

RIAL LEADERS DEFINE ISSUE

White Slave Traffic is Before Congress

Details of Traffic in All Its hideousness laid bare in report of Commission. Recommended That Campaign Against Evil Be Assiduously Prosecuted—Deportation Urged.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 10.—All but incredibly revolting are the disclosures as to an international system of traffic in and the enforced and voluntary degradation of men and women, contained in the report of the so-called "white slave traffic," submitted to Congress today by the United States Immigration Commission.

Much of the subject matter of today's report was covered by the commission in its 1,400 page preliminary report published and widely discussed a year ago. Today's report is briefer, containing but sixty pages, and a large part of it is summary for newspaper publication.

The report begins with an introduction explaining the nature and terminology of the "white slave traffic," and concludes with a series of recommendations, mostly of an administrative character.

The commission, in describing the manner of its investigations, recounts the experiences of many of its agents. In some cases, they were attacked and beaten and actual murder was narrowly averted.

Financial profit is the basic motive for the traffic; but of the women and girls abroad, although many are sold into the net of the procurers, many human attributes operate to accomplish their destruction.

ASQUITH AND BALFOUR IN DEFINITE STATEMENTS OF THEIR SEVERAL POLICIES

Prime Minister Before Monster Meeting in Albert Hall Declares That the Liberal Government Stands for the Limitation of the Powers of the House of Lords and the Self Government of Ireland—Dismisses Suffragettes Appeal in a Sentence.

Rt. Hon. A. J. Balfour in Simultaneous Appeal to Electors of London Holds That the Government is Desirous of Inaugurating a One-Chamber Administration—Makes No Attempt To Define Tariff Reform—History of Crisis Reviewed.



HERBERT HENRY ASQUITH

London, Dec. 10.—At a monster meeting tonight in Albert Hall, Herbert Henry Asquith, the British Prime Minister, laid down the policy on which the Liberal Government is appealing to the country. He repeated what had been said by other ministers—that if it were returned to power the Government would demand the limitation of the power of the House of Lords and then he went a step further and pledged the Liberal party to self government for Ireland.

The meeting was marked by the greatest enthusiasm for an audience which filled the vast hall and which greeted Mr. Asquith and the ministers who accompanied him with round after round of cheering.

Mr. Asquith in his speech pointed out that just four years ago Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, then prime minister outlined in Albert Hall the policy of the new Liberal Government which included many reforms for the representatives of the people in the House of Commons had labored faithfully to carry into law the measure prohibited, but their will had been nullified; and as a fitting climax, the supplies which the House of Commons voted had been stepped upon by the House of Lords. Therefore, the House of Commons was on the eve of another dissolution and it had fallen to his lot to take up the burden, but they were not going to make that mistake again.

"I tell you in the name and on behalf of the Liberal party," Mr. Asquith proceeded, "we have at this moment laid upon us a single task—a task which dominates and transcends every great and beneficent social and political change upon which our hearts are set. That task is to vindicate and establish upon an unshakable foundation the principle of representative government."

violently thwart the prejudices of the House of Lords. "Speaking last year before my accession to the premiership," Mr. Asquith continued, "I described the Irish policy as the one undeniable failure of British statesmanship. I repeat to-night what I said then, and on behalf of my colleagues and, I believe, on behalf of my party, I reiterate that this is a problem to be solved only in this way, by a policy which, while explicitly safeguarding the supreme and indivisible authority of the Imperial Parliament, can set up in Ireland a system of full self-government as regards purely Irish affairs. There is not and cannot be any question of rivalry or competing for supremacy subject to these conditions. That is, the Liberal policy. For reasons which we believe to have been adequate the present Parliament was dissolved in advancing and in the new House the Liberal Government at the head of a Liberal majority will be in this matter entirely free."

Mr. Asquith defended the budget as necessary to social reform and in this respect old age pensions were the first step. The budget, he contended, had been thrown out by the House of Lords and the result was, confronted with three constitutional innovations.

The premier, continuing, said that neither he nor any other Liberal minister supported by a majority in the House of Commons was going to submit again to the rebuffs and humiliations of the last four years.

Mr. Asquith's speech was interrupted by a man who interrupted Mr. Asquith momentarily with cries of "Votes for women!" Then they were promptly ejected.

He cites the United States, where the fundamental principle of the constitution is that every class of property should be taxed alike and says no such measure as the British budget could be adopted there without a two-third majority of both houses or become law without a national referendum government, like that of Greece.



ARTHUR J. BALFOUR.

of the country, while even if the House of Representatives imposed special taxation it could be rejected by the senate or vetoed by the president. "I am not so moderate," says Mr. Balfour in the manifesto, "as to demand such security for the British citizen, but only that, if exceptional taxation is imposed at the caprice of a minister he should not be deprived of the only means known to the constitution by which an appeal to his fellow-countrymen may be secured."

Mr. Balfour contends that the single chamber system is impossible even in the region of finance and that no machinery, however imperfect, for securing an appeal to the people should be abandoned until better had been devised.

After a brief criticism of the budget, the manifesto refers at length to the problem of unemployment and the one extreme difficulty which is impossible to remedy by ten government proposals. It then proceeds to state that Mr. Balfour anticipates the results from tariff reform.

Truro, N. S., Dec. 10.—The case against W. L. Rutledge for robbing the express office here last May was taken up at 10 a. m. today, but developed into a retrial and cross examination of the chief witness against Rutledge than a prosecution of the prisoner. Laurie Burgess, was the chief witness.

One Man Two Seats

Government Faces Another Awkward Division on Question of Laurier's Ottawa Seat.

Motion to Question the Speaker's Ruling Defeated by 29-Majority—A Lively Debate.

Ottawa, Dec. 10.—Another small government majority only 29 this time. Another awkward division for the administration. An affirmation that does not hold with English parliamentary traditions. One Man; Two Seats. The political facts of the case are these: It has been a rule of the British House of Commons for many years that if a member is elected in two constituencies he must resign one of them within the first seven days of the ensuing session. That is sound parliamentary practice, determined by the experience of the mother of parliaments. Everybody knows that, in the earlier years of confederation without exception, this rule was observed. If not Sir John Macdonald on finding himself with two seats resigned without waiting for the session to open, Mr. Edward Blake vacated his extra seat fifteen days after election. Mr. Daiton MacCarthy, the seventh day. The Laurier government has begun to violate it. Mr. Lemieux held Nicolet and Gaspe for 15 months. Sir Wilfrid Laurier was elected in Ottawa and Quebec East in October 1908 and is still holding both. A protest presented to him from resigning last session; the protest was dropped and this, the second session is over four weeks old but the premier shows no sign of resigning. The Ottawa Liberals are so difficult that the Liberal party is holding on.

Previous Proceedings. The foregoing is the political fact in the case. Today's division was held on a question of procedure, properly understood, has a serious meaning.

On December 1st, Mr. Meighen raised the matter as a question of privilege. Mr. Speaker Macleod took a day to consider the matter and then ruled that the rules of the House, Mr. Meighen's argument was this: "There is no specific rule in the regulations of the Canadian House dealing with the subject. But Rule 1 of the Canadian House stipulates that in all cases not specifically provided for the Canadian House is to be guided by the usages and forms of proceeding," which obtained in the British House on July 1st, 1867. Therefore the British practice applies.

The Speaker's Doubts. Mr. Speaker Macleod this by arguing that this piece of British parliamentary practice is established by sessional orders of the British House. These sessional orders expire at every prorogation therefore if the British House was prorogued on July 1st, 1867 there were no such order in existence. He did not know whether the British House was in session or not on July 1st, 1867. As a matter of fact the British House was in session on that day. Further the Speaker raised the question whether sessional orders of the British House are included in the rules, usages and forms of proceeding of that House. He held they were not and so ruled Sir Wilfrid Laurier not to have offended against Canadian parliamentary practice.

Mr. Meighen on a motion to go into supply moved the following amendment: "That in the judgment of this House sessional orders of the House of Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland in force on July 1st, 1867, are within the meaning of the words 'rules, usages and forms of proceeding' contained in rule 1 of the House of Commons of Canada." Mr. Aylesworth defended the Speaker's ruling and opposed the amendment. At the outset he scolded Mr. Meighen for not having challenged the Speaker's ruling. He passed on to an argument that sessional orders inasmuch as they expire and are temporary not of the same character as standing orders.

ZELAYA COMPLAINS OF UNJUST TREATMENT

Managua, Dec. 10.—"The United States unjustly condemns my administration," said President Zelaya in an interview with a staff correspondent of the Associated Press today. "I proposed to Secretary of State Knox that he submit the case to the investigation of a committee of his own choosing agreeing to surrender my rights to the presidency if the charges in his letter to Isidore Heuser, the former Nicaraguan minister to the United States, were sustained. Secretary Knox has not replied. "Defenceless against the hostility of a powerful nation, I must submit, although I have been condemned unheard."

ALL HOPE ABANDONED FOR MISSING STEAMER

Conneaut, O., Dec. 10.—All hope that the car ferry Marquette and Bessemer No. 2 outlived the wintry gale which has made of Lake Erie a watery graveyard during the last 72 hours, was practically abandoned at the head offices in Walkerville, Ont., of the Marquette and Bessemer Dock & Navigation Company, owners of the ill-fated vessel. It is believed that Captain R. R. McLeod, of Conneaut, Ohio, and his crew of 21 men, have gone down to death with the big steamer.

LEADERS ARE MILES BEHIND RECORD NOW

New York, N. Y., Dec. 10.—No six-day bicycle race is won in a first burst of speed. The fatigue of desperate sprinting earlier in the week showed itself today and tonight in listless and lagging riding. From a position at one time of more than 20 miles in advance of the record, the leaders dropped steadily to the rear, and at ten o'clock tonight were 39.5 miles behind their mark for the corresponding hour a year ago.

KELLEY TO BE TRIED ON SEVEN COUNTS

Portland, Maine, Dec. 10.—The Grand Jury of the United States district court which was discharged today, returned 46 indictments, a record-breaking number for recent years. The feature of their report was that returning of seven indictments against William J. Kelley, the alleged smuggler of Richmond, N. B., whose case bids fair to become international fame, owing to the action taken by the Canadian Government in his claim that when he was captured on November 16, by United States Marshal Steven, and Deputy Collector Peters, he was on Canadian soil.

ESCAPED LUNATIC SHOT DOWN AFTER LONG CHASE

Shreve, Ohio, Dec. 10.—After murdering Sheriff Jacob Bell, of Holmes county, running wild for 48 hours and terrorizing the countryside, O. E. Dole, an escaped patient from the Madison State Hospital for the insane, was shot down and captured on the farm of R. S. Wells, one mile north of here tonight. He died on the train going to Wooster.

RUTLEDGE HIS OWN LAWYER IN THEFT CASE

Truro, N. S., Dec. 10.—The case against W. L. Rutledge for robbing the express office here last May was taken up at 10 a. m. today, but developed into a retrial and cross examination of the chief witness against Rutledge than a prosecution of the prisoner. Laurie Burgess, was the chief witness.

1 MAN 2 SEATS AT OTTAWA

probable length of duration. Every layman in the House knows that that was not common law. Further it was not common law. For example, the national defence is provided in England by an annual act. Because the military act is re-enacted yearly would Mr. Aylesworth argue that there is no law against mutiny.

BOARD OF TRADE COMMITTEES HAVE BEEN APPOINTED

At a meeting of the Board of Trade held yesterday morning the resignation of Mr. George E. Barbour was read. The committee on a successor will be taken up by the board at a special meeting.

Mr. H. Estabrook, the president, introduced the subject of permanent work which he referred to in his annual address, and suggested that the board appoint a special committee to cooperate with the City Council, and to bring about some practical results.

The members present were favorable to his ideas and will refer the matter to the full board to appoint a committee. The committees for the year are as follows:

- Council. T. H. Estabrook, W. C. Cross, W. H. Thorne, W. S. Fisher, John Sealy, W. F. Hatheway, J. G. Crosby, J. N. Harvey, James Pender, R. T. Hayes, Joseph A. Likely, H. B. Schofield, E. F. Fox, H. Colby Smith, F. B. Robinson, C. H. Schofield, H. P. Robinson. Taxation. W. F. Boothill, H. B. Schofield, J. H. McRobbie, W. E. Earle, W. F. Hatheway, G. E. Barbour, A. P. Hazen. Banking and Insurance. F. B. Francis, E. M. Shaoholt, T. B. Blair, R. W. W. Frink, A. P. Hazen, T. H. Robinson, R. H. Kessen, J. M. Queen. Pilgrimage. H. C. Schofield, R. C. Elkin, J. T. Knight, J. Willard Smith, Percy W. Thomson. Harbor and Ship Improvements. H. B. Schofield, W. F. Hatheway, Charles McDonald, W. E. Foster, W. H. Thorne. Safeguards in Approaches to St. John. H. C. Schofield, W. F. Hatheway, Joseph A. Likely, W. E. Vroom, E. C. Elkin, A. C. Currier, F. Starr. Finance. A. P. Hazen, C. H. Eason, A. C. Fairweather, T. B. Robinson, manager Union Bank of Halifax. Manufacturers. R. T. Hayes, E. S. Stephenson, Geo. W. Fleming, F. C. Beattie, D. George Clarke, Alex. Fowler, C. Brown, W. S. Fisher, Chas. McDonald, H. C. Rankine, C. W. Stewart, F. H. Flewelling. Information and Statistics. J. Hunter White, C. B. Lockhart, H. H. Pickett, M. E. Agar, Jas. Jack. Tariff and Customs. John Sealy, J. H. Roach, Jas. Pender, C. P. Baker, Frank Skinner, E. H. Peters, E. L. Rising, G. A. Kimball, T. Gorman, Fred Foster. Subsidy. H. C. Schofield, John Sealy, J. G. Harrison, Alex. Wilson, W. H. Barnaby. Legislation. W. M. Jarvis, J. E. Wilson, A. O. Skinner, W. H. Harrison, Edw. Lantieri. Transportation and Freight. H. Colby Smith, W. H. Barnaby, Jas. D. Seely, H. H. Schaeffer, J. A. Thill, E. A. Schofield, L. G. Crosby, H. E. MacDonald, F. E. Williams, L. C. Prime. Reception. President, W. M. Jarvis, Jas. F. Robertson, Robert Thomson, Vice-president, Wm. Downie, H. H. McLean, G. West Jones. New Members. J. N. Harvey, H. Colby Smith, H. B. Schofield, H. A. Porter, T. D. Walker, T. E. Ryder, S. Walter M. Mackin, E. A. Goodwin, H. C. Schofield, L. W. Barker, G. A. Troop. Education. W. F. Hatheway, T. H. Somerville, J. E. Secord, W. S. Fisher, A. H. Wetmore. Room. S. S. Hall, W. E. Vroom, Jos. Bullock, H. H. Horton, W. F. Hatheway. Annual Report. President, W. S. Fisher, W. F. Burditt, vice-president W. M. Jarvis. New Industries. J. N. Harvey, W. E. Foster, C. W. Brown, C. E. Vall, E. B. LeRoy, Geo. S. Cushing, M. Mooney, H. P. Robinson, H. B. Schofield, E. L. Rising, J. Fraser Gregory, W. B. Tennant, F. A. Secord. Permanent West Indies Committee. H. B. Schofield, John Sealy, G. E. Barbour, L. G. Crosby, C. H. Peters. Advertising. H. P. Robinson, A. M. Belding, David Moore, H. E. Schofield, F. B. Francis, C. E. Allen, W. C. Clarke, J. Walter Allison.

PRODUCE IS WELL ADAPTED FOR POTATOES

Some years ago potato growing, to which the soil and climate of the province is admirably adapted, was an important branch of farm economy, and the market was found largely in the cities of the New England States.

Increased Production. The result of increasing markets has wonderfully stimulated the growing of potatoes, which with the introduction of improved machinery is now a profitable business. In 1908 the annual production from 5,380,264 bushels in 1904 to 7,839,374 bushels in 1908 and nearly 11,000,000 bushels in 1909.

Four Steamship Lines. There are now four steamship lines sailing from St. John to West Indian, Cuban and Mexican ports, one of them a direct Cuban service with an admirably ventilated hold, landing her cargo in perfect condition in eight days from St. John to Havana.

Thus far on account of the exceedingly wet autumn, harvesting was much interfered with there are now sailing forward to the Cuban and West Indian markets large shipments of choice quality which are winning their way in competition with potatoes grown under more favorable conditions in Nova Scotia and elsewhere.

The cost. It is estimated that a good crop of potatoes which will be from 250 to 325 bushels per acre, can be raised in New Brunswick for an expenditure of less than \$50 per acre. With a price which rarely stands below 25 cents per bushel, and generally exceeds that figure, the good grower reaps his reward according to his ability to grow crops.

These statements show that the potato is a good cash crop. The indications are that there will be a continually expanding market for the New Brunswick output.

100TH ANNIVERSARY OF QUEEN SQUARE S. S. Interesting Programme Arranged for Special Services Tomorrow—Meetings on Monday and Tuesday. The services in connection with the celebration of the 100th anniversary of the Queen Square Methodist Sunday school will begin on Sunday morning at 11 o'clock, when an appropriate sermon will be preached by the Rev. Nell McLaughlin.

Council Retains Five Assessors EXHIBITS AT AMHERST TOOK MANY PRIZES

At the adjourned meeting of the common council yesterday afternoon the old board of five assessors was re-elected for another year. The vote was practically unanimous after a previous motion to cut the board down to three members had been voted down by eight to nine.

Ferry matters occupied much attention and the important change made of taking the supervision of the ferry away from the city engineer and giving entire control to the superintendent. The resignation of Mr. H. Adam Glasgow was accepted and the appointment of a successor vested in the council.

The protection at Rodney wharf was again brought up and a committee consisting of the chairman of the board of works, the recorder and city engineer was appointed to inquire into the matter and report back to the council. The application of the White Candy Co. for exemption from taxation was referred to the Treasury Board.

A communication relating to the case of the N. B. Cold Storage Co. in the Supreme Court was referred to the recorder, on motion of Ald. Scully. A communication from Messrs. Earle, Belyea and Campbell asking damages for Mrs. John H. Lea who was injured by falling on the ferry was read. The city engineer was again referred to.

The motion was carried unanimously. A circular asking assistance to erect a memorial on the battle-field in the north of England was read. The common clerk was instructed to acknowledge the receipt of the circular and to recommend that application be made to the committee and St. Andrew's Society for contributions.

The application of the White Candy Co., Ltd. for exemption and guarantee of the tax to the Treasury Board on motion of Ald. Belyea. Andrew Crawford's application for ten days' pay while ill, was sent to the ferry committee.

Mrs. A. W. MacRae's acknowledgment of the resolution of sympathy passed by the council in the death of her husband was received. Mrs. Ann MacRae was invited to settle for land damages incurred on the Loch Lomond extension was sent to the water and sewerage board. Chief Kerr asked that a full month's pay be paid to the widow of J. H. Davidson. On motion of Ald. Vanwart this was ordered.

He was surprised to see a telegram from the Minister of Public Works in a newspaper the morning before the matter was brought up in council. Ald. Scully and Ald. Belyea raised the objection that Ald. Potts was out of order in speaking of the bridge. Ald. Potts continued to speak of the bridge he said because of his personal interest. He had told him that it cost him \$900 a year to use the ferry and that he wished to be elected alderman again this year for the purpose of booming the bridge.

Speaking of the pink ticket system in use at the ferry Ald. Potts related his experience one Sunday afternoon in selling 1,000 tickets out of his own pocket. Collector Donohue passed through 712 passengers in 25 minutes. With regard to the team service he had the evidence of Sgt. Baxter who stood at the East side gates that the system worked better than ever before. He would be ashamed he said, to be in the position of the West side representatives.

Ald. Scully said Ald. Potts had gone out of his way to trap abuse on the members of the council who had resigned. He had no personal objection to the ferry chairman's course but at all the meetings Ald. Belyea had been present and he had no objection to the ferry chairman's course but at all the meetings Ald. Belyea had been present and he had no objection to the ferry chairman's course.

With regard to the bridge question he was satisfied that it would stand on its own merits. He was willing that the question should be submitted to the people at the civic election next April. No Head Nor Tail. Ald. Lewis was in favor of the present system of collecting fares. The ferries had been a humbug for seven years. There was no head nor tail to it.

Ald. Belyea said it was unfortunate for the people of the West Side of the harbor that he had not canvassed for the chairmanship of the ferry committee. He had done so, he said, but he had not been recognized by the ratepayers when he passed through which had been the experience of Ald. Potts.

Ald. Baxter seconded the resolution and spoke in favor of giving the new ferry superintendent the head of the department should make all appointments. The ferry superintendent however, was of another class. He moved that the appointment of a ferry superintendent should remain with the council.

Ald. Scully seconded the resolution, and spoke in favor of giving the new ferry superintendent the head of the department should make all appointments. The ferry superintendent however, was of another class. He moved that the appointment of a ferry superintendent should remain with the council.

NEW BRUNSWICK FRUIT. The awards in the recent fruit competition at Amherst was made by Mr. R. W. Starr of Wolfville, N. S., one of the most distinguished fruit growers of the province, and a recognized authority on fruit throughout Canada and the New England States. He should be very gratifying to all New Brunswickers and the province is to be congratulated that we have at last been able to place on record by actual demonstration the capabilities of our soil for the successful production of apples.

It is all the more encouraging from the fact that the exhibits here gathered from almost every county of the province, and settles the matter once for all, that with good culture, proper pruning, orchard care and careful selection of the varieties suitable to the locality, we may have all we want for home consumption and many for export if reasonable conditions are met.

The following were New Brunswick exhibitors in county competitions: Albert county, 1st prize, W. A. Collette, Mapleton. Varieties—Max Codling, Gravenstein, Greenlade, Pumpkin Sweet, Stark, Bibston Pippin, Mother Merritt, Bishop Pippin, Mann, Blenheim Pippin. 2nd prize, J. A. Collette, Mapleton. Varieties—Greenlade, Mother Merritt, Gravenstein, Gano, Tolman Sweet, Bibston Pippin, Bishop Pippin, Max Codling, Alexander, Pumpkin Sweet.

Albert county, 3rd prize, George A. Stevens, Hillsboro. Varieties—Golden Russet, Ben Davis, Baldwin, Gano, Pomeroy, Calmer, Gravenstein, Alexander, Winter Bough, Greening. Sunbury county, 1st prize, J. W. Stephenson, Upper Sheffield. Varieties—Salome, B. B. Dyer, Winter Bough, Pomeroy, Alexander, Gano, Golden Russet, McIntosh Red, Wolf River.

Sunbury county, 2nd prize, F. A. Hubbard, Dartmouth. Varieties—Bishop Pippin, Eckels Pippin, Bethel, Fameuse, N. Spy, Wealthy, Alexander, Wolf River, McIntosh Red, Golden Russet. York county, 1st prize, S. B. Hatheway, Fredericton. Varieties—Bishop Pippin, Wealthy, McIntosh Red, Miling, Alexander, Fameuse, Ben Davis, Scotts Winter, Golden Russet, Wolf River.

Gloucester county, 1st prize, T. E. Carter, Bathurst. Varieties—St. Lawrence, Fameuse, Gravenstein, Striped, Fameuse, Halbut, Northern Spy, Alexander, Seedling, Wealthy, Wagner, Westmorland county, 1st prize, Benjamin Charters, Charterville. Varieties—Bishop Pippin, Wealthy, Alexander, Bell de Boskeen, Fallawater, Bethel, McMahon White, Wealthy, Wolf River.

Westmorland county, 2nd prize, Geo. L. Welling, Shediac. Varieties—Ben Davis, Gravenstein, King of Tompkins, Stark, Pewakee, Bishop Pippin, McIntosh Red, Bethel, Twenty Ounce, Northern Spy. Queens county, 1st prize, Geo. McAlpine, Lower Gagetown. Varieties—Wolf River, Alexander, Canada Baldwin, Blue Pearmain, Dudley Winter, Blenheim Pippin, Golden Russet, Bishop Pippin, Northern Spy, Baxter. Queens county, 2nd prize, James P. Belyea, Lower Gagetown. Varieties—Blenheim, Baxter, Fallawater, Winter Bough, R. I. Greening, Bishop Pippin, Northern Spy, Alexander, Golden Russet, Gravenstein, Ribston Pippin, King of Tompkins, Baldwin. Queens county, 4th prize, S. I. Peterson, Upper Gagetown. Varieties—W. Sharp, the chairman, Mr. J. C. Chesley and Mr. John Ross, that the salary of Mr. Ross be increased to \$900 and that he be required to devote his whole time to the city.

ICE COMPANY GUILTY OF CREATING MONOPOLY

New York, N. Y., Dec. 10.—The American Ice Company, one of the great corporations which lives by dealing in the necessities of life, was found guilty today in the state supreme court, of restricting competition and attempting to create a monopoly of the sale of ice. The jury was out one hour and forty minutes and when the foreman announced the verdict the court immediately imposed the maximum sentence of \$5,000 fine, under the provisions of the so-called Donnelly anti-monopoly law of this state.

The significance of the verdict lies not so much in the relatively trivial amount of the fine imposed as in the information made by John S. Stanchfield, of counsel for the defence, that a financing against the company, which he said supplies 8,000,000 consumers, would mark the first step in its ultimate dissolution.

Stockholm, Dec. 10.—The Nobel Prizes awarded annually from the income of the Nobel Foundation established by the will of the late Alfred B. Nobel, the Swedish engineer and inventor, were distributed to this year's recipients today.

The Peace Prize was given as usual at Christiania, being divided between the statesmen Baron d'Estournelles de Constant, of France and M. Beernaert of Belgium.

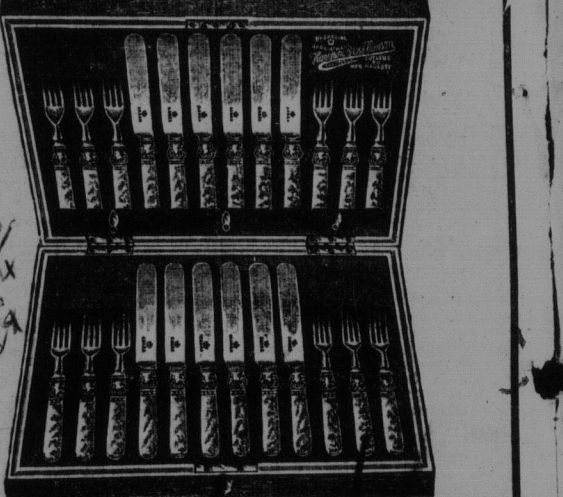
WOMAN WALKS OFF WITH NOVEL PRIZE

Stockholm, Dec. 10.—The Nobel Prizes awarded annually from the income of the Nobel Foundation established by the will of the late Alfred B. Nobel, the Swedish engineer and inventor, were distributed to this year's recipients today.

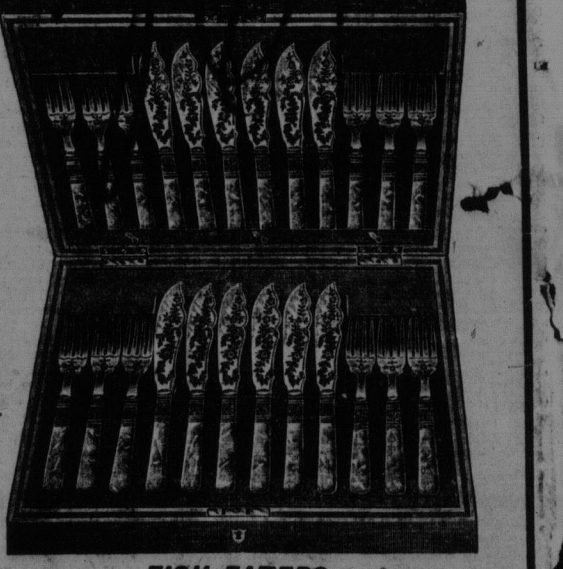
The Peace Prize was given as usual at Christiania, being divided between the statesmen Baron d'Estournelles de Constant, of France and M. Beernaert of Belgium.

The Nobel Prizes awarded annually from the income of the Nobel Foundation established by the will of the late Alfred B. Nobel, the Swedish engineer and inventor, were distributed to this year's recipients today.

Case Cutlery IN BEAUTIFUL WOOD CASES



DESSERT SET Carvers in 3 and 7 piece sets with Stag, Celluloid and Silver Handles. Fish Servers, Dessert Sets, Fish Eaters Table Knives and Forks with Carvers. These goods have been carefully selected from stocks of the best Sheffield makers.



FISH EATERS W. H. THORNE & Co., Ltd., Market Square, ST. JOHN, N. B.

Going Out of Business

SALE OF ENTIRE STOCK OF

DRY GOODS

*In Store No. 7 King Street
The Following Goods:*

Mainly Ladies' and Misses' Jackets and Skirts, Silk Shirt Waists and Blouses, Corsets, Hosiery and Gloves, Silks and Velvets, in all shade and Colors.

Dress Goods, all makes and colorings. Colored and white all wool Flannels. Bed Tickings by the yard, 10c. up. Cloth Cashmere Suitings, in all colors, from 25c. up. Irish Poptins, Storm Serges, Cashmeres and Lustres, in fact

all kinds of Dress Materials, with big stock of Linens by the yard, also a big lot of Satin Finished Napkins in all qualities, and Satin Finished Table Cloths, Fine Towels and Towelings by the yard.

Stair Carpets, Oilcloths, Covers, Buttons and Braids and all kinds of Dry Goods usually found in an up-to-date Dry Goods House, with Blankets, Quilts and all kinds of Cotton Goods.

*In Store No. 9 King Street will
be Found the Following Goods:*

Men's Overcoats, Boys' Overcoats, Men's Suits, Boys' Suits, Men's Shirts and Drawers, Boys' Shirts and Drawers, Dress Shirts, Top Shirts, Sweaters, Gloves, Ties, Braces, Collars and Cuffs, Umbrellas, Suit Cases, real leather and imitation; Shirt Buttons and Cuff Links, Handkerchiefs.

All kinds of Men's and Boys' Hosiery, Night Shirts, Rain Coats, in all qualities; Travelling Rugs, Tailors Cloths, by the yard; Hair Line Worsteds, 56 inches wide, Winter weights;

Scotch and English Tweeds, in even patterns, all 56 inches wide, for Fall and Winter wear, prices from 70c yd. up, with Buttons and Braids.

This Valuable Stock must be sold at once, Wholesale and Retail, no reserve, prices no object, all are invited. This Sale is now on and will continue until all is cleared out.

Large Mirrors also for sale, Show Cases, Window Fittings etc.

J. W. MONTGOMERY,

7 and 9 King Street, . . . St. John

TY
NOPOLY

The Am
of the great
dealing in
found guil
reme court,
and attempt
of the sale
it one hour
en the fore
t the court
maximum
der the pro
nnely anti
A formal
rdict as not
and a re
reasonable
but Justice
for a stay
preparation
ction is the
d will prob
ghest court

verdict lies
ively trivial
ed as in the
S. Stanch
efence, that
company,
000,000 con
first step in

second prizes,
very encour
s in New
people real
province in
n the widest
is take hold
est and the
e worth mil
vince.

FF
EL PRIZE

The Nobel
from the li
dation estab
late Alfred
engineer and
ted to this

iven as usual
ided between
l'Estournelles
and M. Beer.

ry
ES

h Stag,
Eaters
arvers
om stocks

h Stag,
Eaters
arvers
om stocks

h Stag,
Eaters
arvers
om stocks

, Ltd.,
N. B.

The Standard



Published by The Standard Limited, 82 Prince William Street, St. John, Canada.

MANAGING DIRECTOR—Jas. H. Crockett.
EDITOR—S. D. Scott.

SUBSCRIPTION

Morning Edition, By Carrier, per year, \$5.00
Mall, 4.00
Weekly Edition, by Mail, per year 1.00
Weekly Edition to United States 1.50
Single Copies Two Cents.

TELEPHONE CALLS:
Business Office Main 1723
Editorial and News Main 1746

SAINT JOHN, SATURDAY MORNING, DEC. 11, 1909.

MR. ASQUITH'S PLATFORM.

Mr. Asquith's programme speech indicates that the Lords are not to be "strangled" after the summary fashion proposed in the fiery address of some of his colleagues. Should the Liberals win in the Lords it will be a part of Parliament. The worst that is to happen is that they will be deprived of their power to throw out budgets and supply bills. That is to say it will be declared by statute that the Commons alone shall control public finance. What Mr. Asquith now declares to be unwritten law will hereafter be settled by statute, and the Lords themselves will be obliged to assent to this bill. As the Lords profess to be perfectly willing to give effect to the will of the people this issue is left with the electors.

While Mr. Asquith declares that there is only one issue before the nation he introduces another. For the first time since 1895, if not since 1852, a distinct authoritative pledge is given to the Home Rule party that if the Liberals win Home Rule legislation will follow. The Liberal party has been in power four years with a majority large enough to pass any government measure through the House of Commons. In that time no action was taken or proposed in the direction of Home Rule. Mr. Asquith says that there were reasons against it which seemed sufficient. He does not state them, but the reason which suggests itself is that in the Parliament now dissolved or dissolving the Liberal majority was so large that the Irish vote was not required to keep the government in office or to place it there. The announcement appears to be the ratification of a campaign bargain.

Home Rule leaders have within the last few weeks prepared the public for this announcement from the Premier. They have declared that Ireland never had an opportunity like the present to strike for her own cause. They have pointed out that the time was at hand when Home Rulers would hold the balance of power and would be able to dictate terms. Evidently they have done so and the terms have been accepted. Mr. Asquith himself, has not been regarded since 1893 as an ardent Home Ruler. Mr. Morley, Mr. Lloyd George, Mr. H. Gladstone and some others of his colleagues have been all along in favor of the policy of 1902 but they are not supposed to have had much sympathy from the Premier or Mr. Haldane, or Sir Edward Grey. Since Lord Rosebery returned to the question to the decision of "the dominant partner" liberalism has offered little cheer to the Nationalists. Therefore the distinct promise of a parliament at Dublin may be regarded as almost a new platform. It is a tribute to the precision with which Mr. Redmond and his friends selected their opportunity.

This new issue is liable to divide attention with the constitutional question. What effect will it have in driving back the Conservative fold those free trade Unionists who left the Liberal party nearly a quarter of a century ago to defeat Home Rule? How will it strike the non-conformists who are alleged to be almost unanimously against the Lords, even those like Sir Robert Perks who are also against the budget? Sir Robert's particular aversion in the other branch of Parliament is not the land holding peers, but the bishops. But there are many in his alliance of dissenters to whom a parliament in Dublin would seem almost as dangerous as a complete parliament of spiritual peers at Westminster.

A WONDERFUL RESCUE.

Most people are familiar with the story of Helen Keller, who without the senses of sight and hearing and the native use of speech has become a scholar, an author, and a public character, and is apparently one who gets as much of the good of life as the most fortunate of her fellows. But it is known that she is a remarkably intellectual woman, who, from her infancy had the advantage of the best training that money could buy, or skill added to devotion could devise. Principal Fraser, of the School for the Blind in Halifax, has a story of another class of student whose likeness to Helen Keller is mainly in their physical disadvantages. This boy at eleven years of age was without training of any kind. He was weak and undisciplined, and his mind was almost a blank when he reached the age at which Helen Keller had a high school training and was in contact with strong and inspiring intellectual influences. Professor Fraser gives a record of a little more than two years, which, when all things are considered is not less wonderful and encouraging than the history of Helen Keller. This is Mr. Fraser's account.

One of the most interesting pupils now attending this school is a boy named Albion Nickerson, who was born in Tidville, Digby county, Nova Scotia, on June 25th 1896. When six months old he had a severe illness which resulted in the loss of both sight and hearing. He entered this institution in April, 1907, at which time his mind was almost a blank, his temper uncontrollable, his habits undesirable, and his physique weak and puny. I realized that the intellectual training of the boy in such a condition was practically impossible, and that efforts should first be made to train him in habits of cleanliness and to give him regular outdoor exercise. He was next placed in the kindergarten class and a beginning was made in teaching him the ordinary kindergarten occupations. For many months there appeared to be but little improvement in the boy's mental condition, but as he grew more robust and his interest became awakened, he ceased to give way to fits of temper and began to take an eager interest in everything that he could recognize by touch. As a means to his

development his teacher made him responsible for the taking out and putting away of the appliances used in the schoolroom. This duty was performed by him in a most satisfactory and neatness which indicated the boy was not slow in applying elsewhere. In due time a commencement was made in teaching him through the manual alphabet the names of objects which were placed in his hands or which he had sought out for himself. After acquiring a limited vocabulary he was taught to recognize the names of the same objects when printed in the Braille system, and now he is able to both read and write in this system all the words which he has learned. If a cup or spoon or knife or fork be handed to him he will immediately spell the name of the object with his fingers or write it out in the Braille point system. If on the other hand his teacher spells upon her fingers the name of an article such as key or hands him a slip of paper with the word key written in Braille he will at once select from a dozen or more articles the key or whatever other article may be required. Albion displays an eager interest in his work, and no pupil in the school appreciates his studies more than does this deaf-blind boy. He enjoys playing with his schoolmates and enters with zest into all the games in which he can participate. Leap-frog is one of his favorite amusements, and no one who had known the puny lad of two years ago would believe him to be the same boy as the sturdy, bright faced, energetic Albion of today. Of course this boy's education is only just begun, but enough has been accomplished to prove that he possesses mental faculties of no mean order and that with patience and perseverance upon the part of himself and his devoted teacher he is in a fair way to have opened to him a knowledge of the world in which he lives.

MR. BALFOUR'S MANIFESTO.

Mr. Balfour's manifesto, as condensed and described by an apparently unsympathetic agency, is much less fervid than the heated temperature of the opening campaign speeches would lead us to expect. It has always been Mr. Balfour's way to keep cool when others were hottest. This plan worked well when he was secretary for Ireland. But a general election may call for different treatment. As we know from Mr. Balfour's reference to Lord Advocate Ure he can use strong language. This manifesto is an argument on the subject of a double chamber parliament, part of which is answered the same day by Mr. Asquith's statement that the Liberals do not propose to concentrate all the power in one chamber. But like Mr. Asquith's speech it contains also a declaration of policy. Mr. Balfour does not at this time go fully into the tariff question, but he declares that tariff reform is not only a part of the party programme, but it is the first and most important part.

It is yet a month before the election begins. Possibly the violent manner in which the Government began its campaign was not the best tactics. It will not be possible to maintain so much passion for five or six weeks. Mr. Balfour may be as well advised in opening the campaign with calm statement and argument, leaving his party a chance to work up gradually to the proper climax. The other method has been known to lead to anti climax.

MISDIRECTED ARGUMENT.

Much long-involved and travel-stained argument is advanced to show that Sir Wilfrid Laurier is not obliged by law to resign one of the two seats which he is now holding for the second session. These arguments appear to be met by the positive fact that Canada has tried to follow the British rule, and under the British system the Premier would be obliged to give up one seat at the beginning of the first session after the election. But whatever technical case may be made or attempted to prove that Sir Wilfrid is not compelled to give up one seat, it is not even pretended that there is any law compelling him to hold them both. No statute, or rule, or order, or instrument of any kind impairs the rights and powers of the Premier to do the right and decent thing, and give up the seat which he cannot occupy. The ox in the fable might not have the statutory right to pitch the dog out of the manger, but the dog himself had the power to get out. Sir Wilfrid has double his share of seats. Instead of searching for ways to prevent an eviction he ought to be looking for the easiest way to give up what properly belongs to others.

A SYDNEY CULPRIT.

And now that stalwart Liberal Journal, the Sydney Record, organ of A. Johnston, ex-M. P., is under fire of the "Buccaneers" as the Sun would say. The Record is not satisfied with the Intercolonial management, and says so in plain words. Thereupon the dredging folk turn on them with a five tug power attack, charging that Mr. Johnston's Record is one of the plotters who wish to steal the Intercolonial and get rich out of the plunder, or "spoil" as it would be called in dredging circles. Now the gentlemen who own the Telegraph—we do not call them "buccaneers"—are receiving each year \$50,000 to \$100,000 worth of patronage from the Intercolonial. If the road were stolen this patronage might be lost. "By this craft we have our wealth," said a contractor at Ephesus some years ago, with the result that the crowd began to hurrah for Diana. The attempt to create a general applause for the Intercolonial management does not seem to be so successful. But at Ephesus the patronage does not appear to have been grasped by one concern.

The Sun, Star, Chronicle, Echo, and other railway stealers will welcome the inclusion of the Sydney Record in their cave. They are not yet forty.

ASQUITH AGAINST WATSON.

"The Woman with the Serpent's Tongue," or that part of her represented by the daughter of the Premier, has made reply to the statement made in New York by Mr. William Watson. Miss Violet Asquith states that Mr. Watson is angry because her father did not make him a knight or crown him poet laureate. This is an explanation which would come better from the head of the Government and of the family. Miss Asquith also announces that "Watson is a cad." Now why after all that has been said in condemnation of Mr. Watson for his alleged description of the Asquith ladies should the daughter furnish the poet with any evidence at all in support of his character sketch?

Dr. Cook is reported to be in a sanitarium and several other places. If he is able to travel and work the place where he should be is Copenhagen. He will probably be needed to support and explain his documents. If, as Captain Loos, or Loos says, Dr. Cook has no knowledge of navigation, and could not take an observation or find his way back from the pole if he got there, it would be as easy for the Danish astronomers to find it out as it was for the captain.

Lieutenant Governor Tweedie has been interviewed at the Waldorf-Astoria in New York and says that the prosperity of New Brunswick is steadily increasing. His Honor did not say that it was due to the change in the Provincial Administration.

COAL

AMERICAN ANTHRACITE
SCOTCH ANTHRACITE
OLD MINE SYDNEY

Delivered in bulk or in bags
Prices in Advance

R. P. & W. F. Starr,
Limited

Cozy Warmth

makes a pleasant home. Is there anything like a warmer with your heating system than 1896-11.
G. W. Williams,
18 Waterloo Street.

Two Hamilton, Ont., men have been heavily fined for selling liquor without a license.

The Ontario apple shippers are to ask the Government to remove the \$1.50 duty on apples.

Gentlemen:

I have just received and have opened a most beautiful line of first class Gold and Gold Filled Case Watches at \$14 to \$35 Gold and Gold Filled Chains and Fobs, at \$2 to \$25 Gold and Gold Filled Lockets, at \$2 to \$20 Gold and Gold Filled Neckties, at \$10 to \$35 Diamond other Precious Stone Rings as Birthday, Friendship, Engagement, Wedding Gifts, on hand or set to order on short notice. Also a line of Elegant Men's Hats, the best in the city, ready for inspection.

W. TREMAINE GARD,
Goldsmith and Jeweler
72 Charlotte Street.

There's No Stone Left Unturned

IN OUR EFFORTS TO MAKE A GREAT SHOWING THIS CHRISTMASIDE Artistic and Novel Jewelry of all Descriptions. Silver-ware for the table or toilet, in new and choice designs. GIFT PIECES INNUMERABLE.

Call Early and Make Your Selections
Ferguson & Page,
Diamond Importers and Jewellers, - 41 KING STREET

THE SCHOLAR IN AMERICA

(Andrew Lang in the London Morning Post.) "Scholarship has no real standing in the American community." This is the opinion of Professor Munsterberg stated in the Atlantic Monthly. He adds: "The foreigner feels at once that great difference between the Americans and the Europeans." The British foreigner, if it is any consolation to Professor Munsterberg, would feel that the same difference exists, if it is no difference. This scholar is, if I may so call him, a scholar in the sense of a professional man, a man of letters, a man of letters. Now, do many of us know even by name the experimental psychologists of Britain? The name of Professor Simon Newcomb "did not bring the slightest ripple of excitement," more interest was taken in the career of a professional man, a man of letters, a man of letters. Newcomb was the greatest American astronomer. I never heard of him before, and who in our greatest living astronomer? "I have read of Andrew Ball," as the poet read of the scholar quoted the poet in a lecture) but his death (may it be remote) would not cause so much excitement as the death of a man of letters. Thus we, at least, cannot throw the first stone at the American scholar. The Germans are different; they "grieved the loss of men like Helmholtz and von Helmholtz." To be just, the death of Darwin, of Macaulay, of Froude, with others were not ignored. But they, the great scholars in Germany, were not interested in a novel, "rather astronomy, except in the hands of the Master of the House of Commons, a remote affair. So in experimental psychology, except when it comes to crystal gazing and, with Mr. William James, to mediums and Mrs. Piper. At least, that is the general opinion. I myself, like Malvolio, "think highly of the soul," and of experiments in the science of souls. America does not have any of these things. There were festivities which seem odd, fasting was more to the purpose. He, the departing administrative officer ("he was burser, probably) and "no one thought of the departing scholar." That was very British. The public knows Mr. Arthur Evans as a candidate for the seat of the member for Oxford University. "As member for Crete He's a bad one to beat, But he's too good to waste on a Varsity seat."

This, however, is not the view which the public and the university take of the greatest of living archaeologists. They would bring him from Cnossos to Westminster, casting a pearl before the swine. The public is very human. "It has no use for dead persons," and revelers of buried civilizations. "The public," says our psychologist, "does not consider the university professor primarily as a professional scholar, but essentially as an officer of the institution." It is very nice of the public to consider a professor at all! But the public knows something about administration; about matters of disinterested intellectual activity, it knows no more than classical scholars know about science men and science men about classical scholars. Men of "world-wide reputation" in their own fields are generally unheard of at home. In the United States and Germany the scholars are almost exclusively university professors, in striking contrast to France and England, where many of the greatest scholars have been outside of the universities. Professor Munsterberg may not

Christmas Offerings

SILVERWARE
Salts and Peppers, Napkin Rings, Children's Mugs, Butter Dishes, Pickle Dishes, Cake Baskets, Toast Racks, Bonbon Dishes, Bread Trays, Gravy Boats, Entree Dishes, Baking Dishes, Etc., Etc.

EMERSON & FISHER, Ltd, - 25 Germain St.

YOU NEED COTTON SIGNS TO HELP SELL YOUR CHRISTMAS GOODS
H. L. & J. T. MCGOWAN Ltd,
139 Princess Street.

AN IDEAL CHRISTMAS GIFT
Can you think of any more acceptable Christmas gift than a box of really fine writing paper? Writing paper is something that one uses constantly. The Eaton, Crane and Pike papers are beautifully put up in attractive Christmas boxes, varying widely in style and price. It will be to your advantage to call early while our assortment is full and complete.
BARNES & CO., Limited,
81 PRINCE WILLIAM STREET.

The Howard WATCH
The finest compliment you can pay a man is to give him a Howard Watch.
It shows that in your opinion the best is none too good for him.
He knows the Howard is the finest American watch made, and he appreciates your decision as to quality.
The price of each watch from the 17 jewel in the gold-filled case at \$35.00 to the 23 jewel in a 14k solid gold case at \$150.00 is fixed at the factory and a printed ticket attached.
Let us show you these watches.
L. L. Sharpe & Son,
21 King Street, St. John, N. B.

N. B. Southern Railway
On and after SUNDAY, Oct. 3, 1909, trains will run daily, Sunday excepted, as follows:
Lv. St. John East Ferry 7:30 a. m.
Lv. West St. John 7:45 a. m.
Arr. St. Stephen 12:30 p. m.
Lv. St. Stephen 1:45 p. m.
Lv. St. Stephen 6:45 p. m.
Arr. West St. John 8:30 p. m.
H. M. McLEAM, President.
Atlantic Standard Time.

Fredericton Business College
is NOT CLOSED IN SUMMER
Why waste the summer months? Two or three months wasted at this end of your course, may mean loss of thousands of dollars of salary at the other end.
ENTER NOW. Free catalogue, giving full particulars for his long career.
W. J. OSBORNE,
Box 285, Fredericton, N. B.

Just a little Over the Price of a Postage Stamp.
2c. a day in fact will keep your clothes cleaned and pressed for a month. Investigate this.
WILBUR & WATTERS,
20 WATERLOO ST.

FOR SALE
2000 STORM SASHES ALL SIZES. Place your order early and get the correct size.
HAMILTON & GAY,
St. John, N. B.
Eric Street. Phone 211.

EDGECOMBE & CHAISSON,
HIGH-CLASS TAILORS
Importers of High-Grade Cloths for Gentlemen's Wear.
104 KING STREET, TRINITY BLOCK.

nor cries for money, baronetries, Attie Territorial Army, as thousands of honest men did who never wrote newspaper paragraphs, interviewers, nor any such thing. Napoleon, on the other hand, was too full of vitality to be content with commenting on Homer, which he could have done better than all the professors, and that is not saying much. He must overrun Europe, make kings and mar them, and in other respects have a very good time. To be sure it was a professor, best known because he devoted himself to politics. He was, from my point of view, not the right sort of scholar, though admirable as a patriot. Tyrtæus, too, was a professor, but known because he devoted himself to patriotism. The epitaph of Asquith says nothing of his dramatic merely tells us that he fought in the

ROBT. MAXWELL,
 Mason and Builder, Valuator
 and Appraiser.
**Brick, Lime, Stone,
 Tile, and Plaster
 Worker.**
 General Jobbing Promptly and Neatly
 done.
 Office 16 Sydney Street.
 Res. 255 Union St. Tel. 233.

Butt & McCarthy,
 MERCHANT TAILORS
 65 GERMAIN STREET,
 ST. JOHN, N. B.
 Next Canadian Bank of Commerce

Rich'd Sullivan & Co.
 Wines and Liquors
 Wholesale only
 AGENTS FOR
 WHITE HORSE CELLAR SCOTCH
 WHISKY,
 LAWSON'S LIQUEUR,
 GEO. SAYER & CO.'S FAMOUS COB
 NAC BRANDIES,
 PABST MILWAUKEE LAGER BEER,
 44 & 46 Duck St.

HOTELS
 The ROYAL
 Saint John, N. B.
 RAYMOND & DUFFERTY, PROPRIETORS

Victoria Hotel
 11 and 13 King Street
 ST. JOHN, N. B.
 Electric passenger elevator and all modern
 improvements.
 D. W. McCormick, Proprietor.

Felix Herbert Hotel
 EDMUNSTON.
 Sample Rooms, Livery Stable, Good
 Comfortable Rooms and Good Table.
 Free back to all trains.
 Moderate Prices. Proprietor,
 J. M. SIBBON.

BARKERHOUSE
 QUEEN STREET.
 Centrally located, large new sample
 rooms, private baths, electric lights and
 hot water heating throughout.
 I. V. MONAHAN, Proprietor.

WAVERLY HOTEL
 FREDERICTON, N. B.
 The best \$10 a day Hotel in
 New Brunswick. Some of our best
 rooms \$1.50 a day. Electric lights
 and steam heating throughout.
 JOHNSTON and DEWAR, Prop.
 Regent St. Fredericton, N. B.

The Magnificent Possibilities Of Province For Agriculturists



ON A NEW BRUNSWICK FARM: A HAYFIELD NEAR THE MOUTH OF THE KESWICK RIVER.

**BOY WIZARD OF
 THE WIRELESS**
 Brooklyn Youth Claims to Have
 Made Notable Advance in
 the Newest System of Tel-
 egraphy.

**KEEPS HIS SECRET
 LOCKED UP**

New York, Dec. 10.—Tests he has made in selectivity, the problem wireless telegraph experts have worked on without success, have convinced Oscar C. Rosenzweig, a fifteen-year-old Brooklyn boy that he has solved the secret. It is how to send and receive wireless messages without interruption.

**NEW BRUNSWICK
 FORGES AHEAD**

**Mr. A. Borden in Statement to
 English Paper Tells of Govern-
 ment's Policy in Develop-
 ing Immigration.**

**WHAT THE PROVINCE
 HAS TO OFFER**

(Canada, Nov. 27.)
 We have many times drawn attention to the strenuous efforts made by the Maritime Provinces to secure settlers. Nova Scotia has sent a special delegate to the Old Country, with the object of showing British farmers the opportunities that exist for them in these provinces. New Brunswick, which until lately had no separate office in London, has now dispatched a special representative to the Old Country, Mr. A. Borden, who is to make a lecture tour in the Old Country, and point out the advantages offered by the Province to settlers. In selecting Mr. Borden, the Provincial Government made an excellent choice, for it would be difficult to find a man more fitted to urge the claims of the Province in the Old Country. Mr. Borden is a Lincolnshire man, and settled in New Brunswick some seven years ago, and is now owner of one of the best farms in the Province. His intimate knowledge of farming both in the Province and in the Old Country will enable him to give practical advice to would-be settlers, and also to illustrate the advantages of the Province as a successful settler.

**DR. PARKIN IN
 ARIZONA NOW**

**Former Head of Upper Canada
 College Travelling Through
 South-west in Interests of
 Rhodes' Scholarship Scheme**

**LECTURES BEFORE
 UNIVERSITY STUDENTS**

Dr. George R. Parkin, of London, England, arrived here yesterday from Tucson and is a guest of the Hotel Adams. He expects to leave this morning for the Grand Canyon and thence east via New Mexico and Colorado to visit the Old Country, with the object of showing British farmers the opportunities that exist for them in these provinces. New Brunswick, which until lately had no separate office in London, has now dispatched a special representative to the Old Country, Mr. A. Borden, who is to make a lecture tour in the Old Country, and point out the advantages offered by the Province to settlers. In selecting Mr. Borden, the Provincial Government made an excellent choice, for it would be difficult to find a man more fitted to urge the claims of the Province in the Old Country. Mr. Borden is a Lincolnshire man, and settled in New Brunswick some seven years ago, and is now owner of one of the best farms in the Province. His intimate knowledge of farming both in the Province and in the Old Country will enable him to give practical advice to would-be settlers, and also to illustrate the advantages of the Province as a successful settler.

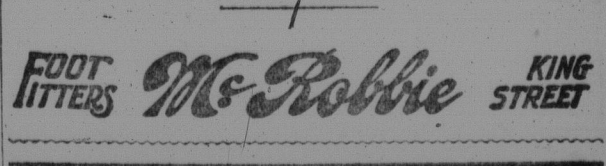
Get Ready!!

If you would enjoy the first ice of the season you must make your preparations now. Our stock is all ready for the demands of a large number of

SKATERS

Men's Hockey Boots	\$2.00	\$2.25	\$3.50
Boys' " "	"	1.75	2.25
Youths' " "	"	"	1.50
Women's " "	"	"	1.65
Girls' " "	"	"	1.40

These make an Ideal Christmas Present and would be appreciated by every Boy and Girl



Money in Lumber
 may be extracted today by small operators most economically with
GASOLINE ENGINE
SAWMILL OUTFITS
 We sell them 3 to 50 Horsepower.
Geo. J. Barrett, ST. JOHN AND FREDERICTON

HUTCHINGS & CO.,
 BEDDING MANUFACTURERS
 WIRE MATTRESSES, MATTRESSES,
 IRON BEDSTEADS, FEATHER
 PILLOWS etc.
 WHOLESALE and RETAIL
 101 to 105 Germain Street.

ELECTRIC SUPPLIES
ELECTRIC NOVELTIES
 FOR CHRISTMAS PRESENTS
ALEX W. THORNE,
 Electrical Contractor,
 675 Main Street, St. John, N. B.
 Phone Main 234-11

ACT WISELY
GET A PIANO FOR XMAS
 When you make an investment such as a Piano or Organ, see to it that you buy from the firm who in thirty-six years of upright dealing have sold in the Maritime Provinces over
14,000 PIANOS and ORGANS
 The firm who do not countenance any FAKE SCHEMES, who GIVE DOLLAR FOR DOLLAR VALUE. This is
The W. H. JOHNSON CO., Ltd.,
 Market Square, - ST. JOHN, N. B.
 HALIFAX, SYDNEY, NEW GLASGOW.
 Controlling The GERHARD HEINTZMAN, THE BRINSMEAD, MARTIN CRME and other standard pianos and organs. Leading talking machines, records and musical instruments.
 We have a few slightly used pianos and organs at BARGAIN PRICES.
 Open every evening from 7 to 9.30 till Christmas.

GILLET'S
PERFUMED SOAP
 MADE IN CANADA
 Is the Standard Article
 READY FOR USE IN ANY QUANTITY
 For making soap, softening water, removing old paint, disinfecting sinks, closets, drains and for many other purposes. A can equals 20 lbs. SAL SODA.
 Useful for 500 purposes—Sold Everywhere.
 W. GILLET COMPANY LIMITED, TORONTO, ONT.

WINTER OVERCOATINGS
 Stock now complete in all the FASHIONABLE CLOTHS.
A. R. Campbell & Son
 Merchant Tailors 26 Germain Street.

TENDERS WANTED.
 Marked "Tenders for Lighting" will be received on or before December 15th, 1909, for installing a new lighting plant in the Provincial Institution, Office, Fredericton, N. B. Plans and specifications may be seen at Public Works Office, Fredericton. Each tender must be accompanied with a certified check or cash for five per cent. of the amount.
 (Signed) JOHN MORRISSEY, Chief Commissioner.

GET YOUR SKATING BOOTS READY
 There may be freezing weather any day. We have all the approved styles for Hockey and Tubulars.
 Men's \$2.00, 2.25, 2.75, 3.50.
 Boys' \$1.60, 1.75, 2.00, 2.25.
 Ladies' \$2.25, 2.70.
Open Every Evening
Francis & Vaughan,
 19 KING STREET.

NEWS OF A DAY

Trouble At Capital.
 Fredericton, N. B., Dec. 10.—It is rumored that the city council members are having a little trouble in settling police commission affairs. A meeting of the commission was held last night, but the chairman, who lately handed in his resignation, did not turn up to give any reasons for his course. Matters are now in a kind of mix-up, but will no doubt be straightened out at a council meeting.

Dillon To Work.
 Montreal, Dec. 10.—If John Dillon is found to be physically able to work he will be occupied at the Government stone pile at St. Vincent de Paul Penitentiary within a few days, divested of his famous silk hat and other accoutrements, and wearing an outfit of homespun ornamented with broad grey and brown stripes and his official number on his breast. It is expected that Dillon will be sent to the penitentiary this afternoon, and this time all will be ready for his reception, the official papers having arrived from the Justice Department at Ottawa.

Grading Completed.
 Campbellton, N. B., Dec. 10.—Despite the reports emanating from Fredericton, the grading of the International Railway for the 114 miles from Campbellton to St. Leonards has been completed and if the weather is favorable, Contractor Thomas Macleod states that the rails may yet reach St. Leonards this fall, as the steel is being laid at the rate of a mile a day. Rails were down up to the eighty-first mile on the evening of the seventh, and the work is being pushed. About fifteen hundred men were working on the construction of the International, are being brought out to Campbellton, where they are laid off.

Quake at Ottawa.
 Ottawa, Dec. 10.—An earthquake beginning at 1.24 a. m. this morning and lasting five seconds was distinctly felt in all parts of the capital, windows rattled and buildings shook, especially in the northern part of the city and for a few moments citizens who were awake at the time were considerably agitated. At the Dominion Observatory this morning when the seismograph records were examined it was found that the oscillation of the earth's surface had been one three-hundredths of an inch. Dr. Klotz said that the quake was caused by a local readjustment of strains in the earth's crust. The tremors ran from east to west. No damage to property was done.

To Photograph Comet.
 Madison, Wis., Dec. 10.—The astronomical and astrophysical society of America through the chairman of its committee on comets, has just issued a statement to astronomers throughout the country in regard to the observation of Halley's Comet. A long and continuous photographic campaign, in order to secure the best possible pictures of the interesting visitor

Seriously Ill.
 Mr. James Lowell, M. P., received a telegram announcing that his niece, Miss Ethel Lowell, is seriously ill in Bangor. The young lady is a daughter of Mr. William Lowell, who is well known in St. John.
Information Wanted.
 There is property awaiting the relatives of Mr. James T. Hicks, in Freeport, U. S., formerly of St. John, and a letter to Postmaster Sears from Mr. Fred E. Thompson of Freeport asks for information concerning him. His father was Isaac Hicks and he had sisters and uncles.
In the Police Court.
 In the police court yesterday the case against Thomas H. Dobson, reported by the Building Inspector for making an addition to his house, owner of Wentworth and Steadfast streets, without a permit, was deter-

to the solar system is urged by the committee. As there is no observatory with proper facilities for photographing the comet in the large area of the Pacific ocean, the committee is about to send an expedition to the Hawaiian Islands to photograph the comet during its greatest brilliancy, which will be in May.

Six Drowned.
 Fort William, Ont., Dec. 10.—Dredger No. 8, of the Great Lakes Dredging Company in tow of the tug, sprung a leak between Milton Island and the Welcomes yesterday afternoon, and went to the bottom, within two minutes carrying with her six of the crew of fourteen. The rest of the crew escaped by jumping aboard a light scow which was being towed alongside. They say the men drowned must have gone back for some of their belongings, as some of them were on deck when the men who escaped jumped aboard the scow. Men on the tug towing the dredge had to cut the towing line to prevent the tug being drawn under.

Select Affirmative.
 Fredericton, Dec. 10.—The U. N. B. Debating Society has selected the affirmative side for the U. N. B. team in the intercollegiate debate here in March with Dalhousie. The subject is "Resolved, that the House of Lords should be abolished."
Without Division.
 Wellington, New Zealand, Dec. 10.—The naval defence bill providing for the fitting of the Dreadnought of the British Navy passed through the stages of the House of Representatives yesterday. The third reading was carried without division.

Hides For U. S.
 Washington, Dec. 10.—Importations of hides and skins into the United States will aggregate approximately one hundred million dollars for the present calendar year. These articles therefore rank second in value in the list of importations. Sugar is the one article the importation of which exceeds in value hides and skins.

River Closed.
 Fredericton, Dec. 10.—The river froze over last night, and though there are several openings the ice is not running. December 10th marks the date of this year's closing, being the latest in many years. The thermometer registered to above zero during the night, but today it is again moderating rapidly.

Australia Active.
 Melbourne, Dec. 10.—The Federal Cabinet has called asking that the Admiralty immediately commence the construction of a battleship cruiser which is to be the chief vessel of the Australian unit of the Pacific fleet. The government proposes to proceed with the construction of the remaining vessels of unit so all shall be completed simultaneously.

LOCAL
Police Interfering.
 A fine of \$10 for interfering with the police, and Henry Graham \$10 for fighting and escaping after being arrested.
Yorkshire Tavern Destroyed.
 Fire early yesterday morning completely destroyed the Yorkshire Tavern on the Manawassish Road. The house was more than sixty years old. It was occupied by John St. John and family and Miss Campbell, who lost all her effects. The house was the property of the city and \$600 insurance was carried on the building.
Estate Sale of Bonds.
 Auctioneer Landman will sell at Chubb's Corner today at noon General Public Hospital bonds, St. John street widening bonds, Water and sewerage bonds, City of St. John bonds. This is a rare chance for an investor, without a permit, was deter-

Brooklyn Youth Claims to Have Made Notable Advance in the Newest System of Telegraphy.

KEEPS HIS SECRET LOCKED UP

New York, Dec. 10.—Tests he has made in selectivity, the problem wireless telegraph experts have worked on without success, have convinced Oscar C. Rosenzweig, a fifteen-year-old Brooklyn boy that he has solved the secret. It is how to send and receive wireless messages without interruption.

Mr. A. Borden in Statement to English Paper Tells of Government's Policy in Developing Immigration.

We have many times drawn attention to the strenuous efforts made by the Maritime Provinces to secure settlers. Nova Scotia has sent a special delegate to the Old Country, with the object of showing British farmers the opportunities that exist for them in these provinces. New Brunswick, which until lately had no separate office in London, has now dispatched a special representative to the Old Country, Mr. A. Borden, who is to make a lecture tour in the Old Country, and point out the advantages offered by the Province to settlers. In selecting Mr. Borden, the Provincial Government made an excellent choice, for it would be difficult to find a man more fitted to urge the claims of the Province in the Old Country. Mr. Borden is a Lincolnshire man, and settled in New Brunswick some seven years ago, and is now owner of one of the best farms in the Province. His intimate knowledge of farming both in the Province and in the Old Country will enable him to give practical advice to would-be settlers, and also to illustrate the advantages of the Province as a successful settler.

Mr. Bowler Interviewed.
 A representative of "Canada" called on Mr. Bowler when he was in London and had a talk with him about his object in coming to England. "The New Brunswick Government," said Mr. Bowler, "was not satisfied with the number of settlers that come to the Province in recent years." Asked whether the Province lost many of its young men through the universal sale of land, Mr. Bowler said that the drain of men from that cause was not so pronounced as it had been. "The real source of the trouble," he added, "is that the Province has had every reason to be proud, namely, that education is remarkably cheap and very good too. A boy can go from the public schools to the university at very small cost, and when he has done his university course, he mostly turns his mind not to farming, but to some profession. Then he goes out to the west as a doctor, lawyer or teacher, and is lost to the Province. You must not think I am opposed to giving a good education to the rising generation, because I look upon the education which is offered in the province as one of the inducements to settlers, but at the same time it is a fact to say that we do lose our young men."

Conditions The Same.
 "Yes, the conditions of mixed farming in the Province are practically the same, although, of course, climatic conditions are rather different. We do not grow much wheat, so we can get all we want from the West, and it does not pay to grow wheat so well as it does other produce. For instance, we do a good trade in potatoes with other parts of Canada, and we can always sell turnips in any quantity in the Province, which is in that class our best customer. This year we have sent for the first time apples to England to be exhibited. At home we have won prizes in competition with Nova Scotia. The apple trade is one we hope to develop. At present we have apples grown from Nova Scotia who buy and ship our fruit to various points, but now we hope to make the New Brunswick apple known as such in the London market."

Mr. Bowler went on to speak of the care the New Brunswick Government takes to assist settlers, and to look after them. Government officials, he said, take settlers and show them farms that are vacant, and charge no commission for doing so. The settler has nothing to pay but the net price of the farm he selects. Farms in New Brunswick are sold as they stand, with house, crops, and stock.

Farms Cheap.
 "Farms may be bought from \$200, but anything from \$500 upwards would buy a settler a good farm in

Dr. George R. Parkin, of London, England, arrived here yesterday from Tucson and is a guest of the Hotel Adams. He expects to leave this morning for the Grand Canyon and thence east via New Mexico and Colorado to visit the Old Country, with the object of showing British farmers the opportunities that exist for them in these provinces. New Brunswick, which until lately had no separate office in London, has now dispatched a special representative to the Old Country, Mr. A. Borden, who is to make a lecture tour in the Old Country, and point out the advantages offered by the Province to settlers. In selecting Mr. Borden, the Provincial Government made an excellent choice, for it would be difficult to find a man more fitted to urge the claims of the Province in the Old Country. Mr. Borden is a Lincolnshire man, and settled in New Brunswick some seven years ago, and is now owner of one of the best farms in the Province. His intimate knowledge of farming both in the Province and in the Old Country will enable him to give practical advice to would-be settlers, and also to illustrate the advantages of the Province as a successful settler.

LECTURES BEFORE UNIVERSITY STUDENTS

Dr. George R. Parkin, of London, England, arrived here yesterday from Tucson and is a guest of the Hotel Adams. He expects to leave this morning for the Grand Canyon and thence east via New Mexico and Colorado to visit the Old Country, with the object of showing British farmers the opportunities that exist for them in these provinces. New Brunswick, which until lately had no separate office in London, has now dispatched a special representative to the Old Country, Mr. A. Borden, who is to make a lecture tour in the Old Country, and point out the advantages offered by the Province to settlers. In selecting Mr. Borden, the Provincial Government made an excellent choice, for it would be difficult to find a man more fitted to urge the claims of the Province in the Old Country. Mr. Borden is a Lincolnshire man, and settled in New Brunswick some seven years ago, and is now owner of one of the best farms in the Province. His intimate knowledge of farming both in the Province and in the Old Country will enable him to give practical advice to would-be settlers, and also to illustrate the advantages of the Province as a successful settler.

Mr. Bowler Interviewed.
 A representative of "Canada" called on Mr. Bowler when he was in London and had a talk with him about his object in coming to England. "The New Brunswick Government," said Mr. Bowler, "was not satisfied with the number of settlers that come to the Province in recent years." Asked whether the Province lost many of its young men through the universal sale of land, Mr. Bowler said that the drain of men from that cause was not so pronounced as it had been. "The real source of the trouble," he added, "is that the Province has had every reason to be proud, namely, that education is remarkably cheap and very good too. A boy can go from the public schools to the university at very small cost, and when he has done his university course, he mostly turns his mind not to farming, but to some profession. Then he goes out to the west as a doctor, lawyer or teacher, and is lost to the Province. You must not think I am opposed to giving a good education to the rising generation, because I look upon the education which is offered in the province as one of the inducements to settlers, but at the same time it is a fact to say that we do lose our young men."

Conditions The Same.
 "Yes, the conditions of mixed farming in the Province are practically the same, although, of course, climatic conditions are rather different. We do not grow much wheat, so we can get all we want from the West, and it does not pay to grow wheat so well as it does other produce. For instance, we do a good trade in potatoes with other parts of Canada, and we can always sell turnips in any quantity in the Province, which is in that class our best customer. This year we have sent for the first time apples to England to be exhibited. At home we have won prizes in competition with Nova Scotia. The apple trade is one we hope to develop. At present we have apples grown from Nova Scotia who buy and ship our fruit to various points, but now we hope to make the New Brunswick apple known as such in the London market."

Mr. Bowler went on to speak of the care the New Brunswick Government takes to assist settlers, and to look after them. Government officials, he said, take settlers and show them farms that are vacant, and charge no commission for doing so. The settler has nothing to pay but the net price of the farm he selects. Farms in New Brunswick are sold as they stand, with house, crops, and stock.

Farms Cheap.
 "Farms may be bought from \$200, but anything from \$500 upwards would buy a settler a good farm in

the Province. You must not think I am opposed to giving a good education to the rising generation, because I look upon the education which is offered in the province as one of the inducements to settlers, but at the same time it is a fact to say that we do lose our young men."

BONDS AND STOCKS. Canada Cement Co., Ltd. Trinidad Consolidated Telephone Co. W. F. MAHON & CO., Investment Bankers, St. John.

Listed Stocks. Our Circular No. 459 gives valuable information regarding eighty-one issues of railroad and industrial stocks listed on the New York Stock Exchange.

Railroad Bonds. Our Circular No. 458 gives valuable information regarding thirty-four issues of well-known railroad bonds listed on the New York Stock Exchange.

SPENCER TRASK & CO. Investment Bankers, 111 Prince Street, St. John, N. B.

WE WISH TO SEND, WITHOUT CHARGE, our regular Weekly Financial Review to all investors desiring to keep well informed on conditions affecting their securities.

J. S. BACHE & COMPANY, Bankers, 42 Broadway, New York. (Members New York Stock Exchange)

Occidental Fire INSURANCE COMPANY. E. L. JARVIS, General Agent, St. John, N. B.

LONDON GUARANTEE & ACCIDENT COMPANY, LTD. CHAS. A. MACDONALD, Phone, Main 1536, Prov. Man.

St. John, Boston and Cuba Steamship Co'y S. S. KAREN Will Sail Direct to HAVANA DECEMBER 22nd.

The Robert Reford Co., Limited, AGENTS, Elder Dempster Line S. S. "SONOTO"

S. S. "VORNU" Special excursion trips by these steamers to Mexico and return \$85.

In the Supreme Court. In the matter of Francis Kerr Company, Limited, and in the matter of the Winding Up Act before His Honor Mr. Justice McKeown.

CHICAGO GRAIN AND PRODUCE MARKETS. Range of Prices. By direct private wires to J. C. Mackintosh & Co.

Wheat. High. Low. Close. Dec. 110 109 110 108 1/2. May 108 107 108 106 1/2.

Corn. High. Low. Close. Dec. 60 58 60 57 1/2. May 62 60 62 59 1/2.

Oats. High. Low. Close. Dec. 43 42 43 41 1/2. May 44 42 44 41 1/2.

MONTREAL STOCK MARKET

Morning Sales. Asbestos Com. 12@30, 50@27 1/2. Canadian Pacific Railway 50@181 1/4, 10@181 3/8, 100@100 3/4, 50@180 7/8.

Afternoon Sales. Canadian Pacific Railway Rites 40@19 1/8. Crown Reserve 100@480. Dominion Coal Com. 100@92, 100@92.

Miscellaneous. Asbestos Pfd. 30. Bell Telephone 147 1/2. Can. Convertible 45 1/2.

Banks. Commerce 195 194. Hochelaga 143 1/2. Montreal 252 251 1/2.

CHICAGO GRAIN AND PRODUCE MARKETS. Range of Prices. By direct private wires to J. C. Mackintosh & Co.

Wheat. High. Low. Close. Dec. 110 109 110 108 1/2. May 108 107 108 106 1/2.

Corn. High. Low. Close. Dec. 60 58 60 57 1/2. May 62 60 62 59 1/2.

Oats. High. Low. Close. Dec. 43 42 43 41 1/2. May 44 42 44 41 1/2.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET; YESTERDAY'S TRADING ON WALL ST.

(Quotations Furnished by Private Wires of J. C. Mackintosh and Co. Members of Montreal Stock Exchange, 111 Prince Wm. Street, St. John, N. B., Chubb's Corner.) Shares. Sold. Price. High. Low. Close.

AMERICAN PRODUCE MARKET

New York, N. Y., Dec. 10.—Flour—Receipts, 25,842; exports, 5,258. Firmly held with a quiet trade. Spring patents, 5.35 to 5.55; winter patents, 5.

STOCKS SWEEP BY UNEVEN MOVEMENT

New York, N. Y., Dec. 10.—The choppy and uneven movement of stocks today was partly traceable to the profit-taking operations based on the considerable rise in prices for the week.

THE COTTON MARKET

New York, N. Y., Dec. 10.—Cotton: Spot, closed quiet, 25 points higher; middling uplands, 15.29; middling, 15.45; sales, 1,350 bales.

COTTON RANGE

By direct private wires to J. C. Mackintosh & Co. High. Low. Bid. Ask. Jan. 15.12 14.77 15.00 03.

PRODUCE MARKETS

Special to The Standard. Montreal, Dec. 10.—The flour market continues firm with a fair volume of business passing. Prices: Manitoba spring wheat patents, firsts, \$5.70; Manitotha spring wheat patents, firsts, \$5.50 to \$5.60; Manitoba strong bakers, \$5; straight rollers, \$5.10 to \$5.25.

There is no change in the condition of the egg market, prices being firmly maintained under a continued good demand. Sales of selected stock in round lots are made at 28c to 28 1/2c.

There is no change in the condition of the market for baled hay, prices being well maintained under a steady demand. Prices: No. 1 hay \$13 to \$13.50; No. 2 hay \$12 to \$12.50.

Export dealers in Ontario flour say that no foreign business can be done over \$4.10 and \$4.15 per bag outside, and no offerings from the mills are offered at these prices.

Manitoba wheat—Spot No. 1 Northern, \$1.38 cents, on track at Lake ports, December 10, 1909. For early January delivery No. 1 Northern \$1.10 1/2; No. 2 Northern \$1.08 1/2 all rail.

Oats—Canadian Western No. 2, 39 cents; No. 3, 38 cents, on track at Lake ports, December 10, 1909. For early January delivery No. 2, 41 1/2 cents; No. 3, 40 1/2 cents.

There is no change in the condition of the market for potatoes, show some improvement and a fair jobbing trade was done. Green Mountains in car lots, ex track, \$1.50; Clover \$1.50 to \$1.25 with Ontario at 45c to 50c, and Quebec varieties at 50c to 55c per bag.

Toronto, Ont., Dec. 10.—Local dealers complain of a very dull trade in both Ontario and Manitoba grains.

There is no change in the condition of the market for hogs, prices being well maintained under a steady demand. Prices: No. 1 hogs \$13 to \$13.50; No. 2 hogs \$12 to \$12.50.

There is no change in the condition of the market for sheep, prices being well maintained under a steady demand. Prices: No. 1 sheep \$13 to \$13.50; No. 2 sheep \$12 to \$12.50.

There is no change in the condition of the market for cattle, prices being well maintained under a steady demand. Prices: No. 1 cattle \$13 to \$13.50; No. 2 cattle \$12 to \$12.50.

There is no change in the condition of the market for hides, prices being well maintained under a steady demand. Prices: No. 1 hides \$13 to \$13.50; No. 2 hides \$12 to \$12.50.

There is no change in the condition of the market for tallow, prices being well maintained under a steady demand. Prices: No. 1 tallow \$13 to \$13.50; No. 2 tallow \$12 to \$12.50.

There is no change in the condition of the market for lard, prices being well maintained under a steady demand. Prices: No. 1 lard \$13 to \$13.50; No. 2 lard \$12 to \$12.50.

The Royal Trust Company (OF MONTREAL). Branches at Toronto, Ottawa, Winnipeg, Quebec, St. John, N. B., and Vancouver. Capital Paid up \$1,000,000 Reserve Fund \$900,000.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS: PRESIDENT—Right Honourable Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal, G. C. M. G. VICE-PRESIDENT—Honourable Sir George Drummond, K. C. M. G.

TRANSACTS A GENERAL TRUST BUSINESS. Authorized to Act as: Executor and Trustee under Will, Administrator of Estates, Guardian of Estates of Minors.

WOODSTOCK 4 p. c. DEBENTURE BONDS. We have for sale \$2,000 of the above bonds due January 15, 1924. Price 95 1/2 p. c.

J. C. MACKINTOSH & CO. Howard P. Robinson, Mgr., Members of Montreal Stock Exchange, 111 Prince Wm. St., St. John, N. B.

MONTREAL COBALT AND CURB STOCKS. CLOSING COTTON LETTER. By direct private wires to J. C. Mackintosh & Co.

New York, Dec. 10.—The bull clique "made good" today in its predictions with regard to the Government report. The Government estimate of the season's crop of 10,088,000 bales, not including inventory, speaks for itself.

Manitoba wheat—Spot No. 1 Northern, \$1.38 cents, on track at Lake ports, December 10, 1909. For early January delivery No. 1 Northern \$1.10 1/2; No. 2 Northern \$1.08 1/2 all rail.

Oats—Canadian Western No. 2, 39 cents; No. 3, 38 cents, on track at Lake ports, December 10, 1909. For early January delivery No. 2, 41 1/2 cents; No. 3, 40 1/2 cents.

There is no change in the condition of the market for potatoes, show some improvement and a fair jobbing trade was done. Green Mountains in car lots, ex track, \$1.50; Clover \$1.50 to \$1.25 with Ontario at 45c to 50c, and Quebec varieties at 50c to 55c per bag.

Toronto, Ont., Dec. 10.—Local dealers complain of a very dull trade in both Ontario and Manitoba grains.

There is no change in the condition of the market for hogs, prices being well maintained under a steady demand. Prices: No. 1 hogs \$13 to \$13.50; No. 2 hogs \$12 to \$12.50.

There is no change in the condition of the market for sheep, prices being well maintained under a steady demand. Prices: No. 1 sheep \$13 to \$13.50; No. 2 sheep \$12 to \$12.50.

There is no change in the condition of the market for cattle, prices being well maintained under a steady demand. Prices: No. 1 cattle \$13 to \$13.50; No. 2 cattle \$12 to \$12.50.

There is no change in the condition of the market for hides, prices being well maintained under a steady demand. Prices: No. 1 hides \$13 to \$13.50; No. 2 hides \$12 to \$12.50.

There is no change in the condition of the market for tallow, prices being well maintained under a steady demand. Prices: No. 1 tallow \$13 to \$13.50; No. 2 tallow \$12 to \$12.50.

There is no change in the condition of the market for lard, prices being well maintained under a steady demand. Prices: No. 1 lard \$13 to \$13.50; No. 2 lard \$12 to \$12.50.

MURPHY OUT FOR J. W. WARD

SPORTS BOWLING, BASEBALL THE RING, FOOTBALL

AT THE TRAINING CAMP



THE WILMA MODEL RANGE Second to None Easy on Fuel, a Perfect Baker, Direct Draft, Removable Nickel, Fitted with Plain or Deckash Grate, Manufactured in this city thus enabling you to have repairs promptly. Before purchasing call in and inspect our line of Stoves and Ranges. Guarantee with every Range. J. E. WILSON, Ltd. Phone 356. 17 Sydney Street.

A Visible Writer The Empire Typewriter presents these important features:—Permanent alignment, Visible Writing, Simplified Keyboard, 28 keys, 84 characters, Simplicity of design, Durability, steel parts hardened. Portability, Price \$100.00. Cash Discounts easy terms. FRANK R. FAIRWEATHER, Agent. Main 653 65 Prince Wm. St. St. John, N. B.

67--CLYDESALES--67 WILL BE SOLD By Auction BEGINNING AT 10.30 a. m. Tuesday, 14th December IN THE Carleton Curling Rink, West St. John This direct importation from Scotland arrived ex Donaldson Steamer Cassandra on the 1st of December and includes sixty-four mares. Three stallions, two of which are imported and one Canadian bred, will also be sold. They may be inspected at the stables of A. C. Smith & Co., West St. John. On all animals bought to remain in New Brunswick, THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE will pay the freight from St. John to the purchaser's station. Terms of Sale: Cash or notes acceptable at St. John Banks. No restriction as to residence of purchaser or resale of animals, except that purchasers asking the department to pay freight will undertake to retain the animal in question for breeding purposes within the province for five years. Return trip to sale FOR SINGLE FARE upon the Standard Certificate plan. Good going on the 11th and 12th December, returning on the 14th, 15th and 16th December over Intercolonial and Canadian Pacific Railways. (Buy one-way first class ticket for St. John and secure Standard Certificate from the Ticket Agent. Have certificate filled in at the sale and signed by Secretary, present it to Ticket Agent at St. John Station and it will be exchanged for a ticket to original starting point, free.) Certificates will not be accepted for passage on trains. The sale will be held under cover and seating accommodation giving unobstructed view of sales ring provided. Settlement must be made before leaving sales building or animal will be resold. W. W. Hubbard, Wm. Meharey, For Dept. of Agriculture, Importers. F. L. Potts, Auctioneer.

MURPHY OUT FOR J. W. WARD President of Chicago National Club Arrives in New York to Oust Heydler--Talks of Present Crisis. New York, Dec. 10.—Charles W. Murphy, president of the Chicago National League club, arrived in New York today with the announcement that he is in favor of John Montgomery Ward being elected president of the National League for the season of 1910. Mr. Murphy said that he had nothing against John Heydler, the present president, personally, but he considered Ward the right man for the position. The Chicagoan refused to say whether he would vote for Heydler for his old position as secretary and treasurer of the league. Murphy expects the league owners, whose meeting is but four days away, to be elected on the first ballot. He absolutely denies that Chicago capital to wind up their business in short order. He thinks that a president will be furnished to consummate the recent sale of the Philadelphia Nationals and says that so far as he knows, the new owners of the Philadelphia club have not pledged themselves to vote for either of the presidential candidates—Heydler or Ward. Murphy and Harry Herrmann of Cincinnati, chairman of the National Commission, are the only out-of-town club owners who have already arrived. Herrmann is still a strong advocate of the reelection of Heydler and says that his candidate will be retained in office. Barney Dreyfuss of Pittsburgh, will reach New York tomorrow night. Stanley Robison, owner of the St. Louis club will arrive on Sunday morning. Adrian C. Anson, former manager of the Chicago Nationals, is here and he talked today with Herrmann relative to his chances of being selected as a compromise candidate in case the club owners are deadlocked over Ward and Heydler. Herrmann told him that he would vote for Heydler even if seven other ballots were cast for Ward and that the Herrmann-Dreyfuss faction of the league would not consider any compromise candidate. Given Certificate for Shooting. In St. Andrew's church school room last evening Major W. J. Magee presented Color Sergeant J. Robertson, of the St. Andrew's Boys' Cadets with a second-class marksmen's certificate for shooting given by the Canadian Rifle League and issued by the Militia Department for the highest score made on the rifle range last summer. In making the presentation Major Magee spoke encouragingly to the boys. Master Robertson responded in a few appropriate remarks.

HOCKEY WAR CONTINUES UNABATED Special To The Standard. Montreal, Que., Dec. 10.—The war between the Canadian Hockey Association and the National Hockey League still holds the attention of sportsmen in Eastern Canada. Lavolette states that he has turned down a proposition to join the Nationals and told them it is no use asking him to join the C. H. A. club. Following that decision, Lavolette yesterday went to the Imperial Bank with Eddie McCaffery, secretary of the National Hockey Association, and the transfer to the name of Lavolette and McCaffery of the money put up to guarantee the salaries of the players of the Canadian Club was thereupon made. It was further announced that in addition to Lavolette McCaffery will have with him for his club Lalonde and Jeety and Millaire. Officials of the National Association make no secret of their satisfaction over the deal and are confident that there will be no hitch. In addition to these players it is stated that Wanderers will turn over to the Canadians, Poulin, the Winnipeg player who was expected from the West last night. Poulin was signed up in Winnipeg by Art. Ross on behalf of the Wanderers, but the Wanderers are bound by the resolution passed last Saturday to turn over all French players to the Canadians until the latter team is complete. The Canadians are now negotiating with Art. Bernier, a former Montrealer who is with the R. C. H. A. in Kingston. Bernier was on the crack 11th team in Ontario last season and was considered one of the best forwards in the series. Bernier is thinking of buying his discharge and coming back to Montreal. The negotiations of the Canadians go through as outlined above the Nationals will be in a bad way for players. An executive meeting of the club was held last night to consider the situation, but no statement was given out. With the Wanderers and All-Montreal, the situation appears to be unchanged, but it is stated that there is every prospect of another row like that between the Wanderers and the Wanderers in the C. H. A. A. year ago, when when two clubs claimed the same players.

OPINION IS SWINGING IN NEGRO'S FAVOR By Tip Wright. I have been doing a lot of jumping about the country of late, and in almost every city I visited, the Jeffries show had been ahead of me. In some places, both Jeffries and Jack Johnson had appeared. And it will probably seem as strange to you as it did to me, to learn that sentiment concerning the outcome of the fight which, by the way, will be held July 4—has completely changed in the last three months. About the time Jeffries went to Carlsbad to begin his conditioning, nine men out of ten would, if asked their opinion of the fight, answer: "Why, Jeff'll knock his blooming head off in five rounds." But they've stopped talking that way. The impression has gained ground that Jack Johnson is a sure enough scrapper, and that if he does win, Jeffries will have to travel like a copper getting away from a scene of trouble. I'm not giving you this as my opinion, because I have already voiced my sentiments, and it's going to take more than loose conversation and the Johnson-Ketchell pictures to make me change my mind. But what I tell you is what a lot of wise guys, who have been following the fighters for years—some of the fighters and some of the men—have to say after seeing the men and the pictures. One man, who has been a fighter, and who now handles fighters, declared with all sincerity that he weighed 260 pounds if he weighed a pound, when he saw him in Indianapolis. "And it's fat he's going to find difficult to get off. It's on the inside," he declared. "This man watched Jeffries box Sam Berger and declared the round never went over a minute and a half, and that he could hear Jeffries breathe 40 feet away, while the big fellow's stomach showed the exercise made him pump. "I don't believe Jeffries it going to fight," said this man. "He can afford to lose the \$5000 he's deposited to get the money he is getting now, four-fifths around the country, if they do fight, I'm on Johnson. Jeffries can't get right, if he could show the form he did against Fitzsimmons, I'd bet my leg on him. "In varying phrases man after man uttered the same opinion. All commented upon Jeffries' inability to do fast work without finding it difficult to breathe, and all said he was hogging a half, and that he could hear Jeffries breathe 40 feet away, while the big fellow's stomach showed the exercise made him pump. Johnson has shown everyone that he has refused offer of \$5,000 for two years and \$1200. Money appears to be no object to Renfrew. They are the best of sports, and will, in my opinion, have a splendid defensive boxer, while the fact that he does carry a wallop in his right hand is proven conclusively by the pictures of his battle with Ketchell.

FAST VOLLEY BALL MATCH YESTERDAY The fastest volley ball game that has been pulled off in the Y. M. C. A. gym was played yesterday afternoon when the Dreadnoughts defeated the Has Beens by two points to one. Many of the rallies were unusually long and there were many exciting and good plays. The teams lined up as follows: Has Beens: Drednoughts: Frank White, Right Wing; Frank Kerr, Left Wing; Bob Watson, Centre; Jos. Steele, Left Wing; Arthur Carlos, Right Wing; H. Porter, Centre. The first two games were won by the Dreadnoughts the score standing 21 to 17 and 21 to 14. In the third game the Has Beens put it over their opponents by a score of 21 to 10. In the evening the Night Hawks and Pirates clashed, the former winning two games out of the three. The scores were 21-11, 21-14 and 21-20. The teams lined up as follows: Night Hawks: Pirates: Smith, Right Wing; Henserson, Left Wing; J. H. A. Anderson, Centre; Longbery, Right Wing; Chas. Armstrong, Left Wing; Jones, Right Wing; McAfee, Left Wing; Crother, Centre. The scores were 406 410 412 1237. Following is the standing of the City League to date: Sun. W. W. Van. P. C. Pirates 14 2 875; Newmans 14 6 700; Insurance 11 5 687; Dunlop R. Co. 9 7 562; Piers 6 6 598; Accountants 8 8 500; Vanigans 9 11 450; Ramblers 5 7 416; High water 4 10 360; Electricians 3 17 150. This evening the Dunlop Rubber Company and Pirates will meet.

YANIGANS ARE AGAIN BEATEN Newmans Trim Rivals in City League--Star Defeats Sun --I. L. and B. Taken Into Camp--Other Games. "Billiken" seems to have deserted the Yanigans for they met with another severe jolt last evening at the hands of the Newmans, losing all four points. The scores were exceptionally high. The battle between Harry Black and "Chip" Olive, captains of the teams was fast and furious, but "Chip" finally won out, finishing one-third of a stick to the good. The scores follow: Newmans. Olive 91 92 100 283 94 13; Wilson 73 77 76 228 75 13; Hurley 86 82 75 243 81; Dean 76 94 91 261 87; Jones 92 90 87 269 89 23. 418 435 429 1282. Yanigans. Black 56 58 53 232 94; Ferguson 85 84 81 260 86 23; Coder 62 69 76 207 69 23; Jordan 75 75 80 230 76 23; McLellan 88 84 86 258 89 23. 406 410 412 1237. Following is the standing of the City League to date: Sun. W. W. Van. P. C. Pirates 14 2 875; Newmans 14 6 700; Insurance 11 5 687; Dunlop R. Co. 9 7 562; Piers 6 6 598; Accountants 8 8 500; Vanigans 9 11 450; Ramblers 5 7 416; High water 4 10 360; Electricians 3 17 150. This evening the Dunlop Rubber Company and Pirates will meet.

ASEPTO Soap Powder Both Cleans and Sterilizes A better cleanser than any other soap. It is safe for all fabrics and hands. ASEPTO Soap Powder is a germicide as well as a superior washing compound. Everything that is thoroughly sterilized—every disease germ annihilated. Use ASEPTO for everything that requires a laundry soap—give better results. Give your grocer a package. Manufactured by The Ascepto Mfg. Co. St. John, N.B.

Y.M.C.A. IS TO HAVE ANOTHER MIXED LEAGUE The boys of gym class C. at the Y. M. C. A. have been divided into teams for the purpose of carrying out a league composed of basketball, relay racing and a medicine ball relay race. The names of the teams and the members composing them follow: No. 1 Elks—E. Dody, MacAfee, Finley, Putman, E. O'Neill, F. McShane, D. Holman, J. Armstrong. No. 2 Moose—R. Kingston, L. Evans, A. Stephenson, M. Fraser, A. Holder, J. Murray, Markham. No. 3 Reindeer—G. Crawford, H. Vall, Morton, S. Gilbert, R. Grannan, Y. Brown, R. Pearce, Morrell. No. 4 Buffalo—J. A. Green, T. Thorne, M. Noble, W. Brown, F. D. Brown, A. Davis, H. Hunt, E. Campbell, A. Brown. No. 5 Caribou—L. Whittaker, capt., A. Callan, D. C. Lingly, W. Waring, R. Bond, H. Evans, Campbell. The schedule of play as arranged by the physical director, Mr. E. J. Robertson follows: Relay Racing, 3 laps—Dec. 14, 1 and 2; Dec. 16, 3 and 4; Dec. 21, 1 and 5; Jan. 4, 2nd 3; Jan. 6, 4 and 5; Jan. 11, 1 and 3; Jan. 15, 2 and 5; Jan. 18, 1 and 4; Jan. 20, 3 and 5; Jan. 25, 2 and 4. Basketball—Jan. 27, 1 and 2; Feb. 1, 3 and 4; Feb. 3, 1 and 5; Feb. 8, 2 and 3; Feb. 10, 4 and 5; Feb. 15, 1 and 3; Feb. 17, 2 and 5; Feb. 22, 1 and 4; Feb. 24, 3 and 5; Mar. 1, 2 and 4. Medicine ball—Mar. 3, 1 and 2; Mar. 8, 3 and 4; Mar. 10, 1 and 5; Mar. 15, 2 and 3; Mar. 17, 4 and 5; Mar. 22, 1 and 3; Mar. 24, 2 and 5; Mar. 29, 1 and 4; April 5, 3 and 5; April 7, 3 and 4. The games must be played on schedule dates or the team absent will forfeit the game. Each game won counts ten points, and one point is given for every man on a team over six at class or schedule days. Six men will compose a team in each event.

MARTY WALSH THROWS DOWN BIG OFFER Kingston, Ont., Dec. 10.—"Marty" Walsh has wired a friend in this city the following in regard to his acceptance of Ottawa's offer: "I have refused offer of \$5,400 for two years and \$1200. Money appears to be no object to Renfrew. They are the best of sports, and will, in my opinion, have a splendid defensive boxer, while the fact that he does carry a wallop in his right hand is proven conclusively by the pictures of his battle with Ketchell. After a reading by Mr. Blake McInerney, Colin Mackay proposed a health to "Our Coaches," and Mr. Hooper of Rothsay replied. The toast to "Our Rooters," was proposed by Everett Megarity and replied to by Mr. J. McKinnon. After a piano solo by Robt. Dobson, the health of the ladies was proposed by Will Latham and replied to by Mr. H. J. Smith. A reading by Mr. McInerney was followed by a toast to the winners, proposed by H. Lordly of the Y.M.C.A. and replied to by McKay of Rothsay and Wm. Walsh of the High School. The gathering came to an end shortly after 11 o'clock and it is safe to say that the good fellowship among the junior football players has been considerably strengthened as a result of the evening's enjoyment. REMEMBERS WINTER REFERRED TO BY DR. DOLE. To The Editor of The Standard. Sir—I well remember the winter in the forties that Dr. Dole refers to in this morning's Standard, when the river was open in January. Dr. Dole is mistaken, however, when he says that the body of Lady Colebrooke was brought to Fredericton by boat. Lady Colebrooke had gone to St. John for medical treatment by Dr. Bayard and returned to Fredericton much improved in health. She lived for many years and died in England. AN OLD RESIDENT. Fredericton, Dec. 9, 1909.

FOOTER RIVALS UNITE IN BIG BANQUET The junior football league was formally brought to a close last night when the Y. M. C. A. team entertained their opponents, the High school and Rothsay, to a banquet at the association building. About sixty fellows sat down to the feast, which commenced at nine o'clock and was served by the Young Ladies' Guild, and needless to say full justice was done the good things provided. Mr. W. H. Moor, the boy's secretary presided and at the conclusion of the repast, the health of the King was duly honored. Brad Gilbert proposed the toast to "Our Guests" which was replied to by Stern, captain of Rothsay and Donnelly, captain of the High school team. The toast to "Our Country," proposed by Cunningham of the Y. M. C. A. was replied to by Mr. Groven Martin of the High school staff. After a piano solo by Robt. Dobson, Ken Macdonald of the Y.M.C.A. proposed a toast to football, and Mr. Stanley Bridges, a master at Rothsay school, replied. The "World-Wide Y. M. C. A." was proposed by Harold Wood and replied to by Mr. A. W. Robb, secretary of the local association. After a reading by Mr. Blake McInerney, Colin Mackay proposed a health to "Our Coaches," and Mr. Hooper of Rothsay replied. The toast to "Our Rooters," was proposed by Everett Megarity and replied to by Mr. J. McKinnon. After a piano solo by Robt. Dobson, the health of the ladies was proposed by Will Latham and replied to by Mr. H. J. Smith. A reading by Mr. McInerney was followed by a toast to the winners, proposed by H. Lordly of the Y.M.C.A. and replied to by McKay of Rothsay and Wm. Walsh of the High School. The gathering came to an end shortly after 11 o'clock and it is safe to say that the good fellowship among the junior football players has been considerably strengthened as a result of the evening's enjoyment. REMEMBERS WINTER REFERRED TO BY DR. DOLE. To The Editor of The Standard. Sir—I well remember the winter in the forties that Dr. Dole refers to in this morning's Standard, when the river was open in January. Dr. Dole is mistaken, however, when he says that the body of Lady Colebrooke was brought to Fredericton by boat. Lady Colebrooke had gone to St. John for medical treatment by Dr. Bayard and returned to Fredericton much improved in health. She lived for many years and died in England. AN OLD RESIDENT. Fredericton, Dec. 9, 1909.

RETAILERS TRIUMPH The wholesale and retail bowling teams of Waterbury and Rising played last evening in the Victoria alleys the latter winning by a score of 1093 to 1065. Messrs. Chesley, Hunter, Patcull, Walsh and Labbe played for

THE MERCANTILE MARINE DAILY ALMANAC. Glasgow, R. Reford Co., pass and mds. Sailed Yesterday. Str. Victoria, 6743, Outrain for Liverpool, via Halifax, Wm Thomson and Co. pass and mds. Foreign Ports. New London, Conn. Dec. 10.—Sld: Scis Rhoda Holmes from Nova Scotia for New York; James S. Hoyt, from Huntington for do; Addie McFadden from Bath for do; Ira B. Eljens, from Sullivan for do; Louisa Lockwood from Dorchester, N. B., for do; Elizabeth M. Cook from Calais for do. Peraged. Kinsale, Dec. 40.—Str. Empress of Britain from St. John, N. B., and Halifax for Liverpool. Marine Notes. Str. Governor Cobb now being repaired at Boston will be fitted with wireless. She is going south Dec. 15. Str. Lady Smith which arrived at Halifax from New York with a cargo of coal, will load a return cargo of lumber at Richmond. The winning team, and Messrs. Stillwell, Featherstone, Sullis, Barbary, and Ramsey for the wholesalers. Teams from T. McAvity and Sons foundry and retail store also played the former winning. HIGH ROLLERS DEFEATED. In a rather one-sided game on Black's alleys last evening, J. M. Humphrey team defeated the High Rollers, taking all four points. The scores were, 124 to 118. BREAKS RECORD. With wonderful accuracy Clarence Cowan, captain of the crack Victoria bowling team, which recently won the international bowling tournament held in this city, succeeded in knocking down a succession of strikes and spares, finally establishing a new Maritine record on the Victoria bowling alleys yesterday afternoon. He bowled the high score of 153 which is two points higher than the record established by Jack Sullivan of Fredericton, some weeks ago, and only nine pins short of the official record of the world. In addition he established a new Maritine record for three strings. He had a total of 126 on his second and 88 on the third, making a grand total of 387 for three strings, breaking the record which was previously held by Mr. H. C. Olive of this city. Had it not been for the small score which he made on the first four boxes, Mr. Cowan certainly would have broken the world record. He rolled six successive strikes and spares.

CANADIAN PACIFIC CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEARS LOWEST ONE-WAY FIRST-CLASS FARE FOR ROUND TRIP Going Dec. 23, 1909, to Jan. 1, 1910, inclusive, good to return until Jan. 5, 1910. Between all Stations on Atlantic Division, and Eastern Division to and including Montreal. TO STATIONS WEST OF MONTREAL Lowest One-Way First-Class Fare Dec. 24, 25, 1909, good for return until Dec. 27, 1909. Also on Dec. 31, 1909, and Jan. 1, 1910, good for return until Jan. 3, 1910. Lowest One-Way First-Class Fare to Montreal, Added to Lowest One-Way First-Class Fare and One-Third From Montreal. Dec. 21, 22, 23, 24 and 25; also Dec. 28, 29, 30 and 31, 1909, and Jan. 1, 1910, good for return until Jan. 5, 1910. Full particulars on application to W. B. HOWARD, D. P. A., C. P. R. St. John, N. B.



Happenings of the Week

Jones, in brown silk with brown beaver hat and Mrs. H. B. Robinson in grey cologne, assisted by Miss Jean Trueman, Miss Katie Hazen, Miss Frances Hazen, Miss Nora Robinson, Miss Winnifred Raymond and Miss Lou McMillan. Among the guests were: Mrs. Barker, Mrs. Stetson, Mrs. Warner, Mrs. Vason, Mrs. Weldon, Mrs. Wm. Hazen, Mrs. John Thomson, Mrs. J. Jack, Mrs. Inches, Mrs. Chisholm, Mrs. Chinch, Mrs. A. Morrissey, Mrs. E. T. Sturdee, Miss Jack, Miss Yackenzie, Miss Neales, Mrs. J. B. Hazen, Mrs. Anglin, Mrs. Ives, Mrs. H. Schofield, Mrs. Robt. Thomson, Mrs. R. Hazen, Mrs. J. Schofield, Mrs. Humphrey, Mrs. Geo. Schofield, Mrs. Fredrick Fidler, Mecklenburg street, was hostess at a bridge on Wednesday afternoon. Mrs. Fidler received in green silk. The prizes were won by Mrs. McGovern, Mrs. Lohdy and Mrs. Fred Jones. Among the guests were: Mrs. Nichols, Mrs. Robson, Mrs. Hamilton, Mrs. Wetmore, Mrs. Allen, Mrs. Manning, Mrs. H. J. Jones, Mrs. Hayward, Mrs. Barrell, Mrs. Lordy, Mrs. Beatty, Mrs. F. A. Jones, Mrs. E. Fairweather, Mrs. Hayward, Mrs. C. Ferguson, Mrs. H. Powell, Orange street, entertained at the tea hour on Wednesday afternoon in honor of Miss Hewson of Moncton. Mrs. Shaw presided at the tea hour. Among the guests were: Miss Gertrude, Mrs. Gordon Dickie, Miss Marjorie Lee, Miss Grace Fisher, Miss Eva MacLaren, Miss Lois Grimmer, Miss Frances Hazen, Miss Nancy Kingdom, Miss Marjorie Lee, Miss Lydia Kimball.

Mrs. B. R. Macaulay, Charlotte St., was hostess at a delightful tea on Thursday afternoon. Mrs. Macaulay received in grey silk, with hands and arms in white, and the table was decorated with pink roses and in charge of Mrs. L. J. Brown in pale green silk and hat to match and Mrs. Alex. Macaulay in black satin and black hat. Miss Emily Teed, in pale green silk and white fur, and Mrs. Mary Roberts, in pale grey voile and large black hat with scarlet roses. Miss Emily Teed, in pale green silk and white fur, and Mrs. Mary Roberts, in pale grey voile and large black hat with scarlet roses. Miss Emily Teed, in pale green silk and white fur, and Mrs. Mary Roberts, in pale grey voile and large black hat with scarlet roses.

MRS. HAIG TO WEB SECRETARY IN LONDON

Daughter of the late William Astor to become the Bride of the Secretary of Embassy Phillips.

London, Dec. 10.—William Phillips, the new secretary of the American Embassy, confirms the rumor that preceded him here, that he will shortly marry Mrs. Haig, of Brook street, Grosvenor square, New York. Mrs. Haig is now in Washington. Mr. Phillips says: "All I will say now is that the marriage will take place in the near future, and that the ceremony in Washington has not been decided."

IN CHAMBERS.

In the matter of the application of the Darrow-Mann Co. and Whitney & Kemmerer, of Boston, and New York, His Honor, Mr. Justice McKeown yesterday morning made an order preventing further sales or purchases by the Francis Kerr Co. Ltd., until the permanent liquidator is appointed. Mr. M. G. Teed, K. C., and Mr. L. P. D. Tilley appeared for the applicant companies and Mr. J. King Kelley for the provisional liquidator.

DEATHS.

Wood.—At his father's residence, 300 Rockland road, on Friday, Dec. 10, George R. Wood, in the 26th year of his age, after a lingering illness (Boston, Moncton and P. E. Island papers please copy).

Funeral from his late residence at 230 o'clock, Sunday afternoon. Service at the house, Interment at Cedar Hill.

Nixon.—In this city, on the 10th inst., Elizabeth Ruthven, widow of William Nixon, in the 78th year of her age, leaving two sons and two daughters to mourn. (Boston papers please copy).

An Evening Headdress



Those who have attended the theatres in New York recently have been struck with the new headdress worn by young girls. Some of them are freaks, and indicate originality in design.

This photograph shows an adaptation of the Salome headdress, which really seems to be a combination of the old Dutch headdress and that worn by the popular dancer.

POET'S MIND IS TROUBLED

Grocer Huges Suing Le Gallienne For Debt -- A Trifle of \$27 -- For Refreshments Wet and Dry

New York, Dec. 10.—It was not very long ago that the poet, John W. Le Gallienne, the poet of the Upper West Side, carrying a long stemmed red, rose for companionship, eased himself into Central Park and became a part of the life of a young girl, who he had straddled between the rose and interpreted for the flower the meaning of the songs of the robins singing about him. And the rose seemed to nod as if it could understand.

And from his ashes may be made the violet of his native land. Bartlett's Familiar Quotations. "Beat it—you're on the grass!" It was a cop slogan.

As the poet pounded the pavement once more resuming his stroll, his grocer drove toward him in one of his automobiles. Mr. Le Gallienne's grocer, his one time grocer at least, also was taking his daily constitutional in the park. Policeman Tierney—now bathed and stung to the quick—had recognized the grocer's strolling poet.

As one result of the meeting the grocer yesterday took legal action against the poet, who next Saturday will appear in a municipal court to be examined in supplementary proceedings—unless the poet before Saturday pays the grocer, John W. Hughes, of 1925 Sixth avenue, police district 17 and something for groceries wet and dry which Mr. Le Gallienne purchased several years ago.

It is the saving face, Mr. Le Gallienne seemed to think when interviewed yesterday, that the groceries were bought several years ago which to a measure excuses him for owing the bill, if they had been purchased only recently he is sure he would have remembered the occurrence and promptly settled the account.

The matter slipped my memory, that is all, Mr. Le Gallienne explained. "The amount was so much a trifle that it quite escaped me. I shall certainly settle the bill with this tradesman tomorrow."

LADY ST HELIER SEES CHANGES

Englishwoman Describes the Life She Led as a Girl in London Society -- Simplicity the Rule.

London, Dec. 10.—Lady St. Helier, who has just published her reminiscences, says of the life of a young girl in London society: "Nothing could exceed the simplicity and economy practiced by the young ladies of my time. Our allowance was very limited, one hundred pounds a year was considered princely, especially when it was augmented by our parents providing our court dresses."

"The real cause of the lesser cost of our toilettes lay in the fact that amusements were fewer and were generally confined to an occasional afternoon party and a ball, so that only two changes of dress were needed, especially when it was augmented by our parents providing our court dresses."

"A certain number of people rode in Rotten Row in the morning, but there were no luncheon parties and no evening parties. Hurlingham and Ranelagh were unknown, and girls were hardly ever asked out to dinner."

"Evening receptions were rare and they were generally only attended by older people, girls being usually put to bed at 8 o'clock to sleep until 9.30, when refreshed and beautified by their maids, they were ready for their ball."

"As a rule there was only one ball each night, and though there were exceptions, but few people went to two, so that the evening ended not later than 1.30, and if on rare occasions the invariable rule was broken, the event found no favor in the maternal eye."

"It is very difficult after the lapse of so many years to compare the physique and beauty of English women and women there with those of today. If I were critical I should say that women nowadays are prettier than their grandmothers—stronger, better developed, better set up and certainly more independent and more self-reliant than they were forty years ago; but I do not think that the men are any the less handsome."

DEATHS.

Mr. Robert Adams. The death of Mr. R. Adams, formerly of this city, occurred Wednesday in Chicago. Deceased was stricken with paralysis, and falling to the ground, broke his hip in two places. He was taken to a hospital, where he died. Mr. Robert Adams was a son of the late Mr. Zachariah Adams, a well-known mill owner on the West side, and was himself engaged in the lumber mill business for a long time. About twenty-five years ago he left St. John, settling in Kansas City, and afterwards removing to Chicago, where he has been in the commission business for a number of years. Mrs. Adams (in daughter of the late Mr. George Howard) and two sons, George and Howard, living in Chicago, and one daughter, Mrs. Kennedy, living in St. John, survive. Mr. Thomas Adams of this city is a brother. Old friends of Mr. Adams in St. John will regret to hear of his death.

Mrs. John F. Marsters. Mrs. John F. Marsters, who two weeks ago suffered a stroke of paralysis, died yesterday morning at the home of her daughter, Mrs. John A. McAvity, Orange street. The news was heard with regret by many friends of this venerable lady. Mrs. Marsters, who had just passed her 83rd birthday, was a native of Waterville, Me., and her first husband was Rev. Wm. H. Humphrey, formerly of Halifax, who died in the west. Children of this marriage are Mrs. A. D. Robertson of Philadelphia, Mr. Wm. B. Humphrey of Hillsboro, Chicago, Ill., Eldridge G. Humphrey of the Southern Pacific Railway at Modesto, California, and Mrs. McAvity of this city. The funeral of Mrs. Marsters will take place on Sunday afternoon from the residence of Mrs. McAvity.

Mrs. E. R. Nixon. The death of Mrs. Elizabeth Rath-erford Nixon, aged 78 years, occurred yesterday morning. The deceased leaves two sons and two daughters. The sons are Mr. Norman Nixon of Brockton, Mass., and Mr. Walter Nixon, who resides in this city. The daughters are Miss Elizabeth, Mrs. Queen street, and Mrs. Jas. Rafferty, of Waterloo street. The deceased was a native of Londonderry, Ireland.

Notices were posted today at the weaving mills in the Bolton, Wick and Leigh districts, England, announcing that short time working schedules would go into effect next week owing to the prohibitory price of cotton. Many thousands of operatives will be affected.

James A. N. Johnson, a C. P. R. locomotive engineer, of Montreal, was killed at Newport, Vermont, yesterday morning. A switch engine struck him.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING

Necessity is the Mother of Invention, and Classified Advertising was invented by The Man who was Forced to be brief.

1c. per word per insertion, 6 insertions for the price of 4.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Job Printing Office, consisting of two job presses, hand press, paper cutter, 250 lbs. of paper, etc. Everything in good condition. Can be seen by applying to Box 245, Fredericton, N. B.

WANTED

WANTED—An energetic young man for Land appearance before the court before the public in this city. Salary and exclusive territory. Address A. E. Standard.

WANTED

Wanted—First class experienced Hotel Cook in person to be in Hotel, Fredericton, N. B.

PUBLIC STENOGRAPHY

REAL TYPEWRITER LETTERS IS ANY QUANTITY FROM EACH. COMMERCIAL STATIONERY CO. 78 Prince William street.

SHOW CARDS

All the new things in show cards and window signs. Largest assortment. HAMPTON'S ADVERTISING SIGNS. Phone 1287-31, 30 King Street.

EDISON RECORDS

Edison Two and Four Minute Records for December. Call early for choice Edison Phonograph records. Improved, from \$1.50. Phonograph repaired. WILLIAM CRAWFORD. 105 Princess street, opposite White Store.

WATCHMAKER

A choice selection of Rings, Brooches, Scarf Pins, Ear-rings, Pins, Studs, etc. ERNEST LAW, 2 O'Leary Street.

BEAUTY PARLORS

Hairdressing, facial massage, manicuring, nail care, etc. Telephone 1287-31. 30 King Street.

CALL MAIN-2311

When ordering your Christmas SHOW CARDS W. O. STAPLES, WINDOW DECORATOR, 102 Prince William street.

AUCTION SALES

PROPERTY FOR SALE

Property on corner City Road and Haymarket Square, consisting of Store and Three Flats. Enquire F. L. POTTS, Auctioneer, Etc., Phone—913, P. O. Box 294.

T.L.C. T. I. Coughlan AUCTIONEER

70 Princess St. ST. JOHN, N. B. Clifton House Building.

G. & G. Flewelling Mfg Co. Stock For Sale By the Bank of Montreal, Fredericton, N.B.

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the purchase of 139 Shares of the Capital Stock of The G. & G. Flewelling Mfg. Co. of Montreal, N. B. A copy of the Prospectus and last statement, being for the year ending Dec. 31, 1908, will be furnished upon application to the said Branch of the Bank of Montreal. Tenders will close on Wednesday, Dec. 15th next, at noon. The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Tender and Prospectus, if desired, may be obtained by applying to the undersigned, who is authorized to receive and forward to the said Branch of the Bank of Montreal. D Dec. 14.

Estate Sale Bonds By Auction

At Chubb's Corner, SATURDAY, December 11th, at 12 o'clock, noon: 3 General Public Hospital 6 per cent. Bonds, due 1st May, 1912, \$400 each. 3 St. John Street Widening 6 per cent. Bonds, due 1st Nov., 1917, \$500 each. 2 Water and Sewerage 4 per cent. Bonds, due 1st May, 1915, \$500 each. 2 City of St. John 4 per cent. Bonds due 1st Nov., 1932, \$1,000 each. T. T. LANTALUM, Auctioneer, WILKIAM CRAWFORD, 105 Princess St. Phone 769.

SEWING MACHINES

New Home, and New Domestic machines from \$9. Buy in job shop and save \$10. I employ 25 agents. Genuine needles and all of all kinds. Sewing machines and Phonographs repaired. WILKIAM CRAWFORD, 105 Princess St. Opposite White Store.

FLORISTS

ADAM SHAND, FLORIST. Cut flowers and Floral Emblems a specialty. THE ROSARY, 34 King Street.

PICTURE FRAMING

Moyle Bros., 105 King Street, Picture Framing and Furniture Repairing. Phone 1253-31. 125-310-31

ENGRAVERS

A. G. PLUMMER General Engraver. Job Cutting, Visiting Cards and Stationery. Engraving, Etc. 87 Germain Street.

Professional.

Dr. A. PIERCE CROCKET

Late Clinic Assistant Royal Hospital, London, E. England. Practice limited to EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT. 50 King Square, St. John, N. B. Phone Main 1164.

HAZEN & RAYMOND, BARRISTERS-AT-LAW.

108 Prince William Street, St. John, N. B.

John B. M. Baxter, K. C. BARRISTER, ETC.

60 Princess Street, ST. JOHN, N. B.

POWELL & HARRISON, BARRISTERS-AT-LAW.

Royal Bank Building, ST. JOHN, N. B.

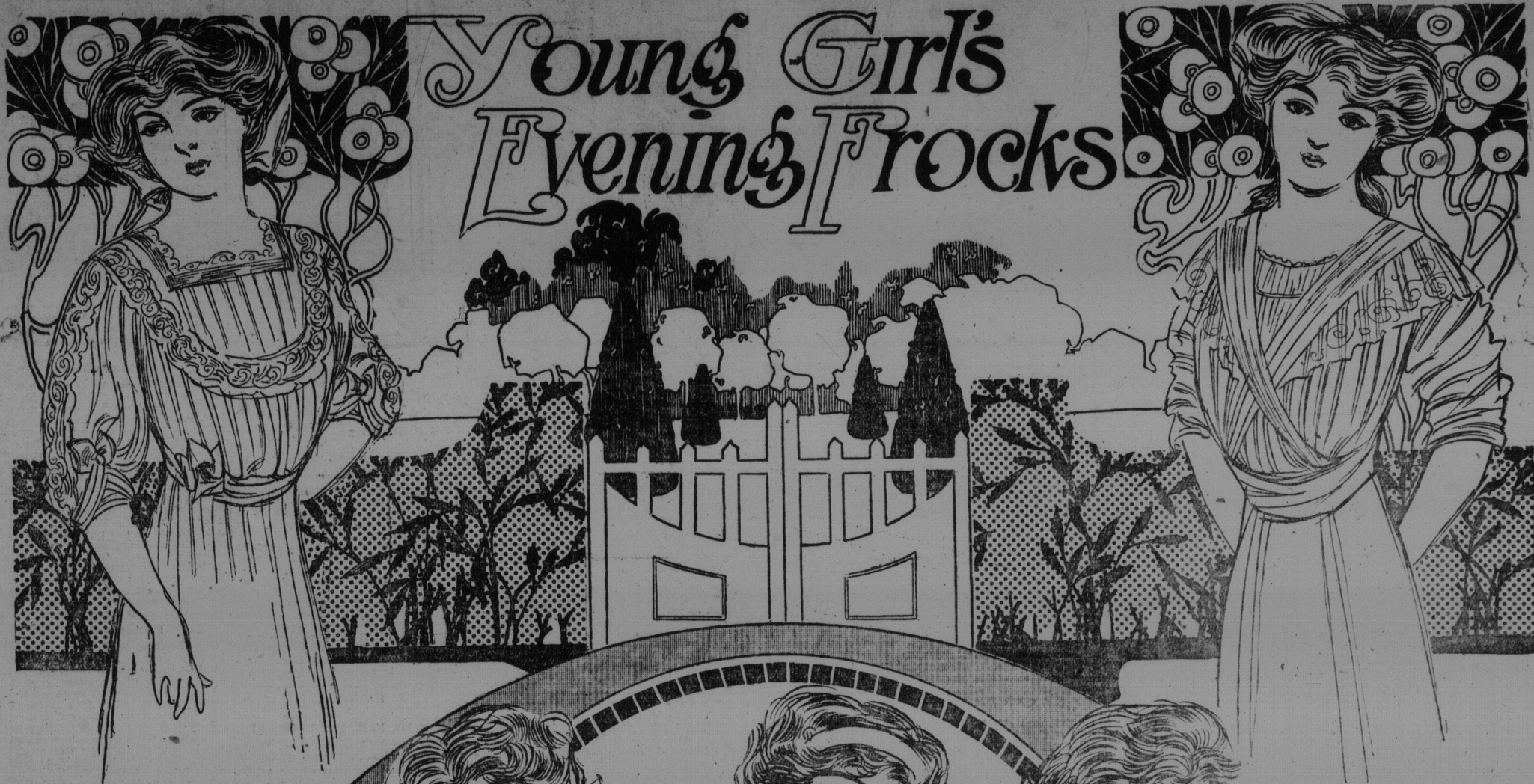
Crocket & Guthrie, BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, Notaries, &c.

Office in Royal Bank Building, opposite Post Office. FREDERICTON, N. B.

H. F. McLEOD, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.

Office in Royal Bank Building, opposite Post Office. FREDERICTON, N. B.

The Well-Dressed Woman



Young Girls' Evening Frocks

Chiffon or Net, over Silk Slip, Lace or Braided Net Trimming.

Crepe De Chine with real Valenciennes Lace.

By Marjorie

ARTY frocks for this winter's debutantes and their younger sisters are ever so graceful and girlish in their lines and general treatment.

One-piece forms, as the princess frock, and the two-piece, the skirt and waist put together at the waist as one, are the prevailing styles. The majority of these dresses rest on the normal waistline or a short distance above it. The joining is sometimes invisible, again, draped frankly.

Silks, satin weaves, crepes, nets, plain and figured; besides the lingerie materials, hand-embroidered and lace-trimmed, are the materials most favored. Transparent draperies over satin slips are very fashionable.

Fichu and bertha effects are much used; brassieres and boleros of chiffon, net, lace or satin, beaded, braided or mounted with pearls, and tiny paillettes, appear on the more elaborate and costly frocks.

Where these adjustable pieces are made at home there is a great saving, for, requiring both time and ability, they necessarily come high.

Skirts are cut circular, plaited, draped with tunics or scarf effects mounted with deep cut flounces, or built on Moyen-age lines.

The newest tunic shows a short apron in front, dropping within six inches of the knee line and tapering off in deep points in the back. This is very graceful and at the same time a youthful rendering of the classic over draperies.

The square neck has more devotees than the circular or "V" shaped ones, but all are worn. The half-length sleeve and the one escaping the elbow are used more than the full or three-quarter length.

FOR SILK OR TRANSPARENT NET.

The first model shown above is a simple little dress which could quite easily be made at home.

It could be made in one piece or two and joined at the waistline. The waist and upper part of the skirt are laid in small box plaits. The waist is cut square and outlined with a satin band and a soft little ruffle of lace. A band of lace, net braided or embroidered, swings off from the shoulders, forming a deep "U," a more shallow one is used for the back. The sleeves are box plaited, trimmed with a vertical band of garniture extending from the shoulder to the elbow. A narrow folded girdle of satin is placed just an inch above the normal waistline. The sleeves are also finished with ribbon formed into small bows. The skirt, I neglected to mention, has a deep hem about six inches, which is one of the new features.



Dress of Batiste, Lace Insertion, Girdle of Pink Satin.

Hand Embroidered Muslin with V Neck.

Messaline Silk and Bebe Lace.

A very inexpensive rendering of this model would be silk muslin and Valenciennes lace. Voile is another material, but there are many inexpen-

sive materials very charming when made up which range in price in special sales from thirty cents a yard to a dollar, and it is surprising when

made becomingly and in good taste, how attractive they are. A becoming little frock which relies almost entirely upon its own material trimming would be charming for crepe de chine, silk, chiffon cloth or lingerie materials.

Here it is developed in fine batiste laid in soft folds and tucks. The sides and upper sleeves are made in one and simulate a bolero outlined with bebe Irish lace. Across the front extends two bows of rose pink satin. The high waisted skirt car-

ries a front panel, the sides are laid in tucks, mounted with a deep flounce put into narrow tucks, and headed by a band of soft folds and a row of lace insertion. The girdle and long sash end are of pink satin.

The same model could be copied in a princess dress. Here the top of the flounce could be finished by vertical bands of the lace insertion placed at frequent intervals, held down by a lace or crocheted button and threaded with a wide satin scarf, terminating in a large bebe bow in back.

Personally, I think this would be even better than the original as it stands.

SHADES OF YELLOW, LA MODE

For the girl who can wear yellow, this is her banner year. All shades, from the faintest of lemon and corn silk tints to the richer old gold shades, will enjoy even greater prestige than they did last winter.

This little frock is girlish and at the same time is far from being plain or commonplace. The skirt is made in three sections, each headed by a series of very fine tucks. The sections may be finely shirred or laid in small tucks. From the top of the shaped yoke and crossing it are lines of lace that sweep to the hem of the skirt. Two are in front, forming a panel, one at each side and two in the back. The effect of this skirt is really charming.

The waist portion is made up of several sections, all bearing an intimate relation to each other. Folded pieces are laid over the shoulders, outlined with bands of lace. The neck is cut square and trimmed with lace, which also forms a sort of tab effect in the centre. The lower half is shirred or laid in fine tucks, matching the treatment given to the sections on the skirt. The sleeves are made in two parts, a puff sleeve to the elbow and a deep cap edged with lace.

For a lingerie material, net or chiffon, this model would be equally effective.

The next frock is another very simple dress of handkerchief linen, trimmed with bands of hand embroidery and fine lace.

The last, in pink crepe de chine, suggests girlishness and charming grace.

A most novel effect is produced by the crossed fichu ends, which melt away into the folded girdle. The blouse proper is made becomingly full and filled in with a small net yoke put in quait shirring. The sleeves are mousquetaire. Quite simple is the skirt, laid in alternate box plaits and side plaits.

The folded girdle may end at the back, but a more graceful finish would be scarf ends, pointed, caught with a square buckle or loosely knotted.

AIRSHIPS THAT DID NOT FLY

Record of Dreams That Have Gone Astray a Lengthy One in Aeronautics--The Airship Business a Precarious One.

This airship and flying machine business is a precarious proposition," declared an inventor at the old Morris Park racecourse as he viewed the remains of several wrecked flyers scattered about the lawn where the members of the Aeronauts' Society have workshops.

The most discouraging part of it all is that not one of these graveyards specimens has flown. Many a dream has gone astray in their construction, and it has been mostly sacrifice without gain.

Some of the inventors have risked small fortunes on their flying machines, but failure has not brought discouragement. There is hardly a man to be found among them who would not be willing to try it all over again. He is sure it will come out all right the next time. Every Wright or Blériot success acts like a stimulant, and when one of these aerial dreamers hears of the formation of a million dollar corporation, he immediately gets busy with a new scheme.

Out of the thirty or more inventors only one has met with any degree of success. Dr. William Green recently made a few short flights with a biplane. This success is said to have brought him capital and it is understood that he will be at the head of a factory for the production of aeroplanes.

The inventors are as varied in character as in ideas. In the colony of workers are two dentists, Dr. William Greene and Dr. Henry Walden; a lawyer, R. F. Ratch, an actor, Charles Lawrence; a plumber, Pincus Brauner; an editor, Stanley Y. Beach; a patient medicine man, John A. Riggs; a consulting engineer, Wilbur R. Kimball; an Arkansas farmer, Joel T. Rice; a mechanic and young college graduate, C. J. Hendrickson.

When the workshops opened a year ago Mr. Kimball was the sole inventor on the ground. He had built a helicopter which gave great promise, but never made good. After several attempts to get into the air it went to smash.

Then Mr. Kimball constructed a biplane that eventually met the same fate. He is now engaged on a third machine.

Stanley Y. Beach and Gustav Whitehead built an aeroplane with which they hoped to win the \$500 prize offered by the promoters of the aeronautic exhibition held at Arlington, N. J. It proved to be a good aeroplane with the exception that it failed to fly. Thereupon the inventors fell out.

Aeronaut Beach was convinced that the mistake was in making the machine a monoplane. He insisted that there have been a monoplane. Aeronaut Whitehead was satisfied that the whole trouble was that they had not built a triplane.

Aeronaut Beach took matters into his own hands, demobilized the biplane and constructed a monoplane. When he had finished it he looked about for the engine and more trouble started missing. Then more was found that it was the engine that was the trouble.

His partner, disgusted, had seized the engine. The indignant Mr. Beach thereupon started legal proceedings to recover the engine. Mr. Whitehead vowed that he would never give it up until Mr. Beach consented to build a triplane. He kept his vow for a week, but then his resolution broke down. He sent for his former partner and told him that he could have the engine and build a monoplane of any other type he wanted to.

The engine arrived, and Mr. Beach tried out his new scheme, and still his invention showed no birdlike tendency. It is housed at Morris Park, and occasionally its inventor takes it out and runs it around the track on wheels.

Fred Schneider built a big white biplane which in appearance was much like the Wright machine, but in making a trial it was wrecked. The undamaged parts were kept, and the inventor is busy rebuilding it.

Morris Bokon constructed a triplane which never got off the ground but with which he took the \$500 prize at the Arlington aerial carnival for the best constructed aeroplane. Louis Adams, a manufacturer, took a hand at flying machine building. He turned out a contrivance that looked much like a butterfly but it never exhibited flying qualities.

Mr. Hendrickson, the college graduate, tried the bat scheme, but without success. A Mr. Rickman built a helicopter with thirty-two propellers, forming a sunflower shaped parachute. Its skeleton hangs in the loft of the workshop.

Dr. Henry Walden made a double biplane in which he thought he had solved the problem of automatic equilibrium, but before he had demonstrated his theories, a wind storm came along and demolished the machine.

Joel T. Rice and John A. Riggs spent the entire summer months working out the scheme of the largest dirigible ever built in this country. They had hardly inflated the big 105 foot envelope, when a gusty wind blew over the tent and about \$800 worth of gas went to waste. The inventors had planned to reach their Arkansas home by flight in their airship. After they had viewed the wreckage, they decided that flying was a hazardous proposition and that the best way to get home was by rail.

In spite of the wreck heaps on the grounds a new crop of inventors has sprung up and before spring the sheds will be filled with new flying apparatus.

MOROCCAN JEWELS MAY BE REDEEMED

Paris, Dec. 9.—The expected sale of the jewels of the former Sultan of Morocco, Abd-El-Aziz, was prevented yesterday by the intervention of a representative from the present Sultan, demanding delay in order to effect their redemption. He was provided with a check for \$200,000, and alleged that the documentary evidence of ownership or, in common language,

ENGLAND URGED TO BUILD FLEET

Major General Baden Powell Asserts That Aeroplanes Will Displace Navies in Wars of Future

London, Dec. 10.—The assertion that aeroplanes will displace horses in future warfare, and form mounts for dashing squadrons of aerial cavalry, signalled an address by Major Baden Powell before the Royal United Service Institution yesterday afternoon, while Lord Roberts uttered a stirring demand that England wake up and prepare for the utilization of aerial craft and prosecute systematically the development of the airship and aeroplane. A large audience of military and naval men and aeronautical experts signified their enthusiastic assent.

"We have been contented to wait and benefit by the experience of others," said Lord Roberts. "We cannot afford to be behindhand. We must make our machines, have trials and have a staff of men trained and ready to adapt themselves to aerial machines."

"I am anxious that the country wake up to the necessity of doing its utmost to perfect these craft. We still are strangely apathetic. The future dirigible and aeroplanes will be as far ahead of those of to-day as the present locomotive is ahead of the first locomotive built."

Major Baden-Powell said:—"There is no doubt that the machines of to-day, both dirigibles and aeroplanes, are capable of the greatest use in case of war. Let us not forget that they could come without warning from the Continent and wreak great damage. We must make preparations to defend ourselves against such possible aggression."

He especially pointed out that they could be utilized as follows—Reconnaissance, obtaining complete and reliable information of the enemy's position, movements of armaments and numbers; transportation of troops by the employment of thousands of aeroplanes capable of carrying three or four men each; discharge explosives with much damage by hovering over the enemy's country and dropping bombs on powder magazines, stores, depots and railways; raids, by carrying small parties of troops for dashing forays; communications, could carry despatches and communicate with any business place; in savage warfare they would have great moral effect by dropping bombs to spread panic among the ignorant enemy; as a lookout, unsurpassed as a conveyance of advantage for the commander in chief during an action; advantages of the airship as compared to the marine vessel, greater speed, wider view, ability to rise to a sufficient height to avoid projectiles and to get vertically above an enemy. All evoked tremendous enthusiasm.

Major Baden-Powell has written several articles on aeronautics, including "Ballooning as a Sport." He invented a manlike kite in following years. He refounded the Aeronautic Society and acted as its honorable secretary for some years, after which he was elected president. He joined the Scots Guards in 1882 and has seen much actual service. He served with his regiment and on staff throughout the South African War.

The pawn tickets, had been mislaid and that the tyrant of Fez wanted time to hunt them up.

Resistance to this demand was made by the pawnbrokers, but an adjournment of one month was finally ordered upon a deposition being made of the \$200,000 by the Sultan's agent, to cover any subsequent loss.

Golf the Office Man's Salvation Declares Noted Club Expert



"Golf is the office man's salvation in the way of exercise," says A. Boggs the noted professional. "Being such a good player that he can earn a living teaching the game, Boggs goes farther and says that it's the king of outdoor sports, the cleanest, fairest game in the world."

"The game of golf is within the reach of every man who cares to take advantage of an opportunity for pleasant exercises," says Boggs. "While the cities are annually spending thousands to cure tuberculosis, why wouldn't it be better to spend even more to prevent it? Fresh air will keep almost any man well. Golf enables him to get enough exercise to cure tuberculosis."

"Any man who will spend from two to four afternoons a week on the links driving the little white ball around and walking on the turf, where walking is beneficial, cannot fail to be helped. Every muscle in the body is brought into play on the links. The pictures, posed by Boggs, show the different exercises the golfer takes in making just one stroke."

"First of all a golfer brings his leg, back and shoulder muscles into play when he steps over to tee up. Then he puts his forearm, wrist and hand muscles to an extra test when he takes a firm hold of his club preparatory to addressing the ball. His grip is strengthened. When ready to address the ball the first thing a golfer needs is a clear eye. He sizes up the distance of his drive, the distance of his feet from the ball, and the length and angle of his stroke. A clear eye is worth a lot to any man. It means a clear brain behind it."

"He starts his stroke, drawing his club back over his shoulder. In doing this he rises on his toes and twists his body sidewise. The leg muscles are tense. His body muscles are given a good stretching. The finish of his stroke puts the reverse on his leg and body muscle movement. Every golfer gets a fine exercise after he has played his hole. He must stoop down and reach three or four inches below the ground to lift his ball. The really big thing for the golfer is that when he has completed nine or eighteen holes he has walked four or five miles, is tired, hungry, ready for sleep, and finds he has forgotten business cares for two or three hours. His brain is rested."

PROVINCIAL NEWS ITEMS

WATERBOROUGH.

Waterborough, Dec. 8.—On Sunday last Dec. 5th Rev. Mr. Watkins, rector of Minto and Chipman exchanged pulpits with Rev. G. Edger Tobin, of Cambridge and Waterborough. Rev. Mr. Watkins has been on the circuit occasionally for the last two or three years while there was no rector in the mission, and he was greatly beloved by many who knew him. He has announced that he intended leaving his mission and going to work in Chile, South America.

DALHOUSIE, N. B.

Dalhousie, N. B., Dec. 9.—On Saturday evening a bunch of prisoners were sent to the county jail here, and yesterday County Court Judge McLatchey, under the Speedy Trials Act, when one, Kelley was given two years in the penitentiary for theft of money in Campbellton. Emmet Burke was given four months in the county jail for taking four dollars of the stolen money from Kelley. Sheriff Stewart conveyed Kelly to Dorchester this morning and will join Mrs. Stewart at Amherst, where they will visit their son James.

Mrs. Richard Sutton and son, Richard, are visiting Mrs. Sutton's aunt, Mrs. John M. McLeod. Miss Susie McPherson, of Charlo, Rest, County, a former teacher in the public school, is calling on friends today. Dalhousie has lost one of its most respected citizens in the decease of Mr. Edward Harquail, whose remains were interred in the Roman Catholic cemetery today. The deceased gentleman has been a resident here during his entire life of seventy-five years. He leaves one son, James Harquail, county clerk, and five daughters, besides numerous friends to mourn their loss.

ALMA.

Alma, N. B., Dec. 7.—Fire broke out in the attic of Leonard Martin's store this evening and a crowd of men soon gathered on the premises as soon as the alarm was sounded. Smoke and flames were seen issuing through the shingle roof, but many willing hands with a bountiful supply of water soon extinguished the blaze. Holes were cut through the roof and shingles ripped off. Fire and water did considerable damage to the shop and goods. The building and stock are partially insured in the Atlantic Mutual.

Grand Lake, and tributaries are open with not a sign of ice while usually at this season the small boys had had this an hour's fun upon the ice. Through all the mud and storm the very obliging carrier, L. D. Ferris gets the mail in on time, should the train not be delayed.

HAMPTON.

Hampton, N. B., Dec. 8.—Yesterday afternoon Judge McIntyre, judge of probates, attended to the passing of accounts in the matter of the estate of Mrs. Lucy A. Gibbard, late of Hampton, deceased, a citation thereon being then returnable, when administration was sought the heirs and next of kin, asked that the proctors of those interested, namely Messrs. Chipman A. Steeves, of Moncton and J. H. A. L. Fairweather, of Rothesay, should be appointed, and this was done. On the present hearing Mrs. L. A. Curry, K. C., represented Mrs. T. Steeves, of Moncton, a sister of deceased, questioned the administrators on the accounts generally and specially with regard to certain alleged articles of personality not included as part of the estate. Dr. W. B. Caldwell, a brother, was examined but could throw no light on the matter and Mrs. Harriet Warnford, a niece was sent for to clear it up. This she speedily did, showing that the articles referred to had been disposed of by Mrs. Gibbard as gifts to her niece long before her final illness and consequently were not in her possession when she died. The evidence proved convincing both to the judge and Mr. Curry. None of the items of the accounts being challenged, they were passed and a decree so ordering was issued. The balance between receipts and payments in the hands of the administrators is \$327.

SUITS WHEN OTHERS DISAPPOINT

"White House" is the "light-of-day" coffee. Handled in a modern factory equipped with every device and accommodation for producing Pure, Sanitary, Straight Coffee without any secret treatment or chemical manipulation.

"White House" is a coffee whose intrinsic value gives to its purchasers the fullest kind of an equivalent for its cost—Thirty-five Cents per FULL Pound—and the charm of whose deliciousness inspires a friendship that grows stronger with continued acquaintance.

"White House" COFFEE IS HONEST COFFEE—ABLE TO STAND ON ITS OWN MERITS AND STRONG IN THE APPROVAL OF ITS THOUSANDS OF FRIENDS.

"WHITE HOUSE" COFFEE

(Cut of the White House at Washington on every can.)

This splendid family coffee is a full flavored blend of only THE FINEST COFFEES THE WORLD PRODUCES. It is carefully roasted and packed in 1, 2 and 3 pound airtight cans at the factory, and when you open a can you have coffee at its VERY BEST

THE FINEST FAMILY COFFEE IN THE WORLD

As "White House" Coffee is a Boston product and very easily obtainable by any grocer, we feel assured that your dealer will be very glad to comply with your request for it. He most certainly knows its superb quality, and should be willing to oblige you. BE SURE AND ASK FOR IT BY NAME

DWINELL-WRIGHT CO., Factory 311-319 Summer St., BOSTON

"WITH A FLAVOR ALL ITS OWN"

THE HEART OF THE ANTARCTIC

Sir Ernest Shackleton's Account of His Great Adventures in Quest of the South Pole

No explorer of modern times has given us a more satisfying record of his travels and adventures than has E. H. Shackleton (now Sir Ernest) in "The Heart of the Antarctic." Two large volumes excellently bound, containing in all about 800 pages and profusely illustrated by drawings and photographs, form the record of the most brilliant Antarctic exploration of our day. In respect of illustrations, indeed, Sir Ernest's book is one of the best that ever came into the reviewer's hands. The paper is of fine quality, the letterpress excellent, and on the whole, Wm. Heinemann, the publisher, must be said to have risen to the situation, for he has given the book of the year an outward form that is worthy of the occasion which inspired it.

The Scientific Results.

The scientific results of the expedition cannot, of course, be stated in detail, in the book, the expert members in each branch having contributed summaries to the appendices of what has been done in the domains of geology, biology, magnetism, meteorology, physics, etc. The geographical work, however, is that which makes the strongest appeal to readers. The members of the expedition passed the winter of 1908 in McMurdo Sound, 20 miles north of the Discovery winter quarters, and thence in the spring set out three sleighing parties. One proceeded due south, and attained the most southerly latitude ever reached by man; another reached the south magnetic pole for the first time and the third surveyed the mountain range west of McMurdo Sound.

Farthest South.

The "Farthest South" party planted the Union Jack within 100 miles of the South Pole. It also ascertained that a great chain of mountains extends from the end of the parallel south of McMurdo Sound to the 86th parallel, trending in a south-easterly direction; that other great mountain ranges continue to the south and south-west and that between the 86th and 90th parallels the largest glaciers in the world, leading to an inland plateau, the height of which at altitude 88 degrees south is over 11,000 feet above sea level. That is to say, the plateau is as high as the average Rocky Mountain peak. It continues beyond the geographical South Pole, and extends from Cape Adare to the Pole.

A Mystery to be Solved.

Sir Ernest admits that the mystery of the Great Ice Barrier has not been solved, but thinks another expedition would be able to trace the line of the mountains found its southerly edge. However, a certain amount of light is thrown on the character of the barrier through observations and measurements made by the Shackleton party, which indicate that it is composed chiefly of snow. The discovery of 45 miles of new coast line, extending first in a southwesterly and then in a westerly direction, was another important piece of geographical work. The character of the barrier, a negative character was secured to prove the non-existence of Emerald Island, Nimrod Island and the Dougherty Island, but though the explorers believe these charted islands to be mere fragments of the imagination, he does not recommend that they be struck off the map until a special examination has been made. The evidence does not exist where the topographers have located them is beyond dispute.

A Fine Piece of Work.

But the real attraction of "The Heart of the Antarctic" lies not in its record of scientific facts established, but of heroic human endeavor, the adventure, the hardship and the mystery of that wonderful trip farthest south. Sir Ernest Shackleton writes of these things as a gallant Englishman should write, with modesty. It is between the lines, rather than in the lines, that one sees the picture of this desperate little company of men waging their battle with the primal ice and winds. But he has, at the same time, the eye of the artist, and the soul of the poet. His mind is as susceptible of impressions as a boy's, and the vivid picture leaps to meet the eye on every page. One brief quotation is all that space will permit.

Shackleton's Diary.

"A cold wind, with a temperature of 14 below zero, goes right through us now, as we are weakening from want of food, and the high altitude makes every movement an effort, especially if we stumble on the march. My head is giving me trouble all the time. God knows we are doing all we can but the outlook is serious as this surface continues and the plateau gets higher, for we are not traveling fast enough to make our food spin out, and get back to our depot in time. I cannot think of failure yet. I must look at the matter sensibly and consider the lives of those who are with me. I feel if we get too far it will be impossible to get back over the ice surface, and then all the results will be lost to the world. Man can only do his best, and we have arrayed against us the strongest forces of nature."

MOUNTAINDALE.

Mountaindale, Dec. 8.—The weather has been mild and damp for some time and the roads are very muddy as the result. Mr. I. H. Gregg, who spent a few days with relatives in St. John, returned home on Monday. Mr. Stirling Ganong spent the weekend in Belleisle and vicinity. Thomas Donthwright, Sussex, was here on business yesterday. Mr. W. S. Long bought two valuable cows from David Folkins, Centreville on Monday last. Mr. Ray Gregg made a flying visit to Cole's Island Monday. Mr. Hayes, Head of Millstream, made a business trip to this place Tuesday. Mr. D. Mahoney is quite ill at present.

RESCUED WRECK HOPE TRIUMPHS

The Absorbing Story of 100 Hours Spent off the Nova Scotia Coast in an Open Boat

Westport, N. S., Dec. 10.—If you consult a map of the Province of Nova Scotia, you will see two islands located in the mouth of the Bay of Fundy about nine miles from the mainland of Digby County. These are Long and Brier Islands. These islands are separated by Grand Passage, about a mile in width. On the eastern side of the Passage, on Long Island, is the thriving fishing village of Freeport, containing nearly a thousand inhabitants. On the western side, lies Brier Island, whose inhabitants are the residents of the pretty village of Westport. Almost the sole industry of these two villages is fishing. Many a thrilling tale may be heard of the dangers which the men have had to undergo as they have gone forth to wrest from the sea a livelihood. But the most thrilling incident ever happening there occurred last week.

A long spell of rough weather had kept all the men on shore. Sunday November 28, was a beautiful day. The rough seas became calm. That night a full moon shined brightly over the sea. The conditions seemed ideal for a grand day's trawling on Monday. Very early on Monday morning the fishing vessels and boats from these two villages put out for their fishing grounds manned by as brave and hardy a lot of men as ever sailed the seas. They were out before dawn and the morning clouds began to blow. A northeast wind began to blow. Then that anxious look came over the faces of the men and their wives and the daughters of fishermen marked every face. All recognized that that day was to be one of those days in which people grow old by fears.

The men at their work soon saw their danger. Those who had sailed for the fishing grounds soon after midnight were blown through with their trawls, and were soon on the way to port. The earliest of the boats reached port with no loss. But those who had sailed later, were in the midst of running their trawls when the mad storm broke upon them. Anxious to save as much of their gear as they might, these men stuck to their work as long as they could. Then, seeing that they were courting death, they cut away their trawls and made for home. Between ten o'clock and one, the most of the boats reached Westport and Freeport after heroic battles with wind and wave. Many feared they were about to sail on that long voyage from which none return. About noon, it was found that eight of the boats that had sailed from Westport were missing. Such a failure to make the home port in a storm was never before known in Westport. The lifeboats had gone out with the trawls, and the men with their crews. Those who have lived in a fishing town may best imagine the feelings of the people of Westport when it was known that about twenty men were held safe out to their work that morning had not returned. The situation was, however, quickly relieved when telephone messages came from Meteghan, Beauséjour, Cape Cove, Port Maitland, and Yarmouth, telling of the safe arrival at these harbors of the men in their boats or in vessels which had rescued them from a watery grave. For a time it was thought that all were safe. But later in the day, it was learned that one boat, containing father and son, Mr. George Repoul and his son Ray, had not returned. "What has become of George," was the question to be read on every face. The whole island was stirred over the matter. Early in the morning had been reported to wife and daughter in the home that their loved ones were safe at Meteghan. When the truth was learned it was kept from them by the least disturbed one on the island that night.

No News. Tuesday morning dawned and no news had come from the missing. The news was broken by the home. And then these awful words of suspense which rend the strongest soul set in. Tuesday passed and Wednesday, with a terrific gale and with the thermometer rapidly falling passed, and still no word from the missing ones. Thursday morning came and all hope was abandoned except one. On Monday, during the gale, a ship laden with lumber for some South American port passed down the Bay of St. Mary's. This ship was seen from many points to lay to, out in the bay right on the midst of the fishing grounds, and a slight hope was entertained that the brave men who were missing had hailed her and had been rescued and carried away to South America. But nothing was known for months and the awful suspense would hang as a pall over the community. Still, no one could give these men up as lost. About three o'clock on Thursday afternoon, Edward Welsh, a resident of Westport, was seen passing rapidly along the principal street of the town announcing that a vessel was making port towing a large boat which looked like that of George Repoul. In less time than it takes to tell it, the street and the wharves were alive with people to learn what might be learned. As the vessel approached, a light house keeper on Peter's Island, by aid of his glass, recognized the boat as the missing one, and hoisted his signal, thus bringing cheer to the islanders waiting in suspense. At once one of the strongest gasoline boats in the harbor was dispatched to meet the vessel to learn the situation. Returning as rapidly as possible his boat brought the glad news that both father and son were rescued and that a physician was needed for them immediately. The good news soon spread, and it was possible to bring an announcement to the waiting ones at home that their loved ones still lived. Then came the story of the rescued, and such a story as never before was told in Westport. They had lifted all the trawls that they dare then cut their lines and made for the home

CHOICE RAILED IN FAVOUR

Appointment of Sir Arthur Wilson to be First Sea Lord Believed Happy for British Navy

London, Dec. 10.—By the choice of Admiral of the Fleet Sir Arthur Kynvet Wilson, V. C., to succeed Lord Fisher of Kilverstone as First Sea Lord a question of some difficulty has been settled in the most satisfactory manner. It is even said that Sir Arthur's self-sacrifice in relinquishing his leisure retirement for the arduous strain of duty at the Admiralty is due in no small measure to the initiative of the King. Most certainly it would have been almost impossible to have found another man who enjoys so entirely the confidence of the navy and the nation.

Devoted to Profession. Sir Arthur Wilson is inspired by his professional life. Like Lord Fisher, he has had a scientific training and is reflective, determined and progressive. In fact, he carries reticence to an extreme, and whereas during his five years of rule Lord Fisher has made many public speeches, it is quite on the cards that Sir Arthur will not make any at all, however long he remains in office. Unlike Lord Fisher, who specialized as a gunnery officer, Sir Arthur Wilson graduated in the torpedo school and exhibited early his bent in the invention of appliances connected with the use of the torpedo. It is, however, as a strategist, a tactician and a handler of fleets that he is regarded as the highest authority of the navy, which trusts him in these matters as only Sir Geoffrey Horby was trusted by his brother seamen in recent times.

But although the two men, Sir Arthur Wilson and Lord Fisher, possess many qualities and aptitudes in common—taciturnity, secretiveness, independence and fearlessness of responsibility—they are very different in appearance. Lord Fisher is clean shaven, square cut of feature, bronzed and with humor forever lurking in his eyes. Sir Arthur Wilson is bearded, his eyes are blue, his eyes have a steely glint and he looks what he is, as hard as nails.

It is perhaps characteristic that he is a keen sportsman and a lover of flowers, while he has never been known to lose his temper. No admirer ever worked his fleet harder, and on one occasion he manoeuvred his fleet, while he has never been known to lose his temper. No admirer ever worked his fleet harder, and on one occasion he manoeuvred his fleet, while he has never been known to lose his temper. No admirer ever worked his fleet harder, and on one occasion he manoeuvred his fleet, while he has never been known to lose his temper. No admirer ever worked his fleet harder, and on one occasion he manoeuvred his fleet, while he has never been known to lose his temper.

Embezzlement a Detail In Famed Warriner Case

Extraordinary Career of Mrs. Ford Whose Strange Acts Involved Thirteen People in Tangle.

The History of the Warriner Funds Laid Bare in the Statement of the Woman in the Case.

A fool there was and he made his prayer. (Even as you and I!) To a rag and a bone and a bank of hair; (We called her the woman who did not care.) But the fool he called her his lady fair (Even as you and I!)

By J. V. Knight. Cincinnati, O., Dec. 10.—The least fact of all in the Big Four Railroad scandal, when you analyze it, is that Chas. L. Warriner, the road's treasurer, embezzled \$343,000. It matters little that Warriner is in jail. It matters little even to Warriner. Behind it all is a story of intrigue, love and tragedy that stretches back 10 years, involves 13 prominent men and reveals the most extraordinary career of Mrs. Jeannette Timmonds Stewart-Ford, queen of blackmailers.

Warriner HAD been a fool. He made his prayer to Mrs. Ford. But she was the Woman Who Did Not Care. The career of this woman reads like a romance. A romance of love, life, death, intrigue, suicide, and blackmail. To begin at the beginning, Mrs. Ford was Jeannette Timmonds, living in the



CHAS. L. WARRINER.

southern part of Ohio. She had just finished her course in a fashionable boarding school in Cincinnati when her father died, leaving her an orphan with some \$85,000. She was in her teens. Her world was Cincinnati, and she continued to live. She met "Billy" Ford ten years ago. The fact that she married Ford's brother gives an idea of her resourcefulness.

A Divorce.

Ford secured a divorce. The woman met Edgar Street Cooke, young good-looking, prosperous. Cooke had



MRS. JEANNETTE TIMMONDS STEWART FORD'S FAVORITE PICTURE OF HERSELF. BELOW A CHARACTERISTIC LETTER, WRITTEN ON HER VISITING CARD, TO COOKE. IT READS: "POP! I AM HERE AS I SAID I WOULD BE. YOU HAVE MADE CERTAIN PROMISES TO ME YOU WILL KEEP. THIS CINDY AFFAIR YOU HAVE HELD OUT FOR AN EXCUSE LONG ENOUGH. IF I CAN'T SEE YOU, YOU WILL HEAR FROM ME."

a beautiful wife and two sons. A struggle has been waged all these years between Mrs. Cooke and Mrs. Ford for first place in Cooke's heart. Warriner was with Cooke in the Big Four Office. Cooke told Warriner of his troubles and of his fascination by Mrs. Ford. "You go," said Warriner; "get away from her, and I'll see that things are all right in the office."

Cooke told the woman, and he also told her that the books didn't balance with the cash. Then he went to Chicago to escape her. She was quick to get to Chicago. She simply used the knowledge of the business quickly to extort money and yet more money from Warriner, and she used this money in her mad pursuit of Cooke.

Whether it was \$18,000 or \$200,000 matters little to Warriner. He simply says, "It's all over."

EXPLORER COOK IS DISCOVERED IN MAINE

Boston, Dec. 16.—Dr. Frederick Cook has been discovered. He dropped out of view Thanksgiving day. He soon afterwards struck out for the Maine woods. Since then he has been breathing the pine air in the town of Wells, York county, tucked away in the south-west corner of the State.

POET WATSON WILL NOT BE HECKLED

New York, Dec. 10.—William Watson, the poet, is not going to address the Contemporary Club in Philadelphia in January as he has been invited to do so many restrictions upon him. Watson said last night that he had recalled his acceptance of the club's invitation, because the club had asked so many restrictions upon him—restrictions which he felt to be cumbersome. One of these, he said, was that in a letter they had intimated that there would be a discussion after his address, and that he would be expected to take part in it. This, he said, he couldn't do. He said he had simply accepted the invitation, but had made no further preparations for it. The subject was to have been "Beauty and Criticism."

"I rather too readily accepted this invitation," he said. "I find that I must stand aloof at present."

Mr. Watson said that his relations with the club have been exceedingly cordial and still are.

Mr. Watson said last night that Mrs. Watson is ill in bed in their apartments in the Hotel Astor suffering from a physical and nervous breakdown. "You must remember," he said, "that she is but 26 years old. A bride of but four months, she has been called upon to endure with me the storm of abuse which has beset me. It is no wonder that she is tired out."

Mr. Watson said that he regretted that the statements he has given out in this country with regard to the Asquith dispute have not been reprinted in England. The reason, he thought, has something to do with the libel laws there. He then dictated a statement in reply to a statement attributed to Miss Violet Asquith in which Miss Asquith is quoted as saying that the poet is trying to revenge himself upon her because he was disappointed in his requests made of her father for a title and for a literary pension.

He said: "I have never in my life asked her father either for a title or a pension. The only thing I ever asked her father to do was to bestow a pension upon the unfortunate widow of John Davidson, the poet, who was left in wretched circumstances. Mr. Asquith wrote to me explaining that for certain reasons this could not be done at that time, but he added, 'If you will send Mrs. Davidson's address I will see that £100 goes to her from the royal bounty fund at once,' and he immediately kept his promise."

of the entire community. A service of Thanksgiving that all the men who went out to their work on Monday morning were saved from death is to be held in the vestry of the Baptist church on this Friday evening.

LORDLY LOADS OF DIAMONDS

You Take What The Syndicate Offers at Its Price or You Can Wait For Another Chance

New York, Dec. 10.—An indirect way of pushing up the prices of diamonds has been pursued of late by the London syndicate, according to reports received from buyers representing American importers. Instead of declaring a formal advance the syndicate has been giving the buyers poorer assortments, so that the practical effect is to make the stones dearer than they were before.

This indirect advance is in addition to several formal advances each of 5 per cent. that have been declared since last spring. Importers say that the syndicate is now making up for the falling off in profits in the last depression.

The buyers who get their diamonds direct from the syndicate cannot make their own selections as to quality and size of stones. Each buyer has a "sight" engaged for him at a specified time in the syndicate's office. Here he or his representative must appear punctual to the hour, and there will be placed before him an assortment of diamonds the price of which will generally be between \$250,000 and \$500,000.

As Offered.

The buyer has the option of taking the lot exactly as it is offered and paying the price in cash on the spot or waiting the opportunity, in which case he is placed on a waiting list for another "sight."

Rarely has a buyer rejected an assortment, it is said, because he must have the diamonds in order to keep his cutting factory in operation. The diamond manufacturers in New York have been notified that a new labor agreement which will have an important effect on the future of the trade has just been formed at Amsterdam, the chief diamond cutting center. Under the new agreement the manufacturers are allowed to introduce 2,200 apprentices into the factories in the next five years.

Up to this time the diamond workers' union, which is international in character, has allowed few apprentices, under the belief that this policy would keep up salaries. The 400 cutters and keepers in New York have been getting from \$40 to \$80 a week in busy times, in accordance with agreements made between the labor union and the diamond manufacturers' association.

Another concession made by the union is that diamond manufacturers may now include their sons or relatives among the 2,200 apprentices. Up to this time the workmen have generally preserved to themselves the privilege of selecting the apprentices among the "raw" boys.

Because of the high cost of diamonds no unnecessary risk is taken of an apprentice spoiling a stone. So his training is slow and thorough.

EIGHT HUNGRY TARS IN PORT

The Cat Wouldn't Eat Cocoa-nuts While Head Gales Held Up Nova Scotia Schooner in Voyage.

New York, Dec. 10.—The three-masted Nova Scotia schooner A. K. MacLean, Capt. W. F. Kenby, docked in South Brooklyn yesterday with 394,000 coconuts from San Andreas, whose annual production is 12,000,000, and a tale of bad weather which held the schooners within sixty miles of Sandy Hook for fourteen days, during which the skipper and crew of six men and a cat were forced to subsist wholly on bread, water and coconuts. The cat refused for three days to touch coconuts or bread. Then she decided that bread was better than water alone.

On December 2, when most likely to under double reefed mainsail the term had been bucked head gales for nine days, and when all hands were despairing of ever having a decent meal again, the mate himself got pessimistic and thus relieved himself in the ship's log.

"If this wind don't soon change God knows when we will get to New York!"

It changed on Tuesday morning and at dawn of that day the MacLean, hauled the pilot boat and proclaimed that everybody was yearning for a chance in the bill of fare. The pilot brought aboard the MacLean meat, potatoes and tea and the cat got some of the meat.

and takes five or six years, in which time he spends many months simply watching the work of the experts. Then he puts in long periods on each successive stage, however simple, in the process of putting fifty-six facets on a stone if he is to be a cutter or of polishing the facets if he is to be a polisher.

The consent of the union to the introduction of the large number of new apprentices was given only after the Amsterdam manufacturers had agreed to follow the New York manufacturers in recognizing an eight hour day. The Amsterdam factories, employing altogether about 9,000 diamond workers, are to make the reduction in hours gradually, but all are to get to the eight-hour basis before the end of two years.

The New York manufacturers will be put on a more even basis for competition with those of Amsterdam when the eight-hour law goes into operation in the latter city. The workmen in this city besides having shorter hours than those in Amsterdam get higher pay. The New York manufacturer has an advantage in getting his raw material free of duty while the cut diamonds are subject to duty of ten per cent.

London, December 8.—"I am looking with interest to the result of the general election and I am only sorry that I cannot hope to take an active part in it. I think, however, that the Unionists are likely to win, and I am sending a chamberlain to a friend at Scarborough."

TODAY

Will be The Banner Day at
C. B. PIDGEON'S
EARLY WINTER CLEARANCE SALE

Extra Help has been engaged to serve the Crowds expected here today. Every day new Goods are put on our counters at Ridiculously Low Prices.

Shop EARLY and avoid the rush.

Don't Forget: FREE CAR TICKETS to Customers from a Distance

Don't Miss This Opportunity

BOYS' KNEE PANTS	38c.	CHILDREN'S BOOTS	58c. to 88c.
MEN'S FLEECE UNDERWEAR	38c.	GIRLS' BOOTS	98c. to \$1.48
BOYS' FLEECE UNDERWEAR	38c.	BOYS' BOOTS	98c. to \$1.98
MEN'S GOOD OVERCOATS	\$3.98	WOMEN'S BOOTS	98c. to \$1.98
MEN'S BETTER OVERCOATS	\$6.48	MEN'S BOOTS	98c. to \$3.48
MEN'S BEST OVERCOATS	\$9.48	CHILDREN'S RUBBERS	38c.
MEN'S GOOD SUITS	\$3.98	GIRLS', 48c.; WOMEN'S, 53c.; BOYS', 63c.; MEN'S	88c. and 78c.
MEN'S BETTER SUITS	\$5.48	TWO BUCKLE OVERSHOES—CHILD'S,	\$1.23;
MEN'S BEST SUITS	\$9.98	GIRLS', \$1.48; WOMEN'S, \$1.78; MEN'S,	\$1.98
BOYS' SUITS	\$1.98, \$2.48, \$2.98	MEN'S ONE BUCKLE OVERSHOES	\$1.48
STANDFIELD'S UNDERWEAR	89c. to 98c.	BARGAINS IN WARM FELT SLIPPERS FOR ALL	THE FAMILY
MEN'S AND BOYS' WARM CAPS	38c.		
INFANT'S BOOTS	23c. to 38c.		

THIS IS A CHANCE OF A LIFE TIME

C. B. PIDGEON,

Cor. Main and Bridge Streets

THE WEATHER.

Maritime—Strong northwesterly and westerly winds, partly cloudy and colder. Toronto, Dec. 10.—Local snow falls have occurred today in Ontario, Saskatchewan and Alberta, and although the temperature has risen somewhat, cold conditions still prevail. A disturbance which has moved from Pacific slopes to southwestern states will now probably move towards the Great Lakes. Winnipeg—33 below, 4. Port Arthur—6 below, 16. Parry Sound—4, 16. Toronto—31, 20. Ottawa—10, 16. Montreal—16, 18. Quebec—12, 14. St. John—29, 30. Halifax—22, 38. New England Forecast. Washington, D. C., Dec. 10.—Forecast for New England: Partly cloudy Saturday; Sunday, cloudy, snow in east portion; moderate west winds, becoming variable.

AROUND THE CITY

Will Preach in Germain St. Church. Rev. E. D. Webber, pastor of the Wortville Baptist church, and considered one of the best preachers in Nova Scotia will occupy the pulpit of the Germain street Baptist church at both services on Sunday. The Last of the Boulders. No. 5 berth is at last free from boulders and in readiness for the reception of steamers. The city crew last demolishing the boulders yesterday and left the fragments for the dredge to carry away today. The Seamen's Mission. The Seamen's Mission Society here to acknowledge with thanks the following contributions: S. S. Cassandra, Captain Mitchell, 2 E, 108; S. S. Lake Manitoba, Captain Evans, 63, 24, 6d. At the same service on Sunday evening Rev. C. W. Squires will be the speaker. Address on Bible Work. There was a large attendance in Zion Methodist church last evening to hear Rev. Dr. C. M. Campbell give an interesting address on Bible work in foreign countries. Rev. James Crisp presided and at the conclusion of the address a unanimous vote of thanks was tendered the speaker. Brussels Street Church Sale. The tea and fancy sale held under the auspices of the Young Ladies' Mission Band of Brussels street Baptist church, last evening, was largely attended and proved very successful. A large number attended the supper which was served by the young ladies and the sale of fancy articles was also well patronized. Calvin Church Fair. The floral fair which was held in Calvin church by the Ladies' Aid Society and Senior Mission Band, was brought to a successful close last evening. A large crowd was in attendance. The following programme was carried out: Reading, Miss Gertrude McHarg; Piano solo, Miss F. Brey; Solo, Rev. L. A. McLean. The fair was the most successful ever held by the congregation. Two Applications for Manager. A meeting of the directors of the Exhibition Association was held yesterday afternoon. Two applications were received for the position of manager of the Dominion Fair to be held here next year. No word has been received from Mr. Tomlinson of Sherbrooke who was mentioned for the position of manager. Another meeting will be held next Wednesday at which it is probable a manager will be selected. Boys' Industrial Home School. Mr. W. S. Carter, chief superintendent of education and Mr. Wm. McLean, inspector, visited the Boys' Industrial Home on Thursday in connection with placing the school at the home under the control of the board of education. The trustees of district No. 8 in the Parish of St. John have expressed their willingness to assume the functions of trustees and a meeting of the board of governors will be held in order to make final arrangements. It is hoped to have the school come under the direction of the board of education at the beginning of next year. There are now twenty-three boys in the home. The Anti-Tuberculosis Campaign. At a meeting of the executive of the Association for the Prevention of Tuberculosis, held yesterday afternoon in the Board of Health rooms, Rev. Hunter Boyd, of Waweg, Charlotte county, the New Brunswick organizer, gave an address on various phases of practical work that might be taken up. A committee consisting of Mr. E. L. Rising, Dr. Stewart Skinner, Dr. F. L. Kenney, Dr. A. F. McAvaney and Dr. G. G. Melvin was appointed to report on the branches of the practical work that might be well taken up. Judge H. A. McKeown presided at the meeting. Cradle Roll Reception. The annual cradle roll reception of Germain street United Baptist church was held yesterday afternoon. Between sixty and seventy children attended with their mothers, the youngest child being two months old. After an enjoyable time with Teddy bears and blocks a sumptuous tea was served and a group photograph was taken. Those in charge of the reception were Miss Estelle Vaughan, superintendent; Mrs. Sims and Mrs. Hart assisted by the following teachers of the primary department: The Misses Altes, Louise and Ethel Estey, Miss Haley, Miss G. McDermot and Mrs. Cross. New Century L. O. L. New Century L. O. L. No. 107, held their annual election of officers at Sunny Brae, on Wednesday evening. Past County Master Alward occupied the chair. The following officers were elected: Oscar McFarlane, W. McFarlane, R. Atkinson, D. M.; Thomas P. Stevens, chap.; Albert McFarlane, rec. sec.; Jos. Cuthbertson, fin. sec.; L. H. Canning, treas.; James Long, D. of C.; Robert Howell, lecturer; Hugh McDonald, former of com.; Brothers McKenzie, Morrell, McDonald, and Phalen, committeemen; Jas. Long, trustee; Grand Treasurer Wadman and Past Grand Master Hipwell were present. One candidate was initiated and the lodge was found to be flourishing.

DECIDE IN DAYS THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS MUST FLY THE FLAG

At a meeting held yesterday afternoon in the government rooms, Church street, of the committee appointed some time ago by the board of education to decide upon a plan for the use and salutation of school flags a scheme was drawn up which will be submitted to the board of education at its next meeting. The members of the committee present were Hon. J. D. Hazen, Mr. C. C. Jones, chancellor of the University of New Brunswick, Mr. E. E. Emerson, chairman of the St. John School Board, and Mr. W. S. Carter, chief superintendent of education. Among the suggestions that the committee decided to submit to the board are the following: 1. Flag to be raised over the school building throughout the day (except in case of a storm of unusual violence), on the following occasions: The King's Birthday, the Queen's Birthday, Empire Day, Dominion Day, St. Andrew's Day, Labor Day, St. Patrick's Day, St. George's Day, and any day especially proclaimed by authority as a day of national rejoicing, on the anniversary of the landing of the voyagers in St. John, or in any town, parish, or district where that event is celebrated. 2. To be raised over a school house on the first day of each school term, on public examination day, on Arbor day and other school festivals. 3. To be raised at play hour by the pupils and remain flying until the close of the session, on any day after the first day of the term when every pupil enrolled is present; on the occasion of an official visit by the chief superintendent or other members of the Board of Education, or the inspector. 4. To fly during school hours in fair weather on the anniversary of battles in which British or Canadian forces were victorious in the defence of Canadian territory—such as the repulse of Arnold at Quebec, the battles of Queenstown Heights, Stony Creek, Chrysler's Farm, Chateaugay, Lumley's Lane and Ridgeway. 5. To fly at half mast: On receipt of news of the death of the Sovereign or an heir to the throne; on the death or burial of a Governor General of Canada, Lieutenant Governor of the province, or Premier of the Dominion or province; during the funeral of the warden of the county, the mayor of the town, a member of the school trustees, or any member of the school. 6. With the approval of the school trustees, to be placed at half mast as a token of sympathy: Upon the death of the Sovereign or chief magistrate of any people with whom our country is at peace. 7. The flag is to be saluted at least once a week by the scholars. The above recommendations will be brought before the Board of Education at their next meeting and it is probable that they will be adopted. The flag that will be used is the Union Jack.

ONE XMAS GIFT must be a box of

Stuyler's UNEQUALLED CHOCOLATES. 1/2 lb.—30c., 40c. 2 lb.—\$1.00. 1 lb.—50c., 60c. 5 lb.—\$4.00. Fancy Boxes and Baskets—\$1.25, \$2.00, \$2.25. My Favorites—25c., 50c., 1.00. SOLE AGENCY Chas. R. Wasson, The Drug Store, 100 King Street.

CHRISTMAS BOOKS

We are now showing a very large stock of books suitable for holiday gifts. All the new books by popular authors. Standard Sets in Cloth and Leather Bindings. Juvenile and Toy Books. Bibles, Prayer Books and Hymnals. If not convenient to call, send for a catalogue.

E. G. Nelson & Co., Cor. King and Charlotte Sts. Store closed at 6 p.m., excepting Saturday.

A GRAND BOOT

If you have a boy going to school or work and you want him to have dry feet without the wearing of Rubbers then he should be wearing a pair of our

KANGAROO CALF BOOTS

This boot has been made up especially for our retail trade by one of Canada's best makers from personally selected stock on a good lined last. The bottom Stock Boxes Counters and inner linings are all Solid leather and the Upper is a Soft Wet Proof Oil Tanned Kangaroo Calf. We have every confidence in the wearing qualities of this boot and at the price.

\$2.00 A Pair Consider Them Exceptional Value.

Waterbury & Rising King Street, Mill Street, Union Street.

TOOL BOXES Filled with Good, Serviceable Tools Prices 75c to \$10.00 Most Boys Are Born Carpenters Encourage Them! W. H. THORNE & CO., LTD Market Square, St. John, N. B.

OVERCOATS FOR MEN OF DISCERNMENT Most of our customers are men who have excellent taste in sartorial matters. They do not buy the first overcoat they see—just because the price may suit them. They consider the style, the quality of the material, the finish, the fit—and the probability of the original elegance LASTING. And these men invariably find something to suit them in our line of worthy overcoats. Chesterfields and Prussian Ulsters The range of styles, fabrics, sizes and prices is wide. Chesterfields and Prussian Ulsters in black, browns, grays and mixtures. All correct and all excellent values—whether the prices are \$10, \$12, \$15, \$18 or higher. The same thoughts apply with equal force to our suits. \$10, \$12, \$15, \$18, \$20, \$22, \$25. And well worth the money. GILMOUR'S, 68 KING STREET TAILORING AND CLOTHING. "A GOOD PLACE TO BUY GOOD CLOTHES"

UNEEEDA Biscuit Biscuit are more than mere soda crackers. They are a distinct individual food article, made from special materials, by special methods, in specially constructed bakeries. They are sealed in a special way which gives them crispness, cleanliness and freshness which "crackers" from the paper bag always lack. They are the nation's accepted National Biscuit Co. Ask Your Grocer

EXCEPTIONAL VALUES IN Men's and Boys' Overcoats If you are in need of an Overcoat for yourself or Boy, read this list carefully through. You will not be doing yourself justice if you buy without seeing this stock. These overcoats are superior in material, in lining, in style and in make to any you see elsewhere at the prices. Comparison will prove this to anyone who is a good judge of clothing. MEN'S HEAVY TWEED OVERCOATS, in large variety, the new shades and makes, very neat and dressy. Prices, \$7.50, \$8.75, \$10, \$12 to \$15.00. MEN'S COLLEGE OVERCOATS, made from heavy wide striped tweed, in the new shades of brown and grey. Prices, \$12.00, \$15.00 and \$16.00. MEN'S BLACK ENGLISH MELTON OVERCOATS, made in the single breasted Chesterfield style, the most dressy overcoat made, very durable, very stylish, made in both raised raw edges and plain seams. Prices, \$10, \$12, \$13.50, \$15.00, \$16.50, \$18.00, \$20.00 to \$22.50. EXTRA SPECIAL MEN'S HEAVY TWEED OVERCOATS. Regular \$7.50 to \$12.00. Sale price, \$5.85 and \$7.50. Also BOYS' OVERCOATS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. Price \$3.50 to \$15.00. J. N. HARVEY, TAILORING AND CLOTHING, 199 to 207 UNION STREET. St. John, Dec. 11th, 1909.

A Few Suggestions for Christmas Giving early shoppers there's a zest that aids you in your Xmas quest. New Down Puffs Beautifully soft and fluffy, very pretty designs in art saten coverings. These quilts are in three different sizes, for single, medium and large beds. Pretty shades of pink, green, blue, etc., extra well filled with pure Russian down, and all ventilated. Prices \$4.75 to \$5.00. Down Puffs With silk and satin coverings, in blues and pinks, both plain and embroidered. \$20.00 to \$30.00. High-Class Wool Blankets Scotch and California makes, handsome and serviceable, pure soft wool, with both worked and silk edges. Very pretty striped borders in blues and pink. Scotch Blankets \$9.25 to 14.00 California Blankets \$4.50 to 11.00. Sootch Blankets \$9.25 to 14.00. Pair \$6.25 to 11.00. Sewing Screens Covered with very pretty designs in English, French cretonnes, complete with pin cushion and needle pad; ribbon trimmed. \$3.00 to 7.50. Den Novelties Wall Panels, Tobacco Jars, Ornaments in large variety. Portieres In plain unfadable reps in crimson, browns, light and dark greens, etc., trimmed with very pretty tapestry bordering. In qualities and colors suitable for Dens, Halls and Drawing-rooms. Spanish Cedar Chest Moth-proof, highly polished, different sizes. \$7.00 to 17.50. MANCHESTER ROBERTSON ALLISON, LTD. House Furnishings Department

GOVERNOR GENERAL PASSED THROUGH HERE LAST EVENING

His Excellency, Earl Grey, Governor General of Canada, passed through the city last evening in his private car, "Cornwall," en route to Ottawa from Baddeck, where he witnessed an exhibition night by Mr. J. A. Douglas McCurdy in his "gromie" Baddeck No. 2. The Governor General came entirely unannounced, and news of his arrival threw the newspapermen who were at the depot into all kinds of excitement. Two of them immediately hurried to the car and knocked timidly at the rear door. The knock was answered by a tall personage, who was immediately set down as one of His Excellency's flunkies. After informing the press representatives that His Excellency made it a rule never to give interviews (a fact which the tall personage seemed to take a malicious pleasure in imparting) and adding that Earl Grey was returning to Ottawa, the man who opened the door intimated that the interview was at an end. The scribes ventured to ask if His Excellency was travelling alone and were told that he was, "with the exception of myself." It was but a matter of course then to enquire "and what is your name, sir?" But the noise of escaping steam drowned the words, and they were repeated in a slightly louder tone. Even this was of no avail; the voice was weak. The scribe thereupon raised himself on his tiptoes which was necessary in order to reach the tall one's ear and shouted "what is your name?" This time the words were heard, and much to the discomfiture of the "budding journalists," the one addressed, drew himself up to his full height and replied: "Myself? Oh? I am Lord Lascelles!" The scribes looked at one another in a helpless sort of way, replied feebly "thank you," and beat a hasty retreat, leaving his lordship to ponder no doubt on the poor discernment of some newspaperman.

WELL SATISFIED WITH ADVANTAGES OFFERED BY NEW BRUNSWICK

As the opportunities for successful farming in New Brunswick become better known to immigrants from Great Britain the province becomes more appreciated as a place of settlement. An instance of this fact occurred yesterday when Mr. E. D. England, who arrived in the city from Liverpool on the R. M. S. Virginian on the Allan line last week, purchased one of the lots in the Blue Bell tract in Victoria county that have been set aside by the government for settlement. When Mr. England landed at this port it was his intention to go on to Ontario and take up land there. A friend suggested that he consider first the opportunities that existed in New Brunswick for settlement and acting on this suggestion he visited the office of Mr. A. Wilnot, provincial superintendent of immigration. Mr. Wilnot on learning that Mr. England had not sufficient money to buy a farm advised him to look over the Blue Bell tract with a view to settling there. He explained that the tract had a valuable growth of trees on it and that the soil was good for farming. Easy Terms Offered. He also told him how the tract was divided off into lots of 100 acres each which could be purchased for \$100; \$25 to be paid at the time of purchase, the balance inside of two years. Acting on this advice Mr. England went up to Plaster Rock and inspected the land. He was pleased with the country and on making a careful examination of the soil found it to be very good. So coming back to the city yesterday he made arrangements with Mr. Wilnot to take over a lot which is situated next to a farm owned by a fellow countryman, Mr. John Ashworth. Mr. Ashworth settled on his tract some years ago and is well pleased with the success he has attained. He is within six miles of the village of Plaster Rock on the Canadian Pacific and within three miles of the Transcontinental Railway.

JURY EMPANELLED TO ENQUIRE INTO MR. HEENAN'S DEATH

Dr. D. E. Berryman, the coroner empanelled a jury last evening to inquire into the death of Harry P. Heenan, who committed suicide by drinking carbolic acid on Thursday afternoon. The jury is composed of the following: Thomas Kickham, foreman; Jas. T. Carpenter, George Barnes, W. J. Higgins, P. A. Smith, S. T. Golding and T. H. Gibbon. The jury viewed the body last evening at the hospital. The first session of the inquest will open at the court house at 2 o'clock this afternoon. Among those who will be examined will be Mr. Robert P. Massie, president of the Dominion Fire Insurance Co., and Mr. George K. Martin, representing the Guarantee Company which had gone surety for Mr. Heenan. The body remained at the hospital yesterday pending definite arrangements for the funeral. Last evening it was decided that a private funeral would be held this afternoon.

Winter Port Notes

The Manchester Shipper will move over to the West Side today to load 125,000 bushels of grain and apples, Elder-Dempster Line S. S. Sokoto will tomorrow morning for Cuban and Mexican ports via Halifax. She will take away a full cargo, consisting chiefly of potatoes and apples. The Donaldson Line S. S. Cassandra, Captain Mitchell, will sail for Glasgow direct this morning. She will take a few passengers. Included in her cargo are 88,000 bushels of wheat and 178 head of cattle. Do it now if you have not already visited C. E. Pigeon's great clearance sale which is now in progress, don't delay any longer. Don't hesitate if you value money.

Tributes to Rev. Donald MacRae. Many beautiful floral tributes to the memory of the late Rev. Dr. Donald MacRae, whose funeral took place yesterday afternoon, were received from relatives and friends. Among them were: a pillow from the family; a large wreath from the Ladies' Aid Society of St. Stephen's church; a crescent from Mr. John P. McIntyre; a cross from Knox church, Glace Bay, where Rev. Donald N. MacRae is pastor; a crescent from Mrs. James M. Dunn and family; a bouquet from the Forget-Me-Not band of St. Stephen's church; a bouquet of roses from Mrs. Arthur L. Trueman; a bouquet of roses and hyacinths from Mrs. George A. Rucker and Mrs. James McKechnie; a wreath from Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Mitchell of Calgary. The students of the Western Canada College at Calgary, where Professor A. O. MacRae is principal and with whom the late Dr. MacRae resided, have subscribed for a chair, with a brass plate, bearing his name, which will be placed in the general hospital. Mr. W. S. Carter left last evening for Fredericton.

The Price of Rubber You have been reading daily of the rise in the price of everything made of Rubber. Consequently, we are glad to announce that owing to orders placed months ago, we are now able to sell at last season's prices. HOT WATER BOTTLES, FOUNTAIN SPRINGS, from 75 cents up. We guarantee all goods sold at \$1.00 or more. A great assortment of other blankets in all grades. E. CLINTON BROWN, DRUGGIST, Cor. Union and Waterloo Sts.