

Oil Fluid.
from New York
No. 1, CANADA
FIQUE
from Boston
newest patterns,
do do
V. WHITLOCK,
1, 1851.—3.

LOTTE
estate of Daniel Cune
Parish of Saint
y of Charlotte, de-

lan Doon adminis-
and singular the
edita which were of
ingham deceased at
both this day filed
aid Estate, and hath
ors and next of Kin
all persons interested
appear and attend
vance of the said

therefore hereby gi-
s and next of Kin of
to all persons inter-
and they are here-
re me at a Court of
he Office of the Re-
Saint Andrews, in
rlotte, on Saturday
"RIL" next, at the
noon, to attend the
of the Account of

and the Seal of
this tenth day of
551.

H. HATCH.
Surr. Judge.

obates.

SWICK.

SEMBLY.
adopted as Standing
1851:
of a private nature
relief, shall be re-
fer the fourteen
of the Session, both
Clerk of this House
to the meeting of
fifty printed cop-
ent to each of the
the several Counties
use the same to be
Gazette, and two
unity where News-

use will sustain ro-
cess to Teachers of
sols, unless it shall
at two Trustees of
where such School
the time actually
be licensed—the
er was not certified
ordinary way—and
as not compelled to
School on account
ct.

WETMORE. Clerk

& Co.

BADSON.
fresh supply of

ICES & Co.
ichare,
anie CURRANTS,
78, CONFECTIONS,
is CANADA PLIQUE,
GROUND, ditto,
lying at the market
it.

UTTER, from 20lbs.
ral assortment of Gza
at the lowest prices for
(December 24.)

OR SALE.
ACRES of Land, situ-
Ridge, so called, in
te, being Lot No. 13
r particulars and a
ply at the office of the
WILLIAM KER,
from London, via

igou Tea,
artell" Brandy,
terdam Geneva
e Poland Starch,
atin's Japan Black.

Grace from Liver
RT WINE,
amica Rum,
ut Wine,
Cognac BRANDY,
tell, "Hennessy" &
ine Brands
very.

Oil Fluid.
from New York
No. 1, CANADA
FIQUE
from Boston
newest patterns,
do do
V. WHITLOCK,
1, 1851.—3.

LOTTE
estate of Daniel Cune
Parish of Saint
y of Charlotte, de-

lan Doon adminis-
and singular the
edita which were of
ingham deceased at
both this day filed
aid Estate, and hath
ors and next of Kin
all persons interested
appear and attend
vance of the said

therefore hereby gi-
s and next of Kin of
to all persons inter-
and they are here-
re me at a Court of
he Office of the Re-
Saint Andrews, in
rlotte, on Saturday
"RIL" next, at the
noon, to attend the
of the Account of

and the Seal of
this tenth day of
551.

H. HATCH.
Surr. Judge.

obates.

SWICK.

SEMBLY.
adopted as Standing
1851:
of a private nature
relief, shall be re-
fer the fourteen
of the Session, both
Clerk of this House
to the meeting of
fifty printed cop-
ent to each of the
the several Counties
use the same to be
Gazette, and two
unity where News-

use will sustain ro-
cess to Teachers of
sols, unless it shall
at two Trustees of
where such School
the time actually
be licensed—the
er was not certified
ordinary way—and
as not compelled to
School on account
ct.

WETMORE. Clerk

& Co.

BADSON.
fresh supply of

ICES & Co.
ichare,
anie CURRANTS,
78, CONFECTIONS,
is CANADA PLIQUE,
GROUND, ditto,
lying at the market
it.

UTTER, from 20lbs.
ral assortment of Gza
at the lowest prices for
(December 24.)

OR SALE.
ACRES of Land, situ-
Ridge, so called, in
te, being Lot No. 13
r particulars and a
ply at the office of the
WILLIAM KER,
from London, via

igou Tea,
artell" Brandy,
terdam Geneva
e Poland Starch,
atin's Japan Black.

Grace from Liver
RT WINE,
amica Rum,
ut Wine,
Cognac BRANDY,
tell, "Hennessy" &
ine Brands
very.

The Standard.

OR RAILWAY AND COMMERCIAL RECORD.

Evans sumendum est optimum.—Cic.

No 13 SAINT ANDREWS, N. B., WEDNESDAY, APRIL 28, 1853. [Vol. 19]

EXHIBITION
OF THE
SAINT CROIX AGRICULTURAL
SOCIETY.
To be held at Saint Stephen, on the 14th
October next.

Premiums will be offered by the Society upon
the under-mentioned Stock and Produce,
subject to the following Regulations.

Horses.—Best brood Mare, 15s.
2d do 12s 6d.
3d do 10s.

Best Spring Colt.—12s 6d.
2d do 10s.
3d do 7s 6d.

Best 2d year old Colt.—12s 6d.
2d do 10s.
3d do 7s 6d.

Best 3 year old Colt.—12s 6d.
2d do 10s.
3d do 7s 6d.

Sheep.—Best Ram.—15s.
2d do 12s 6d.
3d do 10s.

Best Ewe.—12s 6d.
2d do 10s.
3d do 7s 6d.

Neat Cattle.—Best Bull, 15s. Not over 4 yrs
old—age to be
considered.
2d do 12s 6d.
3d do 10s.

Best Bull Calf.—12s 6d.
2d do 10s.
3d do 7s 6d.

Best Brood Cow.—12 6d
2d do 10s.
3d do 7s 6d.

Best Dairy Cow, 12s 6d.
2d do 10s.
3d do 7s 6d.

Best Heifer, between 2 and 3 yrs. old, 10s.
2d do 7s 6d.
3d do 5s.

Best Heifer, between 1 and 2 yrs. old, 10s.
2d do 7s 6d.
3d do 5s.

Best Heifer Calf, 8s.
2d do 7s 6d.
3d do 6s.

Best yoke of Steers under 1 yrs. old, age
to be considered, 10s.
2d do 7s 6d.
3d do 6s.

Butter and Cheese.—Best Butter, 12 lbs. 10s.
2d do 7s 6d.
3d do 6s.

Best Cheese, 12 lbs. 10s.
2d do 7s 6d.

Grains.—Best Wheat, at least 1 an acre to
be in crop, 1 to be exhibited.—10s.
2d do 8s.

Barley, same quantity if ground, 10s.
2d do 8s.

Oats, same quantity if ground, 10s.
2d do 8s.

Buckwheat, best, 10s.
2d do 8s.

Rye, best, 10s.
2d do 8s.

Joia.—Best white Bluenos Potatoes, certi-
ficate to be according to regulations, one
bushel to be exhibited, 12s 6d.
2d do 10s.

Common Potatoes, 12 6d.
2d do 10s.

Turnips, 12 6d.
2d do 10s.

Carrots, common, 12s 6d.
2d do 10s.

Swine, best Boar under 2 yrs. old, in pro-
portion to age, 12s 6d.
2d do 10s.

Best Sow, 12s 6d.
2d do 10s.

Spring Pig, 8s.
2d do 7s.

Clothes, best twilled Cloth, all wool, 10 yds.
to be exhibited, 7s.
2d do 6s.

Best Satinette Cloth, 8s.
2d do 7s.

Best twilled Cotton and wool Cloth, 7s.
2d do 6s.

Best Cotton & Wool Flannel, 7s.
2d do 6s.

Agricultural Implements, 1 doz. handrakes, 5s
1 doz. handllay forks, 5s.
1 doz. axes, 10s.

Best Plough, £1 0 0.
2d do 10s.

1 doz. handled manure Forks, 10s.

The sum of £5 will be paid in Premiums
on such articles of domestic growth or man-
ufacture as may be deemed worthy.

REGULATIONS.
All entries for premiums must be made
with the Secretary at or before 11 o'clock on
the day of exhibition.

Every article or parcel of produce or man-
ufacture must have a mark or motto attached
thereof, and the Secretary must be furnished
with a letter bearing the same mark or motto
outside, and having inside only the name of
the competitor. All stock must have been
owned by the person seeking a premium
thereon three months previous to the day of
the Fair.

A certificate will be required from two
neighbouring farmers, that the ground in crop
from which any sample of potatoes or turnips

is entered, is not less than 1 an acre in such
crop, and of all other roots not less than 1 of
an acre shall be dug and the average crop
per acre certified therefrom, also of the full
quantity in crop, and that the sample pro-
duced is a part of the crop.

No premiums will be given on Grains of
any kind, without a certificate as aforesaid,
that not less than 1 an acre of the particular
grain was under crop, and also of the whole
quantity of ground under such crop.

If such certificate cannot be had, an affi-
davit sworn before a Justice of the Peace, by
the competitor and owner, and containing the
statements (respectively) also required, will
be sufficient.

Blank forms of affidavits and certificates
to be had from the Secretary, in payment of
one cent each.

LEGISLATIVE REFORM.

It is a practice with certain parties to con-
sure the extravagance of our Legislature in
no measured terms. They condemn the pre-
sent system, but are backward in propound-
ing a remedy. According to their doctrine,
no sooner does a man obtain a seat in the
House of Assembly, than he at once com-
mences to plunder. No matter how moral or
upright he may have formerly been, the mo-
ment he is elected a Representative of the
people, that moment he loses all his former
principles, and becomes the blackest knave
that ever darkened the walls of Newgate.

Such is the species of logic put forth with un-
blushing effrontery by a small and disappoin-
ted faction in this community, whose organ is
the Morning News. We are astonished at the
amount of ignorance displayed by this dis-
lectable print on almost every matter it
touches. Instead of pointing out a better
and more economical system to be pursued,
it contents itself with endeavouring to blacken
the character of every member of our House
of Assembly. According to this doctrine, if
the representatives of the people are so bad,
what must the people be themselves, for there
is no man, especially one whose actions are
open to public criticism, but who has some
respect for the opinion of his fellows.

Now, strongly as we are in favour of re-
trenchment and reform, we cannot but cen-
sure a course of conduct which is so unman-
ly. Many an individual may be able to de-
molish a castle, who is not capable of erect-
ing a hotel; and when we find no improve-
ments proposed of the old system, we cannot
avoid the reflection that its opposers are not
sincere in their opposition. We have always
expressed the opinion that in order to infuse
the spirit of economy into our Legislative
Halls, the system must be changed. Until
this is done, it will be in vain to look for any
great or permanent change for the better.

The first important step which should be taken,
is the surrendering of the initiation of
Money Votes to the Government. Without
this, it is useless to expect any reform in mo-
ney matters, as every member tries to obtain
as much money as possible for his own
County. This is natural, and displays the
evils of a system which should be at once
abolished.

The next great measure to be adopted, is
the establishment of Municipal Institutions,
and these would follow the former measure.

The Government would then divide the several
sums among the different Municipal bod-
ies throughout the Province, to be expended
by them, and as they would be directly re-
sponsible to the people for their conduct, a
wholesome check would be kept upon them.

All the local grants, which now occupy so
much of the time of the Legislature, and lead
to so many petty manoeuvres, would then be
settled where they ought to be, by the local
Municipal boards. Is it not shameful that a
body of £19,000, or ten per cent. of the whole
Provincial Revenue, should be taken to pay
the expense of our Legislature?

Then, we must have an extension of the
suffrage, and vote by ballot. All these mea-
sures must be carried before we shall be
placed in a position to obtain an economical
and efficient system of legislation in this
Province. When these great reforms are ad-
opted, then may the people expect a permanent
change for the better in all our public mat-
ters; and we shall unceasingly continue to
advocate their adoption, until they are tri-
umphantly carried.—[New Brunswick.

CALIFORNIA NEWS.—The Alta California
announces the organization of "The Sand-
wich Islands Steam Company." The capi-
tal is to be \$1,000,000, in shares of \$100
each, one half of which is to be reserved for
the London market. They have from the
Hawaiian government the exclusive right to
employ steam in navigating between the va-
rious Islands of the Sandwich group for the
term of five years—the use of the Govern-
ment wharf at Honolulu, and the right of in-
troducing all supplies required by the com-
pany duty free.

The Alta says: "It is the intention of the
Company at once to purchase a steamer suit-
able for the trade, and place her upon the
route; whilst, in the meantime, two other
steamers will be contracted for and construct-

ed immediately. In order to do this, only
ten per cent. of the amount subscribed to be
paid in cash at the present time."

FROM THE SANDWICH AND SOCIETY IS-
LANDS.—Honolulu dates to the 21st of Feb-
ruary, have been received at San Francisco, in
18 days from the Sandwich Islands, by the
brig Noble. They mention several Marine
disasters in the harbor of Hanalei, island of
Kauai, all but the ship George Thatcher, al-
ready mentioned by us, were native vessels.

From the Society Islands, intelligence has
been received, by way of the Sandwich Is-
lands, to about the middle of January. This
reports that the natives of the island of Rai-
ates, hitherto under the government of Queen
Ponare, have changed their form of govern-
ment, and, in connection with several neigh-
boring islands, elected a half white man as a
governor for two years, and declared the so-
veral confederate islands to be a Republic.

This change, it is said, is likely to be per-
manent, as the French officials at Tahiti are
indifferent in the matter, and Queen Ponare's
power is too weak to compel the Islanders to
return to her rule. Intelligent foreigners
say that it is quite likely that the new form
of Government will extend to other neigh-
boring islands and groups.

At Tahiti, quite a fleet of small vessels was
waiting for cargoes of oranges for San Fran-
cisco.

**THE GOLD DISCOVERIES AT QUEEN CHAR-
LOTTE'S ISLAND.**—Within a few weeks
rumors have been current in our community
of important discoveries of gold at Queen
Charlotte's Island, a large island lying north
of the mouth of the Columbia River two or
three hundred miles, a part of the British
possessions on the N. W. coast. Such has
been the interest awakened on the subject,
that a number of individuals are preparing to
join in an expedition to the new gold region,
and a ship is already "laid on" for passen-
gers to the Queen Charlotte's Island mines.

The stories which obtained most credence
in our community appear to have sprung from
private advices received in our city from
Oregon, detailing the history of the gold dis-
coveries at Queen Charlotte's Island, and the
fact of the recent expeditions from Oregon.
It appears, as we have from time to time pub-
lished, that none of these expeditions were
successful in accomplishing much labor at
the mines, on account of the hostility of the
Cape Flattery Indians. One or two vessels
and their crews, which started on a trip to the
island, had not returned, nor had positive in-
formation reached Astoria respecting their
fate at the date of our last advices.

The British consul at this place has, we
are authoritatively told, received letters from
individuals connected with the Hudson's Bay
Company, disclosing the richness of the dis-
covery, stating the desirableness as a tract of
mining country, and advising him of the
actions of the Hudson Bay Company; re-
commending that British protection be at once
extended over the mines, to prevent parties
from working them. At the date of our last
advices from Astoria, the Hudson Bay Co.
were about buying the American brigantine
Orbit, for the purpose of despatching men to
Queen Charlotte's Island to lay claim to the
gold-bearing earth and rocks which had been
announced by one of their expeditions a few
months since, and which they were compel-
led to abandon on account of the inhospitable
character of the Indians.—[Alta Californian.

**EFFECTS OF THE RAIN UPON AGRICUL-
TURE.**—Brighting as has been the effects of
the recent heavy rains and consequent over-
flow upon the prospects of a portion of the
agricultural community, there can be no
doubt of its exerting a beneficial influence
upon others not so unfavorably located.

Even from the greatest calamity something
of good may be extracted. While therefore
the ruin of those who had settled down and
improved the low lands in the vicinity of the
rivers is deeply to be deplored, the balance
struck, will, we apprehend, show no great
diminution in the end in the aggregate pro-
ductions of the State.

Thousands of acres, ready ploughed; lie
idle during the dry weather, because of the
unfit state of the earth to receive the seed.

The rains will render these available and in-
duce the farmers to put in their crops at once.

A large extent of the finest land, parched
by the long drought, was too hard for cultiva-
tion—now it will yield readily to the plough,
and save from ruin many a farmer who made
his investment late.—[San Francisco Herald.

**ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES OF PASSEN-
GERS.**—From the 28th of February to the 10th
of March inclusive, the number of passen-
gers arrived in San Francisco by sea, was,
1424—of whom 1250 were men—133 wo-
men and 41 children. The departure for the
month of March, up to the 14th inst., amount-
ed to 509—of whom only ten were females.

GOLD DUST.—The exact amount of gold
dust shipped by the Northern, was \$1,240-
731; by the Oregon, on Saturday, \$167-
463—Total, \$1,408,194.—[lb.

Spring came! There is a delightful
sound in the word; it conveys something
pleasant and new to the ear. Spring appear-
ed! and how welcome it is after passing
through a long and tedious winter, which ever
presenting the same solitary picture of
snow-covered hills, bleak extended plains, or
ice bound rivers, is gladly forgotten, while
viewing with pleasure the budding trees, the
slooming grass, or the creeping vine. Spring
came! and with it the song of the thrush, the
chirrup of the robin and the chipmunk, the
twitter of the black bird, and the hoarse caw-
ing of the rook. Spring came! and the
snipe appeared near the streams—the quail
strutted over the plains—the plovers winged
themselves over the valleys, and the red top
woodpecker glided up the trees, piercing the
bark with its long bill in noisy clamour.

Spring came! and the pigeons darkened the
sky, and burdened the forest with their num-
bers; the ducks floated tranquilly in the riv-
ers—the geese lifted their white bosoms to
the breeze, and the cranes rose occasionally
from their swampy retreats, floating lazily
over the waving rushes. Spring came! and
the country answered once more to the signs
of life. The hardy trapper went abroad for
his game, the hunter shouldered his rifle, the
fisher threw out his line, and voyageurs com-
menced their journeys for the upper lakes.

Snow and ice still lingered along the shore of
the lake and river, but as the sun came out
warm and bright day after day, coaxing on
balmy breezes it quickly vanished. Spring
came! and all hearts seemed lighter, the
faces brighter; the laugh was gayer and the
voice was merrier. Spring came! and the
blue waves of Ontario danced to the glance
of the sun and the caress of the breeze.

The rivulets trickled from the mountains; the riv-
ers burst from their bonds—their fountains
broke loose—their sources poured forth their
abundance—they appeared to have acquired
fresh strength during their long sleep. of the
winter, to add velocity to the flight of its roll-
ing water, or to lift its swift current to the
grassy margin of its boundary. Spring came!
and numerous flowers covered the greening
with their blooming buds; they grew in the
forest amongst the tallest trees; they contrasted
their blush with the greenest vine; they
matched themselves in the lowest fern, and
sprinkled the crisp moss with their beauty.

Spring came! and the Huron girls raised
their songs to honor its advent, as they hasten-
ed from tent to tent, while the Indians cov-
ered the bay with their canoes.—Last of the
Cries.

CAPE TOWN.

The capital of the Cape colony is rather
prettily situated. Behind it rises Table
Mountain, almost perpendicularly, and quite
flat at the top. It is about thirty feet higher
than Snowdon. On the right of Table
Mountain, separated from it by a hollow or
pass, is another double-topped mountain, cal-
led the Lion's Head and the Lion's Rump,
from its supposed resemblance to a lion
couchant. On the left of Table Mountain is
a lofty pointed mountain, called the Devil's
Head. When a violent south east wind is
expected, a white cloud appears, gradually
forming itself over the top of Table Mountain
and this is termed "the Devil laying his ta-
ble-cloth." These sooth east winds blow
with immense fury; and as they blow off
shore, they do little harm to the shipping.
Cape Town, therefore, lies completely sur-
rounded by mountains, which occasionally
make it tremendously hot; and it looks the
very place for thunder storms. And yet,
though the Cape is renowned for those un-
pleasant visitations, which are generally ter-
rific, they are almost unknown in Cape
Town. A gentleman who had resided
there for twenty-three years assured me that
he had only witnessed two in that period,
and neither of them of any violence.—The
Cape and the Kafirs.

THE KAFIRS.

The Kafir is certainly a fine animal. He
is tall, well-knit, clean-limbed, and graceful
in his motions. It is rare to see a Kafir with
any personal deformity, however trifling—I
do not speak of lameness, hump backs, &c.;
but of knock-knees, bow-legs, and such minor
inelegancies, which so often mar the manly
form among civilized nations. He has not
form among civilized nations, which occasionally
make it tremendously hot; and it looks the
very place for thunder storms. And yet,
though the Cape is renowned for those un-
pleasant visitations, which are generally ter-
rific, they are almost unknown in Cape
Town. A gentleman who had resided
there for twenty-three years assured me that
he had only witnessed two in that period,
and neither of them of any violence.—The
Cape and the Kafirs.

The features are not Negro, though some of
them (especially Macone, who is the ugliest
man in his dominions) partake very much of
that character. High cheekbones are univer-
sal; but very respectably-shaped noses are
sometimes met with, instead of the flattened
"nigger" one. Their colour varies from al-
most black to a light copper hue. Their hair
is tufted and woolly; but they are very fond
of shaving the head.—lb.

The ship Daniel Webster brings the intel-
ligence that six passengers on the steamer

LAW RESPECTING NEWSPAPERS.

Subscribers who do not give express no-
tice to the contrary, are considered as wish-
ing to continue their subscriptions.

If Subscribers order the discontinuance
of their papers, the publisher may continue
to send them till all arrearages are paid.

If Subscribers neglect or refuse to take
their papers from the office to which they
are directed they are held responsible till
they have settled their Bill, and ordered
their papers to be discontinued.

If Subscribers remove to other places
without informing the publisher, and the
paper is sent to the former direction, they
are held responsible.

Ohio, were drowned at the anchorage off
Chagres. Two of them were ladies.

It is rumoured that His Excellency Sir Ed-
mund Head is about to visit England for a
few months, to represent in person at Down-
ing Street the interests of this Province in the
important negotiations now pending between
the Mother Country and these Colonies. We
believe that, in accordance with the Royal
instructions, the administration of the Gov-
ernment, in his absence, will devolve on the
senior military officer in the Province, Lieut.
Col. Murry, commanding the 72d High-
landers.—[Church Witness.

THE EAST REQUISITION.—The following is
the Hon. Mr. Street's reply to the last requis-
ition from Miramichi, calling upon him to
resign his seat in the Legislature:—

To John M. Johnston, Alexander Lounoun,
John Mackie and Andrew Mason, Esqrs.,
the Committee appointed at a Meeting held
in Chatham, in the County of Northum-
berland: to get up and procure signatures
to a requisition to Mr. Street, to resign his
seat in the Legislature of New Brunswick.

GENTLEMEN,—

I beg to acknowledge the receipt of your
letter of 10th inst., accompanied by a Requi-
sition numerous signed "disapproving of
the course pursued by me, and requiring me
to resign my seat in the Legislature, from be-
lieving (as the requisition expresses) in my
feelings to be adverse, and my views most pre-
judicial to the interests of the County, in
accordance (as it therein most incorrectly al-
leged) with my pledges to that effect."

Now as no specific acts or grounds are set
forth in this Document, upon which "your
disapproval" and expressed "belief" are
founded, I can only presume, especially from
observing that it is signed by many, if not
most of those, who signed the former requisi-
tion, that it has reference to the same ground-
viz., to my vote and conduct on the railway
question. I have therefore only to say, it is
to be regretted that you should have put your-
selves to so much trouble and expense in get-
ting up this second requisition, inasmuch as
I have but to refer you to my reply to the
former requisition, published in the Gleaser
under date of 22d ult., in the Head Quarters
of the 17th ult., and in sundry other News-
papers in the Province, as my answer to the
present most extraordinary and unjustifiable
document, got up by a Committee, appointed
at a meeting in Chatham for the express pur-
pose of procuring signatures thereto, how and
by what means you best know.

I address my reply to you as the Commit-
tee appointed to get this requisition up and
through whom I received it.

I have the honor to be,
Gentlemen,
Your very obedient servant,
J. A. STREET.

Fredericton, 14th April, 1852.

A CANINE MAGISTRATE.—The agent of
the American Express Co. owns a noble
New Found and dog, whose blood, we believe,
is crossed by that of a still nobler breed, th-
St. Bernard. He is a right majestic animal,
and the incident we have to relate may prove
him to be magisterial also. Two inferior
dogs got into a quarrel on the walk near the
Express office and had worried and wrenched
for some time, in a style as disgraceful as
anything seen in Congress, since the Jescent
of the body from its storied dignity. See-
ing that the difficulty was not to be ended at
once, the old fellow, who had been watching
the combatants from a little distance, ad-
vanced slowly to the fighters, and raising his paw
gave them a cuff upon the head, at the same
time looking stern reproof at the youngsters.

One of them turned tail and fled incontin-
ent, ly, while the other looked up at the Patri-
arch, wagged his tail mildly, in acknowl-
edgment of his rank and authority, and trotted
off. This was witnessed by several persons,
who struck with admiration at the conduct of
the dog, conferred upon him the title of
"Peace-maker." May his shadow never be
less.—Rochester American.

Lord Beaumont and his sister, the Honble.
Miss Stapleton, have at length succeeded from
the Chuch of Rome, and become members
of the Church of England.

The statement that the Marquis of Lon-
donderry has presented the Rev. Mr. Law,
who eloped with Lady Adelaide Vane, with
one of six rectories in his lordship's gift is
contradicted on authority.

The new governor of Malia, a strict Pres-
byterian, has given offence to the military and
inhabitants by a gloeing carnival, shut-
ting the military up for three days, to prevent
their participation in the fun, and shunning
all balls and festivals.

The Quebec Morning Chronicle says:—It
is rumoured that Major-General Gore, at
present commanding the Forces in Canada West,
is to be appointed Lieutenant Governor of
Nova-Scotia.

European Intelligence.

The steamship *Asia* arrived at New York on Wednesday morning last, from Liverpool bringing dates to the 10th inst.

The cotton market has again declined. Flour remained unchanged.

The London Times of the 7th announces the death of Prince Schwarzenberg, the Prussian Minister of Austria. He died at Vienna on the 15th April, of apoplexy.

The revenue returns for the quarter ending 31st April have been published. They are of an exceedingly satisfactory character, showing an improvement of over £100,000.

The Arctic Squadron will be employed in the search of Sir John Franklin was to sail from Woolwich on the 11th of April.

Both Houses of Parliament adjourned to the 19th inst.

Political affairs are quiescent, consequent upon the preparations which are being made for the approaching general election.

FRANCE.—The fears of a demand on France for reimbursement to the Russian government of its money now in French stock had not been realized. The Emperor would not demand repayment but merely security for his capital of fifty million of francs, at four and a half per cent.

A company had been organized for the establishment of a Railway between Lyons and Sardinia.

The Paris papers are filled with accounts of the presentation of the Cardinal's Hat to the Archbishop of Bordeaux, and of the taking of the oath of allegiance.

A Paris correspondent of the London Times states that the intelligence from Lyons and other manufacturing districts, are unfavorable. The slight improvement noticed some weeks ago in the silk trade has wholly subsided, and articles of luxury are generally much neglected.

The Patrie, an organ of Louis Napoleon, of a recent date, contains a leading and lengthy editorial article in favor of the United States expedition to Japan.

PRUSSIA.—The Prussian government contemplates a tax on railways. The Hotel of the Russian Embassy at Berlin was repairing for the reception of the Empress of Russia.

The upper Chamber had rejected a motion which would have cancelled the declaration of the constitution, that no civil disabilities are created by religious belief.

The constitution of the city of Bremen had been suspended, and a decree issued, prohibiting the circulation of papers, and the posting of placards.

PORTUGAL.—A ministerial crisis has again occurred, in consequence of the Cabinet having, on the 29th, been in a minority of 30 against 25, on adding a clause abolishing capital punishment for political offences to the reform charter.

CAPE OF GOOD HOPE.—Accounts from the Cape of Good Hope to the 31st of March, have reached England. The government's call for a Burger's levy was a failure. Four hundred British troops were in the Hospital at King Williams Town.

AUSTRALIA.—Later accounts from Sydney confirm the accounts of the prosperous state of the diggings and of the commercial affairs of the colony.

The Melbourne steamer from Sydney, N. S. W. arrived at Liverpool on the 6th, with £200,000 in gold dust. Two other vessels the day previous brought £160,000, and another was daily expected with £100,000.

Wonderful stories are received in England from the Australian gold mines. One account says the whole dividing range between Sydney and Victoria, known as the Snowy mountains, is one vast field of gold.

Another says that a ton and a half of gold in his tent waiting for an escort.

ITALY.—Another violent storm occurred in the Adriatic on the 16th March, doing great damage to the shipping at Ancona.

Wreck of the British Steam Frigate *Birkenhead*.—Loss of 454 lives!

Another terrible disaster has happened at sea. At two o'clock in the morning of the 26th of February, her Majesty's steamer, the *Birkenhead*, was wrecked between two and three miles from the shore of Southern Africa.

The exact spot at which the calamity happened was Point Danger. Off this point she struck upon a reef of sunken rocks. The ship was steaming eight and a half knots at the time. The water was smooth and the sky serene, but the speed at which the vessel was passing through the water proved her destruction. The rock penetrated through her bottom just aft the foremast, and in twenty minutes time there were a few floating spars and a few miserable creatures clinging to them, and this was all that remained of the *Birkenhead*. Of 635 persons who had left Simon's Bay in the gallant ship but a few hours before, only 184 remain to tell the tale. No less than 454 Englishmen have come to so lamentable an end.

There is no mystery about the calamity. We are not left, in the case of the *Amazon*, to conjecture the origin of the disaster. Just what happened to the *Orion* off the Scottish coast, or to the *Great Liverpool* off Cape Finisterre, has happened now. Captain Salmond, the officer in command, anxious to shorten the run to Algoa Bay as much as was possible, and more than was prudent, hugged the shore too closely. Four hundred and fifty-four persons have lost their lives in consequence of his temerity.

As soon as the vessel struck upon the rocks the rush of water was so great, that the men on the lower troop deck were drowned in their hammocks.

There was the happier fate; at least, they were spared the terrible agony of the next twenty minutes. At least the manner of death was less painful than with others, who were first crushed beneath the falling spars and funnel, and then swept away to be devoured by the sharks, who were prowling round the wreck. From the moment that the ship struck, all appears to have been done that human courage or coolness could effect. The soldiers were mustered on the after-deck. The instincts of discipline were stronger even than the instinct of life. The men fell into place as coolly as on the parade ground. They were told off in to reliefs, and sent—some to the chain pumps, some to the paddle-box boats. Captain Wright, of the 91st Regiment, who survives to relate the dreadful scene, tells us—

"Every man did as he was directed, and there was not a cry or a murmur among them until the vessel made the fatal plunge. I could not name any individual officer who did more than another. All received their orders, and had them carried out, as if the men were embarking instead of going to the bottom; there was only this difference that I never saw any embarking man conducted with so little noise or confusion."

DEATH OF THE HON. ALEXANDER BAIN.—We regret to announce the death of the Hon. Alexander Bain, of Miramichi, member of the Provincial Legislature of New Brunswick, on Saturday last, while on a visit to his brother, Mr. Robert Bain, at Broomborough-hall. Although from his retiring disposition he was comparatively little known here, there is not a fire-side in New Brunswick where his name is not a household word. Blessed with great wealth, and endowed with feelings of the highest Christian philanthropy, his charities were unbounded. During the great fire at Miramichi, his house was a refuge for hundreds of the destitute, and his efforts to alleviate the terrible and sudden misery arising from the conflagration, were unceasing. As a merchant he was the "very soul of honour." Seldom has so good a man passed from among us, for he was, in truth, the essence of a Christian and a gentleman.—*Liverpool Standard*.

LATE AND IMPORTANT FROM CHILI.—The *Winfield Scott* brought advices from Valparaiso to the 20th March.

An American whaleship, name not stated, was seized by the convicts at the Gallapagos Islands, and the captain and crew murdered. The convicts then proceeded towards Guayaquil, with the intention of opposing Gen. Flores. On their way they fell in with two schooners belonging to Gen. Flores, and having seized them, murdered all on board in the most brutal manner, including the nephew and son-in-law of Gen. Flores. In one of these vessels they cut the throats of fifty-three men from ear to ear. The whaleship was afterwards taken possession of by a Swedish frigate, the convicts placed in irons, and the vessel anchored in the Guayaquil River.

The expedition of Gen. Flores, it was believed, would prove a signal failure, though the greatest excitement still prevailed at Guayaquil, partly in consequence of a Swedish frigate having been stopped at the mouth of the River, to prevent vessels entering without proper papers.

DEATH FROM THE USE OF CHLOROFORM.—The *New Haven* papers announce the death in that city, of Mrs. Emily Norton, of Norwich Conn., aged 24, from the use of Chloroform. It seems that Mrs. N. has been afflicted for some years with a disease of the jaw and cheek, requiring the extraction of several diseased teeth, and went to New Haven to have the operation performed by her former medical attendant, Dr. Park. Having previously taken chloroform with good effect, she insisted on having it administered on this occasion. A bad drain only was used on a sponge; and almost while she was saying she felt no effect from it, and was asking for its more free administration, the doctor noticed the pulse suddenly to fail, and within three or four minutes from the time this charge was noticed, all signs of life were gone, and the most vigorous efforts to resuscitate the woman proved unavailing.

A Coroner's jury exculpated the Dr. from all blame.—*Boston Traveller*.

A committee of citizens of Chillicothe, Ohio, have addressed a letter to the Mayor of Boston, stating the fact that on the 1st inst., one fourth of the city of Chillicothe was laid in ashes, and that four embraced nearly all the important business houses, of every order, in that city, together with many valuable dwellings. The committee call upon Boston to contribute to their relief.

Report of the Council of the Montreal Board of Trade, for the year ending 31st March, 1852.—This is a lengthy and important document appearing in some of our Canadian papers, the matter which it contains, however, being chiefly of local interest, precludes the necessity of an extended notice. We quote the following paragraph:—

"The subject of a line of Ocean steamers to run between some port in Great Britain and the River St. Lawrence, has engaged much of the attention of the Council during the past year, and in accordance with a series of resolutions passed at a general meeting of this Board in August, a memorial was addressed to the Governor in Council, praying that such aid, in the shape of annual allowance or otherwise, as might be found necessary, would be granted by the Government, to induce individuals or companies to embark in the enterprise, as it was considered too great a risk to be undertaken without some public assistance. A deputation of the Council also proceeded to Toronto to urge on the Government the views of the Board, and it is gratifying to know that their efforts have at length a prospect of success and who distant period as the Department of Public Works has advertised for tenders for a line of Screw Steamers, which may be expected to be in operation next Spring. The value of this means of communication in the present aspect of trade, can scarcely be overrated, and the Council anticipate much advantage from its establishment."

THE STANDARD.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 23, 1852.

The Spring Term of the Court of Oyer and Terminer, and General Jail Delivery, was opened here yesterday. His Honor Mr. Justice Street presiding. His Honor's charge to the Grand Jury was lengthy: he observed, that he had hoped to have congratulated the Jury, as on former occasions, upon their punctual attendance; that the Court had been delayed beyond the usual hour to give time for those of the Jury who had to travel from a distance, but that the present bad state of the roads and the high freshets, were no doubt the cause of their absence. That Grand Jurors in the various sections of the Province where he officiated, had taken an active interest in their duties. He congratulated the Jury on the small Calendar; there were only two criminal cases, one for setting fire to a building, which, according to the laws of the land, is made a felony; the other for uttering spurious coin, which is a misdemeanor. He alluded to the present fair prospects of the Province, owing to the encouragement given by the Legislature last Session to railways, and pointed out the advantages which would arise to this Province from the construction of the Halifax and Quebec railroad. The benefits flowing from this great work would be the expenditure of nearly two millions of pounds, the great influx of population, the large demand for produce, and consequently the establishment of good markets. He next spoke of the St. Andrews & Quebec railroad, and stated that he was informed, the capitalists in England who had undertaken this work, intended very shortly to carry it on vigorously. His Honor then, at some length, showed the benefits which would follow to the Province from the great Provincial Exhibition to be held at Fredericton in October next, under the auspices of the "New-Brunswick Society for the encouragement of agriculture, home manufactures, commerce, &c."

We are happy to say only eight cases were entered for trial.

PUBLIC MEETING.

On Thursday last, 23d inst., a meeting of the householders paying rates upon property in the County, took place at the Court House, pursuant to notice, for the purpose of deciding whether they would accept of a Municipal Corporation. The High Sheriff explained the object of the Meeting, and read some of the principal provisions of the Municipal Act; after which he put the question "Do you accept the Charter?" The yeas and nays being numerous, a poll was at once demanded. The Sheriff decided that none but householders, paying rates, were entitled to vote, and that with a view to accommodate all who wished to vote, he had appointed as clerk Mr. Robert Ker, who would record their names in an adjoining room. The presiding officer vacated the chair, and Mr. Ker, Esq. was appointed thereto, when P. C. Lynch, Esq. addressed the meeting at some length in opposition to accepting the Charter. He was followed by Dr. Thomson, M. P. P. on the same side. John Wilson and L. Donaldson, Esqrs. followed, in favor of the Charter. Geo. J. Thomson, Esq. next engaged the attention of the meeting, and opposed the measure. Messrs. F. A. Babcock and James Boyd followed, strongly in favor of Municipal authorities. Geo. D. Street, Esq. then spoke against the adoption of the Act, followed by Mr. Wm. Smith, in favor of it; and succeeded by B. R. Fitzgerald, M. P. P., against the adoption of the measure at the present time. Mr. H. E. Seelye closed the address by a neat speech in favor of incorporating the County. We took notes of such speeches as we could hear, but are unable to publish them this week. Notwithstanding all the arguments which those gentlemen opposed to the measure brought to bear against it, we are satisfied that the Act would work well in this County, and that the adoption of the principle has only been delayed, and not rejected. Had the weather not been so stormy, and the freshets so high on our rivers, many intelligent persons from the upper Parishes would have been present, who are decidedly in favor of incorporating the County, and carried the measure by an overwhelming majority, even beyond the two-thirds vote. We understand that Capt. Robinson, M. P. P. was, we regret to say, detained from the meeting, in consequence of a severe domestic affliction—but for that, he would have expressed his opinions. At the

close of the Poll 285 persons had voted, of whom 169 were in favor of adopting the Charter, and 116 opposed to it; consequently it was lost by 21—two-thirds of 285, the whole number of voters, that is 190, being necessary to constitute a majority.

CARLETON STILL IN ADVANCE.—The inhabitants of Carleton having accepted the Municipal Act, petitioned the Legislature during the last Session, to be permitted to elect their Bye Road Commissioners, the House granted the prayer of the petitioners; but it was rejected by the Legislative Council. The Members for Carleton at once said, that if the people would elect Commissioners in each Parish, they would recommend the appointment of the persons elected, to the Government, which it appears the Executive assented to. The following Card, published in the Carleton Sentinel of the 20th inst., reflects much credit upon the Representatives of that County:—

PUBLIC NOTICE.—The inhabitants of this County having, by the acceptance of Municipal authorities, placed themselves in a position to enjoy to a greater extent than they have ever yet been able to do, constitutional self-government, we desire to see the principle fully carried out, and the patronage given where it properly belongs to the people, and have therefore determined that if the electors in the several Parishes have any wish to select from among themselves, persons to extend Bye Road Money, and will on the first Tuesday in May next, when the election for councillors takes place, elect by ballot, a commissioner for each Parish, we will take much pleasure in recommending their choice to the consideration of the Government for appointment, instead of acting upon our own knowledge of the qualification of parties, as formerly. Dated at Woodstock, in the County of Carleton, the 15th day of April, 1852.

RICHARD ENGLISH, H. H. BENDLEY.

MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS IN CHARLOTTE.

We learn from Charlotte County that the same deception and misrepresentations are practiced there to defeat the Municipal Act that were employed here; they even go so far as to represent the people of Carleton as being dissatisfied with the Act even before coming into operation—that if it is carried into effect no money will be granted by the Legislature—that before we gave the Act a trial we petitioned for various amendments, &c. Several other hog-goblin stories are set afloat to deter the people from voting for this measure, but if the men of Charlotte will take the trouble to think for themselves, the efforts of interested persons to dupe them will be of no avail. We did petition the Legislature for certain amendments to the Act, but it was not because we were dissatisfied with its principles; we wished it to go a little further. The House made the required alterations, and the Hon. Messrs. Hill and Brown from Charlotte voted for them in the Council, and with a little more help the Bill would have been perfected; but the opponents of the measure were rather too strong, and threw out the amendments; however, Carleton is going a head with the Bill as it is, confident that much good will result from it. We could wish that some of the opponents to this measure in Charlotte and elsewhere, were in Carleton to witness the satisfaction that now exists with regard to this measure. Many of its former most violent opponents are now found giving it their warmest support, and several have so changed their views as to be willing to accept seats in the council should they be elected.—With regard to the statement that if the Act is carried into effect, no road money will be granted, we have only to say, that we have accepted the charter, and the Bye Road Money, thanks to our Representatives and the Govt., has been granted, with advantages not possessed by any other county in the Province; we allude to the election of the Bye Road Commissioners, by the people. A notice on this subject from our Representatives will be found in this number, to which we would refer not only the people of Charlotte, but of the Province generally.—(*Carleton Sentinel*).

(From the Quebec Morning Chronicle).

We have recommended the appointment of Canadian agents at the different seaports of the United Kingdom, whose duty it would be to keep Canada before the British public and to divert the stream of emigration to the St. Lawrence from United States ports. At every port on the Continent of Europe and in Great Britain the Americans have consuls to attend to American interests, and we should have agents. The Toronto Globe has another notion, which is explained in the following paragraph:—

A CANADIAN AGENT IN LONDON.—An evident necessity begins to be generally felt, for a Canadian Financial Agent resident in London. We have railway enterprises, and local improvements of all kinds going forward—money is wanted for them, and safer investments could not be; but though capital to any extent is now seeking employment in England, from the want of knowing how to bring our schemes before the English public, it does not come here. If a Canadian Finance Agency could be established in London, with some well known person of standing and undoubted probity at its head—some one who knows the condition and capabilities of Canada and whose opinion would carry weight with capitalists at home—the case might be very different. How often do we hear of

Municipal bonds, and other securities, being sacrificed at ruinous rates, which, if properly placed on the London market, would command a premium. There are at present a number of County and City municipalities, and large Corporations seeking loans—why could not they combine with some man in Canada, and one in England, who would together undertake to negotiate for them? This might be the commencement of a permanent arrangement,—and at any rate it would be an expeditious and economical mode of obtaining their immediate demands.

LATER FROM CALIFORNIA.

By the arrival at New York of the steamer *Sierra Nevada*, we have received San Francisco dates to the 20th March, but the news is unimportant.

The rains had almost entirely ceased throughout California, and the floods generally abated. It is estimated that at least 20 lives were lost by the overflow, and that the whole loss by the flood will reach nearly half a million of dollars. The prospects of the miners were highly flattering, and all were reaping a rich harvest.

Several additional murders by the Indians are reported. Trade was slightly better, and an advance in most staples was confidently looked for. The California mails to the 20th ult. will be due in New York about Sunday.

In Eldorado county but little damage was done to the agricultural interests by the flood.

The Alta California estimates the shipments of specie for the first fortnight in March at \$3,000,000.

Mr. Fairchild, the comedian, died at Sacramento city of apoplexy on the 12th of March.

Thomas Brown, an Irishman, who was a companion of Colonel Fremont in his early trips to California, was drowned at San Francisco about the middle of March.

The accounts from Kingston, Jamaica, are of little moment. A deluge has prevailed in the market for some time past, and although the supply of imported goods is small, there is no disposition to pay better prices. Of pilot bread, the stock is heavy, and prices rule in favor of the buyer. Ordinary coffee is selling at 29 to 30 cents per 100 lbs. Corn meal is quoted at 18s. to 19s. 6d. Codfish nominally the same. The pork market is overstocked. Cheese plentiful at 61 for American. The stock of flour heavy; demand light.

THE WORK GOES BRAKELY ON.—The mission of the Hon. Mr. Hincks, we are assured from reliable authority, is proceeding in the most satisfactory manner. On Wednesday last, the news reached this City, which leads to the conviction, that the Conservative Government of England is inclined to be more liberal in the extension of aid towards Railways in these Colonies, than was ever anticipated from the late Whig dynasty. This expected dissolution of Parliament may protract the day of our prosperity for a short period, although the confident assurances of Sir John Packer ought to Mr. Hincks, encourage the hope that even this delay may be averted.—*St. John Chronicle*.

We observe by an editorial notice in the *Toronto Globe*, that the Rev. Robert Irvine, of St. John, N. B., a distinguished minister of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church in Ireland, and lately in connection with the Free Church of Scotland, has recently been on a visit to Toronto, where he remained about a fortnight, and preached several times in the different Presbyterian Churches to large and delighted audiences.—The *Globe* also intimates that a movement was being made by the Irish Presbyterian Congregation in connection with the Free Church, to obtain the services of Mr. Irvine as their pastor, and that at a meeting of the congregation held on the 22d ult., a formal call had been given to the Rev. gentleman. We are quite sure that should Mr. Irvine decide upon accepting to call to Toronto, the removal of so able and evangelical a minister will be severely felt by his present congregation.—*Presbyterian Witness*.

DEATHS.

At Oak Bay, St. David, on Saturday the 24th inst., after a tedious and painful illness, which she bore with Christian submission to the Divine will, Sarah, wife of Mr. David Smith of that place, and youngest daughter of the late Dugald Thomson of this town, in the 45th year of her age, leaving a sorrowing husband, and a large family, to mourn the loss of an affectionate, Christian wife and mother.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

To be Sold by Public Auction, on Saturday the 6th day of November next, between the hours of 12 a. m. and 6 p. m., at the COURT HOUSE in St. Andrews.

All the right, title, interest, claim, property and demand whatsoever of WILLIAM WILSON, of in and to all that certain tract or parcel of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon, situate in the Parish of St. Patrick, and lying on the South Eastern side of the road leading from St. Andrews to Fredericton, in the Northern angle of a Grant to Peter Stubs, containing 150 Acres, more or less being Lot No 5, and the same land which was decreed by said William Wilson to his sons William Wilson junr, James D. Wilson and Thomas C. Wilson on the 6th day October 1846. The same having been seized and taken to satisfy an execution at the suit of Edward Kelly endorsed to lery £76. 9. 4 Sheriff's fees &c.

THOS JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte.

Sheriff's Office, St. Andrews, April 27th, 1852.

At this Office of age, to let

NEW Between St. Andre

St. Stephen, about the 15th Apr for passengers and iron and despatch, tronage.

STEAM S

TOWN OF

drives two gang Trimming Mach and built of the a Lath Machine Chinery is so co Grist Mill being penne. For ter and further part

St. Andre vs.

That STORI

Eq. Apply on April 6, 1852

The Stockhol

on Monday, the 3 of choosing Direc ters into consideration them.

C. C. Bank, 31 April, 1852.

ST. ANDREW

NO

NOTICE is b in the above

THIRD CALL

has been made by Directors, by virt the power vested zation, and that s the 7th day of Ju following Banks, St. Andrews, St. John, Freder

Railroad Rooms, March 30th, [Royal Gaz

ST. ANDREW

NOTICE is b the Act of al Meeting of th will be held at th op the First vic the purpose of ch action of other b Dated Saint A

S. H. WHITL

FLOUR

MA

JUST ARR

Boston: 50 Pbls. C 6 Hids. P Which will b

N

The St

WILL, und Eastpo connection with reynance of Port will touch at Sal two hours ebb, a

St. Andrews,

Meet

The Court

General Jail the said Court House in St. day of April

At which t Coroners, an and all pers Courts are he their attenda By Orde

St. Andrews

Mo

WANTED

in St. Andre Office, stating

At this Office of age, to let

NEW PACKET.
Between St. Andrews, St. Stephen and St. John.
The subscriber respectfully informs the Public, that he will commence running his schooner the "SUSAN," as a Packet between St. Stephen, St. Andrews and St. John, about the 15th April. His vessel is well adapted for passengers and freight, and he trusts by attention and despatch, to merit a share of public patronage.
WM. J. LORD.

STEAM SAW MILL FOR SALE.
THE STEAM SAW MILL, situated in the Town of St. Andrews, with the privileges appertaining thereto. The Mill drives two gangs Saws with Edging and Trimming Machines, and is in good order and built of the best materials; there is also a Lath Machine in the Mill, and the Machinery is so constructed, as to admit of a Grist Mill being attached at a moderate expense. For terms, which will be liberal and further particulars, apply to
J. W. STREET or
WM. WHITLOCK,
St. Andrews, 6th April, 1852.

TO LET.
A STORE occupied by J. W. Street, Esq. Apply on the Premises.
April 6, 1852.

NOTICE.
The Stockholders of the Charlotte County Bank are requested to meet at the Banking house, on Monday, the 3d May, at noon, for the purpose of choosing Directors, and taking such other matters into consideration as may be brought before them.
C. C. BARK,
3d April, 1852.

ST. ANDREWS & QUEBEC RAILROAD.
NOTICE OF CALL.
NOTICE is hereby given to the Shareholders in the above Company, that a THIRD CALL OF TEN PER CENT. ON THEIR SUBSCRIBED STOCK, has been made by a Resolution of the Board of Directors, by virtue and under the authority of the power vested in them by the Act of Incorporation, and that such Call is payable on or before the 7th day of July next ensuing, at either of the following Banks, viz:—Charlotte County Bank, St. Andrews; British North American Bank, St. John, Fredericton, and Woodstock.
By Order of the Board,
S. H. WHITLOCK, Secretary.
Railroad Rooms, St. Andrews,
March 30th, 1852.
[Royal Gazette, and New Brunswick.]

ST. ANDREWS & QUEBEC RAILROAD COMPANY.
NOTICE is hereby given, that in pursuance of the Act of Incorporation, the Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Company, will be held at the Town Hall, in Saint Andrews, on the First Tuesday in May next at noon, for the purpose of choosing Directors and for the transaction of other business.
Dated Saint Andrews, March 24, 1852.
JOHN WILSON, President.
S. H. WHITLOCK, Secretary.

FLOUR & SUGAR.
MARCH 29th, 1852.
JUST ARRIVED, per the Union from Boston:
50 Bbls. Canada S. fine FLOUR,
6 Hhds. Prime Muscovado SUGAR,
Which will be sold low from the wharf.
J. W. STREET

NOTICE.
The Steamer STAG, CAPT. MITCHNER,
WILL, until further notice, ply between Eastport, St. Andrews, and Calais, in connection with the steamer ADMIRAL, for conveyance of Portland and Boston passengers, she will touch at Saint Andrews, when not more than two hours ebb, and at Joe's Point at other times.
DIMOCK & WILSON, Agents.
St. Andrews, 27th March, 1852.

Meeting of Courts.
The Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and Nisi Prius for the said County will be held at the Court House in St. Andrews, on Tuesday 27th day of April next, at 12 o'clock.
At which time and place all Magistrates, Coroners, and Constables of said County and all persons required to be at these Courts are hereby Publicly Notified to give their attendance.
By Order of Her Majesty's Justices,
THOS JONES,
Sheriff of Charlotte.
St. Andrews, March 24th, 1852.

Money Wanted!
WANTED £50 or £100, for which ample security will be given on freehold estate, in St. Andrews. Address "W." at the Standard Office, stating terms &c.
[March 17.]

Wanted.
At this Office, TWO BOYS from 12 to 16 years of age, to learn the Printing business.

TO LET.
A HOUSE and premises with a good Garden lot attached, in Queen street, lately occupied by Mr. D. Bradley, and owned by the heirs of the late Cornelius Connolly.
March 2. Apply to J. W. STREET.

For sale or to Let, FOR A TERM OF YEARS, AND Possession given 1st May next.
THE HOUSE in St. George, owned and occupied by the subscriber. It contains nineteen rooms, and a very large and perfectly fitted proof cellar. The building is well known as a Public House, and is by far the best stand in the Village. The lot on which it stands, is sufficiently large, for several other buildings.
STUART SEELYE,
St. George, Feb. 23, 1852.

CARD.
MR. CROASDALE begs to inform the public that he is now prepared to execute with neatness and despatch, Writing and Draughting of every description.
Mr. C. having had considerable experience in the above branches, flatters himself he will be able to give satisfaction to those who may require his services.
St. Andrews, February 17th, 1852.

S. K. FOSTER'S LADIES' FASHIONABLE SHOE STORES.
Germania Street, Saint John & Queen Street Fredericton.
JUST RECEIVED.

THE Subscriber has just received from London per Steamer via Boston:—TEN CASES LADIES' CLOTH and Prunella BOOTS.
Also, an Elegant assortment of the Newest styles Ladies' Bridal Slippers, and Ladies' and Misses Evening Dress Slippers.
Orders addressed to either Store will receive immediate attention.
Dec. 13. S. K. FOSTER.

PUBLIC NOTICE.
I HEREBY CAUTION all persons from either purchasing or negotiating five certain Notes of Hand, drawn by me and made payable to one Joseph P. Hay, as follows:—one made payable for Twenty-five Pounds, in November 1851; one for Twenty-five Pounds, payable in November 1852; one for Twenty-five Pounds, payable November 1853; one for Twenty-five Pounds, payable in November 1854; one for Twenty-five Pounds, payable in November 1855; said notes being given to said Joseph P. Hay for a certain House and piece of Land, wherein said Joseph P. Hay has no title whatever; therefore there has been no value received for said notes, and I will not pay them.
I also caution all persons from purchasing a certain note of Land, drawn by me in favor of Susan Sawyer, for six Pounds five shillings, payable on demand in 1850, having received no value whatever for said note.
JOHN MITCHELL,
Dated at Milltown, St. Stephen, October 27, 1851.

PROFESSIONAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.
ADMITTING, ON EQUAL TERMS, PERSONS OF EVERY CLASS AND DEGREE, TO ALL ITS BENEFITS AND ADVANTAGES.
CAPITAL L. £250,000.
INCORPORATED.
BY the deed of settlement the Directors have power to appropriate one-tenth of the entire profits of the Company—
1st. For the relief of aged and distressed parties assured for life, who have paid five years' premiums, their widows and orphans;
2d. For the relief of aged and distressed proprietors, assured or not, their widows and orphans together with five per cent. per annum on the capital originally invested by them;
3d. To thereby secure advantages to the living, not to be found in any former existing company.
All Policies by this Company indisputable—No charge for Stamps.
ASSURANCES against paralysis, blindness, insanity, accidents, and other bodily and mental afflictions.
Chief Offices, 70, Cheapside, London.
JULIUS THOMPSON,
Agent for New Brunswick.
St. Andrews, August 26, 1851.

TO LET.
IN consequence of the Admiralty having ordered the remaining stores to be sold off, the Government Property at Welchpool, Campbellello, WILL BE LET for a term as may be agreed upon. The property consists of Provision Stores, Boat House, Coal House, and Sail Loft; is well situated, the stores spacious, and admirably adapted for doing an extensive business in dry, pickled and smoked fish. Any quantity of salt, iron, paint, painted oil, and of British staple and fancy Goods, can be disposed of to advantage by wholesale or retail, being so close to the United States.

IRON and STEEL.
Just received per Norway from Liverpool 365 BARS and 74 Bundles IRON, 3 Cases and 2 Bundles STEEL, Crow Bars, Iron Posts, Balconies and Tea Kettles, &c. at as low prices as can be purchased in the Province.
May 28, 1851. ODELL & TURNER.

ST. STEPHENS BANK, St. Stephens, March 1, 1852.
DIVIDEND of Five per cent. will become payable on the 30th inst.
D. UPTON, Cashier.

NOVEMBER, 1851.

FALL AND WINTER GOODS.
ODELL & TURNER, Importers of British and Foreign Goods Water Street, St. Andrews.
Have just received from the Manufactories, per ship "Speed," a part of their Fall and Winter supply of British Merchandise:—
Consisting of—
SQUARE and LONG SHAWLS, newest style best quality.
BLANKETS, FLANNELS, SHIRTING and long CLOTHS, BONNET RIBBONS, latest fashion; HOSIERY and GLOVES, A large supply of SHEFFIELD GOODS, per Montrose.
Per ships "Montrose," "Queen Pomare," "Themis" &c. :—
Superfine Wooldyed BROAD CLOTHS, Black, Blue and Brown Beaver and Pilot Cloth, Doeskins of every new design, Gentian, Tweeds and Union Cloakings, A very extensive stock of seasonable DRESS GOODS, at lower prices than ever before offered, consisting of ORLEANS, Plain and mixed Alpaccas, Shet, Olegons, Coburgs and Scotch Prints, Gals Flairs, 7-6 and 5-4 Prints newest styles, Black Orleans, Lustres, Coburgs, Crapes &c. A large Stock of every description of Haberdashery. Also, English Groceries, Loaf and Crushed Sugars, Teas, &c. &c. Hardware, Sheffield Cutlery, and Joiners' Tools, Iron and Steel, Earthenware, Salt, &c. A large lot of London STATIONERY—Superfine, laid and wove Foolscap, Satin, Post, Note, Pot, and Blotting Papers, Blank Books, Ledgers, and Day Books, Steel Pens, Quills, Ink, Pencils, Water, Envelopes, &c. The above completes our FALL and WINTER STOCK, which is offered for sale at low prices, wholesale and retail.
St. Andrews, Nov 5, 1851. ODELL & TURNER.

PUBLIC NOTICE.
HAVING received a Petition, signed by upwards of fifty resident Freeholders and Householders, paying Rates upon the property, of this County, a copy of which is enclosed, together with the names of the signers thereof, praying that a Public Meeting may be called, for the purpose of taking into consideration the propriety of Incorporating the County of Charlotte, in conformity with the Act for the establishment of Municipal authorities in this Province: I do hereby call a PUBLIC MEETING, to be held in the County Court House at St. Andrews, on THURSDAY the 22d day of APRIL next, at 12 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of taking the prayer of the said Petition into consideration; and I do hereby also give Notice to all concerned, to govern themselves accordingly.
Copy of Petition, and Signers' Names thereto:—
To THOMAS JONES, Esquire, High Sheriff of the County of Charlotte.
Sir, Whereas "An Act to provide for the establishment of Municipal Authorities in this Province," passed the Legislature on the 30th of April last, and was specially confirmed, ratified, and finally enacted by an Order of Her Majesty in Council, dated the 7th day of August: Now, therefore, we the undersigned, resident Freeholders and Householders, of this County, paying rates upon Property, pray that, on as early a day as practicable, a Public Meeting be called, at the County Court House, for the purpose of taking into consideration the propriety of Incorporating the County of Charlotte in conformity with the said Act.
Robert M. Todd, J. P.; George Hosford, Charles F. Stewart, Patrick M. Mahan, W. Thompson, Geo. F. Todd, Mir L. Todd, James W. Perkins James Condon, William Condon, Jacob Haley, Abner M. Allister, H. S. M. Allister, James Lowden, S. R. Nutt, George Hillz, Daniel Harmon, Joseph Townsend, Wm. Ross, William Blair, E. S. Smith, Henry M. Monroe, John O'Sullivan, John Austin, T. Wilder, William Smith, Ebenezer R. Doten, Joseph J. Doten, David Woodcock, John Regon, Samuel Scott, Thomas Cotterell, Jeremiah Rogers, David Smith, Rufus Dean, John Finley, Thomas Black, Jr., Samuel Ions, Charles Black, John Black, John Mitchell, John Fitzmaurice, H. W. Young, Nicholas School, Henry School, George Ferguson, Robert Ferguson, Thos. Turner Odell, William Prindle, L. Donaldson, John A. Young, John Wilson, J. P.; F. A. Babcock, Thomas Berry, A. W. Smith, C. R. Hatheaway, Alex. T. Paul, M. S. Hannah, B. R. Fizzgerald, Stephen M. Curdy, Andrew Elliott, Alex. Watson, James M. Chase, Joseph Watson, James Milligan, Thos. Algar, John Nibbitt, Isaac Scofield, James Clark, W. H. Mowat, Henry Hinchings, Robert Hinchings, Robert Eastman, Timothy F. Harley, Hugh Meloney, Obediah Clark, Sargent Meloney, James Meloney, John Balson, Samuel T. King, Horatio N. Hill, Albert Robinson, Andrew Watters, John Watters, John Magoon, Edward Sprague, L. Lane, John Simpson, Andrew Harrington, Thomas Robb, Silas N. Lane, Tobias McLean, Sidney S. Robinson, Warren Condy, Patrick Hinchey, Angus Hodgman, John Simpson, David J. Inosh, Michael Gilder, Jacob Moody, James S. Upson, Cyrus S. Brown, Randall Lowdon, George Will, George Chok, Henry O'Neill, John Lockhart, John Fortune, John D. Cameron, Michael Paul, John Grant, James M. Carter, Charles Bradley, John Morrison, Ouis Turner, Richard Turner, David Hanson, Samuel Turner, Hiram Hanson, Robert Purree, Peter Dow, James Turner, John

ROYAL MAIL STAGE.
Between St. Andrews and St. John.

THE Subscriber, having Contracted with the Post Office Department to carry the MAIL, has commenced running a STAGE, from St. Andrews to St. John, according to the following arrangement, viz:—
Leaving Saint Andrews, every day at 12 noon, (Sundays excepted), and Saint John every day, at 10 o'clock, A. M. (Sundays excepted).
The well known disposition of this Mail route, to give every attention to the Comfort and Convenience of Passengers, will, he trusts, secure him a full share of Public patronage.
The Stage Boks will remain open at the St. Andrews Hotel, St. Andrews and at the St. John Hotel, St. John.
GEORGE CHRISTIE,
St. Andrews, Feb. 2, 1852.

Notice to the Public.
A CHANGE having been made at Robinson in the arrival and departure of the United States Mails, in consequence of which the Mails from this Office do not reach St. Andrews in time for direct transmission to the United States—the following change, commencing on Friday the 23rd instant, will be made in the Mail Arrangements between this City and St. Andrews: viz: Mails for St. Andrews, &c., will close at this Office at 10 o'clock, daily, SUNDAYS excepted, and the Mails from St. Andrews, &c., will leave that Office daily, SUNDAYS excepted, at about noon, or as soon as possible after the arrival of the Mails from the United States.
J. HOWE, Postmaster General.
General Post Office, St. John, 22d Jan. 1852.

WHISKY.
"Sophia," from Greenock.
1 Puncheon best MALT WHISKY
Oct. 11, 1851
J. W. STREET

TO BE LET.
THE COTTAGE opposite the residence of D. W. JACK, Esq., lately occupied by Mr. Rice. Possession on the 1st of May. Apply to J. W. STREET, Esq., or the subscriber.
JEROME ALLEY,
St. Andrews, April 20th, 1852—41.

BY AUTHORITY.
CROWN LAND OFFICE, April 6, 1852.
THE undermentioned Lots of Crown Land will be offered for sale by Public Auction on Tuesday the fourth day of May next, at noon, by the respective Deputies at their Offices, agreeably to the Regulations of 11th May, 1843, and no sale or credit will be made to any person who is indebted to the Crown for previous purchases.
Purchasers will not be allowed to interfere with the right to cut Timber or other Lumber on these Lots under application already made.
No person is allowed to hold more than one hundred Acres payable by instalments.
YORK
At Crown Land Office, Fredericton.
100 acres, lot 23, block 26, Magaguadavic River, R. Herbet, 10s. per 100 acres survey.
100 acres, lot 13, block 7, Skiff Lake road, Thomas Cunningham improved, 3d. acre survey.
100 acres, lot R. block 12, Skiff Lake road, D. M. Ross improved.
50 acres, lot 50, block B, between the first and second Eel River Lakes, A. D. Allan.
R. D. WILMOT, Sur. Gen.

STEAMER NEQUASSET.
THE Steamer Nequasset Capt. T. Carey is again on the Route, and will ply daily between Eastport, St. Andrews, Robinson, and Calais, and in connection with the Steamer Admiral for St. John, on Wednesdays, and for Boston on Thursdays, until further Notice.
ROBERT KER, Agent.
10th April, 1852.

NOTICE.
ALL Persons having any legal demands against the Estate of John Christie, deceased, are requested to present the same duly attested within three months from this date; and all persons indebted to said Estate, are requested to make immediate payment to
GEORGE CHRISTIE, Administrator.
St. Stephen, April 13, 1852.

For sale or to Let,
THE HOUSE and PREMISES, on Frederick street, now occupied by the Rev. John Ross; and possession to be given on the 1st July next, or perhaps earlier, if required.
D. W. JACK
April 2, 1852.

Molasses, Sugar, FLOUR, &c.
Just received per the Defence from Boston 20 Hhds. prime retailing MOLASSES, 10 Hhds. Muscovado SUGAR, 100 Bbls. Extra "E" Fine Canada FLOUR, 10 do. do. "E" Fine Flour, 2 Bags CORN, &c. &c. Which will be sold low.
Nov. 3, 1851. J. W. STREET.

JUST RECEIVED.
Flour, Tea, Sugar, Molasses, Candles, Soap, &c. For sale low by
JOS. WALTON.



SHERIFFS SALES

To be Sold at Public Auction on Saturday the 7th day of AUGUST next, at twelve o'clock, at the COURT HOUSE in St. Andrews.

ALL the right, title, interest, claim and demand of CYRUS YOUNG, of in and to the following Properties, viz:
All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, containing 300 acres, in the Parish of St. David, being part of a tract granted to Jacob Young, and purchased by said Cyrus from Jacob Young.

Also, all that part and parcel of Farm Lot No. Four and Five, block letter X, Fanning's division, in said Parish, containing 50 acres, purchased by Cyrus and Joseph Young, from William Stewart.

The same having been seized and taken to satisfy an Execution at the suit of John Young, endorsed to levy £300 11 0, besides Sheriff's fees, &c.

THOS. JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte.

Sheriff's Office, St. Andrews, Jan. 20, 1852.

To be Sold at Public Auction on Saturday the 7th day of AUGUST next, at twelve o'clock, at the COURT HOUSE in St. Andrews.

ALL the right, title, interest, claim and demand of William Patterson, Jun. of in and to the following Property, viz:
One Half of 450 acres of Land in the Parish of St. George, bounded on the south by lands formerly owned by one Solomon Stone, and purchased by the said William Patterson and Samuel Patterson, Jr., from Samuel Patterson; the said half being the moiety unsold.

The same having been seized and taken to satisfy an Execution, at the suit of Samuel Patterson, endorsed to levy £16 13 3, besides Sheriff's fees, &c.

THOS. JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte.

Sheriff's Office, St. Andrews, Jan. 20, 1852.

To be Sold at Public Auction on Saturday the 7th day of August next, at twelve o'clock, at the COURT HOUSE in St. Andrews.

ALL the right, title, interest, claim and demand of WILLIAM WILSON, of in and to the following Property, viz:
All that Land lying in the Parish of Saint Patrick, on the south-eastern side of the road from St. Andrews to Fredericton in the northern angle of a grant to Peter Stubbs, containing 150 acres, more or less; being lot No. 5, together with the buildings thereon.

The same having been seized and taken to satisfy an Execution, at the suit of Richard M. Andrews, endorsed to levy £16 11 11, besides Sheriff's fees, &c.

THOS. JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte.

Sheriff's Office, St. Andrews, Jan. 20, 1852.

NOTICE.

WE have this day associated in Business, under the style and firm of

F. A. BABCOCK & CO.

as COMMISSIONERS and GENERAL MERCHANTS.

F. A. BABCOCK.

ALBERT S. BABCOCK.

St. Andrews New Brunswick, Jan. 8th, 1852.

FLOUR.

ONE HUNDRED BARRELS superfine Wm. Old Canal Canadian FLOUR.

Ex schooner "Utica" from Boston.

J. W. STREET.

January 1, 1852.

EQUITABLE

FIRE INSURANCE

COMPANY

OF LONDON.

CAPITAL £5000,000 STERLING

Board of Local Directors for New Brunswick.

R. F. HAZEN,

WILLIAM WRIGHT,

EDWARD ALDISON,

JOHN H. GRAY,

WILLIAM JACK,

PROPOSALS for Insurance against Loss

Damage by Fire on Buildings, Household

Furniture, Goods, Stock in Trade, Farming

Agricultural Stock, &c., will be accepted, and

reins granted on application to

GEO. D. STREET, AGENT.

St. Andrews, 27th Jan. 1851.

OIL, PAINTS, TEA, &c. Dec. 4,

1851:—

Just received, per Leshmahagow, from

Liverpool, via St. John:—

7 Hbds. Boiled and Raw L. Oil,

13 Cwt. best White Paint, 28 and 14lb

kegs

20 Chests Superior Souchong Tea.

10 Half Chests, do.

8 Cwt. S. 9, and 10 lbs. best Horse

Nails,

J. W. STREET.

JUDSON'S

CHEMICAL EXTRACT OF



CHERRY AND LUNGWORT,

FOR THE CURE OF

Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Spitting

of Blood, Night Sweats, Asthma,

Liver Complaints, and

CONSUMPTION.

DO NOT NEGLECT IT.

CONSUMPTION

Can be and has been cured in thousands

of cases by this only certain remedy.

JUDSON'S CHEMICAL EXTRACT OF

CHERRY AND LUNGWORT,

and no remedy has ever before been discovered

that will certainly

CURE CONSUMPTION.

The most strongly marked and developed

cases of Pulmonary Consumption where

the lungs have become diseased and

ulcerated and the case so utterly hopeless,

as to have been pronounced by Physicians

and friends, to be past all possibility of

recovery, and it was thought to be dying,

has been cured by this wonderful remedy,

and are now as well and hearty as ever.

It is a compound of medicinal herbs which

are peculiarly adapted to and essentially necessary

for the cure of

COUGHS AND CONSUMPTION.

Its operation is mild, yet efficacious; it

loosens the phlegm which creates so much

difficulty, relieves the cough and assists

nature to expel from the system all diseased

matter by excretion, producing a most

delightful change in the breathing and chest,

and this, after the prescriptions of the very

best medical men and the inventions of

kind sorrowing friends and Nurses, have

failed to give the smallest relief to the

Consumptive sufferer.

THOUSANDS OF CONSUMPTIVE

persons have been deceived in buying

medicines which were said to be infallible

cures, but which have proved only

palpative, but this medicine is not only a

palpative but a cure for ulcerated lungs.

It contains no deleterious drugs and one trial will

prove its astonishing efficacy better than

any assertion by certificates or curing

consumption and all diseases of the Lungs,

such as Spitting of Blood, Coughs, pains

in the side and chest, night sweats, &c. &c.

About 1000 certificates of almost miracu-

lous cures, performed by this medicine,

from some of the first Doctors, Clergymen,

and Merchants, have been sent us for

this medicine. But the publication of them looks

too much like Quackery, [will show them

to any person calling at our office.] This

medicine will speak for itself and enough

in its own favour wherever it is tried.

Caution.—This medicine is put up in a

large bottle and you must find the name of

Comstock & Brother, Proprietors, New

York, on the splendid Wrapper around the

bottle. All orders must be addressed to

Comstock & Brother, No. 9, John St.,

New York.

TO OWNERS OF AND DEALERS

IN HORSES.

CARLTON'S FOUNDER OINTMENT.

For the cure of Founder, Splint, Hot

Hoof, bound Hoof, and contracted Hoof,

Vermin Feet, Wounds, Bruises in the flesh,

Galled Backs, Cracked Heels, Scratches,

Cuts, Kicks, &c., on horses.

CARLTON'S KING-BONE CURE.

For the cure of Ring Bone, Blood Spavin,

Bone Spavin, Windgalls, and Splint—a

certain remedy.

CARLTON'S CONDITION POWDERS

FOR HORSES AND CATTLE.

The changes of weather and season, with

the change of use and feed, have a very

CAUTION.—None can be genuine unless

they bear the name of J. Carlton Comstock

on the wrapper of each article.

COMSTOCK'S VERMIFUGE.

This is the most extraordinary remedy

for Worms ever used; it effectually erad-

icates Worms from both adults and children.

It cannot harm the most delicate infant or

strongest adult, and never fails to complete,

in root out and destroy all kinds of Worms.

The cost, 25 cts. per bottle, puts it within

the reach of all, and all parents who are

without it are wantonly exposing the lives of

their children to these fell destroyers of

youth, "Worms." Look for the name of

Comstock & Brother, proprietors, on the

wrapper of each bottle.

RHEUMATISM.

Comstock's Key Brand Liniment, is war-

ranted to cure any "Rheumatism, Gout,

Contracted Cords, and Muscles, or stiff joints,

strengthen Weak Limbs, and enables those who

are crippled to walk again. Comstock & Brother,

Proprietors, New York had none genuine

without their name on the wrapper.

TOOTHACHE.

DR. KEENE'S DENTURE, for the cure of the Teeth,

ache. It is with confidence we can recom-

mend it as an infallible cure in 24 cases, without

any injury to the teeth or gums. Price 25 cts.

CARLTON'S LINIMENT FOR THE PILES.

It is now used in the principal hospitals, and

in the private practice. In our country, by an im-

mense number of individuals and families, first

and most certainly for the cure of the PILES, and

also extensively and effectually as a reliable

remedy in the following complaints:—

For Dropsy, Coughing, extraordinary absorption

of water, Spitting of Blood, Chronic, giving

immediate relief. For Dropsy, By Canals, Ul-

cers, of Colds, Croup and Whooping Cough, Ex-

ternally and over the chest. All Brucis, Speaking

and Barking, Coughing in a few hours. Sores and Ul-

cers. Whether fresh or long standing, and Fe-

ver sores.

Its operation upon adults and children in reduc-

ing rheumatic swellings, and loosening coughs

and tightness of the chest by relaxation of the

parts, has been surprising beyond conception.

CAUTION.—All of the above named articles are

found only New York by Comstock & Brother, No.

9, John Street, Proprietors from Brooklyn.

Sold also in St. Andrews, by Odell & Turner,

Dr. Carke, S. L. Tilly, St. John; L. Ryder,

St. John; J. W. Brantley, Fredericton; R.

Parsons, Woodstock; G. Spear, Robinson;

and by our Agents every Town in New Bruns-

wick. Enquire for Comstock's Almanac for 1852

which is given gratis.

Grocery & Provision Store.

JOHN B. BALSON,

Respectfully announces to the inhabitants

of St. Andrews, and vicinity, that he

has opened the store next Pheasant's

House where he has received a

rich supply of Groceries

and Provisions, suitable for this market

—consisting of—

SUPERFINE FLOUR, in bags and

Barrels; Fancy Biscuit, Meal

Flour, Coffee, Brown and Crushed Sugar

Molasses, Mould and Dip Candles,

Brown and Fancy Soap,

Fine and coarse Salt,

BARLEY, Mustard, Pepper, Ginger,

Allspice, Salsaparilla, Nutmegs, London

Pickles, Pepper Sauce, Lemon Syrup,

CONFECTIONERY, Dates,

Potatoes, Cigars, Snuff, Pipes,

Starch, Button Blue, Blacking,

Baking and Washing Soda,

Boots and Shoes, Pails, Brooms, &c.

Which, together with a great variety of

other articles, will be sold at the lowest

prices for cash.

ALSO, in Store,—

Coils of CORDAGE, a lot of Grind Stones

&c. &c.

St. Andrews, June 17, 1851.

HEALTH where it is SOUGHT.

Flour, Stoves, Oil, Fluid.

100 BARRELS No. 1, CANADA

Flour.

10 Superior Cooking Stoves, newest patterns;

9 Parlor Stoves, do do.

1 Cook Stove, do do.

1 do Pumping Fluid.

W. WHITLOCK.

St. Andrews, Dec. 21, 1851.—31

SURROGATE COURT.

COUNTY OF CHARLOTTE

In the matter of the Estate of Daniel Cum-

mingham late of the Parish of Saint

David in the County of Charlotte, de-

ceased.

WHEREAS Lachlan Doon adminis-

trator of all and singular the

goods, Chattels, and credits which were of

the said Daniel Cunningham deceased, at

the time of his death, hath this day filed

his Account with the said Estate, and hath

prayed that the Creditors and next of Kin

of the deceased, and all persons interested

in the said Estate, may appear and attend

the passing and allowance of the said

account.

NOTICE thereof is therefore hereby given,

to all the Creditors and next of Kin of

the said deceased, and to all persons inter-

ested in the said Estate, and they are here-

by cited to appear before me at a Court of

Probate, to be held at the Office of the Re-

gistrar of Probates in Saint Andrews, in

the said County of Charlotte, on Saturday

the Tenth day of APRIL, next, at the

hour of one in the afternoon, to attend

the passing and allowance of the Account of

the said Administrator.

Given under my hand and the Seal of

the said Court, this tenth day of

December A. D. 1851.

(Signed) H. HATCH,

Surr. Judge.

Geo. D. Street,

Registrar of Probates.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.

The following were adopted as Standing

Rules in the Session of 1851:—

37th.—That no Bill of a private nature