ROW IN UNIONIST GOVT.---KEMP MAY RESIGN

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ITALIAN NORTH WING BENDS BEFORE FOE'S DRIVE

TEUTONS WIN OVER THE TAGLIAMENTO; NORTH WING OF CADORNA BENDS

Austro-Germans Have Started An Intensified Drive Against New Position of the Italians.

Berlin, Nov. 5—Via London.—Austro-German troops have crossed the middle Tagliamento River in Northeastern Italy, and taken six thousand prisoners, the war office reports. They are advancing toward the west.

Rome, Nov. 5.—The Germans have crossed the Tagliamento River, the war office announced today.

The Austro-German pressure against the Italian northern wing has been intensified.

The announcement follows:

"The enemy, who has succeeded in bringing some of his forces onto the right bank of the Tagliamento, north of Pinzano, has intensified his pressure against the left wing of our line."

After their retreat from the Isonzo, in consequence of the Austro-German offensive, the Italians took up positions along the west bank of the Tagliamento River, which runs across the northeast tip of Italy, from the Alps to the sea, and offers a natural line of defence for the plains of Northern Italy. This line is shorter than the old one, and apparently was more practicable for defensive purposes, but it is not certain that the Italian commander, Gen. Cadorna, intended to hold it, as he may not have had sufficient time to organize it, electing merely to defend it while preparing another line farther back.

Pinzano is on the northern edge of the plain, in the foothills of the Alps. It is about 40 miles north of the Adriatic.

HEAVY ATTACKS.

ROME, Nov. 4.—Heavy attacks were launched on the Italian lines in the Guidicaria zone on the Trentino front yesterday after extended artillery preparation. The war office announced today that these attacks, which were directed at advanced posts in the Daone and Giumell valleys, were repulsed after hard fighting.

The artillery duel along the Tagliamento is proceeding and the Italians are replying with vigorous measures to stronger Austro-German pressure on the Italian left wing.

ITALIAN HEADQUARTERS IN NORTHERN ITALY, Nov. 3.—(By the Associated Press.)—After trials such as a great military body has seldom experienced, the new Italian army is today reconstructed, with regiments, brigades and divisions reformed, and its concentration on new lines is being gradually established.

The situation early today showed the spirit and morale of the troops heartened, and, while conditions along the fighting front continue grave, yet the rapidity of the reformation and the renewal of steadiness and stability among all ranks has improved the general situation.

Aosta's Great Retreat.

The Duke of Aosta's success in bringing the third army practically intact into the new position back of the Tagliamento River, after extricating it from the impending danger of envelopment, is regarded as a strategic operation of the highest order. It was a question of abandoning lines of intricate and solid construction, more than a mile in depth, with an elaborate system of emplacements, trenches, connections by roads and railways, in addition to enormous stores, guns and material, and all this in the face of a violent bombardment and infantry rushes by the enemy, in front, on the flank and sometimes in the rear.

OWEN SOUND SOLDIER LOSES BOTH LEGS IN GERMAN WAR HOSPITAL



Advertiser Illustrations

PTE. JACK CROWE, an Owen Sound boy, who has written from a German war hospital that he was so severely wounded, before being captured, that it was necessary to amputate both legs. He expects to be repatriated to England in a short time. Despite his wounds, the young soldier writes in a cheerful vein.

CANADIAN PLANTS TO SECURE SHELL ORDER FROM UNITED STATES

Arrangement Made at Washington Involving Fifty Million Dollars.

Montreal, Nov. 5.—The Gazette says it is understood that H. J. Fuller, of the Canadian Fairbanks-Morse, is to have charge of the New York end of the business in connection with shell orders which Canadian manufacturers expect to receive from the United States to the amount of about fifty millions of dollars. Recent negotiations, which have taken Sir Joseph Flavelle, chairman of the imperial munitions board, and some leading manufacturers to Washington, are said to have been successfully concluded and an official announcement may be expected from Ottawa soon.

MEETCHEELE TAKEN BY PRINCESS PATS

Montreal, Nov. 5.—Private advices announced today Meetcheele, in Flanders, which was captured last week, was taken by the Princess Patricias Canadian Light Infantry.

HELFERRICH RESIGNS?

Amsterdam, Nov. 4.—According to the Vossische Zeitung of Berlin, a copy of which was received here today, Dr. Karl Helferich, German vice-chancellor, resigned Saturday.

THE WEATHER

LOCAL TEMPERATURES.

Following were the highest and lowest temperatures recorded in London during the 24 hours previous to 8 o'clock last night: Highest, 44; lowest, 23.

The official temperatures for the 12 hours previous to 8 a.m. today were: Highest, 32; lowest, 21.

TOMORROW—FINE AND MILDER.

Toronto, Nov. 5.

Forecasts.

Moderate east to south winds. Fine today and on Tuesday, and becoming a little milder.

Temperatures.

The following were the highest and lowest temperatures during the 24 hours previous to 8 a.m. today:

Stations.	High.	Low.	Weather
Victoria	52	50	Cloudy
Calgary	56	30	Cloudy
Winnipeg	52	28	Clear
Parry Sound	30	24	Clear
Port Stanley	42	22	Clear
Buffalo	40	28	Clear
Toronto	42	28	Clear
Kingston	—	26	Fair
Ottawa	40	32	Clear
Montreal	36	26	Fair
Quebec	36	20	Cloudy
Father Point	34	22	Clear

Weather Notes.

Pressure is low along the British Columbian coast and to the southward of Nova Scotia, and very high in the interior of the continent. Rain is falling in British Columbia. Elsewhere in Canada the weather is fair.

OLD LONDON BOYS MAKE BIG CLEAN-UP IN SUNDAY'S RAID

Take 14 Prisoners, Several Guns and Kill Hundred Germans.

London, Nov. 5.—"Further details concerning yesterday's raid by London troops in the neighborhood of Gavrelle show that 14 prisoners, four machine guns and two trench mortars were captured by us," says today's official report from the Franco-Belgian front. "In addition, a large number of the enemy, estimated at nearly 100, were killed, and all dugouts in the raided area were destroyed or left in flames. Our casualties were very light.

"Yesterday evening a party of Sherwood Foresters raided the enemy's trenches northeast of Loos, capturing a few prisoners and killing a number of Germans. Our casualties were again light.

"Hostile reconnoitring parties were dispersed by our fire last night in the neighborhood of Hollebeke and Reutel."

ANTI-GERMAN OUTBREAKS WRECK RIO BUILDINGS

Rio Janeiro, Nov. 4.—Popular demonstrations against German business houses in this city assumed a violent character last evening. The damage was heavy. Anti-German outbreaks are also reported from Guritybe and Sao Paulo.

RUSS BREAK TURK'S LINE; MUCH BOOTY IS SECURED

Slavs Advanced as Far as Third Ottoman Line on Black Sea Coast.

Petrograd, Nov. 5.—In the region of the Black Sea coast the Russians have driven the Turks from their first line and advanced in some places to the third line, the war office announces. Much booty was captured.

NO MERCY SHOWN HELPLESS TARS BY FOE RAIDERS IN NORTH SEA

Cold-Blooded Slaughter When Convoy Crews Took to Lifeboats.

London, Nov. 5.—(Via Reuter's Ottawa Agency).—An appalling story of the cold-blooded massacre by the Germans of the crews of the British North Sea convoy is told by the Norwegian newspapers. The Tidenstegn says that the German cruisers were observed at 6 o'clock in the morning, and were thought to be British vessels, but at 7 o'clock, when there was more light they suddenly began shooting, and the convoy was terrified to see the British destroyer at the stern of the convoy beginning to sink, although it fought to the end.

Shelled Lifeboats.

The German cruisers after signalling the vessels to stop, advanced on each side of the convoy which they swept with all their guns at a range of less than 200 yards. Two German destroyers came up and helped to spread death and destruction over the defenceless ships, shells falling thick and fast. The Germans were not content to sink the ships, but shelled the lifeboats, and every living thing coming their way was mercilessly slaughtered. The survivors owed their lives to the high sea which was running, making the boats a difficult mark.

Keep Up Slaughter.

In the midst of the massacre, another British destroyer came up and immediately attacked, but was soon sunk in the unequal struggle. The German flotilla then cruised backwards and forwards along the sinking steamers, pouring a fresh and terrible rain of shells at a range of one hundred yards. One shell went through the Swedish ship Wiendar, exploding in the lifeboat on the other side and killing all its occupants, fourteen men and three women. The other lifeboat rowed back to rescue the captain and two waitresses from the wreck. A shell struck the boat and killed five of her occupants, only the mate escaping by swimming.

The Wiendar was now a mass of flames. The two girls jumped into the sea and were apparently drowned. The captain was saved by climbing to the wreckage. As the two women were sinking an English ship hoisted the white flag. The answer of the Germans was a shot which killed them both. Twelve men of another ship had just got into the lifeboat when a shell killed them all.

GERMAN SATESMAN THREATENS NORWAY

Wants Anti-Campaign of Norwegian Press Curbed.

Copenhagen, Nov. 5.—The Hamburg Fremdenblatt prints an interview which a leading German statesman gave to the correspondent of a Norwegian paper, but which the paper declined to publish. The interview concludes with the threat of serious consequences unless the Norwegian press curbs its campaign of indignation against Germany. The fear is expressed that the agitation, unless checked, will produce such an atmosphere of hatred and bitterness against Germany that some unimportant incident will lead to consequences which even the most bellicose agitator will deplore.

BRANTFORD YOUNG MEN SPEED UP REGISTRATION

Brantford, Nov. 5.—The young men of Brantford are realizing that here is need for speed in reporting to the local postoffice under the Military Service Act. Fifty-nine went up on Saturday, of whom five reported for service. To date 609 have reported, 25 being willing to fight.

FLIGHT LIEUTENANT KILLED.

Winnipeg, Nov. 5.—Word has been received by B. C. Mills that his brother, Flight-Lieut. George C. Mills, has been killed accidentally after a flight at Gosport, England.

MISS VICTORY LOAN



Advertiser Illustrations

This is "Miss Canada" in the Victory Loan moving picture film "Victory's Call to Canada," appearing in Canadian moving picture houses next week. She played against no less distinguished a lead than Sir Thomas White himself.

LAURIER'S APPEAL TO PEOPLE WILL BRING STRONG SUPPORT IS OPINION AT THE CAPITAL

Liberal Leader's Manifesto Creates Great Interest at Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 5.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier's election manifesto created considerable interest at the capital today, although individual comment by ministers of the crown and others is being reserved until later. While Unionists express satisfaction that the issue as to conscription has been made clear, the supporters of Sir Wilfrid assert that he has made an appeal to the people which will bring him a great deal of support.

Ministers are gathering to deal with a number of important matters before scattering for the campaign. Hon. T. A. Crerar, minister of agriculture, who came in from the West this morning, expressed his satisfaction with the manner in which the situation is shaping in the prairie provinces. Hon. J. A. Calder, minister of imigration and colonization, is expected to arrive in the capital on Wednesday.

Hon. Sidney Fisher, ex-minister of agriculture, is here in the interests of the opposition campaign. It is expected that before the end of the week final action will be taken in regard to the Canadian Northern arbitration. The appointment of Hon. Wm. Pugsley as lieutenant-governor of New Brunswick is regarded as practically certain within a day or two. Mr. Pugsley, it is understood, has indicated his willingness to accept the post.

SEVEN STRATFORD MEN IN LATEST CASUALTIES

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Stratford, Nov. 5.—The first batch of casualties among men in the recent fighting received includes seven wounded, namely: Ptes. Roy T. Morrow, seriously ill; Walter T. Stephens, Robt. Phair, W. Bradley, Harold Lund, John W. Adair, Daniel F. Fraser.

ENGINEER COMMANDER DEAD.

Montreal, Nov. 5.—Announcement was made here yesterday of the death and burial at sea of Engineer Commander John Sydney MacHan, R. N., of H.M.S. Endymion. He died on a hospital ship at Saloniki on October 26. The deceased, who was a son of W. N. MacHan of this city, was engineer lieutenant of H. M. S. Glasgow, which was the only British ship that escaped destruction by the German fleet in the sea fight at Coronet in November, 1914, when Admiral Craddock went down with his ship, the Good Hope. Engineer Commander MacHan was 32 years of age.

CHAIN OF LETTERS IN GERMAN PLOT

New York, Nov. 5.—A German plot, the apparent purpose of which is to clog the mails, both domestic and foreign, is under investigation by the secret service it was learned this morning. The scheme, which calls for flooding the mails with millions of letters, each letter a link in one of a dozen or more chains, is said to have originated in Boston. Some of the letters which have fallen into the hands of the Government are out and out propaganda documents, while others are on their face harmless affairs, usually prayers for peace or for the protection of American soldiers and sailors.

ARTILLERY ACTIVE ALONG FRENCH LINE

Enemy Attacks on Small Posts Repulsed and Prisoners Taken.

Paris, Nov. 5.—"There was intermittent artillery activity in Belgium and Upper Alsace," says today's official announcement. "An enemy attack on our small posts west of the Upper Coucy forest was repulsed and prisoners remained in our hands. Everywhere else the night was calm."

AMERICAN ARMY PRIVATE CHARGED WITH PLOTTING FOR INDUSTRIAL WORKERS

Thought to Have Caused Death of Several Army Horses.

Plattsburg, N. Y., Nov. 5.—Pte. "Frank E. Woods" of the 16th United States Field Artillery, who admitted he is a member of the I. W. W. when arrested at the officers' training camp yesterday on suspicion of knowing what had caused the deaths of several army horses, informed the military authorities that his real name is Frank E. Wernk, and that he is the author of several communications seized by Government officials during recent I. W. W. raids. These communications are said to refer by "dropping ff files in the cog wheels of some high powered machinery" and "taking care of some farmers."

Wernk is charged with being a deserter from a federalized Wisconsin infantry regiment.

The prisoner said he would appear as a Government witness against Wm. D. Haywood, indicted leader of the I. W. W.

KEMP DEMANDS EXPLANATION OF MEWBURN'S HAMILTON ATTACK ON THE MILITIA DEPARTMENT; SAYS ONE OF THEM MUST QUIT

Old and New War Ministers of Borden's Cabinet Fall Out Over Latter's Statement That Kemp's Administration Left Militia Department In a Deplorable Condition—Kemp Declares If Explanation Not Satisfactory, He Will Ask Borden To "Fire" His Successor, Else He Will Step Out.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Ottawa, Nov. 5.—"Gen. Mewburn's attack in Hamilton on the administration of the militia department by his predecessor in office, Sir Edward Kemp, is the latest sensation in political circles in the capital. The attack came with all the greater surprise, as Gen. Mewburn was brought to the department by Sir Edward Kemp, and the influence of the late minister was exerted on his behalf to secure his entrance into the cabinet.

EXPLANATION OR DENIAL.

By Gen. Mewburn's attack, Sir Edward Kemp's position in the cabinet is impossible without some explanation or denial from his successor. Sir Edward Kemp was to have gone to England as overseas minister of militia, but if his administration at home was "deplorable," his acceptance of the more important and difficult work overseas is impossible.

SOMEBODY MUST RESIGN.

It is expected that Sir Edward Kemp will immediately demand an explanation, and if a satisfactory one is not forthcoming will ask Sir Robert Borden to either accept his resignation or dispense with the services of his minister of militia.

ENEMY ABOUT TO MAKE NEW PEACE OFFER

Copenhagen, Nov. 5.—It is generally believed in diplomatic circles here that the visit to Berlin today of Count Ottokar Czernin, the Austro-Hungarian foreign minister, may be a preliminary to a new peace offer by the central powers.

20,000 FORMS MUST COME IN FIVE DAYS FROM THIS DISTRICT

Only 19,109 Out of 39,000 Estimated Eligibles Reported.

Over twenty thousand forms have yet to be received in the next five days by Deputy Registrar W. E. Wismer if all the estimated eligible men in class one in this military district conform to the instructions under the military service act.

Today 1,254 claims for exemption were filed as compared with 44 reports for service. The total to date is 18,650 claims for exemption and 450 reports for service, making a total of 19,109 signed forms received from 39,166 estimated eligibles in the district.

The claims for exemption continue to be based principally upon the second clause, which reads:

"That it is expedient in the national interest that the man should, instead of being employed in military service, be engaged in other work in which he wishes to be engaged, and for which he has special qualifications."

Deputy Registrar Wismer is preparing his staff to deal with a largely increased number of forms during the next few days.

TERRIER KEPT VIGIL BESIDE DEAD MASTER

Aged Leamington Man Found Dead on Beach.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Leamington, Ont., Nov. 5.—Montgomery Brown, a well-to-do farmer living on the first concession, was found dead near his home on the beach today. Last evening he went for fish, and when he did not come home the family thought he had stayed all night with his brother. This morning his dog came home and after eating breakfast started for the beach. Following the dog the members of the family found Mr. Brown dead. He had his arm through the handle of the basekt of fish, and beside him was a mark in the sand where his dog, a little fox terrier, had watched all night. Mr. Brown was in his 75th year, and for several weeks had not been well.

THREE NATURALIZATION REQUESTS BEING MADE DURING FALL ASSIZES

London Residents Request Full Citizenship Rights.

Applications for naturalization as British subjects were made by three city residents before Mr. Justice Middleton at 2 o'clock this afternoon, when the supreme court assizes opened. Decisions will be given in all three cases the last day of the sittings.

Erastus Barnard Hessel, a die setter by occupation, applied for re-admission to British nationality. He was granted letters of naturalization papers ten years ago. He went to the state of Pennsylvania nine years ago, and there took out American citizenship papers. He returned to Canada four years ago, and now asks to again be made a British citizen.

Hans Olding Foucar, M. D., a graduate of Western University and the gold medallist in the medical class of that institution in 1915, makes an affidavit that he has been in London over five years. His former place of residence is given as Kuang-Teh-Cheo, China.

Frederick William Kaiser, a cooper by trade, and born in Stolp, Germany, swears in his affidavit that he has resided in Canada for 36 years and that he wishes to become a British subject.

STATES SEND MONEY TO HELP RUMANIANS

Washington, D. C., Nov. 5.—Coincident with news that a conference now in session in London is considering the Rumanian situation, received here today, it became known that the United States has advanced $8,000,000 to Rumania through Russia.

NEW MINISTER OF MILITIA SAYS HE FOUND KEMP'S DEPARTMENT WAS IN A DEPLORABLE CONDITION

Ottawa, Nov. 4.—The speech of General S. C. Mewburn at Hamilton has created consternation at Ottawa. General Mewburn's declaration that he found the condition of the militia department "deplorable," puts it up to Sir Edward Kemp, who has just been named for the Canadian overseas military portfolio.

Sir Edward has been in charge of the militia department since the retirement of Sir Sam Hughes a year ago. He appointed General Newburn to the command of the famous Canadian home defence force, which the authorities were unable to raise. Later Sir Edward appointed General Mewburn adjutant general of Canadian headquarters. Then Sir Robert Borden appointed General Mewburn as successor to Sir Edward Kemp in the Canadian militia portfolio, and General Mewburn declares now that conditions in the department are deplorable.

In the face of this it is not seen how Sir Edward can be sent to the more important military portfolio overseas if General Mewburn is allowed to continue in the cabinet in Canada.

POOR SERVICE TO UNION, SAYS OTTAWA JOURNAL.

Ottawa, Nov. 5.—This morning's Journal urges that "a little more caution" should be exercised by some Liberal members of the cabinet in speaking of the past conduct of the war by their Conservative colleagues. Particular reference is made by the Journal to the speeches of Hon. F. B. Carvell and Gen. Mewburn at the Hamilton convention. Referring to Mr. Carvell's statement that he "never went after a man unless he deserved some attention," the Journal says:

"This kind of talk is a poor service to union. We would like to remind Mr. Carvell that included among those whom he 'went after' are many men who are now earnestly striving to cooperate with him in prosecuting the war.

"And, as regards the criticisms of Gen. Mewburn, did the minister forget that his 'late immediate predecessor,' whom he criticized, is now his colleague, occupying perhaps the most responsible war post in the entire cabinet? Does he think he is serving union, or even aiding conscription, by emphasizing that 'grave mistakes had been made from the very outset in recruiting?' Politics are usually thrown into a topsy-turvy state by elections, but we sincerely trust that the spectacle of members of the Government attacking their own colleagues, whether the attacks be unconscious or otherwise, shall not be too frequently repeated.

PRESS COMMENT ON MANIFESTO OF LIBERAL LEADER

Edmonton, Nov. 5.—The Bulletin, Hon. Frank Oliver, proprietor, says editorially:

"To amplify the argument of the manifesto, the need for conscription has often been broadly stated to be the failure of voluntary enlistment in Quebec. From present indications conscription is not likely to give very much more satisfactory returns than the voluntary system did. Sir Wilfrid's challenge is: Give Quebec a fair chance, under sympathetic leadership, and she will do her share. If she does not, then enforce conscription by mandate of the people, but not in defiance of the people or by disfranchisement of a large part of them."

ST. JOHN STANDARD.

St. John, Nov. 5.—The Standard (Unionist) quotes Laurier's promise of a referendum on conscription, and says:

"Laurier would postpone conscription until the people have had a chance to vote on it. Patriotic Canadians want no such chance. They realize that the Empire's house is burning, and they do not want to cease all effort to extinguish the flames until the people have taken a vote to determine what brand of hose shall be used. By his pronouncement Laurier has gained thousands of votes in Quebec but has lost tens of thousands throughout the rest of Canada."

OTTAWA JOURNAL-PRESS.

Ottawa, Nov. 5.—The Journal-Press says in part:

"If Sir Wilfrid Laurier triumphs in the coming election he will promptly suspend the operation of conscription and, no matter how great may be the need, no reinforcements will be sent to the front under the military service act until, on some undefined date in the future, the country is given an opportunity to pass upon it by way of a referendum.

"That is the outstanding declaration of his manifesto."

WINNING IRON CROSS QUITE SIMPLE MATTER, SAYS BOCHE PRISONER

Fighters Get Them Whether They Are Deserved or Not.

British Front in Belgium, Nov. 4—(By Associated Press).—In the diary of a German prisoner, the following notes were found:

"At fixed periods fixed quantities of iron crosses are distributed to the troops. It matters little whether they are deserved or not—they must be distributed. To get one, all that is necessary is that the sergeant-major should be well disposed. It is unnecessary to deserve it; it is enough if one is present at the distribution.

"Today thirteen iron crosses were distributed to a company on the occasion of the first anniversary of the formation of the division, and I should like simply to write down to whom they were distributed: First, the battalion cook; second, the battalion carpenter, who makes cases for the officers, which they send home filled; third, company clerk, who since he has been with the regiment, has never set foot in a trench; fourth, company gardener, who has succeeded in growing some fine lettuce. Men who have been in the trenches for more than a year without missing a day are sent away empty handed."

CENTRALIA YOUNG MAN MAKES GREAT SACRIFICE

Centralia, Nov. 5.—Mr. and Mrs. Jones of this village received word that their son John had died of wounds somewhere in France. He was wounded in the hand and head. He left with the 161st Battalion.

SIR WILFRID LAURIER'S MANIFESTO WILL BE FOUND ON PAGE 4

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EXPECTED RUSH OF LAST DAYS FAILING TO MATERIALIZE HERE

Only 48 Men Examined on Saturday.

MANY RECRUITS JOIN

15 of Them Came From Across Border to Don Khaki.

The expected rush to be examined at the end of the period allotted by the Government under the Military Service Act does not seem to be materializing. Saturday there were only 48 men before the medical boards at the armories seventeen of whom were found to be physically fit.

Fifteen W. O. R. recruits from across the border arrived Saturday. Their names follow: Jas Morrisey, Canada, W. O. R., Grand Rapids; J. H. Sherenger, England, W. O. R., Grand Rapids; A. C. Bushfield, England, W. O. R., Detroit; C. Tury, Russia, W. O. R., Detroit; D. Lordkipaninne, Russia, W. O. R., Detroit; W. Anderson, Canada, Forestry, London; H. Willis, England, W. O. R., London; G. A. Ross, Canada, W. O. R., Cleveland; M. McCarthy, England, Forestry, Cleveland; R. C. Spaulding, W. S. A. Details, London; E. H. Palser England, Forestry, London; B. W. Murray, Canada, W. O. R., London; J. E. Pettit, Canada, W. O. R., London; W. H. Lavelle, Canada, 64th Battery, London; Chas. Hust, England, W. O. R., Cleveland; K. Loucks, Canada, Forestry, London; G. A. Kutzer Canada, Forestry, London; E. L. Read, England, W. O. R., Grand Rapids; G. A. Fleming, England, W. O. R., Detroit; O. M. W. Armfelt, Sweden, W. O. R., Grand Rapids; John Doornbos, Holland, W. O. R., Grand Rapids.

Following is the category of the 48 men examined Saturday:

Class A, combatant service overseas	17
Class B, non-combatant service overseas	12
Class C, service in Canada	3
Class D, doubtful	3
Class E, unfit	13
Total	48

The regular meeting of the Women's Institute will be held in the new clubroom, Mount Brydges, on Thursday, November 8. Mrs. Hammett of Newbury will give an address on "The Duty of Women," roll call to be answered by a topic for a paper.

HEATED DEBATE ON HYDRO PLUMBING BEING CONTINUED

Question Before Commission Again This Afternoon.

The utilities commission will hold a meeting this afternoon, at which the plumbing tenders, which produced a heated debate, will be again up for discussion.

Chairman Philip Pocock will produce a bond to the effect that he will guarantee the work for two years if done by day labor, and that the cost will not exceed $3,800, which is nearly $1,200 lower than the tenders received.

There will be a lively debate, and much interesting conversation will result.

MAKING GOOD TIME

Earl W. Williams, chief clerk at the G. T. R. here, has returned from a three weeks' holiday trip to his former home at Wheeling, W. Va. Mrs. Williams and family will remain in the south for some time.

He found the Americans head over heels in war preparations, and making the best of the time in getting ready. They are seized with the importance of the occasion.

Lemons Do Whiten! Try This on Face, Neck, Arms, Hands

The lemon juice massage indulged in once or twice each day means a little time and trouble, girls, but what of the splendid results? A skin bleached beautifully white, a complexion with the bloom of a peach, a softening of those lines of care; in fact, a skin eloquent of nature's purity and hands white, soft and full of charm.

What girl or woman hasn't heard of lemon juice to remove complexion blemishes; to bleach the skin and to bring out the roses, the freshness and the hidden beauty? But lemon juice alone is acid, therefore irritating, and should be mixed with orchard white this way. Strain through a fine cloth the juice of two fresh lemons into a bottle containing about three ounces of orchard white, then shake well and you have a whole quarter pint of skin and complexion lotion at about the cost one usually pays for a small jar of ordinary cold cream. Be sure to strain the lemon juice so no pulp gets into the bottle, then this lotion will remain pure and fresh for months. When massaged daily into the face, neck, arms and hands it should naturally help to whiten clear, smoothen and beautify the skin.

Any druggist will supply three ounces of orchard white at very little cost and the grocer has the lemons.

ANGLICAN BISHOPS BRING NEED OF GREATER MISSIONARY EFFORTS HOME TO CONGREGATIONS OF LONDON CITY

In Campaign Addresses Here They Tell of Crying Need of More Men, More Money and Greater Extension of Work in Fields, Both in Foreign Lands and in Great Canadian Northwest.

It was a hardy bishop of the northland, from the territory of mountain and plain, from forest and river, lakes and muskeg, who presented to a most attentive congregation in the Cronyn Memorial Church on Sunday evening the problem of mission work in the Northwest, and laid a solemn charge upon a Christian people blessed with prosperity and opportunity to each and all take up the responsibility of helping to bring about the fulfillment of what he termed "God's eternal purpose" that the redemption of Jesus Christ shall be offered to all men of all climes and tongues.

The bishop of Athabasca, one of the quartet of western bishops who have been conducting a great missionary campaign in the diocese of Huron during the past few days, and for several weeks in Eastern Canada, referred especially to his own diocese of Athabasca, far up in the north, as typical of the other missionary dioceses of the Canadian Northwest. Touching upon the great changes which have come about in the Peace River country within the past half-dozen years, the transformation of thousands of acres and scores of miles of virgin prairie to cultivated fields, from lonesome wastes to habited lands and hospitable communities, companion pictures were drawn of this new bit of Canada as it is with the banner of Christianity endeavoring to keep pace with settlement, and as it would have been had there been no provision for religious services, infrequent as these are, for baptism of children, for Christian marriage, for Christian ministry in sickness and sorrow, for Christian burial of the dead.

"Supposing there had been no Christian influence," said Bishop Robins, "how could we have expected the loyalty that has been manifested in the far north country, the order, the safety of life and property, the respectability of community life equal to what can be found in any part of the country?"

Courageous Men Needed.

Impressing the fact that Christian ministration to this growing-up section of Canada is associated with many problems and difficulties, financial and otherwise, the preacher continued:

"The man who goes in there to plow up ground which has never been plowed before, to erect a home where homes have never been known before, needs a courageous heart, patience and great determination. The church needs the same in its endeavor to keep up with the people who are going in there. Everything must be provided, site for the church, material, equipment. In the early pioneer days, the settlers who go in there have too much to meet and to do to give their time or to have tax imposed upon them. Yet expenses must be met. The young missionary who goes in there with a territory of perhaps 30 miles to cover needs horses, and good ones, for the rigors of his work. He needs winter and summer conveyances, and warm clothing for the severe winters. These things must not only be provided once, but over and over again. These things can only be obtained by grants from the church, and because the church has been supplying grants the blessing has been marvelous."

Women's Work Greater.

Concerning the Indian work in Athabasca as in the other parts of the Northwest, Bishop Robins stated that the schools are filled to overflowing with Indian children, and never before has there been so great demand for admission.

"These are expensive days," he said, "and the children must be clothed and the schools otherwise maintained. We must look to the Woman's Auxiliary more than ever for clothing for the children. Many of the children are frail by inheritance, and have a latent tendency to consumption. If they are to be saved, they must be properly clothed and fed."

Touching briefly upon missionary work of the Church of England in Canada and in other lands, notably China and India, the bishop contrasted present conditions of open doors and pleas for the gospel on all sides, with the antagonistic attitude of only twenty or thirty years ago In conclusion, he urged the individual responsibility of each one professing the name of Christ not only to fulfil the pledges that are asked, but to give to the utmost of opportunity and ability.

Is Share Being Done?

"In these days of great sorrow and sacrifice," he said "it seems to me sometimes that the shadows of evening are lengthening and that the day of opportunity is slipping rapidly away. You have been so blessed by God. You sang tonight, 'Jesus Shall Reign Where'er the Sun.' Did you mean it? You said, 'I believe in God the Father.' Whose Father? Just yours, or the Father of the people of India, China, Africa? You said, 'And in Jesus Christ, His only Son, who was crucified, dead and buried.' For whom? It is the eternal purpose of God that all men shall know the salvation of His Son, Jesus Christ. Are you doing your full share to help carry out this eternal purpose?"

Throughout the sermon ran a golden thread of optimism, of undaunted faith and courage. "Mission work," said Bishop Robins, "is the first and last work of the church. It is bound to succeed. Because it is God's eternal purpose, it cannot fail."

HOSPITALS NEEDED MORE THAN CHURCHES.

The Bishop of Edmonton, at a meeting of the Women's Auxiliary held in Cronyn Hall on Saturday afternoon, gave a brief but very graphic account of the work generally in the great Northwest, in the course of his address bringing forward two very important and at the same time radical propositions to the W. A. of Eastern Canada. In the first place he strongly advocated the establishment of hospitals rather than the building of churches in the country districts of the West, and secondly, the establishment of centres of women workers among the foreign population of the crowded western towns. He hopes that the W. A. of Eastern Canada will be able in the future to give help in the materializing of these propositions.

Bishop Gray of Edmonton stated that he brought forward these propositions because, as an outcome of his own experience in the West, he believed that there were two real missionary labors which were being neglected by the Church of England. He gave as a reason for these particular missionary efforts, the peculiarly cosmopolitan population of the Northwest, where even a single city such as Edmonton can produce representatives of almost any nationality on the face of the globe.

"These peoples have cut themselves off from old association and kindred, and are united neither in language nor customs," declared the bishop. "They are a motly crowd, some having come from homes where they received spiritual training and who still adhere to it, others again whose religion has disappeared before material influences; still others who are indifferent either way, and then the great majority which are spiritually destitute.

Never Heard of Christ.

"In the country districts, the Anglican people are widely scattered, and the clergyman must drive through the country to reach them. Sometimes he comes to a district where he has a fairly large gathering, then again, it is only a dozen people, and often but three or four. Living among these people of the church in that vast western country, which lies between the borders of Western Ontario and the vast Rocky Mountains, are whole multitudes of people, mostly foreigners, who are in utter ignorance of spiritual things, who say of Christ, 'I have never heard of him. He must be a newcomer in these parts.'

"The women of these country districts live under very trying conditions. Their home is but a one-roomed shack, not too watertight and often for as long as six weeks a solitary woman will not see one of her own sex or be able to obtain help in case of illness. Such conditions as these effect not only the spiritual but also the physical and mental life of the women. In one of these districts a hospital has been established through the help of the archbishop's fund. Here there are three trained women nurses, and any of the women in the district can go there to receive medical aid.

"I make bold to say that I would sooner build a hospital in one of these districts than three churches. In the hospital the women come under religious influence and return to their homes, recovered in health and strength and carrying with them the religious atmosphere of the institution where they have been."

"When later on you see that the Bishop of Edmonton has asked your society for a hospital in some district of the West I want you to feel that it is not merely a frill, but something which is absolutely necessary to the building up of a community in the love of Jesus Christ and for good citizenship."

Deaconesses Wanted.

"In the cities there are large numbers of foreigners gathered together who do not understand the language which is being preached in our churches, and the question is how are we going to touch them? This may be done only by the use of deaconesses who go into the foreign districts and gather the women and children together, teaching them sewing and the ordinary principles of housekeeping. These deaconesses will not be ministering only to the Anglican Church women, but to all the women of the community, teaching them and their children to be better citizens of Canada. The deaconesses may also help in rescue work among the young girls of the western cities, who are often far from home and kindred, and open to great temptations.

"In the city of Edmonton today there is need for three such trained women, and the Anglican churches there, because of the fact that they are numerous and very small, are unable to support them. So I am asking the W. A. of Eastern Canada to train and support for two or three years such women helpers."

"All these problems are coming to you from the West, and I pray you to strive for a wider vision, for a greater catholicity of endeavor and let the Church of England open its arms to the thousands of destitute people scattered over that great western land."

Bishop Williams presided over the meeting.

Bishop Gray of Edmonton preached to a large congregation in St. Paul's Cathedral Sunday morning on missionary work, particularly that of the Canadian Northwest.

"The purpose of the church is to proclaim the gospel to all nations," said Bishop Gray. "The obligation rests on every individual member of the church. The missionary duty, is the first duty of the church. It is our solemn duty to fulfil the Master's command: 'Feed my sheep.'

"The message to be preached is the love of God for men, and the measure of our love for Jesus Christ will be indicated by the way in which we obey his commands. The obedience to these commands is the solid evidence of the reality of our responding love."

Men First Problem.

The bishop declared that the church was doing its best to maintain the front line of its work. The first problem was one of men. The second was the difficulty of welding this people gathered from the four corners of the globe into a community that would have a right bearing in the future councils of the land. The speaker declared that the people of the east as well as the west owes the emigrant some duty to keep alive that flickering Christian faith brought from foreign strands.

"They need help and encouragement. We should do our part, so that generations to come will rise up and bless us," declared the bishop.

Give Chinese Citizenship.

The speaker stated that the Bishop of Kootenay had said that 60 per cent of the male members of his diocese had gone to the front. The Chinese were swarming in, renting and buying land and saying "Soon we shall own your farms and marry your daughters."

"Let us not refuse them citizenship, but let us see that their religion is Christlike and not pagan. We should see that there are enough men to man these districts properly."

The preacher then went on to tell of some of the difficulties that the missionaries labored under.

"The call to you in the east was never as insistent as now. Send us your sons and daughters. Freely have you surrendered your sons for the honor of the country. Surrender them just as freely for the honor of God," concluded the bishop.

300 ORANGEMEN OF LONDON ATTEND AT SPECIAL SERVICES

Parade to Empress Avenue Church Sunday.

Empress Avenue Methodist Church was crowded to the doors Sunday afternoon, when over 300 Orangemen attended the annual services in commemoration of the gunpowder plot.

The pastor, Rev. J. Richardson, preached from the text from Peter i., 17: "Honor all men, fear God, honor the King, love the brotherhood."

He defined the four cardinal principles of the order as equality, religion, patriotism and fraternity.

"Orangeism stands for equal rights for all," he said. "We mean equality of citizenship, irrespective of nationality and this means British citizenship. Canada is British and that free citizenship must be maintained, and the British language spoken. This is a British country, and not a French one. The bilingual issue is a real issue that must be faced. I lived long enough in Eastern Ontario to study it first hand. There we feel the first waves of French invasion in Ontario."

"Orangeism lays no claim to an exclusive loyalty, said the speaker, but that is a distinct characteristic, the keynote which rings true and clear. It has been a great factor in cementing the Empire and preventing the severance of Ireland from the British crown.

"The great business now is to win the war. It was no time for party politics when the Hun is at the gate.

"Fraternity is another principle, and as a brotherhood we should seek to make the order an increasing influence for good. Let the sign and password mean much as a brotherhood. These have no magic to open the pearly gates. Every man should belong to the greater brotherhood of believers in Christ."

A large choir, under the leadership of Miss Florence Dewey, rendered excellent music while the violin solo of Leslie Lucas and the male quartet, composed of Messrs. Graham, Chapman, Gibson and Greenway, were added features of the service.

TURK GRAND VIZIER WANTS ALL LOST GROUND RETURNED BY ENTENTE

Copenhagen, Nov. 5.—Talaat Bey, the Turkish grand vizier, declared that Turkey's aim in the world war was to secure independence from all the great powers, including her present Allies, according to an interview granted the Constantinople correspondent of the Vossische Zeitung of Berlin. He said Turkey could not make peace without regaining all her lost territory, either by force of arms or by negotiations. The sultan, he added, might possibly accept Emperor William's invitation to visit Berlin.

SCORES WOMEN WHO HAVE DONE NOTHING TO HELP SOLDIERS

Military Evangelist Arraigns "Slackers."

ST. JOHN WORK EXPLAINED

Ambulance Brigade's Part in War Told at Sunday Meeting.

A patriotic meeting to secure funds to assist in furthering the work of the St. John Ambulance Brigade was held in the Majestic Theatre Sunday evening. Addresses were delivered by Sergt.-Major Harry Edwards, and Quartermaster-Sergt. William Loveday, secretary of the local branch of the St. John Ambulance Association. A violin solo was given by Miss Cora Brennan, and vocal solos by Thomas Carman and Miss Lillian Elliott. Mayor Stevenson acted as chairman.

"Women Slackers" was the subject of an address delivered by Sergt.-Major Harry Edwards, who arraigned in terms that could not be misunderstood those women who yet have done nothing to lighten the burden of the soldiers fighting in the trenches for the great cause. At the same time he was condemning the "pink tea parties," Sergt. Edwards eulogized in the highest possible terms the work that had been, and was still being done by thousands of women in connection with Red Cross work, and under the auspices of many women organizations. Giving these women all the credit to which they deserve he did not forget to tell those who had yet done nothing what they could do to help.

He said many women today who were embroidering some fancy centrepiece could be beter employed making trench caps, knitting socks or wristlets for the boys in the trenches. He made an earnest appeal to all women who were not already helping to do something without further delay.

"The needs of the Red Cross are unlimited, there is lots for all to do, so see that you women do it," said Sergt. Edwards in conclusion.

Quartermaster-Sergt. Wm. Loveday gave an interesting and comprehensive explanation of the workings of the St. John Ambulance Association.

Twenty nurses, each connected with No. 4 nursing division, were in the right lower boxes of the theatre and presented a pretty sight, attired in their uniforms.

The speaker called attention to the fact that No. 1 division in this city has the distinction of being the first division ever formed in Canada. There are now over fifty divisions.

The work of the brigade, he said, is to instruct men and women in the several arts of first aid and nursing in order that they shall be able to render services in cases of sudden illness or accidents. The first division which was formed in the city in 1908, has since issued 1,000 certificates to nurses and men.

No. 1 ambulance division here, consisting of 21 men, has an excellent record for service. Out of the 21 men, seventeen are on active service in France, one on duty in Canada, one physically unfit, one over age and one prevented from service because of family obligations.

MUST MAKE DOMINION DRY BEFORE WAR END OR WAIT GENERATION

Temperance Lecturer Says Now Is Time to Act.

The packed audience assembled in the Salvation Army Citadel on Sunday evening evidenced the success and popularity which Mr. Tennyson Smith has achieved in the city during his gospel temperance campaign. All the available space on the platform, as well as in the aisles, was occupied, and even then numbers were turned from the doors unable to gain admission. The heartiness of the congregational singing, led by Tennyson Smith, and the earnest attention given to his address, were a further tribute to his power as a speaker.

The subject was "A Clarion Call to a Holy Crusade," and he took as his text Romans xiii:11: "It is high time to awake out of sleep." He dealt again with the evils of the liquor traffic which resulted not only from the open drinking bar, which had been banished from eight out of the nine provinces of Canada, but also from the use of drink in the home even under the most refined conditions, as drink, owing to its deceptive nature, must tend to make drunkards. He said it was high time for the community to awake, for parents to awake, for the church to awake, and for the temperance party to awake, in order to take advantage of the victories already achieved, and push the battle to the gate to gain dominion-wide prohibition, which he believed, if they did not gain before the war ended, they would not gain for generations.

In the afternoon, in the Y. M. C. A. Auditorium, Mr. Tennyson Smith addressed a great meeting of men only, his subject being "Man and Tyrants," the point of his lecture being the slavery of evil habit, and especially of the drink crave. His illustrations in both lectures were most powerful, and told in his natural dramatic manner held his audiences spellbound and produced a profound impression. Thos. Leah, who made the announcements, said that when considering engaging Mr Tennyson Smith they sought information from other towns, and the lecturer had far exceeded in his splendid work the most eulogistic things that had been said about him, and that as the press in other places had highly praised the dramatic recitals which were to be given on Thursday, they might well expect a great treat on the last night of the campaign. The meetings will be continued in the Salvation Army Citadel tonight, Tuesday and Wednesday, the admission being free, and Thursday the recitals in the Y. M. C. A.

SUFFERED WITH NERVES

COULD NOT KEEP QUIET

Diseases of the nervous system are very common.

All the organs of the body may be sound while the nerve centres may be affected.

Many women become run down and worn out by household duties never ending, and sooner or later find themselves with their nerves shattered, and the heart action weakened.

On the first sign of any weakness of either the heart or nerves, flagging energy or physical breakdown, do not wait until your case becomes hopeless.

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills will at once quieten the shaking nerves, strengthen the weak heart and build up the entire system.

Mrs. F. Bailey, 221 Earl street, Kingston, Ont., writes: "I was suffering very much with my nerves, so much so that I could not keep myself quiet at all. I was recommended to try Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, so I bought three boxes, and I must say I have derived much benefit from them, so much so that my friends have all noticed the change in me."

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills are 50c per box at all dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

88 CLAUSES SURE TO PROVOKE SOME ORATORICAL WORK

Council's Menu This Evening Long Drawn Out.

The council will meet this evening, with a big budget of business to be disposed of.

The board of control's report contains no less than 88 clauses, and there are many questions that will cause some discussion.

The taking over of the construction of the sewage disposal works from the contractors, the Arnott Construction Company will produce some debate. The salary of Police Magistrate Graydon will also be debated. There will be other matters.

It looks like another midnight frolic for the aldermen.

ANNIVERSARY SERVICES AT ASKIN ST SUNDAY

Rev. H. D. Moyer Preaches Special Sermons for Day.

Bright and inspiring Sunday school anniversary services were held yesterday in the Askin Street Methodist church, beautifully decorated for the occasion with flowers and flags of the Allies, conspicuous among which was the stars and stripes. Special attention had been given to the preparation of the musical program under the direction of E. W. G. Quantz, the Sunday school orchestra playing several numbers and furnishing accompaniments.

Rev. H. D. Moyer of the Hyatt Avenue Methodist Church preached both morning and evening, addressing the children especially in the morning on the subject of the blind man who received his sight. The importance of religious education and Sunday school work was impressed in the evening upon an adult congregation by Rev. R. G. Peever of the First Methodist Church.

Tuesday evening the anniversary entertainment of the school will be held and for this a program, largely patriotic, has been prepared.

QUERIES REGARDING MILITARY SERVICE

Send in Your Problems and They Will Be Answered From Official Information by The Advertiser.

Question—If a man's father was born in an enemy country and was not naturalized before August, 1914, is the son a British subject, and will he be called on for service?

2—Would he be liable if his father had been naturalized before that time? A. S.

Answer—1. You do not state whether or not the father has become a citizen of Canada yet. The son is a British subject as soon as the father becomes naturalized, but not till then. If the son reaches the age of 21, he could ask for naturalization, and thus become a British subject before his father had done so.

2. The war time elections act exempts from combatant military service all British subjects naturalized since March 31, 1902, who were born in an enemy country, and also their sons who have not on polling day attained legal age. Thus the sons of such men who are not yet 21 years of age on polling day (December 17, 1917), are exempt from combatant service, but they are apparently liable for non-combatant service in such units as the Army Medical Corps or the Forestry and Construction Units.

Question—Would a man born October 3, 1897, be of military age? A. E. T.

Answer—Yes, as he was twenty years of age on October 18, when the proclamation was issued calling up the men.

Question—My father is a cripple and has a big family. Can my brother, who is the only help, claim exemption? FRENCHIE

Answer—He can claim exemption and let the tribunal decide as to whether he should have it or not. He can also claim that he is unfit, even if the medical board placed him in category A. It is impossible to give an opinion here as to his physical fitness.

Question—Would a widow's only son who is in category A, and is her sole support, be exempt from the first draft? M. T.

Answer—He may apply for exemption at the postoffice, and if he can prove to the tribunal that he is the sole support he will probably be exempted.

Question—Would a man who has lost the use of his left eye be subject to the military service act? A SUBSCRIBER.

Answer—If in class one he must apply for exemption, and if he is not needed by the military authorities, he will be granted a certificate of exemption.

GRAHAM TO CONTEST A SEAT IN ONTARIO NOT GOING TO C. N. R.

Points Out It Is Time for Red-Blooded Men To Do Their Duty.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Toronto, Nov. 4.—Hon. George P. Graham will contest an Ontario constituency at the forthcoming general election. Mr. Graham arrived in the city tonight, and when asked if there was any foundation for the suggestion that he was likely to become a member of prospective Canadian Northern management board, laughed heartily.

"So long as the war is in progress," he replied, "my duty lies in another direction. We are not only asking men to go and risk their lives, we are compelling them to do so, and this would be a bad time for public men to shirk responsibility or fail to do their share in working out the very serious problems which face the country.

Intends to Stick.

"However I might feel, after years of service, on the question of ridding myself of worry of public life under ordinary circumstances, the present is no time for a man with red blood in his veins to give any thought to personal comfort or ease."

"Then you intend to continue your work in Parliament?" Mr. Graham was asked.

"Most assuredly," was his reply. "And any report to the contrary is purely fictitious." In reply to a question as to the rumor that he would accept a constituency in some other province, Mr. Graham shook his head. "Not at all," he odbserved, "I intend to remain a representative from the province of Ontario unless the people will otherwise, of which I have no fear."

ARMENIANS GAVE LIVES FOR CHRISTIANITY'S SAKE

Submitted to Awful Torture Rather Than Accept Mohammedism.

A large congregation was present at revival meeting held in the Auditorium last evening, to hear Andrew Urshan, the Persian revivalist tell of his experiences in Persia and his escape five times from massacre at the hand of the Turks, after seeing his own brother killed by the hands of the Turks.

Mr. Urshan told thrilling stories of how the Armenians gave up their lives, rather than accept Mohammedism as their religion, and of the awful torture which they have been through for the sake of Christianity.

A convention is being held which commenced on the third of the month, and will continue until the twelfth. The aim of Mr. Urshan is to make this revival the largest that has ever been held, the speaker referred to the fact, that Admiral Beatty announced that there must be a religious revival before the victory will be won. It is expected that delegates from all parts of Ontario will be present for the grand wind-up of the convention and revival. Meetings will be held every evening in the Y. M. C. A. Auditorium at 8:45.

SMALLMAN & IRWIN

THE WEATHER
A LITTLE HIGHER TEMPERATURE.

SMALLMAN & IRWIN

DAINTINESS AND LUXURY IN *Ladies' Undergarments*

When one goes away she takes along her finest and daintiest lingerie. Our underclothes section never had such exquisite wash satin, silk and crepe de chine pretties.

Paris-like undergarments—crepes from French models, of silk, satin and crepe de chine, which is, after all, practical and wears well.

There is hardly anything that gives to a woman the feeling of luxury so quickly and surely as silk underwear, luxury, too, at comparatively small expense, for this underwear wears well and launders easily; it is excellent for traveling, it occupies small space in your traveling case and easily shakes out of its wrinkles.



"Billie Burke" Pyjamas and Other Dainty Garments

We have just received a shipment of most beautiful undergarments in silk, wash satin, crepe de chine and fine muslin. More and more the ladies are demanding the daintiness and luxury of silk underwear. For this season we are showing the most exclusive styles and novelties in Billie Burke pyjamas, envelope combinations, petticoats, camisoles, bed jackets and boudoir caps.



WASH SILKS, SATIN AND CREPE DE CHINE.

"Billie Burke" Pyjamas, made of beautiful quality silk crepe de chine, trimmed with point de Argentine lace, hemstitching and rosettes of satin ribbon; dainty bed jacket and cap to match; in flesh or sky. Price ..... $24.50 set

"Billie Burke" Pyjamas of splendid quality wash silk, trimmed with Guipure edging, colors flesh or maize. Price $6.50

Two-Piece Pyjamas of heavy quality Jap silk, trimmed with pretty val. lace, in flesh only. Price $10.50

Beautiful Bed Jackets of good quality wash satin, trimmed with Nottingham point lace; in sky, flesh and maize. Price $8.75

Dainty Bed Jackets of silk crepe de chine, trimmed with fillet lace and insertion; made in flesh and sky. Price $8.50

Newest novelties in camisoles, with or without sleeves, in satin, crepe de chine, georgette crepe and Jap silk, all prettily trimmed with laces, ribbons and touches of hand-embroidery; in flesh, sky or white. Prices from ..... 98c to $4.50

Envelope Chemise in heavy silk crepe de chine, several pretty styles to choose from in pink or white. Prices from ..... $5.00 to $7.75

Ladies' Petticoats of heavy white wash silk with wide flounce beautifully embroidered, top of flounce finished with band of insertion to match. Price $8.50

Another Pretty Petticoat, made of heavy wash silk, trimmed with two rows of duchess lace and tiny bunches of French flowers; in pink or white. Price $8.50

Other styles in crepe de chine and wash satin, in flesh, sky or maize. Prices from $7.50 to $10.50

Dainty Gowns of Jap silk with square yoke of pretty shadow point lace, in flesh or white. Price $5.75

Beautiful Gowns of heavy silk crepe de chine, in pink or white. Prices from .. $10.50 to $12.50

Pretty Gowns of fine muslin, with yoke back and front and short sleeves formed of rows of lace insertion and trimmed with bunches of tiny flowers. Price $4.50

Ladies' Envelope Drawers of fine muslin, trimmed with pretty val. lace. Price $1.35

Other styles in Drawers, prettily trimmed, at ..... $1.50 and $2.00

Grey Bear Cloth

We have just received a shipment of cloths from Great Britain, among which is a grey beareloth much wanted for collars, cuffs and trimmings. It has a little black mixture, giving it the appearance of the real fur; 50 inches... $2.50 yard

All Wool Black Cheviots

Two pieces only British Cheviot, absolutely all wool and perfect dye, for suit or coat, remarkable value when compared with stocks procurable today, as this is a purchase of some time ago; 52 inches ..... $1.75 yard

Jersey Stockingette and Taffetine Petticoats

New stock of useful and attractive Petticoats in good variety of stockinette, taffetine, cotton jersey and a good assortment of Knitted All-Wool Skirts. Under the present difficulty of procuring materials such as these, we are fortunate to be able to show such an assortment.



Snug-Fitting Fleece-Lined Stockinette Petticoat, made with yoke and draw tape at waist, scalloped at bottom and finished with black stitching; grey only; lengths 34 and 36. Price $1.50

Splendid Taffetine Petticoat, lined with cardinal flannelette from waist to top of flounce, deep flounce of accordion pleating and tucks, draw tape at waist; black only; sizes 36 to 42. Price $1.75

All-Wool Skirts, fancy knit with scalloped edge at bottom, fitted yoke, fastened at back with draw tape and buttons; comes in grey, white, cardinal, black, also grey and white, stripe, and navy and cardinal stripe. Price $3.00

Cotton Jersey with taffetine flounce at bottom, fitting snugly over hips with elastic band at waist; deep flounce is trimmed with fine pleating and tucks; black only; lengths 36 to 42. Price $1.50

AFTERNOON TEA—See special menu for new afternoon tea specials. Service 10c to 25c.

SMALLMAN & IRWIN

ICE CREAM—To take home—Pints—Bulk, 20c; bricks, 25c. At Soda Fountain.

BOMBED WAY TO DECORATION AT VIMY "PIMPLE"

London Soldier, Home, Minus Leg, by Initiative Kept Advance Moving.

SAVED MACHINE GUNS, TOO

This Last Exploit Won Bar to Military Medal of Corp. Munnoch.

Suffering from numerous wounds, but winner of the military medal with one bar, Corp. John Munnoch, 105 Waterloo street, returned to the city Saturday evening after having served sixteen months front line trench duty in Fracne.

Corp. Munnoch went overseas with the 73rd Battalion, subsequently being transferred to the 4th divisional machine gun brigade. He received the military medal at Vimy Ridge. The official account of the action for which the corporal received the coveted reward reads:

"He was the sole survivor but one, of a crew of 10, who reached the last objective and formed the line in the air. No ammuntion or reinforcements could be obtained. He consolidated the position and killed with bombs 16 Huns in a strong point which was interfering with progress."

Corp. Munnoch received a bar to his medal for an action, the official account of which reads: "A local advance was being made. The whole party were casualties and he, the only N.-C. O. alive, having had his leg blown off. He saw to the removal of casualties and the saving of his guns."

Although most reticent Corporal Munnoch was prevailed upon to give a recount of the action for which he received his decoration. While making an advance onto the enemies position the whole unit except himself was blown up by a succession of bombs. However, Corp. Munnoch stuck to his guns and succeeded in repelling the Huns.

Destroyed Whole Platoon.

Determined to reach his objective, he collected a party of men who had been lost in the winding trenches and shell holes. The party raided the Hun stronghold which was just below the famous "Pimple" of the Vimy Ridge. Corp. Munnoch threw a bomb and managed to locate a platoon of Huns who were secreted in a dugout. The whole platoon was blown up and the Canadians consolidated the position after working for many hours.

Corp. Munnoch described the conditions attending the action of the Canadians at that particular time as very unfavorable. Advances were slow because of the mud, and reinforcements hard to secure.

"Fritz thought he had it over us with his machine guns, but we soon showed him that we were superior in that branch of the army," the corporal said. "Our ticker showed up his machine gun in every action."

Corp. Munnoch is very optimistic that the Huns will be pushed back before long. The morale of the Canadians was never better than now, he said.

Of Fighting Family.

Corp. Munnoch comes from a fighting family. His brother Alec, one of the original members of the "Little Black Devils" battalion, returned recently suffering from wounds. Another brother, Gordon R. Munnoch, is in France with the heavy artillery, and a sister, Mrs. (Dr.) Douglas, has just returned after seeing many months' nursing service just behind the trenches. Corp. Munnoch participated in the battles of the Somme, Vimy, Lens and Ypres.

DR. CARMAN LAID CORNERSTONE OF FIRST CHURCH HERE

Dead Superintendent Emeritus Frequent Visitor to City

WAS COMMANDING FIGURE

Wonderful Presiding Ability Eulogized by London Pastor Who Knew Him Well.

With the passing on Saturday night of Rev. Dr. Albert Carman, emeritus superintendent of the Methodist Church of Canada, the denomination has lost one of its most commanding figures, one of half a dozen men and perhaps less, who have had the leading part in building up the history and shaping the destiny of the church in the Dominion. Recalling today the career of Dr. Carman, Rev. Mr. Rogers, assistant pastor of the First Methodist Church, said: "He was incomparable as a presiding officer, and a genius at untying the tangles of resolutions and amendments in which councils of the church became involved. I have seen this remarkable administrator preside at a conference for three weeks at a stretch, three sessions a day, and come out at the close vigorous, alert, scarcely showing marks of fatigue. I attributed this to his perfect poise, entire self-control and accurate knowledge of what he was doing. He never lost his head or was obliged to give way to worry, as a less able and well-balanced man would have done."

"As a preacher, he had a vigorous and sometimes even vehement style. A scholarly man, widely read, he was at the same time inclined to be conservative in doctrine. Speaking of his style in preaching, I always recall one bold figure of speech I heard him use in a sermon. He referred to 'the Rocky Mountains grinding out the western prairies.'

"First and last, he was a forceful personality."

On a number of great occasions, Dr. Carman visited and preached in London, and it was the superintendent of the church who laid the corner of the First Methodist Church and preached on the occasion of the opening. Born at Iroquois, Dundas County, in 1833, he was educated at the Dundas County grammar school and Victoria College, then situated at Cobourg. A few years later an urgent offer was made to him to become chancellor of Albert University, an institution afterwards merged to his alma mater, Victoria University.

In 1855 he entered the ministry of the M. E. Church and subsequently rose to the position of head of this church, as he afterwards was for thirty years of the United Methodist Church. He has been an invalid for the past three years, failing to recover from a fall from a moving street car in Ottawa at the time of the meeting of the general conference there in October, 1914. He is survived by Mrs. Carman, an active worker in Methodism and especially the Women's Missionary Society; one daughter, Miss Alexandra Carman; and two sons, prominent newspapermen, Albert R. Carman, editor of the Montreal Star, a well-known writer, and Francis Carman, a leading Ottawa journalist.

HELD AT LAMBETH

Agricultural Short Course Scheduled for There This Winter.

The agricultural short course, put on each year by the Middlesex Branch of the Department of Agriculture will be held this winter in Lambeth. It is expected that it will commence January 8 and continue for one month. District Representative Finn will be in charge.

DOUBLE DECORATION HELD BY LONDON BOY NOW AT HOME HERE



Advertiser Illustrations
CORP. JOHN MUNNOCH.

LOCAL NEWS

BUILDING PERMIT.—A permit was issued this morning by Building inspector Piper for a 1-story veneer house on Beattie avenue, to cost $2,000. The permits for the month total about $12,000.

SOCIAL GATHERING.—The second of a series of monthly social gatherings arranged by Canton Lodge, I. O. O. F., and held in its rooms in Alma Block, was a great success. Ladies' first prize for euchre was won by Mrs. Collins, and the booby by Mrs. Clargo. Gentlemen's first prize by Mr. McIntosh, and the booby by Mr. Chaplin.

ANOTHER RUMMAGE SALE.—Although many rummage sales have been held this year and all of them have been successful, one of the best is to be given by the ladies of the First Presbyterian Church on Wednesday of this week. The premises just west of the old London House on Dundas street have been secured, and already the ladies of the church have obtained large and various quantities of goods.

COMPLAINANTS PLEA GAINS LENIENCY FOR BOY CHECK OPERATOR

Influences Magistrate to Suspend Sentence.

Taking into consideration his youth, his previous good record, and the fact that restitution had been made, Magistrate Graydon allowed William Gillam, 16 years of age, to go on suspended sentence today when he appeared for sentence for fraud, to which he pleaded guilty one week ago.

Gillam was arrested for having passed a forged check on F. W. Simmons, an East London shoe merchant. He purchased a $4 pair of shoes, gave the $15 check in payment, and received $11 in change.

Seldom has a complainant pleaded for leniency for the defendant with such earnestness as did Mr. Simmons on behalf of young Gillam. He requested that the boy be dealt with leniently, giving the opinion that he thought the boy did not fully realize what he had done.

Crown Attorney McKillop, after some consideration, consented to sentence being suspended.

In allowing Gillam his liberty on bail, the magistrate commended the complainant for his stand in the matter, and stated that his attitude in the case influenced him to some extent in exercising leniency.

The father and mother appeared in court. Gillam promised to never again go wrong.

MINISTER CONDEMNS GOVERNMENT'S STAND ON LIQUOR QUESTION

Previous to his sermon in Dundas Centre Methodist Church Sunday evening the pastor, Rev. W. E. Pescott, complained of misinterpretation on the part of the Free Press in a report of a speech delivered by him some evenings ago in the Salvation Army Citadel.

"The Free Press report," said Mr. Pescott, "stated that I had attacked Inspector Keenleyside and Chief of Police Williams in my address on prohibition last Tuesday evening. I made no attack on these gentlemen, either by innuendo or otherwise, nor had I any thought of doing so. But I did attack the Government for allowing the whiskey and beer interests to interpret the prohibition law to suit themselves and cheat us out of the fruits of what is supposed to be prohibition law. I made the charge that there is some strong influence at work with the Government on the part of beer and whiskey interests when all the time the city has been going out that every ounce of shipping available is required for food for the Allies, and at the same time, in September 2,000 cases of whiskey were allowed to be shipped from Canada to England. The people who suppose that they can rest at ease because the prohibition fight is won, are living in a hole in the ground. Surely there is something radically wrong, and strong pressure being brought to bear on the Government when a book like 'The Riddlers,' which should be in every home, carried round in every man's pocket, and read to every child, is proscribed in Canada.

"It isn't difficult to discover some infernal influence at work on the mind of the Government, and that influence, the whiskey and beer interests. Furthermore, I made the charge straight that alcoholic drink is sold direct to consumers from the breweries and distilleries in Ontario. It is claimed that this is ordered through Montreal, and that the stuff is shipped down there and back again. When a deputation of temperance interests waited on the Government in regard to such points several months ago, the Government admitted that this was not the interpretation of the law.

"At the same time the Government is continuing to knuckle down to the beer and whiskey interests. We were promised prohibition, and I claim the Government is allowing the liquor interests to interpret the law to suit themselves."

WAR WORTH SACRIFICE IF IT AGAIN UNITES ANGLO-SAXON RACES

Bishop of Kootenay Says So in Address Today.

Bishop Doull of the Diocese of Kootenay delivered an address at the joint session of the Canadian and Rotary Clubs today on some of the gains of the war. J. H. Fowler, president of the Canadian Club, introduced the speaker. F. G. Jewell looked after the Rotary Club end of the proceedings in the absence of President A. E. Silverwood.

His lordship spoke of the necessity of binding Canada together if it was to carry out its manifest destiny. This could only be accomplished by a better understanding between the various portions of the Dominion, and an acquaintance with the problems of each. One of the biggest tasks that confronted the country was that of uniting the people, and preventing sectional ruptures. It was necessary that British ideals predominate.

It was hard to think that with all the sacrifices made, the sufferings that people have had to endure, that any good could come out of the war. But there were gains, gains that would be permanent, and they should and would be equal to the sacrifices made, said the speaker. The people were beginning to realize the great blessings of sacrifice. The ideal of selfishness was being replaced by the ideal of self-sacrifice. Men and women must subordinate self to sacrifice for the good of the state. The great gain and advantage of self-sacrifice was being impressed upon the nation. Unrestrained liberty was counted a right, but it was no longer looked upon with favor. The liquor traffic had been curbed not so much because of moral or religious reasons, but because of economic reason. The free peoples of the earth, the real democracies of the world had united to curb military despotism.

The Anglo-Saxons were one people. Bishop Doull believed that this condition would be permanent. The international boundary line had to all intents and purposes been eliminated. The war was worth the sacrifice if it accomplished this.

Differences of individuals must be subordinated to the good of the state. Canada had an opportunity of showing this by sinking political differences in this crisis. The ideal of the spiritual was fighting against the deal of materialism, and the former must triumph. That was the reason that the Oriental had joined with the Allies. The spiritual ideal was strong with the men of the east, and they soon discerned that the German civilization was altogether materialistic.

DAMAGE SUIT IS FIRST ON LIST OF FALL COURT

$4,000 Action Against London Street Railway Opens Assizes Here.

ONE CRIMINAL CHARGE

The fall assizes of the supreme court of Ontario opened at the courthouse at 2 o'clock this afternoon, with Mr. Justice Middleton presiding.

The first case to be called was that of Mrs. Louisa Henstridge vs. the London Street Railway Company. The action is one for $4,000 damages for alleged injuries which the complainant claims she sustained when a street car was started as she was in the act of boarding it. Negligence on the part of the street railway servants is charged. The company, on the other hand, claims the accident was due to lack of caution on the part of the complainant, and that her own negligence was a contributing cause to the accident. Miss Lena Henstridge is suing for $2,000, her case to follow that of the action brought by her mother.

Application to postpone the case of McLellan vs. Hookey was granted. The action was concerning the sale of lands on which a mortgage, it was claimed, had not been discharged.

A settlement was effected in the case of Schram vs Schrant, which was an action brought to compel the exchange of lands under an agreement.

The grand jury has but one case to deal with, the consideration of the case of Elijah Lawson, an Indian, charged with rape.

SEES WORLD BENEFIT FOLLOWING WAR FOR FUTURE GENERATIONS

Composer-Evangelist Paints Glowing Word Picture.

Gordon V. Thompson, composer of popular patriotic melodies, the most notable of which is "When We Wind Up the Watch on the Rhine," delivered the first of a series of addresses at the Colborne Street Methodist Church Sunday.

Mr. Thompson put ginger and enthusiasm into his sermon that kept the attention of the congregation all the way through. Rather than a conventional ecclesiastic, Mr. Thompson delivered a human interest talk, recounting some of his experiences as a song writer and newspaperman.

When a small boy, Mr. Thompson said, he had contemplated writing songs because he had heard that the occupation was particularly remunerative. The majority of his first attempts were returned to him with a printed and caustic reply that spoke well of the postal service, he said. However, eventually he got one accepted, and from then on has written a large number.

Speaking something on the style of the celebrated Billy Sunday, Mr. Thompson said that the most beneficial of songs ever written by biblical characters was that written by David, which is psalm 23, "Your Cup Runneth Over."

Greatest Prosperity Yet.

"If people would look upon life in its true aspects they would realize that theirs is a full cup," said the speaker. "We in Canada are enjoying material prosperity as we have never before experienced. Of course, there will always be a lot of grumblers. Some farmers grumble because the peach crop is not of the best. Other years they grumble because the crop is good and the demand poor. Another class of grumblers who have more grounds for complaint are the unfortunate ones. Those who have lost their beloved ones in this war; those who are in bad health and those who are congenitally physically or mentally imperfect have some grounds for complaint, but after all it is inevitably found out that the greater part of our life is full of sweet things and the unhappy phases of life are comparatively small.

"We should be happy in the great gifts; the great blessings God had showered upon us. We are prosperous; we have tasted of the luscious, full things of life and because our neighbor happens to have more money or because circumstances do not at the present seem to fit in with our expectations there is no cause for grumbling. We must ever look toward the glorious future. The future, when the laurels of victory shall be ours if only we persevere and be patient and endure the temporary discomfitures which are thrust upon us.

"God does not want money. He wants you."

Civilization Unhealthy in Peace.

That the aftermath of the war; of the faction and unrest all over the world will be more wonderful than humanity has ever known, was the contention of the speaker. This present gigantic conflict shall radiate its developments for years to come. The Allies shall benefit, the enemy shall benefit, and the world in general will reap a wonderful reward for its sacrifices. War may seem a terrible thing. It is a terrible thing; but all great national benefactors are born in war; great nations are always born in war, and generally die in peace; in fact, civilization is reborn on the fields of Armageddon and becomes unhealthy in the luxury of peace.

Mr. Thompson concluded by asking co-operation in the work of reviving interest in the church. He said that he wished to rid the church of staid formality and bring a condition of good fellowship to all the Methodist churches of the city.

FORCED TO WORK IN MINE WHILE PRISONER OF WAR IN GERMANY, WRITES LONDONER

Canadians Had to Shovel 20 Tons of Coal Daily, Says Pte "Dick" Howitt.

MADE TWELVE ATTEMPTS

First Eleven Were Unsuccessful, But at Last London Boy Made His Escape.

Mrs. Penfold of Windsor, through whom news reached The Advertiser some weeks ago of the escape to Holland from a German prison camp of her brother, Pte. Dick Howitt, son of the late Mr. and Mrs. Tantum Howitt of this city, and a well-known London boy, has received the further joyful assurance of his safety in a cablegram from England, and a telegram at the same time from Ottawa containing the official announcement of his arrival in England. The following is the letter from Pte. Dick Howitt, written to his sisters on September 30, when he found himself in Holland a free man, for the first time in more than a year, the letter that brought to them unbounded joy and relief, as well as a story of great hardship:

Didam, Holland,
Sept. 30, 1917.

My Two Dear Sisters,—This is the letter, dear girls, that I have been longing to write to you for months, and at last my wish is realized. I want to tell you both at once how happy I am, and how could I be otherwise when I have the whole world ahead of me and will soon be able to be with you all again? I suppose I must start right now to tell you how I managed to get into this country. I had been disappointed in several (eleven) attempts to escape, as they were watching myself and the other two Canadians I am with pretty closely. But we made it without giving the guards a chance to get a shot into us, at least, they had the chance but didn't see us. It was pretty close, as we only had a half-hour before daylight came, and, of course, we could not travel in daylight. But we found a good cover, just a little way from the camp. We had a hard trip, as the second night we got into a swamp and were soaked, but we stuck with it, sleeping in the bush in daytime and traveling at night.

Six Nights to Border.

It took six nights to reach the border, and we had little to eat at any time, but the last two days we had nothing but turnips. That is about all there is in Germany at the present, as they have hustled in their other crops, such as potatoes, before they are ready. At the border we muffled our feet and had little trouble getting past the sentries, as we crossed in a swampy place, and it was rather foggy. We traveled quite a little while after, as in some parts on the border they have as many as three rows of entries, and we thought we had gone for sure when we ran right into a sentry, who halted us and asked for our password. We soon discovered that he was a Hollander, and you surely cannot realize what it meant to us who had passed sixteen months in a damnable life in Germany.

First Canadians There.

"We were the first into the town and the people all turned out to see us, but God knows we were a hard-looking sight, with a six days' beard and soaked to the skin, our clothes all tattered and our feet muffled up with the sleeves of old sweaters and bags, etc. They had seen some Russians get through by their town, but no Englishmen, and when we told them that we were Canadians the whole town had to look us over. One of the officers got us a wash and a shave and a lunch; then the corporal took us into a sort of convent, and here the sisters used us fine. No one could talk English, but we got along fine talking German. We had a table set out under a pear tree, with good stuff to eat and white bread and butter. Just imagine it! We had not seen this for a year and a half.

From Hell to Heaven.

"A canal ran through the garden and a windmill was close by, and it all looked so peaceful and beautiful I could not help thinking that I had come directly out of hell into heaven. At night we had a bath, and would you believe it, we had a bed with beautiful white sheets and blankets, the first time since I was at your place in 1915.

"Next day we came here, which is a small quarantine camp, and we stayed here for fourteen days before leaving for Rotterdam for the boat to England. We have no money, but we can buy what we likes and they put it down in a little book that they give. I do not know who pays for it, but we are buying all sorts of stuff. Maybe we have to pay for it ourselves later.

Forced to Work in Mine.

"I am in pretty good health considering the time I had when I was a prisoner. I tried hard to tell you in my letters that I was forced to work in a coal mine; but I could not tell you that I had been taken out and put on the top where they make the coke. There the prisoners had to shovel twenty tons a day, and it did not matter whether it took you twelve or twenty hours you had to do it, and every other week when you changed to night shift from day shift you had to work right through for 24 hours. I contrived all sorts of devices to be sick, and the doctor would let me off for a day or so and then put me on light work. That is like what the Italians do at home. This is what he Germans call light work. I could write a book if I got started on the prisoners working in Germany, so I will quit right here now. But that is the reason that I missed writing to you so much during the last few months.

Jailed For One Attempt.

"Then I was in jail for seven days for digging a tunnel to get out of the barracks. The tunnel was all right, but we came on a few feet inside the fence instead of outside, and I tried some more stunts. If they only knew I would have been in jail a few more times. Of course, I do not know yet just exactly what my plans are. There are two other Canadians who escaped from our working party last June and are back in Canada, and I am sure of a long furlough, too, after putting in all those lonely nights, longing for home, and it is about to be realized.

"You had better get your meat pies and pancakes and tomato soup, for I am longing for some good cooking, and I did not take all this trouble to escape for nothing, so start cooking right now. I do not know just when we shall leave, but soon.

"Your loving brother,
"R. HOWITT."

"START COOKING NOW," EX-PRISONER'S PLEA TO SISTERS AT HOME



Advertiser Illustrations
PTE. DICK HOWITT, a London soldier, who escaped from a German prison camp, and who writes home, asking his sisters to start cooking now in order that he can make up for the months of short rations of prison fare, when he lands in Canada.

"PERCY IS A SOLDIER, TOO" SAYS A MOORE SUPPORTER

Holds Lieutenant's Certificate and the Right to Face Convention, Is View Held—Has Col. Coles Put the Conservatives Up a Tree?

"Lieut.-Col. Coles will not get the Conservative nomination, because we had long ago decided on J. Percy Moore to be our standard-bearer," said one of the leading figures in Conservative political activities. Another worker said that the proposal to place Col. Coles in the field had complicated matters tremendously.



J. P. Moore.

He's a Soldier, Too.

"It puts us up a tree," said the enthusiast gone cold. "We do not want to be placed in the position of turning down the soldier candidate. And it is possible that the convention will be stampeded into action for Col. Coles. It should not be forgotten, however, that Percy Moore is also a soldier candidate. He is lieutenant in the service, having qualified with the Western University Corps. So that he has the necessary commission to go before the conventions as an officer and appear as a soldier's representative."

A Little Life, Too.

It is said that the convention will be a lively one, to say the least, and that while fusion will be the watchword, there will also be some free expression of views exchanged. E. T. Essery, K.C., is likely to be on hand, and he will have a strong following in the audience. There are many in the city who do not favor the taking in of a number of Liberal "mugwumps," as they are called. They are for a straight party fight, and believe that any other subterfuges will lead to disaster.

The last word given out today is that Lieut. J. Percy Moore will be the choice, and that he will be backed as a soldier candidate. E. T. Essery is a veteran of other times, also.

DISTRICT HOG MEN GOING TO CONVENTION

Will Participate in Conference To Increase Production in Canada.

The hog situation in Canada will be thoroughly discussed at a meeting in Toronto Tuesday called by the department of agriculture.

The Government is anxious to increase the production of porkers, and has called together the district representatives and four of the leading swine raisers in each county.

District Representative Roscoe Finn and the four following farmers will represent Middlesex County: J. M. Wass, Granton; John Currie, Strathroy; Chas. Macfie, Appin, and J. N. Howe, Mossley.

W. F. Wright, Glanworth, will be a delegate from the Ontario Swine Breeders' Association.

DOUBLE-TRACKING OF CROSSING IS RUSHED

Tracks Across G. T. R. Finally Installed Today.

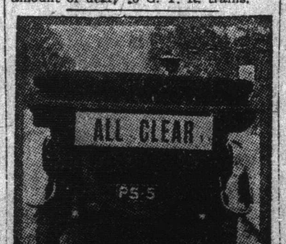
With a large gang of men working since midnight the installation of the street railway double-track diamond at the G. T. R. crossing on Richmond street was brought to a successful finish at 10 o'clock today.

A great deal of work remains yet to be done before the crossing will be used. The tracks have yet to be wired for electrical alarms, and the whole finished in a concrete bed.

The Street Railway Company expects the lines to be ready for use on Tuesday morning, November 12.

The elimination of the delays of ten cars, five each way, will mean a readjustment of the schedule that will, it is believed, cut the present running time in two.

The installation of the diamond was made in a way that caused a minimum amount of delay to G. T. R. trains.



Advertiser Illustrations
"All Clear." The welcome sign in London streets after a moonlight raid this season.

SALARY QUESTION APPARENTLY FULL OF LEGAL TWISTS

Magistrate's "Pay" Presents Many of These.

COUNCIL CONSIDERING

Aldermen Will Debate Question When Former Bylaw Will Be Repealed.

The council will debate at some length the question of salary for the police magistrate this evening. It is stated that he bylaw which reduced the salary of the police magistrate from $3,000 to $2,000 is illegal, but that the bylaw under which Judge Judd was appointed magistrate was perfectly proper. Under this the new magistrate must start with a minimum of $2,400, reaching the maximum $3,000 by annual increases of $100.

A prominent legal gentleman when asked about the right of P. M. Graydon to practice his profession while acting acting as magistrate gives the following opinion:

"The question is being asked in legal circles: By what authority does Police Magistrate Graydon practice his profession when the statute expressly forbids this in cities of over 18,000 population? It is said that an order-in-council has been passed granting this privilege. No order-in-council can override the statute. If it were so our form of government is autocratic, and we may as well dispense with legislative assemblies. Then it is said that to evade the statute Mr. Graydon's position is that of deputy magistrate, if this be the case there is no salary attached to the office unless in the case of a city of 40,000 the municipal council may provide salary if it sees fit.—Ontario Statutes 1916, chapter 20. In applying for increase of salary it would be interesting to know what position Mr. Graydon takes in relation to the statute."

MINISTERS TO AID IN ENTERTAINMENT

Presbyterians to Take Up the Question With Young People.

At the meeting of the Presbyterian ministers located in charges within a decided to ask the four Presbyterian ministers located in charges within a few miles of the city to join hereafter in the monthly meetings. These are Rev. A. B. Irwin, Hyde Park; J. W. M. Crawford, Westminster; Donald MacKay, Dorchester, and John Elder, Bethel. The Presbyterian ministers have been doing a certain amount of chaplaincy work in connection with the military hospitals of the city, and, under the circumstances, it was decided to ask the recently-appointed chaplain, Rev. J. M. MacGillivray, to be present at the next meeting the first Monday in December, to discuss readjustment of the work. A deputation, consisting of Secretaries Dawson and Young of the military Y. M. C. A., waited on the club to ask for co-operation in the providing of entertainment for the soldiers during the coming winter. The members agreed to take up the question with their choirs and young people.

A resolution of sympathy was passed to Rev. James MacKay on the death of his brother, a young soldier, a theological student in McGill College previous to enlistment, who contracted tuberculosis at Vimy Ridge in the spring and was brought to the city a few weeks ago.

EVANGELISTIC SERIES OPENING SUNDAY IN WELLINGTON ST. CHURCH

Special Revival Meetings Will Be Continued All Week.

ies of special evangelistic services in the Wellington Street Metholist Church, for which A. E. Greenlaw, soloist, of Detroit, has been secured to assist with the music. The pastor, Rev. W. J. Ashton, conducted the opening services himself, and in the evening preached an introductory sermon to the campaign, taking as his subject, "A Lost Christ." He urged that the bar of church membership should be laid down and that each and everyone, professing Christian or not, should examine himself or herself in regard to standing in the Christian faith and Christian life.

"One may be a professing Christian, a worker in the church, a Sunday school teacher, and yet lose Christ," he declared.

The evening service was largely attended by the young people of the Sunday school, and a feature was a fifteen-minutes' song service, led by William Jeffery, superintendent of the school.

The meetings all this week will open each evening at 7:45 with a song service and solos by Albert E. Greenlaw will be a part of the program each evening. Rev. J. W. Hibbert of Essex, formerly chairman of the Wingham district, will preach each evening, and with the pastor, Rev. W. J. Ashton, will address a meeting of mothers at 3 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon. A grand mass meeting of men has been arranged for 4 o'clock next Sunday afternoon, to be addressed by Rev. R. G. Peever of the First Methodist Church, music to be provided by Mr. Greenlaw and the Sunday school orchestra.

DEATHS AND FUNERALS

FUNERAL OF MRS. CREIGHTON.

The funeral of Mrs. Isabella Creighton, widow of Edward Creighton, was held Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock from the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Harry Donahue, 13 Wharncliffe road west, to Woodland Cemetery The services at 2:30 o'clock were unusually impressive, and were conducted by Rev. H. H. Bingham of the Talbot Street Baptist Church and Rev. J. D. Richardson of Empress Avenue Methodist Church.

The pallbearers were Messrs. J. Clugston, C. Stevens, Wray, D. Jackson, M. Langford and Stuart. The floral offerings were beautiful.

Mrs. Creighton has been a resident of London for the past twenty-two years. She was buried three months to a day after the death of Mrs. Donohue's son Harry. The favorite songs of Mrs. Creighton, who was a great lover of music, were sung by Miss Myrtle Corbin and Messrs. Young at the services.

HORSE AND BUGGY STOLEN FROM BARN

A horse and buggy belonging to R. H. Cullis, Royal Livery stable, Horton street, were stolen some time during Saturday night or early Sunday morning from the stables, and have not yet been located. The police were notified.

The horse, a fine black one was in his stall as usual when the barns were closed for the night, but when opened in the morning the animal with a good buggy was gone.

There is no clue to the thieves as yet.

CARD OF THANKS.

Mrs. Harry Donahue of 13 Wharncliffe west, wishes to thank her many friends for their sympathy shown in her recent bereavement and for the floral offerings given. D

Ashplants Ashplants



A SENSIBLE, STYLISH STREET BOOT

Call it Military Boot, English Walking Boot—or what you will. It's the boot of the hour.

Dark brown, pebbled storm calf with long slender lines; imitation wing tip; tall, tapering top. High or low military heel.

At $9 and $10

Ashplants Ashplants

FRIENDS DONATE TO SECURE LIBERTY OF CONVICTED RUSSIAN

Contribute $205.54 to Court Coffers.

WITNESS WAS BEATEN UP

Told Magistrate That Defendant Had Inflicted Wound Early Today.

John Rebehinsky, a Rusian, 62 Maitland street, apparently has a number of friends who are the genuine article, for when John was found guilty of selling liquor when tried in police court today and fined $200 and cost his neighbors allowed him to remain in the cage just ten minutes while they collected the $204.54 that gained Rebehinsky his liberty.

When the conviction was registered and the magistrate said "$200 and costs or three months in jail," Rebehinsky apparently was the least perturbed of the foreign colony, for he said, "I don't give a darn if you give me 200 years."

Mike Belaurus and John Pecond, fellow countrymen, testified that Rebehinsky had sold them three bottles of liquor at $3 a bottle. Belaurus bore marks of an attack on his forehead from someone, and stated that Rebehinsky had visited him at sunrise today and beat him up. As Rebehinsky had been fined the $200 and costs an assault charge was not laid.

Rebehinsky in his own defence claimed he had not sold the liquor, and called up the witnesses to produce the goods. Both witnesses shrugged their shoulders and replied, "We drank up all before we quit."

HUNGARY REFUSES TO FEED THE AUSTRIANS

Copenhagen, Nov. 5.—Austria's food difficulties, the Allgemeine Zeitung of Vienna says, it learns have become notably sharper in consequence of Hungary's flat refusal of Austrian proposals for a supply of grain. An extraordinary crown council will be called, the newspaper says, to discuss the extent of Hungary's obligation to supply food to Austria.

19 NORWEGIAN SHIPS LOST DURING OCTOBER

London, Nov. 5.—The Norwegian legation here announces that during October 19 Norwegian vessels, aggregating 34,577 tons, and 48 Norwegian seamen were lost.

Mrs. Herbert Andrew Barnard (formerly Miss Virginia Taylor) will receive for the first time since her marriage on Thursday, November 8, at her home, 328 Central avenue.

MONEY.

London, Nov. 5.—Bar silver, 44½d.

New York, Nov. 5.—Bar silver, 67¾.

GRAIN.

Winnipeg, Man., Nov. 5.—Oats opened unchanged for all spreads, with November at 67½c; December, at 64¾c, and May at 66⅝. Flax opened 1c lower for December, at $2 86, and a half cent lower for May at $2 85½. Inspections Saturday totalled 1,424 cars.

COTTON.

Liverpool, Nov. 5.—Cotton futures closed quiet. New contracts: January, 21.02d; February, 20.90d; March, 20.73d; April, 20.63d; May, 20.49d.

Old contracts (fixed prices): November, 19.40d; November-December, 19d; December-January, 18.85d; January-February, 18.75d; February-March, 18.06d; March-April, 18.57d; April-May, 18.49d; May-June, 18.41d; June-July, 18.33d.

PROVISIONS.

Liverpool, Nov. 5.—Beef, extra India mess, 315s.

Pork—Prime mess, western, 290s.

Hams—Short cut, 137s.

Bacon—Cumberland cut, 152s; clear bellies, 152s; long clear middles, 160s; long clear middles, heavy, 159s; short clear backs, 157s; shoulders, square, 128s.

Lard — Prime western, in tierces, 128s; American, refined, pails, 131s 6d; American, refined, boxes, 130s.

OILS.

Liverpool, Nov. 5.—Tallow—Australian (in London), 72s.

Tallow—Australian, in London, 72s.

Turpentine—Spirits, 90s 9d.

Rosin—Common, 32s.

Petroleum—Refined, 1s 8d.

Linseed Oil—12s.

Cottonseed Oil—66s 6d.

War Kerosene, No. 2—1s 2¾d.

LONDON STOCK MARKET.

London closing prices were:

Consols for money	55⅝
Anaconda	£14⅛
Atchison	93
Baltimore and Ohio	56
Canadian Pacific	161
Chesapeake and Ohio	53
Chicago Great Western	9
Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul	48
De Beers	13⅛
Denevr and Rio Grande	19
Erie, common	23
Erie, 1st preferred	33
Grand Trunk	9
Louisville and Nashville	123
Missouri, Kansas and Texas	7¼
Illinois Central	104
British 5 per cent loan	93⅛
British 4½ per cent loan	99
New York Central	73½
Norfolk and Western	109
Ontario and Western	20
Pennsylvania	53½
Rand Mines	3⅛
Reading	71
Southern Railway	28
Southern Pacific	97
Union Pacific	120¼
United States Steel	101¼

STANDARD STOCK SALES.

Toronto, Nov. 5.—Morning mining sales: McIntyre, 200 at 134; 300 at 133, 700 at 132; Porcupine Crown, 300 at 30, 500 at 29, 500 at 28; Adanac, 600 at 13½, 700 at 13¾, 2,000 at 13; Conlagas, 100 at 3; Gifford, 1,000 at 33¾; Great Northern, 4,000 at 5; Hargraves, 3,000 at 8⅜; Kerr Lake, 110 at 5; McKinley, 100 at 53½, 1,000 at 53¾; Nipissing, 50 at 800, 100 at 780, 100 at 790; Provincial, 1,000 at 39¾; Right of Way, 1,000 at 4⅞; Temiskaming, 200 at 55, 200 at 27¾, 500 at 27, 100 at 27½; Trethewey, 100 at 13½.

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"Pape's Diapepsin" makes sick, sour, gassy stomachs feel fine.

Time it! In five minutes your sour, acid stomach feels fine. No indigestion, heartburn, or belching of gas, or eructations of undigested food, no dizziness, bloating, foul breath or headache.

Pape's Diapepsin is noted for its speed in sweetening upset stomachs. It is the surest, quickest and most certain stomach antacid in the whole world, and besides, it is harmless.

Millions of men and women now eat their favorite foods without fear—they knew Pape's Diapepsin will save them from such misery.

Please, for your sake, get a large fifty-cent case of Pape's Diapepsin from any drug store and put your stomach right. Don't keep on being miserable—life is too short—you are not here long, so make your stay agreeable. Eat what you like and enjoy it, without dread of acid fermentation in the stomach.

Pape's Diapepsin belongs in your home anyway. Should one of the family eat something which don't agree with them, or in case of an attack of indigestion, dyspepsia, gastritis or stomach derangement due to fermentation and acidity, at daytime or during the night, it is handy to give the quickest, surest relief known.

DEDICATE THE WHOLE COUNTRY, MEN, MONEY AND RESOURCES, TO THE WINNING OF THE WAR IS THE POLICY OF SIR WILFRID

Will Stop Profiteering and Take Drastic Measures to Reduce High Cost of Living if Returned to Power—Would Submit Further Operation of Military Service Act to Judgment of People—Prefers Persuasion to Coercion.

OTTAWA, Nov. 4.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier has issued his manifesto. In a document addresses "To the Canadian People," the Opposition leader declares his policy and outlines his aims:

On the all-important question of participation in the war, Sir Wilfrid claims that "a fundamental objection to the Government's policy of conscription is that it conscripts human life only and does not attempt to conscript wealth, resources, or the services of any persons other than those who come within the age limit prescribed by the military service act.

"The first duty of a Laurier administration," says the manifesto, "would be to find the men, money and resources necessary to insure the fullest measure of support to our heroic soldiers at the front and to enable Canada to continue to the very end to do her splendid part to win the war."

To this Sir Wilfrid adds:

"As to the present military service act, my policy will be not to proceed further under its provisions until the people have an opportunity to pronounce upon it by way of a referendum. I pledge myself forthwith to submit the act to the people, and with my followers to carry out the wishes of the majority of the nation as thus expressed."

As remedies for an economic situation "which is admittedly critical," Sir Wilfrid Laurier promises: "Tarif reform, control of food supplies and prices, and a stop to profiteering."

REMOVE EXCESS TARIFF.

The two increases to the tariff made since the beginning of the war, he would remove. These are 7½ per cent on all commodities coming into Canada from outside Great Britain, and 5 per cent on goods coming from Great Britain. He also would remove the duties on agricultural implements and other essentials as demanded by the western farmers.

In connection with the high cost of living, he would "take drastic steps to bring under Government control all food-producing factories, so that food may be sold at a fixed price under the control of the Government." If satisfactory arrangements could not be made with the food-producing factories, Sir Wilfrid declares he would not hesitate to commandeer. ....

The manifesto proceeds:

END TO PROFITEERING.

"One of the most important contributions towards winning the war is to put a stop to profiteering on war supplies. The Government has deliberately encouraged profiteering for the benefit of its partisan followers. A first duty of my administration would be to insure to the country which pays for war supplies, the excess of exorbitant profits being realized by profiteers." If necessary, Sir Wilfrid continues, he would not hesitate to take control of the factories engaged in the manufacture of war materials. Suitable Government shops also, Sir Wilfrid believes, should be turned to the production of war materials at cost prices.

REOPEN C. N. R. CASE.

Sir Wilfrid passes in review alike some of the legislation of the late government and the program of the present. He finds no trace in the manifesto of the Union Government that its Liberal members have influenced their colleagues to the adoption of measures they deemed essential. He refers to "most of the articles" in that manifesto as "stale commonplaces . . . resurrected for a new election." He declares of the war-times election act passed last session that "it is a blot upon every instinct of justice," and holds the view that the Canadian Northern Railroad purchase should be adjudicated upon by the new parliament.

A consultation of the people at short and regular periods is the right of a free people. The constitution provides accordingly for a general election every five years. It is undeniable that there has existed a strong desire in the community to avoid an election during the war.

Election Unavoidable.

An impression prevails that had I accepted the invitation of the prime minister to join his government, a new extension would have been possible. This impression is absolutely erroneous, the fact being that the invitation extended to me was coupled with the stipulation that the coalition Government would pass a conscription measure, and then appeal to the country, thus making an election unavoidable.

The Government as recently reconstructed, the Union Government so-called, is now appealing to the country for support. Six members of the Liberal party, some of them close personal friends, have consented to become members of the administration, and the programme which they intend to follow has already been placed before the public, but in this programme no trace is to be found that the Liberal members of the administration have succeeded in influencing their colleagues to the adoption of measures which they deemed essential not only to win the war, but for the welfare of the country at all times.

Stale Commonplaces.

Most of the articles in the Government manifesto are merely stale commonplaces extracted from the Conservative program of 1911, forgotten after the election, resurrected for a new election. Such is the promise of economy of public expenditure, and such the promise of civil service reform—two reforms which the Opposition would have been happy to support in the last parliament if the Government had afforded them the opportunity.

In the manifesto a strong and progressive policy of immigration" is promised. This will be perhaps the most important question after the war. The burdens which are now being accumulated and which will have to be assumed by and borne by the Canadian people can be faced if the enormous resources of the country are developed. But development demands a rapid increase in the population. Hence the necessity of a strong and progressive policy has been seriously impaired by the breach of faith with naturalized Canadian citizens involved in the withdrawal of the political franchise from large numbers of these citizens. This must prove a serious blow to immigration, especially when the conduct of the Canadian Government is contrasted with the attitude of the United States, where no such indignity has been placed upon naturalized citizens.

The C. N. R. Case.

"An article of the program of the Government speaks of the development of transportation facilities, but in vague though rather ambiguous terms. No mention is made of the acquisition of the Canadian Northern Railway; yet this subject was not exhausted by the legislation of last session, and it will be one of the most important duties of the next parliament again to review it.

"One feature of the act of the last session is that the Government becomes the owner of the stock of the company, on the nominal value of sixty million dollars. There never was a dollar paid on the stock. Experts employed by the Government to appraise the value of the whole enterprise, men of acknowledged ability and experience, themselves have reported that the stock of the company has no value whatever.

"Yet the Government have taken authority to appoint a board of arbitrators to give a value to that property, which their experts have declared absolutely without value.

"The Opposition asked that the report of the arbitrators, whatever it might be, should be laid before Parliament for approval. Though this motion was rejected, it is the right of the people to declare that the case should not have been finally closed by the action of a moribund parliament, but that the whole matter should be reported to and adjudicated upon by the new parliament.

Economic Situation.

"It was natural to expect that the reconstructed government would give very serious attention to the economic situation of the country which is admittedly critical. There is no allusion to it except the vague promise of effective measure to prevent combination for the increase of prices, and thus reduce the high cost of living.

"THE ECONOMIC PROBLEMS HAVE TO BE GRAPPLED WITH AT ONCE, IN NO SUCH VAGUE, GENERAL TERMS, BUT IN VIGOROUS AND CONCRETE PROPOSALS.

"The prices of all commodities have been steadily rising since the beginning of the war. The daily provisioning of the family table is from day to day becoming a more and more alarming problem for all classes of wage-earners and for all people of small and even moderate incomes. It is no answer to say that this is the natural consequence of the war. **WHEN IT IS CONSIDERED THAT THE PRICE OF BREAD AND BACON—TO SPEAK ONLY OF THESE TWO COMMODITIES — IS HIGHER HERE IN CANADA THAN IN THE UNITED KINGDOM. THIS OF ITSELF IS PROOF SUFFICIENT THAT THE PRICES HERE ARE INFLATED BY METHODS WHICH ARE IN NO WAY CONNECTED WITH THE WAR,** unless the war is taken advantage of for the very purpose of inflation. Indeed the principal causes of these ever-soaring prices are none other than those described in the Government manifesto, as 'excess profits,' 'hoardings,' and 'combinations for the increase of prices.' Since the Government knows where the evil is, what prevents the Government from striking the evil, and striking it hard? The remedies are at hand, and I at once set down the policy.

One Important Measure.

"No measure to reduce the cost of living can be effective unless and until the tariff is reformed and its pressure removed from those commodities in which there are 'excessive profits,' 'hoarding' and 'combinations for the increase of prices.' Of this obvious, fundamental reform there is not a word in the Government's manifesto. Indeed, members of the present Government have announced that all questions of tariff legislation must be relegated to after the war.

"Believing that increased food production is one of Canada's best contributions towards winning the war, I would propose if intrusted with the administration of the country, to immediately relieve agriculture from its disabilities in this regard.

"Since the commencement of the war, the Government placed an increase of 7½ per cent in our tariff on all commodities coming into Canada from outside Great Britain, and an increase of 5 per cent on the goods coming from Great Britain. I would immediately remove those two disabilities as respects commodities from all countries other than those with which we are at war. **THERE IS NO DOUBT THAT UNDER EXISTING CONDITIONS THESE INCREASES IN THE TARIFF ARE A HINDRANCE RATHER THAN A HELP TO PRODUCTION IN CANADA, WHILST IT IS CERTAIN THAT IN THE FINAL RESORT THE CONSUMER HAS TO PAY THESE EXTRA TAXES.**

Unfriendly to Britain.

"The increased duty on imports from Great Britain was an unfriendly and an unnecessary action on the part of Canada towards the mother country at a time when British trade was staggering under the disadvantages incidental to the war.

"In further mitigation of the disadvantages to agricultural production, I would immediately remove the duties on agricultural implements and other essentials, as demanded by the western farmers.

"In connection with the high cost of living, I would take drastic steps to bring under Government control all food-producing factories so that food may be sold at a fixed price under the cont ol of the Government, as has been done in Great Britain. To this end arrangements should be made with the management of the food-producing factories allowing for a fair interest on investment and fair and reasonable net profits, so that food may be obtainable by the ordinary consumer at the best possible prices. Should such arrangements not be possible, I would not hesitate to commandeer all food factories.

"NOR IS THIS ALL. THE GOVERNMENT IS INVESTED WITH POWERS WHICH THEY COULD AND SHOULD HAVE USED TO REDUCE THE PRICE OF ALL COMMODITIES. THESE POWERS THEY HAVE ALREADY EXERCISED IN THE CASE OF NEWSPRINT PAPER.

"As far back as the month of February last an order-in-council was passed by which it was enacted that 'with a view to insure publishers of Canadian newspapers newsprint paper at reasonable prices,' the minister of customs was 'authorized and empowered to fix the quantity and price of newsprint in sheets and rolls to be furnished by the manufacturers to the publishers in Canada.'

"By virtue of this 'order' the Government has compelled manufacturers of print paper, against the latter's protest, to supply publishes and newspapers at a price which they themselves fixed as reasonable. If they could thus reduce the price of paper to consumers of paper, why did they stop there? Why should the Government not have reduced to the hundreds of thousands of anxious housewives and breadwinners the prices of all those commodities which made the ever-increasing cost of living one of the most insistent and dangerous of all the problems now confront us?

Profiteering Encouraged.

"ONE OF THE MOST IMPORTANT CONTRIBUTIONS TOWARDS WINNING THE WAR IS TO PUT A STOP TO PROFITEERING ON WAR SUPPLIES. GOVERNMENT HAS DELIBERATELY ENCOURAGED PROFITEERING FOR THE BENEFIT OF ITS PARTISAN FOLLOWERS. A first duty of my administration would be to secure to the country, which pays for war supplies, the excess of exorbitant prices being realized by profiteers. Should it be necessary I would not hesitate, in order to immediately stop profiteering, to take control of the factories which are engaged in the supply of war materials. I believe that one of the best methods of conducting war supplies, and saving the country from being exploited by profiteers, would be to turn the Government shops which are suitable for such purposes to the production of war materials, ships, etc., for the benefit of the country, at cost price. It cannot be said too often that this war could not have been avoided by the Allies, and that it is a contest for the very existence of civilization. Of this the entrance of the United States into the conflict is further proof, if, indeed, further proof were needed.

"At the very beginning, penetrated of the immensity of the struggle and of the necessity of bending all our efforts to the winning of the war, we of the Opposition gave to the Government every possible assistance. We assented to all their war measures, except when convinced that their measures would be detrimental rather than helpful.

A Hindrance to War.

"This year the Government introduced a bill to make military service compulsory. With this policy, I found it impossible to agree. If it be asked how this view is consistent with my oft-expressed determination to assist in winning the war, I answer without any hesitation that this sudden departure from the voluntary system was bound more to hinder than to help the war. It should be remembered that previous to the war, in all British countries, conscription was unknown. It was the pride of British people everywhere that compulsory military service, the bane of continental Europe, had never been thought of in Great Britain, and that even the gigantic struggle against Napoleon had been fought on the purely voluntary system.

"At the same time it must be pointed out that in Great Britain, for some years before the war, in view of the immensity of war preparations amongst all the nations of the continent, the question of conscription was seriously and increasingly discussed in Parliament and in the press, so that at last when a measure to that effect was introduced by the Government it came as no surprise. It found the people prepared, and yet even then strong protests were heard from many classes of the community.

"Very different was the introduction of conscription in Canada. It came as a complete surprise. It never had been discussed in Parliament, and the voice of the press had been strong against it. In the month of July, 1916, such an important paper as the Toronto Globe deprecated the very idea of conscription.

Premier on Conscription.

"No less emphatic had been the language of the Government. At the beginning of the session of 1916, in answer to my inquiry whether the promise recently made by the prime minister of enlisting 500,000 men meant conscription, he answered in these words:

"'My right honorable friend has alluded to conscription—to the idea in this country or elsewhere that there may be conscription in Canada. In speaking in the first two or three months of this war I made it clear to the people of Canada that we did not propose conscription. I repeat that announcement today with emphasis.'

"Equally emphatic and unqualified were my own declarations on the subject.

"Throughout the whole campaign of 1910 and 1911, I may recall that the Nationalist-Conservative alliance which opposed the naval policy of the Liberal Government of that time asserted that such a policy meant conscription. Again and again, after the outbreak of the present war I insisted that conscription should not be introduced in Canada. Such was my position when the Government reversed its attitude, and, without warning, introduced this military service act.

"To force such a drastic measure upon a people thus unprepared and against repeated assurances to the contrary, was neither wise nor prudent, nor effective. It may bring men to the ranks, but it will not infuse into the whole body of the nation that spirit of enthusiasm and determination which is more than half the battle. It will create and intensify division where unity of purpose is essential.

Persuasion Rather Than Coercion.

"I am only too well aware that the views which I here present have not met with universal acceptance, even in the party to which I belong, but even yet I hold that to coerce when persuasion has not been attempted is not sound policy, and in this I appeal to the impartial judgment of all Canadians.

"In combatting the policy of conscription, all that I asked was that a measure of such moment should not be enforced by Parliament without an appeal to the people. I supported a referendum for the reason that the referendum is the most advanced, the most modern method of consultation of the people, without the complications inseparable from a general election. A referendum had also been asked on this very question by organized labor. My request was denied.

"I appeal with great confidence to the fair judgment of the country that the introduction of conscription at this juncture and in the manner above described was a grave error, if it is remembered that the supreme object should have been and still should be to bring all classes of the community to hearty co-operation in the task which we assumed.

Weakness of Borden Policy.

"A fundamental objection to the Government's policy of conscription is that it conscripts human life only, and that it does not attempt to conscript wealth, resources or the services of any persons other than those who come within the age limit prescribed by the military service act. This is manifestly unjust.

"The man who is prepared to volunteer his services and to risk his life in his country's defence is entitled to first consideration. Those dependent upon him and who spare him from their midst are the next most deserving of the state's solicitude and care. A policy which will accord first place to the soldier and the sailor in the concern of the state will, I believe, bring forth all the men necessary to fight its battles, without the need of recourse to conscription. If returned to power, I should adopt such a policy.

"MY FIRST DUTY WILL BE TO SEEK OUT THE ABLEST MEN OF THE COUNTRY, MEN OF ORGANIZING CAPACITY AS WELL AS MEN REPRESENTATIVE OF ALL CLASSES IN THE COMMUNITY, AND INVITE THEM, IRRESPECTIVE OF WHAT IT MAY INVOLVE IN THE WAY OF SACRIFICE OF THEIR PERSONAL INTERESTS, TO JOIN WITH ME IN THE FORMATION OF A CABINET WHOSE FIRST OBJECT WILL BE TO FIND THESE MEN, MONEY AND RESOURCES NECESSARY TO INSURE THE FULLEST MEASURE OF SUPPORT TO OUR HEROIC SOLDIERS AT THE FRONT, AND TO ENABLE CANADA TO CONTINUE TO THE VERY END TO DO HER SPLENDID PART TO WIN THE WAR.

"As to the present military service act, my policy will be not to proceed further under its provisions until the people have an opportunity to pronounce upon it by way of a referendum. I pledged myself to forthwith submit the act to the people, and with my followers to carry out the wishes of the majority of the nation as thus expressed.

United Whole Country.

"I would at the same time organize and carry out a strong appeal for voluntary recruiting. It is a fact that cannot be denied that the voluntary system, especially in Quebec, did not get a fair trial, and a fair trial would receive from a generous people a ready response which would bring men to the ranks, with good will and enthusiasm, and which would eliminate from our political life one of its most harrowing problems, as no loyal Canadian can view without the gravest apprehension a disunited Canada at this critical hour of our history.

"To these views it is no answer to say, as is now often said, that we must have conscription or 'quit.' This statement is false in fact, as a recent and conclusive example. Australia rejected conscription, and Australia did not 'quit.' Australia is still in the fight under the voluntary system.

Thorough Organization Needed.

"Each year has rendered increasingly apparent the necessity of organizing the nation, in order that, so far as may be possible, the resources and population of Canada in their entirety may be made of service in the successful prosecution of the war. Today, under the exhaustion the war has caused in the old world, Great Britain and her allies are appealing as never before for more food, more ships and more coal. No country has vaster resources than Canada to supply these imperative requirements. **WHAT IS NEEDED IS VIGOROUS EFFORTS TO FURTHER AN UNLIMITED PRODUCTION. TO MEET THIS EXISTING NEED I AM PREPARED IN ADDITION TO THE MEASURES ALREADY OUTLINED, TO TAKE WHAT FURTHER STEPS MAY BE NECESSARY TO INCREASE, DOUBLE AND QUADRUPLE THE OUTPUT OF ALL THAT MAY BE NECESSARY FOR MARCHING AND FIGHTING ARMIES.**

"Mr. Crothers, minister of labor, speaking recently at St. Thomas, Ont., declared that if Quebec had done her duty, as the other provinces, we should never have required the military service act.

Where the Blame Lies.

"If enlisting in Quebec was not on a par with enlisting in the other provinces, on whom does the responsibility rest? On whom but the Borden Government, whose Quebec members openly, strenuously, and persistently preached the Nationalist doctrine of 'No participation by Canada in imperial wars, outside her own territory.'

"That doctrine, first put forth in the riding of Drummond-Arthabasca, in the autumn of 1910, by the whole Nationalist body including two of the present Quebec ministers, won the election for them."

Sir Wilfrid declares that members of the Borden Government, in the general elections of 1911, in their appeals to Quebec on the naval bill, educated "the people to reject any appeal to assist in fighting the battles of the Empire outside the Dominion."

"The greatest service that can be rendered the brave men who have first claim on our gratitude and sympathy," he continues, "is to replace them in civil life. How to do that in the way best calculated to enable each man to become, if possible, self-sustaining, is a task that will call for the display of all that is noblest and best in the Canadian people. . . .

"If we but set ourselves resolutely to this task, its accomplishment will be hastened by the hearty co-operation of every man who has been on scrvice overseas.

Care of Soldiers' Dependents.

"But there is another duty devolving upon us—the discharge of which should precede that above-mentioned. The measures now in force for the maintenance, care and comfort of the soldiers' dependents and families are not adequate or equitable."

In an effort to rectify this state of affairs, and to emphasize his policy that "the nation's obligations to the soldiers and their dependents must be discharged by the nation, and not through the medium of public benevolence or charity," Sir Wilfrid quotes the resolution introduced by Mr. Copp, member for Westmoreland, at the last session of Parliament, during the consideration of the military service bill.

The resolution, he continues, was opposed by the Government, and the motion for its adoption was defeated. But the necessity for action still exists, and prompt action must be taken to put the soldiers and dependents beyond any possibility of want after public subscriptions have ceased, and the glamor and excitement of the war have worn away.

"In order to be effective, to satisfy the public confidence, and to that acquiescence in a verdict which should be the last word on all questions submitted to the people, a general election should be an appeal to the electorate such as it exists under the law.

War-Times Election Act.

"The Government has discarded that fundamental principle of the institutions of a free people. They have designingly altered the sanctity of the franchise by choking discussion by ruthlessly using the closure, they have deliberately manufactured a franchise with which they hope to win a victory at the polls, a passing victory for themselves, a permanent injury to the country.

"This act, known as the war-times election act, is a blot upon every instinct of justice, honesty and fair play.

"It takes away the franchise from certain denominations whose members from ancient times in English history have been exempt from military service, and who in Great Britain never were, and are not, now, denied their rights of citizenship.

"It takes away the franchise from men whom we invited to this country, to whom we promised all the rights and privileges of our citizenship, who trusted in our promises and who became under our laws British subjects and Canadian citizens. They are thus humiliated and treated with contempt under the pretence that being born in enemy countries, in Germany and Austria, they might be biased in favor of their native country and against their adopted country. The assumption is false in theory, and might easily be so demonstrated. It is sufficient to observe that it is also in fact. There has not been any current of emigration from Germany to Canada during the last twenty years, and as to Austria, almost the total number perhaps nine-tenths of the emigrants from that country, were not from Austria proper, but from those Slav provinces held by force by Austria, and whose sympathies are strong and deep against her and the Allies.

Right Snatched From Women.

"It gives the franchise to some women and denies it to others. All those whose privilege it is to have near relatives amongst the soldiers will be votives amongst the soldiers will be votives. The right will be refused to all those not so privileged, though their hearts are just as strong in the cause, and though they have worked incessantly for it. Moreover, in five provinces in the Dominion, namely, Ontario, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia, women have been admitted to the franchise. According to the terms of the Dominion law, which no sophistry can blur, being electors in the provinces, women are electors in the Dominion. The act of last session snatches away that right from them.

"The act is vicious in principle and is acually vicious in its enacting dispositions. We have in most of the provinces of the Dominion a regular system of preparing the voters' lists, and against that system no complaint has been heard during the last twenty years. That system is also cast aside, and lists are to be prepared by an army of so-called enumerators, whose work must be done in haste, whose powers are arbitrary, with no useful checks to be exercised in due time, and with all doors wide open for errors, confusion, and frauds.

The New Liberal Ministers.

"The Liberal members of the reconstructed Government have put the mantle of their respectability upon this nefarious act, as well as upon the Canadian Northern Railway act, and upon many others, against which they strongly protested, and from which their presence in the Government cannot remove the dangerous and indefensible characters. Such legislation is repugnant to every sense of justice and right. It has for its object and for its effect to discourage and stifle the free expression of the will of the people, and to make parliamentary government a mere name without the reality.

"A bold attempt is being made to silence the voice of the people by a systematic elimination of liberal candidates from the field. It is my duty to appeal to all the friends of political freedom in every constituency to organize at once, in order to defeat such a conspiracy. Let the masses unite and select their own standard-bearers.

A Laurier Cabinet.

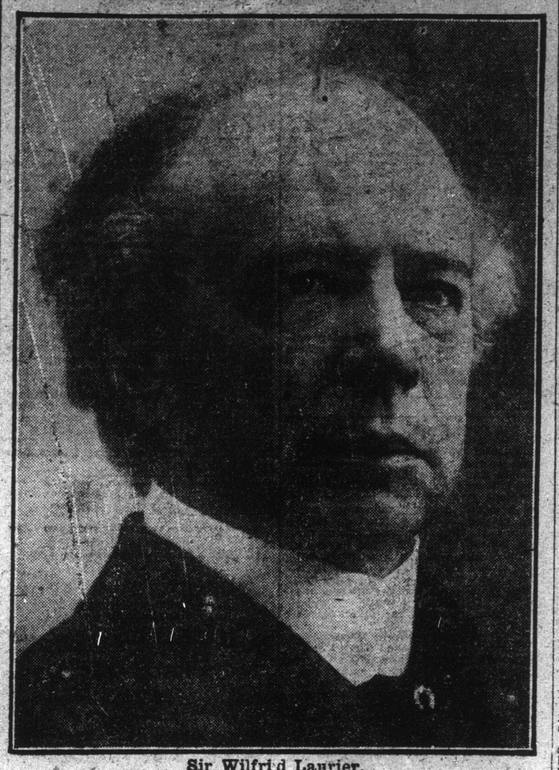
"Should I be called upon to form a government, I would hope to include in it representatives of business, of labor and agriculture, of the men whose sole object in dealing with the affairs of the country will be to devote the whole resources, wealth and energy of the country to the winning of the war. It can only be done by honest agreement amongst all the different elements and interests of the country. I would hope to have a government representative of the masses of the people, the common people, whose guiding principle should be to defend them against organized privilege, which has heretofore had far too much control over the government of the country. In this election it is my desire that the common people should have opportunity of expressing themselves in a free and untrammelled manner at the polls, so that their views may obtain in the new parliament, and I trust that in every constituency candidates, representatives of this policy, may be nominated so that the people can vote for them.

In the Hands of the People.

"These considerations I now place before my fellow-countrymen, of all creeds, and of all origins, for their appreciation and judgment. I have deemed it my duty more than ever, perhaps, in the course of my long public life, to speak frankly and unequivocally upon the problems that now confront us. The obtaining or retaining of office is at all times only a secondary consideration. In this election the supreme end is to assist in the tremendous struggle in which we are engaged, to maintain the unity of the nation, to avoid the divisions and discords, which, for many years kept in check, are now unfortunately again looming up dangerous and threatening, to resolutely face the economic situation with the view of avoiding and lessening privations and sufferings, which should not exist in a country so richly endowed by nature as our country.

"Whatever may be the verdict at the polls, I will accept it, neither elated by victory, nor downhearted by defeat."

OUTLINES NEW, VIGOROUS POLICY FOR THE PROSECUTION OF THE WAR



Sir Wilfrid Laurier.

SIR WILFRID'S PROGRAM

"To find the men, money and resources necessary to insure the fullest measure of support to our heroic soldiers at the front."

To form a National Government composed of the ablest men of the country to carry out this policy.

To make the welfare of the fighting forces of the country the first consideration.

To stop profiteering even if it becomes necessary to establish Government control of munitions factories.

To take drastic steps to reduce the high cost of living.

To increase, double and quadruple the output of all that may be necessary for marching and fighting armies.

To remove the tariff on agricultural implements and other essentials for greater production.

To remove the excess tariff wall which contribute to the high cost of commodities, including the war tariff against imports from Britain.

To submit the question of further operations of the present military service act to the people through a referendum.

To organize and carry out a strong appeal for voluntary recruiting, which has not had a fair trial.

To eliminate the danger of "a dispirited Canada at this critical hour of our history."

To reopen and review the Canadian Northern deal.

To promote a strong and progressive policy of immigration in order to build up the country after the war.

To replace returned soldiers in civil life and enable each man if possible to become self-sustaining.

To provide more adequate measures for the care and comfort of soldiers' dependents as a national obligation, not through the medium of public benevolence or charity.

NO LACK OF EVIDENCE RIGHT HERE IN LONDON

To Prove the Remarkable Upbuilding Influence of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food—Two Good Reports Today.

London, Nov. 5.—Day after day we are printing in this paper, reports from London people who have been cured by using Dr. Chase's Nerve Food.

There are in the meantime hundreds of other cases of which we never hear. But you will find that your friends and neighbors know about this great restorative treatment, and have something good to say about it.

If you are skeptical, ask them what you may expect from its use. Use the Nerve Food regularly and you will soon find that weakness and disease are giving place to strength and vigor.

Mrs. E. Jackson, 836 Stedwell street, London, Ont., writes:

"I suffered from nervousness and a rundown system. There was a tignt feeling in my head which troubled me greatly. I got some of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, and before long I was on the right road to recovery. This treatment helped me very much, the tight feeling in my head disappeared, and I felt much better in every way."

Mrs. George Wellman, 457 Dorinda street, London, Ont.: "I was generally rundown in health, felt very tired and languid, had no energy or ambition, could not sleep well at nights and, in fact, my whole system was completely out of order. I have used several boxes of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, and can truthfully say that I have found it a splendid medicine. My health generally is very much improved, my nerves are steady and I can heartily recommend this preparation as being an excellent blood builder and nerve restorer."

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, 50 cents a box, a full treatment of 6 boxes for $2.75, at all dealers, or at Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto. Do not be talked into accepting a substitute. Imitations only disappoint.—Advt.

CANADA

EXEMPTION TRIBUNALS

MILITARY SERVICE ACT 1917

For the Attention of Class One Men

The location of The Exemption Tribunals in this district is as follows:—

Ont. No. 183—Master's Office, County Building, Lon.
Ont. No. 184—London Registry Office, Talbot and Carling Sts., Lon.
Ont. No. 185—The Lecture Room, Armouries, Lon.
Ont. No. 186—No. 4 Fire Hall, Cor. Colborne and St. James Sts., Lon.
Ont. No. 187—East End Town Hall, Cor. Dundas and Rectory Sts., Lon.
Ont. No. 188—Foresters' Hall, Cor. Wortley and Craig Sts., Lon.
Ont. No. 189—East End Town Hall, Cor. Dundas and Rectory Sts., Lon.
Ont. No. 190—Lambeth.
Ont. No. 191—Thorndale.
Ont. No. 192—Lucan.
Ont. No. 193—Dorchester.
Ont. No. 194—Parkhill.
Ont. No. 195—Ailsa Craig.
Ont. No. 196—Coldstream.
Ont. No. 197—Melbourne.
Ont. No. 198—Strathroy.
Ont. No. 199—Delaware.
Ont. No. 200—Glencoe.

These Tribunals will commence to deal with claims for exemption on November 8th.

All claims for exemption must be made not later than November 10th.

Those who make or have made their claim for exemption in writing through the Post Office will receive notice by registered letter of date on which their claim will be dealt with.

Those who neglect to make use of the Post Office must present themselves in person at a Tribunal on November 8th, 9th or 10th, and they will then be informed as to when their claims will be dealt with.

Reports for service must be made on or before November 10th through the Post Office.

Severe penalties are provided by law for failure to report for service or claim exemption as above.

Issued by
The Military Service Council.

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TO AID Y. M. C. A.

KINGSVILLE, Nov. 4.—Capt. T. F. Best, who returned from France, where he spent two years to assist in the financial campaigns for the Y. M. C. A., will speak in the town hall on Thursday evening. He has delivered about one hundred addresses in Canada.

EVERY DAY A HAPPY DAY
10 CENTS FIG SEN 25 CENTS
The Gentle Laxative
Nyal Quality Stores

Rheumatism

Muscular and Inflammatory—stiff and swollen joints, pains in the back, etc., promptly relieved. This potent, penetrating oil goes straight to the seat of the trouble, drives out the disease and establishes a normal condition. The standard family remedy for rheumatism for generations.

Dr. Thomas'
Eclectric
Oil
25c. a bottle

BROKEN DOWN IN HEALTH

Woman Tells How $5 Worth of Pinkham's Compound Made Her Well.

Lima, Ohio.—"I was all broken down in health from a displacement. One of my lady friends came to see me, and she advised me to commence taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and to use Lydia E. Pinkham's Sanative Wash. I began taking your remedies and took $5.00 worth, and in two months was a well woman after three doctors said I never would stand up straight again. I was a midwife for seven years, and I recommended the Vegetable Compound to every woman to take before birth and afterwards, and they all got along so nicely that it surely is a godsend to suffering women. If women wish to write to me I will be delighted to answer them."—Mrs. Jennie Moyer, 342 E. North street, Lima, Ohio.



Women who suffer from displacements, weakness, irregularities, nervousness, backache, or bearing-down pains, need the tonic properties of the roots and herbs contained in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

SAILORS FROM MARIE WILL NOT BE INTERNED BY DANISH GOVERNMENT

London, Nov. 5.—According to the Copenhagen correspondent of the Times German sailors from the auxiliary cruiser Marie, which is apparently identical with the steamer Crocodile, will not be interned, being regarded as shipwrecked. Nine of them already have gone to Berlin.

The British admiralty on Saturday last announced the sinking of eleven armed German ships, including an auxiliary cruiser, by British naval forces in the Cattegat. Copenhagen dispatches of the same day reported that the German auxiliary cruiser Marie had been destroyed in the naval action and that several German patrol boats, including the Crocodile, were also sunk.

BERLIN'S REPORT.

Copenhagen, Nov. 5.—It is officially announced in Berlin that a small auxiliary cruiser has been sunk by destroyers, but no other warships are missing.

CARS DERAILED ON WABASH AT CORINTH

Aylmer, Nov. 4.—As a result of an accident at Corinth on the Wabash line today, in which two cars were derailed and the tracks blocked, Express No. 2 on reaching here today had to back up to St. Thomas and then proceed over the Michigan Central. The wrecker from St. Thomas cleared the tracks later.

Charles King is seriously ill at his home as a result of a paralytic stroke he sustained at his home last evening.

Elwood Zaviz will hold a big stock sale at Poplar Hill on Monday afternoon.

Doctors Recommend BON-OPTO For the Eyes.

Physicians and eye specialists prescribe Bon-Opto as a safe home remedy in the treatment of eye trouble, and to strengthen eyesight. Sold under money refund guarantee by all druggists.

RASPUTIN—DEVIL OR SAINT

by The Princess Radziwill

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Conditions in Russia at the Outset Were Horrible, With Graft and Corruption Everywhere, and Rasputin or His Agents in the Very Centre of the Treachery, Which Enabled the German Troops to Force Back the Russian Soldiers, Who Were Without Ammunition or Food.

Among the Worst of Rasputin's Exploits Was His Interference in Behalf of a German Businessman in Petrograd, Who Not Only Was Paid Well for His Property When the Government Was Seizing Enemy Goods, But Was Helped in Making His Escape to a Neutral Country.

"As time went on Rasputin became more and more insolent and overbearing, so that at last even some of his former protectors found that he was going rather too far, and he was no longer received at Tzarskie Selo with the same kindness that had been shown him previously."



Bribery and corruption in the Russian army at the outset of the war was unlimited and quite open. The complete disorganization of the transportation facilities, with the consequent demoralization of the army, has been traced directly to the doors of the "Blessed Gregory" and his friends.

CHAPTER VI (Continued)

There are innumerable anecdotes about the agitated period in the career of Rasputin at the outset of the war, each more amusing and each more incredible than the others. I shall here quote a few:

"Patriotism" of Official Russia.

A Danish gentleman had arrived in Petrograd from Copenhagen with a load of medicines and different pharmaceutical products which he wanted to sell to the Red Cross. He brought excellent credentials with him, and he imagined that the business would be a relatively easy one. But to his surprise he found that this was not at all the case. Though the prices which he asked for his goods were not at all high compared with those current in the Russian capital, he could not get rid of them, and he was always put off until the next day. At last he became quite discouraged and was already thinking of returning home when he met in the lounge of the principal hotel of Petrograd (famed for the financial transactions which were regularly taking place under its roof) a man who, seeing him looking worried and annoyed, asked what was the matter. The Dane then related his story, adding that he failed to understand why at a time when the things which he had brought with him were in great demand he could not sell them, though he had lowered his prices to a point below which it was quite impossible for him to go any further. The man looked at him for some minutes, then asked him whether he would feel inclined, if he could help him to dispose of his wares at a profit, to give a large commission in exchange. The Dane, of course, assented, and the man took him the next day to Rasputin, to whom he told a long story of which the seller of the articles in question understood nothing at all, but which culminated in the "Prophet" scribbling something in pencil on a dirty scrap of paper and handing it to his visitors. The same afternoon the two men went to the head offices of the Red Cross, accompanied by another gentleman, who introduced himself as Rasputin's secretary. To the intense surprise of the Dane, the medicines which he had been trying uselessly to sell for three weeks were at once accepted on the producing of the "Prophet's" note, and sold at such an enormous profit that he remained absolutely astounded. The contract was signed there and then, and a check handed to the happy seller. His two companions then accompanied him to the bank, where he handed over to them their share in the transaction, Rasputin's representative taking the lion's share, of course, but whether for his master or for himself has never been ascertained.

Another example is still more typical. There existed in Petrograd a German who had lived there for years, and who had acquired considerable property, among other things several houses in Petrograd, bringing him a large income. Very soon after the breaking out of the war the properties belonging to the enemy were sequestrated, and German subjects sent away from the capital to live out the war in some northern Government or other. The same fate overtook our friend. But he was a man of resources, and he immediately proceeded to pay a visit to Mr. Manussewitsch Maniuloff. The latter was about the last man capable of allowing such a wonderful chance to escape him. How he managed he did not say, and the German never cared to learn, but he was allowed not only to remain in Petrograd, but also to sell his houses to a personage occupying such a very important administrative position that no one cared or dared to inquire of him whether he paid into the bank, as he ought to have done, the price of his acquisitions, or whether he gave it in the shape of a check on a foreign bank to the seller. And to crown the whole matter, the German in question was allowed to leave Russia with all due honors, and received the position of official buyer of different military goods for the Russian Government in Scandinavia. He soon managed to indemnify himself to the full for the loss he had incurred in parting from his property for a mere song, and in paying the three hundred thousand rubles commission which Mr. Manussewitsch Maniuloff and Rasputin had together obtained from him.

Such things were of daily occurrence, known to the general public, and, of course, commented upon in terms which were anything but favorable to the "Prophet." The latter, however, did not mind and seemed absolutely convinced of immunity in regard to the different transactions in which he indulged and which increased in importance every day. He began to give his special attention to the interesting matter of army contracts, and there he found a very rich field to explore. All the different agents and intermediaries who constituted such a notable element in Petrograd crowded around him, offering him their services on absorbing his help in all kind of shady business, out of which no one with the exception of Rasputin himself got a single penny. Thanks to him, bad cartridges were delivered to the army; rotten meat, or meat at a fabulous price, was sold for its wants, and not only sold once, but several times over. No matter how strange this last assertion may sound, it is absolutely true. If at the beginning of the war people were afraid to indulge in that kind of sport, they became adepts at it later on, and the only art which was practiced in regard to it consisted in bribing an official not to put the Government stamp on the goods which were delivered to the Red Cross or to the commissariat department, an omission which allowed them to be returned to those who had already once disposed of them, and thus become the object of a new transaction, perhaps even more profitable than the first.

In regard to important matters, Rasputin did not disdain occasionally playing the spy. I remember a curious instance of it which during the first five or six weeks of the war greatly amused those who became aware of it. The whole incident is most characteristic of the business methods then in vogue in Russia, which are at present dying out fast, thanks to the co-operation of the English and French authorities with the Russians in all questions connected with army contracts.

When war was declared the military administration proceeded to requisition numerous things which it required in the way of war material. Among others were sand bags for the trenches. Now there happened to be a man in Petrograd who had about 50,000 of them. He did not care to declare them as he ought to have done, knowing very well that he was not in a position to obtain from the commissariat department the price which he wanted. He therefore sold them to another man, who gave him a certain sum on account, stipulating that he would take the delivery of the goods in the course of the next week or so. But in the meanwhile prices went down, and the unlucky buyer found that he had indeed made about as bad a bargain as possible. While he was thus lamenting over his bad luck, he happened to meet one of the secretaries of Rasputin, to whom he related his misfortune.

"Is this troubling you?" exclaimed the latter. "This is nothing, and we shall soon set it all right." He took him to the "Prophet," where the trio came to the following arrangement: The man was to go forthwith to the commissariat department and declare that he had so many thousand sandbags to sell. Rasputin was to speak in his favor and to do his best to obtain the highest price possible. Rasputin's secretary proceeded then to denounce the first man, who was the real owner of the bags, as having neglected to declare their existence. Immediately a requisition was made in the latter's store, where the bags, of course, were found. Then the man who had given an account on them interfered, and said that they were his property, and that he had fulfilled all the formalities required by the law in regard to them. He forthwith proceeded to take possession of the bags, laughing in the face of their real owner, whom he defied to claim the balance still due to him, well knowing that the unfortunate victim could do nothing, because if he had tried to complain he would inevitably have been condemned to pay a heavy fine and to be imprisoned.

"Getting Behind the Government."

Then again there was a story of railway trucks in which the "Prophet" also was mixed up in some unaccountable way. Some Jews, protected no one knows to this day by whom or in what way, had obtained some contracts from the Government for different goods which were to be delivered to the army, together with the necessary number of railway trucks to carry them to the front. They immediately proceeded to sell these contracts at a fair price, though not an exaggerated one, to other people, but with the clause that these other people were to take upon themselves the care of forwarding the goods to their destination. And they kept for their own use and benefit the trucks which had been allotted to them, hiring them afterward to whoever wanted to have them for as much money as they could get. One man, a certain Mr. Bernstein, thus obtained control over more than 500 trucks, out of which he drew during six months an income amounting to something like 250,000 rubles a month. And this occurred while everybody was complaining of the impossibility of forwarding anything anywhere, owing to the total lack of railway material. It is related that in this little business, too, Rasputin was mixed up, and that without him the military contracts which the heroes of the anecdote I have just related obtained would never have been granted.

These stories, scandalous though they were, are well known. There were others of which it is hardly possible to speak in a language fit for a drawing-room. Such, for instance, is the sad case of a young girl, the daughter of a rich merchant in Moscow, who traveled all the way to Petrograd to see the "Prophet" and implore his prayers for her fiance, who was at the front. Rasputin received her and forthwith proceeded to tell her that the young man for whom she felt so anxious was doomed and could be saved only if she consented to unite herself with him, Rasputin, and to be cleansed by him of all her sins. The poor child, frightened out of her wits and fascinated by the terror which the dreadful creature inspired in his victims, allowed him to do what he liked with her. But she afterward became mad on hearing that, in spite of her sacrifices, her lover had fallen at Tannenberg during the terrible battle which took place in that locality.

All these things were whispered from ear to ear with horror and disgust, but they did not harm in the least the impostor who was pursuing his career of wickedness, deceit and crime. As time went on, he got more and more insolent, more and more overbearing, so that at last even some of his former protectors found that he was going rather too far, and he was no longer received at Tzarskoie Selo with the same kindness that had been shown to him previously.

He did not care for this, nor did those with whom he was working care either. They were all unscrupulous, daring people, determined to make hay while the sun was shining, and careless as to what others might think of them. Count Witte, who saw further and understood better than most of the public the hopeless muddle into which the administration had fallen, felt sure that sooner or later the country would demand an explanation for the many mistakes and errors which had been committed, and that a change in the Government was bound to take place. He fully meant this change to affect his own prospects in so far that it would put him again at the head of affairs, and he was helping Rasputin as hard and as well as he could to discredit the cabinet then in power, and to show it up as being thoroughly incapable of managing the country at this moment of grave crisis.

(Continued Tomorrow.)

CONCILIATION BOARD IS NAMED TO ADJUST M.C.R. DIFFERENCES

Trainmen and Baggagemen Are Not Satisfied With Wages.

ST. THOMAS, Nov. 4.—The department of labor at Ottawa has announced that a board of conciliation has been named to adjust the differences between the Michigan Central Railway and the trainmen and baggagemen of the passenger service on the company's Canadian lines. It is set forth that the men in this branch of the service were not affected by the recent adjustment, and have not received any increase in wages this year.

Chairman of the Grievance Committee W. J. Bebb of St. Thomas, with the other members of the committee, have failed to reach an amicable adjustment of a new schedule with the officials, despite the fact that the other lines in Canada, including the Wabash, have adopted schedules which give the men from $10 to $12 per month more than the men on the Canadian Southern division of the Michigan Central are receiving.

James Murdock, vice-president of the B. of R. T., is the men's representative on the board, while Manager Malcolmson of the T., H. and B. will represent the company. The third arbitrator has not been named. The sittings of the board will be held at St. Thomas.

Kidney Trouble and Backache

Dr. Cassell's Tablets Strengthens the Kidneys and Restore Their Natural Activity.

Kidney trouble means Kidney weakness. Dr. Cassell's Tablets strengthen the kidneys through the kidney nerves, and thus effect cures where ordinary means fail. The average kidney pill or mixture is designed to relieve symptoms which are really due to imperfect kidney action. Dr. Cassell's Tablets, on the other hand, go to the root of the trouble, and by supplying vital power and strength enable the kidneys to act properly. A moment's thought will show which is the right method, and why Dr. Cassell's Tablets cure so thoroughly.

A free sample of Dr. Cassell's Tablets will be sent to you on receipt of 5 cents for mailing and packing. Address Harold F. Ritchie & Co., Limited, 10 McCaul street, Toronto.

Dr. Cassell's Tablets are the supreme remedy for Dyspepsia, Kidney Troubles, Sleeplessness, Anaemia, Nervous ailments, and Nerve paralysis, and for weakness in children. Specially valuable for nursing mothers and during the critical periods of life. Price 50 cents per tube, six tubes for the price of five, from Druggists and Storekeepers throughout Canada. Don't waste your money on imitations; get the genuine Dr. Cassell's Tablets.

Proprietors, Dr. Cassell's Company, Limited, Manchester, Eng.

ORANGE PARADE.

INGERSOLL, Nov. 4.—A number of the members of Pride of Oxford, L. O. L., No. 743, journeyed to Woodstock this evening and joined the Orangemen of that city in attending service in Chalmers Presbyterian Church. It is expected that several of the local Orangemen will visit Delhi Monday evening, where a dedication ceremony will be held.

WASH INTERNALLY WITH RIGA WATER

A CLEAR COMPLEXION AND BRIGHT EYES NEED A CLEAN BODY.

Brain Cannot Be Active If Your Body Is Clogged With Impurities.

As the face and hands and body are washed daily to remove impurities, so it is necessary for the same reason that the intestines should be flushed regularly. Drugs will not do this. RIGA WATER will.

RIGA WATER does not bring about harmful stimulation and reaction which follow the use of ordinary drug remedies. It acts in effect as a mechanical flusher. By softening the contents of the intestines it encourages normal, healthy bowel movements, upon which cleanliness of the body and clearness of head mainly depend.

Sold by druggists. Recommended by physicians.

25c A BOTTLE.

Riga Purgative Water Co., Montreal.

CHILD GETS SICK, CROSS, FEVERISH IF CONSTIPATED

Look at tongue! Then give fruit laxative for stomach, liver, bowels.

"California Syrup of Figs" can't harm children and they love it.

A laxative today saves a sick child tomorrow. Children simply will not take the time from play to empty their bowels, which become clogged up with waste, liver gets sluggish; stomach sour.

Look at the tongue, mother! If coated, or your child is listless, cross, feverish, breath bad, restless, doesn't eat heartily, full of cold or has sore throat or any other children's ailment, give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," then don't worry, because it is perfectly harmless, and in a few hours all this constipation, poison, sour bile and fermenting waste will gently move out of the bowels, and you have a well, playful child again. A thorough "inside cleansing" is ofttimes all that is necessary. It should be the first treatment given in any sickness.

Beware of counterfeit fig syrups. Ask your druggist for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has full directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly printed on the bottle. Look carefully and see that it is made by the "California Fig Syrup Company."

IMPROVE YOUR COMPLEXION

By using Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment. Nothing better. Sample of each free with 32-page book. Address "Cuticura," Dept. S, Boston.

FRENCH ORGANIZING CONQUERED GROUND; LINE IS ADVANCED AS ENEMY RETIRES

Berlin Says Retreat Is "According to Plan."

FRENCH DROP 66 PLANES

Battle of Malmaison Disastrous to the Enemy Air Forces.

BERLIN, Nov. 4.—Via London.—Completion of the German withdrawal from the Chemin-des-Dames plateau on the Aisne front is announced by the war office today. The text of the statement reads:

"During the night of Thursday we completed, without interruption from the enemy, the removal of our line from the Chemin-des-Dames which had been intended for some considerable time past. All our movements remained unobserved by the enemy, who, up to midday Friday, still maintained a lively fire on the positions which had been given up by us.

"In Flanders there were local increases in the fire along the Yser and northeast of Ypres. There were minor infantry engagements at Passchendaele. We improved our lines and repulsed British local attacks at several places.

"Front of the German crown prince: At the Oise-Aisne Canal and along the Ailette Valley region there was lively artillery activity and successful engagements between our advanced troops and French detachments.

"On the east bank of the Meause (Verdun region) the lively artillery duel which lasted throughout Saturday strengthened in the evening between Samogneux and Bezonvaux. Our concentrated defensive fire prevented an attack by the French which was in preparation at Chaume wood."

PETAIN ORGANIZES GROUND.

PARIS, Nov. 4.—The communication issued by the war office tonight reads:

"There is nothing to report except certain artillery activity north of the Chemin-des-Dames, northwest of Rheims and in upper Alsace.

"Aviation: Last evening the region of Dunkirk was bombarded by aeroplanes, but there were no casualties."

Today's earlier statement reads:

"Northwest of Rheims an enemy surprise attack was checked.

"On the right bank of the Meuse, after the violent bombardment reported in the previous communiques, the Germans delivered two successive attacks upon the front north of Chaume wood. Our fire dispersed assailants, inflicting heavy losses. In the region of Damcoup an enemy surprise attack was unsuccessful. Our patrols took a number of prisoners. The night was calm everywhere else."

Organizing New Ground.

The French official communication issued by the war office Saturday night reads:

"On the Ailette front our troops are organizing the new ground conquered from the Oise Canal to Corbeny. Today quite lively artillery actions were fought in the different sectors of the Chemin-des-Dames. Two enemy surprise attacks on small posts south of Anizy were unsuccessful.

66 Foe Planes Dropped.

"During the course of the battle of Malmaison our aviators, with great audacity, attacked the enemy troops with their machine guns, bombarded stations and points of concentration. They fought 611 aerial engagements. Sixteen German airplanes were brought down and three captive balloons set on fire. In addition, 50 enemy airplanes fell inside their own lines, the greater part of them being completely destroyed.

"In Champagne we carried out a surprise attack against a small enemy fort west of Butte-du-Mesnil and brought back prisoners. On the right bank of the Meuse the artillery struggle has taken on a character of great intensity on the front of Chaume wood-Bezonvaux. The cannonade was intermittent on the rest of the front."

Right On Their Heels.

Saturday's earlier report from Gen. Petain said:

The French were advancing between the Oise Canal and the region of Corbeny, and had reached the south bank of the Ailette River.

The Germans have retreated to the north bank of the river. The bridges across the Ailette were destroyed by the Germans. Since October 23 the French have captured 422 guns and 720 machine guns.

CANADIANS IN ACTION?

LONDON, Nov. 4.—Today's official statement reads:

"Irish Fusiliers carried out a successful raid last night southwest of Havrincourt. Two raids attempted by the enemy in the neighborhood of Monchy-le-Preux were repulsed in each case. On the battle front small parties of our troops captured two hostile strong points, one east of Broodseinde and the other southeast of Poelcapelle."

The report from Field Marshal Haig on Saturday says:

"We took prisoner a few Germans last night in a patrol encounter west of Labassee. The hostile artillery showed great activity during the night east of Ypres."

Canadians Recapture Post.

"Early this morning hostile attacks against our positions south and west of Passchendaele were repulsed by our troops after sharp fighting. In the course of these attacks the enemy succeeded in capturing one of our advanced posts in the neighborhood of the Ypres-Roulers railway. This afternoon the post was retaken by our troops, together with a few prisoners.

"A hostile bombing attack was made during the night against one of our posts east of Gouseaucourt; it also was repulsed. The enemy's artillery has shown considerable activity during the day north of Ypres. The weather conditions greatly interfered with flying on Friday, and there is nothing to report."

CIVIC COALYARD WAS DEFEATED BY BRANTFORD VOTERS

Ratepayers Took But Little Interest in Bylaw.

BRANTFORD, Nov. 4.—A very light vote was polled here on the food and fuel bylaw, which was defeated by 106 votes. The vote was taken to learn the feeling of the property owners regarding the city going into the business, in case of necessity. The vote was 497 against and 331 for. The aldermen, who were the sponsors of the bylaw, did not favor its being brought on until January and anticipated a light vote.

An investigation of the coal situation here shows that the highest total requirements of coal for the city in previous years has been 45,000 tons. Already 25,000 tons have come. If the coal dealers can supply 4,000 tons a month the situation will be met. A great number of people have their cellars full.

LT. WM. MOORE OF STRATFORD GIVES LIFE FOR EMPIRE

Popular Officer of Perth Battalion Came From Listowel.

STRATFORD, Nov. 3.—During the recent advance of the Canadian troops Lieut. William A. Moore fell mortally wounded. Official word was received by his wife today, she was formerly Miss Tot Baxter.

Lieut. Moore was born near Listowel. He was appointed to the 110th Battalion, and was in charge of recruiting at Listowel.

Besides his wife, who resides with her father, Jos. Baxter, city, he is survived by his parents, who live at Trowbridge, and one brother, Capt. James Moore, M.D., recently returned from the front, and at present attached to the A. M. C. at London.

BOXES FOR SOLDIERS.

WABASH, Nov. 4.—The Thorncliffe Red Cross Society met at the home of Mrs. D. Shaw and packed boxes for shipment to the following soldiers who are overseas: Pies, Clinton Ellis, Jack Anderson, Neil Knight, Byron Budsine, Earl Diamond, John McKerracher, William Coulter, Alex. Norman, Roy Allen, C. Petherick, Roy Kendall, Herbert Turnbull, Charles Thomas and Norman Vandusen.

CHATHAM ALDERMEN CLEARED OF CHARGES PARADE BEFORE THE HOMES OF ACCUSERS

Conspiracy Trial Ends in a Torchlight Celebration—No Attempt To Get Bribe.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Chatham, Nov. 4.—A torchlight procession, which paraded before the homes of their accusers, was the finale in the trial of the three Chatham aldermen charged with conspiracy to accept a bribe and with inciting the Chatham Gas Company to pay a bribe, following their acquittal by a jury. The three aldermen were C. S. Coatsworth, Fred Briscoe and Frank Baxter.

How It Started.

The three aldermen blocked a proposition from the Chatham Gas Company for the city to pay the company $50,000 for its goodwill. The matter dragged along until March when the gas company alleged that the aldermen were seeking to secure a bribe from the company in consideration of which they would change their attitude on the sale of the company's electrical business to the city. An investigation was ordered by a majority of the city council, the question of whether the proposition was good or bad not being considered. The aldermen were told that if they resigned there would be no further proceedings. They declined to resign and were then threatened with prosecution. Mayor Kerr then launched the prosecution, and the aldermen were committed for trial, the trial commencing on Wednesday and was finished on Saturday.

Defence's Charge.

It was alleged by the defence that the whole prosecution and attack was in order to permit the gas company and the council to carry out their design of selling the concern to the city.

The manager of the company said that the local authorities were asked $100,000 for the whole plant, goodwill and fixtures. Sir Adam Beck wouldn't sanction $50,000, or even a lower one, unless all the electrical equipment was included. The agreement for $50,000 was for the goodwill alone, the rest to be secured at a valuation. It was shown that the electrical part of the business was losing money and that there was no goodwill to sell.

Crown Counsel Agar of Simcoe prosecuted the prisoners strenuously and the judge's charge was thought to be against them, his honor referring to the standing of the men who had appeared against the accused. The jury, however, returned with a verdict of not guilty after a short time.

A large number of citizens arranged a procession and paid a visit to the homes of the vice-president of the gas company and Mayor Kerr. One of the acquitted aldermen will oppose Mayor Kerr in the event that he runs again for office.

J. M. McEvoy, London: John Fraser and Thomas Scullard appeared for the defendants.

LATE JOHN LOGG HAS DAUGHTER IN LONDON

ST. THOMAS, Nov. 3.—John Logg, one of the oldest and best-known citizens of this district, died today at his late residence, 13 Jessie street.

He was 92 years of age. He came to Canada in 1854, and successfully conducted a farm near here for a great many years. Mr. Logg is survived by two daughters, Mrs. Robt. Heck, St. Thomas, and Mrs. C. D. Fraser, Londont, and four sons William and John Logg, Detroit; Robert, on the old homestead in Yarmouth Township, and Frank Logg of Vancouver, B.C., and one brother, Samuel, 76 Railway street, city.

WINGHAM I. O. O. F. INITIATION.

TEESWATER, Nov. 3.—The members of local I. O. O. F. motored to Wingham at the invitation of Maitland Lodge to witness the work of the initiatory degree team. Three new members from Teeswater, viz., H. Linklater, G. Melvin and W. Okes were initiated into the rites of Oddfellowship.

The local school teachers, under leadership of Miss Hicks, gave the weekly patriotic tea at the town hall. This netted $26.

The Military CANADA *Service Act, 1917*

Privileges and Penalties

For Class One Men, Employers, Parents

For Class One Men

If your examination by a Medical Board has placed you in Medical Category B, C, or E, attend the nearest post office, attach Medical Certificate to claim for exemption and your present responsibility under the Military Service Act ends.

If placed in Medical Category A, and you feel justified in asking for exemption on financial, business, or domestic grounds, you have the right to claim exemption before a tribunal. It is not necessary or desirable to report for Service or to make claim for exemption in person. Simply go to nearest Post Office, fill in the form provided, leaving it with the Postmaster for free transmission to Registrar.

For Employers of Class One Men

The employer may make claims for exemption of Class One men in his employ on the forms obtainable at the nearest Post Office.

In their enthusiasm to serve Canada there will be a number of men in Class One who will desire to report for service, but who will better serve the national interest by continuing their present occupations. It is the duty and privilege of employers to claim exemption in such cases.

For Parents

Where domestic reasons exist for the exemption of a Class One man, application may be made by parents or a near relation for exemption of such man.

N.B.—Care should be exercised to prevent more than one claim for exemption being made in respect of any one man. Where the claim is made on industrial grounds it is best made by the employer.

Penalties Provided

Failure on the part of a Class One man to report for service or apply for exemption on or before November 10th—a term of imprisonment not exceeding five years with hard labor; also claim to exemption is forfeited.

Attempt to bribe any member of an exemption tribunal, medical board or military representative—a term of imprisonment not exceeding five years and not less than one year.

Employer reducing wage, or altering conditions of employment by virtue of making claim for employee's exemption—fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, nor less than one hundred dollars, or imprisonment not to exceed six months.

Any person urging a man in Class One not to observe the requirements of the Military Service Act—imprisonment for term not less than one year nor more than five years.

Issued by
The Military Service Council

176

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THE LONDON ADVERTISER COMPANY, LIMITED.

London, Ont., Monday, November 5.

SIR WILFRID'S MANIFESTO.

IN HIS MANIFESTO to the Canadian people Sir Wilfrid Laurier declares that if elected to Parliament he will provide the men, money and resources necessary to the winning of the war. He goes further than the Government in many respects, making those engaged in the fighting of the war the nation's first consideration. He offers something better than has been offered. The Advertiser believes that, viewed from his past record, Sir Wilfrid Laurier would make good his pledges.

Sir Wilfrid's statement is a broad policy, looking to the unity of this country in wartime, and dealing fearlessly with every vital issue that concerns the people as a whole. It is the real meat of definite policy as compared with the oft-rattled dry bones of oft-repeated promises. It is the rallying cry for a united Canada that should with renewed strength guard its heritage abroad and at home as well. This great manifesto should be digested by the people, considered as a whole, and Sir Wilfrid given the faith of the nation as to his sincerity, a sincerity shown by his record, both before and since the war began.

Sir Wilfrid declares that he will accord first place to the soldier and the sailor. They would be first to secure support from his government. Such a policy, he believes, would bring forth all the men needed to fight the country's battles.

He also pledges himself to a national government, made up of the most able men of the nation, men who have organizing ability and are not politicians first.

Sir Wilfrid's pronouncement on the whole, is the most advanced and most admirable piece of statesmanship ever brought before the Canadian people. It echoes with the pulse throbs of a nation indignant over the wrongs that have been perpetrated, in the name of patriotism, certain in the knowledge that every war profiteer and every grafter in the country is aligned with the present Government and definitely aligned against Sir Wilfrid.

Instead of the empty platitudes and revarnished promises of the recent manifesto issued by the premier of Canada, Sir Wilfrid takes definite ground on the tariff, proposing that the duties on farm implements and other farm essentials be abolished, that the excess war duties imposed on goods entering Canada, in the case of countries other than Great Britain, 7½ per cent increase, and in the case of Great Britain, 5 per cent increase, be done away with, and that the revenue necessary to win the war be secured out of the profits of those who secured war contracts and made fabulous sums.

Sir Wilfrid cuts straight at the high cost of living. He declares that if elected he will take drastic steps to bring under government control all food-producing factories, so that food may be sold at a fixed price under control of the government. Thus he would break the hold of the food combines upon the Canadian people at one stroke. He will not hesitate to act where Borden and his appointees have quibbled, even after the organization of the new cabinet.

The Liberal leader declares that "A first duty of my administration would be to insure to the country, which pays for the war supplies, the excess of exorbitant profit being realized by the profiteers." This would mean that neither Canada, the mother country nor any of her allies would be robbed by those who contributed such scandals as the Allison case to the records of the country. It would also insure a firm hand on the operations of Sir Joseph Flavelle and the other food barons.

Dealing with the railway situation Sir Wilfrid brands the attempt of the Government to award an enormous sum to the stockholders of the C. N. R. for stock that is not worth a cent, as a transaction which should be brought back to Parliament for reconsideration. And it may be counted upon, that Sir Wilfrid, if elected, would endeavor to prevent a dollar of these ill-gotten gains from remaining in the pockets of the wealthy Toronto clique which used its influence to dominate the Government, and which still stands in favor with leaders of the present Government.

In the first place, relief for the country as a whole, in the second, relief for the common working people by the control of foodstuffs, in the third place the control of excess profits for the county. Thus Sir Wilfrid meets every great domestic need of the people in definite terms, and in a manner to arouse for him a tremendous support, in view of the total lack of explicit policy on the part of the Union Government.

A REAL VICTORY.

BRITAIN'S navy has struck again, and as a result eleven armed German naval vessels are destroyed, including one auxiliary cruiser. This has been accomplished without loss to the British forces operating in the Cattegat, according to dispatches at the time of writing.

There is real satisfaction to be derived from a victory of this kind, a satisfaction that the Germans cannot experience in sinking merchantmen and commerce ships. These eleven vessels were all warships, on active war service, fair game for any enemy fleet, and were attacked and sunk near their own home ports.

There has been complaint made in Britain, whether justified or not, that the British navy has not been acting up to its own record; not that the crews have not played the game as heroically or more heroically than their predecessors, but that those at the head of admiralty affairs have not sought out the enemy as of yore, but have waited for him to appear. This Cattegat action should quieten some of the criticism. Presumably the action was fought by British destroyers, since it would seem worse than foolhardy to send battleships into the narrow passages of the Cattegat. The attacking force, far from its own base, practically challenged the German navy concentrated in the Baltic. It sailed into the jaws of death, dealt its heavy blow to the enemy ships encountered and steamed home triumphantly.

Success having attended this raid, the British public will be eager for more similar adventures. If these are undertaken, it is not to be expected that they will all end without loss to the attackers. If the fight is to be carried to the enemy, the cost will have to be paid. But Britons have faith in their navy to achieve its aims and in its readiness to venture wherever ordered.

ENLIGHTENED SELF-INTEREST.

IN HIS ARTICLE on German affairs in Friday's Advertiser, Mr. A. J. Dawson says that "a German professor recently admitted in Sweden that the people of Germany no longer pretend to any great interest in principles, ideals, ethics, or the right and wrong of any given course, but are concerned only with the material prospects of success or failure, gain or loss, relief or further suffering, which any act or policy may contain." Candid confession being good for the soul, there is hope for that professor, and if the German people are giving up their hypocritical pretences, perhaps they may yet be saved.

It does not seem, however, that official Germany has any idea of abandoning the pious and ethical attitudinizing which nauseates the world and perhaps now Germany itself. From the imperial blackguard at Potsdam down to his meanest spy or poisoner or American agent, the chorus of hypocrisy keeps up as lively as ever. It is the latest development of German music, this mock-oratorio of sacred words, religious accent and psalmlike mixture of exultation and menace, led by the All-Highest with blood-and-iron baton and crooked eye.

Mr. Dawson proceeds to say that "it has always been characteristic of German speakers, writers and thinkers, of the German nation as a whole, to judge of other individuals and peoples entirely by themselves. That single characteristic is more than any other responsible for the various tragi-comic collapses of German diplomacy." There must be great truth in this. A nation which cynically ignores the very existence of a distinction between right and wrong, and grimaces as its rulers pretend such a distinction in their own favor, must of necessity fail to understand the character of peoples who still believe more or less in ethical standards. The German misunderstanding of England showed itself at the outset of the war, when von Bethmann-Hollweg said in sneering astonishment, "What, would you fight for a scrap of paper?" and again, when Germans generally expressed their confidence that Great Britain would not fight if it did not "pay," or would not fight longer than suited her shopkeepers. It is the Germans themselves who are "the shopkeepers of Europe," whatever may have been the case in Napoleon's day.

The fact is that understanding of anything or anybody depends on some degree of sympathy or disinterestedness, as does also the sense of right and wrong. The theory advanced in some philosophies that virtue is fundamentally an enlightened self-interest will never cover all the facts of life. There is this truth in it, that altruism and self-interest are parallel. But they are not the same thing in motive, and they do not lead to the same effects. Germany will find out, however, that a consideration for the rights of others must run parallel with the securing of her own advantage. Her theory has been that what was good for the German nation would be good for the world. It would be good for German sneaks to rule, and it would, therefore, be equally good for the world to be ruled by German sneaks and liars. But we see how this theory of kultur works out.

A GOOD APPOINTMENT.

THE appointment of Major E. N. Lewis, K.C., of Goderich, as junior judge of the county of Huron will be received with pleasure by the bar of Western Ontario; by the older members of the bar on account of his father, the late Ira Lewis, county crown attorney of Huron, and by the younger members of the bar on his own account.

Judge Lewis will bring to the performance of his duties all the necessary qualities, a good natural disposition, sound common-sense, extensive legal knowledge and experience. We wish him many years of usefulness in the high position to which he has been appointed, and the best of health.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Seems as if a new curse might be in use here soon: Go to Burwash.

Even the white mice are being conscripted in the United States. Kiel has a monopoly of the "rats."

Newfoundland is becoming more favorable to uniting with Canada. That would be a worthwhile union.

Sir Robert Borden's election manifesto is declared to have fallen flat, but as a matter of fact it was flat from its birth.

The latest German move in the west was not a strategic retreat but a "systematic withdrawal." It matters little so long as the enemy proceeds backward.

Brazil is really in the war. Government troops are being used to curb the Germans who are making trouble, and how serious the actions are is not known.

If the weather has been as bad in Flanders as here at home throughout the past month, it is a wonder the Allies have been able to advance at all, let alone take over 20,000 German prisoners.

What constitutes unionism? Borden and the Toronto Mail and Empire are at odds. The latter declares a true unionist must indorse the C. N. R. purchase bill, and the former picks F. F. Pardee as a unionist minister.

Bits of Byplay
by Luke McLuke
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So Do We!

"About three thousand eggs a day
The busy queen bee lays," says Ben;
"I wish that I could find a way
To cross the queen bee and the hen."

The Wise Fool.

"The pen is mightier than the sword," quoted the Sage.
"Yes," agreed the Fool, "when it comes to getting a man in trouble."

Wuff!

A colonel once sharpened his sword,
And at a tin flivver he bwored,
Said he: "It's hard work,
And I sweat like a Turk,
But I'll bet I'll bust up this durn Fword."

Poor Old Paw.

Willie—Paw?
Paw—Yes, my son, what is it
Willie—When a millionaire is bragging about his wealth, could you say that he talks in money syllables
Paw—You better go to bed, young man.

Ouch!

He certainly fears married strife,
Does Bachelor Bill Bingle;
He has a single aim in life,
And that is to remain single.

Some Different.

"Lightning never strikes twice in the same place," said the Old Fogy.
"Well, what of it," demanded the Grouch.
"Nothing," replied the Old Fogy. "Only it is so different from a labor union, isn't it?"

You Know Him.

He hates to part with coin, does Glade,
He is a grouchy pup;
He surely calls a spade a spade
When he has to dig up.

A Gent's Reminder.

(Taylorville Breeze.)
D. E. Bulpitt, the mortician, has presented a handsome fern, which ornamented his front window, to St. Vincent Hospital.

Oh, Joy!

Ona Skillet, of Cincinnati, has offered to lend it to the Club chef.

Notice!

The clubrooms have been pretty chilly since cold weather arrived. Therefore we have fired the old janitor and have secured Otto B. Heaton, of Columbus, Ohio, to fill the position.

Another Hick.

Another Hick
Who makes me rave
Is he so says:
"I would have gave."
—B. E. R.

Watch Us Grow!

The Springfield (Ohio) branch of the club has admitted George Steakakes, a cook, of North High street; Carrie Seeds, of North Limestone street, and Will Kidder, of East High street.

Gosh!

We know lots of men who are getting along without arms, and some who get along without legs. But what we started to say was that N. O. Head is in the insurance business at Clearwater, S. C.

Fooey!

The barefoot dancer I prefer,
This secret I'll impart;
For I have found that she puts her
Whole sole into her art.
—Luke McLuke.

Bare-throated girls I do not like.
This secret I'll impart—
Beneath a shivering wishbone they
Can't keep a good, warm heart.
—Memphis Commercial Appeal.

Famous Beds.

Oyster.
Brass.
Ocean.
River.
Feather.
Twin.
—— of Roses.
—— of Rock.
——ding.
—— slats.
—Charles Cornelius.

The Limit.

I think Oswald Hait
Is the fool of creation,
For he'd sprinkle salt
On the tail of temptation.
—Luke McLuke.

He isn't a patch
To Orlando McDubble;
For he'll strike a match
To go looking for trouble.
—Newark Advocate.

How About Him?

We hate to bar anyone from the club,
But we are a little bit leary about admitting B. A. Grump, of Globe, N. C

Names Is Names.

O. K. Rush lives at Kingsland, Texas.

Our Daily Special.

Have More Confidence in Yourself and Less in Others.

Luke McLuke Says.

A man often thinks what a lot of things he would do for the poor with his money if he didn't need it for himself.

One reason why we would like to be a millionaire is because we could dress as we doggone pleased and we wouldn't be forced to keep up appearances.

If a man was as careful of his health as a woman is of her complexion most of the doctors would starve to death.

There are a whole lot of hustlers running around today who would have been dead long ago only they made up their minds they were too busy to die.

It is a good thing for the entire world that only one man in a million is taken at his own valuation.

If a man feels sick after he has had eleven drinks of tamarack and eaten a piece of free lunch cheese, he always blames it on the cheese.

After you meet some men you get the idea that compulsory eugenics wouldn't be such a bad thing after all.

Many a patriot who used to eat a course dinner is now doing his bit by eating a coarse dinner.

When you have money to burn you never have any trouble finding friends who will supply the matches.

Some men are always hunting for jobs because they let the great issues of the day interfere with their work.

It is a pretty dumb man who doesn't know enough poetry to be able to misquote something now and then.

If the faults you see in other people were not as much like your own, maybe you wouldn't recognize them so easily.

If you want to sell advice, take up some profession. If you want to buy advice get married.

Wait a Minute!
By J. H. F.

Milk and cream have joined that army of things that used to be edible, but which now have become bric-a-brac.

* * *

Kerensky says that Russia is tired of war. A lot of folks are weary of Russia's way of making war.

* * *

Hay is $450 a ton in Norway, we hear. Nebuchadnezzar would have had a rough time in Norway.

* * *

The West Lambton Conservatives seem to be suffering from too much Johnston. His friends say that he is not going to pass up a mortal cinch for anybody.

* * *

Now that Beersheba has been captured, it is up to Sir Robert Borden to announce that he has also captured Dan-with a neat little ten million-dollar package.

* * *

The Globe says N. W. Rowell will go far. Said a fangful, he will go a long distance, but down.

* * *

If some of these guys could capitalize the milky way, they would get swell dividends with the present price of the lacteal fluid, whatever that means.

* * *

The rushing Russians seem to be running around in a circle these days.

* * *

Many are called these days, but few get to the recruiting station.

* * *

The British are on their way to Jerusalem. The Turks will toss bombs in their way, not palm branches.

* * *

The news that Russia has quit is not new. She has been in that condition for a deuce of a long time.

* * *

If Luther were to come back today, we wonder how he would like Germany. Interesting, but gets one nowhere.

* * *

A gent has discovered why wood warps. He might as well explain why sapheads have warped views.

* * *

We read a social service man's description of human derelicts, and he says many of them are water-logged. Change, brother, change. Booze-logged, not water.

* * *

We may have venison to eat by and bye. Yes, it will be buy and buy. Somebody send us a nice juicy bear steak and we'll be happy.

* * *

In union there is strength, shouts a certain newspaper. Strength is what they need to bolster up the decrepit machinery that well nigh wrecked the country.

* * *

It seems that Miss Thompson cannot purge herself of contempt. At that, a life sentence is the only sentence commensurate with some folks' contempt of some courts.

* * *

N. W. Rowell spoke at some length of his leadership in Ontario at Hamilton the other day. His leadership simply led to the great outdoors.

* * *

An eastern paper has a story of a snake swallowing a golf ball. When the golfer tells the story, he will point out that it was a perfect drive. Snakes are handy to blame for foozles.

* * *

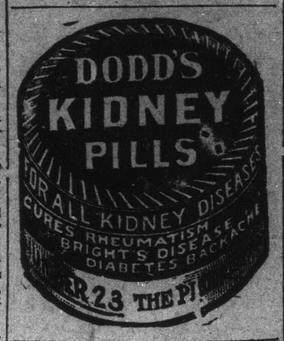
An Ohio man has been arrested for threatening Bill Bryan, probably because he did not go through with his threats.

* * *

New Yorkers are eating whale meat. The burg was always the place to have a whale of a time.

* * *

Let's go. We have to pick parsnips.



Hotel St. Charles
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
ALWAYS OPEN Apr.3-z

CUNARD LINE
PASSENGER SERVICE
BETWEEN
MONTREAL AND LONDON
Calling Falmouth to Land Passengers.
AND
MONTREAL AND BRISTOL
For particulars of sailings and rates apply to local agents, or to The Robert Reford Company, Limited, General Agents, 50 King street east, Toronto. Nov.30

Traction Company
Winter service in effect Sunday, September 24.
Fares from London as follows:
To St. Thomas, single 25c; return, 40c.
To Port Stanley, single, 35c; return, 50c.
Return tickets good 30 days. Book tickets at lower rates.

LONDON AND PORT STANLEY RAILWAY
Timetable Effective September 20.
TO ST. THOMAS—†5:20, †*6:20, 7:20, *8:20, 9:20, *10:20, 11:20 a.m., 12:20, *1:20, 2:20, *3:20, 4:20, *5:20, 6:20, *7:20, 8:20, 9:20, *10:20, †11:20 p.m.
TO PORT STANLEY—†*6:20, *8:20, *10:20 a.m., *1:20, *3:20, *5:20, *7:20, *10:20 p.m.
†Daily except Sunday.
*Limited trains, London to St. Thomas.

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Leave London, 5:30 a.m., 11:40 a.m., and 9:03 p.m. daily.
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Equipment the finest on all trains.
Full particulars on application to R. E. Ruse, C. P. and T. A., "Clock Corner." Phone 80. H. M. Hayes, depot ticket agent. Phone 436. 90tf-zxv

Are you doing your full share in winning the war?

BETWEEN you and your conscience the answer to that question must be made. No one but you can answer it.

Every day you see the men who have done their share—you see the empty sleeve, the tucked up trouser leg—and the cheery smile.

In quiet sanitarium and hospital are those whom the furies of bursting shells and hellish drum fire, and the wearing hardships in miry trenches have shattered in nerve and broken in body.

These men have sacrificed.

AND more than thirty thousand Canadian soldiers sleep beneath wooden crosses in France.

What have those men fought and sacrificed and died for?

Have their sacrifices been worth while?

Are you—we—worth their sacrifices?

What are you—each of us—doing to prove our worth?

What kind of support are we giving to the ideals these men have bled and died for?

Ask yourself those questions—it is you who must answer them. In the years to come, it will be your conscience that will tell you whether or not you failed in your duty in the greatest crisis in human history;

—whether or not you neglected the most sacred demand humanity and your God have made upon you.

The liberty that Canada's men have fought for; the freedom they have died for, is a gift to you, to each of us.

The country—this Canada of ours—in defense of which those men have given all, suffered all and died, is yours and the heritage of your children.

Are you doing your duty by this country, the ideals of which have been made precious beyond price by the blood and the lives of Canada's men?

WE cannot all go into the trenches. But there is a share, a duty, that each one, every one of us must do in winning the war.

Each individual Canadian must save and pay, work and lend to his last ounce of strength and his last penny before he can truthfully say: "In this at least I have done my share."

* * *

ON November 12 Canada's Victory Bonds will be offered for sale as the means of raising more money with which to fight and win the war.

Canada does not say "give the money."

She asks her people to save and stint and sacrifice so that they will have the money to lend and so help to fight and to win the war.

Canada makes a plain business proposition to her people—she will repay the loan with good interest.

Buying Victory Bonds to the limit of his or her ability is the service every Canadian can now render to Canada.

Canada's Victory Bonds are the means provided by which you can do your present share in winning the war.

They will be on sale November 12. Get ready to buy them.

Buy Canada's Victory Bonds and help fight the war to win lasting peace

"Canada's Victory Loan All About It"

is the the title of a pamphlet that should be in the hands of every man and woman in the country.

Mail this coupon at once and get your copy

Chairman, Provincial Committee,
Canada's Victory Loan,
Toronto.

Kindly send me a copy of pamphlet entitled:—"Canada's Victory Loan, all about it."

Name .....
Street or R.R. .....
P.O. .....
Prov. .....

Issued by Canada's Victory Loan Committee in co-operation with the Minister of Finance of the Dominion of Canada. 16

FACE COVERED WITH PIMPLES
ASHAMED TO GO OUT

Many an otherwise beautiful and attractive face is sadly marred by unsightly pimples, blotches, flesh worms and various other blood diseases.

Their presence is a source of embarrassment to those afflicted, as well as pain and regret to their friends.

Many a cheek and brow cast in the mold of beauty have been sadly defaced, their attractiveness lost and their possessor rendered unhappy for years.

Why, then, consent to rest under this cloud of embarrassment?

There is an effectual remedy for all these defects.

It is Burdock Blood Bitters. This remedy will drive out all the impurities from the blood and leave the complexion healthy and clear.

Mrs. Katherine Henry, Port Sydney, Ont., writes: "Two years ago my face was so covered with pimples I was ashamed to go out at all. I tried several remedies, but they were of no use. At last a friend advised me to try Burdock Blood Bitters. I got a bottle, and by the time it was used I could see a difference. I then got two more, and when I had used them the pimples were completely gone. I can highly recommend B. B. B.".

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Any honest person may become a club member. It costs nothing to join. Members may select what Range or Heater they like and, by paying of a small deposit, have stove delivered at once, paying the balance in small weekly or monthly payments.

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For years this stove has been recognized as Canada's finest. It costs a little more, but it is well worth the difference. Visit our basement and see the splendid display. Everything in Stoves is here.

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WE CARRY ALL HAPPY THOUGHT REPAIRS IN STOCK.

Boxes for the Boys.

Dear Miss Grey,—I am sending an addressed envelope. Will you please send me three lonely soldiers' addresses. The Red Cross from here is sending boxes to the soldier boys, and would like some "lonelies" to send to, and some of the women would like to write letters to them. I will see that they get their addresses. As for me, I have a boy in England ready to go to France when called for; perhaps he is there by this time.

I am in favor of what a "Modern Woman" wrote. The Government should stop grain from being made into liquor. I think every women's society should send in a petition to the Government that they will not save food till they stop the grain from being made into liquor, which is a curse to the country. And we should send one to England for our boys to have a dry canteen while there. I think if every nation would cut out the liquor business, the war would soon end. We can't expect God to help a nation that upholds a curse like the liquor traffic. Let every woman put her shoulder to the wheel and do her bit, and I think the war would soon be over. I feel that God will permit something to happen here if we don't get to doing something soon. Thanking you for your trouble. Will look for lonely soldiers' addresses by return mail.

ONE WHO CARES.

Ans.—The addresses of three "lonelies," whom I believe to be especially worthy, were sent "One Who Cares." I am sure these lads will be well taken care of by her Red Cross circle.

Where Does She Live?

Dear Miss Grey,—I believe this is my first letter to you. I was quite interested in the last letter from "A Lover of the 161st." I have a warm spot in my heart for her wherever she may be. Is it asking too much to ask you where she is eking out an existence? I may be too bold? I am also interested in that particular battalion, and would be very pleased to have the names of any "Lonilies" in it. If you have one or two other addresses, why send them along also. Am I outstaying my welcome, or have I any? Farewell then.

ANOTHER LOVER OF THE 161ST.

Ans.—Of course, there's a welcome for you; not only now, but any time. But I never divulge the address of one correspondent to another without the former's consent. Besides, in the case of "Lover of the 161st," I haven't her address anyway!

A Page of Interest to Women

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Our readers are invited to phone all news of this kind to the society editor. Phone 3670.

Mr. O. C. Barrie was a week-end visitor in Essex.

Mrs. J. J. Southcott and children are visiting D. Johnston of Bothwell.

Mrs. Guy Toller of Ottawa is in town visiting her father, Mr. A. H. Beddome, of Hayman Court apartments for two weeks.

Miss Williams is visiting Mrs. R. A. Williams of 75 Prince Arthur avenue, Toronto.

Miss Annie Hodder of Dutton is a visitor in town.

Mrs. C. A. Thompson has returned to Aylmer after a short visit in town.

JIMMY COON STORIES

By Dr. Warren G. Partridge.

JIMMY COON WINS A GREAT BATTLE.

CHAPTER THIRTEEN.

One moonlight night Jimmy Coon heard the yelping of the Coon dogs. Four dogs were helping the hunters find a Coon's track. And Jimmy Coon knew the dogs had found the scent of his fresh tracks. Fast and faster ran the four dogs, and nearer and nearer they got to Jimmy Coon.

They were close upon him now; and how could one little Jimmy Coon fight four big dogs! And the old foxhound Ranger was ahead; and he gave an awful leap, and seemed to be right upon poor little Jimmy Coon.

But in the nick of time Jimmy Coon jumped into a hole, in the bottom of a big hollow chestnut tree. And the hole was so small that no dog could follow him. And those four dogs leaped around the tree, almost barking their heads off.

And Jimmy Coon was inside, and he said to himself: "I know what these dogs are saying in their yells to the hunters. It is: 'Coon! Coon! Come quick, hunters, and kill this Coon!'"

And Jimmy Coon lay in the bottom of that hollow tree, panting, and trying to get his breath, after his fast run.

And Jimmy Con said to himself, "I know what that terrible sound means! It's the sound of a sharp axe; and those men mean to cut this tree down or cut a hole in the bottom to get me out!"

"But I'm not afraid, for I have some more tricks to get away from those dogs and hunters." And the axes were ringing outside that tree; and the sound echoed through the silent temple of the ancient woods. But Jimmy Coon used his wits every minute.

And as he looked up he saw the moon shining; and a tiny moonbeam was shining down the hollow chestnut tree, so that Jimmy Coon knew the tree was hollow all the way to the top. And Jimmy thought, "Now, the best way for me is to climb up about half-way to the top of the big chestnut."

And when the hunters had chopped a big hole in the bottom of the tree, one of the men poked in a long pole to reach Jimmy Coon, and to bring him out. But Jimmy Coon could not be found. And the big foxhound Ranger rushed into the hole, and you would have thought to hear his voice and to see his sharp teeth that he expected to bite down the big tree.

Inside the hollow tree he jumped and howled, but Jimmy Coon was safe for a little time at least. Then the oldest hunter said: "Now, I brought some matches and some straw, and we'll build a fire in the hollow chestnut tree, at the bottom, and we'll smoke out the Coon."

And soon a little fire was burning in the hollow tree, at the bottom. And the hunters brought moss and wet leaves to put on the fire, to make lots of smoke to choke Jimmy Coon. And Jimmy thought: "I don't know how long I can stand this terrible smoke. It makes my eyes smart, and it gets in my nose and throat, and makes me cough, and I may choke. So I'd better climb to the top, and get some fresh air, and look around for some way to escape."

And as Jimmy was climbing up the hollow tree he heard the hunters laughing. "Now, I guess we'll get Mr. Coon. He never can live in that thick smoke. Why, see the black smoke curling up from the top of the tree, as if the chestnut was a huge chimney!"



Jimmy thought, "I don't know how long I can stand this terrible smoke."

And the dogs were leaping up and barking, ready to pounce upon Jimmy Coon, when he fell to the ground. And all the hunters aimed their guns at the top of the tree to shoot Jimmy Coon when he came out of the hole of the tree.

But Jimmy kept a level head, and his keen wits, just as we all should do in trouble; and when the wind was just right and blew the smoke to one side, Jimmy saw a tree near by, and he climbed out and gave a big leap, and landed safely in the next tree.

Then he quickly ran down that tree, jumped to the ground, and ran for his life. The dogs yelped as they rushed after him, and the six hunters ran to shoot him.

But Jimmy Coon jumped into a brook, swam under water, and hid in the burrow of a muskrat. And the dogs barked and sniffed, and the hunters waded the brook, and poked sticks in all the holes in the bank, and spent most of the night in a hunt for the lost Coon.

And he said to himself: "I'm not afraid. I have outwitted four dogs and six hunters tonight, and I've still many tricks up my sleeve that these hunters and dogs have never dreamed of."

DAUGHTERS OF THE EMPIRE

The third rally of the Imperial Order Daughters of the Empire of the first military area has come and gone, and has left the memory of an unqualified success. The attendance was large, nearly all of the chapters in the district being represented, and the enthusiasm of the delegates was evident. The session was a comparatively short one, but every moment was filled. The addresses of Mrs. Gooderham, the national president, and of Capt. Henshaw were, of course, prominent features. They were both instructive and interesting; but perhaps of even more importance were the brief reports from the various chapters outside the city. While the outline of the work in London, told in a few words of an expenditure creditable to the city, it was quite clear that throughout the whole district the members of the order have been working with an energy surpassed by no other organization, the rural chapters being fully as active as those in the towns and cities. Seventeen years the I. O. D. has been engaged in patriotic work, but not until the present war were its opportunities for service to the Empire fully recognized by the women of Canada. They have learned what they can do, and they spare no effort to accomplish their task. The annual rally of the members in this district has enabled them to meet each other for instruction and encouragement. The result has been that they understand still better their sphere of labor, recognize more fully the importance of their work, and go forward in the path of duty with greater enthusiasm than ever before.

Each year of the war the Daughters of the Empire of London have generously aided the various patriotic societies of the Allied nations. Especially have they realized the need of the British Red Cross for assistance in the heavy burden it has to bear. Liberal contributions have been given to this object every year, but that of 1917 will exceed all others. The various chapters have subscribed to an extent that will enable the municipal treasurer to hand over the sum of $1,802 to Mr. McLean, the treasurer of the local British Red Cross fund. Some of the chapters have voted an appropriation directly from their fund; others have made up their quota by subscriptions from their members. The following is a list of the L. O. D. E. chapters subscribing:

Through the Municipal Chapter	$175
Lord Roberts Chapter	315
Trafalgar Chapter	120
Princess Patricia Chapter	75
Lord Elgin Chapter	72
Seventh Regiment Chapter	100
Sir John Carling Chapter	30
Hamilton Gault Chapter	50
Sir George Ross Chapter	50
Campbell Becher Chapter	90
Overseas Chapter	500
Abigail Becker Chapter	15
Isabel Hampton Chapter	25
Janey Canuck Chapter	75
C. E. F. Chapter	25
Senator Coffey Chapter	50
Hugh Niven Chapter	25
Nicholas Wilson Chapter	10
Total	$1,802

Contents of bales packed and shipped by the Imperial order daughters of the Empire of London, November 1:

Bale 457—216 huck towels.
Bale 458—24 flannel shirts.
Bale 459—19 flannel shirts, 3 pairs hospital slippers.
Bale 460—228 huck towels.
Bale 461—24 suits pyjamas.
Bale 462 21 suits pyjamas.
Bale 463—108 pairs socks.
Bale 464—72 pairs socks.
Bale 465—96 pairs socks.

The convener of the soldiers' comfort committee acknowledged the following contributions for the bales:

Lord Roberts Chapter—28 suits pyjamas, 13 grey flannel shirts, 26 pairs socks, 2 pairs hospital slippers, 3 pairs bed socks.

Lard Elgin Chapter—100 pairs socks, 6 suits pyjamas, 54 towels, 4 boxes of candy.

Seventh Regiment Chapter—87 towels, 2 wash cloths.

Campbell Becher Chapter—192 towels.

Senator Coffey Chapter—17 suits of pyjamas, 86 Turkish towels, 51 trench towels, 15 grey flannel shirts, 38 pairs socks.

Isabel Hampton Chapter—60 towels, 8 pairs socks.

Janey Canuck Chapter—48 huck towels.

Chesley Avenue Mothers' Club (through the Lord Elgin Chapter)—50 pairs socks.

Sir John Chapter, Sebringville—21 flannel shirts, 8 wash cloths.

St. Andrew's Presbyterian Helping Society, Strathroy—120 pairs socks.

One of the best auxiliaries of the Lord Elgin Chapter is the Chesley Avenue Mothers' Club. They send in frequent donations of socks, etc., for the benefit of the men overseas. They are persistent and energetic in their work, not only knitting and sewing, but assisting in various patriotic schemes.

Lord Roberts Chapter, at its last meeting, adopted five more prisoners, making a total of 22 now under the care of this chapter and its members.

L. K. C.

KOMOKA MEETING.—The regular meeting of the Komoka W. I. will be held at the home of Mrs. James Brown, Komoka, on Thursday, November 8.

WHEN LIVER IS TORPID

or sluggish all the other vital organs of your body are affected—you have stomach and bowel troubles, your head aches, your skin loses its clearness, and you have "the blues." Take Hood's Pills—gentle and thorough. Do not irritate nor gripe. Price 25c, of all druggists or C. I. Hood Company, Lowell, Mass.

Advertiser Patterns



A Simple, Popular Model.

2225—The simple gown is the gown of the season. In this model the lines are pleasing and the development is easy. The pockets may be omitted. The sleeve is smart in either wrist or elbow length. The pattern is cut in six sizes: 34, 36, 38, 40, 42 and 44 inches bust measure. Size 36 requires 6¼ yards of 44-inch material. The dress measures about 2 7-8 yards at the lower edge, with plaits drawn out.

A pattern of this illustration mailed to any address on receipt of 10 cents in silver or stamps.

ADVERTISER PATTERN DEPT.

Please send above-mentioned pattern, as per directions given below:

Name .....

Town .....

Province .....

Age (if child's or misses' pattern)

Measurement: Bust..... Waist.....

Caution: Be careful to inclose the above illustration, and send size of pattern wanted. When the pattern is bust measure you need only mark 32, 34 or whatever it may be. When in waist measure, 22, 24, 26, or whatever it may be. If a skirt, give waist and length measure. When misses' or child's pattern, write only the figure representing the age. It is not necessary to write "inches" or "years." Patterns cannot reach you in less than one week from date of application.

DAILY BIBLE QUESTION CLUB

SUGGESTIVE QUESTIONS ON THE SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON.

By Rev. T. S. Linscott, D.D.

"Nehemiah's Prayer." Nehemiah, i., 1-11.

Golden Text—"Whatsoever we ask we receive of Him, because we keep His commandments and do the things that are pleasing in his sight." I. John, iii., 22.

1. Verses 1-3—Who was Nehemiah?
2. Where was Shushan?
3. What had probably caused the distress of these Jews who were then in their own country?
4. By whom and when had the wall of Jerusalem been broken down?

COMFORTABLE APPAREL FOR WINTRY WEATHER

Smart Brush Wool Sets

SCARFS AND CAPS TO MATCH.

Children's Brush Wool Sets, in rose and white and copen and white, and plain colors of rose, paddy green, silver, white and copen. Price ..... $1.50 set

Girls' Pretty Plaid Sets in a splendid range of colorings, all-wool quality. Price..$2.50

Ladies' Rose, Copen and Cadet Sets at $2.25

Ladies' Brush Wool Sets, in rose and white, gold and white and copen and white. Price $2.50

Novelty Brush Wool Sets, with scarf attached to cap, in rich color combinations, as brown and canary, fawn and brown, rose and white, paddy and white, saxe and white, canary and navy, and canary and white. Price $3.00

Women's and Children's Wool Caps.

Women's and Misses' Brush Wool and Plain Knit Caps, in assorted colors. At ..... 75c and $1.00

Infants' Brush Wool Caps, in scarlet and navy. At 50c

Boys' Plain and Fancy-Colored Knit Caps at 50c

Infants' White and White and Copen Knit Caps ..... 50c and 75c

Ladies' Brush Wool Sweater Coats.

Rose, Paddy, Gold and Copen Brush Wool Coats at $8.00

A Smart Plain Knit Coat, in emerald and sky, trimmed in white. At $9.00

Heavy All-Wool Brush Coats, in rose, green and gold, collar, girdle, cuffs and pockets striped with white. Price $12.00

Children's Overstockings.

Heavy All-Wool Worsted Hose, to wear as overstockings, to be had in cardinal, brown, grey, white, navy and black. Priced according to size. From.....70c to $1.25

Women's Quilted Silk Vests.

Two qualities, without sleeves, in black and colors, sizes from 36 to 44. At $1.00 and $1.50

Quilted Silk Vests, with or without sleeves, different colors and assorted sizes. At $2.25

Knitted Spencers or Hug-Me-Tights.

Black, Grey and White Knitted Spencers, with sleeves. At $1.25

Sleeveless Spencers, in black and white, heavy quality. At $1.50

Grey Brush Wool Jackets with sleeves, $2.25

Flannelette and Knitted Petticoats.

Flannelette Petticoats, in stripes and plain grey. At ..... 75c and 95c

Black Sateen Underskirts, lined with red flannelette. At $1.75

Heavy Grey Fleece-Lined Petticoats at $1.50

Knitted Petticoats in grey, white, cardinal and navy, at $1.95

Fancy Knit All-Wool Petticoats, in plain white and black and cardinal stripes. Price $3.00

Infants' Knitted Petticoats, light and mid-grey, neatly finished. Price 75c

Infants' White Shawls.

In soft, all-wool qualities, honeycomb stitch. Priced at .....75c, $1.25, $2.25 and $3.00

Children's Knitted Suits.

In assorted colors, consisting of two, three or four pieces. Priced from $3.25 to $6.00

THIRD FLOOR.

Children's Warm Mittens

Children's Brush Wool Mitts with long cuffs, in white, grey, cardinal and scarlet; soft, warm and woolly quality. Price...75c pair

Children's Plain Heavy Knit Mitts, with long cuffs, in navy, brown, red, white, grey and black. Price ..... 50c pair

Children's Black Wool Mitts at ....35c pair

Hosiery and Mitts on Main Floor.

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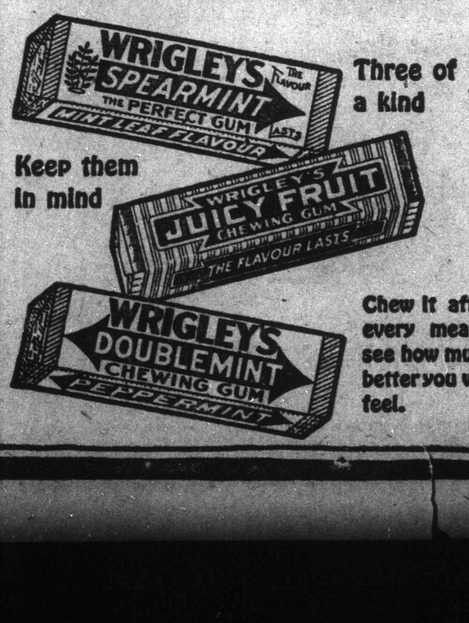
Makes the Whole World Kin!

No climate affects it for the package protects it . . . so WRIGLEY'S goes to all parts of the world: high, low, hot, cold; in all seasons, to all classes—

And the contents are fresh, clean, wholesome and delicious, always.

It aids appetite and digestion, allays thirst, gives comfort . . . and best of all

The Flavour Lasts!



Three of a kind

Keep them in mind

Chew it after every meal—see how much better you will feel.

Made in Canada

6

This Nutritious Food Relieves Constipation

YOU can choose two ways of relieving constipation—the artificial and injurious by means of expensive drugs, and the natural method by means of balanced food. Roman Meal, invented by a physician, not only relieves constipation, but it is a highly nourishing and easily digested food; you never tire of it because you can enjoy it in so many different ways.

Dr. Jackson's

Roman Meal

has all the delicious flavor and nourishing food value of entire berries of wheat (30%), rye (35%), flaxseed (25%) and wheat bran (10%). Flaxseed is three times as nourishing as wheat, rye or oats. It is rendered absolutely tasteless and odorless by electricity.

We have from thirty to forty feet of digestive tube because our ancestors for many ages ate food that contained more waste than nutrition. Man's forty foot digestive tract is mostly muscle which has nothing to do with actual digestion. These bowel muscles positively will not function unless there is sufficient waste in the food to stimulate them to natural action. Lack of waste means constipation. Meat, white flour and refined cereals have but little waste. Constant use of impoverished foods like white flour and highly refined cereals causes the muscles of the tract to weaken from lack of exercise, and then the constipation becomes chronic—or worse.

Roman Meal has the full, proper amount of branny waste to stimulate the bowel muscles to action and thus relieve constipation; its flaxseed acts as a lubricant. When used alone, brans cause catarrh of the bowel. In Roman Meal this is counteracted by the soothing flax. Roman Meal positively relieves constipation, or the Roman Meal Company will return your money.

No wonder the medical profession everywhere endorses this great food. For it is made from the prescription of a physician—a specialist in Dietetics.

Roman Meal is the most delicious and the most nourishing food ever invented. Do not stir the porridge except while mixing meal and water or you positively spoil it.



At all grocers.

Roman Meal Company, Toronto, Canada; North Tonawanda, New York; Tacoma, Washington. 11

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The Best Coffee the World Can Grow

Pound Tins 45c
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EVERY MORNING WILL TONE UP THE DIGESTIVE SYSTEM.

COMPASS OIL

the handy remedy that quickly heals all cuts, scrapes bruises, etc.

SPECIAL.

Spinach, peck 40c
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INFANTS-DELIGHT TOILET SOAP

For Baby's Skin

The ordinary soap will not do. Wise mothers insist upon INFANTS-DELIGHT because it is pure, white and soothing, as well as cleansing. INFANTS-DELIGHT is Borated—the original borated Toilet Soap.



John Taylor & Co., Ltd. Toronto, Canada
(Established 1835)

129-C

MUTT AND JEFF—Jeff Plays It Safe. (Copyright 1917, by H. C. Fisher, Trade Mark registered in Canada.) (BY "BUD" FISHER)



THE SPORT-LIGHT

By Grantland Rice.

(Copyright). Special District Rights Secured by The Advertiser From the New York Tribune.

A grey November sky—the flutter of dead leaves—a wind singing the advance song of winter—and it takes no vivid imagination to recall from the pen of Hughey Keough:

"Gin it disna thaw, Jock; gin it disna thaw;
Gin the ice will bide wi' us an' bonnie blizzards blaw,
We'll have a bonspiel o' our ain, a bonspiel here at hame,
Wi' dotchy chiefs wha weel can play at Scotia's roarin' game.

"We'll hae the scones an' ale, Jock, the haggis reekin' hot,
An' wi' auld folks frae hame, Jock, we'll meet tae crack a pot;
That feed will croon the day, Jock, the day wi' micht and main,
We pit it ower oor veesitors wi' besom an' wi' stane."

"Which is the more important," queries a reader, "a baseball manager or his material?" Well, you may recall where Connie Mack has finished the last two years with tail-end material. Also where McGraw finished in 1916 with tail-end material.

A manager is far from being an unimportant detail. But he isn't the entire show, nor as important as the material. A few star ball players can often make any manager win; but no manager can make bum ball players resemble champions.

Clark Griffith won two pennants with the White Sox. But winning pennants for the Yankees, Reds and Washingtons was a new twist, widely separated from the Chicago campaign.

HOW MUCH, INDEED?

Some thoughtless bystander wants to know what Jess Willard has contributed to the nation's campaign.

Jess has contributed exhibition rounds before a Plattsburg gathering. That totals six minutes of his valuable time. How much do you expect a renowned champion to give anyway?

THE DISCARDS.

In the course of the last two or three years, New York discarded two left-handers as being through, slipping, and all the rest of it. Through the season just closed one of the southpaws, with a second division club, won more games than Schupp, Sallee or Benjon with the Giants.

The other, with a tail-end contender, won about as many games as any of the Giant southpaws.

We refer exclusively to Jim Vaughn, ex-Yankee, and Rube Marquard, ex-Giant.

They were or no particular use to New York, but for Chicago and Brooklyn they won 44 important and greatly desired ball games.

YOU KNOW THE ANSWER.

He who doesn't follow through,
Will say some words he oughtn't to.
He who tops a mashie shot,
Will say some things he orter not.

The Allies, in the main, have come from nations of sport lovers and game players. But, to a certain extent, they seem to have forgotten the value of team play. The Allied idea has been to let the individual run amuck, rather than operate in a machine-moulded mass.

THE "FOOTBALL MINT.

If the Government needed a mint of money for Red Cross and army equipment purposes, which it does, what mint could beat this November or early December program?

Army vs. Navy.
Georgia Tech vs. Pittsburg.
Michigan vs. Chicago.

These three games could raise $150,000 with ease. At $2 a throw, they could all pack any amphitheatre to be employed. But it may be there are other considerations more important than $150,000, as highly important as $150,000 is. Only we can't think of any such considerations just now, with so many camps clamoring for athletic equipment and the supply so far in arrears of the growing need.

CURRENT COMMENT

On Live Happenings of the

SPORT WORLD

The score reads like a disaster at first glance, but it wasn't quite that. Until the fatal break of Kline's in the last quarter it was 7 to 6 for the Aggies. The rooters expected to see Art Smith pull off his favorite stunt of collecting the winning tallies in the last few moments of play. Nobody quite gave up hope until Michael got through with the final touch.

Kline wasn't the only one deceived by Michael. Fully half of the spectators thought that it was an offside. This is a fine example of that advice passed out by Coach Yost of Michigan: Always know where your opponents play.

It was what might be called "the finishing touch." After it, with only a few moments to play, the 'Varsity had a scant chance of winning.

Even though the big end of the score was collected on a run that probably could have been stopped, it doesn't detract the least from the glory of Guelph's win. The Aggies did nice work and earned their game.

Spearin was one of the stars of the game on the locals' side. His tackling was fine. He never missed his man and made some real runs. Murray played hard, but had no chance to shine. Bill Elgie, Pardee, Loughlin and McGeech were on the job all the time.

Musgrove and Michael shone among the Guelph collection. Shoemaker, Delonge and Steckle also did nice work. The visitors brought a good all-round team with them.

The smoothness of the Aggies' play when they had the ball aroused the admiration of the rooters. With rarely a fumble and a decisiveness that helped out immensely, they carried out signals.

But the university men are not downhearted about it. Next week the tale will be different, they say. They have the material and only need the practice to make every bit as good a showing as the agriculturalists. They have five nights to get ready in.

The Aggies certainly played a fine game. They showed clearly that they had been working hard to win Saturday. Western was almost as weak on signals as the visitors were strong.

Coach Gandier's squad gained on almost every down. Often they didn't get very far, but after three downs the gain was noticeable.

Even though the Aggies did show better form than the "U," the play was pretty evenly divided as far as territory went. Western usually make a gain on one of Capt. Smith's punts.

Fergusson did some nice work following the punts. He has the speed, but is weak on tackling. He is a promising end, and should be a valuable man as soon as he gets onto the knack of downing his opponent.

Kingswood sustained a badly twisted ankle early in the game, and was forced to drop out. This left a big hole in Western's line. Kingswood is a man not easily replaced. He will likely be out of the game next Saturday.

Brickenden didn't play on Saturday. He still feels the twisted shoulder received in the game with the battery on Tuesday. "Brick" will be in shape for next Saturday's meeting.

GALT READY FOR O. H. A.

Has Plenty of Material and Will Enter Team If Grouping Is Satisfactorily.

GALT, Nov. 4.—If a satisfactory grouping can be secured, Galt will be represented on the hockey map this winter with a junior team in the O. H. A. There is an abundance of material in the city for a junior team, including many new players who have been located here during the past couple of years. Whether a city league will be organized will depend on results later. The following officers have been elected for the club: Patrons, F. S. Scott, M. P., Mayor A. M. Edwards, F. D. Palmer, C. Turnbull, W. A. Dixon, W. W. Wilkinson and C. Holmes; president, R. Broomfield; vice-president, F. George; secretary, G. U. McFarland; treasurer, C. C. Douglas; executive, A. H. McFadyen, A. Marts and A. Pettigrew; manager, James "Casey" Fraser.

TORONTO DEFEATS A. M. C.

The A. M. C. soccer team was defeated 2—0 on Saturday afternoon by the Toronto Base Hospital crew at Carling Heights. The local medicals played a fast game, but were overcome by the visitors, who showed some crack combinations. A return game may be played at a later date. The London A. M. C. lineup was:

Goal, Howard; right back, Baxter; left back, Arundell; centre half-back, Lillieman; left half-back, Rowe; right half-back, Manning; centre forward, McKellar; outside right, Green; inside right, Phillips; inside left, Robson; outside left, Mogg.

Guelph Aggies Take Game From Western

Capt. Smith's Gridders Defeated 12 to 6 in First of Home-and-Home Series With Ontario Agricultural College.

The Western University rugby squad were defeated 12 to 6 by the Ontario Agricultural College team from Guelph on Saturday afternoon at Tecumseh Park. Despite the fact that the visitors showed that they had had more practice than the local squad, the game was a live one all the way through, and play was pretty well divided on the territory of the teams. The attendance was not very good, although the weather was ideal.

Western started off with a rush, scoring early in the first quarter. The locals kicked off, Art. Smith sending the ball well up into the Aggies' end. Musgrove got the ball and brought it back a few yards, but Kingswood made a nice run with the pigskin, being downed almost on the spot where Smith put the ball in kicking off. The Aggies made desperate attempts to block the 'Varsity, but Capt. Smith made a touchdown, getting through the line on a tandem buck. Western failed to convert. This was the only touchdown made by the university in the game.

"U" Loses on Scrimmages.

In the second quarter the Aggies forced the Western back by scrimmages. All through the game the locals lost on scrimmages. The Guelph collection had their signals working in fine shape and passed the ball in real snappy style, gaining at every turn. London put up a game fight to close the route, but without success. They could follow punts, but rarely made any great gains on downs. A rouge by Art Smith gave the farmers their first count. This was closely followed by a touchdown by Musgrove. The visitors couldn't convert their touch, and had to be satisfied with the five points. At half time the score was 6 to 5 in favor of Guelph.

Each team got one point in the third measure on rouges, and in the last quarter the struggles collected the five that made the big difference in the score. The ball was put in play well up in Guelph's territory. Michael, Guelph's flying wing, got the leather and slipped through the Western forwards, and started for the home team's end.

Michael's Cinch Touchdown.

Kline, Western's flying wing, had plenty of chances to down Michael, but to the amazement of the spectators let him go through without attempting to tackle him. Kline was the last London man who could have stopped the Guelph wing, and Michael had a pleasant little trot over the Western line, getting as easy a touch as was ever made at Tecumseh Park.

The reason given for Kline's not tackling was that he thought that the Guelph man was a forward and the play was an offside. Several spectators also believed that Guelph had committed an offside when Michael took the ball.

The Guelph team played a fine game. They were especially good on their signals, and passed the ball smoothly. The university crew are badly in need of signal work, and the Aggies gained steadily on their downs.

Art Smith made some fine punts, and his men showed up well, following Art's bootwork every time. Fergusson at right outside did some nippy leg-work, and chased up Capt. Smith's punts every time. Fergusson's weakness is tackling. As soon as he masters the art of getting his man he will be a crack end. Spearin, in scrimmage, was there all the time. This chap is a real live member. He made some splendid tackles, nailing the Aggies every time. Spearing is fast on his feet and slipped through Guelph's line for some nice runs. His try for a touchdown in the third quarter was excellent. Capt. Smith as usual was the big man in bucking the line. Tommy Murray worked hard, but got away with only a few short runs.

Aggies' Good Crew.

Steckle and Delonge did good work for the agriculturalists in scrimmages. Steckle at left inside was exceptionally good. Shoemaker played a steady game. Musgrove got a couple of nice runs, and Michael also pushed the ball ahead some. The Guelph back division is a good one. During the last half of the game a good many punts were exchanged, and it was seldom that the Aggies made a fumble. Lindala, Shoemaker and Sirrs are three reliable men. The visitors easily outclassed the Londoners in passing and on signals. They also appeared to have more wind than the Western squad. The locals were weakened by Kingswood's going out early in the game with a bad ankle. He will not likely play again this season. Fisher substituted.

The return game will be played in Guelph next Saturday. The 'Varsity team will be out practicing every night this week, and Capt. Smith and Dr. Neville expect a victory when they visit the Royal City. The teams are about the same in weight, but Guelph showed they had had more training. Western hopes to overcome this advantage by hard work this week.

The teams lined up:

Guelph	O. A. C.	Western.
Matheson	L. outside	Pardee
Alexander	L. Middle	Elgie
Steckle	L. inside	McCarty
Down	L. outside	Sparling
Olmiz	O. scrim	Smith
Cass	R. inside	Laughlin
Delonge	R. middle	Kaiser
Minielly	R. outside	Fergusson
Shillwell	Quarter	Murray
Musgrove	R. half	McGeoch
Shoemaker	L. half	Kingswood
Lindala	C. Half	A. Smith
Sirrs	Flying wing	Kline
Michael	Spares	McLeod
McKenzie	Spares	Patterson
Shaler	Spares	Mace
ebber	Spares	Fisher

Referee, Vic Smith. Umpire, Gandier.

Score by quarters:

Guelph	0	6	1	5—12
Western	5	0	1	0— 6

SARNIA GRIDDERS TRIM WOODSTOCK

Take Game From Collegians by Brisk Rally in Last Half.

WOODSTOCK, Nov. 4.—The local college football team received a setback in their championship aspirations, when they were defeated here Saturday on their own campus by a score of 28 to 15 in the first of home-and-home games in the semi-finals of the O.R.F.U. It was a well-contested game from start to finish, with Sarnia coming with a rush in the dying end of the game, scoring two touchdowns.

The college showed plainly in the latter part of the game their lack of practice. Following a disagreement at the school, the boys had not had a workout for over a week, excepting a signal practice the night before the game, and the showing they made Saturday was all the more creditable. But this does not detract in the least from Sarnia's well-earned victory. They played good ball all through the game. They have a well-balanced team, with a strong back division, and their line proved hard for the students to break through. Patterson played a great game for the visitors, as did Captain Smith and McKenzie. For the locals, Carson, Tufford and Knox looked good.

Score by quarters:

First—College 7, Sarnia 13.				
Second—College 6, Sarnia.				
Third—College 1, Sarnia 6.				
Fourth—College 1, Sarnia 10.				

The Line-up.

Woodstock.		Sarnia.
Holtby	Half	Henderson
Hackson	Half	J. Patterson
Dunlop	Half	Smith (capt.)
Carson (capt.)	Flying wing	Cook
Tufford	Quarter	Cowan
Henderson	Outside	Ferguson
Pugsley	Outside	Sproule
Fleischer	Middle	Patterson
Knox	Middle	Copeland
Eaton	Inside	Munro
Phelps	Inside	Slater
Crawford	Scrimmage	McKenzie
Draper	Scrimmage	Slater
Hoover	Scrimmage	Jennings

Umpire—J. W. Russell, Woodstock.
Referee—Munro of Toronto.

MIKE QUINN RESIGNS

Shake-Up Coming in Quebec Hockey Aggregation.

Quebec, Nov. 5.—That there is every indication of a general shake-up in the Quebec hockey team this season was made evident Saturday, when Mike Quinn, who has managed the Bull Dogs since 1910, turned in his resignation and told the club executive that there was no possibility of altering his decision. No one seems anxious to take up Quinn's position, and there will be an important meeting of the directors of the club on Wednesday evening, when definite plans for the season will be outlined.

SARNIA GRIDDERS ARE HIGH GUNS FOR TREBILCOCK TROPHY

Finals Will Likely Be Shot Next Saturday Afternoon.

The Springwood Gun Club shoot on Saturday afternoon was well attended, some good shooting being done by the members. The scores were not as high as usual, due to the fact that the trap has been adjusted so that it now throws a much faster bird.

The Trebilcock cup events are about finished, only one more event being left, which will be shot next Saturday if the weather permits. Glover is high man for the cup, with Jordan a close second. It is now impossible for any of the other competitors to win, so that the final event will decide the winner between these two.

The standing for the cup follows: Glover 217, Jordan 215, Day 209, McCausland 209, Coleman 207, Baker 202, Foster 196.

Simcox and Gibson have only shot at 200 birds each, and their scores are 185 and 182.

Following the cup shoot on Saturday a team event was pulled off. Foster and McCausland being the captains, with four men to each team and 25 birds each man. McCausland's team won by four birds.

The scores for club events follow:

Trebilcock Cup.

	Hit.	Hdp.	Total.
Glover	22	0	22
McCausland	22	1	23
Jordan	22	0	22
Day	20	0	20
Gibson	19	0	19
Simcox	21	3	24
Foster	15	4	19
Coleman	17	3	20
Glover	25	0	25
Simcox	20	2	22
Coleman	22	3	25

Extra events at 25 birds—Day 24, McCausland 21, Myers 20.

Team shoot, 25 birds each man — McCausland 23, Glover 25, Coleman 22, Jordan 21; total 91.

Foster 23, Day 24, Simcox 20, Meyers 20; total 87.

High guns for the day—Glover, 47 out of 50; McCausland, 45 out of 50.

SIX-DAY RACE STARTS

Ten Teams Ready For Big Grind at Boston—Canadian Riding.

Boston, Nov. 5.—Ten teams of prominent bicycle riders were ready today for the start late in the afternoon of a six-day race at the arena. The men will ride ten hours each night, Spencer and Spears, the Canadian-Australian team, were the general favorites before the start. Hanly and Magin of Newark and Corry and Madden, the Australian-American team, were looked upon as formidable rivals.

ASSUMPTION PUTS IT OVER THE BATTERY BY SCORE OF 26 TO 0

Local Gunners Put Up Stiff Fight, But Lack Training.

CORP. MILLS' FINE GAME

Makes 30-Yard Run After Fumbling Ball—63rd Did Better Under Canadian Rules.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

WINDSOR, Nov. 4.—Members of the London 63rd Battery football squad injected enough fight in their game with Assumption College in Sandwich yesterday afternoon, which Assumption won 26 to 0, but were handicapped by lack of training. The first half of the contest was played in American style, Assumption scoring 20, while the last half was played according to the rules of Canadian rugby, and the collegians added six. It was agreed by authorities of the two teams that a touchdown should count six in the rugby half.

The consistent work of Spratt for Assumption, and Mills for the soldiers featured the game. Spratt made an end run from kick-off for a touchdown in the first half. Bondy and Nicholson made touchdowns on line plunges. Spratt kicked two goals from touchdown. Few forward passes were completed. Mills recovered a fumble, making a run of 30 yards.

The interference furnished the Assumption runners baffled the soldiers. However, the latter made some good tackles. The ball was in the battery's territory practically all of the time. The soldiers showed more knowledge of Canadian rugby, allowing Assumption but three points. A rouge and two touchbacks netted Assumption three. Lineup:

Assumption.		63rd Battery
Babcock	Left	O'Keefe
Nicholson	L. tackle	Stone
Honor	L. guard	Olsen
Welty	Centre	McKee
Dussia	R guard	Mason
Burns	R. tackle	O'Brien
Donnelly	R. end	Berger
Bondy	quarter-back	Labelle
Spratt	L. half	Gilchrist
Jaques	R. half	Stewart
Dunne	Full back	Mills

Score by quarters:

Assumption	6	14	2	4—26
63rd Battery	0	0	0	0— 0

Touchdowns—Nicholson, Spratt 3; goals from touchdown, Spratt 1 in 3; safeties, Mills 3.

Referee, Kent. Umpire, Savage. Headlinesman, Degan.

Time of quarters, 15 minutes

Substitutions—Paluniski for Donnelly, Stafford for Welty, Ritter for Hefner, McMahon for Babcock.

BRANTFORD GIVES GALT WALLOPING

BRANTFORD, Nov. 4.—An awful walloping was given the Galt Collegiate rugby team here yesterday afternoon by the local collegiate team to the tune of 63 to 2. It is felt here that if Brantford had played a game similar to yesterday's with Guelph, when they were so badly defeated a week ago, they would have won out. As it is now Galt and Guelph will play off for the inter-scholastic honors and everything points to Guelph winning. The locals played a wonderful game yesterday. They were heavier and much more speedy than the visitors. A passing game was started by the locals, and this won the game with their speed. Only once did Galt get through the Brantford line, and that only for about four yards.

The back division was also good. Dudley Hurley was probably the star of the game, but there were no weak points on the local team. Galt's back division was good, but their line was weak. The game was played on a wet, sodden field, and minor injuries were suffered by a large number of the men. Two Galt men were injured, Gardner suffering a strained collarbone and Wilson an injured leg. The score at quarter-time was 16—0 for Brantford; at half-time, 28—1, three-quarter time, 57—2, and full score, 63—2. The lineup was as follows:

Brantford.		Galt
Littler	Flying wing	Meyers
Whittaker	Half	Wilson
Hurley	Half	Kress
Cook	Half	Herbert
Baird	Outside	Gardner
Middlemiss	Outside	Lunn
Kitchen	Inside	Moss
Truss	Inside	McKendrick
Booth	Middle	Fink
Sweet	Middle	P. Sneyd
Watt	Scrimmage	Wray
Goold	Scrimmage	C. Sneyd
Patterson	Scrimmage	Keyes
Buckborough	Quarter-back	McFadden

Umpire—George Kelly of Dundas.
Referee—Jack Grey of Hamilton. Timekeepers—J. G. Althouse of Galt, A. W. Burt of Brantford.

ELECT DIRECTORS.

Stratford, Nov. 3.—At a meeting of the Stratford Curling Rink Company the following were elected directors for the coming year: Messrs. Thomas Ballantyne, J. A. McFadgen, D. A. McLachlan, C. McIlhargey, A. E. Cash, Henry Kalbfleisch, and Walter Miller.

MONTREAL, Nov. 4.—The settlement of the hockey tangle, which has been tangled up as a result of the unwillingness of eastern clubs in the N.H.A. to admit a team from Toronto, was forecasted this afternoon. E. J. Livingstone of the Toronto team, who has been sounding out the various club-owners here, announced that he would ask for waivers on his players and sell them to the highest bidder. The N.H.A. series, therefore, it is understood, will be played between Ottawa, Canadiens and Wanderers, Montreal and Quebec.

AMER. ASSOC. CLUBS WANT SHORT SEASON

Hickey's String Holds Conference—Would Make No Statement.

Milwaukee, Wis., Nov. 4.—Representatives of five of the American Association of Baseball Clubs, together with Thomas J. Hickey, president of the organization, met in Milwaukee today and, according to Mr. Hickey, took such action relative to the reported proposal to secede of the Louisville, Indianapolis and Toledo clubs as the interests of the association require. Mr. Hickey did not divulge the specific nature of the action.

"We discussed the opening of next season," he said, "and it seemed to be the unanimous opinion that about May 1 should be the opening date and the playing schedule to consist of 140 games."

In the conference with Mr. Hickey were M. E. Cantillon, Minneapolis; John W. Norton, St. Paul; Albert F. Timin, Milwaukee; Joseph B. Tinker, Columbus, and George E. Muehlbach, Kansas City.

Mr. Hickey said that every one of the eight cities holding franchises belonged to American Association territory, and that no change could be made in the circuit without unanimous consent.

The annual meeting of the association will be held in Louisville November 12.

CANADIANS TRYING FOR DETROIT HOCKEY TEAM

DETROIT, Nov. 4.—Detroit's hockey opening which originally was planned for the first week in November is deferred until about the 15th of the month, because of the fact that the Canadians claim they have not had time to get in shape to start their schedules.

The Hamilton Rowing Club had been negotiated with to fill the initial dates on the Detroit local schedule, but is not ready to start the season.

Reports are to the effect that as soon as the season is advanced beyond the trial stages, there will be plenty of competition, as Canada will have numerous teams in its military camps, and prospects for the perfecting of the Middle Western Hockey League in United States appear bright. The meeting of rink owners which originally was set for November 1, has been changed so that more of those interested may be present.

In the meantime Detroit's candidates are working out three times weekly and making rapid progress toward condition. Fight for goal-tending job is a merry one, with Winkler, the former Winnipeg Monarch star; Dunnigan, formerly of Listowel, and Hammelef, the local veteran cage guardian, all showing fine form. The advent of McArthurs, a former London player, gives new life to the forward line. He can play either a wing or centre, and most likely will find a berth in mid-ice, although Reid will give him a battle there. This leaves Shaw, Roberts and Spider Johnston as the veteran wing candidates.

Early indications are Detroit's septet will be fully as strong if not stronger than a year ago.

$10,000 FOR PONY

Big Sum Paid For Shetland Stallion by New Jersey Man.

New York, Nov. 5.—Sale of King Larigo for $10,000, said to be the highest price ever paid for a Shetland pony, was announced here today. The purchaser, James Cox Brady of Gladstone, N. J., will enter the pony, a diminutive stallion, which holds more than 200 blue ribbons, in the National Horse Show here next week. King Larigo was bred at Washington, Illinois, by George A. Heyl.

FATAL PISTOL FIGHT.

Chicago, Ills., Nov. 5.—In a pistol fight between Edward L. Knowles, a negro robber, and three policemen today, the negro was killed and Policeman Michael Meehan shot and probably fatally injured.

LOSES ALL FINGERS.

PRESTON, Nov. 4.—Wm. Dechart of the Crown Furniture Company had every finger of his left hand severed when he touched a saw. His thumb was almost severed as well.

MADE LIFE MEMBER.

CHATHAM, Nov. 3.—Mrs. R. V. Bray, the energetic regent for many years of the 24th Chapter of the I. O. D. E., has been made a life member in recognition of her splendid services in the past.

SKIPPER'S GALLANTRY IN FIGHTING PIRATES WINS HIM THE CROSS; PERISHED WITH SHIP

How the British Trawlers Battle With Submarines in North Sea.

London, Nov. 3.—(Via Reuter's Ottawa Agency)—The London Gazette announces the award of the Victoria Cross to the late Skipper T. Crisp, Naval Reserve, of the smack Nelson and the Distinguished Conduct Medal to his son. Following is the story of the sinking of the Nelson:

On an August afternoon on or about a quarter to three the trawl was shot away from the smack Nelson and the smack was on port tack. The skipper was below packing fish and one hand was on deck cleaning fish for next morning's breakfast. The skipper came on deck and saw an object on the horizon. He examined it closely and sent for his glasses. Almost directly he sang out: "Clear for action, submarine!" And he had scarcely spoken when a shot fell about a hundred yards away on his port bow. The motorman got to his motor, the deck hand dropped his fish and went to the ammunition-room. The other hands, at the skipper's orders, "Let go your gear!" "Let go the warp!"

Engagement Opens.

Meanwhile the gun layer held his fire until the skipper said: "It is no use waiting any longer. We will have to let them have it."

Away in the distance the submarine sent shell after shell at the smack, and about the fourth shot the shell went through the port bow just below the water line. And then the skipper shoved her around. There was no confusion on board, nor even when the seventh shell struck the skipper, passed through his side, through the deck and cut through the side of the ship. The second hand at once took charge of the tiller, and firing continued. All the time water was pouring into the ship and she was sinking. One man, the gun-layer, went to the skipper to see if he could render first aid, but it was obvious that he was mortally wounded.

"Do Your Best."

"It's all right, boy; do your best" said the skipper, and then to the second hand, "Send a message off." This was the message: "Nelson being attacked, skipper killed; send assistance at once."

All this time the smack was sinking, and only five rounds of ammunition were left, and the second hand went to the skipper lying there on the deck and heard him say: "Abandon the ship; throw the books overboard." He was asked then if they should lift him into a boat, but his answer was: "Tom, I'm done. Throw me overboard." He was in too bad a condition to be moved and they left him there on his deck and took to the small boats, and about a quarter of an hour afterward the Nelson went down by the head. It was just drawing dark then and the crew of the boat pulled all that night. Towards morning the wind freshened and blew them out of their course. They pulled all that day and had a pair of trousers and a large piece of oilskin fastened to two oars to attract attention. Once a vessel was sighted and once a group of mine sweepers but they passed out of sight. At night the weather became calm and fine, and through that night they pulled until daybreak, when at 10:30 in the morning they found a buoy and made fast to it. By the afternoon they were sighted and rescued.

The second hand, who took charge of the tiller after the skipper had been shot down was his son. And so the great tradition goes on.

BUILDING PERMITS.

CHATHAM, Nov. 3.—Building permits issued by Fire Chief Protchard during the month of October total $43,550, showing a substantial increase of $26,350 over the amount of permits for the corresponding period last year.

PTE. WELCH WOUNDED.

ST. THOMAS, Nov. 4. — Mrs. P. Welch, 77 Ross street, was tonight notified that Pte. John Edward Welch had been officially reported wounded on October 21 by gunshot in the right leg.

WILL RUN FOR MAYOR.

ST. THOMAS, Nov. 4. — Ald. John R. Martin, the well-known merchant tailor, has announced that he will be a candidate for the St. Thomas mayoralty in 1918. Ald. Martin has been a member of the city council for ten years.

BRITISH NAVAL LORD HAS GIVEN KERENSKY REPLY

It Would Have Been Folly to Send Fleet to Help Russia.

ENTERING JAWS OF TRAP

Could Cruise Have Been Effected, Russia Could Not Supply Needs.

LONDON, Nov. 4.—The message in the interview of Premier Kerensky recently given to the Associated Press, which has aroused the greatest interest here, was his inquiry as to why the British fleet had not been sent to the Baltic Sea. A detailed and authoritative reply to that question was given by Sir Eric Campbell Geddes, first lord of the admiralty, in his speech in the House of Commons, delivered that same evening on which Premier Kerensky talked to the correspondent.

Sir Eric referring to those critics who had asked why the British fleet had not been sent into the Baltic, remarked:

"I am very doubtful whether any of those critics have studied with care a naval chart of the entrance into that sea. I am of the opinion that they formed their views after looking at a school boy's Atlas, in which all the sea is colored pale blue."

Would Have Been Trapped.

Some of Sir Eric's remarks on the subject follow:

"Before the Germans attempted operations in the Gulf of Riga they deemed it necessary to occupy the islands commanding the entrance to the gulf. The islands which command the entrance to the Baltic belong to a neutral power—Denmark. Would it not be an act of madness for the British fleet to pass through the Baltic with it certainly that the Germans would occupy and fortify those islands in our rear?

"If we did pass through, should we find the German fleet there on our arrival? The operation of passing through would occupy a considerable period, as, putting aside the question of the neutrality of the Danish islands, there are numerous mine fields to be swept.

Condemned by Authorities.

"Also, the leading vessels of our fleet, debouching from the Great Belt—the only possible passage—in a necessarily deep formation on a very narrow front would find the whole fleet deployed and concentrating its fire on them. I have found no responsible navy officer of any responsible school who would support such an enterprise today.

"I do not touch upon such questions as those of line communication to be maintained with a fleet once in the Baltic, and the fact that every supply ship passing through would do so within thirty miles of Kiel. It is certain that only a small proportion would succeed in getting through, unless a heavy force were detached to protect them.

"Our fleet in the Baltic, if it got through, would soon wither to impotence with its vital communications cut off and our Russian ally could not supply it with fuel, ammunition or stores."

GERMAN GENERAL IS SHOT DEAD ON RIGA FRONT IN TRENCHES

LONDON, Nov. 4.—A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph from Amsterdam says Gen. von Berrer, commanding the Wurttemberg armies on the northern front, was shot dead Friday while visiting the trenches near Riga. Gen. von Berrer had a prominent share in the capture of the Russian positions in this region.

DEATH OF MRS. KNIGHT.

BLENHEIM, Nov. 4.—Mrs. John Knight, aged 64, is dead, after an illness of only a few days. She leaves besides her husband, three sons, William of Harwich, E. W., chairman of the hydro commission, and Frank, who, with the former, has the Ford agency here. There is also one daughter, Mrs. Wm. Huff of Michigan. The funeral will be held Monday.

DIES OF TYPHOID.

CHATHAM, Nov. 3.—A. Moore, farmer, well known in the county, died last night at his residence, con. 8, Chatham Township, as a result of typhoid fever. The wife of the deceased man and his six children are stricken with the same illness and are being waited on by two nurses.

An

AutoStrop SAFETY RAZOR

Will give a great deal of pleasure to your relative or friend in the trenches.

Include one in your next parcel.

The Razor that sharpens its own blades automatically.

N. 5, 9, 14.

WILSON'S "The National Smoke"

Eighteen million "Bachelors" sold annually in Canada

BACHELOR CIGAR

The remarkable demand for "Bachelor" Cigars—the largest sale ever attained by a high-class cigar—is evidence of its sterling, intrinsic merit.

3 for 25¢

Cheaper by the Box

ANDREW WILSON & CO TORONTO AND MONTREAL

Million-Foot Gusher Makes Tillsonburg Independent of Coal

Gas Strike Promises To Be One of Best in the District.

TILLSONBURG, Nov. 3.—Shortly after 4 this afternoon the Dominion Natural Gas Company struck a million-foot gusher on the L. Joyce farm near Port Burwell. Two days ago the drillers had gone down 1,400 feet and decided to pull out, but finally decided to go another 100 feet. Before fifty feet had been reached the gas broke through with a roar, and the well promises to be one of the biggest producers in the district.

This is welcome news to citizens of Tillsonburg after the severe shortage in the cold spell last winter, and especially as there is not a pound of hard coal to be purchased in town.



Few People Know This

Large doses of pills for the liver are not as efficient as small doses.

The big dose purges its way through the system fast, but does not cleanse thoroughly.

The small dose (*if right*) acts gently on the liver, and gives it just the slight help it needs to do its own work, and do it well.

Take one pill regularly, until you *know* you are all right.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Genuine bears Signature

Brentwood

Colorless faces often show the absence of iron in the blood.

Carter's Iron Pills will help this condition.

HIGH HEELS PUT CORNS ON TOES

Tells women how to dry up a corn so it lifts out without pain.

Modern high-heeled footwear buckles the toes and produces corns, and many of the thousands of hospital cases of infection and lockjaw are the result of woman's suicidal habit of trying to cut away these painful pests.

For little cost there can be obtained at any pharmacy a quarter of an ounce of a drug called freezone, which is sufficient to rid one's feet of every hard or soft corn or callous without the slightest danger or inconvenience.

A few drops applied directly upon the tender, aching corn stops the soreness and shortly the entire corn, root and all, lifts right out. It is a sticky substance, which dries the moment it is applied, and thousands of men and women use it because the corn shrivels up and comes out without inflaming or even irritating the surrounding tissue or skin. Cut this out and try it if your corns bother you.

SHE THOUGHT SURE HER TIME HAD COME

Mrs. Baker Confined in Bed for Weeks—Her Recovery With Tanlac Wonderful.

"Honestly, I have gained fifteen pounds and my neighbors, as well as myself, are amazed at the change Tanlac has made in me," said Mrs. Emma Baker of 39 Mariposa avenue, Toronto. Mrs. Baker is the wife of Fred Baker, a valued employee of the Steel Radiator Company. Continuing her statement, Mrs. Baker said:

"I had been going down in health for more than a year, losing weight and steadily getting weaker all the time. My troubles were mainly stomach disorders and nervousness and about six weeks ago I took a very sudden turn for the worse. At last I got down in bed and thought sure my time had come. I was so sick I couldn't retain a thing on my stomach, and was so weak I could hardly raise my hand. I was so nervous the least noise would startle me, and I couldn't get any sleep or rest at all scarcely. Many a night I would lie awake, and toss and roll until day. I fell off until I weighed only one hundred and twelve pounds, and when I began taking Tanlac I had been confined to my bed for three weeks.

"Mr. Baker had taken Tanlac with wonderful results, but I never thought much about it being good for me until I tried other things, and kept getting worse. Then I bought a bottle of Tanlac, and pretty soon I began to feel better. So it wasn't long until I was able to get out of bed, and realized that I was gaining in weight. My appetite is fine now and my stomach never troubles me at all. My nerves are calm and steady, and I sleep all night long every night. I now weigh one hundred and twenty-seven pounds, have gained fifteen pounds, and have hardly finished my second bottle of Tanlac yet. I am now feeling stronger and better than I have since my troubles began—can do all my work without the least inconvenience—and consider it wonderful the way Tanlac has built me up. Mr. Baker and I both think Tanlac the grandest medicine in the world, and we certainly have good reasons for thinking so."

Tanlac is sold in London by Standard Drug, Limited, under the direction of a special representative, and by an established agency in every town.—Advt.

LLOYD HARRIS IS SELECTION OF LIBERALS AT BRANTFORD

Will Accept Unless Fusion Candidate Is Chosen by Parties.

SUPPORTS UNION GOVT.

Just Appointed to Represent Munitions Board at Washington.

KITCHENER CONVENTION

North Waterloo Situation Unchanged and Meeting Is To Be Held.

BRANTFORD, Nov. 3.—Lloyd Harris, president of the Russell Motor Car Company, of Toronto, is the choice of the Liberals of Brantford to carry their standard in the coming election fight for the Federal House. He was unanimously nominated this evening at a big Liberal convention in the Liberal club rooms, and will accept if the different parties are not able to agree upon a fusion candidate.

Three names were placed before the convention, T. H. Preston, ex-M.P.P., George Cooke, ex-warden of the county, and Lloyd Harris. The first two nominated declined the honor and urged united support for Mr. Harris.

Mr. Harris, who was yesterday appointed by the Imperial Munitions Board to represent it at Washington, was present and promised to accept, but only after an effort through a joint committee of the Conservative, Liberal and Independent Labor parties and the G. W. V. A. had been made to secure a fusion candidate.

If this committee does not raise a man, Mr. Harris will oppose W. F. Cockshutt, who at present is the member and has been renominated. In his speech Mr. Harris reviewed his personal efforts to bring about union government. He emphasized the need of such a government and the doing away with election strife and patronage spoils. Mr. Harris has not only preached union, but practiced it, as his urging of the appointment of a Liberal committee to meet the other party committees to select a fusion candidate shows.

The opinion of the convention was that if a fusion candidate was not chosen, the Liberals would be in a position to carry both Brantford and Brant ridings, in the latter of which John Harold has been nominated. C. H. Waterous and C. S. Tapscott both urged united support of Lloyd Harris and expressed the opinion that Brant County ought to have one Liberal representative, and that if the election was fought out they would have two. Emphasis was laid on the splendid "win-the-war" record of Mr. Harris and his untiring efforts to bring about union government.

KITCHENER, Nov. 4.—The political situation in North Waterloo is unchanged. The Liberal executive, which sat all afternoon and well into the evening Saturday, announced at the close of the meeting that they had appointed a committee of five to meet a like committee of Conservatives to form a political union for the coming election.

It was also learned that the rural membership of the Liberal executive are strongly against Dr. Honsberger resigning in favor of W. G. Weichel and prefer to see a third man as an alternative.

The two committees met late last night, and held an informal meeting, and decided to meet again Monday evening, when the question of union will be finally settled.

Whatever takes place on Monday night there will be a convention called within the next four or five days.

DR. STEELE TALKS.

ST. MARYS, Nov. 3.—Dr. M. Steele, M.P. of South Perth, gave an address to the Non-Partisan League in the town hall last evening. His subject was "Political Problems for Canadian Women." There was a good attendance, including a number of women, who gave short addresses. A vote of thanks was tendered to the speaker.

TURKS DRIVEN BACK ALONG THE TIGRIS BY GENERAL MAUDE

Enemy Forced From Succession of Trenches Above Bagdad.

LONDON, Nov. 4.—The following official communication dealing with the operations in Mesopotamia, and showing that the British forces have made further progress up the Tigris River northwest of Bagdad was made public by the war office this evening:

"Early Friday morning one of our reconnoitering columns, moving up the Tigris, engaged the Turks, holding a position on the right bank of the river opposite Due, about twenty miles north of Samara.

"The enemy hastily withdrew toward Tekrit, under the cover of a strong rearguard. Our troops drove the latter from successive lines of trenches and occupied the whole position. Meanwhile our cavalry harassed the retreating enemy throughout the day.

"Eighty-nine prisoners and a quantity of ammunition were captured. Our troops fought with much dash and showed great power of endurance."

VETERAN PRINCIPAL OF RYERSON SCHOOL NOW 70 YEARS OLD

Principal Alexander McQueen of the Ryerson School Friday celebrated his 70th birthday. The teachers of his staff, and of his former school assembled at the Ryerson School and tendered him their congratulations. Inspector Edwards also made an address, complimenting Mr. McQueen for his long and honorable service. He will complete 51 years in the teaching profession on December 1, of which he has spent 38 years in London schools.

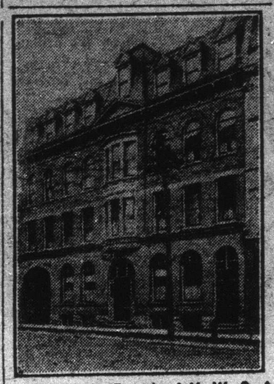
"Alex. McPueen is an ornament to the profession," said Inspector Edwards today. "He has kept himself up to date in teaching. Thousands of boys have passed through his hands, and not one of them has anything to say but the most kindly things of Mr. McQueen. He is a man whom we all admire, and love; in fact, he is one of the best beloved teachers in the province."

SIR CHAS. H. TUPPER IS OUT.

Vancouver, Nov. 4.—Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper will not re-enter public life. He declines to permit the use of his name to come before the convention of Vancouver Centre. H. H. Stevens is also a candidate. Sir Charles points out that Mr. Stevens is now and has been in the past a supporter of the Union Government and the military service act.

MANUFACTURERS PRAISE WORK OF Y.W.C.A.

The factories of London have brought many girls to the city, but so far no adequate provision has been made for their life after their day's work is over. The Y. W. C. A. is endeavoring to provide cheerful homes, amusement, educational facilities and protection for these young women, and that its efforts are bearing fruit is attested by letters of appreciation from many London manufacturers. The following is a sample of many similar letters received by the Y. W. C. A.



New Lenmore Branch of Y. W. C. A. on King Street.

"The McCormick Manufacturing Company wish to place themselves on record of their great appreciation of the work which has been accomplished through the efforts of the Young Women's Christian Association, in connection with the welfare of the girl employees of their institution.

"We gratefully acknowledge your untiring efforts in raising the moral and physical standard of our working community.

"We join with our welfare committee and the girls themselves in thanking you for your interest in the past, and trust they may continue in the future.

"Yours respectfully, The McCormick Manufacturing Company, Limited (per J. A. Stone)."

The Fraser House on King street has recently been leased, and will be known hereafter as the "Lenmore" branch of the Y. W. C. A. Money is needed now for remodeling, decorating and buying necessary furnishings for the new home.

Lloyd George, Smuts and Painleve on Trip to the Italian Theatre

LONDON, Nov. 4.—Premier David Lloyd George has left London for Italy. The premier was accompanied by Lieut.-Gen. J. C. Smuts, the former South African commander; Gen. Sir William B. Robertson, chief of the imperial staff at headquarters; Major-Gen. F. B. Maurice, chief director of military operations at the war office; Major-Gen. Sir Henry Hughes Wilson, of the general staff, and other officers.

PARIS, Nov. 4.—David Lloyd George, the British premier, arrived in Paris last evening. He will accompany Prof. Paul Painleve, the French premier to Rome, leaving today.

Ex-Chief Tobias of Moraviantown Killed In Action

Went Overseas With 135th Middlesex Battalion.

MORAVIANTOWN, Nov. 4.—Word has just been received here by friends here that ex-Chief Walter Tobias has fallen in France. He enlisted with the 135th Middlesex Battalion, and was extremely anxious to go overseas and do his bit for the empire. Writing from England he said he hoped to be called to the front soon.

He was chief of the tribe here for many years. Besides his wife he is survived by twelve sons and daughters. Two of the sons are at present in France.

Ex-Chief Tobias was a magnificent physical specimen.

REV. DR. A. CARMAN, HEAD OF METHODIST CHURCH, IS DEAD

TORONTO, Nov. 4.—Rev. Dr. Albert Carman, superintendent emeritus of the Methodist Church in Canada, died last night.

He was 83 years of age.

Dr. Carman, who had been in bad health during the last year, became seriously ill two weeks ago, and had been unconscious since Sunday week. Messrs. Albert Carman, Montreal, and Frank Carman, Ottawa, sons, and Miss A. Carman, daughter were with their father when the end came.

The funeral service will take place Tuesday afternoon.

Dr. Carman was born at Iroquois, Ont., June 27, 1833, and was educated at Dundas Grammar School and Victoria University. After graduating from college he became head master of Dundas Grammar School. In 1857 he became professor of mathematics at Belleville Seminary, later becoming principal. Through his efforts the seminary was affiliated with Toronto University, and in 1866 received a charter as Albert College.

The late Dr. Carman was active in foundling Alma College at St. Thomas in 1876-86.

From 1874 until 1883 he was head of the Methodist Episcopal Church in Canada and since 1883 until two years ago general superintendent or the Methodist Church. He was a prominent member of several societies for social reform and was a well known writer.

Hon. Dr. Wm. Pugsley Named Lieutenant-Governor of N. B.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

OTTAWA, Nov. 4.—Hon. William Pugsley has accepted the lieutenant-governorship of the province of New Brunswick. Dr. Pugsley has been active in public life for many years. He succeeded Hon. H. R. Emerson as premier of New Brunswick and later entered the Laurier government as minister of public works. He voted for referendum and against conscription. Recently he has declared himself favorable to union government.

KINGSVILLE LAD BURNED.

KINGSVILLE, Nov. 4.—Dwight, 3-year-old son of Everton Bertrand, was badly burned when, while lighting the gas in the stove his nightclothes became ignited. He is suffering intensely.

THREE U. S. SOLDIERS KILLED, 5 WOUNDED, AND 12 CAPTURED

German Barrage Cuts Off Group of Sammies in France.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—Advancing under protection of a heavy barrage fire, a German raiding party before daylight on November 3 stormed a trench held by American infantry, killing three, wounding five and capturing twelve, according to dispatches from Gen. Pershing, received by the war department tonight.

American infantry were in occupation of a small salient for instruction, when cut off from the main body by a heavy bombardment from German artillery. Gen. Pershing reports the captures of one prisoner. Enemy losses are not known, says the dispatch.

REGISTRATION BOARDS ON THE VOTERS' LISTS FOR WESTERN ONTARIO

OTTAWA, Nov. 4.—Voters' registration boards have been appointed for Western Ontario. These boards will hear appeals from the decision of enumerators in cities and towns which had a population of 9,000 or more last census.

They are as follows:

Brant—County Judge Alexander D. Hardy, Brantford; Local Registrar W. A. Holtmake, Brantford; Sheriff J. W. Westbrook, Brantford; Clerk of the Peace A. J. Wilkes, Brantford; Registrar of Deeds A. Graham, Brantford.

Bruce—County Judge A. H. Klein, Walkerton; Junior Judge A. M. Greig, Walkerton; Local Registrar R. E. Clapp, Walkerton; Sheriff D. M. Jermyn, Walkerton; Clerk of the Peace Thomas Dixon, Walkerton.

Elgin—County Judge C. W. Colter, St. Thomas; Junior Judge C. O. Z. Ermatinger, St. Thomas; Local Registrar David McLaws, St. Thomas; Clerk of the Peace A. McCrimmon, St. Thomas; Police Magistrate C. F. Maxwell, St. Thomas.

Essex—County Judge J. O. Dromgole, Sandwich; Junior Judge George Smith, Sandwich; Local Registrar Henry Clay, Sandwich; Sheriff C. N. Anderson, Sandwich; Clerk of the Peace J. H. Rodd, Sandwich.

Grey—County Judge C. T. Sutherland, Owen Sound; Junior Judge C. H. Widdifield, Owen Sound; Local Registrar W. A. Bishop, Owen Sound; Sheriff T. L. Thomson, Owen Sound; Clerk of the Peace T. H. Dyre, Owen Sound.

Haldimand—County Judge G. H. Hopkins, Cayuga; Local Registrar J. C. Eccles, Cayuga; Registrar of Deeds, P. R. Howard, Cayuga.

Huron—County Judge L. H. Dixon, Goderich; Junior Judge E. N. Lewis, Goderich; Local Registrar D. McDonald, Goderich; Sheriff R. G. Reynolds, Goderich; Clerk of the Peace C. Seagar, Goderich.

Kent—County Judge Ward Stamworth, Chatham; Junior Judge J. J. Coughlin, Chatham; Local Registrar James Holmes, Chatham; Sheriff J. R. Gemmill, Chatham; Clerk of the Peace H. D. Smith, Chatham.

Lambton—County Judge D. F. Maswatt; Junior Judge A. S. Taylor, Sarnia; Local Registrar Alex Saunders, Sarnia; Sheriff James Flintoft, Sarnia; Clerk of the Peace F. W. Willson, Sarnia.

Middlesex—County Judge T. Meredith, London; Junior Judge J. C. Judd, London; Sheriff D. M. Cameron, London; Clerk of the Peace J. B. McKillop, London; Local Master of Supreme Court H. S. Blackburn, London.

Norfolk—County Judge A. T. Boles, Simcoe; Local Registrar C. C. Rapelje, Simcoe; Sheriff F. S. Snider, Simcoe; Clerk of the Peace T. R. Slaght, Simcoe; Registrar of Deeds W. M. McGuire, Simcoe.

Oxford—County Judge J. G. Wallace, Woodstock; Sheriff Wm McGhee, Woodstock; Clerk of the Peace R. N. Ball, Woodstock; Registrar of Deeds G. R. Pattullo, Woodstock; Deputy Clerk of the Crown J. Canfield, Woodstock.

Perth—County Judge J. A. Barron, Stratford; Sheriff Thomas Magwood, Stratford; Clerk of the Peace G. G. McPherson, Stratford; Registrar of Deeds for North Riding of Perth James Steele, Stratford.

Waterloo — County Judge E. J. Hearn, Kitchener; Junior Judge W. M. Reads, Kitchener; Local Registrar E. J. Beaumont, Kitchener; Sheriff H. G. Lackner, Kitchener; Clerk of the Peace D. S. Bowlby, Kitchener.

Wellington—County Judge L. M. Hayes, Guelph; Junior Judge Anson Spotton, Guelph; Local Registrar W. H. Kingston, Guelph; Sheriff A. S. Allan, Guelph; Clerk of the Peace A. H. MacDonald, Guelph.

Wentworth—County Judge C. G. Snider, Hamilton; Junior Judge J. F. Monck, Hamilton; Local Registrar H. C. Gwyn, Hamilton; Sheriff J. T. Middleton, Hamilton; Clerk of the Peace S. F. Washington, Hamilton.

19 CHARRED BODIES TAKEN FROM RUINS OF S. A. RESCUE HOME

Ten Men in Hospital May Die —Fire in Paterson. N. J.

PATERSON, N. J., Nov. 4.— Nineteen bodies have been taken from the ruins of the Salvation Army rescue mission in this city, which was destroyed by fire early today.

Ten men are in hospitals with probably fatal injuries, and many others were less seriously hurt in leaping from windows of the burning structure.

There were 85 men asleep in the mission when the flames started in an old frame building adjoining, used for storing magazines and newspapers.

DISTRICT CASUALTIES

WOUNDED

ST. THOMAS.
Corpl. Stanley Brebner.

ST. THOMAS.
Pte. John E. Welsh.

STRATFORD.
Lieut. T. L. Wyatt.

STAFFA.
527604 R. Livingstone.

PORT ROWAN.
A.-Maj. H. Buck, M. C.

KILLED IN ACTION

GUELPH.
Capt. Fred Bond.
Lieut. Gordon F. Leslie.

OWEN SOUND.
Lieut. Jack Campbell.

OWEN SOUND.
Lieut. J. D. Campbell.

MORAVIANTOWN.
Ex-Chief Walter Tobias.

CANCEL REPORT WOUNDED

BRANTFORD.
Lieut. T. Watt.

LABORITES OF OTTAWA INDORSE THE CEREAL POLICY OF CONTROLLER

OTTAWA, Nov. 3.—Strong indorsation of the food controller's policy in prohibiting the sale of package cereals in weights of less than 20 pounds was voiced by the executive at the Allied Trades and Labor Association last evening.

The "Y" Furnished 55,327 Free Baths to Soldiers the Past Year!

It Will Do Even More This Year ---If You Will Help!



1,200 Soldiers Bathe Here in One Day.

The red triangle of the Y. M. C. A. stands equal with the Red Cross in the hearts of soldiers everywhere. Nothing else can take its place. Every soldier in London enjoys full membership privileges without charge, and the average daily attendance of soldiers is about two hundred. Every returned soldier is visited by a member of the returned soldiers' committee and presented with a year's free membership, and offered any assistance required. Over 700 memberships have been given to returned men.

Since last April the returned soldiers alone have used more than 15,000 sheets of Y. M. C. A. notepaper in writing letters from the Y. M. C. A. to their parents and friends.

SOLDIERS WELCOME
Y. M. C. A.
WELLINGTON STREET.
ALL PRIVILEGES FREE
Hot Shower Baths, Swimming Pool
Reading and Writing Room

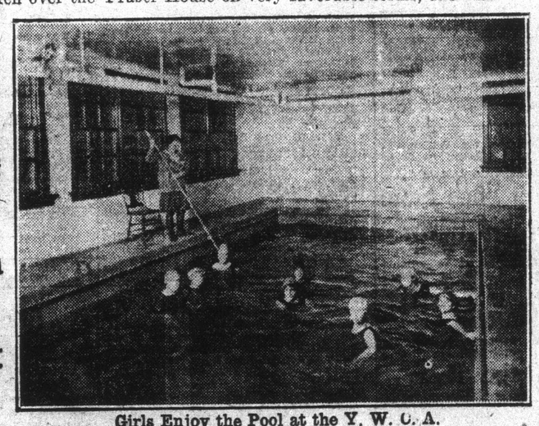
This Sign May Be Seen in Various Parts of the City.

Headquarters staff have asked the Y. M. C. A. to furnish all soldiers in London with bathing facilities throughout the winter. This means that from one to two thousand soldiers will be sent in small squads to the "Y" shower baths and swimming pool each week.

What the Y. W. C. A. Is Doing for London:

The travelers' aid secretary meets all incoming trains and looks after young women who may need a helping hand. The necessity for this service has increased greatly during the war, and it is a condition that must be met.

The Y. W. C. A. has recently taken over the Fraser House on very favorable terms, and this will provide accommodation for fifty-five additional young women. This enterprise will be self-supporting, but money is needed for remodeling, decorating and furnishings. The industrial secretary assists young women in London f ies in many ways, and the new quarters will greatly increase the efficiency of this good work



Girls Enjoy the Pool at the Y. W. C. A.

Don't You Want a Part In Financing These Two Excellent Institutions?

NOTE:

The Italian Red Cross Will Be Included in "Y" Campaign

Rather than bother the citizens of London with a separate campaign in behalf of the Italian Red Cross, its officials have completed arrangements whereby a joint campaign with the Y. M. C. A. and Y. W. C. A. will be made Tuesday and Wednesday, with an objective of $40,000—$10,000 of which will go to the Italian Red Cross Society.

WILL YOU HELP?

CAMPAIGN COMMITTEE:

GEORGE M. REID, Honorary Chairman.
WM. R. YENDALL, Chairman.
JOHN S. MOORE, Honorary Treasurer.
E. R. WILSON, Secretary.
MRS. JOHN STEVELY, Chairman Y.W.C.A. Committee.
MRS. CHAS. W. LEONARD, President Y.W.C.A.
L. PORTER MOORE, Divisional Director Italian Red Cross Society.

Y. M. C. A. ADVISORY COMMITTEE:

COL. W. M. GARTSHORE.
SIR GEORGE GIBBONS.
C. R. SOMERVILLE.
W. M. SPENCER.
E. S. LITTLE.
T. A. STEVENS.
F. E. LEONARD.
A. E. SILVERWOOD.
E. E. BRAITHWAITE.

Y. W. C. A. ADVISORY COMMITTEE:

MRS. DAVID WILLIAMS.
MRS. D. C. MacGREGOR.
MRS. T. P. McCORMICK.
MRS. D. S. PERRIN.
MRS. E. B. SMITH.
MRS. F. R. ECCLES.
MRS. THOS. PURDOM.
MRS. THOS. BAKER.
MRS. JOHN STEVELY.
MRS. CHAS. W. LEONARD.

3 Campaigns in One---Y.M.C.A., Y.W.C.A. and Italian Red Cross

CONDENSED ADS.

Amusements—Fifteen cents per line each insertion, or two cents per word if set solid.

Meetings — When no admission is charged, one cent per word each insertion.

Births, Marriages and Deaths — One insertion, 50 cents. Each subsequent insertion, 25 cents.

Articles For Sale, To Let, Help Wanted, Situations Vacant, Board and Lodgings, Lost and Found, Rooms To Let, and all similar condensed advertisements—First insertion, one cent per word; each subsequent insertion, one-half cent per word. No advertisement less than fifteen cents.

An extra charge of ten cents is made for all transient advertisements that are charged.

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES

PATRICIA

TODAY, TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY.
Frohman's Daintiest Star.
Ann Murdock in "The Outcast"
FOX COMEDY. VAUDEVILLE.
THURSDAY, FRIDAY, SATURDAY.
Double Features.
GEORGE WALSH IN "SOME BOY."
FATTY ARBUCKLE IN "OH, DOCTOR!" 20u

MAJESTIC
THE THEATRE
THE SHOW—THE ORCHESTRA
MONDAY AND TUESDAY.
Third Episode of
"THE RETREAT OF THE GERMANS AT THE BATTLE OF ARRAS."
SESSUE HAYAKAWA in "The Call of the East."
Matinee Only.
WILLIAM DUNCAN IN "DEADSHOT BAKER." b

HURON & ERIE

F. B. Clarke wants Huron & Erie shares, C. P. R., Union Pacific, B. and O., and other New York stocks and bonds bought or sold, cash or margin. New York Stock Exchange connection.
F. B. CLARKE, 416 Richmond street, next Bank of Commerce, London, Ont.

LECTURE
on "Needs of Red Cross"
BY MISS BERTHA MACINTOSH,
Returned Nurse,
WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, NOV. 7,
at 3 o'clock,
East End Red Cross Rooms, corner Adelaide and Dundas. Public cordially invited.
WAR RELICS ON EXHIBITION. 20u

TONIGHT.
Carrie-Martin Recital
Auspices Women's Music Club.
MASONIC TEMPLE, 8:15.
For soldiers' benefit. All tickets 50c. b

DANCING — MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and Saturday nights. Big orchestra. Popular program. The best of everything. Our patrons invited. Lessons Tuesday, Thursray and Friday nights and every afternoon. Five expert instructors. Phone. Dayton & McCormick.

GEORGE A. STEER, ELOCUTIONIST and soloist—Concert engagement accepted. Care The Purdom Hardware Company, London.

MRS. ALICE HENDERSON'S SCHOOL —National and fancy dancing. Open for season. Reasonable terms. 91 Wellington. Phone 2670.

FIRST-CLASS ORCHESTRA FOR garden parties, entertainments, dances. Part or whole program provided, songs, recitations, comic, serious. Ask for terms. Lombardo Brothers. Phone 5796.

GLADYS COMBER, PIPER AND dancer; pupil Pipe-Major James Hamilton. 102 Wellington, phone 4397.

ORDINARY SWEDISH MOVEMENT and electric massage at London Mineral Baths. Lady and gentleman attendants. Phone 2198.

SCHOOL — MODERN BALLROOM dances. 214 Dundas. Jack Cortese, instructor. Phone 1570.

MUSIC FURNISHED FOR PARTIES, balls, banquets. Phone 1265. Tony Vita's Italian Harpers, 122 Queen's avenue.

ROBERT HANNAH, ELOCUTIONIST, entertainer, concert engagement. 367 Princess avenue. Telephone 3735.

BUSINESS CARDS

McLEOD & GRAY, REAR ADVERTISER—First-class livery and boarding. Bus parties our specialty. Phone 1277.

FOR GENUINE PLUMBING REPAIRS Phone 5778. S. H. Hammond, 765 King street.

MORREN FOR DRY CLEANING, pressing, repairing. 423 Wellington street. Phone 2698. Heavy overcoat for sale.

The Peoples Shoe Store
REPAIR DEPARTMENT
Joseph Holland, Repair Manager.
Expert work guaranteed at reasonable prices. Whether you bought your shoes here or not we repair them. 131 Dundas street, 12 Market Square. tf zxt

BATTERIES
left with us for winter storage will receive good care.
London Battery Repair
310 KING. zx PHONE 6151

National Brass, Limited
CARLING STREET.
NICKEL-PLATING
zxv

LEGAL CARDS.

J. M. McEVOY, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, Robinson Hall Chambers. Money to loan.

GIBBONS, HARPER & GIBBONS— Barristers, etc., Imperial Bank Building. Sir George Gibbons, K.C.; Fred F. Harper; George S. Gibbons.

T. W. SCANDRETT, BARRISTER, solicitor, notary. Money to loan. 98 Dundas street.

JOHN F. FAULDS BARRISTER. Money to loan. 59 Dundas street. Phone 907.

McKILLOP, MURPHY & GUNN— —OAK HALL BUILDING

PURDOM & PURDOM— —DOMINION SAVINGS BUILDING First Floor, Corner of Richmond and King Streets.

MACPHERSON & PERRIN, BARRISTERS, solicitors. Money to loan. Robinson Hall Chambers.

TENNENT & TENNENT, BARRISTERS, solicitors, notaries public. Money to loan. 78 Dundas. D. H. Tennent; Gordon H. Tennent.

GRAYDON & GRAYDON, BARRISTERS, Bank British North America, 2 Market Square.

U. A. BUCHNER, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, corner Talbot and Carling. Phone 99. Money to loan.

W. G. R. BARTRAM, BARRISTER, notary, etc., 59 Dundas street.

CRONYN & BETTS & COLERIDGE— Frederick P. Betts, K.C.; Thomas Coleridge.

OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIANS

DRS. MARIE H. HARKINS, REBECCA Harkins—Office and residence, St. George Apartments, Wellington. Phone 1560. Rebecca Harkins, specialist catarrhal deafness.

DR. E. S. DETWILER, GENERAL practice, with special attention to spinal curvature, 477 Colborne. Phone 5373.

MEETINGS MEETINGS

Great War Veterans' Association

380 RICHMOND STREET.

A special general meeting will be held in the association's room this (Monday) evening, November 5, at 8 o'clock. All members are requested to be present. Business, election.

J. W. CUNLIFFE, Secretary.

18u

A convention for the nomination of a Union Government candidate for the city of London will be held at the Masonic Hall, Queen's avenue, on Thursday, November 8, at 8 p.m.

Six delegates from each sub-division will be appointed at meetings to be held, as follows:

1. Subdivisions Nos. 1 to 7 (being all of Ward 1 north of the river except that part south of Ottaway avenue), at the central committee rooms, corner Richmond street and Queen's avenue (over Bank of B. N. A.), on Wednesday, November 7, at 8 p.m.

2. Subdivisions 19 to 32, being the whole of Ward No. 2 (including West London), at the same place, on Wednesday, November 7, at 8 p.m.

3. All of Ward 3 lying west of Adelaide street, at the same place, on Tuesday, November 6, at 8 p.m.

4. All of Ward 4 lying west of Adelaide street, at the same place, on Tuesday, November 6, at 8 p.m.

5. All of Wards 3 and 4 lying east of Adelaide street, west of the old city limits and north of Trafalgar street, at the East End Town Hall, on Tuesday, November 6, at 8 p.m.

6. All of Ward 1 lying south of the river, and that part of Subdivision 9 lying south of Ottaway avenue, at Foresters' Hall, corner Wortley road and Craig street, on Monday, November 5, at 8 p.m.

All supporters of the Union Government are invited to attend the meetings called to appoint delegates.

A special invitation is extended to women voters.

"GOD SAVE THE KING."

181

TENNYSON SMITH
TONIGHT AT 8.
ALSO TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY.
Admission free.
SALVATION ARMY CITADEL

Dramatic recitals, Y. M. C. A. Auditorium, Thursday night only, 35 cents. b

BOARD OF TRADE — REGULAR general meeting, Indian room, Tecumseh House, Tuesday, Nov. 6, 8:15 p.m. Lieut.-Col. H. D. Smith, general staff officer, will discuss the military service act as it affects employers, and other business. Gordon Philip, secretary. 20u

I. O. O. F.—FOREST CITY, NO. 38, meets this (Monday) evening in their hall on Richmond street, at 8 o'clock, for general business. Members are requested to attend. Visitors welcome. W. Sibbald, N. G. P

THE LONDON MANX SOCIETY EXTENDS a cordial invitation to all Manx people in London to attend a meeting on Tuesday, Nov. 6, at 515 Quebec street, 8 p.m. 18c

THE KING NEEDS YOU AND YOU need Him in this great war with sin and the devil. No physical test required. Recruiting office, 357 Richmond street. City Mission. nightly.

BORN, MARRIED, DIED.

BORN.

BROWN—On November 1, 1917, to Mr. and Mrs. W. Fred Brown, 277 Talbot street, a daughter (Betty). b

MARRIED.

MADILL—WARD—On Saturday, November 3, Madeline Owen Ward, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Ward, 474 King street, to Mr. William George Madill, formerly of this city, by Archdeacon Richardson. b

DIED.

BELTON—At the residence of her daughter, Mrs. E. Thompson, 824 Dundas street, on Saturday, Nov. 3, Mrs. Helen M. Belton, widow of William Belton, aged 82 years.
Funeral private from the above address, on Tuesday, at 2 p.m. Interment at Webster's Cemetery. b

HURDITCH—On Wednesday, Oct. 17, 1917, at Heffley Creek, B. C., Almer Clive Hurditch, aged 26 years and 2 months.
Funeral was held from the Kamloops undertaking parlors, Saturday afternoon, Oct. 20, 1917, and the remains were interred in the Kamloops Cemetery. (Ailsa Craig Banner please copy.) b

SPARROWHAWK—At her late residence, 97 Askin street, on Nov. 3, 1917, Frances, beloved wife of Richard Sparrowhawk, aged 75 years.
Funeral private from the above address on Tuesday, at 2:30 p.m., services at 2 p.m. Interment at Woodland Cemetery. b

IN MEMORIAM.

WILKINSON—In loving memory of Pte. Ed. A. Wilkinson, youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Wilkinson, 600 Adelaide street, who gave his life for King and country, one year ago today, November 5, 1916.
—Father, Mother, Brothers and Sisters. b

LOST AND FOUND.

STOLEN — EARLY SUNDAY MORNING, black horse, rubber-tired buggy, grey lined top. Reward. Phone 5648. Royal Livery, London. 20tf

LOST, SATURDAY, ON RIDOUT CAR —Purse, containing lady's gold watch and money. Reward. 278 Thames. 20u

LOST — BLACK AND TAN FOXHOUND, in vicinity of Komoka. Reward for information to Box 240, Advertiser. 20c

FOUND — HOUND, WHITE AND brown spots (Thanksgiving Day). Fred Smale, Traction Line. Stop 26. 19c

LOST—GOLD WRIST WATCH, ON Talbot street, between Carling and Queen's avenue. Finder please phone 3702. 18c

AUTOMOBILES AND TAXIS.

CHARLTON TAXI SERVICE — BY hour or trip. Phone 5886.

AUTOMOBILE OWNERS — SPRINGS made and repaired. Carriage and wagon painting. Cooke's Repair Shop, 347 Ridout. Phone 5143.

MARLEY & HEXTER TAXI GARAGE —New cars. Open day and night. Phone 2859.

AUTO AND TRUCK REPAIRING and painting by experts. Prices right. John R. Munro & Son, corner Albert and Richmond streets.

RENWICK'S TAXI SERVICE—OPEN or closed cars, day or night. Phone 5678.

PHONE 5993 FOR RELIABLE TAXI service. Clare Brothers. Reasonable rates. All hours.

Taxi-Phone 5337
LAUGHTON'S GARAGE
361 WELLINGTON STREET.
zxv

VETERINARY SURGEONS.

WILLIAM J. WILSON, VETERINARY —Horse and dog hospital. 84 King street Phone 728.

W. McDONALD, VETERINARY SURGEON. 2 Riverview avenue. Phone 683. Phone 1786.

MALE HELP WANTED.

PAINTERS WANTED—APPLY W. T. Pace & Son, 712 Princess avenue. b

FIREMEN AND BRAKEMEN, $125 monthly; experience unnecessary. Railway, care Advertiser. 20bn zyxw

BOY WANTED—APPLY MODERN Shoe Repair, 505 Richmond. 20c

WANTED AT ONCE—ONE DAY AND one night roller; good wages; steady position. Apply the Breithaupt Leather Company, Limited, Woodstock, Ont. 19n

MAN WANTED TO DELIVER KINDLING wood; must know the city. Apply 311 Pall Mall street. 18c

WANTED — LOCAL REPRESENTATIVE, either sex, to handle large line standard household necessities; position permanent; liberal commission; $2.50 per day guaranteed. Bradley-Garretson, Limited, Brantford, Ont. Nov.21

$13.00 WEEKLY PAID YOUNG MEN while learning to be station agents through night school. Limited number only. First applicants given choice. Act quickly. Write Dominion School Railroading, Dept. O, Toronto. tf-lawz

BOYS WANTED—APPLY LONDON Box Factory, 309 Bathurst street. zxv

CROP OF 1918 DEPENDS ON FALL PLOWING.
Help urgently needed for this and lifting of roots and vegetables. Good wages.
ONTARIO GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT BUREAU.
108 Dundas Street. No Fees.

WANTED—MAN, WITH PLENTY OF help, to run dairy farm, consisting of three hundred acres, on shares; no capital required; give references. R. Nancekivell, R. R. No. 1, Ingersoll. 15m

WATCHMAKER WANTED — FIRST-CLASS, experienced man, good wages. State references and experience in first letter. A. H. Beath, Sudbury, Ont. N. 9.

LINOTYPE OPERATOR
to work on Morning Advertiser; wages $22; steady position; seven hours. Apply Foreman Composing Room, London Advertiser. 99-tf

A RELIABLE SALESMAN WANTED in every town and district in Western Ontario where not represented. Spring planting list now ready. Send for terms and new catalogue. Start now at best selling time. Stone & Wellington, the Fonthill Nurseries, Toronto, Ont. 25tf

WANTED TO PURCHASE.

WANTED TO PURCHASE — SMALL modern house or bungalow, North End preferred. Apply 301, Advertiser. 19c

MELODEONS WANTED AT KEENE'S Antique Store. 342 Talbot street.

WANTED TO PURCHASE.
DRESSED HOGS
Weighing from 100 to 140 pounds. Also Live Cattle, Lambs and Calves. Highest prices paid for No. 1 quality.
ANDERSONS, THE BIG STORE.
MARKET HOUSE, LONDON.

PERSONAL.

ANY LADY OF 18 TO 25 YEARS wishing to keep company with farmer of 25 years, apply Box 241, Advertiser. 20c

CANCERS CURED BY PLASTER method—Established 40 years. Henry Edwards' Cancer Hospital, 383½ Ridout street. Phone 2666.

ONE ADVERTISING FROM 757 DUNDAS street, please address Box 229, Advertiser. 18c

LISTEN! — MASSAGE IS ONE OF the best remedies known to science. Try Mrs. Robinson. She is an expert. She will come to your home. Make appointments by phone 1425. Women only.

MRS. LANE (CLAIRVOYANT), 362 York street. Hours, 1 to 7. Thursdays, 12 to 6. 17bu

REV. LADY JEAN HOOPER, 438 Park avenue, London. Phone 4989.

SCIENTIFIC PALMISTRY AND Phrenology—Accurate, scientific and reliable advice on business, health, love, marriage, travel, investments, changes, choice of occupation, etc. When in doubt consult Mrs. Morris, 910 Dundas street, opposite Fair Grounds gates. Hours of consultation, 10 a.m. to 10 p.m.; Saturday to 5 p.m.

GLENWOOD PRIVATE HOSPITAL— Nervous cases a specialty. 435 Ridout street. Phone 1705.

ARCHITECTS

ARTHUR E. NUTTER, ARCHITECT— Rooms 15, 16, Dominion Bank Chambers, Dundas and Richmond. Telephone 656.

WATT & BLACKWELL, MEMBERS Ontario Association of Architects— Bank of Toronto Building, London; Lister Chambers, Hamilton.

JOHN M. MOORE,
Architect and Civil Engineer,
415 RICHMOND STREET.

WILLIAM G. MURRAY, ARCHITECT —Dominion Savings Building, top floor. Phones: Office 1557, house 1584.

H. C. McBRIDE, MEMBER ONTARIO Association of Architects, etc. Edge Block. Phone 262.

INSURANCE.

G. M. GUNN & SON (GEORGE C. Gunn)—Established 1859. Fire, life, accident and automobile insurance.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

TWO BRIGHT GIRLS WANTED— Steady work. Apply Parisian Laundry. 20c

WANTED — EXPERIENCED GENERAL, family of two; good wages. Apply 428 St. James. 20n

GENERAL WANTED—764 WATERLOO. Phone 5445. 19c

EXPERIENCED MAID FOR GENERAL housework. Apply Mrs. J. J. Callaghan, 613 Wellington. 19c

WANTED—A COOK. APPLY MRS. T. H. Carling, 677 Talbot street. 19c

WANTED — YOUNG LADY FOR bookkeeping and office work. Apply Box 239, Advertiser. 19c

BUNCHBREAKERS, ROLLERS, strippers and bookers; all good jobs. Manness & Son, cigar manufacturers. 18c

SALESLADY, TO TAKE CHARGE OF neckwear and glove department; must have experience and good references. Apply Thomson's, 179 Dundas, between 1 and 2 o'clock, or by letter. 18c

HOUSEKEEPER FOR SMALL FAMILY—Middle-aged or country girl preferred; good wages. Apply Box 230, Advertiser. 18c

WANTED — COOK-GENERAL — Family of two. Mrs. A. M. Masuret, 585 Colborne street. 18c

WANTED—A WOMAN OR GIRL TO assist with housework. 564 Talbot street. 18c

AMAZING SELLER—TABLETS THAT wash clothes spotlessly clean without rubbing. Promise to solicit orders, with ten cents, will bring samples for four washings. Make dollar an hour. Bradley's Company, Brantford, Ont. Nov.21

WANTED—LADY DEMONSTRATORS, for non-alcoholic food flavors, toilet articles, and other domestic necessities. Permanent work and liberal pay for all, or part time. Food Products Distributors, Brantford, Ont. Nov.21

Young Ladies
wishing to improve their position and earn bigger wages at clean, pleasant work, apply D. S. Perrin & Co., Limited.
93tf

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—POSITION AS CLERK, BY an experienced, steady man of 19. Address Box 228, Advertiser. 18c

LADY WANTS POSITION AS HOUSEKEEPER for gentleman, where girl of eight may be kept. Box 226, Advertiser. 17n

BUSINESS CHANCES.

IF THERE IS A MAN IN LONDON with one or two thousand dollars who would like to go into the auto supply business, we want him as our district representative. Proposition will bear strictest investigation. No risks to take whatever. For particulars, Box 233, Advertiser. 20c-zxv

STOCK OF TOYS, CONFECTIONERY, drugs, grocery, restaurant, butcher business, crockery, general store, rooming house. Sydney Smythe, Talbot street.

GENERAL COUNTRY STORE, BRICK, with dwelling, 1 acre land, stable, good property and business. Pay you to investigate price. Room 14, London Loan Building. 19c

POULTRY AND EGGS.

BARRED ROCK COCKERELS, Guelph and Ottawa bred-to-lay stock, at $2; also Clyde colts, 2, 3 and 4 years. I. M. McGrath, R. 1, Glanworth. b

FOR SALE—ABOUT 75 YEARLING hens, White Leghorns. Mrs. W. A. Cuttler, Ilderton, R. R. No. 2. Marsh phone. 19u

WHITE WYANDOTTES, REGAL strain. Large, vigorous utility cockerels. $2 each. Fred Gracey, 120 Thompson avenue, city. 19c

MOVING AND STORAGE.

BROUGHTON THE MOVER—SPECIALTY, crating and shipping. Phone 1444.

ON MOVING DAY REMEMBER "DAY the Mover." Motor vans. Fireproof storage at reasonable rates. Residence, 480 Maitland. Phone 2887. H. F. Day.

UP-TO-DATE MOVING VANS—FURNITURE and pianos carefully handled. W. R. Flowers, 863½ Colborne street. Phone 2636.

WE MOVE YOU CAREFULLY AND quickly; $2 up for load. Phone 2839.

BIGGS' FURNITURE STORAGE—Clean and dry. Prices Moving Vans. Phone 1162. reasonable. The Forest City 97 Carling street. zxv

S. J. HENDERSON'S LARGEST moving vans and storage. Phone 1254. Residence, 573 Adelaide.

ROOFING.

SLATE, GRAVEL AND CEMENT roofer. Paint for iron roofs. Walter Scott. 506 York street.

SLATE ROOFING—OUR SPECIALTY is slate blackboards. J. Whittaker, 551 King street.

WANTED.

YOUNG LADY WISHES FURNISHED room with private family, central. Apply Box 303, Advertiser. 20c

REFINED YOUNG LADY WANTS furnished room in private family, centrally located. Apply Phone 3373. 18c

BOARD AND ROOMS.

TO RENT—AT Y. W. C. A., 187 KING street, comfortable rooms, with board, at moderate rates. Phone 1439. 19n

USED CARS FOR SALE

TIRE PRICES
can be reduced materially. We know, because we do it. You'd know too, if you patronized us.
MARK CUT RATE TIRE CO.
126 CARLING ST. PHONE 6182.
Open Evenings.

Some Rare Bargains in Used Cars

McLAUGHLIN MODEL C 37, SPECIAL.
McLAUGHLIN MODEL C 55, SEVEN PASSENGER.

Both cars are in excellent condition, and each have slip-covers and an extra tire.

McLaughlin Carriage Co., Limited
BATHURST AND RICHMOND STREETS, CITY.
18c

USED CARS FOR SALE
LISTED TODAY

CHALMERS, 7-passenger, touring, electric light and starter.
GRAY-DORT, 5-passenger, touring, electric light and starter.
McLAUGHLIN, 5-passenger, touring, electric light and starter.

All the above cars are in first-class condition, having been thoroughly inspected and adjusted. Terms can be made for part payment.

BEEMER & CO., LIMITED
131-133 QUEEN'S AVENUE, LONDON, ONT.
DISTRIBUTORS FOR CHALMERS, CADILLAC AND GRAY-DORT CARS.
zxv

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

$8,000 BUYS 100 ACRES, WITH STOCK and implements; good buildings; five miles from city; twelve acres wheat. Will accept house. Patterson, Imperial Bank Chambers.

100 ACRES IN BOSANQUET, LAMBTON County, splendid clay loam soil, 75 acres cleared, good water, 1½-story brick house, bank barn 36x52, other buildings, ½-mile to school. Would exchange for good 200 acres. Price $8,000. Write our general agent, Mr. C. W. Redick, Parkhill. The Western Real Estate Exchange, Limited, 78 Dundas street, London, Ont. 20u

NICE HOME ON THE PIPE LINE road, ten minutes' walk to Wharncliffe; electric light, natural gas, for cooking and heating; county taxes. Easy terms. Apply 124 Windsor avenue. Phone 5365. b

100-ACRE FARM FOR SALE — LOT 10, con. 7, West Nissouri. For further particulars apply Wm. Bent, Thamesford, R. R. No. 4. 20c

NORTH—New two-story and finished attic pressed brick, 4 bedrooms, hot water heated, sunroom and sun-parlor, modern and well built in every respect, all hardwood finished; lot 37 by 150 feet. All fixtures modern and first-class. Call for particulars. Thos. C. Knott, 117 Dominion Savings Building, London, Ont. zyxwv

FOR SALE — $2,600 WILL BUY THE property known as the Gordner Hotel, Main street, Mitchell. The barn on this property is worth nearly all we are asking for the whole thing. Receipts will average over $18 per day. The above price includes bar furniture and fixtures, also the furnace in front sitting-rooms. Good reasons for selling. If not sold will be rented. For further particulars apply to John Elligson, proprietor, or to A. D. Cameron, Box 69, Mitchell, Ont. 9tf

100 ACRES—Westminster, 1½-story frame house, full-sized basement, furnace, hard and soft water, large bank barn, iron roof, room for 50 head of horned cattle, root cellar, horse stable, drive barn, hog pen, hen house, soil a clay loam, well drained, close to cheese and condensing factories, London 7 miles, Glanworth 4 miles. Price $11,000. A cheap farm, all things considered, and a pleasure to show a prospective buyer this farm.
ANDERSON & CO., 12 MARKET LANE zyxwv

City Property.

1½-STORY HOUSE, WITH BARN. APPLY 865 Adelaide street. 20k

NEW HOME OF W. J. SMITH JUN., corner Richmond and Regent streets. Bargain for immediate sale. Owner leaving city. 19c

MODERN 2-STORY 7-ROOM BRICK house, in A1 condition, good lot, with barn. For quick disposition; $3,200. A real bargain. Room 14, London Loan Building. 19c

LOT, ON WILLIAM STREET, BETWEEN St. James and Grosvenor. Apply D. Murphy, 880 William. 18c

IF YOU PAY ME $5 ON A GOOD building lot and $5 a month till you get $100 paid, I will build you a house and you can pay for it by the month. Box 231, Advertiser. 18c

Suburban Property.

ONE ACRE, WITH BRICK COTTAGE and barn, ½-mile from city limits; $200 cash required. Room 14, London Loan Building. 19c

7½ ACRES, GOOD HOUSE, FURNACE, bath, electric light, 4 bedrooms, barn, fruit of all kinds, just outside city limits, ½-mile to car line. Inspection and price at Room 14, London Loan Building. 19c

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED TO PURCHASE, NEAR Pottersburg, small modern house, with 3 bedrooms. Box 227, Advertiser. 18c

TO LET.

7-ROOMED FURNISHED HOUSE; all modern conveniences; for winter months; in north end. Apply R. J. Webster, 717 Richmond. 20c

$12; FRAME HOUSE, 3 BEDROOMS, electricity, gas, large lot. 109 Askin street. 20c

FIVE-ROOMED HOUSE, WITH ALL conveniences; cheap. 662 Oxford street. 20n

HOUSE TO LET—477 ADELAIDE; ALL modern. Phone 2744. 19c

TO LET—COSY, FURNISHED HOME, for winter months; all conveniences. Phone 4864. 19c

1½-STORY FRAME HOUSE, 3 BEDROOMS—109 Askin street. Apply 124 Windsor. 19u

TO LET — NO. 3 WATERLOO apartment. Possession Dec. 1. Apply on premises or to S. B. Pocock. 19c

NEW APARTMENTS, OFFICES AND rooms—Steam heated, modern conveniences, central, over Mitchell's drug store. 114 Dundas. Apply on premises. 19u

1½-STORY HOUSE, GOOD CELLAR, electric light, gas, one block from North End Car. Will rent for $10 per month. Apply 1001 Maitland. 18c

BRICK HOUSE, HALE, NEAR DUNDAS—Garden, barn if wanted. Phone 1782. 17n

HOUSE, 641 RICHMOND — APPLY A. H. Trebilcock, jeweler, 206½ Dundas street. 9tf

ROOMS TO LET.

FURNISHED ROOMS, WITH LIGHT housekeeping privileges. Apply 206 Tecumseh avenue. 20c

FURNISHED ROOMS FOR RENT— Good locality, light housekeeping. 206 Tecumseh avenue. 20c

FOUR FURNISHED HOUSEKEEPING rooms; private entrance; bath, hydro, gas. 129 Tecumseh avenue. 20c

THREE WELL-FURNISHED ROOMS for light housekeeping; gas for cooking. Apply 402 Dundas. 19c

TO LET—ROOMS AND BOARD, WITH attendance for invalids; terms moderate. 40 York street. 18c

FURNISHED ROOMS FOR LIGHT housekeeping; modern; central. 260 Talbot. 18c

THREE COMFORTABLE, FURNISHED bedrooms, well heated; for gentlemen only. 425 Dundas street. 15n

USED CARS FOR SALE

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

UPRIGHT PIANO, AS GOOD AS NEW; flat-top oak desk and large oak table, for sale cheap. Apply Box No. 244, Advertiser. 20n

FOR SALE CHEAP—50 VICTOR RECORDS, mostly popular. Apply Box 243, Advertiser. 20c

PARLOR SUITE AND PANDORA range, gas stove, extension table, two rocking chairs, washstand and dresser, library table, double bedstead with springs. Apply between 7:30 and 9:30 evenings, 75 Front street. 20c

McCLARY BASEBURNER HEATER— Apply 713 Lorne avenue. 20c

GOOD DELIVERY HORSE, ALSO cow. Apply W. Abel, Pipe Line road. 20c

TREASURE RANGE — SPLENDID condition. Will sell for $20. Apply 224 Burwell street. b

SQUARE PIANO FOR SALE, IN GOOD condition. Apply Box 242, Advertiser. 20c

PIANO SNAPS — TWO MASON & Risch, one Williams, one Heintzman; cheap; easy terms. At C. Crawford's piano store, opposite armories. 20c

EDISON DIAMOND DISK PHONOGRAPH, regular price $110. Will be sold cheap. Apply Box 302, Advertiser. 19c

HORSE, WAGON, HARNESS, AND sleigh. Apply 352 King street. 19c

McCLARY'S BASEBURNER, NO. 5, good condition. 178 Cathcart. 18c

WHITE ANGORA RABBITS — APPLY Amos Askey, Wildwood avenue, Kensal Park, Pipe Line. 18c

FINE AUTUMNAL FLAVORED INDIAN black tea, 10 pounds $3.50; sample 10c. Don't wait. Buy now and save $1.50. Tyler's, 355½ Clarence.

35 BASEBURNERS, RANGES, AND heaters, slightly used, to clear at great bargains. We will exchange your baseburner, range, and furniture that you do not need for furniture, rugs, etc., that you do need. We have a few used and storage goods to clear. We keep everything for housekeeping. Globe Furnishing Company, 644 Dundas street. Phone 2988. 18c

CELERY FOR WINTER STORAGE— With roots on. Now is the time for storing. Main & Collyer, South London. Phone 2831. 18r

FOR SALE—DANDY EVENING DRESS suit and dinner jacket; almost new. Apply evenings. 85 Anderson avenue. 18c

GOOD CORD WOOD, SOLD IN LARGE and small quantities; bargain prices. New Wood Yard, 241 Ottaway avenue. Phone 2208. 17n

WE REMAKE MATTRESSES—CHAS. M. Quick, upholsterer, 725 Richmond street. Phone 1419. z

FOR SALE—SECOND-HAND LUMBER, joists, scantling, boards, roofing, sheeting, doors, windows, 10,000 feet steam pipe, all sizes, corrugated iron steam boiler, radiators, big wooden tank, also 250,000 bricks. Apply The Dominion Brass, Bathurst street, opposite the Port Stanley Railway station. Salesmen on premises. The Canadian Wrecking and Construction Company. 17n

YOU NEED NOT WORRY HOW TO get your latest fall suit or winter coats of up-to-date cloths and plushes, and furs of all description. Also men's and boys' suits and overcoats, and with a complete line of house furnishings, on easy terms. Will show goods at your home without obligation of purchasing. Write, call on M. Lerner, 502 Hill street. Phone 1267. Your business confidential.

BELTING, REPAIRING AND LEATHER supplies. Phone 1061. Mills, belt manufacturer. 252 Carling.

McKIM'S AUCTION—TWO DOUBLE-BARRELED guns, Nos. 10 and 12; walnut book case, ranges, heaters, etc. Phone 4820.

GO TO ROBERTSON'S, RICHMOND and Kent streets, for school books and school supplies.

FEATHER PILLOWS, MATTRESSES, renovated. Hunt & Sons, 593 Richmond street. Phone 997.

SPECIAL:
For Sunday dessert or Sunday afternoon tea nothing quite takes the place of ICE CREAM. Order one of our Week-End Specials. Delivery Saturday afternoon. Packed to keep until the next day.
SILVERWOODS, LIMITED.

CABINET PHONOGRAPH AND RECORDS, at Keene's, 342 Talbot. Records exchanged.

CONFIDENTIAL CREDIT TERMS ON the newest ladies' fall suits, tweeds and plush coats and furs, also men's and boys' overcoats and suits. Get your wearing apparel in the beginning of season; no need to wait until you have all the cash. My prices are most reasonable. Call, write or phone J. Wolf, 521 Lorne avenue. Phone 3208.

DWARF FLOWERING PINK ROSES— Agletine, to mix in hedges, 10c each, or $7 per 100; many varieties ornamental evergreens, 50 varieties flowering shrubs, rose bushes (many varieties), peony roots and other perennial plants. Charles Baker, nurseryman. Phone 2222.

ONN'S FISH MARKET—FISH, OYSTERS, poultry, twice daily. 143 King street, opposite market. Phone 1206.

THE JOY-FUL SMOKE — SMITH'S "Joy" 10 cent cigar. S. Smith, manufacturer, London.

FOR SALE — SECOND-HAND PIPE and casing of all sizes. Box 22, Advertiser. N. 8.

BLANCHARD'S FISH MARKET, 525 Richmond street. Phone 1510. Fresh fish every day.

WE BUY AND SELL SECOND-HAND clothes and shoes. We pay the highest price. 341 Dundas.

MISS B. LARKIN, 158 CLARENCE —Exclusive millinery. Open Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday evenings.

WINDOW AND DOOR SCREENS made to order. Chamberlain weather strip. Phone 1504.

SECOND - HAND FURNITURE — Ranges, heaters and coal oil stoves; bargains for everybody. 101½ King.

CUT GLASS
A Complete Stock, Ranging from $1.00 Up.
SUMNER, THE JEWELER.
380 RICHMOND STREET. z

FORD OWNERS WITH GRAY & DAVIS STARTING AND LIGHTING SYSTEM
We have installed a battery charging and repairing plant to take care of your storage batteries. Let us store your battery for the winter. Batteries of any make, repaired, charged and overhauled.
GURD'S, 185 DUNDAS ST.
zxv

SPECIAL

Apples, per peck	40c, 50c
Oranges, per dozen	24c
Lemons, per dozen	30c
Seeded Raisins, per package	14c
Dromedary Dates	17c

FRANK SMITH, Market Sq.
zx

SECOND-HAND WHEELS
A great selection at bargain prices. New wheels from $25, $28, $30 to $35. Everything at cost for one week. Chance of a Lifetime.
A. TANNER,
Phone 3426. zw 665 Dundas.

SPECIAL BARGAINS

Black Leather Rockers	$6.50
Black Leather Couches	$9.75
Centre Tables	$2.95
Comfortable Wooden Rockers	$2.75
Extra good quality Springs, worth $4.50, now	$3.35

COLLETT FURNITURE COMPANY.
97 King Street, West of Talbot.
zxv

NEW LITTLE BIG BARGAIN HOUSE. Special sale of Furs today. Ladies' cashmere waists, regular $2, sale 75c. Ladies' white and colored silk waists, samples, at half-price. Bargains in children's coats and dresses, etc. See our wonderful corsets at 49c. Don't miss seeing our raincoats. Best in city. MARSHALL'S, 328 DUNDAS STREET. zxv

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

Lots of Fresh Fish
For Tuesday

Whitefish, per pound	15c
Herring, Jumbo, two pounds for	25c

SPECIAL

Sweet Bones, two pounds for	25c
Fresh Tripe, two pounds for	25c

Robinson & Graham
PHONE 6186.

IF YOU HAVE TROUBLE WITH HOT air heating, phone 4911. W. G. Arnold, 220 Clarence street. z

ONE HANDSOME PEDIGREED BOSTON terrier, lightweight, male, 6 months old. Reasonable price for quick sale. Apply Box 300, Advertiser. 18l

IF YOU WANT HELP, SITUATIONS, want to buy or sell real estate, etc., insert an advertisement in the Hamilton Herald, the recognized want medium of the city. Rate, 1c a word, or three consecutive insertions for 2c a word, with cash order. Subscriptions: Daily, 25c a month, $2 yearly; Saturday edition, 50 yearly. Sample copy sent on application.

OLIVER TYPEWRITER, BIG BARGAIN, $30. E. O. Graves, 110 Dundas street.

RAYMOND MACHINES, NEEDLES and repairs; Heintzman transposing piano; organs cheap. At C. Crawford's piano store, opposite armories.

ELECTROPLATING
In nickel, brass, copper and bronze. Polishing and lacquering. Automobile, motorcycle and bicycle parts made like new. Church brass work, lighting fixtures, etc., refinished.
THE DENNIS WIRE AND IRON WORKS COMPANY, LIMITED, LONDON, CANADA. zxt

HAVE YOU Considered Hydraulic Water System for farm, house and barn? If not, why not consult us about the L. E. S. Waterworks System? Write today.
LONDON ENGINE SUPPLY CO.,
83-85 Dundas Street, London, Ont. zxt

PANT SALE
NOW ON
OPEN EVERY EVENING UNTIL NINE O'CLOCK.

$3.25	Men's Pants	$1.95
$4.50	Men's Pants	$2.95
$5.50	Men's Pants	$3.95
$6.50	Men's Pants	$4.95

GIANT Clothing House
THE REAL LIVE STORE.
Famous for Their Little Prices.
120 DUNDAS STREET. PHONE 1844.

TIP TOE MATCHES
Are Sold By All Good Grocers.
Wholesale Distributors.
LANGFORD & EDWARDS
361 TALBOT STREET. zxv

LONDON ART WOODWORK COMPANY, LTD.
Designers and Makers of Furniture and Fittings for Church, School, Lodge, Office, Bank, etc. Everything in high-class woodwork.
LONDON, ONT. zxv PHONE 5132.

ENAMELWARE SALE
NOW ON.
J. A. BROWNLEE
385-7 TALBOT STREET. zxv

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.

JAMES CRESSWELL, TEACHER OF violin, mandolin, band and orchestral instruments. Studio 498 King street.

DORINDA ABBOTT, MEZZO-CONTRALTO; vocal culture. Studio, 314 Dundas. Telephone.

FRANCES CULLIS, CONTRALTO SOLOIST, Askin Street Church, teaches singing. Studio 177 Wortley road. Phone.

MRS. G. PENHALE HARRISON, Teacher—Piano, voice, theory. Studio 166 John street. Phone. Pupils prepared for university exams. New term September 1.

VOCAL TUITION
With Special Attention and Tone Color and Interpretation.
F. L. Willgoose.
LONDON CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC
PHONE 1101. zxv

GEORGE C. LETHBRIDGE, ORGANIST First Presbyterian; pupil of C. M. Widor, Paris, France, French School. Organ, piano, vocal, theory. 290 Princess. Phone 5214. Engagements accepted. zxv

THOMAS G. SHUTER, TEACHER OF guitar, mandolin and kindred instruments. Instruments loaned. Studio 470 Dundas street. Phone

GLADYS ANDRUS, CONCERT PIANIST and accompanist. Pupil of A. D. Jordan. Concert engagements and pupils accepted. Phone 4032.

MINNIE RAYMOND, PIANO, THEORY —Studio 556 Richmond. Phone. Organist St. Paul's Cathedral.

BERT WEIR, ORGANIST CENTENNIAL Methodist Church, teaches piano, organ, theory and vocal. 492 Adelaide street.

CHARLES E. WHEELER, F.C.G.O.— Teaching resumed—piano, organ, vocal training, harmony and counterpoint. Studio 429 Waterloo. Telephone.

PROF. P. VENUTA—TWO MEDALS and diplomas. Teaches all instruments, harmony, transposition, reading. Music arranged. Terms moderate. 492 Talbot.

NORA LITTLE, TEACHER SINGING, resumes Sept. 10. 261 Dundas. Phone 2757.

F. L. WILLGOOSE, Mus. Bac.
Teacher of singing, specializing in tone color and interpretation.
London Conservatory of Music
Phone 1101. Nov.29

DENTAL CARDS.

DR. JARVIS, SPECIALIST—EXTRACTION and pyorrhea. Painless method. 213 Dundas street.

DR. S. M. THOMAS, 252½ DUNDAS street. Phone 2085.

DR. B. E. EAID, DENTIST, DUNDAS and Richmond, Dominion Bank Building. Phone 5660.

DR. HOCKEN, CORNER ADELAIDE and Dundas streets. Phone 2463. Consultation by appointment.

DR. J. M. FREZELL, DENTIST— Over McLachlan's drug store, opposite old city hall.

DR. FRED L. WOOD
Artificial Teeth, $6.00.
No charge for extraction. Open evenings, 8 to 9:30.
201½ DUNDAS STREET, OVER BELTZ & CO. PHONE 1077.
zxv

AUCTIONEERS

ROSE & SHAW, LICENSED AUCTIONEERS—City Hotel, London, every Saturday, or phone Dorchester. Specialty, farm sales.

USED MOTORCYCLES

Pope Four, Single	$60.00
Pope Five, Single	$100.00
Indian Twin	$110.00
Indian Twin, three-speed	$175.00
C. C. M.	$50.00

All in A1 order.
Bicycle & Motor Sales Co.
425 Wellington St. Phone 3182.
20c

HORSES, CATTLE, ETC. For Sale or Wanted.

FOR SALE — GOOD BULL — TWO years old in March. W. E. Attrill, No. 8, London. 20u

FOR SALE—TWO CHOICE YOUNG Holstein new milch cows; one pure bred. Fred Bodkin, Wilton Grove. 20c

STANDARDBRED TROTTING STALLION, Gordon G. Kind and quiet; fine street horse. Buggy and harness cheap. Apply G. Woolley, Ilderton. 18n

COWS FOR SALE — FOURTEEN choice young dairy cows, mostly new milkers; rest to freshen soon. Write Beecher Noels, R. R. 4, Aylmer, Ont. 16g

WANTED — DEAD HORSES AND cattle. Will pay $2 to $5 for live animals. London Fertilizer Company. Phone 638.

SIGNS

WAKELING SIGN COMPANY—SIGNS and showcards, honor rolls designed. Phone 2183. 256½ Dundas street.

GLEN BROS., SIGN PAINTERS— Designs and estimates furnished free. 420 Talbot street. Phone 1842.

MEDICAL CARDS

DRS. FERGUSON & FERGUSON, South London. Phone 753. Dr. R. Ferguson, specialty, midwifery and diseases of women. Dr. J. L. Ferguson, specialty, children's diseases.

DR. HOLMES, 344 RICHMOND—SPECIALTY skin diseases, medical electricity. Hours by appointment only.

DR. SEPTIMUS THOMPSON, PARK avenue, corner Queen's—Eye, ear, nose and throat.

DR. A. A. McLEAN, CORNER DUNDAS and William—Specialty diseases of stomach and children, and non-surgical treatment of women.

DR. G. L. CLARKE—EYE, EAR, NOSE and throat. 394 Dundas street.

R. W. SHAW, M.D., L.R.C.P. AND M.R.C.S. (England), 287 King street. Phone 839.

DR. W. M. SHOEBOTHAM, 620 RICHMOND, corner Hyman. Specialty, surgery, diseases of women.

DR. WEEKES, 436 WATERLOO street. Hours, 1 to 3 and 7 to 8.

DR. D. H. ARNOTT, 226 QUEEN'S avenue, in addition to regular practice, will give special treatment for cure of liquor and drug habits.

DR MEEK, 330 QUEEN'S AVENUE— Specialty, diseases of women. Hours, 10 to 2.

DR. J. S. SCHRAM, CORNER KENT and Talbot streets. Phone 2250.

F. L. BURDON, M.D., L.R.C.P. AND S. (Edinburgh)—Diseases women, children. 461 Waterloo. Phone 258.

DR. NORMAN R. HENDERSON, CORNER Park and Dufferin—Eye, ear, nose and throat.

DR. PINGEL, LONDON—ELECTRICAL treatment of diseases a specialty.

DR. W. J. STEVENSON, 389 DUNDAS street—Specialty, diseases of women and surgery. Phone 510.

DR. HUGH A. STEVENSON, 391 DUNDAS street—Special attention X-rays.

DR. GEORGE McNEIL—OFFICE AND residence, 244 Queen's avenue. Specialty, diseases of women and surgery.

DR. EDWIN SEABORN, FELLOW OF the American College of Surgeons— Surgery, including gynaecological and major obstetrical.

J. B. CAMPBELL, M.A., M.D.—SPECIALTY, diseases stomach and surgery. Hours, 1-4, 7-8, and appointment.

DR. KARN, SPECIALIST GENITO-URINARY and rectal diseases of men and women. 426 Richmond street, London.

DERMATOLOGY.

MARINELLA SYSTEM FOR FACE, scalp, chiropody. Removal of superfluous hair permanently. Miss Beattie, corner Talbot and Fullarton. Phone 2037.

OSTEOPATHY

DR. BARKLIE, OSTEOPATH AND Chiropractor, electro-therapeutics, etc. Thirteenth year drugless methods. 226 Central avenue. Phone 2565.

DR. CATON, OSTEOPATH, HAS REMOVED to 171 Kent. General practice. Lady attendant. Phone 1573.

Cooper's Auction
GROCERY STOCK, FIXTURES, ETC., MONDAY, NOVEMBER 5, CORNER CENTRAL AVENUE AND RICHMOND STREET.

COMPLETE CONTENTS OF THIS NEWLY-STOCKED AND NICELY-EQUIPPED GROCERY, in part: Large quantity of choice groceries, hardware and china, etc., large modern Eureka refrigerator, new 12-foot counter, 32-foot shelving, large new 8-foot silent salesman, tobacco case, cheese cutter, oyster cases, 2 Toledo Computing scales, large mirrors, awnings, signs, electric lights, teacaddies, scoops, measures, desk, stools, and many other articles that go to make up an up-to-date grocery. Come. Sale of fixtures Tuesday night; sale of groceries, etc., Monday night.

SALE STARTS 8 P.M.
C. N. COOPER,
Auctioneer and Valuator.
PHONE 1332. 19u

Voters' Lists, 1917
Municipality of the City of London. County of Middlesex.

Notice is hereby given that I have transmitted or delivered to the persons mentioned in Section 9 of the Ontario Voters' Lists Act the copies required by the said section to be so transmitted or delivered of the lists, made pursuant to the said act, of all persons appearing on the last assessment roll of the municipality to be entitled to vote in the said municipality at municipal elections.

Persons who are aware of errors or omissions in the said list or changes which have been rendered necessary by reason of the death or removal of any persons named therein, or by reason of any persons having acquired the necessary qualifications as a voter since the return of the assessment roll, are hereby called upon to give notice of the same within 21 days from the 29th day of October, 1917, being the date of the first publication of this notice.

And, further, notice is hereby given that a court will be held pursuant to the said act, by his honor the judge of the county court of the county of Middlesex, at the courthouse, London, on the 29th day of November, 1917, at the hour of 11 o'clock a.m., to hear and determine complaints of errors and omissions in the said voters' lists.

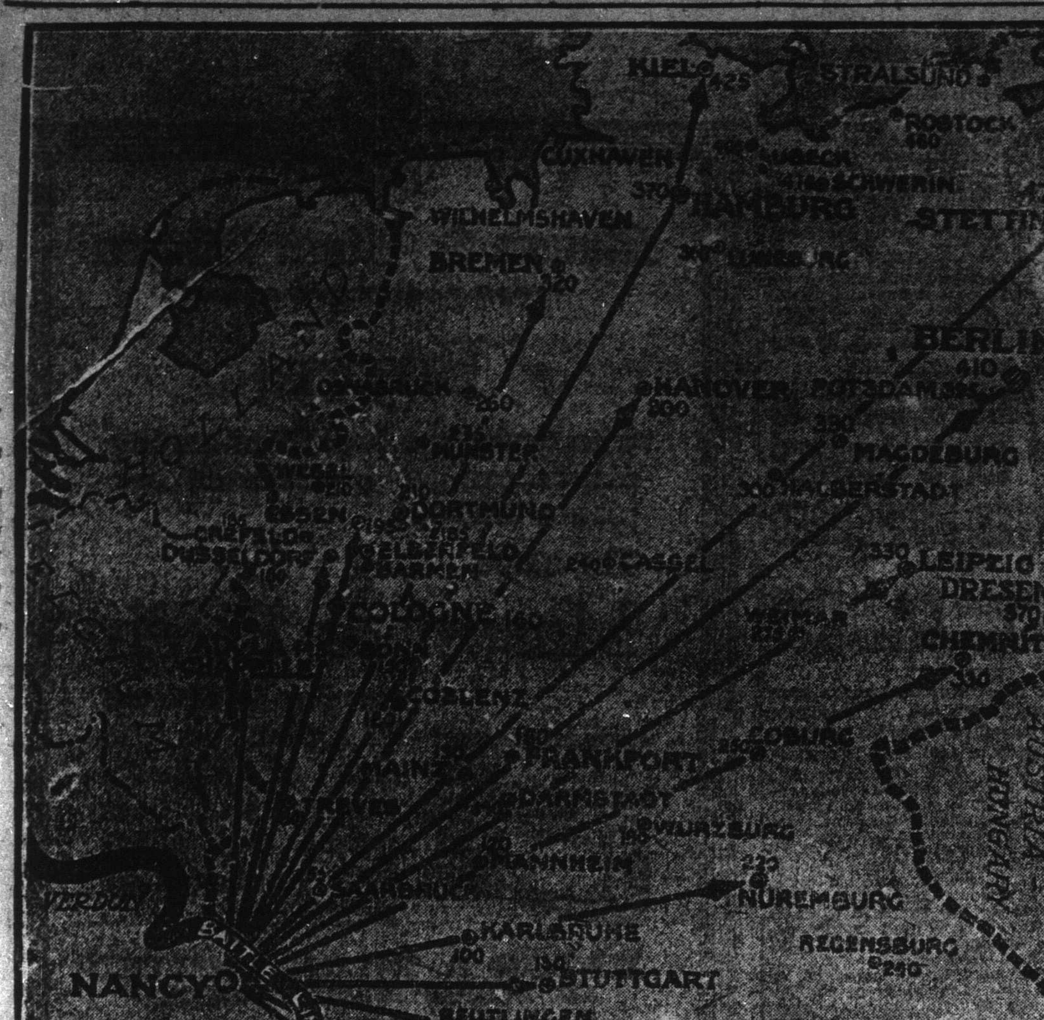
S. BAKER, Clerk of the Municipality of the City of London, County of Middlesex.

Dated this 29th day of October, 1917. O. 29, N. 5, 12.

AUCTION SALE
70-Acre Farm, Dairy Cows and Young Cattle, Lot 9, Concession 8, Township of Westminster, 2 miles east of Glanworth, on Thursday, November 8, at 1 o'clock. Duncan McBane, proprietor; Laidlaw & Johnson, auctioneers. b

CLEARING AUCTION SALE
Farm Stock and Implements, Lot 24, Concession 1, Westminster, 1 mile from city limits, Wellington road, on Friday, November 9, 1917, at 1 o'clock sharp. O'Dell & Millson, proprietors; Laidlaw & Johnson, auctioneers. b

AUCTION SALE OF WELSH AND Shetland ponies, at the Munro House stables, Ailsa Craig, on Saturday, Nov. 10, 1917, at 1 p.m. K. Macarthur, proprietor. H. A. Stanley, auctioneer. 20c zxv



Advertiser Illustrations.
From the London Daily Ma indicating the journalistic campaign by Northcliffe favoring air reprisals on German towns.

ENEMY RETREAT CONCLUDES SIX MONTHS' BATTLE

French Are Victors in One of the War's Greatest Struggles.

COSTLIER THAN VERDUN

Since October 23 Germans Have Abandoned Twenty Miles to Petain.

London, Nov. 5.—Via Reuter's Ottawa Agency.—Reuter's correspondent at French headquarters telegraphed yesterday: "The German retreat from the Chemin-des-Dames marks the end of one of the great battles of the war. It began on April 19, when the French reached the crest overlooking the former German position down to the banks of the Aisne and the enemy communications in the Ailette Valley. It ended yesterday after six months of almost continuous fighting. It lasted longer and cost more lives than the battle of Verdun. In the first three months of the battle, when fighting was most persistent the enemy divisions were relieved at a quicker rate than during the corresponding months of the battle of Verdun. No German division that was sent away from the battle was ever called on to return.

Abandoned 20 Miles.

"The Germans will, of course, say they abandoned the ground voluntarily in order to husband their men. The truth is that since October 23, when the Zouaves stormed Malmaison Fort the Germans lost and abandoned twenty miles of the Hindenburg line.

"To retain this sector of the front stretching from Lafaux to Craonne the Germans provoked over twenty battles, and almost as many times they accepted battle forced on them by the French They engaged in scores of minor operations and suffered casualties to be numbered by the hundred thousand. As a result of their efforts they bit by bit won back the greater part of the crest line and had every intention of establishing themselves comfortably thereon for the winter. The French command viewed the situation with calm and have since been methodically preparing to reverse the position at one blow, instead of wasting men in innumerable minor attacks.

The Blow Falls.

"When the blow fell at dawn on October 23 perhaps two-thirds of the crest line was in German hands. By evening on Monday four of their best divisions had been put out of action. Excepting at Les Bovettes they were everywhere driven from the plateau. With the fall of Bovette went their last foothold on the crest, and yesterday they gave up the lines they held under the crest of the northern slope, which were taken from the rear from new French positions in the valley. Their right dropped back noiselessly to the other side of the Aisne."

MONEY TO LOAN.

PRIVATE FUNDS TO LOAN—LOWEST rates. U. A. Buchner, corner Talbot and Carling.

PRIVATE AND TRUST MONEY TO loan on farm and city property; lowest rates; terms to suit. T. W. Scandrett. 98 Dundas street.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST rates—Thomas C. Knott, real estate broker, 117 Dominion Savings Building (first floor up).

WAGONS AND CARRIAGES

DELIVERY WAGONS BUILT TO order. See our secon -hand wagons [illegible] Carriage Factory.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DEBTS DUE MERCHANTS OR others collected anywhere. No collection, no charges. Rates and references on application. Canadian Bureau of Credits, Dominion Bank Chambers.

CIRCULAR LETTERS, NOTICES, announcements, etc.; perfect imitation typewriting, done on our Flexotype machines at short notice. The Copy Shop, 3 Dominion Bank Chambers.

CHIROPRACTIC.

CLARA KILBORNE, UNIVERSAL College of Chiropractic graduate. Office, 331 Queen's avenue. Telephone 3352.

DR. MACFIE, DRUGLESS PHYSICIAN (Chiropractic, electro-therapy, X-ray, etc.)—Dominion Savings Building. Phone 4710. Residence 5710.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY W. G. R. Bartram, 59 Dundas.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY H. Childs, druggist, 532 Dundas.

SURVEYORS

F. W. FARNCOMB, CIVIL ENGINEER Surveyor—Edge Block. Phone 261.

DISTRICT MARKETS

Potatoes Big Feature of Western Ontario Towns' Sales, With Big Range of Prices.

NO POTATOES BY BAG.

Kitchener, Nov. 3.—Although the supply of produce was quite large at the market this morning, the prices remained about the same. Eggs, however, seemed to be a scarce article, and what were offered brought 50c per dozen.

Butter sold generally at 45c per pound. Chickens sold at 27c per pound.

There were no potatoes offered by the bag, the farmers giving as an excuse that they were not waiting for the price to go up, but simply waiting until their fall plowing had been done, when they said there would be plentiful, and they were taking orders for future delivery at $1.25 per sack.

SCANTY SPUD SUPPLY.

Waterloo, Nov. 3.—There was but a scant supply of potatoes offered for sale at the market this morning, and they sold as high as $1.50 per sack. Butter sold at from 46c to 48c; eggs, 45c; ducks, 30c to 35c per lb.; apples, 65c per basket; pears, 75c, and peaches, 75c. One load of cut wood was offered and sold at $8. Hay was sold at $15 per ton.

ANOTHER HOG DROP.

St. Marys, Nov. 3.—There has been little change in the local market prices, although live hogs dropped down in price today. Quotations were as follows: Wheat, standard, $2.10; oats, 60@62c; barley, $1.10@1.15; peas, $3; flour, per cwt., $5.70@6.30; bran, per ton, $32; shorts, per ton, $40; honey, high-grade, in 10-lb. pails, 15@16c per lb.; do., low-grade, 13c per lb.; dairy butter, per lb., 42c; eggs, per dozen, 40c; home-grown apples, per basket, 40c; potatoes, per bag, $1.25; do., per peck, 25@30c; turnips, per bushel, 18c; hides, per lb., 16@17c; wool, unwashed, per lb., 60c; do., washed, 70c; hay, per ton, $8@9; live hogs, per cwt., $15.50.

50c HOG DROP.

Stratford, Nov. 3.—There was fowl and more fowl on the market this morning. The prices were just as choice as were some of the birds. For chickens from 60c to 90c each was asked; for ducks from 75c up, according to size, and for geese about $2 each.

Butter and eggs were not so plentiful and were both up in price to 50c.

Potatoes are still at $1.75 a bag.

There was a drop of 50c reported in the price of live hogs, which are now quoted at $15 to $15.75, as against $16 to $16.50 last week.

There was no change in flour, but oats are quoted at 5c advance to 65c.

$2 POTATO PRICE.

INGERSOLL, Nov. 3.—Prices at the market were much the same as the previous week. Eggs remained firm at 50c a dozen, while butter sold freely at the same figure. Poultry is being offered in more plentiful quantities and the demand continues brisk. Most of the sales are still made on a basis of 25c a pound. Ducks, of which there were many excellent specimens, ranged in price from $1 to $1.15 each. Apples sold at 50c a basket, and turnips at 20c a peck. A limited quantity of potatoes were offered, the price being firm at $2 per bag.

PORK SLIGHTLY CHEAPER.

Brantford, Nov. 3.—The Brantford market was a very light one, the principal offerings being potatoes and onions.

Pork is slightly cheaper, as the farmers are bringing more into the market, not intending to carry them over the winter. Fowls were numerous. Eggs were higher, running from 50c to 55c. Butter remained about the same. 50c, and potatoes were as high as $2 a bag.

READY PRODUCE SALE.

Woodstock, Nov. 3.—The local market today was featured by a demand for potatoes, which the available supply was inadequate to meet. Only two loads of potatoes were offered, and these were quickly disposed of at $2 a bag, an advance of 50c since last week. All other produce was plentiful, and even at the stiff prices which still prevail found a ready sale.

The ruling price for butter was 50c a pound, although one man offered it at 47c and 48c. Eggs have advanced to 60c a dozen, and are not so plentiful as they have been. Chickens can be bought at from 23c a pound, but were offered on the market only by the carcass, the prices ranging from 60c to $1.50. Ducks were $1 to $1.35, and geese sold at 23c a pound.

Beef is 18c to 25c a pound; lamb, 25c to 32c; veal, 22c to 30c; mutton, 20c to 25c; fresh pork, 32c to 34c; bacon, 43c to 48c; ham, 35c uncut and 40c cut.

Hay is $12 a ton. Hogs, live weight, are quoted at $15.75 per cwt. Small pigs were offered at $6.50 each, and shoats at $9 each.



Advertiser Illustrations

HON. H. C. BREWSTER of British Columbia, who may enter the Union cabinet after arranging provincial matters.

William Russell, American film star, pops the question stocking-footed in "Sands of Sacrifice," his forthcoming exhibition. Perhaps the fact that a big toe protrudes through one undarned pedimitten assists the poppee in her affirmative decision. "I consent because I see your socks need mending," mayhap she breathes in his embrace.

"Get started in the right way," is Mary Miles Minter's advice to would-be screen stars. Recently a 14-year-older wrote the American star that she was planning a runaway to the movies. Mary wired the girl's mother and the girl was detained. She followed the wire with a letter and now the child is studying acting preparatory to taking a chance with the sun.

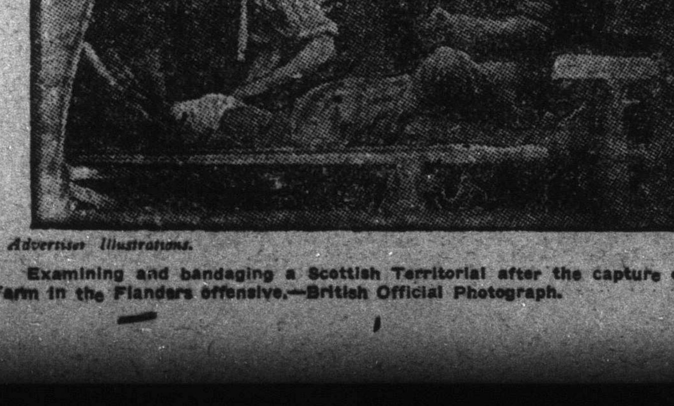
Did you ever hear of Pearl White's ankle bracelet? The Pathe star has worn it for several years, and it is her mascot, her most cherished possession. It was given her by an admirer, a man who is on the battle line, if he has not been killed, for it was three years ago that his steamer sailed down New York harbor and no word has been heard of him since.

Mollie King is to shine in a new serial soon. Pathe announces her as the star of "The Seven Pearls" to be released in the first week of September. Creighton Hale, after months of absence from the Pathe program, returns to it with this serial. He plays the hero.

Alice Joyce, winsome young star of many Vitagraph successes, is seen in an entirely different line of work in her latest photoplay, co-starring with Harry Morey.

"Richard the Brazen," is the title of the piece. Most of the plays in which Miss Joyce has appeared have called for strong emotional characterizations. This was particularly true of her part as Mary Ward in "Womanhood," as well as in "The Question," and "Her Secret." In "Richard the Brazen," she is called upon to play a role and in character, the early stages bordering on light comedy while in the latter part of the story she develops strong emotional power.

There are going to be some thrilling fight scenes in the William S. Hart first Artcraft production—providing the star isn't assassinated or slain in the taking. Prior to his leaving on vacation, the famous exponent of western characters spent three days taking the fight scenes on the Artcraft stage. According to the number of battered heads and damaged hands, it would appear that the bad man of the movies has whipped everyone in the studio. Mr. Hart himself was knocked down several times, but escaped with merely badly-battered knuckles and a very sore chin.



Advertiser Illustrations.

Examining and bandaging a Scottish Territorial after the capture of Rose Farm in the Flanders offensive.—British Official Photograph.

Financial, Market and Commercial Section

GRAIN AND HAY ARE LEADERS ON MARKET

Enjoy Brisk Trading On the Square Today—Prices Easing Off.

Grain trading of a brisk nature featured the market this morning. Fodder and oats sold in brisk demand, and at somewhat easier prices. Although the range of hay prices was $11 to $13, the greater proportion of loads sold at the lesser value. Last week practically every load offered brought the maximum price and the changed condition this morning is welcomed by fodder purchasers.

Oats have been coming in briskly during the past three or four days. The unexpected abundance of oats has kept the price lower than was anticipated. The grain brings from $2.05 to $2.12 per cwt. Barley and wheat continues to be scarce and in poor demand. Official prices for these grains cannot be quoted with precision owing to the small nature of the offerings.

Hog buyers expect a firm price for live porkers throughout the week. The prevailing price for hogs is $15.50, although a few bring 50c less. That there is small likelihood of a decline in hog prices is the opinion of many buyers. The efforts of packing and hog men all over the country have been devoted to lowering the price of porkers, but no further drop as a result of their work will take place owing to the condition of the market. Although there is no prospect of a hog famine there is a distinct dearth of porkers, and because of this, no pronounced decline will be recorded on the hog market for the year.

Vegetables are plentiful at this time. Potatoes are a source of much conjecture and predictions to all interested in the vegetable market. Many farmers emphasize the probability of an advance before the end of the month, while others are of the opinion that the price of tubers will become easier. At present spuds are selling at $1.75 to $2 per bag. The demand for potatoes has been very pronounced for some days, but no substantial advance has been registered, which is considered as a good sign and presaging a firm or easier price. If the Indian summer weather continues, district farmers will have been given the chance of lifting their roots. A few potatoes are yet in the ground, but will no doubt be harvested while the fine weather lasts.

Butter and eggs are firm and show no indications of selling at decreased rates.

Fruit has been almost eliminated from the offerings of the square. A few grapes may yet be obtained, but the quality is such that there is a very poor demand. Figures in the possession of the market weigh clerk show that over eighty loads of hay were sold at the market during the past week.

New oats, per cwt.	$2 05	to	$2 12
Grain, Bushel—			
Wheat, per bu.	2 13	to	2 12
Oats, per bu	66	to	68
Vegetables—			
String beans, qt.	8	to	9
Beets, doz bunches	15	to	25
Cucumbers, doz.	10	to	25
Celery, per doz.	30	to	50
Cauliflowers, each	10	to	25
Corn, cob, doz.	12	to	20
New cabbage, each	5	to	5
New carrots, per doz bunches	15	to	25
Lettuce, per doz.	20	to	20
Lettuce, per head	5	to	5
Tomatoes, green, per basket	25	to	25
Tomatoes, basket	35	to	40
Rhubarb, per doz.	30	to	30
Radishes, 2 bunches	5	to	5
Vegetable marrow	10	to	10
Parsnips, bunch	5	to	5
Pickling cucumbers, per 100	40	to	60
Green onions, bunch	5	to	5
Green onions, doz.	25	to	25
Parsley, doz.	40	to	40
Home-grown potatoes, per bu	1 25	to	1 30
Pumpkins, each	10	to	20
Hubbard squash	15	to	25
Hay and Straw—			
New hay, ton	11 00	to	13 00
Straw, per ton	7 00	to	7 50
Fruit—			
Peaches, per basket	60	to	90
Pears, per basket	75	to	1 00
Grapes, per basket	30	to	35
Apples, bush.	1 50	to	2 00
Cantaloupes, each	5	to	25
Citrons	15	to	25
Dairy Products, Retail—			
Butter, creamery, lb.	48	to	50
Butter, dairy, lb. rolls	47	to	47
Butter, crocks, lb.	45	to	46
Butter, store lots, lb.	45	to	46
Eggs, per doz.	48	to	50
New honey, pail	1 60	to	1 80
Dairy Produce, wholesale—			
Butter, creamery, lb.	43	to	44
Butter, dairy, lb. rolls	45	to	45
Butter, crocks, lb.	44	to	45
Eggs, crate lots	45	to	46
Eggs, basket lots	45	to	46
Poultry, Dressed, Retail—			
Spring ducks, each	90	to	1 00
Spring chickens, lb.	22	to	23
Old fowl, lb.	24	to	30
Livestock—			
Hogs, per cwt.	15 00	to	15 50
Small pigs, per pair	12 00	to	16 00
Butchers' Meats—			
Dressed hogs, cwt.	20 00	to	21 00
Fat sows, cwt.	14 50	to	14 75
Beef, per cwt.	13 00	to	16 50
Veal, per cwt.	20 00	to	22 00
Heifer beef, cwt.	16 00	to	16 00
Lambs, per cwt.	20 00	to	22 00
Spring lambs, per lb.	24	to	28
Hides and Wool—			
Wool, unwashed, lb.	50	to	50
Wool, washed, lb.	60	to	62
Calf skins	25	to	30
Cowhides, No. 1	22	to	22
Cowhides, No. 2	21	to	21
Cowhides, No. 3	20	to	20

LIVE STOCK.

Montreal, Nov. 5.—Offerings at the west end cattle market this morning: 1,700 cattle, 1,500 sheep and lambs, 400 hogs and 500 calves. Trading in cattle lines still continues to be meagre, possibly because the bulk of the stuff offered is not in first-class condition. Prices showed a tendency to lower. The smaller number of hogs on the market was probably a factor in boosting the price, which went to $17.50 for best selects. There was no change in the price of sheep, but lambs declined $1 per 100 pounds. Grass calves are also selling at last week's prices, while milkfed calves are practically off the market.

At the Canadian Pacific live stock yards this morning, offerings were: 1,900 cattle, 2,400 sheep and lambs, 500 hogs and 500 calves.

Quotations: Cattle — Choice steers, $9.50@10; good, $9; medium, $8.50@8.75; choice bulls, $7@$7.50; good, $6.50; choice cows, $8@$8.25; good cows, $7.50; medium, $7@7.50; canners, $5.25@5.50; calves (grass), $6@7. Sheep—$11@12; lambs, $14@15. Hogs—Choice select, $17.50; good select, $16.50@17; sows, $15@16.

Toronto, Nov. 5.—The cattle trade at the Union Stockyards was steady this morning. Sheep and hogs steady; calves slow. Receipts: Sheep, 3,393; cattle, 4,809; hogs, 1,435; calves, 199.

Cattle—Export cattle, choice, $10.50@11; butcher cattle, choice, $10.50@11; do medium, $8.50@9; do common, $7@7.50; butcher cows, choice, $8.50@8.75; do medium, $6.50@7; do canners $5.25@5.75; do bulls, $8@9.50; stockers, choice, $7.50@8.50; do light, $6.60@7.25; milkers, choice, each $85@125; springers, $40@120; calves, $14.53@15.

Sheep—Ewes, $10.50@13; bucks and culls, $4@5.50; lambs, $15.50@16.

Hogs—Fed and watered, $16.75.

Chicago, Nov. 5.—Cattle — Receipts, 36,000; market weak; beeves, $6.70@17.85; westerns, $6.20@13.50; stockers and feeders, $6@11.60; cows and heifers $4.90@12; calves, $7.25@14.

Hogs—Receipts, 40,000; market slow; light, $15.60@17; mixed, $16@17.30; heavy, $16@17.30; rough, $16@16.30; pigs, $11.75@15.25; bulk of sales, $16.45@17.10.

Sheep—Receipts, 27,000; market weak; lambs, natives, $12.25@16.75; wethers, $8.70@12.85.

East Buffalo, Nov. 5.—Cattle — Receipts, 5,600; market strong; prime steers, $13@15; shipping steers, $11.50@12.75; butchers, $9.50@11.75; yearlings, $11.75@13; heifers, $7@11; cows, $4@10; bulls, $6.75@9.75; stockers and feeders, $6.50@10; fresh cows and springers, $50@150.

Veals—Receipts, 900; market slow; $7@15.

Hogs—Receipts, 9,600; market steady; heavy, $17.65@17.75; mixed, $17.50@17.65; yorkers, $17.50@17.60; light yorkers, $16@16.25; pigs, $15.75@16; roughs, $16@16.25; stags, $13.50@14.50.

Sheep and lambs — Receipts, 7,000; lambs slow; lambs, $12@16.50; yearlings, $11@14; wethers, $11.50@11.75; ewes, $6@11.25; mixed sheep, $11.25@11.50.

FLOUR

Toronto, Nov. 3.—Flour—Manitoba. Listed quotations at Toronto are: First patents, $11.50, bags; second patents, $11, in bags; strong bakers, $10.50; Ontario winter, 90 per cent patents, $9.55, bulk, seaboard.

Montreal, Nov. 3.—Flour—Manitoba spring wheat patents, firsts, $11.60; seconds, $11.10; strong bakers, $10.90; straight rollers, $10.70@11.10; do., bags, $5.20@5.35

Rolled Oats—Bags, 90 lbs., $4.10@4.25.

Bran—$35.

Shorts—$40@42.

Middlings—$48@50.

Moullie—$58@60.

Detroit, Nov. 3.—Flour—For 196 lbs., in ⅛ paper sacks: Best winter patent, $11.50; second patent, $11.40; straight, $11.10; spring patent, $12.10; rye flour, $11.20 in jobbing lots.

Feed—In 100-lb. sacks, jobbing lots: Bran, $36; standard middlings, $39; fine middlings, $42; cracked corn, $84; coarse cornmeal, $77; chopped, $60 per ton.

Minneapolis, Nov. 3.—Flour—Unchanged.

Bran—$31.50@32.

Montreal, Nov. 3.—Potatoes—Per bag, carlots, $1.80@2.40.

HAY

Montreal, Nov. 3.—Hay—Baled, track, Toronto, carlots: No. 1, $14.50@15.50; No. 2, $12@13.50; mixed, $11@13.

Straw—Carlots, per ton, $7@7.50.

Detroit, Nov. 3.—Hay and Straw—No. 1 timothy, $22.50@23; standard timothy, $21.50@23; light mixed, $21.50@22; No. 2 timothy, $20.50@21; No. 1 mixed, $18.50@19; No. 1 clover, $16.50@17; wheat and oats straw, $8.50@9; rye straw, $9.50@10 per ton in carlots, track, Detroit.

GRAIN.

Chicago, Nov. 5.—Sharp advances in the corn market today resulted from Government announcements virtually setting a minimum price on hogs—$15.50 per cwt. It was contended that such a minimum meant $1.20 a bushel for corn fed on the farm, and therefore meant a much higher level than has been recently paid for future deliveries at terminal markets. The action of the Government regarding hogs' values led traders to ignore fresh weakness in Wall Street. Opening quotations which ranged from the same as Saturday's finish to 1¼c higher, with December $1.15¾ to $1.16½ and May $1.10 to $1.11, were followed by a decided jump all around.

Chicago, Ill., Nov. 5.—Opening: Corn—December, $1.16½@1.15¾; May, $1.11@1.10.

Oats — December, 58⅜@58⅛c; May, 59⅜@59⅛c.

TORONTO STOCK EXCHANGE.

[Reported by Edward Cronyn & Co.]

Toronto, Nov. 5.

	Asked.	Bid.		Asked.	Bid.
Am. Cy	25	..	Shr W, c	117	..
Ames, c	14½	..	Sp Riv, c	14	..
Barcel	9	8¼	do, pfd	50	..
do, pfd	50	..	St Chm,p	57	..
Brazil	32	..	S of C,c	49½	..
Burt, c.	70	..	Tor. Pap	72	..
do, pfd	88	86½	Tor Ry.	..	60
C Bread	15	..	Tuck, c.	19	..
C & F c	18½	..	T City, c	75½	..
do, pfd	50	..	Win Ry	48	..
C Cem, c	57	..	Banks—		
C S L, c.	39¼	..	Com'rce	185	..
do, pfd	76	..	Dom.	203	..
C G El	101½	..	NScotia	250	..
C Loco,c	58	..	Royal	208	..
C P R	132½	131	Stand'd	203	..
C Dairy	..	30	Union	..	138
do, pfd	..	60	Loans, etc.—		
Conf L.	375	..	C Land.	152	..
Cons Sm	25	..	C Perm	167	..
Cons G	148	147	Col. Inv.	74	..
Cr Res.	25	20	Ham. Pr	..	137
Cr Nest.	55	..	H & E.	210	..
Dome	775	750	20% pd	..	196
D S Corp	52¼	52	L Bank.	..	143
Larose	38	35	Nat Tr	205	200
MacK, c	73	71	T G Tr	206	..
do, pfd	61	60⅞	T Mort	135	..
M Leaf,c	98½	..	Bonds—		
do, pfd	93	92	C Bread.	90	88
Mon.com	..	30	M L & P	40	30
do, pfd	77	..	Penmans	..	86
St Car, c	..	5	Rio Jan.	83	80
Nipis M	800	765	St C of C	90	..
N S St, c	80	..	War Loan,		
Petrol	1275	1150	1925	96¾	96⅝
Paper, p	81	..	War Loan,		
Rior, c.	117¼	..	1931	96	95⅞
Rogers, c	..	40	War Loan,		
Saw-M.	11	8	1937	94⅝	94½

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Thomson & McKinnon, brokers, Royal Bank Building, report fluctuations in New York stocks for The Advertiser as follows:

New York, Nov. 5.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close
Trunk Lines and Grangers—				
Balto. & Ohio	50¾	..	50	50¼
Erie	15⅛	16	14	14⅛
Erie, 1st pfd	23	..	21½	..
Great Northern	93¾	..	88	88⅛
Illinois	..	..	..	98
New Haven	103½	..	100½	..
N. Y. Central	68⅛	..	65¾	66
Rock Island	17⅞	17¾	16¾	..
St. Paul	40¼	..	38	39½
Wabash	19	..	18¾	..
Pacifics and Southerns—				
Atchison	86¼	..	84¼	..
Can. Pacific	134	A.	131¼	133
Louis. & Nash.	115¼	..	115⅛	..
Miss. Pacific	22¾	..	20¾	21
Nor. Pacific	87¾	..	83	83½
South. Pacific	80¼	81	78½	79¾
South. Railway	25	25¼	23¼	24
Union Pacific	112¾	..	110¼	111
Coalers—				
Ches. & Ohio	46½	..	45	..
Lehigh Valley	54¼	..	52½	52½
Norfolk & West.	103½	..	100½	N
Pennsylvania	48½	..	47⅜	47⅞
Reading	65½	..	60¼	62½
Interboro	6¾	..	6½	..
Industrial—				
Allis-Chalmers	18	..	16	..
Amer. Beet Sugar	71½	..	69	69¼
Amer. Can	37	..	30	32
Amer. Car Fdry.	57	..	58¼	57
Amer. Loco	50	..	48	..
Amer. Sugar	98	..	97½	..
Amer. Smelters	75¾	..	71	72
Amer. Tel. & Tel.	112¼	..	110⅛	111
Amer. Wool	40	..	37⅛	..
Baldwin	53¾	54	50¼	51¼
Central Leather	65⅝	..	60⅝	61⅞
Corn Products	26⅝	..	25⅝	26⅛
Col. F. & I.	..	..	..	30½
Distillers	35⅜	..	31	32
Gen. Electric	128⅜	130	126½	..
Gen. Motors	84⅝	85¼	82⅝	85¼
Goodrich	36	..	35⅜	36
Gt. Nor. Ore	25¼	..	22½	23
Int. Nickel	26	..	25	25½
Maxwell Motors	20⅝	21	19⅝	19½
Marine	27½	..	24	25⅝
do, pfd	100	..	94¼	96¼
Ruber	..	..	..	52½
Studebaker	35⅝	..	34¼	35
West. Union	84	..	83⅜	83⅜
Westinghouse	38¾	..	36½	37¼
Willys-Overland	18⅛	..	17⅞	..
Copper Shares—				
Anaconda	56½	..	53	53½
Chino Copper	39	..	37½	..
Inspiration	40½	..	38¼	39½
Miami Copper	25	25¾	25	..
Nev. Cons.	17⅝	..	16¾	..
Ray Cons.	21	..	18⅞	..
Tenn. Copper	..	..	..	13
Utah Copper	75	..	71¼	72⅜
Oil Shares—				
Calif. Petrol.	12	..	11⅝	..
New Mex. Pet.	78½	79¼	73	75⅝
Texas Oil	126½	..	132	..
Steel Shares—				
Bethlehem	78⅜	..	73	74¼
Crucible	56⅜	..	51	53¼
Lackawanna	72¾	..	68	70⅝
Press Steel Car	..	..	..	50
Rep. I. & S.	71⅝	..	68¼	69
Railway Steel	37	..	36⅝	..
Sloss Sheffield	..	..	..	33¾
U. S. Steel	91	92⅛	90⅞	91⅞
do, pfd	..	..	..	110
Anglo Bonds	91¼	..	91	..

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

New York, Nov. 5.—The stock market here was again demoralized in the early part of today's trading on a more active and general resumption of the recent liquidation.

Losses of two to four points were made during the first hour by railroad stocks recently regarded as investment issues.

Reading fell four points to 62, its new record for a decade.

Union Pacific and Southern Pacific lost 3¼ and 2¼ respectively. Northern Pacific 3 and St. Paul 2½ at 39½, the last figure representing the minimum price for that stock since it became a dividend affair, 22 years ago. New York Central was weakest of the trunk lines at a decline of 2¼. U. S. Steel broke 3½ to 92¼, its minimum of a year, and related steels broke from 2½ to 4¼ points, coppers falling 2 to 3, and motors and tobaccos 2½ to 5, with two to three point losses for shippings.

The fact that the interstate commerce commission today reopened at Washington the appeal of the steam railroads for a general advance in freight rates had no apparent effect on rails.

CASH OATS PRICE DOWN AT WINNIPEG

Wheat Situation There Unchanged Saturday.

Winnipeg, Nov. 3.—The market was again quiet today. The wheat situation was unchanged, with the Wheat Export Company taking all that was offered at the fixed prices. The cash oats demand was not so good, with prices unchanged to ½c lower. Cash barley was unchanged for the higher grades, 1c lower for the poorer grades, with offerings light.

Cash flax was unchanged from yesterday, with offerings light.

Oats closed ¼c lower for November, ½c higher for December, and ⅛c higher for May.

Barley was ¼c lower for November and unchanged for May.

Flax closed ½c lower for November, ¾c lower for December, and 1¼c lower for May.

Oats—November, 67⅝c to 67⅜c; December, 64⅝c to 64¾c; May, 66⅝c to 66⅞c.

Barley—November closed at $1.19¾; May closed at $1.22

Flax—November, $3.06 to $3.06½; December, $2.88¼ to $2.87; May, $2.89 to $2.89.

Cash grain: Wheat—Unchanged.

Oats—No. 2 C.W., 67½c; No. 3 C.W., 65¼c; extra No. 1 feed, 65¼c; No. 1 feed, 63¼c; No. 2 feed, 61¼c.

Barley—No. 3 C.W., $1.20½; No. 4 C.W., $1.15; rejected and feed, $1.07.

Flax—No. 1 N.W.C., $3.10½; No. 2 C.W., $3.03½; No. 3 C.W., $2.92½.

TORONTO.

Toronto, Nov. 3.—Grain quotations are as follows:

Wheat—Ontario, No. 2 winter, $2.12½, in store, Montreal; Manitoba, No. 1 northern, $2.23½, in store, Fort William; No. 2 northern, $2.12½, including 2½c tax, in store, Fort William; No. 3 northern, $2.17½, including 2½c tax, in store, Fort William.

Oats—Canada western, No. 2, 68¼c, in store, Fort William; No. 3 Canada western, 65⅞c, at lake ports for immediate shipment; Ontario, No. 2 white, 65@66c, nominal; No. 3 white, 64@65c, nominal.

Corn—American, No. 2 yellow, nominal, on track, Montreal.

Peas—No. 2, $3.40@3.50.

Rye—No. 2, $1.75.

Barley—$1.20@1.21, outside for malting.

MONTREAL.

Montreal, Nov. 3.—A feature of the local grain market during the past week was large receipts of oats from the west. Stocks on spot Saturday showed an increase of over 1,000,000 bushels, as compared with a week ago, but 3,700,000 less than on the corresponding date last year. The demand for all lines of grain was smaller, but the prices were maintained in sympathy with those of the west.

Corn—American, No. 2 yellow, $2.15@2.30.

Oats—Canadian Western, No. 2, 78c; do., No. 3, 76¼c; extra No. 1 feed, 76½c; No. 2 local white, 71½@72c; No. 3 local white, 71c.

Barley—Manitoba feed, $1.25; malting, $1.31.

WALL STREET.

New York, Nov. 5.—Wall Street, 10:30 a.m.—Free liquidation of high-class stocks, especially rails, was resumed today. Within the first half hour's active trading Pacifics, Grangers and leading coal-carriers were down two to four points. Some of these issues established the lowest quotations in their history. Industrials gave way under the strain, United States Steel making an extreme decline of 2¾ points to 92⅞, its minimum of the year. Coppers and the general list of equipments and specialties yielded to a like extent, offerings increasing on the decline. Shippings opened at slight gains but immediately reacted on to three points.

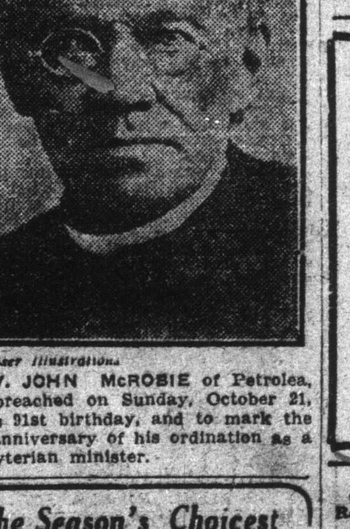
Noon. — Leaders suffered additional severe depreciation during this morning. United States Steel continued its decline to 91, and other industrials and equipments registered further recessions of 2 to 3 points. Rails were weaker, transcontinentals showing gross reversals of 2 to 5 points. St. Paul made a new low for over twenty years at 38, and Reading recorded its minimum of a decade at 61. Coppers, shippings, oils and specialties broke 2 to 7 points. Trading quited after the first hour, but extreme weakness prevailed at noon. Liberty 4's sold at par and the 3½'s at 99.68 to 99.74.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, Nov. 5.—The reopening of the stock exchange today found dealers in a more confident mood and with the execution of fair investment orders the markets were generally firmer, notably Argentine Rails, and shipping and allied stocks. Speculative issues remained dull and undecided.

Money was in good demand and there was a fair supply available. Discount rates were quiet.

CANADA'S GRAND OLD MEN



Advertiser Illustrations.

REV. JOHN McROSIE of Petrolea, who preached on Sunday, October 21, on his 91st birthday, and to mark the 60th anniversary of his ordination as a Presbyterian minister.

The Season's Choicest

CUT FLOWERS

DICKS

The Quality Flower Shop.

235 DUNDAS ST. PHONE 1297.

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BROKERS.

Members New York Consolidated Exchange, Philadelphia Exchange, Standard Exchange.

All New York, New York Curb and Standard stocks carried on reasonable margin. Commission one-eighth. Unexcelled service.

J. M. YOUNG,

Phone 707. xxv Manager.

It Does It Quick

F. Sandison, 15 Talbot street, St. Thomas, Ont., says: "I fell off a tank at the P. M. Yards, and was laid up for ten days in bed, being badly bruised and sore all over. My spine pained me greatly, and I suffered a great deal. After using Parker's Celebrated Oil five days I felt no further pain and the soreness was completely removed. I recommend Parker's Oil to those who suffer as I did."

EDWARD CRONYN & CO.

Members Toronto Stock Exchange.

INVESTMENTS

Cronyn Building, 71 Bay St., Toronto.

Only the highest quality underclothing bears this trade mark—



Every "CEETEE" garment is full fashioned, that is, shaped to fit the human form in the process of knitting—it is made only from finest, two fold Australian Merino yarn—re-inforced at wearing points—knitted on special machines—the only underwear made in Canada on this kind of machine—and every garment is

GUARANTEED NOT TO SHRINK—

ALL WOOL—

Notwithstanding the large increase in the cost of wool, "CEETEE" is the same high quality as ever—fine, closely knitted, pure, clean Australian Merino wool—the most healthful covering that can be worn next the skin.

Good dealers sell it—order yours early.



Look for the Sheep on every garment.

Made only by

The C. TURNBULL COMPANY of GALT, Limited, GALT, Ont.

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GOING TO BED IN COMFORT

Your youngster won't dread going to bed even on the coldest night if you first warm up his room with a Perfection Oil Heater.

The Perfection is easier to carry than a wood-basket. Light, sturdy, compact.

Costs little to buy and little to use. Cheaper than coal and cheaper than wood, even when these are cheap. Ten hours of warmth on a gallon of ROYALITE COAL OIL.

Dealers everywhere.

THE IMPERIAL OIL COMPANY

Limited

BRANCHES IN ALL CITIES

The Dominion Savings and Investment Society

Dominion Savings Building, London, Ontario.

CAPITAL PAID UP $934,821.91

RESERVE FUND $250,000.00

Highest rates paid on deposits and debentures.

T. H. PURDOM, K.C., President. NATHANIEL MILLS, Manager.

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London: Ground Floor, Royal Bank Bldg. Phone 213

Thomson & McKinnon

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The Rookery, Chicago.

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Diamond Rings from $5.00 to $350.00, including single Diamond Rings, three and five diamonds and many fancy settings in the newest designs.

Exclusive designs in Necklets, Pendants, Bar Pins, Scarf Pins, Cuff Links, Tie Clips and Brooches.

C. H. WARD & CO.
Diamond Merchants and Jewelers.
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Taylor's Beef, Iron and Wine
Finest Quality—Large Bottles.
Regular $1.00 for 59c at
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OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.
EQUIPMENT AND WORKMANSHIP
UNEQUALLED
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299 DUNDAS STREET.
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Western Ontario Electric Co.
237 Dundas Street. Phone 4071.
Inspect our new line of Fixtures and Lamps before purchasing. Estimates given on wiring free. A full stock of Flashlights.

THE STORE THAT SERVES. THE SERVICE THAT PLEASES.
THE PEOPLE OF LONDON WITH BOOTS AND SHOES.
COOK'S SHOE STORE.
Dundas and Richmond Streets.

It's Not Pleasant Work Cleaning Fish!
We do that for you and deliver right to your home.
Whitefish - 15c Lb.
And all other kinds on sale Tuesday.
WILSON'S PHONES 5600-5601.

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HAVE OUR
Christmas Sample Book of Personal Cards
At your home over night. Delivered and called for.
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40TH ANNIVERSARY OF ADELAIDE STREET CHURCH CELEBRATED

Brantford Pastor Preaches Special Services Sunday.

The 40th anniversary of the Adelaide Street Baptist Church was celebrated yesterday with special services, the speaker form the occasion being Rev. Lewellyn Brown, pastor of the First Baptist Church of Brantford. Mr. Brown called attention to the conditions and the success of the church, and emphasized the benefit of zeal, faith, obedience and prayer in the church. During the morning service, Miss Torrance, special soloist, sang "My Redeemer and My Lord."

In the afternoon, Rev. Mr. Brown addressed the Bible Class, and unveiled a beautiful picture of the Educational Institute supported by the Baptists in Canada. This was given by the McMaster University, Toronto.

In the evening, Rev. Mr. Brown took for his text, "Remember Lot's Wife," drawing up four lessons from a woman. The attendance at all services was most gratifying to the pastor.

Anniversary services will be conducted each evening of this week.

WOMEN'S MEETING CALLED FOR NOV. 9 TO ORGANIZE BRANCH

Following the announcement of a week or so ago in regard to the possibility of organization of a Woman Citizens' Association in London in the near future, plans have been made by those interested for a mass meeting to be held in the Masonic Temple on Friday evening, November 9th, at 8 p.m., when the speakers will be Mrs. A. B. Ormsby, president of the Ontario Woman Citizens' Association, and Mrs. W. H. Becker, secretary of the association. Short addresses are also to be given by Rev. Dr. Tucker, Sir Adam Beck, Hume Cronyn and the Union Government candidate.

It is stated that the meeting is in the interests of winning the war and national government, and that the part and place of women in this will be explained by the officials of the Ontario Woman Citizenship Association.

ZIONIST LEADER TO GIVE AN ADDRESS HERE WEDNESDAY

Dr. Schmarya Levin Coming to London.

HAD BRILLIANT CAREER

Was Member of First Russian Duma and Is National Hero.

The Jewish community of London is enthusiastically awaiting the expected visit to this city of the celebrated Jewish orator, statesman and leader of Zionism, Dr. Schmarya Levin, who will address a meeting under the auspices of the "Lovers of Zion" at the Wellington Street Synagogue on Wednesday evening, November 7th.

Dr. Schmarya Levin is one of the most towering figures of modern Jewish life, a veritable national hero, a man of magnetic personality, a clear-sighted diplomatist, a literateur of very high rank. He is easily the greatest speaker in the Yiddish language. His career has been a variegated one, but always brilliant. He was a member of the first Russian Duma, and is one of the directors of the Zionist movement, in whose interests he is now touring the Dominion.

Dr. Levin is expected to arrive here on Tuesday, and will be the guest of M. Fishbein, the secretary of the local Zionist Society, 428 Rectory street.

FINAL PREPARATIONS IN $40,000 CAMPAIGN AT BANQUET TONIGHT

Ten Teams Are Ready to Start Big Canvass Tuesday.

Final preparation for the two-day combined campaign for the Y. M. C. A., Y. W. C. A. and Italian Red Cross, which opens tomorrow, will be made at the banquet to the committee, team captains and workers at the Y. M. C. A. at 6:30 o'clock. Chairman W. R. Yendall, of the combined committees, is of the opinion that from one-quarter to one-third of the objective, $40,000, will be in hand and ready for the announcement tonight, in large initial subscriptions.

Over 100 prominent businessmen, forming ten teams, and between 200 and 300 women, will make up the campaign organization, the men canvassing in the business section and the women working in the residential district. A team of Italian citizens is in the process of formation and will be announced tonight.

Money Is Needed.

The $30,000 to be raised for the Y. M. C. A. and Y. W. C. A. is needed for the furthering of the work of these two worthy institutions in the city. Throughout Southern and Western Ontario cities since May campaigns have been conducted for the Italian Red Cross, making its first appeal for help in Canada, and London is the only large city remaining to do its bit for this now sorely stricken ally. In proportion to amounts raised in other cities for Italy's Red Cross work, London's share is slightly over $10,000.

On Saturday Boy Scouts, accompanying the letter-carriers on their routes through the residential section, delivered literature and pledge cards. Subscriptions need not be paid this year, if desired, and period payments can be arranged.

Banquet Tonight.

The final instructions to the team members will be given at tonight's banquet. President Yendall will speak relative to the Y. M. C. A. work. Mrs. John Stevely, chairman of the Y. W. C. A. workers, will speak on their behalf. Divisional Director L. Porter Moore, representing the Italian Red Cross Society in Southern and Western Ontario, will speak of the needs of the Italian Red Cross Society, which in the words of the royal Italian consul-general to Canada, Chevalier L. Zunini, "are at this time pressing."

Arrangements are being made at the Y. M. C. A. to seat 250 at the banquet tonight. Suppers for the men workers will be given Tuesday and Wednesday nights at the Y. M. C. A. and their reports made at that time.

Teams and Captains.

The men's teams and captains follow: Board of trade team, Capt. William Turnbull; Advertising Club team, Captain W. J. Ashplant; Rotary Club teams, three in number, Captains J. K. McDermid, Frank E. Harley and R. I. Watson; Builders' Exchange team, Captain A. C. Nobbs; Thistle Club team, Captain C. F. Small; Canadian Club team, Captain J. H. Fowler; London Curling Club team, Captain E. J. W. Griffith; Kewanis team, Captain H. J. McCallum, and Company K team, captain to be announced later.

The women's team captains follow: Mrs. John Campbell, Mrs. John Stevenson, Miss Edith Treleaven, Miss M. Stewart, Mrs. Cleghorn, Miss McColl, Miss Isabel Christie, Miss Needham, Mrs. A. E. Miller, Mrs. Fred White, Miss S. J. Moore, Mrs. Braithwaite, Mrs. W. N. Manning, Mrs. Albert Brown, Mrs. Tett, Miss Lukes and Miss Seaborne.

The city has been divided into fifteen districts throughout the residential section for the women's canvass tomorrow and Wednesday. A team has been assigned to each district, and each team will number from fifteen to twenty individual workers

ONLY LOST $200 OUT OF $32,000 IN WRECK

ST. THOMAS, Nov. 4.—Almost a record in salvaging was made by the officials of the Michigan Central Railway at the wreck at Comber, when fifteen cars were demolished by being derailed. More than $32,000 worth of beef was spilled over the tracks and in the wreckage. J. E. Johnson of this city, division engineer, with 250 men secured from Chatham, Tilbury, Comber and other nearby towns, succeeded in getting the meat out with a loss of less than $200.

ARE YOU IN SYMPATHY WITH THE BOYS AT THE FRONT? THEY ARE DOING THEIR BIT. ARE YOU DOING YOUR SHARE?

PETERS
Overseas Boxes

Are just the thing for them. They consist of a careful assortment of the things a soldier or nurse likes. Step in and look our stock over.

Peters, London



Ann Murdock in "The Outcast," at the Patricia Theatre today, Tuesday and Wednesday.



At the Majestic Today and Tuesday.

VOICE OF THE PEOPLE

THE MILK QUESTION.

To the Editor of The Advertiser:

Your issue of October 27 includes an editorial on "Milk Producers' Demands," which displays ignorance of city milk regulations as they must be observed by the producer, or an attempt to curry favor with city subscribers by presenting only a part of the story.

Allow me to answer the questions of the closing paragraph of this editorial, i. e., "Why should other dairy farmers (meaning city milk producers) get more than those who send their milk to be made into cheese? Why should they be entitled to 75 cents to $1.25 more per hundred pounds, as they demand?"

There are absolutely no regulations surrounding milk delivered at the cheese factory, no standards of clean stables, sanitary water supply, proper cooling of milk, or bacterial count to observe. It is true most farmers do partially cool the night's milking for fear of sour milk, and also to secure a better sample for butter fat test. The morning's milk is dumped into the can and carted off to the factory without further handling, and too often the milk is not even strained.

I have before me the bylaws of Toronto, Windsor and Walkerville regarding their city milk regulations, also the score card of Toronto public health department.

This department sends a man to inspect your premises and score you along the following lines:

1. The dairy herd, as regards health, condition, clipped flanks, clean udders, water supply and feed.
2. The stable, for cleanliness, removal of manure, construction, light, ventilation, cubic space and stable yard.
3. Milk house, construction and location, cleanliness, care of utensils, cooling facilities, and kind of milk pails.

Also all buildings must be whitewashed, which costs from $9 to $12 once or twice a year.

When milk reaches its destination the board of health again inspects, and demands that all cans must be sealed, that temperature must not be over 50 degrees Fahrenheit, and shall not contain above the specified number of bacteria.

To observe all these regulations the producer must have a large amount invested in sanitary buildings, up-to-date appliances, artesian well, stores of ice, milk can seals, etc. He has also not only to deliver milk to the station, but pay for milk tickets, for transport, and stay to load milk on trains and unload empties.

The cost of observing all these stringent regulations makes the difference in price to the producer who delivers his milk to the cheese factory and one who ships to the city. FARMER.

Thamesford, October 31.

["Farmer" is wrong in some of his allegations. There are regulations surrounding the delivery of milk at cheese factories, its condition, the water supply for cattle and the cooling of the milk, and the opinion of responsible dairymen is that it would be a long search which would discover one producer who does not strain his milk. Doubtless there is, in some cases, more expense in sending milk to city distributors, but the amount does not approach $1 per hundred pounds. The point is that it is unfair to fix the price for producers who send to the factory and leave open that paid to those who supply cities.—Editor.]

Bradford—Thompson

A pretty house wedding took place on Tuesday afternoon at the home of the bride's mother, 555 King street, Woodstock, when Florence Audrey, daughter of Mrs. Florence Thompson and the late Charles E. Thompson, was united in marriage to J. Kenton Bradford of Leamington, son of Mr. and Mrs. James Bradford (Tulagel), Leamington.

The ceremony was performed by Rev. W. J. West, M. A., uncle of the bride, assisted by Rev. Bradford Pengelly and Rev. Thomas Wearing. The Wedding March was played by Miss Evelyne Phillips, L. T. C. M., of Toronto, cousin of the bride. Throughout the house roses and smilax were used effectively for decoration. The bride, who was given away by her mother, looked charming in her traveling suit of elephant grey gabardine, with grey velvet hat to match, and white fox furs. She carried a pretty bouquet of white roses and lilies of the valley. She also wore the groom's gift, a beautiful cameo necklace.

The bride was assisted by her sister, Mary E. Thompson, who looked very pretty in a frock of pink crepe-de-chine, with all over lace and beaded trimmings, and carried a bouquet of pink roses, while little Miss Margaret Rea was flower girl and ringbearer.

The bridesmaids and pianist were each presented with pins set with pearls—the gift of the groom.

After the signing of the register Mrs. Thompson, mother of the bride, gowned in grey silk and steel trimmings, with a corsage bouquet of violets, held a reception for the immediate relatives and friends. Following the reception a buffet luncheon was served, after which toasts were proposed by Rev. W. J. Thomas Wearing, Mayor West, Rev. Thomas Wearing, Mayor Wect, Rev. Bradford Pengelly, James Phillips, James Bradford, Reginald West and the groom.

The happy couple left for New York and Boston for their honeymoon, after which they will make their home in Leamington.

PUPILS' RECITAL.

The recital at Conservatory Hall Saturday afternoon was given by the following senior pupils,—Misses Isabel Griffith, Evelyn Mullins, Mildred Baker, Gladys Roedding, Ruth Murray, Kathleen Collyer and Dorothy Emery.

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LONDON'S SHRINERS MADE HIT ON VISIT TO MOSLEM TEMPLE

Were Given Cordial Welcome in Detroit.

The Shriners of Mocha Temple returned on Saturday from Detroit, where they attended the ceremonial session of Moslem Temple. A class of 409 candidates was taken over the hot sands, one of the largest classes in the history of the temple there.

The London representatives, with their band and patrol, made a hit, and were given a most cordial welcome. The ceremonies were largely patriotic and most interesting throughout. Ill. Potentate W. Wood presided.

"We had a fine time and were royally treated," said Past Potentate W. W. Gammage. "The Detroiters did everything possible to make it pleasant for us. One of the features was a collection for the poor children of Detroit. In addition to taking a large black of the Liberty Loan Potentate Wood suggested a collection for the poor children of the city and nearly $1,030 was collected in a few minutes."

R. E. Ruse, G. T. R. agent, looked after the Shriners going and coming, and made perfect arrangements for their transportation.

KEEN COMPETITION MARKS ELECTIONS AT LIBERAL CLUB

First Meeting of Executive Will Be Held Friday.

The liveliest interest was taken Saturday evening in the final stages of the voting for the new officers of the Liberal Club. Many hundred votes were cast, the competition being the keenest in many years. Friday evening there was a large crowd who voted, and on Saturday there was a big crowd. So great was the number of votes cast that the returning officers were occupied several hours in getting the returns complete.

The officers selected were as follows:
President—Andrew Robson (acclamation).
First Vice-President—Gordon H. Tennent.
Second Vice-President—Peter Cameron.
Secretary—Frank McLaughlin (acclamation).
Treasurer—W. J. M. Boyd (acclamation).
Executive—Dougald Graham, Charles Carter, J. H. Fowler, H. Jenkins, James McLeod, Scott Murray, Archie Ashford, W. E. Grey, Alex. Tytler, Fred Pace, Charles Keene and John S. Brown.

The first meeting of the new executive will be held on Friday evening in Hyman Hall. Business will be transacted, and later refreshments will be served.

Every member of the club is expected to be present. It promises to be a very interesting evening.

RETURNED CHAPTER COLLECTED $678 IN SATURDAY TAG DAY

Members of I. O. D. E. Had Successful Street Canvass.

Members of the C. E. F. Returned Soldiers' Chapter, I. O. D. E., are feeling jubilant over the success of their tag day on Saturday for the benefit of the fine work they are doing for returned soldiers and their afmilies.

The total amount counted on Saturday was $678, the proceeds of 35 boxes. The fact that this large amount, probably the largest sum realized by a chapter on a tag day at the fag end of the season, was collected by 35 people gives some idea of the diligence of the workers. The taggers were confined exclusively to members of the chapter and their children or returned soldiers. Of the last, some eight or ten from the Byron Sanatorium and Central Convalescent Hospital offered their services and gave a splendid account of themselves. Sergt. Allen of the Central Military Hospital collected $50. Sergt. Lee's young daughter brought in $26, while the record for the day was made by a member of the chapter, Mrs. Underwood, no less than $76.

The tag day expenses have been very small, confined to advertising and printing of the tags, consequently with the exception of a few dollars, the whole amount will be devoted to the relief work of the chapter.

FARMERS' PRODUCE CO. MAY BE TURNED INTO A CO-OPERATIVE ASSN.

Financial Statement of Organization Shows Most Prosperous Year.

RIDGETOWN, Nov. 4.—A large crowd of farmers from the townships of Howard, Harwich and Orford attended the annual meeting of the Kent Farmers' Produce Company, Limited, when steps were taken to turn the company into a co-operative association. George Keen of Brantford was present, and in an hour's interesting address traced the history of co-operation in England, quoting figures to show what had been accomplished.

He claimed co-operation would do much to eliminate the unnecessary middleman, on whom Food Controller Hanna laid a large part of the blame for high prices. He gave the co-operative movement in England the credit of keeping down prices so that the necessaries of life cost no more in that country than here, where they are produced.

After Mr. Keen's address the annual business meeting of the company was held. The financial statement showed that the past year was the most prosperous in the company's history, there now being over $4,000 to the credit of profit and loss.

James McCormick of Harwich was re-elected president, with James Clendenning of Blenheim, vice-president, and R. F. McKinlay of Howard, secretary-treasurer.

A motion was carried unanimously to leave with the directors power to take steps to turn the company into a co-operative association. A special meeting of the shareholders is to be held in a short time to ratify their action.

The Kent Farmers' Company was first organized at Blenheim to deal in grain and farmers' supplies. About three years ago a branch was opened in Ridgetown, and the flour mill purchased. At the present time there are about six hundred farmers holding stock.

TRAVELERS ELECT ALL 1918 OFFICERS BY ACCLAMATION

J. H. Grant New President of Ontario Association.

PATRIOTIC INVESTMENTS

Organization in Fine Financial Shape—To Buy Victory Loan Heavily.

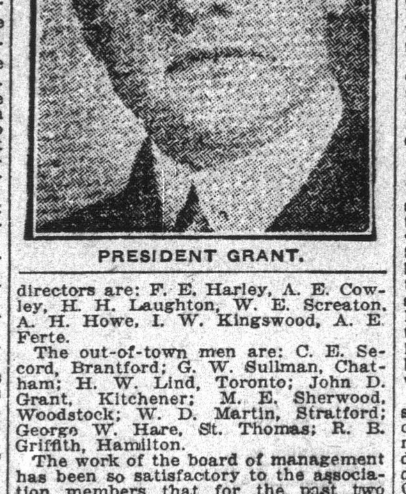
President—J. H. Grant.
1st Vice-President—G. Morley Adams.
2nd Vice-President—E. N. Hanna.
3rd Vice-President—John Lennox, Hamilton.

For the second year in succession, officers of the Ontario Commercial Travelers' Association were elected by acclamation at the meeting held in the association rooms, Dominion Savings building, on Saturday afternoon. C. W. McGuire, president for the past two years, retired, and his place was taken by J. H. ("Tony") Grant of this city, 1st vice-president of last year. G. Morley Adams moved up on the executive from 2nd to 1st vice-president, while E. N. Hannah, one of the 1917 directors, became 2nd vice-president.

Of the directors, fifteen were declared elected by acclamation, leaving only the directors from Windsor, Sarnia, Galt and Guelph to be elected at the annual meeting.

Directors for Year.

A. E. Ferte was the only new London man elected to the board of directors, he taking the place made vacant by the stepping up of the officers. The London



PRESIDENT GRANT.

directors are: F. E. Harley, A. E. Cowley, H. H. Laughton, W. E. Screaton, A. H. Howe, I. W. Kingswood, A. E. Ferte.

The out-of-town men are: C. E. Secord, Brantford; G. W. Sullman, Chatham; H. W. Lind, Toronto; John D. Grant, Kitchener; M. E. Sherwood, Woodstock; W. D. Martin, Stratford; George W. Hare, St. Thomas; R. B. Griffith, Hamilton.

The work of the board of management has been so satisfactory to the association members that for the past two years the executive and the board of directors have been returned by acclamation. Expression has been given, through resolutions on the minutes of the meeting, of the general satisfaction at the way the finances have been administered and the investments made.

Good Financial Statement.

The financial statement was one of the best yet presented to the association. During the year just closed the greatest number of mortuary claims in the history of the association, 39, were paid, the sum of $24,141 being represented in the amounts paid to beneficiaries. In spite of this, $18,410 was added to the capital account during the year. The capital or reserve has now reached a total of $374,997.

During the past year $40,000 was invested in Anglo-French war loan bonds and $78,000 in the Dominion of Canada war loan bonds.

Will Aid Victory Loan.

Sir George Gibbons, general chairman of the victory loan committee, was present at the meeting, being introduced by President C. W. McGuire. He explained the workings of the victory loan scheme, and the association will invest every dollar possible in the new loan, the patriotic investments of the past year being an indication of the way the travelers have given financial aid to the cause.

The membership of the association is now around the 3,000 mark.

Remembering Boys at Front.

The board appropriated a sum sufficient to send a Christmas remembrance to each of the members of the association now serving at the front. The honor roll of the travelers contains 67 names, 60 of whom have been carried free of dues since the beginning of the war. Five had made the supreme sacrifice and six more have been wounded. The mortuary benefits in each case have been paid to the beneficiaries.

Mention of the members who have died in France was made by President McGuire in his parting address.

In part this address was:

Honors Heroes' Memory.

"Our honor roll shows 67 names, 66 of whom the association has carried free of their annual fee during the past year. Five heroic members have made the supreme sacrifice and lie today in the muddy, blood-stained soil of Flanders. All honor to their memory, and all honor to those who are still fighting in a just and virtuous cause to defend the future freedom of your family and mine.

"Our mortuary benefit claims have shown an increase, the loss of our soldier boys being a considerable item in this respect. We have the satisfaction of knowing, however, that we have cared for their loved ones and are prepared to make even greater sacrifices should the necessity arise.

"The report of our investment committee will show that we have invested heavily in war loans, both Canadian and Anglo-French. This investment I heartily indorse, and trust that next year the board may see its way clear to continue investments of this patriotic nature.

"During the past year we have had our periodical encounters with our old friends, the Eastern Passenger Association, as to the class of persons entitled to hold certificates in this and kindred associations. I do not think it out of place here to state that we are being closely checked by a representative of that association, who makes it his business to report fully to his employers, in his opinion, any irregularities in the issuing of certificates. Where objections have been made, this board has surely safe-guarded your rights and privileges, and I am sure will continue to do so. A word of warning, however, in this connection.

Courtesy Urged.

"I would draw the attention of the traveling fraternity to the necessity of their courteous treatment of the employees of all transportation companies, whose duty it is to examine or see certificates. In the past, unfortunately, some of our members have not given this matter sufficient attention, and I would like to impress the fact that the privileges extended to us at present by transportation companies can only be safe-guarded by courteous treatment on the part of all concerned. Young travelers, particularly, are inclined to disregard these matters, and I would impress upon the older members the necessity of explaining this to the younger members in order that the privileges we now enjoy may be continued.

"I wish to congratulate this association on the calibre of the men who have worked with me on the board during the past year. They are gentlemen of the highest attainments and in every way capable of conducting the affairs of this institution; a renewal of your confidence would certainly not be misplaced. It has been a pleasure and privilege for me to work with them, and my only regret is that the time has now arrived when I must be considered a 'has-been.'

Praise for Secretary.

"The words I used last year regarding your worthy secretary, I would use again, and add to, if necessary. Both he and his staff have been courteous, accurate and obliging. Your office, gentlemen, is in capable hands.

"Having served you from the directorate to the presidency, to which latter position you have so kindly elected me by acclamation for the past two years, it is now my duty to step aside and make way for a more worthy successor. Before doing so I wish once more to thank you for your kindness and courtesy, and I trust you will believe me sincere when I say that anything in the future I may be able to do to assist the association as an institution, or any of its individual members, will be done cheerfully."

"HUN PRISON CAMP IS HELL," SAYS SOLDIER WHO WAS EXCHANGED

Many District Men in Party Which Arrived Saturday.

The first men to reach London after having been imprisoned in Germany, and then exchanged through Switzerland, arrived here late Saturday afternoon when Corp. S. S. Trumpour and Pte. D. H. Laird stepped from the train at the G. T. R. station along with 45 other wounded and invalided soldiers. In addition twelve other soldiers returned at noon Sunday via C. P. R.

Other prisoners of war have reached this city after having escaped from the German prisons, but the two who arrived Saturday are the first to come through after having been legally released, in exchange for German prisoners, through Switzerland.

Corp. Trumpour, whose home is in Mooretown, was a members of the 7th Battalion, and was wounded and taken prisoner at the second battle of Ypres in 1915. He spent sixteen months in the Paderborn prison. "The German hospital was very good," he told The Advertiser, "but the prison camp was hell."

Captured at Ypres.

Pte. Laird of Blenheim was captured in the third battle of Ypres while fighting with the 4th Canadian Mounted Rifles. After spending nine months in the prison camp at Julich he was taken to Switzerland as physically unfit for further military service, and exchanged. "We had a pretty rough time," he said, when asked how he was treated in Hunland.

Among the Londoners who returned was Pte. W. Gibson, 24 Cartwright street, who went over with the 142nd Battalion and was wounded at Bully-Grenay. His father, who went overseas with him, was transferred to the 1st Labor Battalion in England, and the father and son have never seen each other since they left England.

Were Through Vimy.

Other Londoners in the party were Pte. W. J. Lutman, son of Sanitary Inspector James Lutman, 857 Wellington street, who received his wounds while fighting at Vimy Ridge with the 8th Battalion on April 26 last; J. Burnley, 744 Adelaide street, a member of the original 18th, who was wounded at St. Eloi in April, 1916; Pte. W. H. Perkins, 317 Grey street, a member of the 70th Battalion, and Corp. F. C. Rogers, 73 Dillabough street a member of the 18th Battalion, both of whom were hit at Vimy Ridge.

Bombardier R. T. Marshall, 372 Lyle street, the gladness of whose homecoming was tinged with a touch of sadness, in that his little daughter had died during his absence, was also on the list of those who returned, together with Corp. J. Munnoch, 105 Waterloo street, a possessor of the Military Medal; J. H. Dawson, 553 St. James street; H. S. Kochler, 266 Oxford street, and A. Pugh, 104 William street, whose eardrums were burst at Vimy Ridge.

Men From District.

Among the men from Western Ontario points who arrived were: Pte. T. Wilson, Stratford, who as a member of the original 3rd Battalion was wounded three times, at Ploegsterte, Givenchy and at the third battle of Ypres; Driver H. F. Welford, Woodstock, a member of one of the division ammunition columns, who was wounded in the air raid on England on June 19; Corp. F. E. Sample, Detroit, a member of the original 18th, who was invalided from France after 22 months' service; Pte. M. P. Leahy, Preston, of the 18th Battalion, who was wounded at Ridgewood and again at Monchy-le-Proeux, and Staff Sergt. J. Robinson of the 1st Battalion, who returned to his home in Chatham through illness.

Among the Western Ontario men who returned on account of wounds were: Pte. H. Taylor, Guelph; Gunner J. W. Dyer, Goderich; H. J. Smith, Iona Station; Pte. W. Brown, St. Thomas; Pte. A. Brockenshire, Crediton; Pte. J. A. Ballantyne, Strathroy; Pte. W. T. McAlpine, St. Thomas; Pte. J. J. Harvey, Hespeler; A. A. Smith, Windsor; Pte. F. R. McKenzie, Stratford; Pte. N. P. Campbell, Windsor; Pte. W. L. Pickard, Galt, and Pte. W. Ovink, Preston.

Many Were Ill.

Men who were returned through illness were: Pte. W. Woods, Wiarton; Pte. C. A. Garvin, Leamington; Pte. V. Cook, Windsor; Pte. J. Ball, Cleveland; Pte. J. E. Atchison, Petrolea; Pte. C. E. Chute, Port Burwell; Pte. S. Collins, Morefield; Pte. W. J. Thomas, Woodstock; R. F. Strong; Pte. E. B. Currie, Preston; Pte. H. L. McNaught, Moncton; E. J. Wylson, Woodstock; Lance-Corp. F. H. Lylite, Sarnia; Pte. F. Newsome, Guelph; J. Liverance, Sarnia; L. J. Sutton, Windsor, and E. Ashcroft, Bridgeport.

Others on the list of those returning were: Corp. A. Briggs, Guelph; Pte. G. Whisworth, Guelph; Corp. A. Dennet, Woodstock; Pte. A. Hodgkins, Stratford; Pte. A. Vicker, Goderich; Pte. J. Niblock, Parkhill; Pte. C. S. Moore, Princeton; Pte. T. L. Neard, Clinton; Pte. F. Hayward, Clinton; Sergt. E. W. Burton, Wingham; Q.-M.-Sergt. J. G. Russell, Detroit; Sapper C. Thomas, Detroit; and Pte. F. W. Nason, New York City.

EXPLAINS DUTIES TO EXEMPTION BOARD

ST. THOMAS, Nov. 4. — Judge Colter called a meeting of the members of the local exemption tribunals last evening for the purpose of giving them instructions for the consideration of exemption claims, at the coming sessions of the tribunals. The judge is in receipt of information from Ottawa concerning the duties of the tribunals.

VATICAN TO WITHHOLD EFFORTS TOWARDS PEACE

ROME, Nov. 4.—The gravity of the situation and the fusion of all parties into one national entity determined at all odds to drive the enemy from the mother soil, apparently, according to high officials, has reached even the Vatican, where it is realized it is advisable to abandon any efforts toward peace, at present at least.

TWO ORGANIZATIONS FOR THE VICTORY LOAN

GALT, Nov. 4.—While it was originally planned to have the Victory loan campaign conducted by one organization, it has been found necessary owing to the congested condition of the country to divide it into two districts, and have two organizations, one with headquarters at Kitchener, and the other at Galt.

The South Waterloo organization will canvass the south riding, which will comprise the city of Galt, towns of Preston and Hespeler, village of Ayr, and the township of North Dumfries. Organization work for this district is now well under way, and the following are the officers for South Waterloo.

Chairman, R. O. McCulloch; secretary, T. T. Aitkin; organizer, B. A. Tate.

Advisory Committee—R. O. McCulloch, Galt, chairman; Mayor A. M. Edwards, J. N. MacKendrick, W. W. Wilkinson, G. A. Dobbie, T. H. Watson and C. R. H. Warnock, Galt; G. Pattinson and Alf Clare, Preston; G. Forbes and Lester Weaver, Hespeler; J. Taylor, Jun., reeve of North Dumfries, and Alf Watson, Ayr.

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LAMBTON PLANS TO RAISE MILLION FOR VICTORY LOAN

Strong Organization Has Been Formed for Whole County.

SARNIA, Nov. 4.—One million dollars will be Lambton's objective for the "victory" loan, it was announced here today by the Government representative L. M. Green. A strong organization has been formed, which will bring to every resident in the county the opportunity to invest in the new venture. An appeal is being made to every class, and it is expected that the people of the farming districts as well as the citizens of the towns and villages, will respond nobly. Arrangements have been made whereby the smallest investor may purchase a $50 or $100 bond on an instalment plan. Large employers of labor are arranging to give their employees an opportunity to invest in the bonds by deducting a certain amount each week from their pay.

Urges Purchase.

The Mueller Company is one of these. It has issued a circular to the men whom it employs urging them to purchase the bonds as an aid in winning the war. The company will make the original purchase and carry the bonds until the employee has paid sufficient to take them over. Indications are that not many workers in the plant will be without a bond, as the payments extend over three years

The names of authorized canvassers are to be announced soon. Members of committees already drawn up are:

Executive Committee.

Chairman, S. L. McKay; organizer, L. M. Green; secretary, A. L. Ward; O. B. Mueller, W. E. Beresford, D. N. Sinclair, W. J. Gilchrist, H. M. Pousette, E. C. Barre, W. T. Goodison, R. McBurney, Capt. W. A. Wiggins Lieut.-Col. McKenzie, all of Sarnia.

Publicity Committee.

Chairman, Lieut.-Col. McKenzie, E. C. Barre, W. E. Beresford of Sarnia; R. H. Brownlee, Alvinston; J. E. Leckie, Courtright; A. W. Dewar, Oil Springs; David Suhler, Point Edward; Capt. Bryant, Thedford; H. H. Hume, Watford; John McLean Wyoming; D. R. McCahill, Forest; W. P. McDonald, Petrolea.

Honorary Committee.

Mayor W. J. Proctor, Sarnia; Mayor John McRobie, Petrolea; Mayor George E. McIntosh, Forest; Reeve James M. Wilson, Wyoming; Reeve Frank Kenward, Watford; Warden John B. Woodall, Thedford; Reeves John Mara, Point Edward; John W. Sutherland, Oil Springs; James T. Whitsitt, Courtright; W. J. Evans, Arkona; John McCallum, Alvinston; A. Hobbs, Warwick Township, Watford, R. R. No. 1; John Huey, Sombra Township, Beecher R. R. No. 2; Peter Gardiner, Sarnia Township, Corunna, R. R. No. 1; Robert W. McClaron, Forest Plympton Township; D. T. Shaw, Brigden, Moore Township; C. A. Annett Cairo, Euphemia Township; Thomas Simpson, Glenrae, Enniskillen Township; H. Dawson, Florence, Dawn Township; William Annett, Watford, R. R. No. 7, Brooke Township; Robert Tidball, Thedford, R. R. No. 3, Bosanquet Township.

CARLOAD OF SUGAR.

SARNIA, Nov. 4.—The arrival of a carload of sugar in the city has somewhat relieved the situation which scarcity of that commodity had created. Limited supplies are being received now by grocers from the wholesalers, who are advising them to give it out only in small quantities. Beet sugar factories are resuming operations, and it is believed that larger supplies will be available soon. Judicious use by the citizens, wholesalers say, will greatly aid the situation.

KEEN COMPETITION.

SARNIA, Nov. 4.—Red and blue teams chosen at the last meeting of Sarnia Tent, No. 1, K. O. T. M., are hard at work endeavoring to carry off the honors in a competition to add twenty new members to the local tent. The campaign marks the silver anniversary of Supreme Commander Markey, and is part of a nation-wide movement to acquire 25,000 new members.

AUTOS IN COLLISION.

SARNIA, Nov. 3.—Two parties of autoists narrowly escaped death or serious injury when their cars collided on the Plank road near the McGregor sideroad last night. One car, driven by W. J. Humes, was headed for the city from Petrolea, and encountered a car driven by J. M. McDonald, headed for Brigden. McDonald ditched his car. Both machines were damaged. No one was injured.

SENT TO INSTITUTION.

SARNIA, Nov. 3.—Lloyd and Gordon Jamieson, arrested about a month ago on a charge of stealing grain, will be sent to a home at Orillia, as it has been learned that their mental powers are weak, it was announced at the crown attorney's office today.

WANT FEES RAISED.

CHATHAM, Nov. 3.—In their report presented at the assizes today the grand jury makes a recommendation that the fees paid to the jurors, constables and other county officials attending court be raised to at least $4 a day, on account of the high cost of living of the present day. In view of the number of escapes from the Kent county jail the recommendation is made that a high railing be placed on top of the jail wall, and that the walls of the building in certain parts be lined with boiler plate.

WAS FINED $25.

SARNIA, Nov. 3.—One lonely drunk was the only excuse for a police court session today. John McCue, who told the judge that he got his liquor across the river paid the usual $25 and costs.

CAPT. FRED BOND AND LT. G. LESLIE KILLED IN ACTION

Popular Guelph Officers Have Made Supreme Sacrifice.

GUELPH, Nov. 3. — Word was received today that Capt. Frederick Bond, son of George Bond, Oxford street, and Lieut. Gordon F. Leslie, son of Mrs. Elizabeth Leslie, 111 Arthur street, have made the supreme sacrifice. The former was killed in action on Monday, October 29, and the latter on October 26. Capt. Bond was the only one of the original officers of the 16th Battery left with that unit. He had been previously wounded twice, and was awarded the Military Cross for gallant conduct in keeping open the lines of communication at Vimy Ridge several months ago. He was a brilliant young officer, 23 years of age, and had always resided in Guelph. He leaves his parents, one brother, Herbert, of Regina, Sask., and two sisters, Edith and Dorothy, at home.

Lieut. Leslie at the time of his enlistment was dean of Alberta College at Edmonton, and went overseas with the Western University unit as a private. He took an officer's course in England and was attached to the 40th Battalion at the front. He lived in Guelph for about nine years, and was well known in musical circles. He leaves a widowed mother and one brother, Lieut. William Leslie, in England, and two sisters, Anna and Ella.

HOME ON LEAVE.

KINGSVILLE, Nov. 4.—The following soldiers of A Company, 1st W. O. R. Depot, Queen's Park, came to Kingsville from London for the weekend. Sergt. M. Snook, at the home of his uncle C. Leggett; Pte. Edward Hazel, at Russell Wigle's, third concession, Gosfield South, where he was formerly employed; Pte. Fred Deacon at his parental home, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Deacon, and Pte. Walter Hason with friends.

Fred Ulch has returned from Toronto, where he enlisted in the Royal Flying Corps. Being a Class B man he was discharged after eight days of service.

Edward Battson has enlisted in the Royal Flying Corps, and is now in service at Toronto

WORKING FOR SOLDIERS.

AMHERSTBURG, Nov. 4. — Mrs. Henry Bailey, regent of Fort Malden Chapter, I. O. D. E., Amherstburg, with several other ladies from town, assisted in organizing a Red Cross Circle at the home of Mrs. Theo Marentette in Malden. The officers are: President, Mrs. (Rev.) J. A. Snell; first vice Mrs. Marentette; second vice, Mrs. M. Sellars; secretary, Mrs. F. Pidgeon; treasurer, Mrs. Will Sellars. The members plan to supply many comforts for the soldiers.

STAYS IN HOSPITAL.

EMBRO, Nov. 4.—James Sutherland has received a letter from his son, Pte. Robert Sutherland, who is at a convalescent home in England. He was before the board and was told he was to stay there until spring, and if by then he was able to go back to the trenches, the chances were he would be sent home. Pte. Sutherland went overseas with Oxford's Own and had not been in the trenches one month when he was wounded badly in the lungs.

EMPEROR CHARLES TO BE KING OF POLAND

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 4.—The Munich Neueste Nachrichten prints a report from Vienna that Emperor Charles on Sunday, which is his name day, will be proclaimed king of Poland and also ruler of slav states, embracing especially Bosnia and Herzegovina and that part of Serbia already occupied by Austria. These states, it is added, will receive a certain measure of autonomy.

HE CURED CHRONIC COLD WITH VINOL

Mr. Bagley's Letter Printed Here as Proof

Dunn, N. C.—"I suffered with a chronic cold for four months, coughed day and night. Had to keep on working when I was not able to. I saw Vinol advertised and tried it, and I want to tell you it just cured that cold in a short time."—J. C. Bagley, Dunn, N. C.

That's because Vinol is a constitutional cod liver and iron remedy which aids digestion, enriches the blood and creates strength. Then chronic coughs and colds naturally disappear. Your money will be returned if it does not help you.

Taylor Drug Company, London, also at the best druggist's in all Ontario towns.