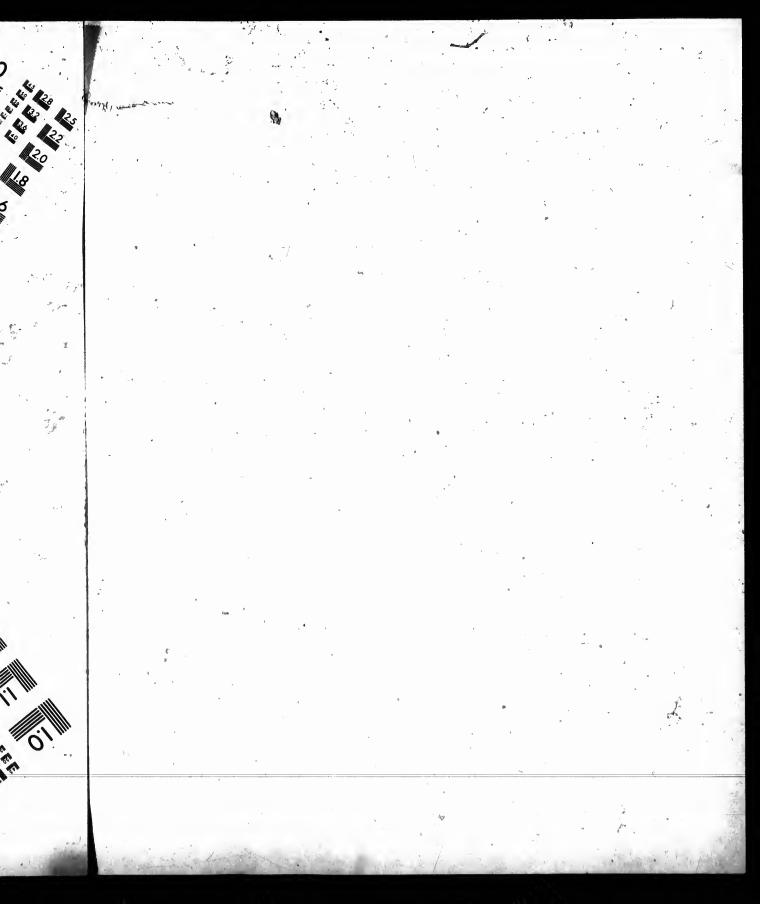


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land on my present income, though it enables me to live en prince in Canada.

Adieu! I have not time to say more. I have stole this half hour from the loveliest woman breathing, whom I am going to visit: surely you are infinitely obliged to me. To lessen the obligation, however, my calash is not yet come to the door.

Adieu! once more.

Yours,

ED. RIVERS.

LETTER XXXVII.

To Mis RIVERS, Clarges Street.

OUR wanderer is returned, my dear, and in such spirits as you can't conceive: he passed yesterday with us; he

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likes to have us to himself, and he had yesterday; we walked à trio in the wood, and were soolish; I have not passed so agreeable a day since I came to Canada: I love mightily to be soolish, and the people here have no taste that way at all: your brother is divinely so upon occasion. The weather was, to use the Canadian phrase, superbe et magnifique. We shall not, I am told, have much more in the same magnifique style, so we intend to make the most of it: I have ordered your brother to come and walk with us from morning till night, every day and all the day.

The dear man was amazingly overjoyed to see us again; we shared in his joy, though my little Emily took some pains to appear tranquil on the occasion: I never saw more pleasure in the countenances of two people in my life, nor more pains taken to suppress it.

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Do you know Fitzgerald is really an agreeable fellow? I have an admirable natural instinct; I perceived he had understanding, from his aquiline nose and his eagle eye, which are indexes I never knew sail. I believe we are going to be great; I am not sure I shall not admit him to make up a partie quarrée with your brother and Emily: I told him my original plot upon him, and he was immensely pleased with it. I almost fancy he can be soolish; in that case, my business is done: if with his other merits he has that, I am a lost woman.

He has excellent sense, great good nature, and the true princely spirit of an Irishman: he will be ruined here, but that is his affair, not mine. He changed quarters with an officer now at Montreal; and, because the lodgings were to be furnished, thought himself obliged to leave three months wine in the cellars.

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ally an ble na-His person is pleasing; he has good undereyes and teeth (the only beauties I require), is marked with the fmall pox, which in and his r knew men gives a fensible look; very manly, and looks extremely like a gentleman. great; o make her and

He comes, the conqueror comes.

I fee him plainly through the trees; he is now in full view, within twenty yards of the house. He looks particularly well on horseback, Lucy; which is one certain proof of a good education. The fellow is well born, and has ideas of things: I think I shall admit him of my train.

Emily wonders I have never been in love: the cause is clear; I have prevented any attachment to one man, by constantly flirting with twenty: 'tis the most sovereign receipt in the world. I think too, my dear, you have maintained a fort of running fight

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184 THE HISTORY OF with the little deity: our hour is not yet come. Adieu!

Yours,

A. FERMOR.

LETTER XXXVIII.

To Miss RIVERS, Clarges Street.

Quebec, Oct. 15, Evening.

I AM returned, my dear, and have had the pleasure of hearing you and my mother are well, though I have had no letters from either of you.

Mr. Temple, my dearest Lucy, tells me he has visited you. Will you pardon me a freedom which nothing but the most tender friendship

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friendship can warrant, when I tell you that I would wish you to be as little acquainted with him as politeness allows? He is a most agreeable man, perhaps too agreeable, with a thousand amiable qualities; he is the man I love above all others; and, where women are not concerned, a man of the most unblemished honor: but his manner of life is extremely libertine, and his ideas of women unworthy the rest of his character; he knows not the perfections which adorn the valuable part of your fex, he is a stranger to your virtues, and incapable, at least I fear so, of that tender affection which alone can make an amiable woman happy. With all this, he is polite and attentive, and has a manner, which, without intending it, is calculated to deceive women into an opinion of his being attached when he is not: he has all the splendid virtues which command esteem; is noble, generous, difinterested, open, brave; and is the most dangerous

man on earth to a woman of honor, who is unacquainted with the arts of man.

Do not however mistake me, my Lucy; I know him to be as incapable of forming improper deligns on you, even were you not the lifter of his friend, as you are of listening to him if he did: 'tis for your heart alone I am alarmed; he is formed to please; you are young and inexperienced, and have hot yet loved; my anxiety for your peace makes me dread your loving a man whole views are not turned to marriage, and who is therefore incapable of returning properly the tenderness of a won man of honor.

I have feen my divine Emily: her manner of receiving me was very flattering; I cannot doubt her friendship for me; yet I am not absolutely content. I am however convinced, by the easy tranquillity of her air, and her manner of bearing this delay of their marriage, that she does not love the

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the man for whom she is intended: she has been a victim to the avarice of her friends. I would fain hope—yet what have I to hope? If I had even the happiness to be agreeable to her, if she was disengaged from Sir George, my fortune makes it impossible for me to marry her, without reducing her to indigence at home, or dooming her to be an exile in Canada for life. I dare not ask myself what I wish or intend: yet I give way in spite of me to the delight of seeing and conversing with her.

joy the present pleasure of believing myself one of the first in her esteem and friendship, and of shewing her all those little pleasing attentions so dear to a sensible heart; attentions in which her lover is astonishingly remiss: he is at Montreal, and I am told was gay and happy on his journey thither, though he lest his mistress behind.

I have spent two very happy days at Silleri, with Emily and your friend Bell Fermor: to-morrow I meet them at the governor's, where there is a very agreeable assembly on Thursday evenings. Adieu!

Yours,

ED. RIVERS.

I shall write again by a ship which sails next week.

LETTER XXXIX.

To John Temple, Efq. Pall Mall.

Quebec, Oct. 18.

HAVE this moment a letter from Madame Des Roches, the lady at whose house I spent a week, and to whom I am greatly

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greatly obliged. I am so happy as to have an opportunity of rendering her a service, in which I must desire your assistance.

'Tis in regard to some lands belonging to her, which, not being fettled, fome other person has applied for a grant of at home. I fend you the particulars, and beg you will lose no time in entering a caveat, and taking other proper steps to prevent what would be an act of great injustice: the war, and the incursions of the Indians in alliance with us, have hitherto prevented these lands from being settled; but Madame Des Roches is actually in treaty with fome Acadians to fettle them immediately. Employ all your friends as well as mine if necessary; my lawyer will direct you in what manne apply, and pay the expences attending the application. Adieu!

Yours.

ED. RIVERS.

LETTER

LETTER XL.

To Mils RIVERS, Clarges Street.

Silleri, Oft. 20.

DANCED last night till sour o'clock in the morning (if you will allow the expression) without being the least satigued: the little Fitzgerald was my partner, who grows upon me extremely; the monkey has a way of being attentive and careless by turns, which has an amazing effect; nothing attaches a woman of my temper so much to a lover as her being a little in sear of losing him; and he keeps up the spirit of the thing admirably.

Your brother and Emily danced together, and I think I never faw either of them look fo handsome; she was a thousand times more admired at this ball than the first, and reason good, for she was a thousand times

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o'clock the extigued: partner, e-monnd careeffect; temper little in up the

m look times ie first, orfand times times more agreeable; your brother is really a charming fellow, he is an immense favorite with the ladies; he has that very pleasing general attention, which never fails to charm women; he can even be particular to one, without wounding the yanity of the rest: if he was in company with twenty, his mistress of the number, his manner would be such, that every woman there would think herself the second in his esteem; and that, if his heart had not been unluckily pre-engaged, she herself should have been the object of his tenderness.

His eyes are of immense use to him; he looks the civilest things imaginable; his whole countenance speaks whatever he wishes to say; he has the least occasion for words to explain himself of any man I ever knew.

Fitzgerald has eyes too, I assure you, and eyes that know how to speak; he has

a look of faucy unconcern and inattention, which is really irrelifible.

We have had a great deal of fnow already, but it melts away; 'tis a lovely day, but an odd enough mixture of fummer and winter: in some places you see half a foot of snow lying, in others the dust is even troublesome.

Adieu! there are a dozen or two of beaux at the door.

Yours,

A. FERMOR.

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LETTER XLL

To Miss RIVERS, Clarges Street.

Nov. 10.

THE savages assure us, my dear, on the information of the beavers, that we shall have a very mild winter: it seems, these creatures have laid in a less winter stock than usual. I take it very ill, Lucy, that the beavers have better intelligence than we have.

We are got into a pretty composed easy way; Sir George writes very agreeable, sensible, sentimental, gossiping letters, once a fortnight, which Emily answers in due course, with all the regularity of a counting house correspondence; he talks of coming down after Christmas: we expect him without impatience; and in the mean time amuse ourselves as well as we can, and soften

Vol. I. K the

the pain of absence by the attention of a man that I fancy we like quite as well.

With submission to the beavers, the weather is very cold, and we have had a great deal of snow already; but they tell me'tis nothing to what we shall have: they are taking precautions which make me shudder beforehand, pasting up the windows, and not leaving an avenue where cold can enter.

I like the winter carriages immenfely; the open carriole is a kind of one-horse chaise, the covered one a chariot, set on a fledge to run on the ice is we have not yet had fnow enough to use them, but I like their appearance prodigiously; the covered carrioles feem the prettieft things in nature to make love in, as there are curtains to draw before the windows: we shall have three in effect, my father's, Rivers's, and Fitzgerald's; the two latter are to be elegance itself, and entirely for the service of

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EMILY MONTAGUE.

the ladies: your brother and Fitzgerald are trying who shall be ruined first for the honor of their country. I will bet three to one upon Ireland. They are every day contriving parties of pleasure, and making the most gallant little presents imaginable to the ladies.

Adieu! my dear.

Yours,

A. FERMOR.

LETTER XLII.

To Mis RIVERS.

Quebec, Nov. 14.

I SHALL not, my dear, have above one more opportunity of writing to you by the ships; after which we can only write by the packet once a month.

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My Emily is every day more lovely; I fee her often, and every hour discover new charms in her; she has an exalted understanding, improved by all the knowledge which is becoming in your fex; a foul awake to all the finer fensations of the heart, checked and adorned by the native loveliness of woman: she is extremely handsome, but she would please every feeling heart if she was not; she has the soul of beauty: without feminine foftness and delicate sensibility, no seatures can give lovelines; with them, very indifferent ones can charm: that fensibility, that softness, never were so lovely as in my Emily. I can write on no other subjects. Were you to see her, my Lucy, you would forgive me. My letter is called for. Adieu!

Yours,

ED. RIVERS.

Your friend Miss Fermor will write you every thing.

LETTER

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LETTER XLIII.

To Mis Montague, at Silleri.

R. Melmoth and I, my dear Emily, expected by this time to have feen you at Montreal. I allow fomething to your friendship for Miss Fermor; but there is also fomething due to relations who tenderly love you, and under whose protection your uncle left you at his death.

I should add, that there is something due to Sir George, had I not already displeased you by what I have said on the subject.

You are not to be told, that in a week the road from hence to Quebec will be impassable for at least a month, till the rivers are sufficiently froze to bear carriages.

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I will own to you, that I am a little jealous of your attachment to Miss Fermor, though no one can think her more amiable than I do.

If you do not come this week, I would wish you to stay till Sir George comes down, and return with him; I will entreat the favor of Miss Fermor to accompany you to Montreal, which we will endeavour to make as agreeable to her as we can,

I have been ill of a slight fever, but am now perfectly recovered. Sir George and Mr. Melmoth are well, and very impatient to see you here.

Adieu! my dear.

Your affectionate

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LETTER XLIV.

To Mrs. MELMOTH, at Montreal.

Silleri, Nov. 20.

THAVE a thousand reasons, my dearest Madam, for intreating you to excuse my staying some time longer at Quebec. I have the fincerest esteem for Sir George, and am not insensible of the force of our engagements; but do not think his being there a reason for my coming: the kind of suspended state, to say no more, in which those engagements now are, call for a delicacy in my behaviour to him, which is so difficult to observe without the appearance of affectation, that his absence relieves me from a very painful kind of restraint: for the same reason, 'tis impossible for me to come up at the time he does, if I do come, even though Miss Fermor should accompany me.

THE HISTORY OF 200.

A moment's reflection will convince your of the propriety of my staying here till: his mother does me the honor again to approve his choice; or till our engagement: is publicly known to be at an end. Mrs. Clayton is a prudent mother, and a woman of the world, and may confider that Sir George's situation is changed since she confented to his marriage.

I am not capricious; but I will own to you, that my esteem for Sir George is much lessened by his behaviour since hie last return from New-York: he mistakes me extremely, if he supposes he has the least. additional merit in my eyes from his late acquisition of fortune: on the contrary, I now see faults in him which were concealed by the mediocrity of his situation before, and which do not promise happiness to a beart like mine, a heart which has little taste for the false glitten of life, and the most

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EMILY MONTAGUE. 201

most lively one possible for the calm real delights of friendship, and domestic felicity.

Accept my fincerest congratulations on your return of health; and believe me,

My dearest Madam,

Your obliged and affectionate:

EMILY MONTAGUE.

LETTER XLV.

To Miss RIVERS, Clarges Street.

Silleri, Nov. 234:

HAVE been seeing the last ship go out of the port; Lucy; you have no notion what a melancholy sight it is: we are now lest to ourselves, and shut up from all the world for the winter: somehow we seem

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fo forfaken, fo cut off from the rest of human kind, I cannot bear the idea: I fent a thousand fighs, and a thousand tender wishes to dear England, which I never loved fo much as at this moment.

Do you know, my dear, I could cry if I was not ashamed? I shall not absolutely be in spirits again this week.

'Tis the first time I have felt any thing like bad spirits in Canada: I followed the ship with my eyes till it turned Point Levi, and, when I lost fight of it, felt as if I had lost every thing dear to me on earth. I am not particular: I fee a gloom on every countenance; I have been at church, and think I never saw so many dejected saces in my life.

Adieu ! for the present: it will be a fortnight before I can fend this letter; another agreeable circumstance that: would

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letter; would to Heaven I were in England, though I changed the bright fun of Canada for a fog!

Dec. 1.

We have had a week's fnow without intermission: happily for us, your brother and the Fitz have been weather-bound all the time at Silleri, and cannot possibly get away.

We have amused ourselves within doors (for there is no stirring abroad) with playing at cards, playing at shuttlecock, playing the fool, making love, and making moral resections: upon the whole, the week has not been very disagreeable.

The snow is when we wake constantly up to our chamber windows; we are literally dug out of it every morning.

As to Quebec, I give up all hopes of ever feeing it again: but my comfort is,

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that the people there cannot possibly getto their neighbors; and I stater myself very sew of them have been half so well entertained at home.

We shall be abused, I know, for (what is really the fault of the weather) keeping these two creatures here this week; the ladies hate us for engrossing two such sine fellows as your brother and Fitzgerald, as well as for having vastly more than our share of all the men: we generally go out attended by at least a dozen, without any other woman but a lively old French lady, who is a flirt of my father's, and will certainly be my mamma.

We sweep into the general's assembly on Thursdays with such a train of beaux as draws every eye upon us: the rest of the fellows crowd round us; the misses draw up, blush, and slutter their fans; and your little Bell sits down with such a saucy impertinent consciousness in her counte-

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mance as is really provoking: Emily on the contrary looks mild and humble, and seems by her civil decent air to apologize to them for being so much more agreeable than themselves, which is a fault I for my part am not in the least inclined to be assumed of

Your idea of Quebec, my dear, is perfectly just; it is like a third or fourth rate country town in England; much hospitality, little society; cards, scandal, dancing, and good cheer; all excellent things to pass away a winter evening, and peculiarly adapted to what I am told, and what I begin to feel, of the severity of this climate.

I am told they abuse me, which I can easily believe, because my impertinence to them deserves it: but what care I, you know, Lucy, so long as I please myself, and am at Silleri out of the sound?

They are squabbling at Quebec, I hear, about I cannot tell what, therefore shall

not:

not attempt to explain: some dregs of old disputes, it seems, which have not had time to settle: however, we new comers have certainly nothing to do with these matters: you can't think how comfortable we seel at Silleri, out of the way.

My father fays, the politics of Canada are as complex and as difficult to be understood as those of the Germanic system.

For my part, I think no politics worth attending to but those of the little commonwealth of woman: if I can maintain my empire over hearts, I leave the men to quarrel for every thing else.

I observe a strict neutrality, that I may have a chance for admirers amongst both parties. Adieu! the post is just going out.

Your faithful

A. FERMOR.

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LETTER

LETTER XLVI.

To Miss Montague, at Silleri.

Montreal, Dec. 18.

HERE is something, my dear Emily, in what you say as to the delicacy of your situation; but, whilst you are so very exact in acting up to it on one side, do you not a little overlook it on the other?

I am extremely unwilling to fay a difagreeable thing to you, but Miss Fermor is too young as well as too gay to be a protection—the very particular circumstance you mention makes Mr. Melmoth's the only house in Canada in which, if I have any judgment, you can with propriety live till your marriage takes place.

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You extremely injure Sir George in supposing it possible he should fail in his engagements: and I see with pain that you are more quicksighted to his failings than is quite consistent with that tenderness, which (allow me to say) he has a right to expect from you. He is like other men of his age and fortune; he is the very man you so lately thought amiable, and of whose love you cannot without injustice have a doubt.

Though I approve your contempt of the false glitter of the world, yet I think it a little strained at your time of life: did. I not know you as well as I do, I should say that philosophy in a young and especially a semale mind, is so out of season, as to be extremely suspicious. The pleasures which attend on affluence are too great, and too pleasing to youth, to be overlooked, except when under the influence of a livelier passion.

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EMILY MONTAGUE. 209

Take care, my Emily; I know the goodness of your heart, but I also know its fensibility; remember that, if your situation requires great circumspection in your behaviour to Sir George, it requires much greater to every other person: it is even more delicate than marriage itself.

I shall expect you and Miss Fermor as foon as the roads are such that you can travel agreeably; and, as you object to Sir George as a conductor, I will entreat Captain Fermor to accompany you hither.

I am, my dear,

Your most affectionate

E. MELMOTE.

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LETTER XLVII.

To Mrs. MBLMOTH, at Montreal.

Silleri, Dec. 26.

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to do me the justice to believe I see my engagement to Sir George in as Brong a light as you can do; if there is any change in my behaviour to him, it is owing to the very apparent one in his conduct to me, of which no one but my self can be a judge. As to what you say in regard to my contempt of affluence, I can only say it is in my character, whether it is generally in the female one or not.

Were the cruel hint you are pleased to give just, be assured Sir George should be the first person to whom I would declare it.

I hope however it is possible to esteem

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EMILY MONTAGUE. 211

merit without offending even the most sacred of all engagements.

A gentleman waits for this. I have only time to fay, that Miss Fermor thanks you for your obliging invitation, and promises she will accompany me to Montreal as soon as the river St. Lawrence will bear carriages, as the upper road is extremely inconvenient.

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My dearest Madam,

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EMILY MONTAGUE.

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LETTER XLVIEL

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To Mils RIVERS, Clarges Street.

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Silleri, Dea: 271:

had near as much clear blue sky and funshine: the snow is six seet deep so that we may be said to walk on our own heads; that is, speaking en philosophe, we occupy the space we should have done in summer if we had done so; or, to explain it more clearly; our heels are now where our heads should be.

The scene is a little changed for the worse: the lovely landscape is now one undistinguished waste of snow, only a little diversified by the great variety of evergreens in the woods: the romantic winding path down the side of the hill to our farm, on which we used to amuse ourselves with

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feeing the beaux ferpentize, is now a confused, frightful, rugged precipice, which one trembles at the idea of ascending.

There is something exceedingly agreeable in the whirl of the carrioles, which fly along at the rate of twenty miles an hour; and really hurry one out of one's senses.

Our little coterie is the object of great envy; we live just as we like, without thinking of other people, which I am not fure bere is prudent, but it is pleasant, which is a better thing.

Emily, who is the civilest creature breathing, is for giving up her own pleasure to avoid offending others, and wants me, every time we make a carrioling-party, to invite all the misses of Quebec to go with us, because they seem angry at our being happy without them; but for that

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very reason I persist in my own way, and consider wisely, that, though civility is due to other people, yet there is also some civility due to one's self.

I agree to visit every body, but think it mighty absurd I must not take a ride without asking a hundred people I scarce know to go with me: yet this is the style here; they will neither be happy themselves, nor let any body else. Adieu!

Dec. 29;

I will never take a beaver's word again as long as I live: there is no supporting this cold; the Canadians say it is seventeen years since there has been so severe a sea-son. I thought beavers had been people of more honor.

Adieu I can no more: the ink freezest as I take it from the flandish to the paper, though close to a large store. Don't con pect

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pect me to write again till May; one's faculties are absolutely congealed this wear ther.

Yours,

A. FERMOR.

LETTER XLIX.

To Miss RIVERS, Clarges Street.

Silleri, Jan. 1.

I T is with difficulty I breathe, my dear; the cold is so amazingly intense as almost totally to stop respiration. I have business, the business of pleasure, at Quebec; but have not courage to stir from the stove.

We have had five days, the feverity of which none of the natives remember to have

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have ever feen equalled: 'tis faid, the cold is beyond all the thermometers here, tho' intended for the climate,

The strongest wine freezes in a room which has a stove in it; even brandy is thickened to the consistence of oil: the largest wood fire, in a wide chimney, does not throw out it's heat a quarter of a yard.

I must venture to Quebec to-morrow, or have company at home: amusements are here necessary to life; we must be jovial, or the blood will freeze in our veins.

Ino longer wonder the elegant arts are unknown here; the rigour of the climate suspends the very powers of the understanding; what then must become of those of the imagination? Those who expect to see

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will find themselves extremely disappointed. Genius will never mount high, where the faculties of the mind are benumbed half the year.

Tis sufficient employment for the most lively spirit here to contrive how to preferve an existence, of which there are moments that one is hardly conscious: the cold really sometimes brings on a sort of stupesaction.

We had a million of beaux here yester-day, notwithstanding the severe cold: 'tis the Canadian custom, calculated I suppose for the climate, to visit all the ladies on New-year's-day, who sit dressed in form to be kisted: I assure you, however, our kisses could not warm them; but we were obliged, to our eternal disgrace, to call in rasberry brandy as an auxiliary.

Vol. I.

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You

You would have died to fee the men; they look just like so many bears in their open carrioles, all wrapped in furs from head to foot; you fee nothing of the human form appear, but the tip of a nose.

They have intire coats of beaver skin, exactly like Friday's in Robinson Crusoe, and casques on their heads like the old knights errant in romance; you never faw fuch tremendous figures; but without this kind of cloathing it would be impossible to stir out at present.

The ladies are equally covered up, tho' in a less unbecoming style; they have long cloth cloaks with loofe hoods, like those worn by the market-women in the north of England. I have one in scarlet, the hood lined with fable, the prettiest ever feen here, in which I affure you I look amazingly handsome; the men think so, and

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and call me the Little red riding-bood; a name which becomes me as well as the hood.

The Canadian ladies wear these cloaks in India silk in summer, which, sluttering in the wind, look really graceful on a fine woman.

Besides our riding-hoods, when we go out, we have a large buffaloe's skin under our feet, which turns up, and wraps round us almost to our shoulders; so that, upon the whole, we are pretty well guarded from the weather as well as the men.

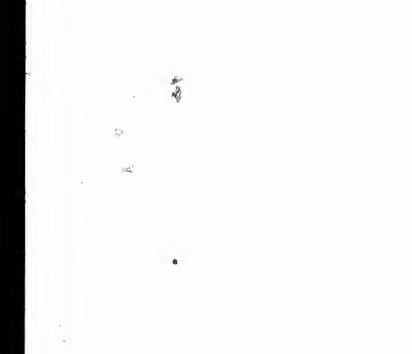
Our covered carrioles too have not only canvas windows (we dare not have glass, because we often overturn), but cloth curtains to draw all round us; the extreme swiftness of these carriages also, which dart along like lightning, helps to keep one warm, by promoting the circulation of the blood.

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I pity the Fitz; no tyger was ever so hard-hearted as I am this weather: the little god has taken his flight, like the swallows. I say nothing, but cruelty is no virtue in Canada; at least at this season.

I suppose Pygmalion's statue was some frozen Canadian gentlewoman, and a sudden warm day thawed her. I love to expound ancient sables, and I think no exposition can be more natural than this.

Would you know what makes me chatter fo this morning? Papa has made me take some excellent liqueur; 'tis the mode here; all the Canadian ladies take a little, which makes them so coquet and agreeable. Certainly brandy makes a woman talk like an angel. Adieu!

Yours,

A. FERMOR.

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LETTER L.

To Miss RIVERS, Clarges Street.

Silleri, Jan. 4.

DON'T quite agree with you, my dear; your brother does not appear to me to have the loast scruple of that foolish false modesty which stands in a man's way.

He is extremely what the French call awakened; he is modest, certainly; that is, he is not a coxcomb: but he has all that proper self-considence which is necessary to set his agreeable qualities in full light: nothing can be a stronger proof of this, than that, wherever he is, he always takes your attention in a moment, and this without seeming to solicit it.

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I am very fond of him, though he never makes love to me, in which circumstance he is very singular: our friendship is quite platonic, at least on his side, for I am not quite so sure on the other. I remember one day in summer we were walking tête à tête in the road to Cape Rouge, when he wanted me to strike into a very beautiful thicket: "Positively, Rivers," said I, "I "will not venture with you into that "wood." "Are you asraid of me, Bell?" "No, but extremely of myself."

I have loved him ever fince a little scene that passed here three or sour months ago: a very affecting story, of a distressed family in our neighbourhood, was told him and Sir George; the latter preserved all the philosophic dignity and manly composure of his countenance, very coldly expressed his concern, and called another subjects your brother changed color, his eyes gliftened:

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tened; he took the first opportunity to leave the room, he fought these poor people, he found, he relieved them; which we discovered by accident a month after.

The weather, tho' cold beyond all that you in England can form an idea of, is yet mild to what it has been the last five or fix days; we are going to Quebec, to church.

Two o'clock.

Emily and I have been talking religion all the way home: we are both mighty good girls, as girls go in these degenerate days; our grandmothers to be fure-but it's folly to look back,

We have been faying, Lucy, that 'tis the strangest thing in the world people should quarrel about religion, since we undoubtedly all mean the same thing; all good minds in every religion aim at pleasing the Supreme Being; the means we take

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differ according to the country where we are born, and the prejudices we imbibe from education; a confideration which ought to inspire us with kindness and indulgence to each other.

If we examine each other's sentiments with candor, we shall find much less difference in essentials than we imagine;

" Since all agree to own, at least to mean,

de One great, one good, one general Lord of all."

here is, I think, a very pretty Sunday reflection for you, Lucy,

You must know, I am extremely religious; and for this, amongst other reasons, that I think insidelity a vice peculiarly contrary to the native softness of woman; is is bold, daring, masculine; and I should almost doubt the sex of an unbeliever in perticoats.

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Women are religious as they are virtuous, less from principles founded on reafoning and argument, than from elegance of mind, delicacy of moral taste, and a certain quick perception of the beautiful and becoming in every thing.

This instinct, however, for such it is, is worth all the tedious reasonings of the men; which is a point I flatter myself you will not dispute with me.

Monday, Jan. 5.

This is the first day I have ventured in an open carriole; we have been running a race on the snow, your brother and I against Emily and Fitzgerald: we conquered from Fitzgerald's complaisance to Emily. I shall like it mightily, well wrapt up. I set off with a crape over my face to keep off the cold, but in three minutes it was a cake

of folid ice, from my breath which froze upon it; yet this is called a mild day, and the fun shines in all his glory.

Silleri, Thursday, Jan. 8, midnight.

We are just come from the general's asfembly; much company, and we danced till this minute; for I believe we have not been more coming these four miles.

Fitzgerald is the very pink of courtefy; he never uses his covered carriole himself, but devotes it entirely to the ladies; it stands at the general's door in waiting on Thursdays: if any lady comes out before her carriole arrives, the servants call out mechanically, "Captain Fitzgerald's car-"riole here, for a lady." The Colonel is equally gallant, but I generally lay an embargo on his: they have each of them an extreme pretty one for themselves, or to drive a fair lady a morning's airing, when

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the will allow them the honour, and the weather is mild enough to permit it.

Bon foir! I am fleepy.

Yours,

A. FERMOR.

LETTER LI.

To John Temple, Efq. Pall Mall.

Quebec, Jan. 9.

You generally do: I have by no means for worn marriage: on the contrary, though happiness is not so often sound there as I wish it was, yet I am convinced it is to be found no where else; and, poor as I am, I should not hesitate about trying the experiment myself to-morrow, if I L 6 could

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appropriated, whose ideas of the state agreed with mine, which I allow are something out of the common road: but I must be certain those ideas are her own, therefore they must arise spontaneously, and not in complaisance to mine; for which reason, if I could, I would endeavour to lead my mistress into the subject, and know her sentiments on the manner of living in that state before I discovered my own.

I must also be well convinced of her tenderness before I make a declaration of mine: she must not distinguish me because I statter her, but because she thinks I have merit; those sancied passions, where gratified vanity assumes the form of love, will not satisfy my heart: the eyes, the air, the voice of the woman I love, a thousand little indiscretions dear to the heart, must convince me I am beloved, before I confess I love.

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agreed Though lensible of the advantages of ething fortune, I can be happy without it: if I ust be should ever be rich enough to live in the refore world, no one will enjoy it with greater not in gust, if not, I can with great spirit, proeafon. vided I find such a companion as I wish, ad my retire from it to love, content, and a cotw .her tage: by which I mean to the life of a n that dittle country gentleman. or Follow

> Youralk me my opinion tof the winter If you can bear a degree of cold, cof which Europeans can form no idea, it is far from being unpleafant; we have fettled frost, and an eternal blue sky. Travelling in this country in winter is particularly agreeable: the carriages are easy, and go on the ice with an amazing velocity, though drawn only by one horfe.

The continual plain of fnow would be extremely fatiguing both to the eye and vimagination, were not both relieved, not

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only by the woods in prospect, but by the tall branches of pines with which the road is marked out on every side, and which form a verdant avenue agreeably contrasted with the dazzling whitesess of the snow, on which, when the sun shines, it is almost impossible to look steadily even for a moment.

Were it not for this method of marking out the roads, it would be impossible to find the way from one village to another.

The eternal sameness however of this avenue is tiresome when you go far in one road.

I have passed the last two months in the most agreeable manner possible, in a little society of persons I extremely love: I feel myself so attached to this little circle of friends, that I have no pleasure in any other company, and think all the time absolutely lost that politeness forces me to spend any

where

EMILY MONTAGUE. 231

where else. I extremely dread our party's being dissolved, and wish the winter to last for ever, for I am afraid the spring will divide us.

Adieu! and believe me.

Yours,

ED. RIVERS.

LETTER LII.

To Mis RIVERS, Clarges Street.

Silleri, Jan. 9.

BEGIN not to disrelish the winter here; now I am used to the cold, I don't feel it so much: as there is no business done here in the winter, 'tis the season of general dissipation; amusement is the study

study of every body, and the pains people take to please themselves contribute to the general pleasure: upon the whole, I am not sure it is not a pleasanter winter than that of England.

Both our houses and our carriages are uncommonly warm; the clear serene sky, the dry pure air, the little parties of dancing and cards, the good tables we all keep, the driving about on the ice, the abundance of people we see there, for every body has a carriole, the variety of objects new to an European, keep the spirits in a continual agreeable hurry, that is difficult to describe, but very pleasant to seel.

Sir George (would you believe it?) has written Emily a very warm letter; tender, fentimental, and almost impatient; Mrs. Melmoth's dictating, I will answer for it; not at all in his own composed agreeable style. He talks of coming down in a few days: I have a strong notion he is coming, after

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after his long tedious two years siege, to endeavor to take us by storm at last; he certainly prepares for a coup de main. He is right, all women hate a regular attack.

Adieu for the present.

Monday, Jan. 12.

We sup at your brother's to-night, with all the beau monde of Quebec: we shall be superbly entertained, I know. I am malicious enough to wish Sir George may arrive during the entertainment, because I have an idea it will mortify him; though I scarce know why I think so. Adieu!

Yours,

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A. FERMOR.

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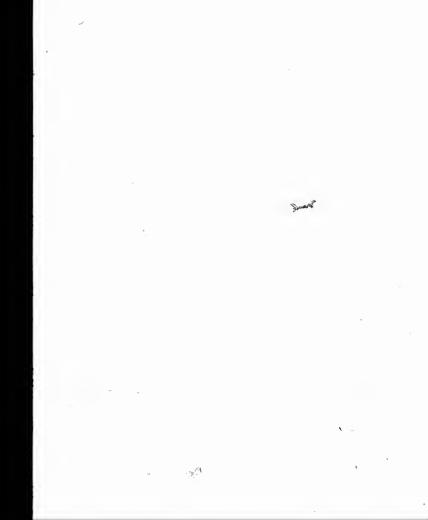
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LETTER LIII

To Miss RIVERS, Clarges Street.

Jan. 13, Eleven o'clock.

E passed a most agreeable evening with your brother, though a large company, which is seldom the case: a most admirable supper, excellent wine, an elegant desert of preserved fruits, and every body in spirits and good humor.

The Colonel was the foul of our entertainment: amongst his other virtues, he has the companionable and convivial ones to an immense degree, which I never had an opportunity of discovering so clearly before. He seemed charmed beyond words to see us all so happy: we staid till four o'clock in the morning, yet all complained to-day we came away too soon.

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tis a had vice, that

I need not tell you we had fiddles, for there is no entertainment in Canada without them: never was such a race of dancers.

One o'clock.

The dear man is come, and with an equipage which puts the Empress of Rusfia's traineau to shame. America never beheld any thing so brilliant:

"All other carrioles, at fight of this,

" Hide their diminish'd heads."

Your brother's and Fitzgerald's will never dare to appear now; they fink into nothing.

Seven in the evening.

Emily has been in tears in her chamber; 'tis a letter of Mrs. Melmoth's which has had this agreeable effect; fome wife advice, I suppose. Lord! how I hate people that give advice! don't you, Lucy?

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I don't like this lover's coming; he is almost as bad as a husband: I am afraid he will derange our little coterie; and we have been so happy, I can't bear it.

Good night, my dear.

Yours,

A. FERMOR.

LETTER LIV.

To Mis RIVERS, Clarges Street.

Silleri, Jan. 14.

E have passed a mighty stupid day; Sir George is civil, attentive, and dull; Emily pensive, thoughtful, and silent; and my little self as peevish as an old maid: nobody comes near us, not even your brother, because we are supposed to be setSir G chang please letter cated way h ing.

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tling preliminaries; for you must know Sir George has graciously condescended to change his mind, and will marry her, if the pleases, without waiting for his mother's letter, which resolution he has communicated to twenty people at Quebec in his way hither; he is really extremely obliging. I suppose the Melmoths have spirited him up to this.

One o'clock.

Emily is strangely reserved to me; she avoids feeing me alone, and when it happens talks of the weather; papa is however in her confidence: he is as ftrong an advocate for this milky baronet as Mrs. Melmoth.

Ten at night.

All is over, Lucy; that is to fay, all is fixed: they are to be married on Monday next at the Recollects church, and to fet off immediately for Montreal: my father

has been telling me the whole plan of operations: we go up with them, stay a fortnight, then all come down, and show away till summer, when the happy pair embark in the first ship for England.

Emily is really what one would call a prudent pretty fort of woman, I did not think it had been in her: she is certainly right, there is danger in delay; she has a thousand proverbs on her side; I thought what all her fine sentiments would come to; she should at least have waited for mamma's consent; this hurry is not quite consistent with that extreme delicacy on which she piques herself; it looks exceedingly as if she was afraid of losing him.

I don't love her half so well as I did three days ago; I hate discreet young ladies that marry and settle; give me an agreeable sellow and a knapsack.

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My poor Rivers! what will become of him when we are gone? he has neglected every body for us.

As she loves the pleasures of conversation, she will be amazingly happy in her choice;

With fuch a companion to spend the long day!"

He is to be fure a most entertaining creature.

Adieu! I have no patience.

Yours,

A. FERMOR.

After all, I am a little droll; I am angry with Emily for concluding an advantageous match with a man she does not absolutely dislike, which all good mammas say is sufficient; and this only because it breaks in on a little circle of friends, in whose society I have been happy. O.1

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felf! relf! I would have her hazard losing a fine fortune and a coach and six, that I may continue my coterie two or three months longer.

Adieu! I will write again as foon as we are married. My next will, I suppose, be from Montreal. I die to see your brother and my little Fitzgerald; this man gives me the vapours. Heavens! Lucy, what a difference there is in men!

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